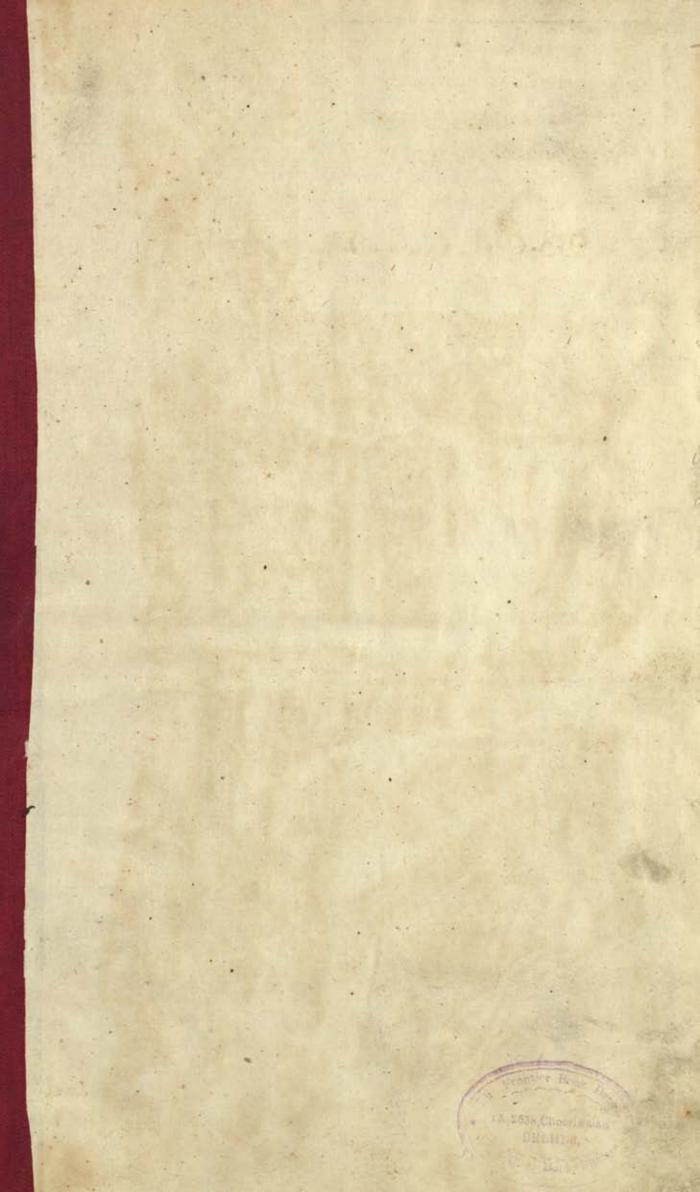
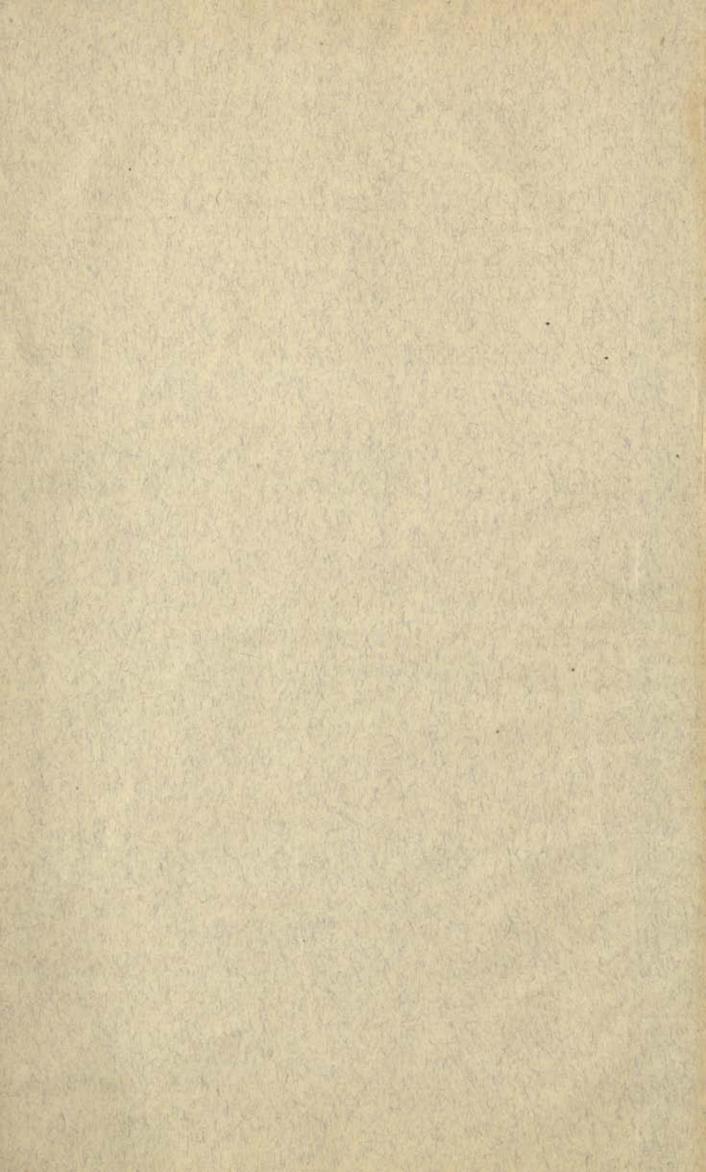
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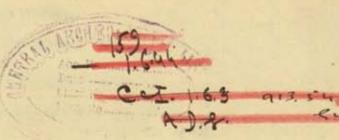
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VIKRAM SAMVAT 1997, YEAR 1940-41.

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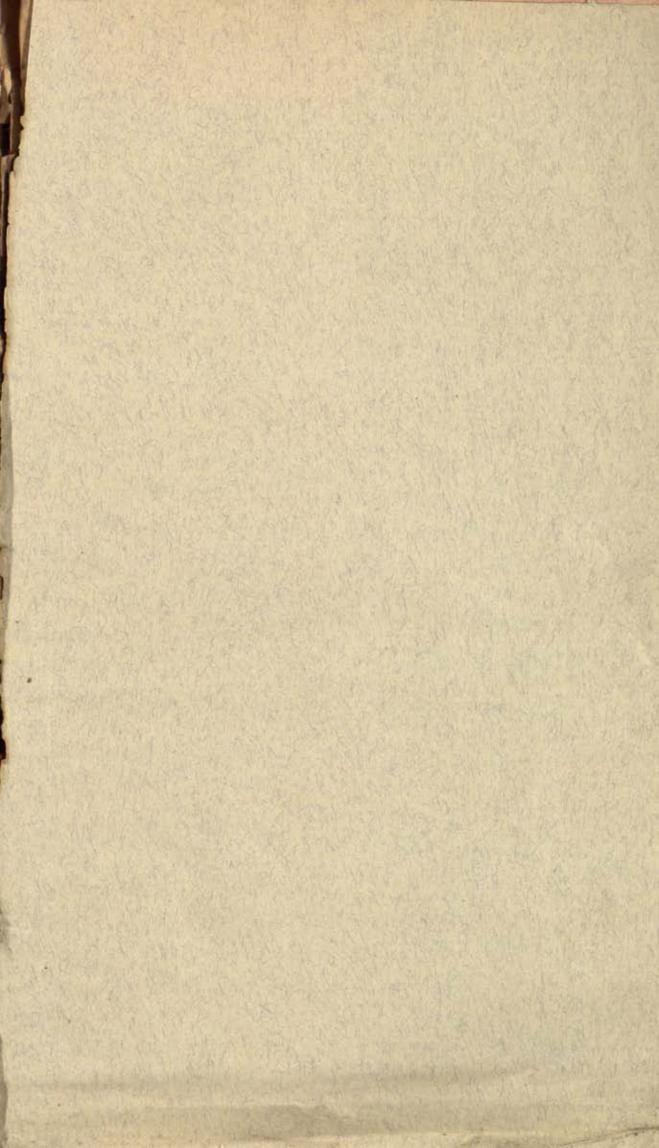
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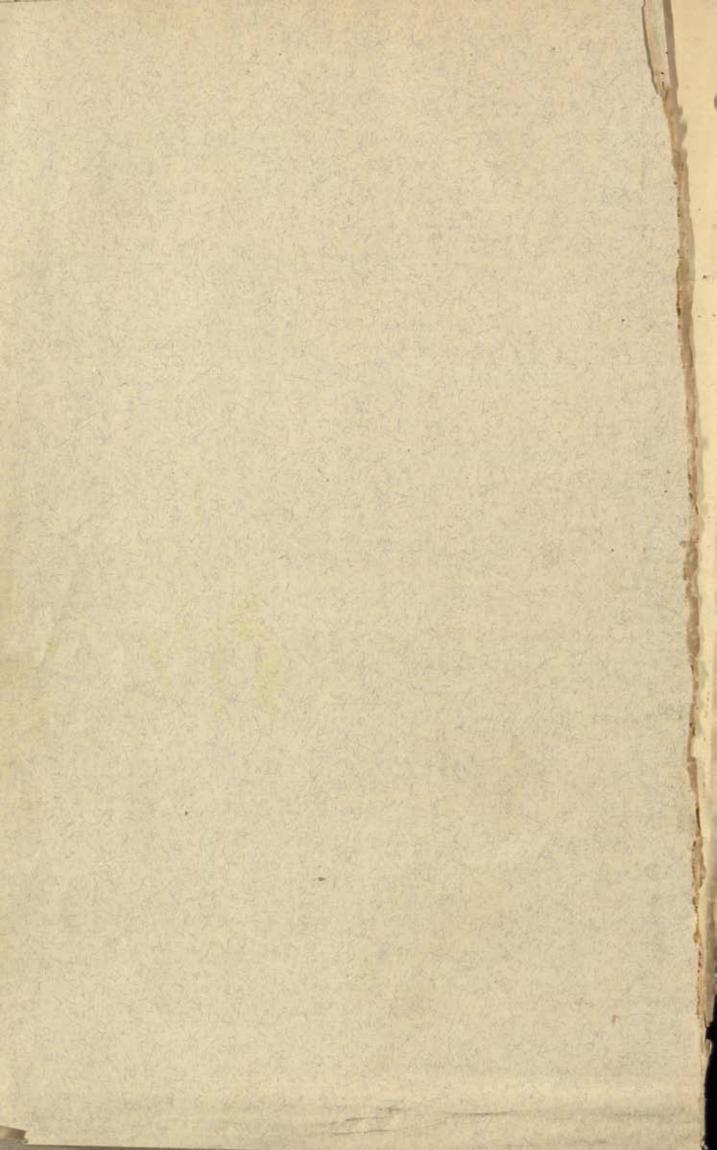
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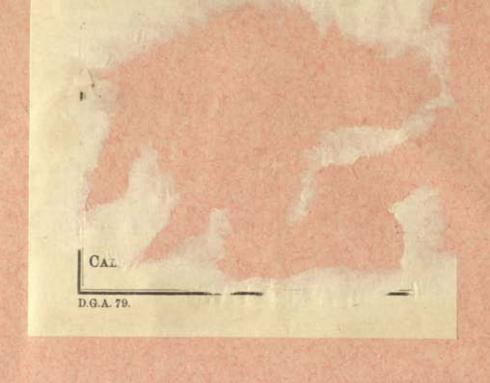
VIKRAM SAMVAT 1997, YEAR 1940-41.





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ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

ARCHÆOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT, GWALIOR STATE

FOR THE

Year Ending 30th June 1941, Samvat 1997.

Charge.—The undersigned held charge of the Department throughout the year under report.

- 2. Leave.—Members of the subordinate staff enjoyed leave as follows:—
 - (a) Inspector.—Thirty-four days' privilege leave from the 16th to the 24th December 1940 and from the 6th to the 30th June 1941.
 - (b) General Assistant.—Eleven days' privilege leave from the 3rd to the 13th July 1940.
 - (c) Assistant Photographer—Draughtsman.—Privilege leave for 13 days from the 18th to the 30th April 1941.
 - 3. Administrative Changes .- None.
- 4. Promotions.—On the auspicious occasion of His Highness' marriage, tofir of Rs. 10 in the monthly salary of Mr. G. M. Nadkarni, the Inspector, and tofir of Rs. 5 p. m. in the salary of Mr. Ram Prasad Varma, the permanent mistri, were released with effect from the 21st of February 1941.
- 5. Rewards.—On the a spicious occasion of His Highness' Birthday the Darbar were pleased to confer a gold watch on Mr. S. K. Dikshit, M. A., New Delhi, who rendered honorary services to the Archæological Department during the archæological excavations which were carried out at Ujjain, in Samvat 1995, year 193-39.
- 6. General.—All the office staff discharged their respective duties harmoniously, diligently and carefully for which I am glad to record my appreciation.

II. Circulars and Departmental Orders.

7. No Circular or Departmental Order with special reference to this Department was issued in the year of report.

III. Work at Headquarters.

- 8. In addition to the ordinary office routine, the following work was done during the headquarters season:—
 - (a) The Annual Administration Report for Samvat 1996 (year 1939-40) was drawn up and submitted along with an

- album of select photographs of monuments and antiquities, etc., taken in the year under report.
- (b) The Annual Administration Report for Samvat 1995 (year 1938-39) was printed and published and the Annual Administration Report for Samvat 1996 was sent to the Press for printing.
- (c) The Budget estimate for Samvat 1998 was drawn up and submitted.
- (d) Repairs were carried out to improve the building of the Gujari Mahal where the Archæological Museum is housed.
- (e) Rubbish and debris were partially cleared up in order to expose the interesting buildings which lay half-concealed in earth at the back of the Gujari Mahal.
- (f) A programme of conservation work for the next season was drawn up and relative estimates prepared.
- (g) Antiquities unearthed in excavations at Pawaya (District Gird), and at Ujjain, were cleaned, studied, listed and photographed, and important specimens were selected for exhibition at the Museum.
- (h) Inscriptions discovered in the year were deciphered and studied.
- (i) Coins received as treasure-trove finds, or as offers for purchase or exchange, as well as those found in excavations, were examined.
- (j) A list of duplicate coins available for sale or exchange in the Archæological Department was printed and circulated among the Museums in India, and the orders received for supply of coins were attended to.
- (k) Paintings, terra cotta and metal images received for inspection and approval were examined, and such as were found suitable were purchased for the Archæological Museum.
- Antiquities acquired for the Museum were p operly exhibited. Enamel labels were prepared for a number of sculptural exhibits in the Museum.
- (m) The copies of the Bagh Paintings in the Museum were re-arranged.
- (n) Twenty-seven half-tone blocks for illustrating the Annual Administration Report for Samvat 1996, and six halftone blocks relating to Picture Postcards of Bagh Caves were prepared and printed.
- (o) A note on Archæology and Antiquities was contributed for the Revised Edition of the Commercial and General

- Directory of Gwalior State being published by the Department of Commerce and Industries.
- (p) Proofs of articles on the Tumain Inscription of Kumaragupta and Ghatotkachagupta and the Mandasor Inscription of Govindagupta and Prabhakara contributed to the Epigraphia Indica were revised and returned.
- (q) Photographic Negat ves were printed and Drawings faired out.
- (r) Enlarged photographs of certain Archæological Monuments were supplied to the Publicity Officer, Gwalior Government.
- (s) Some photographs of Moslem Monuments were supplied to the Aukaph Department.
- (t) Arranged a stall of Archæological exhibits as a part of the Art Exhibition on the Mela Grounds.
- (u) Various queries from scholars were answered and information, photographs and publications, etc., were supplied to them, on request.
- (v) Distinguished visitors were shown round the Archæological Museum and monuments on the Gwalior Fort.

IV. Tours.

- 9. During the year of report the Director spent 102 days in camp, including four days' special tour outside the Gwalior State, for the annual inspection of conserved and maintained monuments, for directing and supervising works of conservation and excavation, for preparing estimates of work to be undertaken next year, and for exploring ancient monuments and prospective sites for archæological excavations. A detailed Tour Diary is given in Appendix A.
- 10. Visits of annual inspection were paid to conserved monuments at Besnagar, Bhilsa, Gyaraspur, Kakpur and Udaypur (District Bhilsa), Dhumeshwar (District Gird), Chanderi (District Guna), Mandasor (District Mandasor), Padhavli (District Morena), Mahua, Surwaya and Terahi (District Shivpuri).
- 11. Udaygiri (District Bhilsa), Antri and Gwalior (District Gird), Kadwaha (District Guna), Khor and Sondni (District Mandasor), Badegaon and Suhania (District Morena), Bagh and Jamli (District Sardarpur), and Chorpura (District Shivpuri) were visited for directing and inspecting conservation works.
- 12. Makhanganj (District Mandasor) and Mitaoli (District Morena) were inspected for drawing up estimates for conservation works proposed to be done.
- 13. Amrol (District Gird), Baredi, Kutwar, Paytha and Samantukhera (District Morena) and Dadur (District Sardarpur) were

explored for ancient monuments and prospective sites for archæological excavations. While Pawaya (District Gird) and Ujjain were visited more than once for directing excavation works.

- 14. Barai and Panihar (District Gird) were visited in connection with a request made by some Jain leaders from outside the State, to be allowed to take away a big Jain idol from the ruins of an old temple at Barai. The Aukaph Department called for the opinion of this Department in this matter and was informed in reply that it was advisable to repair the temple and to preserve the idol in its original place.
- 15. In the course of special tours outside the State which the Director made with the special permission of Hon'ble the Home Minister, he visited Ramnagar and New Delhi with a view to study the latest methods of archæological excavations and of recording, preserving and studying antiquities unearthed.

V. Conservation.

(i) Initial Repairs to Ancient Monuments.

- 16. In the year under report, the Government's liberal policy in the provision of necessary funds for (the nation-building and) cultural work, enabled this Department to pursue with unabated vigour its activities in the field of conservation. The fourth instalment of Rupees ten thousand (10,000) for further conservation of the Bagh Caves, our premier monument, and Rupees one thousand and five hundred (1,500) for improving Gujari Mahal Building, or Rupees eleven thousand and five hundred (11,500) in all, were sanctioned as non-recurring special grants to supplement the limited recurring grant for works in the regular budget. Savings from the 'ast year's grants were also utilised with the sanction of the Finance Department.
- 17. Conservation works were carried out at Udaygiri (District Bhilsa), Antri and Gwalior (District Gird), Chanderi and Kadwaha (District Guna), Khor and Sondni (District Mandasor), Suhania (District Morena), Bagh and Jamli (District Sardarpur), and Chorpura (District Shivpuri), at a total cost of Rs. 14.661-14-2.
- 18. A statement of conservation works and the expenditure incurred on them appears in Appendix B.

(District Bhilsa.)

- 19. Udaygiri.—The ground in front of Caves Nos. 16 and 17 was irregular and presented an ugly appearance. It had been improved to some extent in previous years. The final touches were given in the year of report.
 - (1) Platforms of earthwork with level tops and with sides held by retaining walls of masonry in stone were constructed in front of both the caves. Masonry steps were provided to get up to the platforms. The surrounding ground was levelled up or sloped regularly according to local exigencies.
 - (2) The pucca edging of the drain between the road and the frontage of caves was further extended for a length of about 40 feet from Cave No. 7, up to Cave No. 16.

- (3) In order to improve the passage which leads from Cave No. 19, up the hill to Cave No. 20 and the Rest House, a mound of earth mixed with boulders near Cave No. 19, was dug up and an adjoining depression was filled up.
- (4) And the kachcha steps at the foot of the hill were strengthened with large stone slabs planted on edge in front and with lines of stone uprights, at the sides.

(District Gird Gwalior.)

- 20. Antri.—The tomb believed to be that of Abul Fazal, the learned author of the Ain-i-Akbari and the favourite counsellor of Akbar, had already been conserved. But it was in need of further attention. The following repairs were carried out here in the year of report:—
 - (1) The bulging portions of the platform on which the tomb is set were dismantled and properly re-built.
 - (2) Alignments of the parapet walls on the north, east and south sides of the platform were not in straight lines. The lime gola which capped the retaining walls had been badly damaged by village children using it as a seat. All the three lines of the parapet wall 38, 29 and 38 feet in length, respectively, were therefore dismantled and re-built on a straight line plan. In the reconstruction stone slab coping was substituted for the lime gola on these walls with a view to avoid continual damage and necessity of recurring repairs. The wall on the west was only repaired in patches and the lime gola on it was restored instead of being replaced with slab coping, as the top of the wall was too high to be reached and damaged by children.
 - (3) The passage in the north side was closed up and the steps removed.
 - (4) The passage in the east side was protected with wooden bars inserted in stone uprights for preventing cattle climbing up and damaging the platform.
 - (5) The tile jalis in windows were repaired.
 - (6) The cracks in walls of the room were closed up.
 - (7) The terrace floor of the room was repaired with a coat of lime, polished with cement.
 - (8) The top of the platform was levelled by cutting and filling.
 - (9) The outer faces of the platform and both the faces of the parapet walls were treated with cut lime pointing, and the whole monument was re-white-washed.
 - (10) Bajri was spread on the top of the platform and the surrounding area demarcated with the boundary posts.

- 21. Gwalior.—For the general improvement of the Gujari Mahal building which is itself a precious Archæological Monument and in which the Archæological Museum is also housed, various items of repairs, additions and alterations consistent (of course) with the original plan and design of the edifice were carried out, the more important of which are:—
 - (1) A 3" thick stone coping with chamfered edges was provided on the top of the low parapet wall which enclosed the central square courtyard. Besides improving the look of the courtyard it serves as lines of seats for tired visitors to take rest.
- (2) Sinks were constructed at the four corners of the coping, to do duty as flower beds.
 - The terrace floor of the open yard in front of Room No. 3 (3) and Rooms Nos. 6 to 10, which seems to have been put in during repairs, at a later date, after the Mahal had fallen into neglect and disrepair, had got damaged. It was therefore dug up with a view to repair and level it up with a new coat of lime concrete and polish, so as to make it stronger, neater and tidier in appearance. During the digging operations, the original plan of western portion of the building consisting of small courtyards alternating with rooms, walls and drains, which lay concealed under the later terrace floor, was revealed. In one place, a pit or cellar enclosed with walls of rough stone masonry came to light. The cellar is 18' north to south and 7' east to west and is divided into two parts by a partition wall 4' thick pierced with an opening. What this pit was intended for, is not quite clear. It may have been a soak pit, Similar cellars exist elsewhere in the courtyard, e.g., one between Rooms Nos. 3 and 4 and another between Rooms Nos. 5 and 6.
 - The courtyards recently brought to light, sink a few inches below the floors of the rooms and are lined with dasa decorated with leaf design.
 - The whole terrace floor thus dug up was repaired with a coat of lime concrete. In repairing it, however, care has been taken to follow and retain the original plan exposed to view. The cellar being of no archæological interest was covered up again. Suitable drainage was provided joining the new drains with the old ones.
 - (4) A six feet wide strip in the terrace floor which was used as a footpath by visitors for communicating with Rooms Nos. 6 to 11 and which got repeatedly damaged by being trampled, was paved with stone slabs so as to make a durable passage.
- (5) The pedestals of the *Chakravyuha* and the amphitheatre were remodelled substituting stone slabs on edge for the lime plaster on faces.

- (6) Tree guards of brick were constructed for protection of the three mango trees newly planted in the premises, on the east of the Mahal.
- 22. Another piece of conservation work was taken in hand in connection with the Gujari Mahal. At the back, i. e., on the north of the palace, a spacious hall facing north flanked by a side room at each end and designed and massively built like the palace itself, was partially visible, being half buried in debris and silt. It appeared to be an annexe or an extension of the palace proper. In order to investigate this point, the work of clearing up debris and rubbish from the hall and its surroundings was commenced late in June. Little progress was made by the close of the year. Only the plan of a courtyard with two side wings was partially exposed.
- 23. In the bank of ground between the hall and the well situated outside the N. W. corner of the Gujari Mahal, an opening looking like the mouth of an underground passage was partially visible. When it was freed from debris it proved to be the mouth of huge pucca drain 4 to 5 feet wide and about 8 feet deep, flanked on both sides by strong retaining walls of stone masonry and spanned with stone slabs carried on lintels. It extends over about 123 feet in length north to south inside the foundations of the palace. The work will be resumed next year, when discoveries of interesting buildings are expected.

(District Guna.)

- 24. Chanderi The horses' tomb adjoining the footpath leading to the Paramesvara Tal had become dilapidated. The masonry of the platform supporting the two statues of horses had fallen in several places. The statues of horses were leaning out of position. The whole platform was therefore dismantled and re-built with old stone after the original design. The top of the platform was paved partly with new stones. The horses' statues were properly re-set.
- 25. Kadwaha.—The work of partial conservation of the mediæval Hindu monastery and temples at Kadwaha had been commenced but left unfinished last year (see Annual Report for V. S. 1996, paras Nos. 20 to 23).
- 26. The remaining items of the proposed work were done in the year of report, thus:—
 - (1) The room on the third storey over the staircase of the monastery was dismantled and completely re-built, with the exception of the roof.
 - (2) Cut stone masonry pillars were constructed to support certain huge stone beams (two on the ground floor and one on the first floor) which had cracked and sagged and which had been supported on temporary piles of stones.
 - (3) A flight of steps 10 feet wide, was constructed for giving access to the floor of the Garhi which is about 12 feet

lower than the level of the approach road. The steps are of rubble stone masonry with treaders of stone slabs. The entrance to the steps is through a pair of cut stone posts, which is guarded temporarily with a rough wooden gate against cattle trespassing into the Garhi.

- (4) A pucca drain is constructed for the outlet of rain water from the Garhi,
- (5) A huge ceiling slab of stone was lying unevenly near temple No. 4. It was re-set level and supported on low masonry pillars so as to make the slab serve as a seat for visitors to rest on.
 - (6) The whole structure of temple No. 7 (Marghatte-ki-Marhi) has been badly disturbed and gone out of plumb. To restore it to its right (original) position is impossible unless the whole is dismantled and re-built, which is a prohibitively expensive proposition. We had therefore to be content with doing what was reasonably possible, in order to make the temple safe and tidy looking. A pillar of the porch which had badly tilted out was re-set upright after jacking up the superstructure. The masonry of the basement of the temple and porch was repaired by underpinning with cut stone blocks.
 - (7) The banks of earthwork with which the damaged plinths of temples had been covered up last year were dressed up into regular slopes.
- (8) The ground around the conserved temples was levelled as far as possible, and cleaned up. The premises of temples Nos. 1 and 2 were demarcated with cut stone boundary posts planted at the four corners.
- 27. Although the work included in the first estimate has thus been done, the work of conservation of the monastery and some of the temples is by no means complete. In fact, more work than what has been carried out still, awaits being done. This remaining work will have to be done perhaps in more than one instalments in the near future, when funds become available.

(District Mandasor.)

- 28. Khor.—The Nau Toran temple on the ro d side in front of the village Khor had been already conserved. It was further improved in the year of report when the following items of work were executed:—
 - (1) A lunatic had displaced a few blocks of stone two or three years ago. They were properly re-set.
 - (2) The | avement of the shrine room was repaired.

- (3) The iron bands used for supporting, by way of conservation, the stone arches which had cracked, were re-painted to match with the colour of old stone, and the fissures between the stone arches and the bands were closed up with cement mortar.
- (4) The loose carved stones found in excavations in the premises of the temple were re-arranged around the temple so as to make the premises look neat and tidy.
- (5) The premises were levelled up by cutting and filling ups and downs.
- 29. The large ruined platform of another temple which is no longer standing is locally known as *Bhamvra* owing to a small cellar in the north-west corner of the platform. These ruins were partially conserved this year.
 - (1) Jungle was cleared 25 feet all round.
 - (2) Portions of the platform which lay buried in debris consisting of earth mixed with heavy stone were exposed down to the original ground level by excavating and throwing away debris.
 - (3) The heavy carved stones found in the debris were collected in one place.
 - (4) The cellar was freed from debris.
 - (5) The upper courses of the eastern wall of the cellar were repaired in cut stone.
 - (6) Broken lintels and ceiling slabs of the cellar were replaced. Only old stones found on the site have been used in the repairs.
- 30. A third monument at Khor attended to in the year of report is the remnant of a temple on the road side in the fifth mile of the Jawad-Kesarpura road, near the ruins of an old well locally known as Bilya Baodi. What now survives of the original temple is an oblong room facing the west, with its back towards the road. The back wall of the temple is lined with niches originally sheltering images of Hindu gods, now all but one vacant. One of the niches is inset with a standing image of Vishnu. The temple is far advanced in ruin. The walls which are made up of large blocks of stone without mortar are badly shaken. The roof is now flat but originally it may have been crowned with a spire or spires.
 - (1) The ruins of the temples were freed from jungle.
 - (2) The high ground on which the temple stands sloped irregularly on all sides and this presented an unsightly appearance. To make the premises neat and tidy, a platform of earthwork with a level top and regularly sloping banks was laid round the basement of the temple.

(3) A few stones of the walls which had badly moved out of position were re-set.

(District Morena.)

- 31. Suhania.—The old well near the famous Kakanmadh temple had been excavated last year to a depth of 59 feet and patch repairs had been executed to the surviving old masonry of the well.
- (1) In the year of report, the well was further excavated to a total depth of 80 feet, the original depth of the well.
 - (2) The upper courses of the original wall masonry of the well had fallen in. They were restored with new masonry so as to raise the circular enclosure wall to a height of 3 feet above the surrounding ground level. A pucca ghat with the arrangement for drawing water still remains to be constructed. The work will be done as soon as funds permit.
 - (3) The gaps in the compound wall of the temple area caused by the removal of some stones for use in the repair to the well, were made good.

(District Sardarpur.)

- 32. Bagh.—The only major work of conservation carried out in the year of report was that at Bagh Caves. This work was pushed forward with the fourth instalment of Rupees ten thousand (10,000) sanctioned in the year of report.
- 33. Cave No. 2.—(1) Pillar No. 10 in the back row in the hall of this cave which had disappeared altogether was restored after the design of the corresponding pillar on the other side. As in the restoration of other pillars, the repairs consisted of cut stone casing finely dressed, and hearting of cement concrete. With the construction of this pillar the hall is now complete with all its pillars.
- (2) Pillars Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 11, 14 and 17 of the hall and the two pillars of the vestibule had suffered damage and had been repaired by the mediæval dwellers with mud. The mud was therefore scraped off and the damaged portions were repaired with cement concrete with re-inforcement where necessary.
- (3) The dasa of the vestibule and sills of a few cells were repaired with cut stone.
- 34. Cave No. 3.—(1) A tamarind tree dangerously growing on the hill side just over the N. W. corner of the left wing of the cave was rooted out and the crevices caused by the roots of the tree were grouted with cement.
- (2) A large fissure about three feet high and two feet deep caused by the decay of rock and running along the whole facade of the cave from end to end was filled up with cement

concrete in order to unite the ceiling of the cave with the living rock above, and thus strengthening the facade of the cave.

- (3) Some crevices in the ceiling of the cave were repaired with cement concrete and cement bajri.
- (4) The pillars of the verandah of the inner suite of cells on the left side were repaired with re-inforced cement concrete.
- (5) Portions in the walls of the line of cells on the right side were repaired with cut stone in lime after cutting out the decayed rock.
- 35. Cave No. 4.—(1) Pillar No. 28 at the S. W. corner of the hall was completely restored with cut stone facing and cement concrete hearting, after the decayed portion of the surviving rock had been chiselled out. The gap between the top of the regular pillar and the existing ceiling caused by the dropping away of the rock was filled up with hammer dressed stone masonry in cement.
- (2) Shallow depressions and fissures in the walls of the verandahs, caused by the decay of rock, were repaired with cement concrete.
- (3) The rock floor of the left verandah which had been badly damaged owing to the decay of rock and had become rather dangerous for the feet of visitors was levelled up partly by chiselling off the ups in the rock and then laying a coat of cement concrete all over the floor.
- 36. Cave No. 5.—By far the major portion of the repair work at Bagh Caves for this year was done in Cave No. 5. This cave consists of a large oblong hall 95 feet long and 44 feet wide. The ceiling was supported on two rows of eight pillars each. All but three of these pillars had disappeared almost completely and the whole ceiling was overhanging on precarious support. The walls, and the door and window openings of this cave have also badly suffered from the decay of the rock. This cave is important for its unusual plan and the peculiar design of its pillars, which consisted of circular shafts slightly tapering upwards with round golas at the top.
- 37. The repairs to this cave executed in the year of report comprise the following:—
 - (1) Pillars Nos. 1 to 4 in the front row which had either badly decayed or had disappeared altogether were completely restored with cut stone plain and moulded work.
 - (2) Decayed portions of pillars Nos. 5, 6 and 8 were chiselled out and then they were restored with cement concrete with reinforcement where necessary.

- (3) Pillars Nos. 9 and 12 in the back row were restored completely and pillar No. 15 partially.
 - (4) In the original design of the cave a continuous rock cut beam had been provided over the tops of pillars in each row. These beams had disappeared with the exception of the right half of the beam on the front row. After the restoration of all the pillars under the left half of the beam on the front row, the missing portion of the beam was restored in re-inforced cement concrete with a double line of steel girders in the hearting for the whole length, locating joints over the tops of pillars.
 - (5) The gap between the re-inforced cement concrete beam and the existing ceiling representing the rock which has dropped away was filled up with stone in cement masonry.
- (6) Some cracks in the front portions of ceiling which could be reached conveniently from the scaffolding erected for the construction of the R. C. C. beam were filled up with cement concrete.
 - (7) The decayed portions in the jambs and sills of the door and the windows were cut out and restored with cut stone blocks, backed with hammer dressed stone masonry where possible and necessary in order to reduce cost without sacrifice of strength or appearance. The original design of recesses has been faithfully copied in the restoration.
 - (8) The decayed portions of the dasa joining the bases of pillars were restored with cut stone in cement.
 - (9) The decayed base of the pilaster at the S. W. end of the common verandah of Caves Nos. 4 and 5 and the decayed portions of the walls and door of the adjacent cell were chiselled off and repaired with cut stone underpinning. The outer face of the right wall of the cell was repaired with hammer-dressed stone masonry, in order to match with original face of the wall.

38. General .-

- (1) Portion of the passage between Caves Nos. 3 and 4 was widened by cutting, breaking and throwing away blocks of rocks.
- (2) The stone platform constructed in previous years for the protection of the trees on the bank of the river in front of the caves was further extended.

Mural Paintings on the Bagh Caves.

39. Hand in hand with the conservation of the architectural relics of the Bagh Caves, their surviving mural paintings, the most precious feature for which they are known to the artistic world, have

been receiving the Department's attention. The wall paintings on the facade of Caves Nos. 4 and 5 were partially conserved some years ago. The ruined edges of the plaster were filled and the patches where plaster had peeled off were filled with a suitable composition of plaster of paris, cement and fine sand, coloured to match the original plaster. In the year of report, the Archæological Chemist in India-Khan Bahadur Sana Ullah, M. Sc., -was invited to examine the paintings, to advise and demonstrate on the spot appropriate measures of the further conservation and cleaning of these paintings as well as of those on the interior of Caves Nos. 3 and 4. Mr. Shavrikar, the Draughtsman Artist of this Department, was deputed to learn and practise the work of conservation under the direct supervision of the Archæological Chemist who spent a few days at the caves in November 1940. The Archæological Chemist has prescribed the composition of the cementing material to be used for further repairs to the damaged plaster and has supplied the chemical solution to be used for cleaning the paintings. Mr. Shavrikar has picked up the work and the Archæological Chemist was satisfied with Mr. Shavrikar's work done under his supervision. The conservation and cleaning of the paintings will be pushed forward in the coming years as much as funds will permit. The Archæological Chemist recommends the employment of additional trained hands for expediting work as soon as possible, as the condition of the paintings is gradually deteriorating and it is advisable to treat them as soon as possible.

- 40. The problem of freeing the paintings which have been very badly obliterated from the thick coat of black soot, if possible, was also referred to the Archæological Chemist. He made a few experiments on the spot and came to the conclusion that it was not possible for chemistry in the present stage of its development to accomplish the desired task.
- 41. Another problem relating to the obscured paintings that of photographing them, if possible, with some special process such as photography with infra red plates, is also engaging our attention. At the instance of the Director-General of Archæology in India, some experiments were made by Mr. Joglekar, the Photographer of the Poona Office of the Archæological Survey of India, on some specimens sent to him. But it appears, that experiments on a large scale will have to be made on the spot, before it can be definitely decided whether photography can succeed in reclaiming the paintings.
- 42. The required material such as special plates being not easily available during war time, the experimentation has to be postponed till after the World War.
- 43. Jamli.—The Mahadeva temple near Jamli, a village situated about 12 miles to the east of Tanda, which dates back to the 10th or 11th century A. D., is the only specimen of mediæval temple architecture which has survived almost entirely in this tract of country. The Mahakal temple at Bagh is another bigger temple of

the same age, but it has lost its sikhara while the Jamli temple still retains its sikhara almost intact. The temple faces the east and consists of a shrine surmounted with a sikhara and having a portico in front. The sikhara is in the Indo-Aryan style of the type of that of the Udayesvar temple at Udaypur (District Bhilsa) or of the Nemawar temple (in Indore State).

- 44. The question of the conservation of this temple has been engaging the attention of the Department for some years but for one reason or another, the work could not be taken up till the year of report, when the following items of repairs were executed:—
 - (1) Jungle was cleared for 50 feet in front and 25 feet on the other three sides including a tree which grew on the temple itself and seems to have been the principal cause of the serious damage to the portico.
 - (2) The portico or porch had been badly shattered. The two side pilasters had got displaced. They were properly re-set.
 - (3) The lintel of the portico which had cracked was supported on pieces of angle iron 3"×3"×3" placed at the lower corners with ends inserted in notches drilled in the side brackets.
 - (4) The broken lintel of the shrine door was supported on a piece of rail iron 5"×4" in section.
 - (5) The floor of the porch and shrine were re-paved.
 - (6) The vertical cracks in the sikhara were filled up with cement concrete.
 - (7) The premises were levelled up with earthwork and the big stones found in the debris were picked up and arranged in order, round the temple.

(District Shivpuri.)

- 45 Chorpura.—A mediæval Siva temple (10th-11th century A. D.) the ruins of which are visible from the Agra-Bombay Road, near the village Chorpura, was partially conserved in the year of report.
 - (1) Jungle in the premises of the temple was cleared,
 - (2) The top of the low platform on which the temple stands was levelled up with earthwork. The damaged retaining walls were repaired with dry masonry of big stone blocks.
 - (3) The ground around was cleared up and dressed, and carved stones picked up from the site were arranged in the shape of a compound.
 - (4) The floor of the shrine room was re-paved with old stone.

- (5) The damaged portions of the basement walls of the temple were repaired.
 - (6) A few shaken stones in the sikhara were pushed back into their places.
 - (7) A footpath was made to connect the temple with the Agra-Bombay Road. The portion of a nala where it is crossed by the footpath was filled up with rubble.
- 46. Terahi.—The gateway of the compound of the Mohajmata temple was in a dilapidated condition. The dry stone masonry of the door jambs was dismantled and properly re-built. The lintel was properly re-set. A piece of iron pipe was fixed across the gateway to prevent cattle from trespassing into the compound.

New Construction.

(Caretakers' Huts.)

47. The caretakers' huts at Kakanmadh temple, Suhania (District Morena), at Sondni (District Mandasor), and at Udaygiri (District Bhilsa) which were under construction last year, were completed in the year of report. These huts comprise a room 12'×10' with a verandah 12'×7'. The room has two doors, one in the front and the other in the back wall and two windows one in each side wall. The verandah has three openings in front. One of the sides of the verandah is open and the other is closed up with a partition wall. There are two almirahs in the wall of the room. These structures are pucca, being built of stone in lime mortar, and the door openings, window openings, pillars and beams being made up of cut stone. The roofs are flat, constructed with stone slabs covered with brick and lime cheka and finished with a 5" coat of brick and lime concrete. They make comfortable quarters for the caretakers concerned.

Rest Houses.

- 48. The Archæological Rest House at the Udaygiri Caves (District Bhilsa) received some attention in the year of report. The slope of the roof of the main room and the two side rooms being insufficient, the rain water was not properly drained, which resulted in the leakage of moisture to the ceiling underneath. The roof was therefore properly sloped by adding an average 3" coat of brick and lime concrete finished with polish.
- 49. Necessary furniture was purchased for the Rest House at Gyaraspur (District Bhilsa). The Rest House will be duly furnished before next winter.

(ii) Annual Upkeep.

50. Measures of annual upkeep which are due after the rainy season such as jungle clearance, filling up of ruts and pits in the premises caused by the rains, and repairs to footpaths leading to monuments, were carried out at all conserved monuments. The more

important groups of such monuments continued to be maintained in permanent good order through whole time caretakers employed for the purpose.

- 51. The Rest Houses at Bagh and Udaygiri caves were white-washed and portions of the Gujari Mahal building were treated with white and doga wash. Iron and wood work was repainted at the Gujari Mahal (Gwalior Fort), the monuments at Ranod, Surwaya, Terahi (District Shivpuri); and at the Rest Houses at Bagh and Udaygiri caves.
- 52. The temporary bridge on the river in front of the Bagh Caves was renewed.
- 53. The ja'i panels of the windows and the inscription almirah at the Khokhai monastery at Ranod (District Shivpuri) which had been damaged were repaired. The wooden door frame of the store room at the Jamah Masjid at Chanderi had been eaten up by white ants. It was replaced by a new frame made of cut stone, as a precaution against the repetition of similar damage.
- 54. The gardens and the plantation of trees at the Chhattri of the Rani of Jhansi, the Gujari Mahal and the tomb of Muhammad Ghaus at Gwalior, and at the Bagh Caves (District Sardarpur) were maintained. New rows of Mehandi and a few trees were planted at the Gujari Mahal, tomb of Muhammad Ghaus at Gwalior and near the Bagh Caves. Red bajri was spread on the footpaths of the Chhattri of the Rani of Jhansi garden.
- 55. At the time of the annual inspection of the Maladevi temple at Gyaraspur (District Bhilsa) on the 5th December 1940 it was found that some miscreants had removed pavement slabs and dug up pits, one in the hall and another in the shrine room of the temple, obviously in search of treasure. The matter was duly reported to the Police but the culprits could not be traced. The pits were repaired in due course.
- 56. The caretakers of the Surwaya monuments and of the Terahi and Mahua monuments, died in the year of report, and suitable persons were appointed as their successors.

(iii) Approach Roads.

57. No new approach road was made in the year of report. The P. W. D. was moved to metal the fair weather road to the Yasodharman's pillars of victory at Sondni.

(iv) Sign and Notice Boards.

- 58. The following new sign-boards were made and set up:-
- (1) A big road side sign-board near Badegaon Chowki in the tenth mile of the Morena-Ambah Road calling attention to the Kakanmadh temple (Morena District).

- (2) A small road side sign-board in the fourth mile of the Jawad-Kesarpura Road giving the name and age of the Nau Torana temple.
- 59. Both the boards are bilingual (Hindi and English), engraved on both sides of stone slabs. Sign-board No. 1 is supported on two stone posts, while sign-board No. 2 on a single one.
- 60. The stone sign-boards at the following places were re-white-washed and re-inked in black enamel:—
 - (a) Gujari Mahal and Chhattri of Rani Jhansi, at Gwalior,
 (b) Antri, (c) Bhilsa, (d) Chanderi, (e) Gyaraspur, (f)
 Kakpur, (g) Pawaya, (h) Surwaya, (i) Terahi and Udaygiri caves.
- 61. Printed notices exhibited in frames were renewed at the following monuments:—
 - (a) Garhi at Surwaya,(b) Khokhai monastery at Ranod,(c) Tombs of Muhammad Ghaus and Tansen at Gwalior.

(v) Monuments declared protected.

62. No monuments were declared protected in the year under report.

VI Exploration.

(i) Excavations.

63. In addition to the balance of the grants sanctioned in the two previous years another instalment of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned in the year of report for the further development of archæological excavations. With these funds it was proposed to continue the excavations at the Tila site at Pawaya and at the Garh site at Ujjain and also to tap some other promising sites in the State. But owing to various causes time was not found to carry out the proposed plan in its entirety. No new sites were touched. But the works at Ujjain and at Pawaya which had been left unfinished in previous years (see Annual Report for V. S. 1995, paragraphs 43 to 61, and Annual Report for V. S. 1996, paras 44 to 49) were pushed on.

Pawaya.

- 64. Pawaya was taken up first. The excavations at this place were resumed on the 14th January and closed on the 17th April 1941. This was the 4th and so far the biggest instalment of excavations on this site, the three previous instalments having been done in the years 1925, 1934 and 1940.
- 65. In resuming the work at Pawaya this year, it was only intended to expose the remaining portion of the south face and the whole of the west face of the outermost platform, to clear up the rubbish and the loose debris lying on its top, and then to conserve the monument in the existing condition. But in clearing up the top, an unexpected discovery was made which changed the whole outlook of

the work. When a depression in the south-east portion of the mound was being cleared up, traces of still another platform of ornate design were exposed. When they were followed up, the four sides of a new platform came to light. Thus there are now three platforms. For the sake of easy reference the largest and the outermost platform is named platform No. 1, the new platform discovered this year is given No. 2 and the topmost platform remnants of which had been already exposed in previous operations was numbered 3. Platform No. 3 which measures 53'4" by 53'4" is set on platform No. 2 which is 93'2" by 93'8". Platform No. 2 is completely encased by platform No. 1 which measures 140'6" by 143'. The surviving height of this whole monument is $31'8\frac{1}{2}$ " top to bottom.

- 66. The newly discovered platform No. 2 and platform No. 3 closely resemble each other in the general design, the size of bricks and the style of masonry. Obviously therefore they constitute one contemporary structure. The general design, the size of bricks and the masonry of platform No. 1 differ from those of the other two platforms. The former therefore is apparently a later addition.
- 67. The face work of platform No. 1 is plain, relieved only by simple offsets carried horizontally. The bricks are thicker (3" to 3½") and better baked than those of the other two platforms. The design of the faces of platforms Nos. 2 and 3 is more ornate. Their bricks are thinner (2" to 3") and not so well baked.

The base of platform No. 2 is plain, broken only with horizontal offsets up to a height of 71 feet, above ground level. Then there is a large half gola, over it is a course of almost square panels flanked by pilasters and inset with a projecting ornamental design. This course of panels is surmounted with another course of bigger panels also flanked by pilasters more ornamental in design and having ghata shaped pedestals. At the top of this course of panels is another line of half gola supported on a row of small brackets, and carrying in its turn a line of arches resembling in shape the well-known Chaitya window common in cave architecture. The portion of the platform above the course of arches has disappeared altogether or damaged. The surviving portion of the face of platform No. 3 consists of a half gola carried on plain masonry and supporting a course of panels flanked by ornamental pilasters. The top portion of the platform is missing. The monument is made up of brick work only with the exception of spouts which are of stone. The cementing mortar used is clay mixed with fine sand. The masonry was finished with a thin coat of lime plaster, traces of which have survived here and there. The foundations of platforms Nos. 1 and 2 are made up by ramming a layer of small stone concrete in mud followed by rough brick masonry in founds. In the case of platform No. 1 the thickness of the layer of concrete is about one foot while in platform No. 2 it is six inches. On the other hand, the height of foundation masonry under platform No. 1 is 2' only

while under platform No. 2 it is 4'3". Drains and weep holes have been provided in platform No. 1 for the outlet of air and moisture.

68. The top platform No. 3 represents the shrine proper of the temple, while platforms Nos. 2 and 3 make the plinth or lower terrace on which the shrine was set, leaving a spacious pradakshina patha all round. What the design of the superstructure or top of the temple now lost was like, it is difficult to say. No components of Sikhara have been found. The top was probably flat and the roof was possibly made up of timber, brick and lime.

A line of square structural pits have been exposed on all sides of platform No. 2. Their purpose is not clear. They are possibly the socket holes for holding timber posts or bases of decorative sculptures.

69. The ideas about this monument are not final as the excavations here are yet incomplete. But judging from the evidence so far unearthed, the history appears to be that there was an earlier monument composed of platforms Nos. 2 and 3, and platform No. 1 was added to it at a somewhat later date. The purpose of the addition is doubtful. It may have been an extension but the complete encasement of an ornamental structure with another with a plain design does not stand to reason. Nor can the encasing be explained as having been necessitated by exigencies of engineering. portions of platform No. 2 were bulging or had become dilapidated, and required to be strengthened by an encasing structure. hypothesis which looks more reasonable is that the later addition was intended to conceal an earlier monument on the ground of religious or dynastic antagonism. According to the former supposition the earlier monument was possibly a Buddhist Stupa and the later addition was intended to transform it into a Brahmanical temple. But no Buddhist relics have been discovered so far in the diggings. The more probable alternative therefore is that a temple built by an earlier dynasty (the Nagas) was covered up by their conquerors (the Guptas) with a temple of their own. The levels of the foundations of the two structures do not differ appreciably. Therefore there was no great interval of time between their ages. A few letters found incised on a piece of brick which from its size and make appears to have come from platform No. 1, are on palæographical grounds assignable to the 5th century A. D. This corroborates the surmise that the transformation of the monument dates from the Gupta period.

That the site of Padmavati was in use for some centuries before that time is indicated by some coins of circa 2nd century B. C. picked up from fields around.

70. A stone sculpture of Vishnu in the Gupta style found this year in the excavations would show that the temple was dedicated to that god, while the statue of a Naga king unearthed here last year

perhaps indicates that the earlier temple was a work of the Nagas of Padmavati.

- 71. No speciment of pottery worth the name and not many coins have been recovered in the excavations. The one important class of antiquities found consists of beautifully modelled terra cotta figures, which evidently were used for the surface decorations on the walls of the temple.
- 72. The Paway temple which is composed of two terraces set one upon the other reminds one of the terraced brick temples at Ramnagar (ancient A hichhattra) in the Bareilly District of the United Provinces which is being excavated by the Director-General of Archæology in India.
- 73. The terra cotta finds are mostly busts and heads of human figures with beautiful expressions and fine arrangements of hair. There are some fragments showing the different poses of hands and feet and torsos showing the modes of dress and ornaments. Figures of animals and birds are also among the finds. That the plastic art of clay modelling had developed to its fullest extent is more than proved by these finds which can favourably be compared with similar terra cottas recently unearthed in the excavations at Rajghat near Benares.
- 74. This building continued to be used even during the Muhammadan period, not of course as a temple, but possibly for residential purposes, as indicated by traces of rooms and hearths (chulas) of very late period found in the upper portion of the ruins.
- 75. A fuller description of this part of the excavations has to be reserved for the next year when they are expected to be completed.
- 76. Ujjain.—As originally planned, half and half time and funds were going to be devoted to the excavation works at Pawaya and Ujjain. But the Pawaya work proved more extensive and more fruitful and therefore took more time than was expected. As a consequence, less than desired time could be spared for the work at Ujjain. The Pawaya work was closed on the 17th April 1941. Some time having been taken up by the transport of implements and camp equippage, the work at Ujjain was resumed early in May and closed about the end of that month.
- 77. During the first instalment of excavations carried out at Ujjain in the year 1939, the ravines and low lying plots on the Garh which is identified with the site of the ancient city had been tapped. During the second instalment this year, on the other hand, high grounds were selected for trial excavations. Trenches were taken in two places.

 (1) a field in front of the Kripanivas Ram temple and (2) another field situated over a furlong to the north of the temple. These fields formed almost the highest levels in the area, flanked what looked like traces of ancient roads, and were profusely strewn with brick bats and potsherds. It was therefore hoped that the excavation here would reveal remnants of houses flanking the roads.

- 78. The high grounds chosen for trial trenches proved however to be a handicap rather than an advantage. For we had to dig to a greater depth in order to reach virgin soil. In these two places our digging reached a depth of over 40 feet. The upper ground for a depth of about 20 feet proved almost barren, being made up of heaps of disturbed earth mixed with a sprinkling of brick bats and potsherds. In trenches Nos. 12 and 13 no trace of building was found even at a depth of 41 or 42 feet. Only one or two earthen pots lying on sides were exposed. In trench No. 14 a corner of two brick walls was unearthed at a depth of 22 feet. This will be traced further next season. The structure may be assigned to the Gupta period as one or two terra cotta figures in Gupta style were found here at that level.
- 79. During the excavations of 1939, traces of brick masonry which looked like a drain, had been exposed at the bottom of trench No. 5. The trench was therefore widened this year in the hope of finding more traces of buildings. Fragments of two more brick walls came to light. But no wallings that could be interpreted to constitute a connected building have been discovered in the Ujjain excavations so far.
- 80. The movable antiquities found at Ujjain this year are of the same type of pottery, stone and shell objects as were unearthed in the year 1939. None of them are of any outstanding artistic or historical interest, to deserve special mention. Ujjain pottery requires further study.
- 81. The trial excavations made at Ujjain so far have not been very encouraging. We are yet far from success in our search of traces of the ancient city streets and houses, etc. It is found that the site has been very badly disturbed both by nature and by man leaving very little of ancient relics intact. Secondly, we have to dig to an enormous depth to reach relics of ancient times if any have still survived destruction. Consequently excavations here will be prohibitively expensive even if they are fruitful. It is, however, premature to express a definite opinion as to the prospects of large scale excavations at Ujjain until more experiments are made. It is intended to make these trials finally next year. For a list of antiquities discovered in these excavations see Appendix D and for list of photographs refer to Nos. 48 to 229 in Appendix I.

(ii) Listing of Monuments.

- 82. Some listing work was done in the year of report with a view to find out promising ancient sites for archæological excavations and for exploring monuments.
- 83. The Director visited 7 places, namely, Amrol and Barai (in District Gird), Baredi, Kutwar, Paytha and Samantukhera (in District Morena), and Dadur (in District Sardarpur) and the General Assistant and the Photographer visited the 8th place Badher (in District Bhilsa). 8 villages were thus visited and 20 monuments listed, statement of which appears in Appendix E.

- 84. Kutwar and Samantukhera were visited in search of excavation sites. Both are at least as old as the 4th or 5th century A. D. The ancient site of *Kutwar* identified with Kantipuri, one of the three capitals of the Nagas, is a high mound, part of which is occupied by the existing village and another part has been submerged in the Irrigation Dam on the Asan. The remaining portion which is unoccupied seems to have been disturbed. The prospects of excavations here are therefore not very bright. Still some digging is worth being tried as an experiment.
- 85. Samantukhera is situated about 4 miles to the north-west of Bagchini and about a mile north of Gudha, on the right bank of the Chambal and has been badly dissected by its ravines. That the site dates from the Gupta period can be judged from the large size bricks in the ruins of what appears to be a city fortification wall. The site is a small one, and is now extremely difficult of access owing to the deep ravines by which it is surrounded. There are ruins of a stone temple a small distance to the south of the brick fortifications referred to above. Judging from the pieces of bricks washed down in the ravines and traces of brick and stone masonry peeping out here and there in the banks of the ravines it appears that there were a number of ancient sites in the neighbourhood, but all of them have now been washed away into the Chambal. Among these are the ruins of a mediæval shrine, a broken sculpture of Hanuman and fragments of other stone images, perched on a high peak in the ravines.
- Antri by a cart track. It is also reached by a longer but better route via the Harsi canal bank road which branches off from the Gwalior-Jhansi Road near Tekanpur. Amrol is an old village possessing ruins of temples, sculptures and carvings dating back to the 8th or 9th century A. D. These ruins are in three groups. The largest and principal group is about 6 furlongs to the north-west of the village. It consists of two mounds which are the sites of brick temple which have now disappeared. To the north of one of the two mounds stands the Ramesvar temple. The other mound is known as Ganesa Pahadia from an idol of Ganesa lying on it. The site is strewn with fragments of stone sculptures and carvings and Siva lingas. If excavated it will probably bring to light a number of mediæval images of Hindu gods and goddesses.
- 87. Another Hindu temple locally known as Danebaba is situated about a quarter of a mile to the south-east of the village.
- 88. The third group is a shrine sheltering a large mediæval idol of a goddess locally called Behmata, built on the site of a large Jain temple which has disappeared, leaving behind a number of damaged stone statues of Jain *Tirthamkaras* scattered round about.
- 89. Barai.—There are two groups of ruined Jain temples, one to the north and the other to the south of the village. The former group consists of two temples. One is a single shrine sheltering a very

large sculpture of a Jina. The other temple is made up of three ruined shrines situated at a little higher level. The other group which is situated on the hill to the south of village consists of four hrines standing in a row touching one another. All the shrines shelter big stone idols of Jain *Tirthamkaras*. As seen from the style of architecture and from a dated inscription on the pedestal of an image, these temples are contemporary with the rock cut Jain statues on the Gwalior Fort (15th century A. D.).

- 90. Baredi.—A short distance to the north-east of the village stand the ruins of a Hindu temple, and a well of about the 13th century A. D.
- 91. Paytha.—Near the village is the site of a Jain temple which has disappeared. The site is strewn with a number of mutilated statues of Jain Tirthamkaras.
- 92. Dadur.—The village is 3 miles to the S.-E. of the Mangod Dak Bungalow. To the east of the village are the sites of two Jain temples, on one of which is lying a huge stone image of a *Tirthamkara* and on the other an equally huge stone statue of Kubera (Jain). These sculptures are worthy of preservation either on the original sites or at a suitable place in the compound of the Mangod Dak Bungalow.
- 193. Badher.—The assistants who visited this village report that there are sites of two mediæval Hindu temples where a number of mediæval sculptures of Hindu gods and goddesses are standing, some of them half buried in ground. A sculpture of Vishnu and another of Brahma and a huge ceiling slab which bears a lotus flower carved on it are particularly mentioned. The ceiling slab is locally named as Singar Sila after the Singar gotra of the local Rajput Zamindar and his kinsmen. The place will be further examined by the Director, as soon as time permits.

(iii) Epigraphy.

- 94. Eight inscriptions were copied or noticed in the year of report. One of them is in Gupta characters of the 5th century A. D., another in the Nagari characters of the 15th century A. D., while the rest are in old Nagari characters of the mediæval period. All of them are in Sanskrit language.
- 95. The earliest of these inscriptions which is assignable to the 5th century on palæographical grounds is incised on a piece of brick unearthed in the excavations at Pawaya (District Gird). It merely records the name of an individual—Somadatta, son of Gangadatta, who was probably a donor or an artisan, connected with the excavated temple.
- 96. Next in date is a fragmentary stone inscription of about the 12th century A. D., discovered at Chanderi, which is apparently part of a large Sanskrit *Prasasti* probably recording the construction of a

Hindu temple in the regime of or under the patronage of a Pratihara king of Chanderi. The right part of the inscription having been lost, the genealogy of the Pratihara dynasty which is recorded in the recovered portion is incomplete. It has preserved the names of kings Hariraja, Bhima, Ranapala, Vatsaraja and Abhayapala. The complete genealogy of this line of Pratiharas is already known from other inscriptions found at Chanderi and Kadwaha in previous years, from which it appears that the names of (1) Nilakantha (6) Svarnapala, (7) Kirtipala, (9) Govindaraja, (10) Rajaraja, (11) Viraraja and (12) Jaitravarman have perhaps been lost with the missing portion of this inscription.

- 97. Another inscription discovered this year is engraved on a slab in the pavement of the porch of the Bhutesvar temple in the Garhi at Kadwaha (District Guna). It was noticed after the place was freed from the debris of later accretions. It records that an ascetic named Bhutesvara (from whom the present name of the temple seems to have been derived) renovated the mutilated Jaladhari of the Linga (enshrined in the temple) in V. S. 1366 (=A. D. 1309) in the reign of Ala-ud-din Khilji of Delhi. It further records that the same ascetic practised austere penance (with a view to remedy the calamity) when the whole earth had been over-run by the Mlechchhas.
- 98. Still another inscription is recorded on the pedestal of a large stone image of a Jain *Tirthamkara* enshrined in a temple on a hill to the south of the village Barai District Gird). It is too badly worn out to be completely deciphered. It is dated in V. S. 1529 (=A. D. 1472) and refers to the Maharaja Kirti Singh Tomara of Gwalior.
- 99. The remaining four inscriptions are incised on the pedestals of sculptures of Hindu gods and goddesses collected in the Mahakal temple at Ujjain and simply record their names.
 - 100. A statement of these epigraphs is given in Appendix F.

(iv) Numismatics.

- 101. Two gold, 270 silver and 590 copper, i. e., altogether 862 coins were examined during the year of report.
- 102. Two of the copper coins were unearthed in the excavations carried out at Ujjain. One is a punch-marked and the other a cast coin assignable to circa 2nd century B. C. and 2nd century A. D., respectively.
- 103. Two hundred and sixty-nine coins comprising 1 gold and the rest silver were received as treasure-trove in five lots of 12, 11, 127, 107 and 12 coins from (1) village Haripur, (2) Dungarpur, (3) Udaypuri, (4) Gaori and (5) Gandhaval, respectively.
- 104. The gold coin belonged to Jagat Singh II of Jaipur. Of the silver coins 225 were of Jaya Singh Khichi of Bajrangarh, 8 of the rulers of Datia, 8 of the Scindias of Gwalior, and the remaining of

Mughal Emperors, viz., 1 of Akbar, 1 of Jahangir, 5 of Shah Jahan, 14 of Aurangzeb, 1 of Shah Alam I, 3 of Alamgir II, 1 of Shah Alam II and 1 fragment of a coin.

- 105. Two silver coins of Shah Alam II of Asafabad mint were purchased from the Provincial Museum, Lucknow.
- 106. Five hundred eighty-three copper coins were purchased from Pawaya. These comprise 4 punch-marked, 4 inscribed cast, and 5 uninscribed cast coins. The cast coins appear to be tribal coins of Padmavati, assignable to the 2nd century B. C. The legends of the inscribed coins are in Brahmi characters, partially obliterated.
- 107. Naga coins in this lot number 483 representing Bhava Bhima, Brihaspati, Deva, Ganendra, Prabhakara and Skanda Nagas. Ganendra as usual claims by far the largest number of these coins but fortunately the lot has enabled us to make good two types of the coins of Bhava Naga which we had lost in theft.
- 108. There are 59 Muhammadan coins in this lot. 3 of these belong to the Sultans of Delhi. Ala-ud-din Muhammad Shah II, Muharak Shah and Ghiyas-ud-din Tughlaq are represented each by one coin. There are 17 coins of the Malwa Sultans—6 coins of Hoshang Shah, 2 of Ghiyas Shah, 2 of Mahmud Shah I, 2 of Nasir Shah and 5 of Mahmud Shah II. There are 2 coins of the Sultans of Gujrat, one of Bahadur Shah and the other of Muzaffar Shah III. There are 3 coins of the Mughal Emperors of Delhi, 2 of Humayun and 1 of Shah Jahan II And 34 Muhammadan coins remain unidentified owing to incomplete legend.
- 1.9. Ten State coins, 1 of Gwalior, 2 of Rutlam and 7 of other States and 16 other mutilated coins make up the complete lot.
- 110. One copper coin of Humayun and 2 of Ala-ud-din Masud Shah were purchased from the Provincial Museum, Lucknow.
- 111. One gold and 2 copper coins were received from Pandit Ram Govind of Kotwal. The gold piece is a Kushan coin which cannot be further identified as the legend on it has been obliterated. The two copper coins also are mutilated and hence undecipherable.
- 112. Out of the 862 coins examined during the year of report 1 gold, 12 silver and 35 copper coins have been acquired for our coin cabinet. For detailed analysis of coins examined and acquired see Appendix G.

VII. Archæological Museums.

(i) The Museum at the Gujari Mahal, Gwalior Fort.

113. Two stone sculptures, 7 terra cotta figurines, 2 inscribed clay seals, 1 inscribed brass seal, 1 talisman of gold alloy, 1 palm leaf manuscript, 24 copies of wall paintings from Bagh Caves, 1 miniature painting and 48 coins or 87 antiquities in all were added to this Museum in the year of report.

- 114. The stone sculptures were picked up from debris cleared from the premises of the caves at Udaygiri (District Bhilsa). The terra cotta figures, the seals, the miniature painting and the talisman were purchased. The manuscript was received as a present from Mr. G. D. Sapre of Poona and the coins were either excavated, or received as treasure-trove, as presents, or in exchange.
- 115. One of the two sculptures which belonged to the mediæval period, is the torso of a bearded figure (Agni?) and the other is a head. The painting represents a Bundela warrior king of the 18th century on horseback. The terra cottas which represent human heads and figurines, and the two inscribed seals are reported to come from Rajghat (Benares) and are specimens of the early Gupta art of the 5th century A. D.
- 116. One brass seal purchased (at Pawaya) bears the name "Rai, son of Sant Chandrabhan," in Nastaliq characters and the figure "22". Who this person Rai was and what the figure 22 is intended to convey it has not been possible so far to find out. The palm leaf manuscript is a portion of the (Sanskrit) text of Skanda Purana in Telugu characters.
- 117. Among the numismatic acquisitions, I punch-marked and I cast coin come from Ujjain, while 4 punch-marked, 9 cast and 11 Naga coins come from Pawaya (Padmavati). The remaining 22 coins belong to the Sultans of Delhi, Gujrat and Malwa and to the Mughal Emperors of Delhi.
- 118. This lot of Naga coins has supplied two types of the coins of Bhava Naga which had been lost in the theft that took place in the Museum in the year 1939. Pandit Ram Govind of Kotwal presented a gold (alloyed) Kushan coin. But it is defaced beyond the possibility of further identification. The remaining coins represent some of the Sultans of Delhi, Gujrat and Malwa and the Mughal Emperors.
- 119. The Director-General of Archæology in India has kindly lent to our Museum on permanent loan a small set of duplicates of pre-historic antiquities from Mohenjo Daro excavations, for which he deserves our grateful thanks. Our thanks are due also to the other donors Mr. Sapre and Pandit Ram Govind.
- 120. The copies of Bagh mural paintings were re-arranged in the year of report. Formerly they were exhibited partly in room No. 4 and partly in room No. 13. Now they have all been brought together and exhibited in room No. 4 which was specially constructed for this purpose. Two metal images of Buddhist gods purchased in previous years were exhibited in suitable show cases made of teak wood and plate glass. Other acquisitions which chiefly consist of excavated antiquities from Pawaya, Ujjain and Mohenjo Daro could not be exhibited for want of show cases. These show cases could be purchased only about the close of the year. The waiting antiquities will be exhibited in them as soon as possible.

- 121. Many of the sculptural exhibits acquired in recent years were without labels. This want was supplied in the year of report with enamel labels similar in make to those which existed already.
- 122. Important repairs to the terrace floors and parapet walls of the courtyards and to footpaths in the Museum building, were carried out in the year of the report. They are briefly described under Conservation in para. 21 above.
- 123. As the Museum building is rather extensive, many visitors feel tired and find it uncomfortable to see it at one stretch. Two steel and teak wood benches were therefore purchased and placed in suitable places for visitors who wish to rest at intervals. The pot garden of the Museum was further extended and a few masonry flower beds were constructed.
- 124. The Museum has gained ample popularity and attracts a large number of visitors. Owing to the World War however, a considerable fall has occurred in the number of foreign visitors.

(ii) The Museum at the Mahakal Temple at Ujjain.

- 125. The premises in which the collection of sculptures has been kept in a wing of the Dharmashala of the Mahakal temple at Ujjain is unsuitable for the purpose. No effort for the further development of the Museum is advisable or even possible till the Museum is shifted to a more specious and suitable place. A proposal for a new museum building at Ujjain has been under consideration for years, but unfortunately no suitable site has yet been available.
- 126. Thirty stone sculptures of the mediæval period many of which are fragmentary were added to this collection. Some of these were picked up from various places in and around the city. Others were received from the local Municipality. These latter were unearthed from the foundations dug for the construction of the local Vegetable Market.
- 127. The statement of antiquities added to Museum is set forth in Appendices H, H1 and H2.

VIIF. Publications.

- 128. Annual Administration Report of the Department for the year 1938-39 (V. S. 1995) which was in Press last year was printed and published in the year of report. The Annual Administration Report for the year 1939-40 (V. S. 1996) has been in Press, and will be out shortly.
- 129. Sixteen Picture Postcards of the views of Bagh Caves were printed for sale.
- 130. A short note on Archæology and Antiquities was contributed for the revised edition of the Commercial and General Directory of Gwalior State, being published by the Department of Commerce and Industries.

131. Proofs of articles on the Tumain Inscription of Kumaragupta and Ghatotkachagupta and the Mandasor Inscription of Govindagupta and Prabhakara contributed to the *Epigraphia Indica* were revised and returned to the Government Epigraphist for India.

IX. Important Events.

- 132. Important events in the year of report were :-
- (a) A stall of Archæological exhibits was arranged in the Annual Fair as a part of the Art Exhibition.
 - (b) State buildings under the care of the Archæological Department were decorated and illuminated on two occasions in the year of report—
 - (1) The opening of the statue of the late His Highness Maharaja Sir Madhav Rao Scindia at Lashkar, and
 - (2) the most auspicious ceremony of the marriage of His Highness Maharaja Sahib.
 - (c) St. Nihal Singh, Writer and Journalist of international reputation, and his wife visited Gwalior as State guests. They visited the Archæological Museum and the Archæological Monuments on the Gwalior Fort, among other places of interest in Gwalior. Information on Archæology and History relating to Gwalior which Mr. Singh wished to have was supplied to him along with a loan of many reference books.
- 133. Important archæological monuments in the districts were visited by the following distinguished visitors:—
 - Bagh Caves :- Mr. G. P. Hirway, pleader, Ujjain, (2) Mr. (a) Gulam Ali Daudbhai of Bombay, (3) Mr. Kalabhai Yusuf Ali, President, Municipality, Dohad, (4) Mr. Safdarali Khan, Suba, Sardarpur, (5) Lieut. N. K. Bhonsle, Chief Engineer, P. W. D., Gwalior, (6) Mr. G. D. Mehta, District Forest Officer, Malwa Prant, Ujjain, (7) Rajyaratna S. V. Mukerjee, Sir Suba and Census Commissioner, Baroda, (8) Rajputri Usha Raja Gaekwad of Baroda, (9) Mrs. Arunadevi Mukerjee, M. A., Baroda, (10) Khan Bahadur Md. Sana Ullah, Archæological Chemist in India, (11) Mr. M. K. Kher, Dewan, Dhar State, (12) Mr. M. B. Retrekar, Inspecting Engineer, P. W. D., Gwalior, (13) Mr. P. S. Mehta, Director, Co-operative Societies, Gwalior, (14) Rai Bahadur M. P. Bhola, Conservator of Forests, Gwalior, (15) Miss L. P. Habert, M. A., (16) Mr. and Mrs. Hamid A. Ali, I. C. S. (Retired), Mussoorie, (17) Capt. Sahibzada Md. Asad Ali Khan, A. D. C. to H. H. the Nawab Sahib Bahadur of Jaora, and (18) Nawabzada M. Abdul Rahim Khan, Shahabad (U. P.), etc., etc.

- (b) Gyaraspur: -Mr. M. V. Nabar, D. I. G., Police, Ujjain, and Mr. B. N. Gupta, Forest Officer, Bhilsa.
- (c) Chanderi:—(1) Party of students from Sir J. J. School of Arts, Bombay, (2) Mr. Dashrath Singh Chauhan, Supdt. of Police, Guna, (3) Hon'ble Mr. Takhatmal, Minister for Rural Welfare and Local Self-Government, Gwalior, and (4) Mr. M. L. Mital, District and Sessions Judge, Guna, etc.

X. Photographs and Drawings.

- 134. Two hundred and thirty photographs were taken in the year of report and 277 prints were prepared for the following purposes:—
 - (a) For the album submitted with the Annual Administration Report for the Samvat year 1996.
 - (b) For office record.
 - (c) For supplying demands from scholars and purchasing customers, etc.
 - (d) For preparation of half-tone blocks.
 - (e) For the Central Religious Endowment Committee.
 - (f) For the Secretary to the Promotion of Art and Culture, Amritsar.
 - (g) Ten enlargements (17"×23") were prepared for Huzoor Secretary's Office (Publicity Section).
 - 135. No lantern slides were made in the year of report.
 - 136. Eight drawings were prepared and kept in the record.
- 137. For detailed lists of photographs, and drawings see Appendices I and K, respectively.

XI. Office Library.

138. One hundred and twenty-three Books were added to the office library in the year of report. They comprise publications on Archæology, Art, Architecture, History and allied subjects. Out of these, 56 were purchased and the remaining 67 were received as presents or in exchange from the Government of India, Provincial Governments, Governments of Indian States and Institutions, etc., to whom our thanks are due. See Appendix L.

XII. Expenditure and Income.

139. The expenditure incurred under the different heads of the budget and the income realised from various sources are set forth in Appendices M and N, respectively. Thus the annual expenditure amounted to Rs. 41,666-8-6 and the income to Rs. 374-15-10 in the year of report.

XIII. Concluding Remarks.

140. In conclusion, I am glad to express my sincere gratitude to Rajmantrapravina S. P. Rajgopalachari, Hon'ble the Home Minister, for the keen interest he has evinced in the work of this Department, for his strong and effective support in securing necessary budget grants to meet urgent needs of the Department, and for his never failing courtesy.

M. B. GARDE,
Director of Archæology,

Gwalior State.

Appendix A.

Tour Diary of the Director of Archæology, Gwalior State, for t year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

Date, month and year.	Movements and Halts.	first to	Remarks.
October 1940.	The second secon		
17th	Gwalior to Antri and back.		
November	manufactured Samuel (Est Should be at 11 selling	- 111	No.
11th	Gwalior to Badagaon and back.	21990	
25th-26th	Gwalior to Bagh Caves.		
27th-29th	Halt at ", ",		
30th	Bagh Caves to Indore en route to Ujjain.		
December.		***	7
Ist	Indore to Ujjain.		
2nd	Halt at Ujjain.		
3rd	Ujjain to Bhilsa.		
4th	Bhilsa to Besnagar (Khamb Baba) and to Uday back to Bhilsa.	giri and	
5th	Bhilsa to Gyaraspur.		
6th	Halt at "		
7th	Gyaraspur to Bhilsa.		
8th	Visit Udaygiri Caves.		
9th	Bhilsa to Chanderi via Kakpur.		
10th	Halt at Chanderi.		
11th-12th	Chanderi to Gwalior via Surwaya and Shivpuri.		BEELS,
January 1941.	Complete Predictors		
9th	Gwalior to Baodipura.		
10th	Halt at ","		
11th	Baodipura to Gwalior.		
16th	Gwalior to Pawaya via Antri.		1
17th	Halt at Pawaya.		
18th	Pawaya to Gwalior.		
22nd	Gwalior to Bijola (Irrigation Bungalow).		1

Appendix A.—(contd.)

Date, month and year.	Movements and Halts.		Ren
23rd-24th	Bijola to Kotwal and back to Gwalior.	and a	
26th	Gwalior to Pawaya and back.		
29th	,, to Padhavli.		035
30th	Padhavli to Mitaoli and thence to Gwalior.		.vi
February.	Stord from more about one should		007
3rd	Gwalior to Pawaya.	WORK-1922	
4th	Visit Dhumeshwar temple.	and the same	
5th	Pawaya to Gwalior en route to Amrol.	- HARLOW NO.	
7th	Gwalior to Bagchini.	rolling	20Cl
8th	Bagchini to Samantukhera.	10	
,,	Visit Paytha and back to Bagchini.	The same	
9th	Bagchini to Gwalior.	660	
12th	Gwalior to Pawaya.	100	
13th	Pawaya to Gwalior.		
25th	Gwalior to Pawaya.	18	
26th	Pawaya to Gwalior.	300	
March.	Appropriate for Bullion	and the same of th	
24th	Gwalior to Pawaya.	LED ST	
25th	Pawaya to Gwalior.		
29th	Gwalior to Pawaya.	200	
30th	Halt at Pawaya.	(12) (1)	
31st	Pawaya to Gwalior.	Midt can	
April.	Continue Description of the Continue of the Co	199	
2nd-3rd.	Gwalior to Ramnagar (District Bareilly).	810	
4th	Ramnagar to New Delhi.	det	
5th	New Delhi to Gwalior.	100	
7th	Gwalior to Barai and Panihar and back to	Gwalior.	
12th	Gwalior to Pawaya.	1199	
13th-14th	Halt at Pawaya-	Torres.	
15th	Pawaya to Gwalior.		

Appendix A. -(concld.)

ate, month and year.	Movements and Halts.	Remarks.
17th-19th	Gwalior to Bagh Caves.	1112
20th	Halt at Bagh Caves.	
21st	Bagh to Jamli and Jamli to Mangod via Tanda.	
22nd	Mangod to Dadur and Dadur to Ujjain.	
23rd-24th	Halt at Ujjain.	
25th	Ujjain to Bhilsa via Sonkatch.	
26th	Bhilsa to Udaygiri and back.	
27th	,, to Esagarh via Chanderi.	1
28th	Esagarh to Shivpuri.	
29th	Shivpuri to Gwalior.	
May		1 3
5th	Gwalior to Esagarh.	
6th	Esagarh to Kadwaha.	
7th	Halt at ,	
8th	Kadwaha to Mahua and Terahi, and back to Kadwaha.	
9th	Kadwaha to Esagarh.	1
10th	Esagarh to Ujjain.	19
11th-13th	Halt at Ujjain.	
14th	Ujjain to Mandasor via Barnagar.	
15th	Mandasor to Khor via Neemuch and Jawad, and thence to Ratangarh.	
16th	Ratangarh to Singoli and back to Mandasor.	
17th	Mandasor to Ujjain via Barnagar.	
18th-26th	Halt at Ujjain.	
27th	Ujjain to Bagh Caves.	N.E.
28th	Halt at Bagh Caves.	
June 1941.	Peak Company of the c	BR
1st 2nd-3rd	Bagh Caves to Ujjain via Mhow. Ujjain to Udaygiri Caves via Sonkatch and Bhilsa.	
4th	Udaygiri Caves to Basoda.	
5th	Basoda to Udaypur and back.	1
3,	" to Shivpuri.	
6th	Shivpuri to Gwalior.	

Appendix B.

List of Monuments conserved during the year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

Domarke	Neman Ks.		Transition of the last of the	1						
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ent.	Last year.			L. Tarak		811		Hi .		
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Amount sanctioned.	Last year.								:	ue.
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ount	year.	40	0	0	0		0	0	0	0
Am	Current year.	Rs. 1,500	320	150	120		40 0 0	170	20	152
Name of Monument and detail of work.		Improvement of the Archæological Museum	building. Removing debris mixed with stones, etc., from the inside passage of north side of Gujari Mahal, Estimate No.		No. 9/97. Repairs to the Mahadeva temple, Estimate No.	Conservation of monuments.	Repairs to horses' tomb, Estimate No. 11/97.	Repairs to steps and foot- path of caves, Estimate	No. 12/97. Repairs to the roof of Rest House of Caves, Estimate No. 13/97.	Additional work of verandah of Caretaker's hut, Estimate No. 24/97.
	Place.	Gwalior	*	Antri	Chorpura	Terahi and Kadwaha.	Chanderi	Udaygiri	•	*
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., 26/97.			rd,	the river near the es, Estimate No. 5/97.	e Ne	Mal i m	of at B le, Es	k (arke	an ol	pour lh	g sign-board of anmadh temple at Badegaon Chowki, mate No. 7/97.	T
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		:	ign-	ary Fsti	rep Esti	97.E	ction hu	1/95 nal nof o	to	of of	sig ima ima sade	
	Repairs temple,		ng s	emporary wooden bridge on the river near the Caves, Estimate No. 5/97.	sial ves,	Repairs to the Mahadeva temple, E s t i m a t e No. 6/97.	Construction of care- taker's hut at Kakan- madh temple, Estimat	No. 24/95. Additional work of verandah of caretaker's hut, Estimate No. 26/97.	Repairs to an old well discovered near the	Kakanmadh temple. Repairs of compound wall at Kakanmadh temple,	Estimate No. A 20/97. Fixing sign-board of Kakanmadh temple at the Badegaon Chowki, Estimate No. 7/97.	1
	Repairs to temple,		Fixing sign-board, Estimate No. (B) 20/97.	Temporary wooden bridge on the river near the Caves, Estimate No. 5/97.	Special repairs to the Caves, Estimate No.16/97	Rep ten No	Con	Add rar Es	Rep	Rep at	Estin Fixing Kake the Estin	
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Appendix D.

Movable Antiquities found in Archæological Excavations at Pawaya, District Gird, and at Ujjain, in the year 19940-41, Samvat 1997.

Serial No.	Register Number.	Description.	Dimensions.
		(A) PAWAYA.	
		Bone objects.	
1	92	Piece of a bangle.	
19	236	" " bone and bangle.	00.00
3	A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE	Terra Cotta objects.	SE S
2		(Divine figures.)	= = =
0.0	22	Three-faced figure (Brahma), seated on lotus, matted hair, two armed, left arm and leg broken off	
1	332		6¾"×7"×4¼"
18	002	Lower portion of goddess (Parvati?) seated on a lion (?)	1'×11"×4"
3		(Human figures.)	
		Head with laughing or smiling faces.	
	19	Head with laughing face	3"×2"
3	100	" " smiling "	4"×4½"×3"
	143	n n n n	3"×21"
	145	n n n n	4"×2"×2½"
	287	n n n n	4"×21"×21"
Thomas	302	" with laughing face and gaping mouth; lower jaw broken off.	3"×3"×3"
	309	" with laughing face, damaged.	$2\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$
	310	" " smiling " damaged.	3¾"×3"×2½"
4	ACTUAL DESIGNATION OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	Heads with weeping faces.	
1	211	Head with weeping face	5"×4½"×4"
	268	" , face, dishevell-	3½"×3½"×3½"
	291	ed hair.	$4''\times2\frac{1}{2}''\times2\frac{1}{2}''$
	316	n n n	$2\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "
	333	Head with weeping face and wig.	4"×3"×3½"

Appendix D.-(contd.)

To.				- "
Serial No.	Register Number.	Description.	Dimensions.	Nemara
5	100 10 X	Heads with wigs of hair.		
	26	Head with wig of hair, nose broken off	G" V 11" V 2"	
	124	Head with wig of hair .	. 5"×3"×3"	
	182	1) 1) 1) 1) 1) 1,	. 5"×4"×4"	
	197		. 5¾"×5"×3¼"	
	200	n n n n n .	$6\frac{1}{2}"\times5"\times3"$	
	210	n n n n n .	$7\frac{1}{2}"\times6"\times4"$	
	222	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5"×4"×3"	
6	297	"Heads with curls of hair.	5½"×5"×4"	
	8	Head with curls of hair	4½"×3½"×3"	
	235		4"×3"×2"	
	308	n n n n n	$4\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}''$	
	311	left ear only, necklace (Kantha) round neck	3½"×3"×3"	
	314	Head with curls of hair, ear-ring in left ear	4½"×4½"×3"	
	321	Head with curls of hair	4"×4"×4"	
7	230	Head with crown	$5\frac{1}{2}" \times 4\frac{1}{2}" \times 4"$	
8	Tt-10-4 (1-0)	Heads with matted hair.		
	126	Head with matted hair	$2\frac{1}{2}'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	
-	152	n n n n n	3"×2½"×2"	
	334	,, ,, ,, and beard.	$3'' \times 2'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	
	349	n n n n	$2\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}" \times 2"$	
9	24, 40, 49, 144, 174, 175, 198, 204, 209, 223, 248, 249, 266, 267, 269, 292, 303, 306, 312, 313, 315, 335, 336, 354, 355, 356, 357.	Heads. Torsos.		
	39	Fighting warrior, sword in right hand, wearing robe of printed cloth, piece of cloth tied round waist, a dagger in scabbard seen on the right side, head and feet lost	11"×9"×3½"	

Appendrx D.-(contd.)

_					
Serial No.	Register	Number.	Description.	Dimensions.	Remarks.
		85	Torso, left side view	6"×4"×2½"	1
		296	" seated	7"×5"×3"	
	101, 181, 186, 225, 227, 228.	187, 195, 216,	Torsos.		
10	20, 22, 220.	28	Upper portions. Torso standing in relief, showing right side	71" \ 5" \ 91"	
	e receip	37	Torso seated, wearing dhoti, left side view	11"×8"×3½*	
	10 10 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	45	Waist of a female figure	$3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	
	5 / 1 × 15	120	Torso showing belly, right hand resting on hip	5"×3½"×3"	
		183	Headless bust of a female	6"×5"×3"	3
	DX. Broth	203	Torso	6"×4½"×3"	
	SMSH-F	288	" of a female	$7'' \times 5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}''$	
	18×18×14	295	hand " ,, chest and right	7"×4½"×2½"	40
		307	Upper half of a figure, elaborate hair-dress	9"×5"×5"	
	The Tanking	326	Torso, with hands crossing on chest, armlet on left arm and bracelet on the right wrist		
11	Lungaria.		Lower portions.	PERSONAL SOLUTION	
		23	Lower portion of a figure, feet broken off	4"×3½"×1½"	
		67	Lower fragment of a torso ?	4"×3½"	
		78	Piece of a figure, showing waist and a folded leg	7"×6½"×3"	35
		81	Piece of a figure, showing thighs.	5½"×3½"×3½"	
		90	Lower half of a warrior wearing janghia	8"×7"×2"	
		243	Lower portion of a torso	6½"×4"×2½"	
		290	on a stool attached to another		
		Interior la er	st001	$7\frac{1}{2}"\times5\frac{1}{2}"\times4$	
Separate Sep		322	Lower portion of a warrior	6"×51×3"	
	gextexts!	327	Lower portion of a figure, showing hips	5"×4½"×2½"	

Appendix D.—(contd.)

-				The second second
Serial No.	Register 1	Number.	Description.	Dimensions.
	100	330	Lower portion of a figure (war rior?)	011 11 11 11 11 11
12			Figures with garments.	
		201	Torso (upper portion) wearing garment of printed cloth	E1// // O1//
		265	Torso wearing garment of printed cloth	51" \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	長人香心東	298	Torso with straps of dress crossing on the chest	E// > 21// > 41//
The state of		339	Torso with spotted garment	7"×4"×3"
	WEND.	353	" " " (Female)	
13		animum ours	Busts.	I WATER TO
		171	Bust wearing wig	7½"×6½"×3"
	75, 224, 324		Busts.	
14	5, 25, 51, 63, 68 128,151, 193, 19 214,215, 264, 2	96, 212, 213,	Headless busts.	
15	and 351.	1100	Chaulders	e service in
10	**		Shoulders.	AND DIE
		21	Piece of a figure, showing back shoulder and arm with armlet	4×3½"×3"
		135	Piece of a figure, showing shoulders	5½"×4"×2"
16	CATHERIP.		Hands.	
		263	Hand with bracelet, sleeve of garment of printed cloth	211 1 211 1 211
		343	Hand with bracelet	4"×2"×1½"
17		in he kent build	Arms.	
		149	Arms of a figure	3"×3½"×2"
		191	Complete arm and hand with armlet and bracelet	8½"×4"×3"
	192, 277, 325	to salting	Arms.	
18		To the second	Waist.	-178
		45	Waist of a female figure	3½"×3"×1½"
19	No. 1. Les	of tank	Legs and thighs.	
		36	Left thigh and knee of a figure sitting cross legged	8"V5"V11"

	Appendix D.—(contd.)								
Serial No.	Register Number.	Description,	Dimensions.	Remarks.					
	109	Complete right foot with thigh and leg	E// 01// 00						
	113	leg	E11 \$11						
20	10, 84, 172, 242, and 341	Legs. Bent leg.							
	43		$5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	2					
21		Folded legs.							
	166 (analy)	Folded leg of a seated figure wearing dhoti	6½"×5"×3"						
22	352	Folded leg of a figure wearing dhoti	5"×4"×2½"						
	291	Knee of a kneeling figure wearing spotted garment	6"×5"×3"						
23	60, 111, 156, 273, 286, 318	Feet.							
0.1	and 542.	n and a second s							
	185	Figures of animals. Head of a monkey	2½"×2½"×2"						
	317	Fragment of a lion	4"×3\\\\ 2"×2"						
	202	Torso of an elephant.	7"×6"×4"						
		Horse running to right, with sad- dle but no rider	9"×8½"×3"						
	IX Tax to	Piece showing two hind legs of a horse	5"×2½"×2¼"						
		Torso of horse running to right	6"×3"×2"						
		Hind portion of a bull	4½"×4"×4"						
		Fragment of combination of an elephant and a bull	8"×7"×3"						
1	2000		$7\frac{1}{2}'' \times 7\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}''$						
1		Upper jaw of a makara	6"×2½"×2½"						
1	165	and I consider the late of the	5½"×4"×3"						
1		" " " · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6"×3½"×2"						

40

Appendix D.-(contd.)

Appendix D.—(conta.)							
Serial No.	Register	Number.	Description. Dimensions.	Remarks.			
		169	9 Leg of a toy figure $8\frac{1}{2}$ × $5\frac{1}{2}$ × $2\frac{1}{2}$				
	GO WELL	270	Fish, tail broken off $6\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 3\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 3$ "				
25	100-11		Birds.	-			
-103	HINE T	69	Fragment of a cock? $10\frac{1}{2}$ "× $7\frac{1}{2}$ "×2"				
	EL TIME	140	Parrot or pigeon ? a fragment $5\frac{1}{4}" \times 4\frac{1}{2}" \times 2\frac{1}{2}"$				
		146	6 Pigeon 6"×3"×5"	1			
	I - years	217	7 Torso of parrot or pigeon ? $6\frac{1}{2}"\times 3\frac{1}{2}"\times 3"$				
		239	Neck of bird $6'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	1			
	THE RE	241	Parrot or pigeon? head broken off 8½"×6"×4"	1			
		246	Fragment of bird $10'' \times 5'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$				
		323	Neck of bird $4\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3''$				
3		340	Torso of pigeon $7\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 4$ " $\times 3$ "				
	14, 53, 102, 247	7	Fragmentary.				
26		358	Bricks. Piece of an inscribed brick $9\frac{1}{2}'' \times 8'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}''$	-			
		359 and 360	Large plain entire bricks $1\frac{1}{2}' \times 10\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3''$				
		361 and 362	" " " $1\frac{1}{2}' \times 10'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}$				
27		363 and 364	Decorative bricks. $1\frac{1}{2}' \times 9'' \times 2''$	18			
		2	Piece of decorative brick $5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 4'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$				
		47	", ", foliage $3\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 3\frac{1}{4}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{4}$ "				
	THE REAL PROPERTY.	65	design. 7½"×4½"×1½"				
1		. 79	" " " " 7½"× ½"×2¾"				
- State		94	", ", ", $6\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 3\frac{1}{4}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "				
		103	,, ,, ,, 8"×6"×5"				
		131	,, ,, ,, ., 4"×3½"×2½"				
3 1		133	,, ,, ,, ., 6"×3½"×2½"	191			
		134	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "				
		139	" " " $6\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 6\frac{3}{4}$ " $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ "				
		159	one end and conical at the oppo-				
			site end 7½"×7"×2"				

Append x D.—(contd.)

	E V C JE V Bul				
Serial No.	Register	Number.	Description.		Dimensions.
	BAN AN HO	190	Piece of decorative brick		7½"×6"×2½"
	TO YELLOW	194	, , , ,		61"×4"×51"
		204	n n n n		63"×61"×21"
	Tay Visconia	206	b b n n n		8"×5½"×2½"
	Ar Hes file	219	- 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,		63"×5"×21"
	10 10 10 10	257	n n n n		6"× "×3"
	HER ST	258	n n n n		$8'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$
	SEMPLE S	285	" " " halfro	und.	6"×5"×3"
	C. IN BUT	293	n n n n		5½"×3½"×3"
	HENNING TO	338	design " , with t	floral	$7'' imes 4'' imes 2\frac{1}{2}$
The second second	20, 27, 29, 32 40, 41, 44, 46 59, 61, 62, 64, 72, 74, 76, 77 93, 94, 95, 96 104, 105, 106, 112, 116, 117, 129, 132, 136, 147, 148, 150, 157, 160, 161, 170, 173, 176, 180, 205, 230, 237, 238, 255, 271, 274, 275, 299, 305, 331,	9, 12, 13, 17, 33, 35, 38, 6, 48, 56, 58, 66, 68 (a), 71, 7, 80, 82, 86, 8, 97, 98, 99, 107, 108, 110, 118, 123, 127, 137, 138, 141, 153, 154, 155, 164, 167, 168, 177, 178, 179, 231, 232, 233, 256, 259, 260, 282, 283, 284, 345, 346, and	and the state of t		
28	348.		Pottery.		
		207	Cup		$5\frac{1}{2}'' \times 5\frac{1}{2}''2\frac{1}{2}''$
13	But nat	208	Piece of cup		6"×6"×3"
	DE MONTE	220	Cone or pinnacle		$7\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}$
19	NEW RIS	221	Piece of pipe		9"×4"×4"
H	Shellands.	320	Small pot		2"×2"×21"
	andensa.	347	Fragment of vessel with spou	t.	6"×6½"×3"
	158, 276, 278,	300	Pieces of pottery		
29	Sandi balle		Stone objects.		VALUE OF LAND
	The state of	251	Image of Vishnu, four armed		3'6' ×2' ×9"
-	253 (a) and 2	53 (b)	Large makara spout in two pa	arts.	6'9"×1'1"×1'1"

Appendix D.—(contd.)

Serial No.	Register	Number.	Description.	Dimensions.
30		14.40 DOI 12.50	Fragments of Human figures.	
	Walter Co.	11	Piece of chest	$5\frac{1}{4}'' \times 2\frac{3}{4}'' \times 1\frac{1}{4}''$
		15	Head of figurine with matted hair	3"×2½"
		52	Fragment of hand	$3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$
		55	Fragment of sculpture	10"×7"×6"
		73	Piece of image	8"×8"×33
		91	n n n n	10"×8"×43"
		121	n n n n	7½"×6½"×3"
		122	Knot of garment	6"×6"×4"
		130	Eye of image	$3\frac{1}{2}''\times2\frac{1}{2}''\times3''$
		199	Head	5"×3½"×3"
		252	Fragment of sculpture	1'9"×1'3"×6"
		319	Head	3"×3"×2"
		18	Wrist of image	$5'' \times 4'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}''$
		16	Fragment of hand showing four fingers	$3^{1''}_{2} \times 2^{1''}_{2} \times 2''$
		34	Foot of image broken into three pieces	8"×5"×4"
31	off walls		Figures of animals.	
		57	Head of bull or bear ?	6"×5½"×3¾"
		70	Hoof of elephant's foot	7"×5"×41"
		254	Garuda (double)	11"×10"×10"
32			Miscellaneous.	
		. 30	Piece of grinding stone	6"×7"×2½"
		31	Stone piece with two fruits carved on it	5"×3½"×2½"
		125	Carved stone with floral design	3½"×2¾"×1¾"
	10. 10 5.	188	Lid of vessel with ornamental top	3¾"×3¾"×2"
	H C united	234	Stone with foliage ornament	3"×2¼"×1¾"

Appendix D.- (contd.)

Serial No.	Register	Number.	Description.	, material	Dimensions,				
	100-10	337	Fragment of inscribed (undecipherable)	stone	5"×31"×2"				
33	244, 279 and	244	Unidentified objects.						
	244, 279 and	044.	(b) UJJAIN.		- Bidle				
34	The state of the s		Bone objects.		Maria de				
	Religion in	331	Piece of bangle.						
	R. TEXANIE	332	Three carved pieces probatandle of chowry or staff.	ably of					
	178, 319 (a)	and 319 (b)	Pencils used for painting ey	res (?)					
35	THE PARTY OF THE P		Earthen objects.						
	8 188118		Beads.						
	63, 90, 91, 155 233, _34, 235, 345, 346, 347,	, 156, 211, 232, 250, 272, 298, and 348.							
36			Bowls.						
	Market Til	267	Bowl		4" dia. & 31"ht.				
		335	Small bowl (Katori)		13" dia. " 1" ht.				
37		**	Cups.						
		38	Cup		5" dia. " 2½"ht.				
		96	"		4" dia. " 2"ht.				
		248	Fragment of cup		6" dia. " 3½"ht.				
		353	Cup		3½" dia. " 2½"ht.				
	52, 143, 145, 265, 266, 299, 352, 354, 355,	180, 199, 248, 340, 350, 351, 356 and 357.	Cups.						
38			Cones or pinnacles.						
		31	Cone or pinnacle		1 " dia. " 13"nt.				
1		77	2, 21 21		l "dia. ,, 2½"ht.				
100		189	Piece of pinnacle		7 " dia. "11½"ht.				
100		190	n , n		7 " dia. ,, 7 "ht.				
139		203	Polished cone or pinnacle		1 dia. " 21 ht.				
13		263	Pinnacle		3" dia. ,, 63'ht.				
_					and the second second				

Appendix D.—(contd.)

Serial No.	Register Number.		Description.	nday.	Dimensions.
		264	Pinnacle		3" dia. and 7"ht.
		276	p		8" dia. " 12"ht.
		277	,	**	7" dia. " 61"ht.
	THE RESERVE	278	biner all		2" dia. " 9"ht.
	159, 184, 191, 192, 210, 2 316	264,	Cones or pinnacles,		
39	195		Incense burners.		
00	or as as	37	Incense burner		4" dia. ,, 3\frac{1}{2}"ht.
	will south	152	Piece of incense burner		31" dia. " 3 "ht.
		153	n n n n		4" dia. , 3½"ht.
19		154	Incense burner		4" dia. " 3" ht.
10			Lamps.		1981 (5) 90
	The same of the same of	21	Lamp with pointed mouth		2" dia. ,, 1\frac{1}{2}"ht.
4		22	bottom hole in the centr	re of	2" dia. " 1" ht.
	The second second	42	Lamp		21" dia. " 21"ht.
	S AND TH	43	Lamp		2½" dia. " 2½"ht.
		46	Lamp		2" dia. " 3"ht.
	pedation To	231	Lamp with pointed mouth		21" dia. " 1" ht.
		300	Lamp with pointed mouth		2 " dia. " 1½"ht.
		304			1½" dia. " 1" ht.
	41, 44, 45, 49, 97, 98, 99, 1 144,305, and 306	142,	Lamps.		THE PERSON NAMED IN
41	CHROLE CANTO	done	Lids.		
	WEST IN THE	8	Piece of lid		51 "×41 "×3"
	Manage II III	200	Lid		4" dia. " 1½"ht.
	4, 34, 53, 101, 201, 301, 304	and	Lids (fragmentary).		and the same
42	to made of		Pendants.		
	Page 1 and 1	245	Circular pendant	-	11 dia. " 1 ht.
	1	320	Small object with hole (penda	ant?)	3"×21"×11"

Serial No.	Register	Number,	Descrip	tion.	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	Dimensions,
	or alle, and Pan		Ornamented obj for passing strin dant for cattle	g. probably	hole pen-	2½"×1½"×1½
13	with the same		Plate	s.		
		40	Plate		5	1" dia. and 21"h
		48	Fragment of plate at the bottom with concentric of	and decor	ated	1" dia . ,, 11"h
		67	Plate			8" dia. " 2½"ht
		70	Fragment of plate	564		½" dia. ,, 1¾"ht
	rye , lib a	75	Fragment of plate No. 48 above	decorated	like	4" dia. " 1\\\"ht
	We made	100	Plate			5" dia. ,, 2" ht
		141	Plate	16		4" dia . ,, 14"ht
	39 69, 136 13	7, 139 and 140	Plates.		100	
1		154	Bottom of plate			4" dia. " 2" ht
1		223	27 (HO) 33 H	14		ł" dia. " 1‡"ht
1	TE I MO TE	224	n	51.		ł" dia. ,, 1≹"ht
	19 , Mb 19		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	or pot ?	-	}" dia. ,, 1}"ht
	1 . 100 25		Polished po	ttery.		
1	Maria Maria		Circular piece (d pottery)	isc of polis	shed	" dia. ,,
		200	Piece of polished p			$5'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}'' \times \frac{1}{2}''$
10		312	21 23 31	Chi co so		1½"×1"
1		313	n n squar		1	1½"×1"
		325	Piece of glazed, blavessel,	ack potte	ry	5½"×1½"×½"
23		326	or Sit to -p.19	.,,	.,	11"×1"×1"
		*******	n n	000,		1¼"×1"×1"
		328		ne "tus lis		$1\frac{1}{4}"\times1"\times\frac{1}{8}"$
		329	Small highly polis	shed piece	of	$1'' \times \frac{5}{8}'' \times \frac{1}{8}''$
110		330	Piece of pottery			3½"×1½"×½"
						OR 7 14 7 4"

Appendix D.—(contd.)

-				Nashu I				
Serial No.	Registe	r Number.		Descrip	tion.	widmi	Dimensions.	Remarks.
	146, 187, 204	and 227		Pieces of pottery	. (a) .a			1
45	- C125			Pots				1
	A Property		7	Small broken pot	440		2½"×3"×2"	
			10	Pot	and offer	700	3½"×4"×4"	1
	4-95%		13	Piece of pot	142		6"×3"×4½"	
			157	Piece of pot	Th0		41" dia. and 37"ht.	
	The said		181	Small pot	685		21" dia and 21"ht.	
			202	Small pot (mouth	broken)		2½" dia and 2½"ht.	
	100		215	Pot (Lota)	100		5" dia and 4½"h t	
			218	Pot			31" dia . and 31"ht	
	1 1 2 2 2 1		259	Piece of pot with	pointed n	nouth.	4½" dia and 3½"ht.	
			268	Small pot	VITE		31" dia and 31"ht.	
			310	Small pot	948		24" dia and 24"ht.	
	23, 95, 160, 219, 220, 221 280, 303, 336	, 222, 242,	279,	Pots (fragmentary)	150	**		
46		Married Trees	100	Scrubbing b	rushes.			
			268	Scrubbing brush	Fag		2½"×2"×1"	
			294	Scrubbing brush	Auto-		31"×21"×3"	
47				Spind	le.		THE PERSON	
			158	Piece of broken sp	indle		2½"dia.and 2½"ht.	
48	5 Tax. 12			Spout	28		il the same	
		Age of	281	Ornamental spout	30 Per 1		2½" dia and 2½"ht	
	2, 5, 6 15, 16	3, 17, 47	51	Spouts (fragmentar	ry)	11		
49	and 76.			Standard of Standard	nds.	216	(06) (40)	
10			48A.	Piece of stand	ag ban es	72,7	6" dia. and 7"ht.	
			246	Bottom of stand	197, 109	198:	ter her nor	
		4 2	262		200		4" dia, and 9"ht.	
	50 74 and 14	7			(feramenta		4" dia. and 2½"ht,	
50	50, 74 and 14			Bottoms of stands		uy).	Day S. Jest	
00	3 112 12 12			Terra cotta			00	
2		-	9	Front portion of e	lephant		6"×4"×4"	

Appendix D.—(contd)

Serial No.	Register N	Number,	Description	on,	Dimensions,
		B. 150	Bull	000	4"×3"×2"
		162	Bull		4"×21"×4"
	- medo-	213	Bull		2¼"×2¼"×1¼"
	extense.	193 and 260	Bulls		PER HORIS
	An and State	214	Horse		4"×13"×31"
	MEMIN NEW AND AND	243	Horse		3½"×2"×4"
	the militage	249	Wheel of toy cart		13" dia . and 3" ht .
51	e ke nap me tap	(0.00)=	Humau fig	gures.	
	The base all to	163	Head, mouth gapin issuing out.	g and tongue	1½"×¾"×3"
	148 mm 980 49	183	Head, mouth gaping issuing.	g and tongue	1"×½"×1½"
	COLUMN TO THE	270	Bust with ear-ring	and hair-dress.	31"×11"×11"
	Bearing in Epin	319	Upper half of fema	ale	3"×1½"
		344	Head with ornamen	tal wig of hair.	28"×2"×11"
		212	Torso of female wit	h folded hands.	5" ×33"×21"
	N. CHE	257	Torso of male stane	ding.	
	DE MAN VIII	161	Legs.		
52			Vessel	s.	
	*42 50n alb345	24	Bottom of vessel	ú	7"×6"×2"
	-	25	Bottom of vessel		4"×4"×2½"
	Artemoral VIII	26	Bottom of vessel		4½"×4½"×2"
	- 4	. 36	Botom of vessel	15 TH 170.	4"×4"×1"
	14, 68, 140,	215 a and 308	Bottoms of vessels		
	27, 28, 29, 71	,72,73 and 92	Necks of vessels		
	100, 194, 195, 225, 226 and	196, 197, 198, 261.	Necks of polished vases?.	jugs or flower	
	The sive	294	Piece of decorated	vessel	8"×5"×1"
	1 20 (10)	30	Piece of decorated	vessel	7"×3"×11"
		65	Vessel with spout		9" dia and 8" ht.
	A THAT I	66	Vessel with spout	9.	9"dia.and 8" ht.

Appendix D.—(contd.)

		appendix D.—(comm.)	
Serial No.	Register Number,	Description.	Dimensions.
53	93 94	Vessel with spout (mouth broken off). Vessel with spout (mouth broken off). Weights.	
	271		21 "dia. and 5 "ht.
	295	Alfall Mariana	1" dia. and 1" ht.
	295 a	Alexander of the second	1" dia. and 1" ht.
	311	Circular weight ?	1½"dia.and 1½"ht.
	339	Circular weight	2" dia. ×1½"ht.
54		Miscellaneous.	
	29 a and c	Fragments of basin	14"×7"×4"
	149	Fire work piece (modern) ?	2½" dia.and 4"ht.
	182	Fire work piece (modern) ?	15" dia.and2½"ht.
	241	Musical instrument (damaru)	2" dia. and 13"ht
4.13	247	Jug	5½" dia, and 7"ht.
	286	Tile	10"×8"×1"
9	287	Pieces of mud plaster from wall of bamboo structure.	
	289	Piece of brick with socket hole to hold pivot of door.	8"×7"×2½"
	293	Piece of tile with two holes	4"×4"×½"
	307	Potter's tool	3" dia. and 3"ht.
116	317	Piece of pipe	½" dia. and 2"ht.
	318 and 333	Pieces of plaster tile with blue enamel surface (later).	
	258, 292 and 309	Unidentified objects	
55		Shell Objects.	- A F C1
	3, 18, 19, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122,	Pieces of bangles	
	123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 229, 230, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 252, 253, 254, 255, 282, 283, 284, 285 and 302.	ALTERNATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	

Appendix D.—(concld.)

Serial No.	Register Number,	Description.	Dimensions.
	87 and 117	Pieces of ear-rings	
	55	Shell object	
	35, 35 a, 88, 132, 151, 177,	Pieces of conch	
56	and 228.	Stone object.	
	20, 35 and 188	Balls	
57		Beads.	10000
	256	Seven (Stone or shell?) beads of a necklace.	Miletonian P. St.
	323	Polished circular bead	
58		Human fligures.	19.77
	0 x 19 x 16 1	Goddess carved on plaque of slate stone, squatting, holding branches	3°×2°×3"
	10°0 NOV 015°42 F (m)	of corn in both hands raised up, third eye on forehead, peculiar dress and head-dress.	
	32	Snake in relief, carved on plaque of slate stone.	5½"×2¾"×¾"
	150 a.	Figure of buffalo (or boar?) of slate stone	2"×1½"×¾"
	54	One of the two counter parts of a mould of ear-ring(slate stone).	2¼"×2"×½"
	291	Piece of bowl decorated with carving.	$2\frac{1}{4}$ " $\times 1\frac{1}{4}$ " $\times \frac{1}{8}$ "
	275	Figure of flying garland bearer	$3\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}'' \times 1''$
59	12 12 2 Lated Belleville	Highly polisheed cylindrical objects probably weights. ?	
60	12, 89, 150, 185, 251 and 342	Miscellaneous.	
-	133	Piece of a bangle.	
	186	Natural formation of flint like a crucible.	1"×1"×1"
61	272 a.	Metal objects. A Punch marked coin (?).	Manage .
	273	Copper needles (two)	(1) 5" long and
62	**	Oxidised iron objects.	(2) 3" long.
	296	Ring (Kada)	5" dia.
	297	Four iron bars	Three 5" long and
	358	Iron pan (?)	one 6" long. 43"×3½"×½"
	359	Scythe	71"×11"×1"
	360	Knife	9"×11;"×11;"
	361	Iron padlock	10"×3"×2"
-			10 X3 X2"

Appendix E.

Monuments listed in the year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

S. No.	Name of	Place.	Name of Monument.	Class.	Remarks.
			(District Bhilsa).		No.
1	Badher		Site of a temple with a number of sculptures	II	
2	n		A big ceiling slab with a lotus flower carved on it and locally known as Singar Sila.	11	
3	(onor,)	No.	Traces of a temple and cave on the old site of village.	ш	
			(District Gird-Gwalior).	100	
4	Amrol		Ramesvar temple	2	
5	11		Ganesa Pahadia strewn with sculptures and carvings.	III	
6	,,		Behmata temple and site of a Jain temple	III	
7	n		Dane Baba temple	III	
8	Barai	40	Ruins of a Jaina temple sheltering a huge image of Tirthamkara on the N W. of village	11	
9	"		Ruins of another Jaina temple consisting of three shrines in a row near No. 8. above.	II	
10	37		A Jaina temple consisting of four shrines in a row, on hill to the south of village.	I	
	THE RESERVE		(District Morena).		
11	Baredi		A mediæval shrine in ruins	III	
12	"	a part to	An old round well near No. 11 above in ruins	III	
13	Kutwar	-	A Garhi in ruins	III	
14	,,	**	Ancient sites for excavations	III	
15	-		A mound on the river bank known Surjawa about a mile to the N. E. of village, possible site for excavation.	III	
16	Paytha	- bill	Site of a Jain temple on the S. E. outskirts of village with a number of sculptures of Jaina Tirthamkaras scattered around.	Ш	
17	Samantu	khera.	Ruins of an ancient brick town now cut up into ravines on the banks of the Chambal about a mile to the N. W. of village Gadha.	111	à
		==	(District Sardarpur).	WE	7
18- 20.	Dadur		The three different sites of Jain temples strewn with stone images two of which are very large and worth being preserved.	11	

Statement showing the List of Inscriptions Copied or

-					
Serial No.	Locality.	Object Inscribed.	Number of Lines.	Script.	Language.
1	2	continues to the 3 min a description	4	5	6
	1100	District Gird.			
1	Panihar	On a standing Jaina image in the third shrine from the north in the group of four shrines, on hill.	5	Nagari.	Hindi.
	lors makes	The same of the sa	AT		
2	Pawaya	On a piece of a brick excavated at Tila site.	2	Gupta.	Sanskrit.
	11	District Guna.	是表现有		FE S
3	Chanderi	On a broken slab in two pieces (probably a lintel) found in debris in an open space flanking a road in the town.	8	Old Nagari.	"
4	Kadwaha.	On a slab in the pavement of Bhuteshwar temple in the Garhi.	7	Deva- Nagari.	**************************************
	His died	District Ujjain.		E IN FI	With the last
5	Ujjain	On the pedestal of an image in the Mahakala Museum.	1	Old Nagari.	,,
6	Was stated to	Do.	1	n in	THE REAL PROPERTY.
7	23.	Do.	1		
8	n deim	Do	3	'n	Sanskrit.
				10-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1	

No. F.
Noticed during the Year ending 30th June 1940-1941, Samvat 1997.

Name of King.	Date.	Purport.	Remarks.	
7	8	of the second se	10	
Maha- raja Kirat Singh.	Vaisakh Sudi 6 V. S. 1529= A. C. 1472.	Besides giving the year, month and date, and the name of Maharaja Kirat Singh Deva it enumerates the names of several Jaina devotees which are more or less illegible. The date probably is the date	24"×61"	8
	Total S	of the installation of the idol while the names are those of the donors. Records the name of Somadatta (son of) Gangadatta (probably a donor or an artisan).	51°×61°	
Abhaya- pala son of Vatsa-	No date is found in the recovered portion but circa 12th cent.	This record being only fragmentary, its object cannot be made out. Apparently it is a part of a prasasti recording the construction of a Hindu temple, built	5'=5"×61"	
raja.	A. C. on palæo- graphical grounds.	under the patronage of or during the regime of some king of the Pratihara dynasty of Chanderi whose genealogy commencing from Maharaja Hariraja to Abhayapala is found in the recovered portion of the inscription. The names of Kings mentioned are:—Hariraja, Bhima, Ranapala, Vatsaraja and Abhayapala.		
Emperor Ala- ud-din.	Thursday, Magha Sudi 11 V. S. 1366= A. C. 1209.	Records that an ascetic named Bhutes- vara replaced with a new one the Jala- dhara of (the Linga) in the temple (of this name) on the date specified in the reign of Patashahi Ala-ud-din. It also re- cords that the ascetic practised austere penance when the whole earth had been	1'9"×1" not yet copied.	
balling As		overrun by the Mlechchhas.	Study Alam T	
		Records the name of the god or goddess which is mostly illegible.	4"×3"	
R Start		Illegible.	23"×1"	
200		A name like beti-padma? is written.	21"×11"	
1.1		Text:—L. 1. श्रीस्कंडिस्लबालान्वये. L. 2. साभरस्ल-भागां गीरी. L. 3. प्रणमित नित्यं: ॥	3"×11"	

Appendix No. G.

List of Coins examined during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

s. N	King.		D	ate.	Mint or type.	Metal.	No. of Coins.	Remarks.
	01				I. Found in excavations at Ujjain			
1	Punch marked				Obv. a flower Rev. Avanti symbol	Copper.	1	Acquired
2	Cast, Avanti	eii.		100.18	Obv. horse to r, Rev. Avanti symbol	T 10 102	1	,,
					II. Received as Treasure- trove.	STEE S		
			-Anny		(a) From village Haripur			
3	Shah Jahan	/16	A. H.	1066	Surat ···	Silver.	1	,,
4	Aurangzeb	U.	А. Н.	1089	Khambayat	,	1	ь
5	37	15.0	А. Н.	22 1103	Surat	n	1	,,
6	**	1	A. H.	35 1112	rien select tenne app. It		1	**************************************
				44		"	ON THE	TO DESIGN
7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.7	A. H.	1113	*	·,	1	
8			(E) (S)	-	Dar-ul-Khair (Ajmer) .	,,	1	"
		die	annie .	46				
9	ar ar	and the	A		Akbarnagar	,,	1	,,
10	l'amigo ley ren		THE S	(10. 92	Surat .	Bally Vall	1	,
11	,,	100	R.Y.	48 15	Surat	80,01	2]	Returned
12	n		A.H.1	099?	Surat	,,	1	,,
13	Shah Alam I		А. Н.	28	Junagarh			
				2	Junagarn	,,	1	Acquired
	SAIL IS		ME ANG	No.	(b) From village Dungarpur, District Morena.	100		
14	Alamgir II			1174	and the state of t	21/2	1	Returned
15	TINE.		atting.	1	g-Log-118, self-outly A	21	2	,
16	Baijabai Scindia	14.4	R.	22	mediane i La large	,,	1	,,
17	Jankojirao "	41		7 1 10	The state of the s	"	4	17
18	Jayajirao I "				*	72	3	,

Appendix No G -(contd.)

Appendix No G —(coma.)									
S. N.	King.	Date.	Mint or type.	Metal.	No. of Coins.	Remarks.			
Earl	Page 1 Page 2	indice in	(c) From village Udaypuri, Thikana Raghogarh			ent Lines			
19	Jagat Singh II of Jaipur.	Dateng win	Sawai Madhopur	Gold	1	Returned			
20	Jaya Singh Khichi of Bajrangarh.	joliiseni soi ilodo	Jayanagar	Silver	126	A 88			
			(d) From village Gaori, Thikana Raghogarh.			87 Cim			
21	Jaya Singh Khichi		Jayanagar	Silver.	99	31.			
22	Seondha in Datia	amiret, aire	Seondha	,,	8	, 016			
3		SWILLIAM TO	(e) From village Gandhaval, Jagir Sardar Angre.			00			
23	Akbar	META INCH	Aller A. VER	Silver	1	Returned			
24	Jahangir	military - 2	elepon la rein.		1				
25	Shah Jahan	A. H. 1062	neolifo prella	,,	1	32			
26		5			3	William III			
Jan .	n	A TT 1077							
27	Aurangzeb	A. H. 1075	State of the second	31	4	Acquired			
28		3	to hamphavilla par et ikana-	27	3	Returned			
29	Shah Alam II	Wille.		92	1	**			
30	One piece of a coin	**	Of a second		1	. 14			
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		III Purchased at Pawaya	Tolly-					
	and such that		(a) Punch marked coins.						
31	Punch marked	**	Obv. solar and other sym-	Copper.	4	Acquired			
700	Harris and the second	TAMES	Rev Caduceus indistinct		united.				
			(b) Inscribed cast coins pro- bably Tribal; Padmav is.	Line.	ingen/t				
20		S 1 3	Oby Lea tentatively	Copper.	7	Acquired			
32	Cast		Obv Leg tentatively reads as मसत दिव in Brahmi	Copper.		Acquired			
20	Sh I was	Santod III	Rev symbols indistinct Obv Leg tentatively		-1	and the			
33	THE REAL PROPERTY.	C 10 10	reads as अव पुत in Brahmi	*	in the same	0 1h			
24			Rev plain Obv Leg tentatively		1				
34	* 1	DTTT . CUMIN	reads as गत स in Brahmi script	,,	1	11.50			
			Rev symbols indistinct .		-				

Appendix No. G -(contd.)

S. N.	Ki	ng. Arell	Date,	Mint or type.	Metal.	No. of Coins.			
35	Cast		maku hita Kupa	Obv a flag and symbols Rev. letters in Brahmi script and Avanti symbol	Copper	1	Acquired		
	1000		- 3	(c) Cast coins-Tribal	-	arg			
36	Avanti or	Tribal		Obv. chaitya, tree in railing and other symbols Rev. Avanti symbol	Copper	and 1	Acquired		
37	Cast	Silver	, general	Obv. A chaitya Rev. defaced, a letter indistinct.	, Lessing	1	"		
38	, 8		••	Obv. A standing human figure Rev. A symbol indistinct	SULT.	1	,,		
39	ji	Silver	440	Obv. A tree Rev. Avanti symbol indistinct.	,,	1	n		
40	.19		7.4.9	Obv. A monkey-like figure Rev. obliterated	"	1	- 11		
				(d) Naga Coins					
41	Bhava		**	Obv. bull to r Rev. Leg. and trisula .	Copper.	2	Acquired		
42	,,			Obv. bull to r. Rev. legend and trisula	"	2	Dupli- cates.		
43	"			Obv. bull to l. Rev. Leg and trisula.	"	2	Acquired		
44	"	1 10	**	Do	,,	9	Dupli- cates.		
45	*	9	arreside b	Obv. trisula Rev. Leg	,,	6	"		
46		T-100	w in	Obv. "	37	2	Acquired		
47	Bhima	**	Burdian .	Obv. peacock to 1. Rev. Leg indistinct	,,	2	Dupli- cates.		
48	Brihaspati		on the second	Obv. bull to r Rev. leg	,,	1	"		
49	nin "	Transport	nvdand	Obv. bull to 1 Rev. leg	,,	3	"		
50	Deva		Desiring	Obv. wheel with spokes . Rev. Leg.	"	12	" .		
51	Ganendra		afail are	Obv. bull to r. Rev. Leg	"	2	Acquired		
52	,,		ide Store	Obv. tree within a circle of dots. Rev Leg.	n	1	,,		

Appendix No. G.—(contd.)

S. N.	King.	Date.	Mint or type.	Metal.	No. of Coins.	Remarks.
53	Ganendra	inepress:	Obv bull to 1 Rev. Leg. Maharaja Sri Ganapendra	Copper.	20	Dupli- cates.
54	n ex		Obv. bull to 1 Rev. Leg. Maharaja Sri Ganendra	Tr.	41	" "
55	"	11.50	Obv. bull to 1. Rev. Leg. Maharaja Sri Gana	,,	62	#
56			Obv. bull to 1. Rev. Leg. Maharaja Sri Ga.	,,	223	n.
57	,,	1		"	88	defaced.
58		U.S. C.	Ohu lien to 1	ebunge	2	Acquired
00	Pun	4.5	Obv. lion to 1	711	S mall	HOV FOR
59			Obv. bull to r. Rev. Leg.	10	1	0" (8
60	Skanda		Obv. peacock Rev. Leg.	dinistrino)	2	Dupli- cates.
		mond of	(e) Indo-Sassanian	The same of the sa		
61	Indo-Sassanian or		Obv. debased face.	Copper	1	Dupli- cate.
	Gadhaiya.		Rev. altar and dots, etc	THE STATE OF	AVI IS	38
1			(f) Mihirabhoja of Kanauj.		Dille	D
62	Mihirabhoja of Kanauj.		Obv. altar, etc. Rev. Leg Vana.	Copper.	1	Dupli- cate.
			(g) Sultans of Delhi.			
63	Alaud-din Muham- mad Shah II.	SLEWING.	IL V II	Copper.	1	Dupli- cate.
64	Mubarak Shah	HAR HE	from Pa	,,	1	11
65	Ghiyasud-din	A.H.(7)22		. 19	1	79
	Tughlaq.		(h) Sultans of Malwa.	10 50	100	
66	Hoshang Shah		(N) Damino by Litaram	Copper.	6	Dupli-
67	Ghiyas Shah			n	2	cates.
68	Mahmud Shah I			aliko him	2	n
69	Nasir Shah			,	2	Acquired
70	Mahmud Shah II	A. H. 922		31	1	1)
71	n			21:	4	Dupli- cates.

Appendix No. G .- (concld.)

S.No.	King.	Date,	Mint or type.	Metal.	No. of Coins.	Remarks.
_						
IIIO		in our of	(i) Sultans of Gujrat.			TAIL FE
72	Bahadur Shah ?	A. H. 938 or 948.		Copper.	-1	Acquired
73	Muzaffar Shah III			- ,,	1	Dupli-
			(j) Mughal.			cate.
74	Humayun	A. H. 937.	Agra	Copper.	1	Acquired
75	,,			11	1	Dupli-
76	Shah Jahan II ?	112 A9.	Bhopal ?	,,	1	cate. Rejected.
77	Muhammadan coins.	7.		,,	34	Uniden-
78	Jayajirao I Scindia.	.,		ii	1	tified Dupli-
79	Rutlam State			1)	2	cate. Rejected.
80	Other State coins unidentified.		Welling Lyde	37	7	n =
81	Mutilated: unidenti- fied.		Server of the se	,1	16	Com the
C-He	AC 12 report	Inge	IV. Purchased from Lucknow Museum.			
82	Alaud-din Masud Shah, Sultan of Delhi	of that		Copper.	2	Acquired
83	Humayun	A. H. 943	Agra Darul Aman	at.	1	,
84			Asafabad	Silver		;
			(g) Solution ("
85	10 1 " HOUSE.	R. Y. 21	n	man History	1	
			V. Received as present from Pandit Ram	II o	MS IN	MENERY.
124			Govind of Kotwal,			THE RES
86	Punch marked de- faced.	and a later	California (a) Summittee	Copper.	1	Rejected-
87	Kushan (king unidentified).			Gold	1	Acquired
88	A Muhammadan		. We	Copper.	1	Rejected
	coin legend obliter- ated and hence unidentified).		Town Military	I dod	Terrene	M IE

Appendix H.

Antiquities added to the Archæological Museum during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

_	COMMENT OF STREET OF SECRETARIES AND SECRETARI								
-	S. No.	Find-spot.		Description.		Size.	Remarks.		
	1	2		3		4	5		
			250	Archæological Museum, Gujari Mahal (Gwalior Fort).					
	1	1 100		Bundela Raja of Rajpur (painting).	oliffi.	14¼"× 18¼"	Purchased.		
				-Sculptures.	1				
	2	Udaygiri	**	A face		$4\frac{1}{2}'' \times 2\frac{1}{2}''$	1A 8		
	3	,,		A torso	1"	$9'' \times 7\frac{1}{2}'' \times 3$			
	4	"		Palm-leaf Manuscript, Skanda Purana in Telugu and Canarese.		1.00 B	Presented.		
				Seals.			a i		
	5	Pawaya		An inscribed brass seal		图 准	Excavated.		
	6	,,		A gold talisman (alloyed)	THE .	100	*		
				Terra cottas.	mint.		The state of		
	7	13		Female figure standing	mins!	$3\frac{1}{2}''\times 1''$	Purchased.		
	8			n n n	1	$2\frac{1}{2}''\times 1\frac{1}{2}''$			
	9-13			Faces	in)er		,,		
	14-15	William.	111	Seals inscribed	BUE	U	with the		
				Coins					
	16			One gold coin	mili	what M	Presented.		
	17-28		171	12 silver coins	fried	** N I	, 4		
	29-63	of the last	tere	35 Copper coins		man of	0 . 10		
			- 3	Portery Plata and Becorate					
		Rule	West	Name and Associated to the second	aft.		T - HE		
	199	-		Chicago plant on the first of	10				
	1 175						C INC		
	THE STATE OF THE S	V SIN SI		(Deep			1-0-		
			-				13 30 4		
							an-		
					1				

Appendix H. 1.

List of selected duplicates of Mohenjo Daro Antiquities received on loan from the Director General of Archæology in India and exhibited in the Archæological Museum, Gwalior.

_		
Serial No.	Register No.	Description. Remarks.
		Terra cotta figurines, animals, etc.
1	D. K.	Male figure.
2	D. K. 6572	Mother goddess.
3	H. R. 2537	
4	D. K. 7310	"
5	H. R. 535	
6	D. K. 2064	The substitute of the substitu
7	D. K. 5134	"
8	H. R. 1359	n their and helican an
9	D. 454	Short horned bull.
10	C. 3029	Bull garlanded.
11	S. D. 2502	Bull Brahmani (?)
12	D. K. 6944	" " (?)
13	E.	Bull short horned.
14	0.	Buffalo.
15	D. K.	
16	D. K. 1645	Ram.
17	H. R.	Bird on pedestal (F).
18	D. K. 9363	Whistle in the form of a hen on pedestal with hole in the tail.
		Pottery, Plain and Decorated.
19	D. K. 5706 D.	Jar or vase.
20	D. K. 7683	,
21	O. 2 12.	
22	D. K. 12253	
23	E. 1666	" small.
24	D. K. 6104	
25	E. 427	"

Appendix H. 1 -(contd)

Serial No.	Register No.	Description.		Remark	
26	D. K.	Jar or vase.	The		18
27	L. 547	it is orter at 1006M			
28	C. 2809				
29	D. K. 10332	Flared mouthed vase.	1000		172
30	H. R. 5106	Tumbler or vase.	PAR	78.79	
31	L. 910	,,			
32	C. 2070	die to print Osblevilli alle mittl in registi !	N A		
33	V. S. 2400	" (il businesimio			
34	E. 1003	,,			
35	E. 1065	man alla" men berifft Brown seriente ventelli.		3 B	
36	V. S. 1706	,		V.B	
37	H. R. 3617	" beaker Handstone and			
00		White of now quet.			
38	D. K. 5105			1 5	
39	E. 457	Street or Mary			
40	D. K.	Vase with pointed bottom.			
41	D. K. 164				
42	C. 7335		-		12
43	C. 2122	" THE PARTY OF THE	1989		
44	V. S. 2983	" Barrier and the state of	1090		
45	V. S. 128	**			
46	V. S. 3174				
47	D. K. 1464	Wide shouldered vase.	1900		
48	V. S.	Vase or Handi.	-		
49	V. S. 7910	" with body trimmed while on tee wheel, smaller.			
50	D. K. 9272	" "			
51	D. 381	Pedestal vase.			
52	B. 199	Perforated heater			
53	D. 576	Dishes or saucers (F).	100		

Appendix H. 1.-(contd.)

-			The state of the s
Serial No.	Register No.	Number Description,	Remarks.
54	L. 894	Dishes or saucers (F).	The same of
55	V. S. 82	Lid or Jar cover (F).	100
56	H. R. 1186	n	
57	H. R. 5731	m. valve budulum heyelf 2	S III
5 8	V. S. 2883	Miniature lids.	MAR OF STREET
59	H. R. 2136	n .	WEST SH
60	H. R.	Fragment from the moulded stem of an offer stand.	ring
61	H. R. 6033	Offering stand (F).	
62	D. K. 1930	n .	
63	H. R. 5736	Miniature offering stand fitted with the top pan	
64	H. R. 20	, (F).	
65	0.	Toy framed cart (F).	
66	H. R. 2550	Wheels of toy cart,	
67	C. 650		- A CO . CO
68	D. K. 51	Balls or marbles.	
69	H. R. 1414	Fragments of bangles, of black colour, may of stone.	be
70	D. K.	, ,	2 2 2
71	V. S. 969	Bangle or bracelet.	200 6
72	H, R. 1660	The state of the s	DEED S. N. JA
73	0.	The factor of the second of th	REAL 2 17 71
74	E.		ATT S. T. B.
75	H. R. 733	" Annual Land Marie College of	HIT HE TH
76	V. S. 3630	W Later and Late	18 7 18
77	0.	Court to appropriate tenting to the control of	HET Z. J. CO.
78	D. K		THE RELEASE
79	D. 172	and the same of th	In squality
80	D. K. 6194	topical deposits	M E 32
81	S. D.	The state of the s	1 SE

Appendix H. 1.—(contd.)

Serial No	Register No.	Description,	Rem	arks.
Seria				1
82	S. D. 323	Tubular beads (shape long barrel cylinder).		
83	0.	0. 20 20 20	111.2	
84	О.	Beads.		
85	0.	" The left state of the left s	-0	
86	D. K.	"		
87	B. 60	note a state and sometime of the state of th	T. or	
88	0.	"	N a	
89	30	.,,	-	
90	H. R. 3222		2 0	
91	0.	"		SU
92	H. R. 3711	" Historia Theory of the Control of	8 10	
93	V. S. 1435	" Same un part course l'aire	3.71	100
94	C. 2083	- William - Will	- 1	
95	0.	Cones of unknown use with a small knob or pro-	4.0	
96		jection at base.	B.M.	
97	В. 697	Cones of unknown use with a small knob or projection at the base.	2 4	
98	D. K_1314			
9	D. M.	"		
29	0.		The same	
100	0.	Cones same as above but burnt to black.		
101	1138	n n-		
102	D. K. 1068	Cone marked with pittings.	T	
103	S. D. 3600	Cones with middle body scarred with lime.		
104	D, K. or E.	Cones with lines scarred near base (with a hole).		
105	S. D. 1005	n n n	1 5	
106	L. 144	pointed base	100	
107	V. S. 692	" (half black).	B TAN	
108	D. K. 1186.	Pot-sherds painted with horizontal black or red slip.		
109	H. R. 3616		BIGE TO	1500

Appendix H. 1.—(contd.)

_					-
Serial No.	Register No.	Description.		Remar	ks.
110	C. 2640	Pot-sherds painted with tree pattern.	100	11 2	Med.
111	S. D. 1232	ii n			
112	0.	n n			
113	D. K.	,, palm leaf pattern.			
114	C. 2720	31			
115	D. K. 6278	" with intersecting circles pattern	. "		
116	D. K. 5830	n n n			
117	0.	n n			
118	D. K. 7369	, ,	Mari		
119	E. 2034				
120	D. K. 2442	" of various other designs.			
121	D. K. 6958				
122	D. K. 7439	71			. 24
123	D. K. 6860	man n			
124	V. S. 2436	" "			
125	S. D.	Large brick.			
126	D. K.	Standard brick			
127	D. K.	n n			
128	D. K.	Small ,,			In.
129	V. S.	Smaller ,,			
		Stone Objects.			
130		Weights of various sizes.			
to 139	V. S. 3245	And the second second second	See S		
	L. 544 D. K. 8551	Company of the Compan		No. of	
	H. R. 337 V. S. 3108				
	D. K. 13033 H. R. 2292			III E	
140		Chirt of flint, cone.			
141 142	V. S. 1121	" "			
143 144	В.	" flakes.			
145	V 8. 2815				

Appendix H. 1.—(concld.)

Serial No.	Register No.	Description.	Remarks,
146 147 148 149	V. S. 212 B. 331 D. K. D. K.	Chirt or flint; flakes.	S Son Bury
150 151 152	H. R. 5752 O. H. R. 3076	,, (broken).	Tresión à
153 154 155 156	D. K. D. K. 822 B. 533 E.	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	THE DIE W
157 158 159	V. S., 3290 H H, R, 3856	n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n	on lave of
160	D. K. V. S. 3337	,, but with one end pointed.	to built in
161 162 163	H. R. 5561 D. K. 2085	Stone ball or marble.	to atomic ()
164	D. K. 9807	Faience and paste objects.	DENGERY CAL
165 166 167	C. 2938 D. K. 3139 O.	,, but without greenish blue glaze	Medical March
168 169	D. K. 2424 D. K. 3068	Fragment of a vessel, with knotted decoration on the outside. Faience piece without glaze.	n Massall of
170	D. K. 168	Shell and shell objects. Shell from which bangle has been cut away.	1 ma 19
171 172 173	D. K. 2020 D. K. 2332 D. K. 1325	Shell bangle.	all court with
174 175 176	D. K. 1651 D. K. 966 D. K. 10001 D. 2957	One T-C. vase. Shell bangle. Shell bangle.	monard the
177 178	D. K. 1517	nem banger unfinished. Beads, pendants etc.	Market Market
179 180 181 to	D. K. E. D. K. E. D. K. D. K.	Thin circular inlay. Thin and small circular paste beads.	manage di
195		Miscellaneous objects.	dening the
196	L. 855	Wheat charred.	Designa (II)
	the state of the s	The state of the s	LILLIAN SE

Appendix H. 2.
List of Antiquities added to the Mahakal Temple Museum, Ujjain, during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

-	the Year 1940-41, Samvat 199	7.	
S. No.	Discription.	Size.	Remarks.
1	Lower part of human figure sitting cross legged (inscribed)	15"×14"×7"	
2	Siva Parvati	$18'' \times 12'' \times 6\frac{1}{2}''$	N. Like
3	Bust (human)	12"×12"×7"	
4	Torso (human)	$9'' \times 8'' \times 3\frac{1}{2}''$	
5	Siva-Parvati	20"×"17"×8"	
6	God and Goddesses (group)	20½"×17"×8"	
7	Siva linga	15"×12"×6"	
8	Vishnu	27"×19¼"×11	
9	Head of Siva	$20'' \times 11'' \times 9_2^{1''}$	
10	Kirtimukha or griffin	20"×16"×11"	
11	Mouth of crocodile	20"×15"×7"	
12	Fragment of lion	18"×13½"×7"	A PART OF THE PART
13	Fragment of a sculpture playing on flute	$12'' \times 8\frac{1}{2}'' \times 7''$	
14	Double head	11"×10"×61	
15	Torso	9½"×8"×5"	
16	Piece of a door frame	12"×9"×5"	
17	Torso , significations finds theme	9"×8"×4½"	
18	Bust of woman	9"×6"×4"	
19	Torso of woman	8"×5"×3½"	
20	Head (human)	9"×7½"×6"	
21	Fragment of elephant	8½"×7"×6½"	
22	Head of a Jaina image	7"×5"×3½"	
23	Piece of a female figure	$7''\times6''\times2^{1\over2}''$	
24	A torso	$4\frac{1}{2}" \times 4\frac{1}{2}" \times 3"$	
25	Human hand	$6\frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 5$ " \times " $\times 3$ "	
26	Torso of Vishnu	31"×13½"×8"	
27	Round pedestal of a pilaster of the state of	23"×13"	
28	Amalasila	14"×51"	
29	Amalasila (ceiling slab)	6'×1'11"×10"	
30	Fragment of human figure	6"×4"×11"	
_		BE THE STATE OF TH	

Appendix I.

List of Photo Negatives prepared during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

			2010	
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Remarks.
		District Bhilsa.		3 18
1	Badher	Loose images near the ruins of a Siva temple	Half	200
2	,,	n n n n	,,	90
3	"	Super-state of the same of the	"	100
4	n	A big ceiling slab of an old temple with a lotus flower carved on it, locally known as Singar Sila.	in Parish	n he
5	"	Two stone sculptures Brahma and Vishnu half buried in earth.	Full	
6	,,	Two stone sculptures Brahma and Vishnu half buried in earth, another position.	"	115
7	Besnagar	Kham-Baba after being reset plumb, view from S. E.	,,	36:
8	,,	Kham-Baba after being reset plumb, view from S. W.	"	100
9	Bhilsa	Bija mandal mosque, panoramic view, first half.	70.75 CW	88
10	n	" " second half.	n	
11)1	Images of Sesha Sayi Vishnu in the open compound of the Dak Bungalow.	"	
12	Gyaraspur.	Atha-khambha after conservation G. V.		178
13	,,	", " " near view from N. E.	"	300
14	11	., ., ., side ,, ,, S. E	"	108
15	n	Bajra Matha temple, after conservation, view from N. W.	n	48
16	n	Bajra Matha temple, after conservation, view from S. E.	"	
17	3,	Hindola torana, after conservation, view from S. E.	"	no.
18	**	,, ,, ,, s. W.	"	609
19	37	Chau-khambha near Hindola torana, after conserva- tion, with open air Museum.	, "	41
20	,,	Open air Museum near Chau Khambha, after conservation.	,,	334
21	11:	Maladevi temple, after conservation, G. V.	"	185
22	"	showing basement and porch from South Pt. I.	"	**
23	"	Balcony and basement. ", ", Pt. II.	22	114

	THE CASE	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Remarks.
24	Gyaraspur.	Maladevi temple, part III showing another balcony and basement, after conservation.	Full.	
25	"	Stupa on Dhenkinath hili, G. V	"	W.B.
26	"	jungle clearance. , near view from S. after	"	
27	,,	Stupa on Dhenkinath, another near view from N	"	i i i
28	Udaygiri	A huge stone trough on hill	"	
	1 100.90	District Gird.		
29	Barai	A triple Jain temple in ruins	Full.	
30	n	Another ruined Jain temple near No. 29, sheltering a huge Jain image.	"	
31	,,	Fourfold Jain temple, Pt. I (first two) panoramic view.	,	E Te
32	"	" " " Pt II (last two) " "	11	
33	Gwalior.	Gujari Mahal showing new coping on the compound wall of courtyard from S. W.	,,	135
34	"	" showing terrace floor in the western portion after repairs, from S.	,,	
35	"	" " from North, part I	11	
36	× #	" " " part II.	"	115
37	"	" a building on the North, after partial clearance of debris from N. E.	Half.	
38	"	" " " " N. W	,,	
39	"	" " " South	,,	To be
		Archæological Museum.		
40	"	" " a stone torso	,	
40a	**	" " " head	"	-81
41	,	" copy of an old painting of a Rajput King (warrior)on horse back	n	
42	"	" copy of Bagh fresco painting, scene of sorrow.	"	
43	"	" copy of Bagh fresco painting, music in the air.	n	
44	n	" " dance (first half)	n	
45	"	" " " (second ")	"	
46	n	" " horse procession	33	THE STATE OF THE S

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-50	Place.	Object and description,	Size.	Remarks.
47	Gwalior.	" " " elephant "	Full	
- III		Excavations.		27
48	Pawaya	Tila: platform No. 1. during excavation, panoramic view, from S. E. first haf.	n	- 48
49	n	Tila: platform No. 1, during excavation, panoramic view, from S. E. second half.	"	374
50	Tue .	" platform No. 1, during excavation, view from S. W. first half.	*	00
51	"	" " second half	,,	24
52		Tila: platform No. 1 during excavation, view from S. W. first half.	"	in an
53	"	Tila: platform No. 1, during excavation, view from S. W. second half.	,	253
54	,	" G. V. from N. W	.,	08
55	"	" panoramic view rom N E. first half	"	10.
56	"	,, ,, second half	**	
57	n	,, showing bottom and foundations of masonry at S. E corner.	"	ER ER
58	"	Tila platform No. 2 during excavation: panoramic view from S. E. first half.	*	
59		", ", ", ", ", s cond "	"	1.8
60	n	" " " N.W. first ha f.	"	1 94
61	27	,, ,, second,,	"	196
62		" " " " N E. first half	"	
63	"	" " second ",	***	1 31
64	,,	Tila, a room in platform No. 1, on N. E. corner	"	158
65	,,	,, ,, ,, S. E. ,,	n	
66	n	,, platform No. 1 during excavations, view showing holes in masonry in the hearting	\ n	
67		on east side. No. 2, during excavations, showing panels in east face.	"	109
68	**	" " " another view	n	推
69	n	" No. 2. during excavations, part of south face, upper part.	"	29
70	,,	, lower "	32	1
71	,,	" another view, upper part	n	1 2

1 6	Appendix 1. (tomat)				
Serial No.	Place	. I THE	Object and description.	Sige.	Remarks.
72	,,	ma	Tila, platform No. 2, during excavations, south face, another view lower part.	"	W-1
73	,,		Tila, platform No 1 & 2 during excavations, view showing mutual relation in a section in the south face.	100	245
74			" another view	- 11	. 98
75	n		" " " still " "	"	
76	"	To	n n n n n n n · ·	n	
77	"		Tila, platform No. 2, view showing traces of plaster on masonry in the west face.	n	5.5
78	,,		" view showing gola and panels on the north face.	n	
79	,,		" " " another view.	"	2 100
80	"	nu i	" showing a ghata ornament in a panel in the east face.	"	Table 1
81	"		" " remains of a later room with atches of plaster on wall at N. E corner.	n	Mi.
82	,,		" 3, view showing two la er ovens at the North East corner.	"	
83	,,		" during excavations, view from N. W.	b	
84	,,	0	" " " North.	.11	
85	21	0	" " " " " N. E.	22	The state of
86	"	#	" traces of steps in the south face.	,,	
- 87		1).	" rectangular pits in the masonry near the east face.	"	08
88		1	" " North face	n	100
			- The state of the		96
89	,	* 11 W	2, holes of drains in the hearting of the east face.	Half	30
90		1	1, a makara spout in mouth of a drain in the east face.	"	138
91			" showing specimen of brick masonry.	"	1 180
92		,,	ng 22 pp no 2, n n n	31	7
			Antiquities found in Excavations.	- 40	1 10
93		n	Terra cotta, Brahma seated on lotus	"	1
	The second	-		17	

				-
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Remarks,
94	Pawaya.	Terra cotta, lower portion of goddess Parvati (?)	Half	is one
95	1,19	" " bust of woman	Full	181
96	,,	" another view	11	521
97	7,000	" , human head with big curls of hair and an ornament	Half	183
	Dell.	round neck.		1881
98	"	" another position.	"	455
99	"	" human head with mustache and a crown.		1101
100	,	" " another view	11	1 11
101	n	" front view	"	108
102	That I	" " human head with wig of hair	Half	923
103	"	" " another " " " "	n	130
104	.,	" " human head smiling		181
105	n	" " with curls of hair	31	200
106	11	" " " wigs of hair ··	n	ALIES
107	,,	" " " weeping	"	201
108	11	", human bust	"	200
109	11	" " group of smiling faces	Full	Tall
110	17	" " weeping "	"	1 8 3
111	,,	" " a group of human heads wearing wigs	,,	909
112	,,	" (a) a group of human heads with curls of hair.	"	Cana a
		weeping faces.	n	The l
	1	of human heads having ea -rings	"	THE
113		,, curls of hair	"	
114	"	" miscellaneous human heads ithere	"	1 241
115	allor .	human heads with matted hair	Half	Ott.
116	"	miscellaneous human heads	,,	1 11
117	"all	about onercom and in section of	,,	140
118	- Mat	" " ameldo anota lo guora a	n	141
119	"	Steam sculptures of a Maga Idea (1) and Visher		000

				-
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description,	Size.	Remarks,
120	Pawaya.	Terra cotta: waist of a torso, and a head with mustache and matted hair.	v	
121	109	", ", human busts without heads	Full	-
122	n	" " torsos showing dresses of spotted cloth	,,	P
123	,,	, n n n n n	Half	l la
124	,,	" " human torsos, upper portions	Full	
125	17	" " " lower "		- 100
126	"		"	100
127	n	13 11 11 11 11	n	THE PARTY
128	,,	" " thighs and legs	n	10:
129	n _{aH}	" " arms	Half	
130	"	" " " hands	Full	
131	77	" " " feet	n	
132	n	" " two horses	"	120
133	11	" " fragments of figures of animals	"	1000
134	"	" " " birds	"	
135	n	" " fragments of figures of fish	Half	0.00
136	"	" " pottery	n	
137	11	" (a) two pieces of bangles	19	
		" " (b) branch of a tree	"	
138	n	" bricks with various finger marks	Full	
139	"	View of entire bricks showing thickness	,,	
140	11	Two bricks showing length and breadth	Half	
141	"	Another group of two bricks showing length and breadth.	"	I I I I I
142	,,	A third group of two bricks showing length and	"	1 4 4 5
143	"	breadth. Some carved bricks	Full	
144	,,	n n n	,,	0.77
145	"	A piece of an inscribed brick	Half	
146	"	A group of stone objects	Full	1
147	11	Stone sculptures of a Naga king (?) and Vishnu	"	

		Appendix 1. (conta.)	-	-
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Remarks.
148	Pawaya.	Stone human heads	Half	
149	,,	Stone human limbs	"	SHI.
150	0	Two stone carved pieces, one stone head of a bear, and a stone foot of an elephant.	"	-
151	11	Three carved stone pieces and an inscribed stone	,	100 E
152		A carved lid stone in two positions	11	
153	"	Confluence of the Sindh and Parvati rivers, panoramic view, first half.	Full	199
154	1)	Confluence of the Sindh and Parvati rivers, panoramic view, second half.	**	10 mg/
		District Ujjain.		
		Collection of sculptures at the Mahakal temple.		181
100	Ujjain	Torso of a god (a stone sculpture.)	Half	1100
155		Some stone images and fragments	Full	Bai
156		n n	.11	1 665
157-5		A piece of carved ceiling slab,	"	1 100
159		An amalasila and a round chowki	Half	1
160	"	Treasure-Trove Gold found in Improvement Operations in the City.	34	1981
161		Thirty-four chips of gold	Full	12
16:	2	Six gold ornaments with a copper box which contained the treasure.	1 "	100
16	3 ,,	Six gold ornaments with a copper box which contained the treasure, another view.	,	100
16	4 ,,	Six gold ornaments with a copper box which contained the treasure, still another view.	**	18
10		Twenty-four gold Mohars (obverse)		59
16		I wenty-low s		100
16		(reverse)	."	1 14
16		n (n)	, ,,	178
16		Observatory: partial view	. ,,	
	69 ,,	Samrat vantra	. "	
	70 ,,	Digamsa yantra		100

	Appendix I.—(contd.)						
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Siz	e. Remark			
172	2 Ujjain		Fu	111			
173	3 ,,	" Sanku yantra	100				
174	,,	" Nadivalaya yantra					
175	,,	" " " another position.					
176	,,	" Dakshinavritti vantra	H HA	1 1 1 1 1			
	LEGAL	Excavations at Garh	"	- 100			
177		Garh, Trench No. 5, view from West	"	1 84			
178	n	Printer and the second	19				
179	,,	Tast information	"	1 13			
180	"	" "North	"				
181		" " later view from North	520				
armana.	"	" " brick wall of east face, exposed in excavations.	"	U 2=1			
182	.17	" " west face of brick wall excavated."	,,	1			
183	"	" ", 12, upper part, view from N. E.	,,	1			
184	n _i	" " lower part, " " "		and a			
185	n	" , upper part, view from S. E.	"	No.			
186	"	" " an earthen pot exposed in	,,				
187	n	excavations an earthen ring exposed in					
188		" , 13, upper part, view from N. E.	"				
189	,,	" , lower part.	"				
190	,,	" ", " upper part view from South		LAIL			
191		East.	,,				
192	"	" " , 14, upper part, ,, " N. W.	,,				
193	"	, " , lower , , , ,	,,	- 861			
194	"	" " upper " " S. E.	.,	801-10			
	"	" ,, No. 14, showing detail of eastern wall	"	178			
195	"	" brick wall in the north side, exposed in excavati ns.	"	891			
196	"	" showing place of an earthen	-	gui			
107		pot in a wall exposed in	"	071			
197	n	" Blovable antiquities: lower parti-	Half	171			
	-						

Appendix I .-- (contd)

_	Appendix 1.—(conta)							
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Rem rks.				
198	Ujjain	Garh, movable antiquities, earthen stands		- 212				
199	2	" lids, basin, bowls .	"	312				
200	"	" pipe, spout and bowls.	"					
201	n	" pots of various shapes	,,					
202	,,	, cups and saucers	21.					
203	-,-	" necks and bottoms of vessels	2:	920				
204	"	,, ,, vessels with spouts and a jug.	"					
205		,, ,, incense burners and lamps	-5					
206	"	, , pinnacles and a chessman.	"					
207	n	,, , earthen necks of jugs (?)	"					
208	"	,, ,, scrubbing brushes, piece of charnel, bottoms of saucers (?) and tiles.	,					
209	,	" " terra cotta toy figures of animals and a toy wheel.	"					
210	,,	" " terra cotta human busts, heads, torsos and feet.	"					
211	,,	human busts and heads.	"					
212	,,	, , , weights, damaru, a medal and a pendant.	"					
213	,	" " " a potter's tool, two pots and an unidentified object.	"					
214	ь.	,, ,, brick with a socket hole for holding the pivot of door and a piece of a decorated vessel.	"					

		Appendix I. (concld.)		
Serial No.	Place.	Object and description.	Size.	Remarks

215	Ujjain.	Garh movable antiquities ,, pieces of polished pottery.	"	
216		" " beads	**	HA
217	,,	" , earthen beads, another view.	"	
218		" , stone figures, a mould and a piece of decorated vessel.	'n	
219	"	", ", stone objects	Full.	1 92
220	,,	", ", stone objects	Half.	The second
221	,	,, ,, balls, crucible-like flint and a bangle.	,,	To the same
222	,,	objects (weights ?)		The same
223	,	,, a polished stone bead and a necklace of beads (?)	**	
224	,,	" shell bangles		1 34
225	"	,, carved shell bangles	20	l h
226	"	,, shell ear-rings, pieces of conch and shell	**	
227		o, , , , , bone objects, pieces of a carved hand e of a chowri (?) piece of a bangle and pencils.	,,	
228	19	,, metal objects iron ring, nails, pieces of vessel, sickle, knife, a padlock, and two copper	7,	1112
229		sticks.		No.
249	"	bamboo structure.		212
230	n n	" Miscellaneous - terra cotta figures, heads, and seals, purchased from outside for Archæological Museum, Gwalior.		3/19

Appendix K.

List of drawings prepared during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

No.	Place.	Object and description.	Scale.	Remarks.
	S commune 200	District Gird.	LOUIS TO A FUND	AND IN THE
1	Pawaya Tila (excavations)	Site plan	1"=24'	Nos. 1 to 6 are plotted in pencil only. Incomplete
2	n	Ground plan showing all the three platforms.	1″= 8′	d focusion
		(A) SE corner (enlarged plan))	8000
		(B) section on A B	1"= 1'	
		(C) section on C D	Jahr month	Indiana 2
3	,	East elevation of platforms	1"= 4'	1 100
4	n	East elevation of platforms Nos. 2	1	On one paper
		and 3, with section of platform No. 1.	} 1"= 4"	J. Commission
5	n	Part of elevation of 2nd platform showing detail.	1"= 1'	
6	"	Part of elevation of 3rd platform showing detail.	nimiking di	mar i si
		District Ujjain,	o same ti m	The second
7	Ujjain Garh (excavations)	Plan and elevation of trench No. 12.	OF THE RESIDEN	
		,, ,, 13.	1"= 5'	Sketch only.
	The state of the s	,, ,, ,, 14.	,	De
8	,	Plan and elevation of trench No. 5.	1"= 5'	Do.
1	41-0	THE PARTY OF THE P	Chinese, Up	
			AND PARTY OF THE P	
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1	FOR LAND	and the second revited the	world ship	
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1	Ymania -	and and in California Landgisters - to	PART SALE	
	mal Street	The state of the s		

Appendix L.

List of books added to the Office Library, during the Year 1940-41 Samvat 1997.

			6
S. No.	Name of book.	Remarks.	
	Archæological Survey Reports, Memoirs, etc.	N. C. C.	
1	Archæology in Travancore by R. Vasudeo Poduval	Exchange.	
2	Hindu America by Chamanlal	Purchased.	
3	Excavations at Harappa Vol. I, by M. S. Vats	Exchange.	
4	Excavations at Harappa Vol. II, by M. S. Vats	,	
5	Report of the Superintendent Archæological Survey, Burma, (1939-40).	,,	
6	The story of the Archæological Department, Hyderabad- Deccan (1914-1936).	,,	
7	Annual Report of the Archæological Survey of India (1936-37).	,,	
8	The Archæology in Gujrat (including Kathiawad)	Purchased.	
9	Archæolog cal Survey of Mysore, Annual Report (1938)	Exchange.	
10	Archæological Survey of Mysore, Annual Report (1939)	1)	
	Art and Architecture.		
11	Indian Art and Letters Vol. XIV, Part I	Gratis.	
12	Rupawali by Nandlal Bose	Purchased.	
13	The Court Painters of the Grand Mughals by T. W. Arnold and Laurence Biniyon.	n	
14	The Portfolio of Indian Art by Dr. Coomarswamy	Canal Market	
45	Bibliography and Catalogues.		
15	Catalogue of the European pictures in the Baroda Museum and Picture Gallery.	Exchange.	
16	Catalogue of Manuscripts preserved in the Oriental Manuscripts Library, Ujjain, Part II.	Gratis.	
17	Consolidated Catalogue of the Central Archæological Library by Dr. Sharma.	,,	
18-22	Epigraphy.		
23	Epigraphia Indica, Vol. XXV Parts 3 to 7	,,	
24	Epigraphia Indica, Vol. XXXIII. Part 8	17	
	Epigraphia Indica, Vol. XXVI, Part 1	. ,	
25	Descriptive notes on the inscriptions deposited in the Central Museum, Nagpur.	Exchange.	
26	Annual Report of South Indian Epigraphy 1940	Gratis.	

Appendix L.-(con/a.).

- ON S		Name of book.	Remarks.
	27	Bombay-Karnatak Inscriptions Vol. V. Part I Geography	Gratis.
	28	Geographical Essays Vol. I. by B. C. Law	Purchased.
	29	Records of the Geological Society of India Vol. LXXV P. ofessional paper No. 1 by A. L. Coulson.	Gratis.
	30	Records of the Geological Society of India, Vol. LXXV Professional paper No. 8 by Krishan Ghosh.	VZ "X
		Guides.	Tour Tour
	31	Descriptive Guide to the Baroda Museum and Picture Gallery by S. Ganguli.	
	32	General Guide to the State Museum and Picture Gallery Baroda by Hiranand Sastri.	Transl Marris
	33	A Short Guide book to the Archæological Section of the Provincial Mu eum, Lucknow by Vasudeva Agrawal.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	34	Gwalior Today by Publicity Department, Gwalior State	Purchased.
		History.	A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
	35	Ancient India Vol. III by T. L. Shah	"
	36	History of Bikaner, Vol. V., Part II by G S. Ojha	19
	37	संगार अतियों का संक्रिप्त इतिहास by B. L. Thakur	Gratis
	38	A third Journey of exploration in Central Asia by Sir Aurel Stein.	Purchased.
	39	The Indo-Iranian Borderlands, their prehistory in the light of Geography and of recent explorations by Sir A Stein.	E DIX
	40	A Historic review of Hindu India (300 B. C. to 1,700 A. D.) by Panchanana Raya.	albat " at 100
	41	Pre-Buddhist India by Ratanlal Mehta	84-96 On, and I
		Iconography.	
	42	Jain Iconography by Prof. Bhattacharya	P
		Journals and Periodicals.	a- muitt. [78]
43	3-54	Modern Review from July 1940 to June 1941	Subscribed.
55	-57	Journal of Indian History, Vol. XIX, Farts 1, 2 and 3	men print the
	58	Journal of Indian History, Special Number, 1941	
59	-62	Journal of the Rajwade Samshodhak Mandal, Vol. IX, Parts	Exchange.
63	-66	2, 3 and 4 and of Vol. X, Part I. Quarterly Journal of the Bharat Itihas Samshodhak Mandal, Vol. XXI, Parts 1, 2, 3 and 4.	Subscribed.

Appendix L.—(contd.)

100		
S. No.	Name, of book.	Remarks.
67	Quarterly Journal of the Mythic Society, Vol. XXXI,	Gratis.
68	Journal of the University of Bombay, Vol. IX, Part I	Exchange.
69-70	Quarterly Journal of the Greater India Society, Vol. VII, Part 2 and Vol. VIII, Part I.	Subscribed.
71-73	Indian Historical Quarterly, Vol. XVI, Parts 2 and 3 and Vol. XVII, Part 1.	,
74	Quarterly Journal of the Punjab Oriental Research, Vol. I, Part 1.	Gratis.
75-76	Indian Culture, Vol. VII, Parts 1 and 2	Subscribed.
77-80	Nagari Pracharini Patrika, Vol. VL, Nos 1, 2, 3 and 4	,,
81	Ancient India (Journal of the Narmada Valley Research Society, Vol. I, Part I.	Gratis.
82-83	Annals of Sri Vyankateshwar Oriental Research Institute, Vol. I, Parts 3 and 4.	Exchange.
84	Muslim University Journal for 1940	The same of the sa
85-86	New Asia, Vol. II, Parts 3 and 4	,,
87	Karnatak Historical Review, Vol. V, Part 2	,,
88	Journal of the Numismatic Society of India, Vol. II	1,
89-90	Annals of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Vol. XXI, Parts 1 and 2.	Presented.
91	Journal of the Andhra Historical Research Society, Vol. XIII, Part 1.	Exchange.
92	Journal of the Aligarh Historical Research Society for 1941.	,,
93	New Indian Antiquary, Vol. III, Part 12	11
94-95	Oriental Literary Digest, Vol. III, Nos. 11 and 12	,
	Literature.	
96	नारायणसुरी कृत हमीरकाभ्य, लेखक एन. जे. कीर्तने	Purchased.
97	Bhasa—a study by A. D. Pusalkar	
98	प्रबंबजितामणि by Merutungacharya edited by Jinavijayasuri	n' sa
99	अलंकारमंजूबा by Bhatta Devishankara Purohita	min see
17 34	Museum,	
100	A brief description of the Museum and Picture Gallery, Baroda by A. G. Widgery.	Exchange.
101	A Travelling Report of the Museum and Picture Gallery, Baroda by Dr. Ernst Cohn Wisner.	, AS-20

Appendix L.—(concld.).

	S. No.	Name of book.	Remarks.
THE OWNER WHEN	102	Annual Report of the Watson Museum of Antiquities, Rajkot, for 1940.	Exchange.
	103	Annual Report of the Curzon Museum, Muttra for 1940	*
	104	Annual Report of the Government Museum, Travancore, for 1940.	" winds !
	105	Report on the working of the State Museum, Podukkottai, 1939-40.	".us-hiel is
	106	Report of the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India, 1939-40.	* Ald palled pain 8
	107	Annual Report of the Provincial Museum, Lucknow, 1940-41	
		Miscel aneous.	
	108	Tirupati and its environs (A publication of the All India Oriental Conference, X Session 1940).	Page 1 and 1
	109	A plea for reorientation of Oriental thought by B. L. Atre	n moraum.
	110	Speeches of Maharaja Scindia in 1937	31.
	111	History of Hindu Mathematics by Dutta and Narayan Singh.	Purchased.
	112	Concepts of Budhism by Dr. B. C. Law	,
	113	Dr. Bhandarkar volume 1940 by Dr. B. C. Law	
	114	The Buddhist conception of Spirits by Dr. B. C. Law	,
	115	Mahavira, his life and teaching by Dr. B. C. Law	,
	116	Aryan trail in Iran and India by Nagenda Nath Ghosh .	,
	117	Jha Commemoration volume	Gratis.
	118	शिवाजीची राजनीति by भास्कर वामन भट	of the lates of
		Numismatics.	the northwest at
	119	Proceedings of the Numismatic Society of India, 1940	To Management To
	13	State Publications.	
	120	Commercial Directory of the Gwalior State, 1934	" and a Line
	121	General Statistics of the Gwalior State, for Samvat 1993	Patriagh in
	122	Administration Report of the Gwalior state for Samvat, 1936-37.	And in a top of the second
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	11. 51	11,109 12 1 0,101 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	and man

Appendix M. Statement of Expenditure incurred during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

		Amount	Spent.	
S.No.	Head.	Current year.	Last year.	Total.
	I Recurring.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Salaries	13,628 11 9 2,134 15 9 1,114 14 11 838 2 3 394 5 7 1,201 14 11	10 4 0 34 12 0 138 4 0	13,628 11 9 2,134 15 9 ,1,125 2 11 838 2 3 429 1 7 1,340 2 11
	(b) Exhibition of antiquities 725 8 6 (c) Upkeep of	Ambin It Commission of the last ma	CALLED TO THE SECOND SE	Talasar Laur
	Museum building 99 15 5 Total 1,201 14 11	Continue to the second	PERMITTER S	endocang Dat
7 8 9 10 11	Miscellaneous Works Telephone subscription Cycle Allowances Works from general saving	3,025 11 3 125 0 0 14 9 9 717 6 11	227 10 5	3,253 5 8 125 0 0 14 9 9 717 6 11
	Total Recurring Grant	23 195 13 1	410 14 5	23,606 11 6
	II. Non-recurring.		TOTAL HE SET	mor et til
1 2	Special repairs to Bagh Caves Archæological Museum (Build- ing improvement and fur- niture).	9.091 15 9 1,212 1 0	606 4 0	9,698 4 0 1,212 1 0
3 4 5 6	Archæological excavations Caretaker hut at Suhania Rest house at Gyaraspur Purchase of Bagh Caves wall paintings for Archæological Museum from Mr. Katcha-	804 11 5	3,693 14 7 198 4 1 94 0 0 718 5 0	4,498 10 0 198 4 1 94 0 0 718 5 0
7 8	daurian. Conservation of monuments at Terahi and Kadwaha. Repairs to a well near the Kakanmadh temple at Su- hania.	Mara Mara Day	811 1 0 829 3 11	811 1 0 829 3 11
	Total Non-recurring	11,108 12 2	6,951 0 10	18,059 13 0
	Grand Total	34,304 9 3	7,361 15 3	41,666 8 6

Appendix N.

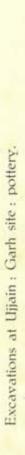
Statement of Income realised during the Year 1940-41, Samvat 1997.

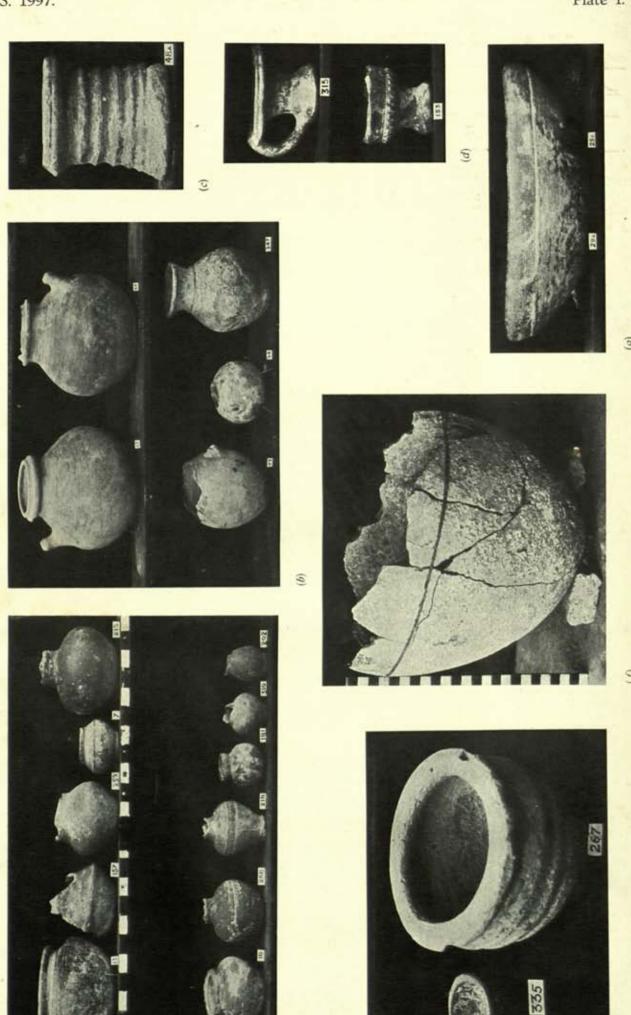
No.		Item.	*	Amou	nt.		Remarks
1		2		3	B		4
		19.12.19		Rs.	a.	D.	
1	By sale of publications		 		12		
2	" " photographs		 		15		
3	,, ,, coins		 		12		O DO
4	Miscellaneous		 	50			
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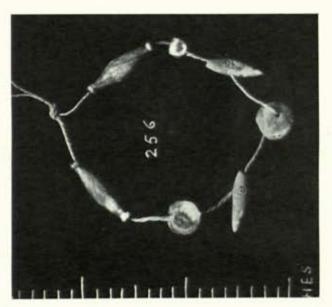
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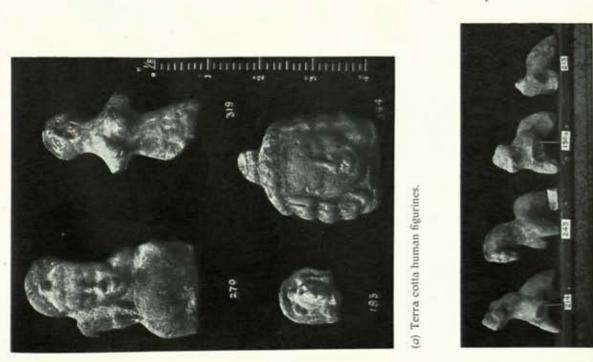




(e) Miscellaneous earthen objects.



(c) Stone and shell beads.



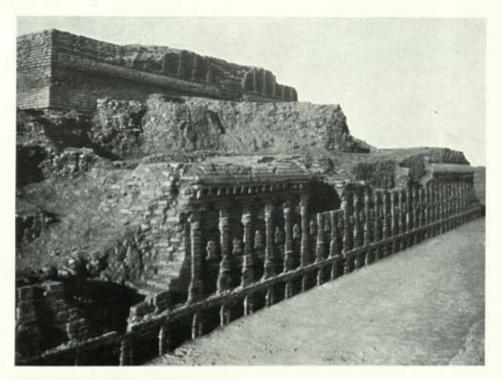
(d) Terra cotta toy figurines of animals.



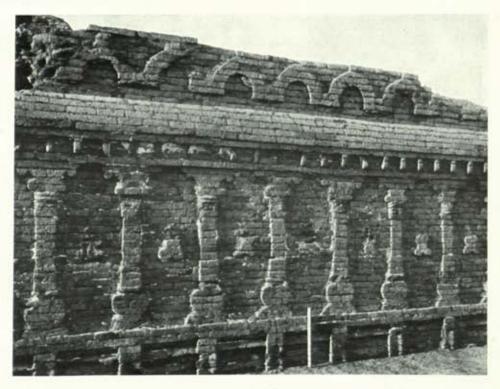
Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site.



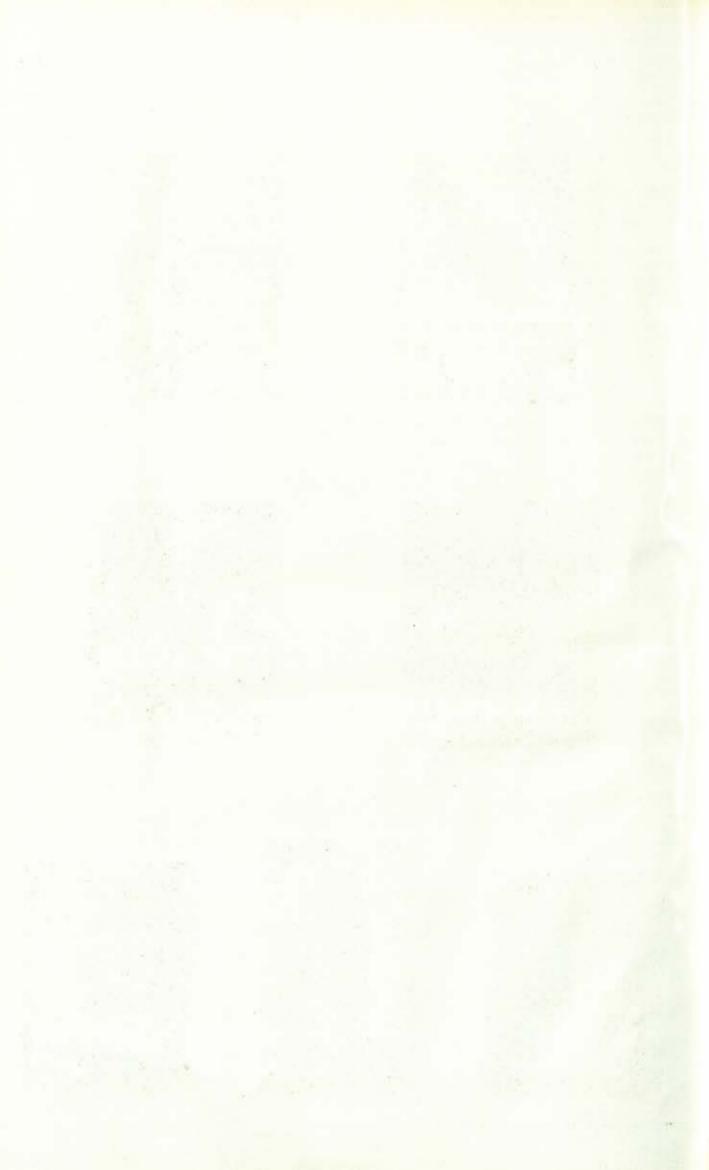
(a) Excavated platforms G. V. from N. W.



(b) North face of platform No. 2.



(c) Platform No. 2. Detail of decoration on North face.



Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site: terra cotta human heads and a bust.





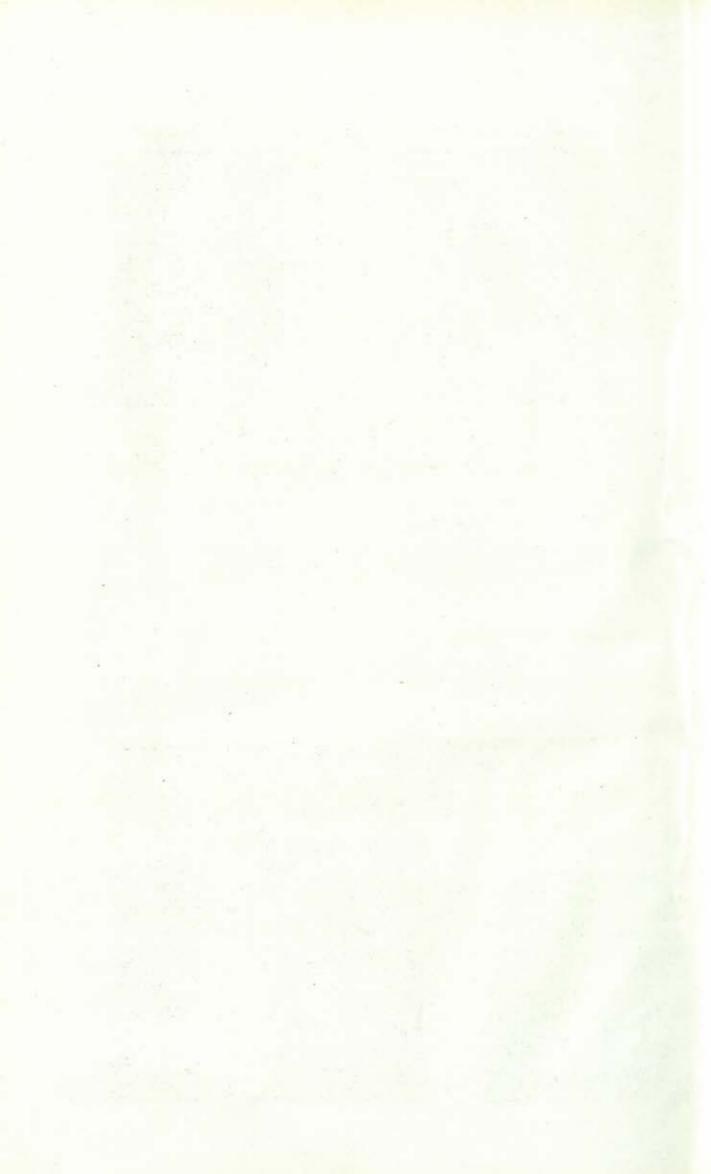












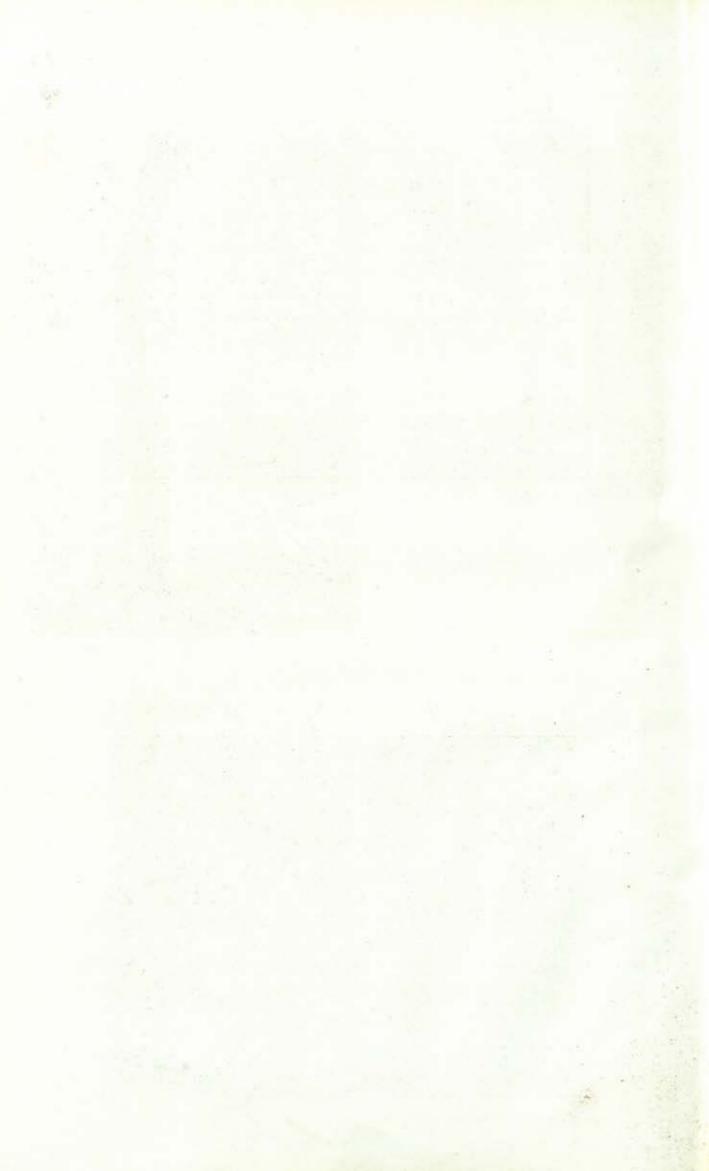
Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site.



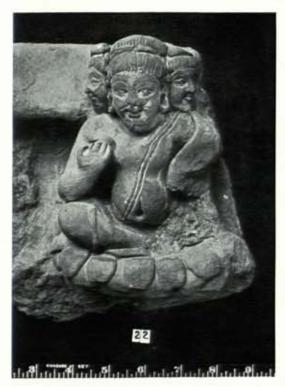
(a) Terra cotta heads with smiling faces.



(b) Terra cotta heads with weeping faces.



Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site: terra cotta figures.



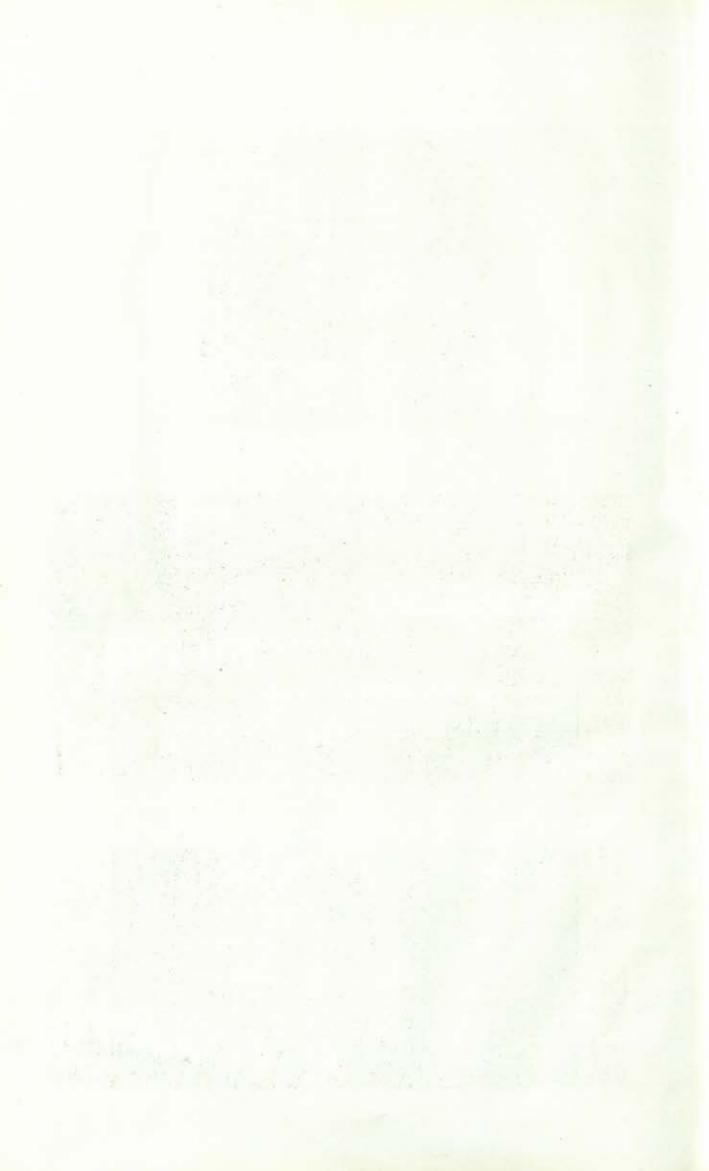
(a) Brahman.

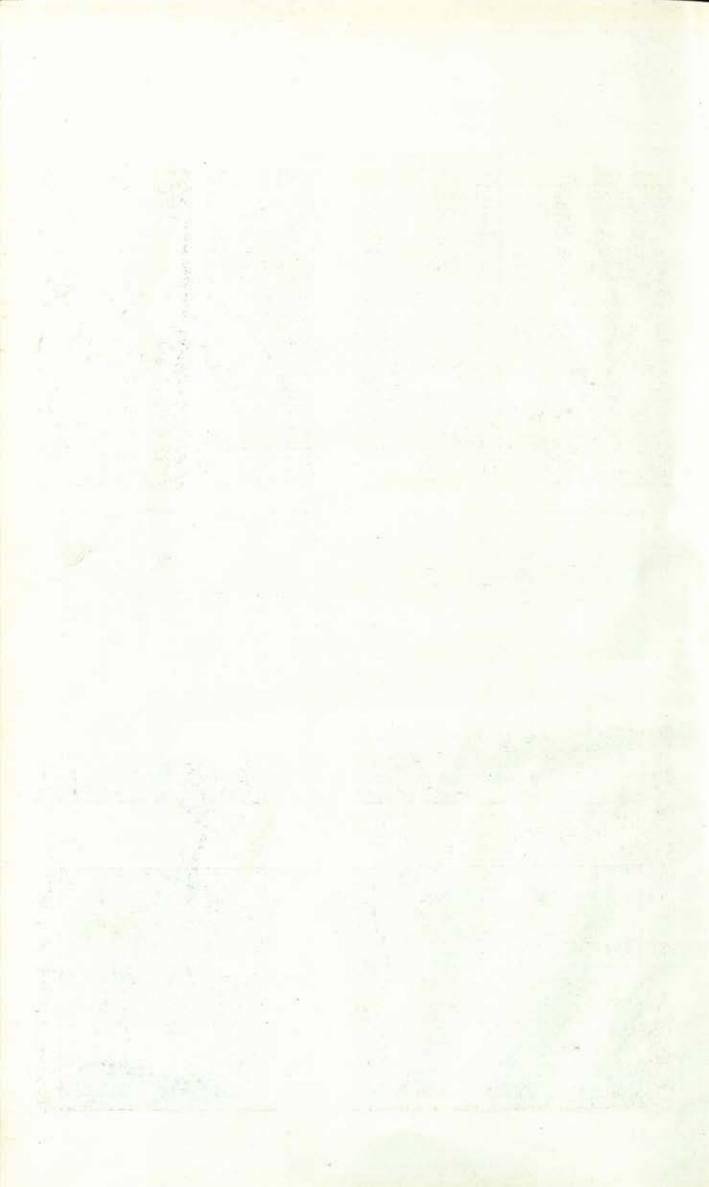


(b) Bust of a woman.



(c) Lower portion of a goddess (Parvati ?) on lion.





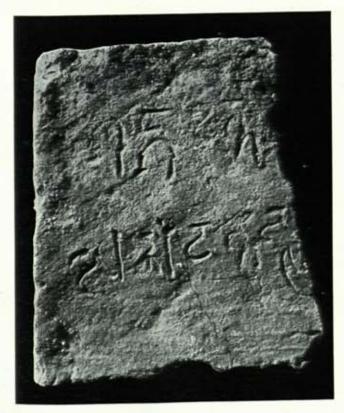
Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site.



(a) Terra cotta figure of a horse.



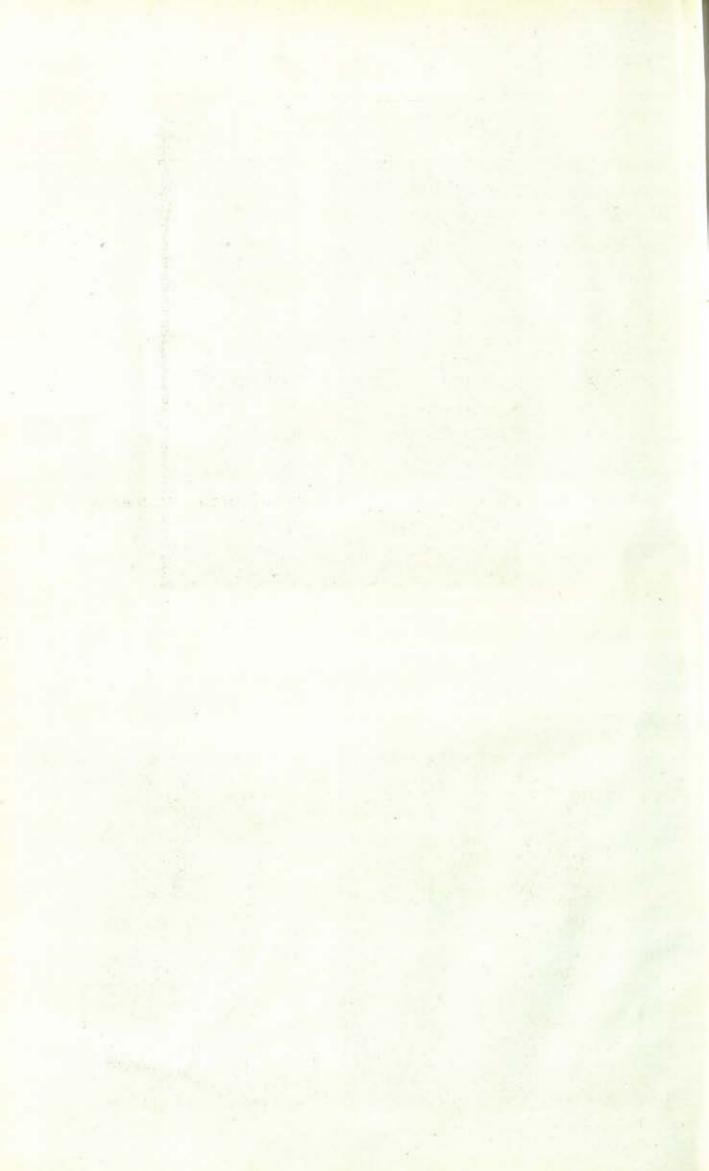
. (b) Terra cotta figures of birds and fish.



(c) Fragment of a brick inscribed in Gupta characters.

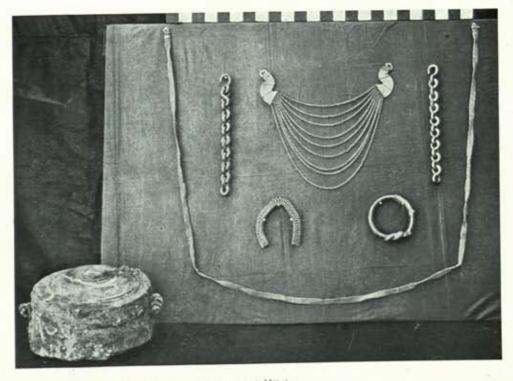


(d) A stone figure of four-armed Vishnu.





(a) A Bundela Rajput king on horse back (a painting in the Archaeological Museum at Gwalior)



(b) Gold ornaments found in treasure trove at Ujjain.

Excavations at Padmavati (Pawaya): Tila site: fragments of terra cotta human figurines.

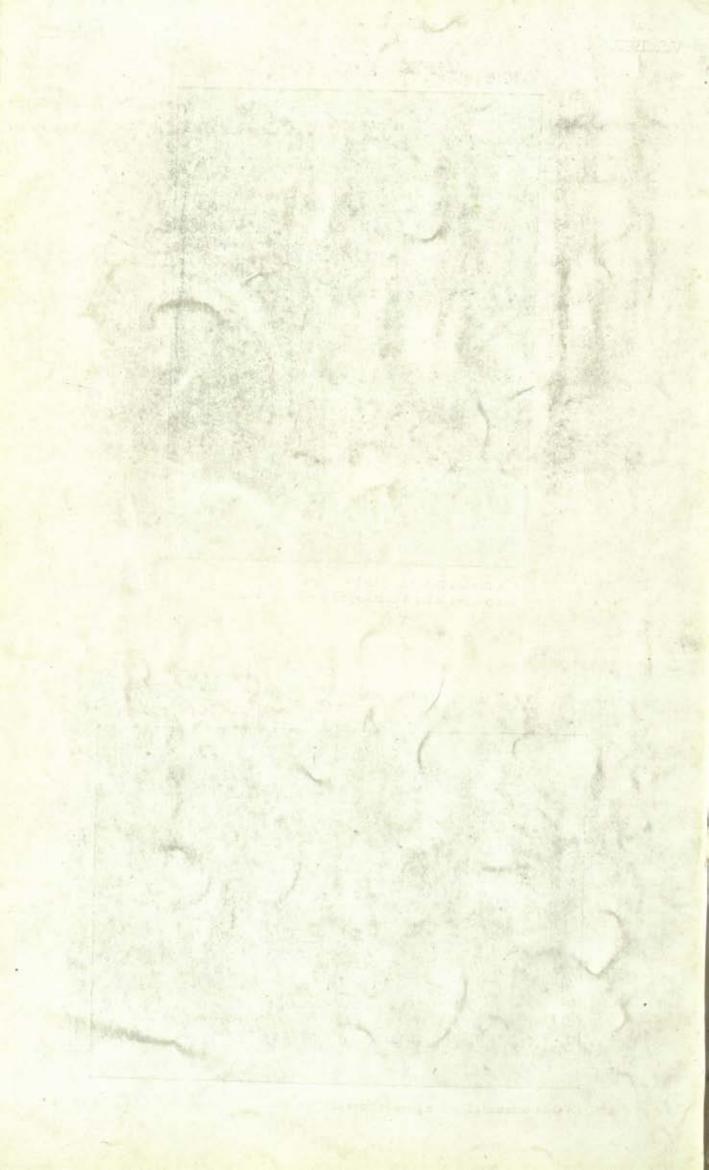


(a)

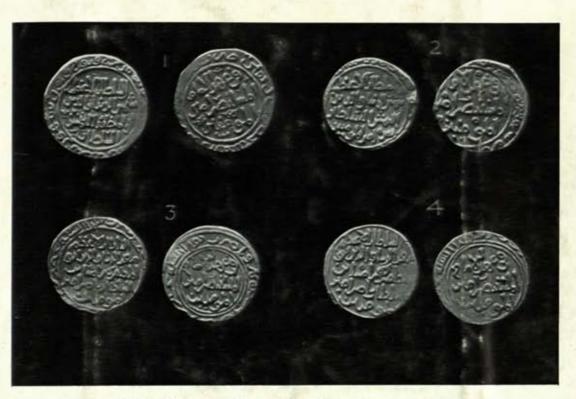


(b)





Coins



(a) 1-2. Shams-ud-din Altamsh 3-4. Muiz-ud-din Bahram Shah A.H. 607-633 A.D. 1210-1235

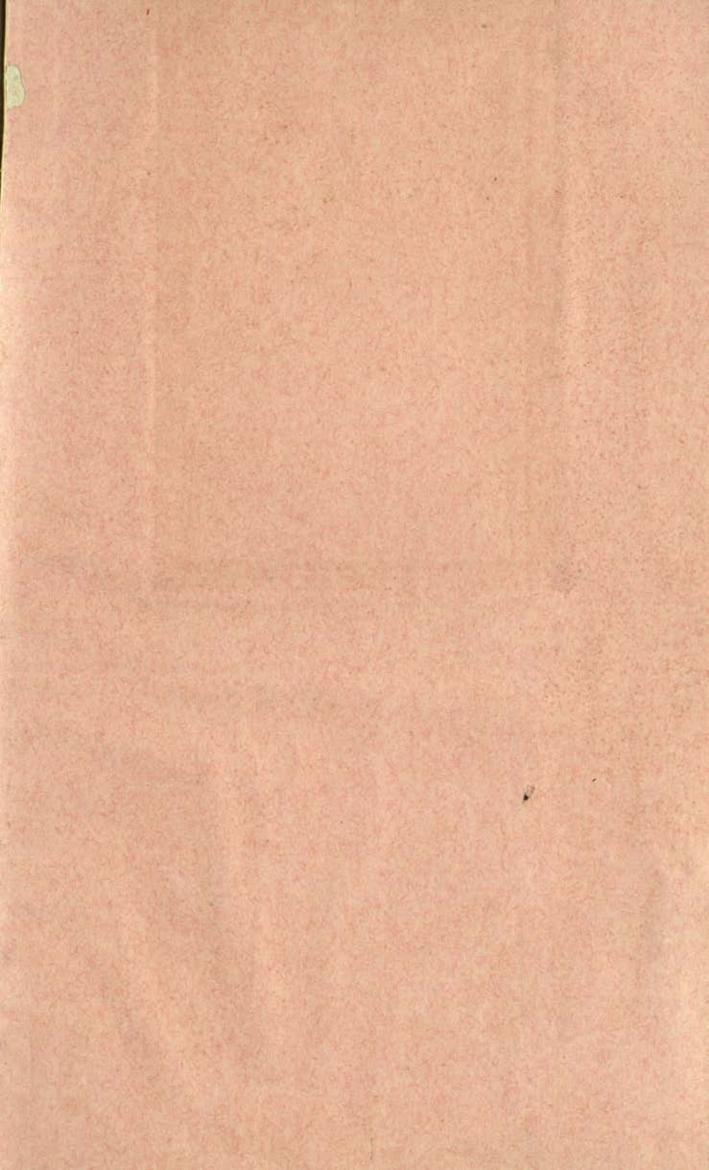
A H. 637-639 AD. 1239-1241



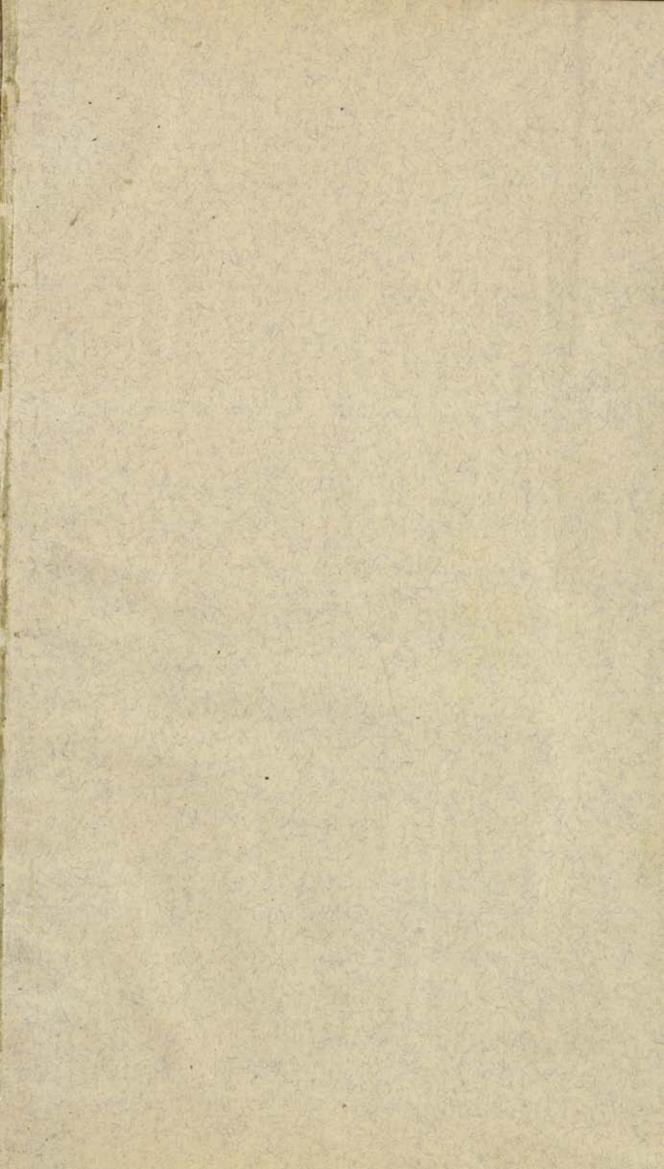
(b) 5-6. Ala-ud-din Masud Shah 7-8. Nasir-ud-din Mahmud Shah A.H. 639-644 A.D. 1241-1246

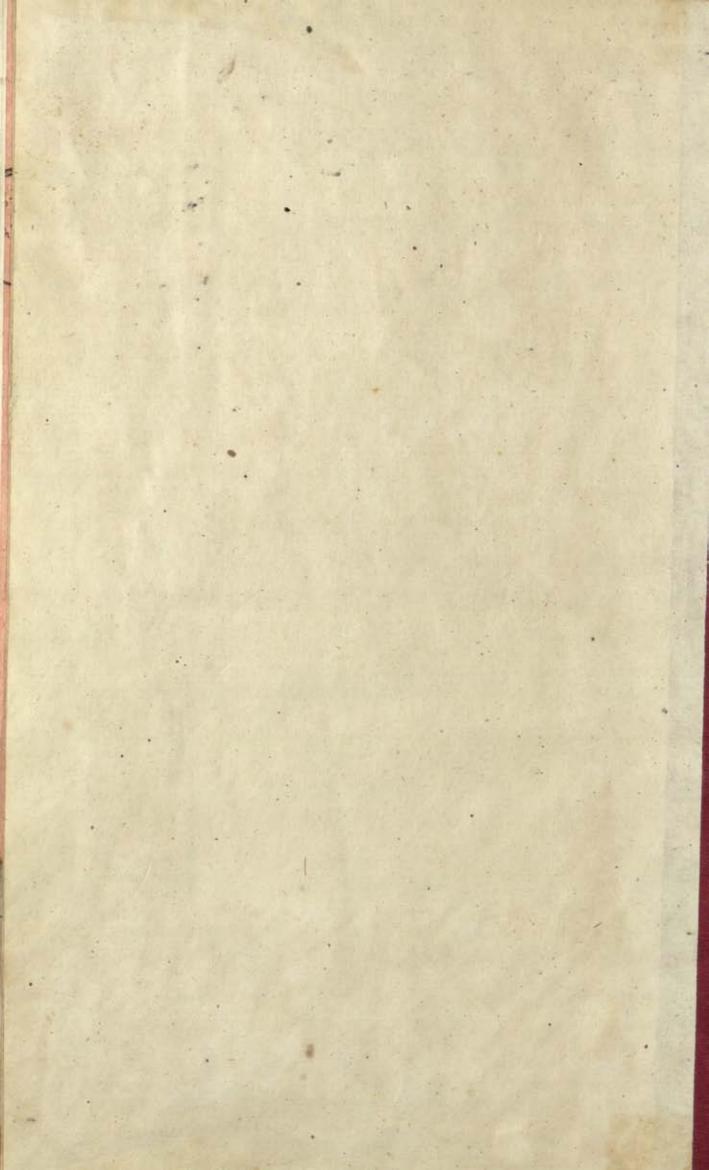
A.H. 644-664 A.D. 1246-1265





DOWN SMAEGTOR OF ARCHEOLOGY rchaeology in India. Simala.





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