INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS Janpath, New Delhi -110 001, www.ignca.gov.in

Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR /BLS- 21

SECTION I : IDENTIFICATION						
1. Name						
Present	: Shiva Temple(4), Durga Temple complex, Shergarh, Dist. – Balasore					
Past Other Name (if any):	: :					
2. Location						
LONGITUDE 86º49'41" E	LATITUDE 21°26'11" N ELEVATION 39 feet					
Address	: Village (village code) Post : Shergarh Tehsil: Remuna State : Orissa Via: Khajurasahi (Shergarh) Via: Khantapada District: Balasore PIN: 756060					
Approach	: The temple is located inside Durga temple complex in Khajura sahi, Shergarh, at a distance of 2.5 kms west of Phandi chowk in Balasore on the National Highway No.5- leading from Balasore to Bhubaneswar.					
3. Property Type						
Buildings	Religious structures Other Structures					
Palace Fort Citadel Government building Railway station	Temple Wall Mosque Gateway Minar Pillar Church Others (specify):					

Note:

The temple has a *rekha vimana* of impoverished *Kalingan* order.

Engineering structure

Other public buildings

Residential building

Defence building

Industrial building

 Bridge
 Pi

 Tunnel
 Pi

 Other engineering structure
 G



Tank Cave

Stupa

Tomb, Mausoleum

4. Property Use		
		ABANDONED / IN USE : In use
Present	:	In this living temple, the presiding deity is a Sivaling within a circular <i>yonipitha</i> made of black chlorite.
Past		Worshipped
5. Age (Source)		
PERIOD	:	Somavamsi rule
YEARS	:	10 th -11 ^h centuries A.D.
Precise date of Construction	:	
Completion	:	
Subsequent changes	:	Orissa State Archaeology renovated this temple und X & XI Finance Commission Award.
Destruction / Demolition	:	
6. Ownership / Level of Protection	on	
		SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple
Public : Archaeological Survey of India / State Archaeology Department / Any Other (Please specify)	:	Protected monument of Orissa State Archaeology
Private	:	
Any other (Please specify)	:	Under the care of Pandas (Sevayatas), patronized the Senapati family.
Name	:	Seshadhara Senapati
Address	:	Orissa State Archaeology, Paryatan Bhawan, B.J.B. Nagar, Bhubaneswar, Orissa
Phone	:	0674-2432147
7. Association		
WITH EVENTS		
In History	:	
In Rituals	:	Shivaratri, Kartika Purnima, etc are observed here
In Building Construction	÷	
Any other (specify)	:	
WITH PERSONS		Dresently under the sere of the Concret for the
Patron	:	Presently under the care of the Senapati family.
Architect / Engineer	•	
Any other (specify)	•	
8. Statement of Significance		
Architectural	:	Architectural
Archaeological	÷L	
Historical Religious	•	Religious
Any other (specify)	•	i teligioua
	•	

The temple is a renovated one and probably built during the Zamindari period. On the basis of detached sculptures in the complex, the original temple can be dated to the Somavamsi period i.e. about the $10^{th} - 11^{th}$ centuries A.D.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

 Context Urban / Rural Setting Surroundings 	* Dr	awings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No Rural setting		
ourroundings	Inte	nd in Isolation Complex gral part of a Landscape reet / Complex :		
• Quantification Area Dimension (L x B x H)	2.00	mtrs x 2.00 mtrs x 3.42 mtrs (the existing height) (m / cm/ feet / inch)		
Number of Blocks Number of Storys		``		
 Spatial Organization Orientation Plan Allocation of Spaces 	The pista 21.4	Facing towards east. <i>The vimana</i> is square on plan that stands over a low <i>pista</i> of 0.25 mtrs high. 21.40 mtrs x 9.70 mtrs. in length & breadth respectively.		
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE • Ornamentation Exteriors Interiors Movable Collections * Any Other (specify)	Plai Gan a Va The	Devoid of any decoration, except the ornate doorway. Plain Ganesa (02 nos.), Surya, female deity, broken part of a <i>Vajramastak</i> etc. The temple is <i>triratha</i> on plan and <i>triangabada</i> in elevation.		
10. Construction Technology				
Structural System Building Techniques Material of Construction	The temple is <i>rekha</i> order of impoverished <i>Kalingan</i> style of architecture. Ashlar dry masonry Laterite is used for the temple, whereas chlorite is used for the doorjambs and lintel			
11. Condition Assessment				
In General Good / Fair	Goo	d		
Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration				

Danger of Disappearance

In Brief (Attach extra sheet if necessary):

Due to recent renovation by Orissa State Archaeology, the temple is in good state of preservation.

12. Threats to the Property

✓ Natural
 Negligence
 Vandalism
 Urban Pressures

SECTION III: REFERENCES

13. Reference Sources (published and unpublished textual details)

1. T.E. Donaldson, 1985, *Hindu Temple Art of Orissa*, Vol. - I, Leiden.

2. R. P. Mohapatra, 1986, Archaeology in Orissa, Vol. - II, New Delhi.

14. Photographs	:	1 No.
		(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)
Photo Reference CAPTION	:	
15. Audio / Video		
		(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference DESCRIPTION	:	
16. Maps/Plans/Drawings		

17. Listers						
NAME :	Jaya Shankar Naik	NAME :				
18. Review	18. Reviewers					
NAME : COMMENT	Dr. S. Pradhan S	NAME : COMMENTS :				