

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: 0R/PRI- 20 **SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION** 1. Name Present Laxmi Narayan Temple, Chaurashi, Dist. Puri Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location **LONGITUDE** 86⁰06'59"E 20⁰03'19"N LATITUDE **ELEVATION** 32 Ft. Address Village (village code) Chaurasi Post: Amareswar Via: Chaurashi Tehsil: Chaurashi **District:** Puri State: Orissa **PIN**: 752120 The temple is located 3 Km south of Varahi temple and Approach on the western outskrit of the village Chaurashi. 3. Property Type **Buildings** Religious structures **Other Structures** Palace Temple Wall Fort Mosque Gateway Pillar Citadel Minar Govt. building Others (specify) Church Railway station Monastery Defense building Stupa Industrial building Tomb, Mausoleum Other public buildings Residential building Engineering structure Open space and related Note: structures The temple has a pidha vimana Bridge Public square of Kalingan style. Park or garden Tunnel Other engineering structure Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank Cave

4. Property Use		
	ABANDONED / IN USE: In use	
Present	: It is a living temple and enshrines an image of Laxmi- Narayana.	
Past	: Worshipped	
5. Age (Source)		
PERIOD YEARS Precise date of Construction	 Somavamsi rule. 10th century A.D. The original temple built out of bricks goes back to 	
riecise date of constituction	Somavamsi Period.	
Completion Subsequent changes	:It was reconstructed by Orissa State Archaeology by using sand stone as the building material.	
Destruction / Demolition	:	
6. Ownership / Level of Protection		
	SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple	
Public: Archaeological Survey of India / State Archaeology Department / Any Other (Please specify)	: Orissa State Archaeology.	
Private Any other (Please specify)	: :	
Name Address Phone 7. Association	: Orissa State Archaeology: Paryatan Bhawan, BJB Nagar, Bhubaneswar.: 0674-2432147	
WITH EVENTS		
In History In Rituals	:: Rituals like Rasapurnima, Vaisakhapurnima, Kartikapurnima etc. are observed	
In Building Construction Any other (specify) • WITH PERSONS	: : Nirbandha, Brata etc.	
Patron	: Originally the Somavamsis, but now by the Orissa State Archaeology.	
Architect / Engineer Any other (specify) 8. Statement of Significance	: :	
Architectural Archaeological Historical	:	
Religious Any other (specify)	 : ✓ Religious : The earlier temple was made of bricks (37 cms x 24 cms x 8 cms) and the features of the enshrined deity assigned the temple to the Somavamsi period. 	

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features			
Context Urban / Rural Setting Surroundings	:	* Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No Rural setting	
Surroundings		Stand in isolation Integral part of a landscape / Street / Complex :	
 Quantification 			
Area Dimension (LxBxH)	:	7.20 mtrs x 6.40 mtrs x 4.15 mtrs (m / cm/ feet / inch)	
Number of Blocks Number of Storys	:	One	
Spatial Organization			
Orientation Plan	:	The temple is facing towards east. The <i>vimana</i> is square on plan with a frontal porch of 1.20 mtrs.	
Allocation of Spaces	:		
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE • Ornamentation			
Exteriors	:	There is an <i>Udyotasimha</i> just over the frontal porch.	
Interiors Movable Collections	:	Plain A broken <i>navagraha</i> palen may be of early temple and some fragments of designed stone are notice towards the northern wall of the temple.	
* Any Other (specify)	:	It is a pancharatha temple with panchangabada. The Vimana is of pidha order, with four fold division of pabhaga and bandhana of two mouldings.	
10. Construction Technology			
Structural System Building Techniques Material of Construction	:	Pidha vimana of kalingan order. Ashlar dry massonry Both bricks and sand stone are used for the present temple, where as ruins of the early temple suggest that originally the temple was built out of bricks.	
11. Condition Assessment			
In General Good / Fair	:	Good	
Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance			

In Brief (Attach extra sheet if necessary):

It is in a good state of preservation. 12. Threats to the Property Natural Negligence Vandalism **Urban Pressures SECTION III: REFERENCES** 13. Reference Sources (published and unpublished textual details) 1. R. P. Mohapatra, 1986, Archaeology in Orissa, Vol. I, New Delhi. T. E. Donaldson, 1986, Hindu Temple art in Orissa, Vol. II, Leiden. 14. Photographs: 07 nos (Attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs) **Photo Reference** CAPTION 15. Audio / Video (Related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.) Reference **DESCRIPTION** 16. Maps/Plans/Drawings

17. Listers

NAME: K. B. Barik **NAME:**

18. Reviewers

NAME: Dr. S. Pradhan **NAME:**

COMMENTS COMMENTS: