

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: 0R / PRI- 42 **SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION** 1. Name Present Ramesvara Siva Temple, Haripur, Dist.Puri Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location **LONGITUDE** 85⁰42' 40" E 20⁰ 08' 08" N LATITUDE **ELEVATION** 10 ft Address Village (village code) Haripur Post:GodiputaMatiapada Via:jatani Tehsil: Pipili District: Puri State: Orissa **PIN**: 752050 Approach The temple is located on the right bank of the river Daya and situated on the left side of S.E. Railway and also on the left side of the road leading from Jatani via-Barapada, Haripura, Bodhasahi and finally end in the river Daya and about 2.5 k.m.Jatani. 3. Property Type **Buildings** Religious structures Other Structures Palace Temple Wall Fort Mosque Gateway Pillar Minar Citadel Govt. building Church Others (specify) Railway station Monastery Defense building Stupa Industrial building Tomb, Mausoleum Other public buildings Residential building Engineering structure Open space and related Note: structures The temple has a rekha vimana of Public square Kalingan order and the Bridge jagamohana is a flat roofed RCC Tunnel Park or garden mandapa. Other engineering structure Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank

Cave

4. Property Use		
Present Past 5. Age (Source)	:	ABANDONED / IN USE: In use It is a living temple, the presiding deity is a patalaphuta Sivalinga within a circular yonipatha made of black chlorite and 1.05 mtrs below the entrance level. However a lingam is now inserted in the yonipitha. Worshipped.
3. Age (Source)		
PERIOD YEARS Precise date of Construction Completion Subsequent changes Destruction / Demolition	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Ganga rule. 15 th century A.D. 15 th century A.D
6. Ownership / Level of Protection	on	
		SINGLE /MULTIPLE: Multiple.
Public: Archaeological Survey of India / State Archaeology Department / Any Other (Please specify)	:	
Private Any other (Please specify)	:	Haripur Temple Committee under the priest ship of Vidyadhara Panda.
Name Address	:	At-Haripur, Po-Godiaputa-Matiapada, Dist.Puri, Orissa, Pin-752050.
Phone	:	
7. Association		
WITH EVENTS In History In Rituals In Building Construction Any other (specify)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Sivaratri, Sankrati, Ekadosi, Kartikapurnima, Dolapurnima etc. held here. Thread ceremony, marriage, engagements etc. held here.
WITH PERSONS		nere.
Patron Architect / Engineer Any other (specify) 8. Statement of Significance	:	 Haripur Temple Committee.
		A nalaite at unal
Architectural Archaeological Historical Religious	✓	Architectural. Archaeological.

Any other (specify)
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The temple is entirely renovated one the original date can be assigned to the late Ganga period i.e. about 15th century

A.D. on the basis if parsvadevata images.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

• Context
Urban / Rural Setting

Surroundings

* **Drawings (**Attach extra sheet if necessary):No

Rural setting

Stand in isolation

Complex.

Integral part of a landscape

/ Street / Complex :

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 7.30mtrs. x 8.90mtrs. x 11.50mtrs

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Number of Blocks : Two in which the RCC *mandapa* is recent addition.

Number of Storys

Spatial Organization

Orientation : The temple is facing towards east.

Plan : Consists of a square *vimana* fronted by a RCC

mandapa.

Allocation of Spaces : 36.70 mtrs x 30.30mtrs. in length and breadth

respectively.

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : Devoid of any decorations except *Udyotasimha* in all

raha and a Gajakranta crowned over a miniature rekha mundi in the frontal raha. Deulacharini and

Dopichasimha are rest over the beki.

Interiors : Plai

Movable Collections : Two armed ganesa, four armed Ganesa, and two armed

Tara. A male figure sitting in *Padmasana*, fragment of

amalakasila, Udyotasimha.

* Any Other (specify) : The vimana is pancharatha on plan and panchangabada

in elevation.

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : Rekha vimana of Kalingan order.

Building Techniques : Ashlar Masonry

Material of Construction : Laterite is used for the foundation, superstructure and

the compound wall and now the entire temple is thickly

plastered and white washed.

11. Condition Assessment

In General Good / Fair : Good

good state of		ork unde	er taken by the villagers and devotees the temple is i
12. Threats to	the Property		
			Natural Negligence Vandalism Urban Pressures
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16. Maps/Plan	ns/Drawings		
17. Listers			
NAME :	J.S.Naik.		NAME :
18.Reviewers	;		