

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS Janpath, New Delhi -110 001, www.ignca.gov.in

Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: 0R/PRI- 21

| 1. Name | SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION | N |
|--|--|---|
| Present Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location | : Varahi Temple,Chaura:: Varahi Temple | shi, Dist Puri |
| LONGITUDE 86°07'07"E | LATITUDE 20 ⁰ 03'31"N | ELEVATION 31 Ft. |
| Address Approach | Village (village code) Post : Amareswar Tehsil: Chaurashi State : Orissa The temple is located | Chaurashi Via: Chaurashi District: Puri PIN: 752120 in the village Chaurashi and on |
| | the right bank of the ri | ver Prachi. It is about 2 Km from the Nimapada-Kakatpur road in |
| 3. Property Type | | |
| Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defense building Industrial building Other public buildings Residential building | Religious structures ✓ Temple Mosque Minar Church Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum | Other Structures Wall Gateway Pillar Others (specify) |
| Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure | Open space and related structures Public square Park or garden Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank | Note: The temple consists of a Khakhara vimana and a rectangular jagamohana having a roof of two terraces with clere-stories. The temple |

Cave

is dedicated to goddess Varahi: she has two arms and holds a fish in her right hand and a kapala in her left. She is seated in *Lalitasana* on a cushion placed on a plain seat with her right foot resting on her buffalo mount carved on the pedestal. A third eye is tightly etched into her forehead and her rises in spiral coils. A plain hallow is behind her head and vidyadharas are on the upper corner the back slab.

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE: In use

Present It is a living temple and enshrines an image of goddess

Varahi.

Past Worshipped

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD Somavamsi rule. 10th century A.D. YEARS

First quarter of 10th century A.D. **Precise date of Construction**

Completion Subsequent changes **Destruction / Demolition**

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE /MULTIPLE: Single

Public: Archaeological Survey of : Protected monument of Archaeological Survey of India.

State Archaeology / Department / Any Other (Please

specify)

Private Any other (Please specify)

Name Archaeological Survey of India.

Address Bhubaneswar Circle, 153-VIP Area. Nayapalli,

Bhubaneswar.

Phone 0674-2558170

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History

In Rituals Dushera, Raja etc. are observed

In Building Construction Any other (specify)

WITH PERSONS

Patron : Originally the Somavamsi, but now the Archaeological

Survey of India

Architect / Engineer : --Any other (specify) : ---

8. Statement of Significance

Architectural : ✓ Architectural
Archaeological : ✓ Archaeological
Historical : ✓ Religious
Any other (specify) : The architectural features and decorative program of t

: The architectural features and decorative program of the temple assigned the temple to the Somavamsi Period.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

• Context * Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No

Urban / Rural Setting :

Surroundings

Stand in isolation Stand in isolation

Integral part of a landscape /

Street / Complex:

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 15.84 mtrs x 8.23 mtrs x 8.40 mtrs

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Rural setting

Number of Blocks : Two Number of Storys : ---

• Spatial Organization

Orientation : The temple is facing towards east.

Plan : The Vimana is rectangular on plan where as the

jagamohana is oblong on plan.

Allocation of Spaces : About 2 acres

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : The temple is lavishly decorated with sculptural motifs

and scroll work.

Interiors : Plain in decoration. In the jagamohana there are 12

pilasters act as the load bearer to the temple.

Movable Collections : Nil

* Any Other (specify) : It is a pancharatha temple having triangabada. The

temple style itself suggests its vaulted roof design of

mastaka.

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : Khakhara temple of kalingan order.

Building Techniques : Ashlar dry masonry

Material of Construction : Sand stone.

| 11. Condition | Assessment | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| In General | Good / Fair | : Fair |
| Serious I | Deterioration Deterioration of Disappearance | |
| In Brief (Attac | ch extra sheet if ne | ecessary): |
| It is under the sculptures are | | rchaeological survey of India. Due to weathering effects few |
| 12. Threats to | the Property | |
| | | ✓ Natural Negligence Vandalism Urban Pressures |
| xxxxxx | | × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × |
| | <u>s</u> | ECTION III: REFERENCES |
| 13. Reference | e Sources (publishe | ed and unpublished textual details) |
| | | aeology in Orissa, Vol. I, New Delhi. u Temple art in Orissa, Vol. II, Leiden. |
| 14. Photogra | phs: 35 nos | |
| | | (Attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs) |
| Photo Refere CAPTION | nce | : : |
| _15. Audio / Vi | deo | |
| | | (Related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.) |
| Reference DESCRIPTIO | N | ; ; |
| 16. Maps/Pla | ns/Drawings | |
| | | |
| 17. Listers | | |
| NAME : | D. B. Garnayak | NAME: |
| 18. Reviewers | s | |
| NAME: COMMENTS | Dr. S. Pradhan | NAME: COMMENTS: |