

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR / PRI - 21

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION

1. Name

Dolabedi Mandapa, Markandesvara Sahi, Puri Present

Town, Dist. - Puri

Past Other Name (if any):

2. Location

LATITUDE 19⁰48'37"N **LONGITUDE** 85⁰49'20"E **ELEVATION** 57ft

Address : Village (village code) Markandesvara Sahi(Puri Town)

> Post: Markandesvara Sahi Via: Puri Town **Tehsil:** Puri Town District: Puri State: Orissa **PIN**: 752001

: It is located behind the Sanachhata *matha*, across the road, Approach

> Dolabedi kona, Markandesvara sahi. It is on the right side of the road leading from Grand road to north-east compound wall

of Jagannath temple.

3. Property Type

Buildinas Religious structures Other Structures

Palace Temple Wall Mosque Fort Gateway Citadel Minar Pillar

Govt. building Church Others (specify) Railway station Monastery Mandapa

Defence building Stupa

Industrial building Tomb, Mausoleum

Other public buildings Residential building

Engineering structure Note: Open space and related

structures

The mandapa has large squarical Bridge Public square platform with a great number of Park or garden Tunnel attached sculptures and a makara Other engineering structure Gravevard torana standing over the mandapa.

Baolis, Well

Tank Cave

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE: In use

Present : It is a living mandapa used for various religious

purposes like festivals during Dola Purnima.

Past : Used for various religious purposes.

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD : Maratha rule **YEARS** : 18th century A.D.

Precise date of Construction : --- Completion : ---

Subsequent changes: The *mandapa* was originally in Dolamandapa

sahi and shifted to the present place in the 18th century A.D. In 1974 the Jagannatha temple administration installed the detached sculptures

collected from other area.

Destruction / Demolition : ---

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple

Public: Archaeological Survey: of India / State Archaeology ---

Department / Any Other

(Please specify)

Private : Jagannath Temple Administration

Any other (Please specify) : --Name : ---

Address : Grand Road, Puri Town

Phone : ---

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History : ---

In Rituals : Dola Purnima is the festival, which is celebrated

with a large gathering.

In Building Construction : --Any other (specify) : ---

WITH PERSONS

Patron : Jagannath Temple Administration.

Architect / Engineer : --Any other (specify) : ---

8. Statement of Significance

Architectural Archaeological Historical	✓ Architectural
Religious Any other (specify)	 Religious On the basis of local traditions and the iconography of the sculpture inserted in the Mandapa, assigned it to the 18th century AD.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

Context **Urban / Rural Setting**

* **Drawings** (Attach extra sheet if necessary) No

Urban setting

Surroundings

Stand in Isolation

Integral part of a Landscape /

Street

Street / Complex:

Quantification

21.00 mts x 21.00 mts x 3.00 mts Area Dimension (LxBxH)

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Number of Blocks Single Number of Storys N.A

Spatial Organization

Orientation

Plan The Mandapa is standing over a square platform.

21.00 mtrs (L) x 21.00 mtrs (B) Allocation of Spaces

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors

The *Mandapa* is made of Khandolite stone and the floor is paved with polished grev stones of recent addition. At the centre of the platform there is an ornamental Makara torana with provision for hanging a movable to swing Lord Jaganath during Dolapurnima. The ornamental *Makara torana* made of Chlorite is delicately carved with the figures like Ganga and Yamuna, Brahma and Vishnu, Floral motifs architectural motifs, Kirtimukha etc. with their respective mount and attributes. The most important is the carving of Brahma. The *Mandapa* is designed after a pancharatha plan with five fold division of the bada. The tala jangha is carved with Khakhara mundis and the upara jangha has cult deities and regular interval at each wall that houses cult deity and other detached sculptures drawn from

old shrines of Puri.

Plain Interiors

Movable Collections : Nil

* Any Other (specify) : Large numbers of sculptures are noticed within the

niches and pedestals of the compound wall starting from the formative phase to the decline phase. Here one can notice religious images of Buddhsit, Jaina,

Saiva, Shakta and Vaishnavite faith.

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : Squar platform with five fold vertical division.

Building Techniques : Ashlar masonry. **Material of Construction** : Stand stone

11. Condition Assessment

In General Good / Fair : Fair

Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance

In Brief (Attach extra sheet if necessary)

Growth of vegetation and accumulation of large quantities of chariot wood hide the structure.

12. Threats to the Property

V	Natural							
	Negligence							
	Vandalism							
✓	Urban Pressures							
	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		

SECTION III: REFERENCES

13. Reference Sources (published and unpublished textual details)

1.

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2.

3.

14. Photographs

(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)

Photo Reference

CAPTION

15. Audio / Video

(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)

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Reference

DESCRIPTION :

16. Maps/Plans/Drawings

17. Listers

NAME: B. B. Satpathy **NAME:**

18. Reviewers

NAME: Dr. S. Pradhan **NAME:**

COMMENTS COMMENTS: