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THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH
WORD BOOK



THE
FRENCH AND ENGLISH
WORD BOOK

A DICTIONARY

With Indication of Pronunciation, Etymologies
and Dates of Earliest Appearance of
French Words in the Language

J. EDGREN, Ph.D., AND P. B. BURNET, M.A.

WITH AN EXPLANATORY PREFACE BY

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EDITOR'S PREFACE

THE French and English dictionary which is here offered is an entirely new compilation, the joint enterprise of an English and an American publishing house, specially designed to suit the modern needs of schools and colleges. The scholastic and academic study of modern languages displays at the present time a twofold tendency, that of research into the history of the language, and that of the apprehension and acquisition of it as a living instrument of speech. The former purpose can, of course, only be fully served by large works of reference, which are never of a portable kind. But the compilers have aimed, with considerable success, to diminish the occasions of recourse to these authorities, by including in a portable dictionary the salient historical facts, *i.e.* those of date and derivation, belonging to each word. They have also endeavoured to minister to the other tendency above mentioned by an ingenious scheme of indicating pronunciation, which I strongly recommend to the attention of the teaching profession. English orthography is notorious for its irregularity; and French orthography is far more irregular and inconsistent than it seems to be at first sight. It abounds, for example, in silent letters far more than English does. But in both languages it is possible (*a*), by indicating what letters are silent, and (*b*) by attaching some diacritical sign to the remaining letters, where necessary, which shall show their exact value in the given word, to make every word indicate *directly*, without any re-spelling in different characters, its actual sound. Pedagogically, this seems to me to be a very sound principle. It connects the shape of the word, as met with in print, directly with its sound. This is a distinct advantage to students, especially to those in whom the eye-memory is strong. The disadvantage of re-spelling, pure and simple, is that it gives the student two forms of the word to remember instead of one; and it is exceedingly difficult to remember both equally and without confusion. To give the word in a form which also indicates its

pronunciation is evidently a sound principle, whether a separate phonetic transcription be added or not. And it will continue to be so, so long as our traditional orthography holds its undisputed sway.

Nevertheless, I have thought it well to meet the growing demand for a scientifically phonetic study of languages, by re-writing the whole of the matter relating to the pronunciation of French and English sounds, in a way which, without demanding from the reader any technical knowledge of phonetics, may bridge the way to a sound phonetic study of these and other languages. Further to facilitate this object, I have expressed the value of each sound of both languages in the alphabet of the Association Phonétique Internationale. This is an alphabet capable of scientific definition; and it is therefore able to express more accurately, by a mere symbol, the shade of sound desired than any description, however painstaking, in terms of the shifting sounds of another language can possibly do. Those who desire to study more closely this valuable system of phonetic writing, may do so for French in Paul Passy's *Sons du Français*, for English in my *Northern English* (Dent), or for both, in Professor Rippmann's *Phonetics* (Dent), or in the monthly organ of the Association, the *Maître Phonétique*.

I have also added to the table of French sounds some paragraphs on the principal differences between French and English habits of speech, which the English student is sure to find useful; and in connection with the table of English sounds I have endeavoured to do the same thing in French, from the standpoint of a French-speaking student. I commend these paragraphs very earnestly to the attention of teachers, both of French and English nationality, with the view of demonstrating to them the utility of supplementing the traditional system of mere imitation by ear, with specific directions for the use and control of the organs employed. On that point much more might have been said, but in a work designed to be carried about by the student the claims of space are imperative. The most that can be done is to indicate the path of further study.

My descriptions of French pronunciation are based, in the first place, on a long-continued and careful observation of good French speakers, but also in many important particulars on the observations of my good friends, M. Paul Passy of the *École des*

Hautes Études at Paris, and Prof. Wilhelm Viëtor of the University of Marburg, to both of whom it is a pleasure to express this indebtedness.

In my descriptions of English, I have endeavoured to recommend, as far as possible, those pronunciations which are not local, or failing that, then those which are least conspicuously local. The best English is not that which at once stamps the speaker as coming from London or Manchester or New York, but that which, while sanctioned by educated usage, gives the fewest possible indications of locality. During the nineteenth century there was a centrifugal tendency in English, largely involuntary and altogether irrational, which made the realisation of such a common standard increasingly difficult: but signs are now not wanting of a purposed and rational tendency towards assimilation, which is on every ground to be desired.¹ The English of the compilers is naturally based on the tradition of Webster rather than on that of the British lexicographers; but it presents little that does not still pass current in the United Kingdom.

There is one phase of English pronunciation which is here dealt with more fully, I think, than in any previous work of the same kind—the pronunciation of the unaccented vowels. One general mark of the foreigner's English is, that he gives to the unaccented vowel the same clear value that he gives to the accented vowel. At first, this is perhaps almost inevitable, but he ought subsequently to observe and practise the unaccented sounds more closely. For this purpose they are described here in even greater detail than the accented sounds; because their values are neither so clear nor so invariable.

The chapters on pronunciation are incidentally also a criticism, a very damaging criticism, of English, and even of French spelling; although their direct purpose, of course, is something quite different. Yet reform seems hopeless: many efforts have been made, but it is clear that all frontal attacks on the established system are doomed to failure. I therefore take this

¹ Three years ago, the Modern Language Association made a praiseworthy effort to ascertain, by a kind of census, what variations actually exist in the pronunciation of good speakers of English, all over the world; and at their request I drew up a list of questions for that purpose. The results were inadequate, but the answers were not uninformative, and my thanks are due to those who sent them in.

opportunity of urging a suggestion which has strongly impressed itself upon me while handling this little work—namely, that it would be easy to print reading books and spelling books for children, with the same typographical devices of italics and diacritical marks as are used in this dictionary, and thus help to lighten what is, perhaps, the greatest, and is certainly the most gratuitously magnified, drudgery of children's lives. To foreign learners also such texts would be a great boon, being in fact phonetic texts in ordinary spelling. Whether such texts would lead to any reform of the spelling itself, is a question which I do not raise: because it seems hardly practical.

In conclusion, I would urge those who use the dictionary for pronouncing purposes, not to be discouraged by the number of phonetic signs to be learned. The general remarks should be carefully read, and the particular values looked up when they are required. They will thus impress themselves gradually, until at length the memory of them becomes automatic.

R. J. LLOYD.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, LIVERPOOL,
September 1901.

COMPILERS' PREFACE

THAT there is need of a more scholastic work, quickened with the results of recent philological research, for the use of English students of the French language, may be asserted without any implied disparagement of various practical dictionaries, excellent within their own sphere.

And it is in this belief that we have endeavoured to prepare a work embodying:

I. A scholarly and yet thoroughly practical French-English dictionary, founded upon the highest modern authorities, and embodying a measurably complete list of modern and obsolescent French words, with their pronunciation, derivation, and earliest occurrence in the language, as well as their meanings and less obvious uses; and

II. An English-French dictionary, serving the purposes of French composition and speaking, and containing a sufficient amount of modern and archaic words with their pronunciation, etymologically arranged, to serve the French student of English.

These general features of the present work are more fully explained below.

I. THE FRENCH-ENGLISH PART.

1. *Authorities.* The main authorities relied upon have been Hatzfeld-Darmesteter-Thomas' "Dictionnaire général de la langue française" (to fascicule 28), and Littré's "Dictionnaire de la langue française." But various other lexical works, such as Scheler's, Spiers', Thibaut's, Sachs', Roubaud's (Heath's), Webster's, Cassell's, and the Standard dictionaries have been used, and "Romania" and the "Zeitschrift der romanischen Philologie" consulted for the most recent philological suggestions.

2. *Vocabulary.* Without any claim to completeness, this dictionary nevertheless contains a much greater number of French words than ordinary school dictionaries of its size; and many of these words, recently become current, are wanting in most large lexical works. The words have not been compiled promiscuously, but selected on the joint authority of Hatzfeld-Darmesteter-Thomas (which bids fair

to be the standard dictionary of France) and Littré. Very few words contained in the former work have been omitted, while several not found there are included. Numerous *proper* nouns of somewhat unfamiliar form, but of ordinary occurrence, have also been given in the general alphabetical list. Obsolete words are indicated by a dagger (†).

3. *Irregular forms* of inflection have been noted, and the full conjugation of each irregular verb is given, either directly where the verb occurs, or by reference.

4. *Of French idioms*, all that are self-explaining have, as a rule, been omitted. It is different, however, in the French-English part, where any idiomatic turn of an ordinary expression deserves notice.

5. *Pronunciation*. Regarding pronunciation, this work, though using a wholly independent system of presenting it, has otherwise followed, in the main, that of Hatzfeld-Darmesteter-Thomas. Only an exceptional use has been made of Michaelis-Passy's pronouncing vocabulary, which was not published till our work was nearing its completion.

The pronunciation of each word is denoted directly, without special transliteration, by the aid of *subscript* diacritical marks for the less common sounds. The student knowing that all signs above a letter (and the cedilla) are French, and these others conventional, will feel at home at once. To avoid complexity, some few finer shades of utterance, as especially the distinction between long and semi-long quantity, have been omitted. The Key to our plan of marking the pronunciation is found at the end of the preface (p. xiii).

6. *Derivation*. The immediate etymological derivation of every French word is given, as far as known, within brackets (or, in case of direct French derivation, indicated, where alphabetically feasible, by its place under the source-word). When the derivation is unknown or questionable, this is denoted by an interrogation-mark, alone or before a suggested etymology. Hypothetical etymologies are only sparingly resorted to, because in a work of this kind cautious reserve is preferable to guessing. Besides the immediate source of the French word, a yet remoter source is at times denoted in parenthesis. This second word is chosen without reference to its immediate or more remote antecedency to the first. The meaning of a Latin word, whenever deviating from the French, is given. Greek words are transliterated. Those popular Latin source-words, whose existence is only known by philological inference are, as usual in such

cases, preceded by an asterisk. Instead of the accusative, from which the French nouns, &c., are ordinarily derived, the Latin nominative is given. This will not trouble the Latin student, while it will serve other students who may wish to know, in its ordinary form, the Latin word from which the French is derived. Latin prototypes of primitive French words (words marked *) have their long vowel quantities marked without consideration of the gradual surrender of long quantities, and exchange of quantitative for qualitative differences in popular Latin (a conversion easily made by the student of French phonetics).

7. *Principles of arrangement.* The dictionary is entirely alphabetical. Kindred words following each other are grouped together. This for three reasons: first, as a means to furnish a valuable aid of association in acquiring the language, and foster the etymological sense; second, to avoid needless repetition of etymologies; third, to save space.

The first word of each group is given in full; the following words are abbreviated as far back as practicable. The division is marked by a rolled hyphen (~) for the head-word of the group, and by an ordinary hyphen (-) for the other words. Besides, to aid the eye in finding the head-word within the group—for it is not necessarily the first word, but the word under which the etymology is especially treated—it is preceded by double bars (||).

8. *Date of occurrence.* In addition to the etymology of the French words, their earliest occurrence in the language is also indicated. Words of popular Latin origin, brought into Gaul directly by the Romans (often identical with their classical types), are followed by a small circle; those introduced later, from whatever source, by an exponent number denoting the century of their earliest authenticated appearance in the language (e.g. *abime** = '*abime*, of direct popular Latin origin'; *abat*¹⁵ = '*abat*, first known appearance in 1500-1599,' i.e. in the sixteenth century). The philological value of this information needs no demonstration.

9. *Definitions.* The definitions of the French words, though not exhaustive, cover all the ordinary meanings, and to a considerable extent also such as are more exceptional or technical. The aim has been, especially for other than source-words, to give distinct varieties of meaning rather than mere synonyms, which the student may readily make out for himself. The definitions are arranged, as far as it has seemed practical, in the sequence of their historical development, and always so as to show their inter-relation.

An attempt has frequently been made—though, as not arranged

for from the beginning, with some discordance for different letters—to indicate the true relation between French and English cognates or equivalents, overlapping each other in meaning, by putting in parenthesis after the chief English meaning the meanings covered also by the French, thus aiding the student not only in selecting the appropriate rendering, but also in appreciating an interesting correlation (cf. *abandon, fourche, goutte, gousset, œil*, &c.).

English cognates, when not evident at first sight, are in small capitals, but in case of perfect identity of form, they are denoted simply by the sign =.

II. THE ENGLISH-FRENCH PART.

This part of the dictionary, though more immediately based on previous works of a similar scope and purpose than the first, is arranged, however, like it, to show the etymological kinship of the words, as well as their pronunciation. The requirements of pronunciation and accentual variation have at times necessitated a less rigorous and complete grouping of related words than in the first part. Except as suggested by the etymological grouping, and by French cognates (found for more than half of the English words), no etymologies have been given, as it would generally lead to sources unknown by the ordinary student of this part of the work.

As regards pronunciation, the principle of subscript signs for sounds deviating from the ordinary has been followed also here, except that the stress-vowel always has a sign over it, this being the easiest way of denoting the shifting English accent. To avoid a confusing multitude of signs, the many varying shades of sound of stressless vowels are marked only when distinctly deviating from the ordinary or neutral sound (cf. further the table below), and the velar value of *n* only when the following *g* is silent.

The letters B, C, F, L, M, N, P, S, W, X, Y, Z of the French-English Part are the portion done by Mr. Burnet.

H. EDGREN.

P. B. BURNET.

PRONUNCIATION

I. FRENCH

1. In the subjoined scheme the sounds of the French language are each described in three different ways: (a) for the purely English student, from English sources only; (b) for the phonetic student, more accurately, in the symbols of the *Association Phonétique*; and (c) quite accurately, by French key-words, which the student ought to hear pronounced by an educated native.

2. Note that the principle of the scheme is to make each word tell its own pronunciation: (a) by showing what letters are silent; and (b) by adding signs to the active letters, where necessary, to show what their exact value is.

3. These signs of pronunciation are all placed *under* the letters, save only the modifications of **c** (**e**) and **ch** (**eh**), which are to show that they have the values of English *s* and *sh* respectively.

4. All signs placed *over* the letters, and the cedilla (¸) belong to the spelling of the French word, but of these only **é** (=short **e**) and **ç** (=s) are here at all used to indicate pronunciation.

5. Silent letters are given in italics; hence **les**=**le**, **dette**=**dett**, **an**=**a**, **fil**/**le**=**fil**, **élever**=**élv**.

6. Rhetoric apart, a French word is always stressed on its last fully pronounced vowel. Final *e* can never carry the stress; e.g. **donne**/**r**, **â**/**me**, **aima**/**ble**, **li**/**tre**.

7. Short quantity is unmarked. Every French vowel is short when really final, i.e. when no sound follows it in the same word.

8. Long quantity is indicated by the usual mark, but it is placed *below* the vowel, and *above* any other subscript sign; e.g. **ro****se**, **ven****dre**. Fully long quantity is only found in stressed syllables (insomuch that the rhetorical shifting of stress, so peculiar to French, carries quantity with it). Long quantity is generally associated with either (a) the circumflex accent; (b) nasality; (c) the digraph **au** (**au**); (d) a following **r**, **v**, **z** (=s), **j** (=g), or any consonant + **r**; less uniformly with a following *l mouillé*; e.g. **rô****le**, **re****nte**, **aun****e** **tour**, **lou****ve**, **eh****se**, **rou****ge**, **li****bre**, **bat****a**/**le**.

9. Medial (or half-long) quantity is chiefly found in derivative words. It is not so steady in value as either long or short quantity, and has not here been marked; but the following rules cover most cases of its occurrence:—

- (a) Syllables which, when stressed, have their vowel fully long, continue to have it half-long when another syllable is added and assumes the stress. The student must note this rule, especially in pronouncing derived words; e.g. under the source-word **planch****e**,

with long vowel, are found **plancher** and **planchette**, but these have it only half-long.

- (b) But if, in a like case, more than one consonant follows, the originally long vowel generally becomes short; e.g. **art**, **artistique**; **briève**, **brièveté**. Some vowels, however, offer exceptional resistance to shortening, and generally remain half-long in all unstressed positions. These are **ø** (= **au**), **eu**, and all the nasal vowels; e.g. in **autrement**, **euphonie**, **impératif**.

- (c) The termination **-ation** has the first vowel half-long; also **-able** and **-ible**, but with fluctuation both ways.

10. Note that the method here followed leads of necessity to the representation of some sounds in more than one way. It may be sometimes convenient to see these equivalent forms grouped together. The groups are: **ê=é**: **ä=ë**: **i=y**: **ï=ē=y**: **o=au**: **ô=au**: **e=ai=ei=ay** and usually **ey**: **oi=oua**: **oi=oua**: **þ=p**: **c=k=ch=qu**: **g=j**: **l=y** (or **i**) consonant: **s=z**: **t=s**.

11. Note also that the signs of the three closest vowels, **i** (= **y**), **u**, and **ou**, have each also a consonantal value. Their articulation is then compressed, and their sound becomes audibly frictional: see **i**, **y**, **u**, **ou**, **ey** in table. Three values each will also be found for **r** and **x**: for **r** these are optional alternatives; for **x** they are determined by position.

12. French vowels must not be slurred or collapsed in unstressed syllables, as English vowels are. Every vowel must be clearly heard, steady in quality, and not diphthongised. The only collapsible vowel in French is **æ** (see table).

13. VALUES OF LETTERS AND SIGNS

(a) SINGLE LETTERS (Vowels)

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.	
			Short.	Long.
a	Heard short in North Eng. <i>man</i> (which is opener than South Eng. <i>man</i>): not heard long in good Eng. (but in S.W. prov. <i>half</i>)	a	la	usage
ä	Long in Eng. <i>father</i> : short in Scotch prov. <i>man</i>	ä	pas	tâche
ä	The same, strongly nasalised, and slightly verging towards Eng. <i>aise</i>	ä¹	banc	banque
e	Short in Eng. <i>bet</i> : long in Eng. <i>fairy</i> : but tongue more convex, lips more spread	e	jet	thèse
		ε	dette	bête

(a) SINGLE LETTERS (Vowels)—continued

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.	
			Short.	Long.
e } é } e e e e i	Long in Eng. <i>fate</i> : but tongue convex, lips spread, no off-glide of short <i>i</i> : never long in Fr., never short in Eng. Like Eng. <i>the</i> before consonants; but mouth hollower, lips slightly rounded: short. = $\frac{1}{2}$ (which see): this symbol is final only, and short Identical with $\frac{1}{2}$, which see (a) Not followed by vowel: long in Eng. <i>pique</i> , but tongue convex, lips spread: never short in Eng. (b) Followed by vowel = consonant as in Eng. <i>collier</i> Exceptional <i>i</i> before vowel = both above combined Vowel of South Eng. <i>man</i> , strongly nasalised Long in Eng. <i>awe</i> , short in <i>dog</i> : but mouth more hollowed, and lips more rounded (Duller in Fr. - <i>onn</i> - and - <i>omm</i> -; e.g. Fr. <i>bonne</i> approaches Eng. <i>bun</i>) Long in Eng. <i>note</i> (not Cockney): but lips rounder, mouth hollower, no off-glide into Eng. <i>oo</i> : never short in Eng. Sound of Eng. <i>awe</i> , strongly nasalised, and drawn a little towards $\frac{1}{2}$ by mouth-hollowing and lip-rounding (a) Not followed by vowel: short in prov. Scotch and Devon <i>good</i> (<i>guid</i>). Articulate Eng. <i>ee</i> in <i>bee</i> , and keep the organs steady, while the lips <i>alone</i> are moved, till they gain the position for Eng. <i>oo</i> in <i>boot</i> . This sound will result.	e e e e e e i j ij e o o o o o o y	<i>plac</i> <i>été</i> <i>le</i> <i>man</i> <i>rien</i> <i>vent</i> <i>vie</i> <i>lieu</i> <i>prier</i> <i>ma</i> <i>école</i> <i>repos</i> <i>ron</i> <i>pu</i>	<i>wanting</i> " " " " <i>vendre</i> <i>rîre</i> <i>wanting</i> " <i>maj</i> <i>te</i> <i>por</i> <i>ro</i> <i>ronde</i> <i>pur</i>

(a) SINGLE LETTERS (Vowels)—*continued*

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.	
			Short.	Long.
u	(b) Followed by vowel = same sound, compressed into frictional consonant	u	lul	<i>wanting</i>
ū	Exceptional value of u , before vowel, but after g, k, q = Eng. <i>w</i>	w	quadrat	"
ū	Sound of Fr. ē , as above, very strongly nasalised	œ_r	un	<i>j'emprunte</i>
y	(a) Not followed by vowel = Fr. <i>i</i> not followed by vowel, as above	i	y	<i>analyse</i>
	(b) Followed by vowel = Fr. <i>i</i> , followed by vowel, as above	j	y-a-t-il	<i>wanting</i>
ȳ	= French nasal i , as above	ē_r	Drouyn	<i>lymphe</i>

(b) DIGRAPHS (Vowels)

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.	
			Short.	Long.
ai	= French (dotless) e , above defined	ε	lait	<i>chaise</i>
ay	Not followed by vowel (now only in proper names) = same	ε	Épernay	<i>Bayle</i>
āy	= <i>ay</i> followed by vowel = same e + y consonant. (But the proper names Bayard, Bayeux, Biscaye, Blaye, Bayonne, Mayence, Cayenne, La Fayette, make <i>ay</i> = a + y const.)	ej	payer	<i>wanting</i>
ei	= ai = ay = same Fr. e (hence printed here ef)	aj		
ey	Normal value of <i>ey</i> (= ay = ai = ef) = same Fr. e	ε	peigne	<i>neige</i>
ey	Exceptional value of <i>ey</i> (followed by vowel) = same e + y consonant	ε	bey	<i>Beyle</i>
		aj	grasseyer	<i>wanting</i>
au	Exceptional value of <i>au</i> (chiefly + <i>r</i>) = Fr. o , above	o	Paul	<i>centaure</i>

(b) DIGRAPHS (Vowels)—continued

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.	
			Short.	Long.
au	Usual value of <i>au</i> (or <i>eau</i>) = Fr. (dotted) o , above	o	eau	aube
eu	Between Fr. E and eu : obtain it from Eng. <i>ai</i> in <i>fairy</i> , by giving it the lip-rounding of Eng. <i>ave</i> . Compare Fr. u , above	œ	neuf	neuve
eu	Closer than eu : obtain from Eng. <i>e</i> in <i>rein</i> by giving it lip-rounding of <i>o</i> in <i>note</i> . Compare eu	ø	creux	creuse
oi	Short = <i>wa</i> in Eng. <i>scag</i> (= Fr. ou const. + a)	wa	voix	noir
oi	Eng. <i>w</i> + <i>a</i> in <i>father</i> : chiefly occurs after <i>r</i>	wa	croix	croire
oi	Eng. <i>w</i> + Fr. i (e), which see	w ɛ̃	joint	joindre
ou	(a) Not followed by vowel: long in Eng. <i>boot</i> , but with closer lip-rounding, and more steadily held	u	roux	rouge
	(b) Followed by vowel = Eng. <i>w</i>	w	oui	<i>wanting</i>
oy	Not followed by vowel = Fr. oi , which see	wa	Fontenoy	"
oy	<i>oy</i> followed by vowel = same	waj	joyeux	"
	Fr. oi + y consonant			
uy	Not followed by vowel = Fr. u const. + y (i) vowel	qi	Puy	"
uy	<i>uy</i> followed by vowel = same 2 sounds + y const.	qij	fuyant	"

In all other digraphs than the above, each letter has its own usual separate sound, whether written with diæresis or not: **réal**, **aéré**, **coôpéré**: and in the above digraphs also, when the diæresis is present, each letter recovers its usual separate sound: **naïf**, **Saül**, **Moïse**. But note 11.

(c) CONSONANTS

Letters and Signs.	English Description.	A. P. Symbol.	French Key-word.
b	thus dotted = p	p	absolu
c	unmarked, always = k	k	car
e	(or ç) thus marked = s	s	ici, ça
eh	thus barred = Eng. <i>sh</i> (but ch = k)	ʃ	chacun
g	unmarked = <i>g</i> in Eng. <i>go</i>	g	gant, guerre
ġ	thus dotted = <i>z</i> in Eng. <i>azure</i>	ʒ	geste
h	really silent, but preventing elision and liaison		la honte
h	like other italics = absolutely null		l'honneur
j	= ġ above = <i>z</i> in Eng. <i>azure</i>	ʒ	jeu
l	= y consonant, close and frictional	j	travail
n	like <i>ni</i> in Eng. <i>pannier</i> , but more combined		
q	= k	ɲ	régner, règne
r	Fr. classical stage-value (and easiest for Englishman) = Scotch and N. Eng. tongue-trilled <i>r</i> But many Frenchmen trill the uvula (= our Northumbrian "burr") And most Parisians reduce this trill to a simple uvular friction, resembling <i>g</i> in Ger. <i>Wagen</i> , but deeper, in the throat	k	quel, cinq
s	without dot = Eng. <i>s</i> in <i>say</i> ; never as in <i>busy</i>	r	rare
ş	with dot = Fr. or Eng. <i>z</i> (or <i>s</i> in <i>busy</i>)	R	
t	with dot = <i>s</i> without dot = Eng. <i>s</i> in <i>say</i>	ʁ	
x	generally = ks Unless <i>c</i> = <i>s</i> (ç) follows: then x = k only: note printing But in initial <i>exp.</i> , <i>ext.</i> , <i>exc.</i> (with <i>c</i> = <i>k</i>), <i>exq.</i> , most Frenchmen sound <i>s</i> only	s	sel
ẋ	= value of <i>x</i> in initial <i>ex.</i> + vowel: = <i>x</i> in Eng. <i>exact</i>	z	brise
		s	naïon
		ks	flexible
		k	excès
		s	excuser
		gz	exercice

Other consonants are nearly alike in both languages, but note the following paragraphs.

14. For "front" vowels, the habitual French attitude of tongue is well advanced and convex (see **i**, **e**, **æ** above): it is convex even for **a** and **æ**; and still more so for the "back" vowels (**o**, **ɔ**, **ou**), through severe depression of the tongue tip: whilst the English tongue is flatter, sometimes even hollow, and seldom visible. Hence in forming **d**, **t**, **l**, **n**, the Englishman easily uses the extreme tip of the tongue and places it *pointedly* against the upper gums; the Frenchman, never. He uses the extreme fore-surface, called the *blade*, or fore-blade, of the tongue, and places it *flatly* against the upper gums and teeth, which makes a characteristic slight difference in the sounds.

This sharp French curvature of tongue influences also the articulation of **s** (= **e**, **ç**), **z** (= **ʒ**), **j** (= **ʒ**) and **ch**, in all of which the French tongue-tip is often found against the *lower* teeth or gums.

15. The activity of the lips in French contrasts strongly with their inertness in English. In some vowels "rounding" is very vigorous (see **o**, **ɔ**, **ɔ̃**, **u**, **au**, **əu**, **eu**, **œu**, **ou**): in others, "spreading" (see **e**, **æ**, **ɛ**, **i**).

16. A slight aspiration of **p**, **t**, **k** passes unnoticed in English; in French it sounds quite foreign. Final **b**, **d**, **g**, on the other hand, have in French a whispered explosion or off-glide, which in the Englishman's pronunciation is generally inaudible, making the consonant curiously imperfect to a French ear. The same remark applies to the English method of combining these consonants without any intervening glide. Contrast English *act*, *apt* with French *acte*, *apte*.

17. Final **r** and **l** after toneless consonants (**p**, **t**, **k**, **f**, **s**) become also toneless, and **r** sometimes inaudible: *être*, *monocle*.

18. It is easier to acquire these peculiarities jointly than severally, because most of them hang physiologically together. Without them that clear and prompt transition from vowel to consonant, or consonant to vowel, which gives to French speech its characteristic crispness of utterance, is hardly possible.

II. ANGLAIS

1. Nous caractériserons de trois manières différentes les sons de la langue anglaise, comme nous l'avons fait pour ceux de la langue française: (a) au moyen d'une définition en français, pour l'étudiant qui ne parle que français; (b) à l'aide d'une caractéristique plus rigoureuse, et conforme à l'alphabet de l'Association Phonétique Internationale, pour les besoins de l'étudiant en phonétique; (c) au moyen d'une série d'exemples tirés de l'anglais, que l'on devra entendre prononcer par un Anglais cultivé.

2. Ici, comme dans la partie française, nous nous sommes servis d'un système de notations phonétiques, en vertu duquel chaque mot révèle sa propre

prononciation : (a) par l'indication des lettres muettes ; (b) par l'addition de marques significatives, qui mettent en relief, chaque fois qu'il en est besoin, la valeur exacte des lettres qui se prononcent.

3. Pour retrouver l'orthographe anglaise du mot il suffira de faire abstraction de tout signe, le tréma (¨) (bien rare en anglais) étant seul excepté.

4. En anglais toute voyelle accentuée, ainsi que la plupart des voyelles non accentuées, a besoin de quelque signe, qui indiquera sa valeur avec précision. La voyelle accentuée porte ici son signe au dessus de la lettre ; les autres ordinairement au dessous. La position de l'accent du mot saute ainsi aux yeux. Il est cependant des signes qui ne se placent pas facilement au-dessous de la lettre. Il arrive ainsi parfois que plus d'un signe se trouve au-dessus du mot. Alors on se sert du signe usuel de l'accent ('). Quelques-unes des voyelles atones (i.e. sans accent) se distinguent par l'omission de tout signe (voy. la liste).

5. Sous le rapport de l'accentuation, c'est-à-dire, de l'emphase syllabique, les deux langues sont en contraste direct. L'accent français se trouve toujours placé sur la dernière voyelle prononcée du mot : l'accent anglais peut se trouver sur n'importe quelle syllabe, et se trouve en fait le plus souvent sur la première. Il est bien plus fort que l'accent français : tandis que les syllabes atones sont plus faibles. Mais dans les polysyllabes, en plus de la syllabe accentuée, il y en a parfois d'autres, qui jouissent d'un certain degré d'emphase : on peut ainsi parler en anglais de syllabes toniques, semi-toniques et atones. Le rythme de ces changements d'emphase est parfois iambique (ou trochaïque), e.g. *exploration, examination* ; parfois dactylique, *penetrability* ; parfois mixte, *incomprehensibility*. Ces emphases secondaires tombent ordinairement sur les syllabes les plus significatives ; elles ne sont pas ici marquées. Il va sans dire qu'en anglais, comme en français, il y a une foule de petits mots atones qui suivent les lois des syllabes atones. Le Français a une tendance naturelle à prononcer ces mots en anglais un peu trop distinctement. Ils se prononcent ordinairement comme des syllabes atones obscurcies (6).

6. Les voyelles atones anglaises se prononcent non seulement avec moins de force, mais aussi avec moins de soin, que les voyelles toniques. De là un certain changement de qualité : et au cas où elles sont longues, un certain raccourcissement. Il en est de même à un degré inférieur, des voyelles semi-toniques. Pour ces raisons nous donnons une description et un exemple, non seulement du son accentué ou emphatique de chaque lettre, mais aussi du son atone. Il est à remarquer cependant que la valeur atone d'une voyelle est bien plus incertaine et chancelante que sa valeur tonique. Dans une conversation rapide elle en diffère bien plus que dans un discours d'apparat. Toute voyelle, cependant, ne se prête pas à ces changements avec la même facilité. Les voyelles qui en souffrent le plus sont les *æ* et *ɔ* courts (voy. la liste). Ces deux voyelles (et d'autres aussi parfois) ont souvent une valeur tout à fait obscure, telle que celle de l'e français de *le* : elles peuvent même, sous l'influence d'un *l* ou d'un *r*, disparaître entièrement. Ces voyelles obscurcies retiennent quelques différences d'articulation, mais à une oreille étrangère il est impossible de les distinguer l'une de l'autre, ou de *ü* (voy. liste). Il vaut donc mieux les regarder comme possédant une même valeur. La voyelle *i* souffre très peu de cet obscurcissement.

7. Nous imprimons les lettres muettes en italiques : ainsi, *tēs, thōugh*.

8. En anglais, comme en français, les voyelles se divisent en longues, en demi-longues et en brèves. Ici, comme dans la partie française, nous n'avons pas marqué les demi-longues : mais, tandis que dans la première partie, nous avons classé les demi-longues avec les brèves, ici nous les avons marquées comme longues. Par exemple, toute voyelle atone, marquée comme longue, n'est en réalité que demi-longue : comparez la longueur en anglais des *o* de *note* et de *notation*. On trouvera d'autres cas de demi-longueurs dans la liste des voyelles.

9. On remarquera cependant que les signes de longueur (ː) et de brièveté (˘) indiquent en anglais une différence aussi bien de qualité que de longueur. En français toute voyelle longue existe aussi comme voyelle courte, tout en ne changeant pas de qualité. Il n'en est pas du tout ainsi en anglais : les voyelles *ā, ē, ī, ō, ū*, ne diffèrent pas seulement de *ā, ē, ī, ō, ū*, sous le rapport de la longueur : chaque son est tout à fait différent.

10. Il est aussi à remarquer que chaque signe employé pour les voyelles indique non seulement une certaine qualité de son, mais en même temps sa longueur ou sa brièveté. Aucune voyelle anglaise n'existe à la fois comme longue et comme courte. Les voyelles longues et les voyelles brèves sont donc rangées en deux listes distinctes (12) : et en les comparant, on remarquera facilement que la même voyelle ne se trouve guère dans les deux listes.

11. La méthode consistant à baser la prononciation sur l'orthographe ordinaire a pour résultat nécessaire la représentation d'un même son sous plusieurs formes différentes. Les groupes suivants, d'une équivalence absolue, ne peuvent être évités : il est utile de les rassembler ainsi, afin de faciliter leur reconnaissance immédiate :

VOYELLES LONGUES

<i>ā</i> (<i>āi</i> , <i>āy</i>) = <i>ē</i> (<i>ēi</i> , <i>ēy</i>)	<i>ē</i> (<i>ēa</i> , <i>ēc</i> , <i>ēf</i>) = <i>ī</i> (<i>īc</i>)	<i>ū</i> = <i>yū</i> = <i>ew</i>
<i>ā</i> (<i>āu</i> , <i>āw</i>) = <i>ō</i>	<i>ī</i> = <i>y</i> = <i>āy</i>	<i>ōi</i> = <i>ōy</i>
<i>ā</i> (<i>āf</i>) = <i>è</i> (<i>èf</i>)	<i>ō</i> (<i>ōo</i>) = <i>û</i>	<i>ōu</i> = <i>ōw</i>

VOYELLES BRÈVES

ā = *ō* : *ī* = *y* : *ō* (*ōo*) = *û* : *ð* = *ū* : *ē* = *ō* = *ī* = *ū*

CONSONNES

<i>k</i> = <i>c</i> = <i>q</i>	<i>ch</i> = <i>tch</i> = <i>ṭ</i>	<i>g</i> = <i>g̃</i>	<i>x</i> = <i>ks</i>
<i>s</i> = <i>c</i> = <i>ç</i>	<i>ch</i> = <i>sh</i> = <i>ʃ</i> = <i>ṭ</i>	<i>w</i> = <i>u</i> consonne	<i>x</i> = <i>gz</i>
<i>z</i> = <i>ẓ</i>	<i>g</i> = <i>j</i>	<i>y</i> cons. = <i>i</i> cons.	<i>x</i> = <i>ksh</i>

• L'étudiant n'aura pas besoin de se soucier beaucoup des formes entre parenthèses : il remarquera que, par l'emploi de caractères italiques, on a indiqué leur identité avec les autres.

12. VALEUR DES LETTRES POURVUES DE SIGNES

(a) VOYELLES BRÈVES

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
ă	a	a français de <i>patte</i> , ou approxi- mativement, dans le Sud de l'Angleterre, <i>e</i> de <i>dette</i> . semi-tonique, conserve le son de l'ă tonique : s'il est suivi de plusieurs con- sonnes, presque de même : ailleurs, toujours plus ou moins obscurci, s'approche de l'eu fran- çais de <i>leur</i> , les lèvres n'étant pas arrondies : spécialement (a) entre un accent principal et un accent secondaire, (b) à la fin d'un mot, (c) dans les mono- syllabes atones.	a a a ə ə ə ə	căn adōrăt/ōn accrûe abōut canōe sŷmpathīse América that (conj.)
á	a	Voy. ō, forme équivalente, et plus fréquente. Presque = a déjà décrit ; plus ex- actement = o (v. ci-dessous)	o Λ	quálify ēqualīse
ē	e	e français de <i>dette</i> . semi-tonique, conserve le même son : suivi de plusieurs consonnes, presque de même : suivi d'une consonne et après l'accent = é français obscur : suivi d'une consonne et avant l'accent = i anglais (ci-dessous). Sauf (a) devant r, où il devient tout à fait obscur : (b) dans les désinences -el, -en etc., de même : (c) dans l'article <i>the</i> devant une consonne.	e e e e i ə ə ə	dēbt perorăt/ōn īnsect fīshez petīt/ōn līteral ēlement the
ē		(=ī=ō=ū v. ci-dessous, qui se trouvent seulement devant r, et qui sont tous demi-longes quand ils sont toniques) = eu français de <i>peur</i> , mais avec la langue aplatie et les lèvres privées de tout arrondissement	Λ	pērt

(a) VOYELLES BRÈVES—*suite*

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
i	e	de même, mais toujours bref	Λ	pertām
		formé parfois inconsciemment par les Français en chantant leur i, afin d'émettre un ton musical plus ample : langue baissée et aplatie	I	tīn
i	i	presque identique (6) : mais voyez aussi les consonnes	I	sātin
		v. ē (ci-dessus)	Λ	thīrd
	i	v. e " "	Λ	eīrcūitous
ø		o français de <i>botte</i> , mais avec les lèvres moins arrondies, et la bouche moins creusée ; tire ainsi un peu sur l'a de <i>pâtisserie</i>	oʀ	cōt
o		semi-tonique, conserve le même son :	oʀ	propagātion
		suivi de plusieurs consonnes, presque de même :	oʀ	obtūse
		ailleurs, il est toujours plus ou moins obscurci, et arrive parfois, sans incorrection, à l'ū anglais de <i>but</i>	Λ ⁺	obēy parābola
ò		voy. ū, forme équivalente et plus fréquente	Λ	dōne
	ò	voy. ū, forme équivalente et plus fréquente	Λ	fōxglōve
ó		ou français de <i>tout</i> , mais très relâché, comme il l'est parfois inconsciemment par un chanteur qui tâche d'émettre un grand volume de voix : comparez i :	u	wólf
		le plus souvent écrit oo, et ici imprimé óo	u	góod
	ó	rare sans accent, et garde le son accentué	u	bārefóot
õ		= ē (v. ci-dessus)	Λ ⁺	wōrld
	õ	= e (")	Λ	frētwork
ü		e français de <i>le</i> , mais plus ouvert, la langue plate, les lèvres inertes, la bouche non creusée, et simple émission de voix	Λ	büt

(a) VOYELLES BRÈVES—*suite*

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
	u	déjà obscur, ne peut l'être d'avantage	ʌ	unfit
û		= ô , forme équivalente et plus fréquente	ʊ	pût
	ü	encore plus relâché que û , sans devenir tout à fait obscur	ʊ̃	instrument
ũ		= ẽ (v. ci-dessus)	ʌ̃	bŭrn
	ũ	= e (") : voyez aussi le tableau des consonnes	ʌ	hcartbyrn
ỹ		= ĩ (v. ci-dessus)	ɪ	sỹmbol
	y	= i (") : voyez également le tableau des consonnes	ɪ	anălysis

(b) VOYELLES LONGUES

(avec les diphthongues exprimées par une seule lettre)

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
ā		<i>ay</i> français de <i>abbaye</i> , mais avec le premier élément demi-long, le second très court, l'un et l'autre très relâchés : s'écrit souvent <i>ai</i> , <i>ay</i> : que nous imprimons sous la forme āi , āy	ẽɪ	plāte
	ā	perd le second élément, et devient ainsi demi-long : s'abrège et s'obscurcit dans les adjectifs d'un emploi usuel	ẽɪ ə	cōntemplate immēdiate
â		se prononce ou bien (1) comme â (v. ci-dessous), dans le Sud de l'Angl. ; ou bien (2) comme l' <i>a</i> français de <i>Paris</i> , demi-long (dans le Nord de l'Angl. et aux Etats-Unis)	a: a	lāst chānce

(b) VOYELLES LONGUES—*suite*

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
	à	sans accent, la prononciation (1) devient demi-longue sans accent, la prononciation (2) devient brève (=a)	a· a	ou'tcàst spÿglass
â	â	â français de <i>pâte</i> : mais demi-long devant r. a français de <i>pâté</i> , i.e. demi-long: mais bref devant r.	d: a·(x) a· a (x)	fâther fârther grândfâther artístic
â		o français de <i>tort</i> , mais avec la langue plus plate, les lèvres moins arrondies, et la bouche ainsi moins creusée et le son un peu rapproché de d		áll âuthor
	â	même son, mais demi-long (Souvent écrits <i>au</i> , <i>aw</i> : ici imprimés <i>âu</i> , <i>âw</i> : <i>âu</i> , <i>âw</i>)	o·r: o·r'	âwful làudâtíon
ã		e français de <i>verre</i> , mais avec la langue plus plate: n'existe qu'avant r; souvent écrit <i>ai</i> , ici imprimé <i>ã</i>	et: et'	vários dãry wãýfarer
	ã	même son, mais demi-long		
ë		i français de <i>vive</i> , avec la langue baissée, moins convexe même son, mais demi-long (Souvent écrits <i>ee</i> , <i>ea</i> : ici imprimés <i>ëe</i> , <i>ëa</i> : <i>ëe</i> , <i>ëa</i>)	it: it'	bëe côncrète
	ë	=ã, forme équivalente et plus fréquente (v. ci-dessus)	er·t	thêy
	ë	=a, forme équivalente et plus fréquente (v. ci-dessus) (Le plus souvent écrits <i>ei</i> , <i>ey</i> : imprimés ici <i>êi</i> , <i>êy</i>)	er'	sûrvêy, <i>sb.</i>
è		=ã, forme équivalente et plus fréquente (v. ci-dessus)	et:	whêre
	è	=a, forme équivalente et plus fréquente (v. ci-dessus)	et'	sò'mewhêre
i		ai français de <i>baïonnette</i> , mais avec le second élément relâché en i anglais (v. les voyelles courtes)	ai	pîne
	i	même combinaison, quelque peu abrégée	ai	âlpîne

(b) VOYELLES LONGUES—*suite*

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
î	i	= ē , forme équivalente et plus fréquente (<i>v. ci-dessus</i>) = e , forme équivalente et plus fréquente (<i>v. ci-dessus</i>)	ī: ī-	marine invalid
ō	o	ô français de <i>rôle</i> , glissant vers <i>ou</i> de <i>fou</i> ; ou plus exactement, vers û anglais (<i>v. les voyelles brèves</i>) o français de <i>torture</i> , demi-long, sans <i>ou</i> : placé entre l'accent secondaire et l'accent principal, souvent bref et obscur. (Souvent écrits <i>oa</i> , <i>ow</i> : ici imprimés ōa , ōw ; oa , ow)	o: o- Λ	bōne romānce invocātion
ô	ô	= â , forme équivalente et plus fréquente (<i>v. ci-dessus</i>): mais demi-long devant <i>r</i> . même son, mais demi-long: bref devant <i>r</i> .	o: o- o- o-	brôth môrtal broâ/dclôth môrtālity
ô	o	= û (<i>v. ci-dessous</i>): plus souvent écrit <i>oo</i> , et ici imprimé ôo même son, mais demi-long	u: u-	tômb côol intô
û	û	<i>ou</i> français de <i>rouge</i> , mais avec les lèvres moins arrondies, la langue plus plate, la bouche moins creusée même son, mais demi-long	u: u-	rûle frûit/on
û	u	la dernière syllabe de <i>caillon</i> : plus exactement, l' û précédent, précédé d'un <i>y</i> consonne même combinaison, mais l' û demi-long: mais entre l'accent principal et l'accent secondaire l' û devient bref, et s'approche de û , ou même de û (<i>v. ci-dessus</i>): cela arrive ailleurs aussi dans les mots très usités	ju: ju- ju ju	tûne duālity ûndulāte fôrtune
ÿ	ÿ	= ī (<i>v. ci-dessus</i>) = ī (")	ai ai	stÿle anodyne

(c) AUTRES DIPHTHONGUES

Lettres pourvues de Signes.		Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
Ton.	Aton.			
<u>ew</u>	<u>ew</u>	= <u>ū</u> (v. ci-dessus) = <u>u</u> („ „)	ju ^r . ju ^r .	dēw mildew
öi	öy	öi français de <i>langue d'öil</i> : ou bien de <i>Moïse</i> , avec l'i plus bref : plus exactement, ö anglais + i anglais	ɔ ^r I	cöil
öy			ɔ ^r I	böy
	öi	même combinaison, un peu abrégée		rhömböid
	öy			ënvöy
öu	öw	aou français de <i>caoutchouc</i> , avec emphase sur l'a : plus exacte- ment, a anglais + u anglais (v. ci-dessus)	au	öut
öw			au	töwn
	öu	même combinaison, un peu abrégée		outv ^l e
	öw			be'dgown

(d) CONSONNES

Lettres pourvues de Signes.	Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
c	dépourvue de signe, toujours = k	k	cāse
ç	avec cette barre = s français de <i>si</i>	s	civil
ç	ainsi souligné = ch français de <i>champ</i>	ʃ	atröçious
g	sans signe ajouté = g français de <i>gauche</i>	g	gö
g̣	avec ce point au-dessous = j anglais (v. ci-dessous)	dʒ	g̣em
h	une aspiration, très forte si suivie de l'accent ; ailleurs plus faible	h	hârd
i	devant voyelle, devient consonne = y français de <i>yeux</i>	j	inītiative
j	dj français du mot <i>adjectif</i> , mais plus lié	dʒ	jüdge

(d) CONSONNES—suite

Lettres pourvues de Signes.	Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
ŋ	son qui s'articule avec la surface postérieure de la langue (en contraste direct par suite avec le <i>gn</i> français de <i>gagner</i> , qui s'articule avec la surface antérieure), et au même endroit que les sons (souvent voisins) de g et de k		ɪŋk lɒŋg
q	= k	ŋ	fɪŋɡər pɪk
r	a une valeur très variable en anglais : la seule valeur qui puisse s'employer dans toute position sans incorrection, c'est le <i>r</i> lingual non roulé ; même alors il faut le faire bien plus faible à la fin d'une syllabe qu'au commencement : c'est le <i>r</i> dramatique français, mais privé de tout roulement : le <i>r</i> grasseyé est à éviter, rigoureusement		ɪrɪˈvərənt rɪˈvər briˈər sɪt
s	sans autre signe = <i>s</i> français de <i>si</i>	s	rɔʃe
ʃ	avec ce point au-dessous = <i>s</i> français de <i>rose</i>	z	sʊɡər
ʃ̣	ainsi souligné = <i>ch</i> français de <i>chat</i>	ʃ	vɪʒən
ʃ̥	= j français	ʒ	næʃən
ṭ	ainsi souligné = <i>ch</i> français de <i>chat</i>	ʃ̥	ˈkrɪstʃiən
t̥	= ch (v. ci-dessous)	tʃ	dɪˈstɪŋɡwɪʃ
u	valeur consonantale de <i>u</i> , après q (et parfois après g) = w (v. ci-dessous)	w	lɪŋɡwəl
w	= <i>ou</i> français consonantal de <i>ouate</i> ou de <i>oui</i>	w	wē
x	ordinairement = <i>ks</i> mais suivi de c (i.e. de <i>c = s</i>), <i>x = k</i> et comme initiale, <i>x = z</i>	ks	kɒmˈpleks
ʒ̥	avec ce point au-dessous = g + z (v. ces lettres)	k	ɪkˈsaɪt
ʒ̥̣	ainsi souligné = k + sh (v. ces lettres)	z	ˈzænəfən
y	devient consonne au commencement d'un mot - ou d'une syllabe	gz	ɪˈkzɪst
z̥	ainsi marqué = ʒ (v. ci-dessus) = j français	kʃ	ˈlʌkʃəri
		j̥	jəˈlɒ
		j̥̣	bɔɪˈjər
		ʒ̥̣	ˈæʒʊr

(c) CONSONNES DOUBLES

Lettres pourvues de Signes.	Caractéristique de l'effet phonétique.	Signes de l'A.P.	Exemples figuratifs anglais.
ch	= <i>tch</i> français de <i>caoutchouc</i>	tʃ	chŭrch
tch	de même	tʃ	witch
ch	= sh , forme plus fréquente (<i>v. ci-dessous</i>)	ʃ	machine
sh	= <i>ch</i> français de <i>chat</i>	ʃ	sharp
th	Avancez la langue jusqu'à ce qu'elle touche les deux rangées de dents, presque fermées : tachez alors de siffler	θ	thín
thr	= la même articulation, avec l'addition d'un ton musical : diffère de th précisément comme s de z	ð	thén
wh	forme de w , fortement aspirée d'avance (<i>v. w</i>)	hw	whén

Les autres consonnes des deux langues se ressemblent beaucoup, mais les paragraphes suivants doivent être soigneusement étudiés.

13. La position habituelle de la langue en parlant anglais est plus plate qu'en parlant français : parfois même elle se creuse ; et elle est rarement visible (*v. ā, ã, ē, ci-dessus*, et 14 sur la prononciation française). Dans la plupart des articulations françaises la pointe de la langue se dirige en bas, et joue bien rarement le rôle principal dans les rapprochements de la langue et des autres organes. Mais en anglais la pointe de la langue est plus libre et souvent très active. Pour les sons où l'Anglais se sert de la pointe, le Français se sert de la surface située derrière la pointe, appelée parfois par les phonétistes "la lame" de la langue. Cette position exerce une influence caractéristique sur l'articulation et le son de *d, t, l, et n*. L'étudiant français doit s'exercer à articuler ces sons en appliquant la pointe de la langue dans un sens perpendiculaire aux gencives supérieures, à la distance de la largeur d'un doigt derrière les dents. On remarquera aussi que cette articulation exerce une influence caractéristique sur l'articulation et le son de la voyelle précédente ou suivante.

Cet emploi habituel de la pointe élevée de la langue a aussi pour résultat qu'en anglais les sons **s** (= **c** = **ç**), **z** (= **ʒ**), **sh** (= **ch** = **ʃ** = **tʃ**), **z** (= **ʒ**), et leurs combinaisons (**j, g, ch, x, &c.**), ne sont jamais formés par l'application de la pointe de la langue contre les gencives inférieures, comme ils le sont souvent en français. Ils se forment contre les gencives supérieures.

14. L'inactivité des lèvres en anglais contraste fortement avec leur activité en français. Les lèvres ne s'arrondissent guère, même pour **ō** et **û** ou **ũ** : l'augmentation ou la diminution nécessaire de l'orifice labial se produit au moyen d'un simple mouvement vertical des lèvres. Cette inertie se montre également dans les voyelles **ē** et **ā**, où les lèvres ne s'allongent pas du tout latéralement, comme on le fait d'habitude en français.

15. Nous avons signalé, dans l'article sur la Prononciation française, 16, quelques particularités des sons de *p, t, k* et de *b, d, g* : mais l'étudiant français n'a pas besoin de tenir compte de ces remarques pour sa propre prononciation : elles ont une portée générale, mais non une portée universelle. Il doit

néanmoins s'exercer à former de suite une combinaison, sans aucun son intermédiaire, entre deux consonnes plosives, comme dans les mots anglais *act* et *apt*.

16. Le *r* final, si faible ailleurs (13, *d*), recouvre sa force initiale devant une voyelle : dans les deux expressions *rare event* et *rarity*, les quatre *r* ont la même valeur.

17. Un caractère bien marqué de la langue anglaise parlée est sa prédilection à l'égard des transitions atténuées. Il ne doit pas se présenter de solution nette de continuité. Les phrases commencent et s'achèvent sans heurt : les sons dont l'articulation diffère considérablement se joignent en glissant l'un dans l'autre. Voilà le grand secret de la tendance de l'anglais à changer les voyelles longues en diphthongues.

En conséquence l'étudiant français doit se garder de rendre les voyelles finales trop abruptes et trop brèves : tandis que l'étudiant allemand doit veiller à ne pas aborder les voyelles initiales avec une explosion de voix trop marquée. En anglais une voyelle finale accentuée est toujours longue : en français toujours brève.

18. Les règles que nous venons de formuler sont plus difficiles en apparence qu'elles ne le sont en réalité. Elles se rattachent l'une à l'autre en une harmonie d'autant plus intime qu'elles font apercevoir tout l'ensemble des habitudes inhérentes au parler de chaque peuple. Il est donc plus aisé de se les assimiler collectivement qu'une à une : on se rendra compte que la connaissance de l'une facilite l'intelligence de toutes les autres.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

(Explanation in French added where needed.)

<i>abbr.</i> , abbreviation.	<i>geom.</i> , geometry.	<i>n.</i> , noun-substantive. <i>nom</i>
<i>adj.</i> , adjective.	<i>Ger(m).</i> , German, <i>alle-</i>	<i>substantif.</i>
<i>adv.</i> , adverb.	<i>mand.</i>	<i>nav.</i> , naval.
<i>agri.</i> , agriculture.	<i>Germe</i> , Germanic.	<i>OFr.</i> , old French, <i>ancien</i>
<i>alch.</i> , alchemy.	<i>Gr.</i> , Greek.	<i>français.</i>
<i>alg.</i> , algebra.	<i>her.</i> , heraldry, <i>blason.</i>	<i>opt.</i> , optics.
<i>Am.</i> , American.	<i>hist.</i> , history.	<i>orni.</i> , ornithology.
<i>anat.</i> , anatomy.	<i>horl.</i> or <i>horol.</i> , horology.	<i>P.</i> , Past.
<i>antiq.</i> , antiquity.	<i>hort.</i> , horticulture.	<i>paint.</i> , painting.
<i>Ar.</i> , Arabic.	<i>hunt.</i> , hunting, <i>chasse.</i>	<i>part.</i> , participle.
<i>arch.</i> , architecture.	<i>hydr.</i> , hydraulics.	<i>pers.</i> , person.
<i>arith.</i> , arithmetic.	<i>ichth.</i> , ichthyology.	<i>pharm.</i> , pharmacy.
<i>art.</i> , article.	<i>imp.</i> , impersonal.	<i>philos.</i> , philosophy.
<i>artil.</i> , artillery.	<i>Ind.</i> , Indicative.	<i>phys.</i> , physics, <i>physique.</i>
<i>astrol.</i> , astrology.	<i>indecl.</i> , indeclinable.	<i>pl.</i> , plural.
<i>astron.</i> , astronomy.	<i>intr.</i> , intransitive.	<i>p. L.</i> , popular Latin.
<i>auxil.</i> , auxiliary.	<i>interj.</i> , interjection.	<i>poet.</i> , poetic.
<i>bot.</i> , botany. [gion.	<i>iron.</i> , ironically.	<i>pol.</i> , politics.
<i>Cath. rel.</i> , Catholic reli-	<i>Ipf.</i> , Imperfect.	<i>pop.</i> , popular.
<i>carp.</i> , carpentry, <i>charpen-</i>	<i>irr.</i> , irregular.	<i>Pr.</i> , Present.
<i>terie.</i>	<i>It.</i> , Italian.	<i>pref.</i> , prefix.
<i>chem.</i> , chemistry, <i>chimie.</i>	<i>I've</i> , Imperative.	<i>prep.</i> , preposition.
<i>coll.</i> , collective.	<i>jest.</i> , jestingly, <i>par plai-</i>	<i>Pret.</i> , Preterit.
<i>com.</i> , commerce.	<i>santerie.</i>	<i>print.</i> , printing, <i>imprim-</i>
<i>conj.</i> , conjunction.	<i>jur.</i> , jurisprudence.	<i>rie.</i>
<i>cook.</i> , cookery, <i>cuisine.</i>	<i>L.</i> , Latin.	<i>pron.</i> , pronoun, <i>pronom.</i>
<i>dial.</i> , dialectic.	<i>leg.</i> , legal.	<i>prov.</i> , proverb.
<i>dy.</i> , dyeing, <i>teinture.</i>	<i>lit.</i> , literature.	<i>refl.</i> , reflexive.
<i>ecc.</i> , ecclesiastical.	<i>l. L.</i> , late Latin (vulgar or	<i>rel.</i> , religion.
<i>ech(oic)</i> , onomatopoeic.	<i>scholastic).</i>	<i>rhet.</i> , rhetoric.
<i>Eng(l).</i> , English.	<i>log.</i> , logic.	<i>Sansk.</i> , Sanskrit.
<i>engr.</i> , engraving, <i>gravure.</i>	<i>m.</i> , masculine.	<i>sculpt.</i> , sculpture.
<i>ent.</i> , entomology.	<i>mam.</i> , mammalogy.	<i>s(ing).</i> , singular.
<i>exc.</i> , exclamation.	<i>man.</i> , manège.	<i>Subj.</i> , Subjunctive.
<i>f.</i> , feminine.	<i>manu.</i> , manufacture.	<i>Swed.</i> , Swedish.
<i>fam.</i> , familiar.	<i>mar.</i> , marine.	<i>Span.</i> , Spanish.
<i>fenc.</i> , fencing, <i>escrime.</i>	<i>math.</i> , mathematics.	<i>surg.</i> , surgery, <i>chirurgie.</i>
<i>fig.</i> , figuratively, <i>au figuré.</i>	<i>mec.</i> or <i>mech.</i> , mechanics.	<i>Syr.</i> , Syriac.
<i>fin.</i> , finance.	<i>med.</i> , medicine.	<i>tech.</i> , technology.
<i>fort.</i> , fortification.	<i>metal.</i> , metallurgy.	<i>theat.</i> , theatre.
<i>Fr.</i> , French.	<i>mil(it).</i> , military art.	<i>theol.</i> , theology.
<i>Fut.</i> , Future.	<i>min.</i> , mineralogy.	<i>tr.</i> , transitive.
<i>gard.</i> , gardening, <i>jardi-</i>	<i>mol.</i> , mollusk.	<i>triv.</i> , trivial.
<i>nage.</i>	<i>mus.</i> , music.	<i>vet.</i> , veterinary art.
<i>geol.</i> , geology.	<i>myth.</i> , mythology.	<i>zool.</i> , zoology.

†, obsolete word or meaning.

°, of popular Latin origin (brought directly by the Romans).

°, etc., 10th, 11th, etc., century (first authenticated appearance).

* before a word, hypothetical form.

||, sign to help to find the source-word within a group.

~, division-sign of the source-word of a group (showing primary etymology).

-, division-sign of other than source-words.

=, abbreviation-mark for feminines and plurals, without reference to ordinary division (~, -).

-, French hyphen between compounds.

MONEY, WEIGHTS, MEASURES, ETC.

The normal value of an English sovereign is 25 fr., but the rate of exchange is generally slightly in favour of England, so that at genuine money-changers the traveller may expect to get from 15 to 20 c. premium on each sovereign he converts into French money. This premium is lost if English money is used in the ordinary course of expenditure. In American (U.S.A.) currency a dollar is equal to 5 fr., also with a premium in favour of America. English gold is taken everywhere, but it is difficult sometimes to get American (especially paper) currency taken. The following table gives the American and French equivalents of English small change, taking the sovereign at \$4 87 c. and at 25 fr.

English.			U.S.A. and Canada.			French.			English.			U.S.A. and Canada.			French.		
			4 dol. 87 c.			#1=25 fr.						4 dol. 87 c.			#1=25 fr.		
Pence.	Dol.	Cts.	Fr.	Cts.		Shillings.	Dol.	Cts.	Fr.	Cts.		Dol.	Cts.	Fr.	Cts.		
1		2		10		1		24		1	25						
2		4		21		2		49		2	50						
3		6		31		3		73		3	75						
4		8		42		4		97		4	100						
5		10		52		5		122		5	125						
6		12		62		6	1	46		6	50						
7		14		73		7	1	71		7	75						
8		16		83		8	1	95		8	100						
9		18		94		9	2	19		9	125						
10		20	1	4		10	2	44		10	50						
11		22	1	15		11	4	87		11	100						

The following Tables of Weights and Measures may be found useful:—

MEASURES OF LENGTH

	Inches.	Feet.	Yards.	Mile.
Millimètre...	0.039			
Centimètre...	0.393			
Décimètre...	3.937			
Mètre	39.37	3.280	1.094	
Décamètre		32.808		
Kilomètre...			1,093.633	0.621
Myriamètre.				6.2138

SQUARE MEASURE

	Sq. feet.	Sq. yards.	Acres.
Centiare.....	10.764	1.196	
Are		119.603	
Hectare		11,960.332	2.471

The arpent also sometimes used = 1 1/2 acres.

MEASURES OF WEIGHT

	Grains.	Lbs. Avoir.
Milligramme...	0.015	
Centigramme ..	0.154	
Déigramme	1.543	
Gramme	15.432	
Kilogramme		2.20

The term *liere* is still commonly used for the 1/2 kilo.

LIQUID AND CUBIC MEASURE

	Pints.	Gallons.	Cub. ins.	Cub. ft.
Millilitre ...	0.01		0.061	
Centilitre ...	0.17	0.02	0.10	
Déclitre ...	1.70	0.22	6.102	0.003
Litre	1.760	0.22	61.027	0.035
Décalitre ...		2.200		
Hectolitre...		22.009		3.531

SOLID MEASURE.

Stère (1 cubic metre)	1.31 cubic yard or 35 cubic feet, 547 cubic inches.
Décastère (10 stères)	13.1 cubic yards, 2 feet, 21 inches.
Décistère (10th of a stère)	3 cubic feet, 918 7 cubic inches.

In France the Standard Thermometer is the Centigrade. The following Table gives equivalents in Fahrenheit and Réaumur.

Cent.	Fahr.	Reau.	Cent.	Fahr.	Reau.	Cent.	Fahr.	Reau.	Cent.	Fahr.	Reau.
100	212	80	85	185	68	30	86	24	25	13	20
99	210.2	79.2	80	176	64	25	77	20	20	22	24
98	208.4	78.4	75	167	60	20	68	16	35	31	28
97	206.6	77.6	70	158	56	15	59	12	40	40	32
96	204.8	76.8	65	149	52	10	50	8	45	49	36
95	203	76	60	140	48	5	41	4	49	56.2	39.2
94	201.2	75.2	55	131	44	Zero	32	Zero	—	—	—
93	199.4	74.4	50	122	40	5	23	4	—	—	—
92	197.6	73.6	45	113	36	10	14	8	—	—	—
91	195.8	72.8	40	104	32	15	5	12	—	—	—
90	194	72	35	95	28	20	4	16	—	—	—

French-English

a

a [L.], m.: a (the letter).

à [L. *ad*, to], *prep.*: to, till, until; towards; at, on, in; with, by; for; per.

a-, **ab-** [L. *ab*, from, or *ad*, 'to,' or Fr. *d*, to]: *prefix*.

abais-se¹⁶, *f.*: flattened dough, crust, under-crust.

-se-langue¹⁸, m.: (*surg.*) tongue-depressor.

-sement¹¹, m.: lowering, depression; abasement (degradation; humiliation); decline (fall, dip; decrease); subjection.

||-seur¹¹ [*baïsser*], *tr.*: lower, depress; **ABASE** (degrade, debase; humiliate, humble); reduce, level, cut down; lop; disparage; *s'*—, be lowered; fall (subside, decrease; abate, decline); humble one's self (stoop).

-seur¹⁸, m.: depressor; (*anat.*) depriment.

†abait = *abet*.

abajoue¹⁷ [*? la bajoue*], *f.*: cheek-pouch (of certain animals), chop, chap.

abalourdîr¹⁸ [*balourd*], *tr.*: make heavy; dull (stupefy).

aban-don¹⁷, m.: abandonment (surrender, relinquishment); surrender of self, hence abandon (unconstraint, ease; recklessness); forlornness: *d l'*—, at random; in confusion; uncared for, unprotected, in utter neglect; to wreck and ruin; (*nav.*) adrift.

-donnataire¹⁸, m.: person to whom property is assigned, assignee, releasee.

-donné, *part.*: abandoned, etc.; reckless, forlorn; dissolute (lewd, profligate); m., *f.*: reckless or forlorn creature, etc.

-donne-ment¹¹, m.: abandonment (surrender, renunciation); recklessness, profligacy.

†-donnement¹⁸, *adv.*: unreservedly (freely); recklessly.

||-donner¹⁸ [*d*, OFr. *bandon*, 'power'], *tr.*: surrender, give up; **ABANDON** (forsake, desert); release; *s'*—, give one's self up (to), become addicted, indulge; neglect one's self, be careless; prostitute one's self, lead a dissolute life; begin to walk unaided; slacken one's pace.

abaque¹² [L. *abacus*, counting-board], m.: abacus.

abasourdîr¹⁷ [*fr. sourd*, like *abalourdîr* fr. *lourd*], *tr.*: stun, dumfound.

aba-t¹⁸ [*-ttré*], m.: †felling; thing felled, offal; downpour.

-tage¹² [*-ttré*], m.: fell-

abbatial

ing, cutting down; clearance; slaughter; leaning down, tendency to fall; work knocked down (quantity of work done):

vente d l'—, sales of wares spread out on the pavement.

-tant¹⁸ [*-ttré*], m.: (piece falling upon another, *as*) flap, falling-door, shutter.

abâtar-dîr¹¹ [*bâtard*], *tr.*: render degenerate, debase, corrupt (akin to, but differing in sense from **BASTARDISE**).

-dissement¹⁸, m.: degeneracy.

aba-tée¹⁸, *f.*: (*nav.*) falling off leeward.

-t-faim¹⁷, m.: fore-dish (esp. joint of meat).

-t-foin¹⁸, m.: hay-hole (to a rack), loft-trap.

-tis¹¹, m.: felling, cutting down; killing; thing felled: fallen heap; (*fort.*) abatis; giblets; (*hunt.*) foiling.

-t-jeur¹⁸, m.: (what brings down the light, *as*) sky-light, small window; reflector, lamp-shade; (what softens or turns off the light, *as*) window blind or shade, Spanish blind; awning.

-t-son¹⁸, m.: sound-reflector (over church bells), louvre-window.

-ttement¹², m.: †tearing down; dejection, depression; prostration; weakness.

-tteur¹⁸, m.: knocker-down, feller; slaughterer: — *de besogne*, hard worker; — *de quilles*, busy pretender.

-ttoir¹⁸, m.: slaughter-house, =.

||-ttré¹⁸ [p. L. **ab-bâttrere*, cf. *battre*], *irr.* (cf. *battre*); *tr.*: beat or knock down, cut down; fell, overthrow; slaughter; cast down, dishearten; lower, **ABATE**; lay (the dust); lay down, heave down (a ship); strike off, remove; *intr.*: lay down one's cards; (*nav.*) cast, fall off; *s'*—, break down, tumble; be cast down, be dejected; fall, abate; stoop; strike or come down suddenly (upon), pounce; (*nav.*) heel over, lie along: — *les cuirs*, skin (dead animals).

-ttu, *part.*: beaten down etc.; depressed, downcast, low-spirited, sad; prostrated; low, down; languid, faint; drooping.

-tture¹⁸, *f.*: knocking down, felling; †havoc; †(*hunt.*) abature, foiling.

-t-vent¹⁸, m.: (what turns off the wind, *as*) wind-screen; pent-house (of a steeple); weather-board; garden mat.

-t-voix¹⁸, m.: sounding-board (of a pulpit).

ab-batial¹⁸ [L. *-batialis*], *adj.*: =.

-baye⁹ **-bé-i** [L. *-batia*], *f.*: abbey; hospitable mansion. || **-bê**⁶ [L. *-bas* (Syr. *-ba*, father)], *m.*: abbot, priest; ecclesiastic, clergyman; lay-abbot, reverend gentleman: *monsieur l'—*, reverend Sir, Sir.

-besse⁹ [L. *-batissa*], *f.*: abbea.

abc¹² **a-bê-sé**, *m.*: a, b, c; alphabet.

ab-céder¹⁷ [L. *ab-cedere*, go off], *intr.*: open (of an abscess). **-côs**¹² [L. *abcessus*], *m.*: abscess.

†abaisse = *abaisse*.

Abdias, *m.*: Obadiah.

abdi-cation¹⁶ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: =; disinheritance. || **-quer**¹⁴ [L. *-care*, disown], *tr.*: abdicate, renounce.

abdo-men¹⁶ [L.], *m.*: =. **-minal**¹⁶, *adj.*: =.

abduc-teur¹⁵ [L. *ab-ducere*, lead off], *m.*: abductor; *adj.*: abducent. **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

abécé-(dé)¹¹, *m.*: a, b, c; alphabet; primer. **-daire**¹⁵ [L. *-darius*], *adj.*: abecedary, alphabetical.

abecquer¹⁴ [*â, bec*], *tr.*: feed (a bird).

abêc¹¹ [Ofr. *a-beer* (= *bayer*), be open], *f.*: opening or shoot (of mill-dam to the wheel), mill-lead.

a-boi-lage¹³, *m.*: bee-culture; bee-right (ownership of swarming bees). || **-beille**¹⁴ [Prov. *abelha* (L. *apicula*, small bee)], *f.*: bee: — *bourdon*, humble-bee; — *de ruche*, hive-bee, honey-bee; — *mère*, queen-bee. **-beiller**¹⁸, *être*, *adj.*: with bees, of a bee, bee.

abequer = *abequer*.

aberration¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (*errare*, wander)], *f.*: =.

†abet¹⁶ [? Ofr. *-ter*, lure], *m.*: bait.

abê-tir¹⁴ [*â, bête*], *tr.*: stupefy; dull; *intr.* or *refl.*: be stupefied, grow stupid or dull. **-tissement**¹⁵, *m.*: stupefying, stultification.

ab hoc et ab hac¹⁴ [L.], *adv.*: this way and that, at random, confusedly.

abhorrer¹⁵ [L. *-rrere* (*horre*, bristle, shiver)], *tr.*: abhor.

abigéat¹⁷ [L. *-geatus* (*ab-igere*, carry off)], *m.*: cattle-stealing.

abi-me⁹ [p. L. **abissimus*, superl. of *abyssus* (Gr. *â-bussos*, 'bottom-less')], *m.*: abyss, ABYSME; middle (of a shield). **-mer**¹⁵ **-bi-**, *tr.*: throw into an abyss, engulf, bury deeply; (*fam.*) destroy, injure; *s'—*, fall into an abyss, be engulfed or swallowed up, be lost or ruined.

ab intestat¹⁴ [L. *-tato*], *adv.*: abintestate (without a will).

ab irato¹⁷ [L.], *adv.*: in anger.

abjec-té¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: = (wretched, base). **-tement**¹³, *adv.*: abjectly. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (baseness, low or wretched condition); (self-)contempt.

abju-ration¹⁴ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. || **-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: abjure, forswear.

ablactation¹⁵ [L. *-tatio* (*lac*, milk)], *f.*: =.

abla-tif¹⁴ [L. *-tivus* (*ab-latus*, carried off)], *m.*: ablative. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

able⁹ [p. L. **albulus* (L. *-bus*, white)], *m.*: ARLET (a fish), bleak.

ablégat¹⁷ [L. *-gatus* (*-gare*, send off)], *m.*: ablegate (pope's representative).

a-blêret¹³ [*-ble*], *m.*: hoop-net. **-blette**¹³ [*-ble*], *f.*: small ablet.

ab-luer¹³ [L. *ab-luere*, wash off], *tr.*: wash, revive (old writing) by washing. **-lution**¹³ [L. *-lutio*], *f.*: =.

abnégation¹⁴ [L. *-tio*, DENIAL], *f.*: =; self-DENIAL, self-sacrifice.

a-boi¹² [*-boyer*], *m.*: barking, BAYING; cry; urgent appeal; *pl.*: barking (of hounds closing around the stag); desperate condition (as of the stag), last shift, BAY; *aux —*, at bay, at the last extremity. **-boiement**¹² or **-boiment** [*-boyer*], *m.*: barking, baying.

abo-lir¹⁴ [L. *-lere* (*olere*, grow), destroy], *tr.*: abolish, annul. **-lissement**¹⁴, *m.*: abolishment. **-lition**¹⁴ [L. *-litio*], *f.*: =, royal pardon. **-litioniste**¹⁵ [Eng. *-t*], *m.*: abolitionist.

abomi-nable¹¹ [*-nabilis*], *adj.*: =. **-nablement**¹⁶ [*-nable*], *adv.*: abominably. **-nation**¹¹ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: =, horror. || **-ner**¹¹ [L. *-nari* (*omen*), 'shun as ill-omened', abhor], *tr.*: abominate, abhor.

abon-damment¹¹ [*-dant*], *adv.*: abundantly. **-dauce**¹¹ [L. *-dantia*], *f.*: abundance, plenty, profusion; (*students' phrase*) drink of wine and much water: *parler d'—*, speak extempore; *parler avec —*, speak fluently. **-dant**¹¹ [L. *-dans*], *adj.*: abundant, abounding, profuse. || **-der**¹¹ [L. *-dare* (*unda*, wave)], *intr.*: ABOUND, overflow; be affluent; trust abundantly (as in one's own opinion), have full confidence; be over-confident.

abon-nataire¹⁸, *m.*: subscriber; contractor, lessee. **-né**¹³, **-née**, *m.*, *f.*: subscriber; ticket-holder. **-nement**¹², *m.*: subscription; agreement; season-ticket; ticket. || **-ner**¹³ [*â, borne*, limit: Ofr. 'agree to pay a limited sum'], *tr.*: subscribe, engage; contract; *s'—*, subscribe.

abon-nir¹¹ [*â, bon*], *tr.*, *intr.*: better, improve. **-nisement**¹⁵, *m.*: improvement.

a-bord¹⁵, *m.*: landing; approach; access; attack: *d'—*, or *de prime —*, at first; in the first place, to begin with; at once; first of all; *au premier —*, at first

approach; at first view, at first; *tout d'—*, at first; at once. **-bordable**¹⁵, *adj.*: approachable, accessible. **-bordage**¹⁵, *m.*: (nav.) boarding; collision, fouling. **-bordée**¹⁵, *f.*: (nav.) boarding. **-border**¹⁵ [*d. bord*, 'shore' (nav.) 'board'], *tr., intr.*: come to the BORDER or shore (of), land (at), approach; enter (on); touch, approach, accost; (nav.) BOARD; run foul of. **-bordeur**¹⁵, *m.*: (nav.) boarder.

aborigène¹⁵ [*L. -gines*], *m. or adj.*: aboriginal; *pl.*: aborigines.

abor-nement¹⁵, *m.*: placing of limits or land-marks. **-ner**¹⁵ [*d. borne*], *tr.*: set boundaries or limits to.

abortif¹⁵, **-tive** [*L. -tivus* (cf. *avorter*)], *adj. or m.*: abortive.

abot¹² [*for -bout*], *m.*: break or clog (for horses).

†abou-chement¹⁵, *m.*: parley, interview. **-cher**¹⁵ [*d. bouche*], *tr.*: bring together ('mouth to mouth'), effect an interview between; †make fall forwards ('on the mouth').

†abou-grir¹⁵ [*d. bougre*], *intr.*: be stunted. **-grissement**¹⁵, *m.*: stunted growth.

about¹², *m.*: BUT-end. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: splicing, tying together (two ropes). **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: joining together (end to end).

-ter¹² [*d. bout*], *tr.*: join by the end (BUT to BUT). **-tir**¹⁵ [*d. bout*], *intr.*: come to an end, issue, come (to); border on, ABUT;

break (of an abscess); push: — *d. rien*, come to nothing, be aimless. **-tissant**¹⁵ [*-tir*], *adj.*: issuing, bordering, abutting; *m. pl.*:

ends, bounds; circumstances, conditions; details: *les tenants et —s d'une terre*, the property and bounds of an estate (i.e. all pertaining to it); *les —s d'une affaire*, the circumstances (details) of a thing;

savoir tous les —s, know all the circumstances (or details); *les tenants et —s d'un homme*, a man's surroundings. **-tissement**¹⁵ [*-tir*], *m.*: ending, termination;

(med.) suppuration; joining piece.

ab ovo [*L.*, 'from the egg'], *adv.*: from the beginning.

abo-yant, *adj.*: barking, baying. **1. -yer**¹⁵ [old *a-bayer* (bayer?)], *intr.*:

bark, BAY; †*tr.*: bark at; dun.

2. †abo-yeur¹⁵ [*d. bayer*], *intr.*: long, yearn. **1. -year**¹², *m.*: aspirant.

2. aboyeur¹⁵ [*1. -yer*], *m.*: barker, snarler.

abracadabra¹⁵ [*Gr.*], *m.*: = (charm-word).

abraquer¹⁷, *tr.*: haul taut.

abrasion¹⁷ [*L. -rasus* (part. of *radere*, scrape off)], *f.*: =; excoriation.

abré-gé¹⁵, *m.*: abridgment, summary: *en —*, in an abridged form, briefly. **-gement**¹², *m.*: abridgment; dismemberment (of a fief). **-ger**¹⁵ [*L. ab-breviare*

(*brevis*, BRIEF, short)], *tr.*: ABBRIDGE, shorten, ABBREVIATE; dismember (a fief).

abreu-vage¹² *or* **-vement**¹², *m.*: watering. **||-ver**¹⁵ [*p. L. *ab-biberare* (*L. ad, bibere*, drink)], *tr.*: make drink, water (esp. animals); fill, soak, steep; *s'—*,

drink plentifully; go to water; be steeped. **-voir**¹², *m.*: watering-place (for animals);

(*mas.*) =.

abré-viateur¹⁴ [*L. -viator*], *m.*: abbreviator. **-viatif**¹⁴, **-ive**, *adj.*: abbreviatory. **-viation**¹⁴ [*L. -viatio*], *f.*:

abbreviation. **-viativement**¹⁴ [*-viatif*], *adv.*: briefly. **†-viature**¹⁵ [*L. -viare*], *f.*: sign of abbreviation. **||†-vier** [*L. -viare* (*brevis*, short, BRIEF)], *tr.*: abbreviate.

abreyer = *abrier*.

abri¹¹ [*abrier*], *m.*: shelter: *d. l'—*, sheltered; *tente d'—*, shelter tent.

abri-cot¹⁵ [*Port. (L. pra-coquus, PRECOCIOUS, early ripe)*], *m.*: apricot. **-coté**¹⁵, *m.*: candied apricot. **-cotier**¹⁵, *m.*: apricot-tree. **-cotin**¹⁷, *m.*: apricot-plum.

abri-er [*†*], *tr.*: shelter; (nav.) becalm. **-ter**¹⁷ [*abri*], *tr.*: shelter, screen. **-vent**¹⁷ [*abri, vent*], *m.*: shelter against the wind;

wind-break; sentry-box; cover.

abrogation¹⁵ [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: =, repeal. **||-ger**¹⁵ [*L. -gare* (*rogare*, ask)], *tr.*:

abrogate, repeal; *s'—*, be abrogated, fall into disuse.

abron-tir¹⁷ [*d. broul*], *tr.*: †browse; *part. -ti*, nipped, stunted. **-tis**¹⁵, *m.*: browsed copse. **-tissement**¹⁵, *m.*: browsing (of young trees), damage done by browsing.

abrup-¹⁷ [*L. -tus* (*rumpere*, break)], *adj.*: =, rugged. **-tement**¹⁵, *adv.*: abruptly. **-tion**¹⁴ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =; fracture.

abru-tir¹⁵ [*d. brute*], *tr.*: BRUTALISE; besot. **-tissant**¹⁵, *adj.*: brutalising, stupefying. **-tissement**¹⁵, *m.*: brutalisation; brutalised condition, beastliness.

abscisse¹⁷ [*L. -sua* (*scindere*, cut)], *f.*: abscissa(a).

ab-sence¹⁵ [*L. -sentia*], *f.*: =; lack: — *d'esprit*, absent-mindedness. **||-sont**¹⁵ [*L. -sens* (*ab-esse*, be away)], *adj.*: =;

lacking. **-senter**¹⁵ [*L. -sentare*], *tr.*: †absent; *s'—*, absent one's self, withdraw.

absi-dal¹⁵, *adj.*: apsidal. **||-de**¹⁵ [*L. -da* (*Gr. ἀψις*, tying, arch)], *f.*: APSE (apsis, semicircular termination of a church, etc.). **-diole**¹⁵, *f.*: small apse.

absin-the [*L. -thium*, wormwood], *f.*: absinth (plant or drink). **-thé**¹⁵, *adj.*: mixed with absinth. **-thique**¹⁵, *adj.*: absinthian.

abso-lu¹⁰ [*L. -lutus* (*solvere*, loosen)], *adj.*: absolute. **-lucement**¹⁵, *adv.*: absolutely. **-lution**¹¹ [*L. -lutio*], *f.*: =. **-lutisme**¹⁵ [*L. -tus*], *m.*: absolutism. **-lutiste**¹⁵

[*-lutisme*], *adj.* or *m.*: absolutist. **-lutoire**¹³ [L. *-lutorius*], *adj.*: absolutory.

absorbant¹⁷, *adj.*: absorbent. **-bement**¹⁷, *m.*: absorption. **-ber**¹² [L. *-bere*, drink down], *tr.*: absorb. **-ption**¹⁷ [L. *-ptio*], *f.*: =. **-ptivité**¹⁸, *f.*: absorptivity.

ab-soudre⁸ [L. *-solvere*], *irr.*; *tr.*: ABSOLVE (acquit; exculpate; give absolution to). **-sout**, *part.*: absolved. **-soute**, *f.* of **-sout**; *tab.*: absolution; funeral prayer; public absolution (on Thursday before Easter).

abstème¹⁵ [L. *-temius* (*ab-s*, *temium*, strong drink)], *adj.* or *m.*: abstemious (person).

abs-ténir¹² [L. *-tinere* (*ab-s*, *tenere*, hold)], *irr.*; *refl.*: ABSTAIN (refrain, forbear); decline. **-tention**¹⁵ [L. *-tentio*], *f.*: =; withdrawal. **-tentioniste**¹⁸ [*-tention*], *m.*: abstainer from voting.

abster-gent¹⁵ [L. *-gens*], *adj.*: =. **-ger**¹³ [L. *ab-s-tergere*, wipe off], *tr.*: absterge (cleanse). **-gif**¹³, **-ive**, *adj.*: abstergent. **-sion**¹⁸ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =.

absti-nence¹¹ [L. *-nentia*], *f.*: =. **-nent**¹¹ [L. *-nens* (*ab-s-tinere*, hold off)], *adj.*: =.

abstrac-teur¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: abstracter; subtle reasoner. **-tif**, **-ive** [L. *-tus* (*ab-s-trahere*, draw away)], *adj.*: abstractive. **-tivement**¹⁷ [*-tif*], *adv.*: abstractively. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =; separation.

abs-traire¹⁵ [L. *ab-s-trahere*, draw away], *irr.*; *tr.*: ABSTRACT (withdraw, separate); contemplate separately. **-traif**¹³ [L. *-tractus*], *adj.*: abstract(ed); isolated; abstruse. **-traitement**, *adv.*: abstract(ed)ly.

abstrus¹⁵ [L. *ab-s-trusus*, thrust away], *adj.*: abstruse (recondite).

absur-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: absurd. **-dement**, *adj.*: absurdly. **-dité**¹⁵ [L. *-ditus*], *f.*: absurdity.

abu-s¹⁵ [L. *-sus*], *m.*: abuse (misuse; offence); error, mistake. **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: abuse (misuse, maltreat; revile; violate; *†*Eng. deceive); *s-*, deceive one's self, be mistaken; *intr.*: abuse, misuse; take undue advantage, impose (upon), encroach; (*leg.*) consume. **-seur**¹⁵ [*-ser*], *m.*: abuser, deceiver; seducer. **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-sivus*], *adj.*: abusive, improper; *†*deceitful. **-sivement**, *adv.*: abusively, improperly.

abuter¹² [*d*, *but*], *intr.*: throw (a ball, etc., towards a mark) for a start; fit; *†tr.*: lean upon.

abyssal [L. *-sus* (cf. *abîme*), abyss], *adj.*: abyssal, immeasurable.

ac [L. *ad*, 'to'; or Fr. *d-*], *pref.*

facable¹⁴, *f.*, **-bit** [?], *m.*: nature (quality).

acacia¹³ [L.], *m.*: = (plant).

acadé-micien¹⁵ [L. *-micius*], *m.*: academician. **-mic**¹⁵ [L. *-mia* (Gr. *Akademia*),

Akademios' garden, where Plato taught], *f.*: academy (Plato's; society of learned men; high institution of learning, university; district sub-division of the University of France); training-school; riding-school; gaming-house. **-mique**¹³ [L. *-micius*], *adj.*: academic(al). **-miquement**¹⁵ [*-mique*], *adv.*: academically. **-misme**¹⁵, *m.*: adherence to academic traditions (esp. in paint. and sculpt.). **-miste**¹⁵, *m.*: academist (member of the French academy); pupil of a riding-school.

accagnarder¹⁵ [*d*, *cagnard*], *tr.*: make slothful; confine in a corner.

acajou¹⁶ [Port. (Brazil)], *m.*: mahogany.

a-canthacé¹⁷, *adj.*: acanthine. **-canthe**¹⁵ [L. *-canthus*], *f.*: acanthus (plant or ornament).

acare or **-rus** [L. *-rus*, mite], *m.*: acarus, tick.

aca-riâtre¹⁵ [?], *adj.*: *†*possessed (with the devil); crabbed, cross-grained. **-riâtre**¹⁵, *f.*: *†*wicked nature.

acatalectique¹⁷ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *a-katá-lectos*, 'not defective at the end'), *adj.*: acatalectic.

acatalop-sie¹⁷ [Gr. *a-katalepsia*, non-comprehension], *f.*: acatalepsy, incomprehensibility of things. **-tique**¹⁸, *adj.*: acatalectic.

acaulé¹⁸ [Gr. *á-kaulos*, stem-less], *adj.*: acaulous.

acca-blant¹³, *adj.*: overwhelming. **-blément**¹⁵, *m.*: overwhelm, crushing blow or fall; crushed condition, extreme dejection, exhaustion. **-bler**¹³ [*d*, OFr. *cabler* (l. *l. cadabula*, Gr. *kata-bolê*, CATA-pult), crush], *tr.*: crush or weigh down, overwhelm; deject.

acalmie¹⁷ [OFr. *a-calmir*, CALM down], *f.*: lull.

accapa-rement¹⁷, *m.*: entire occupation, engrossment; monopoly. **-rer**¹⁵ [It. *-rar* (*-rra* = Fr. *arrhes*, EARNest-money)], *tr.*: *†*take in paying earnest; *by extens.* take or buy up entirely, forestall; engross; take for one's self, monopolise. **-reur**¹⁵, **-reuse**, *m.*, *f.*: engrosser, monopolist.

accastil-lage¹⁶, *m.*: *†*castle of a ship; upper works of a ship. **-ler**¹⁶ [Sp. *-llar* (cf. *château*)], *tr.*: furnish (a ship) with its CASTLE or upper works.

accéder¹² [L. *-re* (*cedere*, yield)], *intr.*: have access; accede, agree.

accélé-rateur¹⁶, **-ratrice** [L. *-rare*], *m.*, *f.* as *adj.*: accelerator, accelerative. **-ration**¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: acceleration. **-rer**¹⁴ [L. *-rare* (*celer*, quick)], *tr.*: accelerate, quicken.

acépise¹⁷ [L. *-sus* (*-sere*, join)], *m.*: (Rom.) apparitor.

2accepte-se, -ser = *acense*, -ser.

accepte-t¹² [L. *-tus* (ad, cantus, singing)],

m.: accent. **-tuation**¹² [-*tuer*], f.: =

-tuer¹² [L. *-tuare*], tr.: accentuate.

accepte-able¹², adj.: = **-tant**, **-tante**,

m., f.: accepter; legatee. **-tation**¹²,

f.: = **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare* (capere, take)],

tr.: accept. **-teur**¹², m.: acceptor.

-tilation¹² [L. *-tilatio*], f.: =, release

without payment. **-tion**¹², f.: =, acceptance;

taking into account, consideration, regard; acceptance or sense (of

words).

ac-cès¹² [L. *-cessus* (ac-cedere, move to)],

m.: access (approach; admittance; attack;

fit; return of a fever, etc.); turning over

of votes (for a pope). **-cessibilité**¹²

[-*cessible*], f.: accessibility. **-cessible**¹²

[L. *-cessibilis*], adj.: =. **-cession**¹² [L.

-cessio], f.: =; adhesion; union. **-cessit**¹²

[L. *-cessit* 'he has approached'], m.: prize or

distinction granted to one coming next to

the required votes, honourable mention;

turning over of votes (for a pope). **-ces-**

-soire¹² [L. *-cessorius*], adj.: accessory,

additional; m.: accessory. **-cessoire-**

-ment¹² [-*cessoire*], adv.: accessorially.

acciden-t¹² [L. *-s* (ac-cidere, fall to,

happen)], m.: = (casualty, mishap);

irregularity (unevenness, variation); result;

(mus.) accidental. **-té**¹², adj.: irregular

(of ground), broken. **-tel**¹², -lle, adj.:

accidental, adventitious. **-tellement**

[-*tel*], adv.: accidentally.

accise¹² [L. *-sia* (ac-cidere, cut into)],

f.: impost (gen'l'y); tax; excise; octroi.

accla-mateur¹² [L. *-mare*], m.: ac-

claimer, shout. **-mation**¹² [L. *-matio*],

f.: =, shout. **-mer**¹² [L. *-mare* (clamare,

shout)], tr.: acclaim (greet with accla-

mation, cheer).

acclamer¹² [d. *clap*], tr.: CLAMP.

acclima-tation¹², f.: acclimatisation.

-tement¹², m.: acclimation. **-ter**¹²

[d. *climat*], tr.: acclimatise.

accoinçon¹² [d. *coin*], m.: hip-rafter.

accoin-tance¹², f.: acquaintance; inti-

macy. **-ter**¹² [d. OFr. *coint* (L. *cognitus*,

known), friend], tr.: make ACQUAINTED;

bring into intimacy; s'—, become ac-

quainted or intimate.

accointement¹², m.: appeasement. **-ser**¹²

[p. L. **ad-quietare* (L. *quies*, QUIET: cf.

coi)], tr.: render QUIET (appease, calm).

acco-lade¹² [Prov. *lada* (L. *collum*, neck)],

f.: embrace; =; brace; (print.) double

brace. **-lader**¹² [-*lade*], tr.: (print.)

brace together (words in a paragraph).

-lage¹², m.: tie up (vines). **-lement**¹²,

m.: joining, coupling. **-ler**¹² [d. *col*],

tr.: put the arms around the neck of,

embrace; couple; tie together, tie up;

brace. **-lure**¹², f.: (what serves to tie)

band; (thing tied) bundle; raft-frame.

accommo-dable¹², adj.: =, adjustable.

-dage¹², m.: arrangement; dressing (of

meat; or hair). **-dant**¹², adj.: accommo-

dating. **-dation**¹² [L. *-datio*], f.: =,

adaptation. **-dement**¹², f.: accommo-

dation, suitable arrangement, fitness;

agreement, reconciliation; term; dispo-

sition to agree, agreeable disposition;

†(economical) ease. **-der**¹² [L. *-dare*

(ad, com-modus, commodious)], tr.: accom-

modate (adapt, suit, fit; adjust; make

agree, reconcile); dress, trim; s'—, accom-

modate or adapt one's self; be suited or

pleased; agree, come to terms. **-deur**¹²,

-dense, m., f.: accommodator.

accompagne¹², m.: sort of gold-brocade.

-gnateur, **-gnatrice**, m., f.: accom-

panist. **-gnement**¹², m.: accompani-

ment; attendance; appendix. **-gner**¹²

[d. old *compaign* (cf. *compagnon*)], tr.:

accompany (follow); join; †associate.

acomparer¹² [d. *comparer*], tr.: com-

pare.

accompli¹², adj.: accomplished, perfect.

-plir¹² [d. old *com-plir* (L. *plere*, fill)],

tr.: accomplish (fulfil, effect; †complete);

s'—, be accomplished, etc. **-plisse-**

-ment¹², m.: accomplishment, fulfilment.

ac-con¹² [L. *-con*], m.: small lighter. **-co-**

-nage¹², m.: lighterage. **-conier**¹²,

m.: lighter-man.

accoquiner = *acoquiner*.

accorage¹² [-*rer*], m.: popping (of a

ship).

accor-d¹², m.: = (agreement; accordance;

bargain; harmony): d'—, agreed; être

(demeurer) d'—, be agreed, agree; tomber

d'—, come to an agreement; tenir l'—,

keep in time. **-dable**¹², adj.: grantable;

=; tunable. **-dailles**¹², f. pl.: (pop.)

betrothal. †**-dant**¹², adj.: =. **-dée**¹²,

adj.: wedded; m.: bridegroom; f.: bride.

-dion¹² [Ger. *-dion*], m.: accordion.

-dion¹² [p. L. **-dare* (côr, heart)], tr.:

accord, bring to agree, harmonise; recon-

cile; tune; wed; accord, grant, bestow,

concede; s'—, accord, agree, correspond,

concur; **-de!** ready! (order to pull to-

gether). **-deur**¹², m.: tuner; †harmoni-

ser: **-clef d'—**, tuning-hammer. **-doir**¹²,

m.: tuning-hammer.

acq-re¹² [OE. *score*, now *shore*, 'prop;

coast'], m.: prop or SHORE (for a ship);

bluff, declivity. **-rer**¹², tr.: prop, shore up.

accorné¹² [d. *corne*], adj.: (her.) HORNED;

(fort.) provide with a horn-work.

accor-t¹² [It. *-to* (L. *cor-rigere*, lead right),

clever], adj.: telever; engaging, pleas-

ing. **-tement**¹², adv.: cleverly. **-tise**¹²,

f.: complaisance, affability,

accos-table¹⁵, *adj.*: =. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: coming alongside, approach. **-tant**¹⁹, *adj.*: affable. **||-ter**¹⁰ or (nav. term) **-kô-té** [It. *-lare* (L. *-costa*, rib, side)], *tr.*: accost (come up to); (nav.) come alongside of; †be at the side of; *s'*—, keep company (with).

accot¹⁸ [*-ter*], *m.*: support.

accotar¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (nav.) filling piece.

accotement¹⁶ [2-*coter*], *m.*: (horl.) friction of two pieces; side of a road following a causeway, a bank; side of railroad.

1. **accoter**¹⁶ [â, *côte*], *tr.*: support by one side; *intr.*: lean on the side; (*her.*) place at the side.

2. **accoter**¹¹ [OFr. *cote*, support], *tr.*: prop up.

-toir¹⁵, *m.*: prop; leaning-stick.

†**accouardir**¹² [*couard*], *tr.*: cow.

accou-chée¹³, *f.*: lying-in (or confined) woman.

-chement¹², *m.*: =, delivery (giving birth); aid in delivery: *il a fait bien des —*, he has delivered many women.

-cher¹¹ [â, *coucher*]: give birth to; deliver (of a child); *intr.*: be delivered:

être —, be confined. **-cheur**¹⁶, *m.*: man midwife. **-chense**¹⁶, *f.*: = (midwife).

accou-dement¹⁶, *m.*: leaning; (mil.) serried order (elbow to elbow). **||-der**¹¹ [â, *coude*], *tr.*: support by the elbow; *s'*—

lean with the elbow. **-doir**¹², *m.*: elbow-rest (cushion, etc.), support.

accouer¹³ [â, OFr. *couer* (*coue* = queue, tail)], *tr.*: train-halter, tie (horses, etc.)

head to tail (one after another); hamstring (a stag).

accou-plage¹⁵, *m.*: coupling. **-ple**¹⁴, *f.*: coupling, leash. **-plement**¹², *m.*: coupling, pairing; copulation; †combination.

||-pler¹¹ [â, *couple*], *tr.*: COUPLE (join by twos; yoke, pair; match); *s'*—, couple, pair; COPULATE.

accour-cir¹² [â, *court*], *tr.*: shorten, abridge, curtail. **-cissement**¹⁵, *m.*: shortening, abbreviation.

ac-courir⁹ [L. *ac-currere* (cf. *courir*)], *irr.*: *tr.*: run to, hasten to. **-cours**¹⁶, *f. pl.*: (hunt.) starting-place (where the pack waits for the game). **-course**¹⁷, *f.*: (nav.) passage-way (in the hold); (arch. *-se*) external gallery.

accou-trement¹⁴, *m.*: =; garb. **||-trér**¹² [?], *tr.*: accoutre, dress; dress in a strange fashion, dress out. **-treur**¹², *m.*: (old) arranger; workman rounding the holes of wire-drawing plate.

accoutu-manee¹⁶, *f.*: custom, habit. **||-mer**¹¹ [â, *coutume*], *tr.*: ACCUSTOM, habituate; †use habitually: †â l'*mée*, as usual; usually.

accrediter¹⁶ [â, *crédit*], *tr.*: accredit (give credit or sanction to); make credible;

s'—, get into credit; ingratiate one's self; gain credit.

accrém-ent¹⁸ [L. *-mentum*], *adj.*: referring to accretive generation. **||-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tum* (*crecere*, grow)], *f.*: ACCRETIVE generation (of plants or animals).

accrescent¹⁸ [*-cena* (*crecere*, grow)], *adj.*: (*bot.*) accrescent.

†**ac-crope**¹⁶, *m.*: hooking; tear, rent; check. **-crochage**¹⁵, *m.*: hooking; grappling; catching; tearing. **-croche**¹⁷, *f.*: hooking; clasp; check. **-croche-cœurs**¹⁸, *m.*: heart-breaker (curl).

-crochement¹⁵, *m.*: hooking; grappling; tearing. **-croche-plat**¹⁸, *m.*: plate-rack. **||-crocher**¹² [â, *croche*], *tr.*: hook (on), hang, grapple; catch (by a hook), check; catch and tear, rend; pick up; put upon the shelf; *s'*—, hook on; catch in, hang on.

accroire¹⁶ [â, *croire*], *tr.*: only in *faire* —, make believe: *en faire* — â, impose upon; *s'en faire* —, be self-conceited.

ac-croissance¹², *f.*: increase. **-croissement**¹², *m.*: increase, enlargement, growth; ACCRETION. **-croît**¹¹, *m.*: increase. **||-croître**⁹ [L. *crecere* (grow)], *irr.* (cf. *croître*); *tr.* (or *refl.*); INCREASE (grow, augment, enlarge); †*intr.*: increase, grow.

accrou-pir¹² [â, *croupe*], *tr.*, *refl.*: sit down upon the hams or heels, squat down, squat; cower; (fr. *croupir*) †be stagnant.

-pi, squat, cowering; (*her.*) couchant; †stagnant. **†-pie**, *f.*: squat position.

-pissement¹⁶, *m.*: squatting; cowering.

ac-cru, *part. of -croître*. **-crue**¹², *f.* of *-cru*; *f.*: †increase; increase of land by the retiring of waters; extension of a forest; extension of a net.

accue-il¹² *aken-y*, *m.*: reception, welcome; acceptance. **-illant**¹², *adj.*: kindly receiving, affable, accessible.

||-illir⁹ [p. L. **ac-colligere* (cf. *cueillir*)], *irr.* (cf. *cueillir*); *tr.*: gather (up); receive (well or ill); welcome, entertain; accept honour (a draft, etc.); †join; †assail; overtake: *la tempête nous -illit*, we were overtaken by the storm.

accu-l¹⁵ [â, *cul*], *m.*: place without egress, tight corner; burrow, hole; blind alley; cove; breeching (of a gun). **-lement**¹⁶ [*-ler*], *m.*: cornered position; running down. **-ler**¹² [â, *cul*], *tr.*: †seat or place on the back; place with the back against; push back, drive into a corner (or place without egress); run home, bring to a stand; *intr.*: bend down astern; heave astern.

accumu-lateur¹⁵, *latrice*, *m., f.*: accumulator. **-lation**¹³, *f.*: =. **||-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (*cumulus*, heap)], *tr.*: accumulate (heap up).

f.: bringing or conveying (esp. of water): canal d'—, supply-canal. || *-ner*¹⁰ [à, mener], *tr.*: to come, bring (in, on, about, around); lead; induce; (nav.) haul down, AMAIN; throw (of dice): — à bon part, bring to a good issue; être-né de bien loin, be far-fetched.

aménité¹³ [—manitas (cf. -mène)], *f.*: amenity, pleasantness.

aménorrhée¹⁸ [Gr. *a-*, not, *mén*, month, *krein*, flow], *f.*: amenorrhoea.

amentacé¹⁷ [L. *-tum*, thong], *adj.*: (bot.) amentaceous; *f.*: such plant.

amenuisement¹², *m.*: thinning, thinness. || *-ser*¹¹ [à, menuiser], *tr.*: thin, reduce.

amer², *-ère* [L. *-marus*], *adj.*: bitter; briny; *m.*: bitterness; gall; *pl.* (med.) bitters. **-mèrement**⁹, *adj.*: bitterly.

améri-cain, *-caine*, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: American. **Améri-que**, *f.*: America.

amers¹⁷ [? for *amere-s*, MARKS], *m. pl.*: sea-marks, land-marks. Also *pl.* of *amer*.

amertume⁶ [p. L. *amaritūma* (L. *amaritudo*, bitterness)], *f.*: bitterness; grief: — de la bière, yeast-bitter.

améthys-to¹⁰ [L. *-tus*], *f.*: amethyst. **-tin**, *adj.*: amethystine.

améto-pe¹⁸ [Gr. *a-*, not, *métron*, measure, *ops*, eye], *adj.*: ametropic.

-pie¹⁸, *f.*: ametropia.

ameublement¹⁰ [—bler], *m.*: furniture. || *-bler*¹⁸ [à, meubler], *tr.*: furnish (= *meubler*).

|| *-blir*¹⁶ [à, meubler], *tr.*: (agr.) mellow or make lighter; (*jur.*) convert into personal property. **-blissement**¹⁸ [—blir], *m.*: (agr.) mellowing; (*leg.*) conversion into personal property.

amenlonner¹⁸ [à, meulon], *tr.*: (dial.) stack (hay).

ameu-tement¹⁰, *m.*: (hunt.) forming a pack, || *-ter*¹⁸ [à, meute], *tr.*: join (hounds) to a pack, train to hunt together;

|| *-join*, or combine; gather (persons) together (against), form into riotous crowds;

s'—, gather in a riotous crowd or mob, riot.

a-mi⁹, *-mie*⁹ [L. *-micus*, *-mica*], *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: friend; friendly; *bonne* —, sweet-heart; *m'amie* (old for *mon amie*; also, by misunderstanding, *ma mie*), my love, my duck. **-miable**⁹ [L. *-miabilis*], *adj.*:

|| *-;* amicable, friendly; salutary: à l'—, in a friendly way, amicably; (of sales) private. **-miablement**¹⁴ [—miable], *adv.*: amiably.

amianté¹⁵ [Gr. *-tos* (*a-*, not, *miafinein*, corrupt)], *m.*: amianthus.

amica-l¹¹ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: amiable, friendly. **-lement**¹⁷, *adv.*: amicably.

amicl¹¹ [L. *-tus*, cloak], *m.*: AMICE.

ami-den¹⁸ [L. *amylum*], *m.*: starch; (chem.) fecula. **-donnage**¹⁸ [—donner],

m.: starching. **-donner**¹⁶, *tr.*: starch. **-donnier**¹⁶, *m.*: starch-maker.

amigarder¹⁵ [à, mignard], *tr.*: make delicate or dainty.

amignoter¹² [à, OFr. *mignot* = *mignon*], *tr.*: make delicate or dainty.

amin-cir¹⁷ [à, mince], *tr.*: render thin, thin, lessen; *refl.*: grow thin. **-cisse-ment**¹⁸, *m.*: thinning; thinness.

ami-ral¹⁵ [Ar. *amir*, chief], *m.*: chief; admiral (person, ship, or shell); *adj.*: admiral's.

-raité¹², *f.*: admiralty; admiralty (department or court of naval affairs).

amis-sibilité¹⁶ [—sible], *f.*: amissibility. **-sible**¹⁷, *adj.*: amissible. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio* (*a-mittere*, loose)], *f.*: omission, loss.

amitié⁶ [p. L. *amicitas* (L. *amicus*, friend)], *f.*: friendship (AMITY, affection); expression of friendship or regard (*pl.* regards, kindness: *prendre en* —, take a liking to; *fautes-lui mes* —, remember me kindly to him; *mil* —, beat wishes, my regards).

am-man¹⁷ [Ger. *Amt-mann*, man of office], *m.*: chief of a (Swiss) canton. **-meistre**¹⁷ [Ger. *Amt-meister*, MASTER of an office], *m.*: (German) alderman.

ammi¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: bishop's-wort.

am-mon¹⁸ [Gr. *Ammon*, name of Jupiter with the ram's horn], *m.*: ammonite (as resembling a horn). **-monéen**¹⁸, *-enne*, *adj.*: ammoniferous. **-moniac**¹⁴, *-aque* [L. *-moniacus*], *adj.*: of the temple of Jupiter Ammon; amoniac (cf. *-niaque* below). **-moniacal**¹⁷ [—moniac], *adj.*: ammoniac(al). **-moniaque**¹⁷ [—moniac], *f.*: ammonia (the salt first produced near the temple of Jupiter Ammon).

-monite¹⁸, *f.*: amonite (cf. *-mon*). **-monium**¹⁸, *m.*: amonium (cf. *-moniaque*).

amnésie¹⁸ [Gr. *-nesia* (*a-*, not, *mnē-*, remember), *f.*: amnesia (forgetfulness).

am-nios¹⁵ [Gr. *-neios*], *m.*: (anat.) = *-niotique*¹⁸, *adj.*: amniotic.

amnis-tie¹⁵ [Gr. *-nesia* (*a-*, not, *mnē-*, remember), forgetting, pardon], *f.*: amnesty (general pardon). **-tier**, *tr.*: amnesty; **-tié**, *-ée*, *part.*; *m.*, *f.*: person pardoned by amnesty.

amo-dinaire¹⁷, *m.*: renter of land, lessee, farmer. **-diater**¹⁸, *m.*: renter (who lets out on lease). **-diation**¹⁴, *f.*: leasing. || **-dier**¹² [L. *ad-modiare* (*modius*, bushel)], *tr.*: farm out or lease (land for a payment in kind), rent out (land).

amoïn-drir⁹ [p. L. *ad-minorire* (L. *minor*, less)], *tr.*: lessen diminish; *intr.*, *refl.*: grow smaller or less. **-drissement**¹¹, *m.*: lessening, diminution, decrease.

amol-lir¹¹ [à, mol = mou], *tr.*: soften, mollify; weaken, effeminate; *refl.*:

grow tender or weak; grow effeminate.
-issant¹⁵, *adj.*: softening, effeminating.
-lissement¹⁵, *m.*: softening; weakening; enervation.

amome¹⁵ [L. -mum], *m.*: (bot.) amomum.

amonceler¹¹ [à, monceau], *tr.*: heap up.

-cellement¹¹, *m.*: heaping up, accumulation.

amont¹⁰ [à, mont], *adv.*: upwards; up the stream (or river); *m.*: higher or upper part: *mettre l'oiseau* —, send the bird flying; *vent d'—*, land wind; *en —*, up the river; *en — de*, above.

amor-ee¹² [Ofr. *a-mordre*, bite at], *f.*: (what causes to bite, hence) bait, decoy; allurement, attraction; bribe; (what communicates the fire to gunpowder, or kindles it, hence) priming, tinder; flint, percussion-cap; — first portion of a road (to be built), beginning: *sans brûler une —*, without firing a shot. **-ee**¹³, *tr.*: bait (decoy, allure); prime (firearms), cap; prepare, (sculpt.) boast; open up (a road).

-goir¹⁶ [-cer], *m.*: boasting tool.

amorphe¹³ [Gr. -phos (a-, not, morphé, form)], *adj.* amorphous, formless.

amor-tir¹¹ [à, mort], *tr.*: deaden, gradually extinguish, lessen; hence allay, weaken, moderate, break (a fall), slacken (speed), lay (dust); pay off (gradually); sink; redeem (land, etc.); (paint.) flatten; bruise (flesh); slack (lime); tamortise; *refl.*: be deadened, etc. **-tissable**¹⁴, *adj.*: payable by instalments, redeemable.

-tissement¹², *m.*: deadening, slackening; diminution; usly gradual paying off or liquidation, sinking, redemption; amortissement; tapering point of a building, finishing; pediment or cavetto ('deadening' the violence of the rain).

amouler¹³ [à, Ofr. *mole* = meule], *tr.*: grind, sharpen.

amou-r⁹ [L. *amor*], *m.* (*f.*): love (feeling, or object loved), passion; delight; heat (of animals); Amor or Cupid; *pl. f.*: loves; (feelings of) love or delight; amours; Loves, Graces: *pour l'— de Dieu*, for God's sake; *ses premières —s*, his first love. **-racher**¹⁵ [It. *amoraciare* (-raccio, improper love)], *tr.*: make fall in love, make enamoured (used depreciatively); *refl.*: fall in love, be smitten. **†-reau**¹², *m.*: little love.

-rette¹¹, *f.*: flighty love or inclination, amour, love-affair; object of a flighty love; pleasing thing; (bot.) =; marrow (used as a delicacy): — *des près*, (bot.) lychid; — *mousse*, saxifrage. **-rousement**¹² [-reuz], *adv.*: amorously, lovingly. **-reur**⁹, **-euse** [p. L. *amorosus*], *adj.*: loving, in love, enamoured; impassioned; *m., f.*: lover; sweetheart;

admirer; spark. **-r-propre**¹⁶, *m.*: self-love; over-esteem of one's self.

amo-vibilité¹⁷, *f.*: removability, revocableness. **-vible**¹⁶ [L. *a-movere*, remove], *adj.*: liable to transfer, removable.

amphi- [Gr. (directly or through L.) of both kinds, around]: **-bie**¹⁵ [Gr. -bios (bios, life)], *adj.*: amphibious; of mixed nature; *m.*: amphibian; jack of all trades.

-bole¹⁵ [G. -bolos (ballein, throw), doubtful], *f.* = **-bologie**¹² [L. -bologia (cf. -bole)], *f.*: amphibology. **-bologique**¹⁴ [-bologie], *adj.*: amphibological. **-braque**¹⁷ [Gr. -brachus (brachus, short)], *m.*: amphibrach (— — —).

-ctyon¹⁵ [Gr. -ktuon (? -ktiones, dwellers)], *m.* (usly *pl.*): Amphiktyon(s). **-ctyonide**¹⁵ [Gr. -ktuonide], *adj.*, *f.*: Amphiktyonic.

-ctyonie¹³ [Gr. -ktuonia], *f.*: amphiktyony. **-ctyonique**¹⁷ [Gr. -ktuoniké], *adj.*: amphiktyonic. **-gouri**¹⁷ [? Gr. gûros, circle], *m.*: amphigory, nonsense poem or speech, rigmarole. **-gourique**¹⁷ [-gouri], *adj.*: amphigoric, absurd.

-maere¹⁷ [Gr. -makros (makros, long)], *m.*: amphimacer (— — —). **-sciens** [Gr. -skios (skia, shadow)], *m. pl.*: amphiscii.

-théâtre¹⁵ [Gr. -theatron (cf. théâtre)], *m.*: amphitheater; first gallery; dissecting-room. **-trite**¹⁹ [Gr. -trite], *f.*: Amphitrite, goddess of the sea; sea.

-tryon [Gr. trûon], *m.*: Amphitryon (Theban king; or person in a comedy by Molière); host, master of the feast.

am-phore¹⁹ [L. -ra (Gr. amphî, on both sides, phorêus, bearer), two-handed jar], *f.*: amphora. **-phorique**¹⁵, *adj.*: (med.) amphoric.

am-ple⁹ [L. *amplus*, full all around], *adj.*: ample (large, spacious). **-plément**¹¹, *adv.*: amply. **-pleur**¹⁷, *f.*: ampleness, amplitude, largeness. **-pliatif**¹⁴, *f.* = **-ive** [L. -pliare], *adj.*: amplifying, additional. **-pliation**¹³ [L. -pliatio], *f.*: amplification; (old law) completion; duplicate or official copy.

-plier¹² [L. -pliare], *tr.*: †make ample; (old law) prolong, postpone. **-plifiant**¹⁵ [-plifier], *adj.*: amplifying, enlarging. **-plificateur**¹⁵ [L. -plificator (cf. -plifier)], *m.*: amplifier. **-plification**¹³ [L. -plificatio (cf. -plifier)], *f.*: =. **-plifier**¹⁴ [L. -plificare (-plus, full, facere, make)], *tr.*: amplify, enlarge; expatiate upon. **-plissime**¹⁴ [L. -plissimus (superl.)], *adj.*: most considerable, most excellent (old title of the rector of the University of Paris). **-plitude**¹⁴ [L. -plitudo], *f.*: = (fulness, richness).

ampon-le⁹ [L. *ampulla* (?)], *f.*: ampulla (swelling jar), vial; †water-bubble; blister; (biol.) ampulla (membraneous

accusable¹⁵, *adj.*: =. **-sateur**¹⁵, **-satrice** [L. *-sator*], *m., f.*: accuser. **-satisf**¹⁴ [L. *-sativus*], *m.*: accusative (case). **-sation**¹² [L. *-satio*], *f.*: =, indictment: *actes d'—*, articles of indictment; *mise en —*, arraignment; *chef d'—*, count of indictment. **-satoire**¹⁴ [L. *-satorius*], *adj.*: accusatory. **-sé**¹⁵, **-ée**, *m.*, *f.*: (person) accused; *m. (com.)* acknowledgment: *banc des —s*, dock; bar; *-sé de réception*, receipt. **-sère**¹⁵ [L. *-sare* (*causa*, cause, lawsuit)], *tr.*: accuse (indict, impeach; reprehend; betray); dispute the validity of; acknowledge (*la réception*, the receipt): *-sé*, accused, etc.; prominent, marked; and *cf.* above. **-cens**¹² [*a, cens*], *m.*: taxed domain ('subject to a cense'). **-cense**¹³ [*censer*], *f.*: tax-contract. **-censeur**¹³ [*a, cens*], *tr.*: give for a tax or cense (quit-rent). **-acéphale**¹⁵ [L. *-lus* (Gr. *a-*, not, *kephalé*, HEAD)], *adj.*: acephalous, without a head or chief. **-acérain**¹⁵ [*acier*], *adj.*: steely. **-acer-be**¹⁵ [L. *-bus* (*acer*, sharp)], *adj.*: acerb, sour, sharp. **-bité** [L. *-bitas*], *f.*: acerbity, sharpness. **-acère**¹⁵ [Gr. *a-*, not, *kéras*, HORN], *adj.*: hornless, without feelers. **-acéré**¹⁵, *adj.*: steeled, sharp. **-rer**¹⁵ [*acier*], *tr.*: steel, sharpen. **-acertner**¹² [*a, certain*], *tr.*: render certain. **-acescence**¹⁷ [L. *-scens* (*acer*, sharp)], *f.*: =. **-acét**...¹³⁻¹⁷ [L. *acetum* (*acer*, sharp), 'vinegar'] in many technical (esp. chemical) words, much like corresponding words in English. **Achab**, *m.*: Ahab. **achalan-dage**¹⁸, *m.*: procuring of customers; customers (*coll.*). **-der**¹⁵ [*a, chaland*], *tr.*: draw customers to, get custom for. **acharnement**¹⁶, *m.*: furious intentness, desperation, obstinacy. **-né**¹³, *adj.*: infuriated, desperate, intense. **-ner**¹³ [*a, OFr. charn* (L. *caro*, flesh) = *chair*], *tr.*: flesh or lure (by flesh); make eager, madden (with desire), infuriate, make intent; *s'—*, make desperate effort, be intent upon, persist. **achat**¹⁸ [*-ter*, old form of *acheter*], *m.*: purchase. **ache**¹⁵ [p. L. **apia* (L. *apium*)], *f.*: small-age (sort of parsley: †Eng. *ache*). **achée**¹⁵ [L. *esca* (*edere*, eat), food], *f.*: earthworm, bait. **achemi-nement**¹⁵, *m.*: walking forward, advance. **-ner**¹⁰ [*a, chemin*], *tr.*: start on the way forward; *s'—*, take one's way, walk on, journey, advance.

Achéron¹⁶, *m.*: Acheron (river of the infernal regions; infernal region). **ache-ter**¹⁵ [p. L. **accaptare* (L. *ac-cipere*, accept, viz. for cash)], *tr.*: buy. **-teur**¹², **-teuse**, *m., f.*: buyer. **-achevé**¹⁵, *adj.*: complete(d), finished, perfect, absolute, downright. **-chèvement**¹², *m.*: completion, close; perfection. **-chever**¹⁵ [p. L. **ac-capere* (L. *caput*, head)], *tr.*: bring to a close (lit. 'head'), complete, finish; perform, succeed, ACHIEVE; serve out: *-chevez!* out with it! go on! **Achille**¹¹, *m.*: Achilles. **achillée**¹⁵ [L. *-ilea*], *f.*: milfoil. **achop-pement**¹³, *m.*: stumbling; impediment. **-per**¹² [*a, chopper*], *intr.*: stumble; fail. **acher(e)**¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: anchor, tetter. **achroma-tique**¹⁷ [Gr. *a-*, not, *chrōma*, colour], *adj.*: achromatic. **-tiser**¹⁸, *tr.*: achromatise. **-tisme**¹⁸, *m.*: achromatism. **aciculaire**¹⁸ [L. *-la* (dim. *acus*, needle)], *adj.*: acicular. **aci-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (*acer*, sharp), sour], *adj.*; or *m.*: acid. **-difiable**¹⁷ [*-difier*], *adj.*: =. **-difier**¹⁷ [*-fier*, L. *facere*, make], *tr.*: acidify. **-dité**¹⁵ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: acidity. **-dule**¹⁷ [L. *-dulus*], *adj.*: acidulous. **-duler**¹⁷ [*-dule*], *tr.*: acidulate. **-ciér**¹⁵ [p. L. **acidrium* (L. *acies*, 'edge', same root as *ac-er*, sharp)], *m.*: steel. **-ciérage**, *m.* **-ciération**¹⁷, *f.*: converting into steel; plating with steel. **-ciérer**¹⁸, *tr.*: convert into steel, steel; plate with steel. **-ciérie**¹⁷, *f.*: steel manufactory. **acoly-tat**¹⁷, *m.*: order of acolytes. **-te**¹¹ [L. *-tus*, attendant], *m.*: =. **acompte**¹⁷ [*a, compte*], *adv.*: as an instalment, in advance. **aconit**¹⁵ [L. *-tium*], *m.*: aconite (herb). **acoqui-nant**¹⁷, *adj.*: fascinating. **-ner**¹⁵ [*a, coquiner*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) attach by habit; *s'—*, be greatly attached, be fascinated: *il s'-ne auprès de cette femme*, he is fascinated by that woman. **acotylédone**¹⁷ [Gr. *a-*, not, *cotylédon*], *adj.*: acotyledonous; *f.*: acotyledon. **†acoulure** = *accolure*. **à-coup**¹⁸ [*a, coup*], *m.*: jerk. **acoustique**¹⁷ [Gr. *-tikós* (*akouein*, hear)], *adj.*: acoustic; *f.*: acoustics. **ac-quéreur**¹⁴, *m., f.*: acquirer, buyer; vendee. **-quérir**¹⁵ [p. L. **acquarere*, L. *ac-quirere* (*quarere*, seek)], *irr. §*; *tr.*: acquire (procure; obtain, gain, secure); gain over; purchase (buy). *être acquis à*, be attached or wholly devoted to. **-quêt**, *m.*: acquest; (*leg.*)

common acquisition (made by husband and wife).

§ Ind.: Pr. *acquiesce*, -*es*, -*t*; *acquiescent*, -*es*, *acquiescent*. Ipt. *acquiescent*. Pret. *acquiescent*. Fut. (Cond.) *acquiescent*. — Subj.: Pr. *acquiesce*, -*es*, -*t*; *acquiescent*, -*es*, *acquiescent*. Ipt. *acquiesce*. — Part.: Pr. *acquiescent*; P. *acquiescent*.

acquiescement¹³, *m.*, -*ce*¹⁴, *f.*: acquiescence, submission. || -*cer*¹³ [L. -*cere* (*quies*, rest)], *intr.*: acquiesce, submit, agree.

acqui-s¹⁴ [*acquérir*], *part.*: acquired, etc.; *m.*: acquisitions (attainment, refinement). -*sitif*, -*ive* [L. -*sitivus*], *adj.*: *†*acquired; acquiring. -*sition*¹² [L. -*sitio*], *f.*: = *contrat d'*—, deed of purchase; *faire l'*— *de*, purchase, procure. -*sivité*¹³, *f.*: acquisitive faculty.

acqui-t¹², *m.*: acquittance (discharge); (com.) receipt; (*leg.*) acquitted; lead (in placing a ball at billiards) *pour* —, received (on bills); *en l'*— *de*, for the discharge of; *jouer de l'*—, play for who shall pay for the whole. -*t-à-caution*, *m.*: (*cust.*) permit. -*table*¹⁵, *adj.*: payable. -*ttement*¹², *m.*: payment, liquidation; acquittal. -*tter*¹⁰ [*à*, *quit*], *tr.*: acquit, discharge (from an obligation); pay, liquidate; fulfil; receipt; *s'*—, acquit one's self, perform, get through; pay off.

acrauc¹³ [*pour a-crocs*], *m. pl.*: harpoon angles.

acre¹² [L. *acra* (*pl.* of *acrum*, fr. Eng. *acre*)], *m.*: =.

â-cere¹³ [L. *acer*], *adj.*: acrid, tart, sharp. -*creté* *a.*, *f.*: acidity, tartness; acrimony.

acri-dé¹³ [L. *aeris* (Gr.), locust], *adj.*: locust-like; *m. pl.*: crickets. -*do-phage*¹³ [Gr. *phagēn*, eat], *adj.*: locust-eating.

acrimo-nie¹³ [L. -*nia* (*acer*, sharp)], *f.*: acrimony. -*nieux*¹⁷, -*ense*, *adj.*: acrimonious, sharp.

acro- [Gr. *akro-*, high, extreme]: -*bate*¹³ [Gr. -*batos* (*batēin*, go), 'extremity-walker'], *m.*, *f.*: acrobat, rope-dancer. -*batie*¹³ [-*bate*], *f.*: acrobaticism, rope-dancing. -*batique*¹³ [-*bate*], *adj.*: acrobatic. -*mion*¹³ [Gr. -*mion* (*hōmos*, shoulder)], *m.*: = (extremity of the shoulder blade). -*nyque*¹³ [Gr. -*nykos* (*nūx*, NIGHT)], *adj.*: acronychal. -*pole*¹³ [Gr. -*polis* (*pōlis*, city), 'high-city', upper part or citadel of a city], *f.*: acropolis. -*stiche*¹³ [Gr. -*stichon* (*stichos*, verse)], *m.*: acrostic. -*tère*¹³ [L. -*terium* (Gr. -*terion*)], *m.*: acroterium, small pedestal.

ac-t¹³ [L. -*tus* (*agere*, drive)], *m.*: act (= action; document; part of a play);

deed, charter: — *faux*, forged deed; — *de brevet*, unrecorded act; *donner — de*, put upon record, give an official certificate of; *prendre — de*, have (a thing) recorded, demand official certificate of; *signer d'un* —, witness a deed; *signer un* — *judiciaire* *d*, serve a writ upon. -*teur*¹², -*trice* [L. -*tor*], *m.*, *f.*: actor, actress. -*tif*, -*ive* [L. -*tivus*], *adj.*: active; actual; *m.*: active (voice); assets: — *act*, surplus; — *et passif*, assets and debts. -*tion*¹² [L. -*tio*], *f.*: = (act, deed; engagement, battle; lawsuit; *†*Eng. share): — *libérée*, paid-up share; — *de jouissance*, revenue share, profit; *par —*, joint stock; *intenter une* —, bring a suit. -*tionnaire*¹⁷ [-*tion*], *m.*: share-holder. -*tionner*¹³, *tr.*: bring an action against, sue; (*fam.*) = *tiver*. -*tivement*¹⁵ [-*tif*], *adv.*: actively. -*tiver*¹³ [-*tif*], *tr.*: give increased activity to, hasten or urge on. -*tivité*¹⁴ [L. -*tivitas*], *f.*: activity; active service. -*tuair*¹³ [L. -*tuarius*], *m.*: (Rom.) scribe; actuary. -*tualiser*¹³ [L. -*tualis*, actual], actualise. -*tualité*¹³ [-*tuel*], *f.*: actuality. -*tuel*¹², -*lle* [L. -*tualis*], actual (real; present). -*tuellement* [-*tuel*], *adv.*: actually (really; at present).

acuité¹³ [L. *acutus*, sharp], *f.*: acuteness, sharpness.

aculéiforme¹³ [L. -*leus* (dim. *acus*, needle), Fr. *forme*], *adj.*: aculeate.

acuminé¹³ [L. -*men*, point], *adj.*: acuminate.

acutangle¹⁷ [L. *acutus*, Fr. *angle*], *adj.*: acutangular.

adage¹⁵ [L. -*gium* (*agio*, say)], *m.*: adage, proverb.

adagio¹⁷ [It. (*agio*, ease)], *adj.*: =.

adamantin¹³ [L. -*tinus* (Gr. *a-*, not, *damēin*, conquer)], *adj.*: adamantine.

adap-table¹³, *adj.*: =. -*tion*¹⁶, *f.*: =. || -*tér*¹³ [L. -*tare* (*aptus*, fixed)], *tr.*: adapt, fit, suit.

addi-tion¹³ [L. -*tio* (*ad-dere*, add)], *f.*: =; bill. -*tionnel*¹⁷, -*lle*, *adj.*: additional. -*tionner*¹³, *tr.*: add up, sum up.

adducteur¹⁶ [L. -*tor* (*ducere*, bring)], *m.*: adductor; *adj.*: adduct.

ademption¹⁷ [L. -*tio* (*emere*, take)], *f.*: =.

adep-t¹⁶, *m.*: mortise. || -*tér*¹³ [*à*, *dent*], *tr.*: fix (as by teeth).

adapte¹⁶ [L. -*tus* (*apiscor*, reach), attained (*sc.* proficiency)], *m.*: adept.

adéquat¹³ [L. -*tus* (*aquare*, make EQUAL)], *adj.*: adequate.

adextrer¹³ [*à*, *dextre*], *tr.*: *†*lead with the right hand; (*her.*) place on the dexter (right) side.

adhé-rence¹³, *f.*: adherence, -*rent*¹³,

-gente [L. *adharens*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: adherent. **-rer**¹⁴ [L. *ad-hære*, stick to], *intr.*: adhere (stick, cling). **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive** [-sion], *adj.*: adhesive. **-sion**¹⁴ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: adhesion, adherence.

ad hoc [L.], *adv.*: =, to that effect, purposely.

adiabatique¹³ [Gr. *-tos*, impenetrable], *adj.*: adiabatic, impervious to heat.

adiante [L. *-tum*], *m.*: adiantum, maidenhair.

adieu¹¹ [à, Dieu], *interj.* or *m.*: =, good-bye.

adipeur, **-euse** [L. *adeps*, fat], *adj.*: adipose, fatty.

adire¹¹ [?], *tr.*: mislay, lose.

adition¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (ire, go), going to], *f.*: (leg.) acceptance of an inheritance.

adjacent [L. *-cens* (jacere, lie)], *adj.*: =.

adjec-tif¹³, **-ive** [tr. *-ivus* (jacere, throw), thrown to, added], *adj.*: adjective; **-tif** [L. *-tivum* (sc. *nomen*)], *m.*: adjective.

-tivement¹⁴, *adj.*: adjectively.

ad-joindre⁹ [L. *ad-jungere*, join to], *irr.* (cf. *joindre*); *tr.*: adjoin, associate.

-joint, *part.*: adjoined; *m.*: ADJUNCT, associate, colleague; deputy. **-jonction**¹⁵ [L. *-functio*], *f.*: adjunction.

adjudant¹⁷ [Sp. *ayudante* (L. *ad-juvare*, assist)], *m.*: adjutant; (French army) commissioned or non-commissioned officer attached to a superior.

adjudica-taire¹⁶, *m.*, *f.*: (person to whom a thing is adjudged, hence) purchaser (at auction), vendee; contractor. **-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: adjudicator, awardee.

-tif¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: adjudicating, awarding. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio* (-re, adjudge)], *f.*: =;

(assigning by sale, hence) auction sale; contract; (com.) allotment.

adju-ger⁹ [L. *-judicare*], *tr.*: adjudge (adjudicate, award); knock down (at auction); grant a contract for; (com.) allot; *s'*—, appropriate.

adju-ration¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **-rer**¹² [L. *rare* (jus, oath)], *tr.*: adjure (charge or entreat earnestly); make promise by oath; *tr.* conjure.

adju-vant¹⁰ [L. *-vans* (juvare, aid)], *adj.*: =, auxiliary. **-vat**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: aid.

ad libitum [L.], *adv.*: = (at pleasure).

admettre¹⁴ [L. *ad-mittere* (after *mettre*, which see)], *irr.*; *tr.*: admit, allow, let in.

adminicule¹⁵ [L. *-lum* (manus, hand)], *m.*: support, auxiliary; (leg.) adminicle, presumptive proof; (bot.) plant-support.

adminis-trateur¹³, **-tratrice** [L. *-trator*], *m.*, *f.*: administrator, -stratrix, manager. **-tratif**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: administrative. **-tration**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =,

management. **-trativement**¹³ [-tratif], *adv.*: by way of administration. **-trér**¹¹

[L. *-trare* (ministrer, servant)], *tr.*: administer (manage; apply); (leg.) furnish (proof), find (witnesses).

admi-rable¹¹ [-rabilis], *adj.*: =; *†*astonishing. **-rablement**¹⁵ [-rable], *adv.*: admirably. **-rateur**¹⁵, **-ratrice** [L. *-rator*], *m.*, *f.*: admirer. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-rativus*], *adj.*: admiring. **-ration**¹¹ [-ratio], *f.*: =; *†*wonder. **-rer**¹⁴ [L. *-rari* (mirari, wonder, mirus, strange)],

admire (*†*Eng. regard with wonder, marvel at; regard with delight).

ad-missibilité¹⁵, *f.*: admissibility. **-missible**¹⁴ [L. *-missus* (-mittere, admit), admitted], *adj.*: =, allowable;

passed (allowed to enter a higher course). **-mission**¹⁵ [L. *-ssio*], *f.*: =; admittance. **-mittatur**¹⁷ [L. 'let him be admitted'],

m.: =, (students' or priests') certificate.

admo-nestation¹² or **-néstation** [-nester], *f.*: admonition, reproof. **-néter**⁹ or **-néter** [p. L. **ad-monestare* (L. *monere*)], *tr.*: admonish, reprove; *†*warn.

-niteur¹⁵, **-nitrice** [L. *-nitor*], *m.*, *f.*: adviser. **-nitition** [L. *-nitio* (monere, REMIND)], *f.*: = (warning); *†*advice.

adoles-cence¹² [L. *-centia*], *f.*: =. **-cent**¹³ [L. *-cens* (olere, grow), growing up], *adj.*: =; *m.*: lad. **-egnte**, *f.*: lass.

adomestiquer¹⁵ [à, domestiquer], *tr.*: attach to one's home.

Adon [cf. Adonis], *m.*: *†*Adonis (the god); Adonis (handsome man).

adonc¹¹ [à, donc], *adv.*: then. **ado-nien**¹⁵ or **-nique** [L. *-nius*], *adj.*: adonic (verse — — — — —). **Adonis** [L.-Gr.], *m.*: Adonis. **-nisse**¹⁵, *tr.*: adonise, deck out.

adonner¹² [à, donner], *tr.*: *†*give; *†*employ; *s'*—; give one's self up, devote or apply one's self, addict one's self; frequent; *†*lead to; (nav., of the wind) turn favourable, veer.

adop-tant¹⁷, *m.*: adopter. **-tée**, *part.*: adopted; *m.*, *f.*: adopted son or daughter. **-ter**¹³ [-tare (optare, choose)], *tr.*: adopt.

-tif¹², **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: adoptive: *père* —, foster-father. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

ado-rable¹⁵ [-rabilis], *adj.*: =. **-rateur**¹⁵, **-ratrice** [L. *-rator*], *m.*: adorer. **-ration** [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **-rer**¹² [L. *-rare* (orare, pray)], *tr.*: adore (worship).

ado-s¹¹, *m.*: (gard.) sloping platband, shelving-bed. **-ssement**¹⁵, *m.*: leaning (as with the back), backing, bordering. **-sser**¹¹ [à, dos], *tr.*: sit or lean with the back (à, against), lean, support; *s'*—, lean; *†*place on the back.

adoubé⁹ [p. L. **ad-dobare* (Germ. *dubban*, strike)], *tr.*: DUB (i.e. strike with the sword and make knight); *†*put in repair;

(nav.) repair; (chess, etc.) adjust (a piece without moving it).

adoucir¹¹ [à, douz], tr.: soften, soothe, assuage.

-cissage¹⁷, m.: smoothing.

-cissant¹⁵, adj.: softening, soothing, emollient; m.: (med.) emollient.

-cissement¹⁴, m.: softening, assuagement, mitigation.

-cisseur, m.: glass-polisher.

adoué¹³ [Ofr. dou (= deux), TWO], adj.: (hant.) paired.

ad rem [L.], adv.: =, pertinently.

a-dresse¹², f.: direction (towards, tdirect way or guide); address (of residence; speech, formal message; ADROIT-

ness, skill, cleverness): bureau d—, intelligence office; tour d—, sleight of hand, trick; avoir l— de, be able to.

||-dresser¹¹ [dresser], tr.: DIRECT (tset RIGHT or on the direct way); address;

s—: direct one's self (one's step), be directed; address one's self, apply; tintr.: go straight: — mal, misdirect; s— mal, apply to the wrong person; s— ici, inquire here (or within).

adroger¹⁴ [L. -gare (rogare, ask)], tr.: (Rom. law) adopt.

adroit-¹⁶ [p. L. ad-directus, well directed], adj.: adroit, dexterous, skilful, clever;

tstraight. **-tement**¹¹, adv.: adroitly, cleverly.

adscrit¹⁵ [L. -scriptus], adj.: written at the side.

adu-lateur¹⁵, **-latrice** [L. -lator], m., f.: adulter, flatterer.

-lation¹¹ [L. -latio], f.: =. **||-ler** [L. -lari], tr.: flatter servilely, fawn upon.

adulte¹⁶ [L. -tus (olere, grow), grown up], adj.: adult.

adul-térateur¹⁵, m.: adulterant.

-tération, f.: adulteration. **||-tère**¹¹ [L. -ter (alter, other)], adj.: adulterous;

(theol.) apostate, false; adulterate; m., f.: adulterer, adultress.

-tère¹¹ [L. -terium], m.: adultery.

-térer¹³ [L. -terare], tr.: adulterate (corrupt, tdeñle by adultery).

-térin¹³, **-térine** [L. -terinus], adj.: adulterine; m., f.: adulterine (adulterous child).

||-du-rent¹⁴ [L. -rens (urere, burn)], adj.: burning.

-ste¹³ [L. -stus (urere)], adj.: adust, burnt.

-stion¹³ [L. -stio (urere)], f.: =.

ad-venir [Ofr. avenir, L. ad-venire, come to], irr. (cf. venir), intr. impers.: come up, occur, happen.

-venant, part.: happening, in the event of.

-ventice¹⁷ [L. -venticius], adj.: adventitious.

-ventif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. -ventum, advent], adj.: adventive, casual.

adver-be¹² [L. -bum (ad, to, verbum, verb)], m.: adverb.

-bial¹⁵ [L. -bialis], adj.: adverbial.

-bialement¹⁴ [-bial],

adv.: adverbially.

-bialité [-bial], f.: adverbial nature.

adver-se¹² [L. -sus (ad-vertere, turn to or against)], adj.: =.

-saire¹¹ [L. -sarius], m.: adversary.

-satisf, **-ive** [L. -sati-vus], adj.: adversative.

-sité¹⁷ [L. -sitas], f.: adversity.

-tgnée¹³ [L. -tencia], f.: =, direction of (the sinner's) mind (to his sin).

adyna-mie¹⁷ [Gr. a-dunamia, lack of strength], f.: (med.) adynamy.

-mique¹³, adj.: adynamic.

aé-r... [L. aer or Gr. aér, AIR].

-rage [-rer], m.: airing.

-ration [-rer], f.: airing.

1.-ré¹⁵ [-rer], part.: aired, airy.

2.-ré¹⁶ [L. aeruus], adj.: aerial.

-rer¹⁶, tr.: air.

-rien¹¹, **-enne**, adj.: aerial.

-rifère¹³ [L. ferre, bear], adj.: aeriferous.

-riforme¹⁷ [L. forma, form], adj.: aeriform.

-robie¹³ [Gr. bios, life], adj.: (zool.) living by air.

-rographie¹⁷ [Gr. gráphein, write], f.: aerography.

-rolithe¹³ [Gr. lithos, stone], m.: aerolite.

-rologie [Gr. logos, discourse], f.: aerology.

-romancie¹⁵ [L. -tia (manteia, prophecy)], f.: aeromancy.

-romètre¹⁷ [Gr. métron, MEASURE], m.: aerometer.

-rométrie¹⁷ [-romètre], f.: aerometry.

-nante¹⁷ [Gr. nautes, pilot], m., f.: aeronaut.

-ronautique [-ronaute], adj.: aeronautic; f.: aeronautics.

-rostat¹⁷ [Gr. statós, placed], m.: aerostat, air-balloon.

-rostation [-rostat], f.: aerostation.

-rostatique¹⁷ [-rostat], adj.: aerostatic.

-rostier¹⁷ [-rostat], m.: aerostat soldier (during the French revolution).

af [L. af = ad; or Fr. à, 'to'], pref.

affa-bilité¹⁷ [L. -bilitus], f.: affability.

||affa-ble [L. -bilis (fari, speak), 'easy to speak to'], adj.: =.

-blément¹⁵ [-ble], adv.: affably.

affabulation¹⁷ [L. -tio (cf. fable)], f.: moral of a fable, (tEng. =).

affa-dir¹² [à, fade], tr.: make VAPID, unsavoury, or tasteless; tdisgust.

-dis-sant¹⁵, adj.: disgusting.

-dissement¹⁵, m.: rendering insipid or tasteless; insipidity, tastelessness; languidness.

affai-blir¹¹ [à, faible], tr.: enfeeble (weaken, impair, lessen).

-blissant¹⁵, adj.: weakening, etc.

-blissement¹⁴, m.: enfeeblement, etc.

affainéantir¹⁶ [à, fainéanter], tr.: make sluggish.

affai-re¹¹ [à, faire], f.: affair (thing done or to be done, matter; business, transaction; serious affair; fight; lawsuit, case): — d'intérêt, money matter; s'attirer une —, get into a scrape; faire l— de quelqu'un, answer some one's purpose; tirer d—, extricate, help out; se tirer

d—, get out of trouble; *vider une* —, settle an affair; *j'en fais mon* —, I take it on myself. -**ré**¹³, *adj.*: appearing very busy; *fin* need (de, of). -**rement**¹³ [-ré], *m.*: hurry.

affais-sement¹⁵, *m.*: depression, weighing down, sinking. ||-**ser**¹⁵ [d, faiz], *tr.*: weigh down (under a burden), press down; s—, be weighed down, give way, sink.

affai-t¹⁴, *m.*: tannery; tanner's business. -**tage**¹⁶, *m.*: falcon training. -**tement**¹¹, *m.*: falcon training; dressing of leather. ||-**ter**¹⁰ [p. L. **af-factare*, L. *sectare* (facer, make), strive after], *tr.*: †FASHION; dress (leather); train (falcons).

affaiter¹⁷ [d, faité], *tr.*: provide with a ridge.

affaler¹⁶ [Dutch *af-halen*], *tr.*: (nav.) HAUL DOWN; s—, slide down; be embayed; (fam.) sink down.

affamé¹², *adj.*: famished, hungry, greedy. ||-**mer**¹⁰ [p. L. **māre* (L. *fames*, hunger)], *tr.*: FAMISH (starve); bait (fish); (build.) weaken, cut away.

affangissements¹⁸ [fange], *m. pl.*: mud (in a river).

affea-gement¹⁶, *m.*: enfeoffment. ||-**ger**¹³ [d, fège], *tr.*: enFEOFF (give a noble estate as an arrière-FEE).

affec-tation¹⁴, *f.*: =; (leg.) mortgage, charge. ||-**ter**¹⁶ [L. i.-tus (af-ficere, affect); 2.-tare (af-ficere), aim at, dispose], *tr.*: 1.affect (touch); 2.affect (dispose); affect, pretend; †Eng. have a preference for, love, aspire to; assume). -**tif**, -**ive** [L. -tīvus], *adj.*: affective. -**tion**¹¹ [L. -tio], *f.*: =, love. -**tionné**¹⁶ [-tion], *adj.*: affectionate. -**tionnement**¹⁵ [-tionné], *adv.*: affectionately. -**tionner**¹³ [-tion], *tr.*: have an affection for, love, fancy; †affect; s—, conceive an affection (for), become fond (of), take a liking or fancy to.

-**tuensement**¹² [-tueux], *adv.*: affectionately. -**tueur**¹³, -**euse** [L. -tuosus], *adj.*: affectionate; †devoted. -**tuosité**¹³ [L. -tuosus], *f.*: affectionate nature.

affe-nage¹⁵, *m.*: feeding (animals). ||-**ner**¹⁵ [d, foïn], *tr.*: feed (animals).

1. **afférent**¹² [OFr. -rir (cf. *férir*), affect], *adj.*: coming due (of property), reverting.

2. **afférent**¹⁸ [L. -rens (ferre, bring)], *adj.*: afferent, conducting.

affer-mage¹⁴, *m.*: leasing land; †hiring (a servant). 1. ||-**mer**¹⁵ [d, ferme], *tr.*: lease (land), FARM.

2. †**affermer**, pop. form of *affirmer*.

affer-mir¹³ [d, ferme], *tr.*: make firm, strengthen; fix firmly, fasten; confirm; harden, consolidate. -**misement**¹⁵, *m.*: strengthening, etc.

affé-té¹⁵ [old -ter = *affaiter*], *adj.*: AP-

PECTED, pretentious. -**terie**¹⁵, *f.*: affectation.

affi-chage¹⁸, *m.*: placarding. -**che**¹², *f.*: placard, hand-bill; poster; †advertising sheet; †(fisher's) fixing-pole or stake; †ornament (fixing): *homme-affiche*, man carrying a placard or advertisement for public show, street-advertiser. ||-**cher**¹⁰ [d, ficher], *tr.*: post, fix or stick up (a placard), placard; make public, proclaim; s—, set up (for); expose or compromise one's self, observe no decency. -**cheur**, *m.*: bill-poster.

affi-davit¹⁸ [Eng. (p. L. 'he has attested')], *m.*: =. -**dé(e)**¹⁶ [lt. -dato], *adj.*: trusted, trusty; *m.*: trusty friend, CONFIDENT; member. ||-**der**¹⁰ [p. L. **af-fidare* (fides, faith)], *tr.*: CONFIDE; affirm; attest.

affi-le¹⁸, *f.*: grease-bag (for a whet-stone). -**lé**¹¹, *adj.*: whetted; sharp, nimble (of the tongue); d—*lée*, *adv.*: in file, in succession. ||-**ler**¹¹ [d, 1. fil, 2. file], *tr.*: set an edge (fil) on, whet, sharpen; 2. draw out into threads; put in FILE or in a row. -**leur**¹⁶, *m.*: sharpener, grinder.

affi-liation¹⁶ [L. -liatio], *f.*: =. ||-**lier**¹³ [L. -liare (filius, son)], *tr.*: affiliate; †adopt.

affiloir(e)¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*, (*f.*): sharpening instrument; (*f.*) whet-stone.

affi-nage¹⁸, *m.*: =, refining. -**nement**¹⁵, *m.*: refining; cheating. ||-**ner**¹² [d, fin], *tr.*: refine (make fine, purify); finish off; †cheat (by fine tricks). -**nerie**, *f.*: refinery (-furnace); wire-forging; roll of refined iron. -**neur**¹³, -**neuse**, *m.*, *f.*: refiner; †deceiver.

affinité¹¹ [L. -tas (ad-finis, neighbouring), relationship by marriage], *f.*: affinity, alliance; congeniality.

affinoir¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: hatchet; †refinery.

affiquet¹² [Norm. -que = -che], *m.*: little fixing, hair-ornament (*pl.* baubles, gew-gaws); knitting-sheath.

affir-matif¹², -**ive** [L. -mativus], *adj.* or *f.*: affirmative. -**matien**¹⁸ [L. -matio], *f.*: =; (log.) predication; oath. -**mativement**¹⁵ [-matif], *adv.*: affirmatively. ||-**mer**¹⁵ [L. -mare (firmus, firm)], *tr.*: (affirm, assert; leg. affirm to by oath); (log.) predicate; s—, pretend to be.

affi-xal¹⁸, *adj.*: =. ||-**xe**¹⁸ [L. -xus (figere, fix)], *adj.* or *m.*: affix.

affleu-rement¹⁷, *m.*: levelling, making flush; evening; (min.) cropping. -**ré(e)**, *adj.*: even, flush; *f.*: pulp. ||-**rer**¹⁵ [d, fleur, even], *tr.*: make level (even, flush), level; (nav.) faye; be level with, rise to; intr.: be even or level; (min.) crop; mix evenly barley, wheat and rye flower.

af-fictif¹³, -**ive** [L. -fictus], *adj.*: †affecting; (leg.) affecting the criminal. -**fiction**¹⁰ [L. -fictio], *f.*: =, grief.

-fligeant¹¹, *adj.*: afflicting, grievous.
||-fliger¹¹ [L. *-figere* (*figere*, strike)],
tr.: afflict (grieve, distress); mortify (the body).

afflou-age¹², *m.*: setting afloat. **||-er**¹²
 [d. *flouer*], *tr.*: set afloat.

afflu-ence¹² [L. *-entia*], *f.*: (abundant) flow; influx; abundant supply, affluence; concourse. **-ent** [L. *-ens*], *adj.*: flowing into, tributary; *m.*: tributary; †junction (of a river). **||-er**¹² [L. *-ere* (*fluere*, flow)], *intr.*: FLOW (abundantly towards a place), flock, crowd, congregate. **-x**¹⁰, [L. *-xus*], *m.*: afflux (ion).

affo-lant¹¹, *adj.*: infatuating. **-lement**¹², *m.*: infatuation. **||-ler**¹¹ [d. *fol* (*fou*)], *tr.*: make foolish or mad, infatuate; derange; bewilder; *s*—, be or grow infatuated, dote (on). **-lir**, *tr.*: *s*—, get mad, madden; *faire* —, drive mad.

affou-age¹² [OFr. *af-fouer* (cf. *feu*)], *m.*: FUEL; right of cutting wood (for fuel); repartition of fuel (from communal woods). **-ager**¹², *adj.*: relating to fuel, etc.; *m.*: licensed wood-cutter; sharer of fuel.

affou-issement¹², *m.*: washing away, undermining. **||-iller**¹² [d. *fouiller*], *tr.*: wash away, undermine.

affourager¹² [d. *fourage*], *tr.*: fodder, provide with fodder.

affour-cher¹⁰, *f.* (nar.) small bower. **||-cher**¹¹ [d. *fourche*], *tr.*: arrange fork-wise; (nar.) moor (by two anchors with crossed cables); straddle.

affranchi(e)¹², *adj.*: freed, (en)franchised; postpaid; *m.*: freed man; *f.*: freed woman. **||-chir**¹² [d. *franc*], *tr.*: set free (free, enfranchise, liberate); relieve; pay the postage or carriage of (prepay); pass (leap) over or across, cross; castrate. **-chissement**¹², *m.*: freeing, enfranchisement, etc. **-chisseur**¹², *m.*: liberator.

affre¹⁴ [Frank. *abhor* (ak. to Eng. *abhor*), *bristled*], *f.* (only in pl.): †terror; agony.

affré-tement¹⁰, *m.*: chartering (a boat). **||-ter**¹⁵ [d. *fréter*], *tr.*: charter (a boat for freighting); †freight. **-teur**, *m.*: charterer.

affreusement¹⁰, *adv.*: frightfully, horribly. **||-froux**¹⁵, *-euse* [affre], *adj.*: frightful, horrible.

affriander¹⁵ [d. *friand*], *tr.*: allure (by dainties); accustom to dainties. **-frioler**¹⁵ [d. *frioler*], *tr.*: allure (by dainties).

affront¹⁵ [It. *-to*], *m.*: = (open insult, outrage; *fam.* shame, reproach).

-tement¹⁵, *m.*: †confrontation; approach from the front; bold approach; affront; †cheating. **||-ter**¹¹ [d. *front*],

tr.: †put face to face (confront); (*carp.*) fit together; †approach from the front; approach boldly; AFFRONT (insult, outrage, offend); cheat impudently, deceive. **-terie**¹⁵, *f.*: boldness; impudent cheating. **-teur**¹⁵, *-euse*, *m., f.*: confronter; †impudent cheater.

affruiter¹¹ [d. *fruit*], *tr.*: provide with fruit.

affu-blement¹², *tr.*: covering, wrapping, old garment. **||-bler**¹⁰ [p. L. **af-fibulare* (L. *fibula*, clasp)], *tr.*: cover (with a dress), wrap up, muffle; dress or rig out; *-é d'une opinion*, wrapped in (wedded to) an opinion; *s*— *de*, be wrapped up in, be always with.

affû-t¹⁴, *m.*: watch (place or act); frame or support; gun-carriage: *être à l'—*, be on the watch, lie in wait, be on the look-out, watch; *chasse à l'—*, stalking.

-tage¹⁴, *m.*: †putting in position (esp. a piece of ordnance), mounting; putting in repair, repair (of tools), setting, whetting; set of tools (arranged for work), implements. **||-ter**¹¹ [d. *fût*], *tr.*: †post behind a tree (*fût*) or a bush, etc. (to watch the game); †place in position, †mount (a gun); †dispose; put in shape (of tools), esp. set, sharpen. **-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: (hunt.) stalker; saw-setter, grinder. **-tiau**¹⁷, *m.*: bauble, trifle.

a-fin¹³ [d. *fin*], *adv.*: in order (*de or que*, that), so (that).

à fortiori [l. L., 'from the stronger', viz. to the weaker], *adv.*: = (all the more).

afri-cajn, **-caine**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: African. **||-que**, *f.*: Africa.

aga¹⁰ [dial. for *-gare*, Imp'v of OFr. *-garer* (cf. *gare*), regard], *interj.*: lo! look! now!

agaçant¹⁵ **-cer**, *adj.*: vexing, inciting; enticing; *f.*: sort of jewel.

agace [OHG. *agaletra*], *f.*: magpie.

aga-cement¹⁵, *m.*: setting the teeth on edge, (nervous) irritation. **||-cer**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: cause a nervous irritation, irritate, set (the teeth) on edge; plague, tease; provoke, incite. **-erie**¹⁵, *f.*: irritation, provocation.

agame¹⁵ [Gr. *á-gamos*, without marriage], *adj.*: agamous.

aga-pe¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *ágape*, love)], *f.*: =, love-feast. **-pètes**¹⁵ [L. *-petas* (Gr. *-petós*, beloved)], *m., f. pl.*: agapetós (eccl.: clerics or women living in the communities of the opposite sex).

Agar, *f.*: Hagar.

agario¹⁵ [L. *-eus*], *m.*: =.

†agasse = *agace*.

agate¹¹ [L. *achates*], *f.*: =; agate-burnisher.

agathe¹⁵ [Gr. *-thé*, good], *f.*: tulip.

agavé¹⁷ [Gr. *gané*, admirable], *f.*: agave (plant).

age (dial. for *2.haie*), *f.*: plough-beam.

â-ge⁹ [p. L. **atâticum* (L. *etas*, age)], *m.*: age; century: *bas* —, infancy; — *virile*, manhood; *fleur de l'—*, prime of life; *honoré par l'—*, time-honoured. **-gê**¹², *adj.*: aged, old; elderly; — *de cinq ans*, five years old.

agence¹⁰ [—*gent*], *f.*: agency.

agen-cement¹⁴, *m.*: arrangement, disposition. **-cer**⁹ [p. L. **tiare* (L. *genitus*, cf. Fr. *gent*, fair), make nice], *tr.*: arrange (appropriately), order, dispose, fit up; *s'—*, dress up.

agen-da¹⁶ [L. pl. (*agere*, ACT)], things 'to be done', *m.*: memorandum-book, register.

agen-de¹⁸ [L. *-da*], *f.*: (Protestant) ritual. **agenou-iller**¹¹ [â, *genouil*, old form of *genou*], *refl.*: kneel down; (with ellipsis of *se*) make kneel down: *-illé*, kneeling, on one's knees. **-iljoir**¹⁵, *m.*: kneeling-stool, hassock.

1.a-gent¹³ [L. *agens* (*agere*, act)], *m.*: agent, active principle. **2.-gent, -gente**, *m.*: agent (person), mediator: — *comptable*, accountant, purser; — *de change*, stock broker; — *de police*, police officer, policeman.

Aggée, *m.*: Haggai.

agglomé-ration [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: agglomeration. **-rer**¹⁷ [L. *-rare* (*glomus*, ball)], *tr.*: agglomerate.

aggluti-nant¹⁶, *adj.*: — **-natif**¹⁵, *-ive*, *adj.*: agglutinative. **-nation**¹⁵, *f.*: — **-nér**¹³ [L. *-nare* (*gluten*, GLUE)], *tr.*: agglutinate.

aggra-vant¹⁵, *adj.*: aggravating. **-va-tion**¹⁴, *f.*: — **-ve**¹⁶ *-de*, *f.*: anathema. **-ver**¹⁰ [L. *-rare* (*gravis*, heavy)], *tr.*: aggravate; †make heavy (weigh down); anathematise.

†aggrég... = **agrég...**

agi-le¹³ (L. *-lis* (*agere*, ACT)], *adj.*: — (nimble). **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: nimbly.

-lité¹³ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: agility.

1.agio¹⁴ [? Gr. *hágios*, saintly], *m.*: ceremonious manner, gew-gaw, trinket.

2.agio¹⁷ [It. *aggio* (?)], *m.*: — **-tage**¹⁷ [—*ter*], *m.*: —, stock-jobbing. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: speculate in stocks, job. **-teur** [—*ter*], *m.*: (stock-)jobber.

a-gir¹⁵ [L. *agere*], *intr.*: ACT (operate); (leg.) proceed; *s'— de*, (be agitated as a question: hence) be the question about, be at stake, be the matter: e.g. *il s'agit de*, it is the question about, the question is, the point is; *de quoi s'agit-il?* what is the question (about)? what is up? what is the matter? *il s'agit de sa vie*, his life is at stake; *†en — avec quelqu'un*, use or treat any-one (well, etc.). **-gissant**¹⁶,

adj.: acting, active; effectual, efficacious. **-gissements**¹⁸, *m. pl.*: manner of acting; legal proceedings.

agi-tateur¹⁷ [L. *-tator*], *m.*: agitator; (phys.) agent. **-tation**¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: —; emotion; disturbance. **-tato**¹⁷ [It.], *adv.*: —, hurriedly. **-ter**¹³ [L. *-tare* (frequ. of *agere*, act)], *tr.*: agitate (shake; disturb, trouble); ruffle; *s'—*, be agitated, be disturbed; get rough; stir about, wag.

†aglom... = **agglom...**

†aglut... = **agglut...**

agna-t¹⁶ [L. *-tus* (*ad*, natus, born)], *m.*: agnate (relative on the male side). **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: agnation. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: agnatic.

a-gneau⁹ [L. *agnellus* (*agnus*, lamb)], *m.*: lamb. **-gnel**⁹ [old form of *agneau*], *m.*: (orig. lamb); cold-coin (bearing the mark of a lamb). **-gnelle**⁹ [L. *agnella*], *f.*: ewe. **-gnelage**¹³ [*agneler*], *m.*: lambing. **-gneler**¹¹, *intr.*: lamb, yeau. **-gneler**¹¹, *m.*, **†-gnelotte**, *f.*: lambkin; half of an agnel (coin). **-gnelin**, *adj.* of a lamb, lamb's; *m.*: lambskin (with the wool). **-gnèlement**¹³ [*agneler*], *m.*: lambing.

Agnes, *f.*: Agnes; artless girl.

agnus Dei *dé-i* [L. 'lamb of God'], *m.*: —.

ago-nie¹³ [L., Gr. *-nia* (Gr. *agón*, struggle)], *f.*: agony (†anguish; death-agony, death-struggle); hour (point) of death. **-nir**¹⁸, *tr.*: (dial.) overwhelm (with insult), insult. **-nisant**¹⁵, **-ante** [*-niser*], *adj.*: in death-agony, dying; *m.*, *f.*: dying person. **-niser**¹³ [L. *-tare*], *intr.*: be in the agony (pangs) of death, be dying. **-nistique**¹⁷ [Gr. *-nistikós*], *adj.*: agonistic, athletic.

agora¹⁵ [Gr. *-ré*], *f.*: —, public place.

agra-fe¹⁵, *f.*: agraffe, clasp; cramp-iron; †hook. **-fer**¹⁶ [â, OFr. *grafe* (cf. *grappe*), hook], *tr.*: †hook; clasp.

agraîner¹³ [â, *graine*], *tr.*: give grain to; strew with grain (for game).

agraire [L. *agrarius* (*ager*, field)], *adj.*: agrarian.

agran-dir¹² [â, *grand*], *tr.*: enlarge, make greater, aggrandise; magnify, exalt. **-dissement**¹⁶, *m.*: enlargement, aggrandisement; advancement.

agrape¹³ [OFr. *-per* = *-fer*], *f.*: †hook; boring tool.

†aggrav... = **aggrav...**

agré-able¹¹, *adj.*: agreeable: avoir pour —, be pleased to permit, allow. **-ablement**¹³, *adv.*: agreeably. **-é**, *part.*: accepted, etc.; *m.*: attorney (in the tribunals of commerce). **1.-ér**¹¹ [â, *gré*], *intr.*: be agreeable (be convenient or pleasant, suit); *tr.*: receive agreeably

or pleasantly; (be pleased to) accept, approve, agree to, relish.

agrêre¹¹ [d, grêr], tr.: rig (a ship).

agrégat¹¹, m.: [L. -gatum], aggregate.

-gatif¹⁵, -ive, adj.: aggregative.

-gation¹⁵ [L. -gatio], f.: aggregation, aggregate; assemblage; admission (into a body, society, etc.); admission to the title of *agrégé* (cf. below) or *licentiate*: *concours d'—*, examination for the licentiate degree.

-gé¹⁴, part.: aggregated, etc.; m.: associate; esp. *licentiate* (university graduate entitled to lecture in a lyceum or faculty): — *d'histoire*, licentiate in history; etc.

—gêr [L. -gare (ad, to, grex, flock)], tr.: aggregate, take up (receive) into a body (a society, etc.), associate, unite.

agrément-t¹⁴ [agrêre], m.: agreeableness (pleasingness, charm; comfort); (esp. pl.) ornament, embellishment; (mus.) grace; (theat.) divertissement; agreement (approbation, consent); remedy, injection: *arts d'—*; accomplishments.

-têr¹⁵, tr.: render agreeable; ornament.

agrèner = *agrainer*.

agrèner [r], tr.: pump or bale out.

agrès¹⁴ [agrêr, rig], m. pl.: rigging.

agres-seur¹⁴ [-sor], m.: aggressor.

—sif¹⁵, -ive [L. -sus (ad, to, gradi, go)], adj.: aggressive.

-sion¹⁴ [L. -sio], f.: —.

agreste¹⁵ [L. -tis (ager, field)], adj.: agrestic, rustic.

agreyeur¹⁷ [r], m.: wire-drawer.

agri-cole¹³ [L. -cola (ager, field, colere, cultivate)], m.: agriculturist; adj.: agricultural.

-culteur¹⁵ [L. -cultor], m.: agriculturist; writer on agriculture.

-culture¹⁵ [L. -cultura], f.: —.

agriffer¹⁴ [d, griffe], tr.: grasp with the claws, cling to.

agri-mensur¹⁵ [L. -mensor (ager, field, mensura, MEASURE)], m.: (Rom.) surveyor.

-paine¹⁵ [L. -palma], f.: motherwort.

agripper¹⁵ [d, gripper], tr.: snatch, gripe.

agrono-me¹³ [Gr. -nómos (agrós, field, nómos, law)], m.: agriculturist.

-mie¹³, f.: agronomy.

-mique¹⁷ [-mie], adj.: agronomic.

agron-elle or **-ette** [dial. for *écrouelle*], f.: prawn; (-elle) sort of scrofula.

agrouper¹⁵ [It. ag-groppare (cf. groupe)], tr.: grouper.

aguerrir¹⁵ [d, guerre], tr.: inure to war, harden, train.

aguet¹¹ [OFr. -ter (cf. guetter)], m.: watchfulness; pl. watch: *être (se tenir) aux —s*, be upon the watch, lie in wait.

aguimpé¹⁵ [d, guimpe], adj.: provided with a chemisette; veiled.

ah, interj.: ah! oh!

†a-han¹⁰, m.: bodily exertion. ||-haner [r], intr.: make a painful effort, toil.

aheur-tement¹¹, m.: stubbornness.

—têr¹¹ [d, heurter], tr.: (†) knock against; stop before (find) an obstacle; esp. s— (d): persist (in spite of obstacles), be stubborn (in), stick (to).

ahi¹⁵, interj.: ah! ay! oh dear!

ahu-rir [d, hure: 'bristle in head'], tr.: astound, bewilder.

-risement¹⁵, m.: bewilderment.

1. ai¹⁵ a-i [Brazil], m.: aye-aye, ai, sloth.

2. ai a-i [Ai, a city], m.: foaming champagne.

ai-de⁵, f.: aid (help or relief; grant or tax; female assistant); m.: aid (assistant, ADJUTANT, staff-officer): *appeler à l'—*, call for help; *cour des —s*, court of aids (settling finally questions of taxation); — *de camp*, aid-de-camp; — *du patron*, master's mate; — *major d'escadre*, naval adjutant.

—dêr⁵ [L. ad-jutare (juvare, help)], tr.: aid (help, assist); intr.: aid, give assistance; s—: help one's self, make use (of); help one another.

aiê ay, interj. (of pain): oy, oh (dear)!

aïeu-l', -le⁵ a-yeul [p. L. *avi-olus, -ola (L. avus, avia, same meaning)], m., f.: grandfather, grandmother; -ls¹⁰, -les, pl.: (m.) grandfathers, grandfather and grandmother; (f.) grandmothers; ancestral mothers. -x⁵, pl. m.: (†) grandfathers; forefathers, ancestors.

aigle⁵ [L. aquila], m.: EAGLE (the bird generally, or as an emblem; a coin); f.: she-eagle; eagle (Roman standard surmounted by an eagle; arms): — *de mer*, osprey; — *criard*, spotted eagle; — *blanc*, (chem.) muriate of mercury; — *noir*, (chem.) sublimate of cobalt.

aigr-e⁵ [L. acer, sharp], adj.: sour, Acid, sharp; shrill; musty; sour-tempered, acrimonious; m., sourness, etc.; acid drink or liquid.

-x-dour¹⁵, adj.: sour-sweet, sourish.

-x-fîn¹⁵, m.: adventurer; sharper [deriv'n not certain].

-nle¹⁵, -ette, adj.: sourish.

-nement¹¹, adv.: acrimoniously, sharply.

aigremoine¹³ [L. agrimonia], f.: agrimony, liver-wort.

aigret, -ette [-gre], adj.: sourish.

aigret-te¹³ [aigron, dial. form of *héron*], f.: EGRET (white HERON); aigret(te) (tuft of feathers, plume, crest; tuft of hair; head-ornament of precious stones, esp. in the form of a heron's crest).

-té, adj.: (bot.) with an aigret, tufted.

ai-greur⁵ [L. aceror, sharp], f.: sourness, acidity; acrimony (sharpness, surliness, ill-temper).

—grir¹⁴ [-gre], tr.: sour, make sour; sharpen, embitter, incense);

sharpen (increase); *intr.*: turn sour (be soured); grow bitter; grow worse.

aigu^o, =*ue* [L. *acutus*], *adj.*: sharp (pointed); keen, ACUTE; shrill).

ai-gua... [OFR. *-gua* (L. *aqua*, water)];

-guade¹⁵, *f.*: (nav.) water-supply; watering-station; *faire* —, take in fresh water.

-guai¹⁵, *m.*: (hunt.) dew-drop. **-guay**, *tr.*: wash, bathe (a horse).

-guemarine¹⁶, *f.*: aqua-marina, beryl. **-guière**¹⁵, *f.*: EWER, pitcher.

-guirée¹⁶ (*-guître*), *f.*: ewerful, pitcherful.

aiguil-lade¹⁴ [through Prov.], *f.*: goad.

-lage¹⁵ [*-ter*], *m.*: (railr.) shifting of points. **-lat**¹⁵ [through Prov.], *m.*: dog-fish.

||aiguil-le^o [p. L. *acūcula* (L. *acus*, needle)], *f.*: needle (sewing-needle; pointed piece of metal, as hand of a watch, etc.); index of a balance; spindle of a compass, etc.); spire (of a steeple); (railr.) switch or frog; needle-fish (horn-fish, etc.): —

d'epres, darned needle; — *d'ardoise*, slate-pencil. **-lée**¹², *f.*: needful. **-ler**, *tr.*: (railr.) set or turn (a switch); †(*sur*)

couch (a cataract). **-letage**¹⁷ [*-leter*], *m.*: (nav.) seizing; lashing. **-leter** [*-lette*], *tr.*: trim (or lace) with tags, fix or button

with lace (or cords), lace; (nav.) bind with ropes ('seize', lash). **-letier**¹⁴ [*-lette*], *m.*: tag-maker, lace-maker. **-lette**¹², *f.*: A(I)GLET (pointed tag of cord or lace);

aiglet-tipped cords or braids; ornamental cordon or lace (of various kinds, but especially on uniforms), shoulder-knot;

tricing line or rope; thin slice of skin or flesh. **-leur**¹⁵, *m.*: (railr.) switchman.

-lier, *m.*: needle-maker; †needle-case. **-lière**, *f.*: needle-maker; †net.

aiguil-lon^o [p. L. **acūleo* (L. *leus*, sting)], *m.*: goad; incentive; sting (of insects, etc.); prickle. **-lonné**¹⁵, *adj.*:

provide with a goad; **-lonner**¹¹, *tr.*: goad; incite.

aiguil-sage¹⁵, **-sement**¹¹, *m.*: sharpening, whetting. **||-ser**^o [p. L. **acutiāre* (L. *acutus*, sharp)], *tr.*: sharpen, whet.

-seur¹⁵, *m.*: sharpener, grinder. **-soir**¹⁴, *m.*: sharpening-tool.

ail^o pl. *ails*, or, esp. in bot., *ails* [L. *all(i)um*], *m.*: garlic.

ailante¹⁵ [Chin. *allanto*], *m.*: (bot.) allantus.

ai-le^o [L. *ala*, wing], *f.*: wing (of birds, bats, etc.); wing-like appendage (as wind-mill, vane, fan); side-appendage (as

wing or aisle of a building; wing of an army; etc.); *à tire d'—*, at a single flight;

tirer de l'—, take to wing; *en avoir (tenir) dans l'—*, be affected or struck, have a screw loose. **-lé**, *adj.*: winged.

-leron¹⁴, *m.*: extremity of a wing (with the big feathers), pinion; fin (of certain

fishes); wing-like appendage (as feather of an arrow; float-board of a water-wheel; scroll over a window, etc.) **-lette**¹¹, *f.*: †little wing; wing-like appendage (as small wing of building; shoulder-piece ornament; side-lining; screw-blade; rifle-band of a projectile to fit in the rifles of a gun.

ailade¹⁵ [Prov. *alhada* (ak. to *ail*)], *f.*: garlic sauce.

ailleurs^o [L. *aliōrsūm* (*alio-versūm*, elsewhere directed)], *adj.*: ELSEWHERE: *d'—*, besides; in other regards; from another reason or cause.

ailoli¹⁵ [Prov. *aili*, 'garlic-oil'], *m.*: cullis of garlic (sort of jelly).

ai-mable^o [L. *amābilis* (*amo*, love)], *adj.*: amiable, agreeable. **-mablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: amiably. **||-mant**¹⁵ [*-mer*], *adj.*: loving, affectionate.

2. aiman-t^o [L. *adamas* (Gr. *a-dāmas*, in-vincible)], *m.*: magnet, load-stone, †Eng. adamant. **-tation**¹⁷, *f.*: magnetisation.

-ter¹⁵, *tr.*: make magnetic, magnetise: *-té*, *part.*, magnetic. **-tin**, *adj.*: mag-

netical.

Aimée, *f.*: Amy.

aimer^o [L. *amāre*], *tr.*: love; be fond of, like: — *mieux*, like better, prefer.

1. aine^o [p. L. *inguina* (L. *inguen*)], *f.*: groin.

2. aine¹⁷ [?], *f.*: herring-stick (on which they are strung).

ai-né¹¹, **-née** [*ains*, *né*], *adj.*: elder, eldest, senior; *m., f.*: elder (-est) son or daughter. **-nesse**, *f.*: primogeniture, seniority.

†ains^o [p. L. **anteis* (L. *ante*, before)], *adv.*: but.

ainsi¹⁰ [*ain ? si*], *adv.* or *conj.*: thus, so; then (= consequently); just as; so that;

†at the same time; †like: — *du reste*, and so forth; — *que*, just as, as well as; pour

— *dire (ou parler)*, so to say, as it were.

air^o [L. *āer*, air], *m.*: air (atmosphere; appearance, look, or style; tune): *avoir l'— bon (mauvais)*, look good-natured (ill-natured); *avoir l'— de*, look like; *avoir l'— à*, have a mind to; *être en l'—*, be in a flurry; *faire prendre l'— à*, give an air-

ing to; *un coup d'—*, a scold; *des gens du bel—*, people of high life; *un homme du grand—*, a man who makes a great figure; *un — de famille*, a family likeness.

airain^o [L. *acrāmen* (*aes*, metal)], *m.*: brass, bronze; object made of bronze (as guns, bells): *un front d'—*, a brazen face.

air-e^o [L. *ārea*], *f.*: area; threshing-floor; paving-foundation, bottom; rock-surface

on which the eagle builds its nest, AERIE, EYRY (the nest itself, nest of large birds); forest-area; point of a compass in the di-

rection of the wind (*-de vent*). *-é(e)*, *f.*: lot of sheaves on a barn-floor; (*bak*) batch.

airelle, *f.*: whortle-berry.

aïrer¹² [*â, aïre*], *intr.*: make its eyry or nest.

aïs⁹ [*L. axis*, plank], *m.*: plank, board; (*print*) whetting-board; butcher's block.

ai-sance¹³ [*Ofr. -ser*], *f.*: ease, freedom; comfort, easy circumstances, competency; *l'accommodation*, privilege; *pl.*: water-closet; *lieux (cabinets) d'-s*, water-closet; *fosse d'-s*, cess-pool. **ai-se** [*Ofr. -ser* (?)], *f.*: ease, convenience, comfort; content, gladness, joy; *adj.*: glad, happy; *d l'-*, comfortable; easily; *être d son -*, be well (off), be at ease or unconstrained; *se sentir mal d l'-*, feel uncomfortable; *aimer ses -ses*, love one's ease; *j'en suis bien -*, I am very glad of it.

-s¹¹ [*Ofr. -ser*], *adj.*: easy; comfortable; in easy circumstances, well-to-do (*also as noun*). **-sément**¹¹, *m.*: = *-sance*. **-sément**¹² [*-se*], *adv.*: easily, with ease; comfortably.

aissaugue¹³ [*Prov. -go* (?)], *f.*: fishing-net, fishing-boat.

l'aisseau¹³ [*Ofr. -sae* (*L. ascia*, ax)], *m.*: adze.

2.ais-scan¹³ [*aïs*], *m.*: roof-shingle.

-sclette, *f.*: bottom-piece (of a cask).

-seller, *m.*: (*carp.*) brace. **-sellièr**, *f.*: = *-sclette*.

aisselle⁹ [*L. axilla*], *f.*: arm-pit; (*bot.*) axil(la); jointure.

aissette¹³ [*aïs*], *f.*: adze.

aître¹³ [*L. atrium*, fore-court], *m.*: atrium, fore-court; free ground round a church (for cemetery).

ajointer¹³ [*â, joint*], *tr.*: joint, connect.

ajonc [*?*], *m.*: furze; thorn-broom.

a-jour¹³ [*â, jour*], *m.*: hole, orifice.

-jouré, *adj.*: provide with holes (for the daylight); (*her.*, etc.) fretted.

ajournement¹², *m.*: adjournment; (*leg.*) summons. **ll-nor** [*â, Ofr. jor* = *jour*], *tr.*: adjourn, put off; (*leg.*) summon; *l'impera.*: dawn.

ajou-tage, *m.*: added piece. **ll-ter**⁹ [*p. L. ad-jutare* (*L. juxta*, near)], *tr.*: add, join; give added value (to); *refl.* be added: — *foi â*, give credence to, believe in; — *au conte*, embellish (or stretch) a story; — *té, part.*; *also m.*: addition (in a proof-sheet, etc.). **-toir**, *m.*: added piece.

aju-st¹⁶, *m.*: (*nav.*) tying. **-stage**¹³, *m.*: adjustment; fixing the legal rate (of coin).

-stement¹³, *m.*: adjustment (fitting, arrangement; accommodation, reconciliation); fixing (of the toilette, etc.); toilette (attire, garb); *l'correctness*. **ll-ster**¹⁵ [*â, juste*], *tr.*: adjust (set aright, adapt, fit; fix, fix the value of); aim (a gun);

take aim at; adjust (make agree, reconcile; accommodate); fix or arrange (the toilette, etc.), attire, trim, fit up; *fix* it well to, punish. **-steur**¹⁵, *m.*: adjuster, fitter; weigher at the mint. **-stoïr**¹⁶, *m.*: assay-balance; adjusting tool. **-sture**¹⁸, *f.*: curve given to a horse-shoe. **-tage** or **-toir**, *m.*: adjutage; connection tube or pipe.

al [*L. ad* 'to' or *Fr. â*]: *pref.*

alaise = *aldze*.

alambi-o¹² [*Ar. al-ambiq* (*Gr. ambix*, vase), the vase], *m.*: alembic, still: *tirer d l'-*, pass through the alembic, strain; *passer d l'-*, examine critically, scrutinise. **-quer**¹⁵, *tr.*: pass through the alembic, distil, extract (the essence), strain; *refl.*: strain or puzzle one's self, refine too much upon: — *quê, part.*: strained, subtle, fine-spun; *s'- l'espirt sur*, puzzle one's brain about. **l-queur**¹⁵, *m.*: alchemist.

alandier¹⁵, *m.*: mouth of a furnace.

alan-guir¹⁵ [*â, languir*], *tr.*: *l'make languid; refl.*: become languid, languish. **-guissement**¹⁵, *m.*: languor.

alarguer [*Prov. -gar* (*large*)], *intr.*: (*nav.*) stand out to sea, sheer off.

alar-mant¹⁷ [*-mer*], *adj.*: alarming.

ll-me¹⁴ [*â l'arme!*], *f.*: summons to arms, alarm; sudden fear, anxiety. **-mer**¹⁵, *tr.*: alarm, startle; *l'call to arms* (give the alarm to). **-miste**¹⁷ [*-mer*], *m.*: alarmist.

alaterno¹⁵ [*L. -nuz*], *m.*: (*bot.*) alatern.

albâtre¹¹ [*L. alabastron*], *m.*: alabaster.

albatros [*Engl.*], *m.*: albatross.

alber-ge¹⁵ [*Sp. -chiga* (*Ar.*)], *f.*: small peach, = *-gier*, *m.*: albergo-tree.

Albigeois¹², *m.*: (*pl.*) Albigenes.

albi-nisme¹⁵, *m.*: albinism. **ll-nos**¹⁷ [*Port. -no* (*L. albus*, white)], *m.*: albino.

albu-gine [*L. -go*, whiteness], *f.*: albugo.

-gine, **-gineur**, *f.* = *enpe*, *adj.*: albugineous, whitish.

album¹⁷ [*L.* 'white'], *m.*: scrap-book; album; (*Rom.*) white inscription tablet.

albu-men¹⁵ [*L. (albus, white)*, white of an egg], *m.*: = *-mine¹⁷, *f.*: albumin.*

-mineur, = *enpe*, *adj.*: albuminous.

-minoïde¹⁵ [*-mine*, *Gr. eidos*, form], *adj.*: albuminoid. **-minge**¹⁸ [*-mine*], *f.*: = *-minorie* [*-mine*, *Gr. ouon*, urine], *f.*: albuminuria.

alcaide [*Sp. -calde* (*Ar.*)], *m.*: = *alcaid*.

alcaïque¹⁵ [*L. -caicus*], *adj.*: alcaic.

alca-lescence¹⁷ [*-lescent*], *f.*: alkalescence. **l-escant**¹⁷, *adj.*: alkalescence.

ll-li¹⁵ [*Ar. al-qali*, the ashes of salt-wort], *m.*: alkali. **-lin**, *adj.*: alkaline. **-lisor**¹⁶, *tr.*: alkalise. **-loïde**¹⁵, *m.*: alcaloid.

alcarrasas¹⁵ [*Sp. -rraza* (*Ar.*)], *m.*: = *un-glazed jug*.

alcée¹⁷ [L. -cen], *f.*: holly-hock.

Alcée, *m.*: Alcaeus.

Alceste, *m.*: Alceste.

Alcibiade, *m.*: Alcibiades.

alehi-mie¹⁷ [p. L. -chymia (Ar. al-kimia: cf. *chimie*)], *f.*: alchemy. **-mique**, *adj.*: alchemical. **-miste**, *m.*: alchemist.

alcide, *m.*: Alcides.

alcoo-1¹⁵ *-ko-ol* or (gen'l'y) *-kol* [fr. Ar.], *m.*: alcohol. **-lat**¹⁸, *m.*: alcoholate. **-lique**¹⁸ *-lik*, *adj.*: alcoholic. **-lisation**, *f.*: alcoholisation. **-liser**, *tr.*: alcoholise. **-lisme**¹⁸, *m.*: alcoholism.

alcoran¹⁸ [Ar. *al-ğoram*, the reading], *m.*: Koran.

alcô-ve¹⁶ [Sp. -coba (Ar. -kobbā, the bedroom)], *f.*: alcove, recess: *tenir* —, hold reception (like *les femmes précieuses*). **-viste**¹⁶, *m.*: attendant (at the receptions of *les femmes précieuses*).

al-cyon¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: halcyon; king-fisher. **-cyonien**¹⁵, *-enne*, *adj.*: halcyon.

aldébaran¹⁵ [Ar.], *m.*: (astr.) aldebaran.

alderman [Engl.], *m.*: =.

ale¹⁵ *el* [Engl.], *f.*: ale.

ale-a¹⁸ [L. throw of dice], *m.*: hazard. **-atoire**¹⁷ [L. -torius], *adj.*: hazardous, uncertain. **-atoirement**¹⁵ *-atoire*, *adv.*: by chance, in an uncertain manner.

alê-ne¹¹ [OHG. *alema* = Ger. *ahle*], *m.*: AWL. **-nier**¹⁵, *m.*: awl-maker.

alénois¹² [L. *aurelianensis*, 'from Orleans'], *m.*: only in *eresson* —, garden cress.

alen-tir¹¹ [*ā, lent*], *tr.*: make slow, slacken. **-tissement**, *m.*: slackening.

alentour or **à l'entour**¹⁴, *adv.*: around, about; *m. pl.* (only *alentours*): surroundings, environs, neighbourhood; persons about or around.

alépine¹⁸ [Alep, Aleppo (where made)], *f.*: bombazine.

alérion⁹ [OHG. *adaláro* = Ger. *adler*, eagle], *m.*: large eagle; (*her.*) spread-eaglet (without beak or foot).

alerte¹⁶ [It. *all'erta*, 'on the top' (for watching)], *interj.*: up! look out; *noun f.*: warning signal, alert, alarm; *adj.*: on the watch, alert, vigilant; ready, quick, wide-awake; *en* —, on the watch.

alê-sage¹⁸, *m.*: boring, drilling. **||-ser**¹⁷ [= *alêser*], *tr.*: polish or even a bored surface (or the edge of a coin), bore. **-soir**¹⁷, *m.*: boring-instrument.

alêstir [*ā, leste*], *tr.*: (*nav.*) lighten the rigging of.

alêsure¹⁷ *-ser*, *f.*: borings (chips) of metal.

ale-vin⁹ [p. L. **allevāmen* (L. *al-levāre*, elevate)], *m.*: young fry (for breeding). **-vinage**¹⁶ *-ner*, *m.*: fish-breeding; rejected fry. **-viner**¹⁸, *tr.*: stock

with fry; *intr.*: spawn. **-vinier**¹⁸, fry-pond.

alexandrin¹⁰ [L. -drinus], *adj.*: Alexandrian (school); alexandrine (verse), also *m.*

al(e)zan¹⁵ [Sp. *alazan*], *adj.*: chestnut-coloured; *m.*: chestnut-horse: — saure, sorrel; — roux, red bay.

alêze¹⁴ [OFr. *-lesier* (L. *latus*, broad, spread)], *f.*: sheet (under sick persons); extra board (to widen another); osier binding.

†alêzer = *aliser*.

alfa¹⁸ [Ar.], *m.*: alfa (plant).

alfange [Sp. (Ar.)], *m.*: scimitar; long-leaved lettuce.

alfénide¹⁸ [*Halphen*, the inventor], *f.*: alloy of nickel and copper.

algalic¹⁵ [L. *argalia*], *f.*: catheter.

algonon¹⁷ [L. *organum*, instrument], *m.*: chain for galley-slaves.

algarade¹⁵ [Sp. -da (Ar.)], battle-tumult], *f.*: sudden attack; petulant insult, affront.

algazel [Ar.], *m.*: African gazelle.

al-gèbre¹⁵ [l. L. -bra (Ar.)], *f.*: algebra.

-gébrique¹⁵, *adj.*: algebraic(al). **-gébrique**¹⁵, *adv.*: algebraically.

-gébriste¹⁵, *m.*: algebraist.

Algérie, *f.*: Algeria; **-rien**, *rienne*, *adj.* or *noun*: Algerian.

algi-de¹⁸ [L. -dus], *adj.*: algid, ice-cold. **-dité**¹⁵, *f.*: algidity.

algologie¹⁸ [*algue*, Gr. *lōgos*, speech], *f.*: algology.

algonquin¹⁷ [Am.], *m.*: Algonquin; uncivilised person.

algorithm¹⁶ [p. L. (Ar.)], *m.*: algorithm.

alguazil¹⁵ [Sp. (Ar. *al-wazir*, the vizier)], *m.*: = (Spanish constable).

algue¹⁸ [L. -ga], *f.*: alga, sea-weed.

†allaire = *alliaire*.

alibi¹⁵ [L., elsewhere], *m.*: =; †diversion, †subterfuge. **†-forain**¹⁴ [*forain*], *m.*: irrelevant or shuffling talk (answer), evasion.

alibile¹⁸ [L. -lis], *adj.*: alibile.

aliboron¹⁴, *m.*: only in *maître* —, †person able to do everything, handy-andy; ready-witted or cunning fellow.

alicante or **-cant** [province *Alicante*, where made], *m.*: alicant (Spanish wine).

alichon¹⁶ [*aille*], *m.*: float-board.

alidade¹⁵ [L. -da (Ar.)], *f.*: =.

alié-nable¹⁸, *adj.*: alienable. **-nation**¹² [L. -natio], *f.*: alienation (transfer of property; mental derangement). **-né**, **-ée**, *part.*: alienated, etc.; *m., f.*: lunatic, maniac; *maison d'—s*, mad-house. **||-ner** [L. -nare (*alius*, other)], *tr.*: alienate (transfer as title; estrange or dis-affect); derange the mind of, drive

mad. **-niste**¹⁸, *adj.*: alienist (treating insane).

alignement¹², *m.*: alignment, line; (*mil.*) dressing (*à droite* — ? right dress!) **||-guer**¹¹, [*d. ligne*], *tr.*: align (form to a line or in a line; *mil. dress*); *refl.* (*mil.*) dress; take position (to fight a duel): — *ses phrases*, square one's sentence; **-gné**, *part.*; **||-ga**, *part.*; **||-gnette**¹⁷, *f.*: herring-stick.

alimen-t¹¹ [*L. -tum (alere, nourish)*], *m.*: = (food, nourishment); (*leg.*) allowance (*pl. alimons*); things insured. **-taire**¹⁵ [*L. -tarius*], *adj.*: alimentary: *pension* —, alimony; maintenance; *régime* —, diet. **-tation**¹⁴ [*-ter*], *f.*: =, feeding. **-ter**¹³, *tr.*: aliment, nourish, feed; supply. **-teux**¹⁵, **-teuse**, *adj.*: alimental, nutritive.

alinéa [*L. a linea, 'from the line'*], *interj.*: new line! (i.e. from the old); *m.*: break (between paragraphs); paragraph.

aliquante¹⁶ [*L. -tus, some*], *adj. f.*: aliquant.

aliquote¹⁴ [*L. -t, some*], *adj. f.*: aliquot. **alise**¹¹ or **-ze** [*OHG. eliza*], *f.*: service-berry.

aliser or **-zer** [*OFr. alis (cf. lisse)*], *smooth*, *tr.*: make even; (*her.*) shorten.

alisher¹² or **-zier** [*-ae*], *m.*: service-tree.

ali-tement¹⁵, *m.*: taking to bed. **||-ter**¹², [*d. lit*], *tr.*: put to bed; lay down (*refl.* lie down); arrange in layers: **-té**, *part.*; bed-ridden.

alivrer¹⁸ [*d. livre*], *tr.*: make up into parts of one pound.

aliza-ri¹⁵ [*Sp. (Ar.)*], *m.*: madder-root, = **-rine**¹⁵, *f.*: alizarin.

alizer¹⁶ [*|| aliser*], *adj.*: vents —s, trade-winds.

||alizer, **||-zier** = *aliser*, *-sier*.

||alkali = *alcali*.

alkékoenge¹⁴ [*fr. Ar.*], *m.*: winter-cherry. **alkermès**¹⁵ [*fr. Ar.*], *m.*: =.

Allah [*Ar. al-ilah, the god*], *m.*: =.

allai-te¹⁷, *f.*: dug of a she-wolf. **-te-ment**¹⁵, *m.*: nursing, suckling. **||-ter**¹²

[*L. al-lactare (lâc, milk)*], give milk to, *tr.*: nurse, suckle; **||-suck**.

allant¹¹ [*-ller*], *part.*: going; *adj.*: ever going ('on the go'), stirring, active; *m.*: goer: —s et venants, comers and goers.

||allarguer = *alarguer*.

allé-chant¹⁵, *adj.*: alluring, enticing. **-chement**¹³, *m.*: allurement, enticement.

||-cher¹⁵ [*p. L. ||allectidre (L. al-lidere, attract)*], *tr.*: allure, draw.

allée¹² [*||aller*], *f.*: going; passage; entry, alley; lane.

||allé-gateur¹⁵ [*L. -gare*], *m.*: allegor.

||-gation¹² [*L. -gare (cf. -guer)*], *f.*: allegation.

al-lège¹¹ [*-léger*], *f.*: lighter, tender; window-sill. **||-légance**¹¹ [*-léger*], *f.*: alleviation, consolation.

||-allégance¹⁷ [*Eng. allegiance (Fr. lige)*], *f.*: allegiance.

allé-gement¹¹, *m.*: alleviation, relief. **||-ger**¹⁵ [*p. L. *alleviare (L. levare)*], *tr.*: LIGHTEN (render less heavy); ALLEVIATE; RELIEVE; disburden, unload; (*nav.*) buoy up. **-gir**¹², *tr.*: lighten, reduce.

allégo-rie¹¹ [*L. -ria (Gr. allo-, other, agoredein, speak)*], 'describing one thing by another', *f.*: allegory; allusion.

-rique¹⁵ [*L. -ricus*], *adj.*: allegorical.

-riquement¹⁵ [*-rique*], *adv.*: allegorically. **-riser**¹³, *tr.*: allegorise. **-riseur**¹⁷

[*-riser*], *m.*: allegoriser. **-riste**¹⁵, *m.*: allegorist.

al-lègre¹⁵ [*L. alacer*], *adj.*: lively, quick, cheerful, allacrious. **-lègrément**¹²

adv.: lively, joyously, alaciously. **-lè-grer**¹¹, *tr.*: render lively, alacrify. **-lè-gresse**¹², *f.*: *||alacrité*; lively joy, glad-

ness, cheerfulness, mirth. **-lègretto**¹⁷ [*||. -gretto*], *adv.*: (*mus.*) allegretto.

-lègro¹⁷ [*||. allegro (L. alacer, lively)*], *adv.*: (*mus.*) allegro.

||alléguer [*L. al-legare, send to or for, summon*], *tr.*: ALLEGE (adduce, plead, affirm); **||Eng.** cite as authority).

alléluia¹¹ *a*(*L. lē-lui-ya* [*L. (Hebr., 'praise God')*]), *m.*: hallelujah; (*bot.*) wood-sorrel.

Alle-magne¹⁵, *f.*: Germany. **alle-mand**¹⁵, **-mande**, *adj.* or *m.*: German.

aller¹⁷ [*||*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: go, move; go on; proceed, be about (to do a thing); get

along, be (in health); amount (to); (*fam.*) go or be suitable (with, to), suit; *imper.*

with *y*: be at stake or concerned (e.g. *il y va de la vie*, life is at stake); *refl.* with

en (*s'en aller*) go away, leave; pass away, be dying; be going, be about to; pass,

proceed; pass away; be lost; *infinit.*: going; run; (*nav.*) outward voyage;

imperat. (*va, allons, allez*) often inter-

jectionally: come! now! etc.: — *à cheval*

(*d. pied, en voiture*), go on horseback (on foot, in a carriage); — *au pas*, walk, pace;

— *bon train*, go on well or at a good round pace; — *son train*, keep on, take

one's own course; — *aux voix*, put to the vote; — *de pair*, be equal; — *à la gloire*,

aim at glory; *se laisser* — *à*, give one's self up to; *au long* —, in the long run;

au pis —, at the worst; *c'est votre pis* —, it's your last shift; *avoir l'— pour le*

venir, lose one's labor; *cela vous va*, that suits you; *il en va*, it is, *il en ira*, it will be; *cela ne va pas*, that won't do;

allons donc! come now! nonsense! *va t'en! or allez-vous-en!* go away! be off with you! *comment allez-vous?* or (*fam.*) *comment cela va-t-il?* how are you?

§ Ind.: Pr. *vais, vas, va; allons, allez, vont*. 1st. *allais*. Pret. *allai*. Fut. (Cond.) *irai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *aill-e, -es, -e; aillions, aillez, aillent*. 1st. *aillasse*. — I've *va; allez*. — Part.: Pr. *allant; P. aili*.

allen¹ [OHG. *all-od* 'all property'], m.: allodium, freehold.

alliable¹⁵ [*-lier*], adj.: miscible.

alliacé¹⁸ [L. *-ium*, garlic], adj.: (*bot.*) alliaceous.

alliage [*-ier*], m.: †combination; alloy-age, alloy.

alliaire¹⁶ [L. *-ium*, garlic], f.: hedge-garlic.

alliance¹⁴, f.: =, union; marriage; wedding-ring; covenant; combination. **-lié, -ée**¹⁴, m., f.: ally, confederate; relative (by marriage). 1. **-lier**¹⁰ [L. *-ligare*, bind to], tr.: ALLY, (combine, unite, marry); mix (ALLOY); reconcile; refl.: be allied or enter into alliance, etc.; suit; part.: allied, etc.; confederate; related (by marriage), akin.

2. **allier**¹⁴ [?], m. partridge-net.

alligator¹⁷ [Eng. (*Sp. legarto, LIZARD*)], m.: =.

allingue, m.: barrier.

allitération¹⁷ [*-l*] [L. *ad, litera*, letter], f.: alliteration.

alli-vrement¹⁵, m.: assessment. **-vrer**¹⁵ [*à, livre*, pound], tr.: tax (acc'g to income).

allo¹⁸ [Eng.], interj.: halloo! hello! (as telephone-call).

allobroge¹⁶ [name of a tribe, despised by the Romans], m.: rude person, clown; adj. crude.

allocation¹⁶ [*location*], f.: = (grant).

allocation¹¹ [L. *-tio* (*loqui*, speak)], f.: =, address.

allogia-l¹⁶ [L. *-lis* (cf. *allen*)], adj.: =, freehold. **-lité**¹⁶, f.: free tenure.

al-longe¹², f.: lengthening (delay); lengthening-piece, leaf (of a table), rider (of a bin), (nav.) futtock. **-longé**, adj.: lengthened, elongated, drawn; lame. **-longement**, m.: lengthening, elongation. **-longer**¹¹ [*à, long*], tr.: lengthen (prolong, stretch out; protract, delay); thrust, launch (a blow), allonge (a thrust): — *la courroie à quelqu'un*, let out the reins for some one, give him full play.

allo-pathe¹⁸, m.: allopath(ist). **-pathie**¹⁵ [Gr. *allos*, other, *páthos*, suffering: i.e. cure by producing a different effect], f. allopathy. **-pathique**¹⁸, adj.: allopathic.

†**allo-ter**¹⁸, **-tir** [*à, lot*], tr.: allot.

allouable¹², adj.: allowable. **-louer**¹⁹ [*à, louer*], tr.: †place near or in the service of; assign to, grant, ALLOW; regulate.

alluchon¹⁴ [ak. to *loquet*], m.: cog.

allu-mage¹⁸, m.: lighting; kindling.

-me¹⁷ (**-mê**), f.: fire-brand. **-me-feu**¹⁸, m.: kindling-stick (of fir). **-mer**¹⁹

[p. L. *-minare* (L. *lumen*, light)], tr.: light (kindle; illuminate). **-mette**¹³

, f.: match: — *chimique*, lucifer-match. **-meur**¹⁸, m.: lighter. **-moir**¹³, m.: lighter (that which lights).

allure¹¹ [*aller*], f.: way of walking or moving or acting; gait, pace, turn; carriage, conduct, manner; process; (*hunt.*) track, trail; †means of going, vehicle; pl. way of acting; intrigues.

allusion [L. *-sio* (*ludere*, play)], f.: †jest; allusion, hint.

allu-vial¹⁸ [L. *-vius* (*al-luere*, wash against)], adj.: =. **-vion**¹⁶ [L. *-vio*], f.: =; †food.

almagest¹¹ [Ar.], m.: almagest.

almanach¹⁴ [l. L. *-chus*], m.: almanac.

almée [Ar.], f.: Oriental dancer.

alo-ès¹² [L. *-e*], m.: aloe (plant or juice). **-étique**¹⁷, adj.: aloetical.

aloi [*-loyer*], m.: †alloy; standard (of gold, etc.); value, quality.

†**along**... = *along*...

alopécie¹⁴ [L. *-cia*], f.: alopecia.

alors¹⁴ [*à, lors*], adv.: then; d'—, of that time.

alo-se¹⁰ [L. *-laus*], f.: =, shad. **-sier**, m.: shad-net.

alouette¹¹ [O.Fr. *aloue** (L. *alauda*)], f.: lark; pied d'—, (*bot.*) lark's heel.

alour-dir¹⁶ [*à, lour*], tr.: render heavy or dull; †stun. **-dissement**¹⁴, m.: heaviness, dullness.

aloyage¹⁷ [*-yer*], m.: (tinsmith's) alloy; † = *alliage*.

aloyau¹³ [?], m.: sirloin of beef.

aloyer¹⁰ [older form of *allier*], tr.: alloy (for forming tin); †determine the standard of.

alpa-ca, or **-ga** [Sp. *-paque* (Peruv.)], m.: =, llama.

Alpes [L.], f. pl.: Alps. **alpestre**¹⁵ [L. *-pestris*], adj.: alpine.

alpha¹¹ [L. (Gr.)], m.: =, beginning.

alpha-bet¹⁵ [L. *-betum* (Gr. *alfa beta*, a b)], m.: =; vocabulary. **-bétique**, adj.: alphabetical. **-bétiquement** [*-bétique*], adv.: alphabetically.

Alphée, m.: Alpheus.

alpin, f. **-pine**, adj.: alpine.

alpion¹⁶ [It. *al più* = Fr. *au plus*], m.: double stake (at cards).

alpiste¹⁶ [Sp.], f.: canary-grass.

alsine¹⁵ [L.], f.: chickweed.

altaïque, *adj.*: of Altai mountains, Altaic.
alté-r ... [L. *alter*, other]: **-rable**¹³ [*-rer*], *adj.*: alterable. **-rant**¹⁵ [I.L. *-rans*; 2. *-rer*], *adj.*: alternant (as noun alternative); 2. causing sleep, soporific. **-rateur**¹⁷, **-ratrice** [*-rer*], *m., f.*: alterer, modifier. **-ration**¹² [I.L. *-tio*], *f.*: alteration; (alteration for the worse): deterioration, corruption, adulteration, falsifying, misrepresentation, morbid change; excessive thirst. **-reas**¹⁵, *m.* [*-rquer*], or **-reacion**¹² [L. *-reatio*], *f.*: altercation, wrangle. **-falté-re**¹⁶ [*-rer*], *f.*: trouble. **-ré**¹³ [*-rer*], *part.*: altered, etc.; thirsty, thirsting, dry; greedy. **-rer**¹³ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: alter (change); change for the worse (deteriorate, adulterate, impair, weaken, misrepresent, distort); make thirsty or dry; *refl.* be altered; be impaired, spoiled, etc.; *intr.*: excite thirst. **-rité**¹² [L. *-tas*], *f.*: altered condition.
alter-nance¹³ [*-ner*], *f.*: alternation, succession. **-nant**¹³ [*-ner*], *adj.*: alternating. **-nat**¹⁷ [*-ner*], *m.*: alternateness, succession (of crops). **-natif**¹⁴, **-ive** [*-ner*], *adj.*: alternate, alternative. **-nation**¹⁵ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: =. **-native**¹⁶ [*-natif*], *f.*: alternative, choice; alternation, permutation. **-nativement**¹⁵ [*-natif*], *adj.*: alternately. **-ne**¹⁵ [L. *-nus* (*alter*, other), one after another], *adj.*: alternate (by turns; reciprocal). **-ner**¹², *intr.*: alternate (take turns; act by turns); *tr.*: alternate.
alterquer [L. *-rcari* (*alter*, other)], *intr.*: altercation.
altesse¹⁵ [It. *-tessa* [L. *altus*, high]], *f.*: highness (as title).
althæa¹³ **-tée** [L.], *f.*: althæa (marsh-mallow).
al-tier¹⁵, *f.*: =*ère* [It. *-tiero* (L. *altus*, high)], *adj.*: haughty, proud; lofty. **-tièrement**, *adv.*: haughtily, proudly.
al-titude¹⁴ [L. *-titudo* (*altus*, high)], *f.*: altitude. **-to**¹⁷ [It.], *m.*: betw. tenor and bass, alto.
altruisme [L. *alter*, in anal. with *autrui*], *m.*: altruism.
alude¹⁷ [L. *aluta*, soft leather], *f.*: sheep-skin (for books).
aludel [Sp. (Ar.)], *m.*: (chem.) =.
alumine⁹ [p. L. *fulgorina* (Gr. *alōē*, aloes; *oxinēs*, acid)], *f.*: absinth.
alumelle¹¹ [*d.*, lamelle], *f.*: †blade (of a knife, etc.); planing or polishing tool, scraper; iron-sheating of the tiller-hole.
alumi-naire¹³, *adj.*: aluminous. **-ne**¹⁷ [L. *alumen*, ALUM], *f.*: alumina. **-neur**¹⁵, *f.*: =*esse*, *adj.*: aluminous. **-nium**¹⁵, *m.*: =.
a-lun⁹ [L. *alūmen*], *m.*: alum. **-lunage**¹³

[*-ner*], *m.*: aluming. **-lunation**¹³, *f.*: (chem.) alun-making. **-luner**¹⁶, *tr.*: alum, steep in alum. **-lunex**¹⁴, *=esse*, *adj.*: alun-bearing. **-lunière**¹³, *f.*: alum mine. **-lunite**¹⁵, *f.*: =, alum stone.
alvéolaire¹⁷, *adj.*: alveolar. **-ole**¹⁵ [L. *-lus* (*alveus*, hollow), small cavity], *m.* (*f.*): alveolus (cell of a honey-comb; or socket of a tooth); seed-cell. **-olé**¹⁵, *adj.*: alveolate.
alvin¹⁵, *=ine* [L. *-nus* (*alvus*, belly)], *adj.*: alvine.
alvin, etc. = *alerin*, etc.
alyse = *alysse*.
alysson¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *a*, 'not', *lyssa*, 'madness'), as a supposed curative against], *m.*: alyssum (madwort).
alzan = *alezan*.
amabilité¹⁶ [L. *-bilis*], *f.*: amiableness; †loveliness.
amade [Ger. *hamm*, close place], *f.*: (*her.*) three parallel lists in a shield.
amadis [A., hero in a romance], *m.*: chivalrous lover; tight sleeve (as worn in the 17th cent. by a stage A.).
ama-dou¹⁷ [? Prov. (L. *amare*, love)], *m.*: =, German tinder (as inflammable), touch-wood. **-douer**¹⁵, *tr.*: coax, cajole. 1. **-douer**¹⁷, *m.*: tinder-maker. 2. **-douer** [*-douer*], *m.*: cajoler. **-dovier**, *m.*: agaric of the oak, tinder-agaric.
amai-grir¹¹ [*d.*, *maigre*], *tr.*: make MEAGRE, lean or thin, emaciate; reduce in bulk or thickness; make sterile; †*intr.*, *refl.*: grow lean or thin. **-grissement**¹³, *m.*: growing thin, falling, emaciation.
amalgamation¹⁵ [*-mer*], *f.*: =. **-me**¹⁴ [L. *-ma* (Ar.)], *m.*: amalgam(a); amalgamation, medley. **-mer**¹³, *tr.*: amalgamate; mingle.
aman¹³ [Ar.], *m.*: grace (to Arabs who surrender).
aman-de⁹ [L. *amygdala* (Gr.)], *f.*: ALMOND; kernel; oval part of the sword-hilt. **-dé**¹⁵, *m.*: milk of almonds, amygdalate. **-dier**¹¹, *m.*: almond-tree.
amant, **-mante**⁹ [L. *amans*, loving], *m.*, †*f.*: †lover (paramour); *m.*: sweetheart.
amarante¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (Gr. *a-máranthos*, unfading)], *f.*: amaranth; *adj.*: amaranth-coloured.
amari-nage¹³, *m.*: (nav.) manning a prize. **-ner**¹² [*d.*, *marin*], prepare (a vessel) for the sea; man (a prize); inure (a crew) to the sea.
amarque¹⁶ [*d.*, *marque*], *f.*: buoy; sea-mark.
amar-rage¹⁶, *m.*: mooring or fastening (a ship). **amar-re**¹², *f.*: mooring cable, veizing, rope. **-rer**¹² [Dutch *maaren*,

fin], *tr.*: MOOR, fasten a ship, seize, belay, tie.

amaryllide, -ryllis [L. *Amaryllis*, shepherdess in Virgil], *f.*: amaryllis (lily-asphodel).

ama-s¹⁴, *m.*: MASS, heap, pile, accumulation. ||-**sser**¹¹ [à, *masse*], *tr.*: amass, (heap up, accumulate, hoard up); *refl.*: be heaped up, accumulate, crowd. -**ssette**¹⁶, *f.*: palette knife. -**ssur**¹⁶, *m.*: collector; hoarder.

amato-tage¹⁸, *m.*: (nav.) classing the men. ||**-tèr**¹⁶ [à, *matelot*], *tr.*: (nav.) class the crew.

amateur¹⁵ [L. -*tor* (amare, love)], *m.*: lover (of a thing or person); amateur, virtuoso.

amâtiner¹⁵ [à, *mâtin*], *tr.*: cross with a mastiff.

amatir¹¹ [à, *matir*], *tr.*: render tarnished or dull; deaden (gold).

amau-rose¹⁵ [Gr. -*rosis*, darkening], *f.*: amaurosis. -**rotique**, *adj.*: amaurotic.

amazone [L. -*zon*], *f.*: amazon (myth.); riding woman; riding-habit.

ambages¹⁵ [L. *ambi*, around, *agere*, drive], *f. pl.*: = (idle circumlocution, quibble).

ambassa-de¹⁴ [L. *L. ambaciare* (L. *ambactus*, vassal, fr. OHG. *ambaht*, public servant), go on a mission], *f.*: embassy; ambassador; ambassador's house; message. -**deur**¹⁵, *m.*: ambassador; envoy, messenger. -**drice**¹⁶ [-*deur*], *f.*: ambassadress; messenger.

ambe¹⁷ [It.-L. -*bo*, both], *m.*: combination of two numbers (in lottery or game).

ambes¹¹ [Ofr. *ambes*, two, *as*], *m.*: ambs-ace, two aces.

ambi¹⁵ [Gr. *ambe*, spatula], *m.*: = (instrument used in luxations of the humerus).

ambiant¹⁵ [L. -*biens* (amb-*ire*, go around)], *adj.*: ambient, surrounding.

ambidextre¹⁵ [-*ter* (ambo, both, dexter, right)], *adj.*: ambidextrous, *m.*: ambidexter.

ambi-gu¹⁴, =**uë** [L. -*gus* (amb-*igere*, wander about)], *adj.*: ambiguous (equivocal); *m.*: ambiguity; ambigu (cold collation); mixed play or game. -**guité**¹², *f.*: ambiguity. -**gument**¹⁵, *adv.*: ambiguously.

ambi-tionnement¹⁵ [-*tieux*], *adv.*: ambitiously. ||-**tieux**¹², =**ense** [L. -*tiorus* (amb-*ire*, 'go about' in search of office)], *adj.*: ambitious (intriguing to push one's self); *dazling*; *noun*: ambitious person. -**tion**¹² [L. -*tio*], *f.*: = (intrigue to push one's self). -**tionner**¹⁵ [-*tion*], *tr.*: ambition, seek with ambition, desire eagerly.

am-ble¹⁵, *m.*: amble, pace. ||-**bler**¹⁵ [L.

-*bulare*, walk], *intr.*: amble, pace. -**bleur**, =**ense**, *adj.*: ambling; *m.*: ambler.

amblyopie [Gr. -*opia* (amblys, blunt, ops, eye)], *f.*: amplyopy.

ambron¹⁷ [Gr. *ambron*, brim], *m.*: ambo, pulpit.

am-bre¹² [Ar.], *m.*: amber: — *gris*, ambergris; *fin comme l—*, shrewd.

-**bré**¹⁶ [-*brer*], *adj.*: amber-coloured; amber-scented. -**brer**¹⁶, *tr.*: perfume with amber. -**brette**¹², *f.*: amber-seed.

†**am-broise**, =**bro(i)sie**¹⁴ [L. -*brosia* (Gr. *a—*, not, *broτός*, mortal), the 'immortalising' food of the gods], *f.*: ambrosia.

1. -**broisien**¹⁵, =**enne**, *adj.*: ambrosial.

2. **ambrosien**, =**enne** [L. -*stianus*], *adj.*: Ambrosian (pertaining to St. Ambrosius).

ambu-lancee¹⁷ [-*lant*], *f.*: = (field-hospital); ambulatory state; office of an ambulating collector. -**lancier**¹⁵,

-**lancière** [-*lance*], *m., f.*: person employed in an ambulance. ||-**lant**¹⁶ [L. -*lans* (-*lare*, go about)], *adj.*: ambulant (ambulatory, itinerant, strolling; shifting).

-**latoire** [L. -*latorius*], *adj.*: ambulatory, changeable.

âme¹⁵ [L. *anima*], *f.*: soul, spirit, mind; vital or essential part of a thing; hence inner part of a thing: core, pith, central thread, axis, moulding-block, sound-post (of a violin), air-valve, bore (of a gun): — *bien née*, well-constituted mind; — *damnée*, condemned soul; (mere) tool; *égalité d—*, equanimity; *rendre l—*, give up the ghost; à l—, souled.

†**amé** [Ofr. *amer* = *aimer*], *adj.*: well-beloved.

amélio-ration¹⁴, *f.*: amelioration, improvement. ||-**rer**¹¹, †**-rir** [à, *meilleur*, assim. to L. *melior*, 'better'], *tr.*: better (a)meliorate, improve. -**rissement**¹⁵, *m.*: amelioration.

amen¹¹ [Hebr., 'certainly'], *interj.* or *m.*: =.

amena-ge¹⁵ [-*ner*], *m.*: transport.

aménage-ment, *m.*: management; forest-management. ||-**ger**¹⁵ [à, *ménager*], *tr.*: arrange for usage, regulate; regulate the management of (a forest).

amen-dable¹⁵, *adj.*: =, improvable; compensatory. **amen-de**, *f.*: ransom, penalty, fine, forfeit: *mettre à l—*, fine; *faire — honorable*, make due apology.

-**dement**¹¹, *m.*: =; †improvement (in health). ||-**der**¹⁵ [L. *emendare* (e, from, menda, fault), correct], *tr.*, †*intr.*: amend, improve; *refl.*: amend, grow better; reform.

amène¹⁵ [L. -*manus* (amare, love), pleasant], *adj.*: pleasant, agreeable (of nature).

ame-né, *part.*: brought, etc.; *m.*: bringing; (anc. law) secret summoning. -**née**¹⁵,

bag); (*bot.*) bladder. -16¹⁵ [OFr. *-ler* (-le), swell out], *adj.*: fawelling; inflated (bombastic, turgid); (*metaf.*) blistered. -lette¹¹, *f.*: †(*nav.*) little hour-glass; (*mil.*) fuze-tube (of a shell, etc.).

amputation¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =. -t6¹⁵, -t6c, *m.*, *f.*: cripple (from amputation). ||-ter¹⁵ [L. *-tare* (*am* = *ambi*, around, putare, prune)], *tr.*: amputate; cripple (by surgery).

amulette¹⁰ [L. *-letum* (Ar.)], *f.*: amulet. **amure**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: tack of a sail: *grand* —, main tack. -rer¹⁵, *tr.*: haul aboard the tack of (a sail).

amusable¹⁰, *adj.*: =. -sant, *adj.*: amusing. -sment¹⁴, *m.*: =; entertainment, sport; trifling, flirtation. ||-ser¹⁵ [3, *muser*], *tr.*: amuse (entertain, divert); put off with fair words, detain with trifles; trifle with, deceive; *refl.*: amuse one's self, etc.; sport, trifle; trifle away the time, delay: — *le tapis*, talk the time away; *s'— bien*, amuse one's self well; have good fun; *s'— à la moutarde*, stand trifling. -sette¹⁶, *f.*: little amusement, fun, trifling. -seur¹⁵, *m.*: amuser. -soir¹⁶, *f.*: amusement; toy.

amygdale¹⁵ [L. *-la* (Gr. *-le*)], *f.*: (*anat.*) ALMOND (tonsil). -lite¹⁵, *f.*: inflammation of the tonsils. -loide¹⁷ [Gr. *-loide*], *f.*: amygdaloid, almond-like.

amy-lacé¹⁵, *adj.*: amylaceous. ||-le¹⁵ [L. *-lum*, starch], *m.*: (*chem.*) amyl. -lique¹⁵, *adj.*: amylie.

an¹⁰ [L. *annus*], *m.*: year: *le jour de l'—*, New-Year's day; *l'— bisextile*, leap-year. 1. **ana** [L. *neut. pl.* ending *-ana*], *m.*: =, sayings (cf. Engl. 'Johnson-iana', the sayings of J.).

2. **ana** [L. (Gr. *aná*, 'again', distributive-ly)], *adv.*: (*pharm.*) =, of each, aa.

ana- [Gr. *aná*, up, back, again, like]: *pref.*

ana-baptisme¹⁵ [*ana-*, again], *m.*: ana-baptism. -baptiste¹⁵, *m.*: anabaptist.

anacard-de¹⁵ [Gr. *-dion* (*aná*, like, *kardia*, heart)], *m.*: anacardium-nut, cashew-nut. -dier¹⁷, *m.*: anacardium.

anachorète¹¹ [Gr. *-relés* (*aná*, back, *chôros*, place)], *m.*: an(a)choret, an-chorite.

anachronisme¹⁵ [Gr. *-més* (*aná*, back, *chrónos*, time)], *m.*: anachronism.

anacoluthe¹⁷ [Gr. *an* - not, *akolutos*, following], *m.*: anacoluthon (want of grammatical sequence).

anacoste¹⁷ [*Arachot*, a city in Holland], *f.*: anacostia, kind of serge.

anacreontique¹⁷ [L. *-ticius* (Andereon, the Greek poet)], *adj.*: Anacreontic.

anaérobie¹⁵ [Gr. *an-*, not, Fr. *atrobie*], *adj.*: anaërobitic (of microbes 'living without air').

anagallis¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: red pimpernel.

anaglyphe¹⁵, -glypte [Gr. *-phos* (*aná*, up, *gláphein*, chisel), wrought in relief], *m.*: anaglyph.

anagnoste¹⁵ [Gr. *-gnôstes*, reader], *m.*, *f.*: slave-reader (at a repast); †reader.

anago-gie¹⁵ [Gr. *-gogê* (*aná*, up, *égein*, lead), leading up], *f.*: anagoge, research of the mystic meaning in Holy Writ. -gique¹⁵, *adj.*: anagogic(al).

anagram-matise¹⁵, *tr.*: anagrammatise. -matiste¹⁵, *m.*: anagrammatist.

||-me¹⁵ [Gr. *-ma* (*aná*, back, *gráphein*, write)], *f.*: anagram.

anagyre¹⁴, -gyris [Gr. *-guros*], *m.*: bean-trefoil.

anal¹⁵ [L. *anus*, anus], *adj.*: =.

analectes¹⁷ [Gr. *-ta* (*ana-lékein*, gather up)], *m. pl.*: analects, analecta.

analem-matique, *adj.*: of an ana-lemma. ||-me [L.-Gr. *-ma* (*ana-lambé-nein*, take up), support, sun-dial], *f.*: ana-lemma.

analeptique¹⁵ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *ana-lambé-nein*, take up)], *adj.*: analeptic (restorative).

anal-gésie¹⁵ [Gr. *-gesis* (*an-*, not, *algeis*, sense of pain)], *f.*: analgesia.

analo-gie¹⁵ [L.-Gr. *-gia* (Gr. *aná*, according to, *lógos*, proportion)], *f.*: analogy.

-gique¹⁵ [L. *-gius*], *adj.*: analogical, analogous. -giquement¹⁵ [-gique], *adv.*: analogously. -gue¹⁵ [L.-Gr. *-gos*], *adj.*: analogous.

ana-lyse¹⁵ [L. *-lysis* (Gr. *-lúein*, un-loose, dissolve)], *f.*: analysis; parsing: *en der-nière* —, after all is said, as a final up-shot. -lyser¹⁷ [-lyse], *tr.*: analyse, dissect. -lyseur¹⁵ [-lyser], *m.*: analyser (person, thing, or part of polariscope).

-lyste [-lyser], *m.*: analyste. -lytique¹⁵ [L. *-lyticus*], *adj.*: analytical. -lytique-ment¹⁵ [-lytique], *adv.*: analytically.

anamorphose¹⁷ [Gr. *aná*, again, *morphê*, form], *f.*: anamorphosis, distortion.

ananas¹⁵ [Brazil], *m.*: =; pineapple; *fraise* —, ananas-scented strawberry.

ananthe¹⁵ [Gr. *an-*, not, *ánthos*, flower], *adj.*: ananthous, flowerless.

ana-peste¹⁵ [L. *-pestus* (Gr. *ana-pálein*, strike back, invert), 'inverted' dactyl], *m.*: anapest (— — —). -pestique¹⁵ [L. *-pasticus*], *adj.*: anapestic.

anaphore¹⁵ [L. *-ra* (Gr. *ana-phérein*, carry back)], *f.*: anaphora, repetition.

anaphro-disiaque¹⁵ [Gr. *-phrodisiakós*], *adj.*: (*med.*) anaphrodisiac, blunting the venereal appetite. -disie¹⁵ [Gr. *-disia*], *f.*: anaphrodisia. ||-dite¹⁵ [Gr. *-ditos*

(an, not, *Aphrodite*, goddess of love),
adj.: lacking venereal appetite, impotent.
anaplastic¹³ [Gr. *ana-plássein*, re-form],
f.: (med.) anaplasty, restoration (of lost
parts).

anar-chie¹³ [Gr. *-chia* (an-, not, *archós*,
ruler)], f.: anarchy. **-chique**¹⁵, adj.:
anarchial. **-chiste**¹⁷, m.: anarchist.

anasarque¹⁶ [Gr. *aná*, throughout, *árx*,
flesh], f.: (med.) anasarca, dropsy of the
skin.

anastomq-se¹⁵ [Gr. *-sis* (*stóma*, mouth)],
f.: (med.) anastomosis, inoculation of ves-
sels or nerves. **-ser**¹⁷, tr.: anastomose.

anastrophe¹⁷ [L. (Gr. *aná*, back, *strephein*, turn)], f.: =, inversion of words.

ana-thématiser¹³ [L. *-thematisare*],
tr.: anathematise. **-thématisme**¹⁴ [L.
-thematismus], m.: anathematisation.

||-thème¹¹ [L., Gr. *-thema* (Gr. *ana-tithēnai*,
set up a votive gift), devoted (to a
curse), accursed], m.: anathema (religious
ban or curse; reprobation); anathema-
tised person.

anatife¹⁵ [abbr. of *anatifère*], m.: bar-
nacle.

†anatifère¹⁶ [L. *anas*, 'duck', *ferre*,
'bear': the barnacle being popul. sup-
posed to produce a kind of duck], adj.:
conque —, barnacle.

anato-mie¹³ [L. *-mia* (Gr. *ana-témnein*,
cut up)], f.: anatomy (dissection); analy-
sis (of a book); †skeleton: *pièce d'—*,
dissected body (or part of a body), plaster-
cast (of a dissected part); †— *sèche*, skele-
ton. **-mique**¹⁵, adj.: anatomical; †anato-
mist. **-miquement**¹⁷ [*-mique*], adv.:
anatomically. **-miser**¹⁵, tr.: anatomise,
dissect; analyse; †divide. **-miste**¹⁶, m.:
anatomist.

ancêtre⁹ [L. *ante-cessor*, 'fore-goer'],
m.: paternal ANCESTOR; pl.: ancestors,
ancestry.

an-che¹⁶ [OHG. *-cha*, tibia, pipe], f.: †pipe
or mouth-piece of a wind-instrument; reed
(of a mus. instrument); organ-pipe; mil-
ler's scuttle. **-ché**¹⁶ *à*, adj.: (her.)
curved.

an-chiflure¹⁷ [?], f.: worm-hole.

anchois¹⁵ [Sp. *-choa*], m.: anchovy.

an-cien⁹, **-enne** [p. L. *†anteiānum* (L.
ante, before)], adj.: ancient (old, faded;
by-gone); older, senior; m.: ancient;
senior; elder; old codger; F—, Old Nick;
les —s d'une église, the elders. **-cienne-**
ment¹¹, adv.: anciently, formerly. **-cien-**
neté¹¹, f.: ancientness, antiquity; senior-
ity; †advanced age: *de toute —*, from the
earliest times, from time immemorial.

ancile¹⁵ [L.], m.: = (sacred shield, the
palladium of Rome).

ancolic¹³ [L. *aqui-legia*, 'water-collect-

ing' (viz. with urn-like petals)], f.: colum-
bine (flower).

ancone¹⁷ [L. *-narus* (Gr. *-kón*, elbow)],
adj.: (anat.) anconal (pertaining to the
elbow).

an-crage¹⁴ [*-crer*], m.: anchorage; anchor-
ground. **||an-cro**⁹ [L. *-cora*], f.: anchor
(of ship, of a wall = brace; of a watch;
or fig.): — *de large*, sea anchor; *mai-*
tresse —, sheet anchor; — *de rechange*,
spare anchor; *chasser sur les —*, drag
the anchors; *traverser l'—*, fish the
anchor; *fatiguer à l'—*, ride hard; *brider*
l'—, shoe the anchor. **-cré**¹⁶, adj.:
(her.) anchor-like. **-crer**⁹ [p. L. *-corāre*],
tr.: anchor, fix or brace. **-crure**¹⁷
[*-crer*], f.: bracing (of a wall); crease (in
cloth, made in shearing it).

andabate¹⁵ [L. *-tal*], m.: gladiator who
fought blindfolded.

andaïlot¹⁶ [?], m.: (nav.) cringle, iron
ring (in a sail, for the rope).

andain¹² [root *and*, as in Ital. *andare*,
go], m.: (OFr. stride); swath (mowed at
each 'stride').

andalou¹⁷, **-louze** [Sp. *-luz*], adj. or
noun: Andalusian; Spanish genet (horse).

andan-te¹⁷ [It., 'going'], adv. or m.:
(mus.) =, moderately slow. **-tino**¹⁷, adv.:
=.

andouille⁹ [p. L. **inductile* (in-*dūcere*,
bring in)], f.: sausage (of intestines of
swine, chitterlings); roll or twist (of to-
bacco): *†être comme une —*, amply cov-
ered.

andouiller⁹ [p. L. **antoculāris* (L. *ante*,
before, *oculus*, eye)], m.: ANTILER: pre-
mier —, brow-antler; second —, bez-
antler.

andouillette¹⁴ [*-lle*], f.: small sausage
(of chitterlings).

andrienne¹³ [*Andrienne*], f.: long morn-
ing-gown (used in playing *Andrienne* by
Baron).

andrinople¹³ [*Andrinopol*, Turk. city], f.:
red paint: red cloth.

andro- [Gr. *andr(o)-*, of *anēr*, man]:
-oecie¹³ [Gr. *oikia*, house], f.: androec-
ium, stamens of a flower (collectively).

-gyne¹³ [Gr. *gunē*, woman], adj.: andro-
gynous, being both male and female.

-ide¹⁶ [Gr. *eidōs*, form], m.: android,
(‘man-formed’) automaton. **-mède**¹⁵ [Gr.
Andromēda, wife of Perseus], f.: Andro-
meda (constellation). **-phore**¹⁵ [Gr. *phorōs*,
bearing], m.: =, support of stamens.

âne⁹ [L. *asinus*], m.: ASS (donkey; dunce);
vice, jack: *dos d'—*, (arch.) shelving ridge;
tête d'—, bull-head (fish); *pas d'—*, (but.)
colt's foot; bit; part of a sword-hilt (18th
cent.); *coq-d-F—*, cock-and-bull story;
pont aux —s, ass's bridge; *conte de peu-*

d—, child's story; *herbe aux —s*, sun-drop.

anéant-tir¹¹ [*ā, néant*], *tr.*: bring to naught, annihilate; prostrate, dumfound; *refl.*: be annihilated, etc. **-tissement**¹², *m.*: annihilation, destruction; prostration.

anecdo-te¹³ [*Gr. -ta (an-, not, ek-dotos, given out), 'unpublished things' (title of a work of Procopius)*], *f.*: =; *†adj.*: anecdotal. **-tier**¹⁷, *m.*: relater of anecdotes. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: anecdotic(al).

âné¹² [*âne*], *f.*: ass's load.

ané-mie¹⁸ [*Gr. an-, not, haima, blood*], *f.*: anemia (bloodlessness). **-mier**¹⁸, *tr.*: render anemic; *refl.*: become anemic or ill supplied with blood. **-mique**¹⁸, *adj.*: anemic.

anémo- [*Gr. ánemos, wind*]: **-mètre** [*Gr. métron, MEASURE*], *m.*: anemometer, wind gauge. **-né**¹⁵ [*L. -na*], *f.*: = (wind-flower). **-scope**¹⁶ [*Gr. skopein, view*], *f.*: anemoscope, wind vane.

ânerie¹⁵ [*-nier*], *f.*: gross ignorance or blunder.

anéroïde¹³ [*Gr. a-, not, nerós, humid*], *adj.*: aneroid, liquid-less (barometer).

ânesse¹¹ [*âne*], *f.*: she-ass.

anesthé-sie¹³ [*Gr. anæsthesia (a-, not, aisthesia, feeling)*], *f.*: anaesthesia, loss of sensation. **-siser**¹³, *tr.*: anaesthetise. **-tique**¹³, *adj.*: anæsthetic.

aneth¹⁴ [*L. -thum*], *m.*: dill.

anévrisme¹⁵, *adj.*: aneurismal. **-me**¹⁵ [*L. aneurysma (Gr. anév, eurús, wide)*], *m.*: aneurism (sort of tumor).

anfract-tueur¹⁵, = **ense** [*L. -tus (frangere, break), fractured*], *adj.*: anfractuous (winding). **-tuosité**¹⁵, *f.*: anfractuousity (sinuosity).

anga-rie¹⁵ [*It.-Lat. -ria (Gr. -ros, royal courier), villenage*], *f.*: compulsory service, statute-labor; forced renting of ships (in war). **-rier**¹⁴ [*It. -riare*], *tr.*: torment, vex.

an-ge⁹ [*L. -gelus (Gr. gelos, messenger)*], *m.*: angel; angel-fish; angel-shot; chain-shot: *être aux —s*, be in a transport of joy; *rire aux —s*, be in a laughing fit. **-gélie**¹² [*L. -gelicus*], *adj.*: angelic(al); *f.*: angelica (plant), lung-wort; sort of lute: *salutation —*, angelic salutation (to Mary that she was to bear Christ). **-gélissement**¹⁴ [*-gélisse*], *adv.*: angelically. **-géliser**¹⁵ [*L. -gelizare*], *tr.*: angelise, render angelic. **-gélot**¹², *m.*: flitlike angel; = (coin with the image of St. Michael; sort of Norman cheese stamped like the coin). **-gélus**¹⁶ [*L. -gelus, word beginning the prayer*], *m.*: angelus (morning, noon, and evening prayer in memory of the angel's saluta-

tion to Mary; bell, sounding for this prayer).

†anger = *enger*.

angi-ne¹⁵ [*L. -na (angere, strangle)*], *f.*: angina (strangling; throat-trouble; inflammation). **-neur**¹⁸, = **ense**, *adj.*: anginous.

angio- [*Gr. angelon, vessel*]: **-graphie**¹³ [*Gr. gráfein, write*], *f.*: angiography. **-logie**¹⁷ [*Gr. logos, discourse*], *f.*: angiology. **-sperme**¹⁸ [*Gr. sperma, seed*], *adj.*: angiospermous.

anglai-s¹¹, = **-se** [*Angle, =*], *adj.*: English; *m., f.*: Englishman; English woman; (*m.*) English language; (*f.*) sort of dance; silk lace; (*pl. f.*) long curls. **-ser**¹³, *tr.*: dock a horse's tail.

an-gle⁹ [*L. -gulus*], *m.*: =, corner: *d — droit*, rectangular. **-glé**¹⁶, *adj.*: angular. **-gler**¹⁷, *tr.*: form into angles. **-glet**¹², *m.*: flitlike angle; (*arch.*) angular indenture between bossages, channel.

Angleterre [*Angle, Angle, terre*], *f.*: England; *a-*, English worsted; sort of lace. **angleux**¹³, = **ense** [*-gle*], *adj.*: tangular; having the seeds or kernels imbedded in angular cavities: *noiz —se*, butternut, walnut hard to pick out.

an-glican¹⁶ [*Eng.*], *adj.*: Anglican. **-glicanisme**¹⁵, *m.*: Anglicanism. **-glicisme**¹⁷, *m.*: Anglicism. **-glomane**¹⁷ [*-manie*], *adj. or m.*: affected with Angliomania; Angliomaniac.

angois-sc⁹ [*L. angustia (ang-ere, contract), narrowness, distress*], *f.*: ANGUISH (pang; affliction): *poire d'—*, choke-pear; *gag; avaler des poires d'—*, go through trials or harsh treatment. **†ser**, *tr.*: anguish, distress deeply. **-seux**¹¹, = **ense**, *adj.*: heart-rending, distressing; *†distressed*.

angon¹⁴ [*L.*], *m.*: (Frankish) javelin; shell-fish hook.

angora¹⁵ [*A., city in Asia Minor*], *adj.*: (invar.) or *m.*: = (cat or goat).

†anguishure = *enguichure*.

an-guillade¹⁵, *f.*: whip (of eel-skin); stroke with a twisted handkerchief or a lash. **†-guille**⁹ [*L. -guilla (angere, contract)*], *f.*: eel; eel-like thing; rollers (in launching a ship), launching-ways; gun-slide (*art.*); bulging (in cloth); fly the garter (game). — *de mer*, conger-eel; — *des haies*, adder; — *plat-bee*, grig; *naud d'—*, slip-knot; *teorcher l'— par la queue*, begin a thing at the wrong end; *il y a — sous roche*, there is a snake in the grass; *être comme l'— de Melun*, cry out before being hurt (a certain Anguille of Melun, acting St. Bartholomew, crying out on seeing the executioner). **-guillière**¹⁵, *f.*: eel-pond. **-guillule**¹⁵, *f.*: eel-like microscopic worms.

angu-laire¹⁵ [L. *-laris* (-lus, angle)], *adj.*: angular; being at a corner, corner: *dent* —, canine tooth; *nerf* —, nerve of the corner of the eye; *piere* —, corner-stone. **-leux**¹⁵, = **euse** [L. *-losus*], *adj.*: terminating in an angle, peaked; angular; rough.

angus-tie¹² [L. *-tia* (*angere*, compress), narrowness], *f.*: (*med.*) tightness, contraction; *† traits*; difficulty. **-tié**¹⁰, *adj.*: very narrow (of a road).

an-hé-lation¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: anhelation. **-lé-ler** [L. *-lare*, pant], *intr., tr.*: breathe rapidly, pant; blow at. **-leux**¹⁵, = **euse**, *adj.*: anhelous, panting.

an-hy-dre¹⁵ [L. *an-*, not, *hudos*, water]; *adj.*: (*chem.*) anhydrous.

anicro-che¹⁰ [*hani?* *croche* = *croc*], *f.*: slight impediment, hitch.

an-ier⁹, = **nière** [L. *asinarius*], *m.*: ass-driver; *† adj.*: asinine, stupid.

an-i-l¹⁰ [Ar.], *m.*: =, indigo plant. **-line**¹⁵, *f.*: aniline.

an-ille⁹ [? L. *anaticula*, little duck], *f.*: crutch; prop (of a wall); cramp-iron; mill-rend; (*her.*) cross anchored; tendril.

an-i-m... [L. *-ma*, -mus, soul, spirit]; **-mad-verse**¹¹ [L. *-sio* (*ad-vertere*, turn to)], *f.*: =, reproach, censure. 1. **-mal**¹¹ [L. *-mal*], *m.*: =, beast, brute. 2. **-mal**¹³ [L. *-malis*], *adj.*: =; carnal: *régne* —, animal kingdom. **-malcule**¹⁵ [-mal], *m.*: =. **-malier**¹⁵ -lyé [-mal], *m.*: painter or sculptor of animals. **-malité**¹¹ [L. *-malitus* (-mal)], *f.*: animality. **-ma-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: =. **-melle**¹⁵ [It. *-mella* (L. *-mal*)], *f.* (esp. in pl.): (cook.) delicate parts of an animal (lamb's-fry, kidneys, etc.). **-mer**¹⁵ [L. *-mare*], *tr.*: animate; (enliven; force to; excite; heighten); *refl.*: become animated, etc., cheer up; take fire, be angry. **-misme**¹⁵, *m.*: animism. **-miste**¹⁵ [-misme], *adj.*: animistic; *m., f.*: animist. **-mosité**¹⁵ [L. *-mositas*], *f.*: animosity.

an-i-s¹² [L. *-sum*], *m.*: anise; aniseed. — *de Verdun*, candied aniseed. **-ser**¹⁰, *tr.*: perfume with anis. **-sette**¹⁷, *f.*: =, anise liquor.

an-isotro-pe¹⁵ [Gr. *án-isos*, unequal, *tropés*, turning], *adj.*: (*phys.*) =, anisotropic.

anky-lose¹⁷ [Gr. *kúlosis* (-kúlos, bent)], *f.*: (*med.*) ancholysis (formation of a stiff joint). **-loser**¹⁵, *tr.*: ankylose.

an-nal¹⁴ [L. *-nalis* (-nus, year)], *adj.*: of a year's duration, for a year. **-nales**¹⁵ [L. *-nales*], *f.*: annals. **-naliste**¹⁵ [-nales], *m.*: annalist. **-nate**¹⁴ [i. L. *-nata*, a year's income], *f.*: annats (payment to the pope of the first year's income of a spiritual preferment); preferment tax (paid to bishops, etc., for a benefice); first-fruits.

anneau⁹ [L. *-nellus* (*dim.* of *anuis*, ring)], *m.*: ring; link; ringlet; ANULUS; in many technical expressions, as: — *à vis*, screw-hoop; — *d'écouille*, ring-bolt; — *d'es-sieux*, lynch-loop; — *de licou*, halter ring, collar; — *de pivot*, socket-ring, etc.

année⁹ [p. L. *-nāta* (L. *-nus*, year)], *f.*: year (esp. as qualified with regard to its nature, or implying something performed; twelvemonth): — *biennale*, leap-year; — *scolaire*, school-year; *ses belles* —s, his prime of life; *perdre une* —, lose a year (of work, or income).

an-nelé¹⁵, *adj.*: annulated, ring-streaked; in ringlets; *m.*: annulate (*pl.* -ta). **-neler**¹⁵ [-nel, old form of -neau], *tr.*: arranged in rings or ringlets, curl.

-nelet¹¹ [-nel], *m.*: small ring, ringlet; (*arch.*) annulet (moulding or fillet around a column). **-nélides**¹⁵ [-nel], *m. pl.*: (*zool.*) annelida, ring-formed articulata.

-nelure¹⁵, *f.*: curling into rings; ring-formation.

an-nexe¹² [L. *-nexus* (-nectere, tie to)], *f.*: annex (appendage; parochial chapel); (of deeds) rider. **-nexer**¹², *tr.*: annex, append. **-nexion**¹⁵ [L. *nexio*], *f.*: annexation.

an-ni-hi-lation¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **-lé-ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lare*, (nihil, nought)], *tr.*: annihilate.

anniversaire¹² [L. *-sarius* (*annus*, year, *vertere*, turn)], *adj.* or *m.*: anniversary. **annonaire**¹⁵ [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: (*Rom.*) relating to (the price or produce of) provisions.

an-nonce¹⁵, *f.*: announcement; advertisement: *faiseur d'—s*, puffer; *faites vos —s*, send in your name. **-nonceur**⁹ [L. *annuntiare* (*nuntius*, messenger), report], *tr.*: announce (make known, tell, advertise, publish; forebode); *s'—*: proclaim or present one's self. **-nonceur**¹⁵, *m.*: announcer; actor who gives out the next play. **-nonciade**¹⁵ [It. *-nunziata*], *f.*: name of various orders instituted in honour of the Annunciation. **-nonciation**¹¹ [L. *-nuntiatio*], *f.*: † announcement; Annunciation (to the Virgin Mary); Lady day.

anno-tateur¹⁵, *m.*: annotator. **-ta-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =, (old *leg.*) inventory of seized goods. **-ter**¹⁴ [L. *-tare* (*nota*, mark)], *tr.*: annotate; (old *leg.*) make an inventory of (attached goods).

annu-aire¹⁷ [L. *annus*, year], *m.*: annuary, yearbook. **-el**¹⁰, = **elle** [L. *-alis*], *adj.*: annual; *m.*: annual (daily mass for a deceased person during one year). **-elle-ment**¹² [-el], *adv.*: annually. **-ité**¹⁵ [L. *-itas*], *f.*: annuity.

annulable¹⁵ [-ler], *adj.*: =.

annulaire¹² [L. *larius* (-lus, ring)], *adj.*: annular; *le doigt* —, the ring-finger.

annulatif¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: annulling, cancelling. **-lation**¹², *f.*: annulment, cancelling. **-ler**¹² [L. *lars* (nullus, nothing)], *tr.*: annul, cancel; (*fam.*) quash.

anoblir¹² [*a*, noble], *tr.*: ennoble (raise to the rank of nobility; less often elevate in quality, us'y ennoblir). **-bli**, *part.*: ennobled; *m.*: newly created nobleman. **-blissement**¹², *m.*: ennoblement.

anodin¹⁴ [L. *dynon* (Gr. *an*-, not, odine, pain)], *adj.*: anodyne, soothing; *m.*: anodyne. **-dinement**¹², *adv.*: soothingly.

anodonte¹² [Gr. *an*-, not, *odous* (stem, -dont), TOOTH], *m.*: anodon (fresh-water bivalve).

anomalous¹¹ [L. *malus* (Gr. *a-nomos*, law-less)], *adj.*: anomalous, irregular. **-malie**¹⁶ [L. *malia*], *f.*: anomaly, irregularity. **-malistique**¹⁷ [*malia*], *adj.*: (*astr.*) anomalistic(al). **-mie**¹⁷ [L. *mia*], *f.*: anomia (genus of bivalve shelves).

an-n¹¹ *a* [*âne*], *m.*: ass's foal, young ass; little fool. **-nonnement**¹⁶ [*nonner*], *m.*: stuttering, stammering. **-nonner**¹⁶, *intr.*: stutter, stammer; †foal (of the ass).

anonymat¹², *m.*: anonymousness. **-nyme**¹⁵ [Gr. *an-onumos*, unnamed], *adj.*: anonymous, nameless; joint stock; *m.*: —.

anordie¹⁶, *f.*: (*nav.*) north-wind. **-dir**¹⁷ [*a*, nord], *intr.*: (*nav.*) blow from the north.

anormal¹² [*cf. mal*], *adj.*: abnormal.

anouart = *kanouart*.

anore¹² [Gr. *an*-, not, *ourá*, tail], *adj.*: *anouria*, *tailless*.

an-se¹² [L. *-sa*, handle], *f.*: curved handle (as of a cup, pot, basket, etc.); handle-like object: cove, bay, creek: — *de panier*, basket-handle; (*arch.*) surbated arch; — *du panier*, servant's profits; — *à vis*, screw-handle; eye-bolt; *faire le panier à deux* — *s*, have a woman on each arm; *faire danser l' — du panier*, gain in marketing; *profits de l' — du panier*, (cook's) profits in marketing. **-sé**¹⁶, *adj.*: *ansated*, provided with a handle.

an-se, ansématique = *hanse, hanématique*.

ansérin¹⁵ [L. *-rinus* (*anser*, goose)], *adj.*: anserine; *f.*: all-good (plant).

an-sette¹⁴ [*-se*], *f.*: small handle; clasp for decorations; (*nav.*) cringle. **-sière**¹⁷ [*-se*], *f.*: net for bay-fishing.

aspect¹⁶ [Engl. *handspike*], *m.*: handspike.

anspessade¹⁵ [It. *lancia-spezata*, 'lance-break'], *m.*: (old) lancepessade (corporal's assistant, lance corporal).

antago-nisme¹⁷ [Gr. *-mismá* (*anti*,

against, *agón*, contest)], *m.*: antagonism. **-niste**¹⁵ [L. *-nista*], *m.*: antagonist.

antan¹¹ [O.Fr. *ant* (L. *-te*), before, *an*], *adj.*: of last year.

antanaclase¹⁷ [Gr. *-sis* (*anti*, back, *anáklasis*, bending)], *f.*: (*rhet.*) antanaclasis, repetition (of a word) in a different sense.

antanaire¹⁶ [*-tan*], *adj.*: (*fauc.*) having feathers from a preceding year.

antarctique¹² [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *anti*, against, *arktos*, bear)], *adj.*: antarctic.

ante¹⁶ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: (*arch.*) anta (pillar in relief); (*mil.*) wind-arm.

ante¹⁶ [*cf. hante*], *f.*: paint-brush handle.

anté [L. *ante*, before, or Gr. *anti*, against], *pref.*

anté-cédemment¹⁷ *-dam*, *adv.*: antecedently. **-cédnee**¹⁵, *f.*: antecedence.

-cédent¹² [L. *-cedens* (*ante-cedens*, go before)], *adj.*: antecedent, foregoing; *m.*: antecedent (term, word, etc., previous life). **-cesseur**¹² [L. *-cessor*], *m.*: (ancient) title of a professor of law.

antéchrist¹¹ *-kri* or (*pop.*) *-krist* [L. *-tus*], *m.*: antechrist.

antécien¹⁵ [Gr. *anti*, against, *oikein*, dwell], *m. pl.*: antécians.

antédiluvien¹⁷, **-enne** [L. *ante*, before, *diluvium*, DELUGE], *adj.*: antediluvian.

antéfixe¹² [L. *-xa*], *f.*: (*arch.*) antefix, frieze-ornament.

anten-ne¹⁴ [L. *-nna*, sail-yard], *f.*: lateen sail-yard; antenna (horn, feeler of insects). **-nule**¹⁷, *f.*: small antenna.

antenois¹² [*-tan*], *adj.* or *m.*: of a preceding year, one year old (esp. of lambs and poultry).

anté-nuptial¹⁵ [*nuptia*], *adj.*: antenuptial.

antépénultième¹⁵ [*penultième*], *adj.* or *f.*: antepenult, third from last.

anté-rieur¹⁵ [L. *-rior* (*ante*, before)], *adj.*: anterior (prior, former, frontal). **-rieurement**¹⁶, *adv.*: anteriorly, previously. **-riorité**¹⁶, *f.*: anteriority.

anthémis¹⁶ [L.], *f.*: anthemis (plant).

anthère¹⁶ [L. *-thera* (Gr. *anthos*, flower)], *f.*: anther, pollen-head.

anthologie¹⁷ [Gr. *-gia* (*anthos*, flower, *-logos*, gathering, discourse)], *f.*: anthology (collection of poems; or †treatise on flowers).

anthracène¹², *f.*: anthracene, solid hydrocarbon. **-thracite**¹², *m.*: anthracite. **-thraz**¹⁵ [Gr. *-thraz*, coal; dark carbuncle], *m.*: = (carbuncle).

anthrène¹⁷ [Gr. *-thrène*, hornet], *f.*: anthrenus, small beetle.

anthropo- [Gr. *anthropos*, man]: **-caie**¹⁷ *-kai* [Gr. *kalein*, burn], *adj.*: man-burning.

-ide¹⁸ [Gr. *eidōs*, form], *adj.*: anthropoid, man-like. **-logie**¹² [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: anthropology. **-logique**¹⁶ [-logie], *adj.*: anthropologic(al). **-mètre**¹⁸ [Gr. *mētron*, measure], *f.*: anthropometry. **-morphisme**¹⁷ [Gr. *morphē*, form], *m.*: anthropomorphism. **-morphite**, *m.*: =. **-phage**¹⁴ [Gr. *phagēin*, eat], *adj.*: anthropophagous; *m.*: phagite, cannibal. **-phagie**¹⁵ [-phage], *f.*: anthropophagy, cannibalism. **anthyllis**¹⁶, **-llide** [Gr. *thullis*], *f.*: kidney-vetch (plant). **anti-** [Gr. *anti*, 'against'; or L. *ante*, 'before'], *pref.* **anti-** (in comp., cf. each member): **-apoplectique**¹⁷, *adj.*: anti-apopleptic. **-chambre**¹⁵ [aft. It. *anti-camera*], *f.*: antechamber, anteroom. **-chrèse**¹⁷ [Gr. *chrēsis*, use], *f.*: pledge to pay a revenue to the creditor. **-chrétien**¹⁸, **-enne**, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: antichristian. **-christianisme**¹⁶, *m.*: antichristianism. **-ciper**¹⁶ [-ciper], *adj.*: anticipating; *f.*: *fièvre* — *e*, intermittent fever returning before time. **-cipation**¹⁵ [L. *-cipatio* (cf. *-ciper*)], *f.*: =; encroachment; *tantodate*. **-ciper**¹⁴ [L. *-cipare* (ante, before, capere, take)], *tr.*, *intr.*: anticipate; forestall; encroach: — *sur ses revenus*, spend one's income beforehand. **-constitutionnel**¹⁵, **-lle**, *adj.*: anticonstitutional. **-darteux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: antihyperpetic. **-date**¹⁹ [-dater], *f.*: antedate. **-dater**¹⁵, *tr.*: antedate. **-dote**¹⁴ [L. *-dotum* (Gr. *dotōs*, given)], *m.*: =. **-doter**¹⁵ [-dote], *tr.*: antidote. **-enne**¹⁹ [-tyen] [p. L. **ante-phona* (Gr. *phonē* sound, song)] *f.*: ANTHEM (hymn sung by one-half choir answering the other; usually verse sung before a psalm and repeated after it); imposee l—, sing in a low tone its first notes to the priest (who then sings it out). **-fébrile**¹⁷, *adj.*: antifebrile. **-laitenx**¹⁸, **-euse**, *adj.*: ANTIGALACTIC. **-logie**¹⁶ [Gr. *-logia* (*lógos*, word)], *f.*: antilogy, contradiction. **antelope**¹⁷ [Eng. *-telope* (Gr. *-thélops*)], *f.*: antelope, gazelle. **anti-moine**¹⁴ [L. *-monium* (Gr. ?)], *m.*: antimony. **-monial**¹⁶, *adj.* or *m.*: =. **-monie**¹⁸, *adj.*: antimoniated. **anti-** (in comp., cf. each member): **-nomie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-nómia* (*nómos*, law)], *f.*: antinomy, opposition of one law to another, incompatibility. **-pape**¹⁵ [L. *papa*, pope], *m.*: antipope. **-pathe**¹⁶ [Gr. *-thēs* (*páthos*, affection)], *adj.*: antipathetic, opposed in sentiment; *m.*: reverse (in sentiment). **-pathie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-pátheia* (*páthos*, affection)], *f.*: antipathy. **-pathique**¹⁶ [-pathie], *adj.*: antipathetic(al),

repugnant. **-patriotique**¹⁷, *adj.*: antipatriotic. **-péristaltique**¹⁷, *adj.*: antiperistaltic. **-péristase**¹⁵ [Gr. *-sis* (*peri-istánai*, stand around)], *f.*: antiperistasis, reaction roused by opposition. **-pestilentiel**¹⁷, **-lle**, *adj.*: antipestilential. **-phernal**¹⁵ [Gr. *phernē* (*pherein*, bear), dowry], *adj.*: apportioned by marriage (to the wife). **-philosophique**¹⁸, *adj.*: antiphilosophical. **-phlogistique**¹⁸, *adj.*: antiphlogistic. **-phonaire**¹⁷, **-phonier** [L. *-phonarium* (Gr. *phonē*, sound)], *m.*: antiphony, book of antiphons. **-phrase**¹⁵, *f.*: antiphrasis. **-pode**¹⁸ [Gr. *-podes*, pl. of *-pous* (*poús*, foot)], *m.*: =. **-politique**¹⁶, *adj.*: antipolitical. **-psorique**¹⁸ [-psore], *adj.*: antipeptic, itch-curing. **-putride**¹⁸, *adj.*: antiseptic. **-purine**¹⁸ [Gr. *púr*, FIRE, fever], *f.*: =. **anti-quaille**¹⁵ [It. *-caglia*], *f.*: antiquity (old relic); old-fashioned thing, old rubbish. **-quaire**¹⁵, **-kér** [L. *-quarius*], *m.*: antiquary. **-que**¹⁸ [L. *-quus* (ante, before), old], *adj.*: = *à l'*—, after the old fashion. **-quitte**¹⁹ [-quitas], *f.*: antiquity: *de toute* —, from the remotest times. **anti-** (in comp., cf. each member): **-religieux**¹⁸, **-euse**, *adj.*: antireligious. **-sciens**¹⁶ [Gr. *skid*, SHADE], *m. pl.*: antiscians, men on different sides of the equator ('whose shadows fall in opposite directions'). **-scorbutique**¹⁷, *adj.*: antiscorbutic. **-septique**¹⁵, *adj.*: antiseptic. **-social**¹⁷, *adj.*: =. **-soporeux**¹⁷, **-euse** [L. *sopor*, sleep], *adj.*: preventing sleep. **-spasmodique**¹⁷, *adj.*: antispasmodic. **-strophe**¹⁵, *f.*: =. **-syphilitique**¹⁵, *adj.*: antisiphilitic. **-thèse**¹⁵, *f.*: antithesis. **-thétique** [-thèse], *adj.*: antithetic(al). **-tonnerre**¹⁷, *f.*: lightning-rod (formerly, now paratonnerre). **-trinitaire**, *adj.*: antitrinitarian. **-vénérien**¹⁷, *adj.*: antivenereal. **-vermineux**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: vermifugal. **Antoine**, *m.*: Ant(h)ony. **antoiser** [?], *tr.*: heap up (manure). **autoir**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: wraining-bolt. **Antonin**, *m.*: Antonius. **auto-nomase**¹⁵ [L. *-nomasia*], *f.*: antonomasia, name-substitute. **-nyme**¹⁸ [Gr. *anti*, against, *ónoma*, NAME], *m.*: antonym, counterterm. **entre**¹⁵ [L. *-trum*], *f.*: cavern, cave; den; (*anat.*) antrum. **antrustion**¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (OHG. *trust*, trusty)], *m.*: sort of liegeman (rich Frank joining the king in war), volunteer. **anner** [?], *tr.*: (*hunt.*) fire at a favourable moment (esp. at the partridge flying out), have a timely shot at.

anniter¹⁰ [ā, nui], *intr.*: become night (grow dark), *tr.*: retard until night; *refl.*: be benighted.

anurie¹⁸ [Gr. an-, not, ōron, urine], *f.*: anuria, lacking secretion of urine.

anus¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =.

aux-iété¹¹ [L. -ietas (angere, contract)], *f.*: anxiety, anguish. **-ieur**¹⁵, **-ense** [L. -iosus], *adj.*: anxious.

aoriste¹⁵ [Gr. -ios (a-, not, horistós, limited)], *m.*: aorist.

aor-te¹⁵ [Gr. -té (aefrein, carry)], *f.*: aorta. **-tite**¹⁵, *f.*: aortitis. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: aortic.

août¹⁸ [L. Augustus, the Rom. emperor], *m.*: August (the month); harvest: faire l—, make harvest, make profit. **-tage**¹² [-ter], *m.*: harvesting. **-ter**¹¹, *tr.*: harvest; *intr.*: ripen (by the heat of August); make harvest. **-teron**¹⁵ [-ter], *m.*: harvester, reaper.

ap [L. ad, 'to,' or Fr. à]: *pref.*

apaise-mont¹¹, *m.*: appaisement. **||-ser**¹¹ [ā, paix], *tr.*: APPEASE, pacify, calm, soothe, allay, quench; *s*—: be appeased, grow calm, etc.; subside, abate.

apalachine¹⁷ [-che, Apalachian], *f.*: emetic holly.

apa-nage¹² [OFr. -ner (p. L. -nare; ad, to, panis, bread), nourish], *m.*: appanage (domain assigned by the king to his younger sons or brothers); domain; property; fendowment. **-nager**¹⁵, *tr.*: endow by an appanage. **-nagiste**¹⁵, *adj.* or *m.*: (prince) endowed with an appanage.

aparté¹⁵ [L. a parte, apart], *adv.* or *m.*: aside; word(s) spoken apart.

apa-thie¹⁵ [L. -thia (Gr. a-, not, pathós, passion)], *f.*: apathy, dispassion. **-thique**¹⁷, *adv.*: apathetic, indifferent.

Apelle, *m.*: Apelles.

apens, see *guc-apens*.

apepsie¹⁵ [Gr. -sia (a-, not, péptein, cook)], *f.*: apepsy, indigestion.

aperception¹⁵, *f.*: apperception. **-e-vable**¹⁵, *tr.*: perceivable, perceptible. **-ervance**¹¹, *f.*: perceiving. **||-cevoir**¹⁵ [ā, percevoir], *tr.* (cf. recevoir); *tr.* or *refl.*: PERCEIVE, discover, observe, notice; discern. **-cu**, *part.*: perceived, etc.; *m.*: rapid view, survey, estimate (at first sight), rough estimate; sketch, compendium.

apéritif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. aperire, open], *adj.*: aperient, laxative. **aper-tement**¹² [OFr. -perte (-pertus, open)], *adv.*: openly. **-tise**¹⁵ [OFr. pert, brave], *f.*: feat of strength.

apétale¹⁸, **-talé** [Gr. a-, not, Fr. pétale], *adj.*: apetalous.

apetis-ement¹², *m.*: diminution. **||-ser**¹⁵ [p. L. *ap-pittitiäre (*pittitus = Fr.

petit)], *tr.*: make smaller, diminish; *intr.*: diminish.

apha-sie¹⁸ [Gr. -sia (a-, not, phásis, word)], *f.*: aphasia (loss of the power of speech). **-sique**¹⁸, *adj.*: aphasic.

aphélie¹⁵ [Gr. apó, away, hélios, sun], *m.*: (astr.) aphelion.

aphérèse¹⁵ [L. apharesis (Gr. apó, away, hairein, take)], *f.*: spharesis, loss of an initial letter or syllable.

apho-ne¹⁸ [Gr. d-phonos, voiceless], *adj.*: voiceless, suffering with aphonia. **-nie**¹⁷ [Gr. -nia], *f.*: aphonia, loss of speech.

aphoris-me¹⁵ [L. -mus (Gr. apó, from, horizein, part)], *m.*: taphorism, ('sharp-ly defined') maxim or saying. **-tique** [Gr. -tikós], *adj.*: aphoristic(al).

aphrodisiaque¹⁷ [Gr. -kós (Aphrodite, goddess of love)], *adj.*: aphrodisiac(al); *m.*: aphrodisiac.

aph-te¹⁵ [L. -ta (Gr. d-ptein, inflame)], *m.*: (med.) aphtha, specks or vesicles (in the mouth); *pl.* thrush. **-teur**¹⁸, *f.*: -ense, *adj.*: apthoid.

aphylle¹⁸ [Gr. d-phullos, leaf-less], *adj.*: aphyllous, leafless.

i-api¹⁵ [L. Appius], *m.*: small reddish apple.

2-api¹⁵ [L. -ium], *m.*: smallage (sort of parsley).

api-cole¹⁸ [L. apis, bee, colere, cultivate], *adj.*: relating to apiculture. **-cul-teur**¹⁸ [L. cultor], *m.*: bee-breeder. **-cul-ture**¹⁸, *f.*: apiculture, bee-breeding. **-er**¹⁵ [L. -arium], *m.*: (pop.) bee-hive (gen'l'y ruche).

apiqu-age¹⁸, *m.*: (nav.) peaking. **||-er**¹⁷ [ā, pic], (in)tr.: (nav.) top, PEAK (yards, etc.).

apitoyer¹⁸ [ā, pitie], *tr.*: move to pity; *s*—, be moved to pity.

aplai-gner¹⁵ [p. L. *ap-planiare (L. planus, PLAIN)], *tr.*: render PLAIN or smooth; caress; tease or dress (cloth). **-gneur**¹⁷, *m.*: teas(e)ler.

aplaner¹¹ [ā, plan], *tr.*: render PLAIN or smooth.

apla-nir¹³ [ā, plan], *tr.*: render PLAIN or level, level, smoothen, even; level down, remove; *s*—, grow level or smooth; be removed. **-nisement**¹³, *m.*: levelling, smoothing; removal; levelness, evenness. **-nisneur**¹⁵, *m.*: leveller.

aplater¹⁵ [ā, plat, dish], *tr.*: divide into messes.

apla-tir [ā, plat, FLAT], *tr.*: make FLAT, flatten, beat down. **-tissement**¹³, *m.*: flattening, flatness. **-tisseur**¹⁷, *m.*: flatter (agr.) bruiser; corn-crusher. **-tis-soire**¹⁷, *f.*: flatter (drawplate), rolling cylinder.

aplet¹⁵ [dial. for *ploit, p. L. *ap-plicium

(*L. -atum*, applied); *m.*: (Ofr. utensil); herring-net.

aplomb¹⁵ [*ā, plomb*], *m.*: PLUMB direction, perpendicularity, equilibrium; self-possession, assurance: *d'*—, plumb, perpendicularly; upright(ly); steady, steadily.

apnée¹⁷ [*Gr. -noia (a-, not, pnein, breathe)*], *f.*: apnoea, suspension of breath.

apo- [*Gr. apó, 'off, from, away, asunder'*]: *pref.*

apocalyp-se¹¹ [*Gr. -sis (apo-, kalúptein, cover)*], *f.*: apocalypse, revelation: (*fam.*) style *d'*—, obscure style; *cheval d'*—, sorry jade. **-tique**¹⁵, *adj.*: apocalyptic(al).

apoco¹⁷ [*It. (h)a poco, 'has little'*], *m.*: fool.

apo- [*apo-*]: **-cope**¹⁵ [*L. (Gr. kóptein, cut)*], *f.*: —, omission of a final letter or part of a word; (*surg.*) fracture with loss of a part of a bone. **-crisiaire**¹⁷ [*L. -crisiarius (Gr. -krisis, answer)*], *m.*: proclaimer of (the Greek) emperor's answers or edicts. apocrisiary (pope's nuncio). **-cryphe**¹² [*L. -phus (Gr. krúptein, hide)*], *adj.*: apocryphal, of doubtful authority, spurious; *m.*: apocrypha. **-cyn**¹⁶ [*L. -cynon (Gr. kúon, dog)*], *m.*: dogbane. **-cynacées**¹⁷, **-cynées** [*-cyn*], *f. pl.*: family of apocynous plants.

apode¹⁵ [*Gr. -d, stem of -d-pous, foot-less*], *adj.*: apodal (footless; without ventral fins).

apo- [*apo-*]: **-dictique**¹⁶ [*L. -dicticus (Gr. deiknúmai, show)*], *adj.*: apodictic(al). **-gée**¹⁵ [*L. -geus (Gr. gaia, earth)*], *m.*: apogee (point where the moon or sun is farthest from the earth; highest degree, climax). **-graphe**¹⁶ [*L. -graphon (Gr. gráphein, write)*], *m.*: apograph, autograph-copy; copying-machine.

Apollon *l-i* [*L. Apollo, Gr. Apóllon*], *m.*: Apollo.

apolo-gétique¹⁴ [*L. -geticus*], *adj.*: apologetic(al), regretfully excusing. **-gie**¹⁵ [*L. -gia (Gr. apó, from, lógos, speech)*], *f.*: apology, justification, excuse. **-gique**¹⁶ [*-gie*], *adj.*: apologetic(al). **-giste**¹⁶ [*-gie*], *m.*: apologist. **-gue**¹⁴ [*L. -gus*], *f.*: —, moral fable. **-gue**¹⁵ [*-gie*], *m.*: apologist.

apoltrognir¹⁵ [*ā, poltron*], *tr.*: †make a poltron; cut the hind-claws of (a falcon).

apo- [*apo-*]: **-névrose**¹⁵ [*Gr. -neúrosis (neuron, NERVE)*], *f.*: aponeurosis. **-névrotique**¹⁷ [*-névrose*], *adj.*: aponeurotic. **-phégme**¹⁵ [*Gr. -phthegma (phthéngestai speak)*], *m.*: apothegm, pithy saying. **-physe**¹⁵ [*L. -physis (Gr. fúein, grow)*], *f.*: apophysis, prominence of a bone. **-plectique**¹⁵ [*L. -plecticus (Gr. pléssin, smite)*], *adj.* or *m.*: apoplectic(al). **-plexie**¹² [*L. -plexia (Gr. pléssin, smite)*], *f.*: apoplexy. **-stasie**¹⁵ [*L. -stasia (apo-sténai, stand off,*

revolt)], *f.*: apostasy. **-stasie**¹⁵ [*-stasie*], *intr.*: apostatise. **-stat**¹⁵ [*L. -stata (cf. -stasie)*], *m.*: apostate. **-stème**¹⁵ [*L. -stema (Gr. apo-sténai, stand off)*], *m.*: aposteme, abscess.

aposter¹² [*ā, poste*], *tr.*: post or place (for a bad purpose), place in ambush, secrete.

à posteriori [*L.*], *adv.*: a posteriori (from facts).

†apos-tille¹⁴ *f.*: —, marginal note. **†-til-ler**¹⁴ [*ā, postille*], *tr.*: annotate in the margin, add a recommendation to (a petition).

apo- [*apo-*]: **-stolat**¹⁵ [*L. -stolatus (cf. apótre)*], *m.*: apostleship. **-stolique**¹² [*L. -stolicus (cf. apótre)*], *adj.*: apostolic(al). **-stoliquement**¹⁵ [*-stolique*], *adv.*: apostolically. **-strophe**¹⁵ [*L. 1. -strofa, 2. -strophus (Gr. stréphein, turn)*], *f.*: apostrophe (1. turning from the discourse to a personal address, interpellation; 2. 'sign of omission'). **-stropher**¹⁵ [*-strophe*], *tr.*: apostrophise (1. address by apostrophe; charge; †2. mark with an apostrophe). **-stume**¹² [*L. -stema (Gr. apo-sténai, stand off, separate)*], *f.*: aposteme, abscess. **-théose**¹⁵ [*L. -theosis (Gr. theós, god)*], *f.*: apotheosis, deification, exaltation. **-thicaire**¹² [*L. -thecarius (theka, store-house; Gr. tithénai, place)*], *m.*: †apothecary (who sells and administers medicines, sub-physician as yet in England); druggist (us-ly pharmacien) with a tinge of reproach: note (or mémoire) *d'*—, exorbitant bill. **-thicairerie**¹⁵ [*-thicaire*], *f.*: pharmacy; dispensary.

1. apôtre¹⁵ [*L. -postolus (Gr. apo-stellein, send off)*], *m.*: apostle: faire le bon —, play the saint.

2. a-pôtre⁹ [for -pôte, *L. appositus*, affixed], *m.*: knight-head. **-potureau**¹⁵ [*-pôte (cf. -pôtre)*], *m.*: (nav.) kevel-head.

apozème¹⁵ [*L. -zema (Gr. apó, off, zeln, boil)*], *m.*: apozem, decoction.

ap- [*Lat. ad, 'to'*]: *pref.*

apparaitre⁹ [*p. L. ap-parecere (L. parère)*], *irr.* (cf. paraître); *intr.*: APPEAR (come in sight; occur): faire —, make appear, exhibit.

appa-rat¹⁵ [*L. -ratus (parare, prepare)*], *m.*: (showy preparation, hence) pomp, show, parade, ostentation; †vocabulary and notes or syllabus ('prepared' on an author): †— royal, beginners' dictionary. **-raux** [old pl. of -reil], *m. pl.*: full apparatus (outfit of a ship; gymnasium apparatus. **-reil**¹¹ [*2. reiller*], *m.*: †preparation; apparatus (implements collect.); organs (collect.); disposition of stones (in masonry), size (of stones); display (of anything prepared); AP-

PARel (attire); (*surg.*) dressing; †pomp, †parade: — *de guerre*, warlike display or (completed) preparations; — *de bel*, fine building; — *réticulé*, diamond work; *grand* (*petit*) —, layer of big (small) stones; *une assise de haut* —, a layer of large stones; *mettre le premier* —, give (a wound) its first dressing. **-reillage**¹³ [*z.-reiller*], *m.*: †preparation; getting under sail. **-reillement**¹³ [*z.-reiller*], *m.*: matching; yoking; pairing. 1. **-reiller**¹² [*z. pareil*], *tr.*: match (like to like); couple, pair; yoke; join, place together.

2. **appa-reiller**^o [*p. L. *riculäre* (*L. -rere, PREPARE*)], *tr.*: †prepare; fit out (a ship); prepare to sail, get under sail, weigh; dress (stones in building). **-reilleur**¹² [*z.-reiller*], *m.*: preparer (fitter, dresser, trimmer); implement-maker. **-reilleuse**¹² [*z.-reiller*], *f.*: procuress.

appa-remment¹² [*ra-m-*, *adj.*: apparently; †in appearance. **-rence**¹² [*L. -rentia*], *f.*: appearance; likelihood. **-rent**¹¹ [*L. -rens* (*parere, appear*)], *adj.*: apparent (visible; not real); obvious; remarkable, considerable, important.

apparen-tage¹³, *m.*: alliance. **||-ter**¹² [*z. parent*], *tr.*: make related by marriage; †recognise as a relative; *s'—*, ally one's self by marriage; *bien* (*mal*) *-té*, of good (low) family connections.

appa-resser [*z. paresse*], *tr.*: make lazy. **appa-riement**¹³, **-riment** [*-rier*], *m.*: PAIRING, matching. **||-rier**¹⁴ [*z. parier*], *tr.*: PAIR (match; couple, mate); †compare.

appa-riter¹³ [*L. -ritor*], *m.*: apparitor (guard of a Rom. tribune; messenger of an ecclesiastical court); beadle or bedel of a faculty. **-rition**¹¹ [*L. -ritio*], *f.*: vision. **||-roir**^o [*L. ap-parère*], *def.* (only Inf. and 3 sing. *appert*); *intr.*: APPEAR, be evident.

appa-tement¹⁵ [*It. -tamento* (see *tenir*)], *m.*: apartment (division in a house, suit of rooms); reception (in the king's department); *grands* —s, reception apartments; *petits* —s, every-day rooms. **-tenance**¹¹ [*-tenir*], *f.*: pertaining, property, prerogative; appurtenance (of a domain). **-tenant**¹¹ [*-tenir*], *adj.*: (app)ertaining. **||-tenir**^o [*p. L. *tenere* (*L. per-tinere, pertain*)], *irr.* (cf. *tenir*); *intr.*: AFFERTAIN, belong; be related.

†**appas**, old pl. of *appât*, often used as a sing.

appâ-t^o [*p. L. *appastus* (*L. ap-pascere, feed*)], *m.*: †food; bait, allurement; charm; (pop.) neck of a woman. **-teler**¹², *tr.*: †feed; bait, allure. **-ter**¹², *tr.*: feed (esp. birds), nourish; (*fig.*) fatten; bait, allure.

appaumé¹⁶ [*z. paume*], *adj.*: (*her.*) =, hav'g hand showing the PALM.

appau-vrir¹¹ [*z. pauvre*], *tr.*: make POOR, IMPOVERISH; *s'—*, grow poor. **-vrissement**¹³, *m.*: impoverishment.

appeau [other form of *appel*], *m.*: †call; bird-call; decoy-bird; striking part (of a clock).

ap-pel¹¹ [*-peler*], *m.*: call (summon); levy; roll-call (muster); APPEAL; †challenge; (*tech.*) draught: — *nominal*, call of the names; *cour d'—*, court of appeal; *officier d'—*, muster-master; *être sujet d'—*, be appealable; *interjeter —*, lodge an appeal; *répondre à l'—*, answer to one's name. **-pellant**¹³, **-pelante**, *adj.* or *m. f.*: appellant; *m.*: decoy-bird. **||-peler**^o [*L. ap-pellare, address, call*], *tr.*: call (send for; summon, call in; call over names); (*leg.*) APPEAL; challenge (to a duel); call, name; *intr.*: call, appeal; bay (of dogs); caterwaul (of cats); chuck (of cocks); (*tech.*) draw; *s'—*, be called or named, be one's name. **-paleur**¹¹, *m.*: decoy-bird. **-pellatif**¹⁴, *f. -ive* [*L. -pellativus*], *adj.*: (*gram.*) appellative, common. **-pellation**¹¹ [*L. -pellatio*], *f.*: (naming); naming of the letters of the alphabet; (*leg.*) appeal or protest.

ap-pendice¹³ [*L. -pendix*], *m. (f.)*: appendix, appendage. **-pendicule** [*L. -pendicula*], *m. (f.)*: small appendix, appendicle. **||-pendre**^o [*L. ap-pendere, hang to*], *tr.*: hang up (votive offerings). **-pensis**^o [*p. L. *penditicius* (part. of **penditus* = *L. -pensus*)], *m.*: PENT-house, shed.

appesantir¹¹ [*z. pesant*], *tr.*: render heavy or oppressive; weigh down; dull; *s'—*, be or grow heavy, be weighed down; dwell or expatiate (on). **-tissement**¹³, *m.*: heaviness, dullness.

appé-tence¹⁶ [*L. -tentia* (see *-ter*)], *f.*: appetite, appetency, natural craving. **-ter**¹³ [*L. ap-petere, strive after*], *tr.*: crave, desire (something satisfying natural appetites). **-tibilité**¹⁶ [*L. -tibilitas*], *f.*: appetibility. **-tissant**¹³ [*pr. part. of an old -tisser (-tit)*], *adj.*: appetising, tempting. **-tit**¹² [*L. -titus*], *m.*: appetite; craving; †what excites appetite (delicacy): *il n'est chère que d'—*, hunger is the best sauce; *demeurer sur son —*, check one's appetite. **-titif**¹², **-ive** [*L. -titivus*], *adj.*: appetitive. **-tition**¹⁵ [*L. -titio*], *f.*: appetition, craving.

†**appiétrir**¹⁶ [*z. piètre*], *tr.*: make shabby, deteriorate.

applau-dir¹³ [*L. -dere* (*plaudere, clap*)], *tr.* or *intr.* (*d*) applaud; *s'—*, applaud or congratulate one's self, glory (in).

-dissement¹⁴, m.: applause, cheering.

-disseur¹⁵, m.: applauder.

appli-cable¹² [-quer], adj.: =. **-cage**¹⁸, m.: applying.

-cation¹⁰ [L. -catio], f.: =; employment (of money); diligence, intentness; (gild.) charging; *juste* —, appositeness; *sans — déterminée*, unappropriated.

-que¹⁴, f.: applying or fixing (one thing to another, as) charging (in gilding), setting (jewels), inlaying.

-qué¹⁸, part. as adj.: applied, etc.; intent, diligent, sedulous. **||-quer**¹⁸ [L. -care (plicare, fold)], tr.: APPLY (adapt, lay or fix on; devote); (leg.) award (judgment); *s'—*, apply one's self, apply one's mind, study hard; be applied, be laid or fixed (upon), be apposite; apply or take to one's self; appropriate.

-quesse¹⁸, f.: finisher (woman applying flowers, lace, etc., on tulle).

appoint-e¹⁵, m.: (what) arranges, settles, hence) sum settling an account; money completing a payment (balance, complement); boot; *d'—*, to boot, odd; *faire l'—*, make up a sum with small change.

-tage¹⁸, m.: completion; (tan.) last fulling. **-tement**, m.: adjustment; stipulation; designation to an office; providing the means, equipment; allowance, salary (often in pl.); appointment (in so far as applicable to preceding definitions).

1. **||-ter**⁶ [p. L. *ap-punctare (L. punctum, point)], tr.: regulate; adjust; punish; appoint; provide for; provide with a salary: *commis —té*, salaried clerk.

2. **appoint-ter**¹² [*d.*, *pointe*], tr.: form into a point; (her.) put point to point; fold and sew together.

appointeur¹⁵ [1.-ter], m.: referee, arbitrator.

appointir¹² [*d.*, *pointe*], tr.: sharpen into a point.

apportement¹⁸ [*d.*, *port*], m.: bridge-like scaffolding or structure, temporary bridge or platform.

apport-e¹¹ [-ter], m.: bringing; place where things are brought, market-place; yield (of profit or interest); thing brought: share, portion, personal property; document (deposited).

||-ter⁶ [L. ap-portare (carry)], tr.: bring; bring along; bring to bear, apply; produce; allege: — *de la précaution*, use precaution.

apporter¹² [*d.*, *poser*], tr.: place or fix (upon); affix, add, insert. **-sition**¹² [L. -sitis], f.: =.

appr-eiable¹⁴, adj.: appreciable. **-cia-teur**¹⁶, = **-trice**, m.: appreciator, valuer; appraiser.

-ciatif¹⁵, = **-ive**, adj.: denoting the value; (theol.) instinct with true valuation.

-ciation¹³, f.: valuation, estimate; appreciation. **||-cier**¹⁴ [L. ap-pretiare (pretium, price)], tr.: appre-

ciate (estimate, value); determine the value of, estimate, rate.

appréhen-der¹³ [L. ap-pre-hendere (seize)], tr.: seize; apprehend. **-sif**¹⁵, = **-ive** [L. -sivus], adj.: apprehensive.

-sion¹² [L. -sio], f.: seizing; apprehension.

appren-dre⁶ [p. L. *dere (L. ap-pre-hendere, seize)], irr. (cf. *prendre*); tr.: acquire, learn, be informed; teach, inform, let know: — *des nouvelles*, hear of news; *je l'ai appris de bonne part*, I have it from a good source.

-ti⁶, **-tie**; **-tif**, **-tive**; **-tis**, **-tisse** [p. L. *ditius (*ditus, for -sus)], m. f.: apprentice; novice, tyro. **-tissage**¹³ [-tis], m.: apprenticeship.

appress¹⁷ [fr. an old ap-presser, press together], m.: wedge (to tighten staves); sometimes for **apprêt**.

apprêt¹⁵, m.: preparation (usu'y -ts); (tech.) preparing process (of various kinds: priming, sizing, dressing, cooking, (glass-painting); studied manner, affectation.

-tage¹⁸, m.: (tech.) preparing or finishing process. **-te**¹⁴, f.: piece of bread, sop.

-té, part. as adj.: prepared, etc.; studied, affected. **||-ter**⁶ [p. L. *ap-pretare (L. praeo = Fr. prêt, ready)], tr.: make (prepare); (tech.) prepare with size, size; gloss, dress; cook; *s'—*, prepare one's self, make ready, be about, be on the point of: — *d. rire*, be a laughing-stock.

-teur¹⁸, m.: dresser (of cloths).

apprivoisement¹⁵, m.: taming. **||-ser**⁶ [p. L. *ap-privare (L. privus, private, own), make one's own, master], tr.: tame (animals); render tractable; render familiar or sociable; *s'—*, be tamed, grow tame, become familiar, be sociable; tagree.

||-seur¹⁵, m.: tamer.

approba-teur¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. -tor, -trix], m., f.: approver. **-tif**¹⁶, = **-ive** [L. -tivus], adj.: approving. **||-tion**¹⁴ [L. -tio (ap-probare, approve)], f.: =; authorisation (to publish a book; to preach).

-tive, **-ment**¹⁸ [-tif], adv.: approvingly.

appro-chable¹⁴, adj.: approachable. **-chant**¹⁵, adv.: approaching, near; nearly like; adj.: something like, about, nearly.

-che¹⁴, f.: approach; approaching, drawing near; uniting; (print.) sign of closing up: *lunette d'—*, spy-glass. **-che**, **-ment**¹¹, m.: approach; bringing together. **||-cher**¹⁰ [*d.*, *proche*], tr.: bring near, draw close; approach; bring together, compare; intr. or *s'—*, draw near, approach; be nearly alike.

approfon-dir¹³ [*d.*, *profond*], tr.: make more deep or PROFOUND (deepen); examine deeply or thoroughly. **-dissement**¹⁵, m.: deepening; deep research, sounding.

appro-priation¹³ [L. -tio], f.: =:

adaptation; (*leg.*) conversion. || **-prier**¹² [*L. -priare* (*proprius*, one's own)], *tr.*: appropriate; adapt, fit; make proper or neat, clean; *s*—, appropriate to one's self, convert to one's own use.

aprou-ver¹⁰ [*L. ap-probare* (*probare*, good), esteem good], *tr.*: approve (of). **-vé**, *part.*: approved (on documents); *m.*: sign of approval.

approvisionnement¹⁷, *m.*: supplying with (or supply of) provisions, victualing, supply. || **-sionner**¹⁴ [*d. provision*], *tr.*: supply with provisions, victual, store.

approximatif¹⁸, **-ive** [*L. -mare*], *adj.*: approximative. **-mation**¹⁴ [*L. -mare* (*proximus*, nearest)], *f.*: **-mative-ment**¹⁸, *adj.*: approximately.

ap-pui¹², *m.*: support (i.e. act of supporting; 2. thing serving for a support, as: prop, stay, staff, sill, window-sill, buttress, hand-rail, fulcrum): *hauteur d*—, breast height; *pièces d* l—, corroborating papers. **-pui-main**¹⁶, *pl. -puis-main*, *m.*: (painter's) maul-stick. || **-puyer**¹⁰ [*p. L. ap-podiare* (*L. podium*, foot-hold, balcony, *Gr. pois*, foot)], *tr.*: 1. lean, support, rest; dwell or lay stress (upon); 2. sustain, support, strengthen; *s*—, lean, rest, recline; rely.

â-pre¹⁰ [*L. asper*], *adj.*: harsh, rough; sharp; tart, crabbed; eager: — *au gain*, greedy of gain; — *à la curée*, eager of prey. **-prément**¹¹, *adv.*: harshly, etc.

après¹⁰ [*d. près*], *prep.*: after, next to; for; about; *adv.*: after, afterwards, then: — *que*, after, when; *d*—, after, according to, from; *attendre*—, wait for; *crier*—, cry out against, scold; *être*— *quelque chose*, be about something. **-de-main**¹⁶, *adv.*: day after to-morrow;

3m.: third day after. **-dîner**¹⁴, *m.*: after-dinner, afternoon. **-midi**¹⁶, *m.* or *f.*: afternoon. **-souper**¹⁴, *m.*: evening.

âpreté¹¹ [*-pre*], *f.*: harshness, sharpness, asperity; tartness; eagerness.

à priori [*L. 'from prior' viz. conceptions*], *adv.*: a priori.

à-propos¹⁷, *m.*: propriety, pertinency.

apside¹⁵ [*L. -da* (*Gr. âpsis*, tying, arch)], *f.*: *apsis* (now *Fr. abside*); (*astr.*) *apsis*.

apte¹² [*L. -tus*], *adj.*: apt, fit, qualified.

aptère¹⁷ [*Gr. -ros* (*a-*, not, *pteron*, wing)], *adj.*: apterous, wingless.

aptitude¹⁸ [*L. -do* (*cf. apte*)], *f.*: =; (*leg.*) qualification.

apurement¹⁸, *m.*: auditing (accounts). || **-rer**¹¹ [*d. pur*], *tr.*: *tpurify*; wash (gold); examine and adjust (an account), audit.

apy-re¹⁷ [*Gr. -ros* (*a-*, not, *pûr*, fire)], *adj.*: apyrous, incombustible. **-rexie**¹⁸ [*Gr. -rexia*], *f.*: apyrexia, absence of fever.

aqua-fortiste¹⁸ *a-kwa* [*It. — forte* (*L. aqua*, water, *fortis*, strong), nitric acid], *m.*: etcher. **-relle**¹⁷ [*It. -rella*], *f.*: (painting in water-colours). **-relliste**¹⁸ [*-relle*], *m.*: aquarellist. **-rium**¹⁸ [*L. reservoir*], *m.*: =. **-tinta**¹⁸ [*L. 'tinged water'*], *f.*: =. **-tique**¹² [*L. -ticus*], *adj.*: aquatic.

a-queduc¹⁷ [*L. aqua-ductus*], *m.*: aqueduct. **-queur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*L. -quorua*], *adj.*: aqueous, watery.

aqui-lin¹⁵ [*L. -linus*, *fr. -la*, 'eagle' (*-lus*, dark)], *adj.*: aquiline (hooked).

-lon¹¹ [*L. -lo* (*-lus*)], *m.*: north-wind; † *Eng.* =.

ara¹⁷ [*Ind.*], *m.*: = (macaw).

ara-be¹⁵ [*L. -bus*], *adj.* or *n.*: Arabian; Arabic; miser. **-besque**¹⁵ [*It. -besco*], *adj.*: † Arabic; = *f.*: (ornamentation of interwoven plants, animals, etc.).

||-bie [? *Hebr. -bas*, desert], *f.*: Arabia. **-bique** [*L. -bicus*], *adj.*: Arabian, Arabic.

arable¹⁰ [*L. -bilis* (*arare*, plough)], *adj.*: =.

arachide¹⁸ [*Gr. -kís*, vetch], *f.*: peanut.

arach-nide¹⁵ [*Gr. -ne*, spider], *m.*: arachnid(an). **-noide**¹⁴ [*Gr. -no-eidés* (*eidés*, form)], *adj.*: arachnoid (membrane).

arack¹⁵ [*Ar. arag*, juice], *m.*: arrack.

† **aragne** = *araigne*.

arai-gne¹⁰ [*L. aranea*, spider], *f.*: *tpider*; bucket-hook (for lifting the bucket from the well). **-gnée**¹¹, *f.*: *tpider's* web; web (of various kinds); gen'y (*fr. 15th c.*) spider; (spider-like thing, as) circle with radiating arms of the astrolabe; mine with radiating passages; crowfoot; small vehicle on big wheels: — *de mer*, weaver, small crab; *pattes d*—, spider's legs, scrawling hand (in writing); *toile d*—, cobweb; *ôter les* —s, sweep away the cobwebs. **-gneux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: araneous, cobweb-like.

araire¹⁵ [*Prov. (L. aratrum*, plough)], *m.*: swing plough.

araméen¹⁸, **-enne** [*Aram*, *Hebr.* name for Syria], *adj.*: Aramean.

arame¹⁷ [*d. rame*], *tr.*: stretch (cloth) on tenters, tenter.

ar-anéide¹⁸ [*L. -anea*, spider], *f.*: hairy (venomous) spider; (*pl. araneida*). **-ané-ole**¹⁸ [*L. -anea*], *f.*: small weaver. **-an-tèle**¹⁵ [*L. -anea*, tela, web], *f.*: (*diat.*) spider's web; web-like formation on the stag's foot.

ar-ase¹⁵, *f.*: level state: *pierre d*—, (*max.*) levelling course. **-sement**¹⁴, *m.*: levelling; level state, evenness. || **-ser**¹¹ [*d. ras*], *tr.*: level, even, make flush.

aratoire¹⁵ [*L. -torius* (*arare*, plough)], *adj.*: aratory, tillage.

araucaria¹⁸ [after Arauco Indians in Chile], *m.*: = (conifer).

arba-lète⁹ [L. *arcu-balista* (Gr. *balein*, throw) 'bow-hurler'], *f.*: arbalest (cross-bow); steel-bow (used for mechanical devices); dormouse-trap: — *à jalet*, stone-bow; *cheval en —*, horse harnessed in front of two others. — **létée**¹¹ or **lê-trée**, *f.*: crossbow range (or shot). — **lê-trier**¹¹, *m.*: crossbow-man, archer; (*build.*) roof-rafter. — **lê-trière**¹¹, *f.*: loop-hole for a crossbow. — **lê-trille**, *f.*: (*nav.*) Jacob's staff, cross-staff.

arbi-trage¹², *m.*: =, arbitration (¹⁸ determining a place of exchange in banking-business; replacing one value for another by the Exchange). — **tragiste**¹⁸ [*-trage*], *m.*: bank or exchange arbitrator. — **traire**¹⁸ [L. *-trarius*, *adj.*: arbitrary; optional; *m.*: arbiter. — **trairement**¹⁴ [*-traire*], *adv.*: arbitrarily. — **tral**¹² [L. *-tralis*, *adj.*: =, relating to an arbiter. — **tralement**¹⁶, *adv.*: by arbitration. — **tra-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tratio*], *f.*: =; award. — **arbi-tre**¹² [L. *1.-ter*; 2.-trium], *m.*: 1. arbiter (arbitrator, umpire; sovereign disposer); 2. will. — **trêr**¹² [L. *-trari*, *tr.*: arbitrate; decree, award.

ar-borèr¹⁴ [It. *-borare*, *tr.*: raise (like a tree), set up, hoist (a flag); proclaim. — **borescence**¹⁸ [*-borescent*], *f.*: arborescence. — **borescent**¹⁸ [L. *-borescens*, becoming a tree], *adj.*: arborescent. — **bori-culteur**¹⁸ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: arboriculturist. — **boriculture**¹⁸ [L. *arbor*, Fr. *culture*], *f.*: =. — **borisation**¹⁸ [*-borisè*], *f.*: arborisation. — **borisè**¹⁷ [L. *-bor*], *adj.*: arborised. — **boriser**¹⁸ [L. *-bor*], *intr.*: gather plants. — **boriste**¹⁸, *m.*: arborist (versed in the knowledge of medicinal plants and trees). — **bonne**¹⁸ [Prov. *-bossa* (L. *-butus*)], *f.*: arbuté-berry. — **bousier**¹⁸, *m.*: arbuté, strawberry tree. — **ar-bre**⁹ [L. *-bos*, *-bor*], *m.*: tree; beam; (*tech.*) ARBOR or axle, shaft; mast: — *en espalier*, wall-tree; — *sur pied*, standing tree; *grand —*, shaft; — *de couche*, horizontal shaft; — *de Diane* (Jupiter, etc.), arbor Diana (etc., alchem. terms for various crystallisations); — *de mestre*, mainmast; — *de tringuet*, foremast; *se tenir au gros de l'—*, adhere to what is ancient; *faire l'— fourchu*, walk on one's hands. — **bret**¹⁸, *m.*: small tree; small tree with lime-twigs (for bird-catching). — **bris-cean**⁹ [p. L. **arboriscellus*, *m.*: shrub, underwood. — **buste**¹⁸ [L. *-bustum*], *m.*: shrub.

ar-c⁹ [L. *-eus*], *m.*: bow; arc; arch; curved piece (*as* of a wagon-pole, etc.): — *en plein cintre*, semi-circular arch; — *dou-bleau*, chief arch, massive rib; — *de tri-*

omphe, triumphal arch. — **cade**¹⁸, *f.*: =; curved object, *as* (*anat.*) arch, bridge (of spectacles), bow (of a saddle), etc.

arcane¹⁸ [L. *-aus* (*arca*, box) hidden], *adj.*: deeply hidden, secret, (*Eng. obs.*) =, *m.*: arcanum, mystery.

arcanne¹⁴ [L. *alcanna* (Ar.)], *f.*: red chalk.

arcanson¹⁷ [?], *m.*: colophany.

arcesse¹⁸ [Prov. *-ssa* (L. *arca*, box), large box], *f.*: stern-frame (of a ship); pulley-block.

ar-cature¹⁸ [*arc*], *f.*: line of decorative arcades. — **c-boutant**¹⁸ (pl. — *s* — *s*), *m.*: =, arched BUTTRESS; (brace of various kinds, *as*) abutment, support, prop, shore, spar, stanchion, stay, cross-piece, supporter. — **c-bouter**¹⁸, *tr.*: BUTTRESS, prop, support. — **c-doubléau**¹⁸ (pl. — *s* — *x*), *m.*: groin (of vault). — **ceau**¹¹ (pl. — *x*) [*arc*], *m.*: arch; ribs (of groined arches); trefoil ornament; supporting-piece. — **c-en-ciel**¹² (pl. — *s* —), *m.*: rainbow.

archa-ïque¹⁷, *adj.*: archaic(al). — **isme**¹⁸ [Gr. *-ismós* (*-fos*, ancient)], *m.*: archaism.

archal⁹ [L. *orichalcum* (Gr. *oros*, mountain, *chalkós*, brass)], *m.*: brass, orichalc, only in *fil d'—*, brass-wire.

archange¹¹ [L. *-gelus* (Gr. *archi-*, chief, *ángelos*, angel)], *m.*: archangel.

arche⁹ [L. *-ca*, box, chest], *f.*: ark (Noah's; or of the sanctuary); pump-box (covering the pump of a vessel); small furnace (for making the frit); ark-shell: *l'— d'alliance*, the ark of the covenant.

ar-che⁹ [l. L. **-ca*, for acc. *-cum* (*-eus*, bow)], *f.*: arch (of a bridge, viaduct, etc.), arching. — **chée**⁹ [p. L. **areata*], *f.*: range of a bow, bow-shot.

archée¹⁸ [l. L. *-cheus* (Gr. *-chatos*, old)], *m.* (*f.*): (*alch.*) arches (central fire or vital energy of the universe).

archlet¹⁸ [*-chet*], *m.*: drill-bow.

archéo-logie¹⁷ [Gr. *archaio-*, ancient, *logia*, discourse], *f.*: archaeology. — **logi-que**¹⁸, *adj.*: archaeologic(al). — **logue**¹⁸, *m.*: archaeologist.

ar-cher⁹ [p. L. **carius* (*-eus*, bow)], *m.*: = (bow-man); constable; *fig.* Cupid: *franc —*, cf. *franc-archer*. — **cheret**¹⁸, *m.*: little archer, Cupid. — **chet**¹⁸ [*arc*], *m.*: (small bow of various kinds, *as*) fiddle-bow, fiddlestick; drill-bow; fish-hook bow; top-head (of cradles); bed-rack, guard (holding the bed-covers so as not to weigh on the sick).

archétype¹² -*tip* [L. *-pus* (Gr. *arche-*, chief, *týpos*, stamp)], *m.*: archetypal.

arche-vêché¹¹, *m.* (*tf.*): archbishopric; archbishop's residence. — **vêque**⁹ [L.

archi-episcopus, Gr. -*pos*, 'chief-bishop' (cf. *évêque*), *m.*: archbishop.

archi- [Gr., chief], in comp. (cf. each member): *†-âtre*¹⁶ [Gr. -*atros* (*iátrós*, physician)], *m.*: archistér, chief physician.

-chancelier¹⁷, *m.*: arch-chancellor.

-chapelain¹⁷, *m.*: chief-chaplain.

-confrérie¹⁷, *f.*: chief or central brotherhood.

-diaconat¹⁷ [L. -*tus*], *m.*: archdeaconship (dignity, or office).

-diaconé¹¹ [L. -*diaconatus* (cf. above)], *f.*: archdeaconry (district).

-diacre¹¹ [L. *diaconus*], *m.*: archdeacon.

-duc¹⁵, *m.*: archduke.

-ducal¹⁵ [-*duc*], *adj.*: archducal.

-duché¹⁷ [-*duc*], *m.*: archduchy.

-duchesse¹⁵ [-*duc*], *f.*: archduchess.

-episcopal¹⁵ [L. -*lis*], *adj.*: = **-episcopat**¹⁷ [L. -*tus*], *m.*: archiepiscopacy.

archière¹¹ [arc], *f.*: loop-hole for archers;

crenel (open space between the teeth of a battlement); archer's quiver-strap.

archiman-dritat¹⁷, *m.*: archimandrit's dignity or function.

||-drite¹⁵ [L. -*ta* (Gr. *archi-*, chief, *máandra*, fold, monastery)], *m.*: =, chief of a monastery (Gr. church).

1.archine¹⁵ [-*che*], *f.*: small arch or centre.

2.archine¹⁷ [Russ.], *f.*: Russian measure of length (ab. 72 centimeters).

archi- [Gr., chief]: **-pel**¹⁵ [It. -*pelago* (Gr. *pélagos*, sea)], *m.*: archipelago.

-presbytéral¹⁷ [L. -*lis*], *adj.*: of an archpresbyter.

-prêtre¹² [L. -*presbyter*], *m.*: archpresbyter, archpriest.

-prêtre¹⁵ [-*prêtre*], *f.*: archpresbytery.

-tecte¹⁵ [L. -*tecton* (Gr. *tékton*, workman)], *m.*: architect.

-tectonique¹⁵ [L. -*tectonicus* (cf. -*tecte*)], *adj.*: architectonic.

-tectural¹⁵ [-*tecture*], *adj.*: = **-tecture**¹⁴ [L. -*ectura* (cf. -*tecte*)], *f.*: = **-trave**¹⁵ [It. (*trave*, L. *trabs*, beam)], *f.*: = (part of an entablature nearest the column).

-travé¹⁷ [-*trave*], *adj.*: architaved.

-triclîn¹⁵ [L. -*nus* (Gr. *árcho*, lord, *tri-klinon*, table 'with THREE couches')], *m.*: (Rom.) arranger of a feast, chief steward.

archi-ves¹⁵ [L. -*vum*, Gr. *arch-ei-on* (*arché*, chief place), government house, *pl.* archives], *f.*, *pl.*: = (public records); archive, record-office.

-viste¹⁷, *m.*: archivist.

archivolte¹⁶ [It. -*to* (*archi-*, chief, *voltò*, vault)], *f.*: archivolt (moulding of an arch).

ar-chonta¹⁷, *m.*: archonship.

||-chon-¹² [Gr. -*chon* (-*chein*, rule)], *m.*: archon, chief magistrate (in Athens).

arçon⁹ [p. L. **arcio* (L. *arcus*, bow)], *m.*: saddle-bow; carding bow; vine bent (to

give more fruit): *vider les —s*, be unhorsed.

arceol¹⁶ [?], *m.*: dross, scoria.

arc-tique¹⁵ [L. -*ticus* (Gr. *tíkós*, *árktos*, 'bear', the constellation)], *adj.*: arctic.

-tûre¹⁵ or **-turus** [L. -*turus* (Gr. *árktos*, *oûros*, guard)], *m.*: Arcturus (the star).

arcure¹⁵ [*arguer*], *f.*: arching (esp. of branches to promote fructification).

ardélien¹⁵ [L. -*delio*], *m.*: busybody, bore.

ar-demment¹¹ -*dam-* [-*dens*], *adv.*: ardently, etc.

-dent¹² [L. -*dens*], *adj.*: = (burning, fiery; passionate, zealous); red (of hair); (*nav.*) gripping; *m.*: ignis fatuus, will-o'-the-wisp; candle; (Midd. Age) person afflicted with gangrenous

erisypelas: *chappelle* —e, room with lighted tapers round a coffin; *chambre* —e, tribunal that condemned to death by burning.

†||-der = *ardre*. **-deur**⁹ [L. -*dor*], *f.*: ardour, heat; fervour, passion.

ardes¹⁵ [for *a-gardes* (old *a-garer*, REGARD)], *interj.*: lo!

ardier¹² or **-dière** [*harde*], *m.*, *f.*: beam-ropes (of a loom).

ardillon¹² [*hart*], *m.*: tongue of a buckle; tag.

†ardoir = *ardre*.

ardoi-se¹¹ [?], *f.*: slate: *couvreur d'—*, slater; *avoir une — chez*, have a bill at.

-sé¹⁶, *adj.*: slate-coloured.

-sèr¹⁵, *tr.*: slate.

-sièr¹⁵, = **-ère**, *adj.*: slaty; *m.*: slate worker.

-sière¹⁵, *f.*: slate quarry.

ar-dre⁹ [p. L. **dere* (L. -*dere*), *irr.* §; *tr.*, *intr.*: burn.

-du¹⁵ [L. -*duus*], *adj.*: arduous, hard to ascend, steep; difficult, abstruse.

§ P. Part. *ar(d)a*.

a-re¹⁷ [L. *area*], *m.*: = (surface of 100 square meters).

-réage¹⁵, *m.*: measurement (by ares), surveying.

arec¹⁵ [Canarese], *m.*: areca (sort of palm).

aréfaction¹⁵ [L. *arefacere*, dry], *f.*: arefaction.

a-rénacé¹⁵ [L. -*renaceus*], *adj.*: arenaceous, sandy.

||-rène¹¹ [L. -*rena*, sand, sandy place], *f.*: sand; arena (orig. sandy part of a circus, etc.), *pl.* circus, amphitheatre; mortar.

aréner¹⁵ [= *éreinter*], *tr.*: †break the back of; make bend (under a heavy weight), sink.

aréneux¹², = **ençe** [L. -*nosus* (-*na*, sand)], *adj.*: arenous, sandy.

aréole¹⁷ [L. -*la* (*area*, surface)], *f.*: (anat.) areola (coloured ring).

-lé¹⁵, *adj.*: areolate.

aréomètre¹⁶ [Gr. *aráōs*, thin, *métrōn*, measure], *m.*: areometer.

aréopage¹⁷ [L. *-gus* (Gr. *Áreios págos*, 'hill of Ares' = Mars, where the highest judicial court of Athens was held)], m.: areopagus; high court. **-gite**¹⁵ [L. *-gites*], m.: areopagist.

aréostyle¹⁵ [L. *araostylus* (Gr. *araiós*, thin, spread, *stúlos*, column)], m.: aréostyle, spaced colonnade.

aréquier¹⁷ [aréc], m.: areca (sort of palm).

arer⁹ [L. *arāre*, plough], tr.: †plough; drag (the anchor).

a-rête⁹ [L. *arista*, 1. fish-bone; 2. awn], m.: 1. fish-skeleton, fish-bone; line of intersection between two planes, two slopes, etc., ridge; angle, edge; (arch.) ARRI; 2. awn, prickle, beard, ARISTA: *à vive* —, sharp-edged; — *d'un comble*, corner-rafter, hip. **-rétier**¹³ m. (arch.) hip; arriis. **-rétière**¹⁶ [-rétier], f.: hip-plastering.

†**arganeau** = *organeau*.

argémone¹⁵ [Gr. *-mōne*], f.: thorny poppy.

argen-t⁹ [L. *argentum*], m.: silver; silver-coin; money (gen'lly); (her.) ARGENT: — *comptant*, ready money: *vif* — († *vif*), quicksilver, mercury; — *blanc*, German silver (alloy of nickel and copper); — *fulminant*, ammonium of silver; — *rouge*, silver glance; *un* — *fou*, man with no end of money; *bourreau d'* —, spendthrift; *être brouillé avec l'* — *comptant*, never have any ready money. **-tal**¹², adj.: containing silver; (*dial.*) shining like silver, argent. **-tan**¹⁵, m.: =, German silver. **-tation**¹⁵ [-ter], f.: =, silvering; injection of mercury. **-ter**¹², tr.: silver, cover with silver; plate. **-terie**¹⁵, f.: silver-plate, silver-ware; †royal fund (annual for extraordinary needs). †**-teur**¹² [-ter], m.: silverer, plater. **-teux**¹⁵, = *ense*, adj.: moneyed. **-tier**⁹ [L. *-larius*], m.: (anc.) banker (dealing in silver); royal steward (in charge of jewelry, etc.). **-tifère**¹⁵ [L. *-tum*, ferre, bear], adj.: argentiferous. **-tin**¹¹, adj.: silvery; argentine; silver-toned; f.: argentine (fish; stone); f.: silver-weed; wild tansy. **-ture**¹⁵ [-ter], silver-plating.

argi-le⁹ [L. *argilla*], f.: potter's clay, clay, ARGIL. **-leux**¹¹, = *ense*, adj.: clayey, argillous. **-lière**¹², f.: clay-pit. **-lifère** [L. *ferre*, bear], adj.: argiliferous. **-lolithé** [Gr. *lithos*, stone], m.: clay-stone.

argo [L., Gr. *-gō*, name of Jason's ship], m.: Argo (the ship, or the constellation). **-nante**¹⁵ [L. *-nauta* (Gr. *nautes*, sailor)], m.: argonaut (hero sailing with Jason to Colchis in the Argo; or the mollusc).

l'argo¹⁵ [?], m.: †band of thieves and

vagabonds; = (cant of thieves and vagabonds, low slang; cant).

2. **argo-t**¹⁵ [same as *ergot*], m.: stub of cut branch. **-ter**¹⁶, tr.: cut the stub of a branch (above the eye).

†**argotier**¹⁶, **-tière** [i. *-got*], m., f.: vagabond.

argoulet¹⁵ [?], m.: mounted archer.

argousier [?], m.: buckthorn.

argousin¹⁵ [O.It. *algozzino* (? Sp. *alguazil*, =, constable)], m.: convict-keeper, warden.

ar-gue¹⁶ [L. *organum*, instrument], f.: drawbench (for wire-drawing). 1. **-guer**¹⁷, tr.: wire draw.

2. **argu-er**⁹ [p. L. *-tāre* (L. *-ere*, point out)], tr.: argue (prove by evidence, evince, prove): — *de faux*, prove as false.

-ment¹¹ [L. *-mentum*], m.: = (proof, evidence; theme; summary). †**-mentant**¹⁶ [-menter], m.: arguer, opponent.

-menteur¹⁵ [L. *-mentator*], m.: arguer.

-mentation¹⁵ [L. *-mentatio*], f.: =.

-menter¹¹ [L. *-mentari*], intr.: argue; tr.: argue or discuss with.

Argus [L.], m.: Argus (*myth.*) vigilant person; sort of peacock.

argu-tie¹⁵ [L. *-tia* (cf. *arguer*)], f.: subtlety, quibble. **-tieux**¹⁵, = *ense*, adj.: quibbling.

aria¹⁴ [?], m.: (*fam.*) bustle, botheration.

Ariane, f.: Ariadne (Theseus' lover, abandoned by him); abandoned lover.

arianisme¹⁵ [-rien], m.: arianism.

ari-do¹⁵ [-dus], adj.: arid, dry; sterile.

-dité¹¹ [L. *-ditas*], f.: aridity, dryness; barrenness.

1. **arien**¹², = *enne* [L. *Arianus*, Arius], m., f. or adj.: Arian (follower of Arius).

2. †**arien** = *aryen*.

ariette¹⁷ [It. *-tta* (*aria*, AIR)], f.: arietta.

†**arimer** = *arrimer*.

Aristarque¹⁵, m.: Aristarchus; severe critic.

aristocrate¹⁷, m.: f.: aristocrat.

|| **-tie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-teia* (*aristos*, best, *kratein*, rule)], f.: aristocracy. **-tique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-tikós*], adj.: aristocratic. **-tiquement**¹⁵ [-tique], adv.: aristocratically.

-tiser¹⁵ [-tie], tr.: render aristocratic.

aristoloche¹⁵ [L. *-chia*], f.: birth-wort.

Aristo-tèle, m.: Aristotle (Greek philosopher). **-télien**¹⁶, = *enne* [L. *-telicus*], adj. or m.: Aristotelian.

-télique¹⁵, adj.: Aristotelic. **-télisme**¹⁷, m.: Aristotelianism.

arithmé-ticien¹⁵, **-ticienne**, m., f.: arithmetician. || **-tique**¹¹ [L. *-tica* (Gr. *arithmós*, number)], adj.: arithmetical; f.: arithmetic. **-tiquement**¹⁵ [-tique], adv.: arithmetically.

arle-quin¹⁵, = *quine* [It. *-chino* (?)], m.,

f.: harlequin, merry-andrew; (*m.*) mixed stew, hodgepodge; boat (used in hunting the merganser: *harle*): — *politique*, political harlequin (who assumes the colours of all the parties); *habit* —, work of incongruous parts. — *quinade*¹⁷, *f.*: harlequinade.

ar-mada [Sp. (*L. -mata*, 'armed,' viz. fleet)], *f.*: —. — **ma-dille**¹⁶ [Sp. *-madillo* (*dim.* of *-mado*, armed)], *m.*: armadillo (crustacean). — **ma-teur**¹⁶ [*L. -mator*], *m.*: outfitter of a vessel. — **ma-ture**¹⁴ [*L. -matura*], *f.*: armour; = (iron) braces; magnet-a.; fossil crust; sharps and flats. — **ma**¹⁶ [*p. L. -ma*, arms], *f.*: weapon; *pl.* arms; troops; military profession; battle; fencing; coat of arms, emblazonry: — *s blanches*, side arms; — *s aux bras*! support arms! — *s à feu*, firearms; — *de jet* (*de trait*), missile; — *à silex*, flint-gun; *assaut d'—s*, fencing match; *jaque d'—s*, coat of arms; *fait d'—s*, feat; *maître d'—s*, fencing-master; *salle d'—s*, armoury; fencing-school; *passer par les —s*, be put to the sword; *portes les —s*! shoulder arms! — **mée**¹⁴ [*-mer*], *f.*: army; host; slating (of a mansard to protect against rain): — *de mer et de terre*, sea and land forces; — *permanente*, standing army.

armeline¹⁶ [*It. -lina*, 'fur of the ARME-nian rat'], *f.*: ERMINE.

armement¹⁴ [*-mer*], *m.*: armament.

Armé-nie, *f.*: Armenia. — **ni-en**, *-nienne*, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: Armenian (pertaining to Armenia; or to Armenian church).

ar-mer¹⁶ [*L. -māre* (*-ma*, arms)], *tr.*: arm (provide with arms); furnish (equip); man (a pump); ship (the oars); cock (a gun); provide with sharps and flats. — **met**¹⁴ [*-me*], *m.*: helmet; (*in fest*) head.

ar-millaire¹⁶, *adj.*: armillary, formed of rings. — **mil-le**¹¹ [*L. -milla* (*-mus*, arm), bracelet], *f.*: annulet (fillet encircling a column), ring of an armillary sphere.

arménien¹⁶, *-enne* [*Arminius*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: Arminian.

ar-mistie¹⁶ [*L. -ma*, weapons, *statio*, rest], *m.*: —, truce. — **moire**¹¹ [*L. -marium* (*-ma*, orig. 'fittings'), 'closet,' perhaps also 'weapon-closet': cf. Eng. *armoury*, same word], *f.*: closet, cupboard, press. — **moiries**¹⁴ [OFr. *-moyer*, decorate with arms], *f. pl.*: coat of arms, armorial bearings.

armoise¹⁶ [*p. L. artemisia*], *f.*: ARTEMISIA. — **armoisin**¹⁶ [*It. ermesino* (? *Ormuz*, a city)], *m.*: sarcenet.

ar-mon¹⁶ [*L. artemo*, sort of lever], *m.*: futchel (of a coach).

armorial¹⁶ [*-moiries*], *adj.*: armorial; *m.*: book of heraldry.

armoricain [*-rique*], *adj.* or *n.*: Armorican.

armurier¹⁶ [*-moiries*], *tr.*: ornament with armorial bearings.

Armorique, *f.*: Armorica.

ar-moriste¹⁶ [*-moiries*], *m.*: armistice. — **ar-mure**¹² [*L. -matura* (*-mare*, arm)], *f.*: armour; fish of a mast (or yard): — *de tête*, head-piece. — **murerie**¹⁴ [*-murier*], *f.*: armoury (manufactory of arms). — **mu-rier**¹², *m.*: armourer, maker of arms.

Arnaud, *m.*: Arnould.

arni-ca¹⁷ or **arnique** [*l. L. -ca*], *f.*: arnica. — **-eine**¹⁴, *f.*: extract of arnica.

aro-mate¹⁶ [*L. -matum*], *m.*: aromatic. — **-matique**¹², *adj.*: aromatic(al). — **ma-tisation**¹⁶ [*matiser*], *f.*: aromatization. — **matiser**, *tr.*: aromatise. — **ar-g-me** [*Gr. aroma*], *m.*: aroma, flavour.

ar-onde¹⁶ [*p. L. *hirunda* (*L. -do*), swallow], *f.*: swallow; swallow-fish; *queue d'—*, (*carp*) dove-tail; sort of fortification.

arpaillleur [*harpailler*, grasp], *m.*: gold-seeker, gold-washer.

ar-pège¹⁷ [*It. -peggio* (*arpa*, HARP), play on the harp], *m.*: (*mus.*) arpeggio.

-pègement¹⁶ [*-péger*], *m.*: playing arpeggios. — **-péger**¹⁷, *tr.*: play (a piece) in arpeggios.

ar-pon-t¹⁶ [*l. L. *arependis*, *L. arepennis* (Gull.)], *m.*: = (old measure of about one acre).

-tage¹² [*-ter*], *m.*: land-measuring, survey. — **-ter**¹⁴, *tr.*: measure or survey (land); walk over at great strides.

-teur¹⁴, *-euse* [*-ter*], *m.*: land-surveyor; (*f.*) caterpillar.

ar-pon¹⁶ [*Gasc. -pen*], *m.*: (*mar.*) sort of large saw (used in dock-yards).

arque-busade¹⁶, *f.*: —. — **-buser**¹⁴ [*It. arcubuso* (Ger. *haken-büchse*, 'HOOK-gun'), *f.*: arquebus(e). — **busier**¹⁵, *tr.*: shoot with an arquebus; *tr.*: shoot down with an arquebus, shoot. — **buserie**¹⁵ [*-sier*], *f.*: troop of arquebusiers; arquebus, or gun-smithery. — **busier**¹⁵, *m.*: =; arquebus- or gun-smith.

ar-quer¹⁶ [*L. -quare* (*-cus*, bow)], *tr.*, *intr.*: ARCH, curve, bend. — **quot**¹⁷ [*arc*], *m.*: wire or rod of a shuttle.

arra-chage¹⁶, *m.*: pulling up (vegetables).

-chement¹¹, *m.*: tearing up or away; digging up; weeding; (*arch.*) tooththing.

-che-pied¹⁵ (*d'—*), *adv.*: without cessation. — **-cher**¹⁶ [*L. ex-radicare* (*radix*, root), 'root up'], *tr.*: tear up or away, pull up, snatch away; draw (violently), extort, extract, wring; *s'—*, tear (away); break away. — **-che-sonde**¹⁶, *m.*: instrument for pulling out the fragments

of a broken bone or probe, bone-extractor
-cheur¹², **-chense**, *m., f.*: tearer, puller; (*f.*) workwoman who pulls the long hair from beaver-skins; potato-plow or digger.
-chis¹², *m.*: uprooted plant; felonious uprooting of young trees. **-choir**¹², *m.*: weeding-machine, extirpator.

arraison-nement¹¹, *m.*: targuing; sanitary inspection of a vessel. **||-ner**⁹ [*p. L. *ar-rationāre* (*L. ratio*, REASON)], *tr.*: REASON or argue with.

arrangeant¹², *adj.*: accommodating; (*for part., cf. -ger*). **-gement**¹², *m.*: =, setting in order; fixing; disposition; (*pl.*) terms, measures. **||-ger**¹¹ [*ā, ranger*], *tr.*: arrange (set in order; fix up; dispose); accommodate (suit); compromise; (*ironic.*) give a scolding to (*cf. Eng. 'fix'*), blow up; *s'—*, arrange or fix one's self; place one's self, settle; make dispositions; accommodate one's self; put up with: *cela m'arrange*, that suits me; *cela s'arrangera*, that will be all right; *il s'est bien —gé*, he has made his house very comfortable; *arrangez-vous*, do as best you can; decide; *je m'en arrange*, I make shift with it. **-geur**¹⁶, **-geuse**, *m., f.*: arranger (usu'ly in bad sense); transposer (of music).

arrén-tement¹², *m.*: renting. **||-ter**¹² [*ā, rente*], *tr.*: rent; let out.

arré-rager¹², *intr.*: be in arrears. **||-rages**¹¹ [*arrièr*], *m., pl.*: ARREARS: — *de rentes*, periodical payments of annuities.

arrestation¹² [*arrêter*], *f.*: arrest; custody.

arré-t¹², *m.*: stopping, coming to a standstill, check; arrest (*chiefly in pl.*); (fixed) decree, judgment, sentence; seizure; (checking device, *as*) catch (of a gun, etc.), rest (of a lance); stop-work (of a clock): — *de mort*, sentence of death; *chien d'—*, setter; *robinet d'—*, stop-cock; *maison d'—*, jail; *mandat d'—*, warrant (to arrest); *aux —s*, under arrest; — *s simples*, open arrest; — *de défense*, safe-conduct; *mettre la lance en —*, couch the lance. **-té**¹⁶, *m.*: decree, resolution; settlement (of accounts). **-te-boeuf**¹⁵, *m.*: rest-harrow (leguminous plant). **||-ter**⁹ [*p. L. *ar-restāre* (*L. re-stāre*, stand back)], *tr.*: ARREST (stop, stay, check); hold back, delay; fasten, fix; engage, hire; decree, resolve; settle (an account); *s'—*, stop, pause, stand still; tarry, remain; be resolved or decreed; be allayed: — *un point*, fasten a stitch (in sewing); *faire —*, give into custody; — *sa place*, secure one's place; — *court*, stop short; *action d'—*, stop(page). **-tiste**¹⁷ [*-t*], *m.*: compiler of decrees. **-toir**¹², *m.*: stop or catch (as of a bayonet, etc.).

ar-rhement¹² [*arrher*], *m.*: giving earnest. **-rher**¹², *tr.*: hire or buy by giving earnest. **||ar-rhes**⁹ [*L. arr(h)a*], *f. pl.*: EARNEST (money).

arrière⁹ [*p. L. *arretro* (*L. ad*, towards, *retro*, back)], *adv.*: backwards, behind; (*nav.*) abaft; *interj.*: back! avant! *m.*: back part, REAR; stern (of a ship); ARREAR: *en —*, backwards; (*interj.*) back! abaft! in arrears; *en — de*, behind; *tomber de l'—*, fall astern; *se ranger de l'—*, veer.

arriéré¹² [*-rer*], *adj.*: deferred, etc.; behindhand, in arrears; *m.*: what is behindhand; arrears; *avoir de l'—*, be behindhand.

arrière-ban¹¹, *m.*: arrière-ban (call of the feudatory or inferior vassals, *arrière-vassaux*; service due by them; body of feudatory vassals). **-bec**¹⁷, *m.*: (downstream) cutwater (of a bridge). **-bouche**¹⁵, *f.*: pharynx. **-boutique**¹⁵, backshop. **-corps**¹⁶, *m.*: rear part of a structure; recess. **-cour**¹⁶, *f.*: back yard. **-faïe**¹⁵, *m.*: after-birth, placenta.

-fermier, *m.*: under-farmer, under-tenant. **-fief**¹², *m.*: arrière fief (or fee), secondary fee. **-garant**¹⁵, *m.*: bail of a bail. **-garde**¹¹, *f.*: rear-guard, rear.

-goût, *m.*: after-taste. **-grand-oncle**¹², *d = t*, *pl. —s*, *m.*: grandfather's or grandmother's uncle; great-uncle's or great-aunt's father. **-grand-tante**¹², *pl. —s*, *f.*: cf. *preced.*

-main¹⁵, *f.*: back of the hand; blow with the back of the hand, indirect blow; hind-quarters of a horse. **-neveu**¹⁵, *m.*: great-NEPHEW; (*pl.*) posterity. **-pensée**¹⁵, *f.*: masked thought or intention, mental reservation. **-petite-fille**¹⁷, *pl. —s*, *f.*: great-granddaughter.

-petit-fils¹⁷, *pl. —s*, *m.*: great-grandson. **-petits-enfants**, *m. pl.*: great-grandchildren. **-plan**¹², *m.*: (paint) background. **-point**¹², *m.*: back-stitch.

arriérer¹² [*arrièr*], *tr.*: leave behind, postpone; leave behindhand; *s'—*, stay behind; get in arrears.

arrière-saison¹², *m.*: end of autumn; decline (of fall). **-train**¹², *m.*: hind part of a quadruped; back part of a four-wheeled carriage. **-vassal**¹⁵, *m.*: vassal of a meane lord, inferior vassal.

-voussure¹⁵, *f.*: back arch (of a gate or window).

arri-mage¹², *m.*: (*nav.*) stowage; trim (of the hold). **||-mer**¹² [*?*], *tr.*: stow away; trim (the hold). **-meur**¹⁵, *m.*: stower, stevedore.

†arrioler¹⁷ [*fr. Prov. (L. ad, rivulus, current)*], *refl.*: cease to roll (of the sea).

arriiser¹⁵ [*ā, ris*], *tr.*: reef (sails): — *les vergues*, strike the lower yards.

arri-vage¹², *m.*: arrival (of ships or boats in port; of merchandise by water; of merchandise or provisions generally).
-vée¹³, *f.*: arrival; (*nav.*) falling off: *aussitôt son —*, immediately after his (her) arrival; *†d'—*, from the beginning, from the very first. **-vement**¹¹, *m.*: arrival.
||-ver¹³ [*d. rive*], *intr.*: arrive (*†come to the shore or land; us'y come, reach; enter; happen, occur*); bear away, bear down; *veer: — à ses fins (à son but)*, compass one's ends; *quoi qu'il arrive*, whatever may happen, come what may.
arrobe¹⁶ [*Sp.-ba (Ar.)*], *f.*: arroba (weight in Mexico and S. America, varying between 25 and 32 lbs. avoir).
arroche⁹ [*Norm. form, L. atriplex*], *f.*: arrach or orach (plant), goose-foot.
arro-gamment¹³ [*-gant*], *adv.*: arrogantly. **-gence**¹¹ [*L. -gantia*], *f.*: =, haughtiness. **-gant**¹³ [*L. -gans*], *adj.*: =, haughty. **||-ger**¹⁴ [*L. ar-rogare*, 'ask to' viz. one's self, claim], *refl.*: arrogate to one's self, unduly assume.
†arrois¹² [*OFr. arrear (?)*, array], *m.*: ARRAY, equipage.
arron-dir¹² [*d. rond*], *tr.*: round, round out, fill out; (*nav.*) double, sail round.
-dissement¹⁵, *m.*: rounding (out), roundness; complement; administrative district (*esp. part of a département*; or ward of a city).
arro-sage¹⁶, *m.*: sprinkling, watering, irrigation. **-sement**¹¹, *m.*: sprinkling, watering; (*cook.*) basting; paying all around (at play). **||-ser**⁹ [*p. L. -sare (L. ad-rosare, fr. rōs, dew)*], *tr.*: bedew, (be)sprinkle, water, moisten (*†Eng. AR-ROSE*); irrigate; (*cook.*) baste; distribute money to, pay by instalments; (*play*) pay all around. **-seur**¹³, **-euse**, *m., f.*: sprinkler of public roads, waterer.
-soir¹³, *m.*: watering-pot; sprinkler.
arrow-root¹⁵ ou = **ou** [*Engl.*], *m.*: =.
arragie¹⁵ [*L. -ia (ruga, furrow)*], *f.*: (*min.*) drain.
1.ars⁹ [*L. armus, shoulder*], *m. pl.*: fold between the breast and fore legs of a horse.
2.ars [*part. of ardre*], *adj.*: burnt.
arsenal¹² [*It. -le (Gr.-Ar.)*], *m.*: =; — *marine*, dock-yard.
arséniate¹⁷, *m.*: arseniate. **||-senic**¹³ [*L. -senicum*], *m.*: =. **-senical**¹⁵, *adj.*: =. **-sénieux**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: arsenious. **-sénique**¹⁵, *adj.*: arsenic. **-sénite**¹⁷, *m.*: arsenite.
arsin¹¹ [*2.ars*], *m.*: woods damaged by fire.
arsis [*L.-Gr. (Gr. afrein, raise)*], *m.*: = (stressed part of a rhythmic foot).
art⁹ [*L. ars*], *m. (f. 15)*: art; means: *beaux*

—s, fine art; — *d'agrément*, accomplishment; *termes de l'—*, technical terms.
ar-tère¹² [*L. -terial*], *f.*: artery. **-tériel**¹⁵ **-lle**, *adj.*: arterial. **-térieur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: arterial. **-tériole**¹⁷, *f.*: small artery. **-tériologie**¹⁷ [*Gr. lōgos, discourse*], *f.*: arteriology. **-tériotomie**¹⁵ [*L. -mia (Gr. tomē, cutting)*], *f.*: arteriotomy.
artésien¹⁷, **-enne** [*Artois, in France*], *adj.*: artesian.
arthri-te¹⁸ [*L. -tis (Gr. arthron, joint)*], *f.*: arthritis, gout. **-tique**¹¹ [*L. -ticus*], *adj.*: arthritic.
artichaut¹⁵ [*It. -ticioco (Ar.)*], *m.*: artichoke; spike (on fences, etc.): *avoir un cœur d'—*, have numerous affections.
arti-cle¹² [*L. -culus (artus, joint)*], *m.*: = (statement; item, matter; articulation): *d l'— de la mort*, on the point of death; *faire l'—*, puff one's goods. **-culaire**¹⁵ [*L. -cularis*], *adj.*: articular. **-culation**¹⁵ [*L. -culatio*], *f.*: = (joint); coupling; (*leg.*) allegation. **-culé**¹² [*-culer*], *adj.*: articulate(*d*); *les —s*, the articulates. **-culer**¹² [*L. -culare*], *tr.*: articulate (joint, couple; utter, enunciate; express distinctly); (*leg.*) set forth, allege.
artifi-ce¹³ [*L. -cium (arti-fex, artificer)*], *m.*: = (skilful contrivance, device; crafty device, stratagem; *†art or skill; †trade*); pyrotechnic preparation; warlike projectile (cannon-cartridge, bomb, shell, etc.): *feu d'—*, fireworks; *tirer un feu d'—*, set off fireworks; *caisse d'—*, powder-chest; *absence d'—*, guilelessness; *sans —*, guileless, undisguising. **-ciel**¹⁴, **-lle** [*L. -cialis*], *adj.*: artificial; *†skilful*. **-cillement**¹⁵ [*-ciel*], *adv.*: artificially; *†skilfully*. **-cier**¹⁷, *m.*: firework-maker, pyrotechnist; ordnance soldier. **-cieusement**¹⁴ [*-cieux*], *adv.*: artfully, craftily. **-cieux**¹², **-euse** [*L. -ciosus*], *adj.*: artful, crafty, cunning; *†skilful* (*†Eng. artful*).
artil-ler¹¹ [*art.*], *tr.*: arm (with engines of war). **-lerie**¹², *f.*: artillery, ordnance. **-leur**¹³, *m.*: artilleryman.
artimon¹² [*L. -temo (Gr. -tān, hang, arrange)*, gallant-sail], *m.*: mizzen (sail); *perroquet d'—*, mizzen top-mast.
artisan¹⁵ [*It. -tigliano (L. ars, art)*], *m.*: =, mechanic; *†artist*.
arti-çon¹⁵ [*?*], *m.*: wood-fretter (insect). **-çoné**¹², *adj.*: worm-eaten.
artis-te¹⁵ [*art*], *m., f.*: artist; player; alchemist; *adj.*: artistic (gifted for arts; *†conformable to art*). **-tisme**¹⁵, *adv.*: artistically. **-tique**¹⁸, *adj.*: artistic.
arum¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: = (plant).
aruspice¹⁵ [*L. (h)aru-spez ('entrail-seer')*, Rom. soothsayer], *m.*: =, (h)aruspex, soothsayer.

aryen¹⁸, = *enne* [Sansk. *ārya*, excellent],
adj. or m., f.: Aryan (of the Aryan stock).

aryténoïde¹⁷ [Gr. *-taino-eidēs*, 'ladle-
formed'], adj.: arytenoid.

arzel¹⁶ [Sp. *argel* (Ar.)], m.: = (horse
with white hind legs and forehead).

as⁹ [L. *as*, unit (of coin or measure);
small coin], m.: ACE; AS (Rom. coin or
weight).

as [L. *as* = *ad*, 'to']: *pref.*

asa = *assa*.

asaret¹⁷ [L. *-rum*], m.: asarum (plant).

asbeste¹⁶ [L. *-tos* (Gr. *a-*, not, *stennūmai*,
'extinguish', as unaffected by fire)], m.:
asbestos (mineral).

ascaride¹⁴ [L. *-da*], m.: ascarid (worm).

ascen-dance¹⁵, f.: ascending (family-)
line; rising or ascension (of a star).

||-dant [L. *-dens* (*ad*, *scandere*, climb)],
adj.: =, ascending; m.: ancestor; (*astr.*)

ascending node; (*astrol.*) ascendant (rising
of a star at one's birth); influence (of

one's star); †ascendency, governing in-
fluence. **-seur**¹⁵ [L. *-sor*], m.: elevator.

-sion¹¹ [L. *-sio*], f.: =; ascent; rising;
up-stroke (of machinery): *jour de l'—*,

Ascension-day, Holy Thursday. **-sion-**
nel¹⁷, = *lle* [-sion], adj.: ascensional.

-sionniste¹⁸ [-sion], m., f.: mountain
climber, one ascending high mountains.

as-cète¹⁶ [L. **-cēta* (Gr. *askētēs*, fr. *as-*
kein, exercise)], m., f.: ascetic. **-cēti-**

que¹⁶ [L. *-ceticus*], adj.: ascetic. **-cē-**
tisme¹⁵, m.: asceticism.

asciens [L. *-cius* (Gr. *a-*, not, *skid*,
shadow)], m. pl.: ascians.

ascite¹⁵ [L. *-tes* (Gr. *askōs*, belly)], f.:
ascites, dropsy.

1. **asclépiade**¹⁷ [L. *-deus* (first used by
the Greek poet Asclepias)], adj. or m.:
asclepiad (verse).

2. **asclé-piade**¹⁵, f.: **-pias** [L. *-pias*],
m.: asclepias, swallow-wort. **-piadées**¹⁴,
f. pl.: family of asclepias.

a-siarchat¹⁷ [-siarque], m.: dignity of an
asiarch.

-siarque¹⁷ [L. *-si-archa* (Gr.
archōs, ruler)], m.: asiarch. **-siatique**,
adj.: Asiatic. **||A-sic**, f.: Asia.

1. **asile**¹⁴ [L. *asylum* (Gr. *a-*, 'not', *sûlon*,
right of seizure)], m.: asylum, refuge,
place of refuge, shelter: *salle d'—*, infant
school; — *des pauvres*, poor-house; house
of industry.

2. **asile**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*], m.: wasp-fly, asilus.

asi-ne¹⁶ [L. *-nus*, ass], adj. f.: †bête —,
ass; asinine. **-nin**¹⁵, adj.: asinine.

aspect¹⁵ [L. *a-spectus* (spec., look)], m.:
aspect (appearance, look); view; †posi-
tion; (*astrol.*) aspect (situation of stars
at a given moment): — *du ciel* (*astrol.*):
decumbiture.

asperge¹⁵ [L. *asparagus*], f.: asparagus;

rib of whale-bone: *une — montée*, tail
and lean person.

asper-ger¹¹ [L. *-gere* (*spargere*, strew),
scatter], tr.: sprinkle. **ASPERSE** (in sense
of 'sprinkle'). **-ges**¹³ [L. *-ges*, 'thou
shalt sprinkle', first word of the anthem
before the mass], m.: asperges (moment
of sprinkling with holy water); aspergill
(sprinkling-brush).

aspérité¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*asper*, rough)], f.:
asperity, roughness; sharp point.

asper-sion¹¹ [L. *-sio* (cf. *-ger*)], f.:
= (in sense of 'sprinkling'), sprinkling
(holy water). **-soir**¹³ [L. *†-sorium*],
m.: aspergill (holy-water brush).

asphalte¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (Gr. *-tos*)], m.: as-
phalt; asphalt side-walk.

asphodèle¹⁵ [L. *-lus*], m.: asphodel
(plant).

asphyx-iant¹⁸ [-ier], adj.: producing
asphyxia. **||-ie**¹⁷ [Gr. *-ia* (*a*, not, *sphûxis*,
pulse)], f.: asphyxy (suspension of anima-
tion). **-ier**¹³, tr.: asphyxiate, suffocate.

1. **aspic**¹⁴ [L. *aspis*], m.: = (asp; venom-
ous reptile).

2. **aspic**¹⁵ [Prov. *espic* (L. *spica*, SPIKE,
ear)], m.: = (SPIKENARD, lavender).

3. **aspic**¹⁵ [?], m.: = (meat jelly).

aspi-raïl¹⁵, = *raux*, m. (usly pl.): draft-
hole. **-rant**¹⁴, part.: aspiring, etc.; (of
pumps) sucking, suction; m., f.: aspirant,
candidate, suitor: — *de marine*, midship-
man. **-rateur**¹³, = *trice*, adj.: produ-
cing suction; m.: ventilator. **-ra-**

tion¹¹ [-ratio], f.: = (in sense of: fervent
desire; pronunciation with flatus; breath-
ing, inhaling, inspiration); suction; (*hydr.*)
exhaustion. **-ré**, part.: aspired, etc.;
aspirate; (*hydr.*) exhausted; **-rée**, f.:
aspirate (sound). **||-rer**¹¹ [L. *a-spirare*,
'breathe towards' (1. outwards, 2. in-
wards)], intr.: pant (for), ASPIRE (to),
long; tr.: emit with aspiration, ASPIRATE;
2. inhale, inspire; suck in; (*hydr.*) ex-
haust; s'—, be aspired; suck.

aspre¹⁵ [Gr. *-ron* (Turk.)], m.: asper
(Turkish coin).

assa¹³ [L. *asa* (Pers.)]: f. (m.): asa
(gum): — *dulcis*, f.: asa-dulcis, benzoin;
— *fetida*, f.: asafetida.

assa-gir¹¹ [â, eagle], tr.: render sage or
wise; intr.: grow wise. **-gisement**,
rendering wise; growing wise.

assail-lant¹², adj.: assailing, aggressive;
m.: assaillant, aggressive. **†-leur**¹², m.:
(inveterate) assailer. **||-lir**¹⁰ [p. L.
**a-salire*, L. *-silire* (*ad*, *salire*, leap),
leap upon], irr. §; tr.: ASSAIL, ASSAULT,
attack.

§ Ind.: Pr. *assaille*. Ipt. *assailais*. Pret.
assailis. Fut. (Cond.) *assailirais*. — Subj.:
Pr. *assaille*. Ipt. *assailisse*. — I've *assaille*.

• — Part.: Pr. *assailant*.

assai-nir¹⁷ [à, *sain*], tr.: render healthy or salubrious. **-nissement**¹⁷, m.: rendering healthy; salubrity; (agr.) drainage.

assai-sonnement¹⁸, m.: seasoning; (what seasons) seasoner, condiment. **-son-ner**¹⁸ [à, *aison*], tr.: SEASON, render savoury or agreeable, spice; adapt, fit, temper; combine pleasantly; †submit to the influence of a favourable season; dry; ripen, mature).

assas-sin¹⁸, **-sine** [lt. *sino* (Ar. 'hashishin', 'hashish-drinker'), m. f.: assassin; adj.: assassinous, murderous, killing. **-sinant**¹⁸, adj.: murdering, killing; exceedingly tiresome. **-sina**¹⁸, m.: assassination, wilful murder. **-sinateur**¹⁸, m.: assassin(ator). **-siner**¹⁸ [lt. *sinnere*], tr.: assassinate, murder; (fig.) bore to death. **-sineur**¹⁸, **-euse**, m., f.: assassin.

assaut¹⁹ [p. L. **saltus*, L. *-sultus* (ad *salire*, leap upon)], m.: ASSAULT (onset, onslaught, attack, storm); fencing-match: *faire — de*, vie with each other in; *faire — d'esprit*, make a trial at wit.

assauvager¹² [à, *sauvage*], tr.: render savage; intr.: become savage.

assavoir [à, *savoir*], adv.: to wit, *faire —*, make known; *c'est —*, to wit, namely. **†as-se**²⁰ [L. *ascia*, hammer], f.: (dial.) cooper's hammer. **-seau**¹⁴, m.: roofer's hammer.

as-sec¹⁶ [à, *sec*], m.: (of ponds) time of draining dry. **-sèchement**¹⁵ [*-sècher*], m.: drying out, draining. **-sècher**¹¹ [à, *sècher*], tr.: dry out, drain; intr.: grow dry, be drained.

asséneur¹² [asseoir], m.: ASSESSOR.

assem-ble¹⁵, m.: =, collection, gathering; jumble; (carp.) coupling, scarfing; (nav.) tabling (of the beams). **-blée**¹¹, f.: †assembling; assemblage, meeting, company; congregation. **-blement**¹⁰, m.: assembling, assemblage. **†-bler**²⁰ [p. L. **as-simulare* (L. *ad, simul*, together), bring together], tr.: assemble, bring together, gather, collect; convoke; (carp.) couple, scarf, trim; (mil.) muster; *s'—*, assemble, meet, flock together; muster. **-bleur**¹², **-bleuse**, m., f.: collector, gatherer.

assener²⁰ [L. *as-signare* (signum, sign), mark out], tr.: deal or strike (a blow); apply.

assai-tement¹², m.: 1. †assent; 2. (hunt.) scent. **-timent**¹⁴, m.: 1. assent, agreement; 2. (hunt.) scent. **†-tir**²⁰ [1. L. *-tire* (ad, sentire, feel); 2. d. *sentir*], intr.: 1. †ASSENT; 2. tr., intr.: (hunt.) SCENT, find the scent.

asseoir¹² [p. L. **as-sedere* (L. *sedere*, sit)],

irr. §; tr.: SEAT; SET, place, establish, lay; SETTLE; train (a horse); *s'—*, seat one's self, be seated, sit down: — *les fondements*, lay the foundations: — *une rente*, settle an annuity; — *un camp*, pitch a camp.

§ Ind.: Pr. *assieds*, *assieds*, *assied*; *assieds*, *yes*, *-yent*. Ipl. *assieds*. Pret. *assis*. Fut. (Cond.) *assiedra*(s) or *assiedra*(s). — Subj.: Pr. *assiede* or *assie*. Ipl. *assiede*. — I've *assieds*; *assieds*. — Part.: Pr. *assiedant*; P. *assis*.

asseption = acception.

assermenter¹⁴ [à, *serment*], tr.: bind by oath, swear in.

asser-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tus* (ad, *serere*, bind)], adj.: assertive. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], f.: =. **-tivement**¹⁴, adv.: assertively.

asser-vir¹¹ [à, *serf*], tr.: reduce to servitude, inthral, enslave; subdue, bring under subjection. **-vissant**, adj.: enslaving. **-vissement**¹⁶, m.: enslavement, inthralment, subjection; servitude, bondage.

asses-seur¹² [L. *-sor* (ad, *sidere*, seat by)], m.: assessor (of a judge, president, etc.), associate. **-sorat**¹⁵, m.: assessorship.

assette¹⁶ [asse], f.: cooper's or slater's hammer.

assez¹⁰ [à, OFr. *sez* (L. *satis*, enough)], adv.: enough, sufficiently; rather, pretty; pretty well.

assi-du¹² [L. *-duus* (ad, *sidere*, sit near or close)], adj.: assiduous; sedulous. **-dité**¹² [L. *-dutus*], f.: assiduity, application. **-dément**¹², adv.: assiduously, sedulously.

assieds, etc., forms of *asseoir*, which see. **assié-geant**¹⁴, adj.: besieging; m.: besieger. **†-ger**²⁰ [p. L. **as-sediare* (**sedia*, siege, fr. L. *sedere*, sit)], tr.: lay SIEGE to, besiege; beset.

assiet-te¹² [OFr. *assiet*, 3 s. Pres. of *asseoir*], f.: posture, seat, situation; position; ASSESSMENT (of taxes) (cf. ASSETS), site; stability; course (of a repast); dish (for each course); (us'ly) plate: — *blanche*, clean plate; — *d soupe*, soup-plate; — *d'une église*, site of a church; *être dans son —*, be steady; be at ease; be in good humour; *faire l'— de*, assess; *piquer l'—*, sponge; *l'— d'une rente*, the fund of an annuity; — *d'un vaisseau*, trim of a ship. **-tée**¹⁶, f.: dish, plateful.

assi-gnable¹⁶, adj.: =. **-gnat**¹⁵, m.: †rent assigned on landed property; = (paper money based on the security of lands appropriated by the state during the Fr. revolution 1790-6). **-gnation**¹² [L. *-gnatio*], f.: =; assignment (of a dower); (com.) check; (fin.) transfer; (leg.) writ; summons; subpoena: *donner une — à*,

have a writ out against; *signifier à quel-qu'un une* —, serve a writ upon any one. *-gné, -ée*, *part.* summoned; *m. f.*: defendant. *||-gné¹²* [*L. as-signare* (*signum*, sign), mark out], *tr.*: assign (appoint, determine, fix, allot); summon, subpoena: *obtenir permission d'—*, take out a writ against.

assimi-lable¹³, *adj.*: =. *-lation*¹⁵ [*L. -latio*], *f.*: =. *||-ler*¹⁴ [*L. -lare* (*similis*, like)], *tr.*: assimilate (render like; liken; compare).

as-sis, *part.* (or *prt.*) of *asseoir*: seated. *-sise*¹¹, *f.*: layer or course (of stones in building), stratum; *pl.*: assembly of judges; (us'ly) session of a criminal court, ASSIZES.

assi-stance¹⁴, *f.*: = (aid); attendance, body of BYSTANDERS, company; assistants' station (province or country where the assistants of certain religious orders were sent): *l'— publique*, administration of public charities; — *judiciaire*, bureau aiding the poor in litigations. *-stant*¹⁴, *-stante*, *adj.*: assisting, assistant, attendant, adjutor; *m. f.*: assistant of religious orders; *m. pl.*: attendants, bystanders, persons present. *||-ster*¹³ [*L. as-sistere*, stand by], *intr.*: assist (stand by, help; stand near, be present, attend).

asso-ciation¹⁴, *f.*: = (act or state); partnership; society: — *illégal*, conspiracy; — *de secours mutuels*, friendly benefit society. *-cié*¹⁶, *-ée*, *m. f.*: associate, member; partner, companion. *||-cier*¹² [*L. as-sociare*], *tr.*: associate (admit as partner; connect); marry; *s'—*, associate one's self (with), enter into partnership (with); associate, admit as partner; participate (in).

†**assoiffier**¹⁵ [*à, soif*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) make thirsty; esp. *part.*: *assoiffé de plaisir*, thirsting for pleasure.

asso-lement¹⁵, *m.*: distribution (of land) for varied crops. *-ler*¹³ [*à, sole*], *tr.*: divide (a field) in parts for varied crops.

assom-brir¹⁷ [*à, sombre*], *tr.*: darken, obscure, render gloomy or somber. *-brisement*¹⁵, *m.*: darkening, gloom.

assom-mant¹⁵, *adj.*: killing; overwhelming; tiring to death, most tiresome or wearisome: *être —*, be a great bore. *||-mer*¹¹ [*à, somme*, burden], *tr.*: knock down (with something weighty), beat to death; overwhelm with blows, beat unmercifully; overpower, bear down; bore or weary to death, tire out; *s'—*, kill one's self; overburden one's self; be overwhelmed. *-meur*¹⁵, *m.*: killer; slaughterer (of cattle); bore. *-moir*¹⁶, *m.*: weapon for knocking down; bludgeon; trap (for

killing animals); low tavern: *un coup d'—*, overwhelming blow or accident.

assomption¹¹ [*L. as-sumptio* (*sumere*, take)], *f.*: assumption; (*rel.*) Assumption (the act of, or the feast).

assonah, see *sonna*.

asso-nance¹⁶ [*L. -nare*], *f.*: =. *-nant*¹⁷ [*L. -nans*], =. *||-ner*¹⁸ [*L. -nare* (*sonare*, sound)], *intr.*: be assonant; bring an assonance.

assor-timent¹⁵, *m.*: assortment. *||-tir*¹⁴ [*à, sort*], *tr.*: assort, match, pair, suit; provide with well-assorted wares, stock, furnish; *s'—*, match, agree, be suitable; pair. *-tissant*¹⁶, *adj.*: matching; suitable.

assoté¹¹ [*à, sot*], *tr.*: befool, infatuate; besot; *s'—*, be infatuated, be madly fond of.

assou-pir¹⁴ [*L. *as-sopire* (*L. sopor*, sleep)], *tr.*: render sleepy or drowsy, drowse; lull, quiet, appease; *s'—*, grow drowsy or dull, doze, fall asleep; be quieted, be assuaged, be appeased. *-pis-sant*¹⁶, *adj.*: rendering drowsy, sleep-inducing, soporific. *-pissement*¹⁵, *m.*: rendering drowsy, quieting, assuagement; drowsiness, listlessness, indifference.

assouplir¹¹ [*à, souple*], *tr.*: make supple or flexible, bend; break (a house); *s'—*, become supple.

assour-dir¹¹ [*à, sourd*], *tr.*: render deaf, deafen; render surd; stun; deaden (sound); muffle (a bell, an oar, etc.); darken (a pointing). *-dissant*¹⁸, *adj.*: deafening, etc. *-dissement*¹⁶, *m.*: deafening, etc.; deafness, silence.

assou-vir⁹ [*p. L. *as-sopire* (*L. sopor*, sleep), lull asleep, calm], *tr.*: gratify, satiate, glut. *-vissement*¹⁴, *m.*: gratification; satiating, glutting.

assu-jettir¹⁴ or *-jétir* [*à, sujet*], *tr.*: SUBJECT (bring into subjection, subdue, enthrall); fix (fasten); wedge in. *-jet-tissant*¹⁷ or *-jétissant*, *adj.*: subduing, keeping in subjection, tyrannical. *-jettissement*¹⁶, *m.*: subjection, subdual; constraint.

assumer¹⁴ [*L. -re* (*sumere*, take)], *tr.*: assume, take upon one's self.

assu-rance¹¹, *f.*: = (assertion; security, certainty; pledge; trust; reliance; self-reliance, self-confidence, boldness; insurance): — *contre l'incendie*, fire insurance; — *sur la vie*, life insurance; *bureau d'—*, insurance office; *police d'—*, insurance policy; *être en lieu d'—*, be in a safe place; *il n'y a pas d'— à prendre en lui*, there is no reliance to be placed in him. *-re*¹⁷, *f.*: wool texture. *-ré, -ée*¹¹, *part.*: assured, etc.; *adj.*: sure, certain; safe, secure; self-reliant, bold; *m. f.*:

insured person. **-rément**¹⁵ [-rē], *adv.*: assuredly, surely. **||-rer**¹⁵ [ā, sur], *tr.*: assure (make sure or certain, confirm; assert; inspire with confidence; insure); accustom to the bit; *s'*—, make sure of, ascertain, satisfy one's self; be assured, be persuaded: — l'argent, make sure of the money; — pour l'aller (pour le retour), (com.) insure out (home); *s'*— d'un poste, take possession of a position. **-reur**¹⁵, *m.*: insurer, underwriter.

astatique¹⁵ [Gr. *á-statos*, un-stable], *adj.*: astatic.

as-ter or **-tère**¹⁵ [L. *aster*, STAR], *m.*: aster, starwort. **-térie**¹⁵, *f.*: asterias, sea-star. **-térisme**¹⁵ [Gr. *-terismós*], *m.*: asterism (star-cluster; star-shaped reflection on certain crystals). **-térisque**¹⁵ [L. *-teriscus*], *m.*: (print.) asterisk, star; (Greek church) star on the paten. **-téroïde**¹⁵ [*-teroeidés* (eidos, form)], *m.*: asteroid.

asthénie¹⁷ [Gr. *-neia* (a-, not, *athénos*, strength)], *f.*: asthenia, loss of strength.

asth-matique¹⁵ [L. *-maticus*], *adj.* or *m.*: asthmatic(al). **||-me**¹⁴ [L.-Gr. *-ma* (dein, blow)], *m.*: asthma.

astio¹⁷ [Eng. *stick*], *m.*: glazing-stock, polisher.

asticot¹⁵ [?], *m.*: gentle, maggot.

asticotér¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: plague, tease.

astigmatisme¹⁵ [Gr. *a-*, not, *stigma*, point], *m.*: astigmatism.

astiquer¹⁵ [-tie], *tr.*: polish, furbish.

astracan¹⁵ [A., Russian city], *m.*: Astrakhan fur.

astragale¹⁵ [L. *-galus*], *f.*: astragalus (ankle-bone; milk-vetch); astragal (convex moulding on a column, etc.).

as-tral¹⁵ [L. *-tralis*], *adj.*: —. **||-tre**¹⁴ [L. *-trum*], *m.*: STAR, fixed star. **-trée**¹⁵ [Gr. *-traia*, *f.* of *-ios*, starry], *f.*: astræan, star-coral.

a-streindre¹¹ [L. *as-stringere*, draw tight], *irr.*; *tr.*: bind (oblige, force, compel, ASTRINGE). **-striction**¹⁵ [L. *-strictio*], *f.*: (med.) = **-stringence**¹⁵ [*-stringent*], *f.*: stringency. **-stringent**¹⁵ [L. *-stringens*], *adj.* or *m.*: astringent.

astro-ite¹⁷ [L. *-tes* (Gr. *ástron*, STAR)], *f.*: astroite (star-stone); star-coral. **-labe**¹² [L. *-labus* (lambánein, take)], *m.*: astrolabe (antiquated instrument for observing the stars). **-logie**¹⁵ [L. *-logia* (Gr. *lógos*, discourse)], *f.*: astrology. **-logique**¹⁵ [-logie], *adj.*: astrologic(al). **-logiquement**¹⁵ [-logique], *adv.*: astrologically. **-logue**¹⁵ [L. *-logus* (cf. *-logie*)], *m.*: astrologer. **-nome**¹⁵ [L. *-nomus* (nómos, law)], *m.*: astronomer. **-nomie**¹¹ [L. *-nomia* (cf. *-nome*)], *f.*:

astronomy. **-nomique**¹⁵ [L. *-nomicus* (cf. *-nome*)], *adj.*: astronomic(al). **-nomiquement**¹⁵ [-nomique], *adv.*: astronomically.

astu-ee¹² [L. *-tia* (astus, craft)], *f.*: astuteness, craft, cunning. **-cieuse-ment**¹⁵ [-cieux], *adv.*: astutely, craftily. **-cieux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: astute, crafty, cunning.

†asyle = *asile*.

asyp-tote¹⁷ [Gr. *a-súm-ptotos* (píp-tēin, fall), 'not falling together'], *f.*: (math.) = **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: asymptotic(al).

asyndète [Gr. *-delon* (a-, not, *sín-detos*, bound together)], *m.*: (rhet.) asyndeton, leaving out a connective.

atarax-ie¹⁵ [Gr. *-ia* (a-, not, *taraktós*, disturbed)], *f.*: ataraxy, calmness. **-ique**¹⁵, *adj.*: referring to ataraxy.

atavisme¹⁵ [L. *-vus* (avus, grandfather), ancestor], *m.*: atavism.

atèle¹⁵ [Gr. *a-télés*, in-complete], *m.*: atele (monkey, lacking a thumb).

atelier¹⁵ [Ofr. *astelle*, dim. of *asto* (L. *hasta*, stick), *m.*: (old) place where pieces of wood were kept; carpenter's workshop; atelier (workshop gen'ly; studio); office; manufactory; school of painting or sculpture: — *de construction*, factory; — *de grément*, (nav.) rigging loft; — *de forgeron*, forge, blacksmith's shop; *chef d'*—, foreman.

atellanes¹⁵ [L. *-næ* (Atella, city)], *f. pl.*: atelans (anc. farcial drama).

ator-moiement¹⁵, **-moiment**, *m.*: delay of payment, respite; composition (adjustment of a debt). **||-moyer**¹¹ [ā, Ofr. *termoyer* (L. *termin*, TÉRM, limit), defer], *tr.*: defer (to a limit of time); try to delay or gain time; *s'*— avec ses créanciers, compound (come to terms) with one's creditors.

Athalie, *f.*: Athaliah.

athé-e¹⁵ [Gr. *átheos* (a-, not, *theós*, god)], *m.*: atheist; *adj.*: atheistic(al). **-isme**¹⁵, *m.*: atheism. **†iste**¹⁵, *m.*: atheist.

a-thénée¹⁷ [L. *-thenæum* (Gr. *-thénaión*, a temple of *Athéné*)], *m.*: athenæum; establishment for public lectures and teaching. **A-thènes** [Gr. *-théné* (? the 'blooming' goddess = Minerva), *us*ly in *pl.* *-thénai*], *f.*: Athenes. **-thénien**, **-enne**, *adj.* or *noun*: Athenian.

athermane¹⁵ or **-mique** [Gr. *a-*, not, *thérme*, heat], *adj.*: athermanous, not transmitting heat.

ath-lète¹⁵ [L. *-leta*, Gr. *-letés* (*-leín*, contend for a prize), prize-fighter], *m.*: athlete. **-létique**¹⁵ [L. *-leticus*], *adj.*: athletic(al); *f.*: athletic art, athletics.

athrepsie¹⁵ [Gr. *á-threptos*, un-nour-

ished], *f.*: innutrition, wasting away for want of nourishment.

1. atinter¹⁸ [*ā, tin*], *tr.*: (nav.) fasten on blocks.

2. atinter¹⁴ [*ā*], *tr.*: dress out (extravagantly).

at-lante¹⁶ [*It.*], *m.*: man-statue supporting an entablature, *pl.* ATLANTES. **-lan-tique** [*L. -lanticus* (Gr. *-kōs*, sea west of Atlas)], *adj.* or *f.*: Atlantic. **||-las** [*L. -Gr. Atlas* (*tlēnai*, bear), the god bearing up the pillars of heaven; or the African mount], *m.*: Atlas; atlas (first vertebra of the neck; collection of maps or of plates).

atmos-phère¹⁷ [*Gr. atmōs*, vapor, *sphaira*, sphere], *f.*: atmosphere. **-phé-rique**¹⁸, *adj.*: atmospheric(al).

atoll¹⁸ [Maldiv], *m.*: = (coral island).

ato-me¹⁸ [*L. -mus* (Gr. *a-*, not, *tēmnein*, cut)], *m.*: atom. **-mique**¹⁷, *adj.*: atomic(al). **-misme**¹⁷, *m.*: atomism. **-miste**¹⁷, *m.*: atomist. **-mistique**¹⁸ [*miste*], *adj.*: atomi(st)ic.

ato-ne¹⁸ [*Gr. -nos* (*a-*, not, *tōnos*, TONE, strength)], *adj.*: atonic (unaccented; lacking vitality). **-nie**¹⁸ [*Gr. -nia*], *f.*: atony (weakness of the system). **-nique**¹⁸ [*-nie*], *adj.*: atonic (characterised by atony).

atou-r¹¹, *m.*: (woman's) attire, finery or ornament: *dame d'—*, (queen's, etc.) lady of the toilette or bed-chamber. **||-rner** [*ā, tourner*], *tr.*: (wrap around, hence) attire, deck out, bedizen. **-rneur**¹⁶, *m.*: dresser, tirewoman.

atout¹⁴ [*ā, tout*], *m.*: trump(-card); strong blow.

atra-bilaire¹⁵, *adj.* or *n.*: atrabilious or hypochondriac (person). **||-bile**¹⁵ [*L. L. atra-bilis*, black BILE], *f.*: black bile, hypochondria, melancholy.

âtre¹¹ [OHG. *astrih* (*l. L. -tracum*, Gr. *ōstrakon*, potsherd, brick) = Ger. *estrich*, stone-floor], *m.*: (floor of brick on which a fire is made, hence) hearth, fire-place, floor (of ovens).

atrium¹⁸ [*L.*], *m.*: = (inner court).

atro-ce¹⁸ [*L. atrox*], *adj.*: atrocious. **-ement**¹⁸, *adv.*: atrociously. **-cité**¹⁴ [*L. -cūas*], *f.*: atrocity; atrociousness.

atro-phie¹⁵ [*L. -phia* (Gr. *a-*, not, *tréphēin*, nourish)], *f.*: atrophy (wasting for lack of nourishment). **-plier**¹⁵, *tr.*: atrophy, cause to waste away, wither; *s'—*, waste away.

atropine¹⁸ [*L. L. -pa*, name for belladonna], *f.*: =.

attabler¹⁴ [*ā, table*], *tr.*: seat to table; *s'—*, sit down to table: *—é*, seated at table.

atta-chant¹⁶, *adj.*: engaging, attractive,

interesting. **-che**¹¹, *f.*: 1. attaching or tying; attached letter of authority; 2. (what serves to attach or fix, as) fastening, band (of iron, wood, etc.), brace, rivet, cord, strap, leash, tether, etc.; 3. attachment, affection: *droit d'—*, right of barring a water-course; tax on water-privileges; *port d'—*, matriculation port; *avoir l'— de quelqu'un*, have somebody's authority; *chien d'—*, bandog, that must be kept tied; *à l'—*, tied up; *mettre à l'—*, tie up; *lier par une —*, tether; *vivre sans —*, live free. **-ché**, *part.*: attached, fastened, tied, etc., intent on; *m.*: attaché (of an embassy). **-chement**¹², *m.*: attachment, affection, fondness; eager application; verification attached to a memorandum of work performed. **||-cher**¹² [*ā, tache*, fixed point], *tr.*: attach (fasten, fix; affix, join, bind; endear); interest; *s'—*, be(come) attached, or fastened; or fixed; fasten on, take hold; hold (to), cleave; adhere; be attached or devoted; apply one's self: *— du prix ā*, set a value upon.

atta-quable¹⁵, *adj.*: attackable, assailable. **-quant**¹⁵, *part.*: attacking; *m.*: attacker, assailant. **-que**¹⁶, *f.*: attack (assault; fit, stroke); *pl.*: approaches (in a siege). **||-quer**¹⁵ [*It. -ceare* (*tacea* = Fr. *tache*: cf. *attacher*)], *tr.*: attack (assail; oppugn, impugn; affect; take hold of a subject, tackle, begin); contest, challenge; spur on (a horse); (nav.) stand in for or near (a coast, island, etc.); *s'— (ā)*, venture to attack, encounter; find fault with; challenge, defy: *— quel-qu'un de conversation*, begin a conversation with any one; *il — e bien la note*, he makes the note tell distinctly; *s'— ā son maître*, encounter one's master (or more than one's match).

attarder¹¹ [*ā, tarder*], *tr.*: delay; *s'—*, be delayed, tarry.

at-teindre⁶ [*p. L. *at-tangere* (*L. tangere*, touch)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*) *tr.* (*intr.*): ATTAIN (reach, arrive at; touch); hit, strike; affect; overtake, join, equal: *— le but (or au but)*, attain one's end; hit the mark; *— son maître*, equal one's master; *être atteint de*, be attacked with; *atteint d'un crime*, arraigned for a crime. **-teinte**¹², *f.*: attainment, reach; ATTAIN, touch, blow, stroke, attack, fit; violation, breach; hurt, injury, damage, outrage; approach: *porter — ā*, commit an offence against, injure, impair; *subir une —*, receive a blow or injury; *les — s du froid*, the approaches of cold.

at-telage¹⁵, *m.*: harnessing, yoking; harness, yoke; team (yoked animals). **||-tele**⁶ [*p. L. *lāre* (*L. tēlum*, 'pole')],

tr.: put (horses) to, hitch up (attach to a vehicle), yoke. 1. *-telle*, Pres. of *-teler*.

2. *attelle*¹¹ [Ofr. *astelle* (L. *hasta*, stick)], *f.*: hames (of a harness); (*surg.*) splint.

*attenant*¹⁰ [pr. part. of an old *at-tenir*, hold to], *adj.*: APPURTENANT, adjoining, contiguous, next.

*attendre*⁹ [L. *at-tendere* (*tendere*, stretch), reach out, direct one's mind to], *tr.*: look forward to, expect, wait for, await (†Engl. ATTEND); *s'—*, †direct one's attention (†Engl. attend); count or rely on, trust; look forward, expect, anticipate: *attendez!* stay! hold! *qu'il attende*, let him wait; *se faire —*, keep people waiting; *je m'y attends*, I expect it; *attendez-vous-y*, I wish you would get it (or succeed); *en attendant*, in waiting, in the expectation; in the meantime, meanwhile; *attendu que*, considering that, (inasmuch) as, whereas.

*atten-dre*¹² [*d*, *tendre*], *tr.*: make tender, soften, move, touch, affect; *s'—*, grow tender, be moved, soften, melt, relent: *s'— sur*, be moved at or by. *-drissant*¹⁷, *adj.*: softening, touching, affecting. *-drissement*¹⁷, *m.*: growing tender; emotion, affection; relenting; tenderness, compassion.

attendu, part. of *attendre*, which see.

*attenta-t*¹³ [L. *-tum* (cf. *attenter*)], *m.*: (†Engl. =), criminal attempt, conspiracy, crime; outrage. *-toire*¹⁶, *adj.*: of criminal attempt or intent; temptatory.

*attente*¹¹ [L. *-ta* (cf. *-dre*)], *f.*: expectation, waiting; hope: *sulle d'—*, waiting hall, ante-room; *vive —*, sanguine expectation, *pierrée*¹⁷ —, (arch.) tooting; (*fig.*) stepping-stone.

*attenter*¹⁵ [L. *-tare* (*tentare* or *temperare*, touch), ATTEMPT], *intr.*: make a (criminal) ATTEMPT, conspire: — *à la vie de*, make an attempt upon the life of; — *à ses jours*, lay violent hands upon one's self.

*atten-tif*¹², *-ive* [L. *-tivus* (cf. *-dre*)], *adj.*: attentive (regardful); watchful; studious: *être — d*, look after, see to; be intent upon. *-tion* [L. *-tio*], *f.*: heed; regard: *faute d'—*, for lack of attention; inadvertently; *faire (prêter) — d*, pay attention to, mind; *m'y faites pas —*, don't name (mention) it. *-tivement*¹⁵, *adv.*: attentively.

*atté-nuant*¹⁰, *adj.*: †attenuant (also *m.*); extenuating, mitigating. *-nuation*¹⁰, *f.*: attenuation, extenuation, mitigation. *—nuer*¹⁰ [L. *-nuare* (*tenuis*, THIN)], *tr.*: attenuate, make thin or slender, emaciate; extenuate, mitigate: *attenué*, attenuated, etc.; tapering.

*atter-rage*¹⁴ [*-rer*], *m.*: (nav.) making land, landfall. *-rant*¹⁶ [*-rer*], *adj.*: overwhelming, astounding. *-rer*¹⁴ [*d*,

terre], *tr.*: †bring or strike to the ground; overthrow (demolish); throw into deep consternation (overwhelm, astound); *intr.*: (nav.) manœuvre to make land; make land. *—rir*¹³ [*d*, *terre*], *intr.*: (nav.) make land; descend (of a balloon); *†tr.*: fill with earth. *-rissage*¹³ [*-rir*], *m.*: (nav.) making land, landing. *-risse-ment*¹³ [*-rir*], *m.*: alluvion, alluvium; (nav.) making land, landing; descent (of a balloon).

*attes-tation*¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, certificate, voucher. *—ter*¹² [L. *-tari* (*testis*, witness)], *tr.*: attest (bear witness to, certify); (†Engl. call to witness, invoke): *†en — le ciel*, heaven be my witness.

*atti-cisme*¹⁵ [L. *-cismus* (cf. *-que*)], *m.*: atticism. *-ciste*¹⁵, *m.*: Atticist.

*attlé-dir*¹¹ [*d*, *tiède*], *tr.*: render tepid or lukewarm; render less warm or cold (as the case may be); cool; *s'—*, grow cool. *-dissement*¹⁵, *m.*: growing lukewarm, abatement; lukewarmness.

*atti-fer*¹⁴ [*d*, old *tiffer* (unc. deriv.)], adorn the head, *tr.*: †adorn; dress out (ridiculously), bedizen, embellish. *-fet*¹⁵, *m.*: woman's head-gear.

Atti-que [L. *-ca* (Gr. *-ké*)], *f.*: Attica; *atti-que*¹⁵ [L. *-cus*], *adj.* or *m.*: Attic; (arch.) attic. *-quement*¹⁵, *adv.*: in the Attic manner.

*atti-rable*¹⁷, *adj.*: attractable. *-rafl*¹⁵, *m.*: (orig'ly, things' drawn or brought along for some purpose, hence) apparatus: materials, implements (†Engl. TIRE), utensils, gear, equipment, train, paraphernalia, tackle, etc. *-rant*¹⁵, *adj.*: attractive, alluring. *—rer*¹⁵ [*d*, *tirer*], *tr.*: ATTRACT, draw to one's self; draw, entice; win over; *s'—*; draw or bring upon one's self, incur; attract, win; attract each other: *s'— des affaires*, get one's self into scrapes.

*atti-se*¹⁷, *f.*: brewer's fuel. *—ser*¹¹ [*d*, *tis*, radical of *tison*, brand], *tr.*: stir up or poke (the fire), animate. *-seur*¹⁶, *m.*: stirrer up; instigator; discord-maker.

*attitrer*¹¹ [*d*, *tître*], *tr.* (rarely used except in p. part.): attach by title (to a function); appoint; †clandestinely appoint, bribe.

*attitude*¹⁶ [It. *-dine* (L. *aptitudo*, fr. *aptus*, fitted), position fitted to a certain feeling], *f.*: = (posture, pose; position). *attou-ehement*¹¹, *m.*: touch(ing), contact; †feeling of touch. *—cher*¹¹ [*d*, *toucher*], *tr.*: touch.

*at-tractif*¹², *-ive* [L. *-tractivus*], *adj.*: attractive. *-traction*¹² [L. *-tractio*], *f.*: =. *-tractionnaire*, *m.*: adherent of the theory of attraction. *—traire*⁹ [L. *at-trahere*, draw], *irr.* (cf. *traire*); *tr.*: ATTRACT, allure. *-trait*¹¹, *m.*: attraction, allurements, charm; inclination.

attra-pe¹³, *f.*: trap, snare, catch; take-in, trick; elbow-tongs; (*nav.*) relieving tackle.
-pe-lourd¹⁷ (*pl.* —, or —s), *m.*: fool-trap, clap-trap. **-pe-mouche**¹⁷ (*pl.* —, or —s), *m.*: fly-trap. **-pe-nigand**¹⁷ (*pl.* —, or —s), *m.*: fool-trap, clap-trap. **-pe-parterre**¹⁷ (*pl.* —, or —s), *m.*: clap-trap (for the pit). **-per**¹¹ [*d.* *trappe*], *tr.*: entrap (ensnare, take in); catch, catch on, get; seize, secure; surprise; reach, hit: — *un rhume*, catch a cold; — *un coup*, get a blow; — *sur le fait*, catch in the act; — *le sens (la pensée)*, catch the sense thought; — *la ressemblance*, hit off the likeness. **-peur**¹⁵, *-pense*, *m.*, *f.*: entrapper, deceive, cheat. **-poire**¹³, *f.*: trap, snare, trick.
attrayant¹² [*-raire*], *adj.*: attracting, charming, winning.
attrem-page¹³, *m.*: gradual heating (of a furnace). **-per**¹⁰ [*d.* *tremper*], *tr.*: heat gradually (a furnace); temper (steel).
attri-buer¹² [*L.* *-buere* (*tribuer*, 'bestow', orig'ly on a tribe, *tribus*)], *tr.*: attribute (assign, confer); attach; impute; *s'*—, attribute or arrogate to one's self; claim, assume. **-but**¹³ [*L.* *-butus*], *m.*: —. **-butif**, *-ive*¹⁵ [*-but*], *adj.*: attributive. **-but-ion**¹² [*L.* *-butio*], *f.*: —; conferring (a privilege), privilege; power, function, department.
attris-tant¹⁷, *adj.*: saddening, grievous. **-ter**¹⁵ [*d.* *triste*], *tr.*: sadden, grieve, afflict; *s'*—, grow sad; grieve.
attrition¹⁵ [*L.* *-tio* (*terere*, rub)], *f.*: — (wearing by friction; repentance for fear).
attrou-pement¹³, *m.*: riotous assemblage, rabble. **-per**¹² [*d.* *troupe*], *tr.*: assemble (in crowds or flocks), gather together; *s'*—, assemble in crowds, flock together (tumultuously).
au [contraction of *à de*], to the.
aubade¹⁴ [Prov. *-ba* = Fr. *aube*, dawn], *f.*: morning serenade; (*irony*) reproof, scolding.
aubage¹⁸ [*2.aube*], *m.*: split boards for panels.
au-bain⁹ [*p.* *L.* *alib-annus* (*L.* *alibi*, elsewhere)], *m.*: ALIEN, foreigner. **-baine**¹², *f.*: (succession to the property of an alien); unexpected acquisition or profit, windfall.
1.aube⁹ [*L.* *alba*, *f.* of *-bus*, white], *f.*: dawn, day-break; ALB (priest's vestment of 'white' linen).
2.aube⁹ [*p.* *L.* *alva*; *L.* *-vus*, belly], *f.*: thin board connecting the bows of a saddle (these boards called its 'belly'); hence float board, puddle.
aubépine⁹ [*p.* *L.* **albi-spina* (*L.* *alba*, white, *spina*, thorn)], *f.*: hawthorn, white-thorn.

aubère¹⁵ [OSP. *hobero* (? Ar.)], *adj.*: flea-bitten gray (of horses).
auberge¹³ [Prov. *-go* (like OFr. *herberge*, fr. OHG. *heri-berga*, 'army-shelter', i.e. camp; quarters, inn = Ger. *herberge*), *f.*: inn, lodging house, hostelry.
aubergine¹⁷ [Catal. *-gina* (Ar.)], *f.*: mad-apple.
aubergiste¹⁶ [*-ge*], *m.*: innkeeper, landlord.
auberon¹⁶ [?], *m.*: catch (of a lock).
aube-vigne¹³, *f.*: (*vulg.*) virgin's-bower (climbing plant).
aubier¹³ [*L.* *albus*, white], *m.*: sapwood, ALBURNUM.
†aubifoie¹¹ [?], *m.*: (*vulg.*) bluebottle (plant).
1.†aubin⁹ [*L.* *albumen* (*-bus*, white)], *m.*: white of an egg.
2.†au-bin¹⁴ [old *hobin*, fr. Eng. *hobby*], *m.*: †HOBBY (ambling nag); canter, hand-gallop. **1.-biner**¹³, *intr.*: canter.
2.aubiner¹³ [?], *tr.*: raise (vine-slips) for replanting.
†aubition = *aubifoie*.
1.aubour⁹ [*p.* *L.* **alburnum*, for *L.* *la-burnum*], *m.*: LABURNUM.
2.aubour⁹ [*p.* *L.* *alburnum* (*albus*, white)], *m.*: (*nav.*) sapwood, ALBURNUM.
au-cun¹¹, *-cune* [OFr. *aucun* (*L.* *ali-quis*), any, *un*, one], *adj.*, or *pron.*: any; any one; (us'ly with *ne*) no, no one; not any, none: — *sujet*, any subject; — *ne vient*, no one comes; *connaissez-vous* —? do you know any one? — *chemin de fleur ne conduit à la gloire*, no flowery road leads to glory; *qu'— n'entre ici*! let none enter here! —, none. **-cunement**¹³, *adv.*: fin, by some manner; (us'ly with *ne*) in no wise, nowise, by no means, not at all: e.g. *je ne le ferai* —, I shall nowise do it; nowise; not in the least.
auda-ce¹⁴ [*L.* *-cia* (*audere*, dare)], *f.*: audacity, daring, boldness. **-cieuse-ment**¹⁴, *adv.*: audaciously, boldly.
-cieux¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: audacious, daring, bold.
audi-gnee¹ [*L.* *-entia* (*audire*, hear)], *f.*: — (hearing; admittance to hearing; auditory); sitting of a court (to 'hear' cases), court; (Spanish) judicial district: *publique*, open court; *pleine* —, full hearing; *jour d'—*, court-day; *salle d'—*, audience-chamber; court-room; *lever l'—*, break up the court. **-encier**¹³, *adj.* or *m.*: (*huissier*) —, crier of a court, usher.
-teur¹² [*L.* *-tor*], *m.*: hearer, listener; 'auditor' (member of the council of state; counselling judge; member of the papal tribunal, auditor). **-tif**¹³, **-ive** [*-tus*], *adj.*: auditory, pertaining to the organs of hearing. **-tien**¹³ [*L.* *-tio*], *f.*: hearing,

(perception of sound; hearing of witnesses); auditing (of accounts). **-toir**¹² [L. *-torium*], m.: auditory (auditorium; audience); congregation; court-room.

aube¹⁵ [Prov. *fo* = Fr. *al/a*] f.: esparto grass.

an-ge^o [p. L. **alvia*, L. *-veus* (-rus, belly) hollow vessel], f.: trough; plasterer's hose, hod, bucket; spout (of a water-mill); vase (for electric piles). **-gée**¹⁴, f.: troughful, hodful. **-get**¹¹, m.: seed-box or drawer (of a bird-cage); spout (of a water-wheel, or of a mill-hopper); bucket or scoop (of a dredge); fire-conduit (to a mine).

augmen-t¹⁵ [L. *-tum* (*augere*, increase)], m.: (gram.) augment; (Rom. law) increase of a wife's portion (during marriage); (*mediav. law*) wife's portion of a deceased husband's property. **-tatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [-ter], adj.: augmentation. **-tation**¹⁵ [-ter], f.: = (increase, enlargement). **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare* (-tum)], tr.: augment, (enlarge, increase); (*elipt.*) increase the salary of; *intr.* or *refl.*: augment, increase, grow.

au-gural¹⁵ [L. *-guralis*], adj.: = 1. **-gure**¹⁵ [L. *-gur* (? *au-* rad. of *avis*, bird, root *-gur*, telling)], m.: augur, (Rom.) diviner. 2. **-gure**¹¹ [L. *-gurius*], m.: augury, omen. **-gurer**¹⁴ [L. *-gurari*], tr.: augur, conjecture, infer.

augus-te¹² [L. *-tus* (? *augere*, increase)], adj.: august, sublime, sacred; Augustus (title given to the emperor Octavius and his successors); August (the Roman month, in Fr. *août*). **-tement**, adv.: in an august manner. **-tin**, **-time** [prop. name], m., f.: Augustine, Austin friar, saint —, (*print.*) English.

aujourd'hui¹² [au jour d(e) hui], adv. or m.: to-day, now; the present day; d'— en huit, this day week.

au-lique¹⁵ [L. *-licus* (-la, hall)], adj.: aulic. 2. **-lique**¹⁵ [L. *-la*], f.: defence of the thesis for the doctorship of divinity (in the 'hall' of the archbishopric).

aulnaie, **-ne**, **-née** = *aunaie*, etc.

auloffée¹⁷ [au lolf, f.: (*nav.*) luff].

aulx, pl. of *ail*.

aumaille^o [L. *animālia*, animals], f.: horned cattle.

aumône^o [L. *eleemosyna*, Gr. *-sune* (*elecin*, pity)], f.: ALMS (charity): faire l'—, give alms; demander l'— beg (alms); réduire à l'—, reduce to beggary; *†donner des terres en franchise* —, bestow lands free (without return); — *†fief*, fief or benefice without return. **†-ner**¹², tr.: give (us'ly pay a fine) by way of alms. **-nerie**¹¹, f.: almonery. 1. **-nier**^o [p. L. *eleemosynarius*], m.: almoner (priest dis-

pensing alms); chaplain (of public institutions). 2. **†-nier**¹⁰, **-ère**, adj.: charitable. 2. **-nière**¹¹, f.: alms-purse (attached to the almoner's girdle).

aumusse¹² or **-muce** [Ger. *mütze*, cap], f.: fur hood; AMICE (cape worn by canons over the left arm).

aunage¹⁵ [-ner], m.: ALNAGE, measurement (by the ELL).

au-naie¹⁴, f.: alder-plot. 1. **||au-ne**^o [L. *alnus*], f.: ALDER (tree).

2. **anne**¹⁵ [OHG. *elina* (*elle*, fore-arm)], f.: ELL (old measure, about 45 inches): *mesurer les autres à son* —, measure others by one's self; *tout le long de l'—*, at full measure, abundantly; *savoir ce qu'en vaut l'—*, know the cost, or to one's cost (by experience).

aunée¹⁵ [? L. *helenium*], f.: elecampane (herb).

au-ner¹¹ [2. *-ne*], tr.: measure (by the ell): — *l'abit de quelqu'un*, give one a cudgeling. **-neur**¹², m.: ALNAGER, measurer.

auparavant¹⁵ [au par avant], adv.: before (of time); heretofore; *†prep.*: before (of time): *l'année d'—*, the preceding year.

auprès¹⁵ [au près], *prep.* — *de*: near, near to, by; with; in the estimation of; in comparison with; *adv.*: near by: *excuser — de*, excuse to; *n'être pas bien — de quelqu'un*, be under anybody's displeasure.

aurantiaée¹⁵ [L. *-tia* (cf. *orange*), orange-tree], adj.: of the nature of the orange (tree); f. pl.: the genus *citras* (orange trees).

aurate¹⁵ [L. *-rum*, gold], m.: = (auric acid with a base).

†aureillon = *oreillon*.

auréo-le¹² [L. *-la* (sc. *corona*, crown), *dim.* of *aureus*, golden)], f.: aureola, halo, glory. **-lé**¹⁵, adj.: provided with a halo, areolated.

auri-culaire¹⁵ [L. *-cularius*], adj.: auricular: f.: ear-finger, little finger (also *doigt* —): *témoin* —, ear-witness. **||-cule**¹⁵ [L. *-cula* (*auris*, EAR)], f.: auricle (external EAR; ear-shaped lobe of owls, etc.); auricula (sort of mollusk; species of primrose). **-culé**¹⁷, adj.: auriculate.

auri-fère¹⁵ [L. *aurum*, gold, *ferre*, BEAR], adj.: auriferous, gold-bearing. **-fication**¹⁵ [-fier], f.: filling (teeth) with gold.

-fier¹⁵ [L. *facere*, make], tr.: fill (teeth) with gold. 1. **-que**¹⁵, adj.: gold, auric.

2. **aurique**¹⁵ [2.], adj.: *voile* —, shoulder-of-mutton sail.

auriste¹⁵ [L. *-is*, ear], m.: aurist, EARDICTION.

aurochs¹⁴ [OHG. *urohso*, Ger. *auer-ochs* (aue, meadow), wild "field-ox"], m.: =, URUS, bison.

aurone⁹ [L. *abrotonum*], f.: sort of mugwort or artemisia.

aurore¹² [L. *-ra* (old root *aus*, *vas*, shine), f.: aurora (dawn, morn; EAST); gold-colour; sort of butterfly; ranunculus (herb with yellow flowers); **Aurore**, f.: Aurora.

auscultation¹⁸ [L. *-tatio*], f.: =. **||-ter**¹⁸ [L. *-tare* (*auris*, orig. *aus-iz*, EAR)], tr.: auscultate (examine with the ear or with the stethoscope).

1. au-spice¹⁸ [L. *-spex* (contr. of *avis-spec-s*, "bird-seer"), m.: AUGUR, diviner.

2. spice¹⁴ [L. *-spicium*], f.: =, omen; prospect.

aussi⁹ [p. L. **aliud-sic*], adv.: also, too; thus, therefore; so, as: *ne...-*, neither; *-bien*, as well; the more so as; for, because.

†aussière = *haussière*.

aussitôt¹² [*aussi tôt*], adv.: as soon (*que* as), at the same time; at the very instant, immediately, forthwith; — *dît que fait*, no sooner said than done.

aus-ter¹⁴ [L. (root *aus*, burn, scorch)], m.: = (south-wind).

-tère¹² [L. *-terus* (Gr. *-terós*, root *aus*, scorch)], adj.: austere (stern, severe; *†sour*). **-tèremment**¹³, adv.: austere. **-térité** [L. *-teritas* (cf. *-tère*)], f.: austerity, sternness. **-tral**¹³ [L. *-tralis*], adj.: =, southern.

autan¹⁵ [Prov. p. L. *altanus* (L. *altus*, high), wind of the 'high' sea], m.: (poet.) south-west wind or squall (foreboding a storm), blast.

autant⁹ [p. L. **aliud tantum*], adv.: as (so) much, as (so) many, as (so) far; as well; m.: as much, an equal quantity; (leg.) duplicate, copy: — *dire*, (you may) as well say; — *vaut*, what amounts to the same; — *en emporte le vent*, it is wasted trouble; *d'—*, in proportion: *†d'— plus* (or *mieux*), or (by elips.) *d'—*, so much the more, all the more, the more (or rather); *boire d'—*, drink a great deal; *à la charge d'—*, on condition of a return; *†d'— moins*, so much the less, (all) the less.

autel⁹ [L. *altäre* (*altus*, high)], m.: ALTAR; (fig.) church; flame-bridge (of furnaces); (astr.) Ara: *le Sacrement de l'—*, the holy Sacrament, the host; *tableau d'—*, altar-piece.

autour¹¹ [L. *au(c)tor* (*augere*, increase, produce)], m.: author; authoress: *droits d'—*, copyright, royalty.

authenticité¹⁷, f.: authenticity. **||-ti-que**¹² [L. *-ticius* (Gr. *autós*, self)], adj.: authentic, genuine; legal; f.: original

document (*†E.* authentic, law, constitution). **-tiquement**¹³, adv.: authentically. **-tiquier**¹⁵, tr.: tender authentic; punish (an adultress) according to the original (Rom.) law.

auto- [Gr. *autós*, self]: **-biographic**¹⁸, f.: autobiography.

-cephale¹⁷ [Gr. *képhalos* (*kephalé*, head)], adj.: *évêque* —, bishop independent (of patriarchal jurisdiction).

-chtoné¹⁷ [Gr. *-chthon* (*chthón*, earth)], m. or adj.: autochthon. **-clave**¹⁸ [L. *-clavis*, key], adj.: self-closing; f.: =.

-crate¹⁷ [Gr. *-krátes* (*kráteîn*, rule)], m.: autocrat. **-cratie**¹⁷ [*-crate*], f.: autocracy.

-cratique¹⁸ [*-crate*], adj.: autocratic(al). **-cratiquement**¹⁸ [*-cratique*], adv.: autocratically.

autodafé¹⁷ [Port. *auto da fe*, 'ACT OF FAITH'], m.: auto-da-fé, burning of a heretic.

auto- [Gr. *autós*, self]: **-graphie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-graphos* (*gráphēin*, write)], adj.: auto-graphic(al); m.: autograph.

-graphie¹⁸ [*-graphie*], f.: autography. **-graphier**¹⁸ [*-graphier*], tr.: autograph.

-graphie¹⁸ [*-graphie*], adj.: autographic(al).

-mate¹⁸ [Gr. *-matos* (root *ma*, strive)], adj.: automatic(al); m.: automaton.

-matique¹⁷ [*-mate*], adj.: automatic(al).

-matiquement¹⁸ [*-matique*], adv.: automatically.

-matisme¹⁷ [*-mate*], m.: automatism.

automédon¹⁸ [A., Achilles' driver], m.: (jest.) coachman.

au-tomnal¹¹ [L. *-tumnalis*], adj.: autumnal. **-tomne**¹² [L. *-tumnum*], m. or f.: autumn or fall.

auto- [Gr. *autós*, self]: **-nome**¹⁷ [Gr. *nómos*, law], adj.: autonomous.

-nomie¹⁷ [Gr. *-nomía* (*nómos*, law)], f.: antonomy.

-nomiste¹⁸ [*-nomie*], m.: autonomist (partisan of communal self-government).

-plastie¹⁸ [Gr. *plássein*, form], f.: autoplasty (repairing lesions by transfer of a piece of healthy tissue).

-psie¹⁷ [Gr. *-psia* (*opsis*, view)], f.: self-contemplation; extatic vision; autopsy, post-mortem examination.

autori-sation¹⁴, f.: authorisation; licence, warrant. **||-sor**¹¹ [L. *autorizare* (L. *actor*, author)], tr.: invest with authority, authorise, empower; licence, warrant.

-taire¹⁸ [*-té*], adj.: authoritative (impressing others with authority), dictatorial; favoring authority (in politics).

-té¹¹ [L. *-tas*], f.: authority (legal power, warrant; sway; precedent): *avoir de l'— sur*, have power or influence with;

faire —, be an authority.

1. autour¹⁵ [*au tour*], prep.: — *de*, (a)round, about; adv.: around, about, near by: *ici —*, whereabouts.

2.au-tour^o [p. L. **austurius* (L. *asturis*, 'bird of Asturia')], m.: goshawk. **-tours-rie**¹² [-toursier], f.: training of goshawks; place for such training. **-tour-sier**¹² [-tour], m.: trainer of goshawks.

au-tre^o [L. *alter*], adj.: other, else; otherwise, different: *tout* —, quite different; any other; *tout* — *que vous*, anybody else but you; *l'un l'* —, one another, each other; *l'un et l'* —, both; *les uns les* — *s*, each other; *les uns et les* — *s*, all; *ni l'un ni l'* —, neither; *de part et d'* —, on both (or all) sides; *l'un vaut l'* —, one is as good as the other; this for that; *causer de choses et d'* — *s*, talk of different things; *entre* — *s*, among other things; amongst others; *nous* — *s* Français, we (autre explet.) Frenchmen or French folks; *il n'en fait point* — *s*, he does no other things; these are his usual pranks; *il en sait bien d'* — *s*, he knows a trick worth two of that; *j'en ai vu bien d'* —, I have seen many stranger things than that; *d d'* — *s*! find something better! *pehawi* I know better. **-tre-fois**¹¹ [fois], adv.: in former times, formerly. **-tre-ment**¹⁰ adv.: otherwise; else; differently: *bien* —, far otherwise; on the very contrary; *il n'est pas* — *riche*, he is not over rich; *voilà qui est* — *beau*, there is something that may be called really beautiful.

Autri-che, f.: Austria. **autri-chien**, -*enne*, adj. or m., f.: Austrian.

autruche^o [p. L. *avis*, bird, *struthio* (Gr. *strouthós*, sparrow)], f.: ostrich.

autrui¹⁰ [old oblique case of *autre*], m.: another or (us') others, other people (used after prepos.): *le bien d'* —, another's property; *dépendre d'* —, depend on others; *l'* —, other people's property (or rights).

auvel¹⁸ [Prov. (? -ve = Fr. 2-aube)], m.: hurdle.

auvent¹¹ [?], tr.: shed over a door, etc. (to protect against the rain), penthouse, stoop; (agr.) tilt.

auver-gne [?], f.: solution of tan. **-gnier**, tr.: tan. **-gneur**, m.: tanner.

auvernat¹⁵ [for -gnat (Auvergne)], m.: Orleans wine.

aux [contraction of *à les*], to the.

auxiliaire¹⁵ [L. *liaris* (-lium, help)], adj. or n.: auxiliary.

avachir¹² [d. OHG. *weich-jan*, soften], tr.: make flabby; *s'* —, become flabby, flag, break down.

1.aval¹⁰ [? d. *valoir*], m.: guaranty for payment.

2.ava-l¹⁰ [d. *val*], adv.: down(wards); down the stream; m.: lower part: *pays d'* —, country at the lower course of a

river, down river country; *vent d'* —, sea-breeze (i.e. on the coast of France = west-wind); *en* — *de*, below. **-lage**¹² [-ler], m.: going or sending down (as a boat on the river, fish in the stream, wine in the cellar, etc.); *droit d'* —, right of catching fish going down the river.

-laison¹² [-ler], f.: torrent (descending from the mountains); lashing westerly wind (cf. *vent d'aval*, under *aval*).

-lache¹⁵ [Swiss dial. (Fr. -ler)], f.: = (snow-alip). † **-lasse**, same as *-laison*.

1.-ler¹⁰, tr.: †bring down (lower, cut down); us'ly swallow (down), gulp down; quaff off; accept or pocket (an insult); **intr.*: go down with the stream. *oreilles-lées*, hanging-down ears; *d brides-lées*, with loosened reins; — *des sabres*, act the charlatan; — *sa langue*, hush up.

2.-valer¹⁵ [2-aval], tr.: guaranty.

avaleur¹⁵ [1-ler], m.: swallower, glutton; — *de gens* (or *de charettes ferrées*), braggart.

avaliser [2-aval], tr.: guaranty.

ava-loire¹² [1-ler], f.: (jest.) swallow; breeching (of harnesses); †trap. **-lure**¹⁵ [1-ler], f.: swelling of a horse's foot.

avan-çage¹⁸, m.: limit for the place of public vehicles, coach-stand. **avan-ee**¹⁸, f.: advance; distance in advance,

start; projection, prominence; advance (-money): *prendre l'* —, get the start; *d'* —, in advance; beforehand. **-cé**¹⁵, adj.: advanced; forward, early; m.: (leg.) order to advance a case out of its turn;

f. (-cécé): advanced post (before the gate of a citadel). **-cement**¹¹, m.: advancement, progress; preferment; promotion.

1.-cer^o [p. L. **abantiäre* (**abante*, cf. *avant*)], tr.: advance (move or put forward); hold forth, stretch out; forward, hasten, promote; *intr.* or *s'* —: advance, move forward; make progress;

proceed; be successful; (*intr.*) go too fast (of a clock); jut out, project: *s'* — *sur le terrain de*, encroach upon the land of;

— *en voiture*, drive up. **-çon**¹⁸, m.: extra line (for hooks); stop-plank in reels (in rope-making).

avanie¹² [L. Gr. *abafia*], f.: *injury (to Christians by Turks); humiliating injury, outrage, insult.

avan-é^o [p. L. *abante* (L. *ab*, from, *ante*, before)], prep.: before (of time or order);

adv.: before; in front; forward (far, deep, late); m.: forward or front part, prow or bow (of a ship); *en* —, forward;

en — *de*, in front or ahead of; *mettre en* —, bring forth in evidence; *s'engager trop* —, become too deeply entangled;

creuser fort —, dig very deep; *plus* —,

farther; deeper; — *que*, before, ere.
-tage¹¹, *m.*: advantage; superiority; benefit, behalf; (*nav.*) weather-gauge; (*man.*) whip-hand; (*play*) odds: *avoir* —, have the advantage; prevail, gain; *tenir à son* —, have the advantage of; à l'— *de vous revoir*, I shall be pleased to see you again, good-bye, Sir. **-tager**¹² [*-tage*], *tr.*: give (bestow) an advantage to (on); à l'— *endow, favour*; (*leg.*) give property to; s'—, use to one's advantage, profit by; bestow property upon each other (as man and wife).
-tagement¹³ [*-tageux*], *adj.*: advantageously; favourably. **-tagneur**¹⁴, **-euse** [*-tage*], *adj.*: advantageous, profitable; vainglorious (i.e. elated by some advantage), presuming, conceited.
avant-bee¹⁵, *m.*: pier-head (of a bridge), cut-water. **-bras**¹⁶, *m.*: fore-arm.
-corps¹⁷, *m.*: (*arch.*) fore-part. **-cour**¹⁸, *f.*: fore-court. **-coureur**¹⁹, *m.*: fore-runner, van-courier; harbinger. **-courrier**²⁰, *m.*: forerunner, harbinger. **-dernier**²¹, *m.*: last but one. **-duc**²², *m.*: abutment of a bridge. **-fosse**²³, *m.*: (*fort.*) advance fosse or moat. **-garde**²⁴, *f.*: avant-guard, vanguard; (*nav.*) VAN. **-goût**²⁵, *m.*: fore-taste. **-hier**²⁶, *adv.*: day before yesterday. **-main**²⁷, *f.*: inner side of the hand, palm; fore-hand stroke (at tennis); *m.*: forehand (part of a horse in front of the rider). **-mur**²⁸, *m.*: outer wall; (*her.*) piece of wall jointed to a tower; tonsil. **-pêche**²⁹, *f.*: white nutmeg pench. **-piéd**³⁰, *m.*: tmetatars; VAMP, upper (of a boot). **-port**³¹, *m.*: outer port. **-poste**³², *m.*: outpost. **-projet**³³, *m.*: first draught of a bill; rough model. **-propos**³⁴, *m.*: short preface or introduction, preamble. **-quart**³⁵, *m.*: warning stroke (just before the bell strikes). **-scène**³⁶, *f.*: (*anc.*) proscenium; (*mod.*) front of the stage (between the foot-lights and the scenery); front stage box; prelude (preliminary play). **-toit**, *m.*: projecting roof. **-train**³⁷, *m.*: forepart of a vehicle; forepart of an animal (chest and front legs). **-veille**³⁸, *f.*: second day (two days) before.
ava-re³⁹ [*L. -rus*], *adj.*: avaricious (greedy; penurious, sparing); *m.*: miser. **-re-ment**⁴⁰, *adv.*: avariciously. **-rice**⁴¹ [*L. -ritia*], *f.*: —, greed. **-ricieuse-ment**⁴² [*-ricieux*], *adv.*: avariciously.
-ricieur⁴³, **-euse** [*-rice*], *adj.*: avaricious, greedy.
ava-rie⁴⁴ [*lit.*, *l. L. -ria* (cf. Ger. *havarie*)], *f.*: anchorage or port duty (†Eng. *AVERAGE*); average (extra expenses for a ship and its freight; damage to ship or freight); damage (gen'lly to freight or

goods): — *s. communes*, general average.
-rier⁴⁵, *tr.*: damage.
avater⁴⁶ [*Sansk. ava-tara*, 'de-scent'], *tr.*: = (descent of a deity to earth: *Hind. myth.*).
avau [another form of *2-aval*], *prep.*: down: in — *l'eau* (incorr. *à l'eau-l'eau*), down stream: *l'affaire est — l'eau*, the affair has failed; — *vent*, with the wind; † — *route*, routed, in flight.
avé⁴⁷ [*L. ave*, hail] in — **Maria**, *m.*: Ave M.!
avec⁴⁸ or **†avecque** [*Ofr. av-uec* (*L. apud*, with, *hoc*, this)], *prep.*: with, along with; among; *adv.*: therewith: d'—, from.
†aveindre⁴⁹ [*L. ab-emere*, take away], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: bring, fetch.
†aveine = *avoine*.
avelanède = *velanède*.
aveli-ne⁵⁰ [*L. abellana*, *Abellin* (sc. nut)], *f.*: filbert. **-nier**⁵¹, *m.*: filbert-bush.
avénage⁵² [*-roine*], *m.*: avenage (oats paid to a feudal lord).
a-venant⁵³ [*avenir*], *adj.*: coming to, acceding to; à l'—, becoming, appropriate; pleasing, prepossessing; *m.*: inheritance (of a daughter); additional clause. **-venement**⁵⁴, *m.*: farrival (coming); advent, accession; succession.
avèneron⁵⁵ [*aveine*, old form of *avoine*], *m.*: wild oats.
1.ave-nir⁵⁶ [*à, venir*], *m.*: time to come, future; posterity; future life; (future) existence: à l'—, in the future, hereafter.
2.-nir [*pop. form of avenir*], *irr.*: (cf. *venir*); *intr.*: come to pass, happen, occur: *non-nu*, not occurred; null and void.
à-venir⁵⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: (*leg.*) summons to appear (to an attorney).
avent⁵⁸ [*L. ad-ventum* (*venire*, come)], *m.*: advent.
aventu-re⁵⁹ [*L. adventūra* (fut. part. neut. pl. of *ad-venire*, 'come to', viz. happen, used as sing. f.)], *f.*: adventure (unexpected occurrence; hazardous enterprise); fate or fortune; †experience in life: à l'—, by accident or chance. **-rer**⁶⁰, *tr.*: adventure, hazard, risk; s'—, venture, risk: *-ré*, ventured, hazardous. **-reusement**⁶¹ [*-reuz*], *adv.*: (ad)venturously. **-reux**, **-euse**⁶², *adj.*: adventurous, venturesome.
-rier⁶³, *m.*: *f.*: adventurer, adventuress. **-rine**⁶⁴, *f.*: = (sort of gold-spangled glass, first produced by accident).
avenu, part. of *-nir*; **-nue**⁶⁵, *f.*: —.
avérer⁶⁶ [*p. L. ad-verbare* (*L. verus*, true)], *tr.*: prove or recognize as true, verify.
AVÉR = *obol. ex. in part. -vére*, evidenced, averred.
avers⁶⁷ [*L. adversus*, opposite], *m.*: obverse (of a coin).
averse⁶⁸ [*d. verse*], *m.*: shower, downpour.

aver-sion¹³ [L. *-sio* (a, *vertere*, turn away)], *f.*: =, disgust. **↳-tin**¹² [L. *tere*], *m.*: taberration (of mind, madness); (*vet.*) staggers, sturdy.

aver-tir⁹ [L. *ad-vertire* (L. *ad-vertere*, turn to)], *tr.*: apprise, notify, inform; warn, caution; admonish; urge (a horse): — à l'avance, give notice or warning; — d'avance, premonish; l'— de son salut, give him a wholesome piece of advice. **-tissement**¹⁴, *m.*: information, notification, warning, caution; admonition (in these senses: †Eng. ADVERTISEMENT); preface (in a book). **-tisseur**¹², *m.*: informer, warner; (*theat.*) call-boy.

avette⁹ [p. L. **apitta* (dim. of L. *apis*, bee)], *f.*: bee.

aven¹² [*-vouer*], *m.*: AVOWAL, confession; authorisation: de son —, according to his own admission, confessedly, avowedly; *deniers* —x, dying confession; *homme sans* —, vagrant (who could not invoke the protection of a lord).

aven-gle¹⁰ [p. L. **aboculus* (L. *oculus*, eye)], *adj.*: blind; implicit. **-glément**¹² [*-gler*], *m.*: blindness. **-glément**¹⁴, *adv.*: blindly. **-gler**¹¹, *tr.*: blind (deprive of sight; dazzle; obscure); (*nav.*) stop up or fother (a leak): s'—, blind one's self, be blind, shut one's eyes. **-glette**¹⁴, *f.*: in à l'—, *adv.*: blindly or groping.

avi-ation¹⁸ [L. *avis*, bird], *f.*: aerial navigation with appliances heavier than the air. **-cule**¹⁰ [L. *-cula*, little bird], *f.*: avicula (mollusk).

avi-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (*avere*, long)], *adj.*: longing eagerly, eager, greedy, covetous, AVID; voracious, rapacious. **-dement**¹², *adj.*: eagerly, greedily, voraciously. **-dité**¹² [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: avidity, eagerness, greediness; rapacity.

avi-lir¹⁵ [à, *vif*], *tr.*: make vile, debase, VILIFY; disparage, lower; depreciate; s'—, debase or disgrace one's self; under-value one's self. **-lissant**¹⁷, *adj.*: debasing, disgraceful. **-lissement**¹⁶, *m.*: debasement, vileness.

avillon¹⁶, [dial. form of *aiguillon*], *m.*: hind-claw (of a bird of prey). **-lonner**¹⁶, *tr.*: claw.

aviner¹¹ [à, *vin*], *tr.*: soak or season with wine: un homme (or corps) —é, a toper, a regular tippler.

avir¹⁷ [†], *tr.*: beat down the edges of.

avi-ron¹¹ [à, OFr. *viron* (cf. *virer*)], turning tool, *m.*: oar; pot-ladle or stirring stick: jeu d'—s, set of oars; — à couple, scull; armer les —s, ship the oars. **-ronnerie**, *f.*: oar-maker's shop.

a-vis¹¹ [à, OFr. *vis* (L. *visus*, fr. *videre*, see), *seen*], *m.*: (way of seeing, and so) opinion (judgment); ADVICE (counsel);

notice, notification, information); warning (caution); prefatory notice; vote: *changer d'—*, change one's mind; *recevoir — de*, be advised from; *sous —*, with advice; *jusqu'à nouvel —*, until you hear further; *aller aux —s*, put to the vote. **-visé**¹², *adj.*: discreet, prudent, wary, circumspect, (well) advised. **-viser**¹⁰ [a, *viser*], *tr.*: perceive, espy; direct (somebody's) attention, apprise, advise (give notice), warn, caution; *tr.*: s'—: turn one's mind to, bethink one's self, think of; take it into one's head; *intr.*: consider, reflect (à, on); think advisable; look (to): *avisez-y bien*, consider it well; *vous y avisez*, you will look to it. **-viso**¹⁶ [Span.], *m.*: advice boat, dispatch boat.

avissure¹⁷ *m.*: [à, *vis*], *f.*: edge beaten down.

†avitaillement¹⁴, *m.*: victualling. **-ler**¹² [à, OFr. *vitaille* = *victuaille*], *tr.*: victual store.

avi-vage¹⁷, *m.*: reviving, brightening, polishing; renewing; first laying of tin-foil (on glass). **↳-ver**¹¹ [à, *vif*], *tr.*: render more vivid; brighten, polish, heighten (colours); freshen (wounds); cut (wood) sharp-edged.

avives¹⁵ [fr. Arab.], *f. pl.*: (*vet.*) VIVES.

avo-casser¹², pettifog. **-casserie**¹⁴ [*-casser*], *f.*: pettifoggery. 1. **↳-cat**¹¹, *-te* [L. *ad-vocatus* (*vocare*, call), "called to" another], *m. f.*: (rare) advocate, attorney (at law), lawyer, barrister: — *général*, attorney general: — *de Pilate* (or *de balle*, or *à tort*), briefless barrister; — *du diable*, one appointed, in questions of canonization, to argue against l'— *de Dieu*; one arguing against religion; defender of a bad cause.

2. **avoca-t**¹⁸ [Mex.], *m.*: avocado (trop. fruit). **-tier**¹⁸, *m.*: avocado-tree.

avocatoire¹⁷ [L. *a-vocare* (*ab-v.*), call away], *adj.*: (*dipl.*) calling away or home; recalling; *m.*: recall.

avocette¹⁷ [It. *-tta*], *f.*: avocet, spooner (bird).

avoine⁹ [L. *avena*], *f.*: oat, oats (plant or grain); *pl.* standing oats: *balle* —, husk of oats, vat-chaff.

1. **avoir**⁹ [L. *habere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: HAVE; with certain abstract nouns, numerals expressing age, and impersonally with *ily*, to be rendered by 'be': — *faim* (*soif*), be hungry, (thirsty), — *chaud* (*froid*), be warm (cold), — *raison* (*tort*), be right (wrong); — *honte*, be ashamed; — *trois ans*, be three year's old; *il y a*, there is (or are), *il y avait*, there was (or were), etc.; *il n'y a pas de quoi*, there is no occasion, (please) don't mention it; *il y a de quoi vous amuser*, you will find amusement

enough; *il y a* (before words of time), 'there is (are) now' (variously rendered in Engl., e.g.) *il y a un mois que je suis ici*, I have been here now a month, *je suis venu ici, il y a un mois*, I came here a month ago; *il y a un mois que je ne vous vois*, I have not seen you for a month; *combien y a-t-il d'ici?* how far is it from here? *qu'avez-vous?* what is the matter with you? *en* —, have some; catch it, meet with a disappointment: *il en a*, he has caught it. **2. avoir**¹⁰, *inf. as m.*: possession(s), property; (*com.*) credit; assets: — *du poids*, *m.*: avoirdupois; *ayant cause*, (*jur.*) assign; *ayant droit*, (*jur.*) party concerned.

§ Ind.: *Pr. ai, az, a; av-ent, -ez, ont.*
Imp. avais, Prent. eus, Fut. (Cond.) aura(s).
 — Subj.: *Pr. ai-e, -es, -t; ay-ons, -ez, aient.*
Imp. eusse, -l've aie. — Part.: Pr. ayant;
P. eu.

avoisi-nant¹⁸, *adj.*: neighbouring, adjoining, near. **-ner**¹⁸ [*d. voisin*], *tr.*: be in the vicinity or nearness of, be situated near, border upon: *être bien -né*, have good neighbourhood.

avor-té, *adj.*: abortive. **-tement**¹¹, *m.*: abortion, miscarriage. **||-ter**^o [*p. L. *ab-ortäre* (L. *oriri*, be born)], *intr.*: abort (become sterile); bring forth prematurely, miscarry, prove abortive, not ripen, fail; (*of anim.*) cast or drop prematurely: *faire —*, cause abortion; *bâfle. -ton¹², *m.*: animal of premature birth (†Eng. abortive); undeveloped, deformed, or stunted being, dwarf, wretch; abortion (fruit or plant that does not come to maturity); premature or crude productions (*gen'ly*): *saule —*, dwarf willows.*

avouable¹³ [*-vouer*], *adj.*: avowable.

avoué^o [*L. vocātus* (cf. *advocat*)], *m.*: attorney, solicitor; substitute: *étude d'—*, attorney's office.

a-vouer¹¹ [*d. vouer*], *tr.*: avow (acknowledge, confess, own); grant, allow; approve. **-voyer** [*for -voyé*, dial. for *-voué*], *m.*: chief magistrate in Swiss cantons (†Eng. =).

a-vril¹⁰, or *-vri*, or (*Acad.*) *-vriy* [*p. L. *aprilis* (L. *aprilis*)], *m.*: April: *poisson d'—*, April-foolery; *donner un poisson d'— d. —*, make an April-fool of. **-vriller**¹¹, **-ère**¹¹, *adj.*: of April; *m.*: April wheat.

avuer¹⁵ [*d. vuer*], *tr.*: (*hunt.*) follow with the eyes, mark down.

• **avulsion**¹⁵ [*L. -sio* (a-*vellere*, tear off)], *f.*: =, tearing or breaking asunder.

ax-e¹⁵ [*L. axis*], *m.*: axis; axle; shaft; — *tournant*, axle-tree. **-ial**¹⁵, *adj.*: =. **-illaire**¹⁵ [*L. -zilla*], *adj.*: axillary).

axiome¹⁵ [*L. -ma* (Gr. *axios*, worthy)], *m.*: axiom.

ax-iomètre¹⁷ [*aze*, Gr. *métro*, MEASURE], *m.*: tell-tale (showing the position of the helm). **1-15**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: = (second vertebra of the neck).

2-axis¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: = (spotted deer).

axonge¹⁵ [*L. ax-ungia*, axle-grease], *f.*: hog's lard.

ayan¹⁵ [*Arab.*], *m.*: = (Turk. official).

azalée¹⁵ [*Gr. azaléos*, dry], *f.*: azalea (shrub).

azédarac¹⁵ [*fr. Pers.*], *m.*: azedarach, Pride of India (tree).

azero-le¹⁵ [*fr. Sp.-Ar.*], *f.*: azarole (fruit).

-lier¹⁵, *m.*: azarole (shrub).

azimu-t¹⁵ [*fr. Ar.*], *m.*: azimuth. **-tal**¹⁷, *adj.*: azimuthal.

azo-tate¹⁸, *m.*: azotite, nitrite. **||-te**¹⁷ [*Gr. a-*, not, *zōē*, life], *m.*: =, nitrogen.

-té¹⁸, *adj.*: azotic, nitric. **-teux**, **-euse**, *adj.*: azotous, nitric. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: azotic, nitric. **-tite**¹⁸, *m.*: =. **-ture**¹⁸, *m.*: = (combination of azote with a simple substance).

a-zur¹⁰ [*fr. Pers.*], *m.*: azure (sky-blue) colour; sky. **-zusage**¹⁸, *m.*: blueing.

-zuré¹⁴, *adj.*: azure(d), sky-coloured.

-zurer¹⁵, *tr.*: azure, colour blue. **†-zurin**¹⁵, *adj.*: azurine. **-zurine**¹⁸, *f.*: variety of azure-colour. **-zurite**¹⁸, *f.*: = (blue carbonate of copper).

azygos¹⁵ [*Gr. -gos* (a-, not, *zugón*, yoke)], *adj.*: azygous.

azyme¹⁵ [*L. -mus* (Gr. a-, not, *zúme*, leaven)], *adj.*: azymous, unleavened, *m.* azym.

B

b be, or older **bé**, *m.*: b (the letter): (*fam.*) *être marqué au B*, i.e. be borgne, boiteux or bossu, etc., have some natural defect.

ba [*L. bis*, twice], *disparaging pref.*

baba¹⁵ [*Pol.*], *m.*: kind of cake.

Babet, or **-bête**, *f.*: Elizabeth.

1. babeurre¹⁵ [*bas*, below, *beurre*], *m.*: buttermilk.

2. babeurre¹⁵ [*bat* (*battre*), *beurre*], *m.*: dasher (of a churn).

†babiche¹⁰, **-chon** = *barbiche*, **-chon**.

ba-bil¹⁴ (*Acad.*) *iy*, *m.*: babbling, prattle.

-billage¹⁵, *m.*: babbling, prating. **-biller**¹⁴, *adj.*, *m.*, *f.*: talkative; prater:

bolt-box hole. **-billement**¹⁵ [*-biller*], *m.*: prattle, garrulity. **||-biller**¹⁵ [*echoic*], *intr.*: BABBLE (prattle; gossip).

babine¹⁵ [*?*], *f.*: lip (of animals); (*fam.*) lip (of man), chop.

babiole¹⁵ [*lt. -bōla* (L. *-bulus*, foolish)], *f.*: BAUBLE.

bâbord¹⁵ [*Dutch bak-boord* (*bak*, fore-

castle, formerly on the left)], *m.*: port-side, larboard.

babouche¹⁷ [fr. Ar.], *f.*: baboosh, toe-slipper (of leather).

†**babou-e**¹⁸ [?], *f.*: grimace. -**in**¹², -**ine**, *m.*, *f.*: BABOON (with protuberant lips); pimple on the mouth; *m.*, *f.*: little monkey (speaking of children; or of a grotesque figure which soldiers were made to kiss by their comrades as a punishment); †**baiser le** —, suffer an insult.

†**baby** **bé-bé** = **bébé**.

Babylo-ne, *f.*: Babylon (the city). -**nie**, *f.*: Babylonia.

bac¹² [Dutch *bak*, trough], *m.*: trough, vat, tub; ferry-boat.

baccalauréat¹⁶ [L. *L. -reatus* (-*reus*, for Fr. *bachelier*)], *m.*: bachelor degree.

baccara(t)¹⁸ [?], *m.*: BACCARAT (card game).

bacch-anal¹⁵, -**le** [L. -*analus* (Bacchus)], *adj.*: bacchanalian; *m.*: wild uproar; *f.*: orgies; tumult. -**anales**¹⁶, *f. pl.*: bacchanals. -**ante** [L. -*ans*], *f.*: bacchante; woman-reveler.

baccifère¹⁵ [L. *bacca*, berry, *ferre*, bear], *adj.*: bacciferous.

†**bacha** = **pacha**.

bâche¹⁵ [ak. to *bae*], *f.*: box; water-hole or puddle (after a tide); hotbed frame; tilt, awning; bag (of a net).

bache-lette¹² [OFr. *baisselette* (ak. to 1. *bagasse*), by anal. with -*lier*], *f.*: maiden, lass. || -**lier**¹⁰ [p. L. *baccalaris* (?)], *m.*: BACHELOR (in knighthood, or at a university; unmarried man).

bâcher¹⁷ [-*che*], *tr.*: cover (with an awning).

bacnique¹⁵ [L. *bacchicus* (of Bacchus)], *adj.*: BACCHIC.

bacho-t¹⁵ [*bae*], *m.*: wherry, ferry-boat. -**teur**¹⁷, *m.*: ferry-man.

bacille¹⁵ [? L. -*cillus*, rod], *m.*: sea-fennel.

baeille¹⁵ [L. -*illus*, rod], *m.*: bacillus (rod-shaped vegetable microbe).

bâ-clage¹⁷, *m.*: barring up, chaining up; tying, mooring; stoppage (as by ice). || -**cler**¹⁵ [Prov. -*clar* (L. -*culum*, rod)], *tr.*: bar, chain, fasten; stop (in its progress), bungle.

bacté-rie¹⁸ [Gr. -*ria*, rod], *f.*: bacterium (pl. bacteria). -**riologie**¹⁸ [-*rie*, Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: bacteriology.

bacl¹⁴ [*bat* (*battre*), *cul*, rump], *m.*: crupper.

Bade, *f.*: Baden.

badau-d¹⁵ [Prov. *badau*, ak. to *bayer*], *adj.*: lounge. -**der**¹⁷, *intr.*: lounge, saunter. -**derie**¹⁵, *f.*: lounging.

badelaire¹² [?], *m.*: short broadsword.

baderne¹⁷ [Bret.], *f.*: fender (wrapping of ropes to prevent friction); trash.

badiane¹⁷ [Pers. -*n*], *f.*: anise (tree or seed).

badi-geon¹⁶ [?], *m.*: = (paint); white-wash; stony paste. -**geonnage**¹⁸, *m.*: painting; white-washing. -**geonner**¹⁸, *tr.*: paint. -**geonneur**¹⁸ [L. *geonner*], *m.*: painter; white-washer.

ba-din¹⁵ [Prov. ak. to *bayer*], *adj.*: †foolish; jesting, sportive, sprightly; light; *m.*: †clown; jester, humorist. -**dinage**¹⁵, *m.*: jocularity; frolicsome-ness. -**dinant**¹⁶ [-*diner*], *m.*: spare-horse. -**dine**¹⁷ [-*diner*], *f.*: switch, whip; small tongs. -**diner**¹⁵, *intr.*, *tr.*: jest; joke, trifle with, play; dangle. -**dinerie**¹⁵ [-*diner*], *f.*: trifling; jesting.

badrouille¹⁵ [?], *f.*: mop.

bafouer¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: baffle; scoff at.

bâ-fre¹⁷, *f.*: gorging (with food). || -**frer**¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: gormandize. -**freur**¹⁷, -**euse**, *m.*, *f.*: gormand, glutton.

†**bagace** = **2 bagasse**.

bagage¹⁴ [*bague*], *m.*: baggage, luggage; outfit: *plier* —, pack up; move off.

bagarre¹⁶ [?], *f.*: brawl, confusion.

1. **bagasse**¹⁵ [Prov. -*asa* (?)], *f.*: †slattern; wench.

2. **bagasse**¹⁷ [Sp. -*gazo*], *f.*: = (sugar cane from the mill).

bagatellier¹⁵, *m.*: trisler. || -**telle**¹⁵ [It. -*tella* (L. *bagatella*, BAG)], *f.*: = (trifle, bauble); light gallantry; bit of light poetry.

bagne¹⁷ [It. -*no*, bath (also a bath in Constantinople converted into a prison)], *m.*: Turkish slave-prison (†Eng. bagnio); convict prison.

bagou¹⁷ [?], *m.*: loquacity, gab.

1. **bague**¹⁵ [Prov. -*ga* (L. *baga*, berry; link)], *f.*: ring (circular band; hoop; finger ring; ring-like thing); astragal (upper moulding of a column): *course de* —, running in the circular track.

2. †**bague** = **bagues**.

bague-naude¹⁴ [?], *f.*: bladder-nut; trifle. -**nauder**¹⁴, *intr.*: trifle. -**nauderie**¹⁵, *f.*: trifling. 1. -**naudier**¹⁵, *m.*: bladder-nut tree. 2. -**naudier**¹⁵ [-*nauder*], *m.*: trisler; certain game.

1. **baguer**¹⁵ [1. -*gue*], *tr.*: ring, furnish with rings.

2. **baguer**¹⁴ [2. -*gue*], *tr.*: (old) pack, attach; (gen'l'y) stitch, baste.

†**bagues**¹⁴ [? Norse *baggi*, load], *f. pl.*: baggage.

baguette¹⁵ [It. *bacchetta* (L. *baculus*, rod)], *f.*: stick, rod; wand; switch; drum-stick; (arch.) baguet(te); *pl.*: gauntlet: *coup de* —; beat of the drum; *passer par les* —s, run the gauntlet.

baguier¹⁶ [-*gue*], *m.*: ring-holder, casket for rings.

bah [echoic], *interj.*: bah!

bahu-t¹² [? Ger. *behüten*, preserve], *m.*: (convex) trunk, chest; jut (of wall); plating-band. **-tier**¹³, *m.*: trunk-maker.

bai [L. *badius*, brownish red], *adj.*: BAY (coloured); *m.*: bay (colour).

†**baïart** = *bayart*.

1. **baie**¹⁴ [L. *bacca*], *f.*: berry.

2. **baie** [I. L. *baia*, port], *f.*: BAY (of water).

3. **baie**¹¹ [old *baer* (= *bayer*)], *f.*: gap, opening, BAY; unpaved part of a street; †disappointment: *donner la — à*, disappoint, deceive, humbug.

bai-gneur¹⁵ [L. *balneare*], *tr.* or *intr.*: bathe; soak. **-gneur**¹³, = *euse*, *m.*, *f.*: bather; bath-keeper; *f.*: bathing cap. †**-gneur**¹³, *m.*: bathing place. **-gneur**¹³, *f.*: bath-tub; lowest box (at theatre).

baïl¹², *pl.* **baux** [-*ller*], *m.*: care (of a minor); lease.

baile¹⁰ [L. *bajulus*, carrier; trustee], *m.*: Venetian consul (at Constantinople); royal ambassador.

baïllant¹⁷ [-*ller*], *adj.*: yawning, gaping.

baïlle [Celt. *baïl*, *f.*: (nav.) bucket, tub.

baïlle-blé¹⁷, *pl.* — [-*ller*], *m.*: bolt-box hole.

baïllement¹⁴ [-*ller*], *m.*: gaping, †hiatus.

baïller¹⁵ [L. *bajulare*, carry], *tr.*: have charge of; place in the charge of; lease, rent; give, bestow: *vous me la baillez bonne*, you humbug me; — *de soufflets*, deal out blows.

baïller¹¹ [I. L. **balaculare* (cf. *bayer*)], *intr.*: yawn; snap; be ajar.

†**baïllesse** = *-lleur*.

baïllet¹³, = *ette* [Ofr. *-lle* (? L. *badius*, BAY)], *adj.*: light red, sorrel.

†**baïlleul**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: bone-setter.

baïlleur¹⁵, = *leresse* [-*ller*], *m.*, *f.*: lessor.

baïlleur¹⁶, = *euse* [-*ller*], *m.*, *f.*: yawner.

baïl-li¹¹ [Ofr. *-lir* (= Fr. *-ler*), administer], *m.*: in France: (king's or lord's) high judiciary or officer (Eng. BAILIFF in sense of high officer); Germ. judicial officer; ord. of Malta: Knight above the commander. **-liage**¹⁸, *m.*: BAILLIWICK; tribunal of a bailli. **-liager**¹⁶, = *ière* [-*liage*], *adj.*: of a BAILLIWICK. **-live**¹⁵, *f.*: BAILIFF'S wife.

baïl-lon¹⁴ [-*ler*], *m.*: gag. **-loner**¹⁵, *tr.*: gag; suppress (free speech, etc.).

baïlloque¹⁷ [?], *f.*: ostrich feather.

baïlotte¹⁷, [-*lle*], *f.*: little tub, bucket.

• **bain**¹⁰ [L. *balneum*], *m.*: bath; bathing; bath-room or (pl.) house.

baïonnette¹⁵ [the town Bayonne], *f.*: BAYONET.

bairam¹⁷ [Turk.], *m.*: = (Mussulman feast).

baï-se-main¹² [-*ser*], *m.*: †handkissing;

reception; *pl.*: compliments. **-sement**¹¹, *m.*: kissing. **||-ser**¹⁰ [L. *basiare*], *tr.*: kiss; *m.*: kiss. **-seur**¹⁶, = *euse*, *m.*, *f.*: kisser. **-sot(t)er**¹⁵, *tr.*: be always kissing.

bais-se¹⁷, *f.*: letting down, lowering; levelling down; falling; decline. **-sement**¹³, *m.*: letting down. **||-ser**¹⁰ [L. **bassiare* (L. *bassus*, low)], *tr.*, *intr.*: lower, level down; fall, decline; decrease.

-sier¹³ [-*se*], *m.*: "bear" (speculator).

-sière¹¹, *f.*: low place, rain hole; settlements, lees, dregs. **-soir**¹⁷, *m.*: water-box (in salt works).

baisure¹⁵ [-*ser*], *f.*: 'kiss,' mark (from the touching of two loaves in baking).

bajoïre¹⁰ [?], *f.*: double-headed coin.

bajoue¹³ [ba, joue], *f.*: JOWL, cheek (of animals).

bajoyer¹³ [? *bajoue*], *adj.*: lateral, *m.*: side-wall (of canal, wharf); embankment.

bal¹¹ [-*ller*], *m.*: †dance; ball (dancing).

baladin¹³, = *ine* [Prov. *-din*], *m.*, *f.*: †dancer; buffoon, merry Andrew. **-dinance**¹⁷, *m.*: buffoonery.

balafre¹⁵ [ba-, OHG. *leffur*, lip], *f.*: gash; scar. **-frer**¹⁵, *intr.*: gash, slash.

balai¹² [? Celt. orig.], *m.*: broom, brush; tail (of dog, bird).

balais¹² [fr. Pers.], *adj.*: BALASS; red (as a ruby, nose).

balan-e¹⁰ [p. L. *bilancia*, L. *bilanz* (bis, twice, *lanx*, plate)], *f.*: =, (scales; Libra; suspense; difference in accounts). **-celle**¹³ [-*cer*], *f.*: light boat, felucca. **-ement**¹⁴ [-*cer*], *m.*: balancing, poisoning, rocking; wavering; waddling. **-cer**¹², *tr.*: intr.: balance; weigh; consider; hesitate; waver; shake. **-ceur**¹³ [-*cer*], *m.*: †weigher; certain bird. 1. **-cier**¹⁵ [-*cer*], *m.*: pendulum; balance-pole; walking beam. 2. **-cier**¹², *m.*: seller or maker of scales. **-eine**¹⁵, *f.*: lift (of ship).

-coïre¹⁵ [-*cer*], *f.*: see-saw; swing.

†**balandran**¹⁵, †**-dras** [Prov.], *m.*: large coarse cloak.

balane¹⁸ [L. *-nus*, acorn], *m.*: sea-acorn, barnacle. **-nite**¹⁷, *f.*: †fossil balane; balanitis.

†**balant** = *ballant*.

ba-lauste¹² [L. *-tium*], *f.*: wild pomegranate. **-laustier**¹⁷, *m.*: balaustine, wild pomegranate tree.

balayage¹³, *m.*: sweeping. **||-yer**¹² [balai, broom], *tr.*: sweep; clear.

-yette¹², *f.*: little broom. **-yeur**¹⁶, = *euse*, *m.*, *f.*: sweeper; broom-maker, or -seller; *f.*: street-sweeping machine. **-yure**¹³, *f.*: sweepings.

balbutie¹⁶ [-*tier*], *f.*: stuttering. **-tiement**¹⁷, *m.*: stuttering, stammering.

||-tier¹³ [L. *-tire*, lisp], *tr.*, *intr.*: stutter, stammer.

balbuzard¹² [Eng. *bald-buzzard*], *m.*: osprey, fish-hawk.
balcon¹² [OHG. *-lcho*, beam], *m.*: BALCONY.
baldaquin¹⁷ [It. *-dacechino*, silk from BAGDAD, *i.e.* *Baldacco*], *m.*: =; canopy.
†bale = *balle*.
Bâle [L. *Basilea*], *f.*: Basle (city in Switzerland).
balei-ne¹⁰ [L. *-laena*], *f.*: whale; Cetus; whalebone. **-ner**¹⁸ *tr.*: furnish with whalebone. **-neau**¹⁶, **-lé**, or old **-non**, *m.*: whale-calf. **-nier**¹², **-ière**, *adj.*: whale; *m., f.*: whaler (man or ship); whalebone worker or seller.
balèvre¹¹ [ba, *lèvre*], *f.*: flaps, large lips; jut, prominence (of wall, seam).
†bali = *pali*.
ballage¹⁴ [*-ser*], *m.*: placing of beacons; system of placed beacons. **||-se**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: beacon, set sign; buoy. **-ser**¹⁴, *tr.*: set signs, beacons, buoys. **-seur**¹⁷ [*-ser*], *m.*: beacon-setter, -keeper.
ballisier¹⁴ [?], *m.*: cert. American flowering reed.
ballis-te¹⁵ [L. *-lita*, hurling machine (Gr. *ballēin*, throw)], *f.*: BALLISTA; certain fish. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: ballistic; *f.*: ballistics.
ball-vage¹⁶ [ak. to *-veau*], *m.*: staddling, leaving young trees in a clearing. **||-veau**¹² [?], *m.*: staddle.
baliver-ne¹⁴ [?], *f.*: nonsense, fiddle-faddle. **-ner**¹⁶, *intr., tr.*: trifle; talk nonsense to.
ballade¹² [Prov. *-llar*, dance], *f.*: †dance song; BALLAD.
ballant¹⁶ [*-llar*], *adj.*: waving, swinging.
ballarin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (Hungary) falcon.
ballast¹⁶ [Eng.], *m.*: =.
1.balle¹² [OHG. *balla*], *f.*: BALL, sphere; BULLET; BALE.
2.balle¹⁵ [Ger. *balg*, bag], *f.*: husk, BOLL, glume.
ballequeue¹⁸ [baller, queue], *m.*: (*dial.*) wastail.
bal-ler¹⁰ [p. L. *-lāre* (cf. 1.balle)], *intr.*: dance. **-let**¹⁵ [It. *-letto* (-lo, dance)], *m.*: =.
ballier¹⁸ [2.-lle], *m.*: chaff-pile.
1.ballon¹⁶ [?], *m.*: Siamese row-boat.
2.ball-lon¹⁴ [2.-le, *infl.* by It. *pallone*, large ball], *m.*: BALLOON; foot-ball; globe (of lamp). **-lonnement**¹⁸ [*-lonner*], *m.*: swelling, distention. **-lonner**¹⁸, *tr.*: inflate, swell. **-lonnier**¹⁵, *m.*: balloon-maker, or -seller.
bal-lot¹⁵ [*-le*], *m.*: small BALE of goods. **-lotin**¹⁷, *m.*: dim. of *-lot*. **-lottage**¹⁶, *m.*: re-balloting. **-lotte**¹⁵ [*-le*], *f.*: †little ball; ballot. **1.-lotter**¹⁵ [*-lotte*], *intr.*,

tr.: †toss (a ball); vote; re-vote upon.
2.-lotter¹⁶, *tr.*: bale.
†balme = *baume*.
balnéaire¹⁸ [L. *-nearis* (-neum, bath)], *adj.*: bathing.
balgise¹⁷ [*Bâle*], *f.*: three-colored tulip.
ba-lourd¹⁶ [It. *-lordo*], *m., f.*: dullard, numskull. **-lourdise**¹⁶, *f.*: stupidity; absurdity.
bal-sa-mier¹⁷ [L. *-mum* (Gr. *-mos*, balsam-tree)], *m.*: balsam-tree, -shrub. **-mine**¹⁵ [L. *-mum*], *f.*: balsam-plant. **-minées**¹⁵ [*-mine*], *f. pl.*: balsam-plant family. **-mique**¹⁵ [L. *-mum*], *adj.*: BALMY, balsamous. **-mite**¹⁵ [L. *-mum*], *f.*: costmary plant.
Balthazar, *m.*: Belshazzar (king of Babylon).
Baltique, *f.*: Baltic sea.
balnette¹⁷ [?], *f.*: float, bob.
balus-trade¹⁶, *f.*: =; railing. **||-tre**¹⁵ [It. *balaustr*], *m.*: BALUSTER, railing. **-trér**¹⁵, *tr.*: rail in.
bal-zan¹⁵ [It. *-zano* (OHG. *balz*, BELT)], *adj.*: white-footed (of a horse). **-zane**¹⁵, *f.*: white spot above hoof.
bam-bin¹⁷, **-ine** [It. *-bino* (Gr. *balein*, babble)], *m., f.*: small child.
bambochade¹⁷ [It. *-boccia* (*Bamboccio*, 'doll', nickname of the painter De Laar)], *f.*: rural painting (in the style of B.); spree.
1.bamboche¹⁶ [It. *-boccio* (cf. *-bin*)], *f.*: puppet, doll; deformed person; spree.
2.bamboche¹⁵ [old *-bouc*, BAMBOO], *f.*: BAMBOO cane.
bambo-cher¹⁸ [*-che*], *intr.*: become drunk. **-cheur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: drunkard.
bambou¹⁶ [Malay], *m.*: bamboo.
†bême = *baume*.
1.ban¹⁶ [Croatian], *m.*: (Slavonic) commander of a district.
2.ban¹¹ [*bannir*], *m.*: ban; bans; exile.
banal¹², *adj.* (no masc. pl.): feudal; mercenary; ordinary; trite. **banalité**¹⁶ [*banal*], *f.*: feudal duty; triteness; commonplace.
banana-ne¹⁶ [East Ind.], *f.*: banana (fruit). **-nier**¹⁶, *m.*: banana tree.
ban-c¹⁰, *pl.* often *bans* [Ger. *bank*], *m.*: BENCH, seat; pew. **-cal**¹⁷, *adj.*: hav'g bench-legs, bandy-legged. **-casse**¹⁷ [Prov. *-casso*], *f.*: sea-chest (used as bench and bed). **-celle**¹⁵, *f.*: seat or box (of cab). **-che**¹⁶ [*dial. form of banc*], *f.*: marl or chalk bank; planking (of pounding, or stamping box). **-chée**¹⁷ [*-che*], *f.*: masonry supporting a wall. **-cq**¹⁷ [It.], *m.*: =, bank value.
bancroche¹⁷ [cf. *bancal*], *adj.*: crooked-legged, bandy-, bow-legged.
ban-dage¹⁵ [*-der*], *m.*: =; BANDAGING;

tire; BINDING; truss. **-dagiste**¹⁷, m.: maker of bandages or trusses.

1. **bande**¹⁸ [It. *banda*, Goth. *bandi*, bond, all ak. to 2. *bande*], f.: †band (of soldiers under one BANNER): troop, gang, crew.

2. **ban-de**¹² [old *bende*, OHG. *binda*], f.: BAND, strip; girth; badge; cushion (of billiard table). **-dé**¹¹, adj.: banded, striped. **-deau**¹¹, m.: headband; blind-fold; wreath; loop (of curtains); small girth; truss. **-delette**¹³ [old *-delle*, fr. *-deau*], f.: little band, ribbon, bandage.

-der¹¹, tr., intr.: bind up, tie up; brace up, stiffen; stretch; be tight; touch (cushion at billiards). **-dereau**¹⁴, m.: trumpet string. **-derole**¹⁵ [*-diere*], f.: pennant, BANDROL; strap (of knapsack).

†**-diere**¹³ [It. *-diera*], f.: army banner.

-dingue¹⁷ [Prov. *-dengo*, ak. to *-der*], f.: guy-rope (of seine), brail.

bandins¹⁶ [It. *-dini*], m. pl.: taffrail.

bandir¹⁶ [It. *-dito* (*-dire*, BANISH) outlaw], m.: =.

bandoir¹⁷ [*-der*], m.: spring (that binds, holds in place).

†**bandolier**¹⁶ or †**-doulier** [Sp. *-dolero* (*-da*, BAND, faction)], m.: 'factioner' (one set against law and order); BANDIT (robber, outlaw).

bandoulière¹⁵ [Sp. *-dolera* (*-da*, BAND)], f.: bandoleer (shoulder belt); certain fish, wrasse.

bandure¹⁷ [Sansk. *-dhura*], f.: BANDURA, gentian.

banian¹⁵ [Hindu. *-niyan*, merchant], m.: =, non-flesh-eating Hindu.

bank-note¹⁸ [Eng.], f.: =.

banlieue¹², f.: jurisdiction (under 'ban' for about a 'league' around a village); suburbs, environs.

ban-ne⁶ [L. *benna*, chariot], f.: wagon (for coal, etc.); wooden vessel (to transport vintage); large basket; awning. **-neau**¹², m.: cart; grain-, or vintage-vessel; vinegar caak. **-ner**¹⁷, tr.: cover (with an awning).

banneret¹³ [*-nnière*], adj., m.: =.

ban-neton¹² [*banne*], m.: bread-basket; fish-box, cauf. **-nette**¹² [*banne*], f.: basket.

banni¹² [*-nnir*], m.: exile.

bannière¹¹ [ak. to 2. *bande*], f.: banner, standard, flag.

ban-nir¹² [Frank. *-njan*, proclaim], tr.: banish. **-nissable**¹⁰, adj.: banishable.

-nissement¹², m.: BANISHMENT.

ban-que¹⁵ [It. *-ca* f. of *-co* (Ger. *bank*), BENCH, counter], f.: †counter (counting office; hawkers' shop); now bank (banking house or business; bank at gambling); BENCH (of artisans). **-queroute**¹⁵ [It. *-ca-rotta*, 'bane rompu'], f.: bankruptcy. **-queroutier**¹⁵, **-ière** [*-queroute*], m., f.:

bankrupt. **-quet**¹⁴ [It. *-chetto* (dim. of *co*)], m.: =. **-queter**¹⁴ [*-quet*], intr.: BANQUET, feast. **-quetteur** [*-ter*], m.: reveler. **-quette**¹⁴ [Prov. *-queta* (dim. of *banc*)], f.: =; (covered) bench; foot-way, rampart-walk; sidewalk; stone support (of window). **-quier**¹⁵, m.: banker. **-quize**¹⁵ [*banc*, †Eng. *ice*], f.: iceberg. **-quiste**¹⁵, m.: mountebank, quack.

†**bans** = *bances*, m. pl. of *banc*.

banse¹⁷ [Ger. *banse*, basket], f.: hamper. **ban-vin**¹², m.: proclamation (of the day for selling new wine); privilege of lord to sell wine a certain time to the exclusion of others, wine-law.

†**bapanme**¹⁷ [?], m.: complete becalming (of ship).

bap-tême⁶ [L. *-tisma*, Gr. *-tizein*, dip], m.: BAPTISM. **-tiser**¹⁰ [L. *-tizare*], tr.: baptise; christen; name. **-tismal**¹³, pl. aux [L. *-tisma*], adj.: =. **-tistaire**¹⁵ [*tiser*], adj.: pertaining to baptism. **-tistère**¹⁰ [L. *-terium*], m.: baptistry.

ba-quet¹⁵ [*bac*], m.: BUCKET; tub; trough. **-queter**¹⁴, tr.: dip, scoop, bail out (water). **baquettes**¹⁷ [for *béquettes*?], f. pl.: tongs (for drawing wire).

baqueture¹⁷ [*-qucf*], f.: drippings (of wine).

1. †**bar** = *bard*.

2. **bar**¹⁸ [Eng.], m.: = (drinking place).

3. **bar**¹⁸ or **bars** [Ger. *bars*(ch)], m.: PERCH.

baragon-in¹⁶ [Bret. *bara*, bread, *gwin*, wine, not understood by the French, hence 'gibberish'], m.: gibberish. **-inage**¹⁵, m.: jabbering. **-iner**¹⁵, tr.: jabber; pronounce badly. **-ineur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*-iner*], m., f.: jabberer.

baralipson¹⁵ [coined by logicians], m.: = (certain syllogism.)

barandage¹⁶ [? Prov. *-randa*, closure (*-rrar*, BAR)], m.: reserved fishing (indicated by a net stretched across the stream).

barange¹⁷ [*-rrer*], f.: wall (to keep the wood from the live coals, in salt-works).

bara-que¹⁴ [It. *-cca* (L. *barra*, bar)], f.: BARRACK in sense of 'hut'; hovel; shed (of boards answering for tent); locker (for books); temple. **-quement**¹⁵ [*-quer*], m.: hutting, soldier-quarters; encampment. **-quer**¹⁵, tr.: hut.

barat¹² [?], m.: fraud.

barate¹⁷ [?], f.: sail band (rope stretched across the convex side of a sail to strengthen the sail).

bara-ter¹² [*-rat*], tr.: deceive. **-terie**¹², f.: fraud (esp. against ship-insurers).

barat-te¹⁵ [?], f.: churn. **-ter**¹⁵, tr.: churn.

Barbade, f.: Barbadoes (island in West Indies).

barbacane¹¹ [Ar., *f.*: BARBICAN; loop-hole; scupper.

†**barbacole**¹⁵ [name in a play], *m.*: school-master.

barbara¹⁶ [coined by logicians], *m.*: = (a certain syllogism).

barbarasse¹⁵ [?], *f.*: roping (to strengthen hawsers).

barba-re¹² [L. -rus, orig. 'stammerer']], *adj.*: BARBARIAN; barbarous (rude; cruel).

-rement¹⁵, *adv.*: like a barbarian.

-resque¹⁷ [It. -resco], *adj.*: of Barbary.

-rie¹⁵ [L. -ria], *f.*: barbarity; barbarism; cruelty. **-risme**¹² [L. -ismus], *m.*: barbarism (of grammar, or culture).

1. **bar-be**¹⁵ [It. -bero], *m.*: BARBARY horse; *adj.*: of Barbary.

2. **bar-be**⁹ [L. -ba], *f.*: beard (of man, of animals; whiskers; BARB; filament; awn of grain; beardlike appendage); fuzzy mold; fringe; jagged edge (as teeth of a saw); bit (of a key).

3. **-be**¹⁶ [Pied. *barba*, beard; venerable person], *m.*: preacher, priest (among Vaudois).

-bé¹⁰ *adj.*: bearded, barbate. 1. **-beau**¹¹ [L. -bellum (*barba*, beard)], *m.*: BARBEL (fish).

2. **-beau**¹⁶, *m.*: blue-bottle (plant).

-belé¹² [Ofr. -bel, little *barbe*], *adj.*: barbed (as an arrow).

-belle¹⁵, *f.*: little beard; pappus. **-berrie**¹⁴ [*-bier*], *f.*: †barber-shop; barber's art.

-brun¹⁵, *m.*: plant goat's beard, salsify.

-brut¹⁵, *m.*: †barber's assistant; poor barber. **Barberousse**, *m.*: Barbarossa (lit. 'red-beard').

1. **-bet**¹⁶, 1. **-bette**, *m., f.*: water-spaniel (cf. *caniche*); (common name of several fish) mullet, BARBEL, etc.

2. **-bet**¹⁶ [3.-be], *m.*: Vaudois refugee; smuggler (in the Alps).

2. **-bette**¹⁵, *f.*: =; nun's head-dress; *coucher à la —*, 'lie down flat'.

-beyer¹⁶ [? if fr. -ba, 'beard' it is like Eng. 'whisk' and 'whiskers'], *intr.*: shake, flap (as a sail).

-biche¹⁶, *f.*: weak beard; goatee, imperial. **-bichen**¹⁷ or **-bichet** [*-biche*], *m.*: little water-spaniel.

-bier¹², *m.*: barber. **-bifier**¹⁵, *tr.*: shave. **-bille**¹⁷, *f.*: little beard; wire-edge of coins.

1. **-billon**¹² [*-lle*], *m.*: barbel; gills; wattle.

2. **-billon**¹⁵ [*-beau*], *m.*: little barbel (fish).

-bon¹⁵ [It. -bone, large beard], *m.*: old codger, gray-beard; sweet rush (plant); *adj.*: peevish.

barbo-tage¹⁵, *m.*: dabbling, paddling; muttering. **-te**¹², *f.*: (common name for) eel-pout and loach.

-teau¹⁵ [*-bote*], *m.*: (common name for) chub, see *chevanne*.

||-ter¹² [?], *intr.*: dabble, splatter, splash (in mud, in water); beat against wind (as a ship) without advancing, toil; *tr.*: splatter, garble (a language).

-teur¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: splatterer, dabbler; tame

duck; *f.*: prostitute. **-tière**¹⁵, *f.*: paddle, duck-pond; duck-trough. **-tine**¹⁷, *f.*: semen-contra (vermifuge), wormwood; pottery glue (for sticking decorations); pottery with relief decorations.

barbouil-lage¹⁶, *m.*: daubing; daub; scrawl; jabbering. **||-ler**¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: daub, smear; blot; muss; mar; scrawl; stammer.

-leur¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: poor painter, dauber; poor writer or talker.

barbouquet¹⁷ [*bar* (L. *bis*, twice), *bouquet*], *m.*: sore, slight wound (on lips); eruption (on sheep).

barboute¹⁷ [?], *f.*: sugar (with too much syrup in it, after one refining).

barbu¹² [*-rbe*], *adj.*: bearded; *f.*: brill, dab (fish).

†**barbuquet** = *bouquet*.

barbure¹⁷ [*-rbe*], *f.*: roughness, wire-edge (of coins).

barcarolle¹⁷ [Venetian *-rola*, *f.* of *-rolo*, gondolier], *f.*: Venetian boat song.

†**barcelonnette** = *bercelonnette*.

bar-d⁹ [for *beard* = *bayart*], *m.*: barrow; truck. †**-dache**¹⁵ [It. *-scia*], *m.*: sodomite.

-dage¹⁵, *m.*: moving, carrying, loading (with a barrow).

bardane¹⁴ [l. L. *-dana* [L. *-da*, cover]], *f.*: burdock (plant).

1. **barde**¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (Gall.)], *m.*: BARD, poet.

2. **bar-de**¹² [It. *-da* (from Arab.)], *f.*: barb, horse-armour; saddle-blanket; slice of bacon (used to baste meat).

-deau¹⁵, *m.*: shingle; lath; †board-dam.

1. **bardée**¹⁶ [1.-der], *f.*: barrow-load.

2. **bardée**¹⁵ [2.-der], *f.*: slices of fat (in basting fowl).

bardelle¹⁵ [2. *barde*], *f.*: saddle-blanket.

1. **barder**¹⁷ [*bard*], *tr.*: load, carry on a barrow.

2. **barder**¹⁴ [2. *barde*], *tr.*: cover (a horse) with armour ('barde'); baste (fowl).

bardeur¹⁶ [*bard*], *m.*: hod-carrier; barrow-man.

bardis¹⁵ [*-rde*], *m.*: partition (in hold of ship); water-tight planking.

bardit¹⁶ [l. L. *-tus* (L. *baritus*)], *m.*: battle-cry (of the anc. Germans).

bardot¹⁵ [It. *-dotto* ak. to 2. *barde*], *m.*: beast of burden; drudge; refuse paper; butt (of ridicule); lead-mule; hinny.

barège¹⁵ [valley *Barèges*], *m.*: = (a wool cloth).

barème¹⁶ [mathematician *Barrème*], *m.*: ready-reckoner, interest-book.

1. **barge**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: god-wit (bird).

2. **barge**¹⁰ [l. L. *-ga* (? Celt.; cf. *barque*)], *f.*: =.

bargui-guage¹⁵, *m.*: haggling; hesitating; **||-guer**¹¹ [?], *tr., intr.*: †cheapen (cf. *BARGAIN*); hesitate. **-gneur**¹³, **-euse**, *m., f.*: hesitater; haggler.

barigel¹⁵ [It. -gello], m.: chief of sbirros (Italian detectives).

barigoule¹⁵ [Prov. -goule], f.: certain mushroom: way of preparing artichokes.

bari-l¹¹ [?], m.: BARREL (keg; tub); door spring. **-let**¹², m.: little barrel; cylinder (of revolver); ink-stand; jewel-case; box (for tape-line); drum; tube; roller. **-lon**¹⁷, m.: little barrel; cylinder (of pump).

bario-lage¹⁶, m.: mixture of colours, motley. **-ler**¹⁶ [?], tr.: variegate; mottle.

†**barisel** = **barigel**.

†**barite** = **baryte**.

†**barium** = **baryum**.

barle¹⁵ [?], f.: fault, break, fracture of strata.

barlin¹⁷ [?], m.: knot (for twisting silk).

barlong¹², = **ongue** [bar (L. *bis*), twice, etc., long], adj.: of unequal length; longer on one side than the other.

barlotière¹⁷ [? *barreau*], f.: rabbeted bar (in a window sash).

barnache¹⁶ [Ir.], f.: (*vulg.*) barnacle; certain wild goose.

baro-centrique¹⁵ [Gr. *báros*, weight, L. *centrum*, center], adj.: *courbe* —, curve measured by the intersection of two lines vertical to each other on same meridian.

baroco¹⁵ [coined by logicians], m.: = (syllogism).

baro-mètre¹⁶ [Gr. *báros*, weight, *mêtron*, measure], m.: BAROMETER. **-métrique**¹⁷, adj.: barometrical.

ba-ron¹⁰ [? L. *baro* (sense of 'soldier')], m.: = **-ronnage**¹⁴, m.: rank of baron; body of the barons. **-ronne**, f.: baroness. **ronnet**¹⁷ [Eng.], m.: baronet.

-ronnial¹⁵, pl. = **aur** [-*nnie*], adj.: baronial. **-ronnie**¹¹, f.: barony; baronage.

baroque¹⁶ [Sp. *barrueco*, ill-shaped pearl], adj.: = (odd-shaped; queer, grotesque).

baroscope¹⁶ [Gr. *báros*, weight, *skopéin*, examine], m.: =.

bar-que¹⁵ [It. -*rea*], f.: boat; bark (cf. *barge*). **-quée**¹⁵, f.: boat-load. **-que-rolle**¹⁵, f.: small boat; (Adriatic) barge.

-quette¹⁵, f.: little boat.

bar-rage¹¹, m.: barring up; closure (of road); dam. **-rager**¹⁶ [-*rage*], m.: toll-taker. [†**bar-re**¹⁷ [?], f.: BAR (at court); tiller; helm; hyphen; lever; obstacle; stripe. **-rean**¹², m.: rail, bar (of wood, of iron); court, bar; body of lawyers.

• **-re-fort**¹⁸ [†*fort* = *forte*], m.: pine beam. **bar-rer**¹¹, tr., intr.: bar up; obstruct; cancel; stripe; turn the tiller, steer.

1. **bar-rette**¹⁷, f.: little bar; axle, pin.

2. **barrette**¹⁸ [It. -*tta*], f.: bonnet, official cap, =: *parler à la — de quelqu'un*, say it to one's face.

barreur¹⁶ [-*rrer*], m.: header, dog trained to prevent the escape of game; tiller-holder, helmsman.

barri-cade¹⁵ [It. -*cata* (-*ca*, cask)], f.: = **-cader**¹⁵, tr.: barricade (orig'ly with casks): *se —*, screen one's self.

barrière¹⁵ [*barre*], f.: BARRIER, obstacle; gate; tilting place.

barrique¹⁵ [Prov. -*rrica* (cf. *baril*)], f.: BARREL with capacity of 200 litres or more; hogshead.

barr-ir¹⁵ [L. -*ire*], intr.: trumpet (of elephant). **-it**¹⁶ [L. -*itus*], m.: trumpeting (of elephant).

barroir¹⁵ [-*rre*], m.: cooper's anger.

1. **barrot**¹⁶ [ak. to *baril*], m.: kit (for anchovies).

2. **bar-rot**¹⁵ [-*rre*], m.: beam (supporting deck of ship). **-roter**¹⁶, tr.: fill, load to the *barrot*.

barrure¹² [-*rrer*], f.: cross bars of lute. †**bars** = 3-*bar*.

bartavelle¹⁷ [Prov. -*vela*], f.: red or Greek partridge.

baryte¹⁷ [Gr. *barús*, heavy], f.: barytes, oxide of BARIUM.

baryton¹⁷ [Gr. *barús*, heavy, *tónos*, tone], m. and adj.: barytone.

baryum¹⁵ [ak. to -*yte*], m.: barium (chem. element).

bas⁹, **basse** [p. L. *bassus*, 'thick' and 'short'], adj.: low (short; heavy-set; BASE, coarse; vile; vulgar; cheap; BASS, heavy; subaltern); lower (part of towns, rivers, mountains); common, not literary; m.: subaltern (officer); BASE, bottom; stocking; low or lower part (of dress, house, stairway, etc.); commonplace; coarseness; adv.: below, low, deep, down; in humble condition, at low ebb; in secret: **bas-bleu**, bluestocking, literary woman; *en —*, below, downstairs; *trailer de haut en —*, treat contemptuously; *d — !* down with him! *d — les traitres!* down with the traitors! *mettre —*, put down, overturn; drop young.

basal-te¹⁵ [L. -*tes*], m.: BASALT (rock). **-tique**¹⁸ adj.: basaltic.

bas-a-ne¹² [Prov. -*na* (fr. Ar.)], f.: sheep-skin (for benches, chairs, etc.). **-né**¹⁵, tr.: †make like sheep-skin; render tawny, adj.: tawny, tan. **-ner**¹⁵, tr.: tan.

†**bas-bleu** see **bas**, m.

bascu-le¹⁴ [for *bacule* (old *-ler*, spank: *battre cul*)], f.: see-saw; scales; lever.

-ler¹⁸ intr.: see-saw; rock.

ba-se¹¹ [L. (Gr.) *básis*], f.: =, bottom; BASIS. **-ser**¹⁷, tr.: base, found. **-s-fond**⁹, m.: low place; shallows. **-silaire**¹⁸, adj.: basilar, principal.

basile¹⁷ [?], m.: slant (of the blade of a plane).

1. **basilic**¹¹ [L. *basilica*, Gr. *basilikos* (dim. of *basileus*, king)], *m.*: BASILISK (myth. monster; certain harmless arboreal reptile).

2. **lic**¹⁴ [L. *licon*], *m.*: sweet BASIL (plant).

licon¹⁵ or **licum** [L. fr. Gr. *likón*, royal], *m.*: = (ointment). 1-**lique**¹⁶ [L. *lica*], *f.*: basilica (Roman edifice), temple;

(later) church. 2-**lique**¹⁴ [Gr. *likós*, kingly], *adj.*: basilic, basilical (of blood vessels), principal.

basin¹³ [fr. It.], *m.*: dimity (a cotton cloth; †Eng. BOMBACE).

basique¹⁸ [*base*], *adj.*: basic.

ba-soche⁹ [L. *silica* (cf. 1-*silice*) tribunal], *f.*: body of clerks (of court) hav'g certain privileges; body of lawyers.

-sochien¹⁵, *m.*: clerk or lawyer (as belonging to the *basoche*).

basque¹² [fr. *baste* (?) infl. by *-guine*], *f.*: = (part of woman's dress); skirt (of a man's coat); lead (so shaped for roofing).

basquine¹⁶ [Sp. *quina*], *f.*: certain skirt (used among the Basques).

†**bas-relief** = *relief*.

†**basage** = *passage*.

1-**bas-se**⁹ [fem. of *bas*, low, etc.; (infl. by It. *-so*)], *f.*: BASS (in music); bass voice;

violin-cello: — *de viole*, (formerly violin-cello); shoal (shallow water). 2-**se**¹⁸

[It. *-sa* (*-sure*, lower)], *f.*: slope (used for galloping). **-se-contre**¹⁵, *pl.* — *s*—, *f.*: (formerly 'bass-voice') bass-singer.

-se-cour¹⁵, *pl.* — *s*—, *f.*: finner court or yard (for the quarry); farm-yard;

poultry-yard. **-se-fosse**¹⁷, *pl.* — *s*—, *f.*: underground or deep prison, dungeon.

-se-marche, *pl.* — *s*—, *f.*: treadle. **-se-mont**¹¹, *adv.*: humbly; BASELY, coarsely;

†softly (of voice). **-ser**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: dress (the warp in weaving). **-sesse**¹¹, *f.*:

BASENESS, meanness; base action or deed; servility; depravity. **-set**¹¹, **-tte**, *adj.*:

rather low; *m.*: = (low-set dog). **-se-taille**¹⁵, *pl.* — *s*—, *f.*: (formerly 'barytone' between bass and tenor); basso-

profondo; †bas-relief. **-sette**¹⁶ [It. *-setta*], *f.*: BASSET (game at cards).

†**basille** = *basile*.

bas-sin⁹ [L. *baschinon* (?) ak. to *bac*], *m.*: BASIN (hollow vessel, bowl; reservoir

dock for ships; river-system); dessert-plate; plate (of balance); pit; pelvis.

-singe¹⁵ [*-ner*], *m.*: sprinkling (plants); wetting up (bread). **-sine**¹⁵, *f.*: pan (for

confectionery). **-sinée**¹⁵, *f.*: basinfal, panful. **-siner**¹⁵, *tr.*: moisten, wet;

soak (willows); warm (as a bed with a BASIN of coals). **-sinet**¹¹, *m.*: little basin;

fire-pan (of old flint-lock gun); †metallic hood (of helmet); drip-cup (under a light);

crowfoot (plant). **-sinoire**¹⁴ [*-siner*],

f.: warming-pan. **-sinot**, *m.*: tub (of a dyer).

basson¹⁶ [*basse*], *m.*: bassoon (musical instrument); bassoonist.

†**bas-tant**¹⁵ [*-ter*], *adj.*: sufficient.

1-**te**¹⁵ [3 sing. Pr. Ind. *-ter*], *interj.*: enough! nonsense! hold!

2-**baste**¹⁵ [It. *-ta*], *f.*: fold, plait (of dress).

3-**baste**¹⁶ [Sp. *-to*, clubs at cards], *m.*: ace of clubs (at ombre).

baster¹⁵ [It. *-lare*], *intr.*: †suffice; be satisfactory.

basterne¹⁷ [L. *L. -terna*], *f.*: (Roman) litter; ox-chariot (of early French kings).

bas-tide¹⁸ [Prov. *-tida* (*-tir* = Fr. *bâtir*)], *f.*: fortification, redoubt; =; (*dial.*)

country-house. **-tîle**¹³, *f.*: †fortress; bastille (fort in Paris, used as a prison).

bas-tingage¹⁷ [*-tinguer*], *m.*: protective roping (about a fighting ship). †**-tjn-**

que¹⁶ [It. *-tinga*], *f.*: (ship's) quarter-netting. **-tinguer**¹⁶, *tr.*: furnish with

protective roping; arrange, stow (in the *baslingage*, rope barricade).

bas-tion¹⁴ [It. *-tione*], *m.*: =, mass of protective earth. **-tionner**¹⁶, *tr.*:

furnish with a bastion; **-tionné**, *adj.*: bastioned.

bastonnade¹⁵ [Sp. *-tonada* (*-ton* = Fr. *bâton*, cane)], *f.*: bastinado, caning.

bastingue¹⁸ [?], *m.*: noisy public dance.

†**bastude** = *battude*.

bas-ventre, *m.*: hypogastric region.

1-**bat**¹⁵ [*battre*], *m.*: †beating (of pulse); beater, tail (of fish), tip (of wing).

2-**bat** [? ak. to *bâtir*], *m.*: covering board, plank-sheer (of ship-planking).

bât¹³ [L. *L. bastum*, ak. to Gr. *bastazein* (?), carry], *m.*: pack-saddle.

bataclan¹⁸ [?], *m.*: traps, luggage.

ba-tail¹⁴ [*-tître*], *m.*: hammer, striker (of clocks). **-taille**⁹ [p. L. *-italia* (L. *-tuere*, beat)], *f.*: BATTLE; card game; line of

battle; infantry (forming centre of army): *c'est son cheval de —*, it is his

hobby. **-taille**¹⁶, *adj.*: hav'g a *batail*, striker. **-tailleur**¹¹ [*-taille*], *intr.*: bat-

tle, give battle (not used of armies). **-tailleur**¹², **-ense** [*-tailleur*], *adj.*: conten-

tious, fond of fighting. **-tailleur**¹⁵ [It. *-taglione*], *m.*: battalion.

bâtar-d¹¹ [*bât*: ref. to the use of saddles as beds by muleteers], *adj.*: BASTARD (of

impure race, or stock); feigned; *m.* (f. **-de**): illegitimate child. 1-**deau**¹⁵, *m.*:

dim. of *bâtard*.

2-**bâtardeau**¹⁵ [OFr. *bâtard* (*bâtir*)], structure, dike, *m.*: dam or embankment;

planking (aboard ship to keep out water). **bâtar-dièr**¹⁵ [*-d*], *f.*: nursery (of bud-

ded or grafted trees). **-dise**¹⁵ [-d], f.: bastardy.

Bata-vie, f.: Batavia (poetic for Holland). **-vique**¹⁶, adj.: Dutch: *larme* —, Prince Rupert's drop (a glass globule that breaks up fine if it is broken at all).

†**bate**¹³ = **bat**.

bâte¹³ [L. *basta* ak. to *bâtir*, *bâton*], f.: support; setting (of ring); case (of watch, snuff-box).

bâté¹⁵ [-ter], adj.: hav'g a pack-saddle on, saddled.

bateau¹¹ [OEng. *bat*], m.: BOAT: boatload; (boat-like) bed; body (of carriage); dish: — *à vapeur*, steamboat.

1. **batelage**¹⁵ [-leur], m.: sleight-of-hand.

2. **ba-telage**¹⁴, m.: loading, unloading of ships, lightering. **-telée**¹² [-teau], f.: boat-load. **||-teler**¹³ [-teau], intr.: load or unload (ship). **-telet**¹² [-teau], m.: little boat.

bateleur¹², = **ense** [OFr. *basteler*, juggle], m., f.: juggler, magician; mountebank.

ba-telier¹² = **ièrre** [-teler], m., f.: boatman. **-tellerie**¹⁵, [-teau], f.: transfer (by boats).

†**batême**, etc. = **baptême**, etc.

bâter¹⁵ [*bât*], tr.: saddle (with a pack-saddle).

bathomètre¹⁸ [Gr. *bathús*, deep, *mêtron*, measure], m.: BATHYMETER.

1. **bâti**¹⁷ [-tir, build], m.: scaffolding, lattice, trellis-work.

2. **bâti**¹⁷ [-tir, baste], m.: BASTING.

bâ-tier¹² [*bât*], m.: maker of pack-saddles. **-tière**¹² [*bât*], f.: pack-saddle; roof (resembling pack-saddle).

batifo-lage¹⁶, m.: romping. **-lant**¹⁶, adj.: playful, romping. **||-ler**¹⁵ [It. *battifolle*, 'rampart' as a place for play], intr.: play, have sport; esp. play games with the hands. **-leur**¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: player.

bâtimement¹³ [-tir, build], m.: construction (of building); structure; ship, vessel: *être du* —, be participant in an affair.

bâtine¹⁵ [*bât*], f.: cushioned pack-saddle.

1. **bâtir**¹⁶ [OHG. *bastjan*, sew], tr.: BASTE, tack.

2. **†bâ-tir**¹⁶ [p. L. *bastire* (?)], tr.: build (construct, erect; frame, shape, form).

†**tissage**¹⁵, m.: constructing (of house, etc.); shaping (of hats). **-tisse**¹⁷, f.: heavy part (of building); walls. **-tis-**

seur¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: builder; one fond of building. **-tissoir**¹⁷, m.: stave-setter (cooper's machine).

batiste¹⁵ [name of first maker], f.: cambric (cloth).

bâ-ton¹⁰ [L. *†basto* (?)], m.: =; stick, rod; cane; support; pole (for banners, etc.); round, rung (of a chair); whip; staff, rod (of authority); pump-handle; wand; stroke (in writing); bar (music); crook; crosier (of bishops); perch; spoke (of wheel): *battre l'eau avec un* —, try in vain; *mettre des* — *dans les roues*, put on brakes; *à* — *rompus*, piecemeal; *tour de* — dishonest gain; — *s flottants*, driftwood; what appears important but proves of no consequence; † — *blanc*, bare branch, i.e. empty-handedness, poverty; *Martin Bâton*, proverbial name for a valet who cudgels. **-tonnage**¹⁵, m.: tickling (a brute's palate to cause excretion). **-tonnat**¹⁵ [-tonnier], m.: functions or term of a *bâtonnier*. **-tonnée**¹⁶, f.: pumpage, spurt (of one stroke of ship's pump). **-tonner**¹⁵, tr.: cudgel, flog, whip; cross out (what is written). **-ton-**
net¹², m.: little *bâton*; tip-cat (children's game with stick sharpened at both ends); straight part of a cup-and-ball; four-edged ruler; veterinary's instrument (for bleeding); minute cylindrical body in the retina; name of certain infusoria. **-ton-**
nier¹⁵, m.: †standard-bearer; chief of the lawyer's association; annual president (of lawyer's association in France). **-ton-**
niste, m.: cudgel-player; stick-trickster (with a magic wand).

batoude¹⁸ [? It. *battuto* (ak. to *battre*), flooring], f.: spring-board.

batracien¹⁵ [Gr. *-chos*, frog], m.: BAT-
TRACHIAN.

bat-tage¹⁵, m.: beating, hammering; threshing (of grain); churning (of butter); pulverizing. **-tant**¹², adj.: beating, pelting: *porte battante*, two-leaved door; self-acting door; m.: clapper (of bell); each leaf (of a door, table); latch (of door); flap, fly. †**-tant-l'œil**¹⁷, pl. —, m.: morning cap. 1. **-te**¹⁶ [?], f.: cantle of a saddle. 2. **-te**¹⁵, f.: hammering; striker (flat stick for smoothing down plaster, etc.); paving-rammer; dasher (of churn); ball-BAT; wooden sword; meat-mallet; wash-board. **-tée**¹⁶, f.: what a workman can beat at one stroke; jamb (of door). **-tellement**¹⁶ [? OFr. *-teiller*, indent], m.: lowest layer (of roof-tiling). **-tement**¹¹, m.: beating (of drum, feet, oars); repeated beating, fluttering; palpitation; jamb (of door, or anything on which a movable piece closes); shake (in music). **-terie**¹¹, f.: battery; fight; beat (of drum); striking strings (of guitar, instead of picking them); (electric) battery; apparatus or place for beating in manufacturing;

kitchen utensils (as of *métal battu*).
-teur¹¹, **=euse**, *m., f.*: beater; (flail: thresher, gold-worker; beater who scares up game); scout; marauder; *f.*:¹⁸ threshing machine, separator. **-titure**¹² [It. *-titure*], *f.*: spark, scale (from forged iron). **-toir**¹², *m.*: bat; beetle (in washing); tennis-racket. †**-toire**, *f.*: (*dial.*) churn. ‖**bat-tre**^o [L. *battuere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: beat (strike, **BATTER**, pound; defeat; thresh; hammer; search as though beating up game; clap hands); beat, mark time; flap (wings); shuffle (cards): *se* —, fight, **COMBAT**, scuffle; scramble; — *l'air, l'eau*, have one's trouble for nothing; — *le pavé*, run the streets; *se* — *à la perche*, struggle in vain; *il ne bat plus que d'une aile*, he hasn't all his resources. **-tu**, *adj.*: beaten: *fer* —, sheet iron; *m.*: un — *d'or*, gold-foil, gold-leaf. **-tude**¹² [Prov. *batuda*], *f.*: seine **-tue**¹⁴, *f.*: beating up (wild game), hunt; beating (of silk cocoons in hot water); hoof-beat (of a horse). **-ture**¹¹, *f.*: †beating; batter, mixture; gold-lackering; shoals, reef (where waves beat).

§ Ind.: Pr. *bats, batts, bat.* — l've *bats*. Otherwise regular.

bau¹² [OHG. *balcho* (= Ger. *Balken*), beam], *m.*: beam (of ship); *maitre* —, mid-ship beam.

baubi¹² [?], *m.*: certain stocky dog (for hunting fox, boar, etc.).

bauche¹² [also *bauge*, ak. to *baugue*], *f.*: mortar (of dirt and straw); mud (for building rude houses).

bau-d¹² [? OHG. *bald*, *balld*], *m.*: (Barbarian) deer-hound. **-def**¹², *m.*: jack-ass; block-head; saw-buck. **-dir**¹², *tr.*: set (dogs) on, excite, incite.

Baudouin, *m.*: Baldwin.

baudrier¹¹ [OHG. *balderich*, (? L. *balteus*, belt)], *m.*: BELT.

baudruche¹² [?], *f.*: an intestinal membrane (used to make toy-balloons, and by gold-beaters to enclose gold-leaf).

banfe¹⁷ [Prov. *fo*], *f.*: trot-line.

ban-ge¹² [?], *f.*: lair (of wild animals); see *bauche*. **bauger**¹², *refl.*: betake itself to its lair.

†**baugue** = *baugue*.

1. **banme**¹² [L. *balma* (? Celt.)], *f.*: grotto.

2. **ban-me**^o [L. *balsamum* (fr. Gr.-Heb.)], *m.*: BALSAM, BALM; mint: — *d'acier* (*facet.*), dentist's forceps. **ban-mier**¹², *m.*: balsam tree.

baugue¹⁷ [Prov. *baugo*, ak. to *bauche*], *f.*: (grass, etc. used as) bedding, packing.

bauguière¹² [*bauc*, old for *bau*], *f.*: (nav.) beam support.

bauguin¹² [= *bouguin*], *m.*: mouth end (of glassblower's tube).

bauz, see *bail*.

bavar-d¹² [*bave*], *adj.*: talkative; *m., f.*: talker, prattler; busybody. **-dage**¹⁷, *m.*: prattle, talk, bosh. **-der**¹², *intr.*: prate; blab. †**-drie**¹² [*-der*], *f.*: talkativeness. **-diner**¹², *intr.*: (*humor.*) prattle. †**-dise**¹² [*-der*], *f.*: talk, trifles.

bavarois, **=oise**, *m., f.*: Bavarian; *m.*: Bavarian language; *f.*: drink (made of tea, syrup and milk); *adj.*: Bavarian.

ba-ve¹² [echoic; cf. *babiller*], *f.*: (Ofr.) babbling, prattling; slobbering; slime (of snail); first threads secreted by silk-worm.

-ver¹², *intr.*: slobber; flow steady (as blood fr. a vein, not an artery). **-votte**¹², *f.*: bib; piece of flesh under the sirloin (fr. its shape); lid, cover (in certain constructions): *tailler une* —, prattle.

-vense¹² [*-veuz*], *f.*: blenny (fish).

-veur¹², **=euse**, *adj.*: slobbering; running (of wound); scrawling (writing): not cooked enough (of omelette).

-voche¹² [*-ver*], *tr.*: mar (in printing, etc.); make uneven. **-vochue**¹⁷ [*-rocher*], *f.*: blurred work; unevenness.

Bavière, *f.*: Bavaria.

bavois¹² [?], *m.*: table of rates of coinage taxes.

bavo-let¹² [*bas, volet*], *m.*: rustic head-dress. **-lotte**¹², *f.*: girl wearing a peasant hood.

bavure¹² [*-ver*], *f.*: mark, monk's seam (left by the joint in the mould).

bayadère¹² [Port. *baileadeira*, ak. to *bal*], *f.*: East Indian dancing girl.

bayart¹² [?], *m.*: kind of barrow truck; (cf. *bard*).

ba-yer^o [p. L. **batäre* (?)], *intr.*: yawn, gape; gaze; Proverb: †*béer contre un four*, be overmatched; — *aux cornilles*, lose one's time in gazing; gaze with eager desire. **-yeur**¹², **=euse**, *m., f.*: curious or idle gaper.

†**bayonnette** = *baïonnette*.

bazar¹² [Pers.], *m.*: (= market).

bdellaire¹² [Gr. *bdella*, leech], *m.*: animal of leech type.

bdellium¹² [L. (fr. Heb.)], *m.*: =.

béant¹² [p'le of *béer*, old for *bayer*], *adj.*: gaping, yawning.

béa-t¹², **-te** [L. *beatus*, happy], *adj.*: †happy; beautified by the church; sanctimonious; hypocritically pious; *m., f.*: †silent beneficiary; hypocrite; *béates*, *f. pl.*: women who keep the rules of an order though not members of it. **-tification**¹² [*-tifier*], *f.*: =. **-tifier**¹² [L. *-tificare*], *tr.*: †make happy; beatify.

-tifque¹² [L. *-tificus*], *adj.*: beatific.

-tîles¹², *f. pl.*: work of *béates*, miscel-

laneous things; tid-bits, dainties. **-titude**¹² [L. *-titudo*], *f.*: =; title of sovereign pontiff.

beau⁹ (or **bel** bef. vowel-sound), *pl.* — **-x f.** **belle** [p. L. *bellus*], *adj.*: BEAUTIFUL (handsome, fair, fine); exact; *m.*: (the) beautiful; beauty; beau; belle; *adv.*: finely, well: *j'ai* — (elipt. for 'it is all very well for me,' hence) it is useless for me, I... in vain; e.g. *j'ai* (*tu as, il a, etc.*) — *dire*, it is useless for me (thee, him) to speak, I (thou, he) speak in vain; *vous avez* — *faire*, you try in vain; *le* — *sexe*, fair sex; — *mangeur*, great eater; *les* — *arts*, fine arts; *un bel esprit*, person of fine taste; *les belles*, the fair sex, women; *le temps est au* —, the weather is fine; *cela vous fait une belle jambe*, what good will that do you? *porter* —, carry himself well (of horse, or dog); *acheter du* —, buy things of good quality; *les* — *esprits se rencontrent*, great minds run in same channel (said when two have same idea at once); *une belle affaire*, fine affair (fine muss); *faire un* — *coup*, make a lucky hit; *tout* —, be still! (expression to quiet a cross dog); *il est arrivé* — *premier*, far ahead (of race horse); *au* — *milieu de la rue*, exactly in the middle; *bel et bon*, perfectly. **-coup**¹³ [lit. 'fine piece'], *m.*: great deal, much; (with *de*) much, many; a great deal; *adv.*: much, considerably; *à* — *près*, by a great deal, near; *de* —, by far; a good deal; *il s'en faut de* —, it is very far from.

beaucuit¹³ [pop. etym. Eng. *buckwheat*], *m.*: BUCKWHEAT.

beau-fils¹⁶, *pl.* — **-x**, *m.*: step-son; (rarely) son-in-law. **-frère**¹⁵, *pl.* — **-x**, *m.*: brother-in-law. **-père**¹⁵, *pl.* — **-x**, *m.*: step-father; father-in-law.

beaupré¹⁵ [pop. for Eng. *bowsprit*], *m.*: BOWSPRIT.

beauté⁶ [p. L. **bellitas* (cf. *beau*)], *f.*: BEAUTY.

beauveau = *biveau*.

beauvotte¹⁴ [? L. *belua*, beast], *f.*: (dial.) grain insect.

bébé¹⁵ [Eng. *baby*], *m.*: BABY; doll.

bec⁹ [p. L. *beccus*], *m.*: BEAK (of birds, turtles, fish, certain insects, etc.); mouth; PEAK, point (as of pen, anchor, ship): *tenir quelqu'un le* — *dans l'eau*, keep one waiting in vain (fr. the figure of a water bird waiting); *faire le petit* —, mince matters; *Marie bon bec*, great talker; *être pris par le* —, convicted by his own words; *avoir le* — *bien affilé*, be talkative; *blanc* —, mouth with no moustache, greenhorn. **†becard**¹⁵, *m.*: (vulg.) merganser; (vulg.) salmon. **bécarde**¹⁵, *f.*: magpie (of Cayenne).

bécarre¹⁵ [It. *be-quadro* 'B-SQUARED'], *f.*: natural (in music).

bécas-se¹¹ [*bec*], *f.*: wood-cock; dupe, fool; basket-maker's machine: *brider la* —, catch the dupe; — *d'arbre*, owl. **-seau**¹⁵, *m.*: young wood-cock; sand-piper. **-sin**¹⁵, **-son**, *m.*: small snipe. **-sine**¹⁵, *f.*: snipe.

†becard = *bécard*.

†bec-cornu = *becque-cornu*.

bec-d'âne = *bédâne*. **-dr-cane**¹⁵, *pl.* — **-s** —, *m.*: "duck bill," surgeon's nippers; lock (hav'g a beveled bolt); knob or handle (of a door). **-dr-corbin**¹⁴, *pl.* — **-s** —, *m.*: ship-calker's nippers; halberd (of king's guards): *les becs-de-corbin*, gentlemen. **-dr-grue**⁹, *pl.* — **-s** —, *m.*: crane's-bill (geranium). **-dr-lièvre**¹⁵, *pl.* — **-s** —, *m.*: hare-lip.

becfigue¹⁵ [*bec* (*bequer*), *figue*], *m.*: fig-pecker (bird).

béchamel¹⁵ [the gourmand *Bechamel*], *f.*: cream sauce.

béchard¹⁵ [*bêche*], *m.*: sort of hoe.

bécharu¹⁷ [Prov. *becharut*], *m.*: (vulg.) flamingo.

†bêche = *bechevet*.

bê-che¹⁹ [L. *L. becca*], *f.*: spade; insect.

-chelon¹⁵, *m.*: small grubbing hoe.

-cher¹¹ *tr.*: dig, spade. **-cheton**¹⁵

[*-chette*], *m.*: garden spade. **-chette**¹⁵, *f.*: spade.

bêche-vet¹⁵ [L. *bis*, doubly, *chevet*], *m.*: bolster (pillow): *couchera à* —, lie, one's feet at other's head. **-vter**¹⁸, *tr.*: place end for end.

béchique¹⁵ [L. *-chicus* (Gr. *bêx*, cough)], *adj.*: BECHIC (cough-relieving), cough; *m.*: cough-medicine.

bê-chour¹⁵ [*-cher*], *m.*: large hoe. **-chon**¹⁵ [*-che*], *m.*: little hoe.

bécot¹⁶ [*bec*], *m.*: little snipe. **becque-cornu**¹⁵ [L. *becco-cornuto*, horned buck], *m.*: cuckold; fool. **†becquée** = *béquée*, etc. **†bécune**¹⁶ [*bec*], *f.*: sea-pike (fish).

bedaine¹² [OFr. *boudaine* (*boude*, big belly)], *f.*: (very fam.) big belly; belly, paunch; globular vase; rock (as projectile).

bédâne¹⁶ [for *bec-d'âne*], *m.*: chisel.

be-deau¹¹ [L. *-dellus* (Ger. root *bid*, cry out)], *m.*: BEADLE (*old*, lower court officer; university sergeant; now, church or parish officer). **-deau**¹⁵, *adj.*: *f.*: of mixed colour (in allusion to robe of beadle).

bédegar¹⁴ [fr. *Pers.*], *m.*: rose-gall.

bede-n¹³ [ak. to *bedaine*], *m.*: big belly; drum: — *de Suisse*, double-headed drum.

-ndaine¹⁵ [*bedon*, *bedaine*], *f.*: **†big** belly; bag-pipe; rock (as projectile); hurling machine.

bée¹¹ [for *bêe* (*bêre*)], *adj.*: open, gaping; *f.*: [same word as *baie*, gap], opening, lower end of mill-race.

†**beefsteak** *bif* = *bifsteck*.

†**béer** = *bayer*.

bessier¹⁴, [ak. to Eng. *baffle*], *tr.*: tridiculate; mystify.

bessroi¹¹ [OHG. *berc-writ* (*bergen*, protect, *vride*, peace), protecting tower], *m.*: movable tower (used in sieges); alarm-bell tower, BELFRY, bell.

bé-gaiement¹⁵ -gé, *m.*: stammering, impediment (in speech). -**gayant**¹⁶ -gai, *adj.*: stammering. †**gayement** -gai = -gaiement. †**gayer**¹⁴ [-gue], *intr.*: stammer, hesitate; champ, shake the bit (said of horse).

bégonia¹⁷ [Gen. *Bégon*], *m.*: = (plant).

bégu¹⁵, -gué [*?*], *adj.*: having age marks (on teeth after time for marks to disappear, said of horses).

bégue¹⁵ [*?*], *adj.*: stammering; *m.*, *f.*: stammerer.

bégueu-le¹⁴ [*bêe* (*bêre*), *gueule*], *f.*: gaper; one who makes much ado about nothing; *adj.*: affectedly scrupulous, prudish. -**lerie**¹⁷, *f.*: affected nicety.

bégu-in¹³, *m.*: BIGGIN, *Beguine's* cap; cap that ties under the chin; (very fam.) avoir un — pour quelqu'un, pour quelque chose, have a passion for. -**inage**¹², *m.*: community of *Beguine* nuns; exaggerated piety. †**-ine**¹¹ [*Bègue*, founder of the order], *f.*: *Beguine* (relig. sister); sister of third order of St François; affected devotee.

béige¹² [*bis*, brown], *adj.*: (*dial.*) yellow-white (as wool).

béignet¹³ [*bigne*], *m.*: little lump; fruit fritter.

†**béiram** = *bairam*.

béjaune¹³ [*bec*, *jaune*], *m.*: yellow BEAK (of young birds); young bird; eyas (young hawk); —s, new-comers: *payer son* —, pay initiation.

bel = *beau*.

bélandre¹⁵ [Dutch -*der* (*by*, 'near,' *land*)], *f.*: bilander (flat bottomed boat with sails).

bé-lant¹², *adj.*: bleating. -**lement**¹⁵, *m.*: bleating. †**-ler**⁹ [*bâlâre*], *intr.*: bleat.

bélette¹² [*bel*, as though 'little beauty'], *f.*: weasel.

Belgique, *f.*: Belgium (the kingdom).

bè-lier¹⁴ [Flem. *bell*, *bell*], *m.*: BELL-wether; Aries; battering-ram; pile driver; (hydraulic) ram. -**lière**¹⁴, *f.*: clapper-ring; watch-ring; leather ring supporting cavalry sabre. -**z-lin**¹², *m.*: (*dial.*) sheep.

bé-lître¹⁴, [Ger. *bettler*, beggar], *m.*: †beggar; good-for-nothing.

belladone¹⁵ [It. *bella donna*, 'fair lady'], *f.*: belladonna (plant, medicine).

bellâtre¹⁵ [*bel*], *adj.*: of insipid beauty; *m.*: insipid beauty.

belle (see *beau*): -**à-voir**¹⁵, *pl.* —s—, *f.*: summer cypress. -**dame**¹⁵, *pl.* —s—s, *f.*: BELLADONNA, garden spinage; notch-weed; butterfly. -**de-jour**¹⁶, *pl.* —s—, *f.*: asphodel, day-lily. -**de-nuit**¹⁶, *pl.* —s—, *f.*: jalap (blooms at night); sedge-warbler; (very fam.) "night bird" (gay woman). -**d-onze-heures**¹⁵, *pl.* —s—, *f.*: star of Bethlehem (flower).

-**d'un-jour**¹⁵, *pl.* —s—, *f.*: (yellow) asphodel. -**-fille**¹⁶, *pl.* —s—s, *f.*: step-daughter; daughter-in-law. -**ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: steady! easy! (to quiet a horse, etc.). -**mère**¹⁴, *pl.* —s—s, *f.*: step-mother; mother-in-law. -**s-lettres**, *f. pl.*: = (polite literature). -**sœur**¹⁴ *au* = *eu*, *f.*: step-sister; sister-in-law.

belli-gérant¹⁷ [L. -*gerans* (*bellum*, war, *gerere*, wage)], *adj.*: belligerent. -**queux**¹⁴, = *enqe* [L. -*cosus*], *adj.*: bellicose, martial.

bellis¹⁵ [L.], *f.*: daisy.

bellissime¹⁵ [It. -*mo* (L. *bellus*, pretty)], *adj.*: (fam.) most beautiful. **bélot**¹⁵, = *otte* [*bel*], *adj.*: pretty (as a child); *m.*, *f.*: pretty one (term of endearment).

bélo-ec¹² [*?*], *f.*: (*dial.*) wild plum. -**-cier**¹⁵, *m.*: wild plum-tree.

bélone¹⁵ [L.], *f.*: sea-pike, gar-fish.

bélouse, see *blouse*.

bel-outil, *m.*: jeweler's anvil. -**vé-dère**¹⁵ [It., 'beautiful view'], *m.*: belvedere (place commanding a fine view; belvedere pavilion).

bembex¹⁵ [Gr., spinning top], *m.*: digger-wasp.

bémol¹⁵ [*bé* (*lettre b*), *mol*], *m.*: b-flat (in music); sign for b-flat.

ben¹⁴ [Ar. *bân*], *m.*: BEN (-tree-nut, -oil).

bénarde¹⁴ [Bernard], *f.*: kind of lock, rim-lock.

bénédicté¹¹ [L. *bene-dicite*, 'bless ye', first word of the prayer], *m.*: prayer (said before a meal), blessing.

bénédictin¹⁵, = *-ine* [L. *-tinus* (*Benedictus*)], *m.*, *f.*: monk, nun (order of St. Benedict).

bénédiction¹² [L. -*dictio* (-*dicere*, bless)], *f.*: =, blessing; consecration.

bénéfi-ec¹² [L. -*cium* (*bene*, well, *facere*, do), BENEFIT], *m.*: benefit; benefice; advantage. -**-ciaire**¹⁶ [L. -*ciarius*], *adj.*: of a benefice (law, person), beneficiary; of legally limited liability for debts; *m.*: beneficiary. -**-cial**¹⁵, *adj.*: of a church-benefice. -**-cier**¹⁴ [L. -*ciarius*], *m.*: holder of a benefice.

2.-cier¹⁷, intr.: make a profit (in business, etc.); enjoy an advantage.

benét¹⁵ [Norm. -neit (L. -ne-dictus, blessed), adj.: kindly; silly; m.: silly person.

béné-vole¹³ [L. -volus (bene, well, volo, I will), adj.: benevolent (kind, well-wishing, charitable). -volément¹⁵, adv.: benevolently.

bénignement¹¹, adv.: benignly. -**ni-gnité**¹¹ [L. -nignitas], f.: benignity, kindness; non-malignity (of disease).

||-**nin**¹¹, =igne [L. benignus, kind], adj.: benign, kind.

bé-nir [l. L. bene-dicere ('well-say'), bless], tr.: bless; consecrate. -**nit**, =ite, adj.: blessed; †devoted (consecrated, holy): eau bénite, holy water; insincere promises. -**nitier**¹² [Ofr. eau-benoitier (fr. eau-benoite, -bénite, holy water)], m.: aspersorium, basin (for holy water), =; large shell (to use as basin).

Benjamin [Jacob's youngest son], m.: favorite child.

benjoin¹⁵ [l. L. benzoe (fr. Ar.)], m.: BENJAMIN (BENZOIN).

†**benne**⁹ [L. -nna (fr. Gall.)], f.: (dial.) cart; hutch; lift (of mines); hurdle (in water to keep fish back).

Benoit, m.: Benedict (the saint). -te, f.: Benedicta.

benoit, =oite, [L. -nedictus (bene, well, dicere, say) blessed], adj.: †good; (fam.) sanctimonious, affectedly religious. -**noite**¹⁵, [L. -nedicta (sc. herba, 'herb')], f.: BENNET (plant).

ben-zine¹⁵ [l. L. benzie], f.: =. -zoate¹⁷, m.: =. -zoïque¹⁷, adj.: benzoic.

béotien¹⁷ [Beotie, Beotia], m.: dullard.

bé-qué¹⁵ [bec], adj.: beaked. -**que-bois**, m.: woodpecker. -**quée**¹⁵, f.: BEAK-ful; food (in the beak). -**quer**¹⁴, tr.: pick or peck (with beak). -**que-rolle**, f.: (dial.) snipe. -**quet**¹², m.: vulg. salmon (cf. bécard); triangular patch (of leather or cloth); pad (in printing); tag (to a proof-sheet). -**queter**¹⁴, tr.: pick (with beak); caress. -**quette**¹⁷, f.: forceps (of wire-worker, etc.); helm-post (to which the tiller is fastened).

-**quillard**¹⁷ [-quille, crutch], m.: cripple; (fam.) codger. -**quille**¹⁶, f.: crutch; spade-like hoe; helm-post (cf. béquette): couteau à —, two-bladed spud-knife; door-handle. -**quiller**¹⁷ [-quille], intr.: go to crutches; tr.: prop up, stay (a ship); cultivate (with a béquille). 1.-**quillon**¹⁷ [-quille], m.: short crutch, prop; little béquille. 2.-**quillon**¹⁵, m.: beak (of young hawk, etc.); beak-shaped leaf (of certain plants). †-**quet** = bécot.

†**ber** = bers.

Berber, =ère, m., f.: Berber; f.: Barbary (in Africa).

bercail⁹ [p. L. *berbicālius (L. berbez, sheep)], m.: sheep-cot, -fold; fold (church).

berce¹⁶ [?], f.: cow-parasip.

berceau¹⁵ [bers], m.: cradle; bower, arbor-walk; vault; printer's plank, bank; (engraver's) scraper.

bercelle¹⁶ [cf. brucelle], f.: (glassworker's) tongs.

bercelonnette¹⁵ [-ceau], f.: little cradle.

ber-cer¹¹ [bers], tr.: cradle, rock; quiet; pace (of horse); lull. -**ceuse**¹⁴, f.: rocker, she who rocks; cradle-song.

béret¹⁵ [Prov. (L. birrus, red)], m.: Basque cap; head-dress.

bergame¹⁶ [Bergame, Ital. city], f.: coarse tapestry (superseped by wall-paper).

bergamo-te¹⁶ [It. -motta (fr. Turk.)], f.: bergamot (pear); confection (made of its essence). -**tier**¹⁵, m.: bergamot (tree).

1.†**berge**¹⁵ [? Celt.], f.: walls (along ditch, river); sidewalk (along river-bank).

2.†**berge** = 1.barge.

3.†**berge** = 2.barge.

ber-ger⁹, =ère [p. L. *bicarius (L. -bez, shep)], m.: shepherd; swain, lover; f.: shepherdess; lass, nymph; wagtail (bird); head-dress (of 18th C.); easy-chair; adj.: amorous: l'heure du —, the lucky moment. -**garotte**¹⁴, f.: little shepherdess; wagtail; shepherd's Easter-song; Easter-wine. -**garie**¹², f.: sheep-fold, -cot; pastoral poetry. -**geronnette**¹², f.: little shepherdess; wagtail.

†**bergin** = bourgin.

béri-chot¹⁵ [?], m.: (dial.) wren.

†**béril** = béryl.

berle⁹ [L. -rula], f.: water-parasley.

ber-line¹⁷ [Berlin], f.: berlin (four-wheeled carriage). 1.-**lingot**¹⁷, m.: single-seated berlin; poor carriage.

2.-**berlingot**¹⁵ [It. -gozzo (?), macaroon], m.: caramel.

Berlioz, m.: B., the music composer (1803-69).

†**berloque** = breloque.

berlue¹⁴ [bis-, Ofr. *lue (ak. to L. luz, LIGHT)], m.: visual defect, dim-sightedness.

1.-**berme**¹⁶ [Dutch breme, BRIM], f.: BERM, walking space by a ditch.

2.-**ber-me**¹⁷ [?], f.: tub, vat. -**mier**¹⁷, =ère, m., f.: laborer at the vat.

bermudienne¹⁷ [Bermuda], f.: Bermuda lily.

bernable¹⁷ [-ner], adj.: hazable; to be tossed (in blanket).

†**bernache** or **bernacl** = barnache.

bernage¹³ [bren, old for bran], m.: feed-or forage-crop.

bernard-l'hermite¹⁵, m.: hermit-crab.

bernaudoir¹⁷ [?], m.: fluff-, or thrum-

basket (in wool-mills to gather up fleec).

1. **berne**¹⁸ [ʔ], *f.*: waft, distress-signal (doubling of flag at half-mast as distress-signal, etc., at sea): *en* —, awaft, on half-mast.

2. **ber-ne**¹⁸ [Sp. *bernia*, rug, blanket], *f.*: †bed-cover; blanket (to toss with); †tossing; banter. **-nement**¹⁸ [-ner], *m.*: tossing; hazing. **-ner**, *tr.*: toss, blanket, haze; ridicule. **-neur**¹⁷ [-ner], *m.*: tosser.

†**bernicie** = *barnache*.

bernique¹⁸ [ʔ], *interj.*: (fam.) fooled again!

berniquet¹⁸ [ʔ], *m.* and *interj.*: *être au* —, be at his wits' end; (fam.) — *pour ses sottises*, you can't make it!

béron¹⁷ [ʔ], *m.*: spout, outlet (for cider, oil in a press).

berquinade¹⁸ [Berquin, author of moral books for children], *f.*: work in Berquin's style.

†**berret** = *béret*.

bers¹¹ [ʔ], *m.*: †radle; ways (over which to launch ship); hurdle.

bertavelle¹⁸ [It. *-llo*], *f.*: bow-net (of reeds, willow).

†**bertzler** = *bretteler*.

berthe¹⁸ [fr. modest Queen *Berthe*], *f.*: berth (cape worn with décolleté dress).

bérubleau¹⁷ [Ger. *berg-blau*, mountain blue], *m.*: carbonate of copper.

béryl¹¹ [fr. *-ryllus*], *m.*: —, kind of emerald.

bessa-e¹⁸ [p. L. **bissaccia* (L. *bis*, twice, *saccus*, sack)], *f.*: beggar's ('two-bagged') sack (hung across the shoulder), wallet, bag: (fig.) beggary. **-cier**, *m.*: beggar.

bessaigre¹⁷ [L. pejorative *bis*, Fr. *aigre*], *adj.*: half-sour, sourish.

bessaigue¹¹ [L. *bis*, twice, Fr. *aiguë*], *f.*: battle-axe; twibil.

bessant¹⁸ [L. *byzantius* (B'm)], *m.*: byzant (coin), bezant.

†**bessa**¹⁸ [L. *bis*, twice, *as*, ace], *m.*: (throw of) two aces.

bésau¹⁸ [Prov. (ak. to Eng. *bed*)], *m.*: irrigation ditch.

†**bésau** = *biseau*.

bésel¹⁸ [L. *bis*, twice], *m.*: two aces (at dice).

bézi¹⁸ [Dutch *-rie* (ak. to *berry*)], *m.*: kind of pear.

†**bézicles**¹⁸ [for *-ricles* (*béryl*)], *f. pl.*: eye-glasses.

bézier¹⁸ [ber], *m.*: pear-tree.

bésigue¹⁸ [ʔ], *m.*: card game.

†**bésioche**¹⁸ [Gasc. *-sach* (ak. to *rouge*, spade)], *f.*: (dial.) grubbing hoe.

be-sogne¹¹ [*f.* form of *-soin*], *f.*: (fam.) business; calling; affairs; baggage: *tailler*

de la — *à qqn.*, make trouble; *aimer — faite*, not fond of work. **-sogner**¹² [-gne], *intr.*: work. **-sogner**¹¹, **-ense**, *adj.*: always hard-up, necessitous. **be-soin**¹⁸ [ʔ], *m.*: need; want; wants; necessity: *faire* —, become necessary; *payer au* —, pay as security because principal on note fails to pay.

brisolet¹⁷ [ʔ ak. to *biset*], *m.*: tern (sea-bird).

besson¹², **-onne** [L. *bis*, twice], *adj.*, *m.*, *f.*: twin.

1. **bes-tiaire**¹⁸ [L. *-tiarius* (-*tia*, animal)], *m.*: BEAST fighter, gladiator. 2. **-tiaire**¹¹, *m.*: bestiary (book of tales of animals). **-tial**¹¹, *pl.* **-tials** or **-aux** [L. *-tialis*], *adj.*: —. **-tialment**¹² [-*tial*], *adv.*: beastly. **-tialité**¹⁸ [-*tial*], *f.*: bestiality. **-tiasse**¹⁸ [It. *-tiaccia*], *f.*: (fam.) brute; fool. **-tiaux**¹¹ [-*tial*], *m. pl.*: live-stock. **-tiolé**¹¹ [L. *-tiola*], *f.*: little animal. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tia*], *m.*: little beast; †animal figure-head.

bêta¹⁷ [for *bétail*], *m.*: brute; dolt.

bétail¹⁸, *pl.* **bestiaux** [OFr. *bestail* for *betail*, hence the *pl.*], *m.*: cattle.

bête¹⁸ [L. *bestia*], *f.*: BEAST (animal, brute; filthy or brutal person; loo at cards): *remonter sur sa* —, remount (on) his beast (after being unsaddled, e.g. in debate); — *noire*, wild boar; cock-roach; (fig.) bugaboo; — *brute*, brute beast (brutal person); *une bonne* —, good beast (good person of ordinary mind); *une — du bon Dieu*, a beast of the good Lord (too benevolent); *faire la* —, act the animal (stupidly).

bétel¹⁸ [E. Ind.], *m.*: betel (pepper, masti-catory).

bé-tement¹⁸ [-*te*], *adv.*: stupidly. **-tise**¹⁸ [-*te*], *f.*: stupidity; stupid act.

Bethsabé, *f.*: Bathsheba (mother of Solomon).

bétoine¹⁸ [L. *-tonica*], *f.*: BETONY (plant).

1. **béton**¹⁸ [OFr. *bet* (ʔ)], *m.*: (*vulg.*) first milk (after child-birth).

2. **bé-ton**¹⁸ [L. *bitumen*, pitch], *m.*: beton; concrete. **-tonnage**¹⁸, *m.*: work (in beton). **-tonner**¹⁸, *tr.*: pave, etc. (with *béton*).

bette¹² [L. *beta*], *f.*: BEET. **-rave**¹⁸, *f.*: beet, beet-root; mangel-wurzel.

bétuline¹⁸ [L. *-tula*, birch], *f.*: BETULIN.

bétuse¹⁸ [ʔ], *f.*: cauf (barrel for live fish); grain-bin.

bétyle¹⁷ [L. *betulus*], *m.*: BETULUS (c-cred stone).

beu-glement¹⁸, *m.*: bellowing. **be-gler**¹⁸ [OFr. *gle* (L. *buculus*, dim. of *bos*, ox)], *intr.*: bellow; low.

beur-re¹⁸ [L. *butyrum*, Gr. *bōtýron* (bois, cow, turds, cheese)], *m.*: BUTTER. — *noir*,

brown butter; — *et noir*, black and blue; *promettre plus de — que de pain*, promise more than one can do; *tour de —*, "butter-tower" (church-tower built fr. money gotten during Lent). — *rô*¹⁴, *m.*: butter pear.

*-rô*¹⁴ [*-rer*], *f.*: (buttered) piece of bread. — *-rô*¹⁴, *fr.*: butter. — *-rier*¹⁴, *m.*: butter-dairy. — *-rière*¹⁴, *m.*: butter-seller; butter-vessel (*-diah*, *-churn*, *-cloth*).

*beuse*¹⁷ [*buse*], *f.*: scrap-box (to save brass trimmings).

*bouvante*¹⁷ [for *buraude*], *f.*: privilege (reserved by ship-owner of shipping so much wine).

†bouveau = *biveau*.

*bévue*¹⁶ [*bi*, *Fr. vue*], *f.*: blunder; double-vision, (*med.*) diplopy.

*bey*¹⁷ [Turk. *bey*, lord], *m.*: =.

*bey-lier*¹⁶ [*li*], *m.*: slubbing-billy. — *-lieur*¹⁶, *m.*: slubber.

*bazestan*¹⁷ [Turk. 'wool-market'], *m.*: public market (in Syria).

†bazet = *bezet*.

*bézoard*¹³ [Port. *-zuar* (*fr. Pers.*)], *m.*: BEZOAR, concretion (in stomach); amulet (stone).

†bzoche = *bezoche*.

*†b-fa-si*¹⁷ *bé*, *m.*: si (musical note).

bi [*bi*], *pref.*: bi-, TWICE; or disparaging.

*biais*¹⁶ [*bi-faz*, double FACE], *adj.*: oblique, slanting; BIAS; (*fig.*) *†biaisé*; *m.*: slope, diagonal; bias. — *sement*¹⁶ [*-ser*], *m.*: indirection. — *-ser*¹⁶, *intr.*: cut across, go obliquely; (*fig.*) go round-about way; *ne prendre qu'en biaisant*, approach only indirectly.

*bibasique*¹³ [*bi*, *base*], *adj.*: hav'g double base.

*bibelot*¹³ [*bi* (*cf. bimbelot*)], *m.*: curio.

*1. bibe-ron*¹³, *-onne* [*bi*, *-re*, drink], *m.*, *f.*: (wine-)BIBBER, tippler. — *2. -ron*¹³ [*bi*, *-rare*, make drink], *m.*: drink; long-lipped cruet; nursing bottle.

*bible*¹³ [*bi*, *-bia*, Gr. *-bia* (*pl. of -bion*)], *f.*: Bible.

biblio- [Gr. *biblion*, book]: — *-graphie*¹⁷ [Gr. *graphein*, write], *m.*: bibliographer.

*-graphie*¹⁶ [*bi*, *-graphia* (*cf. -graphie*)], *f.*: bibliography. — *-manie*¹⁷ [*cf. -manie*], *m.*: =, bibliomania. — *-manie*¹⁷ [Gr. *man-*], *f.*: bibliomania. — *-phile*¹⁷ [Gr. *philo*, friend], *m.*: =, book-fancier. — *-thé-*

*-caire*¹³ [*bi*, *-thecarius* (*cf. next*)], *m.*: librarian. — *-thèque*¹³ [*bi*, *-theca* (Gr. *theka*, case)], *f.*: library: — *bleue*, blue

library (collection of stories of the middle ages, bound in blue).

*biblique*¹³ [*bible*], *adj.*: biblical.

*bibus*¹⁶ [*bi*], *m.*: trifle.

*bicar-bonate*¹³ [*bi*, *carbonate*], *m.*: =. — *-boné* [*carbone*], *adj.*: hav'g bi-

carbonate. — *-bure*¹³ [*carbure*], *m.*: bi-carbure.

*bicarré*¹³ [*bi*, *Fr. carré*, SQUARED], *adj.*: (algebra) BQUADRATIC.

*biceps*¹³ [*bi*, twice, *caput*, head], *m.*: =.

*1. biche*¹¹ [*bi*], *f.*: hind, doe; *ma —*, my doe (darling).

2. †biche = *bisse*.

*1. bichef*¹³ [*bi*], *m.*: rocou, annatto (dye-plant).

*2. bichef*¹² [*bi*], *m.*: ancient grain measure.

*1. bichette*¹¹ [*bi*], *f.*: fahnet.

*2. bichette*¹¹ [*biche*, hind], *f.*: little hind; little dear, love.

*bichef*¹³ [Ger. *biischof*], *m.*: BISHOP (wine).

*bi-chon*¹³, *-onne* [for *barbichon* ?], *m.*, *f.*: little curly dog; little darling. — *-chon-*

*-ner*¹³, *tr.*: curl, friz; primp.

bicoq [for *bicot*], *m.*: arm (of hoisting crane or derrick).

*bicoque*¹³ [*bi*, *-cocos*], *f.*: poorly fortified place.

*bicornie*¹³ [*bi*, *bicornia*], *adj.*: TWO-HORNED.

*bi-eye*¹³ [*bi*, Gr. *kuklos*, circle], *m.*: =. — *-eyelette*¹³, *f.*: bicycle (with two equal wheels), safety.

*bidaut*¹⁶ [*bi*], *m.*: brown paint.

*bidon*¹⁷ [*bi*, *-dens*, TWO-TOOTHED], *m.*: two-tined fork; plant. — *-té* [*bi*, *two*, *dens*, tooth], *adj.*: hav'g two teeth, two tines.

*bidet*¹³ [It. *detto* (Celt.)], *m.*: = (sag, pony; sits-bath); work-bench; spindle; pocket-pistol.

*bidon*¹³ [*bi*], *m.*: measure (five pints); wooden drinking vessel; canteen; tin-can.

*bief*¹³ [OHG. *bed*, *bed*], *m.*: basin, BED (of stream); lock, lift (of canal); mill-race.

*bielle*¹⁷ [*bi*], *f.*: motion-rod; crank.

*bien*¹⁶ [*bi*, *bene*], *adv.*: well; comfortably; very; much, plenty or many (with *de*); really; good-looking; *m.*: good (benefit, welfare); boon, gift, mercy; goods (property, estate, fortune): — *vu*, he is well liked; *un homme — comme il faut*, a man just as is proper (right kind of a man); *croit-il de — ce qu'il dit?* does he really believe what he says? — *que*, although; — *moins*, much less. — *-aimé(e)*¹⁴ *n'aimé*, *adj.*: well-beloved; *m.*, *f.*: well-beloved, love, darling. — *-dire*¹⁶, *m.*: fine speaking.

*-disant*¹⁶ [*dire*], *adj.*: well-spoken; complimentary. — *-être*¹³ *n'êtr*, *m.*: well-being, welfare. — *-faire*¹², *intr.*: do well (to others). — *-faisance*¹³ or *-fè* [*fai-*

sant], *f.*: BENEFICENCE, charity. — *-fai-*

*sant*¹² or *-fè* [*pr. part. of faire*], *adj.*: BENEFICENT, kind; charitable. — *-fait*¹¹

[*bi*, *factum*], *m.*: BENEFIT, kindness, favour.

*-fauteur*¹³, *-trice* [*-fait*], *m.*, *f.*: BENE-

FACTOR, benefactress. — *-fonds*¹⁶, *pl.* —

[bien, property], *m.*: real-estate. **-hen-reux**¹¹, *=ense -n'-neu*, *adj.*: very happy; lucky (time, money); blessed; beatified (by the church).

biennial¹², *pl.* *=aux* [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: biennial.

bien- [bien]: **-séance**¹⁵ [*-séant*], *f.*: comfortableness; propriety; decency. **-séant**¹², *adj.*: fitting, decent, proper, decorous. **-tenant**¹⁴, *=ante*, *m.*: property-owner. **-tôt**¹³, *adv.*: soon; & —, ("till soon") good-bye (for a while); *cela est — dit*, that is soon said (but not so easily done). **-veillance**¹¹ [*-veillant*], *f.*: BENEVOLENCE. **-veillant**¹² [old part. *adj.* fr. *vouloir*], *adj.*: BENEVOLENT. **-venir**¹³ [only in Inf.; fr. *-venu*], *tr.*: welcome. **-venu**¹², *adj.*: welcome. **-venue**¹³ [*-venu*], *f.*: welcome, favorable reception: *payer sa —*, buy one's welcome (treat those who welcome one). **†-voulu**¹⁴, *adj.*: hav'g the good wishes of others, well-beloved.

1. **bière**¹⁰ [OHG. *vera*], *f.*: coffin, BIER.

2. **bière**¹⁶ [Ger. *bier*], *f.*: BEER.

bièvre⁹ [L. *bebrum* (biber)], *m.*: (old name for castor) BEAVER.

†biez = *bief*.

2. **†biffe**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: false diamond, false appearance.

2. **biffe**¹⁶, *f.*: mark of cancellation; marker. **||-fer**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: cancel, annul.

bifteck¹⁸ [for Eng.], *m.*: BEEFSTEAK.

bifurcation¹⁶, *f.*: = **||-quer**¹⁵ [L. *-cus*, TWO-FORKED], *tr.*: make forked.

biga-mé¹² [L. *-mus* (bi, Gr. *gámos*) marriage], *adj.*: married the second time; married to a widow; bigamous. **-mie**¹⁴, *f.*: second wedlock; BIGAMY.

biga-rade¹⁶ [Prov. *-rado* (= Fr. *-rré*)], *f.*: =, bitter orange. **-radier**¹⁷, *m.*: bigarade-tree. **-rré**¹⁵ [p. part.], *adj.*: variegated. **-rrean**¹⁶, *m.*: white-heart cherry (of two colours). **-rreantier**¹⁶ [*-rean*], *m.*: white-heart cherry-tree. **||-rrer**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: variegate, streak. **-rrure**¹⁵, *f.*: motley; medley.

bigé¹³ [L. *-ga*], *m.*: two-horse chariot.

bigéminé¹⁷ [L. *bi-*, *geminus*, twin], *adj.*: (*bot.*) bigeminous.

1. **bigle**¹⁶ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: BEAGLE (dog).

2. **†bi-gle**¹⁶ [?], *adj.*: squint-eyed.

†glor¹⁵, *intr.*: squint.

†bigue¹⁴ [OHG. *bungo*, tumor], *f.*: lump (on head from a blow).

bigor-ne¹⁸ [Prov. *-na* (L. *bi-cornis*, TWO-HORNED)], *f.*: BICKERN, (two-pointed) anvil; iron wedge; currier's wood. **-nean**¹⁴, *m.*: small bickern; sort of snail. **-ner**¹⁶, *tr.*: weld, forge (on an anvil).

bigot¹¹ [?], *adj.*: bigoted; *m.*: bigot.

†bigotère¹⁶ [Sp. *-tera* (-te, moustache)], *f.*: moustache-curler.

bigot-erie¹⁵ [-got], *f.*: bigotry, punctilious devotion. **-tisme**¹⁶ [-got], *m.*: bigotry.

bigoudi¹⁵ [?], *m.*: hair-curler.

1. **bigre**¹⁴ [L. *-garus*], *m.*: BEE-WARDEN.

2. **†bigre, -ment** = *bougre*, etc.

bigue¹⁴ [Prov. *biga*], *f.*: sheers (temporary derrick).

†biguer¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: exchange (at cards).

bihoreau¹³ [?], *m.*: night-heron.

bijon¹⁵ [?], *m.*: pine-resin.

bijou¹⁴, *pl.* *=z* [Bret. *bizou*, finger-ring], *m.*: jewel. **-terie**¹⁷ [*-tier*], *f.*: jewelry-trade, jewelry. **-tier**¹⁶, **-ière**, *adj.*, *m.*: jewelry-fancier; jeweler.

bijugue¹⁷ [*bi*, L. *jugum*, yoke], *adj.*: bijugate, hav'g two pairs (of leaves, etc.).

bilan¹⁶ [It. *-ncio* (L. *bi-*, *lans*, scale)], *m.*: BALANCE: *déposer son —*, put down his balance (declare himself bankrupt).

bilatéral¹⁸ *pl.* *=aux* [*bi-*, *latéral*], *adj.*: bilateral.

bilb quet¹⁵ [*bille*, *boquet*], *m.*: =; cup-and-ball; planchet (in minting); hair-curler; balancing toy; job (in printing); stone chips.

bi-le¹⁶ [L. *-lis*], *f.*: BILE. **-liaire**¹⁷, *adj.*: biliary. **-lienx**¹⁶, *=ense* [L. *-liosus*], *adj.*: bilious; irascible.

bilingue¹² [L. *-guis*], *adj.*: bilingual.

bill¹⁶ [Eng.], *m.*: act (of parliament, congress).

billage¹⁸ [*-ller*], *m.*: haulage, drawing (of boats).

1. **bil-lard**¹³, *m.*: staff (with crook at the end); **†billiard-cue**; billiard-table; iron-lever (for setting mast-hoops); iron form (for tennis-rackets). 2. **-lard**¹⁶, *adj.*: (*dial.*) very divergent (horns).

-larder¹⁷ [*-lard*], *tr.*: set mast-hoops; *intr.*: **†strike** a billiard ball twice; curve outward (as horns); swing (front feet) out (in trotting). 1. **||bil-le**¹³ [? Celt. *-l*, stem], *f.*: log, bar; (tip-cat) bat; wringer, stick; rolling-pin shoot; moulding rod; little boat.

2. **bil-le**¹² [?], *f.*: (billiard) ball; marble; ball (of bicycle bearings).

billebarre¹⁶ [1. *bille*, bar, *barrer*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) stripe.

†billeban-de¹⁶ [1. *bille*, OFr. *baud*, BOLD], *f.*: random, confusion. **-der**¹⁸, *intr.*: do a thing (esp. hunt) at random or confusedly (as dogs).

billor¹⁴ [1. *bille*], *tr.*: flatten (with roller), roll; wring (skins, wool, etc.); haul (a boat by *bille*, 'single-tree'); — *une pièce de bois*, pivot a piece of wood (on end, as centerpost in merry-go-round).

bil-let¹⁵ [for *bullet* fr. *bulle*, scroll], m.: =, short letter, note; ticket, bank-note: — *doux*, sweet letter (love-letter).
-leté¹⁵ [-lette, ticket], adj.: BILLETY (as a shield).
-leter¹⁵, tr.: =, ticket.
-lette¹⁵ [for *bullette*], f.: little note, official notice (to pay, of having paid toll).

billette¹⁵ [1. *bille*], f.: stick of wood; (cut) firewood; roller; prop; †bar (of metal (certain moulding); band (of colour); strap; m.: monk wearing shoulderstrap, scapulary.

billevsée¹⁵ [OFr. -reze (?), bagpipe], f.: (fam.) nonsense; foolish trash.

billion¹⁵ [bi-, -llion of million], m.: = (as in Am., i.e. a thousand millions).

bil-lon¹⁴ [1. *bille*], m.: squared pine; (pruned) vine; ridge; †bar of metal; = alloy of gold or silver with copper; debased coin; copper coin; †= mint.

-lannage¹⁵ [-lonner], m.: †coinage (of debased money); ploughing ridges. **-lonnement**¹⁵ [-lonner], m.: coining (of debased money). **-lonner**¹⁵, tr.: prune close; castrate; ridge; †debase coin; sort (coin for recoinage). †**-lonneur** [-lonner], m.: debaser (of coin).

billot¹⁵ [1. *bille*], m.: (smoothed) block; (chopping, anvil, executioner's) block; clog; rod; crowding-stick.

bilobé¹⁷ [bi-, lobe], adj.: bilobate, hav'g two lobes, two-lobed.

biloculaire [bi-, l. *loculus*, cell], adj.: bilocular, two-celled.

bilouquer¹⁸ [? for *binouquer* (biner)], tr.: plow-deep.

bimane¹⁷ bi-, [L. *manus*, hand], adj.: two-handed, of the order BIMANA.

bimbe-lot¹⁵ [= *bibelot*], m.: toy; trinket. **-loterie**¹⁷ [-tier], f.: toy-trade. **-lotier**¹⁴, -ière, m., f.: toy-merchant.

bi-nage¹⁵ [-ner, L. *bini*, double], m.: second hoeing; saying mass second time (same day). **-naire**¹⁵ [L. -narius], adj.: binary.

binard¹⁵ [?], m.: mason's truck.

bi-ne¹⁵, f.: hoe. †**-ner**¹⁵ [L. L. **nare* (L. *bini*, double)], tr.: cultivate second time; say two masses (same day); hitch on an extra team (to pull uphill). **-net**¹⁴, m.: †second tillage, dressing; light plow (cf. *binot*); save-all: *faire* —, make second dressing (take candle out of the stick so it can burn clear down, use the save-all); 1. **-nette**¹⁷, f.: prong-hoe.

• **2. binette**¹⁷ [*Binet*, barber to Louis XIV], f.: †twig (like that of Louis XIV).

binion¹⁵ [l. *Bret*], m.: (Breton) bagpipe.

bi-noële¹⁵ [L. *bini*, two, *oculus*, eye], m.: †sort of telescope; spectacles; bandage (over eyes, in surgery). **-noculaire**, adj.: binocular.

binoir¹⁵ [-ner], m.: light plow.

binôme¹⁵ [L. *bis*, twice, Gr. *nomé*, division], m.: binomial (in Alg.).

bi-not¹⁷, m.: light plough. **-notage**¹⁵, m.: ploughing. †**-noter**¹⁵ [-ner], tr.: plough second time; plough lightly. **-notis**¹⁵, m.: (dial.) ground ploughed second time.

binube¹⁵ [L. -nubus (bi-, nubere, marry)], adj.: second time married.

bio- [Gr. *bios*, life]: **-graphe**¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], m.: biographer. **-graphie**¹⁷ [-graphie], f.: biography. **-graphique**¹⁷ [-graphie], adj.: biographical. **-logie**¹⁵ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], f.: biology. **-logique**¹⁵ [-logie], adj.: biologic(al).

bion¹⁷ [?], m.: shears (of glass blower).

bioxide¹⁵ [bi-, oxyde], m.: dioxide.

1. **bipède**¹⁵ [L. *bipes*, two-foot], adj.: biped. 2. **bipède**¹⁵, m.: biped (the fore feet or the hind feet of a horse).

bipenne¹⁷, or **-penné** or **-pinné** [bi-, L. *penna*, feather], adj.: two-winged, dipterous.

bi-que¹⁵ [?], f.: she-goat. **-quet**¹⁵, m.: kid; (dial.) beam (of balance); money scales. **-queter**¹², intr., tr.: kid; weigh. **quette**¹⁵, f.: kid.

†**birambrot**¹⁵ [fr. *Hol.*: meaning, 'beer and bread'], m.: BEER-SOUP.

bire¹⁵ [for *buire*], f.: bow-net.

birème¹⁵ [L. -remis (bi-, remus, oar)], f.: = (two-banked galley).

biréfringent¹⁵ [bi-, réfringent], adj.: =, doubly refractive.

birette¹⁵ [?], f.: wooden rake.

biribi¹⁷ [It. -bisso], m.: game (like loto).

birloir¹⁵ [?], m.: sash-fastener, bolt.

birette¹⁵ [l. L. **ttum*, cf. *barrette*], f.: birette, (hat).

1. **bi-s**¹⁵ = *ise* [?], adj.: brown.

2. **bi-s**¹⁵ [L.], adv.: TWICE; bravo! (to an actor); m.: encore. **-sage**¹⁷ [-ser, re-dye], m.: dyeing over. **-saieul**¹⁵, **-saieule** [aieul], m., f.: great-grandfather, -mother. **-saigue**¹⁷ [? ak. to L. *aequare*, equalise], m.: polishing stick (of shoemaker).

bis- [L. *bis*], pref.: bis-, TWICE; or disparaging.

bisaïlle¹⁷ [bis, brown], f.: coarse flour; chicken feed (of peas and vetches).

bisannuel¹⁷, = *elle* [bis-, annuel], adj.: BIENNIAL.

bisbille¹⁵ [It. -biglio, murmur], f.: teasing, raillery.

bis-blanc¹⁵, adj.: m.: brownish-white.

biscaïen¹⁵ [*Biscaïe* (Spanish province)], m.: BISCAYAN (gun); ball (size of hen's egg).

†**bischof** = *bickof*.

biscornu¹⁵ [bis-, cornu], adj.: (fam.) odd, extravagant.

- bis-cotin**¹⁷ [It. *-cotto*], *m.*: sweet delicate BISCUIT, =. **-cotte**¹⁸ [after It. *-cotto*, biscuit], *f.*: rusk. **||~cuit**¹¹ [*bis*, L. *coctus*, cooked], *m.*: =, cracker; cuttle bone; clinker; bisque (pottery).
- bise**¹⁰ [?], *f.*: north wind; winter wind.
- biseau**¹² [?], *m.*: chamfer, bevel. **-tage**¹⁸ [*-ter*], *m.*: beveling. **-ter**, *tr.*: bevel.
- bisel**¹⁸ [*bi*, *ael*], *m.*: BI-SALT.
1. **biser**¹⁶ [*bis*, brown], *intr.*: turn brown, spoil (as grain).
2. **biser**¹⁷ [L. *bis*, twice], *tr.*: re-dye.
- biset**¹⁶ [*bis*, brown], *m.*: rock-pigeon; certain coarse cloth.
1. **bisette**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: formerly 'gold lace'; coarse lace, footing.
2. **bisette**¹⁸ [*bis*, brown], *f.*: (vulg.) scoter (duck).
- bismuth**¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: =.
- bison**¹⁵ [L. wild ox], *m.*: = (buffalo).
- bisoune**¹⁸ [*bis*, brown], *f.*: (cloth for) lining.
- bisquain**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: sheep-pelt.
1. **bisque**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: odds; advantage, =.
2. **bisque**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: strong soup, BISK.
- bisqueur**¹⁷ [? ak. to OEng. *baisk*, sour], *intr.*: (pop.) rage.
- bissac**¹⁴ [*bis*, *sac*], *m.*: beggar's ('two-bagged') sack (hung across the shoulder), wallet; bag; (fig.) beggary.
- bisse**¹⁶ [It. *-scia* (L. *bestia*, beast)], *f.*: (her.) =, snake.
- bis** [L., twice]: **-secteur**¹⁸, **-trice** [Fr. *secteur*], *adj.*: bisecting; *f.*: bisectrix.
- section**¹⁷ [Fr. *section*], *f.*: bi-section.
- ser**¹⁸, *tr.*: repeat. **-sêre**¹⁶ [for *-sexe*, leap-year day, considered unlucky], *m.*: misfortune; harm. **-sexe**¹⁸ [Fr. *sexe*], *adj.*: bisexual. **-sexe**¹² [L. *-sextus* (*sextus*, sixth: 6th of the calends of March, 24th Feb., by the Romans counted 'twice' every fourth year), intercalary day, 24th Feb.], *m.*: leap-year day, 29th Feb. **-sextil**¹⁶ [L. *-sextilio*], *adj.*: bisextile; *année* — *e*, leap-year. **-soe**¹⁸ [Fr. *soe*], *m.*: double-shovel (plough). **-to-quer**¹⁷ [Fr. *toquer*], *m.*: billiard-cue; stick (in game called *bistoguet*). **†-tord** = **bitord**. **-torte**¹² [L. *-torta* (L. *torquere*, twist)], *f.*: snake-weed, polygonum bistorta. **-tier**¹⁵ [*-tort*, twisted], *m.*: pestle.
- biston-ri** [?], *m.*: BISTOURY (surgeon's knife). **†-riser**, *tr.*: (fam.) treat with knife.
- bistour-nage**¹⁸, *m.*: distortion. **||~ner**¹¹ [L. *bis*, *turner*], *tr.*: distort; deform (by turning); castrate.
- bis-tre**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: BISTER (soot pigment); *adj.*: swarthy. **-tré**¹⁸, *adj.*: bister. **-trer**¹⁸, *tr.*: colour bister.

- bisulque**¹⁵ [L. *-sulcus*, two-furrowed], *adj.*: cloven-footed.
- bitord**¹⁶ [*-bis*, L. *torvus*, twisted], *m.*: rope (of two strands).
- bi-tte**¹⁶ [O. Norse *biti*, beam], *f.*: BITT (for cable). **-tter**¹⁶, *tr.*: bitt, make fast on the bitta.
- bitter**¹⁸ [Holl., *bitter*], *m.*: bitters.
- bitton**¹⁵ [*-tte*], *m.*: small BITT.
- bitture**¹⁶ [*-tler*], *f.*: turn (of rope around bitt-head).
- bitu-me**¹⁶ [L. *-men*], *m.*: BITUMEN; asphalt; (artist's) colour. **-mer**¹⁸, *tr.*: pave; colour (with bitumen). **-mineux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-minosus*], *adj.*: bituminous.
- †bivac** = *bivouac*.
- bivalve**¹⁷ [*bis*, *valve*], *adj.*: =.
- †bivaquer** = *bivouaquer*.
- biveau**¹⁸ [ak. to OFr. *-ver*, 'bias'], *m.*: BEVEL.
- †biviaire**¹⁶ [L. *-vium*, parting of road], *adj.*: bivial.
- bivoie**¹⁶ [*bis*, *voie*], *f.*: fork of roads.
- bivouac**¹⁶ [Ger. *bei-wache*, by-WATCH], *m.*: =, (night-watch; open air camp). **-quer**¹⁷, *intr.*: bivouac, camp without tents.
- bizar-re**¹⁵ [Sp. *-ro*, gallant], *adj.*: =, odd, whimsical, funny. **-rement**¹⁵, *adv.*: fantastically. **-erie**¹⁶, *f.*: queerness.
- blackboulér**¹⁵ [Eng. infl. by Fr. *boule*, ball], *tr.*: BLACKBALL.
- blafard**¹⁵ [OHG. *bleihvato*, pale], *adj.*: pale (wan, pallid); lurid.
- bla-gue**¹⁸ [Ger. *balg*, bellows], *f.*: tobacco-pouch; humbug, hoax. **-guer**¹⁸, *tr.*: humbug. **-guenr**¹⁸, **-euse** [*-guer*], *m.*: humbug.
- blaireau**¹⁸ [? *blé*], *m.*: badger.
- blâ-mable**¹², *adj.*: =. **-me**¹⁰, *m.*: =; reprimand (at law). **||~mer**⁹ [L. *blasphemare*, blaspheme], *tr.*: censure; reprimand.
- blan-c**¹⁰, **blanche** [OHG. *blanch*], *adj.*: =; BLANK, white, argent; clean; bare; *m.*: white (the colour); purity; bareness; small silver coin; white material (cloth): *bonnet — et — bonnet*, six of one and half-a-dozen of the other; *un —*, a white man; *fer —*, tin; *une —che*, half-note (in music); *nuît —che*, sleepless night; *voix —che*, clear voice; *il n'est pas —*, he isn't clear; there's a crow to pick with him; *coup —*, missing blow; — *bois*, useless wood (as thorn, etc.); *vouer un enfant au —*, consecrate a child to the Virgin (fr. custom of then dressing children in white); *chauffer à —*, heat to white heat; *réduire quelqu'un au —*, reduce one to poverty (to small silver coin); *tirer de but (or ?bute) en —*, shoot point-blank; right at the bull's-eye (go straight to the

point); *saigner à —*, bleed to whiteness (fig. exhaust). **-card**¹⁷, *m.*: =, see *blanchard*. **†-c-aune**¹⁸, *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) lotus. **-c-bee**, *pl. —s—s, m.*: greenhorn, smart Aleck. **†-c-cul**¹⁹, *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) bullfinch. **†-c-culet**¹⁵, *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) white-tail (finch). **-chaille**¹⁷, *pl. —s—s, f.*: small fish (fry or bait). **-chard**¹², *m.*: Normandy cloth, BLANCARD. **-châtre**¹³ *adj.*: whitish. **-che-coiffe**¹⁸, *pl. —s—s [lit. white-hood], f.*: kind of magpie. **-che-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: cleanly. **†-che-queue**¹⁵, *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) eagle (lit. white tail). **-cher**¹⁰, *m.*: (dial.) leather-worker. **†-che-raie**¹⁸, *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) starling. **-cherie**¹⁰, *f.*: bleaching place. **-chet**¹³, *m.*: BLANKET (of printing, paper-making, bed); coarse strainer (for syrup); (vulg.) thrush (disease); (vulg.) corn-salad. **-chette**¹⁰, *f.*: (vulg.) corn-salad; goose-foot (plant), chenopod. **-cheur**¹¹, *f.*: whiteness. **-chiment**¹⁵ [*-chir*], *m.*: BLEACHING, washing (of metals). **-chir**¹², *tr.*: whiten, bleach, blanch, whitewash; wash; prepare; clean; plane; acquit; *intr.*: turn white: — *une page*, whiten a page (make more space between lines): — *un arbre*, whiten a tree (chipping off bark, or blazing). **-chis**¹⁸, *m.*: blaze (on tree). **-chissage**¹⁵ [*-chir*], *m.*: washing; clarifying, refining. **-chissant**¹⁵ [*-chir*], *adj.*: bleaching. **-chisserie**¹⁷ [*-chis-zeur*], *f.*: place of bleaching. **-chis-seur**¹⁸, *pl. —seuse* [*-chir*], *m., f.*: bleacher; launderer. **-chœuvrier** *œu = eu* [*blanche œuvre*, formerly 'cutlery'], *m.*: edged-tool dealer (cf. Ger. *weiss-schmied*, white-smith). **†-choyer**¹⁰, *intr.*: gleam white. **-c-manger**¹², *pl. —s—s, m.*: blanc-mange(r). **-c-manteau**¹², *pl. —s—s, m.*: guillemite, monk. **-c-pen-dard**¹⁸ *pl. —s—s, m.*: (vulg.) butcher-bird. **-c-ployant**¹⁷, *pl. —s—s, m.*: brittle place (in iron). **-c-poudre**¹⁷, *adj.*: white with powder. **-c-rhais**¹⁵ [the physician *Rhais*], *m.*: white ointment (for burns). **-c-seing**¹⁶ or *signé*, *pl. —s—s, m.*: SIGNATURE in BLANK. **-c-soudant**¹⁸, *m.*: welding heat, fusion heat. **†-c-tapis**, *pl. —s—s, m.*: gambling house. **†blandice**¹³ [*L. -ditia*], *f.*: flattery. **blan-que**¹⁵ [*It. bianca*, white], *f.*: lottery (of BLANKS and prizes): *à la —*, at all hazards. **-quet**¹⁰ [*blanc*], *m.*: whitefish (= *blanchaille*); parasitic plant on the olive-tree; pear. **-quette**¹⁰ [*blanc*], *f.*: = (veal with white sauce; blanket pear; crude soda-ash made from lamb's lettuce); lamb's lettuce; goose-foot (plant); white grape, or its wine. **†-queur**¹⁶ [*blanque*], *m.*: keeper, banker of a lottery.

-quier¹⁸ [*blanc*], *m.*: blank-maker (of watches).

blaser¹⁶ [*tr.*], *tr.*: fuse; sate with pleasures, render BLASÉ.

bla-son¹¹ [*tr.*], *m.*: blazon, coat of arms; device; heraldry. **-sonner**¹⁴, *tr.*: blason, describe heraldically. **†-sonneur**¹⁵ [*-sonner*], *m.*: railer, mocker.

blas-phémateur¹³, = *trice*, *m., f.*: blasphemer. **-phématoire**¹⁵, *adj.*: blasphemous. **1-phème**¹¹ [*L. -mia*], *m.*: blasphemy. **2-phème**¹⁴ [*L. -mus*], *adj.*: blasphemous; *m., f.*: blasphemer. **||-phémé**¹³ [*L. L. -mare* (Gr. *bláptein*, hurt, *phemi*, speak)], *intr.*: blaspheme, curse, swear.

blas-te¹⁸ [*Gr. -stós*, germ], *m.*: blastus, plumule. **-tème**¹⁸ [*Gr. blástema*, sprout], *m.*: blastema.

blatier¹² [*ak. to blé*], *m.*: grain-dealer.

blatte¹⁵ [*L. -tta*], *f.*: cockroach; blatta.

†blau¹⁵ [for *bliaud*], *f.*: (dial.) blouse.

†bla-velle¹⁵ or **-véole** [*blave* (dial.) form of *bleu*], *f.*: corn-flower. **-vet**¹⁶, *m.*: corn-flower, centaury; (dial.) edible mushroom. **blé**¹⁰ [*L. L. bladium* (? *L. ab-latum*, cf. Ger. *getreide* = **getrege*, root *trag-*, bear)], *m.*: corn; grain; grain crop; field of grain: *manger son — en herbe*, eat one's corn on the stalk (spend income in advance).

blé-éche¹⁶ [? Ger. *bleich*, soft], *adj.*: fweak; hypocritical. **†-chir**¹⁷ *intr.*: become fickle or weak.

bleime¹⁶ [? *ak. to blême*], *f.*: corn, sand-crack (of horse's hoof).

blé-me¹⁵ [Ofr. *blesmir*, wound blue, BLEMISH], *adj.*: pallid, deathly pale. **-mir**¹⁵, *intr.*: become pallid.

blende¹⁷ [Ger.], *f.*: =, false gelena.

blen-nie¹⁸ [Gr. *blénna*, mucus], *f.*: blenny.

-norragie¹⁷ [Gr. *rhéin*, flow], *f.*: blen-norrhagia, gonorrhea.

blépharite¹⁸ [Gr. *blépharon*, eye-lid], *f.*: blepharitis, inflammation of eye-lid.

blé-sement¹⁸, *m.*: lisping, stammering. **||-ser** [*L. blaesus*, lisper], *intr.*: blap. **-sité**¹⁸, *f.*: pronouncing *g, z, t* for *ch, j, k*, etc.

bles-sant¹¹, *adj.*: wounding. **||-ser**¹⁰ [? *ak. to blet*], *tr.*: wound; damage; hurt, injure. **-sure**¹¹, *f.*: wound, lesion; mortification.

blet¹⁵, = *tte* [Germ. *c blet*, discoloured], *adj.*: mellow.

blotte¹⁸ or **blôte** [*L. blitum*], *f.*: BLITE (herb).

blöttir¹⁶ [*bles*], *intr.*: become too ripe.

blon [Ger. *blau*], *adj.*: BLUE; *m.*: blue; sky: *un petit —*, a little blue (telegram in blue envelope); *le cordon —*, the blue ribbon (order of knighthood); member of

the order; good cook; *le* —, imaginary space; *une chose passée au* —, a thing gone to the blue (utterly disappeared).

-âtre¹⁴, *adj.*: BLUIISH. **-et**¹⁵, *m.*: cornflower; kingfisher; dogfish. **†ette** = *bluette*.

-eur¹⁸, *m.*: BLUEER (of needles). **-ir**¹⁶, *tr.*: make blue; *intr.*: turn blue.

-issage¹⁸ [*-ir*], *m.*: making blue. **-issement**¹⁸ [*-ir*], *m.*: turning blue. **-issoir**¹⁷, *m.*: (watchmaker's) bluing-instrument.

-manteau¹⁸, *m.*: bluish gull.

bliand¹⁰ [?], *m.*: ancient blouse.

blin¹⁶ [for *belin*], *m.*: boom iron (of ship); rammer.

blin-dage¹⁷, *m.*: sheeting (with iron); armor-plating. **blin-de**¹⁶ [Ger. *blende*, blind, cover], *f.*: BLIND, heavy shutter to protect gunners in a fortification. **-der**¹⁶ [Ger. *blende*, BLIND, cover], *tr.*: plate, encase, sheet (with steel, iron); protect; put blinds to.

bliner¹⁸ [*blin*], *tr.*: ram (wedge, mast-hoop).

blo-c¹² [Ger. *block*], *m.*: BLOCK; lot (of merchandise): *en* —, in a lump (wholesale; entirely). **-cage**¹⁵ [*-quer*], *m.*: filling of rubble-stone; blocking. **-caille**¹⁵, *f.*: rubble-stone. **-chet**¹³, *m.*: tie-piece (of sleeper). **-ckhaus**¹⁵ [Ger.], *m.*: = (small fort of logs). **-cus**¹³ [Ger. *block-haus*], *m.*: †small fort (to cut off communication); BLOCADÉ; investment.

blon-d¹⁰ [?], *adj.*: =; *m.*: =. **-dasse**¹⁸, *adj.*: (fam.) dull blond. **blon-de**¹⁷ [? *-d*, *adj.*], *f.*: blond-lace. **†-drole**¹⁴, *adj.*: slightly blond. **-din**¹⁶, *ine*, *m.*, *f.*: (fam.) youngster; lass: *un* —, young beau. **-dinet**¹⁵, *ette* [*-din*], *m.*, *f.*: (very fam.) little white-head. **-dir**¹¹, *intr.*: turn blond. **-dissant**¹⁵ [*-dir*], *adj.*: becoming blond. **†-doyer**¹¹, *intr.*: look, be somewhat blond.

1. blo-quer¹⁴ [*bloq*], *tr.*: BLOCK up, fill up; sell by the lump; turn (a type).

2. quer¹⁴ [*bloq*, in *blocus*], *tr.*: blockade, invest; pocket (billiard ball). **-quette**¹⁸, *f.*: children's game. **blo-t**¹⁶ [*bloq*], *m.*: perch for a falcon; ship's log.

blottir¹⁵ (*so*) [? ak. to Eng. *blot*], *refl.*: crouch down, cower.

1. blouse¹⁷ [?], *f.*: =, coarse loose garment.

2. blou-se¹⁵ [?], *f.*: pocket (of billiard table); mould; (tennis) †ball-rack, ball-holder. **-ser**¹⁶, *tr.*: pocket (ball): *se* —, pocket one's self (one's own ball, i.e. lose); (fam.) make a blunder.

blousse¹⁷ [?], *f.*: combings (of wool).

†bluet = *bleuet*.

bluette¹⁵ [OFr. *belue*], *f.*: †spark; light flash, bagatelle, light literary effort.

blu-tage¹⁵, *m.*: BOLTING, sifting. **-tant**¹⁶,

adj.: bolting. **-teau**¹², *m.*: sieve, bolt. **†-ter**¹¹ [old *bure*, coarse cloth, L. *burrus*, rain-cloak], *tr.*: BOLT. **-terie**¹⁸, *f.*: bolting place. **-toir**¹⁶, *m.*: bolting place; bolter.

boa⁹ [L. *bo(v)a* (*boa*), cow-snake (i.e. milker)], *m.*: =.

1. bobèche¹⁴ [?], *f.*: socket (of candlestick); drip-dish (under light); steel edge.

2. bobèche¹⁸ [proper name], *m.*: merry Andrew.

bobe-lin¹³ [?], *m.*: †coarse shoes; patched shoes; patch. **-liner**¹⁸, *tr.*: botch, patch. **-lineur**¹⁵, *f.*: patcher, cobbler.

bobille¹⁷ [ak. to *bobine*], *f.*: cylinder for brass wire (in making pins).

bobi-nage¹⁸ [*-ner*], *m.*: winding, filling (the bobbins). **†-ne**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: BOBBIN, spool. **-neau**¹⁵, little bobbin. **-ner**¹⁸, *tr.*: wind on a bobbin. **-nette**¹⁴, *f.*: (dial.) latch. **-neuse**¹⁷ [*-ner*], *f.*: bobbin-winder; or **-noir**¹⁸ [*-ner*], *m.*: winding machine.

bobé¹⁴ [echoic], *m.*: (baby-talk) hurt.

1. bocage¹⁸ [ak. to *bocard*], *m.*: crushed, stamped ore.

2. bocage¹¹ [ak. to *bois*], *m.*: =, woodland. **-ger**¹⁶, *adj.*: silvan.

bocal¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [It. *-le*, fr. Gr. *kálion*, jug], *m.*: jar; globe (for fish); mouth-piece (of cornet), etc.

bocambre¹⁷ [Ger. *poch-hammer*, pound-ing hammer], *m.*: ore-crusher.

bocane¹⁶ [dancing-master *Bocan*], *f.*: dance.

bocar-d¹⁷ [Ger. *pochen*, pound], *m.*: ore-stamper or crusher. **-dage**¹⁵, *m.*: crushing. **-der**¹⁷, *tr.*: crush, stamp.

Boccace, *m.*: Boccaccio (Ital. author).

bochette¹⁶ [It. *bocchetta* (*boccia*, ball)], *f.*: ball-game.

bock¹⁸ [Ger. *bock-bier*], *m.*: glass of beer.

bodée¹⁷ [?], *f.*: stove-bench (glass-works).

bodineur¹⁷ [?], *f.*: protective wrapping of anchor.

bodruche = *baudruche*.

boes-se¹¹ *bues* [form of *brosse*], *f.*: trimming-chisel. **-ser**⁹, *tr.*: trim.

†boete = *bouette*.

bœuf⁹ *beuf* *pl.* *beu* [acc. L. *bōs*, *bov*, ox], *m.*: ox; BEEF; hard-worker: — *de mer*, hippopotamus; sea-cow; — *musqué*, musk-ox; — *des marais*, bittern; — (pr. *beu*) *gras*, fat ox (of processions); *pied de* —, ox-foot (children's game).

bog¹⁸ [?], *m.*: card game; two equal cards in same hand at the game.

boghei¹⁸ [for Eng. *buggy*], *m.*: light carriage.

1. bogue¹⁵ [Prov. *-ga*], *f.*: = (fish).

2.bogue¹⁸ [? ak. to OHG. *baug*, ring], f.: iron ring (on handle of forge hammer).

3.bogue¹⁵ [? ak. to Ger. *balg*, BAG], f.: burr (of chestnuts).

Bo-hème [L. *Bohemia*], f. BOHEMIA; gipsydom. **-hème**¹⁴ (or **-hémien**, **-ienne**) [L. *hemus*], m., f.: Bohemian; gipsy; rover.

†**boiard** = boyard.

1.boire⁹ [L. *bibere*, drink], irr. s.; tr.: drink; imbibe; absorb; m.: drinking drink; — *sec*, drain dry (a glass of liquor); *donner pour* —, tip, give a small present; *tenir à* —, keep a saloon; (fam.) of a swimmer who swallows much water; *ce n'est pas la mer à* —, not so difficult; *croyez cela et buvez de l'eau*, believe it and drink, to wash it down; *faire* — *une étoffe*, make extra length disappear by loosely sewing; *étoffe boit*, cloth puckers.

§ Ind.: Pr. *bois*, -s, -t; bu-vous, -vez, boivent. 1pf. *buvais*. Pret. *but*. Fut. (Cond.) *boirait*. — Subj.: Pr. *bois*-e, -vez, -ce; bu-vions, -vies, boivent. 1pf. *buise*. I've *bois*. — Part.: Pr. *buvant*; P. *bu*.

2.boire¹⁸ [ak. to Prov. *bouïro*, mill-race], f.: (dial.) wash-out; excavation, hollow; ditch.

boirin¹⁷ [? irr. fr. *bouée*], m.: roping (of a buoy).

bois¹⁰ [L. **boscus* (? ak. to Eng. *bush*)], m.: forest; tree; timber; lumber; wood; (ship's) hull: *l'homme des* —, orang-outang; — *à coton*, Virginia poplar; *il n'est feu que de* — *vert*, only youth has enthusiasm; — *flotté*, rafted wood; *visage de* — *flotté*, changed face. **-age**¹⁷ [-*ser*], m.: wood-work; planking; timbering. **-age**¹⁶, adj.: wooded; timbered. **-ement**¹⁸, m.: wooding (converting into timberland). **-er**¹⁶, tr.: add wood-work, do wood-work. **-erie**¹⁶ [-*ser*], f.: wainscotting. **-seur**¹⁶, **-euse**, adj.: ligneous; wooden.

bois-seau¹² [ak. to *boite*], m.: BUSHEL, measure; cylinder; section (of cylindrical conductor, such as a pipe, smoke-stack); key-hole. **-selée**¹¹, f.: bushful: — *de terre*, what a bushel of grain will sow. **-selier**¹⁶, m.: bushel-maker. **-selière**¹⁸, f.: great shriek (bird). **-sellerie**¹⁷ [-*lier*], f.: bushel-business.

boisson⁹ [L. *bibitio*, drinking], f.: BEVERAGE, (strong-) drink; drunkenness.

boitard¹² [*boite*, box], m.: bottillion.

boite⁹ [part. of L. *bibere*, drink], f.: †drinking; (dial.) wine (made from pomace).

boi-te⁹ [p. L. **buxta* (Gr. *puxis*, fr. *pázos*, BOX-tree)], f.: BOX; case; †bone-socket;

mortise: *la* — *à Perrette*, a savings-box for some secret purpose.

boi-tement¹⁵, m.: limping. †**-ter**¹⁵

[*bolte*, "bone-socket"], intr.: limp.

-terie¹⁶, f.: lameness; — *basse*, great lameness. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, adj.: lame;

f.: certain old dance: *il ne faut clocher devant les* —, no need of calling attention to one's faults; *attendre le* —, await Time (await news which is slow coming).

boi-tier¹⁶ [-*te*], m.: chest, case (for medicine, instruments, etc.); watchcase. **-tillon**¹⁷, m.: socket (of millstone).

†**boitte** = *bonette*.

boit-tout¹⁷ [*boire*], m.: (lit. "drink-all") glass without foot; great drinker; cess-pool.

1.bol¹⁸ [Eng. *bol*], m.: BOWL.

2.bo-l¹⁸ [L. *-lus*, morsel clod], m.: lump, large pill; BOLE (clay); BOLUS (drug). **-laire**¹⁷, adj.: argillous, clayey.

bolduc¹⁸ [town *Bois-le-Duc*], m.: coloured string.

boléro¹⁸ [Sp.], m.: dance-song; dance.

bolet¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], m.: BOLETUS (mushroom).

†**boliche** = *boulèche*.

bo-lide¹⁸ [L. *-lis*, meteor (Gr. *ballein*, hurl)], m.: = (exploding meteor).

bolivar¹⁷ [*Bolívar*, liberator of S. Am.], m.: high hat.

†**bolus** = *2.bol*.

bom-bage¹⁸ [-*ber*], m.: bulging. **-banec**¹⁵

[? L. *bombus*, noise], f.: high-time, feasting.

†**-barde**¹⁸ [L. *bombus*, noise], f.: hurling-machine; bombard (earliest cannon); mortar (gun); bomb-ketch (ship); mouth (of furnace); certain sleeve; trumpet; largest pipe (in reed-organ). **-bardement**¹⁷ [-*barder*], m.: bombardment.

-barder¹⁶, tr.: bombard. **-bardier**¹⁸, m.: = (artilleryman; beetle).

bombardon¹⁸ [It. *-done*], m.: trombone.

†**bombasin** = *basin*.

bom-be¹⁵ [It. *-ba* (L. *-bus*, din; Gr. *bóm-bos*, din)], f.: bomb; (bomb-like) bottle;

ball (as signal at sea). **-bement**¹⁶ [-*ber*], m.: bulging; convexity.

-ber¹⁷, tr.: make convex; barrel (a road). **-heur**¹⁵

[-*ber*], m.: dealer in convex glasses or lenses. **-bonne**¹⁸ [Prov.], f.: jug.

bombyx¹⁵ [Gr.], m.: = (silk-worm).

bôme¹⁸ [Holl. *boom*, tree, mast], m.: spanker BOOM.

bomerie¹⁶ [Holl. *bodemery*], f.: BOTTOMRY (ship mortgage).

b-on, **-onne** [L. *bonus*], adj.: good; kind; BOON; complete; m.: (abstract)

good; check; f.: nurse: *dire la* — *ne arenture*, tell fortune; *à la* — *ne heure!*

very well! *de* — *matin*, early; *de* — *ne heure*, early, soon; *à* — *marché*, cheap;

sensir —, smell good; *cela est* — *à dire*,

easier said than done; *son* — *ami*, or *sa* — *ne amie*, lover; *d* — *vin*, *pas d'enseigne*, good wine needs no bush; *tenir* —, hold firm; *pour de* —, for good; seriously; — *homme*, simple soul. **-onnae**¹⁷ [It. *bonaccia* (cf. *-onnaise*)], *f.*: lull (at sea).

bonard¹⁷ [?], *m.*: hood (for smoke to escape, in glass works).

bonase¹⁸ [Gr. *-osa*], *m.*: BONASUS (aurochs).

bonasse¹⁵ [*bon* in anal. with It. *-accia*, simplicity], *adj.*: good, simple.

bon-banc¹⁶, *m.*: quarystone (fr. near Paris). **-bec** see *bec*. **-bon**¹⁰, *m.*: (child's word for) cookies; candy.

†**bonbonne** = *bombonne*.

bon-bonnière¹⁷ [*bonbon*], *f.*: candy-box; neat dwelling.

bon-chrétien¹⁴, *pl.* — *s-s*, *m.*: = (pear).

bond¹³ [*-dir*], *m.*: BOUND, leap; bounce.

bon-de¹⁴ [ak. to Ger. *spund* (? *L. punctum*, pierced)], *f.*: bung, sluice; bung-hole.

-der¹⁶, *tr.*: fill (to the bung); crowd full.

bondien¹⁸ [?], *m.*: wedge.

bon-dir⁹ [p. *L. *bombifire*, be noisy (*L. bombus*, din)], *intr.*: reverberate; rebound; leap. **-dissant**¹⁶, *adj.*: leaping. **-dissement**¹³, *m.*: rebounding; reverberation.

bon-don¹² [*bonde*], *m.*: BUNG; cheese (in shape of bung). **-donner**¹⁵, *tr.*: make bung-hole; bung up. **-donnière**¹⁷ [*-ner*], *f.*: bung-auger.

bondrée¹⁵ [? Ger. *bunt*, variegated], *f.*: kind of hawk.

bondue¹⁷ [Ar.], *m.*: = (shrub).

bongare¹⁸ [E.Ind.], *m.*: = (rock-snake).

bongeau¹⁷ [OFr. *bonge* (Ger.), BUNCH], *m.*: two bundles of flax (retting).

bon- pron. *bo-n* [*bon*]: †**-henri** [*Henri*]¹⁵, *m.*: wild spinach. **-heur**¹¹ [*heur* (*L. augurium*, omen)], *m.*: good fortune, good luck; success; happiness. **-homie**¹⁷ [*-homme*], *f.*: =, companionableness; credulity.

-homme¹², *pl.* — *s-s* [*homme*], *m.*: amiable man; simple-hearted man; plebeian; old codger; good fellow; toyman, *pl.*: St. Augustine friars, Albigenses, and other orders. **-hommeau**¹⁴ [*-homme*], *m.*: poor good-fellow.

boni¹⁵ [*L.* phrase *aliquid boni*, some good], *m.*: proceeds (from a pawned object), *BONUS*.

†**bonichon** = *bonard*.

1. **boni-fication**¹⁸ [*-fier*], *f.*: =, allowance. 2. **-fication**¹⁵, *f.*: improvement.

||-fier¹⁵ [*bon*, *-fier* = *faire*], *tr.*: improve; bonify; teut up (whole). 2. **-fier**¹⁵, *tr.*: pay proceeds; make up, make good.

-ment¹⁸ [*bon*], *m.*: (*fam.*) street-crying, humbuggery (of tricksters, quacks).

bonite¹⁵ [*L.* *-ton* (?)], *f.*: BONITO (fish). †**bonjeau** = *bongeau*.

bonjour¹⁷ [*bon*, *jour*], *m.*: good-day (salutation); *donner le* —, bid one good-day; *vol au* —, where supposed absentee surprises the thief.

bonne⁹, cf. *bon*; *f.*: servant-girl; *bonne* (nurse).

bonneau¹⁵ [? ak. to *borne*], *m.*: buoy.

bonne-dame¹⁵, *pl.* — *s-s*, *f.*: orach (plant). **-grâce** *f.*: †curtain ornament; tailor's wrapping cloth. **-ment**¹¹, *adv.*: simply; exactly. †**-penehe** = *boule-ponehe*.

bon-net¹¹ [? cf. Hindu *bāndī*, broad-cloth], *m.*: =, hood, cap; boot-top; reticulum, honeycomb (second stomach of ruminants); — *d'Hippocrate*, bandage; — *vert*, long-term prisoner; *opiner de* —, assent without giving a reason; *un* — *carre*, a doctor; new horns (of deer); *un gros* —, a big man (in an organisation); *un* — *rouge*, revolutionist. †**-netade**¹⁵, *f.*: removal of hat (in honour, in saluting).

-netage¹⁵, *m.*: capping (of guns). **-neteur**¹⁵ [*-neteur*], *m.*: card game.

-cter¹⁵, *tr.*: load with attentions servilely; cap (a gun). **-neterie**¹⁵ [*-etier*], *f.*: hosiery; hosiery traders.

-neteur¹⁷ [*-neteur*], *m.*: †fawner, sharper. **-netier**¹⁵, *m.*: hosier. **-nette**¹⁵, *f.*: bonnet (of fort); bonnet-sail.

bonne-voglie¹⁰ [It. *buona-voglia*, good will], *m.*: hired galley-oarsman.

bonsoir¹⁵ [*bon*, *soir*], *m.*: good-night; farewell.

bonité⁹ [*L.* *bonitas*], *f.*: goodness, kindness.

bonze [Jap. *bozu*], *m.*: = (Buddhist monk).

boquet[?], *m.*: (*dial.*) mudscoop or shovel.

boquette⁹ [? *bequette*], *f.*: (box-maker's) pincers.

boquillon¹¹ [ak. to *bois*], *m.*: (*dial.*) wood-seller.

†**borac-eique** = *borique*. **-cite**¹⁸ [*borax*], *f.*: = (mineral).

bo-rate¹⁷, *m.*: =. ||**-rax**¹⁶ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: =.

borborygme¹⁵ [Gr. *-mōs*], *m.*: borborygmus (rumbling of intestines).

bor-d [l. Ger.], *m.*: border, edge; brim; strip; bank; tack; side (of ship); ship; *être du* —, be on the side (of some one).¹

-dage¹⁴, *m.*: †border; siding, planking.

-daille¹⁷, *f.*: plank of the ship's side; side. **-dant**¹⁵, *m.*: foot-rope (of sail).

-de [formerly 'hut', ak. to *bord*], *f.*: farm. **-dé**¹⁷ [*-der*], *m.*: lace; hem.

-dée¹⁶, *f.*: cannon (on one side); broad-

side; tack. **-del**¹¹ [-de], m.: brothel (house of ill-fame, bawdyhouse, †Eng. BORDEL, -dello). **-dément**¹⁶ [-der], m.: flange; enameling. **-der**¹⁵, tr.: border; line; bound; bind (a coat, etc.): — *la côte*, sail near the coast; — *le lit*, tuck in the bed-clothes. **-dureau**¹⁴, m.: itemized statement, memorandum. **-derie**¹³ [-de], f.: (dial.) little farm. **-deyer**¹⁶, intr.: tack; beat about. 1. **-dier**¹¹ [-de], m.: farm-tenant (on shares). 2. **-dier**¹⁶, adj.: lop-sided; m.: poorly balanced ship.

bordigue¹⁶ [Prov. -ge], f.: fish-crawl (pen).

bor-doyer¹⁶ [-d], intr.: show dark (as enamel on poor gold). **-dure**¹² [-der], f.: —, BORDER; †frontier.

bo-re¹⁸ [-raz], m.: boron (simple chemical element).

boréal¹⁴, pl. = **éaux** [L. -lis], adj.: —, northern.

bor-gne¹¹ [?], adj.: blind in one eye (one-eyed); (fig.) blind; dark; hav'g one opening or one part; m., f.: one-eyed person; *ancere* —, anchor with one fluke; *maison* —, of bad appearance. **-gnesse**, f.: (rare) one-eyed woman.

bor-ne¹¹ [L. L. *bodina*], f.: landmark, boundary store, BOURN; (natural) barriers; goal; curb-stone. **-ner**¹², tr.: set landmarks; hedge in; ditch about; bound; limit: *un homme borné*, dull man.

bornoyer¹² [borgne], intr.: †be one-eyed; tr.: sight (observe line) with one eye.

borraginé¹⁸ [L. L. -go], adj.: like borage; f. pl.: borage family of plants.

bor(r)ure¹⁸ [bore], m.: boruret.

bozan¹⁷ [fr. Ar.], m.: boza (beverage).

bozel¹⁵ [?], m.: torus (round moulding).

bosquet¹⁶ [It. -schetto (-sco, wood)], m.: grove.

bos-sage¹⁶, m.: = (stone left to be worked); EMBOSAGE. 1. **-se**¹¹ [?], f.: hump; knob; dent; (phrenological) bump;

baa-relief; swelling, tumor; lump (disease on jaw); blight (of corn); BOSS;

BOSSER; hummock; knot (at end of rope): *se donner une* —, live high; *la — de cerf*, sprouting young horn (of a deer).

2. **bosse**¹⁷ [Flem. *bos*, bundle], f.: fuller's brush (of thistle-heads).

3. **bosse**¹⁶ [for *botte*, cask, BUTT], f.: large vessel: — *à feu*, powder shell; — *à sel*, salt hoghead.

4. **bosse-lage**¹⁷, m.: relief work (of goldsmith).

5. **-ler**¹² [bosse, lump], tr.: emboss, do relief work; dent (metal).

6. **-lure**¹⁵, f.: embossing; indentation.

7. **bosseman**¹⁵ [for Flem. *bootman*], m.: boatswain's mate, quarter-master.

8. **bos-sep**¹⁶ [bosse, lump], tr.: fasten (with knotted rope). 1. **-setier**¹⁴ [-sette], m.:

stud-rowel-maker. 3. **-setier**¹⁷, m.: glass-blower. **-sette**¹², f.: rowel, stud (of bridle).

9. **-sier**¹⁷ [-se, box], m.: salt-boxer, packer.

10. **-suir**¹⁶, m.: cat-head, anchorbeam. † **-son**¹⁶ [-sse, hump], m.: outwork (of ships), projection.

11. **-su**¹¹, adj.: hunchbacked; humped; embossed. **-suelle**¹⁷ [? -su], f.: tulip.

bostangi¹⁵ [Turk.], m.: sultan's household guard.

boston¹⁷ [city Boston], m.: —, card game.

bot¹⁶ [Flem. *bot*, blunt], indecl. adj.: club-footed; deformed.

botanique¹⁶ [Gr. *bóthos*, plant], adj.: botanical; f.: botany. **-niste**¹⁶, m.: botanist.

† **botargue** = *boutargue*.

bothrion¹⁶ [Gr. *bóthros*, cavity], m.: ulceration of the cornea.

1. **botte**¹¹ [?], f.: BOOT; step (of carriage); pipe (for sewerage): *serrer la* —, press foot against flank of horse; *le cheval va à la* —, the horse bites at his rider's leg; *mettre du foin dans les* —, make one's self comfortable.

2. **botte**¹⁴ [It.], f.: BUTT, cask; †twine-skin.

3. **botte**¹⁵ [It. -tta], f.: blow (with sword), pass; sudden attack.

4. **bo-tte**¹³ [?], f.: bunch (of vegetables, etc.); bundle; hank. **-ttelage**¹³, m.: bundling. 5. **-tteler**¹⁴ [OFr. *-tel*, dim. of -tte], tr.: bind together, bunch.

6. **-tteleur**¹³, m.: binder. **-tteloir**¹³, m.: stick (to draw a band tight); block with a peg (to tie and top vegetables).

bot-ter¹⁵ [-tte, shoe], tr.: shoe, furnish with boots: *se* —, prepare to leave; get the feet very muddy; (very fam.) *cela me botte bien*, that suits me exactly. **-tier**¹⁷ [-tte], m.: boot-maker. 1. **-tilion**¹³ [-tte], m.: leather-guard (over shoe-tops to keep out mud), gaiter.

2. **bottillon**¹³ [4-tte, bunch], m.: little bunch (of vegetables).

bottine¹³ [-tte, boot], f.: —; buskin, half-boot; gaiter.

† **bonard** = *bouvard*.

boubouler¹⁵, [echoic], intr.: tee-whit-tee-who (hoot as an owl).

bou-c¹¹ [fr. root of Ger. *bock*], m.: he-goat; goat-skin; hoisting machine (salt works): — *émissaire*, scapegoat. **-cage**¹⁷, m.: saxifrage, burnet. 1. **-can**¹⁴ [? ak. to bouc], m.: drinking place; rumpus.

2. **boucan**¹⁵ [Carib.], m.: —; smoked turtle; gridiron.

boucange¹⁵ [-ner, cure meat], m.: curing, smoking (of meat).

1. **boucaner**¹⁷ [-an, bad place], intr.: frequent low place.

2. **bouca-ner**¹⁵ [-can, smoked meat], tr.: smoke, cure (meat); intr.: live like a

buccaneer; †be cruel. **-nier**¹⁵, m.: buccaneer (hunter; freebooter).

boucaro¹⁷ [Sp. *búcaro*], m.: porous, red clay (for water jars).

boucaassin¹⁴ [?], m.: fustian.

boucau¹⁶ [Prov. (ak. to Fr. *bouche*)], m.: entrance to harbor.

boucaut¹⁶ [bouc], m.: goat-skin; rude hog'shead (for sugar, etc.).

bouhage¹³ [boucher, stop up], m.: stop-ping up.

boucharde¹⁶ [?], f.: stonemason's hammer; matting-chisel (with jagged edge).

1. †**bouche** = bouge.

2. **bou-che**^o [L. *bucca*, cheek], f.: mouth; opening; tongue; eating; food; *prendre sur sa* —, economise in food; *être sur sa* —, be a gourmand; *être à — que veux-tu*, be in affluence; *faire la petite* —, mince matters, not be frank; *officier de* —, provisioner, steward; — *d'or*, eloquent tongue. **-ché**^o [cher, stop up], adj.: smothered, dull. **-chéc**¹¹, f.: mouthful. **-chelle**¹³, f.: division (of a fishtrap or pen).

1. **boucheur**¹² [Ofr. *bousche*, bundle (of brushwood)], tr.: stop up; cork; cover.

2. **bou-cher**¹¹, **-ère** [bouc], m., f.: BUTCHER; bungler. **-cherie**¹¹, f.: slaughter-house; meat-shop; butchery.

1. **bouchet**¹³ [? another form of *bouquet*], m.: drink; kind of pear.

2. **bouchet**¹³ [?], m.: rope (of a dragnet).

bou-che-trou¹³, pl. —s [cher, trou], m.: gap-filler, makeshift. **-choir**¹³ [cher, close up], m.: door (of furnace).

bou-choin¹² [ak. to *bois*], m.: BUSH (sign of tavern); inn, drinking place; stopper (of glass); float (of fish-line); stove-door; darling: *à bon vin ne faut point de* —, good wine needs no bush; — *de foin*, wisp of hay; *jouer au* —, game where one tries to knock coin off a cork. **-chonner**¹³, tr.: rub (with a wisp), curry; rub (as a pig); fondle; cork up, close. **-chonnier**¹⁷, m.: cork-maker, or-dealer.

boucheot¹⁶ [Ofr. *bousche*, bundle, brushwood], m.: fish-crawl; (artificial) oyster-bed.

bou-cle^o [L. *buccula* (dim. of *bucca*, cheek)], f.: BUCKLE; ring; ringlet; ear-ring; jewel; door-knocker; fish-scale; sort of spade; stomatitis (disease of mouth of stock). †**-cle-gibecière**, pl. —s —s, m.: ornamental knocker. **-cler**¹⁴, tr., intr.: buckle; ring (a pig's nose); ringle (a mare); chain (shut); imprison; kink. **-clette**¹¹, f.: little ring; mesh (of lace). **-cljer**¹², m.: BUCKLER, shield; shell; carrion-beetle; lump-fish; *levée d'*

—s, raising of shields (by Romans as sign of displeasure).

†**boucon**¹⁴ [It. *boccone* (L. *bucca*, mouth), mouthful], m.: poisoned drink or food.

bou-dér¹³ [? ak. to Prov. *pot*, lip], intr.: POUT, sulk; be annoyed; tr.: glower at, be sulky towards: — *contre son ventre*, from ill humor abstain from eating; *il ne boude pas à table*, he eats heartily. **-derie**¹⁶, f.: sulkiness. **-deur**¹⁶, **-euse**, adj.: pouting; surly.

bou-din¹² [?], m.: sausage; pudding; mud; twist (of tobacco); spring; fuse; saddle portmanteau; sandbag; pad, cushion; torus, (swelling) base of a column; swelling. **-dinade**¹⁸, f.: lamb-roast (with *boudin* stuffing). **-dinage**¹⁸ [ner], m.: roving (slubbing of thread before winding on bobbins).

boudine¹² [?], f.: navel; bulge (of crown glass).

boudiner¹⁸ [din], tr.: slub (slightly twist wool, etc.).

boudoir¹⁷ [der], m.: (lit. where one may sulk when annoyed) = (lady's private room); un homme qui a de succès de —, a fortunate man.

boue¹¹ [?], f.: mud; daub, stucco, plaster; slime; pus; settlings; lees.

bouée¹⁴ [?], f.: BUOY, sign, mark: — *de sauvetage*, life-preserver; — *de bers*, apparatus to float a launched ship.

bouer¹⁶ [?], tr.: stamp (coin with a hammer).

bouette¹⁶ [?], f.: bait (for codfish).

bou-eur¹³ [e], m.: mud-man, street-cleaner. **-eux**¹¹, **-euse** [e], adj.: muddy.

bouf-fant¹³, adj.: swollen, puffy; m.: puff (of sleeve, etc.); sort of chemisette;

hoop-skirt. **-farde**¹³ [fée], f.: (vulg.) short-stemmed pipe. 1. **-fe**¹⁶, f.: puffing (of cheeks). 2. **-fe**¹⁷ [It. *buffa*, joke],

adj.: comic, funny; m., f.: comic actor.

-fée¹¹, f.: breath, whiff; breeze; warm wave; spell. 1. **-fer**¹¹ [echoic], intr.:

puff up or inflate the cheeks (gesture of anger); be angry; (pop.) drink by big

mouthfuls; eat heartily; tr.: inflate; swell. **-fette**¹⁴, f.: tassel, bow; certain

sail. **-fi**¹³ [fir], adj.: swollen; turgid (style). **-fir**¹² [ak. to *-ffer*], tr.: inflate;

bloat; intr.: swell (from a blow; with anger). **-fissure**¹⁶ [fir], f.: bloating;

bombast. **-foir**¹³, m.: (butcher's) bellows.

-fon¹⁵ = **-onne** [It. *buffone* (*buffa*, jest), m.: BUFFOON; adj.: comic. **-fonner**¹⁵

[fon], intr.: make fun. **-fonnerie**¹⁵ [fon], f.: buffoonery. †**-fonneur**¹⁶

[fon], m.: buffoon.

bouganèse¹⁸ [?], m., f.: mestizo, cross

between an Indian and a negro woman.

1. **bouge**⁹ [L. *bulga*], *f.*: BAG; BEL-
LOWS.

2. **bouge**¹³ [? L. *bulga*, bubble], *m.*:
BULGE; top (of loaf); side-room, closet;
hut; hollow; rounded hammer; tub (for
grapes). -**geage**¹⁸ [2.-*ger*], *m.*: cover-
ing wood (preparatory to charring).

bougeoir¹⁵ [-*gie*], *m.*: short candle-stick.

1. **bouger**⁹ [p. L. *bullicare* (L. *bullire*, BOIL)],
intr., *tr.*: stir (move a little, budge).

2. **bouger**¹⁷ [2.-*ge*], *tr.*: cover with a mound
(wood to be charred).

†**bougette**¹¹ [2.-*ge*], *f.*: wallet, BUDGET.

bou-gie¹³ [the town B.], *f.*: candle (of
wax, tallow, etc.); taper; = (for the
urethra): pain de —, taper (for lighting).

-**gie**¹⁸, *tr.*: wax (to prevent raveling);
treat (with medicated bougie).

bouillon¹³ [1.-*ger*], *m.*: (vulg.) fidgety
person.

bou-gon¹⁸, -**onne**, *adj.*: (fam.) grumbler.
-**gonner**¹⁸ [?], *intr.*: (fam.) grumble;
tr.: find fault with.

†**bougraine** = *bugrane*.

bougran¹¹ [town Boukhara], *m.*: BUCK-
RAM.

†**bougrane** = *bugrane*.

bou-gre⁹ [L. *bulgārus*, Bulgarian heretic],
m.: BUGGER, sodomist. -**grement**¹³,
adv.: (vulg.) extremely, awfully. -**gre-**
rie¹², *f.*: sodomy.

bouguière¹⁸ [Prov. -*ro* (boga, certain
fish)], *f.*: seine (for bogue-catching).

boui-boui¹³ [?], *m.*: (slang) bad resort.

boui/labaisse¹³ [Prov. -*aso*], *f.*: fish-
stew (flavoured with wine, served on bread);
mishmash.

bouillant¹¹ [-*lir*], *adj.*: boiling.

1. **bouille**¹⁶ [-*lir*], *f.*: pole (to scare up
fish).

2. **bouille**¹⁷ [Sp. *bolla* (L. *bolla*, seal)], *f.*:
lead seal.

3. **bouille**¹⁴ [?], *f.*: (dial.) coal-measure;
hod (for grapes).

bouilleau¹⁶ [It. *bugliuolo*, bucket], *m.*:
convicts' soup-platter.

1. **bouiller**¹⁶ [? ak. to -*lir*], *tr.*: scare
up, stir up (fish, with pole in deep water).

2. **bouiller**¹⁷ [2.-*lir*], *tr.*: seal (as with
wax).

bouil-lerie¹³, *f.*: distillery. -**leur**¹⁷, *m.*:
distiller; BOILER: — *de cru*, private dis-
tiller. -**li**¹², -**lie** [part. -*lir*], *adj.*: hav'g
been boiled: *m.*: boiled beef; *f.*: (pap
for infants); pulp (paper); chicken-
feed. -**lir**⁹ [L. *bullire* (-*lla*, bubble)],
irr.; *tr.*, *intr.*: boil. -**lissage**¹³, *m.*:
pulp-boiling. -**litoire**¹⁶, *m.*: blanching
coin). -**loir**¹³, *m.*: boiler (for whitening
coin). -**loire**¹⁷, *f.*: kettle. -**lon**¹¹, *m.*:
= (soup); bubble; froth; drainings; puff
(of cloth). -**lon-blanc**¹³, *pl.* — *s* — *s*,

m.: mullen. -**lonnement**¹⁵ [-*lonner*],
m.: boiling; excitement. -**lonner**¹³

[-*lon*], *tr.*: puff, flounce; *intr.*: bubble.

-**lotte**¹³, *f.*: little boiler; card game.

§ Ind.: Pr. *bou-r*, -*s*, -*t*; *bou-llent*, -*llen*,
-*llent*. 1pt. *bouillais*. Pret. *bouillis*. Fut.
(Cond.) *bouillirait*(s). — Subj.: Pr. *bouille*,
etc. 1pt. *bouillisse*. — I've: *bous*. — Part.: Pr.
bouillant [P. *bouillit*.

bouin¹³ [Prov.], *m.*: hank of silk (ready
for dyeing).

†**bouis** = *buis*.

†**bouisse** = *buisse*.

boujaron¹³ [? Sp. *búcaro*, vessel made of
clay of same name], *m.*: gill cup (on
shipboard).

boujinkin¹⁶ [Eng. Buckingham], *m.*:
English bonnet.

boulage¹³ [*bouillir*], *m.*: boiling (in
bleaching); pressing (of beets to make
sugar); batch (of linen, or of beets).

boulaie¹² [OFr. *boul*], *f.*: birch nursery.

bou-lange¹³, *f.*: baking; material (to be
baked). 1. -**langer**¹², -**ère** [? L.
polenta, barley], *m.*, *f.*: baker. 2. -**lan-**
ger¹¹, *tr.*: knead, make (bread). -**lan-**
gerie¹³, *f.*: bread-making; bakery.

boular¹³ [?], *m.*: (vulg.) long-tailed tit-
mouse.

bouldure¹⁵ [?], *f.*: pit (under water-
wheel).

1. **boule**⁹ [L. *bulga*], *f.*: ball, sphere, BOWL:
tenir pied à —, be indefatigable, firm;
à la — *vue*, hastily; rashly.

2. **boule**¹⁶ [merchant Boule], *m.*: BUHL,
buhlwork (furniture).

bouleau¹³ [OFr. *boul*], *m.*: birch.

boule-de-neige¹³, *f.*: snow-ball (flower).

bouledogue¹¹ [for Eng.], *m.*: BULL-DOG.

boullée⁹ [? ak. to Prov. *bol*, sediment],
f.: (solid) residue (of tallow).

bouléjon¹³ [Prov. -*joun*], *m.*: seine (for
sardines).

bou-le-ponche¹⁷ [for Eng. *bowl-punch*
(Fr. *boule*)], *f.*: PUNCH. -**ler**¹³ [-*le*, ball],
tr.: roll, whirl; *intr.*: swell. -**lerot**¹⁶

[-*le*], *m.*: (vulg.) goby (fish). -**let**¹³

[-*le*], *m.*: cannon ball; fetlock-joint; =
(disease): — *ramé*, cross-bar shot; =

rouge, red, i.e. hot ball (to set fire); =
creux, bomb. -**leté**¹⁶ [-*let*], *adj.*: crowned,
hav'g fetlock bent forward. -**lette**¹³

[-*le*], *f.*: little ball (esp. of soft material,
food); poisoned food. -**leur**¹⁷ [-*le*],
-**euse**, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: tough (horse);
plodder.

boulevard¹⁴ [Ger. *bühlwerk*, (lit.) log-
structure], *m.*: BULWARK; = (first so
called when made of old breastworks).

boulevari¹³ [? for *hourvari*], *m.*: (fam.)
noisy disorder.

bouleversement¹⁵, *m.*: overthrow; sub-
version. -**ser**¹⁶ [*boule*, ball, *verser*],

tr.: upset; disturb, confuse; turn topsyturvy.

boulevard, see under *boule*, ball.

bou-lièhe¹⁶ [Prov. -lièhe], f.: large drag-net. 1.-lièr¹² [L. Prov. -liech], m.: bag-net.

2.**boulièr**¹² [-le, ball], m.: kind of abacus (counting-board).

boulmie¹⁵ [Gr. -mia (boûs, ox, limbs, hunger)], f.: bulimia, abnormal appetite (as from tapeworm).

boulin¹⁵ [-le, ball], m.: crock (for pigeon nest); pigeon-hole; scaffolding-hole, putlog hole.

bouli-ne¹¹ [Eng. bow-line], f.: BOWLINE: rent de —, a wind that one sails close to; courir la —, run the gauntlet (the ends of bowlines being used as knouts). -ner¹⁶, tr.: haul close to the wind; intr.: sail close to the wind; reel. -nette¹², f.: top-sail bowline.

boulingrin¹⁶ [Eng. bowling-green], m.: bowling-green; lawn.

boulingue¹⁵ [-le, ball], f.: sky-sail.

boulinier¹⁶ [-le, ball], m.: ship (that can sail close to the wind).

bouloir¹⁷ [-ler], m.: pole (to scare up fish); stirring pole (to mix mortar; to stir hides in tanning).

boulois¹² [-le, ball], m.: fuse (for blasting).

bou-lon¹² [-le, ball, bubble], m.: iron pin, bolt, boss (of book-cover); fasten-yard.

boulougeon [-le, ball], m.: rags (for low-grade paper).

bou-lonner¹⁶ [-lon], tr.: bolt, secure by pins. -lonnerie¹⁵, f.: bolt factory.

-lonnier¹², m.: bolt-maker. -lonnière¹², f.: auger (to make bolt holes).

-lot¹², -otte [-le, ball, bubble], adj.: (fam.) heavy-set, fat. -lotter¹² [-lot], intr.: (vulg.) get along so-so. -lue¹²

[part of bouillir], f.: kind of bottle. -lure¹² [-ler], f.: warty growth (on plants).

bou-que¹² [Prov. -buco, mouth (L. -cca)], f.: strait, channel; entrance way (of funnel fishnet). -quer¹⁶ [Prov. bouca], tr.: make kiss, force to kiss; force.

1.**bou-quet**¹² [variant of bouquet], m.: tclump of trees, bunch; = (nosegay); aroma; choice; cream; verses, sonnet; -quetier¹⁶, m.: bouquet-maker; flower-vase. -quetière¹⁵, f.: flower-girl.

2.**bouquet**¹² [-que, dial. form for bouche], m.: tetter (disease of sheep).

3.**bouquet**¹² [bouc], m.: little buck (goat, rabbit); kind of crayfish.

bou-quetin¹² [Prov. boc-estain (Fr. bouc) = solid-hoofed (?) buck], f.: wild goat.

-queten¹⁷ [-quet, sense of 'crab'], m.: schrimp-net.

bouquette¹⁶ [Flem. bockweit "beech-wheat"], f.: (dial.) BUCKWHEAT.

1.**bouquin**¹⁵ [-que, dial. for bouche], m.: mouthpiece (of trumpet, of pipe); tetter (sheep disease).

2.**bouquin**¹⁵ [bouc], m.: old he-goat; buck-rabbit; tsaty; adj.¹⁶: tsat-like.

3.**bou-quin**¹⁵ [Flem. boeckin, little book], m.: (fam.) old book (rather contemptuously): il est toujours dans ses —s, he always has his nose in a book.

1.-quiner¹⁶, intr.: (fam.) thumb books; examine (books before buying).

2.**bouquiner**¹⁶ [-quin, buck], intr.: cover the female (said of rabbits).

bouqui-nerie¹⁷ [-neur], f.: (fam.) old books, old book trade. -neur¹⁶ [-ner], m.: hunter after old books. -niste¹⁷ [bouquin, old book], m.: dealer in old books.

bouracan¹⁵ [Ar. barrakan (Pera. barak, camel's-hair cloth)], m.: barracan (cloth).

bouracher¹⁶ [-rras], m.: silk-worker, -weaver.

bourbe¹¹ [-le], f.: mud (of pond; inkwell).

bourbailier¹² [-le], m.: breast (of wild boar).

bour-beur¹⁵, -euse [-be], adj.: muddy; f.: (fresh-water) turtle. -bier¹² [-be], m.: mire; scrape. -billion¹⁶ [-be], m.: core (of an abscess).

-botte¹⁷ [-be], f.: (vulg.) eel-pout (fish).

bourbouille¹² [-le], f.: (vulg.) prickly heat.

†**bour-ger**, -cet, -cette = bourser, etc.

bour-d¹⁶ [Prov. = bastard, fr. L. burdus, mule], m., adj.: alder (bush).

bour-daine¹² [-den], f.: black alder.

bourdalou¹⁷ [fr. prop. name], m.: hat-band; chamber-pot.

bourdaloue¹⁶ [preacher B.], f.: cheap cloth (worn by women after B.'s sermon on luxury).

1.**bourde**¹² [l. L. burdus, mule], f.: tcrutch; shore, prop (of ship).

2.**bourde**¹⁷ [-le], f.: inferior sal soda.

3.**bour-de**¹² [ak. to OHoll. boerde, practical joke], f.: fib. -der¹², intr.: fib.

†**bourdigue** = bordigue.

bourdillon¹⁷ [bourde, prop], m.: barrel stave.

1.**bourdon**¹⁶ [L. -do, mule], m.: pole; staff; jousting lance; brail (of seine); — de St. Jacques, (vulg.) marshmallow (plant).

2.**bourdon**¹⁶ [-le], m.: humming; droning (of bass, of bagpipe); =; great bell; drone-bee.

3.**bourdon**¹⁶ [bourde, fib], m.: (printer's) out, omission; flaw (in pin).

bourdonnant¹⁵ [-nner], adj.: humming.

bourdonne¹⁶ [-don, staff], adj.: =, cross pommée (device on coat-of-arms).

bourdon-nement¹⁵, m.: humming, dron-

ing sound. **||-ner**¹² [ʔ], *intr.*: buzz, hum; *tr.*: yodel (a tune), hum; tinkle.

bourdon-net¹⁷ [-don, 'staff' in sense of knob on the staff], *m.*: pellet (of lint), pledget (for a wound). **-nier**¹⁶, *m.*: pintle (of door); shaft (of wind-mill). **-nière**¹⁴, *f.*: step, socket (to receive pivot or pintle).

1. **bourg**² [l. L. *burgus*, 'stronghold', fr. Ger. *burg*] *m.*: market-town; BOROUGH.

2. † **bourg** = *bourd*.

bourgade¹⁴ [It. *borgata*], *f.*: village.

† **bourgène** = *bourdaine*.

bourgeois¹⁰, = **-qise** [bourg], *m.*, *f.*: burgher, tradesman; free-holder; civilian, common citizen; townsman; owner; hackman; plebeian; *adj.*: private; homely; common, vulgar. **-sement**¹⁶, *adv.*: plainly; modestly; privately. **-sie**¹², *f.*: citizenship; middle class.

bour-geon¹¹ [ʔ], *m.*: bud (of plants, invertebrates); granulation; proud-flesh; (*fam.*) rum-blossom; pimple. **-geonné**¹⁶, *adj.*: pimply, pimpled. **-geonnement**¹⁵, [*-geonner*], *adv.*: budding. **-geonner**¹¹, *intr.*: bud; (*fam.*) begin to show rum-blossom. **-geonnier**¹⁵, *m.*: (*vulg.*) bullfinch (bud ravager).

bourg-épine¹³ [ʔ *bouc*, *épine* in anal. with L. *spina cervina*, 'buck-thorn'], *f.*: buck-thorn.

bourgeron¹⁸ [ʔ p. L. *burra*, shaggy garment], *m.*: blouse.

bourgeteur¹⁵ [OFr. *-gette*, Flemish wool-en cloth], *m.*: wool-worker.

bourgin¹² [Prov.], *m.*: seine (on Mediterranean sea).

bourgmestre¹³ [for Ger. *burgmeister*], *m.*: BURGOMASTER.

bourgne¹⁴ [Prov. *-gno*, (lit.) 'cavity'], *f.*: bow-net (used as tide ebbs).

Bour-gogne [l. L. *Burgundia*, *s.*: Burgundy (the country). **bour-gogne**, *f.*: Burgundy wine; (*dial.*) sainfoin (forage plant). **-guignotte**¹⁵, *f.*: sort of helmet; † sailor cap; (*fam.*) head.

bourjassotte¹⁶ [Prov. *-saoto* (Sp. town *Burjaset*?)], *f.*: (*dial.*) variety of fig.

bourle¹⁵ [It. *burla* (L. *burrae*, jokes)], *f.*: trick, practical joke.

† **bourlet** = *bourrelet*.

bourlinguer¹⁷ [*boulingue*], *intr.*: toil; labor (as a ship against wind and water).

† **bournoun** = *burnous*.

1. **bourrache**¹² [l. L. *borrago* (Ar. *abou rach*, 'father of sweat')], *f.*: BORAGE (herb).

2. **bourrache**¹⁵ [ʔ], *f.*: bow-net.

bour-rade¹⁵ [-*rer*], *f.*: † snap, bite (of a dog); cuff (with fist, with butt of gun).

-rage¹⁵ [-*rer*], *m.*: tamping.

bourras¹² [-*rer*], *f.*: BARRAS (Dutch-cloth).

bourrasque¹⁵ [It. *borrasca*], *f.*: gust, squall (of wind).

bour-re² [p. L. *burra*], *f.*: hair (of animals), coarse wool; wool-fluff, silk-fluff; down (of buds); gun-wad; abuse. 1. **-reau**¹², *m.*: cushion; shoulder-pad (for carrying burden).

2. **bourreau**¹³ [ʔ], *m.*: executioner (headsman, hangman); (*fig.*) torturer, assassin; brute, wretch.

1. **bourrée**¹³ [-*rer*], *f.*: fagot; quailtrap.

2. **bourrée**¹⁶ [ʔ], *f.*: dance (in Auvergne).

bourreler¹⁵ [2. *-reau*], *tr.*: harass, torment.

† **bourrellerie** = *bourrellerie*.

bour-relet¹³ or † **bourlet** [-*reau*, pad], *m.*: =; cushion pad; padding (about windows); puddening (fender, wreath of rope); swelling (on trees); tumor; packing. **-relier**¹² [-*reau*], *m.*: harness-dealer.

bourrelle¹⁵ [-*reau*, hangman], *f.*: woman-executioner, twife of hangman.

bourrellerie¹² *f.*: harness-trade.

bour-re-noie¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: (gunsmith's) punch. **||-rer**¹⁵ [*bourre*, hair], *tr.*: stuff; cram; ram; wad, mistreat; snap, bite out (a bunch of hair): — *de latin*, fill (one) with Latin. **-rette**¹⁵ [-*re*], *f.*: silk (next the cocoon).

bourriche¹⁶ [ʔ for *-rrache*], *f.*: hamper (for oysters, game).

bourrier¹⁵ [-*re*], *m.*: † pile (of straw, manure); parings (of leather); chaff.

bourri-que¹⁵ [Prov. *-co* (L. *burrius*, small horse)], *f.*: she-ass; ignoramus.

-quet¹⁵, *m.*: young ass; hand-barrow; windlass; saw-horse. **-quier**¹⁵, *m.*: ass-driver.

bourrir¹⁵ [ʔ], *intr.*: whirl, whiz (as quail flying).

bour-roir¹³ [-*rer*], *m.*: tamping bar; **-ron**¹⁵ [-*re*], *m.*: wool (for padding).

-ru¹⁵ [-*re*], *adj.*: downy (as buds); rough; rude; new (wine); crabbed: *moine* —, bugbear; un — *bienfaisant*, kindhearted but roughspoken man.

boursal¹⁷ [Prov. fr. *-so*, purse], *m.*: fishnet.

boursaut¹⁵ [*bour* (?), *saut*, willow], *m.*: certain willow.

bour-se² [p. L. *burso* (Gr. *búrsa*, leather)], *f.*: =, exchange; PURSE; money (in Orient); cell; pocket; wallet; pod; scholarship, fellowship; *pl.* scrotum. **-seau**¹⁶, *m.*: † welt; leaden ridge (of slate roof); (plumber's) hammer. **-ser**¹⁶, *tr.*: clew up (a sail); cure (hides).

bourset¹⁶ [Holl. *boeg-zeil*, (lit.) BOW-SAIL], *m.*: certain sail.

bour-sette¹³ [-*se*], *f.*: † little purse; (*vulg.*) shepherd's-purse (plant); lamb's-lettuce.

-sieur¹² or **-cot** [-*se*], *m.*: (*fam.*) savings. **-sicoter**¹⁵, *intr.*: lay up money;

speculate (on small scale). -**sicotier**¹⁸ [-sicot], m.: (fam.) small speculator. -**sier**¹², -**ièr**¹² [-se], adj.: or m. f.: purse-maker; fellow (in college); speculator. -**siller**¹⁶ [-se], intr.: tpay quota (of club, etc.); club in together. -**son**¹⁶ [-se], m.: trousers-pocket.

boursoufflage¹⁷, m.: bombast. -**flé**¹⁵, adj.: turgid; bombastic. -**flément**¹⁵, m.: inflation; swelling. -**fler**¹² [for toud (cf. boudier, souffler), tr.: swell, bloat: la maladie lui a boursoufflé les chairs, he is swollen fr. his disease. -**soufflure**, f.: swelling; puffiness.

bou-sage¹⁵ [bouse], m.: dunging. -**sard**¹⁷, m.: deer-dung.

bousculer¹⁷ [for bouter-euler (bouter, cul)], tr.: upset (turn topsy-turvy) push roughly (jostle, hustle).

bou-se¹¹ [?], f.: cow-dung. -**ser**¹⁸, tr.: dung (i.e. mix dung with earth in plastering, leveling a threshing floor; as a process in dyeing cloth). -**sier**¹⁸, m.: dung-beetle, tumble-bug. -**sillage**¹⁸ [-siller], m.: plaster, mud-mortar, mud-and-straw; adobe-work; botch. -**siller**¹⁵, tr.: build with mud-mortar or adobe; botch. -**silleur**¹⁴, -**ense**, m., f.: mud-builder; botcher. 1. -**sin**¹⁶, m.: peat; dirty ice; sand vent (rotten stone).

2. **bou-sin**¹⁶ [for sailor-slang Eng. boozing-ken], m.: low drinking-house; disorder. -**singot**¹⁸, m.: sailor-cap; young ultrademocrat (after 1830 in France).

boussole¹⁵ [lt. bussola, little box], f.: compass; guide.

boustophédon¹⁵ [Gr., fr. bou, ox, strophéin, turn], m.: = (early Greek way of writing alternately right to left, and left to right).

1. **bout**¹¹ [-ter], m.: butt, end; extreme; nipple; prow; bit, piece.

2. **bout**¹⁵ [?], m.: (vulg.) sunfish.

bou-tade¹⁵ [-ter, sense of 'pierce'], f.: caprice (whim, Eng. boutade); ballad; freak: par -s, by spells, by fits and starts. -**tage**¹⁴ [-ter], m.: sticking (of pins in order into paper or card).

boutargue¹⁵ [Prov. -argo (fr. Ar.)], f.: BOTARGO (Mediterranean dish of salted roe).

†**bout-dehors** = bouter-hors.

bout-de-l'an¹⁵, m.: funeral service (at the end of one year after bereavement).

boute¹⁵ [Prov. -to (?)], f.: BUTT, hog's head (for wine, water, tobacco); box of cards (in packs).

bouté¹⁵ [-ter], adj.: thick (wine); hav'g crowned joint (horse).

boute-à-port¹⁷, m.: wharf-master.

†**bouteau** = bouteux.

boute-charge¹⁸ [bouter, put], m.: signal (to cavalry to put load on their horses).

†**boute-dehors** = bouter-hors.

1. **boutée**¹² [-ter, push], f.: boutade; ABUTMENT; pier.

2. **boutée**¹⁸ [-te], f.: quantity of cards in one bout, pack.

bou-t-en-train¹⁸, pl. [-te (-ter, put)], m.: inciter, merry-maker, life of the party; bird used to teach birds to sing; stallion. -**tefen**¹⁵, m.: linstock; incendiary. -**te-hors**¹⁸, m.: (ancient game like) prisoner's base; boom; out-rigger; fire-hook; knock (of pleasing in society).

boutéil-le¹⁰ te- [ak. to bouter], f.: BOTTLE; bottleful; bubble; tumor; quarter gallery (of ship): être dans la —, be in the secret.

1. -**ler**¹¹, m.: BUTLER. 2. -**ler**¹⁸, intr.: have bubbles (said of glass). 1. -**lerie**¹¹

[-ler], f.: butler's office. 2. -**lerie**¹⁸, f.: bottle-factory; bottle-trade.

boute-lof [bouter], m.: fore-tack boom.

bouter¹⁰ [Teut. botan, knock], intr.: put to sea, stand out; sprout; grow; thicken (of wine) †tr.: start up (wild game); put; paper (pins): — dessus, put on one's hat.

bouterame¹¹ [Flem. boterham], m.: buttered piece of bread.

bou-tereau¹⁷, pl. —x, [-ter], m.: chisel (of nailmaker). -**terolle**¹⁸ [-ter], f.: chape (of scabbard); chamber; fishnet (with handle); key-hole. -**teroue**¹⁸ [-ter, roue], f.: curb-stone, curbing; iron footing (on bridges, or flooring, to prevent wear by wheels).

-**te-selle**¹⁵ [-ter], m.: trumpet-signal to prepare to mount, saddling signal.

†**te-tout-cuire**¹⁸, pl. — [-ter], m.: (fam.) dissipater. -**teur**¹⁷, -**ense** [-ter], m., f.: pin-sticker (who puts into papers).

-**teur**¹⁸, m.: fishnet (with handle).

bouticlard¹⁷ [-tique], m.: (dial.) fish booth; fish vessel (to keep fish alive in).

†**boutillier** = bouteiller.

bouti-que¹² [lt. apotheca, store (Gr. apó, away, thêke, box)], f.: shop, store; fish-box (for live fish); box (of a peddler).

-**quier**¹⁵, -**ièr**, m., f.: store-keeper.

bou-tis¹⁵ [-ter], m.: rooting (of hogs); place of rooting. -**tisse**¹⁵ [-ter], f.: header, bond-stone, binding-stone. -**toi**, or -**toir**¹⁸

[-ter], m.: snout (of hog); horse-shoer's tool. -**ton**¹¹ [-ter], m.: BUTTON; bud; pimple; key (of violin); knob: — d'Alep, carbuncle (common in Syria). -**tonné**¹¹

[-tonner], adj.: budding; pimply; BUT-TONED. -**tonner**¹¹, intr.: bud; tr.: button up. -**tonnerie**¹² [-tonnier], f.: button business. -**tonneur**¹⁵, -**ense**, adj.: pimply. -**tonnier**¹², m.: button-dealer. -**tonnière**¹⁵, f.: button-hole; uterine surgical operation. †**triot** = -tereau.

bout-rimés¹⁶, m. pl.: bouts-rimés (end-rhymes for verses to be filled out, crambo,

a game); hence sing. (-6) stanza made with given rhymes.

bou-turage¹⁸ [-turer], m.: propagating (by cuttings, slips). **1.-ture**¹⁴ [-ter], f.: shoot, sprout, cutting.

2.bouture¹⁶ [bouillir], f.: water for cleansing silver or gold.

bouturer¹⁸ [1.-ture], intr.: sprout, bud; tr.: make cuttings.

1.bouvard¹³ [bœuf], m.: (dial.) bullock.

2.bouvard¹⁶ [bouer], m.: coining hammer.

1.bouveau¹² [OFr. bore, cave], m.: †cave; gallery (in a mine).

2.bou-veau¹³ [bœuf], m.: young steer.

-velet¹³, m.: young ox. **-vement**¹⁶

[bov (for bœuf)], m.: certain grooving plane. †**-veret** = **-vret**. **-verie**¹¹ [bov

(for bœuf)], m.: cow-stable, ox-stable.

†**-veron** = **-vron**. **-vet**¹³ [bov- (for

bœuf)], m.: young ox; grooving plane.

-veter¹⁵ [-vet], tr.: plane. **-vier**¹¹,

= **ère**, m., f.: cowherd; (vulg.) wag-

tail, fly-catcher; Boötes (constellation).

-villon¹² [bov (for bœuf)], m.: young

ox. **-vret**¹³ [-rier], m.: African sparrow.

-vrette¹⁵ [-vret], f.: bird-organ (to teach

birds to sing). **-vrenel**¹⁷ [-rier], m.:

bull-finch. **-vren**¹⁵ [rier], m.: kind of

bull-finch.

bo-vidés¹⁸ [L. bos, gen. bovis, ox], m.

pl.: bovidæ. **-vine**¹⁴ [L. -vinus], adj.:

bovine.

†**bovl** = **1.bol**.

box-e¹⁸, f.: fist-fight, boxing match; box,

slap. **||-er**¹⁸ [Eng. box], intr.: box, spar

(with fists). **-eur**¹⁸, m.: boxer.

boyard¹⁶ [Russ. boiar, lord (OSlav. bol,

great)], m.: BOYAR, nobleman.

boyart¹² [for boyart], m.: †barrow;

certain part of a sluice.

boyau⁹ [L. botellus, sausage], m.: gut,

BOWEL; sausage; (water) hose; branch

(trench); long gallery; narrow way: *le*

cheval n'a pas de —, is thin flanked; *des-*

cente de —, hernia, rupture; *corde de —*,

catgut, string (of violin, etc.). **-derie**¹⁸,

f.: catgut establishment. **-dier**¹⁸, m.:

gut-worker. **boyer** [for Holl. boeijer

(boey, buoy)], m.: (old type of) Flemish

sloop.

bracelet¹³ [bras], m.: =; armlet; ring,

band (of one color, or material).

brachet¹¹ [OHG. brachho], m.: BRACH

(hound).

brachial¹⁵, pl. = **aux** [L. -lis], adj.: =

(of the arm).

brachiopodes¹⁸ [Gr. brachion, arm, poûs,

foot], m. pl.: brachiopoda (bivalve mol-

lusk).

brachistochrone¹⁷ [Gr. brachistos,

shortest, chrónos, time], adj.: cycloidal;

f.: = (curve of swiftest descent).

†**brachmane** = *brahmane*.

brachycephale¹⁸ [Gr. brachús, short,

kephalé, head], adj.: brachistoccephalic,

short-headed (as Mongolians).

brachyne¹⁸ [Gr. brachús, short], m.:

bombardier-beetle.

brachyseien¹⁸, = **nne** [Gr. brachús, short,

skia, shadow], adj.: equatorial.

brachyure¹⁸ [Gr. brachús, short, ourd,

tail], adj.: short-tailed; m.: crablike

crustacean.

bracen¹² [?], m.: beam (of engine, or

sluice).

bracon-nage¹², m.: trespassing, poach-

ing. **||-ner**¹¹ [ak. to braque, hunting

dog], intr.: poach, infringe. **-nier**¹¹

[-n], m.: poacher; intruder.

braconnière¹³ [ak. to braie], f.: mailed

apron.

brac-téate¹⁷ [L. -tea, metallic leaf],

adj.: showing the stamp on both sides (as

a medal). **-téé**¹⁷ [L. -tea], f.: bract.

-téole¹⁷ [L. -la (dim. of bractea)],

f.: =.

bradypepsie¹⁸ [Gr. -psia (bradús, slow,

pépsis, digestion)], f.: bradypepsy.

bra-gue¹⁵ [Prov. -ga, ak. to braie], f.:

threeches, crib (for children); breeching

(of guns). **-guet**¹⁷, m.: heel-rope (to a

mast). **-quette**¹⁵, f.: opening, flap (of

trousers).

brahma-ne¹⁵ [Skt. -n], m.: BRAH-

MIN priest. **-nique**¹⁵, adj.: Brahminic.

-nisme¹⁸, m.: Hindu religion.

1.brai¹³ [?], m.: mud; mortar; rosin, pitch.

2.†brai = **brais**.

3.brai¹¹ [OFr. broi, ak. to Ger. brett ?],

m.: bird-trap.

braie⁹ [L. braca, clout], f. pl.: clout;

breeches, drawers; outer-wall; fat (of

cow's udder); matting (to keep out water);

collar (of hammer).

†**brail** = **3.brai**.

brail-lard¹⁶ [1.-ler], adj.: blatant; m.:

speaking-trumpet (on ships).

1.braille¹⁷ [2.-ler], f.: shovel (to stir her-

ring).

2.braille¹⁷ [?], f.: (dial.) chaff.

brail-lement¹⁸, m.: brawling, howling.

1.-ler⁹ [p. L. *braguläre (ak. to braire)],

intr.: (fam.) cry, squall; whine.

2.brail-ler¹⁶ [?], tr.: stir (herrings with

wooden shovel) in curing.

brailleur¹⁵, = **cuse** [1.-ler], adj.: brayer;

brawler; whinnying horse.

br-aiment¹¹, m.: braying. **||-aire**⁹

[p. L. *bragere (?), irr. §; intr.: (old)

make a noise; (now) BRAY; m.:

braying.

§ Defective verb. — Ind.: Pr. *il brait*.

Ipl. *bra-yait*, -yaient. Fut. *brai-ra*, -ront.

Cond. *brai-raït*, -raient. — Part.: Pr. *bra-*

yant.

†**brairette** = *brayette*.

brais⁹ [L. *brace*, white corn], m.: crushed barley (in brewing).

brai-se¹¹ [OHG. *brasa*], f.: live coals (embers); roast meat; charcoal; (fam.) money.

-ser¹⁷, tr.: roast, BRAIZE. **-sette**¹⁸, f.: (small amount of) charcoal. **-sier**¹⁹, m.: (baker's) charcoal-bin. **-sière**¹⁷, f.: BRAISING-PAN, BRAZIER (open pan for live coals).

braisine¹⁷ [? *brai*, mud], f.: clay-mortar (used in cementing steel).

†**brame** = *brahmane*.

bra-mement¹⁷, m.: belling, cry (of deer). **||-mer**¹⁸ [OHG. *breman*, bellow], intr.: †bellow, roar; bell (as deer).

†**bramine** = *brahmane*.

bran⁹ [p. L. **brennum* (Celt.)], m.: †bran (husk); †sawdust; (low) refuse, excrement, dung.

brancade¹⁸ [Prov. *-cado*, (lit.) branch with fruit], f.: †chain-gang; chain (of convicts).

bran-card¹⁸ [Prov. *-cal* (*branco*, branch)], m.: †Eng. *brancard*, horse-litter; arms; handles (of barrow); thills, shafts (of vehicles); barrow. **-cardier**¹⁸, m.: thill-horse; ambulance man.

bran-chage¹⁴ [*-che*], m.: top (branches, not trunk of tree). **bran-che**⁹ [p. L. *-ca*, claw (cf. *brachium*)], f.: branch; *s'accrocher aux* —s, grasp at straws.

-chement¹⁵ [*-cher*], m.: branching, attaching (as one pipe to another pipe). **-cher**¹⁵, intr.: BRANCH out; alight on a limb; tr.: hang up; solder (pipes).

-chette¹⁸, f.: little branch. **-che-ursine**¹⁴, pl. —s [(for l. L. *branca ursina* ursus, bear), bear claw], f.: BRANK-URSINE, bear's-breech (plant).

branchial¹⁸, pl. **-iaux** [*-chies*], adj.: =.

branchier¹⁸ [*-che*], adj.: not able to leave the branches, brancher (as young falcon).

bran-chies¹⁶ [L., Gr. *-chia*], f. pl.: branchia, gills. **-chio-pode**¹⁸ [Gr. *poûs*, foot], adj. or m.: branchiopod (with gills on feet). **-chio-stège**¹⁶ [Gr. *stégin*, cover], adj.: branchiostegal (covering the gills).

branchu¹¹ [*-che*], adj.: (well) branched.

†**branc-ursine** = *branche*, etc.

brand¹⁰ [OHG. fire-brand], m.: (heavy) sword.

brandade¹⁷ [Prov. *-dado*, (lit.) stirred], f.: = (dish of codfish, oil and garlic).

brân¹⁴ [?], f.: heather (plant); heath; fagot (to spread fire on ship).

brandebourg¹⁶ [prop. name], m., f.: Brandenburg (certain ornaments on military clothing); summer-house.

†**brande-vin**¹⁷ [for Flem. *-dewyn*, (lit.)

burnt wine], m.: brandy. **-vinier**¹⁷, **-ière**, m., f.: brandy-maker, or seller (sutler).

†**brandi**¹⁵ [OFr. *braidif*, 'quick' of unc. orig.], adj.: alive.

brandille¹⁸ [L. *-dir*, pin], f.: hole (for wooden peg).

bran-dillement¹⁵ [*-diller*], m.: dangle, swinging. **-diller**¹², tr., intr.: swing, dangle. **-dilatoire**¹⁵ [*-diller*], f.: swing, see-saw; (vulg.) poor plough.

1. **||-dir**¹⁰ [*brand*, sword], tr.: brandish.

2. **brandir**¹⁸ [?], tr.: pin (beams, etc.).

1. **branden**¹² [Ger. *brand*], m.: fire-BRAND, torch; burning débris (after conflagration).

2. **bran-don**¹⁵ [?], m.: twist of straw (on a stake, as sign that sheriff has seized the crop). **-donner**¹⁸, tr.: mark (field as sign of seizure).

branée¹⁸ [*bran*], f.: (dial.) bran-slop (for hogs).

bran-lant¹⁸, adj.: tottering, shaky.

bran-le¹¹, m.: impulse; swing; whirl, turn; start; pendulum; hammock; jaw (of vise). **-le-bas**¹⁷, pl. —, m.: the cry: "all hammocks down"; clearing (of the deck); commotion. **-lement**¹⁸, m.: swinging, reeling, wagging. **-le-queue**¹⁸, m.: (vulg.) wag-tail (bird). **||-ler**¹⁰ [ak. to *brandir*, BRANDISH], tr.: swing, shake; intr.: vibrate; reel; be loose (as blade in a handle), rattle; waver. **-lette**¹⁸, f.: piece of fishing line. **-loire**¹⁵, f.: see-saw; distaff.

bransqueter¹⁵ [for Flem. *brandschat-ten*], tr.: lay under contribution; extort.

braque¹¹ [OHG. *braccho*], m.: Dalmatian dog; BRACH; daredevil.

braquemart¹⁴ [? Gr. *bracheta machaira*, short sword], m.: broadsword.

bra-quement¹⁶, m.: aiming, sighting. **||-quer**¹⁵ [?], tr.: aim, point (gun, telescope); fix (eyes on one).

†**braques**¹⁶ [L. *brachia*, arms], f. pl.: claws (of crab).

†**braquet**¹⁶ [? fam. for *-quement*], m.: short sword; shoe-peg.

bras⁹ [L. *brachium*], m.: arm; sleeve; fin; front leg; handle; *branch*; BRACE (of a yard); bay; *avoir sur les* —, on one's hands; *d force de* —, by (work of) one's hands, by hand; — *dessus*, — *dessous*, arm-in-arm, confidentially; — *long*, great power, influence; *faire les grands* —, act big, put on airs; *beaux* —, fine manners; *d — ouverts*, with open arms.

bra-sage¹⁸, m.: brazing. **bra-se**¹⁸, f.: live coals. **-sment**¹⁸, m.: brazing, soldering. **||-ser**¹⁶ [*braise*, sense of 'embers'], tr.: braise, hard-solder; intr.: crack (as crust). **-sero**¹⁸ [Sp., fr. Fr.

-sier), m.: brazier. -sier¹¹ [-se], m.: brazier (coal-pan); fire-place; *sa tête est un —*, has strong imagination. -siller¹¹ [-siller], m.: glistening (as of sea). -siller¹² [-se], tr.: roast, broil; intr.: sparkle, glisten.

bras-que¹⁷ [?], f.: = (clay and charcoal mortar). -quer¹⁸, tr.: line, with brasque.

brassadelle¹⁸ [? for *brasa-* (braser)], f.: muzzle (of gun).

1. brassage¹⁸ [1.-sser], m.: mashing (in brewing beer); mix (coin metal); seigniorage.

2. brassage¹⁷ [2.-sser], m.: BRACINGS (of sails).

bras-sard¹⁵ [bras], m.: =, armband; badge (on the arm); leather sleeve. || -se⁹ [L. *brachium* (in pl.), arm], f.: length of two arms, fathom, BRACE, =, stroke (of swimmer); *le navire est sur les —s*, the ship is in fathomable water. -sée¹¹ [bras], f.: armload; stroke (of swimmer). 1.-ser¹⁶ [bras, brace of a yard], tr.: brace (a sail); — au vent, haul weather brace; — sous le vent, haul lee brace.

2. bras-ser¹¹ [ak. to *brais*], tr.: stir (malt, soaking hides); brew. -serie¹⁴, f.: brewery, beer-saloon. -seur¹², -euse, m., f.: brewer, beer-seller; agitator.

†brasseyer = *brasser*.

brassiage¹¹ [ak. to 2.-sser], m.: sounding. brassicaire¹⁸ [L. -ca, cabbage], adj.: cabbage.

bras-si-cour¹⁶ [for *bras-*], adj., m.: knee-sprung (horse). -sière¹³ [bras], f.: BRACE, strap; garment (with straps), chemise, flannels; breast of pigeon.

bras-sin¹⁸ [2.-ser], m.: mash-tub, tubful; soap-kettle; kettleful. -soir¹⁶ [2.-ser], m.: stirring (stick).

brassouire¹⁷ [?], f.: water-pipe (leading to saltworks).

brasure¹⁴ [-ser], f.: bracing; soldering.

brava-che¹⁵ [It. -ccio (*bravo, brave*)], m.: braggart, bully. †cherie¹⁵, f.: boasting, swaggering.

bra-vade¹⁵ [It. -vada], f.: bravado.

bra-ve¹⁵ [It. -vo [L. *barbarum, barbarous*]], adj.: =, bold; honest (in this sense precedes the noun); (*fam.*) good; †smartly dressed. -vement¹⁵, adv.: bravely. -ver¹⁵, tr.: brave, face; †dress fine. †verie¹⁵, f.: finery. 1.-vo¹⁷ [It.], interj.: =. 2.-vo¹⁵ [It.], m.: =, hired assassin. -voure¹⁵ [It. -vura], f.: =; bravery; gallantry.

1. brayer¹⁵ [brai], tr.: cover with pitch.

2. bra-yer¹⁵ brè-yé [braie], tr.: set (a stone). 3.-yer¹¹, m.: †trouser-band; truss; axis (of scales); rump (of falcon, etc.).

brayère¹⁸ [naturalist *Brayer*], f.: Abyssinian plant (used against tapeworm).

brayette¹⁸ [braie], f.: little clout; cow-slip; †flap (of trousers).

brayon¹¹ [brayer], m.: trap (for skunk, fox, etc.).

break¹⁸ [Eng.], m.: = (wagonette).

†bréant = *bruant*.

brébis⁹ [L. *verrez, wether*], f.: ewe; sheep.

brèche¹¹ [OHG. *brecha*], f.: BREACH; gap; flaw. -dent¹¹, pl. —, adj.: gap-toothed.

bréchet¹⁸ [ak. to Eng. *brisket*], m.: breast-bone (of animals).

†bréchet¹⁶ [brèche], m.: little brèche, flaw.

†brécin = *bressin*.

bréda¹⁷ [?], m.: certain short rope with iron hook at one end.

brédaler¹⁷ [? OFr. *bredeler, jabber*], intr.: rattle (as spinning wheel).

brédi-bréda¹⁵ [echoic], adv.: (*fam.*) slap-dash.

bréjindin¹⁶ [?], m.: stay-tackle; †carriage.

bré-din¹⁹ [?], tr.: join, stitch (with leather strings). -dissure¹⁸, f.: adherence (of gums to cheek, caused by ulceration). -dissage, m.: stitching (with leather).

brédouil-lage¹⁶, m.: jabbering, sputtering. -le¹⁵ ou long, f.: trick-track (game); adj.: hav'g done nothing; hav'g shot no game; left in the lurch. -lement¹⁶, m.: sputtering. || -ler¹⁵ [?], tr., intr.: jabber unintelligibly. -leur¹⁶, -euse, m., f.: jabberer.

†brée = *braie*.

bréf⁹ (or *brief*), -ève (or -iève) [L. *brevis*], adj.: short; m.: brief (official document); (ship's) papers; f.: short (note, syllable, etc.).

†brégin = *bourgin*.

bregma¹⁵ [Gr.], m.: = (point on cranium where sutures meet).

bréhaque¹¹ [?], adj.: sterile, BARREN; f.: sterile female.

bréher¹¹ [?], tr.: nail on (a horseshoe).

bré-lan¹¹ [OHG. *brellene* (dim. of *brett*, board)], m.: †table (to dice on); = (card game); gambling house. -lader¹⁶, intr.: frequent low resorts; be addicted to card-playing. -ladier¹⁸, -ière, m., f.: keeper of gaming house; inveterate cardplayer. -ladinier¹⁷, -ière, m., f.: stall-keeper, street-seller.

brélauder¹⁸ [? -lander], intr.: (*fam.*) fritter away time.

bré-lée¹⁷ [? Eng. *barley*], f.: (*dial.*) green-feed (of oats and barley).

†bréline = *berline*.

- brélique-bréloque**¹⁶ [? (cf. *breloque*)], *adv.*: (fam.) helter-skelter, topsy-turvy.
- brel-le**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: small raft. **-ler**¹⁸, *tr.*: bind fast (beams, etc., as in flooring pontoon bridges); woold.
- brélo-que**¹⁸ [?], *f.*: watch-charm or trinket, locket; signal to break ranks: *il bat la —*, wanders from the point.
- quet**¹⁸, *m.*: trinkets (on a chain).
- † **bréluque**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: drugget (Normandy cloth).
- brème**¹² [OHG. *brahsema*], *f.*: BREAM (fish).
- bréneur**¹⁴, **-euse** [*bren*, old for *bran*], *adj.*: (low) dirty (with dung).
- bréquin**¹⁷ [Flem. *borkin* (boor)], *m.*: BORING instrument, drill, bit.
- bré-sil**¹¹ [?], *m.*: BRAZIL-wood; **Bré-sil**, *m.*: Brazil. **-siller**¹⁸, *tr.*: dye red (with Brazil-wood); *intr.*: crumble (like Brazil wood). **-sillet**¹¹, *m.*: inferior Brazil wood; dye woods of Europe: *noix de —*, Brazil-nut.
- brésoles**¹⁷ [It. *braciola* (lit. cut of meat cooked on a BRAZIER)], *f. pl.*: collops of veal, etc.
- bréssin**¹⁶ [*bras*], *m.*: hoisting rope (with hook at the end); †brace (rope to a yard-arm).
- bréste**¹¹ [? ak. to *brai*, bird trap], *f.*: snaring (with lime).
- Brétagne**, *f.*: Brittany (old province in France).
- brétail-ler**¹⁷ [*brette*], *intr.*: (fam.) be full of fight. **-leur**¹⁷, *m.*: fighter, challenger; fencer.
- brétauder**¹⁸ [*bis*, disp., *tondre*], *tr.*: shear, clip unevenly, or too close (dogs, horses, etc.); crop ears of; castrate.
- bré-tèche**¹¹ [? ak. to *Breton*; or OHG. *bret*, board], *f.*: BRETESSE, =, movable wooden, battlement; wooden tower.
- têcher**¹⁸, *tr.*: †embattle, fortify with high towers; proclaim (from a tower).
- brétel-le**¹² [?], *f.*: strap; suspender (of trousers); net (for catching sea-dog).
- lerie**, *f.*: suspender factory. **-lière**¹⁸, *f.*: leaded net (for sea-dogs).
- † **bré-tesse**, † **-tesser** = *-tèche*, etc.
- † **brétte**¹⁵ [? ak. to *Bretagne*], *f.*: †longsword, fleuret.
- bré-teler**¹⁶, *tr.*: indent (as head of a lath-hammer), hatch. **-telure**¹⁸, *f.*: hatchings; indentation. **||-ter**¹⁶, *tr.*: indent, nig, dress with boasting-chisel.
- † **bretteur**¹⁸ [-tte], *m.*: rowdy, fighter, duellist.
- bretture**¹⁶ [-tter], *m.*: rough-dressing (of stone); tooth (on boasting-chisel).
1. **bren**¹⁰ [L. *brogil* (? ak. to *Bret. bro*, country)], *m.*: enclosed thicket.
2. **bréu-i**¹¹ [*braie*, girdle], *m.*: breech-

- ing (of sail). **-iller**¹⁰, *tr.*: breech, truss up (a sail).
- † **brenilles** = *brouailles*.
- breuvage**⁶ [p. L. **biberaticum* (L. *bibere*, drink)], *m.*: drink; wine and water (for sailors); drench (for horses, etc.).
- br-évet**¹² [dim. of *bref*, brief document], *m.*: = (†letter patent; grant, warrant, commission); agreement (contract); †charm (against bad luck); prescription.
- evetage**¹⁸, *m.*: certain chemical process in preparing alum. **-evetaire**¹⁷, *m.*: patentee. † **-vété** = *-vété*. **-eveter**¹⁷, *tr.*: patent; grant patent to.
- braveur**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: hook, gaff (to catch lobsters, etc.).
- bré-viaire**¹² [L. *-viarium* (-*vis*, short)], *m.*: BREVARY (prayer book); epitome. **-vipenne**¹⁷ [L. *-vis*, short, *penna*, PINION], *adj.*: short-winged; *m. pl.*: ostrich class (of birds).
- bribe**¹⁸ [OFr. *-ber*, beg (? ak. to *Bret. -ve*, break)], *f.* usually *pl.*: †piece (of bread, meat) for a beggar; fragment (never in sense of Eng. BRIBE).
- bribri** [echoic], *m.*: bunting (bird).
- bric**¹⁸ [echoic], *adv.*: *de — et de brac*, from here and there, right and left; † *à — et à brac*, right or wrong. **-à-brac**, *m.*: =.
- briche**¹¹ [?], *f.*: †annoying situation; *interj.*: pshaw!
- brick**¹⁷ or **brig** [Eng.], *m.*: brig (two-masted ship).
- brico-le**¹⁸ [It. *briccola*, catapult (? ak. to *Ger. brechen*, break)], *f.*: = (strap; breast strap; harness; glance shot; back stroke at billiards); rocking (of a vessel). **-ler**¹⁸, *intr.*: make a glance shot; clear fences or bushes, etc. (as a horse); track poorly (as a dog); use indirections, be tricky; *tr.*: trifle with. **-leur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: poor at keeping the scent. **-lier**¹⁷, *m.*: (fam.) tricky man; coach-fellow, side horse.
- bric-ot**¹⁸ = *-gaut*. **-coteau**¹⁸, *m.*: †stone-quoit; tread-board.
- bride**¹² [Germ. *-da*], *f.*: reins; BRIDLE; bands; Alençon lace; strings (of bonnet): *aller à toute —*, or *à — abattue*, go with loose reins, go at full speed; *aller — en main*, go carefully; *avoir la — sur le cou*, be one's own master; *à cheval donné on ne regarde pas la —*, one doesn't look a gift horse in the mouth. **-der**¹⁴, *tr.*: bridle; check. **-dense**¹⁸, *f.*: (woman) maker of Alençon lace. **-doir**¹⁴ [-der], *m.*: †bonnet-strings; chin-piece (of bridle).
- dole**¹⁷ [Prov. *-dolo* (*brido*, bridle)], *f.*: wringstaff. **-don**¹⁸, *m.*: bridle with snaffle bit. **-dure**¹⁴ [-der], *f.*: cross-turn (for tightening ropes).
1. **bric**¹² [*broyer*], *f.*: rolling-pin.

2. bric¹⁶ [*Brie* (region in France)], *f.*: wine (from Brie); *m.*: cheese (from Brie).
†br-ief, **-iève** = **bréf**, etc. **-iève-ment**¹¹ [*-re*], *adv.*: briefly. **-ièveté**¹² [*-f*], *f.*: briefness; brevity.
bri-fable¹⁶ [*-fer*], *adj.*: (*fam.*) eatable. **-fand**¹² [*-fer*], *m.*: glutton.
†brifaud = **brisaud**.
bri-fe¹⁶, *f.*: ravenous eating. **†-fée**¹⁶, *f.*: gulp. **||-fer**¹⁶ [*?*], *tr.*: gulp down; crumple (linen). **-feur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: (*pop.*) glutton.
briffer¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: leaden-seaming, leading (on tile roofs).
†brig = **brick**.
brigade¹³ [*It. -gata* (L. *briga*, strife; troop)], *f.*: =. **-gadier**¹⁶, *m.*: =; police-sergeant, captain; chief (of foresters, custom-house officials). **||-gand**¹³ [*It. -gante* (*-gare*, go in troops, *briga*, troop)], *m.*: = (robber; rascal). **-gandage**¹⁴, *m.*: = (highway-robbery, plunder); rascality. **-gandean**¹⁵, *m.*: (*fam.*) little brigand, robber. **-gander**¹⁵, *intr.*: act the brigand; *tr.*: plunder. **†-gandeur**¹⁵ [*-gander*], *m.*: robber. **-gandine**¹⁴, *f.*: = (mailed coat). **-gant**¹³ [*It. -gantino*], *m.*: pirate vessel (*Eng.* *brigantine*, sort of two-masted vessel); ship or camp bedstead. **-gantine**¹⁵ [*-gant*], *f.*: =; spanker (sail).
brigaut¹⁵ [for *Ofr. -cot* (*-que*, chip)], *m.*: limbs lopped (off from forest trees).
brignole¹⁶ [town B.], *f.*: kind of prune.
brigue¹² [*It. -ga*, strife], *f.*: = (election trick); intrigue. **-guer**¹⁵, *intr.*: scheme; *tr.*: scheme for (office, etc.); *tsolicit*. **†-gueur**¹³ [*-guer*], *m.*: schemer.
bril-lamment¹⁷ [*-lant*], *adv.*: brilliantly. **-lant**¹⁵, *adj.*: bright; *m.*: brilliancy; diamond (of finest cut); certain varnish. **-lanté**¹⁵ [*-lante*], *m.*: brilliant (cotton fabric with raised woven figure). **-lante**¹⁷ [*-lant*], *tr.*: cut (into a brilliant diamond); make sparkle (as a dress with stones); render florid. **-lantine**¹⁵ [*-lant*], *f.*: figured silk; shiny pomade. **||-ler**¹⁵ [*It. -lare* (L. *beryllus*, beryl)], *intr.*: be brilliant, shine; sparkle; blaze; be ardent; track well (as a hound).
brimade¹⁵ [*-mer*], *f.*: hazing.
brimba-lant¹⁶, *adj.*: oscillating. **-le**¹⁵, *f.*: pump handle; *†*little bell (on harness, etc.). **||-ler**¹⁵ [*?* ak. to *bringuebale*], *tr.*: make oscillate; *intr.*: oscillate.
brimborion¹⁴ [*?* student slang for *brivarium*], *m.*: *†*stammering prayer; trifle, BRIMBORIUM.
†brimer¹⁵ [*dial.* for *brumer*], *tr.*: *†*blight; haze: *le soleil brime les raisins*, sun spots grapes.
br-in¹⁵ [*?*], *m.*: sprout, sprig; blade (of

grass); ray, rib (of fan); bit, small piece; *beau - de fille*, fine girl. **-inasse**¹³ [*Prov. -asse*], *f.*: coarse tow.
brinde¹⁵ [*Ger. (ich) bringe dir's*, here's to your health], *f.*: *†*health; (*fam.*): *être dans les -s*, be drunk.
†brindestoo¹⁵ [*Holl. spring-stock* 'jump stick'], *m.*: pole (with both ends shod).
brindille¹⁵ [*brin*], *f.*: twig; branch with its fruit.
brin-gue¹⁷ [*?* *brigue*], *f.*: (*fam.*) piece: *grande - de femme*, a clumsy woman.
-guebale¹⁶ [*Prov. bringa*, leap, *Fr. baller*, dance], *f.*: pump-handle.
brío¹⁵ [*It.*], *m.*: animation (in music).
bricoche¹⁴ [*?* *bric*], *f.*: = (cake; cushion; blunder).
1. †brion = **bryon**.
2. brion¹⁶ [*?*], *m.*: forefoot, cutwater (of a vessel).
briotte¹⁷ [*?*], *f.*: kind of anemone (flower).
bri-quaiillon¹⁷, *m.*: BRICK-BAT. **||-que**¹¹ [*Eng. brick*, (*OEng. brice*, fragment)], *f.*: brick. **1. -quet**¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: BRIQUETTE (steel, to strike fire); tinder; hinge (to a table leaf).
2. briquet¹⁴ [*?* *braque*], *m.*: BRACH (fox terrier).
3. briquet¹⁵ [*?* *braquet*], *m.*: sabre.
brique-tage¹³ [*brigue*], *m.*: brickwork; painting to imitate brickwork. **-té**¹⁶ [*brigue*], *adj.*: brick-red. **-ter**¹⁴ [*brigue*], *tr.*: *†*build of brick; imitate brickwork. **-terie**¹⁵ [*brigue*], *f.*: **-tier**¹⁶ [*brigue*], *m.*: brick-dealer, or maker. **-tte**¹⁵, **-két** [*brigue*], *f.*: block (of cheap fuel).
brî-s¹⁴ [*-ser*], *m.*: breaking (of seals, doors, prison); wreck, wreckage (of ship). **-sage** [*-ser*], *m.*: carding (of wool). **-sant**¹⁶ [*-ser*], *m.*: breaker (wave); breakwater. **-saudage**¹⁵, *m.*: first carding. **-sauder**¹⁵ [*-ser*], *tr.*: give the first carding to. **-s-d'huis**, *pl.* —, *m.*: pattee or claw-hinge (on a shield).
†briscambille = **brusquemille**.
1. brise¹⁵ [*?*], *f.*: breeze.
2. brî-se¹⁵, *f.*: sliver, splinter; beam (under the king-posts). **-se-bise**¹⁵, *m.*: listing (around a window to keep draft out). **†-se-cou**¹⁶ *pl.* —, *m.*: break-neck (place). **-sées**¹⁵, *f. pl.*: branches broken (or cut) off (as mark, sign where game was). **-se-glacé**¹⁷, *m.*: ice-breaker, starling (piles to protect a bridge). **-se-lames**¹⁷, *m.*: break-water (before harbor). **-se-lunettes**¹⁵ *pl.* —, *m.*: eye-bright (flower). **-sement**¹², *m.*: breaking. **-se-mottes**¹⁵, *m.*: roller, clod-crusher. **-se-qs**¹⁵, *m.*: sea-eagle. **-se-pierre**¹⁵, *m.*: (bladder) stone-crusher. **||-ser**¹⁰ [*?* ak. to *Eng. bruise*], *tr.*: break; mark (by breaking branches, a place one wishes to find again);

card (wool); interrupt; jar (metal): *rimes*
brisées, lines purposely made to make sense
read alternately. *-se-raison*¹⁷, *m.*:

(fam.) silly talker. *-se-scillé*¹⁷, *m.*:
seal-breaker (thief). *-se-tout*¹⁸, *m.*: awk-
ward lout. *-seur*¹², *m.*: breaker
(person). *-se-vent*¹⁷, *m.*: wind-break,
screen. *-sis*¹¹, *m.*: angle (of a hip-roof).

briska¹⁹ [Russ.], *m.*: BRITZSKA (carriage).

brisoir¹⁶ [-ser], *m.*: brake (for hemp).

brisque¹⁷ [?], *f.*: = (card game); (pop.)
stripe of reenlisted soldier: *une vieille* —,
an old soldier.

brisure¹² [-ser], *f.*: fissure, break; joint.

brize¹⁸ [Gr. *briza*, certain cereal], *f.*: =
(quaking grass).

1. **broc**⁹ [p. L. *-echus*, man with prominent
teeth], *m.*: jug; quart (measure).

2. **broc**¹¹ [dial. form for *broche*, 'spit'],
f.: *de — en bouche*, hot from the spit,
hastily.

3. **broc** = *bric*.

brocaille¹⁹ [for *brocaille* (dim. of *broc*)], *f.*:
macadam, rubble stone (for paving roads).

brocage¹⁸, *m.*: second-hand business,
curio-business. *-te*¹⁸ *-q.*, *f.*: (fam.) sell-
ing of rarities, curios; extra-work, side-
work (outside of regular hours). *||-ter*¹⁶

[? ak. to Eng. *BROKER*, Ger. *brauchen*, use],
tr.: deal in, handle (second-hand wares).

*-teur*¹⁷, *m.*: *ense*, *m.*, *f.*: second-hand
dealer.

1. **bro-card**¹⁴ [-quer, dial. form of *-cher*,
†scoff], *m.*: = (gibe, jeer). 2. **card**¹⁵

[-che], *m.*: yearling (male deer, goat, etc.);
BROCKET. *-carder*¹⁵, *tr.*: scoff at, taunt.

*-carder*¹⁵, *m.*: *ense*, *m.*, *f.*: scoffer.

*-cart*¹⁵ [It. *-ccato* (lit., stitched)], *m.*:
BROCADE (silken fabric woven with raised
figures). *-catelle*¹⁵ [It. *-ccatello* (dim.

of *-ccato*, brocaded)], *f.*: coarser brocade,
brocatel. *†-coli* = *-coli*. *-chage*¹⁵

[-cher], *m.*: brocading; stitching. *||-che*⁹

[p. L. *-cca* (? L. *-ccus*, projecting) prick],
f.: BROOCH; spit, skewer; knitting-

needle; spigot; pin, peg; tusk (of boar);
young horn (of deer); spindle; tooth (of

a comb); rod; bolt (of door): *couper la —*
d l'affaire, make the affair cease (sense of

cutting off spigot or bung close to the bar-
rel). *-chée*¹⁵ [-che], *f.*: spiteful (of meat);

roful (of candles). *-cher*⁹ [p. L. *-ccare*],
tr.: BROCADE (embroider with raised needle-

work), emboss; stitch, bind loosely (books);
shoe (horse, etc.); give a slight dressing to

(vines); *intr.*: sprout (shoot, bud): — *un*
travail, do a work carelessly (sense of

stitching a book). *-chet*¹⁷ [-che], *m.*: =,
pike (fish). *-chetaille*¹⁷ [-chet], *f.*: pike-

fry, young pike. *-cheter*¹⁷ [-chette], *tr.*:
skewer; measure (with compasses). *-che-*

*-teur*¹⁸ [-cheter], *m.*: measurer, *-che-*

ton¹³ [-chet], *m.*: young pike. *-chette*¹²

[-che], *f.*: =, little spit (skewer); pin;
brooch; peg; little rod (to poke food

down a bird's throat): *élever un enfant d*
la —, rear a child too delicately. *-cheur*¹⁶,

m.: *ense*, [-cher], *m.*, *f.*: stitcher (of books);
embroiderer; †knitter. *-choir*¹⁴ [-cher],

m.: (horse-shoer's) hammer. *-chure*¹³

[-cher], *f.*: = (pamphlet); embroidery.
*-coli*¹⁵ [It. *-ccoli* (-cco, peg)], *m.*: borecole

(kind of cabbage); cabbage sprouts.

brocotte¹⁷ [?], *f.*: clabber.

1. **brode**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: dark-skinned, tanned
woman.

2. **brode**¹⁸ [-der], *f.*: embroidery; filling in
(of point-lace pattern).

brodequin¹⁸ [Holl. *broeskin*], *m.*: certain
material; BRODEKIN, BUSKIN; comedy.

bro-der¹¹ [Ofr. *brod-er*, root *brod-*,
'point', cf. Eng. *brist-le*, etc.], *tr.*: em-

BRODER; fill in (the pattern of point-lace);
(fig.) adorn, embellish. *-derie*¹³, *f.*: em-

brodery; embellishment. *-deur*¹², *m.*:
ense, *m.*, *f.*: fancy needle worker; adorne.

*-doir*¹⁷, *m.*: bobbin (for silk); frame (for
lace-work). *†-dure*¹⁸, *f.*: broidery.

brogue¹⁸ [Eng.], *f.*: =, BROGAN (coarse
shoe).

1. **broie**¹⁴ [for *braie* in sense 'cavezon,
nose-band'], *f.*: cavezon (in a coat-of-

arms).

2. **broi-e**¹⁴ [broyer], *f.*: brake (for hemp,
etc.). *-ement*¹³, *m.*: braying, pulver-

izing.

bro-mate¹⁸, *m.*: = (bromos). 1. *||-me*¹⁸

[Gr. *brōmos*, stench], *m.*: BROMINE.

2. **brome**¹⁷ [L., Gr. *-mos*, oats], *m.*: BROME-
grass, cheat.

bromé-liacé¹⁸, *adj.*: of pineapple family.

*||-lie*¹⁸ [botanist *Bromel*], *f.*: pineapple
(plant).

bro-mique¹⁸ [-me, bromine], *adj.*: bromic.

*-mure*¹⁸ [-me], *m.*: bromide.

brōnehade¹⁵ [-cher], *f.*: stumbling.

brōnehe¹⁵ [L. and Gr. *-chia* (-chos, wind-
pipe)], *f.*: BRONCHUS, each of the bronchial

tubes, larger air passages.

brōneher¹¹ [? ak. to L. *pronus*, prone],
intr.: stumble; make mistakes.

brōn-chial¹⁷ [-che], *adj.*: =. *†-chies*
= *branchies*. *-chique*¹⁵ [-che], *adj.*:
bronchic, bronchial. *-chite*¹³ [-che], *f.*:
bronchitis. *-choèle*¹³ [Gr. *-chos*, throat,

kèle, tumour], *f.*: =, goiter.

brōn-choir¹⁷ [? -cher], *m.*: crossbar (over-
which to measure off yard lengths of cloth).

brōnchotomie¹⁷ [Gr. *brōnchoi*, windpipe,
témno, cut], *f.*: bronchotomy (surgical
operation).

brondissage¹⁸ [? ak. to Flem. *breeuwen*,
calk a vessel], *m.*: stopping up (of chinks
in mines).

bron-zage¹⁸ [-zer], *m.*: bluing (of needles); bronzing. **bron-ze**¹⁸ [lt. -zo (L. town *Brundisium*)], *m.*: = (the metal; statue). **-zer**¹⁸, *tr.*: BRONZE; blue (needles); tan; make brazen, harden. **-zier**¹⁸, *m.*: maker or dealer in bronze.

†**broquart** = brocart.

bro-que¹⁶ [lt. -eco], *f.*: cabbage sprout.

broquelin¹⁸ [Flem. *brokkelen*, break fine], *m.*: tobacco rubbish.

bro-quer [dial. for -cher], *tr.*: fix on the hook (small fish for bait). **-quette**¹⁶ [dial. for -chette], *f.*: tack, brad, carpet-tack. †**-quillen**¹⁶ [-que, dial. for -che], *m.*: tack.

bros-sage¹⁸ [-ser], *m.*: brushing. **-saille** = broussaille. †**-se**¹¹ [Ger. *borste*, BRISTLE], *f.*: BRUSH (made of hair, feathers, broom-corn, etc.); tuft; †brush-wood; thicket. **-sée**¹⁸ [-ser], *f.*: (fam.) brushing (= whipping). **-ser**¹⁸, *tr.*: brush (clothes, hair, teeth, etc.); paint; (fam.) whip, brush; *intr.*: brush along or past, hurry; rush through the woods (as game, or a hunter). **-serie**¹⁸ [-sier], *f.*: brush-business. **-seur**¹⁸ [-ser], *m.*: brusher (servant of an officer). **-sier**¹⁸, *m.*: brush-dealer. **-sure**¹⁷, *f.*: colouring (of leather, applied with a brush).

bron¹⁸ [for *brouit*], *m.*: hull, outer covering (esp. of walnuts); walnut dye; pl., curds.

brouilles¹⁸ [p. L. **botula* (L. *botulus*, BOWEL)], *f. pl.*: entrails (of fish, game, etc.).

†**brou-ée**¹² [ak. to Ger. *brodeln*, bubble], *f.*: vapor, fog. **-et**¹² [ak. to Ger. *brat*, BREAD], *m.*: †PROTH; caudle (soup).

brouet-te¹² [L. *bis*, twice, Fr. *roue*, wheel], *f.*: rolling-chair (on two wheels); wheelbarrow. **-tée**¹⁸, *f.*: wheelbarrow-ful. **-ter**¹³, *tr.*: carry, wheel (in a wheelbarrow). **-teur**¹² = *ense* [-ter], *m., f.*: wheeler. **-tier**¹⁴, *tr.*: barrow-man.

brouhaha¹⁶ [echoic], *m.*: hullabaloo; uproar; din (of applause).

broui¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (enameler's) blow-pipe.

brouillage¹⁸ [-lier], *m.*: mulching (with dead weeds and rubbish); slaty streak, stony interruption (in a vein of coal).

brouillamini¹⁶ [pop. etym. for L. pre-script-formula *boli armenii*, of clay of Armenia], *m.*: †Armenian BOLE, or clay; mish-mash (of medicine); jumble, confusion.

†**brouil-lard**¹², *m.*: fog; day-book; paper —, blotting paper, filter paper; *être dans les —s*, be in the fumes of wine. **-lasse**¹⁸ [lasser], *f.*: (fam.) wet fog. **-lasser**¹⁸, *impers.*: drizzle. **brouil-le**¹⁷, *f.*: misunderstanding, quarrel; panic-grass. **-lement**¹⁴, *m.*: confusion, jumble.

†**-ler**¹⁴ [? ak. to Ger. *brodeln*, bubble], *tr.*: roll, rile; agitate; EMBROIL; mix, confuse with; *roche brouillée*, irregularly veined rock; *être brouillé avec la vérité*, be at variance (habitually) with truth. **-lerie**¹⁴, *f.*: misunderstanding, falling-out; inconsistency, variation; discord; jumble. **-lon**¹⁸, *m.*: marplot; blunderhead; rough-draft; muss; *adj.*: blundering. **-lonner**¹⁸ [-lon], *tr.*: scratch down, jot down (a letter).

brou-ir¹¹ [OHG. *bruejen*, cook], *tr.*: blight (as the sun). **-issure**¹¹, *f.*: blight.

brous-saille¹⁶ [brosse], *f.*: thicket, brush, briar-bushes. **-sailler**¹⁶, *tr.*: browse.

†**brousse**¹⁸ [Prov. -sso], *f.*: (dial.) curd (of goat milk).

†**brousser** = *brosser*.

broussin¹⁸ [p. L. **bruscinum*, L. *bruscum*, knot on maple], *m.*: excrescence, gnarled wood, curl-wood (valuable for cabinet-making).

†**broussure**¹⁸ [? for *brouissure*], *f.*: rust (of wheat).

brou-t¹¹, *m.*: †browsage; browsing, browse-wood; sprouts. **-tage**¹⁸, *m.*: jar, jolt (making a flaw in lathe-work, pottery, etc.).

-tant¹³, *adj.*: browsing. **-tement**¹⁸, *m.*: browsing; jolt. †**-ter**¹¹ [MHG. *broz*, shoot, sprout], *tr.*: BROWSE; mar (in lathe-work, or turning).

-tier¹⁸, **-ière**, *adj.*: (old enough to browse) browsing. **-tifle**¹⁴, [-t], *f.*: sprout, stick; knick-knacks (jewelry, etc.); trifle. **-ture**, *f.*: browsed, cropped branch.

bro-yage¹⁸, *m.*: crushing, crush. **-ye** = *broie*. †**-yer**¹² [ak. to Ger. *brechen*, BREAK], *tr.*: BREAK fine, BRAY, pulverise; crush; grind. **-yeur**¹⁴, *m.*: breaker, pounder. **-yon**¹¹, *m.*: (printer's) brayer; roller (for crushing lime, etc.); trap (for skunks, etc.).

bru¹¹ [Goth. *bruths*], *f.*: daughter-in-law (cf. Eng. BRIDE).

bruant¹², or †**bréant** [for *bruyant* (bruire)], *m.*: bunting (bird); yellow-hammer.

brucelles¹⁷ [for *bercelle*], *f. pl.*: tweezers.

bruche¹⁸ [L. *-chus*, Gr. *broûchos*, wingless locust], *m.*: BRUCHUS (weevil-like bug).

brugno¹⁸ [Prov. *-gnoun* (L. *prunum*, plum)], *m.*: nectarine.

brui-ne¹¹ [ak. to *brouée* (cf. L. *pruina*, hoar frost)], *f.*: cold drizzling rain, mizzle. **-né**¹¹, *adj.*: spoiled (by drizzle). **-ner**¹¹, *impers.*: drizzle.

bruir¹⁷ [old form of *brouir*], *tr.*: steam, dampen (with steam and so make pliant.)

bruire¹⁸ [? p. L. **brugere* (L. *rugire*, 'roar,' by Celt. influence)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: roar (as thunder); make a noise, be noisy.

§ Ind.: Pr. *brui-s*, *s*, *t*. Ipl. *bruyais*, etc.
Fut. (Cond.) *bruirai(s)*, etc. — Part.: P. *bruit*.

bruiriner¹⁷ [old *-sier* (= *briser*) break, BRUISE], *tr.*: grind (malt).

brui-ssement¹⁵ [-re], *m.*: rustling; humming; rattling. **brui-t**¹⁰ [-re], *m.*: noise, din; roar; peal; uproar; report; fame; sound (auscultation): *qui a — de se lever matin peut dormir jusqu'au soir*, one who has the name of rising early, can sleep till evening (i.e. a reputation is not so easily changed).

brû-lable¹⁵, almost *brû-* in *brûler* and deriv. (not comp.), *adj.*: burnable, fit to burn. **-lage**¹⁵, *m.*: burning, combustion.

-lant¹⁵, *adj.*: burning, hot, in flames; fiery: *une question — e*, delicate question.

-lé¹¹, *adj.*: burnt, scorched; *m.*: burnt thing; scorched smell or taste; *f.*: certain mollusk (with scorched-looking shell); disease (of silkworms).

-le-amorce¹⁵, *m.*: primer, percussion cap (for firing the powder of a gun as signal at sea).

-le-bout¹⁵, *m.*: save-all (to BURN the BUTT of a candle).

-le-guenue¹⁵, *m.*: short-stemmed pipe. **-ment**¹¹, *m.*: burning.

-le-pourpoint¹⁵, *adv.*: à —, at short range; face to face. **-le-queue**¹⁷, *m.*: hot-iron (to sear a horse's tail when docked).

-ler¹⁰ p. L. **brustuläre*, L. *ustuläre*, burn, affected by Germ's *bren-*, BURN], *tr.*, *intr.*: burn: — *la politesse à quelqu'un*, go without leave-taking; *crème brûlée*, caramel; *il brûle d'amour*, is ardently in love; *la gelée a brûlé la vigne*, frost has nipped the vine.

-lerie¹⁴, *f.*: (fam.) burning; distillery. **-letout**¹⁵, *m.*: save-all. **-leur**¹², = *ense*, *m.*, *f.*: burner; distiller.

-lé¹⁴, *m.*: burnt tract (of a forest). **-loir**¹⁵ *brû-*, *m.*: roaster (for coffee).

-lot¹⁵, *m.*: fire-ship; incendiary; whiskey, rum; highly seasoned food. **-lotier**¹⁵ [-lot], *m.*: sailor (of a fire-ship).

-lure¹², *f.*: †conflagration; burn (from fire, or acid); blight (from frost); inflammation.

bru-maille¹⁷ [-me], *f.*: slight fog. **-maire**¹⁷ [-me], *m.*: = (second month in the calendar of the first French republic, from Oct. 23 to Nov. 21).

-mal¹⁵ [L. *-malia*], *adj.*: brumal.

†**bruman**¹⁵ or †**brumen** [bru, Ger. *mann*, man], *m.*: son-in-law; bridegroom.

bru-masse¹⁵ [-me], *f.*: little fog. **-mas-**¹⁵ [-masse], *intr. imper.*: be misty, hazy. **||-me**¹² [L. *-ma*, winter], *f.*: fog; dense fog (esp. at sea).

-mer¹⁵, *intr. imper.*: be foggy. **-meur**¹⁷, = *ense*, *adj.*: brumous; gloomy.

br-un¹⁰ [Germ's *brun*, brown; brilliant], *adj.*: BROWN; *m.*: brown (the colour); brown-haired, brown-faced man; *f.*:

twilight. **-unâtre**¹⁵, *adj.*: brownish. **-unelle**¹⁵, *f.*: heal-all (plant), self-heal.

-unet¹², = *tte*, *adj.*: somewhat dark; *m.*, *f.*: persons, plants, objects so-called from their hue. **-uni**¹⁰, *m.*: burnish (polish).

-unir¹⁰, *tr.*: turn brown; *tr.*: make brown, tan; BURNISH, polish. **-unissage**¹⁵ [-unir], *m.*: polishing.

-unisseur¹⁴, = *ense* [-unir], *m.*, *f.*: polisher. **-unis-**¹⁵ [-unir], *m.*: burnisher (of tempered steel, etc.).

-unissure¹⁵ [-unir], *f.*: browning, polish, burnish.

brusc¹⁴ [Prov. (? L. *ruscum*)], *m.*: butcher's broom (plant).

brusque¹⁵ [lt. *-sco* (?)], *adj.*: =, blunt. †**brusquembille**¹⁵ [comedian *Bruscam-bille*], *f.*: certain card game.

brus-quement¹⁵ [-que], *adv.*: rudely; abruptly. **1-quer**¹⁵ [-que], *tr.*: treat rudely, roughly; do suddenly, abruptly.

2.brus-quer¹⁵ [Prov. *-co*, heather], *tr.*: bream, clean (a ship's bottom).

3.brusquer¹⁵ [for *brusquer*], *tr.*: seek (one's fortune).

brus-querie¹⁵ [-que], *f.*: abruptness, bluntness. **-quet**¹⁵, = *ette* [-que], *adj.*: (fam.) rather gruff: *d brusquin* —, to a gruff person (be) gruff.

-quin¹⁷ [-que], *adj.*: (in that expression only).

brussolles¹⁷ [for *brésolles*], *f. pl.*: (dish) filets with vegetables.

bru-t(e)¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: = (stupid; animal; crude); gross (weight). **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: cutting, finishing (of diamonds).

-tal¹⁴ [-talis], *adj.*: = (sensual, savage); *m.*: brute. **-talement**¹⁵ [-tale], *adv.*: brutally. **-taliser**¹⁵ [-tal], *intr.*: †act the brute; *tr.*: treat brutally.

-lité¹⁵, *f.*: brutality.

Bruxelles -zel, *f.*: Brussels (capital of Belgium).

bru-yamment¹² or *-ui-y-* [-yant], *adv.*: noisily. **-yant**¹¹ [bruire], *adj.*: noisy.

bru-yère¹¹ or *-ui-y-* [l. L. *-garia*], *f.*: heath, erica (plant); open sterile tract (where heather grows), heath.

br-yacées¹⁵, *f. pl.*: BRYONIA family (plants); **br-yon**¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *bráo*, swell)], *m.*: tree-moss, BRYUM.

-yone¹⁵ or **†-yoine** [L. *-yonia* (Gr. *bráo*, swell)], *f.*: bryonia. **-yophylle**¹⁵ [l. L. *-yophyl-lum* (Gr. *pháillon*, leaf)], *f.*: plant (of houseleek kind).

-yozaire¹⁵ [Gr. *bráon*, moss, *zôe*, life], *m.*: BRYOZOAN.

buade¹⁷ [?], *f.*: certain bridle-bit.

buau-derie¹⁴ [-dier], *f.*: wash-house; laundry. **-dier**¹⁴, †**-ière** [buer], *m.*, *f.*: washer, launderer.

buba-le¹⁷ [L. *-lua*], *m.*: BUBALIS (African antelope).

†**bu-be**¹² [l. L. *-ba* (Gr. *boubón*, groin)], *f.*: pimple. **-ben**¹⁴ [Gr. *boubón*], *m.*:

bubo (sore); stone-celery (used to cure buboes). **-bonoeille**¹⁷ [Gr. *boubonokèle* (*kèle*, tumour)], *f.*: = (inguinal hernia).

†**bucal**-¹⁵, **-le** [Holl. *bockweit*, lit. BEECH-WHEAT], *f.*: (*vulg.*) buckwheat.

bucarde¹⁸ [Gr. *boûs*, ox, *kardia*, heart], *f.*: heart-shell (mollusk).

buc-cal¹⁷ [L. *-lis* (*bucca*, mouth)], *adj.*: buccal.

buc-ein¹⁷ [L. *-num*, horn, trumpet], *m.*: certain mollusk, BUCCINUM. **-cinateur**¹⁵ [L. *-cinator*, trumpet-blower], *m.*: buccinator (muscle in the cheek).

bucen-taure¹⁸ [It. *-toro* (Gr. *boûs*, ox, *kéntauros*, centaur), so called from its figure-head], *m.*: BUCENTAUR (state barge of Venice).

Bucépha-le¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, Gr. *Bouképhalos* (*boûs*, ox, *kephalé*, head)], *m.*: name of Alexander's horse; (*fam.*) horse.

bû-che¹¹ [L. *-busca* (*buscus*)], *f.*: stove-wood; stick of wood; perch; work-block; certain musical instrument; block-head: *d* — *s* *perdués*, not rafted, loose (wood). 1. **-cher**¹¹, *m.*: wood-box or bin; (funeral) pile; stake. 2. **-cher**¹⁴, *tr.*: chop, hew; whack; knock (at a door); put to roost. **-cheron**¹², *=onne*, *m.*, *f.*: woodchopper, hewer. **-chette**¹¹, *f.*: chips; *fcuts* (in sense "draw cuts," or "straws"). **-chille**¹², *f.*: metal filings or shavings.

bu-colique¹² [L. *-colicus*, Gr. *boukolikós* (*bou-kólos*, cow-herd)], *adj.*: bucolic, pastoral; *f.*: rustic poetry; *f. pl.*: (*fam.*) duds.

buc-râne¹⁸, *krân* [Gr. *boûs*, ox, *kranion*, CRANIUM], *m.*: BUCRANIUM (sculptured ox-head).

bud-got¹⁷ [Eng., itself from Fr. *bougette*, bag], *m.*: = (statement of probable revenue and proposed expenditures for ensuing year). **-gétairc**¹⁸, *adj.*: of the budget.

bu-é¹¹, *f.*: *tye*; steam. **||-er**¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *bauchen*], *tr.*: †BUCK (with lye); *intr.*: steam, give off steam.

1. **buffet**¹⁵ [It. *-ffa*], *m.*: chin-piece (of a helmet).

2. **buffe-t**¹¹ [? *bouffer*], *m.*: = (sideboard, cupboard for chinaware; table for refreshments); cabinet (of an organ); †office; shop. 1. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: †change (wine in the shop before retailing); steal (from the barrel).

2. **buf-feter**¹¹ [OFr. *-fet*, slap], *tr.*: slap, cuff.

†**buffeteur**¹⁸ [*-ter*, steal wine *en route*], *m.*: (drayman) wine-thief.

buf-flé¹⁴ [It. *bufalo* (Gr. *boûs*, ox)], *m.*: buffalo; buff. **-fleterie**¹⁸, *f.*: strappings, belts (of soldier's outfit). **-flatin**¹⁵, *m.*:

young buffalo. **-flon**¹⁸, *=onne*, *m.*, *f.*: young buffalo; *f.*: buffalo cow.

bufonie¹⁸ [L. *bufo*, toad], *f.*: toad-grass.

buga-dier¹⁸ [Prov. (*-da*, lye)], *m.*: kettle (for making ointment). **-dière**¹⁸, *f.*: vat (for making soap).

bugalet¹⁷ [?], *m.*: coasting vessel (in Britain).

1. **bugle**¹² [Eng., that from OFr. (L. *buculus*, bullock)], *m.*: BUGLE (horn with keys).

2. **bu-gle**¹⁵, [L. *bugula*, certain plant], *f.*: = (plant of the mint family). **-glosse**¹⁷

[L. *-ssa*, Gr. *boûglossos* (*boûs*, ox, *glôssa*, tongue)], *f.*: bugloss (borage plant).

-grane¹⁵ [see *-erane*], *f.*: rest-harrow (plant).

buhorcan = *bihoreau*.

bu-hot¹² [? ak. to It. *buco*, hole], *m.*: †bobbin, shuttle; small needle (for fancy work); feather-dresser's sign; (*dial.*) schrimp. **-hotier**¹⁷, *m.*: schrimp-net.

†**buie**¹¹ or **buire** [ak. to Ger. *bauch*, belly], *f.*: †mud-hole; BUIRE (claret flagon).

bui-s⁹ [L. *buxus*], *m.*: box (shrub); box-wood. **-ssaie**¹⁸, *f.*: box nursery. **-sse**¹⁷, *f.*: piece of box-wood; (tailor's) goose.

†**buissérie** = *bussérie*.

buis-sière¹⁶ [*buis*], *f.*: place or walk set with box. **||-son**¹⁰ [? *buis*, or ak. to Ger. *busch*], *m.*: thicket; BUSH; trimming, cut: *trouver* — *creux*, find the birds flown; *se sauver à travers les* — *s*, beat about the bush, make excuses.

-sonnaie¹⁸, *f.*: large thicket. **-sonner**¹⁸, *intr.*: sprout thick; take to the thicket (as a deer). **-sonnet**¹¹, *m.*: little thicket.

-sonneur¹¹, *=ense*, *adj.*: bushy. **-sonnier**¹⁵, *=ière*, *adj.*: of thickets: *école* — *e*, school kept outside of a parish to avoid rent; *faire l'école buissonnière*, play truant; *un* —, tree made bushy by trimming; place set with bushy trees or shrubs.

buissure¹⁷ [for *bruisure* (*bruire*)], *f.*: coating (put on, preparatory to gilding).

bul-be¹⁴ [L. *-bus*], *f.*: BULB; bud, cullion; bulge; *m.*: lobe, medulla oblongata; pupil (of eye). **-beur**¹⁵, *=ense* [L. *-bosus*], *adj.*: bulbous. **-bille**¹⁸, *f.*: little bulb.

bul-me¹⁸ [L. *-mus* (? *bulla*, bubble)], *m.*: bulimid (mollusk).

bul-laie¹⁷ [*-lle*], *adj.*: of papal bulls; *m.*: BULLARY (collection of papal edicts).

||-lle¹² [L. *-lla*, bubble; ball], *f.*: bulla (locket of noble Roman children); bull (from pope); seal; BULLEN-nail (with large head); bubble; boil (sore). **-llé**¹², *adj.*: sealed; seal-like (in shape). **-lletin**¹⁵

[It. *-lletino*], *m.*: =; ballot; (baggage) check. **-lletiniste**¹⁷ [*-lletin*], *m.*: writer (of bulletins, etc.). **-lleur**¹⁸, *=ense*, *adj.*:

full of boils. **-lteau**¹⁷ [for *bulleteau*], m.: tree trimmed bushy.

bune¹⁷ [?], f.: smokestack, mantle (of furnace).

bu nette¹⁷ [?], f.: certain (winter) warbler.

bu niade¹⁵ [L. -nias (in acc. -niadem)], f.: Swedish wild turnip.

bu nion¹⁵ [L.], m.: Swedish turnip.

bupthal-me¹⁷ [L. -mum], m.: ox-eye (plant). **-mie**¹⁸ [Gr. *boûs*, ox, *ophthalmós*, eye], f.: BUPHTHALMIA (dropsy of the eye).

bu-plevre¹⁸ [L. -pleuron, Gr. *boûpleuron* (boûs, ox, *pleurôn*, side)], m.: hare's-ear (plant).

-preste¹⁵ [L. -prestis (Gr. *prêtheîn*, swell)], m.: buprestis (serricorn beetle), stink-bug.

†buquer¹⁸ [dial. for *bûcher*], intr.: knock (at a door).

buque-t¹⁷ [bûche], m.: ladle (to stir indigo). **-tte**¹⁷ [dial. for *bûchette*], f.: measuring stick (gauged to several dimensions of a mast).

buraf¹⁵ [It. -ratto], m.: silk poplin (cloth).

bu-raliste¹⁷ [-reau], m., f.: stall-, or stand-keeper; postmaster.

bu-ra-t¹⁵ [It. -tto], m.: drugget (cloth).

-tin¹⁶, **-tine** [It. -tino], m., f.: silk poplin. **-té**¹⁶, **adj.**: like drugget.

1.bure¹¹ [buire], f.: kind of vase; kind of fishnet.

2.†bure¹⁷ [Flem. *booren*, BORE], f.: shaft (of a mine); = *bune* (smoke-stack).

3.bu-re⁹ [L. *burra*, certain shaggy cloth], f.: drugget (cloth). **-reau**¹¹, m.: coarse wool cloth; tablecloth; table; = (chest of drawers; office; men of an office): — *restant*, hold (letter) till called for; *prendre l'air du* —, try to find out something from the knowing ones. **-reaurate**¹⁸, m.: bureaucrat (arbitrary officeholder).

-reauratie¹⁷ [Gr. *krateîn*, rule], f.: bureaucracy. **-reauratique**¹⁷, **adj.**: bureaucratic.

-relé¹² [-reau], **adj.**: barry (escutcheon). **-relle**¹⁶ [-relé], f.: barry stripe, barulet.

burette¹⁸ [buire], f.: = (cruet; graduated tube); oil-can.

bur-gau¹⁵ [?], m.: = (univalve nacreous shell).

-gaudine¹⁷, f.: mother-of-pearl.

burge-ge¹⁷, m.: bubbling, causing bubbles. **†-ger**¹⁷ [?], make (glass) bubble (by plunging a stick of green wood into the molten glass).

burga-ve¹⁴ [Ger. *burggraf*, castle-count], m.: =. **-vial**¹⁵, m.: title or domain of a burgrave, burgraviate.

bu-rin¹⁵ [Ger. *bohren*, BORE], m.: = (graver's tool); pick; crowbar; rammer.

-riner¹⁵, **tr.**: engrave; hollow out (horse's teeth, showing false age); ram (oakum, etc.).

bur-le¹⁵ [It. -la], f.: jest. **-lesque**¹⁶ [It. -lesco], **adj.**: =. **-lesquement**¹⁶, **adv.**: in a burlesque manner; ludicrously.

burnous¹⁷ [Ar. *burnus*], m.: BURNOOSE (hooded cloak).

buron¹¹ [Germ'e *bur*, dwelling], m.: †cabin; cheese-house.

bur-saire¹⁸ [l. L. -sa, purse], **adj.**: purse-shaped; f.: certain plants, or infusoria.

-sal¹⁵ [l. L. -sa], **adj.**: impost, tax (measure).

bus¹⁶ [buste], m.: BUST (on an escutcheon).

bus-aigle¹⁸ [buse, aigle], m.: EAGLE-hawk. **-ard**¹¹ [buse], m.: hen-hawk, European BUZZARD.

buse¹⁵ [It. -co, sprig], m.: BUSK (of corset stays); trigger-guard (of a gun).

1.buse¹³ [Flem. *buis*, canal], f.: tube, channel, pipe.

2.bu-ge⁹ [p. L. **butia* (L. *buteo*, hawk)], f.: European BUZZARD; hawk; lout.

-ge¹⁴, **intr.**: hunt slow or indifferently (as a dog). **-sette**¹⁵, f.: certain winter warbler. **-son**¹⁴, m.: (Guinea) buzzard; stupid man.

†bus-que = *buse*. **-qué**¹⁷, **adj.**: convexed; aquiline. **1.†-quer**¹⁵ [buse], **tr.**: supply with BUSK; make convex.

2.†bus-quer¹⁵ [Sp. -car, seek], **tr.**: †hunt for.

†busquière¹⁶ [buse], f.: sheath, pocket (for a stay, or BUSK).

†bus-sard¹⁴, m.: cask, hogshead. **†-se**¹² [for *botte*], f.: kind of barrel. **-serie**¹⁷, f.: barrelstave.

bussierole¹⁷ [Prov. *-lo* (ak. to *buis*)], f.: barberry, bear's grape.

1.buste¹⁷ [It. -ta, ak. to Fr. *botte*], m.: BOX (for raisins).

2.buste¹⁴ [It. -to], m.: BUST (head and chest).

bu-t¹², m.: butt, goal, end: — *d* —, nip and tuck. **†-tant**¹⁷ [-ter], **adj.**: abutting.

-te¹⁶ [-ter], f.: BUTTERIES (hoof-paring tool). **-tée**¹⁶ [-ter], f.: ABUTMENT-pier (of a bridge).

-ter¹⁴, **intr.**: abut; stumble; take aim; **tr.**: prop; induce: *se* —, resist. **†-tière**¹⁶, f.: target-gun.

bu-tin¹³ [Goth. **bāt* = Ger. *beute*, prey], m.: BOOTY, spoils. **-tiner**¹³, **tr.**: plunder; **intr.**: get booty. **-neur**¹⁵ = *ense* [-tiner], **adj.**: plundering. **-toir**¹⁷ [-ter], m.: leather-scraper, parer (tool); door-stop, bumper.

butome¹⁷ [Gr. *boûtomos*], m.: flowering-rush.

buto-¹² [? L. *butio*], m.: mire-drum, bittern; dolt. **-rde**, f.: silly goose (woman). **-rderie**¹⁸, f.: stupidity.

but-tage¹⁸ [-ter], m.: banking up, earthing up. **†-te**¹³ [but], f.: =; hillock,

hummock; target stand; †target-practice.
-tê¹⁶, *adj.*: chien —, dog with swollen foot. †**-tée** = *butée*. **-têr**¹⁷, *tr.*: ridge up; bank up; *intr.*: stumble (as a horse). **-toir**¹⁸ [-*ter*], *m.*: shovel-plough, cultivator. **-tûre**¹⁹, *f.*: swelling (on a dog's foot).

butyreux¹⁵, = *ense* [L. -*rum*, BUTTER], *adj.*: butyrous, like butter. **-rique**¹⁵ [L. -*rum*], *adj.*: butyric.

bu-vable¹² [*boire*], *adj.*: drinkable. †**-vande**⁹ [L. *bibenda*, things to drink], *f.*: (*dial.*) light drinks. **-vant**¹⁰ [*boire*], *adj.*: drinking. **-vard**¹⁸ [*boire*], *adj.*: absorbing; *papier* —, blotting paper; *un* —, book of blotting paper.

†**buveau** = *bureau*.

†**bu-vée** [*boire*], *f.*: bran-water (for stock). **-vetier**¹⁸ *buf-tyé* [-*vette*], *m.*: BUFFET keeper. **-vette**¹⁵ [*boire*], *f.*: drinking place, refreshment room; (*fam.*) drinking. **-veur**¹¹, = *ense* [*boire*], *m., f.*: drinker. **-voter**¹³ [*boire*], *intr.*: sip.

†**by**¹³ [for *buia*], *m.*: (*dial.*) trench, ditch (to drain a pond).

byssus¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *bússaos*, yellow flax)], *m.*: = (fine linen; filaments of certain bivalves; fungus).

By-zance [L. -*zantium*], *f.*: Constantinople. **by-zantin**¹¹ [L. -*zantinus*], *adj.*: Byzantine.

C

c *sé* or *mod. sé* [L.], *m.*: *c* (the letter); *c*. (C.) abbreviation for *cent*(ime), *contre*, *compte*, *carbone*, *carré*, *Christus*, etc.; *ç*, *c* with cedilla = *s*; *c.-à-d.* = *c'est à dire*, that is to say. *c'* = *ce*.

c' for *ce*.

ça¹⁶ [*cela*], *pron.*: (*fam.*) this, that; *comme* —, like that; *c'est* —, that's it; *ça ira*, 'it will go' or succeed (title of a revolutionary song).

ça⁹ [p. L. **isa* (L. *ecce hac*, behold)], *adv.*: hither; †now; *interj.*: here!

cab¹⁸ [Eng. (Fr. *cabriolet*)], *m.*: cab.

caba-le¹⁵ [Heb. *kabbalah*, tradition], *f.*: CABALA (occult system of doctrine); CABAL (scheme, intrigue; factious league). **-ler**¹⁶, *intr.*: cabal.

cabalette¹⁵ [It. -*ta*], *f.*: cabaletta (galloping final aria in an operetta).

caba-leur¹⁶, = *ense* [-*ler*], *m., f.*: schemer, intriguer. **-liste**¹⁵ [-*le*], *m.*: cabalist, occultist; †faction maker. **-listique**¹⁵ [-*liste*], *adj.*: mysterious.

†**caballin**¹⁴ [L. -*llus*, horse], *adj.*: CABALLINE, equine.

caban¹⁴ [Sp. *gaban*], *m.*: heavy blouse (with hood and close sleeves).

caba-nage¹⁵ [-*ner*], *m.*: lodging. †**-ne**¹⁴

[Prov. -*na*], *f.*: booth, hut, CABIN; tent; warren (for rabbits); breeding-cage; cocoon twigs (for silkworms); fawning (aboard ship). **-neau**¹⁸, *m.*: shelter, awning (on shore for cod fishers). **-ner**¹⁵, *tr.*: †lodge in a hut; fix twigs (for silkworms to form cocoons on); capsize (a boat). **-non**¹⁷, *m.*: (*dial.*) little hut; villa; dungeon. †**-not**¹⁶, *m.*: little hut. **cabarer**¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: (in brewing) run the contents of the hop back into the cooler.

1. **cabaret**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: certain linnet.

2. **cabare-t**¹⁴ [?], *m.*: dram-shop (saloon, tavern, †Eng. cabaret); certain plant that catches water; tea-set. **-tier**¹⁵, *-ière*, *m., f.*: grog-seller.

caba-s¹² [Prov. (? L. *capax*, holder)], *m.*: = (rush-basket for figs, grapes, etc.; woman's work-basket). **-sser**¹⁴, *tr.*: put into a basket; filch. **-sset**¹⁵, *m.*: kind of helmet.

†**cabélian** = *cabillaud*.

cabestan¹⁵ [Prov. (L. *capistrare*, halter, bind)], *m.*: CAPSTAN.

cabiai¹⁷ [SAM.], *m.*: capybara, water-hog.

cabillaud¹² [Holl. *kabeljau*], *m.*: fresh-water cod, KEELING.

cabil-let¹⁷ [Prov. -*lha*, peg], *m.*: side (of the form for shaping tennis rackets). **-lot**¹⁶ [Prov. -*hol*], *m.*: belaying-pin.

ca-bine¹⁷ [Eng. -*bin* (Fr. -*bane*)], *f.*: cabin (of ship); room (in bath-house).

-binet¹⁵ [It. -*binetto*], *m.*: = (small apartment, closet; set of drawers; fine piece of furniture); office: *by ellipsis* office patronage, clientele; summer-house: *homme de* —, close student; — *d'aisances*, water-closet; — *noir*, secret closet (where suspicious letters were opened).

cabion¹⁵ [?], *m.*: certain confection.

†**cabirota** = *capitolade*.

câ-ble¹¹ [Prov. (L. *capulum*, halter)], *m.*: CABLE. **-blé**¹⁷ [-*bler*], *m.*: cord (of four or six strands). **-bleau**¹⁵, or **-blot**, *m.*: cable (to smaller anchors). **-bler**¹⁷, *tr.*: make cable of; twist into rope.

†**cablian** = *cabillaud*.

cablière¹⁷ [-*ble*], *f.*: anchorstone (used for anchor).

†**câblot** = *câbleau*.

ca-boche¹¹ [L. -*put*, head], *f.*: (*fam.*) pate, noddle; sparrow-owl; hobnail.

-bochon¹⁵, *m.*: = (precious stone uncut, but polished); hobnail; certain mollusk. **-bosse**¹⁷, *f.*: (*vulg.*) cocoonut.

cabosser¹⁵ [pejorative *ca*, *bosse*], *tr.*: stave in (a hat, box, etc.).

cabo-tage¹⁷, *m.*: = (coast navigation, trading). †**-têr**¹⁶ [Sp. *cabo*, CAPE,

headland], *intr.*: sail along coast, coast.
-teur¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: coasting; *m.*: coaster. **-tier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *adj.*: coasting; *f.*: coasting-ship. **-tin**¹⁵, **-ino** [?], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) travelling comedian. **-tinage**¹⁵ [*tiner*], *m.*: (*fam.*) life, or ways of a roving actor. **-tiner**¹⁵ [*tin*], *intr.*: (*fam.*) rove about (as an actor).

cabouille¹⁵ [Sp. *-baya*], *f.*: (*vulg.*) agave (plant used to make rope).

caboulet¹⁵ [?], *m.*: whisky shop.

ca-bre¹⁵ [Prov. *-bra* (L. *capra*) goat], *f.*: derrick, sheers. **-brer**¹⁵ [Prov. *-brar*], *refl.*: rear (on the hind legs); *frage*. **-bri**¹⁵ [Prov. *-bri*], *m.*: kid.

-briole¹⁵ [It. *-priola*], *f.*: CAPRIOLE (leap and a kick). **-brioler**¹⁵ [*-briole*], *intr.*: leap and kick. **-briole**¹⁷ [*-brioler*], *m.*: =, CAB, carriage; gun-truck; shoe-last; laminated knife-handle; (French) handcuffs. **-brioleur**¹⁷, **-euse** [*-brioler*], *m.*, *f.*: leaper, CAPERER.

-briol¹⁵ [Prov. *-brioun*], *m.*: chock, block, wedge. **-brôn**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: kinskin; buff-tool.

cabus¹⁵ [Prov. (*cap*, head)], *adj. m.*: chow —, CABBAGE (with head).

ca-ca¹⁵ [L. *-care*], *m.*: CACK. **†cade**¹⁵ [It. *-cata*], *f.*: cacking; fizzle.

caca-o¹⁵ [Sp. (*fr. Mex.*)], *m.*: =, **-oyer**¹⁵ or **-otier**, *m.*: cacao-tree.

-oyère¹⁷ *oyère*, or **-otièrre**, *f.*: cacao plantation.

cacarder¹⁵ [echoic], *intr.*: honk, gaggle (as geese).

†cacatoès or **-tois**¹⁷ [echoic, Hindu *ka-katua*], *m.*: cockatoo; royal (sail or mast).

cachalot¹⁷ [? Catal. *guichal*, tooth], *m.*: = (sperm-whale).

1. cache¹⁷ [dial. for *chasse*], *f.*: kind of staked fishnet, seine.

2. †cache = *cache*.

3. ca-che¹⁵ [*-cher*], *f.*: (*fam.*) =, hiding place; (in comp., I've of *-cher*). **-che-cache**¹⁵, *m.*: hide-and-seek. **†che-**

(cache)-mitoulas¹⁵ [*-che*, *mie tu ne l'as* (thou hast it not)], *m.*: children's game = *jeu du furet*. **-che-corset**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: corset cover.

cachectique¹⁵ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *kakós*, bad, *hêxis*, state)], *adj.*: CACHECTIC (of general bad health).

cache-entrée¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: drop, escutcheon, key-hole guard. **-époutis**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: dye (put on with brush, to touch up colour of wool imperfectly dyed). **-lu-**

mière¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: vent cover (of cannon).

†cache-marée = *chasse-marée*.

cache-mèche¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: match-tub (of cannon). **†ment**¹⁵ [*cache*], *m.*: concealing.

cachemi-re¹⁵ [C., state of India], *m.*: cashmere. **-rette**¹⁵, *f.*: cashmerette.

†cache-mitoulas = *cache-cache-mitoulas*. **†-muscau** = *casse-muscau*. **-nez**¹⁵, *pl.*, *m.*: muffler. **-peigne**¹⁵, *m.*: curl, ribbon (covering a comb). **-pot**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: = (ornamental covering for flower-pot): *d* —, clandestinely, like a smuggler.

-poussièrre¹⁵, *m.*: duster (light overcoat).

ca-cher⁹ [p. L. **co-acticare* (L. *cogere*, compress)], *tr.*: hide, secrete, conceal.

-chèrre¹⁷, *f.*: annealing bin (in glass-making). **-cherie**¹⁵, *f.*: secrecy.

cacheron¹⁵ [?], *m.*: string.

ca-cher¹⁵ [*-cher*], *m.*: = (seal, stamp); (stamped) ticket: *lettre de* —, = (letter with royal stamp sentencing to prison or exile without trial). **-che-tampen**¹⁵, *m.*: "hide-stick" (game). **-chèter**¹⁵, *tr.*: seal. **-chette**¹⁵ [*-che*], *f.*: hiding place. **-cheur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*-cher*], *m.*, *f.*: secreteur, concealer.

cachexie¹⁵ [L. *-zia*, fr. Gr. *kachexia* (*kakós*, bad, *hêxis*, state)], *f.*: CACHEXY (general ill-health): — *aqueuse*, dropsy.

cachi-ment¹⁷ [Creole], *m.*: custard apple, papaw (fruit or tree): — *de marais*, alligator-apple. **-mentier**¹⁷, *m.*: papaw-tree.

cacholong¹⁷ [?], *m.*: = (certain opal).

cachot¹⁵ [*cache*], *m.*: secret place; dungeon.

†cachotte = *cageotte*.

cachot-ter¹⁵ [*cache*], *tr.*: hide unnecessarily. **-terrie**¹⁵, *f.*: silly concealment. **-tier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: lover of secrets.

ca-chou¹⁵ [EInd.], *m.*: = (aromatic drug).

cachucha¹⁵ *ka-tchou-tcha* [Sp.], *f.*: certain dance.

caëique¹⁵ [Sp. (Central Am.)], *m.*: = (Indian chief).

†caëis = *cassia*.

caco-chyme¹⁵ [Gr. *-chumos* (*kakós*, bad, *chumós*, tumour)], *adj.*: debilitated. **-chymie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-chymia*], *f.*: cacochymia (weakened condition). **-graphie**¹⁵ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: poor spelling, cacography.

cacolet¹⁵ [Bearn], *m.*: =, bat, pack-saddle.

caco-logie¹⁵ [Gr. *kakós*, bad, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: faulty expression. **-phonie**¹⁵ [Gr. *phōnia* (*phōne*, sound)], *f.*: CACOPHONY.

†cacous, **-ouse** = *cagou*.

cae-tée¹⁵, *f.*: plant of cactus family.

-tier¹⁷ or **†-tus**¹⁷ [Gr. *kákτος*, thorny plant], *m.*: cactus.

cadastre¹⁵, *pl.* —, *aux*, *adj.*: =. **†-tre**¹⁵ [Prov. (? l. L. *capitastrium*, L. *caput*,

head)], *m.*: = (survey or registry as basis for land tax valuation). **-trèr**¹⁷, *tr.*: put into the cadaster; *intr.*: make the cadaster.

ca-davéreux¹⁵, = **epse** [L. *-daverousus*], *adj.*: cadaverous, corpse-like. **-davéri-que**¹⁸, *adj.*: of the corpse. **-dovre**¹⁵ [L. *-daver (-dere, fall)*], *m.*: CADAVER, carcass, corpse (of larger animals).

1. cade¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: = (juniper).

2. cade¹⁷ [L. *-dus*], *m.*: = (measure of 1000 litres); barrel.

ca-deau¹⁵ [Prov. *-pdel* (L. *-put, head*)], *m.*: capital letter with flourish; flourish; diversion; complimentary present, gift. **-dédion**¹⁵, or **-dédis** [Gascon for *cap-de-dious*, head of God], *interj.* or *disguised oath*: God's head, zounds! **†-de-lep**¹⁵, *tr.*: ornament (with pen).

cade-nas¹⁵ [Prov. *-nat* (L. *catena, CHAIN*)], *m.*: padlock; lock; case (with lock). **-nassep**¹⁵, *tr.*: padlock.

ca-dence¹⁵ [It. *-denza* (L. *-dere, fall*)], *f.*: = (rhythm, harmony, gliding, beating of time). **-deneep**¹⁷, *tr.*: time; render rhythmically.

cadène¹⁵ [It. *-na* (L. *catena*)], *f.*: CHAIN (for rigging; for convicts).

cadennette¹⁵ [marshal Cadenet], *f.*: = (love-lock of men).

cade-t, -tte [Gascon *capdet* (L. *caput, head*)] captain (us'ly younger son of a noble), *m., f.*: younger, next oldest, or youngest person (esp. child, brother or sister, †Eng. CADET); junior; *pl.*: company of volunteers (of younger sons, †Eng. cadets); *f.*: short cue (at billiards); small cut paving stone; *adj.*: younger, next oldest: *c'est mon —*, that is my youngest child; *il est mon —*, he is my youngest boy; he is my junior (younger than I); *un — de famille*, a younger (youngest) son; *c'est le — de mes soucis*, it is the least of my cares; *un — de haut appétit*, a fellow with extravagant tastes. **-ttep**¹⁵, *tr.*: pave.

cadi¹⁵ [Ar. *qādhī, judge*], *m.*: =.

cadiehon¹⁵ [*-det*], *m.*: little CADET.

cadil¹⁷ [*cade, cask*], *m.*: litre measure.

cadis¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: CADDIS (cloth).

Cadix *-dis*, *m.*: Cadiz (the city in Spain).

cad-mie¹⁵ [L. *-mia (cadmus)*], *f.*: cadmia (zinc-oxide). **-mium**¹⁵, *m.*: =.

cadogan¹⁵ [Count C.], *m.*: tress (of hair, held by a knot).

-adole¹⁵ [Prov. *-daulo* (Gr. *kata-bolē, 'down-throw'*)], *f.*: bolt (of a lock).

ca-dran¹⁵ [L. *quadrans, QUARTER-circle*], *m.*: CADRANS; plate (of [sun-]dial); face (of watch), dial; certain mollusk: *dormir le tour du —*, sleep twelve hours. **-drannerie**¹⁷, *f.*: factory (for marine

instruments). **-drannier**¹⁷, *m.*: employee (of factory for ship's instruments).

-drannure¹⁷, *f.*: windshake, anemosis.

†-drant = **-dran**. **-drat**¹⁷ or **-dratin** [L. *quadratus, SQUARED*], *m.*: QUADRAT. **-dra-**

ture¹⁷ [*-dre*], *f.*: clock-work. **ca-dre**¹⁵ [It. *quadro, square*], *m.*: frame; outline; limit =, list (as of officers); corps; props, shores (in a mine); berth, bunk (aboard ship); — *de réserve*, retired list. **-drer**¹⁵ [*-dre, L. quadrare, square*],

intr.: suit, conform; fit; *tr.*: stretch (skins on a frame): *les livres cadrent mal avec le mariage*, books (authorship) do not go well with matrimony. **†-dril-**

lage, -driller = **quad-rillage**, etc.

cadu-c¹⁵, **-que** [L. *-cus (cadere, fall)*], *adj.*: CADUCOUS, tottering, falling; deciduous; lapsed: *mal —*, falling sickness, epilepsy.

cadu-cée¹⁴ [L. *-ceum*, ak. to Gr. *kerukeion (kēruz, herald)*], *m.*: CADUCEUS, the wand of Mercury.

caducité [*-due*], *f.*: CADUCITY (liability to fall, or lapse).

ca-cal¹⁵ *sé*, *adj.*: =, blind, hav'g one end closed. **||-cum**¹⁵ [L. *blind*], *m.*: blind gut, vermiform appendix.

Caen [L. *Cadomum*], *m.*: Caen (the town in France).

caesium¹⁵ *sé*. [L. *bluish*], *m.*: = (silver-white metallic element).

ca-fard¹⁵, = **-farde** [?], *m., f.*: =, impostor; sly backbiter, hypocrite. **-far-**

dage¹⁷, *m.*: cant. **-farder**¹⁵, *intr.*: cant, play the hypocrite. **-farderie**¹⁴, *f.*: cant. **-fardise**¹⁵, *f.*: hypocrisy.

ca-fé¹⁵ [It. *caffè* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: COFFEE; café (coffee-room, light restaurant): — *noir*, strong coffee; — *en poudre*, ground coffee; — *concert*, — *chantant*, music hall with refreshments. **-féier**¹⁷

or **†-fier**, *m.*: coffee-shrub; coffee-planter.

-féière¹⁵ [*-feier*], *f.*: coffee-plantation.

-féine¹⁵, *f.*: caffeine (drug).

cafetan¹⁵ [Turk.], *m.*: CAPTAN (garment of honour).

ca-fetier¹⁵, = **-ière** [*caffè*], *m., f.*: keeper of café; *f.*: coffee pot. **†-fier** = **-féier**.

caftan = **cafetan**.

ca-ge¹⁵ [L. *cavea (cavus, hollow)*], *f.*: =; trellis-work; case (as of time-piece); staircase. **-gée**¹⁵, *f.*: cageful, birds in a cage. **-geot**¹⁵, *m.*: little cage; tub

(to drain oil fr. cod livers); **-geotte**¹⁷, *f.*: tobacco-pipe (with no heel).

-ge-
rotte¹⁵, *f.*: draining-basket (for cheese).

-gette¹⁵, *f.*: little cage. **-gier**¹⁵, = **-ière**, *m., f.*: †bird-seller; cage-maker or seller.

1. cagnard¹⁵ [*coin*], *m.*: †nook; tramp's camp (under a bridge); weather-cloth, awning (at sea).

2. **ca-guard**¹⁶ [-cagne], *adj.*: lazy-bones. **-gnarder**¹⁵ [-gnard], *intr.*: lie around, be lazy. **-gnardise**¹⁵ *f.*: laziness. **ca-gue**¹⁴ [It. -gna, L. *canis*, dog], *f.*: fitch; slattern. **-gneur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *adj.*: knock-kneed. **-gnot**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: dog-fish.

cagnotte¹⁵ [?], *f.*: pot (at card table).

ca-got¹⁶, **-ote** [dial.], *m., f.*: (formerly in Bearn) leper; bigot. **-goterie**¹⁶, *f.*: **-goterie**¹⁶, *f.*: bigotry. **-gotisme**¹⁶, *m.*: bigotry. **-gon**¹⁴ [Breton *cacou*], *m.*: (formerly in Bretagne) leper; wretch, beggar.

ca-gouille¹⁶ [Sp. *gollo* (L. *cucullus*, hood)], *f.*: volute, scroll (on prow of a ship). **-goule**¹² [coule], *f.*: monk's cloak (enveloping the whole body), COWL.

cague¹⁷ [Holl. *kaag*], *f.*: sloop; keg (of about four gallons).

cahier⁹ [L. *quaternio*, number four], *m.*: note-book; = (quarter of a quire; official instructions to delegates; memorial to authorities).

cahin-caha¹⁴ [? L. *qua hic, qua hac*, now there, now here], *adv.*: so so.

caho-t¹⁴ [?], *m.*: jolt (of vehicle). **-tage**¹¹ [-ter], *m.*: jolts. **-tant**¹⁷ [-ter], *adj.*: jolting. **-tement**¹⁵ [-ter], *m.*: jolting, shaking up. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: jolt.

cahute¹² [?], *f.*: shanty.

caïc = *caïque*.

caïche = *quaiche*.

caïd¹⁵ [Ar.], *m.*: =, alcaïde (leader; governor).

caïeu¹⁶ [?], *m.*: small bulb, clove.

caïlasse¹⁵ [ak. to *caillou*], *f.*: gravelly mare.

caïlle¹¹ [Germ. *c* (L. *quagula*)], *f.*: QUAIL; *le roi des* —, meadow crane.

1. **caïllebot**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (dial.) guelder-rose.

2. **caïllebot** = *caillot*.

caïllebo-te¹⁷ [?], *f.*: cleat, brace (on ship's rib), dutchman. **-tis**¹⁶, *m.*: hatches.

caïllebotte¹⁵ [-botter], *f.*: clot; curd.

caïllebotter¹² [caïlle, (cailler), botter (bouter)], *tr.*: COAGULATE, clot. **caïllebot-tin** = *calebottin*.

caïlle-lait¹⁷, *m.*: cheese-
rennet, bed-straw (plant). **caïlle-lait**¹⁵, *m.*: curdling, coagulation. 1. **caïlle-lait**⁹ [L. *coagulare*], *tr.*: coagulate, clot, curdle.

2. **caïlle-lait**¹² [caïlle], *m.*: QUAIL-trap.

caïlletage¹⁷ [-tte, clown], *m.*: silly chatter.

caïlleteau¹⁵ [caïlle], *m.*: young QUAIL.

caïlleter¹⁷, *intr.*: chat, nonsense, gossip.

1. **caïllette** [famous clown C], *f.*: gossip.

2. **caïllette**¹⁵ [-le], *f.*: QUAIL-like petrel.

3. **caïllette**¹⁵ [-ler], *f.*: rennet, fourth stomach (of calf); (slang) pudenda. **caïllette**¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: clot.

caïlot-rosat¹⁵ [? *Caillouel*, name of place], *m.*: certain pear.

caïllou¹¹, *pl.* — *x* [chail], *m.*: gravel; pebble, flint. **-tage**¹⁵ [-ter], *m.*: graveling; pebble-work; flint pottery. **-te**¹⁵, *m.*: macadam road; fine pottery. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: gravel; set with stones. **-teur**¹⁵ [-ter], *m.*: macadamizer; flint worker. **-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: macadam.

caïmacan¹⁵ [Ar. = place-holder], *m.*: =, lieutenant of the grand vizir.

caïman¹⁶ [Sp. fr. Carib.], *m.*: =, alligator (of S. Am.).

caïmand, etc. = *quémand*, etc.

caïque¹⁵ [It. *caico* (fr. Turk.)], *m.*: =, launch; small sailing vessel.

ca ira¹⁷ [lit. 'it will go', i.e. succeed], *m.*: title of a revolutionary song.

caire¹⁷ [? Malay *kayar*, twist, rope], *m.*: COIR (fiber or rope of coconut-husk).

caïron¹⁵ [Prov. (L. *quadrum*, SQUARE)], *m.*: stone (for banking up a caldron, etc.).

caïse¹⁵ [Prov. -sa (L. *capsa*, box)], *f.*: CHEST; CASE; crate; office; CASH; counter; public coffers, treasury; drum: *sauver la* —, abscond with the money; *grosse* —, bass-drum; much ado about nothing; *battre la grosse* —, play the scamp.

caïse¹⁷ [Prov.], *m.*: raisin-box; work-box. **-sier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *m., f.*: CASHIER.

-son¹⁵ [It. *cassone*], *m.*: = (large or heavy box for ammunition, etc.; water-tight box, for workmen below in riverbed, etc.).

caïput¹⁵ *kash* - [Malay], *m.*: cajuput (oil).

caïlo-ler¹⁵ [? *cage*], *intr.*: chatter (as magpie); drift (down stream against wind); *tr.*: cajole, dupe, flatter. **-lerie**¹⁵, *f.*: flattery. **-leur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: cajoler.

caïlot, etc. = *cageot*, etc.

caïute¹⁶ [Holl. *kajuit*], *f.*: state-room; berth (on ship).

cal¹⁵ [L. *-llus*], *m.*: hardened skin, callus.

calade¹⁶ [It. *-lata*], *f.*: = (slope to train horses on).

1. **calage**¹⁵ [-ler, lower], *m.*: lowering (topmast), sinking.

2. **calage**¹⁵ [-ler, tighten], *m.*: tightening, wedging.

calade = *callade*.

calais¹⁵ [? Gr. *kállathos*, basket], *m.*: market basket.

Calais, *m.*: = (French port): *Pas-de-* —, straits of Dover.

calaison¹⁷ [-ler, lower], *f.*: draft, gauge.

calam-bour¹⁶, or **-ba(o)**, or **-bart**, or **-bou(o)**, **-bourg** [Malay], *m.*: aloes-wood.

calame¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, reed], *m.*: reed pen, calamus.

calament¹² [L. *-minthe* (Gr. *kalós*, beautiful, *mintha*, mint)], *m.*: CALAMINT.
calami-naire¹⁵, *adj.*: of calamine.
||-ne¹² [L. *-na* (L. *cadmia*)], *f.*: =, calamin (ore of zinc).
cala-mistrer¹⁵ [L. *-mistrare* (L. *-mistrum*, curling iron, *ak.* to *-mus*, reed)], *tr.*: frizzle, curl with an iron. 1. **-mite**¹⁵ [It. *-mita* (*-mo*, reed), *i.e.* reed-stone (for magnet of compass used to be floated in a reed)], *f.*: float-stone; certain clay.
 2. **-mite**¹² [L. *-mus*, reed], *f.*: *†*rosin (collected in reeds); = (fossil plant).
 3. **-mite**¹⁵ [L. *-mites* (Gr. *-mites*, green frog)], *f.*: toad.
calami-té¹⁵ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: calamity.
-teur¹⁵, **=euse** [L. *-tosus*], *adj.*: calamitous.
ca-landrage¹⁵ [*-landrer*], *m.*: smoothing (with calender or mangle). 1. **||-lan-dre**¹⁵ [*†* *-landrer*, or L. *cylandrum*, cylinder], *f.*: CALENDER, mangle (for linen).
 2. **-landre**¹⁵ [Holl. *kalender* (*†* *ak.* to 1.)], *f.*: weevil.
 3. **-calandre**¹¹ [Prov. *-dra* (Gr. *kálandros*)], *f.*: calandra (kind of lark).
calan-drer¹⁴ [*-dre*, CALENDER], *tr.*: smooth (with mangle), mangle. **-dreur**¹⁵, **=euse**, *m.*, *f.*: mangler.
calan-que¹⁵ or **-gue** [Prov. *-co* (*ak.* to 1. *cale*)], *f.*: creek.
calcaire¹⁷ [L. *-carius* (*calx*, lime)], *adj.*: calcareous, limy.
calcanéum¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: heel-bone.
calcé-doine¹¹ [L. *-donius* (town Chalcedon)], *f.*: CHALCEDONY (kind of agate).
-donieur¹⁵, **=euse**, *adj.*: like chalcedony, milky white.
calcéolaire¹⁷ [L. *calceolus*, little shoe], *f.*: lady's-slipper (plant).
cal-cef¹⁵ [It. *-cese* (L. *carchesium*, drinking cup)], *m.*: mast-head (shaped to attach a lateen sail, or a pulley).
 1. **cal-éin**¹⁵ [L. *calx*, lime], *m.*: limy crust (on stones fr. exposure to air). 2. **-éin**¹⁷, *m.*: glass rubbish (to be remelted). **-ci-nation**¹², *f.*: =. **-ciner**¹⁵ [L. *calx*, lime], *tr.*: calcine, reduce to lime; roast (by dry heat). **-cium**¹⁵ *-om* [L. *calx*], *m.*: = (chemical element).
 1. **calcu-l**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, pebble], *m.*: CALCULUS, stone (in the bladder, gall, etc.).
 2. **-l**¹⁴ [*-ler*], *m.*: calculation; calculus (mathematics). **-lable**¹⁷ [*-ler*], *adj.*: =. **-lateur**¹⁵, **-latrice** [L. *-lator*], *m.*, *f.*: calculator: — *arithmétique*, calculating machine. **-ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: calculate; manage well, plan. **-leur**¹⁵, **=euse**, *adj.*: calculous (gritty; afflicted with stone).
 1. **cale**¹² [It. (*-lare*, descend)], *f.*: low part, hold (of ship); slip, dock; creek; lead (of

fishline), sinker; ducking, keel-hauling (punishment): *il est à fond de —*, he is ruined; — *flottante*, floating dock (for graving); *donner la —*, keel-haul (a culprit).

2. **cale**¹⁵ [*†*], *f.*: hood, *c.p.*; grisette, lackey.

3. **cale**¹⁵ [*ak.* to Ger. *keil*, wedge], *f.*: block, wedge.

calébas-se¹⁵ [Sp. *calabaza* (fr. Pers.)], *f.*: CALABASH, drinking gourd; crucible; furnace. **-sier**¹⁷, *m.*: gourd plant; gourd tree.

calébotin¹⁵ [*†*], *m.*: cobbler's basket (for thread, etc.).

calèche¹⁵ [Ger. *kalesch* (fr. Pol.)], *f.*: CALASH (buggy; hood in anal. with calash-top).

caléon¹⁵ [It. *-lzone* (*-lza*, stocking, L. *calx*, heel)], *m.*: drawers (garment).

caléfaction¹⁵ [L. *calé-factio*, 'hot-making'], *f.*: =, warming, heating.

†caléidoscope = *kaltidoscope*.

†calemande, -mar = *calmande*, etc.

calém-bour¹⁴ [*†*], *m.*: pun, play on words. **-brédaine**¹⁷, *f.*: humbug; wild scheme; fib.

caléncar¹⁵ [Pers.], *m.*: painted calico.

ca-lendaire¹⁵ [L. *-lendarium*, account book], *m.*: church register, calendar, record. **||-lendes**¹¹ [L. *-lenda*], *f. pl.*: first day of the month, calends, CALLING days; *†*conference (on first of each month). **-lendrier**¹¹ [L. *-lendarium*], *m.*: calendar; almanac: — *perpétuel*, running thirty-five years; — *de Flore*, giving flowers for different months of the year.

caléture¹⁷ [Sp. *-tura* (L. *calere*, be hot) fever], *f.*: =, delirious fever.

1. **calepin**¹⁵ [author *Calepino*], *m.*: =, *†*dictionary; memorandum-book, pocket notebook.

2. **†calepin** = *canepin*.

1. **caler**¹¹ [It. *-lare* (Gr. *chalān*, relax)], *tr.*: let down; drop; strike (mast or sail); *intr.*: sink, settle.

2. **caler**¹⁵ [*-le*, wedge], *tr.*: wedge true, straighten up (with wedge): *c'est un homme calé*, he is a man in a good place.

calère¹⁵ [Prov. *carel*], *f.*: certain fishnet.

caleur¹⁵ [*-ler*], *m.*: idle workman.

cal-fait, *m.*: calking iron. **||-fat**¹⁵ [Prov. *-afat*, fr. Ar.], *m.*: CALKER; calking iron; *†*calking. **-fatage**¹⁵ [*-fater*], *m.*: calking. **-fater**¹², *tr.*: CALK (drive tarred oakum into the seams of). **-fa-teur**¹⁵ [*-fater*], *m.*: calker. **-feutrage**¹⁵ [*-feutrer*], *m.*: stopping up of chinks. **-feutrer**¹⁵ [= *-fater*], *tr.*: calk; stop up (air cracks), chineae.

ca-librage¹⁵ [*-librer*], *m.*: gauging; moulding. **||-libre**¹⁴ [It. *-libro* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: = (bore of a gun; gauge, size, ca-

capacity). **-librer**¹⁵, *tr.*: bore, mold, gauge or measure to a calibre.

1. **ca-lice**¹⁴ [L. *-lyx* (Gr. *kálux*, bud)], *m.*: CALIX (of flower). 2. **-lice**¹¹ [L. *-lix* (Gr. *káliz*, cup)], *m.*: CHALICE (cup).

caliche¹⁵ [S. Am. Sp.], *m.*: =, Chile salt-petre.

calicot¹⁵ [town *Calicut*], *m.*: CALICO (cloth).

calicule¹⁵ [L. *-lyculus* (calyz, cup)], *m.*: calicula, calycle.

cali-fat¹⁶, *m.*: califate (reign, office or dignity of calif). **-fe**¹⁰ [Ar. *khalifa*, lit. 'successor'], *m.*: calif (head of the Mohammedans).

calfourchon¹¹ [pejorative *cali*, *fourche*], in *à* —, astride, straddle.

calige¹⁵ [L. *-ga*], *f.*: Roman (soldier's) boot.

calin¹⁷ [Port. *-laim*], *m.*: Chinese tin, Banca tin (used to line tea-chests).

calin¹⁵ = **-ine** [?], *m.*, *f.*: tsuggard, teggarg; wheedler, cajoler; *adj.*: wheedling, cajoling.

calinage¹⁸ [*-lin*], *m.*: manufacture of tea boxes.

ca-liner¹⁵ [*-lin*], *tr.*: fondle, pet: †*ae* —, idle about, loaf. **-linerie**¹⁵, *f.*: cajolery.

caliorne¹⁶ [Prov. *-liourno* (? Gr. *kálos*, rope)], *f.*: stock-tackle (used in stowing the anchor).

callisson¹⁸ [Prov. *-ssoun*], *m.*: kind of almond cake.

callaide¹⁷ [L. *-lais*], *f.*: CALLAINITE (greenish wax-like mineral).

callen¹⁵ = **-ense** [L. *-llosus* (*callus*, hard place)], *adj.*: callous, hardened.

calli-carpe¹⁷ [Gr. *-karpos* (*kállos*, beauty, *karpós*, fruit)], *m.*: ornamental shrub.

-graphie¹⁷ [Gr. *-gráphos* (*gráphein*, write)], *m.*: fine penman. **-graphie**¹⁸

[Gr. *-graphía*], *f.*: calligraphy, fine penmanship. **-pyge**¹⁷ [Gr. *pugé*, buttocks],

adj.: callipygian.

callosité¹⁵ [L. *-tas* (*callus*, hard)], *f.*: CALLUS, hardened place, callosity (on plants; on a wound).

calmande¹⁷ [?], *f.*: CALAMANCO (wool cloth).

calmant¹⁷ [*-mer*], *adj.*: sedative.

calmar¹⁵, or **calemar** [L. *calamarium*, case for 'reed' pens], *m.*: †pen-case; calamary(y), ink-fish.

1. **cal-me**¹⁵ [It. *-ma* (? Gr. *káma*, heat)], *m.*: calm, stillness: — *plat*, perfect calm.

2. **-me**¹⁴ [It. *-mo*], *adj.*: quiet, at rest. **-mer**¹⁴ [fr. 2.-*me*], *tr.*: quiet, calm.

calomel¹⁵ or **calomélas** [Gr. *kalós*, beautiful, *mélas*, black], *m.*: = (chloride of mercury).

calom-niateur¹², = **-trice** [L. *calumniator*], *m.*, *f.*: calumniator. **-nie**¹⁴ [L.

calumniā (*calvi*, deceive)], *f.*: calumny.

-nier¹⁵ [L. *calumniari*], *tr.*: calumniate, slander: *se* —, pretend to be worse than

one is; — *quelqu'un de quelque chose*, asperse one with. **-nieusement**¹³

[*-nieux*], *adv.*: with calumny, slanderously.

-nieur¹⁵ = **-ense** [L. *calumniosus*], *adj.*:

calumnious, slanderous.

calonnière¹⁶ [cf. *canonnière*], *f.*: pop-gun; spindle (of lathe).

calo-ric¹⁵ [L. *-r*, heat], *f.*: calory, heat unit in physics. **-rifère**¹⁵ [L. *-r*, ferre,

bear], *m.*: =, heating apparatus. **-rif-**

que¹⁷ [L. *ríficus*], *adj.*: calorific, heat-bearing. **-rimètre**¹⁷ [L. *-r*, Gr. *métron*,

measure], *m.*: calorimeter. **-rique**¹⁷ [L. *-r*], *m.*: caloric, heat.

1. **calot**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: piece of wood; piece of (unworked) slate.

2. **calot**¹⁷ [*cale*, wedge], *m.*: little wedge.

3. **calot**¹⁶ [*écale*], *m.*: nut.

4. **ca-lot**¹⁷, *m.*: crown (of cap). **-lotin**¹⁷, *m.*: cap-wearer; squib writer; (*jam.*)

priest; priest-haunter: *un transport* —, a satirical outburst. †**-lotine**¹⁷ [*-lotin*],

f.: satirical epigram. **-lotte**¹⁸ [*cale*, cap],

f.: =, cap, skull-cap, fez; skull; member of a literary club whose emblem was a cap and bells, hence: a satirical squib;

vault; case (of watch). **-lotter**¹⁵, *tr.*: slap, cuff, box.

caloyer¹⁵, = **-ère** [mod. Gr. *kalógeros* (Gr. *kalós*, beautiful, *gérōs*, old man)], *m.*,

f.: = (monk or nun of order of St. Basil).

cal-que¹⁷ [It. *-co*], *m.*: CHALK. **-quer**¹⁶ [It., L. *care* (L. *calx*, lime)], *tr.*: chalk,

trace, copy; imitate. **-quoir**¹⁷, *m.*: tracer (tool).

calumet¹⁷ [*chalumet*], *m.*: =, pipe.

†**calus** = **cal**.

calvaire¹⁷ [L. *-varia*, skull; sense fr. Heb. *golgotha* (skull), 'place of a skull'],

m.: CALVARY, hill of the crucifixion (also proper name).

calville¹⁶ [town C.], *m.*: = (apple).

calvitie¹⁸ [L. *-vities* (*-vus*, bald)], *f.*: CALVITIES, baldness.

cameien¹² [L. *-mateum*, Gr. *kamateúein*, work], *m.*: = (cameo; picture in one colour).

camail¹³ [Prov. *capmalk*, 'head-mail'], *m.*: = (mail covering for neck; kind of hood; garment or robe).

camara-de¹⁵ [Sp. *-da* (*camara*, room)], *m.* or *f.*: COMRADE, intimate friend. **-de-**

rie¹⁵, *f.*: comradeship, comradery; mutual support among friends.

camard¹⁵, = **-arde** [L. *camus* (Gr. *kemós*) muzzle for horse], *adj.*: snub-nosed, pug-nosed, flat-nosed.

camarilla¹⁸ [Sp., dim. of *camara*, room], *f.*: =, group, clique of advisers of a king.

cam-biste¹⁶ [It. *-bista* (-*bio*, CHANGE)], m.: cambist (one versed in exchange values), speculator. || **-bium**¹⁵ [l. L. (-*bire*, CHANGE)], m.: = (zone of cells between wood and bark).

cambonis¹⁴ [?], m.: coom (dirt from grease on wheels; dirt in a horse's sheath).

cambré¹⁶, adj.: cambered, curved, arched: *piéd* —, foot strongly arched; *taille* —, waspish body. || **-brér**¹⁶ [p. L. **cameräre* (camera, vault)], tr.: camber, make slightly convex, curve. **-breur**¹⁸, m.: camberer. **-brillon**¹⁷, m.: stiffener (of shoe-heel). **-bricoleur**¹⁸ [fr. slang *cambricole*, room], m.: flash-man, porch-climber, burglar (of upper chambers). **-brure**¹⁶, f.: convexity, arch; pigeon-breast.

cambruse¹⁷ [Holl. *kabuya* (ak. to Eng. cabin)], f.: CABOOSE, cook's galley, steward's room (on ship); (fam.) drinking place.

†**cambuger** = *combuger*.

cambusier¹⁸ [-*se*], m.: steward, purser.

1. **came**¹⁷ [Ger. *kamm*, COMB], f.: CAM, camwheel; cog.

2. †**came** = *chame*.

camée¹⁷ [It. *-meo*, ak. to *-maieu*], m.: cameo.

camélee¹⁷ [l. L. *-laea*], f.: widow-wail, spurge-flax (shrub).

caméléon¹¹ [Gr. *chamai-léon*, 'ground-lion'], m.: chameleon; fickle person.

†**caméléopard** = *caméopard*.

camélia¹⁸ [botanist *Camellia*], m. CAMELIA, Japan rose.

cameline¹⁶ [Gr. *chaimai-mélinos* 'like earth-apple'], f.: camomile, aster.

ca-melle¹⁶ [Prov. *-melo*, camel], f.: salt pile (heaped up to evaporate). **-mélopard**¹⁸ [l. L. *-melpardus*, Gr. *kamelopardalis*, 'camel-leopard'], m.: giraffe.

|| **-melot**¹² [*chameau*], m.: coarse cloth, CAMLET; sloop-goods; sloop-peddler. **-melote**¹⁷, f.: shoddy article. **-meloter**¹⁸, tr.: make roughly. **-melotier**¹⁷, m.: tsmuggler; sloop-goods maker, coarse paper.

camé-rier¹⁶ [It. *-riere* (L. camera, room)], m.: CHAMBERLAIN (of the pope). **-riste**¹⁶ [Sp. *camarista*], f.: lady-in-waiting (of princess).

camer-lingat¹⁵, m.: CAMERLINGATE, office of pope's chamberlain. **camer-lingue**¹⁴ [It. *-lingo* (L. camera, room)], m.: cardinal CAMERLINGO.

camion¹⁸ [?], m.: pin, minikin, small teale; child's shoe.

2. **ca-mion**¹⁵ [?], m.: =, gun-carriage; truck, dray; paint pot. **-mionnage**¹⁸, m.: trucking, drayage. **-mionner**¹⁸, tr.: move, transport with trucks.

2. †**camionner**¹⁶ [-*mion*, pin], tr.: pin.

camionneur¹⁸ [-*mion*, dray], m.: drayman.

†**cami-sade**¹⁵ [It. *-ciata* (-*cia*, shirt, worn over armour at night-attacks)], f.: = (night attack). **-sole**¹⁵ [It. *-cioa*], f.: = (overblouse; straight jacket).

†**camme** = *came*.

camomille¹⁵ [l. L. *-lla* (Gr. *chamai-melon*, earth-apple)], f.: camomile, aster.

ça mèn, see 2. *mon*.

camouflet¹⁴ [?], m.: whiff of smoke (blown purposely into one's face); affront; = (powder mine to stifle or shut off under-miners).

camourlet¹⁷ [?], m.: kind of mastich, cement.

1. †**camp** = *khan*.

2. **cam-p**¹⁵ [It. *-po*, l. L. *-pus*, field], m.: camp; fight; side; farena: *prendre le* —, accept combat; decamp. **-pagnard**¹⁶, = *arde* [-*pagne*], m., f.: rustic, countryman. **-pagné**¹⁶ [It. *-pagna*], f.: country; plain; field (of battle); CAMPAIGN. **-pagnol**¹⁷ [-*pagne*], m.: field-mouse, vole.

campana-ne¹⁸ [l. L. *-na* (?), bell], f.: tbell (campana); bell-shaped ornament; head (of Corinthian column); ornament of tassel or fringe; tuft; drop; (arch.) campana (drop); bell-shaped soap-kettle; tumour (on a horse). †**-nelle**¹⁶ or **-nette**, f.: (dial.) bindweed. **-nile**¹⁷ [It.], m.: = (bell-tower). **-nulaeé**¹⁸ [l. L. *-nula*, little bell], adj.: of bell-wort family. **-nule**¹⁷ [l. L. *-nula*], f.: campanula (plant), bell-flower, bell-wort. **-nulé**¹⁷ [l. L. *-nula*, little bell], adj.: campanulate, bell-shaped.

campe¹⁶ [?], m.: corded drugget (cloth).

campèche¹⁵ [Campeachy in Mex.], m.: bois de —, log-wood.

cam-pement¹⁵, m.: camping. || **-per**¹⁵ [camp], intr.: camp; tr.: put in camp, encamp (an army); set, place; leave in the lurch, desert: *cheval campé*, spradling horse.

camperche¹⁷ [chant, side, *perche*], f.: certain cross-piece (in weaving frame or loom).

cam-phre¹⁴ [l. L. *-phora*], m.: camphor. **-phré**¹⁵, adj.: camphorated. **-phrer**¹⁵, tr.: treat with camphor, camphorate. **-phrier**¹⁷, m.: camphor tree.

campine¹⁷ [C., in Belgium], f.: = (fat pullet).

campos¹⁵ [students' L. *habere* —, 'get leave to go into the country'], m.: holiday, vacation.

ca-mus¹², = *use* [? ak. to l. L. *-musus*, curved], adj.: snub-nosed, flat-nosed, pug-nosed; sheepish, bashful. **-muset**¹², = *ette*, adj.: somewhat sheep-nosed.

-museon¹⁶, f.: flat-nosed woman.

canail-le¹⁵ [It. *canaglia* (L. *canis*), 'pack of dogs'], *f.*: = (gang; rabble); brats (children); rascal; *adj.*: rascally; low. **-lerie**¹⁵, *f.*: blackguardism.

cana-l¹¹ [L. *-lis*], *m.*: =, CHANNEL. **-ligable**¹⁵ [-*liser*], *adj.*: that may be canalized. **-liser**¹⁵, *tr.*: canalize.

canamolle = cannamelle.

canapé¹¹ [L. *-nopeum* (Gr. *konopeton*, mosquito-curtain)], *m.*: sofa, divan; bench (of syrup refiner): — *d'anchois*, bread spread with anchovies.

canapsa¹⁵ [Ger. *knappsack*], *m.*: KNAPSACK; foot-soldier.

canar-d¹² [*cané*], *m.*: duck; = (fabricated story, hoax) *prendre un —*, dip lump of sugar in rum, or tea, etc.; *faire un —*, make a false sound in music; *donner un — à moitié*, catch, trap one; *chien —*, water spaniel. **-deau**¹⁵, *m.*: duckling. **-der**¹⁵, *tr.*:

shoot (fr. a blind, as in duck-hunting), ambush; *intr.*: quack (like a duck), make false notes (in music); ship water forwards. **-dière**¹⁵, *f.*: duck-pond; blind (for duck-shooting); gun for duck-shooting.

cana-ri¹⁵ [Sp. *-rio*], *m.*: CANARY-bird. **-rie**¹⁵ or **-ries** [Canary Islands], *m.*: certain dance.

canas-se¹⁷ or **-tre** [Sp. *-tro* (L. *canistro*, basket)], *m.*: box (for tea, tobacco, etc.); kind of tobacco.

can-can¹⁵ or **quanquan** [L. *quamquam*, 'although' (university harangues usually began so)], *m.*: (formerly) university speech; hubbub, great ado; cancan (vulgar dance). **-caner**¹⁵, *intr.*: make much ado; dance the cancan. **-canier**¹⁵, *adj.*: noisy; *m.*: noise-maker.

can-ee¹¹ [L. *-cellus*, balustrade, lattice work], *m.*: cancel; seal case, or room.

-celler¹² [L. *-cellare*], *tr.*: cancel, annul.

can-eer [L.], *m.*: =. **-céreux**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: cancerous.

canche¹⁷ [?], *f.*: hairgrass, bent grass, rush.

cancre¹⁵ [L. *-cer*], *m.*: crab, crawfish; slow student; grasping man.

cancerlat¹⁵ [Holl. *kakerlak*], *m.*: American cockroach.

can-délabre¹⁰ [L. *-delabrum*], *m.*: candelabrum (chandelier; group of street lamps on one post; ornament in architecture). **-drette**¹⁵ [Prov. *-deleto*, 'small candle'], *f.*: fish-tackle (on ships for raising anchor to gunwale).

candeur¹⁵ [L. *-dor*], *f.*: candour, frankness.

candi¹⁵ [Ar. *gandi*, cane sugar], *adj.*: sucre —, candied sugar, candy.

candi-dat¹⁵ [L. *-datus* (-*dus*, white,

Rom. candidates dressing in white)], *m.*: candidate. **-dature**¹⁵ [-*de*], *f.*: candidacy. **-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dus*, white], *adj.*: candid (sincere, frank, ingenuous). **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: frankly.

candir¹⁵ [-*di*], *intr.*: CANDY; crystallise.

cané¹⁵ [ak. to *canard*], *f.*: duck; *faire la —*, escape danger (fr. duck's habit of avoiding an enemy).

cané-fée¹⁷ [Sp. *cañafistola*], *f.*: cassia, guava (shrub). **-cier**¹⁷, *m.*: (vulg.) cassia shrub.

canepetière¹⁵ [*cané*, *petière*], *f.*: little bustard.

canéphore¹⁵ [L. *-ra* (Gr. *káne*, basket, *pherein*, carry)], *f.*: canephore (maiden that bore the sacred utensils among the Greeks).

canépin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: fine lamb or kid-skin.

ca-ner¹⁵ [*ne*], *intr.*: *†*quack; funk; *†*care. **-netor**¹⁵ [-*ne*], *intr.*: quack; waddle (like a duck).

canetière¹⁵ [2. *-nette*], *f.*: spooler (woman or machine that winds thread on bobbins).

ca-neton¹⁵ [-*ne*], *m.*: duckling. 1. **-net-te**¹⁴, *f.*: young duck, young teal; cannet (duck on escutcheon).

2. **†canette** = cannette.

canevas¹² [ak. to *chanvre*], *m.*: CANVAS; plot; design.

canevette¹⁵ [It. *navetta* (dim. of *-nova*, cave)], *f.*: liquor-case (on ship).

canézon¹⁵ [?], *m.*: bodice, corsage.

†cangrène = gangrène.

cangue¹⁷ [Chinese *kang*, carry, *kia*, collar], *f.*: = (portable wooden stocks for the neck, as punishment).

cani¹⁷ [Prov., 'canine'], *m.*: rotting timber (of ship).

cani-ee¹⁷ [*cané*], *m.*: water spaniel, poodle. 1. **-ehon**¹⁵, *m.*: poodle-pup.

2. **-ehon**¹⁵ [*cané*], *m.*: duckling.

canicu-laïre¹⁵ [L. *-laris*], *adj.*: canicular. **-le** [L. *-la* (*canis*, dog)], *f.*: Sirius (the 'dog-star'); dog days (July 24—Aug. 24).

canière¹⁵ [ak. to *chien*], *f.*: large-meshed seine (for porpoises = *chiens de mer*).

canif¹⁴ [Norse *knifr*], *m.*: KNIFE, pocket knife: (*fam.*) *donner un coup de — dans le contrat*, stab the contract (of marriage), i.e. be slightly untrue.

canin¹⁵ [L. *-ninus* (-*nis*, dog)], *adj.*: canine; *f. pl.*: canine teeth: *muscle —*, snarling muscles.

canitie¹² [L. *-ties*], *f.*: CANITIES, hoariness.

caniveau¹⁵ [? ak. *canal*], *m.*: KENNEL-stone, gutter-stone.

†canivet¹¹ [ak. to *canif*], *m.*: knife.

can-nage¹⁷ [-*ner*], *m.*: *†*measurement (with yard-stick); caning (chairs).

-naie¹⁶, *f.*: cane-brake. **-namelle**¹⁶ [l. L. *-namella* (L. *-na*, cane, *mel*, honey)], *f.*: sugar-CANE. **||-ne**¹² [L. *-na*, reed], *f.*: CANE (plant; walking-stick; bamboo; rattan): — *d'Inde*, Indian shot; — *de jone*, Malacca cane; — *à pêche*, fishing pole.

canneberge¹⁷ [?], *f.*: cranberry.

can-nelade¹⁶, *f.*: falcon cake (for falcon). **-las**¹⁶ [Prov. *-nelat*], *m.*: sugar-plum (with cinnamon flavour). **-neler**¹⁶, *tr.*: groove; flute; striate. **-nelier**¹⁷, *m.*: cinnamon tree. **||-nelle**¹⁰ [canne], *f.*: little tube, hence: cinnamon; faucet; groove, CHANNEL. **-nelure**¹¹ [*-neler*], *f.*: =, chamfer, flute; ribbing; fluting; rifling (of gun).

cannequin¹¹ [Chinese], *m.*: = (cloth). **can-ner**¹⁷ [*-ne*], *tr.*: measure (with a yard-stick); cane (chairs). **-netille**¹¹ [It. *-utiglia*], *f.*: ribbon-wire; gold or silver-thread. **-nette**¹⁴ [*-ne*], *f.*: little tube; faucet; fuse (for blasting); bobbin; mug.

canniba-le¹¹ [Sp. *canibal* (Carib.)], *m.*: cannibal. **-lisme**¹⁸, *m.*: cannibalism; cruelty.

cannier¹⁸ [*-nne*], *m.*: CANER (of chairs); cane-maker.

canole¹⁷ [Prov. *-naulo*], *f.*: kind of pastry.

1.ca-non¹² [It. *-nnone* (*-nna*, tube)], *m.*: cannon (gun); barrel (of firearms); nose (of bellows); trouser-leg; pipe (of liquid); stick, bar, tube, stalk: — *rayé*, ribbed-bore gun. **2.||-non**¹² [L. (Gr. *kanón*, rule, *káne*, reed)], *m.*: = (church law; rule; decree; list of saints; size of type equal to four-line pica; books of the Bible; annual rent): — *de la messe*, canonical law that tells of the mass; tablet containing the law on the altar of Catholic church; — *emphytéotique*, ground-rent (on an emphyteutic tenure or perpetual lease). **-nonial**¹¹, *pl.* **-aux** [*chanoine* and L. *-nonicalis*], *adj.*: canonical. **-nonicat**¹⁶ [l. L. *-nonicatus*], *m.*: canonship. **-nonicité**¹⁶ [*-nonique*], *f.*: canonicity. **-nonique**¹² [L. *-nonicus*], *adj.*: according to the canons, canonical: *âge* —, age of forty years (minimum age of female servants of an ecclesiastic): *elle a l'âge* —, she will never see forty again. **-noniquement**¹² [*-nonique*], *adj.*: canonically. **-nonisation**¹², *f.*: canonizing. **-noniser**¹² [l. L. *-nonizare*], *tr.*: canonize. **-noniste**¹³, *m.*: canonist (one versed in canon law).

canon-nade¹³, *f.*: cannonade. **-nage**¹⁷, *m.*: gunnery **||-ner**¹⁴ [canon], *tr.*: cannonade, fire upon: — *une voile*, reef a sail (lit. put it into roll). **-nerie**¹⁶ [canon], *f.*: foundry (for big guns); attack

(with ordnance). **-nier**¹⁴ [canon], *m.*: cannoner. **-nière**¹⁴ [canon], *f.*: tent (for cannoners); loophole (in a wall); gunboat; popgun; certain graver's tool.

ca-not¹⁶ [Sp. *-noa* (fr. West Ind.)], *m.*: (†*f.*) CANOE; cutter. **-notage**¹⁸, *m.*: boating. **-noter**¹³, *intr.*: row a boat. **-notier**¹⁷, *m.*: boatman (of barge or cutter).

1.†can-t = **2.chant**. **2.can-t**¹³ [Eng.], *m.*: = (formalism, perfunctory talk, insincerity). **-tabile**¹³ [It.], *m.*: = (music or words easy to sing).

cantal¹⁶ [mount C.], *m.*: = (Auvergne cheese).

cantaloup¹⁷ [Cantalupo, near Rome], *m.*: = (muskmelon).

canta-nette¹⁶ [It. *-retta*], *f.*: stern post (of ship); small locker.

canta-te¹⁷ [It. *-ta*], *f.*: CANTATA. **-telle**¹⁷, *f.*: little cantata. **-trice**¹⁸ [It. fr. L. *-triz*], *f.*: professional songstress.

cantharide¹³ [L. *-ris*], *f.*: blister-beetle, Spanish fly, CANTHARIS.

can-thère¹⁶ [L. *-tharus*], *m.*: black bream (fish). **-thus**¹⁶ [l. L., fr. Gr. *kanthós*], *m.*: = (corner of eye where lids join).

cantilè-ne¹⁵ [It., L. *-na*], *f.*: cantilena, CHANT, ballad, twang.

canti-ne¹⁶ [It. *-na* (? ak. to L. *canaba*, hut)], *f.*: CANTEEN (sutler's shop; military provision-chest); dram-shop; bottle case. **-nier**¹⁷, **-ière**, *m.*: canteen-keeper.

cantique¹¹ [l. L. *-ticum*], *m.*: CANTICLE.

can-ton¹² [It. *-tone* (L. *cantus*, corner)], *m.*: = (district, division). **-tonade**¹⁶ [It. *-tonata*], *f.*: place behind the scenes, slides, slips. **-tonal**¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: = (of the cantons). **-tonnement**¹⁶ [*-tonner*], *m.*: cantonment (quarters, housing, stationing; game preserves; portion under one's control). **-tonner**¹³, *tr.*: canton, station; adorn (a church).

-tonnier¹⁸, *m.*: road-mender. **-tonnière**¹⁶, *f.*: valance, drapery; anchor ropes; sheet-iron trimmings.

cantre¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (weaver's) bank, creel (for holding bobbins or spools).

ca-nule¹³ [L. *-nula* (canna, tube, reed)], *f.*: canula, tube (in surgery); eyster-pipe. **-nu¹⁶**, **-use** [*-nette*], *m., f.*: (dial.) silk-worker.

†caolin = *kaolin*.

caonane¹⁶ [?], *f.*: loggerhead (sea-turtle).

caoutchouc¹⁷ [So. Am.], *m.*: =, rubber.

cap¹² [L. *caput*, head], *m.*: †head; knob, block; knot; head (of a ship); end; cape (of land): — *de mouton*, dead-eye, sheaveless block (on ship); — *de-more* (head of a moor), a roan horse with black head.

capa-ble¹⁵ [L. *-bilis*], *adj.*: [holding, able to contain; efficient, able. **-ité**¹⁴ [L. *-eitas*], *f.*: capacity.

ca-pade [Prov. *-pado* (lit. a CAPE-ful)], *f.*: =, bat (certain quantity of wool or hair in hat-making). **-paraçon**¹⁴ [Sp. *-parazón* (capa, cape)], *m.*: caparison, housing (of a horse). **-paraçonner**¹⁵ [*-paraçon*], *tr.*: caparison. **-paraçonner**¹⁵ [*-paraçon*], *m.*: maker of trimmings or trappings for a horse. **-pe**¹⁴ [form of *chape* fr. It. *cappa*], *f.*: =, mantle; monk; outer fold of a cigar: *n'avoir que la — et l'épée*, be without fortune, have nothing but a name, or nobility; *rire sous —*, laugh in one's sleeve. **-péer**¹⁶ or **-peyer** [Prov. *-peiar*], *intr.*: try, lie to in a gale, be under storm sails. **-pelage**¹⁷ [*-peler*], *m.*: rigging (of ship); crew. **-pelan**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: needy priest; =, kind of codfish. **-peler**¹⁶ [Prov. *-peler*], *tr.*: rig (a mast). **-pelot**¹⁶ [Prov.], *m.*: capellet (wenlike lump on a horse's leg). **-peline**¹³ [Prov. (*capel*, hat)], *f.*: = (skull-cap of iron; lady's riding cap; bandage as for amputated limb).

capendu¹⁴ [?], *m.*: court-pendu (apple).

caperon = *capron*.

capernaum¹⁵ [town C. Capernaum], *m.*: lumber-room; rubbish-room.

ca-pie¹⁷ or **-pense** [? cap], *f.*: end (of yarn passed around a skein). **-pier**¹⁷, *tr.*: fasten (thread or yarn by passing it around the skein).

capil-laïre¹⁵ [L. *-laris* (-lus, hair)], *adj.*: capillary, hair-like; *m.*: maiden's hair, (fern); hair-line. **-larité**¹⁵, *f.*: capillarity, capillary attraction; hairlike tenuity.

capilotade¹⁶ [for Sp. *-pirolada* (-pirote, hood), lit., sauce covering food like a hood], *f.*: hash.

capion¹⁴ [Prov. *capion*], *m.*: stern (of ship); sternpost.

capiscot¹⁶ [Prov. (L. *L. capi-schotus*, head of school)], *m.*: head of chapter of canons.

capit-taine¹² [L. *-taneus* (L. *caput*, head)], *m.*: captain. **-tainerie**¹⁵, *f.*: captaincy. **-tal**¹³, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-talis*], *adj.*: =; *m.*: = (letter; chief town; head of a column; money). **-talemant**¹³, *adv.*: excellently. **-talisation**¹⁵ [*-taliér*], *f.*: =. **-taliér**¹³ [*-tal*], *tr.*: capitalise, change into funds. **-taliste**¹⁷ [*-tal*], *m.*: capitalist. **-tan**¹⁴ [It. *-tano*], *m.*: bully (in the old plays). **-tane**¹⁵, *f.*: the captain's galley. **-tan-pacha** [It. *-tanpaseia*], *m.*: admiral; admiral's vessel (among the Turks). **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: poll-tax. **-té**¹⁵ [L. *-tatus*], *adj.*: capitate, ending in heads. **-teux**¹⁷, = **-euse** [L. *caput*, head], *adj.*,

heady, strong: *un boisson —*, drink that goes to the head quick. **-ton**¹⁶ [It. *-tone*], *m.*: CAPPADINE (waste silk-flock); tuft (in upholstery).

-tonner¹⁵ [*-ton*], *tr.*: tuft, quilt (furniture).

-toul¹⁶ [Prov.], *m.*: =, any one of the earliest magistrates of Toulouse.

-toulat¹⁵ [*-toul*], *m.*: office of capitoul.

-tulaire¹² [L. *-tularis* (-tulum, assembly)], *adj.*, *m.*: capitulary, capitular.

-tulairement¹² [*-tulaire*], *adv.*: in session. **-tulant**¹⁵ [L. *-tulare* (chapter)], *adj.*, *m.*: hav'g a vote (in a chapter).

-tulation¹⁵ [*-tuler*], *f.*: = (agreement, convention, condition). **-tule** [L. *-tulum*, chapter (lit. 'a little head')], *m.*: =, lesson (in church); capitulum (in botany).

-tuler¹⁶ [L. *-tulare* (-tulum, article, clause)], *intr.*: make terms, capitulate.

† **caplan** = *capelan*.

capnomancie¹⁵ [Gr. *kapnomanteia* (kap-nós, smoke, manteia, divination)], *f.*: capnomancy, prophesying by smoke.

1. capon¹⁶ [Prov. (*cap*, head)], *m.*: cot, stock-tackle (on ship).

2. ca-pon¹⁶ [for *chapon*, under infl. of L. *capo*], *m.*: coward; tell-tale, tattler; cheat (at play); *adj.*: charge caponne, empty office. **1. ponner**¹⁷, *tr.*: wheedle, fawn on; *intr.*: cheat; tattle (esp. at school).

2. caponner¹⁵, *tr.*: hoist, cat (anchor).

caponnière¹⁴ [It. *capponiera* (lit. coop, i.e. place to fatten capons, cf. Sp. *caponera*, coop; tunnel)], *f.*: caponiere (passage, gallery in fortifications).

capora-1¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-le* (L. *caput*, head)], *m.*: CORPORAL; shag (*tobacco*); chieftain (in Corsica): *faire venir quatre hommes et un —*, use force (as though summoning four soldiers led by a corporal).

-lisme¹⁵, *m.*: military influence.

1. ca-pot¹⁶ [*cape*], *m.*: monk's cloak; mantle; seaman's overcoat; hood (over a stairway on ship); hot-bed. **2. -pot**¹⁷ [perhaps extension of meaning in sense of *faire —*], *m.*: =; *adj.* indecl.: être —, fail to score (in a game); *faire quelqu'un —*, slam, keep one from scoring.

-potage¹⁷ [*cap*, head of a ship], *m.*: sighting (of course by the pilot). **1. pote**¹⁷, *f.*: cloak with hood; soldier's cloak; hood (for head; of carriage; bandage). **2. pote**¹⁷ [3-pot], *f.*: play that makes *capot* for an opponent. **-poter**¹⁶ [? cap; cf. *chavirer* = *cap virer*], *intr.*: capsizes.

capoulière¹⁷ [Prov. *-ro* (lit. 'header')], *f.*: net (to prevent fish escaping from a crawl).

Cappadoce, *f.*: Cappadocia (in Asia Minor).

† **cappe** = *cape*.

capre¹⁵ [Holl. *kuaper*], *m.*: corsair; — *à*

la part, sailor who goes on shares of booty.

câpre¹⁴ [It. *cappero* (L. *capparis*)], *f.*: caper (plant); — *capucine*, pickled nasturtium.

capri-cant¹⁶ or **†-sant** [L. *caper*, goat], *adj.*: caprizant, jumping. **-ce**¹⁵ [It. *-ccio*], *m.*: =, whim; capriccio (in music); irregular mine. **-cieusement**¹⁶ [*-cieuse*], *adv.*: capriciously. **-cieux**¹⁵, **-euse** [It. *-cioso*], *adj.*: capricious. **-corne**¹² [L. *-cornus*], *m.*: capricorn (constellation; beetle).

câprier¹⁵ [câpre], *m.*: caperbush.

capri-fication¹⁷ [L. *-ficus*, goat-fig, wild figtree], *f.*: = (forcing the maturity of figs). **-figuier**¹⁷ [L. *-ficus*], *m.*: wild fig. **capri-n**¹³ [L. *-nus*, caper, goat], *adj.*: goatlike, goatish. **†-ole**, etc. = *cabriole*, etc. **†-sant** or **†-zant** = *-cant*.

ca-pron¹⁶ [câpre (from its flavour)], *m.*: pineapple strawberry. **-pronnier**¹⁷, *m.*: the plant.

cap-selle¹⁵ [L. *-sella*], *f.*: capsella, shepherd's-purse (plant). **-sulaire**¹⁶, *adj.*: capsular, having a pod. **†-sule**¹⁵ [L. *-sula*, dim. of *capas*, box], *f.*: = (seed case; shallow dish; little box; envelope; percussion cap; cap of a bottle). **-sulerie**¹⁵, *f.*: factory of percussion caps.

cap-tage¹⁵ [*-ter*], *m.*: piping (of a spring at its source). **-tateur**¹⁶, **-tatrice** [L. *-tator*, *-tatrix*], *m.*, *f.*: user of undue influence, briber. **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: use of undue influence, bribery.

-tateur¹⁵, *adj.*: of undue influence. **†-ter**¹³ [L. *-tare*, reach after (*capere*, seize)], *tr.*: influence unduly; CAPTIVATE; pipe (an entire spring at its source).

-tiensment¹⁵ [*-tieuse*], *adv.*: captiously. **-tieur**¹⁴, **-euse** [L. *-tiosus*], *adj.*: captious, specious.

-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: captive. **-tiver**¹⁴ [L. *-tivare*], *tr.*: capture; hold captive, captivate; *†se* —, submit.

-tivité¹⁴ [L. *-tivitas*], *f.*: captivity. **-ture**¹⁴ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: = *-turer*¹⁵ [*-ture*], *tr.*: capture.

capu-ce¹⁵ [It. *-ccio* (*cappa*, CAP, CHAPE)], *m.*: monk's hood. **-che**¹⁵, *f.*: (lady's) hood or bonnet. **†-chon**¹⁵ [It. *-ccio*], *m.*: hood (on a cloak), cowl. **-chonné**¹⁷, *adj.*: hood-shaped.

-chonner¹⁵, *tr.*: cover with a hood. **-cin**¹⁵, **-eine** [It. *-cino* (lit. 'hooded')], *m.*, *f.*: capuchin (monk, nun); *barbe de —*, long beard; *des —s de carte*, cards in a row, ready to fall.

-cinade¹⁷ [*-cin*], *f.*: (fam.) monkish talk, or action. **-eine**¹⁶ [*-ce*], *f.*: nasturtium (plant); band, strap (of iron, as on a gun); drip-stone; earthen dish with handle. **-cinière**¹⁷ [*-cin*], *f.*: (fam.) monastery.

capulet¹³ [dim. of *cape*], *m.*: (dial.) sort of hood.

ca-quage¹⁷, *m.*: barreling, packing. **-que**, *f.*: keg, barrel; furnace (of wax-workers). **†-quer**¹³ [Flem. *kaeken* (lit., clean the jaws)], *tr.*: cure (fish); pack, barrel up.

†caquerolle = *casserole*.

caque-sangue¹⁵ [It. *caca-sangue* (L. *cacare*, It. *sangue*, blood)], *f.*: dysentery.

ca-quet¹⁴ [*-queter*], *m.*: cackling (of hen); chatter. **-quetage**¹⁵ [*-queter*], *m.*: cackling.

†caquette = *-quette*.

ca-queter¹⁴ [echoic], *intr.*: cackle; chatter. **-queterie**¹⁴, *f.*: palaver.

-queteur¹⁵, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: chatterer.

-quetoir¹⁵, *m.*: gossip's den. **-quetoire**¹⁵, *f.*: high-backed chair; causeuse; rung (of plough tail).

ca-quette¹⁷ [*caque*], *f.*: fish-basket (keeping fish in water). **-queur**¹⁷, **-euse** [*-quer*], *m.*, *f.*: herring cleaner, packer; knife (for cleaning fish).

†caqueux, **-euse** = *capou*.

car¹⁵ [L. *quā-rē*, by which thing], *conj.*: for, because; *m.*: why, wherefore, reason. **caraba**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: kind of oil.

carabas¹⁶ [Marquis C., in a tale by Per-rault], *m.*: kind of heavy carriage.

1. **carabe**¹⁶ [Sp. *-ba*], *f.*: kind of skiff; chair for carrying.

2. **carabe**¹⁷ [L. *-bus*, crayfish], *m.*: beetle, carabus.

carabé¹⁵ [Port. (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: yellow amber.

cara-bin¹⁶ [?], *m.*: scout, skirmisher; player who quits; sawbones (medical student). **†-binade**¹⁶, *f.*: skirmish.

-binage¹⁵ [*-bine*], *m.*: rifling (of guns).

-bine¹⁶, *f.*: carbine, rifle; flight har-quebus. **-biné**¹⁷, *adj.*: stiff (said of a gale not contrary).

1. **†-biner**¹⁶, *intr.*: skirmish. 2. **-biner**¹⁷ [*-bine*], *tr.*: rifle (a gun).

-binier¹⁶ [*-bine*], *m.*: carbinier (formerly select foot-soldier; now cavalry-man).

caracal¹⁷ [Sp.], *m.*: =, lynx.

caracara¹⁷ [echoic], *m.*: =, carrion-buzzard or vulture hawk.

caraco¹⁵ [? Sp.], *m.*: loose corsage.

caraco-le¹⁶ or **†caracol** [Sp. *-l*, snail], *f.*: spiral, helix; corkscrew; certain plant; figure (in training horses; in drilling soldiers, caracole); *escalier en —*, spiral stairs. **-ler**¹⁶, *intr.*: make caracoles, wheel right and left in sudden curves.

carac-tère¹² [L.-Gr. *character* (Gr. *charássein*, cut, engrave)], *m.*: character (distinctive mark, sign; trait, disposition; moral excellence). **-tériſer**¹⁵, *tr.*: char-

acterise (mark; distinguish). **-térisme**¹⁷, m.: specific power of plants to heal by virtue of analogy of parts). **-téristique**¹⁵ [Gr. *charakteristikós*], adj.: characteristic.

cara-fe¹⁵ [It. *-ffa*, fr. Ar.], f.: =, water-bottle, decanter. **1.-fon**¹⁵, m.: little carafe (esp. of fixed size). **2.†-fon**¹⁵, [It. *-fone*, big bottle], m.: big carafe (to be placed in ice).

caragne¹⁵ [Sp. *-raña*], f.: CARANNA (gum). **Caraibes**, f. pl.: Caribbean Islands.

carambo-lage¹⁵ [-ler], m.: CAROM, cannon (at billiards). **1.†-le**¹⁵ [Sp. *-la* (? *bola*, ball)], f.: red billiard ball.

2.carambole¹⁷ [Sp. *-la*], f.: CARAMBOLA (fruit).

carambo-ler¹⁵ [1.-le], intr.: make a cannon (at billiards).

carambolier¹⁷ [Sp. *-la*], m.: CARAMBOLA tree (of India).

cara-mel¹⁵ [Sp. *-lo* (fr. Ar.)], m.: = (candy). **-méliser**¹⁵, tr.: make into caramels or burnt sugar; mix with caramel.

1.carangue¹⁵ [?], f.: CARANX (flat fish). **2.†carangue** = *calangue*.

carapace¹⁷ [Sp. *-pacho*], f.: = (upper part of turtle shell, of armadillo, etc.).

carague¹⁵ [It. *-raceo*, ak. to L. *carrus*, car], f.: CARACK (large merchantman).

carat¹⁵ [It. *-to* (Ar., fr. Gr. *kerátion*, 'little horn', a seed)], m.: = (four grains, jeweller's measure of weight; $\frac{1}{24}$ part); little diamond.

carateh¹⁵ [Turk. Ar. = tribute], m.: poll-tax on foreigners in Turkey.

carature¹⁷ [-rat], f.: alloying (of gold or silver).

cara-vane¹² [Pers. *karwan*, group of travelers], f.: CARAVAN; cruise. **-vanier**¹⁷, m.: driver (of a caravan). **-van-sérat**¹⁵ [Pers. *karwan-serai*, house of the caravan], m.: caravansary.

1.caravelle¹⁴ [It. *-lla*], f.: large Turkish warship; Portuguese caravel; herring vessel.

2.†caravelle = *carvelle*.

carbatine¹⁵ [L. *-tina*, Gr. *karbatine*], f.: green hide, pelt.

carbet¹⁵ [Carib.], m.: big hut; shed (for boats).

carbena-risme¹⁵ [-ro], m.: carbonarism. **1.-ro**¹⁵, pl. **-ri** [It., 'charcoalman'], m.: = (member of a revolutionary secret society).

carbo-nate¹⁷ [-ne], m.: =. **-naté**¹⁵ [-nate], adj.: reduced to a carbonate.

1.-ne¹⁷ [L. *carbo*], m.: carbon. **-né**¹⁷, adj.: carbonated. **-nifère**¹⁵ [L. *ferre*, carry], adj.: containing carbon. **-nique**¹⁷, adj.: carbonic. **-nisation**¹⁵

[-niser], f.: carbonisation. **-niser**¹⁵ [L. *carbo*, carbon], tr.: reduce to carbon, coal. **-n(n)ade**¹⁵ [It. *-nata*, coal, carbon], f.: carbonate (fish, etc., scored and broiled).

car-bonille¹⁵ [L. *-bunculus*, little charcoal], f.: (dial.) rust (of grain). **-buration**¹⁵ [-burer], f.: carburisation (combining of carbon and an element). **1.-bure**¹⁷ [L. *-bo*, carbon], m.: carbide (compound of carbon and an element). **-buré**¹⁵, adj.: carburised.

†carcailler = *courcailler*.

carcaise¹⁷ [form of *carquois*, quiver], f.: furnace (in glass works).

carcajou¹⁷ [?], m.: Labrador badger, wolverine.

carcan¹¹ [OHG. *querca*, neck], = (iron collar for punishment); yoke (on a breechy hog); necklace.

carcasse¹⁵ [It. *-ssa*], f.: (fam.) skeleton; CARCASS, body; framework; coarse basket or crate.

carcérule [dim. of L. *carcer*, prison], f.: = (dry many-celled fruit).

car-ein¹⁵ [Gr. *karkinos*], m.: crawfish. **-cinomateur**¹⁵, = *ense* [-cinome], adj.: cancerous. **-cinome**¹⁵ [Gr. *karkínoma*], m.: carcinoma, cancer.

cardage¹⁷ [-der], m.: carding (of wool). **cardamine**¹⁵ [L. *-na*], f.: = (plant).

cardamome¹¹ [L. *-momum*], m.: cardamom (India plant of ginger family). **cardasse**¹⁵ [It. *-sso*], f.: cardass, card (for waste silk); nopal (cactus called "Indian fig" on which cochineal bugs feed).

car-de¹⁵ [Prov. *-da* (L. *-duus*)], f.: edible rib (of artichoke leaves); teasel; card; carding board. **-dée**¹⁵ [-der], f.: cardful (of wool). **-der**¹⁵, tr.: comb, card.

-dère¹⁷ [-der], f.: teasel. **-deur**¹⁵, = *ense* [-der], m., f.: carder.

cardi-a¹⁷ [Gr. *kardia*, heart], m.: = (opening fr. the throat to the stomach).

-ace¹⁵ [Gr. *kardia*], adj.: heart-shaped (said of certain mollusks). **-algie**¹⁵ [Gr. *kardialgia* (dolor, pain)], f.: pain about the cardia. **-aque**¹⁵ [L. *-cus*], adj.: cardiac; of the heart; of the cardia; m.: CARDIAL (medicine).

†cardier¹⁵, = *ièrre* [-de], m., f.: seller of cards.

cardina-l¹¹, pl. **-aux** [L. *-lis* (*cardo*, hinge, pivot)], adj.: = (pivotal; principal); m.: = (any one of the seventy electors of the pope, who wear red cloaks and caps, hence: red-bird, red-shelled mollusks, certain red butterflies, flower, etc.). **-lat**¹⁵ [L. *-latus*], m.: cardinalate. **-liec**¹⁵ [It. *-lizio*], adj.: of cardinals.

cardite¹⁷ [Gr. *kardia*, heart], f.: = (bivalve mollusk); CARDITIS (inflammation of the heart).

car-don¹⁶ [Prov.], *m.*: cardoon, prickly artichoke (with edible leafstalks). †**don-nette** = *chardonnette*. -**duacé**¹⁸ [L. *-duus*, *teasel*], *adj.*: thistle-like.

carême⁹ [p. L. **quarēsima*, L. *quadragēsima* (sc. *dies*), fortieth (day before Easter)], *m.*: Lent; *faire le* —, keep Lent; *provisions de* —, fish and vegetables; *arriver comme mars* (or *marée*, for 'fish') *en* —, come apropos, come in the nick of time; *face de* —, wan-face. -**prenant**¹¹, *m.*: (lit. 'Lent beginning,' hence) the three days before Ash-Wednesday, shrove-tide; carnival; masquerader.

carénage¹⁶ [-ner], *m.*: careening: *gril de* —, grounding place,

carence¹⁴ [L. *-ntia* (L. *carens*, lacking)], *f.*: absence of assets (law term).

ca-rène¹⁵ [It. *-rena* (L. *-rina*, keel)], *f.*: keel; petal, etc., of certain plants. -**ré-né**¹⁷, *adj.*: keel-shaped. -**réner**¹⁶, *tr.*: careen, repair (a boat).

cares-sant¹⁶, *adj.*: caressing; affectionate. -**se**¹⁵ [It. *carezzare* (L. *carus*, dear)], *tr.*: caress, fondle; stroke; entertain, flatter.

1. **caret**¹³ [dial. dim. of *char*], *m.*: roller, reel (for rope-making).

2. **caret**¹⁶ [Sp. *carey* fr. Malay], *m.*: hawk's bill sea-turtle.

carex¹⁸ [L.], *m.*: sedge, reed-grass.

car-gaison¹⁶ [Prov. *-gazon* (-gar, CHARGE, load)], *f.*: cargo. -**gue**¹⁶, *f.*: brail. -**guer**¹⁶ [Prov. *-gar*, load], *tr.*: clew up (sail).

cari¹⁸ [Malabar], *m.*: CURRY (a food).

caria¹⁸ [?], *m.*: white ant (of the Antilles.)

cariatide¹⁵ [It. (Gr. *karyatidis*, priestess of *Caryae*, in Laconia)], *f.*: caryatid (female figure as column).

caribou¹⁷ [Indian], *m.*: =, No. Am. reindeer.

carica-ture¹⁷ [It. *-tura*], *f.*: picture intended to ridicule; poor image. -**ture**¹⁸, *tr.*: caricature; misrepresent. -**tu-riste**¹⁸, *m.*: caricaturist.

ca-rie¹⁶ [L. *-ries*, waste], *f.*: caries, wasting away (of teeth); blight, rust (of plants). -**rier**¹⁶, *tr.*: rot; smut.

caril-lon⁹ [p. L. **quatrīnio*, union of FOUR], *m.*: =, chime (of varied notes); tone, music, ringing; clinking; squared bar (of iron, etc.). -**lonné**¹⁸, *adj.*: (fam.) *fête* —e, fête announced by chimes. -**lon-ner**¹⁸, *tr.*: ring a chime from; make peal. -**lonneur**¹⁶ [-lonner], *m.*: chimera, ringer.

†**cariopse** = *caryopse*.

carisel¹⁴ or **créseau** [Eng. *kersey*], *m.*: †coarse serge; coarse canvas.

1. **carlin**¹³ [It. *-no*, dim. of *Carlo* (king

of Naples)], *m.*: carline (old coin worth seven cents).

2. **carlin**¹⁷ [Carlo Bertinazzi, actor with black mask], *m.*: black-nosed pug dog.

carline¹⁵ [It. *-na* (? ak. to *carde*, thistle)], *f.*: = (sudorific thistle).

carlingue¹⁶ [?], *f.*: carline, keelson; mast socket (in the carline).

carmagnole¹⁶ [city C.], *f.*, *m.*: = (jack-et; revolutionary song, or dance; violent Jacobin).

carme¹² [L. *quaternum* (*quatuor*, four)], *m.*: cast in trictrac where two dice count four each.

carmeline¹⁷ [Sp. *-na*, *adj.*: *laine* —, carmelite-wool (second grade).

carmin¹¹ [L. *-minium* (? *kermès*, *minium*)], *m.*: carmine (purple; rouge); *adj.* *indecl.*: carmine.

carminatif¹⁴, -**ivo** [L. *-nare*, card, clean (wool)], *adj.*: carminative.

carminé¹⁵ [-min], *adj.*: carmine red.

car-nage¹⁵ [It. *-naggio* (L. *caro*, flesh)], *m.*: carnage (flesh for beasts of prey; slaughter, butchery).

carnal¹⁶, or -**nan**, *pl.* = **aux** [Prov., cf. 1. *carne*], *m.*: tackle (to raise galley-awning), end of yardarm; corner of sail.

car-nassier¹⁵, -**ière** [Prov. *car-n*, flesh], *adj.*: CARNIVOROUS (as lion, tiger; insect).

-**nassière**¹⁷ [Prov. *-ssiera*], *f.*: game-bag. -**nation**¹⁴ [L. *caro*, flesh], *f.*: flesh-colour. †**-nan** = *carnal*. -**naval**¹¹, *pl.* = **als** or **aux** [It. *carnevale*, 'meat-farewell'], *m.*: carnival (last three days before Lent); *costume de* —, fantastic dress; *c'est une vrai* —, a true masquerader.

-**navalesque**¹⁸ [It. *-valesco*], *adj.*: carnival-like.

1. **carne**⁹ [L. *cardo*, hinge], *f.*: CORNER, angle.

2. **car-ne**¹⁸ [It. (L. *caro*, flesh)], *f.*: (low) 'bad meat,' cagmag; grub; carrion, (as *low insult*) lump of carrion, trull, hag, jade. -**né**¹⁶ [L. *caro*, flesh], *adj.*: flesh-coloured.

car-neau¹¹ [for *créneau*], *m.*: flue hole (of pottery furnace). -**-neler**¹⁶ [form of *créneler*], *tr.*: mill (coin); embattle, encircle. -**nelle**¹⁶, *f.*: milled circle, border (of coin).

carnet¹⁴ [dim. of L. *quaternum* (cf. *ca-hier*)], *m.*: note-book, memorandum; — *d'échéance*, book of bills payable or receivable; — *de visite*, pocket case for visiting cards.

car-nier¹⁷ [It. *-niere* (*carne*, meat)], *m.*: gamebag. -**nification**¹⁷ [L. *-nificatio* (*caro*, flesh, *facere*, make)], *f.*: = (morbid change in tissue, as of the lungs). -**-nifier**¹⁷ [L. *caro*, flesh], *tr.*: carnify. -**-nivore**¹⁵ [L. *-nivorus* (*vorare*, eat)],

adj.: carnivorous, flesh-eating. **-nosité**¹³ [L. L. *-nositas*], *f.*: fleshy growth, carnosity.

carogne¹³ [dial. for *charogne*], *f.*: (low) hag.

†**carolus**¹⁴ [Charles VIII], *m.*: an old coin (legend *Karolus Francorum rex*, Charles king of the French), worth one cent.

caronade¹⁷ [Eng. *carronade* fr. town Carron], *f.*: short-chambered ordnance-piece.

caroncule¹³ [L. *-la*, dim. of *caro*, flesh], *f.*: caruncle (little fleshy prominence).

caroti-de¹³ [Gr. *karotides*], *f.*: carotid (artery of the neck). **-dien**²⁷, **-enne**

adj.: carotid. **-que**²⁷ [Gr. *karotikós*], *adj.*: carotic, stupefying.

carot-te¹³ [L. *carota*], *f.*: carrot: *rire de —*, live niggardly: *jouer la —*, stake small sums; (*fam.*) *tirer une — à quelqu'un*, 'bleed' one a little, get money out of him by fraud. **-ter**¹⁷, *intr.*: (*fam.*) stake little; *tr.*: — *de l'argent à quelqu'un*, — *quelqu'un*, wheedle money from one, wheedle one. **-teur**¹³, **-euse** [*-ter*], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) small better; sharper. **-tier**¹⁷, **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) small better, penny-player.

carou-be¹¹ [L. *carbubia* (Ar.)], *m.*, *f.*: CAROB, locust (fruit). **-bier**¹⁵, *m.*: carob-tree. **-ge** = *-be*.

1. **carpe**¹³ [Gr. *karpós*], *m.*: wrist.

2. **carpe**¹² [L. *-pa*], *f.*: CARP (fish). **-peau**¹², *m.*: little carp.

carpelle¹³ [Gr. *karpós*, fruit], *m.*: carpel (seed vessel, pistil; part of pistil).

†**carpendu** = *expendu*.

carpette¹³ [Eng. *-pet* (L. L. *-pita*)], *f.*: carpet; rug.

car-pier¹³, **-ière** [2.-pe], *m.*, *f.*: carp pond. **-pillon**¹³, *m.*: young carp.

-pion¹³ [It. *-pione*], *m.*: speckled Alpine trout.

carpologie¹⁷ [Gr. *karpós*, fruit, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: science of fruits.

†**carquaise** = *carcaïse*.

carqueron¹⁷ [? ak. to L. *calcare*, press], *m.*: lever, cross-lathe (in weaving).

carquois¹⁴ [L. Gr. *tarkasion*], *m.*: quiver (for arrows).

carrare¹³ [town C. in Tuscany], *m.*: marble.

†**carrassin**¹³ [?], *m.*: kind of carp.

car-re¹⁴ [*-rer*], *f.*: SQUARE; crown (of hat); shape (back and shoulders of a man); toe (of shoes); side (of a sword): *d'une bonne —*, broad-shouldered. **-ré**¹⁰ [L. *quadratus*, squared], *adj.*: square; rectangular; quadratic; hav'g four sides, full (as a phrase); *m.*: square; quadrilateral; quarter; die (for striking medals,

etc.); key-post (of clocks). **-reap**¹⁰ [L. L. **quadrellum* (L. *quadrum*, square)], *m.*: little square (of chessboard, carpet, flooring tile); floor; pane (of glass); tailor's goose; diamonds or knave of diamonds (at cards); cushion; square file; paving brick; square-mesh seine; disease of the mesentery: *avoir garde à —*, be looking out each direction, be ready for anything; *sur le —*, in the floor, on the ground. **-rée**¹² [*-ré*], *f.*: square-sail; cordage, roping (of a bed); slate; (old) music note; canopy (of a bed). **-refour**¹⁰ [p. L. *quadri-furcum*, FOUR-FORK], *m.*: cross-roads; public place: *poëtes de —*, Grubstreet poets.

carré-ger¹¹ [Prov. *-jar*, ak. to Fr. *charrier*], *intr.*: sail strong (with many sails set).

carre-lage¹³, *m.*: paving; pavément. **-ler**¹³ [*carreau*], *tr.*: pave (with SQUARE tile); cobble (shoes). **-let**¹³ [*carreau*], *m.*: net (for fish, birds); filter (on crosspieces of wood); flat-fish; shoe-awl; file; edged needle; sword; chisel. **-lette**¹³ [*-let*], *f.*: flattened file. **-leur**¹⁴, *m.*: paver; street-cobbler. **-lier**¹³ [*carreau*], *m.*: tiler. **-lure**¹⁴, *f.*: cobbling. **carré-ment**¹³ [*carrée*], *adv.*: at right angles; squarely; (*fam.*) up and down, decidedly. **carre-r**¹⁰ [L. *quadrare*], *tr.*: SQUARE, make square: *se —*, shape one's self; take a good position.

carriek¹³ [? prop. name, C.], *m.*: kind of coat.

car-rier¹³, *m.*: quarry-man. **-rière**¹¹ [p. L. *quadraria* (cf. *carrer*)], *f.*: stone-quarry.

2. **car-rière**¹³ [It. *-riera* (-ro, CAR)], *f.*: race course (for CHARIOTS); CAREER, course. **-riole**¹³ [It. *-riwola*], *f.*: little tilt cart.

carros-sable¹³, *adj.*: practicable, passable (for vehicles). **-se**¹³ [It. *-sa* (carro, CAR)], *m.*: coach, carriage; (rope-maker's) truck; round-house (on ship). **-sée**¹³, *f.*: coachful. **-ser**¹³, *tr.*: (*fam.*) *se faire —*, go by coach, ride; sail strong (carrying much sail).

carrousel¹³ [It. *carosello* (?)], *m.*: tournament; carousal (merry-go-round).

†**carrouse**¹³ [Ger. *gar-aus*, end (of the night)], *f.*: carouse, debauch.

carrure¹¹ [*-rré*], *f.*: shoulder-breadth, shape at the shoulders; distribution (musical term).

cartable¹³ [*-te*], *m.*: (dial.) talbum; cardboard.

cartahu¹³ [?], *m.*: whip (on ship), rope.

cartayer [? ak. to *charrette*], *intr.*: quarter (avoid ruts in driving).

car-te¹³ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: CARD; pasteboard;

map; bill of fare; ticket: *basses* —s, low cards (sixes and down); —s *hautes*, ace and face cards: *fausse* —, not advantageous; — *fausse*, false, marked card (to beat with); *filer la* —, cheat with cards; *voir le dessous des* —s, look at one's cards; *tours de* —, card tricks; — *muette*, map with no names; — *de visite*, calling card; *filles en* —, ticketed (licensed) girl, i.e. prostitute. —*tel*¹⁵ [It. *tello*], m.: = (card of challenge; challenge; agreement for exchange of prisoners); field of a shield; tablet; clock-case; clock: *bâtiment* —, cartel ship. —*telle*¹⁵ [It. *tella*], f.: music parchment; veneer wood; plank (that holds the millstone).

†*carteron* = *quartern*.

*carthame*¹⁵ [L. *L. -mus*], m.: carthamus (saffron thistle).

*cartier*¹⁵ [-te], m.: card maker or seller; back layer (of playing card).

*cartilage*¹⁵ [L. *-lago*], m.: = (gristle). —*lagineux*¹⁵, —*en*¹⁵ [L. *-laginosus*], adj.: cartilaginous.

*car-tisane*¹⁵ [It. *-teggiana* (L. *-ta*, card)], f.: cardboard (covered with gold thread, etc., used in lacemaking and fancy-work). —*topographie*¹⁵ [-te, Gr. *gráphein*, write], f.: art of map-making. —*toman-eie*¹⁵ [-te, Gr. *mantéia*, divination], f.: cartomancy, fortune-telling (by cards). —*toman-eien*¹⁵, —*ienne*, m., f.: card fortune-teller. —*ton*¹⁵ [It. *-tone*], m.: = (pasteboard; pasteboard box or case, etc., box); cartoon: — *d chapeaux* (rubans, etc.) hat box, handbox, etc.; — *de des-seins*, portfolio of drawings; *personnage* de —, person of no importance; *battre le* —, play cards a great deal. —*ton-nage*¹⁵ [-tonner], m.: =, boarding (working with pasteboard as in bookbinding); pasteboard work. —*tonner*¹⁷ [-ton], tr.: bind in boards; wrap (on boards for glossing). —*tonnerie*¹⁷ [-ton], f.: pasteboard factory; art of making pasteboard. —*tonnier*¹⁵ [-ton], m.: pasteboard maker or seller; pigeon-holes of desk). —*ton-pierre*¹⁵, m.: = (paper-pulp and plaster mixed). —*touche*¹⁵ [It. *-toccio*], f., m.: = (scroll; cartridge; round case, etc.). —*toucherie*¹⁵ [-touche], f.: cartridge factory. —*touchier*¹⁷ [-touche], m.: box for cartridges; shot belt (of sailors). —*tulair*¹⁵ [L. *L. char-tularium*], m.: archives, register.

*carus*¹⁷ [L. *L. (Gr. káros, heavy sleep)*], m.: = (profound coma).

*carvelle*¹⁵ [Holl. *karviel*, frame nailed fast], f.: ship-nail (square-headed).

*carvi*¹⁵ [L. *L.*], m.: CARAWAY (plant, seed).

†*caryatide* = *cariatide*.

*caryo-phyllé*¹⁷ [L. *-phyllon* (Gr. *káruon*, nut, *pháillon*, leaf)], adj.: of the clove-pink family. —*pse*¹⁵ [Gr. *opsis*, likeness], m.: caryopsis (seed-like fruit such as wheat, rye, etc). —*te*¹⁵ [Gr. *karúdis*, date], m.: palmtree.

1. *cas*¹² [L. *-sus* (-dere, fall)], m.: CASE; instance; situation: *peu de* —, little importance.

2. *cas*¹⁵, —*asse* [L. *quassus* (part. of *quater*, quake)], adj.: cracked, hoarse.

*casanier*¹⁵, —*ière* [It. *-re* (casa, house)], adj.: domestic, homekeeping.

*casan-que*¹⁵ [It. *-cca*], f.: sleeved-cloak; cassock; (livery) coat; (woman's) gown. —*quin*¹⁵, m.: jacket.

casca-de [It. *-ta* (-re, fall)], f.: =.

*cascarille*¹⁷ [Sp. *-rilla*, dim. of *-ra*, bark, rind], f.: cascarilla (aromatic bark of West-Indian shrub).

*cascatelle*¹⁵ [It. *-tella* (-ta, cascade)], f.: little cascade.

*casé*¹² [L. *casa*, house], f.: hut, cabin; space (stall; square on chess-board); division.

*caséoux*¹⁷, —*en*¹⁵ [L. *-seus*, cheese], adj.: CHEESEY.

*casema-te*¹⁵ [It. *casa-matta*, 'dim house'], f.: = (bomb-proof chamber); †protected gun-platform; †underground gallery; †boat shelter; cavern, den. —*ter*¹⁷, tr.: supply with casemates.

*casier*¹⁵ [-se], tr.: (fam.) place; adjust; make a point (at backgammon).

*casquette*¹⁷ [L. *-seus*, cheese], f.: cheese mold.

*caser-ne*¹⁵ [? ak. to L. *quaterna* (quatuor, four) meaning place for four men], f.: barracks. —*nement*¹⁵, m.: quartering, lodging (in barracks); boarding (at school). —*ner*¹⁷, tr.: put, lodge; intr.: live in barracks; be subject to rules of boarding-school.

*casernet*¹⁷ [Prov. *-zernet* (casern, notebook)], m.: time-book; log-book (at sea).

*casette*¹⁷ [case], f.: annealing pot (to protect delicate pottery from flame).

*caséum*¹⁵ [L.], m.: =, casein (of milk).

*casier*¹⁷ [case], m.: bureau; police register; bow-net.

*cashmir*¹⁵ [Eng. for prop. name of region in India], m.: CASHMERE (a cloth).

*casino*¹⁵ [It., dim. of *casa*, house], m.: = (pleasure resort).

*casoar*¹⁷ [Malay], m.: cassowary (bird).

*cas-que*¹⁵ [Sp. *-co* (lit., skull)], m.: =, helmet; tuft, top-knot. —*qué*¹⁷, adj.: helmeted. —*quette*¹⁵, f.: cap.

*cassade*¹⁵ [It. *-ciata*, hunting], f.: pre-tence; fib.

*cas-sa-tile*¹⁵ [-ser], f.: breaking up (first

- ploughing). **-sant**¹⁵ [-ser], *adj.*: brittle; snappish, abrupt. **-sation**¹⁴ [-ser], *f.*: =, annulment; appeal (law term).
- cassave**¹³ [Guarani], *f.*: cassava, tapioca.
- 1. casse**¹³ [Prov. -ssa, ak. to *L. catinus*, bowl], *f.*: metal basin; dipping spoon; porcelain pot.
- 2. casse**¹⁵ [It. -ssa], *f.*: (printer's) CASE: *haut de* —, upper case (that contains capitals, figures, etc.).
- 3. casse**¹⁴ [L. -ssia, Gr. *kasia*], *f.*: CASSIA (plant).
- 4. casse**¹⁵ [-sser], *f.*: breakage, break; cashiering; *donner de la — à quelqu'un*, discharge one (in allusion to 3. casse).
- cassé**⁶ [-sser], *adj.*: *navire* —, ship with its keel out of true; *m.: sucre cuit au —*, sugar boiled to brittleness (when dropped in water).
- casseau**¹⁷ [2.-sse], *m.*: (printer's) half-case; drawer; spindle-box; grooved cylinder (used in castration).
- casse-cou**¹⁷ [-sser], *m.*: (fam.) break-neck (e.g. rickety stairway); cry (of caution in blindfold); daredevil. **†-lunettes** = *brise-lunettes*. **-ment**¹², *m.*: breaking: — *de tête*, anxiety. **-mottes**¹⁶, *m.*: clod-crusher, roller; sparrow. **-museau**¹⁴, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: punch, blow (in face); cake. **-noisettes**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: nut-cracker; *figure en —*, face with nose and chin meeting. **-noir**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: nut-cracker; crow. **-pierre**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: saxifrage; stone-hammer.
- casser**⁹ [L. *quassare*], *tr.*: break, shatter, crumble; abrogate; dismiss, discharge: *se — la tête*, make great effort; *se — le nez à la porte*, find one's self shut out; *se — le cou*, make a grave mistake.
- casserole**¹⁵ [1.-sse], *f.*: = (stew pan).
- casse-tête**¹⁶ [-sser], *m.*: club; weary work, worry; noise; heady wine; net overhead to prevent accidents fr. falling objects: — *chinoise*, puzzle.
- cas-setin**¹⁵ [It. -settin], *m.*: drawer; pot (for molten metal): — *du diable*, waste box (for old type). **†-sette**¹⁵ [It. -setta, dim. of *cassa*, box], *f.*: little box (as for jewels, treasure).
- casseur**¹⁵ [-sse] [-sser], *m.*: breaker: *un — d'assiettes*, blusterer; *un grand — de raquettes*, boaster of being strong (i.e. he breaks tennis rackets).
- cassie**¹⁷ [Prov. *cacio*, L. *acacia*], *f.*: acacia (shrub).
- 1. cassier**¹⁵ [3.-sse], *m.*: cassia tree.
- 2. cassier**¹⁵ [1.-sse], *m.*: case-holder, shelving.
- cassine**¹⁵ [It. -na], *f.*: = (country house).
- 1. cassis**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: black-currant; ratafia (liquor made of black-currants).
- 2. cassis**¹⁵ [-sser], break (fr. broken stone),

- m.*: water-bar (across a road on a hillside, to prevent washing).
- cassitérite**¹⁵ [Gr. *kassiteros*, tin], *f.*: peroxide of tin.
- cassole**¹³ [2.-sse], *f.*: glue-pot (of paste-board makers).
- cassolette**¹⁵ [Sp. *cazoleta*, dim. of *-cuela*, vase], *f.*: = (perfume dish, incense burner).
- cas-son**¹³ [-ser], *m.*: broken glass (to be remelted); crushed cacao or sugar.
- sonade**¹⁶, *f.*: =, raw crushed sugar.
- cassot**¹⁷ [1.-sse], *m.*: sorting box (for rags).
- cassure**¹³ [-sser], *f.*: break, fracture.
- castagnette**¹⁵ [Sp. *-tañeta* (*-taña*, L. *-lanca*, CHESTNUT)], *f.*: castanet.
- caste**¹⁷ [Port. *-ta* [L. *-tus*, pure, CHASTE)], *f.*: caste.
- castel**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: †castle; (humor.) lordly house.
- Castille**, *f.*: Castile (in Spain).
- castille**¹⁴ [?], *f.*: (fam.) little quarrel.
- castine**¹⁵ [Ger. *kalk-stein*], *f.*: lime-stone.
- cas-tor**¹² [L.], *m.*: beaver; cloth or hat of beaver skin. **-toréum** [L.], *m.*: castor (secretion fr. the beaver, used in medicine). **-torine**¹⁵, *f.*: = (cloth).
- castramé-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tari*, lay out camp (*castra*, camp, *metari*, measure)], *f.*: = (planning or laying out camp).
- castra-t**¹⁷ [It. *-to*], *m.*: castrated male, gelding, eunuch; castrato (man castrated in boyhood to preserve his soprano).
- tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*-trare*, castrate)], =.
- casua-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-litas* (L. *-lis*, accidental)], *f.*: casualty, accident.
- casuarine**¹⁵ [casuar], *f.*: casuarine (hard wood tree of Australia).
- casuc-l**¹⁴, **-lle** [L. *casualis*], *adj.*: casual; *m.*: profit. **-llement**¹⁵, *adv.*: accidentally.
- casuis-te**¹⁵ [L. *casus*, 'case' of conscience], *m.*: casuist, moraliser; sophist.
- tique**¹⁵, *f.*: casuistry; sophistry.
- catachrèse**¹⁵ [L. *-sis*, Gr. *katachresis*, abuse (of words)], *f.*: catachresis (mixing of metaphors).
- cataclysmé**¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *kataklysmós* (*kata*, down, *klyzein*, overflow)], *m.*: cataclysm; deluge.
- †catacois** = *cacatois*.
- catacombe**¹² [It. *-ba* (? Gr. *kata*, down, *kumbe*, hole)], *f.*: catacombs (vault for bones).
- catacoustique**¹⁷ [Gr. *katakoûein*, listen], *adj.*: pertaining to sound-reflexion; *f.*: catacoustics.
- catadioptrique**¹⁷ [arbitrary word fr. *catoptrique* and *dioptrique*], *adj.*: of light-reflection and refraction, catadioptric; *f.*: catadioptries.
- cata-doupes**¹⁵ or **-dupes** [L. *-dupa*, Gr.

katádoupa, lit. rushing down], *f. pl.*: cata-ract.

catafalque¹⁶ [L. *-falco*], *m.*: SCAFFOLD (cf. Fr. *châfaud*); stately bier.

catajre¹⁷ [L. *L. cattaria* (*cattus*, cat)], *f.*: CATMINT.

cataleo-tes¹⁵ [L. *-ta*, Gr. *katálekta* (*légein*, gather)], *m. pl.*: choice collection (fr. old authors). **-tique**¹⁶ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *kata-légein*, cease), *adj.*: *vers* —, catalectic line, classic line ending in an incomplete foot.

catalep-sic¹⁵ [L. *-sis*, Gr. *katálepsis*, seizure], *f.*: catalepsy, spasm. **-tique**¹⁷ [L. *-ticus*], cataleptic; *m., f.*; person subject to fits.

catalo-gue¹³ [L. *-gus*, Gr. *katá-logos* (*légein*, gather)], *m.*: =, list: un époux du grand —, a husband of the large list (of deceived ones). **-guer**¹³, *tr.*: list, enroll.

catalpa¹⁷ [?], *m.*: catalpa (tree).

catalyse¹⁵ [Gr. *katálusis* (*lúein*, loosen)], *f.*: catalysis, contract-action (in chemistry). **-lytique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-lutikós*], *adj.*: catalytic.

cataplasme¹⁵ [L., Gr. *katáplasma* (*plásein*, form on)], *m.*: poultice, cataplasm.

cataplexie¹⁷ [Gr. *katáplexis*, stupor (*katá*, down, *plásein*, strike)], *f.*: cataplexy, nervous shock causing paralysis.

catapulte¹⁵ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: catapult, hurling machine.

catarac-te¹⁵ [L. *-ta*, Gr. *katáraktes* (*katá-rássein*, tear down, *arásssein*, clatter), cataract, falls.—The sense seems taken fr. 'falling-door, portcullis'], *f.*: cataract (water; disease of the eye). **-té**¹⁷, *adj.*: hav'g a cataract (of the eye).

catar-rhal¹⁷, *pl.*: **-aur**, *adj.*: =. [Cat-ar-rhe¹⁴ [L. *-rhús*, Gr. *katárrhoos* (*katá* down, *rhéin*, flow)], *m.*: catarrh (disease of the mucous membrane). **-rheuz**¹⁵, *adj.*: afflicted with catarrh.

catastrophe¹⁵ [L. *-pha*, Gr. *kata-strophé*, return; end], *f.*: = (end; disaster; great calamity).

catan [nickname for Catharine], *f.*: bar-maid; girl of loose morals.

caté-chèse¹⁵ [L. *-sis*, Gr. *katéchesis* (*echein*, ECHO, sound)], *f.*: catechism, oral instruction. **caté-chète**¹⁵ [Gr. *kata-chêtēs*], *m.*: catechiser. **-chiser**¹⁵ [L. *chizāre*], *tr.*: catechise. **-chisme**¹⁵ [L. *-chismus*], *m.*: catechism, oral instruction.

-chiste¹⁵ [L. *-chista*], *m.*: catechist.

-chumône¹⁵ [L. *-chemenus*], *m., f.*: catechumen, new convert. **-gorie**¹⁵ [L. *-goria* (Gr. *kategoría* (*kategoréin*, assert))], *f.*: category (class; summum genus; concept a priori).

-gorique¹⁵ [L. *-icus*], *adj.*: categorical: *l'impératif* —, absolute claim

of moral law to our obedience. **-gori-quement**¹⁵ [*-gorique*], *adv.*: categori-cally.

†caterole¹⁶ [see *catir*, crouch], *f.*: rabbit-hole.

cathar-te¹⁵ [Gr. *kathartēs*, purifier], *m.*: vulture. **-tique**¹⁵ [Gr. *kathartikós* (*ka-tharōs*, pure), *adj.*: purging; *m.*: purga-tive, cathartic.

cathé-dral¹² [L. *-dralis* (Gr. *kathédra*, seat)], *adj.*: =. **†drant**¹⁵ [L. *-drans*], *m.*: chairman (in judging a thesis).

cathérétique¹⁵ [Gr. *kathairetikós*], *adj.*: cathartic (mildly caustic, as for warts).

ca-thète¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, Gr. *káthetos*, lowered (*katá*, down, *hánai*, send)], *f.*: cathetus (imaginary line, axis); perpendicular.

-théter¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: = (tube, as for the urethra). **-théterisme**¹⁷ [L. *-theteris-mus*], *m.*: application of the catheter.

-thétomètre¹⁵ [Gr. *káthetos*, plumb, *métro*, measure], *m.*: cathetometer (meas-ure for vertical distances).

catho-lieisme¹⁷, *m.*: catholicism. **-li-cité**¹⁵, *f.*: catholicity; body of Catholic nations. **-licon**¹⁵ [L. L. (Gr. *katholikón*, universal)], *m.*: = (panacea, cure-all medi-cine). **~-lique**¹⁵ [L. *-licus*, Gr. *katho-likós*, universal], *adj., m., f.*: Catholic, of the Roman church; general, universal.

-liquement¹⁵, *adv.*: like Catholics.

cati¹⁵ [*-tir*], *m.*: gloss (on cloth).

†tiehe¹⁶ [see *catir*], *f.*: otter's hole.

catilinaire¹⁶ [conspirator Catiline], *f.*: angry speech (like Cicero's orations against Catiline).

catil-lac¹⁷ or **-lard** [?], *m.*: =, pear.

catimini¹⁵ [Gr. *kataménia* (*katá*, by, *mén*, mouth)], *m.*: catamenia, menses; *adv.*: *en* —, stealthily.

1. **catin**¹⁵ [nickname for Catherine; cf. *catan*], *f.*: (pop.) loose girl, whore.

2. **catin**¹⁴ [L. *-nus*, basin], *m.*: pot (for molten metal).

ca-tir¹⁶ [*p. L. *coactire* (L. *cogere*, press)], *tr.*: glaze, gloss (cloth, etc., to give lustre); gild. **-tissage**¹⁵, *m.*: pressing; glossing.

-tisseur¹⁷, *m.*: presser. **-tissoir**¹⁷, *m.*: gilder's knife.

†catogan = *cadogan*.

1. **caton**¹⁵ [censor Cato], *m.*: stern man.

2. **caton**¹⁷ [? *-tir*], *m.*: triangular iron (ready to be drawn).

catoptrique¹⁶ [Gr. *katoptrikós* (*katop-tron*, mirror)], *adj.*: of reflection; *f.*: catoptrics, science of reflection of light.

cau-chemar¹⁴ [OFr. *chaucher* (L. *calcare*, oppress) and Ger. *mar*, sprite], *m.*: night-mare. **-cheur**¹⁷ [OFr. *chaucher*], *m.*: folio, mould (to press gold leaf, etc.).

cau-dal¹⁵ [L. *-da*, tail], *adj.*: =. **-da-jaire**¹⁵ [L. *-da*], *m.*: train-bearer (of

cardinal, pope, etc.). **-dé**¹⁶ [L. *-da*], *adj.*: tailed, CAUDATE.
caudebec [town C], *m.*: hat.
caudex¹⁸ [L.], *m.*: = (stem, trunk).
caudrette¹⁷ [ak. to *chaudière*, CALDRON], *f.*: net for crabs.
cau-lescent¹⁷, **-ente** [L. *-lis*, stem], *adj.*: =, hav'g stem. **-licole**¹⁸ [It. *-licolo* (L. *-liculus*)], *f.*: =, leaf-stem (on a column).
-licule¹⁸ [fr. L. dim. of *-lis*], *f.*: little stem, caulicle.
cauris¹⁷ [Bengal, lit. 'shell'], *m.*: COWRY (coin).
cau-sal¹⁶ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: =. **-salité**¹⁵ [-sal], *f.*: causality, laws of cause and effect. 1. **-sant**¹⁶, **-ante** [2. *-ser*], *adj.*: effective. 2. **-sant**, **-ante** [1. *-ser*, talk], *adj.*: talkative. **-satisf**¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-sativus* (-sa, cause)], *adj.*: causative. **||-se**¹¹ [L. *-sa*], *f.*: cause (reason; lawsuit; party, side): — *grasse*, mock cause (alluding to *mardi gras*: cf. Eng. *grass* widow). 1. **-ser**¹² [L. *-sari*, give reasons], *intr.*: chat; gossip; chatter. 2. **-ser**¹², *tr.*: cause, make. **-serie**¹⁵ [1. *-ser*], *f.*: chat; gossip. **-sette**¹⁵ [1. *-ser*], *f.*: (jam.) little chat. **-seur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *adj.*, *m.*, *f.*: talker; tattler; *f.*: =, reverse seat or sofa for two.
causse¹⁷ [Prov. *l. calz*, lime], *m.*: limy plain.
caus-ticité¹⁷, *f.*: sharpness, causticity. **||-tique**¹⁵ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *kauistikós* (kafein, burn)], *adj.*: corrosive, caustic, biting.
cau-¹², **-ante** [L. *-tus*, CAUTIOUS], *adj.*: wary. **†-tèle**¹² [L. *-tela*], *f.*: caution: *d* —, on condition. **-telement**¹² [-telex], *adv.*: CAUTIOUSLY, cunningly. **-teleux**¹², **-euse** [-tele], *adj.*: wary, prudent.
cau-tère¹⁸ [L. *-terium*, Gr. *kautêrion* (kafein, burn)], *m.*: CAUTERY; searing iron; searing: — *sur une jambe de bois*, useless act; — *royal sur épaules*, criminal's brand. **-térisation**¹⁵ [-teriser], *f.*: =. **-tériser**¹⁸ [L. *-terizare*], *tr.*: cauterise, sear.
cau-tion¹² [L. *-tio* (cavere, beware of)], *f.*: = (bond; pledge; bondsman). **-tionnement**¹⁵ [-tionner], *m.*: security. **-tionner**¹⁸, *tr.*: secure, bail.
cavagnole¹⁷ [It. *-lo* (cavagno, basket)], *m.*: gone.
cava-leade¹⁴ [It. *-leata*], *f.*: =, ride (by several); cavalry on the march. **-leadour**¹⁵ [It. *-leatore*], *adj.* *m.*: of the prince's horses: *écuyer* —, prince's master of horses. **||-le**¹⁵ [It. *-lla* (f. of *-llo*, L. *caballus*, nag)], *f.*: mare (in poetry).
-lerie¹⁵ [It. *-leria*], *f.*: cavalry; stable of horses. **-lièr**¹⁵, **-lière** [It. *-liere*],

m., *f.*: = (horseman); knight (at chess); hill over a rampart; spoil-bank; gallant; escort, partner; royal (paper). **-lièremment**¹⁵ [-lière], *adv.*: like a horse-man.
cavatine¹⁷ [It. *-na*], *f.*: cavatina, simple aria, song of one part.
1. ca-ve¹⁰ [L. *-vus*, hollow], *f.*: =; wine cellar. 2. **cave**¹², *adj.*: hollow: *veines* —, *venae cavae* (trunk artery); *mois* —, lunar month. **-veau**¹², *m.*: little cave, cavity; little cellar, vault (for burial).
3. cave [-ner, bet], *f.*: stake, pool.
ca-vêee¹⁵ [Sp. *cabeza* (L. *caput*)], *f.*: head: *cheval* — *de more*, black-headed horse. **-veee**¹⁷, *adj.*: — *de noir*, — *de blanc*, black-headed, white-headed (and body another colour). **-veçon**¹⁵ [It. *-vezzone* (L. *capitium*, hole for a head)], *m.*: CAVESON (head-stall for unruly horse).
ca-vée¹⁴, *f.*: hollow way (in a woods). 1. **||-ver**¹⁴ [L. *vare* (-vus, hollow)], *tr.*: furrow, make hollow; undermine. 2. **-ver**¹⁵ [It. *-vare*, draw out (money fr. the pocket)], *intr.*: bet, stake money. **-verne**¹¹ [L. *-verna*], *f.*: cavern, cave, cavity. **-verneux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-vernosus*], *adj.*: full of caves, of cavities, spongy; *rôle* —, hollow rattle (of diseased lungs). **-vet**¹⁵ [It. *-vetto*, dim. of *caval*], *m.*: = (grooved moulding).
caviar¹⁵ [It. *-viale*], *m.*: = (Russian dish of roe).
†cavillation¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: caviling, sophistry.
†ca-vin¹⁵ [-re], *m.*: hollow-way, pass. **-vité**¹² [L. *-vitas* (cavus, hollow)], *f.*: cavity. **-voir**¹⁷ [-ver], *m.*: tool (for working glass).
caye¹⁶ [Sp. *-ys*], *f.*: KEY, low coral or rocky island.
cayenne¹⁷ [?], *f.*: waiting place (for sailors), vessel so used; ship's kitchen set up on land.
†cayen = *caïen*.
cazelle¹⁷ [?], *f.*: spool (for gold thread). 1. **ex**¹⁰ [p. L. **eccoc* (L. *ecce*, behold, *hoc*, this)], *pron.* *indecl.*: this; that; it (expletive): *c'est-à-dire*, that is to say; *c'est vous*, it is you; *quelle heure est-ce?* what time is it? *qu'est-ce que c'est que cela?* what is it? *ce que je sais le mieux, c'est . . .*, what I know best, is . . .
2. ex¹⁰, or (before a vowel, or *h* mute) **cet**, *m.*, **cette**, *f.*; *pl. m.*, *f.* **ces** [L. *ecce*, behold, *istum*, that], *demon.* *adj.*: this, that.
éans¹⁰ [ca (cela), *ens* (L. *intus*, within)], *adv.*: inside; in this house.
ceci¹² [1. *ce*, *ci* (L. *ici*, here)], *demon.* *pron.*: this (here), that: — *et cela*, one thing and another.

cécité¹² [L. *caecitas* (caecus, blind)], *f.*: blindness.

cédant¹⁷, = *ante*, *adj.*: yielding; *m.*: *f.*: cedar, yielder. **-der**¹⁵ [L. *-dere*], *tr.*: give up, abandon, CEDE; *intr.*: yield, submit; give way, give in.

cédille¹⁰ [Sp. *-lla*, 'little *c*'], *f.*: cedilla (*c*).

cédrat¹⁷ [It. *-drato* (cedro, CITRON)], *m.*: =, citron. **-dratier**¹⁵ [*-drat*], *m.*: citron tree. **1. cédre**¹⁰ [It. *-dro*, CITRON], *m.*: only in *aigre de* —, an acid drink of green citrons.

2. cèdre¹¹ [L. *-drus*, Gr. *kédros*], *m.*: cedar. **cé-drel**¹⁷ [L. *-drela*, because of stately cedar-like size], *m.*: cedrela, Jamaica cedar. **cé-drie**¹⁰ [L. *-dria*], *f.*: resin.

cédule¹² [L. *schedula*, leaf of paper (*scheda*, strip of bark, *scindere*, split, tear), *f.*: document (in law), list; bill, warrant. Cf. Eng. *cedula*.

1. cejn-dre⁰ [L. *cingere*], *irr.* §; *tr.*: gird; encircle; encircle. **cejn-te**¹², *f.*: girdle (of ship).

§ Ind.: Pr. *ceins*, *-s*, *-t*; *ceignons*, etc. 1pl. *ceignais*. Fut. (Cond.) *ceindra*(s). Pret. *ceignis*. — Subj.: Pr. *ceigne*. 1pl. *ceignisse*. — Part.: Pr. *ceignant*; P. *ceint*.

cejn-trage¹⁰ [*-trer*], *m.*: frapping, planking over the wales of a ship. **-trèr**¹⁰ [L. *cincturare* (*cinctura*, belt)], *tr.*: girdle (a ship); *intr.*: — *sur son câble*, get foul of the anchor cable. **-ture**⁰ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: belt; zone; waist; sash; CINCTURE. **-turelle**¹¹ [L. *-ture*], *f.*: little belt; ahroud (of ship). **-turette**¹¹ [*-ture*], *f.*: strap (of hunting horn). **-turièr**¹¹ [*-ture*], *m.*: belt maker or seller. **-turon**¹¹ [*-ture*], *m.*: belt (for sword, etc.). **-turonnièr**¹⁵ [*turon*], *m.*: belt maker or seller.

cala¹¹ [ce, that, *là*, there], *indecl.* *demon.* *pron.*: that, all that: *comme* —, like that; so so; *ceci et* —, one thing and another; *il ne manquait plus que* —, that was the last straw.

céladon¹⁰ [lover *C.*, in a novel], *m.*: mawkish lover; sea-green colour.

célation¹⁰ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, CONCEALMENT (law term).

célé-brant¹¹ [*-brer*], *adj.* *m.*: le *prêtre* —, officiating priest (at mass). **-bration**¹¹ [L. *-bratio*], *f.*: =. **1. céle-bre**¹¹ [L. *-briz*, noted], *adj.*: celebrated. **-brèr**¹¹ [L. *-brare*], *tr.*: celebrate; solemnise.

-brité¹² [L. *-britas*], *f.*: celebrity; fame.

celèr⁰ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: conceal, keep hidden.

céleri¹⁰ [It. dial. *selleri* for It. *seleni* (L. *selinum*, parsley)], *m.*: CELERY (plant).

célerin¹² [?] *m.*: sardine.

célérité¹⁰ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: celerity, speed.

céleste¹⁰ [L. *coelestis* (coelum, heaven)], *adj.*: heavenly: le — *empire*, China.

célique¹¹ [L. *coeliacus*, Gr. *koiiliakós* (choilia, belly)], *adj.*: of the intestines: *artère* —, CELIAC artery.

céliba-t¹¹ [L. *coelibatus*, *coelebs*, unmarried], *m.*: celibacy. **-taire**¹⁷, *m.*, *f.*: single, unmarried person.

† **celle** see *celui*.

cel-lérièr¹², = *ière*, *m.*, *f.*: cellarer, keeper of food and wine in a monastery; butler. **1. -lièr**⁰ [L. *-larium*], *m.*: storeroom, CELLAR.

cellu-laïr¹⁷, *adj.*: cellular; hav'g cells, apartments. **1. -le**¹⁵ [L. *-la* (dim. of *celle*, CELL)], *f.*: cell. **-leux**¹⁷, = *ense*, *adj.*: having cells. **-loïd**¹⁰ [Eng. (L. *-la*, cell, Gr. *eidos*, form)], *m.*: =, parkesine (imitation ivory, shell). **-loxe**¹⁰, *f.*: = (cell tissue in plants).

celui⁰, *f.* *celle*, *pl. m.* *ceux*, *f.* *celles* [p. L. **ecc-illui*, **-illa*, **-illos*, **-illas* (L. *ecce*, behold, *ille*, that one)], *demon.* *pr.* *m.* that, that one. — *ci*, *celle-ci*, etc., this one (near); the latter; — *ci*, — *là*, this one and that one. **-là**, that one (remote); the former; the one we spoke of.

cémen-t¹⁰ [L. *cementum*, block of stone (caedere, cut)], *m.*: =. **-tation**¹⁰ [*-ter*], *f.*: =. **-tatoir**¹⁷ [*-tation*], *adj.*: cementary. **-ter**¹⁰, *tr.*: cement, modify a metal by cementing, by packing and heating in another metal: *acier cimenté*, carburised steel; *cuivre cimenté*, bronzed, oxydised copper.

cénacle¹⁰ [L. *canaculum*, dining room (coena, supper)], *m.*: room of the last supper; society or coterie.

egn-dre⁰ [L. *cinis*], *f.*: CINDERS; coals; embers; ashes; penitence: *mercredi des -s*, ash-Wednesday; *le feu couve sous la -*, fire (revenge) lurks under the ashes; — *de plomb*, fine-shot. **-dré**¹⁰ *adj.*: ashy gray. **-drée**¹¹, *f.*: very fine shot; oxide scum on molten lead; mixture, cement of coal and lime. **-dreux**¹¹, = *ense*, *adj.*: fall of ashes; *fer* —, iron that doesn't polish clear. **-drier**¹², *m.*: ash-catcher, ash-pan. **-dril/lon** [girl *C.* of the fairy story], *f.*: a Cinderella, drudge. **-drures**¹⁷, *f. pl.*: flaws (in metal).

cène¹¹ [L. *cena*, supper], *f.*: Lord's supper.

cénelle¹¹ [? L. *acinum*, berry], *f.*: haw. **cénobi-te**¹⁰ [L. *canobita* (Gr. *koinobion*: *koinós*, common, *bios*, life)], *m.*: monk. **-tique**¹⁰, *adj.*: cenobitic, monastic.

cénotaphe¹¹ [L. *-phium*, Gr. (*kenós*, empty, *táphos*, tomb)], *m.*: cenotaph, monument without a grave.

egn-s¹² [L. *-sus*], *m.*: census (estimation for taxing); feudal rent; rating (voter's

qualification tax). **†-se**¹⁰ e long [L. *-se*], *f.*: farm. **-sé**¹⁶ [-*ser* (L. *-sere*, judge)], *adj.*: †counted; assumed: *si le prince est prisonnier, il est — être mort*, if the prince is a prisoner he is supposed to be dead. **-sément**¹⁵ [-*sée*], *adv.*: supposedly. **-seur**¹³ [L. *-sor*], *m.*: CENSOR, judge, critic, monitor. **†-sier**¹², **-ière**, *adj.*: pertaining to the census. **-sitaine**¹⁷, *m.*: *le — d'un fief*, holder of a fief; voter (qualified by his property). **-sive**¹² [L. *-sira* (sc.) *terra*, taxable land], *f.*: land, farm; tax. **-sorial**¹⁷, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-sorius*], *adj.*: *tribunal —*, censorship. **†-suel**¹², **†-elle** [L. *-sualis*], *adj.*: feudal, under tax. **-surable**¹⁶ [-*surer*], *adj.*: =, blameworthy. **-sure**¹³ [L. *-sura*], *f.*: = (blame); censorship; body of censors; penalty. **-suror**¹⁶ [-*sure*], *tr.*: censure.

cen-t¹⁰ [L. *-tum*, HUNDRED], *num. adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: =, hundred; hundredth part: *pour —*, per cent; *un — pesant*, hundred pounds. **-taine**¹¹, *f.*: group of a hundred, hundred of a kind; thread that binds a skein.

centaure¹¹ [L. *-rus*, Gr. *kéntauros*], *m.*: centaur. **-rée**¹³ *-to* [L. *-rea*], *f.*: centaur, star thistle.

cen-tenaire¹³ [L. *-tenarius* (cf. *cent*)], *adj.*: a hundred years old; *m., f.*: centenarian; *m.*: hundredth anniversary. **-tenier**¹³ [L. *-tenarius*], *m.*: centurion, captain of a hundred. **-tésimal**¹⁸, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-tesimus*, hundredth], *adj.*: =. **-tiare**¹⁷ [L. *-tum*, hundred, Fr. *are*], *m.*: =, centare, square meter (about 1½ square yards). **-tième**¹¹, *adj.*: hundredth: *— dernier*, one per cent tax (on purchase of realty); *m.*: hundredth part. **-tigrade**¹⁸ [L. *-tum*, hundred, *gradus*, degree], *adj.*: = (divided into 100 degrees). **-ti-gramme**¹⁷ [L. *-tum*, hundred], *m.*: =, $\frac{1}{100}$ gram. **-ti-litre**¹⁸ [L. *-tum*, hundred], *m.*: =, $\frac{1}{100}$ litre. **-time**¹⁷, *m.*: =, $\frac{1}{100}$ franc. **-ti-mètre**¹⁷ [L. *-tum*, hundred], *m.*: =, $\frac{1}{100}$ meter.

centon¹⁵ [L. *-to*, Gr. *kéntron*, patchwork garment], *m.*: CENTO, patchwork (in poetry, music, etc.), medley.

cen-tral¹⁵ [L. *-tralis*], *adj.*: =. **-trali-sateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [-*traliser*], *adj.*: that brings to a centre. **-tralisation**¹⁷ [-*trali-ser*], *f.*: =. **-trali-ser**¹⁷, *tr.*: centralise. **cen-tre**¹⁵ [L. *centrum* (Gr. *kéntron*, point)], *m.*: =: *être dans son —*, be in one's element. **-trer**¹⁷, *tr.*: adjust (as lenses). **-treur**¹⁸, *m.*: wick-holder (of candle mould). **-trifuge**¹⁷ [L. *fugere*, flee], *adj.*: centrifugal. **-tripôte**¹⁷ [L. *petere*, seek], *adj.*: centripetal. **-trisque**¹⁸ [Gr. *kentriskos* (*kéntron*,

spur)], *m.*: centrisceus (fish with tubular mouth). **-trobarique**¹⁷ [Gr. *báros*, weight], *adj.*: centrobatic (supposing all the weight to be at the centre).

cent-suisse¹⁷ [*les cent Suisses de la garde*, the hundred Swiss of the guard], *m.*: soldier of the French king's guard.

centum-vir¹⁶ [L.], *m.*: one of the centumvirs, or hundred judges. **-viral**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-viralis*], *adj.*: of the centumvirs. **-virat**¹⁷, *m.*: centumvirate.

centu-ple¹⁵ [L. *-plus* (*centum*, hundred)], *adj.*: =, hundred-fold. **-plier**¹⁵, *tr.*: centuple, increase hundred times, or many times.

centu-riateur¹⁵, *m.*: centuriator (a writer of the Magdeburg Centuries). **||-rie**¹⁴ [L. *-ria*], *f.*: century, hundred (of anything): *les —s de Magdebourg*, certain work on church history (divided by centuries). **-rien**¹¹ [L. *-rio*], *m.*: = (commander of cohort of one hundred men).

cep⁰ [L. *cippus*, stake (Gr. *aképein*, brace ak. to shaft)], *m.*: vine-stock; sole (of plough); rod; †clog, fetters. **cépage**¹⁵, *m.*: vines of one place. **cèpe**¹⁸ [Gascon], *m.*: large mushroom, boletus. **cépan**¹², *m.*: matrix-holder (in stamping coin). **cépée**¹¹, *f.*: sprouts (about a stump or tree); young wood.

expendant¹³ [cf. *pendant*], *adv.*: †during this; however (nevertheless).

cépha-lalgie¹² [L. *-lalgia* (Gr. *kephalé*, head, *algein*, pain), *f.*: headache. **-lique**¹⁸ [L. *-licus*], *adj.*: cephalic, of the head. **-lopode**¹⁸ [Gr. *kephalé*, head, *podós*, foot], *m.*: cephalopod (mollusk). **-loptère**¹⁸ [Gr. *pterón*, wing], *m.*: Brazil flycatcher, umbrella bird; ox-ray (fish).

†ceps = *cèpe*.

céra-mie¹⁵ [L. *-mium* (Gr. *kerámion*, jar)], *f.*: ceramium, red algæ. **-mique**¹⁸ [Gr. *keramikós* (*kéramos*, pottery)], *adj.*: ceramic. **-miste**¹⁵, *m.*: ceramist, expert in pottery.

cérasine¹⁸ [L. *-sus*, cherry], *f.*: gum (of cherry, peach, etc.).

céraste¹² [L. *-tes* (Gr. *kéras*, horn)], *m.*: Egyptian viper (with horny scale over each eye).

cérat¹⁵ [L. *-tum* (*cera*, wax)], *m.*: CERATE (unctuous compound).

céraunite¹⁵ [Gr. *keraunós*, thunder], *f.*: = (meteoric stone).

cerbère¹⁵ [L. *-rus*, Gr. *kérberos*], *m.*: dog Cerberus (the three-headed guardian of Hades).

cercaire¹⁷ [Gr. *kérkos*, tail], *m.*: CER-CARIA, fluke, larval distome.

cer-ce¹² [ak. to *cerele*], *f.*: hoop (of sieve, barrel) band; curve of a vault. **-ceau**⁰

[p. L. *circellum* (*circus*, ring)], m.: hoop; part of a hoop; arch; pinion-quill.

†**cercelle** = **sarcelle**.

cerc-clage¹⁸ [-*cler*], m.: hooping (of barrels). ||-**cle**¹⁸ [L. *circulus* (*dim.* of *circus*, ring)], m.: circle; (*vulg.*) circumference; society; series; hoop, ring. -**cler**¹¹, tr.: encircle, hoop. -**clier**¹⁰, m.: hooper.

cercop-pe¹⁷ [Gr. *kerkōpe* fr. its tail-like (*kérkos*, tail) egg-dropper], m.: frog-hopper (insect). -**pitthèque**¹⁸ [Gr. *pithekos*, monkey], m.: long-tailed monkey.

cercueil⁹ -**ken'y** [L. *sarcophagus* (Gr. *sárx*, flesh, *phagēin*, eat)], m.: coffin, SARCOPHAGUS.

céréale¹⁵ [L. -*lis* (*Ceres*, goddess of grain)], adj. f.: cereal.

céré-belleux¹⁰, =**ense** [L. *cerebellum*, little brain], adj.: of the cerebellum.

-**bral**¹⁵, pl. =**aux** [L. -*brum*, brain], adj.: =. -**bro-spinal**¹⁸, pl. =**aux** [L. *spina*, thorn; backbone], adj.: =.

cérém-nial¹⁵, pl. =**aux** [L. -*nialis*], adj.: =, ritual; m. (*sing.* only): =, solemnities, rites, forms. ||-**nie**¹² [L. -*nia* (ak. to Skt. *kar*, make)], f.: ceremony, rites: formalities. -**niel**¹⁸, =**elle**, adj.: ritual, formal. -**nieux**¹⁴, =**ense**, adj.: ceremonious, too formal.

cerv⁹ [L. *cervus*], deer, deer-kind.

cerv-fenil⁹ [L. *carefolium* (Gr. *chárēin*, rejoice, *phállon*, leaf)], m.: CERVIL (plant).

cerv-volant¹⁸, pl. -*s-s*, m.: (*vulg.*) staghorn beetle; kite (toy).

ex-ri-saie¹⁴, f.: cherry grove. ||-**ri-se**⁹ [p. L. -*resia*, L. -*rasus*], f.: CHERRY; adj. indecl.: cherry-coloured. -**ri-sette**¹⁸, f.: (*dial.*) dried cherry; plum. -**ri-sier**¹¹, m.: cherry-tree.

cér-ite [L. -*thium*, inexact for Gr. *kerá-kion*, shell (*kérux*, herald)], m. or f.: = (univalve mollusk).

cerc-ne⁹ [L. *cercinus* (Gr. *kirkinos*, pair of compasses)], f.: circle, ring (about the eyes, moon, on end of log, etc.). -**nean**¹⁵ [-*ner*], m.: kernel of green walnut. -**ner**¹², tr.: envelope, inclose entirely; cut around (a tumor); deaden, girdle (a tree); ditch around. †-**noir**¹⁸, m.: knife (to open green walnuts).

cerc-tain⁹, =**aine** [p. L. -**tanus* (L. *tus*, sure)], adj.: = (fixed; sure, confident). -**tainement**¹¹, adv.: certainly. -**tes**¹⁰ [p. L. -**tas* for L. *certo*], adv.: surely. -**-tificat**¹⁵ [L. -*tificatum*], m.: certificate. -**-tificateur**¹⁸ [L. -*tificator*], m.: certifier, voucher, receipt; giver of certificates. -**-tifier**¹¹ [L. -*tificare* (L. *certum*, certain, *facere*, make)], tr.: certify; guarantee. -**-titude**¹⁵ [L. -*titudo*], f.: =, certainty.

cérn-men [L. L. (*L. cera*, wax)], m.: ear-wax. -**minene**¹⁷, =**ense** [L. L. -*mino-sus*, waxy], adj.: of wax.

céruse¹⁵ [L. -*ssa*], f.: white lead.

cervaison¹⁸ [*cerv*], f.: deer-season.

cerv-veau⁹ [p. L. -*ebellum* (L. -*ebrum*)], m.: brain: *rhume de* —, nasal catarrh (falsely thought to come from the brain); — *creux*, hollow brain, cracked brain; un — *brûlé*, an extremist. -**vélas**¹⁸ [It. -*lato*], m.: sort of bassoon; saveloy (sausage). -**vélet**¹⁰, m.: cerebellum. -**velle**⁹ [L. -*ebellum*], f.: brain matter: — *rompue*, tired mind.

cervical¹⁵, pl. =**aux** [L. -*vix*, neck], adj.: =, of the neck.

cervier [L. -*varius*], adj.: attacking deer: *loup* —, deer-killer (wolf).

cervoise⁹ [L. *cervisia* (fr. Celt.), beer], f.: ancient beer (of grain and herbs).

ces, see *ce*.

cesa-r¹⁵ [*Caesar*], m.: emperor. -**rien**¹⁵, =**enne** [L. *Caesar*, child cut from the womb (*caedere*, cut)], adj.: *opération* — *ne*, Caesarean operation (cutting a child from the mother, over the pelvis). -**-risme**¹⁸, m.: empire like Caesar's.

cé-sium¹⁵ [L. *caesius*, bluish], m.: white metal CAESIUM (named for its spectrum).

ces-sation¹⁸, f.: =. -**se**¹¹, f.: stop, CEASE. ||-**ser**⁹ [L. -*sare* (*cadere*, yield)], intr., tr.: cease, quit. -**-sible**¹⁵ [L. -*sibilis*], adj.: assignable, transferable. -**-sion**¹² [L. -*sio*], f.: =, ceding, abandonment, (esp.) assignment. -**-sionnaire**¹⁵, m., f.: assignee.

1. **ceste**¹⁵ [L. *caestus* (*caedere*, hew)], m.: CESTUS (ancient boxing glove).

2. †**ces-te**¹⁵ [L. -*tus*, Gr. *kestós* (lit. stitched)], m.: CESTUS, girdle (of Venus, etc.). -**-toide**¹⁸ [Gr. *eidōs*, form], adj.: m.: *vers* — *s*, cestoid worms (like adult tapeworms). -**-treau**¹⁷ [L. -*trum*, Gr. *késtron*, pointed iron], m.: betony (plant).

ce-sure¹⁵ [L. *caesura* (*caedere*, cut)], f.: caesura (pause in a poetic line).

cet, see *2.ce*.

cé-tacé¹⁶ [L. *cete*], m.: any CETACEAN (whale, porpoise).

cétérac¹⁴ [L. L. (l. Gr. *kitaráz*, fr. Ar.)], m.: ceterach (scaly fern).

cétoine¹⁷ [l. L. -*tonia*], f.: floral beetle.

cette, see *ce*.

ceux, see *celui*.

cé-vadille¹⁷ [Sp. -*lla* (*cebada*, barley)], f.: insect-powder (of cevadilla plant).

chabin⁹ [ak. to *chèvre*, goat (*dial. chabre*)], m.: (*dial.*) cross (of goat and sheep).

cha-blage¹⁶ [-*bler*], m.: towing; piloting (on rivers). †**châ-ble** = **câble**. †**-bleau**, or **-blot** = **cableau**. 1. -**bler**¹⁶,

tr.: haul, pull, lift (by a cable); †make into a cable.

2.chabler² [for *chapeler*], *tr.*: (dial.) shake nuts down.

chableyr¹⁴ [1.-bler], *m.*: water-bailiff.

1.chablis¹⁵ [2.-bler], *m.*: windfallen tree or wood.

2.chablis¹⁵ [town Ch. in France], *m.*: Chablis (wine).

chabot¹² [for **chevot* (*chef*, head)], *m.*: miller's thumb (fish).

chabotte¹⁷ [?], *f.*: anvil-bed.

†**chabraque** = *schabraque*.

chacal¹⁷ [Turk.], *m.*: JACKAL (wolf).

chaconne¹⁶ [Sp. -cona], *f.*: = (slow song or dance); necktie (as worn by the dancer *Pécourt*).

cha-cun², = *une* [p. L. **case-unus* (L. *quisque*, each, *unus*, one)], *pron.*: each one (distributively); everybody. -**cu-nière**¹⁵, *f.*: (humor.) home.

chafan-d² [p. L. **cataphalium* (Gr. *katá*, sense of 'like', L. *fala*, platform)], *m.*: SCAFFOLD, platform to dry codfish. -**diér**¹⁷, *m.*: platform-maker.

chafouin¹⁶, = *ine* [*chat*, *fouin*], *m.*: (dial.) skunk; sneak; wretch; *adj.*: sly; miserable.

1.chagrín¹⁴ [?], *adj.*: (fam.) fretful; sad; *m.*: =, vexation.

2.chagrín¹⁶ [Turk. *saghri* (form inf'd by 1.)], *m.*: SHAGREEN (muleskin, horsehide).

chagri-nant¹⁵, *adj.*: vexatious. 1. -**ner**¹⁵ [1.-n], *tr.*: CHAGRIN, vex.

2.chagriner¹⁷ [2.-n], *tr.*: grain (leather).

chah = *schah*.

chai¹⁶ [? L. *cavea*, cave], *m.*: liquor warehouse.

chai-l¹⁶ [L. *calculus*], *m.*: (dial.) gravel; stone: — *aigre*, silice; — *de moulin*, millstone. -**lle**¹⁶, *f.*: (dial.) broken stone (for roads); jurassic flint.

chai-nage¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: survey, CHAINING; iron of a house, chain-bond. || **chai-ne**¹⁶ [L. *catēna*], *f.*: CHAIN (linked iron; measure of 100 links; warp; fetters; series); right and left (dance). -**ner**¹⁵, *tr.*: survey (land): -**netier**¹⁷ [-nette], *m.*: maker of necklaces, etc. -**nette**¹¹, *f.*: little chain, chainlet; CATENARY; machine à —, sewing machine with chain-stitch. -**neur**¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: land surveyor. -**nier**¹⁵, or -**niste**, *m.*: maker of watch-chains. -**non**¹⁵, *m.*: link; atlas, top-vertebra; little range (of mountains).

1.chair¹⁶ [L. *caro*], *f.*: flesh (of men, animals, fruits, etc.): — *de poule*, goose skin or pimples; — *baveuse*, proud flesh; *l'aiguillon de la* —, the thorn in the flesh; *convitisses de la* —, lusts of the flesh.

2.chair¹⁵ [Eng., seat with a back], *m.*:

= (iron support between the tie and the rail). || **chai-re**¹⁶ [L. *cathedra*, (Gr. *hédra*, seat)], *f.*: †seat; stage, platform; pulpit, chair (professorship). **chai-se**¹⁴ [for -re], *f.*: CHAIR; frame; chaise: — *longue*, lounge; — *percée*, night-stool. -**sier**¹⁵, -**ière** [-se], *m.*, *f.*: chair-maker; renter of seats (in a church).

†**chako** = *schako*.

1.chaland¹⁰ [L. Gr. *chelándion* fr. ?], *m.*: barge, lighter.

2.chalan-d¹¹, = *ande* [-loir], *m.*: customer; (fam.) wooer. †**di-se**¹⁵, *f.*: patronage.

chalasti-que¹⁵ [L. -cus, Gr. -kós (*choldáin*, yield)], *adj.*: soothing, chalcastic.

chalaze¹⁷ [Gr. -za, hailstone], *f.*: chalaza (pullet-sperm; seam of the ovule where the coats join).

†**chal-cite**¹⁵ [L. -citis, Gr. -kites (*chalkós*, copper)], *f.*: chalcites. -**cographe**¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: engraver (on metal).

Chaldée, *f.*: Chaldea.

châle¹⁵ [Eng. *shawl*, fr. Pers.], *m.*: SHAWL; scarf.

†**chalemie**¹⁵ [L. *calamula* (L. *calamus*, reed, Gr. *aulós*, flute)], *f.*: reed-pipe.

chalet¹⁷ [ak. to *château*], *m.*: = (Swiss cottage).

cha-leur¹⁶ [L. *calor*], *f.*: heat; fever; passion. -**leureusement**¹⁵, *adv.*: warmly. -**leureux**¹⁵, = *ense*, *adj.*: warm.

†**châlit** [p. L. **catlectum* (Gr. *katá*, L. *lectum*, bed)], *m.*: bedstead (of wood).

chaloir¹⁶ [L. *calère*, be warm], *intr. impers.* (used only in 3d pers. Pres. Ind., *chaut* and Pres. Subj., *chaille*); *il ne m'en chaut*, I don't care for it.

chalon¹⁶ [?], *m.*: drag-net (for two boats).

chaloupe¹⁶ [Sp. -lupa (Holl. *sloop*)], *f.*: SLOOP.

chalumeau¹⁶ [L. *calamus*, reed], *m.*: stalk; tube, SHAWM, flute; = (lowest register of clarinette); blowpipe; lined stick (to catch birds).

chalut¹⁷ [ak. to -lon], *m.*: drag-net (for one boat).

chaly-bé¹⁷ [L. -bs, Gr. *chálups*, steel (fr. tribe *Chálybes*)], *adj.*: hav'g iron, chalybeate (as mineral water).

†**cha-made**¹⁵ [It. *chiamada*], *f.*: = (signal for parley). || -**matiller**¹⁶ [L. *clamāre*, shout], *intr.*: squabble; *tr.*: se —, scuffle; brawl. -**matilis**¹⁵, *m.*: squabble, row; brawl.

chamar-rer¹⁵ [ak. to *simarre*], *tr.*: array, dress out; †bedizen; †heap ridicule upon. -**rire**¹⁶, *f.*: finery, ribbons; tridicule.

chambellan¹¹ [OHG. *chamarline* (dim. of *chamar*, chamber)], *m.*: CHAMBERLAIN.

chambourin¹⁷ [ʔ], m.: strass (white sand to make paste diamonds).

chambraille¹⁸ [ʔ], m.: = (casing of doors, etc.).

cham-bre⁹ [L. *camera*, Gr. *kamdra*, vaulted room (*kamptein*, arch)], f.: CHAMBER (room, space; assembly hall); ship's cabin; association; story (of a house), deer's hiding place; *ouvrier en* —, home worker (who keeps no shop); *garder la* —, stay indoors (from sickness); — *haute*, house of Lords. — **brée**¹⁵, f.: occupants of a room; (fam.) audience; level, stage (in slate quarry). — **brélan**¹⁶, m.: lodger, roomer; home worker (hav'g no shop). — **brer**¹⁶, intr.: room, lodge; rest (as a deer); tr.: closet, confine; hollow, CHAMBER. — **brette**¹¹, f.: (fam.) little room. — **brière**¹¹, f.: chambermaid, servant; (hence:) prop, rack; hook; stay (of rigging); poker; horsewhip. — **brillon**¹⁶, f.: errand girl.

chame¹⁵ [L. —ma; Gr. *chême* (*chaînein*, yawn)], f.: chama, heart coccle (mollusk), giant clam.

cha-meau⁹, pl. —x [L. *camelus*, Gr. *kámēlos*, fr. Heb.], m.: camel (the animal; float to help a ship in shallow water). — **mulier**¹⁶, m.: cameldriver. — **melle**¹¹, f.: female camel.

cha-mois¹⁸ [OHG. *gamuz*, cf. Ger. *gemse* (? Eng., GAME)], m.: SHAMMY. — **moiser**¹⁸, tr.: SHAMOY, dress (like chamois). — **moiserie**¹⁷ [—moiser], f.: shamoy leather business. — **moiseur**¹⁷ [—moiser], m.: leathdresser (who imitates chamois).

1. **champ** = 2. **chant**.

2. **champ**⁹ [L. *campus*], m.: field (in all senses); pl.: country; = (in architecture): *les —s* *Élysées*, the Elysian fields, heaven; avenue in Paris; — *de Mars*, field of battle; place in Paris; *se mettre aux —s*, become angry; *prendre la clef des —s*, take to one's heels; *sur-le —*, on the spot, at once; *le tambour bat aux —s*, the drummer summons to march. — **pagne**⁹ [p. L. —pānīq, of the field], f.: = (wine); CHAMPAIGN (country, plain); CHAMPAIGN (lower third of coat-of-arms). — **part**¹² [*champ*, *part*], m.: CHAMPART (land-rent in shares of the crop). — **partier**¹² [—part], tr.: share (crops). — **partessee**¹⁵ [—part], adj., f.: grange —, barn for share-crops. — **parteur**¹² [—partier], m.: crop-renter (holder of rights to a crop, to field-rent). — **peaux**¹⁶, m. pl.: prairies. — **pêtre**⁹ [L. *campestris*, of the fields], adj.: of the country, rural. — **pi** = **pis**. — **pignon**¹⁸, m.: mushroom, toadstool; hence: snuff, thief (of a candle); proud flesh (in a wound); form (for peruke); button (on sword point): — *de couche*,

hot-bed mushroom; *blanc de —s*, mushroom-spawn. — **pignonnière**¹⁷ [—pignon], f.: mushroom-bed. — **pion**¹⁰, m.: =, defender; fighter. — **pis**¹⁰, —*asse*, m., f.: (dial.) foudingling.

† **champleure** = *chantepleure*.

champ-lèver¹⁷, tr.: groove (in enameling).

1. **champlure**¹⁷ [ʔ], f.: frost-blight.

2. † **champlure**¹¹ = *chantepleure*.

chancee⁹ [p. L. **cadentia* (*cadere*, fall)], f.: =; †cast (of dice); game of dice: *donner la —*, cast dice first; *bonne —*, good luck (to you)!

† **chancel** = *cancel*.

chancel-lant¹⁸, adj.: tottering. — **lèr**¹⁰ [L. L. —llare (L. *cellulus*, bar)], intr.: (lit. cross legs in walking) stagger, totter; vacillate. — **lier**¹⁰ [L. —llarius, who stays at the bars, door-keeper], m.: CHANCELLOR, keeper of the seal. — **lière**¹⁷ [—liere], f.: (fam.) chancellor's wife; foot-muff.

chancellement¹² [—er], m.: keeping the seal. — **lerie**¹¹ [—ier], f.: chancellery (house or office of chancellor).

chanceux¹⁶, —*euse* [—nce], adj.: risky; lucky.

chan-cir¹⁵ [ʔ], intr., or reflex.: become mouldy. — **cissure**¹⁶, f.: mouldiness.

chan-cro⁹ [L. *cancer*, crab], m.: =, syphilitic ulcer; CANCER. — **creux**¹⁸, —*euse*, adj.: chancrous; cankerous.

chan-dleux¹¹ [p. L. **candelorum* gen. pl.: L. *festum candelarum*, FETE OF CANDLES], f.: candlemas. — **dlieu**¹¹, m.: =; candlestick; (candlemaker's) frame, rock: *être sur le —*, be in full view. — **delle** [L. *candela*], f.: candle; light; stanchion: *moucher une — à vingt pas*, snuff a candle at twenty feet, (shoot accurately with pistol); *excommunier à — éteinte*, give one time to recant till candle burns out.

† **chan-fraindre**¹⁴, or **freindre** [*chant*, side, *fraindre* (L. *frangere*, break)], irr. (cf. *peindre*); tr.: chamfer, groove; edge.

1. **frein**¹⁴ [past part. † *frains*], m.: bevel; rabbet.

2. **chanfrein**¹¹ [ʔ], chamfrain (armour for horse's head).

chanfreiner¹⁶ [1. —frein], tr.: CHAMFER, rabbet; bevel.

† **chanfreneau** = *chinfreneau*.

chan-ge¹¹, m.: =; exchange; trade; shift off the scent: *le cerf donne — aux chiens*, the deer shifts the scent for the dogs, lets another deer take his place.

gant¹¹, adj.: changeable. — **gement**¹¹, m.: change, alternation. — **ger**⁹ [p. L. **ambiare*, L. *ambiare*], tr., intr.: CHANGE; trade. — **geur**¹¹, —*ense*, m., f.: exchanger.

chanlatte¹² [*chant*, side, *latte*], f.: CHANT-

LATE, eave-lath (projecting edge of a roof); pole (to support a dam); rack (to smoke fish on).

chanol-ne¹⁰ [L. *canonicus*, lit., regular priest (Gr. *kanón*, rule)], *m.*: canon; prebendary. **-nesse**¹², *f.*: canoness. **-nie**¹¹, *f.*: canonicate (office of canon).

chan-son⁹ [p. L. *cantio* (L. *cantare*, sing)], *f.*: song; chorus; nonsense. **-sonnette**¹¹, *f.*: little song. **-sonnier**¹², *m.*: song-collection; *adj.*: (*fam.*) muse — *e*, muse of song. 1. **-i**¹⁰ [L. *cantus*], *m.*: = (recitative rhythmic or non-rhythmic song; air, melody; psalm); CANTO, book.

2. **chant**¹¹ [L. *canthus*, Gr. *kantós*, corner], *m.*: edge: *de* —, on edge; *rous de* —, wheel with cogs perpendicular to its plane.

chan-tage¹⁷ [*-ter*], *m.*: shouting (to scare fish into a net); hush-money; blackmail, extortion. **-tant**¹², *adj.*: to be sung; drawing; (recent) *casé* —, concert, or singing café.

chantean¹¹ [*chant*, edge], *m.*: CANTLE, slice, cut, strip; holy bread; cut loaf; piece of barrel-head; felly of wheels: *couper du pain au* —, cut bread by the slice (i.e. to have influence).

chan-tepleure¹¹ [*pleurer* (in *l'vre*)], *f.*: big funnel, gully-hole; scupper (on fortress); faucet; sprinkler, watering-pot. **-ter**⁹ [L. *cantare*], *tr.*, *intr.*: sing; sound; celebrate: *faire — quelqu'un*, make one pay hush-money; *une porte mal graissée chante*, a door ill oiled creaks (i.e., one must be paid or he tells). 1. **-terelle**¹⁰, *f.*: = (highest string of violins, etc.); decoy-bird; spindle (of gold-wire worker); musical-glass: *appuyer sur la* —, press on the fifth string (insist on the main point); — *du bourreau*, hangman's fifth (the gallows' rope).

2. **chanterelle**¹² [*? chant*, edge], *f.*: bevel.

3. **chanterolle**¹⁷ [L. *cantharella* (Gr. *chántharos*), waterjar], *f.*: = (mushroom).

†chanterille = 1. *relle*.

chanteur¹¹, **-euse** [*-ter*], *m., f.*: singer.

chantier⁹ [L. *cantērius*, gelding], *m.*: truss; skid; stool, gawn-tree (for barrels); block; stand; dock; ship-yard; timber-yard; pile: *être sur le* —, be started.

chantignole¹⁰ [*chant*, edge], *f.*: bracket (supporting rafters of roof); small tile (for fire-places, etc.).

chantonner¹⁰ [*-ter*], *intr.*, *tr.*: hum.

chantourner¹⁰ [*chant*, edge, *tourner*], *tr.*: cut in profile, saw round or curved: *un chantourné*, piece of a bedstead.

chan-tre⁹ [L. *cantor*], *m.*: chanter; singer, poet. **-trerie**¹⁰, or **†-terie**, *f.*: chantership; chantry (chapel).

chan-vre⁹ [L. *canabis*], *m.*: HEMP; hangman's rope.

cha-qs¹⁴ [L., Gr.], *m.*: =, confusion. **-otique**¹², *adj.*: chaotic.

cha-pe⁹ [p. L. *cappa*, of unc. orig.], *f.*: =; cape, mantle; cover; lid; CAP, COPE; sleeve (of metal). **-pé**¹⁷, *adj.*: cowed, clad in a COPE: *blé* —, corn with its husk on. **-peau**¹⁰, *m.*: hat; cardinal's hat; upper part or piece (top crust; top of mushroom; top-timber, etc.): *enfoncer son* —, pull his hat down well, i.e. to show assurance; *mettre son — de travers*, put one's hat on sideways, be defiant; *frère* —, monk who attends a priest; verse made for the sake of the rhyme only. **-pe-chute**¹¹ [*chute* (fr. *choir*) fallen], *f.*: (lit. dropped hat, hence;) good-luck (from some one's ill-luck), windfall.

chapelain¹¹ [*-pelle*], *m.*: CHAPLAIN; prebendary: = *du pape*, auditor at the Vatican.

chapele⁹ [L. *capuläre*, strike (*capulus*, sword-hilt)], *tr.*: cut off the top, CHIP: — *le pain*, rasp the bread.

cha-pelet¹² [*-peau*], *m.*: little hat; chaplet, string of beads; *reciter son* —, say one's beads; *défiler son* —, unstring one's beads (i.e. tell everything without reserve). **-pelier**¹⁰ [*-peau*], *m.*: hatter. 1. **-pelle**¹⁰ [*-peau*], *f.*: *faire* —, broach a ship to.

2. **chapel-le**¹⁰ [*-pe*], *f.*: place where holy CAPES, relic, etc. were kept; CHAPEL; company (of officiating church-men, musicians); congregation; church-plate; objects domed like a chapel: *mettre en* —, send to prayers (a criminal about to be executed, in Spain); place pottery for baking. **-lenie**¹⁴ [*-ain*], *f.*: benefice. **-lerie**¹² [*-ier*], *f.*: hat factory, or business.

chapelure¹² [*-ier*], *f.*: fine CHIPPED or crumbled crust.

cha-peron¹¹ [*-pe*], *m.*: = (matronly companion to a young woman in public; head-dress worn in middle ages; hood); pad; shoulder-knot; caul. **-peronner**¹¹, *tr.*: hood (a falcon); top (a wall); act as chaperon (to young people). **-pier**¹⁰ [*-pe*], *m.*: twearer of a COPE (robe); robe-maker; wardrobe (for vestments).

cha-piteau¹¹ [L. *capitellum*, little head (*caput*)], *m.*: CAPITAL (of a column); head, top, CAP. **†-pître**¹¹ [L. *capitulus* (L. *caput*, head)], *m.*: (Bible-)lesson; CHAPTER (of a book; assembly; theme). **-pitre**¹², *tr.*: reprimand (a priest in assembly); advise sternly.

cha-pon⁹ [L. *capo*], *m.*: CAPON (castrated cock); barren vine; bread-sop: *vol du* —, ground around a mansion (measured by the flight of a capon). **-ponneau**¹², *m.*: young capon. **-ponner**¹², *tr.*: caponize. **-ponnière**¹⁴, *f.*: stew-pan; COOP or run

for fattening fowls. -**poter**¹⁶, *tr.*: trim, plane (wood); smooth up (unbaked pottery).

†**chappe**, †**chappé**, = *chape*, *chapé*.

cha-que¹² [-*cun*], *adj.*: each.

char⁵ [L. *carrus*, (of Gallic orig.)], *m.*: CHARIOT; *CAR*; CART; wagon.

charabia¹⁵ [Sp. *Algarabia*, Arabic], *m.*: (fam.) dialect of Auvergne; jargon.

cha-rade¹⁷ [Prov. -*rrado*, talk (*charra*, 'speak' of unc. orig.)], *f.*: = (game with words).

charan-çon¹⁶ [?], *m.*: weevil. -**çoné**¹⁶, *adj.*: hav'g weevils.

char-bon⁹ [L. *carbo*], *m.*: CARBON, charcoal; coals, live coal; CARBUNCLE; smut (of grain); scab (of sheep): — *de terre*, pit-coal; — *de pierre*, anthracite.

1. †**bonnage**¹⁷ [-*bonner*], *m.*: CHARRING, esp. smut (of crops). 2. -**bonnage**¹⁵, *m.*: coal-mining; *pl.*: mines. -**bonnée**¹¹,

f.: roast (of beef, etc.); bed of coals; charcoal sketch. -**bonner**¹¹, *tr.*: CHARR; become smutty (as crops); blacken; sketch.

-**bonnerie**¹⁵ [-*bonnier*], *f.*: coal yard; secret political society (*carbonari*) during the Restoration. -**bon-**

neur¹⁶, = **enue**, *adj.*: CARBUNCULAR. -**bonnier**¹¹, -**ière**, *m., f.*: charcoal-

seller; coaler, fireman; coal-bin; coaling-vessel; *f.*: charcoal-kiln, or pit; deer-

clay (place where a deer burnishes off his new horns); certain dark coloured animals.

-**bouille**⁹ [L. *carbunculus*], *f.*: (dial.) smut (of grain). -**bouiller**¹⁷ [-*bouille*],

tr.: char, smut. -**bouillon**¹⁷ [-*bouille*], *m.*: pitiuitary sore (of horse).

charcu-ter¹⁵ [ak. to -*tier*], *tr.*: mince, cut up, chop. -**terie**¹⁵, *f.*: pork; pork-

business. -**-tier**¹⁵, -**ière** [†*char* (L. *caro*, meat), *cuite*, cooked], *m., f.*: pork-

dealer, pork-butcher. **char-don**⁹ [L. *carduus*], *m.*: thistle;

spike (on gates, walls, etc.). -**don-**

neret¹⁵, *m.*: goldfinch. **chardo-nnet**¹⁴ [L. *cardo*, hinge], *m.*:

door-post (on pivots). 1. -**nette**¹⁵, *f.*: wedge (on ship).

2. -**chardonnette**¹⁵ [-*don*], *f.*: prickly artichoke.

char-ge¹⁰, *f.*: = (load; expense; tax; position, office; indictment; condition;

attack; liability; poultice) caricature; (pop.) joke, jest: *femme de —*, house-

keeper; *cahier de —s*, book of conditions; *ligne de —*, load-line (of ships); *à — et*

à de —, for and against (the accused). -**gement**¹⁵, *m.*: loading; registry (of

letters). -**geoir**¹⁴, *m.*: ladle (for cannon); loading-ruck, holder (used in load-

ing the hod). -**-ger**⁹ [p. L. **carriçare* (L. *carrus*, CART) cart], *tr.*: CHARGE (load;

fill; attack; commission; accuse); en-

cumber; register (letters); exaggerate,

caricature: *chargé d'affaires*, diplomatic agent; *chargé de cours*, acting professor;

se — de la dette, stand surety for a debt; *coiffure chargée*, weighted head-

gear. overdressed; *monnaie chargée*, money with too much alloy; — *une chose*, carry a thing to extremes, overdo a thing;

en chargeant, ranting (of an actor). -**gette**¹⁵, *f.*: measure (for gun-load).

-**geur**¹³, *m.*: loader; gunner. -**geure**¹², *f.*: charge (on coat of arms). -**-iot**¹³

[*char*], *m.*: wagon; CART; wain (constellation); go-cart; cradle, slide.

chari-table¹¹, *adj.*: —. -**tablement**¹² [-*table*], *adv.*: charitably. -**-té**¹¹ [L. and L. *caritas*], *f.*: CHARITY; love.

charivari¹³ [pref. *chari-*, -*vari* Ger. *wirren*, confuse, tangle], *m.*: = (SHIVEREE, mock serenade); loud quarrel; clattering

frame (in weaving); four queens (in one hand at ombre).

charla-tan¹⁵ [It. *ciarlatano* (*ciarlare*, talk blatantly)], *m.*: =, mountebank; quack; pretender. -**-taner**¹⁵, *intr.*: be

a charlatan; *tr.*: cheat. -**-tanerie**¹⁵, *f.*: charlatanry, quackery. -**-tanisme**¹⁷, *m.*: being a quack.

char-lemagne⁷ [Emperor Ch.], *m.*: king (at cards); *faire —*, win and quit. -**-lot**¹⁷

[name Ch.], *m.*: curlew (bird). -**-lotte**¹⁸ [name Ch.], *f.*: = — *russe*, =, whipped cream dessert, or custard.

char-mant¹⁵ [-*mer*], *adj.*: CHARMING. 2. -**-me**¹¹ [L. *carmen*, magic word], *m.*:

CHARM; mysterious power; attraction. 2. **charme**⁹ [L. *carpinus*], *m.*: hornbeam,

iron-wood, yoke-elm. **char-mer**¹² [-*me*], *tr.*: charm, bewitch;

captivate. -**-neur**¹², = **enue** or †**-me-**

resse, *m., f.*: charmer. **char-mille**¹⁶ [-*me*], *f.*: young yoke-elm;

nursery, walk of yoke-elm; thicket; arbor. -**-moire**¹², *f.*: yoke-elm grove.

charnage¹² [*chair*, flesh], *m.*: meat time (when Catholics may eat meat).

charnaigre¹⁶ [?], *m.*: setter, cross between harrier and greyhound.

char-nel, = **-elle** [L. *carnalis*], *adj.*: carnal (not spiritual). -**-nellement**¹¹,

adv.: carnally. †**-neur**⁹, = **enue** [L. *carneus*, of flesh], *adj.*: CARNEOSE.

1. -**-nier**¹⁰ [*chair*], *m.*: meat-room, larder; †cemetery; †CHARNEL-house.

2. **charnier**¹² [p. L. **cardinārium* (*cardo*, hinge)], *m.*: prop. -**-nière**¹¹ [p. L. **cardināria*], *f.*: hinge. -**-non**¹⁷ [L. *cardo*],

m.: knuckle (of a hinge). **char-nu**¹¹ [*chair*], *adj.*: fleshy. -**-nyre**¹⁸

[*chair*], *f.*: (fam.) flesh, fleshiness. -**-ogne**¹¹ [p. L. **caronia* (L. *caro*, flesh)],

f.: CARRION.

charotte¹² [dial. for *charrette*], *f.*: cart; basket (to carry bird-traps).

char-pente¹⁵ [-*penter*], *f.*: frame.

-penter¹¹ [p. L. **carpentare*], *tr.*: cut, work (wood); form: *un homme fortement charpenté*, well-built man.

-penterie¹¹, *f.*: carpentry; timberyard (for ship-building).

-pentier⁹, **-ière** [L. *carpentarius* (*carpentum*, chariot)], *m.*: carpenter; whale-cutter; *f.*: boring insect.

char-pi¹⁵, *m.*: CHARPIE; cooper's block.

-pie¹⁵, *f.*: lint (for wounds): *viande en —*, meat shredded by much cooking.

-pir⁹ [p. L. **carpere*, L. *carpere*, pluck], *tr.*: shred; cut, work (wood).

charrée¹² [? L. *cinerata*], *f.*: buck-ashes.

char-retée¹¹, *f.*: cart-load. **-retier**¹¹, **-ière** or **-tier**, **-ière**, *m., f.*: driver;

adj. f.: *porte —*, cart entrance; *voie —*, wheel-gauge (distance between wheels).

-rette¹⁰ [char], *f.*: cart; tumbrel.

-riage¹², *m.*: CARTAGE. **1.-rier**¹⁰ or **-royer** [char], *tr.*: CARRY; CART, haul.

2.-charrier¹⁴ [-*rrée*], *m.*: bucking-cloth.

char-roi¹¹ [-*royer*], *m.*: cartage; freight (of an army). **[-ron]**¹² [char], *m.*:

wagon-maker. **-ronnage**¹⁵, *m.*: business of wagon-making. **-ronnerie**¹⁵, *f.*: art of making wagons. **†-royer** = **-rier**.

charrue⁹ [L. *carruca*, wagon], *f.*: plough (with wheels); (*fig.*) agriculture; *ferme de deux —s*, farm of two CARUCATES, or tillage enough for two ploughs.

charte⁹ [L. *-ta*, paper], *f.*: record, deed; CHARTER: — *partie*, charter-party (document divided so either half fits the other).

char-tier = **charretier**. **-til**¹² [-*rette*], *m.*: CART-bed; hay-cart; shed (for carts, etc.). **-ton**¹¹ [-*rette*], *m.*: carter.

1.-char-tre⁹ [L. *-tula* (dim. of *-ta*, paper)], *f.*: CHARTER.

2.-chartre⁹ [L. *carcer*, prison], *f.*: prison; consumption of the mesentery.

char-treuse¹² [name of a place], *f.*: = (Carthusian monastery; aromatic liquor, made by monks); *perdreux en —*, quails enclosed in vegetables. **-treux**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: Carthusian; Chartreuse or Maltese cat; bluish-coloured mushroom, pink or tulip.

char-trier¹³ [-*te* record], *m.*: archives, charter-chest; keeper of charters.

Charybde¹⁵ [L. *-dis*], *m.*: Charibdis (fabulous whirlpool near Sicily by the rock Scylla): *aller de Scylla en —*, escape one evil by running into another.

1.-chas¹² [*châsse*], *m.*: eye of a needle; metal disk (pierced by mason's plumb-line).

2.-chas¹⁵ [?], (weaver's) starch; paste; glue.

chasse¹¹ [-*sser*], *f.*: CHASE, hunt, hunting; party of hunters; speed (of vehicles,

water, etc.); chase (in tennis); play (of machinery); set (to be placed on wedges, circles, nails, etc., for driving them in): *donner —*, pursue; *soutenir —*, keep up a running fight; *prendre —*, sheer off (as ships).

châsse⁹ [L. *capsa*, box], *f.*: CASKET (for relics), shrine; frame (of spectacles, jewelry); handle (of a lance); knife-edged fulcrum (of scales).

chasse-avant¹⁵, *pl.* — [*chasser*, *avant*], *m.*: foreman.

-bondien¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: wedge-set. **-bosse**¹⁵, *pl.* — [*bosses*, pest], *m.*: lysimachia (plant).

-chien¹⁵, or **-coquin**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: (humor.) beadle of a church. **-convin**¹⁵, *m.*: bad wine (to drive away distant relatives); stiff-fool.

chassé-croisé¹⁷, *pl.* — *e-s*, *m.*: = zigzag figure in dancing).

-fleurée¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: scum ladle (of dyers). **-goupille**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: pin-driver (conical instrument to clear holes in guns).

chasselas¹⁵ [? village Ch.], *m.*: = (white table-grape).

chasse-marée¹⁵ [*chasser*], *m.*: express coach (to carry fish, oysters, etc., rapidly to interior towns); lugger (coasting boat).

-mouches¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: flybrush.

-neige¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: strong wind; snow-storm; snow-plough. **-pierres**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: guard-irons; cow-catcher; life-guard (of street, or tramcars); piece set in front of car-wheels.

-pointe¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: nail-set; riveting hammer.

chassepot¹⁵ [inventor Ch.], *m.*: = (rifled needle-gun, used by the French till 1871).

chasse-punaise¹¹, *pl.* —, *m.*: bugbane (stinking plant). [*chasse-r*]⁹ [p. L. **captiare* (L. *captare*, snatch at)], *tr.*:

CHASE, pursue; drive away, urge on; impel; *intr.*: hurry, be driven; be spaced too far (type); dance the *chassé* or zigzag.

-rage¹⁰, *f.*: pepperwort (formerly used for rabies). **†-rosse** see *chasseur*. **-rivet**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: RIVET-set. **-rondelle**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: ring-set (for wheel-hubs).

-roue¹⁵, *m.*: spur-post, wheel-guard.

chasseur¹⁰, *m.*: = (hunter, liveried servant, foot-man, light cavalry-man).

chasseuse or **†chasseresse**, *f.*: huntress; *adj.*: *Diana chasseresse*, Diana huntress; *araignée chasseresse*, jumping spider.

chasser-déchasser¹⁵, *m.*: across and back (in dancing *chassé*).

chasser-huit¹⁵, *m.*: execution of the *chassé-croisé*, by four couples.

chas-sie¹² [?], *f.*: eye-wax. **-sieur**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: bleary-eyed.

châssis¹² [-*sser*], *m.*: (printer's) CHASE; frame, casing, sash; matched cardboard (cut similar to another for secret writ-

ing): — *dormant*, sash-frame; — *à fiche*, folding-sash.

chassoir¹⁵ [-sær], *m.*: hoop-driver or set.

chas-te¹¹ [L. *castus*], *adj.*: =, pure: *les* — *sœurs*, the Muses. — **tement**¹¹, *adv.*:

chastely. — **tré**¹¹ [L. *castitas*], *f.*: chastity.

chasu-ble¹¹ [L. *L.* casupula, casula* (L. *casa*, house)], *f.*: = (priestly robe).

-blerie¹⁵ [-blier], *f.*: chasuble-business.

-blier¹², *m.*: chasuble-maker or seller.

chat⁵, **chatte** [p. L. *cattus* (L. *catus*)], *m., f.*: CAT; catkin; grapnel; searcher

(tool to test whether a gun is loaded): *appeler un — un —*, call a spade a spade;

c'est le —, it was the cat (to excuse one's self); — *à neuf queues*, cat-o'-nine-tails;

— *à crinière*, cheetah, hunting leopard of India; — *musqué*, civet cat; — *-cer-*

vier, lynx; *ail-de-—*, snap-dragon (plant); *patte-de-—*, ground ivy; *emporter le —*,

leave on the sly.

châ-taigne¹⁰ [L. *castanea*], *f.*: CHESTNUT (nut; callosity on horse's leg; colour).

-taigneraie¹⁵ [-taignier], *f.*: chestnut-grove. — **-taignier**¹¹, chestnut-tree.

-tain¹⁵, *m. adj.*: chestnut-coloured, auburn.

†chataire = *cataire*.

chat-brûlé¹⁷, *pl. —s-s*, *m.*: pear.

-cerrier¹⁷, *pl. —s-s*, *m.*: Asiatic lynx.

châ-teau¹⁰ [L. *castellum* (castrum, fort)], *m.*: CASTLE; court; elegant house; —

d'avant, fore-castle (on ship); — *de cartes*, card-castle for children; — *d'eau*,

large reservoir; or fountain (with different levels). — **-telain**¹¹, = **-aine**, *m., f.*:

CASTELLAN (occupant or owner of a castle); lord, lady; judge (in name of

lord): *adj.*: *chaîne châtelaine*, string of keys. — **-telé**¹⁵, *adj.*: turreted (coat of

arms). — **-telet**¹¹, *m.*: little castle; court; prison; stanchions (of loom).

-tellenie¹², *f.*: castelry (realm of a castle-lord).

chat-huant¹², *pl. —s-s* [huer], *m.*: screech-owl.

châtïer¹⁰ [L. *castigare*, whip], *tr.*: CASTIGATE; chastise; correct.

châtïère¹² [chat], *f.*: cat-hole; draining-hole; peep-hole; cat-trap.

chatillon¹⁶ [Prov. *-loun*], *m.*: baby-lamprey.

châ-timent¹¹ [-tier], *m.*: CHASTISEMENT.

cha-tolement¹⁵ or **-toiment** [-toyer], *m.*: CHATOYMENT (play of colours, esp. in

minerals). — **-ton**¹² [chat], *m.*: kitten; catkin (on trees).

cha-tonille¹⁵ [? ak. to *-touiller*], *f.*: baby-lamprey. — **-touillement**¹², *m.*:

tickling; prickling. || **-touiller**¹² [? ak. to *chat*], *tr.*: tickle; prickle. — **-toui-**

leur¹², = **-euse**, *adj.*: ticklish; sensitive; delicate.

chato-yant¹⁷, *adj.*: =, lustrous. — **-yer**¹⁷ [chat], *intr.*: changing lustre (like a

cat's eye, according to the light).

chat-pard¹⁶, *pl. —s-s*, *m.*: European lynx.

châ-tré¹⁶, *m.*: (fam.) eunuch. || **-trér**¹⁰ [L. *castrare*], *tr.*: castrate; spay; trim;

mutilate: — *une truie*, spay a sow; — *une ruche*, partly rob a hive; — *une roue*,

shorten the felloes. — **-treur**¹⁴, *m.*: expert gelder.

chat-rochier¹⁵, *pl. —s-s*, *m.*: dog-fish. — **(t)éc**¹⁶, *f.*: litter of kittens. — **-temite**¹²

[? ak. to L. *mitis*, sweet], *f.*: hypocritical, treacherous. — **-ter**¹⁶ [chatte], *intr.*:

kitten. — **-terie**¹⁵ [chat], *f.*: coquetry; dainty. — **-tigre**¹⁷, *pl. —s-s*, *m.*: kind of

wild-cat.

chauche-branche¹⁷, *pl. —[tchaucher]*, *f.*, or *m.*: lever; "branch presser,"

whip-poor-will (which rests lengthwise on a branch). — **-poule**¹⁷, *pl. —, m.*: (dial.)

"hen-presser," hen-hawk.

chau-d¹⁰ [L. *calidus*, hot], *adj.*: warm, hot; ardent; quick, lively; interesting;

m.: heat, warmth; *f.*: fire; temperature; heating: *nouvelle chaude*, fresh

news; *à la chaude*, quickly, at once; *jeu de la main chaude*, (game) hot-hand

(where one guesses who slapped his hand); *battre la chaude*, hammer-heated gold,

etc.; *adv.*: hot; quick. — **-deau**¹¹, *m.*: egg-nog. — **-dement**¹¹, *adv.*: warmly:

être vêtu —, be warmly dressed. — **-deret**¹⁷ or **-dret** [-dière], *m.*: folio for beating

gold-leaf. — **-d-froid**¹⁵, *m.*: delicacies to be eaten cooled. — **-dière**¹⁰ [L. *caldaria*

(calda, hot sc. *agua*, water)], *f.*: CALDRON, boiler; boiler-house (where sailors have

rations cooked); (from the shape), kind of fishnet; part of a lime-kiln. — **-drée**¹²

[-dière], *f.*: †boilerful; batch of silk (for dyeing). † **-dret** = **-deret**, † **-drette**

= **-caudrette**. — **-dron**¹² [-dière], *m.*: little kettle; (fam.) poor piano, etc.

-dronnée¹⁵ [-dron], *f.*: boilerful. — **-dron-**

-nerie¹⁶ [-dronnier], *f.*: boiler business or supplies. — **-dronnier**¹², = **-ière** [-dron],

m., f.: maker, seller of boilers, brass utensils.

chau-ffage¹², *m.*: heating; cramming (for examination). — **chau-ffe**¹⁷, *f.*:

heater; furnace; heating surface. — **-fe-**

-assiettes¹⁵, *pl. —, m.*: plate-warmer. — **-fe-eire**¹⁵, *pl. —, m.*: wax-warmer,

sealer of documents. — **-fe-linge**¹⁷, *pl. —, m.*: clothes-warmer (for bathers).

-fe-lit¹⁴, *pl. —, m.*: warming pan. — **-fe-pieds**¹³, *pl. —, m.*: foot-warmer.

|| **-ffer**¹⁰ [p. L. **calefare*, L. *calefacere*

(calidus, warm, facere, make), *tr.*: heat, warm, CALEFY; *intr.*: grow warm. **-flette**¹³ *f.*: warmer, esp. for feet. **-ferie**¹³ *f.*: CHAFFERY (where iron is reheated and cast in bars). **-feur**¹⁶ *m.*: fire-man, = (robber who tortures with fire). **-fense**¹⁸ *f.*: low chair. **-foir**¹³ *m.*: warming-place; dryer; warmed linen (for the sick). **-fure**¹⁴ *f.*: scaly iron (from too much heating).

chau-four¹³ [chaux, four], *m.*: lime kiln. **-fournier**¹² *m.*: kiln workman.

chau-lage¹⁷ *m.*: liming. **-ler**¹⁷ [irreg. fr. chaux], *tr.*: lime (treat with lime, limewater; whitewash).

chau-mage¹³ [-mer], *m.*: stubbling (clearing off stubble). **-me**¹³ [L. calamus, reed], *m.*: stalk, straw (esp. of wheat, etc., HALM), stubble. **-mer**¹³ *tr.*: clear of stubble; scorch (trunks of live trees with straw to kill them). **-met**¹⁷ *m.*: stubble-hook. **-mière**¹⁸ *f.*: thatched-roofed cottage. **-mine**¹⁶ *f.*: little cottage.

chaune¹⁷ [ʒ], *f.*: tin-clippers (in making pins).

chaus-sant¹² [-ser], *adj.*: easy to put on (as a stocking). **-se**¹³ [p. L. *calcea, L. calceus, shoe (calx, heel)], *f.*: stocking; drawers; pipe, tube (in a privy); strainer-cloth; shoulder-knot (on university gown); mail for the legs (emblem on shield). **-sé**, *adj.*: hav'g the emblem chausse.

chausée¹¹ [p. L. *calciata (sc. via), paved road (L. calx, gravel, limestone)], *f.*: CAUSEWAY, highway, street: rez-de—, level of the street.

chaus-se-pied¹¹, *pl.* — or — *s.*, *m.*: shoe-horn; *faid.* **-ser**¹³ [L. calceare], *tr.*: put on (footwear, stirrup, spurs); fit, adjust: *se — d'une idée*, have an idea fixed stubbornly; — *une rache*, wrap a cow's ankles (when she is tired); — *une arbre*, wrap a tree; *se faire —*, have shoes made; (fam.) *cela me chausse*, that just suits me. **-setier**¹³ [-sette], *m.*: thosier. **-se-trape**¹², *pl.* —, *f.*: foot-snare (for foxes, etc.). **-sette**¹¹ [-set], *f.*: sock, short stocking. **-son**¹¹ [-se], *m.*: oversock (extra sock to prevent slipping in games, or on ice; esp. with a flat sole); foot-fight (cf. *savate*); dumping. **-sure**¹¹, *f.*: footwear, esp., of leather.

chauve¹³ [L. calvus], *adj.*: bald, CALVOUS. **-souris**¹⁷, *f.*: bat (animal). **-té**¹⁴, *f.*: baldness, CALVITIES.

chau-vin¹³ [overzealous admirer of Napoleon, Nicolas CH.], *m.*: =, jingo, bigoted patriot. **-vinisme**¹³, *m.*: chauvinism, blind patriotism.

chauvuir¹² [ak. to chouette], *intr.*: — *les oreilles*, prick up the ears.

chaux¹³ [L. calx, limestone], *f.*: lime: — *hydraté*, quicklime; *être bâti à — et à sable*, be strongly built.

chavirer¹⁷ [Prov. capvirar, (lit.) turn head, go headlong], *intr.*: CAPSIZE, upset; stagger; shift (ropes).

chibec¹⁷ [It. sciabeco], *m.*: XEBEC (Mediterranean three-master, often pirate ship).

che-f¹³ [L. caput], *m.*: †head; front end; CHIEF, leader, first; personal right; count, charge (in law); heading. **-d'oenvre**¹², *pl.* — *s.*, *m.*: =, masterpiece. **-fecier**¹³ = *-vecier*. **-ferie**¹³, *f.*: territory under an officer of engineering corps; office (of such). **-f-lieux**¹³, *pl.* — *s.*, *m.*: chief, town, county seat. **-ché-gros**¹³ [chef, gros], *m.*: waxed end (of shoemaker's thread).

cheik¹² -dyk [Ar., (lit.) old man], *m.*: Arab chief.

cheiroptères¹⁷ kèy. [Gr. cheir, hand, ptéron, wing], *m. pl.*: bat-family.

chelem¹³ [Eng. slam], *m.*: faire le —, take all tricks, SLAM an opponent (at cards).

chélidoine¹² [L. -donia (sc. herba, or gemma), swallow-plant, or gem (Gr. -dón, swallow)], *f.*: celandine (swallow-wort, poppy-plant); swallow-stone (kind of agate; petite —, pilewort).

chelonien¹³ [Gr. -lône, turtle], *m. pl.*: turtle-family.

chêmer¹⁵ [It. scemar-si (ak. to L. semi-, half) lit. reduce one's self half], *refl.*: pine away.

chemin¹³ [p. L. *caminus (Celt.)], *m.*: way (route; course); track; path; strip of carpet; — *de l'école*, roundabout way; *couper —*, put a stop to; — *de la croix*, way of the cross (sufferings, or pictures of the fourteen pains of Christ on Calvary); (fam.) *aller son petit bonhomme de —*, jog on one's way; — *de Saint-Jacques*, milky way.

cheminée¹¹ [p. L. *camināta (L. caminus, fireplace)], *f.*: fireplace, CHIMNEY; mantle-piece; smoke-stack; pipe; gulch: *se chauffer à la — du roi René*, warm one's self in the sun; *corps de —*, smoke-stack.

cheminement¹⁴, *m.*: marching; approaching, progress (in sieges). **-ner**¹¹ [-min], *intr.*: march; approach, progress (in besieging).

chemise¹³ [p. L. camisia (? Celt.)], *f.*: =; shirt; covering; envelope; layer (of mortar on a wall, etc.): — *de changement*, canvas (laid to heap grain on in a ship's hull); *mettre en —*, reduce to a

shirt (i.e. ruin). -**serie**¹⁸ [-sier], *f.*: shirt business, or factory. -**sette**¹², *f.*: =: dicky. -**sier**¹⁸, -**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: shirt-maker, or seller.

chémosis¹⁷ [L., Gr. (Gr. *chême*, hole)], *m.*: = (eye disease).

chêne¹² [*chêne*], *f.*: oak grove.

chenal¹² [L. *canalis*], *m.*: CANAL, CHANNEL; mill-race; eaves-trough.

chenapan¹⁷ [Ger. *schnapphahn* (lit. catchcock, i.e. chicken thief)], *m.*: (fam.) good-for-nothing.

chêne¹¹ [p. L. **cazanum*, of Gallic orig.], *m.*: oak. **ché-neau**¹⁴ [? ak. to *chêne*, not to *chenal*], *m.*: eaves-trough, gutter.

-**neau**¹⁸, *m.*: young oak.

chênet¹² [*chien*], *m.*: andiron, firedog; jack (for curving ship-timber).

chê-neteau¹⁵ [-ne], *m.*: young oak. -**nette**¹⁸, *f.*: germander, wood-sage.

chêne-nevière¹² [*chêneve*, old for *chênevre*], *f.*: HEMPfield. -**nevis**¹² [OFr. *chêneve*, HEMP], *m.*: hempseed. -**nevotte**¹⁴ [OFr. *chêneve*], *f.*: hemp-straw. -**nevotter**¹⁷ [-nevotte], *intr.*: shoot up weak sprouts.

chénit¹⁵ [*chien*], *m.*: dog-house, KENNEL; hunter's lodge. || -**nille**¹² [*chien*], *f.*: (lit. little dog from shape of the head); caterpillar; = (fabric); helmet-crest.

-**nilère**¹⁴, *f.*: nest of worms. -**nillette**¹⁷, *f.*: (vulg.) bean-plant.

chénopo-de¹⁸ [Gr. *chên*, goose, *poûs*, foot], *m.*: pig-weed, CHENOPodium, all-good. -**dées**¹⁸, *f. pl.*: chenopodiaceae, goosefoot family.

chenu¹² [p. L. *canutus* (L. *canus*, hoary)], *adj.*: †gray (from age); white (with snow, foam); (pop.) choice (wine, etc.).

cheptel¹² [L. L. *capitale*], *m.*: CATTLE-contract; cattle-lease; cattle of a lease.

chèque¹⁸ [Eng. *check*], *m.*: negotiable draft; CHECK.

chère¹², -**ère** [L. *cārus*], *adj.*: dear; costly. 1. †**cherche** = *cerce*.

2. †**cher-che**¹², *f.*: (dial.) search. -**ché**¹⁸, *adj.*: artificial. -**che-fiche**¹⁶, or -**pointe**, *m.*: (locksmith's) square punch, searcher. || -**cher**¹² [p. L. *circāre*, go in a circle], *tr.*: SEARCH for, seek; — *à* (with inf.), try to. -**cheur**¹⁸, -**euse**, *m. f.*: SEARCHER, seeker.

chère¹² [p. L. *cara*, Gr. *kára*, head], *f.*: †face; CHEER, mood.

chèrement¹⁰ [*chère*, dear], *adv.*: dearly.

chérif¹⁵ [Ar. *charif*, (lit.) famous], *m.*: =, SHERIF (descendent of Mohammed; prince).

ch-érir¹¹ [*cher*], *tr.*: CHERISH. -**éris-sable**¹⁶, *adj.*: lovable. -**erté**¹¹ [*cher*], *f.*: expensiveness.

chérubin¹⁰ [Heb. *-bim* (pl. of *-b*), angels], *m.*: cherub.

chervis¹⁵ [for *carvi* (Sp. *cherivia*)], *m.*: skirret, water parsnip.

ché-tif¹², -**ive** [L. *captivus*, captive], *adj.*: †prisoner; wretched, CAITIFF.

-**tivement**¹¹, *adv.*: basely, meanly.

chétodon¹⁷ [Gr. *chaitte*, hair, mane, *odon*, tooth], *m.*: = (fish of the chetodontidae family).

chêtron¹⁵ [? for *chatron* fr. OHG. *chasto*, CHEST. cf. Sp. NMex. dial. *catron*, 'bull-dog', i.e. 'box-headed dog' if the words are akin], *m.*: till (of a chest).

chevage¹⁷ [-ver], *m.*: rounding (of glass).

cheva¹⁹, *pl.* -**aux** [L. *caballus*, pack-horse, nag], *m.*: horse; rack; horse-power: *à* —, on horseback; *loger à* —, lodge the people (who come) horseback; *à* — *donné on ne regarde pas la bride*, = don't look a gift-horse in the mouth; *changer son — borgne contre un arcueil*, make a bad trade; *cela ne se trouve dans le pas d'un —*, that is as rare as hen's teeth; — *de frise*, (= *Frise*, Friesland, where first used), *cheval-de-frise* (fort. piece of timber traversed with iron-pointed spikes, spiked fence); rack; — *simulé*, stalking horse; — *de bât*, pack-horse, drudge; — *sous la main*, off-horse; — *de gauche*, near-horse; — *entier*, stallion; — *à une main*, horse for driving, but not for riding (or vice versa); *être bon — de trompette*, be surprised at nothing; *réponse à* —, rude answer; *il n'est si bon — il ne devienne rose*, no horse is so good he may not become a plug (age weakens all); *le — fondu*, game of leap-frog; — *du Cap*, quagga; — *cerf*, gnu; — *marin*, walrus.

lement¹⁸ [-ler], *m.*: bracing (of a structure). -**ler**¹⁴, *intr.*: rack, pace (of a horse); *tr.*: watch (pace back and forth after one); brace, prop. -**leres-que**¹⁶ [-lier, infl. by It. *cavalleresco*], *adj.*: knightly. -**lerie**¹⁰ [-lier], *f.*: knighthood; CHIVALRY. -**let**¹², *m.*: horse (wooden support for clothes, for harness; frame for punishing; rack; saw-buck; easel; roller; bar on which the sheet-traveller slides; jack-stay; prop; bridge (of violins, etc.); rod (to train retrievers).

-lier¹⁰, *m.*: =; CAVALIER; knight; (often used in irony): — *de l'aune*, knight of the yardstick; — *du lustre*, hired applauders (who sit under the chandelier); green-shank (bird); *ombre* —, certain fish. -**lière**¹⁶ [-lier], *f.*: (fam.) knight's wife; ring with a set. -**lin**¹⁵, -**ine**, *adj.*: equine, CHEVALINE.

chevance¹² [-vir], *f.*: =, property.

chevanne¹² [? *chev*], *f.*: CHEVEN, CHUB (cf. *barboteau*).

cheval-ehée¹¹, *f.*: thorservice; cavalry service (due a feudal lord) or pay instead.
-ehement¹², *m.*: thorseback-riding; overlapping. || **-cher**¹³ [p. L. *caballicare* (*caballus*, horse)], *intr.*: tride (horseback); *tr.*: — une femme, cohabit with a woman; overlap. **-léger**¹⁵ [fr. pl. *chevaux-legers*], *m.*: horseman (of the king's guard).
chevêche¹² [ak. to *†chavan*, *chat-huant*], *f.*: sparrow-owl.
cheveciel¹² [fr. old form of *chevet*], *m.*: church warden, dean.
cheve-lé¹⁵, *sheu* [*cheveu*], *adj.*: hav'g hair (of a distinct colour, on a shield); hav'g roots. **-lu**¹¹ [*cheveu*], *adj.*: long-haired, hairy. **-lure**¹⁰ [*cheveu*], *f.*: head of hair; scalp; tail (of a comet).
chever⁹ [L. *capire* (*cavus*, hollow)], *tr.*: make concave.
chevet⁹ [L. *capitulum*, hole for the head in a garment], *m.*: = (polygonal east end of a church); head (of a bed); bolster, pillow; prop; fender.
chevé-tre⁹ [L. *capistrum*], *m.*: thalter; bandage; binding-joist. **-trier**¹⁵, *m.*: pivot-rest.
chevon⁹, *pl.* — *α* [L. *capillus*, hair], *m.*: hair (of persons): *en* —, bareheaded; *fendre un — en quatre*, split hairs; — *du diable*, — *de Vénus*, etc. (plant names).
che-ville⁹ [L. *clavicula* (*clavis*, key)], *f.*: pin, bolt; ankle; key (to violin, etc.); skewer (for meat); plug; spike; bung: — *ouvrière*, king-bolt (of wagons); *autant de trous, autant de —s*, so many holes, so many plugs (have answer for every argument); *en* —, neither first nor last. **-vilé**¹⁵, *adj.*: antlered; pinch-shouldered (horse). 1. **-viller**¹¹, *tr.*: bolt; pin; plug; pad out (lines for sake of meter, without adequate sense). 2. **-viller** = **-villier**. **-villette**¹², *f.*: little pin or plug; peg; (*dial.*) fire-wood. **-villier**¹¹, *m.*: peg-box, handle (of violins, etc.); horse *en cheville* (i.e. in tandem, or single file between two). **-villos**¹², *m.*: wooden pin. **-villos**¹⁵, *m.*: belaying-pin (on ships). **-villos**¹⁵, *f.*: antlers (after the first prong).
chevir⁹ [p. L. **capire* (L. *capere*, take)], *intr.*: manage.
ch-èvre⁹ [L. *capra*], *f.*: goat, esp. she-goat; (hoisting) crane; lever (for wagons); sawback: (*fam.*) *prendre la —*, get angry quick; *où là — est liée, il faut bien qu'elle y broule*, the goat must eat where she's lariatied (one must adjust one's self). **-evreau**¹², *m.*: kid. **†-evrefeuil**⁹ or **-evrefeuille** [L. *caprifolium*, goat-leaf], *m.*: honeysuckle. **-èvre-pied**¹⁵, *adj.*: goat-footed; *m.*: satyr. **-evrette**¹², *f.*:

†kid; (*dial.*) *†bag-pipe*; net (for the hair); (*vulg.*) crayfish (from its jumping motions); doe; tripod; fire-dog.
-evreuil¹⁰ [L. *capreolus*, little goat], *m.*: roe-deer. **-evrier**¹², **-ière**, *m.*: *f.*: goat-herder. **-evrillard**¹⁷ [**-reuil**], *m.*: roe-deer fawn. **-evron**¹², *m.*: rafter; = (bands on shield; stripe on a coat-sleeve). **-evronné**¹² [**-ron**], *adj.*: hav'g CHEVRONS. **-evrotant**¹⁵ [**-roter**], *m.*: *†kidding*; trembling. **-evroter**¹⁵, *intr.*: *†kid* (drop young); be irritable; sing or talk tremulously. **-evotin**¹², *m.*: fawn (of roe); CHEVBOTAIN; goat-leather. **-evrotine**¹⁷ [**-rotin**], *f.*: buck-shot.
ches⁹ [L. *casa*, hut], *prep.*: at, or to, or in the house or country of: — *lui*, at his house; home; — *nous*, at our house, with us; at home; *porter la guerre — l'ennemi*, carry the war into the enemy's country; — *les Anglais*, amongst the English, in England; *je viens de — lui*, I come from his house; *m.*: *le — soi*, home; interior of a house.
chiaoux¹⁵ [Turk.], *m.*: Sultan's messenger or envoy.
chiasse¹⁵ [*chier*], *f.*: fly-specks, insect dung; dross (from molten metals): *ce n'est que de la —*, it's mere trash.
chibouque¹⁵ [Turk.], *f.*: = or CHIBOUK, pipe.
chie¹⁵ [abbreviation of *chicane*, infl. by Sp. *chico*, small], *m.*: = (trick, knack, nattiness): *ce chapeau a du —*, hat is becoming; *un tableau fait de —*, picture made off-hand, without a model.
chieambaut¹⁵ [?], *m.*: bumpkin, boom-kin (of ship).
chica-ne¹⁵, *f.*: = (sophistry in conduct), quibble; trumped-up lawsuit or quarrel; *†certain tennis term: gens de —*, petti-foggers; *chercher — à quelqu'un*, try to pick a quarrel. || **-ner**¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: CHICANE, quibble, pretend fairness; *tr.*: overreach, CHICANE with; argue, dispute (a matter); — *le vent*, hug the wind, sail close to the wind. **-nerie**¹⁴, *f.*: chicanery. **-neur**¹⁴, **-ense**, *m.*: quibbler, shuffler. **-nier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *m.*: *f.*: caviller.
1. **chiehe**¹² [L. *cicer*], *m.*: CHICK pea.
2. **chi-che**¹¹ [? ak. to Sp. *chico*, small], *adj.*: scanty, stingy: — *récompense*, poor return; *il n'est festin que de gens —s*, the niggardly entertain royally (when they once get at it). **-chement**¹⁵, *adv.*: miserly, close. **†-cheté**¹⁷, *f.*: closeness.
†chicou¹⁷ [?], *m.*: Roman lettuce.
chico-ra-cées¹⁵, *f. pl.*: CHICORY family. **-rée**¹⁴ [It. *cicorea*, L. *cichorium*], *f.*: chicory, endive.

chi-cot¹⁵ [ʔ], m.: stump (of tree, tooth, limb). **-coter**¹⁵, intr.: dispute over trifles.

chicotin¹⁴ [Island Socotra], m.: *amer comme —*, bitter as aloe juice, as bitter-apple.

chie-gn-lit¹⁵ or **chienlit** [chier], m., f.: (*qui cacat in lecto*, hence:) one with shirt-tail out; masquerader (in fantastic array).

chien, **-ienne** [L. *canis*], m., f.: dog (animal); shrewcart; constellation; cock of a gun, etc.; names given fr. resemblance in shape or habits); — *barbet*, spaniel; — *basset*, badger-dog, terrier; — *couchant*, setter; — *de bois*, raccoon; — *d'arrêt*, pointer; *le — de Jean de Nivelle*, i.e. a dog that runs away when you call him; *entre — et loup*, at dusk; *ne pas attacher ses —s avec des saucisses*, not to tie one's dogs with sausages (i.e. be miserly); *bon — chasse de race*, it will tell in the blood; *un — regarde bien un évêque*, a dog watches (suspects) a bishop; *je lui garde un — de ma chienne*, I am keeping a pup of my bitch for him (will be revenged sometime); *c'est Saint Roch et son chien*, the two are inseparable; *jeter sa langue aux —s*, give it up (riddle). **chiendent**¹⁵, m.: couch-grass; *voilà le —*, there's the rub. **chiennée**¹⁶, f.: litter of pups, brood. **chiennier**¹⁴, intr.: pup; whelp.

chier¹⁶ [L. *cadere*], intr.: void dung. **chif-fe**¹⁶ [ʔ ak. to Eng. *chip*], f.: rag, poor stuff. **-fon**¹⁶, m.: =; rag; frippery; doll duds; scrap. **-fonné**¹⁷ [-*fonner*], adj.: *minois* —, saucy pretty face.

-fonner¹⁶ [-*fon*], tr.: rumple; muss; intr.: dress. **-fonnier**¹⁶, **-ière** [-*fon*], m., f.: = (rag-picker; bureau).

chif-fre¹² [L. *cyfrum* fr. Ar. *siṣr*, zero], m.: figure; CIPHER; = (in music); character (of secret correspondence), figurative language, parable; initial. **-frer**¹⁵, intr.: figure, CIPHER; tr.: number; count; write in cipher. **-freur**¹⁶ [-*frer*], m.: calculator.

chignon¹⁶ [p. L. **catēnio* (catēna, CHAIN)], m.: = (mass of back-hair in a roll); *nape of the neck.

chimère¹² [L. *-māra*, Gr. *-māira*], f.: CHIMERA, fancied monster; delusion. **-mérique**¹⁶, adj.: CHIMERICAL, fantastic.

chi-mie¹⁵ [L. *-mia* (cf. *alchimie*) of unc. orig.], f.: chemistry. **-mique**¹⁵, adj.: chemical. **-miquement**¹⁷ [-*mi-que*], adv.: chemically. **-miste**¹⁵, m.: CHEMIST.

chimoiné¹⁵ [ʔ], m.: imitation marble. **chimpanzé**¹⁷ [native Congo word], m.: chimpanzee.

chi-na¹⁶ [China], m.: china-root, smilax.

-nage¹⁸ [-*ner*], m.: colouring (working in of colours); tinting.

chineche¹⁷ [Sp. (L. *cimez*, bug)], m.: Brazilian skunk. **-chilla** [Sp.], m.: = (Peruvian rodent or its fur).

Chine, f.: China.

chiner¹⁷ [country China], tr.: work colours into; work a pattern into.

chinfreineau¹⁵ [chanfrein], m.: gash, thump.

chi-nois¹⁷, **-oise** [country China], m., f., or adj.: Chinese (person; oranges; wares).

-noiserie¹⁵, f.: Chinese thing, curio; nonsense; pl.: red tape.

chiourme¹⁵ or **chiorme** [It. *ciurma* fr. Gr. *kéleurma*, song of oarsmen], f.: crew of a galley; squad of convicts.

chipage¹⁷ [1.-per], m.: Danish process of tanning.

chipeau¹⁷ [ʔ], m.: gadwall (duck).

1. **chiper**¹⁴ [ʔ], tr.: tan by Danish process.

2. **chi-per**¹⁵ [ʔ ak. to Eng. *chip*], tr.: (fam.) crib, hook (steal). **-pie**¹⁵ [ʔ -*poter*], f.: (fam.) prude, pert girl (cf. Eng. *chippy*).

chipolata¹⁷ [It. *cipollata* (cipolla, onion)], m. or f.: kind of stew.

chipolin¹⁷ [ʔ same as *cipolin*], m.: dis-temper (painting).

chipo-tage¹⁶, m.: pattering; haggling.

||-ter¹⁴ [OFr. *chipe*, rag], intr.: tinnice, nibble (eat daintily); dally; haggle; contend over trifles. **-tier**¹⁷, **-ière**, m., f.: trifler; hair-splitter.

1. **chique**¹⁶ [ʔ scarcely ak. to *chie*], f.: t-marlle to play with; quid (of tobacco); scanty cocoon, or silk from it.

2. **chique**¹⁶ [ʔ], f.: CHICOE, JIGGER, CHIGRE.

chiquenande¹⁵ [ʔ], f.: snap, flip.

chi-quer¹⁵ [-*que*, quid], tr.: chew; (pop.) eat. **-quet**¹⁶ or **†-quette** [-*queter*], m., f.: t-morsel, drib; wad (of wool). **-quet**¹⁴ [ʔ], tr.: shred; spot, stripe, vein (marble in painting); ridge.

chir- [Gr. *cheir*, hand]. 1. **-agre**¹⁵ [L. *-agra*, Gr. *cheiragra* (*agra*, seizure)], f.: chiragra, gout of the hands. 2. **-agre**¹⁵, m., f.: gout-patient. **-ographaire**¹⁵ [L. *-o-grapharius* (Gr. *gráphein*, write)], adj.: in writing, by manuscript. **-ographe**¹¹ [L. *-ographum*, Gr. *-graphon* (*gráphein*, write)], m.: chirograph (document with autograph signature; voucher for debt; charter from the pope or a prince).

-ologie¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, word], f.: (rare) chi-rology, sign language, t-omance¹⁵ or **-omancie** [L. *-omantia*, l. Gr. *cheiro-manteia* (Gr. *manteia*, divination)], f.: chiromancy, palmistry. **-omancien**¹⁵, **-ienne** [-*omancie*], m., f.: hand fortune-teller. **-urgical**¹⁵ [L. *-urgicalis*], adj.; **SURGICAL**, **-urgie**¹¹ [L. *-urgia*,

Gr. *cheirourgia* (érgon, work), *f.*: SURGERY. -**urgien**¹¹ [-urgie], *m.*: surgeon. -**urgique**¹⁵ [L. -urgicus], *adj.*: surgical.

†**chiste** = *kyate*.

chigre¹⁵ [chier], *f.*: fly-specks.

chlamyde¹⁷ [L. -mys, Gr. -mús], *f.*: chlamys (short classic mantle); priestly cope.

chlo-ral¹⁵, *m.*: = (soporific drug). -**ranthie**¹⁵ [Gr. *ánthos*, flower], *f.*: chloranth, transformation (into leaves) of various organs of a plant. -**rate**¹⁵, *m.*: =.

chlo-re¹⁵ [Gr. *chlorós*, green], *m.*: CHLORINE (chemical element). -**reux**¹⁵, *adj.*: hav'g CHLORINE. -**hydrate**¹⁵, *m.*: hydrochlorate. -**hydrique**¹⁵, *adj.*: hydrochloric. -**rique**¹⁵, *adj.*: chloric.

rite¹⁵, *m.*: = (the chemical salt). -**ro-forme**¹⁵ (abbrev. for *formique*), *m.*: chloroform (anesthetic). -**roformer**¹⁵, or †**ro-formiser** [†*reforme*], *tr.*: chloroform.

rophyll¹⁵ [Gr. *phýllon*, leaf], *f.*: chlorophyll (colouring matter of leaves). -**rose**¹⁵ [L. *L. rosia*], *f.*: chlorosis, greensickness of young woman. -**rotique**¹⁵ [L. *L. roticus*, fr. Gr. *chlorótes*, green colour], *adj.*: hav'g, or of green-sickness. -**rure**¹⁵, *m.*: chloride.

choc¹⁵ [-quer], *m.*: shock (blow; collision, surprise).

chocola-t¹⁵ [Sp. -te], *m.*: chocolate. -**tier**¹⁷, *m.*: maker, or seller of chocolate. -**tière**¹⁵, *f.*: pot for chocolate.

chœur¹⁵ = *au* = *eu* [L. *chorus*, Gr. *chorós*], *m.*: CHOIR; CHORUS.

†**choir**¹⁵ [L. *cadere*, fall], *irr. §*; *intr.*: fall.

§ Occurs only in Pr. Ind.: *je choisis, tu choisis, il choisit*. — Part.: *chu* (with *être*) and *inf.*

choi-sir¹⁰ [ak. to Ger. *kosten* (L. *gustare*), taste], *tr.*: CHOOSE. **choi-x**¹¹, *m.*: CHOICE; selection; option; best part.

cholé-doque¹⁵ [Gr. -*dóchos* (*cholé*, bile, *décheisthai*, receive)], *adj.*: canal —, bile duct to the duodenum. -**ra**¹⁵, or **coléra** [L., Gr.], *f.*: cholera. -**rine**¹⁵, or **colérine**, *f.*: =, violent diarrhoea. -**rique**¹⁵, or **colérique** [L. -ricus], *adj.*: of, or hav'g cholera.

choliamb¹⁵ [L. -bus, Gr. -bos (lit. limping iambic)], *m.*: choliamb, seazon (kind of meter).

chô-mable¹⁵, *adj.*: jour —, holiday. -**mage**¹⁵, *m.*: vacation, suspension (of work), standstill: *le — des canaux*, time of low water. -**mer**¹⁵ [p. L. **caumdre*, rest during heat (Gr. *kaúma*, heat)], *intr.*: suspend work, lay off; lie idle; lie fallow.

chondrologie¹⁷ [Gr. *chondros*, cartilage, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: chondrology, treatise on the anatomy of cartilages.

cho-pe¹⁵ [Ger. *schoppen*], *f.*: beer-glass.

||-**pine**¹² [Ger. *schoppen*], *f.*: half-bottle (of wine); strainer, perforated pump-cylinder (on ship-pumps to keep out trash but let water through to valve). -**pinet**¹⁴, *intr.*: keep drinking chopines.

-**pinette**¹⁴, *f.*: little glass; sucker (at the strainer).

†**chopper**¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *schieben*, shove], *intr.*: stumble.

choquant¹⁵ [-quer], *adj.*: SHOCKING. **choque**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: stamper (hatter's tool). **choquer**¹² [?], *tr.*: SHOCK, bump; surprise.

†**choquetage** = *souchetage*. **cho-r**... [Gr. *choréa*, dance]: -**raïque**¹⁷ [1.-rée, infl. by *trochaïque*], *adj.*: having trochees. -**ral**¹⁵ [L. -rus], *adj.*: = (to be sung in a choir). 1.-**rée**¹⁷ [L. -reus, Gr. -reios], *m.*: foot of one long and one short (trochee, —). 2.-**rée**¹⁵ [L. -rea], *f.*: chorea, St. Vitus' dance.

-**roge**¹⁴ [Gr. -regós], *m.*: choragus (chorus, or band-leader). -**régie**¹⁵ [Gr. -regia], *f.*: office or expenses of CHORAGUS. -**rographe**¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: choreograph (composer or manager of a ballet). -**rographie**¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: art of dancing, choreography. -**rographique**¹⁵ [-régaphie], *adj.*: art of dancing.

chorévêque¹⁵ [L. *L. -repiscopus* (*chóra*, country, and *cf. évêque*)], *m.*: chorepiscopus, assistant bishop; dean.

chori-ambe¹⁷ [L. -ambus], *m.*: choriamb (foot of a choree and an iambus, — — —). -**ambique**¹⁵ [L. -ambicus], *adj.*: choriambic.

chorion¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: = (membrane enclosing the foetus).

choriste¹⁵ [L. *L. -sta*], *m.*: chorus-singer. **chorogra-phié**¹⁵ [L., Gr. -phia (Gr. *chóra*, country, *gráphein*, write)], *f.*: chorography, description of land. -**phique**¹⁵ [Gr. -phikós], *adj.*: of chorography.

choroïde¹⁵ [Gr. -reidés (*chórion*, fetus sack, *eidos*, form)], *adj.*: choroid, chorion-like.

chorus¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (music refrain): *faire —*, join in, chime in.

cho-se¹⁵ [L. *causa*, CAUSE], *f.*: thing, object; fact; affair; business: (*fam.*) so and so, *flotsam*; case (at law); — *de pure forme*, matter of course; *monsieur —*, Mr. what-do-you-call-him; *quelque —*, something, anything, somebody; *devenir —*, become somebody, amount to something; *grand —*, something great; (*fam.*) *un pas grand —*, one of little importance; *je suis trop peu de —*, I am too insignificant. -**sette**¹⁵, *f.*: (*fam.*) little thing. -**sier**¹⁵, *m.*: (*humor.*) *il y a bien des choses dans un*

—, there are lots of things in the world (that you will understand later).

chott¹⁸ [Ar., (lit.) river-bank], *m.*: salty lagoon.

1. chou¹⁸, *pl.* — *x* [L. *caulis* or *cōlis*, stalk], *m.*: cabbage; rounded knot; cake (cabbage-shaped); *planter ses* — *x*, retire to the country (quit business or profession); *il s'y entend comme à ramer des* — *x*, he knows how to stake cabbages (i.e. he doesn't know anything about it). The word *chou* is often used in phrases in sense of "an ax to grind": *faire ses* — *x* *gras de quelqu'un*, use anyone for one's own ends; feather one's nest; *il a été trouvé dans un* —, his antecedents are unknown; *ménager la chèvre et le* —, exploit two who are out with each other; manage the fox and the geese at once; *revenir à ses* — *x*, return to the subject, to return to our muttons; *faire* — *blanc*, draw a blank (in lottery); *tout au travers des* — *x*, right across things, pell-mell.

2. chou¹⁷ [?], *interj.*: seek 'em! (to set a dog on); — *là*, hunt 'em up! —, *pille*, at him!

chou-an [L. *L. cavannus*], *m.*: brown owl; royalist (during French revolution). — **an-nerie**¹⁸, *f.*: =, revolt of royalists. || — **art**¹⁷ [Ofr. *choe* (OHG. *kawa*), owl], *m.*: white owl.

choucas¹⁸ [Germ. *c chouch*], *m.*: CHOUGH (crow).

choucroute¹⁸ [Ger. *bauer-kraut*], *f.*: SOUCCROUT.

1. chouette¹¹ [Ofr. *choe* (OHG. *kawa*)], *f.*: owl; Athenian coin (with an owl sacred to Minerva); night moth.

2. chouette¹⁸ [?], *adj.*: (slang) admirable.

chou-fleur¹⁸, *pl.* — *x-s* [infl. by It. *cauli-flori*], *m.*: cauliflower.

chou-pille¹⁸, *pl.* — [2. *chou*, *pille*, I've of piller], *m.*: hunting dog (that hunts only when there is a gun along).

chouquet¹⁸ [*-que* dial. for *souche*], *m.*: wire-drawer's bat; cap (for a mast).

chou-rave¹⁸, *pl.* — *x-s*, *m.*: turnip-cabbage.

choyer¹⁸ [?], *tr.*: fondle; guard.

chrême¹¹ [L. *chrisma*; Gr. *chrisma*], *m.*: chrism (holy oil); character. — **chrêmeau**¹⁸, *m.*: confirmation cap, baptismal cap.

chrestomathie¹⁸ [Gr. *-theia* (*chrestós*, useful, *mdthein*, learn)], *f.*: chrestomathy (easy selections for learning a language).

chré-tien⁹, — **ienne** [L. *christianus*], *adj.*: CHRISTIAN. — **tiennement**¹⁸, *adv.*: like a Christian. — **tiéité**¹⁸, *f.*: Christianity (people): *marcher sur la* —, walk barefooted.

†chrie¹⁷ [L. *chria*], *f.*: chria (essay on some famous event).

Christ⁹, or — *st* silent in *Jésus-Christ* [L. *-tus* (Gr. *-tos*, "annointed," transl. of Heb. *māshiah*, messiah)], *m.*: Christ.

chrisme¹⁴ [Gr. *chrēthmos*], *f.*: — *mariné*, sea-fennel (plant).

christianisme¹⁴ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *-mos*], *m.*: religion Christianity.

chro-mate¹⁷, *m.*: = (the chemical salt).

-matique¹⁸ [L. *-maticus*, Gr. *-matikós*], *adj.*: chromatic (hav'g colour; proceeding by semi-tones); *f.*: la —, colouring, blending of colours. || **chro-me**¹⁷ [Gr. *chrōma*, skin; colour], *m.*: = (pigment).

-mique¹⁷, *adj.*: chronic. — **-molithographie**¹⁸ [lithographie], *f.*: chromolithography, process of stone-engraving in colours.

chron... [Gr. *chrōnos*, time]: — **-ité**¹⁸ [*-ique*], *f.*: chronicity, permanent nature of a disease. 1. **-ique**¹⁸ [L. *-icus*], *adj.*: CHRONIC, lasting, returning from time to time. 2. **-ique**¹⁸ [L. *-ica* (pl.)], chronicles, records; *f.*: historical account, chronicle.

-iqueur¹⁸, *m.*: historian, chronicler; paragonist. — **-ogramme**¹⁷ [Gr. *grámma*, letter], *m.*: chronogram (writing in which the letters express a date in Roman numerals). — **-ographie**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: recorder; chronograph (instrument to measure minute intervals of time). — **-ologie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-ologia*], *f.*: chronology. — **-ologique**¹⁸ [*-ologie*], *adj.*: chronological. — **-ologiquement**¹⁸ [*-ologique*], *adv.*: in order of time. — **-ogiste**¹⁸ [*-ologie*], *m.*: chronologist.

†ologue¹⁸ [Gr. *-olōgos*], *m.*: authority on dates. — **-omètre**¹⁷ [Gr. *mētron*, measure], *m.*: chronometer. — **-oscope**¹⁷ [Gr. *skopein*, inspect], *m.*: = (to measure minute intervals of time).

chrys... [Gr. *chrysos*, gold]: — **-alide**¹⁷ [L. *-allis*], *f.*: chrysalis, pupa of an insect. — **-anthème**¹⁸ [L. *-anthemon*, Gr. *chrusanthemon* (*anthemon*, flower)], *m.*: chrysanthemum (shrub). — **-ocale**¹⁸, or better **-ochalque** [Gr. *chalkos*, copper], *m.*: pinchbeck (alloy of zinc and copper).

-ocolle¹⁸ [L. *-ocolla*, Gr. *chrusokolla* (*kolla*, glue)], *f.*: borax, mountain green.

-ocome¹⁸ [L. *fr.* Gr. *chrusokōme* (*kōme*, hair)], *f.*: goldenhair (plant). — **-olithe**¹¹ [L. *-solithos*, Gr. *chrusolithos* (*lithos*, stone)], *f.*: chrysolite; topaz. — **-oprase**¹¹ [L. *-oprasos*, Gr. *chrusophrasos* (*práson*, leek)], *f.*: = (leek-green and golden precious stone).

†chu-eheter, — **cheteur** = *choter*, etc.

-chiffement¹⁸ [*†chiffer* same as *choter*], *m.*: pretended whispering. — **-chotage**¹⁸, *m.*: whispered conversation. — **chotz**

ment¹⁶ *m.*: whispering. **||-choter**¹⁸ or **†-chuter** [echoic], *intr.*, *tr.* (*fam.*) whisper. **-choterie**¹⁷, *f.*: conversation in whispers. **-choteur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: whisperer.

chuintant¹⁸, *adj.*: hav'g palatal sibilant sound, like *zh*. **-temment**¹⁸, *m.*: hooting. **||-ter**¹⁸ [echoic], *intr.*: hoot (as owls); give the *zh*-sound (e.g. with *ch, j*).

chut¹⁸ [echoic], *interj.*: hist! hush! *m.*: *les -s de parlerre*, call for silence from the *parterre*.

chu-te¹⁸ [choir], *f.*: =, fall; water-fall; failure; decline; close; *mur de -*, wall below a certain lock (in a canal). **-ter**¹⁸, *intr.*: (*pop.*) fizzle, fail.

2.chuter¹⁸ [chut], *intr.*: hiss (for silence); *tr.*: hiss at (an actor).

chy-le²³ [*L. -los*, *Gr. chylós*, juice], *m.*: = (secretion of the lacteals of the small intestines). **-lifère**¹⁷ [*L. ferre*, bear], *adj.*: carrying chyle. **-lification**¹⁶ [*L. facere*, make], *f.*: = (formation of chyle).

chyme¹⁴ [*L. -mos*, *Gr. chymós*, fluid of the body], *m.*: = (solution of food ready to leave the stomach).

1.ei¹⁰ [for *ici*], *adv.*: here; now: *cet homme-ci*, this (here) man; *ces jours-ci*, these days; *ci-après*, later; farther down.

2.ei¹⁸ [for *ceci*], *pron.*: (*fam.*) this: *comme -*, *comme ça*, so-so, half and half.

eibaudière¹⁷ [*?*], *f.*: mullet-seine.

eible¹⁰ [*Ger. scheibe*, disk], *f.*: target.

ciboire¹¹ [*L. L. -borium* (*Gr. kibóron*, cup)], *m.*: ciborium (vessel for the eucharist; altar cupboard; altar itself; pyx cloth).

eibou-le¹² [*Prov. cebola*, *L. capulla*], *f.*: cimet (Welsh onion; shallot). **-lette**¹⁰, *f.*: (*vulg.*) CHIVE (kind of leek).

cica-trice¹² [*L. -triz*], *f.*: CICATRIX, scar. **-trisation**¹² [*-triser*], *f.*: = (healing of a wound).

-triser¹⁸ [*L. -tricare*], *tr.*: cicatrise, close up a wound; scar.

cicéro¹⁴ [*Cicero*], *m.*: pica (type; the first edition of Cicero in this type).

ciceroles¹⁵ [*L. cicér*], *f.*: (*vulg.*) CHICK pea.

cicé-roné¹⁷ [*It. for L. Cicero*: name given in jest to guides in Italy], *m.*: =. **-ronien**¹⁸, **-ienne** [*L. -rontianus*], *adj.*: Ciceronian (like Cicero's style).

cicindèle¹⁷ [*L. -la* (*eandela*, candle) glow-worm], *f.*: tiger-beetle or any of CICINDELIDAE.

†cicisbée = *zigisbée*.

cicutaire¹⁸ [*L. -la*], *f.*: CICUTA, cowbane; American water hemlock, etc. (poisonous plants).

cidre⁹ [*L. sicera*, *Gr. síkera* (*fr. Heb. shékár*, strong drink)], *m.*: cider.

ciel⁹ *pl.* cf. below [*L. cælum*], *m.*: sky

(air, climate); heaven (upper abode); tester (canopy); ceiling; top; *pl.*: *cieux*, skies, heavens; *ciels*, artificial skies (as in pictures, etc.); clime; testers: *juste -*; good Heavens! *être au septième -*, be in bliss, enraptured; *d - ouvert*, with open top, uncovered; in the open air.

cierge⁹ [*L. cēreus*, waxen (*cēra*, wax)], *m.*: large wax taper: *- pascal*, taper blessed on Easter-eve; *il doit un beau -*, he ought to be thankful; *- du Pérou*, Peruvian torch-thistle; *- d'eau*, jet of water; *- de Notre-Dame*, mullen plant.

cigale¹⁸ [*Prov. -la* (*L. cicada*)], *f.*: cicada, locust; cricket; fluke (of anchors, grappels, etc.).

ci-gare¹⁷ [*Sp. -rro*], *m.*: cigar. **-garotte**¹⁸, *f.*: = (little cigar). **-garière**¹⁷, *f.*: woman cigar-maker.

cigo-gne¹¹ [*L. ciconia*], *f.*: stork; bent lever; winch; crank (to turn grindstone, etc.): *contes de la -*, fairy stories. **-gneau**¹¹, *m.*: young stork.

cigué¹¹ [*L. cicuta*], *f.*: hemlock.

ei-l⁹ old *pron. eil* [*L. -lium*], *m.*: eyelash; fringe, filaments (on certain plants).

-liaire¹⁰ [*L. -lium*], *adj.*: hav'g fringe.

cilice¹⁴ [*L. -cium*, cloak of the Cilicia (Asia Minor) goat], *m.*: = (coarse hair-cloth shirt for penitents).

ei-lié¹⁷ [*L. -liatus*], *adj.*: ciliated, hav'g lashes. **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: winking.

||-lér¹¹ [*eil*], *tr.*: wink; SEEL (falcons); *intr.*: un cheval qui (*se*) cille, horse whose eyebrows turn gray.

cimaise¹¹ or **†cymaise** [*L. cymatium* (*Gr. kúma*, wave)], *f.*: CYMA, ogee (of a column), any cap molding: un *tableau posé sur la -*, picture set even with the eyes.

†cimbalaire = *cymbalaire*.

cime⁹ [*L. cyma*, *Gr. kúma*, cabbage stalk], *f.*: top, summit: cyme.

ciment⁹ [*L. camentum*, stone chip (*caedere*, cut)], *m.*: cement. **-ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: cement, unite.

ciméterre¹⁸ [*It. schimitarra fr. Pers.*], *m.*: SIMITAR, sabre.

cimetiére¹¹ [*L. L. cœmeterium*, *Gr. koimētérion*, sleeping chamber, burial place (*koimáin*, sleep)], *m.*: CEMETERY.

cimicaire¹⁷ [*L. -mez*, bug], *f.*: bugbane.

1.cimier¹² [*-me*], *m.*: crest.

2.cimier¹¹ [*? ak. to aîn*, sound], *m.*: rump (of deer, ox).

cimolée¹⁸ [*L. -lia*, *Gr. kimolí*], *f.*: CIMOLITE

(earth fr. the island CIMOLUS); cutler's dust.

cinnabre¹² [*L. cinnabaris*, *Gr. kinnábari*], CINNIBAR (sulphide of mercury).

cincenelle¹⁰ [*? L. cincinatus*, *Gr. kikin-*

nos, curl], *f.*: boat-rope, cable.

cinchonine¹⁸ [L. L. -chona, Peruvian bark, QUININE], *f.* =.

cinéma-tique¹⁸ [Gr. *kinematikós* (kinema, movement), *adj.*: kinematic; *f.*: kinematics (theory of motion). -**tographe**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: cinematograph, machine to show motion pictures.

cinéraire¹⁷ [L. -rarius (cinis, ashes)], *adj.*: urne —, funeral urn; *f.*: South African aster (of the CINERARIA shrubs).

1. **einglage**¹⁸ [-ler, sail], *m.*: one day's sailing.

2. **ein-glage**¹⁸, *m.*: shingling, blooming (of metals). 1. -**gler**¹⁸ [L. -gulum, (-gere, gird) thong, strap], *tr.*: lash; chalk (with a line); SHINGLE (metals).

2. **eingler**¹⁸ [Skand. *sigla*], *intr.*: SAIL (as ship, or swan).

cinna-me¹², or -**mome** [L. -mum, -mum fr. Gr.], *m.*: CINNAMON (spice).

cin-q. before cons. **cin-q** [L. *quinque*], *m.*: five; *indecl. adj.*: fifth. -**quantaine**¹⁸ [-quante], *f.*: group of fifty, about fifty. -**quante**¹⁸ [L. *quingenta*], *indecl. m.*: fifty; *adj.*: fiftieth. -**quantenier**¹² [-quantaine], *m.*: commander of fifty men. -**quantième**¹⁸ [-quante], *adj.*: fiftieth; *m.*: fiftieth part.

† **cinquenelle**¹⁸ [for *cincentelle*], *f.*: boat-rope (to bind pontoon boats).

cinquie-me¹¹ [cing], *adj.*: fifth; *m.*: a fifth part. -**mement**¹⁸, *adv.*: fifthly.

† **cin-trage** = **ceintrage**. **cin-tre**¹², *m.*: arch; semicircle; dome; centre (support of arch while building); *plein* —, arch of exactly half a circle; — *surbaissé*, elliptical arch (the long way); — *surmonté*, elliptical arch (the short way, with short axis). -**trer**¹⁸ [for *ceintrer*], *tr.*: arch, curve.

ciontat¹⁷ [place C. in south of France], *m.*: = (variety of grapes).

cipaye¹⁸ [Eng. *sepoy* fr. Pers.], *m.*: sepoy (Indian soldier in English service).

cipolin¹⁷ [It. *Ulini* (-lla, onion)], *m.*: = (impure Italian marble with wavy lines of green).

cippe¹⁷ [L. -ppus], *m.*: cippus (stone pillar as boundary mark, or tombstone).

cirage¹⁸ [-rer], *m.*: waxing; blacking (for boots); camaieu painting (on yellow background).

circaète¹⁸ [Gr. *kirkos*, falcon, *aetós*, eagle], *m.*: short-toed eagle.

cir-écé¹⁸ [L. -cæa, bewitching (fr. enchantress Circe)], *f.*: nightshade (poisonous plant).

cir-compolaire¹⁷ [L. -cum, around, *polus*, pole], *adj.*: circumpolar.

circon- [L. *circum*, around]: -**cire**¹¹ [L. *circumcidere*, cut around (*caedere*, cut)], *irr.* § *tr.*: CIRCUMCISE. -**cis**¹⁶, *m.*:

Jew. -**cision**¹¹ [L. *circumcisio*], *f.*: circumcision. -**férence**¹² [L. *circumferentia* (ferre, carry)], *f.*: circumference; distance around. -**flexe**¹⁸ [L. *circumflexus* (flectere, bend)], *adj.*: accent —, circumflex accent (as over *e* in *être*).

-**locution**¹⁸ [L. *circumlocutio* (loqui, talk)], *f.*: circumlocution, indirect or roundabout expression. -**scription**¹⁸ [L. *circumscriptio* (scribere, write)], *f.*: circumscription (inclosing with a figure); district. -**scrire**¹⁸ [L. *scribere*, write)], *irr.* (cf. *écrire*); *tr.*: CIRCUMSCRIBE, write or draw around; limit. -**spect**¹⁸ [L. *spicere*, look], *adj.*: circumspect, prudent. -**spection**¹⁸ [L. -*spicere*, look], *f.*: circumspection, caution. -**stance**¹² [L. *stare*, stand], *f.*: circumstance, incident; condition. -**stanciel**¹⁷, -**elle** [-stance], *adj.*: expressing time, place or manner (grammar term). -**stancier**¹⁸ [-stance], *tr.*: state in detail, give particulars of. -**vallation**¹⁸ [L. *vallum*, wall], *f.*: circumvallation. -**venir**¹⁸ [L. *venire*, come], *tr.*: surround; circumvent. -**vention**¹² [L. *circumventio*], *f.*: circumvention, trickery. -**voisin**¹⁸ [L. *circumvicinus* (L. *vicinus*, neighbour)], *adj.*: neighbouring, surrounding. -**volution**¹² [L. *circum-volutus*, rolled up], *f.*: circumvolution (winding; rotation).

§ Ind.: Pr. *circum-cis*. Ipl. -*cisais*. Pret. -*cis*. Fut. (Cond.) -*ciraïs*. — Subj.: Pr. -*cisse*. Ipl. -*cisse*. — I've -*cis*. — Part.: Pr. -*cisant*; P. -*cii*.

circuit¹⁸ [L. -cuius (circum, around, ire, go)], *m.*: =; circuitous way: *cour de* —, circuit court.

circu-laïre¹⁸ [L. -laris, little circle], *adj.*: circular, of a circle; *m.*: turn, once around (of bandage); *f.*: letter (sent to several): *folie* —, periodic madness; *nombre* —, whose powers end in the figure of the root (as 6, 36, 216, etc.). -**laïrement**¹⁸, *adv.*: in circles. -**lant**¹⁷ [-ler], *adj.*: in circulation. † **lateur**¹⁸ [-ler], *m.*: circulator (charlatan who speaks to a circle of men about him; believer in the theory of the circulation of the blood). -**lation**¹⁸ [L. -latio], *f.*: =; traffic; currency; †revolution (of a heavenly body). -**latoïre**¹⁸ [L. -lato-ris], *adj.*: circulatory. -**ler**¹⁸ [L. -lare], *intr.*: †revolve; move in a circle; circulate.

circumnavigation¹⁸ [L. -cumnavi-gatio], *f.*: =.

cî-re [L. *cera*], *f.*: wax (of bees, of the ears, etc.); wax candle; light; sealing wax; seal; CERE (wax-like membrane of bird's beak): *ils sont égaux comme des* —, as though from the same mould.

- rer**¹¹, *tr.*: wax; varnish; polish, black (shoes): *toile cirée*, oil-cloth. **-reur**¹² [-*rer*], *m.*: waxer; (esp.) bootblack.
- rier**¹¹, *m.*: chandler; wax-tree; bayberry; tallow-shrub. **-rière**¹¹, *f.*: wax-bee. **-roène**¹² [L. *ceroneus*, waxen], *m.*: wax-plaster.
- ciron**¹² [for **siron*, OHG. *siuro*], *m.*: mite (of cheese, flour, etc.).
- cirque**¹² [L. *-rcus*], *m.*: circus; amphitheatre; CIRCULAR plateau surrounded by mountains.
- cir-re**¹² [L. *-rrus*, tuft], *m.*: CIRRUS (tendrils; tentacle; barbule; antenna).
- ripède**¹² [L. *pes*, foot], *m.*: one of the cirripedia (sub-class of crustaceans).
- †**cirsakas** = *sirsakas*.
- cirse**¹⁷ [L. *-sion*, Gr. *kirsion*], *f.*: horse-thistle.
- cirsoïde**¹⁶ [Gr. *kirsakê* (*kirsas*, dilated vein, *kêle*, tumor)], *f.*: =, varicocoele.
- cirure**¹⁶ [-*rer*], *f.*: waxing, coat of wax.
- cis-**, **cis-** before *row*. [L. 'this side'], *adv.*: (used in comp. only, as) *cisalpin*, *cis-alpine*.
- ci-saille**¹⁶, *f.*: parings (of metal).
- sailler**¹⁴ [-*sailler*], *tr.*: pare, clip; flute (linen). **-saillies**¹² [fr. root of *-seau*], *f. pl.*: shears (for metals).
- [-seau]**¹⁶, *pl.* — *z* [p. L. **ciacellum* (L. *caesum*, cutting)], *m.*: CHISEL: — *à froid*, with blunt edge (to open boxes); *pl.*: scissors. **-seler**¹², *tr.*: CHISEL, sculpture; shear (velvet for fancy-work).
- selet**¹⁴, *m.*: little chisel. **-seneur**¹² [-*seler*], *m.*: sculptor. **-seure**¹² [-*seler*], *f.*: sculpture (art or object). **-soir**¹⁶ [fr. root of *-seau*], *m.*: graver, goldsmith's chisel. **-soires**¹⁶ [fr. root of *-seau*], *f. pl.*: bench-shears.
- cis-se**¹² [L. *-sos*, Gr. *kissô*, ivy], *m.*: ivy-grape, wild grape, etc. **-soïde**¹⁷ [Gr. *kisso-cidês*, ivy-like], *f.*: CISSOID (certain geometrical curve).
- cis-te**¹⁶ [L. *-tos*, Gr. *kistos*], *m.*: CISTUS (rock-rose shrub).
- ciste**¹⁷ [L. *-ta*, Gr. *kiste*, basket], *f.*: cist (casket in the Eleusinian processions).
- cistre**¹⁵ [It. *citara* under infl. of *sistre*], *m.*: ZITHER, kind of GUITAR.
- cita-delle**¹⁴ [It. *-della* (*città*, town)], *f.*: citadel, fortress to protect a town.
- din**¹², **-ine** [It. *cittadino*], *m., f.*: town inhabitant, CITIZEN; *f.*: hackney-coach.
- cita-teur**¹⁷ [citer], *m.*: (rare) quoter.
- tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (summons; quotation).
- cité**¹² [L. *civitas*, state], *f.*: body of citizens; city.
- citer**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: CITE (summon); quote; mention.
- citérien**¹⁴ [L. *-terior*, of this side],

adj.: nearer, hither: *l'Inde — e*, hither India.

citer-ne¹¹ [L. *cisterna*], *f.*: cistern: — *flottante*, tank boat. **-neau**¹⁷, *m.*: little cistern.

citeur¹⁶, **-euse** [-*ter*], *m., f.*: citer, quoter.

cithare¹² [L. *-ra*, Gr. *kithara*], *f.*: CITHERN.

citoyen¹¹, **-enne** [cité], *m., f.*: CITIZEN.

ci-trate¹⁷ [L. *-trus*, lemon], *m.*: — (the chemical salt), **-trin**¹¹, **-ine** [L. *-trinus*], *adj.*: lemon-coloured. **-trique**¹⁷ [L. *-trus*], *adj.*: citric. **[-tron]**¹² [L. *-trus*], *m.*: =.

-tronné¹⁶, *adj.*: hav'g citron juice. **-tronnelle**¹⁶, *f.*: balm (mint), ground-cypress (named for their fragrance); citron drink. **-tronnier**¹⁶, *m.*: citron-tree. **-tronille**¹² [It. *-truolo* (citron, citron)], *f.*: gourd, pumpkin.

civadière¹⁶ [Prov. *-ra* (*civada*, oats) as though a bag of oats], *f.*: bowsprit-sail.

ci-ve¹⁶ [L. *capa*, onion], *f.*: CHIVE. **-vet**¹², *m.*: jugged rabbit (dish of wine and chives). **1.-vette**¹⁵, *f.*: chive-garlic (of various kinds).

2.civette¹⁴ [Ar. *zabad*, musk], *f.*: civet (the musk; civet cat).

civière¹² [p. L. **cibaria*, food carrier (L. *cibus*, food)], *f.*: handbarrow; rope to a sprit-sail.

civi-l¹² [L. *-lis* (*civis*, citizen)], *adj.*: =: *mort — e*, forfeiture of rights. **-le-**

ment¹², *adv.*: civilly; politely. **-li-**

teur¹², **-trice** [-*li-*], *adj.*: civilizing; *m.*: le — *de la Russie*, Peter the Great.

-li- **sation**¹⁷ [-*li-*], *f.*: =. **-li-** **ser**¹⁶, *tr.*: civilise. **-lité**¹² [L. *-litas*, politeness], *f.*: civility, courtesy. **-que**¹⁶ [L. *-cus*], *adj.*: civic; of a citizen. **-sme**¹⁷ [L. *civis*, citizen], *m.*: civism (devotion to the government).

clabau-d¹⁵ [? ak. to Ger. *klapp*, clap], *m.*: ranger (dog that bays much, has flopping ears, hence) liar (dog); babler:

chapeau en —, slouch hat, with flopping rim. **-dage**¹⁵ [-*der*], *m.*: barking;

brawling. **-der**¹⁵, *intr.*: bark hard, or at nothing; (fam.) trail at; *tr.*: to proclaim, extol (in order to sell). **-derie**¹⁶ [-*der*], *f.*: denouncing, outcry (against a person). **-deur**¹⁵, **-euse** [-*der*], *m., f.*: brawler; Barker.

claie¹¹ [L. **cleta*, fr. Celt.], *f.*: hurdle, wattle; sieve; screen; bow-net.

†**clain** = *clîn*.

clai-r¹⁶, **-aire** [L. *clarus*], *adj.*: CLEAR; transparent; limpid; weak (of soup, tea, etc.); plain, simple (to understand);

m.: clearness (of sky); light; *dépêche en —*, in ordinary language (not in cipher); *f.*: CLARIFYING boiler (for sugar);

cupel (for gold); oyster reservoir; *adv.*: clearly; *parler clair* *et net*, speak right out plain. -**rage**¹⁸ [-reer], *m.*: decolouring (of sugar). -**ree**¹⁷ [-reer], *f.*: finings (syrup used in decolouring crystallised sugar). -**reer**¹⁸ [clair infl. by *éclaircir*], *tr.*: decolour (sugar), whiten. -**re**, see *f.* under *clair*. -**rement**¹⁴, *adv.*: clearly. -**ret**¹¹, -**ette**, *adj.*: rather clear; coarsely meshed; *m.*: claret (wine); (too pale) precious stone; coarse mesh (of a seine); *f.*: lamb's lettuce, corn salad; disease (of silkworms, that makes worm transparent). -**re-voie**¹⁶, *pl.* -**s-s**, *f.*: grating; frame, door, etc., made of lattice-work, wire, netting, etc.: *panier* *à* —, basket not closely made; *toile* *à* —, coarsely woven cloth; *semer* *à* —, sow grain thin. -**rière**¹⁶, *f.*: thin grove; thin place (in cloth); clear (water between ice cakes at sea). -**r-obscur**¹⁶, *pl.* -**s-s**, *m.*: clare-obscure; light and shade. -**ron**¹⁴, *m.*: bugle, clarion; bugler; torch (for fishing); cornet register (of organs). -**rsemé**¹¹ [-semer], *adj.*: thin-sown; scattering, sparse. -**rvoiance**¹⁵ [-rvoiant], *f.*: clear perception; shrewdness. -**rvoyant**¹² [voyant, part. of *voir*, see], *adj.*: clear-sighted; shrewd.

cla-meur⁹ [L. -mor], *f.*: clamour, cry; outcry. -**meur**¹³, -**ense** [L. -mosus, full of clamour], *adj.*: noisy, clamorous.

clamp¹⁵ or **clan** [Norse *klampi*, cramp-iron], *m.*: clamp; cramp-iron; sheave; sheave-hole (mortise); stretcher, frame (of parchment maker).

clampin¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (*fam.*) tail-man, hind-man.

1. **clan** = **clamp**.

2. **clan**¹⁷ [Gael. *clann*], *m.*: = (tribe; clique).

clandes-tin¹³, -**ine** [L. -tinus (*clam*, secretly, *dies*, day, *adj.* ending *tinus*)], *adj.*: clandestine, secret; *f.*: coralwort (plant). -**tinement**¹³, *adv.*: secretly. -**tinité**¹⁶, *f.*: secrecy.

cla-pet¹⁵ [Ger. *Klappe*], *m.*: clapper, valve. -**pier**¹³ [ak. to Ger. *klappen*, clatter, and *klaffen*, brawl; gape], *m.*: openings, holes, burrows of rabbits; warren, rabbit-hutch; deep-seated sore.

1. -**pir**¹⁷ [ak. to Ger. *klappen*, cry out], *intr.*: cry (as rabbits). 2. -**pir**¹⁷ [fr. root of *-pier*], *reflex.*: *se* —, take to its burrow, flee. -**potage**¹⁷ [-poter], *m.*: splashing.

-**poter**¹⁸ [Ger. root *klapp*], *intr.*: splash, be choppy. -**poteur**¹⁷, -**ense** [-poter], *adj.*: splashing, sugar-loaf. -**potis**¹⁵ [-poter], *m.*: noise (of choppy water).

-**ppement**¹⁸ [-pper], *m.*: popping (of the tongue). -**pper**¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *klappen*], *intr.*: cluck, click, pop (with the tongue).

cla-que¹³, *f.*: slap, clap (of the hands); = (hired applauders); overshoe; clog; *m.*: theatre hat, crush hat. -**que-bois**¹⁶, *m.*: wooden harmonica. -**que-dent**¹⁴, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: beggar (whose teeth chatter). -**quement**¹⁶, *m.*: chattering; clapping. -**quemure**¹⁶ [old *à claque-mur*, 'butt wall'], *tr.*: imprison, immitte. -**que-orille**¹⁶, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: (*fam.*) slouch-hat (with a broad brim that knocks the ears). 1. -**quer**¹⁵ [echoic], *intr.*: clap; chatter (as teeth with cold); snap; crack (as a whip); *tr.*: slap; (*fam.*) applaud. 2. -**quer**¹⁸ [-que], *tr.*: fit with clogs. -**quet**¹⁴, *m.*: clock (that shakes hopper in mill). -**quette**¹⁵, *f.*: rattle; knocker; gabbler (prattler); musical instrument (sounds like whip). -**queur**¹⁸, *m.*: hired applauder.

† **cla-rière** = **clairière**. -**rification**¹⁵, *f.*: = (making a liquor clear). -**rifier**¹⁵ [L. -rificare (*clarus*, clear, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: clarify; †glorify. -**rinc**¹⁶ [clair], *f.*: bell (on neck of goat, etc.). -**rinette**¹⁷ [-rine], *f.*: = (wind instrument). -**rté**⁹ [L. -ritas, clearness], *f.*: light (of sun); torch; transparency; plainness, manifestness, truth, †knowledge.

clas-se¹³ [L. -sis], *f.*: class (in all senses): *faire la* —, give instruction; *suivre la* —, take a certain study. -**sement**¹⁷ [-ser], *m.*: grouping. -**ser**¹⁷, *tr.*: class, classify. -**sification**¹⁷ *cla-* [as though fr. L.], *f.*: =, order. -**sique**¹⁶ *cla-* [L. -sicus], *adj.*: classic.

† **clatir**¹⁶ [glatir infl. by *clapir*, yelp], *intr.*: bay.

clau-de¹⁷ [Emperor *Claudius*], *m.*: (*fam.*) †simpleton; *adj.*: weak-minded.

claudi-cation¹² [L. -catio (*claudus*, lame)], *f.*: limping.

clau-se [L. L. -sa for L. -sula (-dere, close)], *f.*: =, section (of law). †-**soir** = *clo-soir*. -**stral**¹⁴ [L. L. -stralis (-strum, CLOISTER)], *adj.*: =, monastic, of a convent.

cla-vaire¹⁸ [L. L. -varia (L. *clava*, club)], *f.*: club-top (mushroom). 1. -**veau**¹⁸ [clef, infl. by L. *clavis*, key], *m.*: keystone (centre-stone of an arch).

2. -**claveau**¹⁸ [L. -vellus (-vus, nail)], *m.*: scab, rot (in sheep).

clave-cin¹⁴ [L. L. *clavicymbalum* (L. *clavis*, key, *cymbalum*, cymbal)], *m.*: harpsichord. -**ciniste**¹⁶, *m.*: harp-player.

cla-velé¹⁴ [-veau, scab], *adj.*: scabby. -**velée**¹⁴ [-veau, scab], *f.*: rot (of sheep).

clavette¹¹ [clef infl. by L. *clavis*], *f.*: key bolt; cotter pin; collar-pin.

clavicorne¹⁸ [L. *clava*, club, *cornu*, horn],

adj.: hav'g clublike antennæ; m. pl.: les —s, CLAVICORNIA, group of beetles.

clavicu-le¹⁵ [L. -la, little key], f.: clavicle, collar-bone. -**le**¹⁸, adj.: hav'g clavicles.

clavier¹³ [claf, infl. by L. clavis, key], m.: turn-key; †key-ring; key-board (of stringed instruments); register (of voice, piano, etc.).

clavi-gère¹⁸ [L. -ger, club-bearer], m.: clavier (insect). -**palpe**¹⁸ [L. clava, club, Fr. palpe], adj.: hav'g antennæ CLOVATE and compressed; m. pl.: les —s, the claviculipalpi (family of insects).

cla-yère¹⁸ [claiè], f.: oyster-bed or park (fenced off by hurdles fr. the sea). -**yet-te**¹⁸ [claiè], f.: basket of mushrooms.

claymore¹⁸ [Eng. fr. Gael. claidheamh, sword, mor, large], f.: = (heavy two-handed broadsword).

cla-yon¹⁸ [claiè], m.: little hurdle, grate (to drain cheese, etc.). -**yonnage**¹⁷, m.: wicker, wattling, hurdling (to prevent undermining by water).

clef⁹, or **clé**¹⁸ [L. clavis], f.: key (in all senses): (fam.) mettre la — sous la porte, leave on the sly; prendre la — des champs, escape and be at large.

clématite¹⁸ [L. -titis, Gr. klematitis (klēma, brittle twig, vine; fr. klēin, break)], f.: clematis (woody climbing plant).

clé-mence¹⁸ [L. -mentia], f.: clemency (mildness in a judge or ruler). -**ment**¹⁴ [L. -mens], adj.: clement, mild.

clenche¹² or **clenchette** [Ger. klinken, CLINK, snap], f.: door-handle; thumb-latch.

clephte¹⁸ or **klephte** [mod. Gr. klēphthes, (lit.) robber], m.: klepht (one of the mountaineers who resisted Turkish rule for centuries).

clepsydre¹³ [L. -dra, Gr. klepsidra (klēpsēin, steal, hūdōr, water)], f.: clepsydra (water-clock).

cl-erc [l. L. -ericus, Gr. klerikós, clergyman (klēros, lot)], m.: †divinity student; ecclesiastic; †scholar, learned man; CLERK, assistant; student (with lawyers). -**ergé**⁹ [l. L. -ericatum], m.: clergy. -**ergeon**¹², lawyer's junior clerk. -**ergie**¹¹, f.: scholarship of a CLERGYMAN; the seven studies (for the ministry); clergy. -**érical**¹⁸ [l. L. -ericalis], adj.: =, of the clergy.

-**éricalment**¹⁸ [-erical], adv.: like clergy. -**éricature**¹⁴ [l. L. -ericatura], f.: student life (for ministry).

cli-chage¹⁸, m.: stereotyping. -**ché**¹⁸, m.: stereotype-plate; negative; (fam.) stereotyped expression, platitude. †-**cher**¹⁷ [ak. to -queter], tr.: stereotype. -**cheur**¹⁸, m.: stereotyper.

clien-t¹⁵, **cliente** [L. cliens], m., f.: †plebeian dependent; client (esp. at law); patron. -**tele**¹⁶ [L. -tela], f.: = (body of vassals, dependents or patrons).

clifoire¹⁶ [for clique-foire, l'ves of OFr. cliquer, click, and Fr. foirer], f.: squirt-gun.

cli-gnement¹², m.: squinting; winking. -**gne-musette**¹⁴ [l'ves of -gner, and musser], f.: hide-and-seek (game). †-**gne**⁹ [p. L. -climāre (L. -nāre), incline], tr.: †bat (the eye); intr.: wink.

-**gnotant**¹⁸ [-gnoter], adj.: nictitating (as the lateral eyelid of birds, crocodiles, etc.). -**gnotement**¹⁶ [-gnoter], m.: winking; nictitating. -**gnoter**¹⁶, intr.: wink often. -**mat**¹⁸ [L. -ma, Gr. klīma (lit. incline, slope ac. to the sun)], m.: climate; climate. 1. -**matérique**¹⁸ [L. -mactericus, Gr. klimakterikós (klimaktēr, ladder)], adj.: climacteric, critical. 2. -**matérique**¹⁸ [-mat], adj.: of the climate. -**matologie**¹⁸ [-mat, Gr. lōgos, speech], f.: CLIMATOLOGY, study of climates. -**matologique**¹⁸ [-matologie], adj.: climatological. 1. **cljn**¹¹ [OFr. -ner], m.: †slant, slope, clincher-work (fastening of ship ropes); bevel (of barrel staves). 2. **cljn**¹⁸, m.: wink. -**namen**¹⁸ [L.], m.: = (oblique motion of objects).

†**clincaille**, etc. = quincaille, etc.

clinfoc¹⁸ [Ger. klein Fock, small jib], m.: flying-jib (sail).

clini-que¹⁶ [L. -cus, Gr. klinikós (klīne, bed)], adj.: clinic (by bedside; f.: bedside lecture).

clinqnant¹⁴ [OFr. -quer, CLINK], m.: tinsel; Dutch gold.

cli-quart¹⁸ [OFr. -quer, CLINK (cf. Ger. klingen, ring)], m.: (Portland) building stone. -**que**¹³ [OFr. -quer, be noisy], f.: = (set, party, gang). -**quet**¹⁸ [OFr. -quer, rattle], m.: †clank (of millhopper); †catch (of lock); pawl (of ratchet-wheel), click. †-**queter**¹² [OFr. -quer, make noise, rattle], intr.: (fam.) jingle (as iron, money or glass), CLACK, clack, clank. -**quetis**¹⁸, m.: jingle, tinkling. -**quette**¹⁴ [OFr. -quer, rattle], f.: bones (to play with), castanets; sinker (pierced stone to weight down a seine).

clis-se¹¹ [éclisse], f.: wicker. -**ser**¹⁸, tr.: plait with wicker work, wicker.

clitoris¹⁶ [Gr. kleitoris (kleleīn, CLOSE)], m.: =.

cli-vage¹⁷, m.: cleavage (of diamonds, crystals). †-**ver**¹⁷ [Ger. klieben], tr.: CLEAVE (crystals, etc.).

cloaque¹⁸ [L. cloaca], m.: cloaca; sewer; privy.

cloche¹⁸ [l. L. -cca], f.: bell; (fr. shape): vase; glass cover; receiver; corolla; cup

(for blistering): — à *plonger*, diving-bell; *se sauver à la — de bois*, escape by the wooden bell, i.e. furtively.

clo-ehement¹⁵, *m.*: limping. **-che-pied**¹⁵, in adv'l expression à —, by hops. 1. **-che-p**¹⁵ [p. L. **ppicare*], *intr.*: †(fam.) limp; hobble.

2. **clo-cher**¹⁵ [-che], *m.*: bell-tower; steeple; parish: *course au —*, steeple-chase. **-cheton**¹⁵, *m.*: turret. **-chette**¹¹ [-che], *f.*: little bell; corolla.

cloi-son¹¹ [p. L. *clausio* (L. *clausus*, shutting)], *f.*: partition; septum; =: — *étanche*, bulk-head; — *de briques*, nogging (bricks in a frame wall). **-sonnage**¹⁵, *m.*: wainscoting; partitioning; (by anal.) enameling with wire patterns. **-sonné**¹⁷, *adj.*: =, enameled (with flat wire).

cloi-tre¹¹ [L. L. *claustrum* (L. *claudere*, CLOSE)], *m.*: cloister (covered walk, arcade; monastery); dormitory (for ecclesiastics). **-trer**¹⁵, *tr.*: cloister, seclude. †**-trier**¹¹, **-ière**, *m., f.*: cloisterer (monk, nun).

clo-pin-clopant¹⁵ [part. of OFr. *cloper*, hobble], *adv.*: on one foot, hobbling. **-piner**¹⁵ [OFr. *-pin*, lame], *intr.*: (fam.) limp, hobble.

cloporte¹² [? L. *porca*, sow], *m.*: wood-louse, sow-bug.

cloque¹⁷ [dial. for *cloche*], *f.*: blister; blight of leaves, esp. of peach.

clo-re¹⁵ [L. *claudere*, close], *defect. §*; *tr.*: close, shut; end: à *huis clos*, with closed doors, secretly; *être clos et couvert*, be well housed; *lettre close*, sealed letter, esp. order of the king; a thing not understood. **clo-s**¹¹, *m.*: close, enclosure. **clo-seau**¹⁵ [clos], *m.*: little yard, or enclosure. **clo-serie**¹⁴ [clos], *f.*: (dial.) little farm; finishing (of a willow basket). **clo-soir**¹⁵, *m.*: keystone (closing the arch); moulding plank (in laying cement); (basket maker's) wicker tool.

§ Ind.: Pr. *clos*, *clot*, *clôt*, no *pl.* Fut. (Cond.) *clorais*, etc. — Subj.: Pr. *close*. — Part.: P. *clos*.

†**closement**, etc. = *gloussement*, etc.

clo-stre¹⁵ [L. *claustrum* or *clostrum*, bar, lock], *m.*: baluster (of pottery). †**clo-toir** = *closoir*. **clô-ture**¹⁵ [p. L. **clausura* for *clausura*, infl. by *claustrum*, lock], *f.*: enclosure; grating or fence (about a cloister or a choir); seclusion; conclusion, close, end: *la sainte —*, the church (as separated fr. the world). **clô-turer**¹⁵, *tr.*: conclude, close.

clou¹⁵ [L. *clavus*], *m.*: nail (for fastening); (pop.) pawnshop (where pledges hang on nails); police quarters (where one is detained); (recent. fam.) chief attraction;

CLOVE, bud; sore (cf. *claveau*): — (*de rue*), nail-sore (of hoof); *river son —*, clinch his nail, i.e. reduce him to silence; *cela ne vaut pas un —*, that isn't worth a straw. **-er**¹¹, *tr.*: nail fast; pierce, transfix; fix. **-et**¹², *m.*: little nail; oakum chisel. †**-ière** = *cloutière*. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: stud with nails (to adorn). †**-tère** = *-tière*. **-terie**¹⁵ [-tier], *f.*: nail business. **-tier**¹², *m.*: nailer (maker; seller). **-tière**¹⁴, *f.*: nail-bore, heading-tool (mould); nail-anvil; nail-box. †**-vière** = *-tière*.

clovisse¹⁵ [Prov. *clauvisso* (*claire*, shut, CLOSE)], *f.*: clam (mussel), wrinkle.

clown¹⁵ *cloun* [Eng.], *m.*: =.

cløyère¹⁷ [OFr. *cloie*, hurdle], *f.*: (twenty-five dozen) oyster-basket.

clu-b¹⁷ [Eng.], *m.*: =. **-biste**¹⁷, *m.*: club man.

cluse¹⁵ [dial. fr. *clore*], *f.*: break, pass (in a range where mountains on each side come down to the plain).

cly-soir¹⁵ [fr. root *clys-*], *m.*: clyster-pipe. **-sopompe**¹⁵ [fr. root *clys-*], *m.*: injector pump. **-stère**¹² [L. *-ster*, Gr. *klustér* (*klûzein*, wash)], *m.*: enema, clyster.

cnémide¹⁷ [Gr. *knemis* (*knême*, lower leg)], *f.*: greave.

co- [L. *cum*, with]: **-accusé**¹⁷, **-é**, *m.*, *f.*: fellow-culprit. **-acquereur**¹⁵, *m.*: joint-purchaser. **-actif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-activus* (L. *cogere*, compel)], *adj.*: compulsory. **-action**¹² [L. *-actio*], *f.*: =, compulsion. **-adjuteur**¹², **-trice** [L. *L. adjutor*], *m., f.*: coadjutor (assistant to prelate; monk or nun under superior). **-adjutorerie**¹⁵ [-adjuteur], *f.*: coadjutorship. **-aguable**¹⁵ [-aguler], *adj.*: =. **-agulation**¹⁵ [-aguler], *f.*: =. **-aguler**¹² [-agulare], *tr.*: coagulate, clot, congeal, curdle (as milk, blood, etc., by heat, cold, chemicals, etc.). **-agulum**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =, clot; coagulant. **-alition**¹⁵ [L. *-alitus*, allied (-*alescere*, unite)], *f.*: = (voluntary union, esp. against common enemy).

coaltar¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: =, tar obtained fr. coal.

coas-sement¹⁵, *m.*: croaking (of frogs). **-ser**¹⁵ [L. *coaxare*, Gr. *kôax*, QUACK (echoic)], *intr.*: croak.

coassocié¹⁵ [associé], **-é**, *m., f.*: co-partner.

coati¹⁵ [Brazil], *m.*: = (raccoon-like mammal).

cobea¹⁵ **-bé-** [Cobo, missionary], *m.*, †**teobée**, *f.*: COBÆA (tropical plant of phlox family).

cobalt¹⁷ or **cobolt** [Ger. *kobalt*], *m.*: cobalt (chemical element).

cobaye¹⁵ [for *cabia*], *m.*: CAVY, guinea-pig.

coca¹⁶ [Sp.], m.: = (So. Am. shrub).

1. **cocagne**¹¹ [? ak. to L. *coquere*, COOK], f.: pleasure; cockaigne (imaginary land of luxury): *pour lui Paris est la —*, Paris is a Utopia for him; *mât de —*, greased (prize) pole.

2. **cocagne**¹⁴ [Prov. *cocanha* (coca, conch shell)], f.: porcelain pastel.

cocaine¹⁸ [coca], f.: = (white, bitter alkaloid used as local anæsthetic).

cocar-de¹⁵ [for *coquarde*], f.: COCKADE, rosette, badge (as on a hat): *prendre la —*, enlist. — **dean**¹⁴ [OFr. *coquard*, cock], m.: plant.

cocasse¹⁷ [? *coq*, cock], adj.: funny, queer.

coccinelle¹⁷ [L. *-nus*, scarlet red (coccine, scarlet-oak berry)], f.: lady-bug.

coccyx¹⁸ *-sis* [Gr. *kókkuz*, cuckoo], m.: =, tail-bone (in man and other tailless vertebrates).

1. **coche**¹¹ [?], f.: notch; tally.

2. **coche**¹² [OHG. *coccho*], m.: large passenger boat.

3. **coche**¹⁴ [?], f.: sow.

4. **coche**¹⁵ [Ger. *kutsche*], m.: COACH: *manquer le —*, miss one's carriage, lose an opportunity.

coche-nillage¹⁷, m.: cochineal bath.

-nille¹⁶ [Sp. *cochinilla* (L. *coccinus*, scarlet)], f.: cochineal bug. — **niller**¹⁷, intr.: collect cochineal bugs; tr.: dye scarlet (with bugs).

1. **cocher**¹⁵ [coche, notch], tr.: tally.

2. **cocher**¹⁵ [coche, coach], m.: coachman.

côcher¹⁵, or **focher** [L. *calcere*, trample], tr.: tread (as male bird): *œufs côchés*, fertilized eggs.

cochère¹⁶, adj.: porte —, carriage entrance or door.

fochet¹² [coq.], m.: cockerel (young cock).

cochevis¹⁸ [?], m.: crested lark.

cochléaria¹⁶ [L. fr. *-lear*, CONCHshell], m.: =, scurvy-grass family.

cochoir¹⁷ [-cher, notch], m.: (cooper's) notching knife; (chandler's) squaring tool; (ropemaker's) guide.

co-choin¹⁸ [coche, sow], m.: hog; boar; porker; sloven: *fromage de —*, head-cheese; *amis comme —*, drinking, carousing chums; *nous n'avons pas gardé les — ensemble*, we were not swineherds together (said when one is too familiar); — *d'Amérique*, peccary; — *cuirassé*, armadillo; — *d'Inde*, guinea-pig. — **chonnaïlle**¹⁸, f.: pork. — **chonne**¹⁸, f.: slattern.

-chonnée¹⁶ [-chonner], f.: litter of pigs.

-chonner¹⁴, intr.: farrow, pig; intr.: botch (a job). — **chonnerie**¹⁷, f.: filth; dirt; obscenity. — **chonne**¹⁵, m.: young pig; jack (bowl); duodecahedron (with

numbered facets); cylinder (for printing calico).

1. **coco** [Port., lit. bushy head (Egypt. *kuku*)], m.: cocconut; cooling drink; *un marchand de —*, lemonade man.

2. **coco**¹⁸ [echoic], m. (*fam.*, to children), egg; baby-stocking; pet, darling.

cocoon¹⁵ [Prov. *coucoun* (coco, cock)], m.: COCOON.

cocotier¹⁷ [coco, cocconut], m.: palm.

1. **cocotte**¹⁵ [echoic], f.: pullet (child's talk); darling; loose girl; soreness (of eyes).

2. **cocotte**¹⁵ [coque], f.: sort of skillet.

cocotion¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*coquere*, cook)], f.: = (boiling; digestion; ripening of sores).

cocu¹⁴ [for *cocu* echoic like *coucou*], m.: cuckoo; cuckold. — **age**¹⁵, m.: cuckoldom. — **-fer**¹⁶ [L. *facere*, make], tr.: cuckold.

coda¹⁸ [It., lit. tail], f.: = (finale of a sonata).

code¹² [L. *-dex*], m.: = (body of laws); dispensatory.

co-débiteur¹⁶, **-trice**, m., f.: joint debtor. — **déimateur**¹⁷, **-trice**, m., f.: fellow tithe-holders. — **demandeur**¹⁷, **-dresse**, m., f.: joint plaintiff. — **détenteur**¹⁵, **-trice**, m., f.: joint holder.

-détenu¹⁸, **-nue** [*détenir*], m., f.: one detained with another, fellow-prisoner.

co-dex¹⁶ [L. tablet, code], m.: = (collection of medical formulæ). — **dieillaire**¹⁵ [L. *-dicillaris*], adj.: in a codicil, codicillary. — **dieille**¹⁶ [L. *-dicillus*], f.: codicil (added clause in a code or will).

-dification¹⁸ [-difier], f.: = (embodying in a code). — **-difier**¹⁸ [code, *fer* (L. *facere*, make)], tr.: codify.

codille¹⁶ [Sp. *-llo* (dim. of *codo*, elbow)], m.: = (term at ombre).

co-donataire¹⁷, m., f.: joint donee.

coecum¹⁶ = *caecum*.

co-efficent¹⁷, m.: = (lit. joint agent).

coeliaque¹⁷ = *celiaque*.

co-emption¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (co, with, *emere*, buy)], f.: = (form of civil marriage amongst the Romans: each bought the other). — **-équation**¹⁶ [L. *aquare*, equal], f.: equalizing of tariffs. — **-creibilité**¹⁸ [-creible], f.: coercibleness, condensibility. — **-creible**¹⁷ [L. *-creere*, press together], adj.: =, condensable (said of gas). — **-creitif**¹⁶, **-ive** [L. *-eritum*], adj.: coercive. — **-ereition**¹⁶ [L. *-eritio*], f.: coercion. — **-état**¹⁷, m.: CO-ESTATE, joint state. — **-éternel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. *aeternus*], adj.: eternally co-existent. — **-éternité**¹⁶ [L. *aeternitas*], f.: coeternity.

cœur²⁰ *au* = *eu* [L. *cor*], m.: HEART; breast; stomach; soul; courage; love; sympathy,

feeling; conscience; thing heart-shaped, or centrally located, center: — *serre*, oppressed; *avoir le — gros*, heart swollen with sighs; *valet de —*, knave of hearts (at cards); *par —*, by heart; *diner par —*, i.e. not dine at all; *ouvrir son —*, reveal one's secret thoughts; *avoir le — sur la main, sur les lèvres*, tell everything to anybody; *mal de —*, qualms; *tenir au —*, lie heavy on one's heart; *d contre —*, unwillingly.

coexis-tant¹⁵, *adj.*: coexistent. **-tence**¹⁵ [co-, existence], *f.*: =. **||-ter**¹¹ [co-, exister], *intr.*: coexist.

cof-fin¹² [L. *cofinus*, basket, Gr. *kôphinos*], *m.*: little basket; box (for whetstone). **-fine**¹⁷ [fin], *f.*: curved slate (for a dome). **||cof-fre**⁹ [L. *cofinus*, *m.*: box, coffer; trunk; (fam.) chest, breast; carcass; — *d'amarrage*, floating buoy. **-frer**¹⁵, *tr.*: (fam.) jug (imprison). **-fret**¹², *m.*: case (for jewels, etc.). **-fretier**¹⁴, *m.*: trunkmaker or seller.

cofidéjussur¹⁷ [co-, fidéjussur], *m.*: joint surety or bail.

cognas-se¹⁵ [coing], *f.*: wild QUINCE. **-sier**¹², *m.*: quince-tree.

cogna-t¹² [L. -tus (co, with, natus, born)], *m.*: kinsman. **-tion**¹² [L. -tio], *f.*: kinship (through the female side).

co-gnée⁹ [p. L. **cuniata*, wedge-shaped hatchet, fr. L. *cuneus*], *f.*: ax; hatchet. **-gne-fétu**¹⁴, *pl.* —, *m.*: busy do-nothing, hog-shearer. **||-gner**⁹ [L. *cuneare* (cuneus, wedge)], *tr.*: hammer, drive (nails); thump; pound; knock. **-gnoir**¹⁵, *m.*: (printer's) shooting-stick (for driving QUOINS).

cohabi-tation¹² [L. -tatio, living together], *f.*: =. **-ter**¹³ [L. -tare], *intr.*: cohabit, live as husband and wife.

co-hérence¹¹ [L. -harentia (eum, with, harere, stick)], *f.*: =; union; agreement. **-hérent**¹⁵ [L. -harents], *adj.*: coherent; consistent.

cohéritier¹⁴, **-ière** [co-, héritier], *m.*, *f.*: joint heir.

cohésion¹⁷ [L. -hæsis (co-harere, stick together)], *f.*: =, union.

coho-bation¹⁶, *f.*: =, distilling over. **||-ber**¹⁶ [l. L. -bare (Ar. *cohbe*, deep colour)], *tr.*: cohobate, re-distill.

cohorte¹³ [L. -rs (cf. *cour*)], *f.*: cohort, one tenth of a Roman legion; troop; company.

cohue¹² [? L. *coitus* (fr. *co-ire*, go together)], *f.*: †public mart; crowd; rabble, mob

coi⁹, **coite**⁹ [p. L. *quiētus* (L. *quiētus*)], *adj.* (fam.) QUIET, coy, still: *chambre coite*, cozy room; *demeurer —*, live snug.

coif-fe¹⁰ [p. L. *cofea*, seems ak. to Ger. *kopf*, head], *f.*: coif (head-dress), hood, cap; envelop; veil: — *de nuit*, night-cap; **-fer**¹², *tr.*: coif, invest with a coif; dress hair of: — *sainte Catherine*, be old maid; *ressembler à un chien coiffé*, dressed like a jackdaw; *né coiffé*, born in luxury; *se — en cheveux*, make a hood of her hair, be bareheaded; *se — le cerveau*, befog one's brain, be tipsy; *se — de quelque idée*, have a certain idea on the brain; — *son mari*, fool her husband. **-feur**¹⁵, **-ense** [-fer], *m.*, *f.*: hair-dresser; barber. **-fure**¹⁴ [-fer], *f.*: =, head-dress.

†**coigner**, or **†-nier** = *cognossier*.

coï-n⁹ [L. *cuneus*], *m.*: wedge; die (for striking medals, coins, etc.); corner; quoin: *jeu des quatre —s*, game pussy-wants-a-corner. **-coir**¹⁷, *tr.*: wedge up.

coïnci-dence¹⁴, *f.*: =, agreement (in time, space or details). **-dent**¹⁵, *adj.*: coinciding, agreeing. **||-der**¹³ [l. L. -dere (L. *co-*, with, in-cidere, fall in)], *intr.*: coincide, agree, correspond (as different dates, opinions, etc.).

coïng⁹ [L. *coltneum malum*, Cydon apple], *m.*: QUINCE.

†**coïnte**⁹ [L. *cognitus*, known], *adj.*: pleasant, affable.

co-intéressé¹⁸ [L. *cum*, with], *adj.*: jointly interested person, shareholder.

co-ion¹⁵ [It. *coglionare* (lit. testicle)], *m.*: lazy-bones; poltroon. **-ionner**¹⁶ [It. *coglionare*], *tr.*: treat as a coward; *intr.*: act like a coward. **-ionnerie**¹⁵ [It. *coglioneria*], *f.*: dastardliness.

coït¹³ [L. -tus (eum, with, ire, go)], *m.*: coitus, sexual intercourse.

†**coïte** = *couette*.

cojounissance¹⁸ [co-, jouissance], *f.*: joint use (in law).

coke¹⁷ [Eng.], *m.*: = (coal minus its volatile constituents).

co-l⁹ [L. *collum*, cf. Fr. *cou*], *m.*: neck (of bottles, dresses, etc., or (rare) of man and animals); *le — du fémur*, neck of femur bone; *le — du Simplon*, Simplon pass, depression between mountains; *un — de femme*, lace fichu; — *d'un habit*, lapel of a coat; — *cravate*, neckkerchief. **-larin**¹⁵ [It. *llarino*], *m.*: collarino, gorgerin, astragal (moulding on column).

colature¹³ [L. -lare, filter, strain], *f.*: straining.

colback¹⁵ or **kalpack** [Turk.], *m.*: colback, black cap.

coléhique¹⁵ [L. -chicum (fr. province *Colchis*)], *m.*: colchicum, meadow-saffron (poisonous).

colcotar¹³ [Ar.], *m.*: colcother, red peroxyde of iron.

col-d-cream¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: = (cosmetic).

co-légataire¹⁷, *m., f.*: joint legatee.
coléoptère¹⁷ [Gr. *koleōpteros* (*koleōs*, case, *ptéron*, wing)], *m.*: coleopter, beetle.
co-léra = *choléra*. || **-lère**¹⁸ [L. *cholera*, bile], *f.*: cholera, anger: *une — bleue*, when the face looks purple from anger; *les enfants de —*, the children of wrath; *adj.*: (*fam.*) enraged, angered. † **-lérer**¹⁸, *reflex.*: (*vulg.*) get mad. **-lèreux**¹⁸, *adj.*: (*vulg.*) wrathful, mad. **-lérique**¹⁸, *adj.*: choleric, of temper easily angered.
† **coli** = *colic*.
coliar¹⁸ [?], *m.*: skate (fish).
colibri¹⁸ [Carib.], *m.*: = (humming-bird, smallest of birds).
collicitant¹⁸ [L. *licitans*, seller at auction], *m.*: co-litigant (selling at auction).
colifichet¹⁸ [? *coller*, paste, *ficher*, fasten], *m.*: fclipping (of paper); knick-knack trinket, gewgaw; cracker, bird-cake; tripod (for pottery in furnace).
colimaçon¹⁸ [cal, *limaçón*], *m.*: snail.
coljn¹⁸ [name *Nicolin* (*Nicholas*)], *m.*: shepherd (in comic opera); moor-hen; quail; coal-fish.
coljn-maillard¹⁸ [name], *m.*: blind-man (in game blind-man's-buff).
coljn-tampon¹⁸ [name], *m.*: (*fam.*) *se soucier, se moquer de quelqu'un* (de quelque chose) comme de —, not care a straw for a person (a thing).
colique¹⁸ [L. *L. colica*, sc. *passio*, COLON suffering], *f.*: colic; (*fam.*) *avoir la —*, be afraid.
collis¹⁷ [It. *-lli* (pl. of *collo*, neck-load)], *m.*: baggage, luggage.
collabo-rateur¹⁷, *-trice* [L. *-rare*, labor together], *m., f.*: collaborator. || **-ration**¹⁷ [L. *-rare* (con, with, *laborare*, labor)], *intr.*: work with.
col-lage¹⁷ [-ler], *m.*: pasting, sticking; glazing (of paper); clarifying (of wine with fish-glue); (*pop.*) common-law marriage, concubinage. **-lant**¹⁸ [-ler], *adj.*: sticky; close, tight; *un pantalon —*, close-fitting; (*fricol.*) *une femme —*, woman hard to shake off.
collapsus¹⁸ [L., fr. *cum*, together, *labi*, fall], *m.*: collapse, break down (of nerves).
colla-taire¹⁷ [L. *-tarius* (based on L. *-tum*, past part. *con-ferre*, carry together)], *m.*: beneficiary (of church appointment).
collatéral¹⁸, *pl.* = *aur* [L. *-lis* (*cum*, with, *latus*, side)], *adj.*: =, along the sides; side by side; *m., f.*: collateral kinsman.
colla-teur¹⁸ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: = (one who confers a benefice). **-tif**¹⁸, *-ive* [L. *-tius* (L. *-tum*, borne together)], *adj.*: collative, bestowable; who confers. || **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio* (*con-ferre*, bring together)], *f.*: = (bestowing a benefice, or

university degree; comparison; light repast). **-tionner**¹⁸, *tr.*: collate, compare (texts) critically; proof-read; *intr.*: eat a lunch.
colle⁹ [L. *-lla*, Gr. *kolla*], *f.*: paste, mucilage; finings (to clear wine, etc.): — *forte*, glue; — *à bouche*, that must be moistened with the lips (as on postage stamps); *c'est une — qu'il vous a contée*, it's a lie (allusion is to bird-lime) he has told you. **colle**¹⁸ [-ller], *f.*: (*college slang*) stumper, poser (hard question that sticks the candidate).
collec-te¹² [L. *-ta*, (*col-ligere*, collect)], *f.*: collection (of taxes); church contribution; tax-list; short prayer (recited before scripture lesson). **-teur**¹⁸ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: collector (of taxes; of contributions); main (as a ditch into which others empty). **-tif**¹⁸, *-ive* [L. *-tius*], *adj.*: collective, general. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =. **-tionner**¹⁸ [-tion], *tr.*: make collection of, collect (curios, paintings, etc.). **-tionneur**¹⁸, *m.*: = *ense* [-tionner], *m., f.*: collector, collection maker. **-tivement**¹⁸ [-tif], *adv.*: collectively. **-tivist**¹⁸ [-tif], *m.*: collectivist. **-tivité**¹⁸ [-tif], *f.*: collectivity, socialism.
col-lège¹⁸ [L. *-legium*], *m.*: = (body of persons; school; group of associates for state or church duties). **-légal**¹⁸, *pl.* = *aur*, *adj.*: =, of a college; *une (église) —*, collegiate church (hav'g body of ecclesiastics but not episcopal authority). **-légien**¹⁷, *m.*: student. **-lègue**¹⁸ [L. *-lega*], *m.*: colleague.
coller¹⁸ [-lle, paste], *tr.*: paste, glue; (*student slang*) stick, stump; glaze, size (paper); clarify (wine with finings); *intr.*: fit close; (*student slang*) flunk.
colle-ret¹⁸ [lier, COLLAR], *m.*: drag-net. **-rette**¹⁸ [-lier], *f.*: fluted collar, second collar.
colle-t¹² [col], *m.*: neck (of bottles, teeth, garments, and things so shaped); dead-eye; clew; handle (of violins, skillet, etc.); neck-band; collar; noose, snare; *patte de —*, shoulder-strap; *petit —*, preacher's collar; preacher; — *monté*, stiff collar of 16th Cent.; hence: affectedly grave, quaint or prudish person. **-tage**¹⁸, *m.*: collaring (of weaving loom). **-ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: COLLAR, seize; *intr.*: set snares (as for hares).
colleur¹⁸ [-ller], *m.*: bill-poster; paper-hanger.
col-lier⁹ [L. *-larius* (*-lum*, neck)], *m.*: collar; necklace; ring (around the neck); circular sore; throat-beard; band (of iron, etc.); astragal, ornament of a column: *chien au grand —*, leader; — *de force*, collar with pricks (used in training

dogs); *un coup de —*, fresh attempt; *cheval franc du —*, good puller; *tirer à plein —*, make desperate effort. **lière**¹⁷ [OFr. *-lier*, street-porter], *f.*: sleeper (beam).

colliger¹⁵ [L. *-gere*], *tr.*: *†*unite; COLLECT (extracts for writings).

†collimation = *collinéation*.

colline¹⁵ [It. *-na* (L. *collis*)], *f.*: hill: *la ville aux sept —s*, Rome; *la double —*, two-peaked Parnassus.

collinéation¹⁷ [L. *-neare*, aim (cum, with, *linea*, line)], *f.*: =, truing (of lenses, or telescopes); aim or direction (of instrument or ray of light).

colliqua-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *colligere* (cum, together, *liquere*, be liquid, melt)], *adj.*: colligative, having excessive discharges. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *colligere*], *f.*: =, wasting of solid parts of the body, excessive discharges.

collision¹⁴ [L. *-sio* (cum, together, *la-dere*, clash)], *f.*: = (shock, concussion).

collocation¹⁴ [L. *-tio* (cum, with, *locare*, place)], *f.*: classifying (of creditors); debt (in its line or order with other debts).

col-lodion¹⁵ [Gr. *kollōdes*, glue-like (*kōlla*, glue, *eidōs*, form)], *m.*: = (solution for coating wounds, or photographic plates). **-loide**¹⁵ [Gr. *kōlla*, glue, *eidōs*, form], *adj.*: colloid, jelly-like.

colloque¹⁵ [L. *-quium* (cum, together, *loqui*, talk)], *m.*: *†*dialogue; discussion.

collo-quer¹¹ [L. *-care* (cum, together, *locare*, place)], *tr.*: (*fam.*) dispose of; rank (a creditor, list him with others in order).

collu-der¹⁶ [L. *-dere*], *intr.*: collude, conspire, play into each other's hands. **||-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio* (cum, together, *ludere*, play)], *f.*: =, secret understanding. **-soire**¹⁶, *adj.*: collusive, collusive, secretly concocted. **-soirement**¹⁶, *adv.*: in collusion.

collyre¹¹ [L. *-rium*, Gr. *kollārium* (dim. of *kollāra*, pastry)], *m.*: collyrium, eye-salve (like dough).

colmatage¹⁵ [It. *-ta*, road, fr. *colmare*, heap up], *m.*: warping (flooding poor land to fertilise it).

colocasie¹⁵ [L. *-sia*, Gr. *kolokasia*, Egyptian bean], *f.*: colocasia (plant of the arum family).

co-lombage¹⁴, *m.*: uprights (posts on which weather-boarding goes). **||1.-lombe**⁹ [form of *colonne* fr. L. *columna*], *f.*: *†*COLUMN; joist, upright, stanchion; (cooper's) bench or jointer.

2.co-lombe¹⁵ [L. *-lumba*], *f.*: dove, pigeon; receptacle (dove-shaped for the eucharist). **1.†-lombelle**¹⁵, *f.*: little dove, squab.

2.colom-belle¹¹ [-be, joist], *f.*: little column; *†*lead-line between printed columns, column-rule. **1.-bier**¹⁵ [-be, joist], *m.*: ship-prop, shore.

2.colombier⁹ [L. *-bārium* (-ba, dove)], *m.*: dove-cot; too great space (between words).

3.colombier¹⁷ [paper manufacturer C.], *m.*: columbier (large writing paper).

colombin¹¹, **-ine** [L. *-binus* (-ba, dove)], *adj.*: columbine, dove-coloured, purple (like dove's neck); *m.*: lead ore; *f.*: pigeon-dung; certain lac; columbine (vine).

colōn¹⁵ [L. *-nus*], *m.*: COLONIST; farmer; farmer (who farms on shares).

colōn¹⁵ [L., fr. Gr. *kōlon* (lit., member)], *m.*: COLON (large intestine).

colōnat¹⁵ [-lon], *m.*: condition of a colonist.

colo-nel¹⁵ [It. *-nello*, fr. *-nna*, COLUMN (of army)], *m.*: = (army officer). **-nelle**¹⁵, *f.*: colonel's wife; *†*first company (of infantry).

colo-nial¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =. **||-nie**¹⁵ [L. *-nia*], *f.*: colony. **-nisateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [-nier], *adj.*: colonising; *m., f.*: settler. **-nisation**¹⁵ [-niser], *f.*: colonisation, settling in colonies. **-niser**¹⁵ [-n], *tr.*: colonise, settle.

colon-nade¹⁰, *f.*: = (series of columns). **||-ne**⁹ [L. *columna*], *f.*: column (in all senses); pillar; monument; bedpost. **-nette**¹⁵, *f.*: little column, columella.

colophane¹⁴ [L. *-phonia*, Gr. *kolophonā*, rosin from *Colophon*], *f.*: colophony, black rosin (for violin bows).

colo-quinelle¹⁷, *f.*: false COLOCYNTH. **-quinte**¹⁵ [L. *-cynthis*, fr. Gr.], *f.*: bitter-apple (gourd fruit, size of orange, used as a purgative).

colo-rant¹⁶, *adj.*: colouring, giving colour. **-ration**¹⁴, *f.*: =, colours.

||-rer¹¹ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: colour, dye; give a false colour, varnish, pretend: *un style coloré*, brilliant style. **-riage**¹⁵ [-rier], *m.*: colouring (of maps, etc.). **-rier**¹⁵ [-ris], *tr.*: colour (maps, engravings).

-ris¹⁶ [It. *-rito*, (*colorire*, colour)], *m.*: colouring, tinting (of lithograph work, maps, etc.). **-riste**¹⁵ [-ris], *m.*: colourer; brilliant writer.

colos-sal¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =, immense. **-salement**¹⁵ [-sal], *adv.*: in colossal style. **||-se**¹⁵ [L. *-sus*, Gr. *kolossós*, gigantic statue], *m.*: colossus, giant; monster: — *aux pieds d'argile*, image with feet of clay (in Bible).

colostrum¹⁵ or **†-stre** [L.], *m.*: = (first milk, beastings).

colpor-tag¹⁷, *m.*: =, selling from place to place. **||-ter**¹⁵ [col-porter, carry on

the neck]. *tr.*: peddle, carry and sell.

-teur¹⁵ *m.*: peddler, distributor.

coltis¹⁶ [?], *m.*: front bulkhead; bob-stays.

columbarium¹⁷ *n* = *e* [L., *lit.*, dove-cot, pigeon-holes]. *m.* = (large sepulchre with niches for cinerary urns).

columelle¹⁸ [L. *-lla* (dim. of *columna*)], *f.*: columella (axis of spiral shells, of moss, of seed capsules). †little column.

colure¹⁷ [L. *-rus*, Gr. *kôlourós*, mutilated, because colures cut each other (Gr. *kôlos*, docked, *ourd*, tail)], *m.* = (great circle of the earth).

colza¹⁷ [Holl. *koolzaad* (*lit.* cabbage-seed)], *m.* =, COLESEED, summer-rape (field-cabbage).

coma¹⁶ [Gr. *kôma*, deep sleep], *m.* =, morbid heavy sleep. **-teur**¹⁶, = **ense**, *adj.*: COMATOSE, abnormally sleepy.

combata¹⁵ *m.* =, fight, struggle: — *judiciaire*, (medieval) duel between accuser and accused; — *à outrance*, deadly combat, fight to the uttermost, to a finish; *hors de* —, out of the fight, out of condition to fight; *au fort du* —, in the thick of the fight; *faire branle-bas de* —, clear the deck for action. **-tivité**¹⁸, *f.*: combativeness (term in phrenology).

-ttant¹⁰, *m.* =, fighter. **-ttre**⁹ [p. L. *-ttre* (L. *cum*, with, *battuere*, strike)], *intr.*: fight; struggle; compete: *tr.*: combat; resist.

combe¹¹ [L. *cumba*, Gr. *kúmbe*, skiff], *f.*: hollow, valley (on a plateau).

combien¹⁰ [*comme, bien*], *adv.*: how much; how many; *conj.*: how; *†*although: — *y a-t-il qu'il est parti?* how long has he been gone; — *d'argent*, how much money.

combinaison¹⁶, *f.*: combination, union. **-ner**¹³ [L. *-nare* (*cum*, with, *bin*, pair)], *tr.*: COMBINE; unite.

com-ble⁹ [L. *cumulus*, heap], *m.*: heap, top, summit; utmost, extreme, height; rafters, frame of roof. **-ble**, long *o*, *adj.*: full, heaped-up; grown over (as hoof over shoe that has been on too long).

-blement¹⁵ [*-bler*], *m.*: filling up (as vessel, ditch). **-bler**⁹ [L. *cumulâre*, heap, pile up], *tr.*: fill full, fill up; complete; load: *homme comblé d'honneur*, man greatly honoured.

combête¹⁵ or **-bette** [*-be*], *f.*: cleft (of deer's foot).

combrière¹⁶ [Prov. *-briero*], *f.*: large seine (for tunny-fish).

combuger¹⁶ [Prov. *em-buga* ak. to Fr. *buier*], *tr.*: soak (to swell a wooden vessel).

comburant¹⁸ [L. *-rens*, burning], *adj.*: aiding COMBUSTION. **-stible**¹⁸, *adj.*: =, inflammable; susceptible. **-stion**¹² [L.

-stio (*-rere*, burn)], *f.*: =, burning; combining of substance with oxygen; tumult.

comé-die¹³ [L. *comædia*, Gr. *komoidia* (*kômos*, revel, *aeidein*, sing)], *f.*: comedy, merry play; playhouse; comedy company: — *à tiroir*, comedy of episodes; *donner la* — *aux gens*, be laughing-stock to people; *c'est le secret de la* —, it is an open secret; *un personnage de* —, a character not to be taken seriously.

-dien¹⁴, = **-enne**, *m., f.*: comedian; deceiver.

comestible¹³ [L. *-stium* (*com-edere*, eat up)], *adj.*: EATABLE, EDIBLE.

comète¹¹ [L. *-ta*, Gr. *komêtes* (long-)haired (*kôme*, hair)], *f.*: COMET (star with luminous train or tail; (*her.*) blazing star; old card game); narrow ribbon.

comices¹³ [L. *-mitium*, assembly-place (*lit.*, assembly fr. *cum*, together, *ire*, go)], *m. pl.*: political meeting, COMITIA for voting; *sing.*: *comice agricole*, grange meeting (for improvement of agricultural interests).

† **cominge**¹⁶ [count C., aide of Louis XIV], *m.*: (large oval) bomb.

comique¹⁴ [L. *-cus*], *adj.*: comic, comical, funny; *m.*: comic actor; funny part. **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: comically.

comite¹² [It., fr. L. *comes*], overseer (of a galley-crew or gang).

comité¹⁶ [Eng. *committee* fr. *commit*, entrust], *m.*: committee, board (acting for a larger group): *se former en* — *secret*, go into secret session; *se réunir en petit* —, form a little group of friends by themselves.

comma¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *kômma*, slice; piece fr. *kôptein*, cut)], *m.* = (in all senses).

command¹⁰, *m.*: †commandment; †commander; principal, purchaser (through agent). **-dant**¹⁶, *adj.*: commanding; †imperious; tart; *m.* =; *f.*: commandant's wife. **commande**, *f.*: ordinance (religious rule or rite); order (for groceries, etc.); guy-ropes; safety rope: (*fam.*) *maladie de* —, sickness to order, pretended; *pleurs de* —, crocodile tears. **-dement**¹⁰, *m.*: command; order; set rule; commandment: authority; position (of an army), facing, exposure: *signature en* —, king's signature; — *d'huissier*, suit for debt, *dun* through an officer; — *militaire*, signal given by an officer; *le* — *de la forteresse est avantageux*, the fort has a good command or view (of country round-about). **-der**⁹ [p. L. *-dâre* (L. *cum*, with, *mandare*, order)], *intr.*: command, be in authority; *tr.*: rule, control; order; dominate over: — *un habit à un tailleur*, order a coat of a tailor; — *à ses passions*, control one's passions; — *sur quelqu'un*,

have control over one; — *une expédition*, be in command of an expedition; *la citadelle commande la ville*, the citadel commands (overlooks) the town. **-derie**¹³ [*-deur*], *f.*: commandery (rank); officer's quarters. **-deur**¹¹, *m.*: commander (esp. in orders of knighthood); (American) oriole. **-dit-taire**¹⁷ [*-dite*], *m.*: silent partner. **-dite**¹⁶ [Ofr. *-d*, free disposal], *f.*: *société en —*, joint stock company (business organization hav'g silent partners who put their investment at the disposal of active members). **-diter**¹⁸ [*-dite*], *tr.*: aid, support (a firm) as silent partner.

1. **comme**⁹ [L. *quō-modo*, by what means, how], *adv.*: as; like; how: *froid — glace*, cold as ice; *faîtes — il vous plaira*, do as it pleases (will please) you; *agir — il faut*, do as one ought; (*fam.*) *un homme — il faut*, a person of the right kind; *je sais — je parle*, I know what I am saying; (*fam.*) *— quoi*, how; *vous savez — quoi je vous suis tout acquise*, you know how wholly devoted to you I am; (*fam.*) *c'est tout —*, its exactly so; (*pop.*) *— aussi*, besides, moreover; *— en effet il le doit*, as indeed he ought; *— qui dirait*, what you might call; *— il est changé!* how he is changed; (*pop.*) *— de juste*, just exactly right; *conj.*: *— que ce soit*, however that may be, be that as it may.

2. **comme**⁹ [L. *cum*, *quum*, when], *conj.*: since, because, seeing that; when, while: *— l'heure est avancée*, since it is late; *il vint le soir — j'étais seul*, he came in the evening when I was alone.

commémoraison¹³ [*-rer* infl. by L. *-ratio*], *f.*: commemoration (mention of a saint, as in prayer, and not on his day). **-ratif**¹⁶, **-ive** [*-rer*, recall], *adj.*: commemorative, in memory. **-ration**¹⁴ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: = (honour, solemnity, memorial service).

commen-cant¹¹, **-cante**, *m., f.*: beginner, novice. **-cement**¹¹, *m.*: =, beginning: (*prov.*) *il y a — à tout*, everything must have a beginning; *il demeure au — de la rue*, he lives at the beginning (or end) of the street. **-cer**⁹ [p. L. **cūmināre* (L. *cum*, with, *initium*, start, beginning)], *tr., intr.*: COMMENCE, start: *la neige commence à tomber*, snow begins to fall; *on commence de (or à) faire quelque chose*, one begins to do something.

commen-dataire¹⁴ [L. L. *-datarius* (L. *-dare*, entrust)], *adj.*: commendatory, holding a benefice "in commendam," or *pro tempore*; *m.*: holder "in commendam."

commende¹⁶ [L. L. *-da*, fr. L. *-dare*], *f.*: church living *pro tempore*; concession "in commendam."

commen-sal¹⁴, *pl.* = **auc** [L. L. *-salis* (L.

cum, with, *mensa*, table], *m.*: =, table companion. **-salité**¹⁴, *f.*: being a commensal, esp. at the king's table.

commensu-rabilité¹⁷ [L. *-rabilis* (*cum*, with, *mensura*, measure)], *f.*: commensurability, being of similar or proportionate measure. **-rable**¹³ [L. *-rabilis*], *adj.*: commensurable, hav'g similar proportions.

comment¹⁰ [*-mme*], *adv.*: how; why; wherefore.

commen-taire¹⁶ [L. *-tarius*], *m.*: commentary (explanation; records). **-tateur**¹⁵, **-trice**, *m., f.*: commentator, author of a commentary. **-ter**¹⁴ [L. *-tari* (*cum*, with, *mens*, thought)], *tr.*: comment on, explain.

†**commer**¹⁵, *intr.*: make comparisons, suggestions.

comméragé¹⁵ [*-re*], *m.*: relation of god-parents; gossip; (*dial.*) baptism.

†**commerçable**¹⁷ [*-cer*], *adj.*: negotiable.

-cant¹⁷, **-cante**, *adj.*: trading, mercantile; *m.*: merchant. **-ce**¹³ [L. *-cium* (*cum*, with, *merz*, goods)], *m.*: =, trade, business; intercourse; game; tradesmen: *le haut —*, body of great business men; *être d'un — sûr*, be reliable; *n'être plus dans le —*, be out of business, out of print, out of date; *— interlope*, smuggling; *homme d'un bon —*, man pleasant in company. **-cer**¹⁴, *intr.*: deal, trade, be in business. **-cial**¹⁷, *pl.* = **auc** [L. *-cium*, traffic], *adj.*: =, of business.

commère¹¹ [L. *com-mater* (L. *cum*, with, *mater*, mother)], *f.*: (*fam.*) =, godmother: (*dial.* and *humor.*) *— babillarde*, god-mother's proxy; (*fam.*) gossip, chatty neighbour.

commet-tage¹⁷, *m.*: laying (of ropes, i.e. assembling the strands for final twisting into rope). **-tant**¹⁷, *m.*: employer, principal; constituent; purchaser. **-tre**⁹ [L. *com-mittere*, entrust (*cum*, with, *mittere*, send)], *irr.* (cf. *mettre*); *tr.*: COMMIT; entrust, assign; lay (rope, i.e. join strands and twist them); appoint; put, expose: *se — à la furie de l'océan*, expose one's self to the fury of the ocean; *sa fortune y est commise*, his fortune is involved; *il se commit une indiscretion*, he committed an indiscretion.

comminatoire¹⁵ [L. L. *-natorius* fr. L. *-nari*, threaten (*mina*, turrets)], *adj.*: MENACING.

com-mis¹⁵ [*-mettre*], *m.*: clerk; deputy: *— voyageur*, traveling salesman.

-mise¹³ [*-mettre*], *f.*: *texposure*, pitting (hostile persons against each other); forfeit (esp. of fiefs).

commisération¹¹ [L. *-tio* (*cum*, with, *miserere*, pity)], *f.*: =, sympathy.

commis-saire¹³ [L. L. *-sarius*, infl. by L.

emissarius, emissary fr. *emittere*, send out], *m.*: commissary; commissioner; agent; delegate; steward: — *de marine*, secretary of the navy; — *priseur*, APPRAISER and seller. — *sariat*¹¹ [-aire], *m.*: = (duties or office of commissioner; body of commissioners). — *-sion*¹² [L. -sum, committed (*committere*, entrust)], *f.*: = (trust; charge; deed, act; agency; percentage for an agent; errand; order; document giving authority). — *-sionnaire*¹⁰, *m.*: =, †commissioner pro tempore; seller on commission: supplier of branch-house; porter; conveyor, messenger: — *de roulage*, carrier by land (by wagon); — *chargeur*, carrier by boat. — *-sioner*¹⁴, *tr.*: commission, authorize; appoint as buyer on commission. — *-soire*¹³ [L. -sorius], *adj.*: clause —, binding clause (of a contract), stipulation; *pacte* —, pawn contract (by which pledges are forfeited on non-payment). — *-sure*¹³ [L. -sura], *f.*: =, junction, uniting line: *grande — cérébrale*, great commissure uniting the two hemispheres of the brain.

commit-timus¹³ [L., lit. 'we entrust'], *m.*: = (granting of change of venue). — **-titur**¹⁰ [L., lit. 'it is entrusted'], *m.*: = (formula used in appointing a judge, a secretary, etc.).

commo-dat¹⁰ [L. -datus fr. -dare, lend (*cum*, with, *modus*, measure)], *m.*: loan (of something to be returned, as a horse, a tool). — **-dataire**¹⁰, *m.*: borrower. — **-de**¹⁴ [L. -dus], *adj.*: fitting; convenient; suitable: *une vie —*, an easy life; *m.: le nécessaire, le —*, the superfluous, the necessity, the convenience, the superfluity; *f.*: =, chest of drawers. — **-dément**¹⁵ [-de], *adv.*: comfortably; †appropriately. — **-dité**¹³ [L. -ditas], *f.*: convenience; ease; opportunity; conveyance (means of travel); *pl.*: privacy.

commodore¹⁸ [Eng. fr. OSp. *commenda-dor*, commander], *m.*: = (officer next in rank to rear-admiral).

commotion¹¹ [L. -tio (*cum*, with, *movere*, move)], *f.*: =, stir, quaking.

commuable¹⁴, *adj.*: commutable, — **-muer**¹⁴ [L. -mutare (*cum*, with, *mutare*, change)], *tr.*: COMMUTE, reduce: *le droit de — les peines*, the right to make penalties less severe.

com-mun⁹, — **-une** [p. L. **mūnus*, L. -*mūnia*], *adj.*: COMMON, usual, ordinary; frequent; mediocre: *nom —*, common noun; *un point — à deux droits*, point of intersection of two straight lines: *lieu —*, common-place; *champs —s*, commons, public ground; *en —*, in common, together; *sens —*, common sense; *m.: vivre sur le —*, live on the rest, on the

public; *le — des martyrs*, the service for general use, adapted to any martyr; *le — des mortels*, the majority of mortals; *pl.*: servants' quarters, outhouses; esp. privy. 1. — **-munal**¹¹, *pl. -aux*, *adj.*: =; of the community, of general use; *champs communaux*, common ground (where all may pasture). — **-munauté**¹² [-munal], *f.*: community (equal ownership); people of a place; parish). — **-mun**⁹ [p. L. **mūna* (L. -*munia*), common things], *f.*: †free town; †the people; township; municipality; and cf. -mun =: *la chambre des —s*, the house of commons. — **-muné-ment**¹⁰, *adv.*: usually. — **-munier**¹³, — **-ante** [-munier], *m., f.*: communicant, partaker of the eucharist. — **-munica-ble**¹³ [-muniquer], *adj.*: †accessible; to be imparted or communicated: *cause —*, cause to be brought before some authority. — **-municant**¹⁷ [-muniquer], *adj.*: communicating (by a common passage). — **-municatif**¹³, — **-ive** [-muniquer], *adj.*: communicative, ready to give information; infectious. — **-municateur**¹⁰, — **-trice** [-muniquer], *m., f.*: communicator, informer. — **-munication**¹³ [L. -municatio], *f.*: = (information; telling, conversation; connection). — **-munier**⁹ [l. L. -*municare*], *intr.*: commune, partake of the eucharist; *tr.*: — *quelqu'un*, give one the sacrament. — **-munion**¹¹ [l. L. -*munion*], *f.*: = (common faith; partaking of the eucharist, esp. by priest). — **-muniqué**¹³ [-muniquer], *m.*: communication. — **-muniquer**¹³ [L. -*municare*], *tr.*: COMMUNICATE, tell, inform; transfer; *intr.*: †take part; communicate: *le conseil pourra — avec l'accusé*, the counsel could communicate with the prisoner. — **-munisme**¹⁸ [-mun], *m.*: COMMUNISM (theory of society or government). — **-muniste**¹⁸ [-mun], *adj.*: of communism; *m.*: communist (believer in theory of greater equality).

commu-tateur¹³ [L. -tare (*cum*, with, *mutare*, change)], *m.*: commutator (apparatus for modifying an electric current).

-tatif¹³, — **-ive** [L. -tare, change], *adj.*: commutative, exchangeable, reciprocal. — **-tation**¹² [L. -tatio], *f.*: = (making punishment less severe).

com-pacité¹⁷, *f.*: (rare) compactness, density. — **-pact**¹³ [L. -pactus fr. -*pingere* (*cum*, with, *pangere*, fasten)], *adj.*: =, dense.

com-pagne¹¹ [f. of OFr. -*pain*; see *compain*], *f.*: COMPANION; mate; wife. — **-pagnie**¹⁰ [OFr. -*pain*], *f.*: COMPANY (society; group; visitors): *homme de bonne —*, gentleman; *être en —*, have callers, be occupied with visitors; *régie de —*, fellowship rule (for estimating each partner's

proportion of loss or gain); (*humor.*) être bête de — be a gregarious animal, not fond of being alone. || **-pagnon**¹⁰ [p. L. **-panio* (L. *cum*, with, *panis*, bread), messmate], m.: companion; fellow: c'est un petit —, he's a little fellow; un hardi —, an enterprising fellow; ouvrier —, workman under boss; vivre de pair à —, live like boon companions. || **-pagnonage**¹¹, m.: mastership; companionship (of workman).

compa-rable¹¹ [-rer], adj.: =, similar: — à un roi, like a king. || **-raison**¹¹ [-rer], f.: comparison; comparing; simile: en (or par or *à*) — de, in comparison with; toute — est odieuse, 'comparisons are odorous'; rien n'est grand ou petit que par —, nothing is large or small but by comparison; pièce de —, precedent (at law), model; il n'y a pas de — entre ces deux, there's no comparison between these two; — n'est pas raison, analogy is not proof.

compa-raître¹⁵ [L. -rere], irr. (cf. *paraître*); intr.: appear (before a judge). || **-rant**¹³ [-roir], adj.: appearer; deponent.

compa-ratif¹⁰, =ive [L. -rativus], adj.: comparative, esp. in grammar. || **-rative-ment**¹⁶ [-rative], adj.: comparatively, by comparison. || **-ré**¹⁵, adj.: anatomie —e, comparative anatomy; philologie —e, comparative philology. || **-rer**¹¹ [L. -rare fr. *compar*, equal (*cum*, with, *par*, like)], tr.: compare (with or to: avec, *d*).

compa-roir¹² [L. -rere, appear], intr. (only in Inf.): refus de —, refusal to appear (in court); comparant en leurs personnes, appearing in (their) person(s). || **-rse**¹⁶ [lt. -rea], f.: *†*jousting; body of knights in a tourney; m., f.: dumbplayer, supernumerary.

compar-timent¹⁵ [lt. -timento (L. -tiri, divide (*cum*, with, *partiri*, distribute)], m.: compartment; division; cell; rib-wall (in mines); panel. || **†-titeur**¹⁶ [L. -tiri, divide (*pars*, part)], m.: dissenting judge (whose opinion differs from the majority report).

comparution¹⁵ [-raître], f.: appearance (before a judge).

compa-s¹⁰ [-ser in ancient sense of 'measure'], m.: compasses (for measuring); dividers; size-stick (of shoemakers); (mariner's) compass: — de réduction, double compass; avoir le — dans l'œil, have an accurate eye. || **-ssemment**¹¹, m.: measuring (by compasses). || **-sser**¹⁰ [p. L. **-ssare* (L. *cum*, with, *passus*, step, *pace*)], tr.: arrange; consider; do with precision, fastidiously: — un livre, mark with compasses (before binding); une per-

sonne compassée dans ses discours, person over-nice, formal, stiff in his talk.

compa-ssion¹¹ [L. -ssio, fr. past. part. of *com-pati*, suffer with], f.: =, sympathy, mercy. || **-tibilité**¹⁶ [-tible], f.: COMPATIBILITY (congeniality; logical consistency). || **-tible**¹⁴ [L. -ti], adj.: = (congenial, consistent). || **-tir**¹⁵ [L. -ti, suffer with], intr.: *†*suit, agree with; have pity, sympathise: à ses malheurs aucun ne compatisse, none pity in his distresses. || **-tissant**¹⁶, adj.: sympathetic, kind.

compatrio-te¹⁵ [L. -ta (L. *cum*, with, *patriota*, native)], m. or f.: COMPATRIOT, fellow-countryman.

compellatif¹⁵, =ive [L. -llare, address (*pellere*, strike, move)], adj. or m.: appellative.

compens-diement¹², adv.: in short; in detail. || **†-dieux**¹², =euse [L. -diosus (-dere, weigh together)], adj.: compendious, abridged, succinct. || **†-dium**¹⁶ [L.], m.: =, summary. || **-sateur**¹⁵, =trice [-ser], adj.: compensatory. || **-sation**¹³ [L. -satio], f.: =, counterbalancing, set-off; equalizing of losses and gains. || **-ser**¹³ [L. -sare (*cum*, with, *pensare*, weigh)], tr.: COMPENSATE, balance, make up for: — les frais en justice, proportion the court expenses.

com-pérage¹², m.: COMPATERNITY, alliance (of godparents to parents, or to each other); confederacy, understanding of a capper, a decoy. || **-père**¹⁷ [L. -pater (L. *cum*, with, *pater*, father)], m.: godfather; fellow; bonneter, decoy gambler, by-bidder, confederate. || **-périoriot**¹⁰, pl. —s —s, m.: sty (on eye).

compersonnier¹³ [L. *cum*, with, O.Fr. *parçonier* (L. *partitio*, partition)], m.: ally, associate, accomplice.

compé-temment¹² =-tam, adv.: in a competent manner. || **-tence**¹⁴ [L. -tentia, symmetry], f.: competency, fitness; *†*competition. || **†-tent**¹² [L. -tens fr. -tere, COMPETE (*cum*, with, *petere*, seek)], adj.: = (legally proper); capable: âge — pour le mariage, legal age to marry; partie —e, legal party to a suit. || **-ter**¹³ [L. -tere], intr.: belong: la part qui compète aux héritiers, the portion which belongs to the heirs. || **-titeur**¹⁴, =trice [L. -titor], m., f.: competitor, rival. || **-tition**¹⁵ [L. -titio], f.: =, rivalry.

compi-lateur¹⁴ [L. *lator*], m.: compiler, composer of materials found in previous works. || **-lation**¹² [L. -tio], f.: =, book made fr. other books. || **-ler**¹² [L. -lare (*cum*, with *†pilare*, plunder)], tr.: COMPILE, collect materials fr. previous authors.

com-plaignant¹⁵, =ante, adj. or m., f.:

PLAINTIFF. ||†-**plandre**¹¹ [L. *L. -plangere* (L. *plangere*, strike)], *irr.* (cf. *plandre*); *reflex.*: COMPLAIN. -**plainte**¹¹, *f.*: complaint; plaint, wail.

com-plaire¹³ [L. *-placere*, please much (*placere*, please)], *irr.* (cf. *plaire*); *intr.*: be pleasing; *reflex.*: be pleased: *je ne songe qu'à — à Monsieur*, I think only of pleasing you, Sir; *de me — on ne prend nul souci*, no one takes the trouble of pleasing me; *j'aurais beau me — en ma propre beauté*, it would be useless to delight in my own beauty; *elle se complait en ce fils*, she takes satisfaction in this son. -**plaisamment**¹⁶ [-*plaisant*], *adv.*: complaisantly, with satisfaction. -**plaisance**¹⁸, *f.*: =, wish to please; complacency; kindness. -**plaisant**¹⁶, *adj.*: COMPLAISANT; obliging; time-server; self-complacent.

complant¹² [Ofr. *-ter*, plant together], *m.*: † orchard; vineyard (esp. set out by lessee in lieu of rent).

complectif¹⁸, -**ive** [L. *-ti*, embrace, enclose], *adj.*: hav'g buds wrapped up together in a leaf.

com-plément¹³ [L. *-plementum* (*cum*, with, *plere*, fill)], *m.*: = (what must be added to COMPLETE a fixed measure): *le — d'un angle*, enough to make a right angle; *le — d'un astre*, angular distance to the zenith; *le — d'un verbe*, what belongs with the verb idea in a sentence.

-**plémentaire**¹⁸, *adj.*: complimentary, necessary to fill out. -**plet**¹¹, -**ète** [L. *-pletus*], *adj.*: complete, full, entire; *m.*: suit (of clothes): *nous sommes au —*, we have no more room, we are at the end. -**plètement**¹³ [-*plète*], *adv.*: completely. -**pléter**¹⁷ [-*plet*], *tr.*: complete, fill out. -**pletif**¹⁶, -**ive** [L. *-pletivus*], *adj.*: complete, making complete (in grammar).

com-plexe¹⁶ [L. *-plexus* fr. *-plecti*, enclose (*cum*, with, *plectere*, braid)], *adj.*: COMPLEX, hav'g diverse elements or parts.

-**plexion**¹² [L. *-plexio*], *f.*: =, aspect, make up; † union of diverse things, a complex. -**plexité**¹⁷, *f.*: complexity, intricacy.

com-plication¹³ [L. *-plicatio*, folding together], *f.*: =, combination. ||-**pliee**¹³ [L. *-plex*, participant (*cum*, with, *plicare*, fold)], *adj.*: accessory; *m., f.*: accomplice, confederate. -**plieité**¹³, *f.*: complicity, participation (in wrong-doing).

complies¹¹ [Ofr. *-plir*, finish (L. *-plere*, fill up); *pl.* is due to infl. of *heures*, *vépres*, etc., cf. Eng. *vespers*, *matins*], *f. pl.*: COMPLINS (last service for the day, after vespers).

compli-ment¹⁶ [It. *-mento* (L. *cum*, with, *plere*, fill)], *m.*: = (laudatory address or

poem; praise, congratulatory greetings; formalities). -**menter**¹⁶, *tr.*: compliment, address praises to. -**menteur**¹⁶, = **ense** [-*menter*], *adj.*: complimentary.

compli-qué¹⁵, *adj.*: complicated, intricate. ||-**quer**¹³ [L. *-care*, fold together], *tr.*: complicate, involve.

com-plot¹¹ [?], *m.*: =, conspiracy. -**ploter**¹⁶, *tr.*: complot, plot together, scheme.

compon¹³ [-*poné*], *m.*: compony part (of two tints, on a shield).

componction¹¹ [L. *-punctio* (L. *cum*, with, *pungere*, pierce)], *f.*: compunction (sting of conscience).

componé¹³ [for *couponné*, fr. *coupon*], *adj.*: (her.) compony (hav'g two tints).

componende¹⁶ [fr. L. *L.* sense 'payable', L. *-dum*, put together], *m.*: papal fees; fee office.

compor-tement¹⁴, *m.*: =, conduct. ||-**ter**¹² [L. *-lare* (*cum*, with, *portare*, carry)], *tr.*: accord with, fit, match; *reflex.*: comport, conduct one's self, present one's self: *le navire se comporte bien à la mer*, the (new) vessel behaves beautifully at sea.

com-posant¹³, -**sante**, *adj. or f.*: component; constituent element. ||-**poser**¹¹ [L. *-ponere* (*ponere*, put)], *tr.*: compose (put together); combine; create; write; set type; calm; *intr.*: agree, come to terms: *fleurs composées*, composite family; *mouvement composé*, resultant, compound motion; *temps composé*, compound TENSE; — *avec sa conscience*, make peace with one's conscience. -**posite**¹⁶ [L. *-positus*], *adj.*: = (made of several elements or styles of architecture; *m.*: Italic architecture).

-**positeur**¹² [L. *-positor*], *m.*: † writer; composer (of music); compositor, type-setter; adjuster (of legal differences).

-**position**¹² [L. *-positio*], *f.*: = (make-up, composition; compound; essay; payment). -**post**¹⁸ [Eng., fr. OFr.], *m.*: manure, fertilizer. -**posteur**¹⁶ [It. *-postore*, fr. *-porre*, compose], *m.*: (printer's) stick; form (for printing gilt on bindings); transfer-picture. -**pôt**¹⁶ [Ofr. *compost*, composed], *m.*: composition, character: (dial.) esp. succession of crops. -**pote**¹² [for OFr. *-poste* fr. *post*, composed], *f.*: =, stew (where fruits keep their shape).

-**potier**¹⁷ [-*pote*], *m.*: =, dish for composites.

com-préhensible¹⁴ [L. *-prehensibilis*], *adj.*: =. -**préhension**¹⁴ [L. *prehensio*], *f.*: =, ability to understand; extent, content. ||-**prendre**¹¹ [L. *-prehendere* (cf. *prendre*)], *irr.* (cf. *prendre*); *tr.*: comprehend (include; comprise, contain; understand).

com-presser¹² [OFr. *-presser* (L. *-pressare*, press together), *f.*: compress, soft pad, wet cloth. **-presseur**¹⁶ [L. *-pressor*, *pressor*], *m.*: compressor (muscle; surgical instrument). **-pressibilité**¹⁶ [*-pressible*], *f.*: compressibility, compressibility. **-pressible**¹⁶ [*-pressus*, pressed together], *adj.*: =. **-pressif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-pressivus*], *adj.*: compressive, exerting pressure. **-pression**¹³ [L. *-pressio*], *f.*: =; condensation under pressure. **-primer**¹³ [L. *-primere*], *tr.*: compress, reduce by pressure.

compro-mettant¹³, *adj.*: compromising. **||~mettre**¹² [L. *-mittere*, promise mutually to abide by a decision], *irr.* (cf. *mettre*); *intr.*: compromise; (agree to arbitration, imperil). **-mis**¹², *pret.* or part. of *-mettre*; *m.*: compromise; flaw-suit; critical situation. **-mission**¹², *f.*: compromise; surrender of one's principles.

comp-tabilité¹⁷ [*-table*], *f.*: accounts, bookkeeping. **-table**¹², *adj.*: accountable; *m.*: accountant, paymaster: — *à sa patrie*, responsible to his country. **-tant**¹², *adj.* *m.*: l'argent —, spot cash; *adv.*: payer une marchandise —, pay for goods in cash; *m.*: le —, the cash. **comp-te**¹² [form of *conte*; in comp. it is fr. *-ter*], *m.*: =, count; account; number; reason, motive; bill: un — rond, number with no fractions; — borgne, one-eyed (i.e. odd) number; à bon —, at fair price; être à son —, be on his own expenses; demander — à quelqu'un de ses actions, ask one for an explanation of his conduct; à —, on account; à votre —, according to your story; au bout de —, on the whole, after all; solde de —, payment in full; nous sommes loin de —, we are far from agreeing. **-te-fils**¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: magnifying glass (to count threads in fabric). **-te-gouttes**¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: burette, dropping tube. **-te-pas**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: pedometer, walking-wheel (to measure distance walked). **||~ter**⁹ [form of *conter*], *tr.*: count, calculate; number; price; *intr.*: count; cipher, figure, reckon; (render an account; intend: on peut — sur lui, one can depend on him; tout compté, everything considered; se — pour quelque chose, regard one's self as somebody; à pas comptés, with measured step, slowly; qui compte sans son hôte compte deux fois, he who reckons without his host reckons twice; il faut — avec l'opinion des hommes, we must consider people's opinions. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: numberer; meter (for gas, water, bicycles, etc.). **-toir**¹³, *m.*: = (counter, table, or desk for counting money; counting house, commercial agency).

compulser¹⁴ [L. *-sare*, press violently], *tr.*: demand (a copy legally); inspect. **-sif**¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-sus*, fr. *compellere*, compel], *adj.*: compulsive. **||~sion**¹² [L. *-sio* (cum, with, *pellere*, push)], *f.*: =, constraint. **-soir**¹⁶ [L. *-sus*, fr. *compellere*], *m.*: warrant, order (to inspect or examine).

compu-t¹⁶ [L. *-tus*, fr. *-tare*, count], *m.*: computus (set of church calendar tables). **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: reckoning (of movable dates). **-tiste**¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: computer (of church calendar).

com-tal¹⁶, *pl.* = *aux*, *adj.*: of a count or earl. **||~tat** = *té*. **||com-te**⁹ [L. *comes*, associate, sc. of a king (cum, with, *ire*, go)], *m.*: COUNT, earl. **-té**¹⁶, *m.*: county, earldom. **-tesse**¹², *f.*: countess.

concamération¹³ [L. *-tio*, vault (cum, with, *camera*, arch)], *f.*: = (vault; chamber of nautilus, etc.); sound wave's length.

con-casser¹² [L. *-quassare*, shake violently (cum, with, *quassare*, intens. fr. *quater*, shake)], *tr.*: pulverize, bray, crush. **-casseur**¹³, *m.*: (grain) crusher.

concaténation¹⁶ [L. *-tio* (cum, with, *catena*, chain)], *f.*: =, chain-like series.

conca-ve¹³ [L. *-vus* (cum, with, *cavus*, hollow)], *adj.*: =, incurved (as the inside of a sphere); *verbe* —, Arabic verb hav'g semi-vowel in root. **-vité**¹³ [L. *-vitas*], *f.*: concavity, concave surface, hollow.

concéder¹⁴ [L. *-dere* (cum, with, *cedere*, yield)], *tr.*: concede, give over, grant; surrender.

concon-tration¹⁷ [*-trer*], *f.*: =; intenseness. **-trer**¹⁶ [L. *cum*, with, Fr. *centre*], *tr.*: concentrate, intensify; inclose. **||~trique**¹³ [L. *cum*, with, Fr. *centre*], *adj.*: concentric, hav'g common centre; approaching the centre. **-tri-quement**¹⁶, *adj.*: concentrically.

concep-t¹⁴ [L. *-tus* (cum, with, *capere*, take)], *m.*: =, general and abstract idea or notion. **-tacle**¹⁵ [L. *-taculum*], *m.*: =, seed sack (of certain low plants).

-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (beginning of the foetus; idea): une — originale, an original theme (for a painting); avoir la — vive, have a quick perception, mind. **-tualisme**¹⁵ [L. *-tialis*] *m.*: conceptualism (doctrine of general abstract types without concrete instances).

conceer-ner¹⁴ [L. *-nere*, lit., mix with], *tr.*: concern, pertain to.

conceer-t¹⁵ [It. *-to*], *m.*: =, combination, united action, esp. in music. **-tant**¹⁷ [*-ter*], *adj.*: playing, singing (in concert). **-ter**¹², *tr.*: plan together; arrange; compose; *intr.*: take part in a concert.

-to¹⁷ [It.], *m.*: = (pretentious musical composition).

conces-sion¹³ [L. *-sio* (*cum*, with, *cedere*, yield)], *f.*: = (deeding, grant, surrender of property or claims).

-sion-naire¹⁷, *m.*, *f.*: grantee, concessioner.

con-cetti¹⁷ [It. pl. of *-cello*, concept, notion], *m.*: witty CONCERT, fancy.

-ex-vable¹⁰, *adj.*: conceivable, imaginable.

||-ex-voir² [L. *-cipere* (*cum*, with, *capere*, take)], *irr. §*; *tr.*: conceive (become pregnant; think, plan; fancy).

§ Ind.: *Pr. conceis*, *-s*, *-t*; *conce-vons*, *-ves*, *conçoivent*. *Ipf. concevais*. *Pret. conceus*. *Fut. (Cond.) concevra(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. concevois*, *-es*, *-t*; *concevoions*, *-vies*, *conçoivent*. *Ipf. conceussie*. — *I've conceus*. — *Part.*: *Pr. concevant*; *P. conceu*.

1. con-che¹⁵ [It. *-ncia*, lit., with which], *f.*: *en* —, in order, in trim.

2. con-cha¹⁷ [L. *-cha*, sea-shell; hollow place], *f.*: (*dial.*) brine-pond, salt-basin (to evaporate sea-water).

-chite¹⁷ [L. *-cha*], *f.*: clay petrified in an empty shell.

-choide¹⁰ [Gr. *konchoeidēs* (*kónche*, shell, *eidos*, form)], *adj.*: =, shell-shaped:

courbe —, conchoid curve in geometry.

-chyllien¹⁵, = **-enne** [L. *-chylum*, Gr. *konchulion*, shellfish, oyster], *adj.*: *ter-rain* —, ground hav'g shells.

-chylologie¹⁷ [Gr. *konchulion*, shell, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: conchiliology, science of shells.

-chylologiste¹⁷ [*-chylologie*], *m.*: conchiliologist, student of shells.

con-cier-ge¹¹ [?], *m.*, *f.*: = (door-keeper, porter, janitor).

-gerie¹⁵, *f.*: = (janitor's lodgings; at Paris chief judge's dwelling and the prison; prison).

con-ci-le¹¹ [L. *-lium* (*cum*, together, *calare*, call)], *m.*: (ecclesiastic) council.

-liable¹⁷ [*-lier*], *adj.*: reconcilable, capable of harmonizing.

-liabule¹⁵ [L. *-lium*, place of assembly], *m.*: =, unsanctioned council; cabal.

-liant¹⁷, *adj.*: conciliating.

-liateur¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. *-liator*], *adj.*: reconciler, peace-maker.

-liation¹⁵ [L. *-liatio*], *f.*: =; reconciliation.

-liatoire¹⁷, *adj.*: conciliatory.

-lier¹⁵ [L. *-liare*], *tr.*: CONCILLATE, make agree, harmonize: — *le plaisir avec le travail*, unite work and pleasure.

con-ci-s¹⁰, = **-cise** [L. *-sus*, cut up, fr. *concidere* (*cadere*, cut)], *adj.*: concise, terse, compact.

-sion¹⁷, *f.*: =, conciseness.

con-citoyen¹², = **-enne** [L. *cum*, with, Fr. *citoyen*], *m.*, *f.*: fellow-citizen.

con-clave¹⁵ [L. *claudere* (*claudere*, shut)], *m.*: = (college of cardinals electing a pope).

-claviste¹⁵, *m.*: attendant (on cardinal during conclave).

con-cluant¹⁰, *adj.*: decisive. **||-clure**¹² [L. *-cludere* (*cum*, with, *claudere*, close)],

irr. §; *tr.*: conclude (finish; infer, decide).

-clusif, **-ive** [L. *-clusivus*], *adj.*: conclusive.

-clusion¹² [L. *-clusio*], *f.*: =, decision, final solution.

§ Ind.: *Pr. conclus*, *Ipf. concluais*. *Pret. conclus*. *Fut. (Cond.) conclusrai(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. conclus*. *Ipf. conclusse*. — *I've conclus*. — *Part.*: *Pr. concluant*; *P. conclus*.

†concoction¹⁰ [L. *-tio* (*cum*, with, *coquere*, COOK)], *f.*: = (digestion; maturation of a sore).

concombre¹² [L. *cucumis*], *m.*: CUCUMBER.

concomi-tanee¹⁵ [L. *-tari*, accompany (*cum*, with, *comere*, companion)], *f.*: =, subsistence together.

-tant¹⁵ [L. *-tans*], *adj.*: =, accompanying.

concor-dance¹¹, *f.*: = (agreement; index).

-dant¹⁵, *adj.*: =, agreeing.

-dat¹⁵ [L. *-datum*], *m.*: = (agreement between the papal see and a secular power); terms (with creditors).

-da-taire¹⁵ [*-dat*], *adj.*: *†évêques* — *s*, bishops approving the concordat; *failli* —, certified bankrupt (who has made terms with his creditors).

-de¹¹ [L. *-dia*], *f.*: concord, harmony.

||-der¹¹ [L. *-dare* (*cum*, with, *cor*, heart)], *intr.*: be of one mind, be in harmony, concur.

con-courant¹⁷, *adj.*: concurrent (meeting at a point).

||-courir¹⁵ [L. *-currere*, run together], *irr.* (cf. *courir*); *intr.*: converge, meet; cooperate; compete.

-cours¹⁵ [L. *-cursus*], *m.*: concourse, meeting; convergence (of lines); contribution; competition.

con-cré¹⁵, = **-ète** [L. *-cretus*, lit., grown together], *adj.*: concrete, solid; not abstract.

-crétion¹⁵ [L. *-cretio*], *f.*: =, clot, solidifying.

concubi-nage¹⁴, *m.*: =, living as though married.

-naire¹⁵ [L. *-narius*], *m.*: concubinarian, one hav'g a concubine.

-nat¹⁵ [L. *-natus*], *m.*: concubinage.

||-ne¹⁵ [L. *-na* (*cum*, with, *eubare*, lie down)], *f.*: =, mistress.

concupi-seqnee¹⁵ [L. *-scentia* (*cum*, with, *cupiscere*, desire)], *f.*: =, lustful desire.

-seible¹² [L. *-scibilis*], *adj.*: =, lustful.

concur-rement¹⁵, *adv.*: unitedly; with equal right; competitively.

-rence, *f.*: =; competition (emulation): *faire* — *à*, compete with, oppose; *jusqu'à* — *de*, to the amount (extent) of.

||-rent¹¹, = **-ente** [*-rens* (*concurrere*, run together)], *adj.*: =, contributory; *m.*, *f.*: competitor; contributor: *jours* — *s*, extra days (needed to make civil year equal solar year).

concus-sion¹⁴ [L. *-sio* fr. *concudere*, scare, blackmail (*cum*, with, *quater*, shake)], *f.*: extortion.

-sionnaire¹⁵, *adj.*: (*un juge*) —, extortioner.

condam-nable¹⁴, *adj.*: blamable. **-nation**¹², *f.*: condemnation; censure, blame. **||-ner**¹¹ [L. *condemnare* (cum, with, damnare, harm; doom)], *tr.*: CONDEMN; convict; sentence; declare against: — à (or *ïde*) payer, fine; *Dieu condamne le mensonge*, God censures lying; *les médecins l'ont condamné*, the doctors have given him up (to die).

conden-sateur¹⁷, *m.*: condenser (of electricity). **-sation**¹³ [L. *-satio*], *f.*: = (volume-reduction; concentration; accumulation). **||-ser**¹³ [L. *-sare* (cum, with, densus, dense)], *tr.*: CONDENSE, consolidate (by pressure, cold, etc.); accumulate. **-seur**¹⁹, *m.*: condenser (of steam).

conde-scendance¹⁵, *f.*: condescension, compliance; *pl.*: act of condescension. **-seigneur**¹⁵, *adj.*: condescending, compliant. **||-seigneur**¹³ [L. *-scendere* (cum, with, de, down, scandere, climb)], *intr.*: condescend, stoop, deign: — à la volonté de quelqu'un, concede to one's wish; † — envers quelqu'un, be affable towards.

condi-gne¹³ [L. *-gnus* (cum, with, dignus, worthy)], *adj.*: condign, fitting, merited. **-gnité**¹⁵, *f.*: condignity, fitness.

condiment¹² [L. *-tum*, spice (*condere*, lay up)], *m.*: =, seasoning, sauce.

condisciple¹⁷ [L. *-pulus* (cum, with, discipulus, learner)], *m.*: fellow-student.

condit¹⁴ [L. *-tus*, preserved (see *condiment*)], *m.*: candied fruit.

condi-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*, *-cio* (*condicere*, speak together, agree)], *f.*: = (station; circumstances; terms of agreement); standard. **-tionné**¹³ [*-tionner*], *adj.*: conditioned; fixed (drunk). **-tionnel**¹³, *elle* [L. *-tionalis*], *adj.*: CONDITIONAL (event; mode of a verb). **-tionnelle-ment**¹³ [*-tionnel*], *adv.*: conditionally. **-tionnement**¹⁵ [*-tionner*], *m.*: drying (of silk). **-tionner**¹², *tr.*: make, manufacture in a fixed way: — un act, add conditions to an act.

condoléance¹⁴ [*-doloire* infl. by *dolérance*], *f.*: condolence, expression of sympathy in grief.

condor¹⁶ [Sp., fr. Peruv. *cuntur*], *m.*: = (Andes vulture).

condottiere¹⁵ [It. 'CONDUCTOR'], *m.*: =, *pl.* *-ri*, leaders of bands of military adventurers in Italy in the 14th Cent.

condouloir¹² [L. *-dolere* (cum, with, dolere, grieve)], *irr.* (cf. *douloir*); *refl.*: condole, express sympathy: se — avec eux de la perte, condole with them over the loss.

con-ducteur¹³, *=trice*, *m., f.*: conductor (leader; overseer; grooved stick to guide an instrument in certain opera-

tions); *adj.*: leading; conducting. **-ductibilité**¹⁵, *f.*: conductivity (power to transmit heat, electricity, etc.). **-duction**¹² [L. *-ductio*], *f.*: renting. **||-duire**⁹ [L. *-ducere* (cum, with, ducere, lead)], *irr.*; *tr.*: conduct, lead, drive; guide, escort; train; manage. **-diseur**¹¹, *m.*: †windlass-man (in slate quarry); wood-agent. **-duit**¹¹, *m.*: = (pipe; passage; channel). **-uite**¹⁵, *f.*: conduct (management; behaviour); series of conduits (as for air).

§ Ind.: *Pr. conduis*, *-s*, *-t*; *-sons*, *-ses*, *-sent*. *Imp. conduisis*. *Pret. conduisis*. *Part. (Cond.) conduira(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. conduise*. *Imp. conduisisse*. — *I've conduit*. — *Part.*: *Pr. conduisant*; *P. conduit*.

conduplicé¹⁵ [L. *-catus*, doubled (cum, with, duplicare, double)], *adj.*: conduplicate, doubled lengthwise (as leaves).

condy-le¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, Gr. *kondulos*, knuckle; cf. Skt. *kandas*, lump], *m.*: =, enlarged end of a bone. **-lome**¹⁵ [L. *-loma*], *m.*: condyloma (wart-like growth usually near the anus).

cône¹⁵ [L. *-nus*, Gr. *kónos*], *m.*: CONE (geometrical figure; strobila; strobile; fruit of pines; pencil of light).

confabu-lation¹⁴ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: CONFAB, chat. **||-ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lari* (cum, with, fabulari, talk)], *intr.*: confabulate, chat.

confarréation¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (cum, with, far, grain)], *f.*: = (patrician form of marriage, presenting spelt cake to Jupiter).

confec-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio* fr. *conficere*, prepare (cum, with, facere, make)], *f.*: making, construction; ready-made garment; remedy. **-tionner**¹³, *tr.*: complete; construct; make. **-tionneur**¹⁵, *-euse* [*-tionner*], *m., f.*: maker: — de vêtements, maker of ready-made clothing.

confédé-ratif¹⁷, *=ive*, *adj.*: (rare) allied. **-ration**¹² [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: †league of powers, temporary alliance; permanent union, FEDERATION. **-ré**¹⁴, *m.*: ally. **||-rer**¹³ [L. *confederare* (cum, with, fœdus, bond)], *tr.*: unite, ally.

confé-rence¹⁴ [L. *-rencia*], *f.*: †collation (texts); =, discussion; lecture; class; maître de —, professor in charge of a course. **-rencier**¹⁷ [*-rence*], *m.*: chairman of a conference; lecturer. **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. *conferre* (cum, with, ferre, carry)], *tr.*: CONFER; collate, compare; take counsel.

conferve¹⁷ [L. *-va* fr. *-verere*, boil together, heal (cum, with, fervere, be hot)], *f.*: conservia (plant).

confes-se¹¹, *f.*: aller à —, go to confession. **||-ser**¹¹ [L. *-sus* fr. *confiteri*, avow (cum, with, fateor, acknowledge)], *tr.*: confess. **-seur**¹¹ [L. *-sor*], *m.*: pro-

fessing Christian; confessor. **-sion**¹¹ [L. L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (acknowledgment, avowal). **-sional**¹⁰, *pl.* = **-aux** [It. *-sionale*], *m.*: = (cabinet where priests hear confession); high-backed chair.

con-fiance¹² [L. *-fidentia* fr. *-fidere*, CONFIDE (cum, with, *fido*, trust)], *f.*: confidence, reliance. **-fiant**¹³ [*-fier*], *adj.*: confident, trusting; reliable. **-fidement**¹⁴ *-dam-* [L. *-fidens*, trustful], *adv.*: †with confidence; confidentially. **-fidence**¹⁵ [L. *-fidentia*], *f.*: =, faith, trust: *en* —, confidentially, secretly; *tenir un bénéfice en* —, have the income while another has the title of a benefice. **-fident**¹⁴, *-gente* [It. *-fidente*], *adj.*: †hav'g one's confidence; *m.*, *f.*: confident, trusted person. **-fidenciaire**¹⁶ [L. *-fidentia*], *m.*: trustee of an oral bequest; beneficiary *par* or *en* confidence, by private understanding. **-fidentiel**¹⁷, *-elle* [L. *-fidentia*], *adj.*: confidential. **-fidentiellement**¹⁸ [*-fidentiel*], *adv.*: confidentially. **-fier**¹⁹ [L. *-fidere*], *tr.*: CONFIDE, entrust.

confi-ga-tion¹³, *f.*: =, structural form, outline. **||-rer**¹³ [L. *-rare* (cum, with, *figura*, shape)], *tr.*: configure, form after a model.

confi-nement¹⁴, *m.*: = (of prisoners). **-ner**¹⁴, *intr.*: lie adjacent, border; fence (fields, etc.); confine, shut in; imprison. **||-ns**¹⁵ [L. *pl.* of *-nis*, bordering], *m.* *pl.*: confines, borders, boundaries.

confire⁹ [L. *-ficere* (cum, with, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: preserve, pickle; candy; dip (hides, in curing them, into the sour water called *confit*); and cf. *confit*.

confir-matif¹⁴, *-ive*, *adj.*: confirmative, substantiating. **-mation**¹², *f.*: = (support of higher authority, ratification; church rite). **||-mer**¹² [L. *-mare* (cum, with, *firmus*, strong)], *tr.*: confirm (strengthen, ratify; establish as a church member); slap (in allusion to stroke of confirming priest).

confis-cable¹⁵ [*-quer*], *adj.*: =, liable to be confiscated. **†-cant** = **-quant**. **-cation**¹³ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: =, appropriation of private property by the state; property seized.

confis-erie¹⁷, *f.*: confectionery. **||-seur**¹⁵, *-euse* [*-re*], *m.*, *f.*: CONFECTOR.

confisquer¹³ [L. *-care* (cum, with, *fiscus*, basket; public treasury)], *tr.*: confiscate, take as forfeited; escheat.

confi-t¹² [*-re*], *part.*: preserved, pickled; candied; steeped; accomplished, perfect, consummate; ruined; *m.*: sour water (in tanning shammy); (*dial.*) preserved fowl.

confitéer¹² [L. *-i* confess], *m.*: = (prayer beginning thus).

confi-ture¹² [*-t*], *f.*: preserves (fruit). **-turerie**¹³ [*-turier*], *f.*: preserving factory. **†-turier**¹⁶, *-ière*, *m.*, *f.*: seller of preserves.

conflagration¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (cum, with, *flagrare*, burn)], *f.*: = (fire; excitement).

conflict¹¹ [L. *-flictus* fr. *-figere* (cum, with, *figere*, strike)], *m.*: conflict, clashing; contest.

con-fluent¹⁵ [L. *-fluens*, running together], *m.*: confluence, juncture (of two streams); *adj.*: =, uniting: *variole* —, confluent variola (where the pustules unite). **-fluer**¹³ L. *-fluere*, flow together], *intr.*: unite (as streams), flow together.

confondre⁹ [L. *-fundere* (cum, with, *fundere*, pour)], *tr.*: confound (mix; confuse; silence, overwhelm; put to shame).

confor-mateur¹³ [*-mer*], *m.*: conformator (measure for hats). **-mation**¹⁵ [L. *-matis*], *f.*: =, general form or arrangement of parts. **-me**¹⁴ [L. *-mis*], *adj.*: conformable (like in form; suitable; proper). **-mément**¹³, *adv.*: conformably, in conformity. **||-mer**¹² [L. *-mare* (cum, with, *forma*, form)], *tr.*: conform (form like; suit to; comply with; adopt). **-misté**¹⁶ [Eng. *-mist*], *m.*, *f.*: conformist, member of the official church. **-mité**¹³ [L. *-mitas*], *f.*: conformity, harmony.

1. **con-fort**¹⁰, *m.*: encouragement, support.

2. **-fort**¹³ [Eng. *comfort*], *m.*: comfort, well-being. **-fortable**¹³ [Eng. *comfortable*], *adj.*: agreeable, enjoyable. **-fortablement**¹³ [*-fortable*], *adv.*: COMFORTABLY. **-fortant**¹³ or **†-fortatif**¹³, *-ive*, *adj.*: strengthening (as medicine); corroborative. **-fortation**¹⁴, *f.*: =, making strong. **||-forter**⁹ [L. *-fortare* (cum, with, *fortis*, strong)], *tr.*: strengthen, fortify.

con-fraternel¹³ [*frère* (infl. by *fraternel*)], *adj.*: mutual and brotherly. **-fraternité**¹² [L. *-fraternitas*], *f.*: confraternity, brotherly association. **||-frère**¹² [L. *-frater* (cf. *frère*)], *m.*: =, fellow-member. **-frérie**¹², *f.*: FRATERNITY: *entrer dans la* —, become a married man.

confron-tation¹³ [L. *-tatio* (cum, with, *frons*, face)], *f.*: =, facing. **-ter**¹⁴ [L. *-lare*], *intr.*: †face, look; *tr.*: confront, bring face to face.

confu-s¹¹, *-use* [L. *-sus*, poured together], *adj.*: confused; mixed; disconcerted. **-sément**¹⁴ [*-s*], *adv.*: confusedly, indistinctly. **||-sion**¹⁰ [L. *-sio* (cum, with, *fundere*, pour)], *f.*: = (bewilderment, perplexity; shame).

confutation¹⁵ [L. *-tio*, fr. *confutare*, re-

press boiling liquid (*cum*, with, **futäre*, intens. of *fovere*, be hot)], *f.*: =, disproof.

ceige¹⁵ [L. *-gius*, measure of three quarts], *m.*: ore basket.

congé¹⁵ [L. *commeatus*, going to and fro (*cum*, with, *meäre*, go)], *m.*: = (leave-taking; permission to leave; dismissal; †permission; apophyge of pillar). †**géal**¹⁵ [Ofr. *-geer*, let leave], *adj.*: dismissable, dischargeable. **gédier**¹⁵ [It. *-gedo*, *congé*], *tr.*: discharge, dismiss.

conglable¹⁵, *adj.*: congealable, liable to harden. **gélation**¹⁵ [L. *-gelatio*], *f.*: freezing, hardening. **-geler**¹⁵ [L. *-gelare* (*gelu*, frost; chill)], *tr.*: congeal, harden with cold.

congé-nère¹⁵ [L. *-ner* (*cum*, with, *genus*, *KIND*)], *adj.*: of the same GENUS, CONGENERIC. **-nial**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *genius*, spirit], *adj.*: =, of same KIND, alike. **-nital**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-nitus*, born with], *adj.*: =, existing from birth.

conges-tion¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*cum*, with, *gerere*, bear)], *f.*: =, unhealthy accumulation (esp. of blood). **-tionner**¹⁵, *tr.*: congest, mass together.

congiare¹⁵ [L. *-giarium* (*-gius*, three-quart measure)], *m.*: congiary, gift, largess to the people.

congio-bation¹⁵ [L. *-batio*, heaping together], *f.*: summary of arguments. **-ber**¹⁵ [L. *-bare* (*cum*, with, *globus*, sphere)], *tr.*: conglobate, gather into a lump. **-mérat**¹⁵ [L. *-meratum*, piled up], *m.*: conglomerate (concretion of fragments of older rocks). **-mérer**¹⁵ [L. *-merare* (*cum*, with, *glomus*, ball ak. to *globus*)], *tr.*: conglomerate (collect in concretion or lump).

congluti-nation¹⁵ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: =, gluing together, sticking together. **-ner**¹⁵ [L. *-nare* fr. *cum*, with, *glutinare*, stick (*gluten*, *GLUE*)], *tr.*: conglutinate, unite (as fractures or wounds).

congratulation¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =, felicitation (expression of sympathetic satisfaction). **-ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lari* (*cum*, with, *gratulari*, show delight (*gratus*, pleasing; cf. Skt. *hary*, love)], *tr.*: congratulate.

congre¹⁵ [L. *-grus*, Gr. *góngros*, sea-eel], *m.*: CONGER-eel.

con-gréage¹⁵, worming (of ropes). **-gréer**¹⁵ [? Ofr. *conreer*, arrange], *tr.*: worm (wind spun yarn, etc., along a rope to fill grooves and make rope smooth).

congréganiste¹⁵ [L. *-gregus*, one of a flock (*grex*)], *m.*: lay-member; *adj.*: école —, denominational school. **grégation**¹⁵ [L. *-gatio* (*cum*, with, *grex*, flock)], *f.*: = (church membership; audience; body of priests; committee of cardinals).

congrès¹⁵ [L. *-sus*, meeting (*cum*, with, *gradi*, go)], *m.*: congress, meeting of delegates.

con-gru¹⁵ [L. *-gruus*, suitable, fr. *-gruere*, agree], *adj.*: congruous; †appropriate: *grace* — *e*, ample grace (fitting the conditions of the man); *réduire quelqu'un à la portion* — *e*, leave one just enough to live on. **-gruent**¹⁵ [L. *-gruens*], *adj.*: †becoming (as clothing). **-gruisme**¹⁵, *m.*: congruism, doctrine that divine grace is dependent on the character of the recipient. **-gruiste**¹⁵, *m.*: congruist, believer in congruism. **-gruité**¹⁵, *f.*: congruity (harmony; receptivity of divine grace, assumed in congruism). **-grâment**¹⁵, *adv.*: properly.

coni-cine¹⁵ [L. *-um*, Gr. *kôneion*, hemlock], *f.*: CONINE (poison principle of hemlock). **-fère**¹⁵ [L. *-fer* (*conus*, cone and *ferre*, bear)], *adj.*: CONIFER; *m. pl.*: pine family. **-que**¹⁵ [Gr. *-kós* (*kónos*, cone)], *adj.*: CONIC. **-rostre**¹⁵ [L. *conus*, cone, *rostrum*, beak], *adj.*: hav'g cone-like beak; *m. pl.*: sparrow family.

conjec-tural¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: =, doubtful. **-turalement**¹⁵ [*-tural*], *adv.*: on conjecture. **-ture**¹⁵ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: =, supposition. **-turer**¹⁵ [L. *-turare* fr. *con-jicere*, throw (facts) together], *tr.*: conjecture, guess.

con-joindre¹⁵ [L. *-jungere* (cf. *joindre*)], *irr.* (cf. *joindre*); *tr.*: †JOIN together; join in marriage. **-joint**¹⁵, *adj.*: conjoint, united, associated; married. **-jointement**¹⁵ [*-joint*], *adv.*: conjointly, unitedly. **-jonctif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-junctivus*], *adj.*: conjunctive, uniting: *la membrane conjunctive*, the conjunctiva (membrane lining the eyelids). **-jonction**¹⁵ [L. *-junctio*], *f.*: = (part of speech; apparent approach of stars, etc.; sexual union). **-jonctivité**¹⁵ [*-jonctive*], *f.*: conjunctivitis, inflammation of the conjunctiva. **-joncture**¹⁵ [It. *-giuntura*], *f.*: conjuncture, combination of circumstances.

con-jouir¹⁵ [L. *-gaudere*, *cum*, with, *gaudere*, rejoice (*gaudium*, JOY)], *reflex.*: rejoice. **-jouissance**¹⁵, *f.*: rejoicing.

conju-gaison¹⁵ [L. *-gatio*], *f.*: conjugation (all the forms of a verb): † — *des nerfs*, nerves by pairs; *trous de —*, nerve holes in the vertebrae. **-gal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-galio* (*-gium*, marriage)], *adj.*: =, of married people. **-galement**¹⁵ [*-gal*], *adv.*: (rare) conjugally, matrimonially. **-gué**¹⁵ [L. *-gatus*], *adj.*: conjugate (coupled, paired). **-guer**¹⁵ [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: †JOIN together; CONJUGATE (verbs). **-jungo**¹⁵ *un* = **e** [L. 'I join together' fr. the marriage formula], *m.*: (Jam.) *prononcer le —*, pronounce the

wedding ceremony; après le —, after the wedding.

conjurateur¹¹, m.: conjurer, magician. **-ration**¹¹ [L. -ratio], f.: conspiracy (against government); adjuration; spell, magic. **-ré**¹⁵ [L. -ratus], m.: sworn conspirator. **||-rer**¹¹ [L. -rare (cum, with, jurare, swear)], tr.: conjure; adjure; conspire.

connai-ssable¹¹, adj.: knowable; **-ssance**¹⁵, f.: KNOWLEDGE, understanding; intelligence; acquaintance: une vieille —, an old friend or acquaintance; les —s, the tracks (of an animal). **-ssement**¹¹, m.: bill of lading. **-sueur**¹¹, **-euse**, m., f.: connoisseur, expert, critical judge. **-connai-tre**⁹ [L. cognoscere (cum, with, noscere, know)], irr. §; tr.: KNOW (well; by experience: carnally): be acquainted with; recognise: ne — autre, not know any one else (i.e. know him as well as one knows one's self); **gagner à être connu**, improve on acquaintance; **gens à ce connaissant**, people aware of these matters; **je me connais à ces sortes de choses**, I am at home in such things; **tribunal chargé de — des affaires correctionnelles**, tribunal whose duty is to take cognisance (judge) of matters liable to penalty.

§ Ind.: Pr. **connai-s**, -s, **connai-t**; **connaissons**. Ipf. **connaissons**. Pret. **connut**. Fut. (Cond.) **connaitra**. — Subj.: Pr. **connaisse**. Ipf. **connaisse**. — I've **connait**. — Part.: Pr. **connaisant**; P. **connu**.

conné¹¹ [L. -natus (con, with, nasci, be born)], adj.: (rare) CONNATE, joined (as leaves); CONGENITAL.

connectif¹¹ [L. -tere, twine together], m.: connective (stamen filament uniting the anther lobes).

conné-table⁹ [L. comes stabuli, COUNT of the STABLE], m.: CONSTABLE (equerry; chief of cavalry; commandant of fortress, or town, or whole army); f.: constable's wife. **-table**¹¹, f.: marshal's tribunal (formerly presided over by constable; marshalcy).

conné-xe¹² [L. -zus (connectere, bind together)], adj.: connected, related. **-xion**¹² [L. -xio], f.: connection. **-xité**¹², f.: connectivity, connection, relation.

conni-vence¹⁵ [L. -ventia, lit., winking], f.: connivance, silent or secret or guilty assent. **-vent**¹¹ [L. -vens, winking], adj.: converging, touching (as certain insect wings, or stamens with each other). **||-ver**¹⁵ [L. -vere, wink (cum, with, nigrere, nicere, shut, ak. to Ger. neigen, incline)], intr.: CONNIVE, passively assent to wrong.

connu [-naitre], m.: aller du — à l'inconnu, go from known to unknown.

conoïde¹⁵ [Gr. konocidés (kónos, cone, eidos, shape)], adj.: conoid.

conque¹⁵ [L. -cha (cf. Fr. conche)], f.: CONCH (trumpet of the Tritons; CONCHA, spiral of the ear; certain mollusk).

conqué-rant¹¹, **-ante**, m., f.: CONQUEROR. **||-rir**⁹ [L. -quirere (cum, with, quaerere, seek)], irr. (cf. acquérir); tr.: CONQUER, overcome, win. **||conquêt**¹² [-quest, old part. of -quérir], m.: reality acquired after marriage. **conquête**¹² [-quest, old part. fr. -quérir], f.: CONQUEST, country acquired. **||conquêter**¹¹ [-quête], tr.: conquer, acquire.

consa-crant¹¹, adj.: évêque —, consecrating bishop; m.: consecrator, blessor. **||-crer**¹¹ [L. -crare (cum, with, sacer, sacred)], tr.: consecrate, make sacred, dedicate.

consan-guin¹², **-ine** [L. -guineus (cum, with, sanguis, blood)], adj.: hav'g one parent the same, half- (brother, sister). **-guinité**¹² [L. -guinitas], f.: consanguinity, blood-kinship (of half-brothers by the same father).

con-science¹¹ [L. -scientia (scientia, knowledge)], f.: = (the moral guide of right and wrong, corresponding to the physical guide taste); CONSCIOUSNESS: vous ne pouvez le faire en bonne —, you cannot do that with a good conscience; **la main sur la —**, with his hand upon his heart (gesture of sincerity); — large, broad (easy) conscience; avoir — de soi, be conscious of one's self. **-scienceuse-ment**¹⁵ [-sciencieux], adv.: conscientiously. **-scienceux**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: conscientious. **-seient**¹⁵ [L. -sciens, knowing with], adj.: CONSCIOUS.

con-scription¹¹ [L. -scriptio (cum, with, scribere, write)], f.: =, enrolment for the militia. **-scrit**¹⁵ [L. -scriptus, written with], adj.: pères —s, conscript fathers; m.: CONSCRIPT, drafted soldier; novice, greenhorn.

consé-cra-teur¹¹ [L. -tor], m.: consecrator (of priest; of eucharist). **||-tion**¹¹ [L. -tio, consecrare (cum, with, sacer, holy, SACRED)], f.: =, dedication, blessing. **consé-cu-tif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. -tus, following (cum, with, sequi, follow)], adj.: consecutive, successive; CONSEQUENT. **-tion**¹² [L. -tio, a following], f.: logical sequence: mois de —, consecution month (lunar month). **-tivement**¹⁵ [-tif], adv.: in succession.

con-seil⁹ [L. -siliu(m), -sulere, take counsel], m.: COUNSEL (advice; adviser, attorney; plan); COUNCIL, tribunal. 1. **-seiller**⁹ [p. L. -siliare, L. -siliarius], tr.: counsel, advise; prescribe. 2. **-seiller**⁹, **-ère** [L. -siliarius], m., f.: COUNSELOR, ad-

viser; COUNCILOR, advocate; councilman.
-seigneur¹¹ [-seiller, advise], m.: adviser.

consen-suel¹⁵, =elle [L. -sus, consent],
 adj.: consensual, founded solely on mutual consent. **-tement**¹¹, m.: consent, acquiescence. **||-tir**⁶ [L. -tire (cum, with, sentire, feel)], intr.: CONSENT, get out of place (as a mast); tr.: approve; admit, agree to.

consé-que-mment¹³ -kam-, adv.: logically; accordingly: — à quelque chose, consistently with a thing. **||-quenee**¹² [L. -quentia (-qui, follow up)], f.: = (logical result; importance); en —, in consequence, accordingly. **-quent**¹³ [L. -quens], adj.: = (consistent, logical; resultant); m.: =, conclusion.

conser-vateur¹³, -trice [L. -vator, -atrix], m., f.: preserver; conservative (in politics); adj.: preservative, saving. **-vati-on**¹³ [L. -ratio], f.: =, keeping, conservancy, preservation. **-vatoire**¹³, adj.: conservative; m.: conservatory (place to keep or preserve music or art, or collections). **-ve**¹³, f.: =; consortship; naviguer de —, sail in company (with other ships for protection); sail same course; aller de —, go with escort; pl.: dark eyeglasses. **||-ver**⁸ [L. -rare (cum, with, servare, keep)], tr.: conserve, preserve; guard; (fam.) keep (one's hat, cane); raise (a child). **†-viteur**¹⁵ [L. cum, Fr. serviteur], m.: fellow-servant.

considérable¹⁵, adj.: =, important. **-rablement**¹⁶ [-rable], adv.: considerably, in large measure. **-rant**¹⁷, m.: pre-amble, whereas. **-ration**¹¹ [L. -ratio], f.: =, esteem, regard. **†-ré**¹⁵, adj.: prudent, well determined: **||-rer**¹² [L. -rare, lit. view the stars (cum, with, sidus, star)], tr.: consider, estimate, think over, esteem.

con-signataire¹⁶, m.: CONSIGNEE; depository. **-signation**¹³, f.: =; consignment. **-signe**¹⁴, f.: orders (to the sentinel); sentinel, gate-keeper; keeping in (of pupil as punishment); baggage-room. **||-signer**¹⁴ [L. -signare (cum, with, signum, sign)], tr.: consign; deposit (as guarantee); detain (under orders); keep in (pupil); mention, itemize (in report).

consis-tance¹¹ [L. -tentia], f.: consistence, thickness, solidity; quantity, matter. **-tant**¹⁶, adj.: consistent, firm, solid. **||-ter**¹³ [L. -tere (cum, with, stare, stand)], intr.: consist; †be solid: en (or †à) quoi consiste son revenu, of what does his income consist.

consi-stoire¹¹ [L. L. -storium, L. -stere, sense of 'sojourn'], m.: consistory (authoritative church assembly). **-storial**¹⁴,

pl. =aur, adj.: of the consistory. **-storialement**¹⁶ [-storial], adv.: according to the consistory (its rulings or enactments).

conso-lable¹⁴ [L. -labilis], adj.: =, able to be comforted. **-lant**¹⁶, adj.: consoling, soothing. **-lateur**¹⁵, -trice [L. -lator, -trix], m., f.: consoler, comforter; adj.: comforting. **†-latif**¹³, -ive [L. -latus], adj.: consoling. **||-lation**¹¹ [L. -latio (solari, soothe)], f.: =, comfort, SOLACE; fiche de —, fish, counter (in playing) given to a loser. **-ler**¹⁴ [L. -lari], tr.: console, comfort.

consoli-dant¹⁵, adj.: =, tending to heal wounds. **-dation**¹³ [L. -datio], f.: = (uniting; †centralization; making solid. **||-der**¹³ [L. -dare (cum, with, solidus, firm)], tr.: CONSOLIDATE, SOLIDIFY; centralize; fund: les consolidés, consolidated funds, consols.

1. **consommateur**¹⁵ [L. L. -summator (L. summa, sum)], m.: consummator, finisher, perfecter.

2. **con-sommeur**¹⁷ [L. -sumere (sumere, take)], m.: consumer; guest (at a restaurant). 1. **||-sommation**¹⁴ [-sommer, CONSUME], f. CONSUMPTION, using.

2. **con-sommation**¹¹ [L. -summatio], f.: =, completion. 1. **-sommé**¹³ [-sommer, complete], adj.: accomplished, finished, perfected.

2. **con-sommé**¹⁵, m.: =, broth. 1. **||-sommèr**¹¹ [L. -summere (cum, with, sumere)]; tr.: consume, use up.

2. **con-sommer**¹¹ [L. -summare (cum, with, summare, fr. summa, sum)], tr.: consummate, complete, perfect.

†**con-somptif**¹³, -ive [L. -ptus, part. fr. consumere, consume], adj.: caustic, consuming. **-ption**¹³ [L. -ptio], f.: consumption (using up; the disease).

conso-nance¹¹ [L. -nantia (-nare, sound together)], f.: =, musical accord; rhyming.

-nant¹² [L. -nans], adj.: =, alike in sound.

-ne¹⁴ [L. -na], f.: consonant (letter sounded with a vowel).

con-sort¹³, =sorte [L. -sors, hav'g same fortune (cum, with, sors, lot)], m., f.: †sharer, partner, =; prince —, queen's husband (in England); un tel et —, such a one and his partners, associates.

consoude⁶ [L. -solida (solidus, firm)], f.: CONSOUND, black briony (astringent).

conspi-rant¹⁷, adj.: CONSPIRING. **-ra-teur**¹³, -trice, m., f.: CONSPIRATOR.

||-ration¹¹ [L. -ratio (cum, with, spirare, breathe)], f.: CONSPIRACY, †convergence, common tendency. **-rer**¹³ [L. -rare], tr.: †pursue together; plan, plot together; intr.: conspire; tend (to a common object).

conspuer¹⁷ [L. -re, spit upon], tr.: treat contemptuously, grossly insult.

constable¹⁸ [Eng.], m.: =, petty officer.

con-stamment¹⁴ [-stant], adv.: constantly; firmly; faithfully. **-stance**¹²

[L. -stantia, lit., standing together], f.: constancy; loyalty. **-stant**¹³ [L. -stans], adj.: =, firm; proved; established; loyal.

-stat¹⁵ [L., 'it is evident'], m.: = (certificate of record; attested copy). **-station**¹⁸

[-stater], f.: verification, evidence. **-stater**¹⁷ [L. -stat, 'it is evident'], tr.: establish, prove.

constel-lation¹² [L. -latis (cum, with, stella, star)], f.: =, named group of stars.

-lé¹⁶ [fr. root of -lation], adj.: made under the influence of stars, magic. **-ler**¹⁵

[L. -lare], tr.: stud or set with stars. **conster**¹⁴

[L. -stare, be manifest], *impers. intr.*: be ascertained, evident, or proved.

conster-nation¹⁹ [L. -natio], f.: =, dismay, panic. 1. **-ner**¹² [L. -nare (cum, with, sternere, strew)], tr.: overwhelm, confuse with terror. 2. **-ner**¹³ [L. -nere, strew], tr.: beat down.

consti-pation¹⁴ [L. -patio], f.: =, stoppage. **-per**¹³ [L. -pare (cum, with, stipare, stuff, crowd full)], tr.: constipate, stop up.

consti-tuant¹⁶, adj.: constituent, component; authorizing. **-tuer**¹² [L. -tuere (cum, with, statuere, establish)], tr.: constitute, establish legally; make; compose.

-tutif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. -tutus, established], adj.: constitutive, establishing. **-tution**¹¹

[L. -tutio], f.: = (establishment; make-up, composition; form of government; bodily habit or temper).

-tutionnalité¹⁷ [-tutionnel], f.: constitutionality, accord with the constitution. **-tutionnel**¹⁷, **-elle** [-tution], adj.:

constitutional (inherent in the constitution); according to a written constitution). **-tutionnellement**¹⁷ [-tutionnel], adv.: according to the constitution.

con-stricteur¹⁷ [L. -strictus, squeezed], m.: constrictor, squeezer; sphincter (muscle). **-striction**¹³ [L. -strictio, cum, with, stringere, bind tight (cf. Gr. strínx, squeezed out, drop; and Eng. strong)], f.: =, tightening. **-stringent**¹⁴ [L. -stringens], adj.: =, binding.

construc-teur¹³ [L. -tor], m.: builder. **-tion**¹¹ [L. -tio fr. cum, with, struere, pile up, arrange (cf. Gr. strónnumi, I spread; Skt. upa-sar, make ready)], f.: = (building; form; structure; sentence arrangement). **construi-re**¹⁵ [L. con-struere], tr.: construct, build; form; interpret (by syntax of words).

consubstanc-tialité¹² [L. L. -tialitas (L. cum, with, substantia, matter)], f.: con-

substantiality (coexistence in same SUBSTANCE). **-tiation**¹⁷ [L. L. -tialis], f.: =, Lutheran doctrine of real presence.

-tiel¹⁸, **-elle** [L. L. -tialis], adj.: *le Fils est — au Père*, the Son is consubstantial with the Father (has the same substance).

-tiellement¹⁶ [-tiel], adv.: *les trois personnes de la Trinité sont unies —*, the three persons of the Trinity are united consubstantially (by being of the same substance).

consu-l¹³ [L. fr. cum, with, root of salire, leap], m.: = (magistrate or officer of varying functions). **-laire**¹³ [L. -larius], adj.: consular, of a consul. **-lairement**¹⁶ [-laire], adj.: in a consular way.

-lat¹³ [L. -latus], m.: consulate (dignity or rule of a consul). **-ltant**¹⁹ [-ltar], adj.: consulting; m.: one taking or giving counsel. **-ltatif**¹⁶, **-ive** [-ltar], adj.: consultative, advisory. **-ltation**¹³ [L. -ltatio], f.: = (counseling with specialists, as doctors or lawyers). 1. **-lte**¹⁶ [-ltar], f.: (dial.) consultation. 2. **-lte**¹⁷ [lt. -lta], f.: COUNCIL: *la — cisalpine*, formed to establish the cisalpine republic. **-lter**¹⁴

[L. -ltare], intr.: †take counsel, seek advice; tr.: consult; †submit (a case) for advice. **-lteur**¹⁴ [-ltar], m.: counselor, esp. adviser of the pope.

consu-mant¹⁵, adj.: consuming. **-mer**¹¹ [L. -mere (cum, with, sumere, take)], tr.: consume, use up, exhaust; †consummate (see 2. *consummer*).

contabes-cesce¹⁵ [L. -cere, waste away (tabes, dwindling)], f.: =, atrophy. **-cent**¹⁵ [L. -cens], adj.: =, suffering decline.

conta-ct¹⁵ [L. -ctus (cum, with, tactus, touching fr. tangere, touch)], m.: = (coming or being together). **-gieur**¹³, **-euse** [L. -giosus], adj.: contagious, catching, communicable. **-gion**¹⁵ [L. -gio], f.: =, infection, tendency to spread.

-mination¹⁵ [L. -minatio (root tag, touch)], f.: =, defilement. **-miner**¹⁵ [L. -minare, soil], tr.: contaminate (soil, pollute; infect by disease).

conte¹¹ [-ter; cf. *compte*], m.: †COUNT, tally; story, narration: *les — s de la mère l'oie*, Mother Goose tales; — *s bleues*, fairy stories; — *s à dormir debout*, stories about sleeping standing (fish stories, cock-and-bull stories).

contem-pération¹³ [L. -tio, mixture (cum, with, temperare, qualify; tempus, time)], f.: = (doctrine that the will is inclined by divine grace, but not controlled).

contem-plateur¹⁴, **-trice** [L. -plator, -triz], m.: observer; thinker. **-platif**¹¹, **-ive** [L. -plativus], adj.: contemplative, meditative; m. pl.: contemplatives, her-

mits given up to meditation. **-plation**¹¹ [L. *-platio*, *cum*, with, *templum*, temple (taken fr. the language of augury)], *f.*: =, meditation. **-pler**¹² [L. *-plari*], *tr.*: contemplate, think on.

contempo-rain¹⁴ [L. *-raneus* (*cum*, with, *tempus*, time), *adj.*: contemporaneous, of the same time. **-ranéité**¹⁷, *f.*: contemporaneousness, existence at one time.

contem-pteur¹⁴ [L. *-plor* fr. *-nere* (*cum*, with, *temnere*, despise)], *m.*: CONTEMNER, despiser. **-ptible**¹² [L. *-plibilis*], *adj.*: =, odious.

contenance¹⁰ [*-nir*], *f.*: holding capacity, contents; extent; countenance, face.

contendre¹¹ [L. *-dere* (*cum*, with, *tendere*, stretch)], *irr.* (cf. *prendre*); *intr.*: contend, dispute.

con-tenir⁹ [p. L. **tenire*, (L. *-tinere*, *tenere*, hold)], *irr.* (cf. *tenir*); *tr.*: CONTAIN, hold; control. **-tent**¹² [L. *-tentus*], *adj.*: content; satisfied. **-tément**¹⁴ [*-tenter*], *m.*: contentment; satisfaction. **-tenter**¹⁴ [*-tent*], *tr.*: CONTENT, satisfy.

contentiement¹⁴, *adv.*: contentiously. **-tieux**¹², = **ense** [L. *-tiosus* fr. *-tio*, quarrel (*contendere*, contend)], *adj.*: CONTENTIOUS, fond of disputing.

conten-tif¹³, = **ive** [*-ir*], *adj.*: bandage —, bandage to hold together (severed parts). **-tien**¹⁷ [*-ir*], *f.*: holding together.

contention¹³ [L. *-tio* fr. *-dere* (*cum*, with, *tendere*, stretch)], *f.*: = (†debate; INTENSITY, TENSION).

conten⁹ [L. *computare*], *tr.*: relate, tell, recount.

contes-table¹⁶, *adj.*: =, to be striven for. **-tation**¹⁴ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: contesting, struggle. **-te**¹⁵, *f.*: contest, dispute. **-ter**¹³ [L. *-tari* (*cum*, with *testari*, TESTIFY, fr. *testis*, witness)], *tr.*: CONTEST; dispute; contend.

conteur¹¹, = **ense**, [*-ter*], *m.*: narrator; story-teller: *grand* — *de fleurettes*, great teller of fables.

contex-te¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, joining (*cum*, with, *texere*, weave)], *m.*: context, passages or verses preceding and following a certain text, or place. **-ture**¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, connection], *f.*: = (made up of woven or connected materials).

conti-gu¹⁴, = **uë** [L. *-guus* (*cum*, with, *tangere*, touch)], *adj.*: contiguous, adjoining. **-guité**¹⁴, *f.*: contiguity, adjacency.

conti-gence¹¹ [L. *-nentia*], *f.*: =, self-restraint (in desires, passions, etc.). **-nent**¹¹ [L. *-nens* fr. *-nere* (*cum*, with, *tenere*, hold)], *adj.*: =, self-restrained;

CONTINUOUS, uninterrupted; *m.*: =, grand division of land (as Europe). **-nental**¹⁸, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: =, of a continent, esp. European.

contingence¹³ [L. *-gentia* (*cum*, with, *tangere*, touch)], *f.*: CONTINGENCY (touching; possibility of happening). **-gent**¹³, [L. *-gens*], *adj.*: =, touching.

conti-nu¹² [L. *-nuus*], *adj.*: continuous, lasting; unbroken, uniform: *à la* —, without cease.

-nuateur¹⁶, = **trice** [*-nuer*], *m.*, *f.*: continuer (of what another began).

-nuation¹² [L. *-nuatio*], *f.*: =, carrying on, duration.

-nuel¹¹, = **elle** [L. *-nuus* (*continere*, hold together)], *adj.*: CONTINUAL, constant.

-nuellement¹¹, *adv.*: continually.

-nuer¹¹ [L. *-nuare* (*-nuus*, lasting)], *tr.*: CONTINUE, carry on; *intr.*: last; extend.

-nuité¹³, *f.*: continuity (endurance; extension): *amputation dans la* —, amputation of the bone (not at the joint).

-nuement¹⁵ [*-nu*], *adv.*: continuously.

contondre¹⁵ [L. *-tundere* (*cum*, with, *tundere*, pound, thump)], *tr.*: †bruise, pound: as *adj.*: instrument contondant, bruising, blunt instrument (as a club).

contorniate¹⁷ [It. (L. *tornare*, turn, round off, fr. *tornos*, lathe)], *f.*: = (coin with circular furrow on each side); *adj.*: *médaille* —, medal furrowed on each side.

contorsion¹³ [L. *-sio* (*-quere*, twist together)], *f.*: CONTORTION, twisting, wryness; †distortion (of the truth).

con-tour¹³ [It. *-torno*, infl. by *tour*], *m.*: =, outline. **-tourner**¹⁵ [It. *-tornare* (L. *-tornare* fr. *tornos*, turner's wheel)], *tr.*: make round; warp, distort; encircle.

contractant¹³, = **ante**, *adj.*: contracting, *m.*, *f.*: contractor. **-te**¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: contract(ed), shortened.

1-ter¹¹ [L. *-tus*, agreement], *tr.*: CONTRACT, agree, covenant; acquire, get.

2-ter¹⁷ [L. *-tus*, shortened], *tr.*: contract, shorten.

-tile¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, shortened], *adj.*: =, capable of drawing together.

-tilité¹⁵ [*-tile*], *f.*: contractility, ability to shorten up.

-tition¹³ [L. *-tio* (*contrahere*, lit. draw together)], *f.*: = (shortening, in all senses).

-tuel¹¹, = **elle** [L. *-tus*, bargain], *adj.*: contractual, according to contract.

-ture¹⁵ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: =, permanent contraction or rigidity; diminution (of a column).

contradic-teur¹³ [l. *-tor*], *m.*: contradictor, opponent, esp. an advocate.

-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*, (*contra*, against, *dicere*, speak)], *f.*: =, denial, opposition.

-toire¹³ [l. *-torius*], *adj.*: contradictory, incon-

sistent, opposite. **-toirement**¹⁶ [-toire], adv.: negatively.

con-traignable¹⁴, adj.: constrainable, compellable. **†-traignable**¹², adj.: constraining, forcing. **||-traindre**¹¹ [L. *-stringere* (bind)], irr. (cf. *peindre*), tr.: CONTRAIN (compel, urge; embarrass). **-traint**¹⁵, adj.: CONSTRAINED, ill at ease; *basse* —, bass that continues on the same note while the song changes. **-trainte**¹², f.: CONSTRAINT (uneasiness; force; detention).

con-traire¹⁰ [L. *-trarius* (contra, against)], adv.: CONTRARY, opposed, opposing, adjective: — *aux lois*, contrary to the laws; m.: CONTRARY, opposite: au —, on the contrary. **-trairement**¹³, adv.: in contrary way. **-tralto**¹⁷ [It. (contra, against, alto)], m.: = (low feminine voice). **-trapontiste**¹⁷ [It. *-trappuntista*], m.: CONTRAPUNIST (musician skilled in counter-point). **-trari-ant**¹³ [-trari], adj.: vexatious, contradicting. **-trarié**¹⁰ [L. *-trarius* (L. *-trarius*)], tr.: oppose, thwart; vex, tease. **-trariété**¹¹ [L. *-trarietas*], f.: contrariety, contradiction, inconsistency: **†**vexation, opposition; repugnance.

contras-tant¹⁷, adj.: contrasting, unlike. **||-te**¹⁵ [It. *-to* (L. *contra*, against, stare, stand)], m.: **†**struggle, conflict; CONTRAST, unlikeness. **-ter**¹⁶, intr.: contrast, be unlike; tr.: compare (unlike things), show differences in.

con-trai¹³ [L. *-tractus* (trahere, draw)], m.: CONTRACT, agreement; deed.

contravention¹³ [L. *contra-venire*, go against], f.: =, violation (of law, or obligation), offence.

contrayerva¹⁶ [Sp., lit. 'herb against' (sc. poison)], m.: = (tropical tonic nettle).

contre⁹ [L. *contra*], prep.: against; pref. **contre-** before *voic.*, **contre-** before *const.*: COUNTER —, etc.: *piéd — piéd*, foot to foot; *sa maison est — la mienne*, his house is close to mine; *tout —*, close by; *ci —*, at hand; *la porte est tout —*, the door is slightly ajar; adv.: *pour et —*, pro and con, for and against; *de —*, on the other hand; *d —*, in the opposite way; *par —*, per contra, on the other side; — *d —*, alongside (as ships). **-ac-cusation**¹⁵, f.: counter-charge (against one's accuser). **-allée**¹⁷, f.: walk (running with the main walk in a park or garden). **-amiral**¹⁶, pl. = *aux.*, m.: rear-admiral. **-appel**¹¹, m.: second call (of a name); cavelling (certain sword shift). **-approches**¹⁶, f. pl.: counter-approach (zig-zag trench to meet enemy's mines). **-arc**¹⁷, m.: counter-

arch (part of keel where the masts foot). **-archet**¹³, adv.: *d —*, contrary bowing (drawing the bow wrong). **-arétier**¹⁷, m.: oblique slate (cut to go next to hip or arris of a roof). **-attaques**¹³, f. pl.: counterworks, breastworks (thrown up by the besieged). **-aube**¹³, f.: counter-paddle (board between paddles of water-wheel). **-balanceer**¹⁵, tr.: counter-balance. **-bande**¹⁹ [It. *contrabbando*, 'contre le ban'], f.: contraband (smuggling or smuggled goods). **-bande**¹⁴, f.: (her.) half-band. **-bandé**¹⁶ [-bande], adj.: having bands of different halves. **-bandier**¹⁷, **-ière** [-bande], m., f.: smuggler. **-barre**¹⁶, f.: counter-bar (of shield). **-barré**¹³ [-barre], adj.: having counter-bars. **†-bas**¹³, adv.: —, (or better) *en —*, at a lower level. **-basse**¹⁶ [basse], f.: double-bass, contra-bass instrument or player. **-bassiste**¹³ [-basse], m.: player of bass-viol. **-basson**¹⁵, m.: deep bassoon. **-batterie**¹⁶, f.: counter-battery, cross-battery. **-batterie**¹², tr.: cannonade (a hostile battery). **†-biais**¹⁶, adv.: contrary-wise. **-biseau**¹⁷, pl. —, m.: counterbevel (piece of a pipe in reed-organ). **-bitté**¹⁷, f.: bitt support or brace (on ship). **-bord**¹³, adv.: *d —*, on opposite tack. **-bordée**¹³, f.: opposite tack. **-bouque**¹³, f.: funnel net. **-boutant**¹⁴ [-bouter], m.: buttress. **-bouter**¹⁵, tr.: buttress up. **-brasser**¹⁷, tr.: counter-brace (a sail). **-brétéche**¹⁷, f.: one of corresponding bretesses (on bratticed coat-of-arms). **-brétéché**¹⁶ [-brétéche], adj.: counter brétéché, embattled on both sides. **-brodé**¹⁷, m.: cheap black and white beadwork trimming. **-buter** = *bouter*. **-calquer**¹⁷, tr.: counter-trace, reverse by drawing (as a picture). **-caniveau**¹³, m.: paving (next to the gutter, or kennel stone). **-capon**¹⁷, m.: brace to stern-post of ship). **-carré**¹⁴ [-carrer], f.: counter-stake (at cards). 1. **-carrer**¹⁵, tr.: thwart, oppose. 2. **-carrer**¹³, refl.: double the stake (at card game *bouillotte* in order to win from one who has doubled). **-caution**¹⁶, f.: second bail, counter security. **-chambrane**¹³, m.: counter moulding (of cornices). **-charge**¹⁷, f.: counterpoise, balance weight. **†-charme**¹⁵, m.: counter-charm. **-châssis**¹⁶, pl. —, m.: outer sash, storm-window. **-chevron**¹⁶, m.: counter-chevron (bar in a coat-of-arms corresponding to another bar). **-chevronné**¹³ [-chevron], adj.: counter-chevronny. **-civadière**¹⁷, f.: sprit-sail. **-clavette**¹³, f.: nose-key, fox-wedge. **-clef**¹⁷, f.: key-stone course (masonry next to keystone).

1. -**cœur**¹¹, *m.*: shoulder, middle-rib (of beef); back (of a fireplace). 2. -**cœur**¹², *adv.*: à —, reluctantly. -**composé**¹⁰, *adj.*: (her.) counter-company (hav'g two rows of square and alternating colours). -**corbeau**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-corbelt. -**cornière**¹⁷, *f.*: hawse-piece (in stern of ship). -**coup**¹⁰, *m.*: =, rebound, concussion. -**coupe**¹², *f.*: odd cut or shape (of a sail). -**courant**¹⁷, *m.*: counter-current. -**courbe**¹², or -**courbure**, *f.*: counter-curve (upper one of two curves in half arch). -**critique**¹⁶, *f.*: counter-critique (answering criticism). -**dance**¹⁶ [Eng. country-dance], *f.*: ancient dance; contra-dance, quadrille. -**déclaration**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-declaration. -**défense**¹², *f.*: outer breast-works (to fortify other breast-works). -**dégagement**¹⁷, *m.*: dodging (a parry blow in fencing). -**dégager**¹⁷, *intr.*: counter-disengage; escape a blow struck as a parry (in fencing). -**dénonciation**¹⁸, *f.*: agreement to release (a debtor from certain obligations). -**digue**¹⁸, *f.*: DIKE (made to protect another). -**dire**⁰ [L. *dicere*], *irr.* (cf. *dire*); *tr.*: CONTRADICT; confute; dispute, oppose. -**disant**¹³ [*dire*], *adj.*: contradictory. -**dit**¹¹ [*dire*], *m.*: contention, plea, dispute. -**contrée**¹⁰ [p. L. *trāta* (L. *contra*, opposite)], *f.*: COUNTRY; climate; soil. -**écaille**¹⁷, *adv.*: à —, against the grain. -**écart**¹⁰, *m.*: division of counterquartered shield. -**écartèlement**¹⁸, *m.*: sub-quartering (division of a quarter into quarters). -**écarteler**¹⁵, *tr.*: counter-quarter (redive a quarter of a shield into quarters). -**échange**¹¹ [OFr. *echanger*], *m.*: counter-exchange. -**édit**¹⁷, *m.*: counter-edict (reversing a previous edict). -**émaïl**¹⁷, *pl.*: **aur**, *m.*: enamel at the back. -**émailler**¹⁷, *tr.*: counter-enamel (enamel the back of). -**empoise**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-bushing or bearing. -**empreinte**¹⁸, *f.*: raised mould (left by fossil). -**enquête**¹⁷, *f.*: counter-inquiry. -**épaulette**¹⁰, *m.*: fringed epaulet. -**épreuve**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-proof; feeble copy; verification of a vote. -**espaliér**¹⁰, *m.*: counter-espaliér, second trellis. -**étambot**¹⁰, *m.*: knee (of stern post). -**étrave**¹⁰, *f.*: apron, backing-piece (bolted to a vessel's stern). -**expertise**¹⁸, *f.*: counter expert-evidence. -**extension**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-extension (as of a broken leg). -**façon**¹², *f.*: counterfeit, fraudulent imitation; forgery. -**facteur**¹⁷ [*faire*], *m.*: counterfeiter; pirate. -**faction**¹⁷ [*faire*], *f.*: counter-feiting. -**faire**¹⁷, *irr.* (cf. *faire*); *tr.*: COUNTERFEIT, imitate for fraud; disfigure. -**faiscur**¹⁵ [*faire*], = **ense**, *m.*: (*fam.*)

forger; mimic. -**façon**¹⁶, *m.*: bunt-line (to truss up middle of a sail). -**fasce**¹⁰, *f.*: (her.) counter-fess; fess of two enamels. -**fascé**¹⁰ [*fasce*], *adj.*: hav'g counter-fesses. 1. -**fen**¹⁵, *pl.*: **x**, *m.*: plaque covering the fire-back. 2. -**fen**¹⁸, *pl.*: **x**, *m.*: counter-fire (to burn before an advancing fire and so head it off). -**fiche**¹², *f.*: brace, strut. -**fil**¹⁵, *m.*: à —, wrong way; against the grain. †-**finesse**¹⁵, *f.*: counter-trick, counter-plot. -**forger**¹⁸, *tr.*: forge by hammering both sides at once. -**fort**¹², *m.*: buttress; counter (of shoes); spur of mountains. -**fracture**¹⁸, *f.*: counterfracture. -**frase**¹⁸ [*fraser*], *f.*: last kneading (of bread). -**fraser**¹⁷, *tr.*: finish kneading. -**fruit**¹⁰, *m.*: talus wall (plumb on one side, sloping on the other). -**fugue**¹⁶, *f.*: counter-fugue (in music). -**garde**¹⁰, *f.*: counter-guard (in front of a bastion; stones around pier to reinforce it). -**hacher**¹⁰, *tr.*: cross-hatch; counter-etch (shade picture by cross-lines). -**hachure**¹⁷ [*hacher*], *f.*: shading, cross-hatching. -**hâtier**¹⁵, *m.*: kitchen fire-dog. -**haut**¹⁷, *adv.*: en — (or †—), at a higher level. -**heurtoir**¹⁷, *m.*: knocker-stop, plate (of door-knockers). -**indication**¹⁷, *f.*: contraindicant (symptoms suggesting different remedy). -**issant**¹⁰, *adj.*: (her.) counter-salient (rampant with its back toward another similar animal). -**jan**¹⁷, *m.*: wrong cast (at trick-track). -**jour**¹⁰, *m.*: counter-light (spoiling the effect). -**jumelle**¹⁸, *f.*: kennel stones (side-stones of a gutter). -**latte**¹⁴, *f.*: counter-lath. -**latter**¹⁴ [*latte*], *tr.*: counter-lath. -**lettre**¹², *f.*: defeasance (document annulling previous one). -**lobe**¹⁸, *m.*: leaf (of clover, separating the lobes of a rosette on a column). -**maître**¹⁴, *m.*: boatswain's mate; foreman. -**mander**¹², *tr.*: countermand. -**manœuvre**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-maneuvre. -**marche**¹⁷, *f.*: countermarch, back march; riser (between steps of stair). -**marée**¹⁷, *f.*: eddy (tide). -**marque**¹⁴, *f.*: counter-mark, second mark; check (of theatres). -**marquer**¹⁵ [*marque*], *tr.*: counter-mark. -**mesure**¹⁸, *adv.*: à —, by counter-measures (in music). -**mine**¹⁵, *f.*: counter-mine; underplot. -**miner**¹⁴, *tr.*: counter-mine. -**mineur**¹⁷ [*mine*], *m.*: counter-miner. †-**mont**¹², *adv.*: uphill; up-stream. -**mot**¹⁷, *m.*: counter-sign. -**mur**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-mure (wall to protect another wall). -**mure**¹⁸ [*mur*], *tr.*: counter-wall. -**note**¹⁸, *f.*: diplomatic note (in response to a note). -**ongle**¹⁸, *m.*: reverse direction: **prendre le —**, follow trail (as of deer) the wrong way. -**opposition**¹⁸, *f.*:

counter-opposition. **-ordre**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-order. **-ouverture**¹², *f.*: contra-aperture (incision near previous one, as to aid discharge). **-pal**¹⁸, *pl.* = **-aux**, *m.*: (*her.*) pale (of two kinds of enamel or metal). **-palé**¹⁰ [-*pal*], *adj.*: counterpaled. **-paneton**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-bit (of lock). **-partie**¹², *f.*: counter-part; reverse. **-pas**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: counter-pace (to catch step). **-passation**¹⁷ [-*passer*], *f.*: signing back (draft to drawer). **-passe**¹⁸, *adv.*: *à* —, across the grain, perpendicularly to the grain. **-passer**¹⁸, *tr.*: sign back (draft to order of drawer). **-pente**¹⁰, *f.*: drain stop, descent; gutter sides. **-pèser**¹², *tr.*: counter-poise, counter-balance. **-pèterie**¹⁵ [OFr. *péter*], *f.*: sort of galimatias (as *trompez sonnettes* for *sonnez trompettes*). **-piéd**¹⁵, *m.*: back-scent; opposite sense. **-platine**¹⁷, *f.*: screw-plate (of gun). **-poids**¹¹, *pl.* —, *m.*: counter-poise, balance-weights. **-poil**¹², *adv.*: *à* —, against the hair, nap. **-point**¹², *m.*: counter-point (in music). **-pointe**¹⁷, *f.*: edged part (of back of sword); edge and point fencing. 1. **-pointer**¹⁴ [*courte-pointe*], *tr.*: counterpoint, tie (a quilt). 2. **-pointer**¹⁵, *tr.*: point against (as one cannon against another); set point to point (as emblems on shield); *†*thwart. **-pointiste** = *contrapontiste*. **-poison**¹⁵, *m.*: counter-poison, antidote. **-porte**¹⁸, *f.*: storm-door, double door; second entrance or gate. **-potence**¹⁷, *f.*: end-stone of balance staff (socket of balance wheel axle in a watch). **-pression**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-pressure (to piston). **-projet**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-project. **-proposition**¹⁷, *f.*: counter-proposition. **-quille**¹⁸, *f.*: false or upper KEEL. **-retable**¹⁷, *m.*: altar-piece, panel (back of altar). **-révolution**¹⁷, *f.*: reaction fr. a revolution. **-révolutionnaire**¹⁷, *adj.*: against revolutionary results. **-riposte**¹⁸, *f.*: counter-thrust. **-ruse**¹⁰, *f.*: counter-ruse. **-sangle**¹², *f.*: or **-sangle**, *m.*: girth-strap (of saddles). **-scarpe**¹⁵ [*escarpe*], *f.*: counter-scarp (slope opposite the parapet of a ditch). **-seal**¹², *m.*: counter-seal (reverse side of pendent seal). **-sceller**¹³ [-*scel*], *tr.*: counter seal. **-seing**¹², *m.*: counter-signature. **-sens**¹⁵, *m.*: wrong sense, misinterpretation; wrong side (of cloth, etc.). **-signer**¹⁴, *tr.*: countersign. **-sommier**¹⁷, *m.*: sommer-cover (of parchment makers on which to roll skins); footing, winter base (supporting a printing press). **-sujet**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-subject (in music). **-taille**¹⁷, *f.*: counter-tally; counter-lines or cross cuts in en-

graving. **-tailleur**¹⁸, *tr.*: cover with cross lines. **-temps**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: = (awkward incident; wrong time in music): *jouer à* —, play in wrong time. **-terrasse**¹⁷, *f.*: counter-terrace (joining one of different level). **-tirer**¹⁸, *tr.*: take a counter-proof of; *†*trace, copy. **-vair**¹⁸, *m.*: counter-vair (of shields). **-vallation**¹⁶ [*L. vallatio*, breastworks], *f.*: contravallation (ditches and breastworks made by besiegers to resist sallies fr. the besieged). **-venant**, *ante*, *part.* used as *adj.* or *noun* fr. **-venir**¹⁴ [*L. contravenire*], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *intr.*: CONTRAVENE, infringe upon, violate: — *à* un règlement de police, break a police regulation. **-vent**¹⁶ [*vent*], *m.*: WINDOW-shutter; straining-piece. **-venter**¹³ [-*vent*], *tr.*: brace (with straining-beams). **-vérité**¹⁸, *f.*: mock truth; mock praise. **-visite**¹⁸, *f.*: second visit (to search or inspect a place). **contri-buable**¹⁴, *m.*: tax-payer. **-buier**¹³ [*L. buere*], *tr.* or *intr.*: contribute, aid. **-bution**¹³ [*L. butio* (*-buere*, allot by TRIBES)], *f.*: =, tax. **contris-ter**¹¹ [*L. -tare* (*tristis*, sad)], *tr.*: grieve, afflict. **contri-t**¹¹ [*L. -tus* (*L. terere*, rub) bruised], *adj.*: CONTRITE, repentant. **-tion**¹¹ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =, repentance. **contrô-le**¹⁴ [*contre, rôle*], *m.*: control (check-list, double register; guidance; power to regulate); administrative stamp or check-mark; official verification or sanction. **-ler**¹⁴, *tr.*: enter in register; control; check up; censure, criticise. **-leur**¹³ [-*ler*], *m.*: controller; time-keeper; check-taker, official stampster. **controuver**⁹ [*L. con* (*eum*, with), *Fr. trouver*], *tr.*: fabricate, invent, state falsely. **controver-sable**¹⁸, *adj.*: controversial. **-se**¹² [*L. -sia* (*contra*, against, *vertere*, turn)], *f.*: controversy, discussion. **-sé**¹⁸, *adj.*: controverted, questionable. **-ser**¹⁸ [-*se*], *tr.*: controvert, attack (doctrine) in debate. **-siste**¹⁰, *m.*: controversialist, disputant. **contuma-cc**¹² [*L. -cia*, pride (*eum*, with, *temnere*, despise)], *f.*: contumacy (*†*stubbornness; contempt of court). 2. **-ce**¹² or **-x** [*L. -x*], *adj.*: contumacious; *m.* or *f.*: refractory, obstinate person. **-cor**¹² [2. *-ce*], *tr.*: declare (one) to be in contempt. **contu-s**¹⁵ = **-use** [*L. -sus*], *adj.*: contused. **-sign**¹⁵ [*L. -sio* (*eum*, with, *tundere*, beat) bruise], *f.*: =. **-sionner**¹⁸, *tr.*: contuse, injure by a blow. **con-vaincant**¹⁸, *adj.*: convincing. **-vaincre**¹¹ [*L. vincere* (*eum*, with,

vincere, conquer)], irr. §; tr.: CONVINCER, CONVICT; †prove. **-vainqu** . . . cf. **-vaincre**.

§ c becomes *qu* before vowels except *u*. — Ind.: Fr. *je vaincs*. Pret. *je vainquis*. — Part.: *je vainquant*; *P. vaincu*; etc.

convale-sce-que¹⁴ [L. *-scentia* (cum, with, valere, be well)], f.: =, recovery of health. **-scent**¹⁵, **-sente** [L. *-scens*, recovering], adj. or m., f.: =.

conve-nable¹¹, adj.: fit, proper, suitable. **-nablement**¹¹ [-nable], adv.: properly; decorously. **-nauce**¹¹, f.: = (propriety); expediency. **-nant**¹¹, **-ante**, adj.: †suitable; m.: fitness, propriety. **||conve-nir**⁹ [L. *-nīre*, agree (cum, with, venire, come)], irr. (cf. *venir*); intr. with *avoir*: suit, please, become; with *être*: agree; harmonize; concede, admit.

†**conven-t** = **convent**. **-ticule**¹³ [L. *-ticulum*], m.: conventicle, secret religious meeting. **||-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*, meeting; agreement], f.: = (agreement, contract; social propriety; assembly of delegates). **-tionnel**¹⁴, **-elle**, adj.: conventional (usual); according to tacit agreement; m.: delegate (to convention of 1792 in France). **-tionnellement**¹⁷ [-tionnel], adv.: conventionally. **-tualité**¹⁶ [-tuel], f.: convent life. **-tuel**¹², **-elle** [L. *-tuali*], adj.: conventual. **-tuelle-ment**¹⁴ [-tuel], adv.: as in convents.

conver-gence¹¹, f.: =, gradual approach. **||-gent**¹⁶ [L. *-gens* fr. *-gere* (cum, with, *vergere*, turn, incline)], adj.: = (CONVERGING, tending to one point). **-ger**¹⁷ [L. *-gere*], intr.: converge, approach gradually.

conver-s¹¹, **-verse** [L. *-sus*, turned (cum, with, *vertere*, turn)], adj.: CONVERTED (to God's service, esp. †late in life); employed (at a convent); f.: CONVERSE (proposition or statement). **1.-ser**¹⁰ [L. *-sari*, be with], intr.: CONVERSE, talk; deal, associate: — avec soi-même, soliloquize. **2.-ser**¹⁰ [L. *-sus*], intr.: face about (as soldiers). **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], f.: = (change to another religion; changing into something else; facing about, change of front; transposed statement of proposition). **-tible**¹² [L. *-tibilis*], adj.: =. **||-tir**⁹ [L. *-tere*, turn with], tr.: CONVERT (turn; change; †convince; transpose a statement). **-tissement**¹², m.: exchange (of values): *le — d'un billet en espèces*, conversion of a note to coin. **-tisseur**¹⁶, m.: convert-maker; converter (cementation apparatus for iron).

convex-e¹³ [L. *-us*, rounded (cum, together, *vehere*, bring)], adj.: convex, curving out. **-ité**¹⁵, f.: convexity. **†conv-i**¹² [-vier], m.: †invitation.

convict¹⁸ [Eng., fr. L. *-tus* (cum, with, *vincere*, conquer)], m.: = (criminal condemned by law). **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], f.: =, opinion; †proof of guilt.

con-vier¹⁵ [OFr. *-vi*, banquet; L. *-vietus* (cum, with, *vivere*, live)], tr.: invite; urge, appeal to: — *d'une fête*, invite to a festivity; *mon roi me convie à parler*, my king asks me to speak; *les conviés*, the guests. **-vive**¹⁶ [L. *-vire*], m. or f.: guest.

convocation¹³ [L. *-tio* (cum, together, *vocare*, call)], f.: =.

convoi¹¹ [-voyer], m.: convoy (escort; fleet or baggage-train or squad under escort); train of cars; funeral procession. **-table**¹¹, adj.: covetable, desirable. **||-ter**⁹ [OFr. *covetier* (L. *cupiditas*, desire)], tr.: COVET. **-teur**¹¹, **-euse**, adj.: covetous, lustful. **-tise**¹¹, f.: covetousness; lustfulness.

convoler¹⁴ [L. *-lare*, flock together; remarry (cum, with, *volare*, fly)], intr.: marry (esp. of widows).

convoluté¹⁸ [L. *-lutus*, rolled about], adj.: convolute. **-lule**¹⁶ or **-lulus** [L. *-lulus*], m.: =, bind-weed, morning-glory.

convoyer¹³ [L. *-care* (cum, together, *vocare*, call)], tr.: convoke, summon.

convoy-er¹¹ [p. L. **viare* (cum, with, *via*, road), go with], tr.: †escort; convoy, escort for protection. **-yeur**¹¹, m.: convoy-ship.

convul-ser¹⁴ [L. *-sus*, convulsed (cum, together, *vellere*, pull)], tr.: CONVULSE, twist by spasms. **-sif**¹⁶, **-ive**, adj.: convulsive, spasmodic. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], f.: = (spasm; agitation). **-sionnaire**¹⁷, m.: convulsory, Jansenist (who had miraculous fits at grave of Deacon Paris).

-sivement¹⁸ [-sif], adv.: convulsively.

coobligé¹⁸, **-ée** [L. *co-*, with, Fr. *obligé*], m., f.: coobligor, joint obligor.

†**coolie** = **couli**.

coopé-rateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-trix*], m., f.: COÖPERATOR, member of coöperative society. **-ratif**¹⁸, **-ive**, adj.: coöperative. **-ration**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], f.: =. **||-rer**¹³ [L. *-rari* (cum, together, *operari*, work)], intr.: coöperate.

coop-tation¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], f.: =, admission (by special favour, as at a university). **-ter**¹⁶ [L. *-tare*], tr.: admit (even though not all conditions are fulfilled).

coor-dination¹³ [L. *-dinatio* (cum, with, *ordinatio* fr. *ordo*, order)], f.: = (making or being of same class or rank). **-don-ner**¹⁷ [L. *co-* (cum), Fr. *ordonner*], tr.: coöordinate, arrange with reference to each other.

†**copahier** = **copayer**.

Copahine¹⁸, f.: principle of COPAIBA.

||-hu¹⁰ [S. Am. *copay-ba*, *copay-tree*, m.: COPAIBA (nauseous balsam for certain mucous affections). †-ier = *copayer*.

copain¹⁰ [fr. old nom. *compain*, COMPANION (L. *cum*, with, *panis*, bread)], m.: (fam.) chum.

copal¹⁶ [Sp. fr. Mex. *copal*, gum], m.: = (hard resin used in varnish).

copartageant¹⁵, = **ante** [L. *co-* (cum, with), Fr. *partageant*], m., f.: COPARCENER, sharer, joint-heir.

copayer¹⁷ [S. Am. *copay*], m.: COPAIFERA (see *copahu*).

copreau, pl. -x [for *coupeau*], m.: chip, shaving; strip (to make combs of).

†**copeck** = *kopec*.

copermutant¹⁵ [L. *co-* (cum, with), *permutant*, changing], m.: exchanger (esp. of a benefice).

co-pie¹² [L. *-pia*, plenty (cum, with, *opes*, wealth)], f.: COPY. -**pie**¹³, tr.: copy, reproduce, imitate. -**pieusement**¹⁵ [-*pieux*], adv.: copiously. -**pieux**¹⁴, = **euse** [L. *-pius*, abundant], adj.: copious; ample; plentiful. -**piste**¹⁵, m. or f.: copyist.

copratureur¹⁷ [L. *co-* (cum, with), Fr. *preneur*], m.: co-lessee, co-renter.

coprolithe¹⁵ [Gr. *kópros*, dung, *lithos*, stone], m.: COPROLITE (petrified dung of extinct animals). -**phage**¹⁷ [Gr. *phágos* (*phágein*, eat)], adj.: coprophagous, dung-eating.

copropriétaire¹⁶ [*propriétaire*], m. or f.: joint PROPRIETOR. -**té**¹⁸ [*propriété*], f.: joint-property.

coprose¹⁵ [Ger. *klapper-rose*, corn poppy], f.: (dial.) red-poppy.

cop-tée¹⁵, f.: chime, tolling. ||-**ter**¹⁴ [ak. to *coup*], tr.: clapper (a bell, strike it repeatedly on one side).

copula-teur¹⁵, = **trice** [ak. to *couple*], adj.: coupling, connecting. -**tif**¹⁵, = **ive** [L. *-tivus*], adj.: copulative. ||-**tion**¹² [L. *-tio* (*copula*, thong, tie; *co-apere*, fasten, Gr. *háptein*, touch)], f.: =, sexual connection.

copule¹⁴ [L. *copula*], f.: †sexual union; copula (in grammar).

1. **coq**¹⁶ [Holl. *kok*], m.: ship's COCK; tar-warmer (of rope-makers).

2. **coq**¹¹ [echoic], m.: COCK (male fowl); things resembling a cock in some way: — *d'Inde* (pron. *co-*), turkey; — *puant*, male PEWET; — *gaulois*, cock formerly on the French flag; — *hardi*, cock with right foot lifted to strike; — *de bruyère*, black grouse; — *de mer*, goldfish; sea-duck; box-crab; au chant du —, at day-break; avoir des mollets de —, (fam.) have legs like broomsticks; être comme un — en pâte, be like a fattening cock, i.e. have all one's wishes. -à-l'âne¹³

[(talk going from) cock to ass], m.: cock-and-bull story; nonsensical, wild tale. -**souris**¹⁵, pl. -s—, m.: certain sail (on a sloop, or galiot). **coquard**¹¹, m.: bad cock, old cock; †idiot; hybrid (pheasant and hen). **coquâtre**¹⁵, m.: half-capon.

coque¹² [? L. *concha*, shell], f.: shell (of eggs, nuts, etc.): œuf à la —, (soft) boiled egg; — *d'œuf*, imperfection on porcelain surface; — *de cheveux*, knot of hair; — *de perle*, pearly lump in a sea-shell.

coque-eigrue¹⁵ [?], f.: bugaboo; fiddle-faddle, scary story: à la venue des —, on the Greek calends, i.e. never. -**fre-douille**¹⁶ [?], m.: duffer, ninny. -**liot**¹⁵ [echoic for cock], m.: corn-poppy (fr. its red color like a cock's comb). -**lourde**¹⁵

[?], f.: rose-campion; pasque (Easter) flower; anemone; velvet pink. -**luche**¹⁴ [?], f.: ancient hood; watersparrow (fr. its crest); whooping-cough (formerly a cough for which one wore a hood).

†**lucho**¹⁵ [-*luche*], m.: (monk's) hood. **coquemar**¹³ [? L. *cucuma* (*coquere*, cook)], kettle, m.: boiler.

†**coquemelle** = *coucoumelle*.

coqueret¹⁵ [coq, the redness of the fruit suggesting the crest of a cock], m.: winter cherry, strawberry-tomato (of nightshade family). -**querie**¹⁵ [echoic], m.: cock-a-doodle-doo.

coquerie¹⁵ [coq, cook], f.: wharf cooking-room, harbor-cookery, kitchen to cook for ships.

coquet¹⁶, = **ette**, m., f.: flirt, beau, coquette; coquettish, affected; vain. ||-**queter**¹⁶ [coq, cock], intr.: act like a cock; flirt, play the lover, COQUET. -**quetier**¹⁴ [coque], m.: egg or poultry-dealer; egg-cup. -**quette-ment**¹⁷ [-*quet*], adv.: coquettishly. -**quetterie**¹⁶, f.: coquetry, flirting; affectation; finicalness.

coquil-lade¹⁵ [Prov. *-lada*, wearing a hood (-le)], f.: tufted lark; blenny (fish).

-**lage**¹⁵, m.: mollusk, shellfish; sea or river shells. -**lard**¹⁶, m.: (formerly) egg-cup; conchitic rock. ||**coquil-le**¹²

[L. *conchylium*, 'shell' infl. by *coque*], f.: shell (of mollusks), cockle-shell; (shell-like thing) egg-shell (esp. empty or open); husk; sauce-dish; arch; spandrel (of staircase); firepan; lid; thimble; demy paper; blister in bread-crust; (printer's) error: — *d'bullet*, bullet mould; — *de St. Jacques*, mollusk; portez vos —s ailleurs, take your trash elsewhere, i.e. don't try to fool me with such stuff. -**lé**¹⁵, adj.: pain —, blistered bread. †-**ler** only in *re-coquiller*. -**lier**¹⁵, = **ière**, m.: mollusk

collection; paint case; *adj.*: conchitic.
-lon¹³, *m.*: little shell; leaf-like silver.
co-quín¹¹, *=ine* [*? coq* or *L. coquina*, kitchen], *m.*: *†*beggar; rascal, scamp; *f.*: (esp.) whore; *adj.*: *ver* —, tape-worm; *un air* —, tricky look; — *fiéffé*, arrant knave; *un heurreux* —, a lucky devil; *mon — de neveu*, my rogue of a nephew.
-quinerie¹³, *f.*: knavery; rascality.
-quinet¹⁷ *=ette*, *m., f.*: little rogue.
†coquiolé¹⁵ [Prov. *-lo* (lit.) cuckoo-grass], *f.*: (*dial.*) wild oats.
cor^o [*L. cornu*, horn], *m.*: HORN (of animals, or made of ivory, tin, etc.); horn-blower; CORN (as on toes); *pl.*: antlers (only in *cerf (de) dix —s*, etc., five-pronged, i.e. six-year-old deer); — *de chasse*, French horn; *à — et à cri*, with hue and cry.
coracoïde¹⁵ [Gr. *korakoeidía* (*kórak*, crow, *eidos*, form)], *adj.*: coracoid (beak-like process on the shoulder-blade).
co-rail¹¹, *pl. =aux* [*L. -rallium*, Gr. *korallion*], *m.*: CORAL: — *des jardins*, all-spice. **-railleux**¹⁷, *m.*: coral-diver.
-rallin¹⁵, *=ine* [*L. -rallinus*], *adj.*: *†*coralline, red; *f.*: coralline (algae or sea-weed).
coran¹³ [Ar. *qoran*, (lit.) reading], *m.*: KORAN, bible of the Mohammedans.
cor-beau¹¹ [OFr. *corp* (*L. -vus*)], *m.*: raven; crow; corvus (constellation); (*jest.*) undertaker (who brings away the dead); grappling-iron; anything like a crow's beak (hook on a pole to tear down walls; jutting stone in a wall): — *blanc*, white-beaked vulture; — *de mer*, cormorant; — *de fer*, iron rest for a beam.
corbeille^o [*L. -bicula*, dim. of *-bis*, basket], *f.*: basket (hence: clump, bed of flowers; space in the Bourse surrounded by railing; basket of flowers, by extension the flowers themselves).
†corbigeau¹⁵, *pl. =x* [*corbeau*, *-geau* (*L. gallus*)], *m.*: (*dial.*) curlew.
corbillard¹⁵ [Town *Corbeil*], *m.*: boat or carriage (running between Paris and Corbeil); state carriage; hearse.
corbillat¹⁵ [*-beau*], *m.*: young crow.
corbillion [*-beille*], *m.*: little basket; bread basket (on ships); crambo (game).
cor-bin¹¹ [ak. to *-beau*], *m.*: *†*crow; *bec-de—*, battle-ax. **-bine**¹⁷, *f.*: carrion-crow.
corbleu¹¹ [euphemistic for *corps (de) Dieu*], *interj.*: oath something like "good gracious."
corbule¹² [*L. -la*, little basket], *f.*: heart-cockle (sea-shell).
†coreelet = *corelet*.
cor-dage¹³, *m.*: =, rope; cording (meas-

uring of wood). **||-de**^o [*L. chorda*], *f.*: CORD (rope; chord; bow-string; measure for wood; cord-like organs as spinal cord, vocal cords, or corded muscles): *un homme de sac et de —*, a man fit to be drowned or hanged; *il file sa —*, he will be hanged yet; *montrer la —*, be threadbare; *la — sensible*, sensitive point; *†grosse —*, main point; *cheval qui fait la —*, horse that shows its sinews, windbroken horse.
-deau¹³, *m.*: little cord, string; rope; hangman's halter. **†-deler**¹⁶ [*-deau*], *tr.*: twist into a rope. **-dette**¹⁵ [*-delle*], *f.*: little string. **-drier**¹², 1. **-ière** [*-delle*], *m., f.*: =, gray friar (who wore a knotted cord); *sur la mule des —s*, afoot. 2. **-drière**¹⁵ [*-drier*], *f.*: monk's cord, girdle; vignette. **-de-line**¹⁷ [*-delle*], *f.*: selvage; ferret (of glassworkers). **-delle**¹¹, *f.*: tow-line. **-der**¹², *tr.*: twist, make into a twist, or rope; tie up; measure (wood). **-derie**¹² [*-dier*], *f.*: rope factory; rope business.
cordia-l¹⁴, *pl. =aux* [*L. -lis* (*cor*, heart)], *adj.*: = (of drinks; hearty). **-lement**¹³, *adv.*: cordially, heartily. **-lité**¹⁴, *f.*: cordiality.
cordier¹², **-ière** [*-de*], *m., f.*: rope-maker, or dealer.
cordiforme¹⁷ [*L. cor*, heart, *forma*, shape], *adj.*: cordiform.
cor-don¹¹ [*-de*], *m.*: = (ornamental cord to show rank; line of sentinels or forts; jutting stone-course); strand of rope; bell-rope, rope; string (of bonnet, purse, shoes, apron, etc.); hangman's rope; milled edge of coin; ligament, cord: *grand —*, emblem (by extension, member) of the Order of the Holy Spirit. **-donnage**¹⁵, *m.*: perfecting (of the *cordon*, or milled edge of a coin-die). **-donner**¹¹, *tr.*: twist (into rope).
cordonnerie¹² [*-nnier*], *f.*: shoe-business, or store or factory; shoe-room (in certain buildings).
cordonnez¹⁵ [*-don*], *m.*: CORD, braid, twist; milling (of coins).
cordonnier¹², **-ière** [pop. etym. fr. OFr. *cordouanier*, worker in Cordova leather], *m., f.*: shoeman: — *en neuf*, shoemaker; — *en vieux*, shoe-mender, cobbler. **Cor-doue**, *f.*: Cordova.
†corée = *chorée*.
coreligionnaire¹³ [*co-*, *religionnaire*], *m.*: coreligionist, one of same sect.
coria-ce¹⁴ [*L. -ceus* (*corium*, leather)], *adj.*: coriaceous, leatherlike, tough. **-cé**¹⁷ [*L. -ceus*], *adj.*: thick, leathery. **-cité**¹³, *f.*: toughness, thickness.
†coriambe = *choriambe*.
coriandre¹³ [*L. -drum*], *f.*: CORIANDER (plant).

corindon¹⁷ [E. Ind.], *m.*: CORUNDUM (stone).

corinthien¹⁵ [Corinth], *adj.*: Corinthian. †**coris** = *cauris*.

cor-me¹⁵ [? L. -nus, cornel-cherry], *f.*: sorb (fruit of service-tree, mountain ash). -**mé**¹⁵, *m.*: sorb-cider. -**mier**¹², *m.*: sorb-tree.

cormoran¹¹ [Ofr. *corp*, raven, *moran*, marine], *m.*: cormorant.

cornac¹⁵ [E. Ind.], *m.*: elephant driver.

cornacées¹⁵ [L. -nus, cornel-cherry], *f. pl.*: dog-wood family.

cor-nage¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: †tooting (of a horn); wheezing distemper (amongst horses, etc.). -**naline**¹², *f.*: carnelian-stone. 1. -**nard**¹², *m.*: one with horns; (humor) cuckold; glassworker's hook (to lift crucibles); 2. -**nard**¹², -**arde** [-ner], *adj.*: wheezy, roaring. -**narét**¹⁷ [1. -nard], *m.*: UNICORN plant. 1. -**no**¹⁵ [L. -nu], *f.*: HORN (of ox, snail, rhinoceros, devil, moon); plough handle; dog's-ear of a book or card; horny substance as hoof: *il entend de —*, he hears like horn, i.e. hears hard; — *d'abondance*, cornucopia; *donner un coup de — à un cheval*, bleed a horse by a punch in the palate. 2. -**no**¹⁵ [L. -num], *f.*: cornel-cherry. -**né**¹⁷ [1. -ne], *adj.*: HORNY.

1. **corneau**¹⁰ [?], *m.*: dog (cross between mastiff and hound).

2. †**corneau** = *créneau*.

cornéenne¹⁷ [-né], *f.*: HORN-stone.

cor-neillard¹⁵, *m.*: young crow. 1. -**neille**¹⁵ [p. L. **nicla* (L. -*nicula*, dim. of -*nix*, crow), *f.*: crow; — *mantelle*, or *bedcaude*, hooded crow; — *des clochers*, jackdaw; *bayer aux —s*, gape and gaze, waste time.

2. **corneille**¹⁵ [ak. to -*néole*], *f.*: (vulg.) lysimachia, poley grass.

corneil-lon¹⁷ [-le, crow], *m.*: young crow.

cor-néite¹⁸ [-née], *f.*: corneitis (inflammation of the cornea). -**nément**¹² [-ner], *m.*: roaring (in the ears); droning (of a reed organ fr. an imperfect joint). -**musé**¹² [-ne, horn, *muse(ite)*], *f.*: bag-pipe.

cornéole¹⁵ [l. L. -*la* (?)], *f.*: (vulg.) dyer's weed, lysimachia.

cor-ne¹⁰ [-ne, HORN], *tr.*: trumpet; bray; roar, wheeze (as a sick horse); horn, hook; make horny (as leather); dog-ear (leaves of book); intr.: sound, blow a horn; †smell bad (like burnt horn): — *requête*, excite, urge on dogs in hunting. -**netotte**¹⁷ [-ne], *f.*: (vulg.) owl. -**net**¹² [-ne], *m.*: = (little horn; trumpet; cornet-stop of organs); (horn-shaped things): dice-box; cornucopia; vase; spiral; comb;

ear-trumpet: *agiter le —*, shake the dice; — *de mâts*, vertical planking about the foot of masts. -**netter**¹² [-net], *tr.*: cup (a horse). †**netier**¹² [-ne], *m.*: horn-worker. -**nette**¹² [-ne], *f.*: CORNET, mob-cap (with big bow, like horns, under the chin); broad band (worn as badge in certain professions); swallow-tail penant; ensign, standard, then the officer (cornet) bearing ensign. -**néule**¹² [-née], *f.*: facet (unit of the compound eye of insects). -**neur**¹², -**ense**, *m.*, *f.*: horn-blower; *adj.*: cheval —, wheezy horse. 1. -**niche**¹⁰ [-ne], *f.*: †little horn; (vulg.) water-nut, caltrop.

2. **corniche**¹⁵ [It -*ce* (? fr. *koronis*, wreath)], *f.*: CORNICE (ornamentation of a column; scroll-work on a ship); narrow path (along precipice).

cor-nichon¹⁵ [-ne, HORN]; cucumber pickle; kind of grape; kind of mollusk; greenhorn. -**nicule**¹⁵ [-ne], *f.*: little horn; cup (for cupping sick man). -**nioulé**¹⁵ [-nicule], *adj.*: like a little horn. -**nier**¹¹, -**ière** [-ne], *adj.*: at a CORNER; *f.*: corner-channel (of roofs that meet); angle-iron; corner iron.

cornil-lat¹⁵ [corneille, crow], *m.*: young crow. 1. -**lon**¹⁴ [corneille], *m.*: young crow; jackdaw.

2. **cor-nillon**¹⁸ [-ne, HORN], *m.*: bony core (of cow horn). -**nion**¹⁷ [-ne], *m.*: point, end (of bownet). -**niste**¹⁵ [cor], *m.*: CORNIST, CORNETTIST.

Cornouailles, *m. pl.*: Cornwall: *la Pointe de —*, Land's End.

cor-neille¹² [p. L. -*nucla* (L. -*nus* fr. its horny hardness)], *f.*: CORNEL-cherry. -**nouiller**¹¹, *m.*: cornel-cherry tree, dog-wood. -**nu**¹⁵ [L. -*nūtus* (-*nu*, HORN)], *adj.*: HORNED: *lièvres —s*, horned hares, i.e. fantastic ideas; *raisons (visions) —es*, crazy reasons (visions); *argument —*, the sophism: you have what you haven't lost; you haven't lost horns, therefore you have horns; *cheval —*, horse with too prominent hips; *blé —*, grain with spurs or beard. -**nude**¹⁷ [Prov. -*nudo*], *f.*: bucket (with spout used in soap-works). -**nué**¹⁴ [-nu], *f.*: wooden vessel for grapes; retort (of chemists, or in gas-works). -**nuelle**¹⁷ [-nu], *f.*: water caltrop (plant; cf. *corniche*). -**nuet**¹⁵ [-nu], *m.*: bident, two-pronged fork; bidens (plant); pastry.

corol-laïre¹⁴ [L. -*larium* wreath (as present)], *m.*: corollary (an obvious inference); †new argument. -**le**¹⁷ [L. -*la*, dim. of *corona*, crown], *f.*: corolla of flower. -**lé**¹⁸ [-le] *adj.*: corolla-like.

1. **coron**¹² [?], *m.*: end (of iron bar cooled too soon); fluff (of wool).

2.coron¹⁸ [7], *m.*: quarters (for coal-miners).

coro-naire¹⁵ [L. *-narius* (-na, crown)], *adj.*: coronary. **-nal**¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-nalis*], *adj.* or *m.*: **-nelle**¹³ [L. *-na*], *f.*: wire-wing (of bobbin); tooth-holder (in weaver's comb). **-ner**¹⁷ [Eng.], *m.*: **-nille**¹⁷ [Sp. *-nilla*], *f.*: chickweed. **-nis**¹⁷ [L., fr. Gr. *koronis*], *f.*: = (apostrophe ['] as sign of crasis; a paraph or flourish).

coronoïde¹⁷ [Gr. *korōne*, crow, *eidōs*, form], *adj.*: coronoid, beak-shaped.

coronule¹³ [L. *-ula*, dim. of *corona*, crown], *f.*: = (circle of spines at apex of tibia in certain insects).

corosso-l¹⁹ [? island *Ouraçao*], *m.*: custard apple: — *des marais*, cork wood, alligator apple. **-lier**¹⁷, *m.*: custard apple-tree.

corpo-ral¹², *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-rale* (L. *corpus*, body sc. of Christ)], *m.*: corporal-cloth (spread over the altar during communion service). **-ralier**¹³, *m.*: case where communion cloth is kept. **-ralité**¹³ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: corporality, not spirituality. **-ration**¹⁷ [Eng. (L. *-rari*, form a body)], *f.*: = (extent of a town; business association). **-réité**¹⁵ [L. *-reitas*], *f.*: corporeity, bodily existence. **-rel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. *-ralis*], *adj.*: bodily, material. **-rellement**¹¹ [L. *-rel*], *adv.*: corporally, bodily, materially. **-rifier**¹⁶ [L. *corpus*, body, *facere*, make], *tr.*: CORPORIFY, embody, give body to, materialise.

cor-ps⁹ [L. *corpus*], *m.*: = (of an army), body; person; corpse: — *de maîtres*, faculty of a school; *à son — défendant*, in self-defence, reluctantly; *en —*, in a body; *à — perdu*, headlong, with might and main; *prendre à —*, seize, wrestle with; *se tuer le — et l'âme*, work one's self to death; *un drôle de —*, a queer chap; *un malin —*, mean fellow; *femme folle de son —*, woman who lives disorderly; *faire rentrer à quelqu'un ses paroles dans le —*, make one swallow his words, take back what he said; *les gardes du —*, body guards; *les petite —*, atoms (of Epicure); *le — calleux, corpus callosum* of the brain; *vin qui a du —*, wine of good strength; *esprit de —*, = (interest in the body one is member of, common spirit pervading an association of men). **-pulence**¹² [L. *pulentia* (-pus, body)], *f.*: =, largeness of body. **-pulent**¹⁴ [L. *-pulentus*], *adj.*: =, fat. **-pus**¹⁶ [L.], *m.*: =, body; holy bread (as being body of Christ): *le — (juris)*, whole of Roman law. **-pusculaire**¹⁷ [L. *-puscule*], *adj.*: corpuscular, atomic. **-puscule**¹³ [L. *-pusculum*], *m.*: corpuscle, atom.

corro-ct¹⁶ [L. *-ctus* (cum, together, *rectus*,

right)], *adj.*: =. **-ctement**¹⁴ [-cte], *adv.*: correctly. **-cteur**¹³, **-trice** [L. *-ctor*], *m.*, *f.*: corrector; punisher: — *d'imprimerie*, proof-reader. **-ctif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-ctivus*], *adj.*: corrective, tending to set right, or improve. **-ction**¹² [L. *-ctio*], *f.*: = (improvement, setting right; emendations; punishment, discipline; correctness; proof-reading): *sauv —*, subject to correction; *maison de —*, reform school for minors. **-ctionnaliser**¹³ [-ctionnel], *tr.*: bring (a crime) under penalty. **-ctionnel**¹⁴, **-elle** [-ction], *adj.*: hav'g penalty. **-ctionnellement**¹³ [-ctionel], *adv.*: by way of prosecution.

corré-gidor¹⁶ [Sp. 'ruler'], *m.*: = (chief magistrate of a town).

corréla-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (L. *cum*, with, *relativus*, connected)], *adj.*: correlative. **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, reciprocal connection. **-tivement**¹⁶ [-tif], *adv.*: in mutual relation.

corres-pondance¹², *f.*: correspondence (likeness; relation; exchange of letters); harmony: *voiture de —*, branch coach, transfer coach. **-pendant**¹³ [L. *-pondens*], *adj.*: correspondent; corresponding; like; guardian (over child away fr. home). **-pondre**¹³ [L. *-pondere* (L. *cum*, with, *respondere*, respond)], *intr.*: correspond (be like; answer to, respond; communicate by letter); transfer (take passengers fr. connected line).

corridor¹⁵ [It. *-dore* (correre, run)], *m.*: = (covered way around fortification; wide gallery or hallway).

corri-ger¹² [L. *-gere*], *tr.*: CORRECT (set right; read proof; punish). **-geur**¹³, *m.*: corrector (who makes changes indicated by proof-reader). **-gible**¹², *adj.*: =, not hopelessly bad.

†corrival¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-lis* (cum, with, *rivalis*, rival)], *m.*: RIVAL.

corrobo-rant¹⁶, *adj.*: corroborating, establishing. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-ive** [-ration], *adj.*: corroborative, strengthening. **-ratio**¹² [L. *-ratio* (cum, with, *robur*, strength; lit. 'oak')], *f.*: =, confirmation. **-rer**¹³ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: †strengthen (by medicine, etc.); corroborate, support by proof.

corro-dant¹³, *m.* or *adj.*: corrosive. **-der**¹³ [L. *-dere* (cum, with, *rodere*, gnaw)], *tr.*: corrode, consume, rust, eat away gradually.

cor-roi¹¹ [-royer], *m.*: = (puddling, claying, plaster; cement for ship-hulls, etc.); CURRYING (of leather); bench (to work cloth). **-roierie**¹³ or **-roirie** [-royer], *f.*: currier's shop, or business.

cor-rompre¹¹ [L. *-rumpere* (cum, with, *rumpere*, break)] (cf. *rompre*); *tr.*: COR-

RUPT (spoil; make worse; bribe); modify, change: — *le cuir*, soften the leather.

†**corroïd** = *coron*.

corro-sif¹², *-ive* [L. *-sivus* (cum, with, rodere, gnaw)], *adj.* or *m.*: corrosive. **-sion**¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (rustiness; gradual decay).

corro-yage¹⁸, *m.*: currying (of leather, etc.). **~yer**¹⁹ [OFr. *conreer*, prepare], *tr.*: prepare; **CURRY** (leather), work (iron); dress (wood); make mortar of; puddle (plaster); coat over; plaster (cisterns): † — *les balles*, squeeze the water out of printer's pads (so they will take ink better). **-yère**¹⁸, *f.*: sumac (shrub used in tanning). **-year**²², *m.*: carrier.

corrado¹⁵ [L. *-da*], *f.*: wild asparagus.

corruga-teur¹⁷, **-trice**, *adj.*: corrugant; *m.*: corrugator (muscle which wrinkles the skin). **~tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio* (cum, with, ruga, wrinkle)], *f.*: =, muscular wrinkling.

corrupt-teur¹⁸, **-trice** [L. *-teur*, *-triz*], *m., f.*: corruptor; briber; *adj.*: corruptive, vicious. **-tibilité**¹⁸ [L. *-tibilitas*], *f.*: corruptibility. **-tible**¹⁸ [L. *-tibilis*], *adj.*: = (liable to spoil; open to bribery); *m.*: impurity, dirt. **~tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*, *cor-rumpere*, break up], *f.*: =, bribery, vitiation (of health; of integrity; of a text; of a person).

†**corra** = *cor*.

corsac¹⁷ [fr. *Rusa*], *m.*: = (Asiatic fox).

corsage¹¹ [*corps*], *m.*: † = (waist garment); woman's bust; † body, person: *les gens de —*, serfs.

cor-saire¹⁴ [It. *-saro* (L. *cursor*, COURSE, run)], *†adj.*: cruising, sailing; *m.*: corsair, pirate, robber: *à —*, — *et demi*, out-Herod Herod.

cor-sé¹⁸ [*corps*], *adj.*: well-bodied, strong: *drap —*, thick cloth; *vin —*, strong wine.

-silet¹¹ [*corps*], *m.*: = († body armour; thorax of insects). **-ser**¹⁸ [*corps*], *tr.*: †grapple with; (recently) spike (as wine, to put whiskey into it; strengthen).

-set¹² [*corps*], *m.*: =; † waist of a dress.

-setier¹⁸, **-ière** [*-set*], *m., f.*: corset-dealer or maker.

cor-tège¹⁶ [It. *-teggio* (*corte*, court)], *m.*: = (procession, esp. historical or symbolic).

-tés¹⁶ [Sp., *pl.*], *f.*: = (national legislature).

cor-tical²⁷, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-tex*, bark, rind], *adj.*: outer, exterior. **-tine**¹⁸ [L. *-tex*], *f.*: corticin (tannin obtained fr. vegetable rinds).

cortine¹⁷ [L. *-na*, cauldron, esp. one sacred to Apollo; anything spherical], *f.*:

CORTINA, CURTAIN, veil (on margin of fungi).

coruscation¹⁴ [L. *-catio* (*-care*, flash)], *f.*: =, scintillation.

cor-véable¹⁷, *adj.*: subject to feudal duty; *m.*: base tenant. **~vée**¹¹ [L. *-rogata* (L. *-rogare*, call together, fr. *cum*, with, *rogare*, ask)], *f.*: = (feudal obligation, statute labor such as mending roads); tiresome task.

corvette¹⁴ [L. *-bita*, freight ship (*-bis*, basket)], *f.*: = (war vessel of wood).

corvidés¹⁸ [L. *-vus*, crow], *m. pl.*: corvidæ, crow-family.

cory-bante¹⁸ [L. *Gr. -bas*], *m.*: corybant, priest to Cybele. **-bantie**¹⁷ [Gr. *-bantikós*], *adj.*: corybantic, frenzied; *f. pl.*: festival to Cybele.

co-rymbe¹⁸ [L. *-rymbus*, Gr. *kórumbos* (*kórus*, helmet)], *m.*: corymb, flower cluster.

-rymbifère¹⁷ [L. *ferre*, bear], *adj.*: corymbiferous; *f. pl.*: the family of the corymb-bearing plants.

-ryphée¹⁸ [L. *-phæus*, Gr. *koruphæos* (*koruphé*, head)], *m.*: corypheus, chorus leader;

leader of a ballet; (in irony) leader.

-ryza¹⁸ [L.; Gr. *kóriza*, cold in the head], *m.*: = (nasal catarrh, common cold); similar affection in animals.

co-saque¹⁶ [Russ. *kosaku*], *m.*: Cossack; (*fam.*) brutal man; *f.*: †cosaque (dance).

co-sécante¹⁷ [co., *sécante*], *f.*: cosecant, secant of the complement of an angle.

co-seigneur¹⁸ [co., *seigneur*], *m.*: joint-owner or lord (of feudal property).

co-signataire¹⁸ [co., *signataire*], *m., f.*: fellow-signer, joint signer.

co-sinus¹⁷ [co., L. *sinus*, curve], *m.*: cosine (of angle).

cos-métique¹⁶ [Gr. *kosmetikós*, ornamental], *adj.* or *m.*: cosmetic; *f.*: art of using cosmetics.

~mique¹⁸ [Gr. *kósmos*, order; world], *adj.*: cosmic; cosmical:

l'espace —, space where heavenly bodies are; *lever — d'une étoile*, rising of a star close with the sun.

-mogonie¹⁷ [Gr. *-mogonia* (*gónos*, birth)], *f.*: cosmogony, theory of the origin of the world.

-mogonique¹⁸ [*-mogonie*], *adj.*: cosmogonic.

-mographie¹⁸ [L. *-mographus*, fr. Gr.], *m.*: cosmographer.

-mographie¹⁸ [L. *-mographia*, Gr. *kosmographia*], *f.*: cosmography, description of the world.

-mologie¹⁷ [Gr. *kosmología*], *f.*: cosmology, science or theory of the world.

-mologique¹⁷ [Gr. *kosmologikós*], *adj.*: cosmological.

-mopolite¹⁸ [Gr. *kosmopolites* (*polites*, citizen)], *adj.*: cosmopolitan; *m.*: citizen of the world, cosmopolite, one at home anywhere.

-mopolitisme¹⁸ [*-mopolite*], *m.*: cosmopolitanism, broadmindedness.

-morama¹⁸ [Gr.

horama, view (*horân*, see), *m.*: = (exhibition of views fr. over the world).

†cos-sats¹⁵, *m. pl.*: (*dial.*) pod-heap.

||-se¹¹ [?], *f.*: pod; husk; (*nav.*) anti-chafing ring, thimble; upper layer (of slate-quarry): *parchemin en —*, rough, unfinished sheepskin.

cosser¹⁵ [It. -zzare], *intr.*: butt, bunt.

1. cosson¹⁵ [-ssus], *m.*: *cossus*, larva of the bombycid moth; weevil.

2. cosson¹⁷ [?], *m.*: shoot (of vine after trimming).

cosnu¹³ [-sse], *adj.*: (*dial.*) podded, hav'g husks; (*fam.*) well-off; rich.

cos-tal¹⁵, *pl.* = **aur** [L. -la, rib], *adj.*: =.

†-tière = *côtière*.

costu-me¹⁵ [It. fr. L. *consuetudo*], *m.*: = (*†CUSTOM*); dress; style of dressing; wardrobe, outfit of clothing). **-mer**¹⁷, *tr.*: costume, dress. **-mier**¹⁸, **-ière**, *m., f.*: costumer.

cotangente¹⁷ [co-, tangent], *f.*: cotangent.

cote¹³ [L. L. *quota* (L. *quotus*, how much)], *f.*: quota, proportion; quotation (of stock); rank; number; figure: *tune — mal taillée*, an approximate estimate.

cô-te⁸ [L. *costa*, rib], *f.*: rib (of the body; of a ship; ridge); *COAST*; side; slope: *faire —*, strike bottom; *être à la —*, be stranded. **-té**¹⁰, *m.*: right or left half; side; flank; direction: *le — de l'épître* (*de l'évangile*), right (left) of the altar; (*old*) *le — de la campagne* (*de la ville*), right (left) of the stage; (*now*) *le — cour* (*du roi*), the right of the stage; *le — jardin* (*de la reine*), the left of the stage; *à — de*, near; *à côté*; *du — de*, towards; *d —*, away off; *de —*, obliquely, askance; at one side, alone. **co-teau**¹⁶, *pl.* = **x**, *m.*: hillock; vineyard; member of the *ordre des x*, wine club (of seventeenth century). **-téle**¹¹, *adj.*: =, ribbed, hav'g many sides. **-telette**¹³, *f.*: =, CUTLET, chop. **co-teline**¹⁸ [?], *f.*: = (muslin fabric usually corded).

cotepalis¹⁵ [?], *m.*: cloth (of silk and goat hair).

coter¹⁴ [-te], *tr.*: QUOTE (stocks, assessments; passage fr. a book, etc.); number; assess; grade, graduate.

†coteret = *cotred*.

coterie¹⁵ [-tier], *f.*: (*old*) cotters (of one landlord); inheritance (subject to a tax); club, =.

cothurne¹⁵ [L. -nus], *m.*: cothurnus, buskin; loop, strap (of a shoe).

coti-ce¹⁴ [?], *f.*: (*her.*) narrow band (diagonal fr. right to left). **-cé**¹⁶, *adj.*: having bands.

cotier¹⁵, **-ière** [OFr., *cor*], *adj.*: subject to a vassal tax.

cô-tier¹⁵, **-ière** [-te], *adj.*: of the

COAST; hilly: (*cheval —*, horse for hills; (*pilote*) —, coasting pilot; *fleur —*, river in a basin. 2. **-tière**¹¹ [-te], *f.*: (*old*) slope, hill-side; *†coast*; (*now*) shelving garden bed; half (of a mould for lead pipe); side rock (in furnace or chimney).

co-tièrment¹⁵ [-ter], *adv.*: by feudal title, or tenure.

cotignac¹⁵ [Prov. *coudougnat*, L. *cotoncum*, QUINCE (fr. city Cydonia)], *m.*: =, quince marmalade.

cotillon¹⁴ [-tte], *m.*: petticoat; girl, woman; bloomer-like drawers; = (dance).

cotin¹⁵ [L. -tinus], *m.*: fustet, Cuba wood, Venetian sumac.

cotinga¹⁷ [S. Am.], *m.*: = (bird).

cotique¹⁵ [?], *m.*: univalve mollusk.

†cotir¹² [ak. to *cosser*], *tr.*: bunt; bruise.

coti-sation¹⁵, *f.*: quota; assessment.

||-ser¹³ [côte], *tr.*: (*old*) assess; (*now*) *se —*, contribute, club together.

†cotissure¹⁷ [-tir], *f.*: bruise (on fruit).

co-ten¹¹ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: cotton; down: *filer mauveise* —, have poor health, have hard luck. **-tonnade**¹⁵, *f.*: = (cheap cotton cloth). **-tonner**¹⁴, *tr.*: (*old*) furnish with cotton; (*now*) cover with down; make spongy. **-tonnerie**¹⁷ [-tonnier], *f.*: cotton plantation. **-tonnette**¹⁵, *f.*: kind of cotton cloth. **-tonneur**¹⁵, **-ense**, *adj.*: downy, cottony; pithy, spongy. 1. **-tonnier**¹⁵, *m.*: cotton-plant. 2. **-tonnier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *adj.*: cotton. **-tonnière**¹⁵, *f.*: cotton-weed. **-tonnine**¹⁵, *f.*: sail-cloth (of cotton).

côtoyer¹¹ [-te], *tr.*: †go side by side with; coast, sail along; approach.

cotre¹⁵ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: CUTTER (ship).

cotret¹⁵ [?], *m.*: fagot; stick; slat.

cottage¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: =.

1. cotte¹⁵ [L. L. -tus], *m.*: miller's thumb (fish).

2. cot-te¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *kotze*, rug], *f.*: †cloak; petticoat — *morte*, property a monk leaves. †**-teron**¹⁵, *m.*: little skirt.

cottière¹⁷ [?], *f.*: (thick) bar (of iron).

cotuteur¹⁵, **-trice** [co-, tuteur], *m., f.*: joint-guardian.

coty-le¹⁵ [Gr. *kotyle*, cavity], *m.*: = (bone-socket; measure half-pint). **-lédon**¹⁵ [Gr. *kotyledon*, socket], *m.*: cotyledon (embryonic leaf; area of the uterine placenta). **-lédoné**¹⁵ [-lédon], *adj.*: cotyledonous. **-let**¹⁷ [Gr. *kotyle*], *m.*: house-leek. **-loide**¹⁷ [Gr. *eidōs*, form], *adj.*: cup-shaped.

con⁸ [L. *collum*], *m.*: neck: — *de-pied*, instep; — *de cygne*, crane-neck (curved bottom of carriage for front wheels); — *de chameau*, narcissus (plant); — *blanc*, fallow-finch; — *jaune*, warbler (of St. Domingo); — *coupé*, grosbeak (of Sene-

gal); — *tors*, wry-neck; *prendre ses jambes à son* —, flee precipitately.

couac¹⁵ [echoic], *m.*: QUACK, false note.

conagga¹⁷ [echoic], *m.*: QUAGGA, kind of zebra.

con-aïlle¹⁰ [queue, tail], *f.*: tail-wool, breech-wool; backwater arm (of pond).

—ard¹⁰ [queue, tail], *adj.*: COWARD (turning tail; cowardly); *m.*: poltroon; rump, haunch; head (of scythe blade). **-ardzement**¹², *adv.*: cowardly. **-ardise**¹⁰, *f.*: cowardice.

cou-chant¹¹, *adj.*: =, couching; setting; *m.*: west: *chien* —, setter; *faire le chien* —, cringe. **-che**¹¹, *f.*: couch (bed, floor; layer; first coat of paint); marriage-bed; child-bed, confinement; swaddling clothes; stakes, bet; cheek-piece (of a gun): *fausse* —, miscarriage. **-ché**¹⁵, *adj.*: =, lying down. **-chéé**¹⁵, *f.*: †sleeping; lodging station. 1. **—cher**⁹ [L. collocare, place together], *tr.*: couch (cause to lie down; put to bed; deposit; lay; layer; lay on; write down; bet, wager); *intr.*: be abed, lodge, sleep; *se* —, set (of sun, stars, etc.); — *en joue*, aim, aim at; — *gros*, bet heavily; — *par écrit*, put in black and white; (*fam.*) *allez vous* —, be off with you; † — *de*, pretend to; — *d'impos-ture*, impose on one by lying. 2. **-cher**¹⁵, *m.*: going to bed; sleeping; †lodging; bed; setting: *le petit* —, the time a king withdraws and prepares for bed. **-che-rie**¹⁵, *f.*: (pop.) sleeping (with a woman). **-chette**¹⁵, *f.*: little bed: †*mignon de* —, young gallant. **-cheur**¹⁵, = *ense*, *m.*, *f.*: bed-fellow; coucher (of paper pulp); *f.*: woman coucher (in Alençon lace). **-chis**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: bed (for paving); layer (to form a new plant); lathing; boards (of the trusswork of a vault). **-choir**¹⁶, *m.*: tool (for handling gold-leaf). **-chüre**¹⁷, *f.*: couching (of steel comb-teeth; of the first threads in lace-making).

couei-couci¹⁶ [It. *così così*], *adv.*: so so.

cou-cou¹¹ [echoic], *m.*: cuckoo; cuckoo clock; any wooden clock; cry (of children at hide-and-seek); barren strawberry plant; Parisian buggy (for travelers).

-couer¹⁶, *intr.*: utter cuckoo cry.

coucoumelle¹⁵ [Prov. *-melo* (? ak. to L. *cucumer*, cucumber)], *f.*: kind of mush-room.

coucourelle¹⁵ [Prov. *-relo* (ak. to *coque* fr. its red interior)], *f.*: kind of fig.

cou-de⁹ [L. *cubitus*], *m.*: elbow (angle; turn; bend): *lever or hausser le* —, be fond of drink; *jouer des* —s, elbow one's way. **-dée**¹¹, *f.*: =, CUBIT, eighteen inches; elbow-room. **-der**¹⁴, *tr.*: bend, put an elbow into. **-doïement**¹⁵ [*-doyer*],

m.: elbowing, shoving. **-doyer**¹⁵, *tr.*: elbow, jostle; touch, join with.

coudraie¹¹ [1.-dre], *f.*: hazelnut thicket.

†**coudran**, etc., = *goudron*, etc.

1. **†coudre**⁹ [p. L. **cōlurus* (L. *corylus*)], *m.*: hazelnut bush.

2. **coudre**⁹ [p. L. **cōsere* (L. *con-suere*, sew together)], *irr.* §; *tr.*: sew; stitch together; bind with wire or willow; fix to; nail fast: — *la bouche*, keep a close mouth, keep silent; *joues cousues*, thin, sunken cheeks; *un visage cousu de petite vérole*, a pock-marked face.

§ Ind.: Pr. *couds*, *couds*, *coud*; *cousons*, *cousaz*, *cousent*. 1pt. *cousais*. Pret. *cousis*. Fut. (Cond.) *coudraie* — Subj.: Pr. *couse*. 1pt. *cousisse*. — I've *couds*. — Part.: Pr. *cousant*; P. *cousu*.

cou-drement¹⁵, *m.*: soaking (of hides to loosen hair). **—drer**¹⁵ [ak. to *chau-dière*], *tr.*: soak (prepare for tanning).

cou-drette¹¹ [1.-dre], *f.*: †little hazelnut bush; hazel-thicket. **-drier**¹⁵ [1.-dre], *m.*: hazelnut bush.

couen-ne⁹ *kuan* [p. L. **cutinna* (L. *cutis*, skin)], *f.*: pig-skin; porpoise-skin; yellowish, jaundice skin; buffy coat (of blood); false membrane (in diseases of the throat): *une* — *de lard*, rind of bacon. **-neur**¹⁷, = *ense*, *adj.*: buffy.

couet¹⁴ [écoute, rope], *m.*: sheet (rope at the lower corner of a sail).

1. **couette**⁹ *kcat* [L. *culeita*], *f.*: feather-bed; cushion, socket.

2. **†couette**¹² [queue], *f.*: little tail.

couffe¹⁷ [ak. to *coffin*], *f.*: flexible basket-work (for cotton, coffee, etc.).

couguar¹⁷ [fr. Brazilian], *m.*: cougar, puma.

coui¹⁷ [Creole word], *m.*: calabash tree.

†**couier**¹⁷ [queue], *m.*: (dial.) pa(1)nter (rope at bow to tie up skiff).

couillard¹⁴, *adj.*: (low) well hung (hav'g large testicles); *m.*: beam (each of two timbers supporting dome of windmill); brail (to truss up middle of a sail). **†couille**⁹ [p. L. **cōlia* (L. *cōleus*) sheath], *f.*: (low) cod (scrotum): — *de loup*, house-leek. **couillon**¹², *m.*: (low) testicle; teat (made in a sail to attach a line); projection (on an anchor shaft, to fit grooves and hold anchor steady); runner block (for rope): — *de-chien*, stander-wort; — *de-prêtre*, prick-wood.

cou-lage¹⁶ [-ler], *m.*: leakage; drawing off, pouring; waste. **-lamment**¹⁶ [-lant], *adv.*: fluently. 1. **lant**¹¹ [-ler], *adj.*: running; fluent; flowing: *naud* —, slip-knot. 2. **lant**¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: runner; slide (a sliding ring, locket, weight, etc.); groove, place, or object where a thing slides): — *d'une lampe*, burner of a lamp.

coulavan¹⁷ [Chinese], *m.*: kind of oriole.

†**coule**^o [L. *cuculla*], *f.*: cow!, monk's hood.

cou-lé¹⁷ [-*ler*], *m.*: molten metal, cast; = (slide in dancing; slur in music; running together of letters); push (at billiards). -**lée**¹⁶ [-*ler*], *f.*: flow, flux; =, lava stream; cursive script; repair (of a deer).

†**coulemelle**¹⁵ or †**-motte** [ak. to *colonne*], *f.*: kind of mushroom.

cou-lement¹⁵, *m.*: flow (of liquids); glizade (gliding stroke in fencing). ||-**ler**^o

[L. *colāre*, strain (*cōlum*, strainer)], *tr.*: pour; cast (metals); drain; leach; make leak and sink; drown; exhaust; while away, scald, bleach (wash with lyewater); slur over, glide over; slide over; pass over; transfer, put; *refl.*: spread; become current, transpire; slide; *intr.*: flow, be abundant; drip; leak; sink; be drowned; run; glide; sneak; drowned (by rains) creep: — *une affaire*, investigate or discuss an affair thoroughly; *un homme coulé*, a used-up man; — *une taille*, engrave parallel lines. -**leresse**¹⁵, *f.*: (old) strainer; (*now*) vat. -**le-sang**¹⁵ [I've of -*ler*], *m.*: Martinique viper. -**lotte**¹⁷, *f.*: spindle (for winding spools or bobbins); (Garonne river) hoop-net.

couleur^o [L. *color*], *f.*: color (tint, hue; complexion; paint; show, appearance; pretence, disguise; flag; badge); livery; fib: *les pâles* — *s*, green sickness; *de quelle — tourne-t-il?* what is trumps; *donner de la —*, follow suit; *nommer la —*, make the trump (at ombre); *prendre —*, stake and cut (the cards at lansquenet); *peindre à pleines —*, paint with a full brush; *l'affaire prend —*, the matter begins to show improvement.

cou-leuvre^o [p. L. **colōbra*, L. *colūbra*], *f.*: COLUBER, adder: *avaler des —*, show great forbearance. -**leuvreau**¹⁵, *m.*: young snake. -**leuvrée**¹⁵, *f.*: white briony. -**leuvrin**¹⁵, -*ine*, *adj.*: colubrine, snake-like. -**levrine**¹⁵, *f.*: CULVERIN (cannon): *sous la —*, within range.

couli¹⁵ [servant caste in India], *m.*: COOLIE (Chinese or Indian contract laborer, porter or menial in employ of foreigners).

cou-linage¹⁵, *m.*: singeing. ||-**liner**¹⁵ [-*ler*], *tr.*: singe (trees with torches on account of insects).

cou-lis¹¹, -*sse* [-*ler*], *adj.*: vent coulis, draft of wind; *m.*: grout (fluid metal, mortar, etc., to be poured in to fill up chinks and holes); groats, porridge. -**lisse**, *f.*: coulisase (grooved timber; theatre slide; space between slides; purlieus of the theatre); behind the scenes; unauthorized part of the stock exchange;

board, case, drawer, etc., sliding in a groove; port-CULLIS; fold (for curtain rod; for drawstring): *faire les yeux en —*, look slyly at one; — *de galée*, printer's galley. -**lissé**¹⁵, *adj.*: (*her.*) hav'g a port-CULLIS. -**lisseau**¹⁵, *m.*: groove (for bed rollers, for drawers; tongue for a groove); guide (to keep roller, slide, etc., in place). -**lisser**¹⁵, *tr.*: groove. -**lissier**¹⁵, *m.*: stock-jobber (non-licensed exchange broker). -**lissoire**¹⁷ [-*sser*], *f.*: grooving-tool, groover.

†**coul-melle**, -*lotte* see *coulemelle*, etc.

cou-loir¹⁵ [-*ler*], *m.*: side-entrance, passage-way; log-slide, milk-strainer; †bile-duct; †glizade (in fencing). -**loire**¹² [-*ler*], *f.*: sieve, strainer; funnel; draw-plate (in making pins).

†**coulon**^o [L. *columbus*], *m.*: (*dial.*) †pigeon.

coulotte¹⁵ [-*ler*], *f.*: slide (where the lead plate is lifted fr. the mould).

coulpe^o [L. *culpa*], *f.*: †mistake; sin: *dire sa —*, confess one's sins; *battre sa —*, repent (beating one's breast).

cou-lure¹⁵ [-*ler*], *f.*: =, drowning (loss of pollen by rain); leakage, spilling; sinker: — *s d'une seine*, leaded up-and-down cords of a seine.

coumaille¹⁵ [?], *f.*: rock (fr. coal mines).

coumarou¹⁷ [Guiana], *m.*: =, Tonka beantree.

coumier¹⁷ [Guiana], *m.*: cuma tree.

coup^o [p. L. **colapus* (L. *colaphus*)], *m.*: blow (stroke, hit, knock; cuff; kick); act, motion of a limb or instrument; shot (discharge of a firearm); clap of thunder slash, cut; pinch; push, thrust; haul of a seine; pull; poke at the fire; play of a machine; throw at dice; move at chess; crunch of the jaws, bite; crack of a whip; beat of a drum; time; attempt: — *d'œil*, cast of the eye, (*fig.*) glance, look; ogle; sight; aspect; penetration; bird's-eye view; — *de grâce*, mercy stroke, finishing stroke, death-blow; — *de temps*, sudden occasion; — *de jarnac*, treacherous or unexpected blow; *faire — double*, kill two birds with one stone; *porter —*, have its effect; *donner un — de mains* (or *d'épaules*) *à*, lend a helping hand to; *donner un — de chapeau*, tip one's hat; — *de feu*, shot; shot-wound; great heat; scorch; busy time; *être dans son — de feu*, be very busy; — *de tête*, act of desperation, sudden resolution, impulse; — *de maître*, master-stroke; — *d'essai*, first trial, effort; — *d'état*, =, stroke of state policy; — *de main*, surprise, attack; — *de théâtre*, dramatic turn; unexpected step; clap-trap; *boire un —*, take a sip, (*fig.*)

drown; *tout d'un* —, all of a sudden; *revolver à six* —, a six-shooter; — *amorti*, spent shot; — *de partie*, decisive blow; — *de revers*, back-stroke; — *de sang*, apoplectic stroke; — *d'air*, a cold; à — *perdu*, in vain; — *sur* —, one after another, without stopping; *après* —, too late; à — *sûr*, to a certainty; — *de canon* à l'eau, shot between wind and water; — *fouillé*, mutual stab (where each wounds the other).

coupable⁹ [L. *culpabilis*], *adj.*: culpable; sinful; guilty; *m.*, *f.*: *CULPRIT*. — **pablement**¹⁸, *adv.*: culpably.

coupage¹⁴ [-*per*], *m.*: cutting; diluting. — **pant**¹⁵, = **ante** [-*per*], *adj.*: cutting, sharp; *m.*: edge (of a blade). 1. **pe**¹¹ [-*per*], *f.*: cutting (of hay; of wood; of cards); cut (of pattern of garment; of hair); style; division; section: *mettre un bois en — réglé*, apportion woods for cutting (so much to be cut each year), (*fig.*) impose on one constantly; *achever un melon à la —*, plug melon before paying for it; *nager à la —*, swim sailor-fashion; *faire sauter la —*, restore the cards after the cut; *être heureux à la —*, win by cheating; *être sous la — de quelqu'un*, play first at cards, be at a disadvantage; (*fig.*) be dependent on some one; — *de verre*, lump of molten glass (on the blower's pipe).

2. **coupe**⁹ [L. *cuppa*], *f.*: CUP (drinking vessel; communion cup; wine); basin of a fountain: *il y a loin de la — aux lèvres*, there is many a slip twixt the cup and the lip.

coupé¹⁷ [-*per*], *m.*: = (carriage arched for the front wheels; front compartment of French diligence or of railway coach; coupée); rise (in the bridge of a ship over the cabin); one quarter of a shield; slash; staccato note: — *lit*, sleeping-car; berth in sleeper. 1. **peau**¹², *pl.* — *x* [-*per*], *m.*: CUR, shaving (of wood; fr. an engraver's tool); sheet (of five playing cards in process of manufacturing).

2. **coupeau**¹¹, *pl.* — *x* [2. -*pe*], *m.*: top, summit.

coupe- [couper]: **bourgeon**¹⁷, *m.*: (*dial.*) vine-grub. — **bourse**¹⁵, *m.*: cut-purse; thief. — **cercle**¹⁰, *m.*: measuring compasses; round-punch. — **choux**¹⁸, *m.*: cabbage-cutter (case-knife; menial). — **cors**¹⁸, *m.*: (toe) corn-cutter. **cul**¹⁵, *adv.*: (*fam.*) *jouer à —*, play game of cards without revenge. **coupée**¹⁷ [part. of *couper*], *f.*: rise (over cabin, cf. *coupé*). — **faucille**¹⁷, *m.*: (*dial.*) lion's-mouth, snap-dragon (plant). — **file**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: pass (cutting the line of car-

riages at a reception). — **foin**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: mowing-machine. — **gazon**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: turf- or sod-cutter (machine). — **gorge**¹², *pl.* —, *m.*: =, cut-throat place; cutlax; curved timber (under the head of a ship); † (term at lansquenet) when the dealer leads, dealer loses all; sweeps all.

coupetillon¹⁷ [Prov. -*payoun* (?)], *m.*: hoop-net.

coupe- [couper]: **jarret**¹⁵, *m.*: cut-throat; assassin (who approaches fr. behind). — **lande**¹⁵, *f.*: heavy hoe.

— **légumes**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: vegetable knife.

coupellation¹⁷ [-*ler*], *f.*: cupellation, assaying. || **le**¹⁴ [coupe, CUP], *f.*: CUPEL: powder ladle, charger (of gunners); † test. — **ler**¹⁷, *tr.*: cupel, cupellate.

coupe-mariage¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: thread-guide (to prevent threads touching in winding silk fr. the cocoon). — **pe-paille**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: straw-cutter. — **pe-pête**, *pl.* —, *m.*: dough-knife. — **pe-queue**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: docking-knife; (leather-dresser's) tail-trimmer; (chandler's) evener. || **per**¹⁰ [coup], *tr.*: cut (divide, sever; carve; slice; chop; trim; clip, shear; amputate; castrate; pass through; cross; stop, shut off; interrupt); dilute, adulterate (liquids); break (as cloth or leather): — *le sifflet à quelqu'un*, cut one's throat; (*fam.*) make one keep mum; *pour — court*, in short; *se —*, be galled; (of horses) to interfere; *se — la gorge*, fight a duel; — *court à quelqu'un*, cut one off short; — *par le plus court*, take the shortest cut; — *dans le pont* (or *dedans*), get into the trap. — **pe-raçines**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: root-breaker (for cutting up turnips, etc.). — **peret**¹⁵, *m.*: chopping-knife; (enameler's) file; hammer-chisel.

1. **coupero-se**¹² [?], *f.*: COPPERAS: — *bleue* (*blanche, verte*), blue (white, green) vitriol. 2. **se**¹⁵ [? same as 1.], *f.*: stone-pock. — **se**¹⁵ [2. -*se*], *adj.*: blotched (by stone-pock).

† **cou-pera**¹⁷ [Imv. of -*per*, *ru*, brook], *m.*: (*dial.*) little seine. — **pe-sève**¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: girder (to deaden trees).

coupet¹⁵ [? OFr., summit], *m.*: (cone-shaped) sea-shell.

† **coupetée**, -*ter* see *coptée*, -*ter*.

cou-pe-tête¹⁸ [-*per*], † headman; leap-frog. — **peur**¹⁵, = **ense** [-*per*], *m.*, *f.*: cutter; (esp.) tailor; vintager; hound (that takes short cut to head off game); clipper, trimmer; *f.*: bee (that cuts leaves): — *de bourse*, pickpocket; — *d'eau*, cut-water; scissor-bill. — **pis**¹⁵ [-*per*], *m.*: riser (of the *Pont coupé*).

cou-plage¹⁷ [-*pler*], *m.*: (joined) pair (of

boats on the Loire); one-sixteenth one section (of a log float). **||** **con-ple**⁹ [L. *cōpula*], *f.*: copula, tie, bond; couple, two; *m.*: pair (man and wife; twins; two friends; male and female; yoke of oxen; span of horses; two hooks to a line, etc.); two parallel forces (acting on a lever). **-pler**¹¹, *tr.*: couple (unite, join, put together). **-plet**¹³, *m.*: = (two rhyming lines; a song of such rhymes); tirade; hinge. **-plster**¹⁷ [-plet], *tr.*: satirize one (in couplets). **-plière**¹⁷, *f.*: willows (holding raft together). **coupoir**¹³ [-per], *m.*: cutting instrument (knife; shears; blade; dressing bench; folder; worm; groover; puncher-chisel; mortise machine). **coupole**¹⁶ [It. *cupola* (*cupa*, cup)], *f.*: cupola, dome. **cou-pon**¹³ [-per], *m.*: = (part cut off or to be cut off; remnant of cloth; share or dividend warrant; ticket, note); division, section, of a raft. **-pure**¹³ [-per], *f.*: = (passage cut through a glacis; ditch behind a breach); cut; break; water-trench; fractional part; bank note (of low denomination). **cour**⁹ [p. L. **curs*, L. *cohors*, *cors*, pen, yard], *f.*: COURT (residence of a ruler; state council; court council; government; vassals, or retinue of a sovereign; homage; courting, obsequious attention; palace; tribunal; hall; seat of judgment, law court; judicial body; yard, enclosure); (*dial.*) †country estate; †estate of a sovereign: — *basse*, poultry yard; — *de comptes*, audit office; — *du roi Pétard*, Bedlam, where everybody talks; *hors de* —, out of court, non-suited; *m.*: dismissal, non-suit; — *plénière*, full court of the king; (*fam.*) great crowd; — *d'assises*, criminal court; *le côté* —, left of the actor; *l'eau bénite de* —, empty promises. **courable**¹³ [-rir], *adj.*: *bête* —, beast that may be hunted. †**courade**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: (*dial.*) sardine. **coura-ge**¹⁰ [cœur], *m.*: = (heart; bravery, daring; will, resoluteness, spirit); †disposition: *tenir son* — *à deux mains*, summon up all one's courage. **-geuse-ment**¹², *adv.*: courageously. **-geux**¹¹, *=euse*, *adj.*: courageous. †**courai**, **-rayer** see *corroi*, *corroyer*. **cou-railler**¹³ [-rir], *intr.*: run back and forth; (*fam.*) lead an irregular life. **-ramment**¹¹, *adv.*: fluently, easily. **||** **-rant**¹⁰, *=ente* [-rir], *adj.*: current (running; present; usual; ordinary, regular); fluent; flowing; lineal, length; *m.*: current, stream (of air, water, etc.); length; runner (moving rope in a pulley);

f.: running-hand; upper millstone; courrant (dance); (low) diarrhoea: *main* — *e*, day-book, blotter; *monnaie* — *e*, current coin; *titre* —, title (repeated on every page); *être au* —, keep up with the times; be well informed; *se mettre au* —, pay one's debts; *compte* —, standing account; *prix* —, market price. **-rantille**¹⁷ [Prov. -*rrantilho*], *f.*: drifting seine (for tunny). **-rantin**¹⁷, *-ine*, *m.*, *f.*: unstable person; errand-boy; line-rocket. **courbache**¹⁵ [fr. Turk.], *f.*: courbash, bastinado whip. **courbaril**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: = (locust-tree; gum animé). **courbaten**¹⁵ [Sp. *curvaton*, Eng. *curve*], *m.*: futtock. **courba-tu**¹⁴ [court, battu], *adj.*: knocked up, over-fatigued, bruised; foundered (as horses); lumbaginous. **-ture**¹⁵, *f.*: over-fatigue, extreme lassitude; founder; lumbago. **-turer**¹³ [-ture], *tr.*: knock up, tire, wear out. **cour-be**⁹ [p. L. **curbus* (L. *curvus*)], *adj.*: CURVED, rounded; *f.*: curve (any curved object; railroad curve; arch; curved beam; curve pattern; double-tree; joint, elbow; knee); windgall; stifle; curb (of horses); *à double courbure*, tortuous curve; — *rampante*, string-board (of stairs). **-bement**¹⁵ [-ber], *m.*: bend; bending. **-ber**⁹ [L. *curvare*], *tr.*, *intr.*: bend, curve. **-bet**¹³, *m.*: bow (of pack-saddle); large pruning bill. **-beton**¹⁷ [-bet], *m.*: (*dial.*) yoke pin. **-bette**¹³, *f.*: curvet (of horses); scraping and bowing (of persons). **-better**¹⁵ [-bette], *intr.*: curvet, prance. **-bure**¹⁶ [-ber], *f.*: curve, curvature; arch; sagging. **courcail-ler**¹³ [echoic], *intr.*: cry (as quails). **-let**¹⁴, *m.*: cry (of quail). †**cour-ce**¹⁷ [ak. to *accourir*, L. *curtus*, short], *f.*: trimmed stalk (of vine). †**-cet**¹³ [OFr. *accourcier*, shorten], *m.*: pruning-hook. †**courage** = *coursive*. **courcen**¹³ [court], *m.*: trimmed vine or branch; short bar; pile, stake; (gun mould) hoop, band. **courageau**¹³ [-rir], *m.*: yawl (for fishing or lighterage); channel, pass (between islands). 1. †**courée** = *corroi*. 2. †**courée**¹¹ [cœur], *f.*: (*dial.*) †entrails. **courageux**¹¹, *=ense* [-rir], *m.*, *f.*: runner (any animal that runs much or rapidly, cursorial bird, etc.); esp. race-horse, or driver; bootman, valet; messenger; scout; deer hunter in Canada; frequenter esp. of vile places; bad character; layer, course (a thing lying lengthwise of something else); *filon* —, surface vein of coal. 1. **courage**⁹ [L. *cucurbita*], *f.*: COURB.

2.cour-ge²⁴ [? ak. to *courbe*], *f.*: yoke (for carrying two buckets); console, bracket (for chimney-mantle). **1.-gée**¹⁸, *f.*: yoke-load.

2.courgée¹⁸ [? OFr. *corgiee*, thong], *f.*: trellised branch or vine.

courir¹⁸ [*courre*], *irr.* §; *intr.*: run (move rapidly; speed; hurry; rush; race; flow; pass; circulate; sail; spread); *tr.*: make run (chase; risk; travel over; overrun); attend, frequent; look over, inspect; sail; extend along: — *après son argent*, try to recover lost bets; *en courant*, quickly; *faire — une santé*, make a toast go around, make all guests drink a health; *les appointements courent du premier janvier*, the obligations must be met the first of January; *il court le cachet*, he gives lessons in town; — *les filles*, run after women; — *la poste*, journey rapidly; (*fig.*) act with great haste; — *des bords, or bordées*, tack ship; (*fig.*) to go fr. wineshop to wineshop; — *le bon bord*, attack a merchantman for booty; *devancer en courant*, out-run; — *à l'hôpital*, be ruining one's self; — *la pretantaine*, gad about.

§ Ind.: Pr. *cours*, etc. Pret. *cours*. Fut. (Cond.) *courrai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *coure*. 1pf. *couresse*. — l'v. *cours*. — Part.: Pr. *courant*; P. *cours*.

courlien¹² [echoic], or **courlis**, *m.*: curlew (bird).

†**couroi** = *corroi*.

cou-roir¹⁰ [-rir], *m.*: passageway (on ships).

couron-nade¹⁸ [-ner] *f.*: surrounding (in order to attack). ||-ne⁹ [L. *corōna*, chaplet], *f.*: CROWN (garland, wreath; sovereign's crown; CORONET; shapely top of anything; corona; coronary; crown-works; hair; antlers, etc., coin or paper bearing a crown; *fig.*, sovereignty; sovereign); — *impérial*, crown imperial (flower); — *royal*, trefoil; — *de terre*, ground ivy. **-nement**¹¹

[-ner], *m.*: crowning (coronation, topping off; coping; finishing); taffrail; military occupancy; roof-timbers; (horse's) bare or broken knee; — *d'un arbre*, trimmed tree-top; withering tree-top. **-ner**¹⁰, *tr.*: crown (put on crown, wreath, garland or cope or tonsure, etc.); occupy (with troops); *ouvrage couronné*, prize work; *spire couronnée*, apex of seashell surrounded by points; *cheval couronné*, broken-kneed horse.

†**courratier** = *courtier*.

†**courre**⁹ [L. *currere*], *def.* (only in Inf.); *intr.*, *tr.*: run: — *un cheval*, gallop at top speed; — *une lièvre*, hunt a hare; *le laisser* —, the moment to let loose the dogs; *m.*: un beau —, good region for coursing. **1.courrier**¹⁵ [lt. *corriere*],

m.: courier, riding messenger; post; mail or express coach; mail; journal; race-boat; seine-float; (*vulg.*) wader, courser (plover).

2.†courrier¹⁸ [ak. to *corroi*], *m.*: steward (of bishop, abbot of a convent).

†**courroi** = *corroi*.

courroie⁹ [L. *corrigia*, rein (*regere*, rule)], *f.*: strap; belt: *étendre la —*, make the most of one's means; *lâcher la — à quelqu'un*, give one more rope; *faire de cuir d'autrui large* —, ride a free horse to death.

cour-rouer⁹ [p. L. **corruptiäre* (L. *corruptus*, spoil)], *tr.*: make angry, enrage. **-roux**¹⁰, *m.*: wrath, anger.

†**courroyer**, etc., see *corroyer*, etc.

cours⁹ [L. *cursus* (*currere*, run)], *m.*: COURSE (stream; movement; route; run; orbit, path; layer; scope; distance; progress; continuation; space; curriculum; series); voyage; public drive; circulation; market price; currency; series of textbooks: *salle de —*, lecture-room; *faire (suivre) un —*, give (attend) course of lectures; *premier (dernier) —*, opening (closing) price; — *de plinthe*, range of stone; — *de pannes*, purlins; — *d'assises*, continuous stone-course; — *civil*, Justinian code; — *canonique*, monk Gratian's decretals; — *ecclésiastique*, hours for prayer. **-se**¹², *f.*: run, running (COURSE; race; career; trip; excursion); quick march; tilt, joust; cruising; foraging; play of (piston, etc.); range. **†sie** = *coursive*. **-sier**¹¹, *m.*: courser, fleet horse; gangway, passageway (between benches of rowing convicts); mill-race; shuttle-race. **-sive**¹⁴, *f.*: gangway, passageway, walk (on ships).

†**courson** = *courçon*.

court⁹, = *te* [L. *curtus*], *adj.*, *adv.*: short; CURT: *vue —*, short-sightedness; *vent —*, wind requiring short tack; *avoir les bras courts*, lack credit; *tirer au — fêtu*, draw straws; *tpour le faire —*, in short; *prévôt de robe —*, judge of limited authority; *jeuiste de robe —*, layman suspected of favoring jesuitism; *vouloir la vie — et bonne*, go in for a good time at all hazards; — *e honte*, surprise; failure; *tourner —*, turn short; *demeurer —*, stop short; *rester (tout) —*, come to a standstill, forget what one wanted to say. **courtage**¹² [-tier], *m.*: business of a broker; commission, brokerage.

cour-taille¹⁷ [court], *f.*: short pin (too short to be used). ||-taud¹⁴ [court], *adj.*: docked (hav'g ears or tail cut off); thickset, dumpy; *m.*, *f.*: short and stubby person or thing; dumpy, thick-set person; docked horse; punch; ancient mortar-

gun; dumpy bass instrument: un — de boutique, lout; étriller en (or comme un) chien —, beat like a dog. **-taudor**¹⁷, tr.: dock; (fam.) mistreat.

court-bâton¹⁶, pl. —s—s, m.: cour-bash, bastinado cudgel: *†tirer quelque chose au —*, contend furiously for a thing. **-bouillon**¹⁶, pl. —s—s, m.: wine-sauce (to boil fish in), Polish fish-broth. **-bouillonner**¹⁸ [-bouillon], tr.: cook in wine-sauce. **†-bonton** = *courbeton*. **-carreau**¹⁷, pl. —s—s, m.: upright shaft (of triphammer). **-côté**¹⁷, pl. —s—s, m.: overcheck (of bridle). **†-cureau** = *-carreau*.

courts-botte¹⁷, pl. —s—s, m.: (pop.) short man, dumpy fellow. **-boule**¹⁵, f.: short bowls. **-épée**¹⁶, pl. —s—s, f.: short weapon (dagger, poniard, etc.). **-épine**¹⁷, pl. —s—s, f.: porcupine-fish. **†-graisse**, f.: manure (fr. privies). **†-haleine**¹⁸ *kourt'alen*, f.: asthma. **-lettre**¹⁵, pl. —s—s, f.: clipped type (to make letter show better). **-ment**¹¹ [*court*], adv.: curtly. **-paille**¹⁶, f.: cut, straw (for drawing cuts). **-paume**¹⁶, f.: indoor tennis.

courts-pointe¹¹ [OFr. *coute*, COVER], f.: counterpane. **-pointier**¹², m.: counterpane maker or seller.

courts-queue¹⁷, pl. —s—s, f.: (short tailed) Carolina turtle; short-stemmed cherry.

†courterole¹⁵ [*cour*], f.: (dial.) larva (of may-bug); mole-cricket.

†court-fêtu see *court* and *fêtu*.

courtier¹², **-ière** [? ak. to *courir*], m., f.: broker, middleman; go-between; match-maker: — *marron* (or *non breveté*), unlicensed broker.

†courti-l¹¹ [*cour*], m.: (dial.) †little garden. **-lière**¹⁵, f.: mole-cricket.

courtine¹⁶ [L. *cortina*], f.: CURTAIN (†bed-drapery; rampart); staked seine; mantle (of moss).

courti-san¹³ [It. *cortigiano* (*corte*, COURT)], m.: courtier; fawner; courter. **-sane**¹⁵ [It. *cortigiana*], f.: courtesan. **-sanerie**¹⁵, f.: court-flattery (fawning); courtesanship (harlotry). **-ser**¹⁵ [*cour*, infl. by *-san*], tr.: court, pay court to.

court-jointé¹⁶, adj.: short-jointed (in the pastern); short-legged (of falcons). **-mancher**¹⁷, tr.: pin up, skewer up (leg of mutton, etc., by doubling it up close). **-monté**¹⁸, adj.: sway-backed.

cour-tois¹⁰, **-oise** [*cour*], adj.: COURTEOUS, polite: *†farmes —es*, harmless weapons; (fig.) polite terms; *chambre —e*, privy. **-toisement**¹⁰, adv.: politely. **-toisie**¹¹, f.: courtesy.

court-on¹⁷ [*court*], m.: short hemp.

†court-pendu = *capendu*.

court-vêtu¹⁶ **-vê**, adj.: dressed in short clothes.

court-vite [*courir*], m.: courser, runner (bird). **†courage**¹⁵ [*courir*], f.: flooding (fr. pond to float raftwood).

couscou¹⁷ [Antilles], m.: soaked seed (of corn and red millet).

couscous¹⁵ [fr. Arab.], m.: = (meat dumpling cooked in oil).

†couseau¹⁸ [?], m.: (dial.) bundle (of barley and wheat straw).

cou-seur¹², **-euse** [-dre], m., f.: sewer; f.: (esp.) stitcher (of books to be bound); (rare) sewing-machine.

1. **cousin**¹⁶ [p. L. **culcinus* (L. *culex*)], m.: gnat; mosquito.

2. **cou-sin**¹⁶, **-ine** [p. L. **cosinus* (L. *cosbrinus*)], m., f.: cousin: *petits—s*, second-cousins; *être —s*, be good friends.

-sinage¹¹, m.: cousinhood (kinship as cousins; body of cousins). **-siner**¹⁶, tr.: treat like a cousin; intr.: be good friends.

-sinette¹⁶ [1.-sin], f.: variety of apples.

1. **-sinière**¹⁷, f.: (humor.) hot bed, nest of cousins.

2. **†cousinière**¹⁷ [1.-sin], f.: mosquito-bar.

cou-soir¹⁶ [-dre], m.: sewing-press (for bookbinding).

cous-sin¹⁶ [p. L. **cosinus* (*coza*, hip)], m.: CUSHION (bag filled with hair, or feathers, etc., to prevent hard impacts; pad; bolster; bumper; anything like a cushion): — *de mire*, bed of a cannon; — *d'amure*, yarning, wrapping to save friction of the leech-rope. **-siner**¹⁶, tr.: pad: *se —*, pad out one's form. **-sinet**¹⁵, m.: little cushion (pad; rest; pulvinus; pulvillus; pulvinar; COUSSINET; rest; chair under iron rails): — *oculaire*, haw of horse's eye; — *planture*, frog of horse's foot.

†couston = *courton*.

cout¹¹ [-ter], m.: costs; expense. **†-tant** see *-ter*.

†couterde¹⁸ [?], f.: (dial.) custard.

cou-teau¹⁶, pl. —x [L. *cultellus*], m.: knife; †short sword; COUTEAU; heads-man's ax: — *de tripière*, two-edged knife; *le — de Jeannot*, same old knife with new blade and new handle; — *de feu*, searing iron (for horses); — *de chaleur*, sweat shingle; — *sourd*, scraping-knife; — *pliant*, clasp-knife; — *à découper*, carving knife; — *à pied*, circular knife. **-telas**¹⁵, m.: CUTLAS: — *de boucher* (vulg.) sword-fish. **-teler**¹², tr.: †cut (with a knife); damage (with shaving tool in dressing hides). **-telet**¹², m.: little knife; entrance (to a crawl). **-telier**¹¹, **-ière**, m., f.: cutler; m.: long-shelled bivalve; f.: †knife-box. **-tellerie**¹¹ [-telier], f.: cutlery (business or wares). **-telure**¹⁷

[-teler], *f.*: flaw (made in parchment by knife).

coû-ter⁹ [L. *constare*, *intr.*, *tr.*: COST: tout lui coûte, everything is an effort to him; coûte que coûte, at any price; — cher, — bon, be dear, be expensive; cost much; en —, cost; cost effort, be painful, be a trial. -teusement¹³ [-teur], *adv.*: expensively. -teur¹², =cuse [côut], *adj.*: expensive.

cou-tier¹², =iêre [-te], *m.*, *f.*: (old) mattress-maker; (now) ticking-maker. -til¹² [-te], *m.*: =, ticking.

†cou-tillade¹⁰, *f.*: stab. || -tjle¹³ [ak. to -teau], *f.*: †large knife; fescus-grass.

coutissée¹³ [?], *f.*: side piece (of embroidery frame).

conton¹³ [ak. to côte], *m.*: pin feathers.

con-tre⁹ [L. *culter*], *m.*: colter (knife ahead of ploughshare); riving knife; ax. †-trier¹³, *m.*: plough (with a large colter).

coutu-me⁹ [L. *consuetudo*], *f.*: CUSTOM (habit; usage; practice; tax, tariff); de —, usually. 1.-mier¹¹, -iêre, *adj.*:

customary (habitual; usual; common): pays (de droit) —, country under common law. 2.-mier¹³, *m.*: customary (embodiment of laws and customs of a country). -mièrement¹³, *adv.*: according to custom.

coutu-re⁹ [p. L. *cōsetūra (L. *con-suere*, sew together)], *f.*: SEAM (joint; crack; ridge; scar; wrinkle; mould-mark); pock-marks; oakum (in joints); SEWING; needlework. -rer¹⁴, *tr.*: seam. -rierie¹⁴ [-rier], *f.*: †needlework; sewing-room. -rier¹², -iêre, *m.*, *f.*: †tailor; seamster, seamstress; *m.*: sartorius (longest muscle).

cou-vage¹³ [-ver], *m.*: brooding, setting (on eggs). -vain¹⁵ [ver], *m.*: brood, group (of insect eggs); brood-comb (of bees). -vaïson¹⁵ [-ver], *f.*: brooding-time, period of INCUBATION. -vée¹² [-ver], *f.*: nest; brood (of COVEY).

couvent¹⁰ [l. L. *conventum* (L. *con-venire*, come together)], *m.*: convent (cloister; Catholic school for girls).

couver⁹ [L. *cubare*, lie down], *tr.*: sit on, hatch out; brood on; brood over; incubate; *intr.*: lie hid, smoulder: — quelque chose des yeux, keep the eyes set on a thing; la maladie qui couve, the disease which is about to appear.

cou-verceau⁹ [p. L. *copercellum], *m.*: COVER; covering (for furniture); cap (of a millstone). || -vercle⁹ [L. *co-operculum* (opereire, cover)], *m.*: lid, cover: (pop.) il n'est si méchant pot qui ne trouve son —, every Jack has his Jill. -verseau, see -verceau. -vert¹², *part.* of -vrir; *m.*: cover (envelope; protection; pretence, pretext); all the table furniture (usually

for one person); (esp.) fork and spoon: petit —, prince's or king's ordinary meal; grand —, official formal meal; mettre le —, set the table; être à — de quelque chose, be protected against a thing; be protected by a thing. -verte¹¹ [-vrir], *f.*: COVERING, COVER; large tail feather (of falcons); glaze, enamel: vol à la —, swoop at game under cover of a hedge, etc. †-vertement¹¹ [-vert], *adv.*: covertly. -verture¹¹ [-vert], *f.*: cover (covering; roof; bed-cover; counterpane; pretext; of books); tectrices; security; guaranty; privilege (in Spain of keeping one's hat on in presence of the king): troupes de —, frontier troops to protect settlers; — piquée, quilt; faire la —, turn down the bed. -verturier¹⁰ [-verture], *m.*: maker of blankets.

cou-vel¹⁰ [-voir], *m.*: foot-stove (of pottery or metal). -vense¹⁵ [-ver], *f.*: setting-hen; incubator. -vi¹⁵ [-ver], *adj.*: aui —, rotten egg. -voir¹⁵ [-ver], *m.*: †nest (for setting hen); foot-stove; incubator.

couvraïlle¹⁵ [-vrir], *f.*: (dial.) covering (grain with earth); sowing.

cou-vre-bouche¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: (leather) hood (for mouth of cannon). -chef¹¹, *pl.* —, *m.*: (humor.) head-gear. -vre-culasse¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: leather hood (for breach of cannon). -vre-fen¹², *pl.* —, *m.*: CURFEW signal; fire-cover (to keep fire). -vre-gibberne¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: cart-ridge-box cover or hood. -vre-joint¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: joint hider. -vre-lit¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: bed drapery. -vre-lumière¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: apron (of cannon). -vre-pied(s)¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: foot-coverlet. -vre-plat¹³, *pl.* —, *s.*, *m.*: dish-cover (to keep food warm). -vre-platine¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: lock cover (of guns). -vre-shako¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: shako cover. -vreur¹², *m.*: roofer (tiler; slater; thatcher). || -vrir⁹ [L. *co-operire* (cover)], *irr.* §; *tr.*: COVER (overlay, overspread; envelop; roof; dress; protect; hide; disguise; excuse; guarantee; leap); set (table); meet (expenses): se —, put on one's hat; le temps se couvre, the weather is cloudy; — une carte, match a card; — un tableau d'or, pay high for a picture; allée couverte, shady walk.

§ Ind.: Pr. couvre, etc. Ipt. couvrais. Pret. couvris. Fut. (Cond.) couvrirai(s). — Subj.: Pr. couvre. Ipt. couvrise. — I've couvire. — Part.: Pr. couvrant; P. couvert.

covendeur¹⁰ [co-, vendeur], *m.*: joint-vender.

covel¹² [?], *m.*: whelk (sea-shell).

cowpox¹⁰ cou- [Eng.], *m.*: =.

cox-al¹³, *pl.* =ax [L. -a, hip], *adj.*: =.

-algie¹⁸ [Gr *algos*, pain], *f.*: coxalgia, hip-disease. **-o-fémoral**¹⁸, *pl.* = **-aur**, *adj.*: of the hip and femur.

1. **croyau**¹⁸, *pl.* — *x* [ak. to *queue*], *m.*: peg (to hold a float of a waterwheel); chant-late.

2. **croyau**¹⁷, *pl.* — *x* [?], *m.*: tench (fish).

1. **croyer**¹⁸ [*queue*], *m.*: trumpet (of an animal); hip-rafter.

2. **croyer**¹⁸ [*queue*], *m.*: (*dial.*) scythe-stone case.

1. **crabe**¹⁷ [Port. *cravo*], *m.*: clove-myrtle (of America).

2. **crabe**¹² [ak. to Ger. *krabbe*], *m.*: CRAB; crab-yaws (sores on the foot-sole).

-hier¹⁷, *m.*: crab-eater; (night-heron, crabber; crab, water-rat). **-bite**¹⁸, *m.*: = (fossil crab).

crabron¹⁸ [L. *bro*, hornet], *m.*: thornet; *†*critic; digger-wasp.

crabs¹⁷ [Eng., 'two aces'], *m.*: craps (dice-game).

crac [echoic, *interj.*: crack! pop! *m.*: back-worm (disease of hawks).

cra-chat¹⁸, *m.*: spit, saliva; spot, flaw (in glass); cuckoo-spit (vegetable blight); badge, star — *de lune*, or *de mai*, frog-spittle (green algæ); *maison faite de boue et de —*, house built of very poor material; *se noyer dans un —*, let little things perplex one. **-che**¹⁴, *f.*: *†*spittle; dripping metal (that runs over).

-chement¹², *m.*: spitting; blowing (of powder by loose firearms). **|| -cheur**¹¹ [Germ's, ak. to Sw. *kråkas*, spew, AS. *hrækan*], *intr., tr.*: spit, spit out; sputter; spout; spill, waste — *sur quelque chose*, disdain; — *au bassin*, be obliged to pay down; *la plume crache*, the pen scatters ink; *le revolver crache*, the revolver blows (wastes) powder; *c'est son père tout craché*, he is a chip of the old block.

-cheur¹⁵, = **-ense**, *m., f.*: spitter.

-choir¹⁸, *m.*: spittoon: *tenir le —*, hold the floor, keep on speaking. **-choter**¹⁸, *intr.*: spit often.

Cracovie, *f.*: Cracow.

crag¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: = (shelly sand).

cracie¹⁸ [L. *crāta*], *f.*: chalk; CRAYON; hard, stony dung (disease of falcons): *loger à la —*, lie in quarters (assigned by chalk marks); — *coullante*, rock-milk.

craill-lement¹⁸, *m.*: cawing (of crows).

|| -ler¹⁸ [echoic], *intr.*: caw.

crajin, see **1.eran**.

crajin-dre¹⁸ [p. L. **cremere*, L. *tremere*, TREMBLE], *irr. §*; *tr.*: fear; dread: *à —*, to fear; to be feared; formidable, dreadful. **-te**¹², *f.*: fear; awe: *de — qu'il ne le fasse*, lest he should do it. **crajin-tif**¹⁸, = **-ive** [*-te*], *adj.*: fearful, timid. **crajin-tive-ment**¹⁸ [*-tif*], *adv.*: timidly.

§ Ind.: Pr. *craïns*, *-s*, *-t*; *craïgn-eus*, *-es*, *-ent*. Ipf. *craïgnais*. Pret. *craïgnis*. Fut. (Cond.) *craïndraït*. — Subj.: Pr. *craïgne*. Ipf. *craïgnisse*. — I've *craïns*. — Part.: Pr. *craïgnant*; P. *craint*.

cra-mail¹⁸ [L. *-maculum* (? ak. to Ger. *krampe*, hook)], *m.*: (*dial.*) *†*pot-hook.

-mailler¹², *m.*: *†*pot-hook; notch-wheel.

crambe¹⁸ or **-bè** [L., fr. Gr. *krāmbe*], *m.*: = (sea-kale).

cramider¹⁷ [? ak. to Ger. *krampe*, hook], *tr.*: stretch (hides preparatory to tanning).

cramoisi¹⁴ [Ar.], *adj.*: crimson; bright coloured; *m.*: crimson (cf. *†*Eng. *cramoisie*).

cram-pe¹² [Germ's *kramp*], *adj.*: curved, hooked; *f.*: hook; CRAMP (of muscles): *goutte —*, distorting gout. **-pon**¹², *m.*: = (cramp-iron; crampit; calkin, frost-nail; aërial root; climbing spur): click, ratchet; sash-lock. **-ponner**¹⁴ [*-pon*], *tr.*: clamp, fasten with cramp-irons; (*fig.*) stick close to. **-ponnet**¹⁸ [*-pon*], *m.*: little crampton; (*esp.*) lock-staple.

1. **cran**¹⁸ [p. L. **crennum* (L. *crēna*)], *m.*: notch (nick of type; sight of a gun; hole for a peg; cog); cleft, fissure, CRANNY.

2. **cran**¹⁸ [*caréner*], *m.*: CAREENING (of ship).

3. **cran**¹⁷ [Slavic], *m.*: wild horse-radish.

1. **cranage**¹⁸ [*-ner*], *m.*: notch.

2. **cranage**¹⁸ = **carénage**.

crancelin¹⁸ [Ger. *kränzlein*, little crown], *m.*: (*her.*) part of a crown on a shield.

1. **crâne**¹⁸ [L. *cranium*], *m.*: cranium.

2. **crâne**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (*fam.*) *†*blusterer; positive fellow; *adj.*: smart. **-ment**¹⁸, *adv.*: (*fam.*) swaggingly.

cranequin¹⁴ [DGer. *kraenke*, CRANE], *m.*: = (arbalet; rolling purchase to set a bow-gun or arbalet).

1. **craneur**¹⁸ [*cran*, notch], *tr.*: notch, indent.

2. **†craneur** = **caréner**.

crânerie¹⁸ [2. *crâne*], *f.*: (*fam.*) blustering, swagging.

crangen¹⁷ [Gr. *kraggôn*, crab], *m.*: =, shrimp.

cranie¹⁷ [L. *-nia*], *f.*: crania (brachio-pod).

crâniën¹⁸, = **-enne** [*crâne*], *adj.*: cranial.

cranio-logie¹⁸ [Gr. *kranton*, skull, *lôgos*, discourse], *f.*: craniology. **-tomie**¹⁸ [Gr. *tomê*, a cut], *f.*: craniotomy.

cranoir¹⁸ [*-ner*], *m.*: file (for indenting).

†cranologie = craniology.

crapau-d¹¹ [Germ's orig.], *m.*: toad; (*fig.*) homely little fellow (brat, urchin); easy chair (hav'g all wood covered);

waterfall (of hair); mortar carriage (of a gun); bufonite (mineral); crepance; goose-neck (of helm); flaw (in diamonds, etc.); — *de mer*, toad-fish; — *volant*, churn-owl; — *aillé*, wing-shell (mollusk); — *pêcheur*, fishing-frog; *pièce de* —, crapaudine; *avaler un* —, take a bitter pill; *être chargé d'argent comme un* — *de plume*, have as little money as a toad has feathers. †*daïlle* = *crépodaïlle*. — *dière*¹³, *f.*: toad-hole. — *dine*¹², *f.*: =, ulcer (of horse's hoof); bufonite, toad-stone; doubling (of pigeon to broil giving it a toad shape; punishment of tying soldier's legs); iron-wort; toad-fish; socket; pivot support; hollow half of hinge; escape pipe; pan (of printing-press).

crape¹³ [ak. to *crafe*], *f.*: (dial.) †dung; filth; dirt (collected on a mill-stone).

crapelet¹⁸ [-paud], *m.*: (fam.) little toad.

craponne¹⁷ [town C.], *f.*: watchmaker's flat square file.

craponassin¹⁷, -*ine* [-paud], *m., f.*: (low) dumpy or dwarfish person.

†**craps** = *crabs*.

crapu-le¹⁸ [L. -la], *f.*: excess, intemperance (drunkenness; gluttony); (low) drinkers and eaters; drunkard or glutton. †*ler*¹⁵, *intr.*: be intemperate, commit excess. — *leusement*¹⁸ [-leuz], *adv.*: excessively (like a guzzler or glutton). — *leur*¹⁸, -*ense* [L. -losus], *adj.*: crapulent, intemperate.

1. **crâ-que**¹⁸, *f.*: gull, fib, humbug, lie.

2. **que**¹⁸ [Eng. crack], *f.*: cluster of crystals.

— **quelage**¹⁸ [-queler], *m.*: process of crackling (of china, etc.).

— **quelé**¹⁷ [-queler], *m.*: crackled ware, cracklin. — **queler**¹⁷, *tr.*: crackle.

— **quelin**¹², *m.*: cracknel, fancy cracker; soft-shell (crab); creaky ship; (slang) shaky man. — **quelot**¹⁷, *m.*: crackler;

red-herring; slightly cured herring.

— **quelotiére**¹⁸ [-quelot], *f.*: herring-curer (woman). — **quelure**¹⁸ [-queler], *f.*: crackle (of china-ware, paintings, etc.).

— **quement**¹⁵, *m.*: crackling sound; crepitation (in disease). — **quer**¹⁷

[erac], *intr.*: crack (give short sharp sound; snap); (low) fib, lie (cf. †Eng. crack, 'brag').

— **querie**¹⁷, *f.*: (low) fibbing.

— **quet**¹⁸, *m.*: sea-wrack. — **quètement**¹⁶ [-queter], *m.*: crackling sound. — **queter**¹⁵, *intr.*: crackle, sound short and sharp;

gnash. — **quette**¹⁷, *f.*: scum or dirty deposit (fr. melted butter); (tailor's) notch.

— **queur**¹⁷, -*ense*, *m., f.*: (low) fibber.

crase¹⁶ [Gr. *krâsis*, mixture], *f.*: crasis (coalescence of vowels; characteristic make-up).

†**crassane** = *crasane*.

cras-satelle¹⁷ [coined by naturalist Lamarck], *f.*: crassatella (mollusk).

— **se**¹⁵ [L. -sus], *adj.*: *CRASS (thick, dense; coarse; GROSS); *f.*: dirt, filth;

pl.: dross (of metals); coarseness; rudeness; squalor; miserliness. — **sement**¹⁸

[-ser], *m.*: fouling (of firearms). — **ser**¹⁸, *tr.*: foul, make dirty (guns).

— **seur**¹⁵, -*ense*, *adj.*: soiled, dirty; sordid.

— **sier**¹⁷, *m.*: slag, dross. — **sulacées**¹⁸ [-sule], *f. pl.*: crassulaceae, houseleek family. — **sule**¹⁸ [L. -sula], *f.*: crassula (thick-leaved plant).

cratère¹⁶ [L. -ter], *m.*: crater (bowl; cup; volcano).

†**craticuler** = *graticuler*.

crava-che¹⁷ [Ger. *karbatsche*, ak. to Fr. *courbache*], *f.*: cowhide (whip).

— **chée**¹⁸, *f.*: whipping. — **cher**¹⁸, *tr.*: whip.

cravan¹⁵ [?], *m.*: brant, wild-goose; (dial.) barnacle (crustacean).

crava-te¹⁶ [nation Croatia], *m., f.*: CROAT (Croatian horse; Austrian light cavalryman); cravat, necktie; knot (of a lance); coil (to hold the after-anchor);

— *blanche*, shriek; — *noir* (-verte, dorée), black (green, golden) hummingbird. — **ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: put a tie on.

crayer¹⁷ [?], *m.*: clinker (in coal).

crâ-yère¹⁸ [craie], *f.*: chalk-bed. — **yeur**¹², -*ense* [craie], *adj.*: chalky. — **yon**¹⁸

[craie], *m.*: marl; crayon (chalk or charcoal pencil; pencil; crayon or pencil-sketch). — **yonner**¹⁶, *tr.*: sketch; mark upon. — **yonneur**¹⁷, 1. -*ense* [-yonner], *m., f.*: sketcher. — **yonner**, 2. -*ense*, *adj.*: marly; chalky.

créance¹⁵ [croire], *f.*: CREDENCE; belief; credit: *lettre de* —, credentials; letter of credit; *une* — *douteuse*, bill receivable hard to collect. — **créancier**¹¹, -*ière*, *m., f.*: creditor.

crâ-t¹⁶ [It. -to, pupil (L. -tus, created)], *m.*: creat, riding-master's attendant.

— **teur**¹¹, -*trie* [L. -tor], *m., f.*: creator, maker; *adj.*: creative.

oréati-ne¹⁸ [Gr. *krâsis*, flesh], *f.*: creatin (chemical substance found in muscle).

— **nine**¹⁸, *f.*: creatinine (alkaloid).

crâ-tion¹⁸ [L. -tio (-re, create)], *f.*: creation (making; the thing made).

— **ture**¹⁰ [L. -tura], *f.*: creature (created thing; living being; dependent, tool).

cré-celle¹⁷ [? p. L. **crepicella* (L. *crepitacillum*)], *f.*: †Eng. CRESSLE, rattle.

— **cerelle**¹⁸, *f.*: kestrel (hawk).

crèche¹² [OHG. *krippja*], *f.*: CRIB, manger; crèche (public nursery; foundling asylum).

créey¹⁸ [town C.], *f.*: carrot.

cré-dence¹⁸ [It. *denza* (L. -dere, believe), *f.*: credence (†trust; assaying food;

†credence-table; side-table; cupboard).
-deneier¹⁵, *m.*: assayer, taster of food; steward. **-dibilité**¹⁶ [*L. -dibilitas*], *f.*: credibility. **-dit**¹⁴ [*It. -dito*], *m.*: credit (†faith; confidence; trust; power; influence; favour): *en* —, in good repute; à —, on credit; *établissement de* —, bank; *le* — *foncier*, mortgage-bank.
-diter¹⁷ [*-dif*], *tr.*: credit. **-diteur**¹⁴ [*L. -ditor*], *m.*: creditor; †believer; *adj.*: *compte* —, credit account or side. **-redo**¹² [*L. 'I believe'*], *m.*: creed (what one believes). **-dûle**¹⁵ [*L. -dulus*], *adj.*: credulous; superstitious. **-dûlité**¹² [*L. -dulus*], *f.*: credulity; superstition.
créer¹¹ [*L. creare*], *tr.*: create; make: — *une rente*, settle an annuity.
crema¹⁵ [*? L. -mare*, burn], *m.*: oxydation (of iron fr. fire).
cré-maillère¹² [*cravail*], *f.*: pot-hook; rack, toothed rack; = (zigzag line of fortifications): (*fam.*) *pendre la* —, have a house-warming. **-maillon**¹³ [*Ofr. -maille*], *m.*: small pot-hook.
crémaster¹⁵ [*Gr. kremastér*], *m.*: cremaster (groin muscle).
crémation¹² [*L. -tio (-re, burn)*], *f.*: cremation (burning of a body).
crème¹² [*? cf. L. cremor*, thick juice], *f.*: cream (rich fat of milk; choice; cosmetics; cordial; skin of hot milk; delicacy of milk, etc.): — *de riz*, sweetened soup; *fromage à la* —, cream-cheese; — *fouettée*, whipped cream.
crément¹⁷ [*L. -tum*, increase], *m.*: †ACCRETION of; increment (in words).
cré-mer¹⁶ [*crème*], *intr.*: cream, mantle (form cream). **cré-merie**¹⁵ [*-mier*], *f.*: creamery (in all senses). **-meur**¹⁷, *-euse* [*crème*], *adj.*: creamy. **-mier**, **-ière** [*crème*], *m., f.*: milkman or woman.
crémillée¹² [*cravail*], *f.*: (*dial.*) †pot-hook; ward (of a lock).
crémone¹⁷ [*Italian town Cremona*], *m.*: Cremona (violin); *f.*: window fastening.
crénage¹⁵ [*-ner*], *m.*: nicking (of type).
créna-te¹⁵ [*ak. to -nique*], *m.*: crenate (salt of crenic acid). **-té**¹⁵, *adj.*: hav'g crenates.
cré-neau¹¹ [*cran*, notch], *m.*: crenelle, embrasure (of battlements); space between troops; aperture (in a furnace); shaft; wastepipe (on ships). **-nelage**¹⁷ [*-neler*], *m.*: notching; milling (of coin). **-neler**¹¹, *tr.*: crenelate (notch): *roue crénelée*, cog-wheel; *le crénelé*, perch (fish). **-nelure**¹⁵ [*-neler*], *f.*: crenature; indentation.
-ner¹⁵ [*cran*], *tr.*: KERN, nick (type); cut off. **-nerie**¹⁷ [*-ner*], *f.*: kerning (of type).
†crénet¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: (*dial.*) curlew (bird).
créneur¹⁵, *m.*: kerner; signature cutter (in type).

crénique¹⁵ [*Gr. kréne*, fountain], *adj.*: crenic (of an acid formed in springs).
cré-nou¹⁵ [*cran*], *m.*: first splitting (of block of slate, in quarry). **-nure**¹¹ [*cran*], *f.*: point hole (in printing press).
créole¹⁵ [*Sp. criollo*], *m., f.*: creole (old, a white born of Sp. parents in the tropics; now, one born in a European colony in the tropics).
créo-sol¹⁵ [*ak. to -sote*], *m.*: creosol (aromatic liquid). **-sote**¹⁵ [*Gr. kréas*, flesh, sózein, preserve], *f.*: creosote (an antiseptic).
cré-page¹⁷ [*crêper*], *m.*: glossing (of crape). **cré-pe**⁹ [*L. crispus*, curled], *m.*: CRAPE; mourning veil; *f.*: pancake: — *crépé*, real crape; — *lisse*, crêpe-lisse, smooth crape. **||cré-pe**⁹ [*L. crispare*], *tr.*: curl; frizzle; gloss: (*cheveux*) *crépés*, frizzles; (*pop.*) *se — le chignon*, pull each other's hair. **-pi**¹⁵ [*-pir*], *m.*: rough-coat, rough-cast (of plaster). **cré-pière**¹⁵ [*crêpe*], *f.*: pan-cake woman.
crépin see *saint-crépin*.
cré-pine¹² [*crêpe*], *f.*: lace-work, fringe (of showy tassels, tufts, tinsel, etc., as for a dais); epiploon, omentum, caul. **1.-pinette**¹⁵ [*crêper*], *f.*: bird spurry (knot grass). **2.-pinette**¹⁵ [*-pine*], *f.*: brain-sausage (in a caul). **-pinière**¹⁶ [*? crêper*], *f.*: berberry (plant). **||-pir**¹¹ [*Ofr. cresse*, frizzled], *tr.*: (old) curl (hair; frizzle; grain or pommel leathers); (*now*) rough-coat (with plaster). **-pissage**¹⁵, *m.*: rough-coating. **-pissure**¹⁵, *f.*: rough-casting; rough-coat.
crépi-tant¹⁵ [*-ter*], *adj.*: crepitant; (*esp.*) *râle* —, rattling sound (in the lungs). **-tation**¹⁵ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: crepitation (grating of ends of bones; rattling of the lungs in disease). ***-têr**¹⁵ [*L. -tare*], *intr.*: crepitate (crackle; rattle).
cré-podaille¹⁶, *f.*: gauze crape. **||-pon**¹⁵ [*crêpe*], *m.*: †frizzle; false curls; crepon (cloth).
†creps = *crabs*.
cré-pu¹⁵ [*crêpe*], *adj.*: CRISPY, woolly. **-pure**¹⁵ [*-per*], *f.*: curliness; curl.
crépuscu-laïre¹⁷, *adj.*: crepuscular, obscure. **||-le**¹² [*-lum (creper, dark)*], *m.*: twilight (after sunset; then also at dawn; †Eng. crepuscule, -cule).
†crè-que¹⁵ [*Ger. krieche*], *m.*: wild-plum.
cré-quier¹⁴, *m.*: wild-plum tree; (*her.*) seven-branched tree or candlestick.
creşane¹⁶ [*? name of a place*], *f.*: bergamot (autumnal pear).
crescendo¹⁷ [*It., INCREASING*], *adv.*: = (in music).
créseau, see *carisel*.
crés-son¹¹ [*OHG. chresso*], *m.*: CRESS: — *alénois*, garden cress; — *des près*, lady's

amock; — *sauvage*, water plantain; — *de roche*, or — *doré*, golden saxifrage; *jus de —*, depurant, purgative. — *sonnière*¹², *f.*: cress bed.

crésus¹⁸ [Lydian king Croesus], *m.*: very rich man.

créssy-lique¹⁸ [ak. to *créosote*], *adj.*: cressylic. — **lol**¹⁸ [ak. to *créosote*], *m.*: cresyl (extract fr. coal, or beech-wood, etc.).

crétacé¹⁸ [L. *-ceus* (*creta*, chalk)], *adj.*: cretaceous.

crê-te^o [L. *crista*, tuft], *f.*: CREST (top-knot, comb; cresting; ridge of helmets, hills, roofs, etc.); excrecence; high head-dress; *baisser la —*, come down a notch; *dresser la —*, show boldness; *blé en —*, heaped up grain. — **té**¹⁸, *adj.*: crested. — **te-de-coq**¹⁸, *pl. — s —*, *f.*: cockscomb (louse-wort, etc., plants with red-tufts; hog's-ear, etc., mollusks with plaited valves); morbid growth, proud-flesh; mass of crystals.

crételer¹³ or **krét-** [echoic], *intr.*: cackle. **crételle**¹⁷ [*crête*], *f.*: (*dial.*) dog's-tail, rattle grass.

crête-marine *see* *christe*.

crête¹¹ [*-te*], *tr.*: *fr*istle up; (*dial.*) seize by the comb, tread; crest; fringe.

cré-tin¹⁷ [Alpine patois (L. *christianus*, Christian)], *m.*: cretin, deformed imbecile; idiot. — **tiniser**¹⁸, *tr.*: (*fam.*) make a cretin of. — **tinisme**¹⁸, *m.*: cretinism (incurable deformity and idiocy).

creton¹² [*?*], *m.*: fat (greaves, tallow-scrap; cracklings).

cretonne¹⁸ [town *Creton*], *f.*: = (cotton fabric for curtains).

cren-sage¹⁷, *m.*: digging; excavating; deepening. — **-sément**¹², *m.*: digging; hole dug. — **-ser**¹¹ [*creux*], *tr.*: dig; deepen; make hollow: — *la tête*, meditate over something earnestly; rack one's brain.

creuset¹² [ak. to *croix*], *m.*: CRUCIBLE (melting pot, CRUSET; cupel); hearth (of furnace).

creu-seur¹⁸ [*-ser*], *m.*: (rare) investigator. — **-soir**¹⁷ [*-ser*], *m.*: gouge (for making violins, etc.). — **-sure**¹⁸ [*-ser*], *f.*: hollowed piece (of clocks, etc.). — **creu-x**¹², = **ense** [OFr. *crues* (?)], *adj.*: hollow; deep; empty; loose; *m.*: hollow, cavity; pit; trough; mould; hull; vessel; bowl; (*fam.*) deep voice: *sonner —*, have day dreams.

cre-valle¹⁸ [*-ver*], *f.*: bursting; (*low*) feed, stuffing (over-eating). — **-vaïson**¹⁸ [*-ver*], *f.*: (*low*) death (of animals). — **-vasse**¹¹ [*-ver*], *f.*: =, CREVICE; crack (in chapped hands); break (in engraved

lines). — **-vasser**¹⁸, *tr.*: crack. — **-vé**¹⁸ [*-ver*], *m.*: gash, slit.

crève-ehien¹⁸ **kréf-**, *pl. —* [*crever*], *m.*: (*dial.*) black nightshade (weed). — **-cœur**¹¹, *pl. —*, *m.*: heart-break, affliction.

crèvevelle = *caravelle*.

crever^o [L. *crepare*], *tr.*, *intr.*: burst (crack, break, rend, explode), cram (stuff); swell; die (of animals); (*jest.*) die, kick the bucket; destroy, use up; (*nav.*) bilge. **crevet**¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: stay-lace (with tags).

crevette¹⁶ [*dial.* for *chevette*], *f.*: prawn; shrimp.

crève-vessie¹⁷ [*-ver*], *m.*: bladder burster (vessel closed with bladder which collapses when vessel is exhausted, apparatus showing atmospheric pressure). — **crevure**¹¹ [*-ver*], *f.*: (*dial.*) *tr*crevasse; break (in lines of engraving).

crex¹⁸ [Gr. *kréz* (echoic)], *m.*: avocet (shore wader).

cri¹⁰ [*crier*], *m.*: cry (loud sound of the voice; natural call or voice; scream; yell; shout; roar): — *perçant*, shrill cry; — *de guerre*, watchword; *cri d'armes*, motto, device on a shield; *donner du — à la soie*, to sulphur silk; *à cor et à —*, with hue and cry. — **-age**¹² [*-er*], *m.*: public crying. — **-atiller**¹⁸ [*-er*], *intr.*: clamor, cry for something. — **-atillerie**¹⁸ [*-atiller*], *f.*: clamoring, bawling, crying for something. — **-ailler**¹⁸, = **ense** [*-ailler*], *m.*, *f.*: habitual crier. — **-ant**¹⁸ [*-er*], *adj.*: *un abus —*, a crying shame; *une injustice — e*, a crying, rank injustice.

-ard¹⁸, = **-arde** [*-er*], *adj.*: crying, squalling; shrieking, discordant; *m.*, *f.*: bawler, scold: *dette criarde*, urgent debt; *ton —*, poor tone; *couleurs criardes*, loud colours. **cri-blage**¹⁸ [*-bler*], *m.*: sifting. — **cri-ble**¹² [L. *criblum*], *m.*: CRIBBLE, sieve; riddle; cribrum; ancient vizor. — **-bler**¹⁸, *tr.*: sift; riddle: *visage criblé*, pock-marked face. — **-bleur**¹⁸, = **ense** [*-bler*], *m.*, *f.*: sifter. — **-bleux**¹⁸, = **ense**, *adj.*: cribriform. — **-blure**¹⁸ [*-bler*], *f.*: siftings (residue). — **-bration**¹⁸ (L. *-brare*), *f.*: = (act of cribbling).

crie¹⁴ [*?* ak. to OHG. *kriec*, attempt], *m.*: jack-screw (for lifting). **crie crac**¹⁷ [echoic], *interj.*: crack! rip! (imitative of a breaking or ripping sound). **criéal**¹⁸ [Gr. *krikos*, circle], *adj.* or *m.*: cricoid (of fish).

cricket¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: = (ball-game).

cricotide¹⁷ [Gr. *krikoidēs*, ring-like], *adj.* or *m.*: cricoid (bone of larynx).

criori¹⁸ [echoic], *m.*: shrilling (of cricket); cricket; creeper (bunting).

crîd = *criss*.

cri-ée¹¹, *f.*: *tr*proclamation (of sale); auc-

tion; audience *des* —s, auction hall (for selling houses and land). **||-er**⁹ [p. L. **eritäre* (L. *quiritäre*, wall; orig. appeal to the citizens, L. *quirites*)], intr., tr.: CRY (utter the natural voice aloud; shout; call; shriek; screech; creak; scold; clamour; proclaim; hawk): — *au secours*, shout for help; *les boyaux erient*, bowels rumble; † *quelqu'un*, upbraid one; — *à l'injustice*, cry out against the injustice; — *karo sur quelqu'un*, raise a hue and cry after one; — *une marchandise*, offer at auction. **-erie**¹², f.: clamour. **-eur**¹¹, = **-euse**, m., f.: crier (bawler; hawker; auctioneer).

crime¹¹ [L. -*men*, (lit.) judgment], m.: = (offence against law; against society; sin; iniquity; felony): — *qualifiée*, indictable offence; — *de lèse-majesté*, lèse-majesty, treason; *porté au* —, prone to guilt.

Crimée, f.: Crimea.

crimi-naliser¹⁵ [L. -*nalis*, guilty], tr.: †speak against, accuse; transfer (fr. the civil) to the criminal docket, to the crown side. **-naliste**¹⁷ [L. -*nalis*], m.: criminal lawyer. **-nalité**¹⁶ [L. -*nalis*], f.: (rare) criminality. **-nel**¹⁹, = **-elle** [L. -*nalis*], adj.: criminal (guilty; pertaining to crime); m., f.: criminal, culprit; m.: au —, in criminal court; *le grand (petit)* —, criminal court for grand larceny, etc. (for petty larceny, etc.). **-nellement**¹² [-*nel*], adv.: criminally.

crin⁹ [L. *crinis*], m.: hair (mane; tail; human hair); *cheval à tous* —s, horse with full mane and tail; *un homme à tous* —s, a man with much hair and beard; (*fig.*) *à tous* —s, in the full sense, in every respect; *sommier de* —, hair mattress.

crin-crin¹⁶ [echoic], m.: poor fiddle.

crin-ier¹⁶ [crin], m.: horse-hair worker. **-nière**¹⁹ [erin], f.: mane (of horses, lions, etc.).

crinole¹⁷ [Gr. *krinon*], f.: crinum (kind of lily).

crinoline¹⁸ [crin], f.: = (stiff fabric, originally haircloth; stiff skirt, hoop-skirt).

crio-bole¹⁷ [Gr. *kriobólon*, ram-slaying], m.: sacrifice of a ram. **-cère**¹⁷ [Gr. *kríos*, ram, *kéras*, horn], m.: criocerat (grain insect).

1.crique¹⁸ [Norse *kriki*], f.; CREEK, small bay; ditch.

† **2.crique** = **crique**.

cri-quer¹⁵ [echoic], intr.: (dial.) †crackle; become brittle (as wool fr. gluing); crack in cooling (as steel). **1.-quet**¹¹, m.: CRICKET (house cricket; locust).

2.crique¹⁶ [?], m.: little horse; little man; small wine.

3.criquet = **cricket**.

cri-quetter¹⁶ [-*quer*], intr.: crackle, crepitate slightly. **-qûre**¹⁶ [-*quer*], f.: crack (in metal, etc.). **-quetis**¹⁵, m.: sharp sound (fr. poor copper in engraving).

crise¹⁵ [L. -*sis*], f.: crisis.

cris-patir¹⁸, = **-ive**, adj.: crisping, shriveled. **-pation**¹⁷, f.: shriveling; thrill; fidgets. **||-per**¹⁷ [L. -*pare*], tr.: crisp, shrivel; make nervous.

crispin¹⁶ [valet C. in Molière], m.: typical valet; short cloak.

criss¹⁶ [Malay *kris*], m.: CREESE, poniard.

cris-ser¹⁵ [echoic], intr.: grate the teeth. **-sure**¹⁷, f.: surface flaw (in wire).

crista-1¹⁵, pl. = **-aux** [L. *crystallus*, Gr. *krústallos*], m.: crystal (clear solid; colourless quartz, rock-crystal; flint glass; regularly formed solid fr. a liquid); pure water; *†cristaux de lune (de Mars, de Vénus)*, salt of silver (iron, copper); — *d'Island*, Iceland spar. **-llerie**¹⁷, f.: flint-glass business or manufacture.

-llier¹⁵, m.: glass-cutter; glass-closet.

-llière¹⁵, f.: rock-crystal mine; cutting-table (for glass). **-llifère**¹⁵ [L. *ferre*, bear], adj.: crystalliferous. **-llin**¹²

[-*linus*], adj.: crystalline, crystal: *le (corps)* —, the crystalline lens; *capsule* —e, membrane around the lens; (*phlyctène*) —e, phlyctenosis; (*ficoide*) —e, fig-marigold.

-llisable¹⁵ [-*lliser*], adj.: crystallisable. **-llisation**¹⁶ [-*lliser*], f.: crystallisation.

-lliser¹⁶, tr. or intr.: crystallise: — *la soie*, let alum crystallise on silk.

-llographie¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], f.: crystallography. **-llométrie**¹⁸

[Gr. *métron*, measure], f.: crystallogometry.

cristé¹⁵ [L. -*tatus*, crested], adj.: having crest-like appendages (as shells).

† **criste** = **chrise**.

† **cristi** = **sacristi**.

† **crit** = **cris**.

cri-tère¹⁷ or (L. form) **-térium** [Gr. *kritérion*], m.: criterion, basis, test.

-tieisme¹⁵, m.: criticism. **-tiquable**¹⁷

[-*tiquer*], adj.: exceptionable, open to criticism. **1.-tique**¹⁵ [L. -*ticus*, Gr. *kritikós*, decisive (*krínai*, decide, judge)],

adj.: critical; m., f.: critic. **2.-tique**¹⁶

[Gr. *kritikḗ*], f.: critique, censure, critical review; body of critics. **-tiquer**¹⁶, tr.:

review, criticise; censure. **-tiquer**¹⁵

[-*tiquer*], m.: criticiser, censor.

† **cro-atiller** = **croasser**. **-asement**¹⁵, m.: cawing, croaking. **||-asser**¹⁴ [echoic],

intr.: caw, croak (as crows).

1.croc¹⁶ [echoic], interj.: crunch!

2.cro-c⁹ [p. L. **cecum* (?)], m.: crook; hook; grapnel; fang, dog-tooth: — *d'équerillon*, swivel-hook. **-c-en-jambe**¹⁵, pl. —s—, m.: tripping up; supplant-

ing. **-che**¹⁵ [ak. to -e], *†adj.*: crooked, hooked at the end; *f.*: anvil-tongs (with curved handles); quaver (in music). **-cher**¹¹, *tr.*: hook, seize with hook; bend, crook: — *une note*, put a stem or a hook to a note. **-chet**¹¹, *m.*: hook (crook; crochet in forts; pole or rod with crook at the end; boat-hook; bill-hook; pot-hook; clasp; crochet-needle; bracket in printing); skeleton-key, pick-lock; two-bladed hoe; claw; fang; canine-tooth; horse's wolf-tooth; turn in the road; *†embrace*: *sur les —s de quelqu'un*, at some one's expense. **-chetable**¹⁵ [*-cheter*], *adj.*: *serrure* —, lock that may be picked. **-chetage**¹⁵, *m.*: lock-picking; raking, hoeing. **-chetée**¹⁵ [*-chet*], *f.*: one stretch (what one crochets without stopping). **-cheter**¹⁴ [*-chet*, skeleton-key], *tr.*: pick, force. 1. **-cheteur**¹⁴ [*-cheter*], *m.*: lock-pick, burglar. 2. **-cheteur**¹⁵ [*-chet*], *m.*: street-porter. **-cheton**¹⁵ [*-chet*], *m.*: little hook, esp. of street-porter's pole. **-chu**¹¹, *adj.*: hooked; *cheval* —, narrow-hipped horse; *avoir la main —e*, be close-fisted.

crocodile¹² [L. *-lus*], *m.*: =; (hinged, metal) shingling-press (suggesting jaws); automatic railroad-signal (suggesting alligator's back).

crocus¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = saffron (herb).

†croie = *crâie*.

croiller = *crouler*.

croire⁹ [L. *credere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*, *intr.*: believe (trust; credit; have faith in; think; suppose, etc.): — *aux revenants*, believe in ghosts.

§ Ind.: *Pr. crois*, -s, -t; *cro-yons*, -yez, *croient*. Ipt. *croisais*. Pret. *crus*. Fut. (Cond.) *croirais*. — Subj.: *Pr. croie*. Pret. *crus*. — I've *croi*. — Part.: *Pr. croyant*; *P. cru*.

croisade¹⁵, *f.*: crusade. **-sé**, see *-ser*. **-sée**¹⁵, *f.*: crossing, intersection; window-cross; window-sash; window; cross-piece; transept: — *cintée*, arched window; — *d'ogives*, pointed arches. **-sement**¹⁵, *m.*: crossing; cross-breeding. **||-ser**¹⁰ [*croix*], *tr.*: CROSS (intersect; pass through or over; mix in breeding; make the sign of the cross over; put a cross on; lay cross-wise; cut); *intr.*: CRUISE: (*tissu*) *croisé*, kersey, serge; *les (bâtons) croisés*, crosses supporting a tight-rope; *rimes croisées*, alternating rhymes; *les fils des croisés*, sons of crusaders, i.e. of ancient ancestry. **-serie**¹⁷, *f.*: wicker-work. **-seté**¹² [*-sette*], *adj.* (*her.*) having crosses. **-sette**¹¹ [*croix*], *f.*: little cross; fencing-master's sword; St. Andrew's cross (shrub). **-seur**¹⁶, *m.*: CRUISER; cross-vein (ore that crosses another vein); sea-swallow.

-sière¹⁵, *f.*: intersection, cross; crossing (of two railroads); cruise, voyage; cruising vessels; cruising region. **-sille**¹¹ [*croix*], *f.*: little cross; whirl-carrier (in rope-making). **-sillon**¹⁵ [*croix*], *m.*: cross-bar; *pl.*: braces (within a cylinder). **-soire**¹⁷, *f.*: stamp, marker (for sea-biscuits).

croisance⁹ [L. *crescentia*], *f.*: growth, growing; petrified vegetation (for adorning grottoes). 1. **-sant**¹¹ [*croître*], *m.*: *†time* of the waxing moon; CRESCENT (waxing or waning moon; curved loaf of bread; defect in a hoof, fr. fallen coffin-bone; Moslem flag); anything of crescent shape (pruning-hook; rack for shovel and tongs; bout of violin; paper with crescent grain; arm to hold back a curtain; etc.). 2. **-sant**¹⁷ [*croître*], *adj.*: increasing, growing. **-sement** [*croître*], *m.*: growing.

croisure¹⁴ [*-ser*], *f.*: intersection, crossing (of two lines, of two threads, of two fibers): *la — de l'écu*, central point of a shield; — *des rimes*, alternating of rhymes.

croi-t¹¹, *m.*: increase (esp. of flocks): — *de cens*, tax over and above the feudal quit-rent; *bail à —*, lease on shares of the increase. **||croi-tre**⁹ [L. *crēscere*], *irr. §*; *intr.*: grow, INCREASE; swell; *†tr.*: (*fig.*) augment.

§ Ind.: *Pr. croi*, -s, -t; *croi-sons*, -siez, -siez. Ipt. *croisais*. Pret. *crūs*. Fut. (Cond.) *croitrais*. — Subj.: *Pr. croisse*. Ipt. *crūsse*. — I've *croi*. — Part.: *Pr. croissant*; *P. crū*.

croix⁹ [L. *cruz*], *f.*: CROSS (all senses except: cross in breeds, willing defeat and swindling surrender of a race or any contest): *jouer à — et à pile*, play heads or tails; — *de par Dieu* (or *de Jesus*), primer with a cross in the title; alphabet; *mystère de la —*, dogma of the incarnation; *foie de la —*, acceptance of the dogma of incarnation; — *de mérite* (or *de sagesse*), reward of merit at school; — *de chevalier*, water-chestnut.

†croil(er) = *crouler*.

cromlech¹⁵ [Brittany, "curved stone"], *m.*: = (ancient monument).

cromorne¹⁶ [Ger. *krummhorn*, crooked horn], *m.*: cromorna (*†trumpet*; clarinet-like organ stop).

1. **crône**¹⁷, [?], *f.*: wash-out (on a bank).

2. **crône**¹⁶ [Flem. *kran*], *m.*: crane (at a wharf).

cro-quade¹⁵ [*-quer*], *f.*: hasty, rough sketch. 1. **-quant**¹⁵ [*-quer*], *adj.*: crisp, brittle; *f.*: crisp dessert (tart, almond-cake); *m.*: gristle. 2. **-quant**¹⁶ [*sus aux croquants*], "down with devourers of the people," cry of the revolting Guyenne

peasants], *m.*: peasant, boor; worthless fellow.

croque-abeille¹⁷, *f.*: bee-eater, titmouse.

-au-sel (*à la*) see *croquer*.

-en-bouche¹⁸, *m.*: crisp or crackling

tarts, cakes, etc. **-lardon**¹⁶, *m.*:

sponger. **-mitaine**¹⁸, *m.*: bugbear.

-mort¹⁸, *m.*: (*fam.*) hearse-driver.

†-noisette¹⁵ or **†-noir**, *m.*: (*dial.*)

dormouse. **-note**¹⁷, *m.*: (*fam.*) mu-

sician (of little ability). **1. ||croque-r**¹⁵

[echoic *croc*], *intr.*: crackle; *tr.*: crunch;

devour; *devoir*, dash off, outline; *manger*

quelque chose (quelqu'un) à la croque au

sel, or *croque-au-sel*, eat a thing with salt

only (*devoir* a person tooth and nail);

(*fam.*) — *le marmot*, wait forever for

some one; — *une poulette*, make a pullet

one's prey; — *une note*, skip a note.

2. croquer¹⁷ [Prov. *crouca*], *tr.*: grapple,

hook.

†croque-sol = *croque-note*.

1. croquet¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: = (the lawn

game).

2. cro-quet¹⁶ [*1.-quer*], *m.*: crackling,

brittle cake, snap. **-quette**¹⁸ [*1.-quer*],

f.: = (flattened ball of rice, meat,

etc.). **-queur**¹⁶, **-ense** [*1.-quer*], *m.*,

f.: gormandizer, devourer. **-quignole**¹⁶

[? *1.-quer*], *f.*: fillip, nose-pull; cracknel,

brittle fancy-biscuit. **-quis**¹⁷ [*1.-quer*],

m.: = (hasty sketch, first draft).

croque¹⁸ [village *Croques*], *f.*: Japan sal-

sify (with edible roots).

cro-se¹³ [ak. to *croc*], *f.*: stick with

curved end (crook; crosier; cricket-bat;

crutch; stake); butt-end (of fire-arm);

cricket (ball-game); bar (of iron to be

soldered): *rire sous la* —, have a church-

man for a master. **-sô**¹⁵ [*-ser*], *adj.*:

hav'g a crosier. **-ser**¹², *tr.*: bat; kick;

intr.: play cricket. **-sette**¹⁵, *f.*: layer

(of a vine); = (shoulder-piece, elbow,

ancon of buildings). **-seur**¹⁶, **-ense**

[*-ser*], *m.*, *f.*: cricketer.

crotales¹⁷ [*L. -lum*, Gr. *krôtalôn*], *m.*:

crotalum (rattle; sleigh-bell); snappers,

castanets; rattlesnake.

†crotesque = *grotesque*.

croton¹⁸ [Gr. *krôton*, castor-oil plant], *m.*:

= (genus of the spurge family).

cro-té¹³ [?], *f.*: dung, esp. in pellets (as

treadles, croets); mud. **-ter**¹², *tr.*:

dirty, soil. **-tin**¹⁴, *m.*: pile of dung.

-ton¹⁷, *m.*: (*lit.*) little dung; sugar-

lumps (in the sieve). **-tu**¹⁷, *adj.*: pock-

marked.

crouchant¹⁶ [? ak. to *croupe*], *m.*: crutch

(part of a ship's knee-timber).

crou-lant¹⁶, *adj.*: un édifice —, a crumb-

ling, tottering house. **†-le**¹⁸ [? *-ler*], *f.*:

(*dial.*) snipe-hunt. **†-lemet**¹¹, *m.*:

settling, collapsing. **||-ler**⁹ [*p. L. *erolu-*

lâre (? ak. to Fr. *crotale*)], *intr.*: go to ruin,

crumble, fall in; *tr.*: shake; wag; launch;

drop dung (as falcons). **-liër**¹², **-iêre**,

adj.: miry, quaggy; *f.*: mire.

croup¹⁷ [Eng. fr. Scotch], *m.*: croup (acute

inflammation of the throat).

croupade¹⁶ [*-pe*], *f.*: = (leap where the

horse draws his hind legs close to his

belly).

croupal¹⁸ [*croup*], *adj.*: of croup.

crou-pe¹⁰ [ak. to Ger. *kropp*], *f.*: rump;

(*poet.*) tail; hump, peak; dome-roof (at

one end of a church); gable (of hip-roof):

monter en —, ride behind. **-pé**¹⁷, *adj.*:

cheval bien —, horse hav'g good croup.

-piader¹⁷ [*-piat*], *intr.*: cast anchor

astern. **-piat**¹⁶ [Prov. *-pias*], *m.*: spring

(on cables). **-pien**¹⁸, **-enne**, *adj.*: of

the rump. **-piër**¹⁶, *m.*: trider behind;

(gambler's) croupier, assistant; secret

ally, capper; backer. **-pion**¹⁴, *m.*: rump,

buttocks. **-pionner**¹⁸ [*-pios*], *intr.*: buck

behind (as though about to kick). **-pir**¹¹,

intr.: (old) sit on haunches; (*now*) stay,

lie; stagnate, become foul: — *dans la mi-*

sère, wallow in wretchedness. **-pissant**¹⁵

[*-pir*], *adj.*: becoming foul; standing.

-pen¹⁷, *m.*: rear half (of a hide).

croustille¹⁶ [Prov. *-silho*], *f.*: fish crawl

(at edge of salt lagoon).

crous-tade¹⁸ [It. *-lata* (*-la*, CRUST)], *f.*:

pot-pie (of meats and crusts). **-tillant**¹⁷

[*-tiller*], *adj.*: †funny; crackling, crusty.

||-tîle¹⁶ [Prov. *-tilho*], *f.*: little CRUST;

lunch. **-tiller**¹⁸, *intr.*: eat crust;

crackle. **-tillage**¹⁶ [*-tilleux*],

adv.: (*fam.*) funny; obscenely. **-til-**

-leur¹⁶, **-ense**, *adj.*: funny; smutty.

croû-te⁹ [*L. crusta*], *f.*: CRUST (hard

outside of bread, pie, the earth, etc.);

crumbs; morsel; toast; scales, scab; old

painting; poor painting, daub; old foggy,

fossil. **†-telette**¹², *f.*: little crust.

-teur¹⁸, **-ense**, *adj.*: incrustated, crusty.

†-tier¹⁷, *m.*: dauber, poor painter.

-ton¹⁶, *m.*: end crust (of a long loaf);

toast; drudge.

cre-yable¹¹ [*eroire*], *adj.*: credible, trust-

worthy. **-yance**¹³ [*erance*], *f.*: †be-

lieving; belief; CREED. **-yant**¹¹ [*eroire*],

adj.: believing; *m.*, *f.*: believer: *com-*

mandeur des —, leader of the faithful.

1. cru⁹ [*L. crûdus*], *adj.*: CRUDE, raw;

rude; indigestible; not ripe: *à* —, with-

out any extras; *monter à* —, ride bare-

back; *maison à* —, house without a

foundation, built right on the ground;

eau —, very hard, or poor water.

2. cru¹⁶ [*croître*], *m.*: native growth: *vin*

du —, native wine; *bouilleur de* —, dis-

tiller of brandy for his own use, not to

sell; *œuvre de son* —, original production.

crû, **crûs**, *part. and pret. of croître*.

cruauté⁹ [p. L. **crūdālitās* (L. *crudelitas*)], *f.*: CRUELTY.

cru-ehé¹² (Germ's *kruka* (ak. to Ger. *krug*)), *f.*: pitcher, jug, CROCK; (*fam.*) dolt. **-chêé**¹², *f.*: pitcherful. **-ehon**¹², *m.*: little pitcher.

cruci-al¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *cruz*, cross], *adj.*: cross-like. **-fêre**¹⁷ [L. *ferre*, bear], *adj.*: tbearing a cross; crucifer (plant); *pl.*: crucifère (family of plants). **-flant**¹⁵, *adj.*: crucifying, subduing the flesh. **-flement**¹¹ or **-fiment**, *m.*: crucifying, crucifixion. **-fler**¹¹ [L. *figere* (L. *cruz*, cross, *figere*, fix)], *tr.*: crucify (in all senses). **-flir**¹¹ [L. *fixus*, crucified], *m.*: = (cross with the image upon it). **-fixion**¹² [L. *fixio*], *f.*: =.

crudité¹² [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: crudity; rawness; hardness of water; indigestible food; bitterness.

crue¹² [*croître*], *f.*: †growth; increase (in price); rise (of water), flood.

cru-el⁹, **-elle** [p. L. **crūdalis* (L. *crudelis*)], *adj.*: =; *f.*: heartless woman. **-ellement**¹¹, *adv.*: cruelly; (*fam.*) very. **crû-ment**¹⁵ [*cru*, CRUDE], *adv.*: bluntly, gruffly.

crural¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-lis* (*cruz*, leg)], *adj.*: =.

crustacé¹⁷ [L. *-ta*, CRUST], *adj.*: hav'g a shell; *m. pl.*: crustacea (all crabs, prawns, etc.).

crypt-te¹⁷ [L. *-ta* (Gr. *krûpte*, hidden place, *krûptós*, hidden)], *f.*: crypt (vault under a church; follicle of skin or mucous membrane).

crypto- [Gr. *krûptós*, hidden in]: **-game**¹⁷ [Gr. *gámos*, marriage], *adj.*: cryptogamous, hav'g invisible seed-organs. **-gamie**¹⁷ [Gr. *gámos*, marriage], *f.*: cryptogamia. **-gramme**¹⁵ [Gr. *grámma*, letter], *m.*: cryptogram, secret message. **-graphie**¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: cryptography, secret writing.

†**crystal**, etc. = *crístal*, etc.

cténite¹⁵ [Gr. *kteis*, comb], *m.*: pectinid (mollusk).

†**cû** see **cûl**.

cû-bage¹⁷ [-*ber*], *m.*: cubing, measuring in uniform solids. **-bature**¹⁷, *f.*: =, reducing to a cube. **-be**¹² [L. *-bus*, Gr. *kûbos*], *m.*: =.

cubêbe¹² [L. *L. cubeba*, fr. Ar.], *m.*: cubeb.

cuber¹⁵ [*cube*], *tr.*: cube, measure the solid contents of; *intr.*: contain.

cubilot¹⁵ [?], *m.*: cupola (furnace).

cubi-que¹⁵ [L. *-eus*, Gr. *kubikós*], *adj.*: cubic.

cubi-tal¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: = (of the forearm). **-tus**¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: radius (of forearm).

cû-bocube¹¹ [Gr. *kubókubos*], *m.*: ninth power, cubocubocube. **-boide**¹⁵ [Gr. *kuboidés*], *adj.*, or *m.*: cuboid.

†**cûceron** = *cusseron*.

cûcubale¹⁷ [L. *-lus*], *m.*: cucubalous (plant of the pink family).

†**cûculle**¹⁵ [L. *-lla*], *f.*: cucullus, monk's COWL; scapular.

cûcûrbi-tacées¹⁷ [L. *-ta*, gourd], *f. pl.*: cucurbitaceae, gourd family. **-te**¹⁵ [L. *-ta*, gourd], *f.*: cucurbit (body of an alembic).

-tin¹⁴ [L. *-tinus*], *adj.*: gourd-like; *m.*: tape-worm (fr. its joints like gourd seeds).

cûeil-lage¹⁵ **keu**, *m.*: gathering (of fruits; of molten glass on blow pipe). **-laison**¹⁵, *f.*: gathering time. **-le**¹⁵ **ken'y**, *f.*: (*dial.*) gathering (of fruits); breadth (of sail cloth). **-lette**¹², *f.*: gathering (esp. of olives and apples); collection (of money contributions; of rags); mixed cargo.

-leur¹², **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: fruit-picker or gatherer; ladler, dipper (of molten glass).

-lie¹⁴, *f.*: batch (of plaster); bundle (of wires for needles). **-lir**⁹ [p. L. **colligere* (L. *colligere*)], *irr. §*; *tr.*: COLLECT; (*esp.*) CULL, pluck, pick; COIL (rope); ladle out (molten glass, etc). **-loir**¹⁵, *m.*: fruit-basket; fruit-scissors.

§ Ind.: Pr. *cueille*. Ipt. *cueillais*. Pret. *cueillis*. Fut. (Cond.) *cueillerai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *cueille*. Ipt. *cueillisse*. — I've *cueilli*. — Part.: Pr. *cueillant*; P. *cueilli*.

cuffat¹⁵ [? Ger. *kuff*, vat], *m.*: hoisting bucket, or cage (in a mining shaft).

†**cûider**⁹ [L. *cogitare*, think], *tr.*: believe: *se* —, put on airs.

cûil-lère⁹ or **-ler** [L. *cochlearium*], *f.*: spoon; ladle; gouge: *biscuit à la* —, biscuit made with a spoon; — *a des roues*, axle-caps; *le héron* —, spoon-bill crane; *herbe à* —, spoonwort. **-leron**¹², *m.*: bowl (of a spoon); hollow (at base of insects' wings).

cûine¹⁵ [Ar. *qanina*, glass vessel], *f.*: retort (for making nitric acid).

cûi-r⁹ [L. *corium*], *m.*: †skin; hide (of pachyderms); tanned hide; leather: — *de laine*, a thick wool cloth; — *a bruts*, raw-hides; — *chevelu*, scalp; — *bouilli*, leather hardened by boiling or soaking; (*fam.*) *faire des* —, link French words badly. **-rasse**¹⁴, *f.*: cuirass (breast-plate; bony plate, carapace; armour of boats); *le défaut de la* —, end of the cuirass; (*fig*) the weak spot. **-rassément**¹⁵ [-*rasser*], *m.*: casing with iron, plating (of ships).

-rasser¹⁵ [-*rasse*], *tr.*: arm with a cuirass; case in iron; (*fig.*) harden, toughen: *un (navire) cuirassé*, an iron-clad. **-rassier**¹⁵ [-*rasse*],

m.: =, heavy armed soldier. †-ratier¹⁷ [Prov. curatiē], m.: leather-worker.

cuire⁹ [p. L. *cocere (L. coquere)], irr. (cf. conduire); tr., intr.: COOK (bake); boil; roast; digest; burn; smart: vin cuit, syrupy wine; terre cuite, TERRA COTTA; (fig.) il vous en cuira, you will suffer for it; trop gratter cuit, too much scratching hurts; better not talk too much.

cuirer¹¹ [cuir], tr.: cover with leather. -ret¹² [cuir], m.: unhaird hide; leather (of the batter's bow). -rier¹³ [cuir], m.: leather apron.

cuire-sage¹³ [-re], m.: †cooking; charring (of wood). -sant¹¹ [-re], adj.: burning, smarting, severe. -seur¹² [-re], brick-burner; wine boiler. || -sine⁹ [L. coquina], f.: KITCHEN, cuisine, COOKERY; cooking; †spice-box: batterie de —, cooking utensils; †avoir — froide, have poor fare. -sinier¹², intr.: do the cooking.

-sinier¹², -ière, m., f.: cook; m.: cook book; f.: meat-oven.

cuissard¹⁶, m.: CUSH (thigh-armour); thigh-piece (of an artificial leg). || -se⁹ [L. coxa, hip], f.: thigh: aide des —s, thigh exercise (of cavalry); — de noix, part of a nut; — de triglyphe, tablets of a triglyph; — de verrerie, pillar of lateral (glass-) ovens. -seur¹³, m.: fillet (of veal). †-sedame, or -se-madame¹⁶, f.: pear (gourd-like, yellow variety). -sette¹³, f.: (fam.) flittie hip; half a gang (of threads). -sière¹³, f.: thigh leather (on the left hip of drummers).

cuissot⁹ [L. coctio (coquere, cook)], f.: cooking (of food); dressing, preparing; burning, smarting.

cuissot¹³ [-se], m.: haunch.

cuistre¹⁶ [? cf. OFr. coustre, fr. p. L. *custor (L. custos), guardian], m.: †under-steward (of a college); pedant; boor.

cuite¹² [cuire], f.: baking; cooking; burning; batch: (low) se donner une —, get drunk.

cuivre¹³ [-vrer], m.: coppering. **cuivre**⁹ [p. L. *cuprium (L. cuprum fr. island Cyprus)], m.: COPPER: — jaune, brass; — de rosette, pure copper; — vierge, native copper; fonte de —, pig copper; cuivres, plates for engraving; brass horns. -vré¹⁷, adj.: copper-coloured; metallic (voice). -vrée¹³ [-vrer], f.: copper gilding. -vrer¹⁷, tr.: copper, cover with copper. -vrette¹⁶, f.: reed, mouthpiece (of bassoon, etc.). -vreur¹⁶, -euse, adj.: like copper, coppery. -vrique¹³, adj.: cuprous. -vrot¹⁷, m.: chill-box (of time-pieces).

cu-l⁹ or †cu [L. cūlus], m.: buttocks; bottom; poop, stern; wash-out; corbel;

tail; tail-piece (in printing): être à —, be at one's wits' end; montrer le —, be ragged; run away; in many self-explaining names of birds (—blanc, —rouge, —rousset, —d'or); — d'âne, seannettle (fish); — d'artichaut, artichoke root; — de basse-fosse, hole in a dungeon; — de chapeau, rounded end of a bolt; — de chaudron, pot-hole fr. an explosion; — de four, =, spherical vault; — de hotte, medlar; — de lampe, =; breach of a cannon; univalve mollusk; — de mulet, variety of fig; — de niche, convex circular lid; — de plomb, sluggish person; — de pot (or incorrect, —de-pore), wall-knot; — de poule, pointing lips; touch-hole of a gun, etc.; — rond, round stern fishing smack; — de sac, blind alley; washout by the sea; — de singe, purple sea shell; — de verre, cataract spot in horse's eye; couleur —de-verre, deep green; — de voûte en pendentif, dome on pendentive vaulting. -lard¹⁷, m.: bracket (holding the spring of a trip-hammer). -lasse¹³, f.: breech (of guns); crown (of an anchor); pavilion (of a diamond); — de jatte, cripple (who drags himself in a bowl).

culave¹⁷ [?], f.: baking-pot.

cul-blanc, see cul.

culbute¹⁴ or †culébut, f.: somerset: au bout du fossé la —, follow a fatal career; être à la —, be topsy-turvy. -ter¹⁵ or †culébuter [cul, buter], intr.: turn a somerset; tumble headlong; tr.: throw down, upset: pigeon culbutant, tumbler pigeon. -teur¹⁶, m.: tumbler (acrobat; toy). -tis¹⁶, m.: jumble.

cul-dx ..., see under cul.

†culébutis = culbutis.

cu-lée¹³ [cul], f.: tail-end (of hides); stump (of trees); bank-abutment (of bridges); buttress, pier; stern-way, backing up, or grounding of a ship. -ler¹⁴ [cul], intr.: back up, fall astern; veer; strike bottom. -leron¹⁶ [-lier], m.: crupper. -leton¹³ [cul], tail-end (of bel-lows). -lier¹², -ière [cul], adj.: boyau —, rectum; (sangle) culière, breech, hip-strap, turn-back (to a saddle).

†culière = cuillère.

culinaire¹³ [L. narius], adj.: culinary. **culmi-nant**¹⁷, adj.: culminating, highest. -nation¹³, f.: = (of stars). || -ner¹⁷ [L. culmen, top], intr.: culminate, pass its zenith.

culot¹³ [cul], m.: bottom (of hanging lamps, etc.); = (cup with an issuing scroll; cup of a Minie ball); residuum; youngest (chick, child, etc.).

culot-tage¹³ [-ter], m.: (fam.) brown-ing (of a tobacco-pipe). || -te¹⁶ [cul].

f.: rump; trunk-hose; (often *pl.* in breeches, trousers, bloomers; branched pipe or tube; upright tube (of tube-boiler); heel-plate (of pistols): — *de-suisse*, branded or striped drinking-glass with stem; banded shell; striped pear; — *de-velours*, velvet cock; — *de-chien*, orange-tree. — *-ter*¹², *tr.*: put trousers on; brown (a pipe): *nez culotté*, rum blossom. — *-tier*¹², *-ière*, *m.*, *f.*: dealer in trousers; (esp.) *f.*: pants-maker. — *-tin*¹⁶, *m.*: (*fam.*) little trousers; child in first pants, "little man."

culpabilité¹⁵ [*L. -bilas*], *f.*: culpability. **cul-rouge**, etc., see *cul*.

culte¹⁰ [*L. -tus*], *m.*: CULT (worship; ceremonies): — *de latrie*, worship of God only, latria; — *de dulie*, saint-worship, dulia.

cultellation¹⁷ [*L. -llus*, knife], *f.*: = (dropping something to mark the foot of a vertical).

culti-vable¹², *adj.*: =. — **-vateur**¹⁴, *m.*, *f.*: tiller of the soil; cultivator (plow). — **-vation**¹⁵, *f.*: =.

~-ver¹¹ [*L. L. -vare* (*L. colere*)], *tr.*: CULTIVATE (till); raise; train, educate; exploit. — **culture**¹⁵ [*L. cultura*], *f.*: = (tillage; refining, training); crop, growth.

cumin¹⁵ [*L. cuminum*, Gr. *kúminon*], *m.*: cumin: — *des prés*, caraway seed; — *cornu*, or *fauz* —, black cumin.

cumu-l¹⁷, *m.*: accumulation, junction, plurality: — *du pécuniaire et du possessoire*, combining ownership and possession.

-lard¹⁸, *m.*: (*fam.*) pluralist, place-man (disposed to hold several offices at once).

-latif¹⁶, *-ive*, *adj.*: cumulative. — **-lativement**¹⁵ [*-latif*], *adv.*: all together.

~-ler¹² [*L. -lare*, pile up], *tr.*: combine (different causes in one action at law; hold different offices at one time).

cunéiforme¹⁵ [*L. cuneus*, wedge, *forma*, form], *adj.*: cuneiform, arrow-shaped.

cunette¹⁶ [*It. (la) cunetta*, LAGOON], *f.*: =, cuvette (deep ditch in a moat).

cuniculaire¹⁸ [*L. -lus*, hare], *adj.*: burrowing; *m. pl.*: burrowing rodents.

cupi-de¹⁴ [*L. -dus*], *adj.*: feager; COVETOUS. — **dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: covetously; eagerly. — **-dité**¹⁸ [*L. -ditas*], *f.*: cupidity (passion; avarice). — **Cupidon**¹² [*L. Cupido*, son of Venus], *m.*: Cupid; beautiful child or youth.

cuprate¹⁸ [*L. -prum*, copper], *m.*: = (salt of cupric acid).

cupressinées¹⁸ [*L. -nus*, of cyprus], *f. pl.*: cyprus group of pines.

cu-prique¹⁵ [*L. -prum*, copper], *adj.*: cupric. — **-prite**¹⁸ [*L. -prum*], *m.*: = (cuprous oxide).

cupu-laire¹⁷, *adj.*: cupular. — **~-le**¹⁷ [*L. -la*, cup], *f.*: = (involucre, burr of nuts).

-lifère¹⁸ [*L. ferre*, BEAR], *adj.*: cupuliferous; *f. pl.*: cupuliferae, oak-family.

curable¹² [*L. -bilis* (*cura*, cure)], *adj.*: (rare) =.

curaçao¹⁸ [island C. in Antilles], *m.*: = (the liquor).

1. curage¹⁸ [for *cul-rage*], *f.*: water-pepper, smartweed.

2. cu-rage¹⁸ [*-rer*], *m.*: cleansing, cleaning (of sewers, wells, etc.); (*dial.*) bleaching (of cloth). — **-randier**¹², *-ière* [*-rer*], *m.*, *f.*: (*dial.*) bleacher.

curare¹⁸ [Brazil], *m.*: = (arrow-poison).

cura-telle¹⁴ [*L. L. -tela* as if *f.* of *L. -tor*, keeper], *f.*: guardianship, trusteeship.

-teur¹², **-trice** [*L. -tor*, *-trix*], *m.*, *f.*: guardian; trustee: — *au ventre*, guardian for unborn child; — *à la mémoire*, administrator for deceased convict. — **-tif**¹⁴, *-ive* [*L. curare*, cure], *adj.*: curative.

-tion¹² [*L. -tio*], *f.*: treatment.

curcuma¹⁵ [Sp. fr. Ar., 'safron'], *m.*: = (genus of ginger family).

cu-re¹⁸ [*L. cura*, CARE], *f.*: = (church cure; beneficence; rectory; treatment; healing); dose (for falcon): *armer la* —, put meat with the dose (to tempt the falcon).

-ré¹², *m.*: = (priest of a Catholic parish): *Gros-Jean qui veut en remonter à son* —, the clerk would teach the parson; *M. le — n'aime pas les os, que lui donne-t-on?* children's game where one must answer with a word hav'g no o.

curcau¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (clothesbearer's) stick, beater.

cure-dent¹⁴ [*-rer*], *m.*: tooth-pick.

curée¹⁸ [*cuir*], *f.*: QUARRY; food: *sonner la* —, give the call to the quarry; *de-fendre la* —, keep the dogs off till the signal; *mettre les chiens en* —, give the dogs the quarry to excite them; *être à la* —, greedy for one's part; *la — des places*, scramble for office.

cure-feu, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: poker, stithy-pick (to clean furnaces). — **-langue**¹⁷, *m.*: tongue-scraper. — **-môle**¹⁸ *mol*, *m.*: dredging machine. — **-oreille**¹⁴, *m.*: ear-spoon.

-piéd¹⁸, *m.*: horse-picker (to clean hoofs). — **1. [cu-re-r]**¹⁸ [*L. curare*], *tr.*: cleanse, clean up; pick; fatten to, CARE for. — **2. cu-re-r** [*cure*, pill for falcons], *intr.*: treat falcons.

curet¹⁷ [for *cuiret*], *m.*: skin, buffalo-leather (used in gilding).

cu-retto¹⁴ [*-rer*], *f.*: = cleaner; scraper.

-reur¹² [*-rer*], *m.*: cleaner (of sewers, wells, etc.). — **1. -rial**¹⁶, *pl.* — **-aux** [*cure*], *adj.*: of a church cure or living, rectorial: *maison — e*, parsonage.

2. curial¹⁷, *pl.* — **-aux** [*L. -rials*], *m.*: member of the Roman curia. — **-rie**¹⁶ [*L. -ria*], *f.*: curia (Roman tribal division);

place of meeting; senate-house; town-council; body of officials of papal government).

curieusement¹¹, *adv.*: †very carefully; curiously, with curiosity. || **-ricur**¹¹, **-ense** [L. *-rius*], *adj.*: †careful; CURI-
OUS; interested in; interesting, amusing;
m., f.: curious or inquisitive person.

curion¹⁷ [L. *-rio*], m.: chief of a curia;
sacrificer (for a curia).

curiosité¹¹ [L. *-tas*], f.: †carefulness,
†interest; CURIOSITY.

curle¹⁷ [?], f.: twisting-wheel, cord-wheel
(for rope-making).

curqir¹³ [curer], m.: scraper (to clean a
plough, shovel, etc.).

cur-seur¹⁷ [L. *-sor*, runner], m.: †runner;
cursor (movable piece on measuring in-
struments; indicator). **-sif**¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-sivus*
[L. *-rere*, run]], *adj.*: cursive; f.:
flowing hand.

curule¹³ [L. *-lis* (currus, chariot)], *adj.*:
chaise —, curule chair; magistrature —,
magistracy privileged to use the curule
chair.

curures¹³ [curer], f. pl.: dirt (cleaned fr.
wells, sewers, etc.).

cur-vatif¹³, **-ive** [L. *-vare*, bend], *adj.*:
curvative (hav'g margin slightly curved).
-viligne¹³ [L. *-vus*, curved, Fr. *ligne*],
adj.: curvilinear. **-vité**¹³ [L. *-vitas*], f.:
(rare) curvity.

cuscuta¹³ [fr. Ar. (Gr. *kusúta*)], f.: cus-
cuta, bindweed, dodder.

cuspidé¹³ [L. *-pis*, spear], *adj.*: cuspi-
date, sharp-pointed (as thistle leaves).

cus-seron¹³ [ak. to *cosson*, weevil], m.:
(dial.) grain-insect. †**-son** = *cosson*.
-sonné¹³ [-son], *adj.*: worm-eaten.

1. custo-de¹¹ [L. *-s*], m.: custodian;
warden (monk). 2. **-de**¹³ [L. *-dia*, custody],
f.: curtain (†of beds; of high-altar);
pyx-cloth; sacraments; carriage pillow;
flap (of pistol holster). **-die**¹⁷, f.: ward,
province (of monk). **-di-nes**¹³ [L.,
'guard us'], m.: acting clergyman (hold-
ing a living in trust).

cu-tané¹⁷ [L. *-tis*, skin], *adj.*: cutaneous.
-ticule¹³ [L. *-ticula*, little skin], f.:
CUTICLE, epidermis.

cutter = *cotre*.

cu-vage¹² [-ver], m.: fermenting (of
wine); fermenting outfit. || **cu-ve**¹³ [L.
cūpa, CUP], f.: vat; tank; waterwheel-
pit. **-veau**¹⁴, m.: little vat, tub. **-vée**¹²,
f.: vatful. **-velage**¹⁷ [-veler], m.: tub-
bing. **-veler**¹⁷, tr.: tub (case inside,
line a shaft). **-ver**¹³, intr.: work, fer-
ment; fr.: sleep off (drunkenness).
†**-verie**¹³, f.: (dial.) fermenting place
(cellar or ship). **-vette**¹¹, f.: = (bowl;
basin; pot; receiving vessel for molten

glass; cunette, ditch); cap (of a watch);
cistern (of barometers): — *d'un plomb*,
funnel-mouthed pipe (to receive water fr.
eaves, etc.); — *de jauge*, waste water
basin; — *d'un canal*, bed of a ditch.
-vier¹¹, m.: drip-tub (for lye; for tem-
pering steel; for washing kaolin).

†**cuzeuz** = *couscou*.

cyame¹⁷ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *kúamos*, bear],
m.: cyamid, whale-louse.

cyan- [Gr. *kúanos*, blue]: **-hydrique**¹³
[ak. to *-ogène* and *hydrogène*], *adj.*: cyan-
hydric, prussic, hydrocyanic. **-ique**¹³
[ak. to *-ogène*], *adj.*: cyanic. **-ogène**¹³
[Gr. *gennân*, produce], m.: cyanogen
(colourless gas). **-omètre**¹⁷ [Gr. *métrôn*,
measure], m.: cyanometer. **-ose**¹³ [Gr.
kuanosis, blueness], f.: cyanosis, blue
jaundice; cyanosite (mineral). **-ure**¹³
[ak. to *-ogène*], m.: cyanurate.

cyathe¹⁷ [L. *-teus*, Gr. *kúathos*], m.:
cyathus (pouring cup; measure).

eycl- [Gr. *kúklos*, CIRCLE]: **-ade**¹³ [Gr.
kuklâs, rounded], f.: cyclas (mollusk).

-amen¹³ [L. (Gr. *kuklamînon*)], m.:
=, sow-bread (plant). **eycl-e**¹³ [Gr.
cyclus], m.: = (period of time which re-
peats itself; series of processes in phys-
ics which brings back to the first condi-
tion; entire turn of a spiral leaf-struct-
ure; body of poetry or legends on one
theme; curative process where the remedy
was gradually increased). **-ique**¹³ [L.
-icus], *adj.*: cyclic. **-oidal**¹⁷, pl. = **-aux**
[-oïde], *adj.*: cycloidal. **-oïde**¹³ [Gr. *kuk-
koeidês*, CIRCULAR], f.: cycloid (curve
traced by a point in a rolling circle).

-one¹³ [Eng. (Gr. *kúklos*, turning)], m.:
=, great wind-storm. **-ope**¹³ [L. *-ops* (Gr.
kúklops, circle-eye)], m.: cyclops (one-eyed
mythological giant; one-eyed person; crus-
tacean of the cyclopidae). **-opéen**¹³,
-enne [-ope], *adj.*: cyclopean. **-os-
tome**¹³ [Gr. *stôma*, mouth], *adj.*: hav'g
rounded mouth (as certain fish and mol-
lusks).

eygne¹¹ [L. *-nus* (Gr. *kúknos*)], m.: swan;
poet.

eylin-drage¹³ [-drer], m.: mangling (of
linen). || **eylin-dre**¹³ [L. *-drus* (Gr. *kúlin-
dros*)], m.: cylinder (the geometric solid;
anything resembling it, esp. in machinery;
roller; mangle; CALENDER; etc.): — *d*
braise, bucket (for heating water by put-
ting live coals into it). **-drer**¹³, tr.:
mangle (linen). **-drique**¹³, *adj.*: cylin-
drical. **-droïde**¹⁷ [Gr. *éidos*, form], *adj.*
or m.: cylindroid.

†**eymaise** = *cimaise*.

cymba-laïre¹⁴ [L. *-laria*], f.: toad-flax
(fig-wort). || **-le**¹² [L. *-lum* (Gr. *kúmbalon*)],
f.: cymbal. **-liér**¹³, m.: cymbal-player.

ey-me¹⁷ [L. *-mo*], *f.*: = (flat topped cluster of flowers). **-mette**¹⁵, *f.*: sprout (of Brussels cabbage).

eyn- [Gr. *kūon*, dog]: †**-ancie** = *equinansie*. **-égétique**¹⁷ [Gr. *kunegotikós*], *adj.*: cynegetic; *f.*: cynegetics, art of hunting with dogs. **-ips**¹⁷ [Gr. *ips*, wood insect], *m.*: =, gall-fly. **-ique**¹⁵

[L. *-icus*], *adj.*: cynic, sneering, cynical; impudent; *m.*: cynic philosopher; sneerer; impudent person. **-iquement**¹⁵ [*-ique*], *adv.*: cynically. **-isme**¹⁷ [L. *-ismus*], *m.*: CYNICISM; impudence. **-ocephale**¹⁵

[L. *-ocephalus*, Gr. *kunoképhalos* (*kephalé*, head)], *m.*: dog-headed baboon, cynocephalus. **-oglossa**¹⁷ [L. *-oglossus*, Gr. *kunoglosson* (*glossa*, tongue)], *f.*: cynoglossum, hound's-tongue. **-osure**¹⁵ [L. *-osura*, Gr. *kunósoura*, dog's tail], *f.*: cynosure (constellation containing the pole star); rattle grass, dog's-tail grass.

cypracées¹⁵ [L. *-ros*, Gr. *kúpeiros*, galingale], *f. pl.*: cyperacées, sedge family. **cyprès**¹¹ [L. *-pressus*], *m.*: cypress (the tree); grief; death: *le petit* —, ornamental hedge aster.

cyprin¹⁷ [L. *-nus*, carp], *m.*: cyprinoid, carp-like fish. **cyril-lien**¹⁵, *-enne* or *-lique* [Slavic saint *Cyrille*], *adj.*: Cyrillic: *alphabet* —, original of the present Russian alphabet.

cyst- [Gr. *kústia*, bladder]: **-algie**¹⁵ [Gr. *álgos*, pain], *f.*: cystalgia, neuralgia of bladder. **-icérique**¹⁵ [Gr. *kérkos*, tail], *m.*: cysticerous, encysted young tape-worm. **-ique**¹⁵, *adj.*: cystic.

-ite¹⁵, *f.*: cystitis, inflammation of the bladder. **-oïde**¹⁵ [Gr. *eidos*, form], *adj.* or *m.*: cystoid, bladder-like. **-otome**¹⁵ [Gr. *tomé*, section], *m.*: = (instrument for cutting the bladder). **-otomie**¹⁵ [Gr. *tomé*, section], *f.*: cystotomy, operation for the stone.

cytise¹⁵ [L. *-thiaus*], *m.*: cytissus, bean-trefoil. **cythèque**¹⁵ [Gr. *kútos*, cell, *théke*, case], *f.*: cythoteca (integument covering the thorax of pupas).

czar, tsar, etc. = *tsar*, etc.

D

d or older **dé** [L.], *m.*: d (the letter): *D.*, sign for *Dame*, *Don*; *D.*, sign for (Rom.) 500.

d' for *de* before vowels or *h* mute. **-da**¹⁰ [?], *adv. suff.*: (*fam.*) indeed: *oui-da*, yes forsooth; *nenni-da*, no, indeed.

da-capo¹⁷ or **da capo** [It. 'from the head or beginning'], *adv.*: *da capo*.

Dacie, *f.*: Dacia (land of the old Daci, Eastern Europe).

dacty-le¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, Gr. *dáktulos*, finger; dactyl (ref. to three joints)], *m.*: dactyl (— — —); sort of plant. **-lique**¹⁵, *adj.*: dactylic. **-lographe**¹⁵ [Gr. *logos*, *gráphein*, write], *m.*: keyboard for communication between blind or deaf-mutes.

-lollalie¹⁷ [Gr. *-los*, *lállein*, talk], *f.*: finger language (as used between deaf mutes). **-loptère**¹⁷ [Gr. *-los*, *ptéron*, wing], *m.*: dactylopterus, flying-fish.

dada¹⁶ [echoic], *m.*: (*child-lang.*) horse; (*fam.*) hobby. **dadai**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: booby, dolt. **†dagorne**¹⁶ [? *dague*, *corne*], *f.*: one-horned cow; beldame.

da-gue¹⁵ [?], *f.*: ancient DAGGER (†Eng. DAG), dirk; scraper; knout (for flogging sailors); DAG (unbranched antler of a young deer); boar's tusk. **-guer**¹⁵, *tr.*: †stab; strike with the horns; (*hunt.*) rut; (*falc.*) fly with spread wings.

daguerreotype¹⁵ [*Daguerre*, the inventor, *-type*], *m.*: daguerreotype (early kind of photograph). **daguet**¹⁵ [*-gue*], *m.*: bracket (young deer).

dahlia¹⁷ [l. L. (*Dahl*, Swedish botanist)], *m.*: = (aster).

daigner⁹ [p. L. *dignāre*, L. *-ri* (*dignus*, worthy)], *int.*: *DEIGN*, condescend, vouchsafe.

dail¹⁴, **dail-le**, *m.*, *f.*: (*dial.*) scythe; whetstone; pholas (shell). **†daillet** = *andaillot*.

d-aim⁹ [p. L. **damus* (L. *-ma*)], *m.*: deer; (male) buck; *chasseur de* —, deer-hunter, deer-stalker; *des gants de* —, deerskin gloves. **-aine**¹⁵, *f.*: doe.

dajntier⁹ [fr. old-*tié*, L. *dignitas*, 'honor', so 'piece of honor, DAINTY'], *m.* (us'y *pl.*): dowcet (testicle of a stag).

dais⁹ [L. *discus*, DISC, table], *m.*: = †platform; canopy: *— de verdure*, arbour.

dais¹⁷ [l. L. *dais*], *m.*: exotic shrub. **dalbergia**¹⁷ [l. L. (named after *Dalberg*)], *m.*: black-wood.

†daleau = *dalot*.

Dalécarlie, *f.*: Dalecarlia (province of Sweden).

dal-lage¹⁵, *m.*: paving with flagstones; flagstone pavement, flagging. **ll-le**¹⁴ [? cf. E. *deal*, plank], *f.*: slab (of stone or timber), flagstone, flag; slice; gutter, spout; (*nav.*) scupper; powder-tub. **-ler**¹⁵, *tr.*: pave with flagstones, flag.

Dalma-tie, *f.*: Dalmatia (land east of the Adriatic). **-tique**¹¹ [l. L. *-tica*, tunic worn in Dalmatia], *f.*: dalmatica (priest's vestment at mass).

dalot¹⁵ [*dalle*], *m.*: scupper (-hole).

daltonisme¹⁵ [Dalton, physician affected by it], *m.*: daltonism, colour blindness.

dam⁹ [L. *damnum*, DAMAGE], *m.*: *†*damage; (*theol.*) privation of the sight of God.

1. Da-mas [fr. Hebr.], *m.*: Damascus (city in Syria). **da-mas**¹⁴, *m.*: DAMASK; Damascus blade, damaskin; DAMSON (Damascus plum). **-masquin**¹⁵ [It. *-maschino*], *adj.*: of Damascus, damascene; *m.*: damaskening. **-masquingage**¹⁶ [*-masquiner*], *m.*: damaskening. **-masquingage**¹⁶ [*-masquiner*], *m.*: damaskening. **-masquiner**¹⁵ [*-masquin*], *tr.*: damaske(e)n (decorate steel, etc., with inlaid or etched patterns). **-masquinerie**¹⁷ [*-masquiner*], *f.*: damaskening. **-masquineur**¹⁵ [*-masquiner*], *m.*: damaskener. **-masquingeur**¹⁵ [*-masquiner*], *m.*: damaskener. **-masse**¹⁷ [*damas*], *tr.*: damask (esp. textile fabrics); damassé, damask. **-massure**¹⁶ [*-masser*], *f.*: damasking (word, design).

1. dame⁹ [L. *domina*, mistress], *f.*: = (anc. noble lady; married lady; woman generally; figure in certain games, as) queen (in cards and chess), king (double in checkers), counter or man (in backgammon); rammer (of pavers); bolt; rowlock; (in comp'd names of birds, flowers, etc.): *belle-dame*, etc.); *interj.*¹⁶ (fr. *Notre Dame*, cf. below): on my faith! indeed! well! etc.: *Notre Dame*, our Lady, the blessed Virgin, Virgin Mary; — *d'atour*, (queen's, etc.) lady of the toilettes or bedchamber; — *a de France*, daughters of the King of France; — *d'once heures*, (*bot.*) star of Bethlehem; *faire* —, (checkers) become queen (doubled); *jeu de* —, game of draughts or checkers.

2. dame¹⁰ [Ger. *damm*], *f.*: DAM, bank (across a water course).

dame-jeune¹⁵ [Prov. *damajano* (? Ar.)], DEMI-JOHN (as in Fr. by pop. etym.).

da-mer¹² [*i.-me*], *tr.*: queen (a pawn at chess), crown (at checkers); tump (with a paver's rammer); puddle (clay); *pion* — *†* (or incor. *dame damée*), queened pawn (at chess); — *le pion à quelqu'un*, outdo any one. **-meret**¹⁵ [*i.-me*], *m.*: man of effeminate elegance, dude, ladies' man; *adj.*: dudidish, foppish. **-merette**¹¹ [*i.-me*], *f.*: moth. **†-mette**¹² [*i.-me*], *f.*: tlass; (*dial.*) wagtail. **-mier**¹⁵ [*i.-me*], *m.*: checkerboard; chessboard; (*arch.*) checkerwork, fretwork; name of various spotted animals and plants (kind of petrel, butterfly, mollusk, etc.).

dam-nable¹¹, *adj.*: =. **-nablement**¹⁴ [*-nable*], *adv.*: damnably. **-nation**¹¹ [*-natio*], *f.*: =. **-né**, *-ée*, *adj.* or *n.*: damned; *être l'âme — née de quelqu'un*, be

somebody's tool, be wholly in his power. **||-ner**¹¹ [L. *-nare* (-num, damage)], *tr.*: damn (doom to perdition; condemn as bad): *faire* —, drive to mortal sin (esp. by anger), cause to be damned, drive mad.

damoi-seau⁹ [p. L. **domnicellus* (dim. of L. *dominus*)], *m.*: (*midd. ages*) aspirant to knighthood, page, (*fam.*) ladies' man, spark, beau. **-selle**⁹ [p. L. **domnicella*], *f.*: DAMSEL (*midd. ages*, young gentlewoman; then young lady gen'ly).

dan-din¹⁵, *m.*: ninny. **-dinant**¹⁶, *adj.*: waddling. **-dine**¹⁵, *f.*: whipping rod. **-dinement**¹⁷, *m.*: waddling, swaying motion. **||-diner**¹⁵ [*echoie* (ak. to O.Fr. *-din*, table bell), 'move like a bell-clapper'], *intr.*: sway to and fro (naturally or affectedly), waddle: *se* —, sway, twist one's self (one's body).

dan-dy¹⁵ [Eng. (? ak. to *-din*)], *m.*: =. **-dysme**¹⁵, *m.*: dandyism.

Danemark, *f.*: Denmark.

daneau¹⁷, *pl.* — *x* [*dain*], *m.*: young deer. **dan-ger**⁹ [p. L. **domniarium* (L. *dominus*, lord), power], *m.*: = (†power; power to harm; peril, risk). **-gereusement**¹⁵ [*-gereux*], *adv.*: dangerously. **-gereux**¹¹, *-euse*, *adj.*: dangerous.

danois, **-oise** [l. L. *Dani*], *m.*, *f.*: Dane; *m.*: Danish language; *adj.*: Danish: *chien* —, great Dane.

dans¹¹ [*de*, O.Fr. *ens* (L. *intus*), within], *prep.*: in, within; into; with; according to; at; — *ce but*, with this end in view; *avoir fail* — *le temps*, have done formerly; *être — l'abattement*, be in a state of dejection, be downcast.

dan-sant¹⁵, *part.*: dancing: *soirée* —, dancing (evening) party. **dan-se**¹¹, *f.*: dance, dancing: *en* —, a-going, started; *mener la* —, give the impulse; *donner une* — *à*, shake up, give a drubbing to; — *de corde*, rope-dancing; — *de St. Guy*, Saint-Vitus dance; — *des morts*, — *macabre*, dance of death; *maître de* —, dancing-master. **||-ser**¹¹ [OHG. *-son*, draw, form a row], *tr.*, *intr.*: dance; leap: *faire* — *quelqu'un*, dance with some one; *faire* — *quelqu'un sans violon*, give some one a drubbing; *maître à* —, dancing master. **-seur**, **-euse**¹⁴, *m.*, *f.*: dancer: — *de corde*, rope-dancer.

Daphné [Gr. *dáphne*, laurel], *f.*: Daphne. **daphné**, *m.*: daphne (shrub).

†daree = *darse*.

dar-d¹⁰ [fr. Germ'e], *m.*: DART, short javelin; sting (of serpents, scorpions, bees, etc.); (pointed objects of various kinds, as) brass tip (of scabbard); point (in a moulding), pistil; shell rocket (also — *à feu*); dart (sort of carp); *sens* —, stinging.

- der**¹⁴, *tr.*: dart, hurl, beam. **-dillon**¹⁵, *m.*: little dart; barb (of a fishhook).
- dare**¹⁶ [echoic], *adv.*: (*fam.*) in great haste.
- dariole**¹³ [?], *f.*: cream-cake.
- darne**¹⁵ [Bret.], *f.*: slice (of large fish).
- darse**¹³ [It. *-sena* (Ar.)], *f.*: wet dock.
- dar-tre**¹⁴ [? Celt.], *f.*: herpes (eruption of the skin). **-treuc**¹⁴, *adj.*: herpetic.
- darwinisme**¹⁵ [Darwin], *m.*: Darwinism.
- dataire**¹⁶ [L. *-tarius* (L. *-tum*, given)], *m.*: datary (papal officer in charge of the dataria or appointment office).
- da-te**¹² [L. *-ta* (L. *-re*, give), given], *f.*: =: *prendre* —, take rank at a certain date; *être le premier en* —, be the first applicant (etc.), have priority; *faire* —, form an epoch. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr., intr.*: date; make an epoch.
- daterie**¹⁶ [*-taire*], *f.*: dataria.
- 1. da-tif**¹⁴ [L. *-tivus* (*-re*, give), 'to be given', *sc. casus*, case], *m.*: dative.
- 2. tif**¹⁴, *-ive*, *adj.*: dative (given by a judge or testamentary disposition). **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: giving, assigning (by a judge or testamentary disposition).
- datisme**¹⁷ [Gr. *-mōs* (*Datis*, character in a comedy by Aristophanes)], *m.*: tautology.
- dat-te**¹¹ [L. *dactylus*, Gr. *-los*, finger], *f.*: date (the fruit). **-tier**¹⁷, *m.*: date palm.
- datura**¹⁶ [fr. Sanskr.], *m.*: =, thorn-apple.
- daub-be**¹⁶ [It. *dobba* (*-bare*, fit)], *f.*: stewing (meats) and garnishing; garnished stew. **1. -ber**¹⁸, *intr.*: prepare a daube, stew.
- 2. daub-ber**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: cuff, drub; scold, jeer; (*fam.*) — *des mâchoires*, eat with great appetite. **-beur**¹⁷, *m.*: jeerer, banterer.
- daubière**¹⁶ [daube], *f.*: stewpan.
- dau-phin**¹⁶ [p. L. **dolphinus*, L. *delphinus* (Gr. *delphis*, dolphin)], *m.*: dolphin (fish; constellation); (*nav.*) curved wooden brace; curve of a tunnel; curved nippers; dauphin (old title of counts of Vienna, conferred on the French Crown-prince when, in 1349, Dauphiny was bequeathed to Philippe de Valois). **-phinelle**¹⁷ [Gr. *delphinion*], *f.*: lark-spur (plant).
- daurade**¹⁵ [Prov. *-da* = Fr. *dorée*, 'gilded'], *f.*: gilt-head (fish).
- davantage**¹³ [*de avantage*], *adv.*: more, longer (*without complement*; arch. also *with*).
- davier**¹⁵ [? *Davi(d)*], *m.*: forceps; tongs, crow, cramp; (*nav.*) DAVIT; roller.
- dr**¹⁶ [L. *de*], *prep.*: of, out of, from; 's (*possess.*); some, any (*partit.*); by, with; for; at; *expletive* (after adverbs of

quantity, etc.): — *près*, near; — *loin*, afar; *se moquer* —, laugh at; *d'entre* ('from amongst') of; — *par le roi*, in the king's name; *beaucoup* — *livres*, many books; *cinq de tués*, five killed; *du* (*de l'*), *de la*, *des*, some, any.

1. dé¹⁶ [p. L. *datus*, given, thrown], *m.*: DIE (for playing; of a pedestal, between base and cornice; metal block of machinery; various other die-shaped or cubical parts of instruments, etc.); piece of domino: *jouer aux* — *s*, play at dice; *avoir le* —, be the first to play; *flatter le* —, slide the dice; *soften a thing down*; *à vous le* —, it is your throw (turn); *tenir le* — (*de la conversation*), do all the talking (not leave it to others); — *pipé*, loaded die.

2. dé¹⁶ [Ofr. *deel*, p. L. **ditale* (for *digitale*, L. *digitus*, finger): *dé*, by anal. to *1. dé*], *m.*: THIMBLE; ferrule or mounting (of the handle of a banner): — *Panurge*, harness ring (for the reins).

dé [L. *dis*], *pref.*: dis-, un-, apart.

†-dea, old for *-da*.

débâcher¹⁵ [*dé, bâche*], *tr.*: uncover (carriages); put back, let down, tilt off.

dé-bâclage¹⁶, *m.*: clearing (of a port).

-bâcle¹⁶, *m.*: breaking up (of the ice in a river); break up, overthrow; debacle; clearing (of a harbour). **-bâclément**¹⁵, *m.*: breaking up of the ice. **||-bâcler**¹⁶ [*dé, bâcler*], *tr.*: *†unbar* (doors etc.); clear (a harbour of unloaded vessels and make room for loaded); *intr.*: break up (of the ice in a river). **-bâcleur**, *m.*: clearing officer (of a harbour).

débadiner¹⁷ [*dé, badiner*], *intr.*: remove a mark (in playing).

débagon-ler¹⁵ [*dé*, Ofr. *bagouler* (? *ba*, *bah!* *goule* = *gueule*, mouth), abuse], *tr.*: (*vulg.*) spew, vomit; launch into abuse against, abuse. **-leur**¹⁵, *m.*: (*vulg.*) scurrilous abuser.

débâillonner¹⁵ [*dé, bâillon*], *tr.*: un-gag.

débal-lage¹⁵, *m.*: unpacking. **-ler**¹⁵ [*dé, balle*], *tr.*: unpack; *†remove* packages.

déban-dade¹⁵, *f.*: disbanding, break up, confusion: *à la* —, in great confusion, helter-skelter. **-dement**¹⁷, *m.*: disbanding; leaving the ranks. **1. ||-der** [*dé*, *1. bander*, *2. bande*], *tr.*: *1. remove a band or bandage from, unbind, relax, unbend* (a bow), uncock (fire-arms), unbrace (drums); *2. †detach from a troupe*: *se* —, *1. be relaxed, unbent, etc.*; *†grow milder* (of weather); *2. disband* (be broken up), leave the ranks.

1. débanquer¹⁷ [*dé, banque*], *tr.*: break the bank of (at play).

- 2. débâquer**¹⁸ [dé-, banc], tr.: (nav.) take away the thwarts (seats) from; intr.: quit a fishing bank.
- débaptiser**¹⁹ [dé-, baptiser], tr.: fannul the baptism of (dechristianise); change the name of: *se faire* —, renounce one's baptism.
- débarber**¹⁴ [dé-, barbe], tr.: *funbarb*; prune the roots of (vines).
- débarbouil-ler**¹⁵ [dé-, barbouiller], tr.: clean; wash the face of: *se* —, (fig.) wash one's face; clear or extricate one's self.
- loir**¹⁸, m.: (fam.) towel, napkin.
- débarcadère**, *†-dour*¹⁶ [-barquer], m.: landing-place; terminus (of railways).
- débar-dage**¹⁶, m.: unloading (of wood).
- ||-der**¹⁵ [dé-, bard], tr.: unload (a boat, etc., esp. of wood); transport (a broken up raft or felled wood) to the place of lading, clear off; break up (an old boat).
- dour**¹⁵, m.: man that unloads or transports wood, lumber; sort of ulcer.
- débar-quement**¹⁶, m.: disembarkment, landing.
- ||-quer**¹⁵ [dé-, barque], tr., intr.: disembark, land; step off (from a train, etc.): *un nouveau débarqué*, a newcomer; *il fut arrêté au débarqué*, he was arrested as he landed (or stepped off).
- débar-ras**¹⁷, m.: riddance, disencumbrance; lumber-room.
- ||-rasser**¹⁶ [dé-, the radical of *em-barasser*], tr.: dis-embarrass, disencumber, rid, clear (away), free: *se* —, disencumber or rid or free one's self, get rid or clear (of), extricate one's self; *-rassé, part.*: disembarrassed, untrammelled, free.
- débar-rer**¹¹ [dé-, barrer], tr.: unbar.
- débat**¹² [-ltre], m.: debate, discussion; quarrel.
- débâter**¹⁴ [dé-, bât], tr.: unsaddle.
- 1. débâtir**¹⁵ [dé-, bâtir, build], tr.: pull down (a building), demolish.
- 2. débâtir**¹² [dé-, bâtir, baste], tr.: un-baste (a dress), untack.
- débattre**¹¹ [dé-, battre], irr.; tr.: DE-BATE, discuss, argue; contest: *se* —, struggle, strive, write.
- dé-bauché**¹⁵, f.: debauch(ery), revelling.
- bauché**¹⁵, -ée, adj.: debauched, dissolute; m., f.: debauchee, dissolute person, rake.
- ||-baucher**¹² [dé-, old *bauche*, of uncert. meaning], tr.: debauch.
- baucheur**¹⁵, -euse, m., f.: debaucher, seducer.
- †débeller**¹³ [L. -llare (bellum, war)], tr.: subdue by war.
- débet**¹⁴ [L., 'he owes'], m.: debit, debt: — *d'un compte*, balance of an account.
- †débiffer**¹³ [dé-, biffer], tr.: wear down, weaken: *être tout flé*, be quite out of sorts.
- débi-le**¹³ [L. *debilis*], adj.: feeble, weak,

- (†Eng. *debile*). **-lement**¹⁴, adv.: feebly.
- litant**¹⁵ [-liter], adj.: (med.) debilitant; m.: debilitant (drugs, bleeding, etc.).
- litation**¹⁵ [-liter], f.: debilitation, enfeeblement.
- lité**¹⁵ [L. -litas], f.: debility, feebleness.
- lité**¹³ [L. -litate], tr.: debilitate, enfeeble.
- débillar-der**¹⁷ [dé-, billard], tr.: (carp.) cut (a log, *bille*) into pieces; cut into canties.
- dement**¹⁷, m.: (carp.) cutting diagonally.
- débiller**¹⁶ [dé-, bille], tr.: take off, unharness (horses drawing a boat).
- débi-ne**¹⁸, f.: (economical) embarrassment, straits, misery.
- ||-ner**¹⁸ [?], intr.: decline, fall into misery; tr.: belittle, slander, bring into trouble.
- 1. débit**¹⁷ [L. *debitum* (-bere, owe), thing due], m.: debit.
- 2. débi-t**¹⁵, m.: retail sale, traffic; retail shop; market; cutting up or into pieces (as wood, etc.); apportionment; delivery (of an oration, etc.); recitative: *de* —, saleable; *marchandises de (bon)* —, commodities that sell well; — *de tabac*, tobacco-shop; *un beau* —, a fine delivery.
- tage**¹⁷, m.: cutting up (of wood, etc.).
- tant**, -tante, m., f.: (retail) dealer.
- 1. -ter**¹⁷ [L. *debitum* (-bere, owe), thing due], tr.: (sell by) retail, sell; give out, circulate, spread; cut up or into pieces (as wood, etc., for certain uses); perform successively; give forth or yield successively (of liquids, etc.); recite or deliver (an oration, etc.), utter, give expression to: — *en gros* (en détail), sell wholesale (by retail); — *son rôle*, recite one's part; — *des nouvelles*, spread news.
- débi-ter**¹⁷ [1. *débit*], tr.: debit.
- 1. -teur**¹³, -trice [L. -tor, -trix], m., f.: debtor; (leg.) obligor.
- 2. débiteur**¹⁶, -euse [-ter], m., f.: retailer; reciter, teller, news-monger: — *de sornettes*, teller or hawk of idle stories.
- débittor**¹⁶ [dé-, bitte], tr.: unbitt (a cable).
- déblai**¹⁶, -blament¹⁷ [-blayer], m.: clearing away (earth, rubbish), levelling, excavating; riddance; (-blai, esp. in pl.) earth or rubbish (cleared away); detritus: *être en* —, be levelled away or excavated.
- déblanchir**¹⁷ [dé-, blanchir], tr.: skim the crust of (metals in fusion).
- déblatérer**¹⁷ [L. *de-blaterare* ('babble, blatter'), slander], intr.: give vent to abuse, scold, slander.
- déblayer**¹² [dé-, blé: formerly 'rid of the grain'], tr.: free from encumbrance or rubbish, clear (away); level down, cut: — *un rôle* (theat.), pass rapidly over the less salient parts of a rôle.

déblo-cage¹³, *m.*: (*print.*) removal of a turned type. 1. **-quer**¹⁷ [*dé-, 1. bloquer*, turn a type], *tr.*: remove (a turned type to put in the right one).

2. **débloquent**¹⁵ [*dé-, 2. bloquer*], *tr.*: raise the blockade of.

déboire¹⁴ [*dé-, boire*], *m.*: disagreeable after-taste; disappointment, mortification.

dé-boisement¹⁸, *m.*: clearing of trees. **-boiser**¹³ [*dé-, boiser*], *tr.*: clear (land) of trees.

déboi-tement¹⁵, *m.*: dislocation (of a joint), luxation. **-ter**¹³ [*dé-, boîte*], *tr.*: unbox, remove from its cover or casing; unsocket, disjoin, dislocate.

débom-bér¹³ [*dé-, bomber*], *tr.*: press out (the crown of a hat). **-boir**¹³, *m.*: flattening instrument.

débon-der¹³ [*dé-, bonde*], *tr.*: unbung (a cask, etc.); open up; *intr.* or *refl.*: escape by the bung-hole or sluice, pour out; gush, give vent to one's feelings, burst forth. **-donnement** [*-donner*], *m.*: unbanging. **-donner**¹⁵ [*dé-, bondon*], *tr.*: unbung.

débon-naire³⁰ [*de bon*, OFr. *aire* (not mod. Fr. *aire*), disposition], *adj.*: good-natured, compliant. **-nairement**¹¹, *adv.*: in a good-natured manner, compliantly. **-naireté**¹³, *f.*: compliance.

débonneter¹⁵ [*dé-, bonnet*], *tr.*: deprive of the cap; un-corol (of fruit); uncap (a fuse); *intr.*: shed its blossom.

deboqueter¹³ [*dé-, Pic. bosc = Fr. bois*], *tr.*: strip of planks.

dé-bord¹⁵, *m.*: **-bordement**; part of the street bordering on the sidewalk; edge or rim of a coin; border lining. **-bordé**, *part.*: overflowed, etc.; dissolute, debauched, lewd. **-bordement**¹⁴, *m.*: overflow(ing), inundation, flood, irruption; defluxion; dissoluteness, debauchery. **-border**¹⁴ [*dé-, bord*], *intr.*: pass or flow over its borders or banks, overflow, run over, burst forth, spread; project, put out, bulge; be dissolute; *tr.*: send over the borders or banks; pass beyond; outrun; project beyond; (*mil.*) outflank; (*plumb.*) edge; remove from the border; remove the border from, unborder; *se* —, pour itself out, overflow, spread; (*nav.*) get clear, sheer off. **-bordoir**¹⁶, *m.*: edging-tool (of a plumber).

débosseler¹³ [*dé-, bosseler*], *tr.*: free from creases or dents, smooth.

débosser¹⁶ [*dé-, bosser*], *tr.*: (*nav.*) free, unstopper (a cable).

débot-té¹¹, *m.*: taking the boots off. **-ter**¹¹ [*dé-, botte*], *intr.*: pull (anybody's) boots off; *as noun*, taking the boots off: *surprendre quelqu'un au — (débotté)*, surprise some one just as he returns.

débou-ché¹⁷, 1. **-chement**¹⁷ [*2.-cher*],

m.: opening, outlet, issue; expedient; (*com.*) channel, market; water-way (of bridges).

2. **débou-chement**¹⁷, *m.*: unstoppering, clearing (pipes, etc.), uncorking. 1. **-cher**¹⁶ [*dé-, boucher*], *tr.*: unstop, free from obstruction, uncork, clear.

2. **déboucher**¹⁶ [*dé-, bouche*], *intr.*: issue (from a narrow space into a more open), *disembogue*, fall into; *DEBOUTCH*, march out; relieve the bowels.

débouchoir¹⁷ [*1.-cher*], *m.*: clearing instrument; lapidary's tool.

déboucler¹¹ [*dé-, boucle*], *tr.*: unbuckle, uncurl; smooth: — *un prisonnier*, set a prisoner free; — *une jument*, unring a mare.

débouil-lir¹⁶ [*dé-, bouillir*], *tr.*: (*dyeing*) boil. **-li**, *m.*: boiling.

débouler¹⁷ [*dé-, bouler*], *intr.*: (*fam.*) roll down like a ball, tumble down; *déboulé*, *m.*: tumbling down; (*hunt.*) start (from a burrow).

déboulonner¹³ [*dé-, boulonner*], *tr.*: unbolt, unpin.

débou-quement¹⁶, *m.*: (*nav.*) issuing from a narrow channel; strait, narrow channel. **-quer**¹⁶ [*dé-, bouque*], *intr.*: sail out of a strait or narrow channel.

débourber¹⁵ [*dé-, bourbe*], *tr.*: free from mud, cleanse; polish; pull out of the mud or mire: — *du vin*, draw off wine after fermentation; — *le poisson*, put the fish into clear water to disaccustom it to the mud.

débourgeoisier¹⁷ [*dé-, bourgeois*], *tr.*: polish (the manners of).

débourrer¹⁶ [*dé-, bourre*], *tr.*: free from hair (as skins) or wool, etc.; unstop, clean out, worm (fire-arms); render less clumsy, polish; break in (a horse): *se* —, become less thick or clumsy, become more polished, improve.

dé-bours¹⁷, *m.*: disbursement; extra freight expense (out of port, as for repair, duty, etc.). **-boursé**¹⁵, *m.*: disbursement, money laid out, advance. **-boursement**¹⁵, *m.*: disbursement, paying out, expenditure. **-boursier**¹² [*dé-, bourse*], *tr.*: DISBURSE, pay out, expend.

debout¹¹ [*dé-, bout*], *adv.*: on end, upright; on one's feet, standing, up (not lying down); subsisting; (*of goods*) unloaded, without examination; (*nav.* also *de bout*) 'by the end, viz. prow (of the vessel)', hence: ahead (of the wind, etc.), head-against; contrary; *interj.*: arise! up! *être* —, stand (up), be (up); be stirring; *bois* —, wood worked according to the graining; *droit* —, right ahead; *tomber* —, fall upon one's legs; *avoir vent* —, have a head-wind; *être — au vent et au courant*, head to wind and tide.

débon-ter⁹ [dé-, *bouter*], *tr.*: (leg.) overrule, reject the claim of. **-té**, *m.*: (leg.) dismission.

débouton-né¹⁸ [dé-, *bouton*], *adj.*: stripped of buttons, or of buds; (part. of -*ner*) unbuttoned; *fleur* —, bared foil (i.e. with the point stripped of its covering). **-ner**¹⁶ [dé-, *boutonner*], *tr.*: unbutton: *se* —, unbutton one's self.

débrailler¹⁵ [dé-, old *brail* (cf. *braie*, bosom)], *tr.*: bare, uncover the breast of: —*llé*, open-breasted, bared, naked; unreserved.

débraiser¹⁹ [dé-, *braise*], *tr.*: free (a heated oven) from embers (to bake), rake out.

1. **débrayage**¹⁸ [1.-*yer*], *m.*: removal of tar or pitch.

2. **débrayage**¹⁸ [2.-*yer*], *m.*: (tech.) uncoupling, disengaging.

1. **débrayer**¹⁸ [dé-, *brai*], *tr.*: free from pitch or tar.

2. **débrayer**¹⁸ or **désebrayer** [em-brayer], *tr.*: uncouple, disengage.

débrédouiller¹⁶ [dé-, *brédouille*], *tr.*: (trick-track) save from being in the lurch, save from complete failure; break (somebody's) bad luck, restore the chances of.

débri-dée¹⁷, *f.*: short stop at an inn (while 'unbridling' the horse); expense during such a stop; troop or crowd stopping at a place: *il a eu toute la* —, they all lodged with him. **-dement**¹⁶, *m.*: unbridling; uncoupling; freeing from restraint; hurrying over, dispatching; (*surg.*) relieving constriction by incision.

-der¹⁴ [dé-, *brider*], *tr.*: unbridle; free from restraint; hurry over, dispatch; free, untie; relieve constriction by incision; *intr.*: unbridle, halt, stop: *au débridé*, at the arrival; *sans* —, without unbridling or stopping, at a stretch; *il aura bientôt débridé*, he will soon have dispatched.

-neur¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: one who detaches stones from cables (in quarries); performer. **débris**¹⁵ [OFr. -*ser* (cf. *briser*), crush], *m.*: crushing; débris, rubbish, ruins, remains, wreck.

débro-chage¹⁸, *m.*: removal from the spit; unstitching. **-cher**¹⁶ [dé-, 1. *broche*, 2. *brocher*], *tr.*: unsnit; unstitch.

débrouil-lard¹⁸, *m.*: (fam.) artful dodger, one who knows how to disentangle himself or get out of a difficulty. **-lement**¹⁶, *m.*: disentangling; unravelling. **-ler**¹⁵ [dé-, *brouiller*], *tr.*: clear up, disentangle, unravel; *se* —, be cleared up, be disentangled, unravel. **-leur**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: disentangler.

débrûler¹⁸ [dé-, *brûler*], *tr.*: disoxygenise.

débru-tir¹⁷ [dé-, *brut*], *tr.*: rough-polish. **-tissement**¹⁷, *m.*: rough-polishing.

dé-bucher¹¹ [dé-, *bûche*], *intr.*: (hunt.) start (from the bush or wood); *tr.*: dislodge, start; *m.*: starting; starting-signal. **-busquement**¹⁷ [-*busquer*], *m.*: driving (an enemy) from the wood, dislodging. **-busquer**¹⁵ [other form of -*bucher*, through Ital. influence], *tr.*: drive (an enemy) from the wood, drive out, dislodge; (hunt.) start.

débu-t¹⁶, *m.*: 1. opening play or throw; outset; début (first attempt, first appearance before the public); opening, beginning; 2. displacing (a ball from its position); position for displacement: *être en beau* —, be in a favourable position for displacement (i.e. where a ball may be easily hit); be a good shot; *Poiseau est en beau* —, the bird is a good shot. **-tant, -tante**, *m., f.*: =, beginner, actor or actress appearing for the first time. **-ter** [dé-, *but*], 1. *intr.*: open a game (by placing the ball as little removed 'from the mark or limit' as possible, usually in order to decide who is to have the first play; hence) make a first attempt, make an appearance on one's DEBUT publicly; open, begin, set out; 2. *tr.*: displace (an adversary's ball) from near the mark or jack (*but*), knock away.

dexà¹¹ [de, *ça*], *adv.*: (on) this side, here; *prep.*: this side of: *de* (or *par, en*) —, on this side.

déca-chetage¹⁸, *m.*: unsealing. **-cher**¹⁵ [dé-, *cacheter*], *tr.*: break the seal of, unseal, break open.

décade¹⁸ [L. -*cas* (Gr. *déka*, ten)], *f.*: decade.

déca-dence¹⁴ [l. L. -*dentia* (*cadere*, fall)], *f.*: decadence, decay, fall. **-dent**¹⁸, *adj.*: decadent, deteriorating.

déca- [Gr. *déka*, ten]: **-di**¹⁷ [L. *dies*, DAY], *m.*: tenth day of the decade (French Revol. calendar). **-dre**¹⁸ [Gr. *hédra*, base], *adj.*: decahedral; *m.*: decahedron. **-gonal**¹⁸, *pl.* -*aux* [-*gone*], *adj.*: decagonal. **-gone**¹⁶ [L. -*nus* (Gr. *gónos*, angle)], *m.*: decagon. **-gramme**¹⁷ [gramme], *m.*: decagram. **-gyne**¹⁷ [l. L. -*nus* (Gr. *guné*, female)], *adj.*: decagynous. **décaisser**¹⁷ [dé-, *caisse*], *tr.*: take out of the box, unpack.

décaler¹⁸ [dé-, *caler*], *tr.*: unwedge.

déca-litre¹⁷ [déca-, *litre*], *m.*: decalitre (about 2½ gallons). **-logue**¹⁸ [l. L. -*gus* (Gr. *lógos*, word)], *m.*: decalogue.

décalotter¹⁷ [dé-, *calotte*], *tr.*: uncap, uncover.

décal-que¹⁸, *m.*: counter-drawing, copy. **-quer**¹⁷ [dé-, *calquer*], *tr.*: counterdraw, trace: *papier à* —, tracing paper.

décamètre¹⁷ [déca-, *mètre*], *m.*: decameter (393.7 inches).

décampement¹⁶, *m.*: decampment.
||-per¹⁵ [*dé-, camp*], *move off*.
déca-nal¹⁷, *pl.* = **aux** [*L. -nus* (*decem*, TEN), dean (*cf. doyen*)], *adj.*: decanal, pertaining to a DEAN. **-nat**¹⁶ [*L. -natus* (*-nus*)], *m.*: deanship.
décan-dre¹⁷, *adj.*: decandrous. **||-drie**¹⁷ [*L. -dria* (*Gr. déka*, ten, *anér*, man), 'having ten stamens'], *f.*: decandria (class of plants).
†décani-ler¹⁸ [*? L. canis*, dog], *intr.*: (*low*) take one's self off.
décan-tage¹⁹, *m.*: decanting. **-tation**¹⁷, *f.*: (*chem.*) decantation. **||-ter**¹⁷ [*L. L. decanthare* (*canthus*, mouth of a jar)], *tr.*: decant, pour off gently (from one vessel into another and so as not to disturb the sediment). **-teur**¹⁸, *m.*: decanter.
décapage¹⁸ [*2.-per*], *m.*: removal of rust, cleaning.
décapeler¹⁷ [*dé-, capeler*], *tr.*: strip off the yards or rigging; unfix.
1. décap-er¹⁷ [*dé-, cap*], *intr.*: sail beyond a cape, weather, double a cape.
2. déca-per¹⁷ [*? dé-, capel*], *tr.*: clean (from rust or oxyde), polish. **-peur**¹⁸, *m.*: metal-cleaner.
décap-i-tation¹⁴, *f.*: decapitation, beheading. **||-ter**¹⁸ [*L. -tare* (*caput*, HEAD)], *tr.*: decapitate, behead.
décapodes¹⁸ [*Gr. déka*, ten, *pōds*, FOOT], *m., pl.*: decapoda.
décarbonater¹⁸ [*dé-, carbonate*], *tr.*: decarbonate.
décarburer¹⁸ [*dé-, carbure*], *tr.*: decarbonise.
decarreler¹⁶ [*dé-, carreau*], *tr.*: deprive (a floor, etc.) of its tiles or paving, unpave.
déca- [*Gr. déka*, ten]: **-stère**¹⁸ [*stère*], *m.*: decastere (10 cub. metre). **-style**¹⁶ [*L. -stylos* (*Gr. stēlos*, column)], *m.*: decastyle (10-columned portico). **-syllabe**¹⁷ [*L. -syllabus* (*cf. syllabe*)], *adj.*: decasyllabic; *m.*: decasyllabic word. **-syllabique**¹⁷ [*-syllabe*], *adj.*: decasyllabic.
déca-tir¹⁷ [*dé-, catir*], *tr.*: sponge (woolens). **-tissage**¹⁸, *m.*: sponging (woolens). **-tisseur**¹⁸, *m.*: sponger (of woolens).
décaver¹⁸ [*dé-, 3.cave*], *tr.*: gain the whole stake or pool from; ruin, beggar; bring into disrepute: *un homme -vé*, a ruined man; *il a été -vé*, he has lost all his money.
décé-dé, -ée, *part.*: died, dead, deceased; *m., f.*: (person) deceased. **||-der**¹⁶ [*L. de-cedere*, de-part], *intr.*: depart (by death), die, expire, DECEASE.
décéindre¹¹ [*dé-, ceindre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: ungird.
dé-cè-lement¹⁵, *m.*: disclosure; revela-

*tion. -eeler*¹³ [*dé-, celer*], *tr.*: disclose, reveal; betray.
dé-cembre¹² [*L. december* (*-cem*, ten), 10th month, Rom. calendar], *m.*: December.
déce-mment¹⁵ = **-sam** [*decent*], *adv.*: decently, in a decent manner.
déce-m-vir¹³ [*L. (decem*, ten, *vir*, man)], *m.*: decemvir (one of ten Rom. magistrates). **-viral**¹⁷, *pl.* = **aux** [*L. -viralis*], *adj.*: decemviral. **-virat**¹³ [*L. -viratus*], *m.*: decemvirate.
déce-nee¹² [*L. decentia* (*-cere*, be proper)], *f.*: decency, propriety.
déce-nal¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [*L. -lis* (*decem*, ten, *annus*, year)], *adj.*: decennial.
décent¹⁴ [*L. -cens* (*-cere*, be proper)], *adj.*: decent, proper.
†déce-ntoir = *décintoir*.
decentrali-sation¹⁸, *f.*: decentralisation. **||-ser**¹⁵ [*dé-, centraliser*], *tr.*: decentralise.
déce-ntre¹⁸ [*dé-, centre*], *tr.*: (*tech.*) put out of centre.
†déce-p-tif¹³, = **-ive** [*L. -tivus* (*de-cipere*, deceive)], *adj.*: deceptive. **-tion**¹² [*L. -tio*], *f.*: deception (the being deceived).
déce-rcle¹¹ [*dé-, cercle*], *tr.*: deprive of its rings or hoops.
déce-rcner¹³ [*L. de-cernere*, decide], *tr.*: DECREE (determine); issue (a writ); award (bestow).
dé-cès¹⁰ [*L. de-cessus* (*-cedere*, depart)], *m.*: DECEASE, death, demise.
†déce-vable¹¹, *adj.*: deceivable. **-vant**, *adj.*: deceiving, deceptive. **||-voir**⁸ [*p. L. de-cipere* (*L. -pere*, *capere*, take), catch, insnare], *tr.*: DECEIVE.
déchaî-nement¹⁵ **-chè-**, *m.*: unchaining, breaking loose; unrestraint; passion, wildness. **||-ner**¹¹ [*dé-, chaîne*], *tr.*: unchain; let loose, give free course to; exasperate: *se -ner*, break loose (from one's chains), be unchained; run riot; inveigh.
†décha-lander = *désachalander*.
décha-le-ment¹⁵, *m.*: high and dry position (of a ship, of a bank at ebb-tide). **||-ler**¹⁸ [*l.*], *intr.*: be left high and dry (of a ship, a bank): *la mer -le*, the sea withdraws from the shore.
†déchan-ger¹⁶ [*dé-, changer*], *tr.*: (*rare*) rechange.
déchan-t¹¹ [*dé-, chant*], *m.*: DESCANT (double song; variation of an air, by ornament of the plain song). **1.-ter**¹², *tr.*: sing as descant or variation; *intr.*: descant.
2. dé-chan-ter¹² [*dé-, chanter*], *intr.*: sing differently, change one's tones; sing another tune, lower one's pretensions.
déchaper¹⁵ [*dé-, chape*], *tr.*: take (the model) out of the mould.
déchaperonner¹⁵ [*dé-, chaperon*], *tr.*: unhood; dismantle (a wall) of the coping.

décharge¹², *f.*: discharge (unloading, unlading; flowing out, outfall, evacuation; firing off; exoneration, acquittance, release, dismissal); place for unloading (rubbish, etc.), lumber-room (— *publique*, dumping-place); reservoir; relief; (*leg.*) defence; discolouration or staining (as from a newly painted or printed object); (print.) blotter: *d* —, for (in favour of) the prisoner; *en* —, in full; *pièce de* —, lumber-room; *entendre les témoins à charge et à* —, hear the witnesses for and against.

-gement¹⁷, *m.*: unloading, unlading.

-goir¹⁴, *m.*: what serves to discharge or unload; outfall or drain, mill-dam sluice; roller (of a loom). || **-ger**¹¹ [*dé-, charge*], *tr.*: DISCHARGE (unload, unlade, disburden; lighten; empty, emit; vent; shoot or fire off, let fly; exonerate, exculpate, release, set free; dismiss); give off colour, taint; rub the ink off; *se* —, discharge or free one's self; disembogue, empty itself, flow off: go off (of a gun); change, fade (of colours); *se d'une faute sur quelqu'un*, lay the blame of a fault on any one. **-geur**¹², *m.*: unloader; wharfman; discharger (spec. of electric wires).

décharné¹¹ [*-ner*], *adj.*: stripped of flesh, fleshless, emaciated, gaunt.

† **décharnelier**¹⁷ [*dé-, charnier*], *tr.*: (*dial.*) unprop (vines).

décharner¹¹ [*dé-, charn* (L. *caro*), flesh], *tr.*: strip of the flesh, EXCARNATE; emaciate, render meagre.

† **décharpir**¹⁴ [p. L. *dis-carpire* (L. *carpere*, pluck)], *tr.*: †separate, part (persons fighting).

déchasser¹¹ [*dé-, chasser*], *tr.*: drive out (nails, pegs, etc.); *intr.*: (*danc.*) take a step to the left.

déchaume¹⁸, *m.*: digging or ploughing up the stubble. || **-mer**¹⁷ [*dé-, chaume*], *tr.*: dig or plough up the stubble of, break up (fallow land). **-meur**¹⁸, *m.*: plough (to break up a stubbled field).

dé-chaussé, *adj.*: bare-footed; cf. also **-chausser**. **-chaussement**¹⁵, *m.*: baring the roots (of trees, †Eng. *ablaqueation*); baring (teeth); lancing (the gums). **-chausser**⁹ [p. L. **dis-calcicare* (L. *calceus*, cf. Fr. *chaussure*)], *tr.*: pull off shoes and stockings; bare at the base (as roots of trees for airing, teeth, walls, etc.), lay bare; *se* —, take off one's shoes and stockings; become bare; scratch the ground (said of the wolf). **-chaussoir**¹⁴, *m.*: gum-lancet. **-chaussure**¹⁶, *f.*: (*hant.*) place where the wolf has scratched the ground; wolf's lair. † **-chaux**¹¹, *adj.*: barefoot.

† **dèche**¹⁸ [? *déchoir*], *f.*: (low) want, poverty.

dé-chéance¹¹ [*-choir*], *f.*: decadence, decline, fall; falling due, forfeiture. **-cher**¹⁴ [*-choir*], *m.*: decadence; waste, loss; deterioration.

décherrai *-ré, -ais -rè*, Fut., Cond. of *déchoir*.

† **décheveler**¹¹ [*dé-, cheveu*], *tr.*: dishevel.

† **déchevêtrer**¹⁵ *dé- [dé-, cheville]*, *tr.*: take off the halter from; set free.

décheville¹¹ or *dè- [dé-, cheville]*, *tr.*: unpeg, unpin.

déchiffrable¹⁷, *adj.*: decipherable.

-frément¹⁵, *m.*: deciphering. **-frer**¹⁴

[*dé-, chiffre*], *tr.*: decipher; make out.

-freur¹⁵, *m.*: decipherer.

déchique-ter¹⁴ [*dé-, chiquer*], *tr.*: cut up, lacerate, jag, indent; pink; *-té*, lacinate (leaf). **-ture**¹⁵, *f.*: cutting up, laceration, jagging, indentation, pinking.

déchi-rage¹⁷, *m.*: tearing up, breaking up (esp. boats). **-rant**¹⁶, *adj.*: tearing;

heart-rending, harrowing. **-rement**¹¹

m.: tearing, rending, laceration. || **-rer**¹¹

[*dé-, Frank. skërran* (ak. to Eng. *shear*),

cut], *tr.*: tear, rend, lacerate, mangle, har-

row; slander, traduce; cut up (of sounds);

tear up or off; *-ré*, torn, rent, ragged;

tattered; — *en arrière*, backbite; — *d*

belles dents, cut to pieces; — *de toutes*

pièces, tear in pieces. **-reur**¹⁵, *m.*: *tearer*,

render; breaker up.

-rure¹¹, *f.*: tear, rent.

déchoir¹⁹ [*dé-, choir*], *irr.* and *def. §*; *tr.*: fall, fall down or off; decline, decay; loose, forfeit: *être déchu d'un droit*, to have forfeited a claim.

§ Ind.: Pr. *dichet-s*, *-s*, *-t* or *dichet*; *-cheyons*, *-cheyez*, *-choient*. 1st pl. —. Pret. *dichus*. Fut. (Cond.) *dé-cherrai(s)*, rarely *-choirrai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *dichois*, 1st pl. *dé-chasse*. — I've *déchois*. — Part.: Pr. —; P. *dichu*.

déchouer¹⁷ [*dé-, échouer*], *tr.*: set afloat (a ship aground).

déchu¹⁹, *part. of -choir*: fallen, etc.

déciare¹⁷ [*deci-* (L. *decimus*, tenth), *are*], *m.*: 'deciare' (10th of an are).

déci-dé¹⁷, *adj.*: decided, determined.

-dément¹⁷, *adv.*: decidedly, positively.

|| **-der**¹⁴ [L. *-dere* (*cadere*, cut)], *tr.*:

decide, settle; determine, resolve; make

(somebody) determined, induce, lead: *se*

—, decide, resolve, make up one's mind;

be decided.

décidu¹⁶ [L. *-duus*, falling], *adj.*: de-

ciduous.

déci- [L. *decimus*, TENTH]: **-gramme**¹⁷,

m.: decigram (10th of a gramme).

-litre¹⁷, *m.*: decilitre (10th of a litre).

déciller¹³ [*dé-, ciller*], *tr.*: unseal (the

eyelids), open.

déci-mable¹⁵ [L. *-mus*], *adj.*: tithable.

-mal¹², *pl.* **-aux** (L. *-mus*), *adj.*: † of the tithe; decimal. **-mateur**¹⁶ [L. *-mator*], *m.*: tithe-owner. **-mation**¹³ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: decimation. **-me** [L. *decimus*, *2.-ma*, TENTH], *i.m.*: decime (10th of a franc); war-tax; *f.*: TITHE. **-mer**¹⁸ [L. *-mare*], *tr.*: decimate ('kill every tenth, then genly slay, destroy). **-mètre**¹⁷, *m.*: decimetre (10th of a metre).

decin-trade¹⁸ or **-trément**¹⁷, *m.*: (arch.) taking away the centres. **-trér**¹⁶ [*dé-, cindre*], *tr.*: (arch.) take away the centres of (an arch). **-troir**¹⁸, *m.*: cutting-hammer.

décirer [*dé-, cire*], *tr.*: take the wax off.

déci-sif¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-sivus*, L. *decidere* (*cædere*, cut), decide], *adj.*: decisive, conclusive, positive. **-sion**¹⁸ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: decision; determination. **-sionnaire**¹⁷ [*-sion*], *m.*: one who decides everything. **-sivement**¹⁸, *adv.*: decisively, positively. **-soire**¹⁸ [L. *-sorius*], *adj.*: (leg.) decisory.

déciviliser¹⁸ [*dé-, civiliser*], *tr.*: uncivilise.

décla-mateur¹⁶ [L. *-mator*], *m.*: declaimer, orator; declaimer, flowery talker; *as adj.*: declamatory, high-flown. **-mation**¹⁴ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: declamation (rhetorical delivery; empty rhetorical display); elocution. **-matoire**¹⁸ [L. *-matorius*], *adj.*: declamatory (with rhetorical display, high-flown). **-mer**¹⁸ [L. *de-clamare* (*clamare*, cry out)], *tr.*: declaim; recite; spout out; *intr.*: declaim; inveigh (against).

décla-rateur¹⁶ [L. *-rator*], *m.*: declarer. **-ratif**¹⁸, **-ive**¹⁸ [L. *-rativus*], *adj.*: declarative, declaratory. **-ration**¹⁴ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: declaration; notification; affidavit; disclosure; (leg.) schedule; statute (of bankruptcy); verdict: — *d'entrée*, declaration of goods (at the custom-house) on entering. **-ratoire**¹⁸, *adj.*: declaratory. **-rer**¹⁸ [L. *de-clareare* (*clarus*, CLEAR)], *tr.*: declare, make known; make a declaration of; certify; proclaim; denounce, impeach; (leg.) find (guilty or not): *se —*, declare one's self (one's mind, itself); break out; set in (of the weather); **-ré**, declared, open; — *par écrit*, make affidavit of; *la peste s'est-rée*, the plague has broken out.

déclas-sement¹⁸, *m.*: changing or change of class; neglect (of a fortified place). **-ser**¹⁸ [*dé-, classe*], *tr.*: change the classing of; **-sé(e)**, lowered from one's class, degraded; *m., f.*: person who has lost his social position; *fort-sé*, neglected fort; *ville-sée*, city whose fortifications are no longer kept up.

déclen-chement¹⁸, *m.*: unlatching, unclicking. **-cher**¹⁷ [*dé-, clenche*], *tr.*: unlatch (a door); ungear.

déclie¹⁸ [*-cliquer*], *m.*: click-spring; detent-spring. **-clin**¹⁷ [*for-cline* = *-clie*], *m.*: mainspring (of firearms).

2.dé-clin¹¹, *m.*: decline; wane; ebb; close. **-clinable**¹⁸ [L. *-clinabilis*], *adj.*: declinable. **-clinaison**¹², *f.*: (astr., phys.) declination; deflection (of the compass); (gram.) declension. **-clinant**¹⁰, *adj.*: declining. **-clinateur**¹⁷, *m.*: declinator (surveyor's compass). **-clina-**

toire, *adj.* or *m.*: (leg.) declinatory (plea), exception; (geom.) serving to measure a declination; surveyor's compass; declinator. **-cline**¹⁰ [L. *-clinare*], *intr.*: decline (bend aside or downward; be on the wane, fall off; deflect); *tr.*: decline (turn aside, reject; inflect): — *son nom*, state one's name; — *une juridiction*, except to the jurisdiction.

décli-quer¹² [*dé-, root of cliquer*], *tr.*: (mach.) unclick, ungear. **-queter**¹⁷ [*dé-, cliquet*], *tr.*: (mach.) unclog, untooth.

dé-clive¹⁸ [L. *-clivus* (*clivus*, slope)], *adj.*: declivitous, sloping; (surg.) declining. **-clivité**¹⁷ [L. *-clivitas*], *f.*: declivity, slope.

déclotrér¹⁸ [*dé-, cloître*], *tr.*: withdraw from a cloister; secularise.

dé-clore¹⁰ [*dé-, clore*], *irr.*: *tr.*: unclose, throw open. **-clos**, *part.*: unclosed, open. **déclouer**¹¹ [*dé-, clouer*], *tr.*: unnailed.

déco-chement¹⁸, *m.*: discharge (of arrows), shooting. **-cher**¹² [*dé-, coche*, notch], *tr.*: discharge (an arrow), let fly; bring out.

décoo-té¹⁸ [L. *-tus* (*coquere*, cook)], *m.*: decoction (extract). **-tion** [L. *-tio*], *f.*: decoction (act or product).

dé-cognoir¹⁶, *m.*: (print.) shooting-stick.

décoiffer¹² [*dé-, coiffe*], *tr.*: take off the head-dress of; disorder the hair of; uncap (a bottle; a fuse): *se —*, undo one's head-dress, take off one's cap; rid one's self (of).

décolérer¹⁸ [*dé-, colère*], *intr.*: (fam.) get over one's anger.

décollation¹² [L. *-tio* (*collum*, neck)], *f.*: decollation, beheading.

décol-lement¹⁸, *m.*: ungluing; (surg.) separation of two tissues. **1. ||-ler**⁹ [*dé-, coller*], *tr.*: unglue, unglue, remove the gum from; (*bill*) get (a ball) from the cushion; disengage.

†2.décoller⁹ [L. *-llare* (*collum*, neck)], *tr.*: decollate, sever from the neck, behead.

décolleter¹⁷ [*dé-, coller*], *tr.*: bare the neck and shoulders of; cutlow: *se —*, wear

low-cut dress; *-dé*, in a low dress; low-necked (of dresses).

décolorant¹⁷, *adj.*: discolouring; *m.*: discolouring substance. **-ration**¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: discolouration. **||-rer**¹⁰ [L. *-rare* (color, colour)], *tr.*: despoil of its colour, tint, or hue; discolour. **-rimètre**¹⁸ [L. *-rer*, Gr. *métro*, measure], *m.*: instrument for measuring discolouration.

décombant¹⁸ [L. *de-cumbens*, lying down], *adj.*: decumbent.

décombre¹⁴, *m.*: *†*clearing away of rubbish; *pl.*: rubbish (of a demolished building), débris. **||-combrer**¹¹ [d*é*, L. *combrus* (? L. *cumulus*, heap; cf. Engl. *cumber*), *barrier*], *tr.*: clear of rubbish.

décommander¹⁸ [d*é*, *commander*], *tr.*: countermand.

décompléter¹⁸ [d*é*, *compléter*], *tr.*: render incomplete.

décomposable¹⁷, *adj.*: decomposable. **||-ser**¹⁵ [d*é*, *composer*], *tr.*: decompose; discompose; dissolve; distort (of features). **-sition**¹⁵, *f.*: decomposition; discomposition.

†décompôt¹⁸ [d*é*, *compôt*], *m.*: (*dial.*) change of the order of cultivation.

décompte¹², *m.*: discount, deduction; deficiency; disappointment. **||-compter**¹² [d*é*, *compter*], *tr.*: DISCOUNT, deduct; reckon off; *intr.*: lose one's illusions, be disappointed; count wrongly: *une pendule qui décompte*, a timepiece which passes one or more hours without striking.

déconcerter¹⁶, *m.*: disconcertion; discomposure. **||-ter**¹² [d*é*, *concerter*], *tr.*: disconcert, make dissonant, disarrange, confuse, baffle.

†décon-fire⁹ [p. L. **disconficere* (cf. *con-fire*)], *tr.*: discomfit, baffle; nonplus. **-fiture**¹¹, *f.*: discomfiture, defeat, overthrow; (*leg.*) insolvency.

déconfort¹¹, *m.*: discomfort. **†-ter**¹⁰ [d*é*, *conforter*], *tr.*: discomfort, grieve.

déconseiller¹¹ [d*é*, *conseiller*], dissuade.

déconsidération¹⁷, *f.*: loss of consideration, disesteem, discredit. **-dérer**¹⁷ [d*é*, *considérer*], *tr.*: bring (*refl.* fall) into disrepute, discredit; *-déré*, fallen into disrepute, discredited.

déconspiser¹⁶ [d*é*, *conspiser*], *tr.*: relieve (from constipation).

déconstruire¹⁷ [d*é*, *construire*], *tr.*: unbuild, demolish.

†décontenance-cement¹⁶, *m.*: discomposure. **||-cer**¹⁵ [d*é*, *contenance*], *tr.*: discontenance, put out of countenance, discompose, disconcert, abash.

déconvenue¹¹ [old *des-convenir*], *f.*: discomfiture, disappointment, mishap.

décor¹⁷ [-*corer*], *m.*: decoration (esp. by

painting, gilding, etc.), ornament; (*theat.*) scenery: — *en bois*, graining in imitation of wood; *peintre en —*, grainer; *une pièce à —*, a decoration piece (one dependent on the richness of its scenery). **-corateur**¹⁵ [-*corer*], *m.*: decorator, ornamental or scene-painter, grainer. **-coratif**¹⁶, **-ive** [-*corer*], *adj.*: decorative, ornamental. **-coration**¹⁵ [L. *-coratio* (cf. *-corer*)], *f.*: decoration, ornamentation; (*theat.*) scenery; decoration (mark of honour, as a cross, medal, or ribbon of an order of knighthood; esp. star of the Legion of Honour).

décor-der¹⁵ [d*é*, *corde*], *tr.*: untwist (a cord or rope). **-donnage**¹⁸, *m.*: untwisting.

décorer¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (*decus*, ornament)], *tr.*: decorate (ornament, adorn, embellish); honour with the insignia of an order of knighthood (esp. with the star of the Legion of Honour): *décoré*, decorated; knighted; *m.*: knight; knight of the Legion of Honour: — *d'un titre*, dignify with a title.

décorner¹⁶ [d*é*, *corne*], *tr.*: deprive of horns, dehorn; turn back the dog's-ears of (a book, etc.).

décortication¹⁷ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: decortication. **||-quer**¹⁵ [L. *de-corticare* (*cortex*, bark)], *tr.*: decorticate, strip of its bark or envelope, bark, peel; pulp: *légumes-gués*, preserved vegetables.

décorum¹⁵ [L. (*decor*, comeliness)], *m.*: decorum, dignity.

découcher¹¹ [d*é*, *coucher*], *†tr.*: turn out of bed; *intr.*: sleep out (of one's bed or home).

découdre¹¹ [d*é*, *coudre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: unsew, rip up; tear open, gore; (*nav.*) unnailed; *†intr.*: (*fam.*) — or *en —*, have a fight (a "ripping up" with the sword), fight, contend; *se —*, come unsewed or unhitched; *décousu*, unsewed, etc. (see the word).

découenner¹⁸ [d*é*, *couenne*], *tr.*: skin, strip off the skin.

dé-coulement¹⁵, *m.*: flowing off, discharge. **||-couler**¹⁵ [*couler*], *intr.*: flow (off or out), trickle; proceed, spring; discharge.

décou-page¹⁴, *m.*: cutting or carving out: — *à l'emporte-pièce*, punching. **||-per**¹¹ [d*é*, *couper*], *tr.*: cut up (into pieces), carve; cut off; cut out; pink (cut in small angles); *se —*, be sharply outlined; *découpé*, cut up, carved, etc.; (*paint.*) too sharply outlined; (*her.*) serrate; (*hort.*) well designed; *m.*: nicely designed parterre. **-peur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: cutter out, carver.

dé-couple¹⁵, *m.*: (*hunt.*) uncoupling, un-

leashing. **||-coupler**¹¹ [*dé-, coupler*], *tr.*: uncouple; unleash; †separate (a couple); disengage; free; —, *m.*: uncoupling, unleashing: *-couplé*, uncoupled, etc.; strong and agile, strapping; *gaillard bien-couplé*, big strapping fellow.

découpoir¹⁷ [*-per*], *m.*: cutting press; punch, stamping press. **-pure**¹² [*-per*], *f.*: cutting out; pink; thing cut out, cut paper-work.

découra-geant¹⁷, *adj.*: discouraging. **-gement**¹¹, *m.*: discouragement; despondency. **||-ger**¹² [*dé-, courage*], *tr.*: discourage, dishearten: *se —*, be discouraged.

décourber [*dé-, courber*], *tr.*: straighten, unbend.

découronner¹¹ [*dé-, couronne*], *tr.*: dis-crown; cut the top off; (*mil.*) drive the enemy from the crest of (a hill).

décours¹¹ [*L. de-cursus (currere, run)*], *m.*: decrease, wane (of the moon); passing away.

dé-cousu, *part. of -coudre*: unsewed, ripped up; torn, gored; unconnected, discursive, desultory. **-coudre**¹⁶ [*-coudre*], *f.*: part unsewn or ripped, rip; goring, gash, as from tasks.

décon-vert¹³, *part. cf. -vrir*; *m.*: uncovered state or condition; (*com.*) uncovered balance; deficit: *à —*, uncovered, exposed, unsheltered, without protection; openly; in the open air; (*com.*) unguaranteed; overdrawn (of accounts); on credit. **-verte**¹¹, *f.*: discovery; (*fam.*) detection; uncovering, exposure (in fencing); (*mil.*) reconnoitering; (*nav.*) look-out: *faire un échec à la —*, check (at chess) by discovering; *tagir à la —*, act openly. **-vreur**¹², *m.*: discoverer.

||-vrir¹¹ [*dé-, couvrir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: uncover; bare, expose, unwrap; unroof; unveil, disclose; DISCOVER, find out, spy: *se —*, uncover one's self; expose one's self; unbosom one's self; be detected; make one's self known; clear up (of the sky); — *son jeu*, show one's game or hand; — *la Méditerranée*, find a mare's nest; — *le pot aux roses*, unravel the mystery; *venir à bout de —*, sift out.

décrasser¹⁴ [*dé-, crasse*], *tr.*: rid of dirt, clean, scour; polish, free from coarseness or vulgarity.

†dégoré-ditément¹⁶, *m.*: discrediting. **||-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: discredit; deprive of credit: *se —*, bring discredit upon one's self, disgrace one's self.

décré-pir¹⁸ [*dé-, crepir*], *tr.*: deprive (walls, etc.) of rough-casting or plastering. **-pissage**¹⁸, *m.*: unplastering.

décrépi-t¹⁴ [*L. de-crepitus (crepare, burst)*], *adj.*: decrepit, broken down with

age. **1.-tation**¹⁷ [*-ter*], *f.*: decrepitation, crackling noise. **-ter**¹⁷ [*dé-, cré-piter*], *intr.*: decrepitate, crackle. **-pitude**¹³, *f.*: decrepitude.

decre-scendo¹⁷ [*It. (L. -scere, DECREASE)*], *adv.*: —.

dé-cret¹¹ [*L. de-cretum (cernere, decide)*], *m.*: decree (authoritative order; edict of a council; writ). **-crétale**¹² [*-cretalis*], *f.*: decretal (authoritative letter of the pope). **-crétaliste**¹³ [*-cretale*], *m.*: decretist (expert in the decretals). **-créter**¹⁴, *tr.*: decree; enact; (*leg.*) issue a writ against.

décreus ... = *décrus* ...

dé-cri¹⁴, *m.*: †prohibition; †erying down (denunciation); disrepute, discredit. **||-crier**¹³ [*crier*], *tr.*: prohibit (by the public crier); decry, cry down, clamour against, disparage, discredit: *se —*, bring one's self into disrepute; cry one another down.

dé-crire¹¹ [*L. de-scribere*], *irr.* (*cf. écrire*); *tr.*: DESCRIBE. **-orit**, *part.*: described. **-crivant**, *pr. part.*, describing.

décro-chement¹⁶, *m.*: unhooking; (*arch.*) uneven moulding. **||-cher**¹² [*dé-, croc*], *tr.*: unhook, unfasten; form (a curve) with several axes: *ligne-chée*, uneven line; — *la timbale*, (*pop.*) fetch down the prize from a greased pole; overcome a difficulty. **-choir**¹⁶, *m.*: unhooking instrument.

†déroïre¹² [*dé-, croire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: dis-believe.

décroi-sement¹⁸, *m.*: uncrossing, unfolding. **||-ser**¹⁵ [*croiser*], *tr.*: change so as not to be crossed, uncross, unfold (arms).

dé-croissance¹³, *f.*: decrease. **-crois-sant**¹⁷, *adj.*: decreasing; (*math.*) descending (progression). **-croissement**¹¹, *m.*: decrease. **-croit**¹¹, *m.*: decrease; wane; decrease of leased cattle. **||-croître**¹¹ [*dé-, croître*], *irr.*; *tr.*: DECREASE, grow less, diminish; wane.

décrot-tage¹⁸, *m.*: cleaning of mud. **||-ter**¹¹ [*dé-, crotte*], *tr.*: clean from mud or dirt; clear, brush; polish. **-teur**¹⁵ = *ense*, *m.*: shoe-cleaner, bootblack. **-toir**¹⁴, *m.*: scraper (for shoes), door-scraper. **-toire**¹⁴, *f.*: brush-scraper (for shoes).

décroû-tage¹⁸, *m.*: freeing from the crust, cleaning. **||-ter**¹⁵ [*dé-, croûte*], *tr.*: free from the crust; rub (off); clean (*esp. diamonds from the dust*).

décruage¹⁷ [*-ruer*], *m.*: lye-washing. **dé-cru**, *part. of -croître*; **-crue**¹⁵, *f.*: decrease, fall (of water).

dé-cruet¹⁶ [*dé-, cru*], *tr.*: (*dye.*) lye-wash (thread), scour. **-crueur**¹⁶, *m.*:

lye-washer. **-crument**¹⁷, *m.*: lye-washing, scouring. **-crusage**¹⁷, **-crusement**¹⁶ [*-cruser*], *m.*: lye-washing (of cocoons). **-cruser**¹⁷ [from Prov. = Fr. *-cruer*], *tr.*: lye-wash (cocoons); ungum.

1. **décu**, *part. of décevoir*: deceived, etc.

2. **idécu** = *deau*.

décubitus¹⁷ [L. (*cubare*, lie down)], *m.*: (*med.*) decubitus, lying attitude.

décuire¹⁵ [*dé*, *cuire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: (change the cooking of, hence) thin (syrup, etc.); liquefy.

déculasser¹⁸ [*dé*, *culasse*], *tr.*: unbreech (a gun).

décul-ple¹⁸ [L. *-plus* (*decem*, TEN)], *adj.*: decuple, tenfold. **-pler**, *tr.*: make tenfold, (†Eng. decuple).

décurie¹⁵ [L. *-ria* (*decem*, TEN)], *f.*: decury (Rom. squad of ten men). **-rion**¹⁵ [L. *-rio*], *m.*: decurion (chief over ten men).

dé-current¹⁷ [L. *-currens* (*currere*, run)], *adj.*: (*bot.*) decurrent. **-cursif**, **-ive** [L. *-cursus*], *adj.*: (*bot.*) decursive.

décurta-tion¹⁸ [L. *-tio* (*curtus*, short)], *f.*: cutting short (trees with withered top), (†Eng. decurtation).

décus-sation¹⁰ [L. *-satio* (*decussis*, form of X, ten)], *f.*: decussation (crossing at an acute angle). **-sé**¹⁸ [L. *-satus*], *adj.*: decussate, crossed.

décu-vage¹⁷, *m.*, **-vaïson**¹⁸, *f.*: pouring from the vat or cask, tapping. **-ve**¹⁶ [*dé*, *eue*], *tr.*: pour or tap (wine, etc.) out of the vat or cask.

dé-daigner¹¹ [*dé*, *daigner*], *tr.*: DISDAIN, scorn. **-daigneusement**¹² [*daigneux*], *adv.*: disdainfully, scornfully. **-daigneux**, **-euse**¹¹ [*-daine*], *adj.*: disdainful, scornful; haughty. **-dain**¹¹, *m.*: disdain, scorn; token (expression) of disdain or disregard.

dédale¹⁵ [*Dédale*, Dædalus (builder of the labyrinth of Crete)], *m.*: labyrinth, maze.

dédaller¹⁸ [*dé*, *dalle*], *tr.*: unpave.

dédamer¹⁶ [*dé*, *damer*], *tr.*: discrown (a wrongly crowned piece at checkers); *intr.*: open one's kingrow at checkers.

dédans¹⁰, *adv.*: within, inside, in; †*prep.* inside, into; *m.*: inside, interior: *de* —, from within; *en* (*par*, *au*) —, inside, within, on (at) the inside; *mettre* —, put in prison, imprison; put into hole; (of a target) hit the mark; take in, trick; get into a scrape; *se mettre* —, be taken in, be tricked, get into a scrape; *donner* —, get into a snare, be taken in or deceived; *être* —, be imprisoned; be in for it; *au* — *et au dehors*, within and without; at home and abroad.

dé-dicace¹⁵ [L. *-dicatio*], *f.*: dedication; inscription. **-dicatoire**¹⁵ [L. *-dicare*],

adj.: dedicatory. **-dier**¹¹ [L. *de-dicare*, declare], *tr.*: dedicate; inscribe.

dé-dire¹¹ [*dé*, *dire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: gainsay, contradict; unsay: *se* —, unsay, revoke (go back on) one's word, retract, recant, take back. **-dit**, *part.*: gainsaid, etc.; *m.*: unsaying, retraction; forfeiture (cf. *doler*), *tr.*: (*surg.*) remove the surface of (tissues).

dédoler¹⁷ [L. *-lare*, hew smooth (cf. *doler*)], *tr.*: (*surg.*) remove the surface of (tissues).

dédomma-gement¹⁸, *m.*: reparation of damage, indemnification, compensation, amends. **-ger**¹² [*dé*, *dommage*], *tr.*: compensate (for damage), INDEMNIFY, make amends to, make up.

dé-dorer¹⁴ [*dé*, *dorer*], *tr.*: ungild: *-doré*, ungilded; lacking money.

dédon-blage¹⁸, *m.*: undoubling; removal of a covering, unsheathing (a vessel); diluting (alcohol). **-blement**¹⁸, *m.*: undoubling; dividing into two; analysis. **-bler**¹⁴ [*dé*, *doubler*], *tr.*: undouble; take out the lining of, unline; unsheath (a vessel); reduce to one half; divide into two; cut (stones) lengthwise; (*chem.*) decompose; dilute (alcohol): *-blé*, undoubled, etc.; *m.*: diluted brandy.

dé-ductif¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-ducere*], *adj.*: deductive. **-duction**¹⁸ [L. *-ductio*], *f.*: deduction (inference); taking off part of a sum due; defalcation; enumeration, recital. **-duire**¹⁰ [L. *de-ducere*, draw off], *irr.* (cf. *conduire*); *tr.*: take off, deduct, subtract; deduce, infer; enumerate, narrate. **-duit**, *part.*: deducted, etc.; †*m.*: diversion, sport.

déduper¹⁶ [*dé*, *duper*], *tr.*: undeceive.

déesse¹¹ [L. *dea*], *f.*: goddess.

défächer¹⁵ [*dé*, *fächer*], *tr.*: pacify: *se* —, be pacified, be pleased again.

défail-lance¹¹, *f.*: †failing (absence, lack); exhaustion; sudden weakness, fainting fit, swoon; decay; (*leg.*) non-accomplishment. **-lant**¹¹, *adj.*: failing, coming to an end; of declining strength, enfeebled, faltering, drooping, powerless, unnerved; decaying; defaulting (failing to appear in court); *m.*: defaulter (who fails to appear in court). **-lir**¹⁰ [*dé*, *faillir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: †fail (come to an end); (of physical or mental powers), fail, become enfeebled, decline, grow weak or faint, faint away, swoon; decay.

dé-faire¹⁰ [*dé*, *faire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: undo, unmake, take asunder; unpack; decompose; annul; unfasten (untie, unpin, etc.); put in disorder; deliver, rid; do away with, destroy; DEFEAT, overthrow; waste, emaciate: *se* —, rid one's self, get rid of; kill; ease one's self; leave off,

forsake; come undone, become loose; weaken, lose its flavour (of wines, etc.); — *un mariage* (un *marché*), annul or break off a marriage (a bargain); *se — d'un charge*, get rid of an office or commission; *se — d'un domestique*, discharge a servant. **-fait**, *part.*: undone; defeated, etc.; wasted, emaciated; dejected. **-faite**¹⁴, *f.*: defeat, overthrow; getting rid of, sale; †means of escape (evasion; shift, sham): (*com.*) *être de —*, sell well; *une fille de —*, a marriageable girl; *c'est une —*, that is a mere excuse.

défalcation¹³, *f.*: defalcation, deduction. **-quer**¹³ [L. *de-falcare* (L. *falz*, sickle)], *tr.*: defalcate, cut off, deduct.

défausser¹⁸ [*dé.*, *faußer*], *tr.*: unbend, strengthen; *reél.*¹⁷ [*dé.*, *fausse*], throw away, discard (throw out poorest card).

dé-faut¹⁸, *m.*: FAILING, absence, lack, want, deficiency; defect, flaw, fault, imperfection, break (of armour, etc.); default: *faire —*, be lacking, fail; *d* (or *au*) — *de*, for lack of; *il sait votre —*, he knows your vulnerable spot; *c'est là le — de la cuirasse*, that's his blind side; *jugement par —*, judgment by default. †**-faute**¹¹ [*-faillir*], *f.*: (old) lack, default.

défa-vour¹⁴ [*dé.*, *faveur*], *f.*: disfavour, disgrace. **-vorable**¹⁴ [*dé.*, *favorable*], *adj.*: unfavourable. **-vorablement**¹¹, *adj.*: unfavourably. †**-voriser**¹⁴ [*dé.*, *favoriser*], *tr.*: disfavour, injure.

défection¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (*faz*, dregs)], *f.*: defection, clarifying (by racking off).

défec-tif¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*, *de-ficere* (*facere*, do), be wanting], *adj.*: defective. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: defection, desertion; disloyalty. **-tueusement**¹³ [*-tueux*], *adv.*: defectively. **-tueur**¹⁸, **-euse** [L. *-tuosus*], *adj.*: defective, deficient, imperfect. **-tuosité**¹⁴ [L. *-tuositas*], *f.*: defectiveness, imperfection.

dé-fendable¹², *adj.*: capable of defence, defensible, (†Eng. defendable). **-fendeur**, **-fenderesse**, *m., f.*: (*leg.*) defendant. **-fendre**¹⁸ [L. *de-fendere* (*fendere*, strike)], *tr.*: defend (protect, shelter; fend off); (†Eng. defend), forbid, prohibit: *se —*, defend, etc., one's self; excuse one's self, decline; deny; forbid one's self; *faire — sa porte*, refuse to accept visitors, deny one's self; be denied; *faute de —*, (*leg.*) for want of being defended. **-fendu**, *part.*: defended; forbidden, etc. †**-fendude** [Prov. *-do*], *f.*: (*dial.*) sign *défense d'afficher*, 'post no bills'. **-fens**¹¹ [L. *-fensum*], *m.*: (old) defence: *bois en —*, young wood where cattle may not be let in. **-fensable**¹¹ [*-fens*], *adj.*: (old) defensible: *bois —*, young wood where

cattle may be let in without danger to the trees. **-fense**¹⁰ [L. *-fensa* (L. *-fensio*)], *f.*: defence; protection; plea, vindication; (*fort.*) outwork; tusk; fang; (*nav.*) fender; prohibition, interdiction, disallowance: *hors de —*, incapable of defence (of being defended); *donner ses —s*, give one's plea, answer; *arrêt de —*, decree to suspend the execution of another decree; *bois en —*, cf. *défensable*; *armé* (*muni*) *de —s*, tasked or fanged. **-fenseur**¹² [L. *-fensor*], *m.*: defender; advocate. †**-fensible**¹⁰ [L. *-fensibilis*], *adj.*: defensible. **-fensif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-fensivus*], *adj.*: defensive. **-fensive**¹³, *f.*: defensive. **-fensivement** [*-fensif*], *adv.*: in defence. **déféquer**¹⁷ [L. *de-fecare* (*faz*, dregs)], *tr.*: defecate, clarify.

†**défé-rant**¹⁰, *adj.*: deferential. **-renee**¹⁰, *f.*: deference. **-rent**¹⁰ [L. *-rens*], *adj.*: deferent, carrying off; deferential; *m.*: deferent (circle in which heavenly bodies were supposed to be carried around: Ptol. astr.; also *cerce* — *c*); name of place engraved on a coin, etc.: *canal —*, excretory duct of the testicles. **-rer**¹³ [*de-ferre*, bear off], *tr.*: defer, submit, refer; administer (an oath); confer, bestow, tender; *intr.*: yield or pay deference (to), defer, submit, comply: — *un serment* *d*, tender (administer) an oath to, put on oath.

déferler¹⁵ [*dé.*, *ferler*], *tr.*: unfurl (sails); *intr.* or *reél.*: break into foam (of waves).

déformer¹¹ [*dé.*, *fermer*], *tr.*: †unclose (open, let loose); detach (a block in a quarry).

†**dé-ferre**¹², *f.*: old horseshoes (*coll.*); old clothes. **-ferrement**¹³, *m.*: stripping of irons; unshoeing (horses). **-ferrier**¹³ [*dé.*, *fer*], *tr.*: strip off (irons or tags, etc.); strip off (shoes), unshoe (horses); remove the fetters from, unfetter; (*fam.*) deprive; disconcert, confuse, unhinge; †draw the sword, †sacorn: *se —*, come untagged; lose its shoes; be confused or nonplussed; *ce cheval est ferré*, this horse has lost a shoe (or several); *être ferré d'un ail*, have lost an eye; *il se ferre aisément*, he is easily confused.

défet¹³ [L. *de-fectus* (*facere*, make)], *m.*: (old) defect; (print.) supplementary sheets.

défeuille¹² [*dé.*, *feuille*], *tr.*: strip of leaves: *se —*, be stripped of or lose its leaves.

dé-fier¹⁵ [*-fier*], *m.*: defiance; challenge: *porter* (*faire*) *un —*, challenge, summon to fight a duel; *auteur d'un —*, challenger; *mettre au —*, set at defiance. **-fiace** [*-fier*], *f.*: (old) defiance; (now) distrust, mistrust, misgiving; DIFFIDENCE; †suspicion: *être dans la —*, have one's mis-

givings. **-fiant**¹⁵ [*-fier*], *adj.*: distrustful, suspicious.

débâcle¹⁵ [*dé-, ficelle*], *tr.*: untie.

défi-eigent¹⁷ [*-ciens (de-ficere, lack)*], *adj.*: deficient. **-eit**¹⁶ [*L. de-ficit, it lacks*], *m.*: deficit (lacking part; deficiency).

défier¹⁹ [*dé-, fier*], *1. tr.*: DEFY, set at defiance, brave; challenge, provoke; *refl.*: defy and challenge each other; 2. (perhaps direct fr. *L. dif-fidere*) *refl.* (with *de*): distrust, mistrust; suspect; be diffident; *tr.*: (nav.) look out for (a wave, a sudden wind, etc.), bear off from: *se — de soi-même*, distrust one's self; *qui se défie*, distrustful, diffident.

défiger¹⁵ [*dé-, figer*], *tr.*: render liquid, melt.

défigurer¹¹ [*dé-, figure*], *tr.*: disfigure, deface, mar; disguise.

défilade¹⁵ [*1. -ler*], *f.*: defiling (marching off in a line), filing off. **-lage**¹⁷ [*2. -ler*], *m.*: picking out the threads (of a texture), unthreading; tearing up of rags (in paper-making).

-lateur¹⁵ [*2. -ler*], *m.*: defilading instrument. **1. -lé**¹⁶ [*1. -ler*], *m.*: defile (narrow pass where troops can march only in a file, gorge, strait); filing past, military review. **2. -lé**¹⁸ [*2. -ler*], *m.*: torn up mass of rags. **1. -lement**¹⁵ [*1. -ler*], *m.*: filing off or past. **2. -lement**¹⁷ [*2. -ler*], *m.*: defilement (protection, protecting from an enfiling fire): *plan de —*, defilading plan; *ligne de —*, limit of a defilement. **1. -ler**¹⁶ [*dé-, root of enfiler*], *intr.*: defile (march file by file), file off or past, pass in review; *† tr.*: pass in review; *† m.*: review. **2. -ler**¹² [*dé-, fil (1. as in enfiler)*], *tr.*: 1. take from a thread or string, unstring; defilade (construct so as to shelter from enfiling fire); *† 2. pick apart thread by thread, ravel; unthread (a needle); tear up (rags in paper-making): — son chapelet*, say all one has to say; give up devotions; *la chapelle se défille*, the links (of the family, association, etc.) are falling away, the ranks are thinned. **-leur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*2. -ler*], *m., f.*: raveler; lint-maker: *pile —*, shredding machine.

défini¹⁴, *adj.*: definite, determinate; *m.*: (philos.) definiteness. **-nir**¹⁴ [*L. de-finire (finis, end), limit, define*], *tr.*: DEFINE (determine; explain; describe). **-nis-**¹⁵, *adj.*: definable. **-niteur**¹⁶ [*-nitor*], *m.*: ecclesiastic deputy (to a religious chapter). **-nitif**¹¹, **-ive** [*L. -nitivus*], *adj.*: definitive, positive: *en -nitive*, definitively; in short. **-nition**¹¹ [*L. -nitio*], *f.*: definition; decision. **-nivement**¹⁵ [*-nitif*], *adv.*: definitively, positively. **-nitoire**¹⁶ [*L. -nitorium*], *m.*: chapter-house.

déflagration¹⁷ [*L. -gratio (flagrare, flame)*], *f.*: deflagration.

défléchir¹² [*L. de-flectere, bend aside*], *tr.*: turn aside, deflect.

déflég-mation¹⁷, *f.*: dephlegmation. **-mer**¹⁶ [*dé-, flegme*], *tr.*: dephlegmate (clear of aqueous matter).

déflen-raison, *f.*: fall of the blossom. **-rir**¹⁴ [*dé-, fleurir*], *intr.*: shed the blossoms; *tr.*: strip of blossoms; deflower: *pêche -rie*, peach stripped of its down.

déflexion¹⁵ [*L. -zio (flectere, bend)*], *f.*: deflection.

déflo-raison¹⁵ [*floraison*], *f.*: fall of the blossom; season when blossoms fall. **-ration**¹⁵, *f.*: defloration (of a virgin). **-rer**¹² [*L. -rare (flos, FLOWER)*], *tr.*: DEFLOWER (strip of flowers; deprive of virginity).

défoliation¹⁵ [*L. -liare (folium, leaf)*], *f.*: defoliation.

défon-page¹⁵, *f.*: digging up; deep ploughing. **-cement**¹⁶, *m.*: digging (up); trenching; staving in. **-cor**¹⁵ [*dé-, old fons = fond*], *tr.*: knock out the bottom (fond) of, stave in, knock in; tear asunder; dig or plough deep, trench; cut up (a road), cut deep cuts in. **-cense**¹⁵, *f.*: plough without mould-board.

défor-mation¹⁵ [*L. -matio*], *f.*: deformation. **-mer**¹² [*L. -mare (forma, form)*], *tr.*: deform, disfigure, put out of shape: *se —*, become deformed.

défourer¹⁷ [*dé-, fouet*], *tr.*: unwhip; (book-bind.) untie.

défourner¹² [*dé-, old four = four*], *tr.*: take out of the oven.

défour-rep¹¹ [*dé-, fourner*], *tr.*: draw, take out of its sheath or cover; unwrap; thresh out. **-rure**¹⁵, *f.*: unsheathing; threshing: *des moutons*, threshed sheep given to the sheep.

défray¹⁴ [*-frayer*], *m.*: defrayal, expenditure; equipment.

défraichir¹⁵ [*dé-, frais, fresh*], *tr.*: deprive of freshness or lustre, tarnish: *se —*, lose its freshness, fade.

défrayer¹² [*dé-, frais(s), expense*], *tr.*: provide for (at one's expense), defray (the expenses of); furnish a repast; entertain, amuse; amuse at one's expense (be the laughing stock of): *se —*, pay one's expenses; *être -yé de tout*, be provided with everything.

† défri-chage or -chement¹⁴, *m.*: clearing of lands, or land cleared; grubbing up. **-cher**¹⁵ [*L. dé-, friche*], *tr.*: clear (waste or fallow lands), cultivate; grub up; unravel; polish. **-cheur**¹⁵, *m.*: clearer (of lands), cultivator.

défriper¹⁵ [*dé-, friper*], *tr.*: smoothe, unrumple.

défriser¹⁰ [dé-, friser], tr.: uncurl (hair); disappoint.

défroncer¹² [dé-, froncer], tr.: unpleat; unknot (the bows).

défroque¹⁰, f.: clothes left by a monk (at his decease); cast-off clothes; old furniture, etc. || **-quer** [dé-, froc], tr.: unfrock, deprive of priestly character.

†**défabler**¹¹ [dé-, root of affabler], tr.: take off clothing or hat, uncover.

défuner [dé-, L. funis, cord], tr.: unrig.

défunt¹⁸ [L. defunctus (fungi, perform)], adj.: defunct, deceased.

déga-gé¹¹, adj.: free(d), etc.; disengaged; disembarassed; loose, easy, flip-pant; apart, leading to a private entrance (of rooms): *chambre-gée*, room with a back-door; *escalier* —, back stairs. **-gement**¹⁰, m.: freeing, disengaging; clearing, clearance; release, discharge; redeeming, redemption; easy or flip-pant tone or bearing: (arch.) *de* —, private. || **-ger**¹¹ [dé-, gage], tr.: redeem (a pledge), free, disengage; clear; with-draw (one's word); extricate, disentangle, loosen; rake (fire); make a private entrance to (rooms): *se* —, be freed, disengaged, cleared, etc.; (chem.) be evolved; — *la tête (poitrine)*, ease or relieve one's head (chest); (*fenc.*) — *le fer*, disengage, withdraw.

dé-gaine¹⁵, f.: †action or manner of unsheathing a sword; clumsy manner, awkwardness: *d'une belle* —, in a pretty awkward manner. **-gainement**¹⁰, m.: unsheathing. || **-gainer** [dé-, gaine], tr.: unsheath, draw (the sword), open (the purse): *brave jusqu'au* —, brave till it comes to drawing the sword, till it comes to the scratch.

dégaler¹² [dé-, gale], tr.: clean (a hide, etc.).

déganter¹² [dé-, gant], tr.: strip off glove, unglove.

dégarnir¹⁰ [dé-, garnir], tr.: disgarnish (strip of ornaments or furniture, etc., un-furnish; dismantle); deprive of troops, (†Eng. *degarnish*); thin; unhang; unrig (a vessel): *se* —, strip one's self or be stripped, etc.; grow thin; put on lighter clothes.

dégasconner¹⁵ [dé-, gascon], tr.: free from Gascon speech or manners.

dégât¹³ [old *-gaster* (cf. *gâter*), DEVAS-TATE], m.: devastation, ravage; damage, waste.

dégau-chir¹⁵ [dé-, gauche], tr.: smooth, straighten; polish. **-chissement**¹⁵, m.: smoothing, straightening.

dé-gel¹¹, m.: thaw: *être au* —, be thawing. **-gelée**¹⁵, f.: (*fam.*) shower of blows, thrashing. || **-geler**¹² [dé-, gélér], tr., intr.: thaw.

dégéné-ration¹⁴ [L. -ratio], f.: de-generation, degeneracy. || **-rer**¹⁴ [L. de-generare (*genus*, race, kind)], tr.: degenerate. **-resenguee**¹⁷ [-rescent], f.: degeneracy. **-rescent**¹⁵ [L. -rare], adj.: degenerating.

dégingandé¹⁵ [old *-der* (?)], adj.: dis-proportioned, ill-formed; of a swinging gait.

dégluer¹² [dé-, glu], tr.: unglue, take off the bird-lime from, remove the gum from (the eyes).

déglutition¹⁵ [L. -tio], f.: deglutition.

dégobif-lage¹⁵, m.: vomiting. || **-ler**¹⁵ [dé-, guber], tr.: disgorge, vomit, spew. **-lis**¹⁵, m.: spewings, vomit.

dégoiser¹² [dé-, root of *gosier*], tr.: (*fam.*) rattle of (words), blab; chirp, warble.

dégom-mage¹⁵, m.: ungumming.

|| **-mer**¹⁰ [dé-, gomme], tr.: free from gum, ungum; (*pop.*) turn out of office, oust.

dé-gonflement¹⁵, m.: reduction (of swellings or volume), subsiding. || **-gon-fler**¹⁵ [dé-, gonfler], tr.: disinflate, re-duce (a swelling, etc.), come to subside or collapse, empty (a balloon of gas): — *son cœur*, ease one's heart; unbosom one's self.

dé-gor¹⁷, m.: discharging tube.

-gement¹⁵, m.: disgorgement, discharge; clearing, cleansing.

-gorgeoir¹⁰, m.: place where waters are discharged, chan-nel of discharge; discharging tube, spout; discharging or clearing instrument (prim-ing wire, vent pricker; scraper; instru-ment for removing the fish-hook from the mouth of the fish). || **-gorger**¹² [dé-, gorge], tr.: disgorge, discharge; clear, cleanse; purge: *se* —, discharge, empty itself; be cleansed; *faire* —, cleanse; purge (fish); — *un canon*, open its touch-hole with a priming wire.

dégoter¹⁷ [?], tr.: knock (a ball, etc.) out of its place; †displace; (*pop.*) oust; get the better of.

dégour-di¹¹, part.: quickened, etc., *as* adj.: quick, shrewd, sharp; forward (of women), pert. || **-dir**¹¹ [dé-, gourd], tr.: free from numbness or dullness, quicken, revive; sharpen, render shrewd; polish; restore the circulation to; half-bake: *se* —, lose its numbness; become sharp or shrewd, brighten up. **-dissement**¹⁵, m.: removal of numbness; quickening, reviving.

†**dégout**¹¹ [-tter], m.: dripping, dribble.

dégou-é¹⁵, m.: disgust, repugnance, dis-taste, dislike; vexation, mortification: *prendre en* —, take a dislike to, loathe. **-tamment**¹⁷, adv.: [-tant], disgustingly.

-tant¹⁰, *adj.*: disgusting, distasteful, loathsome, revolting. **||-ter**¹⁰ [*dé-, goût*], *tr.*: DISGUST, make disgusted (with), give a *distaste* or dislike (for); put out of conceit: *se —*, take a disgust, distaste, or dislike (*de, for*), be disgusted; nauseate, feel squeamish. **-té, -ée**, *disgusted, etc.*; *m., f.*: fastidious person; *faire le —*, be fastidious or squeamish; *c'est un bon —*, he likes good things.

dégout-tant¹¹, *adj.*: dripping. **-tement**, *m.*: dripping. **||-ter** [*dé-, goutter*], *intr.*: drop, drip, trickle.

dégra-dant¹⁷, *adj.*: degrading. **-dateur**¹⁵, *m.*: photographic instrument for toning down pictures. **-dation**¹⁵ [*1. L. -datio; 2. -der*], *f.*: 1. degradation, debasement; damage, dilapidation; 2. toning down (of light and shade in a picture). **||-der**¹¹ [*1. L. -dare (gradus, step, degree); 2. It. di-gradare (L.)*], *tr.*: 1. de-grade (deprive of rank, debase, disgrace); deteriorate, damage, dilapidate; waste; 2. tone down (light and shade in pictures).

dégraffer¹⁵ [*dé-, OFr. grafe (cf. grappe)*, hook], *tr.*: unhook, unclasp: *se —*, become unhooked, unclasped, or unfastened; unfasten, unbutton one's clothes.

dégrais-sage¹⁷, **-sement**¹⁷, *m.*: cleaning (of grease or dirt), scouring. **||-ser**¹² [*dé-, graisse*], *tr.*: clean off grease or fat, clear, scour; skim off the fat of; extort money from, fleece; impoverish (land): *terre à —*, fuller's-earth. **-seur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m.*: cleaner, scourer. **-sis**, *m.*: scourings. **-soir**¹⁷, *m.*: cleaning instrument, scraper.

dégras¹⁷ [*? -graisser*], *m.*: refuse oil; grease.

dégraveller¹⁷ [*dé-, gravelle*], *tr.*: clean (a pipe, etc.) of gravel or sand.

dégra-voient¹⁶ or **-voiment**, *m.*: laying bare (by water). **||-voyer**¹⁷ [*dé-, gravo(i)s*], *tr.*: bare (a wall, etc., in speaking of waters), wash bare; free from gravel.

dégré⁹ [*p. L. *gradus (L. gradus, step)*], *m.*: step, round (of a ladder), stair; DEGREE, GRADE: *par —s*, by degrees, gradually; gradatory.

dé-grément¹⁷, *m.*: unrigging: dismantling (by the storm). **||-gréer** [*dé-, gréer*], *tr.*: unrig; dismantle (a ship).

dé-grèvement¹⁷, *m.*: freeing from encumbrance; reduction (of taxes). **||-grever**¹⁰ [*grever*], *tr.*: free from encumbrance, release; reduce (taxes).

dégringo-lade¹⁵, *f.*: tumble, fall. **||-ler**¹⁰ [*?*], *intr.*: tumble down, roll down, fall.

dégri-sement¹⁵, *m.*: getting sober.

||-ser¹⁷ [*dé-, griser*], *tr.*: sober, cure of intoxication; sober down.

dégronder¹⁶ [*dé-, gronder*], *intr.*: cease scolding.

dégros-sage¹⁷ [*-ser*], *m.*: reducing; drawing fine (wire). **-ser**¹³ [*dé-, gros*], *tr.*: reduce, draw fine (as wire). **||-sir**¹⁶ [*dé-, gros*], *tr.*: reduce in bulk, or roughness, rough-hew, chip, trim; grind (glass); make a rough sketch of. **-sissage**¹⁷, **-sissement**¹⁵, *m.*: rough-hewing, trimming. **-sisseur**¹⁵, *m.*: cylinder of a flattening machine, trimmer.

dégueniller¹⁵ [*dé-, guenille*], *tr.*: make ragged; **-llé(e)**, ragged, tattered, in rags; *m., f.*: ragged person, tatterdemalion.

déguer-pir¹¹ [*dé-, OFr. guerpir (sk. to Ger. werfen, throw), quit*], *tr., intr.*: quit, give up; pack off. **-pissement**¹³, *m.*: (leg.) giving over, yielding.

déguen-ler¹⁴ [*dé-, gueule*], *intr.*: (vulg.) spew, vomit. **†-leur**¹⁷, *m.*: spouting figure (of a fountain).

déguignonner¹⁷ [*dé-, guignon*], *tr.*: free from ill-luck, change the bad luck of.

déguise-ment¹¹, *m.*: disguise(ment). **||-ser**¹¹ [*dé-, guise*], *tr.*: disguise; mask; hide.

dégus-tateur¹⁵, *m.*: taster (of wines). **-tation**¹⁶ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: tasting (of wines). **||-ter**¹⁵ [*L. -tare (gustus, taste)*], *tr.*: taste (wines), try by tasting, (†Eng. degust).

déhaler¹⁵ [*dé-, haler*], *tr.*: haul or tow back (a ship); disembarass, extricate.

déhâler¹⁶ [*dé-, hâler*], *tr.*: clear of sunburn.

déhan-ché¹⁵, *part.*: hipshot; distorted; waddling. **-chement**¹⁵, *m.*: hipshot condition; affected gait. **||-cher**¹⁶ [*dé-, hanche*], *tr.*: dislocate the hips, make hipshot: *se —*, walk as if hipshot, waddle.

déharder¹⁷ [*dé-, harde*], *tr.*: unleash.

déharna-chement¹⁶, *m.*: unharnessing. **||-cher**¹¹ [*dé-, harnacher*], *tr.*: unharness.

déhis-cence¹⁷ [*L. -cens*], *f.*: dehiscence. **-cent**¹⁷ [*L. -cens (hiscere, gape)*], *adj.*: dehiscence, bursting open.

†déhon-té¹⁵ [*dé-, honte*], *adj.*: shameless, unblushing. **||-ter**¹¹ [*dé-, honte*], *tr.*: cover with shame, dishonour.

déhors⁹ [*p. L. *deforis (L. foris, out of doors)*], *adj.*: outside, out of DOORS, out; externally; (*nav.*) at sea; spread (of sails); *†prep.*: outside; *m.*: outside, exterior, *pl.* (outside) appearance, air, manners; (*fort.*) out-works; dependencies (of a house): *en —*, without, outside; *de —*, from without; *au dedans et au —*, within and without; at home and abroad; *sauver les —*, save appearances.

déi- [*L. deus, God*]; **-cide**¹⁶ [*L. -cida*,

(*L. caedere*, kill), *adj.*: God- (Christ-) killing; *m.*: deicide; profaner of the host; destroyer of the faith in Christ. **-ficator**¹⁵ [*L. -ficatio* (*facere*, make)], *f.*: deification. **-fier**¹¹ [*L. ficare* (*facere*, make)], *tr.*: deify. **-fique**¹⁵ [*L. -ficus* (*facere*, make)], *adj.*: deific. **-sme**¹⁶ [*L. -deus*], *m.*: deism. **-ste**¹⁵ [*L. -deus*], *m.*: deist. **-té**¹¹ [*L. -tas*], *f.*: deity, divinity.

déjà¹² [*dés, jà*], *adv.*: already.

déjarre¹⁵ [*dé-, jarre*], *tr.*: strip (skins) of coarse hairs, dress.

déjection¹⁵ [*L. -tio* (*jacere*, throw)], *f.*: dejection.

déjeter¹¹ [*dé-, jeter*], *tr.* or *refl.*: warp, twist.

déjeuner¹¹ [*dé-, jeun*], *intr.*: breakfast; (or *part.* †-né), *m.*: breakfast; breakfast-service.

déjoindre¹¹ [*dé-, joindre*], *irr.*: *tr.*: DESJOIN.

déjouer¹¹ [*jouer*], *intr.*: play or wave in the wind, flap; take back a piece played (at chess, etc.); play at random; *tr.*: foil (some one at play), baffle.

déjour¹⁵ [*dé-, jour*], *m.*: space between the spokes of a wheel.

†**dé-juc**¹⁵, *m.*: time of leaving the roost. **||-juher**¹² [*dé-, juher*], *intr.*: leave the roost; *tr.*: bring from the roost or perch; dislodge; oust.

déjuger¹⁵ [*dé-, juger*], *refl.*: change opinion.

déjà¹² [*de, là*], *prep.*: beyond; *adv.*: on yon side; yet more: *au — (de)*, beyond, further than, on the other side of; *deça et —*, hither and thither, this side and that side; *il a regagné et —*, he has more than got his money back.

déla-brément¹⁷, *m.*: dilapidation, ruin, raggedness. **||-brer**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: bring into a condition of ruin or decay, dilapidate, shatter, tear to rags or tatters, ruin: *se —*, fall into ruin or tatters, go to wreck, decay; *-bré*, dilapidated, shattered, tattered, in rags.

délacer¹⁵ [*dé-, lacer*], *tr.*: unlace.

dé-lai¹¹ [*délayer* (old *dél-*)], *m.*: delay.

délaicement¹⁵ [*-layer*], *m.*: dilution.

dé-lais¹⁴, *m.*: (*leg.*) relinquishment.

-laissement¹², *m.*: abandonment; forlornness, destitution; (*leg.*) relinquishment, abandonment (to a mortgagee).

||-laisser¹¹ [*dé-, laisser*], *tr.*: abandon, forsake, desert; (*leg.*) relinquish, abandon (mortgaged property); discontinue (a suit).

dé-lai-tage¹⁵, **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: freeing butter from whey. **-tér**¹⁵ [*dé-, lait*], *tr.*: free (butter) from whey; †wean.

dé-lar-dement¹⁵, *m.*: unlarding; (*arch.*) trimming (a stone, a piece of wood), cutting off the edge, chamfering, splaying.

||-der¹⁵ [*dé-, lard*], *tr.*: free from lard, unlard; (*arch.*) free from thickness, trim down; trim off the edge, chamfer, splay.

dé-lassement¹⁴, *m.*: relaxation (remission of application or attention), repose, ease; recreation, diversion, pastime.

||-laser¹⁵ [*dé-, lasser*], *tr.*: reLAX (refresh, rest; divert).

dé-la-teur¹⁵, **-trice** [*L. -tor* (*ferre*, bring)], *m., f.*: delator (accuser, informer).

-tion¹⁵ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: delation (accusation by an informer, information).

dé-latter¹⁴ [*dé-, latter*], *tr.*: unlath: *se —*, become unlathed.

dé-la-vage¹⁵, *m.*: diluting. **-vé**, *part.*: diluted, etc., washy; faint (in colour), pale, dim.

||-ver¹⁵ [*dé-, laver*], *tr.*: DILUTE, soak: *se —*, be diluted, become faint or pale, lose colour.

dé-la-yage¹⁵, *m.*: diluting, dilution.

-yant¹⁵, *part.*: diluting; *m.*: (*med.*) diluent. **-yement**¹⁵, *m.*: diluting, dilution.

||-yer¹² [?], *tr.*: dilute; draw or spin out; temper (lime).

dé-leatur¹⁷ [*L. 'let it be effaced' (-lere)*], *m.*: (*print.*) DELE. **dé-lé-bile**¹⁵ [*L. delebilis*], *adj.*: delectable.

dé-lec-table¹⁵ [*L. -tabilis*], *adj.*: delectable, delicious. **-tation**¹⁵ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: delectation, delight.

||-tér¹⁵ [*L. -tare* (*de-ticere*, allure)], *tr.*: (or *refl.*) DELIGHT.

dé-lé-gant¹⁵, **-gente**, *m., f.*: delegator.

-gataire¹⁵, *m., f.*: delegate. **-gateur**¹⁵, **-gatrice** [*L. -gator, -gatrix*], *m., f.*: delegator.

-gation¹² [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: delegation; proxy; assignment (of debts).

-gué¹⁴, *m.*: delegate, deputy; proxy.

||-guer¹⁴ [*L. -gare* (*legare*, send with a commission, *lex*, LAW)], *tr.*: delegate; assign.

dé-len-teur¹⁵ [*dé-, lente*], *tr.*: free from nits. **-toir**¹⁵, *m.*: nit-comb.

dé-le-s-tage¹⁵, *m.*: unballasting. **||-tér**¹⁵ [*dé-, leste*], *tr.*: unballast. **-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: ballast-beaver.

dé-lé-tère¹⁷ [*Gr. delectérios (-leisthai, 'hurt' ak. to Lat. delere)*], *adj.*: deleterious.

dé-liaison¹⁵ [*dé-, liaison*], *f.*: disjoining.

dé-libé-rant¹⁵, *adj.*: †deliberating; deliberative. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -ratiuus*], *adj.*: deliberative. **-ration**¹² [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: deliberation; decision.

-ré¹⁴, *adj.*: deliberate, resolute; easy, free; *m.*: deliberation (of the judges): *de propos —*, deliberately. **-rément**¹⁵ [*-ré*], *adv.*: deliberately, boldly.

||-rer¹⁴ [*L. -rare* (*librare*, weigh, *libra*, weight)], *intr.* (*tr.*): deliberate, consider; determine, resolve; train (a circus-horse): *il en sera —ré*, it shall be taken into consideration.

dé-li-cat¹⁴ [*L. -catus*], *adj.*: delicate, dainty; nice; fastidious, ticklish: *faire le*

—, be fastidious; *homme* —, man of delicate health; *il est — et blond*, he is hard to please. **-catement**¹⁴ [*-cat*], *adv.*: delicately, daintily. **†-cater**¹⁵ [*-cat*], *tr.*: fondle, pamper. **-catesse**¹⁵ [*-cat*], *f.*: delicacy; daintiness; nicety. **||-ce**¹¹ [*L. delictum, -cere, delight (laedere, allure)*], *m.*: DELIGHT. **-ees**¹¹ [*L. de-licia*], *f.*, *pl.*: delights: *faire ses — de*, delight in; *faire les — de*, be the delight (darling) of. **-cissement**¹² [*-cient*], *adv.*: deliciously, delightfully. **-cieur**¹¹, **-euse** [*L. -ciosus*], *adj.*: delicious, delightful.

délécoter¹⁵ [*dé-, licot*], *tr.*: (esp. *refl.*): slip (off) the halter.

délécoteur¹⁹, **-euse** [*L. -tum, fault*], *adj.*: unlawful, felonious.

1. délié¹² [*L. delicatus, delicate*], *adj.*: slender, thin, slim, cunning; *m.*: thin stroke, upstroke.

dé-lie¹¹, *adj.*: untied, loose. **||-lier**¹¹ [*dé-, lier*], *tr.*: untie, unbind; release, free: *se —*, come untied, be released.

déligation¹³ [*L. -tio (de-ligare, bind up)*], *f.*: deligation, bandaging.

délimitation¹⁷, *f.*: delimitation, fixing of limit. **||-ter**¹⁷ [*L. -tare*], *tr.*: delimit, fix the limits of, bound.

délinéation¹⁵ [*L. -tio (linea, LINE)*], *f.*: delineation.

délinquant¹⁴, **-quante**, *m., f.*: delinquent, offender. **||-quer**¹⁴ [*L. -quere (linquere, LEAVE, fail)*], *intr.*: (leg.) offend, trespass.

déliquescente¹⁷, *f.*: (chem.) deliquescence. **||-cent**¹⁷ [*L. -cens (liquere, flow)*], *adj.*: deliquescent.

déliquium¹⁷ [*L. (liquere, flow)*], *m.*: —.

dé-lirant¹⁷, *adj.*: delirious: *c'est —*, it is enough to make one mad. **-lire**¹⁶ [*L. -lirium*], *m.*: delirium, frenzy. **||-lirer**¹⁵ [*L. de-lirare (lira, furrow)*], go out of the furrow, rave, *intr.*: rave, be delirious, (†Eng. deliriate).

de-lirium tremens¹⁸ [*L.*], *m.*: —.

dé-lis-sage¹⁷, *m.*: smoothing, sorting. **||-ser**¹⁷, *tr.*: smooth (paper or rags for making paper), sort; undo (the hair). **-seur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *m., f.*: rag-sorter.

1. déli¹³ [*L. de-licium (linquere, LEAVE)*], *m.*: legal offence, misdemeanour, DELINQUENCY, crime: *corps du —*, material evidence of the crime; *en flagrant —*, in the very act.

2. déli-t¹⁶, *m.*: 'unbedding' (cf. *-ter*), laying against the grain. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: shifting the bed (of silk-worms). **||-ter**¹⁵ [*dé, lit*], *tr.*: 'unbed' (shift the position of a stone with reference to its natural bed or stratification), lay against the grain; split (a stone) in the line of its grain; shift the bed of (silk-worms);

refl.: split; break into scales, flake off.

-tesence¹⁵ [*-tescent*], *f.*: breaking into scales, scaling. **1. -tescent**¹⁵, *adj.*: breaking into scales or flakes, scaling.

2. délitescence¹⁵ [*L. -scere, lie hid*], *f.*: (med.) delitescence.

dé-livrance¹¹, *f.*: deliverance, delivery; childbirth. **1. -livre**¹¹, *adj.*: free; (false) à —, lean. **2. -livre**¹³, *m.*: (vulg.) afterbirth, beam (of animals);¹⁵ canal or feeder of salt-basin, etc. **||-livrer**⁹ [*p. L. de-liberare (L. liber, free)*], *tr.*: deliver (set free, release; make over). **-livreur**¹¹, *m.*: deliverer; distributor (of provisions); (*manuf.*) groom; doffer (of a spinning-machine).

dé-logement¹³, *m.*: removal, change of quarters. **||-ger**¹¹ [*dé-, loger*], *intr.*: leave one's lodging, move, decamp; *tr.*: turn out (of a house), oust; dislodge.

délot¹⁵ [old *del* = *dé*], *m.*: thumb-stall.

délover¹⁵ [*dé-, lover*], *tr.*: uncoil (a rope).

dé-loyal¹¹, *pl.* = **-aux** [*dé-, loyal*], *adj.*: disloyal. **-loyalement**¹¹, *adv.*: disloyally.

-loyauté¹⁰, *f.*: disloyalty, perfidy.

Delphes [Gr. *Delphoi*], *f.*: Delphi.

delphine¹⁵ [Gr. *-nion, delphine*], *f.*: delphinine (poisonous alkaloid).

delphinique [Delphes], *adj.*: Delphic.

del-ta¹⁵ [Gr. name of the letter Δ, 'D'], *m.*: —. **-toïde**¹⁵ [Gr. *-to-eidés, delta-shaped*], *adj.*: deltoid, triangular.

déluge¹¹ [*L. diluvium (luere, wash)*], *m.*: deluge, flood; torrent.

déluré¹⁵ [*? dé-, leurré*], *adj.*: (fam.) wide-awake, quick.

délustrer¹⁶ [*dé-, lustre*], *tr.*: remove the lustre from.

†délusoire [*L. -sum (ludere, play)*], *adj.*: delusory.

déluter¹⁶ [*dé-, lut*], *tr.*: unlute, unputty.

déma-gogie¹⁷ [Gr. *-gia*], *f.*: demagogism.

-gogique¹⁷ [*-gogie*], *adj.*: demagogical.

-gogue¹⁵ [Gr. *-gogós (demos, people, agogós, leading)*], *m.*: demagogue.

démaigrir¹⁷ [*dé-, maigrir*], *tr.*: thin (a piece of wood, etc.); *intr.*: (fam.) grow less thin, recover one's flesh.

démâil-ler¹¹ [*dé-, maille*], *tr.*: undo the meshes of; (*nav.*) unlace.

démâilloter¹² [*dé-, maillo*], *tr.*: unswathe.

démaîn⁹ [*p. L. de-mane (L. mane)*], *adv.*: to-morrow; *m.*: to-morrow: *après —*, day after to-morrow.

déman-ché, *part. of -cher* (which see); *m.*: (mus.) shift. **-chement**¹⁷, *m.*: taking off the handle; lack of a handle; (mus.) shifting. **-cher**¹¹ [*dé-, manché*], *tr.*: deprive of handle; take apart, dislocate, disarrange; *intr.*: shift the hand

on the reel or finger-board ('handle') of a violin, etc., to produce high notes; (nav.) get out of a channel: *se* —, loose its handle; go wrong.

deman-de¹¹, *f.*: demand, request; requirement; question, inquiry; (*com.*) order, (*leg.*) suit: *l'offre et la* —, demand and supply. **dér**⁹ [*p. L. -dare*; *L. mandare* (*manus* hand, *dare* give), give in charge, order], *tr. (intr.)*: demand, request; require; question, ask, ask for; solicit, beg; want; (*com.*) order: *-de*, (*com.*) in demand, request. **-deur**¹², **-euse**, or **-deresse**, *m., f.*: demander, asker, applicant.

deman-geaison¹⁵, *f.*: itching; inordinate desire. **-ger**¹⁴ [*dé-, manger*], *intr.*: itch; (*fig.*) have a strong or inordinate desire: *la main me -ge*, my hand is fairly itching (to strike); *les pieds lui -gent*, he is eager (longs) to go out.

deman-tèlement¹⁵, *m.*: dismantling. **-teler** [*dé-, manteau*], *tr.*: dismantle.

démantibuler¹⁵ [*dé-, mandibule*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) break (the jaw-bone of), break up.

démar-cage¹⁸ [*-quer*], *m.*: unmarking, removing the marks. **-cation**¹⁷ [*Span. -cación* (cf. *Fr. -quer*)], *f.*: demarcation.

démar-che¹⁴, *f.*: step; walk, gait; proceeding, measure; attempt, application: *faire une* —, take a step or measures. **-cher**¹¹ [*dé-, marcher*], *intr.*: walk: *se* —, walk with a proud gait, strut.

démarger¹⁸ [*de-, marger*], *tr.*: open (holes of an oven).

démarier¹² [*dé-, marier*], *tr.*: unmarry, divorce: *se* —, get a divorce.

démar-que¹¹, *f.*: (play) withdraw the marks; unmark. **-quement**¹⁸, *m.*: unmarking; fraudulent removal of marks (on reserved trees). **-quer**¹⁵ [*dé-, marquer*], *tr.*: deprive of its mark or sign, unmark; (*play*) deduct (points marked); *intr.*: lose the mark of its age (in speaking of the teeth of horses).

démar-rage¹⁷, *m.*: unmooring. **-rer**¹⁴ [*dé-, root of amarrer*], *tr.*: unmoor; pull out or ahead; unbend (ropes); *intr.*: leave or break her moorings; move off.

démas-clage¹⁸, *m.*: barking (cork trees). **-cler**¹⁸ [*mod. Prov. -cla*, EMASCULATE], *tr.*: bark (cork trees).

démasquer¹⁵ [*dé-, masque*], *tr.*: unmask.

démastiquer¹⁶ [*dé-, mastie*], *tr.*: deprive of mastio or putty.

démâ-tage¹⁷, *m.*: dismantling. **-ter**¹⁶ [*dé-, mâl*], *tr.*: unmast; *intr.*: be unmasted, lose her masts.

démê-lage¹⁸, *m.*: unravelling, sorting (wool). **-lé**, *m.*: contest, strife, conten-

tion. **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: unmingling, disentanglement. **-ler**¹¹ [*dé-, mêler*], *tr.*: un mingle, separate, disentangle, unravel; distinguish; settle (an affair): *se* —, unravel, be disentangled, etc.; tetricate one's self; part one's hair; *avoir d* — *avec*, have to do with; *avoir quelque chose d* — *avec*, have an affair to settle with; — *le vrai d'avec le faux*, distinguish truth from falsehood. **-loir**¹⁷, *m.*: separator; comb for parting the hair.

démem-brément¹², *m.*: dismemberment; dismembered part. **-brer**¹⁹ [*dé-, membre*], *tr.*: dismember; cut up; separate.

déménage-ment¹⁶, *m.*: removal (change of residence), moving. **-ger**¹² [*dé-, ménage*], *tr.*: remove (household goods); plunder; *intr.*: remove (change residence); be off; (*fig.*) become distracted or crazy. **-geur**¹⁵, *m.*: remover.

démence¹⁵ [*L. de-mentia* (*mens*, MIND)], *f.*: DEMENTIA, madness, insanity: *tomber en* —, become insane.

démener¹⁹ *dém-* [*dé-, mener*], *tr.*: agitate; *refl.*: throw one's self about, struggle, toil.

dément¹⁴ [*L. de-mens* (*-mens*, MIND)], *adj.*: mad, insane; also noun.

démén-ti¹⁵, *m.*: exposure of an untruth, contradiction: *donner le* — *d*, give the lie to; *avoir le* — *dé*, be checked in, get the worst of. **-tir**¹⁹ [*dé-, mentir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: give the lie to, contradict, belie; refute; disown; retract: *se* —, contradict one's self, belie one's self; be contradicted or proved to be false; be inconsistent; fall off, flag; give way.

démègement¹⁸, *m.*: diminished draught of a ship. **-ger**¹⁸ [*dé-, root of immerger*], *intr.*: diminish in draught (of a ship).

déméri-te¹⁸ [*dé-, mérite*], *m.*: demerit. **-ter**¹⁵ [*dé-, mériter*], *intr.*: demerit (deserve blame); sink in favour. **-toire**¹⁴, *adj.*: lacking in merit, blamable.

démè-su-ré¹⁸ *dém-* [*dé-, mesuré*], *adj.*: inordinate (in measure), excessive, huge; immoderate. **-rément**¹⁹, *adj.*: inordinately, excessively.

démè-ttre¹² [*dé-, mettre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: 1. displace; dislocate, put out of joint; 2. (directly from *L. de-mittere*) †DISMISS; (*leg.*) overrule.

démèu-blément¹⁶, *m.*: unfurnished, removal of furniture; lack of furniture. **-bler**¹² [*dé-, meuble*], *tr.*: unfurnish, strip of furniture; deprive.

de-mourant¹¹, **-ante**, *adj.*: †tarrying; residing, dwelling; *m.*: remainder (residue); *m.*: dweller. **-meure**¹¹, *f.*: †tarrying, †delay; dwelling (act of; or house),

residence, abode. **||-mourer**^o [p. L. **de-morāre*, L. *-morāri* (*mora*, delay)], *tr.*: tarry; remain; dwell, live, reside, stay; stand, stop: — *en arrière*, stay behind; — *d'accord*, agree; *où en est-il -meuré?* where did he stop or leave off? *la victoire nous est -meurée*, victory remained with us; — *sur son appétit*, not fully satisfy one's appetite.

demi^o, **-ie** [p. L. **dēmedius* (L. *dī-midiūs*, fr. *medius*, MIDDLE)], *adj.*, or *m.*, *f.*, or *adv.*: half; *demi- (invar.)*, in many self-explaining compounds (half, semi-), like *demi-heure* (also *demie*), half hour, *demi-pied*, half foot, *demi-cercle*, semicircle, *demi-plein*, half full, etc. (compounds of peculiar meaning explained below): *je suis corsaire et —*, I am a corsair and a half, i.e. more than an ordinary corsair; *à trompeur, trompeur et —*, set a cheat to catch a cheat; *à —*, by halves. **-aigrette**¹⁷, *f.*: blue heron. **-amazone**¹⁷, *f.*: parrot (of Guiana). **-bain**¹⁶, *m.*: hip bath. **-bande**¹⁸, *f.*: inclination (of a ship) to the middle of the keel. **-bat-ton**¹⁷, *m.*: pause-mark (in music). **-bat-toir**¹⁶, battledoor (at tennis). **-dame**, *f.*: middle-class lady. **-dieu**¹⁵, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: demigod.

démieller¹⁸ [*dé-, miel*], *tr.*: take honey from.

demi-fin¹⁸, *adj.*: containing about one half of alloy. **-fortune**¹⁸, *f.*: sort of buggy (for one horse). **-futaie**, *f.*: from 40 to 60 year old tree. **-jeu**¹⁷, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: playing between forte and piano. **-lune**¹⁵, *f.*: (*fort.*) demilune, ravelin; semicircular place before a building, etc. **-mondaine**¹⁸, *f.*: woman of the demimonde. **-monde**¹⁸, *m.*: demimonde (society of doubtful reputation). **-place**¹⁸, *f.*: place at half price. **-reliure**¹⁸, *f.*: half leather binding. **-soldier**, *m.*: soldier on half pay.

démis-sion¹⁸ [*-sio* (*mittere*, send)], *f.*: resignation (of an office, Eng. *demission*; giving up of property to children). **-sionnaire**¹⁷, *adj.*: resigned (officer, etc.); recipient (heir).

demi-tour¹⁷, *m.*: half-turn: — *à droite!* (*mil.*) right about face!

démittre [*dé-, mitre*], *tr.*: unmitre.

démiurge¹⁸ [L. *-gus*, Gr. *demiourgós*, worker for the people, Creator], *m.*: demiurge.

démobiliser [*dé-, mobiliser*], *tr.*: demobilise.

démocrate¹⁷, *m.*: democrat. **||-tie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-tia* (*dēmos*, people, *kratēs*, be strong)], *f.*: democracy. **-tique**¹⁸ [Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: democratic. **-tiquement**¹⁸ [*-tique*], *adv.*: democratically.

démoder¹⁸ [*dé-, mode*], *tr.*: put out of fashion: *se —*, get out of fashion.

démousselle^o [p. L. *domnicella* (L. *domina*, mistress)], *f.*: lady of noble birth; gentlewoman; unmarried lady (usually) young lady, —, DAMSEL; lady (married or unmarried, in an establishment, etc.); name of various animals (Numidian crane; dragon-fly; titmouse) or tools, etc. (paving beetle; cross-piece of a sawing-trestle; glove buttoner; hot-water bottle).

démolir¹⁸ [L. *-liri* (*moliri*, construct, moles, mass)], *tr.*: demolish. **-lissement**¹⁸, *m.*: demolishment. **-lisseur**¹⁸, *m.*: demolisher, subverter. **-lition**¹⁸ [*-litiō*], *f.*: demolition, destruction; *pl.*: materials (of a demolished structure).

démon¹⁸ [L. *dæmon* (Gr. *daímon*)], *m.*: demon (anc. good or evil genius); fiend, devil; (*jest.*) wild child or fellow: *faire le —*, play the devil.

démonétisation¹⁸, *f.*: demonetisation. **||-ser**¹⁸ [*dé-, L. moneta*, money], *tr.*: demonetise.

démon-... [cf. *démon*]: **-niaque**¹⁸ [L. *dæmoniācus*], *adj.*: demoniac(al); *m.*, *f.*: demoniac, demon. **-nographie**¹⁸ [*-gráphein*, write], *m.*: demonographer. **-nographie**¹⁸ [*-nographie*], *f.*: demonology. **-nomanie**¹⁸ [Gr. *daimono-mania* (rage)], *f.*: demonomania; belief in devils; demonology.

démonstrateur¹⁸ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: demonstrator. **-tif**, **-ive**¹⁸ [L. *-tīvus*], *adj.*: demonstrative. **||-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio* (*monstrare*, show)], *f.*: demonstration. **-tivement**¹⁸ [*-tif*], *adv.*: demonstratively.

démon-tage¹⁸, *m.*: taking to pieces; dismounting. **||-ter**¹⁸ [*dé-, monter*], *tr.*: dismount (unhorse; take down or to pieces); run down (the weight of a clock, etc.); relax (a spring, etc.); put out of service; unhinge, baffle, foil, nonplus; unset; unship (a rudder); (*nav.*) supersede in command: *se —*, be taken to pieces, be broken up, get out of repair, be or become deranged; be dislocated; be baffled, etc.

démon-trable¹⁸, *adj.*: demonstrable. **-trer**¹⁸ [L. *de-monstrare*, show], *tr.*: demonstrate, prove; show.

démoralisant¹⁸, **-satrice**, *m.*, *f.*: demoraliser; *adj.*: demoralising. **-sation**¹⁸, *f.*: demoralisation. **||-ser** [*mor-aliser*], *tr.*: demoralise.

démordre¹⁸ [*dé-, mordre*], *intr.*: let go one's hold with the teeth; let go; relax, desist, abate, change (one's ways, opinion).

Démosthène, *m.*: Demosthenes.

démotique¹⁸ [Gr. *-tikós* (*dēmos*, people)], *adj.*: demotic, popular.

démoucheter¹⁸ [*dé-, moucheter*], *tr.*: take the button off (a foil).

dé-moulage¹⁸ [m.], taking out of the mould, unmoulding. || **-mouler** [dé-, moule], tr.: take out of the mould; (metal.) dress.

démouvoir¹⁸ [dé-, mouvoir], irr.; tr.: turn aside.

démunir¹⁵ [dé-, munir], tr.: deprive, strip; strip of ammunition.

démurer¹¹ [dé-, murer], tr.: unwall, open.

démuscler¹⁵ [dé-, muscler], tr.: unmuzzle.

dénai [L. *denarius*], adj.: denary, TEN-fold.

dénantir¹⁴ [dé-, nantir], tr.: deprive of security.

dénationaliser¹⁷ [dé-, nationaliser], tr.: denationalise.

dénatter¹⁶ [dé-, natter], tr.: untangle, unmat (hair).

dénaturer¹¹ [dé-, nature], tr.: alter the nature of, pervert, distort, adulterate, misrepresent; (chem.) debase; deprive of natural sentiment, harden. -**ré**, part.: altered in nature, perverted, etc.; deprived of natural sentiment, unnatural, hardened, barbarous.

den-ché² [p. L. **denticatus* (L. *dens*, TOOTH)], adj.: (her.) DANCETÉ, indented.

-chure¹⁸, f.: (her.) indented border.

den-drite¹⁷ [Gr. *-drites* (-dron, tree)], f.: (min.) =.

-drolithe¹⁷ [Gr. *déndron*, tree, *lithos*, stone], f.: dendrolite.

-drophage¹⁸ [Gr. *déndron*, tree, *phageln*, eat], adj.: wood-eating.

dénégateur¹⁷ [L. -*tor*], m.: denier.

-tion¹⁸ [L. -*tio*], f.: denial, (†Eng. denegation). || **-toire**¹⁷ [L. *de-negare* (ne, not), DENY], adj.: negatory.

dénéral¹⁸, pl. = **aux** [denier], m.: (coin.) assaying-plate.

déni¹² [-nier], m.: denial; refusal.

déniai-zer¹⁵ [dé-, niais], tr.: sharpen the wits of, render cunning; †cheat (dupe):

se —, grow sharp or cunning. -**sé**, cunning; *une fille -sée*, a girl who has lost her innocence, an impudent girl.

1. **dénicheur**¹¹ [dé-, nid (cf. *nicher*)], tr.: take or drive out of the nest, drive out, hunt out; intr.: leave its nest, fly away, quit; -**ché**, flown, gone.

2. **déni-cher**¹⁵ [dé-, niche], tr.: take out of its niche (a statue, etc.); (fig.) deprive of worship. 1. **-cheur**¹⁶, m.: remover of statues (from their niches).

2. **dénicheur**¹⁶, = **oyse** [1. -*cher*], m., f.: bird's-nester; fortune-hunter, sharper: — *de merles* or *fauvettes*, adventurer.

denier⁹ [p. L. *-nārius* (L. *dēni*, by ten)], m.: denarius (Rom. coin worth ten asses); denier (old Fr. coin, 1/2 of a sou); rate of interest; (esp. in pl.) money, specie, funds; (pharm.) scruple: — *fort*, big interest;

— *à Dieu* (or *d'adieu*), earnest; gratuity; — *de Saint-Pierre*, Saint-Peter's pence; — *de fin*, *de loi*, standard; le — *de la veuve*, the widow's mite; à — *s découverts*, in cash; au — *vingt*, five per cent.

dénier¹¹ [L. *de-negare*], tr.: DENY; disown; refuse.

déni-grant¹⁸, adj.: denigrating, disparaging. -**grement**¹⁵, m.: denigration, defamation, disparagement. || **-grer**¹⁸ [L. -*grare* (niger, black), blacken], tr.: slander.

Dénis, or **-ys**, m.: Dionysius, Dénis.

dénive-ler¹⁸ [niveler], tr.: put out of level. -**lation**¹⁸, f.: putting out of level.

dénom-brément¹⁵, m.: enumeration; census. || **-brer**¹⁵ [L. *de-numerare* (numerus, number)], tr.: number, count.

déno-minateur¹⁴ [L. -*minator*, namer], m.: (arith.) denominator. -**minatif**¹⁴, = **-ive** [L. -*minativus*], adj.: (gram.) denominative. -**mination**¹² [L. -*minatio*], f.: denomination; †denominator. || **-mi-ner**¹¹ [L. -*minare* (nomen, NAME)], tr.: NAME, mention; denominate, call.

dénon-cer¹¹ [L. *de-nuntiare* (nuntius, messenger)], tr.: announce or declare officially, proclaim, (†Eng. denounce); denounce, inform against, accuse. -**cia-teur**¹⁴, = **-trice** [L. -*ciator*, -*ciatrix*], m., f.: denunciator, informer, accuser.

-ciation¹² [L. -*ciatio*], f.: public declaration, denunciation.

déno-tation¹⁴ [L. -*tatio*], f.: denotation. -**ter**¹⁵ [L. -*tare* (nota, note)], tr.: denote, betoken.

dé-nouement¹⁵, or **-nouement**, m.: (rare) untying; denouement, unraveling (of a plot), catastrophe (of a drama, etc.), event. || **-nouer**¹¹ [dé-, nouer], tr.: untie, unknot; solve; unravel (a plot); set free: *se* —, become untied, unravel, come out.

denrée¹¹ [denier: "what may be had for a denier"], f.: provision, food; commodity: *vendre bien sa* —, make the most of one's talents.

den-se¹² [L. -*sus*], adj.: =. -**sité** [L. -*sitas*], f.: density.

den-t⁹ [L. *dens*], f.: TOOTH; notch, cog; TINE (of a pitchfork, etc.): — *angulaire*, canine, canine tooth; fang; eye-tooth;

— *s de lait*, first teeth; — *s d'en haut*, upper teeth; — *s d'en bas*, lower teeth; — *s de devant*, front teeth; *faire ses* — *s*, cut one's teeth; *les* — *s percent à cet enfant*, that child is cutting his teeth; *le mal de* — *s*, the tooth-ache; *avoir mal aux* — *s*, have the tooth-ache; *avoir une* — *contre*, have an old grudge against; *avoir des* — *s*, be notched; *déchirer à belles* — *s*, tear to pieces; *être sur les* — *s*, be tired out; *prendre le mors aux* — *s*, take the bridle,

run away; be earnest in business; *rire du bout des —s*, pretend to laugh. **-taire**¹⁷ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: dental; *f.*: dentaria, toothwort. **-tal**¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aux**, *adj.*: dental (esp. of letters). **-t-de-lion**, *m.*: DANDELION. **-t-de-loup**, *m.*: big pin or bolt; sharp crag. **-té**¹⁴, **-ée**, *adj.*: toothed; (*bot.*) dentated; cogged; *f.*: bite of a hound; stroke, rip (of a task): *lée en scie*, serrated. **-telaine**¹⁷ [*-telé*], *f.*: lead-wort. **-telé**¹⁵, *adj.*: denticulated, indented, notched. **-teler**¹⁶, *tr.*: indent, notch, jag. **-telet**¹⁶, *m.*: (*arch.*) dentil. **-telle**¹⁵, *f.*: lace (as ordinarily denticulated); lace-work (in engraving or sculpture); facet (of a jewel). **-telière**¹⁸ [*-telle*], *f.*: lace-maker, lace-woman; lace-machine. **-telure**¹⁵ [*-telé*], *f.*: indented border, indenting, jaggings. **-ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: tooth, cog (a wheel). **-ticulaire**¹⁸ [*-ticule*], *adj.*: denticulate. **-ticule**¹⁸ [L. *-ticulus*], *m.*: (*arch.*) DENTIL. **-tier**¹⁶, *m.*: †set of (natural) teeth; set of (artificial) teeth; metal plate for artificial teeth; indented knife. **-tifrice**¹⁴ [L. *-tifricium* (*dens, fricare, rub*)], *m.*: =, tooth-powder; *adj.*: tooth: *poudre —*, tooth-powder. **-tirostres**¹⁸ [L. *dens, rostrum, bill*], *m. pl.*: family of denti-rosters (kind of sparrows). **-tiste**¹⁷, *m.*: dentist. **-tition**¹⁷ [L. *-titio*], *f.*: =, cutting of teeth. **-ture**¹⁸, *f.*: set of teeth; (*tech.*) teeth-range. **dénudation**¹⁸ [L. *-nudatio*], *f.*: =. **-nuder**¹⁷ [L. *-nudare*], *tr.*: denude, lay bare. **-nué**, *part.*: bereaved, stripped; destitute; void. **-nument**¹⁸, *m.*: deprivation, destitution. **-nuer**¹⁸ [L. *-nūdare* (*nūdus, NUDE, bare*)], *tr.*: deprive, strip: *se —*, deprive or strip one's self, leave one's self bare or destitute; *-nué*, see above. **-nument** = **-nument**. **déontologie**¹⁸ [Gr. *dēon, duty, logos*, doctrine], *f.*: deontology. **dépatiller**¹⁸ [*dé-, paille*], *tr.*: strip of straw. **dépalisser**¹⁸ [*dé-, palisser*], *tr.*: untrellis. **dépaqueter**¹⁸ [*dé-, paquet*], *tr.*: unpack. **†déparager**¹⁸ [*dé-, parage*], *tr.*: degrade by unequal marriage, (†Eng. DISPARAGE). **dépareiller**¹⁸ [*dé-, appareiller*], *tr.*: unmatched, separate from its match, spoil a pair or set of. **déparer**¹⁸ [*dé-, parer*], *tr.*: disadorn; undress (esp. altars); disfigure, mark, DISPARAGE. **déparier**¹⁸ [*dé-, parier*], *tr.*: take away one of a PAIR, separate (male and female). **déparler**¹⁸ [*dé-, parler*], *intr.*: (*fam.*) cease talking. **déparquer**¹⁸ [*dé-, parquer*], *tr.*: unpen; disembark. **départ**¹⁸ [*-tir*], *m.*: departure, setting

out, start; †parting, separation: *être sur son —*, be about to set out; *faux —*, uneven start (of horses); *point de —*, starting point.

départager¹⁶ [*dé-, partager*], *tr.*: break the equality of (votes); decide between: *— les voix*, give a casting-vote.

département¹⁸, *m.*: department (†distribution; †assigned lodging; division of executive government, of an institution, etc., province; territorial division in France governed by a prefect). **-tamental**¹⁷, *pl.* = **-aux** [*-partement*], *adj.*: departmental. **†-tie**¹⁰, *f.*: departure, separation. **†-tir** [*dé-, partir*], *irr.*: *tr.*: †separate; distribute, dispense, bestow: *se — (de)*, depart, deviate or swerve (from), desist (from).

dépasser¹⁸ [*dé-, passer*], *tr.*: go beyond, pass; reach beyond; overstep, exceed; surpass; outsail; draw out; (*nav.*) unreeve.

dépa-vage¹⁸, *m.*: unpaving. **||-ver**¹⁵ [*dé-, paver*], *tr.*: unpave.

dépayer¹⁸ [*dé-, payer*], *tr.*: transfer from one's country, send from home, transplant; put out of one's element, course, or track; put on a wrong scent.

dé-peçage¹⁸, *m.*: cutting or taking to pieces, cutting up, carving, dismemberment. **-peçement**¹⁸, *m.*: cutting up or in pieces, dismemberment. **||-peçer**¹⁸ [*dé-, pièce*], *tr.*: cut or take to PIECES, carve, dismember. **-peçer**, **-eçse**, *m.*, *f.*: one who cuts or takes to pieces.

dépêche¹⁸, *f.*: DISPATCH (†expedition, finishing up; speedy message or communication); correspondence, mail: *les —s*, the post-bags; *faire les —s*, make up the mails; *une marchandise de mauvaise —*, a merchandise hard to dispose of; *à — compagnon*, cf. **-cher**. **||-cher**¹⁸ [*dé-, root of empêcher*], *tr.* (*us'ly refl.*): †rid of or free from (as a hindrance); DISPATCH (expedite, send off; send promptly; make away with, kill); *intr.*: send off a dispatch or a speedy messenger; make haste! hurry up! *à —che compagnon*, in a hurry, quickly; without giving quarter.

dépeçoir¹⁷ [*-cer*], *m.*: chopping-knife.

dépeindre¹⁸ [L. *de-pingere* (*pingere, PAINT*)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*), *tr.*: DEPICT, describe; old PAINT.

dépelotonner¹⁸ [*dé-, pelotonner*], *tr.*: unroll, unwind (thread, etc.).

dépnail-16¹⁶ [OFr. *de-pané* (*pan*, in its early sense of 'rag'), *adj.*: tattered, in rags; emaciated (of the face). **-lement**¹⁷, *m.*: raggedness; emaciation.

†dépendamment¹⁸ [*-pendant*], *adv.*: dependently. **-pendance**¹⁸ [*1.-pendre*], *f.*: dependence; dependency; appendage, out-house: *être dans la — de*, be de-

pendent on. **-pendant**¹³ [1.-pendre], *adj.*: dependent; (*leg.*) attendant. **-pendeur**¹², **-pendense** [2.-pendre], *m., f.*: unhanger, detacher: un — d'andouilles, a tall lean fellow (capable of taking down the antlers over a butcher's shop). 1. **-pendre**¹¹ [L. *de-pendere* (*pendere*, hang)], *intr.*: depend, be dependent; be a dependency. 2. **-pendre**¹¹, *tr.*: unhang, take down. 3. **-pendre**¹⁰ [P. L. *dis-pendere*, weigh out], *tr.*: expend. **-pens**¹¹ [L. L. *dispensum* (cf. 3.-pendre)], *m., pl.*: expense(s); cost(s). **-pense**¹¹ [L. L. *dispensa* (cf. -pens)], *f.*: EXPENSE, expenditure; yield; steward's office; larder; *pl.* supplies (of parliament): — *de bouche*, expense for living; *ne pas plaindre la —*, not to spare expense; *faire de la —*, spend money. **-penser**¹⁴ [-pense], *tr.*: expend, SPEND; employ; consume. **-pensier**¹¹, **-pensière** [-pense], *m., f.*: dispenser, disbursar, bursar; *adj.*: fond of expending money, as noun SPENDTHRIFT, extravagant.

déperdition¹⁵ [L. *de-perdere*, lose gradually], *f.*: gradual loss or destruction, (†Eng. depredation); (*med.*) discharge.

dépérir¹² [L. *de-perire*], *intr.*: die away, waste (away), PERISH, decay, go to ruin, dwindle. **-rissement**¹⁵, *m.*: dying or wasting away, decay, perishing; wasted or withered condition.

dépêtrer¹² [dê-, root of *empêtrer*], *tr.*: unchain; disentangle; disengage, extricate.

dépeuplement¹⁵, *m.*: depopulation. **-pler** [dê-, *peuple*], *tr.*: DEPOPULATE, dispeople; unstock; reduce; thin (a forest); draw (a pond).

dépiauter¹⁸ [dê-, *pieau*, dial. for *peau*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) skin.

†**dépieage** = *dépiquage*.

dépiécer¹³ [dê-, *pièce*], *tr.*: take to pieces.

dépêtrer¹⁸ [dê-, *pied*], *tr.*: expose at the foot or root.

1. **dépi-lage**¹⁵, **-lement** [2.-ler], *m.*: removal of piles in a mine.

2. **dépi-lage**¹⁵, *m.*: taking off the hair or fleece, fleecing. **-latif**¹⁷, **-ive**, *adj.*: depilatory. **-lation**¹², *f.*: falling off of the hair, loss of hair; depilation. **-latoire**¹⁵, *adj.*: depilatory. 1. **-ler**¹⁵ [L. *de-pilare* (*pilus*, hair)], *tr.*: depilate, strip of hair, denude: *se —*, lose the hair.

2. **depiler**¹⁸ [dê-, *pîle*], *tr.*: remove the piles or supports of (a mine).

dépi-quage¹⁷ [Prov. *dépicaque* (cf. *-quer*)], *m.*: treading of grain. 1. **-quer**¹⁷ [Prov. *depica* (*espigo* = Fr. *épi*)], *tr.*: thresh (grain, by treading of horses, or mules, or under rollers).

2. **dépiquer**¹⁶ [dê-, *piquer*], *tr.*: unstitch, unquilt; pacify (one piqued or offended), unruffle; fconsole.

dépister¹⁷ [dê-, *piate*], *tr.*: track, trace, trail, hunt out; throw off the track or trail, put on the wrong track; misdirect.

1. **dépi-t**¹⁰ [L. *despectus* (*de-spiciere*, look down upon, DESPISE); contempt], *m.*: contempt; despite, spite; vexation, anger; (*old adj.*: spiteful): *en — de*, in spite of, despite; *en — qu'on en ait*, in spite of all one may do, in spite of one; *avoir du — (contre)*, spite, be spiteful (against); be vexed (with). **-ter**¹², *tr.*: despise; spite, thwart; vex. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, *adj.*: (*old*) spiteful; (*now* only of falcons refusing to return when they have lost the quarry).

dépla-cement¹⁵, *m.*: displacement, change of place. **-cer**¹⁴ [dê-, *place*], *tr.*: displace, misplace, remove, shift.

dé-plaire¹¹ [dê-, *plaire*], *irr.*; *intr.* (with *à*): displease, be unpleasant or disagreeable (to), offend: *se (dat.) — (de)*, be displeased (with), dislike; pine (of plants, animals); displease each other; *n'en déplaie (à)*, may it not displease; with the leave of; with all due deference (to); *ne vous (dat.) en déplaie*, with your leave (cf. preceding); *je ne me déplairais pas ici*, I should not dislike living here.

†**-plaisance**¹⁷, *f.*: dislike, aversion. **-plaisant**¹¹, *adj.*: displeasing, unpleasant, disagreeable. **-plaisir**¹² [dê-, *plaisir*], *m.*: displeasure; dislike, distaste; uncomfortableness; affliction, trouble.

déplan-tation¹⁵, *f.*: displantation. **-ter**¹⁵ [dê-, *planter*], *tr.*: displant; tear up (plants, etc.); heave up (anchor). **-teur**, *m.*: displanter. **-toir**, *m.*: (*hort.*) trowel.

déplâtrer [dê-, *plâtrer*], *tr.*: unplaster.

déplier¹⁵ [dê-, *plier*], *tr.*: unfold; expose goods.

déplisser¹⁶ [dê-, *plisser*], *tr.*: unplat; smooth.

déploiement¹⁵ or **-oiment** [*déploier*], *m.*: unfolding, display; (*mil.*) DEPLOYMENT.

déplo-mber¹⁸ [dê-, *plomber*], *tr.*: unseal (customs); remove fillings (of teeth).

déplo-rable¹⁵, *adj.*: deplorable. **-ra-blement** [-rable], *adv.*: deplorably. **-rer**¹¹ [L. *-rare* (*plorare*, wail)], *tr.*: cry over; deplore; bewail, lament.

déplo-yer¹¹ [dê-, *ployer*], *tr.*: unfold, unfurl, unroll; DISPLAY, put forth; array; spread (a sail); DEPLOY (troops): *à voiles yées*, under full sail.

déplumer¹² [dê-, *plume*], *tr.*: displume, unfeather, pluck: *se —*, shed feathers, moult; (*fam.*) grow bald.

dépo-lir¹⁰ [dé-, polir], tr.: remove the polish from; rough (glass). **-lissage**¹⁸, m.: unpolishing; glass-roughing.

déponent¹⁵ [L. de-ponens (ponere, put), 'laying aside,' viz. the active form], adj.: (gram.) deponent.

dépopulariser¹⁷ [dé-, populariser], tr.: render unpopular.

dépopulation¹⁵ [L. -tio (populus, people)], f.: depopulation.

1. **déport**¹⁵ [dé-, root of report], m.: (stock exch.) backwardation; contango.

2. **dépor-t**¹¹, m.: †administration (of a benefice or fief after the death of the incumbent); management, discretion, regard; delay; challenging one's self (of judges, etc.): *sans* —, without discretion (or regard); *à payer sans* —, to be paid without delay. **-tation**¹⁴ [L. -tatio], f.: deportation. **-té**, cf. **-ter**. **-tement**¹², m.: †deportment (conduct); bad conduct, misconduct; enlargement (of a model with reference to its shrinkage in cooling).

||-ter¹¹ [1. dé-, porter; 2. L. de-portare], tr.: 1. †conduct; †sustain, †favour, †spare; 2. †deport, send into banishment: †*1. se* —, divert one's self; desist; challenge one's self; *-té*, part.: (as noun) person sentenced to deportation, transport, convict.

dépo-sant¹⁶, **-ante**, m., f.: deponent, depositor; bailer; as part. cf. **-ser**. **dépo-se**¹⁵, f.: removal (of any fixture).

||-ser¹¹ [dé-, poser], tr.: lay down, deposit; lodge (a complaint); lay aside; depose, dethrone; divest; remove; intr.: settle, leave sediment; give evidence: *se* —, be deposited; settle; †abdicate. **-si-taire**¹³ [L. -sitarus], m., f.: depository; trustee. **-sition**¹¹ [L. -sitiō], f.: de-position (laying down of testimony, evidence; setting aside a sovereign, etc., divestiture); removal (*en* — *de croix*, representation of the body of Christ detached from the cross).

dépos-séder¹⁴ [dé-, posséder], tr.: dispossess. **-sesseur**, m.: dispossessor. **-sion**¹⁶, f.: dispossession, ouster; †deliverance.

déposter¹⁰ [dé-, poste], tr.: dislodge, drive from a post.

dépôt¹³ [L. de-positum (ponere, put), deposit], m.: depositing; deposit; trust; depository, warehouse; depot; repository; deposit, sediment; settlement; concretion: — *de mendicilé*, poor-house; *en* —, in deposit or trust; on sale or return.

dépo-tement¹⁸, m.: decantation; gaging. **||-ter**¹⁶ [dé-, pot], tr.: decant; take out of a pot. **-toir**¹⁸, m.: decanter, place for receiving or gaging wines; general deposit of night-soil, dumping-ground.

dépoudre¹⁷ [dé-, poudrer], tr.: un-powder.

dé-pouille¹¹, f.: skin or slough ('stripped off' an animal, †Eng. SPOIL), shell; (mortal) remains or envelope, body, tenement; wardrobe (left by persons deceased), inheritance; SPOIL, (†Eng. DESPOIL), booty, plunder; act of taking anything out of a mold or matrix: — *s opimes*, 'spolia opima' (arms of a slain enemy); *droit de* —, the right of bishops to certain things left by a deceased ecclesiastic; *être de* —, be easily taken out of a mold. **-pouille-ment**¹¹, m.: (de)spoiling, spoliation, plunder; friction; flaying; taking out documents, etc., for examination, abstract (of accounts, etc.), ascertaining the result (of a ballot). **||-pouiller**⁹ [L. de-spoliare (spolium, booty)], tr.: strip off the skin or garment, (†Eng. DESPOIL), skin; DESPOIL (divest, to strip, deprive, plunder); cast off; gather (crops); take out (documents, etc.) for examination, inspect: *se* —, shed its skin, moult; divest one's self; dispense (*de*, with); *-pouille*, stripped, naked; *jouer au roi -pouille*, ruin any one.

dépour-voir¹¹ [dé-, pourvoir], irr. (little used except in part., cf. below); tr.: leave UNPROVIDED or destitute. **-vu**¹¹, part.: unprovided, destitute; *au* —, unprepared, unaware.

dépra-vateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. -vator], m., f.: depraver; adj.: depraving. **-va-tion**¹⁵ [L. -vatio], f.: depravation; depravity; ruin, disordered condition. **||-ver**¹³ [L. de-pravare (prævus, crooked, perverse)], tr.: deprave, pervert, vitiate.

dépréca-tif, **-ive** [L. -tivus (de-precarei, avert by PRAYER)], adj.: deprecatory. **-tion**¹¹, f.: deprecation. **-toire**¹⁴, adj.: deprecatory.

dépré-ciateur¹⁸, **-trice**, m.: deprecator. **-ciation**¹⁷, f.: deprecation. **||-cier**¹⁷ [L. de-, pretiare (pretium, PRICE)], tr.: depreciate, undervalue, decry.

dépré-dateur¹⁸, **-trice** [L. -dator], m., f.: predator. **-dation**¹⁴ [L. -datio], f.: depredation, plundering. †**||-der**¹³ [L. de-pradari (præda, PREY, plunder)], tr.: depredate, despoil.

déprendre¹³ [de-, prendre], irr.; tr.: take apart, detach, loosen.

dépression¹³ [L. -ssio (premere, PRESS)], f.: depression; hollow.

1. †**dé-prier**⁹ [p. L. de-precare (L. -preca-ri), tr.: PRAY. 2. -prier¹⁵ [dé-, prier], tr.: ask not to come (a person invited), send excuse to.

déprimer¹⁸ [L. de-primere (premere, PRESS)], tr.: DEPRESS, press down; flatten; underrate.

†**dépriser**¹¹ [dé-, priser], tr.: DEPRECIATE, underrate.

de profundis [L., 'from the depths,' opening words of the psalm], m.: = (funeral psalm).

dépromettre¹⁰ [dé-, promettre], irr.; tr.: take back (a promise).

†**dépuceler**¹¹ [dé-, pucelle], tr.: (vulg.) deprive of virginity, debauch.

depuis¹¹ [de, puis], prep.: from (of time, place, order), since, after; adv.: since, since that time; †since (because): — que, conj.: (ever) since; — longtemps, for a long time; — peu, recently, lately; — deux ans, for two years, these two years.

dépu-ratif¹⁷, =ive, adj.: depuratory. **-ration**¹², f.: depuration. **-ratoire**¹⁷, adj.: depuratory. **-rer**¹⁷ [L. L. -rare (purus, pure)], tr.: dehydrate.

dépu-tation¹⁵ [L. -tatio], f.: deputa-tion, deputyship. **-té**¹³, m.: deputy.

||-ter¹³ [L. -tare (putare, prune), orig'ly 'cut off,' so 'set apart, commission': cf. dé-tacher], tr.: depute, delegate, commission.

déracinement¹⁴, m.: rooting up, eradication. ||-ner¹² [dé-, racine], tr.: pull up by the root, root up, pluck up, ERADICATE.

dérader¹⁵ [dé-, rade], intr.: be driven from the roadstead (by the wind or tide), be driven out to sea.

déraïdir¹⁶ [dé-, raïdir], tr.: unstiffen, render pliant: se —, lose one's stiffness, grow pliant.

dérail-lement¹⁸, m.: unrailing, running off the rail. ||-ler¹⁵ [dé-, rail], intr.: run off the rails, derail.

dérat-son¹¹ [dé-, raison], f.: unreasonableness, IRRATIONALITY. **-sonnable**¹⁵ [dé-, raisonnable], adj.: unreasonable, senseless, preposterous. **-sonnablement**¹² [-sonnable], adv.: unreasonably, preposterously. **-sonner**¹⁷ [dé-, raisonner], intr.: reason falsely, talk nonsense.

déralinguer¹⁷ [dé-, ralingue], tr.: strip (a sail) of the bolt rope.

déran-gé¹⁰, adj.: deranged, disordered, out of order; crazy; out of sorts, unwell.

-gement¹⁶, m.: derangement, disorder; embarrassment, trouble; indisposedness; disorderly conduct. ||-ger¹⁰ [dé-, rang], tr.: derange (put out of place or order); discompose; disconcert, discommode; unsettle, put out of sorts: se —, be deranged, get out of order; be unwell; disturb or trouble one's self; misconduct one's self, lead a disorderly life.

déraper¹⁷ [Prov. -pa (sk. to Germ'c rapp, 'seize'), tr.: (dial.) tear; intr.: (of anchors) start; be atrip: faire — l'ancre, trip the anchor.

déra-ter¹⁵ [dé-, rate], tr.: deprive of the

spleen (to make bounds quicker), spleen; -té, deprived of the spleen, spleened; lively, sharp, cunning.

dé-rayer¹⁵ [dé-, rayer], intr.: plough a furrow (for draining or to separate two fields). **-rayure**¹⁵, f.: border furrow (between two fields).

derby¹⁸ [Eng. (name of a lord)], m.: =.

der-zhof¹¹ [de, re, chef], adv.: for the second time, anew, again, afresh.

dé-réglé¹³, adj.: irregular; unruly, disorderly; inordinate, intemperate, immoderate; dissolute, profligate. **-réglement**¹⁴, m.: irregularity; unruliness; intemperance; dissoluteness: vivre dans le —, lead a disorderly life. **-réglement**¹³ [-régler], adv.: disorderly; inordinately; dissolutely. ||-régler¹³ [dé-, régler], tr.: put out of order, derange, disorder: se —, get (or be) out of order, be deranged; lead a disorderly life.

dé-rider¹⁵ [rider], tr.: unwrinkle, make smooth, smooth: se —, unbend one's brow; cheer up.

déri-çion¹² [L. -sio (ridere, laugh)], f.: derision, ridicule. **-çoire**¹⁴ [L. sorius], adj.: derisive. **-çoirement**¹⁴ [-çoire], adv.: derisively.

déri-vatif¹², =ive [L. -vativus (cf. -ver)], adj.: †derivative; (med.) producing derivation; m.: (med.) derivative; relief. 1.-vation¹³ [L. -vatio], f.: leading or drawing off of water from a stream, etc., (†Eng. derivation); derivation (drawing of fluids from one part of the body to another; tracing origin; deriving one function from another).

2.**dé-rivation**¹⁵, f.: DRIFT or derivation (of a ship from its course); derivation of a projectile. **-rive**¹⁶, f.: DRIFT, lee-way: en —, adrift; avoir belle —, have good sea-room. 1.||-river¹⁵ [orig'ly driver, fr. Eng. drive], intr.: (nav.) DRIFT, be driven along by a current, etc., deviate from the regular course.

2.**dériver**¹¹ [L. de-rivare (rivus, stream)], tr.: turn the course of (a river, water, etc.); (†Eng. derive), divert; draw (blood, fluids) from one part of the body to another; derive (deduce, trace origin); intr.: leave its source; derive (be derived, be deduced, have origin, descend); -vé, derived, -vée, f.: thing derived; (chem.) derivative.

3.**dériver**¹¹ [dé-, rive], tr.: †make overflow; free or clear from the bank or shore, set adrift.

4.**dériver**¹⁵ [river], tr.: unrivet. †derle¹³ [?], f.: porcelain clay.

der-matose¹⁵ [Gr. dérma, skin], f.: (med.) dermatosis. **-me**¹⁶ [Gr. derma, skin], m.: derma, dermis.

der-nier¹², **-ière** [fr. OFr. *derrain*, from p. L. *deretrānum* (*de-retro*, behind)], *adj.*: last; final; utmost (highest, lowest); finishing; (*mus.*) closing; *m., f.*: last; end of the gallery (tennis): *en — lieu*, in the last place; *en — resort*, ultimately; *être du — ridicule*, be excessively ridiculous. **-nièrement**¹², *adv.*: lately, of late.

déro-bé, *part.*: stolen; spare or leisure (of time); back or private (of doors, staircases, etc.): *à la -bée*, by stealth, privately; *s'en aller à la -bée*, steal away; *fèves -bées*, beans slipped out of their skins. **-bement**¹¹, *m.*: frobbing; squaring (of stones). **-ber**¹¹ [*dé*, OFr. *rober* (Germ's root, ak. to Eng. *rob*)], *tr.*: ROB (steal, pilfer, purloin); take or hide away (*d*, from), conceal; screen, shelter; shell (beans): *se —*, steal away, escape, disappear; avoid, shun; — *à la justice*, screen from justice; *se — à la justice*, fly from justice.

déro-chage¹³, *m.*: scouring (a metal). **1. -cher**¹³ [*dé*, 2. *rocher*], *tr.*: scour (prec. metals).

2. dérocher¹⁰ [*dé*, *roche*], *tr.*: hurl or throw from a rock.

déro-gation¹⁴ [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: derogation. **-gatoire**¹³ [*L. -gatorius*], *adj.*: derogatory. **-gancee**¹⁰, *f.*: forfeiture (of nobility). **-ger**¹³ [*L. de-rogare* (*ro-gare*, ask, solicit)], *intr.*: deviate (from law or agreement), swerve; withdraw, derogate, detract, take away; lose privileges; be debased; degenerate; descend, act beneath one's rank or dignity, (†Eng. derogate): — *à noblesse*, forfeit one's nobility.

†**déroïdir** = *déraïdir*.

dé-rompage¹³, *m.*: cutting rags (for paper). **-rompoir**¹⁷, *m.*: (*pap.*) cutting table. **-rompre**¹⁰ [*dé*, *rompre*], *tr.*: cut to pieces, †cut off or interrupt; sort rags (for paper); break up (land).

déroquer¹⁴ [Norm. form of 2. *dérocher*], *tr.*: hurl or throw from a rock.

dérourir¹¹ [*dé*, *rougir*], *tr.*: take off the redness of: *se —*, lose one's redness.

déroutiller¹³ [*dé*, *rouiller*], *tr.*: remove the rust from, polish: *se —*, lose its rust; read up a subject.

déroulement¹⁷, *m.*: unrolling; production of the evolute (of curves). **-ler**¹⁵ [*rouler*], *tr.*: unroll, spread out, display; (*geom.*) produce the evolute.

dérou-te¹⁶, *f.*: rout, defeat, overthrow, confusion. **-ter**¹¹ [*dé*, *route*], *tr.*: put out of one's road or way, put out of the right road; disconcert, baffle, bewilder.

dérrière⁹ [p. L. *de-retro*], *prep.* or *adv.*: behind; *m.*: hinder part, back; posteriors; (*artill.*) train; *pl.*: rear: *porte de*

—, back-door, evasion; *être logé sur le —*, lodge at the back of the house; *montrer le —*, turn tail; flee; *montrer son —*, have torn clothes.

derviche¹⁵ or **-vis** [Pers. *derouisch*, poor; poor monk], *m.*: dervish, dervis(e). **dés dé** or **emphat. dè** [for *de les*], of (from) the.

dés⁹ [p. L. *dē ex*], *prep.*: from, since; immediately after leaving. **dés que**, *conj.*: as soon as, since, as: † — *là*, from then, thence, consequently; — *lors*, from that time; †thence (consequently); — *à présent*, from this moment, henceforth.

dés- (bef. vowel) **dés-** [*L. dis*], *pref.*: dis-, un-, away, off. In compounds of each member.

dés- [*L. dis*]: **-abonner**¹³, *tr.*: discontinue the subscription of: *se —*, withdraw one's subscription for. **-abuser**¹⁰, *tr.*: disabuse (undecieve): *se —*, be disabused, undecieve one's self. **-accord**¹¹, *m.*: discord (disagreement, variance); (*mus.*) lack of harmony. **-accorder**¹⁷, *tr.*: make disagree; (*mus.*) untune, put out of tune: *se —*, disagree; get out of tune. **-accoupler**¹², *tr.*: uncouple. **-accoutumance**¹², *f.*: want of custom or habit. **-accoutumer**¹¹, *tr.*: disaccustom; disinure. **-achalander**¹⁶, *tr.*: take away the custom(ers) from. **-aciérer**¹³, *tr.*: unsteel. **-affectation**¹³ [*-affecter*], *f.*: disturbed function, disorder. **-affecter**¹³, *tr.*: disturb the functions of, disaffect. **-affection**¹⁷, *f.*: disaffection, alienation of affection. **-affectionner**¹³, *tr.*: alienate the affection for, disaffect: *se —*, lose affection for. **-affourcher**¹⁰, *intr.*: heave up anchors, unmoor. **-affubler**¹¹, *tr.*: unsmile, unwrap. **-agréable**¹², *adj.*: disagreeable, unpleasant, distasteful, displeasing. **-agréable-ment**¹⁰, *adv.*: disagreeably, unpleasantly. **†1. agréer**¹¹, *intr.*: displease. **†2. agréer** = *dégréer*. **-agrégation**¹³, *f.*: disaggregation. **-agrégeant**¹³, *adj.*: disintegrating; *m.*: disintegrant. **-agréger**¹⁷, *tr.*: disaggregate; disintegrate. **-agrément**¹⁰, *m.*: disagreeable circumstance or thing, disagreeableness; (*rare*) disagreeable feature, defect, blemish. **-aimanter**¹³ [*aimanter*], *tr.*: unmagnetise. **-aïrer**¹² [*dés*, *aïre*], *tr.*: let out (falcons) from the aerie. **-ajuster**¹⁶, *tr.*: disadjust, derange, put out of order. **-aligner**¹³, *tr.*: put out of line, break the line of. **-altérer**¹³, *tr.*: slake the thirst of: *se —*, slake or quench one's thirst. **-amarre**¹³, *tr.*: unmoor. **-ancrer**¹¹, *tr.* or *intr.*: weigh anchor of. **-animer**¹⁴, *tr.*: (*rare*) disanimate. **†appareiller** = *dépareiller*. **†apparier**

= *départier*. -**appointement**¹³ [*ap-poin-ter*], *m.*: disappointment. -**ap-poin-ter**¹³, *tr.*: dismiss; disappoint. -**ap-prendre**¹², *irr.*: tr.: unlearn. -**ap-pro-ba-teur**¹⁷, = *trice*, *m., f.*: person who disapproves, critic; *adj.*: disapproving. -**approbation**¹⁷, *f.*: disapprobation, disapproval. -**appropriation**¹⁶, *f.*: renunciation (of property). -**appropriier**¹⁶, *tr.*: despoil of property; *se* —, renounce (property). -**approuver**¹⁶, *tr.*: disapprove (of). -**arçonner**¹¹ [*dés, arçon*], *tr.*: unsaddle, unhorse, dismount; baffle, foil. -**argenter**¹⁶ [*argenter*], despoil of silver, unsilver; free from silver-alloy; (*fam.*) drain of money or cash: *se* —, lose its silver; spend one's money. -**arme-ment**¹⁵ [*-armer*], *m.*: disarmament, disarming; (*nav.*) dismantling. -**armer**¹⁰, *tr.*: disarm; dismantle (a fort, strip it of guns, etc.); dismantle (a ship); lay up; unship (oars), uncock (firearms); (*fig.*) baffle; appease; *intr.*: unarm; (*nav.*) be dismantled or laid up. -**arroi**¹³ [*OFr. -royer* (?), disarray], *m.*: DISARRAY, disorder. -**articulation**¹⁸, *f.*: disarticulation, disjointing. -**articuler**¹⁸, *tr.*: disarticulate, disjoint; amputate through the joint. -**assembler**¹¹, *tr.*: take to pieces. -**assortir**¹⁶, *tr.*: spoil the match of, mismatch; thin out the stock or merchandise of, unstock: -**assorti**, disarranged, incomplete (of a book); unstocked. -**astre**¹⁵ ["untoward star"], *m.*: DIS-ASTER. -**astreusement**¹⁷ [*-treux*], *adv.*: disastrously. -**astreux**¹⁵ = *ense* [*aatre*], *adj.*: disastrous. -**attrister**¹⁶, *tr.*: relieve of sadness, cheer. -**avantage**¹², *m.*: disadvantage. -**avantageur**¹⁶ [*-avan-tage*], *tr.*: disadvantage, injure the interest of. -**avantageusement**¹⁶ [*-avan-tageux*], *adv.*: disadvantageously. -**avan-tageux**¹⁴ = *ense*, *adj.*: disadvantageous, detrimental. -**aven**¹² [*désavouer*], *m.*: disavowal, disowning: *faire le* —, disown. -**avengler**¹⁶, *tr.*: unblind, undeceive, disabuse. -**avouer**¹¹, *tr.*: DISAVOW, disown, disclaim.

descellement¹⁷, *m.*: unsealing; unbedding. -**le-ler**¹¹ [*dés, sceller*], *tr.*: unseal, undo; unbed (a stone, etc.).

de-scendance¹², *f.*: descent; lineage; (*coll.*) descendants. -**segdant**¹², *adj.*: descendant, descending; (*mil.*) coming off duty; *m., f.*: descendant, offspring. -**scenderie**¹⁶, *f.*: means of descent (into a mine). -**segandre**⁹ [*L. -dere* (*scandere*, climb)], *intr.*: descend (go or come down, step down; get off, dismount, alight); (alight at a hotel, hence) put up, stay (reside temporarily), stop; incline, slope; make a descent (on) or irruption

(into); condescend, stoop, ebb, go out, subside; (*leg.*) make a search; (*nav.*) touch land, land; go on shore; *tr.*: de-ascend, go down along; take or let down, help or lift down (as from a horse, etc.); drag down; bring down, lay low; land, put on shore: — *la garde*, come off guard. -**segente**¹⁸, *f.*: descent; going or getting down, letting down; alighting; landing; subsiding (of waters), fall; (*mech.*) down stroke; run (on a bank, etc.); (*leg.*) search (in virtue of a warrant); (*med.*) hernia, rupture; (*mil.*) coming off (guard, etc.); place for descent; matting; water-pipe; hidden passage (leading into a moat, etc.).

descrip-tif¹⁴, = *ive* [*L. -tus* (*scribere*, write)], *adj.*: descriptive. -**tion**¹¹ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: description; inventory.

idescu = *dessus*.

dés- [*L. dis*]: -**échouer**¹⁸, *tr.*: get afloat. -**emballage**¹⁷, *m.*: unpacking. -**emballer**¹⁶, *tr.*: unpack. -**embarque-ment**¹⁵, *m.*: disembarkment, landing. -**embarquer**¹⁵, *tr.*: disembark, land; unload. -**embourber**¹⁷, *tr.*: draw out or extricate from the mire. -**em-bour-rer**¹⁷, *tr.*: free from stuffing. -**em-brayer**, etc. = *débrayer*, etc. -**emman-cher**¹⁷, *tr.*: deprive of its handle. -**em-parer**¹³, *tr.*: dismantle (a fort, a ship), disable; cease to occupy; leave, quit; set free: *sans* —, without leaving (the place); on the spot. -**empennier**¹⁵, *tr.*: strip of its feathers. -**empeser**¹⁶, *tr.*: unstarch. -**emplir**¹¹, *tr.*: render less full, empty; *intr. or refl.*: become less full, become empty. -**enamou-er**¹⁶, *tr.*: free from love, disenamour. -**enchan-tement**¹⁶, *m.*: disenchantment. -**en-chanter**¹², *tr.*: disenchant. -**en-claver**¹⁸, *tr.*: disenclose, open up (lands), extend. -**enclouer**¹⁵, *tr.*: free from nails; unspike (a gun). -**encom-brer**¹¹, *tr.*: disencumber, clear away. -**enfler**¹⁷, *tr.*: unthread, unstring: *se* —, come unstrung. -**enfler**¹¹, *tr.*: dis-inflate, remove the swelling, inflation, or volume of; sober down. -**enflure**¹⁶, *f.*: disinflation, reduction of swelling. -**en-fournier**¹⁶, *tr.*: remove from the oven. -**engager**¹⁴, *tr.*: disengage: *se* —, throw up an engagement; desist from an accepted invitation. -**enger**¹², *tr.*: free from a bond. -**engrener**¹⁶, *tr.*: throw out of gear; uncouple. -**enivrer**¹¹, *tr.*: (make) sober, bring to: *se* —, get sober. -**ennuyer**¹¹, *tr.*: dispel the tedium of, divert, amuse. -**enrayer**¹⁷, *tr.*: free, unskid (a wheel fr. brake). -**enrhumer**¹⁶, *tr.*: cure of a cold. -**enrouer**¹⁵, *tr.*: cure of hoarseness. -**ensabler**¹⁸, *tr.*: free (a

boat, etc.) from the sand or mud. **-ensevelir**¹⁵, *tr.*: disinter, exhume, unwrap (a dead body). **-ensoreneler**¹⁵, *tr.*: uncharm. **-ensorelement**¹⁵, *m.*: disenchantment. **-entêter**¹⁵, *tr.*: cure of obstinacy; get out of the head of. **-entortiller**¹⁵, *tr.*: untwist, untwine. **-entraver**¹⁵, *tr.*: unfetter. **-enverguer**¹², *tr.*: unbend (a sail).

dé-sert¹⁰ [L. *-sertus* (*de-serere*, desert, *serere*, joint)], *adj.*: †deserted (abandoned); desert (forsaken, solitary); *m.*¹¹ [L. *-sertum*], desert (forsaken region, wilderness). **-serter**¹¹, *tr.*: †make desert (lay waste); desert, abandon, forsake; *intr.*: desert. **-serteur**¹², *m.*: deserter. **-sertion** [L. *-sertio*], desertion.

†**dés-** [L. *dis*]: **-espérade**¹⁵ [*-espérer*], *in à la* —, desperately. **-espérance**¹¹, *f.*: despair, hopelessness. **-espérant**¹⁵ [*-espérer*], *adj.*: desperate, hopeless. **-espéré**¹¹ [*-espérer*], *adj.*: desperate, hopeless; in despair, despondent. **-espérement**¹⁵ [*-espérer*], *adv.*: desperately. **-espérer**¹¹, *intr.*: despair, give up hope; *tr.*: drive to despair, madden: *se* —, be in despair; yield to despair; *je ne -espère pas que vous ne* (explet.) *soyez* (subj.) *heureux*, I do not despair of your being happy. **-espoir**¹¹ [*-espérer*], *m.*: despair, hopelessness, despondency; desperation. **-habillé**¹⁵ [*habiller*], *m.*: dishabille, undress. **-habiller**¹¹, *tr.*: disrobe, undress, strip. **-habité**¹¹, *adj.*: uninhabited, deserted. **-habitué**¹⁵, *tr.*: disaccustom, break of. **-hérence**¹² [*dés-, hoir-*], *f.*: lack of heirs; eachet (for lack of heirs). **-hériter**, *tr.*: disinherit, deprive of ordinary advantages, unfavour. **-heurer**¹⁷ [*heure*], *tr.*: disturb (any one) in his regular hours; *une horloge -heurée*, a clock striking wrong hours. **-honnête**¹², *adj.*: indecent, immodest, shameful. **-honnêtement**¹² [*-honnête*], *adv.*: indecent, immodestly. **†honnêteté**¹⁵ [*-honnête*], *f.*: indecency, immodesty. **-honneur**¹⁵, *m.*: dishonour, disgrace, shame. **-honorable**¹⁵, *adj.*: dishonourable, disgraceful. **-honorant**¹⁷ [*-honorer*], *adj.*: dishonourable, disgraceful. **-honorer**¹¹, *tr.*: dishonour, disgrace: — *un arbre*, loo off the top of a tree.

désidératum¹⁷, *pl. -ta* [L. (cf. *désirer*)], *m.*: desideratum.

dési-gnatif¹⁵, *-ive* [L. *-gnativus*], *adj.*: indicative. **-gnation**¹⁵ [L. *-gnatio*], *f.*: designation, indication; nomination. **||-gner**¹⁵ [L. *de-signare* (*signum*, mark)], *tr.*: designate, indicate, point out; appoint, assign; nominate, elect; *-gné*, designated, appointed.

dés- [L. *dis*]: **-illusion**¹⁵, *f.*: disillusion.

-illusionner¹⁵, *tr.*: disillusion, undeceive, disenchant. **-incorporer**¹⁵, *tr.*: disincorporate, disembody.

désingnee¹⁵ [L. *de-sinentia* (L. *-nere*, leave off, cease; *sinere*, let)], *f.*: termination, ending, desinence.

dés- [L. *dis*]: **-infatuer**¹⁵, *f.*: dispel the infatuation of, disillusion, undeceive. **-infectant**¹⁵ [*-infecter*], *adj.*: disinfecting; *m.*: disinfectant. **-infecter**¹⁵, *tr.*: disinfect, deodorize. **-infecteur**¹⁵ [*-infecter*], *adj.*: disinfecting. **-infection**¹⁵, *f.*: disinfection, deodorization. **-intéressé**¹⁵, *adj.*: uninterested; disinterested; unselfish, impartial. **-intéressement**¹⁵ [*-intéresser*], *m.*: disinterestedness, impartiality. **†intéressément**¹⁷ [*-intéresser*], *adv.*: disinterestedly. **-intéresser**¹⁵, *tr.*: render disinterested or unselfish; render uninterested or indifferent; protect or satisfy the interests of, indemnify; buy out the interest of. **-invertir**¹⁵, *tr.* (mil.) restore from inversion, turn right. **-investir**¹⁵, *tr.*: cease to invest; divest (of a function, etc.). **-inviter**¹⁵, *tr.*: recall the invitation of. **-involté**¹⁵ [Sp. *des-envolto* (L. *in-volvere*, ENVELOP), free, impudent], *adj.*: unconstrained, free and easy; *m.*: unconstrained, unconcern. **-involture**¹⁵ [*-involté*], *f.*: unconstraint, ease, unconcern.

dé-sir¹¹, **†de-sir**, *m.*: desire (wish; longing). **-sirable**¹¹, *adj.*: desirable. **||-sirer**¹⁵ [L. *desiderare* (*sidus*, 'constellation': metaphor uncertain)], *tr.*: desire, long or wish for. **-sireux**, *=ense*¹⁰, *adj.*: desirous, solicitous.

désis-trément¹⁵, *m.*: desistance, desisting; (leg.) nonsuit. **||-tor**¹⁵ [L. *de-sistere* (*stare*, stand)], *refl.* or *†intr.*: †desist; (de) waive (a legal claim, etc.), abandon.

dés- [L. *dis*]: **-obéir**¹², *tr.*: disobey. **-obéissance**¹², disobedience; (leg.) contumacy. **-obéissant**¹², *adj.*: disobedient.

-obligeant¹⁵ [*-obliger*], *adv.*: disobligingly. **-obligeance**¹⁷, *f.*: disobliging disposition, disobligingness. **-obligeant**¹⁵, *=ante*, *adj.*: disobliging, uncomplaisant; *f.*: old narrow vehicle, sulky. **-obliger**¹⁵, *tr.*: disoblige; †free from obligation.

-obstruant¹⁷ [*-obstruer*], *adj.*: **-obstructif**¹⁷, *=ive*, *adj.*: (med.) deobstruent. **-obstruction**¹⁵, *f.*: deobstruent action. **-obstruer**, *tr.*: deobstruct, clear from obstructions. **†occupation**¹⁵, *f.*: want of occupation. **†occuper**¹⁵, *tr.*: deprive of occupation; *-occupé*, unoccupied, unemployed.

-œuvre¹⁷ *eu-vré* [*dés-, œuvre*], *adj.*: unoccupied, idle, unemployed. **-œuvrement**¹⁷ [*-œuvre*], *m.*: want of occupation or employment, idleness.

déso-lant¹⁷, *adj.*: afflicting, dishearten-

ing, disconsolate. **-lateur**¹⁵, *m.*: desolater; afflict. **-lation**¹¹ [*L. -latio*], *f.*: desolation; disconsolateness, affliction. **||-ler**¹³ [*L. -lare* (*solus*, alone), leave alone or lonely], *tr.*: desolate, lay waste; distress; make disconsolate, afflict: —**lé**, disconsolate, distressed, afflicted; extremely sorry.

dés- [*L. dis*]: **-opilant**¹⁸ [*-opiler*], *adj.*: (med.) deobstruent; laughable. **-opilatif**¹⁶, **-ive** [*-opiler*], *adj.*: (med.) deobstruent. **-opilation**¹⁶ [*-opiler*], *f.*: (med.) removal of obstruction. **†-opiler**¹⁵ [*dés-*, *L. op-pilare* (*pila*, post), obstruct], *tr.*: deobstruct; make laugh. **-ordonné**¹², *adj.*: disorderly; unruly, unrestrained; inordinate, intemperate; excursive. **-ordonnement**¹¹ [*-ordonné*], *adv.*: disorderly; inordinately. **†-ordonner**¹⁰, *tr.*: put into disorder. **-ordre**¹⁵, *m.*: disorder, confusion; uproar; riot, disorderly life. **-organisateur**¹⁷, **-trice**, *m., f.*: disorganizer. **-organisation**¹⁷, *f.*: disorganization. **-organiser**¹⁷, *tr.*: disorganize. **-orienter**¹⁶, *tr.*: confuse as to which way is east, disorient, cause to lose the bearings, put out of one's reckoning; disconcert: **être** —**é**, lose one's bearings or way; be confused or bewildered. **-ormais**¹¹ [*dés-*, *or*, *mais*], *adj.*: from this time, henceforth, hereafter. **-ossement**¹⁷ [*-osser*], *m.*: taking out the bones, boning. **-osser**¹³ [*dés-*, *os*], *tr.*: take out the bones of, bone. **-ourdir**¹³, *tr.*: unweave, unravel. **-oxydation**¹⁷, *f.*: deoxydation. **-oxyder**¹⁷ [*dés-*, *oxyde*], *tr.*: deoxydise. **-oxygénation**¹⁷, *f.*: disoxygenation. **-oxygéner**¹⁷ [*dés-*, *oxygène*], *tr.*: disoxygenate.

despo-¹³ [*Gr. -pótes*, master], *m.*: despot. **-tique**¹³ [*Gr. -tikós*], *adj.*: despotic(al). **-tiquement**¹³ [*-tique*], *adv.*: despotically. **-tisme**¹⁶, *m.*: despotism.

déspu-¹⁶, *f.*: despumation. **||-mer**¹⁵ [*L. -mare* (*spuma*, foam)], *tr.*: (pharm.) despumate, skim.

désquamation¹⁷ [*L. -mare* (*squama*, scale)], *f.*: desquamation.

dés- [*L. dis*]: **-saigner**, *tr.*: free from blood. **-saisir**¹¹, *tr.*: deprive of the possession. **-saisissement**¹⁶ [*-saisir*], *m.*: divesting one's self. **-saisonner**¹¹, *tr.*: cultivate unseasonably. **-salement**¹⁷ [*-saler*], *m.*: unsalting. **-saler**, *tr.*: render less salt, freshen; †make cunning (only in **-salé**(e), cunning, sharp; *m., f.*: sharp person). **-sangler**¹¹, *tr.*: ungird, loosen the girth of. **-saquer**¹⁶ [*dés-*, *sac*], *tr.*: take from the sack or bag, unbag.

dés-séchant¹⁵, drying. **-séchement**¹⁵ or **-sèchement**, *m.*: drying; dryness; draining, drainage; emaciation. **||-sé-**

cher¹¹ [*dé-* (*L. de*), *sécher*], *tr.*: dry (up); parch, wither; drain; emaciate, waste; DESICCATE; †*intr.*: become dry; pine with love.

dess-¹⁴ [*-seigner* = *-siner*], *m.*: design (plan; project, intention): **à** —, on purpose, designedly, purposely, intentionally; **à bon** —, with a good intention; **à** — **de**, with a design to, in order to; **à** — **que**, to the end that; that; **sans** —, undesignedly, unintentionally.

dés- [*L. dis*]: **-seller**¹², *tr.*: unsaddle.

-serre¹⁴, *f.*: loosening: **être dur à la** —, spend money freely. **-serrer**¹¹, *tr.*: loosen, slacken, let go; unlock (teeth; or, in print, a form); †unbend (a bow, etc.), †discharge, †let fly, deal (a blow). **-sert**¹⁵ [*2.-servir*], *m.*: (old, clearing the table); dessert. **1.-serte**¹³ [*-sert*], *f.*: dishes cleared away from the table; leavings.

2.-serte¹¹ [*1.-servir*], *f.*: service; ecclesiastical service, officiating; communal service. **-sertir**¹¹, *tr.*: unset (gems, etc.).

-servant¹⁷ [*-servir*], *m.*: parochial priest, curate. **-servir**⁹ [*p. L. dē-servire* (*L. servire*, serve)], *irr.* (cf. *servir*); *tr.*: (old gain in serving, earn); serve punctually;

perform religious service at, officiate or conduct public service at, (†Eng. *tr.* officiate); serve as a means of communication,

(of coaches, etc.) pass through, stop at, call at. **2.-servir**¹³ [*dés-*, *servir*], *irr.* (cf. *servir*); *tr.*: remove (dishes, etc., from the table), clear (*intr.*: clear the table);

deserve, do an ill service to, harm; try to damage.

dess-¹¹, *m.*: separation of sheets of paper. **||-vrer**²⁰ [*dés-*, *servir*], *tr.*: SEPARATE sheets of paper.

dessicca-¹⁵, **-tifier**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -tivus* (*siccare*, dry)], *adj.*: desiccative. **-tion**¹² [*L. -tio*], *f.*: desiccation.

†**dessiller** = **déciller**.

dés-¹⁵, *m.*: design, drawing, sketch, draught; pattern; (mus.) arrangement.

-sinateur¹⁶, **-sinatrice**, *m., f.*: designer, sketcher, pattern drawer. **||-siner**¹⁶ [*It. disegnare* (*L. de-signare*, signum, mark, SIGN)], *tr.*: DESIGN (draw, delineate, sketch); outline; etch; set off (the shape): **se** —, be delineated or outlined, become visible; assume form; display one's figure to advantage.

dés- [*L. dis*]: **-solement**¹⁷ [*1.-soler*], *m.*: change in the order of cultivation. **1.-soler**¹⁶ [*dés-*, root of *assoler*], *tr.*: change the order of the cultivation of (lands).

2.-soler¹¹ [*dés-*, *sole*, sole], *tr.*: unsole (horse, etc.). **-solute**¹³ [*-soler*], *f.*: unsoling (of animals). **-sorner**¹³ [*dés-*, *sorne*], *tr.*: free from scum or dross. **-souche-**

ment¹⁷ [*-soucher*], *m.*: clearing (land of

stumps). **||-soucher**¹² [*souche*], *tr.*: clear (land) of stumps of trees. **-souder**¹², *tr.*: unsolder. **-souler**¹⁵, *tr.*: bring out of drunkenness, sober; *refl.*, *intr.*: get sober again.

dessous¹⁰ [*de, sous*], *prep.*: under, below; *adv.*: under, below, underneath; *m.*: under side or part; disadvantage, worst; lee (wind): *en* —, underneath; downward; sly; *le* — *du vent*, leeward; avoir *le* —, have the disadvantage or worst of it, be worsted; *au* — (*de*), below, beneath; *par* —, under, beneath.

†dessus¹⁴ [*dés-, su-, 'known'*], *m.*: *au* (or *à*) —, unknown.

dessus¹⁰ [*de, sus*], *adv.*: on, upon, over, above, uppermost; *m.*: upper side or part, top; upper hand, advantage; *prep.*: (up)on: *au* —, above; upwards; *en* —, on the upper or right side; in the upper part; above; at the top; *le* — *de la main*, the back of the hand; *le* — *de la tête*, the crown of the head; *le* — *d'un livre*, the upper part or the cover of a book; *le* — *du vent*, (nav.) the weather gage.

des-tin¹¹, *m.*: destiny, fate; issue; *†destination* (purpose). **-tinataire**¹⁰, *m.*, *f.*: person for whom a thing is destined, to whom it is addressed, addressee, consignee, receiver. **-tinateur**¹⁰, **-tinatrice**, *m., f.*: sender, consignor. **-tination**¹¹ [*L. -tinatio*], *f.*: —. **-tinatoire**¹⁰, *adj.* (*leg.*) destiny; assigning. **-tinée**¹¹, *f.*: destiny, fate; Destiny. **||-tiner**¹¹ [*L. -tinare* (*de, 'stinare*, ak. to stare, stand), *fix*], *tr.*: *†fix*; destine (al- lot, doom; design, intend); *†resolve*: *se* —, be destined, make up one's mind; *-finé pour*, (nav.) bound for, (post.) addressed; *personne qui -tine*, appropriator.

desti-tuable¹⁵, *adj.*: removable from office. **||-tuer**¹⁰ [*L. -tuere* (*statuere*, set), set away], *tr.*: set wide, remove, dismiss, discharge; *†deprive*, (*†Eng.* DESTITUTE). **-tution** [*L. -tutio*], *f.*: removal, dismissal (from office).

1. des-trier¹⁰ [*OFr. destre* (*L. dextra*), right hand (the squire leading his master's horse on his right)], *m.*: war-horse, steed, charger, *†Eng.* DESTREER. **2. -trier**¹⁰ [*Prov. (L. dextra, right hand)*], *m.*: smith's hammer.

destruc-teur¹⁴, **-trice** [*L. -tor* (*de-struere*, un-build)], *m., f.*: DESTROYER, destructor, despoiler; *adj.*: destructive. **-tibilité**¹⁷ [*L. -tibilitas*], *f.*: destructibility. **-tible**¹⁷ [*L. -tibilis*], *f.*: —. **-tif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -tivus*], *adj.*: destructive. **-tion**¹¹ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: —. **-tivité**¹⁵, *f.*: (*phren.*) destructiveness.

desuétude¹⁵ [*L. de-suetudo* (*suescere*, be used)], *f.*: desuetude, disuse.

dés- [*L. dis-*]: **-union**¹⁴, *f.*: disunion, disruption. **-unir**¹⁴, *tr.*: disunite, disjoin, sever. **†-unissant**¹⁶ [*-unir*], *adj.*: disuniting. **†-usité**¹⁶, *adj.*: disused, obsolete.

déta-chement¹⁰, *m.*: detachment (separation, disengagement, abstraction; body detached, troop); *†separatistic religious party*. **1. ||-cher**¹¹ [*dé, tache*, fixed point], *tr.*: detach, separate, disengage, loosen; abstract; deal (a blow); (*mil.*) detail; draft: *se* —, become detached or loosened, come off or undone; free or disengage one's self; *se* — *de*, renunciate; leave off.

2. détacher¹⁵ [*dé, tacher*], *tr.*: free from spots or stains, clean.

détacheur¹⁵ [*1.-cher*], *m.*: detach, scourer.

dé-tail¹¹, *m.*: detail, particular, minuteness; retail. **-taillant**¹⁵, **-taillante**, *m., f.*: retailer. **||-tailler**¹¹ [*dé, tailler*], *tr.*: cut up (in pieces); sell by retail, retail; detail, particularize, specify. **†-tailleur**¹², **-tailleuse**, *m., f.*: retailer.

déta-lage¹⁷, *m.*: taking in goods (that have been exposed for sale). **||-ler**¹⁵ [*dé-, root of é-taler*], *tr.*: take in goods (exposed for sale), pack up; *intr.*: (*fam.*) scamper away, abscond.

détalinguer¹⁶ [*dé-, root of étalinguer*], *tr.*: unbend (the cable).

détaller¹⁷ [*dé-, talle*], *tr.*: strip (a plant) of its suckers or shoots.

détaper¹⁶ [*dé-, taper*], *tr.*: remove the tampion of (a gun), or the tap of.

détapisser¹⁴ [*dé-, tapisser*], *tr.*: strip of tapestry; unpaper.

détax-e¹⁵, *f.*: reduction of a tax. **||-er**¹⁸ [*dé-, taxer*], *tr.*: remove or reduce a tax.

détective¹⁸ [*Eng. de-lective* (*L. legere*, cover)], *m.*: detective.

déteindre¹² [*dé-, teindre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: take out the dye or colour of; *intr.* (*refl.*): lose colour, fade, come out.

dételer¹¹ [*dé-, root of atteler*], *tr.*: unharness, unyoke.

dé-tendage¹⁵, *m.*: loosening the warp. **||-tendre**¹¹ [*dé-, tendre*], *tr.*: unbend, relax, slacken, unbrace; unhinge, unhang, take down, strike (a tent).

détenir¹¹ [*L. de-tinere* (*tenere*, hold)], *irr.* (*cf. tenir*); *tr.*: detain, keep or hold back; keep (in prison); *-nu, -nue, m., f.*: prisoner (before trial); *les jeunes -nus*, young prisoners subject to special rules.

détente¹⁵ [*L. tendere* (*L. tendere*, stretch)], *f.*: unbending or relaxing; pulling (a trigger, thus relaxing the spring); trigger; detent, catch; reduction of the tension (of gases); cutting off the steam

(for expansion); relaxation of force, violence or severity: *lâcher la —*, pull the trigger; *double —*, hair trigger; *machine à —*, expansion engine; *à la —*, in pulling the trigger; *dur à la —*, having stiff trigger; close-fisted; *la — du temps*, the relaxation in the severity of the temperature; *la — de la maladie*, the reduced severity of the sickness, the improvement; *la — de l'esprit*, the tempered violence of the mind; *une — dans les relations*, a relaxation of the strained relations.

détenteur¹³ [*L. -tentor (tenere, hold)*], *m., f.*: holder, DETAINER. **-tion**¹³ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: detention.

déte-nu¹¹, *n.-nue* [*-nir*], *part.*: detained, etc.; *m., f.*: prisoner. 2. **-nue**¹³, *f.*: detention.

déter-gent¹⁰ [*L. -gens*], *adj.* or *m.*: detergent. **-ger**¹⁵ [*L. -gere (tergere, rub off)*], *tr.*: deterge, cleanse.

détério-ration¹⁴ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: deterioration. **-rer**¹⁴ [*L. -rare (deterior, worse)*], *tr.*: deteriorate, make worse, impair; *se —*, deteriorate, grow worse, be defaced.

détermi-nable¹³, *adj.*: determinable. **-nant**¹⁷, *adj.*: determinative; determined, decisive; *m.*: (gram. or algebr.) determinant. **-natif**¹⁴, **-ive**, *adj.* or *m.*: (gram.) determinative. **-nation**¹³ [*L. -natio*], determination. **-né**, *part.*: determined; resolute; determinate; *m.*: resolute or desperate fellow. **-nément** [*-né*], *adj.*: determinedly, resolutely; determinately, positively. **-ner**¹⁰ [*L. -nare (terminus, limit)*], *tr.*: determine (fix, settle; define, limit; ascertain; bring to a conclusion, decide; cause to come to a conclusion or decision, make some one take a resolution, induce): *se —*, determine, resolve, make up one's mind. **-nisme**¹³, *m.*: determinism (doctrine that the will is inevitably determined by motives). **-niste**¹³, *m.*: determinist (cf. *-nisme*).

déter-rer¹⁰ [*dé-, terre*], *tr.*: unearth, DISINTER, dig up; discover, bring to light; unkennel (foxes); **-ré**, *dug up, etc.*; *m.*: person dug up; *avoir l'air d'un -ré*, look like one risen from the dead. **-reur**, *m.*: one who disinters or brings to light; curiosity-hunter; body-snatcher.

déter-sif¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -sus (tergere, rub)*], *adj.*: detersive, abstergent, cleansing. **-sion**¹³ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: detersion, cleansing.

détes-table¹³ [*L. -tabilis*], *adj.*: detestable. **-tablement**¹³, *adv.*: detestably. **-tation**¹³, *f.*: detestation. **-tér**¹³ [*L. -tari (testari, testify)*], *curse* in calling a deity to witness, execrate; *tr.*: curse (also *intr.*); detest, abhor, loathe.

détirer¹¹ [*tirer*], *tr.*: draw or pull out, stretch: *se —*, stretch one's self (or one's limbs) out comfortably.

†détiser¹² [*dé-, root of attiser*], *tr.*: moderate (the fire) by spreading out the fuel.

détisser¹⁵ [*dé-, tisser*], *tr.*: unravel; unsew. **déto-nant**¹⁷, *adj.*: detonating. **-nation**¹⁶, *f.*: detonation. **-ner**¹⁶ [*L. -nare (tonare, thunder)*], *intr.*: detonate.

détonner¹⁶ [*dé-, ton*], *intr.*: get out of tune; be discordant; talk nonsense.

détordre¹⁰ [*dé-, tordre*], *tr.*: untwist, untwine, unravel, unwring; **†twist**, **†wrench**: **†détors**, old *part.*, untwisted. **†torquer**¹⁵ [*L. -quere*], *tr.*: DISTORT. **†tors**, see **détordre**. **-torse**¹², *f.*: twist, sprain. **-tortiller**¹¹ [*tortiller*], *tr.*: untwist; unravel.

détoucher¹⁷ [*dé-, toucher*], *intr.*: (nav.) get off or afloat.

†détouper¹² [*dé-, toup*], *tr.*: unstop, take the tow out of; take the wool out of (the ears).

détoupi/loner¹⁷ [*dé-, toupillon*], *tr.*: prune (orange trees).

dé-tour¹¹, *m.*: turning, winding; circuitous road, by-way; evasion, shift, subterfuge; recess: *je connais ses tours et —s*, I know all his evasions and subterfuges; *être sans —*, be sincere; *les —s du cœur*, the recesses (or folds) of the heart. **-tourne**¹³, *f.*: turning of the points the same way (in pin-making); (cant) turning away the attention (*vol à la —*, shoplifting). **-tournement**¹⁴, *m.*: turning away or aside; abduction; embezzlement. **-tourner** [*dé-, tourner*], *tr.*: turn away or aside, take out of his road; divert, avert, ward off; deprecate; convey or steal away, abduct, embezzle: *se —*, turn away or aside, swerve; **-tourné**, turned away, etc.; oblique; crooked, indirect; *chemin -tourné*, by-way; *voie -tournée*, crooked or indirect way, wrong way.

détrac-ter¹⁵, *tr.*: defame, disparage, slander. **-teur**¹³ [*L. -tor (de-, trahere, draw away)*], *m.*: detractor, slanderer. **-tion**¹¹ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: detractor, disparagement, slander; (*leg.*) deduction from the inheritance of foreigners.

détranger¹⁶ [*dé-, old étranger* (cf. *étranger*), take away], *tr.*: destroy (insects injurious to plants).

†détrape¹⁷, *f.*: (*dial.*) riddance, disencumbrance. **-per**¹² [*dé-, trapper*], *tr.*: (*dial. and arch.*) get rid of, disembarass of.

détra-quement¹⁵, *m.*: derangement, disorder. **-quer**¹⁴ [*dé-, trac*], *tr.*: **†de-range** (in his walk), **†lead astray**; **†make**

(a horse) break his gait; derange (in its mechanism), disorder; unsettle, craze.

dé-trempe¹², *f.*: distemper (body-colour of pigments tempered or diluted with glue, instead of oil), painting in distemper; (*fig.*) lack of genuineness: un ouvrage en —, slovenly literary work; un mariage en —, a pretended marriage, concubinage; softening (of steel). || **-tremper**^o [1. *L. di-temperare* (cf. *tremper*); 2. *dé-, tremper*], *tr.*: dilute, TEMPER or water (lime, etc.); DISTEMPER (colours, with size); ♯mollify; dissolve (solids); 2. deprive (steel) of temper, soften.

détresse^o [p. *L. di-stricta* (*L. stringere*, draw tight)], *f.*: DISTRESS (anguish, grief; extreme danger).

détresser¹² [*dé-, tresser*], *tr.*: unplat, unweave.

détré¹⁰ [*dial. form of -trois*], *m.*: hand-vic.

détri-ment¹² [*L. -mentum*], *m.*: detriment, damage; (*geol.*) detritus (mass 'worn off'). || **-ter**¹⁷ [*L. de-terere* (*terere*, rub, bruise)], *tr.*: bruise, crush (seeds, etc.).

-tion¹⁵ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: detrition. **-tique**¹⁵ [*-sus*], *adj.*: detrital. **-toire**¹², *m.*: crushing mill (for olives). **-tus**¹⁷ [*L.*], *m.*: detritus (mass 'worn off').

détrôit^o [p. *L. *di-strictus* (*L. stringere*, draw tight)], *m.*: STRAIT, narrow, sound; (*anat.*) inlet; ♯narrow pass (gorge), ♯isthmus; ♯DISTRICT.

détromper¹⁵ [*tromper*], *tr.*: undeceive; disenchant: se —, be undeceived, return or recover from an error.

détroncation¹⁵ [*L. -tio* (*truncare*, maim)], *f.*: detroncation.

détrô-nement¹⁷, *m.*: dethronement.

-ner¹⁰ [*dé-, trône*], *tr.*: dethrone.

détrouquer¹⁵ [*Gasc. des-trouca* (ak. to *troche*, bundle)], *tr.*: separate (oysters) for planting.

détrous-ser¹¹ [*dé-, trousse*], *tr.*: untuck, let down; ♯unpack; plunder, rifle, rob.

-seur¹⁵, *m.*: robber, highwayman.

dé-truire^o [p. *L. *destruere* (*L. de-struere*, 'un-build', tear down)], *irr.* (like *conduire*); *tr.*: DESTROY (tear down, demolish; ruin, subvert); extinguish: se —, destroy one's self, be destroyed, fall to ruin, decay; destroy each other; neutralise each other.

-truisant¹⁵, *adj.*: destroying, destructive.

det-te^o [p. *L. *dēbita* (*L. -tum, debēre*, owe)], *f.*: DEBT; obligation. ♯**-teur**^o [*L. debitor*], *m.*: debtor.

dé-turbateur¹⁵, **-trice** [*L. de-turbare* (*turba*, disorder)], *adj.*: disturbing.

déuil^o [*L. dolium* (*dolere*, be pained)], *m.*: mourning (grief; mourning dress or drapery, black); funeral procession, mourners;

time of mourning; *habit de —*, mourning clothes; *grand* (*petit*) —, deep (half) mourning; *prendre le —*, go into mourning; *mener le —*, lead the funeral procession, be the chief mourner; be the survivor; *faire son — d'une chose*, make up one's mind to the loss of a thing.

deu-tér... [*Gr. δεύτερος*, second]: **-téragoniste**¹⁵ [*Gr. agonistēs*, ACTOR], *m.*: actor of second parts (in Greek plays). **-tergie**¹⁵ [*Gr. έργον*, WORK], *f.*: secondary or indirect effect (of medicines). **-térocannonique**¹⁷ [*Gr. kanonikós*, canonic], *adj.*: put into the canonic books at second-hand, interpolated. **-téronome**¹² [*L. -nium* (*Gr. νόμος*, law)], *m.*: Deuteronomy (5th book of the Pentateuch, containing the 2d giving of the law). **-téropathie**¹⁷ [*Gr. πάθος*, sickness], *f.*: (*med.*) deuteropathy (sympathetic affection); secondary disease. **-téropathique**¹⁷ [*Gr. πάθος*, sickness], *adj.*: deuteropathic. **-téroscopie**¹⁷ [*Gr. σκοπεῖν*, see], *f.*: deuteroscopia, second sight. **-to...**, *prefix* (in chem. terms): deuto- (of the second degree).

deu-x^o [*L. duos* (acc. of *duo*)], *adj.* or *m.*: TWO; second; DEUCE: — fois autant, twice as much (or many); de — jours en — jours, every two days; de — jours l'un, every other day; piquer des —, clap spurs to one's horse; tous —, both (together); tous les —, both; n'en faire ni un ni —, decide at once. **-xième**¹⁵ *x = z*, *adj.* or *f.*: second. **-xièment**¹⁷ *x = z* [*-xième*], *adv.*: secondly, in the second place. **-x-quatre**¹⁷, *m.*: (*mus.*) two fourths line. **-x-points**, *m.*: colon. **-x-ponts**, *m.*: two-decker.

dévaler¹⁵ [*dé-, val*], *†intr.*: descend a slope (go down); *tr.*: descend, let down, lower.

dévali-zer¹⁵ [*dé-, valise*], *tr.*: rob of the valise or property, plunder, rifle. **-seur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *m., f.*: robber, plunderer.

devan-cer¹¹ [*devant*], *tr.*: get before or ahead of, outstrip, outrun; surpass; precede; have the precedence of; happen or take place before; forestall; anticipate: il l'a —é, he has outstripped him (left him behind). **-cier**¹², **-cière**, *m., f.*: predecessor; *pl. also* ancestors.

devan-t¹⁰ [*de-, vant* in anal. with *avant*], *prep.*: before (a place, ♯in time), in front of, in the presence of; (*nav.*) ahead of; *adv.*: before (of place, ♯in time), in front; (*nav.*) ahead; *m.*: fore-part front; foreground; (cards) lead: ôtez-vous de — moi, get out of my sight; ôtez-vous de — mon jour, get out of my light; par —, before; sens — derrière, hind part foremost. **-teau**¹⁵, *m.*: ♯apron; sail-lining. **-tier**¹⁵, *m.*: apron. **-tière**¹⁵, *f.*: rid-

ing-petticoat. **-ture**¹⁶, *f.*: fore-part or front (esp. of a building); jointure between a chimney and the tiles.

dévasser¹⁸ [*dé-, vaser*], *tr.*: free from mud.

dévas-tateur¹⁷, **-tatrice** [*L. -tator*], *m., f.*: devastator, destroyer, ravager;

adj.: devastating, etc. **-tation**¹⁸ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: devastation. **~-ter**¹⁴ [*L. -tare* (*L. vastare*, lay WASTE)], *tr.*: devastate, lay waste, ravage.

déveine¹⁸ [*dé-, veine*], *f.*: run of bad luck.

dévelop-pable¹⁸, *adj.*: susceptible of development. **-pante**¹⁷, *f.*: (*geom.*) involvent; involute. **-pateur**¹⁸, *m.*: developer (*chem.* reagent to develop photographs). **-pée**¹⁷, *f.*: (*geom.*) evolute.

-pement¹⁸, *m.*: development, unfolding, evolution. **~-per**¹¹ [*dé-, root velop* (*deriv. ?*)], *tr.*: develop, unfold, unwrap; expand; expound; †free or deliver (from infolds or troubles), †disembarrass: *se —*, become developed, develop, expand, unfold, extend, grow.

dévenir⁹ [*L. de-venire* (*venire*, come)], *irr.* (*cf. venir*); *intr.*: BECOME, get, turn, be: — *à rien*, come to nothing; *qu'est-il — nu?* what has become of him? *que voulez-vous — ?* what do you wish to be, what profession will you follow? *je ne sais plus que —*, I don't know which way to turn; *faire — fou*, drive one mad.

déventer¹⁶ [*dé-, vent*], *tr.*: take the wind out of (sails).

dévergon-dage¹⁸ [*-der*], *m.*: shameless or impudent conduct, impudence, barefaced licentiousness. **~-dée** [*dé-, OFr. vergonde* (*cf. vergogne*)], *adj.*: shameless, impudent, lewd; *m., f.*: impudent or rakish person; rake; harlot. **~-dement**¹⁶ [*-der*], *m.*: shameless conduct or life. **-der**¹⁵, *refl.*: lose all sense of shame, be shamelessly dissolute.

dévernir¹⁶ [*dé-, vernir*], *tr.*: rub off the varnish or polish of, *se —*, lose its polish.

déverrouiller¹¹ [*dé-, verrouiller*], *tr.*: unbolt.

devers¹⁶ [*de-, vers*], *prep.*: towards, near; *par —*, towards; near, with, in the possession of; (*leg.*) before; *de —*, from somewhere about.

dé-vers¹⁶ [*L. -versus* (*vertere*, turn), turned down], *†adj.*: bending, inclining; *m.*: inclination, leaning, slant, incline; lever. **-versement**¹⁸ [*2.-verser*], *m.*: outpouring, discharge; overflowing; pouring, decantation. **1.-verser**¹⁶ [*-vers*], *tr.*, *intr.*: bend, incline, lean. **2.-verser**¹⁷ [*verser*], *tr.*: pour (out), discharge, DIVERT (waters), pour or throw (contempt, etc.).

-versoir¹⁷ [*2.-verser*], *m.*: overflow-pipe or basin or waste (of a pond, tub,

etc.); water-gate, sluice, discharging slope of a dam, drain hole; reservoir (receiving an overflow); pavement slope (towards the gutter).

dévé-tir¹¹ [*vétir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: undress, despoil of vestments or clothes; DIVEST. **-tissement**¹⁸, *m.*: (*leg.*) divestiture.

dévi-ation¹⁴ [*L. -tio* (*via*, WAY)], *f.*: deviation; deflection.

dévi-dage¹⁷, *m.*: winding off. **~-der**¹¹ [*dé-, vider*], *tr.*: †VOID (empty); wind off (into skeins or balls), unwind; spin out; run through, go over. **-deur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: winder. **-doir**¹², *m.*: winder, reel; hose-cart; (*vulg.*) twisted shell.

dévier¹³ [*L. de-viare* (*via*, WAY)], *intr.*: deviate, swerve, deflect; *tr.*: deflect, turn aside, twist: *feuille —ée*, leaf whose upper surface is turned towards the sun.

dé-vin⁹, **-vine** [*L. di-vinus* (*ak. to deus*, God)], *adj.*: divine; *m.*: diviner, soothsayer; boa constrictor (as worshipped by certain savage tribes), black snake. **-viner**¹¹, *tr.*: divine, prognosticate; conjecture, guess. **-vineresse**¹¹ [*-neur*], *f.*: diviner, soothsayer, prophetess, sorceress.

-vineur¹¹, **-euse** [*-ner*], *m., f.*: (*fam.*) guesser.

dévi-rage¹⁸, *m.*: (*nav.*) unrolling; curbed form, curving. **~-rer**¹⁷ [*dé-, vider*], *turn back, unroll; turn out, round.*

devis¹¹ [*-ser*], *m.*: specification, estimate; †discourse (talk).

dévisager¹⁶ [*dé-, visage* (2. by influence of *envisager*)], *tr.*: 1. scratch or injure the face of, disfigure; 2. stare (one) in the face, stare at (rudely).

dévi-se¹⁰, *f.*: †division (*her.* half-width); devise (emblematic design in an escutcheon; such sign with a motto; emblem; motto, posy, verselet. **-ser**⁹ [*p. L. -säre* (*L. dividere*, divide)], *†tr.*: divide (distribute, dispose); *intr.*: discourse, talk, chat.

dévisser¹² [*dé-, visser*], *tr.*: unscrew.

dévitrifier¹⁸ [*dé-, vitrifier*], *tr.*: devitrify.

dévoilement¹¹ [*-voyer*], *m.*: flecting out of the way; slant or inclination (of pipes, chimney-flues, etc.); physical disorder; diarrhoea.

dévoilement¹⁶, *m.*: unveiling. **~-ler**¹⁵ [*dé-, voiler*], *tr.*: unveil, uncover, discover.

1. dévoir⁹ [*L. debere*], *irr. §*; *tr.* (with noun object): owe; *intr.*: be in DEBT; (with infinitive object) be DUE, be bound; be destined, be (to); should, must, ought: *se —*, owe (it to) one's self; *dû*, owed, etc., due; *il doit venir ce soir*, he is to be here this evening; *il devait partir ce matin*, he was to set out this morning; *je lui dois mon malheur*, I owe my misfortune to him; *il doit se conduire autre-*

ment, he must (should, ought to) behave differently; *elle doit être belle*, she must be beautiful. 2. **-voir** [Infinit. of 1. *devoir*], *m.*: DUTY, obligation; task, exercise; *pl.* DEVOIRS, marks of respect, respects, honours (to the dead).

§ Ind.: *Pr. doi-s, -s, -t; dev-ent, -ez, doit-vent.* *Imp. devais.* *Pret. dus.* *Fut. (Cond.) devra-t.* — Subj.: *Pr. doi-ve, -es, -t; dev-iont, -iez, doivent.* *Imp. dusse.* — *l've dois.* — Part.: *Pr. devant; P. dû.*

dévo-le¹⁶ [*dé, vole*], *adj.*: (cards) slammed, having no trick. **-lé**, **-é**¹⁶, *m., f.*: player who has made no trick. **-ler**, *intr.*: lose all the tricks.

dévo-lu¹⁵, **-lut** [*L. -lutus (de-volvere, roll down, pass on)*], *adj.*: devolved; escheated; *m.*: devolution (transference); reversion of a benefice (to the pope, etc.), lapse of right; letter of transference (of a benefice reverted to the pope): *une bénéfice tombée en —*, a benefice fallen into lapse of right; *jeter un — sur*, lay a claim to, pretend to. **-lulaire**¹⁵ [*L. -lutus*], *m.*: obtainer of a benefice fallen into lapse of right. **-lutif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -lutus*], *adj.*: causing a transfer: *appel —*, appeal to a higher court. **-lution**¹⁹ [*L. -lutus*], *f.*: devolution, escheat; falling of property to children of the first marriage; transference (of a benefice).

dévonien¹⁸, **-enne** [Eng. *-nian (Devon, shire in E.)*], *adj.*: (geol.) devonian.

dévo-rant¹⁹, *adj.*: devouring, consuming; voracious; sharp (of the air). **-rateur**¹⁴, **-ratrice** [*L. -rator*], *adj.*: devouring, wasting. **-rer**¹¹ [*L. -rare (vorare, eat greedily)*], *tr.*: devour; consume; squander; suppress, conquer: *un affront*, brook or pocket an offence; *— des yeux*, stare at. **-reur**¹¹, **-euse**, *m., f.*: devourer, glutton.

dé-vot¹¹, **-vote** [*L. -tus (vovare, vow)*], *adj.*: DEVOUT, pious; sanctimonious; *m., f.*: devout, religious person; devotee, saint. **-votement**¹¹, *adv.*: devoutly; sanctimoniously. **-votement**¹³ [*-votieux*], *adv.*: devoutly. **-votieux**¹⁴, **-euse** [*L. -votus*], *adj.*: devout. **-votion**¹¹ [*L. -votio*], *f.*: devotion, devoutness; *†devotedness: être dans la —*, be a devotee; *faire ses —s*, perform one's devotions, receive the communion. **-vouement**¹⁴ or **-vouement** [*-vouer*], *m.*: devotion (*†consecration, †sacrifice; devotedness*). **-vouer**¹⁵ [*de- (L. de), vouer*], *tr.*: devote (*consecrate; attach, addict, resign; consign*).

dé-voyé¹¹, *m.*: stray sheep ('out of the way' of salvation). **-voyé**¹¹ [*dé-, voie*], *tr.*: lead the wrong way, mislead, lead astray; build or place slanting or obliquely (*-voyé*, slanting, out of true);

relieve the bowels of, relieve; *se —*, lose one's way, go astray; be slanting.

dévriller¹⁵ [*dé-, vrille*], *tr.*: unravel.

dex-térité¹⁵ [*L. -teritas*], *f.*: dexterity, adroitness, skill. **-tre**¹⁵ [*L. -ter, right, skilful*], *adj.*: *†right* (on the right hand), *†dexter; dexterous, ADROIT, skilful; f.*: right hand or side. **-trement**¹⁵, *adv.*: dexterously. **-trine**¹⁵, *f.*: gum-like substance (so named from its rotating the plane of polarization to the right). **-tro-** [*-ter*], in some rare words much like the English.

dey¹⁷ [*Turk, dai*], *m.*: (= ancient sovereign of Algiers).

dia¹⁵ [*?*], *interj.*: haw! (= "go left!" to horses): *il n'entend ni à hue ni à —*, he won't see nor haw, won't understand anything.

dia-bète¹⁶ [Gr. *-betes (dia-bainein, go through)*], *m.*: diabetes (disease attended with excessive discharge of urine). **-bétique**¹⁸, *adj.*: diabetic; *m., f.*: sufferer with diabetes.

dia-ble⁹ [*l. L. -bolus (Gr. -los, dia-ballein, calumniate)*], *m.*: DEVIL (Satan; wicked or wretched person, fellow), deuce; name of various objects, as jack-in-a-box (toy), air tube (in a furnace), Cartesian devil, machine for cleaning hair or cotton; truck, (artil.) mortar truck carriage, (nav.) bung-drawer; *interj.*: the devil! the deuce! — *des bois*, sort of ape; — *de mer*, sea-devil; *à la —*, wretchedly bad; *un bon —*, a good-natured fellow; *c'est le —*, there's the devil of it; *faire le — à quatre*, play the devil; *être —*, be a devil, be bad; *au —!* the devil take it! **-blément**¹⁵, *adv.*: devilishly, furiously. **-blerie**¹², *f.*: sorcery (by the aid of the devil), witchcraft, diabolical plot; representation (play, painting, writing, etc.), in which devils play a part; diabolical conduct, deviltry; wildness. **-blesse**¹⁸, *f.*: she-devil; hag, shrew. **-bliteau**¹⁴, *m.*: little devil, devilkin. **-blizot**¹⁵, *interj.*: the devil! **-blot**¹⁷, *m.*: *†devilkin*; mizen-top-gallant stay-sail. **-blotin**¹⁵ [*-blot*], *m.*: little devil; wild child; kind of petrel (bird); candy or chocolate cracker; mizen-top-mast stay-sail; little storm-cloud; indigo-tub; olive-oil workman (who brings the olives). **-bolique**¹² [*L. -bolicus*], *adj.*: diabolical. **-boliquement**¹⁴ [*-bolicus*], *adv.*: diabolically.

diacante¹⁷ [Gr. *di-*, twice, *akantha*, thorn], *adj.*: double-thorned.

diacaustique¹⁷ [Gr. *diá*, through, Fr. *caustique*], *adj.*: diacaustic.

diachylon¹⁸, **-lum** [*L. -lon (Gr. *diachulos*, thoroughly juicy)*], *m.*: diachylon (plaster once made of several juices).

diacommatique¹⁷ [Gr. *diá*, through,

Fr. *comma*, *adj.*: (mus.) that raises a note to make a harmonious transition.

diaco-nal¹³ [L. *L. nalis* (cf. *diacre*)], *adj.*: diaconal. **-nat**¹⁶ [L. *L. -natus*], *m.*: diaconate, deaconry; deaconship. **-nesse**¹³ [L. *L. -nissa*], *f.*: deaconess. **-nie**¹⁶ [L. *L. -nia*], *f.*: church of a cardinal deacon, deaconry.

†diacoustique¹⁷ [Gr. *diá*, through, Fr. *acoustique*], *f.*: diacoustics.

diacre¹¹ [L. *-conus*, Gr. *diákonos* (?), servant, minister], *m.*: DEACON (person admitted to the lowest order in the ministry).

diacri-se¹⁷ [L. *L. -sis* (Gr. *diá-krínein*, DISCERN)], *f.*: characteristic crisis of a disease. **-tique**¹³ [Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: dia-critic(al).

diadelphie¹⁷ [L. *L. -phia* (Gr. *di-*, twice, *adelphós*, brother)], *f.*: (bot.) diadelphia.

dia-dème¹² [L. *-dema* (Gr. *diá-dein*, bind round)], *m.*: diadem. **-démé**¹³, *adj.*: diademed.

Djuggernaut, *m.*: Juggernaut (Hindoo deity).

diaglyphe¹³ or **-glypte** [Gr. *-phos* (*diá*, *gláphein*, carve)], *m.*: diatlyph, engraving.

dia-gnose¹⁰ [Gr. *diá-gnosis* (*diá*, through, *gignóskein*, KNOW)], *f.*: diagnosis. **-gnos-tic**, **-gnostique**¹⁶ [Gr. *-gnostikós*], *adj.*: diagnostic; *m.*: diagnostic diagnosis. **-gnostique**¹³ [-*gnostique*], *tr.*: diag-nose.

diagomètre¹³ [Gr. *diágein*, conduct, *mètre*], *m.*: diagometer (sort of electro-scope).

diagona-l¹² [L. *-lis*, Gr. *diá-gónios* (*gonia*, angle), from angle to angle], *adj.*: **-lement**, *adv.*: diagonally.

dia-gramme¹⁷ [Gr. *-gramma*], *m.*: diagram. **~-graphe**¹⁶ [Gr. *-gráphein* (write), design], *m.*: diagram.

diaire¹³ [L. *-arius* (*dies*, DAY)], *adj.*: (med.) lasting one day.

dialec-tal¹³, *adj.*: dialect(ic)al. **~-te** [L. *-tus* (*diá-légēsthai*, converse, *légēin*, speak)], *m.*: dialect. **-ticien**¹², **-ticienne** [L. *-ticus*], *m., f.*: dialectician. **-tique**¹¹ [L. *-ticus*], *adj.*: dialectic(al); *f.*: dialectics, logic. **-tiquement**¹³ [-*tique*], *adj.*: dialectically.

diallage¹³ [Gr. *-gé*, change], *m.*: (min.) **-**.

dialo-gique¹⁷ [L. *-gicus*], *adj.*: dialo-gi(stic)al. **-giser** = **-guer**: **-gisme**¹⁵ [Gr. *-gismós*], *m.*: dialogism. **~-giste** [-*gisme*], *m., f.*: dialogist. **~-gue**¹² [L. *-gus* (Gr. *diá-légēsthai*, discourse, *légēin*, speak)], *m.*: dialogue. **-guer**¹³, *intr.*: (fam.) converse; *tr.*: arrange in dialogue.

dia-ly-sable¹³ [-*ser*], *adj.*: capable of dialysis. **~-lyse**¹³ [L. *-lusis* (Gr. *diá-*

luēin, part asunder, *luēin*, LOOSE)], *f.*: dialysis. **-lyser**¹³, *tr.*: dialyze. **-lyseur**¹³ [-*lyser*], *m.*: dialyzer.

diaman-t¹¹ [L. **diamas*, l. Gr. *-mante*, corruption of Gr. *ddamas*, gen. *-mantos* (a, not, *damáin*, TAME)], *m.*: diamond; gem (gen'lly as of a crown); adamant, diamond-shaped ornament (i.e. cut with facets), crown of an anchor. **-taire**¹⁶, *m.*: †dia-mond-cutter; *adj.*: diamond. **-té**¹³, *adj.*: diamonded, set with diamonds. **-tifère**¹³, *adj.*: gold-bearing.

dia-métral¹² [L. *-metralis*], *adj.*: dia-metral. **-métralement**¹³ [-*métral*], *adv.*: diametrically. **~-mètre**¹² [L. *-metrus* (Gr. *diá*, through, *métron*, meas-ure)], *m.*: diameter.

dian-dre¹⁷, *adj.*: diandrian. **~-drie**¹⁷ [L. *-dria* (Gr. *di-*, twice, *anér*, man)], *f.*: diandria (class of plants with two stamens). **-drique** = **-dre**.

Diane, *f.*: Diana.

diane¹³ [Sp. *-na* (L. *dies*, DAY)], *f.*: reveille (beat of drum about daybreak), morning gun; reveille time, dawn: *bail-ler la — à l'ennemi*, surprise the enemy at daybreak.

dian-tre¹³ [euphem. of *diable*], *m.*: deuce. **-trément**¹⁶, *adv.*: (fam.) deucedly. **diapason**¹¹ [L. (Gr. *diá*, through, *pasón*, gen. pl. of *pás*, all, viz. notes)], *m.*: = (octave including all the tones of the dia-tonic scale); tuning fork; a general tone or disposition (of a person).

diapédèse¹⁷ [Gr. *-pédēsis* (*diá*, through, *pedân*, leap)], *f.*: (med.) diapedesis.

diapha-ne¹³ [Gr. *-nēs* (*diá-phainein*, shine through)], *adj.*: diaphanous; transparent; *m.*: transparency. **-néité**¹³, *f.*: diaphaneity.

diaphonie¹⁷ [Gr. *-phonia* (*phonē*, sound), discordance], *f.*: diaphony, elementary harmony (in plain chant) of fourths, fifths and octaves.

diaphore¹³ [Gr. *-ra* (*diá-phérein*, DIP-FER)], *f.*: (rhet.) repetition of a word in a different sense.

diapho-rèse¹⁷ [L. *-resis* (*diá-phorein*, carry through)], *f.*: diaphoresis (increase of perspiration). **-rétique**¹³ [L. *-reticus*], *adj.*: diaphoretic(al).

diaphrag-matique¹³, *adj.*: diaphrag-matic. **~-me**¹² [L. *-ma* (*diá*, through, *phrāssein*, fence)], *m.*: diaphragm.

dia-prer¹² [L. *L. diasprum* (? L. *jasper*), flowery textile fabric], *tr.*: diaper, varie-gate. **-prure**¹³, *f.*: diapering, varia-gation.

diarrhée¹³ [L. *-haa* (Gr. *diá*, through, *rheîn*, flow)], *f.*: diarrhoea.

diastaltique¹³ [Gr. *-kōs*, apt to sepa-rate], *adj.*: muscle-contracting.

diastase¹⁷ [Gr. *-sis* (*dia-stánai*, STAND apart)], *f.*: (chem.) diastase; (*surg.*) diastasis, dislocation.

diastole¹⁶ [Gr. *-te* (*dia-stélein*, put asunder)], *f.*: diastole (dilatation of the heart, etc.); sign in Greek manuscripts separating words).

diastyle¹⁷ [L. *-lus* (Gr. *diá*, through, *stúlos*, pillar)], *f.*: (arch.) diastyle.

diathèse¹⁵ [Gr. *-sis* (*dia-tithénai*, put apart, arrange)], *f.*: diathesis (predisposition to a disease).

diatoni-que¹⁷ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *diá*, by, *tónos*, TONE)], *adj.*: diatonic (pertaining to the scale of eight tones). **-quement**¹⁷, *adv.*: diatonically.

diatragacanthé [L. *-thum*], *m.*: tragacanth powder.

diatribe¹⁶ [L. *-ba* (Gr. *dia-tribein*, rub away)], *f.*: diatribe, virulent criticism.

dichorée [L. *-reus* (Gr. *di-chóreios*, two-choreus)], *f.*: dichoreus (joining of two chorees; *anc. metrics*).

dichoto-me¹⁷ [Gr. *-mos* (*di-cha*, in two, *lémein*, cut)], *adj.*: divided in two; dichotomous. **-mie**¹⁷, *f.*: dichotomy. **-mi que**¹⁸, *adj.*: (bot.) dichotomous.

dichroisme¹⁸ [Gr. *di-chroos*, TWO-coloured], *m.*: dichroism.

dieline¹⁷ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *kline*, bed], *adj.*: (bot.) declinans (hav'g stamens and pistils in separate flowers).

dicotylédone¹⁷ or **-né** [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *cotyledon* (cf. *lédon*)], *adj.*: dicotyledonous; *f.*: dicotyledon.

dictame¹¹ [L. *-mum*], *m.*: dittany (mint-plant).

†**dic tamen**¹² [L.], *m.*: dictate, dictamen. **-tateur**¹² [L. *-tator*], *m.*: dictator. **-tatorial**¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-tatorius*], *adj.*: =. **-tature**¹⁸ [L. *-tatura*], *f.*: dictatorship. **-téc**¹⁶, *f.*: dictation. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *dicere* (*dicere*, say)], *tr.*: dictate; prescribe; prompt; *INDITE*. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =; *†expression*. **-tionnaire**¹⁸ [L. *-tionarium*], *m.*: dictionary: — *vivant*, walking dictionary; *à coup de —*, by reference to the dictionary. **†-ton**¹⁴ [L. *-tum*], *m.*: saying, saw; sarcasm. **†-tum**¹⁸ [L.], *m.*: judge's decision.

dida-ctique¹⁵ [Gr. *-ktikós* (*didáskein*, teach)], *adj.*: didactic(al). **-ctique-ment**¹⁷, *adv.*: didactically. **-skalie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-skalia*], *f.*: (*ant.*) direction (by the author of Greek plays to the actors); record (of plays); argument (of a play).

†**didéau** = guideau.

didelphes¹⁷ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *delphús*, uterus], *m. pl.*: (zool.) didelphia (kangaroo, etc.).

Didon, *f.*: Dido (foundress of Carthage).

diduc-teur¹⁸, *adj.*: separating; *m.*:

separating muscle. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *di-*, apart, *ductio*, leading], *f.*: diduction; (zool.) sidewise motion of the lower jaw in chewing the cud.

didyme¹⁷ [Gr. *didymos*, TWO-fold; TWIN], *adj.*: (bot.) didymous; *m.*: (chem.) didym.

diédre¹⁷ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *hédra*, base], *adj.*: di(hedral).

dié-rèse¹⁷ [L. *diaresis* (Gr. *di-airein*, take apart, Divide)], *f.*: diaresis (separation of one syllable into two; separation-mark " "); (*surg.*) severing by operation. **-résile**¹⁸, *f.*: (bot.) capsular fruit, dividing into shells when ripe.

d-i-èse¹⁵ or **-iésis** [L., Gr. *diesis* (Gr. *diá*, through, *hiénai*, send)], *m.*: diesis, sharp. **-iéser**¹⁷, *tr.*: raise (a note) by a sharp.

1. diète¹⁶ [L. *dieta* (*dies*, DAY)], *f.*: diet (legislative assembly in certain European countries).

2. d-iète¹² [L. *diata*, Gr. *diáita* (ak. to *bios*, life), manner of living], *f.*: diet (*†fare*, regimen prescribed). **-iététi-que**¹⁷ [L. *diatetieus*], *adj.*: dietetic(al).

diétine¹⁷ [*1. diète*], *f.*: dietine (small diet or assembly in Poland).

dién⁹, **Dieu** [L. *deus*], *m.*: god, God: *le bon —*, the host; *plût à —*, God grant; *à — ne plaise*, God forbid; *jurer ses grands —*, swear by all that is sacred. **-donné**, *adj.*: god-sent, heaven-sent.

diève¹⁸ [Dutch *dieve* (ak. to Eng. deep)], *f.*: sort of argillaceous deposit.

diffa-mant¹⁶, *adj.*: defamatory. **-mateur**¹⁸, **-matrice**, *m.*, *f.*: defamer, calumniator. **-mation**¹⁸ [L. *-motio*], *f.*: defamation. **-matoire**¹⁸, *adj.*: defamatory, slanderous. **||-mer**¹² [L. *-mare* (*fama*, fame)], *tr.*: defame, slander, calumniate.

diffé-remment¹⁸ **-ram-** [**-rent**], *adv.*: differently. **-rence**¹¹ [L. *-rentia*], *f.*: difference, distinction; disparity: *à la — de* (*prep. phrase*), as distinguished from, in this respect differing from, unlike. **-rencier**¹⁶ [L. *-rentiare*], *tr.*: make a difference between, distinguish; differentiate (us'ly *-tier*). **-rend** = *rent* (mean. 2). **-rent**¹⁸, *adj.*: 1. different, dissimilar; various; 2. *m.* (us'ly, though wrongly *-rend*): difference (disagreement in opinion or interest, dissension, controversy, quarrel). **-rentiel**¹⁷, **-elle** [L. *-rentia*], *adj.*: differential; *f.*: (*math.*) differential; fluxion. **-rentier** = *rencier*. **||-rer**¹⁸ [L. *-rre* (*die-*, apart, *ferre*, BEAR)], *tr.*: DEFER, delay; adjourn; *intr.*: DIFFER, disagree.

diffi-cile¹⁴ [L. *-cilis* (*dis-*, *facilis*, easy)], *adj.*: difficult, hard; hard to please, particular; unaccommodating; wilful (of horses). **-cilement**¹⁸, *adv.*: with difficulty. **-culté**¹⁸ [L. *-cultas*], *f.*: difficulty; ob-

jection, scruple; difference, trouble.
-cultueur¹⁰, **-ense** [-culté], *adj.*: raising difficulties.

diffu-gnee¹⁸, *f.*: =. **-gent** [L. -ens (dif-fluere, flow apart)], *adj.*: =.

diffor-me¹³ [L. -mis, L. de-formis], *adj.*: deformed, unshapen. **-mer**¹³ [L. -mare], *tr.*: deform; deface, spoil. **-mité**¹⁴ [L. -mitas], *f.*: deformity, ugliness.

diffrac-tor¹⁸, *tr.*: diffract. **-tif**¹⁸, **-ive**, *adj.*: diffractive. **-tion**¹⁰ [L. -tio (dif-fringere, break apart)], *f.*: =. **diffrin-gent** [L. -gens], *adj.*: diffractive.

diffu-s¹⁴ [L. -sus (dif-fundere, pour out)], *adj.*: diffuse, prolix, verbose. **-sément**¹⁵, *adv.*: diffusely. **-ser**¹⁴, *tr.*: (phys.) diffuse. **-sibilité**¹⁷ [-sible], *f.*: diffusibility. **-sible**¹⁸, *adj.*: diffusible. **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: diffusive. **-sion**¹⁰ [L. -sio], *f.*: =; diffuseness.

digamma [Gr. *m.*: = (Greek *f*)].

digestrique [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *gaster*, belly], *adj.*: digastric (of certain muscles fleshy at each end).

di-gérer¹⁴ [L. *di-gere*, carry apart, arrange], *tr.*: DIGEST (arrange methodically, classify; think over, examine; digest as food; (med.) mature; (pharm.) soften, dissolve; bear patiently, brook). **-geteur**¹⁷ [L. -gestus], *m.*: digester (chem. vessel). **-gestible**¹³ [L. -gestus], *adj.*: digestible. **-gestif**¹³, **-ive**, *adj.*: digestive. **-gestion**¹² [L. -gestio], *f.*: = (of food; generation of pus; softening of solution).

digital¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. -talis (-tus, finger)], *adj.*: =; *m.*: club-top (plant). **-tale**, *f.*: digitalis, fox-glove; young salmon. **-taline**¹⁸, *f.*: (chem.) digitalin. **-tation**¹⁷ [L. -tus], *f.*: =. **-té** [L. -tus], *adj.*: (bot.) digitate. **-tigrade**¹⁸ [L. -tus, gradi, walk], *adj.* or *m.*: =.

di-gne¹⁰ [L. -nus], *adj.*: worthy, deserving; upright; DIGNIFIED. **-gnement**¹¹, *adv.*: worthily, deservedly, etc. **-gnitaire**¹⁷ [-gnité], *m.*: dignitary. **-gnité**¹¹ [L. -tas], *f.*: dignity; high station: être constitué en —, be raised to power.

digon¹⁰ [-guer], *m.*: (dial.) barb; (nav.) flag-pole; gaff (hook).

digramme¹⁸ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *gramma*, letter], *f.*: digram, DIGRAPH.

digression¹¹ [L. -sio (di-gradi, step apart)], *f.*: =.

di-gue¹³ [Flem. *dijk*], *f.*: DIKE, dam; bank, embankment. **-guer**¹³, *tr.*: dam, dike; (fr. same root as -gue) prick, spur.

digyne¹⁷ [L. -nus (Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *gunê*, woman)], *adj.*: digynous (hav'g two pistils).

dihydrique¹⁸ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *hydr-* of hydrogène], *adj.*: (chem.) containing two parts of hydrogen to one other.

dilacé-ration¹⁴ [L. -ratio], *f.*: dilacer-

ation. **-rer**¹¹ [L. *di-lacerare*, tear asunder], *tr.*: (di)lacerate, tear to pieces.

dilapi-dateur¹⁴, **-datriee**, *m.*, *f.*: squanderer. **-dation**¹⁷ [L. -datio], *f.*: =, waste. **-der**¹² [L. -dare (lapis, stone), scatter like stones], *tr.*: dilapidate (in sense of 'squander'), waste.

dila-tabilité¹⁷ [-table], *f.*: dilatability. **-table**¹⁶, *adj.*: =. **-tant**¹⁷, *adj.*: dilative; *m.*: dilator (expanding instrument). **-ta-teur**¹⁰, **-trice**, *adj.*: dilative; *m.*: dilator (expanding instrument). **-ta-tion**¹³ [L. -tatio], *f.*: dila(ta)tion, enlargement. **-tatoire**¹⁶ = **-tateur**. **-ter**¹³ [L. *di-latare* (latius, broaden)], *tr.*: dilate, expand, enlarge. **-tation**¹² [L. -tio], *f.*: delay(ing). **-toire**¹² [L. -torius], *adj.*: dilatory.

dilayer¹¹ [?], *tr.*: delay.

dilection¹¹ [L. -tio (legere, choose)], *f.*: pious love, (†Eng. =).

dilemme¹⁰ [L. -ma (Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *lambdê-nein*, take)], *m.*: dilemma.

dilet-tante¹³ [It. *de-lectare*, delight], *m.*: =. **-tantisme**¹³, *m.*: diletantism.

diligement¹¹ **-jam**, *adv.*: diligently. **-gence**¹² [L. -gentia], *f.*: diligence (devoted effort, assiduity; stage-coach); promptness, †ready speed (eagerness); proceedings, suit: faire —, make haste; user de —, use despatch; aller en —, go with speed; go by coach; bureau des —s, coach-office. **-gent**¹² [L. -gens (legere, choose), careful], *adj.*: = (devotedly attractive; assiduous, industrious); expeditious. **-genter**¹⁴, *tr.*: urge on, hasten.

dilobé¹⁸ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *lobê*], *adj.*: having two lobes.

dilu-er¹⁴ [L. -ere (luere = lavare, wash)], *tr.*: DILUTE. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. -tio], *f.*: =. **-vien**¹⁷, **-ienne** [L. -vium, deluge], *adj.*: diluvian. **-vium**¹⁸, *m.*: =.

dimanche¹⁰ [p. L. *diaminica for †dia Dominica, 'lord's day'], *m.*: Sunday: — de Pâques, Easter Sunday; — des Ramenez, Palm Sunday; — gras, Shrove Sunday.

dime¹⁰ [L. decima, TENTH (sc. pars, part)], *f.*: TITHE.

dimension¹⁴ [L. -sio (metiri, MEASURE)], *f.*: =.

dimër¹¹ [-me], *tr.*: TITHE; *intr.*: levy tithes.

dimère¹⁸ [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *méros*, part], *adj.*: dimerous (having two parts).

dimètre¹⁷ [L. -trus], *adj.*: dimeter.

dimër¹² [-mer], *m.*: tithe-gatherer.

dimi-nuer [L. -nuere (minus, less)], *tr.*, *intr.*: diminish, lessen. **-nutif**¹³, **-ive** [L. -nutivus], *adj.*: diminutive. **-nution**¹³ [L. -nutio], *f.*: =, abridgement, reduction.

dimis-soire¹⁶ [L. -sorius (L. mittere,

lirimant ¹⁷ [L. *-mens* (-mere, take away, emere, take)], *adj.*: (can. law) invalidat-

ing: *empêchement* —, impeachment that invalidates a marriage.

discale¹⁷ [It. dial. *-lo* (It. *calo*, diminution)], *m.*: shrinkage.

†**discant** = *déchant*.

discernable¹⁷, *adj.*: discernible. **-nement**¹⁶, *m.*: discernment, distinction, discretion. **||-ner**¹² [L. *-nere* (*cernere*, separate)], *tr.*: †separate; discern, distinguish.

disci-ple¹¹ [L. *-pulus* (*discere*, learn)], *m.*: disciple, pupil. **-plinable**¹⁴ [-*pliner*], *adj.*: —. **-plinaire**¹⁶ [-*pline*], *adj.*: disciplinary. **-plinairement**¹⁸, *adv.*: in a disciplinary manner. **-pline**¹⁰ [L. *-plina*], *f.*: discipline (subordination, training; †chastisement; †penitential scourge); scourging instrument. **-pliner**¹¹, *tr.*: discipline, train; scourge.

discobole¹⁶ [L. *-tus* (Gr. *disko-bolos*, discus-thrower)], *m.*: discobolus; sort of fish.

discolore¹⁶ [L. *dis-color*], *adj.*: two-coloured, of diverse colours.

†**dis-compte**¹⁷ [It. *-conto* (cf. *escompte*)], *m.*: DISCOUNT. **-compter**¹⁷ [It. *-contare*], *tr.*: discount.

discontinuer¹³ [L. *-nuus*], *adj.*: discontinuous. **-nuation**¹⁴, *f.*: —, discontinuance. **||-nuer** [L. *-nuare* (L. *continere*, hold together)], *tr.*: discontinue, interrupt, suspend; *intr.*: discontinue, cease. **-nuité**¹⁷ [-*nu*], *f.*: discontinuity, lack of continuity; discontinuance.

disconvenance¹⁵, *f.*: unsuitableness, inconvenience; incongruity, discrepancy, dissimilarity. **||-nir**¹⁵ [L. *-nire* (cf. *convenir*)], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *intr.*: be inconvenient or unsuitable; disagree, disown, deny.

1. **dis-cord**¹³ [L. *dis-cors* (*cor*, HEART)], *adj.*: discordant, out of tune, dissonant. 2. **-cord**¹² [-*corder*], *m.*: discord, dissention. **-cordance**¹¹ [-*corder*], *f.*: discordance, discordancy, discord; (*mus.*) inconsonance. **-cordant** [-*corder*], *adj.*: discordant, dissonant, jarring; incongruous. **-corde**¹¹ [L. *-cordia*], *f.*: discord, dissension, variance, strife; (*myth.*) discord; four kings in one hand (at *hombre*). †**-corder**¹¹ [L. *-cordare*], *intr.*: be discordant, be out of tune, jar.

dis-cours¹⁵, *m.*: discourse, talk; (*mus.*) discourse, discuss, talker. **||-courir**¹¹ [L. *discurrere*, run to and fro], *irr.* (cf. *courir*); *intr.*: discourse (converse, talk; reason). **-cours**¹⁵ [L. *-curus*], *m.*: discourse (talk, conversation; speech, oration); *parties du* —, parts of speech.

discourtois¹⁴ [It. *dis-cortese* (cf. *courtois*)], *adj.*: discourteous, uncivil. **-sement**¹⁵, *adv.*: discourteously. **-sie**¹⁵ [It. *discortesia*], *f.*: discourtesy.

discrédi-t¹⁷ [It. *-to* (L. *credere*, believe)], *m.*: depreciation (of value); discredit, disrepute. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: depreciate (values); discredit (bring into discredit or disrepute, deprive of esteem).

dis-crèt¹¹, **-ète** [L. *-cretus* (*cernere*, separate)], *adj.*: discreet, considerate, prudent; cautious, reserved; (*med.*) disseminated; discrete (of proportions). **-crètement**¹¹, *adv.*: discreetly. **-crétion**¹¹ [L. *-cretio*], *f.*: †DISCRETION; discretion (discreetness, caution; power to decide): *d* —, at discretion (without conditions, at will, ad libitum); *se remettre à la* — *de*, submit to the will of. **-crétionnaire**¹⁸ [-*crétion*], *adj.*: discretionary. **-crétionnairement**¹⁸ [-*re*], *adv.*: with or at discretion. **-crétoire**¹⁶, *m.*: convention, assembly (of the 'discreet' guardians); assembly room.

discul-pation¹⁶, *f.*: —. **||-per**¹⁶ [Ofr. *des, couple* (L. *culpa*, fault)], *tr.*: exculpate, (†Eng. *disculpate*), vindicate.

discursif¹⁶, **-ive** [L. *-sivus* (cf. *cours*)], *adj.*: discursive.

dis-cussif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-cussivus*], *adj.*: (*med.*) discutient. **-cussion**¹¹ [L. *-cussio*], *f.*: —; debate, altercation; seizure and sale (of the property of a debtor): *une* — *de biens*, appraisal for sale the goods (of a debtor). **-cutable**¹⁵, *adj.*: debatable. **||-cuter**¹⁵ [L. *dis-cutere* (*quater*, shake)], *tr.*: DISCUSS (debate, argue; examine, sift, canvass; *leg.* examine and appraise, as the property of a debtor). **-cuteur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: debater.

dis-er¹³ [L. *-tus* (*serere*, join)], *adj.*: voluble, eloquent, fluent. **-tement**¹², *adv.*: eloquently.

diset-te¹² [?], *f.*: scarcity, want; dearth; beet. **-teur**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: needy.

di-seur¹², **-euse** [*dire*], *m., f.*: sayer, talker; big talker: *un beau* —, a fine talker; a superficial talker; — *de bonne aventure*, fortune-teller; — *de bons-mots*, jester; — *de nouvelles*, newsmonger.

dis-grâce¹⁵ [It. *dis-grazia* (cf. *grâce*)], *f.*: disgrace (disfavour); misfortune, evil; (*rare*) ungracefulness. **-gracie**¹⁵ [-*gracier*], *part.*: disgraced, out of favour; †of ungraceful form (deformed). **-gracier**¹⁵ [It. *-graziare*], *tr.*: disgrace (put out of favour); deform. **-gracieusement**¹⁷ [-*gracieux*], *adv.*: ungracefully. **-gracieux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: ungracious (ungraceful, uncouth, awkward, unlovely).

dis-joindre¹³ [Ofr. *des.* L. *dis-jungere*], *irr.* (cf. *joindre*); *tr.*: DISJOIN, disunite: *se* —, come apart. **-jonctif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-junctivus*], *adj.*: disjunctive.

dislocation¹² [L. *-catio* (*locus*, place)], *f.*: —; luxation; breaking up. **-quer**¹⁶,

tr.: dislocate, put out of joint; break up.

dispatche¹⁵ [It. *-ccio*, DESPATCH], m.: (mar. law) adjustment, arbitration.

disparaître¹² [dis-, *paraître*, irr. (cf. *paraître*); intr.: disappear, vanish (away).

†**dis-parat**¹⁵, 1. **-parate** [L. *-paratus* (par, equal)], adj.: disparate, unequal, incongruous; m., f.: incongruity; pl. *disparates*. 2. **-parate**¹⁵ [Span.], f.: extravagance. **-parité**¹⁵, f.: disparity, dissimilarity.

disparition¹⁵ [-*raître*], f.: disappearance.

dispen-dieusement¹⁵, adj.: expensively. || **-dienc**¹⁷, = **-ense** [L. *-diosus* (*dis-pendere*, weigh out)], adj.: expensive, costly.

dispen-saire¹⁵, m.: dispensatory (formulary of drugs); dispensary (laboratory; place where the poor can have medical advice and medicines free); place where public women are examined periodically. **-sateur**¹¹, = **-trice** [L. *-sator*], m., f.: dispenser. **-sation**¹¹ [L. *-satio*], f.: = (distribution); dosing, medicines. **dis-pen-se**¹⁵, f.: dispensation (relaxation, exemption; licence; permission). || **-ser**¹² [L. *-sare* (*-dere*, weigh out), bestow], tr.: dispense (grant permission or exemption, esp. by ecclesiastic authority, bestow; exempt, absolve, excuse; deal out, distribute); dose out (medicines); *se* —, dispense (with), be distributed; exempt one's self.

disperme¹⁷ or **-matique** [Gr. *di-*, TWICE, *spërma*, seed], adj.: dispersive.

disper-ser¹⁵ [L. *-rgere* (*spargere*, throw)], tr.: disperse, scatter. **-sif**¹⁵, = **-ive**, adj.: dispersive. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio*], f.: =, scattering.

dis-ponibilité¹⁵ [-*ponible*], f.: power of disposal (of property); state of being subject to service (while released from duty), conditional retirement; body of troops subject to muster, available force. **-ponible**¹⁵ [L. *-ponibilis*], adj.: disposable (subject to disposal, free to be used, disengaged, vacant; not assigned to any service); subject to be called into service, available. **-pos**¹⁴ [L. *-positus*], adj., m.: disposed, inclined, ready. **-posant**¹⁷, = **-posante**, m., f.: (leg.) deposer, deponent. || **-poser**¹¹ [L. *-ponere* (*ponere*, put, cf. *poser*)], tr.: dispose (arrange, adapt; make ready; incline, make inclined, prevail upon); intr.: dispose (of), get rid (of); ordain; (com.) draw a bill; *se* —, adapt one's self, prepare, get ready; array one's self; be disposed. **-positif**¹², = **-ive**, adj.: disposing; m.: (leg.) purview, enacting part; decretal part; preparation to locate a mine. **-position**¹¹ [L. *posi-*

tio], f.: = (arrangement; provision; tendency; adaptation, aptness; inclination, humour; disposal); *avoir de bonnes —s pour*, be well disposed towards; *être en bonne —*, enjoy a good habit of body; *être à la — de*, be at the disposal or service of.

dispropor-tion¹⁵ [proportion], f.: =. **-tionné**, adj.: disproportionate. **-tion-nel**¹⁵, = **-elle**, adj.: disproportional. **-tionner**¹⁵, tr.: disproportionate.

dispu-table¹⁵, adj.: disputable. **-tail-ler**¹⁵, intr.: dispute incessantly about trifles, wrangle. †**-tant**¹⁷, m.: =. **-te**¹⁵, f.: = (†discussion, †debate; contention, wrangle). || **-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare* (*putare*, think)], intr., tr.: dispute (discuss, debate; contend; contest, resist; quarrel, wrangle); *se* —, dispute; wrangle. **-teur**¹², = **-ense**, m., f.: disputatious person, wrangler.

disqualifier¹⁵ [Eng. (cf. *qualifier*)], tr.: disqualify.

disque¹⁵ [L. *discus*], m.: discus (disk, quoit); disk (disk-like thing of various kinds).

disquisition¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*quærere*, seek)], f.: =.

diss¹⁵ [Ar.], f.: =, African graminous plant. **dissec-teur**¹⁵ [L. *dis-secare*, cut in two], m.: dissector. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], f.: =.

dissem-ble¹⁵ [dis-, *sembler*], adj.: DISSIMILAR, unlike. **-blement**¹⁵, adv.: dissimilarly. **-blance**¹¹, f.: dissimilarity. †**-blant**¹⁷, adj.: dissimilar.

dissémi-nation¹⁷ [L. *-natio*], f.: dissemination; (bot.) semination, scattering (of seeds). **-nement**¹⁵, m.: dissemination (state of). || **-ner**¹⁵ [L. *-nare* (*semen*, SEED)], tr.: disseminate, scatter.

dissen-sion¹¹ [L. *-sio*], f.: =, discord, strife. **-timent**¹⁵, m.: dissent, disagreement. || **-tir**¹⁵ [*-tire* (*sentire*, feel)], intr.: dissent.

dissé-quer¹⁵ [L. *dis-secare*, cut up], tr.: dissect; analyse critically. **-queur**¹⁷, m.: dissector.

dissertateur¹⁷ [L. *-tator*], m.: dissertator. **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], f.: †discussion; = || **-ter**¹⁷ [L. *-tare* (*serere*, join)], tr.: dissert, discuss.

dissi-dence¹⁷ [L. *-dencia*], f.: discidence, dissent. || **-dent**¹⁵, = **-ente** [L. *-dens* (*dis-sidere*, sit apart, disagree)], adj.: dissident, dissenting; m., f.: dissenter.

dissimi-laire¹⁵ [dis-, *similaire*], adj.: dissimilar. **-lation**¹⁵, f.: =. || **-ler**¹⁵ [cf. *as-rimiler*], tr.: dissimilate. **-litude**¹² [L. *-litude*], f.: =, dissimilarity.

dissimu-lateur¹⁴, = **-trice** [L. *-lator*], m., f.: dissimulator, dissembler. **-lation**¹¹ [L. *-latio*], f.: =. **-lé**, = **-é**, adj.: dissem-

bling, double-faced; *m., f.*: dissembler, double-faced person. **-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (cf. *simuler*)], *tr.*: DISSEMBLE, (†Eng. dissimulate; feign, disguise, mask, feign to ignore); *se —*, dissemble, conceal; be concealed.

dissipateur¹³ = **-trice** [L. *-pator*], *m., f.*: squanderer, spendthrift; *adj.*: squandering, extravagant. **-pation**¹³ [L. *-patio*], *f.*: = (†dispersion; waste; dissoluteness); distraction, pursuit of light frivolous pleasures; diversion, amusement. **-per**¹² [L. *-pare* (*supare*, throw)], *tr.*: dissipate (disperse and cause to disappear; squander, waste); divert (amuse); turn to frivolous pleasures, make dissolute: *une personne dissipée*, a dissolute person.

disso-ciation, *f.*: = **-cier**¹⁵ [L. *-ciare* (*sociare*, unite)], *tr.*: dissociate.

disso-lu¹¹ [L. *-lutus* (*solvere*, loose)], *adj.*: dissolute (loose in morals, lax, licentious, profligate). **-luble**¹³ [L. *-lubilis*], *adj.*: = **-lument**¹¹, *adv.*: dissolutely (licentiously). **-lutif**¹⁵ = **-ive** [L. *-lutum* (*supine*)], *adj.*: dissolving. **-lution**¹¹, *f.*: =; dissoluteness, dissipation, (†Eng. dissolution). **-lvant**¹⁵ [*dis-soudre*], *adj.* or *m.*: (dis)solvent, resolvent.

disso-nance¹³ [L. *-nantia*], *f.*: dissonance, discord. **-nant**¹⁵ [L. *-nans*], *adj.*: dissonant, discordant. **-ner**¹³, *intr.*: be discordant.

dis-soudre¹¹ [L. *dis-solvere*], *irr.* (cf. *résoudre*); *tr.*: DISSOLVE (break up; melt); *refl.*: dissolve, be dissolved; melt. **-sous**, **-soute**, *part.*: dissolved, broken up.

dissua-der¹¹ [L. *-dere* (*suadere*, advise)], *tr.*: dissuade. **-sion**¹⁴ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =

dissylla-be¹⁵ [L. *-bus* (cf. *syllabe*)], *adj.*: dissyllabic; *m.*: dissyllable. **-bique**¹⁵, *adj.*: dissyllabic. **-bisme**¹⁵, *m.*: dissyllabic state.

dis-tance¹² [L. *-lancia* (*stare*, STAND)], *f.*: =; difference. **-tance**¹³, *tr.*: distance. **-tant**¹³, *adj.*: distant, remote.

dis-tendre¹⁵ [L. *-tendere* (*tendere*, stretch)], *tr.*: distend, expand. **-tension**¹³ [L. *-tensio*], *f.*: =

distil-lateur¹⁵, *m.*: distiller. **-lation**¹⁴ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: = **-ler**¹² [L. *-lare* (*stillare*, drop)], *tr.*: distil (let fall in drops; extract by distillation); draw the essence from; (†intr.: distil (fall in drops): — *son esprit sur*, puzzle one's brains about; — *deux fois*, rectify. **-lerie**¹¹, *f.*: distillery.

dis-tinct¹² [L. *-tinctus*], *adj.*: = (different; clear). **-tinctement**¹² [*-tinct*], *adv.*: distinctly. **-tinctif**¹⁷ = **-ive** [*-tinct*], *adj.*: distinctive. **-tinction**¹¹ [L. *-tinctio*], *f.*: = *sans —*, without distinction; indiscriminately, promiscuously. **-tinguer**¹⁴ [L. *-tinguere* (**stinguere*, prick)],

tr.: distinguish (separate, discern, discriminate; recognise; confer distinction on, treat with distinction, honour): *se —*, distinguish one's self; be distinguished. **-tinguo**¹⁵ [L. *'I distinguish'*], *m.*: act of making distinctions in an argument.

disti-que¹⁵ [L.-Gr. *-chon* (*di*, TWICE, *stichos*, row, line)], *m.*: distich (verse of two lines). **-que**¹⁷ [Gr. *-chon*], *m., adj.*: (*bot.*) having leaves, flowers, etc., in two opposite rows.

dis-tordre¹⁵ [L. *-torquere* (cf. *tordre*)], *tr.*: DISTORT. **-tors** [L. *-torsus*], *adj.*: distorted. **-torsion**¹⁵ [L. *-torsio*], *f.*: distortion.

dis-traction¹³ [*-tractio*], *f.*: = (drawing apart, separation, subtraction; perturbation of mind); abstraction (absence of mind); inattention; diversion, recreation, relief. **-traire**¹³ [L. *-trahere* (cf. *traire*)], *irr.* (cf. *traire*); *tr.*: distract (draw apart or away, separate, subtract; deprive; divert, turn away; amuse, entertain): *se —*, divert one's attention, be disturbed; divert or amuse one's self. **-trait**¹³, = **-aite**, *adj.*: distracted; absent-minded; heedless; *m., f.*: absent-minded person. **-traitement**¹⁵ [*-trait*], *adv.*: in an absent-minded way. **-trayant**¹⁵, *adj.*: diverting, amusing.

distribuable¹⁵, *adj.*: distributable. **-buer**¹³ [L. *-buere* (*tribuere*, allot, origly to a *tribus*, 'tribe')], *tr.*: distribute (deal out, apportion; lay out, arrange); cast (the parts of a play). **-buteur**¹³, = **-trice** [L. *-butor*], *m., f.*: distributor. **-butif**¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-butivus*], *adj.*: distributive. **-bution**¹² [L. *-butio*], *f.*: = [cf. *-buer*]. **-butivement**¹⁵ [*-butif*], *adv.*: distributively.

district¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (*stringere*, draw tight)], *m.*: =, jurisdiction.

dit, *part. of dire*, said; †*m.*: saying; word (given); legal proof; short saying, maxim.

dithyram-be¹⁵ [L. *-bus* [Gr. *-bos*]], *m.*: dithyramb(us), wild lyric. **-bique**¹⁵ [L. *-rambicus*], *adj.*: dithyrambic.

ditto¹⁷ [It. *detto* (L. *dictum*, the thing said)], *adv.*: ditto, as aforesaid.

diton¹⁶ [L. *-nus* (Gr. *di*, twice, *tónos*, TONE)], *m.*: ditone (interval of two tones).

diu-rèse¹⁷ [L. *-resis* (Gr. *ouiron*, urine)], *f.*: diuresis (over-excretion of urine). **-rétique**¹³ [L. *-reticus*], *adj.*: diuretic.

diur-nal¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-nale*, 'daily', sc. *officium*, 'service'], *adj.*: daily; *m.*: (Rom. Cath.) diurnal (daily service-book for the "small hours"). **-ne**¹⁴ [L. *diurnus* (*dies*, DAY)], *adj.*: daily, diurnal; readable on the day; *m.*: diurnal (viz. bird or insect; *pl.* diurnal).

diva¹³ [It. (orig'ly 'goddess')], *f.*: star singer.

diva-gateur¹⁶, **-trice**, *m., f.*: rambling speaker; *adj.*: rambling, desultory. **-gation**¹⁶, *f.*: =, straying, rambling. **-guer**¹⁶ [L. *-gari* (*vagari*, stroll)], *intr.*: †stray; wander (away from reason), ramble, be incoherent; rave.

divan¹⁶ [Turk. *diwan*], *m.*: = (oriental council hall; high council, council of state; reception hall; cushioned seat, tax register; collection of poems).

†**dive**¹⁶ [L. *-va* (*deus*, god)], *f.*: goddess; as *adj.*: divine.

diver-gence¹⁶ [L. *-gentia*], *f.*: =, divergency. **-gent**¹⁶ [L. *-gens*], *adj.*: =. **||-ger**¹⁷ [L. *-gere* (*vergere*, bend)], *intr.*: diverge (spread apart; vary).

divers¹¹ [L. *-versus*], *adj.*: after its noun: diverse (varied, various, different); before its noun: divers (sundry, several). **-versement**¹¹ [*-vers*], *adv.*: diversely. **-versifier**¹² [L. *-versificare*], *tr.*: diversify, vary. **-version**¹² [L. *-versio*], *f.*: =. **-versité**¹¹ [L. *-versitas*], *f.*: diversity. **||-vertir**¹³ [L. *-vertere* (turn)], *tr.*: divert (†turn away from a place, purpose, or occupation; amuse, entertain, recreate, delight); †turn to one's own use (embezzle): *se* —, divert, enjoy or recreate one's self, take one's pleasure; make sport: *deniers divertis*, embezzled money. **-vertissant**¹⁶, *adj.*: diverting, amusing, entertaining. **-vertissement**¹⁴, *m.*: diversion (†turning away; amusement, recreation, pastime, sport, †Eng. divertimento); embezzlement; = (interlude between acts); small play (written for private theatricals); piece of light music; interval between the repetitions of a fugue.

divette¹⁸ [*-ra*], *f.*: little star singer.

dividende¹⁶ [L. *-dus* (*dividere*, divide)], *m.*: dividend: *faire un* —, declare a dividend; — *arriéré*, unclaimed dividend.

divin¹¹ [L. *-nus* (*deus*, god)], *adj.*: divine.

divina-teur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (*-re*, to 'divine', fr. *divinus*, 'divine; diviner', cf. *devin*)], *m., f.*: diviner, omen-taker.

-tion¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (act or power of divining). **-toire**¹³ [*-tion*], *adj.*: divinatory.

divi-nement¹⁴ [*-n*], *adv.*: divinely.

-niser¹⁵ [*-n*], *tr.*: deify, (†Eng. divinify).

-nité¹¹ [L. *-nitas*], *f.*: divinity.

divis¹³ [L. *divisus*, DIVIDED], *m.*: (leg.) division.

†**divise** = *devise*.

divi-ser¹¹ [L. *-dere*, divide, through Fr. *diviser* (which see)], *tr.*: DIVIDE (sunder, separate, distribute; disunite, set at variance): *se* —, divide, be divided; be dis-

united. **-seur**¹⁴ [L. *-sor*], *m.*: (arith.) divisor; *adj.*: divisive, dividing. **-sibilité**¹⁴ [*-sible*], *f.*: divisibility. **-sible**¹³ [L. *-sibilis*], *adj.*: =. **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-sum*, divided], *adj.*: (surg.) serving to keep apart. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (dividing, partition, disagreement, variance; separated part; division, i.e. two or more; combined brigades in an army, or companies in a battalion; squadron; territorial division under one military commander); departmental bureau. **-sionnaire**¹⁷ [L. *-sion*], *adj.*: visionary, divisional; of a division; *m.*: division general; section teacher.

divor-ee¹³ [L. *-tium* (*vertere*, turn)], *m.*: = (dissolution of a marriage; separation, rupture, variance): *faire* — (*avec*), divorce; renounce. **-eer**¹³, †*tr.*: divorce, separate; *intr.*: be divorced.

divul-gation¹⁵ [L. *-gatio*], *f.*: =. **||-guer**¹³ [L. *-gare* (*vulgare*, spread among the 'people,' *vulgus*)], *tr.*: divulge, make public.

divul-sion¹⁵ [L. *-sio* (*vellere*, snatch)], *f.*: =.

di-x° dis; before vow. *dis*, bef. const. *di* [L. *decem*], *adj.* or *m.*: TEN; tenth.

-x-huit¹¹ *x* = *z*; *t* silent bef. const., *adj.* or *m.*: EIGHTEEN; eighteenth.

-x-huitième¹¹ *x* = *z* [*-x-huit*], *adj.* or *f.*: eighteenth. **-xième**¹¹ *x* = *z*, *adj.*:

tenth; *m.*: tenth part; *f.*: (mus.) tenth.

-xièmement *x* = *z* [*-xième*], *adv.*: tenthly.

-x-neuf¹¹ *x* = *z*, *adj.* or *m.*: NINETEEN; nineteenth.

-x-neuvième¹⁶ *x* = *z* [*-x-neuf*], *adj.* or *f.*: nineteenth.

-x-sept¹¹ *dis-set*, *adj.* or *m.*: SEVENTEEN; seventeenth.

-x-septième¹¹ *x* = *z* [*-x-sept*], *adj.* or *f.*: seventeenth.

-zain¹⁴, *m.*: assemblage of ten like objects; decastich (poem of ten lines); package of ten decks of cards; †tenth of a rosary.

-zaine¹⁵, *f.*: group of ten unities or objects, half a score; some ten; ancient city district; group of the ten essential beads in a rosary. †**-zainier** =

-zenier. **-zeau**¹⁵, *m.*: (dial.) shock (of ten sheaves) of wheat; heap (of ten bundles) of hay; stack.

†**-zenier** [*-zaine*], *m.*: tithing-man.

djinn¹⁸ [Arab.], *m.*: (d)jinee (Arab. *Myth.*: genius or demon of the fire, capable of assuming various forms).

Djaguernat, *m.*: Juggernaut ('lord of the world,' name of the Hindoo god Vishnu).

do [It.], *m.*: (mus.) *do*.

doc-i-le¹⁵ [L. *-lis* (*docere*, teach)], *adj.*: =, tractable. **-lement**¹⁶, *adv.*: with docility.

-lité¹⁴ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: docility.

docima-sie¹⁷ [Gr. *dokimasía* (*décheuthai*,

approve)], *f.*: docimacy (test of ores; or of certain vital parts of a body). **-stique** [Gr. *-stikós*], *adj.*: docimastic; *tr.*: docimacy.

dock¹⁰ [Dutch *dok*, Eng. *dock*], *m.*: dock (basin for vessels; piers; piers or wharves for vessels); large store (of some merchandise).

doc-te¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (-ere, teach)], *adj.*: learned, erudite. **-tément**¹⁵, *adv.*: learnedly. **-teur**¹¹ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: doctor (teacher of a doctrine; holder of a doctor's degree; physician): — *de*, teacher of or in; — *en*, doctor of (philosophy, law, etc.).

-tissime¹⁵ [L. *-tissimus*], *adj.*: most learned. **-toral**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-tor*], *adj.*: —. **-toralemt**¹⁷ [L. *-toral*], *adv.*: in a doctoral way. **-torat**¹⁵ [L. *-toratus*], *m.*: doctorate; doctor's degree. **†-tore-rie**¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *f.*: doctor's degree; thesis for a doctor's degree (in theol.). **-toresse**¹⁴ [L. *-tor*], *f.*: (*fam.*) doctress; learned woman. **-torifier**¹⁵ [L. *-tor*, *-fier*], *tr.*: (*jest.*) make a doctor of, doctorise.

doctri-naire¹⁵, *m.*: lay brother; doctrinaire (a liberal tied by certain political doctrines); *adj.*: lay; doctrinaire. **-nal**¹¹, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: —. **-nale-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: doctrinally. **[-ne]**¹¹ [L. *-na* (*docere*, teach)], *f.*: —; *f* learning.

documen-t¹¹ [L. *-tum* (*docere*, teach)], *m.*: — (*†*precept; original writing). **-taire**¹⁵, *adj.*: documentary. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: document.

dodéca- [Gr. *dōdeka*, twelve]: **-èdre**¹⁵ [Gr. *dodekadron* (*hēdra*, base)], *m.*: (*geom.*) dodecahedron (solid with 12 faces). **-gonal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-gonic*], *adj.*: twelve-angled. **-gone**¹⁵ [Gr. *-gon* (*gonia*, angle)], *m.*: dodecagon. **-gyne**¹¹ [L. *-gynia* (Gr. *gynē*, female)], *adj.*: dodecagynian (having 12 pistils). **-ndre**¹⁷ & nasal [L. *-ndria* (Gr. *anēr*, man)], *adj.*: dodecandrian (having 12 or more stamens). **-style**¹⁵ [Gr. *stilos*, column], *m.*: building with twelve columns in front.

dodeli-nement¹⁵, *m.*: rocking (of head or body). **[-ner]**¹⁵ [*†* ak. to *dodiner*], *intr.*, *tr.*: rock (head or body), swing to and fro.

dodi-nage¹⁷, *f.*: oscillation. **†-ne**¹⁵, *f.*: sort of sauce. **[-ner]**¹⁵ [echoic], *tr.*: rock gently; coddle; *†intr.*: oscillate: *se* —, nurse one's self; coddle or make much of one's self. **-dinet**¹⁵, *f.*: rocking; coddling.

dodo¹⁵ [for *dormir*], *m.*: (to children) sleep; lullaby; bed.

dodu¹⁵ [*†*], *adj.*: plump.

do-gresse¹⁵ [It. *-garesa*], *f.*: doge's wife. **-gat**¹⁵ [It. *-gato*], *m.*: dogate (office of doge). **[-ge]**¹⁵ [It. *-duz*,

leader, chief], *m.*: doge. **†-gesse** = **-garesse**.

dog-matique¹⁵ [L. *-maticus*], *adj.*: dogmatic. **-matiquement**¹⁵ [L. *-maticus*], *adv.*: dogmatically. **-matise**¹² [L. *-matizare*], *intr.*: talk or preach of dogmas or doctrines; dogmatize; *†tr.*: teach dogmatically. **-matiseur** [L. *-matizer*], *m.*: dogmatizer. **-matisme**¹⁵ [L. *-matizer*], *m.*: doctrine of dogmatic philosophers (cf. scepticism, etc.). **-matiste**¹⁵ [L. *-matizer*], *m.*: dogmatic philosophy. **[-me]**¹⁵ [L. *-ma* (Gr. *dokein*, think)], *m.*: dogma (tenet, doctrine).

dogre¹⁵ [Dutch *dogger* (boat), 'codfish' (-boat)], *m.*: dogger (boat).

1.dogue¹⁵ [Eng. *dog*], *m.*: bulldog, mastiff; *pl.* hounds.

2.dogue = **doek**.

†doguer¹⁵ [*†*], *tr.*: butt (with the head or horns).

doguin¹⁵, **-ine** [L. *-gue*], *m.*, *f.*: pug-dog; (*dial.*) short-nosed hog.

doig-t¹⁵ [p. L. **ditus* (L. *digitus*)], *m.*: finger; toe; DIGIT; (finger-like object, as) finger of a glove; indicator: *montrer au* —, point out; *mettre le* — *dessus*, hit upon a thing; hit the nail on the head; *avoir sur les* —s, get a rap on the knuckles; *mon petit* — *me l'a dit*, a little bird told me; *un* — *de vin*, a drop of wine. **-té**¹⁷ [L. *-ter*], *m.*: (*mus.*) fingering; finger guide. **1.-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: (*mus.*) finger. **†2.-ter** = **-té**. **-tier**¹⁵, *m.*: finger-stall; brass thimble; little handkerchief (suspended from the priest's little finger when he was officiating); foxglove (plant).

doisl¹² [Ofr. *dois*, source], *m.*: spigot.

†1.doit¹⁵ [L. *ductum*, 'duct'], *m.*: conduit.

2.doit [devoir], *m.*: Dr. (= debtor).

doi-te¹⁷ [doigt], *f.*: thickness of thread.

-tée [doigt], *f.*: piece of thread (needleful).

1.dol¹⁴ [L. *-lus*], *m.*: deceit, fraud.

2.dol¹⁷ [Turk. *davul*], *m.*: big drum.

dola-bre [L. *-bra*, mattock], *f.*: battle-ax, dolabra. **-briforme**¹⁷, *adj.*: dolabiform.

dolage¹⁷ [L. *-ler*], *m.*: dressing (with the adze).

dolce¹⁷ = Eng. *ch* [It. (*L. dulcis*, sweet)], *adv.*: (*mus.*) =.

do-lé-gnee¹⁴ [doulour], *f.*: mournful complaint, lament. **-lement**¹⁵ **-lam-** [L. *-lent*], *adj.*: mournfully. **-lent**¹⁵ [L. *-lens* (-lere, suffer)], *adj.*: *†*mournful (DOLEful); suffering.

doler¹⁵ [L. *-lāre*], *tr.*: chip or dress (with a sharp instrument, an adze); fashion.

dolie¹⁵ [Gr. *-lichos*, bean], *m.*: black bean.

dolicho- [Gr. *dolichos*, long]: **-cé-phale**¹⁵ [Gr. *kephalē*, head], *adj.*: dolichocephalic (long-skulled); *m.*: dolichocephalic

man or being. **-pode**¹⁸ [Gr. *podē*, FOOT], *adj.*: long-footed; *m. pl.*: diptera.

doliman¹⁵ [Turk. *dholāma*], *m.*: = (Turkish robe); *poet.* for *dolman*.

dollar¹⁷ [Eng. (Ger. *Thaler*)], *m.*: =.

dolman¹⁵ [Ger. (Turk. *dholāma*, cf. *doliman*)], *m.*: hussar's pelisse (embroidered jacket hanging loose over the shoulder).

dolmen¹⁵ [Celt. (*tol*, table, *men*, stone)], *m.*: =, cromlech.

do-loir¹⁵ [-*ler*], *m.*: paring-knife, scraper. **-loire**^o [p. L. **-latria* (L. *-lāre*, 'chip)], *f.*: adze; chip-axe; (*her.*) axe without handle; mason's shovel (used in mixing lime and sand); *en* —, dolabriform.

dolomie¹⁷ or **-mite** [French geologist *Dolomieu*], *f.*: dolomite (mineral).

dolosif¹⁵ **-ive** [L. *-sus* (*dolus*, fraud)], *adj.*: (*leg.*) fraudulent.

dolyre¹⁵ [-*ler*], *f.*: scraps of skins (for making glue).

dom^o [L. *-minus*, lord], *m.*: dom (fjord; title given to certain church dignitaries or monks), don.

do-main^o [L. *-minicus* (-*minus*, lord), pertaining to a lord], *m.*: domain (DEMESE, estate, property; dominion; department). **-manial**¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-manialis*], *adj.*: demesial. **-manier**¹⁵, *m.*: member of the administration of a domain; †farmer of taxes.

dôme¹⁴ [Ital. *duomo* (L. *domus*, house)], *m.*: dome (principal church in an Italian city; church with a cupola; cupola; dome-like object, as arch of an arbour; upper part of a furnace; hood, companion-hatch).

domerie¹⁵ [*dom*], *f.*: ecclesiastic benefice whose holder bore the title of *dom*; abbey.

domes-tication¹⁵ (*-tiquer*), *f.*: =. **-ticité** [L. *-ticitas*], *f.*: domesticity (domestic state); servants or menials (of a household); domesticated state. **-tique**¹⁵ [L. *-ticus* (*domus*, house)], *adj.*: domestic (household, home, home-bred; internal; menial); domesticated; tame; *m., f.*: domestic (†person attached as a page, lady of honour, etc., to a high dignitary; hired servant, menial); *m.*: (body of) domestics or servants; the inner of house, home, family: *il aime son —*, he loves his home. **-tiquement**¹⁵, *adv.*: domestically; as a servant. **-tiquer**¹⁴, *tr.*: domesticate, tame.

domiei-le¹⁵ [L. *-lium* (*domus*, house)], *m.*: = (legal abode; residence, house): — civil, ordinary residence, dwelling; *faire acquérir le — légal*, (*leg.*) give a settlement. **-liaire**¹⁵ [L. *-lium*], *adj.*: domiciliary: *visite —*, house search. **-lier**¹⁵ [L. *-lium*], *tr.*: domiciliate (domi-

cile, make reside, settle; domesticate): **-lié**, domiciliated, settled; residing; resident.

domifier¹⁵ [L. *-ficare*, build a house, *domus*], *intr.*: (*astrol.*) domify, divide the heavens into 12 "houses."

domi-nant¹⁴, **-nante**, *adj.*: = (pre-dominant; ruling, reigning; prevalent); *f.*: (*mus.*) dominant. **-nateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-nator*], *m., f.*: dominator, ruler; *adj.*: dominant, ruling; domineering, arrogant.

-nation¹¹ [-*natio*], *f.*: = (dominion, rule; *pl.* first order of angels in the second hierarchy). **-ner**^o [L. *-nari* (-*nus*, lord)], *intr.*: dominate (rule, govern; prevail); †command (a view), †rise above; *tr.*: dominate (rule, govern; domineer over); rise above, command.

domini-cain¹², **-aine** [Dominicus, founder of the order], *m., f.*: Dominican (monk or nun).

dominica-l¹⁴, **-le**, *pl. m.* **-aux** [L. *-lis* (*dominus*, lord)], *adj.*: = (relating to our Lord); *f.*: Sunday sermon; dominical letter; *m.*: dominical linen (on which women used to receive the eucharist); dominicale, veil (used by women at the Lord's Supper); *l'oraison dominicale*, the Lord's prayer; *le jour —*, the Lord's day, Sunday.

domi-no¹⁵ [? abl. of L. *-nus*, lord], *m.*: = (priest's hood; woman's mourning veil; masquerade costume; person wearing a domino; last matching in the game of dominoes; the game of dominoes; domino piece); little black prune; spotted grosbeak; †coarsely coloured paper patterns. **†-noterie**¹⁵ [-*notier*], *f.*: coloured paper (for games). **-notier**¹⁵, *m.*: †wood engraver; maker of coloured paper (for games).

Domitien, *m.*: Domitianus.

dom-mage¹⁵ [*dam*], *m.*: DAMAGE (injury, harm, loss); pity (in *c'est —*, it is a pity). **-mageable**¹², *adj.*: injurious, hurtful, detrimental, (†Eng. damageable). **-mageablement**¹⁵, *adj.*: in a damaging way.

domp-table¹¹, *adj.*: domitable, tameable. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: subduing, taming. **†-ter**^o [L. *domitare* (*domare*, TAME)], *tr.*: TAME, subdue, quell; break in (a horse): *se —*, subdue or quell one's passion, master one's self. **-teur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: subduer, tamer. **-te-venin**¹⁵, *m.*: swallow-wort. **†-ture**¹¹, *f.*: taming.

1. don^o [L. *-num*], *m.*: gift (donation, present; endowment, talent, knack, power): *le — de la parole*, the gift of speech.

2. d-on¹⁴ or **†don** [Sp. *don* (L. *dominus*, lord)], *m.*: = (Sp. title of a prince or nobleman). **-ona**¹⁵ or **†ona** [Sp. *doña*], *f.*: = (lady of rank).

donataire¹² [L. *-tarius*], *m., f.*: donee (receiver of a gift); (carelessly) donor.
-teur¹² *-trice* [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: donor, giver. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio* (L. *dare*, give)], *f.*: =.

donec⁹, *bef. vow., or in emphat. use*
donec [p. L. **dumque* (L. *dum*)], *conj.*: then, consequently, therefore.

dondon¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (*fam.*) stout and fresh-coloured woman; plump or buxom girl.

don-jon¹¹ [l. L. *acc. domnion-em* (L. *dominus*, lord)], *m.*: = (chief tower, castle-keep); turret, watch-tower; belvedere (on a building). **-jonné**¹⁵, *adj.*: turreted.

don-nant¹⁶ [-ner], *adj.*: generous (in giving). **-ne**¹⁷, *f.*: deal at cards.

2. donne = *doña*.

don-né¹², *part.*: given; *m.*: lay monk; invalid supported by certain monasteries. **-née**¹², *part.*: given; *f.*: gift (distribution to the poor); DATUM (*pl.* data: fact or principle granted, fact; known quantity); fundamental fact, foundation, starting-point, theme. **-ner**⁹ [L. *donare*], *tr.*: give (present); bestow; grant; yield, produce; impart; deal (at cards); wish (good morning, etc.); consider; attribute; *intr.* (*usly by ellipsis*): give (way); give one's self up, become addicted; hit; strike; (*mil.*) charge; get into the head (of liquors); deal (at cards); look, lead or open into (for *donner vue* or *accès*): *se* —, give one's self; procure; take place (of battles); devote, attach or addict one's self; give one's self out as: — *rendez-vous*, appoint a meeting; — *une baie*, humbug; — *gain de cause*, admit defeat, give up; *en* — *à*, make a fool of; beat, maul, cheat; — *à penser à*, set a-thinking, make think; — *dedans* (or *dans le piège*), fall into a snare; — *dans une embuscade*, fall into an ambush; *le soleil donne dans*, the sun shines into; — *dans l'œil* (or *dans la vue*) *à quelqu'un*, dazzle somebody; *cette fenêtre donne sur*, this window looks out upon, overlooks; *cette porte donne sur*, this door leads to. **-neur, -neuse**¹¹, *m., f.*: giver; DONOR.

†dônques = *donec*.

dont⁹ [p. L. **de unde*], *pron. particle*: of (from) which, of whom, whose.

†donzelle¹⁶ [It. *-lla* (cf. *demoiselle*)], *f.*: DAMSEL, wench.

†dorade = *daurade*.

do-radile¹⁷ [Span. *-lla* (*dorado*, gilt)], *f.*: finger-fern; dorado (fish). **-ré**⁹ [-rer], *part.*: gilt; golden: — *sur tranche*, gilt-edged (of books). **-rée**⁹, *f.*: doree (yellow fish); yellow cake; dung-balls, lessee, fumet. **-relle**¹⁵ [-rer], *f.*: ornamental plant.

dorénavant¹¹ [for *d'or en avant*, 'from now on'], *adv.*: henceforth, hereafter.

do-rer⁹ [L. *de-aure* (*aurum*, gold)], *tr.*: gild (over); embellish; cover or glaze with something like gold (as with the yolk of eggs, etc.): *se* —, gild; become golden. **-reur**¹², **-reuse**, *m., f.*: gilder.

Doride, *f.*: Doris (daughter of Oceanus). **dorien**¹⁵, = **enne** [Gr. *Dôres*, Dorians], *adj.*: or *m., f.*: Dorian, Doric.

dorine¹⁷ [Dorine, woman's name], *f.*: golden saxifrage.

dorique¹⁵ [L. *-ricus* (Gr. *-rikós*)], *adj.*: Doric (of Doris or the Dorians in ancient Greece); *m.*: Doric architecture: *un* —, small kind of pilasters.

dorlo-ter¹⁸ [OFr. *dorelot* (?), hair curling], *tr.*: surround with tender care, fondle, coddle, pamper; nurse. **-tine**¹⁵, *f.*: easy carriage.

dor-mailler¹⁵, *intr.*: be half asleep, doze. **-mant**¹¹, *adj.*: sleeping, =; stagnant; dull; unemployed (of money); *m.*: (*carp.*) dormant, dormer, sleeper, post: *manœuvre dormante*, (*nav.*) standing part of a tackle. **-meur**¹⁵, = **-euse**, *m., f.*: sleeper, lover of sleep, sluggard; *m.*: crawfish; *f.*: easy carriage; sort of earring. **-mir**⁹ [L. *-mire*], *irr. §*; *intr.*: sleep (be asleep, be in repose, lie dormant, be dead); be stagnant; *m.*: sleep: *il n'y a point de pire eau que l'eau qui dort*, still water runs deep. **†-mitif**¹⁵, = **-ive** [L. *-mire*], *adj.* or *m.*: dormitive. **-mition**¹⁸ [L. *-mitio*, sleeping], *f.*: (*theol.*) last sleep of the Virgin (during which occurred her Assumption).

§ Ind.: Pr. *dor-s*, -s, -t; *dorm-ons*, -ss, -ent. *lpl. dormais*. Pret. *dormis*. Fut. (*Cond.*) *dormirai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *dorme*. *lpl. dormisse*. — *l've dors*. — Part.: Pr. *dormant*; P. *dormi*.

doroir¹⁶ [-rer], *m.*: glazing brush (for pastry).

doronic¹⁷ [l. L. *-cum* (Arab.)], *m.*: leopard's-bane (plant).

dor-sal¹², *pl.* = **-aux** [l. L. *-salis* (*dorsum*, back)], *adj.*: =. **-sibranché**¹⁸ [L. *-sum*, *branchia*, gill], *adj.*: dorsibranchiate; *m. pl.* dorsibranchiata (sea-worms).

dortoir⁹ [L. *dormitorium* (*dormire*, (sleep))], *m.*: DORMITORY.

doreure¹¹ [-rer], *f.*: gilding; glazing (of pastry).

doryphore¹⁷ [Gr. *dôru*, spear, *phôros*, BEARER], *m.*: spear-bearer; South American beetle.

dos⁹ [p. L. **dossum* (L. *dorsum*)], *m.*: back; ridge: — *d'âne*, shelving, ridge.

do-sable¹⁸, *adj.*: of determined dose or quantity. **-sage**¹⁸, *m.*: (*pharm.*) dosing, proportioning.

do-se¹⁴ [L.-Gr. *-sis* (di-

dónai, give)], *f.*: dose (quantity, portion).
-*ser*¹⁵, *tr.*: dose.

dos-se¹⁴ [*dos*], *f.*: first board sawed from a log; rough board or plank; convex part of a bone. -*scet*¹³ [-*sier*], *m.*: backing, back-piece, pilaster; brace, check. -*sier*¹³ [*dos*], *m.*: back (of a seat); head-board (of a bed); **DOSSER** (sort of basket to hang on the back); back drain of a basin; support, brace; backboard; bundle of papers (marked on the back), brief (of barristers), documents. -*sière*¹⁷ [*dos*], *f.*: ridge-band (of a harness); back of a cuirass.

do-t¹² [*L. dos* (*dare*, give)], *f.*: DOWRY, marriage portion; nun's gift (when admitted to a nunnery). -*tal*¹⁵, *pl.* -*aux* [*L. -lalis*], *adj.*: =. -*tation*¹³ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: allowance to a widowed queen or princess; allowance to a prince or high dignitary; endowment, dotation; civil list; annual appropriation or budget (for certain departments). -*ter*¹² [-*täre*], *tr.*: ENDOW (furnish with a dower; settle an income on).

dou-aire⁹ [*p. L. dōdrium* (*dos*, gift)], *f.*: DOWER (jointure, marriage-settlement). -*airier*¹⁴, -*airière*, *m., f.*: child refusing a father's heritage, to have the maternal DOWER; *f.*: dowager.

doua-ne¹⁴ *duan* [*It. doana* (*Ar. diouan*, register)], *f.*: custom-house; (custom-) duty: *conseil des —s*, board of customs; *droit de —*, custom-house duty. -*ner*¹⁷, *tr.*: seal (goods for further transportation); clear (at the custom-house). 1. -*nier*¹⁶, *m.*: custom-house officer; tide-waiter. 2. -*nier*¹⁸, -*nière*, *adj.*: relating to the custom-house or to customs.

douar¹⁶ [*Ar.*], *m.*: tent-village; small tribe.

dou-blage¹⁴ [-*bler*], *m.*: doubling; sheathing. **dou-ble**⁹ [*L. duplus* (*duo*, two)], *adj.*: = (twofold, duplicate; deceitful); *m.*: = (twofold; duplicate, counterpart; doubling, fold; *theat.* understudy, substitute); (*vulg.*) paunch, first stomach (of ox, etc.); *adv.*: double: *partie —*, (*com.*) double entry. -*blé*¹⁷ [-*bler*], *part.*: doubled, etc.; *m.*: plated metal; (billiards) doubler. -*bleau*¹², *m.*: (*carp.*) binding, joist. 1. -*blement*¹¹, *adv.*: doubly. 2. -*blement*¹² [-*bler*], *m.*: doubling; bracing. -*bler*⁹ [*L. duplare*], *tr.*: double (duplicate; redouble, increase; fold; pass or sail round, clear); line (clothing); sheath (ships); plate (metals, etc.); (*bill.*) play with rebound against the cushion; (*theat.*) play as substitute of or in; *intr.*: be doubled, double. -*blét*¹¹, *m.*: = (counterfeit gem of two crystals with a colour between them; double lenses; sort of backgammon; word identical in derivation with another). -*blé-té*¹⁸, *adj.*: having a two-coloured tissue.

-*blotte*¹⁶, *f.*: principal (of organs); two-inch board. -*bleur*¹², = *lense* [-*bler*], *m.*, *f.*: doubler; maker of plate metal; *m.*: lapping engine; *f.*: pounder. -*blis*¹⁷ [-*bler*], *m.*: gutter tile; lower part of a fence or trellis. 1. -*blon*¹², *m.*: (*print.*) faulty repetition; folded plate; double metal bands flattened together. 2. -*blon* [*Sp. doblon*], *m.*: doubloon (gold coin = about \$15.60). -*blot*¹⁷, *m.*: double linen thread (for selvaige). -*blure*¹³ [-*bler*], *f.*: lining; paneling, covering; brace (of stone to strengthen marble); (*theat.*) understudy.

dou-gâtre¹⁵ [*doux*], *adj.*: insipidly sweet. -*ce*, *f.* of *doux*, sweet, etc. -*ce-amère*¹⁷, *f.*: bitter-sweet. -*ceâtre* = -*gâtre*. -*ement*¹⁰, *adv.*: sweetly; gently; agreeably; slowly; peaceably, patiently, considerably: *aller tout —*, be as usual. -*cerement*¹² [-*cereux*], *adv.*: insipidly. -*ceroux*¹² [-*ceur*], *adj.*: insipidly sweet, sweetish, mawkish, sugared, affected. -*cet*¹¹, -*cette* [*doux*], *adj.*: mild, demure; *m., f.*: mild or demure person; *m.*: sort of sweet grape or apple; sort of fish; *f.*: corn salad; molasses; sort of soda. -*cettement*¹² [-*cet*], *adv.*: (*fam.*) gently, softly: *il va —*, he is so so. -*ceur*¹¹ [*doux*], *f.*: sweetness, agreeableness; mildness, gentleness; softness, douceur; fragrance; melodiousness; pleasure, comfort; delight.

dou-ehé¹² [*It. doccia* (*L. ductio*, flow of water)], *f.*: = (shower-bath). -*cher*¹⁶, *tr.*: give a douche. -*cheur*¹⁸, -*cheuse*, *m., f.*: person who gives a douche.

†**dou-ein**¹⁵ [*doux*], *m.*: sea-urchin; crab apple; brackish water.

doucine¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (*arch.*) =; (*carp.*) moulding-plane.

dou-eir¹⁷ [*doux*], *tr.*: polish (a looking-glass).

†**dou-ègne** = *duègne*.

douelle¹² [*douve*], *f.*: stave; (*arch.*) archi-volt; facing of a voussoir.

douer⁹ [*L. dotare* (*dāre*, give)], *tr.*: endow (†furnish with a dower; bestow upon as a gift).

†**douge** = *douche*.

douil-lard¹⁸, *m.*: (*pop.*) soft or effeminate person. -*le*⁹ [*L. ductile* (*ducere*, lead)], *f.*: socket; pipe; cartridge shell; mattress cover. -*let*¹³, = *ette* [*Ofr. -le* (*L. ductilis*), 'ductile', as influenced by *doux*, soft], *adj.*: delicately soft or mellow; effeminate, soft, over-gentle; delicate, sensitive; *m., f.*: soft or effeminate person; *f.*: soft wadded garment. -*lettement*¹⁸, *adv.*: softly, effeminately. -*letter*¹⁵, *tr.*: coddle, nurse. -*leur*¹⁷, = *ense* [*Ofr. -le*], *adj.*: of uneven texture.

†**lon**¹⁷ [Ofr. *le*], m.: (dial.) inferior wool.

dou-leur⁹ [L. *dolor* (-lère, suffer)], f.: pain, ache, pang, DOLOR; grief, anguish, woe. †**loir** [L. *dolere*, refl.: be pained; grieve, wail. -**lournement**¹¹ [-**lou-reux**], adv.: grievously. -**loureux**¹⁰, -**ense**, adj.: painful; grievous, woeful; dolorous.

†**doussin** = **douc**.

dou-te¹⁰, m. (rarely f.¹⁰): DOUBT (uncertainty, suspense; distrust, misgiving; scepticism): sans —, no doubt that. †**-ter**⁹ [L. *dubitare* (duo, two)], intr.: doubt (waver; be sceptical); †tr.: doubt; refl.: (†Eng. doubt), suspect, surmise, have an idea; distrust, fear: *je -te qu'il vienne*, I doubt whether he will come; *je ne -te pas qu'il ne* (explet. after *douter* used negat. or interrog.) *viene*, I doubt not he will come; *je me -te qu'il vienne*, I suspect he will come. -**teur**¹², m.: doubter.

-**tensement**¹¹ [-**teur**], adv.: doubtfully. -**teur**¹¹, -**ense**, adj.: doubtful, dubious.

dou-vain¹⁴, m.: stave wood. **dou-ve**¹³ [L. *L. doga* (Gr. *dochē*, receptacle)], f.: ditch; cavity; inner slope of a ditch or a basin; stave; scraping board; spear-wort (growing in ditches); intestinal worm (pop. supposed to be engendered by the spear-wort).

Douvres, m.: Dover (English city on the Channel).

dou-vé¹⁷ [-**ve**], adj.: filled with intestinal worms. †**-velle** = **douelle**.

doux⁹, f. **douce** [L. *dulcis*], adj.: sweet (pleasing to the senses or mind, agreeable; fragrant; mild, gentle; calm, peaceful; soft, mellow; fresh, not salt); adv.: sweetly, gently; softly; submissively: *billet* —, love-letter; *poisson d'eau douce*, fresh-water fish; *il fait bien* —, the weather is very mild; *une taille douce*, a copper-plate; *filer* —, be submissive; *tout* —, (quite) softly, gently.

dou-zain¹⁴, m.: piece of twelve verses; package of twelve decks of cards. -**zaine**¹², f.: dozen. †**dou-ze**⁹ [p. L. **dodece* (L. *duo-decim*)], adj. or m.: twelve; twelfth: †(fam., play on the word *dis*, 'say', as of *dis*, 'ten') *je vous dis et vous — que tous les médecins n'y feront rien*, I bet you all the doctors will accomplish nothing. -**zième**¹⁰, adj. or m., f.: twelfth. -**zièmement**¹⁷ [-**zième**], adv.: twelfthly.

†**douzil** = **doisil**.

doxologie [L., Gr. *-gia* (Gr. *dōxa*, glory, *lōgos*, speech)], f.: doxology.

doy-en⁹, -**enne** [L. *decanus* (decem, TEN), 'chief of ten'], m., DEAN (ecclesiastical dignity; head officer in a Univer-

sity faculty; senior of a corps). -**enné**¹², m.: deanship; deanery; dean's-pear.

†**draban** = **traban**.

drachme¹³ [L. *-ma* (Gr. *drāsēsthai*, grasp)], f.: drachma, dram.

dracœéphale¹⁷ [L. *L. -hem* (Gr. *drakon*, DRAGON, *kephalē*, HEAD)], m.: dragon's-head (plant).

Dra-con, m.: Draco (lawgiver of Athens). **dra-conien**¹³, -**enne**, adj.: draconian, rigorous.

draconte or **-tium**¹⁷ [L. *L. -tium* (Gr. *drakon*, DRAGON)], m.: dragon's-wort.

dragage¹³ [-**guer**], m.: dragging, dredging. †**drage** = **drèche**.

dra-gée¹² [L.-Gr. *tragemata*, dainty], f.: comfit, sugar-plum; small shot; grain: — *sisses*, plain sugar-plums; *grosse* —, buck-shot; *avaler la* —, swallow the pill; — *de cheval*, buckwheat. -**geoir**¹³, m.: comfit-dish.

dra-geon¹⁵ [Germ. root *draib*, ak. to 'drive, push'], m.: shoot, sucker. -**geon-ner**¹⁶, intr.: shoot suckers.

†**drage** = **drachme**.

†**dragoman** = **drogman**.

dra-gon¹⁰ [L. *draco* (Gr. *-kon*, *dérkes-thai*; look; viz. fiercely)], m.: dragon (fab. monster lizard; fierce person, esp. woman, vixen; Satan; constellation; winged creature in a coat of arms); DRAGOON (light cavalry man: their standard having once a dragon on it); spot in a diamond; spot in a horse's eye; as adj., -**gon**, -**gonne**, dragoon-like, fierce: — *de vent*, hurricane; — *d'eau*, water-spout; *une mission -gonne*, a dragoonade; *à la -gonne*, like a dragoon, in a brutal way. -**gonnade**¹⁷, f.: —. -**gonne**¹⁶, f.: sword-knot (orig. of dragoon's sword); violent woman; and cf. -**gon**. -**gonné**¹⁴, adj.: dragon-formed. †**-gonner**¹⁶, tr.: dragoon, torment. -**gonnier**¹⁴, m.: dragon-tree.

†**draguage** = **dragage**.

1. **drague** = **drèche**.

2. **dra-gue**¹⁶ [Eng. *drag*], f.: DREDGE, dredging-machine; DRAG. -**guer**¹⁷, tr.: drag; dredge. -**gueur**¹⁷, m.: dredger; dredging boat; dragnet fisher.

dra-ille = **traille**.

dr-ain¹³ [Eng.], m.: —, draining-pipe. -**ainage**¹³ [-**ner**], m.: —.

†**draine** = **drenne**.

drainer¹⁵ [*drain*], tr.: drain.

draisi(en)ne¹³ [*Drais*, inventor, f.: —, (earliest) velocipede of 1817].

dra-matique¹³ [L. *-maticus*], adj.: dramatic. -**matiquement**¹³ [-**matique**], adv.: dramatically. -**matiser**, tr.: dramatize. -**matiste**¹⁷, m., f.: (rare) dramatist (playwright). -**maturge**¹⁷

[Gr. *-matourgós*], m.: dramatist, drama-

turgist. **-maturgie**¹³ [Gr. *-matourgia*], *f.*: dramaturgy. **||-me**¹¹ [L., Gr. *drama* (Gr. *drân*, act)], *m.*: drama.

dragnet¹⁶ [Eng. *drag-net*], *m.*: (dial.) drag-net.

dra-p^o [p. L. **drappus* (?), cf. Eng. *drab*, from Fr.], *m.*: cloth; sheet; pall: — *mortuaire*, pall; adder; beetle; spotted marble; — *d'or*, sort of shell; crocus; sort of plum or apple; *être entre deux* — *s.*, be in bed; *être dans de mauvais (beaux)* — *s.*, be in a bad (fine) mess or pickle; *tailler en plein* —, have an abundance of means. **-pade**¹⁷, *f.*: Languedoc serge. **-page**¹⁸ [-*per*], *m.*: draping.

-peau¹¹, *pl.* — *x.*, *m.*: piece of cloth (rag), fswadding-cloth; flag (banner, standard; ensign; streamers): *être sous les* — *x.*, serve in the army. **-per**¹², *tr.*: †make cloth of; cover with (esp. black) cloth; drape (adorn with folds of cloth); rub with cloth; censure, (†Eng. drape); *se* —, drape or cover one's self; parade; assume airs; *intr.*: wear mourning. 1. **-perie**¹¹, *f.*: drapery (fcloth stuffs; textile fabric hung in folds). 2. **-perie**¹² [-*pier*], *f.*: cloth-making; cloth-trade. 3. **-perie**¹² [-*per*], *f.*: draping; wearing black or mourning; privilege of being dressed in mourning at court. **-pièr**¹², **-pière**, *m.*, *f.*: clothier; draper, woolen-draper; sea-martin; *f.*: folding or packing pin.

drastique¹⁷ [Gr. *-tikos* (*drân*, act)], *adj.*: or *m.*: drastic (purgative).

drave¹⁴ [Span. *draba*], *f.*: whitlow-grass. **drawback**¹⁷ *aw* = *o* [Eng.], *m.*: —.

dra-yage¹⁸, *m.*: fleshing (hides). **||-yer**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: flesh (hides). **-yoire**¹⁷, *f.*: fleshing-knife. **-yure**¹⁷, *f.*: fleshing (hides).

drê-che¹⁵ [?], *f.*: malt: *four à* — malt-kiln.

1. **drège**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: dragnet.

2. **dr-ège**¹⁷, *f.*: flax-comb. **||-éger**¹⁷ [Ger. *dreschen*, THRESH], *tr.*: comb (flax).

drz-lijn¹⁶ [echoic], *interj.*: tinkle! *m.*: tinkling.

Dresde, *f.*: Dresden (capital of Saxony).

dres-sage¹⁷, *m.*: dressing; fixing; training. **-se**¹⁶, *f.*: underlay (piece of leather to underlay a shoe worn on one side).

-sement¹¹, *m.*: dressing, fixing; drawing out a bundle of wire. **||-ser**^o [p. L. **directiäre* (L. *di-rectus*, direct, RIGHT)],

tr.: set RIGHT or straight, (†Eng. dress), hold upright, erect, prick; raise, set up; DRESS (set in order, adjust, align, straighten, trim; arrange, prepare for use, draw up, lay out, give proper shape to, deck; train or break, educate); DIRECT; start dogs; *intr.*: stand upright, rise on end; follow the right path; *se* —, stand erect, rise; be straightened or formed; stand on

end. **-seur**¹¹, **-seuse**, *m.*, *f.*: dresser, trimmer; rammer-man (in paving). **-soir**¹², *m.*: dresser, sideboard; trimming board; dressing or trimming tool (of various kinds).

† **drêt**, **-tte**, exceptly in rhyme = *droit*, *-te*.

1. **drille**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: rag (for making paper).

2. † **drille**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (dial.) stunted oak.

3. **drille**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: †old soldier; (fam.) fellow.

4. **drille**¹⁷ [Ger. *-en*, bore], *f.*: drill.

driller¹⁵ [?], *intr.*: †shine; run.

† **dril-leur**¹⁵, **-euse** [1-*le*], *adj.*: ragged.

† **-lier**¹⁷ [1-*le*], *m.*: rag-picker.

drisse¹⁶ [It. *drizza* (-are, raise, cf. dresser)], *f.*: halyard (rope for hoisting yards, etc.); gear.

drog-man¹⁵ [It. *dragomano* (fr. Arab.)], *m.*: dragoman (interpreter in the East).

-manat¹⁵, *m.*: dragoman's function.

dro-gue¹⁵ [?], *f.*: DRUG; (fam.) stuff, rubbish; old iron; split stick (which the loser in a sailor's game "pinch-Peter" puts on his nose); the game itself.

-guer¹⁶, *tr.*: drug, physic; adulterate; *intr.*: be "Peter," keep the split stick on the nose till one wins, hold out; (fam.) dance attendance.

-guerie¹⁶, *f.*: drug-trade; drugs; drug-store. **-guet**¹⁶, *m.*: druggist.

† **-guetier**¹⁷, *m.*: druggist-weaver. **-guetier**¹⁶, *m.*: †druggist; (fam.) effective drug.

† **-guier**¹⁶, *m.*: medicine-chest. **-guiste**¹⁵, *m.*: druggist.

1. **droi-t**^o [p. L. **directus* (L. *di-rectus*, direct) in sense of 'right-hand' for older *destre*], *adj.*: RIGHT (straight, DIRECT; up-right, erect, stand-up; correct, just, true; right-hand); *adv.*: straight, straight on; directly; uprightly, honestly; *m.*: straight line.

2. **droi-t**^o [p. L. **directum*, neut. of *-us*], *m.*: right (just claim, title, privilege, authority, reason); law, decree; dues, tax, (custom)-duty; excise; fee, commission;

docteur en —, doctor of laws; *faire son* —, study law; *faire* —, decree; judge definitely; *le* — *du contrôle*, the stamp-office fee; — *s d'un collège*, pensions;

frauder les — *s*, commit revenue fraud, evade the duty; — *de péage*, toll. **-te**

(*f.* of 1. *droit*, with main, hand, etc., understood), *f.*: right (viz. hand), right hand or side; *à* —, on the right; *prendre la* —, or *tourner à* —, turn to the right.

-tement¹¹, *adv.*: rightly; uprightly, sincerely. **-tier**¹¹, **-tière**, *m.*, *f.*: right-handed person. **-ture**^o [p. L. **directura* (L. *directura*)], *f.*: †directness (*en* —, straight on); uprightness, integrity; (rare) rectitude. † **-turier**¹¹ [-*ture*], *adj.*: direct, erect.

dr-olatique¹⁵, *adj.*: amusing, laughable.

||-ôle, **-ôlesse** [?], *m.*, *f.*: funny or lu-

- dicrous fellow; rogue, rascal, knave; *f.*: strumpet; *adj.*: DROLL (ludicrous, comical, strange): un — *de corps*, a queer fellow. **-ôlement**¹⁶ *adv.*: comically, jocosely. **-ôlerie**¹⁵, *f.*: drollery, merry trick. **-ôlesse**, *cf.* **-ôle**.
- dro-madaire**¹¹ [L. *medarius* (Gr. *-mâs*, runner)], *m.*: dromedary. **-mas**¹⁵ or **-me** [Gr. *runner*], *m.*: sandpiper.
- 2.drome**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: float, raft; spare masts and yards; dismantled sloops; head-beam; main rope (of a net).
- dromo-** [Gr. *-mos*, run]: **-mètre**¹⁸ [Gr. *mêtron*, MEASURE], *m.*: pocket instrument serving to control the indications of a *dromoscope* (inst.). **-scope**¹⁸ [Gr. *skopein*, observe], *m.*: cyclometer, indicator of the speed of a vehicle.
- dronte**¹⁶ [Mauritian], *m.*: =, dodo (bird).
- drop**¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: (nav.) drop (for lowering weights), crane.
- droschki**¹⁸ [Russ.], *m.*: drosky (open carriage).
- drošéra**¹⁸ [L. L.], *f.*, *m.*: (bot.) sun-dew.
- dros-se**¹⁶ [It. *trozza*, block (of rigging)], *f.*: (nav.) tparrel; TRUSS; breeching of a cannon. **-ser** [? -se], *tr.*: drive (a ship) to leeward.
- †droui-ne**¹⁶ [Celt.], *f.*: tinker's sack. **-neur**¹⁶, *m.*: tinker.
- drous-sage**¹⁷, *m.*: carding. **-se**¹⁷ or **-sette**, *f.*: comb, card. **||-ser**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: card (wool). **-seur**¹⁷, = **ense**, *m.*, *f.*: carder.
- dru**¹⁰ [?], *adj.*: full of sprouts, rich, thick-set; thick, abundant; vigorous, lively; fledged; *adv.*: thick(ly): *†cette fille est —*, this girl is ready to marry.
- dru-i-de**¹⁵, = **esse** [L. *-da* (fr. Celt.)], *m.*, *f.*: druid, druidess. **-dique**¹⁸, *adj.*: druidical. **-disme**¹⁷, *m.*: druidism.
- dru-pacé**¹⁷, *adj.*: drupaceous. **||-pe** [L. *-pa*, olive], *f.*: = (pulpy stone fruit).
- péole**¹⁸, *f.*: drupel (small drupe).
- drya-de**¹² [L. *dryas* (Gr. *drûs*, TREE)], *f.*: dryad (wood-nymph); rosaceous shrub. **-dées**¹⁸, *f. pl.*: dryadæa.
- du** [de le]: of (from, by) the; some, any.
- dû, f. due** [of devoir], *part.*: owed, DUE; *m.*: due; duty.
- dua-lisme**¹⁷ [L. *-lis* (duo, TWO), dual], *m.*: dualism. **-liste**¹⁸ [L. *-lis*], *m.*, *f.*: dualist; *adj.*: dualistic. **-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], *f.*: duality.
- dubita-tif**¹², = **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (of. *doute*)], *adj.*: dubitative. **-tion** [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.
- tivement**, *adv.*: dubitatively.
- du-c**¹⁰ [L. *dux* (ducere, lead), leader], *m.*: DUKE (lord of a certain territory; dignitary next to the king; prince); two-seated carriage; horn-owl. **-cal**¹⁴, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =. **-cat** [It. *-cato*, coin origly issued by a duke], *m.* =. **-caton**¹⁶ [-cat], *m.*: ducatton (silver coin = $\frac{1}{2}$ ducat). **-ché**, *m.* (tf.): dukedom, duchy. **-chesse**¹¹, *f.*: duchess; kind of sofa; kind of pear: *lit à la —*, canopied bedstead; *coiffure à la —*, breast knot.
- ducroire**¹⁷ [du, croire], *m.*: del credere, commission allowed an agent for guaranteeing the payment of the goods he sells.
- ducti-le**¹² [L. *-lis* (ducere, lead)], *adj.*: =. **-lité**¹⁷, *f.*: ductility.
- duègne**¹⁶ [Span. *dueña* (L. *donna*, domina, mistress)], *f.*: duenna (governess).
- 1.duel**¹⁶ [L. *dualis* (duo, TWO)], *m.*: dual number.
- 2.due-l**¹⁵ [L. *-llum* (duo, TWO)], *m.*: =: *appeler en —*, challenge. **-liste**¹⁵, *m.*: duelist.
- duetting**¹⁸ [It. (L. *duo*, TWO)], *m.*: =.
- dugazon**¹⁸ [Dugazon, name of a female singer], *f.*: heroine's part (in a comic opera).
- 1.†duire**⁹ [p. L. *docere* (L. *docēre*), teach], *tr.*: train.
- 2.†dûi-re**⁹ [L. *dūcere*], *defect. §*; *tr.*: lead; charm; *intr.*: please, suit. **-t**¹², *m.*: artificial bed (of a river); dike. **-tage**¹⁸ [-te], *m.*: woof (texture). **-te**¹⁷, *f.*: weft; warp; (nav.) rope-yarn.
- § Ind.: Pr. *il doit*; ils *duisent*. Ipt. *duisais*. Fut. (Cond.) *duirais*.
- dulci-fiant**¹⁶, *adj.*: dulcifying. **-fication**¹⁷, *f.*: =. **-fier**¹⁶ [L. *ficare* (dulcis, sweet, facere, make)], *tr.*: dulcify, mollify.
- dulcinée**¹⁸ [Span. *Dulcinea*, mistress of the affections of Don Quixote], *f.*: dulcinea.
- dulie**¹⁸ [L. L. *-lia* (Gr. *douleia*, servitude)], *f.*: dulia (worship of saints as the servants of God).
- dûment**¹² [dû], *adv.*: duly.
- dun-e**¹² [Netherl.], *f.*: =, down. **-nette**¹⁵, *f.*: little dune; (nav.) poop.
- du-o**¹⁵ [It., 'two'], *m.*: =, duet(to).
- odécennal**¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-odecim*, TWELVE, annus, year], *adj.*: duodecennial (of twelve years). **-odécimal**¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *duo-decim*, 12th], *adj.*: duodecimal. **-odi**¹⁷ [L. *duo*, TWO, *dies*, DAY], *m.*: = (2d day of a decade: Fr. Revol.).
- du-pe**¹⁴ [?], *f.*: fgull (bird); =, gull. **-per**¹⁶, *tr.*: dupe, gull. **-perie**¹⁶ [-per], *f.*: dupery, trickery. **-peur**¹⁷ [-per], *m.*: duper, trickster.
- dupli-cata**¹⁶ [L. (duplex, DOUBLE)], *m.*: duplicate. **-cation**¹² [L. *-catio*], *f.*: =.
- cature**¹⁵ [L. *-catius*], *f.*: =. **-cité**¹² [L. *-citas*], *f.*: duplicity. **†-que** [-quer], *f.*: (leg.) rejoinder. **†-quer**¹² [L. *-care*], *intr.*: make a rejoinder.
- duquel** *for de lequel*.
- dur**⁹ [L. *durus*], *adj.*: hard (obdurate);

dull; harsh, severe; hard-hearted); *adv.*: hard, firmly: *il a l'oreille — e* (or *il entend —*), he is hard of hearing; *avoir la tête — e*, be dull or thick-headed; *avoir la vie — e*, resist death; *un esprit —*, a dull understanding; *le temps est —*, the weather is severe.

du-r . . . [L. *-rus*, hard, or *-rare* (*-rus*), last, †Eng. DURE]: **-rabilité** [L. *-rabilitas*], *f.*: durability. **-rable**^o [L. *-rabilis*], *adj.*: —. **-rablement**¹¹ [*-rable*], *adv.*: durably, lastingly. **-rant**¹² [part. of *-rer*], *prep.*: during: † — *que*, while. **-r-bee**¹¹, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *m.*: hawfinch. **-reir**¹¹ [dur], *tr.*: harden, indurate; *finure*; *intr.*: grow hard. **-reissement**¹⁷, *m.*: hardening. **-dure**^o [*f.* of *dur*], *adj.*: hard, etc.; *f.*: bare ground or floor. **-rée**¹¹ [*-rer*], *f.*: duration. **-rement**¹⁶ [dur], *adv.*: hard, harshly, severely. **-remère**¹² [mère], *f.*: (anat.) dura mater. **-rer**^o [L. *-rere*], *intr.*: ENDURE, last, continue (†Eng. dure); hold out; wear well; seem to last, seem long: *ne pouvoir — en place*, be unable to remain anywhere; *le temps lui — e*, time hangs heavy upon him; *faire vie qui — e*, look out for to-morrow. **-ret**¹¹, = **-ette** [dur], *adj.*: rather hard; *m.*: sort of apple; sort of maple. **-reté** [dur], *f.*: hardness; harshness; severity, sternness; hard word or thing. **-rit-lon**¹² [dur], *m.*: callosity, hard skin; corn (on the foot); nodosity. **-riuscule**¹⁶ [L. *-riusculus*], *adj.*: somewhat hard.

duum-vir¹⁷ [L. (*duo*, TWO, *vir*, man)], *m.*: —. **-viral**¹⁷, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-viralis*], *adj.*: —. **-virat**¹⁶ [L. *-viratus*], *m.*: duumvirate.

du-vet¹² [dial. *dumet* (ak. to Eng. down)], *m.*: DOWN (soft under feathers; soft hair or beard; wool, nap). **-veté**¹⁵, *adj.*: downy. **-veteux**¹⁵, = **-euse**, *adj.*: downy.

dyade¹² [L. *-as* (Gr. *du-ás*)], *adj.*: dyad(ic), of two units.

dyna-m . . . [Gr. *dúnamis*, power]: **-mie**¹², *f.*: power-unit, dynam. **-mique**¹⁶ [Gr. *-mikós*], *adj.*: dynamic(al); *f.*: dynamics. **-misme**¹², *m.*: dynamism. **-miste**¹² [*-misme*], *m.*: dynamist. **-mite**¹², *f.*: —. **-momètre**¹², *m.*: dynamometer.

dynas-te¹⁴ [L. *-tes* (Gr. *dúnasthai*, be strong)], *m.*: dynast, petty sovereign. **-tie**¹¹ (Gr. *-teia*), *f.*: dynasty. **-tique**¹⁶ [*-tie*], *adj.*: dynastic.

dys- [Gr. *dus-*, ill]: **-chroïe** [Gr. *chrōa*, skin], *f.*: dyschroa, morbid alteration of the colour of the skin. **-cinésie**¹⁷ [Gr. *kínēsis*, motion], *f.*: dyscinesia (morbid condition making motions difficult). **-cole**¹² [L. *-colus*], *adj.*: sullen, choleric. **-crasie**¹² [L. *-crasia* (Gr. *krásis*, mixture)], *f.*: dyscrasia, long bad health.

-éce¹² [L. *-ecae* (Gr. *akouēin*, hear)], *f.*: weakness of HEARING. **-enterie**¹² [L. *-enteria* (Gr. *éntera*, ENTRAILS)], *f.*: dysentery. **-entérique**¹² [*-enterie*], *adj.*: dysenteric. **-lalie**¹² [Gr. *lalein*, talk], *f.*: dyslalia, difficulty in articulating words. **-ménorrhée**¹² [*m.*], *f.*: dysmenorrhea. **-ménésie**¹² [Gr. *mnēdomai*, REMEMBER], *f.*: weakness of memory. **-pepsie**¹⁷ [Gr. *péptein*, COOK, digest], *f.*: dyspepsia. **-peptique**¹² [*-pepsie*], *adj.*: dyspeptic(al). **-pnée**¹² [L. *-pnœa* (Gr. *pneîn*, breathe)], *f.*: dyspnœa. **-sentérie** = *-enterie*. **-urie**¹² [L. *-uria* (Gr. *oûron*, URINE)], *f.*: dysuria.

dytique¹² [Gr. *dytikós* (*dúein*, plunge)], *adj.*: plunging; *m.*: water-insect; *pl.*: divers (birds).

E

o E, or older é [L.], *m.*: e (the letter).

é- [L. *ex*, from, out of], *pref.*: e-, ex-, etc. **eau**^o, *pl.* — *x* [L. *aqua*], *f.*: water (body of water, as sea, pond, etc.; vapour; liquid secretion; luster of a diamond; *pl.* mineral waters); water-works; tide; broth; tea-infusion; wake (of a ship): — **bénite**, holy water; — **bénite de cour**, fair or deceitful promises: — **blanche**, bran and water; (*pharm.*) Gourland water; — **de boudin**, thin air; smoke; nothing; — **du ciel**, rain-water; — **claire**, (*fig.*) mere water, empty stuff, of no use; — **forte**, aqua fortis, etching acid; — **de Javel** (*Javelle*), = (disinfecting and bleaching solution); — **de Luce**, =; — **panée** (*suerée*), toastwater; — **régale**, AQUA REGIA; (*chem.*) — **seconde**, lye water; — **de vin**, brandy; — **vive**, spring (hard) water; — **x mortes**, neap tide; — **x vives**, spring tide; **grandes** — *x*, high flood; **entre deux** — *x*, in difficulty, between two fires; **voies d'—**, leakage; **à fleur d'—**, between wind and water; (*nav.*) lurking (of a rock); **mettre de l'— dans son vin**, lower one's pretensions; (*nav.*) faire —, spring a leak; make water; (*nav.*) faire de l'—, take in water; make water; pump a ship; **prendre l'—**, let in water; **prendre les** — *x*, drink mineral waters. **-bénite**¹⁷ [*eau*, *bénite*], *tr.*: sprinkle with holy water; **-bénitier**¹⁷, *m.*: holy water basin (of silver). **-de-vie**, *pl.* — *x* — *s*, aqua fortis (etching acid); etching (design, impression). **-fortier** [*-forte*], *m.*: etcher. **éba-hir**¹² [*é*, *bah*, 'bah!'], *intr.* or *refl.*: be amazed, wonder. **-hi**, *adj.*: amazed, wondering. **-hissement**¹², *m.*: amazement, wonder.

ébalageon or **ébalageon**¹⁶ [old -eer (*é. balancer*, out-balance)], *m.*: estrapade, kicking, bucking (of a horse, trying to throw its rider).

ébar-bage¹⁷, *m.*: stripping or shaving off; paring; edging off. **-bement**¹⁶, *m.*: shaving, stripping; paring away. **||-ber**¹¹ [*é. barbe*, 'unbarb'], *tr.*: shave off (any unevenness); strip (as a quill); pare; edge off. **-benje**¹⁵, *f.*: paring-machine. **-boir**¹⁵, *m.*: paring instrument; parer. **-bure**¹⁷, *f.*: shavings. **-doir**¹⁷ [*?*] *m.*: parer; grater.

ébarou-ir¹⁷ [*?*] *tr.*: dry up. **-issage**¹⁵, *m.*: dried up condition; dryness.

éba-t¹², *m.*: sport, play, amusement; **†-ttement**¹², *m.*: balancing, swinging (of a vehicle). **||-ttre**¹¹ [*é. battre*], *irr.*: *refl.*: disport one's self; sport, play, gambol.

ébau-bi¹⁶ [*é. baub* (L. *balbus*, stammering)], *adj.*: amazed, thunderstruck. **-bir**¹⁵, *tr.*: astonish; *s'—*, be dumfounded. **-bisement**¹², *m.*: amazement.

ébau-chage¹⁶, *m.*: sketching, drawing. **-che**¹⁶, *f.*: outline, sketch. **†-chement**, *m.*: sketching. **||-cher**¹⁵ [*?* OFr. *eschier*, "un-bush," unbranch; strip a tree of its branches], *tr.*: outline; sketch; rough-model; half-finish; trace out; prepare; (*sculp.*) *s'—*, to point. **-cheur**¹⁵, *m.*: sketched; rough-caster; *—*; *adj.*: roughing. **-choir**¹⁶, *m.*: (*sculp.*) boaster; boasting-tool.

ébau-dir¹⁰ [*é. OFr. baud*], *tr.* or *refl.*: exhilarate, cheer; frisk; frolic; make merry. **†-dissement**¹², *m.*: cheering; frisking; glee; merry-making.

ebbe, ébe [Eng. *ebb*], *m.*: ebb-tide.

ébé-nacées¹⁵, *f. pl.*: sort of ebony-tree. **||ébè-ne**¹¹ [L. *ebenus*], *f.*: ebony: — *rouge*, Grenadas cocus, grenadillo. **-ner**¹⁵, *tr.*: ebonize. **-nier**¹⁶, *m.*: ebony-tree. **-niste**¹⁶, *m.*: ebonist, cabinet-maker. **-nisterie**¹⁷, *f.*: cabinet-making.

ébergement¹⁵ [*é. berge*], *m.*: repairing (river) banks.

éberguer¹⁵ [*é. Bergen* (city in Norway)], *tr.*: prepare (codfish in Norwegian manner).

éberner = **ébréner**.

ébertauder¹⁷ [*é. bretauder*], *tr.*: give first shearing to (cloth).

ébourrer¹¹ [*é. beurrré*], *tr.*: free (milk) from butter.

ébiseler¹⁴ [*é. biseau*], *tr.*: chamfer; countersink.

éblou-ir⁹ [*é. Germ'c root blaud* (= Ger. *blöde*, weak)], *tr.*: dim; dazzle. **-i**, *part.*: dazzled; dizzy. **-issant**¹⁵, *adj.*: dazzling; glaring. **-issement**, *m.*: dimness; flash; dizziness; fascinations.

ébor-guage¹⁵, *m.*: nipping off (buds). **-guement**¹⁵, *m.*: nipping; blinding; state of being one-eyed or nipped. **||-guer**¹¹ [*é. borgner*], *tr.*: render blind in one eye; nip off (buds).

ébotter¹⁷ [*é. bout*], *tr.*: top; prune.

ébou-age¹⁵, *m.*: scavengering; cleaning (the streets). **||-er**¹⁵ [*é. boue*], *tr.*: remove dirt from; clean (the streets); scavenge. **-eur**, *m.*: roadscraper; scavenger.

†é-bouffer [*é. bouffer*], *refl.*: burst out (laughing).

ébouil-lantage¹⁵ [*-lanter*], *m.*: applying warm water to (something). **-lan-ter**¹⁵ [*é. bouillant*], *tr.*: apply warm water to; scald. **||-lir**¹¹ [*é. bouillir*], *irr.*: *intr.*: boil down; boil away.

ébou-lage¹⁵, *m.*: thin part of a piece of cloth (the threads not being close together). **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: falling in; sinking; landslide; rubbish. **||-ler**¹¹ [*é. old bouel* (= *boyau*, BOWEL)], *tr.* and *refl.*: cave in (sink; give way). **-leur**, *—ense¹⁷, *adj.*: liable to fall; loose. **-lis**¹⁷, *m.*: fallen ground; rubbish.*

ébouquer¹⁴ [*é. bûche*], *tr.*: burl; dress or finish up cloth.

ébouqueter¹⁵ [*é. bouquet*], *tr.*: nip the leaf buds off.

ébouqueur, —ense¹⁴ [cf. *ébouquer*], *m.*, *f.*: burler (one finishing up cloth).

ébouquiner¹⁵ [*é. bouquet*], *tr.*: rid (a park) of goats, rabbits, etc.

ébourgeonnement¹⁵, *m.*: nipping off buds. **||-ner**¹⁴ [*é. bourgeon*], *tr.*: disbud; nip the buds off. **-neur**¹⁵, *m.* or *adj.*: bud-picker (bird); bud-picking. **-noir**¹⁵, *m.*: nipping-knife; pruning-knife.

ébourif-fant¹⁵ [*-fer*], *adj.*: ruffling; stunning; startling; dazzling. **||-fè**¹⁶ [fr. Prov. (same deriv. as *é. bourre*)], *adj.*: disordered (hair, etc.); ruffled; dazzled; dumfounded. **-fer**¹⁵, *tr.* or *refl.*: disorder, ruffle, dazzle; be dazzled or astounded.

ébour-rage¹⁷, *m.*: peeling (a hide). **||-rer**¹¹ [*é. bourre*], *tr.*: peel (a hide).

éboussiner¹⁶ [*é. bousin*], *tr.*: remove the crust from (a freestone), clean off.

ébou-tage¹⁵, *m.*: cutting, shortening, trimming. **-teuse**¹⁵, *f.*: lace-trimmer.

||-ter¹⁵ [*é. bout*], *top off*, prune, trim.

ébouturer¹⁷ [*é. bouture*], *tr.*: strip (a tree, etc.) of slips (for replanting).

ébrai-sser¹⁷ [*é. braise*], *tr.*: free (a furnace, etc.) of cinders; rake out. **-soir**, *m.*: furnace-shovel.

ébran-chage¹⁶, *m.*: lopping, pruning, trimming. **-chement**¹⁷, *m.*: pruning.

||-cher¹² [*é. branche*], *tr.*: deprive of

branches; lop (prune, trim). **-choir**¹⁸, m.: bill-hook, pruning-hook.

ébran-lement¹⁵, m.: shaking; disturbance; decay; motion; straining (of ship). **||-ler**¹⁵ [é, branler], tr.: shake; shock; disturb; move; refl.: be shaken, shake; totter, waver; yield.

ébra-sement¹⁶, m.: (arch.) splay, splaying. **||-ser**¹⁶ [é, root bras (?)], tr.: splay, cut obliquely.

é-brèchement¹⁵, m.: notching, etc. **||-brécher**¹² [é, brèche], tr.: break (off); diminish; notch.

ébre-neur¹⁷ [é, bran (old bren)], tr.: change, clean (a child). **-neur**¹⁷, **-nurse**, m. or f.: cleaner; nurse (of a child).

ébriété¹⁵ [L. *ebrietas* (*ebrius*, intoxicated)], f.: ebriety; intoxication.

†ébrillade¹⁵ [It. *abrigliata* (*briglia*, BRIDLE) bridled], f.: ébrillade, checking (a horse).

ébron-der¹⁸ [?], tr.: deoxidate (heated iron). **-deur**¹⁸, m.: one who deoxidates.

ébrosser = *ébrousser*.

ébrou-age¹⁴ [é, brouer], m.: washing; cleaning.

ébrou-dage¹⁷, m.: wire-drawing. **-deur**, m.: wire-drawer. **||-dir** [?], tr.: draw wire through the draw-plate (to make it very fine): *fil* (or *fer*) -di, wire drawn through four plate holes; extra fine wire.

ébrou-ement¹⁵, m.: snorting; sneezing.

1. **||-er**¹⁴ [?], refl.: snort, sneeze.

2. **ébrouer**¹⁵ [é, root *brou* in *brouet*], tr.: wash in bran and water.

3. **ébrou-er**¹⁵ [é, brou], tr.: shell or husk (nuts). **-euse**¹⁵, f.: walnut-sheller.

ébrousser¹⁸ [é, brouesse], tr.: strip (a tree) of leaves, etc., prune.

ébrouter¹⁵ [Prov. *esbrouta* (*es*, *brouit*)], tr.: free (a mulberry tree) of twigs (that could harm the young silk-worm).

ébruiter¹⁵ [é, bruit], tr.: BRUIT or noise abroad; make known; disclose, divulge.

ébuard¹⁷ [?], m.: wooden wedge.

ébullioscope¹⁵ [L. *lire*, Gr. *skopein*, examine], m.: ebullioscope. **||-lition**¹² [L. *-litis* (*bullire*, BOIL)], f.: ebullition; boiling; effervescence; rash; eruption.

éburnation¹⁵, f.: eburnification. **||-né**¹⁵ [L. *-neus*], adj.: EBURNEAN (like ivory).

écabo-chage¹⁵, m.: removing; stripping. **||-cher**¹⁵ [é, caboche], tr.: strip (a tobacco-leaf) of its head.

éca-chement¹⁴, m.: SQUASHING; flattening. **||-cher**¹¹ [é, eacher, tread down], tr. or refl.: SQUASH, crush, flatten. **-cheur**¹⁵, m.: squasher; wire-drawer.

écafer¹⁶ [L. *scapula* (Gr. *skaptein*, dig), boat], tr.: split (an osier, etc.) in two.

écagne¹³ [Ir. *againe*], f.: SKEIN or SKAIN.

écail-lage¹⁷ [-ler], m.: scaling. **||écail-|le** [Goth. *skalja*, tile], f.: SCALE, SHELL; chipping. **-lé**¹⁵, adj.: scaled, scaly.

-lement¹⁵ [-ler], m.: scaling; removing the scales from. **-ler**¹¹, tr.: scale; open (oysters); s—, scale off; peel off. **-ler**¹⁵, **-ère**, m., f.: oyster-vender; oyster-opener. **-leur**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: scaled, scaly. **-lure**¹⁵ [-ler], f.: scale; film (removed from lead by a plumber).

1. **écale** = *escal*.

2. **écale**¹⁷ [?], f.: depression (near coining-machine where the mintman stands).

3. **éca-le**¹¹ [OHG. *skala* (Goth. *skalja*, tile)], f.: SHELL, pod (husk); pl. rubble. **-ler**¹⁵, tr. or refl.: husk; shell; be shelled or husked; chip off. **-leuse**¹⁵ [écaler], f.: woman shelling, cracking or selling nuts. **-lure**¹⁵ [écaler], f.: hard skin (of certain fruits).

écan-g, m., **écan-gue**¹⁷, f.: tewing-beetle (for cleaning flax or hemp). **-gag**¹⁵, m.: cleaning. **||-guer**¹⁷ [?], tr.: clean (flax or hemp). **-guer**¹⁷, **-euse**, m. and f.: washer (of flax or hemp).

écarbouiller = *écabouiller*.

écarla-te¹¹ [?], f.: SCARLET colour. **†-tin**¹⁵, adj.: scarlet; kind of cider; certain red woolen cloth.

†écarner¹⁷ [é, carne], tr.: damage (the corners of); spoil (by breaking the corners).

écarquille-ment¹⁵, m.: spreading out; opening wide. **||-ler**¹⁵ [é, quart: 'square out'], tr.: open wide; spread out.

écarr... = *équarr...*

1. **écar-t**¹¹ [1-ter], m.: step aside; digression; fault; error; difference (in price); flight: *d P—*, aside, in a lonely place.

2. **écart**¹⁵ [2-ter], m.: cards discarded.

3. **écart**¹⁵ [-teler], m.: quartering (of coat of arms).

4. **écart**¹⁷ [écarver], m.: SCARF; scarf-joint; joint.

1. **écar-table**¹⁵ [1-ter], adj.: truant (hunt.) *faucou* —, a falcon, flying very high (to escape the heat).

2. **écar-table**¹⁵ [2-ter], adj.: discardable. **-té**¹⁵, m.: = (a game).

écar-tèment¹⁵, m.: quartering (of coat of arms, or as punishment). **||-teler**¹¹ [é, quarter], tr.: QUARTER (a criminal etc.). **-telure**¹⁵, f.: quartering.

écar-tèment¹⁵, m.: removal; separation; diversion; interval; diastasis.

1. **||-ter**¹² [é, quart: origly 'put out of the way into a quarter or corner'], tr.: set or turn aside (divert, remove; ward off); drive away; scatter; distance; dis-

card (reject, waive); *s'*—, turn aside, deviate, swerve; rove, stray; disperse, scatter; strain one's self.

2. écarter¹⁰ [é, carte], *tr.*: DISCARD; put aside (cards).

écarteur¹⁸ [i. ter], *m.*: bull-fighter.

écartillement, -*ll*er, see *écarquillement*, -*ll*er.

écarver¹⁷ [Swed. *skarva*, join], *tr.*: SCARF, gather, join.

éca-tir, -*tissage*, -*tisseur*, see *ca-tir*, -*tissage*, -*tisseur*.

écatoir¹⁷ [?], *m.*: sword cutler's chisel.

écaudé¹⁸ [é, L. *cauda*, tail], *adj.*: ecaudate: les —s, frogs, etc. (batrachian family of reptiles).

†écauvecade¹⁰ [It. *scavezzata* (-zare, jerk the cavezon)], *f.*: jerking the CAVEZON, ebrillade.

ecbaze¹⁸ [L. *exbasis*, Gr. *ék-basis*, going out], *f.*: (rhet.) exbasis; digression.

ecce homo¹⁰ [L.], *m.*: = ('behold the man'); painting of Christ crowned with thorns: un vrai —, a thin, pale man.

ecchy-mose¹⁰ [Gr. *ekchūmosis*, ek-, chēin, pour out], *f.*: ecchymosis (skin disease). -*moser*¹⁸, *tr.*: ecchymose.

ecclésiast-te¹² [Gr. *ek-klesiastēs*, preacher (ek-kalein, call out)], *m.*: author of a certain book in the Old Testament; the book itself (Ecclesiastes). -*tique*¹⁸ [Gr. *tikōs*], *adj.*: ecclesiastical; ecclesiastic; *m.*: clergyman; Ecclesiasticus (apocryphal book in the Old Testament): *habit* —, church attire. -*tiquement*¹⁸ [-*tique*], *adv.*: ecclesiastically.

écon-te¹⁸ [L. *scindula*, SHINGLE], *f.*: (Norm. dial.) SHINGLE. -*ter*¹⁸, *tr.*: shingle; cover with shingles.

écéper¹² [é, cep], *tr.*: break off (shoots of a vine).

écervilé¹¹ [é, cervelle], *adj.*: brainless; foolish; wild, rash.

échafau-d¹¹ [é, chafaud], *m.*: SCAFFOLD, (scaffolding, stage, platform; platform for execution); execution. -*dage*¹⁰, *m.*: scaffolding; preparation; display. -*der*¹², *intr.*: scaffold; erect scaffolding or stage; make preparation or display; *tr.*: expose (as a criminal) on the scaffold; dishonour.

échal-as⁹ [p. L. **ex-characium* (Gr. *charakoion*, prop up)], *m.*: prop, wine-stick, lath; shank. -*assement*¹⁰ [-*sser*], *m.*: propping. -*asser*¹², *tr.*: prop (shrubs).

†échallier⁹ [l. L. *scalarium*, ladder], *m.*: (dial.) staircase; hurdle; fence; stile.

échalote¹⁰ [L. *ascalonia* (fr. Ascalon in Palest.)], *f.*: (e)schalot: — d'Espagne, mild garlic.

échan-p¹² [O.Fr. *eschamper*, ESCAPE], *m.*: space (bet. two rows of vines). -*peau*¹⁰

[? same origin], *m.*: end of fishline (where hook is fastened).

échampir¹⁷ [é, champ], *tr.*: (art) set off, adorn.

échan-crer¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: slope; hollow; indent; notch; *s'*—, hollow inwards; form a semicircle; be notched. -*crure*¹⁸, *f.*: sloping; hollowing, etc.

échandole¹⁵ [L. *scandula*, SHINGLE], *f.*: (dial.) SHINGLE; stave.

1. échange¹⁷ [2.-ger], *m.*: soaking; washing (linen); smoothing or pressing (newly-made paper).

2. échange¹⁰, *m.*: EXCHANGE, barter; escapement (of a watch): *système du libre* —, free trade. -*geable*¹⁷, *adj.*: exchangeable. **1.-ger**¹¹ [é, changer], *tr.*: EXCHANGE (barter; interchange; reciprocate; change about); re-roll (cloth).

2. échanger¹⁸ [L. *ex-saniare*, press out (impurities)], *tr.*: soak; wash out (linen); press (newly-made paper).

†échangiste¹⁷ [2.-ge], *m.*: freetrader.

échan-son¹¹ [Germic **skankio* (= Ger. *schenk*, fr. *schenken*, pour out drinks)], *m.*: cup-bearer. -*sonnerie*¹⁸, *f.*: wine-cellar; cup-bearers (of princes).

échant = *échamp*.

échantignole = *chantignole*.

†échantil-lon¹² [?], *m.*: (dial.) standard; sample; pattern; SCANTLING. -*lonnage*¹⁴ [-*lonner*], *m.*: gauging; sampling, etc. -*lonner*¹⁴, *tr.*: cut out as patterns; make patterns of; sample; (dial.) †gaugage to a standard.

échan-vrer¹⁷ [é, chanvre], *tr.*: hackle (HEMP); hatchel. -*voir*¹⁰, *m.*: hackle.

échapoter = *chapoter*.

1. échap-pade¹⁷, *f.*: (wood-engr.) slip (of engraver's burin). **2.-pade**¹⁸ [é, chape], *f.*: combination steamer (cooking utensil).

-patoire¹⁰, *f.*: evasion, subterfuge. -*pe*¹⁵, *f.*: (hunt.) act of letting the game loose (in order to have it attacked by the falcon).

-pée¹⁴, *f.*: ESCAPE; snatch; glimpse; vista; sally; rounding off: — *de vue*, vista; à l'—, by stealth; *par* —s, by snatches. -*pement*¹¹, *m.*: escapement (of a watch or clock); escape; rounding off: — à repos, dead-beat escapement.

||-per¹⁰ [é, chape], *refl.*: ESCAPE (make one's escape, flee); forget one's self; *intr.*: get away, off or out; slip; escape; *tr.*: †escape: l'— belle, have a narrow escape.

†écharbet¹¹ [L. *scarabæus*, scarab], *m.*: (dial.) SCARAB; water-caltrop; water-chestnut.

écharde¹¹ [Ger. *scharfe*, 'SHARD', notch], *f.*: splinter, thorn, prickle; (dial.) stickle-back (a fish).

échardon-nage¹⁸, *m.*: clearing of

thistles. **||-ner**¹² [*é*, *chardon*], *tr.*: clear (a field) of thistles; nap, raise nap on (cloth). **-net**¹⁷ and **-noir**¹⁶, *m.*: thistle extirpator.

échar-nage¹⁷, *m.*: fleshing (of hides). **-nement**¹⁸, *m.*: fleshing (of hides). **||-ner**¹¹ [*é*, OFr. *charn* (L. *caro*), flesh], *tr.*: flesh (hides), clear of flesh. **-né**, fleshless; bare and rugged. **-noir**¹⁷, *m.*: fleshing-knife. **-nyre**¹⁴, *f.*: fleshings, scrapings (removed from a hide).

échar-pe¹⁹ [Germ. *skerpa*, purse (hung about the neck)], *f.*: SCARF (sash; badge of distinction; light shawl or kerchief); sling (bandage); (*mas.*) guiding rope; tie; diagonal piece, cross-piece; cross-ditch; embankment; diagonal direction, crosswise; (*her.*) SCARP: *en* —, scarf-wise; in a sling; obliquely; slopingly, crosswise; heedless, absent-minded; *changer d'* —, change colours or sides, be a turncoat; *tirer en* —, fire slanting. **-pement**¹⁸ [*-per*], *m.*: oblique march. **1.-per**¹², *tr.*: tie a band around; march obliquely.

2.échar-per¹⁸ [*é*, OFr. *charper* (= Fr. *charpir*)], *tr.*: pluck apart, pick (wool, horse-hair); cut to pieces; cut, slash. **-piller**¹⁴, *tr.*: pluck apart, pick (horse-hair); cut to pieces.

échar-s⁹ [p. L. *ex-carpus* (L. *carpere*, pluck), ak. to Eng. *scarce*], *adj.*: (old) greedy; deficient, below par; light and variable (of winds); *m.*: deficient value (of money, depreciation). **-sment**¹¹, *adv.*: greedily. **-ser**¹⁷, *tr.*: depreciate (values); *intr.*: become light and variable (of winds). **-sité**¹¹, *f.*: (old) avarice; depreciation (of money).

échar-se¹¹ [ak. to Eng. *skate*], *f.*: stilt; stilt-bird; stud (studding, upright scantling); trestle, scaffolding-pole: *être sur des* —, be stilted or bombastic; — *à man-teau noir*, longlegged plover. **-siers**¹¹, *m. pl.*: wading birds, grallies.

échan¹² [cf. *esseau*], *m.*: drain, water-course.

échaubou-lé¹⁵, *adj.*: pimpled, full of pimples. **||-lure**¹⁸ [= dial. *chaude-bouillure*, 'hot BOIL,' blister], *f.*: pimple, blotch, rash; scald or burn.

1.échan-dage¹⁸ [2.-der], *m.*: lime-washing; limewash, whitewash; steeping (in lime-water material for making glue).

2.échan-dage¹⁸, *m.*: scorching; SCALDING; testing (a casket) with hot water. **-dé**, *part.*: scorched; scalded. **-dement**¹⁸, *m.*: scorching; scalding; steeping. **1.||-der**¹¹ [*é*, *chaud*], *tr.*: SCALD (steep in hot water); scorch.

2.échauder¹⁷ [*é*, *chaud*], *tr.*: white-wash; steep (in lime-water materials for making glue).

échan-dillon¹⁸ [1.-der], *m.*: soldering-iron.

échaudis¹⁷ [?], *m.*: buckle (of large size); ring (used to prevent rope or cable from slipping).

échan-doir¹⁸ [1.-der], *m.*: SCALDING-house; scalding-tub or -vat. **-dure**¹¹, *f.*: SCALD.

échauf-façon¹⁸, *f.*: overheating; rash; eruption (on the skin). **-fant**¹⁸, *adj.*: heating; binding (of food); *m.*: heating; binding (food).

échauf-fe, *f.*: drying- or sweating-stove (for the removal of hair from hides).

-fee¹⁷, *f.*: evaporation (of salt water in salt-making). **-fement**¹¹, *m.*: heat; fermentation; rash; constipation. **-fer**¹¹ [*é*, *chauffer*], *tr.*: heat; bind (of food); constipate; CHAFE; inflame; provoke; *s'* —, grow hot; become (get or grow angry).

échauffourée¹² [?], *f.*: affray; scuffle; skirmish; blunder; mess.

échauffure¹² [*-fer*], *f.*: rash; fermentation; constipation.

†échaugnette¹⁰ [Germ. *skar-wachte*, 'troup-WATCH'], *tr.*: WATCH(ing); look-out, sentinel; watch-tower.

échauler¹⁷ [*é*, *chaux*], *tr.*: lime, manure with lime.

échaume⁹ [L. *scalmus*], *m.*: thole, thole-pin.

échaumer¹⁸ [*é*, *chaume*], *tr.*: plow or break (the field).

échaux = *échau*.

éche⁹ or **éche**⁹ [L. *esca* (*ed-ere*, EAT), meat, bait], *f.*: bait (for fish).

éché-ance¹² [*échoir*], *f.*: expiration; falling due (of a note). **-ancier**¹⁸, *m.*: bill-book. **-ant**¹⁸, *adj.*: falling due, etc.

échee¹⁹ [? Pers. *schah*, king], *interj.*: CHECK (at chess); *m.*: check (check at chess; arrest, stop, rebuff, repulse); *pl.*: chess (the game), chessmen: — *et mat*, checkmate.

échéé¹⁸ [ak. to *écheveau*], *f.*: skein.

éche-lage¹⁸, *m.*: (old leg.) ladder-right (right of placing a ladder on an adjoining lot). **-ler**¹⁸, *tr.*: †SCALE (climb); form (troops) in echelons. **-let** or **1.-lette**¹⁸, *m.* or *f.*: (*dial.*) wall-creeper (kind of dentirostral sparrow). **2.-lette**¹⁸, *m.*: weaver's guide, rack; rathe (rave, shelving).

-lier, *m.*: rack-ladder; rack; rathe (shelving). **||éche-llé**⁹ [L. *scala*], *f.*: ladder (step-ladder, †Eng. SCALE); steps; scale (gradation, degree; order; music-scale); (*nav.*) landing-place (where the landing-plank, 'ladder' is laid), seaport: — *de commande-ment*, accommodation-ladder; — *de siège*, scaling-ladder; *faire* —, (*nav.*) touch. **éche-llier** = *-lier*. **-lon**¹¹, *m.*: round

- (step of a ladder, rung); (*fig.*) step (stepping-stone); echelon (each part of a body of troops formed in divisions behind and to the right or left of each other).
- lonner**¹⁴ [*-lon*], *tr.*: form (troops) in echelons; deliver or pay in installments.
- éche-nal**¹² or **-neau**, *pl.* **-aux** [*é-, che-nal*], *m.*: (*dial.*) wooden gutter; basin.
- échénide**¹⁵ [Gr. *-néis* (*échein*, possess, *naós*, ship), 'ship-attacher'], *m.*: ECHENEIS; suck(ing)-fish, sucker, remora.
- éche-nillage**¹⁷, *m.*: destruction of caterpillars. 1. **-nillet**¹³ [*é-, chenille*], *tr.*: worm, free (a tree) of caterpillars.
2. **écheniller** = *smiller*.
- éche-nileur**¹⁸ **-euse** [*1-ler*], *m., f.*: caterpillar-destroyer; caterpillar-eater (bird). **-loir**¹⁶ [*-ler*], *m.*: caterpillar-destroyer, averruncator (shears).
- éche-ne**, **écheoir** = *échenal*, *échoir*.
- écheveau**¹² [*?*], *m.*: skein.
- échévelé**¹⁰, *adj.*: dishevelled. **-ler**¹⁴ [*é-, cheveu*], *tr.*: DISHEVEL, disorder (the hair).
- échevette**¹⁴ [*-veau*], *f.*: small skein.
- éche-vin**¹² [*l. L. scabinus* (fr. Germ'c, ak. to Eng. *shape*)], *m.*: (*dial.*) sheriff; alderman; mayor. **-vinage**¹², *m.*: sheriffship; aldermanship; mayoralty; city-council.
- échicoté**¹⁰ [*é-, chicot*], *tr.*: remove the stump from; stub; extract (pieces of a tooth).
- échidnés**¹⁸ [Gr. *échidna*, viper], *m.*: echidna; porcupine ant-eater.
- échief**¹¹, **-ive** [OFR. *eschier* (cf. *esquiver*), *shun*], *adj.*: wild; greedy; voracious.
- échiffe**¹¹, **-iffre** [*?* ak. to Germ. *schief*, (a)SKEW], *m. or f.*: watch-tower; part-wall (of a staircase).
- échigner** = *échiner*.
- échignol**¹⁷, **-gnole** [*écagne*], *m., f.*: reel.
- échillon**¹⁶ [*?*], *m.*: waterspout.
- échimose** = *echymose*.
1. **échi-ne**¹⁰ [OHG. *skina*, prickle], *f.*: CHINE (spine, backbone, back). **-née**¹¹, *f.*: chine (of pork); chine-piece.
1. **échi-ne**¹⁵ [*L. -nus* (Gr. *-nos*), hedgehog], *f.*: ECHINUS; ovolo, egg and anchor molding. **-né**¹⁸ [*L. -nus*], *adj.*: echinate; echinated; bristled. **-néens**¹⁸ [Gr. *-nos*], *m., pl.*: echini (sea-urchins or sea-hedgehog family). **-nelle**¹⁸ [Gr. *-nos*, chestnut], *f.*: sort of seaweed.
- échiner**¹⁵ [*1-ne*], *tr.*: break the back of; tire out; smash; kill; *s'*—, break one's back; work hard; be or get used up; be killed.
- échi-nides**¹⁸ [Gr. *-nos*, hedgehog], *m., pl.*: echinideans. **-nite**¹⁷, *f.*: echinite (sea-urchin fossil). **-nodernes**¹⁷ [Gr.

- nos, derma, -skin*], *m., pl.*: echinoderms, radiata.
- échi-queté**¹⁸, *adj.*: checkered. **-quie**¹¹ [*é-chee, check*], *m.*: chessboard; checker; square; EXCHEQUER; supreme court (of Normandy); *en* —, in square; (*mil.*) alternately; (*nav.*) in a bow and quarter-line; *chancelier de l'—*, secretary of the treasury.
- échi-q**¹⁸ [*L.*], *m.*: echo; (*myth.*) Echo.
- oïque** [*L. -oicus*], *adj.*: echoing; echo-like.
- échoir**¹¹ [*é-, choir*], *impers., def. §; intr.*: fall due (expire); run (of bills); happen. § Ind.: Pr. *échoit* or *-chet*; *-choient* or *-chient*. Ipl. *échoyât*. Pret. *échut*; *échurent*. Fut. (Cond.) *écherrait*, *échira(it)*. — Subj.: Pr. *échoie*. Ipl. *échût*. — Part.: Pr. *échant*; P. *chu*.
- échoite**, **-chème**, **-chople**, **-choppler** = *é-chute*, *chaume*, *choppe*, *chopper*.
1. **échoppe**⁶ [*p. L. *scalpra* (*L. -prum*)], *f.*: engraving tool; graver.
2. **échoppe**¹¹ [Germ. *schoppen*, shed], *f.*: stall; booth; shed; SHOP.
- échopper**¹⁷ [*1-ppe*], *tr.*: engrave; edge.
- échoppier**¹⁸, **-ière** [*2-ppe*], *m., f.*: stall-keeper; (*dial.*) grocer.
- échu-age**¹⁶, *m.*: stranding; beaching. **-ement**¹⁶, *m.*: stranding; running aground. **-er**¹⁵ [*?*], *intr.*: strand; be cast ashore; fail; lie dry; *tr.*: †beach (a vessel).
- é-chu**¹¹ [*-choir*], *part.*: fallen or become due. **-chute**¹², *f.*: succession (in old feudal law).
- éci-mage**¹⁶, *m.*: topping (a tree). **-mer**¹⁶ [*é-, cime*], *tr.*: top (a tree).
- éclabous-ement**¹⁸, *m.*: splashing. **-er**¹² [*?*], *tr.*: splash, soil or wet by splashing; spray. **-sure**¹⁴, *f.*: splash; spray; spoon-drift; chance-stroke (aimed at another) or blow (from one fighting).
- éclai-r**¹² [*-rer*], *m.*: flash (lightning, gleam); *faire des —s*, lighten. **-rage**¹⁵, *m.*: lightning; light; illumination (with any artificial light). **-rant**¹⁵, *adj.*: lighting; illuminating.
- éclair-cie**¹⁴, *f.*: clear spot (in the sky); clearing (in the woods); vista; thinning out. **-cir**⁶ [*p. L. *ex-clariēre*], *tr.*: CLEAR (clear up; brighten up); polish; throw light upon; enlighten; thin out; space out. **-cissage**¹⁸, *m.*: cleaning or polishing (watch crystals). **-cissement**¹², *m.*: clearing up; explanation, etc.
- éclai-re**¹⁸, *f.*: that which lights; (*dial.*) air-hole (in a cave); opening (admitting light into a vessel); pilewort, tetterwort (herbs). **-rer**⁶ [*p. L. *ex-clariēre* (*L. -rāre*)], *intr.*: give light (shine; sparkle; glitter); *tr.*: light (light up); illumine; inform; reconnoitre; (*dial.*) fork out (money); †watch; elucidate (throw light

upon). **-rette**¹⁷, *f.*: (dial.) tetterwort, small pilewort (herb). **-reux**¹⁷, *m.*: (mil.) scout; vessel (for reconnoitring).

éclamé¹⁷ [OF. *esclam*, fracture, ?], *adj.*: broken-winged, broken-legged.

éclampsie¹⁷ [L. *-sis* (Gr. *ek*, out, *lámpein*, shine)], *f.*: eclampsy, convulsive disease (of women and children) with fancied flashes before the eyes.

éclanche¹⁵ [? ak. to Germ. *schenkel*, SHANK], *f.*: shoulder or leg (of mutton).

éclancher¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: unrumple.

écla-t¹¹, *m.*: fragment (piece); explosion; (loud noise; peal); flash; (glory, splendor, pomp, display); exposure (scandal); declaration: — *de rire*, roar of laughter.

-table, *adj.*: liable to burst; explosive.

-tant¹¹, *adj.*: piercing, shrill; bright (brilliant, splendid, glistening); pompous (gorgeous); flashy (gaudy); striking (signal, eminent, glorious); open (public).

-tement¹⁵, *m.*: breaking up; breaking into fragments, explosion. || **-ter**¹¹ [? L. *ex-clapitare* (Germ's root *klapp*, clap)], *tr.*: †break (something) with a noise;

intr.: fly into splinters or pieces (explode; split, chip); break forth; shine forth; (blaze out, flash, sparkle; display; appear); be exposed; make a noise (resound, roar).

écléc-tique¹⁷ [Gr. *ek-lektikós* (-*légein*, choose)], *adj.*: eclectic, selecting. **-tis-me**¹⁷, *m.*: eclecticism.

éclifin = *aigrefin*.

é-eli¹⁷, *m.*: (nav.) splinter (of wood). || **-eljer**¹¹ [OHG. *slizan* (Germ. *schleisen*), split, SLIT], *tr.*: (nav.) splinter (a piece of wood).

éclip-se¹¹ [L. *-sis* (Gr. *ek-leiptein*, leave out)], *f.*: eclipse. **-ser**¹², *tr.*: eclipse; excel. **-tique**¹² [L. *-ticius*], *adj.*: eclipsitic, *f.*: ecliptic.

éclis-se¹⁰, *f.*: splinter; splitwood; rib (of a violin); wicker; cheese-drainer or -vat. 1. || **-ser**¹⁰ [OHG. *slizan* (Germ. *schleisen*), SLIT], *tr.*: †split; cause to break with a noise; cause (water) to gush or splash. 2. **-ser** [-*se*], *tr.*: splint; tie up (a fractured member) with splints. **-soire**¹², †(*dial.*) syringe; squirt.

éclologue = *élogue*.

éclo-per¹¹ [é, OFr. *cloper*, limp], *tr.*: lame; cripple. **-pé**, *adj.*: crippled, lamed; uneven (one side being longer).

é-clô-re¹² [é, *clôre*, irr., *def. §*; *tr.*: †cause to open up; hatch; *intr.*: open (open up; blow, bloom; dawn), hatch; be disclosed (come into light); be ushered in: *faire* —, hatch; bring to light, usher in, produce; disclose; give birth to. **-clo-sion**¹⁷, *f.*: hatching; appearing; opening.

§ Ind.: Pr. *éclo-s*, -*s*, *éclô-s*; -*sons*, etc. Ipf. *éclouais*. Fut. (Cond.) *éclouirai*. — Subj.: Pr. *éclote*. — Part.: Pr. *éclot*.

é-cluse⁹ [p. L. **ex-clūsa* (sc. *aqua*), shut out (water)], *f.*: SLUICE; dam; flood-gate; oyster-bed; mussel-bed; fish-weir, crawl.

-cluse¹⁵, *f.*: lock of water; lockage; raft of logs (just right for passing an open flood-gate).

-clusement¹⁵, *m.*: locking (canals); passing (a vessel) through the lock or locks; circulation of compressed air (as motive power).

-cluse¹¹, *tr.*: lock (canals); pass (a vessel) through the lock or locks; circulate compressed air (as motive power).

-cluser¹⁵, *m.* and *f.*: lock-man; lock-keeper; *adj.*: pertaining to locks, of locks.

écluse¹⁷ [Gr. *ek-lúsia*], *f.*: (anc. mus.) making a note $\frac{1}{2}$ lower.

éco-buage¹⁷, *f.*: paring and burning (peat-lands); burning weeds, turf or sod; turf and sod-ashes. **-bue**¹⁷, *f.*: paring-apade; turf-iron; weeder; paring-plow; *pl.*: weeds; sod; turf-ashes. || **-buer**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: pare and burn (peat-lands); burn weeds, turf or sod (on the land).

écoche-lage¹⁷, *m.*: delivering in sheaves; raking of grain. || **-ler**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: (*dial.*) deliver in sheaves; rake grain.

écou-rant¹², *ékou*, *adj.*: sickening. **-rement**¹², *m.*: nausea; disgust. || **-rer**¹⁵ [é, *cœur*], *tr.*: nauseate, sicken, make sick.

éco-fler¹¹ [Germ's *scoh* (= Ger. *schuh*, SHOE)], *m.*: (*dial.*) tanner; shoemaker.

-frai¹⁵, **-froi**, *m.*: (tanner's, shoemaker's) cutting board.

écoinçon, **-son**¹² [é, *coin*], *m.*: diagonal or angle ('corner-') tie; jamb (of a door); reveal (of a window); corner-piece (of furniture).

écol-ne¹² [?], *f.*: rough flat file (used by minters); rasp; plane (for working iron).

-ner¹⁷, *tr.*: plane (iron, etc.). **-nette**¹⁷, *f.*: small plane (for iron, etc.).

écol-lage¹⁴, *m.*: (*dial.*) instruction; tuition. †**-lâtre**¹² [l. *scholasticus*], *m.*: teacher in a cathedral school. || **-le**¹¹ [L. *schola*, SCHOOL], *f.*: school; college; sect; school of philosophy: — *de droit*, school of law; — *gratuite*, ragged school; — *libre*, private school; — *maternelle*, infant school; — *normale primaire*, training school; *basse* —, elements of horsemanship; *haute* —, high horsemanship; *faire une* —, commit a blunder; make an experiment; (*backgammon*) be pegged. **-lier**¹¹, **-lière**, *m., f.*: scholar (school-boy, schoolgirl; pupil; student); novice; tyro.

écol-lage¹², *m.*: freeing (a hide) of head, legs, etc. || **-ler**¹² [é, *col*, 'un-neck'], *tr.*: †behead; free (a hide) of head, legs, etc. **-leter**¹² [é, *coller*], *tr.*: †cut off;

round (piece of gold or silver on the anvil).
-lette¹⁵ [-leter], *f.*: rounding (a piece of metal).

écon-duire¹⁰ [L. *ex-con-dicere*, excuse], *irr.* (cf. *conduire*); *tr.*: refuse; deny; bow (a person) out; dismiss.
-uite¹², *f.*: refusing, refusal.

écono-mat¹⁰, *m.*: stewardship; bursarship; treasurer. || -me¹³ [L. *oeconus* (Gr. *oikos*, house, *nomein*, manage)], *m.*, *f.*: steward, stewardess; bursar; treasurer; *adj.*: economical, saving.
-mie¹³ [L. -*mia*], *f.*: arrangement (of house or household); economy; thriftiness; saving. -miqué¹³ [L. -*cus*], *adj.*: economic; economical; cheap; *pl.*: economics. -miquement¹³, *adv.*: economically. -miser¹⁷ [-mie], *tr.*: economize, save, put by; be sparing. -miste¹⁷ [-mie], *m.*: economist.

éco-pe¹⁴ [Swed. *skopa*, SCOOP], *m.*: scoop; skeet; ladle; skimmer. -per¹⁵, *tr.*: scoop; bale; ladle; skim.

écoperche¹³ [?], *f.*: lift (with a pulley), derrick; scaffold-pole.

écoquer¹⁵, -queter¹⁵ [é, coq], *tr.*: rid (woods) of pheasant cocks, etc.

écorage¹⁵ [2.-rer], *m.*: SCORE, making a score; superintending sales of fish (in ports on the English channel).

écor-cage¹⁷, *m.*: barking (a tree); peeling; stripping. || -ce⁶ [p. L. **excortex* (L. *cortex*, bark)], *f.*: bark; rind; shell; crust; appearance. -cement¹⁵ [-cer], *m.*: barking (a tree); peeling. -cer¹¹, *tr.*: bark (a tree); peel; strip.

écor-ché, *part.*: skinned, flayed; *m.*: (sculp. and paint.) figure divested of the skin; = (for the study of the muscles). -che-cul¹⁵ [-cher, cul], *adv.*: sliding on the ground; unwillingly; against the grain. -chée, *f.*: striated cone.

-chement¹², *m.*: excoriation. -cher⁶ [L. *ex-corticare* (cortex, bark)], *tr.*: remove the bark from; EXCORIATE; flay; rub off the skin, bark (of); taste rough (to the palate); murder (a language); fleece (overcharge). -cherie¹², *f.*: knacker's yard; inn (where travellers are fleeced). -cheur¹², -chense, *m.*, *f.*: knacker; flayer; fleecer; red-backed shrike (bird). -chüre¹², *f.*: excoriation; scratch. -cier¹⁷, *m.*: storage building (for oak bark for tanning).

1. éco-re, -rer = accore, -rer.

2. éco-re¹⁵, *f.*: SCORING, marking; superintending the sale of fish. 2. || -rer¹⁷ [Eng. score], *tr.*: superintend (sale of fish-imports on the English channel). -reur¹⁷, *m.*: SCORER; superintendant (of sales of fish); book-keeper (some trade).

écor-ne¹⁵, *f.*: affront; insult. || -ner¹¹

[é, corne], *tr.*: deprive (something) of its HORNS; break the corner(s) of; damage; dog's-eat; curtail; lessen. -nifer¹⁴,

tr.: (vulg.) sweep in everything; sponge (upon some one); live at the expense of another. †-nifflerie¹⁵ [-niffler], *f.*: sponging. -niffler, -ense¹⁵ [-niffler], *m.* and *f.*: (vulg.) sponger; hanger on. -nure¹⁷, *f.*: corner broken off; breaking at the corner(s); chipping.

écossais, -saise, *adj.*: Scotch, Scottish; *m.*: Scotchman; *f.*: Scotchwoman; scottish (a dance). || 1. Ecos-se [? Ir. *scuite* (Gael. *sguit*), a wanderer], *f.*: Scotland.

2. écoss-se¹² [é, cosse], *f.*: shelling (of beans, peas, etc.). -seur¹⁵, -seuse, *m.* and *f.*: sheller, husker.

éco-t¹¹ [I. Ger. *skot* (= Ger. *schoss*), SCOT], *m.*: contribution; share, quota; scot; expense; (table-)company; stump or log of wood; piece of slate.

écôtage¹⁷ [-ter], *m.*: stemming (of tobacco).

éco-tard¹⁵ [écot], *m.*: chainplate, large piece of wood or iron (on a vessel) to which the shrouds are fastened. -té¹⁴, *adj.*: lopped.

éco-ter¹⁷ [é, côte], *tr.*: free (tobacco-leaves) of (their) stems (or ribs); stem (tobacco); draw wire through second hole in draw-plate. -teur¹⁷, -euse, *m.*, *f.*: stemmer (of tobacco).

†écou-aille, †-ane, †-aner, †-anette = couaille, écווine, -ner, -nette.

écou-che¹⁴, -choir, *f.*, *m.*: hackle; beetle (for tewing hemp, etc.). || -cher⁶ [p. L. **excussare* (L. *excutere*, shake out), *tr.*: hackle; beat (hemp, etc.) with a beetle; clean (hemp) by beating. -chüre¹², *f.*: rubbish (fallen from hackled hemp).

écouen-ne, -ner, -nette, see ecoine, -ner, -nette.

écouer¹² [é, queue], *tr.*: strip off the tail. **écoufle**¹¹ [Corn. *ekoul*], *m.*: (dial.) kite (bird; toy).

écon-lement¹⁵, *m.*: flow, flowing, running out; drainage; discharge; outlet; sale; gleet. || -ler¹¹ [é, couler], *refl.*: flow or run away, run out (pass away; glide away, slip away; elapse); be spent; disperse; sell; go off: faire —, drain, disperse; sell off.

†écoupe = écope.

†écour-gée¹¹ [é, OFr. *corgée* (L. *corium*, leather)], *f.*: SCOURGE; cat-o'-nine-tails; whip; lash; lashing.

écourgeon¹² [?], *m.*: six-rowed barley; winter-barley.

écourter¹¹ [é, court], *tr.*: SHORTEN; crop; curtail.

†écous-se, †-ser, †-soir, †-sure = écouché, -che, -choir, -chüre.

écon-tant¹² [*-ter*], *adj.*: listening: *avocat* —, briefless barrister; *m.*: listener; catechumen (in the early churches). 1-**te**¹⁸, *f.*: †listener; catechumen; listening; overhearing; †listening-place; (*mil.*) listening-gallery: *sœur* —, listening nun; — *s'il pleut* ('mill, if it rains'), mill; weak man; trash.

2-**écon-te**¹⁴ [Dutch *schoote* (= Ger. *schote*)], *f.*: (*nav.*) SHEET (rope fastened to lower corners of a sail).

écon-ter² [*L. auscultare*], *tr.*: listen to (overhear); hear; mind; *intr.*: listen (hear): *s'*—, listen to one's self. -**teur**¹², -**tense**, *m.*, *f.*: listener; eavesdropper. -**teur**¹², =**ense**, *adj.*: †listener; (*of horses*) shy; skittish.

écon-tille¹⁵ [Sp. *escotilla* (deriv. ?)], *f.*: (*nav.*) hatchway. -**tille**¹⁵ [Sp. *escatillon*, trap-door], *m.*: (*nav.*) SCUTTLE.

†**écoutoir**¹⁷ [*-ter*], *m.*: ear-trumpet.

écon-vrette¹³ [*L. scopa*, broom], *f.*: small broom; shovel. -**villon**¹¹, *m.*: small broom; oven-sweeper; shovel; mop; (*mil.*) sponge-rod; rammer. -**villon-ner**¹⁶ [*-villon*], *tr.*: sweep or clean (the oven); mop; (*mil.*) sponge.

écrabouiller¹³ [?], *tr.*: crush to pieces; smash.

écran¹² [?], *m.*: SCREEN, fire-screen; (*phys.*) white-ground: — *de cheminée*, cheval-screen.

écrancher¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: smooth out (cloth).

écras-ant¹⁷, *adj.*: crushing, humiliating; overwhelming; excessive. -**ée**¹⁸, *f.*: caving in (of mines). -**sment**¹⁶, *m.*: crushing, crush; mashing; crash, ruin. ||-**ser**¹³ [Sw. *kraza*, CRASH, crush], *tr.*: crush; bruise; squash; smash; scatter; smother. -**seur**¹⁶, -**seuse**, *m., f.*: crusher; (*surg.*) écraseur.

écré-mage¹⁷, *m.*: skimming (milk, etc.).

-**maison**¹⁸, *f.*: skimming (molten glass).

||-**mèr**¹³ [*é, crème*], *tr.*: remove the cream from (skim; cream); take the best of. -**mière**¹⁸, *f.*: (*dial.*) fresh-water mussel (used for creaming). -**moir**¹⁷,

-**moire**, *m., f.*: skimmer; skimming instrument (for molten glass, etc.). -**mure**¹³, *f.*: scum (of molten glass, etc.); scoria.

†**écrénage**, †-**ner** = *crénage*, -*ner*.

écré-tement¹⁸, *m.*: removing the crust, top, comb (of a cock); lowering a road; (*mil.*) battering the top (of a work). ||-**ter**¹⁶ [*é, crête*], *tr.*: remove the CREST, top or comb (of a cock); (*mil.*) batter the top (of a work).

écra-visse¹² [OHG. *krebiz* (Ger. *krebs*), CRAB], *f.*: CRAWFISH; crab; (*astr.*) cancer; smith's tongs: — *de mer*, lobster.

1-**écrier**¹⁰ [*é, crier*], *refl.*: cry out; exclaim; cry; †call (d).

2-**écir-er**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: clean or polish (wire with powdered sandstone). -**eur**, -**euse**¹⁷, *m., f.*: wire-cleaner or polisher.

écirille¹⁷ [?], *f.*: (*dial.*) grate (of a fish-pond).

écir¹⁰ [*L. scrinium*, casket], *m.*: SHRINE; jewel-box, case or casket.

é-crire² [*L. scribere* (from which Eng. *scribble*, *scribe*, etc.)], *irr. §*; *tr.*: write; put down: *s'*—, write to each other; sign one's name. -**crit**¹¹, *m.*: writing; written agreement; work: *par d'*—, in writing. -**criteau**¹³ [*-crit*], *m.*: bill; board; signboard; label. -**critoire**¹¹ [*L. scriptorium*], *f.*: †small secretary; inkstand; †cell (in a monastery for monks, copying manuscripts). -**criture**² [*L. scriptura*], *f.*: writing; handwriting; SCRIPTURE; *pl.*: accounts, books, papers; Scriptures. -**crivailleur**¹⁶, *intr.*: SCRIBBLE. -**crivailleur**¹⁶, =**ense** [*-crivailleur*], *m., f.*: scribbler; cheap novel-writer. -**crivain**² [*p. L. *scribanus*], *m.*: writer; SCRIBE; letter-writer; copying clerk; (*nav.*) purser; vine-fretter (an insect). -**crivassier**¹⁷,

-**ière**, *m., f.*: (*vulg.*) SCRIBBLER; poor author; cheap novel-writer.

§ Ind.: *Pr. écris*, -s, -t; -*vous*, -vez, -vent. *Imp. écrivent*. *Prét. écrivent*. *Fut. (Cond.) écriront*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. écrive*. *Imp. écrivez*. — *P. écris* -s, -t; -*vous*, -vez. — *Part.*: *Pr. écrivant*; *P. écrit*.

†**écrotage**, -**ter** = *écroûlage*, -*ter*.

1-**écrou**¹⁵ [MHG. *achrube* (= Ger. *achraub*), SCREW], *m.*: (screw)-nut.

2-**écrou**¹¹, †-**e** [?], *m., f.*: †parchment; jail-book.

écrou-elles² [*p. L. *scrofulas*, *L. scrofulas* (*scrofa*, sow)], *f. pl.*: scrofula, king's-evil.

-**ellet**¹⁷, *m.*: tumour (on the neck of horses, cattle, etc.). -**ellen**¹⁵, =**ense**, *adj.*: scrofulous; *m., f.*: scrofulous person.

écrou-er¹⁶ [2-*écrou*], *tr.*: enter in the jail-book; put in prison. -*es*, see 2-*écrou*.

écrou-ir¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: hammer-harden (metals). -**issage**¹⁸, *m.*: hammer-harden.

-**issement**¹⁶, *m.*: hammer-harden.

écrou-lement¹⁶, *m.*: falling or crumbling down; collapse; ruin. -**ler**¹³ [*é, crouler*], *refl.*: crumble down (tumble over, fall to pieces; perish).

écrou-tage¹⁷, *m.*: removing the crust of. -**ment**¹⁸, *m.*: removing the crust of.

||-**ter**¹¹ [*é, écrouite*], *tr.*: remove the crust of: *s'*—, lose its crust or outside.

écru¹² [*é, cru*], *adj.*: crude; raw; unbleached; brown.

écru¹² [*part. of old es-croistre* (= *croître*)], *f.*: †growth; woods of recent growth.

ectozaire¹⁸ [Gr. *ektós*, outsider, *zōon*, animal], *m.*: parasite (living on the human body).

ectropion¹⁵ [Gr. *ek-tropion*, turning out], m.: ectropion; eversion of the eyelids (a disease).

ectroti-que¹⁷ [Gr. *-kós*, causing mischief to], adj.: ectrotic; preventing or retarding disease.

ectype¹⁶ [Gr. *ék-tupon*, out, stamp], f.: raised design on a medallion; ectype; seal; stamp.

écu⁹ [L. *scutum*, shield], m.: shield; quarter of an arm; crown (money). **-age**¹², m.: ESCUAGE, SCUTAGE; (*feud.*) land-tax. **-anteur**¹⁵, f.: raylike position of the spokes in the hub.

écubier¹⁵ [Sp. *escobén* (?)], m.: (nav.) hawse-hole.

écuel¹³ **ue** = **eu** [L. *scopulus*, high rock], m.: rock; reef; sandbank; obstacle; danger.

écuel-le⁹ [p. L. **scutella* (L. dim. of *-tum*, shield)], f.: porringer; dish; plate. **-lée**¹², f.: dishful; plateful.

écuisser¹⁵ [*é*, *cuisse*], tr.: ferriple (by injuring the thigh); splinter (a tree) at the foot in felling.

éculeur¹² [*écuelle*], tr.: dish out; pour (wax) into moulds.

éculeur¹⁵ [*é*, *cul*], tr.: run down (a shoe at the heel).

éculon¹⁷ [*-uelle*], m.: vase (of some metal) for bleaching wax.

écum-mage¹⁵ [*-mer*], m.: skimming; scumming. **-mant**¹⁴ [*-mer*], adj.: foaming, frothy. **||-me**¹¹ [OHG. *scum*], f.: SCUM; foam; froth; dross; lather: (*vulg.*) — *de terre*, pewter.

écuménicité, -nique, -niquement, see *écuménicité, -nique, -niquement*.

écum-mer¹¹ [*-me*], tr.: free from scum or foam (scum, skim); (nav.) scour (the seas), intr.: foam, scum. **-meresse**¹⁷ [*-mer*], f.: skimmer (for sugar refining). **-mette**¹⁵, f.: skimmer (for pipe-makers). **-meur**, l. = **-euse**¹⁴, m., f.: skimmer; collector; pirate; sea-rover. **-meur**¹³, 2. = **-euse**, adj.: foaming; foamy, frothy. **-moire**¹⁵, f.: skimmer.

écum-mer¹⁵, m.: scouring, cleaning. **-re-ment**¹², m.: (*dial.*) scouring; cleaning. **||-rer**¹¹ [*é*, *curer*], tr.: scour clean, cleanse thoroughly. **-rette**¹², f.: thistle-destroyer (*instr.*); card-cleaner (*instr.*); scratcher.

écureuil⁹ [p. L. **sciuriolus* (L. *sciurus*, Gr. *skia*, SHADE, *ourá*, tail)], m.: SQUIRREL.

écureur¹², **-rense** [*-rer*], m., f.: scourer, cleaner (of cards and thistles).

écurie¹² [*-cuyer*], f.: *tsquireship*; *tsquires* (*collect.*); *lodging* for *squires*, *pages*, and *horses*; *now stable* (for *horses* or *mules*); *stabled horses*; *stud* (for *raising fast horses*); (*railw.*) *horse-box*.

écurien, dial. form *écureuil*.

écus-son¹⁵ [*écu*], m.: ESCUTCHEON, shield; coat of arms; hatchment; crest; (of a key-hole) *escutcheon*; (*grafting*) *leaf-bud*, gem: *greffer en* —, bud. **-sonnable**¹⁵ [*-sonner*], adj.: budding, able to bud. **-sonner**¹⁵, tr.: bud. **-sonnoir**¹⁷ [*-sonner*], m.: budding-knife.

écu-yer⁹ [L. *scutarius* (*-tūm*, shield)], m.: SQUIRE (knight's shield-bearer; nobleman below the knight; esquire); officer; equerry; rider, riding-master; young stag; prop (for a tree); railing; false shoot. **-yère**, f.: *horsewoman*; *riding-mistress*; *à l'—*, horse-back fashion; *bottes à l'—*, riding boots.

eczéma¹⁷ [l. (Gr. *ék-zema*, ebullition)], m.: (*med.*) *eczema* (a skin disease). **-teux**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: *eczematous*.

Eden [Heb.], m.: garden; paradise (Bible).

édentés¹⁷, m. pl.: *toothless* (animals); *edentata*, *anteaters*, etc. **||-ter**¹² [*é*, *dent*], tr.: *deprive* (somebody or something) of the teeth.

édicter¹³ [L. *-tum*, edict], tr.: *decree*; *enact*; *pass*; *impose*.

édi-cule¹³ [L. *edicula* (*ades*, house), small house], m.: chapel; shrine; small house.

édi-fiant, adj.: *edifying*, *up-building*.

-ficateur¹⁴ [L. *-ficator*], m.: (*rare*) *constructor*, *builder*. **-fication**¹¹ [L. *-ficatio*], f.: *edification*; *constructing* (a building); *erecting*. **-fice**¹¹ [L. *-ficium*], m.: *edifice*; *building*. **||-fier**⁹ [L. *edificare* (*ades*, house, *facere*, make)], tr.: *build up*, (*erect*; *raise*); *tedify* (*instruct*); *satisfy*.

édi-le¹² [L. *-lis* (*ades*, house), house-inspector], m.: *edile*, *edile*; *house and town-inspector*; *councillor*. **-litaire**¹⁸ [*-lité*], adj.: *pertaining to edileship*; *municipal*. **-lité**¹³ [L. *-litas*], f.: *edileship*;

administration; *aldermanship*; *mayoralty*; *resolutions of a city-council*; *public building*; *public improvements*.

édi-t¹² [L. *e-dictum* (*dicere*, say)], m.: (*in ancient Rome*) *ordinance*; *EDICT*; *decree*.

édi-ter¹³ [L. *e-ditus* (*dare*), given out], tr.: *edit*; *publish* (books, etc.); (*law*) *quote*. **-teur**¹⁷, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-triz*], m., f.: *editor*; *publisher*. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], f.: =.

édosser¹⁷ [*é*, *dos*], tr.: (*hort., agr.*) *pare off*; *cut away*; *press out* (water from wet hides).

édré-don¹⁷ [Sw. *ejder-dun*, EIDER-DOWN], m.: *eider-down*; *counterpane*, *quilt* (of *eider-down*).

édu-cable¹⁸ [*-quer*], adj.: *educable*; *teachable*. **-cateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-triz*], m., f.: *educator*, *teacher*; *grower*,

- producer, *adj.*: educating, educative, instructing. **-cation**¹⁵ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: education; instruction; rearing; training; manners.
- édulco-ration**¹⁷, *f.*: edulcoration, sweetening. **-rer**¹⁶ [L. *-rare* (L. *e, dulcis*, sweet)], *tr.*: edulcorate, sweeten.
- éduquer**¹³ [L. *e, ducere*, lead out], *tr.*: educate; bring up; rear; school.
- éfaufiler**¹⁷ [É., *faufiler*], *tr.*: reeve; rip (a seam).
- efendi**¹⁷ [Turk., Mod. Gr. *authénté*, master], *m.*: high Turkish title.
- effa-cable**¹⁵, *adj.*: effaceable, deletable.
- age**¹⁵, *m.*: effacing, obliterating; **-ement**¹², *m.*: =, effacing; defacing; erasion; blotting out; eclipsing; keeping in the background; humility. **||-eer**¹² [É., *face*], *tr.*: efface (obliterate; blot out); keep in the background; do away with; outshine; surpass; keep on the side of: *s'*—, be effaced, etc.; (*mél.*) keep in line; (*nav.*) present the broadside.
- cure**¹², *f.*: erasure, obliteration.
- effa-nage**¹⁷, *m.*: (*agr.*) stripping (a tree, etc.) of its leaves. **||-ner**¹⁷ [É., *fane*], *tr.*: strip (a tree or plant) of its leaves or top, top. **-neur**¹⁵, **-neuse**, *m., f.*: pruner; one stripping (a tree, etc.) of its leaves or top. **-nure**¹⁵, *f.*: leaves or tops cut off.
- effa-rement**¹⁵, *m.*: fright, terror. **||-rer**¹³ [variant of *effrayer*], *tr.*: scare, make AFRAID, frighten; bewilder: *s'*—, take fright.
- effarou-chant**¹⁷, *adj.*: scaring, startling. **||-cher**¹⁵ [É., *farouche*], *tr.*: make wild; scare (frighten; startle, shock): *s'*—, grow wild; take fright.
- effaucher**¹⁷ [É., *faucher*], *tr.*: rake up.
- †effau-fler**, **-tage** = *effafler*, *effutage*.
- effec-tif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (*eff-ferre*, make out, effect)], *adj.*: effective, real; positive; in cash. **-tivement**¹⁵, *adv.* indeed; certainly; positively, "to be sure."
- tuation**¹⁵ [*-tuer*], *f.*: effect. **||-tuer**¹⁴ [L. *-tuare*], *tr.*: put into effect; effect; realize; perfect.
- effé-lure**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: shreds (of white skin for making glue).
- effe-meler**¹⁶ [É., *semelle*], *tr.*: †strengthen (a forest) by removing dead and useless branches.
- effémi-nation**¹⁵ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: effeminating; effeminacy. **||-ner**¹¹ [L. *-nare* (*ex, femina*, woman)], *tr.*: effeminate; render effeminate.
- †effendi** = *efendi*.
- efférent**¹⁵ [L. *-rens* (*ex-ferre*, bring out)], *adj.*: effluent.
- efferves-cence**¹⁶ [L. *-eere*, grow warm], *f.*: =, effervescing; excitement. **-cent**¹⁷ [L. *-ceus*], *adj.*: =, effervescing.
- effet**¹² [L. *-fectus* (*eff-ferre*, make out)], *m.*: effect, consequence; end, purpose; performance; work; sensation, impression; mark; bill; security; *pl.*: effects, results; luggage; power; traps: — *rétrograde* (billiard) screwing back; à l'— *de*, in order to; with a view to; *faire* —, take effect; *faire l'— de*, have the same effect as.
- effeuil-lage**¹⁷, *m.*: stripping of leaves.
- laison**¹⁷, *f.*: stripping of leaves. **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: fall or loss of leaves, defoliation; leaflessness. **||-ler**¹³ [É., *feuille*], *tr.*: strip of leaves; pick (a flower); †divide into leaves, shreds: *s'*—, shed the flowers. **-lure**¹⁵, *f.*: leaves plucked for feed.
- effi-cace**¹⁵ [L. *-cax* (*eff-ferre*, make out)], *adj.*: efficacious (efficient, effective; adequate); [L. *-cacia*], *f.*: efficacy. **-cacement**¹⁵, *adv.*: efficaciously, efficiently.
- cacité**¹⁵ [L. *-cacia*], *f.*: efficacy; effectualness. **-cient**¹⁵ [L. *-cicus*], *adj.*: =.
- effi-gie**¹⁴ [L. *-gies* (*eff-fingere*, fashion)], *f.*: effigy. **-gier**¹⁶, *tr.*: burn or behead in effigy.
- effi-lage**¹⁵, *m.*: unravelling; thinning. **-lé**¹⁷, *m.*: fringe. **||-ler**¹⁵ [É., *fil*], *tr.*: unravel (ravel out); taper (thin); exhaust; (*hant.*) fatigue, emaciate (the dogs). **-leur**¹⁵, **-leuse**, *m., f.*: unraveler, one unraveling, etc. **-lochage**¹⁷ [*-locher*], *m.*: tearing up; shoddy; mungo; shoddy-trade. **-loche**¹⁷ [*-locher*], *f.*: fray; untwisted silk; light refuse silk. **-lochée**¹⁵ [*-locher*], *f.*: shoddy; mungo. **-locher**¹⁷, *tr.*: tear up, devil. **-locheur**¹⁷, **-cheuse** [*-locher*], *m., f.*: shoddy-manufacturer; *adj.*: shoddy: *cy-lindre* —, shoddy cylinder. **-loquer** = *-locher*. **-lure**¹⁵, *f.*: ravellings.
- efflan-quer**¹⁵ [É., *flanc*], *tr.*: reduce the flanks of; emaciate. **-qué**, *part.*: emaciated; *m., f.*: longshanks.
- effleu-rage**¹⁷, *m.*: paring, scraping. **-rement**¹⁵, *m.*: †removing the flower of; paring. **||-rer**¹² [É., *fleur*], *tr.*: †strip of flowers; remove the surface of; skim the surface of, graze; touch lightly; press lightly (a kiss); glance over, examine superficially; pare; (*carp.*) level plane. **-rir**¹⁷ [É., *fleurir*], *intr.*, *refl.*: (*chem.*, mineral) effloresce. **-roir**¹⁷, *m.*: lamb-skin; woollen rag (used by parchment-makers). **-rure**¹⁷, *f.*: parings, scrapings (of skin).
- efflores-cence**¹⁵ [L. *-cens*, *-cere*, open as a flower], *m.*: =. **-cent**¹⁵ [L. *-cens*], *adj.*: =; about to bloom.

efflotter¹⁷ [*é-, flotte*], *tr.*: separate (one ship from another); separate from the fleet.

ef-flugnee¹⁷ -flu- [*L. fluens* (-fluere, run away)], *f.*: effluence. **-fluent**¹⁷, *adj.*: effluent. **-fluve**¹⁷ [*L. fluvium*], *m.*: effluvium. **-fluxion**¹⁷ [*L. fluxio*], *f.*: =.

effon-drement¹⁷, *m.*: digging; subsoiling. **||-drer**¹¹ [*é-, fond*], *tr.*: dig deep; subsoil; break up; weigh down; stave in; draw (poultry); gut (fish): *s'*—, fall in, cave in, give way. **-drilles**¹⁵, *f. pl.*: sediment (grounds, dregs).

ef-forceer¹⁵ [*é-, forceer*], *refl.*: exert one's self (make effort, endeavour, work hard). **-fort**¹⁰, *m.*: = (exertion, endeavor, attempt; strain, force, work): *faire un — sur soi-même*, do violence to one's self.

effraction¹⁵ [*L. -tio* (*frangere*, BREAK)], *f.*: breaking open; house-breaking.

effraie¹⁵ [*?*], *f.*: barn-owl.

effra-yamment¹⁵, *adv.*: frightfully, grimly. **-yant**¹⁵, *adj.*: frightening; frightful (terrible, horrible, grim). **||-yer**¹⁰ [*L. ex, OHG. fride*, peace], *tr.*: frighten (scare, terrify, alarm; frighten away): *s'*—, be frightened, etc., take fright; mind.

effréné¹⁵ [*L. -natus*, (*ex, frenum*, bridle)], *adj.*: unbridled; ungovernable, lawless; wild.

effri-tement¹⁵, *m.*: making (the ground) unfruitful or sterile. 1. **||-ter**¹² [*é-, fruit*], *tr.*: render the soil unfruitful or unproductive.

2. **effriter**¹⁵ [*é-, root of friable*], *tr.*: make crumble; reduce to dust or powder: *s'*—, crumble to dust.

effroi¹² [*effrayer*], *m.*: fright, terror, dismay.

effron-té¹² [*é-, front*], *adj.*: shameless, impudent, bold. **-tément**¹¹, *adv.*: shamelessly, impudently, boldly. **-terie**¹⁶, *f.*: effrontery, impudence, boldness; assurance.

effroya-ble¹⁵ [*effroi*], *adj.*: frightful; terrible; shocking. **-blement**¹⁵, *adv.*: frightfully, terribly; shockingly.

effriter¹² [*é-, fruit*], *tr.*: (*dial.*) strip (a tree) of its fruit.

† **effumer**¹⁵ [*é-, fumer*], *tr.*: (*paint.*) soften the colour of.

effusion¹⁵ [*L. -sio* (*effundere*, pour out)], *f.*: effusion; overflowing; shedding.

effutage¹⁷ [*é-, fûl*], *m.*: refuse planks.

efourecan¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: kind of cart (for heavy hauling); pair of wheels; tugs; trolley.

éga-gre¹⁵ [*Gr. aigagros* (aiz, goat)], *f.*: wild goat. **-gropile**¹⁷ [*Gr. -gros, pilos*, wool-ball], *m.*: wool-ball or hair-ball

(formed in animals by licking and swallowing the wool or hair).

également¹⁵ [-gayer], *m.*: cheering up; enlivening; cheerfulness; merriment.

† **égail** = *aignal*.

égal¹¹, *pl. -aux* [*L. aequalis* (*aequus*, level)], *adj.*: EQUAL (like, alike); even (level; uniform); all the same (indifferent); worthy of: *d à d* — *de*, equally with; equal to; *d' — d —*, between equals; on equal terms.

égale¹⁵ [*Eng. eagle*], *adj.*: white-spotted (on the back, said of falcons).

1. **éga-lement**¹¹ [-t], *adv.*: equally; uniformly; impartially. 2. **†-lement**¹⁴, *m.*: equalization (old law). **||-ler**¹² [-t], *tr.*: make equal; equal; match; rival; compare: *s'*—, compare one's self (to).

-lir¹¹, *tr.*: equalize. **-lisation**¹⁵ [-liser], *f.*: equalization. **-liser**¹⁴, *tr.*: equalize; level; square (accounts). **-lisoir**¹⁵ [-liser], *m.*: sieve (for sifting gunpowder).

-lissage¹⁵ [-lir], *m.*: equalization; squaring (of accounts). **-lisure**¹⁵ [-liser], *f.*: sifting gunpowder. **-litaire**¹⁵ [-lité], *adj.*: (politics of equality); based on equality; levelling; *m., f.*: one who levels; partisan of equality. **-lité**¹⁵, *f.*: equality; parity; evenness; uniformity; fairness.

égaleure¹⁵ [-lé], *f.*: white spots (on the back of a falcon).

égard¹² [old verb *-der* (*cf. garde*, watch over)], *m.*: REGARD (respect; consideration): *avoir des —s pour*, show attention or deference to.

éga-rement¹², *m.*: (rare) losing one's way; straying; wandering; error; confusion; misconduct; frenzy. **||-rer**¹³ [*é-, Germ. c warôn* (= *Ger. wahren*, keep)], *tr.*: mislead (lead astray); mislay; lose; derange; let stray: *s'*—, go astray, stray, wander, lose one's way, be lost.

égarrotter¹⁵ [*é-, garrot*], *tr.*: cut the withers of (a horse); injure or hurt in the withers.

† **éga-yement**¹⁵ = *également*. 1. **||-yer**¹² [*é-, gai*], *tr.*: render gay or cheerful (cheer, cheer up, lighten); go out of (deep mourning); thin (trees); hiss (an actor): *s'*—, grow cheerful, cheer up; amuse one's self; be merry; sport.

2. **†égayer**¹⁵ = *aiguayer*.

Égérie¹⁵ [*L. Egeria*], *f.*: Egeria, nymph who inspired the laws, given by Numa Pompilius to the Romans; good genius; inspirer.

égi-de¹⁵ [*L. agis*, (*Gr. aiz*, goat)], *f.*: shield of Pallas (covered with goat-skin); protector.

-lope¹⁷ [*L. agil-ops* (*Gr. aiz, goat, ops*, eye)], *f.*: (*bot.*) *agilops*, hard-grass. **-lops**¹⁴ [*L. = preced. word.*], *m.*: (*med.*) *agilops*, *auchilops*.

églander¹⁷ [*é-, glande*], *tr.*: remove the

glands from (under the tongue of a horse).

églantier¹⁰ [Ofr. *aiglent*, p. L. *taquilentus* (L. *acus*, needle)], m.: dog-rose bush, églantine bush. **-tine**¹⁰ [Prov. *aiglentina*], f.: dog-rose; sweet-briar rose; églantine.

égréfin = *aigrefin*.

église⁶ [p. L. **eclesia*, L. *ecclesia* (Gr. *ek-kalein*, call out, call together)], f.: (Église) church (assembly of Christians); (église) Catholic church (the building); chimney-cowl (as reminding of a steeple).

églogue¹⁶ [L. *ecloga* (Gr. *ek-legein*, pick out, select)], f.: eclogue; selection, excerpts; pastoral poems.

égoger¹⁶ [?], tr.: square (hides).

égoïne¹⁶ [?], f.: hand-saw.

égo- [L. *ego*, I]: **-iser**¹⁷, intr.: egotize. **-isme**¹⁷, m.: selfishness; egoism; egotism. **-iste**¹⁷, m., f.: egotist; egoist; selfish man or woman. **-istement**¹⁸ [-iate], adv.: egotistically; selfishly; egotistically. **-met**¹⁷ [L. I myself, m.: (rare) egotist, selfish person.

égorgement¹⁵, m.: slaughter; butchery; murder. **-geoir**¹⁷, m.: slaughter-house; cut-throat place; (nav.) spilling-line. **-ger**¹⁵ [é, gorge], tr.: cut the throat of; murder; sacrifice; ruin; cut to pieces; fleece. **-geur**¹⁵, **-geuse**, m., f.: cut-throat; assassin; murder.

égosiller¹⁴ [é, root of *gosier*], refl.: make one's self hoarse: brawl; sing or chirp too loud.

égotisme¹⁸ [Eng. -ism (L. *ego*, I)], m.: egotism.

égout¹², m.: GUTTER; sewer; drain; sink; projecting roof; eaves: — **collectant**, main sewer. **-tier**¹⁵, m.: sewer-man; plumber. **-tage**¹⁷, m.: drainage; draining; dripping. **-ttement**¹⁸, m.: draining, dripping. **-tton**¹² [é, goutte], tr.: drop (as a liquid); drip. **-ttoir**¹⁵, m.: drainer; plate-rack. **-ture**¹⁶, f.: drainings; drippings; dregs.

égrain, **-ner** = *egrin*, *grener*.

égrap-per¹⁷ [é, *grappe*], tr.: pick (grapes) from the bunch; dress (ore). **-peur**¹⁷, m.: one dressing (the ore). **-poir**¹⁷, m.: grape-picking instrument; picking-vessel (for grapes); (mineral.) jigging-sieve (for dressing the ore).

égratigner¹¹ [é, Ofr. *gratiner* (Fr. *gratter*), scratch], tr.: scratch; (paint.) stencil. **-tigneur**¹⁵, **-euse**, m., f.: scratcher; stenciller. **-tignoir**¹⁷, m.: stenciller; instrument for stencilling. **-tignure**¹², f.: scratch; slot, track (made by the deer).

égravillonner¹⁷ [é, *gravillon*] tr.: (hort.) remove the dirt from (a tree), ablaqueate.

égravoire¹⁷ [?], m.: tool used by tennis-racket-maker.

égréfin = *aigrefin*.

égrénage¹⁸ [-ner], m.: shelling, husking, picking.

égrène¹⁸ [?], f.: corner-iron; angle-iron.

égrènement¹⁸, m.: shelling, husking, picking; gin; telling (one's beads).

-grener¹¹ [é, grain], tr.: remove the grains from (husk; shell); pick (grapes, etc.); smooth; gin; tell (one's beads). **-tr.**: lose the grain (as a sword); grain.

-greneur¹⁸, **-euse**, m., f.: sheller, husker. **-grenoir**¹⁷, m.: sheller; corn-sheller; gin; cotton-gin.

égranoire¹⁷, **-grainoire** [?], f.: low cage (closed with sticks).

égrillard¹⁵ [?], m., f.: lively, sprightly person; fast man or woman: **adj.**: sprightly; lively, fast.

égrilloir¹⁶ [Ofr. *esriller*, glide, escape], m.: weir, grate.

égrin = *aigrin*.

égri-sage¹⁷, m.: grinding; roughing down; cutting a diamond. **-se**¹⁷, m., f.: diamond-dust. **-ser**¹⁵ [?], tr.: grind rough down; cut (diamonds). **-soir**¹⁷, m.: vessel (or receptacle for diamond-dust).

égru-geoir¹⁶, m., f.: mortar. **-ger**¹⁵ [é, gruger], tr.: crush; pound; grate.

égueu-lement¹⁶, m.: cracking at the neck or mouth; **-ler**¹⁸ [é, gueule], tr.: break at the neck, mouth or spout of: **-**, break at the neck, mouth or spout; bawl, shout one's self hoarse, "split one's throat"; strain one's voice.

égyptiac¹⁶ [L. *egyptiacus*, Egyptian], **adj.**: oxymel of verdigris; *egyptiacum* unguentum. **-tien**, **-enne** [L. -ticus], **adj.**: Egyptian, gypsy.

tah = *hé*.

téhanché¹⁸ [é, hanche], **adj.**: hipped, hipshot, ungainly, awkward.

téherber¹² [é, herbe], tr.: remove the grass from; weed.

éhonté¹⁸ [é, honte], **adj.**: not ashamed; brazen-faced; bold.

éhouper¹⁷ [é, houppie], tr.: top (trees).

éider¹⁷ [Swed. *ejder*, elder-duck], m.: elder-duck.

éissaugue = *aissaugue*.

éjacu-lateur¹⁵, **-trice**, **adj.**: ejaculating, ejaculatory. **-lation**¹⁵, f.: ejaculation. **-ler**¹⁵ [L. -lari, short], tr.: ejaculate; throw out.

éjambe¹⁷ [é, jambe], tr.: steam (to-bacco-leaves).

éjar-rey¹⁷ [é, jarre, coarse hair], tr.: remove the coarse hair from (a hide).

-reur¹⁷, **-reuse**, m., f.: workman, removing the coarse hair from (a hide).

éjection¹² [L. *-tio* (e-*jacere*, throw out)],
f.: ejection.

éjour¹¹ [é, *jourir*], *refl.*: enjoy one's self.

élaboration¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], f.: elaboration.
||-**rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (ex, out, labor, work)],
tr.: elaborate, work out; refine.

élabré¹⁸ [é, *labrer*], adj.: without a labrum (upper lip in insects).

élagage¹⁷, m.: lopping, pruning.
-**guer**¹⁴ [?], tr.: prune, cut off; suppress;
remove; shorten; condense. -**gueur**¹⁷,
m.: lopper, pruner.

élaiser¹¹ [é, *laizer*, breadth], tr.: widen;
enlarge (the blanks of coins by striking
them with the flattening-hammer).

élan¹⁴ [Ger. *elen*, moose], m.: (zool.)
ELK, moose-deer.

élan¹⁵, m.: spring, start; flight; sally;
impulse; rush; impetuosity; life; enthu-
siasm.

lanceement¹⁵, m.: spring,
bound; dash; shooting (pain); twitching,
twinge; transport, yearning. ||-**lancer**¹⁶

[é, *lancer*], tr.: LAUNCH (hurl, dart, shoot);
incite (drive, push on); intr.: shoot (of
pain); twinge; twitch: s—, spring,
bound, dart; throw one's self; rush on or
toward; shoot (like pain); burst; become
or grow slender; thin.

élargir¹¹ [é, *larger*], tr.: widen; en-
large; set at liberty; *refl.*: get loose;
gain one's liberty. -**gisement**¹², m.:
widening; enlarging; release. -**gissure**¹⁵,
f.: piece let in; eking-piece; inlay.

élasticité¹⁷, f.: elasticity, springiness.
||-**tique**¹⁶ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *e-laúnein*, drive,
repel)], adj.: elastic; springy; m.:
spring; india-rubber.

éla-tère¹³ [Gr. *-tér* (e-laúnein, drive),
driver], m.: elater (elastic filament for dis-
persing the spores). -**térie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-tér*],
f.: fruit (of the ephorbia or spurge
family). -**térine**¹⁸ [-*térium*], f.: (chem.)
elatin (extract of wild cucumber).

-térîte¹⁸ [Gr. *-tér*], m.: elaterite, elastic
bitumen. -**térium**¹⁵ [L. *-terium*], m.:
wild cucumber. -**tine**¹⁶ [Gr. *-tine*], f.:
elatine, water-pepper, water-wort.

éla-vé¹¹, adj.: soft (of colours); discol-
oured. ||-**ver**¹¹ [é, *laver*], tr.: (dial.)
soften (of colours); discolour; cause to
fade.

elbeuf¹⁷ [Fr. *Elbeuf*, name of a city], m.:
(vulg.) fine cloth.

Eldorado¹⁷ [Sp. (el, the, dorado, gilt)], m.:
= (golden country; imaginary country
in South America; any very desirable
place).

élec-teur¹³ [L. *-tor* (e-*ligere*, pick out)],
m.: elector; voter. -**tif**, -**ive**¹⁴ [L. L.
-tinus (L. *-tus*, picked out)], adj.: elective.

-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*], f.: choosing; election;
polling; choice; return; appointment.

-toral¹⁶, adj.: electoral; election.
-**torat**¹⁶, m.: electorate; vote; right
to vote.

électri-cien¹⁷ [root of *-tricité*], m.:
electrician. ||-**cité**¹⁷ [L. L. *-citas* (Gr.
elektron, amber)], f.: electricity. -**trique**¹⁷

[L. L. *-tricus*], adj.: electric. -**trisable**¹⁷
[-*triser*], adj.: electrifiable. -**trisant**¹⁷
[-*triser*], adj.: electrifying. -**trisation**¹⁷,
[-*tiser*], tr.: electrify. -**triser**¹⁷ [root
of *-trique*], tr.: electrify.

électro-[Gr. *elektron*, amber]: -**aimant**¹⁸,
m.: electro-magnet. -**chimie**¹⁸, f.: elec-
tro-chemistry. -**chimique**¹⁸, adj.: elec-
tro-chemical. -**de** [Gr. *hodos*, road], f.:
electrode. -**dynamique**¹⁸, f.: electro-
dynamics. -**lyse**¹⁸ [Gr. *lúsis* (*laúein*, de-
compose)], f.: electrolysis. -**magné-**

-tique¹⁸, adj.: electro-magnetic. -**ma-**
gnétisme¹⁸, f.: electro-magnetism.
-**mètre**¹⁷, m.: electro-meter. -**moteur**¹⁸,
-**motrice**¹⁸, adj.: electromotive. -**néga-**

-tif¹⁸, -**ive**, adj.: negative. -**phore**¹⁷
[Gr. *phorós* (*phérein*, bear, carry)], m.:
electrophorus. -**physiologique**¹⁸, adj.:
electro-physiological. -**positif**¹⁸, -**ive**,
adj.: electro-positive. -**scope**¹⁷ [Gr. *skópein*,
examine], m.: electroscope. -**statique**¹⁸,
adj.: electrostatic. -**thérapeutique**¹⁸

[-*rapie*], adj.: electro-therapeutic. -**thé-**
-rapie¹⁸, f.: electro-therapy. -**type**¹⁸,
m.: electrolyte. -**typie**¹⁸ [Gr. *túpos*,
impression], f.: electrotyping.

électrum¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *elektron*, amber)],
m.: electrum (alloy of gold and silver of
amber colour).

électuaire¹¹ [L. *electuarius* (Gr. *ék-*
leiktos, chosen)], m.: electuary.

élef¹⁷ [é, *lever*], m.: rising, origin.

éle-gamment¹³, adv.: elegantly.
-**gance**¹⁴ [L. *-tia*], f.: elegance. ||-**gant**¹⁴
[L. L. *-gans*], adj.: elegant.

éle-giaque¹⁴ [L. *-giacus*], adj.: elegiac;
m.: elegiac, elegist. ||-**gie**¹⁵ [L. *-gia*
(Gr. *-geia*, distich verse, -*gos*, plaint)], f.:
elegy (mournful or tender poem).

†**élegir** = **alléger**.

éle-mont⁹ [L. *-mentum*], m.: element;
component part. -**montaire**¹³ [L. *-men-*
tarius], adj.: elementary.

élemi¹⁶ [Sp. *elemí*], m.: elemi (gum).

éléphan-t¹¹ [L. *-tus*], m.: elephant.
-**tean**¹⁶, m.: small or young elephant.

-**tiasis**¹⁵ [L.], f.: elephantiasis (a disease).
-**tjn**¹³ [-*tinus*], adj.: elephantine.

élevage¹⁸, m.: raising (of cattle); breed-
ing. -**évateur**¹⁸, -**trice** [L. *elevare*,
raise], adj.: elevatory, lifting; m.: ele-
vator. -**lévation**¹² [L. *levatio*], f.:
elevation, raising; rising; height; increase;
preferment; (of sound) acuteness; view;
(at mass) elevation of the host. -**léva-**

toire¹⁵ [L. *elevator*], *adj.*: elevatory; raising; lifting; *m.*: elevator (in surg.).

1. **lève**¹⁶, *m., f.*: pupil, student; school-boy; schoolgirl; apprentice; midshipman. 2. **lève**¹⁶, *f.*: breeding, rearing (of animals). † **lèvement**¹¹, *m.*: raising; risq. ‖ **lever**¹⁹ [*é, lever*], *tr.*: elevate (raise; exalt); erect; lift up; bring up (educate); rear (breed); run up (accounts); (*nav.*) near; *refl.*: raise one's self; rise, ascend; run up (accounts); increase; grow proud; be erected; (of the weather) clear up. **leveur**¹¹, *m.*: breeder (of cattle, horses, etc.). **levure**¹², *f.*: blister, pimple.

elfe¹⁸ [Eng. *elf*], *m.*: elf.

élider¹⁵ [L. *ex, lādere*, strike out], *tr.*: elide; cut off.

élier¹⁸ [*é, lie*], *tr.*: draw off, rack off, rack. **éligibilité**¹¹, *f.*: eligibility. ‖ **gible**¹² [L. *-gibilis* (*ex, legere*, pick out)], *adj.*: eligible.

1. **élimer**¹² [*é, limer*], *tr.*: wear out.

2. **élimer**¹⁶ [L. *e-limare*, clean], *tr.*: clean (the falcon before the hunt).

élimination¹⁷, *f.*: elimination. ‖ **ner**¹⁶ [L. *-nare* (*ex, limen*, threshold), throw out of doors], *tr.*: eliminate (remove; throw out; exclude; strike out).

élingué¹⁸ [L. *ex lingua*, without tongue], *adj.*: tongueless (said of certain animals) without tongue or trumpet.

éln-gue¹² [OHG. *slinga*, sling], *f.*: sling. **-guer**¹¹, *tr.* (*nav.*) sling. **-guet**¹⁶, *m.*: pawl or click (used to prevent the capstan from backing).

é-lire⁹ [p. L. **ex-legere* (L. *ē-ligere*, pick out)], *irr.* (*cf. lire*); *tr.*: elect (choose); return; appoint. **-lisant**¹⁵, *adj.*: electing.

élision¹⁵ [L. *-sio* (*ex, lādere*, strike out)], *f.*: elision, striking out.

éli-te¹¹ [*élire*, fr. old part. *élit*, selecte(d)], *f.*: select, choice, best. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: (*vulg. and old*) choose, take the best of.

élixir¹² [Arab. *el-iksir*, the philosopher's stone], *m.*: elixir.

ellagique¹⁵ [coined by Braconnot by reversing the word *galle*], *adj.*: ellagic (acid).

elle⁹ [L. *illa*, that], *pron.*: she; her, it; *pl.*: they, them: — *même*, herself, itself; alone; too.

ellé-bore¹³ [L. *-borus* (Gr. *-boros*)], *m.*: hellebore (a plant). 1. **borine**¹⁵ [L. *-borine*], *f.*: helleborine (a plant). 2. **borine**¹⁵, *f.*: azotic substance, drawn from the black hellebore. **-borisme**¹⁶ [L. *-borismus*], *m.*: treatment with the hellebore plant.

ellip-se¹⁷ [L. *-sis* (Gr. *elleipsis*, defect)], *f.*: ellipse; ellipsis. **-soidal**¹⁸ [*-soïde*], *adj.*: ellipsoidal. **-soïde**¹⁷ [*-sc, eidos*,

form], *adj.*: ellipsoidal. **-tiété**¹⁷ [*-tique*], *f.*: ellipticity. **-tique**¹⁷ [Gr. *elleptikós*, defective], *adj.*: elliptic. **-tiquement**¹⁸ [*-tique*], *adv.*: elliptically.

† **Elme (Saint)**, *cf. feu*.

élocher¹² [*é, locher*], *tr.*: (†dial.) shake; loosen.

élocution¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: elocution; art of oratory.

élo-ge¹⁵ [L. *eulogium* (Gr. *eulogia*, praise)], *m.*: eulogy; eloge. **-geux**¹⁸, *=ense*, *adj.*: eulogistic. **-giste**¹⁶, *m.*: eulogist.

éloignement¹², *m.*: removal; remoteness; absence, separation; estrangement, dislike, reluctance; neglect; forgetfulness. ‖ **-gner**¹⁰ [*é, loïr*], *tr.*: keep away; remove (separate); put to flight; dismiss (discard, repudiate); alienate (estrange); delay; defer; deter; indispose; *refl.*: go or move away or off; go to a distance; withdraw; wander; depart; deviate; fail; forsake; disappear; (*nav.*) stand away, sheer off.

élongation¹⁵ [L. *-gatio*], *f.*: elongation. ‖ **-ger**¹¹ [*é, long*], *tr.* (*nav.*) splice, lengthen out (lay out, stretch); pass alongside. † **-gis**¹⁷, *m.* (*nav.*) splice, bars of wood (fixed on each side of the low masts).

élo-quemment¹⁶ *-kam*, *adv.*: eloquently; **-quenee**¹¹ [L. *-quentia*], *f.*: eloquence; oratory. ‖ **-quent**¹⁸ [L. *-quens* (*ex, loqui*, speak out)], *adj.*: eloquent.

élu, part. of *élire*.

élucidation¹⁵, *f.*: elucidation. ‖ **-der**¹⁴ [L. *ex-lucidare* (*lucidus*, clear)], *tr.*: make clear, explain, throw light on.

élu-cubration¹⁷ [L. *-brare*, compose by lamplight], *f.*: elucubration. **-brer**¹⁸ [L. *-brare*], *tr.*: elucubrate.

éluder¹⁶ [L. *ē-ludere*, play out], *tr.*: elude; evade.

élydorique¹⁷ [root of Gr. *elaion*, oil, *hádor*, water], *adj.*: (paint) elydoric.

élyme¹⁷ [Gr. *elymos*], *m.*: lyme grass.

Ely-sée¹⁵ [L. *-seum*, Gr. *elasion*], *m.*: Elysium. **-séen**¹⁸, *=enne*, *adj.*: Elysian.

-sien¹⁵ [L. *-sius*], *m.*: Elysian fields.

ély-tre¹⁷ [Gr. *elytron*, case; vagina], *m.*: elytrum (of certain insects), wing-case. **-trite**¹⁵ [Gr. *-tron*], *f.*: elytritis.

-troële¹⁸ [Gr. *-tro-kèle* (tumour)], *f.*: trocele. **-trorrhagie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-tro-ragé* (rupture)], *f.*: hemorrhage of the vagina.

elzévirien¹⁸, *=ienne* [Elzévir, a celebrated printer], *adj.*: Elzevirian, Elzevir.

em- [for *en* or L. *in*, into], *pref.*: em-, in.

éma-cié¹⁵ [L. *-ciatus*, emaciated], *adj.*: emaciated, poor, lean.

é-mat-l¹⁹ [Germ/c *smalt*, Eng. *smelt*], *m.*: ENAMEL; gloss; tincture (of a shield).

-fler¹², *tr.*: enamel; adorn; *refl.*: be

enamelled; become covered with flowers. **-lérie**¹⁴, *f.*: enamelling. **-leur**¹³, *m.*: enameller. **-lure**¹⁴, *f.*: enamelling; spots (on the feathers of certain birds of prey).

émanation¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*e-manare*, flow out)], *f.*: emanation.

émancipateur¹⁸, **-patrice** [L. *-pator*, *-triz*, *m.*, *f.*: emancipator. **-pation**¹³ [L. *-patio*, *f.*: emancipation. **-per**¹³ [L. *-pare* (*manceps*, purchaser)], *tr.*: emancipate; set free; *refl.*: be free; break loose (from).

émaner¹³ [L. *e-manare*, flow from], *intr.*: emanate.

émarginement¹⁷, *m.*: emargination; marginal note or signature. **-ger**¹⁶ [é, *marge*], *tr.*: cut the margin of, emarginate; sign in the margin of; sign (a receipt).

émasculation¹⁷, *f.*: emasculation. **-ler**¹⁷ [L. *-lare* (*masculus*, MALE)], *tr.*: emasculate; castrate.

embabouiner¹² [en, *babouin*], *tr.*: wheedle, coax, gammon.

embâcle¹⁸ [en, root of *débâcle*], *m.*: ice-pack; obstruction (for a ship).

emballer¹⁵, *m.*: packing, packing up; wrapping up. **-lement**¹⁶, *m.*: packing; wrapping up; fly up (in anger). **-ler**¹³ [en, *balle*, bundle], *tr.*: pack (pack up; wrap up); pack off; lock up; (*vulg.*) run away (of horses). **-leur**¹⁵, *m.*: packer; a deceitful person.

embander [en, *bande*, bandage], *tr.*: bandage up; bind up; swathe.

embanquer¹⁷ [en, *bane*], *tr.*: come to a fishing-bank; go codfishing.

embarbe¹⁷ [?], *f.*: looped string (used in cloth to prevent it from fraying or ravelling).

embarbouiller¹⁵ [en, *barbouiller*], *tr.*: muddle, entangle.

embarcadere¹⁷ [Sp. *-cadero* (cf. *-quer*)], *m.*: place of embarkment; pier; wharf; (railway)-station. **-cation**¹⁷ [Sp. *-cación*], *f.*: boat; craft (with one or two masts).

embar-dée¹⁶, *f.*: (*nav.*) yaw, lurch. **-der**¹⁶ [?], *intr.*: yaw, lurch; *tr.*: turn (a ship so as to avoid the yaw).

embargo¹⁷ [Sp. (*barra*, bar)], *m.*: = (a prohibition to sail); detention (of a vessel in port).

embaril-lage¹⁸, *m.*: barrelling. **-ler**¹⁷ [en, *baril*], *tr.*: barrel, barrel up.

embaronner¹⁸ [en, *baron*], *tr.*: call or style baron or baroness.

embarquement¹⁵, *m.*: embarkment, embarking; shipping, shipment. **-quer**¹⁴ [en, *barque*], *tr.*: embark (ship; put upon a ship; engage in something); *refl.*: go on board; go to sea; engage; involve (in some difficulty).

embar-ras¹⁸, *m.*: embarrassment, embarrassing, encumbrance; impediment, obstacle; difficulty; puzzle; fuss; family way. **-rassant**¹⁶, *adj.*: embarrassing; awkward; cumbrous, cumbersome. **-raser**¹⁵ [Sp. *embarazar*, or It. *imbarazzare* (l. *L. barra*, bar)], *tr.*: embarrass (hamper, obstruct; complicate; hinder; confuse, puzzle); *refl.*: become confused or perplexed; trouble one's self with; meddle with; feel uneasy (about); take notice (of). **-rer**¹² [en, *barre*], *tr.*: †sink down; pry, put a lever under (anything heavy for lifting it). **-rer**¹⁶ [It. *imbarrare*], *refl.*: be entangled (especially of horses). **-rure**¹⁵ [1.-*rer*], *f.*: comminuted fracture of the skull; *pl.*: work of (masonry) fixing the ridge-tiles. **-rure**¹⁷ [2.-*rer*], *f.*: wound (on a horse's leg).

em-bas¹⁵ [en, *bas*], *m.*: base (or low part of something); *adv.*: below, down. **-base**¹⁷ [OFr. *-baser*], *f.*: support; trunnion; gudgeon; collar. **-bâsement**¹⁶ [It. *imbassamento*], *m.*: continued base. **-bas-sure**¹⁸ [en, *bas*], *f.*: part of a glass-blower's furnace-wall.

embastiller¹⁴ [en, *bastille*], *tr.*: †imprison; surround with forts; fortify.

embatage¹⁵ [-*tre*], *m.*: putting tires on (wheels).

embattail-lement¹⁸, *m.*: embattling. **-ler**¹⁴ [en, *bataille*], *tr.*: embattle.

embâter¹⁴ [en, *bât*], *tr.*: saddle; put a burden on.

embatoir¹⁷ [-*tre*], *m.*: pool of water (for wheels); shoeing-pit.

embâtonner¹⁴ [en, *bâton*], *tr.*: †arm with a stick or reed.

embatre¹⁷ [en, *battre*], *tr.*: †sink down; plunge; tire (a wheel).

embauchage¹⁷, *m.*: engaging, engagement; hiring; enlist (in the army); decoying. **-ché**¹⁷, *f.*: resumption of work (in an arsenal). **-cher**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: hire; engage; entice; decoy; crimp. **-cheur**¹⁶, **-cheuse**, *m.*, *f.*: hirer; enticer; decoyer; recruiting officer. **-choir** [for *embouchoir*], *m.*: boot-last; boot-crimp. **-chure**¹⁶, *f.*: utensils (necessary in a salt-pit).

embaumement¹², *m.*: embalming. **-mer**¹¹ [en, *baume*], *tr.*: embalm; perfume; *intr.*: smell sweetly; *refl.*: be embalmed; become perfumed or scented. **-meur**¹⁶, *m.*: embalmer.

embec-quer¹⁵ [en, *bec*], *tr.*: feed (a bird); bait (a fishing-hook). **-queter**¹⁸, *intr.*: enter a strait or narrow passage.

embéguiner¹⁶ [en, *beguin*], *tr.*: †muffle up; wrap up (a child); bewitch; *refl.*: muffle up one's self; be or become infatuated; be wrapped up in; be wedded to.

embelle¹⁶ [en, belle, maindeck], *f.*: gangway, waist.

embel-lie¹⁷ [en bel], *f.*: lull, calm; favorable change (in the weather). ||-**lir**¹¹ [en, bel], *intr.*: EMBELLISH; beautify; exaggerate; *refl.*: improve; grow beautiful. ||-**lisement**¹², *m.*: embellishment; adorning; improvement; decoration.

embérize¹⁷ [L. L. emberiza (dial. Ger. emberitz)], *f.*: yellow hammer (a bird); bunting.

emberlificoter¹⁸ [?], *tr.*: (pop.) entangle; muddle; coax, bring round; *refl.*: get entangled, muddled, etc.; become confused.

†**emberlucoquer**¹³ [?], *refl.*: be infatuated; adhere (strongly and foolishly to an idea).

embesogne¹¹ [en, besogne], *adj.*: busy, busily engaged.

embê-tant¹⁸, *adj.*: annoying. -**tement**¹⁸, *m.*: annoyance, nuisance. ||-**ter**¹⁸ [en, bête], *tr.*: annoy, bother, vex, worry; weary; be obnoxious; *refl.*: bother one's self or each other.

embourrer¹⁶ [en, beurre], *tr.*: butter, smear; put butter on or around.

em-blavage¹⁸, *m.*: sowing (with grain); putting in the grain. ||-**blaver**¹² [en, blé], *tr.*: sow (with grain). -**blavure**¹², *f.*: field sown with grain. -**blayer**¹¹ [en, blé], *tr.*: (dial.) encumber, embarrass.

†**em-ble** = *amble*.

em-blée, cf. *embler*.

em-blématique¹⁵, *adj.*: emblematic. -**blème**¹⁶ [L. -blema (Gr. *emblema*, inlaid work)], *m.*: emblem.

†**em-ble**¹⁶ [L. *in-volare*, fly at], *tr.*: capture (take); *d'emblée*, *adv.*: at the first onset, at once, slap-dash, instantly; without opposition.

2. †**em-blér**, -**bleur** = *ambler*, *ambleur*.

em-blier = *emblayer*.

embloquer¹⁶ [en, bloc], *tr.*: flatten into a block.

†**em-bo-beliner**¹⁵ [en, bobelin], *tr.*: piece, patch; circumvent, coax, wheedle; muffle or wrap up. -**biner**¹⁸ [? en, bobine], *tr.*: coax, wheedle.

†**em-bodinaire** = *bodinure*.

em-boire¹² [en, boire], *irr.*: coat or cover (a mould) with wax, oil; *refl.*: (paint.) become chilled; be absorbed, sucked up.

em-boi-ger¹² [en, OFr. *boiser* (?), deceive], *tr.*: coax, deceive by deceitful, caressing words. -**seur**¹⁶, -**euse**, *m., f.*: coxer; deceitful person.

em-boi-tage¹⁷, *m.*: fitting, inserting; joining, clamping. -**tement**¹⁶, *m.*: fittings; socket; (mil.) covering or locking the step; locking up; insertion. ||-**ter**¹³

[en, boîte, *tr.*: box (enclose in a box); fit in (fit, put in, insert); clamp; joint; (mil.) lock or cover steps; (fig.) submit, yield: *s'*—, fit into each other, fit in, fit. -**ture**¹⁶, *f.*: fitting in, fitting; junction; joint, socket; clamp; panel-frame.

em-bo-lie¹⁸ [Gr. -le, obstruction], *f.*: embolus (plug in a blood-vessel). -**lisme**¹² [L. -lismus], *m.*: embolism (intercalation). -**lismique**¹⁷, *adj.*: embolismic.

em-bon-point¹⁵ [en, bon, point], *m.*: good condition, stoutness (plumpness, corpulency).

embordurer¹⁶ [en, bordure], *tr.*: frame. **em-bos-sage**¹⁷, *m.*: (nav.) bringing the broadside to bear. ||-**ser**¹⁷ [en, bosse], *tr.*: bring the broadside of (a ship) to bear: *s'*—, bring the broadside to bear, bring head and stern broadside on; *f.*: (nav.) spring.

emboucanter¹⁸ [en, boucant], *tr.*: barrel (codfish, etc.).

em-bou-che¹⁴, *f.*: (dial.) putting to one's mouth; feeding (fattening): *pré d'*—, feeding pasture. -**ché**¹⁶, *part.*: mouthed; blown, etc.; having a mouthpiece: *mal* —, foul-mouthed. ||-**cher**¹² [en, bouche], *tr.*: put into the mouth; put to one's mouth, blow (an instrument), sound; bit (horse); give (one) his cue, coach up, prepare; (nav.) enter; (dial.) fatten: *s'*—, discharge itself (of rivers), empty, fall. -**choir**¹⁶, *m.*: mouthpiece (of an instrument); upper band (of a musket); boot-last. -**chure**¹⁴, *f.*: mouthpiece (of a wind-instrument, of a bit, etc.); tonguing, blowing; mouth (of a river, =); (engr.) outfall.

emboucler¹³ [en, boucle], *tr.*: provide with a buckle.

embouer¹¹ [en, boue], *tr.*: make muddy (mud, soil, mire).

em-bou-quement¹⁷, *m.*: (nav.) entering the mouth of (a strait, etc.); entrance. ||-**quer**¹⁶ [en, bouque], *tr.*: (nav.) enter the mouth of (a strait, etc.), enter.

em-bourber¹² [en, bourbe], *tr.*: put or stick into the mud or mire, get into the mire: *s'*—, stick or sink in the mire; stick fast; involve one's self.

em-bourder¹⁷ [en, bourde, prop], *tr.*: prop up; shore (a ship).

†**em-bourrer**¹¹ [en, bourre], *tr.*: stuff; pad.

em-bourser¹² [en, bourse], *tr.*: put into the purse; pocket.

em-bout¹⁵ [em-bouter], *m.*: ferrule.

em-bouteiller¹⁸ [en, bouteille], *tr.*: bottle.

em-bouter¹⁵ [en, bout], *tr.*: provide (an umbrella, etc.) with a ferrule. ||-**tir**¹³ [en, bout], *†tr.*: tip, draw out; beat out;

scoop out, relieve, stamp; plate. **-tissage**¹⁸, *m.*: tipping, beating out, stamping; plating. **-tissoir**¹⁸, *m.*: machine (for making metal plates).

1. **embranchement**, **-cher** = *embranchement*, *embrancher*.

2. **embranchement**¹⁴ [*en, branche*], *m.*: branching (off); branch (road, line); junction. **-cher**¹⁷, *tr.*: branch, put together, join.

embraquer¹⁰ [*en, root of abraquer*], *tr.*: (*nav.*) haul tant.

1. **embrasement** = *ébraseant*.

2. **embrasement**¹¹, *m.*: putting on fire; burning; fire; ardent desire; passion. 1. **-ser** [*en, braise*], *tr.*: put on fire; burn, fire; be eager; *refl.*: become inflamed, be aglow.

2. **embraser** = *ébraser*.

embrasade¹⁵, *f.*: embrace; clasp, hugging; kissing, kiss. **-se**¹³, *f.*: *tembrance*; curtain-loop, curtain-band. **-sement**¹¹, *m.*: embrace, clasp. **-ser**¹⁰ [*p. L. *imbrachiare* (*L. in, brachium, arm*)], *tr.*: EMBRACE (clasp, hug; circle; comprise; undertake; avail one's self of; seize); embrace and kiss, kiss. **-seur**, *-euse, m., f.*: embracer; kisser; piece of iron, clasp the collar of a cannon. **-sure**¹³, *f.*: iron binder.

embrasure¹⁰ [*2.-ser*], *f.*: embrasure.

em-brayage¹⁸, *m.*: engaging; connection of cogged wheels. **-brayer**¹⁸ [*en, braie*], *tr.*: engage, connect.

embraler¹³ [*en, OFr. brael or braiel, cord*], *tr.*: (*dial.*) fasten, bind (a wagon load).

embrayer¹⁵ [*en, bran*], *tr.*: soil with dirt; dirty; (*dial.*) get into a mess.

em-breuvement¹⁰, **-brèvement**, *m.*: (*carp.*) franking. **-breuver**¹¹, **-bréver** [*en, root of abreuver*], *tr.*: (*carp.*) frank, join, mortise.

embriga-dement¹⁸, *m.*: brigading, enlisting. **-der**¹⁸ [*en, brigade*], *tr.*: brigade, enlist, recruit.

embrocation¹³ [*l. L. -catio* (*Gr. en, bréchein, wet on the surface*)], *f.*: (*med.*) = (rubbing and moistening diseased parts).

embrocher¹² [*en, broche*], *tr.*: pierce, put on the spit.

embron-chement¹³, *m.*: collection of overlapping pieces. **-cher**¹⁰ [*en, broncher*], *tr.*: overlap.

embrouil-lamin¹⁷, *m.*: confusion, muddle. **-lément**¹⁵, *m.*: entanglement; embroiling; perplexity. **-ler**¹⁴ [*en, brouiller*], *tr.*: EMBROIL (entangle, confuse, perplex); (*nav.*) brail up the sails: *s'—*, become entangled or intricate; get confused or muddled; (*nav.*) get cloudy; get fuddled.

embraîné¹⁴ [*en, bruine*], *adj.*: (*dial.*) covered with drizzling rain; spoiled by drizzle.

em-brumer¹⁴ [*en, brume*], *tr.*: cover with fog or mist; *refl.*: get foggy or covered with mist. **-brun**¹⁸ [*en, mod. Prov. embrum*], *m.*: (*nav.*) foggy weather; spray.

em-bruncher = *bruncher*.

em-brunir¹⁴ [*en, brun*], *tr.*: make or turn brown.

embryo-génie¹⁸ [*Gr. génos, birth*], *f.*: embryogeny. **-logie**¹⁷ [*Gr. logos, discourse*], *f.*: embryology. **embryo-n**¹⁸ [*Gr. embruon (brécin, swell)*], *m.*: embryo; small man, dwarf. **-nolle**¹⁸, *f.*: stamen of cryptogamic plant. **-naire**¹⁸, *adj.*: pertaining to embryo; embryonic. **-tomie**¹⁷ [*Gr. embruolomia (témnein, cut)*], *f.*: embryotomy.

embru, *part. of emboire*.

em-bûche¹², *f.*: AMBUSH; snare; danger.

-bûcher¹¹ [*en, bûche, thickset*], *tr.*: bring back into the lair; covert; begin cutting (trees). **-buscade**¹⁰ [*It. imboscata* (*OFr. embusche*)], *f.*: ambushade; ambush; lurking-place. **-busquer**¹⁴ [*It. imboscare*], *tr.*: ambush; place in ambushade.

embuvage¹⁸ [*-boire*], *m.*: covering with wax or oil, etc.

émendation¹², *f.*: emendation. **-der**¹⁸ [*L. -dare* (*ex, mendum, fault*)], *tr.*: EMEND, correct; amend.

éme-raude¹¹ [*L. smaragdus*], *f.*: EMERALD. **-raudine**¹⁷, *f.*: kind of coleoptera (insect) of green colour.

émer-gence¹⁴, *f.*: emergence; emergency. **-gent**¹⁴ [*L. -gens*], *adj.*: emerging, emergent. **-ger**¹⁸ [*L. -gere* (*ex, mergere, plungo*)], *intr.*: emerge, rise out of. **émeri**¹⁴ [*It. smeriglio* (*Ger. schmergel*)], *m.*: EMERY (corundum blended with oxide of iron).

émerit-lon¹¹ [*?*], *m.*: kind of falcon; kind of a long cannon; large fishing-hook, swivel-hook. **-lonné**¹⁴, *adj.*: brightened up; ruddy; sprightly; lively; gay.

émérité¹⁸ [*L. emeritus* (*e, out, merere, serve*)], *adj.*: emeritus, retired, pensioned; deserving; honourably discharged.

émersion¹⁰ [*L. -sio* (*e-mergere, dip out*)], *f.*: emersion; rising out of.

émérus¹⁰ [*l. L. emerus*], *m.*: scorpion-senna.

émervell-lement¹¹, *m.*: wonder, astonishment. **-ler**¹¹ [*é, merveille*], *tr.*: astonish, wonder, amaze.

émé-tique¹⁸ [*L. emeticus* (*Gr. emein, vomit*)], *adj.*: emetic. **-tiser**¹⁷, *tr.*: put some emetic in; give an emetic.

émettre¹⁰ [*L. e-mittere, send out*], *irr.* (*cf. mettre*); *tr.*: *†*issue; emit; send or put forth; express; give out.

émeu¹⁸ [South Sea isl.], *m.*: emu (Australian bird of large size).

émeuler¹⁸ [*é., meule*], *tr.*: grind (mother-of-pearl).

émeut¹⁸ [*l.-tir*], *m.*: excrement of the falcon.

émeu-te¹¹ [*émouvoir*], *f.*: anxiety; uproar, riot, mutiny, stir. **-tier**¹⁸, *m.*: rioter.

1. **émoutir**¹² [*?*], *intr.*: dung (of birds).

2. **émoutir**¹⁷ [*?*], *tr.*: solicit rank or title (in the order of Malta).

é-mier¹¹ [*é., mie*], *tr.*: reduce to crumbs; crumble. **-miettement**¹⁸ [*-mietter*], *m.*: crumbling. **-mietter**¹⁷ [*é., miette*], *tr.*: crumble; *refl.*: crumble.

émi-grant¹¹, *adj.*: emigrating; emigrant. **-gration**¹⁷ [*L. -gratio*], *f.*: emigration; migration. **-gré**¹⁷, **-grée**, *m., f.*: emigrant; refugee. **-gré**¹⁷ [*L. -grare*, migrate-out], *intr.*: emigrate; migrate. **-grotte**, *f.*: game (in vogue at the time of the revolution); a piece of ivory (for thread).

émineer¹⁷ [*é., mince*], *tr.*: MINCE.

émi-nement¹⁶ *-nam*, *adv.*: eminently; in a high degree. **-nence**¹² [*L. -nencia*], *f.*: eminence; height; rising ground. **-nent**¹² [*L. -nens* (e-minere, stand out)], *adj.*: eminent, high, lofty. **-nentissime**¹⁶ [*It. -nentissimo*], *adj.*: very eminent.

émir¹⁶ [Arab. *amir*, commander], *m.*: emir (governor of an Arabian province); descendant of Mohammed.

1. **émissaire**¹⁶ [*L. -sarius*], *m.*: emissary; *bouc* —, scapegoat. 2. **saire**¹⁶ [*-sarium*, sluice], *m.*: drain, viaduct. **-sif**¹⁸, **-ive** [*L. -sus*, *part.*, *emittere*, emit], *adj.*: emissive, emissory. **-sion**¹⁸ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: emission, issue; discharge; taking (vows); putting (money) into circulation.

émissile¹⁶ [Prov. *emissolo*], *f.*: shark (in the Mediterranean).

émmagasinage¹⁷, *m.*: warehousing, storing; storage. **-nement**¹⁸, *m.*: storing. **-ner**¹⁷ [*en, magasin*], *tr.*: put into a warehouse; store, store up.

emmaigrir¹¹ [*en, maigrir*], *tr.*: make or render lean or thin; *intr.*: become or grow thin.

emmaillo-tement¹⁵, *m.*: swathing, wrapping up. **-ter**¹¹ [*en, maillot*], *tr.*: swathe, wrap up.

emman-cher¹⁶, *f.*: putting pieces so as to form a triangular pyramid on a shield or coat-of-arms. **-chement**¹⁶, *m.*: putting in a sleeve, handle or stick, fitting; joining; beginning, making a move. **-cher**¹¹ [*en, manche*, handle, sleeve], *tr.*: put a handle to; fitting in (a sleeve); joining; beginning; making a

move; (*nav.*) enter into a bay or strait. **-cheur**¹², *m.*: handle-maker, handle-setter. **-chère**¹⁶, *f.*: arm-hole.

emmanequiner¹⁷ [*en, mannequin*], *tr.*: put in hampers; basket (plants, etc.).

emmanteler¹³ [*en, manteau*], *tr.*: cover with a cloak; (*mil.*) wall around.

emmarchement¹⁷ [*en, marche*], *m.*: arrangement of steps (in flight of stairs); notch (made in the side planks to receive these steps).

emmariner = *amaimer*.

emmarquiser¹⁶ [*en, marquis*], *refl.*: call one's self a marquis, marchioness.

emmêcher¹⁶ [*en, mèche*], *tr.*: provide with a match, etc.

emmêlement¹², *m.*: mixing up, entanglement. **-lér**¹¹ [*en, mêler*], *tr.*: entangle, MIX UP.

emménagement¹⁴, *m.*: removal, moving; installation; (*nav.*) conveniences; accommodations. **-ger**¹³ [*en, ménage*], *tr.*: move; arrange (a ship); *refl.*: remove, move in; settle; buy furniture.

emmenagogue¹⁷ [Gr. *ém-menos*, monthly, *agogós*, leading], *m.*: emmenagogue (a remedy).

emmener¹⁰ [*en* (*L. inde*), *mener*], *tr.*: lead away; take away; carry away.

emmenotter¹⁵ [*en, menotte*], *tr.*: manacle, handcuff.

emmerder¹³ [*en, merde*], *tr.*: (*vulg.*) cover or soil with dirt; throw dirt at; bother; not care a whit for.

emmeublement, -bler = *ameublement, ameubler*.

emmeuler¹² [*en, meule*, stack], *tr.*: put up (hay) in stacks; stack.

emmi¹⁰ [*en, mi*], *prep.*: in the midst of.

emmiel-ler¹² [*en, miel*], *tr.*: cover or sweeten with honey; coax; speak honeyed words to. **-lure**¹⁴, *f.*: honey-poultice.

emmitonner¹⁵ [*en, mûton*], *tr.*: wrap up, cover; coax, lull.

emmitoufler¹⁶ [*en, mitoufle*], *tr.*: muffle up.

emmortaiser¹² [*en, mortaise*], *tr.*: mortise.

emmotté¹⁶ [*en, motte*], *adj.*: covered with soil (of roots).

emmoufler¹⁸ [*en, moufle*], *tr.*: put (anything) into a muffle.

emmurer¹¹ [*en, mur*], *tr.*: immure, enclose with walls; imprison for life.

emmuseler¹⁴ [*en, museau*], *tr.*: muzzle; silence.

1. **émoi**¹¹ [OFr. *es-moyer* (Germ. *c. magan*, be able), orig. 'deprive of power'], *m.*: anxiety; flurry; emotion.

2. **émoi** = *maît*.

émollient¹⁵ [*L. -iens* (e-mollire), soften], *adj.*: emollient, soothing.

émolument-t¹² [L. -tum (e, out, moli, work)], m.: emolument, fee, perquisite. -**ter**¹⁴, intr.: profit; get fees or perquisites.

émunctoraire¹² [L. emunctorium (e-mun-gere, blow the nose)], m.: emunctory, excretory duct (in man or beast).

émou-dage¹⁵, m.: pruning, trimming (a tree). -**dation**¹⁵ [L. emundatio], f.: purification (of substances used in pharm.).

émou-de¹², f.: pruning. ||-**der**¹¹ [L. emundare, cleanse], tr.: prune, trim (trees); clean (the grain). -**deur**¹⁵, -**esse**, m., f.: pruner, trimmer; f.: place for cleaning the grain. -**doir**¹⁵, m.: pruning-knife.

émorfler¹⁸ [é, morfil], tr.: beard off with draw-knife, etc.; blunt or dull the edge of.

émotion¹⁵ [émouvoir], f.: emotion; agitation, excitement. -**tionner**¹⁵, tr.: impress, affect; stir with emotion.

émot-ter¹⁵ [é, motte], tr.: crush or break the clods of; rid (sugar) of lumps. -**teur**¹⁵, m.: one crushing clods; lump-crusher. -**toir**¹⁵, m.: clod-crusher.

†**émou** = émeu.

émou-cher¹¹ [é, mouche], tr.: rid of flies (drive the flies from); winnow (the grain). 1.-**chet**¹⁵ [mouche], m.: sparrowhawk. 2.-**chet**¹⁷, m.: tail (of prepared hide).

-**cheter** = **démoucheter**. -**chette**¹⁵, f.: horse-net, fly-net. -**cheur**, -**esse**¹⁵, m., f.: fly-driver, fly-flapper. -**choir**¹², m.: fly-flap.

é-moudre⁹ [p. L. *exmolere (émolere, grind)], irr. (cf. moudre); tr.: grind (wheat, sharpen). -**mouage**¹⁶, m.: grinding, whetting. -**mouerie**¹⁵, f.: whitening a lamina (by filing). -**mouleur**¹⁵, m.: grinder, knife-grinder. -**moulu**, part.: ground, etc.

émoussage¹⁵ [2.-sser], m.: clearing or ridding of moss.

émoussement¹⁶, m.: blunting; deadening; softening; daunting. 1.||-**ser**¹⁵ [é, mousse, blunt], tr.: render blunt, or dull, take the edge off; deaden; soften, enervate.

2.**émous-ser**¹⁵ [é, mousse, moss], tr.: remove the moss from. -**soir**¹⁷, m.: moss-scraper.

émous-tillant¹⁵, adj.: sprightly, brisk, lively. ||-**tiler**¹⁷ [é, moustille], tr.: brisk up, stir up; exhilarate.

émou-vant¹⁵, adj.: moving, stirring, touching. ||-**voir**⁹ [p. L. *exmovère (L. é-movère, move)], irr. (cf. mouvoir); tr.: move, touch, rouse, excite, effect; refl.: become moved or stirred up.

empail-lage¹⁵, -**lement**¹⁵, m.: covering with straw, stuffing, packing. ||-**ler**¹⁶ [en, paille], tr.: supply with straw;

cover with straw; stuff, pack. -**leur**, -**esse**¹⁵, m., f.: chair-bottomer, -stuffer; bird-stuffer, taxidermist.

1.**empalement**¹⁷ [en, pale], m.: flood-gate; shuttle.

2.**empalement**¹⁶, m.: impaling, impalement. ||-**ler**¹⁵ [en, pal], tr.: pierce with a pale or post, impale.

empan¹⁵ [Ger. spannen, stretch], m.: (dial.) SPAN.

empanacher¹⁴ [en, panache], tr.: adorn with a plume.

empanner¹⁷ [en, panne], tr.: bring to (a ship).

empannon¹² [-penner, feather], m.: barb (of an arrow); rafter; end of a buggy-shaft.

empaque-tage¹⁵, m.: packing, packing up. ||-**ter**¹⁵ [en, paquet], tr.: put into a package (pack or wrap up).

emparer¹⁵ [Prov. amparar (L. ante, before, parare, make)], tr.: fortify; s'—, seize, take possession of; master; possess; engross; monopolize.

empasme¹⁶ [Gr. épasma (-passein, salt)], m.: empsasm (sweat-powder).

empastiler¹⁵ [en, pastel], tr.: dye (woolens) blue.

†**empatage**, -**tement** = **empattage**, **empatement**.

empâ-tage¹⁵, m.: covering with paste or sticky matter. -**tement**¹⁶, m.: stickiness, cramming; impasting, puffiness. ||-**ter**¹² [en, pâte], tr.: cover with paste or sticky matter; fatten; (paint.) impaste. -**teur**¹⁵, -**esse**, m., f.: fattener.

empat-tage¹⁷, m.: footing, basing; fixing, fastening. 1.-**tement**¹⁵ [en, patte], m.: footing, foot, base(ment); water-table; stern. 2.-**tement**¹⁷, m.: splicing. 1.||-**ter**¹⁵ [en, patte], tr.: splice. 2.-**ter**¹⁵ [1.-tement], tr.: foot, base. -**tage**¹⁶, f.: splicing(s).

em-paume¹⁵, f.: a projection; (arch.) course. ||-**paumer**¹⁴ [en, paume], tr.: seize in the PALM of the hand; strike (ball) with palm of the hand; catch (ball, etc.); take in hand; scent (of dogs); manage well; coax, fool. -**paumure**¹⁵ [en, paume], f.: palm (of a glove); deer's head and antlers (resembling hand and fingers).

†**em-peau**¹⁵ [en, peau, back], m.: budding, grafting.

empê-chant¹², adj.: preventive, preventing, hindering. -**chement**¹¹, m.: obstacle, impediment; hindrance; objection. ||-**cher**¹¹ [L. im-pedicare (pes, FOOT), fetter the foot], tr.: fletter (embarrass in actions); prevent (hinder, bar), IMPEDE; oppose; keep from: s'—, for-

bear; abstain. **-cheur**¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: obstructor; obstacle.

empeigne¹² [?], f.: instep (of a shoe); instep; vamp.

empai-gnement¹⁸, m.: braiding. **||-gner**¹³ [Ofr. *empeindre* (L. *impingere*, strike together)], tr.: braid.

†empelement = **empelement**.

empeloter¹⁵ [en, *pelote*], tr.: put into a pin-cushion, etc.: *refl.*: form itself into a ball (said of food, not digestible in a bird).

empê-nage¹⁸, m.: lock-bolting; state of being lock-bolted; cavity for the bolt.

||-ner¹⁵ [en, *pêne*], tr.: provide with a bolt; *intr.*: be bolted

empen-ne¹⁷, f.: barb (of an arrow). **-né**, part.: barbed, feathered. **-nelage**¹⁷ [*-neler*], m.: backing (of an anchor).

-neler¹⁷ [*-nelle*], tr.: back (an anchor). **-nelle**¹⁶ [*-ne*], f.: small anchor. **||-ner**¹⁰ [en, *pénne*], tr.: provide (an arrow) with barbs or feathers; feather.

empennoir¹⁵ [?], m.: lock-chisel.

empereur¹⁰ [L. *imperator* (*imperare*, command)], m.: emperor; imperator; a kind of fish; wren (bird); small butterfly.

emperler¹⁵ [en, *perle*], tr.: adorn with pearls; cover with drops.

empe-sage¹⁶, m.: starching. **||-ser**¹² [en, *poiz* (Ofr. *peis*)], tr.: starch; wet (a sail); make stiff; *refl.*: be starched.

-seur¹⁶, = **ense**, m., f.: starcher.

empester¹⁵ [en, *peste*], tr.: infest, taint; poison; *intr.*: stink badly.

empêtre¹⁰ [p. L. **impastoriare* (cf. It. *pastoia*, horse's clog)], tr.: fetter; entangle, embarrass, hamper; saddle; engage.

em-phase¹⁵ [Gr. *éphasis*, appearance, (en, in, *phatnein*, show)], f.: emphasis; stress; bombast; magniloquence. **-phatique**¹⁵ [Gr. *phatikós*], adj.: emphatic; bombastic; pompous; affected. **-phatiquement**¹⁵ [*-phatique*], adv.: emphatically; bombastically; affectedly.

emphy-sématique¹⁷, = **ense**, adj.: emphysematous, swollen, bloated. **||-sème** [Gr. *emphusēma* (en, in, *phusēn*, blow)], m.: emphysema, wind-dropsy (a disease).

emphy-téose¹⁸ [L. *-teosis* (Gr. *-teúein*, plant land)], f.: (leg.) emphyteusis (contract to improve certain land, and thereby gain right of possession). **-téote**¹⁵ [L. *-teota* (L. *-teuta*)], m., f.: emphyteuticary, tenant with a long lease; owner of emphyteusis. **-téotique**¹⁶, adj.: emphyteutic; for term of years.

empiècement¹⁵ [en, *pièce*], m.: bit (of an apron); breastpiece.

empiéger¹⁵ [en, *piège*], tr.: entrap; take in a trap.

empier-ement¹⁷, m.: stoning, ballast-

ing, metalling; broken stone, metal; metalled road. **||-rer**¹⁷ [en, *pièce*], tr.: provide with stones; stone; metal (roads).

empié-tant¹⁶, adj.: pouncing (of a falcon); **-té**¹⁴ [en, *pié*], adj.: provided with legs, feet or claws; legged. **-tement**¹⁶, m.: encroachment; infringement; trespassing; pouncing. **||-ter**¹⁶ [en, *pié*], tr.: (falc.) hold or seize with the claws (†Eng. pounce); pounce upon; seize (usurp); encroach upon, infringe on).

empif-frer¹⁵ [en, *piffre*], tr.: cram, stuff (with food). **-frerie**¹⁶, f.: cramming, stuffing; gluttony.

empi-lage¹⁷ [*-ler*], m.: (fish-hook-) attachment. **-le**¹⁷, f.: leader, gut-line (for fishing).

empi-lement¹⁵, m.: piling, stacking, binning. **1. ||-ler**¹¹ [en, *pile*], tr.: pile up, stack, bin.

2. empiler¹⁷ [en, *pile*, gut-line], tr.: attach (hook) to a gut-line.

empileur¹⁷, = **ense** [*-ler*], m., f.: pillar, stacker, binner.

empi-per¹⁷ [en, *pipe*], tr.: pack (smoked herring). **-peur**¹⁷, m.: packer (of smoked herring).

†empirance¹² [*-rer*], f.: waste, damage, loss (by wear).

empire¹⁰ [L. *imperium* (*imperare*, command)], m.: = (sovereignty, dominion; power; sway; command; reign).

†empirée = **empyrée**.

empirer¹⁰ [p. L. **im-pejorare* (L. *pejor*, worse)], tr.: render worse; *intr.*: become or grow worse; be damaged or wasted.

empiri-que¹² [L. *-eus* (Gr. *en*, in, *peira*, trial)], adj.: empirical, resting on experience. **-quement**¹⁵, adv.: empirically.

-sme¹⁷ [root of *-que*], m.: empiricism.

1. empla-cement¹⁶ [en, *place*], m.: site, situation, place, piece of ground. **2. †-ement**¹⁶, m.: placing, storing (esp. salt).

†||-cer¹⁴ [en, *place*], tr.: put in place; store (salt); put in new supply of.

†emplage¹⁵ [*emplir*], m.: filling up (casks); refreshing; filling, fillings.

emplai-gner¹⁷, = **aplai-gner**, *aplaigneur*.

emplanture¹⁷ [en, *planter*], f.: step (of a mast).

em-plastique¹⁵ [Gr. *-plastikós*], adj.: em-
plastic, used for emplanting. **-plastration**¹⁵ [L. *-plastratio*], f.: = **-plastrer**¹⁵ [L. *-plastrare*], tr.: †emplaster; bud; graft. **||-plâtre**¹⁰ [L. *-plastrum* (Gr. *en*, in, *plássein*, mold)], m.: PLASTER; salve; ointment. **-plâtrer**¹⁵, tr.: cover with a plaster; emplaster, spread as a plaster; lay gold colour on.

emplette¹⁰ [p. L. **implicite* (L. *im-plicare*, infold)], f.: purchase.

em-plir¹⁰ [p. L. *implire (L. -plere, fill in)], *tr.*: fill up; *refl.*: be filled. **-plis-sage**¹⁶, *m.*: filling up (casks).

em-ploi¹⁵, *m.*: employing, employment; use; occupation; service; appropriation; outlay; entry; line of character (theatre). **~-payer**¹⁰ [L. *implicare*, implicate], *tr.*: EMPLOY; occupy; devote; exert; spend; enter.

feimplumer¹¹ [en, plume], *tr.*: feather (an arrow); adorn (a hat) with plume; fledge; quill; *refl.*: feather one's nest, etc.

emplure¹² [emplir], *f.*: leaves of vellum (used to deaden the blows when hammering gold leaves).

empocher¹⁵ [en, poche], *tr.*: put into one's pocket, pocket.

em-poigne¹⁵, *f.*: grasping, grabbing; apprehending. **~-poigner**¹¹ [en, poing], *tr.*: grasp, grab, nab, apprehend.

em-poin-ter¹³ [en, pointe], *tr.*: sharpen into a point. **-ter**¹⁷ [en, point], *tr.*: stitch. **-teur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *m., f.*: pointer (of needles, etc.). **-ture**¹⁷ [en, pointe], *f.*: (nav.) caring.

empois¹² [empeser], *m.*: starch.

empoise¹⁴ [?], *f.*: pillow-block, half-cylinder (on which turns a wheel).

empoison-nement¹¹, *m.*: poisoning. **~-ner**¹⁰ [en, poison], *tr.*: poison (infect or kill with poison; corrupt; embitter); *intr.*: be poisonous; stink badly. **-neur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: poisoner; corrupter; pest; *adj.*: poisonous.

empoisser¹⁵ [en, poiz], *tr.*: pitch (cover or smear with pitch, make sticky).

empoisson-nement¹⁵, *m.*: stocking with fish. **~-ner**¹⁴ [en, poisson], *tr.*: stock with fish.

em-poitraillé¹⁶ [en, poitraill], *adj.*: having a chest, chested, bosomed.

em-port¹⁵, *m.*: (leg.) carrying away unlawfully, taking away. **-té**, *part.*: carried away, etc.; passionate (violent, hasty, hot-headed); run-away, unmanageable. **-tement**¹², *m.*: carrying away; transport (outburst, fit); passion (anger, hastiness, frenzy); excess (extravagance); running riot, flight. **-te-pièce**¹⁶, *m.*: punch, punching-press; firing-iron; bitter satirist: *d* (l)—, exactly fitting (into the grafting-slit); pungent(ly), sharp(ly). **~-ter**¹² [en (L. inde, away), porter], *tr.*: carry away (bring or take away, run away with, remove); enrage (make beside one's self, anger); prevail over (turn; outweigh); excel; bring with itself (imply, involve, entail); destroy (the scent); burn (the mouth); move (along): *s'*—, be carried away; lose one's temper (become excited,

fly into a passion, fire up); get wild (become unmanageable or ungovernable, run away); go beyond bounds, run riot; inveigh (abuse); rub off; (*hort.*) grow only upward: *l'*— *sur*, carry it over, have the advantage (get the mastery) over, get the better of; overcome; surpass, excel; outweigh; prevail over; carry or gain the day, bear off the palm, triumph; *s'*— *comme une soupe au lait*, take fire like gunpowder.

empo-tage¹⁸, *m.*: potting. **~-ter**¹⁶ [en, pot], *tr.*: pot (put into a pot).

empoudrer¹² [en, poudre], *tr.*: cover with powder or dust.

emponil-le¹⁷, *f.*: us'ly pl.: grain (ready to be cut). **-ler**¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: sow (the ground): *terre emponillée*, field of ripe grain (ready to be cut).

empouper¹⁵ [en, poupe], *tr.*: strike (as the wind) in the stern; have favourable wind.

empourprer¹⁵ [en, pourpre], *tr.*: colour purple, purple.

empou-tage¹⁷, *m.*: adjusting (the threads in a power loom). **-ter**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: adjust (the threads in a power-loom).

empoutrerie¹⁴ [en, poutre], *f.*: bracing, propping.

em-prendre⁹ [p. L. *imprimere (L. *imprimere*, IMPRINT)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: IMPRINT, IMPRESS; tinge. **-preinte**¹², *f.*: imprint, impression; priming, dead-colouring (paint).

em-pres-sant¹⁶, *adj.*: pressing, eager. **-sé**, *adj.*: pressing, eager, earnest; ready, prompt, active, zealous; sincere; best: *faire l'*—, show one's self very busy. **-sement**¹⁶, *m.*: eagerness, earnestness; promptness; zeal; sincerity; hurry. **~-ser**¹¹ [en, presser], *tr.*: press, squeeze; *refl.*: be eager or earnest; prompt, zealous (sincere); hasten (flock, crowd); bestir or busy one's self.

em-prise¹¹ (old *em-prendre*, undertake), *f.*: enterprize; expropriation.

em-prison-nement¹², *m.*: imprisonment.

~-ner¹¹ [en, prison], *tr.*: put in prison; imprison; confine.

em-prun-t¹², *m.*: borrowing (loan); artifice: *d'*—, borrowed; false; fictitious.

~-ter⁹ [p. L. *imprumutare (L. *promutatus*, advance money)], *tr.*: borrow; derive: *s'*—, borrow from each other. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: borrower; *adj.*: borrowing.

em-puan-tir¹⁵ **-pu** [en, puant], *tr.*: infect: *s'*—, stink. **-tissement**¹⁷, *m.*: infection; stench.

em-pyème¹³ [Gr. *empyema* (en, in, *pûon*, pus)], *m.*: empyema (pus of a sore).

em-pyrée¹² [L. *-rius* (Gr. en, in, *pûr*,

fire)], *adj.*: empyrean (pertaining to the celestial dwellings).

empyreumatique¹⁷, *adj.*: empyreumatic. **||-me**¹⁵ [Gr. *em-pyrea* (*em-puros*, on fire)], *m.*: empyreuma (disagreeable odour, caused by burning certain substances).

ému, *part. of émouvoir*.

ému-lateur¹⁵, *=trice* [L. *emulator* (*amulari*, emulate)], *m., f.*: (rare) emulator, emulatress. **-lation**¹² [L. *-latio*, rivalry], *f.*: emulation. **-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, rival], *m. or f.*: emulator, emulatress; rival, competitor, competitor.

émul-gent¹⁵ [L. *-gens*, milking out], *adj.*: emulgent, milking out, draining. **||-sif**¹⁷, *=ive* [L. *-sus* (*em-ulgere*, milk out)], *adj.*: emulsive. **-sine**¹⁵ [L. *-sus*], *f.*: emulsine (albuminoid principle extracted from almonds). **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sus*], *f.*: emulsion. **-sionner**¹⁶ [*-sion*], *tr.*: mix an emulsion with.

1.en¹⁵ [L. *in*, in], *prep.*: in, into, to; with-in, with; of; at; on; for; in the capacity of, as, like; in course of; made of; from; through; while; dressed in, dressed or clad as a.

2.en [L. *inde*, from there], *pron. adv.*: thence (from that place); hence (from here, away); of him, his; of her, her; of it, its; of them, their; of that; by him, her or it; by them; for that, for it, for them; on that account; with about, at, to, like him, her, it, them.

en- (before vow. or *h* mute **en-**) [L. *in* or Gr. *en*, in; or L. *inde*, thence], *pref.*

enallage¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *en*, all-*assein*, exchange)], *m.*: enallage (change of words, genders, modes, etc.).

énamourer¹¹ [en, *amour*], *tr.*: enamour, inflame with love.

énanche = *enôcher*.

énanthème¹⁵ [Gr. *en*, in, *anthen*, bloom], *m.*: enanthema (skin disease).

énantiose¹⁵ [Gr. *en-anti-osis*, opposition], *f.*: enantiosis (in Pythagoras' philosophy, each of the 10 affirmations of contraries).

enarbrer¹⁷ [en, *arbre*], *tr.*: fix or mount on wood.

énar-rhement¹⁷, *m.*: giving of earnest money. **||-rher**¹⁵ [en, *arrhe*], *tr.*: give earnest money for.

énarthrose¹⁶ [Gr. *en*, in, *arthron*, joint], *f.*: enarthrosis (ball-and-socket joint).

énaser¹¹ [*é*, *nez*], *tr.*: deprive of the nose; crush the nose of.

énaucher = *enôcher*.

én-bas = *embas*.

énocabancement¹⁶ [en, *cabane*], *m.*: part of the side of a ship.

encablure¹⁷ [en, in, *câble*], *f.*: cable's length.

enca-drement¹⁷, *m.*: framing; frame; (mil.) enlistment. **||-drer**¹⁷ [en, *cadre*], *tr.*: frame; encircle; introduce; insert; (mil.) enlist. **-dreur**¹⁵, *m.*: framer. **†-drure**¹⁶ [en, *cadre*], *f.*: framing; incasing.

encager¹² [en, *cage*], *tr.*: cage, put in a cage, imprison.

en-caissable¹⁵, *adj.*: able to be incased.

-caissage¹⁵, *m.*: incasement. **-cais-sant**¹⁵, *adj.*: incasing. **-caisse**¹⁵ [en, *caisse*], *f.*: cash in hand; — *métal-lique*, coin reserve (of gold and silver).

-caissement¹⁷, *m.*: incasing, casing; packing; payment, encasement; receipt; collection; embankment; road or river-bed tubbing; *sauf* —, when paid, if paid.

||-caisser¹⁵ [en, *caisse*], *tr.*: incase (case, box, pack, enclose); put in a cash box (encash); collect; receive; embank; (bed, lay a bed to); (part.) tub: *s'—*, go or run deep. **-caisseur**¹⁵, *m.*: cashier, broker; person incasing; packer.

encan¹³ [l. L. *inquantum* (*adv. inquantum*, for how much)], *m.*: auction sale; auction.

encan-ailler¹⁶ [en, *canaille*], *tr.*: lower in rank; degrade (to the level of the rabble); mix with low people; *refl.*: keep low company; degrade one's self.

†encaper¹⁷ [en, *cap*], *intr.*: embay (as a ship).

encapuehonner¹⁵ [en, *capuchon*], *tr.*: put a hood or cowl on; make a monk of; (of horses) lower the head.

enca-quement¹⁷, *m.*: packing, barrel-ling; heaping up. **||-que**¹⁵ [en, *caque*], *tr.*: pack; barrel; heap up (in a wagon).

-queur¹⁷, *=euse*, *m., f.*: packer (of herring, etc.).

encarpe¹⁵ [L. *encarpe* (Gr. *en*, in, *karpós*, fruit)], *m.*: encarpus (in old architecture, garlands composed of leaves, flowers and fruit).

encar-t¹⁵, *m.*: insertion; (bookbind.) pack of leaves (pages 9-16, inserted between 1-8, and 17-24). **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: inserting, enclosing. **-tation**¹⁵, *f.*: insertion; enclosing. **||-ter**¹⁶ [en, *carte*], *tr.*: insert; enclose.

encarton-nage¹⁵, *m.*: inserting between pasteboards; insertion; pressing cloth between pasteboards. **||-ner**¹⁵ [en, *carton*], *tr.*: insert between pasteboards; insert; press cloth between pasteboards.

encarton-chage¹⁵, *m.*: forming into cartridges. **||-cher**¹⁵ [en, *cartouche*], *tr.*: form or put into cartridges.

†en-cas = *en cas*.

†encâssure = *enchâssure*.

encastage¹³ [-ter], m.: placing into recesses.

encaste-ler¹⁶ [It. *in-castellare*, fortify], refl.: be or become hoof-bound (of horses, etc.). **-lure**¹⁶ [It. *in-castellura*], f.: contraction of the hoof.

encas-ter¹⁶ [en, *cassette*], tr.: put (pottery) into recesses. **-teur**¹⁶, m.: workman placing (pottery) into recesses.

encastil-lage = *accastillage*. **-lement**¹⁵, m.: framing, mounting. **-ler**¹⁵ [en-casser], tr.: enclose, frame, mount. 2. **-ler** = *accastiller*. **-lure**¹⁶, f.: framing, mounting, filling in.

encas-trement¹⁶, m.: fitting, fitting in, recess. **-tre**¹⁶ [It. *in-castare*, ENCHASE], tr.: fit in, fit; insert.

en-caume¹⁷ [Gr. *ênkauma* (en, in, *kalein*, burn)], m.: encauma (ulcer in the eye). **-caustique**¹⁵ [Gr. *egkaustikê*], f.: encaustic, furniture-paste; painting in heated wax. **-caustiquer**¹⁵ [-caustique], tr.: polish.

enca-vement¹⁶, m.: putting or storing in a cellar. **-ver**¹² [en, *cave*, cave], tr.: place in a cave or cellar; store; (*jeat*) fall into the cellar. **-veur**¹⁷, m.: cellarman, waiter, wine-porter.

en-ceindre⁹ [L. *in-cingere*, gird about], irr. (cf. *ceindre*); tr.: gird about, enclose, surround. **-ceinte**¹², f.: enclosure; circumference; compass; precincts; walls; fence; place; premises; building; (*fort*) body of the place, enceinte. 2. **-ceinte**⁹ [p. L. *in-cincta*, un-girdled], adj.: pregnant, with child.

en-celle-ment¹⁶, m.: confining in a cell. **-ler**¹⁵ [en, *cellule*], tr.: confine in a cell.

en-cen-s¹¹ [L. *in-censum*, thing burnt (in-cendere, kindle)], m.: INCENSE; fragrance; flattery; praise. **-sement**¹² [-ser], m.: incensing; perfuming; praising; flattering. **-ser**¹⁰, tr.: incense (perfume); offer incense to (pay homage to, worship, praise); intr.: burn incense. **-seur**, **-euse**¹³ [-ser], m., f.: burner of incense; flatterer. **-sier**¹⁰, m.: fenciser; rosemary (a flower). **-soir**¹² [-ser], m.: incenser, thurible; flattery; (*astr.*) Ara.

en-cepha-le¹⁷ [Gr. *eg-képhalos* (en, in, *képhalê*, head)], adj.: encephalous, encephalous. **-lique**¹⁵, adj.: encephalic. **-lite**¹⁵, f.: encephalitis (inflammation of the brain). **-loce**¹⁷ [-le, Gr. *kêlê*, tumour], f.: encephalocoele (hernia of the brain). **-loide**¹⁵ [-le, Gr. *êidos*, form], adj.: encephaloid; m.: brainstone coral.

en-cercler¹¹ [en, *cercler*], tr.: surround with a circle; encircle.

en-chai-nement¹³, m.: chaining; chain; links; series; connection; concatenation.

-ner¹⁰ [en, *chaîne*], tr.: chain, chain up; tie down; bind; enslave; check; stop; connect; span; refl.: be linked, etc. **-nure**¹¹, f.: chaining, chain, etc.; links, chain-work; concatenation.

encha-lage¹⁷, m.: piling up; heaping up. **-ler**¹⁷ [?], tr.: gather, pile up (esp. fagots). **-leur**, m.: one piling up (fagots). **en-chambrer**¹¹ [en, *chambre*], tr.: put in a room, prison; raise (silk-worms) in the house.

enchante-lage¹⁵, m.: piling (timber, wood) in the yard; putting (casks) on a stand; placing, putting. **-ler**¹² [en, *chantier*], tr.: pile, stack (timber, wood) in the yard; put (casks) on a stand; place, put.

enchan-tement¹¹, m.: enchantment; magic; charm; delight. **-ter**⁹ [L. *incantare*, sing a magic formula], tr.: ENCHANT (bewitch; fascinate; delight). **-teur**¹⁰, **-tresse**¹⁰, m., f.: enchanter, enchantress; adj.: enchanting, charming, delightful.

encha-per¹³ [en, *chape*], tr.: bird-nest, put one barrel or case into another. **-peronner**¹³ [*chaperon*], tr.: hood (a falcon). **-pure**¹⁵, f.: fastening.

en-charger¹¹ [en, *charge*], tr.: give in charge or trust.

en-charibotté¹⁵ [?], adj.: (rare) moved, touched; vexed.

en-charnier¹⁵ [en, *charnier*, bundle of sticks], tr.: (*dial.*) prop (vines).

en-charner¹⁷ [en, *charnière*], tr.: hinge.

en-châs-ser¹¹ [en, *châsse*], tr.: enchase; enshrine; insert; introduce. **-sure**¹⁴, f.: setting.

en-chatonner¹¹ [en, *chaton*], tr.: insert, mount.

en-châtre¹³ [-châtrer (old form of *-casser*)], f.: fitting(s), mounting.

en-chauler = *échauler*.

enchaussé¹⁶ [en, *chausse*], adj.: forming a *chausse* (of a shield or coat-of-arms).

enchausse-ner¹⁴, or **-mer** [?], tr.: soak, steep (skins) in lime-water (to prepare them for tanning). **-noir**¹⁷, or **-moir**, m.: vat or tub (for steeping skins in lime-water).

enchausser¹⁷ [en, *chausser*], shoe; mulch (a tree); provide (a wheel) with spokes.

en-chaux¹² [en, *chaux*], m.: bath of lime-water (for steeping skins).

en-chère¹², f.: higher bid(ding); bid(ding); auction; price; penalty. **-chérir**¹¹

[en, *cher*], tr.: raise the value, price of; bid for; outbid; intr.: grow or become dear or dearer; rise: — *sur*, outbid, surpass, improve upon, go beyond; be stronger than. **-chérissement**¹², m.: increase in price. **-chérisseur**¹³, m.: bidder, outbidder; *fol* —, foolish bidder, one not able to redeem his promises.

enchevalement¹⁷, *m.*: propping, props (of a well). ||-**ler** [en, *cheval*], *tr.*: prop (a wall, etc.).

enchevaux-cher¹¹, *tr.*: overlap. -**churer**¹⁰, *f.*: overlapping.

enchevê-trer¹¹ [en, *chevêtre*], *tr.*: tie (a horse) with a halter; tie together with a halter; embarrass; confuse. -**trure**¹³, *f.*: state of being bound; halter-cast (an excoriation); raft, rafters (tied together).

encheviller¹⁴ [en, *cheville*], *tr.*: provide with pegs, pins, etc.; fasten, pin or peg.

enchi-frènement¹⁶, *m.*: obstruction, stuffing up (of the nose). ||-**frèner**¹² [en, *chanfrein*, forepart of horse's head], *tr.*: cause a cold in the head: *s'*—, get a cold.

enchiridion¹³ [L. = (Gr. *en*, in, *cheir*, hand)], *m.*: manual.

enchondrome¹³ [Gr. *enchondros* (en, in, *chondros*, cartilage)], *m.*: enchondroma (a cartilaginous tumour).

enchymose¹⁷ [Gr. *enchymosis* (en-*chein*, pour out)], *f.*: ecchymosis (a skin disease).

encirer¹⁵ [en, *cire*], *tr.*: wax, cover with wax.

enclasser¹⁷ [en, *classe*], *tr.*: classify.

en-clavation¹³, *f.*: (nav.) immersion of masting; building in water. -**clave**¹³, *f.*: piece of land within the limits of another; territory lying within another state; boundary; recess; inclave. -**clavement**¹³, *m.*: inclosing. ||-**claver**¹² [en, *claf*], *tr.*: close with a key or bolt; close; inclose (in); shut (in); bind; fix; fit in.

enclenchement¹³ [en, *clenche*], *m.*: automatic unfastening (of some piece of machinery).

enclin⁹ [L. *inclinis* (-*clinâre*, bend)], *adj.*: INCLINED, apt, given.

enclinomène¹³ [Gr. *enclinômenos* (en, in, *klinein*, LEAN)], *m.*: word, depending on another, but which cannot have the tonic accent; enclitic word.

enclique-tage¹⁷, *m.*: (tech.) catch. ||-**ter**¹⁷ [en, *cliquer*], *tr.*: click (of a wheel), catch.

enclitique¹⁰ [L. -*ticus* (Gr. *en*, in, *klinein*, LEAN)], *adj.*: (gram.) enclitic (word or particle).

encloître¹² [en, *cloître*], *tr.*: put or place in a cloister.

en-clôre⁹ [p. L. **in-claudere* (L. *inclûdere*, ENCLOSE), defect. §; *tr.*: ENCLOSE, fence in: *s'*—, fence one's self in; enclose. -**clos**¹², *part.*; *m.*: enclosure; enclosed field; close; vineyard; orchard.

§ Ind.: Pr. *en-clos*, -*clos*, -*clôt*; -*clous*, etc. Rest like *clôre*.

enclotir¹³ [Prov. *enclotir* (en, *clot*, cavity)], *tr.*: burrow (hunting term).

encloture¹³ [enclôre], *f.*: fencing; border.

encloû-âge¹⁷, *m.*: spiking (a cannon). ||-**er**¹¹ [en, *clou*], *tr.*: spike (a cannon); prick (horses in shoeing). -**ure**¹¹, *f.*: pricking (of a horse); (vulg.) getting stuck; hitch.

enclû-me⁹ [p. L. **inclûdo* (L. *incûds*, anvil)], *f.*: anvil; (anat.) incus (small bone in the ear). -**meau**¹⁴, -**mot**, *m.*, -**mette**, *f.*: small portable anvil, hand-anvil.

enco-êche¹³, *f.*: notch (in an arrow); notch. -**cher**¹¹ [en, *coche*, notch], *tr.*: make a notch in; fit (an arrow to the bow). -**chure**¹⁵, *f.*: notching; making fast the sails (of a ship).

encoçure = *encoqure*.

encoçfrer¹³ [en, *coffre*], *tr.*: coffer; pocket; lock up.

encoçure¹⁵, -**coçgnure** [en, *coin*], *f.*: corner, angle; corner-piece (of furniture).

encoler¹¹ [en, *cou*], *tr.*: †put to the neck.

encol-lage¹¹, *m.*: sizing. ||-**ler**¹³ [en, *colle*], *tr.*: size. -**leuse**¹³, *f.*: sizing-machine.

encolure¹⁶ [en, *cou*], *f.*: neck (of animals); look, looks, appearance; height of the ribs of a ship.

en-combrant¹⁰, *adj.*: encumbering; hindering. -**combre**¹¹, *m.*: hindrance, impediment. -**combrément**¹¹, *m.*: encumbering, hindering; obstruction; crowd; glutting. ||-**combrer**¹⁰ [en, l. *cumbrus*, barrier], *tr.*: obstruct (block up, stop); encumber, crowd; saddle (with): *s'*—, become or be obstructed, etc.

encommencer¹¹ [en, *c...*], *tr.*: begin.

1. **encon-tre**⁹ [en, *contre*], *prep.*: (old) against: *d l'— de*, against, in opposition to; counter; contrary to. 2. **encon-tre**¹¹ [encontrer], *m.*, *f.*: (old) occurrence; occasion, chance, luck.

enco-quêr¹⁶ [en, *coque*], *tr.*: (nav.) fasten (by means of a buckle). -**qûre**¹⁶, *f.*: fastening.

encor = *encore*.

encorbellement¹³ [en, *corbeau*], *m.*: (arch.) corbelling; corbel.

encore¹⁰, (poet.) -**cor** [? L. *hanc horam*, this, hour], *adv.*: yet, still; as yet; again; besides; too; more; still more; moreover; longer; left; even; at least; but; else; what next; what of it: *encore que* = *quoique*; *ou bien* —, or else.

encor-nail¹⁶ [en, *corne*], *m.*: hole (made in a mast); piece put in the hole. -**ner**¹² [en, *corne*], *tr.*: provide with horns; strike with the horns; gore. -**net**¹⁶ [en, *corne*], *m.*: calamander, calamander, squid; devil-fish; bloodsucker. -**netter**¹⁶ [en, *cornette*], *tr.*: provide with night-caps.

- encotonner**¹⁵ [en, coton], tr.: trim with cotton.
- encouder**¹⁷ [en, couder], tr.: (dial.) shape as an elbow; bend.
- encouloir**¹⁷ [en, couler], m.: piece of a loom.
- †encoulure** = encolure.
- encoura-geant**¹⁷, adj.: encouraging.
- gement**¹², m.: encouragement; encouraging.
- ||-ger**¹¹ [en, courage], tr.: encourage; cheer; incite; promote; abet; spur.
- 1. en-courir**¹¹ [en, courir], irr., tr.: INCUR, bring down upon. 2. **-courir**¹¹ [en- (L. inde), courir], irr. refl.: run.
- encourtiner**¹¹ [en, courtine], tr.: provide with curtains, hangings, tapestry.
- encoura**¹⁷, part. of -rir; †adj.: (leg.) running.
- encou-ture**¹⁷ [old en-coudre, sew on], f.: (nav.) clincher-work. **-turer**¹⁷, tr.: build (ships) with clincher-work.
- enORAGE**¹⁵ [-crer], m.: (print.) inking.
- enorAS-sement**¹⁵, m.: making foul, dirty, greasy; greasiness, dirtiness. **||-ser**¹⁵ [en, crasse], tr.: cover with grease or dirt; soil; make foul.
- enore**⁹ [L. incaustum (Gr. en, in, kaiein, burn), purple red ink], f.: ink, writing fluid.
- encrechément**¹⁵ [en, crêche], m.: fence; palings.
- encreper**¹⁵ [en, crêpe], tr.: cover with crape; put crape or weed or band on; dress in mourning.
- en-crer**¹⁵ [encre], tr.: (print.) ink.
- creur**¹⁵, adj.: printer; inker. **-crier**¹⁵, m.: inkstand; ink-bottle; kind of mushroom.
- encri-ne**¹⁵ [Gr. en, in, krinaon, lily], m.: kind of polypary. **-nite**¹⁷ [Gr. as above], m.: stone-lily (a fossil). **-nitique**¹⁵ [-nite], adj.: pertaining to encrinite.
- en-croisement**¹⁵, m.: arranging (threads) in such a manner that they cross each other two by two. **||-croiser** [en, croiser], tr.: arrange (threads) so as to cross each other two by two. **-croix**¹⁵, m.: arrangement (of threads in weaving as above).
- encron-age**¹⁷, m.: twisted or entangled state (of a tree). **||-er**¹¹ [?], tr.: fix or attach (to something); entangle (esp. in the part.): **arbre-é**, entangled tree.
- enrou-tement**¹⁵, m.: crust, covering with a crust; caking; getting hard. **-ter**¹⁵ [en, croûte], tr.: cover with a crust; crust; cover (a wall) with mortar; refl.: get stupid, etc.
- enrou-rasser**¹⁵ [en, cuirasse], tr.: cover with a cuirasse; refl.: put on one's cuirasse; get rusty, hardened.
- enoulasser**¹⁵ [en, culasse], tr.: breach (a gun).

- en-cu-vage**¹⁷, m.: tubbing. **||-ver**¹⁵ [en, cuve], tr.: put into a tub or vat, tub.
- eney-clique**¹⁷ [Gr. én-kuklos (en, in, kuklos, circle)], adj.: encyclical, circular.
- clopédie**¹⁵ [Gr. -klo, paideta, instruction], f.: encyclopedia. **-clopédique**¹⁷ [-clopédie], adj.: encyclopedic.
- clopé-diste**¹⁷ [-clopédie], m.: encyclopedist.
- †endanché** = endenché.
- endaubage**¹⁵, m.: daubing; (nav.) sea provisions. **||-ber**¹⁵ [en, daube], tr.: (cook.) put (piece of meat) into a stew.
- †endécagone** = hendecagone.
- endé-mie**¹⁵ [Gr. endémia (en, in, dêmos, people)], f.: endemie (a disease). **-mique**¹⁵, adj.: endemic.
- endenché**¹⁵ [en, denché], adj.: provided with indentations.
- en-dente**¹⁷, f.: indentation (carp.).
- dentement**¹⁷, m.: indenting, supply with teeth. **||-denter**¹¹ [en, dent], tr.: provide with teeth; indent; cog. **-denture**¹¹, f.: †teeth; indented map.
- endermique**¹⁵ [Gr. en, n, dêrma, skin], adj.: endermic, endermatic.
- endet-tement**¹⁵, m.: indebtedness.
- ||-ter**¹¹ [en, dette], tr.: charge with a debt; cause to run into debt; get indebted.
- †endé-vé**¹⁵, adj.: beside one's self, mad, irritable, passionate; m.: madman.
- ||-ver**¹¹ [en, OFr. desver, lose one's reason], intr.: (pop.) fume, be vexed or mad; faire —, tease, vex, aggravate.
- endia-blé**¹⁵ [en, diable], adj.: possessed of the devil; mad, furious; terribly bad, wicked. **-bler**¹⁵, intr.: be possessed of the devil; be furious or mad; faire —, torment, vex.
- endi-guement**¹⁵, m.: damming; dam, embankment. **||-guer**¹⁵ [en, digue], tr.: dam, embank.
- endimancher**¹⁵ [en, dimanche], tr.: dress in Sunday clothes.
- endive**¹⁵ [l. L. -ria], f.: endive, kind of chicory or succory (plant).
- endivision-nement**¹⁵, m.: forming into divisions. **||-ner**¹⁵ [en, division], tr.: form into divisions (companies, etc.).
- endizeler**¹⁵ [en, dizeau], tr.: put (grain, etc.) into shocks of ten sheaves, shock.
- endobranche**¹⁵ [Gr. êndon, within, Fr. branchie], adj.: having internal branchiae or gills (of animals).
- endocar-de**¹⁵ [Gr. êndon, inside, kardía, heart], m.: endocardium (membrane). **-dite**¹⁵, f.: endocarditis (inflammation of the endocardium).
- endocarpe**¹⁵ [Gr. êndon, inside, karpós, fruit], m.: endocarp (membrane, composing the inner layer of fruit).
- endoctriner**¹¹ [en, doctrine], tr.: †in-

doctrinate, instruct; coach up; bring or get around (coax, wheedle).

endogène¹⁵ [Gr. *endon*, inside, root of *gignothai*, be born], *adj.*: endogen (plant increasing by internal growth).

endolorir¹⁷ [en, *L. dolor*, pain], *tr.*: make sore; *refl.*: become sore, ache.

endommagement¹², *m.*: damage, injury. **||-ger**¹¹ [en, *dommage*], *tr.*: damage, injure.

endor-mant¹⁵, *adj.*: inducing sleep, drowsy; tedious. **-neur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: tiresome person; coaxer, wheedler. **||-mir**¹⁰ [en, *dormir*], *irr., tr.*: put to sleep; benumb; lull; wheedle.

endos¹⁵ [-*sar*], *m.*: endorsement, signature.

endosmose¹⁵ [Gr. *endon*, inside, *osmós* (othein, push)], *f.*: —, endosmosis (the transmission of a fluid or gas, osmose into).

endosperme¹⁵ [Gr. *endon*, inside, *spérma*, seed], *m.*: endosperm (albumen of a seed, surrounding the embryo).

en-dossage¹², *m.*: endorsing; putting on a new back (of a book). **-dosse**¹⁴, *f.*: burden, trouble, responsibility. **-dossement**¹⁵, *m.*: endorsing, endorsement; putting on a new back (on a book).

||-dossier¹⁰ [en, *dos*], *tr.*: ENDORSE; put on one's back; put on (clothes); don, buckle on; take upon one's self; acknowledge; ridge (a field). **-dossier**¹⁵, *m.*: endorser. **-dossure**, *f.*: endorsing; re-binding (a book).

endroit¹⁰ [en, *droit*], *m.*: place (spot; passage, side); right side (of cloth): *à l— de*, with regard to; *à cet —*, in this respect; *à mon (ton, etc.) —*, with regard to me; *à deux —s*, reversible (cloth).

en-duire⁹ [L. *in-ducere*, induce], *irr.* (cf. *conduire*); *tr.*: put into; absorb; do over, cover; digest; rub; plaster, daub; render. **-duit**¹⁵, *m.*: coat(ing); paint; plaster; varnish; polish.

endu-rance¹⁵ [-*rer*], *f.*: (*dial.*) —. **-rant**¹¹ [-*rer*], *adj.*: enduring, patient, placid.

endur-eir¹¹ [en, *durcir*], *tr.*: harden (make hard; toughen; make hardy; inure; steel); *refl.*: harden one's self, etc. **-issement**¹⁵, *m.*: hardening, toughening, making hardy, steeling; hardness.

endurer¹⁰ [L. *in-durare* (*durus*, hard), harden], *tr.*: endure; suffer; undergo; bear; allow.

éner-gie¹⁴ [L. *energia* (Gr. *en*, in, *ergon*, work)], *f.*: energy. **-gique**¹⁵, *adj.*: energetic. **-giquement**¹⁷, *adv.*: energetically.

énergumène¹⁵ [L. *-menos* (Gr. *ergein*, work up)], *m.*: energumen (frantic, wild person, desperado).

éner-vant¹⁵, *adj.*: enervating. **-vation**¹⁴, *f.*: enervation; enervating; slaughtering (an ox, etc.). **-ve**¹⁵ [L. *-ris*, nerveless], *adj.*: (*bot.*) without nervation. **-vement**¹⁴, *m.*: enervation, weakness. **||-ver**¹² [L. *-vare* (*ex, nervus*, nerve)], *tr.*: enervate; unnerve: *s—*, become enervated.

enfai-teau¹⁴, *m.*: ridge-tile (gutter-tile). **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: ridge; ridge-lead (of a roof). **||-ter**¹⁴ [en, *faite*], *tr.*: cover the ridge of (a house, with tiles or lead), provide with ridge-tile (or ridge-lead).

en-fance⁹ [L. *infantia*], *f.*: infancy (childhood, early days); children (young people); childishness (childish action); second childhood (dotage). **†-fançon**⁹ [p. L. *infantio*], *m.*: small child. **||-fant**⁹ [L. *in-fans*, 'not-speaking'], *m., f.*: infant, child (boy, girl); *adj.*: childish: — *s perdue*, forlorn hope; — *à la mamelle*, sucking-child; — *s de France*, royal children of France; *petits—s*, grandchildren; *faire l—*, play the child, act like a child. **-fantement**¹¹ [-*fanter*], *m.*: childbirth; production. **-fanter**¹¹, *tr.*: bring forth (a child), give birth to, beget; produce. **-fantillage**¹² [old *adj.* *-fantil* (L. *infantilis*)], *m.*: childishness, child's play; trifle. **-fantin**¹¹, *adj.*: childish, infantine; child's.

enfariner¹⁵ [en, *farine*], *tr.*: besour; cover with flour: *être enfariné de*, be tainted with, have a smattering of; *un air de gueule enfarinée*, the appearance of one hoping everything.

enfer⁹ [L. *infernum* (*inferus*, lower)], *m.*: infernal or lower region (*us'y pl.*); hell: *d—*, infernal, hellish; dreadful.

enfermer¹¹ [en, *fermer*], *tr.*: enclose (lock or shut up; surround; hem in; include; contain); harbour; conceal.

enfer-rer¹¹ [en, *fer*], *tr.*: pierce (with the iron of a weapon): *s—*, injure one's self; betray or contradict one's self; fall into the snare; fix (with nails). **-rure**¹⁴, *f.*: piercing; filing (pieces of slate with nails).

†enfouir¹⁴ [enfouir], *m.*: (*dial.*) grave.

†enfouiller¹⁵ [en, *feuille*], *refl.*: adorn with leaves.

enfeeler¹⁵ [en, *ficelle*], *tr.*: tie up with a string; do up.

enfeiller¹² [en, *fiel*], *tr.*: gall, embitter, fill with anger, rancore, hatred.

enfiévrer¹⁴ [en, *fièvre*], *tr.*: give fever to, fever.

enfi-lade¹⁵, *f.*: row, suite; string (of); enfilade: *d—*, (*mil.*) raking. **-le-aiguille**¹⁵, *m.*: needle-threader (*instr.*); a kind of dance. **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: threading. **||-ler**¹² [en, *fil*], *tr.*: thread (a

- needle); string (pearls); pierce; get into (a road); slip on; cheat: *s'—*, lose much; engage (in a discourse). **-leur**¹⁶, =**ense**, m.: header (of string beads); cheat. **-lure**¹⁶, f.: string (of beads), string (of words).
- enfin**¹¹ [en, fin], adv.: finally; in short; after all; in fact; well; now then; yet.
- enflammer**⁹ [L. in-flammare], tr.: inflame (set on fire); ignite; kindle; incense, provoke; refl.: take or catch fire; become incensed or inflamed.
- enfleur**¹³ [-fler], f.: (dial.) swelling; game of cards. **-fir-bœuf**¹⁵, m.: golden beetle, burn-cow.
- enflé-cher**¹⁴, tr.: supply with ratlines; go up. **-chure**¹⁶ [en, fêche], f.: (nav.) ratline.
- enfler**⁹ [L. in-flare, blow into], tr.: INFLATE (distend, blow or puff up; swell; elate); raise; (vulg.) drink, soak.
- enfleurir**¹² [en, fleur], tr.: adorn or supply with flowers; scent (perfumery) with flowers.
- enflure**¹¹ [-fler], f.: swelling; inflation.
- enfolier**¹³ [en, L. folium, leaf], tr.: infoliate.
- enfon-çage**¹⁴, m.: sinking, plunging; forcing in; heading. **-cement**¹⁴, m.: sinking; sinking down; breaking in, down, open, or through; forcing in; heading; bottom; recess; (point.) back-ground. **-çer**¹² [en, fons, old form of fonds], tr.: sink, plunge; sink to the bottom; swamp; bury; break in, down, open or through; stave or force in; hollow; pull down; balk; surpass; take in; ruin; bottom, head (a cask); examine. **-çeur**¹⁵, =**ense**, m., f.: house-breaker; diddler, cheat; jobber: — *de portes ouvertes*, braggart, boaster. **-çure**¹³, f.: cavity, hole; bottom-pieces (of casks); bottom.
- enforceir**¹¹ [old *enforceir* (en, force)], tr.: strengthen, reinforce; refl.: gather strength; thrive.
1. **enformer**⁹ [L. in-formare (in, forma, form)], tr.: (old) form, fashion.
2. **enformer**¹⁵ [en, forme], tr.: put on the block or form.
- en-fouir**⁹ [p. L. *in-fodire (L. fodere, dig into)], tr.: bury; hide; cover with earth. **-fouissement**¹⁵, m.: burying; hiding; covering with earth. **-fouis-seur**¹⁶, m.: burier; necrophore (sexton-beetle).
- enfour-çement**¹² [en, fourche], m.: crossing, saddle-grafting. **-cher**¹³ [en, fourche], tr.: bestride. **-chir**¹⁵ [en, fourche], intr.: form a fork; be fork-shaped. **-chure**¹¹ [en, fourche], f.: fork (of the legs, trousers etc.); forked antlers; forked head of a stag.
- enfour-nage**¹⁵, m.: putting into the oven. **-née**¹⁵, f.: putting into the oven. **-nement**¹⁵, m.: putting into the oven. **-ner**¹² [en, four], tr.: put (bread, etc.) into the oven; begin; engage in (an affair); refl.: get into difficulty or fix. **-neur**¹⁷, m.: man putting (bread, etc.) into the oven.
- enfourrer**¹¹ [en, fourrer], tr.: place (vellum, containing gold leaves) into parchment; stuff (horse-collars).
- enfranger**¹⁵ [en, frange], tr.: fringe; fimbriate.
- enfra-yer**¹⁷ [en, frayer], tr.: begin to use, break in (new cards). **-yure**¹⁷, f.: first wool, prepared on a new card.
- enfreindre**⁹ [p. L. *infrangere (L. in-fringere, break against)], irr. (cf. *peindre*); tr.: infringe (break, violate).
- enfuir**¹⁰ [en, fuir]; irr., refl.: flee (take flight; run or be away; escape; abscond; elope); vanish; run out, leak; boil over.
- enfu-mer**¹¹ [en, fumer], tr.: fill with smoke; besmoke; smoke out; fume; intoxicate. **-moir**¹⁵, m.: instrument for fuming bees with sulphur, smudge.
- en-futailler**¹⁷, -fûter [en, futaile or fût], tr.: put (wine) into casks, cask.
- enga-çant**¹⁶, adj.: engaging, pleasing, attractive. **-gement**¹¹, m.: engagement; pledging, pawning; mortgage; assignment; hiring; enlistment; bounty; liabilities; action. **-ger**¹¹ [en, gage], tr.: engage (pledge; enlist, hire); pawn; mortgage; assign; entangle; advise; win over; compel; begin; refl.: fall (sick); enter; place; induce; invite; enlist. **-giste**¹⁶, m., f.: tenant.
- engai-nant**¹⁷, adj.: sheathed (especially of plants). **-ner**¹³ [en, gaine], tr.: sheathe, case.
- engal-lage**¹⁵, m.: (dye) galling. **-ler**¹⁶ [en, galle], tr.: gall (clothes before dyeing them).
- enganter**¹¹ [en, gant], tr.: (nav.) come up with, join; grab; steal; (dial.) glove; refl.: be hand and glove with; be thick with; be infatuated with.
- en-garde**¹⁵, f.: vine (cut long to produce more fruit). **-garder**¹¹, tr.: keep; preserve.
- engarroter** = *égarroter*.
- engastrimythe**¹⁵ [Gr. -thos (en, in, gastér, stomach, mûthos, word)], m., f.: (old) ventriloquist.
- engaver**¹⁵ [en, gaver], tr.: feed (a bird).
- engazon-nement**¹⁵, m.: turfing; **-ner** [en, gazon], tr.: turf, sod.
- engcan-ee**¹⁵ [enger], f.: breed, race, brood. **-er**¹⁵, tr.: provide with breed, etc.; enumber (with something); saddle.

engaigner¹⁰ [en, gain], tr.: (old) entrap.
enge-ler¹¹ [en, geler], tr.: freeze perfectly. **-lure**, f.: chilblain.
engen-drement¹¹, m.: begetting, generating; breeding; producing. || **1.-drer**⁹ [L. *ingenerare* (in, genus, birth)], tr.: beget, generate, breed; produce; form.
engendrer¹⁰ [en, rendre], tr.: (jest.) provide with a son-in-law; take for a son-in-law.
engeoler, **-geoleur** = **enjoler**, **en-joleur**.
enger¹¹ [Ofr. *angier* (?), provide], tr.: breed, provide (with stock or breeding animals); fill.
engerber¹⁵ [en, gerbe], tr.: bind into sheaves; pile or heap up.
engin⁹ [L. *ingenium*, contrivance], m.: ingenuity; engine; device; instrument; tackle; appliance; lift; snare; (jest.) a poor small boat or craft.
englanté¹⁵ [en, gland], adj.: having acorn(s) or tassel(s).
englober¹⁶ [en, globe], tr.: collect, unite (into one); merge; include; annex.
englou-tir⁹ [L. *in-glutire*, swallow], tr.: swallow up; engulf; absorb; squander. **-tissement**¹⁴, m.: swallowing up; engulfing; absorbing; squandering.
englu-ement¹³, m.: glue; liming; catching; taking in. || **-er**¹¹ [en, glu], tr.: cover with glue; stick (like glue); lime; catch; take in; refl.: stick in birdlime; be caught.
engo-be¹⁵, m.: glazing (of pottery).
-ber¹⁸ [en, gôber], tr.: glaze, cover (pottery) with glazing.
engommer¹⁵ [en, gomme], tr.: cover with gum, gum.
engoneer¹⁶ [en, gond], tr.: choke (of a collar); smother; cover up; sink; give an awkward look to.
engorgement¹⁴, m.: choking; engorgement. || **-ger**¹¹ [en, gorge], tr.: obstruct (any passage), choke, stop up; engorge, congest.
engou-ement¹⁰, **engou-ement**, m.: obstruction, choking; extreme fondness. || **-er**¹⁰ [?], tr.: choke; refl.: choke one's self; be extremely fond of, be infatuated.
engouffrer¹¹ [en, gouffrer], tr.: engulf, swallow up; devour; blow hard.
engoujurer = **goujurer**.
engou-lant¹⁰, adj.: swallowing or gobbling up. || **-ler**¹¹ [en, gueule], tr.: gobble up, swallow, devour. **-levant**¹² [le, vent], m.: goatsucker (bird); night-jar; fern-owl.
engour-dir¹² [en, gourd], tr.: make numb, or torpid; blunt; enervate. **-dis-ement**¹⁵, m.: stupor; numbness; torpor; enervation, weakness.

engrain¹⁴ [en, grain], m.: seed grain; seed-corn; corn-sowing; one-grained wheat.
engrain¹⁸ [engrener], m.: bevel made in the upper millstone.
engrais¹⁵, m.: manure; fattening. **-sement**¹², m.: making fat, fattening; stoutness; corpulence; manuring; manure. || **-sser**⁹ [p. L. **incrassare* (L. *incrassare*, make fat)], tr.: make fat; enrich; grease; manure; refl.: get or become fat or rich; thicken; become rosy.
engranger¹⁸ [en, grange], tr.: put in the granary, house (corn); gather in.
engraill¹⁵ [Gr.], m.: anchovy (kind of fish).
engra-vé¹⁷, **-vée**, m., f.: injury (in the foot of an animal). **-vement**¹⁷, m.: stranding (of a vessel). || **1.-ver** [en, gravier], tr.: strand (on the gravel, sand), run aground; cover with gravel or sand; refl.: wound (by sand or gravel entering into the foot of an animal).
2.-engraver¹⁴ [en, graver], tr.: engrave; cut.
engrê-lé¹³ [en, grêle], adj.: purled; en-grailed. **-ler**¹⁶ [-lure], tr.: purl; en-grail. **-lure**¹⁶, f.: purl (of lace); en-grailing.
en-grénage¹⁷, m.: gear, gearing; heap-ing up of barrels or casks. **-grène-ment**¹⁷, m.: gearing, throwing into gear. || **-grèner**¹¹ [en, grain], tr.: supply or fill (the hopper) with grain; begin; prime (a pump); load; fatten with grain; fit together (cogwheels) throw in gear, fit; heap (casks into a pile); polish. **-grèner**¹⁷, f.: gear; fitting in or working into each other.
engri¹⁸ [African], m.: leopard (from Congo).
engrois¹⁸ [?], m.: a small wedge.
engrosser¹¹, **-ssir** [en, gros], tr.: make large; get with child.
engrumeler¹⁵ [en, grumeau], tr.: coag-ulate, clot.
engueniller¹⁷ [en, guenille], tr.: cover with rags, clothe in tatters.
1.-engueu-lement¹⁸ [en, gueule, open-ing], m.: notch; cut (made in the principal rafters of a false roof, where they join to be propped up by the king post). **2.-le-ment**¹⁵, m.: shouting at; abusing; hum-bugging. || **-ler**¹⁸ [old adj. *engueulé* (en, gueule)], tr.: shout at, abuse; humbug.
engui-ehé¹⁸ [en, OFr. *guige*, strap], adj.: having a horn-belt; having a mouthpiece (of); mouthed. **-chure**¹⁴, f.: horn-belt, trumpet-belt or strap.
enguignoné¹⁵ [en, guignon], adj.: un-lucky; bringing, having bad luck; ill-omened.

enguirlander¹⁰ [en, guirlande], tr.: adorn with garland(s); wreath.
en + h asp. = **en**; + **h** = **en-n**.
enhardir¹¹ [en, hardi], tr.: embolden, encourage; refl.: grow bold; pick up courage (for).
enharmonie¹⁷, f.: (anc.) enharmonic scale, consisting of quarter tones and major thirds; change of notes to the eye only. ||-que¹³ [L. -cus (Gr. en, in, harmonia, harmony)], adj.: enharmonic (see above); pertaining to enharmonic scale.
enharnacher¹² [en, harnais], tr.: harness, rig out.
enhu-yer¹⁷ [en, hate], tr.: put in a row (bricks). -yeur¹⁷, m.: brick-carrier.
enhendé¹⁰ [Sp. enhendido (L. findere, split)], adj.: (her.) split (croix — e, cross with arms terminated in two hooks, between which projected a small spear of iron).
enherber¹⁵ [en, herbe], tr.: sow with grass; turn into prairie.
enhu-ehé¹⁶ [en, huche], adj.: (nav.) moon-sheered. -cher¹⁷, tr.: moon-sheer (a vessel).
enhydre¹¹ [Gr. enudros (en, in, hūdor, water)], adj.: anhydrous.
énieller¹⁸ [é, nielle], tr.: clear (grain) of corn-cockles.
énig-matique¹² [L. ænigmaticus (Gr. aínissēthai, speak darkly)], adj.: enigmatic. -matiquement, adv.: enigmatically. -me¹⁴ [L. ænigma], f.: enigma, riddle.
eni-vrant¹¹, adj.: intoxicating; inebriating. -vrement¹¹, m.: intoxicating, inebriating. ||-vrer¹¹ [en, ivre], tr.: intoxicate (make drunk; elate).
enja-bler¹⁴ [en, jable], tr.: bottom, head (a cask). -blure¹⁸, f.: bottoming (a cask).
en-jaler¹⁶, -jauler [en, joul], tr.: stock (an anchor).
enjam-bé¹¹ [en, jambe], adj.: provided with legs; legged: haut —, court —, long-legged, short-legged. -bée¹² [en, jambe], f.: stride. -bement¹⁶, m.: striding over; = (running of the sense into the next line of a verse). ||-ber¹⁵ [en, jambe], tr.: stride over, bestride; intr.: go beyond; carry words of a sentence from one verse-line into another.
enjarreté¹⁸ [en, jarret], adj.: having the legs tied together; tied.
énjauler = **enjaler**.
enjaveler¹² [en, javelle], tr.: form (grain) into sheaves or bundles.
enjen¹⁶ [en, jeu], m.: (at play) stake.
enjoindre¹² [L. injungere], irr. (cf. joindre), tr.: enjoin, order, bid; prescribe, summon.

enjé-ler¹² [en, geôle, cage], tr.: wheedle, coax, inveigle. -leur¹⁵, -euse, m., f.: wheedler, coxer.
enjoli-vement¹⁶, m.: ornament, embellishment; set off, flourish, scroll. ||-ver¹³ [en, joli], tr.: embellish (adorn, set off, decorate). -veur¹⁵, -euse, m., f.: embellisher, beautifier. -vure, f.: small ornament, trinket.
enjoncher¹², tr.: strew, scatter.
énjoualer = **enjaler**.
en-joué¹² [en, jeu], adj.: playful, sportive, humorous, lively. -jouement¹⁶, -joûment [-jouer], m.: playfulness, sportiveness, sprightliness. 1. -jouer¹⁶, tr.: make playful, sportive, etc.
 2. **enjouer**¹⁶ [en, joue], tr.: bring (butt of a gun) to the cheek, aim.
énjoûment = **enjouement**.
enjuponner¹⁵ [en, jupon], tr.: dress in a petticoat; refl.: be tied to the apron-string; have the head turned by a woman.
enkys-té¹⁷ [en, kyste], adj.: encysted. -tement¹⁸, m.: encysting. ||-ter¹⁸, refl.: encyst; become encysted.
en-lacement¹¹, m.: lacing; entwining; entangle. ||-lacer¹¹ [en, lacer], tr.: lace; entwine; entangle; fold. -laçure¹¹, f.: lace.
enlai-dir¹¹ [en, laid], tr.: make ugly; spoil; refl.: grow ugly, be disfigured. -dissement¹⁸, m.: disfiguring, spoiling.
enlar-me¹⁷ [OFr. en-arme (L. armus, arm), strap for tying the shield to the arm], f.: mesh, ring (of strong thread) of a crow-net. -mer¹⁶, tr.: supply (a crown) with meshes or rings. -mère¹⁷ [-mer], f.: fringe of meshes or rings.
en-levage¹⁸, m.: removing, removal. -lèvement¹⁵, m.: removing, removal; carrying away; kidnapping; rape; monopoly; elopement; abduction; sending up (a kite); translation (to heaven). ||-lever¹¹ [en (L. inde, thence), lever], tr.: lift away; remove (carry or take away); wash out; run away with (abduct); rob; ravish; carry away; transport; elate; cause to ascend; raise up; stand erect; refl.: be lifted, etc.; rise; peel off; wash out; fly into a passion. -le-veur¹⁶, m.: kidnapper; ravisher; actor; (old) soldiers, surprising the enemy in his quarters. -levure¹¹, f.: shred, piece, skin (for making gloves); pimple; blister; raised work; flaw.
enlier¹¹ [en, tier], tr.: lay (brick, stone, etc., in building).
enligner¹⁶ [en, ligne], tr.: put in line; space (in print); line (pages of a book).
enlucuber¹⁷ [en, lioube], tr.: put (a piece of wood) into a mortise.

enliser¹⁴ [en, lise], tr.: sink in quicksand.
enlumi-ner¹² [en, L. lumen, light], tr.:
 †make light or luminous; colour (prints);
 give different colours to (as a map); illu-
 minate; refl.: become coloured, flushed,
 or excited (with drinks); paint. -neur¹²,
 =ense, m., f.: colourer; illuminator.
enure¹³, f.: colouring, illuminating; col-
 oured prints; redness (of face); over-
 colouring; bad taste (in dress).
enné-... [Gr. ennéa, nine]: -agonal¹⁸,
 pl. =aux [-agone], adj.: enneagonal (hav-
 ing nine angles). -agone¹⁶ [Gr. gonía,
 angle], m.: enneagon (polygon with nine
 sides or angles). -agyne¹⁸ [Gr. gyné,
 female], adj.: enneagynous (pertaining to
 a flower or plant, producing nine pistils).
endre [Gr. anér, male], adj.: ennean-
 drian (pertaining to plant or flower having
 nine stamens). -andrie [l. L. -andria
 (Gr. anér, male)], f.: class of flowers or
 plants (having nine stamens).
ennemi⁸ [L. inimicus (in, not, amicus,
 friend)], m., f.: enemy (foe; opponent;
 prejudicial or injurious thing); adj.:
 inimical (hostile; adverse; opposed; hurt-
 ful); of the enemy; repugnant.
enmillage¹³ [en, mille], m.: fastenings
 (of a millstone to the axis).
ennoblir¹² [en, noble], tr.: ennoble;
 make noble or good; raise; (old) elevate
 into noble rank, knight.
en-nui¹¹, m.: = (feeling of tediousness,
 weariness, tedium); vexation (annoyance,
 spleen). -nuyant¹³, adj.: tedious, tire-
 some, vexations. †-nuyer¹⁰ [p. L. *in-
 odiare (L. in, in, odium, hatred)], impers.:
 †cause ennui or vexation; tr.: tire
 (weary; ANNOY, worry, vex; disgust).
-nuyusement¹¹, adv.: tediously, wearis-
 omely. -nuyeur¹¹, =ense, adj.: tire-
 some, wearisome, dull; provoking; annoy-
 ing; m.: tiresome person, bore.
enôcher¹¹ [en, OFr. osche, notch], tr.:
 †notch; make pins (below the pin-head).
énon-cé¹⁰, m.: statement, declaration,
 enunciation; terms. †-cer¹⁶ [L. enun-
 tiare (e, out, nuntius, messenger)], tr.:
 state, declare, assert; enunciate; express;
 word. -ciatif, =ve, adj.: enunciative,
 expressive. -ciation, f.: enunciation;
 statement; utterance; delivery; word-
 ing; proposition.
énoper¹³ [é-, nope], tr.: burl, pick knots
 from (cloth).
enorgueillir¹¹ [en, orgueil], tr.: make
 proud; refl.: grow or get proud or
 haughty.
énor-me¹³ [L. enormis (e, out of, norma,
 rule)], adj.: enormous; immense; exces-
 sive; grievous. -mément¹³, adv.: enor-
 mously; excessively; atrociously. -mité¹²

[L. enormitas], f.: enormousness; enor-
 mity; grievousness; atrocity.
énostose [Gr. en, in, ostéon, bone], f.: in-
 ternal tumour of the bone.
énou-ant¹⁷, m.: burling (of cloth).
 †-er¹⁷ [é-, naud], tr.: burl (cloth).
 -eur¹⁷, =ense, m., f.: burler (of cloth).
en-quér-ant¹², adj.: inquisitive, prying.
 †-quérir¹⁰ [p. L. *in-quarere (L. -quirere,
 seek into)], irr. (cf. acquérir); tr.:
 search or pry (by questioning); †-, in-
 quire; ask. -querré = enquerir.
-querré¹⁸ [-querre], adj.: pertaining to
 arms or weapons, peculiar in some way, of
 arms of curiosity. -quête¹¹, f.: inquiry,
 inquest; investigation; commission. -quê-
 ter¹¹ [-quête], refl.: inquire; go in search.
 †-quêteur¹² [-quête], m.: finquirer;
 commissioner; distributor (of aid to the
 poor).
enquinauder¹⁵ [en, quinaud], tr.: make
 a fool of, wheedle, coax.
enraci-nement¹⁵, m.: rooting; invete-
 racy. †-ner¹¹ [en, racine], tr.: root;
 refl.: strike or take root.
enra-geant¹⁰, adj.: provoking, vexing,
 bothersome. †-ger¹¹ [en, rage], intr.:
 be or go mad; rage; fume: faire —, drive
 mad, make furious.
en-raiement¹³, -rayement, m.: put-
 ting spokes to (a wheel); checking (a
 sickness). -rayage¹⁰, m.: putting spokes
 to (a wheel). †-rayer¹⁵ [en, rai], tr.:
 spoke (a wheel); put the break on;
 check (a sickness); put the drag on.
2. enrayer¹² [en, rate], tr.: trace the first
 furrow.
en-rayoir¹⁶, 1.-rayure [1.-rayer], f.:
 spoke; lock-chain, break. 2.-rayure¹⁶
 [en, rai], f.: radiated work; platform.
3. enrayer¹⁶ [1.-rayer], f.: first furrow.
enrégimenter¹⁷ [en, régiment], tr.:
 form into a regiment; enlist.
enregis-trament¹³, m.: registration,
 enrollment; entry. †-trer¹² [en, regis-
 tre], tr.: register, enter, enroll; take note
 of; record. -trour¹², m.: registrar.
enrêner¹¹ [en, rêne], tr.: put the reins
 on (a horse); rein in; tie by the reins.
enrhumer¹¹ [en, rhume], tr.: give a
 cold to; refl.: take a cold (in the head);
 have a cold.
†enrhumer = enrimer.
enri-ehir¹¹ [en, riche], tr.: enrich, make
 rich; adorn; store; refl.: grow rich; be
 stored. -chissement¹², m.: enriching;
 embellishment.
enrimer¹⁷ [en, root of arrimer], tr.:
 arrange; dispose of; provide (a pin) with
 a head.
enro-bage¹³, m.: putting on a robe,
 wrapping, coating. †-ber¹² [en, robe],

tr.: wrap in a robe; wrap; cover; coat; glaze.

enrochement¹⁷, m.: enrockment.

||-cher¹⁴ [en, roche], tr.: enrock.

enrôlement¹², m.: enrollment; enlistment; engagement.

||-ler¹² [en, rôle], tr.: enroll; enlist; engage. **-leur**¹⁶, m.: recruiting officer.

enrouement¹⁴, -roûment, m.: hoarseness; huskiness. **||-rouer**⁹ [p. L. *in-raucare (L. raucus, hoarse)], tr.: make hoarse; refl.: get hoarse or husky.

†enrouiller¹¹ [en, rouille], tr.: allow to rust; leave in an inactive state.

enroulement¹⁶, m.: rolling; roll; twisting; scroll. **||-ler**¹⁴ [en, rouler], tr.: roll (one thing) around another; roll up; twist.

enrubanner¹⁵ [en, ruban], tr.: trim with ribbons; ribbon; trim (a hat); deck with ribbons.

ensablement¹⁷, m.: sandbank; heap of sand; ballast; gravelling. **||-bler**¹⁵ [en, sable], tr.: sand; fill with sand; refl.: sink in the sand; run aground; strand; be ballasted; be graveled.

ensabotement¹⁸, m.: putting on wooden shoes. **-té**¹⁸ [en, sabot], adj.: having wooden shoes on. **||-ter**¹⁵ [en, sabot], tr.: skid; bottom (shoe); put on wooden shoes.

ensacher¹² [en, sac], tr.: put into a sack, sack, bag.

ensaisinement¹⁴, m.: seizure (of rented land). **||-ner**¹⁸ [en, saisir], tr.: put in the possession of another; seize; put (a new tenant) on the estate.

ensanglantier¹⁰ [en, sanglant], tr.: stain or spot with blood; ensanguine; kill.

en-seignant¹⁷, adj.: teaching: un corps —, university; l'Église —, the first apostles. **-seigne**⁹ [L. insignia, signs], f.: signs, signboard; advertisement; token; figure; grounds; predicament; (mil.) ensign; pl.: colours, flag: —s déployées, with flying colours. **-seignement**¹¹, m.: instruction; proof; precept; lesson; education; teaching.

||-seigner⁹ [p. L. *insignare (L. signare, indicate)], tr.: make known by a sign; instruct; teach; tell; show; direct; send to.

†enseller¹⁹ [en, selle], tr.: saddle; part.: saddle-backed.

ensemble⁹ [p. L. *insimul (L. in, simul, together)], adv.: together; at the same time; m.: assembly (mass); effect; entirety; unity; part-music: mouvement d'—, concerted movement.

ensemencement¹⁵, m.: sowing. **||-cer**¹² [en, semence], tr.: sow; refl.: be sown; put small fish (into rivers).

†ensémer = **ensimer**.

1. **†en-serrer**¹¹ [en, serrer], tr.: enclose; put away; hide.

2. **enserrer**¹⁰ [en, serre], tr.: put in a greenhouse or hothouse.

enseuillement¹³ [en, seuil], m.: sill.

ensevelir¹¹ [en, OFr. sevelir (L. sepelire, bury)], tr.: bury; put in a shroud; lay out; refl.: bury one's self; retire. **-lissement**¹¹, m.: burying; shrouding; laying out; interment.

ensiforme¹⁵ [L. ensis, sword, forma, form], adj.: ensiform, having the form of a sword.

ensilage¹⁸, m.: ensilage. **||-ler**¹⁸ [en, silo], tr.: put or keep in pits. **-lotage**¹⁸, m.: ensilage; putting or keeping in the pits. **-loter**¹⁸, tr.: put or keep (grain, etc.) in pits.

ensimager¹⁷, m.: covering slightly with lard. **||-mer**¹¹ [en, OFr. saim (= Fr. sain), grease], tr.: cover slightly with lard (cloth).

ensochure¹⁵ [en, soc], f.: socket (for fixing the ploughshare to the plough).

ensoiement [ensoyer], m.: providing with bristles.

ensoleiller¹⁸ [en, soleil], tr.: sun, make bright with sun rays.

ensommeiller¹⁵ [en, sommeil], adj.: fallen asleep; drowsy; sleepy.

†ensonaille¹⁶ = **ensouaille**.

ensorcelant¹⁶, adj.: bewitching. **||-er**¹¹ [en, sorcier], tr.: bewitch. **-celleur**¹⁵, -euse, m., f.: bewitcher, sorcerer; adj.: bewitching. **-ellement**¹⁸, m.: bewitching, bewitchment.

ensonaille¹⁷ [?], f.: small cord (tied to the rudder-rope of a large ship).

ensou-fre¹² [en, soufre], tr.: sulphur; sulphurize, smoke (a cask) with brimstone; dip in sulphur. **-froir**¹⁷, m.: sulphuring stove; place for sulphurizing cloth, etc.

en-souple⁹ [L. in-subulum], f.: cylinder (in a loom). **-soupleau**¹⁰, m.: roller (of a loom).

ensoyer¹² [en, soie], tr.: provide with bristles; bristle (as a shoemaker his thread).

†ensuble = **ensouple**.

ensuifé¹⁸ [en, suif], tr.: tallow, cover with tallow.

en-suite¹⁰, prep.: †with; consequent upon; instead of; in consequence of; at the time, formerly; adv.: after(wards); then; in the next place; well? what of that? **†suivant**¹², adj.: following.

||-suivre¹² [en, suivre], irr.; refl.: follow, ENSUE; result; proceed; spring.

1. **enta-blement**¹¹ [en, table], m.: entablement, entablement.

2. **-blement**¹⁰, m.: entablement. **||-bler**¹¹ [en, table],

tr.: entable; (of a horse) throw the hips forward. **-blure**¹⁸, f.: place where the blades of a pair of shears are riveted.

entacage¹⁷ [*-taquer*], m.: pin (of wood, used for stretching cloth in a loom).

entacher¹¹ [*en, tache*], tr.: stain; taint, infect.

en-tailage¹³, m.: notching; grooving. **-taille**¹¹, f.: cut; notch; gash; groove; mortise. **~-tailleur** [*en, tailler*], tr.: cut into; notch; groove; ornament by carving (†Eng. **ENTAIL**). **-tailloir**¹⁷, m.: notching or cutting tool. **-tailleur**¹¹, notch, cut.

†entailigner = **étailigner**.

enta-me¹³, f.: first cut, first slice.

~-mer⁹ [p. L. *in-tamindere* (L. *tangere*, touch), touch, take], tr.: touch and cut into (cut the first slice of); cut into; bite into; break into; make a hole in; graze; scratch; damage; touch or take hold of (begin; enter into or on; broach; attack); make an impression upon; prevail upon; get over; run down. **-myre**¹³, f.: incision; grazing; first cut; beginning.

entaquer¹⁷ [*en, root of taquer*], tr.: stretch (the cloth in a loom by means of pins (of wood)).

entassement¹², m.: heaping, accumulating; pile; crowd. **~-seur**¹¹ [*en, tas*], tr.: put in a heap (pile up; accumulate); cram (crowd; lumber); drift. **-seur**¹², **-euse**, m., f.: heaper, hoarder, collector, collector.

1. **ente**⁹ [p. L. pl. **emputa* (Gr. *em-phutēuin*, plant)], f.: graft stock; handle of a brush; decoy (a stuffed bird).

2. **†ente** = **ante, hante**.

entéléchis¹³ [L. *entelechia*, an actuality (Gr. *en-telēs*, perfect, *échein*, have)], f.: entelechy (in Aristotle's phil., an object completely actualised, in distinction from mere potential existence; in Leibnitz's phil., a monad, a simple substance having in itself the principle of its being).

†entement¹² [*enter*], m.: grafting; jointing.

en-tendant¹¹, adj.: hearing, understanding, etc. **-tendement**¹¹, m.: understanding; sense; judgment. **-tendeur**¹², m.: listener, hearer. **-tendre**⁹ [L. *intendere*, stretch out], **†intr.**: pay attention; **tr.**: hear (listen to); understand; intend; mean; require: *s'—*, hear one's self or each other; understand each other; understand; be skilled in; manage; come to terms; be in collusion; be heard; be understood; — *mal*, misunderstand; — *parler de*, hear of. **-tendu**¹¹, adj.: heard, understood; agreed; contrived; skilled; intelligent: *faire l'—*, pretend to be wise or knowing. **-tente**⁹

[p. L. **intenta* (L. *intendere*)], f.: understanding; agreement; harmony; meaning; skill; judgment.

enter¹¹ [*ente*], tr.: graft, ingraft; joint.

entéralgie¹³ [Gr. *enteron*, intestine, *algēin*, suffer], f.: enteralgia (pain in the bowels).

entéri-nement¹³, m.: ratifying (an act) judiciously; confirmation. **~-ner**¹² [OFr. *-n* (*entier*, entire), tr.: ratify, confirm.

enté-rique¹³ [Gr. *enterikós* (*enteron*, intestine)], adj.: belonging to the intestines.

~-rite¹³ [*enteron*, intestine], f.: enteritis (inflammation of the intestines).

-rocele¹³ [L. *enterocoele* (Gr. *-ron, kēle*, tumour)], f.: intestinal hernia (a disease).

-romésentérique¹³ [Gr. *-ron, mesēnteron* (*mēsos*, middle, *enteron*, intestine)],

adj.: pertaining to the intestines and mesentery: *fièvre —*, typhoid fever. **-roto-**

-mie¹⁷ [Gr. *-ron, tomē*, section], f.: dissection of the intestines. **-rozoaire**¹³

[Gr. *-ron, zodrion*, small animal], m.: animal living in the intestines of another.

enter-rage¹³, m.: interment, funeral.

-rement¹¹, m.: burial, funeral, interment.

~-rer¹³ [*en, terre*], tr.: (inter, put in the ground; bury); hide; eclipse; end; sink (of money). **-reur**¹³, m.: burier; necrophore (sextion-beetle).

entête¹³ [*en, tête*], m.: heading (of a letter, etc.); head.

enté-té¹², adj.: headstrong (stubborn, obstinate, wilful); wayward; infatuated;

vain (of); haughty. **-tement**¹³, m.: stubbornness; wilfulness; infatuation.

~-ter¹² [*en, tête*], tr.: affect the head of; make giddy; make vain; infatuate; head

(pins, etc.): *s'—*, get obstinate; be obstinately bent (upon); be (come) infatuated,

take a fancy (to); become vain. **-teur**¹⁷, m.: header (of pins, etc.). **-toir**¹⁷, m.: pin-header (an instr.).

enthousiasme¹³ [Gr. *-siasmós* (*én-theos*, inspired by the 'god'), m.: enthusiasm; rapture. **-siasmer**¹³, tr.:

enthuse; enrapture; **refl.**: be enthusiastic; be enraptured. **-siaste**¹³ [Gr. *-sias-tēs*],

m., f.: enthusiast; adj.: enthusiastic; rapturous.

enthymème¹⁴ [L. *-mema* (Gr. *en, in, thymós*, mind)], m.: enthymeme (syllogism in which one of the propositions is suppressed).

enti-chement¹³, m.: infection, infatuation; state of being tainted. **~-cher**¹¹

[*en, tache*], tr.: taint, infect; begin to spoil with, by; infatuate; **refl.**: be infatuated with.

en-tier⁹, **-ère** [L. *integer*, **ENTIRE**], adj.: entire (whole; total; complete); positive,

self-willed; (*arith.*) integral; *m.*: entirety; entirety; totality; integer: *en* —, in full, entirely. **-tièrement**¹¹, *m.*: entirely, wholly; bodily; quite.

entité¹⁴ [*L. L. entitas (L. ens, being)*], *f.*: entity; essence.

entoilage¹¹, *m.*: lining; mounting on canvas; mounting. **-ler**¹⁶ [*en, toile*], *tr.*: mount (on canvas); mount; line.

entoiler¹⁷ [*enter*], *m.*: grafting-knife.

entoiser¹⁶ [*en, toise*], *tr.*: arrange or lay out to be measured.

entomologie¹⁷ [*Gr. entomon, insect, logos, discourse*], *f.*: entomology (part of zoology treating of insects). **-gique**¹⁷, *adj.*: entomological. **-giste**¹⁷, *m.*: entomologist.

entonage¹⁶, *m.*: tuning, casking.

-naison¹⁵, *f.*: tuning, casking. **-nement**¹⁵, *m.*: tuning, casking. **-ner**¹¹ [*en, tonne*], *tr.*: tun, cask; *refl.*: be tuned; rush, blow (of wind).

entonner¹² [*en, ton*], *tr.*: INTONATE, give the tone to, strike up (an air).

entonnelle¹⁷ [*en, tonne*], *f.*: house or place where tuns, casks, etc., are kept for being filled.

entonnelle¹⁸ [*1.-ner*], *m.*: funnel; gullet; hard drinker; anything funnel-shaped; a kind of mushroom.

entorse¹⁵ [*old en-tordre, twist*], *f.*: twist; sprain; shock; remainder of molten wax.

-tilage¹⁷, *m.*: entanglement; involved discourse or style. **-tillement**¹⁵, *m.*: twisting; entanglement; winding; perplexity; obscure talk. **-tiler**¹² [*old en-tordre, twist*], *tr.*: twist; entangle; perplex, involve; circumvent; get round; coax; trouble.

enton-r¹⁰ [*en, tour*], *m.*: †parasite, hanger-on; surrounding: *à l'—*, in the neighborhood. **-rage**¹⁷, *m.*: surroundings; enclosure; fence; frame; mounting; setting; casing; connections; associates; company. **-rant**¹⁸, *adj.*: surrounding, enclosing, etc. **-rer**¹⁵, *tr.*: surround (enclose); hem around; encircle; wreath; clasp; set; be about; associate with; *refl.*: surround one's self with (*de*). **-rner**¹³, *tr.*: †surround, enclose, etc.; (*nav.*) wind (a rope). **-rner**¹⁵ [*en, tour*], *f.*: (of sleeves) sloping; arm-hole: *être gêné aux —s*, be ill at ease.

entozoaire¹⁸ [*Gr. entōs, inside, zoōn, small animal*], *m.*: animal, living in the body of other animals.

entr- [*entre*]: **-accorder**¹¹, *refl.*: agree together. **-accuser**¹¹, *refl.*: accuse each other. **-acte**¹⁶, *m.*: interval between the acts (at the theatre); intermission; interlude; (*mus.*) entr'act. **-aider**¹¹, *refl.*: help each other.

entraîles⁹ [*p. L. intrālia (L. intra, inside)*], *f. pl.*: entrails; bowels; feelings; heart; pity.

entr'aimer¹¹ [*entre, aimer*], *refl.*: love each other.

entrain¹⁵ [*en, train*], *m.*: animation (ardor, spirit; life; conviviality). **-trainable**¹⁵, *adj.*: impulsive; enticeable; excitable. **-trainant**¹⁷, *adj.*: fascinating; overpowering; carrying away; alluring; training. **-trainement**¹⁷, *m.*: carrying away; impulse; force; animation; enthusiasm; temptation; fascination; mistake; training (horses, etc.). **-traîner**¹¹ [*en, trainer*], *tr.*: drag along; carry away (lead on, impel; draw along; win; fascinate; overpower; allure; excite; animate); involve; cause; turn (the scale); train (horses, etc.). **-traîneur**, *m.*: one who trains; horse-trainer.

entrail⁹ [*p. L. *intractus (L. in, trahere, drag)*], *m.*: (carp.) tie-beam.

entrant¹¹ [*-trer*], *adj.*: entering; insinuating; *m.*: incomer; ingoer.

entr'appeler¹¹ [*entre, appeler*], *refl.*: call each other.

entravaille¹³ [*en, travail*], *tr.*: hinder or bind with fetters: *oiseau-vaillé*, bird with a stick passed between the outstretched wings and the feet.

entrave¹⁵, *f.* (mostly in pl.): clog; fetter; shackle; bond; hindrance, restraint.

-traver¹⁴ [*en, OFr. -tréf (L. trabs, beam)*], *tr.*: clog; fetter; trammel; bind, tie; entangle; impede; oppose; thwart.

entr'avertir¹⁵ [*entre, avertir*], *refl.*: inform each other; warn each other.

entravon¹⁰ [*entrave*], *m.*: leather strap (for attaching a clog to a horse).

entre⁹ [*L. inter, between*], *prep.*: between; among; with; in; into; (in composition) mutually; partly; a little, somewhat.

entre- [*entre, bef. cons't*]: **-bâillement**¹⁵ [*-bâiller*], *m.*: part-opening; standing partly open. **-bâiller**¹⁴, *tr.*: half open (a door, etc.). **-baiser**¹⁰, *refl.*: kiss each other. **-bande**¹⁴, *f.*: piece of (different coloured) string or ribbon (tied to a roll of cloth). **-bas**¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: defect (in a piece of cloth). **-battre**¹¹, *irr.*; *refl.*: fight each other. **-blesser**¹², *refl.*: wound each other. **-caresser**¹⁵, *refl.*: caress each other. **-céder**¹⁵, *refl.*: yield to each other; give up. **-chat**¹⁶ [*-chasser*], *m.*: (*danc.*) caper (a leap during which the feet are quickly knocked against each other). **-choquer**¹⁵, *refl.*: strike, knock against each other.

entr'éclaircir¹⁶ [*entre, éclaircir*], *refl.*: inform or enlighten each other.

entre- [entre]: **-colonne(ment)**¹⁵, m.: intercolumniation (space between columns). **-communiquer**¹⁵, refl.: communicate with each other. **-connaître**¹¹, irr., refl.: know each other. **-côte**¹⁷, m. or f.: piece off the ribs, piece of meat. **-coupe**¹² [couper], f.: space between two spherical vaults or arches; intersection; turning space. **-couper**¹¹ [couper], tr.: intersect, cross, cut; interrupt; refl.: cut each other; intersect each other; cross; cut. **-cours**¹¹, m.: exchange; agreement (by which inhabitants of two adjoining provinces may reside in each other's territory and retain their rights); interchange of pasturage between several communes. **-croisement**¹⁵ [-croiser], m.: intersection, crossing. **-croiser**¹⁵, tr.: cross (lay crosswise); refl.: cross each other. **-cueillir**¹⁵ *keu'vir*, tr.: gather at intervals, gather (fruits, etc.) in a measure as they mature or ripen. **-cuisse(s)**¹⁵, m.: space between the thighs. **-dé-chirer**¹⁵, refl.: tear each other to pieces. **-demander**¹², refl.: ask each other (something) mutually. **-déposser**¹⁵, refl.: dispossess, oust each other. **-détruire**¹⁵, irr., refl.: destroy each other. **-deux**¹¹, m.: space between two things; partition; pier-piece (of furniture); pier; insertion; (of cod) middle; balk; waist (of a ship); trough or hollow (of the sea). **-devoir**¹⁵, refl.: owe each other. **-dévorer**¹⁴, refl.: devour each other. **-dire**¹², irr., refl.: tell each other; **-donner**¹⁰, refl.: give each other.

entrée¹¹ [-trer], f.: entering; admission; entrance (entry); reception; access; passage; opening; beginning; birth; importation; duty; entrance fee; admission-ticket; free admission; seat; first-course side dish; dish: *droit d'—*, import duty.

entre- [entre]: **-faite**¹² [fait], 'intermediate act,' in *sur l'—, sur ces —s*, while this was going on, in the midst of all this, in the meantime. **-fesse**¹⁵ [fesse], f.: space between the buttocks. **-fession** [fesse], m.: space between the buttocks. **-fillet**¹⁵, m.: short paragraph. **-flatter**¹⁵, refl.: flatter each other. **-frapper**¹⁵, refl.: strike each other. **-froiser**¹², refl.: bruise, etc., each other. **-frotter**¹⁵, refl.: rub against each other. **-garder**¹⁵, refl.: protect each other, etc. **-gent**¹⁴ [gent], f.ways of the world (civility); skill in handling people (tact).

entrégorgier¹⁵ [entre, égorger], refl.: cut each other's throat.

entre- [entre]: **-gratter**¹⁵ [gratter], refl.: scratch each other. **-haïr**¹¹, refl.: hate each other. **-heurter**¹¹, refl.:

hurt each other; get hurt against each other. **-lacement**¹¹ [-lacer], m.: interlacing, interweaving, intermixing; wreathing; twisting; blending. **-lacer**¹¹ [lacer], tr.: interlace, intertwine, interweave, intermix; wreath; twist; blend. **-lacs**¹¹ [-lacer], m.: twine; interlaced ornament; flourishes. **-larder**¹¹, tr.: interlard; refl.: pierce each other. **-ligne**¹⁵, m.: interline; interlineation (space or insertion between two lines); parenthesis, digression. **-luire**¹⁴, irr., intr.: glimmer, flicker. **-manger**¹⁵, refl.: eat or devour each other. **-mêler**¹¹, tr.: intermix, mix up or together; interweave; twist; blend; refl.: meddle. **-mesurer**¹⁵, refl.: measure each other. **-mets**¹¹, m.: second course; dish (coming between roast meat and dessert). **-motteur**¹⁵, **-ense** [-mettre], m., f.: go-between (gen'lly in bad sense); meddler, procurer, procuress. **-mettre**¹¹, irr., refl.: interpose; intercede; (inter)meddle. **-mise**¹¹ [-mettre], f.: interposition, interference; mediation; agency; (nav.) carling. **-modillon**¹⁵, m.: (arch.) intermodillion (space bet. two modillions). **-mordre**¹², irr., refl.: bite each other. **-nerj**¹⁷, m.: space between two cordings (on back of a book). **-noeud**¹⁵, m.: internode (space between two nodes or points on the stem of a plant).

entr'entendre¹² [entre, entendre], refl.: listen to each other.

entre- [entre]: **-nuire**¹², irr., refl.: hurt or injure each other. **-pas**¹⁴ [pas], m.: ambling pace (of a horse). **-payer**¹¹, refl.: pay each other. **-percer**¹², refl.: pierce each other. **-piéd**¹⁵, m.: pedestal, support; circular space (in a millstone). **-pilastre**¹⁷, m.: interpilaster (space bet. two pilasters). **-pointiller**¹⁷, tr.: interpoint; intermix with dots. **-pont**¹⁷, m.: (nav.) between-decks; under-deck: *passager d'—*, steerage passenger. **-pos**¹⁵ [-poser], m.: rest, pastime. **-poser**¹¹, tr.: bond, warehouse. **-poseur**¹⁵ [-pôt], m.: warehouse-keeper. **-positaire**¹⁵ [-poser], m., f.: bonder. **-pôt**¹⁵ [-poser], m.: warehouse; store; bonded warehouse; free port; mart; emporium; bond; entrepôt. **-pousser**¹⁵, refl.: push each other; push against each other. **-prendre**¹¹ [-prendre], adj.: enterprising; pushing; bold; encroaching. **-prendre**¹⁵, irr., tr.: undertake; contract for (or to); endeavour; lay hold of; effect, seize; intr.: encroach, intrench; intrude; make an attempt. **-preneur**¹⁵, **-ense** [-prendre], m., f.: undertaker; contractor; builder; master; manufacturer; maker. **-pres-**

sér¹³, *refl.*: crowd each other. **-préter**¹³, *refl.*: lend each other. **-prise**¹¹ [*-prendre*], *f.*: enterprise, undertaking, contract; attempt; encroachment; usurpation; violence; establishment: à l'—, by contrast. **-produire**¹³, *irr.*: *refl.*: produce mutually. **-querreller**¹³, *refl.*: quarrel with each other. **-quitter**¹³, *refl.*: leave each other.

entrer⁹ [L. *intrare* (intro, inward)], *intr.*: enter; go in, come in; go on; penetrate; begin; contribute; share; be concerned in; be; *tr.*: bring or carry in; take in; get in; get on; let in; (book-keep.) enter: — en âge, *be* of age; — en maison, become a servant; — en religion, become a monk or nun.

entre- [*entre*]: **-regarder**¹², *refl.*: look at each other. **-répondre**¹³, *refl.*: answer each other. **-secourir**¹³, *refl.*: help or assist each other. **-sol**¹⁷ [*-sole*, floor], *m.*: rooms between two floors; suite of rooms bet. ground-floor and first floor; mezzanine-floor. **-soutenir**¹³, *irr.* (cf. *tenir*); *refl.*: support, sustain each other. **-suivre**¹³, *irr.*: *refl.*: follow each other. 1. **-taille**¹⁷ [*taille*], *f.*: (eng.) interline. 2. **-taille**¹⁷ [*-tailleur*], *f.*: cutting itself (of horses); (dancing) act of placing one foot in the place of the other (raised). **-tailleur**¹³, *tr.*: cut, interfere. **-taillure**¹⁴ [*-tailleur*], *f.*: cutting; wound (on a horse, having cut itself). **-temps**¹¹ [OFr. *entre-tant*], *adv.*: interval, meantime, meanwhile; *m.*: interval, meanwhile. **-tènement**¹⁴ [*-tenir*], *m.*: keeping in repair; maintenance; support. **-tenir**¹⁴, **-ense-trèl'n-** [*-tenir*], *m.*, *f.*: keeper (of women); person who maintains. **-tenir**¹¹ **-trèl'n-** [*-tenir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: hold; hold or keep together; keep up; sustain; support; keep; feed; keep alive; keep in; converse with; **ENTER-TAIN**; cherish: s'—, keep up; maintain; support; preserve; keep in repair; entertain; talk. **-tien**¹³ [*-tenir*], *m.*: maintaining, keeping in repair; maintenance, support; livelihood; conversation; discourse; communication; conference. **-toile**¹³, *f.*: cutwork; open work. **-toise**¹¹ [?], *f.*: intertie, interduce; tie-piece, crosspiece. **-toucher**¹⁴, *refl.*: touch each other. **-tromper**¹³, *refl.*: deceive each other. **-tuer**¹¹, *refl.*: kill each other, murder each other. **-visiter**¹³, *refl.*: visit each other. **-voie** [*voie*], *m.*: space between two parallel railroads. 1. **-voir**¹³, *tr.*; *tr.*: see partly, but a little indistinctly; catch a glimpse of; perceive; have an imperfect idea of; see through; 2. **-voir**¹⁰, *irr.*; *refl.*: see each other; visit each other.

-vous¹³ [?], *m.*: interjoist. **-vue**¹⁴ [*-voir*], *f.*: interview, meeting.

entriguer¹³ [? *intrigue*, work], *m.*: gens de l'—, people of importance.

entr'immoler¹³ [*entre*, *immoler*]; *refl.*: immolate one's self or each other.

entr'instruire¹³ [*entre*, *instruire*], *irr.*; *refl.*: instruct each other.

entripaillé¹³ [*en*, *tripaille*], *adj.*: swag-bellied.

entropion¹⁷ [Gr. *en*, in, *trépein*, turn], *m.*: entropion, entropion (reversion of the eyelashes).

entroque¹⁷ [l. L. *-trochus* (Gr. *en*, in, *tróchos*, disk)], *m.*: entrochite (a fossil made up of petrified starfishes).

entr'ouir¹² [*entre*, *ouir*], *tr.*: hear partly, indistinctly or poorly.

entr'ouverture¹³, *f.*: (rare) standing part open; shoulder-pitch (in horses).

||-ouvrir¹⁰ [*entre*, *ouvrir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: open a little, half-open; open, rend.

enture¹⁷ [*enter*], *f.*: incision, cut (for grafting); scarf, scarf point; pegs; insertion (of a thread).

énucléation¹⁴ [L. *-cleare* (e, out, nucleus, kernel), remove the kernel], *f.*: enucleation; removal of a tumour; solution (of a difficulty).

énumérateur¹³, *m.*: enumerator. **-ratif**¹⁷, **-ive**, *adj.*: enumerative. **-ration**¹³ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: enumeration. **||-rèr**¹⁷ [L. *enumerare* (ex, out, numerus, number)], *tr.*: enumerate.

enva-hir⁹ [p. L. **in-vādīre* (L. *-vādere*, go in)], *tr.*: INVADE (overrun); over-spread; overgrow; encroach on; grasp; fill; absorb. **-hissant**¹⁷, *adj.*: invading, overgrowing, etc. **-hissement**¹¹, *m.*: invasion; encroachment; usurpation. **-hisseur**¹³, *m.*: invader.

envaler¹⁷ [*en*, *val*], *tr.*: keep (a hoop-net) open (by means of a branch, made into a hoop).

enva-sement¹³, *m.*: filling up or choking with mud or silt. **||-ser**¹³ [*en*, *vase*], *tr.*: fill or choke with mud or silt; *refl.*: get stuck (in mud or silt).

enveillo-tage¹³, *m.*: cooking (hay or grass). **||-ter**¹³ [*en*, *veillote*], *tr.*: cock (hay, etc.).

envelop-pant¹⁷, *adj.*: enveloping, enclosing. **-pe**¹³, *f.*: envelope; wrapper; cover(ing); casing; shell; peel; (anat.) coat; (of an eye) tunic; exterior, skin. **-pée**¹⁷, *f.*: (geom.) line enclosed by another; involute. **||-pement**¹³, *m.*: envelopement, wrapping, enveloping. **||-per**¹³ [*en*, root *velop-* (?)], *tr.*: envelop; wrap; shroud; muffle; disguise; hide; involve; beset.

envenimer¹¹ [*en*, *venin*], *tr.*: envenom; irritate; exasperate.

enverger¹⁷ [en, verge], tr.: wicker; distribute (the pulp in the fabrication of paper). **-geure**¹⁷, f.: wickering; distributing (pulp).

enver-guer¹⁶ [en, vergue], tr.: (nav.) bend (sails) to the yards. **-gure**¹⁶, f.: span (of the wings of a bird); bending (of sails) to the yards.

ten-verjere = **envergeure**.

1. **en-vers**¹⁰ [en, vers], prep.: towards, to, against: — *et contre tous*, through thick and thin. 2. **-vers**⁹ [L. in-versus (vertere, turn)], m.: wrong side; under side; reverse; back: à l—, on the wrong side; upset; beside one's self. **-ver-ser**¹⁷, tr.: turn upside down; rub reverse of.

1. **en-vi**¹⁵ [1.-vier], m.: †challenge; (game) bet, additional stake: à l— de, in struggle or contention with, in spite of; emulously, eagerly.

2. **en-vi(s)** [L. invite, against will], adv.: reluctantly.

enviable¹³ [2.-vier], adj.: enviable.

envider¹⁷ [en, root of dévider], tr.: fill (a bobbin, etc., with thread).

envie⁹ [L. invidia, ENVY], f.: envy; desire; inclination; want; longing; whim; flaw; hang-nail; small piece of skin.

ten-vieil-lir¹¹ [en, vieil], tr.: make old; make inveterate.

1. **en-vier**⁹ [L. invitare, invite, challenge], tr.: †challenge; add an additional stake (in playing).

2. **en-vier**¹² [envie], tr.: envy (grudge); wish for (long for, covet, desire); refuse. **-vieux**¹¹, **-euse** [envie], adj.: envious; m., f.: envious person.

enviné¹² [en, vin], adj.: saturated with, smelling of wine.

en-vi-ron¹⁰ [en, OFr. viron, tour], prep.: about; adv.: whereabouts; m.: surrounding(s). **-ronnant**¹⁸ [ronner], adj.: surrounding. **-ronner**¹¹, tr.: environ (surround); stand around or about; beset.

envisager¹⁵ [en, visage], tr.: look in the face of; look at; consider; view.

envoi¹¹ [-voyer], m.: sending; expedition; thing sent; consignment; parcel; message; ENVOY: lettre d'—, letter of advice.

envoiler¹⁶ [en, voile], refl.: (of metals) bend, warp.

envoisiner¹⁵ [en, voisin], tr.: surround with neighbours.

envo-lér¹¹ [en, voler, fly], refl.: fly away (fly; escape; vanish). **-lée**¹⁵, part. f.: flying away; escaping; disappearing.

envoû-tement¹³, m.: magical charm. **[-ter]**¹² [en, OFr. rout, image (L. vultus, face)], tr.: charm; bewitch; represent

by means of a wax face evils that will fall back upon another.

en-voyer¹⁵ [en, voie], tr.: send; forward; dispatch; commit; give; shy; address; convey; curse; banter. **-voy-eur**¹⁴, **-euse**, m., f.: sender; dispatcher; adj.: sending.

éo-le [L. Aëolus (Gr. Aiolos)], m.: god of the winds; wind. **-lien**¹⁷, **-enne**, adj.: Eolian: harpe éolienne, Eolian harp. **-li-pile**, **-lippyle** [L. pila, ball], m.: eolipile; apparatus for driving away smoke.

éon¹⁷ [L. æon (Gr. aion, time)], m.: æon; (phil.) power, emanating from the supreme being, creating and governing the world.

épac-tal¹⁷, adj.: epactal. **[-te]**¹¹ [L. -ta (Gr. epaktá, sc. heméra, added day)], f.: epact.

épagueul⁹, **-eule** [p. L. *hispaniolus (L. Hispania, Spain)], m., f.: SPANIEL.

épagomène¹⁷ [Gr. epagómenos (epí, to, ágein, bring)], adj.: (chronol.) added: jour —, one of the five days the Egyptians and Chaldeans added to the year of 360 days to complete the solar year.

épatt-lage¹³, m.: husking; purifying. **[-ler]**¹¹ [é, paille], tr.: husk; purify (metals).

épai-s⁹, **-sse** [L. spissus, thick], adj.: thick; large; dull; heavy; gross; profound. **-sueur**¹⁵, f.: thickness; density; thick part; breadth; dullness. **-ssir**¹², tr.: thicken; become thick; refl.: grow thick or dense; grow stout; get dull. **-ssement**¹⁵, m.: thickening; swelling.

épal-ement¹⁶, m.: measuring (a jar with liquids). **[-ler]**¹² [?], tr.: measure (a jar with liquids).

épan-prage¹⁶, **-prement**¹⁶, m.: pruning (a vine). **[-prer]**¹⁵ [é, pampre], tr.: free (a vine) of its branches, prune.

épan-chement¹⁶ [-cher], m.: outpouring (effusion); overflow(ing); outburst; opening; discharge. **-cher**⁹ [p. L. *expandicare], tr.: pour out; shed; flow; gush; open (a boil); discharge; vent; unbosom one's self to. **-choir**¹⁷ [-cher], m.: outlet; drain. **-dage**¹³, m.: spreading (of manure). **[-épan-dre]**⁹ [L. ex-pandere, spread-out], tr.: pour out (shed; spill; spread; throw out); stretch (extend, expand).

épanne-lage¹⁸, m.: cantlings; cantles. **[-ler]**¹⁷ [é, panneau], tr.: cantle.

épanner¹⁶ [é, pan], tr.: remove a piece from; cantle.

épanorthose¹⁶ [L. -thosis, reparation (Gr. epí, again, and, up, straight, orthoîn, set)], f.: épanorthosis (a figure in rhet. by which a speaker recalls what he has said to substitute something more effective).

épa-nouir¹¹ [Germ. *spannen*, span], *tr.*: expand (spread); open (of a flower): *s*—, expand (spread); open (blow, as a flower); brighten; gladden. **-nouissement**¹⁵, *m.*: expansion; blowing, opening (of a flower); brightening; cheering.

épar¹¹ [OHG. *sparro* (Ger. *sparren*, beam)], *m.*: beam, joist, bar, bolt; crosspiece, cross-bar.

é-(s)pareet¹⁵, *m.*, **-(s)pareette**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*, *f.*: (*dial.*) sainfoin, French grass.

éparer¹⁵ [It. *sparare*, dart], *tr.*: fling, throw (as a horse).

épar-quant¹⁵, *adj.*: saving, economising. **-gne**¹⁵, *f.*: saving; economising; economy; kind of pear: *caisse d*—, savings-bank; *gravure, taille en* —, (*enr.*) reserve. **||-gne**¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *sparen*, save], *tr.*: SPARE (save, lay by); manage; be sparing (of husband); varnish.

éparpil-lement¹², *m.*: scattering; dispersion. **||-ler**¹¹ [*? p. L. *sarpiliäre* (L. *spargere*, scatter)], *tr.*: scatter (disperse, squander); arrange (the light in painting): *s*—, be scattered (about); waste one's thoughts; divide one's attention; be divided.

†éparre = *épar*.

épars⁹, **-arse** [L. *sparvus* (*spargere*, scatter)], *adj.*: scattered (SPARSE; straggling); dishevelled.

1. **†épart** = *épar*.

2. **†épart** = *sparte*.

3. **6-part**¹¹, *m.*: lightning; heat lightning. **-partir**¹¹ [*é. partir*, *irr.*; *tr.*: †divide; spread; shed, spill.

éparvin¹² [*?*], *m.*: SPAVIN (swelling on a horse's leg).

épa-tant¹⁵, *adj.*: fussing; amazing; upsetting. **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: fuss; amazement; upsetting; flatness (of the nose). **||-ter**¹⁵ [*é. patte*], *tr.*: deprive (a glass, etc.) of the foot; cause to fall on all fours; flatten, taper upwards.

épai-frer¹⁷ [*?*], *tr.*: chip; cause to burst; scratch. **-frère**¹⁷, *f.*: chipping, scratch.

épai-lard¹⁵, *m.*: grampus (kind of fish).

||épai-le⁹ [L. *spathula*, spatula], *f.*: shoulders; (*mil.*) epaule. **-lée**¹⁵, *f.*: shouldering (push with the shoulder); fore-quarter (of mutton); kind of bivalve shell. **-lement**¹⁵ [*ler*], *m.*: shoulder; epaulement; breastwork. **-ler**¹², *tr.*: injure the shoulder of; splay; bring (gun) to the shoulder; support; protect with an epaulement; give (to the bow of ship) a more rounded form. **-letier**¹⁵ [*lette*], *m.*: epaulet-maker; epaulet-merchant. **-lette**¹⁵, *f.*: shoulder-piece; epaulet; shoulder-strap; brace; shoulder-plate. **-lière**¹¹, *f.*: shoulder-plate; strap; epaulet.

épave¹² [L. *ex-pavidus* (*pavere*, fear)], *adj.*: stray, strayed; *f.*: stray; waif; wreck.

épeautre⁹ [L. *spelta*], *m.*: spelt; great-barley; bearded wheat.

épée⁹ [L. *spatha* (Gr.)], *f.*: sword; swordsman; military profession: — *de cheval*, adviser; hobby; — *de mer*, swordfish.

épeiche¹⁵ [Ger. *specht*, woodpecker], *f.*: (*dial.*) great spotted woodpecker.

é-peler¹⁰ [Goth. *spillon*, narrate], *tr.*: explain, signify; spell. **-pellation**¹⁷, *f.*: spelling.

épenchyme¹⁵ [Gr. *-moz*, injection (*epi*, intensive, *en*, in, *chumós*, juice)], *m.*: vegetable tissue (in which starchy matter exists).

épendyme¹⁵ [Gr. *epénduma* (*epi*, on, *énduma*, clothing)], *m.*: ependuma (lining membrane of the ventricles of the brain and spine).

épen-thèse¹⁶ [L. *epenthesis* (Gr. *en*, in, *tithénai*, put)], *f.*: epenthesis (insertion of a letter or syllable in the middle of a sentence or word). **-thétique**¹⁷ [Gr. *thetikós*], *adj.*: epenthetic.

éper-du¹¹ [old *es-perdre*, lose completely], *adj.*: distracted, bewildered; dismayed. **-dument**¹⁵, *adv.*: distractedly, desperately.

éporlan¹² [Ger. *spierling*, SPARLING], *m.*: smelt (a small fish).

épe-ron¹⁰ [OHG. *sporon* (= Ger. *sporn*, SPUR)], *m.*: spur (in all its various meanings); gaffe (of game-cocks); crow's-foot; wrinkles; buttress; pier; breakwater; starling; beak-head, prow; rostrum (of a ship); breaker. **-ronné**¹⁶, *adj.*: spurred, having a spur. **-ronnelle**¹⁶, *f.*: general name for several plants as the crosswort, etc. **-ronner**¹⁵, *tr.*: spur (a horse, etc.); spur on, stimulate; gaffe; wrinkle (the eyes). **-ronnerie**¹⁵ [*ronnier*], *f.*: spur-making (trade); spurs. **-ronnier**¹², **-ronnière**, *m.*, *f.*: spurrier, spurmaker; polyplectron, Indian peacock; *f.*: larkspur; columbine; toad-flax (plants).

éper-vier¹⁰ [OHG. *sparuari* (Ger. *sperber*)], *m.*: sparrow-hawk, hawk; (*fish.*) sweep-net. **-vière**¹⁷, *f.*: hawk-weed (a plant).

†épervin = *éparvin*.

épeu-ler¹² [*é. poil*], *tr.*: thread out, remove the threads from. **-leuse**¹⁵, *f.*: woman removing the threads from; remover.

6-phèbe¹⁶ [L. *ephebus* (Gr. *éphebos*)], *m.*: (Gr. *ant.*) ephebe, young man (betw. 15 and 20 years). **-phébie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-phebia*], *f.*: organisation of young men for defending Greece.

éphédre¹⁷ [L. *ephedra* (Gr. *-dra*)], *f.*: ephedra, shrubby horse-tail (a plant).

éphélide¹⁷ [L. *his* (Gr. *epi*, upon, *hélion*, sun)], *f.*: ephelide, freckle, spot; scorch; discolouration of the skin.

éphé-mère¹² [Gr. *ephēmeros* (*epi*, for, *hemēra*, day)], *adj.*: ephemeral (lasting for a day); *m.*, *f.*: ephemera, ephemeran, day-fly (insecta); spiderwort (a plant).
-méri-de¹⁵ [L. *ephemeris*], *f.*: ephemeris (day-book, etc.). **-méri-ne**¹⁷, *f.*: ephemeran (an insect); spiderwort (a plant).

épidrose¹⁷ [Gr. *epidrosis* (*epi*, on, *hídros*, sweat)], *f.*: insufficient perspiration.

éphod¹⁸ [Heb.], *m.*: (Jewish antiq.) ephod (kind of girdle, belonging to the sacerdotal habit).

é-phorat¹⁸ *m.*: (Gr. antiq.) ephorality.
phore¹⁸ [L. *ephorus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *horán*, see)], *m.*: (Gr. antiq.) ephor (one of the five magistrates or overseers in Sparta).

é-pi¹⁸ [p. L. *spicus* (L. *spica*, ear of corn)], *m.*: ear (of corn); SPIKE; cluster; top; top-knot; tuft (of hair), cowlick; (*surg.*) spica; common name of several gramineous plants: — *d'eau*, pond-weed.
-pi-ce¹⁸ [*épier*, ear], *m.*: earing.
-pi-ai-re¹⁸, *f.*: kind of herbaceous plant.
-pi-ai-on¹⁸ [*épier*, ear], *f.*: earing.

épicarpe¹⁷ [Gr. *epi*, on, *karpós*, wrist], *m.*: (med.) topic (or poultice) applied to the wrist.

épicarpe¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *karpós*, fruit], *m.*: epicarp (external layer of the pericarp or fruit).

épicaume¹⁷ [Gr. *epikauma* (*epi*, on, *katein*, burn)], *m.*: (med.) blistering (of the cornea).

épice¹⁰ [L. *species*, substance], *f.*: SPICE; court-fees: *pain d'—*, gingerbread.

épicea¹⁵ [= *picéa*], *m.*: pitch-pine.

épice-ne¹⁸ [L. *epicanus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *koinós*, common)], *adj.*: epicene (common to both sexes).

épi-cep¹² [-ce], *tr.*: season; charge; lay it on; salt; tax spices; make fun of.
-erie¹², *f.*: spices; grocery trade; grocer's store; grocers' trade-union.

épichérème¹⁷ [L. *epichirema* (Gr. *cheirema*, attack)], *m.*: epichirema (a syllogism in which the proof is introduced with the premises, and the conclusion is derived as usual).

épici-er¹² [-ce], *m.*, *f.*: grocer; small tradesman; vulgar man or woman.

épico-rollé¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, Fr. *corolle*], *adj.*: having the corolla fastened to the ovary (of a plant).

épi-crâ-ne¹⁷ [Gr. *epi*, on, *kranion*, cranium], *m.*: epicranium (things as hair, etc., covering the cranium or head). **-ne**¹⁸ [Gr. *epikrânios*], *adj.*: (anat.) pertaining to the epicranium. **-nen**, **-enne**, *adj.*: epicranian.

épica-rien¹⁸, **-enne** [L. *epicurus* (Gr. *Epikouros*, Gr. philosopher)], *adj.*: epicurean. **-risme**¹⁵ [L. *epicurius*], *m.*: epicurism.

épiey-cle¹⁸ [L. *-clus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *kúklos*, circle)], *m.*: (astr.) epicycle (a circle whose centre moves in a larger circle).
-cloïde¹⁵ [Gr. *epi-kúklos*], *adj.*: epicycloid.

épidé-mie¹¹ [L. *epidemia* (Gr. *epi*, among, *démos*, people)], *f.*: epidemic (a general disease). **-mique**¹⁵, *adj.*: epidemic. **-miquement**¹⁵, *adv.*: epidemically.

épider-me¹⁵ [L. *epidermis* (Gr. *epi*, on, *dérma*, skin)], *m.*: epidermis, cuticle, scarf-skin. **-mique**¹⁵, *adj.*: epidermic.

épidictique¹⁸ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *deiknūnai*, show)], *adj.*: epideictic, demonstrating.

épididy-me¹⁶ [L. *-mus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *didumos*, testicle)], *m.*: (anat.) epididymis (a canal formed by the union of all the seminiferous vessels folded upon themselves). **-mite**¹⁸, *f.*: inflammation of the epididymis.

épidiscal¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *dískos*, disk], *adj.*: (bot.) discal; situated on the disk.

épidote¹⁸ [Gr. *-dotēs* (*epi*, *didónai*, grow)], *m.*: epidote.

épié¹⁸ [*épi*], *adj.*: eared; in ear; spicated; (of a dog's tail) ending in a tuft.

épie¹⁰, *f.*: spy. **1.-pi-er**¹⁰ [OHG. *spēhōn* (Ger. *spāhen*, spy)], *tr.*: SPY, watch, listen.

2.-pi-er¹² [*épi*, ear], *intr.*: ear (as corn).

épier-rage¹⁸, **-rement**, *m.*: cleaning of stones. **1.-rer**¹⁶ [*é-pierre*], *tr.*: clear of stones; rub or scrape (a skin) with a stone.

é-pien¹⁰ [Germ. *c speot*, spear], *m.*: boar-hunting-spear; heavy weapon.

épieur¹¹, **-euse** [*épier*, spy], *m.*, *f.*: spy, watcher, listener, eavesdropper.

épigas-tre¹⁵ [Gr. *epigastrium* (*epi*, on, *gastér*, stomach)], *m.*: (anat.) epigastrium (upper part of the abdomen). **-trique**¹⁵, *adj.*: epigastric.

épigé¹⁷ [Gr. *epigaios* (*epi*, on, *gata*, earth)], *adj.*: epigeous, growing on top of soil; *f.*: epigaea, kind of a bush.

épigé-nèse¹⁷ [Gr. *epi*, on, *génésis*, birth], *f.*: epigenesis. **-nésique**¹⁵, *adj.*: epigene. **-nie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-nēd*, birth], *f.*: (min.) epigneny, change of nature without changing form (of a crystal).

épigeonner¹⁶ [*é-pigeonner*], *tr.*: plaster, overlay, daub.

épiglot-te¹² [L. *-tis* (Gr. *epi*, on, *glōtta*, tongue)], *f.*: epiglottis. **-tite**¹⁸, *f.*: epiglottitis (inflammation of the epiglottis).

épigone¹⁷ [Gr. *epi-gonos*, descendant], *m.*: epigone (hero of the second Theban war); person in the second generation; follower.

épi-grammatique¹⁴ [L. *-grammaticus*], *adj.*: epigrammatic. **-grammatiquement**¹⁵, *adv.*: epigrammatically. **-grammatiste**¹⁵ [L. *-grammatista*], *m.*: epigrammatist. **-gramme**¹³ [Gr. *-gramma*], *f.*: epigram; small piece of meat. **||-graphie**¹⁶ [Gr. *-graphé* (*epi*, on, *gráphein*, write)], *f.*: inscription; epigraph. **-graphie**¹⁵, *f.*: epigraphy (science of the study of inscriptions). **-graphique**¹⁸ [*-graphie*], *adj.*: epigraphic. **-graphiste**¹⁸ [*-graphie*], *m., f.*: student of epigraphs.

épigyne¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *gúne*, female], *adj.*: (*bot.*) epigynous.

épilance = *épilence*.

épilation¹⁸ [*-ler*], *f.*: depilation. **-latoire**¹⁷ [*-ler*], *adj.*: (*d*)epilatory, hair-destroying.

épilence¹⁵, **-lepsie** [L. L. *-lepsia*, L. *-lepsia* (Gr. *epi*, on, *lambánein*, seize)], *f.*: epilepsy, falling-sickness. **-leptiforme**¹⁸ [*-leptique*, *forme*], *adj.*: epileptiform, resembling epilepsy. **-leptique**¹² [L. *-lepticus*], *adj.*: epileptic; subject to epilepsy; *m.*: epileptic.

épi-ler¹⁷ [*é*, L. *pilus*, hair], *tr.*: depilate, pull the hair off; take out the gray hairs; skim (molten pewter). **-leur**¹⁸, **-euse**, *m., f.*: depilator.

épillet¹⁷ [*epi*, ear], *m.*: (*bot.*) spikelet.

épilobe¹⁷ [L. L. *epilobius* (Gr. *epi*, on, *lobós*, lobe)], *m.*: epilobium (willow-herb).

épilo-gue¹¹ [L. *epilogus* (Gr. *epi-légein*, say in addition)], *m.*: epilogue (short speech or poem at the close of a performance; summing up; conclusion). **-guer**¹⁴, *tr.*: tsum up, recapitulate; find fault with; censure. **-guer**¹⁶, **-euse** [*-guer*], *m., f.*: fault-finder, hair-splitter, censorer.

épilure¹⁷ [*-ler*], *f.*: slag, dross (of molten pewter or tin).

épi-naie¹¹ [*-ne*], *f.*: thicket of thorny bushes, spinny. **-nard**¹⁸ [Sp. *espinaca* (L. *spina*, thorn)], *m.*: spinach (spinach); spinach-green: *épaulette à graine d'-s*, with bullion, distinguishing superior officers. **-narde**¹⁶ [*-ne*], *f.*: (*dial.*) stickleback (a fish).

épi-cage¹⁴, **-eelage**¹⁴ [*-eler*], *m.*: burling. **-eeler**¹⁷, *tr.*: burl. **||-eer**¹¹ [*é*, *pince*], *tr.*: burl (cloth); prune (a tree); cut (stone) with a paving-hammer. **-eer**¹⁷ [*é*, *pincette*], *tr.*: sharpen (claws and beak of a falcon). **-eette**¹⁵ [*é*, *pincette*], *f.*: burling-tweezers. **-eur**¹⁸, **-euse**, *m., f.*: burler. **-coir**¹⁶, *m.*: paver's hammer.

é-pine⁹ [L. *spina*, thorn], *f.*: thorn; SPINE (backbone): — *blanche*, hawthorn. **-pinette**¹⁸, *f.*: hemlock spruce; thorn hook (for fish); coop (for birds); spinet (an old mus. instr.); kind of harpsichord. **-pinene**⁹, **-euse** [L. *spinósus*], *adj.*: thorny; spiny; knotty (difficult); spine-like. **-pine-vinette**¹⁵ [*-pine*, *vignette*], *f.*: kind of a wild vine, having very sour grapes. **-pingle**⁹ [L. *spinula*, small thorn], *f.*: pin; scarf-pin; *pl.*: pin-money, gratuity, bonus: *tirer son — du jeu*, get out of a difficulty in a skilful manner; ice-crystal (in ice-cream); small drop of (molten) pewter. **-pingler**¹⁷ [*-pingle*], *tr.*: pin, pin up; prick, clean (with a pin). **-pingle-rie**¹² [*-pinglier*], *f.*: manufacture of pins; pin-business. **-pinglier**¹², **-pinglière** [*-pingle*], *m., f.*: pin-maker; pin-vender; *m.*: pin-box; small horse-shoe-shaped piece on the bobbin of a sewing-machine. **-pinier**¹⁵, **-ière**, *adj.*: spinal; *f.*: hawthorn; *m.*: thicket of thorny bushes. **-pinoche**¹², *f.*: stickleback (a fish). **†-pinocher**¹⁵ [*-pinoche*], *intr.*: (*vulg.*) eat daintily; cause disgust; trifle, stand on trifles.

épipastique¹⁷ [Gr. *epipastos*, salt], *adj.*: (*pharm.*) *papier —*, paper covered with a sticky matter, upon which is spread cantharis or Spanish fly for blistering; Spanish fly.

épiphanie¹¹ [L. *-phania* (Gr. *epi*, *phainein*, show forth)], *f.*: epiphany (manifestation of Jesus to the magi of the East); festival celebrated on Jan. 6th.

épiphonème¹⁵ [L. *-ma* (Gr. *epi*, *phonein*, say in addition)], *m.*: epiphonema (an exclamation summing up or concluding a speech).

épiphora¹⁷ [L. (Gr. *epi*, *pherein*, bring to)], *m.*: epiphora; the watery eye (disease caused by obstruction of the lacrimal ducts).

épiphragme¹⁸ [Gr. *-ma* (*epi*, *phrássein*, block up)], *m.*: epiphragm (membranous body by means of which certain mollusks close the opening of the shell in winter).

épiphyllé¹⁵ [Gr. *epi*, on, *phullón*, leaf], *adj.*: (*bot.*) epiphyllous, growing on the leaves of plants; epiphyllum (cactus).

épiphyse¹⁵ [Gr. *-phusis* (*epi*, *phúein*, grow upon)], *f.*: (*anat.*) epiphysis (a bony portion, attached to a bone by cartilage, changing later to a bone).

épiphyte¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *phutón*, plant], *adj.*: (*bot.*) epiphytal; *m.*: epiphyte (plant).

épi-plocèle¹⁵ [Gr. *epiploon*, *kéle*, tumour], *f.*: epiplocele (hernia of the epiploon). **-ploïque**¹⁵, *adj.*: epiploic. **-ploite**, *f.*: inflammation of the epiploon. **-plem-**

phale¹⁷ [-ploon, Gr. *omphalós*, navel], m.: hernia of the navel. || **-ploon**¹⁵ [Gr. *epiploon* (*epi*, *plein*, sail on, cover)], m.: (*anat.*) epiploon (a membranous expansion floating on the intestines).

épi-que¹⁶ [L. *epicus*, Gr. *-kos* (*épos*, song)], adj.: epic, heroic.

épiscopa-1¹³ [L. *-lis* (Gr. *epi-skopos*, overseer)], adj.: episcopal, pertaining to a bishop. **-lement**¹⁶, adv.: episcopally. **-t**¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], m.: episcopate; bishopric; bishops.

épiço-de¹⁴ [Gr. *ep-cis-odos*, a coming in besides], m.: episode, incident. **-dier**, tr.: divide into episodes. **-dique**¹⁶, adj.: episodic. **-diquement**¹⁶ [*-dique*], adv.: episodically.

épiphasique¹⁶ [Gr. *-tikós* (*epi*, *spán*, draw to)], adj.: epispastic, blistering; m.: plasters, kind of coleopterous insects.

épisperme¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *spérma*, seed], m.: epispem (outer coat of a seed); membranous sack with some algae.

épis-ser¹⁶ [Dutch *epitsen* (= Ger. *spitzen*, *splice*)], tr.: (*nav.*) splice. **-soir**¹⁶, m.: (*nav.*) marling-spike, fid. **-sure**, f.: (*nav.*) splice.

épistaminé¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, L. *stamina* (*stare*, stand), *stamens*], adj.: having double stamens on the pistil.

épister¹⁷ [*é*, *pistare*, pound], tr.: pound (in a mortar); crush.

épisto-laïre¹⁵ [L. *epistolaris* (*epistola*, letter)], adj.: epistolary; letter; m., f.: letter-writer. **-li-er** [L. *-la*], m., f.: letter-writer. **-lographe**¹⁸ [Gr. *-logrâphos* (*-lé*, letter, *grâphein*, write)], m.: famous letter-writer(s) (as Cicero, etc.).

épistyle¹⁵ [L. *epistylum* (Gr. *epi*, on, *stûlos*, column)], m.: (*antiq.*) epistyle (a heavy piece of stone or wood, placed on the abacus of a pillar or column).

épisylogisme¹⁸ [Ger. *-gismus* (Gr. *epi*, on, *sylogismós*, syllogism)], m.: episylogism (a sorites with two syllogisms in which one assumes the conclusion of the preceding syllogism as one of the premises).

építaphe¹¹ [L. *-phium* (Gr. *epi*, on, *taphé*, tomb)], f.: epitaph; inscription on a tombstone; eulogy; stone, etc., upon which epitaph is written.

építase¹⁶ [L. *-tasis* (Gr. *epi*, *teinéin*, stretch over)], f.: epitasis (part embracing main action of a play, poem, etc.); raising of the voice on syllable having the tonic accent in music.

épithalame¹⁵ [L. *-mium* (Gr. *epi*, on, *thálamos*, bridal bed)], f.: epithalamy, epithalamium (a bridal song).

épithé-lial¹⁸, adj.: pertaining to epithelium. **-lium**¹⁸ *-om* [Gr. *epi*, on, *thel*,

nipple], m.: (*anat.*) epithelium (layer of minute cells, covering many animal membranes).

épi-thème¹² [L. *-thema* (Gr. *epi*, *tithénai*, lay upon, add)], m.: epithem (topical application to the body); certain horny appendix (at the root of the beak of certain birds). **-thète**¹⁵ [L. *-thetum*], f.: epithet; title.

épitoge¹⁴ [L. *-togium* (*epi*, over, *toga*, toga)], f.: shoulder-knot; (*antiq.*) epitogium (garment worn over the toga).

épito-mé¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *epi*, *témnein*, cut on the surface)], epitome (an abridgment of a book). **-mer**¹⁶ [L. *-mare*], tr.: abridge (a book).

épître¹¹ [L. *epistola*, letter], f.: epistle; letter; missive.

épitríte¹⁷ [L. *-tritius* (Gr. *epi*, besides, *tritós*, one third = 1 + 1)], m.: epitrite (foot consisting of three long and one short syllables).

építrope¹⁷ [L. *epitrope* (Gr. *epi*, *trépein*, refer to)], f.: építrope (a figure of speech, by which a permission is granted to the opponent).

épizo-aïre¹⁸ [Gr. *epi*, on, *zôdion*, small animal], m.: epizoon (parasitic insects living on other animals). || **-otie**¹⁷ [Gr. *epi*, on, *zôtes*, animal nature], f.: epizootic (pestilence among brute animals). **-otique**¹⁷, adj.: epizootic.

éplaigner, **-gneur** = *aplaigner*, *aplaigneur*.

éploré¹¹ [*é*, *pleur*], adj.: in tears; tearful; distressed.

éployé¹⁴ [*es* (L. *ex*) *ployer*], adj.: with wings extended, spread (eagle); expanded.

éplu-chage¹⁷, m.: picking, sifting; scrutinizing. **-chement**¹⁴, m.: picking; scrutinizing. **-cher**¹² [*é*, *pelucher* (?)], tr.: pick; clean; sift; scan; scrutinize; pare.

-cheur¹⁵ = *eu-se*, m., f.: picker, cleaner; fault-finder. **-choir**¹⁶, m.: pruning-knife; workshop (of a pasteboard-maker).

-chure¹⁶, f.: pickings; parings; refuse.

épode¹⁵ [L. *epodos* (Gr. *epi*, to, *deîn*, sing)], f.: epode (in old classic poetry the third and last division of an ode, coming next to the strophe and antistrophe); second verse of a distich.

époi = *épieu*.

époïnçonner¹⁵ [*é*, *poinçon*], tr.: goad, sting, drive, incite.

époïndre¹², tr.: sting.

époïn-tage¹⁵, m.: blunting; kind of instr. for removing points. || **-ter**¹⁵ [*é*, *pointe*], tr.: break the point of; blunt; injure (the thigh of); cut. **-tiller** = *époutier*.

-ture¹⁶, f.: bluntness; hip-shot (of an animal); blunting the cordings (of a book).

1. **éponge**⁹ [L. *sponda*, side (of a bed)], *f.*: edge, border; hook (of a horse-shoe); tumour (near the foot of a horse); hoof (of a deer).

2. **éponge**⁹ [L. *spongia*, SPONGE], *f.*: sponge; (bot.) rose-gall: *passer l'— sur*: obliterate, forget. **-penger**¹⁷, *tr.*: sponge; mop; glaze (bread). **-penger**¹⁶, *m.*: carrier of sponges: *camarade —*, donkey loaded with sponges.

éponte⁹ [L. *sponda*, side (of a bed)], *f.*: stratum; place of contact of a metallic vein with the ground in which it is found.

épon-tillage¹⁷, *m.*: (nar.) propping; prop-making; props. **-tille**¹⁶ [It. *pontile* (L. *pons*, bridge), *stay*], *f.*: prop; stanchion (of a ship). **-tiller**¹⁷, *tr.*: prop, shore (a ship).

2. **épontiller** = *époutier*.

éponyme¹⁷ [Gr. *epónimos* (*epi*, on, *ónoma*, name)], *adj.*: eponymous, eponym.

épopée¹⁶ [Gr. *epopoia* (*épos*, poem, *poiein*, make)], *m.*: epopee; epic poem; exploits.

époque¹⁶ [Gr. *epoché*, check (*ep-échein*, hold on, check)], *f.*: epoch; era; period; date; (med.) courses, term; menstruation.

époucé¹⁶ [*é*, *pouce*], *adj.*: thumbless.

époudrer¹⁶ [*é*, *poudre*], *tr.*: dust, whisk; beat the dust out of.

épouffer¹⁶ [*é*, *pouffer*], *refl.*: steal away; disappear; get out of breath; (*vulg.*) burst out (*de rire*, laughing).

épouiller¹⁴ [*é*, *pou*], *tr.*: louse, free from lice.

époular-dor¹⁷ [*é*, *poularde*], *tr.*: pick, clean (tobacco leaves). **-dage**¹⁷, *m.*: picking, cleaning (of tobacco leaves).

époule¹². **-lin** [Germ. *spola* (= Ger. *spule*, SPOOL)], *f.*, *m.*: bobbin (of wood).

époumoner¹⁷ [*é*, *poumon*], *tr.*: tire the lungs of; exhaust.

épousailles⁹ [p. L. *sponsalia* (L. *sponsalia*)], *f.*, *pl.*: espousals; wedding.

épouse see *époux*.

épou-ser⁹ [L. *sponsare* (*sponsus*, betrothed)], *tr.*: ESPOUSE (marry; adopt; take up or embrace). **-seur**¹³, *m.*: intended (husband); lover; marrying man; woman-killer.

épous-setage¹⁷, *m.*: dusting, whisking.

-seter¹⁴ [*é*, *pousière*], *tr.*: dust, whisk; remove the dust from; bang; clean (gun-powder).

-setoir¹⁷, *m.*: diamond-cutter's brush. **-sette**¹⁴, *f.*: brush, whisk-broom, duster. **-seter**¹⁴, *tr.*: (*fam.*) dust, whisk.

épou-ti¹⁴, *m.*: filth (in cloth). **-tillage**¹⁷, *m.*: picking, burling (cloth). **-tiller**¹⁷ [*é*, OFr. *poutie* (L. *puls*, porridge), *scrap*], *tr.*: pick, clean, burl (cloth); colour or dye (threads).

épouvan-table¹¹ [*-te*], *adj.*: frightful, shocking, abominable. **-tablement**¹¹

[*-te*], *adv.*: in a frightful manner; shockingly. **-tail**¹² [*-te*], *m.*: scarecrow; bugbear; black tern (a bird).

épou-van-te, *f.*: fright; terror. **-tement**¹¹, *m.*: frightening; horrifying, terror.

||-ter⁹ [p. L. **expaventare* (L. *ex*, out, *parens*, frightening)], *tr.*: frighten, horrify.

épou- -ouse [L. *sponsus* (*spondere*, promise solemnly)], *m.*, *f.*: spouse (husband; wife); bride (of Christ or church).

éprein-dre⁹ [p. L. **expremere* (L. *primere*, PRESS)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: EXPRESS (press or squeeze out); press, squeeze. **-te**¹³, *f.*: squeezing (out); straining, tenesmus; excrements (of certain animals).

éprendre¹⁰ [*é*, *prendre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: catch (set on fire, kindle); affect, charm: *s'—*, take fire; be kindled; fall in love, be smitten.

épreuve¹¹ [*éprouver*], *f.*: PROOF (trial, test, experiment; trial, affliction, ordeal; proof-sheet; proof, sample): *mettre à l'—*, put to the test; à l'— *du feu* (*de l'eau*, *des balles*), fire- (water-, ball-) proof; à toute —, proof against everything; — *judiciaire*, ordeal; *temps d'—*, probation; *tirer une —*, (print.) pull a proof.

épris¹⁰ [part. of *éprouver*], *adj.*: caught; smitten, in love, enamoured.

éprou-ver¹⁰ [*é*, *prouver*], *tr.*: test, try, put to the proof; experience, feel, meet with. **-vette**¹⁰, *f.*: testing instrument (as gauge; =).

épta = *hepta*.

épueer¹⁰ [*é*, *puce*], *tr.*: clear of fleas.

épui-sable¹³, *adj.*: exhaustible. **-sant**¹⁷, *adj.*: exhausting, exhaustive. **épui-se**¹⁸, *f.*: draining or pumping machine: — *rolante*, wind-mill pump. **-sé**, *adj.*: drained; exhausted; out of print; worn out, threadbare. **-sement**¹⁵, *m.*: draining (off); exhaustion. **||-ser** [*é*, *puiser*], *tr.*: drain (a well, etc.); exhaust (tire out, use up).

-sette¹⁷, *f.*: bail (for bailing water); scoop; purse-net (for fishing); little bird-net.

épu-li(d)e¹⁵ [Gr. *epoulia*, gum-boil], *f.*: epulis (tumour).

épulon¹⁶ [L. *-lo*], *m.*: presiding priest (at a Roman feast).

épu-ration¹⁶, *f.*: epuration, purification. **-ratoire**, *adj.*: purifying. **épu-re**¹⁶, *f.*: diagram (drawn on a wall, etc., to direct workmen), plan, sketch. **-rement**¹², *m.*: purifying, refinery, purification. **||-rer**¹² [*é*, *pur*], *tr.*: purify (render pure); refine (as gold, etc.).

épurge¹² [OFr. *espurgier* (cf. *expurger*)], *f.*: caper-SPURGE (plant).

équar-rier¹³ [*é*, root of *carre*], *tr.*: square (wax-lights). **||-rir**¹² [*é*, root of *carre*],

tr.: SQUARE (cut at right angles); quarter or cut up (animals): *-ri*, squared; hammer-dressed (of stones); *m.*: square figure. **-rissage**¹³, *m.*: squaring; squareness; cutting up (animals). **-rissement**¹³, *m.*: squaring. **-risseur**¹⁵, *m.*: one who cuts up animals, knacker. **-rissoir**¹⁶, *m.*: squaring instrument; punch; knacker's knife.

équa-teur¹³ [L. *aequator* (*aequus*, EQUAL)], *m.*: equator. **-tion**¹² [L. *aequatio*], *f.*: equation. **-torial**¹⁷, *adj.*: equatorial; *m.*: equatorial (instrument).

équer-rage¹⁷, *m.*: (nav.) bevel: — *gras*, obtuse bevel; — *maigre*, acute bevel. **équer-re**¹⁰ [p. L. **ex-quadrā*], *f.*: SQUARE (carpenter's instrument); knee, brace: *fausse* —, bevel; — *d'arpentier*, cross (instrument); *à l'* —, square; *à fausse* —, out of square; *de* (or *en*) —, square. **-rer**¹⁷, *tr.*: square. **-rin**¹⁸, *adj.*: square-like, knee-like.

équestre¹³ [L. *-tris* (*equus*, horse)], *adj.*: equestrian.

équi- [L. *aequus*, EQUAL]. **-angle**¹⁵, *adj.*: equiangular. **-distance**¹⁵, *f.*: equidistance. **-distant**¹⁸, *adj.*: equidistant.

équille¹⁷ [?], *f.*: (dial.) squirt.

équignon¹³ [Norm. *ekine* = Fr. *échine*], *m.*: axle-tree bar.

équi-latéral¹⁵ [L. *aequi-lateralis*], *adj.*: equilateral. **-latère**¹⁴ [L. *-lateralis*], *adj.*: equilateral.

équi-libration¹⁸ [L. *aequilibratio* (cf. next)], *f.*: equilibration. **-libre**¹⁵ [L. *aequi-librium* (*libra*, weight)], *m.*: equilibrium; equipoise, balance. **-librer**¹⁶ [L. *aequilibrare* (cf. *-libre*)], *tr.*: equilibrate, balance, poise. **-libriste**¹⁸ [*-libre*], *m.*: equilibrist.

équin¹⁴, **-ine** [L. *-nus* (*equus*, horse)], *adj.*: equine.

équi-noxe¹¹ [L. *aequi-noctium* (*aequus*, equal, *nox*, NIGHT)], *m.*: equinox. **-noxi**¹², *adj.*: equinoctial.

équinter¹⁸ [?], *tr.*: out to a point.

équi-page¹⁴, *m.*: equipage (outfit of a vessel; outfit, equipment; carriage); crew; implements: *maître d'* —, boat-swain; *être en tride* —, be badly equipped; *avoir son* —, keep one's carriage. **-pe**¹⁴, *f.*: train of boats; gang (of workmen); boat's crew. **†-pée**¹⁶, *f.*: adventurous expedition; foolish enterprise, frolic. **-pe-ment**¹⁶, *m.*: equipment (fitting out or outfit of a vessel; equipment of troops). **†-per**¹¹ [OFr. *esquif*, boat, SKIFF], *tr.*: (old *s'* —, go to sea); equip (fit out a vessel); furnish for service; accoutre; (*sum.*) dress up; put in order. **-pet**¹⁷ [OFr. *esquipe*, coat; chest], *m.*: (nav.) locker. **-peur**¹⁸, *m.*: gunsmith.

équi- [L. *aequus*, equal]: **†-pollence**¹², *f.*: equipollence. **†-pollent**¹², *adj.*: equipollent. **†-poller**¹³ [L. *pollere*, be strong], *intr.*: be equipollent or equivalent. **-table**¹⁵ [*-té*], *adj.*: equitable, just. **-tablement**¹⁵ [*-table*], *adv.*: equitably.

équi-tant¹⁵ [L. *-tans*, riding], *adj.*: said of leaves overlapping or bestriding each other. **†-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio* (*equus*, horse)], *f.*: equitation.

équi- [L. *aequus*, EQUAL]: **-té**¹² [L. *aequitas*], *f.*: equity (justice). **-valence**¹³ [*-valent*], *f.*: equivalence. **-valent**¹³ [L. *aequi-valens* (cf. below)], *adj.* or *m.*: equivalent. **-valoir**¹⁷ [L. *aequi-valere* (*valere*, be worth)], *tr.*: be worth, be equivalent. **-voque**¹² [L. *aequi-vocus* (*vox*, VOICE)], *adj.*: (old, homophonous), equivocal (ambiguous, doubtful, uncertain); doubtful (of morals), of doubtful reputation, suspicious; *f.*, *†m.*: equivocation (ambiguity); (*paint.*) uncertainty (of form, colour, etc.), defect; (*old*) pun. **-voquer**¹³ [*-voque*], *†tr.*: make homophonous; *†s'* —, use one homonym for another, make a mistake; *intr.*: make puns.

érable⁹ [p. L. **acer-arbor*, maple-tree], *m.*: maple: — *à sucre*, sugar-maple; — *blanc*, sycamore.

éradication¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*ex*, from, *radix*, ROOT)], *f.*: eradication.

éra-blement¹⁵, *m.*: breaking the bore of a gun. **†-fler**¹⁵ [*é*, *rafter*], *tr.*: scratch, wound lightly, graze; break or carry away (a portion of the bore of a gun, said of exploding projectiles). **-flure**¹⁶, *f.*: (slight) scratch.

érait-lement¹⁵, *m.*: raveling, praying; raveled state; eversion of the eyelids. **†-ler**¹¹ [*é*, OFr. *raillier* (L. *rotare*, turn), ROLL], *tr.*: troll out, *†*turn out (the eyelids); ravel (cloth), fray; tear: *une voix —ée*, a hoarse voice. **-lure**¹⁶, *f.*: raveled or frayed condition; fret.

éra-ter¹³ [*é*, *rate*], *tr.*: spleen (deprive of the spleen); render gay or sprightly: *s'* —, run one's self out of breath; *-té*, spleened; gay, lively, arch.

erbue = *herbue*.

ère¹⁵ [L. *era*], *f.*: era (epoch).

Èrèbe [L. *Erebus* (Gr. *erebos*, darkness)], *m.*: Erebus (Gr. myth. place of utter darkness).

érec-teur¹⁷, **-trice** [*-tor*], *adj.*: erector. **-tile**¹⁵ [*-tion*], *adj.*: erectile. **-tilité**¹⁴ [*-tile*], *f.*: erectility. **†-tion**¹⁴ [L. *-tio* (*e-rigere*, E-RECT)], *f.*: erecting, erection.

écrein-tement¹⁸, *m.*: *†*breaking the back; tiring out; destructive criticism. **†-ter**¹⁷ [*é*, *rein*], *tr.*: *†*break the back of, *†*break; tire out, harass to death; condemn by criticism. **-teur**¹⁸, *m.*: severe critic.

érémétique¹⁴ [L. *-ticus* (cf. *ermite*)], *adj.*: eremitic(al), hermitical.
éremont = *armon*.
érésip... = *érysip*...
éréthisme¹⁷ [Gr. *-mos*, irritation], *m.*: érethism (morbid irritation).
ergastule¹³ [L. *-lum* (Gr. *érgon*, WORK)], *f.*: (Rom.) slave prison.
er-go¹² [L.], *conj.*: therefore, hence, = *-glu(e)*, familiar expression for concluding a ridiculous argument.
ergot¹¹ [?], *m.*: spur (of birds); = dew-claw; stump of a dead branch (of fruit-trees); ergot (disease of grains); calcar (spur-like tubercle in the brain); (*nav.*) taggle: *monter* (or *se lever*) *sur ses* — *s*, get on one's high horse (lit. 'spurs,' like cock); — *de coq*, cock's-spur (plant).
ergotage¹² [*-ter*], *m.*: quibbling, cavil(ing).
ergo-té¹³ [*-t*], *adj.*: provided with spurs (of birds) or dew-claws; ergotized.
 1. **ter**¹³ [*-t*], *tr.*: free from dead branches.
 2. **ergo-ter**¹² [ergo], *intr.*: (*fam.*) argue sophistically, quibble, cavil. **-terie**¹³, *f.*: sophistry, quibbling. **-teur**¹³, *m.*, *f.*: sophistical arguer, quibbler; caviler.
 1. **-tisme**¹³, *m.*: quibbling.
 2. **ergotisme**¹³ [*-got*], *m.*: (med.) ergotism.
éridelle = *héridelle*.
ériger¹⁴ [L. *e-rigere*], *tr.*: ERECT (raise, rear; set up, establish).
érigne¹⁵ or **-rine** [*araigne*], *f.*: surgeon's tongs.
érinye¹⁵ or **-nys** [L. *nys*], *f.*: erinyas (avenging deity).
éristique¹⁷ [Gr. *-tikós* (*éris*, strife)], *adj.*: controversial (†Eng. *eristic*).
ermin¹⁷ [? *arménien*, Armenian], *m.*: custom-duty in the Levant.
erminette = *herminette*.
ermi-tage¹¹, *m.*: hermitage. **||-te**¹¹ [L. *eremita* (Gr. *erēmos*, solitary)], *m.*: hermit (recluse; hermit-crab).
éro-der¹⁵ [L. *e-rodere* (*r*..., gnaw)], *tr.*: erode, corrode, gnaw. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: erosion.
éro-tique¹⁷ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *éros*, love)], *adj.*: erotic. **-tiquement**¹³, *adv.*: erotically. **-tomanie**¹⁷ [Gr. *-to-mania*], *f.*: erotomania, nymphomania.
 1. **errant**¹¹ [old *error* (p. L. **iterare*, L. *iter*, journey), walk], *adj.*: ever walking, wandering, =: *le juif* —, the wandering Jew; *chevalier* —, knight-errant.
 2. **er-rant**¹⁵ [*-rer*], *adv.*: roving about (roaming; nomadic); unsteady, uneasy; (*theol.*) erring (deviating from the truth, apostle); *m.*: lost sheep. **-rata**¹⁶ or **-ratum** [L. *-ratum*, pl. *-ta*], *m.*: = (error). **-ratique**¹², *adj.*: erratic.
er-re¹¹ [old *-rer* (cf. *1. errant*), walk], *f.*: manner of walking, gait; swiftness (of

a ship), route; track (of a stag, etc.), footstep; forepart (of an animal): *aller grande* (or *belle*) —, go very fast. **-rements**¹¹ [old *-rer*], *m. pl.*: course (of action), track; action; manner.
er-rej¹² [L. *-rare*], *intr.*: rove about, (roam, ramble, wander, †Eng. *ERR*); err (from truth); be mistaken. **-reur**¹¹ [L. *-ror*], *f.*: †roving about; error, mistake, falsity; *pl.*: straying (morally), irregularities.
errhin¹⁵, **-ine** [Gr. *-non* (*en*, *in*, *rhis*, nose)], *adj.* or *noun*: (med.) errhine.
erroné¹⁴ [L. *-neus*], *adj.*: erroneous.
 1. **ers**⁹ [L. *errum*], *m.*: = (vetch, lentil).
 2. **†ers**⁹ [for *1. ars*], *m. pl.*: shoulders (of a horse); forepart (of an animal).
†erse = *herse*.
†erte = *alerte*.
éruce¹⁷ or **-cage** or **-cague** [L. *-cago* (L. *eruca*)], *f.*: (bot.) rocket.
éructation¹³ [L. *-tio* (*ructare*, belch)], *f.*: eructation.
érudi-¹⁷ [L. *-tus* (*e-* away, *rudis*, rude)], *adj.*: erudite. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: erudition.
érugineux¹², **-eux** [L. *aruginosus* (*ærugo*, rust)], *adj.*: eruginous.
éruptif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-tus* (*rumpere*, break)], *adj.*: eruptive. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: eruption; cutting (of teeth); rash.
érynge¹² [L. *-ge*], *f.*: eryngium (plant).
érysi-pélateux¹⁵, **-eux**, *adj.*: erysipelatous. **||-pèle**¹³ [L. *-pelas* (Gr. *érythros*, RED, *péla*, skin)], *m.*: erysipelas.
ès é [*en les*], *prep.*: †in the; of (in some titles of degree, as *bachelier* — arts, bachelor of arts; or in expressions like *étudiant* — sciences, student of sciences).
es- [Lat. *ex*, from, out of], *prefix*.
esbron-fe¹⁵, *m.*: fuss, bragging. **||-fer**¹⁵ [Prov. *-fa* (cf. *ébrouer*)], *tr.*: embarrass, bluff, impose upon, cow. **-feur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: bluffer, fusser.
esca-beau¹⁴ [L. *scabellum*], *m.*: stool. **-belle**¹⁴, *f.*: stool. **-belon**¹⁵ [It. *scabellone*], *m.*: pedestal, stand.
escache¹⁶ [It. *scaccia* (cf. *écaher*)], *f.*: SCATCH (bridle-bit).
esca-dre¹⁴ [It. *squadra* (L. *quadra*, square)], *f.*: SQUADRON (old, body of troops; division of a fleet; now, detachment of vessels). **-drille**¹⁵, *f.*: squadron of small vessels, small squadron. **-dron**¹⁴ [It. *squadrone*, battalion], *m.*: squadron (body of cavalry); troop. **-dronner**¹⁵ [*-dron*], *intr.*: manoeuvre (of cavalry).
†esca-fe¹⁰, *f.*: kick. **||†-fer**¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: kick.
†escasignon¹³ [OFr. *-fin* (= *escarpin*)], *m.*: sort of slipper.
esca-lade¹⁵ [It. *scalata*], *f.*: escalade

(scaling a wall). **-lader**¹⁵ [*-lade*], *tr.*: escalade, scale; climb. **||-le**¹⁵ [It. *scala*, ladder], *f.*: landing-place (where the bridge, "ladder," is laid), port; putting in: *faire — dans*, put in at, touch at. **-ler**¹⁵, *intr.*: put in; touch, land. **-lier**¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: staircase, stairs; water raiser; cockle: — *dérobé*, private staircase; — *en limacon*, winding staircase; — *de commendement*, (nav.) companion-ladder; — *de service*, servants' staircase, back stairs; *haut de l'—*, stair-head, landing.

escalin¹² [Eng. *skilling*], *m.*: shilling (coin of varied value).

escalope¹⁵ [OFr., 'scallop' (mollusk: cf. also the Eng. sense of 'dish resembling a scallop shell')], *f.*: ragout (on a slice of meat or fish); bean; stew.

escamo-tage¹⁷, *m.*: juggling. **-te**¹⁵, *f.*: juggler's ball. **||-ter**¹⁵ [Sp. *-tar* (?)], *tr.*: juggle away, shuffle (a thing) out, smuggle; filch, pilfer. **-teur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: juggler: *tour d'—*, juggler's trick, legerdemain.

escam-patios¹⁶ [Gasc.], *m.*: flight; furtive or secret excursion. **||-per**¹⁵ [It. *scampare* (L. *ex*, from, *campus*, field)], *intr.*: SCAMPER off, flee. **-pette**¹⁷, *f.*: scampering: *prendre l'—* (or *de la poudre d'—*), scamper away, take to one's heels.

escapade¹⁵ [It. *scappata* (cf. *échapper*)], *f.*: running away, non-attendance, truancy; lark; escapade (freak, prank; fling of a horse, gambol).

escape¹⁵ [L. *scapus*], *m.*: SCAPE (SHAFT of a column).

escarbille¹⁷ [ak. to carbon], *f.*: coal cinder.

escar-bil-lat¹⁵ or **-billard** [Gasc. *-bil-lat* (?)], *adv.*: wide-awake, sprightly; *m.*: mischievous person, rogue.

escarbit¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (nav.) calking bucket (containing the oakum).

escarbot¹⁵ [other form of *écharbot*, by assim. to L. *scarabaeus*], *m.*: SCARAB(EE), horn-beetle; (*dial.*) May-bug; *adj.*: scaraboid.

escarboucle¹⁰ [*es*-, L. *carbunculus*, little coal], *f.*: CARBUNCLE (red gem; *her.* escarbuncle).

†escarelle¹⁵ [It. *scarsella* (? ak. to Fr. *écharfe*)], *f.*: girdle purse, purse.

escar-got¹⁴ [Prov. *-got* (cf. *caracole*)], *m.*: spiral snail (edible); spiral staircase; archimedean screw (for raising water); (*pop.*) sort of cab. **-gotage**¹⁵, *m.*: destruction of snails (in a vineyard). **-gotière**¹⁵, *f.*: snail-pit or cellar, where edible snails are raised.

escarmon-che¹³ [It. *scaramuccia* (?)], *f.*: SKIRMISH. **-cher**¹³, *intr.*: skir-

mish; *tr.*: attack by skirmishers, assail.

-cheur¹⁴, *m.*: skirmisher.

escarole¹⁴ [It. *scariola* (?)], *f.*: endive (chicory herb).

escarotique = *escharotique*.

1.escarpe¹⁵ [cant], *m.*: robber, assassin.

2.escarp-pe¹⁵ [It. *scarpa* (ak. to Eng. *sharp*)], *f.*: (e) SCARP (slope of the ditch next the parapet, slope of a wall). **-pé**¹⁵, *adj.*: steep. **-pement**¹⁷ [*-per*], *m.*: escarpment (steep declivity, steep bank or ridge; *fort.* steep ditch). **-per**¹⁵, *tr.*: cut steep; (*fort.*) escarp (furnish with a steep slope).

escarp-pin¹⁵ [It. *scarpino* (dim. of *scarpa*, shoe, ak. to Eng. *sharp*)], *m.*: light shoe, pump; torture-shoe: *jouer de l'—*, take to one's heels; — *s de Limoges*, wooden shoes. **†-piner**¹⁵, *intr.*: take to one's heels, be off.

escarpolette¹⁶ [It. *scarpoletta*], *f.*: swing.

escarre = *eschare*.

escart¹⁵ [variant of *écart*], *m.*: start (of some steps allowed in a game at base).

Escart, *m.*: Scheldt (river).

escavecade = *éavesade*.

esch-re¹² [L. *-ra*], *f.*: eschar (dry slough, scab). **-rification**¹⁵ [*-rifier*], *f.*: sloughing. **-rifier**¹⁵, *tr.*: cause to slough: *s'—*, slough. **-rotique**¹⁵ [L. *-roticus*], *adj.*: escharotic.

eschatologie¹⁵ [Gr. *eschatos*, last, *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: eschatology.

†escient¹⁵ [L. *sciente* (in *me —*, to my knowledge)], *m.*: knowledge: *à bon —*, willingly, in good earnest.

escionner¹⁵ [*é*-, *scion*], *tr.*: free from sprouts.

†eschlaire, **-clame**¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *schlank*], *adj.*: thin, slender.

†eschlandre¹¹ [L. *scandalum*], *m.* (†*f.*): SCANDAL; scandalous quarrel.

es-clavage¹⁵, *m.*: slavery (bondage); neck-chain (ornament); bracelet with a chain. **-clavagiste**¹⁵, *m.*: partisan of slavery. **||-clave**¹² [lit. 'Slav'], *m., f.*: SLAVE, bondman.

Es-clavonie, *f.*: Slavonia.

eschipo¹⁷ [variant of *esquipot*], *m.*: fish-box.

escobar-(*d*)¹⁶ [*Escobar*, Spanish casuist], *m.*: equivocator. **-der**¹⁵, *intr.*: equivocate, prevaricate; *tr.*: gain by fraud.

-derie¹⁷, *f.*: prevarication, shuffling.

†escoffion¹⁵ [It. *s-caffione* (cf. *coiffe*)], *m.*: woman's head-dress.

escogriffe¹⁵ [?], *m.*: ugly-looking customer, sharper.

escomp-table¹⁵, *adj.*: discountable.

escomp-te¹⁵ [L. *s-conto*], *m.* (†*f.*): discount. **||-ter**¹⁵ [It. *s-contare*], *tr.*: discount, cash. **-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: discounteer.

esco(u)pe = *écope*.

esco-pette¹⁵ [It. *schoppetto*, small gun], *f.*: small arquebus; blunderbuss, carbine. **-petterie**¹⁶, *f.*: volley from arquebuses or carbines.

escor = *escort*.

escor-te¹³ [It. *s-corta* (L. *cor-rigere*, correct)], *f.*: escort; (nav.) convoy. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: escort.

escot¹⁵ [? *anacoste*], *m.*: shalloon (sort of serge).

escotard = *écotard*.

escouade¹⁰ [variant of *escadre*], *f.*: SQUAD.

escoupe = *écope*.

escoirg... = *ecorg*...

escousse¹¹ [old *es-courre* (L. *cutere*, shake), shake], *f.*: balance, run (before leaping), start.

escri-me¹⁴ [? It. *scherma* (OHG. *skirm*, shield)], *f.*: fencing; *hors d'*—, off one's guard; at one's wit's end. **-mer**¹⁵, *intr.*: fence; dispute; manage; *s'*—, fence; argue; make a trial; apply one's self; try one's hand at, manage. **-neur**¹⁵, *m.*: fencer.

es-croc¹⁶ [It. *scrocco* (? Ger. *schurke*, rascal)], *m.*: sponger; swindler, sharper, blackleg. **-croquer**¹⁵ [It. *scroccare*], *tr.*: sponge; get by swindling; swindle, rob. **-croquerie**¹⁶, *f.*: swindling, swindle; fraudulent acquisition. **-croqueur**¹⁵, *m.*: swindler.

Esculape [L. *Æsculapius*], *m.*: Esculapius; (*fig.*) skilled doctor.

esculent [L. *-tus* (*edere*, EAT)], *adj.*: esculent.

esherber¹² [*es*, *herbe*], *tr.*: free from weeds, hoe, weed.

esmiller = *smiller*.

esoe¹⁷ [L. *caox*], *m.*: pike (fish).

Esope [Gr. *Æsopos*], *m.*: Æsop; (*fam.*) humpback.

ésotérique¹⁷ [Gr. *esoterikós* (*esōteros*, inner)], *adj.*: esoteric.

esouch... = *essouch*...

espa-ce¹¹ [L. *spatium*], *m.*, *tr.*: SPACE (interval; room; extent; period). **-ce-ment**¹⁶ [*-cer*], *m.*: spacing; interspace, interval. **-cer**¹⁴, *tr.*: space, leave a space between, separate; distribute; spread; *s'*—, enlarge, speak at length, dilate.

espadassin = *spadassin*.

espa-de¹⁵ [Prov. *espado* (L. *spatha*, sword), *ak.* to Eng. *spade*], *f.*: hemp-beetle (for pounding or tewing hemp), break. **-der**¹⁷, *tr.*: tew (hemp). **-dille** = *spadille*.

-don¹⁶ [It. *spadone* (aug. of *spada*, sword)], *m.*: (large two-edged sword); broadsword; sword fencing; swordfish. **-donner**¹⁷ [*-don*], *intr.*: with the spada or broadsword.

espadrille¹⁷ [Prov. *-pardillo* (*-part* = Fr. *sparte*)], *f.*: braided shoes (soles of mat-weed).

Espa-gne, *f.*: Spain. **-gnol**, *adj.*: Spanish; *m.*: Spanish; Spaniard; *f.*: Spanish woman. **-gnolette**¹⁷, *f.*: fine sateen (woollen stuff); window-lock.

espa-le¹⁶ [It. *spalla* (cf. *épaule*)], shoulder, support], *f.*: stern bench (in a galley). **-lef**¹⁵ [It. *spalla*], *m.*: half-cock (to the hammer in a gun). **-lier**¹⁵ [It. *spalliere*], *m.*: = (fruit-wall): *venir en*—, grow on an espalier or trellis. **-lior**¹⁵, *m.*: last rower (in a galley).

espal-me¹⁷, *m.*: pitch, tallow (for smearing vessels). **||-mer**¹⁵ [Prov. (cf. *paume*), 'smear with the PALM of the hand'], *tr.*: smear (the bottom of vessels) with tar and grease, grave.

espar, *re*... = *epar*, *re*...

espartille = *espartille*.

espargoute, cf. *spergule*.

espart = *épar*, *sparte*.

espèce¹¹ [L. *species*], *f.*: SPECIES (kind, sort, variety); (*med.*) pimple; (*leg.*) case (at issue); (*esp.* in *pl.*) specie, hard cash, ready money; (*phil.*) impression; (*theol.*) element (bread and wine in the eucharist); fodd customer, tom-fool: *l'*— *humaine*, mankind; *de nouvelle*—, of a new species or kind; new-fangled; *d'*—, special.

espérance¹¹, *f.*: hope, expectation; (hope-inspiring, hence) promise: *de grande*—, hopeful, of great promise, very promising; *donner peu d'*—, give little hope; unpromising. **||-rer**¹⁰ [L. *sperare*], *tr.*: hope; hope for, expect; *intr.*: hope (*†de*, for), be hopeful; put one's hope (*en*, *†à*, in).

esperluat¹⁴ [Prov. (*-car*, open the eyes)], *m.*: (*fam.*) wide-awake fellow.

espiè-gle¹⁵ [Ger. *Eulenspiegel*, cunning novel-character], *m.*, *f.*: rogue (pleasantly mischievous person), wag; *adj.*: roguish, frolicsome. **-glrie**¹⁵, *f.*: roguishness; roguish trick.

espiénole¹⁷ [?], *f.*: blunderbuss.

es-pion¹⁵, *-onne* [It. *spione* (aug. of *spia*, SPY, of Germic orig.)], *m.*, *f.*: SPY. **-pionnage**¹⁷ [*-pionner*], *m.*: =; spying. **-pionner**¹⁵, *tr.*: spy.

esplanade¹⁴ [It. *s-pianata* (*-nare*, PLANE off, L. *planus*)], *f.*: =.

espoir¹¹ [*-perer*], *m.*: hope; (old) deck-gun.

espo-le = *époule*. **-lette**¹² [It. *-letta*], *f.*: fuse (of a shell, etc.). **-lin** = *époulin*.

esponton¹⁵ [It. *s-puntone* (L. *punctum*, POINT)], *m.*: spoutoon (half-pike); point of the bar of a grating.

esporel... = *époul*...

espringale¹² [? ak. to Eng. *spring*], *f.*: medieval ballister or sling.

esprî-t¹¹ [L. *spiritus* (-rare, breathe)], *m.*: SPIRIT (breath; vital breath or principle; soul, mind; heart, courage, energy; character, disposition; tendency; ethereal being, ghost, SPRITE; Ghost; guiding genius; distilled liquid); intelligence, intellect; wit; (*gram.*) breathing: *bel* —, fine wit, wit; *bon* —, good spirit; right-minded person; — *borné* (or *étroit*), narrow intellect; — *dérangé*, disordered mind; (*gram.*) — *doux*, soft breathing; — *folet*, goblin; — *fort*, strong mind; freethinker, latitudinarian; — *grand*, vast intellect; — *malin*, evil spirit, fiend; — *naturel*, natural intelligence, mother-wit; — *net*, clear intellect; — *présent* (or *prompt*), ready wit; (*gram.*) — *rude*, rough breathing, aspirate; — *saint*, holy Spirit; spirit of God; pious spirit; — *du bien public*, public-spiritedness; — *du corps*, — *de corps*, = (corps-spirit, brotherhood); *caractère d'* —, turn of mind; *homme (femme) d'* —, sensible man (woman); wit; *petitesse d'* —, narrow-mindedness; *présence d'* —, presence (readiness) of mind, presence; *trait d'* —, flash of wit, witticism; *à l'* —, -minded, -spirited, -witted (e.g. *à l'bas*, low-minded; *à l'vif*, quick-witted); *avec* —, sensibly; wittily; humourously; *plein d'* —, witty; *aliéner l'— d'*, drive mad; *avoir l'—*, be minded, give one's mind to; *avoir de l'—*, be intelligent or sensible; be witty; *avoir l'— mal tourné*, be cross-grained; *courir après l'—*, seek for wit; *faire de l'—*, be witty; seek for wit; *mettre dans son —*, get into one's head; *rendre l'—*, yield up (give up) the ghost; *reprandre ses —s*, recover one's senses; come to. — **té**¹⁶, *adj.*: (*fam.*) intelligent, witty.

esquichep¹⁷ [Prov. -cha (cf. *éacher*)], *intr.* or *refl.*: play one's lowest card (in order not to win a trick); avoid committing one's self; avoid taking sides.

esquif¹⁵ [It. *schifo* (Germ'o)], *m.*: SKIFF.

es-quille¹⁵ [L. *schidia* (root *skid-*, split)], *f.*: splinter (of a bone). — **quilleux**¹⁵, = **ense**, *adj.*: splintery.

esquinancie¹² [Gr. *kun-ánche*, dog-choke], *f.*: QUINCY.

1. **esquigne**¹⁶ [variant of *échine*], *f.*: spine, loin.

2. **esquigne** = **equine**.

esquinter¹⁵ [Prov. *s-quinta*, divide in FIVE], *tr.*: break the back of, knock up.

esquipo¹⁶ [Norm. (*équipe*, in old sense of 'vase')], *m.*: earthen money-box.

esquis-se¹⁶ [It. *squizzo* (?)], *f.*: SKETCH: *cahier d'* —, sketch-book. — **ser**¹⁶, *tr.*: sketch.

esquiver¹⁶ [It. *schivare* (OHG. *skinhan*, SHY, shun)], *tr.*: avoid adroitly, escape, (†Eng. *ESCHEW*); (†*intr.*: slip away, make off, escape.

essai¹⁰ [*essayer*], *m.*: trial, examination; testing; ASSAY; ESSAY (attempt, effort; short or general treatise); sample; injury to young trees (by deer, etc.).

es-sain⁶ [L. *exāmen* (*agmen*, throng, troop)], *m.*: swarm (of bees, or gen'y).

-saimage¹⁵ [-saimer], *m.*: swarming.

-saimer¹², *intr.*: swarm (of bees).

essandole = **échandole**.

essanger = **ééchanger**.

essarder¹⁵ [OFr. -dre (L. *ardere*, burn)], *tr.*: †dry; (*nav.*) clean with a mop, swab.

essar-té⁶ [p. L. **ex-sartum* (L. *sarrire*, weed)], *m.*: = (piece of land cleared of trees, etc., for cultivation), clearing.

-tage¹⁷, **-tement**¹⁶ [-ter], *m.*: clearing of lands, grubbing. — **-ter**¹¹, *tr.*: assart, clear (land of wood, bushes, etc.).

-tis [-ter], *m.*: assart (cleared piece of land).

essaugue = **aissaugue**.

essaver⁶ [p. L. **ex-aquāre* (L. *agua*, water)], *tr.*: clear of water, scoop out.

es-savage¹⁵, *m.*: attempt(ing). — **-sayer**⁶ [p. L. **exagiare* (L. *ex-agium*, weighing)], *tr.*: try, test, EXAMINE; try on; ASSAY;

ESSAY, attempt; exert; *intr.* (with *de* or *à*): try, endeavour; *s'—*, try one's strength or ability or hand (at), make attempt.

-sayerie, *f.*: assay-office (in the mint).

-sayer¹², = **ense**, *m.*: trier on (of clothes), fitter; *m.*: assayer. — **-sayiste**¹⁵ [Eng. -*sayist*], *m.*: essayist.

esse¹⁵, *f.*: *s* (the letter); *s*-shaped object (*s*-shaped iron; lynch-pin; fore-lock of gun-carriages; hook; sound-hole of a violin, etc.).

esscau = **aisscau**.

essai-glage¹⁵, *m.*: weeding out rye. — **-gler** [*é*, *seigle*], *tr.*: weed (a field of oats) from sprouts of rye.

esselier = **aisselier**.

essence¹¹ [L. -*ntia* (*esse*, be)], *f.*: = (constituent elementary quality, notion, or substance); species (of trees); extract (of vegetable or animal food): — *de la vie*, heart's blood; *de la même* —, coessential.

essente, **-ter** = **écente**, **écenter**.

Essénien, *m.*: Essene; *adj.*: Essenian.

essen-tiel¹², **-lle** [L. -*tialis* (cf. -*ce*)], *adj.*: essential. — **-tiellement**¹¹, *adv.*: essentially.

esser¹⁷ [*esse*], *tr.*: form like an *s*.

essère¹⁷ [L. -*ra* (Ar.)], *f.*: (med.) sort of rash.

esseret¹⁷ [*esse*], *m.*: punch-chisel.

essette = **aissette**.

essenuler¹¹ [é, seul], tr.: leave alone; -lé, solitary.

essien⁹ [p. L. *axile (L. axis)], m.: AXLE-tree; (mach.) spindle.

essimer¹² [é, sain, fat], tr.: †make lean; starve (falcons for hunting); exhaust (soils).

essonier¹⁶ [i], m.: (Aer.) double orle (wreath encircling a shield).

es-sor¹¹, m.: fairing (fig. publication); soar, soaring (upward flight, transport, strain, scope).

-sorage¹¹, m.: airing, drying. **-sorant**, adj.: (her.) soaring.

||-soror⁹ [p. L. *ex-aure (L. aura, AIR)], tr.: dry in the air, AIR; †dart upward, SOAR.

-soreuse¹⁸, f.: drying-machine. **essorillement**¹¹, m.: cropping. **||-ler**

[ea, oreille], tr.: †cut the ears off; (fam.) crop (some one's) hair short, crop.

essou-chement¹⁸, m.: clearing (land of stubs). **||-cher**¹⁷ [é, souche], tr.: clear (land) of stubs, clear.

essoufflé, part.: out of breath, breathless. **-flément**¹⁷, m.: breathlessness, panting.

||-fler¹¹ [é, souffle], tr.: put out of breath; wind (a horse).

es-sui¹⁵, m.: drying; drying air or wind; drying-place, drying-house. **-sue-main**¹⁶

pl. -s or -, m.: towel. **-sue-plume**¹⁶, pl. -s or -, m.: penwiper. **-suyage**¹⁸, m.: wiping; drying.

||-suyer¹⁶ [L. ex-sucere (sucus, juice)], tr.: wipe dry, wipe (off); clean; dry; go through, endure, sustain. **-suyeur**¹⁴, = **eu-se**, m., f.: wiper; scraper.

est¹¹ [Eng. East], m.: East; d—, eastern; of the East.

estacade¹⁶ [It. steccata (-cca, STICK), stockade], f.: boom (of a harbour); break-water (of piles); barrier; planking (between the ribs of a vessel); loading-bridge.

estadon¹⁷ [Prov. (?)], m.: comb-saw.

esta-fette¹⁶ [It. staffetta (-ffa, STIRRUP, fr. OG. staff, STEP), 'one a staffetta'], f.: esta-fet(te), courier. **-fler**¹⁵ [It. staffiere], m.:

armed footman (who held his master's stirrup); hector, bully; bawd, procurer.

-flade¹⁵ [It. staffilata, 'slap of the stirrup-strap'], f.: slash, cut (esp. in the face); rent. **†-flader**¹⁶ [flade], tr.:

slash, cut.

†estain = **étain**.

esta-me¹² [variant of **étain**], f.: worsted. **-met**¹⁶, m.: woollen fabric.

estaminet¹⁷ [Wall.], m.: café (where smoking is allowed); smoking-room: **pilier d—**, frequenter of cafés.

estam-page¹⁷, m.: stamping, engraving. **estam-pe**¹⁸ [1. -per; 2. It. stampa], f.:

1. stamp (stamping-instrument), punch; 2. print, engraving, cut, (†Eng. stamp); **magasin d—s**, print-shop; **cabinet d—s**,

department of engravings. **||-per**¹²

[Germ. c stamp], tr.: stamp, imprint; punch (a horseshoe); press (smooth); brand.

-peur¹⁶, m.: stamper; stamp; moulding-iron. **-pillage**¹⁷ [-pillar], m.: stamp, official mark. **-pile**¹⁷ [Sp. -pilla], f.:

stamp (official mark); brand. **-piller**¹⁷ [-pille], tr.: stamp (furnish with an official mark). **-poir**¹⁵, m.: stamp (for stamping metals). **-pure**¹⁷, f.: punch-hole (in a horseshoe).

†estance = **étance**.

ester [L. stare], intr.: appear in court.

estère¹⁷ [Sp. estera (L. storea, mat)], f.: straw mat.

†esterlin = **sterling**.

†esténable = **éténale**.

esthétique¹⁷ [L. aestetica (Gr. aisthētikós, perceptive)], f.: æsthetic; adj.: æsthetic(al).

Esthonic, f.: Esthonia (Russ. province).

esti-mable¹⁵, adj.: =; †capable of estimation. **-mateur**¹⁵, = **-trice**, m., f.:

valuer, appraise. **-matif**¹², = **-ive**, adj.: estimative. **-mation**¹² [æstimatio], f.:

(valuation, estimate); (nav.) reckonings, bearings. **-me**¹⁴, f.: †=.

-maçon, f.: opinion; good opinion, esteem, regard; good reputation: à l—, by calculation or inference; in the opinion; **prendre de l— pour**, conceive an esteem for, hold in esteem; **être perdu d— et de réputation**, have lost one's reputation and fair name.

||-mer¹² [L. aestimare], tr.: ESTIMATE (value, appraise, calculate; †opine; esteem, consider, deem, think); ESTEEM (prize or regard highly): s—, esteem, consider or deem one's self; esteem one another; — **trop**, overestimate, overvalue; — **trop peu**, undervalue; **se faire —**, make one's self esteemed; gain (the) esteem.

1. **estivage**¹⁷ [1. -ver], m.: tight stowing.

2. **esti-vage**¹⁵ [2. -ver], m.: summering cattle (in the mountains). **-val**¹¹ [L. æstivalis], adj.: = (summer). **-vation**¹⁸ [L. æstivatio], f.: (zool., bot.) =.

esti-ve¹⁶ [It. stiva], f.: cargo of compressed wares (such as cotton, wool, etc.).

1. **-ver**¹⁷ [It. stivare (L. stipare, crowd; cf. Eng. con-stipate and stavedore)], tr.:

press down (an elastic cargo, such as cotton, wool, etc.), stow tightly.

2. **estiver**¹⁶ [L. æstivare (æstas, summer)], †intr.: æstivate (pass the summer); tr.:

have pass the summer; summer (cattle) in the mountains.

esto-c¹¹ [Germ. c stoc], m.: stump (of a tree), stock; †stock (family), race; †stick (cane); †boasting-tool; long straight sword, rapier, (†Eng. TUCK): **couper à blanc —**, cut even with the ground, cut to the root; **être réduit à blanc —**, be done up or for; **frapper d—**, thrust straight out; d— **et**

de taille, at random. -cade¹⁵ [It. *stoccata*], *f.*: stoccado (sword-thrust), thrust; unexpected attack; (old) rapier. -cader¹⁵ [-cade], *intr.*: thrust out (lunge); (*jest.*) hold out the hand, beg; *tr.*: thrust forth, offer. -card¹⁷, *m.*: long poker.

estoma-c¹² [L. *stomachus*], *m.*: stomach; (of poultry) forepart of the body; brace (of anvil). -quer¹⁴ [L. *stomachari*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) overcome with surprise or indignation; exhaust by speaking.

es-tempe¹⁶, *f.*: stump (for drawing). || -temper¹⁰ [?], *tr.*: draw or shade with the stump; shade lightly, tone down.

†**estouffade** = *étouffade*.

estrade¹⁵ [Prov. -da (L. *stratum*, spread; pavement; carpet)], *f.*: †road; estrade (platform): *battre l'—*, maraud; (*mil.*) *battre d'—*, scout; vagrant.

estragon¹⁵ [? Ar.], *m.*: ARRAGON (plant).

estrama-çon¹⁶ [It. *stramazzone* (-zare, knock down; L. *stramen*, strand)], *m.*: †sword-cut; edge of a sword; end of a cane: *coup d'—*, sword-stroke; caning. -çonner¹⁶, *tr.*: strike with the end of a sword.

estrapa-de¹⁵ [L. *strappata*, *fr.* -pare, ak. to Eng. *strap*, pull)], *f.*: strappado (punishment by pulling an offender to the top of a beam); turn on the trapeze (passing the feet between the hands); estrapade (rearing of a horse); beast (at ombre). -der¹⁶, *tr.*: give the strappade. †-sser¹⁶ [It. *strappare* (-pare)], *tr.*: overwork (horses), founder.

†**estrapontin** = *strapontin*.

estraquelle¹⁷, [?], *f.*: glassmaker's ladle.

estri-f⁹ [OHG. *strit* (= Ger. *streit*)], *m.*: (*dial.*) fight.

estri-que¹⁴, *f.*: (*dial.*) smoothing-knife.

|| -quer¹⁷ [Ger. *streichen*, rub, STROKE], *tr.*: (*dial.*) smooth, fill out (cracks, etc.). -queur, *m.*: STRICKLE.

†**estriver** = *étriver*.

†**estrop(e)**, †-per = *étrope*, *étroper*.

†**estro-piat**¹⁷ [It. *stroppiato*], *m.*: cripple; crippled soldier-beggar. || -pier¹⁵ [It. *stroppiare* (?)], *tr.*: cripple (main, mutilate, disable); disfigure; mangle, murder (a language, a part, etc.); mispronounce; garble; ridicule by parody: -pié, crippled, etc.; *m., f.*: cripple: *être -pié d'un bras*, have an arm disabled.

estuaire¹⁸ [L. *œstuarium* (-tus, surge)], *m.*: estuary (bay left dry by the tide; tidal river-mouth).

esturgeon¹² [OHG. *sturio*], *m.*: sturgeon.

ésule¹³ [L. *-la*], *f.*: (*bot.*) esula.

et⁶ [L.], *conj.*: and; both (*et . . . et . . .* both . . . and); explet. in *plus . . . et moins . . .*, the more . . . the less . . ., etc.

é-tablage¹⁴, *m.*: price of stabling; middle-shaft (of a carriage). || **é-table**⁶ [p. L. **stabula* (L. *stabulum*, STARE, STAND)], *f.*: STABLE (not, as in Eng., especially for horses, but for cattle, and also for sheep, pigs, etc.; cattle-shed, stall, sty).

é-table = *étrave*.

éta-blier¹⁰ [i. -ble], *tr.*: stable.

éta-bli¹⁴, *part.*: cf. -blir; *m.*: shop-board (joiner's bench; tailor's table upon which he sits). || -blir⁶ [L. *stabilire*], *tr.*: establish (set up, fix; found; appoint; prove; set up in business); prove, make out, make good; strike (balance); find a place for, arrange for; marry (give in marriage), settle: *s'—*, establish one's self; fix (take up) one's residence, settle (down); settle (marry); set up in business, set up a shop. -blissement¹¹, *m.*: = (cf. -blir); settling; setting up in business; imposition of taxes: *l'— de ses enfants*, the settling of one's children; *frais de premier —*, first expenses; cost of the plant.

éta-ge¹⁰ [éter], *m.*: †station, †dwelling; story (of a house), floor; range; (*geol.*) layer; grade, degree, station, state, condition: †tige —, forced residence (of a vassal near his lord); *l'animal à triple —*, animal of biggest kind (elephant); *un sot à triple —*, a consummate fool; *une personne de bas —*, a person of low station or rank; *un menton à double —*, a double chin. -ger¹⁶, *tr.*: arrange in rising tiers or rows, arrange amphitheatrically; taper (hair). -gère¹⁴, *f.*: = (what-not, stand); shelf.

é-tai¹¹ [A.Sax. *stay*], *m.*: STAY (rope, supporting masts): — *de misaine*, fore-stay; — *d'artimon*, mizen-stay; — *du grand mâ*, main-stay. 2. -tai¹³ or †-taie [O.Dutch *staye*], *m.* or †*f.*: STAY (prop, support); (*her.*) chevronet. †-taiment, *m.*: propping, staying.

étaim⁶ [L. *stāmen*, warp], *m.*: long wool (for the warp of certain stuffs).

é-tain⁶ [p. L. **stānum* (L. *stannum*)], *m.*: tin; pewter: — *fin*, pure tin; — *commun*, block tin; — *métallique*, white tin; — *en feuilles*, tin-foil; — *de glace*, tin-glass; *plaque d'—*, tinplate; *oxyde d'—*, tin-stone.

éta-l¹⁰ [OHG. *stall*], *m.*: †STALL or booth (for displaying wares); butcher's stall; butcher's shop; codfish bench. -lage¹² [-ler], *m.*: laying out, spread, multitude; exposition (of goods); exhibition, show; display (ostentatious show, show); oyster-bed. -lagiste¹⁸ [-lage], *m., f.*: keeper of an open stand (with wares for sale; not a regular shop-keeper), stall-keeper;

keeper of a bookstand. **-le**¹⁷ [-ler], *adj.*: (nav.) stationary, steady, fixed, motionless; *mer* —, high tide; *l'—* (m.) *de la marée*, the high tide; *navire* —, motionless ship; *vent* —, steady wind. **-ler**¹¹, *tr.*: expose or display (merchandise); spread, spread out, stretch out; expose to view, show; display, parade; *s'—*, be exposed for sale; be displayed; stretch one's self out, sprawl; show off, make a display. **†leur**¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: = *-lagiste*. **-lier**¹², *m.*: journeyman-butcher; *garçon* —, butcher boy.

étalanguer = *talinguer*.

1.étalon¹² [L. *stallio* (*stallum*, STALL)], *m.*: STALLION.

2.éta-lon¹¹ [Ofr. *e-stel* (fr. Germ'o), post], *m.*: pole; (carp.) draught-board; STADDLE (tree reserved from cutting); STANDARD (of weight, measure, etc., orig. 'measuring rod'). **-lonnage**¹⁵, **-lonnement**¹⁶ [-lonner], *m.*: stamping (of weights and measures), gaging. **-lonner**¹², *tr.*: stamp (weights and measures); gage. **-lonneur**¹⁶ [-lonner], *m.*: officer who stamps weight and measures.

étamage¹⁷ [-mer], *m.*: tinning, foliation; plating.

étambot¹⁶ [Scand. *stam*, STEM], *m.*: (nav.) stern-post.

étambrai¹⁸ [?, ak. to Eng. *timber*], *m.*: partner (of a mast or capstan); opening in a deck (for a mast, etc.).

éta-mer¹² [étain], *tr.*: tin; plate (glass), foliate. **-mer**¹⁵, *m.*: tinner; plater.

1.étami-ne¹⁶ [L. *stamen*, thread], *f.*: STAMEN (of flowers). **2.-ne**¹¹ [étain], *f.*: STAMIN (light woollen cloth); felt, filtering or bolting-cloth; (fig.) strict examination or scrutiny: *faire passer par l'—*, carefully examine, sift or scrutinise; *tout passait par —*, everything was scrutinised by him. **-né**, *adj.*: stamened. **-nense**, *adj.*: staminate. **-nier**¹³ [2.-ne], *m.*: stamin or flit-maker.

†étamp... = *étamp*...

étamure¹⁵ [-mer], *f.*: tinning or plating material.

étance¹⁴ [Ofr. *ester* (cf. *éter*)], *f.*: (nav.) STANCHION.

1.étan-che¹³, *adj.*: water-tight, tight; stanch (tight and strong). **2.étan-che**¹⁶, *f.*: tightening; water-tight condition. **-chement**¹⁵, *m.*: checking (the flow), standing, stopping; quenching, slaking. **||-cher**¹¹ [étang (old —c)], *tr.*: STANCH (dam up, check the flow of, check; †Eng. quench, slake); stop (a hole), tighten; make water-tight. **-choir**¹⁷, *m.*: tightening-iron.

étan-con¹² [-ce], *m.*: prop, stay, support; (nav.) stanchion; rim of a battle-

dore. **-çonner**¹¹, *tr.*: prop, underprop, shore.

†étanfiche¹³ [? étant (*éter*), *fiche*], *f.*: quarry-stratum.

é-tang⁹ [p. L. **stancum* (L. *stagnum*, ak. to Eng. *stagnant*)], *m.*: pond, pool; tempering-tank (in a forge).

étangue¹⁶ [Dutch *tang*], *f.*: blank, large TONGS.

étant, *part. of être*.

éta-pe¹² [L. Ger. *stapel*, mart], *f.*: (old) STAPLE (mart); storehouse; supply (for troops on a march), rations; (us'ly) halting-place (for troops on a march), night-quarters; distance to a halting-place, day's march. **-pier**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) furnisher of rations.

état¹² [L. *status*, STANDING], *m.*: STATE (condition; station; situation, position; profession; professional or political body, legislative body; dominion; nation, country); form of government; statement, list, register, inventory, muster-roll; (*med.*) acme: *être en —*, be in a condition, be able; *se mettre en —*, put one's self in a state, prepare for, make ready; *tenir en —*, keep ready; keep in its place; keep in suspense; *tenir un grand —*, keep a large establishment; *coup d'—*, coup d'état, stroke of state-policy; *homme d'—*, statesman; *raison d'—*, state-policy; *l'— populaire*, the popular form of government; *faire —*, value; judge, presume; intend; rely; *faire un — de*, make a trade of. **-major**¹⁵, *pl.* **-s**, *m.*: staff (of a general, etc.), *État Major*; staff-office: **-s généraux**, states general; **-s Généraux**, *m. pl.*: Dutch assembly; Holland. **-s-Unis**, *m. pl.*: United States.

§ État, in royal France, the nobility, clergy, or burghers; *les états*, all three of these, or an assembly of them; *états généraux*, states-general.

étan [for plural of *estoc*], *m.*: vise, vice: **-à main**, hand-vise.

étaupiner¹⁴ (*é*, *taupinière*), *tr.*: free from mole-hills.

é-tayage¹³, **-talement**¹⁴, **-tayement**, *m.*: staying, supporting, shoring, propping. **||-tayer**¹² [étai], *tr.*: STAY, support, prop, shore.

et cætera *æ*. [L.]: =.

été⁹ [L. *ætas*], *m.*: summer; second figure in a quadrille: *se mettre en —*, put on summer clothes; **-de Saint Martin**, Indian summer (in November, the 11th being the feast of Saint M.); returning youthfulness in old age; *être dans son —*, be in one's prime.

é-teignant, *part. of teindre*. **-teigneur**¹², *m.*: extinguisher. **-teignis**, *pret. of teindre*. **-teignoir**¹⁵, *m.*: extinguisher (instrument); sort of mushroom.

- ||-teindre**¹⁷ [p. L. **extingere* (L. *extinguere*)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: EXTINGUISH (put out, quench, allay; obliterate; eclipse); pay off, liquidate (a debt); soften (colours); slake (lime): *s'*—, be extinguished, be put out, be quenched; die away or out, decrease, go out; be slaked (of lime); — *une pension*, buy up (redeem) an annuity; — *une obligation*, cancel an obligation; *cette maison va s'*—, that family will soon die out. **-teint**, *part.*: extinguished, etc.; extinct; very low, dull. **-teinte**¹⁴, *f.*: extinction.
- étendage**¹⁷, *m.*: drying-lines or -poles; drying-room. **-dard**¹⁶, *m.*: STANDARD, banner; cavalry-flag; ship's flag. **-delle**¹³, *f.*: stretching-place; thing stretched; gunny cloth; sack. **-derie**¹⁸, *f.*: stitching-room. **-deur**¹⁴, *=euse*, *m., f.*: extender, stretcher; extensor (muscle). **-doir**¹⁶, *m.*: stretching apparatus; drying-pole; drying-room; (*print.*) peel. **||étend-re**¹⁶ [*ex-tendere*], *tr.*: EXTEND (stretch, lengthen; spread, expand, enlarge; hold out); lay dead, kill on the spot; throw down, overthrow; lay down (colours): *s'*—, stretch one's self out; extend, reach out, reach; expatiate. **-du**, *part.*: extended, etc., wide. **-due**¹⁴, *f.*: extent, extension, extension, compass; extensiveness. **étend-te**¹², *f.*: (old) extension; (now) extended thing; extension-chain (*spinn.*); fishing-net (stretched between stakes).
- †éter**¹⁶ [L. *stare*], *intr.*: (old) stand: *†en éant*, standing, not cut down (of trees).
- éter-nel**¹¹, **-lle** [L. *eternalis*], *adj.*: eternal (everlasting, endless); *m.*: eternal or almighty God; *f.*: cudweed. **-nelle-ment**¹², *adv.*: eternally. **-niser**¹⁶ [L. *eternus*, eternal], *tr.*: etern(al)ise, immortalise: *s'*—, be perpetuated or immortalised. **-nité**¹¹ [L. *eternitas*], *f.*: eternity.
- éter-nuement**¹² = *nûment*. **||-nuer**¹⁶ [L. *sternutare* (*sternuere*)], *intr.*: sneeze. **-nûment**, *m.*: sneezing.
- étésien**¹⁶, **†-sie** [L. *etisius* (Gr. *étos*, year)], *adj. m.*: etesian (periodical).
- ête-tement**¹⁷, *m.*: cutting off the head; pollarding, topping. **-ter**¹² [*é, tête*], *tr.*: cut off the head of; pollard, top.
- †eten-f**¹¹ [?], *m.*: ball at tennis: *courir après son* —, try to recover what is lost. **†-fier**, *m.*: ball-maker.
- éténle**¹⁶ or **†éténble** [p. L. **stipula* (L. *stipula*, straw)], *f.*: STUBBLE.
- é-ther**¹² [L. *aether*], *m.*: ether. **-théré**, *adj.*: ethereal. **-thérifier**, *tr.*: etherise. **-thérisation**¹⁸ [*-thériser*], *f.*: (chem.) etherification; (*med.*) etherisation. **-thérifier**¹⁸, *tr.*: etherise. **-thérisme**¹⁸, *m.*: etherisation (insensibleness under the influence of ether), etherised condition.
- Éthio-pie**, *f.*: Ethiopia. **-pien**, **-une**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Ethiopian. **-ps**¹⁷, *m.*: ethiops (black oxid).
- éthique**¹² [L. *ethicus*, Gr. *éthos*, custom)], *adj.*: ethic(al); *f.*: ethics.
- ethn-** [Gr. *éthnos*, people]: **-archie**¹⁷ [Gr. *-archia*], *f.*: ethnarchy. **-arque**¹⁷ [Gr. *árches* (*árchein*, rule)], *m.*: ethnarch. **-ique**¹⁶ [L. *-icus*], *adj.*: ethnic(al). **-ographie**¹⁸ [*-ographie*], *m.*: ethnologist. **-ographie**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: ethnography. **-ographique**¹⁸ [*-ographie*], *adj.*: ethnographical. **-ologie**¹⁸ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: ethnology. **-ologie**¹⁸ [*-ologie*], *adj.*: ethnologic(al). **-ologue**¹⁸ [*-ologie*], *m.*: ethnologist.
- etho-** [Gr. *éthos*, custom]: **-logie**¹⁶ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: ethology. **-pée**¹⁶ [L. *-poia* (Gr. *poiein*, make)], *f.*: (*rhet.*) ethopoetic figure (denoting character).
- étiage**¹⁷ (*étier*), *m.*: low-water mark.
- Etienne**, *m.*: Stephen.
- †étier**¹⁶ [L. *astuárium*], *m.*: (*dial.*) canal from the sea to a salt marsh.
- étin-celant**¹² [*-celer*], *adj.*: sparkling; glittering, brilliant, flashing. **-celé**¹¹, *adj.*: (*her.*) star-sprinkled, starry. **-celer**¹¹, *tr.*: sparkle, glitter, flash, scintillate, twinkle. **-cellette**¹², *f.*: little star. **||-celle**¹⁶ (p. L. **stincilla* (L. *scintilla*)), *f.*: spark, flash, rill, SCINTILLA. **-cellement**¹¹ [*-celer*], *m.*: sparkling, scintillation, glistening, twinkling.
- étio-lement**¹⁷, *m.*: etiolation (bleaching). **||-ler**¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: etiolate (blanch, bleach; render pale and emaciated).
- étiologie**¹⁷ [Gr. *aítiologia*, 'cause-dis-course'], *f.*: etiology.
- étique**¹² [variant of *hécétique*], *adj.*: phœtic (habitual); emaciated (by consumption), lean.
- éti-quot** = *quette*. **-quétage**¹⁸ [*-queter*], *m.*: labeling, ticketing. **-queter**¹⁶, *tr.*: label, ticket (goods). **||-quette**¹⁸ [OFr. *e-stiquer* (Germ. *c*, ak. to Eng. *stick*)], *f.*: (old) sign or notice ('STUCK' to something); (now) TICKET (on goods), label; terms of address; ETIQUETTE, ceremonial; net-pole ('stuck' in the bottom); net (fixed to a net-pole): *juger* (*condamner*) *sur l'*— *du sac*, judge; (condemn) without examination (*sac* referring to the lawyer's bag with a name of the contestants); *tenir à l'*—, be particular in respect to etiquette, stand on ceremonials.
- éti-rage**¹⁸, *m.*: stretching, drawing: *banc d'*—, drawing-frame. **éti-re**¹⁶ *-ir*, *f.*: stretching-iron (of curriers). **||-rer**¹² [*é, tirer*], *tr.*: stretch (out); draw, wire-draw. **-reur**¹⁸, *m.*: stretcher; wire-drawer; *adj.*: drawing.
- étisie**¹⁷ [*étique*], *f.*: consumption.

étoc = *estoc, étou.*

étou-fe¹² [ʔ], *f.*: STUFF (material to be worked up; esp. woven material, cloth, fabric; materials, furnishings; natural gift; quality): *tailleur en pleine* —, cut liberally, use liberally; — *drapée*, woollen stuff. **-fer**¹², *tr.*: stuff (fashion by packing with some material), furnish richly; render ample or well formed; dilute: *-fê*, stuffed (of furniture, etc.); well furnished; comfortably off; ample; well formed.

étou-le^o [p. L. **stēla* (L. *stella*)], *f.*: STAR, etc. (heavenly body, star-like object, decoration, asterisk, etc., brilliant actor); blaze (white spot on the forehead of a horse); crack (in a bottle, etc.); centre (of walks in parks, etc.); star-like fort; cross-bandage; star-wheel; fat globule on broth: *tombante* (or *filante*), shooting star; *à la belle* —, in open air; *obtenir les* —, reach the grade of general; *la place de l'Étoile*, the great centre in Paris, where the Triumphal Arch stands; — *du berger*, Venus; water plantain; — *de mer*, sea-star, starfish; — *des bois*, stitch-wort; — *de Bethléem*, star-flower.

-lé¹¹, *adj.*: studded with stars, starry; radiating; cracked (of glass); (*vulg.*) name of some birds (blackbird, heron, etc.); *f.*: tulip. **-ler**¹⁶, *tr.*: stud with stars, star; crack (bottles); blaze (marked with a star or white spot); *s'* —, star, crack.

étole¹¹ [L. L. *stola* (Gr. *stēlein*, set, equip)], *f.*: STOLE (band worn by priest).

éton-nement¹⁷ [-*nant*], *adv.*: astonishingly. **-nant**¹⁸, *adj.*: †shocking; astonishing, amazing, marvellous. **-nement**¹⁴, *m.*: †shock; †sudden emotion; astonishment, amazement. **-ner**^o [p. L. **etonāre* (L. *tonāre*, THUNDER)], *tr.*: †shock, move deeply; ASTONISH (amaze, ASTOUND): *s'* —, be astonished, wonder. **-nure**¹⁴, *f.*: flaw (in a diamond).

étoqueau¹⁴ **-quereau** [estoc], *m.*: check (in a lock), catch.

étouable = *étoule*.

étouffade, *f.*: = *étouffé*.

étouffant¹⁶ [-*fer*], *adj.*: suffocating, sultry. **-fê**, *part. of -fer*.

étouffée¹⁷ [It. *stufata* (*stufa*, STOVE)], *f.*: estouffade (steamed STEW).

étouffement¹⁸, *m.*: suffocation, stifling. **-fer**¹² [ʔ], *tr.*: suffocate, choke, smother, stifle; suppress; deaden (sound); *intr.*: be choking, be choked, be suffocated: — *la voix*, drown the voice; — *de rire*, choke with laughter. **-foir**¹⁶, *m.*: extinguisher (for charcoal); damper (of a piano); suffocating place.

étou-page¹⁵ [-*per*], *m.*: calking. **-pe**^o [L. *stappa*], *f.*: tow, oakum. **-per**¹¹, *tr.*: stop with tow or oakum, calk; stop with

étranglant

cotton, fill in. **-pier**¹², = *ère*, *m.*, *f.*: person who makes oakum. **-pille**¹⁷, *f.*: quick-match, lunt. **-piller** [-*pe*, -*pille*], *tr.*: stop with oakum or cotton; furnish with a quick-match. **-pillon**¹⁴ [-*pillar*], *m.*: oakum-stopper. **-pin**¹⁶ [It. *stoppino*], *m.*: quick-match; oakum-stopper.

étourdeau = *hétordeau*.

étourderie¹⁶ [-*di*], *f.*: (*fam.*) giddy act, blunder; giddiness, heedlessness. **-di**¹⁰, **-die**, *adj.*: giddy (headed), heedless, rash; *m.*, *f.*: giddy-head, rattle-head, mad-cap: *à* —, giddily, heedlessly; *jeter à l'—*, blurt out. **-diment**¹³ [-*di*], *giddily*, heedlessly. **-dir**¹⁰ [ʔ], *tr.*: stun, make dizzy or giddy, astound; weary, bore (by talk, etc.), din; render senseless; dull, assuage, allay, alleviate; take off the chill (of water); parboil: *s'* —, render one's self insensible (*sur*, as regards), harden one's self, try to forget; *s'* — *sur son état*, try to forget one's condition. **-dissant**¹⁶, stunning; dinning; confusing (noise), deafening. **-dissement**¹², *m.*: stunning; dizziness, giddiness, stupor, amazement, shock.

étourneau^o [p. L. **eturnellus* (L. *sturnus*)], *m.*: starling; giddy goose, mad-cap; black and white: *d'* —, flea-bitten (of horses); flea-bitten horse.

étouteau¹⁷ [ʔ], *m.*: catch (of a watch-wheel or a bayonet).

étrain^o [L. *stramen* (*sternere*, STREW)], *m.*: (*dial.*) litter.

étran-ge^o [L. *extrā-neus*], *adj.*: STRANGE (†foreign; odd; queer): *chose* —, strange to say; *l'— chose que la vie!* what a strange thing is life. **-gement**¹¹, *adv.*: strangely, queerly. 1. **-ger**¹², = *ère*, *adj.*: strange (foreign, unrelated, extraneous); unconnected, irrelevant; unacquainted; *m.*, *f.*: stranger (foreigner, alien; of another family; unknown person); foreign country or parts: *à l'—*, abroad. 2. **-ger**¹¹, *tr.*: remove drive away: *s'* —, (*hunt.*) leave, disappear from (a country). **-gère**, *cf. 1.-ger*. **-geté**¹³, *f.*: strangeness, queer-ness.

étran-glant¹², *adj.*: strangling, choking, overwhelming. **-glement**¹³, *m.*: strangling; (*med.*) strangulation. **-glé**^o [L. *strangulāre*], *tr.*: STRANGLE (throttle, choke; stifle, suppress); compress; tighten; make too narrow; lash up, bowse (sails); *intr.*: be strangled or choked: *cel habit est étranglé*, that coat is too scanty. **-gleur**¹², = *ense*, *m.*, *f.*: strangler. **-glion** = *-guillon*. **-glair**¹⁵, *m.*: brail (rope for hauling in corners of sails). **-glure**¹⁷, *f.*: false crease (in fulling cloth). **-guillon**¹² [It. *stranguglione*], *m.*: (*vet.*) strangler: *poire d'—*, choke-pear.

étrape¹⁰, *f.*: small sickle. **[-per]**⁹ [L. *extirpare*, root out], *tr.*: cut (stubble) close to the ground. **-poire** = *-pe*.

étraque¹⁰ [Germ's, ak. to Eng. *streak*], *f.*: (nav.) breadth of a streak of STRAKE (i.e. side-planking).

étraqueur¹⁰ [*é-, traquer*], *tr.*: (hunt.) track on the snow.

étrasse = *strasse*.

étrave¹⁰ [Lcel. *stafa*, later *stamm*], *m.*: STEM (of a boat).

1. é-tre⁹ [p. L. **essere* (L. *esse*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: be; (with certain verbs, esp. of motion, or reflexives) have; (with *à* and a personal object) belong; *il est allé (tombé)*, he has gone (fallen); *il s'est levé*, he has risen; *le livre est à lui*, the book belongs to him; *y —*, be at it, have hit it, have it; be ready; *il n'en est rien*, it is nothing of the sort, such is not the case, there is nothing to it; — *bien (mal) avec*, be on good (bad) terms with; — *de moitié*, go half; *il est de Paris*, he is a native of Paris; *en — pour*, be in for; be out of it (save one's self) at the loss of; *quoi-qu'il en soit*, be that as it may; at all events; *si ce n'est que*, except that, unless; *n'eût été que*, had it not been for; *ce sont eux*, it is they; *je suis à vous*, I am at your service; *qu'est-ce que c'est?* what is it? *qu'est-ce que c'est qu'un freux?* what is a rook? *vous y êtes*, you have hit it; *où en êtes-vous?* where are you? where did you leave off? *j'y suis pour un tiers*, I am in for a third part; *c'en est fait de lui*, it is all over with him; *que sera-ce de lui?* what will become of him? *je ne suis pour personne*, I am at home to no one; *madame n'y est pas*, my mistress is not at home. **2. é-tre**, *m.*: being (existence); living (existence or creature); essence; *†origin*; *†condition*; *-tres*, *pl.*, or see the word: — *s de raison*, imaginary beings; *couper à blanc —*, cut down to the root; *non —*, nonentity.

§ Ind.: *Pr. suis, es, est; sommes, êtes, sont*. *Imp. [tr. éter] Haies*. *Pres. [tr. L. fu]*. *Fut. (Cond.) serai(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. sois, aies, soyons, soyez, soient*. *Imp. [tr. L. fu]* *fuisse*. — *I've sois*. — *Part. [tr. éter]*: *Pr. étant; P. été*.

étré-cier⁹ [old *-cier*, p. L. **strictiäre* (L. *strictus*, tight)], *tr.*: tighten, narrow, contract, take in (clothes): *s'—*, tighten, shrink, contract, become narrower. **-cissement**¹⁰, *m.*: tightening, shrinking, contraction. **†-cissure**¹⁰, *f.*: tightness, narrowness.

étré-gnant, **-gnis**, *part. and pret. of -ndre*. **-gnoir**¹⁰, *m.*: vice-pin; glue-press. **†étréin** = *étrain*.

é-treindre⁹ [L. *stringere*], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: wind tightly around, tie up;

hold tightly, clasp; tie, RESTRICT. **-treint**, *part.*, **-treinte**¹¹, *f.*: tying, clasp, embrace; knot; buckle; tightening bag (for oleaginous seeds).

étrém-page¹⁰, *m.*, **-pure**, *f.* [-*per*]: deep ploughing; regulator for deep ploughing.

étren-ne⁹ [L. *strēna*, omen, new year's present], *f.*: new year's gift (usly — *s*, *pl.*); handsel (first sale of the day); first use of a thing, trial: (*fam.*) *donner l'— de sa barbe*, give the shaving-kiss (kiss immediately after shaving). **-ner**¹¹, *tr.*: (rare) give (bestow) a new year's gift to (on); bring the occasion for (procure) a first sale, bring a handsel; try (make use of) for the first time, handsel; *intr.*: make the first sale of the day; receive a handsel; (*tr.*) get something unpleasant, get it.

étres⁹ [p. L. **exterās* (L. *-ra*), externals], *m. pl.*: arrangements of a building, ins and outs (of a house).

étrésil-lon¹⁰ [Ofr. *es-leser* (L. *tendere*, stretch)], *m.*: prop, stay; strut; partition-piece (between boards in a pile). **-lon-ner**¹⁰, *tr.*: prop, strut; stay.

étri-cage¹⁴ [-*quer*], *m.*: fitting together (two pieces of wood). **-cher**¹² [Germ's, ak. to Ger. *streichen*, rub], *tr.*: scour, clean (cat-gut).

é-trier¹¹ [? Germ's **streupe*, STROP], *m.*: stirrup (saddle-stirrup; stirrup-like clamp or support; stirrup-bone, stapes); (*surg.*) stirrup-bandage; strap (of trousers), foot-strap (used by roof-tilers to hold themselves in place); *coup (or vin) de l'—*, stirrup-cup, parting-cup; *à franc —*, at full speed; *faire vider les —s à*, unhorse. **-trière**¹⁰, *adj.*: supporting, clamping; *f.*: stirrup-strap. **-trieu**, *m.*: prop.

é-trille⁹ [p. L. *strigula* (L. *gilis*, strigil)], *f.*: curry-comb. **-triller**⁹ [p. L. **striguläre*], *tr.*: curry (a horse); thrash; fleece.

étriper¹⁰ [*é-, tripe*], *tr.*: gut, eviscerate; clean (fish); untwist (cords): *aller à étripe-cheval*, ride (a horse) at a wild pace.

étri-qué, *adj.*: reduced, scanty, poor. **[-quer]**¹² [dial. variant of *-cher*], *tr.*: (nav.) fit (a piece of wood to another) by slicing, shape; thin down, scant; fit tight.

é-trive¹⁷ [? *étrier*], *f.*: (nav.) seizing. **1. -triver**¹⁰, *tr.*: (nav.) seize.

2. é-triver¹¹ [Germ's *striban*, STRIVE], *intr.*: quarrel.

étrivière¹¹ [*étrier*], *f.*: stirrup-strap; strap, lash: *donner les —s*, strap (beat), lash.

étroi-t⁹ [L. *strictus*], *adj.*: STRAIT (narrow, tight; close, intimate; STRICT): *à l'—*, narrowly; *être à l'—*, be in straits, be pinched; *vivre à l'—*, sparingly; *être*

logé à l—, live in narrow quarters. **-tement**¹¹, *adv.*: narrowly, tightly; in narrow quarters; closely, intimately. **-tesse**¹², *f.*: narrowness.

étron¹² [L. Ger. *strunf*], *m.*: excrement, filth.

étrouçonner¹⁶ [é., *tronçon*], *tr.*: cut down to the trunk, lop off.

étro-pe¹⁸ [OEng. *stropp*], *f.*: (nav.) STROP.

-per¹⁶, *tr.*: (nav.) provide with a strop.

Etru-rie, *f.*: Etruria. **-sque** [L. *-seus*], *adj.*: Etruscan.

étu-de¹¹ [L. *studium*], *f.*: STUDY (application to learn or observe; branch or object studied; room for study, work, or observation, office, chamber; representation of art; piece of music for practice); time of study; lawyer's practice; class-room; class, grade (esp. pl. = education); studied art, affectation; — *d'un notaire*, lawyer's office; *cabinet d'—*, study (room); *maître d'—*, assistant master (superintending students at their study or recreation-hours), usher (under-teacher); *faire ses —s*, pass one's grades, finish one's studies or education; *faire de bonnes —s*, have a good education; *avoir de l'—*, be well educated, be a person of attainments; *elle plaît sans —*, she pleases without effort. **-diant**¹³, **-diente** [part. of *-dier*], *m., f.*: student (in a university or faculty): — *en droit* (medicine), law (medical) student; — *ès lettres* (sciences), literary (scientific) student. **-dior**¹¹ [L. *studium*], *intr.*: STUDY; *†* apply or prepare one's self; *tr.*: STUDY (try to learn; examine and prepare carefully; devote one's self to; practice; prepare for effect); *s'—* (à or *†de*, *†pour*), make it one's study (to), apply one's self, endeavour. **†-diolo**¹⁶ [It. *studiolo*], *f.*: letter-case (on a table).

étui¹¹ [old *estuier* (?), *enclose*], *m.*: = (case fitted to the thing contained; box, needle-case); sheath; sail-cover (oil-cloth protecting furled sails); sting socket (of insects); fish-bucket: — *de mathématiques*, case of mathematical instruments.

étu-ve¹¹ [L. *stupa* (?)], *f.*: (old) bath-room or establishment; (now) heated room, STOVE (drying-room or oven): — *de bains*, sweating room (in baths); — *àèche*, hot-air room or bath; — *humide*, vapour bath; — *à désinfection*, disinfection-room. **1.-vée**¹³ [*-ver*], *f.*: boiling by steam; STEW (lit. steamed dish). **-vement**¹⁵ [*-ver*], *m.*: drying; bathing, fomenting (of a wound). **-ver**¹², *tr.*: put into the drying room; stew (boil slowly); *†*bathe in warm water; foment (a wound). **†-viste**¹⁶, *m.*: bath-keeper.

étymolo-gie¹³ [L. *-gia* (Gr. *étymos*, true,

lōgos, word)], *f.*: etymology. **-gique**¹⁵ [L. *-gicus*], *adj.*: etymological. **-gique-ment**¹⁵ [*-gique*], *adv.*: etymologically. **-giser**¹⁸, *intr.*: etymologise. **-giste**¹⁶, *m., f.*: etymologist.

Eubée, *f.*: Eubœa (island).

eucalyptus¹⁷ [L. *L.*], *m.*: = (tree).

eucharis-tie¹⁶ [L. *L. -tia* (Gr. *eû*, well, *châris*, thanks)], *f.*: Eucharist. **-tique**¹⁶, *adj.*: eucharistic(al).

audio-mètre¹⁷ [Gr. *eûdios*, fine, *mêtron*, MEASURE], *f.*: eudiometer. **-métrie**¹⁷, *f.*: eudiometry. **-métrique**¹⁷, *adj.*: eudiometric(al).

eufraise [L. *L. -phrasia* (Gr. *eû*, well, *phrên*, heart)], *f.*: euphrasy, eyebright (plant).

euh¹⁶ [echo], *int.*: euh! oh! aha!

eulogie¹⁶ [L. *L. -gia* (Gr. *eu-logia*, benediction)], *f.*: consecrated bread; pl. (Gr., church): broken remnants of the host.

euménide¹⁴ [L. *-nis*], *f.*: Fury, (pl.) Eumenides.

eunuque¹⁴ [L. *-chus* (Gr. *eûne*, bed, *êchein*, guard)], *m.*: eunuch; *†*sort of flute.

eupatoire¹⁴ [L. *-toria*], *f.*: eupatorium (herb).

euphé-mique¹⁸, *adj.*: euphemistic. **||-misme**¹⁷ [Gr. *-mismôs* (*eû*, well, *phânai*, speak)], *m.*: euphemism.

eupho-nie¹⁶ [L. *-nia* (Gr. *eû*, well, *phoné*, sound)], *f.*: euphony. **-nique**¹⁷, *adj.*: euphonic(al).

euphor-be¹⁷ [L. *-bia*], *f.*: euphorbia (plant). **-biacées**¹⁸, *f. pl.*: euphorbiacæ.

Euphrate, *m.*: Euphrates (river).

euphuisme¹⁶ [Eng. *-ism*], *m.*: euphuism (affected language).

Euripide, *m.*: Euripides.

Euro-pe, *f.*: Europe. **-péen**, **-péenne**, *adj. or m., f.*: European.

eurythmie¹⁶ [L. *-mia* (Gr. *eû*, well, *rhythmos*, rhythm)], *f.*: eurythmy.

Eusèbe, *m.*: Eusebius.

Eustache¹⁵ [the physician], *m.*: Eustachius. **eustache**, *m.*: (*fam.*) coarse clasp knife.

eux [L. *illos*], *pers. pr.*: they, them.

éva-cuant¹⁷, *adj.*: (med.) evacuant. **-cua-tif**, **-ive**¹³ [L. *-eucativus*], *adj.*: evacuant. **-cuation**¹⁸ [L. *-eucatio*], *f.*: evacuation; (*leg.*) expedition. **||-ouer**¹² [L. *-cuare*], *tr.*: evacuate (empty, throw off, clear; leave).

évader¹³ [L. *e-vadere*, go out], *†intr. or refl.*: evade (escape, slip away, break loose, save one's self).

évagation¹⁴ [L. *-tio* (*vagari*, wanderer)], *f.*: evagation.

évaltonner¹⁵ [é., OFr. *valeton* (dim. of *vale*)], *refl.*: be emancipated; exert one's self.

éva-luable¹⁸, *adj.*: capable of valuation,

ratable, estimable. **-luation**¹³, *f.*: evaluation. **-luer**¹⁴ [*é*, OFr. *value*], *tr.*: evaluate (value, estimate the value of, rate).

évanescence¹⁸ [*L. -cens*], *adj.*: (bot.) evanescent.

évan-géliste¹⁷ [*L. L. -gelium*], *m.*: evangelist (book of the gospels read at mass). **-gélisme**¹⁵ [*L. L. -gelicus*], *adj.*: evangelical. **-géliser**¹², *tr.*: evangelise (instruct in the Gospel). **-gélisme**¹¹ [*L. L. -gelista*], *m.*: evangelist. **-gile** [*L. L. -gelium* (Gr. *eu-angelion*, 'good news, Go-spel)], *m.*: Gospel (*É*, the whole or one Gospel; *é*, gospel-passage), *Evan-gel*: *l'— du jour*, the news of the day; *côté de l'—*, left-hand side of the altar.

évanou-ir¹⁰ [*p. L. *ex-vanire* (*L. e-vanescere*)], *refl.*: VANISH (disappear, fade); swoon (away), faint. **-issement**¹¹, *m.*: vanishing; swooning (away), swoon; fainting: *revenir d'un —*, recover from a swoon.

éva-po-able¹⁶, *adj.*: evaporable. **-ra-tion**¹³ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: evaporation; lightness of spirit, giddiness. **-ratioire**¹³, *adj.*: evaporating. **-rer**¹² [*L. -vare* (vapour)], *tr.*: evaporate (vaporise); give vent to, pour out; *refl.*: evaporate (pass off into vapour, be dissipated); get giddy-brained or heedless: *-ré, part.*, evaporated; giddy-brained; *m., (-ré) f.*: light or giddy-brained character (person).

éva-sement¹¹, *m.*: gradual widening, widened shape; width; (*arch.*) splay. **-ser**¹¹ [*é*, *vase*], *tr.*: widen gradually (toward the orifice or top like a 'vase'), extend: *nez -sé*, nose with wide nostrils; — *un arbre*, make a tree spread toward the top.

éva-sif¹⁷, *adj.*: evasive. **-sion**¹² [*L. -sio* (cf. *-der*)], *f.*: slipping away, escape, flight; evasion (shift). **-sive-ment**¹⁷ [*-sif*], *adv.*: evasively.

éva-sure¹⁶ [*-ser*], *f.*: widened or splayed opening, splay.

Eve *é*, *f.*: Eve, Eva.

évêché¹⁰ *-vé* [*évêque*], *m.*: bishopric; episcopate; bishop's house.

évection¹³ [*L. -tio* (*vehere*, bring)], *f.*: (*astr.*) evection.

é-veil¹¹, *m.*: awakening; watch, guard, alert; warning, hint: *en —*, on one's guard; on the alert. **-veiller**¹⁰ [*p. L. *ex-vigilare* (*L. e-vigilare*)], *tr.*: awaken (rouse from sleep or indifference; excite); raise (the hairs on furs); *intr.*: awake: *s'—*, wake up, awake; be stirred up; *éveillé*, awakened, awake; wide-awake, lively, brisk; *m., (éveillé) f.*: wide-awake or sprightly person; *meule éveillée*, rough-grained mill-

stone (grinding mill). **-veillance**¹⁷, *f.*: roughness of a millstone.

événement¹⁵ [*L. e-venire*, arrive], *m.*: EVENT (occurrence, issue); striking event, effect; sensation; emergency; dramatic end or dénouement: *à tout —*, at all events; *en cas d'—*, in case of emergency; *cela a fait —*, that made effect (or a sensation).

é-vent¹⁶, *m.*: exposure to the air, airing; effect of too much airing, rapid taste, rapidity, flatness; air-hole; windage (of a gun), spout-hole; blow-hole (of cetaceans): *une tête à l'—*, a rapid or giddy head; *s'entir l'—*, smell rapid; *mesurer sans —*, measure liberally. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: airing. **-tail**¹⁵, *m.*: fan; screen; the shape of a fan: *croisée à —*, fan-shaped window.

†-taillier¹⁶, **†-ère** or **-tailliste**¹⁶ [*-tail*], *m., f.*: fan-maker or painter.

-taire¹⁵, *m.*: hawk's basket or tray.

-ter¹¹ [*é*, *vent*], *tr.*: expose to the wind or air, air; fan (grain); injure by exposure to the air, make rapid or flat, deaden, dampen, destroy; divulge; render stupid or spiritless, dull; winnow (grain); get the wind of, scent, smell, discover; turn the nostrils to the wind: *s'—*, fan one's self; become rapid or flat, etc.; be divulged; take vent; *-té, part.*, cf. above; rapid, flat; thoughtless, giddy. **-tiller**¹⁵ [*é*, OFr. *v.* (cf. *ventiler*)], *intr.*: (*falc.*) flap the wings. **-toire**¹³, *m.*: fire-fan; air-hole (in a mine).

éven-trer¹⁵ [*é*, *ventre*], *tr.*: disembowel, eviscerate, gut (fish); split or cut open; rip open: *s'—*, rip open one's bowels. **-treur**¹⁵, *m.*: disembowler, ripper.

éven-tualité¹⁶, *f.*: eventuality (contingency). **†-tuel**¹⁷, **-lle** [*L. -tus*, event], *adj.*: eventual (contingent); incidental; *m.*: incidental or accessory income (esp. a professor's from lecture and examination-fees), perquisite, grant. **-tuellement**¹⁷, *adj.*: eventually (contingently).

éventure¹⁴ [*-ter*], *f.*: flaw (in a gun-barrel), crevice (in a mine).

évêque⁹ [*L. L. episcopus* (Gr. *epi-skopos*, 'over-see'), *m.*: BISHOP; highest box in theatre; American sparrow (with violet plumage): — *in partibus*, bishop in partibus (titular bishop); *disputer de la chape à l'—*, dispute about what does not concern one; *†un — des champs*, a hanged man (giving the blessing with his feet).

évére¹⁵ [*é*, *ver*], *tr.*: free from worms. **†évérole**¹⁵, *f.*: blister.

†éversion¹⁴ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: eversion (overthrow).

évertuer¹⁰ [*é*, *vertu*], *refl.*: do one's utmost, exert one's self, strive.

†éveu¹⁰, **-euse** [*L. aquedus*], *adj.*: AQUEDUC, drained by rain.

éviction¹² [L. -tio], *f.*: eviction (legal dispossession of property bought on good faith).

évidement¹³ [-der], *m.*: hollowing (out), scooping, grooving; hollow, groove.

évidemment¹² [-dam-, *adv.*: evidently.

-dence¹² [L. -dencia], *f.*: evidence, clearness, obviousness, certainty; clear or convincing light; evident truth or correctness: *être en* —, be clearly seen, be conspicuous; *mettre en* —, make evident, show clearly; *se mettre en* —, make one's self conspicuous; *d'* —, evidential; *se refuser à l'* —, oppose an evident fact or truth. **-dent**¹² [L. -dens (videre, see)], *adj.*: evident (clear, obvious).

évider¹¹ [é-, *vider*], *tr.*: hollow or bore out, scoop out; (*surg.*) clean out (the inner part of a bone); groove, flute; cut wider (a dress), round out; round off, finish off; (*arch.*) form in grille work; cut out the middle branches of (a tree); free (linen) from an excess of starch, unstarch: *escalier -dé*, staircase open in the middle; — *la lame d'une épée*, groove the blade of a sword; *toile -dée*, rent cloth or canvas. **-doir**¹⁷, *m.*: boring tool. **-dure**¹⁸, *f.*: hollowing; widening, sloping.

évier¹² [œuv], *m.*: sink-stone, sink; gutter-stone, drain.

évincement¹³, *m.*: eviction (cf. -cer). **||-eer** [L. -cere (vincere, VANQUISH)], *tr.*: EVICT (dispossess legally of property); keep out by fraud, defraud.

évirer¹³ [L. -rare (vir, man)], *tr.*: (rare) emasculate (†Eng. evirate).

évi-table¹¹, *adj.*: (rare) evitable, avoidable. **-tage**¹⁷, *m.*, or **-tée**¹⁸, *f.*: (nav.) swinging (around the anchor), berth (sea room); navigable width (of a river, etc.). **-tement**, *m.*: avoiding, evasion; (*railw.*) siding, switch: *gare (voie) d'* —, switch. **||-ter**¹³ [L. -tare (vitare, shun)], *tr.*: avoid (evade, shun, †Eng. evite, evitate); spare; *†intr.*: (— à), avoid, escape from; (*nav.*) swing (at anchor, so as to turn with the wind or tide); *s'* —, spare one's self; avoid each other; — *quelque chose à quelqu'un*, spare some one something (save him from it), e.g. — *fatigue à quelqu'un*, spare some one the fatigue (save him from it).

évoca-ble¹⁷ [-guer], *adj.*: (leg.) that may be evoked. **-teur**¹⁸, **-trice** [L. -tor], *m.*, *f.*: evocator, summoner. **-tion**¹³ [L. -tio], *f.*: evocation; conjuring or summoning up (spirits; memories); (*leg.*) transfer to another court. **-toire**¹⁵ [L. -torius], *adj.*: (leg.) causing transfer to another court.

évo-luer¹⁸, *intr.*: revolve, turn or swing around; (*mil.*) perform evolutions; evolve.

||-lution¹⁶ [L. -lutio (volvere, turn)], *f.*: revolution (turning or swinging around); evolution. **-lutioniste**¹⁸, *m.*, *f.*: evolutionist.

évonyme¹⁶ [Gr. *eu-ónymos*, 'well-named'], *m.*: euonymus (prickwood).

évoquer¹³ [L. *e-vocare*], *tr.*: evoke (conjure up spirits, call up, summon memories, recall; remove from one tribunal to another).

éval-sif¹⁸, **-ive**, *adj.*: uprooting.

||-sion¹⁶ [L. -sio (vellere, pluck)], *f.*: evulsion.

ex-¹⁷ [L.], *adv.*: ex-.

exacerbation [L. -tio (acerbus, bitter)], *f.*: (med.) =.

exac-t¹⁶ [L. -tus (agere, drive)], *adj.*: =.

-tement¹³, *adv.*: exactly. **†-tesse**, **†-té** = **titude**. **-teur**¹⁸ [L. -tor], *m.*: exactor.

-tion¹² [L. -tio], *f.*: =, ex-tortion. **-titude**¹⁶, *f.*: = (exactness, accuracy, punctuality).

†exaèdre = **hexaèdre**.

ex æquo¹⁸ & [L.], *adv.*: with equal rank.

exagé-rateur¹⁶ [-rator], *m.*, **-ratrice**, *f.*: exaggerator. **-ratif**¹⁶, **-ive**, *m.*, *f.*: exaggerative, -rating.

-ration¹³ [L. -ratio], *f.*: exaggeration. **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. -rare (agere, heap)], *tr.*: †bring to its highest point; exaggerate (magnify, overstate).

†-reur¹⁶, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: exaggerator.

†exagone = **hexagone**.

exal-tation¹² [L. -latio], *f.*: =. **-té**, **-ée**, *part.*: exalted; elated; (over-)excited, heated, feverish; *m.*, *f.*: elated or excited person, enthusiast. **||-ter**⁹ [L. -tare (altus, high)], *tr.*: exalt (extol, magnify); elate; †intensify the activity of; excite, over-excite: *s'* —, become elated or excited; extol one another.

exa-men¹³ [L. -weighing], *m.*: examination (investigation; trial, examen): *jury d'* —, board of examiners. **-minateur**¹³, **-minatrice** [L. -minator], *m.*, *f.*: examiner. **-miner**¹² [L. -minare], *tr.*: examine: *s'* —, examine (search) one's self; observe one another.

exan-thémateur¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: (med.) exanthematous. **||-thème**¹⁵ [L. -thema (Gr. *ex-anthēn*, bloom out)], *m.*: exanthema (eruption).

ex-archat¹⁸, *m.*: exarchate. **-arque**¹⁶ [L. -archus (Gr. *árchein*, rule)], *m.*: ex-arch.

exaspé-rant¹³, *adj.*: exasperating. **-ra-tion**¹⁵, *f.*: exasperation. **||-rer**¹³ [L. -rare (asper, rough)], *tr.*: exasperate (irritate, provoke; aggravate): *s'* —, be exasperated.

exau-cement, *m.*: granting. **||-eer** [variant of *exhausser*], *tr.*: gladden

(EXALT) by granting a prayer or vow; grant (prayers or vows), vouchsafe.

excarner¹⁷ [L. *ex-*, *caro*, flesh], *tr.*: excarnate.

exca-vateur¹³, *m.*: excavator (machine). **-vation**¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **||-ver**¹² [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: excavate.

excé-dant¹³, *adj.*: exceeding; over and above, extra; unendurable, wearisome ('beyond measure'). **-dent**¹⁷ [L. *-dens*], *adj.*: excess, surplus, overweight.

||-der¹⁵ [L. *-dere* (*cedere*, pass)], *tr.*: exceed, go beyond, surpass; *||go* to an excess; pass beyond the endurable, tire or wear out; *s'*—, be worn out; tire or wear one's self out, tire; — *de coups*, beat unmercifully.

excel-lement¹³ *-lam-* [*-lent*], *adv.*: excellently. **-lence**¹¹ [L. *-lentia*], *f.*: excellence; excellency. **-lent**¹¹ [L. *-lens*], *adj.*: excellent. **-lentissime**¹² [L. *-lentissimus*], *adj.*: most excellent.

||-ler¹⁵ [L. *-lere* (root *cel*, rise)], *intr.*: excel (surpass, be eminent).

excentri-cité¹⁶ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: excentricity. **||-que**¹⁵ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *kéntron*, centre)], *adj.*: excentric; *m.*: excentric; excentric wheel. **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: excentrically.

excepté, *part.*: excepted, except, save, but. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare* (*capere*, take)], *tr.*: except. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (exclusion; *leg.* objection, plea): — *déclinatoire*, objection to jurisdiction; — *péremptoire*, demurrer; — *tiré de l'aveu*, estoppel; *à l'— de*, with the exception of, except; *à cette — près*, with this exception; *tribunaux d'—*, extraordinary tribunal. **-tionnel**¹⁷, *||le* [*-tion*], *adj.*: exceptional (containing an exception; rare). **-tionnellement**¹⁸, *adv.*: exceptionally.

ex-cès¹³ [L. *-cessus* (*cedere*, pass)], *m.*: excess (surplus, remainder; superabundance; extravagance, immoderation); (*leg.*) outrage. **-cessif**¹², *||ve*, *adj.*: excessive; extravagant. **-cessivement**¹³, *adv.*: excessively.

exci-per¹² [L. *-pere* (*capere*, take)], *intr.*: (*leg.*) allege an exception. **-pient**¹⁷ [L. *-piens*], *m.*: (*pharm.*) =.

excise [Eng. (? L. *ex-cidere*, cut off)], *f.*: =; excise bureau.

exci-ger¹⁵, *tr.*: excise (cut off). **||-sion**¹³ [L. *-sio* (*ex-cidere*, cut off)], *f.*: = (cutting away, removal).

exci-tabilité¹⁷ [*-table*], *f.*: excitability. **-table**¹², *adj.*: excitable. **-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: exciting, excitant, arousing; *m.*: (*med.*) excitant. **-tateur**¹³, **-tatrice** [L. *-tator*], *m., f.*: exciter. **-tatif**¹³, *||ve*, *adj.*: excitative. **-tation**¹² [L.

-latio], *f.*: =. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare* (*citare*, rouse)], *tr.*: excite (rouse, stir up, move, stimulate, prompt; incite, irritate); *s'*—, excite one's self, be excited (etc.); excite (rouse) one another. **-teur**¹⁵, *||euse*, *m., f.*: exciter.

excla-matif¹⁷, *||ve*, *adj.*: exclamative. **-mation**¹³ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: =. **-mative-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: exclamatively. **||-mer**¹⁵ [L. *-mare* (*clamare*, cry out)], *refl.*: exclaim (cry out).

ex-clure¹³ [L. *-cludere* (CLOSE)], *tr.*: EXCLUDE (shut out, debar). **-clusif**¹⁵, *||ve* [L. *-clusivus*], *adj.*: exclusive. **-clution**¹² [L. *-clusio*], *f.*: =. **-clusement**¹⁴ [*-sif*], *adv.*: exclusively.

excomm-nication¹¹ [L. *-nicatio*], *f.*: =. **||-nier**¹¹ [L. *-nicare* (*communis*, common)], *tr.*: excommunicate (exclude from communion with the church).

||excompt... = *excompt*...

exco-riation¹³, *f.*: =. **-rier**¹⁵ [L. *-riare* (*corium*, hide)], *tr.*: (*surg.*) excoriate.

excorporation¹³ [L. *ex*, corpus, body], *f.*: exclusion from the diocese (of a priest by the bishop).

excrémén-t [L. *-tum* (*cernere*, separate)], *m.*: excrement (excretion; alvine discharge; ordure, scum, dregs). **-teur**¹⁵, *||euse*, or **-tiel**, *||le*, *adj.*: excrementitious, excremental.

excrese-nee = *excroissance*.

excré-teur¹⁵, **-trice**, *adj.*: excretory. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*cernere*, separate)], *f.*: excretion. **-toire**¹⁵, *adv.*: excretory.

excroissance¹² [L. *ex-crescentia* (L. *crecere*, GROW)], *f.*: excrecence.

excur-sion¹⁵ [L. *-sio* (*currere*, run)], *f.*: = (trip; expedition; digression); inroad, invasion; (*astr.*) deviation from the ecliptic. **-sionniste**¹³, *m., f.*: excursionist.

ex-cusable¹², *adj.*: excusable. **||-cusation**¹¹ [L. *-cusatio*], *f.*: †Eng. =, plea. **-cuse**¹⁴, *f.*: = (apology; plea). **-cuser**¹¹ [L. *-cusare*], *tr.*: excuse (plead or apologise for; exculpate, pardon; relieve); *s'*—, excuse one's self, apologise; decline; throw the blame upon (*sur*).

exéat¹⁶ [L. 'let him go forth'], *m.*: = (permission, leave of absence from a college, a diocese, etc.).

exé-crable¹³ [L. *-crabilis*], *adj.*: execrable (damnable, accursed, abominable); †cursing. **-crablement**¹⁴ [*-crable*], *adv.*: execrably. **-cration**¹² [*-cratio*], *f.*: execration (cursing, curse; detestation, abomination); profanation of a sacred place. **||-crer**¹⁵ [L. *-crari* (*sacer*, SACRED)], *tr.*: execrate (abhor as unholy or detestable, detest, abominate).

exé-cutable¹³, *adj.*: =, feasible.

-tant¹⁷, **-ante**, **adj.**: executing; *m.*, *f.*: (mus.) performer, player. **||-ter**¹⁸ [L. part. of *ex-sequi*, follow out], *tr.*: execute (perform, complete; put to death legally); *distrain*; *sell* by forced auction: *s-*, be performed; take place; *sell* off (for the benefit of creditors); sacrifice one's self, yield, comply. **-teur**¹¹, **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m.*, *f.*: executor, executioner; **||-tad**: executive: — *testamentaire*, executor (of a will); — *des hautes œuvres*, executioner. **-tif**¹³, **-ive**, **adj.**: executive; *m.*: executive power. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: execution (performance; fulfilment; arrangement; fine touch in playing; putting to death); *distraint* (seizing by distress); forced auction; *sacking*, (†Eng. execution): *ordre d'-*, death-warrant. **-toire**¹³ [L. *-torius*], **adj.**: executory (to be carried into effect); (*titre*) —, order of legal expenses and their payment.

exé-gèse¹⁶ [L. *ex-egesis* (Gr. *ex-egesis*, explanation)], *f.*: exegesis. **-gôte**¹⁷ [Gr. *-getés*], *m.*: exegete. **-gétique**¹⁶ [L. *ex-egeticus*], **adj.**: exegetic(al).

1. exem-plaire¹³ [L. *-plaris*], **adj.**: exemplary. **2. -plaire**¹¹ [L. *-plarium*], *m.*: fexemplar (model, ideal); copy, (†Eng. exemplary); specimen. **-plairement**¹² [*-plaire*], **adv.**: in an exemplary manner; exemplarily. **||exem-ple**¹⁰ [L. *-plum* (*ex-imere*, take out)], *m.*: example (specimen; instance; pattern; precedent); copy-slip, copy: *d l- de*, in imitation of; *par -*, for instance; (*interj.*) upon my honour!

1. ex-empt¹², **-empté** [L. *-emptus* (*ex-imere*, take out)], **adj.**: exempt(ed). **2. -empt**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) cavalry sergeant detailed to serve in the absence of the lieutenant (cf. Eng. *exempt*, one freed from duty); provost marshal; police officer; clergyman exempted from the jurisdiction of the ordinary. **-empter**¹³, *tr.*: exempt (free, dispense). **-emption**¹⁴ [L. *-emptio*], *f.*: = exemption mark (given to students for good standing, whereby they may escape a punishment, etc.): *lettre d'-*, bill of surffiance.

exéquat¹⁷ [L. *ex-(s)equatur*, 'be it executed'], *m.*: = (legal or official authorisation).

exer-cer⁹ [L. *-cere*], *tr.*: exercise (train, drill; practice; carry on; exert, inflict); visit (manufacturers, etc.) to collect duties. **-eice**¹² [L. *-citum*], *m.*: exercise (training; drill; practice; performance; worship; function; use; trial, test); severe trial; visit for collecting duties; budget period; curriculum: *entrer en -*, begin one's practice or term of service; *collège*

de plein -, college with a full curriculum (as in a *lycée*); *faire l'-*, exercise, practise; *se tenir en -*, keep one's self in practice; — *à feu*, rifle practice. **-citation**¹¹ [L. *citatio*], *f.*: exercise.

exérèse¹⁷ [Gr. *ex-airesis* (*hairain*, take)], *f.*: (surg.) cutting out or away, amputation. **exfoliation**¹⁵, *f.*: = **||-lier**¹⁵ [L. *-liare* (*folium*, leaf)], *tr.* or *refl.*: exfoliate.

exha-laison¹³, *f.*: exhalation. **-lant**¹⁸, **adj.**: exhaling; *m.*: exhaling vessel. **-lation**¹³ [L. *latio*], *f.*: = **-latoire**¹⁷, **adj.**: exhalant, evaporating; *f.*: evaporator. **||-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (*halare*, breathe)], *tr.*: exhale (breathe forth, emit), vent.

exhaus-sement¹¹, *m.*: raising; height; rising up. **||-ser**¹¹ [OFr. *es-haucier* (cf. *hausser*)], *tr.*: raise higher, raise, elevate.

exhaustion¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (*haurire*, draw water)], *f.*: = (drawing out, draining; old geometrical method); (*log.*) complete statement of hypotheses.

exhé-ré-dation¹⁷ [L. *-datio*], *f.*: disinheriting, disinheritance, (*Eng. exheredation). **||-der**¹⁴ [L. *-dare* (*heres*, HEIR)], *tr.*: disinherit, (†Eng. exheredate).

exhi-ber¹³ [L. *-bere* (*habere*, hold)], *tr.*: exhibit. **-bition**¹¹ [L. *-bitio*], *f.*: =

exhila-rant¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (*hilaris*, merry)], **adj.**: exhilarating. **-ration**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =

exhortatif, **-ive** [L. *-tativus*], **adj.**: exhortative. **-tation** [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: = **||-ter**¹² [L. *-tari*], *tr.*: exhort.

exhu-mation¹⁶, *f.*: = **||-mer** [L. *-mare* (*humus*, ground)], *tr.*: exhume.

exi-grant¹⁷, **adj.**: exacting, severe; pretentious. **-gence**¹³ [L. *-gentia*], *f.*: exactingness (exacting claim or demand); exigence, -oy. **||-ger**¹³ [L. *-gere* (*agere*, drive)], *tr.*: EXACT (require peremptorily; wrest). **-gibilité**¹⁵ [*-gible*], *f.*: liability to demand or exaction; thing liable to demand; bank-depositions (etc.) payable on demand. **-gible**¹⁵, **adj.**: = (liable to be demanded or exacted).

exi-gu¹⁵, **-uë** [L. *-guus* (root *ag-*, weigh)], **adj.**: exiguous (scanty, slight, slender). **-guité**¹⁵ [*-guitas*], *f.*: exiguity (scantiness, etc.).

exi-l¹¹ [for OFr. *exil*, L. *ex-silium* (root *sal*, leap)], *m.*: exile (banishment). **-ler**¹⁰, *tr.*: exile (banish); remove; *s-*, exile one's self, withdraw.

exis-tant¹⁶, **adj.**: existing, extant, existant. **-tence**¹³ [L. *-tentia*], *f.*: = **||-ter** [L. *-tere* (*stare*, STAND)], *intr.*: exist.

ex libris¹³ [L. 'from my books'], *m.*: (one's own) book-stamp.

exocet¹⁵ [L. *catus* (Gr. *koite*, home)], *m.*: exocetus (flying fish).

1. exo-de¹² [L. *-dus* (Gr. *ex*, out, *hodos*,

way)], *f.*: exodus; emigration. **z.-de**¹⁶ [L. *-dium*], *m.*: exode (end of a Greek tragedy, after the chorus had 'gone out').

exogène¹⁸ [Gr. *éxo*, outside, root *gen*, be born], *adj.*: exogenous (having distinct bark, wood, and pith).

exonération¹⁶ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: exoneration. **||-rer**¹⁸ [L. *-rare* (*onus*, load)], *tr.*: exonerate (relieve, free).

exophthalmie¹⁷ [Gr. *-mos* (*ophthalmós*, eye)], *f.*: exophthalmia (protrusion of the eyeball). **-mique**, *adj.*: exophthalmic.

exorable¹⁵ [L. *-bilis* (*orare*, pray)], *adj.*: =.

exorbi-tamment¹⁵, *adj.*: exorbitantly. **-tant**¹⁴ [L. *-tans* (*orbis*, orbit)], *adj.*: exorbitant (extravagant, excessive); †deviating (*de*, from), †outside (*de*, of).

exor-ci-ser¹⁸ [L. *-cisare* (Gr. *érkos*, oath)], *tr.*: exorcise (cast out by conjuration, conjure away; purify from the influence of evil spirits); conjure, implore, urge, exhort. **-cisme**¹⁸ [L. *-cismus*], *m.*: exorcism. **-ciste**¹⁸ [L.], *m.*: exorcist.

exorde¹⁵ [L. *-dium* (*ordire*, begin)], *m.*: exordium (introducing part of a discourse).

exostose¹⁵ [Gr. *-sis* (*ostôin*, bone)], *f.*: exostosis (excrescence of a bone; *bot.* knot).

exotérique¹⁵ [L. *-ricus* (Gr. *éxo*, outside)], *adj.*: exoteric(al) (public, fit to impart to the public).

exotique¹⁵ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *éxo*, outside)], *adj.*: exotic.

expan-sibilité¹⁷, *f.*: expansibility. **-sible**¹⁷, *adj.*: expansible, -sive. **||-sion**¹⁷ [L. *-sio* (*pandre*, spread)], *f.*: = (expanding, distension, expanse); organic development; openness (of heart), communicativeness; growth (of ideas).

expatriation¹⁶, *f.*: =. **||-trier**¹⁸ [L. *ex, patria*, FATHERLAND], *tr.*: expatriate.

expec-tant¹⁴ [L. *-tans* (*spectare*, look)], *adj.*: = (waiting for the efforts of nature for effect or growth); †*m.*: expectant (candidate in expectation). **-tatif**¹⁶, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: expectative (contingent); expectancy. **-tation**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =. **-tative**¹⁸ [*f.* of *-tatif*], *adj.*: expectative; *f.*: expectation, prospect; expectancy; (*schol.*) disputation for the doctor's degree.

expecto-rant¹⁷, *adj.*: =. **-ration**¹⁶, *f.*: =. **||-rer**¹⁶ [L. *-rare* (*pectus*, breast)], *tr.*: expectorate (spit forth); (*Rom. Cath.*) proclaim Cardinal (who was nominated in *petto*): †*s'*—, speak openly.

expé-dient¹⁴ [L. *-diens* (*dire*, free, viz. the foot, *pes*)], *adj.*: expedient (promoting, proper, fit); *m.*: expedient (shift); †(*leg.*) compromise. **-dier**¹⁸, *tr.*: expedite (hasten, dispatch, send off, forward); get through

with; finish, kill; ruin; clear (at the custom-house); draw up (a deed, etc.). **-di-teur**¹⁴ [*-dier*], *m.*: sender, consignator, shipping clerk; shipper. **-ditif**¹⁶, **-ive** [*-dier*], *adj.*: expeditious, quick, (†Eng. expeditive). **-dition**¹⁸ [L. *-ditio*], *f.*: expedition. **-ditionnaire**¹⁵ [*-dition*], *adj.*: expeditionary; expedition; forwarding, shipping; *m.*: expedition clerk; copyist; forwarding or shipping clerk. **-tive-ment**¹⁸ [*-tif*], *adv.*: expeditiously.

expé-rigence¹⁸ [L. *-rientia* (*-rir*, try, root *par*-, FARE)], *f.*: experience; experiment, (†Eng. experience). **-rimental**¹⁶ [L. *-rimentum*, experience], *adj.*: experimental. **-rimentalement**¹⁸, *adv.*: experimentally. **-rimentateur**¹⁸ [*-riment*], *m.*: experimenter. **-rimentation**¹⁸ [*-riment*], *f.*: experimentation. **-rimenté**¹⁴ [L. *-rimentum*, experience], *adj.*: experienced. **-rimentér**¹⁸ [L. *-rimentare*], *tr.*: try by experience, test, try; *intr.*: experiment.

exper-t¹² [L. *-tus* (part. of *-iri*, cf. *-ience*)], *adj.*: =; *m.*: expert (experienced person; specialist; appraiser); surveyor. **-tement**, *adv.*: expertly. **-tise**¹⁸, *f.*: (old) expertness, skill; (*leg.*) expert opinion, appraisal; survey. **-tiser**¹⁸ [*-tise*], *tr.*: submit to appraisal.

ex-plable, *adj.*: =. **-pateur**¹⁵, **-triee** [L. *-piator*], *adj.*: (rare) expiatory. **-pation**¹¹ [L. *-piatio*], =, atonement. **-patoire**¹⁵ [L. *-piatorius*], *adj.*: expiatory. **||-pier**¹⁸ [L. *-piare* (*pious*, pious), appease with pious deeds], *tr.*: expiate (purify with sacred rites; atone for; make amends for).

expi-rant¹⁶, *adj.*: expiring, dying. **-ra-teur**¹⁷, *adj.*: expiratory. **-ration**¹⁸ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **||-rer**¹¹ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: expire (breathe out, emit, exhale; *intr.*: breathe one's last, die, cease, terminate).

explé-tif¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (*plere*, FILL)], *adj.*: expletive; *m.*: expletive. **-tive-ment**¹⁸, *adv.*: expletively.

expli-cable¹⁵ [L. *-cabilis*], *adj.*: =. **-ca-teur** [L. *-cater*], *m.*: explainer. **-catif**¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-cativus*], *adj.*: explicative, explanatory. **-cation**¹⁵ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: = (explanation; interpretation). **-cit**¹⁸ [L. *-citus*], *m.*: = ('*finis*', 'end' of a book). **-cite**¹⁶ [L. *-citus*], *adj.*: explicit (express, definite). **-citement**¹⁸ [*-cite*], *adv.*: explicitly. **||-quer**¹⁸ [L. *-care* (*plicare*, FOLD)], *tr.*: explicate (unfold, develop; explain, interpret; solve; account for; translate aloud: *s'*—, explain one's self; explain itself, be explained; have an explanation (*avec*, with)).

exploit¹⁰, *m.*: = (heroic deed, feat); (*leg.*) writ, summons: *faire un* —, per-

form a feat; *signifier un* —, serve a writ.
-table¹², *adj.*: that may be worked or cultivated with profit, workable, promising; (*leg.*) distrainable. **-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: working to a profit, exploiting; (*leg.*) serving writs; *m.*: exploiting person, cultivator, improver; adventurer. **-tation**¹³, *f.*: exploitation (working, utilizing, cultivation, improving): *champs (chantier) d'* —, (*min.*) working place, room; *chef d'* —, manager; (*rail.*) traffic-manager; *matériel d'* —, working stock; *en* —, in operation; *mettre en* —, work. **-ter**⁹ [p. L. **ex-plicāre* (L. *plīdēre*, FOLD), 'unfold' (OFr. 'perform')], *tr.*: work profitably or to advantage (as a mine, etc.), work, cultivate, utilize; make the most of; use to one's own advantage, take advantage of, impose upon, work; (*intr.*: (*iron.*) get through, do; serve writs; (*tr. rare*, serve a writ on): — *une mine (route)*, work a mine (road); — *un bois*, cultivate a wood for sale; — *une place*, make the most of a situation; — *la curiosité publique*, speculate upon public curiosity; *non-té*, unworked, uncultivated, unimproved. **-teur**¹³, **-euse**, *m., f.*: worker; person taking advantage of or using others.
explo-rateur¹⁴, **-ratrice** [L. *-rator*], *m., f.*: explorer; (*surg.*) probe; *adj.*: exploratory, -rative. **-ration**¹⁴ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: explore; probe.
explo-sion¹⁸, *m.*: explodent. **-sible**¹⁸, *adj.*: explosive; *m.*: explosive. **-sif**¹⁸, **-ive**, *adj.*: as regards explosion; explosive (causing explosion; 'mute' viz. consonant); *m.*: explosive (explosive agent); *f.*: explosive ('mute' consonant). **-sion**¹⁷ [L. *-sio* (plaudere, clap)], *f.*: =.
expunctuer¹⁸ [ex-, p...], *tr.*: (*pal.*) denote effacing by a dot; EXPUNGE.
exponentiel¹⁷, **-lle** [L. *ex-pōnens*, exposing], *adj.*: exponential.
expor-tateur¹⁷ [L. *-tare*, export], *m.*: exporter. **-tation**¹⁷ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =. **-ter**¹⁷ [L. *-tare* (portare, carry)], *tr.*: export.
expo-sant¹³, *part.*: exposing; *m.*: (*alg.*) exponent; *m., f.*: exhibitor; (*leg.*) petitioner. **-sé**, *part.*: exposed; *m.*: = (exposition of facts, brief statement, outline, *leg.* recital). **-ser**¹¹ [L. *-nere* (ponere, put)], *tr.*: expose (to view, action or danger; exhibit; endanger, risk; render liable; lay open, reveal); expound, explain; *intr.*: exhibit; explain: *s'* —, expose one's self, be exposed, be liable; lie open; — *en vente*, expose for sale; — *un enfant*, expose a child to perish; place a child in an asylum. **-sition**¹¹ [L. *-sitiō*], *f.*: =

(exposing, exhibition; public exhibition; lying in state; expounding, explanation; account; exposure; †Eng. situation with reference to sun, light, wind, etc., location, aspect): *un appartement de bonne* —, nicely located apartments; *maison d'une* — *agréable*, house with an agreeable aspect; *l'* — *d'un tableau*, the place (hanging) of a picture; *l'* — *d'un enfant*, the exposure of a child (to perish). **-sitaire** [L. *-sitorius*], *adj.*: expository.
ex-près¹², **-esse** [L. *-pressus*], *adj.*: express (exact, positive; special; *m.*: express special messenger). **2. -près**¹³ [1. *-près*], *adv.*: expressly (purposely, on purpose). **-press**¹⁵ [Eng.], *adj.*: =; *m.*: express train. **-pressément**¹² [1. *-près*], *adv.*: expressly. **-pressif**¹⁴, **-ive** [*-pression*], *adj.*: expressive. **-pression**¹⁵ [L. *-pressio*], *f.*: =. **-primable**¹⁵, *adj.*: expressible. **|| -primer**¹¹ [L. *-primere* (primere, PRESS)], *tr.*: express (press or squeeze out; give expression or utterance to; manifest): *s'* —, express one's self; be expressed.
ex professo¹⁶ [L.], *adv.*: =, as an expert.
expro-priation¹⁷, *f.*: = (depriving of ownership, dispossession): — *forcée*, seizure (of property); *jury d'* —, valuation jury. **|| -prier**¹⁶ [L. *ex, proprius*, proper, own], *tr.*: expropriate (deprive of possession, dispossession): *débiteur -prie*, debtor whose property has been sold at public auction; — *un particulier pour cause d'utilité publique*, condemn private property (for public use).
expul-ser¹³ [L. *-sare* (pellere, drive)], *tr.*: EXPEL (drive or force out, †Eng. expulse). **† -seur**¹⁴, **-trice**, *adj.*: expulsive. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =; ejection.
expur-gatoire¹⁵ [L. *-gatorius*], *adj.*: expurgatory. **|| -ger**¹⁵ [L. *-gare* (purus, pure)], *tr.*: expurgate.
exqui-s¹⁴ [L. *-situs* (quarere, seek)], *adj.*: exquisite (choice, rare; †keen, subtle): *fièvre réglée* — *e*, very regular intermittent fever. **-sément**¹⁵, *adv.*: exquisitely.
exsangne¹⁵ [L. *-guis* (sanguis, blood)], *adj.*: anaemic (bloodless, pallid).
exsuc-eion¹⁷ or **-tion** [L. *ex-sugere*, SUCK out], *f.*: exsuction.
exsu-dation¹⁷ [L. *-datio*], *f.*: ex(s)udation. **|| -der**¹⁵ [L. *-dare* (sudor, SWEAT)], *intr.*: exude, perspire.
† extant¹⁶, *adj.*: (*leg.*) = (existing).
ex-tase¹³ [L. *-tasis* (Gr. *ek-stasis*, 'out of place or STATE')], *f.*: ecstasy (rapture). **-tasier**¹⁵, *tr.*: enrapture, (†Eng. ecstasy); *refl.*: be in ecstasy or rapture, be enraptured; become enthusiastic. **-tatique**¹⁵ [L. *-taticus*], *adj.*: ecstatic, rapturous; *m., f.*: ecstatic person.

extemporané¹⁵ [L. -neus (ex-tempore, out of time)], *adj.*: extemporaneous; (*leg.*) unpremeditated; (*pharm.*) prepared by prescription.

exten-seur¹⁷, *adj.* or *m.*: (*anat.*) extensor. -**sibilité**¹⁷ [-sible], *f.*: extensibility.

-**sible**¹⁷, *adj.*: =. -**sif**¹⁵, =**ive**, *adj.*: extending, expanding; extensive (wide-reaching); (*agr.*) capable of cheap extension. -**sion**¹³ [L. -sio (*tendere*, stretch)], *f.*: = (stretching; enlargement; tension; amplification); extent. -**so**, *cf.* in —.

exté-nuation¹³ [L. -nuatio], *f.*: extenuation (rendering thin; emaciation; mitigation, palliation); (*rhet.*) softening, modification, euphemism. || -**ner**¹⁵ [L. -nuare (*tenuis*, THIN)], *tr.*: extenuate (make thin or slender; emaciate, reduce, enfeeble; palliate, mitigate); soften (an expression), modify.

exté-rieur¹⁴ [L. -rior], *adj.*: exterior (external, outside; foreign; *m.*: outside, externals, external appearance or deportment, manner); foreign countries, abroad; *les nouvelles de l'—*, the news from abroad; *à l'intérieur et à l'—*, at home and abroad; *donner trop à l'—*, be too much given to externals (external ceremonies). -**rieurement**¹⁵, *adv.*: externally, outwardly. -**rioriser**¹⁸ [L. -rior], *tr.*: (*phil.*) place (the cause of sensations) outside of one's self.

extermi-nateur¹⁴, -**natrice** [L. -nator], *m., f.*: exterminator; *adj.*: exterminating, destroying. -**nation**¹¹ [L. -natio], *f.*: =. || -**ner**¹¹ [L. -nare (*terminus*, end)], *tr.*: exterminate (drive out; destroy, root out).

exter-nat¹⁸, *m.*: day school; externe's office. || -**ne**¹⁵ [L. -nus], *adj.*: external (exterior, outdoor); *m., f.*: day student (student residing outside the school); extern (physician student in hospitals).

extinc-teur¹⁶, -**trice** [L. -tion], *m., f.*: extinguisher; *m.*: extinction apparatus. -**tion**¹⁶ [L. -tio (*stinguere*, quench)], *f.*: = (quenching, extinguishment; destruction, suppression, end; quelling; liquidation, redemption); moment when the lights are to be extinguished; slacking (of lime); (*alg.*) — *des racines*, evolution; *jusqu'à —* (*de chaleur naturelle*), till one is exhausted; (*auct.*) à l'— *des bougies*, (timing sale) by inch of (*lit.*) candle.

extir-pateur¹⁸, -**patrie** [L. -pator], *m., f.*: extirpator; (*agri.*) weeding instrument. -**pation**¹⁴ [L. -patio], *f.*: = (uprooting; excision; destruction). || -**per**¹³ [L. -pare (*stirps*, root)], *tr.*: extirpate (uproot, eradicate, destroy; cut out).

extor-quer¹³ [L. -quere (*torquere*, twist)], *tr.*: extort (wring, exact by moral vio-

lence); *s'—*, force upon one's self. -**sign**¹³ [L. -sio], *f.*: extortion.

extra¹⁷, *pl.* — [abbr. of *extra-ordinaire*], *m.*: =; servant employed only certain days; *adj.*: extraordinary; *adv.*: extra, unusually: *un plat (un vin) d'—*, an extra dish (extra wine); *un vin —*, extra fine wine.

extra [L., beyond], *prefix*: extra.

extrabudgétaire¹⁵ [extra-, budget], *adj.*: over and above the regular budget.

extrao-tif¹⁵, =**ive**, *adj.*: extractive; denoting origin; *m.*: extractive. -**tion** [L. -tio (*trahere*, DRAW)], *f.*: =.

extra-der¹⁷, *tr.*: extradite. || -**dition**¹⁷ [L. *ex*, *traditio*, giving up], *f.*: =.

extra-dos¹⁶ [extra-, dos], *m.*: = (external curve of an arch). -**dossier**, *tr.*: curve (an arch).

extra-fin, *adj.*: extra fine.

ex-traire⁹ [p. L. **trahere* (L. *trahere*, DRAW)], *irr.* (*cf.* *traire*); *tr.*: EXTRACT (draw out; quote); make extracts from, abridge; transfer (from a place of confinement to another, or before a magistrate). -**trait**¹⁵, *m.*: extract; abstract; copy; certificate; epitome: — *mortuaire*, certificate of death; *un — d'homme*, an epitome of a man; — *authentique*, certified copy.

extrajudi-ciaire¹³ [extra-, j...], *adj.*: extrajudicial. -**ciairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: extrajudicially.

extraordi-naire¹⁸ [L. -narius], *adj.*: extraordinary (uncommon); †(*leg.*) criminal (*viz.* process); *m.*: extraordinary (uncommon thing or condition; extraordinary expense; extended authority; special post or messenger). -**nairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: extraordinarily; extra; †criminally. †**extrapasser** = *strapasser*.

extravagament¹⁵, *adv.*: extravagantly. -**gance**¹⁴, *f.*: = (excess; extravagance, recklessness, wildness; extravagance word or action). || -**gant**¹⁵,

-**gante** [l. L. -gans (L. *vagari*, wander)], *adj.*: extravagant (beyond bound or rule; reckless, wild, senseless); *m., f.*: extravagant person, wild fellow; *f.*: extraordinary bull or edict. -**guer**¹⁵ [l. L. -gari], *intr.*: †wander out of the way, rove, (†Eng. *extravagate*); digress; do or say extravagant things, rave, talk idly.

extra-vasation¹⁶ or -**vasion**, *f.*: (*med.*) =. || -**vaser**¹⁶ [extra-, L. *vas*, vessel], *refl.*: be extravasated (let out of the proper vessel or veins).

ex-trême¹² [L. -tremus], *adj.*: extreme (utmost; excessive, radical); *m.*: extreme (utmost point, limit, or condition; *math.* first or last term): (*jusqu'à l'—*, to an extreme; *les femmes sont —s*, women are

inclined to extremes; *les — s se touchent*, extremes meet. **-trémement**¹⁵, *adj.*: extremely. **-trème-unction**¹⁶, *f.*: extreme unction. **-trémis**, *cf.* in —. **-trémité**¹² [L. *tremitas*], *f.*: extremity (extreme limit or condition; extreme; limb; excess); death; extreme measure; violence: *à l'—*, to extremity; at a push; on the point of death, dying; *passer à la dernière —*, drive to extremity; resort to violent measures.

extrinsèque¹² [L. *-cus* (exter, outside, secus, also)], *adj.*: extrinsic(al). **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: extrinsically.

exubérance¹⁵ [L. *-rantia*], *f.*: exuberance. **-rant**¹⁴ [L. *-rans* (uberare, be fruitful, uber, UDDER)], *adj.*: exuberant (overflowing, abundant).

exulcération¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: exulceration. **-rèr**¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (ulcus, sore)], *tr.*: exulcerate.

exultation¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: —. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare* (salire, leap)], *intr.*: exult.

exutoire¹⁵ [L. *-uere*, draw out], *m.*: exutory (issue, artificial ulcer).

ex voto¹⁵, *pl.* — [L. 'after the vow'], *m.*: = (votive offering).

F

f, *f*, *m.*, or older *eff*, *f.*: *f* (the letter); *abr.* for *forçat*, convict; *parler par B et par F*, curse and swear.

fa¹² [L. *fa-muli* in a hymn], *m.*: = (note in music).

faba-gelle¹⁶, or **-go** [L. *L.* for L. *fava*, bean], *f.*: caper (plant).

fa-ble¹⁶ [L. *-bula* (*fari*, speak)], *f.*: = (invented tale; plot); common talk or subject. **-bliau**¹¹ [for **-leau*], *m.*: = (short, metrical tale, usually humorous, of a real or possible incident in every-day life in the middle ages). **-blier**¹⁶, *m.*: (humor.) teller of fables.

fabri-cant¹⁴ [*-quer*], *m.*: =, manufacturer. **-cateur**¹⁴, **-trice**¹⁴ [L. *-cator*, *-trix*], *m.*, *f.*: †maker, producer; fabricator, contriver; forger. **-cation**¹⁴ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: =. **-cien**¹⁶, or **-cier** [L. *-ca*, *FABRIC*], *m.*: administrator, warden (of church property). **-que**¹⁵ [L. *-ca*, work-shop (*faber*, artisan)], *f.*: fabric (structure; texture, composition; made article); factory: *marque de —*, trademark; *le conseil de —*, or by elipsis. *la —*, council of parish trustees, administrators of church property. **-quer**¹¹ [L. *-care*], *tr.*: make, manufacture; create.

fabuleusement¹⁵, *adv.*: fabulously. **-Pèur**¹⁵, **-ense** [L. *-lorus* (*-la*, tale)],

adj.: fabulous, like a fable; (*fam.*) incredible, imaginary; mythical. **-liste**¹⁵ [L. *-la*], *m.*: fabulist.

fa-çade¹⁵ [It. *-ciata*], *f.*: =, front side of a building. **-ce**¹⁶ [p. L. **-cia* (L. *-cies*)], *f.*: = (countenance; front; surface side of a solid; aspect); $\frac{1}{10}$ of the height of man; first card the banker shows at basset: *un homme à deux — s*, a two-faced, deceitful man; *faire — d*, face, stand one's ground against; *pile ou —*, heads or tails; *— de carême*, pale, or tired face; *en —*, opposite, in presence of; *cheval de belle —*, horse with white face or blaze. **-ce-à-main**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: opera-glasses with a handle. **-cer**¹⁶, *tr.*: †face: *— quelqu'un*, match one's card at basset.

façé-tie¹⁴ [L. *-tia* (ak. to *fari*, speak)], *f.*: joke; practical joke. **-tièusement**¹⁴ [*-tieux*], *adv.*: in jest, as a joke. **-tieux**¹⁴, **-ense**, *adj.*: facetious; witty, funny.

facet-te¹¹ [*face*], *f.*: little face, facet (as of a diamond, of a compound eye): *style d'— s*, brilliant style, manner. **-ter**¹⁴, *tr.*: — *un diamant*, cut, *FACET* a diamond.

fa-cher¹⁶ [p. L. **fasticare* (L. *fastus*, disdain)], *tr.*: †disgust; offend, anger; displease, vex; pain, make sorry: *se —*, get angry; take offence, be offended; fall out; *fâché de*, vexed at; *fâché contre*, angry with; *se — avec*, quarrel with; *†il leur fâche*, they are sorry, grieved. **-cherie**¹⁵, *f.*: vexation; quarrel; disagreement. **-cheusement**¹⁵ [*-cheux*], *adv.*: disagreeably; sadly. **-cheux**¹⁵, **-ense**, *adj.*: †difficult; troublesome, annoying; painful; disagreeable; regrettable; peevish; *m.*: disagreeable thing; *m.*, *f.*: disagreeable person, bore: *le mot est — à dire*, the word is unpleasant to say.

facial¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-cies*, face], *adj.*: =, of the face.

†**fa-ciendaire**¹⁴, *m.*: FACIENT, agent. **-cigne**¹⁵ [It. *-cienda* (L. *-cienda*, things to be done)], *f.*: business; intrigue, scheme.

facies¹⁵ [L. 'face'], *m.*: =, countenance. **faci-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lis* (*facere*, do)], *adj.*: =, easy; pliant, yielding; skillful, handy; affable; (*fam.*) of easy virtue. **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: easily. **-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: facility; ease; readiness; delay (allowed a debtor to pay). **-litér**¹⁵ [It. *-litare*], *tr.*: facilitate, aid.

façon¹⁶ [L. *factio* (*facere*, do) doing], *f.*: FASHIONING (shaping, making); shape, form; dressing; style, FASHION (manner, way); material (furnished to a workman); appearance; ceremony: *il travaille à —*, he works with furnished material; *je vais te servir d'un plat de ma —*, I am going to

do you a good turn; *c'est une — de parler*, it's just a way of speaking, not to be taken literally; *†parler de la —*, speak so; *†en — du monde*, not at all; *sans —*, without any ado; *par —*, affectedly, by way of show or pretence; *†point de —*, no ceremony, don't stand on ceremony.

faconde¹¹ [L. *-cundia* (*fari*, speak)], *f.*: eloquence (cf. *†Eng.* FACUND, eloquent).

façon-nier¹³ [*façon*], *tr.*: FASHION, shape, make, dress (land, vines, etc.); train; educate; ornament; render stylish; *intr.*: (rare) be affected, put on airs. **-nier**¹⁵, **-ière** [*façon*], *m., f.*: worker (to whom material is furnished), skilled workmen; ceremonious, affected person.

fac-similé¹⁸ or **facsimilé** [L. *fac* (*facere*, make), *simile*, like], *m.*: facsimile, exact copy. **-tage**¹⁹ [ak. to *facteur*], *m.*: delivery (of parcels from stores); delivery-business. **-teur**¹⁸,

-trice [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: †maker, framer; manufacturer (esp. of musical instruments); FACTOR (in math.); agent; postman; carrier; clerk; auctioneer. **-tice**¹⁶ [L. *-ticius*], *adj.*: artificial; acquired, not innate.

-tiement¹⁸, *adv.*: artificially. **-tiense-ment**¹⁵ [*-tieux*], *adv.*: factiously.

-tieux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tiosus*], *adj.*: factitious; *m.*: partisan. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*:

= (group of partisans); watch, guard-duty; †making, doing; legal capacity (to make one's will, to testify, etc.); warring.

-tionnaire¹⁶ [*-tion*], *m.*: sentinel. **-tif**¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-tilare*, freq. of *facere*, make], *adj.*: factitive, causative. **-to-**

-rat¹⁸ [*-teur*], *m.*: auctioneering. **-tore-**

-rie¹⁴ [*-teur*], *f.*: branch-house, agency abroad. **†-toton**¹⁵ or **-totum** [L. *fac totum*, do all], *m.*: (fam.) factotum, man of all work. **-tûm**¹⁵ [L. *-tûm*], *m.*:

=, statement (of a case at law); document. **1.-ture**¹⁸ [L. *-tura*, work done], *f.*:

= (composition, construction); manufacture (of musical instruments); size (of organ pipes): *morceau de —*, difficult bit of composition. **2.-ture**¹⁶ [*-teur*], *f.*:

bill, invoice. **1.-ture**¹⁸ [*2.-ture*], *tr.*:

bill, put into the invoice. **2.-ture**¹⁶ [*1.-ture*], *tr.*: make. **†-turier**¹⁶ [*1.-ture*],

m.: manufacturer, fabricant.

facule¹⁴ [L. *-la*, dim. of *fax*, torch], *f.*: FACULA (bright spot on the sun's disk).

facul-tatif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tas*, faculty], *adj.*: facultative, optional. **-té**¹³ [L. *-tas*],

f.: faculty (ability; power; privilege, right; body of professors; property): *la Faculté*, the faculty of medicine; (fam.) the doctor;

assurance sur —, insurance covering all kinds of things; *exceller dans une —*, excel in one study.

fa-dasse¹⁸, *adj.*: (fam.) insipid, dull, flat.

ll-de° [L. *rapidus* (vapor, steam)], *adj.*: = (VAPID, flavourless, spiritless, uninteresting).

-dement¹⁶, *adv.*: vapidly. **-deur**¹⁶, *f.*: vapidity, dulness, flatness.

†fafelu¹⁵ [cf. *faufreluche*], *adj.*: (old and dial.) plump.

Faeroé or **-er** [fr. Scan., lit. 'sheep-islands'], *m.*: Faroe Islands.

faga-ra¹⁷ or **-re** [Oriental word], *m.*: fruit of the fagaro-tree. **-rier**¹⁷, *m.*: fagaro (thorny ash).

fagine¹⁸ [L. *-gus*, BEECH ak. to Gr. *phá-*gein, eat], *f.*: =, fagin (an alkaloid fr. beechnuts).

fagne¹⁵ [dial. (cf. *fange*)], *f.*: swamp (on a hill).

fa-got¹¹ [?], *m.*: = (bundle of untrimmed limbs for fuel, gabions, ditches, etc.); *fig.* martyrdom at the stake; bassoon, FAGOT:

— *d'épines*, a person hard to handle; *habillé comme un —*, dressed very carelessly; *sentir le —*, (formerly) be a heretic; (now humor.) be of doubtful piety;

chaloupe-en —, convertible ship's boat; (formerly) *compter des — pour des co-*trets, count fagots for stovewood, (then) *comter or faire —*, tell fibs. **-gotage**¹⁵

[*-goter*], *m.*: bundling of fagots; shiftless attire. **-goter**¹², *tr.*: gather into bundles; arrange with poor taste. **-goter**¹²,

-euse [*-goter*], *m., f.*: fagot-gatherer. **†-gotin**¹⁶ [humor. fr. *-goter*, sense of dress odd], *m.*: (street-player's) monkey;

clown. **2.-gotin**¹⁵, *m.*: little fagot (to kindle fire).

†fagone¹⁵ [?], *f.*: sweetbread (of calves); pancreas (of swine).

†faguenas¹⁵ [Prov. *faganas* (?)], *m.*: odor (fr. the warm body); hospital smell.

fai-blard¹⁸, *adj.*: (fam.) very feeble.

ll-fai-ble° [L. *flēbilis*, lamentable, pitiable (*flēre*, weep)], *adj.*: FEEBLE, weak; tender; thin; light weight, scant; *m.*: weak-ling; weak place; weakness; FOIBLE;

fondness: *une mère trop —*, a too indulgent mother; *cheval — de reins*, horse weak in the kidneys; *le — d'une épée*, part of sword near the point; *le — d'une*

personne, one's chief passion; *avoir un — pour une personne*, have a fondness for one. **-blément**¹⁵, *adv.*: feebly.

-blesse¹¹, *f.*: feebleness; weakness, weak spot (*lit.* and *fig.*); fondness, underweight, scantness. **†-bler**¹¹, **-ette**, *adj.*: (old and fam.) rather weak. **-blir**¹¹, *intr.*:

grow weaker; show weakness.

faign-ee¹⁵ [town F. (It. *Faenza*)], *f.*: = (pottery highly decorated and of several colours). **-erie**¹⁷ [*-rier*], *f.*: faience-ware, or factory. **-cier**¹⁶, **-ière**, *m., f.*:

faience-dealer, or maker.

1.-faillie¹² [Dutch, *faliek* (? *L. velum*, sail;

VEIL), *f.*: = (nun's head-dress, hood; silk dress-fabric).

faït-ile¹² [*dial.*, ak. to *-ilir*], *f.*: (in mines) FAULT.

faillir¹⁵ [*It. fallito*], *m.*: failer, bankrupt. **-ibilité**, *f.*: fallibility. **-ible**¹², *adj.*: fallible. **-lir**¹⁰ [p. L. *fallire* (L. *fallere*)], *irr.*, *def.* §; *intr.*: FAIL; lack, be wanting; barely miss, be about to; err, be at fault; become bankrupt, fail; †miss (one's aim): *il faut*, it is necessary; *failli gars*, worthless sailor, poor hand; *à jour failli*, when the day is done; *au bout de l'aune faut le drap*, every thing plays out at last; *il faillit de tomber*, he almost fell; *coup failli*, certain game. **-lité**¹⁵ [*It. fallita*], *f.*: bankruptcy. †**-loise**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: west (seaman's term).

§ Ind.: Pr. *faï-x*, *-x*, *-t*; *faill-ous*, *-es*, *-ent*. Ipt. *faillais*. Pret. *faillis*. Fut. (Cond.) *faillirai(s)* or *faillirai(s)*. — Subj.: Ipt. *faillisse*. — Part.: Pr. *faillant*; P. *failli*. — In sense of 'fail in business' often conjugated like *faïr*.

faïm⁹ [L. *fames*], hunger; appetite; FAMINE; greed; *crier (à) la —*, be very hungry; *un meurt-de-faïm*, a poor wretch; *étourdir la grosse —*, stay one's appetite (by eating a little); *mariage de la — et la soif*, marriage of two poor people. **-valle**¹¹ [? Britt. *gwall*, bad], *f.*: bulimia, voracious appetite (in horses).

faïne⁹ [p. L. *fagina* (L. *fagus*, BEECH)], *f.*: beechnut.

faïnéan-t¹³ [†*faï* (of *faire*), néant], *m.*, *f.*: = (do-nothing, idler); *adj.*: lazy, useless. Term applied to the later Merovingian kings. **-ter**¹⁶, *intr.*: idle. **-tise**¹⁵, *f.*: fainéance, indolence.

†**faïnée**¹⁵ [-ne], *f.*: crop of beechnuts.

faï-re⁹ [L. *facere*], *irr.* §; *tr.*: make (do); create; form; cause; raise (crops); (fam.) say; *cacare*; deal (cards); cast young; *impers.* be; *m.*: doing, deed, execution (esp. of a painter, etc.): *lettre de — part d'une mort*, letter announcing a death; — *beau-coup de vin*, raise much wine; — *un lit*, make a bed; — *sa tête*, be making antlers (said of deer as new horns grow); — *la médecine*, make medicine one's profession; — *dans les draps*, deal in cloth; *c'est à — à eux*, they are the ones to (get up such a feast, etc.); *je l'en ferai repentir*, I shall make him regret it; *impers.*: *il fait beau*, *froid*, *jour*, etc., it is clear, cold, day, etc.; *il fait cher vivre*, it costs high to live. †**-re-lz-faut**¹⁵, *m.*: necessary thing, unavoidable thing. **-sable**¹³ *fe.*, *adj.*:

FEASIBLE.

§ Ind.: Pr. *faï-i*, *-i*, *-t*; *faisons*, **faïtes*, *font*. Ipt. *faïtais*. Pret. *faït*. Fut. (Cond.) *faïrai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *faïsse*. Ipt. *faïsse*. — Part.: Pr. *faïssant*; P. *faït*.

**faï* before a syllable beginning with *s* pronounced *fw*.

faïsan¹², **-ande** [L. *phasianus* (river Phasis)], *m.*, *f.*: pheasant (bird); *adj.*: *une poule faïsane* or *faïsande*, pheasant hen.

faïsance¹¹ *fe.* [-*faïre*], *f.*: †action (cf. Eng. *malfeasance*); obligation (above the rent, due from a tenant): — *valoir*, improvement of land; improved land.

faïsan-dean¹³ [*faïsan*], *m.*: young pheasant. **-der**¹³ [*faïsan*], *tr.*: ripen (meat by keeping). **-derie**¹⁶ [*faïsan*], *f.*: pheasant yard. **-diër**¹⁷ [*faïsan*], *m.*: pheasant keeper.

faïseau⁹ [p. L. *fascellus* (L. *fascia*)], *m.*: bunch (bundle, cluster); sheaf (of arrows, etc.); (pl.) FASCES (bundle of rods borne before the Roman consuls, etc., as sign of power); group (of banners); stack (of arms); pencil (of light); FASCIA (of tissue); FASCICLE (of flowers); (fig.) consulship; set (of irregular tiles): *colonne en —*, column made of many small pillars.

faï-seur¹¹ *fe.* **-euse** [-*re*], *m.*, *f.*: doer, maker. **-sible**¹³ [-*re*], *adj.*: FEASIBLE, practical; pleasant.

faïsse⁹ [L. *fascia*], *f.*: †fascia, bandage; willow-twist (at regular intervals in a basket).

faïselle⁹ [L. *fiscella* (*fiscus*, basket)], *f.*: basket; cheese-drainer; cider-press.

faïs-ser⁹ [L. *fasciare*; cf. *faïsse*], *tr.*: bandage, wrap; strengthen, reinforce with twists of willow. **-serie**¹⁷ [-*se*], *f.*: open wicker-work, basket-work. **-sier**¹⁷ [-*se*], *m.*: wicker-worker.

faït⁹ [L. *factus*], *part. of faire*; *m.*: FACT (act, deed); action, conduct; property; the proper thing; interest, side, cause: *donner à quelqu'un son —*, take vengeance on one; *être par le —*, or *au —*, or *†dans le —*, understand the case; *si —*, but I say yes; *tout à —*, entirely; *†à — que*, just as; *voie de —*, by deeds, not words; blows, violence.

faï-tage¹², *m.*: (feudal) fortification tax; ridge-pole or beam: — *double*, ridge and rafters, roof-timber; ridge-lead. †**faï-te**¹¹ [OFr. *fe(r)ste*, fr. OHG. *firste*, Ger. *first*], *m.*: ridge-pole; ridge, crest; top, summit: *ligne de —*, ridge, top of a roof; of a mountain chain. **-teau**¹⁶ *fe.*, *m.*: ridge-tile or zink. **-tière**¹³ *fe.*, *adj.*: of a ridge; *f.*: ridge-tile pantile; top-pole (of a tent); plank-awning (for shelter over boat-builders).

faï-tout¹³, *pl.* — [*faïre*], *m.*: crock, pot. 1. **faïr**⁹ [L. *fascia*], *m.*: burden; settling (of a building); block of slate. 2. **faïr**¹¹ [ak. to *faïte*], *m.*: (old) ridge of a roof; upper part: — *de pont*, planking on the deck-beams; *ralingue de —*, bolt-rope (of a sail).

†**faix-du-corps** = *faux-du-corps*.

†**fakir** = *fakir*.

fa-laise¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *fels*, rock], *f.*: cliff. -**laiser**¹⁶, *intr.*: break (as the sea) against the cliffs.

falari-que¹² [L. -*ca* (*fala*, sca[old]), *f.*: fire-bearing missile.

falbala¹⁶ [? It. *faldella*, fold of a garment], *m.*: =, FURBELOW (flounce; ornament).

falcade¹⁶ [*falquer*], *f.*: = (certain movement of a horse, throwing himself on his haunches repeatedly).

falciforme¹⁸ [L. -*mio* (L. *falx*, sickle, *formis*, form)], *adj.*: falciform (of ligaments, etc.).

falconides¹⁸ [L. -*co*, falcon], *m. pl.*: falconides (hawks, falcons, eagles and buzzards).

†**falla-ee**¹² [L. -*cia*], *f.*: deceit (cf. Eng. *fallacy*). -**cieusement**¹⁶ [-*cieuz*], *adv.*: deceitfully. -**cieux**¹⁶, -**ense** [L. -*ciosus*], deceitful.

falloir¹¹ [form of *faillir*], *irr. §*; *impers.*: be necessary: *comme il faut*, as is proper; *s'en* —, lack, be wanting; *peu s'en faut*, there is little lacking.

§ Ind.: Pr. *il faut*, Ipt. *il fallait*. Pret. *il fallut*. Fut. (Cond.) *il faudrait* (it). — Subj.: Pr. *il faille*. Ipt. *il fallût*. — Part.: F. *fallu*. Other forms wanting.

1. **falot**¹⁸ [It. -*lo* fr. Gr. *phanós*], *m.*: big lantern; cresset.

2. **fa-lof**¹⁴, -**lote** [? Eng. *fellow*], *m., f.*: comic person; *adj.*: funny. †**lote-ment**¹⁴, *adv.*: comically.

†**falourde**¹⁸ [?], *f.*: bundle (of fire-wood).

1. **falque**¹⁶ [Sp. *falca*], *f.*: washboard (of ships).

2. **fal-que** = *falcade*. ‖-**quer**¹⁶ [It. -*care* (L. -*z*, scythe)], *intr.*: make FALCADES, throw himself on his haunches repeatedly in stopping (said of horses).

falquet¹⁸ [It. -*chetto*, little FALCON], *m.*: tree-falcon, hobby.

falsi-ficateur¹⁶, -**trice**, *m., f.*: falsifier.

-**fication**¹⁸, *f.*: =. ‖-**fier**¹⁴ [L. -*ficare* (*falsus*, false, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: falsify.

fa-lun¹⁷ [?], *m.*: shell-marl (cf. Eng. FALUNS).

-**luner**¹⁷, *tr.*: manure, fertilise (with shell-marl). -**lunière**¹⁷, *f.*: marl-pit or bank.

fâ-me¹¹ [L. -*ma*], *f.*: = (reputation).

fa-mé¹⁴, *adj.*: bien —, of good report; mal —, of bad reputation.

famélique¹⁴ [L. -*licus* (*fames*, hunger)], *adj.*: starveling, ill-fed.

fa-musement¹⁶, *adv.*: famously, remarkably. ‖-**meux**¹⁶, -**ense** [L. -*mosus* (-*ma*, fame)], *adj.*: famous, notable.

fa-milial¹⁸, *pl.* -**aux** [L. -*milis*, family], *adj.*: of the family. -**miliaris**¹⁸ [L. -*miliaris*, familiar], *tr.*: familiarise: se

—, be too familiar, become usual or easy; se — avec une langue étrangère, learn a strange language. -**miliarité**¹¹ [L. -*miliaritas*], *f.*: familiarity (acquaintance; easy style of speech, etc.; presumption). ‖-**milier**¹¹, -**ière** [L. -*miliaris*], *adj.*: familiar; of the family; too familiar; usual; *m.*: easy literary style. -**milièrement**¹¹ [-*milier*], *adv.*: familiarly. ‖-**mile**¹⁸ [L. -*milis*], *f.*: FAMILY, hence: any group of like things (blood-kinsmen; class of animals, etc.; ancestry; group of genera; offspring of a married pair): *fil de* —, young man still with his parents at home; young man of good family; *air de* —, family resemblance.

fa-milleux¹¹, -**euse** [OFr. -*millier*, be hungry], *adj.*: †starved; greedy (said of falcons). ‖-**mine**¹¹ [*faim*], *f.*: =; scarcity of food: *crier* —, cry aloud for hunger; *pacte de* —, grain monopoly association (in France, 1729-1789); *prendre par* —, starve out.

fan, fanner = *faon, faonner*.

1. **fanage**¹⁷ [-*ne*], *m.*: dead leaves.

2. **fa-nage**¹⁸ [-*ner*], *m.*: turning (of hay), drying. -**naison**¹² [-*ner*], *f.*: haying-time.

fa-nal¹⁸, *pl.* -**aux** [It. -*nale* (Gr. *phanós*)], *m.*: large lantern (esp. at sea, or of lighthouse); signal fire; hollow pillar (in cemeteries formerly, a lantern was put in it).

fana-tique¹⁶ [L. -*ticus* (*fanum*, temple)], *adj.*: fanatic(al), over-zealous in religion; *m.*: one who thinks himself inspired; a fanatic; extremist: *un admirateur — de Shakespeare*, great admirer of Shakespeare. -**tiser**¹⁸ [ak. to -*tique*], *tr.*: act fanatically; *tr.*: make fanatical. -**tisme**¹⁶ [ak. to -*tique*], *m.*: fanaticism, fierce zeal.

fanehon¹⁸ [*Fanchon*, for *Françoise*], *f.*: kerchief (for a woman's head).

fanango¹⁷ [Sp.], *m.*: = (dance).

fane¹⁸ [?], *f.*: leaves, (esp.) dead leaves, or vines; bedding; envelope of flowers.

fa-ner¹¹ [*foin*], *tr.*: turn (hay), cure; dry up. -**neur**¹², -**ense**, *m., f.*: hay-maker; *f.*: machine for turning hay.

fanfan¹⁶ [pet name fr. *enfant*], *m. or f.*: little child; dear child.

fan-fare¹⁸ [?], *f.*: =, flourish (of trumpets); much ado; brass-band; horn-signal (that the deer is started, etc.). -**farer**¹⁸, †*intr.*: make a display; *tr.*: celebrate (by a display). -**fariste**¹⁸, *m.*: player (in a brassband). -**faron**¹⁸, -**onne** [Sp. -*farron*], *m., f.*: =, boaster; *adj.*: boastful. -**faronnade**¹⁶ [Sp. -*farronada*], *f.*: boasting.

fanfreluche¹⁶ [p. L. **fanfalūca* (Gr. *pom-*

- pholux*, air bladder), *f.*: bauble, trifle; gewgaw, trinket.
- fan-ge**¹¹ [f], *f.*: mud, filth. **-geux**, *adj.*: muddy; dirty.
- fanion**¹⁶ [ak. to *non*], *m.*: = (marking-flag brigade's baggage, for surveying); FANDEL.
- †**fa-nir**¹⁵ [for *-ner*], *intr.*: fade, wither.
- noir**¹⁸ [-*ner*], *m.*: wooden rack (for drying hay, etc.).
- fanon**¹¹ [ak. to Eng. *vane*], *m.*: = (cloth for handling holy vessels; priest's manipule, napkin used at mass; orale; splint for leg or thigh; lappet of a miter); streamer to a lance, pennon; pennant; frallying-flag; dewlap; wattle; fetlock; whale-fin, baleen; bracelet (on shields); faux —, linen folded between the splint and the limb.
- fan-taisie**¹³ [L. *-tasia* (Gr. root *pha*, show)], *f.*: FANCY (†imagination; whim, caprice; liking; PHANTASY; FANTASIA; idea, notion); silk thread (saved out of waste). **-taiste**¹⁸, *m.*, *f.*: fanciful painter, artist, etc. **-tasia**¹⁸ [It.], *f.*: fancy manoeuvre (of Arab cavalry). **-ta-sier**¹⁴, *tr.*: imagine, dream; weary, tire with fancies. **-tasmagorie**¹⁵ [Gr. *phân-tasma*, phantasm, *agoreûein*, speak], *f.*: phantasmagoria (fantastic magic-lantern exhibition with optical illusions). **-tasmagorique**¹⁸ [-*tasmagorie*], *adj.*: phantasmagorical; illusory. **-tasque**¹⁵ [for *-tastique*], *adj.*: fantastic; *m.*, *f.*: whimsical person. **-tasque**¹⁵ [-*tasque*], *adv.*: fantastically.
- fantassin**¹⁵ [It. *-taccino*], *m.*: INFANTRY soldier.
- fantas-tique**¹³ [L. *-ticus*], *adj.*: †imagi-native; imaginary, fantastic; *m.*: fancy, chimerical idea. **-tiquement**¹³, *adv.*: chimerically.
- fan-toocini**¹⁸ [-*tot-chi*], [It. (ak. to Eng. *infant*)], *m. pl.*: =, puppets. **-toche**¹⁸ [It. *-toccio*], *m.*: puppet; fantastical person.
- fantôme**⁹ [p. L. **fantasma* (Gr. *phân-tasma*)], *m.*: phantom (apparition, ghost; delusive image; chimera; shadow; FANCY).
- †**fanton** = *senton*.
- fann**¹⁵ [-*ne*], *adj.*: hav'g many dead leaves, too leafy.
- fannu**¹⁷ [L. (*fari*, speak)], *m.*: FANE, temple.
- faon**⁹ [p. L. **feto* (L. *fetus*, young)], *m.*: FAWN (young of deer; †any young animal).
- faonner**¹¹ *intr.*: fawn (cast young).
- fa-quin**¹⁵ [It. *-echino* (?)], *m.*: †porter; strawman, dummy, puppet; bungler. **-quie-rie**¹⁸, *f.*: stupidity: *quelle* —! how vexing!
- faquir**¹⁶ [fr. Ar., lit. 'poor'], *m.*: = (begging monk).
- farandole**¹⁸ [Prov. *-lo*], *f.*: = (dance).
- farand**¹⁷, = *aude* [? ak. to *fier*], *m.*, *f.*: snob, swell.
- far-ee**⁹ [p. L. **sa* (L. *-circ*, cram)], *f.*: = (stuffing; comic play); nonsense, prank: *faire une* — *à quelq'un*, play a trick on one; *faire ses* — *s*, carry on wildly.
- eur**¹⁵, = *euise*, *m.*, *f.*: †farce-player; tom-fool. **-ein**⁹ [L. *-cimen*, sausage], *m.*: †=, farcy, glanders. **-eineur**¹⁸, = *euise* [-*ein*], *adj.*: glandered; farcy-like.
- fard**¹² [2-*der*, paint], *m.*: paint, cosmetic (cf. †Eng. *fard*); disguise.
- fardage**¹⁵ [1-*der*, burden], *m.*: = (dunnage of ships).
1. **farde**¹⁸ [Ar. *-da*, half camel-load], *f.*: sack (of mocha coffee).
2. †**farde** = *falque*.
- far-deau**¹¹ [? ak. to *hardes* (cf. †Eng. FARDEL)], *m.*: burden; anxiety; settling, threatening bulge (in mines); †package; bundle (of packages, boxes). 1. **-der**¹⁸ [ak. to *-deau*], †*tr.*: load; *intr.*: weigh heavy; bear down upon (another boat); settle (as walls); bulge (as sails).
2. **farder**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: paint (the face), rouge; disguise, varnish: — *la vérité*, gloss the truth over; — *sa marchandise*, tell great things of one's wares (to deceive buyers).
- fardier**¹⁷ [-*deau*], *m.*: dray, low-wheeled wagon.
- farfadet**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: goblin, imp; frivolous man.
- farfouiller**¹⁵ [far (?), *fouiller*], *intr.*, *tr.*: (fam.) rummage, slash about.
- †**fargue** = *falque*.
- faribole**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: idle tale, talk.
- faridondaine** [echoic], *f.*: chanter la —, sing a popular ditty; marier la —, be in good spirits.
- fari-na-cé**¹⁷ [L. *-naceus*], *adj.*: farina-ceous. 1. **-ne**⁹ [L. *-na* (*far*, spelt)], *f.*: flour; FARINA: *folle* —, flour dust; *fleur de* —, choicest flour; *reprocher à quelq'un la* —, reproach one as of ignoble descent; — *fossile*, fossil farina, carbonate of lime; — *empoisonnée*, oxide of arsenic.
- nelle**¹⁸, *f.*: farinose mushroom. **-ner**¹⁴, *tr.*: flour (sprinkle with flour); *intr.*: become floury or farinose. **-ner**¹⁷, *m.*: one-faced die (blank on five sides).
- neur**¹⁵, = *euise* [L. *-nosus*], *adj.*: farinose: *dartre -neuse*, whitish tetter (skin disease). **-nier**¹², = *iêre*, *m.*, *f.*: flour-dealer.
- †**farlouze**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (dial.) titlark, meadow-pipit.
- farniente**¹⁶ [It. *far-niente*, 'do-nothing'], *m.*: idleness, leisure.
- farouche**^(e)¹⁷ [Prov. (? *se riuche* = *foin rouge*, red hay)], *m.*: red clover.
- farouche**⁹ [p. L. **ferotius* (L. *ferox*)], *adj.*: FIERCE; savage; wild; shy.

- farrago**¹⁵ [L. (*far*, meal), *m.*: = (mixture of grains grown for forage).
fas-ce¹¹ [L. *-cia*], *f.*: frieze; FESS (of shields). **-é**¹⁶ *fa-ce*, *adj.*: hav'g fesses, fessy. **-iation**¹⁸ [*-cie*], *f.*: = (ribbon-like malformation of plants). **-eicule**¹⁸ [L. *-iculus*], *m.*: fascicle (collection or bunch of plants; installment, part of a printed work). **-eiculé**¹⁷ [L. *-iculus*], *adj.*: fasciculate, growing in bundles. **-cie**¹² [L. *-cia*, bandage], *f.*: fascia (band, stripe on shells; side part of violins, etc.; deformed, fasciated part of a plant). **-cié**¹⁷ [*-cie*], *adj.*: fasciated (banded, deformed).
fascinage¹⁶ [*-ner*, fascine], *m.*: fascine-works.
fasci-nateur¹⁶, **-trice** [*-ner*, fascinate], *adj.*: charming. **-nation**¹⁵ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: =.
fasci-ne¹⁴ [L. *-na*, fagot], *f.*: =, bavin. **1-ner**¹⁴, *tr.*: fascine, strengthen with bavin.
2.fasciner¹³ [L. *-nare*], *tr.*: fascinate, bewitch; dazzle.
fasciole¹³ [L. *-la* (*fascia*, band), little, bandage], *f.*: fasciola (liver fluke).
†fascier, or **†sayer** = **fasier**.
†faséole¹⁴ [L. *-lus*], *f.*: (*dial.*) phasel (bean).
fa-shion¹⁸ or **-cheun'** [Eng.], *f.*: = (mode; the élite). **-shionable**¹⁸, or **fa-cheu-nabl** [Eng.], *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: =.
fasier¹⁶ [?], *intr.*: shiver (as sails when close to the wind).
†fashin¹⁷ [ak. to *fraisil*], *m.*: (*dial.*) charcoal dust (used to sprinkle the mould before making a casting).
fasse, see **faire**.
1.faste¹⁹ [L. *-tus*, pride], *m.*: pomp, display.
2.fas-te¹³ [L. *-tus* (*fari*, speak)], *adj.*: jour —, court day (when judgment could be pronounced). **-tes**¹³ [L. *-ti*, *pl.*], *m. pl.*: fasti (calendar; records).
fasti-dieuement¹⁷, *adv.*: fastidiously. **†-dieu**¹³, **-ense** [L. *-diosus* (*fastus*, pride)], *adj.*: tiresome, irksome; nauseating.
fastigié¹⁷ [L. *-gatus* (*-gium*, speak)], *adj.*: fastigate, tapering to a point (like Lombardy poplars).
fas-tueusement¹⁵, *adv.*: ostentatiously, gorgeously, magnificently. **†-tueux**¹⁵, **-ense** [L. *-tuosus* (*-tus*, pomp)], *adj.*: ostentatious, showy.
fat¹⁵ [Prov. fr. L. *-tuus*], *adj. m.*: (*dial.*) †foolish; haughty; **FATUOUS**; *m.*: fop; coxcomb.
fa-tal¹⁵, *pl. †-s* or **†-aux** [L. *-talis* (*-tum*, FATE)], *adj.*: = (fated; disastrous). **-talemént**¹⁵, *adv.*: inevitably, fatally. **-talisme**¹⁷, *m.*: fatalism (belief in fate).
-taliste¹⁷, *m.*, *f.*: fatalist. **-talité**¹⁴ [L. *-talitas*], *f.*: fatality (fate, doom; fated consequence). **-tidique**¹⁴ [L. *-tidicus*, 'fate-telling'], *adj.*: prophetic.
fatigant¹⁵, *adj.*: tiresome. **-gue**¹⁵, *f.*: =, weariness: *cheval de —*, work-horse; *habit de —*, working clothes. **†-guer**¹⁴ [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: fatigue (tire; vex); overwork, exhaust; *intr.*: labour; be under a strain.
fa-tras¹³ [?], *m.*: jumble, confused mass.
-trassier¹⁶, **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: untidy person.
fatui-té¹⁸ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: fatuity (†foolishness; insanity); foppishness, conceit.
fau-ber¹⁶ [? Dutch *zwabber*], *m.*: SWAB, mop (for ship-deck). **-berter**, *tr.*: mop.
fau-bourg¹¹ [Ofr. *fore-bourg*, outer town], *m.*: =, outskirts, suburb: *le noble —*, faubourg (St. Germain in Paris) where the nobility live; *les —s*, the labouring class of a city. **-bourien**¹⁸, **-ienne**, *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: suburban.
fau-card¹³ [Norm. = *-chard*], *m.*: scythe (of several blades for algae, sea-weed). **-carder**¹⁶ [*-card*], *tr.*: mow, cut. **-chage**¹³, *m.*: mowing, reaping. **-chaison**¹², *f.*: mowing-time. **-chard**¹¹ [*-x*, sickle], *m.*: (two-faced) bill-hook (cf. Eng. =, weapon). **fau-che**¹⁶, *f.*: treaping; harvest, crop. **-chée**¹², *f.*: one cut (quantity mowed in a day, or before whetting again). **†-cher**¹⁵ [p. L. **falcare* (*falx*, scythe)], *tr.*: reap, mow, cut off; *intr.*: swing the legs out (in walking, etc.). **-chère**¹⁷ [Prov. *falquière*], *f.*: (sickle-shaped) tailpiece (of wooden pack-saddle). **-chet**¹², *m.*: hay-rake; stirring hoe (for paste in making paper). **-chette**¹⁸ [*-x*, sickle], *f.*: little bill-hook, pruning hook. **-cheur**¹¹, *m.*: reaper, sickle-man; field-spider. **†-cheur** = **-cheur**. **-chon**¹² [*-x*, sickle], *m.*: sickle. **-cille**¹⁶ [p. L. **falcula* (L. *falecula*)], *f.*: reaping-hook; rake for fish; (*vulg.*) gilt-head (and other fish, etc., from their form). **-cillen**¹² [*-cille*], *m.*: little sickle; curved piece (in a lock; in a key bit).
fau-con¹⁶ [L. *falco* (*falx*, scythe, with ref. to talons)], *m.*: **FALCON** (hawk; 16th century cannon): — *soar*, soar hawk; — *pelerin*, peregrine, common falcon. **-con-neau**¹⁵, *m.*: young falcon; falconet (cannon); boom (of a derrick). **-con-nerie**¹⁴, *f.*: falconry; falcon yard. **-connier**¹¹, *m.*: falconer; *monter en —*, mount from the right-hand side. **-connière**¹², *f.*: game-bag; saddle-bag.
fau-dage¹¹, *m.*: doubling down, lengthwise folding; west-mark. **†fau-de**¹¹ [fr. root of *-der*], *f.*: (*dial.*) sheepfold; (*dial.*) kiln

(for charcoal, for lime, etc.). **-der**¹² [OHG. *faldan*, FOLD], tr.: FOLD lengthwise; mark (with a silk thread after folding). **-det**¹⁷ [-de sense of 'hurdle'], m.: dressing-frame (for teasing cloth). **-deur**¹⁸, m.: folder.

faufil¹¹, m.: basting thread. **-ler**¹³ [*fouler* (for *fil*), tr.: baste, tack; *intr.: (fam.) slip in; intrude: se —, be tacked or basted; (fam.) slip (in, etc.); worm one's self (in), insinuate one's self; ingratiate one's self; intrude.

faulde = *faude*.

faulx = *faux*, scythe.

faun-ne¹⁴ [L. *-nus*], m.: faun (sylvan god). **2. faun-ne**¹⁵, f.: fauna (treatise on animals of a region; animals of a region).

fauperdrien¹⁶, pl. —x [OFr. *fauc*, falcon, *perdrien*, PARTRIDGE], m.: partridge-hawk, goshawk.

faugue = *faque*.

faus-saire¹¹ [L. *falsarius*], m., f.: falsifier, forger. **-se-braie** [faux, FALSE], f.: = (second) rampart of a fort. **-sement**¹¹ [faux, false], adv.: falsely.

-ser⁹ [L. *falsare*], tr.: make FALSE; bend; pervert; violate; injure, spoil: — une clef, strain a key. **1-set**¹² [faux, false], m.: FALSETTO, shrill voice, or tone.

2-fausset¹³ [?], m.: bung, plug; sharp pen (cf. Eng. faucet).

faus-seté¹¹ [faux, false], f.: falsity, falseness. **-setier**¹⁸ [faux], m.: imitator (lapidary who makes imitation gems). **-sure**¹² [-ser], f.: flaw (esp. in a bell).

faut, see *faillir*.

faute⁹ [p. L. **fallita* (L. *fallere*, deceive)], f.: FAULT (defect; lack, failure; break in a pipe, cf. Eng. *fault* in geology; error, mistake; offence, sin; blame): — de, in default of, for want (lack) of; *cela m'a fait* —, that has been wanting to me; *faire — de pleurer*, fail to weep; *sans* —, without fail.

fauteuil¹⁰ [OFr. *falde-stuel* (Ger.), FOLDING-STOOL], m.: = (upholstered chair, esp. official chair): — à la Voltaire, reclining chair; *briguer un — à l'Académie*, scheme for membership in the Academy; *porter quelqu'un au —*, make one chair-man.

fauteur¹³, -trice [L. *-tor*], m., f.: (†Eng. *fautor*), patron; promoter.

fautif¹⁵, -ive [-te], adj.: FAULTY (defective; erroneous).

fautre = *seutre*.

faun-ve¹⁰ [ak. to Ger. *faub*, FALLOW], adj.: tawny; m.: fawn-colour; tawny animal (deer, etc.). **-vette**, f.: =, warbler (bird).

1. faux, **fausse** [L. *falsus*], adj.: FALSE; m.: false, falseness; imitation; forgery: *je m'incrie en — contre vos paroles*, I will

undertake to prove your words false; *porter à —*, not be truly perpendicular.

2. faux⁹ [L. *falx*, sickle], f.: scythe; FALX (curved process of the *dura mater* of the skull): — à râteau, cradle (for grain).

3. faux, see *faillir*.

faux-du-corps¹⁶ [faux of unc. orig.], m.: taper, narrowing (of the body above hips, or above chest): *saisir par le —*, or *†à —*, seize by the small of the back.

faux-fuyant¹⁵ [pop. etym. fr. **forfuir* (for *fuir*)], m.: fly-way (by which game escapes); excuse, subterfuge. **-marcher**¹⁶, intr.: travel sidling (as a deer after shedding antlers). **-saunage**, see *saunage*. **-saunier**, see *saunier*.

fa-vœur¹¹ [L. *-vor*], f.: favour (good will; advantage; present, token; behalf); ribbon: *lettres de —*, letter of recommendation; *billet de —*, complimentary (free) ticket; *à la — de la nuit*, with the advantage of darkness **-vorable**¹² [L. *-vorbilis*], adj.: =. **-vorablement**¹² [-vorable], adv.: favourably. **-vori**¹⁵, -rite [It. *-vorito*], adj.: favourite; m., f.: favourite; m. pl.: side-whiskers. **-voriser**¹⁸ [L. *-vor*], tr.: favour (befriend; help); present (one) with. **-voritisme**¹⁸ [-vori], m.: favouritism, partiality.

faynce *fa-y* = *faience*.

féage¹³ [*fic(f)*], m.: feudal tenure, or contract.

féal¹¹ [foi], adj.: †FAITHful, Eng. *feal*; m.: *c'est son —*, that is his intimate friend; *à nos amis et féaux*, to our friendly and loyal friends (a royal formula).

fébri-citant¹⁴ [L. *citare*, have fever], adj.: FEVERish; m., f.: fever patient. **-fuge**¹⁶ [L. *-s*, fever, *fugare*, put to flight], adj.: =. **||-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lis* (febris, FEVER)], adj.: febrile.

fécal¹⁵, pl. = **aux** [L. *fec*, dung, dregs], adj.: fecal. **fèces**¹⁵ [L. *faeces*, pl. of *fec*], pl.: feces (excrement; settleings).

fécuelle = *faiselle*.

fécial¹³, pl. = **aux** [L. *fetialis* (fari, speak), ambassador], m.: fetial (priestly herald in national affairs of war or peace); adj.: *le droit —*, law as to duties of the Roman *fetiales* or *patres patrati*.

fécon-d¹² [L. *fecundus*], adj.: fecund (fertile; prolific; abundant, rich). **-dant**¹⁷, adj.: fecundant, fertilising. **-dation**¹⁷, f.: fecundation, impregnation. **||-der**¹² [L. *fecundare*], tr.: fecundate, impregnate. **-dité**¹⁰ [L. *-ditas*], f.: fecundity (fertility; power of procreation; productiveness).

fécu-le¹⁶ [L. *facula* (fax, dregs)], f.: fecula (starch, esp. fr. farinaceous pulp). **-lence**¹⁸ [L. *faculentia*], f.: feculence, foulness from sediment, muddiness. **-lent**¹⁵ [L. *faculentus*], adj.: feculent,

turbid; starchy. **-lerie**¹⁸, *f.*: fecula-factory or laboratory.

fédéral¹⁷, *pl.* = **aur** [L. *fœdus*, BOND], *adj.*: federal (of the union; allied).

-raliser¹⁸, *tr.*: federalise, unite. **-ralisme**¹⁷, *m.*: federalism (doctrine or principles of union in government). **-raliste**¹⁷, *adj.*: federalistic; *m.*: federalist, advocate of federalism. **-ratif**, = **ive** [L. *fœderatus*, allied], *adj.*: federate. **-ration**¹⁸ [*fœderatio*], *f.*: federation (union of states; league of armed citizens). **-ré**¹⁷ [L. *fœderatus*], *adj.*: allied, federated.

fé-e¹⁸ [p. L. *fata* (L. *fatua*, sybian goddess)], *f.*: FAY, FAIRY. **-er**¹¹, *irr.* §; *tr.*: enchant, charm; put under a spell. **-erie**¹¹, *f.*: fairyland; enchantment. **-erique**¹⁸ [-erie], *adj.*: fairy-like, magical.

§ Part.: P. *fe* (for *fed*) used as noun or adj.

féjn-dre¹⁸ [L. *finger*], *irr.* §; *tr.*: FEIGN, pretend; †limp: (*se*) —, conceal one's thoughts. **féjn-te**¹², *f.*: feint, pretence, (sham, false show); FICTION. †**-tise**¹¹ *se*, *f.*: feint, sham.

§ Ind.: Pr. *feins*, *s.*, *†*; *feign-ous*, *-er*, *-ent*. Ipt. *feignais*. Pret. *feignis*. Fut. (Cond.) *feindra* (s). — Subj.: Pr. *feigne*. Ipt. *feignisse*. — I've *feins*. — Part.: Pr. *feignant*; P. *feint*.

félatier¹⁷ [*fel*], *m.*: glassblower.

feldspath¹⁷ [Ger.], *m.*: FELDSPAR.

fêle¹⁸ [L. *fiatula*, tube], *f.*: blow-pipe (of glassmoulders).

fêler¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: crack (glass, etc.).

fêlibre¹⁸ [Prov. ? as if *faire livre*], *m.*: dialectic poet (of southern France).

fêlicitation¹⁶, *f.*: —, congratulation. **-tê**¹³ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: felicity, happiness.

-ter¹³ [L. *-tare* (*felix*, happy)], *tr.*: felicitate (make happy; congratulate); *intr.*: rejoice: *se* — *de quelque chose*, count one's self happy in a thing.

fêlin¹⁸ [L. *-nus* (*felis*, cat)], *adj.*: feline, cat-like; treacherous.

fella¹⁸ [Ar.], *m.*: = (Egyptian field-labourer).

felle = **fêle**.

fê-len¹⁶, = **onne** [L. *-llo*], *adj.*: traitorous, disloyal; *m.*: felon. **-lonie**¹⁰, *f.*: disloyalty, felony (crime).

fêlonque¹⁶ [Sp. *saluca* (Ar. *fulk*, ship)], *f.*: felucca (small sailing vessel).

†**fêlour** = **flou**.

fêlure¹² *se* [-ler], *f.*: crack.

fê-melle¹⁸ [L. *femella*], *f.*: female (of animals, plants); (*law*) woman; female (or inside) screw; ostrich feather (fr. the female bird, not so large as fr. the male); socket; *adj.*: female, feminine; (*fam.*) effeminate. **-mêlot**¹⁷ [*femelle*], *m.*: knuckle, socket (for a hinge); collar (for plng. on a log line). **-émîn**¹¹ [L.

femininus], *adj.* or *m.*: feminine: *e* —, silent 'e'; *rime* — *e*, feminine rhyme, ending in silent 'e'; *vers* —, verse havg feminine rhymes. **-émîniser**¹⁸ [L. *femina*, woman], *tr.*: (rare Eng.) feminize, make womanish; make of feminine gender. †**f-emme**¹⁸ *fam* [L. *femina*], *f.*: woman (adult female; wife; womankind; womanhood; female servant or attendant): — *sage*, proper woman; *sage* —, midwife; *bonne* —, kind old soul. **-emmelette**¹⁸ *fam*, *f.*: weak, silly woman.

fê-moral¹⁸ [L. *-moralis*], *adj.*: femoral.

-mur¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: femur (thigh-bone); third joint of an insect's leg; plane space between the channelings in a Doric frieze.

†**fennaison** = **fanaison**.

fên-dage¹⁸, *m.*: splitting. **-dant**¹⁶, *m.*: (lit.) swordsman; bully; †head-blow (in fencing). **-derie**¹⁶, *f.*: splitting; splitting furnace (where iron is made into bars); bar-machine (for making iron into bars).

-dille¹⁸ [-diller], *f.*: crack (in wood, iron, etc.). **-dillement**¹⁸ [-diller], *m.*: cracking. **-diller**¹⁵, *tr.*: crack (as wood by heat; as iron in founding). **-dis**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: ardoise en —, slate in the flat (split up ready for finishing). **-doir**¹⁶, *m.*: cleaver.

fên-dre¹⁸ [L. *findere*, split], *tr.*: split, divide, cleave: *le navire fend l'eau*, the ship ploughs the water; — *le cœur*, break one's heart; *un homme bien fendu*, a man with long legs; *yeux bien fendus*, eyes well shaped, large; *la tête me fend*, my head is about to split (with noise, or questions); *se* —, burst; lunge (in fencing). **-due**¹⁸, *f.*: †cleft; open trench, cut.

†**fêne** = **faine**.

fê-nêstre¹⁷ [L. *fenestras*], *adj.*: fenestrate. **-nêtrage**¹², *m.*: windows (as a whole). †**-nêtre**¹⁸ [L. *nestra*, ak. to Gr. *phânain*, appear], *f.*: window, window-like opening; FENESTRA; perforation; blank space left on manuscript. **-nêtre**¹¹, *adj.*: perforated, slit.

fê-nîl¹⁸ or **-ni** [L. *-nile* (*fanum*, hay)], *m.*: hay-barn, hay-loft. **-nonil**¹⁸ [p. L. **nuculum* (L. *niculum*)], *m.*: FENNEL (plant). **-nouillet**¹⁶, = **ette** [-nouil], *m.*: fennel-apple (fr. its fragrance); *f.*: fennel-brandy, fennel-water.

fên-te¹³ [-dre], *f.*: crack (split; crevice; chap; gap; fissure; cleavage); slit; joint-succession (by the heirs of both parents). †**-toir**¹⁸ [-dre], *m.*: (butcher's) chopping-knife. **-ton**¹⁶, *m.*: (lit. split iron, hence:) clamp; iron-tie; cramp; peg-wood.

fênugrec¹² [L. *fanum græcum*, 'Greek hay'], *m.*: fenugreek (of bean family).

fêoda-l¹⁴ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: feudal. **-le-ment**¹⁸, *adu.*: feudally, as in feudal

times. **-lité**¹⁵, *f.*: feudality; feudalism.

1. **fer**^o [L. *ferrum*], *m.*: iron (the metal; a tool or instrument of iron; swords, chains, etc.): — **battu**, wrought iron; — **fondue**, or — **de fonte**, or **fonte de —**, cast-iron; — **aigre**, brittle iron; — **doux**, soft iron; — **à cheval relevé**, calked horse-shoe; **tomber les quatre —s en l'air**, fall flat on one's back (*lit.* with his four horse-shoes in the air); **sur le —**, at anchor; **les —s**, pincers, forceps.

ferrals, see **faire**.

2. **fer**^o [? ak. to *ferre*], *m.*: stuff; **marchand de literie et de — en meubles**, upholsterer's furnisher.

3. **fer**^o [?], *m.*: **cheptel de —**, original capital (due, in cattle, to one whose cattle have been leased).

† **féralier** = **félatier**.

féraud¹⁵ or **-rault** [? *fer*], *adj.*, *m.*: **liais —**, or —, ironstone lias (a jurassic limestone).

fer-blanc¹⁵, *m.*: tin-plate, tin. **-blanterie**¹⁵ [**-blantier**], *f.*: tin-business; tinware. **-blantier**¹⁷, *m.*: tin-man (seller or maker of tinware). **-chaud**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) cautery; heart-burn, pyrosis.

† **féret** = **ferret**.

fériable¹⁶ [old *ferier*, celebrate], *adj.*: festal, festive. **-rial**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [l. L. *-rialis*], *adj.*: **ferial** (hav'g to do with week-days). **||-rie**¹¹ [L. *-ria*, holidays], *f.*: (old) **feria** (rest day, holiday; week-day): **faire l'office de la —**, do the offices of the day; — **s majeures**, last three days of holy week, i.e. of the week just before Easter. **-rie**¹⁶ [L. *-riatus*], *adj.*: **jours —s**, holidays.

† **férir**^o [L. *ferire*], *tr.*: strike, smite: only in **sans coup —**, without striking a blow, (*fam.*) without effort; and rarely part. **fêru**: **le cœur —**, the heart smitten.

fer-lage¹⁵, *m.*: furling (of sails). **-ler**¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: **furl**, fold up (sail).

ferlet¹⁷ [?], *m.*: T (tool, T-shaped, for handling moist paper).

fermage¹⁵ [*ferme*, FARM], *m.*: farm-rent.

† **fer-mail**¹¹, *pl.* = **aux** [*-mer*], *m.*: = (velasp, hook on clothing). **-maillé**¹⁵, *adj.*: (*her.*) having fermails.

fer-mant¹² [*-mer*], *adj.*: closing; folding; *m.*: leaf, lid (that locks). 1. **||-me**^o [L. *ferrum*], *adj.*: firm; *adv.*: firmly; *interj.*: **allons! —!** come! cheer up! 2. **-me**¹² [*-mer*], *f.*: contract, lease; thing leased, FARM; farm-buildings; revenue from a lease; impost contract; license; farming out (letting work, contracts, etc.); roof-truss; girders, bracing; (variety of) baccarat (card-game); dice-game

(with blank dice except sixes); set-piece (of a stage). **-mement**¹¹, *adv.*: firmly.

fer-ment¹⁵ [L. *-mentum* (*fervere*, boil)], *m.*: = — **figuré**, mycdermic fungi (alcohol or vinegar bacteria); — **soluble**, diastasic ferment; enzyme. **-mentatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*-menter*], *adj.*: fermentative, causing fermentation. **-mentation**¹⁵ [L. *-mentatio*], *f.*: =. **-menter**¹² [L. *-mentare*], *tr.*, *intr.*: ferment. **-mentescible**¹⁷ [L. *-mentescere*, be fermenting], *adj.*: fermentable.

fermer^o [p. L. *fîrmâre* (L. *fîrmus*, firm)], *tr.*: close (bring together, join; shut; close up; end); †make FIRM; *intr.*: close; cease: **se —**, shut, go shut; *aristocratie fermée*, exclusive aristocracy; — **la marche**, bring up the rear.

† **fermeret** = **formeret**.

fer-mété¹¹ [1. *-me*], *f.*: firmness. **-mettre**¹⁶ [2. *-me*], *f.*: truss, girders; temporary or movable truss. **-meture**¹⁵ [*-mer*], *f.*: (means or act of closing, hence:) fastenings (of doors, windows, etc.); plate (space between port-holes in the same wale); closing (of electric current); (cf. Eng. *fermeture*, breach-closing apparatus of cannon or guns). **-mier**¹², **-ière** [2. *-me*], *m.*, *f.*: farmer (agriculturist; revenue collector); tenant; banker (at cards). 1. **-moir**¹² [*-mer*], *m.*: clasp. 2. **fermoir**¹⁵ [*former*], *m.*: chisel (for chamfering, for sizing, etc.).

fermure¹¹ [*-mer*], *f.*: fastener, holder, (esp.) pole (to keep a raft fast to the bank): — **des sabords**, port-hole plate, solid space between port-holes in the same strake (cf. *fermeture*).

Fernambouc, *m.*: Pernambuco (city of Brazil).

féro-ce¹⁴ [L. *-x*], *adj.*: FIERCE, cruel, savage; †uncivilised. **-cité**¹⁵ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: ferocity, cruelty; †savagery.

Féroé, *f.*: Faroe Islands (north of Scotland).

fer-rage¹⁵ [*-rer*], *m.*: ironing, fitting with iron; shoeing (of a horse). **||-raille**¹⁵ [*fer*], *f.*: scrap-iron, old iron. **-railer**¹⁶ [*fer*], *intr.*: fight; fence; wrangle. 1. **-railleux**¹⁶ [*-railler*], *m.*: fighter, fencer; wrangler. 2. **-railleux**¹⁷, *m.*: old-iron dealer, junkman. **-randier**¹⁶, **-ière** [*-rer*], *m.*, *f.*: hemp-dresser, or braker.

ferran-dine¹⁶ [inventor *Ferrand*], *f.*: = (cloth). † **-dinier**¹⁶, *m.*: ferandine-weaver.

fer-rant¹⁶, *adj.*: **maréchal —**, shoer, farrier. **-rasse**¹⁷ [*fer*], *f.*: iron-box (for glass-scrapes to be remelted); furnace-door (of sheet-iron); drying-hurdle (for mirrors). **fer-re**^o [? L. *-ra*, irons], *f.*: glass-tongs; iron dust. 1. **-rement**^o [L. *-ra*

mentum], m.: iron tool; iron piece; (surgeon's) forceps. 2. **-rement**¹⁵, m.: ironing, (esp.) horse-shoeing. **-remonte**⁹ [L. *-ramenta* (pl.), things of iron], f.: iron-work (of ship). **-re-mule**¹⁶, adj.: mule-shoeing; tricky. **-re-roy**¹⁰ [fer, iron], tr.: iron (put irons on, fit with iron; shoe; fetter; hobble; tip, point with iron or metal; metal, macadamise); brake (hemp): **fermé à glace**, shod for ice, rough shod; (fig.) well equipped, skilful; **palais ferré**, palate that stands hot food; **voie ferrée**, railroad; † — **la mule**, make expense purposefully; **eau ferrée**, iron water; **route ferrée**, metalled, stone road. **-ret**¹⁵ [fer], m.: little iron; small tools of iron; metal tip; (chandler's) tube; (glass-blower's) rod; hard spot (in a stone): — or — **d'Espagne**, red ochre. **-retier**¹⁵ [fer], m.: shoeing-hammer. **-reur**¹¹, m.: tagger (of aiglets). **-rière**¹⁶ [fer], f.: tool-bag; (king's) wine-bottle (of silver). **-ron**¹² [fer], m.: bar-iron dealer. **-ronnerie**¹¹ [-ronier], f.: iron-store; iron-ware. **-ronnier**¹², 1. **-ière** [-ron], m., f.: iron dealer or worker; **La Belle Ferronnière**, mistress of François I., hence: 2. **-ronnière**¹³, f.: chaplet (with a stone at the forehead). **-ruginoux**¹⁶, = **enpe** [L. *-rugo*, rust], adj.: ferruginous (hav'g iron). **-rure**¹² [fer], f.: iron-work; shoeing (job or shoes).

ferse¹⁶ [f], f.: width (of sailcloth).

fer-tile¹⁴ [L. *-lis*], adj.: = **-lement**¹⁴, adv.: (rare) fertile. **-lisable**¹³ [-liser], adj.: fertilisable. **-lisant**¹⁷ [-liser], adj.: fertilising. **-lisation**¹⁷ [-liser], f.: fertilisation. **-liser**¹⁵, tr.: fertilise. **-lité**¹³ [-litas], f.: fertility.

fé-ru, see **férir**. **-rule**¹⁴ [L. *-rula*], f.: ferule, rod; ferula (plant).

fer-vement¹² -vum, adv.: (rare) fervently. **||-vent**¹¹ [L. *-vens* (-vere, boil)], adj.: = **-veur**¹¹ [L. *-vor*, warmth], f.: fervour (pious zeal; †ardour).

fes-se⁹ [p. L. **fassa* (findere, split)], f.: buttocks, nates; tuck (of ships). **-se-cahier**¹⁶ [-ser], m.: (low) quill-driver. **-sée**¹⁵, f.: spanking. **-se-mathieu**¹⁵ [-ser], m.: (low) skintint, miser. **-se-pinte**¹⁵ [-ser], m.: (low) whisky-bloat. **-ser**¹⁵, tr.: spank (slap with the hand; low, hurry up, hustle along); chastise; beat (wire for pins). **-seur**¹⁵, = **enpe** [-ser], m., f.: spanker, chastiser; beater (of pin wire). 1. **-sier**¹⁵, m.: (low) buttocks. 2. **-sier**¹⁵, **-ière**, adj.: gluteal, of the rump; m.: gluteal muscle.

†**fessair** = **fessoir**.

fessu¹² [-sse], adj.: (low) hav'g large buttocks.

fes-tin¹⁶ (It. *-tino*), m.: FESTIVAL, banquet,

feast. **-tiner**¹⁵, tr., intr.: banquet, feast. **-tival**¹⁵ [Eng.], m.: = (of music). **-ton**¹⁵ [It. *-tone*], m.: festoon (garland; curved carving of a frieze); festoon, scallop; embroidery; curve. **-tonner**¹⁴ [-lon], tr.: festoon; scallop; embroider a festoon; zigzag (in walking, as a drunken man). **-toyer**¹¹ [fête], tr., intr.: FEAST.

festucaire¹⁵ [L. *-ca*, stalk, straw], m.: straw-worm (found in the intestines).

fê-tard¹⁵, = **arde fê**, m., f.: banqueter, reveller. **||fê-te**⁹ [p. L. **festa*, L. *festum*], f.: = (festive occasion; holiday; festivity); feast; anniversary day: — **carillonnée**, (lit. chimed, i.e.) holiday announced by chimes the eve before; — **Dieu**, Corpus Christi day; — **patronale**, patron saint's day; **donner une** —, give an entertainment or party; **se faire une** — **de quelque chose**, anticipate great pleasure; †**faire** — **de quelque chose à quelqu'un**, promise one great things; **se faire de** —, intrude uninvited; — **de morts**, All-Souls' day; **aux bonnes** — **s, bons coups**, the noisier the better. **-ter**¹¹, tr.: fête, celebrate; honour by a celebration: **c'est un saint qu'on ne fête plus**, he is a man not to be trusted; — **quelqu'un**, receive one royally.

féti-che¹⁷ [Port. *-ço* (L. *facticus*, artificial)], m.: fetish; charm. **-chisme**¹⁷, m.: fetishism.

féti-de¹⁴ [L. *-dus* (feter, stink)], adj.: fetid, foul. **-dité**¹⁷, f.: fetidity.

†**fétoyer** = **festoyer**.

fé-tu⁹ (p. L. **festūcum* (L. *festuca*)), m.: straw (stalk; trifle; cf. †Eng. *fescue-grass*); †**tirer au court** —, draw straws; **rompre le** — **avec quelqu'un**, fall out with one; **un cogné** —, a fussy person. †**-tu-en-cul** = **paille-en-cul**. **-tuque**¹⁷ [L. *festuca*], f.: festuca (grass).

1. **fen**⁹, pl. — **x** [L. *focus*, hearth, p. L. **fire*], m.: fire (burning, combustion; flash, lustre; light; firing, shooting; heat; ardour; vivacity; inspiration; sparks; sparkling; sore trial); fireplace, hearth; fire-utensils, andirons, etc.; hot iron for cautery; inflammation; gas-jet; light-house; bonus to an actor: — **de paille**, fire of straw, (fig.) passing enthusiasm; — **follet**, ignis fatuus; — **grison** or **grégeois**, Greek fire; — **de joie**, bonfire; — **d'artifice**, fireworks; — **perisque**, shingles, herpes; — **Saint-Antoine**, erysipelas; — **céleste**, gangrened erysipelas; **en mettre la main au** —, stake one's life on it; **ni — ni lieu**, neither house nor home; **bouche à** —, cannon; **tache de** —, (dog's) tan spot; **à l'épreuve du** —, fire-proof; **donner le** — **à**, sear (horses, etc.); **faire** —, fire, shoot; **faire** — **qui dure**, husband one's resources; take care of one's health; **faire**

— *des quatre pieds*, make every effort (as a horse strikes fire with his shoes); *ne voir que du — à quelque chose*, be dazzled, confused over a thing; *saïence à grand —*, science was baked at high temperature; *être dans son coup de —*, be at one's busiest time; *un — roulant*, steady fire.

2.fen⁹ [p. L. **fatātus* (L. *fatum*, fate), fulfilled destiny], *adj.*: deceased, late: *le — roi*, the late king; *la — e reine*, the late queen; usually uninflected before the article: — *les princes*, the late princes; — *ma mère*, my (dead) mother.

feu-dataire¹⁴ [l. L. *-dātarius* (-dum, fief)], *m.*: feudatory. **-diste**¹⁵ [l. L. *-dista*], *m.*: feudist (one versed in feudal law).

†feuillade = *feuillée*. **-lage**¹³, *m.*: *foliage*, leafage. **-lagiste**¹⁵ [-*lage*], *m.*: maker of artificial leaves. **-laison**¹⁷ [-*ler*], *f.*: foliation, leaving out.

feuillantine¹⁶ [*Feuillants*, monks], *f.*: puff-pastry.

feuill-lard¹⁸, *m.*: branches (with foliage for winter feed); hoop-wood. **†feuill-le**⁹ [p. L. **folia* (L. *folium*)], *f.*: leaf (of plants, books, etc.; sheet; blade); scale; door; fold; *FOIL*; flap; pane of glass; newspaper; list, register; check-list; way-bill; fall, autumn; petal (of rose, etc.): — *d'épreuve*, proof-sheet; *bonne —*, correct or final copy; — *s (cahiers) volants*, diary, journal; — *de route*, itinerary, route (of a theatre troop, of soldiers, etc.); — *de présence*, register (for employees to sign as they come to work). **-lé**¹¹, *adj.*: foliate; leafy; *m.*: leaves (in a painting).

-lê¹¹, *f.*: foliage; leafage; arbour: *faire la — pour les vers à soie*, collect (mulberry) leaves for silkworms. **-le-**¹¹ *m.* or *invar. adj.*: =, *FILEMOT* (russet-yellow; colour of dead leaves).

-ler¹¹, *intr.*: leave, put forth leaves; *tr.*: cover with leaves; rabbit, rebate. **-le-**¹¹ *ret¹⁶ [-*ler*], *m.*: fillister, rabbit-plane.*

-let¹¹, *m.*: sheet, leaf (of paper; anything flat and thin like a sheet, hence:) scale; membrane; thin board; fold; =, manyplies (third stomach of ruminants which has many follicles); saw-blade. **-letage**¹⁵ [-*leter*], *m.*: making, preparing (of puff-pastry); puff-pastry. **-leter**¹⁵ [-*let*], *tr.*: laminate; make into puff-pastry; turn the leaves of, peruse here and there; skip through (a book): *se —*, scale off, peel off. **-letis**¹⁷ [-*leter*], *m.*: cleavage-line (in slaty deposits), contour, setting-edge (of cut stones). **-leton**¹⁷ [-*let*], *m.*: = (lower part, about a third, of French newspapers, which is devoted to stories, reviews, criticism, etc.). **-letoniste**¹⁸ [-*leton*], *m.*: feuilletonist.

1.-lette¹¹, *f.*: little leaf; (esp.) cotton leaves (separated from the cotton by beating).

2.feuillette¹⁴ [?], *f.*: cask (of 35½ gallons).

feuil-liste¹⁷ [-*le*], *m.*: (rare) newspaper-writer. **-lu**¹¹ [-*le*], *adj.*: leafy, clothed with leaves: *arbres —s*, trees with leaves (not needles). **-lure**¹⁵ [-*ler*], *f.*: socket; mortise; rabbeting, rebate.

feurre¹¹ [Goth. *fodr*, cover: ? *FODDER*], *m.*: stalks; straw (for chairs; for thatching).

feu-trage¹⁷ [-*trer*], *m.*: felting. **†fen-tre**¹⁵ [l. L. *filtrum* (of Germ'n orig.)], *m.*: FELT (compact fabric of wool, or hair, etc., or things made of it, as hats, padding, packing, etc.). **-trer**¹¹, *tr.*: felt, make into felt; pad. **-trier**¹¹, *m.*: felt-maker. **-trière**¹⁷, *f.*: felt-cloth (on which a hatter lays his materials).

fê-ve⁹ [L. *faba*], *f.*: bean (the plant or its seed; bean-like seed or plant); chrysalis (of silkworms); lampers (of horses): *roi (reine) de la —*, twelfth-night king (queen); *trouver la — au gîteau*, find the bean in the twelfth-night cake; find out a thing. **-verole**¹⁵, *f.*: horse-bean (for horse-feed); little mollusk bivalve. **fê-vier**¹¹, *m.*: honey-locust.

fèvre⁹ [L. *faber*, workman], *m.*: (*dial.*) †metal-worker; boiler (workman who attends to the boiling in salt-works).

février⁹ [L. *Febrārius*], *m.*: February (the month).

†févrolle = *feverole*.

fêz¹⁵ [town Fez in Morocco], *m.*: fez (brimless cap).

1.fl¹¹ [echoic], *interj.*: fie! for shame!

2.†fl = *fic*.

fiacre¹⁵ [hotel St. Fiacre], *m.*: =, coach.

flammette¹⁵ [lt. *-tta*, little FLAME], *f.*: flame colour.

flan-gailles¹¹, *f. pl.*: betrothals. **-cé**¹¹, *m.*: =. **-cée**¹¹, *f.*: =. **†-cer**¹¹ [OFr. *-ce* (*fier*, trust), engagement], *tr.*: affiance, betroth.

fiasco¹⁵ [It. *far fiasco*, fizzle], *m.*: =, failure, breakdown.

fi-bre¹⁵ [L. *-bra*], *f.*: =. **-brenne**¹⁵, *adj.*: fibrous. **-brillaire**¹⁵ [-*brille*], *adj.*: hav'g little fibres. **-bril-**¹⁵ *le¹⁷, *f.*: little fibre, filament. **-brine**¹⁵, *f.*: fibrin (whitish proteid from blood).*

-brome¹⁵, *m.*: fibrous tumor.

fibule¹⁵ [L. *-la*], *f.*: clasp, hook (on clothing).

fic⁹ [L. *ficus*, FIG], *m.*: fig-shaped growth of flesh, fig, fig-wart, fig (of the frog of a horse's foot). **-caire**¹⁷ [l. L. from its likeness to figs], *f.*: figwort.

fi-ecler¹⁵, *tr.*: tie, bind: *mal ficelé*, ill

dressed; (pop.) *filé comme un saucisson*, bound up (in tight clothes) like a sausage. **†-celier** = *-cellier*. **||-celle**^o [p. L. **filicella* (L. *filum*, thread)], f.: string (to tie small bundles; wire to move puppets): *tenir les —s*, do the wire pulling, (fam.) be the power behind the throne; *voir la —*, see the trickery. **-cellier**¹⁷, m.: reel, string-winder.

fl-échant¹⁵, adj.: feu —, darting fire (meant to fall upon an object). **-che**¹⁴, f.: fixing (driving in); stake; pin; peg; pointing-up trowel; mark, label; FISH, counter (in games); list (of books, of deeds, etc.); order, note (to an agent on the bourse); bit (of comfort), crumb. **||-cher**^o [p. L. **ficāre* (? L. *-gere*)], tr.: FIX, fasten; drive in; point-up (masonry); stare at; fix (eyes) on; give rudely; intr.: matter (signify); hit: *se —*, be fixed or driven; stick; enter; fall; dress; *se — de*, laugh at, make game or a fool of; not care for, not to give a straw for; *fié-moi le champ d'ici*, get out of here; *je t'en fie*, you can't come it! not a bit of it! nonsense! **-cheron**¹⁴ [-che], m.: bolt-pin. **-chet**¹⁶ [-che], m.: †paper seal; paper tag; peg (for trick-track). **-choir**¹⁶, m.: clothes-pin. **-chtre** [euphemistic], interj.: (very fam.) the deuce! **1.-chu**¹⁶, part.: fixed at; adj.: (pop.) done for; miserable; mal —, badly togged out, dressed; *l'argent que vous avez prêté est —*, the money you have lent is gone up. **2.-chu**¹⁷ [?], m.: = (a light shawl or cape over the head or shoulders). **-chu-ment**¹⁷ [-chu], adv.: (triv.) deucedly.

ficoide¹⁷ [L. *-cus*, FIG, Gr. *eidos*, form], adj.: ficoid; f.: les —s, the ficoides, fig-marigold family.

fic-tif¹⁴, **-ive** [ak. to *fiction*], adj.: fictive (imaginary; fictitious; feigned): *entrepôt —*, bonded warehouse. **-tivement**¹⁴, adv.: feignedly.

fideicommi-s¹² [L. *-sum*, trust (*fidem* committere, give faith)], m.: fideicommissum. **-ssaire**¹² [L. *-sarius*], m.: trustee. **fidéjus-seur**¹⁵ [L. *-sor* (*fides*, faith, *ju-bere*, command)], m.: surety, person bound for another. **-sign**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], f.: bond, guaranty. **-soire**¹⁵ [L. *-sorius*], adj.: of bail, of security.

fi-dèle¹⁵ [L. *-delis* (*fides*, faith)], adj.: true (loyal; faithful; truthful). **-dèle-ment**¹⁵, adv.: loyally. **-délité**¹⁴ [L. *-delitas*], f.: fidelity.

fidu-ciaire¹⁷ [L. *-ciarius*], adj.: fiduciary, confidential; *hav'g a fideicommissum* or trust for another: *contrat —*, contract given as security for a loan; *monnaie —*, paper money. **-ciairement**¹⁵ [-ciaire], adv.: with a confidential understanding,

with a title in trust. **||-eic**¹⁵ [L. *-cia* (*fides*, faith)], f.: conditional sale (to be void when borrowed money is paid back). **-ciel**¹⁵, **-elle** [L. *-cia*], adj.: la ligne — *de des oscillations*, vertical line through the point of suspension of a pendulum, the truing line.

fi-e¹⁰ [OHG. *feh*, cattle], m.: = (FEUDAL estate; other property held for another). **-fior**¹¹, tr.: rent, give as a fief; provide, endow with a fief: (fam.) *filous fiefés*, arrant knaves.

fiel^o [L. *fel*], m.: GALL (bile; malice; hatred): — *de terre*, glass-gall, glass-slag; — *de terre*, fumitory (plant).

fig-n-te^o [p. L. *femita* (L. *finus*)], f.: dung, esp. of birds (cf. †Eng. *fiants*). **-ter**¹³ **-fy**, tr.: manure; intr.: drop dung.

1.fier^o [p. L. *fidare* (L. *fidus*, true)], tr.: †trust; refl.: *se —*, trust, depend on, have faith in.

2.fie-r^o, **-ère** [L. *ferus*, FIERCE], adj.: †savage (wild; *her.* FIERCE); proud, haughty; bold; (fam.) strong. **-r-à-bras**¹⁷, pl. — [giant *Fierabras*], m.: bully. **-rement**¹⁵, adv.: proudly; savagely; boldly (of painting); (pop.) very. **†fierte**¹⁰ [L. *feretrum*, hand-barrow], f.: (dial.) shrine.

1.fierté^o [L. *feritas*, fierceness], f.: pride; haughtiness, disdain; boldness, courage.

2.fierté^o [? ak. to *fer*], adj.: baleine — *e*, parti-coloured whale.

†fioux = *fiis*.

fiè-vre^o [L. *febris*], f.: FEVER (abnormal heat fr. disease; excitement; agitation): — *d'accès*, fit of fever; — *de la rampe*, stage-fright; *tomber de — en chaud mal*, fall from the frying pan into the fire.

fié-vreux¹¹, adj.: feverish; m., f.: fever-patient. **fié-vrotte**¹⁰, f.: (fam.) slight fever.

fiif, fiifile [pet name for *fiis, fille*], f.: darling.

fi-fre¹⁵ [Ger. *pfiffer* (L. *pipare*, whistle)], m.: FIFE; fifer. **-frer**¹⁵, intr., tr.: pipe, fife.

figar¹⁷ [name F. in the play], m.: (fam.) —, barber.

figement¹⁵, m.: coagulation. **||-ger**^o [p. L. **fidere* (ak. to *foie*, liver), make like liver], tr.: clot; solidify; congeal.

fignoler¹⁷ [*fin*], †intr.: be subtle, split hairs; tr.: finish, do, overnicely, finically.

fi-gue¹¹ [L. *-cus*], f.: FIG: *faire la — à*, treat contemptuously; *moitié —, moitié raisin*, half (willingly) and half (unwillingly). **-guerie**¹² [-guier], f.: fig-orchard. **-guier**¹¹, m.: fig-tree; fig-eater, beccafico: — *d'Adam*, Adam's fig-tree; — *de l'Inde*, Indian fig, cactus apple, prickly pear.

figuline¹⁵ [L. -na (*figere*, shape)], *f.*: =, pottery, esp. decorated pottery.

figurable¹⁵ [-*rer*], *adj.*: =, capable of shaping. **-rant**¹⁷, **-rante**, *m.*, *f.*: =, super(numerary); *adj.*: figurative, symbolic. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-rative** [L. -*rativus*], *adj.*: figurative (adorned with forms; in figures; not literal; florid); *m.*, *f.*: la (*lettre*) figurative, the characteristic (of a mood, tense, etc.); les *figuratives de la Bible*, symbols in the Bible. **-ration**¹² [L. -*ratio*], *f.*: = (shaping; shape); supernumeraries, supers as a whole. **-rativement**¹³ [-*ratif*], *adv.*: figuratively (in forms); symbolically. **figu-re**¹⁰ [L. -*ra* (L. *figere*, shape)], *f.*: = (shape, visible form; design; diagram; movement of a dance; pictorial language, trope, metaphor, etc.); fancy; symbol, type; syllogism; horoscope; musical phrase); face: face-card; part, rôle. **-rément**¹³ [-*ré(-rer)*], *adv.*: figuratively. **-rer**¹¹ [L. -*rare*], *tr.*: figure (form; symbolize; imagine); express figuratively; dance or group in figures; play a silent part, be a super; cut a figure. **-rine**¹⁵ [lt. -*rina*], *f.*: =, statuette; little figure. **-risme**¹⁷, *m.*: figurism (the theory that Old Testament events are types of the New). **-riste**¹⁶, *m.*, *f.*: figurist, believer in figurism; molder (of plaster casts).

fil¹ [L. *filum* (ak. to L. *figere*, FIX)], *m.*: thread (sewing-thread; string; yarn); story; fine wire; fibre; fine line of colour; thread (of a story); edge (of blades); fibre, grain (of wood, meat, marble, etc.); current (of a stream); crack, flaw (in pottery, etc.); *de droit* —, in a straight line; — *de la Vierge*, or *de Notre-Dame*, gossamer; — *à plomb*, plumb line; — *de caret*, rope-yarn; — *d'archal*, iron wire; — *d'Ecosse*, cotton; *aller de* — *en aiguille*, go from one thing to another; *suivre le* —, go with the current; *finesse cousue de blanc*, ill concealed artifice; *il y a un* — *de manqué*, there's something wrong; — *d'araignée*, Alpine sengreen (plant); — *de mer*, seawrack (plant); — *de serpent*, thread-worm (in men); a bright-coloured India snake. **-ladière**¹⁵ [Prov. -*lat*, seigne], *f.*: flat-boat. **-lage**¹² [-*ler*], *m.*: spinning, twisting. **-lage**¹³, or **-lago** [l. L. -*lago* (L. -*lum*, thread)], *m.*: = (cotton-rose, cudweed). **†-lagor**¹⁷ [*fil* (?)], *m.*: packing-thread. **-lagore**¹⁷ [*fil* (?)], *f.*: twine. **†-lagramme** = *filigrane*. **-laires**¹⁸ [l. L. -*laria*], *m.*, *f.* *pl.*: filaria, thread-worms (of the intestines). **-lament**¹⁵ [L. -*lamentum*], *m.*: = (fibre, fibril, thread). **-lamentoux**¹⁶, **-euse** [-*lament*], *adj.*: hav'g filaments, fibrous: membrane *filamenteuse*, after-

birth. **†-landière**¹² [-*ler*], *f.*: spinning woman. **-landre**¹³ [-*ler*], *f.*: =, back-worm; string fibres (in vegetables; in meat); proud flesh in sores; gossamer webs; filth (on ship hull); flaw; soft vein in marble. **-landreux**¹⁷, **-euse** [-*landre*], *adj.*: fibrous, stringy. **-lant**¹⁵ [-*ler*], *adj.*: flowing; darting. **-lardeau**¹⁵, *m.*: young pike; young shoot. **-lardeur**¹⁶, *adj.*: marbre —, veiny marble. **-laret**¹⁷ [lt. -*laretto*], *m.*: railing, taffrail (of wood on a galley). **-lasse**¹¹, *f.*: tow, harl (hackled hemp or flax fibres); tissue; bast: — *de montagne*, asbestos. **-lassier**¹³, **-ière** [-*lasse*], *m.*, *f.*: hemp-dresser or seller. **-lateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [-*ler*], *m.*, *f.*: silk-winder (fr. the cocoon); head (of spinning factory). **†-latrice**¹⁶ [lt. -*latrice*], *f.*: ferret-woven cloth. **-lature**¹⁷ [-*ler*], *f.*: = (place or process of reeling raw-silk). **-le**¹⁴ [-*ler*], *f.*: = (row, series; rank): *prendre la* —, take one's position in file. **-ler**¹⁰ [L. -*lare*], *tr.*: twist (into a thread or rope); spin (thread, cloth, web, etc.); string out; unwind; lower (a burden by giving rope); draw (wire); drawl (a sound); *intr.*: string, rope, become stringy or ropy; string out, uncoil; file, go in a line; shoot (as stars or light); flare; smoke (as lamps); purr (fr. spinning sound): — *doux*, go easy, take in sulks; — *quelqu'un*, follow, shadow anyone; — *la carte*, slip a card; or *filé* or *filé d'or*, gold thread twisted with silk thread, cotton thread, etc., tinsel-cord. **-lerie**¹³, *f.*: wire-mill. **1.-let**¹¹, *m.*: (little thread, hence: fillet (coloured line to mark the edge); fillet (filament; ligament; narrow band; ribbon; slice; meat for slicing); raised rim; band moulding, facet, strip between flutes on a column; stripe; band (on a shield); screw-thread; frenum; printer's rule; snaffle-bit and rein, bridoon; jet of water; thin voice; scrawl: — *d'un violon*, incrustation (fr. the rosins) under violin strings. **2.-let**¹², *m.*: seine; net. **-letage**¹³ [-*leter*], *m.*: wire-drawing. **-leter**¹² [-*let*, little thread], *tr.*: draw (wire); thread (a screw). **-leur**¹², **-euse** [-*ler*], *m.*, *f.*: spinner; wire-drawer; cheat at cards; marbler (of stone). **-leux**, *pl.* — [= *leur*], *m.*: kevel (on ships).

filia¹⁻¹⁴, *pl.* **-aux** or **-als** [L. -*lis*], *adj.*: = (like one's child, fit for one's child); *f.*: la — *d'une maison de commerce*, branch-house. **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: filially. **-tion** [L. -*tio*], *f.*: filiation (tie to one's parent); kinship as to ancestry; connection, relation.

filicule¹⁷ [L. -*la* (*filix*, fern)], *f.*: hair-fern.

filière¹² [*fil*], *f.*: †string; creance (for

falcons); line, rope; strip (of wood); pole-plate, purin; vein (of metal); fillet (of shields); filiere, needle gage; draw-plate; screw-plate; vermicelli-sieve; spinneret; process (through several stages or persons); negotiable order (on a time-sale).

fil-forme¹⁷ [L. *filum*, thread, *forma*, form], *adj.*: filiform. **-grane**¹⁸ [It. *grana* (L. *granum*, grain)], *m.*: =, filigree work; water-mark (of paper). **-graner**¹⁸ [-*grane*], *tr.*: make into filigree.

fil-lin¹⁶ [-*lin*], *m.*: halliard (rope for raising a sail). **-lipendule**¹⁴ [L. *-lum*, thread, *pendulus*, hanging], *adj.*: hanging by a thread, filipendulous.

†**fil-lage**¹⁴, *m.*: virginity. **-lasse**¹⁵, *f.*: (triv.) bitch (harlot). ||**fil-le**¹⁶ [L. *filia*], *f.*: daughter; girl; virgin; servant: — *s de Mémoire*, Muses; *vieille* —, old maid; — *d'honneur*, maid of honour; — *de joie*, or — *publique*, prostitute; — *mère*, unmarried mother; — *repentie*, reformed woman. **-lette**¹¹, *f.*: little or young girl.

fil-leul¹⁶, *-eule* [L. *filiole*, little son], *m.*, *f.*: godchild.

filo-che¹⁶ [fil], *f.*: network; rope (to raise a millstone). **-cher**¹⁸, *intr.*: make a network.

fil-loir¹³ [-*ler*], *m.*: spinning machine. **-lon**¹⁵ [-*l*], *m.*: vein (of ore).

filoselle¹³ [It. *-llo* (L. *folliculus*, envelope)], *f.*: floss-silk.

†**fil-lotier**¹⁴, 1. **-ière** [-*l*], *m.*, *f.*: thread-buyer. 2. **-lotière**¹⁵ [-*l*], *f.*: window-sash.

filon¹⁰ [f], *m.* or *adj.*: thief; pickpocket; scamp. **-tage**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *m.*: thieving, roguery. **-ter**¹⁶, *tr.*: filch, steal (by pocket-picking). **-terie**¹⁶ [-*ter*], *f.*: pocket-picking, theft.

fil-s¹⁰ [L. *filius*], *m.*: son: — *dénaturé*, unnatural, unfilial son; — *de famille*, minor son; son of good family; *les* — *de Béal*, idolaters; (*fam.*) *beau* —, dapper young fellow; (*fam.*) *les quatre* — *Aymon*, the four Aymon boys; *il est* — *de son père*, he is a chip of the old block; *il est* — *de ses œuvres*, he is a self-made man; *faire le beau* —, act the fool.

fil-trage¹³ [-*trer*], *m.*: filtering, purifying. **-trant**¹³ [-*trer*], *adj.*: filtering. **-tration**¹⁵ [-*trer*], *f.*: = (clarifying; percolation). 1. **-tre**¹⁵ [It. *-tro*, ak. to Eng. *felt*], *m.*: filter.

2. †**filtrer** = *philtre*.

filtrer¹⁵ [1. *-tre*], *tr.*: filter; infiltrate; *intr.*: ooze out; shine through.

filure¹³ [-*ler*], *f.*: spinning.

fin-brinaires¹⁶ [L. *-bria*, FRINGE], *m. pl.*: fringe-worms (of the intestines). **-brille**¹⁵ [L. *-bria*], *f.*: finbrilla (of flowers).

finicole¹⁵ [L. *finus*, dung, *colere*, dwell], *adj.*: living in dung.

1. **fin**¹⁰ [L. *finis*], *f.*: end (final thing; extremity; result; death; aim, object, purpose): *à la* —, finally; *en* — *de compte*, in conclusion; *mettre* — *à*, put an end to; *cheval à toute* —, horse for all purposes; *prendre* —, end, terminate; *à cette* —, with this in view; — *s de non recevoir*, motion to have the plaintiff's petition denied; *courroie sans* —, endless belt; *être sur sa* —, be near its close; *faire une* —, settle, marry; *faire une bonne* —, die converted, repentant; *renvoyer des* — *s de la plainte*, refuse the petition of the plaintiff.

2. **fin**¹⁰ [p. L. **finus* (L. *-nirc*, finish)], *adj.*: FINE (finished, nice; elegant; delicate; choice; subtle, acute; tart; exact; not coarse); †terminal; †final; *m.*: pure metal; fine quality; subtlety; *f. pl.*: *les* — *es*, fine coal (no lumps); *l'oreille* — *e*, discriminating ear; (*fam.*) *une* — *e gueule*, a gourmand; *une* — *e lame*, a fine swordsman; *jouer au* —, try to outwit each other; *un* — *matois*, a sharper; *un* — *voilier*, a vessel that sails close to the wind; *cheval* —, *de bouche* — *e*, tender-mouthed horse; *ten* — *fond*, at the very bottom, at the very end; (*fam.*) *partie* — *e*, pleasure trip on the sly (with ladies).

†**fin-age**¹² [fin, end], *m.*: confines. ||**-nal**¹³ [L. *-nalis* (finis, end)], *adj.*: =: *la* — *e* (sc. note, syllable, figure, etc.), the finale, last note in music; ultima; last figure of a dance: (*fam.*) *en fin* —, at the end. **-nale**¹⁵ [It. *-nale*], *m.*: = (the last movement in music; last part of an opera).

-nalement¹², *adv.*: finally. **-nalité**¹⁵, *f.*: finality (theory of final causes). **-nance**¹² [-*ner*], *f.*: = (monetary affairs; system of control of revenue; revenue, income); †wealth; cash; financiers; *pl.*: finances, pecuniary resources; *écriture de* —, sort of round type; *lettres de* —, type resembling writing; *chiffres de* —, Roman numerals represented by italics; *la haute* —, management of large sums of money; moneyed people. **-nancer**¹⁵ [-*nance*], *tr.*: †pay down (cash) esp. for a license; *intr.*: (*fam.*) spend money.

-nancier¹⁴, **-ière** [-*nance*], *m. f.*: = (farmer of revenues; manager of revenues and payments; one skilled in money-matters; capitalist); *adj.*: financial, aristocratic; *chiffres* — *s* = *de finance*.

-nancièrement¹⁵ [-*nancier*], *adv.*: financially. **-nasser**¹⁶ [-*nesse*], *intr.*: (*fam.*) use artifices, tricks. **-nasserie**¹⁷ [-*nasser*], *f.*: (*fam.*) artifice, trick. **-nasseur**¹⁷, **-euse** or **-ière**, **-ière** [-*nasser*], *m., f.*: (*fam.*) sharper, trickster. **-naud**¹⁷,

=aude [-n], *m., f.*: sly, sharp, cunning person; *adj.*: sly.

fincelle¹⁷ [for *ficelle*], *f.*: rope, esp. to a seine.

finement¹¹ [fin, fine], *adv.*: finely; delicately. **finer**¹⁰ [fin, end], *intr.*: (old) finish; pay. **-nesse**¹⁴ [fin, fine], *f.*: = (artifice, stratagem; cunning); FINENESS (delicacy); subtlety. **finet**¹⁴, 1. **-ette** [fin, fine], *adj.*: (fam.) sly. 2. **-nette**¹⁶ [-net], *f.*: light cotton cloth.

fini, *part.*: finished, done, complete; finite; *m.*: finish; extent. **finiment**¹⁶ [It. *finimento*], *m.*: nicety. **finir**¹⁰ [L. *finire*], *tr.*: finish (complete); end; perfect; defeat; ruin; kill; *limit*; *intr.*: cease; end; die: *un homme fini*, lost or ruined man; *un flou fini*, a finished rogue; *les êtres finis*, finite beings; *mode fini*, finite mood; *le fini*, the finite; *finissez donc!* get through, hurry up! **-nissage**¹⁷, *m.*: finishing touches; finish. **finissement**¹³, *m.*: finishing ornament. **-nisseur**¹², *=ense*, *m., f.*: finisher (workman who puts on the last touches).

Finistère, or **-terre**, *m.*: Finisterre (cape in Spain); department in France.

finnois, *-oise*, *adj.*: Finnish; *m., f.*: Finn.

fiol¹¹ [L. *phiala* (L. *phiala*)], *f.*: PHIAL, VIAL: — *des éléments*, vial to test density; — *d'épreuve*, test-bottle (to be cooled suddenly to test the glass).

floriture¹³ [It. *-ra* (flora, flower)], *f.*: floritura (embellishment in music).

firmament¹¹ [L. *-tum* (firmus, firm)], *m.*: =.

firmen¹⁷ [Turk.], *m.*: = (edict, permit).

fis-c¹² [L. *-cus*], *m.*: = (treasure; treasury; royal donation; treasury department).

iscal¹⁴ [L. *-calis*], *m., or adj.*: = (fiscal officer; *adj.*: financial). **-calement**¹⁵, *adv.*: fiscally. **-calité**¹⁷, *f.*: fiscal system, farming; zeal (for the public treasury).

fis, fisse, see *faire*.

fissi... [L. *fissus*, cleft]: **-dactyle**¹⁸ [Gr. *dáktylos*, finger], *adj.*: fissidactyl (hav'g the digits, claws, or toes divided).

-folié¹⁹ [L. *folium*, leaf], *adj.*: having cleft leaves (i.e. split at the end). **-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: = (tending to split). **-pare**¹⁸ [L. *parere*, produce], *adj.*: fissiparous (reproducing by fission). **-pède**¹⁷ [L. *pes*, foot], *adj.*: fissiped (hav'g foot divided into digits). **-ponne**¹⁸ [L. *penna*, feather, wing], *adj.*: hav'g divided wings. **-rostre**¹⁸ [L. *rostrum*, beak], *adj.*: fissirostral (hav'g the beak widely split, as swallows).

fi-sure¹² [L. *-sura*], *f.*: = (cleft, split).

-surelle¹⁹, *f.*: fissurella, keyhole limpet (mollusk).

fi-stulaire¹³, *adj.*: fistulous (hav'g a tube); *m.*: fistularia (fish); *f.*: fistuli-

form mollusk; fistulate seaweed. **fi-tule**¹² [L. *-tula*, tube], *f.*: fistula (canal formed by disease). **-tuleur**¹⁶, *=ense* [L. *-tulosus*], *adj.*: fistular; fistulate.

fix-ège¹³ [-er], *m.*: fixing (of dyes; of a negative); fastening, making fast.

-ateur¹³ [-er], *m.*: fixer, adjuster (tool or man); mordant (to fix dyes); hyposulphite of soda (to fix negatives).

-atif¹⁵, **-ive** [-er], *m. or adj.*: fixative. **-ation**¹⁴ [-er], *f.*: =. **fix-e**¹² [L. *-us*], *adj.*: fixed (settled; stable; set; not easily volatilized):

fixe! eyes front! *machine* —, stationary engine; *beau* —, settled fair weather; *gaz* —, gas not capable of liquefaction; *idée* —, hobby; *un (jour)* —, set, regular day; *prix* —, fixed price. **-e-fruit**¹⁷ [fruit, batter], *m.*: wedge (to raise masonry).

-e-longue¹⁸, *m.*: tether-holder (to keep an animal fr. entangling itself).

-ement¹⁵, *adv.*: with eyes fixed, steadily.

-er¹², *tr.*: fix (make fast, stable, regular or uniform; solidify). **-ité**¹⁷, *f.*: fixity, permanence.

fla¹³ [echoic], *m.*: double blow (on a drum).

flabel-lation¹⁵ [L. *-lum*, fan], *f.*: =, fanning. **-liforme** [L. *-lum*, forma, form], *adj.*: flabelliform.

flac, see *flie-flac*.

flaccidité¹² [L. *-acidus*, flaccid], *f.*: flaccidity. **fl-ache**¹⁰ [L. *-accus*], *adj.*: (dial.) flabby; *f.* (dial. *m.*): soft place; flaw; hollow; sap-wood. **-acher**¹⁴, *tr.*: blaze (a tree in order to mark it). **-acheur**¹⁶, *=ense*, *adj.*: hav'g flaws, faulty; hav'g sap-wood.

flacon¹³ [L. *flasco*], *m.*: FLASK; FLAGON: — *de pèlerin*, gourd.

flagel-lant¹⁶, *=ante*, *m., f.*: flagellant, self-scourging fanatic. **-lation**¹³ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =, self-chastisement. **fl-er**¹⁶ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: flagellate, whip.

fla-geoler¹² [OFr. *-geol* (L. *flare*, BLOW, FLUTE)], *intr.*: to play the flute; tremble (as a horse's legs); (fam.) stagger.

1. **-geolet**¹³ [OFr. *-geol*], *m.*: = (flute blown at the end).

2. **flageolet**¹⁸ [? Prov. *faioulet*], *m.*: young haricot bean.

flagor-nor¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: adulate. **-nerie**¹⁵, *f.*: adulation, fawning flattery. **-neur**¹⁴, *=ense*, *m., f.*: servile flatterer.

flagrant¹⁴ [L. *-grans*, burning], *adj.*: =, glaring: *en* — *déité*, in the very act.

flai-r¹¹, *m.*: scent: *bon* —, keen nose, *fig.* shrewd discernment. **flai-ror**¹⁰ [L. *fragrāre*], *tr.*: (dial.) be fragrant; scent (smell, snuff); smell out; *m.*: smelling, scent; suspect shrewdly. **-neur**¹⁵, *=ense*, *m., f.*: (fam.) smeller, sleuth: — *de cuisine*, sponger.

flamant¹⁵ [Prov. *-mene* (L. *-mma*,

FLAME]], m.: flamingo (from its red wings).

flam-bage¹² [-ber], m.: singeing. **-bant**¹¹, adj.: singeing; glistening; (her.) flament. **-bart**¹² [-ber], m.: live coals; St. Elmo's fire; kettle grease; catboat. **flam-be**⁹ [for -me, flame], f.: (dial.) bright fire; flamboyant sword; iris (plant). **-beau**¹¹, pl. -x, m.: = (torch; candlestick; boiler receiving direct heat, in sugar works).

-bée¹⁵ [-ber], f.: blaze, quick fire (as of straw). **-ber**¹⁵, intr.: blaze; tr.: singe: — *le capitaine*, reprimand the captain; (fam.) *un homme flambé*, a done-up man, a lost man. **-berge**¹⁵ [und. infl. of -be, fr. *Floberge*, name of Montauban's sword], f.: flamberg, heavy long sword; save-all (for candles).

-boyant¹¹ [-boyer], adj.: = (flaming; florid, showy). **-boyer**¹⁰, intr.: flare up, blaze up. **-bure**¹⁷ [-ber], f.: spot of colour, uneven colouring.

flamèche¹² [?], f.: (dial.) pastry (of eggs, butter and cheese).

flamine¹³ [L. -men], m.: flamen (Roman priest).

1. **flamme**¹¹ [L. *phlebotimus*, lit. vein-cutter], f.: FLEAM, lancet for horses; chisel for slate.

2. **flam-me**⁹ [L. -ma], f.: flame (blaze; ardour, passion; fire of shields); pendant; ornament shaped like a flame; name of certain plants from their redness, or their caustic qualities. **-mèche**¹¹, f.: fire-spark, burning fragment. **-merole**¹⁴, f.: (vulg.) will-o'-the-wisp, ignis fatuus; St. Elmo's fire. 1. **-mette**¹³, f.: little flame; pendant, streamer; smaller spearwort, and other caustic plants; mactra (sea-clam).

2. **flammette**¹² [-mme, FLEAM], f.: lancet (for horses); scarifying lancet.

flammule¹⁵ [L. -la, little FLAME], f.: spearwort.

flan¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *fladen*, FLAT cake], m.: custard pie; coin disk (unstamped); moulding pulp.

flan-cé¹⁰ [?], m.: flank (side; flanking bastion); womb; entrails: *battre les —s*, pant; *fig.* exert one's self in vain; *être sur le —*, be on one's back, sick in bed; *prêter le —*, expose one's self to attack; *par le — droit!* right about! **-chet**¹³, m.: thin flank cut (of beef); breast (of codfish). † **-chis** = *quia*. **-conade**¹⁵, f.: = (fencing thrust at the side).

flandrin¹⁴ [country Flanders], m.: lubber.

flanelle¹⁶ [fr. Eng.], f.: flannel.

fla-ner¹⁵, **fla-** [?], intr.: loaf, stroll. **-nerie**¹⁵, f.: =, lounging, loafing. **-neur**¹⁶ = *ense*, m., f.: =, idler, loafer.

flanier¹⁷ [flan], adj.: *meule flanière*, moving die (the concave die in coinage).

flancoher¹⁸ [flâner], intr.: (fam.) lounge, stroll a little.

flan-quant¹⁶, adj.: flanking. **-quement**¹⁷, m.: flanking. 1. **-quer**¹⁵ [-e], tr.: flank (border; adorn with flanches; guard the flank of): *leu flanqué*, shield with flanches; *face flanquée*, defensive works protected by artillery at the side.

2. **flanquer**¹⁶ [? for *flaquer*], tr.: (fam.) hurl rudely.

flanqueur¹⁷ [1. -quer], m.: flanker (soldier who protects the flank). **-quis**¹⁶ [-quer], m.: (her.) saltier with flanches.

flaque¹⁷ [dial. for *flache*], f.: pool, puddle (made by rain or overflow).

fla-quée¹⁷, f.: dash, quantity of liquid dashed. **-quer**¹⁵ [echoic], tr.: dash (water, etc.).

flaquièrre¹⁶ [?], f.: cheek-pieces (of tin for a mule bridle).

1. **flasque**¹⁴ [ak. to Ger. *flach*, flat], m.: cheek (of gun-carriage; f.: support of trestle-trees of a mast); top or bottom of bellows.

2. **flasque**¹⁵ [It. *flasca*], f.: powder-FLASK.

3. **flas-que**¹⁶ [for *flaque* (L. *flaccus*, flaccid)], adj.: flabby. **-quiment**¹⁶, adv.: flabbily, weakly.

flatin¹⁶ [maker F.], m.: pocket-knife.

fla-tir¹¹ [low Ger. root *flat*], tr.: flatten (upon an anvil). **-toir**¹⁵, m.: hammer for flattening coin.

flâ-trer¹⁵ [? for *flatter*, fr. low Ger. *flat*, FLAT], tr.: flatten, make flat; †brand (a dog on the forehead to prevent madness): *se —*, crouch down (as wild game).

-trère¹⁶, f.: squatting place (of wolves, hares, etc.).

flat-ter¹¹ [low Ger. *flat*, FLAT], tr.: flatter (smooth out; flat a musical note); flatter (caress; praise; deceive); stroke; encourage; handle gently: *le chien flatte son maître*, dog fawns upon his master; — *le courant*, turn the current gently, by slightly sloping dams; — *la corde*, play a musical string delicately; *se —*, flatter one's self, imagine. **-terie**¹², f.: flattery, false praise; caresses. **-teur**¹² = *ense*, m., f.: flatterer; adj.: flattering; delusive. **-teusement**¹⁵ [-teur], adv.: flatteringly.

fla-tueur¹⁵ = *ense* [L. -tus, wind], adj.: flatuous, causing flatulency. **-tulence**¹⁷ [-tulent], f.: =. **-tulent**¹⁵ [L. -tus, wind], adj.: =, windy. **-tuosité**¹⁶, f.: flatuousness; flatulency.

fla-velle¹⁷ [L. -rus, yellow], f.: alucita (moth with yellow spots on wings).

-véole¹⁷ [L. -rus], f.: yellow-hammer (woodpecker). **-vert**¹⁷ [L. -rus, Fr. *vert*], m.: Cayenne finch. **-vescent**¹⁵ [L. -vescens], adj.: =, yellowish.

flavet¹⁸ [?], m.: serge cloth (formerly made in Normandy).

fléau¹⁸ [L. *flagellum*], m.: FLAIL (tool for threshing grain); swingle of a flail; scourge; beam (of scales); arm (of bellows); bar; swinging pole; press-bar.

flèche¹⁸ [fr. Skand.], f.: FLITCH, side of bacon.

flèche¹¹ [?], f.: arrow; sagitta; flèche (spire; point of backgammon-board; field-fortification, bonnet); (anything resembling an arrow in shape, or in projecting on the bow, hence:) long pin for the hair; indicator, pointer on scales; pole of a wagon; plough-beam; cautery iron; young cane-shoot; stake; vertical height of an arch; (geom.) sinus versus: *la — du Parthe*, Parthian arrow, i.e. a thrust or shot in leaving; — *en l'air*, royal mast; — *de mer*, dolphin; — *de trébuchet*, beam of a hurling machine; — *de pierre*, belemnite (fossil). — **6cher**¹⁶, tr.: (old) shoot with an arrow; cover (the ewe); intr.: sprout up straight (as sugar cane).

flé-chir¹¹ [? L. *flectere*], tr.: bend; make yield; intr.: bend; yield, give in. — **chissement**¹², m.: bending, kneeling. — **chisseur**¹⁸, adj.: muscle —, flexor muscle.

† **flég-magogue**, † **masie**, etc. = **phleg-magogue**, etc. — **matique**¹¹ [L. *phlegmaticus*], adj.: phlegmatic, not easily excited or moved. — **matiquement**¹⁷ [-*matique*], adv.: coldly, calmly, indifferently. || — **me**¹² [L. *ma* (Gr. *phlegme*, inflame)], m.: PHLEGM (mucus, esp. fr. disease; coolness, apathy). — **mon**, etc. = **phlegmon**, etc.

fléole¹⁷ [?], f.: cat-tail grass.

Flessingue, m.: Flushing (town in Holland).

fl-et¹² [ak. to Eng. *fleet*], m.: flounder, — **étan**¹⁵, m.: great flounder.

flétrir¹¹ [OFr. *fleestre*, faded (L. *flaccidus*, flaccid)], tr.: blight, wither; fade, decolour; make flabby or languishing.

flé-trir¹² [for *flattrir*, variant of -*tir* (cf. *flâtrer*)], tr.: (old) mark; (esp.) brand (with ignominy); blemish, disgrace, dishonour; stigmatize. 1. — **trissant**¹⁵, adj.: dishonouring.

2. **flé-trissant**¹⁵ [1. -*trir*], adj.: (fig.) withering. 1. — **trissure**¹⁴ [1. -*trir*], f.: withering, decay.

2. † **flétrissure** [2. -*trir*], f.: brand; disgrace.

flotte¹⁵ [OEng. *fleet*, boat; Eng. *fleet*], f.: skiff, tender.

1. **flour**¹⁵ [for *flueur*], f.: (fam.) les — s, FLOWERS, menstrual FLUX.

2. **flou-r**¹⁸ [L. *flōs*], f.: FLOWER (blossom; flowering plant; reproductive parts of a flower; beautiful thing; best period; choice, cream; figure of speech; fine powder

of sublimation); vegetation-like forms of minerals; bacteria growth, mould or scum on liquids; fuzz of peaches; surface; hull above water-line: *à — de tête*, level with one's head; *à — de terre*, level with the ground; — *de lis*, fleur-de-lis, lily, as an emblem; *l'aigle et la — de lis*, the empire and the monarchy; (fam.) — *de pois*, chief frog in the puddle; *la Fleur des saints*, biography of the saints; *à — de peau*, skin-deep, superficial emotion. — **rage**¹⁵, m.: (old) flowerage, totality of flowers; (now) bran (of grits, by extens. of potatoes); crystals (formed by etching glass). — **raison**¹⁷, f.: flowering; time of blossoming. — **rdéliser**¹⁵ [fleur de lis], tr.: mark with fleurs-de-lis. — **ré**¹¹, adj.: (her.) flowered. — **rée**¹⁴, f.: scum (on blueing vat).

fleurer¹⁸ [pop. for *flairer*], † tr.: exhale (an odour); intr.: smell, be fragrant.

fleur-rot¹⁵ [2. -*r*], m.: FLORET (silk yarn or floss fr. best grade of waste; floret silk; fencing-foil, fleuret); choice wool, cotton, etc.; dancing-step (on the toes); stone-drill: — *démouchet*, rapier with the button tip removed. — **reté**¹² [-*rette*], adj.: (her.) fleury. — **retis**¹⁵, pl. — [OFr. -*reter*, flourish], m.: improvised flourish (in singing): *fig. c'est du —*, more of display than solidity. — **rette**¹¹ [-*r*], f.: little flower; compliment: *conter des — s à une dame*, pay court to a lady. † **r-feuille**¹⁸, f.: (dial.) clary (plant). — **rir**¹⁵ [-*r*], irr. §; intr.: flower (bloom); † Eng. flourish, thrive, prosper; tr.: fam. adorn with flowers; adorn: *Pâques fleuries*, Palm Sunday; *barbe fleurie*, white beard; *langage fleurie*, florid language; *gothique fleurie*, Gothic style profusely ornamented. — **risme**¹⁰ [-*r*], m.: fondness for flowers. — **risant**¹⁵ [-*rir*], adj.: in blossom; † thriving, flourishing. — **riste**¹⁰ [-*r*], m., f.: florist. — **ron**¹³ [-*r*], m.: flower as ornament; flower-work; vignette; (printer's) tail-piece; jewel; flower (in the close head of the composite). — **ronné**¹⁵ [-*ronner*], adj.: adorned with flowers; having flowers. — **ronner**¹⁴ [-*ron*], intr.: bloom; tr.: adorn with flowers.

§ In sense of 'flourish' the Ipf. is *floris-sais*, and Part. Pr. *florissant*.

flouve¹¹ [L. *fluvius*], m.: river.

flex-ibilité¹⁵, f.: flexibility. || — **ible**¹² [L. -*ibilis* (*flectere*, bend)], adj.: = (pliable, elastic, plastic); yielding. — **ion**¹⁵ [L. -*io*], f.: flexion; inflection (of nouns, etc.). — **ionnel**¹⁵, = **elle** [-*ion*], adj.: flexional; hav'g inflections. — **neur**¹⁵, = **ense** [L. -*uosus*], adj.: flexuous. — **nosité**¹⁵ [-*neur*], f.: flexuosity.

flibot¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], m.: fly-boat, herring-smack.

†**fibuste**¹⁶ [L. *-ter*], *f.*: filibustering, piracy. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*, *intr.*: filibuster (get by buccaneering); act pirate, play the rogue. || **-tier**¹⁵ [OEng. *flibitor*], *m.*: FREE-BOOTER, buccaneer; robber.

flic flac or **flicflac** (echoic), *m.*: flick, crack of a whip; clog dance.

fin¹⁵ [Eng. *fin*], *m.*: white pyrites (used to polish steel).

finquer¹⁷ [Ger. *flinken* (*flink*, quick)], *tr.*: cut into equal stripes.

flint-glass¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: = (for lenses).

flion¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (*dial.*) tellina (mollusk).

flipot¹⁷ [? name *Phillip*], *m.*: filling piece (set into wood to help a bad place; piece set into the bars of wind-chest of an organ).

flir-tage¹⁵, *m.*: flirting. **-tation**¹⁵, *f.*: =. || **-ter**¹⁵ [Eng. *flirt*], *intr.*: FLIRT, coquet.

flo-e⁹ [L. *-ceus*], *m.*: tuft (of wool; of silk), hank. **-che**¹⁵ [OFr. *-cher*, be loose, fr. *-e*], *adj.*: soft; esp. loosely twisted (as silk). **-con**¹², *m.*: little tuft; flake: *ramasser des —s*, pick at the bed-cover (as the dying sometimes do); *voir des —s*, to see muscæ volantes (spots before the eyes). **-conneux**¹⁵, **-euse** [con], *adj.*: in tufts, in flakes.

flonflon¹⁶ [echoic], *m.*: refrain (of a song).

†**flo-raison** = *flouraison*. **-ral**¹⁵ [L. *-ralia*], *adj.*: =: *Jeux Floraux*, poetic literary contest (in which the victor received gold flowers). **-ran**¹⁷ [flour, level], *m.*: pulp-vat (in paper making). 1. || **flo-re**¹⁶ [rer], *m.*: grease, tallow (for a ship). 2. **flo-re** [L. *Flora*, goddess of flowers], *f.*: flora (totality of flowers and plants in a region). 1. **-réal**¹⁷ [L. *-reus*, of flowers], *m.*: Floreal (eighth month by Fr. calendar of first republic, 20 Apr. to 20 May).

2. †**floréal**, see *franc-réal*.

florée¹⁴ [flour], *f.*: poor indigo.

flo-rgnee¹⁷ [city *F.*], *m.*: =, sarsenet (silk dress-goods). **-renée**¹⁵ [city *Flor-ence*], *adj.*: (her.) flowery, hav'g fleurs-de-lis at each end. **-rentine**¹⁷, *f.*: = *-rence*.

florer¹⁵ [flour], *tr.*: tallow, grease (a ship).

florès¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (old) *faire —*, live in clover; cut a figure; (now) create a furor.

flo-rifère¹⁷ [L. *-ri-fer*, BEARING flowers], *adj.*: floriferous. **-rilège** [L. *L. -rilegium* (L. *flos*, flower, *legere*, collect)], *m.*: florilegium, anthology. **-rin**¹² [It. *florino* (flor, flower, there being a flower on the first coins struck)], *m.*: = (worth about fifty cents).

-rissant¹² [irr. part. of *flourir*], *adj.*: FLOURISHING, prosperous. || **-rule**¹⁵ [L. *-s*, flower], *f.*: floret (in the close head of the compositæ). **-sculeux**¹⁷,

-ense [L. *-sculus*, little flower], *adj.*: floscular (hav'g floscules or florets, flowery).

1. **flot**¹¹ [ak. to Goth. *flodus*, FLOOD], *m.*: billow, wave; FLOOD, downpour; rising tide; crowd; drift, drifting: *mettre d'—*, set afloat, help along; *être d'—*, be afloat, still have money; *d'—s*, in abundance; *les —s*, the sea, (*fig.*) the air.

2. †**flot** = *floc*.

†**flotre** = *feutre*.

flot-table, *adj.*: FLOATABLE (navigable for rafts or wood; light enough to float).

-tage¹⁴, *m.*: floating of wood: — *en train*, by rafts; — *d'âches perdues*, floating the logs single. **-taison**¹⁴, *f.*: water line (of a floating object). **-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: floating; wavy; wavering, changeable.

1. **-te**¹², *f.*: FLOAT (buoy to hold up a rope, etc.; cork to float a seine; of a fish-line); washer (to prevent friction). 2. **-te**¹¹ [?], *f.*: group; (*fam.*) gang, crowd; fleet (esp. of warships). **-tement**¹⁴, *m.*: †floating; irregular line (in marching). || **-ter**¹⁵

[? L. *fluctuare*], *intr.*: float; drift; waver; be wavy; *tr.*: buoy up; make float. **-teron**¹⁷, *m.*: float (of a fish-line). **-teur**¹⁴, *m.*: raftsmen; floating object; water-gauge. **-tille**¹⁷ [Sp. *-illa*, dim. of *flota*, fleet], *f.*: flotilla.

flou¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *flau*, weak, lax], *adj.*: (old) feeble; (now) soft in colour; *m.*: softness (of touch; of the brush); *adv.*: softly, lightly.

flou-er¹⁵ [slang ? *flou*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) fleece, cheat. **-erie**¹⁵, *f.*: cheating, fleecing.

†**flouet**, etc., see *fluet*, etc.

flou-ette¹⁵ [flou], *f.*: weather-vane (on a ship). **-eur**¹⁵, **-euse** [er], *m., f.*: (*fam.*) sharper, cheat.

flouve¹⁷ [?], *f.*: forage plant (of prairies).

flu-ate¹⁷ [ak. to *-eur*], *m.*: =, fluoride.

-até⁹, *adj.*: *chaux —*, fluat of lime.

flu-tuant¹⁵ [L. *-tuans* (*-tuare*, ebb and flow)], *adj.*: =: *tumeur —e*, tumour hav'g a liquid in it. **-tuation**¹¹ [L. *-tuatio*], *f.*: = (variation; mobility of a tumour). †**-tueur**¹², **-euse** [L. *-tuosus*], *adj.*: fluctuating; changeable.

flu-ente¹⁷ [L. *-ens* (*-ere*, flow)], *f.*: (*math.*) fluent (a variable quantity in fluxions); (*fam.*) current (of time). **-er**¹² [L. *-ere*, flow], *intr.*: run, discharge matter, mature.

fluet¹⁴, **-ette** [flou], *adj.*: lean, thin, slender.

†**flu-er**¹⁵ [L. *-or*, flowing, flux], *f.*: fluor (calcium fluoride; pl.: menstrual flow).

flu-ide¹⁵ [L. *-idus*], *adj.*: fluid (liquid; gaseous; not solid); limpid, clear; passing; *m.*: fluid. **-idité**¹⁵, *f.*: fluidity: — *de gaz*, fluidness of gas.

flu-or¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: (old) name loosely ap-

plied to chemical earths; (*now*) fluorine. **-orescence**¹⁸, *f.*: = (property of giving off light). **-or-hydrate**¹⁸, *m.*: hydrate of fluorine. **-orine**¹⁸, *f.*: calcium fluoride.

1. **flûte**¹³ [*fuste*], *f.*: flute (narrow-sterned flyboat).

2. **flû-te**¹¹ [? ak. to *L. flare*, blow], *f.*: flute (wind instrument; flute-stop of organs; French roll of bread; shuttle of tapestry looms; tall wine-glass; butter-probe: (*fam.*) *leurs — s sont mal ajustées*, they don't agree very well, quarrel; *greffe en —*, graft with a thin joint; (*fam.*) *ce qui vient de la —, s'en retourne au tambour*, come easy, go easy; *jambes comme des —*, legs like broomsticks. **-té**, see **-ter**. **-teau**¹¹, *m.*: toy-flute; water-plantain. **-tôt**¹¹, *intr.*: (*fam.*) play the flute; test butter (with a probe called *flute*); (*hum.*) drink: *voix —ée*, high voice. **-tot**¹⁷, *m.*: flutet, three-holed flute. **-teur**¹², = **-euse**, *m.*: flute-player; whistling bird. **-tiste**¹⁸, *m.*: flutist, expert player.

fluvia-1¹³, *pl.* = **-aux** [*L. -lis*, *adj.*: =, of rivers. **-tile**¹³ [*L. -tilis*, *adj.*: = (growing near, or caused by rivers).

flu-x¹² [*L. -xus* (-ere, flow)], *m.*: = (any flowing; abnormal discharge; substance to help fusion; rising tide): — *blanc* (noir), white (black) flux, nitre and cream tartar compounds used in welding. **-xion**¹³ [*L. -xio*], *f.*: = (rate of variation of a fluent; morbid supply of blood to an organ). **-xionnaire**¹⁷ [*-xion*], *adj.*: fluxionary.

† **foarre** = *feurre*.

foc¹⁷ [*Dan. fok*], *m.*: jib (triangular sail); *clin —*, flying jib; *grand —*, standing jib.

focal¹⁸ [*L. -cus*, hearth], *adj.*: =; *f.*: (*geom.*) caustic curve.

† **foeille**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: *grand —*, cubitus, or tibia; *petit —*, radius or ulna.

† **foëne** = *fouine*, fork.

† **ferre** = *feurre*.

foetal¹⁸ *fo-*, *adj.*: foetal. || **-tus**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: =.

fogue¹⁸ [?], *f.*: angle of the shuttle-race.

foi⁹ [*L. fides*], *f.*: FAITH (in all senses); (*her.*) clasped hands: *bonne —*, good faith, honesty; — *de gentilhomme*, on the word of a gentleman; *ligne de —*, optical axis of a lens; guide line.

foie⁹ [*p. L. fideum* (*L. ficatum*, sc. *jeur*, fig-fattened liver)], *m.*: liver: — *douvé*, liver having flukes; — *de soufre*, d'antimoine, liver of sulphur, of antimony; — *gras*, morbidly large liver (esp. of the goose) as a delicacy.

1. **foin**⁹ [*L. fenum*, hay], *m.*: hay: *mala-die de —*, hay-fever; (*fam.*) *mettre du — dans ses bottes*, feather one's nest; —

grec, fenugreek; *gros —*, wild sainfoin; — *du champignon*, gills of mushroom; — *d'écrevisse*, appendages of a crab.

2. **foin** [?], *interj.*: — *du loup*, lie on the wolf!

† **foine**, etc., see *fouine*, etc.

† **foi-nier**¹², = **-ière** [*-n*], *m.*, *f.*: hay-dealer.

† **foi-rai**¹⁸, or **-ral**, *m.*: (*dial.*) fair grounds.

† **foirande**¹⁸ [*-rer*], *f.*: (*dial.*) mercury-weed.

1. **foire**⁹ [*L. fêria*, holidays], *f.*: FAIR; fairing, present: *la — n'est pas sur le pont*, there is no hurry; † *de respect*, extension of time (to a commission merchant).

2. **foi-re**⁹ [*L. fôria*], *f.*: (low) flux, diarrhoea; faint. **-rer**¹⁶, *intr.*: (low) have diarrhoea. **-reux**¹¹, = **-euse**, *adj.*: (low) diarrhoeal; *m.*, *f.*: one having diarrhoea; *f.*: mercury-weed. † **-role**¹⁵, *f.*: (*dial.*) mercury-weed.

fois⁹ [*L. acc. vicem*, turn], *f.*: time: *une —*, once; once upon a time, when once; for once; *deux —*, twice; *à la —*, at one time; at once; at the same time; all at once; *bien des —*, often; *une — pour toutes*, or *une bonne —*, once for all; *une — que*, once as; when once; if once; as soon as; *toutes les — que*, whenever.

† **fois-du-corps** = *faux-du-corps*.

foi-son⁹ [*L. fusio*, *L. fusio*, spreading (*fundere*, pour)], *f.*: PROFUSION, abundance († Eng. foison): *à —*, in great plenty.

-sonnant¹⁵, = **-ante** [*-sonner*], *adj.*: increasing. **-sonnement**¹⁵ [*-sonner*], *m.*: spread, increase. **-sonner**¹¹, *intr.*: increase plentifully; abound.

foissier¹⁷, = **-ière** [*foie*], *m.*, *f.*: liver-barrel (for getting oil from the cod liver).

fol, cf. *z-fou*.

fol-à-tre¹³ [*fou*], *adj.*: frivolous, playful. **-trément**¹⁵, *adv.*: playfully, sillily.

-trér¹², *intr.*: frolic, romp, play. **-trie**¹⁵, *f.*: pranks, sportiveness.

fo-liacé¹⁸ [*L. -liaceus*], *adj.*: foliaceous, leafy, leaf-like. **-liaire**¹⁷ [*L. -lium*, leaf], *adj.*: foliar. **-liation**¹⁷ [*L. -lium*, leaf], *f.*: = (leafing out; manner of forming into leaves).

fo-lichen¹⁶, = **-onne** [*fou*], *adj.*: (*fam.*) clown, wag. **-lichonner**¹⁷ [*-lichen*], *intr.*: (*fam.*) be roguish, act the clown.

-lie¹⁰ [*fou*], *f.*: craziness, insanity; foolishness; POLLY; craze; passion; burlesque; sexual intercourse: *à la —*, to madness; *faire — de son corps*, prostitute one's body; (*fam.*) *en —*, in heat (of animals).

folié¹⁷ [*L. -lium*, leaf], *adj.*: foliate (hav'g leaves; laminate).

folillet¹⁸ [fol l'y laisse], *m.*: choice piece (of venison fr. the shoulder).

fo-lio¹⁷ [L., 'in leaf'], *m.*: = (leaf, sheet; page number): **folio recto** (*verso*), first (second) page (of the same leaf). **-liol**¹⁷ [L. *-liolum*, little leaf], *f.*: =, leaflet.

foliot¹⁸ [OFr. *-lier*, act the FOOL, run about, cf. †Eng. *foliot*, goblin], *m.*: thumb-latch.

folio-tage¹⁸, *m.*: paying, numbering of leaves. **||-ter** [folio], *tr.*: page, number the pages of.

1. **fol-le**¹⁸ [? L. *-llis*, covering], *f.*: large meshed seine (for soles, turtles, etc.): — *tramaillée*, staked seine.

2. **fol-le**, see *fou*, crazy. **-lement**¹⁰, *adv.*: madly; FOOLISHLY. **-let**¹¹, = **ette** [fol], *adj.*: giddy, gay, sportive; *m., f.*: rollicking person; goblin; *f.*: *fichu*: *fièvre-lette*, an epidemic fever of 1732 and 1733; *feu* —, ignis fatuus, will-o'-the-wisp; *cheveux* —, light or loose hairs; *poil* —, downy beard.

folli-culaire¹⁷ [coined by Voltaire (L. *-culus*, 'little bag' as if fr. *folium*, leaf)], *m.*: pamphleteer, newspaper scribbler. **-cule**¹⁸ [L. *-culus*, dim. of *folius*, bag], *m.*: follicle (glandular cavity; dry seed-vessel of one carpel).

fomen-tation¹⁸ [L. *-tatio*, ak. to *fovere*, burn], *f.*: = (treatment with hot water, hot ashes, etc.). **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: foment (treat with warm appliances; incite, foster).

fon-çage¹⁸ [-cer], *m.*: driving in, ramming in; sinking (of wells, posts, etc.). **-çaille**¹⁸ [OFr. *fos*, bottom], *f.*: head-board (of barrels, tubs); bed-slat. **-ceau**¹⁸ [OFr. *fos*, bottom], *m.*: plug (to close ends of bits); wood-frame (to form a fusion pot over). **-éée**¹⁷, *f.*: shaft (sunk in a slate mine). **||-cer**¹⁸ [OFr. *fos*, BOTTOM, L. *fundus*], *tr.*: head (barrels), bottom (tubs); cover (the bottom of); sink (a shaft, pile, etc.); deepen (colours); *intr.*: bear hard; stand the expenses: *trou foncé*, hole fr. one side; *bleu foncé*, deep blue. **-cet**¹⁸ [OFr. *-s*, bottom], *m.*: transport drawing deep; plate (of a lock). **-ceur**¹⁸, *m.*: primer (one who puts on the dead colour). **-cier**¹⁸, 1. **-ière** [OFr. *-s*, bottom], *adj.*: of real-estate; grounded: *propriété -cière*, real estate; *un propriétaire* —, a landed proprietor; *l'impôt* —, or *le* —, realty tax; *un homme* —, a profound man.

2. **-cière**¹⁴ [OFr. *fos*, bottom], *f.*: slate-bank (and schist). **-cièrement**¹⁸ [-cier], *adv.*: thoroughly, at bottom. **-coir**¹⁷, *m.*: set (chisel for shaping an-chors).

fonc-tion¹⁸ [L. *functio* (*fungi*, act)], *f.*:

function (action in a fixed place; duty; power of action; functions; activity, action; office; quantity varying whenever some other quantity varies); side operation (in printing such as proof-reading, paging). **-tionnaire**¹⁷, *m., f.*: functional. **-tionnel**¹⁸, = **-elle**, functional. **-tionnement**¹⁸ [-tionner], *m.*: action, acting. **-tionner**¹⁸, *intr.*: act, work.

fond⁰ [L. *fundus*, BOTTOM], *m.*: bottom (lowest part); bed of streams, of lakes; foundation; base; seat; basis; strength; root; heart; dregs; priming colour; back-scene (of theatres): *jeux de* —, octaves (of organs); *de* — *en comble* (pron. *fon-t*), from the ground up; *d* double —, hav'g a false bottom; *bas* —, low-lying land, bottom-land; *cheval qui a du* —, horse that has good endurance.

fondage¹⁷ [-dre], *m.*: smelting (of ores).

fon-damental¹⁴, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *fundamen-talis*], *adj.*: fundamental. **-damente-ment**¹⁴ [-damental], *adv.*: fundamentally.

fondant¹⁶ [-dre], *adj.*: fusing, melting, liquefying: *pommade* —, pomade for reducing swellings; *m.*: *un* (*corps*) —, a flux promoting fusion; *une poire* —, a soft pear; *m. pl.*: *des* —, soft candies.

fon-dateur¹⁸, = **-trice** [L. *fundator*, -*trix* (*fundare*, found)], *m., f.*: founder. **-da-tion**¹⁸ [L. *fundatio*], *f.*: = **-dement**⁰ [L. *fundamentum*], *m.*: (†Eng. *fundament*), foundation; basis, essential thing. **||-der**⁰ [L. *fundāre* (*fundus*, BOTTOM)], *tr.*: FOUND, base, establish; build; endow; FUND.

fon-derie¹⁸, *f.*: foundry; laboratory; tallow-kettle. **-deur**¹², *m.*: founder, foundry-man. **-dis**¹², *m.*: caving in (of walls, or stone). **-doir**¹², *m.*: rendering-house (where fats are boiled down). **||fon-dre**⁰ [L. *fundere*], *tr.*: FUSE (liquefy, melt); FOUNDED (cast); blend; dissolve; soften; diminish; reduce (tumours); *intr.*: become liquid; melt away; disappear; †cave in, give way; dart, rush, pounce: — *la cloche*, make the best of it; — *en larmes*, melt into tears, burst out crying; — *le cœur*, melt the heart (with pity).

fon-drier¹⁸, = **-rière** [-d], *adj.*: bottom, basic; sinking (cf. Eng. FOUNDER), hardly floating; *m.*: waterlogged raft; bed-wall of a furnace; *f.*: mud-hole; uncovered mine; rock-cleft (filled with snow). **†-drilles**¹⁸, *f. pl.*: sediment. **-ds**¹⁰ [-d], *m.*: real-estate, land; FUND; capital; business; cash: *les* — *et les tréfonds*, ground and appurtenances; *d* — *perdu*, in a losing investment.

fondue¹⁴ [-dre], *f.*: scrambled eggs and cheese.

†**fonger**¹⁶ [? OFr. -ge, fungus], *intr.*: absorb (as blotting paper).

fongible¹⁷ [L. *fungibilis* (fungi, act)], *adj.*: FUNGIBLE (that can be replaced in kind).

fongiforme¹⁸ [L. *forma*, form], *adj.*: fungiform. **-gosité**¹⁵ [-gueux], SPONGINESS; spongy growth, proud flesh. **-gueux**¹⁵ [L. -gosis], *adj.*: fungous, hav'g morbid growth. **-gus**¹³ [L. *fungus*], *m.*: fungus (mushroom; mold; proud flesh).

†**fonsoir** = *fongoir*.

fou-taine⁹ [L. *fons*, fountain], *f.*: fountain (spring of living water; artificial basin of water); hollow (in a knending trough); blow-holes (of whale's head). †**-tainier** = *tenier*. **-tanelle**¹⁰, *f.*: fontanel (interval between the bones of the cranium, soft spot of infants' heads); seton, artificial ulcer.

fontange¹⁶ [Duchess Fontanges], *f.*: = (tall head-dress).

font, see *faire*.

1. **fou-te**¹⁷ [It. *fonda*, pocket], *f.*: holster (pistol-case).

2. **fou-te**¹⁴ [-dre], *f.*: melting; casting, founding; cast-iron; pig-iron; †brass alloy (for cannon); †discharge (of tumours); mixing, blending (of wools of different colours). **-tenier**¹² [-taine], *m.*: dealer in fountains; waterman; well-digger or borer. †**-ticule**¹⁷ [L. *culus*, little fountain], *m.*: fonticulus, seton, artificial sore. **-tinal**¹⁷ [L. *-tinalis*], *adj.*: of springs; *m.*: (sc. *mousse*) spring-moss (growing on water-wheels, rocks, etc.). †**-tis** = *-dis*. **-ts**¹⁰ [L. *-tes*, 'fountains', pl. of *fons*], *m. pl.*: baptismal font: (*fam.*) *tenir quelqu'un sur les —*, quiz one or discuss one at length.

for¹⁶ [L. -rum, market square], *m.*: jurisdiction, tribunal; customs, usages: — *intérieur*, conscience. 1. **forage**¹² [OFr. *fuier*, price], *m.*: pricing, fixing of prices; tax, duty (esp. on wine).

2. **forage**¹³ [-rer], *m.*: boring (guns; wells).

forain¹¹, **-aine** [fors, abroad], *adj.*: (old) foreign, alien, of or for foreigners; (now as if fr. *foires*, fair) of fairs: *tribunal* —, foreign court (judging claims for or against foreigners); *traite* —, port duties; *docteur* —, non-resident lecturer (at a university); *rade* —, outside roads, public open roadstead or anchorage; *merchand* —, traveling merchant; *les —s*, merchants selling at fairs, or actors playing at fairs.

foraminé¹³ [L. -men, hole], *adj.*: cribrate, porous.

1. **for-ban**¹³, *m.*: banishment, exile. 2. **-ban** [fors, outside, ban, law], *m.*: pirate; plagiarist. **-bannir**¹² [fors, bannir], *tr.*: banish.

forbicine¹⁷ [l. L. *cina* (? It. -ci, scissors)], *f.*: lepisma, bristletail (sugar-mite).

for-çage¹¹ [-cer], *m.*: forcing (of plants); overweight (of coins). **-çat**¹⁰ [It. -zato], *m.*: = (formerly, prisoner of a Turkish or French galley; now, convict, deported criminal). 1. †**-ee** = *forces*. 2. †**-ee**⁹

[p. L. -tia, fr. -tis, strong], *f.*: = (strength; power; energy; coercion; intensity; weight, importance; validity; violence; animation; body of men, esp. armed men); quantity: *il m'est — de*, I am bound to; *maison de —*, house of correction, of enforced labour; *à toute —*, by all means; *faire — de voiles*, crowd all sails; *à — de*, by strength (dint) of, by means of; by much, by repeated; *à — de bras*, by mere physical strength; (*fam.*) — *gens*, lot of people; (*fam.*) *il travaille à —*, he does lots of work. **-ceap**¹⁷, *m.*: stake (holding a net). †**-cement**¹³ [-cer], *m.*: compulsion: — *de recette*, compelling of officials to make good all deficient taxes. **-cément**¹³ [fr. part. of -cer], *adv.*: forcedly; of necessity; forcibly.

for-çnant = *forçant*. **-céné**¹⁰, **-née** [fors, outside, OFr. *sen* (Ger. *sinn*)], *SENSE*, *adj.*: senseless; madly impetuous, furious; *m., f.*: mad person: *cheval —*, fiery charger (on escutcheon). †**-cèment**¹¹ [-cener], *m.*: madness, fury. †**-cèner**¹¹ [fors, OFr. *sen*, reason], *intr.*: rage, be furious. †**-cènerie**¹¹ [-cener], *f.*: madness, rage.

forceps¹⁷ [L. *for-ceps*, "heat-takers"], *m.*: = (pincers).

for-çer¹² [-ce, power], *tr.*: force (compel; constrain; drive; urge; hasten, crowd; overcome; use violence on): — *un cheval*, overdrive, overheat a horse; — *une clef*, twist a key; — *la porte de quelqu'un*, enter a forbidden door; — *une carte*, trick a card into an unexpected position; *mat forcé*, stale mate (at chess); *plante -cèe*, hothouse plant; *voix -cèe*, strained voice. **-cèrie**¹³, *f.*: hothouse.

for-ces⁹ [L. *-fices* (pl. of *-fex*)], *f. pl.*: shears (with spring-handle).

foreet¹³ [-ce, power], *m.*: string (for binding tobacco).

forecettes¹³ [-ces], *f. pl.*: little shears.

foreière¹³ [OFr. *founer*, milt, impregnate (?)], *f.*: fishpond (for breeding).

forcine¹⁷ [? -ce, sense of 'strong place'], *f.*: thickening (of a tree trunk at base of a limb).

†**for-clore**¹¹ [*for*, *clore*], *irr.* (cf. *clore*); *tr.*: FORECLOSE. -**cluse**¹⁴, *f.*: fore-closure.

fo-rer¹¹ [*L. -rare*], *tr.*: BORE (wells, cannon, etc.). -**erie**¹⁶, *f.*: boring department (where cannon are bored).

forestier¹¹, -**ière** [-*rét*], *adj.*: forestall; *m., f.*: forest warden, forester.

foret¹² [-*rer*], *m.*: =, vent drill (for guns); gimlet, drill.

forêt¹⁰ [*L. -ris*, abroad, out of doors], *f.*: FOREST; timbers, bridge-work, truss-work (of great extent, as in a dome): — *vierge*, virgin forest (in its original condition); — *de cheveux*, mass of hair. **Forêt-Noire**, *f.*: Black Forest (in Germany).

for-faire¹⁰ [*for*, *faire*], *tr., intr.*: FORFEIT. 1. -**fait**¹⁰, *m.*: crime (formerly Eng. forfeit had the same sense). 2. -**fait**¹⁶ [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: forfeit, smart-money (earnest-money sacrificed).

3. **forfait**¹⁶ [*for*, price, fait, made], *m.*: contract: — *de communauté*, reversion clause (in marriage contract, stating what property reverts to either party).

forfaiture¹⁰ [-*t*, crime], *f.*: felony, offence (to a feudal lord); prevarication (of a magistrate); treason.

for-fante¹⁴ [*It. fur-fante* (*L. foris*, outside, *facere*, do)], *m.*: malefactor (rascal); boaster, charlatan. -**fanterie**¹⁵ [*It. fur-fanteria*], *f.*: tmean act; boastfulness, bragging.

forficule¹⁷ [*L. -cula*, dim. of *L. forfex*, shears], *f.*: earwig (*fr.* its scissor-like anal appendages).

for-ge⁵ [*L. fabrica*, work-shop], *f.*: =; foundry: *maître de —*, iron-master; — *de campagne*, portable forge. -**geable**¹⁶, *adj.*: =. -**geage**¹⁷, *m.*: forging, shaping by heat and hammer. || -**ger**⁶ [*L. fabricare*, make], *tr.*: FORGE (work, fashion metals; invent; imagine; write falsely): — *à froid*, work cold; *en -geant on devient forgeron*, by blacksmithing one becomes a blacksmith, practice makes perfect. -**geron**¹⁵, *m.*: blacksmith. -**geur**¹², -**euse**, *m., f.*: forger, smith; inventor (of tales, news), FABRICATOR.

for-hu¹⁴, *m.*: winding (of the horn, to call the dogs back); meat, bait (used as a lure in training hounds to answer a call). || -**huer** or †**huir** [*for*, *huer*], *intr.*: blow a horn (to call off the hounds).

†**fo-rière**¹¹ [*for*], *f.*: (*dial.*) touts-kirts, edge: *par la — on entre dans le champ*, we must begin at the beginning.

for-jet¹⁵, *m.*: faulty prominence (out of true). || -**jeter**¹¹ [*for*, *jeter*], *tr.*: put out of line or plumb; *intr.*: be out of true. -**lâchure**¹⁴ [*lâcher*], *f.*: flaw,

loose thread (in a high warp). -**lanceer**¹⁶ [*lancer*], *tr.*: start, scare up (wild game).

-**lancure**¹⁷ [*lancer*], *f.*: flaw (in a fabric, arising from a poor throw of the shuttle).

forlane¹⁷ [*It. furlana*, dance of region Frioul in Austria], *f.*: forlana, Venetian dance.

†**forli-gnement**¹², *m.*: degenerating.

|| -**guer**¹¹ [*for*, *ligne*], *intr.*: †degenerate, go out of the direct line; err, make a false step.

forlonger¹¹ [*for*, *longer*], *tr.*: distance, out-run; *intr.*: †run away; lengthen out; *refl.*: spin out, be long drawn out.

forma-liser¹⁵ [*L. -lis*, formal], *tr., refl.*: †take sides for one; take offence, feel slighted; *tr.*: offend. -**lisme**¹⁵ [*L. -lis*, formal], *m.*: formalism (close following of conventional usages; fondness for scrupulous etiquette).

-**liste**¹⁵ [*L. -lis*, formal], *adj.*: formal, punctilious; *m., f.*: formalist, one over-nice in formalities. -**lité**¹⁴ [*L. -lis*, formal], *f.*: formality (set method or rule of procedure; material form of any being).

formariage¹³ [*OFr. ae formarier* (*for*, *marier*), marry outside (of one's rank or seniority)], *m.*: marriage between serfs of different lords; license or fine (for such marriage).

for-mat¹⁷ [*L. -matus*, formed], *m.*: size (folio, quarto, etc., of a book). -**mateur**¹⁴, -**trice** [*L. -mator, -matriz*], *m., f.*: former, sharper; *adj.*: formative. -**mation**¹¹ [*L. -matio*], *f.*: =. -**me**¹¹ [*L. -ma*], *f.*: form (shape; frame; size; mould; image; structure; rabbit's bed; method; procedure; style; printer's chase or its contents); shoe-last; hat-block; bed (of gravel, etc.); manners: — *pour la —*, form for form's sake; *chapeau à haute —*, high hat, silk hat. -**mel**¹², -**elle** [*L. -malis*], *adj.*: formal, exact; †essential, real (as opposed to the material); *m.*: essence: *le — du péché*, where the real sin lies. -**mellement**¹² [-*mel*], *adv.*: formally, actually; essentially. -**mer**¹⁰ [*L. -mare*], *tr.*: form (shape; create; make; constitute); train.

-**meret**¹⁴ [-*me*], *m.*: rib (of a groined arch).

formiate¹⁷ [*sk. to -migue*], *m.*: formic salt. -**mica-leq**¹¹ [*l. L. (lit.) ant-lion*], *m.*: myrmelion (insect). -**micant**¹⁵ [*L. -micare*, crawl like ants], *adj.*: = (said of a weak pulse). -**mication**¹⁵ [*L. -mication*], *f.*: =, itching (as if from ants).

formi-dable¹⁴ [*L. -dabilis*], *adj.*: =, dreadful. -**dablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: formidably.

formier¹² [-*me*], *m.*: last-maker.

formique¹⁵ [*L. -mica*, ant], *adj.*: formic.

formuer¹⁶ [*for*, *mue*], *tr.*: — *un faucon*, cure a falcon of molting.

formu-laire¹⁴ [L. -la, rule], m.: formula, collection of formulae; ritual. **-le**¹⁵ [L. -la, little form], f.: formula (exact method; creed; prescription; group of chemical symbols). **-ler**¹⁵, tr.: formulate.

forni-cateur¹¹, = **trice** [L. L. -cator (L. -x, vault; brothel)], m., f.: fornicator. **-cation**¹¹ [L. L. -catio], f.: = (whoredom). **-quer**¹⁵ [L. L. -cari], intr.: fornicate.

for-nouer¹⁷ [nouer], tr.: knot double (in weaving). †**-païser** = wrong form for **-payer**. **-païsson**¹⁵ [païsson], f.: trespass pasturing. †**-paître** = false form of **-payer**¹¹ [paye], tr.: (old) exile, banish; (now, used of deer, rabbits, etc.): se —, wander from cover, feed, graze at a distance; (also intr.). **-for-s**¹⁵ [L. -ris, abroad], adv.: (old) outside, †except. **-se-nant**¹⁷ [-cener], adj.: chien —, eager, keen dog.

fort¹⁵, = **orte** [L. -tis], adj.: strong (powerful; able); abundant; rancid; strong-minded; far-stretched; difficult, painful, hard; severe; violent; f.: les fortes, the hard consonants; m.: strong person; fort; stronghold; lair, den; strength, height; adv.: strongly; much, very: le — de l'hiver, the depth of winter, severest part of winter; trop —, too bad; terre forte, heavy ground to work; — de la halle, carrier, burden-bearer; droit du plus —, law of might makes right.

†**fort-du-corps** = faux-du-corps.

2. **for-te**¹⁷ [It. (L. -tis, strong)], adv.: = (in music). **-tment**¹⁰ [-t], adv.: strongly. **†-te-piano** = piano-forte. **-teresse**¹¹ [-t], f.: fortress, stronghold. **-tifant**¹⁵, adj.: strengthening; comforting; m.: invigorating food or drink. **-tification**¹⁵ [L. -tificatio], f.: = (act of fortifying; works of defence). **†-tifier**¹⁵ [L. -tificare (fortis, strong, facere, make)], tr.: fortify; strengthen; comfort. **-tin**¹⁵ [It. -tino, dim. of -te, fort], m.: little fort. †**-tiori**, see à fortiori.

fortitrer¹⁵ [fors, titre], intr.: avoid (as deer) the relays of fresh dogs.

for-trait¹⁵ [OFr. -traire, overdo, (lit.) draw beyond], adj.: narrow-flanked (from overdriving). **-traiture**¹⁷ [-trait], f.: jaded condition.

for-tuit¹⁵ [L. -titus (fors, chance)], adj.: fortuitous, accidental. **-tuitement**¹⁵, adv.: by chance. **-tune**¹¹ [L. -tuna], f.: = (luck; chance; success; goddess Fortuna; fate; condition; wealth); risk: brusquer la —, tempt fortune; en —, in luck; — de mer, risks at sea; †de (or par) —, by chance; mât (voile) de —, jury-mast (-sail). **-tune**¹⁵ [-tune], adj.: fortunate, successful; happy; wealthy.

fort-vêtu, wrongly for **forvêtu**.

forum¹⁷ [L.], m.: = (market; public square; tribunal).

forure¹⁵ [-rer, bore], f.: hole (bored, etc.).

forvêtu [? *seurre vêtu*], m.: over-dresser, swell (whose clothes are better than his purse warrants).

fos-se¹⁵ [L. fossa (fodere, dig)], f.: pit; (ditch; trench; grave; FOSS; FOSSA; den; pitfall): — basse, dungeon; — à piquer, cinder pit (where locomotives leave their ashes); — d'aisance, cesspool, privy-vault; mettre des clefs sur la —, renounce an inheritance; — à tan, tan-pit, bark-pit. **-sê**¹⁵ [L. -sêdum], m.: ditch, trench; drain; moat: faire de la terre le —, dig one hole to fill another; au but du — la culbute, persist in a losing game.

-sette¹¹, f.: little pit (chuck-hole; dimple;

bird-snare). **-sile**¹⁵ [L. -silia], adj., or m.: fossil. **-soir**¹⁵ [L. -sôrius, for digging], m.: vineyard hoe. **-soyer**¹⁵ [L. -soyer], m.: ditching. 1. **-soyer**¹⁵, intr.: ditch. 2. †**-soyer**¹⁵ [-sê], tr.: trench around, make a ditch around. **-soyeur**¹⁵ [L. -soyer], m.: grave-digger, sexton; sexton-beetle.

1. †**fou**¹⁵ [p. L. *fau* (L. *fagus*)], m.: BEECH.

2. **fou**¹⁵ (fol before a vowel), f. **folle** [L. follis, wind-bag], m., f.: madman or woman; court-fool, jester; m.: bishop at chess; f.: crazy-gun (cannon that shoots wild): la folle du logis, imagination; adj.: mad, crazy; wild; extravagant; excessive; distracting: fou rire, hysterical laughter; folle farine, choicest, finest flour; folle arvine, sterile oats; plus on est de fous, plus on rit, the more, the merrier; balance folle, unstable equilibrium.

foua-ce¹⁵ [p. L. *foecia* (L. *focus*, hearth)], pastry baked at the fireplace, f.: ash-bread. †**-cier**¹⁵, = **-ière**, m., f.: baker or seller of ash-bread, sea-biscuit.

fou-age¹² [feu, fire], m.: FEUage (feudal chimney-tax). **-aile**¹⁵ [feu, fire], f.: cooked quarry, refuse of wild-game (for the dogs).

fouailler¹⁵ [ak. to fouet], tr.: whip.

†**fouane** = 1. **fouine**.

†**fouarre** = *seurre*.

†**foucade** = 1. **fougade**.

1. **foudre**¹⁵ [L. *fulgur*], f. (†m.): lightning; thunder; thunderbolt; thunderstone, bellemnite; great warrior or orator.

2. **fou-dre**¹⁴ [Ger. *fuder*, FOTHER], m.: hog'shead, †FUDDER-cask. **-drerie**¹⁵, cooper-shop (for making vats).

fou-droicement¹² or **-droiment**, m.: stroke, shock. **-droyant**¹⁵, adj.: fulminating; crushing; terrible; =. †**-droyer**¹² [1. -dre], tr.: strike with lightning; overwhelm; crush; intr.: FULMINATE (lighten; thunder; explode; threaten).

fouée¹¹ [fou], *f.*: *fiire* (for hunting), jack-light; kindling fire (to start a furnace), kindling.

foue-t¹² [fou, BEECH], *m.*: (old) beech-brush; (now) brushing, whipping; spanking; whip (for chastisement; for a top); lash; cord; cat-o'-nine-tails; runner (of vines), tuft (of a tail), tip (of wings, of masts); sharp pain: *tir de plein* —, raking shot (fr. a battery); — *de Neptune*, lamina (sea-weed). **-ttage**¹⁷ [-tter], *tr.*: whipping (of cream, of eggs, etc.); castration (by means of ligatures). **-ttement**¹⁵ [-tter], *m.*: whipping (beating; flapping, lashing). **-tteur**¹³, *tr.*: whip (lash; chastise; en-wrap; stir rapidly); castrate by binding; sweep, rake (by a level shot): — *un cordage*, strengthen a rope by wadding a smaller one to it. **-tteur**¹⁴, = **ense** [-tter], *m., f.*: whipper.

1. fougade¹⁶ [-gue], *f.*: (fam.) whim, caprice.

2. †fougade¹⁴ or **-gasse** [It. -gata (? ak. to *fuoco*, fire)], *f.*: fougade, well-like powder-mine; trap, snare (concealed).

fou-ge¹⁵, *m.*: food, grub (of wild boars). **†ll-ger**⁹ [L. *fodicāre*, fr. *fodere*, dig], *intr.*: root (as hogs).

fou-geraie¹⁵, *f.*: fernshaw, fern-plot. **ll-gère**⁹ [p. L. **filiāria* (L. *filix*)], *f.*: fern; fern glass (made from potash of ferns): *en* —, alternatingly like fern leaves.

fougon¹⁴ [Prov. (ak. to *focus*)], *m.*: cook's galley (on shipboard).

1. fougue¹⁵ [by pop. etym. fr. *foule*, press], *f.*: *mât (vergue) de* —, mizzenmast (yard); *vergue de* —, yard with no sail.

2. fou-gue¹⁵ [It. *foga* (L. *fuga*, flight)], *f.*: impetus, ardour; fury, rage; rank growth (at the expense of the fruit); rocket (without a stick). **-guette**¹⁸, *f.*: rocket. **-gueur**¹⁵, = **ense**, *adj.*: impetuous, spirited, fiery.

fouit-le¹⁶, *f.*: digging; excavating; uncovering; rummaging. **-le-au-pot**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: (fam.) drudge, scullion. **-le-merde**¹⁵, *m.*: (low) tumble-bug, turd-beetle. **ll-ler**⁹ [p. L. **fodiculāre* (cf. Fr. *fouger*)], *tr.*: dig, excavate; ransack; explore; search; *intr.*: burrow; tunnel; rummage: — *le marbre*, cut away marble (leaving a relief). **-leur**¹⁴, = **ense**, *m.*: excavator, digger; searcher (of suspects); subsoiler (plough). **-lis**¹³, *pl.* —, *m.*: (fam.) pile, jumble.

†fouillot = *foliot*.

1. fouine⁹ [L. *fuscina*, dim. of *furca*, FORK], *f.*: pitchfork; trident (for harpooning large fish).

2. foui-ne¹¹ [fou, beech], *f.*: beech-marten, stone-marten, or its fur; mould (on grape

leaves). **-ner**¹³, *intr.*: (fam.) sneak away.

fouinette¹⁴ [i.-ne], *f.*: small hay-fork.

fou-ir⁹ [p. L. **fodire* (L. *fodere*), dig], *tr.*: dig, burrow. **-isseur**¹³, *m.*: digger, (esp.) mole or mole-like animal; digging insect (whose species make holes in the ground for eggs).

fou-lage¹² [-ler], *m.*: treading, pressing (of grapes). **-lant**¹⁷ [-ler], *adj.*: treading, pressing: *pompe* —, force-pump.

foulard¹³ [?], *m.*: = (silk fabric, esp. silk handkerchief).

fou-le¹², *f.*: crowd (multitude; press; mob, common herd); fulling (of cloth): *pêche d la* —, get fish out of the sand; *mât de* —, mizzen-mast (see *1. fougue*); *sortir (se tirer) de la* —, rise above the crowd, distinguish one's self. **-lée**¹³, *f.*: tread (track; step of a staircase; stepping); batch of skins, pile (for one fulling). **ll-ler**⁹ [p. L. **fullāre* (L. *fullo*, FULLER)], *tr.*: full, mill; trample; crowd, press; oppress: — *aux pieds*, trample under foot; — *un cheval*, override a horse; *les chiens -lent la bête*, the dogs overcome and kill the animal; *se - la rate*, get a pain in the side from running. **-lerie**¹², *f.*: fulling-mill, or machine; wine-press. **-leur**¹², = **ense**, *m., f.*: fuller, esp. of hides. **-loir**¹², *m.*: fulling instrument, beater; rammer; place of fulling; tub (of a wine-press); dentist's tool (for filling teeth). **-loire**¹², *f.*: fulling-board (for hats); fulling-tub or vat. **-lon**⁹ [L. *fullo*], *m.*: fuller: *chardon d —*, carding thistle, teasel. **†lonnier**¹⁷ [OFr. *lonner*, to full], *m.*: fuller.

foulque⁹ [L. *fulica*], *f.*: fulica, coot.

foulure¹¹ [-ler], *f.*: sprain.

fou-l'y-laisse = *sot-l'y-laisse*.

†foupir¹⁵ [ak. to *friper*, rumple], *tr.*: *linge foupi*, crumpled linen.

fouquet¹⁷ [man F.], *m.*: †squirrel; sea-swallow.

1. four⁹ [L. *furnus*, oven], *m.*: oven; furnace; kiln; vault, dome; pit (of theatres); kidnapping-house: — *de campagne*, portable bake-oven; *pièce de* —, baked delicacy; cake; *être au — et au moulin*, do two things at once; *faire —*, (old) postpone a play for lack of audience; (now) fail (as a play, or a work).

2. four¹¹ [-rche], *m.*: fork (of trees; of roads); buttock, crotch (of ships).

1. four-be¹⁴, *f.*: = (†trick; cheating).

2. -be¹⁶ [-ber], *adj.*: tricky; *m.*: scamp.

†ber¹⁶ [i.-be], *tr.*: cheat; trick, defraud.

-berie¹⁶ [i.-be], *f.*: fraud, trickery;

cheating, (†Eng. FURBERY). **ll-bir**¹⁶

[OHG. *-bjan*], *tr.*: FURBISH, scour, clean

up, polish. **-bissage**¹⁴, *m.*: polishing,

furbishing. **-bisseur**¹¹, *m.*: FURBISHER, burnisher. **-bissure**¹⁵, *f.*: burnishing.

four-bu¹⁵ [Ofr. *fo(u)r-boire*, drink to excess], *adj.*: foundered; fatigued. **-bure**¹⁰, *f.*: founder.

four-cat¹⁶ [Prov., 'fork'], *m.*: futtock (of a ship's rigging). **||-che**⁹ [L. *furca*], *f.*: FORK (of trees; of roads; pitchfork); position (of fingers in flute-playing); lower mandible branches (of birds); boil between the fingers: *fourche patibulaire*, gibbet, patibulary fork; *les Fourches Caudines*, humiliating defeat. **-ché**¹¹, *adj.*: (her.) = (forked at the end). **-ché**¹⁵, *f.*: forkful. **-che-fièr**¹¹, *pl.* -s -s [L. *ferrea*, of iron], *f.*: fork (of two tines, for sheaves).

-cher¹¹, *intr.*: fork, divide: *†se* —, part (as hair or beard); *la langue lui a fourché*, his tongue tripped. **-cheret**¹⁶ [?], *adj.*,

or *m.*: *autour* —, or —, medium-sized goshawk. **-chet**¹⁶, *m.*: foot-rot (of sheep). **-cheté**¹⁵ [-*chelle*], *f.*: table-forkful.

-chette¹⁵, *f.*: table-fork; =; anything forked (crotch; crutch; tool for turning hot iron; FORK of horse's hoof; wish-bone, breast-bone of birds; stake to hold a seine;

†Eng. *FOURQUINE*, musket rest; joining of roof-timbers): *dejeuner à la* —, take a meat breakfast; *avoir un joli coup de* —,

or *être une belle* —, be a great eater; *avoir la* —, have two cards which lose at the end of the game, no matter which is

played first. 1. **-chon**¹², *m.*: tine, prong (of a fork). 2. **-chon**¹⁶ [-*cher*], *m.*: crotch, furcation, branching. **-chu**¹¹, *adj.*:

forked: *piéd* —, cloven foot. **†-chure**¹⁰, *f.*: crotch.

1. **fourgon**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: van; baggage-wagon. 2. **four-geon**⁹ [p. L. **forico* ak. to L. *forāre*,

BORE], *m.*: poker: *la pelle se moque du* —, the pot calls the kettle black. **-gonner**¹², *intr.*: poke, stir a fire; rummage.

four-mi⁹ [p. L. **formiz* (L. *formica*)], *f.*: ant: *avoir des* —s *dans les jambes*, feel a sensation as of crawling ants. **-milièr**¹⁷,

m.: ant-eater, tamanoir. **-milière**¹¹ [for Ofr. *-mière*], *f.*: FORMICARY (ant-hill; colony of ants); spongy-hoof (fr. chronic founder). **-mi-lion**¹⁵ [after L. *formico-*

leo], *m.*: ant-lion (long-winged insect). **-miliant**¹¹ [-*miller*], *adj.*: swarming; tickling (like ants crawling). **-mille-**

ment¹⁵ [-*miller*], *m.*: surging (of a crowd); formation (itching as if from crawling ants). **-miller**¹¹, *intr.*: swarm

(teem, abound); be much frequented; itch, tingle (as if fr. ants): *le pied fourmille*,

the foot is asleep.

four-nage¹² [four], *m.*: charge (for baking). **-naise**⁹ [p. L. **furnātia* (L. *furnax*)], *f.*: furnace. **-neau**¹¹ [four], *m.*:

furnace; stove; =; — *à réverbère*, rever-

beratory furnace; *haut* —, blast furnace; *potager*, cooking stove; — *à charbon*,

charcoal kiln; — *de mine*, powder-mine; — *d'une pipe*, bowl of a pipe; — *écono-*

mique, coke-stove; charity station (that distributes food). **-née**¹² [four], *f.*: batch

(of bread; of earthenware); group, set: (*fam.*) *prendre un pain sur la* —, antici-

pate the consummation of marriage. **-nette**¹⁷ [four], *f.*: little enamelling oven,

or furnace. **-nier**¹¹, **-ière** [four], *m., f.*: country-baker; oven-keeper; furnace-man;

oven-bird, furnarius. **-nil**¹² [four], *m.*: bake-house; kneading-room; laundry-

room.

four-niment¹⁶, *m.*: †powder-horn; belts, straps (of soldiers). **||-nir**¹¹ [Germ. *c'frum-*

jan], *tr.*: FURNISH (fit out; fill up; equip; supply; yield); *intr.*: supply; suffice; fol-

low suite (at cards): *†* — *à quelqu'un de quelque chose*, supply one with something;

— *aux dépenses*, meet expenses; — *à quel-*

que chose, assist with a thing; *se* — *de quelque chose*, provide one's self with a

thing. **†-nissement**¹⁵, *m.*: furnishing; paying in; share (of capital): *procé-*

der au (compte de) —, open accounts. **-nisseur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: furnisher, con-

tractor. **-niture**¹⁴, *f.*: furnishings; sup-

plies; tools; dressing; scraps for glove

fourchettes: jeu de —, combination (to

give fuller tone to an organ).

1. **fourrage**¹⁴ [-*rrier*], *m.*: yarn, wrap-

ping (of ropes to prevent wear by friction).

2. **four-rage**¹¹ [four], *m.*: FORAGE, feed;

foraging-party. 1. **-rager**¹³, *intr.*, or *tr.*:

forage (ravage; plunder); *muss.* 2. **-ra-**

ger¹⁵, **-gère**, *adj.*: *plantes foragères*,

forage plants; *f.*: pasture. **-rager**¹³, *m.*:

forager. **-reau**¹⁰ [Ofr. *feurré*, fr. Goth.

fodr], *m.*: sheath (covering; scabbard;

envelope; case); sack, short gown (for

children or ladies); tube; POREL; sky-

rocket; titmouse. **-ré**¹⁶ [-*rer*], *m.*:

thicket. **-rée**¹⁷ [-*rer*], *f.*: crawl (set with

netting to catch fish as the tide goes

down). **-relie**¹² [-*reau*], *m.*: (rare) scab-

pound (for strays). **-rûre**¹¹ [-rer], *f.*: FUR; fur lining; ermine robe; service, wrapping (of ropes where they rub); tuft (left by cattle in pastures); plug (of wood; of tow); pile of boilers (over each other).
four-voient¹⁴, *m.*: straying, wandering. **-voyant**¹⁵, *adj.*: erring, straying. **||-voyer**¹⁷ [fors, voie], *tr.*: mislead, misguide: *se* —, err; blunder.
†fon-teau¹⁵ [fou, beech], *m.*: (dial.) beech. **†-telaie**¹⁴, *f.*: beech grove.
fovie¹⁶ [fr. Prov.], *m.*: coriaria (shrub for dyeing black).
foyer⁶ [p. L. **focarius* (L. *focus*, fire)], *m.*: = (lobby of a theatre; basin of a furnace); hearth; fireplace; grate; home; center; rug for the fireplace; mantle; FOCUS; seat (of disease): — *des acteurs*, green-room.
frac¹⁷ [?], *m.*: PROCK (coat).
fra-cas¹⁴ [It. -*casso*], *m.*: (lit.) †crash; din; =; tumult. **||-casser**¹⁴ [It. -*cassare* (L. *quassare*, shake to pieces)], *tr.*: break to pieces, shatter.
frac-tion¹¹ [L. -*tio* (frangere, break)], *f.*: = (breaking, fracture; rite of breaking bread; part of a unit). **-tion-naire**¹⁷, *adj.*: fractional. **-tionnement**¹⁸ [-*tionner*], *m.*: dividing into parts. **-tionner**¹⁸, *tr.*: divide into fractions. **-ture**¹⁵ [L. -*tura*], *f.*: = (break). **-ture**¹⁵ [-*ture*], *tr.*: fracture, break.
fragiform¹⁸ [L. -*gum*, strawberry, forma, form], *adj.*: *sphérique* —, parasitic plant.
fragi-le¹³ [L. -*lis* (frangere, break)], *adj.*: = (easily broken; FRAIL, feeble). **-lité**¹¹ [L. -*litas*], *f.*: fragility, frailty.
fragment-t¹⁴ [L. -*tum* (frangere, break)], *m.*: = (piece broken off; part). **-taire**¹⁵, *adj.*: fragmentary. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: break up; make into scraps.
fragon¹¹ [?], *m.*: ruscus, butcher's broom (shrub).
fra-grance¹¹ [L. -*grantia* (-grare, emit; a scent)], *f.*: =, sweetness of smell. **†-grant**¹⁵ [L. -*grans*], *adj.*: (rare) =.
frai¹⁸ [frayer], *m.*: wear of coins; spawn; roe; young fry.
frai-che, *f.* of *frais*, FRESH. **-chement**¹¹, *adv.*: freshly; coolly; recently. **-cheur**¹², *f.*: coolness; breeze; freshness; ruddiness, lustre; brilliancy: (fam.) *attraper une* —, catch a cold. **-chir**¹¹, *intr.*: grow cooler; freshen up.
fr-ain¹⁵ [Ofr. -*aindre* (L. -*angere*) BREAK], *m.*: fragor, breaking and din (of waves). **-ainte**¹⁵ [Ofr. -*aindre*, break], *f.*: shrinkage; waste.
frairie¹¹ [frère, brother], *f.*: (old) brotherhood; (now) village anniversary festivity.
1. fr-ais¹⁰, **-aiche** [OHG. *frisc*], *adj.*: FRESH (cool, cold; newly prepared; not

stale; new; recent; green; brisk; unused; ruddy; brilliant); *m.*: coolness; cold air; FRESKO; *f.*: (fam.) cool of the day; cool drink; cool breeze; green field: *à la fraîche!* cool drinks!
2. frais¹² [OHG. *fridu*, peace], *m. pl.*: (old) court fees, price of peace; expenses (cost; charges): *faux* —, incidentals; *tous* — *faits*, all expenses paid; *constituer, mettre quelqu'un en* —, put one to the expense; *faire ses* —, accomplish one's object; *sur nouveaux* —, from the first again; all over again.
1. fraise⁶ [p. L. **frāsea* (L. *frāgrum*)], *f.*: strawberry; birthmark: — *en grappe*, arbutus; — *d'écorce*, fungus on bark.
2. frai-se¹³ [?], *f.*: = (pointed stakes of rampart); ruff (crown of calves, of lambs; frill-collar; wattles of turkeys); burr (bony ring at base of antlers). **3. -se**¹⁷ [-*ser*], *f.*: = (marble worker's tool); drill; reamer. **-sèment**¹⁵ [-*ser*], *m.*: fortifying with stakes; stakes (of a fraised rampart). **1. -ser**¹¹, *tr.*: hull, shell out (esp. beans). **2. -ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: FRAISE, enlarge; rout (with a tool); frill, ruffle; fortify with pikes.
3. fraiser¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: work, knead thoroughly (adding more water).
†frai-sette¹⁵ [-*se*], *f.*: little ruffle. **-seuse**¹⁵ [-*se*], *f.*: routing-machine.
fraisièr¹² [1. -*se*], *m.*: strawberry plant: — *en arbre*, strawberry-tree, arbutus.
frai-sil⁹ [p. L. **facile* (L. *fax*, torch)], *m.*: waste charcoal; coal dust; coal ashes.
frai-çoir¹⁵ [-*ser*], *m.*: champfering auger. **-sère**¹⁷ [-*ser*], *f.*: beaded border, routing.
fram-boise¹¹ [?], *f.*: raspberry. **-boiser**¹⁶, *tr.*: flavour (or scent) with raspberry. **-boisier**¹⁸, *m.*: raspberry bush.
framée¹⁴ [L. -*mea*], *f.*: Frankish javelin.
1. Fran-c⁹, **Fran-que** [L. *Francus*], *m.*, *f.*: Frank (Gaul; European in the Levant); *adj.*: *la langue franque*, lingua franca (mongrel Romance as commercial lang. in the Levant). **2. fran-c**¹³ [L. -*corum rex*, 'king of the French,' legend of the coin], *m.*: = (coin worth about twenty cents, unit of value in France): *au marc le* —, proportionately, relatively.
3. fran-c¹⁰, **fran-che** [Fran], *adj.*: frank (free, exempt; open, candid; plain); complete, arrant; real; *adv.*: frankly; entirely: *fran-che de port*, post-paid; *avoir son* — *parler*, speak right out; *vent* —, steady, favourable wind; *terre franche*, land free fr. gravel and sand; *vin* —, dry wine; *arbre* —, seedling; *enter sur le* —, graft a seedling; *un cheval* — *du collier*, honest puller; *cheval* — *d'amble*, natural, born pacer; *botte franche*, blow

that lands with full force; *pompe franche*, pump which has exhausted the water; *sauter un fossé tout —*, jump a ditch clear; *jouer au — carreau*, play quoits throwing for the centre of a square; *y aller de — jeu*, act without reflection; *carte franche*, highest card (yet to play); *dormir la franche matinée*, sleep the whole morning; *franche lippée*, good meal free; *gouverner à barre franche*, steer by the tiller without wheel or tackle. **-çais**¹⁰, **-aise** [France], *adj.*: French; *m.*: Frenchman, Frenchwoman; *m.*: French (language): *à la française*, in French fashion; *parler —*, (*fig.*) speak decidedly; (*fam.*) *les Français*, actors of *Le Théâtre Français*, or the theatre itself. **Fran-ec**, *f.*: = **†c-allen** [3france], *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: freehold. **†c-archer** [3france], *m.*: = (tax-free archer of Charles VII).

francatu¹⁵ [7], *m.*: variety of apples.

franc-bord, *pl. —s—s* [3france], *m.*: frank-board; bank (at foot of parapet in fortifications). **-étable**, *adv.*: *s'aborder de —*, meet end on, prow to prow. **-fief**, *m.*: commoner's tax-free fief. **-flin** (or **-fulint**), *m.*: untarred rope or cable.

fran-chement¹¹ [3france], *adv.*: FRANKLY; freely.

†franchipane, etc., see *frangipane*, etc.

fran-ehir¹³ [3france], *tr.*: (old) enfranchise, liberate; dispose of; (*now*) leap over, clear; cross; *intr.*: become free; act freely: *la pompe franchit*, (ship's) pump gains on the water; **†le mot**, say the word (after hesitancy); *le vent franchit*, the wind becomes regular. **-ehise**¹⁰ [3france], *f.*: = (right, privilege; liberty; immunity, exemption; asylum, refuge); frankness; facility, readiness; freedom (*fr. †servitude* or *†imprisonment*; in painting). **-chissement**¹², *m.*: leaping: *gradins de —*, terraced cuts of breastworks (made to aid in surmounting).

fran-cisation¹³ [-ciser], *f.*: Gallicising, Frenchifying; registering (a ship) as French. **-ciser**¹³ [ak. to **-çais**], *tr.*: Francise, Gallicise. **-cisque**¹⁶ [L. L. **-ciska**], *f.*: = (Frankish battle-axe).

franc-maçon¹⁷, *pl. —s—s* [imit. of Eng.], *m.*: free-mason. **-maçonnerie**¹⁷ [-maçon], *f.*: free-masonry.

franco¹³ [It. *porto franco*, free carrying], *adv.*: postage paid.

francolin¹³ [It. *dino* (?)], *m.*: =, kind of partridge.

franc-quartier⁹, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: (*her.*) frank-quarter. **-réal**, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: kind of pear. **-salé**, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: privileges on salt. **-s-tireurs**, *m. pl.*: = (volunteers).

fran-ge⁹ [L. *fimbria*: shreds], *f.*: FRINGE (fimbria; valance; band caused by the interference of light); fish with fringy barbs; moth with fringy wings. **-geon**¹⁶, *m.*: (rare) fringe ends. **1-ger**¹², *tr.*: fringe; fimbriate. **2-ger**¹⁶, *m.*: fringe-maker.

frangipa-ne⁹ [Roman family *Frangipani*], *f.*: frangipani (perfume). **-nier**¹⁷, *m.*: red jasmine (plant).

franguline¹³ [L. L. **-la**, alder buckthorn], *f.*: frangulin, yellow colouring-matter fr. the buckthorn.

franguette¹⁶ [3france], *f.*: (*fam.*) *à la —*, frankly, honestly.

frap-page¹⁵, *m.*: stamping, impression. **-pant**¹⁶, *adj.*: striking, noticeable. **-pe**¹⁵, *f.*: stamp, imprint; matrix, die (for a letter). **-pement**¹², *m.*: striking, stamping. **||-per**¹¹ [7], *tr.*: strike (beat; hit; stamp, coin); impress; meet; afflict; punish; chill, freeze; *intr.*: knock, beat, stamp: *— à la porte*, knock at the door; *— dans ses mains*, clap one's hands; *le malade commence à se —*, the sick man begins to fear death; *frappé de l'hypothèque*, mortgaged; *— une manœuvre*, fasten a rope tight. **-peur**, **-euse**, *m.*: *f.*: (*fam.*) beater, rapper: *esprits —s*, rapping spirits (that answer through mediums).

fras¹⁵ [2], *m.*: stifle-joint.

†frassage, frâse, frâser = *fraisage*, etc.

frasque¹⁴ [It. **-ca**], *f.*: prank.

fra-ter¹² [L. BROTHER], *m.*: (*hum.*) =, PRIAR; **†barber-surgeon**; field or ship's barber. **-ternel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. **-ternus**], *adj.*: fraternal. **-ternellement**¹⁴ [-**-ternel**], *adv.*: fraternally. **-terniser**¹⁵ [L. **-ternus**, brotherly], *intr.*: fraternise, act like brothers. **-ternité**¹¹ [L. **-nitas**], *f.*: (rare) kinship as brothers; brotherhood; fraternity. **1-tricide**¹¹ [L. **-trucidium** (*cadere*, kill)], *m.*: =. **2-tricide**¹⁴ [L. **-trici-da**], *m.*: =.

fran-de¹² [L. **-s**], *f.*: fraud. **-der**¹³ [L. **-dare**], *tr.*: deceive, defraud; smuggle (goods) in. **-deur**¹⁶, **-euse** [-**-der**], *m.*: defrauder, cheat. **-dulsement**¹³ [-**-duler**], *adv.*: fraudulently, by cheating. **-duler**¹³, **-euse** [L. **-dulor-us**], *adj.*: fraudulent.

†frauler = *frôler*.

fraxi-nées¹⁵ [L. **-nus**, ash-tree], *f. pl.*: fraxineae, ash-tribe. **-nelle**¹⁵ [L. **-nus**], *f.*: fraxinella (fragrant herb).

fra-yant¹⁶, *adj.*: expensive. **1.||-yer**¹² [*frais*, expense], *intr.*: cost.

2.fra-yer⁹ [L. *fricere*, rub], *tr.*: **†rub**; graze; wear off; chafe, gall; make, open (a road); *intr.*: spawn; milt; live pleasantly: *— une lame*, grind the mould mark off a

blade; monnaie *frayée*, worn coin; — avec *quelqu'un*, live on good terms with one. *-yère*¹⁵, *f.*: spawning place.

frayeur¹⁵ [Ofr. *freor*, L. *fragor*, *din*], *f.*: fear, horror, terror.

fra-yeux¹⁵, *m.*: worn-place (from the poker or fire-iron). **fr-yoir**¹⁵ [-yer, rub], *m.*: rub (where a deer has frayed off velvet). **-yen**¹⁵ [-yer], *m.*: (*dial.*) chafe, gall; plough-share; cap (of the iron core of a mould).

fredaine¹⁴ [f], *f.*: prank.

fre-don¹⁵ [f], *m.*: trill; three of a kind (at cards); *hum.* group of three persons; refrain (of a song). **-donnement**¹⁵ [-donner], *m.*: trilling; humming. **-donner**¹⁵, *tr.*: trill; add a refrain to; hum (a tune).

frégate¹⁵ [It. *-ta*], *f.*: frigate (ship; bird).

fré-gile¹⁵ [L. *-lus*], *m.*: fragilis, cough (bird).

1. **frein**¹⁵ [L. *frēnum*], *m.*: bit; bridle (check; curb); brake; **PRENUM**.

2. **frein** = *frain*.

† **freinte** = *frainte*.

† **fré-lampier**¹⁵ [frère *lampier*, lamp-lighter in a convent], *m.*: weak character, scamp.

fré-la-tage¹⁵, *m.*: adulterating. **-ter**¹⁵ [Holl. *verlaten*, rack wine, change casks], *tr.*: adulterate; change. **-terie**¹⁵, *f.*: adulteration. **-teur**¹⁵, = *ense*, *m.*: adulterator.

frêle¹⁵ [fragilis, fragile (*frangere*, break)], *adj.*: FRAIL; weak.

fré-loche¹⁵ [ak. to *-luche*], *f.*: net (for catching insects).

1. **frélon**¹⁵ [p. L. *furlo* (? *fur*, thief, *leo*, LION)], *m.*: hornet (which robs bees).

2. **frélon**¹⁵ [f], *m.*: butcher's-broom (plant).

3. **frélon**¹⁵ [f], *m.*: hairs (in bird's nostril).

fré-luche¹⁵ [ak. to *-loche*], *f.*: tuft; gossamer (webs); card-game. **-luquet**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) coin (of low value); (now) weight (to hold a strand taut); fop, coxcomb.

fré-mir¹⁵ [p. L. *-mire* (L. *-mere*)], *intr.*: roar; surge; tremble; shudder; vibrate; rustle; murmur. **-missant**¹⁴, *adj.*: roaring; boiling; vibrating. **-missement**¹¹, *m.*: murmuring; surging; trembling.

fré-naie¹⁵, *f.*: ash-grove. **fré-ne**¹⁵ [L. *fraxinus*], *m.*: ash-tree.

fré-né-sie¹⁵ [L. *phrenesia* (L. *phrenesis*)], *f.*: FRENZY (fury; madness; wrath). **-tique**¹¹ [L. *phreneticus*], *adj.*: FRANTIC; frenzied.

fré-quement¹⁴ -kam-, *adv.*: frequently. **-quence**¹¹ [L. *-quentia*], *f.*: frequency. **-quent**¹⁵ [L. *-quens*], *adj.*: frequent. **-quentatif**¹⁵, = *ive* [L. *-quentativus*], *adj.*: frequentative (denoting repetition). **-quentation**¹⁵ [L. *-quentat-*

io], *f.*: visiting. **-quenter**¹¹ [L. *-quentare*], *tr.*: frequent (visit often, resort to habitually, throng); *intr.*: keep company with; †be often: — dans un lieu, appear at a place frequently.

fr-ère¹⁵ [L. *frater*], *m.*: BROTHER; PRIAR, monk: — aîné (*cadet*), elder (younger) brother; — de lait, milk-brother; — s jumeaux, twins; — de père et de mère or germain, full-brother; — de père or consanguin, brother on the father's side; — de mère, or utérin, brother on the mother's side; — convers, lay-brother; — chapeau, line of poetry given for sake of the rhyme. **-érot**¹⁵, (*fam.*) little brother.

fré-saie¹¹ [f] L. (*avis*) *præsaga*, (bird) of omen], *f.*: white-owl.

fresque¹⁵ [It. *-sco*, (*lit.*) FRESH], *f.*: fresco: à —, in fresco.

fressure¹⁵ [f], *f.*: pluck, haslet.

fr-et¹⁵ [low Ger. *fracht*, (*lit.*) fee], *m.*: FREIGHT (charges for transportation; cargo, load); chartering, rent (of a boat).

-ètement¹⁵ [-éter], *m.*: chartering.

-éter¹⁵, *tr.*: let, charter, rent; hire; fit out.

-éteur¹⁵ [-éter], *m.*: charterer, shipper.

fré-til-lage¹⁵, *m.*: twitching, jerking. **-lant**¹⁵, *adj.*: twitching; wriggling.

† **-lard**¹⁵, *adj.*: flickering; dangling. **-le-**

ment¹⁵, *m.*: wriggling. **-ler**¹⁵ [f],

intr.: wriggle; twitch; fidget. **-lon**¹⁵, *m.*: (*fam.*) fidgety person.

frétin¹⁵ [Ofr. *fret* (L. *fractus*, broken)], *m.*: (old) rubbish; (now) too small fish; abortive branches; trifle.

fret-tage¹⁵ [-ter], *m.*: hooping. 1. **-te**¹⁵ [f], *f.*: hoop, iron band.

2. **fret-te**¹⁵, *f.*: fret (interlaced lines of a shield; of architectural ornament). **-té**¹⁵ [ak. to Eng. *fret*, to furrow], *adj.*: fretted, hav'g a fret.

fretter¹⁵ [1. *-tte*], *tr.*: hoop.

freux¹⁴ [OHG. *fruo*], *m.*: Rook, raven.

fri-abilité¹⁵, *f.*: friability. **-able**¹⁵ [L. *-abilis* (*friare*, rub)], *adj.*: =, easily crumbled.

frian-d¹⁵ [*frire*], *adj.*: dainty; fond; epicurean. **-dise**¹⁴, *f.*: daintiness (of taste); dainty morsel.

† **fric frac**¹⁵ [echoic], *adv.*: il n'y a ni *fric* ni *frac*, there is nothing to eat; there's no help for it.

fricandeau¹⁵ [f], *m.*: = (veal cutlet with herbs).

fricas-sée¹⁴, *f.*: fricassee (chopped meat with gravy); †hasty meal; (*fam.*) sudden destruction; mixture; drum-call to assemble; ancient dance. **-ser**¹⁴ [f], *tr.*: fricassee (make into a stew); (*fam.*) squander, waste; *intr.*: do cooking: (*fam.*) on t'en fricasse, you don't get any of it.

-seur¹⁴, **=ense**, *m., f.*: bad cook; spend-thrift.

fricatif¹⁴, **=ive** [L. *-care, chafe*], *adj.*: (consonant) fricative, a fricative (consonant).

friche¹² [?], *f.*: fallow: *laisser une terre en —*, let land lie fallow.

fri-cot¹⁸ [ak. to *-casser*], *m.*: (pop.) stew. **-coter**¹⁸, *intr.*: make a stew; feast, live high; be a usurer; *tr.*: spend in fast living. **-coteur**¹⁷, **=ense** [*-coter*], *m., f.*: stewart; poor cook; fast liver; usurer, overreacher.

fric-tion¹⁵ [L. *-tio (fricare, rub)*], *f.*: =. **-tionner**¹⁷, *tr.*: subject to rubbing.

frigidité¹⁴ [L. *-ginitas (-gidus, cold)*], *f.*: frigidity (inactivity of an organ). **-gorisque**¹⁷ [L. *-gus, coldness, facere, make*], *adj.*: frigorific, producing cold. **-leux**¹⁹, **=ense** [L. *-gorosus*], *adj.*: chilly; sensitive to cold; *m., f.*: chilly person; robin-redbreast.

fri-maire¹⁷ [ak. to Eng. *rime*], *m.*: Frimaire (third month in calendar of first Fr. repub., 21 Nov. to 20 Dec.). **-mas**¹⁴ [ak. to Eng. *rime*], *m.*: hoar-frost: *— de la mer*, sea-foam; spray on a ship; (*fam.*) *avaleur de —*, one who sleeps open-mouthed.

frime¹¹ [Ofr. *frume*], *f.*: †aspect; appearance, pretence: *faire la — à quelqu'un*, make a face at any one; *faire — de s'en aller*, act as though leaving.

frimousse or **†-monse** [?], *f.*: (pop.) face.

fringale¹⁸ [faim-ralle], *f.*: (*fam.*) sudden strong appetite.

fringant¹⁴ [*-guer*], *adj.*: frisky; vivacious.

fringille¹⁵ [L. *-lla, chaffinch*], *f.*: fringilla (finch).

fringuer¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: frisk; rinse.

frio-ler¹³ [*frir*], *tr.*: (old) *FRY*. **-lerie**¹⁶, *f.*: dainties.

†**frion** = *frayon*.

1. **friper**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: †gobble down, devour; steal.

2. **fri-per**¹³ [Ofr. *frepe, rag*], *tr.*: wear out, tatter, shred. **-perie**¹² [Ofr. *freperie*], *f.*: frippery (old clothes; old furniture or utensils; shed for sugar-cane: (*hum.*) *se jeter sur la — de quelqu'un*, attack one).

fripe-saque¹⁵, *m.*: (pop.) greedy-gut; bad cook.

friper¹², **=ière** [2. *-per*], *m., f.*: fripper (dealer in old clothes, in old furniture); *f.*: shell (to which the mollusk has attached various objects).

fri-pon¹⁵, **=onne** [1. *-per*], *m., f.*: (old) gourmand; *m.*: delicacies; *f.*: box (of sweetmeats); (*now*) rascal; pilferer; pick-pocket; nimble, adroit person. **-ponneau**¹⁶, *m.*: little rascal. **-ponner**¹⁸,

tr.: steal adroitly, pilfer. **-ponnerie**¹⁵, *f.*: (old) dainties, sweetmeats; (*now*) rascality; roguishness. †**-ponnier**¹⁴, **=ière** [*-ponner*], *m., f.*: rascal; pickpocket.

friquet¹² [ak. to *frisque*], *m.*: †gallant; tree-sparrow.

frice¹⁹ [L. *frigere*], *irr. §*; *tr., intr.*: *FRY*: (*fam.*) *il eat frit*, he is done for.

§ Ind.: *Pr. fri-s, -s, -t. Fut. (Cond.) fri-rai(s). — I've fri-s. — Part.: P. frit.*

Frise, *f.*: Friesland (province in Holland).

1. **frise**¹⁵ [It. *fregio*, ornament, fr. L. *phrygium* (sc. *opus*), Phrygian (work)], *f.*: FRIEZE.

2. **frise**¹⁴ [Province *F.* in Holland], *f.*: (*toile de*) —, frieze (cloth): *cheval de —*, =, fence-like obstruction to resist cavalry.

3. **frise**¹⁴, *f.*: friezed cloth, frieze; wadding (about port-holes); friezing machine, FRIEZING-machine. **-ser**¹⁷, *f.*: disease of potatoes (where the leaves curl up).

1. **-ser**¹⁵ [?], *tr., intr.*: curl; frizz; graze, pass close to: interfere (as horses); blur: *— la corde*, be near hanging.

2. **friser**¹⁶ [3. *-se*, wadding], *tr.*: plug (with thick cloth to keep out water).

frissette¹⁸ [1. *-ser*], *f.*: (*fam.*) frizzle. **-soir**¹⁷ [1. *-ser*], *m.*: curling-iron; nap-board (of a frizzing-machine); concave chisel.

1. †**frison**¹⁴ [*-se*, thick cloth], *m.*: friezed cloth; skirt of frieze.

2. **frison**¹⁵ [province *Frise* in Holland], *m.*: liquor jug or pot (aboard ship); †gallon measure.

3. **frison**¹⁵ [1. *-ser*], *m.*: curl; silk floss; waste-paper, rags; wavy lines (of marbled paper). **-sotter**¹⁵ [1. *-ser*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) frizzle.

frisque¹² [?], *adj.*: lively.

frisquet¹⁸, **=ette** [ak. to *fraîs, FRESH*], *adj.*: slightly cold, cool; *m.*: coolness.

frisquette¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (print.) frisket.

fris-son¹⁹ [p. L. **frigidio (-gere, FRY)*], *m.*: chill, shiver. **-sonnant**¹⁶ [*-sonner*], *adj.*: shivering. **-sonnement**¹⁵ [*-sonner*], *m.*: shivering. **-sonner**¹⁴, *intr.*: shiver; tremble.

frisure¹⁵ [1. *-ser*, curl], *f.*: =, hairdress.

fri-teau¹¹ [*-re*], *m.*: meat-fritter. **-teur**¹⁵, **=ense** [*-re*], *m., f.*: (pop.) hot-sausage vendor.

frutillaire¹⁶ [L. *-llus*, cone-shaped dice-box of horn], *f.*: fritillary (lily).

fri-tte¹⁶ [*-re*], *f.*: frit (partially vitrified mass); vitrification. **-tter**¹⁷, *tr.*: partly vitrify. **-ture**¹³ [*-re*], *f.*: frying; fried food; frying fat; canning of sardines.

-turerie¹⁵ [*-ture*], *f.*: canning house (for sardines). **-turier**¹⁸, **=ière** [*-ture*], *m., f.*: (pop.) vendor of fried things.

frivo-le¹¹ [L. *-lus*], *adj.*: frivolous.

-lement¹³, *adv.*: frivolously. **-lité**¹⁷, *f.*: frivolity; fancy-work.

fro-c¹¹ [? ak. to Ger. *rock*, coat], *m.*: frock (monk's robe or garment); cloth for a frock. **-caille**¹⁷, *f.*: (*fam.*) monks. **-card**¹⁶, *m.*: (*fam.*) monk.

froi-d⁹ [p. L. **frigidus* (L. *frigidus*)], *adj.*: cold (FRIGID; lacking heat; dull; indifferent); *m.*: coldness (cold; chilliness; lukewarmness). **-dement**¹³, *adv.*: coldly, coolly. **-deur**¹¹, *f.*: coldness (mostly in fig. sense). **-dir**¹¹, *intr.*: (*fam.*) grow cold. **-dure**¹¹, *f.*: cold air; winter. **-dureux**¹⁶, **-euse** [-*dure*], *adj.*: †cold; chilly, sensitive to cold.

frois-ement¹², *m.*: crushing; crash; chagrin (fr. an insult); (esp.) compressing of an artery. **||-ser**⁹ [p. L. *frustiare* (*frustum*, particle)], *tr.*: crush, break up; crumple; press; offend, insult; slight: *se* —, take offence; feel slighted. **†-sis**¹¹, *m.*: crash. **-sure**¹¹, *f.*: crumple, rumple.

frô-lement¹⁷, *m.*: touch, grazing. **||-ler**¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: touch, rub lightly, graze, glance over.

fro-mage¹² [*formé*], *m.*: cheese: (*fam.*) *entre la poire et le* —, at dessert; *faire des* —s, squat suddenly while whirling so the dress flares like a bell; — *de cochon*, hog's-head cheese; — *à la pie*, cheese-cake. **-mager**¹³, **-ère**, *adj.*: cheesy; *m.*, *f.*: cheese-dealer; *m.*: cheese basket. **-magerie**¹³, *f.*: cheese-business; cheese-factory.

fromen-t⁹ [L. *frumentum*], *m.*: wheat, frumentum: — *de saison*, winter-wheat; (*bibl.*) — *des élus*, bread of life; — *d'Inde*, or *de Turquie* or *d'Espagne*, corn, maize; *faux* —, rye grass. **-taeé**¹⁷, *adj.*: frumentaceous; *f. pl.*: wheat family. **†-tal**¹⁷ or **†-tel** [Ofr. *-tal*, *wheaten*], *m.*: (*dial.*) rye-grass. **-tê**¹³, *adj.*: straw-coloured, reddish-yellow; *f.*: May-bug. **†-tée**¹³, *f.*: (*dial.*) flour-soup, gruel.

fron-ee¹¹ [? Ger. *rünzel*, wrinkle], *f.*: faulty double, wrong fold (in paper or in cards); shirr. **-eement**¹⁵ [-*cer*], *m.*: frowning. **-eer**¹², *tr.*: FLOUNCE; wrinkle; shirr: — *les sourcils*, frown. **-eis**¹⁶ [-*cer*], *m.*: gather, shirr.

†fronele = *furonele*.

fron-daison¹³ [L. *frons*, leaf], *f.*: foliation. **1. fron-de**¹⁴ [L. *frons*], *f.*: frond ("leaf" of ferns, or sea-weeds).

2. fron-de⁹ [L. *fundā*], *f.*: sling; surgeon's bandage; Fronde. **-der**¹⁶, *tr.*: sling; hit with a sling; censure; *intr.*: be a Fronde partisan; be discontent. **-deur**¹², **-euse** [-*der*], *m. f.*: slinger; fault-finder; Fronde partisan; discontent.

fron-t⁹ [L. *-s*], *m.*: = (forehead; face;

brow; fore-face; façade; effrontery, boldness); top, summit: *de* —, abreast; *n'a-voir point de* —, not be backward or modest; *se froter le* —, scratch one's head, trying to think; *se frapper le* —, signify that one has solved the difficulty.

-tal¹⁵ [-*tal*], *m.*: brow-band (of bridles); head-band. **-tal**¹¹, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =; *m.*: = (head-bandage, topic; frontlet, chaplet of Jews); instrument of torture; fretting tool (for stringed instruments). **-teau**¹³, *m.*: head-bandage; phylactery, frontlet (of Jews); brow-band; arch (over windows); breastwork (of ships). **-tière**¹², *f.* or *adj.*: frontier. **-tispiée**¹⁵ [L. *dispicium*], *m.*: frontispiece (title-page illustration; front façade). **-ton**¹⁶ [It. *-tone*], *m.*: =; pediment (low gable).

froquer¹⁵ [*froc*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) frock.

†frot-tade = **-tée**. **-tage**¹⁶, *m.*: rubbing; friction. **-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: rubbing. **-tée**¹⁶, *f.*: (*fam.*) sound drubbing; (*dial.*) bread and garlic. **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: friction, rubbing: *bruit de* —, auscultated sound indicating rough pleura. **||-ter**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: rub; chafe; polish; *intr.*: rub: *se* — *à quelqu'un*, provoke one; attack one; — *les oreilles*, box one's ears; *qui s'y frotte s'y pique*, he who meddles gets hurt. **-teur**¹³, **-euse**, *m. f.*: rubber, scrubber, polisher; *f.*: smoother, dresser (of type). **-tis**¹⁶, *m.*: transparent colour (in mural or canvas painting); copy, impress (by leadpencil on paper held tight over the original). **-toir**¹⁵, *m.*: cloth for wiping; razor cloth; scrub-brush; pad (for silk hats); electric cushion; rubbing or smoothing tool. **-ton**¹⁷, *m.*: colour-die (for playing cards).

frouer¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: imitate the owl (to attract birds).

frou-frou¹⁶ [echoic], *m.*: =, rustling (of silk); humming-bird.

fruc-tidor¹⁷ [L. *-tus*, FRUIT], *m.*: = (12th month by republic. calendar, 18 Aug. to 16 Sept.). **-tification**¹⁴ [L. *-tificatio* (*facere*, make)], *f.*: =. **-tififier**¹¹ [L. *-tificare* (*facere*, make)], *intr.*: be fruitful; yield results. **-tuesement**¹³ [-*tueux*], *adv.*: fruitfully; profitably. **-tueur**¹¹, **-euse** [L. *-tuosus*], *adj.*: fruitful; advantageous.

fru-gal¹⁶, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-galis* (*frux*, FRUIT)], *adj.*: =. **-galement**¹⁵, *adv.*: frugally, economically. **-givore**¹⁷ [L. *vorare*, DEVOUR], *adj.*: frugivorous, fruit-eating; *m. pl.*: frugivora, flying-foxes.

1. fruit¹⁵ [*frut*], *m.*: batter-wall (sloping).

2. frui-t⁹ [L. *fructus*], *m.*: = (seed with its pulpy mass; seed vessel and contents; seed; produce, yield; offspring); †desert: *avec* —, profitably; — *sec*, luckless candidate (who failed in the final examina-

tion); — *noir*, mulberry; *le — de Pallas*, the olive; — *à pépin*, kernel fruit. **†-tâge**¹², *m.*: (*dial.*) edible fruits. **-t6**, *adj.*: (*her.*) fructed. **-terrie**¹², *f.*: fruit-room, fruit-house; fruit-stand; fruit business. **-tier**¹², **-ière**¹², *m., f.*: fruit dealer; *m.*: fruit orchard; fruit-house; *adj.*: *jar-din —*, fruit-garden.

frus-ques¹², *f. pl.*: (*pop.*) duds, furniture. **||-quin**¹² [*slang*], *m.*: (*fam.*) one's all.

fruste¹² [*?*], *adj.*: defaced, worn (of coins); coarse; *m.*: wear.

frus-tratoire¹² [*L. -tratorius (fraus, FRAUD)*], *adj.*: frustratory. **-tr6r**¹² [*L. -traris*], *tr.*: frustrate, disappoint; defraud.

fru-tescent¹² [*L. -tex, shrub*], *adj.*: =, shrubby.

frutif-ile¹² [*Sp. -la*], *f.*: Chile strawberry. **-lier**¹², *m.*: strawberry plant (of Chile).

fucacées¹² [*L. fucus, sea-weed*], *f. pl.*: fucaceae family.

fuchsia¹² (*botanist Fuchs*), *m.*: = (plant). **fuch-sine**¹² [*Ger. Fuchs, fr. commercial*], *house Reynard* (= *Ger. fuchs, FOX*) at Lyons], *f.*: (chemical substance) =.

fucus¹² [*L., rock-weed, lichen*], *m.*: =, sea-wrack.

fu-gace¹² [*L. -gaz (-ga, flight)*], *adj.*: fugacious, volatile. **-gitif**¹², **-ive** [*L. -gitivus*], *adj.* or *m., f.*: fugitive. **-gue**¹² [*It. -ga*], *f.*: =; flight.

fai-e¹² [*p. L. *fuga (L. fuga, flight)*], *f.*: (*old*) retreat; (*now*) dove-cot; pigeon-house. **||fui-r-**¹² [*p. L. fugire (L. fugere)*], *irr. §*; *intr.*: flee (fly, run away; escape; retreat); spill over; glance off; leak; slope back; *tr.*: evade, shun, avoid, elude.

-te¹² [*p. L. *fugita*], *f.*: flight; evasion; escape; leaking; †subterfuge. **†-tif**¹², **-ive** [*p. L. fugitivus (L. fugitivus)*], *adj.*: fugitive.

§ *Ind.*: *Pr. fui-s, -s, -t; fui-ens, -ez, fuient, Ipt. fui-ais, Fut. (Cond.) fui-rai(s).*

— *Subj.*: *Pr. fui-s, -s, -t; fui-ions, -iez, fuient, Ipt. fui-isse, -I've fui-t, -Part.*

Pr. fui-ant; F. fui-t.

ful-gore¹² [*L. -gora (L. -gor, light-ning)*], *m.*: fiery. **-gural**¹² [*L. -guralis*], *adj.*: of lightning; science —, divination by lightning. **-gurant**¹² [*L. -gurans*], *adj.*: attended by lightning (cf. rare Eng. *fulgurant*); darting (of pains). **-gura-tion**¹² [*L. -gurat(i)o*], *f.*: =. **-gurite**¹² [*L. -gur, lightning*], *f.*: =, lightning-tube.

fulgi-ne¹² [*L. fuligo, soot*], *f.*: sooty vapour (in medicine). **-noir**¹², **-euse** [*L. -nosus*], *adj.*: fuliginous, sooty brown.

-nosité¹² [*L. -nosus*], *f.*: fuliginosity (griminess; sooty colour in typhoid fever).

fulmi-coton¹² [*L. fulmen, thunderbolt, Fr. coton*], *m.*: gun-cotton. **-nant**¹² [*L. -nans*], *adj.*: =, fulminating; threaten-ing. **-nate**¹² [*L. fulmen, thunderbolt*], *m.*:

=, explosive chemical salt. **-nation**¹⁴ [*L. -natio*], *f.*: =, thundering; explosion.

-natoire¹² [*L. -natorius*], *adj.*: fulmi-natory, striking terror. **-né**¹² [*L. -neus*], *adj.*: *coquille — e*, shell hav'g zigzag furrows. **-ner**¹² [*L. -nare, hurl*], *thunder-*

belts, *intr.*: fulmine (†lighten; fulminate; explode; *tr.*: utter vehemently, thunder forth). **-nique**¹² [*L. fulmen*], *adj.*: ful-minic.

ful-verin¹² [*L. -vus, yellow*], *m.*: colour for brown-glazing.

1. fu-mage¹², *m.*: smoking, curing by smoke. **2. -mage**¹² [*z. -mer*], *m.*: manur-ing. **-magine**¹² [*L. -mus, smoke*], *f.*, or

-mago, *m.*: smut (black fungus). **-mant**¹², *adj.*: fuming, smoking. **-ma-**

riacées¹² [*L. L. -maria, fumitory*], *f. pl.*: fumariaceae (fumitory, earth-smoke fami-ly). **-m6**¹², *m.*: (*engrav.*) smoke-proof.

-m6e¹², *f.*: smoke, fume (vapour; incense); flattery; vanity; tipsiness; fumet; flaw (in diamonds): (*fam.*) *vendre de la —*, promise more than one can do; *manger*

son pain à la — du rot, enjoy in imagina-tion. **1. ||-mer**¹² [*L. -māre*], *tr.*, *intr.*: smoke. **2. mer**¹² [*p. L. *femare (L. fimus, manure)*], *tr.*: manure, fertilise. **-me-**

role¹², *f.*: fumarole, breathing-hole. **-meron**¹², *m.*: ill-prepared charcoal.

-met¹², *m.*: flavour; scent. **-meterre**¹² [*L. L. fumus terra, ground smoke*], *f.*: fumitory, mountain-fringe. **1. -meur**¹²,

-euse, *m., f.*: smoker of tobacco; *f.*: chair for smoking. **2. -meur**¹², **-euse** [*L. -mōsus*], *adj.*: smoky, fummy; intoxicating; tipsy. **-mier**¹² [*p. L. *femarius (L. fimus, dung)*], *m.*: manure; dung-hill; trash.

-migration¹² [*L. -migatio*], *f.*: =, smok-ing to disinfect. **-migatoire**¹² [*L. -mi-gare (agere, drive)*], *adj.*: fumi-gatory, cleaning by smoke. **-miger**¹² [*L. -migare*], *tr.*: fumigate. **-miste**¹², *m.*:

chimney expert. **-misterie**¹² [*-miste*], *f.*: chimney business. **-mivore**¹² [*L. vorare, DEVOUR*], *adj.* or *m.*: smoke consumer.

-moi¹², *m.*: smoking-room; smoke-house. **-mure**¹² [*2. -mer*], *f.*: manuring; quantity of manure.

fu-nambule¹² [*L. -nambulus (funis, rope, ambulare, walk)*], *m., f.*: funambulist.

-nambulesque¹², *adj.*: of ropewalkers. **||fū-ne**¹² [*Prov. fun (L. funis)*], *f.*: rope, cable.

fun6bre¹² [*L. -bris (funus, 'funeral')*], *adj.*: funereal, mournful.

fun6r¹² [*-re*], *tr.*: equip with ropes.

fu-n6raill6s¹² [*L. -neralia, funereal things (funus, obsequies)*], *f. pl.*: funeral.

-n6raire¹² [*L. -nerarius*], *adj.*: funeral.

-neste¹² [*L. -nestus*], *adj.*: deadly; fatal; baneful; (*rare Eng.*) funest. **-nestx**

ment¹⁶ [-neste], adv.: fatally. **-nester**¹⁷ [It., L. -nestare], tr.: pollute with murder. **†fungus** = *fongus*.

fu-niculaire¹⁷ [L. -niculus], adj.: funicular, rope-like, of ropes; m.: cable-road; f.: catenary. **-nicule**¹⁸ [L. -niculus], m.: =. **||fu-nij^o** [p. L. *fünāmen* (L. *fünis*, rope)], m.: †roping, ropes (of a ship); white hawser.

fur¹¹ [L. *forum*, market; rate], m.: au (†d) — et à mesure, in proportion.

fu-ret^o [p. L. **fūrītus*, dim. of L. *fūr*, thief], m.: FERRET; sleuth: *jeu de* —, old maid (card-game); hunt-the-key (game). **-reter**¹⁸ [-reter], m.: ferreting; searching. **-reter**¹⁹, intr.: ferret; tr.: ferret out; search. **-reteur**¹⁹, = *ense* [-reter], m., f.: hunter (with ferrets); rummager.

fureur¹¹ [L. -ror], f.: rage, FURY, anger; passion; furor; mania, madness. **farfara-cé** [L. -ceus (*furfur*, bran)], adj.: bran-like; (esp.) scurfy.

fu-ribond¹⁸ [L. -ribundus], adj.: raging, furious. **-ribonder**¹⁸, intr.: (rare) become furious. **-rie**¹⁸ [L. -ria], f.: fury (violent rage; storm of passion; frenzy; intense passion); avenging goddess, Fury. **-riensément**¹⁸ [-rieux], adv.: furiously; (fam.) excessively. **-rieux**¹⁸, = *ense* [L. -riosus], adj.: furious (raging; frantic; insane; extreme).

furole¹⁸ [fuir], f.: =, St. Elmo's fire. **furon**¹⁸ [ak. to -ref], m.: young ferret.

fu-roncle¹⁸ [L. -runculus, little thief (fur)], m.: furuncle, boil. **-ronculeur**¹⁸, = *ense*, adj.: furuncular. **-rtif**¹⁸, = *ive* [L. -rtivus], adj.: furtive. **-rtivement**¹⁸ [-rtif], adv.: furtively.

fusain¹¹ [L. -sus, spindle], m.: spindle-tree; crayon, fusain; charcoal-sketch.

fusant¹⁸ [-ser], adj.: fusing.

fu-sarole¹⁸ [It. -saruola], f.: =, astragal. **||-seap**^o [p. L. **fūsellus* (L. *fūsus*)], m.: spindle (handle grip of a sword; bobbin; whelp, rib of capstan; axis; rondle; peg; spit; geometrical figure; spindle-stromb mollusk); quill (of porcupines); pole; rod; tube; section (of a ball-cover). **-sée**^o [p. L. **sāta*], f.: †spindleful; fusee (splint for a horse; fusiform figure; cone of a watch); spindle; barrel, cylinder; rocket; fistula; lozenge: — *volante*, sky-rocket. **-sée**¹⁸ [-sée], m.: rocket-shooter (soldier trained to shoot *fusées*). **-sélé**¹⁸ [-seau], adj.: fusiform.

fuser¹⁸ [L. -sus (-ndere, power)], intr.: fuse (liquefy; blend).

fuserole¹⁷ [-seau], f.: spit (of a spindle).

fu-sibilité¹⁶, f.: fusibility. **||-sible**¹⁴ [L. *sus* (-ndere, pour)], adj.: fusible.

fusiforme¹⁷ [L. *fusus*, spindle, *forma*, form], adj.: fusiform.

fusi-z^o [p. L. **foeile* (*focus*, fire)], m.: steel (for striking fire); gun; whetting-steel or whetstone. **-lier**¹⁸, m.: =. **-lière**¹⁶, f. adj.: pierre —, gravel for fountains. **-lade**¹⁸ [-ller], f.: =, general discharge of fire-arms. **-llet**¹⁷, tr.: shoot; whet. **-lette**¹⁷ [ak. to *fusée*], f.: little fusee; fiery serpent.

fu-sion¹⁶ [L. -sio (-ndere, pour)], f.: = (melting; blending). **-sionnement**¹⁸ [-sionner], m.: fusing. **-sionner**¹⁸, intr.: unite.

fuste¹⁸ [It. -ta], f.: fust, galley with sail and oars.

fustet¹⁸ [Prov.], m.: =, smoke-tree.

fustigation¹⁴ [L. -gare, flog], f.: =. **-ger**¹⁸ [L. -gare], tr.: whip.

f-ât^o [L. *fustis*, stick], m.: †stem; shaft (of a column; of a pilaster); stock (of a gun); plough-tail; handle; barrel; box of a compass; body (of a drum; of a trunk). **-utaie**¹⁸, f.: forest: — *sur taillis*, forest of trees forty years old; *haute* —, forest of trees over one hundred and twenty years old. **-utaille**¹⁸, f.: cask: — *en bottles*, cask in staves; — *montée*, cask put together (ready for wine, etc.). **-utaille-rie**¹⁴ [futaile], f.: wood for coopering.

futaine¹² [Fostat, suburb of Cairo, in Egypt], f.: fustian (cloth).

1. fu-té¹⁸ [ak. to *fût*], adj.: (old) tired out; (now) sharp, cunning. **2. -té**¹⁸ [fût], adj.: (her.) hav' handles, shafted. **-tée**¹⁸ [fût], f.: putty (for wood).

futi-le¹⁶ [L. -lis], adj.: =. **-lement**¹⁸, adv.: futilely, to no purpose. **-lité**¹⁸ [L. -litas], f.: futility (uselessness; useless thing).

futq-r¹² [L. -rus, about to BE], adj. or m.: future. **-ritien**¹⁸, f.: =, certainty in a future event.

fu-yant¹⁸ [fuir], adj.: flying; tapering; disappearing. **-yard**¹⁸ [fuir], †adj.: apt to run away; m.: runaway, fugitive.

G

g, jē or older **jē** [L.], m.: g (the letter).

ga, cf. *gara*.

†gaban = *caban*.

gabare¹⁸ [?], f.: lighter (barge, transport-vessel); large net.

gaba-ri¹⁶ [?], m.: model (of a ship); carriage-gauge. **1. -rier**¹⁷, tr.: model.

2. gabarier¹⁴ [-bare], m.: lighter-man, master of a transport-vessel.

†gabarit = *gabari*.

gabarot¹⁵, = *otte* [-bare], m., f.: small lighter.

†gabatine¹⁸ [It. -bbatina (ak. to Eng. *gab*,

†deceive; prate], *f.*: trick (at cards); deceit, mystification: *donner à quelqu'un la —*, humbug some one.

gabegie¹⁸ [ʔ], *f.*: (pop.) fraud.

ga-belage¹⁴ [-beler], *m.*: drying salt; mark to indicate the salt of the excise. **-beler**¹³, *tr.*: deposit (salt) in the stores of the excise-office for drying. **-beleur**¹⁵ [-beler], *m.*: gabelier (collector of salt-taxes). **||-belle**¹³ [ʔ cf. Arab. *kabala*, tax], *f.*: GABEL (salt-tax); gabel office; salt-store (of the excise, for depositing and drying salt). **-belou**¹⁵, *m.*: gabelier (in derivative use); toll or custom officer.

gaber¹⁰ [lcel. *gabb*, mocking], *tr.*: mock: *se — de*, mock at.

1.gabet¹⁶ [ʔ], *m.*: vane (on a mast, or on an instrument).

2.gabet¹⁷ [ʔ], *m.*: parasitic worm.

ga-bion [lt. *-bbione* (-bbia, L. *cavea*, cage)], *m.*: (cylinder of wickerwork filled with earth to shelter men from an enemy's fire). **-bionnade**¹⁵ [-bionner], *f.*: (travers with gabions). **-bionner**¹⁵, *tr.*: fortify with gabions.

gaberd¹⁵ [gaʔ bord], *m.*: garboard.

gabn-ron¹⁶ [ʔ], *m.*: clamp (of a mast).

-ronner¹⁷, *tr.*: brace with clamps.

gâ-chage¹⁵ [-cher], *m.*: mixing of mortar; careless loss. **1.gâ-che**¹⁵ [-cher], *f.*: plasterer's mortar-tool; baker's spatula.

2.gâ-che¹² [ʔ], *f.*: nab, box-staple, bolt-receiver (of a lock); gutter brace (piece of iron holding the gutter to the wall).

gâcher¹² [Germ's *waskon*, WASH], *tr.*: temper (lime) with water, temper; cover with damp earth; make a mess of; lose by carelessness; set under price.

gachet¹⁷ [ʔ], *m.*: black tern (bird).

gâchette¹⁴ [2.-che], *f.*: catch (of a lock); tumbler (of a gun).

gâ-cheur¹², = **ense** [-cher], *m.*: person that tempers mortar, mason's assistant; bungler, botcher, careless squanderer.

†-cheur¹⁵, = **ense** [-cher], *adj.*: moistened, splashy, sloppy. **-chis**¹⁰ [-cher], *m.*: mortar; wet mud; bad business, mess, pickle. **-choir**¹⁵ [-cher], *m.*: potter's mixing-vessel.

gade¹⁷ [Gr. *-dos*], *m.*: codfish.

†ga-donard¹⁵, *m.*: night-man. **||-doue**¹⁵ [ʔ], *f.*: filth, night-soil; prostitute.

gaélique, *adj.*: Gaelic.

gaf-fe¹⁴ [ʔ], *f.*: GAF, boat-hook; awkwardness. **-fer**, *tr.*: push or draw with a hook; *intr.*: do an awkward thing; fumble.

ga-ge¹⁰ [Germ's **wadoj* (ak. to Eng. *wager*, and to *wage*, 'risk')], *m.*: pawn (pledge, security); (*leg.*) bailment; forfeit (in plays); WAGER (stake) (*old*) challenge; (*esp. in pl.*) wage(s), hire,

pay: *prêteur sur —*, pawnbroker; *jouer aux —*, play at forfeits; *casser aux —*, discharge, dismiss.

-ge-mort = **mort-gage**. **-ger**¹¹, *tr.*: *†seize* (furniture, etc.) for debt; *wager*, stake, bet; hire, engage.

-gerie¹⁷ [-ger], *f.*: (*leg.*) seizure, distress. **-gour**¹², = **ense** [-ger], *m.*: *f.*: wagerer, bettor.

-geure¹² [-ger], *f.*: *wager*, stake, bet; strange act (as if persisted in on account of a wager): *faire une —*, lay a wager; *soutenir une —*, persist in or stick to a thing. **-giste**¹⁰, *m.*: paid person, hireling, (*theatr.*) supernumerary; musician in military band (not liable to service); (*leg.*) bailee.

ga-guage¹¹, *m.*: pasture (-land); feed or pasture (sought by certain birds or beasts in the fields). **-guant**, **-guante**, *adj.*: gaining, winning; *m.*: *f.*: winner.

†ga-gue¹¹, *f.*: (*dial.*) gaining, earning. **†-gne-dnier**¹², *m.*: labourer, toiler.

-gne-pain¹², *m.*: means of subsistence, bread-winner. **-gne-petit**¹⁵, knife-grinder. **||-guet**¹¹ [OHG. *waitan-jan* (mod. Ger. *weiden*), pasture], *intr.* (OFr., except in a few hunting-terms): pasture;

make booty; *tr.*: GAIN (acquire, win, conquer; win over; prevail upon, attract; earn, get; attain, reach, occupy): *se —*,

gain, earn; be contagious; — *sa vie*, gain one's support, work for one's living;

— *sur*, prevail upon; — *un rhume*, catch a cold; *la faim me gagne*, I am beginning to feel hungry; — *du chemin*, gain ground;

— *les champs*, scour away; — *le devant*, get the start; — *le dessus*, get the upper hand, get the better (of); — *à être connu*, improve upon acquaintance. **-gneur**¹¹,

-guese, *m.*: *f.*: gainer, winner.

gai¹¹ [ʔ], *adj.*: GAY (merry, cheerful; light); loose: *il a le vin —*, he is merry in his liquor. **-ment**¹², *adv.*: gaily, merrily.

-t6, *f.*: gaiety, merriment, mirth; sportful act, word or composition; frolic: *être en —*, be merry with wine; *cheval qui a de la —*, meddlesome horse; *de — de cœur*, sportively, wantonly.

gai-lard¹⁰, **-larde** [ʔ], *adj.*: merry, jovial, joyous, (†Eng. *gaillard*); free, wanton; fresh, cool (of the wind); tipsy;

†solidly built; *m.*: merry or jovial fellow, (†Eng. *gaillard*), blade, jolly dog (fellow);

castle of a ship; elevator deck, fore-castle, quarter-deck; *f.* (= **de**): merry or wanton woman; *gaillard* (old lively dance);

bourgeois (small type): *gros —*, big jovial fellow; *petit —*, sly dog; — *derrière*, quarter-deck; — *d'avant*, fore-castle.

-lardement¹⁰, *adj.*: merrily, joyously; boldly. **-lardise**¹⁵, *f.*: merriment, mirth, frolicsomeness; sportful (wanton) word,

act or composition.

gillet¹⁷ [L. *galium*], m.: joint-grass: — *jaune*, cheese-rennet; — *grateron*, goose-grass.

gaiment = *gaiement*.

gain¹¹ [gagner], m.: = (profit; winning): *âpre au —*, eager for lucre; — *de jeu*, winnings; *tirer du — de*, profit by; *avoir — de cause*, carry a cause, carry a suit; *donner — de cause*, yield; — *s nuptiaux* (or *de survie*), portion of the survivor.

gai-ne⁹ [L. *vagina*], f.: sheath (scabbard; sheathlike covering); canvas edging; (arch.) support of a bust (enveloping as it were its lower part). — **nerie**¹⁴ [-nier], f.: sheath or casket-making. — **nier**¹², -ière, m., f.: sheath-maker or seller; casket-maker or seller; m.: judas-tree; f.: sort of bee.

gaité = *gaieté*.

gala¹⁷ [It.], f.: = (pomp).

galac-t... [Gr. *gála*, milk]: — **tite**¹⁷, f.: =. — **tomètre**¹⁷ [Gr. *mêtron*, MEASURE], m.: galactometer.

ga-lam-ment¹⁵ adv.: courteously, gracefully. — **lant**¹³, -lante¹¹ [Pr. Part. of OFr. *-ler* (from Ger.), be glad], adj.: lively; graceful, courteous; bef. its noun, delicate, honourable; aft. its noun, gallant (polite or attentive to ladies, chivalrous); m.: ladies' man (wooer, lover); brisk fellow; gracefulness, refined taste; knot, cockade: *un — homme*, an honest man, a gentleman; *un homme —*, a ladies' man; *une femme —*, a woman fond of love-intrigues, a courtesan; *un billet —*, a billet-doux, a love letter; *faire le —*, act the ladies' man, court the ladies; *un vert —*, a brisk spark, a devoted ladies' man; *verts —*, or — *s dans la feuillée*, robbers in the wood; — *d'hiver*, (bot.) snow-drop. — **lan-terie**¹⁵, f.: gracefulness, politeness; galantry (to ladies, attention); courteous compliment; sweet words; love-affair, intrigue; syphilis. — **lantin**¹⁵, m.: beau, spark.

galantine¹¹ [? ak. to *gélatine*], f.: = (mixed meat served cold in gelatine); (bot.) snow-drop.

galantiser¹⁶ [-lant], tr.: flatter; dangle after: *se —*, admire one's self.

galaxie¹⁵ [L., Gr. -*xia* (Gr. *gála*, milk)], f.: Galaxy, MILKY-way.

galbanum¹¹ [L.], m.: = (gum resin): *donner du — à*, put a sham upon, wheedle.

gal-be¹⁵ [It. *garbo*], m.: (arch.) general outline, profile; graceful sweep. — **bé**¹⁸, adj.: (arch.) of a special outline; lightly outlined.

gale¹⁵ [?], f.: itch, scab, scurf.

galé¹⁵ [Eng. -le], m.: GALE (plant).

ga-léace¹⁴ or **-léasse** [It. *-leazza* (L., Gr. -*lea*, galley)], f.: galeas (large galley). — **-lée**¹⁵ [Gr. -*laia*], f.: galley (old oared vessel; now tray for set up type).

galéfratier¹⁵ [?], m.: ragamuffin.

galéga¹⁶ [It. -*lega*], m.: goat's-rue (plant).

galène¹⁵ [Gr. -*lène*, lead], f.: galena (lead-sulphid).

galér¹³ [-le], tr.: scratch.

galère¹⁴ [It. -*lera* (-*lea*)], f.: (nav.) galley; tumbrel; large plane; scraper on wheels; furnace.

galerie¹⁸ [L. -*ria* (?)], f.: gallery (covered passage, corridor; picture, etc., gallery; balcony; now stern or quarter-gallery; fort. covered communication; min. working drift); spectators' alley (at a game of tennis), spectators; moulding of furniture, etc.; fender: — *d'écoulement*, drain-gallery; drift; — *du faux pont*, gangway.

galérien¹⁶ [-lere], m.: galley-slave; convict.

galerne¹⁵ [?], m.: north-west wind.

gale¹¹ [OFr. *gal* (?)], m.: beach pebble; disk, roller, caster; net buoy.

galeas¹⁸ [Galata, tower in Constantinople], m.: garret; wretched lodging.

galette¹² [-let], f.: round, flat cake; sea-biscuit; hat-form; (slang) money; block-head.

galeux¹⁵, = *ense* [-le], adj.: scabby, scurvy; m., f.: scabby person: *bois —*, worm-eaten tree.

galhauban¹⁶ [gal-? hauban], m.: (nav.) back-stay: *rides de —*, lanyards of the back-stays.

galiette = *gaillette*.

galimafrée¹⁵ [?], f.: hash, hodge-podge.

galimatias¹⁶ [?], m.: = (confused mixture, nonsense, balderdash).

ga-lion¹² [OFr. -*lie* = Fr. -*lée*], m.: (nav.) galleon; brace (of a hatchway). — **liote**¹⁴ [OFr. -*lie*], f.: half-galley; river-boat;

brace; (bot.) benet.

galipot¹⁷ [?], m.: white resin.

galis¹⁵ [-ler], m.: slot, track of a deer.

galle¹² [L. -*lla*], f.: gall (excrecence on plants, etc.); oak-apple.

galli-can¹⁴ [L. -*canus* (Gallia, Gaul)], adj.: Gallican. — **-canisme**¹⁸, m.: Gallicanism. — **-cisme**¹⁵ [L. -*cus*], m.: gallicism.

galli-na-cés¹⁸ [L. -*naecus*], m. pl.: gallinæ (order of birds). — **-ne**¹⁸ [L. *gallus*, cock], adj.: gallinaeous.

gallique¹¹ [L. -*licus* (-*lus*, Gaul)], adj.: Gallic.

gallique¹⁸ [-lle], adj.: (chem.) gallic.

gallois, = *gise*, adj.: Welsh; Welshman; Welsh (lang.); f.: Welsh woman.

gallon¹⁸ [Eng.], m.: =.

galoche⁹ [p. L. -*lopia* (Gr. *kalô-pous*,

'wood-shoe'), *f.*: = (overshoe); (*nav.*) clamp.

ga-len¹⁶, *m.*: galloon, lace, petty officer's stripe; lining band (of a sail); grocer's round box. **-lonner**¹⁴ [*?*], *tr.*: adorn with galloons or lace, lace. **-lonier**¹⁵, *m.*: lace-maker.

ga-lop¹⁰, *m.*: gallop; gallopade; (*pop.*) scolding. **-lopade**¹⁵, *f.*: galloping; gallop. **-lopant**¹⁸, *adj.*: galloping; that progresses far (of diseases). **-lope**¹⁸, *f.*: gallopade (dance); *à la* —, precipitously. **-loper**¹² [*?*], *intr.*: gallop; dance the gallopade; *tr.*: make gallop; hurry on. **-lopin**¹⁸, *m.*: errand-boy; scullion; (*†Eng.*) gallopin; street-boy, rogue; small glass of wine (before starting).

galoubet¹⁷ [*Prov. (?)*], *m.*: flute (with three holes).

galucha¹⁷ [*inventor G.*], *m.*: shark-skin (prepared for etuis, etc.).

galva-nique¹⁸, *adj.*: galvanic. **-nisation**¹⁸, *f.*: galvanisation. **-niser**¹⁷, *tr.*: galvanise. **-nisme**¹⁷ [*Galvani*, Italian physicist], *m.*: galvanism. **-nomètre**¹⁸ [*Gr. métron, MEASURE*], *m.*: galvanometer. **-noplastie**¹⁸ [*Gr. plássein, form*], *f.*: galvanoplasty, electrotipe.

galvan-der¹⁶ [*?*], *tr.*: tabuse; demean. **-doux**¹⁸, *=euse*, *adj.*: (*pop.*) worthless, idle.

ga-bade¹⁵ [*It. bata* (*-ba, leg, cf. jambe*)], *f.*: gambol; skip (a debt). **-bader**¹⁴, *intr.*: gambol, romp. **-bette** [*It. -ba*], *f.*: red-shank (bird). **-bier**, *m.*: iron bar; shin. **-biller**¹⁵ [*It. -beggiale*], *intr.*: dangle one's legs; kick about; pull one's self along a stretched rope with the hands; shift (a sail). **-bit**¹⁷ [*It. -betto*], *m.*: = (*at chess*).

ga-melle¹⁶ [*It. -mella* (*L. camella*, wooden vase)], *f.*: porringer (bowl); platter; mess (of officers, cadets, and physicians).

-melon¹⁸, *m.*: small porringer.

ga-min¹⁸, *-mine* [*?*], *m.*: boy assistant; *m., f.*: street-boy, urchin, gamin. **-miner**¹⁸, *tr.*: act the street Arab. **-minerie**¹⁸, *f.*: urchin's trick.

gammare¹⁸ [*L. -rus* (*Gr. -ros*)], *m.*: crayfish.

gamme¹¹ [*Gr. gamma*, the letter 'g', once used to designate the first note of the scale], *f.*: gamut, scale: *chanter la — à*, scold thoroughly; *mettre hors de —*, disconcert.

ganahe¹⁸ [*L. ganascia* (*? Gr. gnáthos*, jaw)], *f.*: lower jaw (of a horse); block-head, dunce, dolt (*fr. avoir la — pesante*, have a heavy or stupid appearance); protrusion of the lower lip (of insects): *fautail* —, easy chair for old people.

gandin¹⁸ [*?* reference to *boulevard de Gand*, Paris], *m.*: dandy.

ganer¹⁷ [*-no*], *intr.*: give away the lead (*at ombre*).

gan-glion¹⁵ [*L., Gr.*], *m.*: =. **-glion-naire**¹⁸, *adj.*: ganglionic.

gan-grène¹⁵ [*L. -grana* (*Gr. grân, gnaw*)], *f.*: gangrene. **-grner**¹⁵, *tr.*: gangrene; corrupt. **-grneux**¹⁵, *=euse*, *adj.*: gangrenous.

gan-gue¹⁷ [*Ger. gang, passage*], *f.*: =.

gano¹⁶ [*Span. (cf. gane)*, 'I gain'], *m.*: mine the deal! (*at ombre*).

gan-se¹⁶ [*Prov. -so (?)*], *f.*: cord, loop, bobbin. **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: hem with a cord.

gan-t¹⁰ [*OHG. want*], *m.*: glove, GAUNTLET: — *d'escrime*, fencing glove; *cela vous va comme un —*, that fits you admirably; *perdre ses —*, lose one's innocence; *avoir les — de*, profit by; *se donner les —*, attribute the merit to one's self; — *de Notre-Dame*, throatwort, foxglove. **-télé**¹⁵, *f.*: foxglove (plant). **-tele**¹³, *m.*: GAUNTLET; hand-leather; (*surg.*) glove-bandage. **-teline**¹⁸, *f.*: foxglove (plant). **-ter**¹⁰, *tr.*: glove, fit with gloves; fit (of gloves): *cela me —*, that just suits me. **-terie**¹⁸, *f.*: glove-making; glove-store. **-tier**¹², *-tière*, *m., f.*: Glover.

garage¹⁸ [*-rer*], *m.*: putting (a boat) in a dock, docking; (*rail.*) shunting.

ga-rançage¹⁷ [*-rancer*], *m.*: madder dyeing. **-rancer**¹¹ [*?*], *f.*: (*bot.*) madder. **-rancer**¹⁸, *tr.*: madder. **-ranceur**¹⁶ [*-rancer*], *m.*: madder-dyer. **-rancièr**¹⁶, *f.*: madder-plantation or establishment.

garan-t¹⁸, *=ante* [*OHG. wêrents* (*wêren*, WARRANT)], *m., f.*: surety (person or thing), WARRANT(er), voucher; GUARANTEE. **-tie**¹¹, *f.*: warranty, guaranty, security, voucher: — *accessoires*, (*leg.*) collateral security. **-tir**¹⁰, *tr.*: guarantee, warrant, vouch for; pledge; secure, protect; indemnify: *se —*, secure, protect or shelter one's self, keep clear of.

garbure¹⁷ [*Gasc. (?)*], *f.*: thick porridge. **gar-ee**¹² [*f. of gars*], *f.*: (*old*) girl; strumpet. **1.-eotte**¹², *f.*: (*old*) little girl; (*nav.*) GASKET.

2.-gareotte¹⁸ [*Span. -ceta*, heron], *f.*: (*old*) lady's head-dress (sort of bangs).

gar-çon¹⁰ [*?*], *m.*: boy (lad, fellow, waiter; assistant); bachelor; journeyman: *faire le mauvais —*, hector, bluster; *se faire beau —*, be a jolly fellow, dissipate; *premier —*, foreman. **-çonner**¹², *intr.*: play with boys (or girls). **-çonnet**¹², *m.*: little boy. **-çonnière**¹¹, *adj.*: fond of playing with boys; tomboy; boy's lodging.

1.-gar-de¹⁰, *f.*: GUARDING (protection, keeping, defence, watch, custody); GUARD (body of armed men; protecting fixture of various kinds, as the guard of a sword hilt, WARD of a lock, anchor-watch; fly-

leaf of books, etc.); care, heed; inclination; low card: *prenez* —, take care (*de*, not to); *faire la* —, *être de* —, upon guard; *monter une* — *d*, reprimand severely; *descendre la* —, come off guard; *la* — *montante* (*descendante*), body of troops going on guard (coming off guard); — *du corps*, life-guard; *corps de* —, guard-house; *faire bonne* —, keep good watch; *donner en* — *d*, commit to the keeping of; *se tenir en* —, be on one's guard; *fruit de* —, fruit that will keep; *sans y prendre* —, without intending it; *se donner de* — *de*, be on one's guard against; *s'en donner jusqu'à la* —, take pleasure to the full; *n'avoir* — *de*, not be inclined to, not be fool enough to; *à la* —, guard! watch! 2. *gar-de*¹¹ [*1-de*], *m.*, *f.*: guard (person that guards); guardsman; warden; warder; keeper; nurse: — *royal*, soldier of the royal guard; — *s nobles*, pope's body-guard; — *des sceaux*, keeper of the seals; *du commerce*, sheriff's officer, bailiff; — *du corps*, life-guard; *les* — *s du corps*, the life-guards, the body-guards. -*dx-barrière*¹², *pl.* — (*s*) — *s*, *m.*: gate-keeper. -*dx-bois*¹³, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: forest-keeper. -*de-bourgeoise*, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *f.*: right of wardship. -*dx-boutique*¹⁴, *pl.* —, or — *s*, *funaleable commodity*; pastor (bird). -*dx-canal*¹⁵, *pl.* —, canal-watch. -*dx-cendro*¹⁶, *pl.* —, or — *s*, *m.*: fender. -*dx-champêtre*, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *m.*: field-keeper. -*dx-chasse*¹⁷, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: gamekeeper. -*dx-chiourme*¹⁸, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: convict-keeper. -*dx-corps*¹⁹, *pl.* —, *m.* (nav.) hand-rail, lifeline; swifter. -*dx-côte*²⁰, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *m.*: guard-ship, coaster; coast-guard. -*dx-crotte*²¹, *pl.* —, *m.*: splash-board. -*de-étalon*²², *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: stallion-keeper. -*dx-feu*²³, *pl.* —, or — *s*, *m.*: fire-guard; fender. -*dx-fou*²⁴, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: parapet (of bridges, etc.), hand-rail; (nav.) life-line; swifter. -*dx-magasin*²⁵, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: storehouse-keeper, warehouse man; *funaleable commodity*. -*dx-malade*²⁶, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*, *f.*: sick-nurse. -*dx-manche*²⁷, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: half-sleeve. -*dx-manger*²⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: pantry, larder; safe. -*dx-marteau*²⁹, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: hammer-keeper (authorised to mark the trees to be cut down). -*dx-menble*³⁰, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: storeroom, lumber-room. -*dx-national*³¹, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *m.*: national guardsman. -*dx-nationale*³², *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *f.*: national guard. -*dx-noble*, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *f.*: right to enjoy the children's property until they were of age; *m.*: member of the pope's guard. †*dx-note*³³, *pl.* — *s* — *s*,

m.: notary. -*dx-pêche*³⁴, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: river-keeper, water-bailiff. -*dx-port*³⁵, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: haven-agent. -*der*³⁶ [*Germ's warden* (ak. to Eng. ward), wait, watch], *intr.*: watch, be on the guard, beware, keep, *tr.*: guard (protect, preserve, watch, care for); keep (observe; hold, reserve, retain, lay up; keep to, remain in): *se* —, keep one's self from, beware, take care not; take care of one's self; *en donner d* —, impose upon; — *étroitement*, keep in close custody; — *par devers soi*, hold back; — *une médecine*, keep a dose of medicine on one's stomach; *se* — *bien de*, take good care not to; *gardez de rien dire*, take care (be sure) not to say anything; *ce fruit ne peut* — *longtemps*, this fruit cannot keep long. -*derie*³⁷, *f.*: infant-home (while the mothers are out working). -*dx-rivière*³⁸, *pl.* —, or — *s* — *s*, *m.*: river-guard. -*dx-robe*³⁹, *pl.* — *s*, *f.*: WARD-ROBE (closet; apparel); privy, water-closet; southern-wood (used to protect clothes in a closet); †*m.*: apron (with sleeves). -*dx-rgle*⁴⁰, *pl.* — *s*, *m.*: keeper of the rolls, registrar. -*dx-scellés*⁴¹, *m.*: keeper of the seals. -*deur*⁴², *m.*, *f.*: warder; keeper; herd. -*dx-vaisselle*⁴³, *pl.* —, or — *s*, *m.*: yeomen of the silver scullery (keeper of a prince's dishes). -*dx-vente*⁴⁴, *pl.* —, or — *s*, *m.*: wood-merchant's agent. -*dx-vue*⁴⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: screen for the eyes, shade. -*dién*⁴⁶, -*dienne* [*de*], *m.*, *f.*: guardian, keeper; warden; door-keeper; trustee; (*leg.*) bailiff's man; superior (of a cloister); *adj.*: guardian, tutelary: — *de la paix*, police agent; — *de la Sainte-Barbe*, (nav.) gunner's yeoman. garden⁴⁷ [?], *m.*: redfin, roach. 1. *g-re*⁴⁸ [*I've of -rer*], *interj.*: out of the way! look out!: — *d vous*, look out! — *de devant*! make way before! — *le fouet*! beware of the rod! 2. *g-re*⁴⁹ [*-rer*], *f.*: basin, wet-dock; (rails) platform station: — *d'évitement*, switching line; *chef de* —, station-master. -*renne*⁵⁰ [*L. warenna* (fr. same Germ's radical as *garer*)], *f.*: preserve for fishing or hunting; rabbit-warren, rabbit-pen; place where rabbits abound. -*rennier*⁵¹ [*-renne*], *m.*: warren-keeper. -*rer*⁵² [*Germ's warjan* (A.-S. *warian*, WARE, guard)], *tr.*: put out of reach, secure, protect, fasten (a boat); *se* —, keep out of the way; (nav.) keep in shore. gargamelle⁵³ [*Prov. -gamela* (?)], *f.*: throat, gullet. garga-riser⁵⁴ [*L. -rizare* (Gr. *-rizein*)], *tr.*: gargle. -*risme*⁵⁵ [*L. -risma*], *f.*: gargarism, gargle.

gar-gotage¹⁶, *f.*: poor kitchen or fare.
-gote¹⁶, *f.*: low eating-house; dramshop.
||-goter¹³ [Ofr. *-gate*, gullet], *intr.*:
 to bubble (with a gurgling noise); to eat or
 drink slovenly; frequent low eating-houses
 or dram-shops. 1. **†-gotière**¹⁶ [*-gote*], *f.*:
 = *-gote*. **-gotier**¹⁶, 2. **-gotière** [*-gote*],
m.: keeper of a low eating-house; bad cook.

†gargouche = *gargousse*.

gar-gouillade¹⁷ [*-gouille*], *f.*: gurgling
 song; tipping step (in dancing). **||-gonil-**
le¹² [?], *f.*: GARGOYLE, water-shoot, spout.
†-gouillement¹⁵ [*-gouiller*], *m.*: gur-
 gling or rumbling sound. **-goniller**¹³,
intr.: gurgle, rumble (of water); dabble,
 paddle (in water); *tr.*: fix (a shaft) in a
 marble socket. **-gonillis**¹⁵ [*-gouiller*],
m.: gurgling, splashing (of water).

gargous-se¹⁶ [for *cartouche*], *f.*: cannon-
 cartridge. **-sier**, *m.*: cartridge-box.

†garite = *guérite*.

gar-nement¹⁰ [*-nir*], *m.*: (Ofr., 'gar-
 nish, ornament'; *mauvais* —, 'poor o',
 hence by ellipsis:) wretch, worthless fel-
 low; scapegrace. **-ni**, cf. **-nir**. **||-nir**¹⁰
 [OHG. *warnian* (ak. to Eng. *warn*), pro-
 tect], *tr.*: cover (with something that pro-
 tects), GARNISH (furnish, provide; stock;
 ornament, trim); line; (*nav.*) rig; quilt;
se —, protect one's self; furnish, provide,
 or stock one's self; **-ni**, *part.*: garnished,
 furnished, etc.; *m.*: furnished room or
 house; stone-filling: *chambres -nies*, fur-
 nished rooms; *maçonnerie -nie*, masonry
 filled up in the middle. **-nisaire**¹⁷ [*-nison*],
m.: guard placed over seized property;
 guard placed over persons avoiding mili-
 tary service, or the payment of taxes.
-nison¹², *f.*: GARRISON; guard placed
 over seized property, bailiff's man; gar-
 nish. **†-nisonnaire** = *nisaire*. **-nis-**
sage¹⁷, *m.*: garnishing; trimming; facing.
-nisseur¹², = *enpe*, *m.*: trimmer,
 mender. **-niture**¹⁵, *f.*: set of accesso-
 ries (completing or ornamenting a thing),
 garniture, set, (set of) trimmings or orna-
 ments; lining; (*nav.*) rigging: *une — de*
cheminée, a set of mantel-piece ornaments;
une — de robe, dress trimmings (lace, rib-
 bons, etc.); *une — de diamants*, a set of
 diamonds.

1. **garou**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: spurge-flax.

2. **†ga-rou** [for *loup-garou*], *m.*: werewolf;
 bughbear: *courir le —*, seek mighty ad-
 ventures, debauch. **†-rouage**¹⁵, *m.*: de-
 bauch.

garron¹⁶ [?], male partridge.

1. **garrot**¹² [?], *m.*: withers: *blessé sur le*
—, wither-wrung; injured in one's repu-
 tation.

2. **garrot**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: = (sort of duck).

3. **gar-rot**¹² [?], *m.*: †stick; bending lever,

twister; (*surg.*) =, tourniquet; (*inquis.*)
 iron collar. **-rotte** [Span.], *f.*: garrote
 (strangulation with an iron collar). **-ro-**
ter¹², *tr.*: prop (a tree, etc.); fasten (a
 burden, etc.) by the aid of a twister; lie
 down, bind, pinion.

gars¹⁰ fam. *ga* [old Nomin. of *garçon*],
m.: boy.

garum¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (sauce of small fish).
Gasconne, *f.*: Gascony (former district
 in the south-west of France, settled by
 BASQUES).

gas-con, **-conne** [*-cogne*], *m., f.*: Gascon
 (native or *m.*, dialect of Gascony); boaster,
 braggart. **-conisme**¹⁵, *m.*: Gasconism.
-connade¹⁵, *f.*: gasconade, brag, vaunt.
-conner¹⁵, *tr.*: rob; *intr.*: †gasconade
 (brag); speak with Gascon accent.

gaspil-lage¹⁷, *m.*: squander, waste.

||-ler¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: squander, waste, lavish;
 throw into confusion. **-leur**¹⁵, = *enpe*,
m., f.: spendthrift, squanderer.

gas-t... [Gr. *-tér*, stomach] **-ter**¹⁵ [L.],
m.: stomach. **-téopodes**¹⁷ [Gr. *poûs*,
 foot], *m. pl.*: gasteropods. **-tralgie**¹³
 [Gr. *algos*, pain], *f.*: gastralgia. **-tral-**
gique¹³ [*-tralgie*], *adj.*: pertaining to
 gastralgia. **-trique**¹⁷, *adj.*: gastric.
-trite¹⁵, *f.*: gastritis. **-trocèle**¹⁷ [Gr.
kèle, tumour], *f.*: hernia of the stomach.
-tro-laryngite¹³, *f.*: inflammation of
 the stomach and larynx. **-tronomie**¹⁵
 [*-tronomie*], *m.*: gastronomist. **-trono-**
mie¹³ [Gr. *-tronomia* (*nómos*, law)], *f.*:
 gastronomy, art of good living; epicurism.
-tronomie¹⁵ [*-tronomie*], *adj.*: gas-
 tronomic(al). **-troraphie**¹⁵ [Gr. *rháp-*
tein, saw], *f.*: gastroraphy. **-trotomie**¹⁵
 [Gr. *tomé*, cut], *f.*: gastrotomy.

gâteau¹² [?], *m.*: cake; (cake-like mass,
 as) honeycomb; filling; resinous layer,
 bed; (*surg.*) plectet.

gâte-bois¹³, *m.*: ('wood-spoiler'), poor
 carpenter; butterfly (whose larva eats the
 wood). **-te-enfant**¹⁷, *pl. —*, or *—s*,
m.: spoiler of children. **-te-maison**¹⁵,
-ménage¹⁵, *pl. —*, *m.*: too zealous
 servant (in the eyes of his comrades),
 simpleton. **-te-métier**¹⁵, *pl. —*, *m.*:
 person who spoils a trade, price-cutter.
-te-papier¹², *pl. —*, *m.*: scribbler.
-te-pâte¹⁵, *pl. —*, *m.*: poor baker,
 bungler. **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *vastare* (infl. by
 OHG. *wastan*), WASTE], *tr.*: †lay WASTE;
 spoil, damage (Eng. *leg. waste*), destroy,
 corrupt, taint: *se —*, be spoiled, spoil,
 taint; become corrupt; *— du papier*,
 waste paper, scribble; *le temps se —*,
 the fine weather is changing. **-terie**¹³,
f.: spoiling attention, corruption. **-te-**
sauce¹³, *pl. —*, or *—s*, *m.*: poor cook;
 scullion. **-te-tout**, *pl. —*, *m.*: mar-all.

-teur¹², 1. = **ense**, m., f.: spoiler. **-teur**¹⁸, 2. = **ense**, m., f.: paralytic, having lost control of his excretory organs; imbecile. **-tine**¹⁰, f.: clearing, heath. **†-tis**¹⁷, m.: damage (done by cattle).

gatte¹⁵ [Prov. *gata* (cf. *jatte*), bowl], f.: (nav.) manger.

gattillier¹⁷ [?], m.: chaste-tree.

gau-cho¹⁴ [-chir; in sense of 'left' for older *senestre*], adj.: crooked (winding); awkward (gawky); (us'ly) left (hand); f.: left hand or side; left-hand side; left (party); left wing or flank: **à** —, on the left, to the left; **donner à** —, be in the wrong box. **-chement**¹⁷, adv.: awkwardly, clumsily. **-cher**¹⁵, **-ère**, adj.: left-handed; m., f.: left-handed person. **-cherie**¹⁷, f.: awkwardness, clumsy action. **-chir**¹¹ [older *gauchir*, Germ. *wenken* (mod. Ger. *wanken*), reel], intr.: turn aside; be warped; flinch, dodge, prevaricate; **†tr.**: turn; warp. **-chissement**¹⁵ [-chir], m.: turning (aside); warping.

gau-de¹² [Germ. *walda*], f.: (bot.) dyer's-wood; hasty-pudding. **-der**¹⁰, tr.: dye yellow.

†gau-dir¹² [L. *-dere*], refl.: rejoice, be jolly. **-drôle**¹⁷, f.: broad joke.

†gaudron, etc. = *godron*, etc.

gau-frage¹⁸, m.: goffering (mode of plaiting or fluting). **||gau-fre**¹¹ [L. Ger. *wafel* (= Ger. *wabe*), honeycomb], f.: honeycomb; WAFFLE; victim, dupe; embossing (of paper). **-fre**¹⁵, tr.: GOFFER, plait. **-frette**¹⁵, f.: little waffle. **-freur**¹⁷, = **ense** [-*frer*], m., f.: gofferer. **-frer**¹⁸, m.: waffle-iron. **-froir**¹⁷ [-*frer*], m.: goffering-iron. **-frure**¹⁴ [-*frer*], f.: goffering; embossing; shape of artificial flowers.

†gau-lade¹⁵, f.: stroke of a pole. **-lage**¹⁸ [-*ler*], m.: knocking (down) with a pole.

Gaule, f.: Gaul (the country). **||gau-le**¹² [?], f.: pole; switch. **-lée**¹⁶, f.: what is knocked down with a pole, knock-down.

-ler¹⁸, tr.: beat, knock with a pole; **†travage**. **-lette**¹⁴, f.: little pole. **-lis**¹², m.: branch; small wood.

gau-lois, **-loïse** [Gaule, Gaul], m., f.: Gaul (person); Gallic language; adj.: Gallic; old-fashioned (m., f. person), rude; somewhat free, frank. **†loïsement**¹⁶, adv.: simply. **-loïserie**¹⁸, f.: somewhat free act or language; frankness.

†gauppe¹⁴ [?], f.: sloven, slut; adj.: slovenly.

gaus-se¹⁰, f.: mocking tale. **||-ser**¹⁵ [?], refl.: jeer, banter. **-serie**¹⁸, f.: bantering. **-seur**¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: banterer.

Gauthier, m.: Walter.

†gava-che¹⁸ [Span. *-cho*], m.: coward.

gaver¹⁰ [Prov. *-va* (?)], tr.: cram.

gavial¹⁷ [fr. Hind.], m.: = (sort of crocodile).

†gavion¹² [OFr. *-ve*, throat], m.: throat.

gaviteau¹⁰ [Prov. *-ten*], m.: buoy.

gavotte¹⁰ [Prov. *-to*, 'dance of the Gavots' (nickname of Alp-dwellers)], f.: GAVOT (dance or air).

gô-z¹⁰ [word made by Van Helmont], m.: gas; (med.) flatus: — **étouffant**, choke-damp; **bec de** —, gas-burner.

gaze¹⁵ [?], f.: GAUZE.

gazé-fier¹⁸ [gaz], tr.: gassify. **-iforme**¹⁸, adj.: gasiform, gaseous.

gazelle¹² [Ar. *ghazal*], f.: =.

gazer¹⁷ [-ze], tr.: cover with gauze; cover thinly, gloss over.

†ga-zetier¹⁰, m.: gazetter. **†-zetin**¹⁷, m.: little gazette or paper. **||-zette**¹⁸ [It. *-zetta* (orig. a coin, the cost of the paper)], f.: = daily paper, paper; distribution of papers; newsmonger.

ga-zeux¹⁷, = **ense** [gaz], adj.: gaseous.

1. **-zier**¹⁸, = **ère** [gaz], adj.: of gas, gas-
2. **†gazier**¹⁷, **-zière** [-ze], m., f.: gauze-maker.

gazomètre¹⁷ [gaz, mètre], f.: gasometer.

ga-zon¹² [OHG. *waso* (= Ger. *wasen*), m.: sward, sod, grass, turf; (fort.) =: **parterre de** —, grass-plot, lawn. **-zonnant**¹² [-zonner], adj.: producing sod or grass. **-zonnement**¹⁷ [-zonner], m.: turfing, sodding. **-zonner**¹², tr.: cover with sod or grass, sod; intr.: form a sod, be covered with grass.

gazouil-lement¹⁸, m.: chirping, warbling; babbling. **||-ler**¹⁸ [?], intr.: chirp, warble, twitter; murmur. **-lis**¹², m.: chirping, twitter; murmur.

gai¹¹ [?], m.: JAY.

géant⁰, **-ante** [p. L. **gagas* (L. *gigas*, *-gantis*)], m., f.: GIANT, giantess; adj.: gigantic.

gecko¹⁷ [echoic], m.: = (lizard).

Gédéon, m.: Gideon.

géhénne¹² [L. *-na* (Hebr. *ghe-hinnom*, 'valley of Hinnom')], f.: gehenna; hell.

1. **geindre**⁰ [L. *gemere*], irr. (cf. *peindre*); intr.: whine, moan.

2. **†geindre** = *gindre*.

†gel⁰ [L. *gelu*], m.: frost.

gélati-ne¹⁰ [L. *gelatus*, frozen], f.: gelatin. **-neur**¹⁷, = **ense**, adj.: gelatinous.

gr-lé¹⁰, part.: frozen; frost-bitten. **-lée**⁰ [p. L. **-lata*], f.: frost; JELLY: — **blanche**, hoar-frost; — **de mer**, jelly-fish. **||-ler**⁰ [L. *-lāre*], tr.: freeze; intr. or refl.: freeze; be very cold. **-leur**¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: freezer; (*jeat*) saint celebrated in the frosty season.

gélif¹⁵, **-ive** [geler], adj.: cracked by the frost.

†**gall-ne**⁹ [L. *gallina*], *f.*: hen. -**notte**¹⁵, *f.*: hazel-hen; fattened fowl.

géli-s¹⁵, -**asse** [geler], *adj.*: cracked by the frost. -**ssure**¹¹, *f.*: frost-crack.

†**gé-méau**¹⁵, *pl.* -**x**, -**melle** [L. *gemellus* (-*minus*)], *m., f.*: twin; *pl.*: GEMINI. -**miné**¹⁷ [L. -*minatus*], *adj.*: geminate, double; (*leg.*) reiterated.

gé-mir¹⁵ [geindre, by change of conjug'n], *intr.*: groan, moan; lament; repine. -**missant**¹⁴, *adj.*: moaning, lamenting. -**misement**¹¹, *m.*: groan, moan; lamentation.

gem-mal¹⁸, *adj.*: gemmaceous. -**ma-tion**¹⁷ [L. -*matio*], *f.*: =. || -**me**¹⁷ [L. -*ma*], *f.*: gem; (*bot.*) gemma, leaf-bud. -**mipare**¹⁷ [L. *parere*, produce], *adj.*: (*bot.*) gemmiferous; (*dial.*) gemmiparous. -**mule**¹⁸, *f.*: =.

gémonies¹⁵ [L. -*nice*], *f. pl.*: gemoniæ (place where executed persons were exposed in Rome): *trainer aux* —, overwhelm with insult.

géal¹⁷ [L. *gena*, cheek], *adj.*: of the cheek.

génant¹⁵ [gêner], *adj.*: embarrassing, troublesome; inconvenient.

geneive⁹ [L. *gingiva*], *f.*: gum.

gendar-me¹⁵ [gens d'armes], *m.*: †man-at-arms (esp. mounted soldier, †Eng. *gendarme*); police soldier; (*fig.*) 'dragoon' (strong-headed man or woman); guard of a ploughshare; (*jest.*) spark (of fire); lees (in wine); spot (in the eye); flaw (in a diamond). -**mer**¹⁵, *refl.*: arm one's self, make resistance, resist, oppose; *tr.*: (rare) dragoon. -**marie**¹⁵, *f.*: †gendarmery; corps of police soldiers; barrack.

gendre⁹ [L. *gener* (ak. to *genus*, KIN)], *m.*: son-in-law.

gê-ne¹² [old form *gehine*, fr. OFr. *gehir* (OHG. *jehan*), 'avow'; early influenced by *gehenne*, 'gehenna'], *f.*: (OFr. *avow*, *avow* by torture) †torture; constraint, inconvenience, trouble; embarrassment, pecuniary difficulty: *avec* —, uneasily, uncomfortably; *dans la* —, under constraint; embarrassed, uncomfortable; *sans* —, unconstrained; unembarrassed, at one's ease, at home; without ceremony; *être à la* —, be uncomfortable, be uneasy; *mettre à la* —, render uncomfortable; put to trouble; *se mettre l'esprit à la* —, torment one's self, rack one's brains. -**né** [-*mer*], *part.*: constrained, embarrassed, uneasy; short of cash.

généalo-gie¹¹ [L.-Gr. -*gia* (Gr. *généa*, birth, race, *lógos*, discourse)], *f.*: genealogy. -**gique**¹⁴, *adj.*: genealogical. -**giste**¹⁰, *m.*: genealogist.

génépi¹⁷ [Savoy. (?)], *m.*: Alpine artemisia; remedy made of this plant.

gêner¹² [gêne], *tr.*: torture, torment; constrain, incommode, trouble, disturb; annoy; embarrass, pinch: *se* —, constrain or incommode one's self, trouble one's self; be ceremonious; *ne pas se* —, make no ceremony, be at one's ease, make one's self at home.

généra-l¹¹, -**le** [L. -*lis*, 'rel. to a *genus* or whole class'], *adj.*: general; *m.*: general; *f.*: fire-drum; general (roll of the drum); general's wife. -**lat**¹⁶, *m.*: generalship (grade, dignity). -**le**, see -*l*. -**lement**¹¹, *adj.*: generally. -**lisateur**¹⁸, -**trice** [-*lier*], *adj.*: generalising. -**lisat-ion**¹⁷ [-*lier*], *f.*: generalisation. -**li-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: generalise; *se* —, become general or common. -**lissime**¹⁵ [It. -*lissimo*], *m.*: generalissimo. -**lité**¹², *f.*: generality, old administrative district; general staff of an army, headquarters.

généra-teur¹⁵, -**trice** [L. -*tor* (-*re*, produce)], *adj.*: generating; *m., f.*: generator, generant. -**tif**¹², -**ive** [L. -*re*], *adj.*: generative. -**tion**¹¹ [L. -*tio*], *f.*: generation.

géné-reusement¹⁵, *adv.*: generously, nobly. || -**reux**¹⁵, -**ense** [L. -*rosus* (*genus*, race), high-born, noble], *adj.*: generous (to noble birth; noble; open-handed; abundant; exalting).

générique¹⁵ [L. *genus*, race], *adj.*: generic.

générosité¹⁵ [L. -*rositas* (cf. Fr. -*reux*)], *f.*: generosity.

Gènes, *f.*: Genoa (city of Italy).

gênèse¹⁵ or †**nésie** [Gr. *gennesis*], *f.*: production, GENESIS.

ge-nestrol(le)¹⁴ [Prov. -*lo*], *f.*: dyer's-broom, green-weed. || -**nêt**⁹ [p. L. -*nistum* (L. -*nista*)], *m.*: (*bot.*) broom.

genet¹³ [Span. *jinete* (?)], *m.*: = (small Spanish horse).

généthliaque¹⁵ [L. -*liacus* (Gr. *genêthê*, birth)], *adj.* or *m.*: (*astrol.*) genethliac.

génétière¹⁵ [-*nêt*], *f.*: broom-land.

génétiq-ue¹⁵ [Gr. *gennetikós* (*gennân*, engender)], *adj.*: genetic.

1. **genette**¹² [Span. *jineta* (fr. Ar.)], *f.*: genet, -tte (small carnivore).

2. **genette**¹⁴ [-*nêt*], *f.*: bit (with a ring-shaped curb): *à la* —, with short stirrups (genets being thus mounted).

Gênè-ve, *f.*: Geneva (chief city of Switzerland). **gène-vois**, -**voise**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Genevese, Genevan.

géné-vrette¹⁷ [genièvre], *f.*: juniper-beer. || -**vrîer**¹³ [genièvre], *m.*: juniper-tree.

gé-nial¹⁵, *adj.*: denoting genius, (†Eng. *genial*), inspired, keen. || -**nie**¹⁵ [L. *genius* (root *gen*, beget), 'divinity presiding over births, tutelar deity'; influenced by *in-genium*, 'innate gift'], *m.*: GENIUS

(good or evil spirit presiding over man's destiny, etc.; fairy; animating spirit; allegorical being personifying certain arts; innate disposition, talent or superior gift; a man thus endowed); (*mil.*) ENGINEERING; corps of engineers.

génien¹³, -**enne** [Gr. *gêneion*, CHIN], *adj.*: genian.

génévère^o [L. *jūniperus*], *m.*: juniper; juniper berry; GENEVA, GIN.

génisse^o or **genisse** [p. L. *jūnicia* (L. *jūnix*, YOUNG girl or cow)], *f.*: heifer.

géné-tal¹³ [L. *-talis* (root *gen*, beget)], *adj.*: genital. **-tif**¹³ [L. *-tivus*, of birth or source], *m.*: genitive. **†-toires**¹¹ [L. *-talia*], *m. pl.*: genitals. **†-ture**¹⁴ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: offspring.

ge-nou^o, *pl.* — *x* [old *genouil*; cf. der.: p. L. *†-nuculum* (L. *-nu*)], *m.*: KNEE; articulated part of various things; ball and socket: *à — x*, on one's knees; *aux — x*, at the feet. **†-nou/lade**¹⁰, *f.*: genuflection. **-nouillere**¹¹, *f.*: knee-protector, knee-piece (of armour), knee-cap; top (of boots); pulley-piece.

genre¹¹ [L. *genus*; KIN, race], *m.*: GENUS (class, species); kind, sort; style, fashion; GENDER; **GENRE**: *de bon —*, gentlemanly; ladylike; *de mauvais —*, ungentlemanly; unladylike.

1. gens¹⁰ [old *pl.* of *gent*], *m. or f. pl.*: people, persons, men; domestics, attendants: — *de bien*, honest people; — *de guerre*, warriors, soldiers; — *d'affaires*, business men; *les petites —*, humble people. **2. -ens**¹⁸ [L.], *f.*: clan, gens. **1. -ent**^o [L. *gens* (root *gen*, beget), family, tribe], *f.*: tribe, race, nation. **2. †gent**¹⁰ [L. *genitum*, born], *adj.*: fair, comely.

gentia-ne¹⁷ [L. *-na*], *f.*: gentian (plant). **-nées**¹⁸, *f. pl.*: genus of *gentiana*. **-nelle**¹⁷, *f.*: small gentian.

1. gentil¹⁶ [L. *-lis* (*gens*, tribe)], *m.*: Gentile, heathen.

2. gen-til^o *-tiy* bef. vowel, **-tîle** [L. *-tilis* (*gens*, family), 'of (good) family'], *adj.*: (old) noble; pleasing, pretty, fine; GENTEL (polished, polite); *m., f.*: pretty person: *faire le —*, play the amiable, affect graceful manners. **-tilhomme**¹⁰, *pl. -tilshommes* [*homme*]; *m.*: nobleman, (OENG. GENTILMAN); royal attendant ('gentleman'); booby (bird): — *s de la chambre*, king's gentlemen (special attendants); *rire en —*, live without working; — *à lièvre*, poor country squire (as living by hunting). **†-tilhommeau**¹⁴ [*-tilhomme*], *m.*: poor nobleman. **-tilhommerie**¹⁸ [*-tilhomme*], *f.*: gentility; cheap gentry. **-tilhommière**¹⁸ [*-tilhomme*], *f.*: small country-seat. **-tilité**¹³ [*-til*], *f.*: Gentile nations; heathendom.

-tillâtre¹¹, *m.*: lordling. **-tillesse**¹¹, *f.*: (old) nobility; pleasingness, gracefulness, prettiness; pretty thing or thought; pretty trick. **-timent**¹¹ [for *-tilment*], *adv.*: prettily, gracefully, nicely.

gentleman¹⁷ [Eng. (Fr. *gentil*, Eng. man)], *m.*: =.

genuflection¹³ [L. *genu-flexio*, 'KNEE-bending'], *f.*: genuflection, kneeling.

géo- [Gr. *geo-*, *gê*, earth]: **-centrique**¹⁷ [Gr. *kéntron*, CENTRE], *adj.*: geocentric.

-de [L. *-des*], *f.*: geode. **-désie**¹⁰ [Gr. *-desia* (*dalein*, divide)], *f.*: geodesy. **-desique**¹⁷ [*-désie*], *adj.*: geodesical. **-gnosie**¹³ [Gr. *gnôsis*, KNOWLEDGE], *f.*: geognosy. **-graphe**¹³ [L. *-graphus* (cf. next)], *m.*: geographer. **-graphie**¹⁴ [L. *-graphia* (Gr. *graphê*, description)], *f.*: geography.

-graphique¹³ [L. *-graphicus* (cf. preced.)], *adj.*: geographical. **-graphiquement**¹⁵ [*-graphique*], *adv.*: geographically.

géo-lage¹⁷, *m.*: (old) gaol fee. [**géo-le**^o [p. L. *caveola* (dim. of L. *cavea*, CAGE)], *f.*: (old) CAGE; GAOL, JAIL, prison; jailer's lodging. **-lièr**¹², **-ère**, *m., f.*: gaoler, jailer.

géo- [Gr. *gê*, earth]. **-logie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: geology. **-logique**¹⁷ [*-logie*], *adj.*: geological. **-logiquement**¹⁸, *adv.*: geologically. **-logue**¹⁷ [*-logie*], *m.*: geologist. **-manee**¹³ or **-mancie**

[L. *-mantia* (Gr. *mantela*, divination)], *f.*: geomancy. **-mancien**¹⁵ = **-enne** [*-manee*], *m., f.*: geomancer. **-métral**¹⁰ [*-mètre*], *adj.*: geometrical. **-métraleme**¹⁵ [*-métral*], *adv.*: geometrically. **-mètre**¹² [L. *-metres* (cf. next)], *m.*: metrician; surveyor; geometer ('inch-worm', looper); *adj.*: of a —. **-métric**¹¹ [L. *-metria* (Gr. *mêtron*, MEASURE)], *f.*: geometry. **-métrique**¹³ [L. *-metricus* (cf. preced.)], *adj.*: geometrical. **-métriquement**¹⁵ [*-métrique*], *adv.*: geometrically. **-rama**¹⁸ [Gr. *hórama*, sight], *m.*: georama.

géorgien, *adj.*: Georgian.

géorgique [L. *-gicus* (Gr. *gê*, earth, *érgein*, WORK), agricultural, sc. *carmen*, song], *adj.*: Georgic; *pl.* Virgil's Georgics.

gérance¹⁵ [*-rant*], *f.*: management.

géranium¹⁰ [L. (Gr. *-nos*, CRANE)], *m.*: geranium (plant with a beaklike torus).

gérant¹⁵, **-rante** [*-rer*], *m., f.*: manager, regent; responsible editor.

gerbage¹⁸ [*-ber*], *m.*: sheaving (of wheat). **†-be**¹² [OHG. *garba* (= Ger. *-be*)], *f.*: sheaf; gerbe (in fire-works). **-bée**¹⁵, *f.*: bundle of straw not thrashed clean. **-ber**¹², *tr.*: sheave, bind into a sheaf or sheaves; heap up; *intr.*: be gathered into a sheaf or sheaves. **-bièr**, *m.*: grain-stack, rick.

gerbo¹⁷, *m.* or *-boîse*, *f.* [fr. Ar.]: jerboa (rodent).

ger-ee¹⁵, *f.*: chink, crack; moth. || *-eer*^o [p. L. **carpiäre* (L. *carpere*, tear)], *tr.*: crack, chap: *se* —, crack, chap. *-cure*¹⁴, *f.*: chap, crack, chink.

gêrêr¹⁵ [L. *gerere*, lead], *tr.*: manage, administer.

gerfauc¹¹ [OHG. *gir* (= Ger. *geier*), vulture, fauc, old Nomin. of *faucou*], *m.*: GERFALCON.

germain, *-aine* [L. *-manus* (? fr. Celt.)], *adj.*: Germanic; *m., f.*: GERMAN (native of ancient Germany).

2.germain^o, *-aine* [L. *-manus* (ak. to *-men*, germ)], *adj.*: GERMAN (born of the same parents, full; born of brothers or sisters, first); *m., f.*: brother; sister; cousin-german: *issu de* —, second cousin; *il a le — sur moi*, he is cousin-german to my father (mother).

germandrée¹¹ [L. *chamadrys* (Gr. *chamai-drus*, 'earth-oak')], *f.*: germander.

germanisme¹⁷ [L. *-manus* (cf. 1.-main)], *m.*: germanism.

ger-me^o [L. *-men*], *m.*: GERM; sprout, shoot, seed; (*bot.*) ovary. *-mer*^o [L. *-minare*], *intr.*: germinate (sprout, shoot, spring up); *tr.*: germinate, breed. *-minal*¹⁷ [L. *-men*], *adj.*: germinal; *m.*: Germinal (seventh month of the revolutionary calendar: March 21st to April 19th). *-minatif*¹⁵, *-ive* [L. *-minare*, germinate], *adj.*: germinative. *-mination*¹⁴ [L. *-minatio*], *f.*: —. *-moir*¹⁷ [*-mer*], *m.*: seed-holder; malt-house. *†-mure*¹⁷ [*-mer*], *f.*: germination.

†gérofle = girofle.

gêrondif¹⁵ [L. *gerundivum* (*gerere*, perform)], *m.*: gerund.

gêronte¹⁵ [comic character (Gr. *gêron*, old man)], *m.*: weak-minded old man.

gerseau¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (nav.) small grummet.

gerseau¹¹ [?], *m.*: fennel-flower.

gésier⁵ [L. *gigerium*, entrails of poultry], *m.*: GIZZARD.

†gé-aine¹¹, *f.*: confinement, childbed. || *-sir*^o [L. *jacere*], *def. §*; *intr.*: lie; lie buried.

§ *Ind.*: Pr. *git*; *gir-ous*, *-ez*, *-ent*. *Ipf. gisais*, etc. — Part.: Fr. *gis(s)ant*.

gesse¹⁴ [Prov. *geiss*], *f.*: vetch.

gestation¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (*gerere*, bear)], *f.*: = (period of pregnancy).

1.geste¹⁰ [L. *-ta* (*gerere*, act), deeds, feats], *f.*: feat, (†Eng. *gest*), exploit; trick: *chanson de* —, (French) epic poem (of the middle ages).

2.ges-te¹⁴ [L. *-tus* (*gerere*, act)], *m.*: gesture, sign. *-ticulatur*¹⁵, *-tricc* [L. *-ticulator*], *m., f.*: gesticulator. *-tication*¹⁵ [L. *-ticulatio*], *f.*: —. *-ti-*

*culer*¹⁵ [L. *-ticulare* (*-ticulus*, mimic gesture)], *intr.*: gesticulate.

gestion¹⁴ [L. *-tio* (*gerere*, act)], *f.*: management.

gêsser¹⁵ *gê-y-* [Isrl. (*-sa*, GUSH forth)], *m.*: —.

gïaour [Turk.], *m.*: = (infidel).

gibbeur¹⁴, *-euse* [L. *-bokus* (bus, hump)], *adj.*: gibbous (humped, protuberant).

gibbon¹⁷ [Ind.], *m.*: = (ape).

gibbosité¹² [L. *-sus*, cf. Fr. *gibbeur*], *f.*: gibbosity.

gibecièr¹⁵ [OFr. *-eer* (cf. *gibier*, go hunting)], *f.*: game-bag; bag, pouch; juggler's pocket: *faire des tours de* —, play tricks of legerdemain.

gibélet¹⁴ [?], *m.*: WIMBLE, GIMLET (fr. Fr.): *il a un coup de* —, he is cracked.

gibellin¹² [It. *Ghibellino* (fr. Ger.)], *m.*: Ghibelline (adherent of the German emperor, not of the pope; 12th and 13th cent.).

gibelotte¹⁷ [?], *f.*: rabbit-stew.

giberne¹⁷ [It. *-na* (?)], *f.*: cartridge-box.

gibet¹² [?], *m.*: gibbet, gallows; cross.

gibier¹¹ [?], *m.*: (OFr. *chase*) — *à plume*, feathered game; *gros* —, forest game (roe-buck, boar, etc.); *menu* —, small game (birds, hare, etc.); — *de potence* (*de galère*, *de grève*), gallows-bird (Newgate-bird, jail-bird); *pièce de* —, head of bird; *cela n'est pas de son* —, that is not his fancy; that is beyond his reach.

giboulée¹⁵ [?], *f.*: gusty shower (of rain, hail, or snow): — *de mars*, April shower.

†gibo-yer¹¹ [ak. to *bier*], *intr.*: go hunting. *-yeur*¹⁵, *m.*: huntsman; dealer in game. *-yeux¹⁷, *-euse*, *adj.*: full of game.*

gi-ffe¹² [?], *f.*: †check; slap in the face. *-flor*¹⁵, *tr.*: slap in the face.

gigan-tesque¹⁵ [It. *-tesco* (*-te*, GIANT)], *adj.*: gigantic. *-tesquement*¹⁵, *adv.*: gigantically.

Gigogne¹⁷, *f.*: name of a woman in a children's play, surrounded by numerous children; primrose: *mère* (*madame*) —, woman with many children; *danse* —, old dance.

gi-got¹⁴ [?], *m.*: leg of mutton; hind-leg (of a horse); (*gok*) leg, shank (of a person); †watchman; sleeve puff. *-goté*¹⁵, *adj.*: strong-limbed. *-goter*¹⁷, *intr.*: shake the legs, kick; (*gok*) dance.

1.gigue¹⁵ [Eng. *jig* (OHG. *gige* = Ger. *geige*, fiddle)], *f.*: JIG (tune, dance).

2.gigue¹⁵, *f.*: leg, shank: *une grande* —, tall, slim girl. *†l-guer*¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: gambol, frisk.

gilet¹⁷ [Gille, who introduced the vest], *m.*: waistcoat (vest; woman's garment; undergarment). *-letier*¹⁵, *-ère* [*-let*],

m., f.: waistcoat-maker. *i. || -lle*¹⁵ [Gille, name of a clown], *m.*: clown; ninny: *faire* —, run off.

*2. gille*¹⁶ [?], *f.*: fishing-net.

*gimblette*¹⁶ [Prov. -to (?)], *f.*: ring-shaped biscuit; cake.

*gindre*¹⁶ [p. L. *junior (L. júnior), YOUNGER], *m.*: baker's workman.

*gingas*¹⁵ [?], *m.*: ticking, tick.

*gingembre*¹⁵ [L. *zingiberi* (Orient.)], *m.*: GINGER.

*gingival*¹⁵ [L. -va, gum], *adj.*: =.

*ginglyme*¹⁵ [Gr. -mos], *m.*: ginglymus, hinge joint.

*gin-guer*¹⁴ (dial.) = *giguer*. -*guet*¹⁵ = *ette*, *adj.*: sourish; of small value, worthless; scanty, frivolous; *m.*: sourish wine.

*girafe*¹² [It. -ffa (fr. Ar.)], *f.*: giraffe.

*giran-de*¹⁶ [It. -randa (L. *gyrare*, turn)], *f.*: sheaf (jet) of water or light, girandole. -*dole*¹⁶ [It. -dole], *f.*: = (revolving firework; branched candlestick); jet of water; ear-ring with many pendants.

*girasol*¹⁵ [It. -le (L. *gyrare*, turn around, sol, sun)], *m.*: = (HELIOCOPE; opal).

*giratoire*¹⁶ [L. *gyrare*, turn], *adj.*: gyrotory, gyral.

*giraumont*¹⁷ [?], *m.*: pumpkin.

*girie*¹⁵ [?], *f.*: affected complaint; affection.

*giro-fle*¹¹ [L.-Gr. *caryophyllon* (Gr. *káruon*, nut, *phýllon*, leaf)], *m.*: clove (bud of the clove-tree); *clou de* —, clove. -*flé*¹², -*é*, *adj.*: of clove; *f.*: GILL-FLLOWER: — *jaune*, wallflower; — *à cinq feuilles*, five-leaved gillflower; (*jok*) slap in the face (leaving a mark of the five fingers). -*fler*, *m.*: clove-tree.

*girole*¹⁵ [Prov. -oulo (?)], *f.*: parsnip.

*girolle*¹⁵ [? *gyrare*, turn], *f.*: kind of edible mushroom.

*gi-ron*¹⁰ [OHG. *gero*], *m.*: (Ofr. triangular piece); GYRON (triangle in an escutcheon); winder (triangular or trapezoid tread of stairs); (Ofr. flap of garment); lap, bosom: — *droit*, rectangular tread; — *de l'église*, lap or bosom of the Church. -*ronné*¹⁷, *adj.*: arranged in gyrons, gyronny; arranged with winder steps.

*girouette*¹⁵ [L. *gyrare*, turn], *f.*: weathercock, vane.

*gi-sant*¹⁴ [Part. of *gésir*], *f.*: lying outstretched; lodged; *m.*: person lying sick; part of the shaft resting on the axle-tree: *meule* —, nether millstone. -*sement*¹² [*gésir*], *m.*: (nav.) position (of a coast), bearing; position of layer or vein of ore; deposit, layer, lode.

git, 3 sing. Pres. Ind. of *gésir*: *ci-git*, here lies (on tombstones).

gitano, -*na* [Span.], *m., f.*: gipsy.

*gi-te*¹¹ *jit* [*gésir*], *m.*: resting-place,

lodging, home; form or bed of a hare; (nav.) *f.*: stranding-place; deposit, layer, bed; bedding; nether millstone; lower part of a carriage top: *revenir au* —, return to one's own; *attendre le lièvre au* —, find people at their home, see them personally; † *d'étape*, soldiers' halting-place. -*ter*¹², *intr.*: lie down, lodge; *fr.*: lodge.

1. † *givre*, *f.*: -é = *guivre*, -é.

2. *gi-vre*¹⁴ [?], *m.*: hoar-frost, rime; frost-work. -*vré*¹⁵, *adj.*: covered with frost or frost-work. -*vreux*¹⁵, -*ense*, *adj.*: flawed (of precious stones). -*vrure*¹⁵, *f.*: flaw (in a diamond).

*glabre*¹⁵ [L. *glaber*], *adj.*: glabrous, smooth.

*glacant*¹⁷ [-cer], *adj.*: freezing, icy. -*ce*¹⁶ [p. L. *cia (L. -cia)], *f.*: ice; freezing-point; ice-cream; frostiness; (what resembles ice, hence) plate-glass, mirror, coach-window; frost-work; jelly; flaw (in a diamond). -*cé*¹⁷, -*cé* [-cer], *part.*: frozen, iced; icy cold, chilly; freezing, nipping; frosted; glazed; *m.*: glazing; varnish; *f.*: ice-plant; sort of apple. -*cer*¹⁶ [L. -ciare], *tr.*: freeze, ice, chill, benumb; freeze up, congeal; frost; glaze, varnish; smooth, stitch down (a lining); *intr.*: freeze: *se* —, freeze, become icy or chilled. -*cieux*¹⁴, -*ense*, *adj.*: †freezing; flawed. -*ciaio*¹⁵ [L. -cies, ice], *adj.*: (geol.) glacial. -*cial*¹⁵, -*le* [L. -cialis], *adj.*: glacial (frozen, frigid); cold; freezing. -*cier*¹⁷, *m.*: = (moving field of ice), ice-cream dealer; glass dealer. -*cière*¹⁶, *f.*: ice-cellar, ice-house; †mass of ice. -*cis*¹⁵ [-cer], *m.*: = (smooth slope; esp. in fort., slope inclining outwardly from covered way); (arch.) talus, weathering; glazing; plastering; stitching (in a lining). -*con*¹¹, *m.*: piece of ice; icicle. -*cure*¹⁷, *f.*: glazing (glossy substance).

*gladiateur*¹² [L. -tor (*gladius*, sword, GLAIVE)], *m.*: gladiator; †duellist.

† *glai-ai*¹⁶ [L. *gladius*, sword, GLAIVE], *m.*, -*aioul*¹⁶ [L. *gladiolus*, small sword], *m.*: GLADIOL (lily-like plant), corn-flag.

*glai-rage*¹⁵ [-rer], *m.*: glairing. *glai-re*¹⁶ [p. L. *clāria (L. *clārus*, clear)], *f.*: GLAIR. -*rer*¹⁶, *tr.*: glair. -*reux*¹², -*ense*, *adj.*: glairy. -*rure*¹⁵ [-rer], *f.*: glair (used in gilding).

*glai-se*¹⁶ [p. L. *glitia (*glis*, loam; ? ak. to CLAY)], *f.*: potter's clay; *terre* —, loam, clay. -*ser*¹⁶, *tr.*: loam, marl. -*sen*¹², -*ense*, *adj.*: clayey, loamy, marly. -*sière*¹⁷, *f.*: clay-pit, marl-pit.

*glai-ve*¹⁰ [L. *gladius*], *f.*: = (sword, blade). † *glama* = *lama*.

*glange*¹⁶ [-ner], *m.*: gleaner.

*glan-dé*¹² [L. *glans*], *m.*: acorn; (acorn-

like thing, as) tassel-ball, tassel, ball;
GLANS: — *de terre*, pea-nut, earth-nut;
— *de mer*, acorn-shell. **glan-de**¹² [L.
-dula (dim. of glans)], *f.*: GLAND; tumour.
1. **dé**¹⁵, *adj.*: acorned. 2. **dé**¹⁶ [-de],
adj.: glandered. **-dée**¹⁴, *f.*: crop of
acorns; mast pannag (food of swine in
the woods, as acorns, etc.). **-dulaire**¹⁰
[-dule], *adj.*: glandular. **-dule**¹³ [L.
-dula (dim. of glans)], *f.*: =. **-duleux**¹³,
= **-ense** [-dule], *adj.*: glandulous.

glane¹², *f.*: handful of grain gleaned,
gleaning; bunch (of fruit, etc.): — *d'oi-*
gnons, rope of onions. **-ner**[°] [L. *glendare*],
tr.: GLEAN. **-neur**¹², = **-ense**, *m.*, *f.*:
gleaner. **-nure**¹⁵, *f.*: gleaning.

glapir¹¹ [for -tir], *intr.*: yelp; screech.
-pissant¹⁶, *adj.*: yelping; squeaking,
shrill. **-pissement**¹⁶, *m.*: yelping;
squeaking, scream.

glaréole¹⁵ [L. -la], *f.*: sort of plover.
glas[°] or **†glais** [L. *classicum*, trumpet
signal (for a class or body of men)], *m.*:
(old) ringing of all the bells of a church;
(now) knell, or toll (at the death or funeral
of a person), passing bell, funeral bell;
slow firing of guns (at a military funeral).

†glati[°] [L. -re], *intr.*: (old) yelp.

glauceux¹⁵ [L. -cium], *m.*: horn poppy.

glau-come¹⁷ [L. Gr. -coma], *m.*: glau-
coma. **glau-que**¹⁶ [L. -cus (Gr. -kōs,
blue-gray)], *adj.*: glaucous (sea-green).

glèbe¹⁴ [L. *gleba*], *f.*: glebe (clod; soil,
ground, land); *attaché à la* —, bound to
the soil.

1. **glène**¹⁷ [Prov. -na (tr. *glane*)], *f.*: coil.

2. **gl-ène**¹⁵ [Gr. *glène*, cavity], *f.*: (anat.)
cavity, socket. **-énoïdal** or **-énoïde**,
= **-dien** [Gr. *glène*, *eidos*, foam], *adj.*:
glenoid(al).

glette¹¹ [?], *f.*: (dial.) form; litharge.
gletteron¹⁵ [OHG. *chlëtto* (= Ger. *klette*)],
m.: burr; scratch-weed.

gline¹⁷ [?], *f.*: fisher's basket.

glis-sade¹⁵, *f.*: slide (sliding, =; slip;
slippery or icy surface); (danc.) side-step.

-saut¹⁴, *adj.*: slippery. **-sé**, *part.*: glided,
etc.; *m.*: (danc.) side-step. **-sement**¹⁵,
m.: slide, sliding. **-ser**¹² [OHG. *glitan*,
GLIDE], *intr.*: GLIDE, slide, slip; glance,
pass lightly (*sur*, over), make no impres-
sion; glide or slip away; *tr.*: slide, slip or
steal (in); insinuate: *se* —, slide, slip or
steal (in); worm or insinuate one's self;
glissons là-dessus, let us pass over that.

-sette¹⁵, *f.*: (math.) =. **-seur**¹⁵, = **-euse**,
m., *f.*: slider. **-sière**¹⁵, *f.*: slide, groove.

-soir¹⁵, *m.*: log slide (on mountain sides).
-soire¹⁵, *f.*: slide (on the ice or snow);
(mach.) guide.

glo-be¹² [L. -bus], *m.*: = (sphere, orb,
ball). **-béc**¹⁷, *f.*: ginger (plant). **-bu-**

laire¹⁷ [-bule], *adj.*: globular, spherical;
f.: mud-wort. **-bule**¹⁶ [L. *bulus* (dim. of
-be)], *m.*: =. **-bulen**¹⁶, = **-ense** [-bule],
adj.: formed of globules.

gl-oire[°] [L. *glōria*], *f.*: GLORY (renown;
splendour; halo; bliss). **-oria**¹⁵ [L. -oria],
f.: coffee with brandy in it. **-orieuse-**

ment¹¹ [-orieux], *adv.*: gloriously.
-orieux¹⁰, = **-ense** [L. -oriosus], *adj.*:
glorious; glorified, blessed; feeling glori-
ous, proud; vainglorious, conceited, boast-
ful, (†Eng. glorious); *m.*, *f.*: vainglorious
person, braggart; *faire le* —, be a brag-
gart. **-orification**¹⁴ [L. -orificatio (cf.
-orifier)], *f.*: =. **-orifier**¹¹ [L. *glorificare*
(facere, make)], *tr.*: glorify: *se* —, glory
(de, in), boast, plume one's self. **-oriole**¹⁷
[L. -oriola (dim.)], *f.*: vainglory.

gl-ose¹¹ [L. -ossa (Gr. -ōssa, tongue)], *f.*:
GLOSS (rare old or obscure word with its
explanation; such explanation alone; com-
ment); malignant comment; carping; bur-
lesque comment, parody: † *d'Orléans*,
gloss more obscure than the text. **-oser**¹¹,
† *tr.*: gloss (explain by a gloss); criticize;
intr.: gloss (make comments); make criti-
cism, carp (at, sur). **-oseur**¹¹, = **-ense**

[-oser], *m.*, *f.*: carper. **-ossaire**¹⁵ [L.
-ossarium], *m.*: glossary. **-ossateur**¹⁴
[L. -ossa], *m.*: maker or collector of
glosses, glossarist. **-osse** = **-ose**. † **-osser**,
† **-ossement** = **-ousser**, **-oussement**. **-os-**

sien¹⁵, = **-enne**, **-ossique**¹⁵ [Gr. -ōssa],
adj.: glossal. **-ossite**¹⁵ [Gr. -ōssa], *f.*:
glossitis (inflammation of the tongue).
-ossipète¹⁴ [Gr. -ōssa, *pētra*, rock], *m.*:
tooth of a fossil fish (at first taken for a
serpent's tongue).

glotte¹⁶ [Gr. *glōtta*, tongue], *f.*: GLOTTIS.
glou-glo-uter¹⁶, *intr.*: gobble (of tur-
keys). † **-glon**¹⁶ [echœic], *m.*: gurgling;
gobble (of turkeys).

†gloume = **glume**.
glous-sant¹⁵, *adj.*: clucking. **-sement**¹⁵,
m.: clucking. † **-ser**[°] [p. L. **glōciare* (L.
glōciare)], *intr.*: cluck (of hens).

†glour^{°, te} [old nomin. of -ton], *m.*, *f.*:
GLUTTON.

glouteron¹⁴ [pop. for *gletteron*], *m.*:
(pop.) burr, burdock.

glou-ten^{°, -tonne} [L. *glutto*], *m.*, *f.*:
glutton (voracious person; carnivorous
mammal); gluttonous. **-tonnement**¹⁶,
adv.: gluttonously, greedily. **-tonnerie**,
† **-tonnie**¹¹, *f.*: gluttony.

glu[°] [L. *glus*, *glūt*], *m.*: birdlime; GLUE.
-ant¹² [-er], *adj.*: limy, sticky; glutinous.
-au¹⁵, *m.*: lime-twig: *tendre des* —, set
lime-twigs.

glu-eine¹⁷ [Gr. -kōs, sweet], *f.*: glucina.
-cose¹⁵ [Gr. -kōs], *f.*: =, grape-sugar.

glu-er¹¹ [glu], *tr.*: lime (twith birdlime;

smear with a viscous substance, render sticky). **-eue**¹², **-eue** [glu], adj.: (rare), sticky, viscous.

glui¹¹ [?], m.: (rye-)straw.

glu-me¹⁵ [L. *-ma* (-bere, peel)], f.: =, husk. **-melle**¹⁵, f.: =.

glu-ten¹⁵ [L.], m.: =. **-tinatif**¹⁵, **-ive**, adj.: glutinative. **-tineux**¹², **-eue** [L. *-tinous*], adj.: glutinous, viscous.

gly-cérine¹⁵ [Gr. *glukérōs*, sweet], f.: glycerin(e). **||-cine**¹⁷ [Gr. *glukús*, sweet], f.: climbing vetch. **-cogène**¹⁵ [Gr. *genân*, produce], adj.: producing sugar. **-cogénie**¹⁵ [-cogène], f.: glucogeny. **†-eue** = glucose.

gly-phe¹⁷ [Gr. *gluphē* (*glápheia*, carve), carving, m.: (arch.) glyph (groove, channel). **-ptique**¹⁷ [Gr. *-ptikós*], f.: glyptics.

†gnacare¹⁵ [It. *-rra* (Ar.)], f.: cymbal.

gnaf¹⁵ [?] echoic for the drawing of the cobbler's thread, m.: (pop.) cobbler.

gnan-gnan¹⁵ [echoic], m., f.: (pop.) whining person; adj.: whining.

gneiss¹⁷ *gnéys* [Ger.], m.: =.

gnognotte¹⁵ [?], f.: (pop.) trash.

gnole¹⁷ [?], m.: (pop.) clash (of two tops); slap, scratch.

gn-ome¹⁵ [coined by Paracelsus, probably from the Gr. root *gno*, KNOW], m. or adj.: =. **-omide**¹⁷, f.: gnome.

gno-mique¹⁷ [Gr. *-mikós* (root *gno*, KNOW)], adj.: gnostic(al), sententious. **-mon**¹⁵ [Gr. *-mon*], m.: =. **-monique** [L. *-monicus* (Gr. *-kós*)], adj.: gnomonic(al); f.: gnomonics.

gnon, same as *gnole*.

gn-ose¹⁵ [Gr. *-osis* (root *gno*, KNOW)], f.: (theol.) gnosis (perfection of Christian science, as claimed by the Gnostics); Gnostic doctrine that all spiritual beings having emanated from the Deity must return to it. **-ostieisme**¹⁵ [-ostique], m.: gnosticism. **-ostique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-ostikós*], m.: gnostic; adept in gnosticism.

gnou¹² [Hotteut], m.: gnu (Afric. ante-lope).

go¹⁵ or **†go-b** [*gober*], m.: 'morsel,' only in *tout de* —, at once, straightway; unceremoniously, freely. **go-b(b)le**¹⁵, f.: fattening ball (for chickens, etc.); poison ball (for mad dogs, etc.).

gobe-let¹² [OFr. *-l* (?)], m.: goblet (drinking cup); butlership (office of one in charge of the king's wine, bread, etc.); juggler's box; cup-like flower; trimming of fruit-trees: *en* —, cup-shaped; *jouer de* —s, juggler; *tour de* —, juggler's trick. **-leterie**¹⁷ [-leter], f.: glass-making or trade. **-leter**¹⁵, m.: glass-maker (for goblets) or seller.

†gobelin¹⁵ [L. *-nus* (Gr. *kóbalos*, knave)], m.: goblin.

gobe-lot(t)er¹⁵, m.: [-let], intr.: tipple. **-loteur**¹⁵, **-eue**, m., f.: tippler.

go-be-mouches¹⁵, m.: fly-catcher (bird); fly-trap; credulous fellow; gull, simpleton. **||-ber**¹⁵ [Celt. *gobb*, mouth], tr.: swallow greedily, GOBBLE, gulp down; believe credulously: *se* —, be one's own dupe; — *quelqu'un*, be somebody's dupe; — *les mouches*, believe credulously, be gulled; trifle away the time.

1.goberge¹⁵ [?], f.: cramp, brace; crossbar; handle (of a joiner's press).

goberger¹⁵ [?], refl.: tamose or enjoy one's self; take one's ease, lounge.

go-bet¹² [Celt. *gobb*, mouth], m.: mouthful; GOBBING, swallowing; gobbler, credulous believer, gull; *prendre au* —, take by surprise. **-beter**¹², tr.: fill in or stop (joints, etc., with plaster), rough-plaster. **-betis**¹⁵, [-beter], m.: filling-plaster; rough-plastering. **-beur**¹⁵, **-eue** [-ber], m., f.: swallower; credulous person, gull: — *de mouches*, gull.

gobille [? ak. to *bille*], f.: ball.

†gobin¹⁵ [It. *-bbino* (-bbo, humped, GIBBOSE)], m.: hunchback.

godage¹⁷ [-der], m.: creasing, puckering.

go-daille¹⁵ [for *gogaille*], f.: merry feast; spree. **-dailleur**¹⁷, intr.: tipple, drink.

-dailleur¹⁵, **-eue** [-dailleur], m., f.: tippler.

godan(t)¹⁵ [?], m.: deceit, fraud, story.

godelureau¹⁵ [goguelu], m.: coxcomb, spark.

†godenet¹⁵ [?], m.: juggler's puppet; vile wretch.

goder¹⁷ [? -dron], intr.: crease; pucker.

godet¹² [?], m.: cup (cup without handle; cup-like receptacle; acorn cup); spout; vent-shell (of mortars).

godiehe¹⁷ [root of *Godon*, pet name for Claude (which see)], m., f.: simpleton, ninny.

go-dille¹⁷ [?], f.: scull (stern oar). **-diller**¹⁷, tr.: scull.

†godinette¹⁴ [? L. *gaudere*, rejoice], f.: civil girl.

godiveau¹⁵ [?], m.: force-meat pie.

go-dron¹⁴ [?], m.: round plait; godroon (carved moulding). **-dronner**¹⁵, tr.: plait round; provide with godroons.

goéland¹⁴ [fr. Bret.], m.: sea-gull.

goélette¹⁷ [?], m.: schooner; sea swallow.

goémon¹⁵ [fr. Bret.], m.: wrack (seaweed); seaweed manure.

goétie¹⁵ [L.-Gr. *-tia*, sorcery], f.: invocation of evil spirits, (†Eng. goety).

†goffe¹⁵ [It. *-ffo*], adj.: heavy, coarse.

gogaille¹⁵ [-gue], f.: (pop.) merrymaking.

1.gogo¹⁴ [?], adv.: in a —, plentifully; in clover.

2.gogo¹⁵ [?], m.: (fam.) dupe, gull.

†gogue¹¹ [?], *f.*: mirth. **-lu**¹⁴, *adj.*: self-content. **-nard**¹⁰, = **-arde**, *adj.*: mocking, jeering, derisive; *m., f.*: jeerer, banterer. **-narder**¹⁰ [-**nard**], *tr.*: mock, jeer, banter. **-narderie**¹⁰ [-**nard**], *f.*: mockery, jeering, bantering.

goguenot¹⁰ [?], *m.*: (*dial.*) cider jug; beton work supporter; (*triv.*) privy.

goguette¹⁴ [-**gue**], *f.*: (*fam.*) mirth; merry story: *être en* — (*s*) à, be gay (from drinking); *chanter* — (*s*) à, reproach, abuse.

gojn-fre¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (*old*) marauder; parasite; gormandiser, glutton. **-frer**¹⁰, *intr.*: gormandise. **-frerie**¹⁰, *f.*: gormandising.

goi-tre¹⁰, *m.*: = (swelling on the neck). **[-treuc]**¹⁴, = **-euse** [Prov. -*tros* (L. *guttur*, throat)], *adj.*: goitrous (cf. *-oltre*); *m., f.*: person affected with a goitre; pelican.

golfe¹² [It. *-fo* (Gr. *kolpos*, bosom, bay)], *m.*: GULF.

†gomène = *gumène*.

gom-mage¹⁰, *m.*: gumming. **[-me]**¹¹ [L. -*mis* (fr. *Egypt*)], *m.*: GUM: — *élastique*, India rubber. **-mer**¹⁰, *tr.*: gum. **-meuc**¹⁰, = **-euse**, *adj.*: gummy, gummy; *m.*: young man with exhausted vitality; libertine; dandy, fop. **-mier**¹⁰, *m.*: gum-tree.

gond⁹ [L. *gompus*, bolt], *m.*: hinge (hook on which a door swings); pintle (of a rudder): *hors des* — *s*, unhinged, beside one's self, mad.

gondo-le¹⁰ [It. *-la* (?)], *f.*: gondola; drinking cup (without handle); oval saucer; paved gutter. **-ler**¹⁰, *intr.*: warp. **-lier**¹⁰, = **-ère**, *m., f.*: gondolier.

gonfal... = *gonfan*...

gonfa-non¹⁰ [OHG. *gunt-fano*, 'battle-banner'], *m.*: = (military or ecclesiastical banner). **-nonier**¹⁰, *m.*: gonfalonier (standard bearer): — *de l'Eglise*, Pope's official in Italian cities.

gon-flement¹⁰, *m.*: swelling, inflation. **[-fier]**¹⁰ [It. *-flare* (L. *flare*, blow)], *tr.*: INFLATE, puff up, swell: *se* —, swell (up), be swollen; become inflated; *avoir le cœur -flé*, feel like crying.

gong¹⁰ [Malay], *m.*: =.

Gonin¹⁰ or **gonin** [prop. name], *m.*: trickster, rogue.

gonne¹⁰ [?], *f.*: tar-barrel, cask.

gonorrhée¹⁰ [L. *-hœa* (Gr. *gonê*, semen, *rhêin*, flow)], *f.*: gonorrhœa.

gord¹⁰ [?], *m.*: fishing net (between poles, in a river).

gordien [Gordus, King of Phrygia], *adj.*: Gordian.

goret¹² [OFr. -*re*, sow], *m.*: little pig; dirty child; (*nar.*) 'hog' (scrubbing broom).

gor-ge⁹ [p. L. -*ga* (?)], *f.*: throat (neck; pharynx; gullet, gorge); neck and shoulders (of a woman); breast; gorge (narrow opening or pass, defile, strait; entrance into a

bastion, concave moulding; groove; what is gorged by a hawk, etc.): *mentir par la* —, lie openly; *rendre* —, vomit; disgorge, refund; à *pleine* —, at the top of one's voice; *faire des* — *s chaudes* de, ridicule; *donner* — *chaude*, give palpitating flesh (to a hawk, etc.). **-ge-dz-pigeon**, *m.*: variegation of colour (like a 'dove's neck'); *adj.*: variegated, shot. **-gée**¹², *f.*: gulp, draught, mouthful. **-ger**¹², *tr.*: gorge. **-gère**¹², *f.*: (*old*) ladies' collar; gorget. **[-gret]**¹⁰, *m.*: gorget (surg. instrument). **-grette**¹² [-*gère*], *f.*: ladies' collar; bonnet string. **-gerin**¹⁴ [-*gère*], *m.*: (*old*) gorget (piece of armour); (*arch.*) =. **-get**¹⁰, *m.*: moulding tool; concave moulding, groove.

Gorgone [L. *-go*, Gr. *-gos*, terrible], *f.*: Gorgon (fabled monster). **gorgone**¹⁰, *f.*: kind of polypier, basket-fish.

gorille¹⁰ [L. *-lla* (Punic)], *m.*: gorilla. **gosier**¹² [?], *m.*: throat (inside), gullet; fauces; windpipe: (*mus.*) *coup de* —, breath.

gossampin¹⁰ [fr. L.], *m.*: gossypium (cotton plant).

gothi-que¹⁰ [Goth.], *adj.*: Gothic; *m.*: Gothic (language, architecture, style); *f.*: Gothic writing; Old-English type.

goten¹⁰ [pet form for *Marguerite*], *f.*: (*fam.*) country lass; wench.

gona-che¹⁰ [It. *guazzo* (?), splash], *f.*: =, painting in water body-colour. **-chéé**¹⁰, *adj.*: in water body-colour.

gonat-ler¹⁰ [?], *intr.*: (*fam.*) mock coarsely, chaff, banter. **-leur**¹⁰, = **-euse**, *m., f.*: mocker, banterer.

gona-pe¹⁰, *f.*: vagabondage; band of vagabonds. **[-per]**¹⁰ [?], *intr.*: (*cant.*) vagabond. **-peur**¹⁰, = **-euse**, *m., f.*: vagabond.

†gondran = *goudron*.

gou-dron¹⁰ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: tar; **†(mil.)** tarred fascine. **-dronnage**¹⁰ [-*dronner*], *m.*: tarring. **-dronner**¹⁰, *tr.*: tar; mix with tar. **-dronnerie**¹⁰, *f.*: tar-making; tar-works. **-dronnier**¹⁰, *m.*: tar-maker.

-dronnière¹⁰, *f.*: tar-manufactory.

gouet⁹ [for *got*, p. L. **gubius* (L. *-bia*, chisel)], *m.*: arum (plant), cuckoo-pint.

gouffre¹⁰ [same as *golfe*], *m.*: GULF, abyss: *un* — *d'argent*, wild spendthrift.

†gon-ge¹⁰ [Prov. *-jo* (?)], *f.*: girl; wench.

2.gon-ge⁹ [L. *gobia*], *f.*: = (scooping chisel; surgeon's chisel). **-ger**¹⁰, *tr.*: gouge (chisel out).

gonj¹⁰, = **-ine** [?], *m.*: (*dial.*) bad fellow; *f.*: wench, street-walker.

gonjat¹⁰ [Prov. (-*jo*: cf. 1.-*ge*)], *m.*: soldier's servant; coarse fellow, boor.

1.goujon⁹ [L. *gobio*], *m.*: GUDGEON (fish): *avaler le* —, believe a fib.

2.goujon¹¹ [2.-*gouge*], *m.*: sculptor's chisel;

gudgeon (iron pin); adjusting pin; dowel.
goule¹⁸ [Ar. *ghoul*], *f.*: GHOUL.
gou-lée¹¹ [gueule], *f.*: (fam.) swallow, mouthful. **-let**¹³ [gueule], *m.*: neck (of a bottle); funnel-like opening, entrance.
-lette = **-lotte**. **-lot**¹⁶ [gueule], *m.*: neck (of a bottle); spout (of a watering pot).
-lotte¹⁶ [gueule], *f.*: water-channel. **-lu**¹⁵, = **-ne** [gueule], *adj.*: gluttonous, greedy; *m.*, *f.*: glutton (voracious eater; the mammal).
-lument¹⁵ [-lu], *adv.*: voraciously, greedily.
gou-m¹⁸ [Ar.], *m.*: (mil.) Algerian contingent. **-mier**¹⁸, *m.*: rider in a *goum*.
†goupil¹⁰ [p. L. *vulpiculus* (L. *vulpes*, fox)], *m.*: fox.
gou-pille¹⁷ [?], *f.*: joint-pin, pin, bolt. **-piller**¹⁶, *tr.*: pin.
goupil-lon¹² [for *guip* (cf. *guipon*)], *m.*: aspergill (holy-water sprinkler, aspersorium); bottle brush, chimney-brush. **-lon-ner**, *tr.*: clean with a bottle-brush.
gourbi¹⁸ [Alger.], *m.*: hut, cabin.
†gourd¹⁰ [L. *gurdus*], *adj.*: †swelled; heavy, immovable. **gour-de**¹⁷, *f.*: stunning blow.
2.gourde¹⁰ [L. *eueurbita* (cf. *courge*)], *f.*: GOURD (fruit; vessel made from its shell; bottle in wicker).
gour-din¹⁶ [It. *cordino*, small CORD], *m.*: (old) rope's end (for sail, and for whipping sailors); cudgel, club. **†-diner**¹⁷, *tr.*: cudgel.
†gou-re¹⁷, *f.*: adulterated drug. **||-rer**¹⁴ [cant], *tr.*: †adulterate (drugs); dupe, cheat. **-rene**¹⁷, = **-ense**, *m.*, *f.*: †adulterator of drugs; cheat, deceiver.
gourgandine¹⁶ [?], *f.*: prostitute, street-walker; low dress.
gourgane¹⁶ [?], *f.*: horse bean.
†gourgouran¹⁵ [?], *m.*: Indian silk fabric.
gourmade¹⁵ [-mer], *f.*: cuff (in the face); punch.
gour-mand¹⁸, = **-mande** [?], *adj.*: gluttonous; loving good cheer, gastronomical; *m.*, *f.*: gourmand; lover of good cheer, gastronomer, epicure. **-mander**¹⁸, *intr.*: be a gourmand; *tr.*: devour with avidity; waste, consume; rule, command, curb; treat roughly; reprove harshly, scold, chide; lard. **-mandise**¹⁸, *f.*: gluttony, greediness; gastronomy.
gourme¹² [?], *f.*: glands; mumps; milk-scab; *jeter sa* —, have a running nose; sow one's wild oats.
gour-mer¹³ [?], *tr.*: curb (a horse); cuff (in the face), punch: **-mé**, curbed; stiff, affectedly grave; *se* —, cuff each other.
gourmet¹³ [ak. to Eng. *groom*], *m.*: wine

taster; judge of wine or good cheer; epicure.
gourmette¹⁴ [-mer], *f.*: curb, curb-chain.
gournable¹⁶ [?], *f.*: (nav.) tree-nail.
†gouspiller = **houspiller**.
goussant¹⁶ [?], *m.*: thick-set horse; stout man; *adj.*: stout, bulky.
gousse¹⁵ [?], *f.*: pod, husk.
gousset¹² [? -sse], *m.*: (old) arm-pit; (now) GUSSET (piece of garment connecting sleeve and shoulder; piece of armour; triangular piece in a coat-of-arms; triangular bracket, brace); folding seat in a carriage; (old) small bag (fixed at first under the arm, then to the trousers); (now) small pocket, fob, vest-pocket: *sentir le* —, smell of the arm-pit; *avoir le* — vide, be without money; *vider un* —, pick a pocket.
gou-t¹⁰ [L. *gustus* (root *gus-*, try)], *m.*: taste (sense of taste or savour; savour, flavour; relish, goût; intellectual relish, fine discernment; inclination, liking; style, fashion): *avoir du* — pour, have a liking for, like, relish; *avoir le* — difficile, be difficult to please, be particular; *avoir bon* —, have a good taste, taste nice; *de bon* —, in good taste; *viande de haut* —, highly seasoned meat; *être du* — de, be to the taste of (be palatable to; hit the fancy of); *dans le* — de, in the style of; *lui faire passer le* — du pain, take his life. **-ter**¹⁰ [L. *gustare*], *tr.*: taste; relish, enjoy, like; *intr.*: taste (try food or drink; eat a little); lunch; have a taste; *m.*: lunch(eon).
gout-te¹⁰ [L. *gutta*], *f.*: drop (drop of a liquid, †Eng. GOUT; sip; drop-like ornament); GOUT (articular disease, at first attributed to an infiltration of humors); *pl.*: drops (medicine, esp. against fainting): *ne pas voir (entendre)* —, not to hear (understand) a thing; *mère* —, unpressed wine; — *sciatique*, sciatica; — *sereine* (med.) amaurosis. **-telette**¹², *f.*: droplet.
-ter¹⁰ [L. *guttare*], *intr.*: drip. **-teux**¹¹, = **-ense**, *adj.*: gouty; *m.*, *f.*: sufferer from gout. **-tière**¹¹, *f.*: GUTTER (eaves, channel, spout; narrow channel or groove); water-way (of a ship); fore-edge (of a book); decayed heart (of a tree).
gouver-nable¹⁵, *adj.*: governable. **-nail**¹⁰ [L. *gubernaculum*], *m.*: rudder, helm, regulator. **-nane**¹², *f.*: (old) =; tribunal. **-nant**¹⁴, *intr.*: drip. **-nante**, *adj.*: (rare) governing; *†m.*: governor; *f.*: †governess (ruler; governor's wife); governess (instructress of children in their home). **-ne**¹³, *f.*: guidance; steering. **-nement**¹¹, *m.*: government; management; governor's house; steering. **-nemental**¹⁵, *adj.*: governmental. **||-ner**¹⁰ [L. *guber-*

nâre (fr. Gr.), *tr.*: steer; GOVERN (direct, manage, rule, command; require); take care of, bring up (children); husband; breed (animals); rein up (a horse); *se* —, govern one's self, be governed; behave one's self. **-neur**¹¹, *m.*: governor, director; tutor.

go-yave¹⁶ [Span. *-yaba* (Peruv.)], *m.*: guava (fruit). **-yavier**¹⁶, *m.*: guava-tree.

graba-t¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (fr. Gr.)], *m.*: wretched bed; sick-bed, pallet. **-taire**¹⁷, *adj.*: bed-ridden; *m.*: bedridden person.

gra-beau¹⁴, *m.*: (old) sifting; GARBLE. **†-beler**¹⁵ [It. *garbellare* (fr. Arab.)], *tr.*: sift, (†Eng. garble).

grabuge¹⁵ [It. *garbuglio* (?)], *m.*: quarrel (wrangling; †Eng. GARBOIL).

gr-âce¹¹ [L. *-atia* (*-atus*, agreeable)], *f.*: GRACE (gracefulness, charm; taste; favour, divine favour, mercy; pardon, forgiveness; pl. Graces); *us'ly* in pl. thank(s), (†Eng. grace-s); *de* —, for mercy's sake, pray; *bonnes* —s, good graces; head curtains of a bed; *rendre* —(s), return thanks; *coup de* —, finishing stroke ('stroke of mercy'), as ending a criminal's punishment); *actions de* —, thanksgiving; *demande* — *d*, ask pardon of, crave quarter of; *faire* — *d*, pardon, forgive; *prendre les bonnes* —s *de*, lose the good graces of; *dire ses* —s, say grace; — *à Dieu*, thank God; — *d'é-tat*, special grace (of God); resignation. **-aciable**¹⁶ [*-acier*], *adj.*: pardonable. **-acier**¹³, *tr.*: pardon. **-acissement**¹¹ [*-acieux*], *adv.*: gracefully; graciously. **†-acieuser**¹⁶ [*-acieux*], *tr.*: treat graciously; congratulate. **-acieuseté**¹⁴ [*-acieux*], *f.*: graciousness, kind favour. **-acieux**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: graceful, elegant; gracious, kind, courteous; merciful; *m.*: the graceful or elegant style; *d* *titre* —, benevolently.

gracilité¹⁵ [L. *-tas* (*gracilis*, slender)], *f.*: gracility, slenderness; shrillness.

Graecus [pl. of *Gracchus*], *m.*: Gracchi.

gradation¹⁵ [L. *-datio*], *f.*: —. **-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (*-di*, go), step], *f.*: — (rank, esp. military); DEGREE (received from an institution of learning); *prendre tous ses* —, take all one's degrees (viz. as bachelor, licentiate and doctor). **-dés**¹⁸, *adj.*: holding a rank (esp. subordinate) in the army, non-commissioned: *un militaire non* —, a simple soldier, a private. **-dile**¹⁸, *f.*: denticulated sculpture. **-dîn**¹⁶ [It. *-dino*], *m.*: — (seat raised over another, tier; step-like member, shelf). **-duation**¹³ [*-duer*], *f.*: —. **-dué** [p. part. of *-duer*], *adj.*: graduated; progressive; *m.*: graduate. **-duel**¹³, **-elle** [L. *-dualis*], *adj.*: gradual; *m.*: gradual (Rom. Cath. anti-

phone sung on the steps; service book). **-duellement**¹³, *adv.*: gradually. **-duer**¹⁴ [L. *-duare*], *tr.*: graduate (mark with degrees; admit to a degree); grade: *se faire* —, graduate.

graffite¹⁵ [It. *-to* (Gr. *gráphein*, write)], *m.*: ancient drawing on walls.

†grail-le⁶ [L. *grácula*, jay], *f.*: (dial.) crow. **-lement**¹⁷, *m.*: hoarseness. **-ler**¹⁴, *intr.*: emit a hoarse sound; (hunt.) blow the return-signal (recalling the dogs).

1.graillon¹⁵ [?], *m.*: smell of burnt fat or meat; broken meat; scraps, leavings: *Marie* —, slattern.

2.grail-lon¹⁵ [*-ler*], *m.*: hawked up phlegm. **1.-lonner**¹⁵, *intr.*: hawk up phlegm.

2.graillonner¹⁵ [*1.-llon*], smell burnt fat.

1.grain¹⁵ [?], *m.*: squall.

2.gr-âin⁶ [L. *gránium*], *m.*: — (grain of cereals, cereals; seed kernel; grain-like particle, particle; grain of leather, etc.; small weight = $\frac{1}{2}$ of a gros); berry; bead; spot on the skin: *gros* —s, wheat and rye; *menus* —s, spring corn; *petit* —, granule; — *de beauté*, mole; — *de raisin*, grape; — *de verre*, glass bead; *d* —s, grained, berried; *†être dans le* —, be in a good thing. **†-ainage**, **†-ainaille** = **-enage**, **-enaille**. **-aine**⁶ [p. L. *-ána* (L. *-ánium*)], *f.*: seed: *monter en* —, run to seed; grow mature without marrying; *une mauvaise* —, an unpromising child; — *de lin*, linseed; — *d'Avignon*, French berry; — *de vers à soie*, silkworms' eggs; — *de niais*, fool's-food. **†-aineterie**, **†-ainetier**, **†-ainette** = **-neterie**, **-netier**, **-nette**. **-ainier**¹⁶, **-ère**, *m.*: seedsman, seedswoman; *f.*: seed-collection. **†-ainoir** = **-enoir**.

grais-sage¹⁵ [*-ser*], *m.*: greasing; converting into grease. **grais-se**⁶ [p. L. **crassia* (L. *crassus*, fat, CRASS)], *f.*: fat, (GREASE); fatness, corpulency; richness: *prendre de la* —, grow fleshy or corpulent; *être noyé dans la* —, be very fleshy or corpulent; *étoiles de* —, fatty particles; — *de cuisine*, kitchen-stuff. **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: grease; soil with grease; *intr.*: become oily: — *ses bottes*, prepare to depart; — *la patte à quelqu'un*, fee some one, give him a sop. **-seur**¹⁵ [*-ser*], *m.*: greaser. **-seuse**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: fatty, greasy; spotted with grease. **-sier**, *m.*: grease-dealer.

gra-mon¹³ [L.], *m.*: graminous plant. **-minée**¹⁷ [L. *-mincus*], *adj.*: graminous; *f.* pl., gramineae.

gram-maire¹¹ [L. *-matica* (Gr. *-ma*, letter)], *f.*: grammar. **-mairien**¹¹, **-enne**, *m.*: grammarian. **-matical**¹⁵ [L. *-ma-*

tialis], *adj.*: =. **-matiquement**¹⁵
[*-matical*], *adv.*: grammatically. **-ma-**
tiste¹⁵ [L. *-matista*], *m.*: grammarist.

gramme¹⁷ [L. *-Gr. -ma*], *m.*: gram.

gran-¹⁵ = **-ande**§ [L. *grandis*], *adj.*:
great or grand (in their various uses);
tall, high; long; large; bulky; big; grown
up; higher or fashionable (society); broad,
open (daylight, sea, etc.); *m.*: tall or great
(person); grand; grandeur; grandee;
highest point; *f.* in *à la -de*, in grand
style: — *homme*, great man; but *homme*
—, tall man; — *de personne*, grown-up per-
son; — *prêtre*, high-priest; — *monde*,
fashionable world; — *des eaux*, floods; *en* —,
on a large scale; *voleur de — chemin*,
highwayman; — *ressort*, mainspring; —
livre, ledger; *trancher du —*, carry it
with a high hand; *du petit au —*, com-
paring small things with great; *en* —, on
a large scale; in grand style; (paint.) at
full length; *le — de l'eau*, the highest
point of the tide. †**-dat**¹⁵, *m.*: grandee.
-d-bande¹⁵, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: orchestra.
-d-chambre, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: special tribunal.
-d-chambrier, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: member of
the grand-chamber (cf. above). **-d-croix**,
pl. —s—s, *m.*: grand cross; bearer of the
grand cross. **-d-duc**, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*:
grand-duke. **-d-ducal**, *pl. —aux*, *adj.*:
grand-ducal. **-d-duché**, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*:
grand-duchy. **-d-duchesse**, *pl. —s—s*,
f.: grand-duchess. **-delet**¹⁵ = **-ette**, *adj.*:
somewhat tall, tallish, grown. **-dement**¹⁵,
adv.: greatly, vastly; abundantly; grandly,
nobly; high (time). **-desse**¹⁵ [Sp. *-deza*],
f.: grandeesship. **-deur**¹¹, *f.*: greatness
or grandeur in their various uses; (also)
tallness, height, length, breadth, size;
bulk; nobility; lordship: *regarder quel-*
qu'un du haut de sa —, look down upon
any one. **-d-garde**, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: outpost.
-diqse¹⁷, *adj.*: = (grand, imposing); *m.*:
grandeur. **-dir**¹², *intr.*: become great or
tall, grow up; grow big, increase; *tr.*:
render tall or great; magnify; elevate: *se*
—, grow taller; stand on one's toes; be-
come greater; rise, be elevated. **-dis-**
sant, part. of *-dir*. **-dissime**¹⁵ [It. *-mo*],
adj.: very great, etc. **-d-maman**, *pl.*
—s—s, *f.*: grandmamma. **-d-mère** (or *d'-*
mère, cf. § to grand), *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: grand-
mother. **-d-messe**, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: high mass.
-d-oncle, *d = t*, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: great-
uncle. **-d-père**, *pl. —s—s*, *m.*: grand-
father; grandsire. **-d-tante**, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*:
great-aunt.

§ The older feminine *grand* is yet used
before certain nouns (*chère, chose, faim,*
hâte, merci, part, peine, peur, pitié, rue),
and in some regular compounds (with *ma-*
man, mère, tante, etc.). In either case it is
usually written *grand'*, as if an abbreviation

of *grande* (e.g. *grand'chère; grand'mère*,
etc.). This dictionary, following Hatfield-
Darmesteter, uses *grand'*, instead of *grand'*
in compounds.

grange⁹ [p. L. *grānia* (L. *-num*, GRAIN)],
f.: barn, (†Eng. grange): *battre en —*,
thresh.

grani-¹⁶, or **-ni** [It. *-lo* (L. *granum*,
GRAIN)], *m.*: granite. **-telle**¹⁷ [It. *-tello*],
m.: fine granite. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: speckle like
granite. **-tier**¹⁵, *m.*: granite worker.
-tique¹⁷, *adj.*: granitic.

granivore¹⁷ [L. *-num*, GRAIN, *vorare*,
devoür], *adj.*: granivorous; *m. pl.*: gran-
ivorous animals.

granu-laire¹⁵ [L. *-lum*], *adj.*: granular.
-lation¹⁶ [*-ler*], *f.*: =. **-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lum*
(-m, GRAIN)], *f.*: =. **-ler**¹⁶ [L. *-lum*], *tr.*:
granulate. **-leux**¹⁶, = **-euse** [L. *-lum*],
adj.: granulous, granular.

gra-phi-¹⁷ [Gr. *-phein*, write], *f.*: de-
scription, graphic presentation. **-phique**¹⁷
[Gr. *-phikós*], *adj.*: graphic(al); *m.*: graphic
art; *f.*: design. **-phiquement**¹⁷ [*-phique*],
adv.: graphically. **-phite**¹⁵ [Gr. *-phein*],
m.: =. **-phologie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-phein*, *lógos*,
discourse], *f.*: graphology.

†grapignan¹⁶ [name of a procurer in
an old play], *m.*: procurer.

†grappin = *grappin*.

grap-pe¹¹ [? of Germ/c orig. (ak. to Ger.
krafp, hook)], *f.*: hook, CRAMP; frost-nail
(of a horseshoe); cluster (of fruits or
flowers), bunch (of GRAPES); grape, grape-
shot; (vet.) grape, wart: *mordre à la —*,
bite at the hook, swallow the bait.
†**-pelle**¹⁵, *f.*: (dial.) scratch-weed. **-pil-**
lage¹⁵ [*-piller*], *m.*: glean (in a vine-
yard). **-piller**¹⁵, *intr.*: glean grapes,
glean; make little profits; *tr.*: glean, pick
(up). **-pilleur**¹⁶ = **-euse**, *m., f.*: grape-
gleaner, gleaner; person who makes little
profits; pilferer. **-pillon**¹⁶, *m.*: small
cluster, small bunch (of grapes). **-pin**¹³
[Prov. (same root as *grappe*)], *m.*: (nav.)
grapple, grappling iron; grapnel; chimney-
sweep's scraper; iron claw (for climbing
trees, etc.): — *de brûlot*, fire grappling.
-piner¹⁷ [*-pin*], *tr.*: (nav.) grapple; free
(melted iron) from blisters. **-pu**¹⁵, *adj.*:
loaded with clusters, clustered.

gr-as², = **-asse** [L. *crassus*, fat, CRASS],
adj.: fat (fleshy, plump, corpulent);
GREASY, oily; unctuous, rich; fertile;
thick (of liquids; utterance); broad, inde-
cent; clayey (of soil); fat-faced, heavy (of
type); *m.*: fat, fat or fleshy part; meat;
plumpness, corpulency; calf (of the leg);
adv.: thick; richly: *faire (ou manger) —*,
eat rich meat; *jours —*, days when meat
may be eaten; *les jours —*, the shrove-
days, shrove-tide (*mardi —*, Shrove-Tues-
day, etc.); *dîner —*, meat dinner; *vin —*,

thick wine; *temps* —, heavy weather; *paré* —, slippery pavement; *parler* —, speak thick (= *grassement*); *avoir la langue -asse*, speak thick. **-as-double**¹⁶, *m.*: tripe. **-as-fondu**¹⁶, *adj.*: (vet.) suffering with (molten) grease; *m.*: sore heel, grease. **-as-fondure**¹⁶ [*-fondu*], *f.*: (vet.) molten-grease; unsound obesity. **-assemblé**¹³, *adv.*: richly, largely, liberally. **-assot**¹¹, **-ette**, *adj.*: fattish, rather fat or plump; *m.*: stifle joint; *f.*: butterwort. **-asseymont**¹⁰ [*-asseyer*], *m.*: thick pronunciation (of *r*). **-asseyer**¹³, *intr.*: give a guttural sound to *r*, speak thick. **-asseyeur**¹⁷, **-euse** [*-asseyer*], *m., f.*: person who gutturalises *r*, who speaks thick. **-assouillet**¹⁶, **-ette**, *adj.*: rather plump or corpulent.

grat¹⁴ [*-ter*], *m.*: place scratched by fowls: *envoyer au —*, send away.

grateron¹⁴ [pop. for *gletteron*], *m.*: scratch-weed, goose-grass.

grati-cule¹⁷ [It. *-cola* (L. *cratib*, wicker-work)], *f.*: = (design in squares for reproducing in other dimensions). **-cule**¹⁶ [It. *-colare*], *tr.*: (paint.) square, graticulate.

grati-fication¹³ [L. *-fatio*], *f.*: = (in sense of gratuity, bounty). **-fier**¹⁵ [L. *-ficare* (*gratus*, pleasing, *-ficare*, make)], *tr.*: gratify (esp. by bestowing a gift), enrich.

gratin¹⁶ [*-tér*], *m.*: burned crust (on the side of a frying-pan, etc.), scrapings; 'gratin' (various dishes covered with bread-crust); crackling (browned rind of roasted pork). **-tiner**¹³, *intr.*: form a crust.

gratiose¹⁵ [L. *-la* (*gratia*, GRACE)], *f.*: hyssop.

gratis¹⁴ [L. *-tia*, favour], *adv.*: = (gratuitously); *†m.*: free gift, free instruction.

gratitude¹⁴ [L. *-do* (*gratus*, grateful)], *f.*: =.

gratage¹⁷, *m.*: scraping. **-te**¹⁷, *f.*: (nav.) scraper; little profits. **-tean**¹⁷, *m.*: gilder's polishing-instrument.

-te-boesse¹⁵ [*boesse*, dial. for *brosse*], *f.*: gilder's brush. **-te-boesser** [*-boesse*], *tr.*: smooth with (gilder's) brush.

-te-cul¹⁵, *m.*: dog-rose, canker. **-telenc**, **-ense**¹² [*-telle*], *adj.*: itchy. **-telle**¹⁵, *f.*: itching rash. **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: scraping.

-te-papier¹⁵, *m.*: quill-driver; copyist. **-ter**¹¹ [Germ. orig., ak. to Eng. *grate*], *tr.*: scratch, scrape; rub: *se —*, scratch one's self or each other; flatter each other.

-teur¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: scratcher, scraper. **-toir**¹⁵, *m.*: scraper, scratching-knife.

-ture¹², *f.*: scraping(s).

gratuit¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (*gratus*, pleasing)], *adj.*: gratuitous. **-té**¹³ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: gratuity. **-tement**¹⁴, *adv.*: gratuitously.

gravatier¹⁷ [*-vais*], *m.*: rubbish-carter. **gravatif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-vare* (*-vis*, heavy), weigh], *adj.*: (med.) dull, heavy.

gravais¹¹ [*grève*], *m. pl.*: coarse siftings or remains of plaster; fallen plasterwork, rubbish.

grave¹⁴ [L. *-via*], *adj.*: †heavy; grave (weighty, important; serious, solemn, sedate; *mus.* low, deep; *accent* grave); *m.*: gravity, serious style, the grave; deep note(s); grave accent: *chute des —s*, (phys.) descent of bodies.

gravelage¹³ [*-celer*], *m.*: gravelling. **-velée**¹⁵, *adj.*: gravelly; crude; *f.*: pearl-ash: *cendre —*, pearl-ash. **-veler**¹³, *tr.*: gravel. **-veleur**¹³, **-euse**, *adj.*: gravelly, sandy; containing or affected with gravel; coarse, obscene, smutty; *m., f.*: person affected with gravel. **||-velle**¹¹ [*grève*], *f.*: GRAVEL (in med. use gravel of the kidneys, or the disease); wine tartar.

-velure¹⁵ [*-veleur*], *f.*: obscenity, broadness, immodest discourse, smuttiness.

gravement¹⁵ [*-re*], *adv.*: gravely, seriously; soberly; (*mus.*) deeply.

graver¹¹ [OHG. *graban*, dig, †Eng. GRAVE], *tr.*: GRAVE, engrave, imprint: *se —*, be engraved or impressed; impress.

-veur¹², *m.*: engraver.

gravière¹¹ [*grève*], *m.*: GRAVEL. **-vière**¹³, *f.*: gravel-pit.

graver¹² [?], (*in*) *tr.*: crawl or climb up.

gravi-tant¹⁷, *adj.*: gravitating. **-tation**¹⁷ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =. **||-té**¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*gravis*, heavy)], *f.*: gravity (heaviness; heaviness, seriousness; *mus.* lowness).

-ter¹⁷ [L. *-tare*], *intr.*: gravitate.

gravois¹⁴ [*-er*], *m.*: engraving tool.

gravois = *-vats*.

graveure¹¹ [*-ver*], *f.*: (en)graving: — *en creux*, die-sinking, intaglio; — *en taille-douce*, copperplate-engraving.

gré⁶ [L. *gratum*, 'agreeable thing'], *m.*: satisfaction, pleasure, liking, wish, will, (†Eng. GREE); †gratefulness (GRATITUDE, thanks): *avoir en —*, like; *trouver à son —*, be pleased with; *au —*, to the pleasure (or liking); at pleasure; at random; *bon —*, *mal —*, willing or unwilling, willy nilly, whether or no; *de — ou de force*, by consent or constraint, willing or unwilling; *de — à —*, by mutual consent; *savoir — à*, be grateful (thankful) to; *savoir bon (mauvais) — à*, be pleased (displeased) with, take kindly (unkindly) of.

gréage¹³ [*gréer*], *m.*: rigging.

grèbe¹⁵ [?], *m.*: grebe (bird).

gr-ec, **-ecque** [L. *-acus* (Gr. *-aikós*)], *adj.*: Greek, Grecian; *m., f.*: Greek; †Greek scholar (†learned person); sharper, trickster; *m.*: Greek language; *f.*: grecque, fret-work, fret; (*bookb.*) notch, notching.

saw. **Gr-èee**, *f.*: Greece. **-éciser**¹⁵, *tr.*: grecise, hellenise. **-écisme**, *m.*: grecism. **-éco-romain**, *adj.*: Greco-Roman. **-ecque**, *f.*: of grec. **-ecquer**¹⁷, *tr.*: (bookb.) saw-bind.

1. **grodin**¹⁷, *ine* [?], *m.*, *f.*: lapdog.

2. **gre-din**¹⁶ [? ak. to Eng. *greed*, Goth. *gredus*, hunger], *m.*, *f.*: *†*beggard; *†*starveling or pitiful author; scamp, scoundrel. **-dinerie**¹⁶, *f.*: rascality, blackguardism.

gré-ement¹⁷, *m.*: rigging. **||-er**¹⁷ [? Holl. *ge-reiden*, make READY], *tr.*: rig (a ship). **-eur**¹⁸, *m.*: rigger.

greffage¹⁸, *m.*: grafting. 1. **||-fe**¹² [L. *graphium* (Gr. *gráphein*, write), stylus], *f.*: (old) style, stylus; GRAFT (the scion resembling a style). 2. **-fe**¹⁶ [-*fer*], *f.*: grafting, engraftment: — *en écusson*, shield-graft, graft by gems, budding; — *en fente*, chink-graft; — *en flûte*, flute-graft. 2. **-fe**¹³ [-*fer*], *m.*: (leg.) record-office, registry; recorder's fee. **-fer**¹⁶, *tr.*: graft. **-feur**¹⁴ [-*fer*], *m.*: grafter. **-fier**¹⁵, **-ère** [L. *L. grapharius* (L. *-phium*)], *m.*: (leg.) clerk of the court, recorder, registrar; *f.*: recorder's wife. **-foir**¹⁷ [-*fer*], *m.*: grafting-knife. **-fon**¹⁸, *m.*: small graft, slip.

grège¹⁷ [It. *greggia* (?)], *adj.*: raw (silk).

Grégoire, *m.*: Gregorius.

grégeois¹¹ [Prov. *grezese* (fr. L.)], *adj.*:

(old) GREEK: *feu* —, Greek fire, wildfire.

grégorien, **-enne** [-*goire*], *adj.*: Gregorian.

grè-gue¹⁴ [? Prov. *grega* = *grecque*], *f.* (esp. in pl.): breeches, GALLIGASKINS. *tirer ses* —, retire; run away; *laisser ses* —, die. **†-guer**¹⁶, *tr.*: pocket.

1. **grê-le**⁹ [L. *gracilis*], *adj.*: thin, slim; shrill; *adv.*: in a shrill tone; *m.*: highest note (of horns, trumpets). 2. **grê-le**¹⁷ [-*ler*], *f.*: thinning tool, GRAILLE, file.

3. **grê-le**¹¹ [? ak. to *grêil*], *f.*: hail, hail-storm; particles of pit-coal (cf. *†*Eng. *grail*, gravel); tumour of the eyelid: *grain de* —, hailstone; — *de coups*, shower of blows. 1. **-ler**¹¹, *intr.* (*impers.*): hail; *tr.*: strike or ravage by hail; devastate; pock-mark; (*her.*) set with heads: *il a été-lé*, he has suffered great loss; he has been pockmarked (pitted with small-pox).

2. **grêler**¹⁷ [1. *grêle*], *tr.*: thin.

1. **†grêlet** = *grelot*, or *grillon*.

2. **grêlet**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: mason's hammer.

grêlotte¹⁷ [-*ler*], *f.*: file, GRAILLE.

grêlin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (*nav.*) warp, steam-cable.

grêlon¹⁵ [3. -le], *m.*: hailstone.

grê-lot¹³ [?], *m.*: little bell; hawk's bell; rattle (of a snake): *†trembler le* —, tremble or shiver (so that one's teeth chatter); *attacher le* —, bell the cat, engage in a perilous enterprise. **-lot-**

tant¹⁸ [-*lotter*], *adj.*: shivering. **-lot-****tér**¹⁵, *intr.*: shiver (with cold), tremble; — *la fièvre*, shiver in fever.

†grêlu-ehon¹⁷ [?], *m.*: paramour. **-ehonne**¹⁵, *f.*: trowel.

grément¹⁷ [= *grément*], *m.*: rigging.

grémial¹⁵ [L. *L. -miale* (L. *-mum*, lap)], *m.*: grémial (bishop's lap-cloth).

grémil¹² [?], *m.*: GROMWELL (plant).

1. **Grenade**, *f.*: Granada (old kingdom or city in Spain).

2. **grèna-de**¹¹ [L. *granatum* (*granum*, GRAIN)], *f.*: pomeGRANATE; grenade (shell); spotted cloth or silk. **-dier**¹⁴, *m.*: pomegranate tree; grenadier (grenade-thrower; soldier of a picked corps); masculine woman: *à la -dière*, like a grenadier. **-dière**¹⁶ [-*dier*], *f.*: grenade-pouch; upper band (of a gun, where the sling is attached): *mettre le fusil à la* —, sling the musket (carry it on the shoulder by the sling). **-dille**¹⁶ [Sp. *-granadilla*], *f.*: passion-flower. **-din**¹⁷, *m.*: eyelet; finch (African); pink; (*cook.*) small fricandeau. **-dine**¹⁵, *f.*: (= silk).

grènaill-le¹³ [grain], *f.*: refuse grain; small shot; particle of charcoal. **-ler**¹⁷, *tr.*: granulate, make small shot of.

grènat¹¹ [= *grenade*], *m.*: GARNET (mineral); garnet colour.

grè-neler¹⁶ [grain(e)], *tr.*: GRAIN (leather). **-ner**¹¹ [grain(e)], *intr.*: produce seed, seed, run to seed; *tr.*: granulate, corn; grain (leather); stipple. **-netèr**¹⁸ [grain], *tr.*: grain (leather); stipple.

grè-ne-terie¹⁶, *f.*: seed trade. **||-tier**¹⁶, **-ière** [grain], *m.*, *f.*: seeddealer. **-tis**¹⁴ [grain], *m.*: milled edge (of coins); punch.

grènetto¹⁷ [graine], *f.*: coarse powder (sifted out); Avignon berry.

grènier⁹ [L. *granarium* (*granum*, GRAIN)], *m.*: GRANARY, corn-loft; loft; garret, attic, lumber-room; floor-ceiling (of a ship): *en* —, in the granary, in store, (*nav.*) in bulk; *aller du* — *à la cave*, write crookedly; talk incoherently, ramble; — *à puce*, lousy dog (cat, etc.).

grè-nouille⁹ [p. L. **ranucula* (L. *rānunculus*, dim. of *rāna*, frog)], *f.*: frog; money-box, cash; (*mach.*) pivot-hole, socket. **-nouiller**¹⁵, *intr.*: dabble (in water); guzzle, tippie. **-nouillère**¹⁵, *f.*: frog-marsh, marsh, bog; bathing pool (for such as cannot swim). **-nouillet**¹⁷, *m.*: frog-bit (plant). **-nouillette**¹⁵, *f.*: small frog, tree-frog; small tumour (under the tongue); frogbit (plant).

grè-nu¹² [grain], *adj.*: full of corn or grain; full-corned, seedy; granulous; grained (of skins); *m.*: grain (of stones, etc.). **-nure**¹⁵, *f.*: graining.

gr-ès¹¹ [OHG. *grioz* (G. *gries*)], *m.*: sand-

stone, GRIT; sandstone pavement; pulverized sandstone (for scouring); potter's clay; pottery. **-ésier**¹⁵, m.: workman in a sandstone quarry. **-ésièr**¹⁵, f.: sandstone quarry. **-ésil**¹⁴, m.: sleet; pounded glass.

grésillement¹⁷, m.: shrivelling (up), shrivelled state. 1. **-ler**¹⁵ [Ofr. *grediller* (?)], tr.: shrivel (up).

2. **grésil-ler**¹¹ [*grésil*], impera.: sleet. **-lin**¹⁵ [*grésil*], m.: sleet. 1. **-lon**¹¹ [-*ler*], m.: cricket. 2. **-lon**¹⁵ [*grésil*], m.: powdered glass; small coal; coarse meal, grit.

grosserie¹⁶ [*grès*], f.: sandstone quarry, grit quarry; stoneware.

grève⁹ [p. L. **grāva* (fr. Celt.)], f.: sand beach; strand, sand bank; mortar sand; La Grève (place near the border of the Seine, in Paris, where executions formerly took place, and where people looking for work used to gather): *anges de G*—, street-porter; *être en* —, be without work; be on a strike; *se mettre en* (or *faire*) —, strike.

grever⁹ [p. L. **rāre* (L. *gravis*, heavy)], tr.: oppress, burden; *grever*; burden, encumber; entail; -né, burdened, etc.; m.: (leg.) heir of entail.

gréviste¹⁸ [*grève*], m.: person on a strike, striker.

griganeau¹⁷ [dial. (Ger. *grigel-hahn*, 'cry-cock')], m.: (dial.) young heath-cock.

griblette¹⁶ [?], f.: broiled meat.

gri-bouillage¹⁶, m.: scrawl; daub. **-bouille**¹⁵ [pop. muddle-head, *Gribouille*], m.: simpleton. **-bouiller**¹⁶ [?], tr.: scrawl, scribble; daub. **-bouillette**¹⁶, f.: scramble; *à la* —, slovenly. **-bouilleur**¹⁵, -*euse*, m., f.: scrawler, dauber. **-bouillis** = *bouillage*.

gribouri¹⁵ [?], m.: (old) imp; vine freter. **gridelin**¹⁵ [*gris de lin*], adj.: = (gray violet).

grièche¹¹ [f. of Ofr. *griois* (L. *græcus*)], adj.: (old) GREEK; now only in *ortie-g*, pie-g., which see.

1. **gr-ief**¹² [*grever*], m.: grievance, wrong, injury; complaint. 2. **†-ief**⁹, -*ève* [p. L. **gravis* (L. *gravis*)], adj.: GRAVE. **-ièvement**¹⁵, adj.: gravely, seriously. **-ièveté**¹⁵, f.: graveness, enormity.

grif-fade¹⁵, f.: clawing, scratch. **-fe**¹⁴ [fr. same root as Eng. *grip*], f.: claw, talon; grasp, GRIP, clutch; tendril; catch; (gard.) bulb; signature stamp; musician: *apposer sa* — à, put one's signature to. **-fer**¹⁵, tr.: claw; scratch; stamp. 1. **-fon**¹⁵, m.: fish-hook.

2. **griffon**¹¹ [L. *gryphus*], m.: = (griffin).

3. **griffon**¹⁵ [Prov. *foun* (?)], m.: spring of mineral water.

griffon-nage¹⁶, m.: scrawl(ing), scribble. **-ner**¹⁶ [*grifer*], tr.: scrawl, scribble. **-neur**¹⁵, -*esse*, **†-nier**, -*ère¹⁶, m., f.: scrawler, scribbler. **-nis**¹⁶, m.: pen-sketch.*

grif-fu¹⁵ [-*fe*], adj.: armed with claws. **-fure**¹⁵ [-*fer*], f.: scratch.

grig-ne¹⁷, f.: fold; break in a crust (of bread); unevenness; brown colour (of a crust). **||-gner**¹¹ [fr. Germ. *cr*, ak. to Eng. *grin*], intr.: (old) GRIN; crease. **-gnon**¹⁵, m.: piece of crust; piece of a biscuit. **-gnoter**¹⁵, tr.: nibble. **-gnotis**¹⁷ [*gnoter*], m.: (engr.) crisping.

grigon¹⁶ [?], m.: wretch, sordid miser.

gr-il⁹ [p. L. **graticulus* (L. *cr*... dim. of *crātis*, GRATE, HURDLE)], m.: gridiron, GRILL; GRATE: *être sur le* —, be roasted, be in hot water. **-illade**¹⁵ [-*iller*], f.: —, broiled meat; toast. **-ille**⁹ [p. L. **graticula* (L. *crātis*, hurdle)], f.: = (grating, lattice); bars; railing (fence); grate; grated parlor (of a convent); helmet-bar; flourish. 1. **-iller**¹¹, tr.: broil, grill; roast, scorch, singe; torment; *se* —, be broiled, be scorched, be roasted. 2. **-iller**¹⁵ [-*ille*], tr.: cover with a grate, grate; enclose with a railing, rail in; confine within rails: **-illé**, grated, etc.; open; m.: open lace-work. 1. **-illet**¹⁵ [-*iller*], m.: blister (by a burn).

2. **gril-let**¹⁶, -*ette* [? ak. to -*lon*], m., f.: (falc.) hawk's bell. **†-leté**¹⁶, adj.: belled. **grillon**⁹ [p. L. **grillio* (L. *illus*)], m.: cricket: — *domestique*, house-cricket.

grimaçant¹⁶ [-*cer*], adj.: grimacing, grinning. **||-ce**¹⁵ [?], f.: = (wry face; smirk, affected smile); wrinkle: *faire la* —, make a face. **-cer**¹⁶, intr.: make grimaces, make faces; smirk; pucker (of clothes, etc.). **-erie**¹⁶ [-*cer*], f.: grimacing, making faces, smirking. **-cier**¹⁶, -*ère*, adj.: grimacing, smirking, affected; m., f.: smirking person, simperer, dissembler.

gril-maud¹⁵ [?], m.: (old) beginner (of school-boys), first-grader; (now) school-pedant; scribbler; sorry writer; adj.: cross. **†-maudage**¹⁶, m.: verbiage. **-mauderie**¹⁶, f.: verbosity. 1. **-me**¹⁶, m.: bad schoolboy, urchin. 2. **grime**¹⁵ [It. *mo*, 'wrinkled'], m.: (theat.) funny old man.

†grime-lin¹⁵ [ak. to -*maud*], m.: little schoolboy, urchin; petty gamester; adj.: wicked. **†-linage**¹⁶, m.: gaming. **-ligner**, tr.: practice petty gam(bling); make petty profits.

grimer¹⁵ [2. -*me*], tr.: (stage) make up old.

grimoire¹¹ [dial. var. of *grammaire*], f.: book of mystery, conjuring book; obscure thing or language; illegible scrawl.

- grim-pant**¹⁶, *adj.*: climbing. **-per**¹⁴ [*gripper*], *intr.*: climb, creep or clamber (up). **-percan**¹⁵, *m.*: nut-hatch (bird). **-peurs**¹⁶, *m.*: climber; pl. climbers (birds). **grin-cement**¹⁴, *m.*: creaking; gnashing. **ll-er**¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: creak, grate; *tr.*: gnash (the teeth). **-cheur**¹⁵, **-ense**, *adj.*: ill-tempered, crabbed; *m., f.*: ill-tempered person, growler.
- gringalei**¹¹ [?], *m.*: thin and frail person, weakling.
- gringo-le** [?] for *gargouille*, *f.*: (her.) snake-head. **-lé**¹⁵, *adj.*: (her.) snake-headed.
- gringotter**¹⁴ [?], (*in*) *tr.*: twitter; hum. **gringucande**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: dirt; scraps. **griot** = *gruau*.
- griot-te**¹⁵ [for *agriotte (aigre)*], *f.*: EGRIOT (large sour cherry); cherry-spotted marble. **-tier**¹⁵, *m.*: egriot-tree.
- grip**¹⁶, *m.*: prey. **-ppage**¹⁵, *m.*: friction, catch. **-ppe**¹², *f.*: †sudden fancy (whim); sudden dislike; la grippe (influenza); *prendre en* —, take a dislike to. **-ppé**¹⁵ [-*ppe*], *adj.*: suffering with la grippe; shrunk. **†ppe-chair**¹⁶, *m.*: constable. **†ppe-coquin**¹⁷, *m.*: thief-trap; constable. **-ppe-fromage**¹⁶, *m.*: cheese-thief, cat. **-ppeler**¹⁷, *tr.*: wrinkle, crease. **-ppement**¹⁶, *m.*: wrinkling; friction. **ll-pper**¹⁴ [low Ger. *-pan*], *tr.*: GRIPPE (clutch, seize, nab); wrinkle (crease) hook. **-ppe-sou**¹⁷, *m.*: (old) rent-collector; pinch-penny.
- gri-s**¹¹ [OHG.], *adj.*: GRAY (gray-coloured, gray-haired), hoary; gloomy, foggy; fuddled, drunk, tipsy; *m.*: gray colour; gray squirrel; gray fur: *lettres* —, flourished letters; *temps* —, raw weather; mine —, displeased or angry look; — *de lin*, gridelin (colour); *ventre de* —, light gray fur (from the squirrel's belly). **-saïlle**¹⁶, *f.*: relief painting (in black and white); grayish hair; black and white texture; night-bug; (*dial.*) white poplar. **-saïller**¹⁶ [-*saïlle*], *tr.*: paint gray; paint in relief (black and white); *intr.*: turn gray. **-sard**¹³, *†adj.*: dark-gray; *m.*: (pop.) gull; badger; white poplar. **-sâtre**¹⁴, *adj.*: grayish. **-ser**¹⁵, *†intr.*: turn gray; fuddle, make tipsy, intoxicate; *se* —, get tipsy or intoxicated. **-serie**¹⁵ [-*ser*], *f.*: intoxication. **-set**¹¹, **-ette**, *†adj.*: grayish, *m.*: name given to various birds (sea swallow, young goldfinch, etc.); *f.*: gray woolen cloth; griette (girl of the lower classes, dressed in 'gray'; coquettish working girl of easy virtue); name of various birds (warbler, diver, etc.) or insects (night-bugs, etc.).
- grisol(ler)**¹⁷ [echoic], *intr.*: warble (of the lark).
- gri-son**¹⁴, **-onne** [*gris*], *adj.*: grayish; *m.*: graybeard; gray-tint; lackey dressed in gray (for secret errands); monk in gray; donkey, ass; sand. **-sonnant**¹⁵ [-*sonner*], *adj.*: getting gray. **-sonner**¹⁵, *intr.*: turn gray; *tr.*: tint in gray.
- grison**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (min.) fire-damp. **-teux**, **-ense**¹⁵, *adj.*: containing fire-damp.
- gri-ve**¹³ [? *f.* of old *grin*, GREEK], *f.*: thrush. **-velé**¹², *adj.*: speckled. **†ve-lée** [-*veler*], *f.*: illicit profit. **-veler**¹⁵, *intr.*: make illicit profit (orig. 'act like the thrush'). **†vélerie** [-*veler*], *f.*: getting illicit profit. **-veler**¹⁵, **-ense**, *m., f.*: person making illicit profits, peculator. **-velure**¹⁵ [-*velé*], *f.*: grayish tint. **-vette**¹⁶, *f.*: little thrush; blackbird. **-vière**¹⁷, *f.*: thrush aviary.
- gri-vois**¹⁶, **1-çise**, *m.*: soldier (orig. German in French service); *f.*: canteen woman; *m., f.*: rough and gay companion; *adj.*: rough and gay, jolly; broad, smutty. 2. **ll-voise**¹⁶ [for *rivoise* (Ger. *reib-eisen*, grater)], *f.*: (old) snuffbox with a grater (used by soldiers).
- grog**¹⁸ [Eng. (Grog, nickname of Admiral Vernon, fr. program cloth)], *m.*: —.
- gro-gnant**¹⁵, *adj.*: grumbling. **-gnard**¹³, **-arde**, *adj.*: grumbling, growling; *m., f.*: grumbler (*m.*, name given to soldiers of the Old Guard). **gro-gne**¹⁵, *f.*: grumbling discontent. **-gnement**¹⁴, *m.*: grumbling, growling, grunt. **ll-gner**⁹ [L. *grunnire*], *intr.*: grunt, grumble, growl. **-gneur**¹⁶, **-ense**, *adj.*: grumbling; *m., f.*: grumbler. **-gnon**¹⁷, *m., f.*: grumbler; *adj.*: grumbling. **-gnon-ner**¹⁶ [-*gnon*], *intr.*: grunt, croak; grumble.
- grojn**⁹ [p. L. **grunnius* (L. *grunnire*, grunt)], *m.*: snout (of a hog).
- †grois** = *grés*.
- grol(ler)**⁹ [L. *gracula*], *f.*: (*dial.*) crow, rook.
- grommeler**¹² [OHG. *grummeln*], *intr.*: GRUMBLE, mutter.
- grou-dant**¹⁵, *adj.*: roaring, rumbling; scolding. **-dement**¹², *m.*: roaring, rumbling. **ll-dep**⁹ [L. *grundire*], *intr.*: grumble (growl, snarl; rumble, roar); *tr.*: mutter; scold, reprimand. **-derie**¹⁵, *f.*: †growling; scolding, chiding. **-deur**, **-ense**¹⁶, *adj.*: grumbling, scolding; roaring. **-dijn**¹⁷, *m.*: (*dial.*) red gurnet (fish).
- groom groom** [Eng.], *m.*: = (servant).
- gros**⁹, **-osse** [L. *grossus*], *adj.*: big (large, bulky, great, thick, cross, stout; great with young, pregnant; coarse, rough); heavy (of cavalry); dark (of colour); bad (of weather); rich, substantial; *adv.*: much; *m.*: GROSS (larger part, bulk, mass, main body); wholesale; † of

an ounce; *f.*: large hand(writing) or type; writing or execution (of an act), drawing up, copy; GROSS (12 dozen): — *mots*, coarse words, oaths; — *drap*, coarse cloth; — *asse viande*, butcher's meat; — *marchand*, substantial tradesman; *une asse femme*, a stout woman; *une femme asse*, a pregnant woman; *la mer est asse*, the sea is high; *en* —, in bulk; in general, as a whole; wholesale; *gagner* —, earn much. — **-bec**¹⁵, *m.*: GROSS-BEAK.

groseil-le¹¹ [Ger. *kraus*, 'crisp' in *kraus-beere*, GOOSEBERRY], *f.*: currant; GOOSEBERRY: — *à maguereau verte*, gooseberry. — **-ler**¹¹, *m.*: currant-tree, gooseberry-bush: — *à maguereau*, gooseberry-bush.

gr-os-jean [Jean], *m.*: GROBLAN, boor: *être* — *comme devant*, be as plain or hopeless as before, be disillusioned. — **-osse**, *f.* of *gros*. — **-ossement**¹², *adv.*: on a large scale, on the whole. — **-ossie**¹⁵, *f.*: big edge-tools; (rare) wholesale. — **-ossesse**¹¹, *f.*: pregnancy, gestation. — **-ossel**, **-tte**¹¹, *adj.*: rather big or large, biggish. — **-osseur**¹¹, *m.*: bigness, size, bulk; swelling; full size. — **-ossier**¹², **-ère**, *adj.*: coarse (thick; clumsy, plain, unpolished; gross); †wholesale. — **-ossièrement**¹² [**-ossier**], *adv.*: coarsely, clumsily, rudely, unmannerly. — **-ossiereté**¹⁶ [**-ossier**], *f.*: coarseness, grossness, rudeness, impoliteness; coarse or rude act or thing; coarse language, scurrility. — **-ossir**¹¹, *intr.*: grow big or large, be enlarged, swell, increase; grow stout; *tr.*: make bigger or larger, enlarge, swell, increase, magnify; exaggerate. — **-ossissant**¹⁷ [**-ossier**], *m.*: enlarging; magnifying. — **-ossissement** [**-ossir**], *m.*: enlargement (magnifying, increase). — **-osso-modo**¹⁵ [l. L.], *adv.*: on the whole; summarily. — **-ossoyer**¹², *tr.*: execute or drum up (an act; cf. *gros*, *f.*).

grossulariées¹⁵ [l. L. *-laria* (cf. *groseille*)], *f.*, *pl.*: currant tribe.

gro-tesque¹⁵ [It.], *tf.*: = (strange figure or ornament, as found in ancient crypts or grottoes); *adj.*: =. — **-tesque-ment**¹⁶, *adv.*: grotesquely. — **-tte**¹⁵ [It. *-tta* (L. *crypta*, crypt; Gr. *krúptein*, conceal)], *f.*: grotto, grot.

grouil-lant¹⁶, *adj.*: swarming, crawling, stirring. — **-lément**¹⁷, *m.*: swarming; rumbling. — **-ler**¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: be in a confused motion; swarm; stir; rumble, whirl.

grou-p¹⁷ [It. *gruppo*], *m.*: money-bag (sent by the mail). — **-page**¹² [**-per**], *m.*: grouping. — **-pe**¹⁶ [It. *gruppo*], *f.*: group, cluster. — **-pement**¹⁸ [**-per**], *m.*: grouping. — **-per**¹⁶, *tr.*: group.

gru¹² [Germ'c orig.], *m.*: GRUEL. — **-au**¹¹, *m.*: GROATS, GRUEL; oat-meal.

2-gru-au¹⁵, *m.*: young crane; small crane (lifter). — **gr-ue**^o [p. L. **grūa* (L. *grua*)], *f.*: CRANE (bird; lifting machine); simpleton, goose; old war engine; iron collar (for punishment): *faire le pied de* —, dance attendance.

gruer¹² *gru-* [*gru*], *tr.*: reduce to grits or grouts.

gruerie¹⁴ [*gruyer*], *f.*: forest-jurisdiction; forest-right (of a king).

gru-ger¹⁴ [? Germ'c, ak. to *grit*], *tr.*: bruise; craunch, eat; devour; †sell and share the profits. — **†-gerie**¹⁷, *f.*: craunching; selling and dividing the profits.

grume¹⁷ [? L. *gluma*, hide], *f.*: bark (on felled trees).

gru-méau¹² [p. L. *-mellus* (L. *-mus*)], *m.*: clod, clot, lump, GRUME. — **-meler**¹², *tr.*: form in clots: *se* —, clot. — **-melleur**¹², **-euse**, *adj.*: clotted, GRUMOUS; rough. — **-milfon**¹⁵, *m.*: cinder (of forged iron).

1-gruyer¹² [? Germ'c, ak. to *grout*], *m.*: forest-master; forest-right (of a lord or king).

2-grayer¹², **-ère** [*grue*], *adj.*: (of the) crane: *faucon* —, falcon trained to fly the crane.

gruyère¹⁷ [G., Swiss city], *f.*: Gruyere cheese.

guano¹⁷ [Sp. (Peru, 'dung')], *m.*: =.

gué^o [L. *vādum* (*vādere*, go)], *m.*: ford: *passer à* —, ford; *sonder le* —, examine carefully. — **-able**¹¹ [**-er**], *adj.*: fordable.

guèbre¹⁷ [Pers. *ghebr*], *m.*: gheber, fire-worshipper.

gu-ède¹² [Germ'c orig.], *f.*: WOAD (plant or dyestuff). — **-éder**¹⁵, *tr.*: dye with woad; saturate, stuff.

guéer^o [L. *vādare* (cf. *gué*)], *tr.*: ford; bathe (horses) at a ford, water; wash (linen).

guelfe¹² [Ger. *Welf*, name of a family supporting the Pope], *m.*: Guelph.

guelte¹⁵ [Ger. *geld*, money], *f.*: commission (share of a sale).

gué-nile¹⁶ [?], *f.*: ragged garment, rag, tatter; rubbish: *troussez vos* — *à!* be off! hence! — **-nilleur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: tattered, ragged. — **-nilfon**¹⁵, *m.*: little rag, scrap.

guenipe¹⁴ [?], *f.*: slattern, wench.

gué-non¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (she-)monkey; ugly woman, fright. — **-nuche**¹⁵, *f.*: young monkey; little fright.

guépard¹⁷ [? Eng. *leopard*], *m.*: cheetah, hunting-leopard (of India).

gué-pe^o [L. *vespa*], *f.*: WASP. — **-pier**, *m.*: bee-eater; wasp's nest.

†guer-don¹⁰ [OHG. *widar-lon*, 're-reward'], *m.*: = (reward). — **†-donner**, *tr.*: guerdon, reward.

guère¹¹ or (*poet.*) **guères** [OHG. *weigaro*],

adv.: much; esp. with *ne*: *ne... —*, not much (many), but little, hardly, not very; (*fam.*, without *ne*) but little: *n'avoir — de*, hardly have any, have but little; *n'avoir — plus*, have little more; *il ne s'en faut —*, it wants but little; *il n'y a — que*, scarcely any but.

guéret^o [p. L. **vactum* (L. *vervactum*)], *m.*: ploughed land; fallow land; (*poet.*) grain-field.

guéridon¹⁶ [G., pers. name], *m.*: little round table, lamp stand; (*nav.*) scoop.

guérilla¹³ [Sp. *guerrilla* (dim. of *-rra*, WAR)], *f.*: guerilla.

gué-rir¹⁰ [OHG. *warjan* (= Ger. *wehren*), *WARD* off], *tr.*: cure, heal; *intr.*: be cured, cure; recover; get rid: *se —*, be cured or healed, recover, mend; get rid. **-rison**¹⁰, *f.*: cure, healing, recovery. **-ris-sable**¹³, *adj.*: curable. **-risseur**¹⁴, *=ense*, *m.*, *f.*: healer.

guérite¹² [? ak. to *-rir*], *f.*: sentry-box; watch-tower; refuge; (*nav.*) top; mouth of a ventilator.

guer-re¹⁰ [OHG. *werra*, quarrel], *f.*: WAR; strife: *vaisseau de —*, man-of-war; *petite —*, sham fight; *tpetit war* (scouting, marauding); *gens de —*, military men, soldiers; *place de —*, fortified place; *nom de —*, soldier name; pseudonym; nickname; *faire la —*, make war upon, struggle against; *faire la — avec*, serve with or under; *en faire la — à quel-qu'un*, rail any one for it; *faire bonne — à*, deal gently with; *faire la — d'œil*, keep watch to profit by circumstances, be wide awake; *de bonne —*, by fair play; *moitié —*, *moitié marchandise*, half willingly, half unwillingly. **-rier**¹⁰, *=ère*, *adj.*: of war, warlike, martial; *m.*, *f.*: warrior. **-royant** [*-royer*], *adj.*: warring, warlike, martial. **-royer**¹⁰, *tr.*: wage war against; *intr.*: make or wage war, war. **-royeur**¹², *m.*: lover of war.

gue-t¹² [*-tler*], *m.*: watching, watch; sentinel: *— de nuit*, night-watch, night patrol; *mot du —*, watchword, counter-sign; *chevalier du —*, chief of the watch. *faire le —*, keep watch; be on the look out; *se donner le mot de —*, act in concert. **-t-apens**¹⁵, *pl. —s* [= OFr. *a-penser*, think of, plan: "planned watch"], *m.*: ambush, ambuscade: *dresser un — à*, waylay.

gué-tre¹⁴ [?], *f.*: gaiter: *grande —*, legging; *tirer ses —s*, run away; *frénir en —s à*, come poor to. **-trer**¹⁵, *tr.*: gaiter. **-trier**¹⁵, *m.*: gaiter-maker.

guet-te¹¹ or **guè-te**, *f.*: (*dial.*) watching; watch. **-ter**¹⁰ [l. *evactare* OHG. *wakte*, WATCH], *tr.*: WATCH for, lay

in wait for. **-teur**¹², *m.*: watch(er), watchman; (*nav.*) signal-man.

guen-lard¹³, **-arde**, *adj.*: open-mouthed; *m.*: furnace-mouth; *m.*, *f.*: big eater; bawler. **-le**^o [L. *gula*], *f.*: mouth (of certain animals; opening), jaws; (*humor.*) big mouth, chops; (*arch.*) GULA (moulding), snap-dragon (plant); revolving chimney top. **-lée**¹¹, *f.*: (*low*) large mouthful; big talk, big word. **-ler**¹⁵, *intr.*: (*low*) bawl, clamour; *tr.*: seize (with the mouth, catch, snap).

guenles¹² [Pers. *ghul*, rose], *m.*, *pl.*: GULES.

guenletion¹⁵ [*-le*], *m.*: (*triv.*) feast.

guen-saïlle¹⁶ [*gueuz*], *f.*: beggary, rabble. **-saïller**¹⁷, *intr.*: go begging, mump. **-sant**¹⁶ [*-ser*], *adj.*: begging. **-sard**¹⁵, **-sarde** [*gueuz*], *m.*, *f.*: beggar, mumper; rascal.

guense¹⁵ [Ger. *guss*, casting (ak. to Eng. *gush*)], *f.*: pig-iron; kettledge (ballast of pig-iron); pig-iron mould.

guen-ser¹⁶ [*gueuz*], *intr.*: beg, go begging; *tr.*: beg. **-serie**¹⁵, *f.*: beggary.

guense¹⁶ [*-se*], *m.*: pig-iron.

guenr¹⁴, *=ense* [cant (?)], *m.*, *f.*: vile beggar, ragamuffin; rascal, knave; coal-pot (for holding burning coals), brazier; *adj.*: poor, beggarly, vile, wretched: *tas de —*, pack of scoundrels; *— revêtu*, upstart.

gui^o [L. *viscum*], *m.*: mistletoe.

gui¹⁶ [Prov. (ak. to *guide*) 'support'], *m.*: (*nav.*) main boom.

guibet¹⁶ = *gibet*.

guibole¹³ [cant (?)], *f.*: leg.

guibre^o [other form of *-vre*], *m.*: (*nav.*) cut-water.

guiche^o [p. L. **vitica* (L. *-tis*, vine)], *f.*: (*old*) strap; band, lining.

gui-cho¹¹ [? Scand. root *wik*, fold], *m.*: WICKET (small door in the gate of a city, fort, prison, etc.; grating or small window of prison-doors, confessionals, banks, etc.). **-chetier**¹⁶, *m.*: prison-door warder, turnkey.

gui-dage¹⁶, *m.*: guiding. **-de**, *m.* (tf): guide (leader; guide-book; fagelman; regulator; indicator); *f.*: rein (of a bridle): *conduire à grandes —s*, drive four-in-hand; *mener la vie à grandes —s*, live high; *payer doubles —s*, double the pay (orig. to a postilion for driving faster).

-de-gne¹⁷, *m.*: simple guide or guide book. **-de-chaf**¹⁵, *m.*: (*horol.*) guard, ratchet. **-de-main**¹⁵, *m.*: =, hand-guide. **-der**¹⁵ [Germ. root *vit*, know], *tr.*: GUIDE (direct, lead); steer. **-don**¹⁵ [It. *-done*], *m.*: = (*old* cavalry-flag; now 'guide flag' attached to a gun, flag-bearer; colours;

pennant; guide-book; aim; foresight (of guns); nota, reference mark.

guilfette [ʔ], *f.*: sea-swallow.

guilgoue¹³ [ʔ], *f.*: white-heart cherry.

guigüe¹³, *f.*: bad luck. **-guër** [ʔ], *tr.*: (fam.) look wistfully at.

guignes¹³ [ʔ], *f. pl.*: gills.

guignette¹³ [ʔ-gner], *f.*: sand-piper.

guilgüe¹³ [-gne], *m.*: white-heart cherry-tree. **-guolet**¹³ [-gne], *m.*: cherry wine.

gui-gnon¹⁴ [-gner] *m.*: bad luck. **-gnoissant**¹⁴, *adj.*: full of ill luck, vexing.

guigue [Eng. gig], *f.*: (nav.) GIG.

guildiver¹⁷ [ʔ], *f.*: rum.

guilée¹⁵ [ʔ], *f.*: (dial.) gusty shower.

guillage¹⁷ [-ller], *m.*: working (of beer).

Guillaume, *m.*: William; **guilayme**¹⁶, *m.*: rabbit-plane; sieve.

guilédin [Eng. gelding], *m.*: GELDING.

guilédou¹⁵ [ʔ], *m.*: only in *courir le* —, frequent places of ill-fame.

guille-mot¹⁶ [Guillaume], *m.*: quotation marks (« »). **-mter**¹⁵, *tr.*: put between quotation marks. **-mot**¹⁵ [Guillaume], *m.*: = (bird).

guiller¹² [ODutch *ghilen*], *intr.*: work (of beer).

guil-ler¹² [Ofr. *guile*, *WILE*], *tr.*: cheat. **-leret**¹⁴, **-tte**, *adj.*: gay.

guilléri¹⁷ [ʔ echoic], *m.*: chirping.

guillo-che¹⁸, *f.*: = (twisted ornament).

-cher¹⁷ [ʔ], *tr.*: ornament with a guilloche; (art) engine-turn. **-chis**¹⁷, *m.*: guilloche; engine-turning.

Guilot, *m.*: Bill, Billy.

guillo-tine¹⁷ [Dr. Guillotin, who proposed beheading as the only death-punishment, 1790], *f.*: =. **-tiner**¹⁷, *tr.*: guillotinate, behead.

guimave⁹ [p. L. **viscomalva* (Gr. *ibikos*, L. *malva*)], *f.*: marsh-mallow.

guimbarde¹⁶ [ʔ], *f.*: jew's-harp; poor violin; long cart; trumpet.

guimpe¹¹ [OHG. *wimpal* (Ger. *pel*, *bande-rolle*)], *f.*: chemisette; veil.

guin-dage¹⁶, *m.*: (nav.) hoisting. **-dal** = *-das*. **-dant**¹⁶, *m.*: (nav.) hoist (of topmasts, sails, etc.). **-das**¹¹ [Scand. *wind-ass* ('winding-ass')], *m.*: WINDLASS (winch); small cloth-press. **guin-de** [Ger. *winde*], *f.*: small cloth-press. **-deau** = *-das*, WINDLASS. **-der**¹² [Germ. root *wind-*], *tr.*: WIND up or raise (with an engine), hoist; lift; raise artificially, stilt; *-de*, wound up, united; stilted, affected; strained, stiff; *se* —, be stilted, be strained; fall into bombast. **-deresse**¹⁶, *f.*: (nav.) top-rope.

-derie, *f.*: affectation, constraint.

Guinée¹⁶, *f.*: Guinea (land in w. Africa).

guinée¹⁷, *f.*: guinea (gold coin) = 21

shillings: orig. struck from Guinea gold); long-cloth (first used for trading in G.).

guingan¹⁵ [ʔ], *m.*: gingham (cloth).

guingois¹⁴ [ʔ], *m.*: (fam.) crookedness: *de* —, crooked(ly), awry; cross-grained.

guingette¹⁶ [ʔ], *f.*: suburban inn or tavern, tea-garden; country inn.

guio-rant, *adj.*: squeaking. **-rer** [ʔ echoic], *intr.*: squeak.

guipon (Germ. root *wipp-*, move), *m.*: (old) holy-water brush; mop.

guirlande¹⁵ [lt. *ghirlanda* (?)], *f.*: garland (guirland), wreath; girdle (of jewels); (arch.) belt (of a column); rim (of a trumpet, etc.).

guise¹⁵ [OHG. *weis*], *f.*: WISE, manner, way, fashion; fancy: *en* — *de*, by way of; *vivre à sa* —, live as one likes.

gui-tare¹⁶ [Sp. *-tarrá* (L. *cithara*)], *f.*: guitar. **-tariste**¹⁶, *m.*: guitar player.

-terne¹² [L. *cithara*], *f.*: (old) guitar; (nav.) prop.

guit-guit¹⁷, *pl.* —s—s [echoic], *m.*: humming bird.

guivre⁹ [L. *vipera*, VIPER], *f.*: (her.) serpent.

gumène¹⁵ [lt. *-na* (Ar.)], *f.*: † anchor cable; (her.) cable.

gusta-tif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-tare*, taste], *adj.*: gustatory. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

Gustave, *m.*: Gustavus.

gut-ta-percha¹⁸ [Eng. (Malay)], *f.*: gutta-percha. **-te**, *f.*: gamboge (gum).

-tier¹⁵, *m.*: gamboge tree. **-tifère**¹⁸ [L. *ferre*, BEAR], *adj.*: guttiferous.

guttural¹⁵ [L. *-ttur*, throat], *adj.*: =.

Gygès, *m.*: Gyges (Lydian king).

gym-nase¹³ [L. *-nasion* (Gr. *gumnós*, naked)], *f.*: gymnasium. **-nasiarque**¹⁵ [L. *-nasiarcha*], *m.*: gymnasiarch. **-naste**¹⁵ [Gr. *gumnastés*], *m.*: gymnast. **-nastique**¹⁵ [L. *-nasticus*], *adj.*: gymnastic; *f.*: gymnastics. **-nique**¹⁵ [L. *-nicus*], *adj.*: gymnical, athletic.

gymno- [Gr. *gumnós*, naked]: **-sophiste**¹⁴ [L. *-sophista*], *m.*: gymnosophist (Indian philosopher, who went almost naked).

-sperme¹⁵ [L. *-spermia* (Gr. *spërma*, seed)], *adj.*: gymno-spermous.

-te¹⁷ [l. L. *-tus* (Gr. *nótos*, back)], *m.*: gymnotus, electric eel.

gynandrie¹⁷ [l. L. *-dria* (Gr. *guné*, woman, *andér*, man)], *f.*: gynandria, orchids.

gynécée¹⁷ [L. *gynæceum* (Gr. *gyné*, woman)], *f.*: gynæceum (part of a house reserved for women); ladies' apartment.

gypaète¹⁵ [Gr. *-pateios* (*gûps*, vulture, *aeôls*, eagle)], *m.*: griffin.

gyp-se¹⁴ [L. *-sum*], *m.*: gypsum. **-seux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: gypseous.

gy-r... [Gr. *gûros*, circle]: **-ratoire** = giratoire. **-romancie**¹⁵ [Gr. *mantela*

divination], *f.*: gyromancy. **-rovague**¹⁷ [L. *vagus*], *adj.*: vagabond; wandering; *m.*: wandering monk.

H

Ha *H* is always silent, and should as such be marked by an italic below. But to distinguish the so-called "aspirated" *h* (once pronounced, and yet preventing elision and linking) from the "mute" *h*, only the latter is printed with an italic.

h *h*e, or older *ache*, *f.*: *h* (the letter).

ha, *interj.*: ah! ha!

habi-le¹³ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: ABLE (capable; skilful, expert); apt (†Eng. *habile*). **-lement**¹⁸, *adv.*: ably, skilfully, cleverly. **-leté**¹⁵, *f.*: ability. **-litation**¹³ [-*lité*], *f.*: **-lité**¹² [L. *-litas*], *f.*: (leg.) competency, title. **-lité**¹² [L. *-litaré*], *tr.*: (leg.) qualify, entitle, (†Eng. *habilitate*).

habil-lage¹⁵, *m.*: fitting; trussing. **-lant**¹⁵, *adj.*: fitting, becoming, dressy. **-lement**¹⁸, *m.*: clothing, attire, dress, habilliment; (pl.) clothes. **-ler** [?], *tr.*: dress (clothe, attire, wrap up; *cook* prepare); make clothes for; be becoming to (of clothes): *s'*—, dress (one's self); abuse each other. **-leur**, =**ense**¹³, *m.*: dresser; skin-dresser.

habit¹¹ [L. *-tus* (*habere*, have)], *m.*: dress, (garment, garb); coat; dress-coat (*eccl.*) cloth; (pl.) clothes: — *complet*, suit of clothes; — *de cheval*, riding coat; — *de deuil*, mourning; — *habillé*, dress coat.

habi-table¹¹, *adj.*: inhabitable. **-tacle**¹¹ [L. *-taculum*], *m.*: (Bible) habitation; =; (nav.) binnacle. **-tant**, **-tante**, *adj.*: dwelling; *m.*, *f.*: inhabitant; dweller; denizen. **-tat**¹⁵, *m.*: =. **-tation**¹¹ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =, abode; dwelling-place, residence; habitat, haunt. **-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare*], *intr.*: dwell (reside, live), roam; INHABIT (dwell or live in, reside in); (leg.) cohabit.

habi-tude¹³ [L. *-tudo* (cf. *habit*)], *f.*: habit, custom; use; relation; †bad habit (trick). **-tué**, =**uée** [-*tuér*], *part.*: accustomed, etc.; *m.*, *f.*: customer, frequenter. **-tuel**¹³, =**elle** [L. *-tualis*], *adj.*: habitual, customary. **-tuement**¹³ [-*tuel*], *adv.*: habitually, usually. **-tuér**¹³ [L. *-tuare*], *tr.*: habituate (accustom, inure).

hâ-blér¹⁵ [Sp. *hablar* (L. *fabulari*)], *intr.*: brag, boast. **-blérie**¹⁵, *f.*: bragging. **-bleur**, =**ense**, *m.*, *f.*: bragger, boaster.

ha-chage¹³ [-*cher*], *m.*: chopping. **-chard**¹³, *m.*: shears. **-che**¹¹ [L. Ger. *hacke*], *f.*: axe, HATCHET: — *d'armes*, battle-axe; boarding axe; *faire d'coup de* —, do clumsily; *porter la* — à, set the hatchet to work at, begin; *avoir un coupe*

de —, be crack-brained. **-ché** [-*cher*], *adj.*: chopped; abrupt (style). **-che-légumes**¹³, *m.*: vegetable cutter. **-chement**¹³ [-*cher*], *m.*: chopping, cutting. **-che-paille**, *m.*: straw-cutter. **-cher**¹¹, *tr.*: chop (up), hew, cut to pieces; chip; HATCH (cross with lines); be abrupt in (style). **-chercan**¹⁴, *m.*: little hatchet. **-chette**¹³, *f.*: small hatchet, hacking knife; ablet (fish); moth. **-chis**¹³ [-*cher*], *m.*: minced meat, HASH.

hachisch¹⁵ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: hashish (Indian hemp; narcotic prepared from it).

ha-choir¹⁴ [-*cher*], *m.*: chopping-knife; chopping-board. **-chotte**¹⁷ [dial. for *-chette*], *f.*: chipping-axe. **-chüre** [-*cher*], *f.*: =, hatching.

hagard¹³ [Norm. (Fr. *haie*, HEDGE): prop'ly of the hedge or woods, wild], *adj.*: (fale.) haggard (untamed); wild-looking.

hagio- [Gr. *hágios*, holy]: **-graphie**¹⁴ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *adj.*: hagiographical; *m.*: hagiographer. **-graphie**¹⁵ [-*graphel*], *f.*: hagiography. **-logie**¹⁵ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: hagiology.

haha¹⁵ [?], *m.*: sudden obstacle; ha-ha (sunk fence); hag, scare-crow.

hahé¹² [echoic], *interj.*: (hunt.) hold.

hai = **hé**.

haie¹¹ [Germ'c *haga*], *f.*: HEDGE, hedge-row; wall; line (of persons bordering a street, etc., to give free passage to a procession); beam (of a plough): — *vive*, quickset hedge; *border* (or *faire*, former) *la* —, (mil.) form a double line (on each side of a passage).

haie¹⁵ [echoic], *interj.*: get up! gee up!

haillon¹⁴ [OHG. *hadil*], *m.*: rag, tatter.

hain⁹ [L. *hāmus*], *m.*: fish-hook.

hai-ne¹¹ [hair], *f.*: hatred, hate; disgust.

-neusement [-*neuz*], *adv.*: hatefully.

-neur¹¹, =**ense**, *adj.*: hateful, spiteful.

hair¹¹ [Germ'c *hatan*], *tr.*: HATE, detest.

haire⁹ [OHG. **haria*], *f.*: HAIR-shirt; coarse stuff.

hais-sable¹⁵ [hair], *adj.*: hateful, odious.

-seur¹⁵, =**ense** [hair], *m.*, *f.*: hater.

halage¹⁴ [-*ler*], *m.*: hauling, towage.

hal-bran¹³ [MGer. *halb-erent*, 'half-duck'], *m.*: young wild duck. **-brné**¹⁵ [-*brener*], *adj.*: ragged feathered; broken up, tired out.

-brener¹⁵, *intr.*: hunt wild ducks; *tr.*: break the wings of (said of falcons hunting ducks), break up, tire out; change to wild ducks.

hâ-le¹¹ [-*ler*], *m.*: scorching or tanning of the sun, burning sun. **-lé** [-*ler*], *part.*: sunburnt, tanned, swarthy.

hale-bas¹³ [-*ler*], *m.*: downhaul tackle.

-bouline¹⁵, *m.*: raw sailer; greenhorn.

haleine⁹ [p. L. **lēna* (L. *-lāre*, EXHALE)],

f.: breath, wind: *reprandre* —, recover one's breath; *de longue* —, long-winded.
halement¹⁰ [-ler], *m.*: hauling; haul; hauling rope.

ha-lénée¹¹ [-leine], *f.*: smell, whiff. **-le-ner**¹² [-leine], *intr.*: exhale; *tr.*: exhale, breathe; smell the breath of; (*hant.*) get the scent of.

1. **haler**¹¹ [Scand. -la], *tr.*: HAUL, tow; (*nav.*) heave to, stop: *se — dans le vent*, or — *le vent*, haul the wind, heave to; — *un bâtiment*, track a vessel.

2. **haler**¹² [hale], *tr.*: (*hant.*) halloo, incite by shouts, set (the hounds) on.

haler¹¹ [7], *tr.*: scorch, burn; tan (of sun and weather): *se —*, become sun-burnt or tanned.

hale-tant¹⁵, *adj.*: panting, gasping. **||-ter**¹¹ [for *aler* (*aile*), lit. 'beat the wings'], *intr.*: breathe quickly or violently, pant, puff, blow; pant after, desire eagerly.

haler¹⁰, = **ense** [1-ler], *m., f.*: hauler, tracker.

halientique¹⁷ [L. -ticus], *adj.*: relating to fishes.

halin¹⁷ [1-ler], *m.*: towing line, drag-rope. **haliteux**¹⁵, = **ense** [L. -tus, breath], *adj.*: (*med.*) halituous (slightly moist).

hallege¹² [-lle], *m.*: = (market-dues).

hallali¹⁷ [echoic], *m.*: (*hant.*) mort call or trumpet-blow (for the hounds, when the stag succumbs), death-flourish, halloo: *assister au —*, be in at the death.

halle¹² [OSax. -lla], *f.*: market (i.e. market hall or building, covered marketplace); public store-house; (*iron.*) shed: — *aux blés* (*au poisson*, etc.), grain- (fish-, etc.) market; *les —s centrales* (or *les —s, la —*), the central marketplace of Paris; *langage des —s*, Billingsgate, foul language; *cette chambre est une —*, this room is a poor shed.

hallebar-de¹³ [MHG. *helm-barte*, 'helmet-ax'], *f.*: HALBERD: *donner la — à*, make a sergeant. **-dier**¹⁴, *m.*: halberdier.

hallebréda¹⁶ [7], *m., f.*: burly fellow.

1. **hallier**¹⁷ [-lle], *m.*: market-keeper, market-man; market-guard.

2. **hallier**¹⁴ [? Germ'c], *m.*: thicket.

3. **hallier** = **allier**.

hallope¹³ [7], *m.*: dragnet.

hallucination¹³ [L. -natio], *f.*: = **-natio**¹³ [-natio], *adj.*: hallucinatory.

||-né¹³, = **ée** [L. -natus (-nari, wander in mind)], *adj.*: affected by hallucination; *m., f.*: one thus affected.

halo¹⁵ [L. -los], *m.*: =.

haloir¹⁷ or **hâloir** [hâler], *m.*: drying-room (for hemp).

halot¹⁶ [7], *m.*: rabbit burrow.

hal-te¹³ [Ger. *halt*], *f.*: halt, stop; halting-place. **-ter**, *intr.*: halt.

haltère¹⁵ [L. -ter], *m.*: dumb-bell.

hamac¹⁵ [Sp. -ca (Indian orig.)], *m.*: HAMMOCK.

hamadryade¹⁴ [Gr. -dryas (Gr. *háma*, together, *drús*, TREE)], *m.*: hamadryad (tree nymph).

hameau¹² [ak. to OEng. *ham* = *home*, 'house'], *m.*: HAMLET.

hameçon¹² [hain], *m.*: (fish-)hook; bait. **-onné**¹⁰, *adj.*: hooked (provided with a hook; bent like a hook).

hamée¹⁴ [7], *f.*: staff; (*gun.*) sponge-staff.

1. **hampe**¹² [OHG. *wampa*, WOMB], *f.*: breast of the deer; stifle-joint.

2. **ham-pe**¹⁵ [cf. *hante*], *f.*: staff (of a lance), handle (of a painter's brush); flower-stalk. **-pé**¹⁵, *adj.*: provided with a staff or handle.

hamster¹⁷ [Ger.], *m.*: = (rodent).

han¹⁵ [echoic], *m.*: heave (in striking).

hanap¹¹ [ak. to Ger. *napf* (older *knaf*), bowl], *m.*: (old) goblet.

hanehe¹¹ [l. Ger. -che], *f.*: HAUNCH, hip; (*nav.*) quarter; lower a vase on vessel: *les poings sur les —*, arms akimbo.

handica-p¹³ [Eng.], *m.*: =. **-per**¹⁵, *tr.*: handicap.

hanebane¹³ [Eng. *henbane*], *f.*: henbane.

hangar¹⁶ [7], *m.*: shed, cart-shed.

hanneton¹¹ [Ger. *hahn*, cock], *m.*: cockchafer, chafer, May-bug; fool, giddy goose.

Hano-vre, *f.*: Hanover; **-vrien**, = **enne**, *adj.*: Hanoverian.

han-se¹² [OHG. -sa], *f.*: = (association of merchants; of cities; esp. Hanse Towns). **-sénique**¹², *adj.*: Hanseatic.

†hansière = **hausière**.

†hante⁰ [older *hanste*, L. *hasta*, lance (n. from Ger. *hand*)], *f.*: lance-staff; handle.

han-ter¹¹ [7], *tr.*: frequent, visit familiarly; HAUNT. **-tise**¹³, *f.*: intercourse.

hap-pant¹³, *adj.*: snapping; catching, sticky. **-pe**¹², *f.*: (various devices for catching or holding, as) cramp-iron, tongs, holder, axletree clout. **-pe-chair**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: (*pop.*) bum-bailiff (catching debtors and thieves), catch-poll, nabber. **-pe-lourde**¹⁵ [lourd: lit. catch-fool], *f.*: fool's gem (false gem thought real); fool's horse (apparently good but worthless); good-looking ninny. **-pement**¹⁶, *m.*: snapping.

||-per¹¹ [Dutch *-pen*, bite (ak. to Eng. *hap*)], *tr.*: snap, catch suddenly, nab.

†haquenée¹³ [7], *f.*: HACKNEY (in sense of 'ambling nag'); ungainly woman.

ha-quet¹⁴ [7], *m.*: dray. **-quetier**¹⁴, *m.*: drayman.

haran-gue¹³ [L. *harenga* (OHG. *hring*, 'RING' of people)], *f.*: = (address, oration). **-guer**¹⁴, *tr.*: harangue. **-gueur**, = **ense** [-guer], *m., f.*: haranguer, orator.

1. **haras**¹¹ [ʔ], m.: stud (for breeding).

2. †**haras** = ara.

harasse¹³ [ʔ], f.: crate.

harasser¹⁵ [ʔ], tr.: HARASS (tire out, jade).

har-cèlement¹³, m.: harassing. ||-**ex-ler** [herse], tr.: harass (by repeated attacks), torment.

†**hard** = hart.

1. **harde**¹¹ [l. Ger. *herde*], f.: HERD.

2. **har-de**¹³ [hart], f.: leash (for dogs).

-**deau**¹¹ [hart], m.: thin withe or rope; viburnum (plant). 1. **der**¹⁶, tr.: leash (dogs).

2. †**har-der**¹⁶, tr.: barter. ||-**des** [ʔ], f. pl.: clothes, wearing apparel.

har-di¹⁰ [Germ's root], adj.: HARDY (bold, intrepid); audacious, impudent. -**diesse**¹¹, f.: boldness, intrepidity, hardihood; audacity. -**diment**¹¹, adj.: boldly, daringly; impudently.

hare¹² [echoic], m.: halloo! (to incite hounds).

harem¹⁶ [Ar.], m.: =.

haren-g¹¹ [OHG. *haring*], m.: herring.

-**gaison**¹⁵, f.: herring fishing. -**gère**¹³, f.: herring-woman, fish-woman. -**gerie**¹², f.: herring-market. -**guière**¹⁷, f.: herring-net.

haret [ʔ], adj.: wild.

†**har-gner** [Ofr. *gne*, ill-temper], intr.: be ill-tempered, growl. -**gnerie**, f.: squabble. -**gneux**, =**gnse** [Ofr. *gne*], adj.: ill-tempered, cross-grained, surly, cross; snarling; vicious (of horses).

haricot¹³ [ʔ], m.: = (stew of mutton and turnips); kidney-bean.

haridelle¹⁴ [ʔ], f.: vicious old horse, jade.

harle¹⁶ [ʔ], m.: merganser (bird).

harmale¹⁶ [l. L. *-la* (Ar.)], f.: rue (plant).

harmonica¹⁷ [Ger. *nika*], f.: =. ||-**nie** [L.-Gr. *-nia* (Gr. *harmós*, joint, fitting)], f.: harmony, concord; (mus.) harmonics. -**nier**, tr. or reflex.: harmonise. -**nien-gement**¹⁵ [-**nieux**], adv.: harmoniously. -**nieux**¹³, =**gnse**, adj.: harmonious. -**nique**¹³ [L. *-nicus*], adj.: harmonic(al); m.: harmonics. -**niquement**¹⁵, adv.: harmonically. -**niser**¹⁴, tr. or refl.: harmonise. -**niste**¹⁷, m.: harmonist. -**nium**¹⁸, m.: =.

har-nachement¹⁶ [-**nacher**], m.: harnessing; harness. -**nacher**¹¹, tr.: harness. -**nacheur**¹⁴, m.: harness-maker; harnesser, stable-boy. ||-**nais**¹¹ or †**nois** [ʔ], m.: HARNESS (furniture; horse-gear; heddles, etc., of a loom); fishing or hunting-gear: *cheval de —*, draught-horse.

harq¹¹ [ʔ], interj.: (old) help! (now) fie!

shame! *crier — sur*, set up a hue and cry after, shout one's disgust to.

harouelle¹⁷ [ʔ], f.: trout-line.

harpagon¹³ [H., character in Molière's *l'Avare*], m.: miser.

harpaill¹³ [ʔ], m.: herd (of deer).

harpailler¹⁷ [-**per**], refl.: wrangle, squabble.

1. **harpe**¹⁴ [ʔ Gr. root *harp*, seize], f.: claw; clamp; (mas.) tooting; binding-stone.

2. **har-pe**¹¹ [Germ's *harpa*], f.: HARP; harp-shell. -**pé**¹⁶, adj.: well-shaped (lit. 'rounded like a harp'). 1. **-per**¹¹, intr.: (old) play the harp; (of horses) raise one hind leg stiffly, have springhalt.

2. **harper**¹⁵ [1. **-pe**], tr.: claw, grapple, gripe: *se —*, grapple one another.

†**harpeur**¹⁵, =**gnse** [1. **-per**], m., f.: (old) harper.

harpie¹³ [L. *-pyia* (Gr. root *harp*, snatch, RAPE)], f.: harpy; (Gr. myth.) winged monster.

harpin¹⁶ [1. **-pe**], m.: boat-hook.

harpiste¹³ [2. **-pe**], m., f.: harpist, harper.

har-pon¹⁶ [1. **-pe**], m.: HARPOON, grappling iron, grapple; clamp; double-handled saw. -**ponage**¹⁷ [-**ponner**], m.: harpooning. -**ponner**¹⁶, tr.: harpoon, spear. -**ponneur**¹⁶ [-**ponner**], m.: harpooner. -**ponnier**¹⁷, m.: squacco heron; climbing plant.

hart¹¹ [ʔ], f.: withe (for binding); trope (for hanging, halter).

ha-sard¹¹ [ʔ], m.: = (old game at dice; risk; chance): *coup de —*, lucky chance; *de —*, second-hand thing; *dout —*, at all events; *par —*, by chance, accidentally; *jeter au —*, leave to chance. -**sarder**¹⁴, tr. or refl.: hazard, venture, risk; intr.: venture, run a risk. -**sardement**¹⁵ [-**deux**], adv.: hazardously. -**sardeur**¹⁵, =**gnse**, adj.: hazardous, venturesome.

haschisch = *hachisch*.

hase¹⁰ [Ger.], f.: doe-HARE; doe-rabbit.

has-t¹⁵, m.: staff of a lance, etc.: *armes d'—*, weapons fixed on a long staff (lance, halberd, etc.). -**taire**¹⁵ [L. *-tarius*], m.: (Roman) spearman. ||**has-te**¹⁵ [L. *-ta*], f.: spear. -**té**¹⁷, adj.: hastate(d).

1. **hâte**¹¹ [fr. Germ's; ak. to Eng. *haste*, borrowed fr. Ofr.], f.: HASTE, hurry.

2. †**hâ-te**¹¹ [L. *hasta*, spear], f.: spit (for roasting); roast. -**telet**, m.: small spit, skewer. -**telette** [-**telet**], f.: delicate morsel (roasted on a skewer).

hâter¹⁰ [1. **-te**], tr.: hasten, hurry on; force (fruit): *se —*, hasten, make haste, hurry up.

†**hâ-tereau**¹⁵ [2. **-te**], m.: fried pork-liver.

†**teur**¹² [2. **-te**], m.: cook (charged with the roasting). -**tier**¹¹ [2. **-te**], m.: spit-rest.

hâ-tif¹², *fr.* [1.-te], *adj.*: hasty, rapid; forward, precocious, early. **-tiveau**¹², *m.*: early fruit; hasting (pear or pea). **-tivement**¹², *adv.*: rapidly; early. **-ti-veté**¹², *f.*: forwardness; precocity.

han-ban¹¹ [fr. Germ'c; ak. to Eng. *head* (viz. of a mast) and *band*], *m.*: shrouds (set of ropes serving as stays for masts), stays. **-banner**¹², *tr.*: fasten with stays.

han-bergeon¹¹, *m.*: small hauberk. **||-bert** [OHG. *hals-berc*, 'neck-protector'], *m.*: HAUBERK (coat of mail).

haus-se¹², *f.*: raising; elevation; *frise* (advance in price); (piece for raising anything, as) block, underlay, disk; back-sight (of a gun), breech-sight; nut: *jouer à la —*, speculate on a rise; — *d'archet*, nut of a fiddle-bow. 1. **-se-col**¹⁴, *m.*:

[? pop. etym. for *haus-cot* (Ger. *hals*, neck), *cotte*], *m.*: gorget. 2. **-se-col**¹³, *m.*: ring-necked bird (ring-neck, colibri, lark, etc.).

-sement, *m.*: raising; shrug; *frise* (of value). **-sepié**¹³ [pied], *m.*: *footstep* (stepping-stone); wolf-trap; heron-hawk.

-ssequeue = *hochequeue*. **||-ser**²⁰

[p. L. *altiare*], *tr.*: raise (higher), elevate, lift up; shrug (shoulders); advance (value);

intr.: rise; increase: *se —*, raise one's self, rise, be raised; wish to appear high up or big; clear up (of weather); ad-

vance, rise (of value); — *la coude*, drink hard; *le change -se*, the rate of exchange

is rising; *la rente -se*, the funds are rising. **-sier**¹⁸ [-se], *m.*: bull (speculator

on a rise in values).

hausière¹⁹ [?], *f.*: HAWSER (rope).

haussoir¹⁷ [-sser], *m.*: stop-gate (of a dam).

haut-¹⁸ [L. *altus* (h fr. Ger.)], *adj.*: high (elevated, lofty; HAUGHTY; upper; chief; loud); *adv.*: high; aloud, loud(ly); *m.*:

height (altitude, size; top, summit, upper part; high notes); *la chambre —e*, the upper house; *de — goût*, high-seasoned;

tirer la bride —e à, keep a high hand over; *en —*, on high; upstairs; *de —*,

in height; high; *d'en —*, upper; *regarder de — en bas*, look at from head to foot;

look down upon, regard with scorn; *traiter de — en bas*, treat contemptuously;

plus —, higher; above, already; *de plus —*, farther back (in reading); *tout —*,

(quite) aloud; *faire — le pied*, be off, disappear; run off; — *à la main*, with a

high hand; in a high-handed manner; off-hand; with a tight rein. **-t-à-bas**¹⁷, *m.*:

peddler. 1. **-tain**¹¹, *adj.*: *high-soaring*; haughty, arrogant. 2. **-tain** = *tin*.

-tainement¹² [1.-tain], *adv.*: haughtily.

-tbois¹⁴ [bois], *m.*: hautboy; pastoral song; hautboy-player. **-tboiste**¹⁵ [-tbois],

m.: hautboy-player. **-t-de-chaus-**

se(s), *pl. —s—s, m.*: knee-breeches ('up-from-stockings'), trunk-hose, hose. **-te-**

-cogtre¹⁵, *pl. —s—, f.*: counter-tenor.

-tement¹⁰, *adv.*: loudly, aloud; superbly, magnificently, grandly; proudly. **-tesse**¹¹,

f.: (old) elevation; (now) Highness (as title, esp. of the sultan). **-te-taille**¹⁷,

pl. —s—s, f.: upper tenor. **-teur**¹¹, *f.*:

height, altitude, elevation; loftiness; rising ground, eminence; haughtiness, pride;

haughty action or word; 'depth' (of ocean, heavens, troops); (*nav.*) parallel,

bearing (*à — de*, off): *à — d'appui*, breast-high; *prendre la — du soleil*, take

the sun's altitude; *la — d'un bataillon*, the depth of a battalion; *à la — d'une*

île, off an island; *à la — de quelqu'un*, up to (capable of comprehending, abreast

with) any one; *avec —*, haughtily, imperiously. **-t-fond**, *pl. —s—s, m.*: shoal.

-tin¹⁵, *m.*: climbing vine; prop (for a climber). **-t-le-cœur**¹³, *m.*: nausea.

-t-le-cœur¹³, *m.*: start; skip. **-turi-**

-rier¹⁶, *ère*, *adj.*: *skilled on the high seas*; of the high seas, distant; *m.*: sea-

pilot.

hâve¹¹ [?], *adj.*: wan, emaciated.

haveneau¹⁷ [Norw. *haav*], *m.*: shrimp net.

haveron¹⁵ [OHG. *habaro* (= Ger. *hafer*)], *m.*: wild oats.

havel¹² [fr. Germ'c], *m.*: hook; tenter-hook.

havir¹² [? hâve], *tr.*: dry, scorch.

havre¹¹ [fr. Germ'c], *m.*: (old) HAVEN; dry harbour. **Havre**, *f.*: = (sea-port

city in France).

havrésac¹⁶ [Ger. *haber-sack*, 'oat-sack'], *m.*: *knapsack* (cf. Eng. *haversack*, 'ration-bag'); wallet, tool-bag.

ha-yer¹¹ [haie], *tr.*: HEDGE. **-yon** [haie], *m.*: shelter; tent; end-board (of a wagon).

hé¹⁰ [echoic], *interj.*: hey! ho! ah!

heau-me¹⁰ [OHG. *helm*], *m.*: (old) HELMET. **-mier**¹¹, *m.*: helmet maker.

hebdoma-daire¹⁰ [L. *-darius* (Gr. *hēbdomos*, SEVENTH)], *adj.*: hebdomadary, weekly.

héber-ge¹⁰ [OHG. *heri-berga*, 'army-shelter'], *f.*: *lodging*; *structure leaning on a party-wall*; *parting-line between two*

contiguous structures of unequal height.

-gement¹¹ [-ger], *m.*: lodging. **-ger**¹⁰, *tr.*: lodge; HARBOUR; support against a

party-wall; *intr.*: lodge.

hébété¹³ [L. *-tare* (*hebes*, dull)], *tr.*: render dull or obtuse, dull, blunt, hebe-

tate; *-tée, m., f.*: dolt, blockhead.

hé-braïque¹⁴ [L. *-braicus*], *adj.*: Hebraic, Hebrew. **-braiquement**, *adv.*: Hebraically. **-braisant** [-braisme], *m.*: Hebraist. **-braïsme**¹⁵, *m.*: Hebraism.

||-bron, pl. —x [L. *-braus*], adj. (m.): Hebrew, Hebraic; m.: Hebrew (person or language).

hécatombe¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *hekaton*, 100, *boûs*, ox)], f.: hecatomb.

hectare [Gr. *hekaton*, 100, Fr. *are*], f.: = (100 *ares*).

hec-tique [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *hêxis*, habit)], adj.: hectic. **-tisie**¹⁷, f.: consumption.

hecto- [Gr. *hekaton*, 100]: **-gramme**¹⁷, m. =. **-litre**¹⁷, m.: =. **-mètre**¹⁷, m.: hectometre.

hégémonie¹⁵ [Gr. *-nia* (*hegaînai*, lead)], f.: hegemony (leadership, supremacy).

hégire¹⁶ [fr. Ar.], f.: hégira (Mohammedan era).

heiduque¹⁷ [fr. Hung.], m.: Hungarian foot-soldier; valet (dressed like such a soldier).

hein¹⁵ [echoic], interj.: hey!

hélas¹¹ [*hê, las*, in old sense of 'wretched'], interj.: ALAS!

Hélène, f.: Helen.

hélér¹⁵ [? Eng. *hail*], tr.: (nav.) hail, speak.

héli- [Gr. *hêlios*, sun]: **-anthe**¹⁷ [Gr. *anthos*, flower], m.: sunflower. **-anthème**¹⁷ [Gr. *anthemon*, flower], m.: rock-rose. **-aque**¹⁷ [Gr. *-akôs*], adj.: heliacal.

héli-ec¹⁵ [L. *-x*], f.: helix, screw; shell-snail. **-cin**¹⁵, adj.: helicine, spiral. **-coïd**¹⁷ [Gr. *-koeides*], adj.: helicoid, spiral.

héli- [Gr. *hêlios*, sun]: **-centrique**¹⁷, adj.: heliocentric. **-graphie**¹⁵, f.: heliography. **-graphique**¹⁵, adj.: heliographical. **-mètre**¹⁷, m.: heliometer. **-scope**¹⁶ [Gr. *skopeîn*, look at], m.: helioscope. **-stat**¹⁷ [Gr. *statôs*, placed], m.: heliostat. **-trophe**¹⁵ [L. *-tropium* (Gr. *trêpeîn*, turn)], m.: heliotrope (the flower; bloodstone; astron. instrument).

hélix¹⁵ [Gr.], m.: helix (external ear).

hel-lène [Gr. *-lenôs*], m.: Hellene, Greek.

-lénique [Gr. *-lenikôs*], m.: Hellenic.

-lénisme [Gr. *-lenismôs*], m.: Hellenism.

-léniste¹⁶ [Gr. *-lenistes*], m.: Hellenist.

helminthe¹⁵ [Gr. *hêlmis*, worm], m.: intestinal worm.

Héloïse, f.: Eloise.

Helvé-tie [L. *-tia*], f.: Helvetia. **-tique**, adj.: Helvetic.

hem¹⁵ [echoic], interj.: hem!

héma- [Gr. *haima*, blood]: **-teux**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: hematoid. **-tie**¹⁵, red blood corpuscle. **-tite**¹⁶ (Gr. *haimatites*), f.: hematite. **-tose**¹⁶ [Gr. *haimatosis*], f.: hematoxis. **-turie**¹⁵ [Gr. *haimatouria* (*ouïron*, URINE)], f.: hematuria.

hémérocalle¹⁵ [Gr. *-llis*, 'day-beauty'], f.: hemerocallis.

hémi- [Gr. *hemi-*, half, SEMI-]: **-cycle**¹⁵, m.: hemicycle. **-èdre**¹⁵ [Gr. *hêdra*, SEAT], adj.: hemihedral. **-one**¹⁵ [Gr. *ônos*, ass], m.: =, wild ass (India).

-plégie [Gr. *plêge*, stroke], f.: hemiplegia. **-ptère** [Gr. *ptêron*, wing], adj.: hemipteral; m. pl.: hemiptera. **-sphère**¹² [L. *-sphaerium* (Gr. *sphaira*, sphere)], m.: hemisphere.

-sphérique¹⁵ [*-sphère*], adj.: hemispheric(al). **-stiche**¹⁵ [L. *-stichium* (Gr. *stichos*, line)], m.: hemistich.

hémo- [Gr. *haima*, blood]: **-ptoïque**¹⁷ [Gr. *ptûein*, spit], adj.: spitting blood.

-ptyisie [L. *-ptysis* (Gr. *ptûein*, spit)], f.: hemoptysis. **-rr(h)agie**¹⁵ [L. *-rrhagia* (Gr. *rhag-*, burst)], f.: hemorrhage.

-rr(h)oidal¹⁵ [*-rroïde*], adj.: hemorrhoidal. **-rr(h)oïde**¹² [L. *-rrhois* (Gr. *rheîn*, flow)], f. pl.: hemorrhoids, piles.

-rr(h)oisie [L. *-ssa* (2. *rheîn*, flow)], f.: (Bible) woman troubled with the bloody issue.

hendéca- [Gr. *hen-dêka*, eleven]: **-gone**¹⁷ [L. *gônus*, angle], m.: hendecagon. **-syllabe**¹⁵, adj.: hendecasyllabic; m.: hendecasyllable.

hen-nir⁹ an- [L. *hinnire*], intr.: neigh. **-nissant**¹⁶, adj.: neighing. **-nissement**¹⁵, m.: neighing.

hépathi-que¹² [L. *hepaticus* (Gr. *hêpar*, liver)], adj.: hepatic; f.: liverwort. **-te** [Gr. *-tis*], f.: hepatitis, liver-stone; hepatitis.

hepta- [Gr. *heptâ*, SEVEN]: **-corde** [L. *-cordus*], adj. or m.: heptachord. **-èdre**¹⁷ [Gr. *hêdra*, SEAT, base], m.: heptahedron.

-gonal¹⁵ [*-gone*], adj.: heptagonal. **-gone**¹⁵ [L. *-gonus* (Gr. *gonia*, angle)], adj.: heptagonal; m.: heptagon.

hepta-ndre [*-drie*], adj.: heptandron. **hepta-ndrie**¹⁷ [l. L. *-ia* (Gr. *ênêr*, man = 'stamen')], f.: heptandria.

hé-raldique¹⁷, adj.: heraldic. **-raldiste**¹⁵, m.: student of heraldry.

||-raut¹¹ [?], m.: herald.

her-bacé¹⁵ [L. *-baceus*], adj.: herbaceous. **-bage**¹¹, m.: = (grass; pasture).

-bagement [*-bager*], m.: feeding, pasturing. 1. **-bager**¹⁷, tr.: feed, graze, pasture. 2. **-bager**, m.: grazier. **-bageux**¹⁶, **-euse** [*-bage*], adj.: grassy. **||-be**⁹ [L. *-ba*], f.: HERB, grass; blade: — marine, seaweed; — militaire, milfoil; — de Saint-Jean, mugwort; — de la Saint-Jean, ground-ivy; mauvaises —s, weed(s); — aux chats, cat-thyme; — aux cuilliers, scurvy-grass; — gueux, clematis; — au pauvre homme, hyssop; — aux perles, gromwell; — de siège, figwort; — aux verrues, heliotrope; bouillon d'—s (or aux —s), herb soup; marcher sur une (mauvaise) —, be nettled or surly; em-

ployer toutes les — a de Saint-Jean, try all possible means; en —, in the blade; growing, promising; in hope; manger son blé en —, ('eat the grain while in the blade'), eat up one's income beforehand; couper l'— sous le pied à, supplant, oust.

-beiller¹², intr.: graze. **-ber**¹¹, tr.: grass (expose, as flax, on the grass for bleaching); treat with grass. †**-berie**¹², f.: †herb-market; bleaching-ground for wax. **-bette**¹³, f.: short or tender grass. **-beur**, °**-euse** [L. *-bosus*], adj.: herbaceous, grassy. **-bier**¹¹, m.: grass bank (in a stream, etc.); grass shed; paunch (of ruminants); herbarium; herbal. **-bière**¹², f.: herb-woman. **-bivoire**¹⁷ [L. *-ba, vorare*, eat], adj.: herbivorous; m.: herbivorous animal. **-borisation**¹⁷ [L. *-borisier*], f.: herboration. **-boriser**¹⁶, intr.: herborise. **-boriseur** [L. *-boriser*], m.: herboriser (collector of plants). **-boriste**¹⁵, m.: herborist, herbulist. **-boristerie**¹⁵, f.: herb-trade, herb-shop. **-bu**¹¹, adj.: grass-grown, grassy. **-bue**¹⁷, f.: vegetal or rich soil.

her-chage, m.: ore-carting. **-che**¹³, f.: ore-cart. †**-cher** [Norm. for *-ser*], tr.: cart (ore in mines). **-cheur**, °**-euse**, m., f.: ore-carter.

Her-cule, m.: Hercules. **-culéen**¹⁵, °**-enne**, adj.: Herculean.

hère¹⁵ [?], m.: sorry or poor fellow, wretch; card-game; young deer.

héredi-taire¹⁴ [L. *-arius*], adj.: hereditary. **-tairement**¹⁵, adv.: hereditarily. †**-té**¹⁰ [L. *-tas* (heres, heir)], f.: heirship, hereditary rights; heredity; †inheritance.

héro-ïarque¹⁵ [fr. l. l.], m.: heresiarch. **-sîe**¹¹ [l. l. *hæresis* (Gr. *haireis*, taking, choosing)], f.: heresy. **-ti-cité**¹⁶ [L. *hæretique*], f.: heretical nature. **-tique**¹³ [L. *hæreticus*], adj.: heretic(al); m., f.: heretic.

†**hergne** = hargner.

héris-sement¹¹ [*-ser*], m.: bristling. **-ser**⁹ [p. L. **hericiare*], tr.: bristle; set with sharp points, arm: se —, bristle, stand on end or erect; be bristling or armed with. †**-son**⁹ [p. L. **herico* (L. *-cius*)], m.: hedgehog, URCHIN; (name of various objects with points, as) HERISON (fort.); sprocket-(wheel), canting-wheel, rag-wheel, spur-wheel; bottle-drainer, rack; chimney-scraper; top-knot (hairdress); prickly mushroom; chestnut burr; prickly pear: — de mer, sea-urchin. **-sonné**¹⁶, adj.: (her.) crouching. †**-son-ner**¹¹, tr.: bristle; rough-plaster.

héri-tage¹¹, m.: heritage, inheritance: — a libéré, fee-simple; — a substitués, fee-tail. †**-ter**⁹ [p. L. *hereditare* (L. *heres*, heir)], intr.: be heir, inherit; tr.: in-

herit, succeed to. **-tier**⁹, °**-ère** [p. L. *hereditarius*], m., f.: HEIR, heiress, inheritor: — par substitution, heir of entail; — universel, sole heir; — présumptif, heir-apparent.

herle = harle.

hermaphro-disme¹⁷, m.: hermaphrodisism. †**-dite**¹² [L. *-ditus* (Gr. *Hermaphroditos*, mythol. youth joined in one body with a nymph when bathing)], m.: =; adj.: hermaphroditic.

†**hermeline** = hermine.

hermé-neutique¹⁷ [Gr. *-neutikós* (*-neûein*, interpret)], adj.: hermeneutic(al); f.: hermeneutics.

Her-mès [Gr.], m.: Hermes (Greek divinity, by the Romans identified with Mercury); statue of Hermes or Mercury; Hermes' or Mercury's head (on a short pillar). **-métique**, adj.: hermetic (referring to alchemy, as supposed to have been taught by the Egyptian Hermes; close, as a sealed tube of alchemists), hermetical; crowned with a Hermes' head or with a man's head. **-métiquement**¹⁶ [*-métique*], adv.: hermetically.

hermi-ne¹⁹ [fr. *armine*, prop'ly 'Armenian'], f.: ermine (winter-weasel; fur; her. ermine moth). **-né**¹¹, adj.: hermined. **-nette**¹⁵, f.: (carp.) adze. **-nite**¹⁷, f.: (her.) hermine (argent field, tufted with black).

hermitage, °**-te** = ermitage, °**-te**.

her-niaire¹⁶, adj.: hernial; rupture-wort: bandage —, truss. †**-nie** [L. *-nia*], f.: hernia, rupture. **-niole**¹⁵, f.: rupturewort.

hernuites¹⁷ [town *Herrenhuf*], m. pl.: Herrnhuters (Moravians, United Brethren).

Héro-de, m.: Herod. **-diens**, m. pl.: Herodians.

Hérodote, m.: Herodotus.

héroï-comique¹⁶, adj.: heroi-comic. **-de**¹⁵ [L. *-s*], f.: heroic epistle. **-ne**¹⁵ [L.], f.: heroine. †**-que**¹⁴ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *hêros*, hero)], adj.: heroic(al). **-que-ment**¹⁵, adv.: heroically. **-sme**¹⁶ [*hêros*], m.: heroism.

hé-ron⁹ [p. L. **hagiro* (OHG. *heigir*)], m.: heron: masse de —, heron plume. **-ronneau**¹⁵, m.: young heron. **-ron-ner**¹³, intr.: (falc.) hunt the heron. †**-ronnier**¹³, †**-ère**, adj.: heron-like, long and lank, thin. **-ronnière**¹³, f.: heronry.

héros¹⁵ [L.-Gr.], m.: hero.

herpe¹⁶ [?], f.: sea-drift, washed ashore. **her-pès**¹⁴ [L.-Gr. (Gr. *hêrpein*, creep)], m.: herpes, tetters. **-pétique**¹³, adj.: herpetic.

hers-age¹² [*-ser*], m.: harrowing (of a field).

hersch . . . = *herch* . . .

her-se⁹ [L. *hirpex*, f.: harrow; (fort.) HERSE, portcullis; barrier (of a house); grating, screen; spiked bar; branched candlestick (in Rom. Cath. churches); small table with lights (between the scenes in a theatre), scene light (concealed by the scenes); frame; (nav.) iron cringle. -**se**, adj.: (her.) with a herse; and cf. -**ser**. -**ser**¹¹, tr.: harrow. -**seur**, = **euse** [-**ser**], m., f.: harrower. -**sillon**¹⁷, m.: =.

hesi-tant¹⁸, adj.: hesitating. -**tation**¹⁸ [L. *hesitatio*, f.: hesitation; faltering. -**ter**¹⁵ [L. *hesitare*, intens. of *harere*, 'stick'], intr.: hesitate; falter, hem and haw; demur: *faire* —, stagger.

hessois, adj. or noun: Hessian.

hétai-re¹⁷ [Gr. *hétaira*, companion], f.: concubine.

hétéro- [Gr. *héteros*, other]: -**clite**¹⁴ [Gr. *klínein*, bend], adj.: heteroclite, -clitic(al), anomalous; strange. -**doxe**¹⁶ [Gr. *-doxós* (*dóxa*, opinion)], adj.: heterodox. -**doxie**¹⁷ [Gr. *doxia* (*dóxa*, opinion)], f.: heterodoxy. -**gène**¹⁶ [Gr. *généis* (*génos*, kind)], adj.: heterogeneous. -**gé-néité**¹⁶ [cf. *-gène*], f.: heterogeneity.

het-man [Pol.], m.: = (Cossack chieftain).

hêtre¹² [Netherl. *heester*], m.: beech (-tree).

heur⁹ [L. *augurium*, augury], m.: chance, happy chance, luck, good fortune.

heure⁹ [L. *hōra*, f.: HOUR; o'clock; moment; pl.: hours, time; Hours (myth.); primer (prayer-book): *une* —, one o'clock; *une* — *et demie*, half-past one; *sur la* —, about one o'clock; *de bonne* —, early; *de meilleure* —, earlier, sooner; *à l'— qu'il faut*, in due time; in the nick of time; — *s perdus*, lost hours, leisure hours; *donner* —, fix an hour; — *du berger*, wooer's hour (propitious for wooers); *pour l'—*, for the moment, at present; *à l'— qu'il est*, at this present hour, now; *tout à l'—*, by and by, presently; just now, not long ago; *d'— à autre*, now and then; *à la bonne* —, in good time; well and good, very well; *livres d'—s*, primer; *une paire d'—s*, a primer; *chercher midi à quatorze* —s, run a wild-goose chase; *quart d'— de Rabelais*, paying time, settling time; trying time.

heu-reusement¹⁵, adv.: happily, luckily; successfully, prosperously; by good luck. -**reux**¹³, = **euse** [heur], adj.: happy; fortunate, lucky, favourable; blissful, blessed; felicitous, excellent.

heur-t¹³, m.: clash (collision, blow, knock); mark after a blow (bruise, hurt); rising or sudden obstacle; highest point or elevation; (dial.) dumping ground. -**tement**¹², m.: clash, collision; hiatus.

-**ter**¹² [?], (in)tr.: knock, hit or run (against), strike, shock, jostle; run counter to; run foul of; HURT, offend; (paint.) colour hard: *se* —, strike or hit one's self; hit, run, or butt against one another, clash, run foul of each other. come into collision, jostle; -**té**, abrupt, rough, choppy. -**toir**¹³, m.: knocker (of a door); (various objects serving to check a blow, as) door-catch, catch, stop, stopper, buffer, fender.

heuse¹³ [?], f.: (old) bolt; (nav.) pump rod or spear.

hexa- [Gr. *héz*, SIX]: -**èdre**¹⁷ [Gr. *hédra*, SEAT, base], adj.: hexahedral; m.: hexahedron. -**gonal**¹⁵ [-**gone**], adj.: hexagonal. -**gone**¹⁵ [L. *-gonus* (Gr. *gonia*, angle)], adj.: hexagonal; m.: hexagon. -**mètre**¹⁵ [L. *-metrus*, adj.: hexametrical; m.: hexameter.

hex-andre¹⁷, adj.: hexandrous. -**andrie**¹⁷ [l. L. *-andria* (Gr. *héz*, SIX, *anér*, man = stamen), f.: hexandria.

hiatus¹⁵ [L. (*hiare*, gape, YAWN)], m.: =. **hiber-nal**¹³ [L. *-nalis*], adj.: =. -**ner**¹⁸ [L. *-nare*], intr.: hibernate.

hibou¹⁵ [?], m.: owl; unsociable person: *faire le* —, mope like an owl.

hie¹⁷ [L. 'here'], m.: hard point, difficulty, rule.

hidalgo¹⁵ [Sp. (*hijo de algo*, 'son of something'), m.: =.

hi-deur¹¹, f.: hideousness. -**dense-ment**¹¹, adv.: hideously, horribly. -**deux**¹⁰, = **euse** [Ofr. *hide* (?), fright], adj.: hideous, horrible.

hie¹⁵ [l. Ger. *heie*], f.: rammer.

hièble⁹ [L. *ebulum*], f.: dwarf-elder.

hiemal¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], adj.: hyemal (winter-).

1. **hier**⁹ [L. *heri*], adv.: yesterday: — *au soir*, last night; *homme d'—*, upstart.

2. **hier**¹² [*hie*], tr.: ram; intr.: creak.

hiérar-chie¹³ [l. L. *-chia* (Gr. *hierós*, holy, *árchein*, rule)], f.: hierarchy. -**chique**¹⁴, adj.: hierarchic(al). -**chique-ment** [-**chique**], adj.: hierarchically.

hiératique¹⁵ [L. *-ticus* (Gr. *hierós*, holy)], adj.: hieratic.

hiéroglyphe¹⁵, m.: hieroglyph. -**phique**¹⁵ [L. *-phicus* (Gr. *hierós*, holy, *glûphein*, carve)], adj.: hieroglyphic(al).

hiérophante¹⁵ [L. *-tes* (Gr. *hierós*, holy, *phatnéin*, show)], m.: hierophant.

hila-rant¹⁵ [L. *-rans*], adj.: exciting laughter: *gaz* —, laughing-gas. -**re** [L. *-ris*], adj.: hilarious. -**rité**¹³ [L. *-ritas*], f.: hilarity, mirth.

hile¹⁵ [L. *-lum*, eye of a bean], m.: hilum.

hiloire¹⁵ [Sp. *esloria* (?)], f.: (nav.) roof-tree.

Hipparque, m.: Hipparchus.

hippiatrie¹⁵ or **-trique** [Gr. *-tria*], *f.*: veterinary art.
hippique¹⁵ [Gr. *-kós* (*hippos*, horse)], *adj.*: hippic.
hippo- [Gr. *hippos*, horse]: **-campe**¹⁵ [L. *-campus* (Gr. *kámpos*, sort of fish)], *m.*: hippocampus, sea-horse. **-drome**¹² [L. *-dromus* (Gr. *drómos*, course)], *m.*: = (circus; race-course). **-griffe**¹⁶ [It. *ippogrifo* ('griffin')], *m.*: hippogriff (winged horse). **-lithe**¹⁷ [Gr. *lithos*, stone], *f.*: (vet.) hippolith. **-potame**¹² [Gr. *pótamos*, river], *m.*: hippopotamus.
hiron-deau¹² [-*dé*], *m.*: young swallow.
-delle¹⁶ [-*dé*], *f.*: swallow; light boat: — *de cheminée*, house-swallow; — *rustique*, — *de fenêtre*, martin; — *de mer*, seagull; swallow-fish; — *de rivage* (or *rivière*), sand-martin.
hirsute¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: = (shaggy).
hispid¹² [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: hispid, bristly.
hisser¹⁶ [fr. Scand. *-ssa*], *tr.*: HOIST (up), heave, haul up (sails), sway up (yards).
histologie = *histologie*.
histoire¹¹ [L. *-toria* (Gr. *-toria*, root *vid*, know, wrt)], *f.*: history; story; idle story, falsehood: — *de*, for the mere sake of; merely to; *faiseur d'—s*, story-teller; *d'—*, historical.
histologie¹⁵ [Gr. *histos*, tissue], *f.*: histology.
†histo-rial¹² [L. *-rialis*], *adj.*: historical.
†hien¹² [histoire], *m.*: historian.
-rier¹², *tr.*: †relate in detail; †illustrate; adorn, embellish. **-riette**¹⁶ [histoire], *f.*: little story or tale, story. **-riographe**¹² [L. *-riographus* (Gr. *gráphein*, write)], *m.*: historiographer. **-rique**¹⁴ [L. *-ricus*], *adj.*: historical; *m.*: historical sketch, history. **-riquement**¹⁶ [-*rique*], *adv.*: historically.
his-trion¹⁵ [L. *-trio*], *m.*: = (player of farces); poor actor; (iron.) comedian.
-trionique¹⁴, *adj.*: histrionic(al).
hiver⁹ [L. *hibernus* (*hiems*, winter), wintry], *m.*: winter: *cœur de l'—*, mid-winter. **-nage**¹¹, *m.*: (nav.) winter-season; rainy season (in equinoctial climates); winter harbour; wintering place; (agr.) winter-fallowing; (dial.) winter-sowing; winter-fodder. **-nal**¹¹, *adj.*: winter-, wintry. **-ner**¹¹, *intr.*: winter; *tr.*: winter-fallow; feed on winter-fallow; †inure to cold.
ho [echoic], *interj.*: ho! ho! ahoy!
hobereau¹⁶ [OFr. *-be* (Germ. *o*)], *m.*: HOBBY (small falcon); (iron.) country squire; (dial.) petty tyrant.
hoc¹⁶ [? L., 'this'], *m.*: 'hock' (game at cards); certain share, certainty: *cela lui est —*, he is sure of that.
hoca¹¹ [?], *m.*: 'hoca' (game of chance).

hoche¹¹ [?], *f.*: notch, nick.
ho-chement¹⁵ [-*cher*], *m.*: tossing, shaking. †**-chepied** [piéd], *m.*: heron-hawk (for *hausse-pied*). **-chepot**¹⁵ [pot], *m.*: hodge-podge. **-chequeue** [queue], *m.*: wag-tail (bird). 1. **-cher**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: shake, toss, wag, jerk.
2. **-hocher**¹¹ [-*che*], *tr.*: notch.
hochet¹² [1. *-cher*], *m.*: rattle (for children).
†hogner¹² [?], *intr.*: grumble, growl.
†hoi-r² [p. L. **hērem* (Acc. of L. *res*)], *m.*: HEIR. †**-rio**¹⁴, *f.*: inheritance.
holà [ho, la], *interj.*: holla! ho! ho!
hō-lément¹⁷, *m.*: hooting (of owls).
†-ler¹² [echoic], *intr.*: hoot (of owls, etc.).
hollan-dais, **-aise**, *adj.*: Hollandish, Dutch; *m.*: Hollander, Dutchman; Dutch language; *f.*: Dutch woman. **†Hollan-de**, *f.*: Holland. **-dé**¹⁷, *adj.*: dressed (of quills): *batiste -dée*, thick cambric. **-der**¹⁶, *tr.*: dress (quills).
holocauste¹¹ [L. *-tum* (Gr. *hōlos*, all, *kaustōs*, burned)], *m.*: holocaust (burnt-offering; sacrifice).
†holographe = *olographe*.
hom¹⁷ [echoic], *interj.*: hum! humph!
homard¹⁶ [ONorse *humarr*], *m.*: lobster.
hombre¹⁶ [Sp. (L. *homo*), man], *m.*: ombre (game at cards).
homélie¹¹ [l. L. *-milia* (Gr. *-milia*, sermon)], *f.*: homily.
homéo-pathe¹⁵, *adj.*: homeopathic; *m.*: homeopath. **†-pathie**¹⁵ [Gr. *hómoios*, like, *páthos*, sickness], *f.*: homeopathy. **-pathique**¹⁵, *adj.*: homeopathic.
Homère, *m.*: Homer. **homérique**, *adj.*: Homeric.
homici-de¹¹ [L. 1. *-da*, 2. *-dium*], 1. *m. f.*: homicide (manslayer); *adj.*: murderous; 2. *m.*: homicide (manslaughter): — *volontaire*, willful murder; — *involontaire*, manslaughter; — *par imprudence*, homicide by misadventure. †**-der**¹⁶, *tr.*: murder, slay.
hom-mage¹¹ [l. L. *hominaticum* (L. *homo*, 'man', l. L. also 'servant')], *m.*: homage (of a tenant to a lord; reverence, respect; gift): *rendre ses —s*, pay one's respects; — *de reconnaissance*, token of gratitude. 1. **-mager**¹⁴, *tr.*: hold by homage. 2. **-mager**¹⁵, *m.*: homager.
hom-masse¹⁵, *adj.*: manlike, masculine. **†-me**⁹ [L. *homo*], *m.*: man; (pop.) husband, old man: — *à tout*, man of all work; *pauvre —*, pitiful man; — *pauvre*, poor (indigent) man; *bon —*, good man; good-natured fellow; old fellow; — *bon*, kind-hearted man; good man *brave —*, good fellow, excellent fellow; — *brave*, brave man; — *de bois*, fagot, dumb-jockey; *à tout faire*, jack at all trades; — *des*

bois, orang-outang; baboon, wild man.
†**meau**, m.: little man. **-dieu**, m.:
man-god.

homo- [Gr. *homós*, SAME, like]: **-cen-**
trique¹⁶ [L. *-centricus*], adj.: homocen-
tric. **-gène**¹⁵ [Gr. *genés* (*génos*, kind)],
adj.: homogeneous. **-généité**¹⁵ [L. *-ge-*
neitas (cf. *-gène*)], f.: homogeneity. **-lo-**
gatif¹⁵, **-ive** [-loguer], adj.: homologa-
tive. **-logation**¹⁵ [-loguer], f.: (= ap-
proval). **-loguer**¹⁵ [L. *-logare* (Gr. *lógos*,
speech)], tr.: homologate, affirm, approve.
-nyme¹⁶ [L. *-nymus* (Gr. *ónoma*, NAME)],
adj.: homonymous; m., f.: homonyme,
namesake. **-phone**¹⁵ [Gr. *phónos* (*phóné*,
sound)], adj.: homophonic. **-phonie**¹⁷
[Gr. *phónia* (*phóné*, sound)], f.: homoph-
ony.

hon¹⁰ [echoic], interj.: bah! shame!

†**houchet** = **jouchet**.

hon-gre¹⁵ [for *-grois*], adj.: gelded; emas-
culated; m.: gelder. **-gruline**¹⁶, f.: (old)
body coat (with large flaps). **-grer**¹⁶
[-gre] tr.: geld; emasculate. **-greur**¹⁸
[-grer], m.: gelder. **|| Hon-grie**, f.:
Hungary. **-grois**, **-oise**, adj.: Hunga-
rian; m., f.: Hungarian; (m.) Hungarian
language. **-groyer**¹⁷, tr.: tan (Hunga-
rian fashion). **-groyeur**¹⁷ [-groyer], m.:
tanner.

hon-nête¹¹ [L. *honestus*], adj.: honest,
upright; virtuous; genteel, accomplished;
polite; suitable; fitting, fair: — **homme**,
honest man; — **femme**, virtuous woman;
homme —, civil (genteel) man; **prix** —,
reasonable price; **habit** —, decent (or
presentable) coat; **récompense** —, hand-
some reward. **-nêtement**¹¹ [-nête], adv.:
honestly; virtuously; genteelly, politely;
courteously; becomingly, decently; hand-
somely; moderately. **-nêteté**¹⁴ [-nête], f.:
honesty, probity; virtue, chasteness; po-
liteness; courtesy; propriety, fitness, deco-
rum; present; **régles de l'—**, rules of pro-
priety; **faire une — à**, make an acknow-
ledgment or present to; be courteous to.
|| -neur⁹ [L. *honor*], m.: honour; purity
(of women); honour card; pl. regalia: **che-**
valier d'—, gentleman in waiting; **croix**
d'—, cross of the Legion of Honour; **filles**
d'—, maid of honour; **demoiselle d'—**,
bride's-maid; **garçon d'—**, bride's-man,
best man; **partie d'—**, rubber (of cards);
decisive game; **en —**, in honour, hono-
ured; in favour, in request; **faire — à**,
do honour to; do credit to; honour, meet
(bills, etc.); ascribe the honour of to; **se**
faire — de, esteem as an honour; be proud
of; take credit for; **faire réparation d'—**,
make an apology; **se piquer d'—**, feel
one's honour piqued; **en sortir avec —** (or
à son —), come off with honor; **tenir à —**

de, esteem it an honour to; **foi d'homme**
d'—, as I am a man of honour.

honnir¹⁰ [OHG. *haunjan* (= Ger. *hoh-*
nen)], tr.: disgrace, shame, dishonour:
honnir soit qui mal y pense, evil be to him
who evil thinks.

hono-rabilité¹⁸, f.: honourableness.
|| -rable¹¹ [L. *-rabilis* (-r, honour)], adj.:
honourable, creditable; m.: member of
the deputy chamber: **amende —**, public
confession (of a criminal); **amends**. **-ra-**
blement¹¹, adv.: honourably, respecta-
bly; sumptuously. **-raire**¹⁴ [L. *-rarius*],
adj.: honorary, titular; m. (esp. pl.):
emolument, compensation, fee. **-rer**¹⁰ [L.
-rare], tr.: honour; be an honour to: **s'—**,
do one's honour; acquire honour; deem
(esteem) it an honour; pique one's self
(on), take a pride (in). **-rifique**¹⁵ [L.
-rificus], adj.: honorific, honorary. **-ri-**
fiquement¹⁴ [-rifique], adj.: in an hono-
rific way.

hon-te¹⁰ [OHG. *haunita* (ak. to Ger. *hohn*,
scorn)], f.: shame; disgrace: **avoir —**, be
ashamed; **mauvaise (fausse) —**, unde-
served feeling of shame, groundless self-
reproach, diffidence, bashfulness; **faire — à**,
make ashamed; **avoir toute — bue**, be
lost to all shame; (prov.) **que — ne vous**
fasse dommage, don't be ashamed to do
what is right. **-teusement**¹¹ [-teux], adj.:
shamefully. **-teur**¹¹, **-euse**, adj.: shame-
ful, disgraceful, scandalous; ashamed;
shamefaced, bashful, timid; m., f.:
timid or modest person: **avoir l'air —**,
look ashamed or bashful; **pauvre —**, mod-
est poor (person ashamed to beg); **parties**
-teuses, organs of generation, pudenda;
morceau —, last piece in the dish (at
table); **il n'y a que les — qui perdent**, only
faint hearts fail.

hôpital¹¹ [L. *hospitale* (-pes, GUEST)], m.:
hospital; poor-house: — **ambulant**, field-
hospital; **aller à l'—**, go to the work-
house; go to the dogs.

hoplite¹⁷ [L.-Gr. *-tes*], m.: = (heavy-
armed Greek soldier).

hoquet¹⁸ [?], m.: hiccough; †blow, shock:
— **de la mort**, death-rattle.

hoqueton¹¹ [old *al-coton* (Ar. *al*, the, Fr.
coton)], m.: (old) cotton, cotton cloth;
(now) cotton coat or cassock; archer
(dressed in a cotton coat), constable.

horaire¹⁵ [L. *-rarius* (-ra, HOUR)], adj.:
horary, horal; m.: time-table.

horde¹⁵ [Tart.], f.: =.

horion¹¹ [?], m.: violent blow, bang.

hori-zon¹² [L.-Gr. (Gr. *-zein*, border)],
m.: =. **-zental**¹⁵, pl. = **-aux**, adj.: =,
level. **-zontale**, f.: demi-mondaine
(gay woman). **-zontalement**¹⁶ [-zontal],
adv.: horizontally.

hor-loge¹¹ [L. *horologium* (Gr. *hōra*, HOUR, *légain*, tell)], *f.* (m.): horologe, clock; (nav.) glass: — *d'eau*, clepsydra; — *de sable*, hourglass. **-loger**¹², *m.*: clock- and watch-maker or -seller. **-logère**¹³, *f.*: clock or watch-maker's wife. **-logerie**¹⁴ [-*loger*], *f.*: clock- and watch-making or trade; clock-work; horology. **-logeur** = *loger*.

hormis¹⁵ [*hors*, mis, 'put'], *adv.*: except, save.

horo- [Gr. *hōra*, HOUR]: **-graphie**¹⁶, *f.*: horography. **-scope**¹⁷ [Gr. *skopein*, view], *m.* (tr.): =. **-scopique**¹⁸ [-*scope*], *adj.*: horoscopic.

hor-reux¹⁹ [L. *horror* (-*rēre*, shiver)], *f.*: horror (shudder, dread; horrible thing); detestation, abomination; fright (of persons); awe: *belle* —, awful spectacle. **-rible**²⁰ [L. *-ribilis*], *adj.*: =. **-riblement**²¹ [-*rible*], *adv.*: horribly. **-rifique**²² [L. *-rifcus*], *adj.*: (fam.) horrific.

horripilant²³ [-*ler*], *adj.*: causing a shiver, hair-raising. **-lotion**²⁴ [L. *-latio* (*horre*, bristle, *pilus*, hair)], *f.*: =. **-ler**²⁵, *tr.*: give a shiver to, horrify.

hors²⁶ [for *fora*], *prep.*: outside of; beside, beyond; except(ed); out (with *de*); *adv.*: outside; — (*que*), unless; — *de combat*, disabled; — *de prix*, extremely dear; — *d'œuvre*, or **-d'œuvre**, *m.*: what is outside the subject, digression; out-work; side-dish (butter, radishes, etc., usually between soup and first course).

hortensia²⁷ [L. *l.*], *f.*: = (rose).

horti-cole²⁸, *adj.*: horticultural. **-culteur**²⁹, *m.*: horticulturist. **-culture**³⁰ [L. *hortus*, GARDEN, Fr. *c.*], *f.*: =.

hosanna³¹ [L. (Heb.)], *intr.* or *m.*: Hosanna; Palm-Sunday hymn: *†dimanche* —, Palm-Sunday.

hospice³² [L. *-tium* (*hospes*, GUEST)], *m.*: place of hospitality; hospice; hospital, almshouse, asylum (for children and old people). **-talier**³³, **-ère** [i. l. L. *-talaris* (-*ale*, hospital); 2. *-talité*], *adj.*: hospital, almshouse; 2. hospitable; *m.*, *f.*: 1. hospitaler. **-talièrement**³⁴ [-*talier*], *adv.*: hospitality. **-talisation**³⁵ [-*taliser*], *f.*: admission in or change to a hospital. **-taliser**³⁶ [*hôpital*], *tr.*: place in hospital or almshouse; change into a hospital. **-talité** [L. *-talitus*], *f.*: hospitality.

hostie³⁷ [L. *-tia*, victim], *f.*: offering (victim offered); victim; HOST (consecrated wafer).

hosti-le³⁸ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: =. **-lement**³⁹, *adv.*: hostility. **-lité**⁴⁰ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: hostility.

hôte⁴¹ [L. *hospes*], *m.*: HOST (entertainer; landlord, innkeeper); GUEST; lodger: *table d'—*, =, ordinary. **-tel**⁴² [L. *hospitāle*],

guest-room], *m.*: hotel; mansion; royal mansion; large public building: — *de ville*, town-hall; — *des monnaies*, mint; *maître d'—*, steward. **-tel-Dieu**, *pl.* —, *m.*: principal hospital of a town. **-telier**⁴³, **-ère**, *m.*: innkeeper, landlord, landlady. **-tellerie**⁴⁴ [-*telier*], *f.*: HOSTELRY, inn, small hotel; apartment for guest in a convent. **-tesse**, *f.*: hostess (entertainer; landlady); guest; lodger.

hot-te⁴⁵ [Germ. *c*], *f.*: dossier (basket, strapped on the back); rain tub; drag-scraper; basket funnel. **-tée**⁴⁶, *f.*: basketful. **†-ter**⁴⁷, *tr.*: (*dial.*) carry in a dossier. **†-terreau**⁴⁸, **-teret**, *m.*: (*dial.*) small dossier; garden-basket. **-teur**⁴⁹, **-euse**, *m., f.*: basket-carrier.

houache or **-aiche** = *ouaiche*.

houage⁵⁰ [*houer*], *m.*: hoeing.

hou-blou⁵¹ [Netherl. *hop*], *m.*: HOP (plant): *perche à —*, hop-pole. **-blonner**, *tr.*: hop. **-blonnier**, *f.*: hop-field, hop-garden.

hou-e⁵² [OHG. *-wa*], *f.*: HOE. **-er**⁵³, *tr.*: hoe. **-ette**⁵⁴, *f.*: small hoe.

houil-le⁵⁵ [?], *f.*: (pit-)coal. **-ler**⁵⁶, **-ère**, *adj.*: coal, coaly. **-lère**⁵⁷, *f.*: coal-mine. **-leur**⁵⁸, *m.*: coal-miner, collier. **-leux**⁵⁹, **-euse**, *adj.*: containing coal, coaly.

†houlan = *uhlan*.

houle⁶⁰ [?], *f.*: swell (of the sea), rolling, surge.

houlette⁶¹ [OFr. *-ler* (?), throw], *f.*: shepherd's spade (staff with a small spade for throwing clods of earth at straying sheep; synonymous with Eng. 'shepherd's crook, crook; shepherd's condition'); gardener's trowel; long spoon; bivalve.

houleur⁶², **-euse** [-*le*], *adj.*: smelling, rolling.

houlque⁶³ [L. *-cus*], *f.*: feather-grass.

hou-p [echoic], *interj.*: holla! **-per**⁶⁴, *tr.*: (*hunt.*) whoop (incite by shouting); *se —*, shout to each other.

houp-pe⁶⁵ [?], *f.*: leafy tree-top; tuft (of feathers, hair, etc.), tassel; top-knot; powder-puff. **-pé**⁶⁶, *adj.*: tufted. **-pée**⁶⁷, *f.*: foamy surge (of a wave), swell.

houppelande⁶⁸ [?], *f.*: great coat (long, loose-fitting, wadded overcoat).

houp-per⁶⁹ [-*pe*], *tr.*: tuft; comb (wool).

-pette⁷⁰ [-*pe*], *f.*: small tuft or tassel.

-pier⁷¹ [-*pe*], *m.*: tufted tree (with the lower branches cut off); tree-top.

†houque = *houlque*.

hour = *hourd*.

houra⁷² [Russ. *-ura*], *interj.* or *m.*: war-cry (of Russian soldiers); hurrah; alarm.

hourail-ler⁷³ [*hourel*], *intr.*: hunt with bad hounds. **-lis**⁷⁴, *m.*: pack of worthless hounds.

hour-d¹² [OHG. *hurt*, HURDLE, *m.*: (old) palissade, scaffolding; (*now*) sawyer's trestle; wooden-shoe-maker's shed. -**age**¹⁴ [-*der*], *m.*: rough-walling; pugging, deafening. -**der**¹¹, *tr.*: (old) palissade, intrench; pug (lath joists and fill with clay); rough-cast. -**dis**¹¹ [-*der*], *m.*: (*mas.*) pugging, rough-cast; (*nav.*) wing-transom.

houret¹⁶ [?], *m.*: worthless hound.

houri¹⁶ [Turk.], *f.*: = (Moham. nymph of paradise).

hourque¹⁴ [Dutch *hulk*], *f.*: HULK (flat-bottomed boat).

hourra¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], *interj.* or *m.*: hurrah.

hourvari¹⁵ [?], *m.*: return to the starting-point (said of hunted game, thus putting the dogs off the track); baffling trick; huntsmen's cry in calling back the dogs; hubbub, uproar.

†**houssard** = *hussard*.

†**hou-seau**¹² [OFr. *huese* (OHG. *hosa*), HOSE], *m.*: legging. †**-ser**¹¹ [OFr. *huese*], *tr.*: put on boots; -*se*, booted; (*jeat*) mud-covered.

houspiller¹² [*housse-pigner* (= *-peigner*), 'comb the cloak'], *tr.*: shake up, touse, mob; cut up, abuse, scold: *se* —, tug, scold each other; wrangle.

houssage¹⁷ [-*ser*], *m.*: dusting (with a feather-broom).

houssaie¹² [houz], *f.*: holly-grove.

†**houssard** = *hussard*.

hou-se¹² [? fr. Ar.], *f.*: (old) short cloak; cover (for furniture, etc.); tidy; HOUSING (†Eng. HOUSE), saddlecloth, horse-cloth; hammer-cloth; carriage-trimming (of velvet, etc.). -**ser**¹², *tr.*: cover, trim, deck with a housing.

2.housser¹² [houz], *tr.*: sweep (orig. with a holly-broom, then any broom), dust (with a feather-broom); †thrash.

houssette¹⁴ [?], *f.*: self-locker (of trunk-locks).

hou-sière¹⁸ [houz], *f.*: holly-grove. -**sine**¹⁴ [houz], *f.*: switch. -**siner**¹⁴ [-*sine*], *tr.*: switch, whip. -**soir**¹⁴ [2.-*ser*], *m.*: holly-broom, broom (gen'lly); feather-broom, whisk. -**son**¹⁵ [houz], *m.*: knee-holly.

houx¹¹ [OHG. *huls*], *m.*: HOLLY, holly-tree; holly-cane: *petit* —, or -**frelon**, *m.*: butcher's broom.

houyan¹² [houe], *m.*: mattock.

hu-age¹⁷ [-*er*], *m.*: hooting. †**-aile** [-*er*], *f.*: mob. -**ard**¹³ [-*er*], *m.*: osprey; loon.

hublot¹⁶ [? ak. to Eng. *hole*], *m.*: small port-hole.

huche¹⁷ [l. *hutica* (? ak. to Ger. *hut*, guard)], *f.*: (kneading) trough; bin (of a

mill); fish box (with holes, placed in water), fish pond.

†**hu-cher**¹⁴ [p. L. **hūccare* (L. *huc*, here)], *tr.*: shout or whistle for. -**chet**¹⁴, *m.*: hunting horn.

hue¹⁵ [echoic], *interj.*: (to horses) get up! (or us'ly) gee! gee up!

hu-é¹¹, *f.*: shout (to start game, etc.); shout of derision, hooting, hissing. -**-er**¹¹ [? echoic], *tr.*: rouse by shouting, shout after; *intr.*: receive with shouts of derision, hoot (at), hiss. -**ette**¹⁶, *f.*: black screech-owl.

Hugue-not¹⁵, -**ote** [Ger. *eid-genoss*, 'oath-companion,' confederate], *m.*, *f.*: Huguenot (French Calvinist, 16th cent.); *f.*: pipkin (earthen boiler without legs); small stove with a sauce-pan upon it; *adj.* (h-): Huguenot. -**notisme**¹⁵, *m.*: Huguenotism.

Hughes, *m.*: Hugh.

huhau = *huc*.

†**hui**¹⁰ [L. *hodie*], *adv.*: †to-day, (*leg.*) this day.

hui-lage¹⁵, *m.*: oiling. -**-le**¹⁰ [L. *oleum*], *f.*: OIL: — *de ricine*, castor oil; — *de navette*, rape-oil; — *comestible*, salad-oil; — *de cotret*, stirrup oil, cudgeling; — *de bras*, elbow-grease, labor, pains; *sentir l'—*, smell oil, smell of the lamp; *tache d'—*, oil-stain; lasting evil or shame. -**-ler**¹⁵, *tr.*: oil; *intr.*: ooze or secrete oil. -**-lerie**¹⁶ [-*ier*], *f.*: oil-manufacture; oil storage; oil-shop. -**-leur**¹⁵, -**-euse**, *adj.*: oily. -**-lier**¹², *m.*: oil-manufacturer; oil-merchant; cruet stand, caster. -**-lière**¹⁵, *f.*: (*nav.*) oil-pitcher. -**-lure**¹⁸ [-*ler*], *f.*: oozing (of fruit-trees).

†**hui-s**¹⁰ *h* asp. in — *clos* [L. *ostium*], *m.*: (entrance) door: *à — clos*, with closed doors, in private. -**-serie**¹¹, *f.*: door-frame. -**-sier**¹¹, †**-ière**, *m.*: (*old*) door-keeper; *m.*: usher, gentleman usher; tipstaff, sheriff's officer, bailiff: — *audiencier*, crier at the court.

hui-t¹⁰ bef. a const -*t* [L. *octo*], *adj.* or *m.*: EIGHT; eighth: *aujourd'hui en —*, this day week. -**-tain**¹⁴, *m.*: stanza of eight verses. -**-taine**¹⁵, *f.*: collection of eight; (duration of) eight days: *dans la —*, in the course of the week. -**-tième**¹², *adj.*: eighth; *f.*: eighth part; eighth class. -**-tièment** [-*tième*], *adv.*: eighthly.

hui-tre¹⁰ [L. *ostrea*], *f.*: OYSTER: † — *à l'écaille*, edible oyster; blockhead. -**-trier**¹⁴, -**-ère**, *m.*: oyster-dealer; *m.*: oyster-catcher (bird); *f.*: oyster-bank; *adj.*: oyster-like.

†**hulan** = *uhlan*.

hulot = *hublot*.

hulotte¹⁵ [? ak. to owl], *f.*: owl.

hu-main¹¹ [L. *-manus*], *adj.*: human; humane; †profane; *m.*: human being, man. **-mainement**¹¹, *adv.*: humanly; humanely. **-maniser**¹⁵, *tr.*: humanise, civilize; make humane, soften, mollify; *s'*—, become humanised; be softened; comply, come down to the intellectual level of others. **-maniste**¹⁵, *m.*: humanist. **-manitaire**¹⁵ [*-manité*], *adj.* or *m.*: humanitarian (philanthropist). **-manité**¹¹ [L. *-manitas*], *f.*: humanity (human nature; mankind; sympathy; classical literature); *pl.*: humanities; classes of language and literature: *faire ses* —, pass through the classes of language and literature (i.e. the classes between those of grammar and philosophy); gain a liberal education.

hum-ble¹⁰ [L. *humilis* (*-us*; earth)], *adj.*: =. **-blement**¹⁰, *adv.*: humbly. **humec-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: moistening, (†Eng. humective); refreshing. **-tation**¹² [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: moistening, (†Eng. =). **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: moisten, wet, (†Eng. humectate); refresh.

humér¹² [?], *tr.*: inhale, suck in. **humé-ral**¹⁵ [L. *-ralis*], *adj.*: humeral. **||-rus**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: humerus.

humour¹¹ [L. *-mor*, moisture], *f.*: humor (moisture, sap, animal fluid); humour (temper, disposition, mood; whim); ill humour; gaiety: — *aigre*, tart temper; — *s froide*, scrofula; — *mauvaise*, ill humour, moodiness; *être d'*—, be disposed; *avoir de l'*—, be out of temper; *avec* —, moodily, peevishly.

humide¹⁴ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: humid, moist, wet; *m.*: humidity. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: in a damp condition or place. **-dité**¹⁵ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: humidity.

humiliant¹¹, *adj.*: humiliating. **-lia-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-liatio*], *f.*: =. **||-lier** [L. *-liare* (cf. *humble*)], *tr.*: humble; humiliate. **-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: humbleness, humility, meekness.

humoral¹⁵ [L. *-ralis*], *adj.*: (med.) humoral. **-risme**¹⁵, *m.*: (med.) humorism. **||-riste**¹⁵ [L. *-r*, moisture, humor], *m.*: †cross or moody person; (med.) humoralist; humourist; *adj.*: ill-tempered; humouristic. **-ristique**¹⁵, *adj.*: humouristic.

humour [Eng.], *m.*: =.

humus¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (vegetable soil).

hu-ne¹¹ [fr. Scand.], *f.*: top (platform at the head of a lower mast); bell beam: *grande* —, main top; — *de misaine*, fore-top. **-nier**¹⁵, *m.*: top-sail: *grand* —, main-top sail; *petit* —, fore-top sail.

hup-pe¹⁵ [= *houppé*], *f.*: tuft of feathers, crest; peewit: *rabattre la* —, humble, mortify. **-pé**¹⁴, *adj.*: tufted, crested;

(*fam.*) distinguished, high up: *les plus — y sont pris*, the most skilful may be caught. **hure**¹¹ [?], *f.*: bristly head, head (of a boar, hog); big brush on a long handle: — *de saumon*, jowl of salmon.

hur-hau = *hue*.

hur-lant¹⁵, *adj.*: howling. **-lement**¹¹, *m.*: howl(ing), roar, yell. **||-ler**¹⁵ [L. *ululare*], *intr.*: howl, bellow, roar, yell. **-leur**¹⁷, = *euse*, *m., f.*: howler.

hur-luberlu¹⁵, †**-bralu** [ak. to Eng. *hurly-burly*], *m.*: extravagant, giddy-head; *adj.*: extravagant.

huron¹⁵ [*-re*], *m.*: (*fam.*) boor.

hussard¹⁵ [Hung. *-szar*], *m.*: hussar.

hut-te¹⁴ [Ger. *Hütte*], *f.*: HUT, shed, cabin. †**-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: lodge in a hut; but. †**hyacinthe** [L. *-thus*], *m., f.*: hyacinth (flower or gem); hyacinth-coloured cloth.

hyalin¹⁴ [*-a* [L. *-nus*], *adj.*: hyaline.

hybride¹⁷ [L. *-da*], *adj.*: hybrid, mongrel.

hydra-te¹⁵ [Gr. *húdor*, WATER], *m.*: hydrate. **-té**¹⁵, *adj.*: hydrated.

hydraulique¹⁴ [L. *-licus* (Gr. *húdor*, WATER, *aulós*, pipe)], *adj.*: hydraulic; *f.*: hydraulics.

hydre¹² [L. *-dra* (Gr. *húdor*, WATER)], *f.*: hydra.

hydro- [Gr. *húdor*, WATER]: **-carbo-nate**¹⁵, *m.*: hydrocarbon. **-cèle**¹⁵ [Gr. *kèle*, tumour], *f.*: hydrocele. **-céphale**¹⁵ [Gr. *kephalé*, head], *f.*: hydrocephalus; *adj.*: hydrocephalous. **-chlorate**¹⁷, *m.*: =. **-chlorique**¹⁷, *adj.*: hydrochloric.

-dynamique¹⁷, *f.*: hydrodynamics. **-gène**¹⁷ [Gr. root *gen-*, bear], *m.*: hydrogen. **-géné**¹⁵ [*-gène*], *adj.*: hydrogenated.

-graphie¹⁵ [*-graphie*], *m.*: hydrographer. **-graphie**¹⁵ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: hydrography. **-graphique**¹⁵, *adj.*: hydrographic(al).

-logie¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: hydrology. **-mel**¹⁴ [L. (Gr. *meli*, honey)], *m.*: =. **-mètre**¹⁷, *m.*: hydrometer. **-métrie**¹⁷ [Gr. *métron*, MEASURE], *f.*: hydrometry. **-phobe**¹⁷ [L. *-phobos* (Gr. *phóbos*, fear)], *adj.*: hydrophobic; *m., f.*: person affected with hydrophobia.

-phobie¹⁵ [cf. *-phobe*], *f.*: hydrophobia. **-pique**¹¹ [L. *-picus*], *adj.*, or *m., f.*: dropsical. **-pisie**¹⁷, *f.*: DROPSY.

-scope¹⁷ [Gr. *skópos* (*skopein*, look)], *f.*: examiner of springs and sources. **-scopie**¹⁷ [*-scope*], *f.*: the art of looking for springs and sources. **-statique**¹⁵, *f.*: hydrostatics; *adj.*: hydrostatical.

-sulfate¹⁷, **-sulfure**¹⁷, *m.*: hydrosulphate, hydrosulphuret. **-sulfurique**¹⁷, *adj.*: hydrosulphuric. **-thérapie**¹⁵ [Gr. *therapeia*, treatment], *f.*: hydropathy.

hydrure¹⁵ [Gr. *húdor*, WATER], *m.*: hydruret.

†**hyémal** = *hiémal*.

hyène¹¹ [L. -æna, f.: hyena.
hy-giène¹⁵ [Gr. *hugiein* (*hugēs*, sound)],
 f.: hygiène. **-giénique**¹⁵, adj.: hy-
 gienic. **-giéniquement**¹⁵ [-giénique],
 adj.: in an hygienic manner.
hygro-mètre¹⁵ [Gr. *hugrós*, damp, mé-
 tron, MEASURE], m.: hygrometer. **-mé-
 trie**¹⁵, f.: hygrometry. **-métrique**¹⁵,
 adj.: hygrometric(al).
1. hy-men¹⁵ or **-men** [L. (Gr. *humén*, root
 siv, sew, bind)], m.: = (marriage, wed-
 lock); Hymen. **2. -men**¹⁵ or **-men** [L.
 (Gr. *membrane*)], m.: = (virginal mem-
 brane). **-ménée**¹⁵ [L. -*menæus*], m.:
 marriage; Hymen. **-ménopôse**¹⁷ [Gr.
humén, membrane, *ptéron*, wing], adj.:
 hymenopteral; m.: hymenopter.
hymne¹¹ [L. -nus (root ak. to Eng. sew)],
 m. or f.: hymn (f. in sense of church
 hymn).
hyoïde¹⁵ [Gr. *hu-oidēs*, 'U-like'], adj.:
 hyoid.
hypallage [L., 'exchange'], f.: =.
hyper- [Gr. *hupér*, OVER]: **-bate**¹⁵ [Gr.
baínein, step], f.: hyperbaton (inversion
 of words). **-bole**¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *bállein*,
 throw)], f.: (rhet.) =; (math.) hyperbola.
-bolique¹⁵ [L. -*bolical* (cf. -bole)], adj.:
 hyperbolic(al). **-boliquement**¹⁵ [-*bo-
 lique*], adv.: hyperbolically. **-borée**¹⁵ or
†-boréen, **†-anne** [L. -*boreus* (Gr. *boréas*,
 north-wind)], adj.: hyperborean. **-cri-
 tique**¹⁷, m.: hypercritical. **-dolie**¹⁵, f.:
 hyperdolia. **-trophie**¹⁵ [Gr. *trophé*,
 nourishment], f.: hypertrophy (over-
 growth).
hypèthre¹⁵ [Gr. *hupaitros* (*hupó*, under,
aithér, heaven)], adj.: hypethral (open to
 the sky, uncovered).
hypno-tique¹⁷ [L. -*ticus* (Gr. *húpnos*,
 sleep)], adj.: hypnotic. **-tiser**¹⁵, tr.:
 hypnotise. **-tisme**¹⁵, m.: hypnotism.
hypo- [Gr. *hupó*, under]: **1. -condre**¹⁵
 [L. -*chondrium* (Gr. *chōndros*, cartilage)],
 m.: hypochondrium (region beneath the
 cartilages of the false ribs). **2. -condre**¹⁵
 [-*condriaque*], adj.: hypochondriac(al);
 senseless; m., f.: hypochondriac. **-con-
 driaque**¹⁵ [Gr. -*chondriakós* (cf. 1. -*con-
 dre*)], adj.: hypochondriac(al). **-con-
 drie**¹⁵ [-*condriaque*], f.: hypochondria,
 -chondriasis. **-oras**¹⁴ [Gr. *krásis*, mixture],
 m.: hippocras (spiced wine). **-crisie**¹¹
 [L. -*crisis* (Gr. -*krisis*, playing a part)], f.:
 hypocrisy. **-crite**¹¹ [L. -*crita* (cf. -*crisie*)],
 m., f.: hypocrite. **-critement**¹⁷ [-*crite*],
 adv.: hypocritically. **-gastre**¹⁵ [Gr.
gastér, stomach], m.: hypogastrium. **-gas-
 trique**¹⁵ [-*gastre*], adj.: hypogastric.
-gée¹⁵ [L. -*geum* (Gr. *gē*, earth)], m.:
 hypogeum (subterraneous structure).
-glosse¹⁷ [Gr. *glōssa*, tongue], adj.: hypo-

glossal; m.: hypoglossal nerve. **-gyne**¹⁵
 [Gr. *gunē*, female], adj.: hypogynous.
-stase¹⁵ [L. -*stasis* (Gr. *hístēnai*, cause
 to STAND)], f.: hypostasis. **-statique**¹⁵
 [Gr. -*statikós* (cf. -*stase*)], adj.: hypostat-
 ic(al). **-statiquement**¹⁵ [-*statique*],
 adj.: hypostatistically. **-style**¹⁵ [Gr. *stílos*,
 pillar], adj.: =. **-ténuse**¹⁵ [L. -*tenua*
 (Gr. *teínein*, stretch)], f.: hypotenuse.
-theable¹⁵ [-*thèque*], adj.: that may be
 mortgaged. **-thécaire**¹⁵ [L. -*thecarius*
 (cf. -*thèque*)], adj.: on or of mortgage;
 mortgage: *crancier* —, mortgagee.
-thécairement¹⁵ [-*thécaire*], adv.: by
 mortgage. **-thèque**¹⁵ [L. -*theca*, Gr.
-thēke (-*tithēnai*, put under, pledge)], f.:
 mortgage, hypotheca; brandy. **-thé-
 quier**¹⁵ [-*thèque*], tr.: mortgage, hypothec-
 cate. **-thèse**¹⁵ [L.-Gr. -*thesis*, 'sub-posi-
 tion'], f.: hypothesis, supposition. **-thé-
 tique**¹⁵ [L. -*theticus*, cf. -*thèse*], adj.:
 hypothetical. **-thétiquement**¹⁵ [-*thé-
 tique*], adv.: hypothetically. **-typose**¹⁵
 [L. -*typosis* (Gr. *typōn*, impress)], f.:
 hypotyposis (vivid description).
hypsomètre¹⁵ [Gr. *húpsos*, high, *métron*,
 measure], m.: hypsometer.
hysope¹⁵ or **†-ssope** [L. -*sopus* (Hebr.)],
 f.: hyssop.
hystérie¹⁵ [-*rique*], f.: hysteria, hysterics.
†-rique¹⁵ [L. -*ricus* (Gr. *hustéra*, womb)],
 adj.: hysteric(al); m., f.: hysteric per-
 son. **†-rite** [Gr. *hustéra*], f.: inflammation
 of the womb.
hystérotomie¹⁷ [Gr. *hustéra*, womb,
tomé, cut], f.: hysterotomy.

I

i [L., m.: i (the letter).
iam-be¹⁵ [L. -*būs*], m.: iambus (—; sa-
 tiric verse). **-bique**¹⁵ [L. -*bicus*], adj.:
 iambic.
ibéride¹⁷ [L. -*ris*], f.: candy-tuft (plant).
Ibérie, f.: Iberia (old name of Spain).
ibidem¹⁵ [L., adv.: = (same place).
ibis¹⁵ [L., m.: = (bird).
Icare, m.: Icarus.
ieclui¹⁵, pl. **ieclur**, f. **ieclle** [old form
 of *celui*], pron.: (leg.) this, that.
ichneumon¹⁵ [L. (Gr. -*neuein*, track)],
 m.: =.
ichnogra-phia¹⁵ [Gr. -*phía* (*ichnos*,
 track, *gráphein*, write)], f.: ichnography
 (ground-plan). **-phique**¹⁷, adj.: ichno-
 graphic(al).
ich-or¹⁵ [Gr., m.: = (pus). **-oreur**¹⁵,
 = *ense*, adj.: ichorous.
ichthyol [Gr. *ichthús*, fish], **-lithe**¹⁷ [Gr.
lithos, stone], m.: ichthyolite. **-logie**¹⁷

- [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: ichthyology.
-logique¹⁷ [-*logie*], *adj.*: ichthyologic(al).
-logiste¹⁷ [-*logie*], *m.*: ichthyologist.
-phage¹³ [L. -*phagus* (Gr. *phágein*, eat)],
adj.: ichthyophagous; *m., f.*: ichthyophagist.
-phagie¹⁶ [cf. -*phage*], *f.*: ichthyophagy.
-saure¹⁸ [Gr. *saúros*, lizard], *m.*: ichthyosaurus.
ici¹ [p. L. **ecce-hic*, 'lo here'], *adv.*: here; this time, now: *par* —, here; this way: *d'*—, from here, hence; from this time, from now; — *près*, hard by; — *bas*, here below.
icono- [Gr. *eikón*, image]: **-elaste**¹⁶ [Gr. *kídein*, break], *m.*: iconoclast.
-graphie¹⁹ [-*graphie*], *m.*: iconographer.
-graphie¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: iconography.
-graphique¹⁷ [-*graphie*], *adj.*: iconographic(al). **-lâtre**¹⁷ [Gr. *latrédein*, adore], *m., f.*: iconolater. **-logie**¹⁶, *f.*: iconology. **-maque**¹⁵ [Gr. *máche*, fight], *m., f.*: enemy of image worship.
icosan-dre¹⁷ [L. *-dria* (Gr. *etikosi*, 20, *anér*, male)], *adj.*: (bot.) icosandrous. **-drie**¹⁷, *f.*: icosandria.
ic-tère¹⁶ [L. -*terus*], *m.*: icterus (jaundice). **-térique**¹² [L. -*tericus*], *adj.*: icteric(al).
ictus¹⁸ [L., stroke], *m.*: = (stress).
id. abbrev'n of *idem*.
ide¹⁷ [?], *m.*: trick deciding a bet (in piquet).
idéa-¹⁵ [L. -*lis*], *adj.*: ideal, *m.*: ideal.
-liçer¹⁷, *tr.*: idealise. **-lisme**¹⁷, *m.*: idealism. **-liste**¹⁷, *m.*: idealist.
idée¹¹ [L. (Gr. *ideîn*, see)], *f.*: idea (conception; thought; mind; image; imagination; object of imagination, fancy): *en* —, in imagination, ideally; *il me vient* (re-*vient*) *à l'*—, it occurs (recurs) to me; *se mettre dans l'*—, take it into one's head; *perdre l'*— *de*, lose all recollection of; — *plaisante*, odd conceit; *changer d'*—, change one's mind.
idem [L., *adv.*: = (ditto, the same).
identi-fication¹⁷, *f.*: =. **||-fier**¹⁷ [L. *-ficare* (L. *idem*, the same)], *tr.*: identify.
identi-que¹⁶ [L. -*cus* (*idem*, the same)], *adj.*: identic(al). **-quement**¹⁶, *adv.*: identically. **-té**¹⁸ [L. -*tas*], *f.*: identity.
idéogra-phié¹⁸ [Gr. *idéa*, idea, *gráphein*, write], *f.*: ideography. **-phique**¹⁸, *adj.*: ideographical.
idéolo-gie¹⁷ [Gr. *idéa*, idea, *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: ideology. **-gique**¹⁰, *adj.*: ideological. **-giste**¹⁷, or **-gue**, *m., f.*: ideologist.
ides¹¹ [L. -*dua*], *f. pl.*: = (Rom. cal.).
idio- [Gr. *idios*, own]: **idio-me**¹⁶ [L. -*ma*], *m.*: idiom; language. **-pathie**¹⁷ [Gr. *páthos*, sickness], *f.*: idiopathy. **-pa-**
thique¹⁷ [-*pathie*], *adj.*: ideopathic(al).
-synocrasie¹⁷ [Gr. *sún-krasis*, mingling], *f.*: idiosyncrasy. **idio-t**¹², **-ote** [L. -*tes*], *adj.*: idiotic(al); *m., f.*: idiot; fool. **-tie**¹⁸ [-*t*], *f.*: idiocy; imbecility. **-tisme**¹⁵ [L. -*otismus*], *m.*: (gram.) idiom, idiotism. **-tisme**¹⁶ [-*t*], *m.*: idiocy.
idoine¹² [L. *idoneus*], *adj.*: (leg.) proper.
ido-lâtre¹² [L. -*latres* (Gr. *eídon*, idol, *latreia*, service)], *adj.*: idolatrous; *m., f.*: idolater. **-lâtrer**¹³ [-*lâtre*], *†intr.*: worship idols; *tr.*: idolise. **-lâtrie**¹¹ [-*lâtre*], *f.*: idolatry. **||ido-le**¹¹ [L. -*lum* (Gr. *eidos*, form)], *f.*: idol; lifeless statue, dullard; †phantom.
idylle¹⁵ [L. -*llum* (Gr. *eídúllion*, little image)], *f.*: idyl.
if¹⁰ [from Celt. or Ger.], *m.*: YEW(-tree); triangular stand.
ignare¹⁵ [L. -*rus*], *adj.*: (fam.) ignorant, know-nothing.
Ignase, *m.*: Ignatius.
ig-né¹⁶ [L. -*neus* (-*nis*, fire)], *adj.*: igneous. **-nicole**¹⁷ [L. -*nis*, *colere*, worship], *adj.*: fire-worshipping; *m., f.*: ignicolist.
-nition¹⁵ [L. -*nis*], *f.*: =.
igno-ble¹³ [L. -*bilis*], *adj.*: ignoble (†not noble; vile, mean). **-blement**¹⁷, *adv.*: ignobly.
ignomi-nie¹⁴ [L. -*nia* (in, not, *nomen*, NAME)], *f.*: ignominy. **-nieusement**¹⁴ [-*nieux*], *adj.*: ignominiously. **-nieux**¹⁸, **-ense** [L. -*nus*], *adj.*: ignominious.
||igno-ramment¹² [-*rant*], *adv.*: ignorantly. **-rancee** [L. -*rantia*], *f.*: =.
-rant¹², **-rante** [L. -*rans*], *adj.*: =; *m., f.*: ignorant person. **-rantin**¹⁷ [-*rant*], *m.*: 'ignorant' (name modestly assumed by members of a certain brotherhood caring for the sick; then ironically applied to teaching lay-brothers). **-rantissime**¹⁶ [-*rant*], *adj.*: most ignorant. **||-rer**¹³ [L. -*rare*], *tr.*: not KNOW, be ignorant of, be a stranger to; ignore; *†intr.*: be ignorant: *s'*—, not know one's self; be ignorant of one's capabilities.
iguane¹⁶ [Haïti], *m.*: iguana (lizard).
il⁹ fam. i before cons. [L. *ille*], *pron.*: he; it, there; *pl. ils* fam. i before cons., they: — *y a* (or, esp. in poetry, — *est*), there is, there are.
il- [L. *il-*, for *in-*], *prefix*: il-, un-.
île⁹ [L. *insula*], *f.*: ISLE, ISLAND: — *s sous le vent*, Leeward Islands; — *s du vent*, Windward Islands.
i-léon¹³, or **-léum** [L. *-leum*, groin], *m.*: ileum. **-les**¹² [L. -*lia*], *m. pl.*: haunches. **-léus**¹⁷ [L. -*lius*], *m.*: ileus.
-liaque¹⁵ [L. -*liacus*], *adj.*: iliatic. **||-lion**¹⁵, or **-lum** [L. -*lium*], *m.*: = (pelvic bone).
Ilíen, *m.*: Ilium (Troy).

illico⁹ [p. L. *illoque* (L. *illoc*)], *adv.*: there, thither.

il-l . . . *l-l* [L. *il-*, for *in-*, 'un-']: **-légal**¹³ [L. *legalis*], *adj.*: illegal. **-légalement**¹⁸ [*légal*], *adv.*: illegally. **-légalité**¹³ [*légal*], *f.*: illegality. **-légitime**¹⁴ [L. *legitimus*], *adj.*: illegitimate. **-légitime-ment**¹⁴ [*légitime*], *adv.*: illegitimately. **-légitimité**¹⁷ [*légitime*], *f.*: illegitimacy. **-lettré**¹⁵ [L. . .], *adj.*: unlettered, illiterate. **-libéral**¹³ [L. *liberalis*], *adj.*: illiberal. **-libéralité** [*libéral*], *f.*: illiberality. **-licite**¹³ [L. *licitus* (*licere*, be allowed)], *adj.*: illicit, unlawful. **-licitement**¹⁵ [*licite*], *adv.*: illicitly. **-limité**¹⁵ [L. *limitatus*], *adj.*: unlimited. **-lisible**¹⁷ [*lisible*], *adj.*: illegible. **-lisiblement**¹⁸ [*lisible*], *adv.*: illegibly. **-logique**¹³ [*logique*], *adv.*: illogical.

illuminateur¹⁵ *l-l* [L. *l-nator*], *m.*: illuminator. **-natif**¹⁴, **-ive**, *adj.*: illuminative. **-nation**¹³ [L. *natio*], *f.*: =. **||-ner**¹¹ [L. *nare* (*lumen*, LIGHT)], *tr.*: illuminate (illumine, illumine, ENLIGHTEN); **-né**, **-ée**, *m., f.*: illuminee (one of spiritual illumination). **-nisme**¹³, *m.*: illuminism.

illu-sion¹¹ *l-l* [L. *sio* (*ludere*, play)], *f.*: = (delusion; deceptive appearance); *faire* — *à*, appear in a false light to; *se faire* — *à soi-même*, deceive one's self. **-soire**¹⁴ [L. *sorius*], *adj.*: illusory, illusive. **-soirement**¹⁶ [*soire*], *adv.*: illusively. **illu-stration**¹² *l-l* [L. *-tratio*], *f.*: making illustrious, glorifying; illustrious person; = (act of illustrating, explanation). **||-tre**¹⁴ [L. *-tris* (*lux*, LIGHT)], *adj.*: illustrious, famous; *m., f.*: illustrious or famous person. **-trer**¹⁵ [L. *-trare*], *tr.*: make illustrious, (†Eng. illustrate), glorify; illustrate (make clear). **-trissime**¹⁵, *adj.*: most illustrious.

ilot¹⁵ [*ile*], *m.*: ISLET; group of houses.

ilo-te¹⁷ [L. *-ta* (Gr. *heilotes*)], *m.*: helot (slave in Sparta); slave, wretch. **-tie**, *f.*: helotism.

ilotier¹⁸ [*-t*], *m.*: policeman watching a group of houses.

ilotisme¹⁸ [*-te*], *m.*: helotism.

im [L. *in-*], *pref.*: in; in-, im-, un-, less.

ima-ge¹⁰ [L. *-go*], *f.*: = (picture; likeness; metaphor). 1. **-ger**¹², *tr.*: ornament with figures. 2. **-ger**¹¹, **-ère**, *m., f.*: image-maker or seller, (†Eng. imager). **-gerie**¹⁵, *f.*: image-making or trade. **-ginable**¹² [L. *-ginabilis*], *adj.*: imaginable. **-ginaire**¹⁵ [L. *-ginarius*], *adj.*: imaginary. **-ginatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-ginativus*], *adj.*: imaginative. **-gination**¹¹ [L. *-ginatio*], *f.*: =. **-giner**¹² [L. *-ginare*], *tr.*: imagine; invent; *s'—*, imagine (one's self, fancy).

iman¹¹ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: =, imam (Mohammedan priest); (iron.) priest.

imbécil-le¹³ [L. *-llus*], *adj.* or *m.*: imbecile (feeble; feeble-minded). **-lement**¹⁵, *adj.*: in an imbecile way, foolishly. **-lité**¹³ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: imbecility.

imber-be¹⁴ [L. *-bis* (*barba*, beard)], *adj.*: beardless.

imbi-ter¹⁵ [L. *-bere* (*bibere*, drink)], *tr.*: IMBUE, steep, soak, (†Eng. imbibe).

-tion¹⁴ [L. *-bere*], *f.*: imbuing, soaking.

imboire¹⁵ [*boire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: IMBUE.

imbriqué¹⁵ [L. *-bricatus* (*imbrex*, gutter-tile)], *adj.*: imbricated.

imbroglio¹⁶ [It. (cf. *embrouiller*)], *m.*: = (complication).

im-bu [part of *-boire*], *adj.*: imbued.

-buvable¹⁵ [*im-, b-*], *adj.*: undrinkable.

imi-table¹⁵, *adj.*: imitable. **-tateur**¹⁴,

-trice [L. *-lator*], *m., f.*: imitator. **-ta-**

tif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-latus*], *adj.*: imitative.

-tation¹³ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tari*], *tr.*: imitate (copy, mock).

im... [*im-, m.-*], pronounced **im-m...**

immaculé¹³ *im-m* [L. *latus* (*macula*, spot)], *adj.*: spotless, immaculate.

immanent¹⁵ *im-m* [L. *-nens* (*manere*, dwell)], *adj.*: immanent (in-dwelling).

immanquable¹⁶ *im-m* [*im-, m.-*], *adj.*: uneatable.

imman-quable¹⁶ *im-m* [*im-, manquer*], *adj.*: infallible, unfailing. **-quable-**

ment¹⁶, *adv.*: unfailingly, without fail.

immareciscible¹⁵ *im-m* [L. *-bilis* (*marcescere*, fade)], *adj.*: unfading, (†Eng. =).

immaté-rialité¹⁷ *im-m* [L. *-rialitas*], *f.*:

immateriality. **||-riel**¹⁵, **-lle** [L. *-rialis*], *adj.*: immaterial. **-riellement**¹⁷,

adv.: immaterially.

immatriculation¹⁷ *im-m, f.*: matriculation.

-le¹⁷, *f.*: registering. **||-ler**¹⁵

[L. *-lare* (*matricula*, public roll)], *tr.*:

matriculate, enroll; *s'—*, matriculate,

register, enroll.

immédia-t¹³ *im-m* [L. *-tus* (cf. Fr. *médial*)], *adj.*: immediate. **-tement**¹⁵,

adv.: immediately.

immémorial¹⁵ *im-m* [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: im-

memorial.

immen-se¹³ *im-m* [L. *-sus* (*metiri*, meas-

ure)], *adj.*: = (IMMEASURABLE, boundless).

-sément¹⁶, *adv.*: immensely. **-sité**¹³

[L. *-sitas*], *f.*: immensity.

immerger¹⁷ *im-m* [L. *-gere* (*mergere*, dip)], *tr.*: immerse, immerse.

immérité¹⁴ *im-m* [*in-, m.-*], *adj.*: un-

merited, undeserved.

immersion¹⁷ *im-m* [L. *-sio* (*mergere*, dip)], *f.*: =.

immonable¹², *im-m* [L. *im-mobilis* (*movere*, move)], *adj.*: (leg.) IMMOVABLE, real (of

estate); *m.*: fixture; real (landed) estate.

- immi-grant**¹⁸ *im-m*, *-ante*, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: *-gration*¹⁸, *f.*: *-grer*¹⁸ [*L.* *-grare* (*migrare*, change abode)], *intr.*: immigrate.
- immi-nence**¹⁸ *im-m* [*L.* *-nencia*], *f.*: *-nent*¹⁸ [*L.* *-nens* (*minere*, jut)], *adj.*: *-impending*.
- immi-scer**¹⁸ *im-m* [*L.* *-scere* (*miscere*, mix)], *tr.*: mix: *s*—, mix one's self (into, dans), meddle (with), interfere. *-xtion*¹⁸ [*L.* *-xtio*], *f.*: mingling; meddling, interfering; (*leg.*) entering on possession.
- immo-bile**¹² *im-m* [*L.* *-lis* (*movere*, move)], *adj.*: immovable, motionless, firm. *-lement*¹⁴, *adv.*: immovably. *-lier*¹⁴, *-ère* [*im*, *m.*], *adj.*: immovable or fixed (of property or title), real (of estate): of fixed property or real estate. *-lisation*¹⁸ [*-liser*], *f.*: rendering immovable; conversion (of money, etc.) into real estate. *-liser*¹⁸ [*im*, *m.*], *tr.*: immobilise, render immovable; disarm; convert (money, etc.) into real estate. *-lité*¹² [*L.* *-litas*], *f.*: immobility, immovableness.
- immodé-ration**¹⁴ *im-m* [*L.* *-ratio* (*cf. m.*)], *f.*: immoderation. *-ré*¹⁴ [*L.* *-ratus*], *adj.*: immoderate. *-rément*¹² [*-ré*], *adj.*: immoderately.
- immodeste**¹⁵ *im-m* [*L.* *-tus* (*cf. m.*)], *adj.*: immodest. *-tement*¹⁵, *adv.*: immodestly. *-tie*¹⁵ [*L.* *-tia*], *f.*: immodesty.
- immo-lation**¹² *im-m* [*L.* *-latio*], *f.*: *-ler*¹⁴ [*L.* *-lare* (*mola*, cake)], place the sacrificial cake on the victim], *tr.*: immolate, sacrifice; slay; ridicule; *s*—, immolate or sacrifice one's self; sacrifice one's feelings; stand ridicule.
- immon-de**¹² *im-m* [*L.* *im-mundus*, unclean], *adj.*: impure (immund); dirty, filthy. *-dise*¹³ [*L.* *-ditia*], *f.*: filth, dirt, rubbish; (*rare*) impurity; *pl.*: heaps of dirt, refuse heap.
- immora-l**¹⁷ *im-m* [*im*, *m.*], *adj.*: *-lité*¹⁷, *f.*: immorality.
- immor-taliser**¹⁵ *im-m* [*L.* *-talis*], *tr.*: immortalise. *-talité*¹¹ [*L.* *-talitas*], *f.*: immortality. *-tel*¹², *-telle* [*L.* *-talis* (*cf. m.*)], *adj.*: immortal; eternal, everlasting; *m.*: (the) everlasting; *m.*, *f.*: immortal; *f.*: immortelle (everlasting, the plant). *-tellement*¹⁴, *-tification*¹⁵ [*L.* *-tification*], *f.*: *-tifié*¹⁵ [*L.* *-tifi-catus*], *adj.*: immortalized.
- im-muable**¹⁴ *im-m* [*im*, *m.*], *adj.*: immutable, unchangeable, fixed. *-muablement*¹⁵, *adv.*: immutably, unalterably.
- immunité**¹⁵ *m-m* [*L.* *-tas* (*munus*, duty)], *f.*: immunity (exemption from duty or charge, privilege).
- immutabilité**¹⁵ *im-m* [*L.* *-tas* (*cf. m.*)], *f.*: immutability.

- impac-t**¹⁸ [*L.* *-tus* (*pingere*, strike)], *m.*: *-tion*¹⁸ [*-tio*], *f.*: *-*.
- impair**¹⁴ [*L.* *im-par*, 'uneven'], *adj.*: uneven; unique: *f*—, the sum of odd numbers; *jouer à pair ou —*, 'play odd or even', toss up; *commettre* (or *faire*) un —, do an awkward thing, commit a blunder.
- impal-pabilité**¹⁵, *f.*: impalpability. *-pable*¹⁵ [*L.* *-pabilis* (*cf. Fr. palpable*)], *adj.*: (intangible).
- impanation**¹⁵ [*L.* *-tis* (*L. panis*, bread)], *f.*: (embodiment in bread, viz. of Christ).
- impardonnable**¹⁴ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: unpardonable (*†Eng.* =).
- imparfai-t**¹⁵ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: imperfect; *m.*: imperfect (tense). *-tement*¹⁴, *adv.*: imperfectly.
- imparisyllabique**¹⁷ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: imparisyllabic.
- imparité**¹² [*L.* *-tas* (*cf. p.*)], *f.*: *im-parity* (disparity); indivisibility.
- impartageable**¹⁷ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: indivisible.
- impartia-l**¹⁷ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: (just), *-lement*¹⁷, *adv.*: impartially. *-lité*¹⁷, *f.*: impartiality.
- impartir**¹³ [*L.* *-tire* (*cf. p.*)], *tr.*: (*leg.*) impart, accord.
- impasse**¹⁷ [*im*, *passer*], *f.* (*m.*): blind alley, lane without egress; inextricable difficulty, dead-lock.
- impas-sibilité**¹² [*L.* *-sibilitas*], *f.*: impassibility, calmness. *-sible*¹² [*L.* *-sibilis* (*pati*, suffer)], *adj.*: (impassive, unmoved, calm). *-siblement*¹⁵, *adv.*: impassively.
- impastation**¹⁵ [*L.* in 'in', *pasta*, PASTE], *f.*: *-*.
- impa-tiement**¹⁵ *-siam*, *adv.*: impatiently. *-tience*¹¹ [*L.* *-tientia*], *f.*: *-*; (*fam.*) nervousness. *-tient*¹¹ [*L.* *-tiens* (*cf. p.*)], *adj.*: (restless; eager).
- tientant**¹⁵ [*-tenter*], *adj.*: (*fam.*) trying to patience, provoking, irritating. *-tenter*¹⁵, *tr.*: make impatient, tire the patience of, provoke, irritate: *s*—, become impatient or irritated.
- impatroniser**¹⁵ [*im*, *patron*], *tr.*: place as a master or authority; *refl.*: make one's self or become master, usurp authority; take upon one's self.
- im-payable**¹⁵ [*im*, *payer*], *adj.*: that cannot be bought too dear, invaluable, priceless. *-payé*¹⁵ [*im*, *p.*], *adj.*: unpaid.
- impec-cabilité**¹⁵, *f.*: impeccability. *-cable*¹⁴ [*L.* *-cabilis* (*peccare*, sin)], *adj.*: *-*.
- impéné-trabilité**¹⁴, *f.*: impenetrability. *-trable*¹⁵ [*L.* *-trabilis* (*cf. p.*)], *adj.*: impenetrable, impervious; inscrutable. *-trablement*¹⁵, *adv.*: impenetrably.
- impéni-tence**¹⁵ [*L.* *-tentia*], *f.*: impeni-

- tence. **||-tent**¹⁵ [L. *-tens* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: impenitent.
- impense**¹⁴ [L. *-as* (cf. Fr. *dépense*)], *f.*: (leg.) expense (for repairs or improvements).
- impéra-tif**¹², **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (-tive, by command)], *adj.*: imperative; *m.*: imperative (mode). **-tivement**¹⁵, *adv.*: imperatively. **-toire**¹⁷ [L. *-toria*], *f.*: master-work. **-trice**¹⁵ [L. *-trix*], *f.*: empress.
- impereep-tible**¹⁴ [L. *-tibilis* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: =. **-tiblement**¹⁵, *adv.*: imperceptibly.
- imperdable**¹⁷ [im-, *perdre*], *adj.*: that cannot be lost, certain.
- imperfec-tibilité**¹⁸, *f.*: imperfectibility. **||-tible**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: =. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio* (cf. p. .)], *f.*: =; waste.
- imperf-oration**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *f.*: =. **-ré**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: (med.) imperforated.
- impé-rial**¹¹, **-le**, *m. pl.*: **-aux** [L. *-rialis* (-rium, command)], *adj.*: imperial, superior; *m. pl.*: 'imperials' (soldiers of the Emperor of Germany); *f.*: imperial (chin beard in the style of Napoleon III; top of an omnibus, etc., with seats; top of a canopy or tent; imperial serge); large plum; all-fours (cards), certain game; Moorish vault. **-rialment**, *adv.*: imperially. **-rialiste**¹⁵, *m. or adj.*: imperialist. **-riaux**, cf. **-rial**. **-rieuse-ment**¹⁵ [-rieux], *adv.*: imperiously. **-rieux**¹⁴, **-euse** [L. *-riosus*], *adj.*: imperious (commanding; haughty).
- impérissable**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: imperishable.
- impéritie**¹⁴ [L. *-tia* (*peritus*, ex-PER-enced)], *f.*: ignorance, lack of skill.
- impérméabiliser**¹⁵, *tr.*: make impermeable. **-abilité**¹⁷, *f.*: impermeableness. **||-able**¹⁷ [L. *-abilis* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: impermeable, impervious; tight, -proof (as in - à l'eau, water-proof).
- impermu-tabilité**¹⁵, *f.*: unchangeableness. **||-table**¹⁵ [L. *-tabilis* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: not permutable, unchangeable.
- imperson-nalité**¹⁷, *f.*: impersonality. **||-nel**¹¹, **-lle** [L. *-nalis* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: impersonal; *m.*: impersonal verb. **-nellement**¹⁴, *adv.*: impersonally.
- imperti-nement**¹⁵ -*nam*, *adv.*: impertinently; *||*nonsensically. **-gence**¹⁴ [L. *-nentia*], *f.*: impropriety; =; impertinent word or act. **||-nent**¹⁵ [L. *-nens* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: *||*misplaced (improper, absurd); = (insolent, saucy, pert).
- impertur-babilité**¹⁷, *f.*: imperturbability. **||-bable**¹⁴ [L. *-babilis* (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: imperturbable. **-blement**¹⁷, *adv.*: imperturbably.
- impé-trable**¹⁴ [L. *-trabilis*], *adj.*: (leg.) impetrable. **-trant**¹⁴, **-ante**, *m.*: *f.*: (leg.) grantee; patentee; candidate.
- tration**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: (leg.) impetration. **||-trér**¹² [L. *-trare* (*petrare*, bring to pass)], *tr.*: obtain (a benefice, title, etc.) by request or application, (*||*Eng.) impetrate.
- impé-tueusement**¹⁵, *adv.*: impetuously. **||-tueux**¹², **-euse** [L. *-tuosus* (*petere*, fall upon)], *adj.*: impetuous (vehement, headlong). **-tuosité**¹² [L. *-tuositas*], *f.*: impetuosity, vehemence, fury.
- impi-e**¹⁵ [L. *-us*], *adj.*: impious, *m.*: *f.*: impious person, reprobate. **-été**¹¹ [L. *-etas*], *f.*: impiety, ungodliness.
- impito-yable**¹⁴ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: pitiless (merciless, relentless). **-yablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: pitilessly.
- impla-cable**¹⁴ [L. *-cabilis* (cf. p. .)], *implacable* (relentless). **-cablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: implacably.
- implan-tation**¹⁵, *f.*: =. **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare* (cf. p. .)], *tr.*: implant, root; *s'*—, be implanted, be rooted or fixed.
- implexe**¹⁵ [L. *-xus* (*plectere*, PLAIT)], *adj.*: implex.
- impli-quer** (rare) or **-cation**¹⁴ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: implication; contradiction. **-cite**¹⁵ [L. *-citus*], *adj.*: implicit (IM-PLIED, tacitly comprised). **-citement**¹⁵ [-cite], *adv.*: implicitly. **||-quer**¹⁵ [L. *-care* (*plicare*, FOLD)], *tr.*: implicate (tangle; involve, contain; engage).
- implorer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (*plorare*, cry)], *tr.*: implore (supplicate, beseech).
- impoli**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: impolite. **-ment**¹⁷, *adv.*: impolitely. **-tesse** [im-, p. .], *f.*: impoliteness.
- impolitique**¹⁷ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: impolitic. **-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: in an impolitic way.
- ||mpollu**¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: unpolluted.
- impendérable**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: =.
- impopu-laire**¹⁵ [im-, p. .], *adj.*: unpopular. **-larité**¹⁷ [im-, p. .], *f.*: unpopularity.
- import-ance**¹⁵ [2-ter], *f.*: = (consequence, moment, weight; eminence; consideration); *d'*—, of consequence, etc.; consequentially; soundly, thoroughly. **-tant**¹⁵ [2-ter], *adj.*: = (of consequence, weighty; self-important); *m.*: important thing or person.
- import-tateur**¹⁷, *m.*: importer. **-tation**¹⁷ [Eng.], *f.*: =. **1-ter**¹⁷ [Eng. import (L. *in*, *portare*, carry)], *tr.*: import (bring in).
- 2-importer**¹² [for *emporter* (L. *inde*, away, *portare*, carry)], *||tr.*: bring with it (as an important consequence); *intr.*: be of consequence or moment, signify; *impers.*: import, be of importance or consequence, concern, matter: *il n'importe pas*, it is of no consequence, it does not matter or signify; *n'importe*, no matter,

never mind; *qu'importe?* what does it matter?

importun¹⁴, = **une** [L. *-tunus* (im-, not, portus, port)], *adj.*: importune (importunate, obtrusive, troublesome, vexatious); *m.*: tiresome person, bore; *dun.* **-tunément**¹², *adv.*: importunately. **-tuner**¹⁵, *tr.*: importune, intrude on, annoy, pester. **-tunité**¹³, *f.*: importunity.

imposable¹⁴, *adj.*: taxable. **-sant**¹⁷, *adj.*: imposing (commanding, stately). **||-ser**¹³ [im-, *poser*], *tr.*: impose (lay on, lay on as a charge or tax; tax; prescribe; force upon; impute; lay on hands as in ordination, etc.); *intr.*: impose, awe: *s'*—, intrude (one's self); tax one's self; — *des peines*, inflict punishment; — *un pays*, tax a country; *en* —, impose, tell an untruth; lie; *en* — *à*, impose upon. **-sition**¹⁵ [L. *-sitiō*], *f.*: = (imposing, laying on; charge; laying on the hands in ordination, etc.); **IMPOST**, tax: *l'*—, assessment. **-ste**¹⁵ [It. *-sta*], *f.*: impost (top member of a pillar, wall, etc.); top window, transom. **-steur**¹⁵ [L. *-stor*], *adj.*: imposing (deceitful, deluding); *m.*: impostor. **-sture**¹¹ [L. *-stura*], *f.*: = (imposition, deception).

impôt¹⁴ [L. *-positum*, 'thing imposed'], *m.*: IMPOST (tax, duty); obligation: — *sur chaque tête*, poll-tax.

impotence¹² [L. *-tentia*], *f.*: impotence, — *cy.* **-tent**¹³, = **ente** [L. *-tens* (*posse*, be able)], *adj.*: impotent, infirm; *m.*, *f.*: impotent or feeble person.

impourvu¹³ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: unprovided: *à l'*—, unawares, on a sudden.

impracticable¹³ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: = (not practicable; incapable of being used; intractable); uninhabitable.

impréca-tion¹³ [L. *-tio* (*precari*, PRAY)], *f.*: imprecation. **-toire**, *adj.*: imprecatory.

impregnation¹³, *f.*: =. **||-gner**¹⁶ [L. *im-prægnare* (*præ-generare*, beget)], *tr.*: impregnate: *s'*—, be impregnated. **-nable**¹³, *adj.*: =.

imprenable¹³ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: impregnable.

imprésario¹⁵ [It. (*-sa*, ENTERPRISE)], *m.*: =.

imprescriptibilité¹⁷, *f.*: imprescriptibility. **||-tible**¹⁵ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: =.

impres-se¹⁶ [L. *-sa* (*primere*, press)], *adj.*: impressed by sensation. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (impress, effect; printing, print; edition); priming: *faute d'*—, misprint. **-sionnabilité**¹⁸ [*-sionnable*], *f.*: impressionability. **-sionnable**¹⁷ [*-sionner*], *adj.*: =. **-sionner**¹⁸ [*-sion*], *tr.*: impress (stamp; make an impression on, move). **-sionniste**¹⁸, *m.*: impressionist

(artist seeking to produce an effect by neglecting details).

impré-voyance¹⁶ [im-, *p.*], *f.*: providence, lack of foresight. **-voyant**¹⁶ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: improvident, negligent. **-vu**¹⁵ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: unforeseen (unexpected, †Eng. unprovided).

imprimé¹⁵ [L. *-mere* (*primere*, PRESS)], *tr.*: IMPRESS (IMPRINT; stamp, implant); PRINT; prime (canvass): *se faire* —, appear in print, rush into print. **-merie**¹⁴, *f.*: (art of) printing; printing office or establishment. **-meur**¹⁴, *m.*: printer. **-mure**¹⁷, *f.*: priming (of canvass), ground.

impro-bateur¹⁶, **-trice** [L. *-bator*], *m.*, *f.*: improver. **-babilité**¹⁷ [*-bale*], *f.*: improbability. **-bale**¹⁶ [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: =. **-bation**¹⁵ [L. *-batio*], *f.*: = (disapprobation). **||-be**¹⁴ [L. *-bus* (*probus*, good)], *adj.*: dishonest. **-bité**¹³ [L. *-bitas*], *f.*: improbity (dishonesty).

improductif¹⁵ = **-ive** [im-, *p.*], *adj.*: unproductive. **-vement**¹⁵, *adv.*: unproductively.

impromptu¹⁷ [in *promptu*, 'in readiness'], *adv.*: =.

imprononçable¹⁵ [im-, *prononcer*], *adj.*: unpronounceable.

impro-pre¹³ [L. *-prius* (cf. Fr. *propre*)], *adj.*: improper. **-prement**¹⁵, *adv.*: improperly. **-priété**¹⁵ [L. *-prietas*], *f.*: impropriety (of expression).

improver¹³ [im-, *L. probare*], *tr.*: disapprove, (†Eng. improve).

impro-visateur¹⁷, **-trice**, *m.*, *f.*: improviser. **-visation**¹⁵, *f.*: =. **||-viser**¹⁶ [L. *visare*, observe (im-pro-*visus*, unforeseen)], *tr.*: improvise (extemporise, invent offhand). **-viste**¹⁵ [It. *-visto*], *adj.*: unforeseen: *à l'*—, unexpectedly, on a sudden, unawares.

imprudemment¹⁵ **-dam**, *adv.*: imprudently. **-dence**¹³ [L. *-dentia*], *f.*: = (indiscretion, imprudent act). **||-dent**¹⁵, = **ente** [L. *-dens* (cf. *p.*)], *adj.*: imprudent (unwise, indiscreet); *m.*, *f.*: imprudent or foolhardy person.

impubère¹⁵ [L. *-bes* (*pubes*, adult)], *adj.*: in a state of puberty, not nubile.

impu-dement¹⁴ **-dam**, *adv.*: impudently. **-dence**¹⁵ [L. *-dentia*], *f.*: =. **||-dent**¹⁵, = **ente** [L. *-dens* (*pubere*, feel shame)], *adj.*: = (shameless, audacious, saucy); *m.*, *f.*: impudent person. **-deur**¹⁷ [im-, *p.*], *f.*: immodesty, effrontery. **-dité**¹⁴ [im-, *p.*], *f.*: impudicity (immodesty; unchasteness; lewd act). **-dique**¹³ [L. *-dicus*], *adj.*: immodest, unchaste, lewd. **-diquement**¹⁵, *adv.*: immodestly, unchastely.

impugner¹³ [L. *-nare* (*pugna*, fight)], *tr.*: impugn.

impuis-sance¹³ [in-, p. .], *f.*: powerlessness, impotence, incapacity. **-sant**¹⁴ [in-, p. .], *adj.*: powerless; impotent.
impul-sif¹⁵, **-ive** [l. L. -sivus (L. pellere, drive)], *adj.*: impulsive. **-sion**¹⁶ [L. -sio], *f.*: = (impelling; impulse, impetus).
impunément¹⁷, *adv.*: with impunity.
in-ni¹⁸ [L. -nitus (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: unpunished. **-nité**¹⁹ [L. -nitus], *f.*: impunity (freedom from punishment).
im-pur¹² [L. -purus], *adj.*: impure. **-purement**²⁰, *adv.*: impurely. **-pureté**²¹ [L. -puritas], *f.*: impurity.
impu-table²², *adj.*: = (attributable). **-tation**²³ [L. -tatio], *f.*: =. **||-ter** [L. -tare (putare, think)], *tr.*: impute (attribute, ascribe, charge; count, deduct): s'—, be imputed or attributed; attribute to one's self.
imputrescible²⁴ [L. -bilis (cf. p. .)], *adj.*: =, incorruptible.
in [L.], *prep.*, in some Lat. phrases: in.
in- [L. in], *pref.*: in, in-; un-, -less.
inabor-dable²⁵ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unaccessible; unapproachable; unsociable. **-dé** [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unvisited.
inabrité²⁶ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unsheltered.
inaccensus²⁷ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unaccented.
inacceptable²⁸ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unacceptable.
inaccessibilité²⁹ [L. -sibilitas], *f.*: inaccessibility, -bleness. **||-sible**³⁰ [L. -sibilis (cf. a. .)], *adj.*: inaccessible, unapproachable.
inaccommodable³¹ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: irreconcilable.
inaccordable³² [in-, a. .], *adj.*: that cannot be harmonised; that cannot be accorded or granted.
inaccostable³³ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: that cannot be accosted, unapproachable.
inaccoutumé³⁴ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unaccustomed; unwonted, unusual.
inachevé³⁵ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unachieved, uncompleted, unfinished.
inac-tif³⁶, **-ive** [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inactive, inert. **-tion**³⁷ [in-, a. .], *f.*: =. **-tiveté**³⁸, *f.*: inactivity.
inadmis-sibilité³⁹, *f.*: inadmissibility. **||-sible** [in-, a. .], *adj.*: =.
inadvertence⁴⁰ [l. L. -tentia (L. ad-vertere, turn to)], *f.*: inadvertence (-cy, oversight).
inalié-nabilité⁴¹, *f.*: inalienableness. **||-nable**⁴² [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inalienable.
inalliable⁴³ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unalloyable (not to be alloyed or joined).
inalte-rabilité⁴⁴, *f.*: inalterability. **||-rable**⁴⁵ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inalterable (unalterable, unchangeable).
inamis-sibilité⁴⁶, *f.*: inamissibleness.

||-sible [in-, a. .], *adj.*: = (that cannot be lost).
inamo-vibilité⁴⁷, *f.*: irremovability. **||-vible** [in-, a. .], *adj.*: irremovable.
inanimé⁴⁸ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inanimate.
inani-té⁴⁹ [L. -tas (inanis, void)], *f.*: inanity (emptiness; void space; vainness). **-tion**⁵⁰ [L. -tio], *f.*: = (exhaustion from want of nourishment).
inaper-çevable⁵¹ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unperceivable, imperceptible. **-çu**⁵² [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unperceived, unobserved.
inappétence⁵³ [in-, a. .], *f.*: (med.) inappetence (-cy, lack of appetite).
inappli-cabilité⁵⁴, *f.*: inapplicability. **||-cable**⁵⁵ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: =. **-qué**⁵⁶ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inattentive, lax; heedless; unapplied, untried.
inappréciable⁵⁷ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: =.
inaptitude⁵⁸ [in-, a. .], *f.*: =.
inarticulé⁵⁹ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inarticulate.
inassermementé⁶⁰ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unsworn.
inassimilable⁶¹ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unassimilable.
inassouvi⁶² [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unsatiated.
inattaquable⁶³ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unassailable.
inattendu⁶⁴ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unexpected, unforeseen.
inatten-tif⁶⁵, **-ive** [in-, a. .], *adj.*: inattentive. **-tion**⁶⁶ [in-, a. .], *f.*: =.
inaugu-ral⁶⁷, *adj.*: =. **-ration**⁶⁸ [L. -ratio], *f.*: =. **||-rer**⁶⁹ [L. -rare (cf. a. .)], *tr.*: inaugurate.
inauthen-ticité⁷⁰ [in-, au. .], *f.*: lack of authenticity. **-tique**⁷¹ [in-, au. .], *adj.*: unauthentic.
inavouable⁷² [in-, a. .], *adj.*: unavowable.
||-caguer⁷³ [It. -gare], *tr.*: besmear (with excrements); defy (insolently).
incalculable⁷⁴ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: =, innumerable. **-lablement**⁷⁵, *adv.*: incalculably.
incamé-ration⁷⁶, *f.*: incameration. **||-rer**⁷⁷ [It. -rare (camera, CHAMBER, treasury)], *tr.*: unite (property) to the pope's domain.
incandes-cence⁷⁸, *f.*: =. **||-cent**⁷⁹ [L. -cens (candescere, become white or red hot)], *adj.*: =.
incanta-tion⁸⁰ [L. -tio (-tare, CHANT a magic formula)], *f.*: =.
inca-pable⁸¹ [in-, a. .], *adj.*: =. **-pabilité**⁸² [in-, a. .], *f.*: incapacity: être frappé d'—, be incapacitated; be under a disqualification.
incarcé-ration⁸³, *f.*: incarceration. **||-rer**⁸⁴ [l. L. -rare (L. carcer, prison)], *tr.*: incarcerate.

incar-nadin¹⁵ [dial. It. *-nadino*], *adj.*: carnation-coloured; *m.*: carnation-colour.
-nat¹⁵ [It. *-nato*], *adj.*: flesh-coloured, carnationed; *m.*: carnation (flesh-colour, rosy pink).
-nation¹¹ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: =. **||-ner**¹³ [L. *-nare* (*caro*, flesh)], *tr.*: incarnate; *s*—, become incarnate; grow into the flesh; *né*, incarnate.
incartade¹⁶ [?], *f.*: bad caprice, whim, insult.
incen-diaire¹² [L. *-diarius*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: incendiary. **||-die**¹⁵ [L. *-dium* (*-dere*, kindle)], *f.*: conflagration, fire: — *par malveillance*, arson. **-dié**¹⁷, = **-ée**, *part.*: burned (out); *m.*, *f.*: sufferer by fire. **-dier**¹⁷, *tr.*: set fire to, burn.
incer-tain¹³ [in, c. .], *adj.*: uncertain (doubtful; irresolute; unsteady); *restive*.
-tainement¹⁵, *adv.*: (rare) in an uncertain way, doubtfully. **-titude**¹³ [in, c. .], *f.*: = (uncertainty); unsteadiness, fickleness; unsettled state.
incessamment¹³, *adv.*: incessantly. **||-sant** [in, c. .], *adv.*: =. **-sible** [in, c. .], *adj.*: (*leg.*) not to be CEDED, inalienable.
incess-te¹³ [L. *-tus*, UN-CHASTE], *m.*: incest; *fm.* (*f.*): incestuous person; *adj.*: incestuous. **-tueusement**¹⁴ [*-tueuz*], *adv.*: incestuously. **-tueur**¹², = **-euse** [L. *-tuorus*], *adj.*: incestuous; *m.*, *f.*: incestuous person.
incho-atif¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-ativus* (*-are*, begin)], *adj.*: inchoative; inceptive.
inci-dement¹³ *-dam*, *adv.*: incidentally. **-dence**¹³, *f.*: =. **||-dent**¹², = **-ente** [L. *-dens* (*cadere*, fall)], *m.*: = (occurrence); (*leg.*) difficulty; *cavil*; *adj.*: incidental; *f.*: incidental proposition. **†-dentaire**¹⁷, *m.*: caviller. **†-denter**¹⁶, *intr.*: raise incidents or difficulties.
inciné-ration¹³ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: incineration. **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (*ciner*, ashes)], *tr.*: incinerate.
incipit [L. 'it begins'], *m.*: beginning (first words of a MS., etc.).
incircou-cis¹⁵ [L. *-ciscus* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: uncircumcised; *m. pl.*: Gentiles. **-cision**¹⁵ [L. *-cisio*], *f.*: uncircumcision.
in-cise¹⁷ [L. *-cium*], *f.*: incidental clause. **||-ciser**¹¹ [L. *-cidere*, 'cut in'], *tr.*: incise (cut into, gash, carve; notch). **-cisif**¹², = **-ive** [L. *-cisivus*], *adj.*: incisive, incisory; *f.*: incisive tooth, incisor. **-cision**¹¹, *f.*: =. **-cislve**¹¹, *cf. -cisif*.
inci-tant¹⁵, *adj.*: inciting; *m.*: =. **-tation**¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare* (*citare*, rouse)], *tr.*: incite.
incivi-l¹³ [L. *-lis* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: uncivil; *†*contrary to civil laws. **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: uncivilly, impolitely. **-lité** [L. *-litas*], *f.*: incivility.

inci-vique¹⁷ [in, c. .], *adj.*: unpatriotic.
-visme¹⁷ [in, c. .], *m.*: incivism, lack of patriotism.
incle-mence¹⁵ [L. *-mentia*], *f.*: inclemency. **||-ment**¹⁵ [L. *-mens* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: inclement.
incli-naison¹⁶, *f.*: inclination (state of being inclined). **-nant**¹⁵, *adj.*: inclining, inclined. **-nation**¹³ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: = (act of inclining; leaning, affection; person loved). **||-ner**¹³ [L. *-nare* (*clinare*, bend, LEAN)], *tr.*: incline, bend, slope; bow; dispose; *intr.*: incline, bend, lean; lean, be disposed; *s*—, incline, slope, dip; bow.
in-clure¹³ [L. *-cludere*], *def.* (only Inf. and Part. *-clus*), *tr.*: inclose, enclose. **-clus**, **-cluse**, *part.*: enclosed; *f.*: enclosed (letter, etc.). **-clusif**¹⁴, = **-ive** [L. *-clusivus*], *adj.*: inclusive. **-cluse-ment**¹⁴, *adv.*: inclusively.
incoercible¹⁷ [in, c. .], *adj.*: =.
incognito¹⁶ [It. (L. *in*, not, *cognitus*, KNOWN)], *adv.*: =.
incohé-rence¹⁷ [in, c. .], *f.*: incoherence. **-rent**¹⁷ [in, c. .], *adj.*: incoherent.
incoloré¹⁸ [L. *-lor* (*color*, colour)], *adj.*: colourless.
incomber¹⁶ [L. *in-cumbere* (*cubare*, lie)], *intr.*: be imposed or incumbent on.
incombustibilité¹⁷, *f.*: incombustibility. **||-tible**¹³ [L. *-ibilis* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: =.
incommensurabilité¹³, *f.*: incommensurability. **||-rable**¹³ [L. *-rabilis* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: =.
incommode¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: incommodious (inconvenient; troublesome). **-dément**¹⁵, *adv.*: incommodiously, inconveniently. **-der**¹⁴, *tr.*: incommode (inconvenience, trouble, annoy); indispose; *-dé*, discommoded; indisposed, unwell; in distress (of ships). **-dité**¹³ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: inconvenience, (*†*Eng. incommmodity); indisposition; distress (of a ship).
incommuni-cable¹⁵ [in, c. .], *adj.*: =. **-cabilité**¹⁷, *f.*: incommunicability.
incommutabilité¹⁷, *f.*: incommutability. **||-table**¹³ [L. *-tabilis* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: incommutable. **-tablement**¹⁶, *adv.*: incommutably.
incompa-rable¹¹ [L. *-rabilis* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: =. **-rablement**¹¹, *adv.*: incomparably.
incompa-tibilité¹⁴, *f.*: incompatibility. **||-tible**¹⁴ [in, c. .], *adj.*: =.
incompé-temment¹⁵ *-tam*, *adv.*: incompetently. **-tence**¹⁵ [in, c. .], *f.*: incompetence, *-cy*. **||-tent**¹⁶ [L. *-tens* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: incompetent.
incom-plet¹³, = **-ète** [L. *-pletus* (*cf. c. .*)], *adj.*: incomplete. **-plètement**¹⁵, *adv.*: incompletely.

incomplexe¹⁷ [L. -xus (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: incomplex.
incompréhensibilité¹⁵ *f.*: incomprehensibility, sibleness. **-sible**¹² [L. -sibilis (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: incomprehensible.
incompréhensibilité¹⁷ *f.*: incomprehensibility. **-sible**¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: =, **incompris**¹⁴ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: not understood, unappreciated.
inconcevable¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: inconceivable; strange.
inconciliable¹⁷ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: irreconcilable.
inconditionné¹⁵ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unconditional, absolute.
inconduite¹⁷ [in-, c. .], *f.*: misconduct.
incongélable¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: uncongealable.
incongru¹³ [L. -gruus (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: incongruous (inconsistent; unfit, improper, indecorous). **-gruite**¹⁵ [L. -gruitas], *f.*: incongruity, impropriety, indecency. **-grument**¹³ *adv.*: incongruously; improperly, indecorously.
inconnaisable¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unknowable.
inconnu¹⁴ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unknown; not felt or experienced before; *m.*: unknown person, stranger; *m.* (the) unknown; *f.*: unknown quantity.
inconscience¹⁵ *f.*: unconsciousness. **-seiemment**¹⁵ *adv.*: unconsciously. **-seient**¹⁵ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unconscious.
inconséquence¹⁶ [L. -quentia], *f.*: inconsequence; inconsistency. **-quent**¹⁷ [L. -quens (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: inconsequent; inconsistent.
inconsidération¹⁵ [L. -ratio], *f.*: inconsideration; inconsiderateness. **-ré**¹⁴ [L. -ratus (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: inconsiderate (thoughtless, indiscreet); unconsidered (rash). **-rément**¹⁵ *adv.*: inconsiderately; rashly.
inconsistance¹⁷ [in-, c. .], *f.*: inconsistency. **-stant**¹⁵ *adj.*: inconsistent.
inconso-lable¹⁶ [L. -labilis (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: = (disconsolate). **-lablement**¹⁴ *adv.*: inconsolably, disconsolately. **-lé**¹⁷ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unconsolated; disconsolate.
incon-stamment¹⁵ *adv.*: inconstantly, lightly. **-stance**¹² [L. -stantia], *f.*: inconstancy, fickleness. **-stant**¹⁵ [L. -stans (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: = (fickle, unsteady).
inconstitutionnalité¹⁵ *f.*: unconstitutionality. **-nel**¹⁷ = **-elle** [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unconstitutional. **-nellement**¹⁵ *adv.*: unconstitutionally.
incontes-table¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: =. **-tablement**¹⁶ *adv.*: incontestably. **-té** [in-, c. .], *adj.*: uncontested.
incontingence¹¹ [L. -nentia], *f.*: =,

incontinency. **-nent**¹³ [L. -mens (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: incontinent (uncontrolled; unchaste). **-nent**¹³ [L. in continente (sc. tempore)], *adv.*: without delay (immediately, at once, †Eng. incontinently).
inconvenance¹⁶ [in-, c. .], *f.*: unbecomingness, impropriety, indecorum. **-nant**¹³ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unbecoming, improper, unbecoming.
inconvenient¹² [L. -niens (cf. convenir)], *adj.*: inconvenient; *m.*: inconvenience, -cy.
inconvertible¹⁵ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: unconvertible.
incoordination¹⁸ [in-, c. .], *f.*: =.
incorporalité¹³ [L. -ralitas], *f.*: incorporeality. **-ration**¹⁴ [L. -ratio], *f.*: =. **-rel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. -ralis], *adj.*: incorporeal. **-rer**¹¹ [L. -rare (corpus, body)], *tr.*: incorporate, embody.
incor-rect¹⁴ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: =. **-rectement**¹⁵ *adv.*: incorrectly. **-rection**¹⁵ [in-, c. .], *f.*: want of correction, (†Eng. incorrection), incorrectness.
incorrigibilité¹⁶ *f.*: incorrigibility, -bleness. **-gible**¹³ [L. -gibilis (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: =. **-giblement**¹⁷ *adv.*: incorrigibly.
incorruptibilité¹⁵ [L. -tibilitas], *f.*: incorruptibility, -bleness. **-tible**¹³ [L. -ibilis (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: =.
incrédibilité¹⁶ [L. -dibilitas (cf. c. .)], *f.*: incredibility, -bleness. **-dule**¹³ [L. -dulus (cf. c. .)], *adj.*: incredulous. **-dulité**⁹ [L. -dulitas (cf. c. .)], *f.*: incredulity.
incrée¹⁴ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: increate (uncreated).
incriminable¹⁵ *adj.*: that may be incriminated or prosecuted, accusable. **-ner**¹⁷ [L. in-, crimen, crime], *tr.*: incriminate, accuse.
incroyable¹⁴ [in-, c. .], *adj.*: incredible; fabulous; *m.*: dandy, exquisite (Fr. revol. 1795-99). **-yablement**¹⁴ *adv.*: incredibly. **-yant**¹⁵, **-yante** [in-, c. .], *m.*: unbeliever.
incrus-tant¹⁷ *adj.*: incrustating. **-tation**¹⁵ [L. -tatio], *f.*: =. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. -tare (crusta, crust)], *tr.*: incrust, encrust, overlay.
incu-bation¹⁷ [L. -batio (-bare, lie on)], *f.*: =. **-be**¹³ [L. -bus], *m.*: incubus.
incul-pation¹⁷ [L. -patio], *f.*: =. **-por**¹⁶ [L. -pare (culpa, fault)], *tr.*: inculpate (criminate, accuse). **-pé**, **-é**, *part.*, inculpated; *m.*: prisoner.
inculquer¹⁵ [L. -care (calcare, tread)], *tr.*: inculcate.
incul-te¹⁴ [L. -tus (colere, cultivate)], *adj.*: incult (uncultivated, untillied; rude, savage). **-ture**¹⁷ [in-, c. .], *f.*: want of cultivation, (†Eng. =).
incunable¹³ [L. -bulum, cradle], *adj.*: dat-

ing from the earliest printing, early; *m.*: incunabulum.
incu-rabilité¹⁷, *f.*: incurability. ||-**ra-ble**¹¹ [L. -rabilis (cf. *e.* .)], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: incurable. -**rablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: incurably.
incu-rie¹⁶ [-ria, care], *f.*: lack of care, carelessness, negligence. -**rieux**¹⁴, =**ense** [L. -riosus (cf. *e.* .)], *adj.*: incurious. -**riosity**¹³ [L. -riositas (cf. *e.* .)], *f.*: incuriosity.
incursion¹³ [L. -sio (currere, run)], *f.*: =, inroad.
incuse¹⁶ [L. -sa, struck], *f.*: =.
Inde, *f.*: India. **inde** [L. -dicum], *m.*: INDIGO (blue).
indébrouillable¹⁷ [in-, débrouiller], *adv.*: that cannot be unravelled, indissoluble.
indécemment¹⁵ -sam-, *adv.*: indecently. -**egnee**¹⁵ [L. -centia], *f.*: indecency. ||-**cent**¹³ [L. -cens (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indecent, improper.
indéchiffable¹⁶ [in-, déchiffrer], *adj.*: indecipherable, unintelligible.
indé-cis¹⁵, =**ise** [L. -ciscus (cf. Fr. déci-sif)], *adj.*: undecided (doubtful, indeterminate); indecisive (irresolute). -**cision**¹⁶ [in-, d. .], *f.*: indecision.
indécl-nabilité¹⁶, *f.*: indeclinable nature. ||-**nable**¹⁴ [L. -nabilis (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indeclinable.
indécomposable¹⁵ [in-, décomposer], *adj.*: indecomposable.
indécrottable¹⁶ [in-, décroter], *adj.*: that cannot be cleaned; unpolished, intractable.
indéfectibilité¹⁶, *f.*: indefectibility. -**tible**¹⁵ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: indefectible.
indé-fendable¹⁶ [in-, défendre], *adj.*: indefensible.
indéfini [L. -nitus (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indefinite. -**niment**¹⁶, *adv.*: indefinitely. -**nissable**¹⁷ [in-, définir], *adj.*: indefinable.
indélébi-le¹⁵ [L. -lis (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indelible. -**lité**, *f.*: indelibility.
indélibéré¹⁶ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: indeliberate.
indélica-¹⁸ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: indelicate. -**tement**¹⁵, *adv.*: indelicately. -**tesse**¹⁵ [in-, d. .], *f.*: indelicacy.
indem-ne¹⁴ [L. -nis (in, not, damnum, hurt)], *adj.*: indemnified; unhurt. -**ni-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: indemnify, make good. -**ni-té**¹³ [L. -nitas], *f.*: indemnity.
indéniable¹³ [in-, dénier], *adj.*: undeniable.
indépen-damment¹⁶, *adv.*: independently. -**pendance**¹⁶, *f.*: independence. -**dant**¹⁵ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: independent.
indéracinable¹⁷ [in-, déraciner], *adj.*: ineradicable.

indescriptible¹³ [in-, L. describere, describe], *adj.*: indescriptible, indescribable.
indestruc-tibilité¹⁷, *f.*: indestructibility. ||-**tible**¹⁶ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: =.
indétermi-nable¹⁷ [in-, déterminer], *adj.*: indeterminate. -**nation**¹⁵, *f.*: indeterminateness; indetermination (irresolution). ||-**ne**¹⁵ [in-, d. .], *adj.*: indeterminate; (rare) undetermined. -**nément**¹⁶, *adv.*: indeterminately.
indévinable [in-, deviner], *adj.*: not to be guessed.
indé-vot¹⁴ [L. -votus (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: devout, irreligious. -**votement**¹⁵, *adv.*: devoutly. -**vo-tion**¹⁵ [in-, d. .], *f.*: indévotion.
index¹⁵ [L. (dicere, say)], *m.*: = (forefinger; table of contents); prohibitory index (catalogue of books prohibited by the Pope): mettre d l—, prohibit.
indica-teur¹⁶, -**trice** [L. -tor (-re, show)], *m.*, *f.*: indicator (↑person; pointer); directory; index. -**tif**, -**ive** [L. -tivus], *adj.*: indicative; *m.*: indicative (mode). -**-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tio], *f.*: =.
indice¹⁵ [L. -cium (-care, show)], *m.*: indicator, sign, mark, token; indication, symptom; *pl.* indicia.
indi-cible¹⁴ [in-, L. dicere, say], *adj.*: unspeakable (inexpressible, ineffable). -**-iblement**¹⁵, *adv.*: unspeakably. -**-ction**¹¹ [L. -ctio], *f.*: = (appointment; cycle of fifteen years); fervoration. -**-cule**¹⁶ [L. -culus], *m.*: slight indication.
indien, =**enne** [Inde], *adj.* or *m.*: Indian; *f.*: printed calico.
indiffé-rement¹² -ram-, *adv.*: indifferently. -**-rence**¹⁵, *f.*: indifference, unconcern. -**-rent**¹², =**ente** [L. -rens (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indifferent (indolent, neutral; heedless, unconcerned; immaterial); *m.*, *f.*: indifferent or apathetic person.
indi-génat¹⁶, *m.*: right of citizenship, naturalization.
indigence¹² [L. -gentia (cf. -gent)], *f.*: indigency, poverty.
indigène¹⁵ [L. genus (OL. indu-, in, root gen, be born)], *adj.*: indigenous, native; *m.*, *f.*: indigene, native.
indigent¹², =**ente** [L. -gens (OL. indu, in, egerē, need)], *adj.*: =, needy; *m.*, *f.*: poor person.
indiges-te¹³ [L. -tus (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: undigested; hard to digest or assimilate, indigestible; crude, (†Eng. indigest). -**-tion**¹² [L. -tio (cf. *d.* .)], *f.*: =.
indigète¹⁵ [L. -ges (cf. -gène)], *adj.*: (Rom.) native, of the country: dieu —, native deified hero or semi-god.
in-dignation¹¹ [L. -dignatio], *f.*: =. ||-**-digne**¹¹ [L. -dignus (cf. *d.* .)], *adj.*: indign (unworthy, undeserving; disgrace-

ful, scandalous); debarred by law (from inheriting); *m., f.*: unworthy or base person, wretch; person debarred from succession. **-digné**¹⁴ [*-digner*], *part.*: indignant. **-dignement**¹¹, *adv.*: unworthily, (†Eng. indignly); disgracefully, basely. **-digner**¹³ [*L. -dignari*], *tr.*: render indignant, revolt; exasperate; *s—*, feel indignant, be angered. **-dignité**¹⁴ [*L. -dignitas*], *f.*: unworthiness, worthlessness; disgracefulness, baseness; disgraceful act; infamy; indignity, offence; preclusion from inheritance.

indi-go¹⁶ [Sp. 'of India'], *m.*: =. **-gote-rie**¹⁶, *f.*: indigo manufacturing. **-gotier**¹⁷, *m.*: indigo-plant; workman in an indigo manufactory.

indiquer¹⁶ [*L. -dicare* (*dicere*, say)], *tr.*: indicate (point out, direct, show; appoint).

indirect¹⁵ [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: =. **-tment**¹⁵, *adv.*: indirectly.

indiscernable¹⁵ [*in-, discern*], *adj.*: indiscernible; *m.*: *principe des —s*, (Leibnitz's) principle of the non-existence of identical things.

indisciplinable¹⁵ [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: =, undisciplinable. **-ne**¹⁷ [*in-, d. .*], *f.*: =, lack of discipline. **-né**¹⁷ [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: undisciplined.

indis-cret¹⁵, **-ète** [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: indiscreet (inconsiderate, unreserved, injudicious, heedless); unable to keep a secret, telltale, open-mouthed; *m., f.*: indiscreet person; telltale, babbler. **-crètement**¹³, *adv.*: indiscreetly, etc. **-création**¹¹ [*L. -cretio*], *f.*: lack of discernment; indiscretion (inconsiderateness, heedlessness; indiscreet act); lack of secrecy; injudicious disclosure of a secret.

indiscu-table¹⁵ [*in-, discuter*], *adj.*: indisputable, uncontested. **-tablement**¹³, *adv.*: indisputably.

indispensable¹⁶ [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: =. **-sablement**¹⁶, *adv.*: indispensably.

indisponible¹⁷ [*in-, d. .*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) that cannot be disposed of, inalienable; (*mil.*) not available for active service; *m. pl.*: retired soldiers.

indispo-sé¹⁴, *part.*: indisposed, unwell. **-sér**¹⁴ [*in-, d. .*], *tr.*: indispose (render unwell; disincite, set against). **-sition**¹² [*in-, d. .*], *f.*: = (slight illness; disinclination).

indisso-lubilité¹⁶, *f.*: indissolubility. **-luble**¹³ [*L. -lubilis* (*cf. d. .*)], *adj.*: =. **-lablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: indissolubly.

indis-tinct¹⁵, **-te** [*L. -tinctus* (*cf. d. .*)], *adj.*: =. **-tinctement**¹³, *adj.*: indistinctly.

indivi-du¹² [*L. -duus* (*in, not, divisible*), *m.*: individual (single being); (*fam.*) certain person (*un —*,

somebody): *son —*, one's self, number one. **-dualiser**¹⁷, **-du** [*-duel*], *f.*: individuality. **-duel**¹⁵, **-lle**, *adj.*: individual. **-duellement**¹⁶, **-du** [*-duel*], *adv.*: individually. **-duité**¹⁵, **-du** [*L. -duitas*], *f.*: indivisibility.

indivi-s¹³ [*L. -sus* (*dividere*, divide)], *adj.*: undivided, joined; *par —*, by joint tenancy. **-sément**¹⁵, *adv.*: indivisibly, in joint-tenancy. **-sibilité**¹⁶ [*-sible*], *f.*: indivisibility. **-sible**¹² [*L. -sibilis*], *adj.*: =. **-siblement**¹⁵, *adv.*: indivisibly. **-sion**¹⁵ [*in-, d. .*], *f.*: joint-possession, joint tenancy.

in-dix-huit¹⁷, **-di-zui**, *adj.* or *m.*: (*print.*) (*in*) decimo-octavo.

indoc-il¹⁵ [*L. -lis* (*cf. d. .*)], *adj.*: =, intractable. **-lement**¹³, *adv.*: intractably. **-lité**¹⁵, *f.*: indocility.

indoc-te¹⁵ [*L. -tus* (*cf. d. .*)], *adj.*: illiterate, ignorant. **-tément**¹⁵, *adv.*: ignorantly.

indo-européen¹³, **-enne**, *adj.*: Indo-European. **-germanique**¹³, *adj.*: Indo-Germanic.

indo-lemment¹⁶, **-lam-**, *adv.*: indolently. **-lence**¹³ [*L. -lentia*], *f.*: =, sloth. **-lent**¹¹, **-ente** [*L. -lens* (*dolere*, feel pain or trouble)], *adj.*: = (*med.* causing no pain; insensible; idle, lazy, sluggish); *m., f.*: indolent person.

indomp-table¹⁴ [*in-, dompter*], *adj.*: indomitable, ungovernable. **-té**¹⁴ [*in-dompter*], *adj.*: untamed, unsubdued, wild.

Indou, *m.*: Hindoo.

in-douze¹⁶, *adj.* or *m.*: (*print.*) duodecimo.

indu¹³ [*in-, dû*], *adj.*: undue, unseasonable.

indubi-table¹⁵ [*L. -bilis* (*cf. douter*)], *adj.*: =. **-tablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: indubitably, undoubtedly.

indue-teur¹⁵ [*-tion*], *adj.*: (*phys.*) inductive. **-tif**¹³, **-ive** [*L. -tire* (*L. ducere*, lead)], *adj.*: (*log.*) inductive. **-tion**¹³ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: = (*log.* inference; *phys.* induction); *†*inducement, instigation; spreading on the surface; *pl.*: circumstantial evidence.

in-duire¹³ [*for enduire*], *irr.* (*cf. conduire*); *tr.*: *†*INDUCE (entice, lead); infer, conclude, establish by inductive reasoning (from effect to cause); (*phys.*) make inductive. **-duisant**, *part.* of *-duire*. **-duit**, *part.*: *†*induced, inferred, etc.; inductive (as current, etc.).

indul-gement¹⁵, **-jam-**, *adv.*: indulgently. **-gence**¹¹ [*L. -gentia*], *f.*: = (leniency). **-gent**¹³ [*L. -gens* (*-gere*, be kind to)], *adj.*: = (lenient, tolerant).

indul-t¹⁴ [*L. -tum* (*-cere*, be kind to)],

m.: = (privilege granted by the pope).
-taire¹⁵, m.: holder of an indult.
indûment¹⁵ [-du], adv.: unduly.
indûration¹⁵ [L. -ratio], f.: = **||-rôp**¹⁴ [L. -rare (durus, hard)], tr.: (med.) indurate, harden.
indus-trie¹⁵ [L. -tria (-tris, diligent)], f.: skill (ingenuity, dexterity, trickery); industry (art, trade, manufactory), pl.: arts and industries: **vivre d'—**, live by one's wits; **chevalier d'—**, sharper, swindler. **-triel**¹⁴, **-lle**, adj.: industrial, manufacturing; m.: manufacturer.
-trioussement¹⁵, adv.: skilfully, ingeniously. **-trieux**¹⁵, = **enpe** [L. -triosus], adj.: skilful, ingenious, industrious (-trius).
indû¹⁷ [L. -tus, clothed], m.: assistant priest (dressed in alb and tunic).
inébran-lable¹⁵ [in, ébranler], adj.: immovable, unshaken, firm. **-lable-ment**¹⁷, adv.: immovably, firmly.
inédit¹⁵ [L. -tus (cf. édir)], adj.: inedited, unpublished.
ineffabilité¹⁵ [L. -fabilitas], f.: ineffability. **||-fable**¹⁵ [L. -fabilis (ex, out, fari, speak)], adj.: =, inexpressible. **-fablement**¹⁵, adv.: ineffably.
ineffaçable¹⁵ [in-, effacer], adj.: indelible.
inefficace¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: inefficacious, ineffectual. **-ement**¹⁷, adv.: inefficaciously. **-ité**¹⁵ [in-, e.], f.: inefficacy.
inéga-l¹⁵ [in-, é.], adj.: unequal; uneven. **-lement**¹⁵, adv.: unequally, unevenly. **-lité**¹⁵ [in-, é.], f.: inequality; unevenness.
inélegance¹⁵ [in-, é.], f.: inelegance. **-gant**¹⁴, adj.: inelegant.
inéli-gibilité¹⁵ [in-, é.], f.: ineligibility. **-gible**¹⁷ [in-, é.], adj.: inelible.
inéluctable¹⁵ [L. -bilis (-e-luctari, struggle out of)], adj.: ineluctable (irresistible, inevitable).
inérrable¹⁵ [L. -bilis (cf. narrer)], adj.: indescribable, (†Eng. inenarrable).
inép-te¹⁵ [L. -tus (aptus, APT)], adj.: inept (unapt; unfit, incapable, worthless). **-tement**¹⁵, adv.: ineptly. **-tie**¹⁵ [L. -tia], f.: ineptness, -titude.
inépuisable¹⁵ [in-, épuiser], adj.: inexhaustible. **-sablement**¹⁵, adv.: inexhaustibly.
inermé¹⁷ [L. -mis (arma, arms)], adj.: (bot.) inermis ('unarmed'), lacking prickles.
iner-te¹⁵ [L. -s (in, not, ars, art), unskilled], adj.: inert, sluggish. **-tie**¹⁵ [L. -tia], f.: inertia, inertness.
inespé-rable¹⁵ [in-, espérer], adj.: that cannot be hoped, beyond hope. **-ré** [in-,

e.], adj.: un hoped for, unexpected. **-ré-ment**¹⁵, adv.: unexpectedly.
inesti-mable¹⁵ [in-, estimer], adj.: =. **-mé** [in-, e.], adj.: unestimated.
inétendu¹⁷ [in-, é.], adj.: unextended.
inévi-table¹⁵ [L. -tabilis (cf. é.)], adj.: inevitable, unavoidable. **-tablement**¹⁴, adv.: inevitably.
inexact-t¹⁷ [in-, e.], adj.: = (inaccurate). **-tement**¹⁵, adv.: inexactly. **-titude**¹⁷ [in-, e.], f.: inexactness.
inexcusable¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: =.
inexécutable¹⁵ [in-, exécuter], adj.: inexecutable, impracticable. **-té**¹⁴ [in-, e.], adj.: unexecuted. **-tion**¹⁵ [in-, e.], f.: inexecution, neglect.
inexercé¹⁷ [in-, e.], adj.: unexercised, unpractised.
inexigible¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: that cannot be demanded.
inexo-rable¹⁴ [L. -rabilis (cf. e.)], adj.: = (unyielding, relentless). **-rablement**¹⁵, adv.: inexorably.
inexpé-rience¹⁴ [in-, e.], f.: inexperience. **-rimenté**¹⁴ [in-, e.], adj.: inexperienced.
inex-piable¹⁴ [-bilis (cf. expier)], adj.: =. **-pié**¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: unatoned, (†Eng. inexpiate).
inexpli-cable¹⁴ [L. -cabilis (cf. e.)], adj.: =. **-cablement**, adv.: inexplicably. **-qué**¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: unexplained.
inexploité¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: unworked (of mines); untitled.
inexploré¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: unexplored.
inexplo-sible¹⁵ [in-, e.], adj.: unexplosive.
inexprimable¹⁵ [in-, exprimer], adj.: inexpressible, unutterable.
inexpugnable¹⁵ [L. -bilis (pugnare, fight)], adj.: =.
inextensible¹⁷ [in-, e.], adj.: =.
in extenso [L.], adv.: = (in full).
inextinguible¹⁴ [L. -bilis (stingere, quench)], adj.: inextinguishable, unquenchable.
in extremis [L.], adv.: at the end, at the point of death.
inextricable¹⁴ [L. -bilis (ex-, out of, trica, difficulties)], adj.: =.
infaillibilité¹⁵, f.: infallibility, bleness. **||-fible**¹⁵ [in-, faillir], adj.: infallible. **-blement**¹⁴, adv.: infallibly; without fail.
infaisable¹⁵ **-fe** [in-, f.], adj.: unfeasible, impracticable.
infamant¹⁵ [-famer], adj.: defaming, infamous. **-famation**¹⁵ [L. -famatio], f.: (leg.) stamp of infamy, disgrace. **||-fame**¹⁵ [L. -famis (fama, fame)], adj.: infamous (branded with infamy, disgraced; scandalous, vile, base); (fam.) unworthy,

worthless; *m., f.*: infamous or base person. †**famer**¹² [L. *famare*], *tr.*: make infamous, defame, (†Eng. infame). **famie**¹³ [L. *famia*], *f.*: infamy (ignominy, baseness).

infan-t¹⁴, **ante** [Sp. *-te*, L. *-s* (in, not, fans, speaking)], *m., f.*: infante, -ta (younger son or daughter of the king of Spain or Portugal). **-terie**¹⁵ [It. *-teria* (orig. 'boys' or 'servants', followers of knights)], *f.*: infantry. **-ticide**¹⁶ [L. 1. *-tici-dia*, 2. *-tici-dium* (caedere, kill)], *m., f.*: infanticide (1. murderer of an infant; 2. murder of an infant). **-tile**¹⁵ [L. *-tilis*], *adj.*: =.

infati-gable¹⁴ [L. *-gabilis* (cf. *fatigue*)], *adj.*: indefatigable. **-gablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: indefatigably.

infa-tuation¹⁶, *f.*: =. **||-tuer**¹⁵ [L. *-tuare* (*fatuus*, foolish)], *tr.*: infatuate.

infec-on-d¹⁶ [L. *-dus* (cf. *f.*)], *adj.*: infecund (unfertile, sterile). **-dité**¹³ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: infecundity, sterility.

infec-t¹³ [L. *-tus* (*inficere*, dip into, stain)], *adj.*: infectious (pestilential, corrupting). **-tant**¹³ [*-ter*], *adj.*: infecting, corrupting; offensive (of smell). **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: infect (taint, corrupt, vitiate).

-tiens¹³, **-ense** [*-tion*], *adj.*: infectious. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =; infectious disease; stench.

infelleité¹⁵ [L. *-tas* (cf. *f.*)], *f.*: infelicity.

info-dation¹³, *f.*: infoedation, infoeffment. **||-der**¹⁴ [L. *-dare* (*feodum*, FEUD, fief)], *tr.*: in feoff, entail.

inférer¹⁵ [L. *in-ferre*, bring in], *tr.*: infer.

infé-rieur¹⁴ [L. *inferior*], *adj.*: inferior. **-rieurement**¹⁴, *adv.*: inferiorly (in an inferior manner). **-riorité**¹⁶ [L. *-rior*], *f.*: inferiority.

infernal¹¹ [L. *-lis* (*infernus*, lower)], *adj.*: = (nether; hellish, fiendish).

inferti-le¹⁴ [L. *-lis* (cf. *f.*)], *adj.*: = (unfruitful, sterile). **-lité**¹⁴ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: infertility.

infester¹³ [L. *-tare* (root *fer*, hurt)], *tr.*: infest (ravage, overrun; harass).

infibu-lar¹⁵, *f.*: =. **||-ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lare* (*fibula*, clasp)], *tr.*: attach a clasp to (the genital organs to prevent copulation), inhibit.

infi-dèle¹⁴ [L. *-delis* (cf. *f.*)], *adj.*: unfaithful (faithless; untrue, false), infidel (unbelieving); *m., f.*: unfaithful person; infidel; *f.*: unfaithful translation: *les belles* —s, the fine but inexact translations. **-dèlement**¹⁴, *adv.*: unfaithfully, faithlessly. **-délité**¹¹ [L. *-delitas*], *f.*: infidelity (unfaithfulness, faithlessness; faithless act; unbelief).

infl-tration¹⁵, *f.*: =. **||-trer**¹⁵ [in-, *filtrare*], *refl.*: infiltrate, be instilled.

infl-me¹⁵ [L. *-mus*], *adj.*: lowest (of rank): *les* —s, those of lowest rank. **-mité**¹⁶, *f.*: lowest rank or condition.

infl-ni¹² [L. *-nitus* (cf. *f.*)], *adj.*: infinite (unending, boundless). **-niment**¹⁵, *adv.*: infinitely; (*fam.*) extremely. **-nité**¹² [L. *-nitas*], *f.*: infinity, tenness. **-nitésimal**¹⁷ [*-nitésime*], *adj.*: infinitesimal. **-nitésime**¹⁷ [L. *-nitus*], *adj.*: infinitesimal (infinitely small). **-nitif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-nitivus*], *adj.*: infinitive; *m.*: infinitive (mood).

infr-matif¹⁶, **-ive** [*-mer*], *adj.*: weakening, invalidating, (†Eng. infirmative).

-mation¹⁵ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: weakening, invalidation. **||-me**¹⁵ [L. *-mus* (*firmus*, FERM)], *adj.*: infirm (weak; debilitated, feeble, sickly); *m., f.*: sickly person, invalid. **-mer**¹³ [L. *-mare*], *tr.*: weaken, invalidate; nullify. **-merie**¹² [*-mier*], *f.*: infirmary. **-mier**¹², **-ère** [L. *-marius*], *m., f.*: attendant or nurse in an infirmary. **-mité**¹⁶ [L. *-mitas*], *f.*: infirmity, frailty.

inflam-mabilité¹⁶, *f.*: inflammability.

||-mable¹⁶ [L. *-mare*, inflame], *adj.*: =. **-mation**¹³ [L. *-matio*], *f.*: =. **-matoire**¹⁷ [L. *-mare*, inflame], *adj.*: inflammatory.

infléehir¹⁷ [in-, *f.*], *tr.*: infect.

inflex-ibilité¹², *f.*: inflexibility. **||-ible**¹² [L. *-ibilis* (cf. *f.*)], *adj.*: inflexible (unbending; inexorable). **-iblement**¹⁴, *adv.*: inflexibly. **-ien**¹³ [L. *-io* (cf. *f.*)], *f.*: inflection (-xion).

infliction¹⁴ [L. *-flictio*], *f.*: =. **||-fliger**¹⁴ [L. *-fligere* (*fligere*, strike)], *tr.*: INFLICT; impose.

inflores-egnee¹⁷ [L. *-cere* (*flos*, flower)], *begin to bloom*, *f.*: =.

influ-ence¹² [L. *-entia*], *f.*: =. **-encer**¹⁷ [*-ence*], *tr.*: influence. **-ent**¹⁷, *adj.*: influential. **-enza**¹³ [*-in-dza* (It.)], *f.*: =.

||-er¹³ [L. *-ere* ('flow')], *tr.*: cause flow (into), instil, inspire; *intr.*: flow in; have an influence or effect (*sur*, upon): — *sur*, influence, affect; move, prompt. **-x**¹⁵ [L. *-fluxus*], *m.*: =.

in-folio¹⁶ [L., 'in the leaf'], *adj.* (invar.): (print.) folio.

information¹² [*-mer*], *f.*: finding out, inquiry, inquest: *aller (procéder) à une* —, make inquiries; go for a character (of servants); *prendre des* —s, make inquiries; send for a character (of servants).

informe¹⁴ [L. *-mis* (*forma*, form)], *adj.*: formless, shapeless; misshapen; unformed, crude; irregular, imperfect.

informer¹¹ [L. *-mare*, 'give form to'],

tr.: inform (give form or shape to, mould; make known, apprise, instruct; accuse); *intr.*: seek information, institute an inquiry: *s'*—, make inquiries, inquire, ask; *-é*, informed, etc.; *m.*: inquiry, inquest: *charge d'*—, informing.

infortu-ne¹⁴ [in-, f. . .], *f.*: misfortune, adversity. **-né, -ée**¹⁴ [in-, f. . .], *adj.*: unfortunate (unhappy, ill-fated); *m., f.*: unfortunate person.

infrac-teur¹⁴ [L. *-tor* (frangere, break)], *m.*: infractor, infringer. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: (infringement, violation).

infranchissable¹⁷ [in-, franchir], *adj.*: insurmountable, insuperable.

infréquent¹⁵ [in-, f. . .], *adj.*: unfrequented.

infructueusement¹⁴, *adv.*: fruitlessly, in vain. **||-tueur**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tuosus* (cf. *f.* . .)], *adj.*: unfruitful; fruitless (unavailing, vain).

infu-s¹² [L. *-sus* (fundere, pour)], *adj.*: poured or spread; infused, instilled, given by nature, intuitive. **-ser**¹⁴ [L. *-sum* (gerund of infundere)], *tr.*: infuse, steep; pour hot water on. **-sibilité**¹⁷ [*-sible*], *f.*: infusibility. **-sible**¹⁷ [in-, f. . .], *adj.*: —. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: (pouring on; steeping; inspiration; pouring out, as of the Holy Spirit). **-soire**¹⁷ [L. *-sorius*], *m.*: infusorian (pl. infusoria).

ingambe¹⁵ [It. *in gamba*, 'in the leg'], *adj.*: light of foot, nimble, active.

ingé-nier¹⁴ [L. *-nium* (cf. *génie*), *genius*], *refl.*: tax one's ingenuity or wits, make (a mental) effort, strive hard. **-ni-**

eur¹⁵, *m.*: engineer (orig. inventor of war-engines): — *constructeur*, shipbuilder; *art de l'*—, engineering; — *géographe*, geographer; — *opticien*, optician. **-ni-**

eu-sement¹⁴ [*-nieux*], *adv.*: ingeniously. **-nieur**¹⁴, **-euse** [L. *-niosus*], *adj.*: ingenious, skilful. **-niosité**¹⁵ [L. *-niosus*], *f.*: ingenuity.

ingé-nu¹², **-ue** [L. *-nuus* (root *gen*, be born, inborn)], *adj.*: ingenuous (leg. free-born; upright, candid, artless); *m., f.*: free-man; ingenuous (artless) person.

-nité¹⁵ [L. *-nuitas*], *f.*: ingenuousness (frankness, artlessness). **-nument**¹⁵, *adv.*: ingeniously.

ingé-rence¹⁵, *f.*: interference, meddling. **||-rer**¹⁴ [L. *-rere* (gerere, bring)], *tr.*: INGEST (introduce into the stomach): *s'*—, intrude one's self unduly, thrust one's self in, meddle (dans, with).

ingestion¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (gerere, bring)], *f.*: —.

inglorieux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-riosus* (cf. *g.* . .)], *adj.*: inglorious.

ingouvernable¹⁷ [in-, gouverner], *adj.*: ungovernable.

ingra-t¹³, **-te** [L. *-tus* (gratus, dear, grateful)], *adj.*: ungrateful (unpleasing, ungraceful; unthankful, thankless); *m., f.*: ungrateful person, ingrate. **-tement**¹⁴, *adv.*: ungratefully. **-titude**¹⁴ [L. *-titudo*], *f.*: —.

ingrédient¹⁵ [L. *-ens* (gradi, go)], *m.*: ingredient.

ingué-rissable¹⁴ [in-, guérir], *adj.*: incurable.

inguinal¹⁵ [L. *-lis* (inquen, groin)], *adj.*: — (of the groin).

ingurgi-tation¹⁴ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: —; (med.) introduction into the throat.

||-ter¹⁴ [L. *-tare* (gurgere, gulf)], *tr.*: (med.) introduce (a liquid) into the stomach; ingurgitate (swallow).

inhabi-le¹⁴ [L. *-lis* (cf. *h.* . .)], *adj.*: unable (unapt; unskilful, unqualified; †Eng. inhabile). **-lement**¹⁵, *adv.*: unskilfully.

-leté¹⁵ [in-, *h.* . .], *f.*: inability (unskilfulness; incapacity). **-lité**¹⁵ [in-, *h.* . .], *f.*: (leg.) disability, incompetence.

inhabi-table¹⁵ [L. *-tabilis* (cf. *h.* . .)], *adj.*: uninhabitable. **-té**¹⁴ [in-, *h.* . .], *adj.*: uninhabited.

inhalation¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (halare, breath)], *f.*: —.

inhé-rence¹⁵, *f.*: inherence. **||-rent**¹⁵ [*in-harere* ('stick')], *adj.*: inherent.

inhi-ber¹⁵ [L. *-bere* (habere, have)], *tr.*: inhibit. **†-bition**¹⁵ [L. *-bitio*], *f.*: —.

inhospita-lier¹⁵, **-ère** [in-, *h.* . .], *adj.*: inhospitable. **-lièrement**, *adv.*: inhospitably. **-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: inhospitality.

inhu-main¹⁴, **-aine** [L. *-mannus* (cf. *h.* . .)], *adj.*: inhuman; *m., f.*: inhuman person. **-mainement**¹⁵, *adv.*: inhumanly.

-manité¹⁵ [L. *-manitas*], *f.*: inhumanity.

inhu-mation¹⁴, *f.*: —. **||-mer**¹⁴ [L. *-mare* (humus, earth)], *tr.*: inhume (inter, bury).

inimaginable¹⁵ [in-, imaginer], *adj.*: unimaginable.

inimitable¹⁴ [L. *-bilis* (cf. *im.* . .)], *adj.*: —.

inimitié¹¹ [L. *-inicus* (cf. *ennemi*)], *f.*: ENMITY (hostility, hatred).

inintelli-gence¹⁵ [in-, *i.* . .], *f.*: lack of intelligence. **-gent**¹⁷ [in-, *i.* . .], *adj.*: unintelligent.

-gible [L. *-gibilis*], *adj.*: unintelligible.

ininterrompu¹⁵ [in-, *i.* . .], *adj.*: unbroken.

ini-que¹⁵ [L. *-quus* (aequus, equal)], *adj.*: iniquitous (unrighteous). **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: iniquitously. **-quité**¹⁴ [L. *-quitas*], *f.*: iniquity.

ini-tial¹² [L. *-tialis* (in-, ire, go)], *adj.*: —. **-tiateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tiator*], *m., f.*: initiator. **-tiation**¹⁴ [L. *-tiatio*], *f.*: —. **-tiative**¹⁵ [L. *-tium*], *f.*: —. **-tier**¹⁵ [L. *-tiare*], *tr.*: initiate, introduce.

injec-ter¹⁷ [L. ger. of *in-jicere*, throw in], tr.: inject; steep. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], f.: =.

injection¹³ [L. *-tio* (cf. *j.* .)], f.: injection.

injouable¹⁷ [in-, jouer], adj.: that cannot be played.

injudicieux, = **ense** [in-, *j.* .], adj.: injudicious.

inju-re¹² [L. *-ria* (in, not, *jus*, right)], f.: **INJUSTICE**; **INJURY**; offence (abuse, insult; abusive or insulting words): *faire — d.*, wrong. **-rier**¹² [L. *-riare*, tr.]: wrong; abuse, insult, call names. **-rieuse-ment**¹³, adv.: **†**unjustly; offensively, abusively. **-rieux**¹², = **ense** [L. *-riosus*], adj.: **†**unjust, (**†**Eng. injurious); offensive, abusive, insulting, scurrilous.

injus-te¹³ [L. *-tus* (cf. *j.* .)], adv.: unjust; m., f.: unjust person; m.: unjust thing. **-tement**¹², adv.: unjustly. **-tice**¹³ [L. *-titia*], f.: =. **-tifiable**¹³ [in-, *justi-*], adj.: unjustifiable.

inlisible = **illisible**.

innavigabilité¹⁷ in-n, f.: unnavigable condition. **-gable**¹⁵ [L. *-gabilis* (cf. *n.* .)], adj.: unnavigable.

in-né¹⁶ in-n [L. *natus* (cf. *né*)], adj.: innate (inborn, inbred): **-néité**¹⁶, f.: innateness.

innervation¹⁸ in-n [in-, L. *nervus*, nerve], f.: =.

inno-cement¹³ -sam-, adv.: innocently. **-cense**¹¹ [L. *-centia*, f.: =. **-cent**¹⁵, = **ente** [L. *-cent* (*nocere*, harm)], adj.: = (harmless, guiltless; unsuspecting, simple; silly); m., f.: innocent person; simpleton: *se déclarer —*, plead not guilty; *tarte d'—*, pigeon pie. **-centor**¹⁷, tr.: declare innocent, find not guilty.

innocuité¹⁸ in-n [L. *-cuius* (*nocere*, harm)], f.: innocuousness (harmlessness).

innom-brable¹³ in-n [in-, *numbrer*], adj.: innumerable, countless. **-brable-ment**¹⁴, adv.: innumerably.

innom-mé¹³ in-n [in-, *nom*], adj.: unnamed, nameless. **-miné**¹⁵ [L. *-minatus*], adj.: unnamed.

inno-vateur¹⁶, = **trice** in-n [L. *-vare*], m., f.: innovator. **-vation**¹² [L. *-vatio*], f.: =. **-ver**¹³ [L. *-vare* (*novus*, NEW)], tr.: innovate.

inobser-vable [in-, *observer*], adj.: unobservable. **-vance**¹⁶ [L. *-rantia*], f.: =, non-observance. **-vation**¹² [in-, o.], f.: =, non-observance.

inoccupé [in-, o.], adj.: unoccupied.

in-octavo¹⁷ [L.], invar. adj.: (in)octavo.

inocu-lateur¹⁷, **-latrice**, m., f.: inoculator. **-lation**¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], f.: =. **-ler**¹⁷ [L. *-lare* (*ocul-*are, furnish with eyes or buds)], tr.: inoculate (**†**bud or

graft; med. communicate a virus to; imbue).

inodore¹⁷ [L. *-rus* (L. *odor*)], adj.: inodorous, scentless.

inoffen-sif¹³, = **ive** [in-, o. .], adj.: inoffensive. **-sivement**, adv.: inoffensively.

inofficieux¹⁵, = **ense** [L. *-ciosus* (cf. o. .)], adj.: (leg.) inofficious (regardless of natural obligation, disinheriting): *un testament —*, a will unjustly depriving an heir of his inheritance.

inon-dation¹² [L. *-datio*], f.: inundation. **-der**¹¹ [L. *-dare* (*unda*, wave)], tr.: inundate (overflow, flood, deluge).

inopi-né¹⁵ [L. *-natus* (*opinari*, judge)], adj.: unexpected (unforeseen, **†**Eng. inopinate). **-nément**¹⁵, adj.: unexpectedly, unawares.

inoppor-tun¹⁸ [L. *-tunus* (cf. o. .)], adj.: inopportune. **-tunement**, adv.: inopportune. **-tunité**¹⁸ [in-, o. .], f.: inopportune, unseasonableness.

inorganique¹⁷ [in-, o. .], adj.: inorganic(al).

inouï¹⁴ [in-, *oui*], adj.: unheard of.

inoxyd-able¹³ [in-, o. .], adj.: that cannot be oxygenised.

in pace [L. 'in peace'], invar. m.: convent prison.

in partibus [L. 'in the parts', viz. of infidels], adv.: (can. law) by title (as *evêque —*, titular bishop, whose see is among the infidels).

in petto¹⁷ [Lt. (L. *pectus*, breast), 'in the breast'], adv.: (can. law) in secret, in petto; without official installation.

in-plano [L. 'in plain'], invar. adj.: (print.) broadside.

in-promptu = **impromptu**.

inqualifiable¹⁸ [in-, *qualifier*], adj.: unqualifiable.

†inqua-r-t, †tation = **quartation**.

in-quarto¹⁶ [L. 'in a fourth'], invar. adj. or m.: (in) quarto.

in-quiet¹⁵, = **ête** [L. *-quietus* (cf. *q.* .)], adj.: unquiet (uneasy, restless, anxious). **-quétant**¹⁷, adj.: disquieting, alarming. **-quêter**¹¹ [L. *-quietare*, tr.]: disquiet, make uneasy, alarm, trouble: *s'—*, be uneasy, be anxious. **-quétude**¹³ [L. *-quietudo*], f.: disquietude, uneasiness, anxiety, solicitude: *avoir des —*, be uneasy.

inqui-si-teur¹⁴ [L. *-tor* (*querere*, seek)], m.: searcher; inquisitor (examiner of the faith, member of the Inquisition).

-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*], f.: = (**†**search; judicial inquiry; tribunal for the examination and punishment of heretics). **-torial**¹⁶, adj.: =.

insaisissable¹⁷ [in-, *saisir*], adj.: unseizable; imperceptible.

insa-lubre¹⁵ [L. *-lubris* (cf. *s.* .)], adj.:

insalubrious, unhealthy. **-lubrité**¹⁵ [L. *-lubritas*], *f.*: insalubrity, unhealthfulness.

insanité¹⁵ [L. *-tas* (*sanus*, sane)], *f.*: insanity.

insa-tiabilité¹⁵ [L. *-tiabilitas*], *f.*: insatiability, -bleness. **-tiabilité**¹² [L. *-tiabilis*, (*satis*, enough)], *adj.*: =. **-tiablément**¹⁵, *adv.*: insatiably.

insciemment¹⁴ *-syam-* [in-, *s.*], *adv.*: unwittingly.

in-scription¹⁵ [L. *-scriptio*], *f.*: =; entry, registry; term (of schools); (*fin.*) stock-receipt: — *hypothécaire*, registry of mortgage; — *de faux*, allegation of forgery; fraudulent alteration; *droit d'—*, (customs) entry; *prendre ses —s*, enter one's name for the study-courses; *avoir toutes ses —s*, have pursued all the courses (of students). **||-scrire**¹⁵ [L. *-scribere*], *irr.* (cf. *scrire*); *tr.*: inscribe; register, enter; empanel (a jury).

inscrutable¹⁴ [L. *-bilis* (cf. *scruter*)], *adj.*: =.

inscu = *insu*.

in-sécable¹⁵ [L. *-secabilis*], *adj.*: insecable, indivisible. **||-secte**¹⁵ [L. *-sectum* (*secare*, 'cut'), *m.*: insect. **-secticide**¹⁵ [L. *caedere*, kill], *adj.*: insect-killing. **-sectivoire**¹⁵ [L. *vorare*, devour], *adj.*: insectivorous.

insécurité¹⁵ [in-, *s.*], *f.*: insecurity.

in-seize¹⁵, *adj.* or *m. invar.*: (*print.*) in sixteen, sixteen-mo.

insensé¹⁴, **-éce** [in-, *s.*], *adj.*: senseless, mad, insane; *m., f.*: fool, insane person.

insensibilité¹⁵, *f.*: insensibility. **||-sible**¹² [L. *-ibilis* (cf. *s.*)], *adj.*: insensible (unfeeling; imperceptible). **-siblement**¹², *adv.*: insensibly.

insépara-bilité¹⁵, *f.*: inseparableness. **||-rable**¹² [L. *-rabilis* (cf. *s.*)], *adj.*: =. **-rablement**¹², *adv.*: inseparably.

insérer¹⁵ [L. *-serere* (*serere*, join)], *tr.*: INSERT.

insermement = *inassermement*.

insertion¹⁵ [L. *-sertio* (cf. Fr. *-sérer*)], *f.*: =.

insi-diement¹⁴, *adv.*: insidiously. **||-dieu**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-diosus* (*in-sidia*, ambush)], *adj.*: insidious.

||-insigne¹⁴ [L. *-gnis* (*signum*, mark)], *adj.*: marked, signal, notorious. **2-gne** [L. *-gnia*], *m.*: badge; *pl.*: insignia.

insigni-fiance¹⁷, *f.*: insignificance. **||-flant**¹⁷ [in-, *signifier*], *adj.*: insignificant.

insincère [in-, *s.*], *adj.*: insincere.

insi-nuant¹⁵, *adj.*: insinuating. **-nuant**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: entering gently; insinuating. **-nuation**¹⁵ [L. *-nuatio*], *f.*: = (gentle introduction; gaining favour; hint); (*leg.*) registration. **||-nuer**¹⁵

[L. *-nuare* (*sinus*, curve, bosom)], *tr.*: insinuate (introduce gently; suggest; ingratiate); (*leg.*) register: *s'—*, insinuate (creep, worm) one's self in.

insipi-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus* (in, not, *sapidus*, SAVOURY)], *adj.*: insipid (unsavoury, flat).

-dement¹⁵, *adv.*: insipidly. **-dité**¹⁵, *f.*: insipidity.

insis-tance¹⁵, *f.*: insistence. **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tere* (*sistere*, stand)], *intr.*: insist, persist.

inso-ciabilité¹⁷, *f.*: unsociableness. **||-ciable**¹⁵ [in-, *s.*], *adj.*: unsociable. **-ciablement**, *adv.*: unsociably. **-cial**, *adj.*: unsocial.

insolation¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*sol*, sun)], *f.*: =; sunstroke.

inso-lement¹⁵ *-lam-*, *adv.*: insolently. **-lence**¹⁴ [L. *-lentia*], *f.*: =. **||-lent**¹⁵ [L. *-lens* (in, *solere*, be wont)], *adj.*: insolent (unusual: impudent, saucy); *m., f.*: insolent person. **||-lenter**¹⁵, *tr.*: treat with insolence.

insolite¹⁵ [L. *-lus* (*solere*, be wont)], *adj.*: unusual.

inso-lubilité¹⁷ [L. *-lubilis*], *f.*: insolubility. **||-luble**¹² [L. *-lubilis* (*solvere*, solve)], *adj.*: =.

insol-vabilité¹⁵, *f.*: insolvency. **||-vable**¹⁴ [in-, *s.*], *adj.*: insolvent.

insomnie¹⁵ [L. *-nia*], *f.*: insomnia (sleeplessness); *pl.* sleepless nights.

insondable¹⁵ [in-, *sonder*], *adj.*: unfathomable.

insou-ciance¹⁷, *f.*: carelessness, heedlessness, indifference. **||-ciant** [in-, *soucier*], *adj.*: careless, heedless, indifferent; *m., f.*: reckless person. **-cieur**¹⁵, **-euse** [in-, *s.*], *adj.*: careless, indifferent.

insoutenable¹⁵ [in-, *soutenir*], *adj.*: unsustainable, indefensible, untenable, unbearable.

inspec-tateur¹⁵ [L. *-tator*], *m.*: (rare) close examiner, scrutiniser. **||-ter**¹⁷ [L. *-tare* (*specere*, see)], *tr.*: inspect, examine. **-teur**¹⁴, **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: inspector, inspectress, superintendent. **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: inspection (examination; survey); inspectorship.

inspi-rateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *rator*], *adj.*: (*anat.*) inspiratory; inspiring; *m., f.*: inspirer. **-ration**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **-ré**, **-ée**, *part.*: inspired; *m., f.*: inspired person. **||-rer**¹¹ [L. *-rare* (*spirare*, breathe)], *tr.*: inspire (breathe into; inhale; animate; prompt).

in-stabilité¹⁴ [L. *-stabilitas*], *f.*: instability. **||-stable**¹⁵ [L. *-stabilis* (*stare*, STAND)], *adj.*: unstable.

instal-lation¹⁵, *f.*: =. **-ler**¹⁴ [L. *-lare* (OHG. *stal*, stall)], *tr.*: install; place.

- in-stamment**¹³, *adv.*: with insistence, urgently. **-stance**¹² [L. *-stantia*], *f.*: urgent care; instance (solicitation, entreaty; urgency, †Eng. instancy): *vive* —, earnest entreaty; *tribunal de première* —, court of first instance; *avec* —, earnestly, urgently; *faire* —, use entreaty, entreat. 1. **-stant**¹³ [L. *-stans* (*stare*, STAND)], *adj.*: = (pressing, urgent, earnest). 2. **-stant**¹³, *m.*: = (moment): *à l'—*, instantly, immediately. **-stantané**¹² [2. *-stant*], *adj.*: instantaneous. **-stantanéité**¹⁷ [*-stantané*], *f.*: instantaneousness. **-stantanément**¹³, *adv.*: instantaneously.
- instar**¹⁵ [L. 'likeness'], only in *à l'— de*, in the manner of, like.
- instauration**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: (rare) Establishment.
- insti-gateur**¹³, **-gatrice** [L. *-gatio*], *m.*, *f.*: instigator. **||-guer**¹³ [L. *-gare* (root *stig-*, prick, sting)], *tr.*: instigate, incite.
- instil-lation**¹⁵ *l-l* [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (*stilla*, drop)], *tr.*: instil.
- in-stinct**¹³ [L. *-stinctus* (root *stig-*, prick), impulse], *m.*: =. **-stinctif**¹³, **-ive**, *adj.*: instinctive. **-stinctivement**¹³ [*-stinctif*], *adv.*: instinctively.
- insti-tuer**¹² [L. *-tuere* (*statuere*, make STAND)], *tr.*: institute (establish; appoint; instruct); teach or subdue to law: *-é*, *m.*, †tenant in full. **-tut**¹⁰ [L. *-tutum*], *m.*: institute (fact of instituting; institution; established society); Institute of France (comprising five academies). **-tuteur**¹³, **-tutrice**, *m., f.*: institutor (founder); instructor, -tress, teacher; keeper of a school, schoolmaster. **-tution**¹¹ [L. *-tutio*], *f.*: =; education; school, boarding-school.
- in-structeur**¹³ [L. *-structor*], *adj.*: instructing (esp. in a military sense); *m.*: instructor (esp. military drill-officer); *adj.*: (leg.) examining (magistrate). **-struc-tif**¹³, **-ive**, *adj.*: instructive. **-struc-tion**¹³ [*-structio*], *f.*: = (information; education; direction); (leg.) examination: *juge d'—*, examining judge. **||-struire**¹¹ [L. *-struere* (*struere*, build)], *irr.* (cf. *con-duire*); *tr.*: INSTRUCT (inform; teach, educate; leg. direct a jury); (leg.) examine.
- instrumen-t**¹² [L. *-tum* (*struere*, build)], *m.*: = (implement, tool). **-taire**¹⁴, *adj.*: assisting in arranging public documents, assistant; †player on an instrument: *té-moin* —, witness to a deed. **-tal**¹³, *adj.*: =. **-tation**¹³ [*-ter*], *f.*: = (mus.). **-ter**¹⁴, *intr.*: draw up a legal instrument (as a deed, a contract, etc.); †tr.: compose for instrumental music. **-tiste**¹³, *m.*: instrumentalist (performer upon an instrument of music).
- insu**¹³ [*in-, su*, known], *m.*: in *à l'— de*, unknown to, without the knowledge of.
- insubmersible**¹⁷ [*in-, s. —*], *adj.*: insubmergible.
- insubor-dination**¹⁷ [*in-, s. —*], *f.*: =. **-donné**¹⁷ [*in-, s. —*], *adj.*: insubordinate.
- insuccès**¹⁵ [*in-, s. —*], *m.*: lack of success, failure.
- insuffi-samment**¹³, *adv.*: insufficiently. **-sance**¹³, *f.*: insufficiency. **||-sant**¹³ [*in-, s. —*], *adj.*: insufficient.
- insuf-flation**¹³ [L. *-flatio*], *f.*: =. **||-fler**¹³ [L. *-flare* (*flare*, BLOW)], *tr.*: BLOW or breathe in; INFLATE.
- insulaire**¹³ [L. *-laris* (*-la*, island)], *adj.*: insular; *m., f.*: islander.
- insul-tant**¹⁰, *adj.*: insulting. **-tateur**¹⁶, *m.*: insulter. **||-ter**¹³ [L. *-tare* (*insilire*, leap upon)], *†intr.*: intrude; offend; insult (behave with insolence); *tr.*: insult (†assail; affront, abuse). **-teur**¹³, *m.*: insulter.
- insuppor-table**¹³ [*in-, supporter*], *adj.*: =, intolerable. **-tablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: insupportably, intolerably.
- insur-gé, -ée**, *part.*: insurgent, in insurrection; *m., f.*: insurgent. **†-gence**, *f.*: insurrection. **†-gent** [L. *-gens*], *m.*: insurgent. **||-ger**¹⁶ [L. *-gere* (*surgere*, rise)], *refl.*: revolt, rise in insurrection.
- insurmon-table**¹⁵ [*in-, surmonter*], *adj.*: insurmountable. **-tablement**, *adv.*: insurmountably.
- insurrec-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio* (*surgere*, rise)], *f.*: =. **-tionnel**¹⁷, **-lle**, *adj.*: insurrectionary.
- intac-t**¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (*tangere*, TOUCH)], *adj.*: = (untouched, unblemished, entire). **†-tîle**¹⁵ [L. *-tilis*], *adj.*: intangible.
- intaille**¹⁵ [It. *-taglio*, 'in-cut'], *f.*: intaglio.
- intan-gible**¹⁵ [*in-, t. —*], *adj.*: =. **-gibilité**, *f.*: intangibility.
- intarissable**¹⁵ [*in-, tarir*], *adj.*: that never runs dry, unfailling, ever-flowing.
- in-tégral**¹³ [L. *-teger*], *adj.*: integral (complete, entire; math. integral). **-tégrale**, *f.*: (math.) integral; fluent. **-tégrale-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: integrally, entirely. **-tégrant**¹⁶ [L. *-tegrans*], *adj.*: =, integral. **-tégration**¹³ [*-téger*], *f.*: =. **||-tègre**¹⁵ [L. *-teger*, entire], *adj.*: wholly upright, honest, of integrity. **-tégré**¹³ [L. *-tegrare*], *tr.*: (math.) integrate. **-tégrité**¹⁴ [L. *-tegritas*], *f.*: integrity (entireness; honesty).
- intel-lect**¹² *l-l* [L. *-lectus* (inter, between, *legere*, choose)], *m.*: =. **-lectif**¹², **-ive** [L. *-lectivus*], *adj.*: intellectual. **-lection**¹² [L. *-lectio*], *f.*: =. **-lectuel**¹², **-elle** [L. *-lectualis*], *adj.*: intellectual. **-lectuellement**¹⁵, *adv.*: intellectually.

-ligement¹⁶ [-jam- [-ligent], adv.: intelligently. **-ligence**¹¹ [L. -ligentia], f.: intelligence (intellect; understanding; intelligent being or spirit; information, communication); *en bonne — avec*, on good terms with; *être d'—*, have an understanding, be leagued together. **-ligent**¹⁰ [L. -ligens], adj.: =. **-ligible**¹³ [L. -ligibilis], adj.: =. **-ligiblement**¹⁵, adv.: intelligibly.

intempéramment¹⁵, adv.: intemperately, immoderately. **-rance**¹⁸ [L. -rantia], f.: intemperance. **-rant**¹⁵ [L. -rans], adj.: intemperate. †**-ré**¹⁵ [in, t.], adj.: intemperate. **-rie**¹⁵ [L. -ries], f.: intemperateness (inclemency or severity of weather); †disorder.

intempes-tif¹⁴, **-ive** [L. -tivus (tempus, time)], adj.: unseasonable, untimely, (†Eng. intempestive). **-tivement**¹⁵, adv.: untimely.

intenable¹⁶ [in, tenir], adj.: untenable.

intend-ance¹⁵, f.: intendancy (intendant's office or home; district of an intendant, administration district; superintendence, administration). **-dant**¹⁵, **-ante**, m.: intendant (superintendent, steward; mil. commissary); f.: intendant's wife; lady superintendent.

in-tense¹² [L. -tensus (tendere, stretch)], adj.: =. **-tensif**¹³, **-ive**, adj.: intensive. **-tensité**¹⁷, f.: intenseness, intensity. **-tensivement**¹³, adv.: intensively.

intén-ter¹³ [L. -tare (tentare, touch)], tr.: direct or enter (a charge or action against), bring, commence.

intén-tion¹¹ [L. -tio (tendere, stretch)], f.: = (design, purpose; stretching, intension; †intenseness); *à l'— de*, on account of; *dans l'— de*, with a view to. **-tionné**¹⁵, adj.: intensioned. **-tionnel**¹⁵, **-lle**, adj.: intentional; intended. **-tionnellement**¹⁵, adv.: intentionally. †**-tionner**¹⁵, tr.: (purposely) direct.

inter- [Lat.], pref.: inter-, between.

interca-dence¹⁵, f.: irregular beating of the pulse. †**-dent**¹⁵ [L. inter-, cadens, falling], adj.: irregular (of the pulse).

interca-laire¹³ [L. -larius], adj.: intercalary. **-lation**¹⁴ [L. -latio], f.: =. †**-le**¹⁵ [L. -lare (calare, call)], tr.: intercalate.

intercéder¹⁵ [L. -dere (cedere, pass)], intr.: intercede.

intercellulaire¹⁸ [inter-, cellule], adj.: intercellular.

intercep-ter¹⁶ [L. -tus, part. (capere, take)], tr.: intercept. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tio], f.: =.

interces-seur¹² [L. -sor (cedere, pass)], m.: intercessor, interceder. **-sion**¹⁴ [L. -sio], f.: =.

intercostal¹⁵ [inter-, L. costa, rib], adj.: =.

intercurrent¹⁷, adj.: =.

inter-diction¹⁵ [L. -dictio], f.: = (prohibition; curse). †**-dire**¹¹ [L. -dicere], irr. (cf. *dire*); tr.: interdict (prohibit, forbid; deprive of one's functions, suspend; shut up); deprive of one's right or liberty; stupefy, overawe, astound; confuse. **-dit**¹², part.: interdicted (prohibited, etc.; stupefied, etc.); m.¹² [l. L. -dictum], interdict.

inté-ressant¹⁵ [-resser], adj.: interesting. **-ressé**¹⁵ [-resser], part.: interested; partial, prejudiced, selfish; m.: party interested; share-holder. **-resser**¹⁶, tr.: make a share-holder, (†Eng. interest); attach to one's own interest or advantage, prejudice; INTEREST (attract; concern; affect); (surg.) touch, injure: s'—, be interested, take an interest; be concerned. †**-rét**¹² [L. inter-, et, it imports], m.: interest (profit; share; concern, attraction).

interfé-rence¹⁸ [-rent], f.: (phys.) interference. **-rent**¹⁸, adj.: (phys.) interferent. †**-rer**¹⁸ [L. ferre, bear], intr.: (phys.) interfere (act reciprocally).

interfolier¹³ [L. folium, leaf], tr.: interleave, (†Eng. interfoliate).

inté-rieur¹⁴ [L. -rior], adj.: interior (inner, internal); m.: interior (inside; domestic life; internal affairs). **-rieurement**¹⁴, adv.: internally, inwardly.

intéri-m¹⁵ [L. 'meanwhile'], m.: interim. **-maire**¹⁵, adj.: temporary, provisional.

inter-jection¹² [L. -jectio], f.: (gram.) =; (leg.) lodging (of an appeal). †**-jeter**¹⁴ [inter-, j.], tr.: (leg.) lodge (an appeal).

inter-ligne¹⁵ [inter-, l.], m.: space between two lines; understood thing, secrecy; f.: (print.) lead. **-ligner**¹⁵, tr.: (print.) lead. **-linéaire**¹² [l. L. -linearis], adj.: interlinear.

interlocu-teur¹⁵, **-trice**, m., f.: interlocutor, interrogator. †**-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tio (cf. l.)], f.: =. **-toire**¹², adj.: interlocutory; m.: interlocutory decree.

interlope¹⁴ [Eng. -per], fm.: interloper (vessel); adj.: interloping.

interloquer¹⁴ [L. -qui (loqui, speak)], tr.: give an interlocutory judgment; (fam.) nonplus.

intermaxillaire¹⁷ [inter-, L. maxilla, jaw], adj.: intermaxillary.

inter-mède¹⁶ [It. -medio], m.: intermede (interlude between the acts of a play; †short play). †**-médiaire**¹⁶ [L. -medius (medius, MIDDLE)], adj.: intermediary, intermediate; m.: intermediary (me-

dium). †**médiate**¹⁶ [L. L. -mediatus], *adj.*: intermediate; *congrégation* — *e*, assembly between two chapters.

interminable¹³ [L. -bilis (terminus, end)], *adj.*: =.

inter-mission¹⁴ [L. -missio], *f.*: =. **-mittence**¹⁷, *f.*: =. †**-mittent**¹⁵ [L. -mittere (mittere, sent)], *adj.*: =.

intermusculaire¹⁸ [inter-, L. musculus], *adj.*: intermuscular.

internat¹⁵ [-ne], *m.*: state of being a boarding-school student; boarding-school; function of a house surgeon's assistant (in a hospital).

international¹⁸ [inter-, nation], *adj.*: =.

inter-ne¹³ [-nus], *adj.*: internal (inner, interior); *m., f.*: boarding-student, boarder (i.e. one living in a lyceum, college, or boarding-school); house surgeon's assistant (student of medicine living in a hospital as the surgeon's assistant). **-nement**¹² [-ner], *m.*: interning, confinement. **-ner**¹⁷, *tr.*: intern (confine to a certain locality).

internissable [in-, ternir], *adj.*: that cannot be tarnished.

internonce¹⁶ [L. L. -nuncius (cf. n. .)], *m.*: inter-nuncio.

interosseux¹⁶, = **osse** [inter, L. os, bone], *adj.*: interosseous.

inter-pel-lation¹³ [-latio], *f.*: =. †**-ler**¹³ [L. -lare], *tr.*: interpellate; question imperatively; summon; question (in parliament, etc.).

inter-pole-ateur¹⁶ [L. -lator], *m.*: interpolator. **-lation**¹⁶ [L. -latio], *f.*: =. †**-ler** [L. -lare (polire, polish)], *tr.*: interpolate.

inter-po-ser¹³ [inter-, p. .], *tr.*: interpose; *s*—, interpose, come between. **-sition**¹¹ [L. -sitiō], *f.*: =; objection.

inter-prétatif¹⁷, = **ive** [L. -pretativus], *adj.*: interpretative. **-prétation**¹¹ [L. -pretatio], *f.*: interpretation. †**-prête**¹³ [L. -pres], interpreter. **-préter**¹² [L. -pretare], *tr.*: †translate; interpret, expound.

inter-règne¹³ [L. -num (cf. r. .)], *m.*: interregnum.

inter-ro-gant¹⁶ [L. -gans], *adj.*: inquisitive; †interrogative; †point —, interrogation mark. †**-gat**¹⁶ [L. -gatum], *m.*: (leg.) questioning. **-gateur**¹⁶, = **trice** [L. -gator], *m., f.*: interrogator, questioner; *adj.*: questioning. **-gatif**¹⁶, = **ive**, *adj.*: interrogative. **-gation**¹² [L. -gatio], *f.*: =: point d'—, interrogation mark. **-gatoire**¹⁴ [L. -gatorius], *m.*: (leg.) questioning, examination: — *contra-dic-toire*, cross-examination. †**-ger**¹³ [L. -gare (rogare, ask)], *tr.*: interrogate (question, examine).

inter-rompre¹¹ [L. -rumpere (cf. r. .)],

interrupt, suspend, leave off. **-rupteur**¹⁶, = **trice** [L. -ruptor], *m., f.*: interrupter; *adj.*: interrupting. **-ruption** [L. -ruptio], *f.*: =.

intersection¹³ [L. -tio (cf. s. .)], *f.*: =.

interstices¹³ [L. -sticium (inter, between, sidere, SET)], *m.*: = (interval of space or time).

intertropical¹⁸ [inter-, tropique], *adj.*: =.

intervalle¹³ [L. -lum (inter, between, vallum, WALL)], *m.*: interval.

inter-venant¹⁶, = **ante** [-venir], *adj.*: intervening; *m., f.*: intervening party.

†**-venir**¹³ [L. -venire], *irr.* (cf. venir); *intr.*: intervene (come between, interfere; occur, happen). **-vention**¹⁴ [L. -ventio], *f.*: =.

inter-ver-sion¹⁶ [L. -sio], *f.*: inversion.

†**-tir**¹⁶ [L. -tere (vertere, turn)], *tr.*: change about; invert, (†Eng. intervert).

-tissement¹⁶, *m.*: inversion.

†**interview**¹⁵, -**you** [Eng.], *m.*: =. **-er**¹⁵, *tr.*: interview.

intesta-t¹² [L. -tus (in-, not, testari, make a will)], *adj.* (invar.): intestate; *héritier ab —*, heir of one that dies intestate.

†**intes-tin**¹³ [L. -tinus (intus, within)], *adj.*: intestine, inner. 2-**-tin**¹³ [L. -tinum], *m.*: intestine. **-tinal**¹³, *adj.*: =.

inti-mation¹³ [L. -matio], *f.*: intimation, summons. †**-me**¹³ [L. -mus, innermost], *adj.*: intimate; *m., f.*: intimate friend.

-mement¹⁶, *adv.*: intimately. **-mer**¹³ [L. -mare], *tr.*: notify, summon; †appoint (time and place for); (leg.) †appeal (accuse): †*é*-(e), *m., f.*: appellee.

intimidation¹⁵, *f.*: =. †**-der**¹⁵ [in-, timide], *tr.*: intimidate.

intimité¹⁷ [-me], *f.*: intimacy.

intitu-lé¹², *part.*: entitled; *m.*: title (of deeds; of books, etc.). †**-ler**¹² [L. -lare (titulus, label)], *tr.*: entitle, call.

intolé-rable¹² [L. -rabilis], *adj.*: =.

-rablement¹⁶, *adv.*: intolerably. **-ran-ee**¹⁶ [in-, t. .], *f.*: intolerance. †**-rant**¹⁷ [in-, t. .], *adj.*: intolerant. **-rantisme**¹⁷, *m.*: intolerance.

intonation¹³ [L. -nare (tonare, sound)], *f.*: =.

intoxi-cation¹⁴, *f.*: = (poisoning); morbid absorption, infection. †**-quer**¹⁵ [L. -care], *tr.*: intoxicate (poison).

intradoss¹⁷ [L. -intra, within, Fr. dos], *m.*: = (interior curve of an arch).

intraduisible¹⁷ [in-, traduire], *adj.*: untranslatable.

intraitable¹⁵ [in-, traiter], *adj.*: untractable (unmanageable, refractory).

intransitif¹⁷, = **ive** [L. -tivus (cf. transi-tif)], *adj.*: intransitive.

intransit¹⁵ [L. -trans, ENTERING], *m.*: (old)

elector (to the rectorship, university of Paris: cf. Eng. *intransit*, person entering upon some office).

in-trente-deux¹³, *adj.*: (print.) in thirty-two, thirty-two-mo.

intépi-de¹⁴ [L. *-dus* (*trepidare*, TREMBLE)], *adj.*: intrepid (fearless, dauntless).

-dement¹⁶, *adv.*: intrepidly. **-dité**¹⁶, *f.*: intrepidity.

intri-gant¹⁶, *ante* [It. *-gante*], *adj.*: intriguing; *m., f.*: intrigue. **-gue**¹⁶ [It. *-go*], *f.*: = (INTRICACY; plot, scheme).

||-guer¹⁵ [It. *-gare* (L. *-care*, *trica*, trifles)], *tr.*: intrigue, perplex; *intr.*: intrigue (plot, scheme); make intricate, full of intrigue: *s'*—, intrigue; take pains. **-guenr**¹⁶, **-guençe**, *m., f.*: intriguier.

intrin-sèque¹² [L. *-secus*, inner], *adj.*: intrinsic(al). **-sèquement**¹⁰, *adv.*: intrinsically.

intro-ducteur¹³, *-trice* [L. *-ductor*], *m., f.*: introducer. **-ductif**¹⁵, *-ive* [L. *-ducere*], *adj.*: (leg.) introductive, ductory.

-duction¹³ [L. *-ductio*], *f.*: =; (leg.) previous proceedings. **||-duire**¹² [L. *-ducere* (intro, within, *ducere*, lead)], *irr.* (cf. *conduire*); *tr.*: INTRODUCE (bring in; open a process; present); train: *s'*—, introduce one's self; get in, enter; intrude.

introît¹³ [L. *intro-itus*, 'in-going'], *m.*: introit (prayer with song introducing the Mass).

intromission¹³ [L. *-mittere*, put in], *f.*: =.

introni-sation¹³, *f.*: enthronisation (of a bishop). **||-ser**¹² [L. *-zare*], *tr.*: enthroner (install a bishop).

introuvable¹⁶ [in-, *trouver*], *adj.*: not to be found, undiscoverable; unparalleled.

||n-truire¹⁵ [L. *in-trudere*, thrust in], *def.* (only part.); *tr.*: intruder. **-trus**¹⁶, **-truse**, *part.*: intruded; *m., f.*: intruder.

-trusion¹⁵, *f.*: =.

intui-tif¹⁴, *-ive* [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: intuitive.

-tion¹⁶ [L. *-tio* (*tueri*, watch)], *f.*: immediate vision; intuition. **-tivement**¹⁵, *adv.*: intuitively.

intumescense¹⁶ [L. *-cere* (*tumere*, swell)], *f.*: =.

inu-ile¹⁵ [L. *-ila*], *f.*: elecampane (plant). **-line**¹⁵, *f.*: (chem.) inulin.

in-usable¹³ [in-, *user*], *adj.*: that cannot be worn out. **-usité**¹⁵ [in-, *u.*], *adj.*: unused; obsolete.

inuti-le¹¹ [L. *-lis* (cf. *u.*)], *adj.*: useless, (†Eng. =). **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: uselessly.

-lité¹⁴ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: inutility, uselessness.

invaincu¹³ [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: unvanquished, unconquered.

invali-dation¹⁶ [der], *f.*: =. **||-de**¹⁵

[L. *-dus* (cf. *v.*)], *adj.*: invalid; (mil.) disabled; *m., f.*: invalid; pensioner; pension (to an invalid); small coin (4 sous): — *externe*, out-pensioner; *l'hôtel des Invalides* (or *les Invalides*), the Invalid's Home (old soldiers' home in Paris). **-dement**¹⁶, *adv.*: invalidly, without effect. **-der**¹⁵, *tr.*: invalidate, make void. **-dité**¹⁶, *f.*: invalidity.

inva-riabilité¹⁷, *f.*: invariability. **||-ri-able**¹³ [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: =. **-riable-ment**¹², *adv.*: invariably.

invasion¹¹ [L. *-sio* (*vadere*, go)], *f.*: =.

invec-tive¹³ [L. *-tiva* (*vehere*, carry)], *f.*: = (reproach, railing). **-tiver**¹⁶, *intr.*: INVEIGH, rail.

inven-dable¹⁷ [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: unsaleable. **-du**¹⁷ [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: unsold.

inven-taire¹³ [L. *-larium*], *m.*: inventory; (old) auction: *bénéfice d'*—, non-liability to debts beyond assets. **||-ter**¹⁵ [L. *in-venire*, come upon], *tr.*: invent (find out; devise, imagine): — *la poudre*, set the East River on fire, be dull. **-teur**¹⁴, **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: inventor; *adj.*: inventive. **-tif**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: inventive.

-tion¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: finding (discovery); invention (contrivance; fiction; imagination, ingenuity). **-torier**¹⁴, *tr.*: invoice, inventory.

inver-sable¹⁶ [in-, *verser*], *adj.*: that cannot be upset. **-se**¹⁶ [L. *-sus*], *adj.*: = (INVERTED); *m.*: reverse, contrary: *en raison* —, in inverse ratio; *en sens* —, in the contrary direction; *faire juste l'*—, do just the contrary. **-sement**¹⁷, *adv.*: inversely.

-sion¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =.

inver-tébré¹⁶ [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: invertebrate. **-tir**¹⁸ [L. *-tere* (*vertere*, turn)], *tr.*: invert: *-ti*, inverse.

investiga-teur¹⁴, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (*vestigare*, track)], *m., f.*: investigator; *adj.*: investigating. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

inves-tir¹³ [L. *-tire* (*vestire*, clothe)], *tr.*: invest (clothe with office, install; mil. inclose). **-tissement**¹⁷, *m.*: (mil.) investment. **-titure**¹⁶, *f.*: investment, investiture.

invété-rer¹⁴ [L. *-rare* (*vetus*, old)], *tr.*: fix by age: *s'*—, grow inveterate. **-ré**, *part. or adj.*: inveterate.

invin-cibilité¹⁶, *f.*: invincibility. **||-eible**¹³ [L. *-cibilis* (*vincere*, vanquish)], *adj.*: =. **-eiblément**¹⁴, *adv.*: invincibly.

inviolabilité¹⁶, *f.*: inviolability, -bleness. **||-lable**¹³ [L. *-labilis* (cf. *violere*)], *adj.*: =. **-lablement**¹³, *adv.*: inviolably. **-lé** [in-, *v.*], *adj.*: inviolate.

invi-sibilité¹⁶, *f.*: invisibility, -bleness. **||-sible**¹² [L. *-sibilis* (cf. *v.*)], *adj.*: =. **-siblément**¹¹, *adv.*: invisibly.

- invi-ta-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tatio, f.: =. -ta-
toire¹² [L. -tatorius, adj.: (liturg.) invita-
tory; f.: invitatory psalm. -te¹⁷, f.: invi-
tation; inviting card (at whist, denoting
the colour desired). -té¹⁴, -tée, part.: in-
vited; m., f.: invited person, guest.
||-tér¹⁴ [L. -tare (?), tr.: invite.
- invo-ca-tion**¹¹ [L. -catio (cf. v. . .), f.:
=.
- involon-taire**¹³ [L. -tarius (cf. v. . .),
adj.: involuntary. -tairement¹³, adj.:
involuntarily.
- invo-lucre**¹⁵ [L. -lucrum, m.: (bot.) =.
-lutif¹⁷, -ive [L. -lutus, adj.: (bot.) in-
volute. -lution¹², f.: complication.
- invo-quer**¹¹ [L. -vocare (vocare, call), tr.:
invoke.
- invraisem-ble**¹⁷ [in-, v. . .], adj.: im-
probable, unlikely. -blablement, adv.:
improbably. -blance¹⁷ [in-, v. . .], f.: im-
probability, unlikelyness.
- invulné-rabilité**¹⁴, f.: invulnerability.
||-rable¹⁴ [L. -rabilis (cf. v. . .), adj.: in-
vulnerable.
- io-dé**¹⁸ [Gr. *iodēs*, violet-like], m.: iodine.
-dé¹⁵, adj.: iodised. -deux¹⁸, adj. m.:
iodous. -dique¹⁸, adj.: iodic. -dure¹⁷,
f.: ioduret, iodide. -duré¹⁸, adj.: iodu-
retted (containing an iodide).
- Io-nie**, f.: Ionia. -nien, -enne, adj.:
Ionian. -nique¹⁸ [L. -nicus], adj.:
Ionic.
- iota**¹⁵ [Gr., m.: = (Greek *i*; JOT, tittle).
- ipécacuanha**¹⁶, fam. **ipéca** [Brazil], m.:
ipécacuanha.
- ir** for *in-*, before *r*.
- iranien**, -enne [Pers. Iran], adj.: Iran-
ian.
- iras-cibilité**¹⁵, f.: irascibility. -cible¹¹
[L. -cibilis], adj.: =, irritable. ||-ire¹⁷
[L. ira], f.: ire, wrath.
- iri-dium**¹⁸ [L. -s], m.: =. ||iri-s¹²
[L., m.: =. -sation¹⁸ [-ser], f.: iri-
descence. -sé [-ser], adj.: irised, rain-
bow-coloured, irisate; iridescent. -ser,
tr.: give rainbow colours to, make irides-
cent.
- Ir-lande**, f.: Ireland. -landais, -lan-
daise, adj.: Irish; m., f.: Irishman,
Irishwoman; m.: Irish language.
- iro-nie**¹⁸ [L. -nia], f.: irony. -nique¹⁸
[L. -nicus], adj.: ironic(al). -nique-
ment¹⁴, adv.: ironically.
- Iroquois**, -qoise [Am.], m., f.: Iroquois;
lout.
- irr** . . . [L. *in-r* . . .], pronounced *ir-r*.
- irrachetable**¹⁶ *ir-r* [ir-, racheter], adj.:
unredeemable.
- irra-dia-tion**¹⁸ *ir-r* [L. -diatio], f.: =.
||-dier¹⁴ [L. -diare (cf. r. . .)], intr.: ir-
radiate.
- irraison-nable**¹⁸ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: un-
reasonable (irrational). -nablement,
adv.: irrationally.
- irratio-nel**¹⁸, -lle [L. -nalis (cf. r. . .)],
adj.: irrational. -nellement, adv.:
irrationally.
- irréalisable**¹⁸ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: not
realizable.
- irréconci-liable**¹⁵ *ir-r* [L. -liabilis (cf.
conciliable)], adj.: irreconcilable. -lia-
blement¹⁵, adv.: irreconcilably. -lié¹⁶
[ir-, r. . .], adj.: unreconciled.
- irrecouvrable**¹⁵ *ir-r* [ir-, recouvrer],
adj.: irrecoverable.
- irrécu-sable**¹⁷ *ir-r* [L. -sabilis (recusare,
reject)], adj.: irrecusable. -sable-
ment, adv.: irrecusably.
- irréduc-tibilité**¹⁷ *ir-r*, f.: irreducible-
ness. ||-tible¹⁷ [ir-, r. . .], adj.: irreduc-
ible.
- irré-fléchi**¹⁷ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: thought-
less, unguarded, inconsiderate. -flexion¹⁸
[ir-, r. . .], f.: want of reflection, thought-
lessness.
- irréformable**¹⁷ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: un-
changeable, irrevocable.
- irréfra-gable**¹⁴ *ir-r* [L. -gabilis (fran-
gere, BREAK)], adj.: irrefragable, irrefut-
able. -gablement, adv.: irrefragably.
- irréfu-table**¹⁸ *ir-r* [L. -tabilis], adj.: ir-
refutable. ||-té [ir-, r. . .], adj.: unrefu-
ted, not disproved.
- irrégu-larité**¹⁸ *ir-r* [L. -laritas], f.:
irregularity. -lier¹¹, -ère [L. -laris
(cf. r. . .)], adj.: irregular; (math.) scaline;
m. pl.: irregulars (irregular soldiers, vol-
unteers). -lièrement¹⁸, adv.: irregularly.
- irréli-gieusement**¹⁴ *ir-r*, adv.: irre-
ligiously. ||-gieux¹⁴, -euse [L. -giosus
(cf. r. . .)], adj.: irreligious. -gion¹⁵ [L.
-gio], f.: irreligion.
- irré-mé-diable**¹⁴ *ir-r* [L. -diabilis (cf.
r. . .)], adj.: irremediable. -diablement¹⁴,
adv.: irremediably.
- irré-mis-sible**¹² *ir-r* [L. -sibilis (cf. r. . .)],
adj.: irremissible, unpardonable. -sible-
ment¹⁵, adv.: irremissibly.
- irrépa-rable**¹² *ir-r* [L. -rabilis (cf. r. . .)],
adj.: irreparable. -rablement¹⁸, adv.:
irreparably.
- irré-pré-hen-sible**¹⁸ *ir-r* [L. -sibilis (cf.
a. . .)], adj.: irreprehensible, irreproachable.
-siblement¹⁶, adv.: irreprehensibly.
- irré-pré-sissable**¹⁸ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: ir-
repressible.
- irré-pro-achable**¹⁴ [ir-, r. . .], adj.: ir-
proachable. -chablement¹⁶, adv.: ir-
reproachably.
- irrésis-tibilité** *ir-r*, f.: irresistibility.
||-tible¹⁷ [L. -tibilis (cf. r. . .)], adj.: ir-
resistible. -tiblement¹⁷, adv.: irresist-
ibly.
- irrésol-u**¹⁵ *ir-r* [ir-, r. . .], adj.: irresolute.

-lument¹⁵, *adv.*: irresolutely. **-lution**¹⁵ [*ir-, r.*], *f.*: irresolution.

irrespec-tueusement¹⁶ *ir-r, adv.*: disrespectfully. **-tueur**¹⁶, **-euse** [*ir-, r.*], *adj.*: disrespectful.

irrespirable¹⁷ *ir-r* [*ir-, r.*], *adj.*: =.

irrespon-sabilité¹⁸ *ir-r, f.*: irresponsibility. **-sable**¹⁷ [*ir-, r.*], *adj.*: irresponsible.

irretractable¹⁸ *ir-r* [*L. bilis* (cf. *retracter*)], *adj.*: that cannot be retracted, unchangeable.

irrévé-remment¹⁸ *ir-r, -ram, adv.*: irreverently. **-rence**¹² [*L. -rentia*], *f.*: irreverence. **-rencien**¹⁸, **-euse**, *adj.*: irreverent, disrespectful. **-rent**¹⁴ [*L. -rens* (cf. *r.*)], *adj.*: irreverent; disrespectful.

irrévo-cabilité¹⁸ *ir-r, f.*: irrevocability. **-cable**¹⁸ [*L. -cabilis* (cf. *r.*)], *adj.*: irrevocable. **-cablement**¹², *adv.*: irrevocably.

irri-gable¹⁸ *ir-r, adj.*: that can be irrigated. **-gation**¹⁸, *m.*: irrigation-engine; clyster. **-gation**¹⁴ [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: =.

-guer¹⁸ [*L. -gare* (rigare, water)], *tr.*: water, irrigate.

irri-tabilité¹⁷ *ir-r* [*-table*], *f.*: irritability. **-table**¹⁸ [*L. -tabilis*], *adj.*: =. **-tant**¹⁸, *adj.*: irritating, vexing; irritant; *m.*: irritant. **-tation**¹⁸ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: =.

-té, *part.*: irritated, angry, wroth. **-ter**¹⁸ [*L. -tare*], *tr.*: irritate (exasperate, enrage, anger, provoke): *s'*—, be irritated, grow angry.

irroration¹⁷ *ir-r* [*L. -tio* (ros, dew)], *f.*: bedewing, (†Eng. =).

irruption¹⁸ *ir-r* [*L. -tio* (rumpere, break)], *f.*: =.

isabelle¹⁸ [Spanish queen Isabella], *adj.*: isabel or dun-coloured; dove-coloured (of birds).

Isaie, *m.*: Isaiah.

isard¹⁵ [?], *m.*: chamois (in the Pyrenees).

ischion¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: = (seat-bone).

ischu-rétique¹⁷, *adj.*: ischurctic. **-rie**¹⁶ [*L. -ria* (Gr. *schēn*, hold, *urōn*, URINE)], *f.*: ischury (morbid retention of urine).

islaque [*Isis*], *adj.*: of Isis.

Is-lam [Ar.], *m.*: Islam. **-lamisme**, *m.*: islamism.

Islande, *f.*: Iceland.

iso- [Gr. *isos*, equal]: **-cèle**¹⁵ [*L. -sceles* (Gr. *skēlos*, leg)], *adj.*: (math.) isosceles.

-chrone¹⁷ [Gr. *chrōnos*, time], *adj.*: isochronal, -chronous. **-chronisme**¹⁷ [*-chrone*], *m.*: isochronism.

iso-lant¹⁸, *adj.*: (phys.) insulating. **-lation**¹⁷, *f.*: isolation; insulation. **-lé**¹⁶, *adj.*: isolated, lonely; solitary; insulated.

-lement¹⁷, *m.*: isolation, loneliness.

-lément¹⁷ [*-lé*], *adv.*: separately. **-ler**¹⁶

[*It. -lare* (*L. insula*, ISLE)], *tr.*: ISOLATE, separate; INSULATE: *s'*—, isolate one's self; shun society. **-loir**¹⁷, *m.*: insulator.

iso- [Gr. *isos*, equal]: **-mère**¹⁸ [Gr. *mēres* (*mēros*, part)], *adj.*: isomeric. **-morphé**¹⁸ [Gr. *morphē*, form], *adj.*: isomorphous.

-seèle = **-cèle**. **-therme** [Gr. *thermōn*, heat], *adj.*: isothermal.

israélite [*Israël*], *adj.*: Israelite; *m., f.*: Israelite: un bon —, a plain, simple man.

is-sant¹⁶, *adj.*: issuing; (*her.*) issuant. **is-sir**⁹ [*L. ex-ire*, go out], *intr.* (now only in the *irr.* part. *issu*): issue. **-su**¹⁰, *part.*: issued; born, descended, sprung.

-sue¹¹, *f.*: †moving out; going out, leaving; issue (egress, outlet; what passes out), refuse grain, offal of animals; way out, result, conclusion.

isth-me¹⁵ [*L. -mus*], *m.*: isthmus.

-mique, *adj.*: Isthmian.

ita-lianisme¹⁵ [*-lien*], *m.*: Italianism.

Ita-lie, *f.*: Italy. **-lien**, **-enne**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Italian. **-lique**¹⁴ [*L. -licus*], *adj.* or *m.*: (print.) italic.

item¹⁸ [*L.*], *adv.*: = (also); *†m.*: =.

itérati-f¹⁴, **-ive** [*L. -vus* (iterum, again)], *adj.*: iterative, repeated. **-vement**¹⁵, *adv.*: repeatedly.

ithos¹⁶ [Gr. *ēthos*, manner], *m.*: (rhet.) treatment of manners.

itinéraire¹⁸ [*L. -rarius* (iter, walk)], *adj.* or *m.*: itinerary.

ivule¹⁶ [*L. -los*], *m.*: iulus (myriapod); julus (plant).

iv-e¹⁴ or **-vette** [? *if*], *f.*: iva (plant).

-veteau¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (dial.) little ivy.

i-voire¹¹ [*L. eboreum* (ebur, ivory)], *m.* (*f.*¹⁶): ivory. **-voirier**, *m.*: ivory-turner.

i-vraie⁹ [p. *L. ebrica* (the juice intoxicating)], *f.*: tare (rye-grass, darnel). **iv-vre**⁹ [p. *L. *ebrius* (*L. ebrius*)], *adj.*: drunk (intoxicated, INEBRIATED, tipsy): — mort, dead drunk.

iv-vrer¹² [*tr.*], *tr.*: dial. intoxicate. **-vresse**¹¹, *f.*: drunkenness, intoxication. **-vrogne**¹¹, *m.*: drunkard; *adj.*: drunken (given to drink).

-vrogner¹⁵ [*-vrogne*], *intr.*: get drunk, guzzle, fuddle. **-vrognerie**¹⁵ [*-vrogne*], *f.*: drinking habit, drunkenness, intoxication, inebriation. **-vrognesse**¹¹ [*-vrogne*], *f.*: drunkard (woman).

ixia¹⁷ [*L.*], *f.*: = (plant).

J

j JE, or older **ji** [*L.*], *m.*: j (the letter).

jà⁹ [*L. jam*], *adv.*: already.

ja-ble¹⁶ [?], *m.*: (coop.) cross-groove.

-bler¹⁶, *tr.*: (coop.) cross.

- ja-bot**¹⁵ [?], m.: crop (of a bird), (*fam.*) stomach; frill (of a shirt); enlargement in the gullet. **-botage**¹⁵ [-*bote*], m.: gabble; prattle. **-boteur**¹⁵, intr.: gobbler; chatter, prattle. **-boteur**¹⁷, **-cuse** [-*bote*], m., f.: gobbler (making a gobbling sound), prattler; African blackbird.
- jacas-se**¹⁵, f.: talkative woman, chatter-box. **||-ser**¹² [? *Jacques*, cf. *'Jacquette'*, name of magpie], intr.: chatter (of the magpie); prate. **-serie**¹⁵, f.: chattering.
- jacée**¹⁶ [L. *-cea*], f.: knapweed.
- jaçant**¹⁷ [L. *-cens* (-*cere*, lie)], adj.: (*leg.*) lying idle or unclaimed, in abeyance.
- ja-chère**¹² [?], f.: fallow ground. **-ché-**
-rer¹², tr.: fallow.
- jaçinte** = *hyacinthe*.
- jacobée**¹⁵ [L. *Jacobus*, James], f.: ragwort.
- jaco-bin**¹², **-ine** [L. *Jacobus*, James], m., f.: Jacobin friar or nun (of the Dominican order, which had a convent at the Rue St. Jacques, Paris); Jacobin (member of the ultra-liberal party of the French Revolution, which met in the Jacobin Convent), ultra-liberal, socialist; adj.: Jacobinical. **-binisme**¹⁷, m.: Jacobinism (radicalism). **-bite**¹⁷, m. or adj.: Jacobite.
- jaçait que** [*ja soit que*], conj.: although.
- jaconas**¹⁷ [?], m.: jaconet (cotton cloth).
- jacquemart** = *jaquemart*.
- jac-querie**¹⁵, f.: rising of the peasants, 1357; peasant insurrection; mob revolt.
- Jac-ques** [L. *Jacobus*], m.: Jack, James; peasant: — *bonhomme*, peasant. **-quet**¹⁵, m.: lackey, servant; sort of trick-track. **-quette**, f.: = (woman's name); (*pop.*) name given to the magpie. **-quot**, m.: grey parrot; minny.
- jactance**¹² [L. *-cia* (*jactare*, throw)], f.: boasting, (*†Eng.* jactancy), swagger.
- jaculatoire**¹⁵ [L. *-torius* (*jaculari*, throw)], adj.: jaculatory (darting out; ejaculatory).
- jade**¹⁵ [?], m.: (*min.*) =, axstone.
- jadis**⁹ *†-di* [*jam diu*], adj.: in times past, formerly, of old.
- jaguar**¹⁵ [L. *-ra* (Brazil)], m.: =, leopard.
- jaçiet** = *jaia*.
- jail-ir**¹¹ [?], intr.: dart up (of water), spout, spring, gush out. **-lissant**¹⁶, adj.: spurting or gushing up, spouting. **-lissement**¹⁵, m.: welling or gushing up; spring.
- jais**⁹ [L. *gagates* (Gr. *Gagas*, town in Lydia)], m.: JET.
- jalage**¹⁵ [-*le*], m.: (*feudal.*) duty on wine.
- jala-p**¹⁶ [Sp. *-pa* (city Jalapa in Mexico)], m.: = (medic. plant). **-pine**¹⁵, f.: jalapin.
- jale**¹¹ [? ak. to gallon], f.: large bowl.
- jalet**¹⁴ [other form of *galet*], m.: pebble.
- ja-lon**¹⁶ [?], m.: marking-stake; land-
- mark, guide. **-lonnement**¹⁵ [-*lonner*], m.: marking by stakes, or offset staves, staking out. **-lonner**¹⁷, intr.: fix marking stakes or offset staves; tr.: stake out, set landmarks for; (*mil.*) mark by javelin-men; align. **-lonneur**¹⁵ [-*lonner*], m.: stake-setter, (*mil.*) javelin-man.
- ja-louement**¹², adv.: jealously. **-lou-**
-ser¹², tr.: be jealous of. **-lousie**¹¹, f.: jealousy (feager or anxious zeal; apprehensive love; envy, umbrage; rivalry; solicitude, fear); lattice, blind; amaranth.
- lour**⁹, **-louse** [p. L. **zelous* (L. *zelus*, ZEAL)], adj.: jealous (ZEALOUS, solicitous, anxious; suspicious; envious); causing solicitude (exposed, inclined to fall); m., f.: jealous person.
- jamais**¹⁰ [*jà*, *mais*, more], adv.: *†*at any time; ever; never (elliptically, without a verb or in certain phrases, for *ne jamais*, not ever); m.: (*fam.*) time without end: *à —*, for ever; *à tout —*, for all time to come; *ne —*, never; *ne — plus*, never any more; *l'avez-vous vu? Jamais*, have you seen him? never; *au grand —*, for all eternity.
- jam-bage**¹⁴, m.: JAMB (of a door, chimney, etc.); foundation wall (of a building); downstroke of written M, N, U, etc.); stocking, pawskin; (*feud.*) droit de —, lord's right (of the first night in a new-married vassal's bed). **||jam-be**⁹ [p. L. *gamba*, hoof], f.: leg, limb; thigh (of horses); foot (of compasses); (*nav.*) stem-timber; rafter, JAMB: *la — tout d'une venue*, leg without any calf; *courir à toutes —*, run at full speed; *être haut en —*, be long-legged; *redoubler de —*, double one's pace; *jouer de —*, take to one's heels, run. **-bé**¹⁷, adj.: legged. **-bette**¹⁵, f.: small leg; small post, brace or jamb; (*dial.*) pocket-knife. **-bier**¹², **-ère**, adj.: of the leg; m.: tibialis; m., f.: leg-protector or supporter; f.: legging, greave. **-bon**¹², m.: ham, GAMMON of bacon. **-bonneau**¹⁷ [-*bon*], m.: knuckle of ham; sea-wing (mollusk).
- jam-bosier**¹⁷ [fr. Malay.], m.: rose-apple.
- jan**¹⁵ [? *Jean*], m.: point (made in trick-track).
- janissaire**¹⁴ [Turk. *ienî teheri*, new troops], m.: janizary.
- jansé-nisme**¹⁵ [*Jansenius*], m.: Jansenism. **-niste**¹⁵, m., f. or adj.: Jansenist.
- jan-te**¹¹ [?], f.: felly (of a wheel). **-tier**, **-ère**, m., f.: (*mach.*) felly fitter. **-tille**¹⁵, f.: paddle (of a water-wheel). **-tiller**¹⁶ [-*tille*], tr.: provide with paddles.
- janvier**⁹ [L. *Jānuārius* (*Jānus*, god of the year)], m.: January.
1. **Ja-pon**, m.: Japan. 2. **ja-pon**¹⁷, m.: Japan ware. **-ponais**, **-aise**, adj., or

m., f.: Japanese. **-ponner**¹⁷ [*2.-pon*], *tr.*: japan (lacquer).

jap-pement¹⁴, *m.*: yelping. **||-per**¹¹ [echoic], *intr.*: yelp. **-peur**¹⁶, *m.*: yelper.

1.jaque¹³ [?], *m.*: (old) JACK (short coat: cf. *jaquette*).

2.jaque¹⁷ [fr. Malay.], *m.*: jack-fruit.

jaquemart¹⁵ [Jacques], *m.*: jack (of the clock; wooden man serving for a target); beam-spring.

jaquet = **jaquet**.

1.jaquette¹⁴ [*1.jaque*], *f.*: jacket, short coat.

2.jaquette for *jaquette*, magpie.

jaquier¹⁷ [*2.jaque*], *m.*: jack (E.Ind. tree).

jarde¹⁶ [It. *giarda* (fr. Ar.)], *f.*: jars (bone-spavin).

jar-din¹¹ [OfFr. *jard* (fr. Germ/c, ak. to Eng. *gard-en*), *m.*: GARDEN: — *d'agrément*, pleasure-garden; — *potager*, kitchen-garden; — *fruitier*, fruit-garden; — *des plantes*, botanical garden; — *suspendu*, hanging gardens. **-dinage**¹², *m.*: gardening; garden-stuff; forest culture; spot in a diamond. **-diné**¹⁵, *adj.*: spotted (of diamonds). **-diner**¹⁵, *intr.*: garden; *tr.*: thin (a forest). **-dinet**¹², *m.*: small garden. **-dineur**¹⁵, *m.*: *ense*, *adj.*: spotty (of precious stones). **-diniér**¹¹, **-dinière**, *m., f.*: gardener; *m.*: yellow-hammer; *f.*: gardener's wife; garden grub; vegetable dish; *jardinière* (flower-stand or bowl); vegetable wagon; low ruffle; *adj.*: garden-, of the garden: — *fleuriste*, florist; *un chien de —*, a cross-grained fellow; *côtelettes en (à la) —*, cutlets with vegetables; *exploitation —*, forest thinning.

†jardón [It. *giarda*], *m.*: = (see *jarde*).

1.jargon¹⁷ [It. *giargone* (?)], *m.*: = (yellow stone; small stone).

2.jar-gon¹¹ [?], *m.*: = (gibberish; cant). **-gonner**¹¹, *intr.*: talk jargon; quack; *tr.*: jargon.

jarni¹⁶, **-blen**, **-dieu**, **-gué**, **-guienne** [for *je renie Dieu*], *interj.*: by the Nick! zounds!

jarousse¹³ or **-osse** [?], *f.*: vetch.

jarre [Ar. *djarra*], *f.*: JAR (crock).

jarrebosse¹⁷ [?], *f.*: anchor line.

jar-ret¹¹ [Celt. *garr*, leg], *m.*: ham (region back of the knee-joint), hamstring; hock; bare branch; projection (forming a joint); knee-joint, tee (of a pipe); bit bars (of a bridle): — *de veau*, knuckle of veal; *avoir du —*, be a good walker or dancer. **-reté**¹⁶, *adj.*: close-hammed; (arch.) protuberant. **1.reter**¹⁶, *intr.*: form a projection or point. **2.-reter**¹⁶ [*-retière*], *tr.*: garter. **†retier**¹⁶, *m.*: *ère*, *adj.*: close-hammed. **-retière**¹³, *f.*: GARTER: *l'ordre de la —*, the Order of the

Garter; *ne pas aller à la — de quelqu'un*, be nothing compared to any one.

jars¹² [?], *m.*: gander: *entendre le —*, be a fool.

jas¹⁶ [Prov. (*jazer*, lie)], *m.*: anchor-stock.

ja-ser¹¹ [?], *intr.*: babble, prate, chat (ter); gossip. **-serie**¹⁵, *f.*: babbling, etc.

-seur¹⁵, *m.*: *ense*, *m., f.*: prater, talker; chatterbox; chatter (bird).

jas-min¹⁵ [Arab.], *m.*: jasmine. **-minées**¹¹, *f. pl.*: *jasmina* (plants of the genus *jasminum*).

jas-pe¹¹ [L. *-pis*], *m.*: jasper. **-per**¹⁶, *tr.*: jasperise (make to resemble jasper), marble, stain, variegate. **-pure**¹⁶ [*-per*], *f.*: jasper-like formation; marbling.

jat-te⁶ [L. *gabata*], *f.*: bowl. **-tée**¹⁶, *f.*: bowlful.

jau-ge¹⁷, *f.*: GA(U)GE; ga(u)ging-rod; tonnage. **-geage**¹⁶ [*-ger*], *m.*: ga(u)ging.

-ger¹², *tr.*: ga(u)ge, measure. **-geur**¹² [*-ger*], *m.*: ga(u)ger.

jaumière¹⁶ [?], *f.*: rudder-hole.

jau-nâtre¹⁵, *adj.*: yellowish.

jau-ne⁶ [L. *galbinus*], *adj.* or *adv.*: YELLOW; *m.*: yellow: — *d'œuf*, yolk of an egg; *rire —*, smile unnaturally; *faire des contes —*, tell incredible tales.

-neau¹⁵, *m.*: buttercup. **-nelet**¹⁷, *m.*: yellow mushroom. **-net**¹², *m.*: *ette*, *adj.*: yellowish; *m.*: (pop.) gold coin; goldcup (plant).

-nir, *intr.*: turn yellow; *tr.*: make or dye yellow. **-nissant**¹⁵ [*-nir*], *adj.*: turning yellow, ripening. **-nisse**¹¹, *f.*: yellow complexion; jaundice; (vet.) yellows.

javart¹² [?], *m.*: (vet.) quitter, hoof-sore.

ja-veau¹¹ [old *-vel* (?), heap], *m.*: sand-bank. **-velage**¹⁷ [*-veler*], *m.*: bundling; gathering (grain) in bundles (before sheaving).

-veler¹² [*-velle*], *tr.*: gather in parcels or bundles, spread out (handfuls of mowed grain) for ripening; *intr.*: turn yellow (of grain).

-veleur¹⁶, *m.*: *ense*, *m., f.*: grain gatherer (who spreads it in heaps for ripening, before binding); binder (of a mowing machine). **1.veline**¹⁶ [*-velle*], *f.*: small heap of grain (spread out for ripening).

2.javeline¹⁶ [?], *f.*: javelin.

javelle¹¹ [old *-vel* = *veau*], *f.*: (old) heap; parcel, bundle; handful of mowed grain gathered and spread out for ripening (before binding), unbound sheaf.

javelot¹¹ [? Celt.], *m.*: JAVELIN.

†jayet = *jais*.

jé⁶ [L. *ego*], *pron.*: I.

jé = *jet*.

Jean, *m.*: John. **Jeanne**, *f.*: Jane, Joan: — *d'Arc*, Joan of Arc. **Jeannette**, *f.*: Jenny; **jeannette**¹⁵, *f.*: light chain or ribbon with a cross; spinning-jenny.

jéctisse = *jétiase*.

jéjunum¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: jejunum (small intestine).

jérémiade¹⁶, *f.*: jeremiad, lament.
|| Jérémie, *m.*: Jeremiah (the wailing prophet).

jersey¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: jersey corset.

jésui-te¹⁵ [*Jésus*], *m.*: jesuit. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: jesuitic(al). **-tiquement**¹⁸ [*-ti-que*], *adv.*: jesuitically. **-tisme**¹⁸, *m.*: jesuitism.

jet¹¹ [*-ter*], *m.*: throwing, throw; darting.
JET (of water), ray; shoot, sprout; casting (metal); (*agr.*) tiller; new swarm (of bees): **un — de pierre**, a stone's throw; **d'eau**, =, fountain; water-spout, **d'un seul** —, at one throw or stroke or cast; **faire le —**, throw (goods) overboard; **— de marchandises**, (*com.*) jetsam, jet(t)ison.

je-tage¹⁷, *m.*: throwing; throwing off; discharge. **-té**, *part.*: thrown, cast; *m.*: sort of dance. **-tée**¹², *f.*: (*old*) throw(ing); graveling (of a road); (*now*) JETTY, pier; casting, moulding; new swarm (of bees); shifting (of gout). **|| -ter**⁹ [p. L. **jettāre* (L. *jectāre*)], *tr.*: cast (throw, fling, hurl); speed; throw or hurl down; shed; mould; send or shoot forth, (†Eng. cast); disembody, empty: **un soupir**, heave a sigh; **les fondements**, lay the foundations; **— racines**, take root; **— une draperie**, dispose a drapery; **se — sur**, rush or fall upon, attack; fall on; **se — à tort et à travers**, dash through thick and thin. **-tisse**¹¹, *adj.*: thrown, dumped; movable; refuse. **-ton**¹², *m.*: counter (piece of metal, ivory, etc., used in counting); medal or reward (given by certain societies); adjusting piece (to adjust types).

jeu⁹ [L. *jocus* (ak. to Eng. *joke*)], *m.*: play (fun; diversion; game; dramatic composition or representation; performance; management; *mec.* motion, room for motion, length of stroke; ease); gambling; stake; pack (of cards), set (of chess), etc., denoting the thing played with: **— de cartes**, card-game; pack of cards; **— d'enfant**, child's play; **— d'esprit**, witticism; **— de hasard**, game of chance; **— de mots**, play upon words, pun; **couper —**, stop playing; be off with one's winnings; **— de bourse**, stock jobbing; **avoir beau —**, have a good hand; **jouer bien son —**, play one's cards well; **se piquer au —**, persist in playing; **mettre au —**, stake; **jouer gros (petit) —**, play high (low); **être à deux de —**, be upon even terms, be even; **avoir du —**, (*mec.*) have too much play, not be steady; **— floraux**, floral games.

jéudi⁹ [L. *Jovis diem*, 'Jove's day'], *m.*:

Thursday: **— gras**, Shrove Thursday; **— saint** (or *absolu, de l'absoute*), Thursday before Easter; **la semaine des trois —s**, never.

jeun⁹ [L. *jejunus* (?)], *adv.*: à —, fasting, on an empty stomach.

jeune⁹ [L. *juvenis*], *adj.*: YOUNG; *m., f.*: young; young man or woman: **— premier** (*-ère*), actor (actress) acting as lover; **— de langue**, young student of Oriental languages; **— personne**, young girl (or lady).

jeûne¹¹ [*-ner*], *m.*: fast(ing).

jeunement¹² [*jeune*], *adv.*: (*fam.*) youthfully; (*hunt.*) recently, just: **cerf à dix cors** —, stag just turned ten years.

jeûner⁹ [L. *jējūnāre* (cf. *jeun*)], *intr.*: fast.

jeu-nesse¹¹ [*-ne*], *f.*: youth (young age; young people; lad; young girl). **-nef**¹¹, **-ette** [*-ne*], *adj.*: very young.

jeuneur¹⁶, **-euse** [*-ner*], *m., f.*: faster.
joail-lerie¹⁴, *f.*: jeweller's trade; jewellery. **|| -lier**¹⁴, **-ière** [*joyau*], *m., f.*: jeweller.

jo-bard¹⁵, **-de** [OFr. *-de*], *m., f.*: ninny.
-barderie¹⁵, *f.*: silliness.

jockey¹⁷ [Eng. (Scotch *Jock*)], *m.*: =.

jocko¹⁷ [Congo], *m.*: pongo (orang-outang).

joerisse¹⁵ [comic character], *m.*: simpleton; silly servant.

joie⁹ [p. L. *gaudia* (pl. of L. *-dium*)], *f.*: joy: **feu de —**, bonfire; **ne pas se sentir de —**, be unable to contain one's self for joy.

joignant¹², *part.*: joining; *adj.*: adjoining, contiguous; †*prep.*: near, next to.
|| -joindre⁹ [L. *ungere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: JOIN (unite; adjoin; annex); add; overtake; (*arch.*) fay, fit; *intr.*: join: **se —**, join, unite; meet; be adjacent; be added.
-oint¹³, *part.*: joined, etc.; *ci-join*, enclosed; *m.*: joint; junction; seam; fissure.
-ointe¹¹, *f.*: pastern; joint-board.
-ointé¹⁶, *adj.*: jointed (of a horse). **-ointée**¹², *f.*: double handful. **-ointif**¹⁴, **-ive**, *adj.*: (*arch.*) joined, closed. **-oïntoiment**¹⁸ [*-ointoyer*], *m.*: grouting, pointing (of walls). **-ointoyer**¹³ [*join*], *tr.*: grout, point (walls). **-ointure**⁹ [L. *junctura*], *f.*: joining, (†Eng. *jointure*), joint, articulation.

§ Ind.: Pr. *joins*, *-s*, *-t*; *joign-ens*, *-ez*, *-ent*. Ipf. *joignais*. Pret. *joignis*. Fut. (Cond.) *joindra*(s). — Subj.: Pr. *joigne*. Ipf. *joignisse*. — l'v'e *joins*. — Part.: Pr. *joignant*; P. *joint*.

jo-li¹¹ [ak. to Eng. *jolly*], *adj.*: pretty, nice looking; *m.*: pretty thing. **-liot**¹¹, **-tte**, *adj.*: rather pretty. **-liment**¹², *adv.*: prettily; (*fam.*) much, many. **-live-té**¹¹, *f.*: †prettiness; pretty trait or saying, engaging ways, pretty thing.

jombardo¹⁷ [ʒ], *f.*: sort of flute.

jon-c° [L. *juncus*], *m.*: rush, Malacca cane; tring, keeper: — *marin*, sea-rush; — *odorant*, camel's-hay. — (*ca*) **eées**¹⁷,

f.: species of *Juncus*. — **ee**¹⁸, *tr.*: cane, bottom (chairs, etc.). — **chaie**¹⁸, *f.*: plantation of rushes, rush-bed. — **chée**¹⁸, *f.*:

strewing of leaves, flowers, etc. (at festivals), scattering; (old) cheese-basket (of rushes); (now) cream-cheese. — **cher**¹⁹, *tr.*: strew with rushes, leaves, flowers, or branches; strew, scatter. — **chèro**¹¹, *f.*:

cluster of rushes. — **chet**¹⁴ [*-cher*], *m.*: spillikin. — **eiforme**, *adj.*: rush-shaped.

junction¹⁵ [L. *junctio*], *f.*: junction.

jon-gler¹⁸, *intr.*: juggle; toss balls. — **glorie**¹¹, *f.*: jugglery; juggling. — **gleur**¹⁰ [L. *joculator* (*jocus*, JOKE)], *m.*: (old) wandering minstrels; (now) JUGGLER.

jonque¹⁰ [Chin.], *f.*: junk (Chinese vessel).

jonquille¹⁰ [Sp. *junquillo* (*juncos*, rush)], *f.*: jonquil(le) (plant); *m.*: white and yellow.

jouable¹⁷ [jouer], *adj.*: that may be played or acted.

joual¹⁷ [jouer], *m.*: anchor-stock.

joualier¹⁷ [jouer], *intr.*: play a game for amusement; play a little (on an instrument).

joubarbe¹⁰ [L. *jovis-barba*, 'Jove's-beard'], *f.*: sea-green (plant).

jon-e° [L. *gabata*, bowl], *f.*: cheek (side of the face, or of the head of animals; 'cheek' of a machine), gill; bow (of a vessel); side: *en* —! take aim! (for guns to the cheek!); *le coucher* (or *mettre en* —, take aim at him (for lay the gun to the cheek, aiming at him)). — **é-e**¹⁸, *f.*: reveal (thickness of the wall at the opening for a door, window, etc.); cloth covering (of a chair, etc.).

2 jouée¹⁶, *part.* of *jouer*; *f.*: swing (of a door, etc.).

jouelle¹⁵ [jouer], *f.*: vine-support.

jon-er° [L. *jocare*, JOKE], *intr.*: play (sport); play a game; play music; act; joke; move, operate; speculate; *tr.*: play; risk or stake (in playing); joke, guy, make game of; dupe; *refl.*: play, sport, trifle; make sport or a fool of (*de*), baffle; do with ease: *à qui* *à* —? whose turn is it to play? — *de son reste*, stake one's all; — *du violon*, play (upon) the violin; — *au plus fin*, vie in cunning; — *des talons*, take to the heels; — *les eaux*, make the fountains play; *faire* — *une mine*, explode a mine; *ne* — *que l'honneur*, play for love; — *quelque chose*, play for (stake) something; — *la comédie*, act a sham part; *se* — *à quelqu'un*, meddle with any one who is more than one's match.

-creau¹⁶ [*-eur*], *m.*: poor player. — **-et**¹⁸,

m.: plaything, toy, sport. — **-ette**¹⁷, *f.*: rabbit's hole. — **-eur**¹¹, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: player; gamester; gambler; speculator; *adj.*: loving play; gambling: — *à la hausse*, (of stocks) bull; *beau* —, agreeable person at play.

joufflu¹⁵ [jouer], *adj.*: chub-cheeked; chubby; *m.*: chub-cheeked person

joug° or **joug** [L. *jugum*], *m.*: YOKE; cross-beam (of a galley); (*nav.*) hoisting-stick; beam (of a balance).

jouière¹⁵ [jouer], *f.*: lock or sluice-gate.

jou-ir° [p. L. **gaudire* (L. *-dère*)], *intr.*: have or derive enjoyment, (— *de*) enjoy; have possession; (*de*) possess. — **-issance**¹⁵, *f.*: enjoyment; possession, use (of property); interest payable. — **-issant**¹¹, *adj.*: (*leg.*) enjoying, in possession; *m.*, *f.*: possessor. — **-isseur**, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: enjoyer; possessor.

joujon¹⁷ [child's word for *jouer*], *m.*: (child's) toy, plaything; play.

jour° [L. *diurnus*, daily, pop. L., 'day'], *m.*: day (daytime; space of 24 hours; daylight, light); opening, gap; way, facility: — *gras*, flesh day; *les* — *s gras*, shrove-tide; — *maigre*, fish day; — *naissant*, spring; *à* —, open, open-worked; *à court* —, short-dated (of bills); *à long* —, long-dated (of bills); *faire* —, dawn, be daylight; *grand* —, broad daylight; *plein* —, open daylight; *mettre au* —, bring to light, give birth to; *se faire* —, make one's way; *huit* — *s*, a week; *quinze* — *s*, a fortnight; *être de* —, be upon duty; *vivre au* — *le* — (or *la journée*), live from hand to mouth; *se mettre à tous les* — *s*, make one's self cheap.

Jourdain, *m.*: Jordan.

journal° [L. *diurnalis*], *adj.*: daily; *m.*: journal (diary, newspaper): — *nautique*, log-book; — *de terre*, land that may be tilled in a day (measure varying in different districts). — **-naller**¹⁸, **-ière**, *adj.*: DIURNAL, daily; liable to change from day to day, variable, inconstant. — **-nalisme**¹⁷, *m.*: journalism. — **-naliste**¹⁷, *m.*: journalist.

jour-née° [p. L. **diurnata* (*-nus*, cf. *jour*)], *f.*: day (daytime with reference to the weather, or to something performed); day's wages: *travailler à la* —, work by the day; *homme de* —, day-laborer; *femme de* —, charwoman; *dans la* —, in the course of the day; *à grandes* (*petites*) — *s*, by long or forced (short or slow) journeys, stages. — **-nellement**¹⁴ [archaic *journal*, daily], *adj.*: daily.

jou-te¹¹, *f.*: joust, tilt; fight, contest.

-ter°¹⁰ [p. L. **juxtare* (L. *juxta*, near), join], *intr.*: joust, tilt; contend. — **-teur**¹¹, *m.*: combatant, adversary.

jeune-vence¹⁵ [L. *juventa*], *f.*: youth.
-vencen¹⁶ [p. L. *juvenculus* (L. *-venculus*, dim. of *-venia*, young)], *m.*: young fellow, lad, stripling. **-vencelle**, *f.*: young girl, lass.

jeuneux¹⁷ [L. *juxta*], *prep.*: near; according to.

jovial¹⁸ [It. *gioviale* (L. *jovalis*)], *adj.*: = **-lement**¹⁹, *adv.*: jovially. **-lité**²⁰, *f.*: joviality, mirth.

jouay²¹, *pl.* — *x* [OFr. *joel*, fr. *jouer*], *m.*: JEWEL.

je-yousement²², *adv.*: joyfully, cheerfully. **-youse**²³, *f.*: (fam.) fun, jest, gaiety. **-youse**²⁴, *adj.*: joyful, joyous, merry, cheerful.

jube²⁵ [L. *jube*, command! (first word of a hymn)], *m.*: = (gallery near the choir in a church, where parts of the service were performed; rood-loft); command (in *venir à* —, come to reason, succumb, yield).

jubilatoire²⁶ [1. *-lité*], *adj.*: jubilatory, of jubilee: *docteur* —, 'jubilatory doctor' (i.e. of 50 years since graduation).

jubilant²⁷ [1. *-lité*], *adj.*: = **-lité**²⁸, *f.*: = **-lité**²⁹.

jubilé³⁰ [L. *-laus* (Hebr. *jebel*, 'trumpet-blast', introducing the feast)], *m.*: jubilee (Hebrew celebration of every 50th year; Rom. Catholic church-solemnity; season or state of general joy). 2. **-lé**³¹, *adj.*: of fifty years' standing.

jubilant³² [L. *-lare*], *intr.*: (fam.) jubilate, exult; make merry.

jeu-cher³³ [?], *intr.*: roost, perch; *tr.*: place high up; *refl.*: roost. **-choir**³⁴, *m.*: roosting-place.

jeu-daïque³⁵ [L. *-daicus*], *adj.*: Judaical, Jewish. **-daïquement**³⁶, *adv.*: Judaically. **-daïser**, *intr.*: judaize.

Judas, *m.*: Judas; **judas**, traitor; peep-hole: *poil de* —, carrotty hair.

Judée, *f.*: Judaea.

judelle³⁷ [?], *f.*: coot (bird).

judicature³⁸ [L. *-care*, to JUDGE], *f.*: = magistracy. **-ciaire**³⁹ [L. *-ciarius*], *adj.*: judiciary, judicial, legal. **-ciairement**⁴⁰ [1. *-ciaire*], *adv.*: judicially, legally. **-cieusement**⁴¹ [1. *-cieux*], *adv.*: judiciously, discreetly. **-cieux**⁴², *adj.*: judicious, discreet.

jeu-ge⁴³ [L. *jūdex*], *m.*: JUDGE: — *de paix*, justice of the peace; — *de camp*, stickler; — *d'examination*, examining magistrate. **-geable**, *adj.*: amenable (to a tribunal). **-gement**⁴⁴, *m.*: judgment (sentence; opinion); trial: *rendre un* —, deliver judgment; *rendre un* — *contre*, sentence; *subir un* —, be under sentence; *mettre en* —, put to, or bring up for trial, indict; *passer en* —, be brought up for trial.

-ger⁴⁵ [L. *jūdicare* (*jū*, right)], *tr.*: judge (pass judgment upon, decide; sentence; consider, think; bring to trial, try); also *intr.*: — *d'propos*, think proper; — *sur*, judge of; *se* —, think or deem one's self; (*leg.*) be tried or heard. **-geur**⁴⁶, *m.*: judge (connoisseur, critic).

juglan-dées⁴⁷ [L. *juglans*, walnut], *f.*: *pl.*: juglans (genus of nut-trees). **-dine**⁴⁸ [L. *juglans*], *f.*: juglandin (extract of walnut).

jugu-laïre⁴⁹ [L. *jugulum* (root *jug-*, JOIN), neck], *adj.*: jugular; *f.*: jugular vein; chin-strap (of a soldier's hat).

juif, **juive** [L. *judæus*], *m.*, *f.*: Jew, Jewess; *adj.*: Jewish.

juillet⁵⁰ or **juil-yé** [old form *jugnet* (*juin*, June), adapted to L. *julius*, July], *m.*: July.

juin⁵¹ [L. *jūnius*], *m.*: JUNE.

juif-ve, see **juif**. **-verie**⁵², *f.*: *tj*ewry (Jews' ward); Jews or usurers' market; usury shop.

juju-be⁵³ [L. *zizyphum*], *m.*: = (sort of fruit): *du* —, jujube juice. **-bier**⁵⁴, *m.*: jujube-tree.

julep⁵⁵ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: = (drink).

Ju-les, *m.*: Julius. **-lien**, *m.*: Julian. **-lienne**, *f.*: Juliana. **juilienne**⁵⁶, *f.*: rocket (plant); vegetable soup.

jumart [?], *m.*: =.

ju-meu⁵⁷, **-melle** [L. *gemellus* (*geminus*, twin)], *adj.*: twin, twin-born; double; *m.*, *f.*: twin; *m.*: twin muscle; *f.* (*-melle*) corresponding part (in a machinery), doublet; cheek (corresponding side in machinery, etc.), side-beam; fish (piece of timber to strengthen a mast, etc.); double glass; GEMEL (parallel bar in a shield); gutter-wall. **-melé**⁵⁸ [*-meler*], *adj.*: matched; gemel; *f.* (*-melle*): piece adjusted to another, brace. **-meler**⁵⁹, *tr.*: match, fit together; support with a cheek, brace; (*nav.*) fish. **-melle**, *f.*, see **-meu**.

jumen-té⁶⁰ [L. *jumentum*, beast of burden], *f.*: mare. **-terie**⁶¹, *f.*: stud (for breeding stallions). **-teux**⁶², *adj.*: thick and high-coloured (of urine).

jungle⁶³ *un* = *g* [Sansk. *jāngala*], *f.*: =.

Ju-non, *f.*: Juno. **-nonien**, *enne*, *adj.*: Junonian.

junte *un* = *g* [Sp. *junta* (L. *juncta*, JOINED)], *f.*: junta (assembly in Spain).

ju-pe⁶⁴ [fr. Arab.], *f.*: petticoat; skirt (of a military coat). **-pon**⁶⁵, *m.*: short (under) petticoat; coat. **-ponner**⁶⁶ [*-pon*], *tr.*: put a petticoat on.

jurande⁶⁷ [*-rer*], *f.*: wardenship (of trade-corporations); body of wardens.

jurassique⁶⁸ [Jura], *adj.*: (*geol.*) Juras-sic.

ju-ratoire¹⁴ [L. *ratorius*], *adj.*: by oath: caution —, oath to appear (at court) or to restore a thing entrusted. **-ré**¹¹ [L. *-ratus*], *adj.*: sworn; having taken the oath of office; *m.*: sworn person; juror, jurymen (*pl.* jury); member of a board (of appropriation, examination, etc.): *chef des —s*, foreman of the jury; *récusar un —*, challenge a jurymen. **-rement**¹², *m.*: oath: *proférer un —*, utter an oath. **||-rer**¹⁰ [L. *jūrāre* (*jus*, right)], *tr.*: swear (affirm by oath, vow; appeal to by an oath, swear by); *intr.*: swear (solemnly declare; blaspheme); (*pour*) speak well (for); swear (against), be discordant, not harmonise, clash, squeak (of mus. instruments): *se —*, swear to one another; *il ne faut — de rien*, we must swear to nothing; *— un gros mot*, utter an oath; *le vert-re avec le bleu*, green swears against (does not harmonise with) blue. **-reur**¹¹, *m.*: swearer (person taking oath; blasphemer). **-ridiction**¹² [L. *-ris-dictio*], *f.*: jurisdiction. **-ridictionnel**¹⁵, *adj.*: jurisdictional. **-ridique**¹⁴ [L. *-ri-dicus*], *adj.*: juridical. **-ridiquement**¹⁴ [*-ridique*], *adv.*: juridically. **-risconsulte**¹⁴ [L. *-ris-consultus*], *m.*: juriconsult, lawyer. **-risprudence**¹⁵ [L. *-ris-prudentia*], *f.*: —. **-riste**¹³ [L. *-rista*], *m.*: jurist. **-ron**¹⁵, *m.*: oath. **-ry**¹¹ [Eng.], *m.*: —; board of examination: *banc du —*, jury-box; *chef du —*, foreman of the jury; *former un tableau (or une liste) du —*, impanel a jury; *— de jugement*, petty jury. **jus**⁹ [L. *jūs*], *m.*: JUICE (of fruit, meat, etc.). **jusant**¹⁶ [old *jus* (L. *-sum*), down], *m.*: ebb, ebb-tide.

jusqu' for *jusque* before vowel.

jusque⁹ or poet. **-ques** [p. L. **de-usque* (L. *usque*)], *prep.*: as far as, even (with *à* in adverb of place) unto, (even) to, up to, down to: *jusqu'ici*, as far as here, (even) to this place; until now; *jusqu'à*, as far as there, (even) to that place; until then; *jusqu'à quand?* until when? how long? *jusqu'où*, how far; *jusqu'à ce que*, till, until.

jusquame¹² [L. *-mus*], *f.*: HYOSCIAMUS, henbane.

jussion¹⁶ [L. *-io* (*jubere*, order)], *f.*: command, injunction.

justaucorps¹⁶ [*juste au corps*], *m.*: long close coat. **||-te**¹¹ [L. *-tus* (*jus*, right)], *adj.*: just (right, equitable, fair); right, appropriate, proper, fit; fitting, tight; *m.*: what is just; just or upright man; close jacket (worn by country women); *adv.*: justly, exactly, precisely; (*mus.*) true: *un homme —*, a righteous man; *des souliers trop —s*, too tight shoes; *chanter —*, sing true (in tune); *raisonner —*, reason closely; *au*

—, precisely, exactly. **-tement**¹¹, *adv.*: justly, honestly; exactly. **-tesse**¹⁵, *f.*: justness, exactness, accuracy; appropriateness. **-tice**¹⁰ [L. *-titia*], *f.*: —; righteousness; fairness; administration of justice, law; officers of justice; jurisdiction; court of justice; execution: *rendre la —*, administer justice; *appeler (or traduire) en —*, sue, prosecute; *lit de —*, king's throne in the parlement of Paris; sitting of the parliament of Paris in the king's presence; *en bonne —*, in fairness. **-tieable**¹¹ [*-ticer*], *adj.*: amenable: *m.*, *f.*: person amenable to a tribunal. **1.-ticer**¹¹ [L. *-titia*], *tr.*: punish corporally. **2.-ticer**¹¹, *—re* [*-tice*], *m.*, *f.*: lover of justice; justiciary. **-tifiable**¹² [*-tifier*], *adj.*: —. **-tifant**¹³ [*-fier*], *adj.*: justifying. **-tificateur**¹⁵ [L. *-tificare*], *m.*: adjuster (of types). **-tificatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tificare*], *adj.*: justificatory, justifying. **-tification**¹¹ [L. *-ficatio*], *f.*: —; adjustment. **-tifier**¹¹ [L. *-tificare*], *tr.*: justify (vindicate, clear, prove; adjust, print even types); *intr.* (with *de*) prove.

jute¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: —, fiber plant.

ju-ter¹⁸ [*jus*], *intr.*: be juicy. **-teur**¹⁸, **-euse** [*jus*], *adj.*: juicy.

juvénile¹⁴ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: juvenile, youthful. **-lement**¹⁶, *adj.*: youthfully, boyishly.

-lité, *f.*: youthfulness.

juxta- [L. near]: **-linéaire**¹⁸, *adj.*: juxta-linear. **-poser**¹⁸, *tr.*: place together (juxtapose). **-position**¹⁸, *f.*: —.

K

k *ke*, or older *ka* [L.], *m.*: k (the letter).

kahouane = *caouane*.

kakatoès, **-toi** = *cacatois*.

kaleïdoscope¹⁸ [Gr. *kalós*, beautiful, *eidōs*, view, *skopeîn*, see], *m.*: kaleidoscope.

kali¹⁷ [fr. Arab.], *m.*: — (glasswort); kalium.

kalmie¹⁷ [L. *-mia*], *f.*: kalmia (laurel shrub).

kamichi¹⁸ [Brazil], *m.*: — (bird).

kandjar or **-giar**¹⁸ [Arab.], *m.*: Oriental dagger.

kangouron¹⁸ or **-guroo** [Austral.], *m.*: kangaroo.

kantisme¹⁸ [the philosopher Kant], *m.*: Kantism. **-tiste**¹⁸, *m.*: Kantist.

kaolin¹⁷ [Chin.], *m.*: — (clay).

karabé = *Carabé*.

karat = *carat*.

karata¹⁶ [West Ind.], *m.*: karatas (plant).

kari = *cari*.

katakona = *cacatois*.

keepsake¹⁸ *kip-æk* [Eng.], *m.*: —.

képi¹⁸ [L. Ger. *kaepi* (dim. of *kappe*, hat)]. m.: undress military CAP (worn by soldiers or college boys).

kermès¹⁵ [f. Arab.], m.: kermes (insect; kermes-scale); kermes-mineral.

kermesse¹⁸ [Flem. *kerk-misse*, 'CHURCH-MASS'], f.: = (or kirmess, festival and fair).

ketmie¹⁸ [L. *L. -mia* (Ar.)], f.: = (plant).

khédive [Pers.], m.: khedive (viceroy of Egypt).

kif-kif¹⁸ [for *équivalent*], adj.: (slang) all the same.

kilo¹⁷ [Gr. *chilioi*, 1000], m.: kilo(gram).

-gramme¹⁷, m.: kilogram. **-litre**¹⁷, m.: kiloliter. **-métrage**¹⁸ [-*mètre*], m.: measuring by kilometers.

-mètre¹⁷, m.: kilometer. **-métré**¹⁸ [-*mètre*], tr.: mark (a road) with kilometer-posts.

-métrique¹⁸ [-*mètre*], adj.: of a kilometer.

kinétoscope¹⁸ [Gr. *kinétos*, movable, *skopeîn*, see], m.: kinetoscope.

kinine = quinine.

kinkajou¹⁵ [Amer.], m.: = (mammal).

kiosque¹⁶ [fr. Turk.], m.: kiosk (open pavilion; small news-stand).

kirsch(-wasser)¹⁷ [-*vas'r*] [Ger., 'CHERRY-WATER'; pronounced as in Ger.], m.: =.

knout¹⁷ [Russ. *knout*], m.: =, scourge.

koran = coran.

kouan¹⁷ [?], m.: cochineal.

kyrielle¹⁴ [L. *kyrie* (Gr. *Kúrie*, voc. of *Kúrios*, Lord)], f.: (old) litany; long and tedious enumeration, long string (of things).

kys-te¹⁵ [Gr. *-tis*, bag], m.: cyst(is).

-tique¹⁷, adj.: cystic.

kystotome, -mie = cystome, -mie.

L

1 *le* or older *ël*, f.: 1 (the letter).

1. **la**, def. art., see *le*.

2. **la** [L. *la-bii*, LIP's, in the hymn fr. which the names of notes], m.: = (note in music: *prendre le* —, tune up one's instrument).

là¹⁷ [L. *illae*, thither], adv.: there; then; so so; *interj.*: well now! there now!

labarum¹⁵ [L.], m.: = (military standard).

labdacisme¹⁷ [L. -*mus*. (Gr. *la(m)bda*, the letter *l*)], m.: bad enunciation of *l*.

label-le¹⁸ [L. -*lum*, little LIP], m.: labelum (lower lip of orchids, etc.); (turned back) fold of shells.

-lé¹⁸, adj.: lipped, hav'g a lip-like fold.

labour¹¹ [L. -*bor*], m.: labour; book-work:

bêtes de —, draft animals; *terre en* —, tilled land.

la-bial⁹, pl. = *aux* [L. -*bium*, LIP], adj.: =; verbal, oral; f. pl.: labials (p, b, f, v, m). **-bié**¹⁷ [L. -*bium*], adj.: labiate; f. pl.: labiatae, mint family.

labile¹⁸ [L. -*lis* (*labi*, slip)], adj.: unstable; deciduous: (rare) *mémoire* —, bad memory.

la-boratoire¹⁶ [L. -*borare*, work], m.: laboratory.

-borieusement¹⁵, adv.: with difficulty; laboriously.

-borieux¹¹, = *exse* [L. -*riosus*], adj.: laborious; industrious.

-bour, m.: tillage, ploughing; (poet.) plowed land.

-bourable¹⁴, adj.: ploughable, arable.

-bourage¹¹, m.: tillage, husbandry; *†*toiling, *†*toil (of passing under a bridge; of unloading barrels fr. a boat).

||-bourer¹⁹ [L. -*borare*, work], intr.: *†*labour (toil); unload full barrels (fr. a boat); tr.: plough; till; spade; furrow; cultivate; toil through, read over again and again.

-boueur¹¹, m.: labourer; deck-hand; ploughman, tiller; spade.

labre¹⁸ [L. -*brum*], m.: labrum (LIP; upper lip of animals; outer lip of shells); labrus (fish).

labyrinth¹⁴ [L. -*thus*], m.: labyrinth, (intricate way; irregular folds, winding passage of the ear, etc.).

lac¹¹ [L. -*cus*], m.: LAKE.

la-cage¹⁸, m.: lacing, tightening.

||-cer⁹ [p. L. **laciare*, L. *laqueare* (*laqueus*, noose)], tr.: lace (draw together with cord; tighten); darn (seines), fecundate: — *une voile*, draw in a sail (on account of the wind); — *la femelle*, line the female;

-cé, crystal glass adorning a chandelier.

la-cé-ration¹⁸ [L. -*ratio*], f.: laceration, (tearing).

||-rer¹⁸ [L. -*rare*], tr.: lacerate (tear asunder, destroy): *feuilles-rées*, ragged leaves.

la-ceret¹² [*losse*], m.: wimble; pin-drift; bungbore; pivot-drill; ring-bolt or screw.

la-cerie¹⁷ [-*cer*], f.: close weave (of willow or straw).

la-cerne¹⁷ [L. -*na*], f.: outside Roman cloak.

la-ceron¹⁵ [? -*cer*], m.: sow-thistle.

-cet¹⁸ [-*cs*], m.: lace (corset or shoe-string); zigzag road (on mountains); snare, noose, lasso; bolt (to hinge); forked iron (holding a ring): — *de bonette*, rope fastening two sails together; *mouvement de* —, side shift (at a turn in the road); — *de mer*, or *de Neptune*, filiform seawrack.

lâ-chage¹⁸, m.: (fam.) desertion.

lâ-che¹¹, adj.: LAX (loose; remiss, weak); cowardly; m., f.: coward.

-chement¹¹ [-*che*], adv.: loosely; carelessly; cowardly.

||-cher⁹ [p. L. **lascare* (L. *laza*—

re]], *tr.*: RELAX (loosen; slacken, unbind); RELEASE (quit, let go); let fly; discharge (fire-arms), let out; utter: — (une courroie d') un cran, let (a strap) out a notch; — la bride, give rein; — prise, let go one's hold; — quelqu'un, abandon a person; — les chiens, turn the dogs loose; — un coup de fusil, fire off a gun; — pied, retreat, run away; — un mot, let a word slip. — **chété**¹¹ [-che], *f.*: listlessness; cowardice, cowardly act, meanness. — **cheur**¹⁵, = **cuise**, *m.*: raftsmen; *m., f.*: deserter.

lacier¹³, = **ièrre** [laes], *m., f.*: fish net.

lacinie¹⁶ [L. -natus, shredded], *adj.*: *feuilles* — *es*, jagged, laciniate leaves.

lacs¹¹ [-cer], *m.*: network (of threads, nerves, etc.).

laconi-que¹⁵ [L. -eus (Gr. lakonikós, of Laconia, Sparta)], *adj.* or *m.*: laconic (of few words, simple and plain; briefness). — **quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: laconically. — **sme**¹⁵ [Gr. lakonismós], *m.*: laconicism (brief and pointed remark).

lacrý-mal¹², *pl.* = **aur** [L. -ma, TEAR], *adj.*: = **-matoiré**¹⁶ [L. -mare, WEEP], *adj.* or *m.*: lachrymatory. — **mule**¹⁶ [L. -mula], *f.*: little tear.

lacs⁹ [p. L. -cius (L. laqueus)], *m.*: string; noose; snare; halter.

lac- [L. lac, milk]: — **-taire**¹⁶ [L. -tarius], *adj.*: lacteal: *colonne* —, milk pillar (where new-born babes were shown in Rome). — **-tate**¹⁸, *m.*: salt of lactic acid. — **-tation**¹⁷ [L. -tatio], *f.*: = (secreting milk; giving suck). — **-té**¹³ [L. -teus], *adj.*: milk, milky. — **-tescent**¹⁸ [L. -tescens, becoming milky], *adj.*: having milky juice. — **-tifère**¹⁷ [L. ferre, BEAR], *adj.*: lactiferous. — **-tine**¹⁸, *f.*: milk sugar. — **-tique**¹⁸, *adj.*: lactic. — **-tucarium**¹⁸ [L. -tuca, LETUCE], *m.*: = (dried milky juice of plants).

lacu-ne¹⁵ [L. -na (ak. to lacus, lake), pool], *f.*: lacuna (gap; break in a series; empty place). — **-stre**¹⁵ [L. -stria], *adj.*: lacustrine.

ladanum¹² [L., *m.*: la(u)danum (resin)].

la-dre¹¹, = **-dresse** [L. Lazarus, the beggar], *m., f.*: leper; sordid fellow, miser; whitish or hairless skin (of piebald horse); *adj.*: leprous; measly, shabby; miserly. — **-drerie**¹⁶, *f.*: leprosy; measles (of pork); miserliness; †pest-house, LAZARETTO.

lago-pède¹⁸ [Gr. lagós, hare, L. pes, FOOT], *m.*: lagopode, ptarmigan (grouse). — **-phthalmie**¹⁷ or **-phthalmie** [L. Gr. -phthalmon, hare-eye], *f.*: lagophthalmia (disease where the lid doesn't cover the eyeball). — **-stome**¹⁸ [Gr. stóma, mouth], *m.*: lagostoma, hare-lip.

lagre¹⁷ [Ger. lager, couch], *f.*: = (bot-

tom sheet of smooth glass on which other sheets are laid).

lagune¹⁷ [It. -na (L. lacus, LAKE)], *f.*: lagoon.

1. **lai**¹¹ [O. Eng. laie (ak. to Goth. laik, dance)], *m.*: LAY, little poem.

2. **flai** [L. L. laicus, Gr. laikós (laós, people)], *adj.*: lay (non-professional, not official); *m., f.*: layman. — **flaic, laique**, see **laïque**.

laiche¹² [OHG. lisa], *f.*: cat's-tail, sedge.

laici-sation¹⁸, *f.*: making lay or non-professional. — **-ser**¹⁸ [L. laicus, lay], *tr.*: — une école, replace the clergy officials by laymen. — **-té** [L. laicus, lay], *f.*: lay character.

lai-d¹⁰, = **-de** [OHG. laid, unpleasant (ak. to Eng. loathe)], *adj.*: ugly (ill-looking, unsightly, plain; unbecoming, mean); *m.*: ugliness; ugly fellow; *f.*: ugly or plain woman; naughty girl. — **-dement**¹⁰, *adv.*: uglily, unbecomingly. — **-dèren**, *m., f.*: ugly creature, fright. — **-deur**¹², *f.*: ugliness, homeliness. — **-dir**¹¹, *tr.*: make ugly; *intr.*: become ugly.

1. **laie**¹¹ [?], *f.*: wild sow.

2. **laie**¹³ [?], *f.*: wood-road, timber lane.

3. **laie**¹⁸ [ak. to Ger. lade, box], *f.*: chest (of an organ); trough, tub (for pressing grape pumice, etc.).

4. **laie**¹⁰ [?], *f.*: stonecutter's (dentated) hammer; dentated surface (made by pick-hammer).

lai-nage¹², *m.*: wool (fleece, wool goods); teasing. — **lai-ne**⁹ [L. lana], *f.*: wool (of animals; fuzz, down; worsted); sulphate of lime: — *de fer*, flaky oxide of zinc; *†tireur de* —, road-thief; *se laisser manger la* — *sur le dos*, let one's self be fleeced; *laver la* — *sur pied*, dip a sheep before shearing. — **-ner**¹², *tr.*: tease (cloth); flock (paper); *m.*: fuzzy woolly surface. — **-nerie**¹², *f.*: wool manufacture; woollens, woollen goods; place of sheep-shearing; teasing shop. — **-nette**¹⁸, *f.*: moss (a velvet variety). — **-neur**¹², = **-ense** [-ner], *m., f.*: teaseler; *f.*: gig, teasing machine. — **-neur**¹⁴, = **-ense**, *adj.*: woolly, fleecy.

1. **-nier**¹², = **ièrre**, *m., f.*: wool-man (wool stapler; wool-dealer; wool-sorter; wool-comber).

2. **-nier**¹⁷, = **ièrre**, *adj.*: of wool.

laïque¹⁵ [L. laicus], *adj.*: non-clerical, laic; *m., f.*: layman, laywoman; *pl.*: laity.

lais¹⁴ [-sser], *m.*: stand (tree left when others are cut down); old bed (of streams, or lakes).

1. **laisse**¹¹ [?], *f.*: LEASH (thong; leading strap); place of leashing; brace of dogs; hat-cord: *mener quelqu'un en* —, lead one by the nose.

2. **lais-se**¹¹, *f.*: 'laisse' (group of assonant lines of varied number in old French heroic poems); alluvion, alluvium (left bare at low water); silt; drift. **-ses** (or **sées**¹⁶), *f. pl.*: = (dung of deer, bears). **||-ser**⁹ [*L. laxare*, loosen], *tr.*: leave (quit, forsake); abandon; cease; give up; give over; leave behind; bequeath; let (allow, permit); let go; **reLASE**; let slip (dogs): — faire, let alone; — *des plumes*, escape with some damage; *cela laisse à désirer*, that leaves something lacking yet; *laissez donc*, nonsense! *cela ne laisse pas que d'être vrai*, it is true nevertheless; — *courre*, start (where dogs are let loose to hunt). † **-ses**, see **-se**. **-se-tout-faire**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: woman's apron. **-ses-pas-ser**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: permit, pass.
- lai-t**⁶ [*p. L. lacte (L. lac)*], *m.*: milk; white (of eggs); glair; whitish chemical preparation; milk-food: *le — monte*, the milk begins to be abundant; *frère de —*, foster-brother; *monter comme une soupe au —*, boil (with anger) like milk soup; *petit —*, whey; — *de chaux*, whitewash; — *de poule*, egg-nog (with or without liquor); — *coupé*, milk and water; — *de roche*, rock-milk, carbonate of lime; — *de couleur*, a spurge variety; — *battu*, fumitory; — *d'âne*, hare's-lettuce; — *doré*, mushroom variety. **-tage**¹³, *m.*: milk products. **-tance**¹² or **-te**, *f.*: sperm of male fish. **-té**¹³ [*-te*], *adj.*: hav'g soft roe (as male fish). **-terie**¹³, *f.*: dairy; milk-depot. **-terol**¹³ [*-tier*], *m.*: spout (of melting-pot). **-teron**¹³, *m.*: sow-thistle.
1. **-teur**¹³ = **-euse**, *adj.*: LACTEOUS, milky.
2. **-teur**¹³ = **-euse** [*-te*], *adj.*: fertilised (by milt). 1. **-tier**¹³ = **-ière**, *m.*: milkman or woman; *f.*: woman who has milk, wetnurse, *m.*: milky mushroom. 2. **-tier**¹³, *m.*: glassy-slag; lava.
- lai-ton**¹³ [*?*], *m.*: brass. **-tonner**¹³, *tr.*: wire (with brass wire as ladies' hats).
- laitue**⁶ [*L. lactuca (lac, milk)*], *f.*: LETTUCE: — *sauvage*, endive; — *pommée*, cabbage lettuce; — *romaine*, cos-lettuce; — *de brebis*, lamb's-lettuce; — *de lièvre*, hare's-lettuce, sow-thistle.
- laize**⁹ [*p. L. lātia (L. lātus, brood)*], *f.*: width (of cloth).
1. **lama**¹⁷ [Thibet], *m.*: = (priest).
2. **lama**¹⁷ [Sp. *llama* (Peru)], *m.*: llama.
- lama-nage**¹³ [ak. to **-neur**], *m.*: piloting (on the coast). **||-neur**¹⁵ [Ofr. *-n* (Flem. *lotman*, LEAD-man)], *m.*: coast-pilot, harbour-pilot.
- lamantin**¹⁶ [S. Am.], *m.*: MANATEE (cetacean).
- † **lamb-dacisme** = **labdacisme**. **-doide**¹⁵ [Gr. *lambda*, 1 (the letter), *eidōs*, form], *adj.*: lambdoid (like Gr. A).
- lam-beau**¹² [*?*], *m.*: rag, shred, tatter (of flesh). **||-bel** [*?*], *m.*: (her.) =, LABEL.
- lam-bin**¹⁵ = **-ine** [*?*], *m.*: loiterer; *m.*: †cockchafer. **-biner**¹⁶, *intr.*: dawdle.
- lambourde**¹³ [*?*], *f.*: summer-beam; joint; scantling; summer-stone; bottom-stone; scion.
- lambrquin**¹⁴ [dim. of Flem. *lamper*, veil], *m.*: = (helmet scarf; her. mantelet; ornamental hanging for top of doors, etc.); cloth lamboy, strip of cloth at bottom of cuirass.
- lam-bris**⁶ [*p. L. *brūscum (L. labrusca*, wild vine)], *m.*: finish of a room (in wood, marble, etc.); wainscoting; paneling; ceiling, canopy: *les cèlestes —*, the skies; (*fam.*) — *dorés*, signs of wealth. **-brissage**¹⁴ [*-brisser*], *m.*: wainscoting, paneling. **-brisser**¹³, *tr.*: finish with wainscot, panels, etc. † **-brissure**¹², *f.*: finish work. **-bruche**¹⁴, **-brusque** [*L. labrusca*], *f.*: wild vine.
- la-me**⁶ [*L. mina*, scale], *f.*: lamina (scale; sheet of metal, blade); flake, foil, spangle; blade (sword); slat; fold (of spring); sheet (of water), billow, surge; flat jet (of water); flat wire; ribbon; (*fig.*) swordsmen. **-mé**¹⁷, *adj.*: laminated.
- lamel-laie**¹⁷ [*L. -la*, little scale], *adj.*: lamellar. **-le**¹⁷ [*L. -la*], *f.*: lamella. **-lé**¹⁷ [*L. -la*], *adj.*: lamellate. **-leux**¹⁷ = **-euse** [*L. -la*], *adj.*: scaly, shaly.
- lame-n-table**¹³ [*L. -tabilis*], *adj.*: =. **-tablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: lamentably. **-tation**¹³ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: =. **||-ter**⁹ [*p. L. -lāre (L. -lāri)*], *intr.*, *reflex.*: lament; *tr.*: mourn over.
- † **lamentin** = **lamentin**.
- lamette**¹⁴ [*-me*], *f.*: little scale.
- lamie**¹⁵ [*L. -mia*], *f.*: fabulous giantess Lamia; dog-fish, white shark.
- † **lamier**¹⁷ [*-me*], *m.*: tinsel-maker, foil-maker.
2. **lamier**¹³ [*L. -mium*], *m.*: dead nettle.
- lami-nage**¹⁷, *m.*: rolling, flattening. **||-ner**¹⁵ [*L. -na*, scale], *tr.*: laminate (beat, roll, or press flat). **-nerie**¹³, *f.*: shingling works, laminating shop. **-neur**¹³, *m.*: workman (in rolling-mill). **-neur**¹³ = **-euse** [*L. -nosus*], *m.*: cellular. **-noir**¹⁶, *m.*: laminating machine.
1. **lampa-daire**¹⁷ [*L. -darius*], *m.*: lampadary (official torch-bearer). 2. **daire**¹⁷ [*p. L. -darius*], *m.*: lamp-post. **-diste**¹⁷ [Gr. *-distēs*], *m.*: torch-racer. **-dophore**¹⁷ [Gr. *-dophoros*], *m.*: torch-bearer; lampadephor (runner in Greek torch-race); starter (who gave signal to run).
- lampa-nt**¹⁷ [Prov. fr. *lampa*, glisten], *adj.*: clear.
1. **lampas**¹¹ [ak. to *-per*], *m.*: throat;

LAMPERS (swelling of fleshy bars in horse's mouth): *humecter le —*, drink.

2. **lampas**¹⁷ [ʔ], m.: = (flowered silk stuff).

1. **lampe**¹¹ [L. (Gr.) -pas], f.: LAMP: — *carcel*, carcel-lamp; — *de Davy* or *de sûreté*, (miner's) safety-lamp.

2. †**lampe**, see *lampe*, breast.

lam-pée¹⁰, f.: large draft (amount drunk at once). ||-**pér** [form of *laper*], tr.: gulp down.

lamperon¹⁵ [-pe], m.: socket, wick-holder.

†**lampier** = *frelampier*.

lam-pion¹⁵ [It. -pione, large lamp], m.: grease-cup (with wick). -**piste**¹⁵ [-pe], m., f.: lamp-maker or seller; lamp-lighter.

-**pisterie**¹⁵ [-piste], f.: lamp business; lamp-room.

lampon¹⁵ [-pons (-per)], 'let us drink,' the usual refrain, m.: lampoon.

lam-prillon¹², m.: little lamprey. ||-**proie**¹⁰ [p. L. **prēda* (L. -petra)], f.: lamprey. †-**proyon** = -*prillon*.

lampsane¹⁵ [L. -na], f.: wild mustard, charlock.

lampyre¹³ [L. -pyris (Gr. *lāmpēin*, glister)], m.: lampyrus (firefly; glow-worm).

lan-çage¹⁵ [-cer], m.: launching. ||**lan-çee**¹⁰ [L. -cea], f.: = (javelin; spear; harpoon; knight, user of a lance; flag-staff; lancet, scalpel); trowel; fire-poker; pike (of *cheval-de-frise*); tree (large enough to cut): *courir une —*, charge with lance couched; *la sainte —*, the holy lance (at eucharist); — *à feu*, lunt, friction igniter; — *à eau*, nozzle; — *de sonde*, tallowed plum-bob (to show nature of bottom). -**ecement**¹² [-cer], m.: launching. -**écolé**¹⁵ [-ecola, little lance], f.: †plantain (weed); lance-like leaf or petal, etc., little friction igniter. -**écolé**¹⁷ [L. -*ecolatus*], adj.: lanceolate. †-**ecpessade** = *anspessade*. -**eer**¹⁰ [p. L. **ciāre*], tr.: LAUNCH (huri); dart; start; thrust; rush; shoot ahead; scare up. start; propel; se —, dart (rush, dash forth; spring, fly); venture; take liberties; *le lancé*, starting wild game; the start. -**ecron**¹⁴, m.: young pike (fish).

-**cette**¹¹, f.: lancet; any sharp flat knife. -**cet-tier**¹⁵ [-cette], m.: lancet-case. -**cier**¹⁵, m.: lancer (soldier armed with a lance); dance, lance(d)iers. -**cière**¹⁴, f.: discharge-flume (of water-wheel).

-**cinant**¹⁵ [L. -*cinare*, tear up], adj.: lancing, acute, piercing (as pains).

-**eis**¹¹ [-cer], m.: patching (of stone wall); wedge-shaped stone (in door jambs; in arches; in façades): — *de l'écoinçon*, projecting stone (in wall). -**coir**¹³ [-cer], m.: water-gate (to mill-wheel); log-slide

or chute. -**con**¹² [-cer], m.: LANT, sand-ell; young pike.

landau¹⁵ [Ger. town L.], m.: = (carriage).

lande [fr. Celt., "open country"], f.: moor.

land-grave¹² [Ger. *land-graf*, count], m.: = (title in Germany). -**graviat**¹⁵, m.: landgrave.

landier¹¹ [Ofr. *andier* (?)], m.: kitchen ANDRON.

landwehr¹⁵ [Ger., 'country-defence'], m.: = (reserve militia).

laneret¹³ [-nier], m.: lanneret, male of lanner (falcon).

langage¹¹, m.: language.

lange¹⁰ [L. *lāneus*, woollen], m.: swaddling clothes; swathing band; parting-cloth; (engrav.) blanket.

langou-reusement¹⁵, adv.: languishingly. ||-**reux**, = *ense* [languer], adj.: languishing; m., f.: languishing lover.

langouste¹⁰ [L. *locusta*], f.: †LOCUST; palinurus, spiny-lobster.

†**lan-guard**¹², = *arde*, adj.: long-tongued; m., f.: talker, tattler. ||**lan-gue** [L. *lingua*], f.: TONGUE (organ of speech; language; tongue-shaped object, neck of land; strip, tongue of plants, instruments, etc.): *tirer la —*, put out the tongue; — *bien pendue*, gift of gab; *la — lui a fourché*, his tongue tripped; *coup de —*, slash of the tongue; *faire merveilles du plat de la —*, do wonders to hear him tell it; *jeter sa — aux chiens*, give up guessing; — *de bœuf*, bugloss; trowel; — *de carpe*, carp's-tongue chisel; — *de cerf*, hart's-tongue; — *de chat*, bidens (aster); seashell; — *de serpent*, adder's-tongue; — *de vache*, comfrey; anvil (with flat beak); — *de voile*, wedge (strip added to a sail). -**gué**¹⁴, adj. (her.) langued (hay's tongue of distinct tincture). -**gueter**¹⁵ [-guette], tr.: cut tongue-shaped. -**guette**¹², f.: =, anything resembling a little tongue (LANGUET; tang; flap over valve to bellows, or balloon; index of scales; slip in a reed; tapering end of a tube; key, valve to musical instruments; appendage; tail-piece).

languer¹⁰ [L. -*guor*], f.: languor (languidness; inertness); atonic debility.

langue-yer¹¹ [languer], tr.: †loosen the tongue of; inspect the tongue of (hog for measles); provide with a *languette*.

-**yeur**¹⁵, m.: inspector (of hogs).

languide¹⁵ [L. -*duis*], adj.: languid.

languier¹³ [-gue], m.: smoked tongue and throat (of hogs).

lan-guir¹⁰ [p. L. **guire* (L. -*guère*)], intr.: languish (be inert; pine away; droop; fall off, grow weaker). -**guissam-**

ment¹⁵ [-guissant], *adv.*: languishingly.
-guissant¹², *adj.*: languishing.

la-nice¹² [laine], *adj.*: woollen: *bourre* —, flock, refuse wool. **-nier**¹³ [Ofr., "soft" lit. "woollen"], *m.*: lanner (female falcon).

lanière¹¹ [? L. *lacinia*, flap], *f.*: thong.

lani-ère¹⁷ [L. *lana*, wool, *ferre*, BEAR], or **-gère**¹⁴ [L. *-ger* (*gerere*, bear)], *adj.*: wool-bearing; woolly; downy.

laniste¹⁴ [L. *-ta*], *m.*: trainer or seller of gladiators.

†**lanspessade** = *anspessade*.

lansquemet¹⁴ [Ger. *lands-knecht*, "country's servant"], *m.*: = (mercenary soldier; matching card game).

lantana¹³, or **-nier** [L. L., as if fr. L. *lentus*, pliant], *m.*: = (plant of vervain family).

lanter¹⁸ [?], *tr.*: hammer, model with a hammer.

lanter-ne⁹ [L. *-na*], *f.*: lantern (translucent case; tower; lantern-wheel; up-right skylight); cone wheel; glass case (over delicate balances); perforated cylinder (in machinery); cartridge shell; cabinet (latticed, where one may listen unobserved); tomfoolery, nonsense: — *sourde*, dark-lantern; — *vive* (or *magique*), magic lantern; à *la* —, to the lamp-post (i.e. hang him)! **-nean**¹⁸, *m.*: little tower (on dome; sky-light). **-ner**¹³, *intr.*: talk nonsense; trifle; *tr.*: trifle with; hang (to lamp-post). **-nerie**¹⁵ [-ner], *f.*: trifling, fooling; idle stories, nonsense. 1. **-nier**¹², *m.*: lantern-man. 2. **-nier**¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: trifter. **-non**¹⁸, *m.*: little lantern.

lantha-ne¹⁸ [Gr. *-nein*, lie hid], *m.*: lanthanum (chemical element).

†**lantipon-nage**¹⁶, *m.*: trifling, nonsense. ††**-ner**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: talk nonsense.

lanture¹⁷ [-ter], *f.*: hammered brass ornament.

lantur(e)lu¹⁶ [invented word], *m.*: refrain (of disdainful song); beast (card game); jack of clubs (at beast); sifter attachment (for oat-meal).

lann-gineux¹⁰, **-euse** [L. *-ginosus* (-go, fine wool, down)], *adj.*: downy.

laper¹¹ [Germ'c orig.], *tr.*: LAP, drink with the tongue.

lapereau¹³ [ak. to *-pin*], *m.*: leveret; young rabbit.

lapi- [L. *lapis*, stone]: **-cide**¹⁸ [L. *-cida* (*cadere*, cut)], *m.*: stone-engraver.

1. **-daire**¹¹ [L. *-s*], *m.*: lapidary, gem cutter or his tool; †treatise on precious stones. 2. **-daire**¹² [L. *-darius*], *adj.*: lapidary; *style* —, style of inscriptions.

-dation¹¹ [L. *-datio*], *f.*: = (stoning). **-der**¹⁰ [L. *-dare*], *tr.*: lapidate, stone to

death. **-dification**¹⁷ [L. L. *-dificare*, become stone], *f.*: =, petrification. **-difier**¹⁵ [L. L. *-dificare*], *tr.*: petrify, lapidify. **-diffique**¹⁶ [L. *facere*, make], *adj.*: lapidific, converting to stone. **-fleux**¹⁸, **-euse** [L. *-flus*, little stone], *adj.*: stony, hard.

la-pin¹⁵, **-ine** [?], *m.*: rabbit (buck, doe): — *de garenne*, wild rabbit; — *de clapier* (or *de chou*), tame rabbit; — *bélier*, large kind of rabbit. **-pinière**¹⁸, *f.*: rabbit warren.

lapis-(**lazuli**)¹² [L. L.], *m.*: lapis lazuli (gem).

1. **laps**¹⁴ [L. *-sus* (*labi*, fall, glide)], *m.*: lapse. 2. **laps**¹⁴ [L. *-sus*], *adj.*: fallen, backsliding (into heresy).

laquais¹⁴ [Sp. *lacayo* (?)], *m.*: lackey (valet in livery).

la-que¹⁴ [L. L. *lacca* fr. Pers.], *f.*: lac; lake (pigment); *m.*: lacquer, varnish: *gomme* —, gum-lac. **-quer**¹⁸, *tr.*: varnish.

†**laqueton**¹⁷ [-quais], *m.*: little lackey. **laqueur**¹⁸, **-euse** [-que], *adj.*: like lac.

laraire¹⁵ [L. *lararium*], *m.*: lararium (domestic altar, household shrine of the LARES).

larbin¹⁸ [slang], *m.*: lackey.

larein¹⁰ [L. *latrocinium* (*latro*, robber)], *m.*: LARCENY, theft: *un doux* —, a stolen kiss.

lar-d⁹ [L. *-dum*], *m.*: fat (of animals); esp. bacon, lard; sap-wood (next bark): *gros* —, clean fat; — *maigre*, or *petit* —, fat and lean; (*fam.*) *faire du* —, fatten (fr. idleness); *avoir mangé le* —, be the guilty one; *pierre de* —, Spanish (or tailors') chalk, soapstone. **-der**¹¹, *tr.*: lard (sandwich with bacon, interlard; pierce repeatedly); (*fam.*) goad, harass; fill with nails (for holding plaster): — *une carte*, slip in an extra card; *pain lardé*, poorly baked bread. **-doire**¹⁸ [-der], *f.*: larding needle; iron-shoe (of a pile); snag, sliver (left on stump). **-don**¹¹ [-der], *m.*: slice of bacon; (*fam.*) cut, dig, sarcasm; plug; false card. **-dure**¹⁷ [-der], *f.*: flaw (made by shuttle).

lare¹⁵ [L. *lar*], *m.*: household god; home.

lar-ge⁹ [L. *-gus*, abundant], *adj.*: = (wide, broad; spacious, ample; liberal); lax (loose); *adv.*: largely; wide; *m.*: width, breadth; extent; open sea, offing: *prendre le* —, withdraw, go away; (*passer*) *au* —, keep off! *gagner le* —, stand out to sea; *au long et au* —, in all ways; *être au* —, be at one's ease, well off; have a generous conscience. **-gement**¹¹, *adv.*: liberally, abundantly. **-gesse**¹¹, *f.*: largess (generous act; large gift). **-geur**¹⁸, *f.*: width; broadness; liberality. **-gue**¹⁶ [Prov.], *adj.*: loose, flow

ing, slack: *vent* —, large (side) wind; (*vent*) *grand* —, quarter wind; *m., f.*: high sea, open sea. **-guer**¹⁰ [*-gue*], *tr.*: slack, loosen; *intr.*: break up (as a ship); sail with sidewind.

larigot¹⁴ [?], *m.*: = (flageolet, flute; organ stop): *boire à tire* —, drink hard.

larix¹⁰ [L.], *m.*: = (LARCH, tamarack).

lar-me⁰ [L. *lacrima* (Gr. *δάκρυμα*)], *f.*: TEAR: — *de* Christ, gromwell (borage).

-mier¹³, *m.*: tear-bag of deer; eye-vein, temple of horses; corona, drip-stone; plinth, ledge under a spout or drain; inner canthus or angle of the eye. **-mière**¹⁶, *f.*: larmier of animals. **-mille**¹⁷, *f.*: Job's tears (plant). **-moieinent**¹⁵ or **-moiement** [*-moyer*], *m.*: weeping. **-moyant**¹⁵ [*-moyer*], *adj.*: weeping; to be wept over. **-moyer**¹¹, *tr.*: weep continually. **-yeur**¹⁶, *ense, m., f.*: weeper, cryer.

lar-ron⁰, **-rounesse** [L. *latro*], *m., f.*: thief (robber; bad wick in candle); bite (in printing); folded leaf (uncut); silver (on quill-pen); waste-pipe. **-ronneau**¹⁵, *m.*: little thief.

lar-ve¹³ [L. *-va*, spectre], *f.*: ghost; larva (pupa, grub, maggot, etc.). **-vé**¹⁸, *adj.*: obscure, larvate: *fièvre* —, intermittent fever.

laryn-gé¹⁵, *adj.*: laryngeal. **-gien**¹⁸, *enne, adj.*: laryngean. **-gite**¹⁵, *f.*: laryngitis, inflammation of the larynx. **-groscope**¹⁸ [Gr. *lárux*, *σκοπεῖν*, look at], *m.*: =. **-gotomie** [L. *-gotomia*], *f.*: laryngotomy (cutting open the larynx). **|| laryn-x**¹⁵ [Gr. *-x*], *m.*: = (special organ of voice).

las⁰, **lasse** [L. *-ssus*], *adj.*: tired, weary; *interj.*: alas! *m.*: *un* — *d'aller*, a lazy-bones; — *de la guerre*, tired of quarrelling; *faire quelque chose de guerre* —, do a thing for the sake of peace.

lasci-f¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-vus*], *adj.*: lascivious, wanton. **-vement**¹⁵, *adv.*: wantonly; lewdly. **-veté**¹⁴ [L. *-vitas*], *f.*: lust, lewdness.

laser¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (plant), asafoetida.

las-sant¹⁶, *adj.*: tiresome, wearisome. **||-ser**⁰ [L. *-sare*], *tr.*: tire: *se* —, grow weary.

†**lasseret** = *laceret*.

†**lasserie** = *lacierie*.

lassitude¹³ [L. *-do* (*lassus*, weary)], *f.*: =, fatigue.

lasso¹⁵ [Sp. *lazo* (L. *laqueus*, halter)], *m.*: lasso (rope with a running noose to catch cattle).

last(e)¹⁷ [Dutch *last* (lit. 'load')], *m.*: = (two tons).

lasting¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: = (Denmark satin).

latanier¹⁶ [?], *m.*: latania (palm).

la-tent¹³ [L. *-tere*, lie hid], *adj.*: = (pres-

ent but not apparent): *aile* —, undeveloped bud.

latéra-l¹³, *pl.* = *aile* [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: lateral (of the side). **-lement**¹⁵, *adv.*: laterally, at the side.

†**latere**, see *légal*.

latérite¹⁸ [L. *later*, tile], *f.*: laterite, brick-red clay.

la-tex¹⁸ [L. liquid], *m.*: = (viscid juice or sap). **-tieifère** [L. *ferre*, BEAR], *adj.*: laticiferous.

laticlave¹⁶ [L. *-vus*], *m.*: = (Roman tunic).

la-tin¹¹, **-ine** [L. *-tinus*], *adj.*: Latin; *m.*: Latin (language); Latinist; person of Latin stock (Frenchman, Spaniard, Italian, etc.): (*voile*) *latine*, lateen sail; — *de cuisine*, stable-boy's Latin; *le rit* —, ceremonial of the Catholic church. **-tini-ser**¹⁵ [L. *-tinizare*], *tr.*: Latinise, put into Latin. **-tinisme**¹⁵, *m.*: Latinism. **-tiniste**¹⁴, *m.*: Latinist, Latin scholar. **-tinité**¹³ [L. *-tinitas*], *f.*: Latinity, character of one's Latin.

latitude¹² [L. *-do* (*latus*, broad)], *f.*: latitude (extent, geographical distance fr. the equator, fr. the ecliptic; freedom).

laticlavie¹⁷ [L. *-mia*, Gr. *-mia*], *f.*: stone-quarry; quarry-prison (in Syracuse).

latrie¹³ [L. *-tria* (Gr. *-treia*)], *f.*: latria (worship due God only).

latrines¹⁴ [L. *-na*], *f. pl.*: latrine, privy.

lat-tage¹⁵ [*-ter*], *m.*: lathing. **||-te**¹¹ [Ger.], *f.*: LATH, strip of wood; bar, strip (of iron), falchion; flat-board (in ceramics). **-ter**¹², *tr.*: lath, stack (lumber with spaces). **-tis**¹⁴, *m.*: lathing.

laudanum¹⁶ [form of *ladanum*], *m.*: = (tincture or extract of opium).

lau-datif¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-datus*], *adj.*: laudatory. **||lau-des**¹² [L. (pl. of L. *laus*, praise)], *f. pl.*: LAUD, praise service.

laure¹⁶ [Gr. *-ra*], *f.*: laura (row of monks cells in early times).

lau-ré¹⁸ [L. *-rus*, laurel], *adj.*: (coin) hav'g a wreathed head. **-réat**¹⁷ [L. *-reatus*], *adj.*: crowned with laurel, victorious; *m.*: victor. **-relle**¹⁷ [ak. to *-rier*], *f.*: oleander. **-réole**¹⁴ [L. *-reola*, laurel branch], *f.*: spurge-laurel. **||-rier**¹⁰ [OFr. *lor* (L. *laurus*)], *m.*: LAUREL; *pl.*: laurels, victory, honours. **-rinées**¹⁸ [L. *-rinus*, of laurel], *f. pl.*: lauraceæ, laurel family.

†**lauriot**, see *loriot*.

la-vabo¹⁶ [L. 'I will wash'], *m.*: = (washing of hands before celebrating the Lord's supper; napkin used by the priest; canon hav'g the lines *lavabo inter innocentes manus meas*, 'I will wash my hands among the innocent'); wash-stand.

-vage¹⁴, *m.*: =; wash; therapeutic cleansing.

lavanche, see *avalanche*.

la-vande¹³ [It. -randa], *f.*: LAVENDER.

-vandier¹¹, **-ière** [-ver], *m.*: tking's launderer; *f.*: flaudress; washing machine; wagtail (bird).

lavange = *avalanche*.

lava-ret¹⁵ [? ak. to *laver*], *m.*: =, white fish. **-sse**¹⁴ [*laver*], *f.*: slop (watery wine, soup, etc.); drenching rain.

lave¹⁷ [It. -va (?)], *f.*: lava.

lave-mains¹⁴, *m.*: †wash-stand.

-ment¹¹, *m.*: = (washing at mass; clyster). [**lave-r**^o [L. *lavare*], *tr.*: wash, bathe, LAVE, cleanse; absolve, clear, wash away. **-rie**¹⁵, *f.*: washing-place (for minerals).

laveton¹⁶ [*lever*], *m.*: short-wool, carding-wool.

la-vette¹⁶ [-ver], *f.*: dish-cloth. **-veur**¹², **-euse** [-ver], *m., f.*: washer, scourer; bud-dle (for ore); *f.*: wool-washer (machine).

lavique¹⁵ [*lave*], *adj.*: lav(at)ic.

la-vis¹⁶ [-ver], *m.*: washing (shading in India ink); India ink drawing. **-voir**¹¹ [-ver], *m.*: LAVATORY (†stone basin; wash-ing place); wash-stand; ore-buddle, hutch; dipping-cage (for washing codfish); pis-cina; swab (for guns). **-vure**¹⁰ [-ver], *f.*: dish-water; washing; wash, sweepings (particles recovered); scraps of metal.

laxatif¹², **-ive**, *adj.* or *m.*: laxative.

1. layer¹³ [*laie*, wood-road], *tr.*: travel through by timber lane; set off, mark out by timber lane; mark (trees to be left).

2. layer¹⁶ [*laie*, toothed hammer], *tr.*: dress with a toothed hammer.

la-yetier¹⁶, *m.*: box-maker, case-maker: — *emballeur*, packer. [**-yette**¹⁵ [*laie*, box], *f.*: †drawer; †contents of drawer; baby-linen; drone-peg (to bag-pipe).

la-year¹⁶ [†-yer], *m.*: marker (who lays out forest). **1. -yon**¹⁵ [*laie*, wood road], *m.*: rough way (cut for hunters).

2. layon¹⁵ [for *l(h)ayon*], *m.*: hinged tail-gate (of wagon).

laza-ret¹⁶ [It. -retto (-ro, Lazarus)], *m.*: †leprosy; hospital, lazaretto. **-rone**¹⁵ [dial. It.], *m.*: laz(z)arone, us'ly pl. -roni (Naples beggar).

lazu-li, see *lapis-lazuli*. **-lite**¹⁵, *f.*: = (bluish mineral).

lazzi¹⁶ [It. pl. of *lazzo*, jest], *m.*: comic act, funny scene; joke.

1x^o, la, pl. les [L. *ille*, that one], *def. art.*: the (in a generic sense us'ly untranslated in Eng.); *pers. pron.*: him, it; (*f.*: her; *pl.*: them).

16^o [L. *latus*, broad], *m.*: (old) extent; (now) breadth, width (of fabrics; of

roads): *†tout du long et du —*, in all respects.

†léans^o [OFr. *laiens*, p. L. *illac-intus*, thither within], *adv.*: inside there.

lèche¹² [?], *f.*: (*fam.*) thin slice.

lèche-doigts¹⁵, *adv.*: à —, barely enough to taste, very sparingly; niggardly.

-frite¹² [*lécher* and *frayer*, rub], *f.*: drip-pan; studding-sail. **-ment**, *m.*: licking.

†lèche-r¹¹ [OHG., *lecchon*], *tr.*: LICK, lick up: *une œuvre trop léeche*, a work finished with too much nicety.

leçon^o [L. *lectio* (*legere*, read)], *f.*: LESSON (†reading; school task; scripture-reading; moral; advice; reproof): — *de choses*, object-lesson.

lec-teur¹², **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-trix*], *m., f.*: reader (†LECTOR; lecturer, professor; peruser; critical reader). **-ture**¹² [L. *-tura*], *f.*: reading; lecture.

lède or **lédon** [L. (Gr.) *ledon*], *m.*: ledum (shrub of heath family).

léga-1¹³, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-lis* (*lex*, law)], *adj.*: †LAW-abiding; lawful, legitimate.

-lement¹³, *adv.*: legally. **-lisation**¹⁶ [*-liser*], *f.*: legalisation. **-liser**¹⁶, *tr.*: legalise. **-lité** [L. *-litas*], *f.*: legality; †loyalty.

léga-t¹¹ [L. *-tus* (*legare*, send)], *m.*: LE-GATE (†messenger; deputy; delegate; papal envoy): † — *a latere*, cardinal plenipotentiary. **-taire**¹³ [L. *-tarius*], *m., f.*: legatee: — *universal*, residuary legatee. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: legation (appointing of envoys; persons, house of the embassy); business of a papal legate; legate's district; †mission, assigned task. **-toire**¹⁷ [L. *-torius*], *adj.*: ruled by legate.

lège¹⁶ [Dutch *leeg*, empty], *adj.*: light (without cargo): *†tirant d'eau —*, of light water-draught.

16-gendaire¹⁵, *adj.* or *m.*: legendary (unhistorical; relater or book of legends).

†-gende¹¹ [l. L. *-genda*, lit. thing to be read], *f.*: legend (book of saints; †list or roll; story-book of fables or traditions; motto, inscription); †scripture lesson.

16-ger^o, -ère [p. L. **leviarius* (L. *levis*, light)], *adj.*: light (of little weight; slight; thin; feeble, weak; flighty; fickle; dexterous, graceful, nimble; easy; cheerful); *m.*: lightness: *être — d'un grain*, be rattle-brained; *†croire de —*, be credulous; *à la — e*, lightly; inconsiderately, carelessly; *maure — es*, easy virtue. **-gèrem^{ent}**¹¹, *adv.*: lightly. **-gèreté**¹¹, *f.*: lightness (LEVITY; deftness; speed; nimbleness; thinness; weakness).

légiférer¹³ [L. *-fer*, law-giving], *intr.*: make laws.

16-gion¹¹ [L. *-gio* (*-gere*, COLLECT)], *f.*: legion (Rom. body of soldiers; multitude):

— *étrangère*, foreign volunteers (in French army outside of France). **gionnaire**¹⁵ [L. *-gionarius*], *m.*: legionary (soldier of the legion); knight of the Legion of Honour.

législa-teur¹¹, **-trice** [L. *-tor, -trix* (lex, LAW)], *m., f.*: legislator; LAW-giver. **-tif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: legislative. **-tion**¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: legislation, body of laws; lawmaking power. **-tivement**¹⁸ [*-tif*], *adv.*: by legislation. **-ture**¹⁷, *f.*: legislature. **légiste**¹² [L. *legista*], *m.*: legist, expert in law.

légitim-aire¹⁷, *adj.*: warranted (by laws of inheritance): **portion** —, portion due heirs of the blood. **-ma-tion**¹³ [*-mer*], *f.*: legitimization, legal recognition. **lé-mus**¹⁴ [L. *-mus* (lex, LAW)], *adj.*: legitimate (lawful, just); *f.*: heir's right (which a will could not annul): **droit de —** *dé-fense*, right of self-defense. **-mement**¹⁴, *adv.*: legitimately. **-mer**¹³, *tr.*: legitimate, legitimize; justify. **-miste**¹³, *m., f.*: legitimist (partisan of an old dynasty). **-mité**¹⁷, *f.*: legitimacy.

legs¹² [variant of *lais*, assimilated to L. *legatum*], *m.*: legacy, bequest.

léguer¹⁵ [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: bequeath, transmit.

légu-me¹⁵ [L. *-men* (legere, gather)], *m.*: vegetable: — *s verts*, green vegetables; — *s secs*, dried beans, peas, etc. **-mier**¹⁸, **-ière**, *adj.*: vegetable; *m.*: vegetable dish. **-mineur**¹⁶, **-euse** [L. *-minosus*], *adj.*: leguminous; *f. pl.*: leguminosae family.

lemme¹⁶ [L. *-mma* (Gr.)], *m.*: (geom.) lemma (assumption, subsidiary proposition).

lemnis-cate¹⁷ [L. *-catus*], *f.*: —, figure 8 curve. **lé-que**¹⁵ [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kos* (lénos, wool)], *m.*: lemniscus (pendant ribbon to a victor's crown); ribbon of a seal; the sign ÷ (meaning imitation of the Bible); the sign — meaning transposition; banded snake, colubier.

lé-mure¹⁵ [L. *-mur*, ghost], *m.*: shade (of dead person). **-muriens**¹⁸, *m. pl.*: lemuridae, lemurs (monkeys).

lendemain¹¹ [le, en, demain], *m.*: next day, to-morrow.

lendit¹¹ [l'endit (L. *indictum*), set time], *m.*: June fair (near Paris); leave-taking (of students); salary (of professors, paid in June): — *seolaire*, field-day contest of Paris schools.

lendore¹⁵ [?], *m., f.*: listless person, dawdler.

léni-fier¹⁶ [L. *-ficare* (lenis, soft, facere, make)], *tr.*: assuage, soothe. **-tif**¹³, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.* or *m.*: lenitive.

lent⁹ [L. *-tus*, gentle], *adj.*: slow; pliant.

lente⁹ [L. *lens*], *f.*: nit, louse's egg.

lentement¹¹ [lent], *adv.*: slowly.

†**lenter** = *lanter*.

lenteur¹² [lent], *f.*: slowness, remissness; *pl.*: delays.

lén-ticulaire [L. *-ticularis* (lens, LENTIL)], *adj.*: lenticular. **-ticulé**¹⁸ [L. *-ticulatus*], *adj.*: lentil-shaped. **-ti-forme**¹⁸, *adj.*: lentiform. **-tigneux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tiginosus* (-tigo, freckle)], *adj.*: lentiginous. **lé-tille**⁹ [p. L. *-ticula* (L. *-ticula*)], *f.*: LENTIL; LENS; freckle. **-til-lon**¹⁸, *m.*: fine lentil (introduced by Queen Marie Antoinette).

lenticque¹² [L. *-scus*], *m.*: lentiscus, mastic tree.

1. **léonin**¹¹ [L. *-ninus* (leo, LION)], *adj.*: leonine, lion-like.

2. **léonin**¹¹ [canon Léon], *adj.*: leonine (hav'g rhyming hemistiches, in Latin; hav'g several rhyming syllables to the line, in French).

légantine¹⁸ [woman L.], *f.*: double watch-chain.

léonure¹⁶ or **-urus** [L. *-urus* (L. *leo*, lion, Gr. *ourd*, tail)], *m.*: motherwort (mint).

léo-pard¹⁰ [L. *leo*, lion, *-pardus*, leopard], *m.*: leopard. **-pardé**¹⁵, *adj.*: spotted; (her.) —, passant gardant.

lépas¹⁷ [L. Gr.], *m.*: lepas, goose-mussel.

lépi- [Gr. *lepis*, scale]: **-dier**¹⁸ [L. *-dium*], *m.*: lepidium (pepper-grass). **-doptères**¹⁸ [Gr. *pterón*, wing], *m. pl.*: lepidoptera (butterflies and moths).

léporides¹⁸ [L. *-pus*, hare], *m. pl.*: leporidae (rabbits and hares): un *léporide*, a leporide (hybrid).

lé-pre¹¹ [L. Gr. *-pra* (Gr. *leprós*, scale)], *f.*: leprosy. **lé-preux**¹⁰, **-euse** [L. *-prosus*], *adj.*: leprous. **lé-proserie**¹⁵ [L. *-prosus*], *f.*: leper hospital.

lepte¹⁸ [Gr. *-tós*, fine], *m.*: leptus (spider).

lequel¹⁰, **laquelle**, *pl. lesquels, lesquelles* [le, quel], *pron. rel.* or *interrog.*: who, which.

lérída¹⁶ [town L. where Condé failed], *f.*: satirical couplet.

lérot¹⁵ [loir], *m.*: (dial.) lerot, garden-mongoose.

les, see *le*, the.

lèse-¹⁴ [L. *læsa*, injured (crimen *læse majestatis*, crime of treason)]: **-faculté**¹⁶, *f.*: (jest.) high treason against the faculty (i.e. of doctors, disregarding their prescriptions). **-humanité**, *f.*: high treason against humanity. **-majesté**, *f.*: high treason; leze majesty. **-nation**, *f.*: high treason against the nation. **-république**, *f.*: high treason against the republic. **léser**¹⁶, *tr.*: be treasonable towards, injure.

†**lési-nant**¹⁶, **-ante** [It. *-nante*], *m., f.*:

scrimper, niggard; *adj.*: stingy. **[-ne]**¹⁶ [It. -na (lit.awl), society of misers who mended their own shoes], *f.*: stinginess. **-ner**¹⁶ *intr.*: crimp and starve, save, be stingy. **-nerie**¹⁶ [-ner], *f.*: scrimping, pinching; stinginess. **-neur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: stingy.

lésion¹¹ [L. -sio (ludere, injure)], *f.*: lesion, hurt; treachery.

lasse, see *laisse*.

les-sif^o [p. L. *laxivum*], *m.*: (pop. and dial.) lye. **-sivage**¹⁸, *m.*: washing with lye. **[-sive]**^o [L. *laxiva* (lix, ashes)], *f.*: lye-water, lye-washing; washing; (fam.) heavy loss (in gaming), lixivium, alkaline solution: *faire la — du gascon*, turn one's linen, instead of washing it; — *du savonnier*, solution of caustic soda for soap-making. **-siver**¹⁶, *tr.*: wash with lye-water, with soapy water; lixivate, LEACH out. **-siveur**¹⁶, **-euse** [-siver], *m., f.*: lye-washer; *m.*: bleacher (for rags in paper-making); *f.*: clothes-washer.

lest¹² [form of *last*], *m.*: ballast (for ships or balloons); lead, weight (of veines). **-tage**¹³ [-ter], *m.*: ballasting.

les-te¹⁵ [It. -to (? L. -tus, superl. of *levis*, light)], *adj.*: nimble, quick, unceremonious, flippant; not engaged: *main —*, hand ready for blows; *équipage —*, unengaged carriage. **-tement**¹⁶, *adv.*: briskly; freely, promptly; unconventionally.

les-ter¹⁶ [lest], *tr.*: ballast; weight down. **-teur**¹⁶, *m.*: ballaster; ballast-lighter (carrying ballast for ships).

létar-gie¹² [L. (Gr.) -gia (Gr. *lêthe*, oblivion, *algos*, pain)], *f.*: lethargy (torpor; drowsiness). **-gique**¹³ [L. -gicus], *adj.*: lethargic; *m., f.*: torpid person.

létifère¹⁵ [L. *let(h)ifer* (letum, death, ferre, BEAR)], *adj.*: lethiferous, fatal.

let-tre^o [L. *littera*], *f.*: letter (alphabetical character; primary sound; type; text as it stands, literal sense; written communication, epistle; bill; papal bull; note; document; order; commission; bill of fare; *pl.*: letters, LITERATURE, belles-lettres; culture); handwriting; title, inscription: *à la —*, or *au pied de la —*, literally; *lever la —*, distribute type; *épreuve avant la —*, artist's proof; — *close*, sealed state letter; (fam.) secret; — *de cachet*, arbitrary warrant committing to prison; — *de grâce*, royal letter commuting punishment; — *de mer*, pass; — *de noblesse*, letter conferring noble title; — *dominicale*, dominical or Sunday letter; *en toutes —s*, without abbreviation, with all details; — *au rebut*, dead letter; — *de service*, summons to active duty; — *de voiture*, bill of lading. **-tré**¹¹, *adj.*: literary, learned; *m.*: literary men; *pl.*: learned

ruling class (in China). **-trine**¹⁷, *f.*: reference (to footnote); heading (as over column of a dictionary).

leu, see *loup* and *queue*.

leu-eite¹⁸ [Gr. -kús, white], *f.*: = (silicate). **-corrhée**¹⁸ [Gr. -kórroia (rheîn, flow)], *f.*: leucorrhœa, whites.

leude¹⁵ [Germ. *liudus* (= Ger. *leute*, people)], *m.*: high vassal.

leur^o [p. L. *illorum*, gen. pl. of *ille*, that one], *pers. pron.*: to them. **2. leur**, *pl.* — *s*, *poss. adj.*: their: *le (la, les) —*, theirs.

leur-re¹¹ [MHG. *luoder*], *m.*: LURE (bait esp. for calling falcons; enticement). **-rer**¹², *tr.*: LURE; allure.

le-vage¹², *m.*: raising; rising; dress; train. **-vain**¹¹, *m.*: LEAVEN. **-vant**¹⁰, *adj.*: rising: *homme — et couchant*, man living (at a place); *soleil —*, rising sun; (fig.) a coming power: *m.*: Levant (East, countries at the eastern end of Mediterranean sea; levant, east-wind). **-vantin**¹⁵ [-vant], *adj.* or *m.*: Levantine (of the Levant); inhabitant of Asia Minor, etc., of European descent; levantine (stout silk fabric).

lè-ve¹⁶, *f.*: spoon (dished club in game of pall-mall); lift (in paper-making); crank (in levigating-mill). **-vé**¹⁵, *m.*: levee (rising fr. bed; morning reception); rise (of hand beating time); survey; trick at cards. **lè-ve-cul**¹⁸, *adv.*: *jouer à —*, play pussy-wants-a-corner with chairs; *oiseau qui chasse à —*, bird (falcon) that waits for game to rise. **-rée**¹¹, *f.*: lifting, hoisting; erection; removal; adjournment; gathering (of fruits); collection; levee, embankment; levy (of taxes, etc.); trick (at cards).

lè-ve-gazon¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: sod-shovel. **lè-ve-nez**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: peak or throat halcyon. **1. [-ver]**^o [L. -vāre (-vis, light)], *tr.*: raise (ELEVATE); lift; hoist; erect, scare up, flush; gather, collect; remove; survey; *intr.*: rise (spring up; ferment): *se —*, rise fr. bed or sitting; come above the horizon; *le temps se lève*, the weather is clearing up; *le brouillard se lève*, it is growing foggy; — *la lettre*, distribute the type; — *les cartes*, take up the trick; — *les titres*, take up the stocks, securities; *voter par assis et levés*, take a rising vote; (fam.) — *le pied*, flee; become bankrupt; *au pied levé*, headlong; (humor.) — *le coude*, drink. **2. -ver**¹⁵, *m.*: rising; morning reception, levee; lifting of the feet (of horses); surveying: *petit —*, reception at bedside; *grand —*, reception after king has made his toilet; *un — de rideau*, curtain-raiser, one-act play. **1. -ver-dieu**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: elevation of the host. **-veur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: lifter,

- vier**¹¹, *m.*: LEVER: — *droit*, dentist's turnkey; *clef à —*, splice-fid. **-vière**¹³, *f.*: †lever; lifting-rope (of seine).
- lévigation**¹⁷ [L. *-gatio* (*levig*, smooth)], *f.*: levigation, pulverising. **-ger**¹⁷ [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: levigate, pulverise.
- levig**¹³ [ver], *adj. m.*: †movable up and down; *pont-levig*, drawbridge.
- 1. Lévi-te**¹¹ [L. *-ta*], *m.*: Levite (son of Levi). **2. lévi-te**¹³, *f.*: long robe (like a priest's dress).
- †levrau-dér**¹³, *tr.*: chase, harass. **||-t** [*lièvre*], *m.*: young hare; Canada thistle.
- lèvre**¹⁰ [L. *labrum*], *f.*: LIP; anything resembling a lip.
- le-vrèter**¹³, *intr.*: drop young (rabbits). **-vrette**¹⁶, *f.*: greyhound (bitch); harrier. **-vrette**¹⁶ [*-vrette*], *adj.*: slender (like a greyhound). **||lé-vrière**¹¹ [*lièvre*], *m.*: greyhound: — *d'attache*, boar-hound. **-vron**¹³, *-onne*, *m., f.*: greyhound-pup; harrier-pup.
- levure**¹³ [ver], *f.*: yeast; yeast plant; scum; waste fat; frank quarter (of shield); starting mesh (of net).
- lexico-** [Gr. *léxis*, word]: **-graphe**¹⁵ [Gr. *-graphos* (*gráphein*, write)], *m.*: lexicographer (maker of lexicon). **-graphie**¹⁷ [*-graphie*], *f.*: lexicography. **-graphique** [*-graphie*], *adj.*: lexicographic. **-logie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: lexicology, systematic study of words. **-logique**¹³ [*-logie*], *adj.*: lexicological. **-logue**¹³ [*-logie*], *m.*: lexicologist. **lexique**¹⁵ [*lexikón*], *m.*: lexicon, shorter dictionary.
- lez**¹⁰ [L. *latus*, side], *prep.*: †by, near; (now only in names of places, as *le Plessis-lez-Tours*).
- lé-zard**¹⁰ [L. *lacertus*], *m.*: lizard; *faire le —*, bask in the sun. **-zarde**¹¹ [L. *lacerta*], *f.*: (old) lizard; (now) crevice; braid (over seams in upholstered furniture); white streak (on printed page). **-zarder**¹⁷ [*-zarde*], *tr.*: crack.
- liage**¹² [*lier*], *m.*: tying, binding; figuring (filling design into the fabric being woven); blending; mixing (of ingredients of gunpowder).
- 1. liais**¹¹ [?], *m.*: limestone (for building). **2. liais**¹² [?], *m.*: heddle-rod.
- liai-son**¹² [*lier*], *f.*: union, combination; joint; means of uniting (solder; mortar; upward penstroke; slur in music; linking, as of French words; tie); hull (of ship); seizure (of prey); thickening (by adding yolks); intimacy. **-sonner**¹⁶, *tr.*: bind (bricks, stones, etc.), by alternating the joints; (*fig.*) — *le drap*, to full cloth.
- liane**¹⁶ [*lier*], *f.*: liana (tropical climbing vine). **liant**¹⁴ [*lier*], *adj.*: winning, amiable; pliant, flexible; *m.*: attractiveness; spring (of vehicles, etc.).
- liar-d**¹⁴ [OFr., gray], *m.*: = (copper coin = 3 *deniers*, † sou; *fig.* farthing).
- dér**¹⁶, *intr.*: haggle over a liard, split hairs.
- lia-s**¹³ [Eng. (Fr. *liais*, Paris limestone)], *m.*: Lias, fossiliferous limestone. **-sique**¹³, *adj.*: Liassic.
- libage**¹⁶ [OFr. *libe*, block of stone], *m.*: ashler, rough block (of stone).
- libation**¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*libare*, pour)], *f.*: = (wine, etc., offered to a deity); (*fam.*) drinking.
- libel-le**¹² [L. *-lus* (dim. of *liber*, book)], *m.*: †little book; libel (published slander; notice to a court, allegation of the plaintiff). **-ler**¹⁶, *tr.*: libel. **-liste**¹⁶, *m.*: libeller.
- libellule**¹³ [L. *-llula* (*lit.* little level)], *f.*: libellula, dragon-fly.
- liber**¹⁷ [L. bark], *m.*: =, inner bark, bast.
- libera**¹⁶ [L. *-rare* (*liber*, free), set free], *m.*: prayer (for the dead: "deliver me, O Lord," etc.): (*fam.*) *chanter un —*, proclaim one's self free.
- libé-ral**¹¹, *pl. -aux* [L. *-ralis*], *adj.*: liberal. **-ralement**¹², *adv.*: liberally.
- ralisme**¹³ [L. *-ralitas*], *f.*: liberality; liberal gift. **-rateur**¹⁵, *-trice* [L. *-rator*, *-triz*], *m., f.*: liberator. **-ra-tion**¹³ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: liberation. **-rer**¹⁶ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: liberate, set free. **li-ber-té**¹³ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: liberty, freedom.
- liber-tin**¹⁵, *-ine* [L. *-tinus*], *m., f.*: †skeptic; †outlaw; libertine. **-tinage**¹⁶, *m.*: †irreligion; †wildness; debauchery. **-tiner**¹⁷, *intr.*: (rare) act the libertine.
- libi-dineux**¹², *-euse* [L. *-dinosa* (*libere*, please)], *adj.*: libidinous, full of lewdness. **-tum**, see *ad libitum*.
- li-braire**¹³ [L. *-brarius* (*-ber*, book)], *m.*: †copyist; book dealer. **-brairie**¹³, *f.*: †library; book store; book trade.
- libration**¹⁶ [L. *-tio* (*libra*, balance)], *f.*: =, pendulous motion, esp. of moon.
- libre**¹³ [L. *-ber*], *adj.*: free; open; unoccupied; independent: *papier —*, unstamped paper; — *échange*, free trade; *traduction —*, free, not-literal translation; *il vous est —* (or — *à vous*) *de sortir*, you are at liberty to go. **-échange**, see *échange*. **-échangiste**¹³ [*échange*], *m.*: free-trader. **libre-ment**¹³, *adv.*: freely; boldly.
- libret-tiste**¹³, *m.*: librettist (writer). **||-to**¹³ [It., dim. of *libro*, book], *m.*: =, text (of an opera); scenario, outline plot.
- liège** [*lier*], *m.*: ribbanding (of ships).
- 1. lice**¹¹ [? OHG. *lista*, border], *f.*: LIST (†barriers of a jousting-field; jousting-field; lists, public platform; upper rail of railing or banister): — *d'exécution*, ribband

- (temporary strip to hold ribs in position during building of ship); — *de carène*, curve of ship's keel.
2. **lice**¹¹ [L. -cium, thread], *f.*: LISSE, warp threads; weaving frame; rod, stick (used in making saddle girths).
3. **lice**¹¹ [?], *f.*: female hound.
- licen-ee**¹¹ [L. -tia (*licere*, be allowed)], *f.*: license (permission; legal permit; consent; disregard of propriety; liberty); licentiate's degree. — **cié**¹³ [L. -tius], *m.*: licentiate. — **ciement**¹⁵ [-cier], *m.*: dismissal, disbanding. — **cier**¹³ [L. -tiare], *tr.*: dismiss, disband; make overbold. — **ciement**¹⁵ [-cieux], *adv.*: licentiously; presumptuously. — **cieux**¹⁵, = **euze** [-tious], *adj.*: licentious.
- licer**¹² [*lice*, list], *tr.*: ribband (a ship).
- liceron**¹⁶ [*lice*, thread], *m.*: warp-staff, leaf.
- licet**¹⁷ [L., 'it is allowed'], *m.*: permission.
- licette**¹⁷ [*lice*, thread], *f.*: little LISSE.
- lichen**¹⁸ [L. (Gr. *leichen*)], *m.*: = (plant; skin eruption).
- li-cher**¹¹ [*lécher*], *tr.*: (low) LICK; eat, drink (like a brute). — **cheur**¹¹, = **euze**, *m.*, *f.*: drinker, gourmand.
- lici-tation**¹⁵ [L. -tatio (*licere*, be for sale)], *f.*: = (joint owner's auction sale of property). — **tatoire**¹⁵ [ak. to -tation], *adj.*: of licitation. — **te**¹³ [L. -tus], *adj.*: licit, lawful; *m.*: legal thing. — **te-ment**¹³, *adv.*: licitly. — **ter**¹⁶ [L. -tari], *tr.*: sell at auction.
- licol** = *licou*.
- licorne**¹³ [L. *unicornis*, one-horned], *f.*: unicorn: (*her.*) — *en défense*, unicorn in a charge; — *de mer*, narwhal.
- licou**¹⁵ [*lier*, col], *m.*: halter.
- licteur**¹³ [L. *licitor*], *m.*: licitor (Roman officer).
1. **lie**⁹ [L. *latus*], *adj.*: joyous: *faire chère* —, make good cheer.
2. **lie**⁹ [? Celt.], *f.*: LEES; (*fig.*) scum.
- liège**⁹ [p. L. *levius* (L. *levis*, light)], *m.*: cork-tree; cork. — **liéger**¹⁵, *tr.*: cork (a seine).
- licement**¹² [*lier*], *m.*: uniting, crossing.
- lien**⁹ [L. *ligamen*], *m.*: tie; string, strap; band; bond, LIEN; clamp.
- lienne**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: warp (remaining to be woven).
- lien-terie**¹³ [L. -teria (Gr. *leios*, smooth, *enteron*, gut)], *f.*: lientery (diarrhoea).
- lérique**¹⁵ [L. -tericus], *adj.*: lienteric.
1. **liér**⁹ [L. *ligare*], *tr.*: bind, tie; unite; join; cross (swords); link (words); slur (notes in music): *être fou à* —, be crazy enough to tie up. — **ierne**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: ridgepole; rib (in arch); binding (timber); bottom plank (of boats). — **ierne**¹⁷ [-ierne], *tr.*: rib (a groined arch).
- lierre**⁹ [de, OFr. *ierre* (L. *hedera*)], *f.*: ivy.
- liesse**⁹ [L. *latitia* (*latus*, glad)], *f.*: mirth.
- lieu**⁹, *pl.* -x [L. *locus*], *m.*: place (space; position; room; house; home; passage in book); family; rank; turn (time); perpendicular; occasion (cause); *pl.*: premises (of debate); spot; water-closet (privy): *avoir* —, take place, happen; come off; have cause (reason, occasion); *il y a* —, there is (occasion), it is necessary; *au* — *de*, in the place of, instead; *au* — *que*, instead of which, whereas; *en aucun* —, nowhere; *en dernier* —, in the last place, lastly; last of all; ultimately; *donner* — *à*, give rise to, lead to; occasion; *n'avoir ni feu ni* —, have neither house nor home; *mauvais* —, house of ill-fame; — *x* (*d'aisances*), privy; *saints* — *x*, shrines; *vider les* — *x*, move out, vacate rooms; *tenir* — *de*, be in place of.
- lieue**⁹ [L. *leuca* (Celt.)], *f.*: LEAGUE (about three miles).
- lièvre**¹⁷, = **euze** [*lier*], *m.*, *f.*: binder (of sheaves, etc.): (*chenille*) *lieuse*, leaf (spinning) caterpillar.
- lien-tenace**¹³, *f.*: lieutenantancy. — **te-nant**¹³, = **ante** [*lieu*, *tenir*], *m.*: =; *f.*: (*humor.*) lady-lieutenant: — *de louveterie*, man appointed to destroy wolves.
- liève**¹² [*lever*], *f.*: abstract (of a feudal terrier, land survey).
- lièvre**⁹ [L. *lepus*], *m.*: hare: — *de Patagons*, agouti, So. Am. rodent; — *sauteur*, Cape (of Good Hope) hare; — *marin*, ocellated blenny; mollusk; *gentilhomme à* —, codfish aristocrat; *lever un* —, raise a difficulty; *savoir où git le* —, know where the trouble is; *bec-de* —, hare-lip.
- liga-ment**¹⁵ [L. -mentum], *m.*: ligament.
- menteur**¹⁵, = **euze** [-ment], *adj.*: ligamentous. — **ture**¹³ [L. -tura (*ligare*, bind)], *f.*: = (tying of arteries, etc.; double letter, logotype); piece of rope; coarse girdle; absorption into the being of God. — **ture**¹³, *tr.*: bind with ligature.
- lige**¹⁰ [?], *adj.*: liege (bound to vassal service).
1. **lignage** [L. -num, wood], *m.*: forest privilege; stakes (supporting a seine).
2. **li-gnage**¹⁰, *m.*: lineage (all those of one kin), race. — **gnager**¹⁴ [-gnage], *adj.*: of the lineage: *retrait* —, kinsman's right of buying back (at the price paid, an inheritance); *m. pl.*: *les* —, those of same family stock. — **li-gne**⁹ [L. *linea*], *f.*: LINE (cord; chalk-line; fish-line; drawn line; distance in one direction;

line of a page; verse; row; series): — *de plomb*, vertical line, plumb-line; — *de fond*, fish-line resting on the bottom; — *de loch (de sonde)*, log- (lead-) line; — *de partage des eaux*, water-shed. † *gnée*¹¹, *f.*: progeny. — *gneur*¹², *tr.*: line (mark with line; impregnate); reef, furl. — *gne-rolé*¹⁷, *f.*: string (made of old rope-yarn). — *gnette*¹², *f.*: little fish-line. — *gneul*⁹ [p. L. *lineolum*, little line], *m.*: wax-end (waxed thread). — *gneur*¹⁷, *m.*: cod-fisher (man or boat fishing with line). **li-gneux**¹⁵, — *gnse* [L. *gnum*, wood], *adj.*: ligneous. — *gnite*¹⁷ [L. *gnum*], *m.*: —, brown coal.

lignotier¹⁷ [—ne], *m.*: cod-fisherman (who uses line).

li-gote¹¹ [L. *-gare*, tie], *f.*: (*fam.*) cord, string. — *goter*¹⁵, *tr.*: (*fam.*) bind, tie.

li-gue¹⁴ [It. *-ga* (*-gare*, tie)], *f.*: league; plot; cabal. — *guer*¹⁵, *tr.*: unite in a league. — *gueur*¹⁵, — *gnse*, *m.*: *f.*: leaguer, member of league.

ligu-le¹⁵ [L. *-la*, little tongue], *f.*: —; ligula. — *le*¹⁵, *adj.*: ligulate.

li-las¹⁶ [Sp. *-lac* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: lilac (shrub; bluish violet colour).

lilia-cé [L. *-ceus* (*lilium*, LILY)], *adj.*: lily-like; *pl. f.*: liliaceae, lily family.

lilliputien¹⁵, — *enne* [fictitious country *Liliput*], *adj.*: lilliputian, exceedingly small.

lima-ce⁹ [p. L. *-cea* (L. *-x*)], *f.*: limax, slug; screw of Archimedes; fowls (inflammation in hoof of cattle). — *-cien*¹⁵, — *enne*, *adj.*: limaceous, slug-like, snail-like. — *-çon*¹¹, *m.*: snail; winding-stairway; cochlea, snail-shell process in the ear; snail-wheel in clocks. — *-çonne*¹⁷ [—çon], *f.*: kind of silk-worm. — *çonner*¹⁶ [—çon], *tr.*: double up, bunch. — *-çonnière*¹⁵, *f.*: snailery.

li-mage¹⁵ [—mer], *m.*: filing. — *-matte*¹² [—mer], *f.*: —, filings, file dust. — *-mailleur*¹⁷, — *gnse*, *adj.*: like filings.

li-mande¹² [? —me], *f.*: limanda, flatfish; slat; parcelling (tarred sailcloth for wrapping ropes). — *-mender*, *tr.*: parcel; put slats on.

† **limas**, *m.*: = limace.

lim-baire¹⁵, *adj.*: limbate, bordered.

lim-be¹³ [L. *-bus*, border], *m.*: limb (edge, limb; of corolla; of leaf; of shell; *pl.*: limbo; confusion); graduated arm (of measuring instruments).

lime¹⁶ [Prov. *limo*], *f.*: LIME (sort of lemon).

lime⁹ [L. *lima*], *file*: — *douce*, smooth file; — *sourde*, dead smooth, noiseless file; (*fig.*) sly person. — *-bois*¹⁵, *pl.* — [limer], *m.*: wood-borer (insect). — *limer*⁹ [L. *limäre*], *tr.*: file. — *†-sourd*¹⁶, — *†-sourde*, *adj.*: cunning; sly.

limestre¹⁵ [?], *m.*: serge (made at Rouen). **limet-te**¹⁵ [lime], *f.*: limetta. — *-tier*¹⁵, *m.*: sweet lime-tree.

limeur¹³ [—mer], *m.*: filer.

limier¹¹ [lim, leash (old form of lien)], *m.*: LIME-hound, bloodhound; sleuth.

liminaire¹⁵ [L. *-naris* (*limen*, thresh-old)], *adj.*: prefatory.

limi-tatif¹⁵, — *-ive* [L. *-lare*, limit], *adj.*: limiting, restrictive (in wills). — *-tation*¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: —. — *-te*¹⁵ [L. *limes*, bound-ary], *f.*: limit, bounds. — *-ter*¹⁵ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: bound; limit. — *-trophe*¹⁴ [L. *-tro-phus* (*limes*, frontier, Gr. *tréphein*, nour-ish)], *adj.*: bordering: *terres* — *s*, frontier country assigned to Roman soldiers.

limon⁹ [p. L. **limo* (L. *-mus*)], *m.*: LIMAN, river mud or slime: *filles du* —, frogs.

limon¹¹ [? L. *-mus*, oblique], *m.*: shaft, thill; string-board, notch-board of stair-way; gasket.

li-mon¹³ [l. L. *-mo* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: LEMON. — *-monade*¹⁵, *f.*: lemonade.

— *-monadier*¹⁵, — *-ière* [—monade], *m.*: lemonade-seller; stand-keeper.

limoner¹⁵ [—n, thill], *intr.*: be large enough for buggy shafts.

limoneux¹⁵, — *gnse* [L. *-n*, slime], *adj.*: muddy.

limonier¹¹ [—n, m.]: thill-horse.

limonier¹⁵ [—n, m.]: lemon-tree.

limonière¹⁷ [—r], *f.*: shafts, thills.

limonite¹⁵ [—n, m.]: —, ferric hydroxide.

limosi-nage, or **limousinage**¹⁷ [Prov. *limousin* in France], *m.*: rough-masonry, ashlar-work. — *-ne*¹⁵ [Limousin], *f.*: coarse mantle. — *-ner*¹⁵ [Limousin], *intr.*: do rough-walling: *un limousinant*, a rough-waller.

limpi-de¹¹ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: clear. — *-dité*¹⁶ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: clearness.

limgre¹² [—mer], *f.*: filling; filings.

lin⁹ [L. *linum*], *m.*: flax: *graine de* —, linseed; *huile de* —, linseed oil; — *d'A-mérique*, American aloe; — *de la Nou-velle-Zélande*, flax-bush, flax-lily, phor-mium; — *minéral* or *vif*, mountain-flax; — *fosile*, asbestos; — *des marais*, or

lin-aigrette¹⁷ [lin, aigrette], *f.*: flax-like sedge. **lin-aire**¹⁴ [l. L. *linaria*], *f.*: toad-flax. — *-ceul*⁹, or — *-ceul* [L. *lin-teolum*], *m.*: tbed-cover; shroud.

lincoir¹⁶ [?], *m.*: girder, summer (beam); dormer.

liné-aire¹⁵ [L. *-aris* (*linea*, line)], *adj.*: linear. — *-al*¹⁵, *pl.* — *-aux* [L. *-alis*], *adj.*: lineal. — *-ament*¹⁵ [L. *-amentum*], *m.*: — (outline, contour).

linette¹⁴ [lin], *f.*: (*dial.*) linseed.

lin-ge⁹ [L. *lineum*], *adj.*: of linen; *m.*: linen (cloth): *être comme un* — *mouillé*, be

- limp as a rag. **-ger**¹², **-ère**, *m., f.*: linen-dresser; linen-keeper; *f.*: linen woman; moth. **-gerie**¹⁴ [*-ger*], *f.*: =; linen business; keeping of linen; linen room. **-gotte**¹⁴, *f.*: serge.
- lin-got**¹⁴ [Eng. *ingot*], *m.*: ingot (metal as cast fr. crucible or mold); quotation (for spacing in printing); slug (for guns). **-gotière**¹⁶, *f.*: lingot, ingot-mold.
- lingual**¹⁷, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-lis* (*lingua*, tongue)], *adj.*: =, of the tongue.
- lingue**¹⁵ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: ling, cod-like food-fish.
- lin-guet**¹⁶ [ak. to *langue*], *m.*: forelock, capstern-poll. **-gueter** = *langueter*. **-guiste**¹⁶ [L. *-gua*, tongue], *m., f.*: linguist. **-guistique**¹⁸ [*-guiste*], *adj.*: linguistic.
- li-nier**¹², 1. **-ière** [*lin*], *m., f.*: linen-dealer; *adj.*: flax. 2. **-nière**¹¹ [*lin*], *f.*: flax-field.
- liniment**¹⁵ [L. *-tum* (*linere*, smear)], *m.*: =.
- li-nomple**¹⁴ or **linon** [*lin*], *m.*: linon, lawn(cloth). **-not**¹², **-otte** [*lin*], *m., f.*: linnet: *siffler la linotte*, teach a linnet to sing; (*fam.*) teach one his part; have a dry throat.
- linter**¹⁶ [p. L. **limitale* fr. L. *limes*, boundary (as if fr. *limen*, threshold)], *m.*: LINTEL, headpiece, bar of a lintel; cross-piece.
- lion**⁹, **-onne** [L. *leo*], *m., f.*: lion, lioness; dressy person; cross-brace: *part de —*, lion's share; (*fam.*) *fosse aux lions*, store-room (for ropes, tar, etc., on shipboard); — *marin*, hair-seal; — *des pucerons*, leaf-louse; *dent de —*, dandelion; *chien —*, dog sheared to look like lion. **-ceau**¹¹, *m.*: lion's whelp. **lion-né**¹⁶, *adj.*: (*her.*) *léopard —*, =, rampant.
- lioube**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: scarf (for uniting masts).
- liparolé**¹⁵ [Gr. *-rós*, fat], *m.*: medicated ointment.
- lipogram-matique**¹⁷ [Gr. *-matos* (*lei-pein*, leave, *grámma*, letter)], *adj.*: hav'g a lipogram, lacking a letter. **-me**¹⁸, *m.*: lipogram, a writing made up of words lacking a certain letter.
- lipome**¹⁷ [Gr. *lipós*, fat], *m.*: lipoma, fatty wen.
- lipothymie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-thymía* (*lei-pein*, leave, *thymós*, mind)], *f.*: lipothymy, fainting.
- lip-pe**¹² [Ger. 'lip'], *f.*: thick lower lip, blubber-lip; lip-like ornament: *faire sa —*, pout. **-pée**¹⁵, *f.*: mouthful, dainty bit: *franche —*, free meal; good luck.
- lippitude**¹⁵ [L. *-do*], *f.*: = (blearedness, chronic gummy lids).
- lippu**¹⁵ [*-ppe*], *adj.*: blubber-lipped, hav'g thick lower lip.
- liqu-** [L. *liquere*, flow]: **-ation**¹⁶ **-kva-** [L. *-atio*], *f.*: =, melting of ores or alloys, unevenness (of alloy, esp. in bronze). **-éfaction**¹⁵ [L. *-efactio*], *f.*: liquefaction, conversion to liquid. **-éfiabie**¹⁵, *tr.*: liquefiable. **-éfié**¹³ [L. *-efacere*, make fluid], *tr.*: liquefy, melt. **-eur**¹¹ [L. *-quor*], *f.*: †liquid; liquor: *vin de —*, sweet wine; — *de Fowler*, Fowler's solution. **-idam-bar**¹⁷ [Sp.], *m.*: =, tree of witch-hazel family.
- liqui-dateur**¹⁷ [*-der*], *m.*: liquidator, receiver, one who settles with all creditors. **-dation** [*-der*], *f.*: =, settlement. **-de**¹² [L. *-dus*], *adj.* or *m., f.*: liquid: (*consonne*) —, liquid (l, m, n, or r); *argent —*, clear money; *la plaine —*, the sea. **-der**¹⁶, *tr.*: liquidate. **-dité**¹⁴ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: liquidness.
- liquo-reux**¹⁶, **-euse** [L. *-r*], *adj.*: sweet and strong. **-riste**¹⁷ [L. *-r*], *m., f.*: liquor-dealer.
- lire**⁹ [L. *legere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: read.
 § Ind.: Pr. *li-s*, *-s*, *-t*; *sons*, *-ses*, *-sent*.
 Ipt. *lisais*. Pret. *lus*. Fut. (Cond.) *lirai(s)*.
 — Subj.: Pr. *lise*. Ipt. *lisse*. — I've *lis*. — Part.: Pr. *lisant*; P. *lu*.
- liron**⁹ [p. L. **glirō* (L. *glūs*)], *m.*: dormouse; Alpine marmot.
- lis**⁹, *obsol.* or *her.* **lis** [L. *lilium*], *m.*: LILY; (*her.*) fleur-de-lis; †criminal's brand in France: — *martagon*, Turk's cap; — *asphodèle*, lily-daffodil; — *d'étang*, water-lily.
1. **lissage**¹⁷ [*lire*], *m.*: sleaving (of threads).
2. **lissage**¹⁷ [*-ser*], *m.*: smoothing.
- lise**¹¹ [*glise* (old form of *glaise*)], *f.*: (*dial.*) drifting sand.
- li-ser**¹⁷ [ak. to *-sière*], *tr.*: smooth (cloth). **-serage**¹⁷, *m.*: cording, piping (embroidery). **-seré**¹⁷, *m.*: braid, ribbon; cording. **li-serer**¹⁶ [*-sière*], *tr.*: cord, border with piping.
- lisron**¹⁵ or 1. **liset** (*dial.*) [*lis*], *m.*: bind-weed.
2. **liset**¹⁶, **-ette** [names *L(ou)iset*, *-ette*], *m., f.*: (*dial.*) vine-grub.
- li-seur**¹¹, **-euse** [*lire*], *m., f.*: reader (of books, etc.; sleyer of threads); *f.*: paper-knife. **-sibilité**¹⁵ [*-sible*], *f.*: LEGIBILITY, readableness. **-sible**¹⁶ [*-re*], *adj.*: readable, LEGIBLE. **-siblement** [*-sible*], *adv.*: legibly.
- lisiér**¹⁵ [*dial.* Swiss], *m.*: liquid measure.
- lisière**¹² [?], *f.*: border (list, selvage edge, outskirts, verge, edge of forest; turf or hedge border); leading strings; strips (for weaving coarse stockings).
- lisiot**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: axle-saddle; sloat; drying-frame (for cloth).
1. **lissage**¹⁷ [*-ser*], *m.*: smoothing; glossing.
2. **lissage** = *liçage*.

1. **lisse**, see *lice*, warp, and *liste*.
 2. **lis-se**¹⁵ [? ak. to Ger. *leise*], *adj.*: smooth. **-se**, *f.*: smoothness, gloss(iness); smooth surface; glaze; ropiness (viscous state of boiling sugar). 1. **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: smooth; polish; gloss; glaze; sugar-coat: — *de la laine*, dye wool evenly.
 2. **liss-er** = *licer*.
liss-eron = *liceron*.
 1. **lissette**, see *licette*.
 2. **lis-sette**¹⁷ [*-ser*], *f.*: polishing-bone. **-seur**¹⁷, **-euse** [*-ser*], *m., f.*: smoother, glosser. **-soir**, *m.*, or **-soire**, *f.* [*-ser*]: smoothing-tool, polisher; smoothing-box (for paper); fine-toothed comb.
lis-te¹¹ [OHG. *-ta*], *f.*: (old) band; (now) blaze (in horse's face); LUST: — *civile*, governmental list or budget, civil list. **-tel**¹⁶, *pl.* **-teaux** [It. *-tello*], *m.*: =, fillet (of columns). **-ton**¹⁷, *m.*: scroll.
lit⁹ [L. *lectum*], *m.*: bed (couch; channel, basin; layer, stratum); rabbit-form: — *de camp*, camp-bed (field-bed, portable bed); — *à la duchesse*, bed with four posts and a canopy and curtains; — *de parade*, bed of state; — *de sangle*, cot, folding-bed; *ruelle de* —, bedside; — *de Saint-Martin*, straw bed; *au saut du* —, at rising.
litage¹⁷ [*-ter*], *m.*: rolling up of the list.
lita-nie¹² [L. *-nia* (Gr. *-neia*, prayer)], *f.*: litany; *pl.*: repeated formal prayers; *sing.*: old story.
 1. **liteau**¹², *pl.* — *x* [*liste*], *m.*: coloured stripe (on napkins); wooden rod or bar.
 2. **li-teau**¹⁶, *pl.* — *x* [*lit*], *m.*: wolf's lair. **-tée**¹¹ [*lit*], *f.*: den, lair, haunt. 1. **-ter**¹⁷ [*lit*], *tr.*: pack in layers.
 2. **litér**¹⁰ [*lister*], *tr.*: (old) put a rod or bar on; (now) roll up the list of; stripe before dyeing.
litérie¹⁸ [*lit*], *f.*: bed (as a whole).
lith- [Gr. *lithos*, stone]: **-arge**¹² [L. *-argyrus* (Gr. *-argyros*, lit., silverstone)], *m.*: =, massicot; dross, scum. † **-argé**¹⁷ or † **-gyré**, *adj.*: hav'g litharge. **-iase**¹⁶ [Gr. *-iasis*], *f.*: lithiasis (granular formations in the body). **-ine**¹⁸ [*-ium*], *f.*: oxide of lithium. **-ium**¹⁸, *m.*: =, the lightest metal. **-ocolle**¹⁶ [Gr. *-okolla*], *f.*: lithocolla, cement for precious stones. **-ocromie**¹⁸ [Gr. *krōma*, colour], *f.*: lithochromatics. **-ographie**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: lithographer. **-ographie**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*], *f.*: lithography; lithograph. **-graphier**¹⁸ [*-graphie*], *tr.*: lithograph. **-graphique**¹⁸ [*graphie*], *adj.*: lithographic. **-ologie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: lithology, science of stones. **-ologie**¹⁷ [*-ologie*], *m.*: lithologist. **-entriptique**¹⁶ [Gr. *tríbein*, crush, *-ikós*, *-ie*], *adj.*, or *m.*: lithontrip-

- tic. **-ophage**¹⁶ [Gr. *phágein*, eat], *adj.*: lithophagous, stone-eating. **-ophante**¹⁸ [Gr. *phanós*, clear], *f.*: lithophane.
-ophyte¹⁷ [Gr. *phutón*, plant], *m.*: =, stony polyp, as coral. **-otome**¹⁸ [Gr. *-otōmos* (*tēmeîn*, cut)], *m.*: =, cystotome. **-otomie**¹⁷ [L., Gr. *-otomia* (Gr. *tēmeîn*, cut)], *f.*: lithotomy, cystotomy. **-otomiste**¹⁶ [*-otomie*], *m.*: lithotomist, operator for stone in the bladder. **-otriteur**¹⁸ [L. *tritior*, crusher], *m.*: lithotrite (instrument for stone). **-otritie**¹⁸ [ak. to *-otriteur*], *f.*: lithotripsy.
† **littier**, see *laitier*, slag.
litière¹¹ [*lit*], *f.*: LITTER (stretcher; bedding for stock; clutter, muss).
liti-gant¹⁸ [L. *-gare* (*litēre agere*), *suo* at law], *adj.*: litigant, engaged in a lawsuit.
liti-ge¹⁸ [L. *-gium*], *m.*: cause, lawsuit; litigation. **-gicieux**¹⁸, **-euse** [L. *-giosus*], *litigious*. **-spendance**¹⁸ [L. *-s-pendētia* (*pendere*, hang)], *f.*: pendency (of suit).
litorne¹⁸ [?], *f.*: field-fare (bird).
lito-te¹⁵ [L., Gr. *-tes*, 'smallness'], *f.*: litotes, denial of the opposite.
 1. **litre**¹¹ [*liste*], *f.*: (*her.*) =, hatchment of black band with arms of the deceased.
 2. **li-tre**¹⁷, *m.*: liter (almost a quart).
 † **-tron**¹⁵ [? L. *-tra*, pound], *m.*: (old) two-quart measure.
litté-raire¹⁸ [L. *-rarius*], *adj.*: literary. **-rairement** [*-raire*], *adv.*: in a literary way. † **-ral**¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-ralis* (*-ra*, letter)], *adj.*: literal; lettered; written; classic. **-ralement**¹⁸, *adv.*: literally. **-ralité**¹⁷, *f.*: literalness. **-rateur**¹⁸ [L. *-rator*], *m.*: =, literary man, scholar. **-rature**¹⁸ [L. *-ratura*], *f.*: literature; † learning.
litto-ral¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-ralis* (*littus*, shore)], *adj.* or *m.*: =. **-relle**¹⁷ [L. *littus*], *f.*: marsh plant. **-rine**¹⁸ [L. *littus*], *f.*: periwinkle (mollusk).
litur-gie¹⁸ [Gr. *leitourgia*, public work], *f.*: liturgy, ritual of worship. **-gique**¹⁷ [Gr. *leitourgikós*], *adj.*: liturgic. **-giste**¹⁷, *m.*: liturgist, ritualist.
liure⁹ [L. *ligatūra*], *f.*: tie, cord binding a load down; lashing, seizing (as of the bowsprit); setting of enamel (in jewelry).
livarde¹⁷ [?], *f.*: sprit, yard of a sprit sail; tow-cord (for tightening ropes).
livèche⁹ [p. L. **levistica* (L. *ligusticum*)], *f.*: levisticum, lovage (herb of the parsley family).
livi-de¹² [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: livid, bluish, leaden. **-dité**¹⁸, *f.*: lividness.
li-vrable¹⁸ [*-vrer*], *adj.*: deliverable.
-vraison¹¹ [*-vrer*], *f.*: delivery; installment, part (of a printed work).

1. **livre**¹⁰ [L. *liber*], m.: book: à — ouvert, at first sight of the book, without preparation; — journal, day-book; grand —, ledger; grand — (de la dette publique), list of state's creditors; — de bord, ship's book for entering cargo and passengers; — de loch, logbook; laisse à tous les —s, giving up study; —s de fonds d'un libraire, book-dealer's publications; — d'heures, prayer-book.
2. **livre**⁹ [L. *libra*], f.: †pound, sixteen ounces; livre (coin), franc: — parisien, Parisian livre, twenty-five cents; — tournois, Tours livre, twenty cents; — sterling, pound sterling, twenty-five francs, £1.
- li-vrée**, f.: LIVERY (orig. 'furnishing'), uniform; badge; coat (that changes of young animals or birds): — d'une pièce d'étoffe, silk-thread of a tag (factory mark). || **-vrer**⁹ [L. *liberare*, set free], tr.: deliver (give up; give over; give; bring).
- livret**¹² [1. -vre], m.: little book; LIBRETTO; catalogue (of museum or art gallery); gold-beater's mould; book at cards; fold (in a ruminant's stomach): — (d'algorithme), multiplication table; — d'ouvrier, laborer's record.
- livreur**¹³, = **ense** [2. -vre, pound], m., f.: carrier, deliverer (of merchandise).
- lixiviation**¹⁶ [L. -vium, lye], f.: =, LEACHING. **-viel**¹⁷, = **elle** [L. -vium], adj.: lixivial. **-vier**¹⁸ [L. -vium], tr.: lixiviate.
- † **lama** = lama.
- lo-be**¹⁶ [Gr. *bós*], m.: =. **-bé**¹⁷, adj.: lobed. **-bule**¹⁶, m.: =, little lobe.
- loca-l**¹², pl. = **aux** [L. -lis (*locus*, place)], adj.: =; m.: locality; place. † **lo-ment**¹³, adv.: locally. **-lisation**¹⁸ [-liser], f.: =. **-liser**¹⁸, tr.: localise; locate. **-lité**¹⁶, f.: locality; position. **-taire**¹⁶ [1. *louer*, rent], m., f.: tenant (roomer; lessee). 1. **-tif**¹², = **ive** [*louer*, rent], adj.: of a tenant: valeur locative, rent-value; risque —, tenant's risk. **-tif**⁹, = **ive** [L. *locus*, place], adj.: of a place; m.: locative (case showing place in grammar). **-tion**¹⁷ [L. -tio], f.: renting (hiring; letting). **-tis**¹⁷ [L. -ticius], m.: (fam.) hired horse or carriage; rented house.
- loch**¹⁶ [fr. Eng.], m.: LOG (device to show speed of boats).
- lochage**¹³ [-cher], m.: looseness, dangling.
- loche**¹² [?], f.: LOACH (fish); (dial.) snail.
- locher**¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *locker*, loose], intr.: be loose; tr.: shake: il y a quelque fer qui loche, there is a screw loose.
- lochies**¹⁶ [Gr. *-cheia*], f. pl.: lochia, bloody discharges after childbirth.
- locman**¹⁴ [Dutch *lotman*], m.: coasting pilot.
- loco-** [L. *locus*, place]: **-mobile**¹⁸, adj.: movable; f.: portable steam engine. **-moteur**¹⁶, = **triee**, adj.: locomotory. **-motif**¹⁷, = **ive** [ak. to -moteur], adj.: locomotive; f.: locomotive, steam engine. **-motion**¹⁷ [ak. to -moteur], f.: =. **-motivité**¹⁸ [-motif], f.: locomotive power.
- loculaire**¹⁷ [L. -lus, cell], adj.: locular, hav'g seed cells.
- locus-te**¹³ [L. -ta], f.: locust (grasshopper); crawfish. **-telle**¹³, f.: grasshopper sparrow.
- location**¹³ [L. -tio (*loqui*, speak)], f.: =, form of speech.
- † **lodier**¹³ [?], m.: quilt.
- lods**¹¹ [los], m. pl.: feudal fees (due when land was sold).
- lo-f**¹¹ [Scand.], m.: lee-side: aller au —, steer closer and closer to the wind. **-fer**¹⁷, intr.: luff alee, head to the wind.
- logarithme**¹⁶ [L. -mus (Gr. *lógos*, speech, *arithmós*, number)], m.: logarithmic; f.: logarithmic curve.
- lo-ge**¹¹ [OG. *laubja* = Gr. *laube*, arbor], f.: LODGE (hut; booth; hall of a society; little room); cabinet; LOGGIA; theatre-box, loge; dungeon; kennel; den; compartment. **-geable**¹⁶ [-ger], adj.: habitable; †disposed to lodge. **-gement**¹³ [-ger], m.: lodging; lodging space; room; lodgings; state room; price of lodging; lodgment, entrenchment; where something is kept, barrel, bale: †faire les logements, arrange for the king's traveling retinue. **-ger**¹¹, intr.: lodge, put up; tr.: entertain; establish; entrench; place: — à la belle étoile, sleep in the open air. **-gette**¹¹, f.: (fam.) little lodge; pollen cell. **-geur**¹⁴, = **ense** [-ger], m., f.: keeper of lodging-house.
- logi-cien**¹², = **enne** [L. -cus, logical], m., f.: logician; adj.: (rare) logical. 1. **-que**¹² [L. -ca, Gr. -ké (*lógos*, reason)], f.: logic. 2. **-que**¹⁷ [L. -cus (Gr. -kós)], adj.: logical. **-quement**¹⁷ [2. -que], adv.: logically.
- logis**¹³ [-ger], m.: room, quarters; entrenchment; home, habitation; king's quarters: corps de —, main building; la folle du —, imagination.
- logisti-que**¹³ [L. -cus (Gr. -kós)], adj.: logistical.
- logo-** [Gr. *lógos*, speech]: 1. **-graphe**¹⁶ [Gr. -graphos (*gráphein*, write)], m.: logographer, early Greek prose writer. 2. † **-graphe**¹⁶ [Gr. *gráphein*], m.: shorthand writer. **-griphe**¹⁶ [Gr. *gríphos*, string], m.: logogriph, word-riddle. **-machie**¹⁶ [Gr. -machía (*máche*, fight)], f.: logomachy, war of words.

1. **loi**² [L. *lex*, *lēg.*], *f.*: LAW.

2. **loi**¹⁷ [*aloi*], *f.*: alloy (of coins).

loin⁹ [L. *longe*], *adv.*: afar, far, far off (in time or space): — à —, at intervals; — de moi! begone! — **tain**⁹ [p. L. **longitānus*], *adj.*: remote, distant; *m.*: distance, background.

loir⁹ [L. *glis*], *m.*: dormouse.

loi-sible¹³, *adj.*: allowable. || — **sir**⁹ [OFr. verb fr. *licēre*, be allowed], *m.*: LEISURE; spare time, opportunity.

lok¹⁵ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: loch (medicine).

lombaire¹⁵ [-be], *adj.*: lumbar.

lombard [name of a nation], *m.*: lombard (money-lender; pawnshop).

lombe¹¹ [L. *bua*], *m.*: LOIN.

lombri-c¹² [L. *lumbricus*], *m.*: lumbric, earthworm; intestinal worm. — **cal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: lumbric-like, worm-like (as muscles).

flondrin¹⁶ [city *Londres*, London], *m.*: light wool cloth (French imitation of London cloth).

lon-g⁹, **lon-gue** [L. *gus*], *adj.*: long (in time or space); *m.*: length: une (*syllabe*, note) *-gue*, a long syllable or note; de *-gue* main, of long standing; avoir des *-gues*, be famished; *habit* —, ministerial garb; *lunette de -gue* vue, or une *longue-vue*, eye-glasses, spy-glasses; le —, or *tau* —, along; during; à la *-gue*, in course of time, in the long run; *tirer de -gue*, be tedious; *tout au —*, or *tout du —*, in detail, fully; *tout du — et du lé*, thoroughly; *en donner à quelqu'un du — et du large*, do one up completely. — **gaille**¹⁸, *f.*: stave (of barrels, etc.). — **ganimité**¹¹ [L. *-ganimitas* (animus, mind)], *f.*: longanimity, forbearance. — **lon-ge**⁹ [p. L. **-gea*], *f.*: halter, tether; lash: *prise de —*, hurt in a horse's pastern.

2. **longe**⁹ [p. L. *lumbea* (L. *lumbus*)], *f.*: LOIN (of meat).

lon-gé¹⁷ [1. *-ge*], *adj.*: (her.) hav'g tether of a distinct tincture. — **gor**¹⁸ [*long*], *tr.*: go along; *intr.*: go far off. — **gévité**¹⁷ [L. *-garitas* (ærum, age)], *f.*: longevity, great age.

longi-corne¹⁵ [L. *longus*, long, cornu, horn], *adj.* or *m.*: longicorn (beetle). — **métric**¹⁶ [Gr. *mētron*, measure], *f.*: longimetry, length measuring. — **penné**¹⁵ [L. *penna*, feather], *adj.*: longipennate; *m. pl.*: longipennes, gulls, etc. — **rostre**¹⁸ [L. *rostrum*, beak], *adj.*: longirostral; *m. pl.*: longirostres, snipes, etc.

longis¹⁵ [Longinus, legendary name of soldier who pierced Christ's side], *m.*: (pop.) slow-poke (meaning infl. by *long*).

longitu-de¹⁵ [L. *-do*, length], *f.*: —. || — **dinal**¹², *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-do*], *adj.*: —.

— **dinalement**¹⁷, *adv.*: in length, in longitude.

long-join-té¹⁶, *adj.*: long-jointed, hav'g long pastern.

lon-grine¹⁷ [*-gueur*], *f.*: girder; railroad tie. — **gtemps**¹⁰ [*long*, *temps*], *m.* or *adv.*: long time. — **guement**¹⁵ [*long*], *adv.*: long.

† **gue-paume**, see *paume*. † **gue-rie**¹⁵ [It. *lungheria*], *f.*: lengthiness. † **guérine**, see *-grine*. — **guet**¹¹, — **otte** [*long*], *adj.*: (fam.) rather long; *m.*: (piano-maker's) hammer. — **gueur**¹¹ [*long*], *f.*: length; great length; long delay. † **gue-vue**, see *long*.

† **looch** = *lok*.

lopin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (fam.) morsel, share: — *cinglé*, lump of refined metal (ready for special furnace).

loqua-ce¹⁸ [L. *-x* (*loqui*, talk)], *adj.*: loquacious, talkative. — **cité**¹⁵ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: loquacity, talkativeness.

loque¹⁴ [? ak. to Ger. *locke*, curl], *f.*: rag; *polisser à la —*, tie up vines with rags.

† **loquèle**¹² [L. *-la*, talking], *f.*: small talk. 1. **loquet**¹⁵ [*-que*], *m.*: coarse wool (for mattresses); tuft (of boar's hair for brushes).

2. **loque-t**¹⁵ [OFr. *loc* (ak. to Eng. *lock*)], *m.*: door latch; hatch-bar: *couteau à —*, knife with spring blade. — **teau**¹⁶, *m.*: little latch (of windows, etc.).

lo-queteur¹⁴, — **ense** [*-que*], *adj.*: ragged. — **quette**¹⁵ [*-que*], *f.*: (fam.) little piece; little hank of unspun wool; slice (of salmon, etc.).

lord¹⁷ [Eng.], *m.*: lord.

lordose [L. L., Gr. *-sis* (Gr. *lordós*, bent back)], *f.*: lordosis (forward curvature of the spine).

loré¹⁵ [?], *adj.*: (her.) hav'g fins of a distinct tincture.

lor-gnade¹⁶, *f.*: (fam., rare) ogle, glance (at a woman). — **gnement**¹⁶, *m.*: (rare) ogling. — **gner**¹⁶ [OFr. *-gne*, squint], *tr.*: glance at, ogle, make eyes at, peep at; look at with opera-glasses. — **gnrie**¹⁵, *f.*: (fam. rare) ogling. — **quette**¹⁷, *f.*: =, opera glass; spy-glass (for seeing sideways); † fan (with a glass in it). — **gneur**¹⁵, — **ense**, *m., f.*: ogler. — **gnon**¹⁵, *m.*: eye-glasses.

1. **loriot** [OFr. *loriol* (L. *aureolus*, golden)], *m.*: =, oriole (bird): (fig.) *compère* —, stye on the eye.

2. **loriot**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (baker's) trough.

lor-merie¹⁹, *f.*: (old) harness business. || — **mer**¹² [OFr. *-ain* (L. *-um*, thong)], *m.*: (old) harness-maker.

lorré = *loré*.

lors¹¹ [for, adverbial -s], *adv.*: then: *dès —*, since that time; — *de*, at the time of; — *que*, or *lorsque*¹⁵, *conj.*: when.

los^o [L. *laudes*, pl. of *laus*, praise], *m.*:
†praising; approval.

lo-sange¹² [?], *m.*, or †*f.*: (*her.*) lozenge;
diamond shape; rhombus. -**sanger**¹², *tr.*:
divide into diamond shapes.

losse^o [? ak. to Ger. *loch*, hole], *f.*: bung-
bore.

lo-t¹¹ [fr. Germ'c], *m.*: LOT (prize, for-
tune; heritage; portion; quantity; allot-
ment, job, contract). **lo-terie**¹⁶ [It. *-teria*
(lotto, lot)], *f.*: lottery. 1. **lo-tier**¹⁷, *m.*:
fishing partner (who shares equally).

2. **lotier**¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: lotus flower.

lo-tion¹³ [L. *-tio* (*lavare*, wash)], *f.*: =,
washing, bathing. -**tionner**¹³, *tr.*: wash.

lo-ti¹³ [lot], *tr.*: allot; cull out, sample;
assay, test (ores). -**tissage**¹⁷, *m.*: shar-
ing, division. -**tissement**¹⁴, *m.*: allot-
ment, lotting. -**tisseur**¹², *m.*, *f.*:
(rare) allotter. -**to**¹⁷ [It. *-tto*], *m.*: =
(game).

lotte¹⁶ [?], *f.*: lote, burbot (fish).

lotus¹⁶ or -**tos** [L. Gr.], *m.*: =, tree of
oblivion (making one forget his country).

lou-able¹¹ [-er, praise], *adj.*: LAUDABLE,
praiseworthy. -**ablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: laud-
ably.

louage¹² [*louer*, rent], *m.*: rent, hire: (*fig.*)
personnages de —, persons in a tableau
merely to fill up.

louan-ge¹¹ [*louer*, LAUD], *f.*: praise.
-**ger**¹⁴ [*louer*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) praise greatly.
-**geur**¹⁵, -**euse** [-*ger*], *m.*, *f.*: praiser,
flatterer.

1. **louche**¹² [? ak. to *losse*], *f.*: large spoon;
ladle, bung-borer.

2. **lou-che**¹² [L. *lucius*, one-eyed], *adj.*:
squinting, cross-eyed; half-blind; blurred;
of uneven colour; *m.*, *f.*: cross-eyed per-
son; *m.*: obscurity. -**cher**¹⁶, *intr.*:
squint, be cross-eyed. -**cherie**¹⁶, *f.*:
(*fam.*) squinting.

louchet¹³ [1. -*che*], *m.*: spade; bucket (of
an endless chain).

lou-chette¹⁷ [-*cher*], *f.*: goggles (for
cross-eyes). -**chir**¹⁸ [-*che*], *intr.*: cloud,
become uneven in colour. -**chon**¹⁸
[-*cher*], *m.*, *f.*: (*pop.*) squint or goggle-eyed
person.

†**loudier** = *lodier*.

1. **louer**^o [L. *locare*, fix in place], *tr.*: hire;
let: †*personnages à* —, persons used to
fill up a picture.

2. **lou-er**^o [L. *laudare*], *tr.*: praise: *se* —
de, be proud of, delighted with. 1. -**eur**¹¹,
m., *f.*: praiser.

2. **loueur**¹¹, -**euse** [*louer*, hire], *m.*, *f.*:
livery-man, hirer of horses, etc.

longre¹⁷ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: lugger, pirate boat.

louis¹⁶ [King Louis XIII], *m.*: louis (old
coin with image of the king; now twenty-
franc gold-piece).

loup^o [L. *lupus*], *m.*: WOLF; loup, light
mask; †lupus, sore; flaw; lump, clinker
(in a molten mass); comb, devil (for raw
wool): *dent de* —, goldsmith's ivory bur-
nisher; spike; rod; bar; trigger; nail
puller; point of lace, etc.; *gueule de* —,
chimney wind-cap; snap-dragon (plant);
pie de —, club-moss; *saut de* —, moat;
— *marin*, or *de mer*, hair-seal; umbrina
(fish); — *gris* or *blanc*, old wolf; were-
wolf; *enrhume* comme un —, hoarse (fr. a
cold); *froid de* —, severe cold; *avoir vu*
le —, be an old hand, old timer. — *cer-*
vier, Canada lynx.

lou-pe¹³ [?], *f.*: wen; gnarl; uncut gem;
pearl-stone (in a shell); red-hot iron (ready
for hammer); brick (that has absorbed
gold, etc.); magnifying-glass. -**peux**¹⁷,
-**euse**, *adj.*: having gnarls.

loup-garou¹¹, *pl.* -*s* -*s*, *m.*: = (WERE-
WOLF); bugbear; unsociable man.

lour-d^o [p. L. **lurdus* (L. *luridus*)], *adj.*:
heavy; awkward; dull; expensive. -**daud**¹⁵,
-**aude**, *m.*, *f.*: clumsy person; dolt.
-**derie**¹⁴, *f.*: dullness. -**deur**¹⁷, *f.*: heav-
iness, weight. †-**dise**¹⁵, *f.*: blunder.

loure¹⁷ [?], *f.*: = (†bagpipe, slow dance).
†**lourer**¹⁶, *tr.*: mark (the first note of
each beat).

†**lousse** = *losse*.

lousse¹⁶ [?], *m.*: scupper.

loustic¹⁷ or †**loustig** -**tik** [Ger. *lustig*,
merry], *m.*: company clown (of the Swiss
regiments in French service); buffoon,
joker.

lou-tre¹² [L. *lutra*], *f.*: otter. †-**treur**¹²,
or †-**trier**, *m.*: (*dial.*) otter-hunter.

lou-ward¹³ or -**vat** [*loup*], *m.*: young
wolf. †**lou-ve**^o [L. *lupa*], *f.*: she-wolf;
†harlot; staked seine; hoop-net (with
many entrances); barrel (with no bottom,
through which codfish are loaded); sling,
stone-tongs (for raising stone).

louvel¹⁷ [?], *f.*: flat planking (of ships,
where boards lie square up instead of cov-
ering each other).

1. **louver** = *lover*.

2. **lou-ver**¹⁶ [-*er*], *tr.*: raise (a stone with
a sling). -**vet**¹⁶, -**ette** [*loup*], *adj.*: fox-
coloured, sorrel. -**vetage**¹⁶ [-*vet*], *m.*:
combing (of wool). -**vetau**¹³ [*loup*], *m.*:
wolf-whelp; claw (of stone-tongs). 1. -**ve-**
ter¹⁶ [*loup*], *intr.*: whelp. 2. -**vet**¹⁸
[*loup*], *tr.*: comb (wool). -**vererie**¹⁵
[-*vet*], *f.*: wolf-hunting company or out-
fit. -**vetier**¹⁵ [*loup*], *m.*: †chief wolf-
hunter; outfitter (for wolf-hunting).
-**vette**¹⁵ [-*re*], *f.*: dog-tick.

louviers¹⁵ [town L.], *m.*: kind of cloth.

louvoyer¹⁵ [*lof*], *intr.*: tack ship; (*fig.*)
scheme, manoeuvre.

lover¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: coil; (*dial.*) roll up.

loxodro-mie¹⁶ [Gr. *-mos* (loxos, oblique, drómos, course)], *f.*: rhumb; loxodrome (curve following one direction). **-mique**¹⁷, *adj.*: loxodromic.

loy-al⁹, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *legális*], *adj.*: loyal; faithful: **cheval** —, submissive horse. **-alement**¹¹, *adv.*: loyally. **-auté**¹⁰, *f.*: loyalty.

loyer⁶ [L. *locarium* (locus, place), stall money], *m.*: rent, hire; wages; **freward**. **†lozange** = losange.

lu-bie¹⁰ [L. *-bere*, desire], *f.*: whim, fancy. **†-bjeux**¹⁰, **†-euse**, *adj.*: fanciful, whimsical.

lubri-cité¹³ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: lubricity. **-fication**¹⁸ [*-fier*], *f.*: —. **-fior**¹⁵ [L. *-cus*, slippery, *facere*, make], *tr.*: lubricify, oil. **†-que**¹³ [L. *-cus*, slippery], *adj.*: lustful, lecherous, lewd. **-quement**¹², *adv.*: lewdly, lustfully.

lu-cane¹⁸ [L. *-canus*], *m.*: stag-beetle. **-carne**¹³ [ak. to L. *lux*, light], *f.*: —, garret window.

luci-de¹⁶ [L. *-dus* (lux, light)], *adj.*: lucid, clear; **†shining**; *f.*: brightest star (in a constellation): **somnambule** —, clairvoyant medium. **-dement**¹⁴, *adv.*: lucidly. **-dité**¹⁵, *f.*: lucidity. **luciole**¹⁸ [It. *lucciola*], *f.*: glow-worm.

lu-cratif¹², **-ive** [L. *-crativus* (lucrum, gain)], *adj.*: lucrative, very profitable. **-crativement**¹³, *adv.*: profitably. **-cre**¹⁶ [L. *-crum*], *m.*: —: **ceasant**, case where a creditor hav'g lost interest can demand a bonus.

†lucubration = élucubration.

ludion¹⁷ [L. *-dio*, actor], *m.*: "dancing dervish" (hollow figure in a jar to show pressure).

luette⁹ [**uette* fr. p. L. **ūvitta* (L. *ūva*, bunch of grapes)], *f.*: UVULA, soft palate.

lueur⁹ [p. L. **lūcor* (L. *lūcere*, shine)], *m.*: glimmer; gleam.

lugu-bre¹³ [L. *-gubris*], *adj.*: lugubrious, sad. **-brement**¹⁰, *adv.*: mournfully, dolefully.

lui⁹ [p. L. **illui* (L. *ille*, that one)], *pers. pron.*: he; him, it; to him, to her, to it; himself, itself.

lui-re⁹ [p. L. **lūcere* (L. *lūcere*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: shine. **-sant**¹⁰, *adj.*: bright; *m.*: brilliancy; *f.*: brightest star (of a constellation). **†-sette**¹⁵, *f.*: (dial.) disease (of silk-worms, making their bodies transparent).

§ Ind.: Pr. *lui-s*, *-s*, *-s*; *-sons*, *-sez*, *-sent*.
Ipf. *luisait*. Pret. *luisit*. Fut. (Cond.) *luisirait*. — Subj.: Pr. *luisse*. Ipf. *luisissent*. —
I've *luis*. — Part.: Pr. *luisant*; P. *lui*.

luite, see *suite*.

lution, see *lutin*.

lumachelle¹⁷ [It. *-lla* (lumaca, slug)], *f.*: —, fire-marble (containing shells).

lumbago¹⁸ [L., fr. *lumbus*, LOIN], *m.*: —, rheumatism of the back.

lumière⁹ [L. *luminaria* (lumen, light), windows], *f.*: LIGHT; information; opening (touch-hole of gun; peep-hole; sight of an astrolabe; hole for water or steam to pass through in a machine; slot in a plane); (her.) eyes of a boar or porcupine.

lumignon¹² [OFr. *limegnon* (?)], *m.*: fire-end of a wick, snuff; stump (of candle).

lumi-naire¹¹ [L. *-nare* (L. *lumen*, LIGHT)], *m.*: luminary, light; lights of a church; eyes. **-noucement**¹⁷ [*-neuz*], *adv.*: luminously. **-neux**¹², **-euse** [L. *-nosus*], *adj.*: luminous, giving light.

lu-naire¹⁴ [L. *-naris* (luna, moon)], *adj.*: lunar; crescent-shaped. **2.-naire**¹⁵ [L. *-naria*], *f.*: lunar, moonwort (fern).

-naison¹¹ [lune], *f.*: lunation, time of lunar revolution, lunar month. **-natique**¹³ [L. *-naticus*], *adj.*: lunatic, moonstruck: **cheval** —, moon-eyed horse; *m.*: lunatic.

lun-eh¹⁵ [q-sh (Eng.)], *m.*: —. **-cher**¹⁸, *intr.*: lunch.

lundi⁹ [p. L. **lūnis dīs* (L. *lūna* dies, day of the moon)], *m.*: Monday: — **gras**, last Monday of the carnival; (fam.) **faire le** —, **fêter saint Lundi**, make Monday a holiday instead of working.

lu-ne⁹ [L. *lūna*], *f.*: moon (heavenly body; lunar month); round hole; metal disk; gnarl in wood; silvery object: — **d'eau**, water-lily; sunfish; **crachet de la** —, kind of algæ; — **rousse**, time for late frosts; — **de miel**, honeymoon; — **bonne** (mauvaise), good (bad) humour; **avoir des** — **s**, be moonstruck. **-né**¹⁶, *adj.*: lunatic; gnarled; moony. **-nel**¹⁶ [Sp.], *m.*: (her.) formed of four crescents.

-netier¹⁵, **1.-ière** [*-nette*], *m., f.*: maker or seller of spectacles; (humor.) wearer of spectacles. **2.-netière**¹⁷ [*-nette*], *f.*: cruciferous plant (hav'g cells in twos suggesting spectacles). **-nette**¹¹, *f.*: lens; telescope; = (glass disk for the Host in Catholic churches; conical vault window; wish-bone; semi-circular fortification); lens; telescope; rim holding the crystal of a watch; steel-ring to verify caliber of cannon-balls; privy-seat; neck-groove (of guillotine); side-flue (of glass furnace); empty square (between two of adversary's pieces at checkers, at billiards); *pl.*: spectacles; **†circular mirror**. **†-nettier**, see *-netier*. **-ni-solaire**¹⁷ [L. *-na*, moon, Fr. *solaire*], *adj.*: lunisolar. **-nule**¹⁷ [L. *-nula*], *f.*: little moon; =, lunula; glass crystal of the host. **-nure**¹⁸, *f.*: round flaw (in wood).

lu-panar [L. (lupa, she-wolf)], *m.*: — (house of ill fame). **†-pin**¹² [L. *-pinus*

(-pus, wolf)], *m.*: lupine (plant). **-pi-nelle**¹³ [-pi-n], *f.*: red clover, sainfoin. **-puline**¹⁴ [L. **pulus*], *f.*: yellow lucern-grass.

luron¹⁵, =onne [?], *m., f.*: jolly fellow; buxom girl.

lus-trage¹⁷ [-tr-er], *m.*: lustring; glossing. **-tral**¹⁶, *pl.* =aux [L. *-tralis*], *adj.*: lustral, purifying. **-tra-tion**¹⁴ [L. *-tratio*], *f.*: =, method of purification. 1. **||-tre**¹³ [L. *-trum* (luere, appease)], *m.*: lustrum (expiatory sacrifice amongst the Romans every five years; census taken every five years; period of five years).

2. **lus-tre**¹⁵ [It. *-tro* (L. *lucere*, shine)], *m.*: = (gloss; brilliancy; splendour; chandelier). **-trèr**¹⁶, *tr.*: lustre (gloss, make shiny). **-treur**¹⁷ [-tr-er], *m.*: glosser. **-trier**¹⁶, *m.*: maker of chandeliers. **-trine**¹⁷, *f.*: lustring (heavy silk fabric); percaline (glossy cotton cloth). **-troir**¹⁷ [-tr-er], *m.*: felted polisher (for mirrors).

lu-t¹⁴ [L. *-tum*, mud], *m.*: lute, luting (composition for excluding air or fire). **-tèr**¹⁵ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: lute, seal up.

lu-th¹² [?], *m.*: lute (guitar-like instrument). **-thèr**¹⁶, *tr.*: shape like a lute; adapt to the lute. **-therie**¹⁷ [-thier], *f.*: lute business. **-thier**¹⁶, *m.*: luter, lutist.

lu-tin¹¹ [OFr. *netun* (? L. *Neptunus*, sea-god Neptune)], *m.*: hobgoblin, imp; rogue. **-tiner**¹⁶, *tr.*: irritate; play the deuce.

lutr-in¹³ [L. *lectrinum* (Gr. *lêktron*, bed)], *m.*: =, lectern (reading desk in church); choristers.

lut-te¹¹, *f.*: wrestling, wrestle; struggle; contest; conflict. **-tèr**¹⁶ [p. L. **luctare* (L. *-ctârî*)], *intr.*: wrestle; struggle, contend. **-teur**¹¹, =ense, *m., f.*: wrestler; contestant.

luxation¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (luxare, put out of joint)], *f.*: =.

luze¹⁶ [L. *-xus*], *m.*: luxury; superfluity.

luxer¹⁵ [L. *-xare*], *tr.*: luxate, put out of joint.

lux-eux¹⁸, =ense [luze], *adj.*: luxurious, sumptuous. **-ure**¹¹ [L. *-uria*], *f.*: lust, (†Eng. luxury). **-uriant**¹⁵ [L. *-urians*], *adj.*: =. **-urissement**¹² [-urieux], *adv.*: luxuriously, in luxury. **-urieux**¹¹, =ense [L. *-uriosus*], *adj.*: lewd.

luzer-ne¹⁶ [Prov. -no], *f.*: lucern-grass. **-nière**¹⁵, *f.*: lucern-field.

lycanthro-pe¹⁵ [Gr. *-pos* (lûkos, wolf, anthrôpos, man)], *m., f.*: = (who imagines himself a wolf); (rare) werewolf. **-pie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-pia*], *f.*: lycanthropy (mania of imagining one's self a wolf).

ly-ée¹⁵ [L. *Lyceum* (Gr. *Lûkeion*, Aristotle's school)], *m.*: (old) lecture hall; lectures; (now) lycée, lyceum, advanced

school. **-éen**¹⁵, =enne, *m., f.*: student of a lycée.

lych-nide¹⁷, *f.*, or **-nis** [L. *-nis* (Gr. *luk-nis*)], *m.*: lychnis; lampflower.

lyeif¹⁷ [L. *-cium*, buckthorn], *m.*: licium, of nightshade family.

lyco-pe¹⁷ [L. *-pus* (Gr. *lûkos*, wolf, *poûs*, foot)], *m.*: water-hoarhound (plant). **-pode**¹⁷ [L. *-podium*], *m.*: lycopodium, club-moss.

lym-phatique¹⁶, *adj.*: lymphatic. **-pha-tisme**¹⁸ [-tique], *m.*: lymphatic condition. **||lym-phe**¹⁴ [L. *lymphâ*, water], *f.*: lymph, serous fluid, humor; water exudation; sap: — de Cotugno, serum of the ear.

lyncher¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], *tr.*: lynch.

lynx¹¹ [L. (Gr. *lûgx*)], *m.*: lynx, cat-like mammal.

ly-re¹¹ [L. *-ra*], *f.*: =, stringed instrument. **-rique**¹⁵ [L. *-ricus*, Gr. *lurikôs*], *adj.*: lyric.

M

m¹⁴ em, *f.*, or **mE**, *m.*: m (the letter).

M, abbreviation for *monsieur, majesté, maître*, etc.

ma, see *mon*.

macabre¹³ [? painter Macabre], *adj.*: dance —, dance of death (allegorical dance of rich and poor, high and low).

macada-m¹⁷ [engineer MacAdam], *m.*: = (broken stone; paving, or road made of it). **-mîage**¹⁵, *m.*: macadamising. **-mîer**¹⁵, *tr.*: macadamise, pave with broken stone.

macao¹⁵ [Portuguese colony M. in China], *m.*: kind of vingt-et-un (card game).

macaque¹⁷ [Port. *-caco* (Congo word)], *m.*: =, macaco, African monkey; mosquito.

macareux¹⁷ [?], *m.*: diving-parrot, auk, puffin.

maca-ron¹⁵ [Venetian *-rone*, It. *maccherone*], *m.*: macaroon; ornamental oval comb; clothes-rack. **-ronée**¹⁵ [humor. fr. *-roni*], *f.*: macaronic, poem in burlesque Latin. **-roni**¹⁶ [Venetian (It. *maccheroni*)], *m.*: = (paste tubes for food); purgative powder (of protoxide of antimony and sugar). **-ronique**¹⁵ [It. *-ronico*], *adj.*: macaronic, in burlesque Latin.

macédoine¹⁷ [country Macedonia], *f.*: hotch-potch (jumble; dish of different vegetables or fruits). **†macér**, see *masser*.

macé-ration¹³ [L. *-ratio* (macér, lean, thin)], *f.*: maceration (steeping; mortifi-

cation of the flesh). **-rer**¹⁴ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: steep, soak; mortify (the body).

maeron¹⁵ [lt. *-ne* (?)], *m.*: black parsley (edible plant).

macfarlane¹⁵ [Eng.], *m.*: =, sleeveless cloak.

machabées, *m. pl.*: Maccabees.

mâche¹⁶ [?], *f.*: corn-salad (plant);

-bonchon [macher], *m.*: corking tool.

mâhecoulis¹⁴ [?], *m.*: machicolation, loop-hole of overhanging parapet.

mâche-dru¹⁷, *pl.* — [cher], *m.*: (fam.) big eater.

mâchefer¹⁴ [?, fer], *m.*: slag, clinkers, scoria.

mâ-che-laurier¹⁵, *m.*: would-be poet.

-chelier⁹, **-ière** [Ofr. *maisseler*, L. *maxillaris* (maxilla, jaw)], *adj.*: maxillary, of the jaw: (dents) *mâchelères*,

jaw-teeth. **||-cher**⁹ [L. *masticare*], *tr.*: masticate, chew; make pulp of; mangle: (fam.) — *à vide*, be hungry and have no food; work to no purpose; *ne point* —

une chose à quelqu'un, not to mince matters to one; *papier mâché*, paper pulp;

bois (cordage) mâché, frayed wood (ropes).

-cheur¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: chewer; eater.

machiavé-lique¹⁵ [Italian statesman Machiavelli], *adj.*: Machiavelian. **-lis-**

me¹⁵ [old verb *-lier*, be unscrupulously diplomatic], *m.*: Machiavellian, willful deceit in diplomacy. **-liste**¹⁵, *m., f.*: Machiavellian, believer in the doctrine that the end justifies the means.

mâ-chicatoire¹⁶ [cher], *m.*: masticatory, something to chew in order to produce saliva. **†-chicoulis** = *-checoulis*.

-chiller¹⁵ [cher], *tr.*: (fam.) chew partly.

ma-chin¹⁵ [chine], *m.*: thingumbob, what-do-you-call-it, what's-his-name (used to supply forgotten name).

machi-nal¹⁷, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: mechanical, machine-like. **-nalement**¹⁵ [nal], *adv.*: mechanically. **-nateur**¹⁴, **-trice** [L. *-nator*, *-triz*], *m., f.*: machinator, plotter. **-nation**¹² [L. *-natio*], *m., f.*: =, crafty design. **||-ne**¹³ [L. *-na* (Gr. *mechané*, engine)], *f.*: machine; machinery; devices: — *à mâter*, sheers for setting masts; — *à vapeur*, steam-engine. **-ner**¹² [L. *-nari*], *tr.*: machinate, contrive; fit out, equip. **-nerie**¹⁵, *f.*: machinery. **-neur**¹², **-euse** [ner], *m., f.*: contriver, schemer. **-nisme**¹⁷, *m.*: mechanism; mechanical philosophy, doctrine that man is a machine. **-niste**¹⁶, *m.*: machinist; inventor; scene-shifter, manipulator of stage machinery. **-noir**¹⁶ [ner], *m.*: shoemaker's scraper (to smooth seams).

mâ-choire¹³ [cher], *f.*: jaw (maxilla); side of pincers, of tongs, etc.; chops

of a vise or flint-lock; concave end of a boom or gaff; side of tackle-block; jaw-tooth; blockhead: *avoir la — pesante*,

be clumsy in speech. **-chonnement**¹⁸ [chonner], *m.*: chew at, munch; mumble.

-chure¹⁴ [cher], *f.*: frayed place, uneven edge (as of torn cloth or a wound); defect (as in nap of velvet). **1.-churer**¹³ [chure], *tr.*: rumple, mar (by too much pressure).

2.mâchurer¹¹ [ak. to *masque*], *tr.*: blacken (make black, daub; slander); maculate, soil (in printing).

maeis¹³ [L.], *m.*: mace (aromatic spice fr. false aril of nutmeg).

mackintosh¹³ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: = (rain-cloak or its material).

1.macle¹⁵ [?], *f.*: water-chestnut.

2.macle¹⁵ [? L. *-cula*, sense of 'mesh'], *f.*: =, twin crystal, chialolite; coarse meshed seine; (her.) **MASCLE**. **1.macle**¹⁵, *tr.*: crystallise in cross or star shapes.

2.macle¹⁷ [?], *tr.*: stir (molten glass with an iron bar).

ma-çon⁹ [p. L. *macio* (?)], *m.*: mason; free-mason: *soupe de —*, thick soup (like mortar). **-çonnage**¹², *m.*: masonry.

-çonner¹¹, *tr.*: mason, plaster, build by masonry. **-çonnerie**¹³, *f.*: masonry (mason-work, brick or stone-work; free-masonry): — *en liaison*, bound work (hav'g horizontal joints); — *en échiquier*, checker-work (hav'g oblique joints); — *en blocage* (or *bloccaille*), rubble-work; *grosse* —, foundation work, wall work. **-çonni-**

que¹⁷, *adj.*: masonic, of free-masonry. **†macque**, etc., see *maque*, etc.

†macre = *1.macle*.

macreuse¹⁶ [macroule], *f.*: king-duck, black scoter; shoulder-cut, meat from shoulder.

macro- [Gr. *makrós*, large]: **-céphale**¹⁵ [Gr. *-képhalos* (kephalé, head)], *adj.*: macrocephalous. **-cosme**¹³ [Gr. *kósmos*, world], *m.*: macrocosm, universe. **-dactyle**¹⁵ [Gr. *-daktulos*], *adj.* or *m.*: macrodactyl, long-clawed bird. **-pode**¹³ [Gr. *pous*, foot], *adj.*: macropodous, hav'g long footstalk.

macroule¹² [dial. (?)], *f.*: large black coat.

macroure¹³ [Gr. *makrós*, long, ourá, tail], *adj.*: macrourous; *pl.*: macrura (lobsters and shrimps).

maculature¹⁶, *f.*: = (sheet spoiled in printing; waste paper; blotting paper); coarse paper for envelopes. **†le**¹⁴ [L. *-la*], *f.*: blemish; spot. **||-ler**¹¹ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: maculate (soil, blot; fleck).

madame¹¹, *pl.* *mesdames* [ma, dame], *f.*: Mrs.; madam (title formerly of a knight's

wife, then of any woman of rank; now, title of respect to any married woman, or stranger; lady of the house): *jouer à la* —, play the lady.

madapolam¹⁵ [town *M.* in India], *m.*: = (fine cotton cloth).

madé-faction¹⁷, *f.*: madefaction, wetting. **-fier**¹⁵ [*L. made-facere*], *tr.*: make wet, madefy.

madeleine¹⁸ [woman *Magdalena*], *f.*: magdalen, repentant harlot; little hard cake.

mademoiselle¹¹, *pl. mesdemoiselles* [*ma, demoiselle*], *f.*: Miss; (old) title like "my lady" applied to all women of lesser rank; (now) title of the eldest princess; title of respect to unmarried woman, or miss.

Madère, *f.*: Madeira (island); madeira-wine.

madone [It. *-nna*, my lady], *f.*: madonna, image of the Virgin.

madrague¹⁶ [Prov. fr. Ar.], *f.*: = (pound-net for tunny).

madras [town *M.* in India], *m.*: = (large bright-coloured silk and cotton handkerchief).

madré [OFr. *-dre*, wood for goblets, ak. to Ger. *maser*, veined or curled wood], *adj.*: †marbled, veined, striped; (*fig.*) cunning.

madré-pore¹⁷ [It. *-pora* (*madre*, mother, Gr. *poros*, tufa)], *m.*: madreporé, reef coral. **-porique**¹⁸, *adj.*: made of reef coral.

madrier¹³ [? *L. materia*, material], *m.*: = (heavy beam or plank).

madrigal¹⁵, *pl. -aux* [It. *-le* (?)], *m.*: =, love-ditty.

†**madruré**¹⁵ [*-dré*], *f.*: marbling, veining.

†**maestral** = *mistral*.

mafflé¹⁶ or **-fflu** [?], *adj.*: (*fam.*) hav'g fat cheeks, chubby-cheeked.

maga-sin¹³ [It. *-zzino* fr. Ar.], *m.*: magazine (store; depot; warehouse; chamber of a repeater); commissary ship; basket, coffer (fastened behind a coach): *un cheval qui fait* —, a horse that lets food collect in his cheek; *commis de* —, clerk; *en* —, in stock. **-sinage**¹⁶ [obsolete *-siner*, lay up], *m.*: storage, rent for storing. **-sinier**¹⁷, *m.*: keeper of a magazine.

magdaléon¹⁵ [*L. -lium*, Gr. *-lia*, stony paste], *m.*: = (medicine kneaded with breadcrumbs).

1. †**mage**, see *maje*.

2. **ma-ge**¹² [*L. -gus* fr. Pers.], *m.*: one of the Magi, Magus, ancient Persian priest; †magician. **-gicien**¹⁴, = *enne* [*L. -gicus*, magic], *m.*, *f.*: magician. **-gie**¹⁵ [*L. -gia*, Gr. *-gela*], *f.*: magic; †science of the Magi: — *noire*, black art; — *blanche*, legerdemain. **-gique**¹² [*L. -gicus*], *adj.*:

magical, magic: *carré* —, charmed square. **-gisme**¹⁶, *m.*: Magianism.

magis-ter¹⁶ [*L. MASTER*], *m.*: school-master. **-tère**¹¹ [*L. -terium*, office of chief], *m.*: magistrery, compound of two chemicals; †headship of the order of Malta. **-tral**¹⁴, *pl. -aux* [*L. -tralis*], *adj.*: = (chief, principal); masterful; †dependent on a master; *m.*: =, compound for amalgamating silver by the patio process; *f.*: magistral, magistral line (of a fortification). **-tralement**¹³ [*-tral*], *adv.*: in a masterful way. **-trat**¹⁵ [*L. -tratus*], *m.*: magistrate (†magistracy; high official or office-holder); bench, body of judges. **-trature**¹⁶ [*-traf*], *f.*: =, magistracy, government; bench, court, body of judges: *la* — *assise*, judges (who are permanent and sit during their utterances); *la* — *debout*, removable judges (who change with the administration).

magnanerie¹⁸ [Prov. fr. *magnon*, silkworm], *f.*: = (nursery for silkworms; culture of silkworms).

magnani-me¹⁵ [*L. -mus* (*magnus*, great, *animus*, mind)], *adj.*: magnanimous, generous. **-mement**¹⁴, *adv.*: magnanimously. **-mité**¹² [*L. -mitas*], *f.*: magnanimity.

magné-sie¹⁶ [*L. (Gr.) magnes*, loadstone], *f.*: magnesia: — *noire*, peroxide of manganese; — *anglaise*, oxide of magnesium. **-sien**¹⁷ = *enne*, *adj.*: hav'g magnesia. **-sique**¹⁸, *adj.*: magnesian. **-sium**¹⁸, *m.*: magnesium, silver-white element. **-tique**¹⁶ [*L. -ticus*], *adj.*: magnetic; hypnotic. **-tiquement**¹⁷ [*-tique*], *adv.*: magnetically, by magnetism. **-tiser**¹⁷ [ak. to *-tique*], *tr.*: magnetise, mesmerise. **-tiseur**, = *ense* [*-tiser*], *m.*, *f.*: hypnotist, magnetiser. **-tisme**¹⁷ [ak. to *-tique*], *m.*: magnetism; hypnotism.

Magnificat¹² [*L.*, "magnifies," first word of a hymn], *m.*: = (hymn to the Virgin, or the time (evening) of singing it): *entonner le* — *à matines*, do a thing out of season; *corriger* (or *gloser sur*) *le* —, use poor taste in criticising.

magni-ficence¹² [*L. -ficientia*], *f.*: =. ††**-fier**¹¹ [*L. -ficare* (*magnus*, great, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: magnify, exalt. **-fique**¹² [*L. -ficus*], *adj.*: magnificent, gorgeous; excellent, exalted (used as title). **-fiquement**¹⁴ [*-fique*], *adv.*: magnificently, grandly.

magnolia¹⁷ or †**magno-** [botanist *Mag-nol*], *m.*: = (shrub).

1. **magot**¹⁶ [*magot*], *m.*: reserve money, laid up treasure.

2. **magot**¹⁵ [biblical name *Magog*, country or nation in the far East], *m.*: = (Barbary ape; grotesque figure in porcelain, china, etc.); ugly man.

mahaleb¹⁵ [Ar. *mahleb*], *m.*: =, European cherry-tree or wood (used for canes and pipes).

mahonille¹⁸ [town *Mahon*], *f.*: rocket (cruciferous plant).

mahute¹² [Ofr. *mahustre*, humerus (?)], *m.*, *f.*: short coverts (of a falcon's wing).

mai¹⁰ [L. *Maius* (sc. *mensis* 'month')], *m.*: May: (*arbre de*) —, May-pole; *beurre de* —, May butter (considered medicinal).

mai(e), see *maît*.

maieur⁹ [L. *major*, greater], *m.*: (*dial.*) mayor.

mai-gre⁹ [L. *macer*, lean], *adj.*: MEAGER (scant, poor; unproductive; lean, thin, emaciated; fit for Lent, lenten, fast-like); shallow; narrow; *m.*: shallow place; lean meat, lenten food (with no flesh): — *auteur*, barren author; *voler bas et* —, have a short flight; *toile* —, thin cloth; *viande* —, meat allowable on fast days;

faire —, abstain from flesh. **2. gre**¹⁵

mègr [?], *m.*: umbrine, mud-minnow.

-grilet¹⁶, **-ette**, *adj.*: pretty lean, rather thin. **-grément**¹², *adv.*: meagerly, scantily. **†-gref**¹², **†-ette**, *adj.*:

rather meager. **-greur**¹⁵, *f.*: leanness, meagerness. **-griehon**¹⁵, **-onne**, *m.*, *f.* (fam.) spindleshanks (lean person).

-grir¹⁵, *intr.*: grow lean; *tr.*: reduce in flesh; make thin.

mail¹⁰ [L. *malleus*], *m.*: hammer, (esp.) heavy hammer (cf. Eng. *maul*, †Eng. *mail*); mail (game), mallet (for the game); alley (for playing mail). **mail-lège**¹⁷ [3.-ler], *m.*: mauling.

†maillard, see *colin-maillard*.

1. maille⁹ [L. *macula*, mesh or spot], *f.*: mesh; knot (of nets); ring, scale (of a coat of mail); stitch; interval (between cross-threads or crossing timbers); grain of wood; (*her.*) tongueless buckle; fat (on the iliac bones of cattle); spot (on quail's feathers); blossom mark (on melons, etc.); haw, web (of eye).

2. maille¹⁰ [p. L. **metallia* (L. *metallum*, metal)], *f.*: ancient small coin, half a denier; little weight, fourth of an ounce; lesser (part of anything): *avoir* — *à partir avec quelqu'un*, have a crow to pick with any one.

mailleau¹² [mail], *m.*: (cloth-shearer's) mallet, hammer (to make jaws of shears close).

maillechort¹⁸ [inventors *Maillet* and *Chorier*], *m.*: German silver (alloy of copper, zinc and nickel).

1. mail-ler¹¹ [1.-le], *tr.* or *intr.*: mesh, knot; checker, cross; bind; speckle, turn speckled: *maçonnerie maillée* or *le maille*, net-work; (*her.*) *maille*, hav'g a cost of mail.

2. †maillier, see *mallier*.

3. mail-ler¹¹ [mail], *tr.*: hammer (with Mallet). **-let**¹² [mail], *m.*: mallet,

wooden hammer, light maul; stamper (in paper-making); hammer-fish. **-letage**¹⁷,

[*-leter*], *m.*: bestudding, bossing. **-leter**¹⁴ [*-let*], *tr.*: — *le doublage d'un vaisseau*, stick the keel sheathing of a vessel

(with large-headed nails driven in with mallet). **-loche**¹⁴ [mail], *f.*: heavy mallet;

yarn-winder (for wrapping ropes). **-loir**¹⁵, *m.*: beating-stone.

mail-lon¹⁵ [*-le*, mesh], *m.*: little mesh; link; ring; loop. **1. mail-let**¹¹ [?], *m.*:

swaddling-band or clothes; new-born babe.

2. mail-let¹⁸ [inventor *M.*], *m.*: tights.

mail-lure¹⁶ [1.-ler], *f.*: spots (on bird-feathers; in wood).

main⁹ [L. *manus*], *f.*: hand (of men; of monkeys); deal or lead (at cards); hand-

writing; handful; claw; clamp; hook; hand-rail; treadle; body-loop (of carriages);

quire (24 sheets of paper); *en* —, in hand, under control, in one's power, at one's disposal; *à la* —, at hand; on hand; in hand,

easy to handle; just right; *tenir bon à la* —, or *amarrer bonne* —, make fast (a rope)

without letting it loosen; *sous* —, underhanded, secretly; *sur la* —, openly; — *mise (levée, morte)*, see *mainmise* (*-levée*,

-morte); *donner la* —, help; *le cheval gagne à la* —, the driver is steadily losing control

of the horse; *il n'y a que la* —, they are on close terms; *faire la belle* —, act

haughtily; *homme de* —, man of deeds; *de* —, artificial, made by man's hand; *de la* —, written by the king's hand; *à* — *morte*, listlessly; — *morte*, "slack-hand"

(game); *le cheval force la* —, the horse has his own way; *cheval à toutes* —, horse

broken to ride or drive; *donner la bonne* —, give a tip, fee; — *heureuse*, good

luck (at cards, etc.); *il a la* —, it is his deal or lead; (*fam.*) *mettre la* — *à la pâte*,

pitch in and work; *la dernière* —, the finishing touches; *de longue* —, of long

duration; *fait (écrit) à la* —, made (written) by hand; *en venir aux* —, come to

blows; *mariage de la* — *gauche*, morganatic marriage; *tour de* —, sleight of hand;

en un tour de —, in a trice; — *basse*, violent hands; *avoir la* — *crochue*, be

light-fingered; — *de gloire*, mandrake as a charm to double money. **-d'oeuvre**¹⁷,

pl. —, *f.*: wages, labour. **-forte**, *no pl.*, *f.*: armed force; assistance; posse's

aid; farmed hand. **-levée**¹⁴ [*lever*], *f.*: replevin. **†-mise**¹⁸ [*mettre*], *f.*: seizure.

-mortable¹⁵ [*-morte*], *adj.*: liable to mortmain. **-morte**¹², *f.*: mortmain.

†-otte = *menotte*.

†maint¹⁰ [? ak. to Eng. *many*], *adj.*: many a.

main-tenant¹¹ [*main, tenant (tenir)*], *adv.*: now. **-tenir**¹¹ [*main, tenir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: MAINTAIN (sustain, keep in same place or state; insist on). **-tenue**¹⁴, *f.*: decision (adjudging to one the possession of object in dispute). **-tien**¹², *m.*: maintenance; behaviour, bearing, deportment.

†**maïolique** = *majolique*.

mairain⁶ [*p. L. *materiamen (L. materia, material)*], *m.*: (old) lumber for building; (now) wood for staves, clapboards; deer-antlers.

maj-re⁶ [*L. major, larger*], *m.*: (old) head-steward, chief servant (of a king); presiding official; chief justice; (now) MAYOR.

-rie¹², *f.*: office of mayor; town-hall.

mais⁶ [*L. magis, more*], *conj.*: but; why! *adv.*: †more; *puis-je* —, can I (do) more?

maïs¹⁵ [*Sp. maíz*], *m.*: MAIZE, (Indian) corn: — *ensilé*, corn-fodder ensilage; — *quarantain*, forty-day corn.

†**maïshui**¹¹ [*mais, hui*], *adv.*: today.

mai-son⁶ [*L. mansio (manère, REMAIN)*], *f.*: house (dwelling); building; public edifice; firm; family; household; †lineage): *faire — nette*, discharge all the servants; *faire — neuve*, hire new set of servants; — *de jeu*, gambling house; — *de santé*, private hospital especially for insane; — *de fous*, mad-house; *les Petites-Maisons*, ancient insane asylum near Paris; — *de tolérance*, house of ill-fame; — *de ville*, town-hall; †— *du roi*, prison. **-sonnée**¹⁶, *f.*: (fam.) family (all who live in one house). **-sonnette**¹¹, *f.*: (fam.) little house.

Maïssour, *m.*: Mysore (division of India).

maît⁶ [*L. magis*], *f.*: kneading trough; flour-bowl; meat basket; mixing spade; dripping box (for newly tarred rope); top, bottom (of press).

maj-tre⁶, = *esse* [*L. magister*], *m., f.*: MASTER, mistress, (owner; ruler; head; expert; principal, teacher; boss as title, master), boatswain: †— *d'œuvre*, foreman; — *des œuvres*, inspector of public buildings; — *des hautes œuvres*, hangman; — *des basses œuvres*, man with the night-wagon, scavenger; — *garçon (valet, clerc)*, head-waiter (-valet, -clerk); — *Jacques*, one who does various kinds of work, servant of all work; — *d'hôtel*, steward; majordomo; *être — d'y aller*, have choice of going or not; — *autel*, high-altar; *petit* —, dude, dandy; (formerly *les petits* —, league of princes during the Fronde). **-trise**¹², *f.*: †mastery; rank of master; teaching (of schools, of musicians); singing school. **-triser**¹² [*-trise*], *tr.*: overpower, control, master, subdue.

maje¹⁴ [*Prov. fr. L. major, greater*], *adj.*: *jage* —, seneschal, mediæval justice.

ma-jesté¹⁰ [*L. -jestas*], *f.*: majesty. **-jesteur**¹⁰, = *esse*, *adj.*: majestic. **-jeur**¹⁰ [*L. -jor*], *adj.*: major (greater; normal, standard; of legal age); *m.*: †ancestor; †adult; *f.*: major (premise; study). **majolique**¹⁵ [*It. -lica (fr. island Majorca)*], *f.*: majolica, Raffaello ware (enameled earthenware).

majo-r¹⁵ [*for majeur*], *adj.*: superior (in rank): *tambour* —, drum-major; *état* —, military staff; (*humor.*) *majoresse*, major's wife. **-rat**¹⁷ [*L. -joratus*], *m.*: —, entailed estate. **-ration**¹⁸ [*-rer*], *f.*: —, raising, increase. **-rdomat**¹⁶ [*-rdome*], *m.*: (rare) position of steward. **-rdome**¹⁵ [*Sp. mayordomo (L. L. major domus, chief of the house)*], *m.*: majordomo. **-rer**¹⁸ [*L. -r*], *tr.*: increase, raise (values, subscriptions, etc.). **-resse**, see *major*. **-rité** [*L. -ritas and Eng. -rity*], *f.*: majority (legal age; greater part of votes cast, plurality); duties of a major; headquarters (of naval officer called *major de la marine*).

majuscule¹⁵ [*L. -lus, a little larger*], *adj.*: capital; *f.*: capital letter.

maki¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: —, lemur (monkey).

makis¹⁸ [*Corsican macechia, 'spot'*], *m.*: thicket.

mal⁶, *pl. = aur* [*L. -lus*], *†adj.*: bad; *m.*: evil, ill, harm; hurt; pain, ache, sickness; misfortune: *bon gré*, — *gré*, willy-nilly; *bon an*, — *an*, taking the years as they come; *vouloir — à quelque chose*, be vexed at a thing; *chacun sent son —*, each one feels his own troubles; — *caduc*, epilepsy, fits; *†chaude* —, high fever; *de fièvre en chaude* —, from bad to worse; — *de tête*, headache; *faire —*, hurt; ache; — *de mer*, sea-sickness; — *de pays*, homesickness; — *de Pott*, caries of the vertebrae; *mettre à — une fille*, seduce a girl; *le — physique*, death; *le — moral*, sin. **2.mal**⁶ [*L. -le*], *adv.*: badly; ill; wrong; amiss, mistakenly: *être (fort) —*, be (very) sick; *se trouver —*, be ill; — *à propos*, ill-timed, out of place; *être — avec*, be on bad terms with; *c'est — à lui de*, it is wrong of him to; *pas —*, a good deal.

mala-chite¹⁴ [*L., Gr. -chites (Gr. maláche, mellow)*], *f.*: — (the mineral). **-cie**¹⁷ [*L. -cia, Gr. -kia, softness (Gr. malakós, soft)*], *f.*: malacia, craving for food. **-coptérygiens**¹⁷ [*Gr. malakós, soft, pterýgion, fin*], *m. pl.*: malacopterygii (fish of herring type). **†-ctique**¹⁵ [*L. -cticus*], *adj.*: softening, emollient.

mala-de⁶ [*p. L. *male habitus, being in bad condition (L. male habere, be ill)*], *adj.*: sick (ill, unwell, diseased); sore; insane; *m., f.*: sick person; invalid; patient. **-die**¹², *f.*: malady (sickness, dis-

order; mental disease): *la — des chiens*, distemper in dogs. *-dif¹²*, *-ive*, *adj.*: sickly, unhealthy. *-drxrie¹¹*, *f.*: leper-hospital.

mal-adresse¹⁷ *f.*: maladdress (lack of tact; awkwardness; rudeness). *|| -droit¹⁵* [*mal*, badly, *adroit*], *adj.*: = (unskillful, awkward, tactless). *-droitement¹⁰*, *adj.*: awkwardly.

†**malaguette**, see *maniguette*.

malaj-se [*mal*, *aïse*], *m.*: UNEASINESS, uncomfortableness. *1.†-sē¹³*, *adj.*: needy, not well off, in reduced circumstances. *2.-sē¹⁵* [*mal*, *aïse*], *adj.*: difficult. *-sēm-ment¹⁵* [*2.-sē*], *adv.*: with difficulty.

malan-dre¹³ [*L. -dria*, blisters, esp. on horse's neck], *f.*: malanders (scaly disease of horses' knees); rotten place (in wood). *-dreur¹⁷*, *-euse*, *adj.*: rotten.

malandrin [*It. -drino* (?)], *m.*: brigand, highwayman.

malappris¹⁵ [*mal*, *appris* (*apprendre*)], *adj.*: ill-bred (†poorly educated; impolite).

malart¹¹ [*? name M.*], *m.*: wild drake (cf. Eng. *mallard*, wild duck).

malavisé¹³ [*mal*, *avisé*], *adj.*: ill-advised.

malaxer¹³ [*L. -zare*], *tr.*: work up, knead.

mal-bâti¹⁶ [*mal*, *bâti* (*bâtir*)], *adj.*: (fam.) poorly built, ill-shaped. *-bou-ché¹³* [*bouche*], *adj.*: hav'g faulty teeth (i.e. of horses, not showing age-marks well). †*-chance* = *malechance*.

malchus¹⁴ [*M.*, whose ear Peter cut off], *m.*: =, short sword; confessional (hav'g but one window).

mal-complaisant¹⁸ [*mal*, *complaisant*], *adj.*: unobliging, uncivil, not affable. *-content¹²* [*content*], *adj.*: =, dissatisfied (esp. with the government). *-denté¹⁵* [*dent*], *adj.*: hav'g poor teeth (for indicating age). *-disant¹⁵* [*dire*], *adj.*: slanderous. *-donne¹³* [*mal donner*, deal wrong], *f.*: misdeal (at cards).

mâle⁹ [*L. masculus*], *m.*: male, masculine; manly: *encens* —, male incense (i.e. in drops).

mal-ebête¹⁶ [*bête*], *f.*: calking tool.

-ehance¹⁸ [*chance*], *f.*: poor chance.

-édiction¹⁴ [*L. -edictio*], *f.*: = (curse; imprecation). *-éfic¹⁵* [*L. -eficius* (*facere*, do)], *m.*: witchcraft. *-éficé¹⁵* [*L. -eficiatus* (*facere*, do)], *adj.*: bewitched. *-éfique¹⁴* [*L. -eficus*], *adj.*: baneful, malefic.

|| -ement¹⁰ [*mal*, bad], *adv.*: banefully.

†*-emort¹²* [*mort*], *f.*: tragie death. †*-en-*

-combre¹⁶ [*encombre*], *m.*: encumbrance, embarrassment.

†*-encontre¹²* [*en-*

-tre], *m.*: accident, mishap. *-encontreu-*

-sément¹⁶ [*-encontreux*], *adv.*: unluckily.

-encontreu¹⁴, *-euse* [*-encontre*], *adj.*: ill-timed, unlucky. †*-engin¹²* [*engin*], *m.*: trickery. *-gn-point¹⁸*, *adv.*: in a bad fix, in a sorry plight.

-entendu¹⁵ [*mal entendre*], *m.*: bad understanding, ill-will, unfriendly attitude.

-epesté¹⁶ [*peste*], *interj.*: plague take it!

†*-epœur¹⁶* [*peur*], *f.*: great fear. †*-etôte*, etc.,

see *-ôte*, etc. †*-être¹⁵* or †*-être*, *m.*:

bad condition. †*-évole¹⁵* [*L. -evolus* (*vella*, wish)], *adj.*: malevolent, ill-dis-

posed. †*-façon¹²* [*façon*], *f.*: botchwork, poor work; unfair profits (on work done).

†*mal-faire¹¹* [*mal*, *faire*], *intr.*: do ill.

†*-faïssance¹⁷* [*-faissant*], *f.*: malfeasance.

-faïtant¹¹, *adj.*: evil-doing, mischievous.

-faïteur¹¹, *=trice* [*L. malefactor*, evil-

doer], *m.*, *f.*: malefactor. *-famé*, see *famé*.

-gracieusement¹⁴ [*-gracieux*], *adv.*: ungraciously, rudely.

-gracieux, *=euse* [*gracieux*], *adj.*: ungracious, un-

civil. *-gré¹¹* [*gré*], *prep.*: in spite of.

malhabile¹⁶ [*mal*, *habile*], *adj.*: un-

skillful. *-lement¹⁷*, *adv.*: clumsily.

-leté¹⁴, *f.*: unskillfulness.

malheur¹¹ [*mal*, *heur*], *m.*: misfortune,

bad luck: *porter* —, bring bad luck; *c'est*

un —, that is too bad; *joueur de* —, un-

lucky player.

malheure, in *à la* —, untimely (see *heure*).

malheu-reusement¹³, *adv.*: unfortu-

nately. *|| -reux¹¹*, *=euse* [*-r*], *adj.*: un-

fortunate; unhappy; miserable; needy;

unlucky.

malhonnê-te [*mal*, *honnête*], *adj.*: dis-

honest; impolite. *-tement¹⁶*, *adv.*: dis-

honestly; rudely. *-tété¹⁵*, *f.*: dishon-

esty; impoliteness.

malice¹¹ [*L. -tia*], *f.*: = (active ill-

will; spite; meanness); roguishness.

-cieusement¹¹ [*-cieux*], *adv.*: malicious-

ly; spitefully. *-cieux¹¹*, *=euse* [*L. -tio-*

-sus], *adj.*: malicious; roguish; spiteful.

ma-lignement¹³, *adv.*: malignantly.

-lignité¹¹ [*L. -lignitas*], *f.*: malignity;

animosity; virulence. *|| -lin¹¹*, *=igne*,

or *1.†-ine* [*L. -lignus*], *adj.*: malign

(malicious, mischievous; pernicious); ro-

guish; acute; shrewd: *l'enfant* —, Cupid,

love; *ce n'est pas* —, that isn't very

smart.

2.maline⁹ [*L. -lina* (?)], *f.*: spring-tide,

rising tide.

malines¹⁷ [town *M.* in Flanders], *f.*:

MECHLIN lace.

malingre¹³ [*? prop. name*], *adj.*: sickly,

puny.

malintentionné¹⁶ [*mal*, *intentionné*],

adj.: evil-minded.

malique¹⁷ [*L. malum*, apple], *adj.*: *acide*

—, malic acid.

†**malitorne¹⁶** [*maritorne*], *m.*, *f.*: un-

gainly person. **mal-jugé** [*juger*], *m.*: erroneous judgment.

malle [OHG. *malaha*, bag], *f.*: trunk; peddler's pack; saddle-bag; MAIL-pouch; mail-service: *faire (trousser) sa —*, pack one's trunk; — *poste*, mailcoach.

malle-abilité¹⁷, *f.*: malleableness.

-able¹⁴ [L. *-are*, beat (*malleus*, hammer)], *adj.*: malleable (capable of being hammered without breaking; *fig.* pliant).

-ole¹⁶ [L. *-olus*, little hammer], *f.*: malleolus (pointed bone at side of ankle).

malle-poste, see *malle*.

-tier¹⁵, *-ière* [*malle*], *m.*, *f.*: trunk-maker or seller.

mallette¹² [*malle*], *f.*: little trunk; shepherd's-purse (plant).

mallier¹² [*malle*], *m.*: post-horse; mail-carrier.

mal-mener¹¹ [*mal*, *mener*], *tr.*: use roughly; maltreat. **-otru**⁹ [p. L. **male-astrucum*, lit. ill-STARRED], *adj.*: (*fam.*) hard up; faring ill; coarse; *m.*: boor.

Malouines, *f.*: Falkland Islands (in South Atlantic).

mal-peigné¹² [*mal*, *peigner*], *adj.*: unkempt, untidy. **†-plaisant**¹⁶ [*mal*, *plaisant*], *adj.*: unpleasant.

malpro-pre¹⁵ [*mal*, *propre*], *adj.*: improper, unfit, unusual; untidy, slovenly; *m.*, *f.*: dirty, squalid person. **-prement**¹⁵, *adv.*: slovenly. **-prété**¹⁶, *f.*: untidiness.

†mal-sage¹³ [*mal*, *sage*], *adj.*: unwise.

-sain¹⁵, **-aine** [*mal*, *sain*], *adj.*: UNSOUND; unhealthful; injurious; dangerous. **-séant**¹⁵ [*mal*, *séant*], *adj.*: unbecoming, unseemly. **-semé**¹⁷ [*mal*, *semer*], *adj.*: *andouillers* — *s.*, ill-matched antlers (one hav'g more prongs than the other).

†-sentant¹⁶ [*mal*, *sentir*], *adj.*: hav'g bad opinions or views, esp. in religion; infidelic. **-sonnant**¹⁴ [*mal*, *sonnant*], *adj.*: ill-sounding, offensive (to the ears or to the opinions).

malt¹⁷ [Eng.], *m.*: = (grain germinated artificially in brewing).

†maltalent¹⁰ [*mal*, *talent*], *m.*: ill-will, grudge.

maltier¹⁸ [*malt*], *tr.*: malt, make sprout artificially.

malthé¹⁶ [L., Gr. *-tha*, tar], *f.*: maltha, mineral pitch.

maltô-te¹³ [*mal*, OFr. *tolte*, tax], *f.*: extortionate tax; tax-levy; tax-assessors; revenue office; revenue cutter. **†-tier**¹⁶, **-ière**, *m.*: assessor of revenues; *f.*: assessor's wife.

maltraiter¹⁵ [*mal*, *traiter*], *tr.*: maltreat, misuse.

malvacées¹⁷ [L. *-ceus* (*malva*, MALLOW)], *f. pl.*: malvacées (mallow family of plants).

malveil-lance¹¹, *f.*: malevolence. **||-lant** [*mal*, OFr. *veillant* (*vouloir*)], *adj.*: malevolent, ill-willed.

malver-sation¹⁵, *f.*: = (misconduct, esp. in public office). **||-ser**¹⁶ [L. *-sari*, act badly], *intr.*: be fraudulent esp. in office).

malvoisie¹³ [town M.], *m.*: malvasia, MALMSEY (sweet wine).

malvoulu¹⁶ [*mal*, *vouloir*], *adj.*: (*rare*) unfriendly, disliked.

maman¹⁵ [echoic], *f.*: mama, mamma.

†mamoi = *mammée*.

ma-melle⁹ [L. *mamilla*, dim. of *mamma*, breast], *f.*: mammilla (teat; breast; nipple; nipple-like object); each side of a cloven hoof; each half of saddlebow over the withers: *arbre aux — s.*, St. Domingo apricot-tree; — *blanche*, brune, rayée, kinds of mushrooms. **-melon**¹⁵, *m.*: =, nipple proper (dug; teat, pap); mameion (rounded hillock); papilla; tubercle. **-melonné**¹⁷ [*-melon*], *adj.*: hav'g papilli, mammilated. **†-melu**¹⁵, *adj.*: hav'g large breasts, full-breasted.

mameluk¹¹ **-louk** [fr. Ar., slave], *m.*: Mameluke (soldier of a famous corps of Egyptian cavalry) — *de la garde*, cavalryman of Napoleon I; extreme partisan.

mam-millaire¹⁵ [L. *-millaris* (*-ma*, teat)], *adj.*: mammillary, hav'g tubercles.

-maire¹⁷ [L. *-ma*], *adj.*: mammary.

mammée¹⁵ [Sp. *mamey* infl. by L. *mamma*, teat], *m.*: St. Domingo apricot-tree.

mammifère¹⁸ [L. *mamma*, teat, *ferre*, BEAR], *adj.*: mammifer, mammal.

mammouth¹⁷ [fr. Russ.], *m.*: mammoth (extinct elephant).

mamour¹⁸ or **m'amour** [*mon amour*, my love], *m.*: (*fam.*) caresses.

manant¹⁰ [OFr. *-noir*, remain], *m.*: (old) villager; (*now*) peasant; boor.

manez-nille¹⁸ [Sp. *manzanilla*, little apple], *f.*: manchineel or upas apple.

-nillier¹⁶, *m.*: manchineel tree, poison-tree.

Manche (la), *f.*: English channel.

1.man-êhe⁹ [L. *manica* (*manus*, hand)], *f.*: sleeve; bag seine; arm, channel; twing of an army: *donner la (bonne) —*, give a tip, fee; *être — à —*, be even; — *d'Hippocrate*, filtering cloth; *du temps qu'on se mouchait sur sa —*, in the olden time.

2.man-êhe⁹ [p. L. **manicus*], *m.*: handle: — *d'une charrue*, plough-tail; — *d'un violon*, finger-board of a violin; *savoir son —*, know how to play; *jeter le — après la cognée*, give up in despair; *branler au —*, or *dans le —*, be irresolute. **1.-cheron**¹² [*-che*], *m.*: plough-handle, tail. **2.†-cheron**¹², *m.*: upper sleeve (of women's dress). **-chette**¹², *f.*: =, cuff; ruffle; wristlet; gaiter; marginal note; padding (of chair back); red mark (fr. tight grasp); circular loaf: — *de la Vierge*, bear-bind

(plant). **-chon**¹², *m.*: muff (for hands); cylinder of glass; coupler receiving a tube at each end.

manchot⁹, **-ote** [Ofr. *manç*, L. *manus*, maimed], *adj.*: one-armed; one-handed; awkward; *m., f.*: cripple (lacking a hand); *m.*: penguin (diving bird).

manicipation¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (*manus*, hand, *capere*, take)], *f.*: = (sale and purchase in legal form).

mandant¹⁸, **-ante** [-*der*], *m., f.*: employer.

manda-rin¹⁶ [Port. (? Skt. *mandalin*, counselor)], *m.*: = (Chinese official): *tuer le —*, enrich one's self at whatever sacrifice to others; (*canard*) —, Asiatic duck. **-rina**¹⁷, *m.*: mandarin (office, etc., of a mandarin). **-rine**¹⁸, *f.*: mandarin (orange). **-rinier**¹⁸ [-*rine*], *m.*: mandarin-tree. **-rinisme**¹⁸, *m.*: Chinese system (of electing officials).

manda-t¹⁴ [L. *-tum*, order (*manus dare*, commit to one's hands)], *m.*: mandate (commission warrant; order; rescript of the Pope ordering a benefice); mandat, draft (of money). **-taire** [L. *-tarius*], *m., f.*: mandatory, agent: — *du peuple*, the people's representative. **-ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: draw, sign a check or draft for.

mande¹² [*manne*, clothes-basket], *f.*: (*dial.*) MAUND, large basket (esp. for pipe-clay).

mandement¹¹, *m.*: command; order, charge (of bishop to his clergy). **-der**⁹ [L. *-dare*, give into one's hands (*manus dare*, give)], *tr.*: send word to; send; order; summon.

mandi-bulaire¹⁸, *adj.*: mandibular, of the mandible. **-bule**¹² [-*bula*], *f.*: mandible (upper or lower part of bird's beak; jaws of insects); (*fam.*) jaw.

mandille¹⁵ [Sp. *-dil* (L. *mantele*, mantle, napkin)], *f.*: footman's overcoat; wretched garment.

mandoline¹⁷ [It. *-dolino*], *f.*: =, mandolin. **-dore**¹² [for *pandore*], *f.*: = (old kind of lute with four strings): — *lu-thée*, six-stringed madore.

mandragore¹¹ [L. *-goras*], *f.*: MANDRAKE (magic plant).

mandrerie¹⁷ [-*de*], *f.*: splitwillow ware. **mandril**¹⁷ [fr. Guinea], *m.*: mandrill (snarling baboon).

mandrin¹⁶ [? L. *-dra*, stall, pen], *m.*: MANDREL (rod, cone or cylinder of various forms, sizes and uses in machinery).

manducation¹⁸ [L. *-catio* (-*care*, chew)], *f.*: =, eating (esp. of emblems, or pascal lamb).

ma-néage¹⁶ [Ofr. *manier*, act, perform], *m.*: harbour work (loading or unloading ships by sailors without extra pay).

||-nège¹⁶ [It. *-neggio*], *m.*: = (training of horses; training place; horsemanship); behaviour, MANNERS; manoeuvres, diplomacy; power (of machinery): — *par haut*, training to leap; — *de guerre*, training for breaking suddenly into a gallop; un — *de chevaux de bois*, merry-go-round of wooden horses. **-nèger**¹⁵, *tr.*: train (horses), manège.

manes¹⁵ [L. fr. OL. *manus*, good], *m.* (or *tr.*) *pl.*: = (spirits of the dead).

manet¹⁷ [*tr.*], *m.*: fish-net.

manette¹² [*main*], *f.*: (*dial.*) handle, lever, grip; iron footing (on which to construct masonry in water); cylindrical dibble (for taking up a plant, root and all).

manga-nèse¹⁵ [It. *-nese* (L. *magnesia*)], *m.*: (old) peroxide of manganese; (*now*) magnesium.

man-geable¹¹, *adj.*: eatable, edible.

-geaille¹², *f.*: feed (for birds, domestic animals).

-geant¹², *adj.*: eating. **||-ger**⁹

[L. *-ducere*], *tr.*: eat; devour; consume, use up: *je le mangerais*, I could eat him (i.e. he looks so fine); — *le pain des anges*, or (*fam.*) — *le bon Dieu*, take communion; — *son blé en vert*, or *en herbe*, use money before it is earned; spend income in advance; *se — le nez*, fight each other fiercely; (*fam.*) *il y a à — et à boire*, (*fig.*) there is good and bad together; (*lit.*) said of thick drink); — *sur le ponce*, eat without sitting down; *leu changé*, *leu mangé*, when a gold-piece is changed it is soon gone; *le cheval mange l'espace*, the horse covers distance rapidly; — *des mots*, clip one's words; — *la vache enragée*, have a long run of hard luck; *se —*, wear out. 2. **-ger**¹¹, *m.*: food; feed: — *des riveaux*, Guinea gourd. **-gerie**¹², *f.*: extortion, imposition; (*fam.*) gormandizing.

-ge-tout¹⁵, *m., f.*: spendthrift; *m.*: green peas or beans (to be eaten with pods).

-geur¹¹, **-euse**, *m., f.*: (great) eater; prodigal; — *de pommes*, Norman; — *de grenouilles*, Frenchman; (*fam.*) — *de crucifix*, bigot; — *de petits enfants*, bully, fire-eater; — *de fourmis*, ant-bear; — *de cerises*, oriole. **-geure**¹², *f.*: feeding ground (of wild boars); gnawed place (from mice).

man-gle¹⁵ [Sp. fr. Malay], *f.*: MANGROVE (the fruit; †the tree). **-glier**¹⁷, *m.*: mangrove tree.

mangons-tan [fr. Malay], *m.*: mangosteen (the tree; †the fruit). 1. **-te**¹⁷, *f.*: mangosteen (fruit).

2. **mangouste**¹⁸ [Sp. *-gosta*], *f.*: mongoos, snake-killing rat, cane-rat.

man-gue¹⁵ [fr. Malay], *f.*: mango, peach-like fruit. **-guier**¹⁶, *m.*: mango-tree.

ma-niable¹¹ [-*nier*], *adj.*: MANAGEABLE,

easy to handle; flexible, yielding; ready: *vent* —, wind for manoeuvres; *demi-cercle* —, less violent half of a whirlwind. *-niage*¹³ [-nier], m.: handling.

mania-que¹¹ [L. L. -cus (L. mania, madness)], adj. or m., f.: maniac.

manichordion¹¹ [L. L. (Gr. monôchordon, lit. one-chord instrument)], m.: manichord, dumb spinet.

maniole¹¹ [L. -cula (manus, hand)], f.: hand-leather; lever, handle for working heavy machinery.

†**manicorde** = manichordion.

manie¹³ [L. (Gr.) -nia, madness], f.: mania.

ma-nie-ment¹², m.: handling, feeling; management; manipulation; fingering, playing of an instrument; crackling (of silk when handled); lumps of fat.

||-nier¹² [p. L. *nizāre (L. -nus, hand)], tr.: handle; touch, feel of; manipulate; govern; knead, mould; **MANAGE**; exploit: — *le pavage (la toiture)*, repair the paving (the roof). **-nière**¹¹ [Ofr. -nier, hand-made], f.: MANNER (method, mode; way of doing or speaking or acting; style; conduct, manners): *de — ou d'autre*, somehow or other; *par — d'acquit*, for form's sake; *de — que*, so that; pl.: esp. manners: (fam.) *faire des —s*, put on airs. **-niéré**¹⁶ [-nière], adj.: affected, pretentious: *un style —*, affected style.

-nié-er¹⁶ [-nière], tr.: affect; †intr.: be affected.

-niette¹⁷, f.: sponging cloth (for wiping copper engravings).

-nieur¹⁶ = **-euse**, m., f.: handler, manager.

manifestant¹³, = **ante**, m., f.: (rare Eng.) =.

-tation¹¹ [L. -tatio], f.: =; public demonstration. 1. **-te**¹¹ [L. -tus], adj.: manifest, evident.

2. **-te**¹⁶, m.: manifest; declaration (of cargo).

-te-ment¹¹ [I.-te], adv.: plainly, manifestly.

||-ter¹¹ [L. -tare (manus, hand, fendre, strike)], tr.: manifest (make plain or evident; show).

mani-gance¹⁵ [?], f.: (fam.) underhanded move, sly trick. **-gancer**¹⁶, tr.: (fam.) fix, machineate.

†**maniguette**¹⁶ [Sp. malagueta (?)], f.: Tobacco pepper.

manille¹⁶ [Sp. malilla], f.: = (privileged card differing in different games; game where the ten is highest).

maniment = maniment.

manioc¹⁶, m., or = **oque**, f.: =, sweet cassava (shrub).

mani-pulaire¹³ [L. -pularis], adj.: of a manipule, manipular; m.: manipular chief.

-pulateur¹⁶, = **-trice** [-puler], m., f.: manipulator (handler, operator; telegraphic transmitter). **-pulation**¹⁷ [-puler], f.: =. **||-pule**¹³ [L. -pulus, lit.

'handful'], m.: manipule ($\frac{1}{3}$ of a Roman legion; priest's ornamental band on left arm); ingredient (in medicine); handle (to cooking utensils). **-puler**¹⁶, tr.: manipulate (chemicals); (fam.) tamper with. **-puleur**¹⁷, = **-euse** [-puler], m., f.: (fam.) operator.

†**manique** = manicle.

manitou¹⁶ [Am. Indian], m.: = (spirit; fetish): *le grand —*, the Supreme Being; (fam.) tin god.

maniveau¹⁶ [?], m.: (flat) willow basket (for fruit).

manivelle¹³ [main (?), Germ. c. well-, turn], f.: crank; handle.

1. **manne**¹¹ [L. (Gr.) manna fr. Hebr.], f.: manna: — *de Briançon*, larch-tree gum.

2. **||manne** [dial. Ger.], f.: clothes basket (dial. Eng. MAUND, long basket for fish).

1. **-quin**¹⁴, m.: small hamper, dossier (basket for the back); architectural fruit basket: *arbuste en —*, shrub growing in a basket.

2. **manne-quin**¹⁴ [Flem. maneken, little man], m.: manikin (model of human body for dressfitting, for studying anatomy, etc.); wooden horse (for studying gait).

-quiner¹⁷, tr.: make or fit on wooden figure: *-quiné*, ungainly, unnatural.

mannette¹⁷ [2. manne], f.: little hamper.

mano-cage¹⁸ [-quer], m.: bundling (of tobacco leaves).

maneu-vre⁹ = **-nen** [p. L. *manuopera (L. manus, hand, opera, work)], f.: MANIPULATION, working, handling (of tools; of ships; of ropes; of a deliberative body); sheets and halliards, rigging; making fast; belaying of ropes; manoeuvre (movement of troops or of a fleet; strategy, scheming); m.: worker, labourer; drudge: — *s courantes*, running rigging; — *s dormantes*, standing rigging; (*aide*) —, mason's assistant. **-vrer**¹⁰, tr.: manipulate, work, run; intr.: manoeuvre, make evolutions, drill; scheme, make strategic moves.

-vrer¹⁶, = **-ière**, m., f.: manoeuvrer, strategist; skilful sailor.

ma-noir¹¹ [Ofr. (L. -nere) REMAIN], m.: manor(-house); abode.

manomètre¹⁷ [Gr. manōs, thin, mètron, measure], m.: manometer (for measuring gases and vapours).

mano-que¹⁶ [main], f.: bundle (of leaf-tobacco); skein. **-quer**¹⁸, tr.: bundle.

†**manotte**, see *menotte*.

manouvrier¹¹, = **-ière** [-nœuvre], m., f.: day-labourer.

man-quant¹⁶, = **ante**, adj.: missing, lacking; m., f.: absentee.

man-que¹⁶, m.: lack, want, something missing; misstep (of horses): (*par*) — *de*, for lack of.

-quement¹⁶, m.: failure, short-comings;

lack. **||-quer**⁹ [It. *-care* (L. *-cus*, maimed)], *intr.*: fail, be missing; be lacking; be in want; be absent; owe; miss; *tr.*: fail in; lose: — *la balle belle*, miss a good ball (at tennis); (*fig.*) *la — belle*, lose a good chance; — *le coche*, miss the train; (*fig.*) miss an opportunity; *un mariage — qué*, an unlucky marriage; — (*au respect qu'on doit*) *à quelqu'un*, offend any one; be short in one's duty; — *à sa parole*, break one's promise; *poète — qué*, failure as a poet.

man-sard¹⁴ [?], *m.*: (*dial.*) ring dove.

man-sarde¹⁶ [architect *Mansard*], *f.*: mansard (hipped curb roof; garret room); roof-window; top (of a marquee tent). **-sardé**¹⁵, *adj.*: *étage —*, story, rooms in the roof; *chambre — e*, room with hipped ceiling.

1. manse = *mense*.

2. man-se¹⁸ [L. *-sus* (L. *manere*, REMAIN)], *m.*: =, landholder's house and land. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio*, inn; night quarters], *f.*: = (one of the 28 positions occupied by the moon in its course); position of a star; place (of a scene, in the medieval theatre).

mansuétude¹¹ [L. *-do* (*man-suescere*, accustom to the hand, *make tame)], *f.*: gentleness.

1. mante¹⁷ [Gr. *-tia*, soothsayer], *f.*: mantis: — *religieuse*, praying insect; — *s de mer*, squills.

2. man-te¹⁴ [Prov. *-ta*], *f.*: cape (with hood); mourning veil. **||-teau**⁹ [p. L. *-tellum*, dim. of L. *-tum*, because it covered the hands (MANUS) only], *m.*: MANTLE (loose sleeveless cloak; robe; mantel, facing of fireplace; tunic of ascidians; flap or fold of mollusks; (*her.*) mantling; back and folded wings when of distinct colour as in some gulls; covering in general; pretence); soffit drapery: *sous le — de cheminée*, confidentially; — *court*, or *petit —*, clergyman's walking cloak; *rôle d' —*, role of rich stingy man; *jouer les — x*, play the rich man's part; — *bleu*, glaucous gull; — *d'armes*, cover for firearms; *garder les — x* (alluding to the stoning of St. Stephen), support others in meanness. **-teler**¹¹, *tr.*: (*old*) cover with mantle; (*now*) *mantelé*, =, having angles of the field cut off: *corneille mantelé*, black-mantled daw. **-tel**¹¹, *m.*: = (mantelletta; cape; cat-castle); saddle of harness; port-lid **†-teline**¹³, *f.*: little cape (worn by country women). **-telure**¹⁶, *f.*: mantle (colour on the back differing fr. that on sides and belly). **-tille**¹⁵ [Sp. *-tilla*], *f.*: mantilla (light cloak or head covering, esp. of Spanish women).

ma-nuel¹², = *elle* [L. *-nualis* (*-nus*, hand)], *adj.*: manual; *m.*: manual, hand-book; wine bucket (with handle); lever (for working cannon). **-nuellement**¹³, *adv.*: manually.

manufac-ture¹⁵ [L. *-tura*, making by hand], *f.*: = (thing made by industrial arts; mill, manufactory). **-turer**¹⁶, *tr.*: manufacture. **-turier**, = *ière*, *m.*, *f.*: manufacturer; *adj.*: manufacturing.

manu-mission¹⁵ [L. *-missio* (*manus*, hand, *mittere*, send)], *f.*: =, setting free. **-scrit**¹⁶, = *ite* [L. *-scriptus*, hand-written], *adj.* or *m.*: manuscript. **-tentien**¹⁴ [L. *-tentio*, holding with the hand], *f.*: †MAINTENANCE; handling, managing; manipulation: *la — de la farine*, the kneading of flour; (*le bâtiment de*) *la —*, bake-house (for army).

mappemonde¹¹ [L. *mappa mundi*], *f.*: map of the world.

ma-que [ak. to Sp. *matar*, kill], *f.*: (*old*) war club; (*now*) beetle, brake (for beating hemp). **†-quer**¹⁴, *tr.*: (*dial.*) break (hemp, flax, etc.).

maque-reau¹², = *elle* [? ak. to L. *macula*, spot, or Flem. *makelaar*, broker; courtier], *m.*: MACKEREL (fish; *m.*, *f.*: Eng. mackerel, pimp; pander, go-between). **-rellage**¹², *m.*: panderism.

maquette¹⁷ [It. *macchietta* (dim. of *macchia*, spot)], *f.*: small model; rough sketch.

maqui-gnon¹², = *onne* [? Flem. *makelen*, to trade], *m.*, *f.*: horse-dealer; sharper; jobber; match-maker. **-gnonnage**¹⁶ [*-gnonner*], *m.*: trading; trickery. **-gnon-nor**¹⁵, *tr.*: bishop, trim up (horses for sale); (*fig.*) — *un mariage*, manage, effect a marriage.

maquil-lage¹⁸, *m.*: prinking. **-ler**¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: paint and powder; make up (for the stage); (*slang*) †work.

maquilleur¹⁶ [ak. to *maquereau*], *m.*: (mackerel) fishing smack.

maquis, see *makis*.

marabout¹⁶ [Port. *-buto* fr. Ar.], *m.*: = (Mohammedan preacher; marabou stork, or feather from it; fine gauze ribbon); little mosque; coffeepot (rounded like the cupola of a mosque).

†marager¹⁴, = *ère* or *maraisier*, = *ère*, *m.*, *f.*: vegetable gardener; *adj.*: good for vegetables. **||marais**¹¹ [Germ. *c marisk*], *m.*: MARSH, miry land; garden land: — *salant*, saltpits, where seawater is evaporated for salt; *se sauver par les —*, escape the best one can.

marasme¹⁵ [Gr. *-smós*, wilting], *m.*: marasmus, wasting away; languor.

maras-quin¹⁷ [It. *-chino* (*marasca*, bitter cherry)], *m.*: maraschino, cherry cordial.

marâtre⁹ [p. L. *matrastra fr. L. mater, MOTHER (like poetASTER)], *f.*: stepmother.

marau-d¹⁴, 1. = **ande** [?], *m.*, *f.*: scamp, jade. -**dage**¹⁷ [-der], *m.*: ravaging.

†**daïlle**¹⁶, *f.*: rabble. 2. **marau-de**¹⁶, *f.*: pillage, plunder, marauding. -**der**¹⁷

[-de], *intr.*: maraud (pillage, rove and steal, plunder in the field); *tr.*: steal fr. fields. †**derie**¹⁶, *f.*: marauding.

-**deur**¹⁷, = **ense** [-der], *m.*, *f.*: marauder.

mar-bre⁹ [L. -mor], *m.*: MARBLE (hard metamorphosed limestone; object made of marble; printer's imposing stone); marble paste, stucco; marbling, veining; palette, stone for grinding colours; slab; block (of steel, etc., resembling marble); table (used as stage, in the Palace of Justice at Paris):

— du gouvernail, barrel or drum of the steering wheel. -**brer**¹⁴, *tr.*: marble, vein like marble: (part. as noun) le mar-

bré, veiny Pyrenees spar; kind of gecko; kind of mushroom; la marbrée, lamprey.

-**brerie**¹⁷ [-brer], *f.*: marble business, or works. -**breur**¹⁶, = **ense** [-brer], *m.*, *f.*: (paper) marbler. -**brjer**¹⁸, *m.*: marble-

cutter or polisher or quarry-man; marbler (maker of imitation marble). -**brjère**¹⁸, *f.*: marble-quarry. -**brure**¹⁶, *f.*: mar-

bling, veining.

1. **marc**¹⁰ [Germ'c], *m.*: mark (8 oz. weight; coin): être payé au — la livre, or au — le franc, be paid so much on the pound, on the franc.

2. **marc** [-cher], *m.*: pumice (fr. pressed apples, grapes, etc.); dregs; residue.

marcassin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: wild boar-pig, grice.

marcassite¹⁶ [Ar.], *f.*: marcasite, white pyrites.

†**mar-ca-tion**¹⁸ [-quer], *f.*: demarcation.

mareline¹⁸ [?], *f.*: —, silk fabric for linings, sarcenet.

marces-egnee¹⁸, *f.*: decay. || -**cent**¹⁷ [L. -cere, wither], *adj.*: withering. -**ci-**

ble¹⁶ [L. -cibilis], *adj.*: liable to wither.

marchage¹⁶ [-cher], *m.*: working (of clay).

marchan-d⁹, = **ande** [p. L. *mercatus (L. mercdri)], *m.*, *f.*: merchant (trader, dealer; storekeeper); customer; bidder; buyer; *adj.*: merchant: — e publique, woman running a shop; (slang) — de soupe, boarding-house keeper; être mau-

vais —, not to profit; — e des quatre saisons, market-woman; prix —, cost price; café fin —, fine medium-grade coffee. -**dage**¹⁸ [-der], *m.*: bargaining.

-**der**¹¹, *tr.*: cheapen; haggle over; bargain for: (fam.) — quelqu'un, jew one down; ouvrier — dé, cheap workman; — à faire quelque chose, hesitate about doing a thing. -**deur**¹⁸, = **ense** [-der],

m., *f.*: haggler, bargainer; cheap labourer. -**dise**¹¹, *f.*: —, goods; com-

merce, trade: il faut savoir faire valoir sa —, one must know how to show up his wares; étaler, déployer, pour faire valoir sa —, put things in the best light; bien

débiter sa —, be a good salesman; (fig.) make one's words count; le pavillon couvre la —, the flag protects the ship fr. in-

spection by any man-of-war; (fam.) the husband's name hides the wife's fault.

mar-chant¹⁷ [-cher], *adj.*: moving, marching. 1. -**che**¹⁸ [-cher], *f.*: step;

track; mud; pedal; rung; treadle; walking; marching; march; moving; progress; course; process of colouring.

2. **mareche**¹⁰ [Germ'c marca], *f.*: frontier country, borderland.

marché⁹ [L. mercdtus], *m.*: MARKET; agreement; bargain; purchase; sale;

marketing; market-place; state of trade: faire bon —, sell cheap; à bon —, cheap;

— au comptant, cash deal; — à terme, time deal; — à prime, time deal with a

forfeit; par-dessus le —, to boot, extra; — clefs en main, (ac. contract to be filled by a certain date and) the keys in hand;

mettre à quelqu'un le — à la main, offer to let one out of his agreement.

marche-palier¹⁷, *pl.* — s — [1. palier], *f.*: stair landing. -**piéd** [marcher, pied,

FOOT], *m.*: step; foot-rest; foot-brace; foot-ropes; step-ladder; stepping-stone;

tow-path.

mar-cher¹¹ [unc. orig.: oldest sense is "trample"], *tr.*: pug, work (clay, leather);

intr.: step; walk; march; go; progress, proceed; *m.*: gait, marching, moving.

-**chette**¹⁸ [1. -che], *f.*: trigger (of bird-trap). -**cheur**¹⁶, = **ense**, *m.*: clay-mixer,

temperer, pugger; *m.*, *f.*: walker, goer; *f.*: supernumerary (in a ballet); (low)

prostitute. -**choir**¹⁷, *m.*: clay pit, mixing place. -**chure**¹⁸, *f.*: starting (of the treadles in weaving).

marcot-tage¹⁸ [-ter], *m.*: layering. || -**te**¹⁸ [? ak. to L. mergus, vino-layer

(mergere, dive)], *f.*: layer. -**ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: layer.

†**mardelle**, see margelle.

1. **mardi**⁹ [L. Martis dies, Mars' day], *m.*: Tuesday: — gras, last day of the carnival,

Shrove Tuesday; — saint, Tuesday before Easter.

2. **mardi**¹⁵ [disguised oath: mère de Dieu], *interj.*: good heavens!

mare¹¹ [? ak. to Goth. marei, sea], *f.*: pool, pond. **maréage**¹⁴ [O. Fr. marcier, sail],

m.: sailor's contract, hiring agreement.

maré-cage¹⁸ [marais], *m.*: marsh, bog-land. -**cageux**¹⁵, = **ense**, *adj.*: swampy;

marsh.

maréchal¹¹, = **ale**, *m. pl.* = **aux** [Germ's *marah-schal*, horse-servant], *m.*: (old) groom; then master of the royal stables; (now) horse-shoer; MARSHAL (officer in charge of horses; cavalry officer; field-marshal; marshal of France); *f.*: marshal's wife; *m.*: click-beetle, elater; red-start (bird); — *des logis*, cavalry sergeant (who sees to lodgings); — *ferrant*, blacksmith; *le tribunal des maréchaux*, the court of honour (established to settle points of honour and prevent duels). — **ehalat**¹⁵, *m.*: marshalecy. — **ehalerie**¹⁵, *f.*: blacksmithing. — **ehaussée**¹¹, *f.*: (old) mounted police; (now) (jurisdiction of the) court of honour (to prevent duels). — **marée**¹² [mer], *f.*: tide; fresh sea-fish: — *qui porte au vent*, wind-tide; *comme — en carême*, like fish in Lent, i.e. opportune; *port de toute —*, deep-water port. — **marolle**¹¹ [méreau], *f.*: (old) counter; (now) hopscotch; hopscotch diagram. — **maréo-graphe**¹⁵ or **mètre** [marée, Gr. *gráphein*, write; *métro*, measure], *m.*: mareograph, recording tide-gage. — **mareyeur**¹⁷, = **euse** [marée, sea-fish], *m., f.*: fish-dealer. — **marfil** = **morfil**. — **margajat**¹⁵ [Brazil], *m.*: aboriginal (of Brazil), or his language; odd character; poor devil. — **marga-rine**¹⁵ [Gr. *-ron*, white of pearl], *f.*: =, fatty organic compound. — **rique**¹⁵ [fr. Gr.], *adj.*: margaric, pearly white. — **margay-gai** [Brazil], *m.*: = (striped wild cat). — **mar-ge**¹² [L. *-go*], *f.*: MARGIN (border; scope, latitude); tympan sheet (of paper in printing). — **gelle**¹⁰ [dim. of L. *-go*, brink], *f.*: well-curb. — **geoir**¹⁷ [ger], *m.*: bocca-stopper, damper (of glass furnaces). — **ger**¹², *tr.*: close (with damper); place (on the tympan sheet, for printing). — **geur**¹⁷, = **euse** [ger], *m., f.*: compositor (who makes ready for printing); damper-man (in glass works). — **ginal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aur** [L. *-go*], *adj.*: =, on the border. — **ginelle**¹⁵ [L. *-go*], *f.*: marginella (mollusk hav'g swollen margins). — **giné**¹⁷ [L. *-go*], *adj.*: marginate, hav'g distinct border. — **giner**¹⁷ [L. *-go*], *tr.*: annotate on margin. — **margotas**¹⁷ [?], *m.*: flat-boat. — **margoter**¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: croon, call (as a quail just before whistling loud). — **margotin**¹⁵ [woman Margot, MARGARET], *m.*: fagot, bundle; strands (for fish-lines). — **margouiller** [? ak. to *marne*], *tr.*: (dial.) †soil, make dirty. — **margouillet**¹⁵ [? Prov. *-gouil*, spindle], *m.*: thimble (wooden ring for ropes to run through).

margouillis [-lier], *m.*: (low) puddle, sludge; *laisser dans le —*, leave in the lurch. — **margoulette**¹⁵ [dial.], *f.*: (low) jaw. — **margouïer**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: China lilac. — **mar-grave**¹⁵ [Ger. *mark-graf*, lit. count of a march], *m.*: =, nobleman. — **graviat**¹⁷, *m.*: margravate, rank or realm of a margrave. — **marguerite**¹¹ [L. *-garita*, Gr. *-garites*, pearl], *f.*: = (Easter-daisy fr. its whiteness, double chrysanthemum; aster); pearl; first white hairs (of a horse becoming old); messenger (rope for hauling a cable). — **marguil-lerie**¹², *f.*: church-warden's post. — **hier**¹¹ [L. *matricularius*, registrar], *m.*: church trustee, or official: (fam.) *une marguillière*, warden's wife. — **ma-ri**¹⁰ [L. *-ritus* (mas, MALE)], *m.*: husband: — *comme*, conniving husband; *en puissance de —*, subject to a husband, under coverture. — **riable**¹¹, *adj.*: marriageable. — **riage**¹¹, *m.*: marriage (wedlock, matrimony); close union, uniting of things; king and queen at cards): — *de conscience*, private marriage; — *in extreme*, deathbed marriage; — *à la gaumine*, a Gaumin wedding (i.e. without a benediction). — **ri-er**¹¹ [L. *-ritare* (infl. by Fr. *-ri*)], *tr.*: MARRY (join, give in wedlock; unite closely): *se —*, marry, be married, wed; *en âge de se —*, old enough to marry; *le marié*, the bridegroom; *la mariée*, the bride; *se plaindre que la mariée est trop belle*, find fault with a good bargain. — **marie-salope**, see *salope*. — **marieur**¹², = **euse** [-rier], *m., f.*: match-maker; *m.*: (rare) one about to marry. — **mar-i-n**, = **ine** [L. *-nus*], *adj.*: marine (of the sea; *m.*: mariner; seaman; *f.*: †sea-shore; things of the sea; sea interests; naval forces; sea-piece, sea-picture); smell of the sea: *avoir le pied —*, be on one's sea-legs; *femme de —*, *femme de chagrin*, sailor's wife is a worrying wife. — **nade**¹⁵ [-ner], *f.*: = (highly flavoured vinegar or pickle; pickled meat; food soured in spiced liquor). 1. **né**¹⁵, *adj.*: sea-damaged. 2. **né**¹⁵, *adj.*: (her.) =, ending in a fish tail. — **ner**¹⁵, *tr.*: marinate, sous (in spiced liquor); pickle. — **maringote**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: light carriage (with shifting seats). — **maringouin**¹⁵ [Brazil], *m.*: mosquito; woodcock. — **marinier**¹¹, = **ière** [-rin], *adj.*: marine; *m.*: bargeman; sailor; steamboat-hand; *f.*: swimming sailor-fashion. — **marionnette**¹⁵ [Marion (dim. of Marie)], *f.*: =, puppet; image; bobbin: *les —*, drumming (as signal that military punishments are being executed).

marisque¹⁵ [L. -*scu*, *f.*: large fig; tumour.

marita-l¹³, *pl.* -*aux* [L. -*lis* (*maritus*, husband)], *adj.*: =, matrimonial. **-lement**¹⁶, *adv.*: like a husband.

maritime¹⁵ [L. -*mus* (*mare*, sea)], *adj.*: =, of the sea.

maritorne¹⁷ [girl *Maritornes* in Don Quixote], *f.*: ill-shaped or untidy woman.

marivau-dage¹⁷ [fine writer *Marivauz*], *m.*: affected, over-nice style. **-der**¹⁸, *intr.*: be very nice, be gallant.

marjolaine¹² [L. L. -*forana*], *f.*: sweet marjoram.

†**marjolet**¹⁴ [OFr. *mariole*, statue of Virgin Mary], *m.*: fop.

marli¹⁷ [?], *m.*: thread gauze; ornamented border, rim (of a plate).

†**marlin** = merlin.

†**marmaille**¹⁵ [ak. to *marmot*], *f.*: (fam.) lot of brats.

marmelade¹⁶ [Sp. *mermelada*, quince jelly (L. *meli*-*melum*, honey-apple, quince)], *f.*: marmalade, preserved fruit, jam; overcooked meat, fish, etc.

marmantau¹⁶ [OFr. *mairment*, antlers], *adj.* or *m.*: (*bois*) —, reserved forest.

marmi-te¹³ [?], *f.*: pot; melting pot: — *de Papin*, boiler for raising water above 100° C.: *la — est renversée*, the dinner did not take place (when one expected to dine); they do not entertain any more in that house; *écumeur de —*, sponger.

†**tée**¹⁵, *f.*: (*dial.*) potful. **-teur**¹¹, =*ense* [old: *faire le marmite*, play the saint], *adj.*: †wheedling; miserable; *m.*: poor devil. **-ton**¹⁵, =*onne*, *m.f.*: kitchen drudge: (*humor.*) *la marmilonne*.

†**marmonneur**¹⁵ [? echoic], *tr.*: mutter.

marmoréen¹⁸, =*enne* [L. -*reus*], *adj.*: marmorean, like marble.

mar-mot¹⁴, 1. -*otte* [ak. to 2. -*motte*], *m.*, *f.*: monkey; (*now*) little child; *f.*: little girl; puppet: *croquer le —*, wait a long time. **-mottage**¹⁶ [-*motter*], *m.*: mumbler, muttering. 2. **-motte**¹¹ [?], *f.*: (old) squirrel-monkey; (*now*) marmot, woodchuck; matchtube; head-dress (made of knotted handkerchief): — *de voyage*, trunk (hav'g two parts which fit into each other). **-motter**¹⁵ [? echoic], *tr.*: mutter. **-moteur**¹⁵, =*ense* [-*motter*], *m.f.*: mumbler, mutterer. **-mouset**¹² [?], *m.*: marmoset (monkey; fugly fellow); little boy; little man; and iron; grotesque figure.

1. †**marnage**, see *maronage*.

2. **mar-nage**¹⁵ [-*ner*], *m.*: fertilizing (with marl). **-ne**⁹ [p. L. *margula* (L. *marga*)], *f.*: MARL. 1. -*ner*¹², *tr.*: manure, fertilize with marl.

2. **marner**¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: rise above high-water mark.

mar-neron¹⁶ [-*nière*], *m.*: marl digger. **-neur**¹⁶, =*ense* [-*ne*], *adj.*: marly. **-nière**¹² [-*ne*], *f.*: marlpit.

maronage¹² [*mairain*], *m.*: cutting of clapboards.

maronner¹⁸ [? ak. to *marmotter*], *intr.*: mutter.

1. **maroquin**¹⁸ [?], *m.*: guy (rope to support tackle).

2. **maro-quin**¹⁵ [country *Maroc*, Morocco], *m.*: morocco leather. **-quinage**¹⁸ [-*quiner*], *m.*: curing, preparing. **-quiner**¹⁷, *tr.*: morocco, make into imitation morocco leather. **-quinerie**¹⁷, *f.*: morocco leather business, or factory. **-quinier**¹⁷, *m.*: morocco dealer.

marotique¹⁶ [French poet *Marot*], *adj.*: style —, style full of archaic words.

marotte¹⁴ [pet name for *Marie*], *f.*: (*old, dial.*) little girl; hobby, whim; fool's cap.

marouflage¹⁸ [-*fler*], *m.*: lining (with paste).

1. **maronfle**¹⁵ [? ak. to *maraud*], *m.*: impudent boor.

2. **maron-fle**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: picture glue or paste. **-fle**¹⁷, *tr.*: line (with paste).

marprime¹⁸ [?], *f.*: punch (for canvas).

mar-quant¹⁷ [-*quer*], *adj.*: striking; peculiar: *la (carte) —e*, the winning card (that secures points for holder of it).

1. **-que**¹⁴ [-*quer*], *f.*: MARK (visible sign; stigma; brand; trade-mark; owner's mark; badge, check mark; age mark); counter; pock-mark; birth-mark: — *de feu*, bright red patch on skin; *de première* —, of best quality; — *de théâtre*, theatre ticket.

2. **mar-que**¹⁸ [Prov. -*ca* (?)], *f.*: *lettres de —*, letters of marque, (old) state licence to an individual to take justice into his own hands; (*now*) captain's commission.

mar-quer¹¹ [OFr. -*cher* fr. Germ'c], *tr.*: MARK (put a sign on; brand; stigmatize; stamp; tally, record; note); trace out, lay out; *intr.*: leave a mark; have marks (of age); become distinguished: — *un coup*, (in fencing) feign a blow; *des traits marqués*, features beginning to show age; *je lui ai marqué que*, I wrote to him, that; *cela marquerait trop*, that would attract attention. **-queter**¹⁸, *tr.*: speckle; checker: *un parquet marqué*, an inlaid parquet. **-queterie**¹⁴ [-*queter*], *f.*: marquetry, inlaid work. **-queteur**¹⁷ [-*queter*], *m.*: inlayer. **-quette**¹⁷ [Sp. -*queta*], *f.*: cake of crude wax. **-queur**¹⁵, =*ense*, *m.*, *f.*: marker.

mar-quis¹⁶ [Germ'c *marka*, border], *m.*: = (ancient border chief; nobleman next below a duke): *vous donnez furieusement dans le —*, you try hard to be a marquis. **-quisat**¹⁸, *m.*: marquisate (rank, title or domain of marquis). **-quise**¹², *f.*: =

(marchioness; parasol of about 1850 with hinged handle); marquee; awning, canopy; stormdoor; kind of pear. -**quoir**¹⁷, m.: stamp; tailor's rule.

marraine^o [p. L. **matrana* (L. *mater*, MOTHER)], f.: god-mother; Christener; sponsor.

†**mar-re**^o [L. -*ra*], f.: (dial.) hoe, weed-hook. -**rer**¹², tr.: (dial.) hoe.

†**mar-ri**¹¹ [Ofr. -*rir*], adj.: troubled, sad. †**ri-son**¹² [Ofr. -*rir*], m. or f.: grief.

1. **marron**¹⁸ [?], m.: maroon (French chestnut; the colour; fire-cracker); curl tied with ribbon; lump (in flour; in mortar); †sentinel's mark; gilt-head (seafish); indecl. adj.: maroon.

2. **marron**¹⁷, -**onne** [Sp. *cimarron* (cima, summit)], adj.: runaway, become wild (cf. Eng. *maroon*, runaway slave); m.: work printed secretly; stencil plate: *cocher* (imprimeur) —, unlicensed coachman (printer).

marronage = *maronage*.

marron-nage¹⁷ [2. *marron*], m.: wildness (of MAROONS); clandestine printing, or brokerage. 1. -**ner**¹⁸ [2. *marron*], tr.: print clandestinely.

2. **marron-ner**¹⁷ [*marron*], tr.: curl. -**nier**¹⁶ [*marron*, chestnut], m.: chestnut-tree: — *d'Inde*, horse-chestnut tree.

marrube¹⁷ [L. -*bium*], m.: marrubium, hoarhound: — *aquatique*, water hoarhound.

mars [L. *Martius*, of the god Mars], m.: MARCH: *cela vient comme — en carême*, that comes regularly, or apropos; *blé de —*, or *les —*, barley, oats, millet, etc.

mar-sau^o [L. *mas salix*, male willow], m.: goat-willow.

Marseillaise¹⁷ [town Marseille], f.: = (French national hymn).

mar-souin¹⁸ [Frankish *mar-swin*, sea-hog], m.: porpoise; ugly man; (naut.) carline-knee.

mar-supial¹⁷, -**ale**, m. pl. -**aux** [L. -*pium*, pouch], adj.: =; m. pl.: marsupialia (opossum, kangaroo, etc.); f.: purse-shaped medusa, nettlefish.

martagon¹⁸ [Sp.], m.: =, mountain lily. **marte**, see *martre*.

mar-teau^o [p. L. **tellus* (L. -*eus*, heavy hammer)], m.: hammer; doorknocker; hammerfish: — *d'assiette*, tamper; — *à pointes*, rough hammer for stone; — *à bascule*, steam hammer; — *pilon*, god-devil; *avoir un coup de —*, be crack-brained; — *des eaux et forêts*, marking hammer (with raised figure for imprinting trees to be saved). †**tel**¹⁵ [-*teler*], m.: mettre — *en tête à quelqu'un*, to harass one. -**tiage**¹⁵ [-*teler*], m.: hammering (as means of marking trees; of castrating bulls). -**telor**¹², tr.: hammer;

tête martelé, cracked head. -**teleur**¹² [-*teler*], m.: hammerer. -**teline**¹⁶, f.: sculptor's hammer. -**tellerie**¹⁴ [-*teler*], f.: work-shop.

martial¹⁵, pl. = **aux** [L. -*lis* (god of war Mars)], adj.: =, warlike; †of iron.

martin-chasseur [saint Martin], m.: bee-martin.

1. **martinet**¹⁵ [saint Martin], m.: martin-swallow.

2. **mar-tinet**¹³ [-*teau*], m.: = (furling-line on the leech of a sail; mizen peak-hal-yards; scourge of thongs); tilt hammer; flat candle-stick; sandstone (piece for polishing marble).

martingale¹⁵ [Prov. *-tegalo* (town Martegue)], f.: = (chest strap, or a thing like it; lower stay; dolphin striker; doubling in gambling); strip of leather on a knapsack; wench: *fausse —*, breast strap.

martin-pêcheur, pl. -**s-s** [saint Martin], m.: king-fisher (bird). -**sec**, pl. -**s-s** [saint M.], m.: autumn pear.

martoie¹⁷ [? ak. to -*teau*], m.: locksmith's hammer.

martre¹⁰ [Germ. (ak. to Ger. *marder*)], m.: MARTEN; bear-worm: — *zibeline*, sable; — *de Canada*, mink; *rendre — pour renard*, give as good as one gets.

mar-tyr¹⁰, 1. -**tyre** [L. L. (Gr. -*tur*, witness)], m., f.: martyr: *le commun des —s*, the mass for all the martyrs; (fig.) *être comme le commun des —s*, be of the common herd. 2. -**tyre**¹⁰ [Ofr. -*tirie*], m.: martyrdom; torment, suffering. -**tyr-iser**¹¹ [L. L. -*tyrizare*], tr.: kill cruelly; (fig.) abuse, torment. -**tyrologe** [L. L. -*tyrologium*], m.: register or book of martyrs.

marum¹⁷ [L. (Gr. *máron*)], m.: cat-thyme.

mascarade¹⁵ [It. -*cherata*], f.: MASQUE-RADE.

mascaret¹⁵ [Gascon], m.: eddy.

mascaron¹⁷ [It. -*ne*], m.: mask (in architecture).

mascotte [Prov. -*co*, witch], f.: (fam.) mascot (bringer of good luck).

masculin¹¹ [L. -*linus* (mas, male)], adj.: masculine: *rime —e*, masculine rhyme (hav'g last syllable accented). -**linité**¹², f.: masculinity, vigour.

1. **mas-que**¹⁵ [It. -*chera* or -*cara* (? fr. Ar.)], m.: mask (false face; disguise; blind; masker; person in disguise; cover, protection; guard; mould or figure fr. human face; death-mask); head (in painting); face (of actor); complexion (as symptom of disease); ugly face; mask flower. 2. -**que**¹⁵ [? Prov. -*co*, witch], f.: naughty woman. -**quer**¹⁵, tr.: mask (disguise; cover, hide; protect, etc.); †intr.: be masked; pretend.

massa-crant¹⁷ [-*crer*], *adj.*: (rare lit.) killing; (*fam.*) *humeur* — *e*, awful temper.
 ||-**cre**¹¹ [Ofr. *macele* (?)], *m.*: = (wholesale slaughter of men, of wild game; deer's head); antlers and frontal bone; botch-work; botcher; quarry, dead game.
 -**crer**¹⁵, *tr.*: kill indiscriminately, massacre; botch. -**creur**¹⁵, -**ense** [-*crer*], *m., f.*: killer, ruthless slayer; botcher.
massage¹⁵ [2. *masser*], *m.*: = (bed gymnastics, kneading the muscles).
 1. **masse**¹¹ [p. L. **mattea*], *f.*: MACE; sledge-hammer; maul; billiard cue; big end of a cue; kind of mushroom: — *d'eau*, reed mace.
 2. **mas-se**¹⁰ [L. -*sa*], *f.*: mass (lump; great number, crowd; quantity; bulk; whole); †stake, pool (in betting); block of glass; cone for crystallising alum; reality; personal property; capital stock; reserve fund; chorus of voices, concert of instruments: — *de mise*, sight (of a gun); *grande* —, smoke-stack; — *active* (*passive*), assets (liabilities); — *de lumière*, touch-hole nipple. -**seau**¹⁸, *m.*: shingled piece (of metal); piece of iron (made of bits fused together in a carbon furnace). -**sclet**¹⁵ [-*seau*], *m.*: little piece of iron. -**sclotte**¹², *f.*: head, waster (left on a casting); nipple-piece (on gun).
 †**massement**, see *massage*.
mas-sepain¹⁵ [It. *marza-pane*, paste-bread], *m.*: MARCHPANE, almond sweet-cake. 1. -**se** [2. -*se*], *tr.*: mass; †stake: — *les troupes*, draw up the troops; un *massé*, iron lump (at bottom of furnace); *plan massé*, block or bulk plan (without details).
 2. **masser**¹⁷ [fr. Ar.], *tr.*: knead, rub, MASSAGE.
 3. **mas-ser**¹⁸ [-*se*, MACE], *tr.*: strike (a billiard ball fr. above): un *massé*, a stroke fr. above, a twist. -**sette**¹⁵ [-*se*, MACE], *f.*: hammer, mallet; reed mace: — *à ressort*, kind of mushroom.
masseur¹⁷, -**euse** [2. -*sser*], *m., f.*: =, massagist.
 1. **massicot**¹⁴ [?], *m.*: =, litharge.
 2. **massicot**¹⁵ [inventor M.], *m.*: printer's guillotine (for cutting paper).
massier¹⁵ [-*se*, mace], *m.*: mace-bearer.
mas-sif, -**ive** [-*se*, mass], *adj.*: massive; *m.*: group; solid masonry; wall; pier; wedge. -**sivement**¹⁶, *adv.*: (rare) massively, solidly.
massue¹¹ [-*se*, mace], *f.*: club; kind of cucumber; top of mushroom; club-like mollusk.
masti-c¹² [L. -*chum*, Gr. -*che* (-*zein*, chew)], *m.*: mastic (gum; cement). -**cage** [-*quer*], *m.*: cementing. -**ca-tion**¹² [L. -*catio*], *f.*: =. -**catoire**¹⁵ [L.

-*care*, masticate], *adj.*: masticatory, good for chewing: un —, a masticatory, something to excite a flow of saliva. -**ga-dour**¹⁶ [Sp. -*gador*], *m.*: masticador, champing bit. 1. -**quer**¹⁵, *tr.*: cement. 2. -**quer**¹⁵ [-*cation*], *tr.*: chew.
mastite [Gr. -*stós*, breast], *f.*: mastitis, inflammation of the breast.
mastoc¹⁵ [Ger. *mast-ochs*, fattening ox], *m.*: (pop.) clumsy fellow.
masto-dente¹⁵ [Gr. *odous*, tooth], *m.*: mastodon, fossil elephant. ||-**ide**¹⁵ [Gr. *eidés* (*mastós*, teat, *eidos*, form)], *adj.*: mastoid, breast-like. -**idien**¹⁷, -**enne**, *adj.*: of the mastoid process.
mastur-ba-tion¹⁵ [L. -*batio* (? *manus*, hand, *stuprare*, defile)], *f.*: =. -**ber**¹⁸ [L. -*bare*], *tr.*: *se* —, commit self-abuse.
maşulipatan¹⁷ [town M. in India], *m.*: calico.
masure¹⁰ [p. L. *mansura* (L. *manère*, remain)], *f.*: hovel, wretched house.
 †**maşurka**, see *mazurka*.
 1. **mat**¹¹ [Pers. *châh mât*, king is dead], *indecl. adj.*: check-mated (at chess); *m.*: checkmate. 2. **mat**¹⁴, *adj.*: dull; unpolished; heavy: *le* —, unpolished spot; matted, thick place in lace; *pâte* —, poorly raised, soggy pastry.
mât¹⁰ [Ger. *mast*], *m.*: shipmast; pole: — *de perroquet* (*de beaupré*; *de misaine*; *d'artimon*), top-mast (bowsprit; fore-mast; mizzen-mast); — *de cacatois*, gallant-mast; — *de hune*, top-mast; — *à pible*, pole-mast; — *d'un brin*, mast of one piece: — *jumelé*, or *reclampé*, or *renforcé*, fished, reinforced mast.
matador¹⁷ [Sp. 'killer'], *m.*: = (chief bull-fighter; high card at ombre and other games).
mâtage¹⁷ [-*ter*], *m.*: masting.
matamore¹⁶ [name *Matamoros*, MOOR-killer in Sp. comedy], *m.*: boasting bully.
matasse¹⁵ [It. -*ssa* (L., Gr. *mêtara*, raw silk)], *f.*: skein.
mata-ssin¹⁵ [Sp. -*chin* fr. Ar.], *m.*: = (comic dancer with sword and shield; now, his dance); comic dancer.
maté [Sp. *maté*, So. Am. word meaning first the 'gourd' fr. which one drank], *m.*: =, Paraguay tea.
mateau¹⁵ [? -*tasse*], *m.*: package of silk.
matela-s [It. *materasso* (fr. Ar., 'bed')], *m.*: MATTRESS; padding, squab (of coaches). -**sser**¹⁶, *tr.*: pad, stuff. -**ssier**¹⁷, -**ière**, *m., f.*: mattress-maker.
mate-lot¹⁵ [ODutch, lit. bed-fellow, one occupying bed in turn], *m.*: sailor; sailor suit; companion ship. -**lote**¹⁶, *f.*: = (dish of fish stewed in wine and oil); sailor-dance: *à la* —, sailor fashion.
 1. **ma-ter**¹¹ [1. *mat*], *tr.*: checkmate; curb;

overcome. 2. **ter**¹⁷ [2. *mat*], *tr.*: make dull; render dense or soggy.

mâter¹⁸ [*mât*], *tr.*: mast; raise up like a mast, toss up: — *les arirons*, toss the oars up; *machine à —*, sheers. **mate-reau**¹⁵ [*mât*], *m.*: little mast.

maté-rialiser¹⁷ [L. *-rialis*, material], *tr.*: materialise, regard as matter. **-rialisme**¹⁷ [L. *-rialis*], *m.*: materialism. **-rialiste**¹⁷ [L. *-rialis*], *m., f.*: materialist. **-rialité**¹⁶ [L. *-rialis*], *f.*: materiality, reality. **-riaux**¹⁴ [pl. of OFr. *-rial*; now *-riel*], *m. pl.*: building material; literary material. **||-riel**¹⁸, **-elle** [L. *-rialis* (-*ria*, MATTER)], *adj.*: material, not spiritual; materialistic; coarse; dull; rude; *m.*: material: *faux —*, forgery. **-riellement**¹², *adv.*: materially; grossly.

mater-nel¹⁴, **-elle** [L. *-nus* (mater, MOTHER)], *adj.*: maternal. **-nellement**¹³, *adv.*: maternally. **-nité**¹⁴ [L. *-nus*, motherly], *f.*: maternity; maternity hospital; school of midwifery.

mâteur [*mât*], *m.*: MAST-maker.

mathémati-cien¹², **-enne** [L. *-cus*], *m., f.*: mathematician. **||-que**¹³ [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kós*], *adj.*: mathematical; *†f.* or *f. pl.*: mathematics. **-quement**¹⁸, *adv.*: mathematically.

matière¹¹ [L. *-leria*], *f.*: MATTER (MATERIAL; substance; incentive, object; subject; contents; matters; deed: — *médicale*, materia medica; (*humor.*) *la forme enfoncée en —*, physical dominating over the spiritual; — *d'un délit*, criminal act; *en — d'honneur*, in affairs of honour.

matin⁹ [L. *matutinus* (Matuta, goddess Dawn)], *m.*: morning; *adv.*: in the morning, early: *du — au soir*, all day; one day; *de grand, or de bon —*, very early.

matin⁹, **-ine** [p. L. **mansuetinus*, sc. canis, tamed dog (L. *mansuere*, accus-tom to the hand, tame)], *m., f.*: —, mastiff-like dog; scoundrel.

matinal¹¹, *pl.* **-aux** [*matin*], *adj.*: —, morning; early; up early (by chance).

mâteineau¹³ [*matin*], *m.*: little mastiff.

matinée¹¹ [*matin*], *f.*: morning (fr. dawn till noon); —, afternoon entertainment.

mâtiner¹² [*matin*], *tr.*: cover (a female dog): (by extens.) *chien mâtiné*, mongrel.

mati-nes¹⁰ [-*n*], *f. pl.*: matins, hour of morning worship (originally just after midnight; now day before); prayer-book: *sonner les —*, ring the matin bell; *étourdi comme le premier coup de —*, stupid as one is when the matin bell rings. **-neur**¹³, **-euse** [-*nal*], *adj.*: early-rising (habitually). **-nier**¹⁴, **-ière** [-*n*], *adj.*: of the morning: *l'étoile matinère*, morning star.

ma-tir¹¹ [*mat*, dull], *tr.*: MAT, deaden; frost; smooth up (soldering). **-tité**¹²

[*mat*], *f.*: dullness (of a sound). **-toir**¹⁶ [-*ter*], *m.*: matting tool (to give metals a dull look).

matoi-s¹⁵, **-aise** [slang *†mate*, thieves' rendezvous], *adj.*: (*fam.*) cunning, sly; *m., f.*: foxy person. **†-sement**¹⁷, *adv.*: slyly. **†-serie**¹⁶, *f.*: trick.

maton¹¹ [ak. to *mat*, and dial. Ger. *matte*, curds], *m.*: curdled milk; flake, tuft of wool; little tuft on a rope; lump in a pulp.

maton¹⁶ [?], *m.*: tom-cat; rascal.

matras¹¹ [? Celt. *-tara*, javelin], *m.*: heavy ironed dart (of hurling engine). 2. **-tras** [?], *m.*: mattress, glass retort.

ma-triceaire¹⁶ [L. *-trix*, womb (the plant *m.* was used to aid menstruation)], *f.*: matricaria (herb of aster family). **||-trice**¹² [L. *-trix*], *f.*: matrix (womb; formative cells or substance producing teeth or hair, or minerals; mould; concave or sunk die); catalogue, roll: *église —*, primitive or mother church; *couleurs —*, simple colours (whence come the rest). **-triciel**¹⁸, **-elle**, *adj.*: according to schedule: *loyer —*, fixed price of hire or rent. **-tricule**¹⁶ [L. *-tricola*, little matrix], *f.*: register, enrollment, membership list; matriculation entry or certificate. **-trimonial**¹³, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-trimonialis* (mater, mother)], *adj.*: —. **-trone**¹¹ [L. *-trona*], *f.*: matron; midwife.

matte¹⁶ [? ak. to dial. Ger. *matte*, curdled milk], *f.*: matt, white metal (product of the first smelting).

†matteau, see *mateau*.

†matton, see *maton*.

matu-ratif¹², **-ive** [L. *-rare*, ripen], *adj.*: maturant, hastening an abscess. **-ration**¹³ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: —, ripening; curing (of tobacco, etc.).

mature¹⁶ [*mât*], *f.*: masting (all the masts of a ship; their arrangement); stepping machine (for setting masts); mast-house (where masts are made).

maturité [L. *-ritas*], *f.*: maturity; ripeness.

†matu-tinal¹³, *pl.* **†-aux** [L. *-tinus* (goddess Matuta, Dawn)], *adj.*: —, occurring in the morning.

mau-dire¹⁰ [*mal*, ill, *dire*], *irr., tr.*: curse; blasphemy: *maudii*, accursed.

†-disson¹¹, *f.*: malediction, curse.

†mau-gréblen¹⁶ [disguised oath, *maugré Dieu*, in spite of God], *interj.*: oath like 'a curse on.' **||-gréer**¹² [*mal*, bad, *gré*, will], *intr.*: swear, use oaths. **-piteux**¹⁶, **-euse** [*mal*, piteux], *adj.*: hardly piteous; cruel, PITILESS; contemptible.

†mauricaud, see *moricaud*.

mausolée¹⁵ [L. *-leum*, Gr. *leton*, grand tomb of king Mausolus], *m.*: mausoleum, splendid tomb.

maussa-de¹³ [mal, ill, OFr. *sade* (L. *sapidus*) pleasant], *adj.*: unpleasant; sullen.
-dement¹⁵, *adv.*: disagreeably.
-derie¹⁶, *f.*: ill humour, sullenness.

mauvais¹⁰, **-aise** [ʔ], *adj.*: bad, ill, evil, wicked; naughty; poor; *m., f.*: bad person; *m.*: evil, ill; *m. pl.*: the wicked.

mauve¹⁶ [OEng. *maue*], *f.*: (dial.) MEW, sea-gull.

mauve⁹ [L. *malva*], *f.*: mallow; *adj.*: mauve, delicate purple. †**mauvette**¹⁷, *f.*: (dial.) round-leaved geranium.

mau-viette¹⁶, *f.*: lark; any palatable small bird; thin or puny person. ‖**-vis**¹¹ [ʔ], *m.*: MAVIS, song-thrush; tufted lark.

maxillaire¹⁶ [L. *-laris* (-la, jaw)], *adj.*: maxillary.

maxi-ma, see **-mum**. **-me**¹⁵ [L. *-ma* (sc. *sententia*), highest opinion], *f.*: maxim, principle of conduct; maxima, the longest note in music. **-mum**¹⁷, *pl.* **-ma** [L.], *m.*: —, greatest.

mayonnaise, or **mago**, or **maho** [ʔ name *Mahon*], *f.*: = (sauce, salad-dressing; meat served with this sauce).

mazette¹⁶ [ʔ], *f.*: poor horse; poor player.

mazurka or **-ke** [Polish], *f.*: —, dance.

me⁹, before vowel or silent *h* **m'** [L. *me*, acc. of *ego*, I], *pers. pron.*: me; to me.

mé- [= *mea*, L. *minus*, less], *pref.*: mis-, dis-.

mea-culpâ¹⁷ [L. *mea culpa*, by my fault], *m.*: avowal, confession.

meandre¹⁵ [crooked river *Meander*], *m.*: meander, winding course.

méal¹⁴ [L. *-tus* (*meare*, go)], *m.*: meatus, canal of the body.

mécani-eig¹⁷, **-enne**, *m., f.*: machinist; engine man; *f.*: sewing-machine woman. ‖**-que**¹² [L. *-eus*, Gr. *-kós* (*mechané*, MACHINE)], *adj.*: mechanical; *f.*: mechanics; mechanism; machinery: †*personnes*

—s, workmen, mechanics; *courbe* —, transcendental curve; *la* — *d'une voiture*,

spoke-setting machine. **-quement**¹⁴, *adv.*: mechanically. **-sor**¹⁵, *tr.*: make mechanical; exploit; degrade; (*pop.*)

plague. **-isme**¹⁷ [L. *mechanisma*], *m.*: mechanism; manipulation (of piano, etc.); mechanical philosophy.

mécène¹⁵ or **†mécénas** [Vergil's patron *Mecenas*], *m.*: patron of learning, a *Mecenas*.

méchage¹⁸ [*-cher*], *m.*: fumigation.

mé-chamment¹⁵, *adv.*: basely, wickedly; viciously. **-chaneeté**¹⁵, *f.*: wickedness; viciousness. ‖**-chant**¹¹, **-ante** [*-choir*],

adj.: bad; vicious; wicked; spiteful; malicious; miserable; *m., f.*: evil-doer; bad character.

mèche¹³ [ʔ], *f.*: wick; MATCH, tinder; lunt (for firing cannon); cracker, snapper

(of whips); lock of hair; centre-cord (of whips); screw, bit; bunch of threads or frayed ends: — *de mâit*, centre-piece of a mast; — *à percer*, centre-bit; *découvrir* or *éventer la* —, (*lit.*) discover the (enemy's) fuse (by a countermine); (*fig.*) find out secret; (*pop.*) *il n'y a pas* —, there is no way.

méchef¹¹ [Ofr. *mes-chever*, succeed ill], *m.*: misfortune.

mécher¹⁷ [*mèche*], *tr.*: fumigate.

†**mé-choir** [*choir*, fall], *irr.*; *impera. intr.*: MISCHANCE, happen unluckily.

-compte¹¹ [*-compter*], *m.*: miscount; disappointment. ‖**-compter** [*mé*, *compter*], *reflex.*: miscalculate; be disappointed.

méconium¹⁷ [L. fr. Gr. *-nion*, juice of poppy (*mêkon*)], *m.*: = (opium; first faeces of an infant).

mécon-naissable¹², *adj.*: hard to recognise. **-naissance**¹¹, *f.*: †failure to recognise, misconception; misappreciation; ingratitude. **-naissant**¹¹, *adj.*: †unmindful; unthankful. ‖**-naître**¹¹ [*mé*, *connaître*], *irr.*; *tr.*: fail to recognise (not recognise); misunderstand (misjudge); fail to appreciate; disown; disregard (slight); not be thankful (forget); *se* —, forget one's self; not know one's self.

méconseiller [*mé*, *c.*], *tr.*: misadvise.

mécontent¹⁵, *adj.*: discontented. **-tement**¹⁵, *m.*: discontent (dissatisfaction).

‖**-ter**¹⁴ [*mé*, *contenter*], *tr.*: discontent (dissatisfy, displease).

Mecque, *f.*: Mecca (sacred city).

†**mé-créance**¹¹, *f.*: miscreance; heresy.

†**mé-crément**¹¹, **-ante** [*mé*, *creant*, old Part. of *croire*], *adj.*: unbelieving; †hav'g a false religion; *m., f.*: miscreant; infidel.

†**mé-croire**¹¹ [*mé*, *croire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: disbelieve. †**mé-croyant**¹⁴, *adj.*: disbelieving.

médail-le¹⁴ [It. *medaglia*, see *maille*, coin], *f.*: MEDAL; medallion; medalet; METALLIC badge, number. **-lèr**¹⁸, *tr.*: award medal to. **-lièr**¹⁷, *m.*: cabinet for medals; collection of medals. **-liste**¹⁶, *m., f.*: medalist, expert on medals. **-lon**¹⁶ [It. *medaglione*], *m.*: large medal, medallion; charm for chain; bas-relief.

mède-cin¹⁵, *m.*: physician, doctor of medicine: — *des âmes*, confessor; — *par quartier*, official or court physician who comes quarterly. ‖**-cine**¹¹ [L. *medicina*], *f.*: medicine (tremedy; art of healing); (*esp.*) physic; (*fig.*) cure; disagreeable thing: — *de cheval*, too strong medicine. **-cier**¹¹, *tr.*: (*fam.*) dose.

mé-dial¹⁷, *pl.* —s or **-aux** [L. *-dialis*], *adj.*: medial, MIDDLE; *f.*: medial letter.

‖**-dian**¹⁴ [L. *-dianus*], *adj.*: median, MEDIAL. †**-dianoche** [Sp. *media noche*,

midnight], *m.*: first meal (after fasting, taken just after midnight). **-dianté**¹⁵ [L. *-dians*, being in the middle], *f.*: mediant, midway tone in the diatonic scale. **-diastin**¹⁵ [L. *-diastinum*], *m.*: diastinum, septum or cavity between two chief lobes of an organ, as between the two lungs. **-diat**¹⁵ [immediat], *adj.*: mediate, indirect. **-diatement**¹⁵ [-diat], *adv.*: mediate, indirectly. **-diateur**¹², **-trice** [L. *-diator*], *m., f.*: mediator, mediatix. **-diation**¹⁴ [-diatio], *f.*: = (intervention; middle or main part of the melody; midday; culmination (of a star). **-diatizer**¹⁵ [-diat], *tr.*: mediatise, reduce to an indirect relation: — *une ville*, change the government of a city to indirect sovereignty.

médi-cal¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-cus*, physician], *adj.*: =.

médicamen-t¹⁴ [L. *-tum*], *m.*: medicament, healing agency. **-taire**¹⁷ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: of medicine. **-tation**¹⁵ [-ter], *f.*: treatment (of disease by medicine). **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: treat. **-teur**¹⁵, = **-euse** [L. *-torus*], *adj.*: medicinal.

médi-castre¹⁵ [It. *-castro*], *m.*: ignorant doctor. **-cateur**¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. *-cari*, treat], *adj.*: medicinal. **-cation**¹⁵ [L. *-catio*], *f.*: medication, treatment. **-cinal**¹¹, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-cinalis*], *adj.*: medicinal, healing. **-cinement**¹², *adv.*: medicinally.

médié-val¹⁵ [L. *medium ævum*, middle age], *adj.*: mediæval. **-viste**¹⁵, *m., f.*: mediævalist.

médio-cre¹⁵ [L. *-cris* (*medius*, middle)], *adj.*: mediocre; *m.*: ordinary person or thing. **-crement**¹⁵, *adv.*: indifferently. **-crité**¹² [L. *-critas*], *f.*: mediocrity; mediocre person.

mé-dire¹¹ [*mê-, dire*], *irr. §; intr.*: talk slander, backbite. **-disance**¹⁵ [-disant], *f.*: slandering; slander. **-disant**¹¹, = **-ante**, *adj.*: slanderous; *m., f.*: slanderer.

§ Conjugated like *dire*, but Ind. Pr. pl. 3d pers. is *méditez*, not *médites*.

médi-tatif¹⁵, = **-ive** [L. *-tativus*], *adj.*: meditative, reflective. **-tation**¹¹ [L. *-tatio* (-*tari*, think over)], *f.*: meditation. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tari*], *intr.*: be thoughtful; think over thoroughly, contemplate; plan, premeditate.

méditerra-né¹⁵ [L. *-neus* (*medius*, middle, *terra*, land)], *adj.*: internal: *mer — e*, internal sea; (esp.) Mediterranean sea. **-néen**¹⁵, = **-enne**, *adj.*: of the Mediterranean sea.

mé-dium¹⁵ [L., middle], *m.*: medium (intermediate sound; person supposed to be influenced by spirits). **-dius**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: medius, middle or third finger.

†médonner¹⁷ [*mê-, donner*], *intr.*: misdeal (at cards).

médullaire¹⁵ [-*llaris* (*medius*, middle)], *adj.*: medullary, of the marrow or pith.

médu-se [L. *Medusa*, whose hair was snakes; the sight of her turned men to stone], *f.*: medusa, jelly-fish (with long fleshy filaments). **-sor**¹⁵ [gorgon *Medusa*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) stupefy.

meeting¹⁵ *mi-* [Eng.], *m.*: =.

†mé-faire¹¹ [*mê-, faire*], *irr. §; intr.*: do ill. **-fait**¹¹, *m.*: ill-deed. **-fente**¹⁸ [*fente*], *f.*: wood (for kindling).

§ Only occurring in the infinitive and past part.

mé-fiance¹⁵, *f.*: distrust. **-fiant**¹⁵, = **-ante**, *adj.*: distrustful; *m., f.*: (*rare*) suspecting person. **-fier**¹⁴ [*mê-, fier*], *refl.*: be suspicious or distrustful.

méga-lithique¹⁵ [Gr. *mégas*, megal-, large, *lithos*, stone], *adj.*: megalithic, of huge stones. **-losaure** [L. *-losaurus* (Gr. *σαῦρος*, reptile)], *m.*: megalosaurus, great fossil lizard.

mégarde¹² [*mê-, garder*, guard ill], *f.*: par —, through carelessness.

méga-scope¹⁵ [Gr. *mégas*, large, *skopein*, see], *m.*: megascope, solar microscope for throwing objects on a screen. **-thé-rium**¹⁵ [Gr. *thérion*, beast], *m.*: megatherium, gigantic sloth-like fossil.

mégère¹⁵ [the mythical Fury *Megæra*], *f.*: vixen.

mé-gie¹⁵ [fr. root of *-gissier*], *f.*: leather-dressing. **-gir**¹⁷ [fr. root of *-gissier*], *tr.*: taw, prepare (leather) for gloves. **||-gis**¹² [*? gis* for *guis* ak. to Ger. *weisz*, white], *m.*: tanning solution (for the last dressing). **-gisserie**¹² [-*gissier*], *f.*: tawing business. **-gissier**¹², = **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: leather-dresser.

mélleur⁹ [L. *mélior*], *adj.*: better; best; *m.*: best thing; (*fam.*) best wine: *de — e heure*, earlier; *ton — est*, the best thing for you is; *du — de mon cœur*, or *de mon âme*, with the best intentions, with all my heart.

†meistre, see *meistre*.

méjurer¹² [*mê-, juger*], *tr.*: MISJUDGE: (esp.) *se —*, mistrack, put hind foot down outside of front foot's track.

mé-lampyre¹⁵ [Gr. *-puron* (*mêlas*, black, *purós*, wheat)], *m.*: purple cowheat. **-lanagogue** [Gr. *agôgós*, expelling], *adj.*: purgative; *f.*: melanagogue, purge for black bile. **-lancolie**¹² [Gr. *cholê*, bile], *f.*: †black humor (supposed to come from the spleen); melancholy, gloomy sadness. **-lancolique**¹⁵ [L. *-lancholicus*, fr. Gr.], *adj.*: melancholy. **-lancoliquement**¹⁵ [-*lancolique*], *adv.*: sadly, gloomily.

mélan-ge¹⁴ [*mêler*], *m.*: mixture; mix-

ing; melange; miscellany. **-ger**¹⁵, *tr.*: mix; blend; cross.

mélasse [Sp. *mela* (miel, honey)], *f.*: molasses.

mê-lée¹⁰ *mê*, *f.*: =, general hand-to-hand fight. **||-lêr**⁶ [p. L. *misculâre* (L. *miscere*)], *tr.*: MIX; mingle; confuse; meddle: *se* —, dabble; *de sang mêlé*, of mixed blood, cross-bred; *on dirait que le diable s'en mêle*, one would say the devil had a hand in it.

mêlêze [dial. word reflecting L. *mel*, 'honey,' infl. by *larix*, LARCH], *m.*: larch, tall resinous tree.

méliot¹² [L. *-tus*, Gr. *-los* (*mél*, honey, *lotós*, lotus)], *m.*: melilot, sweet clover.

méli-mêlo¹³ [*? mêler*], *m.*: (fam.) confused muss, MEDLEY.

mélinite¹³ [L. *-nus*, Gr. *-nos*, quince yellow], *f.*: melinite, the explosive.

melisse¹² [L. *-ssa* (Gr. *-ssobótanon*, bee-plant)], *f.*: melissa, garden balm. **melifère** [L. *melli-fer*, honey-BEARING], *adj.*: melliferous: *les* —, honey-producers (bees, or plants). **mellifère**¹⁴ [L. *melli-fluus*, flowing with honey], *adj.*: mellifluous; (*bad sense*) sickly sweet.

mélo-die¹¹ [L. *-dia*, Gr. *-dia* (*mélós*, part; song, *odé*, ode)], *f.*: melody; song. **-diusement**¹³ [*-dieux*], *adv.*: melodiously. **-dieux**¹³, = *euse*, *adj.*: melodious. **-dique**¹³, *adj.*: melodic. **-dramatique**¹³ [*-drame*], *adj.*: melodramatic. **-drame**¹⁷ [*drame*], *m.*: melodrama (musical drama; romantic play). **-manie**¹⁶ [Gr. *mania*, madness], *m., f.*: melomaniac, music-crazy person. **-manie**¹⁷ [Gr. *mania*, madness], *f.*: melomania.

melon¹² [L. *melio*], *m.*: = (plant or fruit; disorder of the eye): — *d'eau*, (*musqué*), water-melon (musk-melon).

melongène or **mélougène**¹⁵ [L. L., ak. to aubergine (fr. Ar.)], *f.*: eggplant.

melounière¹⁵ [melon], *f.*: melon field.

mélo-pée¹⁵ [L. *-paia*, Gr. *-poia*, (lit.) making of song], *f.*: melopodia; singing (with declamation); musical recitative.

-plaste¹⁸ [Gr. *plássein*], *m.*: meloplast, instrument to teach music.

†mém-ar-cher¹⁴ [old *mes-marcher*], *intr.*: mis-step. **-chüre**¹⁵, *f.*: sprain (of a horse's leg).

mem-brane¹⁵ [L. *-brana*, skin of particular MEMBER or part], *f.*: = (film; covering of an organ; vellum). **-braneux**¹⁵, = *euse* [*-brane*], *adj.*: membranous. **||mem-bre**⁶ [L. *-brum*], *m.*: member (limb; part; membrum joint; pl. body; associate; molding; each side of an equation); rib of a ship. **-bré**¹², *adj.*: une personne fortement — *e*, well-built person; (*her.*) eagle de gueules — *e*,

eagle hav'g legs, wings, etc., coloured different fr. the head. **-bron**¹⁷, *m.*: seam (of the arris lead or zinc). **-bra**¹¹, *adj.*: hav'g well-made limbs. **-brure**¹¹, *f.*: all the limbs, or parts, together; ribbing of ships; door-case; wood for door-casing; fixed board measure, board 16m. by .078m.; measured rack (for cordwood).

même⁶ [p. L. **metipsimus* (L. *ego metipse*), my own self], *adj.*: same; self; very same; *m.*: same thing; *adv.*: even; likewise: *moi* —, I myself; *de* —, in the same way; *†in* such a way; *quand* —, even though; nevertheless; *tout de* —, just the same; *boire à — la bouteille*, drink right fr. the bottle; *il porte son argent à — la poche*, he carries his money loose in his pocket (not in a purse); *†être à — de quelque chose*, be at the very thing, the real source; *mettre à —, enable*; *être à — de (†pour) faire quelque chose*, be situated just right to do a thing. **-ment**¹¹, *adv.*: †even; in the same way, likewise.

mé-mento¹⁵ [L., remember thou], *m.*: prayer (beginning thus); memento, reminder. 1. **||-moire**¹⁹ [L. *-moria*], *f.*: memory (faculty of recalling; recollection; fame; commemoration): *si j'ai bonne —*, if I remember correctly; *pour* —, annotation; *les filles de Mémoire*, the muses. 2. **-moire**¹⁴, *m.*: memoir; =; memorial; memorandum; learned paper, monograph: (*humor.*) *un — d'apothicaire*, bill, statement in which the prices are very high, exorbitant bill. **-morable**¹⁴ [L. *-moralis*], *adj.*: memorable, notable. **-morablement**¹⁴ [*-morable*], *adv.*: notably. **-morandum**¹⁵ [L. *-morare*], *m.*: memorandum; diplomatic note. **†-moratif**¹², = *ive* [L. *-morativus*], *adj.*: être — *de quelque chose*, remember something. **†-morer**¹⁴ [L. *-morare*], *tr.*: recall. **-morial**¹², *pl.* = *aux*, *m.*: memoir; record, memorial.

mena-çant¹⁵ [*-cer*], *adj.*: menacing. **||-ce**⁶ [L. *-minacia* (*mināri*, threaten)], *f.*: menace, threat. **-cer**⁶ [p. L. **minaciāri*], *tr.*: menace; threaten; warn.

ménade¹⁵ [L. *menas*, Gr. *mainás*], *f.*: maenad, revelling woman at the feasts of Bacchus; frenzied or insane woman.

ména-ge⁶ [p. L. **mansio-naticum* (*mansio*, house)], *m.*: housekeeping; things for house-keeping; household, family; management; economy; good administration; toys; house; pain (*toile*) *de —*, home-made bread (cloth); *une femme de —*, chore-woman (who works by the hour); *je ne saurais plus voir mon — propre*, I shall not be able to see my house clean any more; *vivre de —*, live sparingly;

faire bon —, get along well together; *tenir* —, keep house; *fauz* —, concubinage; *mettre (une fille) en* —, marry off. **-gement**¹⁵ [-ger], m.: management; control; discretion, consideration; running (of a house). 1. **-ger**¹⁵, tr.: manage; administer; run (a house); husband; exploit; treat discreetly; use carefully; effect; get ready: *se* —, spare one's self; act discreetly; — *la chèvre et le chou*, handle two difficulties at once; *je lui ai ménagé une place*, I helped him to a place. 2. **-ger**¹⁵, **-ère**, adj.: managing; saving; thrifty; m., f.: frugal person; thrifty person; wise manager. **-gerie**¹⁵ [-ger], f.: house-keeping; farming; farm buildings and barn yard; menagerie, collection of wild animals. **-geur**¹⁵, **-euse** [-ger], m., f.: (rare) manager; exploiter of others, prudent, cautious person.

mendiant¹¹, **-ante**, m., f.: beggar; monk: *les quatre* —s, the four chief orders of mendicant friars; (fig.) mixed dried fruits, figs, raisins, almonds, hazelnuts. **-dicté**¹² [L. *-dictas*], f.: mendicity, beggary; beggars (as a class). **-dier**¹² [L. *-dicare*], intr., tr.: beg (by extens.) — *sa vie*, live by begging.

†mendole, or **mène** [L. *mæna*, Gr. *maíne*], f.: mendole, gilt-head, small sea-fish. **meneau**¹⁴, [?], m.: mullion, stone cross-piece (of window): *fauz* —, cross-piece bearing the window lock.

me-née, f.: way; track, trail; bearing-distance (that a cog is in contact); drift (direction the snow drifts); summons (to vassal to follow or serve); scheme, underhanded trick. **†-ner**¹⁰ [p. L. *mināre* (? L. *mināri*, threaten)], tr.: lead; take; guide; head; escort; attract, draw; drive; treat; exploit; manage: — *quelqu'un*, *tambour battant*, lead one at will; — *quelqu'un loin*, lead one to unexpected result; *travaillons, c'est de quoi nous* — *jusqu'à Rome*, work away, we may get to Rome yet by it; — *quelqu'un à la baguette*, to lead one arbitrarily; — *le branle*, take the lead; † — *la guerre*, make war.

†menestre¹⁵ [dial. It. *-tra*, 'service'], f.: soup (humor.) *docteur de* —, sponger. **ménestrel**¹⁰ [ak. to *ménétrier*], m.: minstrel. **†ménétrier**¹⁰ [L. *L. mīsterialis* (L. *minister*, servant)], m.: village fiddler. **meneur**¹⁰, **-euse** [-ner], m., f.: leader; driver; ringleader; f.: agent for wet-nurses.

menhir [Breton, 'long stone'], m.: = (prehistoric single tall stone as a monument).

ménia-ne¹⁰ [It. *-na*, L. *māniana* (consul *Mānius*)], f.: terrace; balcony, often with shutters (on Italian houses).

ménianthe [L. *-thes* (Gr. *minuanthēs*, blooming for short time)], m.: *menyanthes*, buck-bean.

me-nin¹⁰, **-ine** [Sp. *-nino*], m., f.: child raised with a prince, minion.

ménin-ge¹⁵ [L. *-nga* (Gr. *-gx*)], f.: meninges, membranes enveloping the brain. **-gite**¹⁵, f.: meningitis, inflammation of the meninges.

ménisque¹⁵ [Gr. *-skōs*, crescent (*mène*, MOON)], m.: meniscus, concave or convex surface.

ménologe¹⁰ [L. *-gium*, Gr. *-gion* (*mén*, MONTH, *lógos*, speech), table of months], m.: menology, treatise about the months; calendar of martyrs (in the Gr. church).

menon¹⁷ [? ak. to It. *menno*, castrated], m.: Turkish goat.

méno-pause [Gr. *mén*, menses, *paúsís*, pause], f.: menopause, change of life. **-rrhagie**¹⁵ [Gr. *ragín*, gush], f.: menorrhagia, excessive menstruation. **-rrhée** [Gr. *reín*, flow], f.: menorrhea, menstrual flow.

menotte¹⁵ [main], f.: (fam.) dear little hand; club-top mushroom; pl.: handcuffs.

men-se [L. *-sa*, table], f.: dining table; income (of churches or abbeys). **-sole**¹⁶ [It. *-sola*], f.: keystone.

menson-ge¹⁰ [p. L. **mentitiōnica* (L. *mentiri*, tell lies)], m. (or †f.): lie; error; fancy: — *de marchand*, white lie. **-ger**¹⁰, **-ère**, adj.: false; untruthful; fictitious. **-gement**¹⁵ [-ger], adv.: deceitfully.

men-struation¹⁷, f.: =, monthly flow. **†-strue**¹⁴ [L. *-struum* (-eis, MONTH)], f.: menstrua; m.: solvent. **-struel**¹⁵, **-elle** [L. *-strualis*], adj.: menstrual.

-suel¹⁵, **-elle** [L. *-sualis*], adj.: monthly. **-suellement**¹⁵ [-suel], adv.: monthly.

mentagre¹⁵ [L. *-gra* (L. *mentum*, chin, Gr. *ágra*, capture)], f.: mentagra, ulcerous chin.

menta-t¹⁵ [L. *-tis* (mens, mind)], adj.: =. **-lement**¹⁴, adv.: mentally.

men-terie¹⁴, f.: (fam.) lying, fibbing. **†-teur**¹⁴, **-euse** [-tir], m., f.: liar; habitual liar; adj.: lying; deceitful.

men-the [L. *-tha*, Gr. *míntha*], f.: mint; peppermint.

men-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio* (ak. to Skt. *man*, think)], f.: mention. **-tionner**¹⁵, tr.: mention, name.

men-tir¹⁰ [p. L. **tīre* (L. *-tīri*)], irr. §; intr.: lie (tell an untruth); m.: lying: *sans* —, to tell the truth, in fact; *il en a menti (par la gorge)*, he has lied about it (till he is black in the face); *se* — *à soi-même*, begin to believe one's own lie; *faire* — *le proverbe*, refute the proverb; *bon sang ne peut* —, blood will tell.

§ Ind.: Pr. *mens*, *mens*, *ment*; *mentons*, etc. 1pt. *mentais*, Pret. *mentis*. Fut.

(Cond.) *mentirañ*). — Subj.: *Pr. mente*.
Imp. mentissa. — I've *ment*. — Part.: *Pr.*
mentant; *P. menti*.

men-ton [p. L. **to* (L. *-tum*)], *m.*: chin:
 — *de galoche*, prominent turned-up chin;
prendre par le —, caress familiarly;
(fam.) branler le —, wobble the chin, eat.
-tonnet¹⁶ [lit. little chin], *m.*: spring-
 clasp (of pocket-knives); lock-hook; tipper;
 ear; tenon; *cam.* **-tonnière**¹³, *f.*: chin-
 piece (of helmets); chin-bandage; lower
 jaw (of insects); wooden clamp, wedge,
 stop.

mentor [sage *M.*], *m.*: = (monitor, guide).
me-nu^o [L. *minutus* (*minuere*, lessen)],
adj.: small, fine; thin; *adv.*: fine; *m.*:
 fragments; minutiae; bill of fare: — *s*
grains, wheat, oats, etc.; — *bétail*, goats,
 sheep, etc.; — *plomb*, fine shot; — *s droits*,
 extremities of a deer claimed as king's
 rights; *dru et* —, little and fast; — *s*
plaisirs, pocket-money; little extra ex-
 penses; (*by extens.*) king's expenses in fe-
 stivities. † **-nuaille**¹², *f.*: small change;
 school of small fishes or minnows. † **-nu-**
-chon¹⁸, *m.*: (*dial.*) red pimpernel (plant).
-nuet¹¹, = **-ette**, † *adj.*: very small; *m.*:
 minuet (dance); dance movement in a sym-
 phony; red pimpernel. **-nuise**^o [L. *minu-*
tia], *f.*: small fish, or wood, or shot.
-nuiser^o [p. L. **minutiare* (L. *minuere*,
 diminish)], *tr.*: dress down (lumber); *intr.*:
 do carpentering. **-nuiserie**¹⁴ [-*nuisier*],
f.: (old) fine skilled work (as in jewelry);
 trellis-work; (*now*) cabinet work, joinery;
 carpentry. **-nuisier**¹³ [-*nuiser*], *m.*:
 (old) workman (with delicate material);
 (*now*) joiner, cabinet-maker.

méphistophélique¹⁸ [evil spirit *Mé-*
phistophélès], *adj.*: (*fam.*) devil-like, Me-
 phistophelian.

méphi-tique¹⁵ [L. *-ticus* (*-tis*, noxious
 vapour)], *adj.*: mephitic, foul. **-tisme**¹⁷,
m.: foulness, mephitic.

méplat¹⁶, = **-ate** [*mé.*, *plat*], *adj.*: uneven,
 of uneven thickness, varying; *m.*: flat
 part.

mé-prendre¹¹ [*mé.*, *prendre*], *irr.*;
reflex.: be mistaken. **-pris**¹⁵ [-*priser*],
m.: contempt; abuse; defiance; † under-
 valuation: *au* — *de ses orders*, in
 spite of his orders. **-prisable**¹⁸ [-*priser*],
adj.: contemptible. **-prisable-**
-ment¹³ [-*prisable*], *adv.*: (*rare*) con-
 temptibly. **-prisant**¹⁶ [-*priser*], *adj.*:
 contemptuous. **-prise**¹¹, *f.*: mistake.
-prise¹¹ [-*priser*], *tr.*: undervalue;
 despise, contemn; scorn.

mer [L. *mare*], *f.*: sea, ocean; *la haute*
 —, the main; the high sea; *loup de* —,
 seaman; *coup de* —, wave washing the
 deck; *un homme à la* —, a man overboard;

la — *à boire*, endless task; — *de glace*,
 glacier rough like waves.

mer-cantile¹⁶ [It. (L. *merx*, wares)],
adj.: = (mercantile; venal). **-canti-**
-lisme¹⁸, *m.*: mercantilism. † **-cantile**,
f.: unimportant commerce. **-cenaire**¹²
 [L. *-cenarius*], *adj.* or *m.*: mercenary,
 serving for pay; hiring; foreigner sol-
 dier. **-cenairement**¹⁵ [-*cenaire*], *adv.*:
 like a mercenary. **-cerie**¹² [-*cier*], *f.*:
 notion business, mercery. **mercé**^o [L.
merx, price], *f.*: mercy, good-will, kind-
 ness; † favour; thanks: *Dieu* —, thank
 God (lit. 'by God's grace'); *grand* —,
 thanks (accepting or declining). **mer-**
-cier^o, = **-ière** [p. L. **-ciarius*], *m.*:
 mercer, notion-dealer, haberdasher. **mer-**
-credi^o [p. L. **Mercoris dies*, Mercury's
 day], *m.*: Wednesday. † **-cure**¹⁴ [L. *god*
Mercurius], *m.*: † love messenger, mer-
 cury, quicksilver; mercurial compound.
-curial¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aux** [1. *-curial*], *adj.*:
 tinged (with the mercury plant). 1. **-cu-**
-riale¹³ [L. *-curialis* sc. *herba*], *f.*: mer-
 cury weed. 2. **-curiale**¹⁵ [L. *Mercurii*
dies, Wednesday], *f.*: (old) first court-day;
 (*now*) address, harangue; rebuke. 3. **-cu-**
-riale¹⁸ [L. *god Mercurius*], *f.*: market
 reports. **-curiel**¹⁶, = **-elle** [-*cure*], *adj.*:
 mercurial, of mercury.

mer-daille¹³, *f.*: (*low*) lot of brats; trash
 (people). † **-de**^o [L. *-da*], *f.*: (*low*) dung
 (obs. Eng. MEED): *couleur* — *d'ois*,
 yellowish-green colour; — *de cormoran*,
 dried sea-wrack; — *de diable*, asafœtida.
-denn¹⁸, = **-ense**, *adj.*: (*low*) nasty, vile.
-dicole¹⁸ [L. *-da*, dung, *colere*, dwell],
adj.: *fourmi* —, manure ant.

1. **mère**^o [L. *māter*], *f.*: MOTHER: *belle* —,
 mother-in-law; stepmother; *grand mère*,
 or † — *grand*, grandmother; *la* — *de*
Dieu, or *de douleur*, or *des affligés*, Virgin
 Mary; — *des dieux*, Cybele, Rhea; —
abbesse (*prieure*), abbess (prioress); *lan-*
gue —, mother-tongue; — *patrie*, mother
 country; — *branche*, parent limb; — *perle*,
 mother-of-pearl; *eau* —, mother-liquor
 (left after crystallization); — *caille*, rail
 (bird).

2. **mère**¹³ [L. *merus*, pure], *adj.*: *la* —
goutte, the first wine fr. the press, choice;
 — *laine*, choice wool.

mércau¹¹ [?], *m.*: counter; hopscotch
 counter, quoit.

méri-dien¹¹, = **-enne** [L. *-dianus*, fr.
-dies, noon], *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: meridian; *f.*:
 afternoon nap; easy chair. **-dional**¹²,
pl. = **-aux** [L. *-dionalis*], *adj.*: southern;
m., *f.*: southerner.

merin-gue¹⁷ [Ger. town *Mehringen*], *f.*:
 =, brown icing of beaten eggs, for pastry.
-gué¹⁷, *adj.*: hav'g brown icing.

mérinos¹⁷ [Sp. 'wandering'], *m.*: merino (Spanish sheep; wool fabric).

merise¹² [?], *f.*: wile-cherry. **-sier**¹², *m.*: wild-cherry tree.

méri-tant¹⁷, *adj.*: deserving, worth. **||-te**¹¹ [L. *-tum*], *m.*: MERIT; worth.

-ter¹³, *tr.*: deserve; earn. **-toire**¹² [L. *-torius*], *adj.*: meritorious. **-toirement**¹⁴

[*-toire*], *adv.*: meritoriously.

mer-lan¹², *m.*: MERLING, whiting (sea-fish); wig-maker. **||-le**⁹ [p. L. **merulus* (L. *merula*)], *m.*: =, blackbird. **†-lesse**¹⁵, *f.*: (dial.) †female blackbird: *c'est l'histoire du merle et de la —*, same old quarrel. **-lette**¹³, *f.*: (her.) bird without beak or foot.

1. merlin¹⁶ [?], *m.*: cleaver; butcher's mallet.

2. mer-lin¹⁶ [Flem. *maar-line*, sea-rope], *m.*: marline (light twist of two or three strands). **-liner**¹⁶, *tr.*: sew with marline.

mer-lon¹⁵ [It. *-ne*], *m.*: = (solid part between embrasures, or notches). **-luhe**¹⁶ [dial. *f. of -lus*], *f.*: dried haddock; dried cod. **-lus**¹³ [Prov.], *m.*: haddock: *peaux en —*, dried pelts.

merrain, see *mairain*.

merveil-le⁹ [p. L. **meribilia* (L. *mirabilia*, wonders)], *f.*: MARVEL, wonder; marvelous thing; *faire —*, do wonderfully well; *à —*, excellently; (fam.) *†pas tant que —*, not very much. **-leusement** [*-leux*], *adv.*: marvelously; excellently. **-leur**¹⁰, **-euse**, *adj.*: marvelous, amazing; *m.*: miracle; *m., f.*: affected or showy person.

1. mes, see *mon*.

mes, més [fr. L. *minus*, less], *old pejorative particle, used now only in compounds*.

†mésadvenir, see *mésavenir*.

†mésair, see *mésair*.

més-aise¹¹ [*mes, aise*], *m.*: †physical or mental uneasiness; close or straitened circumstances. **-alliance**¹⁷, *f.*: =, misalliance. **||-allier** [*mes, allier*], *tr.*: marry below one's rank, mis-mate.

mé-sauge¹¹ [OHG. *meisa*, Ger. *meise*], *f.*: titmouse. **-sangotte**, *f.*: bird-trap.

†més-arriver¹⁶ [*més, arriver*], *impers.*: mishappen: *il lui mésarrive*, he has bad luck. **||†-avenir**¹¹ [*advenir*], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *impers.*: befall ill, be bad luck. **-aventure**¹¹, *f.*: ill-luck, mishap.

mésen-tère¹⁵ [Gr. *-téron* (*mésos*, middle, *énteron*, gut)], *m.*: mesentery; membrane supporting the intestines. **-térique**¹⁵, *adj.*: mesenteric.

mésti-me¹⁷, *f.*: poor opinion, lack of esteem. **||-mer**¹⁵ [*més estimer*], *tr.*: disesteem.

†més-hui, see *maishui*.

mésintelligence¹⁵ [*més-, intelligence*], *f.*: misunderstanding, discord.

mésocarpé¹⁵ [Gr. *mésos*, middle, *karpós*, fruit], *m.*: mesocarp, middle layer (flesh of plums, etc.); shell of nuts).

mésoffrir¹² [*més-, offrir*], *tr.*: underbid.

mésolabe¹⁶ [L. *-bium*, Gr. *-bion* (*mésos*, middle, *labein*, take)], *m.*: mesolabe, machine for finding roots of numbers.

mes-quin [It. *-chino* (Ar. *maskin*, poor)], *adj.*: paltry, scant. **-quinement**¹⁶, *adv.*: shabbily. **-quinerie**¹⁶, *f.*: meanness; shabbiness.

mess¹⁵ [Eng. fr. Fr., cf. *mets*], *m.*: = (officers' table). **||mess-age**¹⁰ [OFr. *mes*, sent (L. *mittere*, send)], *m.*: =; official message. **-ager**¹¹, **-ère**, *m., f.*: messenger; mail-agent; mail-coach. **-agerie**¹² [*-ger*], *f.*: transportation, carrying service (of coaches, boats, railroads, and of express companies).

messaline¹⁵ [Emperor Claudius' wife Messalina], *f.*: dissolute woman.

messe⁹ [L. *missa*, dismissal (L. *mittere*, send)], *f.*: mass, celebration of the Lord's supper: — *basse*, low mass (hav'g no singing); *grande —*, high (sung) mass; — *de paroisse*, mass with a sermon; — *de minuit*, Christmas mass (at midnight).

†mes-séance¹⁵ [*-seant*], *f.*: unseemliness. **-séant**¹¹, *adj.*: unseemly. **||-seoir**¹¹ [*mes-, seoir*], *intr.*: be unbecoming, be unseemly.

†messer¹⁵ [It. 'MY SIRE'], *m.*: SIR, mister.

messidor¹⁷ [L. *messis*, harvest, Gr. *dōron*, gift], *m.*: = (June 19 to July 19, calend. of first French republic).

Messie¹⁵ [L. *-ssies* fr. Heb. 'anointed'], *m.*: MESSIAH.

messier¹² [L. *-ssarius* (L. *-ssis*, crop)], *m.*: watchman (over crops).

messire¹⁰ [OFr. *mes* (nom. of *mon*), *sire*], *m.*: SIRE (title like squire, my lord).

mestre¹⁵ [It. *mastro*], *m.*: — *de camp*, colonel of horse or infantry regiment; *f.*: (humor.) first company of a regiment: — *général*, brigadier-general.

mesu-rable¹¹ [*-rer*], *adj.*: measurable. **-rage**¹² [*-rer*], *m.*: measuring. **||me-su-re**⁹ [L. *mensura* (*metiri*)], *f.*: measure (quantity; capacity; extent; fixed standard of quantity, extent or size; degree; METER (rhythm; proportion; moderation; bar in music; limit; condition; means, steps); fencing distance: *au fur et à —*, in proportion, by degrees; *prendre la — de* (or fam. *à quelqu'un*, take one's measure; *vêtements sur —*, clothing made to order; *ne point garder de — avec une personne*, have no regard for a person; *donner sa —*, show what one can do. **-rer**¹⁰, *tr.*: measure: *-ré dans*

ses discours, very circumspect; — *la terre*, measure land; (*fig.*) lie at full length; — *des yeux*, eye one from head to foot; — *ré*, sign (in music) that singing begins again. — **reur**¹¹, = **euse** [-rer], *m., f.*: measurer.

mésuser [mé-, user], *intr.*: make ill use of something.

†**met**, see **mail**.

méta- [fr. Gr. *metá*, beyond, over, after, reversely], *pref.*: meta-.

métabole¹⁵ [L., Gr. (*bállein*, throw), change], *f.*: metabola, repetition of same words in different order.

métacar-pe¹⁵ [Gr. *-pion* (*metá*, beyond, *karpós*, wrist)], *m.*: metacarpus, the five bones between wrist and fingers. — **pien**¹⁷, = **enne**, *adj. or m.*: metacarpal.

méta-centre¹⁷ [Gr. *metá*, beyond, Fr. *centre*], *m.*: metacentre (intersection of verticals through the centre of gravity at rest, one through the centre of buoyancy).

†**-chronisme**¹⁷ [Gr. *-chrónos*, later], *m.*: (rare) metachronism (error in date, placing an event before it occurred). — **-gramme**¹⁸ [Gr. *grámma*, letter], *m.*: letter game (consists in changing first letter of the word).

métairie¹¹ [-tayer], *f.*: = (farm let on shares of crop); small farm.

métal¹⁰, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-llum*, Gr. *-llon*], *m.*: metal: — *vierge*, native metal; (*her.*) *métaux*, gold and silver, yellow and white; *métaux imparfaits*, the base metals of the alchemists, i.e. all metals but gold and silver; *les quatre métaux*, the four ages of the world, gold, silver, copper, iron; — *anglais or blanc*, Britannia metal; — *de cloche*, bell-metal; *demi-métal*, old name for bismuth, arsenic, etc.; (*fam.*) coin, money.

métalepse [L., Gr. *-psis*, 'taking in exchange'], *f.*: metalepsis, giving a word in a second meaning, as: "In one ton of coal is many a warm breakfast."

métal-lifère¹⁸ [L. *-lifer*], *adj.*: metal-liferous. — **-lique**¹⁴ [L. *-licus*], *adj.*: metallic; coin: *science* —, science of coins and medals. — **-lisation**¹⁷, *f.*: metallisation. — **-liser**¹⁵ [L. *-lum*, Gr. *-lon*, metal], *tr.*: metallise, turn into metal, cover with metal.

-lographie¹⁵ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: metallography, science of metals. — **-loïde**¹⁸ [Gr. *éidos*, form], *m.*: metalloïd (esp. arsenic, or antimony).

-lothérapie¹⁸ [Gr. *therapeia*, treatment], *f.*: metallotherapy, use of metal disks for nervous diseases. — **-lurgie**¹⁷ [L. *-lurgia*, Gr. *-lourgia* (*érpon*, work)], *f.*: metallurgy. — **-lurgique**¹⁸ [-lurgie], *adj.*: metallurgical. — **-lurgiste**¹⁷ [-lurgie], *m., f.*: metallurgist.

métamorphique¹⁸ [fr. Gr.], *adj.*: metamorphic, changed by fire. — **-phisme**¹⁸ [fr. Gr.], *m.*: metamorphism. — **-phose**¹⁸ [L., Gr. *-phosis* (*metá*, beyond, *morphé*)], *f.*: metamorphosis (changing in form, transformation, change). — **-phoser**¹⁸, *tr.*: metamorphose, change the form of, transmute.

métapho-re¹² [L., Gr. *-ra* (*metá*, beyond, *phérein*, BEAR)], *f.*: metaphor, TRANSFER of meaning, as "man is a worm." — **-rique**¹⁸ [L. *-ricus*, Gr. *-rikós*], *adj.*: metaphorical, figurative. — **-riquement**¹⁴ [-rique], *adv.*: parler —, speak figuratively.

metaphy-sicien¹⁸, = **enne** [L. *-ricus*], *m., f.*: metaphysician, philosopher. 1. **-sique**¹⁸ [L. *-sica* fr. Gr. *metá tá phusiká*, 'beyond the physical'], *f.*: metaphysics, philosophy. 2. **-sique**¹⁵ [L. *-sicus*], *adj.*: metaphysical, philosophical. — **-siquement**¹⁸ [2. *-sique*], *adv.*: metaphysically. — **-siquer**¹⁷, *tr.*: treat by metaphysics; *intr.*: (*fam.*) philosophise (esp. on trifles).

†**méta-plasme**¹⁵ [L. *-plasmus*, Gr. *-plasma* (*plássein*, knead)], *m.*: metaplasma, alteration in a word. — **-stase** [Gr. *-stasis*, *histánai*, put], *f.*: metastasis, change of the seat of disease; change, rejection (of things the orator must admit). — **-statique**¹⁸, *adj.*: metastatic, shifting; belonging elsewhere. — **-tarse**¹⁵ [Gr. *-társion* (*tarsós*, flat of the foot)], *m.*: metatarsus, bones (in man, five) between ankle and toes. — **-tarsien**¹⁷, = **enne** [-tarse], *adj.*: metatarsal, of the instep. — **-thèse**¹⁸ [L., Gr. *-thesis* (*tithénai*, put), displacement], *f.*: metathesis (transposition of letters as children, comfortable for children, comfortable; (*logic*) conversion; (*med.*) shifting of the cause of lesion, as by pushing stone out of urethra back into bladder).

méta-yage¹⁸, *m.*: metayage, leasing on shares. — **-yer**¹⁰, = **ère** [p. L. **medietarius*, sharer (L. *medietas*, half)], *m., f.*: shareholder, small farmer; farm hand.

météil⁹ [p. L. **mistiilus* (L. *mixtus*)], *m.*: maslin (wheat and rye mixed): *passer* —, maslin two-thirds wheat to one-third rye.

métémpsyco-se [L., Gr. *-sis* (*metá*, over, *én*, in, *psuché*, soul)], *f.*: metempsychosis, transmigration of soul.

météo-re¹² [L. *-rum*, Gr. *-ron* (? *metá*, beyond, *aér*, air)], *m.*: meteor (rain, hail, snow, etc., esp. fiery luminous body, shooting star). — **-rique**¹⁸, *adj.*: meteoric. — **-risation**¹⁸ [-riser], *f.*: bloating. — **-riser**¹⁸ [Gr. *-rizein*, raise, swell], *tr.*: bloat — *risé*, tympanic, inflated (as by eating wet clover). — **-risme**¹⁸ [Gr. *-rismós*], *m.*: meteorism, flatulent distention of the

belly. **-rologie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-rologia*], *f.*: meteorology, science of atmospheric conditions. **-rologique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-rologikós*], *adj.*: meteorological.

métho-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus*, Gr. *-dos* (*metá*, after, *hodós*, way)], *f.*: method (way; manner; rule, system). **-dique**¹⁵ [L. *-dicus*, Gr. *-dikós*], *adj.*: methodical, systematic. **-diquement**¹⁵ [*-dique*], *adv.*: by fixed plan.

méthyle¹⁵ [Gr. *metá*, after, *húle*, wood], *m.*: methyl (gas).

méticu-lensement¹⁵, *adv.*: fastidiously. **-leur**, **-ense** [L. *-iosus* (*metus*, fear)], *adj.*: fastidious, very particular.

métier^o [p. L. **misterium* (L. *ministerium*, service)], *m.*: trade, handicraft; calling, profession; business; weaving machine, loom; tub of a press; mucilage liquor (in brewing): *avoir le cœur au —*, have one's heart in it; *être du —*, be of the same stripe; *jalousie de —*, professional jealousy; *il n'y a pas de sot —*, lowest calling may be creditable; (*fam.*) *jouer à quelqu'un un tour de —*, play one of his brag tricks on some one.

†mé-tif¹⁵, **-ive**, or **†-tis**^o, **-isse** [L. *misticus* (*mizus*)], *adj.*: mongrel, of mixed race; *m.*, *f.*: MESTIZO, person of mixed blood, esp. of Indian and white races.

méto-nomasi-¹⁵ [Gr. *-nomasia*], *f.*: metonymy, change of name, esp. translation of proper names, as Heb. *messiah* into Gr. *christós*, each meaning 'anointed.'

†-nymie¹⁵ [L. *-nymia*, Gr. *-numia* (*ónoma*, NAME)], *f.*: metonymy, change of name, as "the bar" meaning "lawyers."

-pe¹⁵ [L. *-pa*, Gr. *-pé* (*opé*, hollow)], *f.*: metope, square slab in Doric frieze.

-poscopie¹⁵ [L. *-poscopos* (Gr. *metopon*, forehead, *skopein*, observe), physiognomist], *f.*: metoposcopy; (*hum.*) face.

-poscopique¹⁷ [*-poscopie*], *adj.*: metoposcopic, of physiognomy.

mé-trage¹⁵ [*-trer*], *m.*: measuring by the metre. 1. **†mè-tre**¹⁵ [L. *-trum*, Gr. *-tron*], *m.*: metre (verse measure). 2. **mè-tre**¹⁷ [Gr. *-tron*], *m.*: metre, length measure = 39.37 inches. **-trer**¹⁵ [*-tre*], *tr.*: measure in meters. **-treur**¹⁵, **-ense** [*-trer*], *m.*: measurer. 1. **-trique**¹⁵ [L. *-tricus*], *adj.*: metric; *f.*: scanion, versification. 2. **-trique**¹⁷ [*-tre*], *adj.*: metric, hav'g the metre as unit of measurement.

métri-te¹⁵ [L. *-tis* (Gr. *metra*, womb)], *f.*: metritis; inflammation of the uterus.

métro-logie¹⁷ [Gr. *metron*, measure, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: metrology, science of weights and measures. **-mane**¹⁷ [*-manie*], *m.* or *f.*: metromaniac, one eager to

make poetry. **-manie**¹⁷ [1. *mètre*, *-manie*], *f.*: metromania, mania for poetry. **-nome**¹⁷ [Gr. *nómos*, law] or **†-mètre** [Gr. *metron*], *m.*: metronome, instrument for marking time.

métropo-le¹⁵ [L., Gr. *-lis* (*méter*, mother, *pólis*, city)], *f.*: metropolis (city; chief city); seat of an archbishopric; (rare) capital. **-litaín**¹⁵ [L. *-litanius*], *adj.*: metropolitan; *m.*: archbishop.

met-s^o [OF. *mes*, L. *missus*, 'sent,' viz. on the table], *m.*: dish, food, MEAT, MESS.

-table¹¹, *adj.*: (*fam.*) fit to wear. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: setting, placing. **-teur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: setter: — *en œuvre*, setter of pearls, diamonds, etc.; — *en pages*, maker-up (who attends to the paging); — *au point*, sculptor's assistant; — *en scène*, manager (who stages a play). **†-tre**^o

[L. *mittere*, send], *irr. §*; *tr.*: put (put in place, place; lay; set; arrange); bring; put on: — *bas*, put down, depose; drop young; — *à bas*, defeat; — *dehors*, drive away; — *au jour*, bring to light; — *en vers*, turn into verse; — *par écrit*, put into black and white; — *un habit*, put on a coat; — *en état de*, enable; — *à la besace* or *sur la paille*, bring to beggary; — *à l'amende*, mulct, fine; — *en colère*, enrage; — *en pages*, make up the pages of; — *le couvert*, lay the table cover; — *les voiles dehors*, spread sail; — *à l'ancre*, anchor; *bien mis*, well dressed; — *à la question*, torture; — *un étang à sec*, turn a pond dry; *se —*, go; become; get into; dress; *se — au-dessus de l'opinion*, scorn opinion; *se — sur son quant-à-soi*, stand on one's dignity; *se — à parler*, begin to speak; *se — de quelque chose*, take part in a thing; *se — à fruit*, begin to bear.

§ Ind.: Pr. *metts*, *metts*, *mett*; *met-tous*, *-tes*, *-tend*. Ip. *mettais*. Pret. *mis*. Fut. (Cond.) *mettrais*. — Subj.: Pr. *mette*. Ip. *misse*. — I've *metts*. — Part.: Pr. *mettant*; P. *mis*.

meu-blant¹¹ [*-bler*], *adj.*: furnishing. **†meu-ble**^o [p. L. **mobilis* (L. *mobilis*)], *adj.*: MOVABLE; *m.*: furniture; piece of furniture; furnishings; equipment; — *de bouche*, habitual expression; — *de ruelles*, constant visitor at receptions; (*her.*) — *s d'armoires*, objects in a coat-of-arms.

-bler¹², *tr.*: furnish, equip.

meu-glement¹⁵, *m.*: bellowing. **†-gler**¹⁵ [*beugler*], *intr.*: bellow.

meu-lard¹⁵, *m.*: large mill-stone. **-larde**¹⁵, *f.*: medium-sized mill-stone. **†meu-le**^o

[L. *mola*], *f.*: MILL-stone; grindstone; circular cheese; knee-cap; strawstack; mushroom-bed; pile of wood; masonry about a fusing furnace; burr (of antlers).

-leau¹⁴, *m.*: medium-sized millstone.

-lerie¹⁶, *f.*: millstone factory. 1. **-lier**¹²,

m.: millstone cutter. 2. **lier**¹⁶, =**ère**, *adj.*: millstone; *f.*: millstone silica; silica quarry. **lon**¹², *m.*: cock (of hay or straw); pile (of salt fr. evaporation). **-nerie**¹⁷ [-*nier*], *f.*: milling (business or trade); biscuit or cracker factory. **-nier**⁹, =**ère** [p. L. **molinarías* (L. *molinum*, mill)], *m.*, *f.*: miller, keeper of a grist-mill; darkling, flour-insect; miller's-thumb (fish); chub; mildew; *f.*: ash-coloured bird.

meur-t-de-faim¹⁶, *pl.* — [*mourir*], *m.*, *f.*: starving. **meur-tre**¹⁰ [Germ. orig., Goth. *maurthr*], *m.*: MURDER; hurtful act, wicked deed. **-trier**¹², **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: murderer; *f.*: loophole (for sharpshooting from fortress); *adj.*: murderous; *garde meurtrière*, position for deadly thrust in fencing. **-trir**¹¹, *tr.*: murder; bruise; knock. **-trissure** [-*trir*], *f.*: bruise.

mente⁹ [p. L. **movita* (L. *movēre*, MOVE)], *f.*: (old) motion; hunting party; attack; rendezvous; (now) pack of dogs; MOB; decoy-bird: *clé de* —, best dogs (which control the others); (*fig.*) leaders.

me-vendre¹¹ [*mes, vendre*], *tr.*: sell too low. **me-venir** [*venir*], *irr.*: intr. *impers.*: happen ill. **-vente**¹⁷, *f.*: too cheap sale.

Mexico, *m.*: City of Mexico. **Mexique**, *m.*: Mexico, the country.

mezzair¹⁶ [It. *mezzaria* (lit. 'MIDDLE air')], *m.*: passage (horse's moving sideways). **mezzanine**¹⁶ *méd-za* [It. *mezzanino*], *f.*: = (low story between high ones, entresol; window wider than high). **mezzo-soprano**⁹ *medzo* [fr. It.], *m.*: =, voice next below soprano. **mezzo-terme**¹⁶ *medzo* [fr. It.], *m.*: middle course. **mezzo-tinto**¹⁷ *medzo* [fr. It.], *m.*: mezzotint, half-tone engraving.

1. **mi**⁹ us'ly **mi** [L. *medius*, MIDDLE], *adj.*: MID: *mi-carême*, MID-Lent; *mi-été*, mid-summer; *mi-août*, *mi-mars*, etc., middle of August, March, etc.; *avoir de l'eau à mi-jambes*, à *mi-corps*, be in water to one's knees, to the waist; à *mi-côte*, halfway up-hill; *bail à mi-fruit*, lease on equal shares; *adv.*: *mi-colon*, half-cotton; (*her.*) *écu mi-coupé*, shield divided so each half has part of the figure.

2. **mi** [L. syllable; see *fa*], *m.*: *mi* or *E* (the third musical note); *E*-string (of violins).

mias-matique¹⁷, *adj.*: miasmatic, malarious. **-me**¹⁷ [Gr. *-ma*, ak. to Skt. *mutra*, urine], *m.*: miasma, poisoned air, malaria.

miau-lant¹⁶, *adj.*: mewling. **-lement**¹⁶, *m.*: mewling. **-ler**¹² [echoic], *intr.*: meow. **-leur**¹⁶, =**ense**, *adj.*: mewling.

mi-ca¹⁷ [L. *particle*, crumb], *m.*: = (the mineral). **-cé**¹⁷, *adj.*: micaceous.

-cachiste¹⁶ [*schiste*], *m.*: mica schist, mica slate. **-che**¹² [? ak. to Flem. *mické*, wheat-bread], *f.*: round loaf: (*humor.*) *les —s de St.-Etienne*, stones.

micmac¹⁶ [? Ger. *misch-masch*, Mixture], *m.*: (*fam.*) intrigue, plot.

micocoulier¹⁶ [Prov. *-lié*], *m.*: nettletree.

micro- [Gr. *mikrós*, small]: **-be**¹⁶ [Gr. *-bios*, short-lived], *m.*: =, microscopic plant or animal. **-cosme**¹⁴ [L. *-cosmus* (Gr. *kosmos*, world)], *m.*: microcosm, the world on a small scale. **-graphe**¹⁷ [*-graphie*], *m.*, *f.*: micrographer. **-graphie**¹⁶ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: micrography, description of microscopic objects. **-graphique**¹⁸ [*-graphie*], *adj.*: micrographic.

-mètre¹⁶ [Gr. *mêtron*, measure], *m.*: micrometer, instrument for measuring very small angles or thickness; for counting the threads of a fabric. **-métrique**¹⁸ [*-mètre*], *adj.*: micrometric.

micron¹⁶ [Gr. neut. *mikrón*, small], *m.*: =, one-millionth of a meter. **-phone**¹⁷ [Gr. *phoné*, sound], *m.*: =, apparatus for magnifying faint sounds. **-scope**¹⁶ [Gr. *skopein*, examine], *m.*: =. **-scopique**¹⁷ [*-scope*], *adj.*: microscopic.

-zoaire¹⁶ [Gr. *zōon*, animal], *m.*: microzoary.

mic-tion [L. *-tio* fr. *mingere*, urinate], *f.*: =. **-turition**¹⁶ [L. *-turire*, desire to urinate], *f.*: =, frequent urinating.

midi [*mi*, MIDDLE, OFr. *di*, DAY], *m.*: noon; south: *en plein* —, in full light of day; *un cherche-midi*, a sundial; *chercher — à quatorze heures*, look for knots in a bulrush.

1. **mie**⁹ [L. *mica*, crumb], *f.*: crumb (soft inside of bread); *adv.*: bit: *ne —*, not a bit, not at all.

2. **mie**, see *ami*.

mie-l⁹ [L. *mel*], *m.*: honey; sweetness: — *de goutte*, first honey fr. a hive, choice honey; *mouche à —* = *abeille*, bee; — *rosat*, rose water; — *aérien*, manna; *lune de —*, honeymoon. **-llé**¹¹, *adj.*: honeyed; sweet. **-llement**¹⁶ *mie* [-*lleur*], *adv.*: sweetly. **-lleur**¹², =**ense**, *adj.*: honey-like.

mien⁹, =**enne** [L. *meus*], *adj.*: my, mine: (*old*) *un mien frère*, a brother of mine; (*now with noun understood*): *tes maux et les —s*, thy ills and mine; *le — et le tien*, mine and thine; *je risque plus du — que tu ne fais du tien*, I risk my interests more than you do yours; *j'y mets du —*, I make some sacrifices; *les —s*, my people; (*fam.*) *j'ai fait des miennes*, I have been at some of my tricks.

miette¹¹ [*mie*], *f.*: crumb; morsel; (*fam.*) small piece.

mieux⁹ [L. neut. *melius*, better], *adv.*: better; best; *m.*: best thing: *au —*, at

best; *aimer* —, prefer; *aller* —, be improving; *il vaut* —, it is better; *des* —, among the best; *faire de son* —, do one's best; *à qui* —, —, as hard as possible, the winner gets it; *rien de* —, nothing better.

miè-vre¹² [ʔ], *adj.*: froguish; affected, dainty; *m.*: little rogue. **-vrerie**¹⁷ or **-vrété**¹⁴, *f.*: roguishness.

mi-gnard¹⁴, *adj.*: delicate; mincing, over-nice. **-gnardement**¹⁶ [*-gnard*], *adv.*: delicately, mincingly. **-gnarder**¹⁴ [*-gnard*], *tr.*: fondle, pet: *se* —, be affected. **-gnardise**¹⁶ [*-gnard*], *f.*: delicacy; affectation, niceness; fine braid; pink (from use as a border flower). **||-gnon**¹⁴, **-onne** [? Ger. *minne*, love (or Celt. *min*, little), *adj.*: delicate, tiny, dainty; *m. f.*: MINION, favourite, darling; lover; pimp; *f.*: mistress; minion (type); kind of pear, peach, etc. **-gnonne-ment**¹⁴, *adv.*: nicely. **-gnonnette** [obs. *-gnonnet*], *f.*: little pet; mignonette, feathered pink; minionette (type); coarsely ground pepper; small peas; fine gravel; lace, fine netting. **†-gnoter**¹⁴ [*-gnot*] older form of *-gnon*, *tr.*: pet, coddle. **†-gnotise**¹¹ [*-gnot*], *f.*: fondling, over-indulgence: — *des Gênois*, thyme.

migraine¹² [L. *hemigrania*, Gr. *hemikrania* (*hemi*-, half, *krânion*, CRANIUM)], *f.*: MEGRIM, headache.

migra-teur¹⁶, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (*migrare*, depart)], *adj.*: migratory. **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: —.

mijaurée¹⁶ [ʔ], *f.*: (old) country woman or girl without occupation; (now) pretentious woman or girl.

mijoter [*-jot*, form of *mugot*], *tr.*: cook slowly; *intr.*: simmer; (*fig.*) contrive carefully, brew (as a plot).

1.mil⁹ [L. *mille*], *adj.*: thousand (only in dates from 1000): *l'an* — *huit cent quatre vingt-dix-sept*, the year 1897.

2.mil⁹ [L. *milium*], *m.*: MILLET: — *à grappe*, panic grass; — *à épis*, sorghum.

milan¹² [Prov., fr. L. *milvus*], *m.*: hawk, kite.

milanaise¹⁷ [city *Milan*], *f.*: silk-twist (for working buttonholes).

mila-neau¹⁵ [-*n*], *m.*: little hawk or falcon. **-nière**¹⁶ [-*n*], *f.*: falcon yard.

milliaire¹⁵ [L. *-liaris* (*-lium*, millet)], *adj.*: miliary, hav'g pimples: *la (fièvre)* —, fever characterised by eruptions resembling millet seeds.

milli-ec¹⁵ [L. *-tia*], *f.*: militia; soldiery; *†war*; battle. **-eien**¹⁷, *m.*: militia-man.

milion¹⁰ [mi, middle, lieu], *m.*: centre; MIDDLE; MEANS; MEDIUM; surroundings: *au beau* —, in the very middle; *le juste* —, the golden mean.

milli-taire¹³ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: military; *m.*: soldier; soldier's life: *herbe* —, milfoil. **-tairement**¹⁶, *adv.*: like a soldier. **-tant**¹³ [-*ter*], *adj.*: militant, struggling; *m.*: active politician. **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *intr.*: militate (†fight); have weight).

1.mille¹⁰ [L. *-llia*, pl. of *-lle*], *indecl. adj.*: a thousand; great number; *m.*: one thousand: *rossoli de — fleurs* or *mille-fleurs*, rossoli, Italian liquor flavored with sundew plant. **2.mille**¹² [L. *mille*], *m.*: mile (distance measure varying greatly in different countries). **-fénile**¹⁵, *f.*: MILFOIL, yarrow. **millénaire**¹⁵ [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: millenary, of a thousand; *m.*: millennium; number, date containing a thousand. **-pertuis**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: St. John's-wort. **-pieds**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: milleped, myriapod. **millépore**¹⁷ [*por*], *m.*: millepore (coral animal). **millésime**¹⁵ [L. *-simus*, thousandth], *m.*: the thousand digit (of date); date (on coins, etc.): *350 au lieu de 1350 par oubli du* —, 350 for 1350 by omission of the one.

millet¹³ [2.mil], *m.*: = (grass): — *noir*, buckwheat.

mill-ière¹⁷ [L. *-iarius* (*mille*, thousand)], *adj.*: borne (or pierre) —, MILESTONE. **-i-ard**, *m.*: —, a thousand millions, billion. **-i-asse**¹⁵, *f.*: †billion; (*fam.*) scads, thousands. **-ième**¹² [*mille*], *adj.* or *m.*: thousandth. **-ier**¹⁰ [1.mil], *m.*: thousand; half-ton; great number. **-igramme**¹⁷ [L. *mille*, thousand, Fr. *gramme*], *m.*: milligram. **-imètre**¹⁷ [L. *mille*, Fr. *mètre*], *m.*: millimeter. **||-ien**¹³ [*mille*], *m.*: —. **-ionième**¹⁷, *adj.* or *m.*: millionth. **-ionnaire**¹⁷, *adj.*: millionaire; *m.*: —, rich person.

milord¹³ [Eng. *my lord*], *m.*: —, lord; nabob; four-wheeled cab.

mi-me¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *-mos*], *m.*: = (mimic play; actor); impersonator. **-mor**¹⁵, *tr.*: mimic.

-mique¹⁵ [L. *-micus*, Gr. *-mikos*], *adj.*: mimic, imitative: *la (langage)* —, language of mimic, dumb show.

-mosa¹⁶ [L. *-mosus*, mimicking], *m.* or *f.*: mimosa, sensitive plant.

minable¹⁴ [-*ner*], *adj.*: underminal; (*fam.*) wretched, shabby.

minage [1.-*ne*], *m.*: †measuring of grain; feudal grain tax; sale of grain; payment in grain: *la place du* —, the market.

minaret¹⁶ [Ar.], *m.*: = (tower of a mosque).

minau-deur¹⁶ [2.mine, MIEN], *intr.*: put on style, be affected; smirk, simper. **-derie**¹⁶, *f.*: affectation; simpering. **-dièr**¹⁶, **-ière**, *adj.*: affected, simpering.

min-ec¹² [? OHG. *-nist*, least], *adj.*: thin; slight; slender; (*fig.*) shallow.

-ceur¹⁷, *f.*: slenderness, thinness.

1. **mine**⁹ [L. *hemina*, Gr. *hemina*, half (-measure)], *f.*: = (78 litres) *une — de terre*, what one mine will sow.
2. **mine**¹⁴ [? Breton *min*, beak], *f.*: MIEN; facial expression, face; grimace; look: *de —*, in appearance; *faire bonne — à quelqu'un*, seem friendly to one; *faire mauvaise (or grise or triste) —*, or *faire la — à quelqu'un*, look unfriendly to one; *faire des — à quelqu'un*, try to please one.
3. **mine**¹⁵ [L. *-na*, Gr. *mnā*], *f.*: mina (weight of 124 grams; coin worth 69 francs).
4. **mi-ne**¹³ *f.*: mine (excavation; deposit of ore; ore itself; source): *le puits de la —*, the shaft; *faire jouer une —*, explode a mine (to blow up the enemy's works). *||-ner*¹¹ [?], *tr.*: undermine; (*fig.*) weaken; wear away. *-nerai*¹³ [*-nière*], *m.*: ore: — *lavé*, buddled ore.
- minéra-1**¹⁴, *pl.* = *-aux* [L. *-lis*, *adj.*, or *m.*: mineral. *-lisateur*¹⁷, = *-trice* [*liser*], *adj.*: combining to form ore; *m.*: mineraliser. *-liser*¹⁷, *tr.*: mineralise: *la rouille est fer minéralisé*, rust is mineralised iron. *-logie*¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: mineralogy. *-logique*¹⁷ [*-logie*], *adj.*: mineralogical. *-logiste*¹⁷ [*-logie*], *m.*: mineralogist, student of minerals.
- minerve**¹⁶ [goddess *Minerva*], *f.*: (*fam.*) mind, brain.
- minet**¹⁵, = *-ette* [mine, face], *m., f.*: kitten: (*fam.*) *ma minette*, my darling.
1. **mineur**¹⁴, = *-eure* [L. *-nor*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: minor (lesser; under legal age); *f.*: minor study for a degree; minor term of a syllogism; (*in music*) less by a semitone; in minor key: *lieues mineures*, parallels of latitude; *excommunication mineure*, exclusion fr. the sacrament but not from the church; *les quatre ordres mineurs*, the four minor orders of the church.
2. **mineur**¹¹ [4. mine], *m.*: miner, digger; sapper: *insecte —*, burrowing insect; *attacher le —*, set a sapper to enlarging a hole.
- † **mingrelet**¹⁵ [OFr. *-gre*], *adj.*: lean, sickly.
- miniatur-16** [It. *-ra* (L. *miniare*, paint red)], *f.*: = (red-letting, illumination of manuscripts; fine painting on fabric, parchment, etc.; minute painting); (*infl. by mignon*), delicately made person. *-riste*¹⁷, *m., f.*: miniaturist.
- mi-nier**¹⁵, = *-ière* [4. -ne], *adj.*: mining. *-nière*¹² [4. -ne], *f.*: surface mine.
- mini-ma**, see *-mum*. *||-me*¹³ [L. *-mus*, least], *adj.*: minim (DIMINUTIVE); *m.*: Minim, monk of the order of St. Francis; *f.*: very short musical note; chestnut-brown (fr. colour of monk's cloak). *-mum*¹⁷, *pl.* -ma [L., neut. of *-mus*], *m.*: =, least, lowest.
- minis-tère**¹⁵ [L. *-terium*, cf. *métier*], *m.*: ministry (*lit.* service; agency; administration; office; body of officers; clergy; preaching; duration of office); official residence of a minister: *la sainte —*, the priestly office; *le — de la parole*, preaching. *-tériel*¹⁵, = *-elle* [L. *-terialis*], *adj.*: ministerial (of a minister or ministry); partisan on the side of the ministry: *le chef —*, the pope. *-tériellement*¹⁴ [*-tériel*], *adj.*: ministerially. *-tral*¹⁶, *pl.* = *-aur*, *adj.*: † of an agent; ministerial, of a preacher; *m.*: ministerialist, partisan of the ministry. *||-tre*¹¹ [L. *-ter* (minus, less)], *m.*: minister (*lit.* servant; then agent; high officer; magistrate; pastor; preacher); kind of American grosbeak.
- minium**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (red lead; oil paint hav'g red lead).
- mi-nois**¹⁴ [*-ne*, MIEN], *m.*: (*fam.*) face. *-non*¹⁵ [*-ne*], *m.*: (*fam.*) cat; catkin.
- † **mino-ratif**¹⁵, = *-ive* [L. *-rativus*, diminishing], *adj.*: mildly purging; *m.*: mild purgative. *-rité¹⁴ [L. *-ritas* (minor, less)], *f.*: minority (under age, illegal age; less number of votes); kind of ribbon (in style in the nonage of Louis XIV).*
1. **minot** [Breton *min*, beak], *m.*: † cat-head (to hold an anchor clear); little boom (forward to fasten fore-sail tack).
2. **mino-t**¹² [mine, mina], *m.*: half-mina (39 litres): *nous ne mangerons un — de sel ensemble*, we shall not be together long; *un — de terre*, what ground one minot of seed will sow; *farine de —*, barreled flour. *-terie*¹⁵ [*-tier*], *f.*: flour mill; flour warehouse. *-tier*¹⁵, = *-ière*, *m., f.*: miller; flour-dealer.
- minuit**¹¹ [mi, nuit], *m.*: MIDNIGHT.
- minu-scule**¹⁶ [L. *-sculus*, very small], *adj.*: *une lettre —*, or *f.*: *une —*, small letter (not capital). *-taire*¹⁵, *adj.*: minatory, of minutes or records. *||-te*¹² [L. *-tus*, small], *f.*: = (sixtieth part of an hour, or of a degree; fixed fractional part of classical column diameter; official record; minutes; text of a decision; notes; ground plot; † fine running hand. *-ter*¹³, *tr.*: note down, sum up briefly; † plan. *-terie*¹⁷, *f.*: watch-train or clock-train (wheelworks that move the hands). *-tie*¹⁶ [L. *-tia*], *f.*: minutia, detail; minuteness. *-tier*¹⁵, *m.*: record (of legal acts); book of minutes. *-tiensement*¹⁵ [*-tieux*], *adv.*: minutely, in detail. *-tienne*¹⁷, = *-ense* [*-tie*], *adj.*: minute, very exact.

mioche¹⁸ [slang (? ak. to miette)], *m., f.*: (fam.) brat, young child.

†**mion**¹⁶, = **onne** [?], *m., f.*: young child.

mi-partir¹¹ [*mi*, *partir*], *tr.*: halve, divide in two; *part.*: *s. adj.*: often written *mi-parti*, bipartite, of two equal but unlike halves.

miquelot [*dial. fr. name Michel*], *m.*: †pilgrim (going to St. Michael's shrine); vagabond, tramp; hypocrite.

mirabelle¹⁶ [? place Mirabel in South of France], *f.*: yellow plum.

mira-cle¹⁰ [L. *-culum* (L. *mirus*, wonderful)], *m.*: =; wonderful person: *d* —, marvellously; *la cour des Miracles*, beggar's rendezvous at Paris (where their ailments disappear). **-culeusement**¹³ [*-culeux*], *adv.*: miraculously. **-cœur**¹⁸, = **esse** [L. *-culosus*], *adj.*: miraculous; very remarkable.

mi-rage¹⁷ [*-rer*], *m.*: = (optical illusion, illusion). **-raille** [OFr. *-rail*, MIRROR], *adj.*: (*her.*) hav'g different enamels.

mirbane¹⁸ [?], *f.*: *essence de* —, an essence hav'g scent of bitter almonds.

1. **mi-re**¹⁵ [*-rer*], *f.*: aim; sight (of guns; of surveyors); mark; conspicuous object: *prendre sa* —, take sight; *coins de* —, wooden wedge used to put guns in position.

2. †**mi-re**¹⁶ [?], *f.*: boar's tusks. **-ré**¹⁶, *adj.*: hav'g tusks curved in (as old boars have).

mi-rer⁹ [p. L. †*räre* (L. *rārī*)], *tr.*: †watch; see; aim; sight; inspect; candle (eggs by light): *se* —, see one's self; ADMIRE one's self. **-reur**¹⁸, = **esse**, *m., f.*: inspector; aimer; sighting instrument (to tell how far off a hostile ship is). **-rifique**¹⁴ [L. *-rificus*, causing wonder], *adj.*: (fam.) wonderful.

mirriflore¹⁷ [?], *m.*: (fam.) dude, dressy showy young man.

†**mirlirot**, see *mélilot*.

mirilton¹⁷ [?], *m.*: =, toy-flute; rolled pastry; short hair curled around the head.

†**mirmidon**, see *myrmidon*.

mirobolant¹⁸ [humor. fr. *myrabolan*], *adj.*: (*pop.*) amazing.

miroi-r¹¹ [*mirer*], *m.*: mirror (looking-glass, any smooth object or surface resembling a mirror by reflecting); lustre; reflector; speculum; ocellus (spot of peacock's tail); dapple; different-coloured area; blaze (made by a hammer on a tree-trunk); dare, snare (for birds); oval ornament (of a pillar); bright spot (in leather): — *ardent*, burning mirror; *aufs au* —, fried eggs; — *d'âne*, selenite; — *de la Vierge* (or *de pèlerin*), alabaster; — *de Vénus*, Venus' looking-glass (plant). **-tant**¹⁸ [*-ter*], *adj.*: glistening. **-té**¹⁷, *adj.*: dappled. **-tement**¹⁶ [*-ter*], *m.*:

glistening. **-ter**¹⁶, *intr.*: glisten, flash, be dazzling. **-terie**¹⁷ [*-tier*], *f.*: looking-glass business. **-tier**¹⁶, = **ière**, *m., f.*: looking-glass dealer or foliater.

miroton¹⁶ [?], *m.*: = (cooked meat minced with onions).

misaine¹³ [It. *mezzana*, MIDDLE], *f.*: fore-sail: *mât de* —, fore-mast.

misanthro-pe¹⁵ [Gr. *-pos* (*misein*, despise, *anthropos*, man)], *m.*: =, hater of mankind. **-pie**¹⁶ [Gr. *-pia*], *f.*: misanthropy. **-pique**¹⁷ [*-pie*], *adj.*: misanthropic.

mis-cellanées¹⁶ [L. *-cellanea*, MIXED things], *f. pl.*: miscellany. **-cibilité**¹⁷ [*-cible*], *f.*: miscibility. **-cible**¹⁷ [L. *-cere*, mix], *adj.*: mixable.

mise¹² [*mettre*], *f.*: placing, putting; thing put or placed; manner of putting or dressing; dress; bet, stake (at play); bid (at auction); launching; distributing (of type); expenditure; investment; feed-hole (of mustard mill); forged piece (ready for soldering); circulation, currency (of money); (*fig.*) vogue: *la — de quelqu'un*, dress; *la — bas*, cast-off clothing; *la — en scène*, setting of a play; *la — à prix*, marking with the selling-price; *registres de — et de recette*, statement of disbursements and receipts; *de* —, in fashion; in season; presentable; in its place; — *de voix*, holding of a note. **miser**¹⁸, *intr.*: (fam.) stake, bet; bid; put.

misé-rable¹⁸ [L. *-rabilis*], *adj.*: miserable (pitiful; wretched, base); *m., f.*: wretched person. **-rablement**¹³ [*-rable*], *adv.*: miserably. **-ration**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: pity. **misé-re**¹¹ [L. *-ria* (*miser*, wretched)], *f.*: misery; trouble; poverty; trifle: *collier de* —, slavish drudgery; *lit de* —, child-bed. **-ré**¹⁶ [L. "have pity," beginning of 51st psalm], *m.*: *miserere* (penitential hymn or psalm): *colique de* —, iliac passion (cruel pain in the intestines, as if forcing one to repeat a psalm for mercy). **-reur**¹⁸, = **esse**, *adj.*: (fam.) miserable. **-ricorde**¹¹ [L. *-ricordia* (*cor*, HEART)], *f.*: = (forgiving pity, compassion; seat of a hinged stall-chair); extra rations or extra recreation (in some convents). **-ricor-dieusement**¹¹ [*-ricordieuz*], *adv.*: compassionately. **-ricordieuz**, = **esse** [L. *-ricordia*], *adj.*: compassionate, merciful.

misogyne¹⁸ [Gr. *-gune* (*misein*, hate, *guné*, woman), *m.*: misogynist.

mis-sel¹¹ [L. *-salis* (*sc. liber*, book)], *m.*: missal, MASS-book. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio* (*mittere*, send)], *f.*: =. **-sion-naire**¹⁸, *m.*: missionary. **-sive**¹⁸ [L. *-sus*, sent], *adj. or f.*: missive: (*lettre*) —, letter.

misti (*fam.*) for **mistigri**¹⁸ [?], *m.*: mistigris (card game like poker); pam or knave of clubs between two equal cards; (*fam.*) cat.

mistral¹⁸ [Prov. 'MASTERful'], *m.*: =, strong north-west wind in southern France.

mi-taine [? Germ. *c mit-*, chop fine], *f.*: MITTEN; beaverskin (of poor quality). -**te**¹⁸ [l. Ger.], *f.*: =; maggot; ♀ coin.

mithridate [king *Mithridates*], *m.*: = (antidote for poison).

miti-gation¹⁸ [L. *-gatio*], *f.*: =. **-ger**¹⁸ [L. *-gare* (*mitis*, gentle)], *tr.*: mitigate, make less severe, relax.

miton¹⁶ [ak. to *-taine*], *m.*: pulse warmer; *onguent* — *mitaine*, an ineffective salve; (*fig.*) anything of indifferent virtue.

mitonner¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: stew slowly, let simmer; (*fam.*) prepare little by little, nurse along; fondle.

mitoufle¹⁶ [ak. to *mitaine*], *f.*: MITTEN.

mito-yen¹², = **enne** [*moitié*], *adj.*: middle: mur —, partition wall; *dents mitoyennes*, horse's four premolars. -**yen-neté**¹⁸, *f.*: common character, joint-ownership in middle wall or fence.

mitrail-lade¹⁷, *f.*: broadside of grape-shot. **-le**¹² -**tray** [for *mitaille* (ak. to *mite*)], *f.*: = (cannon-shot, grape-shot; iron hail); metal scraps; (*pop.*) coin; solder (of iron, copper and silver). -**ler**¹⁸, *intr., tr.*: fire (upon) with grape-shot, etc. -**lense**¹⁸ [-*ler*], *f.*: = (breech-loading cannon of many barrels).

mi-tral¹⁷, *pl.* -**aur**, *adj.*: =, mitre-shaped. **-mi-tre**¹¹ [L., Gr. *-tra*], *f.*: = (conical, or turban-like head-dress; mitre-shell; chimney cap); bolster (of table-knives); paving (of double thickness). -**tré**¹¹, *adj.*: mitred, wearing a mitre. -**tron**¹⁶ [? fr. mitre-like cap once worn], *m.*: butcher or baker workman.

mitte¹⁷ [?], *f.*: vapours (fr. privies); sore-eyes (fr. such vapours).

mix-te¹⁸ [L. *-tus*, mixed], *adj.*: mixed; hybrid, crossed; complex: *bâtiment* —, vessel using sail and steam; *voix* —, sound neither grave nor acute. -**tiligne**¹⁷ [*ligne*], *adj.*: hav'g straight and curved lines. -**tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =; mixing; compound, esp. a mordant; oily film (for engraving). -**tionner**¹⁸ [-*tion*], *tr.*: mix, compound. -**ture**¹¹ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: = (compound; furniture-stop of organs; mixed grain).

Mlle, abbrev. for *Mademoiselle*.

Mm, abbrev. for *Messieurs*.

Mme, abbrev. for *Madame*.

mnémo-nique [L. *-nicus*, Gr. *-nikós* (*mnéme*, memory)], *adj.*: mnemonic, esp. aiding memory; *f.*: mnemonics. -**technie**¹⁸ [Gr. *tékne*, art], *f.*: mnemotech-

nic, art of memory. -**technique**¹⁸ [-*technie*], *adj.*: mnemotechnical.

mobi-le¹⁸ [L. *-lis* (*movere*, move)], *adj.*: movable; mobile; *m.*: mobile, thing moved, or to be moved; MOTIVE; mover; soldier (enlisted for duty abroad): *le premier* —, primum mobile; *garde* —, body of soldiers enlisted for duty abroad; *menuiserie* —, carpentry of windows, doors, etc. -**liaire**¹⁸, *adj.*: effects —, personal property; *l'impôt* —, personal tax. -**lier**¹⁷, = **-ière**, *adj.*: of personal property; *m.*: furnishings of a house: *Le Crédit* —, financial company making loans on personality. -**lisable**¹⁸ [-*liér*], *adj.*: movable, ready for active service. -**lisation**¹⁸ [-*liér*], *f.*: =, putting into shape for active service; treating realty as personality legally. -**liser**¹⁸, *tr.*: mobilize, prepare for active service; make (realty) personal property by agreement. -**lité**¹¹ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: mobility, tendency to move or change.

† **mocade**, see 2. *moquette*.

mo-ehe¹⁷ [? lt. *moscio*, soft], *f.*: loose twist (of hair). -**chense**¹⁸, *f.*: spiked cylinder (for hawking silk).

mo-dal¹⁸, = **-ale**, *m. pl.* -**aur**, *adj.*: modal, of the mode; conditional; *f.*: modal proposition (in logic). -**dalité**¹⁸ [-*dal*], *f.*: modality; condition, qualification; mode sign (in music indicating major or minor mode). 1. -**-de**¹⁴ [L. *-dus*, manner], *f.*: =, fashion; custom; *pl.*: millinery; women's furnishings; inner designs (of Alençon lace): *à la* —, in fashion; *passée de* —, gone out of fashion; *beuf (à la)* —, beef roasted with vegetables. 2. -**de**¹⁶, *m.*: modus; manner; mode (of a syllogism; of music; of grammar). -**delage**¹⁸ [-*de*], *m.*: modeling. -**dèle**¹⁸ [lt. *-dello*], *m.*: model (thing to be imitated; pattern; person posing for a painter). -**dele**¹⁶ [-*dèle*], *tr.*: model (in clay, wax, etc.); conform to a model: *un peintre qui sait — ses figures*, a painter who understands how to make his painted figures stand out; *le modèle*, the relief of sculptured or painted forms. -**deleur**¹⁸ [-*deler*], *m.*: model-maker or seller (dealer in plaster casts, papier-mâché figures, etc.). † **dénature**¹⁷ [lt. *-danatura* (*-dano*, model)], *f.*: proportions (of cornice mouldings).

modé-rantisme¹⁷, *m.*: moderantism (idea of moderation in politics). -**-ra-teur**¹⁴, = **-trice** [L. *-rator*], *m., f.*: moderatist, one who believes in avoiding extremes; moderator (in church assemblies); regulator (in machinery); *adj.*: moderating. -**-ration**¹⁸ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: moderation; becoming milder. -**-ré**¹⁸, *adj.*: moderate, not excessive. -**-rément**¹⁸ [-*ré*],

adv.: moderately. || **-rer**¹³ [L. *-rari* (*modus*, measure)], *tr.*: moderate, keep from excess.

moder-ne¹⁴ [L. *-nus* (*modo*, just now)], *adj.*: modern, recent: *les* —, people of these times. **-ner**¹⁷ [It. *-nare*] or **-niser**¹³, *tr.*: modernise, (esp.) refashion an old house.

modes-te¹³ [L. *-tus* (*modus*, measure)], *adj.*: †moderate; modest (plain; humble; unpretentious; well-behaved); *m.*: modest man; *fichu* (formerly covering the breast). **-tement**¹³, *adv.*: modestly; †moderately. **-tie**¹³ [L. *-tia*], *f.*: modesty (humbleness; good behaviour); †moderation.

mo-deuse¹⁸ [1.-de], *f.*: Alençon lace-maker (who makes the inner figures). **-dicité** [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: (†Eng. modicity), meanness, smallness.

modi-ficateur¹⁸, = **-trice**, *adj.*: modifying; *m.*: modifier; reverser. **-ficatif**¹⁷, *adv.*: modifying; *m.*: modifier. **-fication**¹³ [L. *-ficio*], *f.*: =, change; alteration. **-fier**¹³ [L. *-ficare*], *tr.*: modify, change in some way, affect.

modif-ion¹⁵ [It. *-digione* (? L. *mytilus*, sea-mussel)], *m.*: modillion (enriched cornice block or bracket).

modi-que¹⁶ [L. *-cus* (*modus*, measure)], *adj.*: small: — *salair*, low salary. **-quement**¹⁶, *adv.*: to a small extent.

modiste¹⁷ [*mode*, fashion], *m., f.*: †ladies' furnisher; *f.*: modiste, milliner.

modu-lation¹³ [L. *-latio* (*modus*, measure)], *f.*: = (inflection of the voice; change of key in piece of music). **-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, little measure], *m.*: = (unit of measure in architecture, half the diameter of a column); modulus: — *d'une médaille*, diameter of a medal; — *d'une cloche*, thickness where the clapper strikes; — *d'élasticité*, Young's modulus (in physics).

moel-le⁹ *mval* [L. *medulla* (*medius*, middle)], *f.*: marrow, pith; medulla; (*fig.*) strength, vigour; centre: *os à* —, marrow bone; — *allongée*, medulla oblongata; *jusqu'à la* —, thoroughly; — *de roche*, spongy carbonate of lime. **-lense-ment**¹⁷ [*-leur*], *adv.*: hav'g marrow; mellow; soft; *m.*: softness.

moel-le¹¹ *mica* [?], *m.*: =, rubblestone; sand-stone (for grinding down mirror-glass): — *d'appareil*, rubble for facing; — *de plat*, rubble laid flat. **-lonier**¹⁷, *m.*: wedge (for splitting up stone).

moef¹³ *meuf* [L. *modus*], *m.*: mood (of verbs).

moeurs⁹ *meurs*, **†meur** [L. *môres*, customs], *f. pl.*: MORALS; customs (manners, habits; way of life); (*paint.*) costume: *sans* —, without principle; *les* — *oratoires*, character needful in an orator.

mofette¹⁷ [?], *f.*: (†Eng. =), noxious gas; Mexican weazel.

mo-hair¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: = (dress fabric of Angora goat-hair).

†mohatra¹⁶ [Sp., fr. Ar.], *m.*: = (way of disguising usury by pretended sale, buying back at low price for cash what one has just sold at higher price on credit): *contrat* —, mohatra deal or loan.

moi⁹ [L. *mē*], *f.*: *pers. pron.*: me; to me; I; *m.*: self, ego.

moie⁹ [L. *meta*], *f.*: (*dial.*) hay-stack; pile (of grain, etc.).

moignon [? cf. Sp. *muñón*, muscle of the arm], *m.*: stump (of amputated limbs); rudimentary member.

moine¹⁵ [*-ne*, MONK], *f.*: monkhood, monks (used contemptuously, like "monkdom").

mojn-dre⁹ [L. *minor*], *adj.*: less: (*le*) —, the least; *†les quatre* —, four lower orders of the church. **-drement**¹⁷, *adv.*: (*rare*) less; least.

moi-ne⁹ [L. *monachus*, Gr. *monachos* (*mónos*, alone)], *m.*: MONK (religious recluse, FRIAR; half-inked blur in printing; cone-shaped or gray-coloured object suggesting monk's cowl: univalve sea-shell; cone of wet powder for fumigating on ships; peg-hammer; warming pan, cone-shaped mould; jacket (paper-covering of mine fuse): — *lai*, lay-monk, often a pensioned soldier at a convent; *attendre quel-qu'un comme les* — *à font l'abbé*, eat without waiting (as monks are punctual); — *bourru*, abusive ghost of a monk; *donner* or *bailler le* —, have bad luck; pull string tied to one's little toe. **-neau**¹¹, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: (gray plumaged) sparrow; low tower (amid ditches); flat bastion (in a curtained fortification). **-nerie**¹¹, *f.*: monkishness. **-nesse**¹³, *f.*: (in contempt) nun. **-nil-lon**¹⁵, *m.*: (in contempt) monk.

moins⁹ [L. *minus*], *adv.*: less; least; *m.*: (the sign) minus; less amount: *à* —, (*tout*) *au* —, *pour le* —, *à tout le* —, at, (the very) least; *en* — *de huit jours*, in less than a week; *à* — *de*, at less than; *à* — *de* (or *que*), *à* — *que de*, unless; *il n'est rien* — *qu'intelligent*, he is nothing less than (he is) intelligent, i.e. he is very stupid. **-value**¹⁸, *pl.* — [*moins valoir*], *f.*: depreciation.

moi-rage¹⁷ [*-rer*], *m.*: watering (of silks, etc.). **†moi-re**¹⁶ [Eng. *mohair*, fr. Ar.], *f.*: = (formerly, mohair fabric; now, silk, etc., hav'g a watered finish: the watered finish itself: — *antique*, finish in large wavy patterns. **-rer**¹⁷, *tr.*: *moiré*, give watered or clouded finish: *le moiré*, watered finish (of fabrics, or metals), clouded glossiness.

mois^o [L. *mensis*], *m.*: MONTH; month's work; month's or monthly wages or salary; (*fam.*) MENSES: — *lunaire* (*solaire*, *draconic*, *synodique*), lunar (solar, draconic, synodical) month; *au* —, by the month; *un billet à trois* — (*d'échéance*), a note due in three months; *on a tous les ans douze* —, one steadily grows old year by year.

moi-se¹⁷ [L. *mensa*, table], *f.*: waling, half-timber; couple; tie; pointel (glass-blower's rod); collar (inside of tube). **-ser**¹⁸, *tr.*: tie (a frame with couples or bridging).

moi-si, *m.*: mouldy object; mould; mustiness. **||-sir**^o [p. L. **mucire* (L. *mucere*)], *intr.*: mould, become musty; make mouldy. **-sissure**¹⁸, *f.*: mouldiness; mould; mustiness.

moissine¹² [?], *f.*: clusters (of grapes with part of the vine and leaves attached).

mois-son^o [L. *messio* (*metere*, MOW)], *m.*: reaping (harvesting); harvest (crop); harvest-time. **-sonner**¹², *tr.*: reap; harvest, gather in; mow. **-sonneur**¹², **-euse** [-*sonner*], *m., f.*: reaper, harvester; *f.*: reaping-machine.

moi-te^o [p. L. **muscidus* (L. *mucidus*)], *adj.*: MOIST, damp. **-teur**¹², *f.*: moisture. **moitié**^o [L. *medietas*, MIDDLE], *f.*: moiety, half; portion; better half (wife): *la plus belle — du genre humain*, the fair sex; *partager le différend par la —*, split the difference; *prendre des terres à —* (*de perte et de gain*), rent on equal shares; *être de — avec*, go halves with.

moitir [-*te*], *tr.*: MOISTEN.

moka, see *café*.

mol, poetic form, see *mou*.

moltaire¹⁵ [L. *-laris* (*molere*, grind)], *adj.* or *f.*: (*dent*) —, molar (tooth), back-tooth. **1. môle**¹⁵ [L. *mola*, MILL-stone], *f.*: mole (shapeless embryo; morbid mass formed in the womb).

2. môle¹⁶ [It. *molo* (ak. to L. *moles*, mass)], *m.*: mole (fingard pile or tomb; long jetty or pier constructed to break waves). **moléculaire**¹⁷ [-*eule*], *adj.*: molecular. **-cule**¹⁶ [L. *moles*, mass], *f.*: molecule, minute particle of matter.

molène¹² [? fr. Eng.], *f.*: MULLEIN (velvety weed).

moleskine¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], *f.*: mole-skin (double-twilled fustian, plush for furniture).

molester¹¹ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: molest, annoy. **mole-tage**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *m.*: mulling. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: mull, grind; polish down: *vis à bouton moleté* or *vis moletée*, thumb-screw (screw with winged head to be turned with thumb and finger). **-toir**¹⁷ [-*ter*], *m.*: polishing tool (for plate glass). **||-tte**¹⁸ [-*let*], *f.*:

f.: MULLER, pestle; wind-gall; marking wheel; rowel (of a spur); (ropemaker's) whirl. **†-tter** = *-ter*.

mol-lasse¹⁵ [mou], *adj.*: flabby; (*fam.*) soft-headed. **-lement**¹² [mou], *adv.*: softly; effeminately. **-lesse**¹¹ [mou], *f.*: mellowness; softness; listlessness; effeminacy. **-let**¹¹, **-ette** [mou], *adj.*: soft; light; *m.*: calf (of the leg). **-leteur**¹⁸ [-*let*], *m.*: egg-cooker (for cooking eggs soft). **-leton**¹⁶ [-*let*], *m.*: swanskin (soft flannel). **-lifler**¹⁴ [L. *-lifcare*], *tr.*: make soft. **-lir** [mou], *†tr.* or *intr.*: soften; slacken. **-lusque**¹⁷ [L. *-luscus* (after L. *-lusca*, soft-shelled nut)], *m.*: mollusk, mussel.

molos-se¹⁵ [L. *-sus*, Gr. *-sôs*], *m.*: molossus (bat); Molossian dog.

molubdène¹⁵ [Gr. *molúbdaína*, vein of silver showing lead (*mólubdos*)], *m.*: molybdenum (the chemical element).

môme¹⁵ [? ak. to *momerie*], *m.*: (*pop.*) brat, urchin.

momen-t¹¹ [L. *-tum* for *movimentum*], *m.*: moment; momentum: (*attendez*) *un —*, just a minute, please; *compter les —s*, be very impatient; *d ce —*, just then; *en ce —*, right now; *du — que*, as soon as; *au — de*, just as. **-tané**¹⁵ [L. *-taneus*], *adj.*: momentary. **-tanément**¹⁷ [-*tané*], *adv.*: for the moment.

momerie¹⁴ [OFr. *momer* (Ger. *mummen*)], *f.*: disguise one's self; mummery (masked performance; perfunctory ceremonies).

mo-mie¹² [L. *mumia* fr. Ar. (Pers. *mum*, wax)], *f.*: mummy (embalmed body; mummy brown pigment); listless person; *baume —*, mineral tar. **-mification**¹⁷ [-*mifier*], *f.*: mummification. **-mifier**¹⁷ [L. *-facere*, make], *tr.*: mummify, (embalm, make into a mummy).

momon¹⁵ [OFr. *momer*, disguise one's self], *m.*: †masquerade; dice playing (by masked persons): *couvrir le —*, hold the stakes; be firm with any one.

1. mon^o, *ma*, *pl. mes* [L. *meus*], *poss. adj.*: MY, MINE.

2. †mon¹¹ [?], *adv.*: certainly.

mona-cal¹⁵, *pl. -aux* [L. *-chalis*], *adj.*: monachal (MONKISH, like monk or nun). **-calement**¹⁵, *adv.*: monkishly. **-chisme**¹⁶ [L. *-chus*, monk], *m.*: monachism.

monaco¹⁶ [country M.], *m.*: Monaco money; (*fam.*) money.

mona-de¹⁵ [Gr. *monás*, unit], *f.*: monad (indivisible element). **-delphe**¹⁷ [-*delphie*], *adj.*: monadelphous. **-delphie** [L. *-delphia* (Gr. *mónos*, one, *adelphós*, brother)], *f.*: monadelphia (union of filaments in plants).

monan-dre¹⁷, *adj.*: monandrous (hav'g but one stamen). **||-drie** [L. *-dria* (Gr.

mónos, one, *anér*, man), *adj.*: monandria (group of plants hav'g one stamen).

monar-chie¹² [L. *-chia*, Gr. *-chia* (*mónos*, one, *árchein*, rule)], *f.*: monarchy, state governed by single person. **-chique**¹⁶

adj.: monarchical. **-chiquement**¹⁶

[*-chique*], *adv.*: like a monarch. **-chiste**¹⁷

m., f.: monarchist, partisan for monarchy.

-que¹⁸ [L. *-cha*, Gr. *-ches*], *m.*: monarch, one who rules alone.

monas-tère¹³ [L. *-terium*, Gr. *-téron* (*mónos*, one)], *m.*: monastery, residence of MONKS. **-tique**¹⁸ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós*],

adj.: monastic. **monaur**¹⁶ [Gr. *mónotos*

(*oás*, ear)], *adj.*: one-eared.

moncayer¹⁵ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: fine sergo.

monceau⁹, *pl.* — *x* [L. *monticellus* (*mons*, hill)], *m.*: heap: *greffe en* —, scion budded into a tree.

mon-dain¹¹, **-aine** [L. *mundanus* (*mundus*, world)], *adj.*: mundane; worldly; of society; *m., f.*: society man or woman;

worldling: *pigeon* —, kind of tame pigeon.

-dainement¹⁰, *adv.*: worldly. **-danité**¹⁴

f.: worldliness. **1. mon-de**¹¹ [L. *mundus*],

m.: world (universe; earth; part of the world; people); large gathering; society;

company: *de par le* —, somewhere; *depuis que le* — *est le* —, as long as the world

has stood; *le* — *moral*, all moral creatures;

aller au bout du —, go to the end of the world (as though the earth were flat);

avoir (la connaissance ou les usages) du —, know the ways of the world; *avoir du*

chez soi, have visitors; *tout le* —, everybody; — *d'or* or *à l'ail du* —, kind of

shining stone.

2. mon-de¹¹ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: *les animaux*

— *s*, clean animals. **-der**¹¹ [L. *-dare*], *tr.*:

hull; clean (from husks, etc.). **-difier**¹²

[L. *-dificare*], *tr.*: cleanse (wounds).

mondrain¹⁵ [Creole word], *m.*: little hill

(of sand or dirt).

moné-taire¹⁶ [L. *-tarius* (*-ta*, COIN)], *adj.*:

monetary; *m.*: MINT officer; *tr* writer on

money. **-tisation**¹⁸ [*-tiser*], *f.*: coinage.

-tiser¹⁸ [L. *-ta*, COIN], *tr.*: coin, mint.

moni-teur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-trix* (*mo-*

nerere, advise)], *m., f.*: monitor, guide.

-tion¹² [L. *-tio*, counsel], *f.*: = (warning

given before excommunication). **-toire**¹³

[L. *-torius*], *adj.* or *m.*: monitory: *tune*

(*lettre*) —, or *un* —, letter calling for

testimony; summons to appear before

church tribunal. **-torial**, *pl.* **-aux** [L.

-torius], *adj.*: =.

mon-naie⁹ [L. *monēta*], *f.*: MONEY, coin;

small change: (*Hôtel de*) *la* —, the MINT;

papier —, paper money; — *fiduciaire*,

business paper, notes; — *obédionale*, coin

struck by a besieged city; — *de pape*,

loosestrife (plant); *la* — *de Turenne*,

Turenne in small change, i.e. the marshals created after his death; *battre* —, coin money; *rendre à quelqu'un la* — *de sa pièce*, or *payer quelqu'un de la même* —, pay one in his own coin. **-nayage**¹², *m.*: minting. **-nayer**¹⁰, *tr.*: coin, mint.

-nayer¹⁵ [*-nayer*], *m.*: coiner: *faux*

—, counterfeit.

mono- [Gr. *mónos*, one, single]: **-ba-**

sique¹⁸ [Fr. *base*], *adj.*: monobasic.

-blepsie¹⁸ [Gr. *blépsia*, vision], *f.*: mono-

blepsia (defective vision where the object

appears double if seen by both eyes).

-carpe¹⁸ [Gr. *karpós*, fruit], *adj.*: mono-

carpic, bearing fruit but once. **-car-**

pellaire¹⁸ [*carpelle*], *adj.*: monocar-

pellary, having but one carpel (as the

bean). **-chromatique**¹⁸ [Gr. *chrōma*,

colour], *adj.*: monochromatic, giving rays

of but one colour. **-chrome**¹⁷ [Gr. *chro-*

mos (*chrōma*, colour)], *adj.*: = (of but one

colour; *m.*: painting in one colour); *sculp-*

ture —, unpainted sculpture. **-cle**⁹ [L.

-culus (*oculus*, EYE)], *m.*: (old) one-eyed

man; (now) monocle, eye-glass; eye-

bandage. **-cline**¹⁷ [Gr. *kline*, bed], *adj.*:

monoclinous (hav'g stamens and pistils in

same flower). **-corde**¹⁸ [L. Gr. *-chordon*

(*chordē*, string)], *m.*: monochord, musical

instrument with one string. **-cotylé-**

done¹⁷ [*cotylédon*], *adj.*: monocotyle-

donous; *f. pl.*: monocotyledones, endo-

gens (palms, lilies, sedges, grasses, etc.).

†-cule = **-cle**. **†-culiste**¹⁶ [L. *-culus*,

one-eyed], *m., f.*: (*fam.*) monoculus. **mo-**

no-écie¹⁷ [L. *-ecia* (Gr. *oikos*, house)],

f.: monœcia (plants hav'g stamens and

pistils on same plant). **-game**¹⁸ [Gr.

-gámos (*gámos*, marriage)], *adj.*: monoga-

mous (hav'g but one spouse); *m., f.*:

monogamist (one who marries but once,

or has but one spouse). **-gamie**¹⁸ [Gr.

-gamia], *f.*: monogamy; monogamous

plants. **-gramme**¹⁶ [L. *-gramma*, Gr.

-grammaton (*grámma*, written sign)], *m.*:

monogram (letters interwoven). **-gra-**

phie¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: mono-

graph (treatise on a single subject).

-gyne¹⁸ [*-gynie*], *adj.*: monogynous,

having but one pistil. **-gynie**¹⁷ [Gr.

güne, woman], *f.*: monogynia (plants hav'g

but one pistil). **-ique** [Gr. *oikos*, house],

adj.: monœcious (hav'g stamens and

pistils on same plant). **-lithe**¹⁸ [L.

-lithus, Gr. *-lithos* (*lithos*, stone)], *adj.*:

monolithic (of but one piece of stone);

m.: monolith (obelisk, etc., of one stone).

-logue¹⁸ [Gr. *-lógos* (*lógos*, speech)], *m.*:

monologue, soliloquy; lengthy talk (mono-

poly of conversation). **-mane**¹⁸ [*-ma-*

nie], *adj.*: or *m., f.*: monomaniac. **-ma-**

nie¹⁸ [Gr. *manía*, madness], *f.*: mono-

mania, insanity on one thing. **monôme**¹⁷ [Gr. *nomós*, division], *m.*: monomial (algebraic expression of single term); single file (of children at play). **-pétale**¹⁷ [*pétale*], *adj.*: hav'g but one petal. **-phyllé** [Gr. *phúllon*, leaf], *adj.*: monophyllous. **-pole**¹⁸ [L. *-polium*, Gr. *-pólion* (*polein* sell)], *m.*: monopoly (control of sale of merchandise, limited to one or few persons). **-poler**¹⁴ [*-pole*], *intr.*: †have a monopoly; buy up the whole supply. **-poleur**¹⁵, **-ense**, *m., f.*: monopolist. **-poliser**¹⁷ [*-pole*], *tr.*: monopolise. 1. **-ptère**¹⁶ [L., Gr. *-pteros*, hav'g one wing], *adj.* or *m.*: (temple) —, monopteron (temple surrounded by columns and with conical roof). 2. **-ptère**¹⁷ [Gr. *ptéron*, wing], *adj.*: monopteral, hav'g but one wing or fin. **-rime**¹⁶ [*rime*], *adj.*: hav'g but one rhyme. **-sépalé**¹⁸ [*sépale*], *adj.*: monosépalous, hav'g united sepals. **-sperme**¹⁷ [Gr. *sperma*, grain], *adj.*: monospermous, hav'g but one seed. **-stique**¹⁸ [L. *-stichus*, Gr. *-stichos* (*stichós*, line)], *adj.*: hav'g one verse or line; *m.*: monostich, epigram. **-syllabe**¹⁵ [L. *-syllabus*, Gr. *-sýllabos*], *adj.*: hav'g but one syllable; *m.*: monosyllable. **-syllabique**¹⁷ [*-syllabe*], *adj.*: monosyllabic. **-théisme**¹⁸ [Gr. *theós*, god], *m.*: monotheism, belief in one God. **-théiste**¹⁸ [Gr. *theós*, god], *m., f.*: monotheist. **-tone**¹⁷ [L. *-tonus*, Gr. *-tonos* (*tónos*, tone)], *adj.*: monotonous; without change. **-tonement**¹⁸ [*-tone*], *adv.*: monotonously. **-tonie**¹⁶ [Gr. *-tonia*], *f.*: monotony. **†mons**¹⁷ [*monsieur*], *m.*: (*fam.* and *disrespectful*) mister, gent. **—seigneur**¹¹, *pl.* *Messeigneurs*, *Nosseigneurs* [*mon, seigneur*], *m.*: = (princely or high church title; my lord); (*slang*) *monseigneur*, jimmy, crowbar: — *de Paris*, archbishop of Paris. **-seigneuriser**¹⁶, *tr.*: (*fam.*) honour with the title. **-sieur**¹² *m.*: **†mo**, *pl.* *messieurs* [*mon, sieur*], *m.*: Mr., sir (title given now to anybody; formerly a title of noblemen or lords; still used as title of bishops and of king's oldest brother; capitalized when a title): gentleman; lord; member of parliament; city man; man of the house; *Monsieur*, the King of France's younger brother: *faire le* —, play the gentleman; *un vilain* —, a disagreeable fellow. **mons-tre**¹¹ [L. *-trum* (*monere*, advise)], *m.*: monster. **-truement**¹³ [*-trueux*], *adv.*: monstrously. **-trueux**, **-ense**, *adj.*: monstrous (abnormal; huge; hideous). **-truosité** [L. *-truosus*], *f.*: monstrosity. **mon-t**¹² [L. *mons*], *m.*: mount (mountain); heap; also a pop. abbreviation of *mont-de-*

piété (which see); *pl.*: mounts; Alps: *le double* —, Parnassus; †— *pagnote*, safe distance (to see a battle); *conter* — *s et merveilles*, tell wonderful things; — *de Venus*, (*anat.*) *mons Veneris*. **-tage**¹⁶ [*-ter*], *m.*: mounting (climbing; adjusting, setting up; setting of stones). **-taguard**¹⁵, **-arde** [*-tagne*], *adj.*: of the mountains; *m., f.*: mountaineer. **-tagne**¹⁶ [p. L. *-tanius* (L. *-tanus*)], *f.*: mountain; difficulty: *chaîne de* — *s*, range; *Montagnes Rocheuses*, Rocky Mountains; — *s russes*, slide (for coasting); *aller à la* —, adjust one's self to circumstances (allusion to alleged saying of Mohammed: "we must go to the mountain since it will not come to us"). **-tagneur**¹⁵, **-ense** [*-tagne*], *adj.*: mountainous. **-tant**¹¹, **-ante** [*-ter*], *adj.*: =; upright piece; mounting; rising; *m.*: rise; round (of ladder); cheekpiece (of bridle); amount; flavour: *garde* — *e*, guard just going on duty, relieving guard; *joint* —, vertical joint; *†prendre le* —, take the ascendancy over. **-de-piété**¹⁸, *pl.* — *s* —, *m.*: =, (*lit.*) mount of pity, pawnshop run by the government. **mon-te**¹⁵, *f.*: covering (by the male); season (for taking the horse). **-te-charge**¹⁸, *m.*: elevator; slater's stool. **-tée**¹¹, *f.*: rise, rising (of falcons; of scum; of cream); ascent; †ladder; †round of ladder; height of an arch: *la* — *des vers à soie*, climbing of silkworms on the tray to spin; — *des anguilles*, route taken by the eels in going up-stream. **-te-plats**¹⁸, *m.*: dumb-waiter. **—te-†** [p. L. *-tare* (L. *mons*, mountain)], *intr.*: MOUNT (go up, rise); soar; amount; *tr.*: raise; elevate; ride; get aboard; cover as male animals; put into position; set a jewel; set up; put together; put on the stage; tune; contrive; plot; equip; wind up: *se* —, rise; equip one's self; get angry; — *la garde*, take turn as guard, relieve the watch; — *un vaisseau*, command a vessel; — *sur ses grands chevaux*, suddenly put on great airs, be very haughty; — *sur ses échasses*, be strained; — *sur ses ergots*, put on airs; — *dans la* (or *en*) *chaire*, preach; — *en graine*, go to seed, (*fig.*) pass age of marriage. **-teur**¹¹, **-ense**, *m., f.*: mounter; setter; schemer. **montgolfière**¹⁷ [two *Montgolfier* brothers], *f.*: Montgolfier (hot-air balloon). **mon-ticule**¹⁴ [L. *-ticulus*], *m.*: little hill. **†joie**¹⁹ [really "mount of joy"], *f.*: little stone-pile (to indicate best route), land buoy; heap. **-toir**¹¹ [*-ter*], *m.*: =, mount, horse-block (to aid in mounting). **mon-trable**¹², *adj.*: (*fam.*) showable. **mon-tre**¹², *f.*: show; sample (as illustrating the stock of goods); display;

show-window; parade; MUSTER; †dial or †clock-face; watch: *faire — de son esprit*, show off one's wit; *pour la —*, for show; — *sèche*, dry military review (i.e. without the usual payment on the occasion); *passer à la —*, pass muster; (fig.) be acceptable; *mettre une — à l'heure*, set a watch; — *d'orgues*, front or false pipes of an organ; *acheter (vendre) sur —*, buy (sell) by sample. || *-treur*^o [L. *-strare*], *tr.*: show (exhibit; point at or to; display; expose; indicate); (fam.) teach: — *au doigt*, point the finger at; *se faire — du doigt*, be pointed at. *-treur*¹³, *-ense*, *m., f.*: shower, exhibitor.

mon-tueux¹, *-ense* [L. *-tuosus*], *adj.*: rough (hilly, mountainous). *-ture*¹³ [-*ter*], *f.*: mount (saddle-horse or other animal for riding); equipment; setting (of jewels); frame; setting up (into a whole), putting together, assembling (of parts).

monu-men-t¹¹ [L. *-tum* (monere, sense of 'remind')], *m.*: —. *-tal*¹⁵, *pl.* = *aur*, *adj.*: =, like a monument.

moque¹⁶ [Prov. *moco* (?)], *f.*: dead-eye, collar (wooden block through which a rope runs).

mo-quer¹¹ [ak. to Sp. *mueca*, grimace (? L. *macculus*, clown)], *†tr.* or *reflex.*: MOCK, make sport of, ridicule; pretend; be jesting: *se faire —*, make one's self ridiculous; *vous vous moquez*, you don't mean it; *je m'en moque*, what do I care; *la pelle se moque du fourgon*, the kettle calls the skillett black. *-querie*¹¹, *f.*: mockery; pretence. *1.-quette*¹⁵, *f.*: live decoy bird; †jest.

2.-moquette¹⁶ [OFr. *mocade*], *f.*: —, (†Eng. *MOCCADO*), velvet, fabric for carpets and furniture.

3.-moquette¹⁷ [?], *f.*: deer-dung, treadles.

moqueur¹², *-ense* [-*quer*], *m., f.*: MOCKER; mocking-bird; *adj.*: mocking.

mo-raille(s)¹⁶ [dial. Fr. *mor*, muzzle (?)], *f.*: barnacle(s), for controlling refractory horses; stretching tongs (for drawing out glass). *-raillon*¹³ [OFr. *-raille*, vizzor], *m.*: hasp. *1.-raïne*¹⁷ [Prov. *mourreno*], *f.*: = (heap of glacier debris).

2.moraine, the disease, see *morine*.

mora-l¹³, *pl.* = *aur* [L. *-lis*, of manners], *adj.*: = (ethical; virtuous; right); *m.*: moral nature, mind. *-le* [L. *-lis*, moral], *f.*: =; morals; ethics; lecture; reproof: — *indépendant*, selected code of morals (fr. various systems); — *de l'intérêt bien entendu*, theory of self-interest (not duty) as basic principle. *-lement*¹³, *adv.*: morally; mentally. *1.-liser*¹³ [-*le*], *intr.*: moralise (think or speak of morals; tr.: teach, instruct in morals or conduct).

2.-liser¹⁸, *tr.*: moralise, make moral.

-liseur¹⁶, *-ense* [1.-*liser*], *m., f.*: moraliser, one given to talking of morals. **-liste**¹⁷ [-*le*], *m., f.*: moralist. **-lité**¹¹ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: morality (moral character); instruction in morals; play of the dark ages).

mora-toire¹⁷ [L. *-lorius* (-ri, to delay)], *adj.*: of delay, for delay: *sentence —*, repressing sentence; *intérêts —s*, interest due on account of delay.

1.mor-bide¹⁴ [L. *-bidus* fr. *-bus*, disease (ak. to Skt. *mar*, die)], *adj.*: morbid. **2.-bide**¹⁶ [It. *-bido*], *adj.*: delicate (as flesh colour in paintings). **-bident**¹⁵, *adv.*: morbidly. **-bidesse** [fr. It., lit. sickness], *f.*: morbidez (velvety flesh colour in paintings). *†bien* = *dieu*. **-bifique**¹⁵ [L. *-bificus* (facere)], *adj.*: morbid, causing disease. **-bleu**¹⁶ [disguised oath fr. *mort-Dieu*, death of God], *interj.*: zounds!

mor-ceau¹¹, *pl.* —x [OFr. *mors* fr. L. *-sum* (-dere, bite)], *m.*: MORSEL (bite, mouthful; small part or piece); literary work; food, esp. toothsome food: *par —x*, in pieces; *avoir ses —x taillés*, have just enough to live on; — *du roi*, dainty bit; (fam.) — *d'homme*, very small man; — *de réception*, work to be done on one's being received into the Academy; *gober le —*, take the bait; — *honteux*, last piece (on a plate of bread, etc.). **-celier**¹⁵, *tr.*: parcel out. **-cellement**¹⁵ [-*celer*], *m.*: parceling out. **mor-d**, see *mors*. **-dache**¹⁵ [-*dre*], *f.*: vice-cap (block of wood or lead to prevent injury to a piece held in the vice); wooden gag (used in convents); fire-tongs. **-daité**¹⁵ [L. *-dacitas*], *f.*: (rare) mordacity; quality of being mordant.

-dancage¹⁵ [-*dancer*], *m.*: application (of a mordant). **-dancer**¹⁵ [-*dant*], *tr.*: mordant, treat with a mordant. **-dant**¹¹ [-*dre*], *adj.*: =, biting; corroding; harsh; *m.*: mordant (fixer for dyes; biter; gilder's glue; pincher; tool (with jaws); corroder; sarcasm: *bêtes —es*, animals that defend themselves by biting; *chaleur —e*, feverish heat of the skin. **-deur**¹², *-ense* [-*dre*], *m., f.*: biter. **-dicant**¹⁵ [L. *-dicans*], *adj.*: biting; acrid; smarting. **-dieu**¹⁶ [L.], *adv.*: (fam.) tenaciously, like a bulldog.

mordienne¹⁶ [disguised coarse oath for *mort-de-Dieu*], *interj.*: (about like) the devil! †à la grosse —, in a very rude manner.

mordiller¹⁵ [-*dre*], *tr.*: bite (with light and repeated bites as babies or puppies do).

mordo-ré¹⁶ [name *More*, mauritanian, doré], *adj.* or *m.*: reddish-brown. **-ruré**¹⁸, *f.*: reddish-brown.

mor-dre⁹ [p. L. *dere (L. -dère)], tr.: bite; corrode; consume; attack sarcastically: — *la poussière*, bite the dust, be slain; *se — les doigts*, be thoughtful; be repentant; — *à belles dents*, eat eagerly; — *à la grappe*, be greedy for anything; *une couture trop mordue*, a seam too deep, or set in too far; — *au Latin*, to like Latin; *l'ancre mord dans*, the anchor catches, takes hold. **mor-d(s)**, see *mors*. **more**, see *cap-de-more*.

†**mo-reau**¹¹ [L. *Maurus*, MOOR], adj. or m.: un (cheval) —, a shiny black horse. **-relle**¹², f.: nightshade: — *tubéreuse*, potato.

1. †**morfil**¹⁵ [Sp. *marfil* (mar?, Ar. *fil*, elephant)], m.: ivory (in its natural state).

2. **morfil**¹⁵ [mort, dead, fil], m.: wire-edge.

morfon-dre¹³ [morve, fondre], tr.: chill; founder; keep waiting; *se —*, be chilled, catch cold; dance attendance: *cheval-du*, foundered horse; *graine-du*, spoiled silkworm eggs; *cordage-du*, rope made of old strands; *l'autre femme se — dit*, the other woman waits in vain. **-dure**¹⁴, f.: nasal catarrh in horses, (†Eng. *morfond*).

morganati-que¹⁷ [L. L. -cus (Ger. *morgengabe*, 'morning-gift,' dowry)], adj.: marriage —, left-handed marriage (i.e. with a woman of lower rank). **-quement**¹⁸, adv.: *se marier —*, marry below one's noble station.

morgeline¹⁴ [old I've mord (fr. mordre), geline], f.: chickweed.

morgue¹⁴ [?], f.: haughty air; entrance room (where jailer examined the prisoner); morgue, dead-house.

mor-gué or †**guenne** = *mordieu*.

morguer¹⁴ [-gue], tr.: †treat disdainfully; examine (a prisoner).

†**morguê, -guenne** = *mordieu*.

moribond¹⁵, **-onde** [L. -bundus (mori, die)], adj.: moribund, about to die; m., f.: dying person.

moricaud, **-aude** [More, moor], m., f.: (fam.) very dark person, decided brunette.

morigéner¹³ [L. L. -nare (? L. *morigerus*, obedient)], tr.: (old) train up; (fam.) reprove.

morille¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *morehel*], f.: MOREL (flavouring mushroom).

morillon¹² [ak. to More, Moor], m.: =, goldeneye duck; black grape; rough emerald.

morine¹¹ [ak. to mourir], f.: (old) epidemic; MURRAIN (disease of animals); carrion; (now, esp.) wool (clipped fr. a sheep found dead).

morion¹⁵ [Sp. *morrión* (morra, top of the head)], m.: morion (scull helmet); *peine du —*, punishment of blows fr. a halberd.

1. **morne** [W. Indies, fr. Sp. *morro*], m.: =, conelike hill.

2. **mor-ne**¹¹ [Germ. orig., ak. to Goth. *maurman*, MOURN], adj.: disconsolate, dejected; dull: lance —, lance hav'g a ring over the point and so harmless. 3. **-ne**¹³ [-ner], f.: ring (for the point of a lance); (her.) =, head of a jousting lance (with ring). **-ner**¹⁵, tr.: ring (a lancehead): (her.) animal *morné*, animal without teeth or claws.

mornifle¹⁵ [?], f.: (old) four cards alike; (fam.) back-handed lick.

morose¹⁶ [L. -sus (mos, custom)], adj.: morose.

†**morosif**¹⁵, **-ive** (L. -sus (mora, delay)), adj.: dilatory.

morosité¹⁶ [L. -tas], f.: moroseness, sullenness.

morphine¹³ [god of sleep Morpheus], f.: = (the opiate).

morpho-logie¹³ [morphé, form, logos, speech], f.: morphology, science of forms. **-gique**¹⁵, adj.: morphological (hav'g to do with form).

morpion¹⁵ [old I've mord (fr. mordre), pion], m.: crab-louse.

mors⁹ [L. *morsus*, bite], m.: (old) bite; (now) bit (of bridle); jaws (of tongs, of vice); groove (in binding): *les branches du —*, cheek pieces; *prendre le — aux dents*, take the bit in his teeth, become uncontrollable; *hocher le — à*, try to make hurry; (fig.) try to animate; — *du diable*, devil's-bit (teasel plant).

morse¹⁵ [Finn. *mursu*], m.: = (walrus).

mor-sure¹² [p. L. *-sura (L. -dere, bite)], f.: bite; jibe.

1. **mort**⁹ [L. *mors*], f.: death: *la Mort*, Death (as skeleton with a scythe); *mettre à —*, execute; *avoir la — sur les lèvres*, look like death; — *de ma vie*! confound it! — *civile*, suspension of civil rights; *mourir de sa belle —*, die a natural death; (fam.) *les épinards sont la — au beurre*, spinach takes lots of butter; — *aux rats*, rat poison; — *aux chiens* (poules, vaches), dog- (hen-, cow-) bane, i.e. meadow-saffron (hyoscyamus, archemora). 2. **mort**¹², **morte** [L. -tuus], m., f.: dead person; dummy at cards; exhausted lime-water (in tanning): *le jour des —s*, All-Souls' day; *faire le —*, play dead.

mortadelle¹⁵ [It. -lla], f.: large sausage (prepared in a MORTAR).

mor-tailable¹², adj.: revertible (to a feudal lord). ||-**-taille**¹² [mort, death], f.: bondage.

mor-taise¹² [?], f.: mortise, socket. **-taiser**¹⁵, tr.: mortise.

mor-talité¹¹ [L. -talitas], f.: mortality (liability to die; number of deaths for

certain time). **-t-bois** [mourir], m.: poor wood (not salable, such as thorn-bushes). **-te-eau**, pl. **-s**—x [mourir], f.: lowest tide; neap tide; flax person. **-tel**⁹, =elle [L. *tālis*], adj.: mortal (liable to death; fatal; deadly). **-tellement**¹¹ [tel], adv.: mortally. **-te-paie** [mourir], f.: pensioned soldier; pensioner, old servant still kept. **-te-saison**¹⁴, pl. **-s**—s [mourir], f.: dull season (in trade). **-t-gage**¹², pl. **-s**—s [mourir], m.: mortgage.

mortier⁹ [L. *-tarius*], m.: MORTAR (grinding bowl; short cannon); box for slacking lime; scholastic cap; plaster made of lime and sand; plaster of clay and sand for furnaces).

mor-tifère¹⁴ [L. *-tifer*], adj.: deadly. **-tifant**¹⁵, adj.: mortifying. **-tifica-tion**¹³ [L. *-tificatio*], f.: = (decay of flesh; bodily austerity; feeling of wounded pride); ripening (of wild game). **||-ti-fier**¹¹ [L. *-tificare* (mors, death, facere, make)], tr.: mortify (decompose; gangrene; vex, afflict; wound pride of); ripen (game). **-t-né**¹⁶, adj.: still-born. **-tuair**¹² [L. *-tuarius*], adj.: mortuary (of the dead; f.: house of the deceased; register of deaths); m.: case of death.

morue¹² [?], f.: codfish. — *franche*, fresh cod; *baptisé d'eau de* —, born unlucky; *en queue de* —, garment with long tails.

mor-ve¹⁵ [? *gourme*], f.: glanders (catarrhus disease of horses); animal mucor, snot, puita; rot (of lettuce, of chicory). **-ver**¹⁵, intr.: (old) run at the nose; (now) rot (as diseased plants). **-veux**¹², =ense, adj.: glandered; snotty; m., f.: (fam.) snot-nose; mere child: *qui se sent — qu'il se mouche*, if the coat fits you, put it on.

morvolant¹⁷ [mort (mourir), volant (voler)], m.: refuse silk (silk mixed with floss).

mosai-que¹⁵ [It. *-ca* (L. *musivum*)], f.: mosaic (inlaid work of small pieces); medley; gay seashell: *panneau en* —, panel in scroll-work. **-ste**¹⁸, m., f.: mosaicist.

†moscovade¹⁶ [Port. *mazcabado* (mazca-bar, dishonour)], f.: crude sugar.

Moscovie, f.: Russia.

†mosette, see *molette*.

mosquée¹⁸ [Ar. *mesd-jid*, place of prayer], f.: mosque, Mohammedan temple.

mot⁹ [p. L. **mottum* fr. L. *mutum*, grunt], m.: =, word; saying, MOTTO; sentence; solution, answer (to puzzle or riddle): *bon* —, witticism; *jeu de* —s, play on words; *gros* —s, abusive words; *en un* —, in short; *en* —s *propres*, expressly; *un* (pe-tit) —, a short letter; *avoir le* — *pour*

rire, inclined to be humorous; — *pour* —, word for word; — *à* —, literally; *manger les* —s, speak indistinctly; *ne pas dire* (or *fam. souffler*) —, keep mum, not breathe a word; (Aum.) *dire deux* —s *à une bouteille*, interview a bottle, i.e. open it; *au bas* —, at the lowest estimate; *entendre à demi* —, take a hint; *avoir le* —, know the agreement; *prendre le* — *de quelqu'un*, depend on what one agreed to; *sonner un ou deux* —s, blow a signal. **motet**¹², m.: = (song or composition for churches, cantata).

mo-teur¹⁴, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-triz*], m., f.: MOVER; prime mover; motor (machine); adj.: moving. **-tif**¹⁵ [L. *-tivus*], m.: motive; subject (in music). **-tion**¹² [L. *-tio*], f.: =; impulse. **-tiver**¹⁷ [tif], tr.: motive, prompt.

mot-te¹¹ [?], f.: little hill; clod; lump; turf (for fuel). **-ter**¹⁵, tr.: clod, throw clods at: *se* —, hide behind a clod (as quails). **†tereau**¹⁸, m.: mud swallow. **-teur**¹⁶, m.: fallow-finch.

motus [? (Aumore.) made fr. *mot*], interj.: mum is the word!

1.mou⁹ (or poetic *mol*), **molle** [L. *mollis*], adj.: soft; feeble; effeminate; slack: *bronze* —, soft bronze, i.e. tempered in cold water; *mer molle*, stagnant pond; (*morue*) *molle salée*, cod not salted enough; *temps* —, muggy weather; m.: softness, mellow-ness. **2.mou**¹⁸, m.: lights, lungs (of beef, etc.).

mou-chard¹⁵, **-arde**, m., f.: (fam.) detective, police spy. **-chardage**¹⁷ [charder], m.: (fam.) spying. **-charder**¹⁵, tr.: spy, watch; be a spy. **||-che**⁹ [L. *musca*], f.: fly (the insect; muscæ volantes, spots floating before the eyes; fly hook; anything suggesting the speed, colour, or buzzing of a fly); speck, spot; beauty-spot; plaster (to relieve soreness); bull's-eye; imperial (tuft of beard on lower lip); button (on point of fencing-swords); five cards of same colour; spy (who flits back and forth); small warship or other steamer (capable of darting about rapidly); fleeting pains (just preceding confinement): — *à miel*, honeybee; — *asile*, ox-fly; — *d'Espagne* (or *de St-Jean*), cantharides; *faire la* —, hit the bull's-eye; (*fig.*) *être tendre aux* —s, be sensitive; *quelle* — *le pique*, what is troubling him? *la* — *lui monte à la tête*, or *prendre la* —, take offence suddenly; *pattes de* —, small ill-formed writing; *faire la* — *du coque*, make a great ado (as though doing something very important); (fam.) *tuer les* —s, kill flies (with one's bad breath); *chasser les* —s, slash the air (in fencing); *abrevoir à* —s, long wound; *une fine* —,

a keen person; a dinner-hunter. 1.-**cher**¹⁵, *intr.*: flit about; *tr.*: spy, watch.

2.**moucher**¹⁶ [p.L.**muccdre* (L. *muc(e)us*), *tr.*: blow (the nose); wipe (the nose); snuff (a candle); smooth, cut even (the end of a rope, or of wood): *se* —, blow one's nose; (*low*) — *quelqu'un*, call one down (where he belongs).

mou-cherol(1)**e**¹⁵ [-*che*], *f.* (m.): little fly-catcher. 1.-**cheron**¹² [-*che*], *m.*: gnat.

2.**moucheron** [-*cher*, snuff], *m.*: snuff; thief (in a candle-flame).

†**mouchet**, see *émouchet*.

moucheter¹⁴ [-*che*], *tr.*: spot, speckle; button (the point of a foil); tie (hanks of silk, etc.).

mouchette¹³ [-*cher*, snuff], *f.*: candle-snuffers; turned up edge (of cornice); moulding-plane; residue (in a sieve).

moucheture¹⁵ [-*cher*, fly about], *f.*: spot, speck; scarification.

mou-queur¹⁶ = **cuise** [-*cher*, snuff], *m.*, *f.*: nose-blower; candle-snuffer. -**choir**¹² [-*cher*], *m.*: handkerchief: — (*de cou*), neck-kerchief; triangular block for repairing: (*fam.*) *jeter le* —, choose (a woman: in allusion to the Sultan). -**chure**¹⁶ [-*cher*], *f.*: snout; snuff (of candles).

†**mouçon**, see *mousson*.

moudre¹⁶ [L. *molere*], *irr.* §; *tr.*: grind (MILL): — *un air*, play a tune on a hand-organ; (*fam.*) *l'horloge moud*, the sand runs (in an hour-glass); or *moulu*, gold in small particles, gold dust; (*fam.*) *être moulu*, be sore (fr. beating or fatigue).

§ *Ind.*: Pr. *mou-ss, -ds, -d*; *mou-lens, -les, -lent*. *Imp.* *moulais*. *Pret.* *moulus*. *Fut.* (*Cond.*) *moudrai(s)*. — *Subj.*: Pr. *moule*. *Imp.* *moulasse*. — *Pve* *mouls*. — *Part.*: Pr. *moulant*; P. *moulu*.

moue¹¹ [?], *f.*: MOW (grimace of the mouth).

mouée¹⁶ [?], *f.*: reward (soup made of blood, milk, bread, etc., for dogs while hunting).

mouette¹³ [*mouve*, gull], *f.*: sea-gull.

†**moufette**, see *moffette*.

†**moufflard**¹³, -**arde** [*moufle*, older form of *muffle*], *m.*, *f.*: chub-face (person with fat cheeks).

1.**mou-fle**¹¹ [ak. to Holl. *mouw*, 'sleeve,' and Eng. *muff*], *f.* (m.): MUFFLE (thick mitten, boxing glove); pulley block with several sheaves; (glazier's) wooden holder; iron-tie (to hold a wall in place). 2.-**fle**¹⁶ [?], *m.*: MUFFLE (assay oven; annealing oven; cupel). 1.-**fleur**¹⁵, *tr.*: muffle; *poulie mouflée*, a pulley sheaved with others; *mur mouflé*, wall tied or anchored by bars of iron.

2.†**mouffier** [*moufle* older form of *muffle*], *tr.*: pull by the nose and cheek, tweak.

mouflette¹⁴ [*moufle*, muffle], *f.*: little muffle; (glazier's) clutch, holder.

mouffon¹⁴ [? Sardinia dial.: cf. It. *mofola*], *m.*: —, wild sheep of Corsica and Sardinia.

mouff-lage¹⁶, *m.*: soaking, watering; anchoring; anchorage. -**le-bouche**¹⁶, *f.*: kind of pear. -**lée**¹⁷, *part.*: cf. *-ler*; *f.*: batch (of rags soaked). -**lement**¹⁶, *m.*: watering; soaking; (esp.) sounding as a liquid, softening (as Fr. *l*). -**-ler**¹⁶ [p.L. **molliäre* (*mollis*, soft), make soft], *tr.*:

soak; drench; water; make liquid (as *l* or *n*); let go (the anchor): *le mouillé*, wet weather; *tirer au doigt mouillé*, draw lots by guessing which finger is wet; *poule mouillée*, milksop; — *un ragout du vin*, season a stew with wine; — *le vin*, put water into wine; *draperie mouillée*, transparent drapery in sculpturing. -**lette**¹⁶, *f.*: sippet (piece of bread to eat with eggs or wine). -**loir**¹⁴, *m.*: wetting-tub, sizing vat (where paper is dipped in size); moistening cup (where a spinner wets her fingers to twist the thread); wooden bowl (for wetting tongs used in handling sugar-plums).

1.**moulage**¹⁴ [-*ler*], *m.*: moulding, MODEL-LING.

2.**mou-lage**¹³ [*meule*], *m.*: millstone-driver. 3-†**-lage**¹³ [-*dre*], *m.*: milling.

†**-lant**¹² [-*dre*], *m.*: miller's customer, or boy.

moule¹⁶ [L. *modulus*], *m.*: MOULD (matrix; form; moulding flask; gold-beater's packet); MODEL; netting-pin (over which the mesh is made right size); *fait au* —, well-made; (*humor.*) *le* — *du pourpoint*, the body; *le* — *du gant*, the hand; (*fam.*) *slap*.

2.**moule**¹⁶ [L. *musculus*, MUSCLE, little MOUSE], *f.*: edible mussel, clam: — *du peintre*, shell as palette; — *aux perles*, pearl oyster.

moulée¹³ [*meule*], *f.*: steel-dust (from grinding).

mou-ler¹⁰ [-*le*], *tr.*: MOULD; put moulding on; MODEL; imitate; †measure: — *d bon creux*, or *d bon fond*, use a mould that can be taken apart and assembled; *lettre moulée*, print; *une robe qui moule le buste*, a dress which fits close; *marches moullées*, steps with a moulding; — *une pierre*, mark out the pattern on a stone. -**lerie**¹⁷, *f.*: moulding room. -**let**¹⁷ [-*le*, mould], *m.*: little mould; wooden gauge (for tongue of boards). -**leur**¹², *m.*: moulder, †wood-measurer.

mou-lin [L. *molinum*], *m.*: MILL (grinding machine; building where it is): — *pendu*, floating mill; — *banal*, feudal toll-mill; *renvoyer quelqu'un d son* —, send one about his business; *une femme qui a jeté son bonnet par-dessus les* —, a woman

who has bidden farewell to decency; *vétir* un — *d vent*, canvas over the arms of a windmill; un — *d paroles*, a great prattler. **-linage**¹⁶ [-liner], m.: = (twisting and doubling of raw silk for dyeing). **-liner**¹², tr.: grind; polish (with sandstone); bore wood (as worms); twist and double (raw silk for dyeing). **-linet**¹³, m.: = (turnstile; windlass); wheel (of windmill); stirring rod; stirring motion; dummy (for training retrievers): *faire le* — avec un bâton, whirl about with a stick. **-lineur**, = *ense* or *-linier*¹⁶, **-ière** [-liner], m., f.: silk-twister: (dial.) un moulineur, a fuller.

†moult⁹ [L. *multum*], adv.: † = (MUCH, very).

moulure¹⁵ [-ler], f.: moulding (in architecture).

mon-rant⁹, = *ante*, adj.: dying; m., f.: dying person: *œil* —, languid eye; *tons* —s, colours graded off. **-rir**⁹ [p. L. **morire* (L. *mori*)], irr. §; intr.: die; cease: se —, be dying; *faire* — *quelqu'un à petit feu*, kill one with petty annoyances; *ivre mort*, dead drunk; un *habit (de couleur) feuille morte*, dry-leaf coloured dress; il n'y va pas de main morte, he makes his blows tell; *faire main morte*, let the hand hang listlessly; *œuvres mortes*, hull below the loading line.

§ Ind.: Pr. *meurt*, -*rs*, -*rt*; *mou-rant*, -*ez*, *meurent*. Ipt. *mourait*, Pret. *mourut*. Fut. (Cond.) *mourrait*. — Subj.: Pr. *meure*; *mouruis*. Ipt. *mouruise*. — l've *meurt*. — Part.: Pr. *mourant*; P. *mort*.

mouron¹³ [?], m.: red pimpernel.

mourre¹⁵ [It. *mora*], f.: mora, guessing fingers (game where one quickly shows and hides his fingers while another guesses the number of fingers).

mous-quel¹⁵ [It. *moschetto* (lit. sparrowhawk)], m.: MUSKET, old style smooth-bore gun. **-quartade**¹⁵, f.: musket discharge. **-quxtaire**¹⁵, m.: musketeer: (humor.) — *d genoux*, man giving an injection. **-queterie**¹⁵, f.: musketry. **-queton**¹⁵, m.: musketoon (short large caliber musket).

1. **mousse**¹¹ [OHG. *mos*, ak. to L. *muscus*], f.: MOSS; froth, foam.

2. **mousse**¹⁴ [ak. to It. *mozzo* (? L. *mutulus*, mutilated)], adj.: dull, blunt: *chèvre* —, goat without horns; *vache* —, MULEY (hornless).

3. **mousse**¹⁵ [It. *mozzo* fr. Sp. *mozo* fr. L. *mustus*, young], m.: cabin-boy.

mousseline¹⁵ [Turkish town Mosul], f.: MUSLIN: *verre* —, very fine glass; *brioche* —, very fine light cake.

mous-ser¹⁵ [1.-se], intr.: foam; grow moss: *faire* —, foam; make angry. **-se-ron**¹³ [1.-se], m.: MUSHROOM. **-seron-**

nière¹⁵ [-seron], f.: mushroom bed.

-seur¹⁵, = *ense* [1.-sse], adj.: mosslike; mossy; foamy: *rose mosseuse*, moss-rose.

-sier¹⁷ [1.-se], m.: moss collection.

-soir¹⁷, m.: washing machine (for fine linen); beater (for making chocolate foam).

mousson¹⁶ [Port. *monção*, Sp. *monzón* (fr. Ar. *mausim*, season), f.: monsoon, trade-wind (often violent) of the Indian Ocean.

moussu¹¹ [1.-sse], adj.: mossy: *rose moussue*, moss-rose.

mousta-che¹⁴ [It. *mostaccio* (Gr. *mústax*)], f.: mustache (beard on upper lip; old soldier); whiskers (of animals); tongs (to draw gold or silk thread); titmouse (or other bird with stripes suggesting mustache): *†faire quelque chose à la* — *de quelqu'un*, brave one to his face; *brûler la* — *d quelqu'un*, fire at very close range. **-chu**¹⁵, adj.: hav'g heavy mustache.

moustille¹⁵ [? ak. to *moût*], f.: sharpness (of liquors).

†mouss-tillier¹⁵, m., or **-tiquaire**¹⁵, f.: mosquito-net. **†-tique**¹⁶ [Sp. *mosquito* (mosca, fly)], m.: mosquito.

moût⁹ [L. *mustum*], m.: MUST (new wine ready to ferment); juice (of vegetables used for making drinks).

mountard¹¹ [?], m.: (fam.) brat, little boy.

mountar-de¹⁵ [moût], f.: MUSTARD (the table condiment; plant sinapis): *de la* — *après dîner*, when it is too late; *la* — *lui monte au nez*, he is getting angry. **-delle**¹⁵, f.: (dial.) horse-radish. 1. **-dier**¹⁴, m.: mustard-pot. 2. **-dier**¹⁵, **-ière**, m., f.: mustard dealer or maker.

†moutier⁹ [L. *monasterium*, Gr. *monastérion*], m.: MONASTERY.

mou-ton¹¹ [? Celt.], m.: sheep; MUTTON; (esp.) wether; ram(mer); pile-driver; beam (of a bell); pl.: white-caps (foamy waves); dust heaps (under furniture); adj.: *mouton*, *-tonne*, sheepish; sheep-like: *saut de* —, leap-frog. **-tonnaille**¹⁵, f.: (fam.) henchmen, crowd of blind followers.

-tonnement¹⁵ [-tonner], m.: foaming (of the sea). **-tonner**¹⁵, tr.: make fleece-like, frizzle; intr.: foam, be full of small waves or white-caps. **-tonneur**¹⁵, = *ense*, adj.: full of white caps, low waves. **-tonnier**¹³, **-ière**, adj.: (fam.) sheep-like, unthinking.

mouture⁹ [L. *molitura* (molere, grind)], f.: grinding, MILLING; miller's toll; maslin (wheat, rye and barley mixed): — *mar-chande* or *rustique*, milling with but one bolt; — *d la grosse*, coarse grinding; *tirer d'un sac deux* —s, take double toll.

mou-vage¹⁵, adj.: loosening; stirring. **-vance**¹⁶, f.: (feudal) tenure. **-vant**¹¹, adj.: moving: *†force* —e, active force; *sable* —, quicksand; *tableau* —, changing

picture; *La Marche était — e du Poitu*, *La Marche* was under Poitu's tenure, held in fief from Poitu; (*her.*) *trois rais d'or — s du chef*, three rays of gold issuing fr. the head. **-vement**¹¹, *m.*: movement (motion; move; impulse; transportation; circulation; progress; animation; mechanism); changes (in the personnel): — *oratoires*, bursts of eloquence; — *perpétuel*, perpetual motion; *avoir l'humeur en —*, feel an impulse; *avoir un — de colère*, feel impulse to anger; *le — des draperies*, the folds of drapery (in painting or sculpture). **-vementer**¹⁸ [-vement], *tr.*: rouse, set thinking. **-ver**¹⁵, *tr.*: move; (*esp.*) stir (soil); loosen (sugar fr. sides of the vessel). **-veron**¹⁷ [-ver], *m.*: scraper (for loosening sugar). **-vet**¹⁷, **-vette** [-ver], *m., f.*: stirrer (*esp.*) stirring ladle or rod. 1. **-voir**^o [L. *movēre*], *irr. §; tr. or intr.*: MOVE: (*by extens.*) *un fief qui meut d'un autre*, a fief in subtenure. 2. **-voir**¹¹, *m.*: stirrer, stirring-stick (ladle or oar).

§ Ind.: *Pr. meus, meus, meut; mou-vons, -vez, meurent*. *Ipf. mouvois*. *Pret. muv.* *Fut. (Cond.) mouvrai(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. mouve; mouvions*. *Ipf. muisse*. — *I've meus*. — *Part.*: *Pr. mouvant*; *P. mu* or *mû*.

moxa¹⁶ [China, 'mugwort' (used as wicking for lights)], *m.*: = (cotton-wool cone or cylinder to be burnt on the skin for cauterising).

moye¹⁶ *mua* [-yer], *f.*: soft side (of building-stone).

1. **mo-yen**^o, **-enne** [L. *mediānus* (medium, MIDDLE)], *adj.*: MEAN, average, middle-sized, intermediate: *écriture moyenne* (or *le —*), fair handwriting; *âge —*, middle age; *le — âge*, the middle ages (ten centuries ending with the reformation); *le — allemand*, Middle High or Low German; (*quantité*) *moyenne*, average; (*termes*) *— s*, means of a proportion; — (*terme*), middle term in logic; *vie moyenne*, average length of life; *cours —*, average price or quotation; *la voix moyenne* (or *le —*), the middle voice (of verbs). 2. **-yen**¹¹, *m.*: MEAN (†intermedium); average; middle; power; means; money; middle (term); (*fam.*) intelligence; plea: *hériter par —*, inherit indirectly; *les grands — s*, decisive things; *qui veut la fin veut les — s*, one must take steps to accomplish one's set purpose; *il n'y a pas —*, there is no way. **-yenâgeux**¹⁸, **-ense** [-yen âge], *adj.*: (*fam.* and *contempt.*) mediæval. **-yennant**¹⁴ [-yenner], *prep.*: by means of — *que*, provided that. **-yennement**¹², *adv.*: moderately; mediately, somewhat. †**-yenner**¹¹, *tr.*: mediate. **-yer**^o [L. *mediāre*], *tr.*: divide, split (rock).

moyen^o [L. *modiolus*, 'little peck measure'], *m.*: hub; †yolk; (*dial.*) sugar-plum.

†**mozette**¹⁶ [It. *mozzetta*], *f.*: = (bishop's mantle or cape).

†**muable**¹⁹ [muer], *adj.*: MUTABLE, changeable. **muance**¹¹ [muer], *f.*: †change; MUTA (in music); changing (of voice at puberty).

mucédinées¹⁸ [L. *-do*, mould], *f. pl.*: mucodinaceæ, fungi, moulds.

†**muche-pot**¹⁷ [*dial. mucher* for *musser*], *adv.*: *d —*, in concealment.

mu-cilage¹⁸ [L. *-cilago*, sticky juice], *m.*: =. **-cilagineux**¹⁴, **-euse** [L. L. *-cilaginosus*], *adj.*: mucilaginous. **-co-sité**¹⁵ [L. *-cosus*], *f.*: mucosity (slime of mucous membrane). **-cus** [L.], *m.*: = (secretion of the mucous membrane).

1. †**mue**^o [L. *mūtus*, mute], *adj. f.*: rage —, dumb rabies (i.e. madness with no barking).

2. **mu-e**¹¹, *f.*: moulting, exuviation; exuviae; rest, quiet (of moulting falcons); MEW; MUTE; coop (for moulting fowls or for fattening); change of voice (at puberty); *les — s du cerf*, cast-off antlers; *mettre un oiseau chanteur en —*, make it dark for a bird (so he won't sing); *mettre les chiens à la —*, keep dogs from hunting; *un peuple mis en —*, mice torn by the owl. †**-uer**^o [L. *mūtāre*], †*tr. or intr.*: MOULT; change.

muet¹¹, 1. **-ette** [OFr. *mu* (L. *mutus*)], *adj.*: mute, dumb, silent: *chien —*, dog that hunts without giving mouth; *person, nage —*, supernumerary; *jeu —*, dumb play; *scène — te*, dumb show; *vin —*, unfermented wine; *d la — te*, noiselessly; *m., f.*: mute; *les — s*, servants of the Sultan (who do not speak in his presence).

2. **muette** [for †*muete* = *meute*], *f.*: hunting-lodge.

†**muetter**, see *muter*.

mu-fle¹⁵ [?], *m.*: muffle (thick naked upper lip as of cows); valve (of bellows): (*low*) *un vilain —*, an ugly mug; — *de veau*, snap-dragon (fig-wort). **-fier**¹⁷, *m.*: snap-dragon or calf's-snout. **-fière**¹⁸, *f.*: muzzle (to prevent sucking or biting).

muge¹⁵ [Prov. fr. L. *-gil*], *m.*: mullet (fish): — *volant*, flying fish.

mu-gir¹⁴ [L. *-gire*], *intr.*: bellow, roar. **-gissant**¹⁴, *adj.*: lowing. **-gissement**¹⁸, *m.*: bellowing; roaring.

†**mu-got**¹⁹ [?], *m.*: pile (of money).

mu-guet¹⁴ [? ak. to *musc* and *muscade*], *m.*: lily-of-the-valley; perfumed fop; whitish sores (in the mouth). **-gueter**¹⁴, *tr.*: pay court to; play the beau.

muid^o [L. *modius*, peck measure], *m.*: hogshead.

maire⁹ [L. *muria*, brine], *f.*: (dial.) water (salty fr. evaporation).

mu-lasse¹² [mule], *f.*: (dial.) mule colt. **-lassier**¹⁴, **-ière**, *adj.*: industrie mulassière, mule industry; (jument) mulassière, brood-mare for raising mules. **-lât-re**¹⁵ [Sp. *mulato*], *m., f.*: or **-lâtresse**¹⁵, *f.*: mulatto.

†**muloter**¹⁴ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: mulot, fine.

1. **mule**¹³ [L. *-lleus* (sc. *calceus*), red-coloured shoe], *f.*: =, toe-slipper; pope's slipper (of white with a worked cross); chilblain, kibes; jaws, chaps (of horses).

2. †**mule**¹² [?], *f.*: stomach, (esp.) fourth stomach (of cattle).

3. **mu-le**⁹ [L. *mula*], *f.*: she-mule: *ferre la —*, make profit unfairly (an allusion to a servant of Vespasian who was bribed to make delay by pretending a mule needed shoes). 1. **-let**¹⁵ [OFr. *mul* (L. *-lus*)], *m.*: he-mule; hybrid: †*garder* (or *brider*) *le —*, hold the sack, be duped.

2. **mulet** [L. *-llus*], *m.*: red mullet; striped mullet.

1. **mule-tier**¹⁵ [-*t*], *m.*: mule-driver.

2. **-tier**¹⁵, **-ière** [-*t*], *adj.*: *chemin —*, bridle path. **-ten**¹⁵ [-*t*], *m.*: young mule.

mulotte¹² [-*le*], *f.*: rennet; craw (of falcons, etc.).

mu-lier¹⁷ [2. *-let*], *m.*: seine (for mullet).

-lle¹⁵ [L. *-llus*], *m.*: striped mullet.

†**mulon**, see *meulon*.

mu-lot¹¹ [L. Ger. *mul*], *m.*: MOLE; †*endormir le —*, give one fair words. **-loter**¹⁵, *intr.*: dig for moles (as a dog).

multi-colore¹⁵ [L. *-color* (*multus*, much, many)], *adj.*: multi-coloured, of many colours. **-flore**¹⁷ [L. *-florus*], *adj.*: hav'g many flowers. **-forme**¹⁴ [L. *-formis*], *adj.*: multiform. **-loculaire**¹⁷ [L. *-loculus*, little place], *adj.*: many-celled.

multi-ple¹³ [L. *-plex*], *adj.*: =, manifold. **-pliable**¹¹, *adj.*: =. **-pliant**¹¹, *adj.*: multiplying, manifold.

-plicande¹⁵ [L. *-plicandus*], *m.*: multiplicand. **-plicateur**¹⁵ [L. *-plicator*], *m.*: multiplier. **-plication**¹² [L. *-plicatio*], *f.*: = (act of multiplying; increase).

-plicité¹¹ [L. *-plicitas*], *f.*: multiplicity. †**-plier**¹¹ [L. *-plicare*, fold many times, repeat], *tr., intr.*: multiply (repeat; increase).

-tude¹¹ [L. *-tudo*], *f.*: = (great number of persons or things). **-valve**¹⁷ [L. *multus*, MUCH, Fr. *valve*], *adj.*: multivalvular; *f.*: multivalve (mollusk).

muni-ci-pal¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-palis* (*munia*, duties, *capere*, take)], *adj.*: =, of a town or community; *garde —*, civic guard of Paris; *les municipaux*, soldiers of this guard. **-palité**¹⁷, *f.*: officers or seat (of the municipal government).

-pe¹⁷ [L. *-pium*, free-town], *m.*: municipium.

munificence¹⁴ [L. *-ficientia* (*munus*, gift, *facere*, make)], *f.*: generosity.

mu-nir¹³ [L. *-nire* (*mania*, walls), fortify], *tr.*: provision; supply; provide. **-nition**¹³ [L. *-nito*], *f.*: munitions, supplies; ammunition: *pain de —*, army bread; *fusil de —*, regulation gun of each soldier. **-nitionnaire**¹⁵ [-*nition*], *m.*: contractor (for supplies).

muqueux¹⁵, = **ense** [L. *mucosus* (*mucus*)], *adj.*: mucous: *râle —*, rattle (as of dying person).

mur⁹ [L. *-rus*], *m.*: wall: — *d'appui*, breast-wall; — *mitoyen*, partition wall; *battre les —s*, reel from side to side; *morts —s*, refractory walls of furnace; *franchir le — de la vie privée*, go right into one's private history; *tirer au —*, fence for practice at a wall; (*fig.*) at opponent who defends himself without attacking.

mûr⁹, 1. **-ûre**⁹ [L. *matûrus*], *adj.*: ripe; ready; mature.

mu-rage¹³ [-*rer*, in sense 'pay a wall-tax'], *m.*: walling. †**-raître** [-*r*], *f.*: wall (rampart); outer hoof; side of a ship's hull: *la — blanche est le papier des sots*, fools' names are found in public places. **-raissement**¹⁷ [-*railler*], *m.*: masonry. **-railler**¹⁴, *tr.*: wall. **-ral**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-ralis*], *adj.*: =, of a wall: *carte —*, wall-map; *couronne —*, notched crown (reward for mounting an enemy's wall first); (*cerce*) —, mural circle (astronomer's instrument fixed to a wall).

2. **mûre**⁹ [p. L. **mōra* (L. *mōrum*)], *f.*: mulberry (also, blackberry and similar fruits): *autant en dit renard des —s*, as the fox said of the grapes.

mureau¹¹ [mur], *m.*: masonry (of a furnace).

mûrement¹³ [mûr], *adv.*: maturely.

murène¹² [L. *-raena*, Gr. *-raina*, sea-eel], *f.*: murena, conger-eel.

murer¹¹ [mur], *tr.*: wall in; shut up within walls; wall up.

murex¹⁵, *pl.* **murices** [L.], *m.*: =, spiny mollusk: — *des anciens*, purple dye mollusk.

†**muria-te**¹⁷ [L. *-ria*, brine], *m.*: =, chloride. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: muriatic, hydrochloric.

mûrier [mûre], *m.*: mulberry-tree.

mû-rir¹³ [mûr], *tr.* or *intr.*: ripen, MATURE: — *la terre*, plough deep. **-risant**¹⁵, *adj.*: ripening.

murmurant¹⁵, *adj.*: murmuring. †**-rateur**¹⁵, = **trice** [L. *-rator*], *m., f.*: murmurer; *adj.*: murmuring. **murmure**¹¹, *m.*: murmur; muttering, complaint.

||-rer¹¹ [L. -rare], intr. or tr.: murmur; mutter; whisper.

mûron¹⁵ [mûre], m.: (dial.) blackberry; wild raspberry, etc.

mur-rhe¹⁸ [L., Gr. -rha], f.: murra, fine stone (for vases, etc.). -rhin¹⁵ [L. -rhinus], adj.: of murra stone, murrine.

musagète¹⁷ [L. -tes, Gr. mousagêtes], adj.: leading the Muses.

musaraigne⁹ [p. L. *mûsaranea (L. musaraneus, 'mouse-spider')], f.: shrew-mouse, shrew.

musar-d¹¹ [muser], adj.: idle. -der¹⁸, intr.: idle, loiter. -deric¹⁵, or -dise, f.: idleness, indolence.

mus-c [L. -cus, Gr. mûskos], m.: musk (animal perfume; musk-deer); brown, brownish.

-cade¹² [Prov. -cada (L. L. -cata, scented)], adj.: (noix) —, nutmeg; rose —, musk rose; f.: magician's ball.

-cadelle¹⁵ [Prov. -cadelo], f.: muscatel (pear). -cadet¹⁴ [Prov.], m.: muscatel (wine).

-cadier¹³ [-cade], m.: nutmeg-tree. -cadin¹⁵ [It. moscardino], m.:

†musk tablet or lozenge; scented dandy.

-cardin¹⁷ [It. moscardino, musk tablet], m.: =, dormouse. -cat¹⁸ [Prov.], adj.:

musklike; m.: = (fragrant grape or wine).

mus-cle¹⁵ [L. -culus, 'little mouse'], m.: =. -cisé¹⁷, adj.: muscled (with strongly marked muscles, strong).

-culaire¹⁷ [L. -cularis], adj.: of muscles, muscular.

-culature¹⁸ [L. -culus], f.: musculature, arrangement of muscles.

-cule¹⁸ [L. -culus], m.: (Rom.) shed (over besiegers or stormers, mantlet). -culeux¹⁸, -euse

[L. -culosus], adj.: muscular, fleshy.

1. **musé**¹¹ [L. Musa, Gr. Moûsa], f.: Muse, goddess (esp. as source of poetic inspiration); poetry.

2. **musé**¹¹ [-ser], f.: †diversion; beginning (of deer's rutting).

muséau¹¹ [stem mus- of unc. orig.], m.:

MUZZLE (mouth and nose of dogs, etc.; humor. human face); ward-end of key-bit; long-nosed eel; arm-rest (hav'g carved animal head): demi—, sword-fish; faux

(or noir) —, sores or itch about the mouth; — de tanche, vaginal orifice.

musée¹² [L. -seum, Gr. mousaion, 'temple of the Muses'], m.: museum: le — d'Alexandre, the Alexandrine library.

musé-ler¹⁵ [muséau], tr.: muzzle; (fig.) silence. -lière¹⁸ [muséau], f.: muzzle (mouth cage).

muşer¹¹ [? ak. to muse], intr.: †trifle; begin to rut (as deer).

muşerol(le)¹⁵ [It. -ruolo (muso, snout)], f.: nose-piece (of bridle).

muşette¹² [O.Fr. muse ak. to i-muse], f.:

bag-pipe; bag-pipe song or air; nose-bag

(for horse to eat from); knapsack; book-satchel or bag; bubble, flaw (in paper); net (for backhair).

mu-séum [L., temple of the MUSES], m.:

museum (natural history collection). -si-

cal¹⁸, pl. -aux [L. -sica, music], adj.: =.

-sicalement¹⁸ [-sical], adv.: musically.

-sicaire¹⁸ or -sicaire [L. -sicus, musician], m.: (fam.) poor musician.

-sicien¹⁸, -enne [L. -sica], m., f.:

musician. †-sico¹⁷ [-sique], m.: sing-

ing café (in the Netherlands). -sif [L.

aurum musivum, MOSAIC gold], adj.: or

—, sulphuric tin (used for rubbing electric

cushions). -sique¹¹ [L. -sica, Gr. mousi-

kê], f.: fine arts; †musicale; music; tune; shell (marked with bars).

-si-quer¹⁸ [-sique], tr.: put to music; intr.:

(fam.) make music.

muşoir¹⁷ [-seau], m.: rounded face (of a

pier); head (of a weir).

muşquer¹⁵ [musc], tr.: scent with musk;

rat musqué, musk-rat; paroles —, affected

words; enoyer à quelqu'un une chose

toute musquée, send one something en-

tirely free of expense; †messe musquée,

late mass (as though attended by late ris-

ing scented fops).

musse-pot, see muche-pot. †muşser¹¹

[p. L. *muciare (? fr. Celt.)], tr.: hide.

†muşsif, see muşif.

muşsation [L. -tatio (-tare, speak

low)], f.: =, attempted speaking (where

lips move but weakness prevents sound).

†muşurgie¹⁷ [Gr. mousourgia, poet's or

singer's art], f.: musurgy.

mutabilité¹¹ [L. -litas (mutare, change)],

f.: mutability.

mutage¹⁸ [-ter], m.: mute (new wine).

muta-tion¹² [L. -tio (mutare, change)],

f.: = (change; succession; rotation in

office; vocal change at puberty; devolu-

tion or conveyance of property; organ-

stop giving tones varying by fixed inter-

val; transposition).

muter¹⁸ [muét], tr.: mute (new wine),

arrest fermentation in (by addition of

sulphuric acid, etc.).

muti-lation¹² [L. -latio], f.: =, mayhem.

-ler¹⁸ [L. -lare], tr.: mutilate, deform,

spoil.

mu-tin¹⁸, -ine [meute, in former sense

of 'tumult'], adj.: mutinous; insubordi-

nate; m. f.: rioter, mutineer. -tiner¹⁸,

tr. reflex.: mutiny, rebel. -tinerie¹⁸,

f.: riot, outbreak, mutiny.

mutisme¹⁷ [L. -tus, mute], m.: dumbness.

mu-tualité¹⁸, f.: mutuality, interdepen-

dence (esp. in insurance). ||-tuel¹⁸,

-elle [L. -tuus], adj.: mutual, reciprocal,

interdependent. -tuellement¹⁸, adv.:

mutually.

mutule [L. *-lus*, m.: = (block under doric corona, orig'ly marking rafter ends).

myélite¹⁸ [Gr. *myelos*, marrow, f.: myelitis, inflammation of spinal cord.

myo-graphie¹⁸ [Gr. *mūs*, muscle, *gráphein*, write, f.: myography, description of muscles. **-logie**¹⁸ [L. *-logia*, f.: myology, anatomy of the muscles.

myo-pe¹⁸ [L. *-ps*, Gr. *múops*, m., f.: =, near-sighted person. **-pie**¹⁷ [Gr. *muopia*, f.: short-sightedness.

myo-sotis¹⁸ [L. fr. Gr. *muosotis*, 'mouse-ear', m.: =, scorpion grass. **-tomie**¹⁷ [Gr. *mūs*, muscle, *tomé*, cut, f.: myotomy, dissection of muscles.

myria-de¹⁶ [L. *myrias*, Gr. *myriás*, f.: myriad, ten thousand; a great number. **-mètre**¹⁷ [mètre], m.: myriameter, ten thousand meters (over 6 miles). **-pode** [L. *-poda* (Gr. *poús*, foot), m.: myriapod (insect of many legs).

myrmidon¹⁶ [L. fr. Gr. *Murmídon*, name of a people turned into ants, m.: petty person, wretch.

myrobolan¹² [L. *balanum*, Gr. *bálanon*, m.: = (prune-like fruit of India).

myr-rhe¹⁹ [L. *-rha*, Gr. *-rhe*, f.: myrrh (Arabian gum resin). **-his**¹⁵ [L., Gr., m.: = (plant, musk-chervil).

myr-te¹² [L. *-tus*, Gr. *múrtos*, m.: myrtle (shrub sacred to Venus). **-tiforme**¹⁷ [L. *forma*, shape], adj.: myrtle-like. **-tille**¹² [L. *-tillus*, branch of myrtle], m. (f.): cranberry.

mystagogue¹⁵ [L. *-tagogus*, Gr. *mustagógos*, leader into MYSTERIES, m.: initiator (priest). **-tère**¹¹ [L. *-terium*, Gr. *-terion* (*múster*, initiated person fr. *múein*, close), m.: mystery (secret of the ancient priests; any secret; rite or ceremony in religion not explained to all; any secret Christian theory not attainable by reason; puzzling phenomenon; religious play). **-térienement**¹⁵ [*-térien*], adv.: mysteriously. **-térien**¹⁴, = **-ense** [L. *-terium*, secret], adj.: of the mysteries; mysterious. **-tisme**¹⁸ [L. *-ticus*, mystic], m.: mysticism (doctrine that truth may be reached by faith independent of reason).

-tisté [L. *-ticus*, f.: supernaturalness, mystic character. **-tificateur**¹⁷, **-trice** [*-tifier*], m., f.: mystifier. **-tification**¹⁷ [*-tifier*], f.: =. **-tifier** [? root of *mystère*, *-fier* (L. *facere*, make)], tr.: mystify, confuse. **-tique**¹⁸ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *mustikós*], adj.: mystic, hav'g a secret nature; m.: mystic; f.: doctrine of mysteries. **-tiquement**¹⁴ [*-tique*], adv.: mystically.

my-the¹⁸ [L. *-thus*, Gr. *múthos*, saying (ak. to *mystère*)], m.: myth, legendary tale. **-thique**¹⁸, adj.: mythic, legendary.

mytho-graphie¹⁸ [Gr. *múthos*, tale, *gráphein*, write], f.: mythology. **-logie**¹⁸ [L. *-logia*, Gr. *muthologia* (lógos, speech)], f.: mythology, fabulous tales of antiquity. **-logique**¹⁴ [L. *-logicus*, Gr. *muthologikós*], adj.: mythological. **-logiste**¹⁷ [*-logie*], m., f.: mythologist. **-logue**¹⁵ [Gr. *muthológos*], m., f.: student of mythology.

myure¹⁷ *mi-ur* [L. *myurus*, Gr. *máouros*, MOUSE-tail], adj.: pouls —, sinking or failing pulse; pouls — *réci-proque*, pulse off and on, sinking and rising.

N

n *èn* [L.], f. or *ne*, m.: n (the letter): *n mouillé*, liquid n, i.e. the sound of Fr. *gn*, or Sp. *ñ*.

n' for *ne*.

naba-b¹⁷ [Ar., deputies], m.: nabob (Mussulman viceroy in India; fam. rich man). **-bie**¹⁷, f.: (rare) realm or title (of nabob).

nable¹⁶ [? Dutch *nagel*, NAIL], m.: plug; hole (for draining a skiff).

nabot¹⁵, = **-ote** [?], m., f.: dwarf.

† **nacaire**, see *gnacare*.

nacarat¹⁵ [Sp. *-rado*, NACREOUS], m. or adj.: = (pale red tinged with orange).

naelle⁹ [L. *navicella* (navis, ship)], f.: skiff; ear (of a balloon); scotia (moulding); keel (two lower petals of pulse corolla); concha (pit of the outer ear).

naeche⁹ [p. L. *natica*, L. *nates*, buttocks], f.: (old) nates; (now) pope's-eye (gland in middle of the muscle of beef, etc., called commonly "filter").

nacre¹⁸ [fr. Pers.], f.: =, mother-of-pearl.

nacré¹⁷, adj.: nacreous, pearly; m.: mother-of-pearl moth.

nadir¹⁸ [Ar. *nadhir*, opposed], m.: =, point opposite the zenith.

naffe¹⁵ [Ar. *nafha*, odour], f.: *eau de* —, NAPHA-water, orange-flower perfume.

na-ge¹¹, f.: †sailing; rowing; swimming; gunwale (of a row-boat); raft. (*fig.*) *en* —, in a sweat; *chef de* —, stroke-oar, chief oarsman; *se sauver à la* —, save one's self by swimming. **-geant**¹⁷, adj.: floating; (*her.*) *poisson* —, fish horizontal on an escutcheon; *carde* —, card that lets the wool run off easy. **-gée**¹⁶, f.: stroke (distance made at each stroke of the arms in swimming). † **-gement**¹¹, m.: swimming. **-geoire**¹⁵, f.: fin; bladder (to aid swimming); floating lid (to keep liquids from slopping over). **-ger**⁹ [L. *navigare* (navis, ship, *agere*, make go)], intr.: NAVIGATE (sail; row); swim; float: — *à culer*, backwater; — *en grande eau*,

(fig.) live in prosperity; — *entre deux eaux*, swim near the surface, (fig.) hesitate between two parties; — *de long*, row with long strokes; (fam.) *être à nage pataud*, flounder around in the water. **-geur**¹¹, **-euse**, *m., f.*: navigator; oarsman; swimmer; *adj.*: swimming.

naguère(s)¹¹ [(il) *n'a guères*, it is only a little], *adv.*: lately; but now.

naïade¹⁴ [L., Gr. *naias*], *f.*: naiad (water nymph).

naïf², **-ive** [L. *nativus* (*natus*, born)], *adj.*: naïve (NATIVE); NATURAL; frank); *m.*: naïf, nature without art; *pointe naïve*, uncut diamond of pyramidal shape.

naïf², **naïne** [L. *nanus*], *m., f.*: dwarf; *adj.*: dwarfish; *œuf* —, yolkless egg; *le — jaune*, pope-joan (card-game so called fr. a picture of a dwarf holding seven of diamonds).

naïssance¹¹, *f.*: birth; beginning. **-sant**¹⁵, *adj.*: NASCENT, starting. **naître**⁹ [p. L. **nascere* (L. *nasci*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: be born; hatch out; start; originate: *faire —*, give rise to; *ne pas être né*, not to be high-born; *être né pour* (or *à*) *quelque chose*, have a natural bent for a thing; (fam.) *être né coiffé*, be born lucky; *mort-né*, still-born; *le premier- (dernier-) né*, the eldest (youngest) son.

naïvement¹⁵ [naïf], *adv.*: naïvely. **-té** [naïf], *f.*: —, simplicity.

§ Ind.: Pr. *naïs*, *naïs*, *naît*; *naïs-sons*, *-sez*, *-sent*. Ipf. *naissais*. Pret. *naquis*. Fut. (Cond.) *naîtrais*, — Subj.: Pr. *naissiez*. Ipf. *naquisse*. — I've *naït*. — Part.: Pr. *naissant*; P. *né*.

nanan¹⁶ [echoic], *m.*: (baby-talk) goodies, candy.

nan-kin¹⁷ [city N. in China], *m.*: nankeen (cotton cloth); buff colour. **-kinnette**¹⁸, *f.*: fine nankeen.

nan-tir¹² [OFr. *nant*, pledge (ak. to Ger. *nehmen*, take)], *tr.*: secure (a person by some pledge); possess (one of a thing as security). **-tissement**¹⁴, *m.*: security; *fmortgage*; mortgaged objects.

napée¹⁴ [L. *-pæa*, Gr. *napala* (*napé*, wood)], *f.*: napæa, nymph of a glen or grove.

napel¹⁵ [l. L. *-llus* (L. *napus*, turnip)], *m.*: monk's-hood (poisonous plant).

naph-taline¹⁵, *f.*: naphthaline (extract of coal-tar). **-te** [L., Gr. *náphtha* fr. Pers.], *m.*: naphtha (volatile oil fr. petroleum, etc.).

napoléon¹⁵ [emperor N.], *m.*: napoleon (gold-piece worth \$4).

napp-e⁹ [L. *mappa*], *f.*: table-cloth; sheet (for meat; of water; of lead); flat net (for birds or fish); deer-skin; nappe (of cones, etc.): — *d'autel*, altar cloth; *mettre la —*, lay the cloth, set the table; *fournir la —*, make it easy for one to succeed.

-peron¹³, *m.*: little table-cloth; napkin. **narceisse**¹³ [L. *-ssus*, Gr. *nárkissos*], *m.*: daffodil.

narco-tine¹⁵ [fr. root of *-tique*], *f.*: —. **-tique**¹² [l. L. *-ticius*, Gr. *narkotikós* (*nárke*, torpor)], *adj.* or *m.*: narcotic (e.g. opium).

nard¹² [L. *-dus*, Gr. *-dos* fr. Hebr.], *m.*: —, spikenard.

nargue¹⁵ [?], *interj.*: about like "the deuce": *dire — de quelqu'un*, say bad luck to one. **-guer**¹⁶, *tr.*: defy; sneer at: — *les envieux*, say: plague take the jealous!

narguilé¹⁸ [fr. Pers.], *m.*: narghile, Oriental water pipe for smoking.

narine⁹ [p. L. *-rina* (L. *naris*)], *f.*: nostril; *fausse —*, conical pit by the nostril (as in horses).

narquois¹⁵, **-euse** [slang], *adj.*: *†*crafty; spiteful.

nar-rateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor*, *-triz*], *m., f.*: narrator. **-ratif**¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: narrative. **-ration**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: —. **†-ré**¹⁵ [narrer], *m.*: tale, account. **†-rer** [L. *narrare*], *tr.*: narrate (tell, relate); *intr.*: tell a story.

narthex [Gr. *ferula* plant], *m.*: —, arched porch (to a church).

narval¹⁶ [Scand., corpse (?) WHALE], *m.*: narwhal (Arctic cetacean).

na-sal¹⁷, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-salis* (*-sus*, NOSE)], *adj.*: —: *une —*, nasal sound, nasal vowel. **-salement**¹⁷, *adj.*: nasally. **-salisation**¹⁸ [**-saliser**], *tr.*: —. **-saliser**¹⁸, *tr.*: nasalise. **-salité**¹⁷, *f.*: nasality. **-sard**¹⁵ [nez], *m.*: —, organ-stop, 2 to 2½ ft. tone; *†*cornet-like instrument. **-sarde**¹⁵ [nez], *f.*: rap on the nose. **-sarder**¹⁵ [**-sarde**], *tr.*: fillip (on the nose). **-seau**¹⁵, *pl.* **-x** [nez], *m.*: nostril (esp. of horses): *†*fendeur de —, bully, fire-eater.

nasif-lard¹⁶, *adj.*: *un orateur —*, an orator who talks through his nose; *ton —*, nasal tone. **-lardement**¹⁶ [**-lard**], *adv.*: (rare) through the nose. **-lardise**¹⁶ [**-lard**], *f.*: (rare) talking through the nose. **-lement**¹⁷, *m.*: snuffling, talking nasally. **-ler**¹⁵ [nez], *intr.*: snuffle, talk with nasal twang. **-leur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: snuffer, nasal talker. **-lonnement**¹⁷ [**-lonner**], *m.*: (fam.) habit of talking nasally. **-lonner**¹⁷, *intr.*: (fam.) talk nasally. **-lonneur**¹⁷, **-euse** [**-lonner**], *m., f.*: twanger (one who talks with nasal twang). **nasitort**¹⁵ [L. *nasus*, NOSE, *tortus*, twisted], *m.*: NASTURTIUM, water-cress.

nasse⁹ [L. *nassa*], *f.*: bow-net, bird-snare; dog-whelk (mollusk); (fig.) scrape.

nata-l¹⁴ [L. *-lis* (*natus*, born)], *adj.*: —,

of birth: *jour* —, birthday; *pays* —, native land. **-lité**¹⁸, *f.*: natality, birth-rate.

nata-tion¹⁷ [L. *-tio* (*natare*, swim)], *f.*: —, art of swimming. **-toire**¹⁷ [L. *-torius*], *adj.*: natatory, for swimming.

na-tif¹⁸, **-ive** [L. *-tīvus* (*-tus*, born)], *adj.* or *m., f.*: native; natural. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (people; tribe); guild, class; clique: *les —s*, the heathen (biblical use).

nationa-l¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux** [nation], *adj.*: —, of the nation: *les nationaux*, the natives (esp. when abroad). **-lement**¹⁷, *adv.*: as a nation. **-liser**¹⁷, *tr.*: nationalise. **-lité**¹⁸, *f.*: nationality.

nativité¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*natus*, born)], *f.*: nativity (birth, esp. of Christ; astrological horoscope; †time of one's birth).

natron¹⁸, or **-trum** [Sp. *-trón* fr. Ar.], *m.*: —, sodium carbonate.

nat-te⁹ [L. *matta*], *f.*: mat, matting; braid, plait (of hair); sea-shell (resembling a plait): *une — à quatre (brins)*, plait of four strands. **-ter**¹⁸, *tr.*: mat; braid; plait. **-tier**¹⁸, **-ière**, *m., f.*: (rare) mat-maker or seller.

natura-lisation¹⁸ [*-liser*], *f.*: naturalisation (making a legal citizen; acclimation); taxidermy. **-liser** [L. *-lis*, natural], *tr.*: naturalise (make a legal citizen; acclimatise); mount, stuff (dead animals); †make natural. **-lisme**¹⁷ [L. *-lis*], *m.*: naturalism (state of nature; naturalness; opposite of supernaturalism; opposite of idealism). **-liste**¹⁸ [L. *-lis*], *m., f.*: naturalist (zoologist, etc.); believer in naturalism; artist who copies nature; stuffer, taxidermist. †**-lité** [L. *-litas*], *f.*: naturalisation.

natu-rant¹⁷ [Spinoza's word *-rans*], *adj.*: *la nature —e*, the first principle as producer of the universe. **-natu-re**¹¹ [L. *-ra*], *f.*: = (aggregate of created things; universe; inherent laws of things; vital force; wildness; spontaneity; born condition; unregenerateness); kind (products instead of money); blood; kinship: *l'état de pure —*, nakedness; — *morte*, still-life painting; *demi—*, half life-size. **-ré** [Spinoza's word *-ratus*], *adj.*: *la nature naturée*, passive nature. **-rel**¹¹, **-elle** (L. *-ralis*), *adj.*: natural; innate; unregenerate; *m.*: savage; born character; nature; simplicity; love of kindred: *au —*, true to life; *vin —*, pure wine; *parties naturelles*, sexual organs; *un enfant —*, a bastard. **-rellement**¹¹ [*-rel*], *adv.*: naturally, by nature; of course.

1. nau-frage¹⁸ [L. *-fragium* (*navis*, ship, *frangere*, BREAK)], *m.*: shipwreck; wreck, ruin: *faire — au port*, fail in the hour of apparent victory. **2. -frage**¹⁸ [L. *-fragus*], *m.*: shipwrecked man. **-fragé**¹⁸, **-ée**,

adj.: wrecked; *m., f.*: shipwrecked person. **-lage** [Prov. fr. L. *-lum*, Gr. *naûlon*, passage money, fare], *m.*: freight. **-machie**¹⁸ [L. *-machia*, Gr. *-machia* (*máche*, battle)], *f.*: naumachy (mock sea-fight; place of the exhibition). **-séabond**¹⁸ [L. *-seabundus*], *adj.*: sickening, nauseous. **-sée**¹⁸ [L. *-sia*, Gr. *-sia*], *f.*: nausea; disgust. **-tile**¹⁸ [L. *-tilis*, Gr. *-tilos*], *m.*: nautilus (sea-shell); life-preserver (belt). **-tique**¹⁸ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: nautical. **-tonier**¹¹, **-ière** [Gr. *-tes*], *m., f.*: (poetic) boatman, mariner.

na-val¹⁸ [L. *navalis*], *adj.*: naval. †**-vée**⁹ [p. L. **navata* (*navis*, ship)], *f.*: †cargo, ship-load.

navet¹² [L. *napus*], *m.*: turnip. **1. -tte**¹⁸, *f.*: rape: — *d'été*, summer rape; *grosse —*, coleseed; *l'huile de —*, rapeseed-oil.

2. navette [nef], *f.*: —, NAVICULA, incense-boat; shuttle; (other things shaped like a boat): piece of lead; kind of sea-shell; dug-out canoe; partly wreathed pulley: *faire la —*, go to and fro like a shuttle; (at whist) lead back for partner to trump; *une —*, playing for each other to trump.

navi-culaire¹⁸ [L. *-cularis*, boat-shaped], *adj.*: navicular, hollowed out: *maladie —*, disease of the sesamoid bone (of a horse's hoof). **-gabilité**¹⁸ [*-gabile*], *f.*: navigableness. **-gable**¹⁸ [L. *-gabilis*], *adj.*: —, fit for boats. **-gateur**¹⁸ [L. *-gator*], *m.*: voyager. **-gation**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: —, sailing. **-guer**¹⁸ [L. *-gare*], *intr.*: navigate, travel by water. **navi-llé**¹⁷ [It. *-glío*], *f.*: ditch (for irrigation). **navi-re**¹⁸ [L. *-lium*, fleet], *m.*, or *tr.*: ship: — *marchand*, merchantman.

na-vrant¹⁸, *adj.*: heart-rending. **-vrer**¹⁸ [ak. to Ger. *narbe*, scar], *tr.*: wound; distress.

1. ne⁹, or (before vowel or silent *h*) **n'** [L. *non*], *adv.*: not: *je ne saurais dire*, I can not say; *ne . . . pas*, not; *ne . . . que*, only; *ne . . . guère*, not very; *ne . . . personne*, nobody; *ne . . . point*, not at all; *je n'en sais rien*, I know nothing about it; *je ne désire ni ne crains sa présence*, I neither wish nor dread his presence; *je crains qu'un songe ne m'abuse*, I am afraid of being deceived by a dream; *plus amoureux que je ne fus jamais*, more loving than I ever was; *on se voit d'un autre œil qu'on ne voit son prochain*, one looks at himself different from the way one looks at his neighbour. †**2. ne** or **†n'** [L. *nee*], *conj.*: neither; nor.

né, née, see *naître*. **né-anmoins**¹¹ [*néant, moins*], *adv.*: nevertheless. **-ant**¹⁸ [L. *ne*, not, *inde*, 'whence', or *ens*, being], *adv.* or *m.*: nothing (naught); nothingness; emptiness:

mettre à —, annul; *pour —*, for nothing; *homme de —*, worthless man; *le — de ses pompes*, the nothingness of its splendours.

nébu-leux¹⁰, =*ense* [L. *lōsus* (-la, mist)], *adj.*: nebulous, cloudy; *les (étoiles) nébuleuses*, nebulae, extremely small stars. **-losité**¹⁰ [L. *-lositas*], *f.*: nebulosity; nebula, gloominess.

néces-saire¹¹ [L. *-narius*], *adj.* or *m.*: necessary; needful; indispensable; *un —*, a lackey; *selon le —*, according to necessity. **-sairement**¹², *adv.*: necessarily. **-sitant**¹⁵ [-*siter*], *adj.*: compelling; necessitous. **-sité**¹¹ [L. *-sitas*], *f.*: necessity (needfulness; indispensableness; unavoidableness; poverty; urgent need; fatalism); *faire de — vertu*, make a virtue of necessity (do cheerfully what cannot be avoided); — *fait* (or *n'a point de loi*, necessity knows no law. **-siter**¹³ [L. *-sitare*], *tr.*: necessitate (compel; require). **-sitour**¹⁴, =*ense* [-*sité*], *adj.*: needy, poor; desirous.

nécro-loge¹⁶ [L. *-gium* (Gr. *nekros*, corpse, *lógos*, speech)], *m.*: necrology, list of dead, death register; obituary for a year. **-logie**¹⁷, *f.*: necrology. **-logique**¹⁸ [-*logie*], *adj.*: necrological. **-mancie**¹¹ [L. *-mantia*, Gr. *nekromanteia* (mantis, soothsayer)], *f.*: necromancy, divination by aid of the dead. **-man-eien**, =*enne* [-*mancie*], *m., f.*: necromancer. **-mant**¹⁶ [It. *negromante*], *m.*: magician. **-pole**¹³ [Gr. *nekropolis*, city of the dead], *f.*: necropolis (underground cemetery as in ancient Egypt; graveyard). **nécro-se**¹⁷ [Gr. *nekrosis*, mortification], *f.*: necrosis, rot of bone. **nécro-ser**¹⁷ [-*se*], *tr.*: necrose, rot (bone).

nec-taire¹⁷ [L. *-tareum*], *m.*: nectary, honey-secreting organs of plants. **-tar**¹⁴ [L. (Gr. *néktar*, drink of the gods)], *m.*: nectar, any delicious drink.

Néerlande, *f.*: Netherlands.

nef [L. *navis*, ship], *f.*: NAVE (of a church, resembling an inverted hull); = (decorative piece for the table); (old or poet.) ship; *moulin à —*, mill on a boat.

néfaste¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (ne, not, *fari*, speak; cf. 2*faste*)], *adj.*: *les jours —s*, legal holidays; (*fig.*) *jour —*, unlucky day; *chose —*, baneful thing.

néfle⁹ [L. *mespilum*], *f.*: MEDLAR: *avec le temps se mûrissent les —s*, time makes medlars ripe; *je n'en donnerais pas une —*, I wouldn't give a fig for it; *beau serment de —s*, a worthless oath. **néflier**¹¹, *m.*: medlar-tree.

néga-tif¹², =*ive* [L. *-tivus*], *adj.* or *f.*: negative (minus sign or quantity; particle in grammar; reverse, opposite to positive, answer no; denying side; *m.*: pic-

ture hav'g light and shade reversed): *bonheur —*, absence of misfortune. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio* (negare, deny)], *f.*: negation; denial; refusal. **-tivement**¹³ [-*tif*], *adv.*: negatively.

négli-gé¹⁰, *m.*: negligee, informal attire; wrapper: *en —*, in undress. **-geable**¹⁰, *adj.*: negligible, that may be disregarded. **-gement**¹¹, *m.*: neglect. **-gement**¹¹ [-*jam* -*gent*], *adv.*: carelessly. **-gence**¹¹ [L. *-gentia*], *f.*: negligence; neglect; carelessness. **-gent**¹² [L. *-gens*], *adj.*: =; careless. **-ger**¹³ [L. *-gere* (nec, legere, not to pick up)], *tr.*: NEGLECT; slight; treat carelessly; let pass; omit: *se —*, be careless of one's own welfare; dress carelessly; *style négligé*, careless style (in writing or art).

négo-ce¹¹ [L. *-cium* (nec, not, otium, leisure)], *m.*: business; trade; negotiation. **-ciable**¹⁰ [-*cier*], *adj.*: negotiable, exchangeable. **-ciant**¹⁵, =*ante* [-*cier*], *m., f.*: merchant. **-ciateur**¹³, =*trice* [L. *-ciator*, -*trix*], *m., f.*: negotiator. **-ciation**¹³ [L. *-ciatio*], *f.*: negotiation; trading. **-cier**¹³ [-*ciari*], *intr.*: do business; *tr.*: negotiate; turn over to the next (a check, note, etc.).

négre¹⁶, **négresse** [L. *niger*, black], *m., f.*: negro, black man; (esp.) slave: — *pie*, albino negro. **négrerie**¹⁷ or **négre-rie**, *f.*: work-place (of slaves); slave-pen. **négrier**¹⁷, *m.*: slave-dealer; slave-ship. **négrillon**¹⁷, =*onne*, *m., f.*: negro child.

négro-mance, etc., see *nécromance*, etc.

nei-ge¹², *f.*: SNOW; snowy whiteness: *où sont les —s d'antan?* where are last year's snows? (said of things out of date); — *d'antimoine*, flowers of antimony; *personne de —*, worthless person; *aufs à la —*, dish of whites of eggs well beaten, fruit-ice. **-ger**⁹ [p. L. **nivicare* (L. *nix*, snow)], *intr.*: snow. **-geux**¹⁵, =*ense* [-*ge*], *adj.*: snowy.

nen-ni¹¹ *na-ni* [non, il (cf. *ouïl*)], *adv.*: not: —*da*, surely not; *un doux —*, a gentle refusal.

nenufar¹² [fr. Ar.], *m.*: nenuphar (water-lily).

néo-graphe¹⁷ [Gr. *néos*, new, *gráphein*, write], *m., f.*: spelling reformer. **-graphisme**¹⁷, *m.*: theory of reform spelling. **-logie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: neology; coining of new words. **-logique**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*], *adj.*: neological. **-logisme**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*], *m.*: neologism (newly coined word; use of new word or meaning). **-logue**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*], *m., f.*: neologist, coiner of words. **-phyte** [L. *-phytus*, Gr. *-phutos* (*phutón*, sprout)], *m.*,

f.: neophyte, new convert (to religion or to an opinion).

népenthès¹⁵ [L., Gr. (*ne-*, not, *pénthos*, sorrow)], *m.*: nepenthes (ancient drink reputed to banish trouble; East-Indian pitcher-plant).

né-phrétique¹³ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós* (*nephros*, kidney)], *adj.*: kidney medicine.

-phrite¹⁸ [L., Gr. *nephritis*], *f.*: nephritis, inflammation of the kidneys.

népôtisme [It. *-mo* (L. *nepos*, nephew)], *m.*: nepotism (favoritism to kindred in church or state).

néréide¹⁵ [L. *nercis*, Gr. *nercis* (lit., daughter of Nereus)], *f.*: Nereid, sea-nymph.

nerf, *pl.* **nerfs** [L. *nervus*, Gr. *neûron*], *m.*: *fsinew*; NERVE; cord; *nerf* (pron. *nêr* in this phrase) *de bœuf*, leader (tendon of beef's neck; of beef's penis); — *de la guerre*, sinews of war, i.e. money; *faux* — *s*, ridges on the back of a bound book.

-fêrure¹⁶ [for *feru*, fr. *ferir*, strike], *f.*: overreach (wound on front leg made by hind foot).

nerite¹⁵ [L. *-ia*, Gr. *-tes*], *f.*: nerite (univalve shell).

néroli [It. princess *N.*], *m.*: = (perfume from the bitter orange).

nerprun⁹ [p. L. *nigrum prunum*, black plum-tree], *m.*: buckthorn.

ner-vé [nerf], *adj.*: (her.) nerved. **-ver**¹³ [nerf], *tr.*: cover with sinews; cord (a book).

-veusement¹⁶ [-veux], *adv.*: vigorously; nervously. **-veux**¹², = **euse** [L. *-vorus*], *adj.*: *fsinewy*; muscular; nervous.

-vin¹⁷ [L. *-vinus*, of nerves], *adj.*: baume —, nerve tonic; *m.*: nerve (medicine for the nerves). **-voïsisme**¹⁸ [L. *-vorus*, full of nerves], *m.*: nervosism (morbid condition attributable to the nerves).

-voûté¹⁸ [L. *-vorus*], *f.*: nervousness. **-vure**¹⁸ [nerf], *f.*: nervure (ribs of plant leaves); tubes, veins of insect wings; cording (of books); veining, ridging (of columns or posts).

nestor [Homeric hero *N.*], *m.*: = (wise old man).

net, **net-te** [L. *nitidus* (*nitere*, shine)], *adj.*: NEAT; clean; pure; NET; clear; empty; *cœur* —, clear conscience; *ré-*

sponse —, plain answer; *m.*: *mettre au* —, make a clear copy; *adv.*: *parler* —, speak plain. **-tement**¹¹, *adv.*: neatly; clearly; plainly. **-tété**¹², *f.*: cleanness; clearness, plainness; neatness.

-toie-¹¹ [-toyer], *m.*: cleaning. **-toya-**¹² [-toyer], *m.*: cleaning. **-toyer**¹¹, *tr.*: clean; clean up; clear; empty; remove.

1.neuf⁹ [L. *novem*], *adj.*, *m.*: nine, 9.

2.neuf⁹, = **euve** [L. *novus*], *adj.*: fresh;

NEW; green; *m.*: new thing: *faire peau* —, moult (as snakes, etc.), take a new skin; (*fam.*) be like a new person.

neume¹⁸ [L. *neuma* (Gr. *pneûma*, breath, tone)], *m.*: = (succession of notes sung to one syllable; *fsign* for a fixed pitch or tone).

neu-tralement¹⁴ [imitating L. *-liter*], *adv.*: (rare) neutrally. **-tralisant**¹⁸, *adj.*: neutralising: *un (corps)* —, a neutraliser. **-lisation**¹⁷, *f.*: =.

||-tra-¹⁶ [L. *-lis*, neuter], *tr.*: neutralise (make inert, counteract; make neutral politically).

-tralité¹⁸ [L. *-lis*], *f.*: neutrality: — *armée*, armed neutrality, condition of a neutral power *h'g* an army.

||neu-tre¹⁸ [L. *neuter*, neither], *adj.* or *m.*: neutral; neuter; *f.*: *abeille* —, worker (-bee). **†-tremement**¹⁵ [neutre], *adv.*: neutrally.

neu-vaine [neuf], *f.*: *†group* of NINE; NOVENA (prayer on nine consecutive days).

-vième¹² [neuf], *adj.* or *m.*: ninth; *f.*: (music.) ninth. **-vièment**¹⁵, *adv.*: ninthly.

névé [dial. *nevé* fr. *neu*, SNOW (L. *nix*)], *m.*: =, old packed snow.

neveu [L. *nepos*], *m.*: *†grandson*; NEPHEW; *les (arrière-) neveux*, posterity; — *à la mode de Bretagne*, son of one's cousin.

névr-algie¹⁸ [Gr. *neûron*, NERVE, *algos*, pain], *f.*: neuralgia. **-itique** [Gr. *neûron*], *adj.*: *renide* —, nervine. **-ogra-**

phie¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: description of the nerves. **-ologie**¹⁶ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: neurology. **-optère**¹⁷ [Gr. *ptéron*, wing], *m.*: neuropter, lace-winged insect (as dragon-fly). **-ose**¹⁷ [Gr. *neûron*], *f.*: neurosis, nervous disorder. **-oto-**

mie¹⁷ [Gr. *tomé*, cutting], *f.*: neurotomy, dissection of nerves.

nez⁹ [L. *nasus*], *m.*: NOSE; anything projecting like a nose; the whole face; scent: *saigner du* —, bleed at the nose;

— *fleuri*, rum-nose; *rire au* — *de quel-*

qu'un, laugh in any one's face; — *à* —, face to face; *tirer les vers du* — *à quel-*

qu'un, pump, extort a secret from any one; *chanter du* —, sing nasally; *donner du*

— *en terre*, fall on one's nose; *avoir un pied de* —, have a wry face; *faire un*

pied de —, hold the hand flat with thumb against the nose; *un navire (une charrue)*

est sur le —, a ship (a plough) runs too deep.

ni [older *ne* fr. L. *nee*], *conj.*: neither; nor: *il ne sait* — *A* — *B*, or *il ne sait*

A — *B*, he knows nothing; *désespérant de réduire Babylone* — *par force* —

par famine, despairing of taking Babylon either by force or famine.

niable¹⁶ [nier], *adj.*: deniable.

niai-s⁹, **niai-se** [p. L. **nīdax* (L. *nīdus*, NEST)], *adj.*: *faucon* —, EYAS, nestling; *m.*: *f.*: simpleton: *les* — *de Sologne*, those who pretend to be silly in order to dupe others. **-sement**¹⁵, *adv.*: foolishly. **-ser**¹⁵, *intr.*: trifle, act foolishly. **-serie**¹⁵, *f.*: silliness, piece of foolishness. **niee**¹¹ [L. *nescius*, ignorant], *adj.*: *faillily*: *promesse* —, mere promise; *action* —, simple action with no specified terms. **1. niche**¹⁸ [It. *nicchia* (?)], *f.*: niche; alcove; kennel. **2. niche** (?), *f.*: (*fam.*) trick. **ni-chée**¹⁸, *f.*: brood, nestful. **||-cher**⁹ [p. L. **nīdicāre* (L. *nīdus*, NEST)], *tr.*, *intr.*: nestle: *se* —, rest; lodge; *un faucon niché au haut d'un arbre*, a falcon hav'g a nest in the top of a tree. **-chet**¹⁷, *m.*: nest-egg. **-cheur**¹⁸, **-euse**, *adj.*: nest-building. **-choir**¹⁵, *m.*: bird-cage; coop. **-chons**, *m. pl.*: breasts. **nic-kel**¹⁷ [Swed. *sprite of mines*], *m.*: = (the metal). **-kelér**¹⁸, *tr.*: nickel, plate over with nickel. **nicodème** [biblical name Nicodemus], *m.*: (*fam.*) blockhead. **†nico-tiane**¹⁵ [L. L. *nicotiana herba*, plant of *Nicot* (the ambassador)], *f.*: tobacco plant. **-tine**¹⁸ [root of *-tiane*], *f.*: =. **ni-d**⁹ [L. *nīdus*], *m.*: NEST; cradle: — *d'hirondelle*, edible bird's nest; hollow on the underside of the brain; — *de pie*, kind of fortification; — *de fourmis*, Guiana climbing shrub; — *d'oiseau*, kind of orchid; *trouver la pie au* —, to find just what one wanted. **-dification**¹⁷ [L. *-dificatio*], *f.*: =, formation of a nest. **nidoreux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-dorosus* (*-dor*, vapour; smell)], *adj.*: odorous, like rotten eggs. **ni-dee**⁹ [p. L. **neptia* (L. *neptis*)], *f.*: niece: *petite* —, daughter of a niece or nephew; — *à la mode de Bretagne*, daughter of a cousin. **1. nielle**⁹ [L. *nebula*, fog], *f.*: (*dial.*) *†mist*, *†fog*; blight (attributed to mist), smut; rottenness. **2. niel-le**⁹ [L. *niellus*, blackish], *f.*: rose-campion (weed). **3-le**¹⁸ [It. *-lo*], *m.*: niello, design sunk in metal plates. **1. ler**¹⁵ [3-le], *tr.*: adorn with niello work. **2. niel-ler**¹⁸ [1-le], *tr.*: blight (crops). **niel-leur**¹⁸, **-euse** [1-ler], *m.*, *f.*: niello-maker. **1. lure** [1-ler], *f.*: =, niello-work. **2. niel-lure**¹⁵ [3-le], *f.*: blighting. **ni-er**⁹ [L. *negāre*], *tr.*: DENY; refuse. **nigau-d**¹⁴, **-aude** (?), *m.*, *f.*: trifter; *m.*: booby (bird); blank (in a lottery). **†-der**¹⁵, *intr.*: trifter. **-derie**¹⁵, *f.*: silliness; fooling.

nigelle¹⁷ [L. *-llus*, swarthy (*niger*, black)], *f.*: *nigella*, fennel-flower. **niguedouille**, see *niquedouille*. **nih-lisme**¹⁵ [L. *nihil*, nothing], *m.*: nihilism (doctrine that nothing can be known; theory that annihilation is the worthy goal; denial of all political authority). **-liste** [L. *nihil*], *m.*, *f.*: nihilist. **Nil**, *m.*: Nile (river). **nilgaut** [Pers. *nilgao*, 'blue cow'], *m.*: nilgau (Indian antelope). **nille**¹⁸ [= *anille*], *f.*: mill-spindle; handle (of a crank); screw-ring; tendril. **njm-be**¹⁷ [L. *-bus*, cloud], *m.*: halo. **-bé**¹⁸, *adj.*: hav'g an aureole. **Ninive**, *f.*: Nineveh (ancient city). **nip-pe**¹⁵ (?), *f.*: (*fam.*) dud. **-per**¹⁷, *tr.*: (*fam.*) rig out (with duds). **nique**¹⁸ [ak. to Ger. *nicken* and *neigen*, bend], *f.*: (*fam.*) toss of the head (haughty or defiant gesture). **†nique-douille**¹⁵ [? (*an*)-douille], *m.*: trifter. **nique-ter**¹⁸, *intr.*: toss the head; *tr.*: dock (a horse's tail). **nitée** = *nichée*. **nitouche** [*ne*, *y*, *touche*, 'touch-it-not'], *f.*: (*fam.*) sanctimonious hypocrite. **ni-trate**¹⁷, *m.*: nitrate, salt of nitric acid. **||-tre**¹² [L. *-trum*, Gr. *-tron*, fr. Heb.], *m.*: nitre, saltpetre; (*poet.*) gun-powder. **-treux**¹², **-euse**, *adj.*: nitrous; hav'g nitre. **-trière**¹⁵, *f.*: nitre-bed. **-trification** [*-trifier*], *f.*: formation of nitre. **-trifier**¹⁷ [nitre, *†fier* (L. *facere*, make)], *tr.*: nitrify. **-trique**¹⁷, *adj.*: nitric. **-trobenzine**¹⁸, *f.*: nitrobenzene (oily compound, source of anilin). **-tro-glycé-rine**¹⁸, *f.*: nitro-glycerine (explosive oily liquid). **ni-veau**⁹ [p. L. **libellus* (L. *libella*)], *m.*: LEVEL (instrument; horizontal plane; horizontal height): — *d'eau*, water-level; — *à bulle d'air*, spirit-level (with an air-bubble); *être de* —, be level, even. **-veler**¹⁵, *tr.*: level; make equal. **-veleur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*-veler*], *m.*, *f.*: leveler. **-vellement**¹⁵ [*-veler*], *m.*: leveling (ascertaining the level; making level). **nivéole**¹⁷ [L. *-neus*, SNOWY (*nix*, snow)], *f.*: snow-flake (plant). **niver**¹⁷ (?), *m.*: (*fam.*) knock-down (dishonest profits of agents). **nivose** [L. *-sus* (*nix*, snow)], *m.*: Nivose (fourth month of the first Fr. Republican calendar, Dec. 21 to Jan. 19). **no-biliaire**¹⁷ [L. *-bilis*], *adj.*: noble; *m.*: register (of the nobles): *la particule* —, the word *de*, i.e. 'of' in titles. **-billsime**¹⁷ [L. *-bilissimus*], *adj.*: most noble (esp. as title). **||no-ble**¹⁰ [L. *-bilis* (*gnoscere*, KNOW)], *adj.*: = (of royal blood; titled; exalted; sublime; *m.* *f.*:

member of the nobility: un — (à la rose), English coin; *terre (bien)* —, feudal land (property); *le (style)* —, the sublime style. **-bliment**¹⁰, *adv.*: nobly; as *fief-bleste*¹⁰, *f.*: nobleness; nobility: — *par lettres*, title conferred by a ruler; — *dormante*, suspended nobility; *↑soutenir* —, maintain one's rank; — *oblige*, high position warrants great expectations.

no-ce⁹ [p. L. **noptias* (L. *nuptia*); *f.*: wedding, *NUPTIALS*; festivities; wedding guests: *-ces d'argent (d'or, de diamant)*, silver (gold, diamond) wedding; *être de -ces*, be a wedding guest, be having a good time; *faire la —*, have a high time. **-cer**¹⁵, *intr.*: (fam.) go on a spree. **-ceur**¹⁵, **-euse** [**-cer**], *m., f.*: (fam.) reveler.

nocher¹⁵ [It. *nocchiere* (L. *nauculus*, Gr. *naukleros*, ship-owner)], *m.*: *↑boatman*; *↑mate*; (poet.) pilot.

noeif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-civus* (*-cere*, injure)], *adj.*: harmful.

noctambu-le¹⁷ [p. L. *-lus* (L. *nox*, NIGHT, *ambulare*, walk)], *m., f.*: *somnambulist*; (fam.) keeper of late hours. **-isme**¹⁷, *m.*: *somnambulism*.

nocturne¹⁵ [L. *-nus* (*nox*, NIGHT)], *adj.*: nocturnal; *m.*: nocturnal animal; nocturn (night service); nocturne (serenade music).

no-dal¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-dus*, knot], *adj.*: —. **-dosité**¹⁵ [L. *-dositas*], *f.*: nodosity, knottiness, knot; *nodus*. **-dus**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: node, lump (esp. of a bone).

Noël⁹ [L. *natalis*, natal], *m.*: Christmas: *arbre de —*, Christmas-tree; *blache de —*, Yule-log; *crier —*, shout and rejoice at the birth of a prince; *les —s provençaux*, Provençal Christmas songs.

noud⁹ *neu* [L. *nodus*], *m.*: knot (tie; bond; lump; coil; difficulty); joint; knuckle; plot, *nodus*; *node*; swelling; bud; flaw (in marble, etc.): — *serré*, hard knot; — *coulant*, slip-knot, noose; — *de la ligne de lock*, knot of the log-line; — *d'emballer*, tight bandage to press an artery; *le — fatal*, hangman's noose; — *de bois*, timber-hitch; — *d'amour*, love knot, double Flemish loop; — *de bouline*, bow-line knot; — *de la gorge*, Adam's-apple.

noi-r⁹ [L. *niger*], *adj.*: black; dark; swarthy, very brown; dirty; infernal; gloomy; *m.*: blackness; darkness; bull's-eye; negro; black mould; *blé —*, buckwheat; *code —*, negro code; *bête —e*, wild-boar; wolf, etc., (figs.) bugbear; *magie —e*, black art; *vapeurs —es*, supposed fumes from black bile making melancholy; *broyer du —*, have the blues; (fam.) *mettre du — sur du blanc*, put in black and white; — *de fumée*, lamp-black; — *d'Allemagne*, kind of printer's-ink; — *d'Es-*

pagne, burnt cork; — *animal*, bone-black. **-râtre**¹⁵, *adj.*: rather dark. **-raud**¹⁵, **-ande**, *adj.*: swarthy; *m., f.*: swarthy person. **-reux**¹⁵, *f.*: blackness (black colour; foulness, gloom). **-reir**⁹ [p. L. **nigricire*], *tr.* or *intr.*: blacken. **-reissure**¹⁵ [**-reir**], *f.*: turning dark.

noise [? L. *nausea*, sea-sickness], *f.*: *↑loud talk*, (esp.) quarreling; (fam.) brawl, quarrel.

noi-setier¹⁵ [**-sette**], *m.*: hazelnut bush.

-sette¹⁵, *f.*: hazelnut: — *de terre*, peanut; *des étoffes (couleur de) —*, nut-brown fabrics. **||noi-x**⁹ [L. *nux*], *f.*: nut, (esp.) walnut; iron nut; notch; head of a capstan; pope's-eye (in meat); trigger (of bow-gun); tumbler (of fire-arms); rough-wheel (of a coffee-mill); nut-like device: *gîte à la —*, muscle hav'g the pope's-eye; — *de terre*, peanut; *brou de —*, walnut husk; — *muscade*, nutmeg; — *de mer*, scallop (mollusk).

↑nolage, see *naulage*.

noli me tangere [L. *touch-me-not*], *m.*: *noli-me-tangere*, garden-balsam and other prickly plants; malignant ulcer.

noli-s¹⁵, *m.*: freight (of ships). **-sément**¹⁵ or **-sement** [It. *noleggiamento*], *m.*: loading. **||-ser**¹⁵ [It. *noleggiare* (Gr. *naillon*, ship-load)], *tr.*: load, ship.

nolition¹⁵ [L. *noli*, be unwilling], *f.*: —, unwillingness.

nom⁹ [L. *nomen*], *m.*: NAME; appellation; fame; NOUN: *au — de*, in the name of; instead of; — *social*, business firm's name; *reine de —*, queen in name; *être en — dans une affaire*, be a member of the firm; *petit —*, given name; *changer de —*, change one's name; marry; — *de Dieu* (or euphemistically *de chien*), — *de —*, etc., oaths about like "Great Scott!"

nomade¹⁵ [L. *-mas*, Gr. *-māis*], *adj.*: nomadic, wandering, floating; *m., f.*: nomad.

nomble [L. *lumbulus*, little *lumbus* (loin)], *m.*: *↑loin*; thigh-muscle; entrails (of deer, etc.).

nom-bre [L. *numerus*], *m.*: number (mathematical quantity or its symbol; aggregation; singular, plural, or dual; harmony, rhythm); — *pair*, even number; — *rouge*, balance (in accounts us'ly written in red ink); *en —*, in large numbers; *faire —*, make out a quantity. **↑-brer**⁹ [L. *num-rare*], *tr.*: number: *nombre nombrant* (*nombré*), abstract (concrete) number.

-breusement¹⁵ [**-breux**], *adv.*: (rare) in great numbers. **-breux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: numerous; rhythmic, measured.

nombril⁹ [p. L. **umbiliculus* (L. *umbilicus*)], *m.*: NAVEL, umbilicus.

nomenclateur¹⁵ [L. *-tor*, NAME-CALLER, Roman slave who told a candidate names

of citizens], *m.*: nomenclator; assigner of names, esp. in science. **-ture**¹⁵ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: =, system of names.

nomina-l¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: = (of NAMES; of NOUNS; by name only): **appel** —, roll-call; **prix presque** —, price nearly nothing; **les nominaux**, the nominalists (those who regard genus and species as names only). **-lement**¹⁵, *adv.*: nominally. **-lisme**¹⁷, *m.*: nominalism (theory that genus and species exist in name only). **-liste**¹⁷, *m.*, *f.*: nominalist (believer in nominalism). **-taire**¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], *m.*, *f.*: nominee (for a benefice). **-teur**¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: nominator. **-tif**¹⁵, *-ive* [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: hav'g a name; nominative; *m.*: subject of a verb. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =. **-tivement**¹⁷ [*-tif*], *adv.*: nominatively.

†nom-mément¹¹, *adv.*: by name.

†-mer⁹ [L. *-ināre*], *tr.*: NAME (call; christen; mention; nickname; nominate; designate): *se* —, be called; *le nommé Smith*, man named Smith.

non⁹ [L.], *adv.*: NO, NOT: *un — bien articulé*, a decided no; *sage ou —*, wise or not; — *que votre colère m'intimide*, not that your anger scares me; — *seulement ... mais encore*, not only ... but also; — *plus*, not ... either. **non-activité**¹⁸, *f.*: inactivity; leave-of-absence.

nona-génair¹⁸ [L. *-genarius*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: nonagenarian (90 years old). **-gésime**¹⁷ [L. *-gesimus*, 90th], *adj.* or *m.*: *le (degré) —*, the highest point of the ecliptic.

†nonan-te⁹ [p. L. **nonanta* (L. *nonaginta*)], *adj.*: ninety: *quart de —*, quarter-circle (90 degrees). **†-te**¹⁷, *intr.*: score 90 (to nothing). **†-tième**¹⁸, *adj.*: ninetieth.

nonce¹⁵ [It. *nunzio* (L. *nuntius*, messenger)], *m.*: nuncio, papal ambassador.

noncha-lamment¹⁴ [*-lant*], *adv.*: carelessly, with a don't-care air. **-lance**¹² [*-lant*], *f.*: =, unconcern. **-lant**¹², *ante* [non, part. of *chaloir*], *adj.*: =, indifferent; *m.*, *f.*: listless person (showing no interest). **†-loir**¹¹ [non, *chaloir*], *m.*: unconcern.

nonciature¹⁵ [It. *nunziatura*], *f.*: nuncio's charge, time or residence.

non-conformiste¹⁶, *m.*, *f.*: nonconformist. **-disponibilité**¹⁵, *f.*: unavailability (condition of a soldier who is occupied).

no-ne¹⁰ [L. *nona* (hora), ninth (hour), 3 p. m.], *nones* (office recited between 12 and 3 p. m.). **-nes**¹¹ [L. *nona*], *f. pl.*: =, ninth day before the ides in the Roman calendar.

non-être¹⁶, *m.*: NON-ENTITY, non-existence.

nonidi¹⁷ [L. *nonus*, ninth, *dies*, day], *m.*: ninth day (of the Fr. Republican calendar).

non-intervention¹⁵, *f.*: =.

nonius¹⁸ [Port. inventor *Nunhez*], *m.*: =, Vernier scale.

non-jouissance¹⁷, *f.*: non-enjoyment.

-lieu¹⁵, *m.*: dismissal (of a case for lack of evidence). **-moi**¹⁵, *m.*: not-ego (all outside of self).

†non-nain¹⁰, *f.*: nun. **†-ne**¹⁰ [L. *-na*, 'mother'], *f.*: NUN. **-nette**¹², *f.*: young nun; spiced roll, gingerbread; titmouse, nunbird.

non-obstant¹³ [non, OFr. *obstant* (L. *obstans*, WITHSTANDING)], *†adj.*: not hindering; *prep.*: in spite of; *conj.*: — *que* ..., notwithstanding that ...; *adv.*: nevertheless.

non-paiement¹⁷, *m.*: non-payment.

-pair¹², *adj.*: (rare) odd. **-pareil**¹⁴, *-eille*, *adj.*: = (unequaled; *m.*: finch; *f.*: kind of type); *f.*: narrow ribbon, kind of small plum.

†non plus ultra, see *nec plus ultra*.

†non-prix¹⁶, *m.*: *vendre d —*, sell at a ridiculously low price. **-résidence**¹⁶, *f.*: non-residence. **-réussite**¹⁸, *f.*: failure, lack of success. **-sçus**¹¹, *m.*: nonsense.

†nonn-ple¹⁵ [L. *nonus*, NINTH], *adj.*: (rare) ninefold; *m.*: nine times greater number. **-pler**, *tr.* or *intr.*: increase ninefold.

non-usage¹⁷, *m.*: disuse.

non-valeur¹⁵, *f.*: unavailability; unproductiveness; soldier unfit for duty, invalid. **†-vue**¹⁵, *f.*: fog.

nopal¹⁵ [Sp. fr. Mex.], *m.*: = (cactus).

no-pe¹⁵ [Flem. *-ppe*, Ger. *knopf*], *f.*: knot, burl (in cloth). **-per**¹⁴, *tr.*: clear of burls.

nor-d¹¹ [Ger.], *m.*: NORTH: (*fam.*) *perdre le —*, lose one's bearings, be confused. **-d-est** or (*nav.*) *no-ré*, north-east. **-d-ouest** or *no-rwé*; etc.

noria¹⁸ [Sp.], *f.*: =, Persian water-wheel for raising water.

Norique, *f.*: Noricum (Austria south of the Danube).

nor-mal¹⁷, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-malis* (-ma, rule)], *adj.*: = (perpendicular, esp. to a curve; regular; natural; typical): *une (ligne) —e*, a normal. **-malement**¹⁸, *adv.*: normally.

normand¹⁷ [Normand, man of Normandy], *adj.*: (*fam.*) tricky, equivocal.

norme¹⁴ [L. *-ma*], *f.*: norm, rule standard.

Norvège, *f.*: Norway.

nos, see *notre*.

no-so-graphie¹⁷ [Gr. *nóson*, disease, *gráphein*, write], *f.*: nosology, classification of diseases.

nostalgie¹⁸ [Gr. *nóstos*, return, *algos*, pain], *f.*: nostalgia, homesickness.
nostoc¹⁵ [coined by Paracelsus], *m.*: = (kind of fresh-water algae).
no-tabilité¹⁵ [L. *-tabilis*, remarkable], *f.*: notability; notable person. || **-table**¹² [L. *-tabilis nota*, KNOWN mark], *adj.*: =; *m.*, *f.*: distinguished person; authority; official: *farret* —, decree from a supreme court. **-tablement**¹³, *adv.*: notably.
-taire¹¹ [L. *-tarius*, notary], *m.*: notary.
-tamment¹⁴ [fr. part. of *-ter*], *adv.*: remarkably. **-tarial**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: =. **-tariat**¹⁴ [L. *-tarius*], *m.*: profession of notary. **-tarié**¹⁴ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: notarial, done by a notary. **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =, system of signs as in music, or algebra.
-te¹¹ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: note (mark, sign; remark; brief comment; memorandum; official communication; signed promise to pay; tone; chord); bill; invoice: (*livre de*) — *a*, agenda; *à basse* —, in a low key. **-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: note; notice; set music to. **-teur**¹² [L. *-ter*], *m.*: copyist (of music). **-tice**¹³ [L. *-titia*], *f.*: notice. **-tification**¹² [L. *-titia*], *f.*: =. **-tifier**¹² [L. *-tificare*], *tr.*: notify. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, mental apprehension.
-toire¹² [L. *-torius*, known], *adj.*: notorious, widely known: *art* —, magical way to learn every science. **-toirement**¹² [L. *-toire*], *adv.*: notoriously. **-toriété**¹² [L. *-torius*], *f.*: notoriety: *acte de* —, legal document (sustained by witnesses when written evidence is lacking).
notre, *pl.* = **-nos** [L. *noter*], *adj.*: our.
nôtre¹⁰ [L. *noter*], *adj.*: ours: *le* —, our property; *m. pl.*: *les* — *a*, our kin, our men; *f. pl.*: our usual tricks. **notre-dame**, see *dame*.
notule¹⁴ [L. *-la* (L. *nota*, mark)], *f.*: marginal note, comment (to old texts).
1. noue¹⁰ [p. L. *nauda* (?)], *f.*: mucky land; bottom-land.
2. noue¹² [?], *f.*: roof-tile, hip-tile; pan-tile; joint (in a roof); lead, tin or wood (of such a joint).
†nouement¹⁵, *m.*: (rare) tie. || **-er**¹⁰ **nue** [L. *nodare* (nodus, knot)], *tr.*: tie; knot, fetter; tangle; hinder; concoct; swell (as buds): — *l'aiguillette*, (*fig.*) spoil, incapacitate; *enfant noué*, dwarfed child; *chienne nouée*, gravid bitch; *les (fumées) nouées du cerf*, lumpy summer excrement of deer. **-et**¹⁵ **nue**, *m.*: pudding-cloth or bag (hav'g herbs or spices for infusions or for flavouring).
nonette¹² [2. *noue*], *f.*: tile (with a turned edge).
nou-eur¹⁵, 1. = **-euse** [L. *-er*], *m.*, *f.*: binder, tier; tangler. **-eur**¹², 2. = **-euse** [L. *-er*],

adj.: nodose, full of buds; knotty, swollen.
nougat¹⁷ [Prov. (L. *nux*, nut)], *m.*: almond-cake; nut-oil cake for animals.
nouilles¹⁷ or **†noules** [Ger. *nudeln*], *f. pl.*: noodles, flat macaroni for soup.
noulet [2. *noue*], *m.*: roof-joint (between roofs of different height); lead, tin (of such a joint); support (of the lower roof at the joint).
noumène¹⁷ [coined by Kant fr. Gr. *noûmenon*, thought], *m.*: noumenon (object recognized by the mind, opposed to phenomenon).
nour-rain¹⁷ [L. *nutrimen*, nourishing, feeding], *m.*: little fish (put in a pond to grow). **-rice**¹⁰ [L. *nutricia*], *f.*: NURSE; (esp.) wet-nurse; — *sur lieu*, nurse who suckles a child at its home; *être à* —, be unweaned; *change en* —, changed in the cradle (familiarily said of a person who is unlike his father); *elle a vingt-cinq ans, sans compter les mois de* —, she is twenty-five, not counting before she was weaned (*humor.* of one who would be younger). **-ricier**¹⁰, = **-ière** [p. L. **nutricarius* (L. *nutricius*)], *adj.*: nourishing, nutritive, nutritious. || **-rir**¹⁰ [L. *nutrire*], *tr.*: NURSE; NOURISH; support; supply: *se* —, live, feed; *bien nourri*, fleshy, fat; *une fusillade nourrie*, a continuous firing; *le* —, the spirit, the life-element. **-ris-sage**¹⁴, *m.*: raising, feeding (of livestock). **-rissant**¹⁵, *adj.*: nourishing, nutritious.
-risseur¹¹, *m.*: stock-raiser. **-rissen**¹¹, = **-onne** [Ofr. *-reçon* (L. *nutritio*)], *m.*, *f.*: nursing; foster-child. **-riture**¹⁰ [Ofr. *-reture* infl. by L. *nutritura*], *f.*: nursing; feeding; nourishment; food; board; maintenance (of a married daughter); nursing, foster-child; training, bringing-up.
nous¹⁰ [L. *nôs*], *pron.*: we; us; to us; each other.
nou-ure¹⁰ [L. *-er*], *f.*: knotting; swelling of buds and fruit; dwarfing (of a child's growth, fr. the idea of binding, hindering).
non-veau¹⁰ or **-vel**, **-velle** [L. *novellus*, dim. of *novus*, new], *adj.*: NEW; *m.*: something new; news, tidings: *un homme* —, a novus homo, man just become well-known; — *débarqué*, newcomer in town; — *vin*, new wine; *des nouveaux mariés*, newly married people; *à* —, a-new (beginning over); *de* —, a-new (renewing or continuing). **-veauté**¹⁰ [L. *novellitas*], *f.*: novelty (newness; new object; innovation). **-velle**¹⁰ [p. L. *novella*, NEW things], *f.*: news, tidings; story: *débiter des* — *a*, spread news; *pas de* —, *bonne* —, no news means good news; *faire*

(la) —, give people something to talk about; *vous m'en direz des —s*, you will have something good to say of it, you will like it; *j'ai de vos —s*, I know something (bad) about you. **-vellement**¹¹, *adv.*: lately, recently. **†-velleté**¹¹, *f.*: eviction, dispossession. **-velliste**¹⁶ [infl. by *It. novellista*], *m.*, *f.*: newsgatherer, newsmonger.

Nouvelle-Zemble, *f.*: Nova Zembla.

†nova-le¹² [*L. -lis* (ac. *terra*, land)], *f.*: new ground; tithes (on new ground). **-teur**¹⁶, **-trice** [*L. -tor, -trix*], *m.*, *f.*: innovator. **-tion**¹³ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: substitution (of one creditor or debtor or debt for another).

novembre¹³ [*L. -bris*, ninth month counting fr. March], *m.*: November.

novi-ce¹¹ [*L. -cius* (*novus*, NEW)], *m.*, *f.*: novice (beginner; esp. convert still on probation). **-ciat**¹⁵ [*L. -cius*, novice], *m.*: novitiate (probation period; quarters where the novices live).

noyade¹⁷ [2.-*yer*], *f.*: = (execution by drowning).

noyale¹⁵ [town *Noyal*], *f.*: sail-cloth.

no-yan¹⁰, *pl. -x* [*p. L. *nucale* (*L. nux*, nut)], *m.*: pit, stone (of peaches, cherries, etc.); core; NOWEL; NEWEL: *eau ou crème de —*, noyan, the cordial. **1.-yer**¹⁰ [*p. L. nucarium*], *m.*: walnut-tree.

2.-no-yer¹⁰ [*L. necāre*, kill], *tr.*: drown; drench; deluge; sink: *se —*, drown one's self; *contours noyés*, blurred outlines; *yeux noyés*, liquid eyes; *c'est un homme qui se noie*, that man is going downhill; — *la boule*, send the ball out of bounds. **-yon**¹⁶, *m.*: line, bounds. **-yure**¹⁷, *f.*: counter-sink (for a screw-head; bolt-head, wheel, etc.).

nu¹⁰ [*L. nudus*], *adj.*: NUDE (bare; naked): *aller la tête nue* or *nu-tête* (*nu-pieds*), go bare-headed (bare-footed); *un ra-nu-pieds*, a beggar; *maison nue*, unfurnished house; *le nu*, bare part, unadorned part; *à nu*, naked; bare-back; *vin nu*, wine without the barrel.

nu-ge¹⁵ [*nue*], *m.*: cloud; mist; fog; gloom. **-geux**¹⁵, **-ense**, *adj.*: cloudy, foggy, hazy.

nuaison¹⁷ [? *L. mutatio*, change], *f.*: steady blow (period during which the wind doesn't change).

nu-ance¹⁶ [*-er*], *f.*: =, shading down gradually in colour or tone. **-ancer**¹⁷, *tr.*: grade nicely, shade off gradually. **-bécule**¹⁵ [*L. becula*], *f.*: nubecula (film over the eye; cloudiness in urine).

-bile¹⁵ [*L. -bilis* (*-bere*, veil as bride)], *adj.*: =, old enough to have a husband.

-bilité¹⁷ [*-bile*], *f.*: marriageableness.

nu-celle¹⁵ [*L. -cella*, little nut], *f.*: nucellus (centre of an ovule). **-céal**¹⁵

[*L. -cleus*, core], *adj.*: nuclear; of the fruit-stone.

nudité¹³ [*L. -tas* (*nudus*, bare)], *f.*: nudity; nakedness; nude picture or sculpture; †destitution.

nue¹⁰ [*p. L. *nūba* (*L. nubes*)], *f.*: cloud; sky, heavens: *tomber des —s*, be amazed, astonished. **nuée**¹², *f.*: storm-cloud; hostile multitude.

†nument, see *nument*.

†nuer¹⁵ [*nue*], *tr.*: shade or tone or colour evenly and gradually.

nui-re¹⁰ [*p. L. *nocere* (*L. nocēre*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: do harm, be hurtful; (d) harm, injure: *le froid nuit à la santé*, cold injures health. **†-sance**¹¹, *f.*: hurtfulness; evil. **-sible**¹⁵, *adj.*: injurious. **-siblement**¹⁶ [*-sible*], *adv.*: (rare) injuriously.

§ *Ind.*: *Pr. nuir*. *Imp. nuisais*. *Pr. nuisir*. *Fut. (Cond.) nuirais*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. nuise*. *Imp. nuisisse*. — *P.ve nuis*. — *Part.*: *Pr. nuisant*; *P. nuis*.

nui-t¹⁰ [*L. nox*], *f.*: NIGHT: *la — porte conseil*, better not decide till one has slept over it; *une — blanche*, a sleepless night; *sac de —*, travelling-bag (with conveniences for sleeping); *de —*, by night; — *close* or *fermée*, dark night; *un effet de —*, night-scene (painting). **-tamment**¹² [*Ofr. -tandre* (*L. noctanter*)], *adv.*: (fam.) between two days. **-tée**¹², *f.*: night's work; †length of the night.

nu-l¹⁰, **-lle** [*L. -llus*], *adj.*: none; null: *nulle part*, nowhere; *un homme —*, man of no consequence; *son crédit est —*, his credit is gone; — *et non avenue*, null and void; *sans nulle vanité*, without vanity; *f.*: word of no import in secret writing. **-llement**¹², *adv.*: by no means, not at all. **-llité**¹⁵ [*L. -llitas*], *f.*: nullity; flaw; invalid or void act (at law).

nâment¹³ [*nu*], *adv.*: (rare) nudely; openly, frankly; simply.

numé-raire¹⁷ [*L. -rarius*], *adj.*: numery, used for counting; *m.*: coin. **-ral**¹³, *pl. -aux* [*L. -ralis*], *adj.*: numeral. **-rateur**¹⁶ [*L. -rator*], *m.*: numerator (of a fraction). **-ration**¹⁴ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: numeration. **-rique**¹⁶ [*L. -rus*, number], *adj.*: numerical. **-riquement**¹⁶ [*-rique*], *adv.*: numerically. **-re**¹⁵ [*It.*], *m.*: number: *savoir le —*, know things well. **-rotage**¹⁵ [*-roter*], *m.*: numbering. **-roter**¹⁶ [*-re*], *tr.*: number.

numisma-te¹⁵, *m.*, *f.*: numismatologist, a connoisseur of coins. **||-tique**¹⁵ [*L. numisma*, Gr. *νόμισμα*, coin], *adj.*: numismatic; *f.*: science of coins and medals, numismatics. **†-tiste** = *-te*. **-tographe**¹⁷ [*Gr. γράφειν*, write], *f.*: numismatography, description of coins. **num-mulaire**¹⁵ [*L. nummularius*, like money], *f.*: moneywort; nummulate (mollusk).

nuncupa-tif¹⁵, **-ive** **no-** [L. *-tivus* (*nomen*, name, *capere*, take)], **adj.**: nuncupative, oral, not written. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], **f.**: =, oral declaration as to heirs.

nundi-nal¹⁷ **no-**, **pl.** **=aux** [L. *-nus* (*novem*, nine, *dies*, day), of the ninth day], **adj.**: =, of the market: *lettres* — *es*, first eight letters of the alphabet (used in setting market-day for the year amongst the Romans).

nuptial¹², **pl.** **=aux** [L. *-lis* (*nubere*, take the veil, i.e. become a bride)], **adj.**: =, of the marriage: *gains nuptiaux*, property left the survivor.

nuque¹² [L. *nuca* (fr. Ar., spinal marrow)], **f.**: nape (of the neck).

nuta-tion¹⁷ [L. *-tio* fr. *nutare*, NOD], **f.**: = (nodding of the head; oscillation of the earth; circular tendency of plants).

nutri-tif¹², **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], **adj.**: nutritive. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], **f.**: =, process by which things grow.

nyctalo-pe¹⁵ [L. *-ps*, Gr. *nyktálops*, night-eyed], **m., f.**: nyctalops, day-blind person.

-pie¹⁷ [L. *-pia*], **f.**: nyctalopia, day-blindness.

nym-phe [L. *-pha*, Gr. *númphe*], **f.**: nymph (female deity of groves, springs, etc.; grub, larva, the membrane). **-phée**¹⁵ [L. *-phæa*, Gr. *númpheia*], **m.**: nenuphar, white water-lily. **-phéacées**¹⁵ [*-phéa*], **f. pl.**: water-lily family, *nymphaeaceæ*.

-phée¹⁷ [L. *-phæum*, Gr. *númpheion*], **m.**: grotto or shrine (to the nymphs), *nymphaeum*. **-phomanie**¹⁷ [L. *-phomania*], **f.**: morbid sexual desire (in women).

O

o [L.], **m.**: o (the letter); †circular opening: — *en chiffre*, zero, cipher.

O. [abbrev. of *Ouest*], **m.**: W. (West).

ô [echoic], **interj.**: Oh! ah!

oasis¹⁷ [L.], **f.**: = (fertile spot in desert).

ob- [L.], **pref.**: ob-; towards; before; reversely.

obelavé¹⁵ [L. *elava*, club], **adj.**: (bot.) obclavate (obovate).

obé-dience¹¹ [L. *-dientia*], **f.**: obedience (to ecclesiastical authority; dependent convent or religious institution, dependency); submission (of a sovereign or a country) to the pope; permission to pass from one convent or place to another to teach; (Pope's) Consistory: *pays d'—*, country where the pope confers benefices; *ambassade d'—*, embassy sent by a sovereign to the pope. **-diencier**¹⁵ [*-dience*], **m.**: subordinate ecclesiastic; vicarious priest (administering, by order, another's

benefice). **-dientiel**¹⁵, **=elle** [*-dience*], **adj.**: obediential (relating to ecclesiastical obedience); **m.**: distributor (one charged to make distributions to canons).

||-ir¹¹ [L. *dire* (*ob-*, *audire*, hear)], **intr.**: OBEY (be obedient, yield): — *à*, obey; (*tr.*) *se faire —*, make one's self obeyed.

-issance¹², **adj.**: obedience, (†Eng. obeisance); submission; †dominion (i.e. obedience received); pliancy, plasticity (of materials). **-issant**¹², **part.**: obeying; **adj.**: obedient; pliant.

obélisque¹⁵ [L. *-cus* (Gr. *obelós*, spit)], **m.**: obelisk.

obérer¹⁵ [L. *ob-orare* (*os*, copper, coin)], **tr.**: involve in debt.

ob-èse¹⁵ [L. *ob-esus* (*edere*, EAT)], **adj.**: obese, fat. **-ésité**¹⁵ [L. *-esitas*], **f.**: obesity.

obier¹⁵ [?], **m.**: guelder-rose.

obi-t¹² [L. *-tus* (*ire*, go), death], **m.**: = (anniversary mass for one dead). **-tuaire**¹⁵ [L. *-tuarius*], **adj.**: †obituary (mortuary); **m.**: obituary (record of deceased persons entitled to an obit); incumbent (of a benefice at the death of the titular).

objecter¹² [L. *-jectare*], **tr.**: object; reproach. **-jectif**¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-jectivus*], **adj.**: objective; **m.**: objective (opt. object-glass; mil. objective point; object, aim). **-jection**¹¹ [L. *-jectio*], **f.**: =.

-jectivement¹⁴ [*-jectif*], **adv.**: objectively. **-tivité**¹⁵ [*-jectif*], **f.**: objectivity.

||-jet¹⁵ [L. *-jectus* (*jacere*, throw), opposite], **m.**: object (thing perceived or treated; matter; article; object case; aim, purpose); †image (reflection): — *de risée*, a laughing-stock; — *de fantasie* (or *luxe*), fancy goods; *comme un —*, objectively; *avoir pour —*, have in view.

objurgation¹² [L. *-tio* (*jurgare*, quarrel)], **f.**: =.

obla-t¹⁵ [L. *ob-latus*, offered], **m.**: †lay brother (living in a convent, to which he has donated his property); pensionary brother (soldier placed in a convent under royal control). **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], **f.**: = (offering); oblation of the host and wine (at mass).

obligataire¹⁵ [*-gation*], **m.**: bond-holder.

-gation¹² [L. *-gatio*], **f.**: =; bond.

-gatoire¹⁵ [L. *-gatorius*], **adj.**: obligatory. **-gatoirement**¹⁵ [*-gatoire*], **adv.**: obligatorily. **-gé, -ée**, **part.**: obliged; **m., f.**: (leg.) obligor; **m.**: indentures (of apprenticeship). **-gement**¹⁵ [*-geant*], **adv.**: obligingly. **-geance**¹⁷, **f.**: obligingness (obliging way, kindness). **-geant**¹⁵, **adj.**: obliging, kind; complimentary.

||-ger¹² [L. *-gare* (*ligare*, bind)], **tr.**: oblige (bind; compel; bind by favour, gratify); **intr.**: impose obligations.

oblique¹² [L. -quus], *adj.*: oblique (slanting, inclined; indirect; disingenuous): *cas* —, oblique case (any case except the nominative); *pont* —, skew-bridge; *port* —, port subject to the orders of a maritime prefect. **-quement**¹³ *adv.*: obliquely. **-quer**¹³, *tr.*: (rare) make oblique, slant; *intr.*: (mil.) oblique (move in an oblique direction). **-quité**¹³ [L. -quitas], *f.*: obliquity (obliqueness; rare indirectness).

oblitérateur¹⁸, = **trice**, *adj.*: obliterating. **-ration**¹⁷ [L. -ratio], *f.*: obliteration. **||-rer**¹⁴ [L. *litera*, LETTER], *tr.*: obliterate (erase, efface); (*phys.*) obstruct (certain ducts); atrophy.

oblong¹⁶, = **longue** [L. -longus], *adj.*: oblong.

obnubilation¹⁴ [L. -tio (*nubes*, cloud)], *f.*: dimness of eyesight, (†Eng. obnubilation, 'clouding').

obole¹² [L. -lus (Gr. -lós)], *f.*: obolus (Greek coin); old French coin ($\frac{1}{2}$ denier); small coin; trifle.

obombrer¹³ [L. -brare (*umbra*, shade)], *tr.*: to bumbrate; (*Bible*) overshadow; place in the shadow.

obrep-tice¹⁴ [L. -ficus (*repere*, creep)], *adj.*: obreptious (gained by fraud). **-tice-ment**¹⁶, *adv.*: obrepticiously. **-tion**¹⁴ [L. -tio], *f.*: = (fraudulent procedure or gain).

ob-scène¹⁶ [L. -scenus], *adj.*: obscene. **-scénité**¹⁵ [L. -scenitas], *f.*: obscenity.

obscur¹¹ [L. -rus (root *sku*, hide)], *adj.*: obscure (dusky, dim, dark; indistinct; unknown); *m.*: obscure colouring. **-rcir**¹², *tr.*: obscure (render obscure, darken): *s* —, be obscured, clouded; grow dark. **-reissement**¹⁴ [-rcir], *m.*: obscuration, (darkening, dimness). **-rément**¹², *adv.*: obscurely, dimly. **-rité**¹³ [L. -ritas], *f.*: obscurity.

obsécration¹² [L. -tio (*sacer*, sacred)], *f.*: obscuration.

obséder¹⁶ [L. *ob-sidere* (*sedere*, sit)], *tr.*: to besiege, (†Eng. *obse*); beset (importune, harass); keep on tempting; possess (of evil spirits).

ob-sèques¹¹ [L. -sequia (*ob-sequi*, submit)], *f.*, *pl.*: obsequies (burial rites). **-séqueusement**¹³ [-séqueux], *adv.*: obsequiously. **-séqueux**¹⁴, = **ense** [L. -sequiosus], *adj.*: obsequious (servilely compliant). **-séqueusité**¹⁴ [-séqueux], *f.*: obsequiousness.

observer-vable¹⁴, *adj.*: =. **-vancee**¹³ [L. -vantia], *f.*: =. **-vantin** [-vance], *m.*: observantine (one of the Order of Franciscans); critic. **-vateur**¹⁶, = **trice** [L. -tor], *m.*, *f.*: observer; *adj.*: observing. **-vation**¹⁵ [L. -ratio], *f.*: =. **-vatoire**¹⁶, *m.*: observatory.

||-ver⁹ [L. -vare (*servare*, keep)], *tr.*: observe (heed, keep, practise, attend to; notice, watch): *s* —, observe (watch) each other; look about one's self, be circumspect: *faire* — *quelque chose à quelqu'un*, make some one observe something, call somebody's attention to a thing.

obses-sion¹⁶ [L. -sio (cf. *obséder*)], *f.*: = (besetting of evil spirits).

obsidienne¹⁷ or **-dienne** [L. -dium], *f.*: obsidian (the mineral).

obsidional, *pl.* = **aux** [L. -lis (*ob-sidio*, SIEGE)], *adj.*: =.

obstacle¹² [L. -culum (*ob*, against, *stare*, STAND)], *m.*: =.

obstétrical¹⁸, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: obstetric(al). **||-trique**¹⁵ [L. -triz (*ob-stare*, STAND before), midwife], *f.*: obstetrics.

obstination¹¹ [L. -natio], *f.*: obstinacy, (†Eng. =), stubbornness. **-né**, **-née**, *adj.*: obstinate, stubborn; *m.*, *f.*: obstinate person. **-nément**¹³ [-né], *adv.*: obstinately. **||-ner**¹⁵ [L. -nare (root *sta*, STAND)], *tr.*: make obstinate, make persist; provoke to stubbornness; *refl.*: be obstinate or determined, stubbornly persist, persist.

ob-structif, = **ive** [L. -structus, obstructed], *adj.*: obstructive. **-struction**¹³ [L. -structio], *f.*: =. **||-struer**¹⁷ [L. -struere (*struere*, pile up)], *tr.*: OBSTRUCT.

obtempérer¹² [L. -rare (*tempus*, time)], *intr.*: (leg.) submit, comply, (†Eng. obtemperate).

ob-ténir¹³ [L. -tinere (*tenere*, hold)], *irr.* (cf. *tenir*); *tr.*: OBTAIN (get; reach). **-tention**¹⁵, *f.*: obtainment; purchase.

obtu-rant¹⁶, *adj.*: closing up; obstructing. **-rateur**¹⁶, = **trice**, *adj.*: obturator (closing). **-ration**¹⁴ [L. -ratio], *f.*: closing up, stopping, (†Eng. -ration). **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. -rare (root *tur*, crowd), *tr.*: (anat.) close up, stop, close.

obtu-s¹⁶ [L. -sus (*tundere*, beat)], *adj.*: obtuse (blunt, dull). **-sangle**¹⁷ [L. -angulus], *adj.*: obtuse-angular. **†-sangle**¹⁷ [-angle], *adj.*: obtuse-angled. **†-sèment**¹⁵, *adv.*: obtusely. **†-sion**, *f.*: obtuseness.

o-bus¹⁶ [Ger. *haubitze*, howitzer], *m.*: shell (hollow projectile). **-busier**¹⁷, *m.*: howitzer.

ob-venir¹³ [L. -venire], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *intr.*: (leg.) fall due, revert, escheat. **-vention**¹⁵ [L. -vention], *f.*: casual revenue.

obvier¹³ [L. -viare (*via*, WAY)], *intr.*: (— *à*), obviate (frustrate, hinder).

oe [Prov. (L. *hoc*, this)], old *adv.*: 'yes': *Langue d* —, langue d'oc, i.e. Provençal.

oe- for *ob-* before *c*.

ocarina¹³ [It. (? p. L. *auca*, bird)], *m.*:

- =, musical instrument of clay (egg-shaped with holes).
- occe-se**¹⁷ *oc-e* [L. *-sus* (cadere, fall)], *adj.*: *f.*: (astr.) occasive.
- occe-sion**¹¹ *oc-e* [L. *-sio* (cadere, fall)], *f.*: = (opportunity, chance; circumstance; event; cause, sake): *d l'*—, when an opportunity offers; *par* —, by accident; *d'*—, accident(ally); second-hand; *d votre* —, for your sake; *un héroïsme d'*—, an accidental heroism; *l'*— *prochaine*, the immediate cause. **-sionnel**¹³, **-lle**, *adj.*: occasional. **-sionnellement**¹³ [*-sionnel*], *adv.*: occasionally. **-sionner**¹³, *tr.*: occasion (cause).
- occiden-t**¹¹ [L. *-s* (cadere, fall, sink)], *m.*: = (West): *d'*—, western. **-tal**¹², *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-talis*], *adj.*: = (western); **-taux**, *m., pl.*: occidentals (natives of the western countries).
- ocel-pital** [L. *-pitalis*], *adj.*: =. **-put**¹³ [L. (*o*), *caput*, head)], *m.*: = (back of the skull).
- oc-eire**⁹ [L. *oc-cidere* (cadere, fell)], *tr.*: (jest.) kill, slay. **-els**, *part.*: (jest.) slain. **-eigneur**¹¹, *m.*: (jest.) killer. **-el-sion**¹⁰ [L. *-cisio*], *f.*: killing.
- occlusion**¹⁵ *oc-e* [L. *-sio*], *f.*: (med.) = (CLOSING).
- occul-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: (astr.) =. **-te**¹¹ [L. *-tus* (root col-, cover)], *adj.*: occult (hidden, secret).
- occu-pant**¹⁴, **-ante**, *adj.*: occupying, in possession; **-besetting**, *m., f.*: = (possessor). **-pation**¹¹ [L. *-patio*], *f.*: = (taking possession; employment). **-per**¹¹ [L. *-pare* (root cap-, take)], *tr.*: occupy (take possession of, take; employ, busy): *s'*—, occupy one's self, be busy; apply one's self; *intr.*: act as attorney, appear.
- occur-rence**¹⁵, *f.*: =. **-rent**¹⁴ [L. *-rens* (oc-currere, run up)], *adj.*: =, incidental, concurrent.
- océ-an**¹¹ [L. *-anus*], *m.*: ocean; Oceanus. **-ane**¹² [L. *-anus*], *adj.*: of ocean. **-anide**¹⁷ [L. *-anis*], *f.*: oceanide (seasymph). **-anique**¹⁵ [L. *-anicus*], *adj.*: oceanic.
- ocel-le**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, little EYE], *m.*: ocellus (eye-like spot). **-lé**, *adj.*: ocellated.
- ocelot**¹⁷ [Mex.], *m.*: = (American tiger).
- ochlo-cratie**¹⁵ [Gr. *-tîd* (schlos, populace, kratia, rule)], *f.*: ochlocracy.
- ocr-e**¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *ochros*, yellowish)], *f.*: ochre. **-eur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: ochreous.
- oct-** [L. *octo* or Gr. *októ*, EIGHT], *in comp.*: **-aèdre**¹⁵ [L. *-ædros* (Gr. *hédra*, SEAT, base)], *adj.*: octahedral; *m.*: octahedron. **-aéteride**¹⁷ [L. *-ateris* (Gr. *étos*, year)], *f.*: (astr.) period of eight years. **-andre**¹⁷ [*-andrie*], *adj.*: octandrian, androus. **-andrie**¹⁷ [L. *-andria* (Gr. *ánēr*, man, male)], *f.*: octandria (class of flowers with 8 stamens). **-ant**¹⁰ [L. *-ans*, eighth part], *m.*: =. **-ante**⁹ [p. L. **anta* (L. *octoginta*)], *card. num.*: eighty. **-antième**¹⁵ [*-ante*], *ordinal*: eightieth. **-astyle** [Gr. *stûlos*, pillar], *adj.*: having 8 columns in front; *m.*: temple (with 8 pillars). (Better than *octostyle*.) **-ave**¹¹ [L. *-arus*], *f.*: = (eight days after a church festival, or the last of them; interval between one and eight on the scale; stanza of eight lines). **Oct-ave**, **-vie**, *m., f.*: *pr. n.*: Octavius, Octavia. **-avin**¹⁵ [*-ave*], *m.*: octave flute. **-avine**¹⁷, *f.*: spinet of one octave. **-avo**, *cf. in*—. **-aven**¹⁷, **-avonne**, *m., f.*: mestee (offspring of a white person and a quadroon). **-idi**¹⁷ [L. *dies*, DAY], *m.*: = (eighth day of the decade, *Repub. Cal.*). **-il**¹⁷ [L. *-o*], *adj.*: (astr.) octile. **-obre**¹⁵ [L. *-ober*], *m.*: October. **-ogénaire**¹⁵ [L. *-ogenarius*], *m., f.*: octogenarian. **-ogonal**¹⁵ [*-ogone*], *adj.*: octagonal. **-ogone**¹⁵ [L. *-ogonos* (Gr. *gonia*, angle)], *m.*: octagon. **-ogyne**¹² [Gr. *gunê*, woman], *adj.*: octogynous. **-ostyle**¹⁵ [Gr. *stûlos* (stûlos, pillar)], *adj.*: =. **-osyllabe**¹⁵ [L. *-osyllabus*], *adj.*: octosyllabic(al).
- oc-troi**¹¹, *m.*: = (concession, grant; town-dues, toll); administration of the octroi. **-troyer**⁹ [p. L. **auctorizâre*, authorize], *tr.*: grant (a privilege, etc.).
- octu-ple**¹⁵ [L. *-pulus*], *adj.*: = (EIGHT-fold). **-pler**¹⁷, *tr.*: increase eightfold.
- ocu-laire**¹⁵ [L. *-larius* (Lus, EYE)], *adj.*: ocular, eye-; (opt.) eye-glass: *témoîn* —, eye-witness; *diphthongue* —, written diphthong pronounced as a simple vowel, monophthongue. **-lairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: ocularly. **-liste**¹⁵ [L. *-lus*, eye], *m.*: oculist.
- odalisque**¹⁵ [Turk. *odalik* (oda, chamber)], *f.*: odalisque (female slave in a harem).
- od-e**¹⁴ [L. (Gr. *asidein*, sing)], *f.*: =. **-clotte**¹⁵, *f.*: odelet. **-éon**¹⁵ [L. *-eum*], *m.*: Odeon (musical hall or theatre).
- odour**¹¹ [L. *odor*], *f.*: odour (smell; fragrance): — *de sainteté*, sweet odour supposed to emanate from the dead bodies or graves of Saints; divine grace; *en* — *de sainteté*, in a saintly condition, a saint (while yet living); in a state of divine grace; (*jam.*) in the good graces (*auprès*, with, of); *être en bonne* (*mauvaise*) —, have a good (bad) reputation.
- odi-ensement**¹⁵, *adv.*: odiously. **-eur**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-osus* (odi, hate)], *adj.*: odious (hateful, loathsome); *m.*: offensiveness.
- Odin**, *m.*: =, Woden (Scandinavian god).
- odomètre**¹⁷ [Gr. *hodô-metron*, 'way-measure'], *m.*: odometer, cyclometer.
- odent-** [Gr. *odoûs*, TOOTH]: **-algie**¹⁵ [Gr.

-algia (*digos*, pain), *f.*: odontalgia. -**algi-que**¹⁷ [-algie], *adj.*: odontalgic. -**oïde**¹⁶ [Gr. -oïdēs (eidos, form)], *adj.*: odontoid. -**ologie**¹⁷ [Gr. -logos, discourse], *f.*: odontology.

odo-rant¹⁴, *adj.*: =, fragrant. -**rat**¹⁵ [L. -ratus], *m.*: (sense of) smell. ||-**rer**¹¹ [L. -rare], *tr.*: smell (inhale); smell (exhale). -**riférant**¹⁴ [L. L. -ri-ferens, 'ODOUR-BEARING'], *adj.*: odoriferous, fragrant.

Odyssée [L. -sea (Gr. *Odusseis*, ULYSSES)], *f.*: Odyssey; story of adventure.

œcumé-nicité¹⁷ & [-l. -tas], *f.*: ecumenical character. ||-**nique**¹⁵ [L. -nicus (Gr. *oikouménē*, 'inhabited' sc. world)], *adj.*: ecumenic(al), universal. -**nique-ment**¹⁷, *adv.*: ecumenically.

œ-démateur¹⁵ & -**ense**, *adj.*: œdematous. ||-**dème**¹⁵ [Gr. *oïdema* (oidein, swell)], *m.*: (med.) edema.

Œdipe & [-pus (Gr. *Oidipos*)], *m.*: Œdipus; guesser of riddles.

œi-l'¹⁵ *a* = **œu**, *pl.* **œux**, or **œi-ls** (fig. in some compounds) [L. *oculus*], *m.*: EYE (organ of sight; look; observation; eye-like object, hole, loop; spot on a peafowl's feather; bud or sprout); bung-hole; fatty spots on broth; (*print.*) face (of type); part of the name of various concretions in stones, and of various flowers; *pl.* eye-glasses: *clin d'—*, twinkling of an eye; *coup d'—*, glance, sight; *à vue d'—*, visibly; *à l'—*, by (with) the eye; by looking, by observation; by looks; (*fam.*) on credit; *blessé les yeux*, hurt the eyes, be an eyesore; *donner dans l'— à quelqu'un*, take some one's fancy; *sauter aux yeux*, strike the eye; stare one in the face; *fermer les yeux sur*, wink at; *faire les yeux blancs*, show the white of the eyes; look threatening; *se battre l'— de*, scorn; *pocher l'—*, give a black eye; — *de fromage*, holes in cheese; — *d'une roue*, axle-hole, hole of the hub; — *de chat*, cat's-eye, resplendent quartz; — *de loup*, petrification; — *de chèvre*, daisy; — *de corneille*, spotted mushroom; — *de rache*, camomile; — *de soleil*, motherwort; — *de perdrix*, small corn (between the toes). -**l-de-bœuf**, *pl.* — *s—*, *m.*: round or oval window, bull's-eye; waiting-room in the palace at Versailles. -**l-de-chat**, *pl.* — *s—*, *m.*: cat's-eye, resplendent quartz. -**l-de-perdrix**, *pl.* **yeux** —, *m.*: small corn (between the toes). -**l-de-serpent**, *pl.* — *s—*, *m.*: serpentine stone. -**l-d'or**, *pl.* — *s—*, *m.*: gold-fanny (fish). -**lade**¹⁴, *f.*: glance, OGLE. †-**lader**¹⁵ [-lade], *tr.*: glance at, ogle. -**lard**¹⁷, *m.*: feed-hole in a millstone. -**lière**¹¹, *adj.*: of (near) the eye; having a bud or sprout,

sprouting; *f.*: blinder (of bridle); visor (of a helmet); eye-tooth (upper canine tooth); eye-cup; (butch.) flank. -**let**¹², *m.*: (old) little eye; eyelet (-hole); (*bot.*) pink, carnation; salt-basin. -**leton**¹⁵ [-let], *m.*: offset (shoot, layer). -**leton-ner**¹⁶ [-leton], *tr.*: free from offsets; diffuse (plants) by separation of offsets.

œillette¹² *eu* [-Ofr. *olie* = Fr. *huile*], *f.*: field-poppy (from which oil is extracted).

œ-nanthe¹⁵ & [-L. (Gr. *oinos*, WINE, *anthos*, flower)], *f.*: drop-wort. -**nologie**¹⁷, *f.*: œnology (wine-making). -**nomancie**¹⁵ [Gr. *mantia*, divination], *f.*: œnomaney (divination by wine). -**nomètre**¹⁵ [Gr. *mētron*, MEASURE], *m.*: œnometer (wine-gauge).

œso-fage¹⁵ & [-Gr. *oisō-phagos*, 'carrying-food'], *m.*: œsophagus (gullet). -**fagite**¹⁵, *f.*: angina (inflamed throat).

œstre¹⁵ [L. -trus], *m.*: œstrus (gad-fly); keen excitement.

œu-f'¹⁵ *œuf*, *pl.* **œufs** *pr. œu* [L. *ovum*], *m.*: EGG (bird's egg, etc.; ovum, germ-cell, *pl.* roe; egg-shaped object): — *à la coque*, eggs in the shell; — *s brouillés*, buttered eggs; — *couri*, addle egg; — *sur le plat*, or — *au miroir*, fried eggs; — *de Nuremberg*, Nuremberg watch (eye-shaped); *il tondrait sur un —*, he would skin a flint; *mettre tous les — dans un même panier*, risk all in one enterprise; *marcher sur des —*, proceed with extreme caution. -**vé**¹² *œu-vé*, *adj.*: hav'g roe (of fishes).

œuvre¹⁵ *œu* = **œu** [-L. *opera*, *pl.* of *opus*], *r.f.*: work (labour, exertion; application; act, deed; piece of work, product, structure, fabric, book); bezel (setting of a jewel, etc.); church appropriation; churchwarden's pew; *pl.*: parts of the hull (of a vessel); 2.m.: same meanings as *f.*; work considered as a whole, structure, construction; production (collective works of authors, artists, etc.); regular courses (at table): 1. *mettre à l'—* († *œu* —), set to work, make use of; work up; set (jewelry); *mettre tout en —*, leave no stone unturned; †*maître d'—*, master of a workshop, boss; *maître des hautes —s*, hangman, executioner; *maître des basses —s*, nightman; *maître de l'—*, churchwarden; *banc d'—*, churchwarden's bench; *bon jour, bonne —*, better the day, better the deed; — *de chair*, carnal deed; — *s vives*, quick work (hull below water line); — *s mortes*, dead or weather work (hull above water line); 2. *le gros —*, the whole structure (foundation, walls and roof); *à pied d'—*, at the base of the structure; within the neighbourhood; *dans —*, in the body of the structure; in the clear; *hors d'—*, outside the body of the structure, salient; at another

time or place; accessory dishes (at a repast), hors d'œuvres; *repandre sous* —, alter the ground-work of; underpin; alter fundamentally; (alch.) *le grand* —, the making of gold; *travailler au grand* —, seek the philosopher's stone.

offen-sant¹⁶ [-ser], adj.: offensive; †m.: offender. || **offen-se**¹² [L. -sa (fendere, thrust)], f.: = (injury, insult; trespass).

-ser¹⁴ [L. -sare, tr.]: †wound; offend (insult, affront, shock; †Eng. sin against); s—, be offended, take offence; -sê, -sêe, offended; m., f.: offended person or party.

-seur¹³ [-ser], m.: offender. **-sif**¹³, **-ive** [L. L. -sivus], adj.: offensive (attacking); f.: =. **-sivement**¹⁷ [-sive], adv.: offensively.

off-ert, part. of -frir. †**-forte**¹³, f., or **-fertoire**¹³ [L. L. -fitorium], m.: offertory (offering at mass; anthem at the offering).

off-ice¹¹ [L. -cium (ops, help, facere, make)], m.: †duty; office (function; civil charge, trust; divine service); prayer (de, in honour or memory of); function of preparing for the table, culinary duty; f.: servants' hall: *exercer un* —, hold an office; *avocat nommé d—*, advocate appointed by the court (to defend an accused person); *les —s du dimanche*, Sunday services (mass, vespers, etc.); f— *des morts*, prayer in commemoration of the dead; *faire d—*, do of one's own accord; un — d'am, a friendly turn; un mauvais —, a bad turn. **-cial**¹¹ [L. -cialis], m.: = (ecclesiastical judge). **-cialité**¹² [-cial], f.: officiality. **-ciant**¹⁶, **-ciant**¹⁶ [-cier], adj.: officiating; officiating priest or clergyman; officiating nun (in the choir). **-ciat**¹⁵ [-cier], m.: function of a health-officer. **-ciel**¹⁷, **-lle** [L. -cialis], adj.: official. **-ciellement**¹⁷, adv.: officially.

1.-cier¹² [L. -ciare], intr.: officiate (conduct divine service); do one's duty at table, eat heartily. **2.-cier**¹², **-cière** [L. L. -ciarius], m.: officer (civil or military); title of a grade above the knight's; f.: †officiating lady in a royal household; †officiating nun; woman dressed as an officer: — *de bouche*, (king's) steward; — *du gobelet*, (king's) butler; — *de santé*, physician next below a doctor of medicine; — *d'état-major*, staff-officer; — *de la Légion d'honneur*, 'officer' (i.e. next above 'knight') of the legion of honour (French order). **-cieusement**¹⁵ [-cieux], adv.: officiously; obligingly. **-cieux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. -ciorus], adj.: officious, (†Eng. obliging, benevolent; meddlesome); semi-official; m., f.: officious (importunate) person, busybody; (during the French revolution) hired servant: *défenseur* —, pleader before a

court-martial; *journal* —, semi-official journal. **-cinal**¹⁵ [-cine], adj.: =. **-cine**¹¹ [L. -cina, shop], f.: (apothecary's) laboratory.

of-frande¹⁰ [L. L. -frenda], f.: offering (homage); present. **-fre**¹¹, f. (†m.): offer; bid; supply (as distinct from demand). **ll-frir**⁹ [p. L. -ferre (L. -ferre)], irr. §; tr.: offer (present, tend; sacrifice; propose; afford, yield; auct. bid).

§ Ind.: Pr. *offr-e*, -ez, -e; -ent, -ez, -ent. Ipt. *offrais*. Pret. *offris*. Fut. (Cond.) *offrirai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *offre*, Ipt. *offrisse*. — I've *offre*. — Part.: Pr. *offrant*; P. *offert*.

offus-cation¹³ [L. -catio], f.: obfuscation; (astr.) transient dimness of the sun. **ll-quer**¹³ [L. -care (fuscus, dark)], tr.: obfuscate (obscure, dim); trouble, disturb; dazzle: *le soleil m'offusque les yeux*, the sun dazzles my eyes.

o-gival¹⁸, adj.: ogive-shaped, arching. **ll-give**¹⁸ [? Sp. *auge*, highest point (? *aug*, increase)], f.: = (arch-rib of a Gothic vault, pointed arch); arcade formed by the intersection of two pointed arches (*porte, fenêtre en* —).

ognette¹⁰ [It. *ugnello* (L. *unguis*, NAIL)], f.: small chisel (used by marble-cutters).

ognon = **oignon**.

o-gre¹⁵ [?], m.: = (monster). **-grosse**, f.: ogress.

oh [echoic], interj.: O! ho!

ohé¹⁸ [o, hê], interj.: (vulg.) hello! here!

oidium¹⁸ [L. L. (Gr. *oión*, EGG)], m.: = (fungus, vine-mildew); mildew.

oie⁹ [p. L. *auca* (L. *avis*, bird)], f.: goose (the bird; fig. simpleton; a game); *plume d—*, goose-quill; — *de mer*, merganser; *fla petite* —, giblets of a goose; accessories, fixings; little favours or attentions; preliminaries.

oigne-n⁹ [p. L. *unio* (L. *unio*, ONENESS)], m.: onion; bulb; bunion; (old) watch, poor watch: *être vêtu comme un* —, be dressed in several coats or garments; *être en rang d—*, be all in a row; *regretter les —s d'Egypte*, sigh for the flesh-pots of Egypt. **-net**¹², m.: †little onion; summer pear. **-nière**¹³, f.: onion-bed.

oïl, cf. *oui*.

oïlle¹⁶ [Sp. *olla* (L. 'pot')], f.: olla-podrida (mixed dish); *pot d—*, big silver vessel.

oindre⁹ [L. *ungere*], tr.: ANOINT (rub with oil; consecrate by pouring oil on).

oing⁹ [L. *ungen*], m.: hog-grease, wagon-grease; old lard.

oi-seau⁹, pl. — x [p. L. *aucellus* (dim. of L. *avis*, bird)], m.: bird; fig. fellow; bird-shaped object; hod for carrying mortar; pallet; slater's horse: — *x de passage*, or — *x voyageurs*, migratory birds; *batter de l—*, maltreated; *tirer l—*, try to hit a bird

fixed on a pole; *tirer aux* — *x*, go bird-hunting; *la plume de l'—*, the best part of a thing; *à vue d'—*, in bird's-eye view; *à vol d'—*, as the crow flies, in a straight line (bee-line); — *moqueur*, mocking-bird; — *mouche*, humming-bird; — *x de basse-cour*, domestic fowls; — *de Minerve*, owl; — *de Vénus*, dove. — *-seler*¹¹, *tr.*: train (a bird) for hunting or hawking; send (a bird) after the prey; *intr.*: set nets, lime-twigs, etc., for birds, fowl. — *-selet*¹¹, *m.*: little bird. — *-seleur*¹¹ [*-seler*], *m.*: bird-catcher, fowler; *venis* — *s*, periodical spring breezes. — *-selier*¹⁵, *m.*: bird-trainer, bird-seller. — *-sellerie*¹⁵ [*-selier*], *f.*: bird-training, bird-trade.

*oi-seux*⁰, *-euse* [L. *otiosus*], *adj.*: idle (worthless, useless). — *-sif*¹¹, *-ive*, *adj.*: idle (unoccupied, inactive; leisurely; unemployed); *m.*: idler.

*oisillon*¹¹ [*-seau*], *m.*: little bird, birdling.

*oisive-ment*¹⁶ [*oisif*], *adv.*: idly. — *-t6*¹⁸ [*oisif*], *f.*: idleness (inactivity; sloth).

*oison*¹² [*-seau*], *m.*: gosling; duckling; simpleton; (*dial.*) shock of oats.

*oléa-cées*¹⁵ [L. *olea*, olive], *f. pl.*: oleaceae (order of plants). — *-gineux*¹³ [L. *-ginus*], *adj.*: oleaginous, oily.

*oléandre*¹⁴ [L. *-der*], *m.*: oleander.

olé- [L. *oleum*, oil]: — *-ate*¹⁸, *f.*: oleate (salt of oleic acid). — *-fiant*¹⁸, *adj.*: olefant (producing an oil). — *-ifère*, *adj.*: OIL-BEARING. — *-ine*¹⁸, *f.*: olein (fat). — *-ique*¹⁸, *adj.*: oleic.

*olfactif*¹⁷, *-ive* [L. *-tus* (*olere*, smell, *facere*, make)], *adj.*: olfactory.

*oliban*¹² [L. *-nus*], *m.*: olibanum (odorous gum).

*olibrius*¹⁵ [O., legendary emperor], *m.*: disturbing pretender, conceited fool.

oliotte = *aillette*.

*olifant*¹⁰ [L. *elephantus*, elephant], *m.*: (old) ivory; ivory horn.

*oligar-chie*¹³ [Gr. *-chia* (*oligoi*, few, *archein*, rule)], *f.*: oligarchy. — *-chique*¹³ [Gr. *-chikha*], *adj.*: oligarchic(al).

*olinda-de*¹⁶ [Brazilian city Olinda], *f.*: Olinda sword-blade (of superior quality).

*-der*¹⁸, *intr.*: draw the sword, fence.

*-deur*¹⁸ [*-der*], *m.*: fencer, fighter.

*oli-vaire*¹³ [L. *-varius*], *adj.*: olivary; *f. pl.*: family of mollusks. — *-vaïson*¹⁶, *f.*: crop of olives, olive season. — *-vâtre*¹⁵, *adj.*: olivaceous (olive-coloured). — *||oli-ve*⁰ [L. *oliva*], *f.*: (= *folive-tree*; olive-fruit; *adj.*: olive-coloured); olive-shaped thing, as: door-knob, olive-moulding; pulley; oliva (shell); braid loop (for buttoning). — *-verie*¹⁸, *f.*: manufactory of olive oil. — *-vette*¹⁶, *f.*: small olive (tree or fruit); kind of grape; false pearl; *pl.*:

olive dance (formerly in Provence after the gathering of olives). — *-vier*¹⁰, *m.*: olive-tree.

*ollaïre*¹⁷ [L. *ollarius* (*olla*, pot)], *adj.*: suitable to make pots or vases of, easily cut (of stones).

*olla-podrida*¹⁵ [Sp. (*lit.*) "PUTRID pot" (L. *olla*)], *f.*: = (mixed stew, pot-pourri; medley).

*olographe*¹⁶ [L. *-phus* (Gr. *hólos*, whole, *gráphein*, write)], *adj.*: holographic: *testament* —, will written with the testator's own hand.

*Olym-pe*¹⁴ [L. *-pus*], *m.*: Olympus.

*-piade*¹⁵ [L. *-pias*], *f.*: Olympiad. — *-pien*, *-enne* [L. *-pius*], *adj.*: Olympian; majestic. — *-pique*, *adj.*: Olympic.

*ombel-le*¹⁵ [L. *umbella*, UMBRELLA], *f.*: umbel (flower-cluster radiating from one centre). — *-lifère*¹⁶, *adj.*: umbelliferous; *f.*: umbelliferous plant.

*ombili-c*¹⁵ [L. *umbilicus*], *m.*: umbilicus (navel; hilum; opening in a shell; *geom.*: umbilicus; *†Eng.* umbilic). — *-cal*¹⁵, *adj.*: umbilic(al). — *-qué*¹⁸, *adj.*: umbilicate(d).

*om-brage*¹², *m.*: umbrage (shady foliage; shade; distrust, suspicion, offence). — *-brager*¹¹ [*-brage*], *tr.*: shade; *†dim* (the sense). — *-brageux*¹³, *-euse*¹³ [*-brage*], *adj.*: skittish, shy (startled by 'shadows', etc.); suspicious, apt to be offended or take umbrage, (*†Eng.* umbrageous). — *||1. om-bre*⁰ [L. *umbra*], *f.*: shade (obscurity; shadow; apparition; ghost, spirit); *m.* or *f.*: umbra (fish); *faire* — *d*, throw into the shade, eclipse; give umbrage (to); *couvrir d'—*, shade; — *s chinoises*, shadow pictures; (*jest.*) *mettre à l'—*, put in prison, imprison; — *de mer*, umbrina (fish); — *de rivièrè*, grayling.

2. *†ombre* = *hombre*.

*om-brelle*¹⁵ [It. *-brello*], *f.*: parasol. — *-brer*¹⁶ [It. *-brare* (L. *umbra*, shade)], *tr.*: (art) shade, tint. — *-breux*¹², *-euse*, *adj.*: shady, umbrageous.

oméga [Gr., 'o-great'], *m.*: omega.

*omelette*¹³ [?], *f.*: omelet.

*o-mettre*¹⁵ [L. *-mittere* (*ob-*, *mittere*)], *irr.* (cf. *mettre*); *tr.*: omit (leave out).

*-mission*¹³ [L. *-missio*], *f.*: =.

omni- [L. *omnis*, all]: — *-bus* [L. 'for all'], *adj.*: (*fam.*) for all; *m.*: omnibus; *bateau* —, small passenger-boat; *train* —, local train. — *-potence*¹⁵ [L. *-potentia*], *f.*: =. — *-potent*¹², *adj.*: =. — *-science*¹⁷ [L. *-scientia*], *f.*: =. — *-scient*¹⁷ [L. *-sciens*, knowing], *adj.*: =. — *-vore*¹⁷ [L. *-vorus* (*vorare*, devour)], *adj.*: omnivorous.

*omoplate*¹⁵ [Gr. *-te* (*hómos*, shoulder, *plátē*, FLAT thing)], *f.*: = (shoulder blade).

*on*⁰ [L. *homo*, man], *pron.*: one (person or persons indefinitely; in Eng. variously

rendered by one, people, somebody, we, you, they, or by a passive): *l'*—, often euphonically for *on* after vowels; (*l'*)—*dit*, people say, they, it is said; we say; hearsay; — *croit*, people think, it is thought; — *me l'a dit*, somebody has told me so, I was told so; *que dira-t-on?* what will people say?

onagre¹¹ [L. *-ger*], *m.*: onager (wild ass).

onanisme¹⁷ [Onan (son of Judah)], *m.*: onanism (masturbation).

†onc^o or **onques** [L. *unquam*], *adv.*: ever; never (chiefly in *ne* . . .).

1. once^o [L. **lyncea* (L. *lynx*)], *f.* (*m.*): ounce (kind of panther).

2. on-ce^o [L. *uncia*], *f.*: ounce (a weight; *Rom.* $\frac{1}{16}$ of a pound; $\frac{1}{12}$ of a foot).

-clair¹⁷ [L. *-clarus*], *adj.*: of an ounce. **-cial**¹⁵, **-ciale** [L. *-cialis*, 'of an inch'], *adj.*: uncial (ref. to a large style of antique letters); *f.*: uncial (letter).

oncle^o [p. L. **unculus* (L. *avunculus*)], *m.*: uncle: — *de comédie* (or *d'Amérique*), uncle returning rich from foreign parts.

onc-tion¹¹ [L. *unctio* (*ungere*, smear)], *f.*: unction (anointing, consecration; grace; unctuousness; gentle fervour, devotion). **-tuousement**¹⁵ [*-tueux*], *adv.*: unctuously, impressively. **-tueur**¹², **-euse** [L. *-tuosus*], *adj.*: unctuous (oily; suave, fervid). **-tuosité**¹², *f.*: unctuousity (oiliness).

on-de^o [L. *unda*], *f.*: wave (billow, surge; undulation): *l'*— *amère*, the briny sea, the sea; *l'*— *noire*, the Styx; death. **-dé**¹², *adj.*: undulate(d), wavy. **-dée**¹¹ (*adj.*, cf. above), *f.*: shower. **-dijn**¹⁵, **-dine**, *m.*, *f.*: genius of the water, Undine. **-doie-**

ment¹¹, *m.*: undulation, waving; private baptism. **-doyant**¹¹ [*-doyer*], *adj.*: undulating, waving; flickering. **-doyer**¹¹, *intr.*: undulate (wave, rise and fall, billow, surge; (*Rom. Cath.*) baptise privately (children about to die)). **-dulant**¹⁷ [*-duler*], *adj.*: undulating. **-dulation**¹⁵ [L. *-dula*, wavelet], *f.*: undulation (wavy motion; wave-motion; flutter; wavy or broken outline). **-dulatoire**¹⁷ [*-dulation*], *adj.*, or **-dulé**¹⁵ [L. *-dulatus*], *adj.*: undulate(d). **-duler**¹⁷ [*-dulation*], *intr.*: undulate, wave; *tr.*: undulate; curl. **-du-**

leur¹⁷, **-euse** [L. *undula*, wavelet], *adj.*: undulous (undulating, wavy; curly).

oné-raire¹⁵ [L. *-rarius*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) acting, accountable. **-reusement**¹⁵, *adv.*: onerously. **†-reux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-onus* (*onus*, burden)], *adj.*: onerous (burden-some).

on-glado¹⁵, *f.*: nail growing into the flesh. **†on-gle**^o [L. *ungula* (*-guis*, nail), claw], *m.* (*f.* until XVII cent.): nail (of a

finger or toe); claw; hoof; instrument of torture; spec or particle in the eye: *rogner les* — *à quelqu'un*, clip any one's wings. **-glé**¹⁵, *adj.*: provided with nails, claws, or hoofs. **-glée**¹⁵, *f.*: pain from cold in the tips of the fingers, numbness of the fingers; (*vet.*) excrescence in the eye of horses. **-glet**¹⁵, *m.*: little nail; embroidery thimble; nail-like point; base of petals; upper part left of a branch that is cut off; triangular cutting; flat graver, burin; (*bookbind.*) guard; (*print.*) one-leaf cancel; pellicle in the eye; pluck (of an animal); notch for the finger-nail (as in the blade of a pocket-knife, etc.); groove: *assemblage d'* —, mitre point; *assembler* (or *couper*) *d'* —, mitre; (*bot.*) *d'* —, unguiculate(d); — *sphérique*, spherical section. **-glette**¹⁵, *f.*: flat graver; notch, groove. **-glon**¹², *m.*: hoof (of cloven-hoofed beasts).

onguent^{-t¹⁶ [L. *-tum* (*ungere*, anoint)], *m.*: tperfume; unguent (ointment). **-taire**, *adj.*: unguentary.}

on-guicule¹⁵ [L. *unguiculus*], *m.*: little nail, etc. (cf. *ongle*). **-guiculé**¹⁷ [L. *unguiculus*], *adj.*: unguiculate(d). **†-gui-**

forme [L. *unguis*, finger-nail], *adj.*: unguate. **-gulé** [L. *ungulus*, little nail], *adj.*: hoofed.

oniro-critie¹⁷ [Gr. *oneiro-krites*, dream-interpretation], *f.*: oneirocriticism. **-man-**

-ee¹⁵ or **-manie** [Gr. *oneirō-mantis*, dream-diviner], *f.*: oneiromancy.

onocrotale¹² [Gr. *ono-krōtalos*, 'assembl'], *m.*: kind of white pelican.

onoma- [Gr. *ónoma*, NAME]: **-stique**¹⁵, *adj.*: onomastic, referring to proper names; *f.*: study of proper names. **-to-**

pée¹⁵ [L. *-pōia* (Gr. *poiēn*, make)], *f.*: onomatopœa.

†onques = *onc*.

ontologie¹⁷ [L. *-gia* (Gr. *ón*, being, *lógos*, discourse)], *f.*: ontology. **-gique**¹⁵, *adj.*: ontologic(al). **-giste**¹⁵, *m.*: ontologist.

onyx¹¹ [L. (Gr. *ónux*, hail)], *m.*: =.

on-ze^o [p. L. **on-decim* (L. *en-*)], *adj.* or *m.*: eleven; eleventh. **-zième**¹⁵, *adj.* or *m.*: eleventh; eleventh part. **-zième-**

ment¹⁵, *adv.*: in the eleventh place.

ooli-the¹⁷ [Gr. *óon*, egg, *lithos*, stone], *m.* (*f.*): oolite (variety of limestone). **-thique**¹⁵, *adj.*: oolitic.

opacité¹⁴ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: opacity, opaqueness.

opa-le¹⁵ [L. *-lus*], *f.*: opal; sugar crust (in forms); sort of tulip. **-lin**¹⁵, *adj.*: opaline.

opaque¹⁴ [L. *-eus*], *adj.*: =.

ope¹⁵ [L. *opa*], *f.*: beam hole; *pl.*: scaffolding holes.

opéra [It. *opera* (L. *opus*, work)], *m.*: (old) master-work, work; opera (musical drama; opera-house): *c'est un —*, it is a perfect imbroglia.

opéra-teur¹⁸, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (cf. *opérateur*)], *m., f.*: operator; charlatan, quack. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: operation. **-toire**¹⁷ [L. *-torius*], *adj.*: (*surg.*) operative.

opercu-le¹⁷ [L. *-lum* (*operio*, cover)], *m.*: operculum (cover). **-lé**¹⁷, *adj.*: operculate(d).

opérer¹⁵ [L. *operari* (*opus*, work)], *tr.*: operate; *intr.*: be operative, be effective.

opérette¹⁸ [Germ. (It., cf. *-ra*)], *f.*: operetta (short musical drama or opera).

Ophélie, *f.*: Ophelia, mad girl in Hamlet. **ophi-** [Gr. *ôphis*, serpent]: **-cléide**¹⁸ [Gr. *kléis*, key], *m.*: ophicleide (large brass wind instrument). **-dien**¹⁸, **-enne**, *adj.* or *m.*: ophidian. **-oglosse**¹⁷ [L. *-oglossum* (Gr. *glôssa*, tongue)], *f.*: family of snake-rota. **-te**¹⁸ [L. *-tes*], *m.*: = (serpentine).

ophthal-mie¹⁷ [L. *-mia* (Gr. *-mos*, EYE)], *f.*: ophthalmia. **-mique**¹⁷ [L. *-micus*], *adj.*: ophthalmic. **-mographie**¹⁷, *f.*: ophthalmography. **-moscope**¹⁶ [Gr. *skopeîn*, view], *m.*: =.

opia-cé¹⁸ [L. *opium*, opium], *adj.*: containing opium, opiated. **opia-t**¹⁵ [L. *-tum*], *m.*: opiate.

opi-latif¹⁴, **-ive**, *adj.*: obstructive, (†Eng. *opillative*). **-lation**¹⁸ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **-ler**¹⁸ [L. *opillare*, ram down, stop], *tr.*: obstruct, (†Eng. *opillate*).

opime¹⁷ [L. *-imus*, rich], *adj.*: (Rom.) taken from a slain general: *dépouilles —s*, arms wrested by a general from a slain general.

opi-nant¹⁶, **-nante**, *m., f.*: opiner, one giving his opinion, speaker. **-ner**¹⁴ [L. *-nari*], *intr.*: opine (express an opinion, judge, speak): — *du bonnet*, acquiesce, taking off the hat; tacitly acquiesce, submit; vote blindly; — *pour* (or *†d*), give an opinion in favour, vote; — *d*, contemplate. **-niâtre**¹⁵ [L. *-nio*, opinion], *adj.*: opinionated, stubborn; persistent; *m., f.*: headstrong or stubborn person. **-niâtrément**¹⁵ [*-niâtre*], *adv.*: stubbornly. **-niâtrer**¹⁵ [*-niâtre*], *tr.*: †maintain stubbornly or persistently (*intr.* persist); render stubborn, confirm; tease: *s'—*, be obstinate, persist. **-niâtré**¹⁵ [*-niâtre*], *f.*: stubbornness, obstinacy, pertinacity. **-nion**¹¹ [L. *-nio*], *f.*: =; †vote: *une chose* (or *affaire*) *d'—*, a mere matter of opinion; *†aller aux —s*, vote.

opisthographie¹⁷ [L. *-phus* (Gr. *ôpisthen*, behind)], *adj.*: opisthographic, written on the back (or both sides).

o-pium¹² [L. (Gr. *opós*, juice)], *m.*: =.

-popanax¹² [L. (Gr. *pánax*, sort of plant)], *m.*: =.

oppor-tun¹⁵ [L. *-tunus*], *adj.*: opportune (convenient, seasonable). **-tunement**¹⁵, *adv.*: opportunely. **-tunisme**¹⁸, *m.*: opportunism. **-tuniste**¹⁸, *m.*: opportunist. **-tunité**¹² [L. *-tunilas*], *f.*: opportuneness (seasonableness, expediency).

oppos-able, *adj.*: =. **-sant**¹⁵, **-sante**, *adj.*: opposing, opposite; adverse; *m., f.*: opponent, adversary. **-ser**¹¹ [L. *-nere* (cf. *poser*)], *tr.*: oppose (set opposite or against; place in opposition or against, interpose; resist, withstand, combat); plead, urge: *s'— (d)*, set one's self against, oppose, resist. **-site**¹² [L. *-situs*], *†adj.* or *m.*: =; opposite side or place: *d l'— (de)*, at the opposite side (of), opposite; against, over; *tout l'—*, quite the opposite. **-sition**¹¹ [L. *-silio*], *f.*: =; resistance; (*fenc.*) parry; (*leg.*) attachment: *former — d*, prohibit; *le parti de l'—*, the opposition party.

oppress-er¹² [L. *-sus* (part. of *opprimere*, oppress)], *tr.*: oppress (treat harshly; lie heavy upon); †press closely. **-seur**¹⁸, *m.*: oppressor. **-sif**¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-sus*], *adj.*: oppressive. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =. **-sivement**¹⁴, *adv.*: oppressively.

opprimant¹⁵, *adj.*: oppressing. **-mer**¹³ [L. *-mere*], *tr.*: †press or bow down; oppress (treat with rigour). **-mé**, **-ée**, *m., f.*: oppressed (person).

opprobre¹² [L. *-brium* (*probrum*, shame)], *m.*: opprobrium (disgrace, infamy); disgrace (one causing disgrace, bringing dishonour).

optatif¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.* or *m.*: optative. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare*, wish], *tr.*: (*leg.*) choose.

opticien¹⁶ [L. *-ce* (cf. *-que*), optic], *m.*: optician.

optimis-me¹⁷ [L. *-mus*, best], *m.*: optimism. **-te**¹⁷, *adj.*: optimistic; *m., f.*: optimist.

option¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =.

optique¹¹ [L. *-cus* (Gr. root *op-*, see)], *adj.*: optic(al); *f.*: optics; perspective: *l'— du théâtre*, stage illusion.

opu-lement¹⁶ **-lam**, *adv.*: opulently.

-lence¹⁵ [L. *-lentia*], *f.*: opulence, wealth.

-lent¹³, **-lente** [L. *-lens* (*ops*, wealth)], *adj.*: opulent (wealthy); (*fam.*) corpulent; *m., f.*: opulent person.

opuscule¹⁸ [L. *-lum* (dim. of *opus*, work)], *m.*: opus(cule).

or⁹ [L. *aurum*, *m.*: gold; (*her.*) or: *d'—*, of gold, gold (*adj.*), golden; *être tout coulé d'—*, be all lined with gold, roll in riches; — *en barre*, gold in bars, gold bullion; ready money; *l'age d'—*,

the Golden Age; — *blanc*, old name for platinum; — *de couleur*, gold varnish.

2. or^o [p. L. **hōra* (L. *hac ora*, this hour)], *adv.*: †now (at this moment); *introductive particle*, now (things being as they are), will, but: — *bien*, now indeed, now; — *sus*, now, well, ah; — *ça*, well now.

oracle¹¹ [L. *-culum* (*orare*, speak)], *m.*: = *en* —, as an oracle.

ora-ge^o [p. L. **auraticum* (L. *aura*, wind)], *m.*: †blowing; storm (violent wind, esp. with rain and thunder or snow, tempest; violent agitation): *le temps est à l'—*, the weather is stormy. **-geusement¹⁵** [*-geuz*], *adv.*: tempestuously. **-geux¹¹**, *=cuse*, *adj.*: tempestuous, agitated.

or-aison^o [L. *-atio*], *f.*: †oration (public discourse, address); orison, prayer; †(gram.) speech: *l'— dominicale*, the Lord's prayer; *faire un —*, say a prayer; *être en —*, be at prayer, be praying; — *mentale*, silent prayer.

ora-l¹⁷ [L. *os*, month], *adj.*: =; *m.*: veil (esp. as worn by Jewesses in public, or at solemn occasions by the pope). **-lement**, *adv.*: orally.

oran-ge¹² [Ar. *nuranj*], *m.*: orange (†orange-tree; orange fruit; orange colour, also *adj.*). **-gé¹⁵**, *adj.*: orange-coloured; *m.*: orange-colour. **-geade¹⁵** [infl. by *limonade*], *f.*: 1. =; 2. same as †*-geat¹³*, *m.*: candied orange-peel. **-ger¹³**, *m.*: orange-tree. †**-ger¹⁵**, **-gère**, *m.*, *f.*: orangeman or woman. **-gerie¹⁵** [†*-ger*], *f.*: orangerie (plantation of orange-trees); orange-house (to shelter orange-trees during the winter). **-gette¹⁵**, *f.*: small orange for preserves. **-giste¹⁵**, *m.*: orange-grower.

orang-outang¹⁷ [Malayan, 'man of the woods'], *m.*: =.

ora-teur¹³ [L. *-tor* (*-re*, speak)], *m.*: orator, speaker. 1. **-toire¹⁵** [L. *-torius*], *adj.*: oratori(c)al: *l'art —*, oratory. 2. **-toire¹¹** [L. *-torium*], *m.*: oratory (place of prayer). **-toirement¹⁵** [†*-toire*], *adv.*: oratori(c)ally. **-torio¹⁷** [It.], *m.*: (mus.) =. 1. **orbe^o** [L. *orbis*, bereft], *adj.*: (old) blind; without light or opening; simply bruising (of blows): *mur —*, compact wall; *coup —*, blow (as with a club).

2. or-be¹² [L. *-bis*], *m.*: orb (circle; globe, heavenly body); orbit; orb-fish. **-biculaire¹³** [L. *-bicularis*], *adj.*: orbicular. **-biculairement¹⁵** [*-biculaire*], *adv.*: orbicularly. **-biculé** [L. *-bicus*], *adj.*: (bot.) orbiculate(d). **-bitaire¹⁵** [*-bite*], *adj.*: (anat.) orbital. **-bite¹³** [L. *-bita*], *f.*: orbit (astr. periodical revolution; anat. socket).

orcanète¹³ or **-nette** [arcane], *f.*: orchanet (plant), alkanet.

orches-tique¹⁷ [Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: orchestric, relating to dancing; *f.*: art of dancing and pantomime. **-tration¹⁵** [*-trer*], *f.*: =, scoring. **-tre¹⁵** [L. *-tra* (Gr. *orchēsthai*, dance)], *m.*: orchestra. **-trèr¹⁵**, *tr.*: arrange for orchestra, score.

or-chidées¹⁷, *f. pl.*: (bot.) orchidaceæ. **||-chis¹⁵** [L. (Gr., testicle)], *m.*: orchid (plant). **-chite¹⁵** [Gr. *orchis*, testicle], *f.*: (med.) orchitis.

ord^o [L. *horridus*], *adj.*: filthy.

ordi-naire¹² [L. *-narius* (*ordo*, order)], *adj.*: ordinary (customary, usual, common); *m.*: ordinary (customary thing or nature; customary fare; †Eng. constant part of the mass; diocesan authority, judge in his own right); regular courier or post; *pl. menses*: *à l'—*, as usual; *d'—, pour l'—*, ordinarily, usually; *à son —*, according to his usual habit, as is usual with him; *au-dessus de l'—*, above the common run; *avoir un bon —*, have a good daily fare; *vin d'—*, ordinary wine (ordinarily used at meals). **-naire-ment¹⁵**, *adv.*: ordinarily, usually. **-nal¹⁵**, *pl. -aux* [L. *-nalis*], *adj.* or *m.*: =.

ordi-nand¹⁵ [l. L. *-nandus* (*-nare*, ordain)], *m.*: = (candidate for ordination). **-nant¹⁵** [l. L. *-nans*], *m.*: = (ordaining bishop). **-nateur¹⁵**, **-natrice** [l. L. *-nator*], *m.*, *f.*: ordainer; *adj.*: ordaining, determining. **-nation¹¹** [l. L. *-natio*], *f.*: =.

ordo¹⁷ [L. 'order'], *m.*: = (Rom. Cath. manual of daily services).

ordon¹³ [*-de*, dial. for *-dre*], *m.*: tilt-hammer frame.

ordon-nance¹², *f.*: ordonnance (orderly disposition); ordinance (authorization, regulation, order, writ); (med.) prescription; money order; (mil.) mounted orderly, orderly (sometimes *m.*); *d'—*, according to regulation or order, regulation (*as adj.*); *officier d'—*, aid-de-camp; *habits d'—*, regimentals; *delivrer* (or *rendre*) *une —*, issue a writ (an order); *signifier une — à*, serve a writ upon; — *de comptant*, order for cash pay. **-nancement¹⁵** [*-nancer*], *m.*: written order of payment; O.K. **-nancer¹⁵** [*-nancer*], *tr.*: order (by signature) the payment of; O.K. **-nateur¹⁵**, **-natrice**, *m.*, *f.*: ordainer, orderer; undertaker (funeral director). **-né**, **-née**, *part.*: ordered, etc.; *f.*: (geom.) ordinate. †**-nément¹¹** [*-né*], *adv.*: in an orderly way, regularly. **||-nèr¹¹** [L. *ordinare* (*ordo*, order)], *tr.*: ordinate (dispose in order, regulate); ordain (regulate, appoint; confer holy orders upon); order (command, direct); (med.) prescribe.

ordre¹⁰ [L. *ordo*], *m.*: order (arrangement, array; class, rank; direction, command,

mandate; business in an assembly); *pl.*: hierarchical degree; holy orders: *être dans l'—*, be in order, be right; *du premier —*, of the first order or class; of the highest order, first-rate; *prendre les —s*, go into orders; *les trois —s*, the three estates (i.e. in monarchical France, the clergy, the nobility and the people); *délit contre l'— public*, breach of peace; breach of the King's (Queen's) peace.

or-dure¹¹ [*ord*], *f.*: dirt, refuse (*pl.* sweepings), filth; uncleanness. **-drier**¹⁷, *adj.*: dirty, impure, vulgar, ribald; *m.*: vulgar fellow; *†*dust-pan.

ore(s) = *z.or.*

oréade¹⁵ [*L. -as* (Gr. *ōros*, mountain)], *f.*: oread (mountain nymph).

orée¹³ [*Ofr. eur* (*L. ora*, border)], *f.*: border, edge, outskirt.

oreil-lard¹⁰, *adj.*: long-eared, lop-eared; *m.*: long-eared bat. **|| oreil-le**^o [*L. auricula* (dim. of *auris*, EAR)], *f.*: EAR (the organ; HEARING; favourable hearing; favour, attention; ear-like object, handle); tie (of shoes, etc.); loop, fluke (of anchor), mould-board (of ploughs); end-tooth (of a comb); enters into the name of various plants and shells: *boucle d'—*, earring; *faire la sourde —*, turn a deaf ear; *échauffer les —s à*, provoke; *donner sur les —s à*, box the ears of; *se faire tirer l'—*, be very reluctant, need entreaty; *avoir l'— dure*, be hard of hearing; *avoir de l'—*, have a delicate ear; *avoir l'— basse*, be humbled; — *d'homme*, asarum, birthwort; — *de souris*, forget-me-not, myosotis; — *d'ours*, sort of primrose. **-lê**¹⁴, *adj.*: provided with ears, eared. **-lêr**¹⁰, *m.*: pillow; support. **-lère**¹⁵, *f.*: earwig (insect). **-lotte**¹¹, *f.*: auricle (of the heart); ear stall (for a sore ear); earring supporter (when the ear is not pierced); asarum, birthwort; corn-salad; kind of mushroom. **-lon**¹², *m.*: prolongation of the ear (of certain animals); parotid swelling; cutting of ears, etc., to make glue; mould-board (of ploughs); (*fort.*) epaulment (side work).

orémus¹⁶ [*L.*, 'let us pray'], *m.*: prayer, orison.

oréo-graphie = *orographie*.

ores = *z.or.*

or-fèvre^o [*p. L. auri-fabrus*, 'gold-worker'], *m.*: gold or silversmith: — *bijoutier*, goldsmith and jeweller; *vous êtes —*, (*Mol.*), you are interested. **-fèvre-rie**¹¹, *f.*: gold or silversmith's trade; jewellery. **-févri**¹⁷, *adj.*: wrought by a goldsmith.

orfraie^o [*L. ossi-fraga*, 'bone-breaker'], *f.*: osprey (sea-eagle).

organde¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: book-muslin, organdie.

orga-ne¹¹ [*L. -num*], *m.*: organ (finstrument; medium, part); voice: *manquer d'—*, lack voice, have a poor voice. **-nean**¹⁷, *m.*: (*nav.*) ring (for a cable).

-nieisme¹⁵ [*L. -nicus*], *m.*: (med.) organicism. **-nique**¹² [*L. -nicus*], *adj.*: organic(al); *†f.*: instrumental music.

-nisateur¹⁸, **-trice**, *m., f.*: organizer; *adj.*: organising. **-nisation**¹⁷ [*-niser*], *f.*: organisation. **-niser**¹³, *tr.*: organise; *†*add an organ to (a piano): *s'—*, become organised.

-nisme¹⁷, *m.*: organism. **-niste**¹⁴ [*L. -nista*], *m., f.*: organist, organ-player.

organ-sin¹⁶ [*?*], *m.*: organzine (twisted silk). **-sinage**¹⁸ [*-siner*], *m.*: organzining. **-siner**¹⁷, *tr.*: double twist (silk).

orgasme¹⁰ [*Gr. -mōs*], *m.*: orgasm.

or-ge^o [*L. hordeum*], *f.*: (*m.* in some uses) barley: — (*m.*) *mondé*, hulled or pot barley; — (*m.*) *perlé*, pearl barley; — *brûlée*, charred barley; *faire ses —s*, feather one's nest; *être entre l'— et l'avoine*, be where a choice is hard to make, be puzzled. **-geat**¹⁴, *m.*: = (syrup). **-geolet** [*Ofr. -geol*], *m.*: sty, HORDEOLUM (sore on the eyelid).

or-giaque¹⁸ [*Gr. -liōs*], *adj.*: orgiastic, revelling. **|| -gie**¹⁴ [*L. -Gr.*], *f.*: *pl.* orgies (sacrificial feast to Bacchus), bacchanalian poetry; — *s*, orgies, drunken revelry.

orgue = *orne*.

orgue¹² [*L. -ganum*, instrument], *m.* (*sing.*), *f.* (*pl.*): (*mus.*) organ; orgue (old gun with several barrels); (*nav.*) scupper-hole, spout.

orguei-1¹⁰ *ue* = **eu** [*OHG. *urgoli* (*urgol*, superior)], *m.*: haughtiness, pride, arrogance. **-fleusement**¹⁰ [*-lleux*], *adv.*: proudly, arrogantly. **-fleux**¹⁰, **-euse**, *adj.*: haughty, proud, arrogant; *m., f.*: haughty person.

orichal-que¹⁸ [*L. -cum* (Gr. *ōros*, mountain, *chalkōs*, brass)], *m.*: orichalc (gold-like metal).

orien-t¹⁰ [*L. -s* (*oriri*, RISE)], *m.*: orient (part of the horizon where the sun appears to rise; East; Orient; lustre (of pearls); lodge (in Grand Orient, grand council): *d'—*, of the Orient, Eastern: commerce *d'O—*, East India trade; *bordé à l'—*, bordered by the East, bordering the East. **-tal**¹¹, **-aux** [*L. -lalis*], *adj.*: oriental, eastern; *pl.*: Orientals. **-talisme**¹⁸ [*-tal*], *m.*: orientalism (knowledge of oriental languages, history, etc.). **-taliste**¹⁷ [*-tal*], *m.*: orientalist. **-tation**¹³ [*-ter*], *f.*: =. **-taur**, *cf.* **-tal**. **-ter**¹⁴, *tr.*: orientate (turn a church, a building, etc., to the east); set (sails) to the wind, trim; orient (define the position of, in relation to the east; ascertain the bear-

ings of): *s'*—, find one's bearings, determine one's direction; make one's self at home; *maison -té*, house facing the east; *maison bien (mal) -té*, pleasantly (poorly) located house; house with a good (poor) aspect; *carte bien -tée*, map exactly drawn; — *une carte*, provide a map with the cardinal points.

orifice¹³ [L. *-cium* (os, mouth), *m.*: orifice, aperture.

oriflamme¹³ [Ofr. *orie* (cf. *or*), golden, *flamme*, *f.*: = (red flag, split into points and borne on a gilded lance: the ancient royal standard of France).

origan¹² [L. *-num*], *m.*: origanum, marjoram (plant).

Origène, *m.*: Origen (one of the Greek Fathers, 3rd Cent.).

originaire¹³ [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: by origin, originally come from, native; originary, original, primary. **-nairement**¹⁶

[*-naire*], *adv.*: originally, primarily. **-nal**¹² [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: = (primitive, genuine); peculiar, odd, eccentric; *m.*: original (first draught, original work, etc.; peculiar, odd, eccentric character); elk (cf. *origuac*). **-nalement**¹⁴, *adv.*: originally; in an original manner. **-nalité**¹⁶ [*-nal*], *f.*: originality; eccentricity. **||origi-ne**¹⁵

[L. *origo* (*oriri*, RISE)], *f.*: origin, source; beginning. **-nel**¹³, **-lle** [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: original (primitive): *avoir la tache -lle*, have an inherited weakness. **-nellement**¹³ [*-nel*], *adv.*: originally.

origuac¹⁵ or **-gual** [fr. Basque], *m.*: Canadian elk.

†orill... = *oreill*...

orin¹⁴ [?], *m.*: buoy-rope (of an anchor); guard or safety rope.

oripeau¹¹ [Ofr. *orie* (cf. *or*), golden, *peau*, *m.*: tinsel gold; brass leaf, Dutch gold, foil; tinsel, false ornament.

or-le⁹ [p. L. **ōrulum* (L. *ōra*, border)], *m.*: hem (= *ourlet*); orle (filled round a shield); fillet, moulding (of a column); vein or passage in a crater. **-lé**¹³, *adj.*: (*her.*) provided with an orle.

orléans¹³ [Orleans], *m.*: = (cloth of worsted and cotton).

orlet [*-le*], *m.*: moulding of a cornice.

or-maie¹², *f.*: elm-grove. **||or-me**⁹ [L. *ulmus*], *m.*: *ELM*: *juges du dessous l'*—, village judges (presiding under the elms of the seigneurial manor); *attendre sous l'*—, confide in one's case, be confident (orig. with reference to the pleading below an elm: cf. above); wait in vain (orig. wait under the elm for parties not coming); keep waiting, wait till doomsday. **-meau**¹², *m.*: young elm. **-mille**¹⁷, *f.*: hedge of young elms.

ormin¹⁵ [L. *-num*], *m.*: clary (kind of sage).

1.orne⁹ [L. *ōrdo*, line, row], *m.*: (*dia.*) furrow; space between vine-stock rows; row (in *faire* —, cut down trees in a row). **2.orne**¹³ [L. *-nus*], *m.*: ornaus (flowering-ash).

orne-maniste¹³ [*-ment*], *m.*: ornament-maker. **-ment** [L. *ornamentum*], *m.*: ornament, adornment; (*mus.*) accessory (trills, etc.). **-mental**¹⁵ [*-ment*], *adj.*: ornamental. **-mentation**¹³ [*-menter*], *f.*: ornamentation. **-menter**¹³ [*-ment*], *tr.*: ornament, adorn, embellish. **||orne-r** [L. *ornare*], *tr.*: adorn (ornate, ornament, decorate, grace, embellish): *un esprit orné*, a cultured mind (refined by reading); — *sa mémoire*, store one's memory with fine quotations.

orniére¹² [**1.orne**], *f.*: rut (wheel-track); old rut, routine.

ornitho- [Gr. *ōrnis*, bird]: **-gale** [Gr. *gála*, milk], *m.*: ornithogalum, star-of-Bethlehem (plant). **-logie**¹⁶ [l. L. *-logia* (Gr. *lógos*, discourse)], *f.*: ornithology. **-logiste**¹⁷ [*-logie*], **-logue**¹⁷, *m.*: ornithologist. **-mance** or **-manie**¹⁷ [l. L. *-mantia* (Gr. *mantia*, divination)], *f.*: ornithomancy. **-r(r)hynque**¹³ [Gr. *rhūg-chos*, snout, beak], *m.*: ornithorhynchus, duckbill (duck-mole).

oro-bance¹⁷ [L.], *f.*: = (strangleweed). **-be**¹³ [L. *-bus*], *m.* (*f.*): orobus (bitter-vetch).

oro-graphie¹³ [Fr. *ōros*, mountain], *f.*: orography. **-logie**¹⁵, *f.*: orology.

orange¹⁷ [Prov. *ouronje* (= Fr. *orange*)], *f.*: orange-agaric (mushroom).

orpaillieur¹⁵ [pop. for *arpailleur*], *m.*: gold-searcher, gold-washer.

Orphée, *m.*: Orpheus (Thracian poet).

orphre-lin¹⁰, **-line** [Ofr. *orfene* (Gr. *orphanón*)], *m.*, *f.*: ORPHAN; *adj.*: orphan — *de père*, fatherless child. **-linat**¹⁵, *m.*: orphanage (orphan-asylum).

orphé-on¹³ [Orphée], *m.*: choral society; flange hurdy-gurdy. **-oniste**¹³, *m.*: member of a choral society.

or-piment¹¹ [L. *auri-pigmentum*, 'gold-pigment'], *m.*: = (kind of arsenic). **-pin**¹³, *m.*: *†orpiment*; orpine (plant).

orque¹⁵ [L. *orca*], *f.*: ORC (cowfish).

orseille¹⁴ [?], *f.*: archil, orchil (lichen plant, giving a violet dye).

†ort¹⁷ [? ord], *adj. invar.*: gross weight.

orteil⁹ [L. *articulum*], *m.*: toe; great toe.

ortho- [Gr. *orthós*, upright, straight]:

-doxe¹⁵ [l. L. *-doxus* (Gr. *dóxa*, opinion)], *adj.*: orthodox. **-doxie**¹⁷ [*-doxe*], *f.*:

orthodoxy. **-dromie**¹⁷ [Gr. *dramein*, run], *f.*: orthodromy (act of sailing on a great circle).

-épie [Gr. *-ēpeia* (*ēpos*, word)], *f.*: orthoepey. **-gonal**¹⁵ [Gr. *gonia*, angle], *adj.*: =.

-graphie¹³ [L.

-graphia (Gr. *graphein*, write), *f.*: orthography. **-graphie**¹² [cf. *-graphie*], *f.*: orthography (spelling; drawing in correct perspective). **-graphique**¹⁷ [*-graphique*], *adj.*: orthographic(al). **-pédie**¹⁷ [Gr. *pala*, child], *f.*: (med.) orthopedy. **-pédique**¹² [*-pédie*], *adj.*: orthopedic(al). **-pédiste** [*-pédie*], *m.*: orthopedist. **-pnée**¹⁵ [L. *-pnœa* (Gr. *pnein*, breathe)], *f.*: (med.) orthopnea. **-ptère**¹² [Gr. *pteron*, wing], *adj.*: orthopterous; *m.*: orthopterous insect.

ortie⁵ [L. *urtica* (urere, burn)], *f.*: stinging nettle (cf. Eng. *urtica*, nettle; (vet.) rowel (as seton); *jeter le froc aux —s*, renounce the monastic life or ecclesiastic profession; give up one's profession).

ortive¹⁵ [L. *-vus* (oriri, rise)], *adj.*: (astr.) =, eastern.

ortolan¹⁵ [Prov. (L. *hortus*, garden)], *m.*: = (bird).

orvale¹² [?], *f.*: orval (kind of sage).

orvet¹² [?], *m.*: = (blindworm).

orviétan¹⁵ [It. *-no* (town *Orvieto* in Italy)], *m.*: = (electuary, poison).

orycto-graphie¹⁷ [Gr. *orktōs*, dug up], *f.*: oryctography, science of, or treatise on fossils. **-logie**¹⁷, *f.*: oryctology.

1.os⁵, *pl.* **os** [p. L. *ossum* (L. *os*)], *m.*: bone: — *d'épaule*, shoulder-blade; — *de la jambe*, shin-bone; *jusqu'aux —* (or *jusqu'à la moelle des —*), to the backbone, thoroughly; *rompre les —*, beat unmercifully.

2.os, *pl.* **os** [?], *m.*: ergot (of a stag).

oscil-lant¹², *l-l*, *adj.*: oscillating. **-la-tion**¹⁷ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **-latoire**¹⁷, *adj.*: oscillatory. **-ler**¹⁷ [L. *-lari*], *intr.*: oscillate.

oseitant¹² [L. *-tans*], *adj.*: = (yawning).

oscula-teur¹⁷, **-trice** [L. *-ri* (os, mouth), kiss], *adj.*: (geom.) osculatory. **-tion**¹⁴ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: (geom.) =.

osé¹¹ [osér], *part.*: dared, boldly undertaken; daring, bold.

Osée **o**, *m.*: Hosea.

oséille¹² [?], *f.*: sorrel, sour-grass.

osér⁵ [L. **ausare* (L. *audere*)], *tr.*: dare, venture.

os-érial¹¹, *f.*: osier-bed. **-sier**¹², *m.*: = (withy): *panier d'—*, wicker-basket; *taillé en tête d'—*, stripped of all its lower branches (to let the top branches grow to osier twigs); *franc comme l'—*, perfectly frank (the osier twigs having no knots); — *de cour*, pliant courtier.

osmazôme¹² [Gr. *osmē*, odour, *zomōs*, broth], *f.*: osmazome (meat extract).

osmonde¹¹ [?], *f.*: osmund (fern).

os-sature¹² [L. *os*, bone], *f.*: osseous frame, skeleton. **-sclét**¹¹ [os], *m.*: ossicle; knuckle-bone; (vet.) osselet; stone (of certain fruits); instrument of torture

(made of little bones placed between the fingers, which were then compressed); manacle. **-sements**¹¹ [os], *m. pl.*: bones (of dead bodies). **-seret**¹⁷ [os], *m.*: butcher's cleaver (bone-chopper). **-seux**¹², **-euse** [L. *os*], *adj.*: bony. **-sification**¹⁷ [*-sifier*], *f.*: =. **-sifier**¹⁷, *tr.*: ossify; *s'—*, ossify. **-su**¹¹ [os], *adj.*: big-boned, bony. **-suaire**¹² [L. *-suarium*], *m.*: charnel-house, (†Eng. ossuary).

†ost⁵ [L. *hostis*], *f.*: HOST, army.

ostéine¹² [Gr. *-ion*, bone], *f.*: ostein, ossein (basis of bone tissue).

osten-sible¹⁷ [L. *-sus* (ob-*s*, before, *tendere*, stretch), shown], *adj.*: =, apparent.

-siblement¹⁷, *adv.*: ostensibly. **-sif**, **-ive**¹² [L. *-sivus*], *adj.*: ostensible.

-sion¹² [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (showing; esp. of the Sacrament). **-soir**¹⁷ [L. *-sus*], *m.*: ostensory, monstrance (pyx for exhibiting the consecrated host).

-tateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tator*], *adj.*: ostentatious. **-tation**¹² [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =.

ostéo- [Gr. *ostēon*, bone]: **-colle**¹⁷ [Gr. *kollā*, glue], *f.*: osteocolla. **-cope**¹⁷ [Gr. *kōpos*, hurt], *adj.*: osteocope (bone-ache).

-génie¹⁷ [Gr. *gēnos*, birth], *f.*: osteogeny (bone formation). **-graphie**¹⁷ [Gr. *graphein*, write], *f.*: osteography. **-lithe**¹⁷ [Gr. *lithos*, stone], *f.*: petrified bone. **-logie**¹⁷, *f.*: osteology. **-pathie**¹² [fr. Eng.], *f.*: osteopathy. **-tomie**¹⁷ [Gr. *tēmein*, cut], *f.*: osteotomy.

ostra-cé¹⁷ [Gr. *ostrakon*, shell], *adj.*: OYSTER-like. **-cisme**¹² [L. *-cismus*], *m.*: ostracism (banishment by popular vote, by means of little shells or tiles).

-cite¹⁷ [L. *-citis*], *f.*: = (fossil oyster).

ostrogot, **-gote** [East Goth.], *m., f.*: Ostrogoth; barbarian; *adj.*: Ostrogothic; barbarous.

otage⁵ [p. L. **obaidaticum* (L. *ob-*ses**, hostage, surety); hostageship], *m.*: HOSTAGE; pledge.

otal-gie¹⁷ [Gr. *otōs* (ear, *algos*, pain)], *f.*: otalgia (earache). **-gique**¹² [Gr. *-gikōs*], *adj.*: otalgie.

ôter¹² [?], *tr.*: take away (off, out), remove; deprive: *s'—*, take one's self away, get away, be off, stand out; *je ne puis m'— cela de la tête*, I can't get that out of my head; *dérez-vous de là?* get away from there!

Othon, *m.*: Otto.

ottoman, **-mane** [Othman, a sultan, about 1300], *adj.* or *m.*: Ottoman; *f.*: ottoman (sofa).

on⁵ [L. *aut*], *conj.*: or; either: — . . . —, either . . . or.

où⁵ [L. *ubi*], *adv.*: where, whither; at (in, to) which; when: *d'—*, from where, whence; how? *d'— est-il?* where is he

from? what countryman is he? *d'—vient que?* how is it that? *par —?* which way? *partout —*, wherever; *l'état — il est*, the condition in which he is; — *en êtes-vous avec lui?* upon what terms are you with him?

ouaige¹⁶ [fr. Scand., ak. to Eng. wake], *m.*: wake (of a ship); track.

ouaille¹⁶ [L. *ovicula* (*ovis*, sheep)], *f.*: *†*sheep; *pl.* flock (of a pastor).

ouais¹⁶ [echoic.], *interj.*: heyday! dear me!

oua-te¹⁶ or *wet* [? Germ. *watte*], *f.*: WADDING; cotton-wool. — **ter**, *tr.*: wad, pad.

oubli¹⁶ [—er], *m.*: oblivion, forgetfulness; inattention: — *de soi-même*, forgetfulness of self, self-denial. **†-able**, *adj.*: liable to be forgotten. **†-ance**, *f.*: forgetfulness (proneness to forget).

oublie¹¹ [l. L. *ob-lata*, 'of-fered'], *f.*: *†*consecrated wafer (host); thin pastry (us'ly in the form of a cylinder or cornet); (cornet-like) sea-shell: *faire l'—*, have the corners turned.

ou-blier¹⁶ [p. L. **oblītāre* (L. *ob-litus*, forgotten)], *tr.*: forget; be unmindful: *s'—*, forget one's self; neglect one's affairs. — **bljettes**¹³, *f. pl.*: = (secret) dungeon.

oublieur¹³ [—ble], *m.*: vendor of *oublies* (thin pastry).

oublieux¹¹, = **ense** [—bli], *adj.*: oblivious, forgetful.

ouneche¹⁶ [p. L. *olea*], *f.*: garden plot.

ourdir¹³ [?], *tr.*: (*dial.*) wither; spot.

ouest¹¹ *west* [Eng. *west*], *m.*: West: *d'—*, western, westerly.

ouf, [echoic.], *interj.*: oh!

oui¹⁶ *wi* [OFr. o (L. *hoc*, this), *il*], *adv.*, *m.*: yes; *†*indeed: *mais —*, yes indeed! certainly! on the contrary; *je dis que —*, I say it is; yes indeed; *dire le grand —*, marry; — *da*, (*fam.*) why yes!

oui¹⁶ [ouir], *part.*: heard: *j'ai — dire*, I have heard say, I am told.

ouiche¹⁶ *wish* [? *oui*], *interj.*: (of incredulity): oh! indeed!

oui-dire¹³ (*pl. —*), *m.*: hearsay. **ouïe**¹⁶, *f.*: *†*hearing; *pl.*: gills (of fish, as resembling ears), opening of gills; sound-holes (of violins, etc.).

ouil-lage¹³, *m.*: supply for leakage (cf. Eng. ULLAGE), filling (a cask, etc.).

ou-lor¹³ [*à, ail*, bung-hole], *tr.*: supply the leakage of (a cask, etc.); fill, satiate.

ouir¹⁶ [L. *audire*], *tr.*: hear.

ouistiti¹⁷ [echoic.], *m.*: witsit (small Brazilian monkey).

oule¹⁶ [L. *olla*], *f.*: *†*pot; tub.

ouragan¹³ [Carib. word]; *m.*: HURRICANE.

Oural, *m.*: Ural (mountain).

our-dir¹⁶ [p. L. *ordire* (L. *ordiri*)], *tr.*: warp (fix warp threads in a loom); plot; fix (straw, osiers, etc.) for weaving mats,

etc. — **-dissage**¹⁷, *m.*: warping. — **-dis-seur**¹⁵, = **ense**, *m.*, *f.*: warper. — **-dis-soir**¹⁶, *m.*: warp-beam.

our-ler¹¹ [OFr. *ourle* (cf. *orle*)], *tr.*: hem; border, rim. — **-let**¹⁵ [OFr. *ourle*], *m.*: hem; rim, edge.

our-s¹⁶, = **se** [L. *ursus*, — *sa*], *m.*, *f.*: bear (*f.* she-bear; *astr.* *Ursa*): *chasse à l'—*, bear-hunt; *lécher —*, lick the cub, make a thing fine, polish off; — *mal léché*, unlicked cub, rude fellow; — *marin*, polar bear; sort of seal. — **-sin**¹⁷, *m.*: sea-urchin; bearskin; bearskin cap (of grenadiers, etc.). — **-son**¹⁵, *m.*: bear's cub; black American bear; kind of monkey; bearskin cap (of grenadiers, etc.).

†ourvari = *hourvari*.

†ousseau, = *osse*.

†out = *oult*.

outar-de¹⁶ [L. *avia-tarda*, 'slow bird'], *m.*: bustard. — **-deau**¹⁵, *m.*: young bustard.

outi-l¹⁶ [p. L. **utilium* (L. *utensile*, *fr. ūti*, to use)], *m.*: tool, implement, UTENSIL. — **-lage**¹³ [—ler], *m.*: stock of tools. — **-ler**¹⁴, *tr.*: furnish with tools.

outra-ge¹⁶ [*oultre*], *m.*: = (gross insult); *†*excess: *faire subir le dernier — à*, violate. — **-geant**¹⁶ [—ger], *adj.*: outrageous, insulting, contemptuous. — **-ger**¹³, *tr.*: outrage (abuse; violate). — **-geusement**¹² [—geux], *adv.*: outrageously.

— **-geux**¹¹, = **ense**, *adj.*: outrageous.

outrance¹² [—trer], *f.*: extreme, excess: *à —*, to the last limit, beyond reasonableness; to the death: *combat à —*, combat to the death (orig. a duel in which one of the combatants must die unless he asks for grace).

1. **oultre**¹⁶ [L. *ultra*], *prep.*: beyond; besides; *adv.*: beyond, further: — *measure*, beyond measure or restraint; *en —*, besides, moreover; *passer —*, go on, proceed; *†aller plus outre*, go yet further; *d'— en —*, through and through.

2. **oultre**¹⁵ [It. *otre* (L. *uter*)], *f.*: leather-bottle; bag (of certain plants).

outré¹¹ [—trer], *part.* or *adj.*: urged too far, strained; used up; irritated; angered; overdrawn, excessive; exaggerated.

outrai-dance¹¹, *f.*: extreme self-confidence, presumption. — **-dant**¹⁵, *†-dé*, *adj.*: overweening, presumptuous. — **†-der**¹⁶ [*oultre, cuider*], *refl.*: be over-confident, be overweening.

outrément [outré], *adv.*: excessively.

outr-mer (or as *m.*, **outr-mer**), *adv.*: beyond the sea (esp. with reference to the Orient or America); *m.*: ultra-marine (colour): *aller —*, go abroad (to America or the Orient); *Louis —* (as returned from England); *d'—*, from beyond the seas.

†outre-passe¹¹ [*f.*], *f.*: passing beyond the limits; trespass, infringement (in cutting of trees). **-passer**¹¹, *tr.*: pass beyond, pass beyond the limits of, encroach, exceed.

outrer¹¹ [*1.-tre*], *tr.*: exaggerate; overdo; †push or drive to excess (strain, overwhelm); incite to anger, incense, provoke; disgust; *-tré*, see the word.

ouver-t¹² [*ouvrir*], *part.*: opened; open; unfortified: *à livre* —, with the book open; at sight; *à cœur* —, with open heart; *compte* —, running account. **-te-ment**¹¹, *adv.*: openly, overtly. **-ture**¹² [*p. l. *apertura* (*L. apertura*)], *f.*: opening, aperture; spread; orifice; width (of a door); overture, beginning.

ou-vrage¹³ [*-vrer*], *m.*: work (labour; performance; piece of work; composition; job): *à l'aiguille*, needle-work.

-vrage, *part.*: wrought. **-vrager**¹⁵, *tr.*: work artistically; fashion; clean (a mine). **-vraison**¹⁸ [*-vrer*], *f.*: working (as of raw silk, etc.); work (material worked); product.

ou-vrant [*-vrir*], *part.*: opening; *adj.*: †à jour —, at break of day, at daybreak; *à portes —es*, †(at the time) when the gates open; (*fig.*) with open gates, without resistance. **-vreau**¹⁷ [*-vrir*], *m.*: side-hole (of a furnace).

ou-vrer¹² [*L. operare*], *†intr.*: work; *tr.*: work (fashion, prepare for use; diaper): *-vré*, wrought, diapered; *cure à —*, pulp vat (in a paper-mill). **1.-vreur**¹² [*L. operator*], *m.*: workman in paper-mill (putting the pulp in the vat).

2.-ou-vreur¹⁶, *=ense* [*-vrir*], *m., f.*: opener; (*theat.*) box-keeper, usher.

ouvrier¹⁰, *=ère* [*L. operarius*], *m., f.*: workman (artisan, mechanic, OPERATIVE; *fig.* fashioner; cause); *adj.*: working, operative; creative: *cité —e*, city of workmen; *cheville —e*, pole-bolt (of a coach); (*fig.*) prime mover, chief agent.

ouvrir¹² [*L. aperire*, confused with *operire*, 'cover'], *irr. §*; *tr.*: open; broach (an opinion); sharpen (the appetite): *s'—*, open, disclose one's self; open one's mind (*à, to*).

§ Ind.: *Fr. ouvrir-e, -es, -e; ouvrir-ont, -ez, -ent*. *Ipf. ouvrais*. *Pret. ouvris*. *Fut. (Cond.) ouvrirai(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Fr. ouvre*. *Ipf. ouvreisse*. — *I've ouvrir*. — *Part.*: *Fr. ouvrant; P. ouvert*.

ouvroir¹¹ [*-vrer*], *m.*: workroom, workshop; †cobbler's shop; †place where money is coined; charity establishment (for poor girls); charity assembly-room (where ladies meet to work for the poor, for churches, etc.).

ov- [*L. -um, egg*]: **-aire**¹⁸ [*L. -arium*], *m.*: ovary; ovarium. **-alaire**¹⁸ [*-ale*],

adj.: oval. **-ale**¹⁵ [*L. -um*], *adj.*: oval; *m. (f.)*: oval. **-ariotomie**¹⁸ [*-aire*, *Gr. timé*, cutting], *f.*: ovariectomy. **-arite**¹⁸ [*-aire*], *f.*: ovaritis (inflammation of the ovaries).

ovation¹⁵ [*L. -tio* (*ovis*, sheep)], *f.*: = (*Rom.* lesser triumph attended by sheep offering; homage).

o-ve¹⁶ [*L. ovum, egg*], *m.*: ovulo (round moulding). **-vicule**¹⁶, *f.*: small ovulo.

-viducte¹⁸ [*L. -ductus, duct*], *m.*: (*anat.*) oviduct.

ovine¹⁸ [*L. ovis*, sheep], *adj.*: =.

ov- [*L. -um, egg*]: **-ipare**¹⁷ [*L. oviparus*, 'laying eggs'], *adj.*: oviparous; *m.*: oviparous animal. **-oïde**¹⁷ [*Gr. eidos*, form], *adj.*: ovoid. **-ulation**¹⁸ [*-ule*], *f.*: =. **-ule**¹⁸ [*L. -um*], *m.*: =.

oxa-late¹⁷ [*L. -lis*], *m.*: (*chem.*) =. **||-lide**¹⁸ [*L. -lis* (*Gr. oxús*, sharp)], *f.*: sheep-sorrel, oxalis, sour-grass. **-lique**¹⁷ [*L. -lis*], *adj.*: oxalic.

oxy- [*Gr. oxús*, sharp; *ACID*]: **-de**¹⁷, *m.*: oxide. **-dér**¹⁷ [*-de*], *tr.*: oxidate. **-géné-**

-nabile¹⁸ [*-gener*], *adj.*: oxygenisable.

-génation¹⁷ [*-gener*], *f.*: oxygenation.

-gène¹⁷ [*Gr. root gen-, engender*], *m.*: oxygen.

-gèner¹⁷ [*-gène*], *tr.*: oxygenate (unite with oxygen).

†gone¹⁶ [*L. -gonius*], *adj.*: oxygonal (acute-angled).

-mel¹² [*Gr. mēli*, honey], *m.*: =. **-ton**¹⁵

[*Gr. -tonos*, 'ACUTE-TONED'], *adj.* or *m.*: oxytone (hav'g final acute accent, e.g. like *Gr. word komikós*).

oyant¹⁰, **-ante** [*part of ouvrir*], *m., f.*: (*leg.*) Auditor.

oz-ène¹¹ [*L. -ana*, *Gr. -aina*], *m.*: ozena, nose ulcer. **||-one**¹⁸ [*Gr. ózein*, smell], *m.*: =.

P

p pé or recently **pe** [*L.*], *m.*: p (the letter).

paca¹⁵ [*Caribbean*], *m.*: =, spotted cavy (large rodent of South America).

paca-ge¹⁰ [*p. l. *pascuaticum* (*L. pascuum*)], *m.*: grazing; PASTURE. **-ger**¹⁵, *tr.*: herd, pasture.

pacant¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: (*pop.*) boor.

pace, see in *pace*.

pacha¹⁶ [*Pers. bacha* (*padchah*, ruler)], *m.*: pasha (high title in the Orient).

pachydermes¹⁶ [*Gr. pachý-dermos*, thick-skinned], *m. pl.*: pachydermata (rhinoceros and such mammals).

pacifi-cateur¹⁴, *=trice* [*L. -cator*], *m., f.*: pacifier, peace-maker; *adj.*: peace-

promoting. **-cation**¹⁴ [*L. -catio*], *f.*: =.

||-er¹² **-ifé** [*L. -care* (*pax*, PEACE, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: pacify, reduce to peace;

quiet. **-que**¹⁴ [*L. -cus*], *adj.*: pacific;

peaceful; quiet; peaceable. **-quement**¹⁴ [*-que*, adv.: peacefully.

pacotille¹⁷ [*? paquet*], f.: tlop goods (clothing, shoes, etc., in store aboard ship to be sold to the sailors); merchandise (for trading in foreign countries): *marchandises de —*, inferior goods.

pac-te¹⁸ [L. *-tum* (*pacisci*)], m.: pact, compact; bargain: *le — de famine*, the grain monopolists' agreement (of last century). **†-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], f.: bargaining, agreeing. **-tiser**¹⁸, intr.: make terms, contract.

Pactole, m.: Pactolus (river with golden sands in ancient Lyria); (fig.) source of great wealth.

pa-dou(e)¹⁶ [It. town *Pádova*], m.: =, ferret, PADUASOY (narrow silk ribbon). **-douan**¹⁶, m., or **-douane**, f.: Paduan medal (imitation of ancient medals).

Padoue [fr. It.], f.: Padua (the city).

paëan [Gr. *Païón* (Apollo as healing deity)], m.: = (hymn to Apollo; joyous song).

paf [echoic], interj.: about like "biff!" or "whack!" adj.: *pièce —*, soft or poor stone; *être (or faire) —*, be tight, tipsy.

pagate¹⁶ [Caribbean], f.: paddle (for rowing; for stirring sugar).

paga-niser¹⁶ [L. *-nus*, heathen], tr.: paganise; †intr.: turn pagan. **-nisme**¹⁶ [L. *-nismus*], m.: paganism, heathen religion.

pagayer¹⁶ [*-gaie*], intr.: row with a paddle.

1. page¹² [*? Gr. paidion*, child], m.: page, prince's serving lad; trail supporter (to a lady's dress): *être sorti, or hors de —*, be done as page, be one's own master; *chaussette (caleçon) de —*, very short socks (drawers); *tour de —*, boyish trick.

2. pa-ge¹¹ [L. *-gina* (*pangere*, make fast)], f.: page, side of a sheet or leaf. **-gination**¹⁶ [*-giner*], f.: =, paging. **-giner**¹⁶ [L. *-gina*, page], tr.: page (number).

pagne¹⁶ [Sp. *pañó*, cloth], m.: loin-cloth (worn by negroes in warm countries).

pagnon¹⁷ [patentee P. of Sedan], m.: very fine black Sedan cloth.

†pagno-te¹⁵ [It. *-tta*, 'little bread' applied to one enlisting for food], m.: soldier in name (who doesn't fight). **†-te-rie**¹⁶, f.: listlessness; cowardice.

pagode¹⁶ [Port. *-da*, fr. Pers., idol-temple], f.: pagoda; Chinese image, (†Eng. pagod); funnel-shaped sleeve.

pagure¹⁵ [L. *-rus*, Gr. *págouros*, lit. fix-tail], m.: pagurid (hermit crab which fastens itself by its tail).

paiement¹¹ [*payer*], m.: payment (paying; amount paid).

païen⁹, **-enne** [L. *pagānus*, countryman], adj.: PAGAN; heathenish; m., f.: heathen.

pail-lage¹⁸ [*2.-ler*], m.: covering (with straw). **-lard**¹², **-arde**, m., f.: †beggar (sleeping in straw); (fam.) lewd person. **-larder**¹⁴ [*-lard*], intr.: (fam.) be lewd. **-lardise**¹⁵ [*-lard*], f.: lewdness.

-lasse¹⁴, f.: = (bed-tick with straw, straw-mattress, fig. straw-bed); clown (as often dressed in ticking; buffoon); (fam.) turn-coat (in politics); foundation, bed of masonry (for a brewer's furnace): (pop.) *crever la — à quelqu'un*, rip one open; *†être de —*, be on duty (fr. soldiers' sleeping on straw).

-lasson¹⁶ [*-lasse*], m.: straw-covering (to protect plants from frost); doormat. **†pail-le**⁹ [L. *palea*], f.: straw; mote; straw-colour; spot in a diamond; flaw in metal: (*menue*) —, chaff; *vin de —*, wine fr. grapes dried on straw; *†tromper la —*, break the straw as sign of disagreement;

(en-)lever la —, lift straw (as amber), succeed; — de fer, wire-broom; *une étoffe (des gants) —*, a fabric (gloves) of straw-colour; *un homme de —*, strawman, fictitious person; *être (mis) sur (or à) la —*, be very wretched; — de bitte, iron plug (to hold a cable wound up); — d'arrimage, belaying-pin.

-le-en-cul¹⁷ or **-quene**, pl. —, m.: phaeton (tropical bird). **1.-ler**⁹ [L. *palearium*], m.: straw-pile; manure pile. **2.-ler**¹⁶, tr.: cover or upholster (with straw).

-let¹², adj., or m.: du (vin) —, wine of light colour. **-leter**¹⁸ [*-lette*], tr.: spangle. **-lette**¹³, f.: =, spangle (bright disk for ornament; any sparkling object); grain (of gold); scale, lamina; flaw (in a diamond).

-leur¹⁶, **-euse**, m., f.: straw-seller or hauler; upholsterer (who uses straw). **-leur**¹¹, **-euse**, adj.: of straw; hav'g straw; (of diamonds) flawy. **-lis**¹¹, m.: manure.

lon¹⁵, m.: =, metal backing for enamel, etc.; little heap of straw; flaring basket; spangle; large spangle; piece of solder; lamina. **-lot**, m.: small bed-mattress.

pain⁹ [L. *panis*], m.: bread; loaf; lump: — second, second-grade bread; — bis, brown bread; — frais or tendre (*rassis*), fresh (stale) bread; — de ménage, home-made or ordinary bread; — de rive, bread baked at the edge of the oven; — perdu, pudding; avoir du — cuit, have something ahead; avoir du — cuit sur la planche, have enough to live without work; manger son — blanc, eat one's white bread; have the best first; prosperity; manger son — à la fumée du rôti, smell while others eat; liberté et — cuit, liberty and enough to live on; promettre plus de beurre que de —, promise more than one will do; faire passer à quelqu'un

le goût du —, kill one; — *s de proposition*, show-bread; — *d'autel*, holy bread; bread for doctor's use (with powders); — *à cacheter*, flour wafers for sealing letters; — *salé*, salted cakes of clay (for deer, etc., to lick); *arbre à* —, jack (fig-tree); — *de ligation*, alloy of one part copper to three parts lead; — *d'affinage*, silver which sticks to the cupel; — *de loup*, mushroom; — *de pourceau*, sow-bread; — *de singe*, monkey-bread.

pai-r°, 1. *-re* [L. *par*], *adj.*: equal; even; *m.*: PEER; mate; †couple, †pair; *PAR*: *sans* —, without an equal; *de* (or †*du*) *pair*, equally, of same rank; *hors de* (or *du*) —, above his equals; *cela va du* — *avec la crapule*, that is at par with debauchery; *jouer à* — *ou impair* (or *à* — *ou non*), play at odd-or-even (a guessing game). 2. *-paire°* [L. *pl. paria*], *f.*: pair: *c'est une autre* — *de manches*, that's a horse of another colour. *-rement*¹⁵, *adv.*: evenly: *nombre* — *pair*, number the half of which is evenly divisible by two; *nombre* — *impair*, number half of which is not a multiple of two. *-resse*¹⁷ [infl. by Eng.], *f.*: peeress, wife of a peer. *-rie*¹⁸, *f.*: peerage.

pairle¹⁶ [?], *m.*: =, Y-shaped figure in a coat-of-arms.

pai-sible¹¹ [paiz], *adj.*: peaceable, peaceful. *-siblément*¹¹, *adv.*: peaceably.

paissant¹⁵ [paître], *adj.*: feeding, grazing. †**paissant**¹⁵ [p. L. **paxillus* (L. *paxillus*)], *m.*: (dial.) stake.

†**paissio**¹⁵ [L. *pastio*], *f.*: pasture. †**paître**¹⁵ [p. L. **pascere* (L. *pasci*)], *irr. §*; *tr.* or *intr.*: feed; PASTURE; graze: *envoyer* — *quelqu'un*, get rid of any one.

§ Past Part. *pu* is rare. Preterit not used. Otherwise cf. *connaître*.

pair° [L. *pax*], *f.*: PEACE (quiet; harmony); PAX, osculatorium: — *fournée*, *plâtrée*, ill-founded peace, temporary peace; *juge de* —, justice of the peace; — *de Dieu*, armistice, cessation of hostilities at fixed times or set periods (in feudal times).

pal [L. *-lus*], *m.*: pike; pale (of a shield); stake: *supplice du* —, death by impaling.

palade¹⁷ [1. *-le*], *f.*: oar-stroke.

pa-ladin¹⁵ [It. *-no*, cf. *palatin*], *m.*: =, paragon of knighthood. 1. *-lais°* [L. *palatium* (root *pa-*, protect)], *m.*: PALACE (elegant residence, esp. of a king): *le Palais* (de la cité), (old) the royal residence; (now) seat of law-courts at Paris; *les gens du* —, judges and lawyers.

2. **palais**¹² [L. *palatum* (? ak. to *pascere*, feed)], *m.*: PALATE; taste: *voile du* —, arches of the soft palate.

palan¹⁶ [Olt. *-neo*, ak to Fr. *-nehe*], *m.*: tackle (pulleys).

†**palan-cho°** [p. L. **-ca*, pole (Gr. *phalagx*)], *f.*: (dial.) yoke (for carrying two buckets). *-çon*¹⁷, *m.*: prop, support (for mud-wall).

palanque¹⁶ [It. *-nea* (L. *planca*, slab)], *f.*: blind (palisade of planks).

palanquin¹⁶ [Port. *-quim* (cf. Skt. *pal-yanka*, bed)], *m.*: = (litter borne by servants).

palastre¹⁴ or *-lâtre* [? L. *pala*, 'shovel', by extens. 'wide surface'], *m.*: box, case (of a lock).

pala-tal¹⁷, *pl.* *-aux* [L. *-tum*, roof of the mouth], *adj.*: = *une* — *e*, a palatal consonant (c, j, etc.). 1. *-tin*¹⁶ [L. *-tum*], *adj.*: palatine, of the palate.

2. **pala-tin**¹⁴ [L. *-tinus*], *adj.*: palatine, of the palace; *m.*: governor, viceregent. *-tinat*¹⁵, *m.*: palatinate (office or dignity of a palatine ruler; country ruled by a feudal count, prince or elector palatine). *-tine*¹⁶ [invented by a palatine princess, sister-in-law of Louis XIV], *f.*: =, fur cape for the shoulders.

1. **pale**¹² [pelle], *f.*: shovel (for handling salt); blade (of an oar); paddle (on a water-wheel); water-gate.

2. **pale**¹⁵ [L. *palla*, robe], *f.*: PALL, chalice-cover; woman's cloak.

pâle¹⁰ [L. *pallidus*], *adj.*: pale, colourless; dim: *les* — *à couleurs*, the disease chlorosis.

pa-lé¹² [pal], *adj.*: *leu* —, shield hav'g pales, bands up and down: *le* —, the pale-bearing. *-lée*¹⁴ [pal], *f.*: row of stakes.

pale-frenier¹⁵ [infl. by *frein* through pop. etym.], *m.*: groom. *-froi°* [L. *paraveridus* (Gr. *pard*, by, L. *veredus*, courier's horse)], *m.*: palfrey.

paleogra-pha¹⁵ [Gr. *palaios*, *gráphein*], *m.*, *f.*: paleographer, expert in ancient manuscripts. *-phie*¹⁷ [L. *palaeographia* (Gr. *palaios*, ancient, *gráphein*, write)], *f.*: paleography. *-phique*¹⁸, *adj.*: paleographic.

paleontolo-gie¹⁵ [Gr. *palaios*, ancient, *ón*, being, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: paleontology, description of fossils, or the life of ancient animals.

*-gique*¹⁸, *adj.*: paleontological. *-giste*¹⁸, *m.*, *f.*: paleontologist.

paleozoïque¹⁵ [Gr. *zōon*, animal], *adj.*: paleozoic, of the lowest geological age.

paleron¹² [pale, spade], *m.*: shoulder-blade; chuck-rib (of beef); cf. Eng. *paul-dron*.

palestine¹⁷ [country P.], *f.*: two-line pica (type).

pales-tre¹¹ [L. *palastra*, Gr. *palaistra* (pale, wrestling-match)], *f.*: palaestra (place for athletic exercise). *-trique*¹⁵ [L. *palastricus*, Gr. *palaistrikós*], *adj.*: palestrio; *f.*: art of exercise.

palet¹² [1. *pale*, spade], *m.*: quoit.

paletot¹⁵ [O Dutch *pals-rok*, *palsce-coat*], m.: = (loose coat or cloak); † blouse.

1. **palette**¹² [*pale*, spade], f.: = (oval tablet; paddle; splint for an injured hand; pallet; pawl; metal disk).

2. **palette**¹² [OFr. *paele* old for *poêle*], f.: pan (used in blood-letting).

palétuvier¹⁷ [Martinique], m.: mangrove, or similar tree.

pâleur¹¹ [L. *pallor*], f.: PALENESS (of face).

palicot¹⁷ [*palis*], m.: enclosure (formed by seines).

pa-lier¹³ [?], m.: landing of stairs; story, floor; level stretch (of railroad); hanging bench, moving truss (device to aid in moving one piece of machinery horizontally over another). **-lière**¹⁷, adj.: porte —, door at the landing; marche —, top step (part of landing).

palification¹⁷ [It. *-cazione* (L. *palus*, stake, *facere*, make)], f.: = (driving of piles to strengthen soft ground).

pa-limpeste¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, Gr. *-tos* (pálin, again, *pólein*, rub)], adj.: un (*manuscrit*) —, a palimpsest, parchment erased and used a second time. **-lingénésie**¹⁵ [L. *palingenesia*, Gr. *paliggenesia*], f.: palingenesis, re-birth; (esp.) periodical repetition of processes.

pali-nod¹⁵ [-*node* old for *-nodie*], m.: ancient ode with a refrain; esp. in honour of the Virgin. **||-nodie**¹⁵ [L. *-nodia*, Gr. *-nodia* (pálin, again, *odé*, song), f.: palinode (metrical recantation of a former ode or satire; any retraction).

pâlir [*pâle*], intr.: turn pale; pale; fade; grow dim; exhaust one's self with study; tr.: make pale.

pali-s¹¹ [*pel* old for *pieu*], m.: fence of upright stakes; enclosure; (wrongly) picket; staked net, pound-net. **-ssade**¹⁴ [-*sser*], f.: palisade, stockade; row of trees (with limbs to the ground, resembling a hedge-row). **-ssader**¹⁵ [-*ssade*], tr.: palisade, fortify with upright timbers.

-ssage¹⁷ [-*sser*], m.: palisading, fortifying.

palissandre¹⁷ [Guiana], m.: palisander (rosewood; violet-wood).

pálissant¹⁵ [*-tir*], adj.: paling, turning paler, growing dimmer.

pali-ser¹⁴ [*palis*], tr.: train (vines, trees, etc., on stakes or trellis-work). **-son**¹⁵ [*palis*], m.: (old) stake; (now) beater, softening-iron (for leather).

† **palixandre**, see *palissandre*.

1. **palla-dium**¹¹ -om [L. (Gr. *-dion*)], m.: = (statue of Pallas, protecting goddess of Troy; safeguard of a community). 2. **-dium**¹⁵ [goddess *Pallas Athena*], m.: = (metal like platinum).

pal-liatif¹², = **-ive** [l. *-liativus*], adj.

or m.: palliative (remedy). † **-liation**¹² [L. *-liatio*], f.: =, relief. **-lier**¹⁵ [L. *-liare*, lit. cover with a cloak], tr.: palliate; mitigate; apologize for. **||-lium**¹¹ [L.], m.: = (Greek mantle; priestly vestment adorned with crosses; pall).

pal-maire¹⁵ [L. *-maria*, of the hand], adj.: palmar. **-marès**¹⁵ [L.], victors in the games, m.: list of honour-pupils.

1. **||-me** [L. *-ma*, palm of the hand, palm-tree], f.: † palm (tree); palm-branch; palm (as token of victory); reward; palm-like ornament. 2. **-me**¹⁷ [L. *-mus*], m.: palm (hand-breadth or length as measure, 4 or 8½ inches). **-mè**¹⁷ [L. *-matus*], adj.: palmate (like an open hand; webbed, as goose's foot). **-mèr**¹⁷ [L. *-ma*, sense of 'flat thing'], tr.: flatten (a needle for the eye).

-mèraie¹⁵ [-*mier*], f.: palm grove.

-mette¹⁵, f.: =, ornament resembling a palm-leaf; palm-like form (in training trees on a trellis). **-mier**¹¹, m.: date-palm tree: — *en éventail*, macaw-tree; — *huileux*, palm-oil tree; — *marin*, sea-palm. **-mipède**¹⁷ [L. *-mipes* (pes, foot)], adj.: web-footed; m. pl.: palmipedes, swimming birds. **-miste**¹⁷ [? Sp. *-mito*, little palm], m.: palmetto, cabbage-tree. **-mite**¹⁵ [Sp. *-mito*], m.: pith of the palm.

palombe¹⁵ [L. *-lumba*], f.: wood-pigeon.

palon¹⁵ [l. *pale*, spade], m.: paddle, wooden shovel.

palonneau¹⁵, or **-nnier** [? *pal*, old for *pieu*], m.: whipple-tree.

1. † **palot**¹⁴ [l. *pale*], m.: (dial.) turf-spade; † rustic clown.

2. † **palot** [*pal* old for *pieu*], m.: paling, picket.

pâlot¹⁵, = **otte** [*pâle*], adj.: (fam.) rather pale, wan.

† **palourde**² [p. L. **pelōrida* (L., Gr. *pelōris*)], f.: (dial.) giant mussel.

pal-pable¹⁵ [L. *-pabilis* (L. *-pare*, pat, stroke)], adj.: =, sensible to touch; (fig.) manifest, evident. **-pablement**¹⁵, adv.: palpably. **-pe**¹⁵ [-*per*], f.: palp(us), insect's feeler. **-pébral**¹⁷, pl. = **aux** [L. *-pebralis* fr. *-pebra*, eyelid], adj.: =.

-per¹⁷ [L. *-pare*], tr.: feel, finger (fam.) — *la dot*, get one's hands on the dowry; — *l'eau*, to back water (holding the oars stiff). **-pitant**¹⁵ [-*pitèr*], adj.: beating rapidly, palpitating. **-pitation**¹⁵ [L. *-pitatio*], f.: =, rapid or violent beating.

-piter¹⁵ [L. *-pitare*], intr.: palpitate; flutter.

palplanche¹⁷ [*pal*, *planche*], f.: stringer (piece running along a row of stakes to brace them).

palsamblen¹⁵ [disguised oath: *par le sang Dieu*], Interj.: about like "by the rood"; cf. Eng. 'blood.

paltoquet¹³ [paletot, in old sense of 'blouse'], m.: (fam.) lout, clown.

palu-dégn¹⁸, =enne [L. palus, marsh], adj.: swampy, boggy. **-diér**¹⁷, =ière [L. palus], m., f.: labourer (in a salt marsh). **-stre** [L. -stris], adj.: marshy.

pâ-mér⁹ [p. L. *pasmāre for *spasmāre, have a SPASM], intr.: faint away, swoon; (fig.) be carried away (with delight, laughter, fear, etc.): se —, lose its temper (as steel from too much heating); *carpe pâmée*, carp almost dead in the water; (fam.) elle est une *carpe pâmée* (said of a woman who faints at everything); *dauphin pâmé*, gaping dolphin (on a shield). **moisson**¹⁰, f.: swooning; swoon, fit.

pampe¹⁷ [pampre], f.: blade (of corn).

pam-phlet¹⁷ [Eng.], m.: = (work of few pages, usually forensic and polemic). **-phlétaire**¹⁷, m., f.: pamphleteer, writer of pamphlets.

pamplemousse [Tamil], f.: shaddock, orange-like tropical fruit.

pam-pre⁹ [L. -pinus], m.: foliage of vines.

pan⁹ [L. pannus, rag], m.: piece (of cloth); patch; part (of a wall); façade; side: — de *rets*, net stretched on stakes (to catch animals); *les —s d'un comble*, each slope of a roof; *les —s creux d'une épée*, the hollowed sides of a sword-blade; *le — de canon*, the flattened side of a gun-barrel.

panacée¹⁵ [L. -cea, Gr. -keia (pā, all, ākos, cure)], f.: panacea, remedy for everything.

pana-cho¹⁵ [It. pennacchio (L. penna, feather)], m.: = (plume, tuft of feathers); flat space between ribs of a vault; cap (of a church-lamp); kind of beetle; gray colouring; clips (fr. the plates of a lock): — de *cerf*, antlers; — de *mer*, sea-worms of many colours. **-cher**¹⁵, tr.: plume; variegated; colour bright: *oiseau -ché*, bird with a topknot; *tulipe -chée*, striped tulip; *glace -chée*, fruit ice-cream (of various colours); *salade -chée*, mixed salad (hav'g several vegetables). **-chère**¹⁷, f.: colouring, variegation.

panade¹⁵ [Prov. -da (pan, bread)], f.: panada (soup of soaked bread, sweetened or flavoured and eaten with milk); (fig. pop.) milk-sop, idler.

†panader¹⁶ [Ofr. -de fr. older pennade, leaping], refl.: strut, walk proudly (cf. Eng. *pannade*, curvet of a horse).

panage⁹ [p. L. *pastionaticum fr. *pastio*, grazing], m.: †Eng. pannage, price for forest mast.

panaire¹⁵ [L. -nis, bread], adj.: panary.

panais⁹ [Ofr. *panaie* (L. *pastināca* fr. *pastinum*, dill), m.: PARSNIP.

panard¹⁷ [?], indecl. adj.: cheval —, horse toeing out (usually applied to the front feet).

panaris¹⁵ [L. -ricium, Gr. *paronychia* (parā, by, ōnux, nail)], m.: paronychia, whitlow, felon.

pan-carte¹⁴ [L. L. -charta (Gr. *pān*, all, *chárta*, paper)], f.: †panchart, †charter; placard; notice; register for visitors; cover (paper doubled over other papers).

-crace¹⁵ [L. -cratium, Gr. -krátion (krátos, power)], m.: panceratium (athletic contest, boxing, wrestling, etc.). **-créas**¹⁵

[Gr. *págkreas* (kréas, flesh)], m.: pancreas, sweet-bread (gland). **-démonium**¹⁷ [Eng. word coined by Milton (Gr. *dāimon*, devil)],

m.: pandemonium, hell; general uproar.

panculation¹⁷ [L. -lari, stretch one's self (pandere, expand)], f.: =, stretching.

pandour¹⁷ or †**-deure** [town P. in Hungary], m.: = (marauding soldier; brutal man).

pané-gyrique¹⁵ [L. -gyricus (sc. *sermo*), Gr. -gurikós (sc. *lógos*), laudatory speech (pā, whole, águris, agora)], m.: panegyric; eulogy; adj.: laudatory. **-gyriste**¹⁵ [L. -gyrista, Gr. -guristēs], m., f.: panegyrist.

pa-ner¹⁵ [pain], tr.: cover with bread-crumbs: *côtelettes panées*, breaded cutlets; *eau panée*, bread-soup. **-nerée**¹⁵ [-nier], f.: basketful. **-neterie**¹² [-netier], f.: PANTRY, breadroom (of a royal house). **-netier**¹¹ [pain], m.: steward. **-netière**¹¹ [pain], f.: bread pouch (of shepherd); net (for game). **-neton**¹⁷ [-nier], m.: pastry mould.

pangolin¹⁷ [fr. Malay], m.: = (mam-mal).

panicaul¹⁵ [?], m.: eryngium (parsley-like plant).

panicu-le¹⁵ [L. -la, panus, thread, Gr. *pénos*], f.: panicle (loose cluster of flowers). **-lé**¹⁵, adj.: panicked, hav'g panicles.

pa-nier⁹ [L. -nārium (-nis, bread), bread-basket], m.: pannier (hamper; basket for pack-animals; wicker-basket); wickerwork beehive; work-basket; dryer (for clothes); corbeille (in sculpture); hoop-skirt: — à *salade*, coarsely woven basket; prison-van; un — *percé*, spend-thrift; — *roulant*, walking-chair (for babies to learn to walk); *la domestique fait danser l'âne du —*, the girl gorges her mistress on groceries. **-nière**¹⁵, f.: (dial.) big hamper (with handles). **-nification**¹⁷ [-nifier], f.: =, conversion into bread. **-nifier**¹⁵ [L. *facere*, make], tr.: make into bread.

pani-que¹⁵ [L. -cus, Gr. -kós (god Pan)], adj. or f.: panic, great and sudden fright affecting many at once.

1. **panne**¹¹ [?], *f.*: canvas, sails (of a ship): *être en —*, lie to; *rester en —*, not be able to move.

2. **panne**¹² [? ak. to 1. *panne*, sense of feather (cf. Eng. *leaf-lard*)], *f.*: fat, lard.

3. **panne**¹³ [?], *f.*: purlin, side-timber.

4. **pan-ne**¹⁴ [? Ger. *bahn*, *besil*], *f.*: face (of a hammer). -né¹⁵, *adj.*: (pop.) hard-up.

5. **panne**¹⁶ [L. *penna*, coarse feather], *f.*: shag (cloth with a long nap); plush; velvet; (*her.*) ermine or vair: *être dans la —*, be in hard lines.

pan-neau¹¹ [pan], *m.*: piece of cloth; PANE; PANEL (tablet; face of a hewn stone; slab; saddle-cloth or pad; square or surface enclosed; piece); net (set for game); snare, trap: — *de lambris*, panel of wainscoting. -neauter¹⁷, *intr.*: set traps, do trapping. -neuteur¹⁸ [-neuter], *m.*: trapping poacher.

pannequet¹⁹ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: pancake.

panneresse²⁰ [pan], *f.*: pierre en —, stone set broad (not heading).

panneton²¹ [pennon], *m.*: bit (of a key); catch (of a sash-lock).

pannicule²² [L. -lus, thin sheet (*pannus*, cloth)], *m.*: panniculus (layer of tissue; velvet of horns).

†**pan-non** = pennon. -pnecau²³, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: escutcheon; signboard (of notaries, etc.).

pano-plie²⁴ [Gr. -plia (*pân*, all, *hóplon*, weapon)], *f.*: panoply (armour, harness); shield (hav'g representation of armour). -rama²⁵ [Gr. *órama*, view], *m.*: =, extensive continuous picture, as on a circular wall.

pan-sage²⁶ [-ser], *m.*: grooming (of horses, etc.); tools (currycomb, brush, etc.). †**sard**, †**arde**, *adj.*, see -su.

panse²⁷ [L. *pantex*, PAUNCH], *f.*: (*fam.*) belly; anything rounded or swollen.

pan-sement²⁸, *m.*: dressing (of wounds); grooming. || -ser²⁹ [penser], *tr.*: †care for; groom; attend, treat (the sick). -su³⁰ [-se], *adj.*: (*fam.*) pot-bellied.

panta-lon³¹ [name *Pantalone* in It. comedy], *m.*: pantaloons, clownish actor; trousers; first figure (of a quadrille). -lon-nade³², *f.*: fooling, nonsense; silly excuse.

pan-telant³³, *adj.*: panting; palpitating; quivering. || -teler³⁴ [pantoir], *intr.*: pant; beat rapidly. -tellement³⁵, *m.*: palpitating.

pan-tenne³⁶ [Prov. -tano], *f.*: en —, a-peak (said of a ship not hav'g yards, sails, etc., in position for sailing).

pan-thée³⁷ [Gr. *pántheos*], *adj.*: of all the gods, having various attributes. -théisme³⁸ [fr. Eng. (Gr. *pân*, all, *théos*, god)], *m.*: pantheism, doctrine of one sub-

stance. -théiste³⁹ [fr. Eng.], *adj.*: pantheistic; *m.*, *f.*: pantheist. -théon⁴⁰ [L. -theon, fr. Gr.], *m.*: pantheon (temple to all the gods; deities collectively).

panthère⁴¹ [L. -thera, Gr. *pánther*], *m.*: panther.

pantière⁴² [p. L. -theria (L. *panther*)], *f.*: hunter's net.

pantin⁴³, -ine [? place P. near Paris], *m.*, *f.*: dancing Jack (toy), puppet.

pantogra-phe⁴⁴ [Gr. *pân*, all, *gráphein*, write], *m.*: pantograph, instrument for enlarging drawings, etc. -phie⁴⁵, *f.*: pantography.

pan-toiement⁴⁶ [Ofr. -toyer, be oppressed], *m.*: asthma (of falcons). -tois⁴⁷ [Ofr. -loiser, p. L. *phantasiare, be troubled (L. *phantasia*, FANCY, nightmare)], *adj.*: †breathless, breathing hard, panting; shamefaced, abashed.

panto-mètre⁴⁸ [Gr. *pân*, all, *métron*, measure], *m.*: pantometer, three-legged ruler for measuring triangles. -mime⁴⁹ [L. -mimus, Gr. -mimos], *m.*: pantomimist; mimic; *f.*: pantomime; mimicry; *adj.*: imitative.

pantou-fle⁵⁰ [?], *f.*: slipper; toe-slipper; panton, horseshoe thick in front: *en —*, at one's ease; *raisonner comme une —*, be very illogical. †**fler**⁵¹, *intr.*: (*fam.*) reason badly.

Paolo, *m.*: Fra —, Paul of Venice.

paon⁵², **paonne** [L. *pavo*], *m.*, *f.*: peafowl.

paonneau⁵³, *m.*: young peafowl.

papa⁵⁴ [echoic], *m.*: = (father).

pa-pable⁵⁵ [pape (after It. *papabile*)], *adj.*: eligible as pope. || -pal⁵⁶, *pl.* -aux [l. L. -palis, *adj.*: papal, of the pope. -palin⁵⁷ [It. -palino], *adj.*: popish; *m.*: partisan of the pope. -pauté⁵⁸, *f.*: papacy; popedom; popehood.

papa-véracées⁵⁹ [L. -ver, poppy], *f. pl.*: papaveraceae, poppy family.

pa-paye⁶⁰ -pé [Carib. *papaya*], *f.*: papaw.

-payer⁶¹ [Carib. *papaya*], *m.*: papaw-tree.

pape⁶² [l. L. *papa* (L. *papa*, father)], *m.*: pope (head of the Catholic church; bullfinch).

papegai⁶³ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: popinjay (†parrot; cardboard bird as target).

pape-lard⁶⁴, -arde [Ofr. *pape*, eat, Fr. *lard*], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) hypocrite; *adj.*: false. -lardie⁶⁵, or -lardise⁶⁶, *f.*: (*fam.*) hypocrisy.

papeline = popeline.

paperas-se⁶⁷ [papier], *f.*: waste-paper. -ser⁶⁸, *intr.*: make waste-paper, scribble; rummage among papers.

papesse⁶⁹ [pape], *f.*: popess, supposed female pope.

pape-terie⁷⁰ [-tier], *f.*: paper-manufac-

ture; paper-mill; paper-business; stationery store; secretary (containing writing materials). -**ti**¹⁴, -**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: paper-maker or dealer. || **papier**¹² [*L. papyrus*], *m.*: paper (note-paper; legal paper; passport; bill; draft; newspaper, etc.): — **bu**ard, blotting paper; — **brouillard**, filter paper; — **mâché**, pulp; — **de verre**, sandpaper; — **réactif**, litmus paper; — **volant**, loose leaf; un **visage de — mâché**, pale and listless face; **être dans les petits —s de quelqu'un**, be dear to some one; — **cassé**, outside sheets; — **serpente**, or **de soie**, silver-paper; — **collé**, sized or glazed paper; — **soufflé**, or **velouté**, flock-paper; — **pelure**, foreign paper.

papilionacé¹⁷ [*L. -lio*, butterfly], *adj.*: papilionaceous, like a butterfly's wings.

papille¹³ [*L. -lla*, nipple, bud], *f.*: papilla; little flat-topped eminences as on the tongue.

papil-lon¹² [*L. papilio*], *m.*: butterfly; anything shaped like, or brightly coloured like a butterfly (flaring headdress; gas nib that spreads the flame; small sail above the royal; little map; extra leaflet of errata, or notices, etc.); kind of card-game: **soi** or **étourdi comme un —**, crazy as a butterfly (that flies into a flame); **voler le —**, chase butterflies (as a falcon instead of proper game). -**lionacé** = **papilionacé**. † **-lonage**¹⁷ [*-lonner*], *m.*: (rare) fluttering changeableness. -**lonne**¹⁵, *adj. f.*: (passion) —, love of changing. -**lonner**¹⁵, *intr.*: flit about, change fr. one thing to another constantly. -**lotage**¹⁶

[*-loter*], *m.*: curling; dazling; glistening. -**lote**¹⁶ [*-loter*], *f.*: (old) spangle; (now) curl-paper; curl; candy (with a legend wrapped in paper): **yeux en —s**, blinking eyes. -**loter**¹⁴, *tr.*: (rare) envelop in papers; spangle; *intr.*: glisten; blink; be blurred.

† **papin**¹² [*L. pappare*, eat], *m.*: (dial.) pap (for children).

papisme¹³ [*pape*], *m.*: (contempt.) papism.

papiste¹⁵ [*pape*], *m.*, *f.*: (contempt.) papist, adherent of the pope.

papo-tage¹³, *m.*: (fam.) swaggering. || -**ter**¹⁵ [?], *intr.*: (fam.) swagger, boast.

Papouasie, *f.*: Papua or New Guinea.

papule¹³ [*L. -la*], *f.*: papula; pimple.

papy-racé¹⁷ [*L. -raceus*], *adj.*: papyraceous, paper-like, thin. -**rus**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: = (rush-like plant of the Nile; writing-paper of the Egyptians).

pâque⁹ [*L. pascha* (fr. Hebr., 'passage'), *f.*: Jewish passover; *pl.*: Easter: † — **s fleuris**, Palm-Sunday; — **s closes**, Low Sunday (Sunday after Easter); **œufs de —s**, Easter or pasch-eggs; (**le jour de —s** **est arrivé**, Easter has come.

paquebot¹⁶ [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: packet-boat. **pâquerette**¹⁵ [*paques*], *f.*: Easter-daisy, pasque-flower.

pa-quet¹⁵ [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: packet (parcel, package; bundle; † bundle of mail); dismissal; burden: — **de composition**, printer's slip, galley-proof (certain number of lines of type); — **de mitraille**, grape-shot, etc.; **faire son —**, get ready to leave; (*fig.*) **die**; **donner à quelqu'un son —**, discharge a person; **risquer le —**, try a risky business; **faire des —s contre**, speak ill of.

-**quage**¹⁵ [*-queter*], *m.*: packing up; bundle, package. -**queter**¹⁵, *tr.*: pack up, bundle up; bind; imprison; prejudice, set against. -**queteur**¹⁵, -**euse** [*-queter*], *m.*, *f.*: packer. -**quettier**¹⁵, -**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: type-setter.

pâquis¹² [ultimately fr. *L. pascere*, graze], *m.*: (dial.) feeding ground (of wild game, pasture).

par⁹ [*L. per*, *prep.*: through; by; per; for: — **terre**, by land; — **où**, which way? — **ici**, this way; — **là**, that way; for that reason; **tant — tête**, so much a head; **de — le roi**, in the king's name; — **dessus**, over, above; — **en haut**, upwards; — **bandes**, in companies; **un coup — la figure**, a blow in the face; — **trop**, excessively; — **intérêt**, out of self-interest; — **cœur**, by heart; — **ce que**, because; **commencer — être esclave, finir — être roi**, begin by being a slave, end by being a king; — **exemple**, as illustration; the idea! **couper — morceau**, cut into bits; **jour — jour**, day after day.

paraba-se¹⁸ [*Gr. -sis*, going aside], *f.*: parabasis, interlude addressed by the poet to the audience in Greek comedy.

parabo-le¹² [*L. -la*, *Gr. -lê* (*parâ*, beyond, *ballein*, throw)], *f.*: parable; parabola, conic section; curve (of a projectile).

-**lique**¹⁴ [*L. -licus*, *Gr. -likos*], *adj.*: allegorical; curved, parabolic(al). -**liqument**¹⁵ [*-lique*], *adv.*: allegorically; parabolically.

para-chèvement¹⁴, *m.*: finishing, completion. || -**chever**¹³ [*par, achever*], *tr.*: complete, finish.

parachronisme¹⁷ [*Gr. parâ*, beyond, *chronos*, time], *m.*: (rare) parachronism, error of dating too late.

parachute¹⁷ [*para*, sol, cf. *parapluie*], *m.*: = (umbrella-like device to descend with fr. balloons; safety cage in a mine-shaft; safety pinion (of watches)).

paraclet¹² [*L. -tus*, *Gr. parakletos*, one called to aid], *m.*: Paraclete, Holy Spirit, Comforter.

para-de¹⁵ [*2. parer*, parry], *f.*: =, parry (of a swordthrust): **ne pas être heureux à la —**, not be quick at repartee.

2. para-de¹⁵ [Sp. -da, a stop, infl. by *parer*, to parry], *f.*: stopping (of a horse); manoeuvre (of cavalry); = (exhibition, show; display); burlesque scenes (in front of side show to draw the crowd): — *manquée*, faulty response to whoa; *lit de —*, bed of state; *chambre de —*, stateroom; *défiler la —*, file out after parade; (*fig.*) die; *faire — de sa vertu*, parade one's virtues. — **-der**¹⁷ [2. -de], *intr.*: parade, manoeuvre, show training.

paradigme¹⁶ [L. -ma, Gr. *paradeigma*, example], *m.*: paradigm (model of inflection).

paradi-s¹⁰ [L. -sus, Gr. *parádeisos*, garden], *m.*: paradise (garden of Eden; heaven); gallery of a theatre, etc.: *il ne portera pas cela en —*, he will live to be sorry for it; (oath) *sur ma part du —*, as I hope for salvation. — **-sique**¹⁸ [L. -siacus], *adj.*: paradisiacal, happy, blissful.

parado-xal¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aur**, *adj.*: paradoxical; seeming self-contradictory. — **-xale-ment**¹⁵ [-xal], *adv.*: paradoxically. — **-xe**¹⁸ [Gr. -zos (*pará*, beyond, *dóxa*, opinion)], *adj.*: incredible; puzzling; *m.*: paradox, puzzle, incredible fact or statement, as: the more we learn the less we know. — **-xisme**¹⁸, *m.*: paradox, apparent perverseness.

† **parafe**, etc., see *paraphe*, etc.

paraffine¹⁸ [L. *parum affinis*, hav'g little affinity], *f.*: =, an odourless clear waxy solid.

1. parage¹⁰ [? *pair*], *m.*: lineage; descent: (*humor.*) *la bête de haut —*, court elephant.

2. parage¹⁶ [Sp. *paraje*, stopping-place], *m.*: place; region.

3. parage¹⁷ [*parer*, prepare; adorn], *m.*: preparation (polishing; finishing; dressing of vines for winter; curing of skins).

para-goge¹⁸ [L. fr. Gr.], *f.*: =, addition of an extra letter, as in *gownd*. — **-gogique**¹⁷, *adj.*: paragogical.

paragraphe¹² [L. -grafus, Gr. -graphos], *m.*: paragraph; section, esp. in a code: (*humor.*) *un homme à —*, lawyer.

paraguante¹⁶ [Sp., 'glove money'], *f.*: fee, present (for services).

parais, **-ssons**, etc., see *paraître*.

parai-son¹⁷ [*parer*, make ready], *f.*: preparation; turning (of glass-metal). — **-sonnier**¹⁷, *m.*: worker in glass-metal.

paraître⁹ [p. L. **pariscere* (L. *pārēre*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: APPEAR (come to view; be manifest; show; seem; look; be published); appear well, shine; loom up: *il y paraît*, it seems; there are signs of it; *il n'y paraît plus*, there isn't a sign of it left; *cela me paraît*, that appeals to me.

§ Ind.: Pr. *paraît-s*, *s*, *paraît-t*, *paraissent*.

Ipf. paraissais. Pret. parus. Fut. (Cond.), paraîtrai(s). — Subj.: Pr. paraisse. Ipf. parausse. — I've paraît. — Part.: Pr. paraissant; P. paru.

para-lipomènes [Gr. *-leipómēna*], *m. pl.*: paralipomena (omitted passages added later). — **-lipse**¹⁷ [Gr. *-leipsis*, leaving aside], *f.*: paraleipsis, pretended omission of what one really says, as: without calling him a thief.

paral-lactique¹⁷ [Gr. *-laktos*, changeable], *adj.*: parallactic. — **-laxe**¹⁵ [Gr. *-laxis*, change], *f.*: parallax; angle formed at a star by two lines to different observers.

paral-lèle¹⁵ [L. *-lelus*, Gr. *-lelos*], *adj.* or *noun*: parallel (*f.*: parallel line; *m.*: parallel of latitude; comparison); *f.*: most around a wall. — **-lèment**¹⁸, *adv.*: parallel. — **-lélépède**¹⁵ or **†-lélépède** [Gr. *-lelepipedon* (*epipedon*, surface)], *m.*: paralleloped, solid figure hav'g six parallelogram surfaces. — **-lélisme**¹⁶ [Gr. *-leliemós*], *m.*: parallelism. — **-lélogramme**¹⁵ [L. *-lelogrammum* fr. Gr.], *m.*: parallelogram, four-sided plane figure having parallel sides.

paralogisme¹⁸ [Gr. *-mōs*], *m.*: paralogism, illogical reasoning.

paraly-sant¹⁸ [-ser], *adj.*: paralyzing. — **-ser**¹⁵ [L. -sis, *PALSY*], *tr.*: paralyse. — **-sie**¹¹ [L. -sis, Gr. *parálusis* (*lúein*, loosen)], *f.*: paralysis; palsy; loss of power. — **-tique**¹² [L. *-ticus*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: paralytic.

paramètre¹⁷ [*pará*, beyond, *métron*, measure], *m.*: parameter, fixed basic line used in conic sections, etc.

para(n)-gon¹⁶ [Sp. *para(n)gón*], *m.*: paragon (model of excellence; 18 or 20-point type); comparison. — **-gonnage**¹⁵, *m.*: justifying (type). — **-gonner**¹⁵, *tr.*: (old) compare; (now) justify (type), make fit.

† **parant**¹² [-rer, prepare; adorn], *adj.*: adorning.

para-nymphe¹⁴ [L. *-nymphus*, Gr. *-nunphos* (*pará*, beside, *númphe*, bride)], *m.*, *f.*: paronymph (groomsman; bridesmaid; backer, second, esp. at examinations); compliment (to a graduate). — **-nympher**¹⁶, *tr.*: compliment; †praise solemnly.

parapet¹⁵ [It. *-petto*, breast-guard], *m.*: = (breastworks; low wall to protect soldiers).

para-phe¹⁴ [L. *-phus* for *-graphus*], *m.*: paraph, flourish of pen in signing one's name or initials. — **-pher**¹⁵, *tr.*: sign (with a flourish).

paraphernal¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aur** [L. *-nalis* (Gr. *-na*, wife's property, *pará*, beside, *pherné*, dowry)], *adj.*: = *bien —*, wife's separate fortune.

paraphrase¹⁵ [L., Gr. *-sis* (Gr. *pará*, beside, *phrasis*, speaking)], *f.*: = (re-)statement with greater clearness and detail). **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: paraphrase, restate more fully. **-seur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*-ser*], *m., f.*: paraphraser. **-ste**¹⁵ [L. *-stes*, Gr. *-stes*], *m.*: (rare) paraphraser.

parapluie¹⁶ [I've of *parer*, ward off, *pluie*, rain], *m.*: umbrella.

para-sélène¹⁵ [Gr. *pará*, beside, *sélène*, moon], *f.*: paraselene, ring around the moon. **-site**¹⁵ [L. *-situs*, Gr. *-stos* (*stos*, food)], *m.*: =; *adj.*: parasitic. **-sitisme**¹⁵ [*-site*], *m.*: parasitism, living on other living things.

parasol¹⁵ [It. *para-sole*, 'ward-off-sun'], *m.*: =, sunshade.

parasynthétique¹⁵ [Gr. *ánthetos*], *adj.*: parasynthetic, hav'g a prefix and a suffix.

paratonnerre¹⁷ [I've of *parer*, parry, *tonnerre*], *m.*: lightning-rod; (*humor.*) scapegoat (for a jealous husband).

†**parâtre**¹⁰ [p. L. *patrastum* (L. *pater*, father)], *m.*: stepfather; mean father.

paravent¹⁶ [It. *-to* (lit. 'parry-wind')], *m.*: screen.

parbleu¹⁵ [disguised oath for *par Dieu*], *interj.*: by heaven!

par-c¹¹ [l. L. *-(i)cus* (?); Engl. *park* fr. Fr.], *m.*: park (for game; pleasure-ground; for artillery; supplies thus enclosed; place surrounded by nets, or stakes, walls, or ditches; oyster parc); salt marsh; navy yard. **-cage**¹⁵, *m.*: parking (putting into, confining in a park; forming into parks).

†**parce** = *par ce*.

par-cellulaire¹⁵, *adj.*: hav'g parcels or lots: *cadastre* —, register of subdivided lots. **-celle**¹⁵ [p. L. **particella* (L. *particula*, little part)], *f.*: particle; portion, small quantity; parcel of land, lot.

parche-mjn¹⁰ [p. L. *percaminum* (L. *pergamēna*, sc. *charta*, paper)], *m.*: parchment; noble title (granted on vellum): *visage de* —, dry yellowish face; *sacs et* —, money and nobility; *fier des* —, proud of one's pedigree. **-miné**¹⁵, *adj.*: parchment-like. **-minerie**¹⁵ [*-minier*], *f.*: parchment factory or business. **-minier**¹², *m.*: maker or dealer in parchment.

parcimo-nie¹⁵ [L. *-nia*, or *parsimonia*], *f.*: parsimony, stingy economy. **-nieusement**¹⁵ [*-nieux*], *adv.*: parsimoniously, with close economy. **-nieux**¹⁷, **-euse**, *adj.*: parsimonious, stingy.

par-courir¹⁵ [*par*, *courir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: run through or over; pass over, travel; read cursorily. **-cours**¹² [*cours*], *m.*: running through; route (of a railroad; of a bus line): (*droit de*) —, right of pasturage.

pardessus¹⁵ [*adv.* *par-dessus* taken as noun], *m.*: overcoat.

pardien¹², or **-di**, or **-dine** [*par*, *dieu*], *interj.*: emphatic, about like "on my honour!"

par-don¹¹, *m.*: = (forgiveness; papal indulgence); pilgrimage (for sake of indulgences). **-donnable**¹¹, *adj.*: pardonable. **-donner**¹² [*par*, *donner*], *tr.*: pardon (forgive; excuse).

paréage¹² [L. *pariare*, make equal], *m.*: joint ownership (by two feudal lords, or by others).

paréatis¹⁵ [L. *pareatis*, 'obey ye'], *m.*: royal order (authorizing extension of jurisdiction for a particular case).

†**parégorique**¹⁷ [L. *-ricus*, Gr. *-rikós*], *adj.* or *m.*: paregoric, soothing (medicine).

pa-reil¹¹, **-eille** [p. L. **pariculus* (*par*, equal)], *adj.*, or *m.*, *f.*: equal, like; *f.*: like treatment: *sans* —, peerless: *tâ la pareille*, likewise; *rendre la pareille à quelqu'un*, get even with any one. **-reillement**¹⁵, *adv.*: equally; likewise.

parélie¹⁵ [L. *-relion*, Gr. *-rélion* (*pará*, by, *hélios*, sun)], *m.*: parhelion, false sun, sundog.

parelle¹⁰ [l. L. *paratella*], *f.*: =, dock-weed; *parella*, *litmus* lichen.

parémen-t⁹ [*parer*, *préPARE*, adorn], *m.*: preparation; laying (of stones, of paving); curbing; coping; facing; trimming; cuffs; †adornment: — *de la chaîne*, waxing of thread; — *d'un mouton*, removal of fat fr. a sheepskin to the hindquarters; *épée de* —, ornamental sword; — *de fagots*, the large sticks in a fagot. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: face up (a wall).

parenchyme¹⁵ [Gr. *paréghuma* (*pará*, beside, *égchuma*, infusion)], *m.*: parenchyma, cellular tissue.

†**parénèse**¹⁷ [L. *paranesis*, Gr. *paránesis*], *f.*: exhortation.

paren-t¹⁰, **-ente** [L. *-s* (*parère*, beget)], *m., f.*: =; ancestor; (esp.) relative, kinsman. †**-tage**¹¹, *m.*: kinship. **-té**¹⁰ or †**-tèle**¹⁴ [L. *-tela*], *f.*: relationship (kinship; connection; all one's kinsmen).

parenthèse¹⁴ [L. Gr. *-thesis* (*pará*, beside, *éntesis*, putting)], *f.*: parenthesis (explanatory clause or word set off by signs; signs of).

†**pa-rer**¹⁰ [L. *-räre*, prepare; (in p. L. adorn)], *tr.*: prepare; *PARE*; arrange; adorn (dress, trim, deck); *PARRY* (ward off); screen; (*carp.*) dub; *se* —, dress well; show off. 2. **-rer**¹⁵ [It. *-rare*], *tr.*: *PARRY*, ward off; steer clear off; clear; defend. 3. **-rer**¹⁵ [Sp. *-rar*, stop], *tr.*: stop, rein in (a horse).

†**parère**¹⁶ [fr. It. (L. *parere*, appear)], *m.*: consultation or opinion (on a point in commercial law).

parese¹⁰ [L. *pigritia*], *f.*: laziness; slowness. **-ser**¹⁴, *intr.*: laze, be idle or slothful. **-seusement**¹¹ [-seuz], *adv.*: lazily, idly. **-seur**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: lazy; slow; idle; *m., f.*: idler; *m.*: sloth, tree-bear: (*coiffure à la*) *pareseuse*, false hair.

pareux¹², **-euse** [1.-rer], *m., f.*: finisher. **par-faire**¹¹ [par, faire], *irr.*; *tr.*: finish up, complete. **-fait**¹¹, *adj.*: PERFECT; complete; *m.*: perfection; perfect tense. **-faitement**¹² [-fait], *adv.*: perfectly, entirely.

parfilage¹⁷ [-ler], *m.*: =, unravelling (of a woven fabric to save the gold thread, etc.). **-ler**¹⁷ [-lure], *tr.*: unravel, pick out (threads to use again). **-lure**¹⁸ [Ofr. *pouflier* (pour, fil)], *f.*: gold or silver thread (in heavy fabrics); unravelling threads.

par-fois¹⁵ [par, fois], *adv.*: sometimes; at times. **-fondre**¹⁴ [fondre], *tr.*: fuse uniformly (as enamel). **†-fourmir**¹¹ [fourmir], *tr.*: complete, make up (a lock).

par-fum¹⁵, *m.*: perfume; incense. **||-fumer**¹⁵ [par, fumer], *tr.*: perfume, make fragrant. **-fumerie**¹⁸ [-fumeur], *f.*: perfumery store or business. **-fumeur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: perfumer, druggist (who sells toilet articles).

†parhélie = *parélie*.

pari¹⁵ [-rier], *m.*: bet, stake; — *mutuel*, partnership bet, pool-bet.

paria¹⁷ [dial E. Ind.], *m.*: pariah (person outside of the four Brahman castes; social outcast).

pariade¹⁵ [-rier, to match], *f.*: pairing, mating; mating-time; pair (of quails, etc.).

†pariage = *paréage*.

parier¹⁴ [L. *-riare*], *tr.*: †match, pair; bet; stake; *intr.*: pair off, go by twos; †mate: — *une chose*, maintain a thing, insist on the truth of a thing.

parié-taire¹² [L. *-taria* (*paries*, wall), *sc. herba*, wall-plant], *f.*: parietary (plant growing on old walls). **-tal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-talis*], *adj.*: parietal (of a wall; *m.*: bone of the side and top of the head).

parieur¹⁵, **-euse** [parier], *m., f.*: bettor.

Paris, *m.*: Paris, the Gr. hero.

parisis [L. *parisiensis*], *adj.* or *m.*: Parisian, of Paris: (*denier*) —, denier (coin worth very little); *un sou* —, 15 deniers; *une livre* (de) —, Parisian pound (worth a fourth more than *une livre tournois*); *payer le* —, pay a fourth more than the nominal price.

pari-syllabique¹⁸ [L. *par*, equal, Fr. *syllabe*], *adj.*: parasyllabic (having no case

longer than the nominative). **-té**¹⁸ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: parity, equality.

1. par-juro¹¹ [L. *perjurus*], *m., f.*: perjurer; *adj.*: perjured. **2. jure**¹⁸ [L. *perjurium*], *m.*: perjury, false oath; violation of one's oath. **-jurer**¹⁰ [L. *perjurare*], *tr.*: break (oath, vows, etc.): *se* —, perjure one's self.

par-lage¹⁷, *m.*: (*fam.*) babbling, useless talk. **-lant**¹⁰, *adj.*: speaking; expressive, significant: *portrait* —, very good portrait; (*her.*) *armes* — *es*, armour bearing allusive designs. **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) talk, speaking; deliberative assembly; high court; (*now*) parliament, national assembly. **1. lementaire**¹⁶ [-lement], *m., f.*: parliamentarian (member of parliament; partisan of parliament); *adj.*: of parliament, parliamentary: *cela n'est pas* —, that isn't very civil. **2. lementaire**¹⁷ [-menter], *adj.*: of a truce or parley: *un* —, a boat carrying messages to the enemy; truce-bearer or negotiator.

1. ||-ler¹⁰ [p. L. **paraulare* (cf. *parole*)], *intr.*: speak (talk); tell, expose a secret; give an opinion; speak out, make an announcement; *tr.*: know how to talk, use; talk about, discuss: *se* —, be spoken; speak to each other; — *à l'oreille*, whisper; — *à cheval à quelqu'un*, talk peremptorily to any one; *trop* — *nuît*, *trop gratter cuit*, talking too much does harm, scratching too much inflames; — *à bâtons rompus*, talk wildly; *pour ains* —, so to speak; *vous trouverez à qui* —, you will find your match; *il en parle bien à son aise*, it is easier for him to say than for others to do; *faire* — *la poudre*, make the cannon speak. **2. -ler**¹¹, *m.*: †talking; utterance, manner of voice or expression; (*recently*) idiom, language. **†-lerie**¹², *f.*: †talking, way of talking.

-leur¹¹, **-euse**, *m., f.*: talker, speaker; *adj.*: talkative. **-loir**¹¹, *m.*: place for talking, parlour, reception-room. **-lote**¹⁸, *f.*: (*fam.*) lawyer's room (for chatting); meeting, society (of young lawyers who debate).

parmi¹⁰ [par, mi], *prep.*: among, in: *il court* — *le monde*, he runs about the world; † — *ce plaisir*, in the midst of this pleasure; † — *un ami*, with a friend.

parodie¹⁵ [L. *-dia*, Gr. *-dia*, counter-song], *f.*: parody (humorous imitation); †a new song to an old tune. **-dier**¹⁶, *tr.*: parody; *se* —, be parodied. **-diste**¹⁷, *m., f.*: maker of parodies.

paroi¹⁰ [p. L. **parēt* (L. *paries*)], *f.*: wall (of a house; of stomach; of hoof, partition).

†paroir [L. *parere*, appear], in *ap-paroir*, *com-paroir*, which see.

paroir¹⁶ [parer, pare], m.: paring-knife.
paroisse¹⁰ [l. L. *parochia*, Gr. *paroikia* (oikos, house)], f.: PARISH (church district; church itself; congregation of a church): *une chose de plusieurs* —s, an affair made up of various unlike parts; *porter habit de deux* —s, vacillate between parties.
-sial¹¹, pl. **-aux** [l. L. *parochialis*], adj.: parochial. **-sien**¹¹, **-ienne**, m., f.: parishioner; m.: prayer-book.

parole [p. L. **paraula* (L. *parabola*)], f.: word (vocal; utterance; saying; expression; speech; discourse; language; promise; parole); †betrothal (before notary): *croire quelqu'un sur* —, believe what one says, accept his statement; *les Sept Paroles*, the last words of Christ; *perdre la* —, lose power of speech; *avoir la* —, have the floor; *porter la* —, be spokesman; *prendre la* —, begin speaking; *demandeur la* —, request the permission to speak; *céder la* —, give up one's turn to speak; *être à deux* —s, be a double-dealer; *épouser par* —s de présent, (humor.) outstrip the nuptial ceremony; *passer* —, pass (at cards).

paroli¹⁶ [lt. (?)], m.: =, doubling of the bet at faro, etc. (cf. Eng. *parlay*): *donner*, or *faire* or *rendre* — à quelqu'un, outdo one, go him one better.

parolier¹⁶, **-ière** [—le], m., f.: author (of a libretto, of a cantata).

paro-nomase¹⁶ or **-masie** [l. *nomasia*, Gr. *nomasia* (paré, beside, ónoma, name)], f.: paronomasia, play upon words which sound much alike, pun. **-nyne**¹⁶ [Gr. *parónymos*], adj.: paronymous, of similar sound. **-tide**¹⁶ [l. *-tis*, Gr. *-tis* (oûs, ear)], f.: parotid (gland discharging saliva into the mouth). **-xysme**¹² [l. L. *-xysmus*, Gr. *-xusmós* (oxûs, sharp)], m.: paroxysm, fit; extreme or intense attack (of disease, of anger). **-xyton**¹⁶ [Gr. *-xútonos*], adj. or m.: (un mot) —, oxytone, (hav'g) accent on the penult.

†**parpaigne** = *parpaing*.

parpaillot¹⁶, **-ote** [Prov., 'butterfly' applied at first contemptuously to Calvinists], m., f.: (fam.) infidel.

parpaing⁰ [p. L. **perpago* (L. *per*, through, *pangere*, fix)], m.: parping, perpend (binding stone going clear through a wall).

Parque [L. *Parea*, one of the Fates], f.: (poet.) death; pl.: the Fates.

par-quer¹⁴ [paré], tr.: pen up; enclose, confine. **||-quet**¹⁵ [paré], m.: = (small enclosure; fenced-off part; space behind or within a railing; reserved place; †pit of theatres; parquetry); bar, officials (of criminal court); frame; locker (of many compartments); †part of park. **-quz-**

tage¹⁵ [—queter], m.: parquetry, flooring, wooden mosaic. **-queter**¹⁵, tr.: floor with parquet(ry). **-queterie**¹⁵, f.: manufacture or laying of parquetry. **-queteur**¹⁵ [—queter], m.: layer (of parquet flooring).

par-rain⁰ [p. L. **patrânus* (L. *pater*, father)], m.: godfather; sponsor. **-rainage**¹⁵, m.: sponsorship.

1. **parriei-de**¹² [L. *-da* (pater, father, cadere, kill)], m.: = (murderer of an ascendant); heinous criminal; adj.: heinous.
 2. **-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dium*], m.: = (murder of an ascendant; of any kinsman); regicide.

parsemier¹⁰ [par, sèmer], tr.: strew, cover.

1. **part**¹⁴ [L. *partus*], m.: BIRTH, delivery, parturition; newborn babe.

2. **par-t**⁰ [L. *pars*], f.: part (share, portion; lot; interest; behalf; place; side): — à deux, go halves, give me half (of a thing found); à la —, on the shares; sa — du gâteau, his share of the profits; faire (or †donner) — à quelqu'un de quelque chose, inform one of a thing; faire à quelqu'un sa —, give one his share; faire la — de la jeunesse, give youth the credit; be indulgent; faire la — du feu, give the fire its share, that is, let one building burn to save another; (fig.) sacrifice one part to save another; Dieu fait — de sa force, God lends his power; lettre de faire —, announcement (of death, marriage, etc.); en mauvaise —, in a bad sense; de toute —, fr. everywhere; de — en —, fr. one side to the other; nulle —, nowhere; quelque —, somewhere; quelque — où, wherever; de bonne —, fr. a good source; on good authority; à —, aside; separate; except; in reserve; plaisanterie à —, jokes aside, without joking; à — soi, to one's self. **-tage**¹² [—tir], m.: division; distribution; portion; participation, sharing: se donner sans —, give one's self wholly; croyez-vous donc avoir tant d'esprit en —? do you think you have such an endowment of wit? ligne de — des eaux, watershed whence waters flow in different directions. **-tagable**¹⁶ [—tager], adj.: divisible (into shares). **-tageant**¹⁶, **-ante** [—tager], m., f.: sharer. **-tager**¹³ [—tage], tr.: divide up; divide; share; participate in; apportion; endow: (fam.) — la poire en deux, accept half where each claimed all; partager en cadet, appointed as cadet. **-tageur**¹⁵ (or **-goux**), **-euse** [—tager], m., f.: (fam.) stickler (for division of property). **-tanec**¹³ [—tir], f.: departure, setting sail, leaving port: être en —, be on the point of sailing.

partant¹¹ [par, tant], adv.: therefore, consequently.

partenaire¹² [fr. Eng.], *m., f.*: partner (in games; fin dancing).

parterre¹⁵ [par, terre], *m.*: = (flower garden with walks; floor of theatre, pit): (*humor.*) *prendre un billet de —*, stumble or fall down.

par-ti¹³ [-tir, divide], *m.*: party; side; part; offer; allotment (portion, share); job, task assigned; treatment; charge; chances (of a game): *prendre —*, decide to marry; *un bon —*, a good match; *prendre en —*, take in charge; *prendre le — de quelqu'un*, take any one's part; *prendre son —*, take one's stand; *à — pris, point de conseil*, when one's mind is made up advice is gratuitous; *tirer — d'une chose*, get profit fr. a thing; *la règle des —s*, the law of chance; *homme (esprit) de —*, party man (spirit). **-tiaire**¹⁵ [L. -tarius], *adj.*: sharing, hav'g an interest in crops. **-tial**¹³, *pl. = -aux* [L. -tialis], *adj.*: partial, unfair (in judgment); *partisan*. **-tialement**¹⁷ [-tial], *adv.*: partially. **-tialiser**¹⁵ [-tial], *tr.*: divide into parts. **-tialité**¹³ [-tial], *f.*: partiality, unfairness (in judgment or favours); *partisanism*.

partibus, see in *partibus*.

partici-pant¹², *adj.*: participating, sharing. **-pation**¹¹ [L. -patio], *f.*: = (sharing; interest): *société en —*, temporary partnership (to exploit some concession or scheme). **-pe**¹² [L. -pium], *m.*: participle, adjective form of verb. **2. -pe**¹³ [L. -particeps], *m., f.*: participant; partner. **-per**¹³ [-pare], *intr.*: participate, have a part or share; *tr.*: possess in part.

particu-lariser¹⁴ [L. -laris], *tr.*: particularise (make particular; mention details of). **-larisme**¹⁵ [L. -laris], *m.*: particularism (doctrine that Christ died for the elect only; political doctrine of state's rights). **-lariste**¹⁷ [L. -laris], *m., f.*: particularist, supporter of particularism. **-larité**¹² [L. -laritas], *f.*: particularity; particular, detail. **-le**¹⁴ [L. -la], *f.*: particle (small piece; short word); prefix (like *més-* in *més-allier*): *la — nobiliare*, the preposition *de* (used in noble names); *avoir le —*, be of noble family. **-lièr**¹⁵, **-lière** [L. -laris], *adj.*: particular; peculiar, unusual; individual; reserved; private; *m., f.*: private individual: *en mon —*, as far as I am concerned; *j'en fais un cas —*, I esteem that very highly. **-lièrem-ent**¹³ [-lièr], *adv.*: peculiarly.

part-tie¹³, *f.*: part (portion; quantity; role); party (company; group; gathering of pleasure; person; plaintiff or defendant); opponent; game; entry, item (of an account); talent; *taaccount*: *la —*

supérieure, the reason; — *double*, double-entry book-keeping; — *du discours*, part of speech (noun, etc.); — *lité*, game for two best out of three; *un coup de —*, winning stroke; decisive blow; *quitter la —*, give up the game; — *nulle*, drawn game; *forte —*, strong opponent; *lier une —*, get up a pleasure scheme; — *carée*, party of two couples; — *fine*, secret pleasure party; *se porter — civile*, bring damage suit against a criminal; *la — lésée*, the plaintiff; — *s prenants*, favoured creditors; *prendre son juge à —*, make charges against one's judge. **-tiel**¹⁷, **-elle** [L. -tialis], *adj.*: partial (not whole). **-tiellement**¹³ [-tiel], *adv.*: partially, partly. **-tir**¹⁵ [p. L. -tire (L. tiri)], *irr.* (cf. *sentir*); *tr.*: (old) divide; (now) *se —*, separate; *intr.*: depart; leave; start up (as wild game); go off (as a gun); flash (as lightning); emanate: *avoir maille à — avec quelqu'un*, have a crow to pick with one; (*écu*) *parti*, shield in divisions; *au —*, on leaving; *à — de cette époque*, since that period. **-tisan**¹⁴, **-ane**, or **-ante** [It. -tigliano], *m., f.*: = (*m.*: skirmisher; guerilla; tax-gatherer (who farms out collections). **-titif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. -tiri], *adj.*: partitive, designating a part of the whole. **-tition**¹¹ [L. -titio], *f.*: = (old, division; now, score in music): *les —s oratoires*, book on elocution.

partner = *partenaire*.

partout¹¹ [pas, tout], *adv.*: everywhere: *six —*, only sixes to match (at dominos). **parturi-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tio], *f.*: =, delivery of a child.

paru, *part.*, see *paraître*.

parure¹² [parer, prepare], *f.*: preparation; dressing; dress, attire; parure, set (of ornaments); parings, scraps.

parvenir¹⁵ [L. -nīre (per, through, venir, come)], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *intr.*: arrive; reach one's goal; become very rich: *un parvenu*, *une parvenue*, person suddenly become wealthy.

parvis¹⁵ [L. paradisus, park; (late) porch of St. Peter's at Rome], *m.*: = (landing, porch or area before a church entrance); enclosure, precinct (about a temple); vestibule; interior (of temples or churches): *les célestes —*, paradise.

pas¹⁵ [L. passus], *m.*: step (advance; progress; gait; march; walk; track, foot-step; PACE, distance one steps; PASS, threshold, door-step); run; route; turn (of a screw): *marcher à — de loup*, steal along; *j'y vais de ce —*, or **tout d'un —*, at once; *à — comptés*, very slowly; *prendre le — sur quelqu'un*, go in front of one; *avoir le — sur quelqu'un*, belong ahead of one; *faux —*, mistake; transgression:

— *de clerc*, clerical error; *marquer le —*, mark time; stand still; *mettre quel-qu'un au —*, make one toe the mark; *mettre son cheval au —*, to walk a horse; — *relevé*, quick step, almost a trot; *mauvais —*, bad scrape; *sauter le —*, make the attempt; (*fig.*) die. 2. **pas**¹⁰ [*1. pas*], *adv.*: not: *ne . . . pas*, or *non pas*, (at first, *emphatic*, not a step, not a bit, not at all; *now*) not (i.e. simple negative): *ce n'est —*, it is not; — *moi*, not I.

pascal¹¹, *pl.* = **auc** [*l. L. paschalis* (*fr. Hebr.*)], *adj.*: paschal (of the Passover; of Easter).

pas-quin¹⁶ [*It. -quino* (witty tailor *Pasquino*)], *m.*: =, satirical writing. **-quinade**¹⁶ [*It. -quinata*], *f.*: =. **-quiner**¹⁶, *tr.*: pasquinade, lampoon.

pas-sable¹² [*-ser*], *adj.*: =, acceptable. **-sablement**¹³, *adv.*: passably. **†-sacaille**¹⁵ *pas-* [*Sp. pasa-calle*, (*lit.*) pass-street], *f.*: passacaglia (style of dance; old guitar tune). **-sade**¹⁴ [*It. -sata*], *f.*: = (thrust in fencing; course of a horse forward and back over same ground); passage; pass; passing; passing fancy; *être de —*, be passing through; *écouper la —*, cut off a ship's course; *revenir à la —*, return to the starting-point. **-sage**¹⁰ [*-ser*], *m.*: passage (passing through or over; voyage; fare; migration; place of passing, pass; arcade, covered walk; transition; change; place in book, etc.); curing (of hides, etc., by putting them through different baths). 2. **†-sage** = *passage*. 1. **-sager**¹³, = **ère** [*1. -sage*], *adj.*: passing; *m.*, *f.*: passer-by; passenger. 2. **†-sager** = *passager*. **-sagerement**¹⁶ [*1. -sager*], *adv.*: in passing, provisionally. **-sant**¹³, = **ante** [*-ser*], *m.*, *f.*: passer-by; passant; leather ring (through which passes a strap); scabbard-holder, frog; saw (without frame); *adj.*: (*fam.*) much frequented; (*her.*) passant, walking. **-sation**¹⁶ [*-ser*], *f.*: passing (of an act). **-savant**¹¹ [*-ser*, *avant*], *m.*: gangway (between aft and forward); pass, permit (to go ahead).

pas-se¹³ [*-ser*], *f.*: pass (permit; thrust; bout with swords; motion; place of passing; state; condition; difference (to make an amount good); front (of a woman's hat); port (at billiards); surplus, extra: *être en —*, be in position; *maison de —*, trysting place; *dans une mauvaie —*, in a sad pass, bad scrape; *mot de —*, pass-word; — *du sac*, price of the money-bag (kept out by the payer); — *de caisse*, extra allowance (for errors in cash account); *main de —*, extra sheets, overplus. **-sé** [*-ser*], *m.*: past (time, events gone by; past tense).

pas-se- [*I've of passer*]: **-carreau**¹⁷, *pl.*

— *x*, *m.*: (tailor's) sleeve-board. **-chr-val**¹⁰, *pl.* = **auc**, *m.*: ferry-boat. **-debout**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: transit permit (letting goods pass without duty). **-dir**¹⁵ *dis*, *pl.* —, *m.*: elevens (dice game). **-droit**¹⁵, *m.*: unwarranted favour; tolerance; injustice (in preferences).

pas-sée¹² [*-ser*], *f.*: †passing; flight (of game birds); course; trail; setting (of hair into wigs); dipping, curing (of hides in tanning). **-se-flour**¹⁵, *f.*: anemone. **-sège**¹⁶ *pa-* [*It. -seggio*], *m.*: passage (walking sideways). **-séger**¹⁵, *pa-* [*It. -segiare*], *tr.*: passage (make walk or prance sideways). **-se-lacot**¹⁵, *m.*: bodkin.

passemen-t¹² [*-ser*], *m.*: †passing; lace; lacework. **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: adorn with lace. **-terie**¹⁵ [*-tier*], *f.*: lace business or manufacture. **-tier**¹⁵, = **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: lace dealer.

pas-se-môtefl¹⁶, *m.*: meslin (mixture of wheat and rye). **†-parole**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: pass-parole (a command passed along by mouth fr. front to the rear). **-partout**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: = (pass-key; night-key; latch-key; engraving block with centre cut out; strips of gummed paper, light picture frame); compass-saw. **-passe**¹⁴, *pl.* —, *m.*: trick; sleight of hand; hocus-pocus. **-piéd**¹⁵, *m.*: =, dance. **†-pierre** = *perce-pierre*.

pas-se-poil¹⁶ [*poil*], *m.*: piping (for clothes). **-seport**¹⁶ [*port*], *m.*: passport (certificate of citizenship used by travellers abroad; sea-letter; recommendation). **ll-ser**¹⁵ [*p. L. -sûre* (*L. -sua*, step)], *intr.*: pass (go by; go; die; be carried by votes; be current; *tr.*: cross; live through; undergo; go beyond; surpass; put around; put; go over, omit; utter, e.g. bank-checks); strain; dress, cure: *se —*, occur; pass; fade; — *son chemin*, go on one's way; *passer (au grade de) capitaine*, become a captain; *maître passé*, master; *c'est comme si le notaire y avait passé*, it is settled, agreed upon; *un vin passé*, wine become stale; — *son habit*, put his coat on; *se — de quelque chose*, do without a thing; — *condamnation sur quelque chose*, not to defend one's self on a matter; *il ne lui passe rien*, he forgives him nothing; — *un soldat par les armes*, shoot a soldier. **-serage**¹⁵ [*rage*], *f.*: pepperwort.

passereau¹⁵ [*L. -r*], *m.*: sparrow: *les —*, the order passerines, sparrow family.

pas-serelle¹⁵ [*-ser*], *f.*: footbridge. **-se-rose**¹² [*-ser*, sense of 'surpass'], *f.*: holly-hock; pink. **-se-temps**¹⁴, *pl.* —, *m.*: pastime. **-seur**¹¹, = **ense** [*-ser*], *m.*, *f.*: ferryman. **-se-valours**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*:

love-lies-bleeding (plant). **-se-volant**¹⁵ [*voler*, fly], *m.*: straw-man, dummy, fagot (pretended soldier or sailor for whom captain draws pay unlawfully); interloper; intruder.

pass-ibilité¹⁴ *pas-si-* [-sible], *f.*: passibility. **-sible**¹⁴ [L. *-sibilis*], *adj.*: (rare) passible, able to suffer; liable (to penalty or punishment). **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-sivus*], *adj.*: passive; *m.*: debt, liability; passive voice (in grammar): *dettes passives et actives*, debts and credits. **-siflore**¹⁵ [L. *-siflora*], *f.*: passion-flower or vine (so called because its flowers suggest cross, nails, hammer, etc., of the crucifixion or passion of Christ).

pas-sion¹⁰ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (†)suffering, esp. of Christ; ardour, intense zeal; strong desire; eager love: *la — selon saint Jean*, gospel according to St. John; *la confrérie de la Passion*, Passion-players (who had the permission to play mystery plays). **-sionné**¹² [-sionner], *adj.*: passionate; hav'g a passion, or eager love: — *pour la gloire*, eager for glory. **-sionnel**¹², **-elle** [L. *-sionalis*], *adj.*: passionate, of the passions: *attraction passionnelle*, inclination to follow one's favourite fancy; crime —, crime fr. love. **-sionné-ment**¹⁶ [-sioné], *adv.*: passionately. **-sionner**¹², *tr.*: impassion, inspire with passion: *ne vous passionnez donc point*, don't get angry. **-sivement**¹³ [-sif], *adv.*: passively. **-siveté**¹⁶, or **-sivité** [-sif], *f.*: passiveness.

passoire¹² [-sser], *f.*: colander, strainer.

pas-tel¹⁵ [Prov.], *m.*: = (dyer's wood, plant; † dye itself); † — *d'Inde*, indigo.

2.-tel¹⁶ [It. *-tello* (-ta, paste)], *m.*: = (crayon; picture). **-tellite**¹⁵ [2.-tel], *m.*: pastelist.

†pasternade¹⁵ [Prov. *-naga*], *f.*: (dial.) parsnip.

pastèque¹⁴ [fr. Ar.], *f.*: watermelon.

pasteur⁹ [learned form supplanting **pâ-teur* (L. *pastor*)], *m.*: (old) shepherd; (now) pastor, preacher.

pas-tiche¹⁷ [It. *-ticio* (-ta, paste)], *m.*: =, pasticcio (imitation of an author). **-ticher**¹⁵, *tr.*: imitate.

pastille¹⁵ [L. *-tillus*], *f.*: pastil (candy lozenge; pasty compound used for fumigating).

pas-soral¹¹, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-toralis*], *adj.*: = (of shepherds; of ministers; *f.*: play hav'g shepherds as actors). **-torale-ment**¹⁶, *adv.*: pastorally. **†-tourneau**¹¹, **1.-elle** [-teur], *m.*, *f.*: young shepherd, shepherdess. **2.-tournelle**¹² [-tourneau], *f.*: = (figure in dancing; † shepherd song).

pat¹⁶ [?], *m.*: stalemate (at chess).

pata-che¹⁵ [Sp.], *f.*: =, small vessel;

clumsy coach. **-chon**¹⁸, *m.*: driver; captain.

pata-gon¹⁶ [Sp. *-cón* (sk. to *petard*)], *m.*: patacon (silver coin worth about 60 cents).

pataquès¹² [*je ne sais pas-t-à qu'est ce* said humourously for *je ne sais pas à qui c'est*], *m.*: (fam.) faulty linking (of French words).

patarafe¹⁶ [for *parafé*], *f.*: scrawl.

patard¹⁴ [Prov. *-tac*, Sp. *-taca* fr. Ar.], *m.*: =, old Fr. coin worth a farthing.

pata-te¹⁵ [Sp. *-ta* or *batata* (fr. American)], *f.*: sweet potato

patatras¹⁶ [echoic], *interj.*: ker-chunk! bang! (to express sound of an object that falls).

patau-d¹⁶, **-ande** [*patte*], *m.*: pup (with big paws); *m.*, *f.*: lubber, clumsy lout: *être à nage* —, flounder about in water; live in clover. **-ger**¹⁷, *intr.*: flounder; be in a muddle.

patchouli¹⁸ [Eng. *patch-leaf*], *m.*: = (E.Ind. plant or its perfume).

†pate = *patte*.

pâ-te⁹ [L. *pasta*, Gr. *pâte*, barley], *f.*: paste (dough; plaster; thick paint; clay mixed for pottery; pulpy mass): *mettre la main à la —*, put hands in the dough, i.e. take right hold of work; *comme un coq en —*, like a fattening cock (which is fed on pasty food); — *a d'Italie*, vermicelli or macaroni; *un bon — d'homme*, a good sort of fellow; — *a papier*, paper-pulp; *caractères tombés en —*, printer's types all in a jumble, or pi. **-té**¹¹, *m.*: =, patty, meat pie; bunch of houses; horseshoe-shaped platform or level (to defend a gate); ink-blot: *un gros —*, a fat thick-set child. **-tée**¹², *f.*: mess (of meal, bran, etc., to fatten poultry).

pate-lin¹⁴, **-ine** [hero *P.* in a farce], *adj.*: wheedling, coaxing; *m.*, *f.*: wheedler. **-linage**¹⁴ [-liner], *m.*: blandishment, coaxing flattery. **-liner**¹⁴, *intr.* or *tr.*: wheedle: — *une affaire*, manage an affair skilfully. **-lineur**¹⁵, **-euse** [-liner], *m.*, *f.*: wheedler, cajoler.

patelle¹⁵ [L. *-lla*, small dish], *f.*: patella, limpet, sea-shell.

pa-temment¹⁴ **-tam** [-tent], *adv.*: patent-ly, obviously. **-tène**¹³ [L. *-na*, stewpan], *f.*: paten, communion plate or dish.

patenô-tre¹⁰ [L. *pater noster*, our father], *f.*: paternoster († Lord's prayer; rosary; string of beads; cork line of seines; chain-pump; line of buckets; dredging machine); series of prayers; muttering: *dire la — du singe*, mutter between one's teeth. **-trier**¹², *m.*: bead-maker.

paten-t¹³ [L. *patere*, lie open], *adj.*: patent († open; plain; obvious): *lettres —es*, letters patent, open letters with an official

seal making a certain grant. **-table**¹⁷ [-te], *adj.*: taxable. **paten-te**¹⁸, *f.*: patent (grant, diploma, received in letters patent); (ship's) bill of health; (ship's) clearance papers; license: (*essieu d*) —, patent axle; — *nette*, bill of health declaring the vessel left an uninfected port; — *brute*, bill of health declaring an infected port. **-té**¹⁸ [-te], *adj.*: licensed.

pater¹⁸ [L., 'father'], *m.*: paternoster, Lord's prayer.

patère¹⁴ [L. -tera (-tere, lie open)], *f.*: patera (dish for libations; saucer-shaped ornament).

pater-ne¹⁰ [L. -nus], *adj.*: fatherly. **-nel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. -nus], *adj.*: paternal. **-nellement**¹⁵ [-nel], *adv.*: paternally. **-nité**¹¹ [L. -nitas], *f.*: paternity, fatherhood.

pâteur¹², **-euse** [pâte], *adj.*: pasty (thickish; sticky).

pathéti-que¹⁵ [L. *patheticus*, Gr. *pathetikós* (*páthos*, suffering)], *adj.*: pathetic, inspiring pity; *m.*: *pathos*. **-quement**¹⁶, *adv.*: touchingly. **pathognomonique**¹⁷ [Gr. *pathognomonikós* (cf. Fr. *gnomonique*)], *adj.*: pathognomonic, indicating the disease, characteristic.

patholo-gie¹⁵ [Gr. -gia (*páthos*, disease, *lógos*, speech)], *f.*: pathology, science or treatise of diseases: — *interne*, medical treatment; — *externe*, surgical treatment. **-gique**¹⁵ [Gr. -gikós], *adj.*: pathological. **-giste**¹⁵, *m.*: pathologist. **pathos**¹⁵ [fr. Gr., 'suffering'], *m.*: =, deep feeling; emotion.

patibulaire¹⁴ [L. -lum, gibbet], *adj.*: patibulary; *m.*: gallows.

pa-tiemment¹¹ *pa-syam* [-tient], *adv.*: patiently. **-tience**¹¹ [L. -tientia], *f.*: = (endurance; forbearance; card game solitaire); puzzle.

2.patience¹⁵ [? L. *lapathium* (understood as *la pathium*)], *f.*: =, dock-weed.

pa-tient¹², **-ente** [L. -tiens (*pati*, suffer)], *adj.* or *m.*: =; culprit (to be executed). **-tiente**¹⁰, *intr.*: be patient, have patience.

pa-tin¹² [? *patte*], *m.*: (old) thick-soled shoe; (*now*) skate; sill, footing. **-tillage**¹⁵ [2.-tiner], *m.*: skating. **-tine**¹⁷ [? 1.-tiner], *f.*: patina, green rust (of medals, coins, etc.); shininess (of old statues, ivory, etc.). **1.-tiner**¹⁶ [*patte*], *tr.*: (*fam.*) handle, feel, take liberties with. **2.-tiner**¹⁷ [-tin], *intr.*: skate; slide. **1.-tineur**¹⁶ [1.-tiner], *m.*: hugger (one who takes liberties with women). **2.-tineur**¹⁷, **-euse** [2.-tiner], *m.*: skater.

pâtir¹⁵ [L. *pati*], *intr.*: suffer.

pâ-tis⁹ [p. L. **pasticium* (L. *pascere*,

graze)], *m.*: pasture. **-tisser**⁹ [p. L. **pasticare*], *intr.*: knead pastry dough.

-tisserie¹³ [-tissier], *f.*: bakery; cake; pastry. **-tissier**¹², **-ière** [-tisser], *m.*, *f.*: pastry-cook or seller. **-tissoire**¹⁷, *f.*: pastry-board or table.

patois¹² [?], *m.*: = (illiterate dialect).

pâton¹⁴ [pâte], *m.*: lump, bolus (of dough; of chickenfeed).

†patouiller = *patrouiller*.

patraque¹⁷ [?], *f.*: rattle-trap (poor machine; person of broken health).

pâtre⁹ [L. -pastor], *m.*: herder.

patriar-cal¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. -calis], *adj.*: patriarchal, of patriarchs. **-cat**¹⁴ [l. L. -chatus], *m.*: patriarchate. **||-che**¹⁰ [l. L. -cha, Gr. *patriárches*], *m.*: patriarch (head of a family or tribe; aged man; high dignity in Greek church, etc.).

patri-ce¹¹ [L. -cius (*pater*, father)], *m.*: patrician. **Patri-ce**, *m.*: Patrick.

-ciat¹⁶ [L. -ciatus], *m.*: patriciate, office or dignity of a patrician. **-cien**¹⁵, **-enne** [L. -cius], *m.*, *f.*: patrician, noble next to the king.

patrie¹⁵ [L. -tria], *f.*: native land; country.

patri-moine¹¹ [L. -monium], *m.*: patrimony, property inherited. **-monial**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. -monialis], *adj.*: patrimonial.

patrio-te¹⁴ [l. L. -ta, Gr. -tes], *m.*: patriot (*old*, fellow-countryman; *now*, lover of his country); *adj.*: patriotic. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.*: patriotic. **-tiquement**¹⁷ [-tigue], *adv.*: patriotically. **-tisme**¹⁷, *m.*: patriotism, devotion to one's country.

patristique¹⁵ [Gr. *patér*, father], *f.*: patristics, study of early church fathers.

†patrocinier¹³ [L. -nari, defend, protect], *intr.*: exhort at length.

patrologie¹⁵ [Gr. *patér*, father, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: patristics; writings of the early church fathers.

pa-tron¹¹, **-onne** [L. -tronus, =na], *m.*, *f.*: patron; advocate; protector; master; boss; padrone; *m.*: pattern, model. **-tronage**¹⁵, *m.*: =, protection; official care. **-tronal**¹⁶, *pl.* = **-aux**, *adj.*: patronal (of a patron saint). **-tronat**¹⁵ [L. -tronus], *m.*: patronate, right or duty or title of patron. **1.-tronner**¹⁴, *tr.*: PAT-TERN after, copy. **2.-tronner**¹⁵, *tr.*: patronize. **-tronnesse**¹⁵, *f.*: patroness.

patronymique¹³ [L. -nymicus, Gr. -numikós (*patér*, father, *ónoma*, name)], *adj.*: patronymic, showing descent: *nom* —, family name.

patrouil-lage¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: (*fam.*) paddling (in mud or water). **patrouil-le**¹⁶, *f.*: patrol. **-ler**¹⁴, *intr.*: (*fam.*) PADDLE, puddle (play in the mud); patrol. **-lis**¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: mud-puddle.

patte¹² [ʔ], f.: PAW (foot of an animal); claws; foot of a glass or vase; clasp; flap; root; hook; nail: — *d'oie*, cross-roads; crow's-feet, wrinkles about the eyes; goose-foot (plant); — *de griffon*, hellebore; *à quatre* —s, on all fours; *faire — de velours*, draw in the claws; (fig.) hide hostile intentions; *graisser la — à quelqu'un*, give one money to win him over; — *de mouche*, fine close writing; *mouiller en — d'oie*, to anchor with three anchors; *les —s d'un uniforme*, the bars or stripes of a uniform; *retomber sur ses —s*, light on one's feet; (fig.) get nicely out of a difficulty. †**patte-palu**¹⁵, †—**palue**, m., f.: hypocritical person. **patu**¹⁴, adj.: (fam.) big-footed: pigeon —, pigeon with feathered legs.

pâ-turage¹¹ [—turer], m.: pasturage. **-ture**⁹ [L. *pastura* (*pascere*, graze)], f.: pasture; feed; food; pasturage; (dial.) †clog, pastern (to keep a horse fr. straying): *droit de vaine* —, right of pasturing on the commons; *rive* —, time of acorn mast. **-turer**¹¹, intr.: graze, feed. **-tuteur**¹⁷, m.: pastor (soldier who takes horses to grass). **pa-turon**¹⁵, m.: pastern (joint to which one ties a clog or hobble).

paulette¹⁶ [tax farmer *Paulet*], f.: tax (paid by members of parliament on giving up their offices).

paulownia¹⁵ [Russian princess *Anna Paulowna*], m.: =, ornamental tree of figwort family.

pa-me⁹ [L. *palma*], f.: palm (of the hand); *jeu de —*, hand-ball; tennis. **-melle**¹⁵, f.: palm (leather to protect the hand in working leather, sewing sails, etc.); plate (of a hinge). 2.-**melle**¹⁶ [Prov. *-mola* (L. *-mula*, little palm)], f.: barley (variety hav'g palmate head). **-mer**¹³, tr.: †strike with the hand; tow, haul (by hand). **-mier**¹⁵, **-ière**, m., f.: tennis player; maker of tennis balls. †**-mure** = *empaumure*.

pau-périsme¹⁵ [L. *-per*, POOR], m.: pauperism.

paupière⁹ [p. L. *palpebra* (L. *palpebra*)], f.: eyelid: *fermer la —*, close the eyes, sleep.

pau-ço¹³ [L. *-sa*], f.: =, stop. **-ser**¹⁴, intr.: pause (in music).

pau-vre⁹, **-vresse** [p. L. *-perus* (L. *-per*)], adj.: POOR; m., f.: poor man, or woman: *une rime* —, a bad rhyme; *le — homme*, the pitiful man; *un — d'esprit*, one hav'g spirit of poverty; *les —s d'esprit*, the poor in spirit; (as pun) those of little wit. **-vement**¹², adv.: poorly. **-vresse**, f., see *pauvre*. **-vret**¹⁵, **-ette**, m., f.: poor little one. **-vreté**¹⁵ [L. *-pertas*], f.: poverty.

pavage¹³ [paver], m.: paving; pavement.

pava-ne¹⁵ [ʔ ak. to *paon*], f.: pavan (old time, slow, stately dance or its music). **-ner**¹⁶, reflex.: *se —*, strut, move proudly.

pa-vé¹⁵, m.: paving-stone or block; pavement; paved road or street: *le — de l'ours*, ill-advised act of friendship, ill-timed kindness; *battre le pavé*, to idle about town; *être sur le — du roi*, be on the public highway (where one has a right to be); *être sur le —*, have no home; *le haut du —*, the best side of the paving; upper hand. **-vement**¹⁶, m.: †paving, pavement. †**-ver**¹¹ [Ofr. *-vement*, paving, or L. *-vire*], tr.: pave.

pavsa-de¹⁵ [It. *-la*; ak. to *pavois*], f.: = (shield to protect galley-oarsmen; screen to hide operations on deck fr. the enemy).

paveur¹² [paver], m.: paver.

pavie¹⁵ [Italian town P.], m. or f.: cling-stone peach.

pavillon⁹ [L. *papilio*, butterfly], m.: pavilion (tent; summer-house; belvedere; canopy over a bed; flag; flagship; bell, big end of a trumpet; external ear; tent as an armorial bearing): *assurer son —*, run up the flag and fire a cannon too; *mettre — bas devant quelqu'un*, give up to one; *mettre le — en berne*, fly rolled-up flag, give the signal of distress.

pavois¹⁵ **-vua** [It. *pavese* (? town *Pavie*)], m.: pavise (large shield; pavesade); decoration (with flags and banners). **-sement**¹⁵ [—ser], m.: dressing, decoration (of a ship with flags and colours). **-ser**¹⁵, tr.: cover (with a pavesade); deck out (with flags and colours).

pavot⁹ [p. L. **papavus* (L. *papaver*)], m.: poppy, narcotic plant.

pa-yable¹² [—yer], adj.: =. **-yant**¹⁶ [—yer], adj.: paying: *billet —*, pay-ticket. **-ye**¹² **pèy** [—yer], f.: paying; payment, pay: *jour de —*, pay-day. **-yement** = *paiement*.

†**pa-yen**, **-enne**, see *païen*.

pa-yer⁹ [L. *pacare*, make calm], tr.: pay; pay for: *se —*, be bought; be satisfied; *se faire —*, get one's pay, (esp.) where one should get no pay; *je suis payé pour me défer de lui*, I have already been fooled by him; — *en monnaie de singe*, pay with grins; — *quelqu'un de retour*, return the compliment; — *sa dette à la nature*, die; *il ne paie pas de mine*, his face won't carry him; — *d'audace*, face it out; — *de sa personne*, take great personal risk. **-yeur**¹², **-euse**, m., f.: payer; cashier; treasurer.

1. pay-s⁹ **pè-yi** [L. *pagensis* (sc. *ager*)], territory of a *pagus*, district], m.: country;

district; native land; birthplace; home: *les Pays-Bas*, the Netherlands; — *d'états*, provinces of France which had local assemblies; — *coutumiers*, countries under their own local or provincial rule; (*humor.*) un — *de cocagne*, Utopia, land of plenty; *mal du* —, homesickness; *vin de* —, home-made wine; *il est bien de son* —, it is plain he has never been away fr. home; *courir le* —, roam over the country; *tirer* —, leave; *gagner* —, make one's way; *décider à vue de* —, decide at the first glance. 2.-s¹⁰, -*ge* -yiz, m., f.: fellow-countryman, compatriot. -*sage*¹⁵, m.: landscape. -*sagiste*¹⁶ [-sage], m., f.: landscape painter. -*san*¹¹, -*anne* [pays, Ger. suffix -ing], m., f.: PEASANT, countryman or woman. -*sannerie*¹⁶ [-san], f.: peasantry; peasant play (portraying rustic life).

pé-age⁹ [p. L. *pedaticum* (L. *pēs*, foot)], m.: toll (for travelling a road). -*ager*¹², -*gère*, m., f.: toll-gate keeper, toll-collector; *adj.*: toll.

peau⁹ [L. *pellis*], f.: skin (of men, animals, fruits); false membrane; *une boisson qui porte à la* —, a drink which makes one sweat; *coudre la* — *du renard à celle du lion*, unite cunning and power. -*sserie*¹⁷ [-ssier], f.: peltry, dealing in hides. -*ssier*¹², m.: skinner, hide-worker; *adj.*: *le muscle* — *du cou*, cutaneous muscle of the neck.

1. **peautre**¹² [?], m.: (old) straw-pile or bed; (now): *envoyer quelqu'un au* —, drive one off; *aller au* —, go away.

2. **peautre**¹¹ [ak. to It. *peltro* and Eng. *peuter*], m.: tin.

3. **peautre**¹² [?], f. (or m.): (*dial.*) *thelm*, rudder. **peautré**¹⁶, *adj.*: (*her.*) *hav'* a distinctly coloured tail.

pébrine¹⁸ [Prov. *pebrino* (*pebre*, pepper)], f.: = (epidemic disease of silk-worms).

pec¹⁴ [Dutch *pekelharing*], *adj.*: *hareng* —, fresh pickled herring.

pécari¹⁷ [American word], m.: peccary, hog-like mammal.

pec-cable¹⁷ [L. *care*, to sin], *adj.*: =, capable of sinning. -*cadille*¹⁵ [Sp. *peca-dillo* (*pecado*, sin)], f.: little sin, peccadillo.

-*cant*¹² [L. *-cans*], *adj.*: =, morbid. -*cata*¹⁷, pl. — [L. *'sins'*], m.: (*pop.*) ass (as drudge taking all the blame).

-*cavi*¹⁴ [L. *'I have sinned'*], m.: =, confession.

1. **pêche**⁹ [p. L. **persica* (L. *persicum*, 'Persian fruit')], f.: PEACH.

2. **pêche**¹³ [1. *pécher*], f.: fish.

pé-ché⁹ [L. *peccatum*], m.: sin; *dire de quelqu'un les sept* — *s mortels*, say all kinds of mean things about any one. -*cher*⁹ [L. *peccāre*], *intr.*: sin; commit

a fault: — *contre les règles*, violate the rules.

1. **pêcher**⁹ [p. L. **piscāre* (L. *piscāri*)], *intr.*: FISH; *tr.*: fish, fish for, catch; draw (at dominoes).

2. **pêcher**¹¹ [1. *pêche*], m.: peach-tree.

pêcheresse, see *pêcheur*.

pêcherie¹¹ [2. *pêche*], f.: fishery, fishing-place.

pêcheur⁹, -*cheresse* [L. *peccātor*], m., f.: sinner; *adj.*: sinful.

pêcheur⁹, -*ense* [L. *piscātor*], m., f.: fisherman or woman; (*fig.*) apostle; *l'anneau du* —, seal of the pope (successor of Peter, the fisherman).

pécore¹⁵ [It. *pecora* (= L. pl., 'beasts' taken to be a singular)], f.: blockhead.

pecque¹⁶ [Prov. *pêc*, *péco*, stupid], f.: stupid or conceited woman.

pectoral¹², pl. -*aux* [L. *-lis* (*pectus*, breast)], *adj.*: = (of or for the breast or chest; m.: ornament worn on the breast; muscle of the thorax): *sirop* —, cough medicine.

pécul-lat¹⁵ [L. *peculatus*], m.: peculation (theft in public office or trust). -*le*¹⁶ [L. *-tium*], m.: peculium, savings of a Roman slave; any savings.

pécul-ne¹¹ [L. *pecunia* (*pecus*, cattle)], f.: (fam.) money. -*niaire*¹² [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: pecuniary. †*nienx*¹², -*ense* [L. *-niosus*], *adj.*: (fam.) monied, pecunious.

pédago-gie¹⁵ [Gr. *paidagogia*], f.: pedagogy, science of teaching. -*gique*¹⁷ [-gie], *adj.*: pedagogical. -*gue*¹⁵ [Gr. *paidagogós* (*pais*, boy, *agein*, lead)], m.: pedagogue, teacher; pedant.

péda-le¹⁶ [It. *pedale* (L. *pedalis*, of the foot)], f.: pedal, treadle. -*ler*¹⁸, *intr.*: pedal. -*né*¹⁵ [L. *pedaneus*], *adj.*: *juge* —, standing judge (such as formerly tried cases standing up).

pédan-t¹⁵, -*ante* [It. *pedante* (? ak. to Fr. *pedagogue*)], m., f.: pedant (†teacher; one fond of displaying learning). -*ter*¹⁵, *intr.*: act the pedant. -*terie*¹⁵, f.: pedantry. -*tesque*¹⁵ [It. *-tesco*], *adj.*: pedantic. -*tesquisme*¹⁵ [-tesque], *adv.*: pedantically. †*tisér* = -*ter*. -*tisme*¹⁵, m.: pedantry, display of knowledge.

pédéras-te¹⁵ [Gr. *paiderastés* (*pais*, boy, *erān*, to love)], m.: pederast. -*tie*¹⁵ [Gr. *paiderasteta*], f.: pederasty, sodomy.

pédes-tre¹⁵ [L. *-tris* (*pes*, FOOT)], *adj.*: pedestrian, on foot. -*trement*¹⁷, *adv.*: afoot.

pédi-celle¹⁷ [L. *-cellus* (*pes*, foot), little foot], m.: pedicle, stem. -*culaire*¹⁵ [L. *-cularius*], *adj.*: pedicular; f.: lousewort. -*cule*¹⁵ [L. *-culus*], m.: pedicel, stem.

-culé¹⁷ [-culé], *adj.*: pedicellate, hav'g a stem or stalk. **-cure**¹⁷ [L. *curare*, to cure], *m., f.*: corn-cutter, corn-doctor. **-luve**¹⁷ [L. *luere*, wash], *m.*: pediluvium, foot-bath. **-mane**¹⁷ [L. *manus*, hand], *m.*: pedimanous, hav'g feet like hands, a thumb opposite to the fingers (as opossums).

†**pédomètre**, see *podomètre*.

pédon¹⁷ [It. *pedone* (L. *pes*, foot, cf. Fr. *pion*)], *m.*: footman, courier. **-cule**¹⁷ [L. *pedunculus*], *m.*: peduncle, stem, stalk.

pégase¹⁷ [L., winged horse *Pegasus*, which with its hoof produced the inspiring-fountain Hippocrene], *m.*: Pegasus (symbol of poetic inspiration).

pei-guage¹⁷ [-guer], *m.*: combing (of wool, etc.). **||-gue**^o [L. *pecten*], *m.*: comb. **-gué** [-guer], *m.*: combed wool. 1. **-guée**¹⁵, *f.*: combful (of wool, flax, etc.). 2. **-guée**¹⁵ [-guer], *f.*: (pop.) hairpulling. **-guère**^o [L. *pectināre*], *tr.*: comb; curry; rake; card, dress (flax, wool, etc.): (humor.) *deux femmes qui se peignent*, two women who pull each other's hair. †**-gueran**, see *peignier*. **-gneur**¹², **-euse** [-guer], *m., f.*: comber (of wool, flax, etc.); *f.*: dressing of floss silk (as a trade). **-gnier**¹², *m.*: comb-maker or dealer. 1. **-gnoir**¹⁵ [-guer], *m.*: bath-robe, dressing gown; wrapper. 2. **-gnoir**¹⁵, *m.*: comb-case. **-gures**¹⁵ [-guer], *f. pl.*: hair (in tresses or on combs).

peindre^o [L. *pingere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: paint (colour); portray; represent; describe; depict: *se —*, use cosmetics; *être fait à —*, be very beautiful; *pour achever de —*, to complete the picture.

§ Ind.: Pr. *peins*, *s., t.*: *peignons*, *peignes*, *peignent*. Imp. *peignais*. Pret. *peignis*. Fut. (Cond.) *peindrais*. — Subj.: Pr. *peigne*. Imp. *peignisse*. — I've *peins*. — Part.: Fr. *peignant*. P. *peint*.

pei-ne^o [L. *pœna*], *f.*: punishment; pain; sorrow; anxiety; torment; pains, effort: *à —*, scarcely, hardly; *ce n'est pas la —*, it isn't worth while; *sous — de mort* (or *de la vie*), or *à saur* (or *à d*) — *de la vie*, on pain of death; *être en — de quelqu'un*, be uneasy about any one; *un homme de —*, a man of heavy work. **pei-ner**^o, *tr.*: pain (trouble; weary, vex); *intr.*: toil, take pains. †**pei-neur**¹⁰, **-euse**, *adj.*: painful, toilsome: *la semaine peineuse*, Passion week.

pein-s., t., see *peindre*.

pein-tre^o [p. L. **pinctōr* (L. *pictor*)], *m., f.* or *†-tresse*, *f.*: painter (of houses; of pictures); skilful writer. **-turer**¹⁷ [-turer], *m.*: painting (act of painting; poor picture). **-ture**^o [p. L. *pinctūra* (L. *pictura*)], *f.*: painting (act of painting;

art); paint; colouring; image: *à la — de quelqu'un*, the portrait of some one; *n'être roi qu'en —*, be king in name only. **-turer**¹⁰ [-turer], *tr.*: coat with paint; daub. **-tureur**¹⁵, **-euse** [-turer], *m., f.*: poor painter; dauber.

pejoratif, -ive [L. *pejorare*, make bad], *adj.*: pejorative, giving an unfavorable meaning.

pékin¹⁵ [city Pékin in China], *m.*: pekin, silk fabric; (*soldier's slang*) civilian.

pe-lade¹⁵ [1. *pel*], *f.*: alopecia, scurfiness (loss of hair; tendency to baldness); pelt-rot (of sheep). **-lage**¹⁵ [poil], *m.*: coat, colour (of animals). †**pe-lain**, see *plain*.

pélamide¹⁵ [L. *pelamis*, Gr. *-mís*], *m.*: pelamis (tunny fish).

pélard¹⁵ [2. *pel*], *adj. m.*: *bois —*, barked wood.

†**pêle**, see *pène*.

pêle-mêle¹¹ [?], *adv.*: pell-mell, helter-skelter; *m.*: utter confusion.

1. **pelé**^o [L. *pilāre*], *tr.*: unhair, make bald or bare.

2. **pelé**¹⁰ [pel, old form of *peau*], *tr.*: PEEL, skin; bark; *intr.*: peel off.

pèle-rin^o, **-ine** [L. *peregrinus*, traveller], *m., f.*: PILGRIM. **-rinage**¹¹, *m.*: pilgrimage; journey, voyage; shrine, mecca. **-rine**¹⁵, *f.*: large collar; tippet.

pélican¹² [L. *pelicanus*], *m.*: pelican (fish-eating bird, with pouched lower jaw; forceps for molar teeth).

pelisse^o [p. L. **pellicia* (L. *pellicia*, 'of skin,' sc. *vestis*, garment)], *f.*: = (fur lined robe; fur cloak; dragon's jacket).

pellagre¹⁵ [L. *pellis*, skin, Gr. *ágra*, seizure], *f.*: pellagra (Italian leprosy; Alpine scurvy).

pel-le^o [L. *pāla*], *f.*: spade; spade-like object (blade of an oar; watergate): *la — se moque du fourgon*, the pot calls the kettle black; *remuer l'argent à la —*, have lots of money. **-lée**¹⁴ or **-lerée** or **-letée**, *f.*: spadeful, shovelful.

pel-lerie¹⁵, *f.*: peltry; fur trade. **||-letier**¹¹, **-ière** [pel, old form of *peau*], *m., f.*: furrier, dealer in skins or pelts. **-licule**¹⁵ [L. *-licula* (-lis, skin)], *f.*: pellicle, skin-like membrane.

pelo-tage¹⁵ or **plo-** [-ter], *m.*: ball-playing; winding, making into balls; rolling. **||-te**^o or **plot** [p. L. **pilotta* (L. *pila*, ball)], *f.*: †ball; ball of yarn; pin-cushion; lump; wad: *faire sa —*, be making money. **-ter**¹⁴ or **plo-**, *tr.*: play with (a ball before the game); handle; fondle; roll, wind. **-teur**¹⁵ or **poteur** [-ter], *m.*: (*fam.*) higger (fellow who takes liberties with women). **-ton**¹⁵ or **plo-**, *m.*: ball (of yarn, silk, etc.); lump; platoon, half a company; bunch: *feu de —*, fire by all

soldiers at once. **-tonner**¹⁷ or *plo-* [-ton], *tr.*: wind into a ball, ball up.

pelouse¹⁰ or *plouz* [poil], *f.*: lawn, green-sward.

pelte¹⁷ [L. -ta, Gr. *pél*], *f.*: pelta; small light shield.

pelu, see *poilu*. **pelu-che**¹² [poil], *f.*: PLUSH, velvet-like fabric. **-ché**¹⁰, *adj.*: plushy, downy. **-cher**¹⁷, *intr.*: become shaggy. **-cheux**¹⁵, **-euse** [-cher], *adj.*: plushy.

pelure or *plür* [*peler*, to peel], *f.*: skin; peelings; trimmings, fluff.

pelvien¹⁸, **-ienne** [L. -vis, basin], *adj.*: pelvic, of the pelvis.

penail-le¹² [? *penne*, feather], *f.*: rag-pile; (*humor.*) group of beggar-monks. **-lon**¹⁵, *m.*: rag; beggar-monk.

péna-i¹¹, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *penalis*], *adj.*: penal, relative to punishments. **-lité**¹⁴, *f.*: penal system. **†pena-rd**¹⁵ [*peine*], *m.*: disagreeable old man, old duffer.

pénates¹³ [L. *penates*], *m. pl.*: Penates, household gods (of the Romans); (*fig.*) home: *porter en un lieu ses —*, come to live in a place.

penaud¹⁵, **-ande** [*peine*], *adj.*: abashed, shame-faced.

pen-chant¹⁵, *adj.*: aloping; leaning; (*fig.*) declining, falling; *m.*: slope; (*fig.*) decline; penchant, strong inclination, bent. **-chement**¹⁵, *m.*: leaning; drooping. **||-cher**¹⁶ [p. L. **pendicare* (*pendère*, hang down)], *tr.* or *intr.*: incline; bend, lean: *faire — la balance*, be partial, unfair; *la tour penchée de Pise*, leaning tower of Pisa.

pen-dable¹⁵, *adj.*: deserving of hanging; abominable: *sa peccadille fut jugée un cas —*, his sin was judged a case for hanging. **-daison**¹⁵, *f.*: hanging (on the gallows). **-dant**¹¹, *adj.*: pendent (hanging down or over; pending, suspended); *m.*: pendant, anything hanging, or attached; earring; frog of a sword-belt; mate; *prep.*: pending, during: *châtiments —s*, threatening punishments; *récolte —e*, standing crop; — *sa vie*, during his life; *conj.*: — *que*, while. **-dard**¹⁴, **-arde**, *m., f.*: (one worthy of hanging, i.e.) rogue, scoundrel. **-dechoque**¹² [Ofr. *pendeler*, dangle], *f.*: = (pear-shaped jewel; eardrop; crystals of a chandelier). **-dentif**¹⁵ [L. *-dens*, hanging down], *m.*: pendative, dome vaulting. **-derie**¹⁰, *f.*: execution (by hanging); drying-shed (for hides); closet, wardrobe. **1.-deur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: hanger (hangman; dryer of herrings). **2.-deur**¹⁰ [Prov. *-dour*], *m.*: span (rope holding a pulley). **-diller**¹², *intr.*: dangle. **-dillon**¹⁰ [-diller], *m.*: verge (rod controlling pendulum). **-doir**¹², *m.*: hanger (for hanging up bacon, hams,

etc.). **-deur** = *2.-deur*. **||pen-dre**¹⁰ [p. L. **dère*, L. *-dere*], *tr.*: hang (hang up, suspend; execute; *intr.*: be hanging; be in suspense): *cela lui pend au nez*, he is going to have trouble; — *la crémail-lère*, hang the pot-hook; give a house-warming (on moving into a new house); *être toujours pendu après quelqu'un*, to be always hanging after one; *avoir la langue bien pendu*, to have a well-oiled tongue; *pendu à tout ce qu'il disait*, captivated by all he said; *un pendu*, a hanged man; *avoir de la corde de pendu*, have a piece of hangman's rope (considered lucky); *il dit pis que — de vous*, he says all sorts of bad things about you; *aussitôt pris, aussitôt pendu*, no sooner said than done. **-dule**¹⁵ [L. *-dulus*, hanging], *m.*: pendulum; *f.*: clock. **-dulette**¹⁵ [-dule], *f.*: small clock.

pêne¹¹ [Ofr. *peene*, *pesle* (L. *pessulus*, Gr. *pásalos*, bolt)], *m.*: bolt: — *à demi-tour* (or *à ressort*), spring-lock; — *dormant*, bolt with no spring.

péné-trabilité¹⁰ [-trable], *f.*: penetrability. **-trable**¹³ [L. *-trabilis*], *adj.*: penetrable. **-trant**¹² [-trer], *adj.*: penetrating; piercing. **†-tratif**¹², **†-ive** [L. *-trativus*], *adj.*: penetrating. **-tration**¹³ [L. *-tratio*], *f.*: penetration: *la — (d'esprit)*, acuteness of mind. **-trer**¹² [L. *penetrare*], *tr.* or *intr.*: penetrate (go in or through, enter, pierce; see through; detect); move: *je pénétrai par là dans leur dessein*, I shall that way reach the bottom of their design; *le remords pénétre son âme*, remorse has seized his soul.

pénible¹¹ [*peine*], *adj.*: painful; difficult; pitiful: *une nécessité —*, a dire necessity. **-blement**¹⁰, *adv.*: painfully. **péniche**¹⁵ [fr. Eng.], *f.*: pinnace (man-of-war's light-boat, galley); canal boat.

pénicil-lé¹⁷ [L. *-lum*, little tail, brush], *adj.*: brush-like.

pénil¹⁰ or **-nil** [p. L. **pectiniculum* (L. *pecten*, comb)], *m.*: mons Veneris, pubic region, the lower part of the belly.

péninsu-laire¹⁵, *adj.*: peninsular. **||-le**¹⁵ [L. *peninsula* (*paene*, almost, *insula*, island)], *f.*: peninsula.

péni-tence¹⁰ [L. *penitentia*], *f.*: penitence; confession; penance, expiation; chastisement: *tribunal de la —*, the confessional; *faire —*, do penance; (*fig.*) have a hard time. **-tenece**¹⁵ [1.-tencier], *f.*: penitentiaryship. **1.-tencier**¹⁵, *m.*: penitentiary, special confessor (to decide on reserved cases): *grand —*, cardinal invested with special functions. **2.-tencier**¹⁵, *m.*: penitentiary, prison. **-tent**¹⁰, **-ente** [L. *penitens*], *m., f.* or *adj.*: penitent: *pleurs —s*, penitential tears; *les filles*

—es de la Madeleine, Madeleine sisters of charity. **-tentiaire**¹⁵ [L. *penitentialis*, penitence], adj. or f.m.: penitentiary. **-tentiel**¹⁵, pl. = **-aux** [L. *penitentialis*], adj.: penitential; repentant. **-tentiel**¹⁵, = **-elle** [L. *penitentialis*], adj.: penitential (repentant; m.: book of rules on penance).

pennage¹⁴, m.: plumage (esp. of falcons). **|| penné**⁹ [L. *penna* or *pinna*], f.: long feather; any object suggesting a feather; peak (of a lateen sail); end of a weaver's chain; tuft of wool for calking. **penné**¹⁷ [L. *pennatus*], adj.: pennate. **|| pennon** or **pen-**, see **penon**.

pénombre¹⁶ [L. *pane*, almost, umbra, shade], f.: penumbra, secondary shade; twilight.

penon¹¹ [*penné*], m.: =, pennon (knight's small swallow-tailed flag); dog-vane (on ships, to show the wind's direction).

pen-sant¹¹, adj.: thinking: *bien* —, well-thinking, right-thinking; *mal* —, ill-disposed. **1.-sée**¹¹, f.: thought (idea); plan; reflection, meditation; judgment; memory; mind: *deviner la* —, guess the thoughts; *changer de* —, change one's mind; — *ultérieure*, afterthought. **2.-sée**¹¹ [1.-sée], f.: pansy, heart's-ease. **|| sement**¹¹, m.: thinking. **1.-ser**⁹ [L. *-sare* (ak. to Fr. *peser* and *panser*)], tr. or intr.: think (conceive; judge; believe; imagine; intend; remember; reflect): — *à quelqu'un*, think of one; *honnî soit qui mal y pense*, evil to him who evil thinks; *par de stériles vœux pensez-vous m'honorer*, do you think you are honouring me with sterile vows? **2.-ser**¹¹ [Inf. as noun], m.: thinking; thought; mind; reason. **-seur**¹², = **-euse**, m., f.: thinker.

-sif¹⁰, = **-ive**, adj.: pensive.

pen-sion¹² [L. *-sio*, payment (*-dere*, weigh out)], f.: = (regular payment, esp. by a government for past services or merit; boarding-school); tuition; board; boarding house; school: *une* — *sur l'État*, a government pension; *mettre un chien, un cheval en* —, put a dog or horse out to be kept; — *entière*, boarding and lodging (at the school); *demi* —, attendance without lodging. **-sionnaire**¹², m., f.: pensionary (pensioner; in Holland, the chief magistrate of a town); boarder; pupil: (*humor*) — *du roi*, prisoner; *grand* —, prime minister. **-sionnat**¹¹, m.: =, small boarding-school. **-sionner**¹⁴, tr.: pension. **pen-sum**¹⁷ [L. 'wool weighed out to a slave to be spun in a day'], m.: = extra task (as a pupil's punishment).

penta-corde¹⁷ [L. *-chordus*, Gr. *-chordos* (*pente*, five, *chordê*, string)], m.: penta-chord, lyre of five strings. **-gonal**¹⁵, pl.

= **-aux** [*-gone*], adj.: pentagonal, forming five angles. **-gone**¹² [L. *-gonum*, Gr. *-gonon* (*gonia*, corner)], m.: pentagon, five-sided figure. **-mètre**¹⁵ [L. *-meter*, Gr. *-metros* (*metron*, measure)], m.: pentametre, poetic line of five feet. **pentandrie**¹⁷ [word coined by Linnaeus, Gr. *anér*, man], f.: pentandria, those flowers collectively that have five stamens. **-thle**¹⁷ [L. *-thlum*, Gr. *-thlon* (*dithlos*, contest)], m.: pentathlon, the five exercises (wrestling, running, leaping, throwing discus, throwing spear).

pente¹² [*pendre* in anal. with *rente*, etc.], f.: slope, incline, hillside; hangings; trimmings; inclination: *un seul pas de la droite route, aussitôt une* — *inévitabile nous entraîne*, one step from the direct way, and we start on an inevitable down-hill.

pentecôte¹¹ [L. *-coste*, Gr. *pentekoste*, fiftieth sc. *heméra*, day (after the Passover)], f.: Pentecost (the Jewish feast; Whitsunday).

pentière = **pantière**. **penture**⁹ [p. L. **penditūra*, **penditum* (L. *pendere*, hang)], f.: moving leaf (of a door hinge).

pénultième¹² [L. *penultimus*, lit. almost last], adj. or f.: penultimate, next to the last (syllable).

pénurie¹⁷ [L. *penuria*], f.: penury, extreme want.

Péonie, f.: Paeonia.

peotte¹⁷ [It. *peotta*], f.: Adriatic gondola (of large size).

peperin¹⁶ [It. *peperino* (*pepe*, pepper)], m.: peperino (pepper-coloured building stone found near Rome).

pépie¹³ or **|| pepie** [? L. *pituita*, mucus], f.: pip (disease of chickens, etc.); (*fig.*) *avoir la* —, be dry or hungry.

pé-pin¹¹ or **|| pepin** [? L. *pepo*, melon], m.: pip, seed (of pears, berries, etc.); (*fam.*) whim, liking; old umbrella. **-pi-nière**¹⁵, f.: nursery, bed (of apple-grafts; of peachstones, etc.; cf. rare Eng. *pepinery*).

-piniériste¹⁷ [*-pinière*], m. or f.: nursery-man, grower of fruit-trees. **-pite**¹⁶ [Sp. *pitita*], f.: nugget, lump of ore almost pure.

peplum¹⁵ or **-plon** [L. *peplum*, Gr. *peplon*], m.: peplum, light woman's cloak; long veil.

pepsine¹² [Gr. *pépsis*, cooking, digestion], f.: =, active principle of the gastric juice.

|| péquin = **pékin**.

perca-le¹⁷ [? E. Indian word], f.: =, closely woven cambric. **-line**¹², f.: =, glossy cotton cloth.

per-çant¹² [*-cer*], adj.: piercing (shrill; sharp, penetrating; acute, shrewd). **-ce**¹⁵ [*-cer*], f.: gimlet, tap; tapping (of bar-

rels); hole. **-cé**¹⁷, **-ée** [-cer], m., f.: opening; f.: penetration; *il a fait une percée assez avant dans l'Ecosse*, he penetrated a great ways into Scotland. **-ex-bois**¹⁷ [-cer], m.: borer (insect). **-ée**, see **-cé**. **-ex-feuille**¹⁵ [-cer], f.: thorough-wax or hare's-ear (fr. its perfoliate leaves). **-ex-forêt** [-cer], m.: impetuous hunter. **-exment**¹⁵ [-cer], m.: piercing; opening. **-ex-neige**¹⁵ [-cer], f.: snow-drop (flower). **-ex-oreille**¹⁵ [-cer], m.: forficula, earwig (insect). **-ex-pierre**¹⁵ [-cer], f.: saxifrage; rockfish. **percep-teur**¹⁷ [L. -tor], m.: perceptor, collector (of taxes, etc.). **-tibilité**¹⁷ [-tible], f.: perceptibility. **-tible**¹⁵ [-tibilis], adj.: =, noticeable; receivable. **-tion**¹¹ [L. -tio], f.: = (act of perceiving; thing seen, heard, etc.); receiving (of taxes); office (of tax-collector). **per-cep**^o [p. L. **percupiāre* (L. *perfundere*, pierce)], tr.: pierce (open; cut, break, or go through; see through; penetrate; tap); wear through; intr.: make way; come out; appear: *une forêt bien percée*, a forest with good roads; *une chose percée à jour*, a thing not made solid; (fig.) *percé à jour*, transparent to everybody; *soulier percé*, shoe worn through; *un panier percé*, a leaky basket; (fig.) a dissipated man; *le mérite finit toujours par* —, merit always comes out all right at last. **-errette**¹⁷, f.: gimlet. **perce-vable**¹⁵, adj.: perceivable; receivable, collectable. **—voir**^o [p. L. *percipere* (L. *percipere*)], irr. §; tr.: receive, collect; perceive.

§ Ind.: Fr. *perçois*, -s, -t: *percevons*, -vez, *percevent*. Ipf. *percevais*. Pret. *perçus*. Fut. (Coadj.) *percevra*(s). — Subj.: Fr. *perçois*-ve, -vi, -vi; *percevions*, -vies, *perçoivent*. Ipf. *perçusse*. — Voe *perçois*. — Part.: Fr. *percevant*; P. *perçu*.

1. **perche**^o [L. *perca*], f.: perch (the fish). 2. **per-che**^o [L. *pertica*], f.: perch (pole; roost; measure, square rod): *tendre la — à quelqu'un*, lend one a hand (as if he were drowning); *se battre à la perche*, struggle in vain (like a falcon fastened to a bow-perch); *une grande —*, person lean as a fence-rail. **-cher**¹⁵, intr.: perch, sit on limbs or perches; reflex: *se —*, perch, roost: *le ballon est perché*, the balloon has lodged. **perchlorure**¹⁵ [L. *per*, through, Fr. *chlorure*], m.: perchloride. **perchoir**¹⁶ [-cher], m.: roost (perch; henhouse). **perclus**¹⁴, = **use** [L. *-sus*, closed up (L. *præclusus*, obstructed)], adj.: powerless to move; impotent. **perçois**¹⁵, m., or **-coire** [-cer], f.: gimlet, borer.

percu-sion¹⁵ [L. *-ssio* (*per*, through, *qualere*, shake)], f.: = (knock, thump; auscultation): *fusil à —*, gun fired by caps. **-tant**¹⁵, = **ante** [-ter], adj.: percussion. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tere*, knock], tr.: tap, percuss, test by auscultation. **-teur**¹⁵ [-ter], m.: cock, hammer (of guns). **per-dable**¹⁵, adj.: (fam.) losable. **-dant**¹⁵, = **ante**, m., f.: loser (esp. in playing); m.: *le — (de l'eau)*, ebb, falling. **-dition**¹⁵ [L. *-ditio*], f.: = (loss; ruin): *enfants de —*, hardened sinners; *un vaisseau en —*, a vessel that can't be saved. **—dre**^o [L. *-dere*], tr.: lose; ruin; *se —*, disappear; be lost; intr.: lose: *enfants perdus*, forlorn hope (soldiers who take a great risk); *une sentinelle perdue*, outpost or picket cut off fr. communication; *filles perdues*, abandoned girl, harlot; *une monnaie qui perd*, money which loses in exchange; — *pied*, lose footing, be in overhead deep; (fam.) *il en perd le boire et le manger*, he forgets to eat over it; *qui quitte la partie la perd*, he who quits the game, loses; (fig.) it is best not to give up.

per-dreau^o, pl. —x [p. L. **perdicālis* (L. *perdix*)], m.: young partridge. **-drigon**¹⁵, m.: plum (marked like redlegged partridge). **-driz**^o [L. *-dix*], f.: =, partridge.

père^o [L. *pater*], m.: FATHER (male parent; ancestor; title of respect or affection; author, beginner, inventor): *le saint—*, the pope; *beau—*, father-in-law; step-father; — *la joie*, hale and hearty fellow; — *aux écus*, rich man; — *nourricier*, husband of the nurse, fosterfather; — *noble*, first old man (of theatres); un — *douillet*, an easy-going fellow.

pérégrination¹¹ [L. *peregrinatio* (*per*, through, *ager*, field)], f.: peregrination (wanderings, journeying). **-nité**¹⁵ [L. *peregrinitas*], f.: foreignness, alienage.

péremption¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], f.: running out (becoming null and void by the statute of limitation). **-toire**¹² [L. *-torius*], adj.: peremptory (precluding debate; positive).

perennité¹¹ [L. *-nnitas* (*per*, through, *annus*, year)], f.: perpetuity, continuance.

péréquation¹⁵ [L. *peræquatio* (*aquus*, equal)], f.: assessment.

perfectibilité¹⁷ [-tible], f.: perfectibility. **-tible**¹⁷ [L. *-tus*], adj.: perfectible. **—tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio* (*per*, through, *facere*, make)], f.: = (state of completeness; faultlessness; absolute excellence: *en (or dans) or t'd la*) —, to perfection; *la — en personne*, perfection itself. **-tionnement**¹⁷ [-tionner], m.: perfecting, improvement. **-tionner**¹⁶, tr.: perfect: *se —*, strive to improve one's self.

perfi-de⁹ [L. *-dus* (*fides*, faith)], adj.:

perfidious (faithless, treacherous); *m.*, *f.*: traitor, false-heart. **-dement**¹⁶, *adv.*: perfidiously, falsely. **-die**¹⁶ [*L. -dia*], *f.*: perfidy (false, treacherous character or act).

perfolié¹⁷ [*L. per*, through, *foetium*, leaf], *adj.*: perfoliate, hav'g the stem passing through it.

perforant¹⁷, *adj.*: perforating, piercing. **-rateur**¹⁸, **-trice** [*L. -rator*], *adj.*: boring; *m.*: perforator, piercer. **-ration**¹⁸ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: = (piercing; hole). **-rer**¹⁸ [*L. -rare*], *tr.*: perforate, pierce.

performance¹⁸ [*fr. Eng. (ak. to Fr. fournir)*], *f.*: =, feat (esp. of track horses).

pergoute, see *spergule*.

péri-anthe¹⁷ [*L. L. perianthum (peri, around, anthos, flower)*], *m.*: perianth, floral envelope. **-bole**¹⁸ [*L. peribolus, Gr. peribolos (ballein, throw)*], *m.*: peribolus (enclosure around a temple, etc.).

-carde¹⁸ [*Gr. -kardion (kardia, HEART)*], *m.*: pericardium (sack enclosing the heart).

-cardite¹⁸ [*-carde*], *f.*: pericarditis, inflammation of the membrane around the heart).

-carpe¹⁸ [*Gr. -karpion (karpós, fruit)*], *m.*: pericarp, hull, covering of a seed. **-chondre**¹⁸ [*Gr. chondros, sinew*], *m.*: perichondrium, membrane around a cartilage.

périliter¹⁸ [*L. periclitari (periculum, danger)*], *intr.*: PERIL (be in danger; *tr.*: risk, imperil).

périrâne¹⁸ [*Gr. perikránon*], *m.*: pericranium, membrane around the bones of the skull.

péridot¹⁸ [*?*], *m.*: peridot (the gem).

péri-drome¹⁷ [*Gr. peridromos (peri, around, root dra, run)*], *m.*: peridrome, covered walk around a building. **-gée**¹⁸ [*Gr. perigeios (gê, earth)*], *m.* or *adj.*: perigee, point nearest the earth in the orbit of the moon.

périgueux¹⁸ [*place P. in France*], *m.*: manganese.

périhélie¹⁷ [*Gr. peri, around, hélios, sun*], *m.*: perihelion (in the orbit of a planet, the point nearest the sun).

péril¹⁸ [*L. periculum*], *m.*: peril, danger.

péril-louement¹⁸ [*-leux*], *m.*: perilously. **péril-leux**¹⁸, **-euse** [*L. periculōsus*], *adj.*: perilous, dangerous, risky; venturesome.

périmer¹⁴ [*L. perimere, destroy*], *tr.*: annul, bar (by law of limitation).

péri-mètre¹⁸ [*L. perimetros, Gr. perimetros (peri, around, métron, measure)*], *m.*: perimeter, contour. **-née**¹⁸ [*L., Gr. perineos*], *m.*: perineum (region between sexual organs and anus).

pério-de¹⁸ [*L. peridus, Gr. peridos (peri,*

around, hodós, way)], *f.*: period (stretch of time, epoch; cycle; time of a revolution as of a star; phase of a disease; long sentence uniting several thoughts; musical phrase); *m.*: stage, step, esp. last step; top, height: *la* — *tertiaire, quaternaire*, the tertiary, quaternary (geological eras); *la* — *lunaire*, the time of the moon's revolution; *la* — *d'une maladie*, the course of a disease. **-dicité**¹⁷ [*-dique*], *f.*: periodicity, regular recurrence. **-dique**¹⁸ [*L. -dicius, Gr. -dikós*], *adj.*: periodic, hav'g fixed times; characteristic (of a certain time or age): *une fraction* —, a decimal fraction hav'g same figure regularly repeated; *publication* —, periodical, magazine; *une phrase* — *du dix-septième siècle*, a phrase characteristic of the seventeenth century. **-diquement**¹⁸, *adv.*: periodically, at regular intervals.

périocciens¹⁸ **-ryé** [*Gr. perioikoi (peri, around, oikéin, dwell)*], *m., pl.*: perioeciens, those on each side of the equator at the same distance fr. it.

périos-te¹⁸ [*Gr. periosteon (peri, around, ostéon, bone)*], *m.*: periosteum, membrane covering the bone. **-tite**¹⁸, *f.*: periostitis, inflammation of the periosteum. **-tose**¹⁸, *f.*: periostosis, bony tumour.

péripaté-ticien¹⁸ [*L. -ticus, Gr. -tikós fr. peripatein, walk about (Aristotle walked and taught)*], *adj.*: peripatetic; *m., f.*: follower of Aristotle. **-tique**¹⁸ [*L. -ticus, Gr. -tikós*], *adj.*: peripatetic; *m.*: *le* —, Aristotle. **-tisme**¹⁸, *m.*: Peripateticism, doctrines taught by Aristotle.

péri-ptéie¹⁸ [*Gr. -ptéia (peri, around, pítein, fall)*], *f.*: peripetia, sudden turn in a play; (*pop.*) unexpected event.

-phérie¹⁸ [*L. -phéria, Gr. -phéria (phérein, carry)*], *f.*: periphery; exterior, surface. **-phrase**¹⁸ [*L., Gr. -phrasis (phrâzein, tell)*], *f.*: periphrase, roundabout expression, as *le vainqueur de Rocroi* for *Condé*.

-phrase¹⁸ [*-phrase*], *intr.*: periphrase (use roundabout expressions; *tr.*: rare, put into periphrase. **-ple**¹⁷ [*L. -plus, Gr. periplos (plein, sail)*], *m.*: periplos, circumnavigation.

-pneumonie¹⁸ [*L., Gr. -pneumonia (pneûmon, lung)*], *f.*: peripneumonia, inflammation of the lungs, esp. of live-stock. **-ptère**¹⁸ [*L., Gr. -pteros (ptéron, wing)*], *adj.*: peripteral; *m.*: *un* —, a periptery, edifice with a colonnade.

périr¹⁸ [*L. perire*], *intr.*: PERISH; become null and void; become extinct.

péris-ciens¹⁸ [*Gr. -kivi (peri, around, skid, shadow)*], *m., pl.*: Periscians, people of the polar circle, whose shadow goes all around them on a summer day. **-copi-**

que¹² [Gr. *kopein*, look around], *adj.*: periscopic, looking on all sides: *verres* —, lenses hav'g concave side towards the eye. — **perme**¹⁷ [Gr. *sperma*, seed, germ], *m.*: perisperm, nutriment around embryo.

périssable¹² [*périr*], *adj.*: perishable. — **soire**¹² [*périr*], *f.*: canoe (rowed with a paddle).

péri-staltique¹⁰ [Gr. *-staltikós* (*stélein*, put)], *adj.*: peristaltic; *mouvement* —, the involuntary contracting or working of the intestines. — **stole**¹² [Gr. *-stolē*, contraction], *f.*: peristalsis, working of the intestines, contracting. — **style**¹² [Gr. *-stulos* (*stúlos*, column)], *adj.*: peristyle (hav'g a colonnade; *m.*: edifice with pillars; vestibule with monuments). — **sys-tole**¹⁷ [Gr. *sustolē*, contraction], *f.*: perisystole, time between the contraction and expansion of the heart, noticeable in the dying. — **toine**¹² [L. *-tonum*, Gr. *-tónaion* (*teínein*, stretch)], *m.*: peritoneum, membrane enveloping the viscera. — **tonite**¹² [L. *-tonitis*], *f.*: peritonitis, inflammation of the peritoneum.

perkale, etc., see *percale*. — **per-le**⁹ [? p. L. *pirula*, little pearl], *f.*: pearl (bead; gem; nacre; drop; sparkling of wines; choice): *une* — *baroque*, odd-shaped pearl; — *fine*, true pearl; *la* — *des maris*, the best of husbands. — **ler**¹², *tr.*: pearl (make into shape of pearls; *intr.*: drip, take form of pearls): *dragées perlées*, pearl-shaped sugarplums; *sucré perlé*, sugar boiled till it beads; *un ouvrage perlé*, a work of infinite pains; (*her.*) *croix perlée*, cross adorned with pearls. — **lette**¹², *f.*: little pearl. — **lièr**¹², *adj.*: pearl, of pearl: *l'barque perlière*, boat for pearl-fishing.

perlimpinpin¹² [?], *m.*: *poudre de* —, quack's powder (of great imaginary virtues).

perlure¹² [*-le*], *f.*: little knots or lumps (on antlers).

permanence¹¹ [L. *-nentia*], *f.*: —, continuance. — **nent**¹¹ [L. *-nens* (*-nere*, endure, last)], *adj.*: —, lasting, abiding.

perméabilité¹⁰, *f.*: permeability. — **-able**¹² [L. *-abilis*], *adj.*: permeable, porous.

per-mettre¹² [L. *-mittere*], *irr.* (*cf. mettre*); *tr.*: permit, allow; *let: est-il permis d'entrer*, may I come in? *d rous permis*, you have the liberty, you may; *je me permets*, I take the liberty. — **-mis**¹², *m.*: permission, permit.

permis-sion¹² [L. *-sio*], *f.*: (liberty; allowance; privilege of doing): *avec votre* —, by your leave; — *de dix heures*, permission to be absent till ten o'clock. — **-sionnaire**¹², *m., f.*: bearer of a permit

(authorized keeper of a school; soldier absent by permission). — **-sionner**¹², *tr.*: license, allow, permit.

permu-table¹², *adj.*: commutable, interchangeable. — **-tant**¹², *m., f.*: permuter, exchanger. — **-tation**¹² [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: —. — **-ter**¹² [L. *-iare* (*cf. Fr. muer*)], *tr.*: permute, interchange; — *les lettres d'un mot*, change the letters about; *intr.*: — *avec quelqu'un*, change place with any one.

Pernambouc, *m.*: Pernambuco (in Brazil).

perni-cieusement¹², *adv.*: perniciously. — **-cieux**¹², *m.*: *cause* [L. *-ciosus* (*-cies*, ruin)], *adj.*: pernicious, harmful.

péroné¹² [Gr. *perónē*, hook, pin], *m.*: fibula (bone of the lower leg).

péronnelle¹² [woman *P.* in a play], *f.*: silly woman.

péro-raison¹² [L. *-ratio* (*orare*, speak)], *f.*: peroration, end of a speech. — **-rer**¹² [L. *-rare*, speak], *intr.*: harangue, speechify, orate. — **-reur**¹², *m., f.*: haranguer.

pérot¹² [père], *m.*: saddle (left after the second thinning out).

Péron¹² [country *Peru*], *m.*: (*fam.*) treasure.

peroxyde¹² [L. *per*, through, *Fr. oxyde*], *m.*: peroxide.

perpendicu-laïre¹² [L. *-laris*], *adj.* or *f.*: perpendicular. — **-lairement**¹², *adv.*: perpendicularly, at right angles. — **-la-rité**¹², *f.*: perpendicularity. — **-le**¹² [L. *-lum*], *m.*: lead-line; perpendicular.

perpé-tration¹² [L. *-tratio*], *f.*: perpetration, committing. — **-trer**¹² [L. *-trare*], *tr.*: (old) execute, do; (now) perpetrate, commit. — **-tuation**¹² [*-tuer*], *f.*: perpetuation. — **-tuel**¹², *elle* [L. *-tialis*], *adj.*: perpetual (lasting, unbroken, continual). — **-tuellément**¹² [*-tuel*], *adv.*: perpetually. — **-tuer**¹² [L. *-tuare*], *tr.*: perpetuate, keep up. — **-tuité**¹² [*-tuitalis*], *f.*: perpetuity, duration.

perple-xe¹² [L. *-xus* (*plectere*, to weave)], *adj.*: perplexed; perplex. — **-xité**¹² [L. *-xitas*], *f.*: perplexity, embarrassment.

perquisi-tion¹² [L. *-tio* (*quasere*, seek)], *f.*: —, close search: *faire une* — *au domicile de quelqu'un*, search one's house on a search-warrant. — **-tionner**¹², *intr.*: make searches.

perré¹² [*pierré*], *m.*: stone-facing, waterwing. — **perron**¹² [*pierré*], *m.*: steps (in front of a house); platform, perron.

perroquet¹² [It. *parrochetto*, dim. of *parroco*, priest], *m.*: parrot; gallant-mast (*fr.* its likeness to a parrot's perch); gallant-sail or spar; pliant chair: *bdton de* —, parrot's pole or perch; (*fig.*) tail

narrow house. **perruche**¹⁷ [?], *f.*: parakeet, little green parrot; mizzen-top-mast.

perru-que¹⁴ [It. *perruca*], *f.*: wig: *une tête à —*, barber's block; old fogey. **-quier**¹⁵, **-iere**, *m., f.*: wig-maker.

perse⁹, 1. **-erse** [? ak. to *pêche*, PEACH], *adj.*: violet blue: *la déesse aux yeux —*, Minerva. 2. **perse**¹⁷ [country Persia], *f.*: chintz, figured calico.

1. **Perse**, *f.*: Persia.

2. **Perse**, *m.*: Persius.

persécutant¹⁹, **-ante**, *adj.*: persecuting; *m., f.*: persecutor. **-ter**¹⁸ [-teur], *tr.*: persecute, harass. **-teur**¹¹, **-trice** [L. *-tor, -trix*], *m., f.*: persecutor.

Persée, *m.*: Perseus (the hero).

persévèrement [-rant], *adv.*: perseveringly. **-rance**¹¹ [L. *-rantia*], *f.*: perseverance; steadfastness: *catéchisme de —*, catechism pursued after first communion. **-rant**¹¹, *adj.*: persevering; steadfast. **-rer**¹¹ [L. *-rare* (per-severus, very strict)], *intr.*: persevere, stick to it.

persi-caire¹² [L. *-caria* (L. *-cus*, peach-tree), *fr.* its leaves], *f.*: water-pepper. **-cot**¹⁶ [L. *-cum*, PEACH], *m.*: —, cordial (flavoured with peach-seeds). **persienne**¹⁷ [L. *perse*], *f.*: Venetian blinds.

persi-flage¹⁷, *m.*: —, bantering, flippant manner of writing or speaking. **-fler**¹⁷ [L. *per*, through, Fr. *siffler*], *tr.*: rally, quiz, banter. **-fleur**¹⁷, **-euse**, *m., f.*: banterer.

persi-l¹² [p. L. *petrosilium* (L. *petroselinum*)], *m.*: PARSLEY. **-lade**¹⁶, *f.*: parsley dish; beef and parsley. **-llé**¹⁶, *adj.*: fromage —, spotted cheese (hav'g appearance of chopped parsley).

persique¹⁷ [L. *Persicus*, of Persia], *adj.*: ordre —, Persian order (of architecture).

Persique, *m.*: Persian Gulf.

persis-tance¹⁴, *f.*: persistence. **-tant**¹⁴, *adj.*: persistent, unswerving. **-ter**¹⁸ [L. *-tere* (per, through, *sistere*, stand)], *intr.*: persist, endure.

person-nage¹², *m.*: (old) church charge, situation (cf. Eng. *parsonage*); (now) character; person of some rank; personage; rôle: *le — principal*, the chief actor; *les —s du premier plan*, the persons in the foreground. **-nalité**¹³ [L. *-alitas*], *f.*: personality; selfishness; insult. **-nat**¹⁴ [L. *-atus*], *m.*: benefice (giving precedence over the simple canons). **-ne**⁹ [L. *persona*], *f.*: person (individual; body); *m.*: anybody: *on s'est assuré de sa —*, he has been arrested; *une — civile*, incorporation with same rights as a person; — *ne dansait mieux*, no one danced better; *est-il venu quelqu'un?* —, has any one come? Nobody.

-né¹⁷ [L. *persona*, mask], *adj.*: personate, masked: *les —es*, mask-like flowers (such as snap-dragon). **-nel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. *-alis*], *adj.*: personal (of a person; individual; hav'g first, second or third person); selfish; *m.*: —; persons collectively (as of any branch of government). **-nellement**¹² [-nel], *adv.*: personally. **-nification**¹⁵ [-nifier], *f.*: — (action or result of personifying). **-nifier**¹⁶ [L. *persona*, person, *facere*, make], *tr.*: personify; embody in one's self: *il -nifie la probité*, he is honesty itself.

perspec-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tivus* (*specere*, see)], *adj.*: perspective. **-tive**¹⁴ [L. *-tiva* (sc. *ars*, art)], *f.*: — (art of representing solid objects, or distances; aspect of distance); prospect: — *linéaire*, linear perspective (where lines alone give the effect of distance); — *aérienne*, perspective given by gradations in colour; *avoir quelque chose en —*, have yet ahead of one.

perspi-cace¹⁵ [L. *-cax* (*specere*, see)], *adj.*: perspicacious, clear or sharp-sighted. **-cacité**¹⁴ [L. *-cacitas*], *f.*: perspicacity. **-cité**¹⁵ [L. *-cuitas*], *f.*: perspicuity, clearness, acuteness.

perspiration¹⁵ [L. *-tio* (per, through, *spirare*, breathe)], *f.*: —, sweat.

persua-dant¹⁶, *adj.*: convincing. **-der**¹³ [L. *-dere* (ak. to *suavis*, SWEET)], *tr.*: persuade (win over; make believe; induce): *on se persuade mieux par les raisons qu'on a soi-même trouvées*, one is persuaded best by reasons found by himself; *elle veut me — de passer ici cet été*, she wants to make me pass the summer here. **-sible** or **-sif**¹⁴, **-ive** [L. *-sivus*], *adj.*: persuasive, winning. **-sion**¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: — (moving the will by argument or entreaty; conviction, settled opinion or belief).

perte⁹ [p. L. **perdita* (part. of L. *perdere*)], *f.*: ruin; loss; perdition: *s'étendre à — de vue*, to extend farther than the eye can reach; *vendre à —*, sell at a sacrifice; *aller à sa —*, go on to destruction; *agir en pure —*, lose one's labour; *la — d'un fleuve*, the disappearance of a stream underground; *une femme qui a des —s*, a woman who loses blood (by flooding, etc.).

perti-naçité¹⁴ [L. *-nacitas*], *f.*: (rare) pertinacity, stubbornness. **-nement**¹⁵ **-nam** [-nent], *adv.*: pertinently, fittingly. **-gence**¹⁴, *f.*: pertinence, fitness. **-nent**¹³ [L. *-nens* (*tenere*, hold)], *adj.*: —, fit, relevant, suitable.

per-tuis⁹ [p. L. **tūsum* (for L. *-tūsum*, PIERCED)], *m.*: opening; strait; waterway; cut.

pertuisane¹⁴ [*partisane* infl. by *pertuiser*], *f.*: partisan; pike, halberd.

†**pertuiser**¹¹ [double of *percer*], *tr.*: pierce.

perturba-teur¹⁵, -**trice** [L. *-tor*, -*triz* (*turba*, tumult)], *m., f.*: disturber; *adj.*: disturbing. -**tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (disturbance; irregularity).

pervénche⁹ [L. *-vinca*], *f.*: periwinkle, dogbane.

perver-s¹¹ [L. *-sus*, turned wrong], *adj.*: perverse, wicked. -**sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =, change to worse. -**sité**¹¹ [L. *-sitas*], *f.*: perversity, wickedness. || -**tir**¹¹ [L. *-tere* (*per*, through, *vertere*, turn)], *tr.*: pervert, spoil, change to worse: †*se* —, forsake one's church; — *le sens d'un passage*, corrupt the meaning of a passage. -**tissement**¹⁵, *m.*: corrupting, perversion. -**tisseur**¹⁵, -**euse**, *m., f.*: (rare) perverter.

pesade¹⁵ [It. *posata*, posing, infl. by *peser*], *f.*: = (rearing of a saddle-horse); stopping (after galloping).

pe-sage¹⁵ [-*ser*], *m.*: weighing (of jockeys); place of weighing. -**samment**¹¹ [-*sant*], *adv.*: heavily. -**sant**¹⁰ [-*ser*], *adj.*: heavy; weighty; clumsy; *m.*: weight; *adv.*: in weight, by weight: *ses mains sont un peu trop —es*, he hits a little too hard; *valoir son — d'or*, worth its weight in gold; *un jambon de quinze livres —*, a ham fifteen pounds in weight; *pain —*, bread of toil; *cheval — à la main*, hard-mouthed horse. -**santeur**¹¹ [-*sant*], *f.*: weight; weightiness; heaviness: — *spécifique*, specific gravity.

pesat¹⁵ [pois], *m.*: dry pea-vines.

pèse-acide¹⁵ [-*peser*], *m.*: acidimeter (to test strength of acids). **pésée**¹⁵ [-*peser*], *f.*: weighing; prying.

pèse-esprit¹⁵ [I've of *peser*], *m.*: liquor-gauge (for testing the strength of liquids).

-**lait**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: lactometer. -**lettre**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: letter scales. -**liquenr**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: hydrometer. || **pèse-r**⁹ [L. *pensare*], *tr., intr.*: weigh (measure; estimate; equal; consider; be heavy; have weight; bear down); insist: *un cheval qui pèse à la main*, hard-mouthed horse; *tout est bien pesé*, all has been fully examined; *rien ne pèse tant qu'un secret*, nothing is so great a burden as a secret.

-**sel**¹⁵, *m.*: salt-gauge, salinometer. -**sirop**¹⁵, *m.*: syrup-gauge. **pèse-tte**¹⁵, *f.*: small scales (for coin). **pé-seur**¹², -**euse**, *m., f.*: weigher. -**vin**¹⁵, *m.*: cenometer, wine-gauge. **peson**¹⁵, *m.*: balance-weight (on a spindle); lever-scales, steelyards.

pessaire¹² [L. *pessarium* (Gr. *pessós*, oval stone)], *m.*: pessary (plug to sustain the uterus).

pesse⁹ [L. *picca* (*piz*, *PITCH*)], *f.*: fir-tree.

pessi-misme¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, very bad], *m.*: pessimism, theory that evil is dominant. -**miste**¹⁵ [L. *-mus*], *m., f.*: pessimist (one who believes that everything tends toward evil; one who thinks life not worth living).

pes-te¹⁵ [L. *-tis*], *f.* (†*m.* applied to a boy): pest (serious and wide-spread disease, plague, pestilence; bother; troublesome person); †*adj.*: bothersome: — *bovine*, cattle plague; *dire la — de quelqu'un*, wish one all kinds of bad luck; *la — soit de lui*, plague take him! -**ter**¹⁵, *intr.*: curse and swear. -**tifère**¹⁴ [L. *-tiferus* (*ferre*, carry)], *adj.*: pestiferous, infectious. -**tiféré**¹⁵, -**rée** [-*tifère*], *adj.*: plague-stricken; plague-sick person. -**tilence**¹¹ [L. *-tilentia*], *f.*: pestilence; (fig.) evil doctrine. -**tilent**¹⁵ [L. *-tilentus*], *adj.*: pestilent, pernicious. -**tilentiel**¹⁵, -**elle**, *adj.*: pestilential.

pet⁹ [L. *peditum*], *m.*: *lâcher un —*, break wind backwards; (humor.) — *de nonne*, apple-fritter.

pétale¹⁷ [l. L. *petalum* (Gr. *ptéalon*)], *m.*: petal, leaf of the corolla of flowers.

pé-tarade¹⁵ [Prov. *petarrada* (cf. *pet*)], *f.*: farting (of horses, etc.); shooting of fire-works. -**tard**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *m.*: petard, bomb; fire-cracker. †-**tarder**¹⁵, *tr.*: blow-up (with a petard). -**tardier**¹⁵, *m.*: petardeer, maker or shooter of petards.

pétase¹⁵ [L. *petasus*, Gr. *ptéasos*], *m.*: petasus, broad-brimmed hat.

Pétan-d or **Pétaud** [humor. fr. *péter*], *m.*: *la cour du roi* —, Bedlam broke loose, where each one does as he pleases.

pétan-dièr¹⁵, *f.*: bear-garden, Bedlam.

pété-chial¹⁷, *pl.* = **aur**, *adj.*: petechial. || -**chie**¹⁷ [It. *petecchia* (? Gr. *pitákion*, plaster)], *f.*: petechiae, spots on the skin in certain fevers, esp. in typhus.

pet-en-l'air¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: (fam.) short jacket. || **péter**¹⁵ or **pr** [-*pet*], *intr.*: vent wind; burst. **péteur**¹⁵, or -**eur**, -**euse** or **pr**, *m., f.*: farter; wretch.

pétit-lant¹⁵ or **pr**, *adj.*: crackling; sparkling. -**lement**¹⁵, *m.*: crackling; sparkling; scintillating: — (*du désir*) *de (faire) quelque chose*, quiver with impatience to do something; *l'armée qui pétillait d'entrer en action*, the army which was bristling with eagerness to get into action. || -**ler** or **pétill-ler** [-*péter*], *intr.*: crackle; flutter; sparkle.

pétio-le¹⁷ [L. *petiolus*, little foot], *m.*: petiole, stem of a leaf. -**lé**¹⁷, *adj.*: petioled, petiolate.

pétiot¹⁵, = **ote** [dim. of *pétif*], *adj.*: tiny; *m., f.*: little one, child.

pétis¹⁰, = **ite** [?], *adj.*: small, little; young; (placed after the noun) petty, mean; *m., f.*: little one, child; *m.*: †little quantity;

— à —, little by little; — e bière, small-beer; au — pied, on a small scale; être dans — s souliers, be uneasy; — monde, common people; group of children; se sentir — garçon devant quelqu'un, feel small before some one; au — bonheur, take the chances! les — s frères (sœurs), humble brothers (sisters) of charity; se faire —, make few pretensions; be humble.

petit-dunkerque¹⁸ [signboard in Paris Au petit Dunkerque], m.: trinket.

petite-fille⁹, pl. — s —, f.: grand-daughter.

petitement¹² [petit], adv.: humbly; meanly; poorly.

petite-oie, f.: giblets (liver, heart, etc., of poultry).

petitesse¹¹ [petit], f.: smallness; littleness; meanness.

petit-fils, pl. — s —, m.: grandson.

-gris, pl. — s —, m.: Siberian squirrel or its fur.

peti-tion¹¹ [L. petitio (petere, ask)], f.: petition (request; demand); — de principe, begging the question (in logic).

-tionnaire¹⁷, m., f.: petitioner. **-tionnement**¹⁵ [-tionner], m.: petitioning.

-tionner¹⁷, intr.: petition.

petit-lait, m.: whey. **-maître**, pl. — s —, m.: person of studied elegance.

-neveu, pl. — s —, m.: grandnephew.

petitoire¹⁵ [L. petitorius], adj.: petitory, of a petition: action —, or le —, petitory suit, action for title to realty.

petit-pied, m.: à —, on a small scale.

peton¹⁵ [pied], m.: (fam.) little foot.

pectoncle¹⁵ [L. pecten, little peten, comb], m.: scallop (bivalve shell).

pétré¹⁵ [L. petraeus (petra, stone)], adj.: stony, petrous.

pétrel¹⁷ [apostle Peter who walked upon the water], m.: petrel (sea-bird).

pétri-fiant¹⁷, adj.: petrifying, petrificative. **-fication**¹⁵, f.: petrification.

||-fier¹⁵ [L. petra, rock, facere, make], tr.: petrify (turn to stone; coat with stone; make hard; dumbfound).

pé-trin¹⁷ [L. pistrinum], m.: bread-bowl, kneading-trough: (pop.) être dans le —, be in a fix. **||-trir**⁹ [p. L. *pisturare (L. pinsere, grind)], tr.: knead; form.

-trissable¹⁵, adj.: pliable, yielding, plastic. **-trissage**¹⁷, m.: kneading.

-trisseur¹², = **ense**, m., f.: kneader, baker.

pétro-le¹² [L. L. petroleum, rock-oil], m.: coal-oil. **-ler**¹⁵, tr.: oil, cover with coal-oil; burn with coal-oil. **-lerie**¹⁵, f.: oil-works.

-leur¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: incendiary, firebug (who uses coal-oil). **-silex**¹⁷ [L. L.], m.: petrosilex, flinty stone like feldspar.

† **petto**, see in **petto**.

péti-lamment¹⁵ [-lant], adv.: petulantly. **-lance**¹⁵ [L. -lantia], f.: petulance, wild capriciousness.

-lant¹⁵ [L. -lans], adj.: petulant, peevish.

† **pe-tun**¹⁵ [Port. petum (So. Am. word)], m.: tobacco. **-tuner**¹⁵, intr.: smoke tobacco.

-tunia¹⁵, m.: petunia (herb of the nightshade family).

pen⁹ [L. paucus, little], m.: small quantity; adv.: little: un homme de —, a man of little value; je viendrai dans — (de temps), I shall soon come; — à —, little by little; si — que rien, as good as nothing.

peuplade¹⁵ [-pler], f.: †settling (of a country); colony; tribe.

1. **†peu-ple**⁹ [L. populus], m.: (dial.) †poplar (tree).

2. **peu-ple**⁹ [L. populus], m.: people: le — roi, the Romans; le petit —, the lower classes; children. **-plément**¹² [-pler], m.: peopling; stocking (of a pond, etc.).

-pler¹¹, tr.: people, populate: les fantômes peuplent son imagination, phantoms fill his fancy; — un parc de gibier, stock a park with game.

peuplier¹² [1. peuple], m.: poplar (tree).

peu-r⁹ [L. pavor], f.: FEAR: — de mourir, dread of dying; faire — à quelqu'un de quelque chose, to make one afraid of anything; de — de or que, for fear that, lest. **-reusement**¹¹ [-reur], adv.: in fear, timidly.

-reur¹¹, = **ense**, adj.: timid, fearful; m., f.: timid person.

pout-être⁹ [pouvoir], adv.: maybe, perhaps; m.: (fam.) uncertainty: la mort est le grand —, death is the great uncertainty.

Phaéton¹⁶ [Sun's son Ph. who attempted to drive his father's horses], m.: (humor.) driver; coach, phaeton.

phagédénique¹⁵ [L. -gedanicus, Gr. -gedainikós (-gédaina, great hunger; eating-sore)], adj.: phagedenic, erosive, gangrenous.

pha-lange¹² [L. -langz, Gr. phalangz, rod: bone; line of soldiers], f.: phalanx (Greek order of battle, several lines deep; bone of the fingers or toes; Fourier's community of a hundred families).

-lanstère¹⁷ [infl. by monastère], m.: phalanstery, palace where a Fourier community lives. **-lanstérien**¹⁵, = **-ienne** [-lanstère], m., f.: Fourierite, phalansterian.

phalène¹⁷ [Gr. phalaina], m. or f.: moth.

phalli-que¹⁵ [L. -cus, Gr. -kós], adj.: phallic. **phallus**¹⁵ [L. (Gr. phallós)], m.: phallus (lingam, penis as emblem of fertility).

phanérogame¹⁵ [Gr. phanerós, visible, gámos, marriage], adj.: phanerogamous.

hav'g stamens and pistils: *les (plantes)* —s, phanerogamia, flowering plants.

†**phantasmagorie**, etc., see *fantasmagorie*, etc.

pharaon¹⁷ [? picture of Egyptian king Ph. on one card], m.: *faro*. **Pharaon**, m.: Pharaoh.

phare¹⁵ [L. -rus, Gr. *pháros* (Island *Pháros*)], m.: lighthouse; mast (with its rigging, yards and sails): — *de cimetière*, lamp-post; — *d'église*, chandelier; *le — de l'avant*, the foremast.

phari-saïque¹⁵ [L. -saicus, Gr. -saikós], adj.: Pharisaic. **-saïsme**¹⁵ [-saïque], m.: Pharisaism. **-sien**¹² = **-enne** [L. -saus, Gr. -saios], m., f.: Pharisee, observer of the letter rather than the spirit; adj.: Pharisaical.

pharma-ceutique¹⁵ [L. -ceuticus, Gr. -keutikós], adj.: pharmaceutical. **||-cie**¹² [L. -cia, Gr. -keia], f.: pharmacy (art of making medicines; drugstore). **-cien**¹⁰, m.: druggist; *†adj.*: of a pharmacy. **-copée**¹⁵ [Gr. *kopoia* (*pharmakon*, drug, *poiein*, make)], f.: pharmacopoeia, book on pharmacy. **†-copole**¹⁰ [L. -copola, Gr. -kopóles (*poiein*, sell)], m.: seller of drugs.

pharyngite¹⁸, f.: pharyngitis, inflammation of the pharynx. **||pharynx**¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *phárynx*, throat)], m.: =, back part of the mouth.

phase¹⁰ [Gr. *phásis*, appearance], f.: =, aspect; stage.

†**phaséole** = *faséole*.

phébus¹⁶ [L. *Phæbus*, Gr. *Phoibos*, Apollo], m.: bombast: *parler —*, talk fustian.

phénakistoscope¹⁸ [Gr. *phenakistikós*, deceitful, *skopein*, see], m.: phenakistoscope, toy producing effect of pictures in motion.

phénicoptère¹⁶ [L. *phénicopterus*, Gr. *phoinikópteros* (*phoinix*, red, *ptéron*, wing)], m.: flamingo, kind of crane with brilliant colouring.

†**phénicure** = *phanicure*.

phéni-que¹⁸ [ak. to *phénol*], adj.: phenic: *acide —*, carbolic acid. **-qué**¹⁸, adj.: containing phenol.

phénix¹¹ [L. *phœnix*, Gr. *phoinix*], m.: phenix, fabulous Egyptian bird; prodigy.

phéno-l¹⁸ [Gr. *phainéin*, shine, Fr. ending of (*L. oleum*, oil)], m.: phenol, carbolic acid. **-ménal**¹⁸, pl. = **-aur**, adj.: phenomenal. **||-mène**¹⁵ [Gr. *phainómenon*], m.: phenomenon (event; wonder).

philanthro-pe¹³ [Gr. *philánthropos* (*philein*, love, *ánthropos*, man)], m.: philanthropist. **-pie**¹⁵ [Gr. -pia], f.: philanthropy. **-pique**¹⁷ [Gr. -pikós], adj.: philanthropic. **philharmonique**¹⁷ [Gr.

harmonia, accord], adj.: société —, musical society, or association.

philippine¹⁸ [Ger. *philipschen* († *fr. viel-liebchen*, much-beloved)], f.: philopena, forfeit game between two.

philippi-que¹⁷ [Gr. -kós (sc. *lógos*, speech), speech of Demosthenes against Philip of Macedonia], f.: philippic, speech against a ruler.

philis-tin¹⁸, **-ine** [Ger., L. -tinis (fr. Hebr.), nation hostile to the Jews], m.: Philistine, one who doesn't take on culture.

philolo-gie¹⁵ [L. -gia, Gr. -gia (*philein*, to love, *lógos*, speech)], f.: philology, study of languages. **-gique**¹⁸, adj.: philological. **-gue**¹⁵ [L. -gus, Gr. -gos], m.: philologist. **philomathique**¹⁸ [Gr. *philomathés* (*manthánein*, learn)], adj.: société —, philomathean society or association.

philoso-phal¹⁴, adj.: pierre —e, philosopher's stone (which turns any metal into gold); thing impossible to find. **||-phe**¹¹ [L. -phus, Gr. *philósophos* (*philein*, to love, *sophia*, wisdom)], m., f.: philosopher (investigator of causes; thinker, reasoner; one schooled in self-control); adj.: philosophical. **-phor**¹⁵ [L. -phari], intr.: philosophise, think, reason on morals. **-phie**¹¹ [L. -phia, Gr. -phia], f.: philosophy, wisdom: — *première*, metaphysics; *il prend son mal avec —*, he takes his misfortune calmly. **-phique**¹⁴ [L. -phicus, Gr. -phikós], adj.: philosophical. **-phique-ment**¹⁵ [-phique], adv.: philosophically.

-phisme¹⁶, m.: philosophism, abuse of true philosophy. **philotechnique**¹⁸ [Gr. *téchne*, art], adj.: philotechnic.

philtre¹⁵ [L. -trum, Gr. *philtrón*], m.: philter, love-potion.

phlé-bite¹⁸ [Gr. *phléps*, vein], f.: phlebitis, inflammation of the veins. **-botome**¹⁵ [L. -botomus, Gr. -bótomos (*témnein*, cut)], f.: lancet (for bleeding). **†-botomie**¹² [L. -botomia, Gr. -botómia], f.: phlebotomy, bloodletting. **†-botomiser**¹⁵ [-botome], tr.: bleed, phlebotomise. **-botomiste**¹⁷ [-botomie], m.: phlebotomist, blood-letting; student of veins.

phleg-magogue¹⁸ [L. -magogus, Gr. -magogós (*phlegma*, phlegm, *agein*, drive)], adj. or m.: phlegmagog, expectorant (medicine to loosen a cough). **-masie**¹⁸ [Gr. -masia (*phlégein*, burn)], f.: phlegmasia, inflammation. **†-matique**, **†phlegme**, see *flegmatique*, *flegme*. **-mon**¹² [L. (L. -mone, Gr. -moné)], m.: =, burning heat fr. inflammation beneath the skin. **-monneur**¹² = **-euse** [-mon], adj.: phlegmonous.

phlogistique¹⁷ [L. L. -ticum (Gr. -tós, burnt)], m.: phlogiston, supposed essential

of every combustion. **phlogèse**¹⁷ [Gr. *phlogos*], *f.*: inflammation of the veins. **phlox**¹⁵ [Gr. *phlōz*, flame], *m.*: = (flower).

phlyctène¹⁷ [Gr. *phlyktaina* (*phlyzein*, boil)], *f.*: blister, phlyctena.

phonicure¹⁷ *fē* [L. -*rus*, Gr. *phoinikouros* (lit. red-tail)], *m.*: redstart (warbler).

pholade¹⁵ [Gr. *pholās* (pholed, hole)], *f.*: pholas, piddock, rock-boring mussel.

pho-nétique¹⁵ [Gr. -*netikós* (phoné, voice)], *adj.*: phonetic, of vocal sounds; *f.*: phonetics, study of sounds. **-nique**¹⁵ [Gr. *phoné*, voice], *adj.*: phonic; *fr.*: phonics, phonetics. **-nographie**¹⁵ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: phonograph. **-no-lithe**¹⁵ [Gr. *lithos*, stone], *m.*: phonolite, clinkstone (sonorous volcanic rock). **-no-mètre**¹⁵ [Gr. *métro*, measure], *m.*: phonometer (for measuring the intensity of sound).

phoque¹⁵ [L. *phoca*, Gr. *phōke*], *m.*: phoca, sea-dog (seal).

phormion¹⁸, or **-ione** [Gr. -*mion*, 'little mat', name of an unknown plant], *m.*: phormium, plant of New Zealand flax-lily family.

phos-phate¹⁷ [fr. root of *-phore*], *m.*: =, union of phosphoric acid and a base.

-phène¹⁵ [Gr. *phōs*, light, *phainein*, appear], *m.*: phosphene, rainbow made by pressing the eyeball. **-phite**¹⁷ [fr. root of *-phore*], *m.*: =, union of phosphoric acid with a base. **||-phore**¹⁵ [L. -*phorus*, Gr. -*phōros* (*phōs*, light, *pherein*, carry)], *m.*: phosphorus (the element). **-phoré**¹⁵, *adj.*: phosphorylated. **-phoreseigne**¹⁷, *f.*: =, luminous appearance without sensible heat.

-phoreseint¹⁵, *adj.*: =, luminous like phosphorus. **-phoreux**¹⁷, *adj.*: phosphorous, hav'g low valence of phosphorus.

-phorique¹⁷, *adj.*: phosphoric, hav'g high valence of phosphorus. **-phure**¹⁵, *m.*: phosphid.

photo-graphie¹⁸ [fr. Gr.], *m.*: photographer. **||-graphie**¹⁸ [Gr. *phōs*, light, *gráphein*, write], *f.*: photography; photograph. **-graphier**¹⁸ [-*graphie*], *tr.*: photograph, take a picture of. **-graphique**¹⁵, *adj.*: photographic. **-gravure**¹⁸ [graver], *f.*: =, engraving by photography.

photo-lithographie¹⁸ [Gr. *phōs*, light, Fr. *lithographie*], *f.*: photolithography, making a printing surface on stone by photographic processes. **-mètre**¹⁵ [Gr. *métro*], *m.*: photometer (for measuring intensity of light). **-phobie**¹⁵ [Gr. *phōbos*, fear], *f.*: photophobia, aversion to light. **-phone**¹⁵ [Gr. *phoné*, voice], *m.*: =, instrument using a beam of light for transmission of sound. **-sphère**¹⁵ [Gr.

sphaîra], *f.*: photosphere, atmosphere about the sun.

phra-se¹⁵ [L. -*sis*, Gr. *phrásis*], *f.*: =, (sentence; musical phrase), idiom: *faire de (grandes)* — *s*, talk for nothing; talk affectedly or grandiloquently; — *toute faite*, set expression; idiomatic phrase; commonplace remark. **-séologie**¹⁵ [Gr. -*seologia* (*lógos*, speech)], *f.*: phraseology, manner of forming phrases; empty talk. **-ser**¹⁷, *intr.* or *tr.*: phrase.

-seur¹⁷, *-euse*, or **-sier**, **-sière**, *m.*, *f.*: (fam.) phraser, empty talker or writer.

phré-nésie, **-nétique**, see *frénésie*, etc.

-nique¹⁵ [Gr. *phrén*, sense of 'diaphragm'], *adj.*: phrenic.

phrénolo-gie¹⁵ [Gr. *phrén*, sense of 'mind', *lógos*, speech], *f.*: phrenology, doctrine that each mental quality has a fixed seat in the brain. **-gique**¹⁵, *adj.*: phrenological. **-giste**¹⁵, or **-gue**, *m.*: phrenologist, one who studies character fr. shape of the head.

pht(h)i-sie¹⁵ [L. *phthisis*, Gr. *phthísis*], *f.*: consumption: — *pulmonaire* (*laryngée*), tuberculosis of the lungs (of the larynx). **-sique**¹⁵ [L. *phthisicus*, Gr. *phthísikós*], *adj.*: un homme (une femme) —, a consumptive.

phylactère¹¹ [L. -*terium*, Gr. *phylaktērion* (*phuldszein*, preserve)], *m.*: phylactery (charm; with the Jews, strips of parchment with legend fr. the Scriptures).

phyl-lithe¹⁵ [Gr. *phállon*, leaf, *lithos*, stone], *m.*: phyllite (petrified leaf; stone with imprint of a leaf). **-loxéra**, *pl.* — [L. L. (Gr. *xéros*, dry)], *m.*: phylloxera (destructive grape-louse; vine disease caused by it).

physi-cien¹¹, **-enne** [L. -*cus* (Gr. *phúsis*, nature)], *m.*, *f.*: physician; physicist. **-co-mathématique**¹⁵ [-*que*], *adj.*: physico-mathematical.

physio-crate¹⁸ [-*cratie*], *m.*: physiocrat, one who recognises the soil as the basis of all wealth. **-cratie**¹⁷ [Gr. *phúsis*, nature, *krátos*, power], *f.*: physiocracy, doctrine that all wealth is based naturally on land.

physiognomo-nie¹⁵ [L. -*nia*, Gr. *phusio-gnomonía* (*phúsis*, nature, *gignōskein*, know)], *f.*: physiognomy, art of reading character fr. the face. **-nique**¹⁷ [L. -*nius*, Gr. *phusio-gnomonikós*], *adj.*: physiognomic.

physio-graphie¹⁸ [Gr. *phúsis*, nature, *gráphein*, write], *f.*: (rare) physiography. **-graphique**¹⁵ [-*graphie*], *adj.*: (rare) physiographical. **-logie**¹⁵ [L. -*logia*, Gr. *phusiológia*], *f.*: physiology, natural history of living organs. **-logique**¹⁵ [L. -*logicus*, Gr. *phusiológikós*], *adj.*: physio-

logical. **-logiste**¹⁷ [*-logie*], *m.*: physiologist, student of the functions of bodily organs. **-nomie**¹² [*l. L. -gnomia* (Gr. *phusiognomonía*)], *f.*: physiognomy (art of reading faces; the facial expression): *la — des lieux*, the aspect of places. **-nomiste**¹⁵ [*-nomie*], *m., f.*: physiognomist, face-reader.

physi-que¹¹ [*L. -eus*, Gr. *phusikós* (*phúsís*, nature)], *adj.*: physical (of the body; of nature; *m.*: =, bodily make-up); *f.*: physics, science of the properties of matter: *certitude —*, absolute certainty. **-quement**¹⁴, *adv.*: physically.

phyto-lithe¹⁸ [Gr. *phutón*, plant, *lithos*, stone], *m.*: phytolite (fossil plant; stone with imprint of a leaf); stony formation (in a plant). †**logie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: botany.

piaculaire¹⁷ [*L. -larius* (*piare*, expiate)], *adj.*: (rare) sacrifice —, sacrifice in expiation.

piaf-fe¹⁵ [?], *f.*: display, ostentation. **-fer**¹⁵, *intr.*: show off; paw the ground: *faire — un cheval*, make a horse take fancy steps. **-feur**¹⁵, = **ense** [*-fer*], *m., f.*: blow-hard, boaster; *adj.*: *cheval —*, pawing horse.

piail-lard¹⁷, = **arde**, *adj.*: (fam.) bawling; *m., f.*: cry-baby. †**-ler**¹⁶ [*pie*], *intr.*: (fam.) bawl, cry. **-lerie**¹⁶, *f.*: (fam.) squalling. **-leur**¹⁶, = **ense**, *m., f.*: bawler; scold.

piau¹⁵ [So. Am. word], *m.*: yaws (tropical eruptive skin disease).

†**plane-piano, pianissimo**, see *1. piano*. **pianiste**¹⁵ [*2. piano*], *m., f.*: pianist. *1. piano*¹⁶ [*lt.*], *adv.*: =, softly: —, — or *plane piano* (cf. *lt. piano piano*) or *pianissimo*, very softly. *2. piano*¹⁷ or **piano-forte** [*lt. pianoforte*], *m.*: = (the musical instrument): — *vertical* or *droit*, upright piano; *tenir le — dans un concert*, play the piano part in a concert.

piastre¹⁶ [*lt. -tra*, ak. to Fr. *plastron*], *f.*: plaster (coin): *la — espagnole* or *forte*, the Spanish piastre (worth one dollar); — *turque*, Turkish piastre (worth about five cents).

piat¹⁶ [*pie*], *m.*: young magpie.

piau-lement¹⁵, *m.*: peeping, chirping of chickens, etc. †**-ler**¹⁵ [echoic], *intr.*: peep, chirp; whimper.

*1. pie*¹¹ [?, ak. to *2. pie*], *m.*: pick, pick-ax; fire-poker; peak (of a mountain); gaff (of a mast); pique (at cards, leap fr. 30 to 60 points by making 30 to opponents' nothing): *couler d —*, go straight to the bottom; *monter d —*, rise vertically or very steep; *le bâtiment est d — sur son ancre*, the ship's anchor is straight up and down. *2. pie*¹⁰ [*L. picus*], *m.*: wood-pecker.

pica¹⁵ [*L. 'magpie'* fr. its gluttony], *m.*: =, morbid hunger (as for clay or chalk).

picader¹⁷ [Sp. ak. to Fr. *picqueur*], *m.*: =, horseman with a pike (for bull-fighting).

picatillon¹⁷ [Prov. *picaioun* (?)], *m.*: =, coin worth $\frac{1}{2}$ cent; (pop.) tin, money.

†**picée**, see *épice* and *pease*.

piehennette¹⁵ [?], *f.*: little snap, thump (with the finger).

pieher¹¹ [Ofr. *piehier*, *l. L. picarium*], *m.*: PITCHER (cf. BEAKER).

pieholine¹⁷ [Prov. *piehoulino*, fr. inventor *Picciolini*], *f.*: pickled olive.

pico-rée¹⁵ [Sp. *-rea* (*-rear*, steal cattle)], *f.*: marauding; poaching, foraging. **-rer**¹⁵, *intr.*: forage, pilfer; *tr.*: plunder. **-reur**¹⁵, = **ense** [*-rer*], *m., f.*: forager; marauder.

piec-t¹¹ [*1. pie*], *m.*: little pick, prick; point (of a hammer); picot (of lace); wooden wedge. **-tage**¹⁵, *m.*: pecking, picking. **-tement**¹⁰ [*-ter*], *m.*: prickling; itching. **-ter**¹³ [*piequer*], *tr.*: prick often, keep pricking; make itch or tingle; peck; nag, tease; wedge; point (lace): *picoté de petite vérole*, pox-marked, pitted fr. small-pox. **-terie**¹⁴ [*-ter*], *f.*: nagging, pin-pricks, teasing.

pieotin¹⁵ [Ofr. *pieot* (fr. ?)], *m.*: peck (measure two gallons).

pieorée¹⁵ [fr. root of *pieurique*], *m.*: =, salt of picric acid. **pieurique**¹⁵ [Gr. *pikrós*, bitter], *adj.*: picric.

†**pie-vort**, see *pivert*.

*1. pie*¹⁰ [*L. pica*, spotted bird (? *PINGERE*, to paint), wood-pecker], *f.*: magpie: *trouver la — au nid*, make a great discovery; *un cheval —*, piebald horse.

*2. pie*¹¹ [*L. pius*], *adj. f.*: œuvre —, charitable work.

†**pièce**¹¹ [*pièce a*, it is some time ago], *adv.*: for a long time. †**pièce**¹⁰ [? ak. to *petit*], *f.*: piece (part; item; production, play; bit; slice; patch, field; gun, cannon; coin; each; chess-man, etc.); one of a group (head of cattle, etc.; item of wild game); quantity; trick; specimen: *armé de toutes —s*, armed fr. head to foot; *habiller quelqu'un de toutes —s*, say all kinds of mean things about any one; *donner la — à quelqu'un*, give one drink-money; *une — de résistance*, choice morsel; *une — moutée*, pastry with a design; *une — de vin*, quantity of wine; wine cask; *payer la —* —, pay by the piece (not by the day); *emporter la —*, bite a piece out; (*fig.*) be very sarcastic; *mettre en —*, tear to pieces; *jouer une — à quelqu'un*, play one a trick. **pièce**¹², *f.*: (fam.) little piece; peseta (Spanish small coin worth about 50 cents).

piéd¹⁰ [*L. pes*], *m.*: FOOT (end of the leg;

base; leg of pots, tables, etc.; basis; meter; foot-print, track): à —, a-foot; — plat, flat foot; (fig.) low character; — bot, club-foot; en —, standing upright; être sur ses —s, be on one's feet; avoir toujours un — en l'air, to be always on the go; sur quel — êtes-vous ensemble, how do you stand with each other? il n'y a —, there is no bottom, it is overhead deep; lâcher —, take to flight; prendre —, get a footing; couper l'herbe sous le — à quelqu'un, supplant one; lever le —, (fig.) decamp with the cash; mettre un cocher à —, suspend a coachman; — à —, step by step; loger à — et à cheval, entertain (as host) footmen and horsemen; avoir le — marin, have one's sea-legs; haut le —, let us be off; off with you! (hence: fun haut-le—, homeless wanderer); faire le — de grue, wait a long time standing; être sur ses —s de derrière, rear on the hind legs; (fig.) to be stiff as a poker; petits —s, small game, bunting, wheatear and such birds as food; tirer de quelqu'un — ou aile, get something out of one by hook or crook; — de cheval, large oyster; — d'alouette, lark's heel (plant); — de corbin, crow's-foot; — de griffon, hellebore; — de biche, claw for drawing nails; récolte sur —, standing crop; — de nez, long nose; faire un — de nez à quelqu'un, put the open hand to one's nose; au — de la lettre, by the letter not the spirit; taper du —, to stamp; — poudreux, vagabond; perdre —, get in overhead; avoir —, be touching bottom.

pied-à-terre¹⁷ [a-tèr, pl. —, m.: hunter's lodge; temporary house.

pied-droit¹⁶, pl. —s—s, m.: pier.

piédestal¹⁵, pl. =auc [lt. pedestal, (lit.) foot of a stall], m.: pedestal. **pied-fort**¹⁵, pl. =s—s, m.: proof-coin, standard coin. **piédonche**¹⁶ [lt. pieduccio, little foot], m.: small pedestal.

piège⁹ [L. pedica (pes, foot)], m.: trap, snare.

pie-grièche¹⁵, pl. —s(-)—s [pie, magpie], f.: shrike; scolding woman.

pie-mère¹² [infl. by L. L. pia mater], f.: pia mater, innermost membrane around the brain.

Piémont, f.: Piedmont.

pier-raïlle¹⁶, f.: broken stone, macadam.

pier-re⁹ [L. petra], f.: stone; seed; calculus: jeter des —s dans le jardin de quelqu'un, attack one indirectly; faire d'une — deux coups, kill two birds with one stone; — d'évier, gutter stone. —ré¹⁴, f.: bed of stones; rubble drain (made by filling a trench with stone). —reries¹³, f. pl.: jewels (of precious stones). —ret-

te¹¹, f.: (fam.) pebble. —renx¹¹, =ense, adj.: stony: colique pierreuse, distress from calculus in the bladder.

pier-rier¹¹, m.: mortar-gun (for stone projectiles); small cannon, swivelgun. —rot¹³ [name Pierre, Peter], m.: =, clown; house-sparrow. —rures¹⁵, f. pl.: pearls, burr, bony circles around base of antlers.

piété¹¹ [L. pietas], f.: piety; religion.

pié-tor¹⁴ [piéd], intr.: run, move (as birds after the dog has set them); toe the mark; tr.: — le drap, give a nap to (as cloth); — le gazon, cut lawn close (to make it grow thicker). —tin¹⁷ [piéd], m.: foot-rot (in sheep). —tinement¹⁷ [—tiner], m.: stamping, trampling.

ti-ner¹⁶ [piéd], tr.: trample, stamp; intr.: move the feet. —ton¹⁵, =onne [piéd], m., f.: pedestrian, person afoot; foot-soldier; courier, postman (for rural district). **pié-tre**¹² [Ofr. peestre, on foot (L. pedestris)], adj.: shabby; wretched.

piètrément¹² [piètre], adv.: miserably.

piètrerie¹⁶ [piètre], f.: wretchedness.

piette¹⁵ [pie], f.: piet, water-ouzel (bird).

pieu⁹, pl. —x [L. pilus], m.: stake.

pieusement¹⁶ [pieux], adv.: piously.

pieuvre⁹ [L. polypus, cf. poulpe], f.: octopus, cuttlefish.

pieux¹⁵, =ense [L. pius], adj.: pious, godly: legs —, legacy for benevolence.

piézomètre¹⁵ [Gr. piézēin, press, mètron, measure], m.: piezometer, instrument to measure the compressibility of liquids.

pif-fre¹⁵, =esse [sense of sifre (infl. by lt. piffero)], m., f.: (fam.) fat person; gluttonous person. —frer¹⁷, tr.: stuff, gorge.

pi-geon⁹ [L. pipio, squab], m.: = (lump of hard plaster; dupe, gull); dove: — voyageur, homing pigeon; plumer le —, bunco a greenhorn.

geonneau¹⁵, m.: young pigeon, squab (fam.) blister (on the hand caused by handling hides from lime bath). —geonner¹⁵, tr.: †pluck, pick; build up with plaster. —geonnier¹⁵, m.: pigeonhouse.

pigment¹¹ [L. -tum, colouring matter], m.: = (colour of the skin in men and animals).

pigne¹⁷ [Sp. piña, lit. pine cone], f.: pina gold or silver (remaining after driving off the mercury by heat).

pignocher¹⁶ [for épinocher], intr.: nibble (eat by little morsels); (fam.) paint (with little strokes).

1. **pignon**⁹ [p. L. *pinno fr. pinna, notch of a wall], m.: =, gable; cog-wheel: avoir — sur rue, be a freeholder.

2. **pignon**⁹ [p. L. pinio, L. pinca, pine-cone], m.: =, kernel (of a pine-cone).

pignoratif¹⁶, *-ive* [L. *pignus*, pledge], *adj.*: *contrat* —, mortgage or pignorative contract.

†**pigrièche** = *pie-grièche*.

pilaire¹⁵ [L. *pilus*, hair], *adj.*: *pilar*.

pilastre¹⁵ [It. *-tro*], *m.*: pilaster, engaged square pillar in a wall. 1. **pîle**¹⁶ [L. *pila*, column], *f.*: pile (heap; stone base, pier); sideline (in fishing).

2. **pîle**¹² [?], *f.*: tail, reverse (of coins).

3. **pi-le**¹⁶ [L. *pila*, mortar for crushing], *f.*: pulp-trough: †*mettre à la — et au verjus* or *donner une — à quelqu'un*, abuse, maltreat. -**ler**¹⁶ [L. *-lère*], *tr.*: crush, pulverise: — *du poivre*, bounce in the saddle.

-**leur**¹¹, = *ençe* [-*ler*], *m., f.*: pounder, crusher.

pilèux¹⁵, = *ençe* [L. *-losus*], *adj.*: *pilar*, of the hair.

pilier¹⁶ [L. *pilare*], *m.*: pillar; column; post-support; patron, frequenter.

pil-âge¹², *m.*: pillage, plunder: *tout est au —*, everything is prey. -**lard**¹¹, = *arde*, *m., f.*: pillager, plunderer. †-**ler**¹⁶ [p. L. **pilare* (L. *pilare*)], *tr.*: despoil, pillage, rob; sack; assault; attack. -**lerie**¹², *f.*: plundering. -**leur**¹², = *ençe*, *m., f.*: plunderer, pillager, assailant.

pil-oir¹⁶ [-*ler*], *m.*: pole (for poking the hides in a tanning vat). -**lon**¹⁵ [-*ler*], *m.*: stamper; tamping pole; PESTLE. -**lonner**¹¹, *tr.*: stamp, tamp; pug; pulverise.

pilo-ri¹¹ [?], *m.*: pillory: *mettre au —*, put to shame or disgrace. -**rier**¹², *tr.*: pillory, put in the pillory.

piloselle¹⁵ [L. *-lla* (L. *pilosus*, hairy)], *f.*: mouse-ear, hawkweed.

pilo-t¹² [*pîle*], *m.*: (build.) pile, post. 1. -**tage**¹² [-*ter*], *m.*: pile-driving, making of pile-work. 2. -**tage**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *m.*: =; pilotry; piloting. -**te**¹⁵ [It. *-to* fr. Olt. *pedotto* (Gr. *pedon*, helm)], *m.*: pilot; pilot-fish (seen with sharks); damper-lever (of pianos): *drap —*, pilot-cloth (coarse woollen, usually blue, worn at sea); — *hauturier*, sea-pilot; — *côtier*, coast or river pilot. 1. -**ter**¹², *tr.*: fill with piles or posts. 2. -**ter**¹⁵ [-*te*], *tr.*: pilot, steer, guide. -**tin**¹⁷, *m.*: pilot-boy; pilot-fish. -**tis**¹², *m.*: pile-work (for bridges, etc.).

pilule¹² [L. *pilula*, little ball (*pila*, ball)], *f.*: pill; disagreeable thing: *dorer la —*, gild the pill; (fig.) sugar-coat an unpleasant thing.

pimbèche¹⁵ -**bèche** [?], *f.*: (fam.) minx (woman who puts on airs or is saucy).

piment-t¹⁶ [p. L. *pimentum*], *m.*: pimento, allspice; metheglin (a drink of honey and spices). -**ter**¹², *tr.*: spice, season (with pimento).

pim-pant¹⁵ [Ofr. *-per*, for Fr. *piper*, lure birds], *adj.*: attractive, enticing.

-**pesouée**¹⁴ [Ofr. *-per*, Ofr. *souef*, SUAVE], *f.*: affected woman.

pimprnelle¹¹ [?], *f.*: pimpernel, burnet.

pin¹⁶ [p. L. *pinus*], *m.*: pine: *pomme de —*, pine-cone. **pinace**¹⁴, *f.*: pinnace (light speedy boat); sloop.

pinacle¹² [L. *pinaculum*], *m.*: pinnacle, top.

†**pinasse** = *pinace*.

pinastre¹⁵ [L. *-ter*], *m.*: pinaster, wild pine.

pin-ard¹⁷, *adj.*: *cheval —*, horse that goes too much on his toes, (esp.) wearing the toes of the hind feet. †**pin-ee**¹³ [*pincer*], *f.*: PINCERS (nippers, forceps; claws of crabs); front teeth; tongs; tweezers; grip; lever; toe (of a hoof); fold: — *monseigneur*, jimmy (iron bar to force doors); — *de paveur*, paving crow-bar; *craindre la —*, be afraid of arrest.

pinceau¹⁶, *pl. —* [p. L. **pinicellum* (L. *penicillum*)], *m.*: brush, PENCIL; painting; tuft; cone of light: *le dernier coup de —*, give the finishing touch; *la vigueur du — de Sénèque*, the vigor of Seneca's style. **pinée**¹⁶ [-*cer*], *f.*: pinch (of salt, of snuff, etc.).

pinclier¹⁶ [-*cel*, old for *-ceau*], *m.*: painter's dip cup.

pin-ee-maille¹⁵, *m., f.*: pinch-penny, miserly person. -**ement**¹⁵, *m.*: picking (of the strings of a harp, etc.); nipping off (of buds). -**ee-nez**¹⁵, *pl. —*, *m.*: =, double eye-glasses (that stay on with a spring). †-**ee-er**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: pinch; squeeze; nip; play, pick; press; rally: — *sans rire*, joke gravely; un or *une pince-sans-rire*, a dry joker; sly person; — *la taille*, compress the waist; make the form look smaller; — *le corsage*, take up darts in the corsage; — *un arbre*, nip off ends of branches; — (*les cordes*) *d'une guitare*, *d'une harpe*, play a guitar, harp; — *quelqu'un*, catch one in the act; — *le vent*, sail close to the wind; — *les lèvres*, press the lips so as not to laugh; *prendre un air pincé*, constrained appearance (as though trying not to laugh). †-**eeter**¹⁵ [-*cette*], *tr.*: pull out (with tweezers); un-hair. -**eotte**¹², *f.*: pinching; *pl.*: tweezers; tongs; each leg (of the tongs).

†**pinchina(t)**¹⁶ [Prov. *penchinat* (lit. 'combed'), *m.*: coarse woollen cloth.

1. **pin-çon**¹⁶ [-*cer*], *m.*: pinch (mark left from pinching). 2. -**çon**¹⁴ [-*ce*], *m.*: toe-piece (of a horsehoe). -**coter**¹⁵ [-*cer*], *tr.*: (fam.) pinch (a little and often).

†**pindari-er**¹⁴ [poet *Pindar*], *intr.*: write affectedly. †-**seur**¹⁵, = *ençe*, *m., f.*: Pindarist.

pi-néal¹⁴ [L. *pinæa*, pine-cone], *adj.*: cone-like, conic; *glande* — *e*, pineal body (formerly supposed seat of the soul, in the brain). — **neau**¹⁵ [pin], *m.*: Burgundy grape.

ping(o)uin¹⁵ [? Welsh, 'white head'], *m.*: penguin.

pin-gre¹⁸ [?], *adj.*: (fam.) close-fisted: *un* —, a skinflint. — **grerie**¹⁸, *f.*: (fam.) closefistedness.

pinne¹⁵ [L. *pinna*, Gr. *pinne*], *f.*: pinna (sea-mussel).

† **pinné**, see *penné*.

pinnule¹⁵ [L. *-la*, little wing], *f.*: pinule, sight of an alidade.

† **pinocher** = *épinocher*.

pinque¹⁶ [Dutch (*esp*) pink], *f.*: pinkstern (Chebacco boat).

pinson¹¹ [for *pinçon*, I. L. *pincio* (?)], *m.*: finch, pink.

pintade¹⁶ [Port., 'painted'], *f.*: Guinea-fowl.

pin-te¹² [?], *f.*: pint (almost a litre). — **-ter**¹², *intr.*: (pop.) drink like a fish.

pio-êche¹⁴ [ak. to *pie*, pick-ax], *f.*: mattock. — **-cher**¹³, *tr.*: pick, dig; work hard. — **-cheur**¹⁵, = *ense* [-*cher*], *m., f.*: workman (with a pick); hard worker.

† **piolet** = *piocher*.

piolet¹⁵ [ak. to *pioche*], *m.*: Alpine pick-ax (used by guides).

piou⁹ [L. *pedo*, broad-footed person, p. L., 'man afoot'], *m.*: foot-soldier; servant (who walks); pawn; man (at checkers); wretch; monitor (in school); *damer le* — *à quelqu'un*, take advantage of one. — **pionner**¹⁷, *intr.*: give pawn for pawn repeatedly. — **pionnier**¹¹, *m.*: pioneer (soldier who clears the way; early settler).

piof¹⁵ [? Gr. *piein*, to drink], *m.*: any drink; (esp.) wine.

pi-pe¹¹ [-*per*], *f.*: pipe († flute); wine-cask; tobacco-pipe; pipeful; *bourrer sa* —, fill one's pipe; (pop.) *casser sa pipe*, kick the bucket, i.e. die. — **peau**¹⁵, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: reed-pipe, flute; bird-whistle; limed stick (to catch birds). — **pée**¹⁵, *f.*: bird-calling.

— **-per**⁹ [p. L. *pippare* (L. *pipare*, chirp)], *intr.*: chirp; make bird-calls; succeed by trickery; *tr.*: call; inveigle; cheat, seduce; set up (cards); load (dice): *des pipés*, marked-back cards; loaded dice. — **perie**¹¹, *f.*: trickery. — **-pette**¹⁴ [-*pe*], *f.*: =, tube for taking up a little fluid. — **penr**¹⁴, = *ense* (or *pipresse*), *m., f.*: (old) chirper; whistler; (now) cheater (at games); enticer; *adj.*: delusive.

pipi¹⁰ [baby talk, fr. *pisser*], *m.*: faire —, piddle.

pi-quage¹⁵ [-*quer*], *m.*: pricking; pick-ing; (esp.) — *d'once*, pilfering of silk-

workers. — **-quant**¹³ [-*quer*], *adj.*: =; racy; prickly; thorny; piercing; *m.*: prick; point; porcupine quill; charm: *sauce* — *e*, hot biting sauce. 1. — **-que**¹³ [? *pie*], *f.*: pike, shod pole; *m.*: spades (at cards): *négoier à la longueur de la* —, deal with people keeping them at arm's length; *à cent* — *s*, very far off. 2. — **-que**¹⁴ [-*quer*], *f.*: =, quarrel. — **-que-assiette**¹⁵ [-*quer*], *m., f.*: sponger.

pique-nique¹⁶ [?], *m.*: picnic, feast where each person brings food.

pi-qué, *m.*: =, heavy cotton cloth. — **-quer**¹¹ [*pie*, pick], *tr.*: prick, pick; sting; spur; stick; pierce; make angry; excite; cut; nettle; make sharp; point; mark; have specks; get mouldy; turn (as wine or cider); strike (a bell); lard (meat): — (un cheval) *des deux* (épérons), use both spurs; *savoir quelle mouche le pique*, know what one is mad about; *piqué des vers*, worm-eaten; — *les absents*, mark the names of the absent; — *le nez*, get a red nose (fr. drink); — *une bille*, strike a billiard ball almost perpendicularly; — *une tête*, dive head first; — *au vent*, head right into the wind; *notes piquées*, staccato notes; *se* — *d'honneur*, pride one's self on one's honour; *se* — *de quelque chose*, make a thing a point of honour; *se* — *au jeu*, play in spite of losses; persist in a losing venture; *le vin se pique*, the wine is turning a little sharp or acid. 1. — **-quet**¹³, *m.*: picket (stake; outpost; sentinel; inlying picket); *mettre un éco-lier au* —, make a student stand still, e.g. in a corner (as punishment); *planter le* —, drive stakes, pitch one's tent; *être de* —, be on picket duty; *un* — *de fleurs*, bunch of made flowers (for hats). 2. — **-quet**¹⁵, *m.*: =, picket (card game). — **-queter**¹³, *tr.*: picket, stake out; speckle, spot. — **-quette**¹⁶, *f.*: = (wine made fr. grape pomace and water). — **-queur**¹³, = *ense*, *m., f.*: hunting valet (with spurs); whipper in; groom; workman (with pick; with awl); stake-driver. — **-quier**¹² [-*que*], *m.*: pikeman (soldier with a pike); pike-maker. — **-qûre**¹⁵, *f.*: sting, pinprick; puncture; pricking (of a design), piqué-work; speck, fly-speck.

pira-te¹⁴ [L. *-ta*, Gr. *peirates*], *m.*: =; plagiarist. — **-ter**¹⁵, *intr.*: pirate. — **-torie**¹⁶, *f.*: piracy; extortion; plagiarism.

pire⁹ [L. *peior*], *adj.*: worse: *le* —, the worst; *il n'est — eau que l'eau qui dort*, still water runs deep (i.e. he may have some deep-laid scheme).

pirogue¹⁵ [W. Ind.], *f.*: =, dugout canoe.

pirole¹⁶ [I. L. *-la* (L. *pirus*, pear-tree)], *f.*: wintergreen.

pirouet-te¹⁴ [?], *f.*: = (whirling toy);

- whirling motion on the toes): *payer ses créanciers en —*, give his creditors a song and dance. **-ter**¹⁵, *intr.*: pirouette, whirl around.
1. **pis**⁹ [L. *pectus*], *m.*: breast; teat (esp. of animals).
2. **pis**⁹ [L. *pejus*], *adj.*: worse: *le —*, the worst; *au — aller*, if worst comes to worst; *mettre quelqu'un au —*, defy anyone to do his worst; *ton — aller n'est que d'être pendu*, they can't more than hang you anyway; *dire — que pendre de quelqu'un*, say enough to hang one (i.e. speak very ill of one); (*par*) *crainte de —*, choosing the least of two evils.
- pis-ciculture**¹⁵ [L. *-cis*, FISH, *cultura*, culture], *f.*: = fish raising. **-eiforme**¹⁵ [L. *forma*, form], *adj.*: pisciform, fish-like.
- cine**¹² [L. *-cina*, fish pond], *f.*: piscina (stone water-basin in a church); baptismal font; pond; swimming-basin.
- pi-sé**¹⁵, *m.*: = wall built by ramming of clay or mud down in cases. **-ser**⁹ [L. *pisare*], *tr.*: (*dial.*) beat, pound.
- Pison**, *m.*: Piso.
- pis-sat**¹⁵, *m.*: urine (esp. of animals). **-se**¹⁶, *f.*: making water; urine. **-sement**¹⁵, *m.*: urinating. **-seuil**¹⁵ [en, lit], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) pissabed; dandelion (being diuretic). **||-ser**¹¹ [?], *intr.*: urinate; *tr.*: piss: — *du sang*, pass blood in the urine. **-seur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: urinator (one who frequently urinates). **-seux**¹⁵, **-euse** [—se], *adj.*: urine-like. **-soir**¹⁴, *m.*: =, place for urinating. **-soter**¹⁵, *intr.*: urinate much or often. **-sotière**¹⁵, *f.*: public urinal; large jet of water.
- pista-che**¹² [L. *-cium*, Gr. *piatakion*], *f.*: pistachio, almond-like nut; peanut. **-chier**¹⁵, *m.*: pistachio tree.
- pis-te**¹⁵ [It. *-ta* or *pesta*], *f.*: track (footmarks; trail; course). **-til**¹⁵ [L. *-tillus*, PESTLE], *m.*: =, female organ of a flower.
- pisto-le**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: pistol (firearm for cavalry): = (gold piece worth about \$4, later \$2); private room (or other favours gotten by extra pay in prison): *avoir la — volante*, always to have money (as though the spent pistole came back). **||-let**¹⁵ [It. *-lese* (town *Pistoia*)], *m.*: (old) short dagger; surgeon's lancet; (now) miner's drill; pistol, revolver; roll (of bread): — *d'arçon*, horse-pistol; — *électrique*, detonating electric jar, Leyden jar.
- piston**¹⁵ [OFr. *-ter*, pulverise (L. *-lare*, pound)], *m.*: = (disk for receiving pressure; sucker, movable cylinder of a pump; knob for altering register of an organ; valve of a cornet, etc.); hammer (of a flintlock).
- pitan-ce**¹¹ [ak. to *pitié*], *f.*: pittance; ration, food allowance; (*fam.*) meat, fish.
- cier**¹², **-ière**, *m., f.*: pittance, monk or nun who attends to the pittance.
- pitaud**¹⁵, **-aude** [?], *m., f.*: clumsy person, lubber.
1. **pite**¹⁴ [L. *pieta* (town *Poitiers*, L. *Pictavum*)], *f.*: copper (old coin of very low value).
2. **pite**¹⁵ [Sp. *-ta*], *f.*: agave, century-plant.
- pit-ensement**¹¹ [—*tenre*], *adv.*: piteously.
- teux**⁹, **-euse** [L. *pietōsus*, full of piety], *adj.*: pitiful (rarely tender-hearted); pitiable; miserable, paltry). **||-tié**⁹ [L. *pietas*], *f.*: PITY; contempt: *à faire —*, pitifully.
- piton**¹⁵ [? Sp., 'new horn'], *m.*: ring-screw (screw with a ring for its head); mountain peak.
- pitoya-ble**¹² [*pitié*], *adj.*: pitiful (hav'g pity; showing pity; pitiable). **-blément**¹², *adv.*: pitifully.
- pitre**¹⁵ [? Prov., 'breast' or maybe L. *Petrus*, Peter], *m.*: roustabout (with a theatrical company); clown.
- pittores-que**¹⁷ [It. *-co*], *adj.*: picturesque (beautiful by its variety; hav'g pictures, illustrated; fit for painting).
- quzment**¹², *adv.*: picturesquely, beautifully.
- pitui-taire**¹⁵ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: pituitary, mucous. **-te**¹⁵ [L. *-ta* (cf. Fr. *pépie*)], *f.*: pituita (snot); phlegm, mucus).
- teux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tosus*], *adj.*: phlegmatic.
- pityriasis** [Gr. *pituriasis*], *m.*: =, branny tetter, dandruff disease.
- pivert**¹⁵ [for *pi(c)-vert*, green magpie], *m.*: green woodpecker.
- pivoine**¹¹ [L. *paonia*, Gr. *paionia*], *f.*: peony (showy flower); *m.*: bullfinch (hav'g showy plumage).
- pivo-t**¹¹ [? ak. to Prov. *pivo*, Sp. *pu(g)a*, point], *m.*: =, axis or bearing fixed at one end; spindle; tap-root; (*fig.*) chief interest; turning-point: *on tourne toujours sur le même —*, we keep on in the same way; *abattre un arbre en —*, fell a tree taking the tap-root with it. **-tant**¹⁷ *vô* [—*ter*], *adj.*: turning (as on a pivot or with a swivel); growing straight down (as a tap-root). **-ter**¹⁵ *vô*, *intr.*: pivot, swing; turn on a hinge.
- pla-cage**¹⁵ [—*quer*], *m.*: veneering; plating; sodding (to make lawn); grafting (to make fruit-trees). **-card**¹⁴ [—*quer*], *m.*: = (wood-work of a door; closet hav'g its door flat with the wall; printed or written public paper, poster): (*épreuve en*) —, galley-proof (printed in columns without paging). **-carder**¹⁵, *tr.*: placard, post up; print (as galley-proof).
- pla-ce**⁹ [p. L. *plat(t)ia* (L. *platia*, Gr. *plateia*)], *f.*: = (locality; space; room;

seat; position; employment; public office; station; military post; public square; assembly hall (for business men); the trade, body of business men of a town: *faire la* —, to canvass the business houses of a town; *faire* —, make room; *ces dévots de* —, those devout in public; — *marchande*, trade centre; good business place, or location; — *de fiacres*, stand for cabs to hire; *une voiture de* —, a coach for hire, public cab. — **acement**¹⁵ [-cer], m.: placing (of furniture, etc.); of bonds, capital, etc.; of employees: *bureau de* —, employment bureau.

placenta¹⁰ [L. cake], m.: (anat., bot.) =.

1. **placer**¹⁶ [-ce], tr.: place (put in a place; locate; dispose of; put at interest; invest); marry off: — *quelqu'un à cheval*, put one in fair shape; *cheval placé*, race horse hav'g a position (not distanced or shut out).

2. **placier**¹⁰ [Sp.], m.: = (surface gold deposit or mine).

1. **placet**¹⁴ [L., 'it pleases'], m.: = (request addressed to a ruler).

2. **pla-cet**¹⁵ [-ce], m.: footstool. — **ceur**¹⁸, = **ense**, m., f.: usher (in a theatre, etc.); manager, agent (of employment bureau).

placi-de¹⁴ [L. -dus], adj.: placid, PLEASING, calm. — **dement**¹⁶, adv.: placidly, serenely. — **dité**¹⁵ [L. -dilas], f.: placidity, gentleness.

placier¹⁸ — **ière** [-ce], m., f.: †sub-renter (of market stalls or stands); usher (in theatres, etc.); travelling salesman.

pla-fond¹⁵ [for *plat-fond*], m.: ceiling. — **fonage**¹⁸ [-fonner], m.: ceiling, making of the overhead sheathing (of rooms, cars, etc.). — **fonner**¹⁶, tr.: ceil; fore-shorten (a painting intended for overhead). — **fonneur**¹⁸ [-fonner], m.: ceiling-maker.

plagal¹⁵, pl. = **aux** [L. -ga, plagal mode of music (Gr. *plágios*, slanting)], adj.: mode —, plagal mode of music (formed fr. one of the authentic scales by beginning on a tone a fourth below and extending to a fifth above the final).

plage¹⁵ [It. *piaggia*, p. L. *plagea* (L. *plaga*, region)], f.: seashore; (poet.) expanse of land.

pla-giaire¹⁵ [L. -giarius, kidnapper], m. or f.: plagiarist. — **giat**¹⁷ [fr. root of -giare], m.: plagiarist, literary theft.

1. **plaid**¹⁵ [Eng.], m.: = (Scotch cloak or robe).

2. **plai-d**⁹ [L. *placitum*, resolution (*placere*, PLEASURE)], m.: ancient court of justice; †lawsuit. — **dant**¹² [-der], adj.: pleading. — **der**¹⁰, intr.: litigate; plead in court; tr.: PLEAD; sue at law: *sa sin-*

cerité plaide pour lui, his sincerity is convincing. — **derie**¹² [-der], f.: lawsuit.

— **deur**¹², = **ense** [-der], m., f.: party (to a lawsuit); †attorney. — **doirie**¹³ [OFr. -doyer, PLEAD], f.: pleading (of a cause at law).

— **doiyable**¹³ [-doyer], adj.: *les jours* —, days on which court is held.

— **doyer**¹⁵ [OFr. Inf.], m.: pleading, lawyer's speech.

plaie⁹ [L. *plāga*], f.: sore; wound; scourge, PLAGUE; scar: *mettre le doigt sur la* —, point out the evil; — *d'argent n'est pas mortelle*, loss of money need not kill a man.

plaignant¹², = **ante** [*plandre*], adj.: complaining; m., f.: plaintiff.

1. **plain**¹¹ [ak. to *peler*, unhair], m.: lime-bath (for hides).

2. **plain**⁹ [L. *planus*, even], adj.: plane, level: *tir de* — *fouet*, raking fire; — *chant*, plain chant; *de* — *piéd*, of the same level or floor; (fig.) easily, without hindrance; *aller de* —, hover, soar at one level.

plaigndre⁹ [L. *plangere*], irr. §; †intr.: lament; tr.: pity; regret; grieve over; grudge: *se* —, complain; make complaint (at law); *se* — *de maux de tête*, complain of headache; *être à* —, to be pitiable; — *sa peine*, regret one's efforts.

§ Ind.: Pr. *plain-s*, -s, -t; *plaignons*, -gnez, -gnent. Ipf. *plaignais*. Pret. *plaignis*. Fut. (Cond.) *plaigndrais*. — Subj.: Pr. *plaigne*. Ipf. *plaignisse*. — I've *plain-s*. — Part.: Pr. *plaignant*; P. *plaint*.

plaine⁹ [L. *plānus*, level], f.: plain: — *du ciel*, the heavens.

plain-te¹⁰ [-dre], f.: plaint, complaint: *la* — *guérit-elle son homme*, does complaint cure anybody? *porter* (or *trendre*) —, make complaint. — **tif**¹¹, = **ive**, adj.: plaintive, mourning. — **tivement**¹⁶ [-tif], adv.: plaintively.

plai-re⁹ [p. L. **placere* (L. *placere*)], irr. §; intr.: be pleasing: *s'il vous plaît*, if you please; (fam.) *plaît-il*, what do you say? *se* — *à* (or *ten*) *quelque chose*, be pleased with a thing; *la louange plaît à tout âge*, praise pleases every age; *plût aux dieux*, O that the gods would! *plaise à Dieu*, please God! — **samment**¹² [-sant], adv.: pleasantly. — **sance**¹² [OFr. -sir, to please], f.: (old) enjoyment; (now) lieu de —, pleasure resort; embarkation de —, pleasure boat.

§ Ind.: Pr. *plai-s*, -s, *plait*; *plai-sont*, -sent. Ipf. *plaisais*. Pret. *plais*. Fut. (Cond.) *plaisais*. — Subj.: Pr. *plaise*. Ipf. *plaisse*. — I've *plais*. — Part.: Pr. *plaisant*; P. *plu*.

Plai-sance, f.: Piacenza. — **sant**¹¹, adj.: †pleasing; humorous, funny; m.: humour; fun; pleasure; humourist: *un mauvais* —, a failure as humourist. — **santer**¹⁵, intr.: be funny; joke; tr.: banter, rally.

-sauterie¹², *f.*: pleasantry, good humour, joking; bantering: *par* —, as a joke. **-sautin**¹² [mountebank clown *P.*], *m.*: joker, funny man. **-sir**¹⁰ [old inf.], *m.*: pleasure (in all senses); recreation; kindness; roll (of pastry): *à* —, for diversion; *par* —, for sport; — *du roi*, hunting preserves of the king.

pla-mée¹⁷ [1. *plain*, lime bath], *f.*: lime-water (for unhairing hides). **-mer**¹⁷ [plain], *tr.*: soak (hides in lime-water).

1. **plan**¹⁵ [L. *-nus*, infl. by *It. piano*], *m.* or *adj.*: plane: *angle* —, angle formed by two lines lying in the same plane; *miroir* —, flat mirror not curved; *le premier* — *d'un paysage*, the foreground of a landscape; *arrière* —, background.

2. **plan**¹⁵ [for *plant*], *m.*: = (design); perspective; plot: — *à vol d'oiseau*, bird's-eye view; *dresser un* —, draw up a plan; *laisser quelqu'un en* —, leave one holding the sack (not return to him).

plan-cho⁶ [p. L. *planca*], *f.*: plank; board; shelf; tablet; metal plate; garden bed: — *de salut*, last resource (as fr. drowning); *faire (la)* — *à*, help one on to success; *monter sur les* — *s*, go on the stage; *faire la* —, float on one's back. **-chéier**¹⁵ [OFr. *-cheer* (Fr. *-cher*)], *tr.*: floor, plank. **-cher**¹¹, *m.*: floor; deck; ceiling: *le* — *des vaches*, terra firma, dry land; (*fam.*) *faire sauter au* —, make one jump to the ceiling (with impatience). **-chette**¹² *f.*: small board.

plançon¹¹ [p. L. *plantio* (L. *planta*, plant)], *m.*: young plant; cutting, layer, slip; log.

1. **plane**⁶ [L. *platanus*, Gr. *plátanos*], *m.*: (*dial.*) plane-tree.

2. **pla-ne**⁶ [L. *-na*], *f.*: plane (the tool). 1. **-ner**⁶ [L. *-nāre*], *tr.*: plane, level; hammer into shape. 2. **-ner**¹⁵ [plain, level], *intr.*: soar, hover (at one level); observe (fr. above), have a commanding view.

pla-nétaire¹⁵, *adj.*: planetary, of planets; *m.*: orrery, planetarium (device to display motions of the planets). **-nète**¹¹ [L. *-neta*, Gr. *-nētes*, lit. 'wandering'], *f.*: planet, moving heavenly body: — *s inférieures*, planets between the earth and the sun; — *s télescopiques*, planets visible only through telescope.

pla-neur¹⁶ [*-ner*, make smooth], *m.*: planisher (of copperplates). **-nimétric**¹⁵ [L. *-nus*, even, Gr. *mētron*, measure], *f.*: planimetry (measuring of geometric planes). **-nisphère**¹⁵ [L. *-nus*, even, *sphæra*, ball], *m.*: planisphere (flat map of the heavens, for locating constellations).

plan-t¹⁴ [*-ter* (cf. 2. *plan*)], *m.*: †plant-ing; †site; patch, plantation, (trees, ber-

ries, vines, nursery stock, etc.); set (nursery shrub, vine, young tree, etc., to be replanted); (thieves' slang) gold brick: — *de vigne*, grape cutting; *un* — *d'artichauts*, field of artichokes. **-tage**¹⁵ [*-ter*], *m.*: planting; plantation; crop; (rope-maker's) frame, rack.

plan-taginées¹⁷ [L. *-tago*, plantain], *f. pl.*: plantaginaceae, plantain family. **-tain**⁶ [L. *-tāgo*], *m.*: =.

†**plan-tard**¹⁵, *m.*: slip, cutting. **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: = (esp. of tobacco, sugar-cane, etc.); planting. **plan-te**⁶ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: plant; sole of the foot. **||-ter**⁶ [L. *-tāre*], *tr.*: to plant (fix in the ground; found; place; establish): (*fam.*) *aller* — *ses choux*, retire to the country, give up politics (allusion to Cincinnatus); — *sa tente*, take up one's abode; — *des cornes à quelqu'un*, to cuckold one; *un homme bien planté sur ses jambes*, a stocky, well-built man; — *là quelqu'un*, leave one waiting (and not return); — *là un travail*, drop one's work. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: farmer; fruit-grower; planter. **-tigrade**¹⁷ [L. *-ta*, sole, *gradi*, walk], *adj.* or *m.*: = *les* — *s*, bears, badgers, etc. †**-tis**¹¹, *m.*: planting; planted field or bed. **-toir**¹⁵, *m.*: dibble (for setting out plants, grafts, etc.). **-ton**¹⁵, *m.*: (old) young plant; (*now*) soldier (stationed at a door), orderly: *être de* —, be on duty as orderly. **-tule**¹² [*-te*], *f.*: embryonic or rudimentary plant, plantlet.

plantu-reusement¹¹, *adv.*: abundantly. **||-reux**, **-euse** [OFr. *planté* (L. *plentia*, FULLNESS)], *adj.*: copiously, PLENTIFULLY.

planure¹⁵ [*-ner*], *f.*: shavings.

plaque¹⁴ [*-quer*], *f.*: = (plate; disk; slab; brooch; badge): — *d'une épée*, langnet of sword-hilt; — *tournante*, railroad turntable.

plaqueminier¹⁷ [Creole word], *m.*: ebony-tree.

pla-quer¹² [Low Ger. *placken*, glue], *tr.*: plate; veneer; sod; coat (with colour, plaster, etc.): — *quelque chose au nez de quelqu'un*, say something rude to one's face; *service en plaqué*, plated table service; — *un accord*, sound all the notes at once. **-quette**¹⁷ [*-que*], *f.*: small disk, coin, etc.; thin book. **-queur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: plater; veneerer.

plasma¹² [Gr. 'form'], *m.*: =, liquid part of the blood, lymph.

plas-ticité¹⁷, *f.*: plasticity. **-tique**¹⁵ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: plastic (formative; mouldable): *art* —, sculpture; *substances* — *s*, modelling substances, wax, clay, etc. **-tron**¹⁵ [It. *piastrone*], *m.*: =,

(breastplate; shield of a brace and bit; leather apron; under-shell of turtles; dress front; shirt front); butt (of ridicule). **-tronner**¹⁰, *tr.*: arm or cover (with a plastron); *intr.*: fence (aiming at the plastron of the fencing master).

plat¹⁰ [p. L. **plattus* (? ak. to Gr. *plátus*, broad)], *adj.*: FLAT, level; insipid; uniform; monotonous; *m.*: flat side; flat object; plate; dish; pan (of scales); pane of glass; à — *ventre*, flat on the stomach; *calme* —, dead calm (at sea); *rimes* — *es*, even rhymes; *un — de son métier*, one of his own tricks; (*fig.*) *mettre les petits — s dans les grands*, be formal and ceremonious; *mettre les pieds dans le —*, go at it roughshod.

platanais¹⁵, *f.*: plantation of plane-trees. **||-tane**¹⁵ [L. *-tanus*], *m.*: plane-tree. **-tanées**¹⁵, *f. pl.*: platanaceae, plane-tree family.

plat-bord¹⁶, *pl. — s — s*, *m.*: gunwale. **-teau**¹¹, *m.*: platter; scale-pan; wooden shovel; plateau, table-land; shoals. **-te-bande**¹⁵, *pl. — s — s*, *f.*: plaitband (border of flowers; plain moulding). **1.-tée**¹⁷ [-t, flat], *f.*: masonry (of the foundation). **2.-tée**¹⁵ [-t, plate], *f.*: plateful.

Platée, *f.*: Plateae.

plat-forme¹⁴, *pl. — s — s*, *f.*: platform. **-te-longe**¹⁶, *pl. — s — s*, *f.*: tether; binding-strap; kicking-strap; long halter (for exercising a horse). **-tement**¹⁵, *adv.*: flatly; dully. **-terie**¹⁵, *f.*: flat pieces (of pottery). **-teur(e)**¹⁴, *f.*: flat vein (of ore). **1.-tine**¹¹, *f.*: flat piece (plate; plaque; blade of an oar; table of a printing press); (*humor.*) tongue.

2.platine¹⁷ [Sp. *-na* (plata, silver)], *m.*: platinum; *mousse de —*, spongy platinum; *noir de —*, platinum-black.

platitude¹⁵ [plat], *f.*: —, flatness; staleness.

Platon, *m.*: Plato (Gr. philosopher).

plato-nique¹⁷ [L. *-nicus*, Gr. *-nikós* (philosopher Plato)], *adj.*: Platonic; *année —*, year in which planets, etc., reach the same order they had at starting; *amour —*, ideal love (spiritual). **-nisme**¹⁷ [Plato], *m.*: Platonism, ideal philosophy of Plato.

plâ-trage¹⁷ [-trer], *m.*: plastering. **-tras**¹¹, *m.*: (plasterer's) rubbish. **||plâtre**⁶ [p. L. **plastrum* (L. *emplastum*), cf. Fr. *emplâtre*], *m.*: PLASTER (mortar; cosmetics; plaster cast or model); *carrière de —*, limestone quarry; *Pierre de —*, limestone; *essayer les — s*, move into a new house; *des — s*, plaster statues. **-trer**¹¹, *tr.*: plaster (with mortar; with cosmetics); gloss over; fertilise (with lime); clarify (wine with lime). **-treur**¹⁶,

=euse, *adj.*: chalky, limy. **-trier**¹², *m.*: plasterer; mason; dealer in lime. **-trière**¹⁵, *f.*: chalk-pit, lime-quarry; limekiln.

plausibilité¹⁷, *f.*: plausibility. **||-sible**¹⁵ [L. *-sibilis* (plaudere, praise)], *adj.*: —, reasonable. **-siblement**¹⁵, *adv.*: plausibly.

Plaute, *m.*: Plautus (the Roman).

plèbe¹⁵ [L. *-bs*], *f.*: plebs, common people.

plébien¹⁵, **=ienne** [L. *plebeius*], *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: plebeian. **plébiscite**¹³ [L. *plebiscitum*], *m.*: plebiscite (decree of the people; plebiscitum, vote of the people).

plectre¹³ [L. *-trum*, Gr. *plektron*], *m.*: plectrum, quill (for striking the strings of a lyre).

pléiade¹³ [Gr. *pleiás*, daughter of Pleione], *f.*: Pleiad: les — *s*, the constellation Pleiades; a group of seven (poets; philosophers; chessplayers, etc.).

pleige¹⁰ [? ak. to OFr. *plevir*, promise], *m.*: pledge. **||pleiger**¹¹, *tr.*: to pledge, guarantee.

pl-ein⁹, **=eine** [L. *plenus*], *adj.* or *m.*: FULL; *adv.*: fully; for plain in *tir de — fouet*; for *prin* in *sauter un fossé de — saut*; *table en acajou —*, heavy mahogany table; *en — air*, in the open air; *en —* (or *îd —*, or *à pur et à —*), completely, in full; (*fam.*) *tout —*, lots of them; *une femelle — e*, a gravid female. **-eincement**¹³, *adv.*: fully. **-énier**¹⁰, **-ière**, *adj.*: plenary, complete; *cour plénière*, plenary court where the *grandes* are present in full number. **-énipotentiaire**¹⁶ [L. *plenus*, full, *potentia*, power], *m.*: plenipotentiary, accredited envoy with full power. **-énitude**¹² [L. *plenitudo*], *f.*: plenitude, fullness; completion.

pléonas-me¹⁶ [L. *pleonasmus*, Gr. *pleonasmós* (pleión, more)], *m.*: pleonasm, too many words for the sense. **-tique**¹⁸ [Gr. *pleonastikós*], *adj.*: pleonastic.

plesiosaure¹⁸ [Gr. *plesios*, near, *sauros*, lizard], *m.*: plesiosaurian, gigantic fossil reptile.

plé-thore¹⁵ [Gr. *plethóre*], *f.*: plethora, fullness (too much blood or humour). **-thorique**¹² [Gr. *plethorikós*], *adj.*: plethoric (hav'g too much blood, too much bile, etc.).

pleu-r¹¹ [-rer], *m.*: †weeping; tear: — *s de vigne*, blood, sap fr. buds, etc.; — *s de terre*, seepage water. **-rant**¹¹ [-rer], *adj.*: weeping. **-rard**¹⁵, **=arde** [-rer], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) cry-baby (one who cries often).

||pleure, see *plèrre*.

pleurer⁹ [L. *plorare*], *intr.*: weep, lament; *tr.*: weep for; lament over; mourn; *m.*: weeping: — *sur* (or *îde*) *quelqu'un*, weep for one; — *de quelque chose*, weep

over a thing; *Jean qui pleure et Jean qui rit*, an impulsive man of extremes.

pleu-résie¹² [l. L. *-resis*, Gr. *-ritia*], *f.*: pleurisy (inflammation of the pleura, membrane around the lungs). **-rétique**¹² [l. L. *-reticus*, Gr. *-ritikós*], *adj.*: pleuritic.

pleu-reur¹², = **ense** [-rer], *m., f.*: mourner; weeper, constant mourner (one who weeps much); *pl. f.*: white badges of mourning (worn on sleeve formerly); *adj.*: weeping; mournful; *roche pleureuse*, dripping rock; *saule* —, weeping willow. **-reux**¹⁰, = **ense** [pleur], *adj.*: weeping, apt to cry. **-rnicheur**¹⁷ [-rer], *intr.*: whimper. **-rnicheur**¹⁷, = **ense** [-rnicheur], *m., f.*: whiner, sniveller.

pleuro-nectes¹⁷ [Gr. *-n*, side, *nektós*, swimming], *m. pl.*: = (flounders, halibut, etc., fish that swim on their sides). **-pneumonic**¹⁵ [Gr. *pleurá*, side, *pneumonia*, inflammation of the lung tissue], *f.*: pleuropneumonia (inflammation of the entire chest).

pleureur¹⁷ [?], *m.*: scamp, scoundrel.

pleuveir⁰ [p. L. **pluvère* (L. *pluere*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: *unipers.*: rain; pour down; be plentiful.

§ Ind.: *Pr. il pleut. Ipt. il pleuvait. Fut. (Cond.) pleuvrait. Pret. plait. — Subj.: Pr. pleuve. Ipt. plût. — Part.: Pr. pleuvant; P. plu.*

plèvre¹⁵ [Gr. *pleurá*, side], *f.*: pleura (membrane around the lungs).

plexus¹⁵ [L. *'interweaving'*], *m.*: =, network (of nerves, of vessels).

ployer¹¹ [ployer], *m.*: willow band, withe, supple twig.

pl-i¹¹ [plier], *m.*: ply, fold; plait; wrinkle; crease; bend; folding (of letters); envelope; letter and envelope: *un — de terrain*, a hollow in land; (*fig.*) *prendre —s*, become set in one's habits. **-iable**¹⁵ [plier], *adj.*: =, easily bent. **-iage**¹⁵ [plier], *m.*: folding; skeining of silk. **-iant**¹⁵ [plier], *adj.*: pliant, folding: *un (siège) —*, a folding chair. **-icatile**¹⁷ [L. *placatilis*], *adj.*: =, plicate, hav'g folds.

plie¹² [Ofr. *pleis* (?)], *f.*: plaice, flat-fish.

pli-er⁰ [for ployer], *tr.*: fold; pack up; bend; *intr.*: fold over; bend back; double; yield: — *bagage*, depart; — *un éventail*, close up a fan; — *les genoux*, bow the knee; *un plié*, a curtesy; *dans la société c'est la raison qui plie la première*, in society it is our reason that yields first. **-eur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: folder; gatherer (of silk skeins).

Pline, *m.*: Pliny (the Roman).

plinthe¹⁵ [L. *-thua*, Gr. *plinthos*, square tile], *f.*: plinth (squared block or base of a column; any object suggesting a

plinth; projecting course beneath a wall or house).

pl-toir¹⁵ [plier], *m.*: folding-knife. **†plion**, see *pleyon*. **-ique**¹⁷ [l. L. *plica* (L. *plicare*, fold)], *f.*: plica (disease causing the hair to be sticky and matted together). **-issement**¹⁵ [plisser], *m.*: folding; plaiting. **-isser**¹⁵ [pli], *tr.*: plait; *intr.*: make plaits: *le plissé*, the plaited part. **-issure**¹⁵ [plisser], *f.*: plaiting, pleating.

ploc¹⁵ [?], *m.*: cow-hair; refuse wool; coat (of hair and tar to protect the hull from worms).

plom-b⁰ [L. *plumbum*], *m.*: lead; object made of lead (bullet; type; plummet; sinker; coffin; pipe; slabs for roofing, etc.): *les —s de Venise*, St. Mark's at Venice; lead-roofed prison; *il lui faudrait un peu de — dans la tête*, he is light-headed; (*sam.*) *un cul de —*, sluggish, sedentary person; *fil de —*, lead-line; *colique de —*, colic fr. lead poison; *mine de —*, black lead, pencil lead; *d —*, straight up and down. **-bage**¹⁵ [-ber], *m.*: leading (covering with lead; sealing with lead). **-bagine**¹⁵ [L. *-bago*], *f.*: black lead, graphite. **-ber**¹⁵, *tr.*: lead (put lead on, seal with lead, mark or colour with lead): — *une dent*, fill a tooth (with lead, or gold, etc.). **-berie**¹⁵, *f.*: plumbery (lead work; shop or factory for lead work). **-beur**¹⁷ [-ber], *m.*: sealer, customs officer. **-bier**¹⁵, *m.*: plumber.

plon-geant¹⁵ [plomber], *adj.*: plunging; ranging downward. **-gée**¹⁴, *f.*: plunge; dip, aiming down; débris, talus. **-geon**¹¹, *m.*: diver (bird); plunge, dive. **†-ger**⁰ [p. L. **plumbicāre*], *intr., tr.*: plunge (dive; bow low; look down). **-geur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: diver; dipper, paster; dish-washer.

ploquer¹⁷ [ploc], *tr.*: coat (ship's hull with tar and hair).

plo-yable¹⁵, *adj.*: pliable. **-yant**¹¹, *adj.*: pliant, bending: *†un (siège) —*, a folding seat. **†-yer**⁰ [L. *pliacāre*], *tr., intr.*: bend; fold.

plu, see *pleuvir*.

†pluche = *peluche*.

pluie⁰ [p. L. **pluvia* (L. *pluvia*)], *f.*: rain: *se jeter dans l'eau de peur de la —*, jump out of the frying-pan into the fire; *petite — abat grand vent*, a little rain settles a great wind; *faire la — et le beau temps chez quelqu'un*, have great influence over one; — *d'or*, bribe.

plu-mage¹⁵, *m.*: =, feathering. **-ma** [l¹⁴, *m.*: †plume; feather-broom. **-masseau**¹², *m.*: feather-broom, duster; pledget (wad of lint, cotton, etc., for a wound). **-masserie**¹⁵ [-massier], *f.*: feather trade

or business. **-massier**¹⁴, **-ière**, *m.*, *f.*: feather dealer. **||-me**^o [*L. pluma*, fine soft feather], *f.*: feather (plume; quill; pen; writing; style); young shoot (of grain); foam; light alum: *arracher à quelqu'un une — de faille*, get some profit out of one; *passer une — par le bec à quelqu'un*, entice one with deceitful promise; *un chien qui chasse au poil et à la —*, a dog good for birds as well as rabbits, etc.; *être au poil et à la —*, be good all around; *tailler sa —*, sharpen one's quill (prepare to write); *tenir la —*, write fr. dictation; *au courant de la —*, following one's pen, writing down just anything. **-meau**¹⁸, *m.*: duster, feather-broom; downy coverlet; pen-box. 1. **-mée**¹⁸, *f.*: penful (of ink). 2. **-mée**¹² [*-mer*], *f.*: plucking (of geese, etc.); feathers fr. one goose. **-mer**¹¹, *tr.*: pluck; rob. **-met**¹⁸, *m.*: plume, tuft; military man: *— de pilote*, feather in a cork (to show direction of the wind). **-mété**¹², *adj.*: plume-like; (*her.*) plumetted, covered with feathers. **-metis**¹⁴ [*-meté*], *m.*: raised embroidery. **†-meur**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: feathery, downy. **-mier**¹⁸, *m.*: pen-case or box. **-mitif**¹⁶ [*-metis*], *m.*: minutes, secretary's book; (*fam.*) secretary.

plum-pudding *plum-*, see *pouding*.

plumule¹⁷ [*L. -la*], *f.*: = (little feather; little sprout).

plu-part¹⁴ [*plus, part*], *f.*: greater part; majority. **-ralité**¹² [*L. -ralitas*], *f.*: plurality (large number; largest number; number, plural). **-riel**¹², **-elle** [*L. -ralis*], *adj.* or *m.*: plural. **plu-s**^o [*L. plus*], *adv.* or *m.*: more; again; over; plus; most; *ni —, ni moins* (*fine —, ne moins*), no more, no less; *moi non —, nor I either*; *— je le connais — je l'aime*, the more I know him the better I like him; *— de cornes*, no more horns; *de —*, besides, more; *au —*, at the most; *de — en —*, more and more; *— de trente ans*, more than thirty years. **-sieurs**^o [*p. L. *plu-siōres*], *adj. pl.*: several. **-s-pétition**¹⁷, *f.*: over-demand (petition in law for more than one's rights). **-s-que-parfait**¹⁵ [*infl. by L. plus quam perfectum*], *m.*: perfect tense. **-s-value**¹⁵, *f.*: extra value.

plu(s), 1. **plât**, see *plaire*.

plut, 2. **plât**, etc., see *pleuvoir*.

plutonien¹⁸, **-ienne** or **-nique** [*god Pluto*], *adj.*: plutonic, igneous.

plutôt¹² [*plus, tôt*], *adv.*: sooner; rather.

1. **plu-vial**¹¹, **-aur** [*L. -viale* (*sc. pallium*)], rain-coat], *m.*: = (priest's ceremonial cape). 2. **-vial**¹⁵, *pl.* **-aur** [*L. -vialis*], *adj.*: =, rainy. **-vier**^o [*p. L.*

plovarius*], *m.*: plover (shore-bird). **-vieux¹⁵, **-euse** [*L. -viosus*], *adj.*: pluvios: *temps —*, rainy weather. **-viomètre**¹⁷ [*L. -via*, rain, *Gr. mētron*, measure], *m.*: rain-gauge. **-vièse**¹⁷ [*L. viosus*, rainy], *m.*: Pluviose, fifth month (Jan. 20th to Feb. 18th) of the French republican calendar.

pneu-matique¹⁵ [*L. -matics*, *Gr. maticós* (*pneûma*, air, breath)], *adj.*: pneumat-ic; *machine —*, air pump; *m.*: (pneumatic, bicycle) rubber tire; *f.*: pneumatics, science of compressed air, gas, etc. **-matocèle**¹⁵ [*Gr. -matokèle*], *f.*: pneumatocele, wind-drops of the scrotum. **†-matologie**¹⁷ [*Gr. logos*, speech], *f.*: pneumatology, science of spiritual existence. **-monie**¹⁵ [*Gr. -monia*], *f.*: pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs. **-monique**¹⁸ [*Gr. -monikós*], *adj.*: pneumonic, of pneumonia.

po-chade¹⁸ [*-cher*], *f.*: =, rough sketch. **-chard**¹⁸, **-arde** [*cf. "full as a pocket"*], *m., f.*: drunkard. **||-che**¹¹ [*?*], *f.*: pocket; sack; pouch, bag-seine; puff; wrinkle; blotted letter or word (with too much ink): *argent de —*, pocket money; *mettre la main à la —* or *jouer de la —*, put his hand in his pocket, come down with the money: *un violon de —* or *une —*, little violin (carried by a dancing master giving lessons); *n'avoir pas sa langue dans sa —*, be very free to talk; *se mettre dans la — de quelqu'un*, be with one constantly; *acheter chat en —*, buy a pig in a poke. **-cher**¹², *tr.*: (*old*) put in a sack; bag; (*then*) poach (eggs by breaking in boiling water which cooks the white solid over the yolk); sketch in the rough: *lettre pochée*, letter of a word blotted with too much ink; (*fam.*) *œil poché* (*au beurre noir*), black eye (*fr. a bruise*). **†-cheter**¹⁵, *tr.*: carry in the pocket. **-chette**¹¹, *f.*: little pocket; little net; little violin.

1. **poda-gre**¹⁸ [*L. -gra*, *Gr. podagra*], *f.*: podagra, gout in the feet. 2. **-gre**¹⁵ [*L. -ger*, *Gr. -grōs*], *adj.*: gouty; *m., f.*: gouty person.

podestat¹² [*Prov. (It. podestà, fr. L. potestas, power)*], *m.*: podestà (chief magistrate of a town in Italy or southern France).

podomètre¹⁷ [*Gr. poûs*, foot, *mētron*, measure], *m.*: pedometer (instrument to measure walking).

1. **poêle**^o *puâl* [*L. patella*, little plate], *f.*: frying-pan; basin; pot; cauldron, boiler: *tenir la queue de la —*, have a difficult affair to manage.

2. **poêle**¹⁰ *puâl* [*L. pallium*, cloak], *m.*: canopy (over wedding pair; over the emblems); *PALL* (over a coffin): *†mettre un*

enfant sous le —, put a bastard under the bridal canopy to legitimatise it.

3.†**poêle** *puwā*, see *poile*.

poêlée¹² *puwā* [i. *poêle*], f.: frying-panful.

†**poëlier** *puwā*, see *poilier*.

poë-lon¹⁰ *puwā* [i. *poêle*], m.: little frying-pan.

— **lounée**¹⁰, f.: saucepanful.

po-ème¹³ [L. *poema*, Gr. *poiema*], m.:

poem; picturesque prose. — **ésie**¹⁴ [L.

poesis, Gr. *poiēsis*], f.: poesy (art of making verses); poetry; picturesqueness.

— **ète**¹¹ [L. *poeta*, Gr. *poietēs*], m.: poet.

— **étereau**¹⁰, m.: (fam.) poetaster. — **ètes-**

se¹⁰, f.: poetess. — **étique**¹⁴ [L. *poeticus*, Gr. *poietikós*], adj.: poetic; f.: poetics.

— **étiquement**¹⁴ [*poétique*], adv.: poetically.

— **étiser**¹³, intr., tr.: poetise

(intr.: make poetry; tr.: use, treat poetically).

poids⁹ [p. L. *pensum*, weighed quantity],

m.: weight; *être de* —, be of correct

weight; *avoir du* —, weigh; *porter le* —

du jour, bear the burdens of the day;

donner ou faire bon —, give good weight;

— *vif*, live weight (of beef, etc.); *avoir*

deux — *et deux mesures*, buy by one scale

and sell by another; *peser au* — *du sanc-*

tuair, weigh with great exactness (al-

lusion to the standard kept in ancient

Jewish sanctuary).

poignant¹¹ [*poindre*], adj.: = (†pun-

gent; acute, hurting).

poi-gnard¹⁵ [*poing*], m.: poniard, dagger;

triangular patch, gusset. — **-garder**¹⁵

[*-gard*], tr.: stab. — **poi-gne**¹⁵ [*poing*],

f.: (fam.) grip (of the hand); energy.

— **gnée**¹¹ [*poing*], f.: handshake; handful;

hilt; *à* —, by handfuls; *une* — *de verges*,

bunch, bundle of rods. — **-gnet**¹² [*poing*],

m.: wrist; wristlet.

poil⁹ [L. *pilus*], m.: hair (of animals, fur,

coat, colour; of chin, etc., †of head; cer-

tain plant fibres); (pop.) pluck: *faire le*

à un cheval, smooth and arrange a

horse's coat; *chiens de tout* —, dogs of

every colour; *monter (un cheval) à* —,

ride bare-back; *chasser au* — *et à la*

plume, hunt hairy and feathered game;

être au — *et à la plume*, be good for

anything; *repandre du* — *de la bête*,

try again resolutely when one has failed;

velours à trois —, velvet hav'g three

silk threads in woad; *un brave à trois* —,

a man of known courage; *un homme à* —,

a strong vigorous man; — *follet*, downy

beard; (pop.) *avoir du* — *dans la main*,

hate hard work.

poile⁹ [p. L. *pensilis*, 'suspended,' i.e.

heated fr. below], m.: (old) warm room;

(now) heating stove.

†**poilleur**¹² = **ense** [*poil*], adj.: hairy.

poilier¹⁷ [*-le*], m.: stovedealer or maker.

poilu¹⁴ [*poil*], adj.: hairy.

poineillade¹⁶ [governor *Poinet*], f.:

poicians (flower-fence, peacock flower,

etc.).

1.†**poin-çon**¹² [? fr. the mark or brand],

m.: puncheon (wine cask of 100 gallons).

2.†**-çon**⁹ [p. L. **punctio* (L. *puncta*,

point)], m.: punch; point (graver's tool);

relief stamp (for coin, medals, etc.);

stamp, mark; king-post. — **-çonnage**¹⁴

[*-conner*], m.: stamping. — **-çonner**¹⁵, tr.:

stamp. — **pojn-dre**⁹ [L. *pungere*, pierce],

irr. §; tr.: prick; intr.: begin to grow

(as buds; beard); dawn: *la raison com-*

mence à —, reason begins to develop;

poignez vilain, il vous oindra; oignez

vilain, il vous poindra, treat a rascal ill,

he will serve you, serve a rascal, he will

treat you ill.

§ Ind.: Pr. *il point*. Fut. *il poindra*. — l've

poignez. Other forms wanting.

poing⁹ [L. *pugnus*], m.: fist; *coup de* —,

brass knuckles; pocket-pistol; *dormir à*

— s'fermé, sleep very sound; *†mener une*

dame sur le —, assist a lady respectfully

by supporting her with closed hand.

1.†**pojn-te**⁹ [L. *pungere*, pierce], m.: =

(spot; speck; hole; dot; period; pause;

moment; punctuation-mark; degree; tally;

exact place or time; subject, item); prick-

ing; sharp pain, stitch; size (of shoes,

etc.); point lace; condition; position:

— *arrière*, back stitch; — *de jour*,

daybreak; *à* —, to the right point; in

the nick of time; *à — nommé*, at the ap-

pointed time; *au dernier* —, to the last

degree; *de — en* —, in detail; *deux —*,

colon; — *d'appui*, fulcrum; — *de vue*,

point of view, judgment; *mettre les —*

sur les i, dot the i's; (fig.) be very exact;

mettre le marbre aux points, mark places

where the sculptor is to take off some;

rendre des — à quelqu'un, give one points

(in a game, as a good player to a poor

one); (fig.) be superior to one; *chaussé à*

même —, in the same boat; in like con-

dition; *le — saillant*, the embryonic heart

of an egg; *le — mort*, the dead centre

(of a crank, etc.); *être en bon* —, be fleshy.

2.†¹¹ [i. point], adv.: not at all (the

negative particle): *je ne flatte* —, I do not

flatter at all; — *du tout*, not at all;

— *d'argent*, no money at all. — **-tage**¹⁶

[*-ter*], m.: pointing, aiming of guns; mark-

ing, checking, counting (of votes, of absent-

ees, etc.). — **-tal**¹⁶, pl. = **-aux** [*-te*], m.: crank

end (of the axle of the upper mill-stone);

prop. — **pojn-te**⁹ [L. *puncta*], f.: point

(sharp end; pointed instrument or object;

PUNCH; angle; corner; toe; land reach-

ing out into the water); sprouting, shoot-

ing out; dart, lunge, swoop; spire; case-

nail: un cheval qui fait —, a shying horse; — de feu, searing, cautery; burn; la petite — de jour, very earliest dawn; **-tement**¹⁷ [ter], m.: aiming, pointing. **1.-ter**¹², tr.: point, aim; mark; tally: — une feuille, register, lay a sheet true (with the right side up, etc.). **2.-ter**¹⁵ [te], tr.: strike with the point, stab; sharpen, point; soar. **1.-teur**¹⁴, = **-ense** [1.-ter], m., f.: aimer, pointer. **2.-teur**¹⁵, = **-ense** [2.-ter], m., f.: pointer, sharpener. **3.-teur**¹⁵ [Eng.], m.: pointer (dog). **-tilage**¹⁶ [tiller], m.: dotting. **-tiller**¹⁶ [It. puntiglio], f.: puntiglio (a small, nice or exact point in discussion). **1.-tiller**¹⁶ [ter], tr.: stipple, cover with dots (as in engraving). **2.-tiller**¹⁶ [tiller], intr.: split hairs, be punctilious in debate; tr.: tease, banter. **-tilerie**¹⁶ [2.-tiller], f.: hair-splitting. **-tilleur**¹⁶, = **-ense** [2.-tiller], m., f.: stickler, hair-splitter; carper. **-tu**¹⁵ [te], adj.: pointed; sharp. **1.-ture**⁹ [L. punctura], f.: pricking, sting; (printer's) point (for registering). **2.-ture**¹⁵, f.: size (of shoes, gloves, etc.): quelle est votre —, what size do you wear?

poire⁹ [p. L. *pira (L. pirum)], f.: FEAR; pear-shaped thing (pearl, etc.); — d'angoisse, a gag; — à poudre, powder-flask; la — est mûre, opportunity is favorable; garder une — pour la soif, to look out for the future; entre la — et le fromage, at dessert.

poiré¹², m.: pear cider, perry.

poi-reau⁹ [p. L. *porrellum (L. porrum)], m.: leek, onion-like plant; wart, mole.

-rée⁹ [p. L. *porrata], f.: white beet.

poirier¹² [poire], m.: pear-tree.

pois⁹ [L. pisum], m.: pea; (dial.) bean: — pour fève, like for like; manger des — chauds, be at a loss what to say; avaler de — gris, omnivorous eater; — à cautère, issue-pea (put in a wound to keep up suppuration).

poisson⁹ [L. potio, a drink], m.: =; venom; †(and yet jest.) vile drink.

pois-sard¹⁵, = **-arde** [poix], adj.: (old) thievish; (now) coarse, vulgar; f.: fish-wife, rude woman. **-ser**¹⁵ [poix], tr.: PITCH; daub; intr.: be sticky. **-seur**¹⁵, = **-ense** [poix], adj.: sticky, PITCHY.

1.-poisson¹¹ [pop. etym. fr. poi], m.: half a gill.

2.-pois-son⁹ [p. L. *piscio (L. piscis)], m.: FISH: il avalerait la mer et les —, he is very thirsty; la sauce vaut mieux que le —, the lesser thing overshadows the greater; — d'avril, April-fool trick (as the sun is then in the constellation Pisces). **-sonnette**¹⁴, f.: small fish. **-sonnerie**¹² [sonnier], f.: fish-market. **-sonneur**¹⁵, = **-ense**, adj.: full of fish. **-sonnier**¹²,

1.-ière, m., f.: fish-dealer. **2.-sonnière**¹⁵, f.: fish-kettle.

poi-trail⁹ [L. pectoralis], m.: breast-piece (of harness); beam in a wall, breast-summer; (horse's) breast. **-trinaire**¹⁷ [trine], adj. or m., f.: consumptive, sick of lung trouble. **-trine**⁹ [p. L. *pectorina (L. pectus, breast)], f.: chest; breast, (esp.) woman's breast; lungs; brisket (of beef, etc.): une fluxion de —, inflammation of the lungs; voix de —, deep voice.

poi-vrade¹⁵, f.: seasoning (of pepper and salt). **||poi-vre**⁹ [L. piper], m.: PEPPER: (fig.) une barbe — et sel, beard turning gray. **-vrer**¹², tr.: pepper, season; (fig.) make spicy; (pop.) skin (overcharge): (slang) poivré, tipsy. **-vrer**¹⁵, m.: pepper bush; pepper-box. **-vrère**¹⁷, f.: †spice-box; pepper-box; sentry-box. **-vron**¹⁵, m.: allspice.

poix⁹ [L. pix], f.: pitch: — des cordonniers, shoemaker's wax; — de Judée, asphalt.

po-laire¹⁵ [l. L. -laris], adj.: polar: étoile —, north star; charbon —, carbon electrode. **-larisation**¹⁵ [lariser], f.: =. **-lariser**¹⁵ [Gr. poletin, turn], tr.: polarise (light; electricity). **-larité**¹⁵ [l. L. -laris], f.: polarity (of a magnet). **pôle**¹² [L. -lus, Gr. pólos], m.: pole, end (of an axis; of a magnet; of an electric pile).

polémique¹⁵ [Gr. polemikós, of war], adj.: polemic, debating; f. or †m.: polemics, debate by publication.

†**poli**, see **polir**.

1.-police¹⁵ [Prov. polissa (ak. to Gr. apó-deixis, proof)], f.: policy; insurance contract; subscription (for gas, water, etc.); make-up (of a type font).

2.-poli-ce¹⁴ [L. -tia, Gr. -teia, government (pólis, city)], f.: police (†internal rule and order of a state; †political organisation; body of civil officers); policy; rule, polity, system of ruling: salle de —, guard-house (for detaining soldiers); bonnet de —, forage cap. **-cer**¹⁵ [infl. by polir], tr.: †rule; polish, cultivate: ville bien policée, well governed city; les Grecs ainsi policés peu à peu, the Greeks growing thus more and more cultured.

polichinelle¹⁶ [It. name Pulcinella], m.: Punch, a funny actor, clown.

policier¹⁵, = **-ière** [2.-ce], adj.: (fam.) police: le régime —, the police management; un —, servant or tool of the police.

1.-poliment¹⁵ [-lie], adv.: in a polished way. **2.-†liment**¹⁶ [It. pulimento], m.: polishing. **||-lir**⁹ [L. -lire], tr.: polish, make smooth; make sleek; cultivate: donner le poli à une glace, polish a look-

ing-glass; *une personne polie*, a polite person. **-lissage**¹⁷, *m.*: polishing. **-lisseur**¹⁸, *m.*, or **-seur**, *f.*: polisher. **-lisseur**¹⁴, *m.*, or **-seur**, *f.*: polishing tool (polishing-disk, iron; slicker).

polisson¹⁶, *-onne* [cant, *m.*, *f.*: naughty, impudent or dirty child; street Arab; blackguard; (*humor.*) unbidden guest; *adj.*: immodest. **-sonner**¹⁷, *intr.*: run the streets; be a blackguard. **-sonnerie**¹⁷, *f.*: impudence, blackguardism.

polissage¹⁵ [*polir*, *f.*: polish, shine. **politesse**¹⁶ [It. *pulitezza*], *f.*: (old) culture of morals or intellect; (*now*) politeness; etiquette; polite act: *la — du cœur*, native kindness; (*fam.*) *brûler la — à quelqu'un*, leave one abruptly.

politicien¹⁵, *-enne* [infl. by *L.-eus*], *m.*, *f.*: politician. **-que**¹⁵ [*L.-eus*, *Gr. -kós*], *adj.*: political; politic, wise; *m.*, *f.*: statesman; politician; schemer; *f.*: politics; policy; science of government: *par —*, for politic(al) reasons. **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: in a politic way. **-quer**¹⁶, *intr.*: talk politics.

polka¹⁵ [Polish word], *f.*: = (dance).

pollen¹⁵ [*L.*, 'flour'], *m.*: =, anther dust, male element of flowers.

pollicitea-tien¹⁴ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =, offer not yet accepted.

pol-luer¹⁵ [*L. -luere*, *tr.*: pollute, spoil. **-lution**¹¹ [*L. -lutio*], *f.*: =, defilement.

Pologne, *f.*: Poland.

polonaise¹⁵ [name *P.*], *f.*: = (the dance; the garment).

pol-tron¹⁵, *-onne* [It. *trone* (ak. to *Fr. poutre*)], *adj.*: cowardly; *m.*, *f.*: poltroon: *oiseau —*, falcon with claws cut off. **-tronnerie**¹⁵, *f.*: cowardice.

poly- [*Gr. polús*, many]: **-adelphie** [*Gr. adelphós*, brother], *f.*: polyadelphia (plant hav'g stamens united in more than two sets). **-andrie**¹⁷ [*Gr. anér*, man], *f.*: polyandry, plurality of husbands; polyandria, hav'g 20 stamens or more on one receptacle. **-chreste**¹⁶ [*Gr. chrestós*, useful], *adj.*: polychrest (hav'g various uses). **-chrome**¹⁵ [*Gr. chróma*, colour], *adj.*: =, of many colours. **-chromie**¹⁵ [*-chrome*], *f.*: polychromy. **-édre**¹⁶ [*Gr. polúedros* (*hédra*, face)], *m.*: polyhedron, solid figure of many sides. **-game**¹⁶ [*Gr. polúgamos* (*gámos*, marriage)], *m.*, *f.*: polygamist; *adj.*: polygamous (hav'g male, female and bisexual flowers on one plant).

-gamie¹⁵ [*L. -gamia*, *Gr. -gamía*], *f.*: polygamy, plural marriage; polygamia.

-glotte¹⁶ [*Gr. polúglottos* (*glótta*, tongue)], *adj.*: polyglot (in many tongues; knowing many tongues; *m.* or *f.*: versatile linguist).

-gone¹⁶ [*L. -gonus*, *Gr. polúgonos* (*gónos*,

angle)], *adj.*: polygonal; *m.*: polygon; practice ground (for artillery); war plan.

-graphe¹⁵ [*Gr. polúgraphos* (*gráphein*, write)], *m.*, *f.*: polygraph (versatile author; multiple copying-machine). **-graphie**¹⁵ [*Gr. -graphía*], *f.*: polygraphy (writing of many treatises); collection of treatises, polygraph.

-gynie¹⁵ [*Gr. guné*, woman], *f.*: polygyny (class of plants hav'g many pistils). **-mathie**¹⁵ [*Gr. polumatheta* (*manthánein*, learn)], *f.*: wide learning.

-mathique¹⁵ [*-mathie*], *adj.*: (rare) of varied learning: *école —*, school for all kinds of subjects. **-morphe**¹⁵ [*Gr. polúmorphos* (*morphê*, form)], *adj.*: polymorphous, occurring in many forms. **-morphisme**¹⁵ [*-morphe*], *m.*: polymorphism. **-nôme**¹⁶ [infl. by *binôme*, *monôme*], *m.*: polynomial (quantity made up of several terms).

-pe¹² [*L. -pus*, *Gr. poúpos* (*poús*, foot)], *m.*: polyp (of coral; edible cuttlefish; polypus, tumour). **-pétale**¹⁷ [*Gr. pétalon*, sense of 'petal'], *adj.*: polypetalous, hav'g many petals.

-peur¹⁵, *-ense* [*-pe*], *adj.*: polypous. **-phonie**¹⁵ [*Gr. polúphonia*, number of voices (*phoné*, voice)], *f.*: polyphony. **-pier**¹⁵ [*-pe*], *m.*: polypary (limy secretion of corals, etc.).

-pode¹² [*L. -podium*, *Gr. polupódion* (*poús*, foot)], *m.*: polypody (common fern). **-ptyque**¹⁷ [*L. -ptychon*, *Gr. polúptuchon* (*ptúx*, fold)], *m.*: polyptych (tablet of several leaves); register (of feudal rents and taxes).

-style¹⁵ [*Gr. polístulos* (*stúlos*, pillar)], *adj.*: =, hav'g many columns. **-syllabe**¹⁵ [*Gr. polúsúllabos* (*súllabê*, syllable)], *adj.*: un (*mot*) —, a polysyllabic (word). **-syllabique**¹⁵ [*-syllabe*], *adj.*: of many syllables: *écho —*, echo which repeats several syllables.

-synodie¹⁷ [*Gr. sunódos*, council], *f.*: government by councils (instead of ministers). **-technicien**¹⁵ [*-technique*], *m.*: pupil or student (of a polytechnic school).

-technique¹⁷ [*Gr. polútechnos* (*téchnê*, art)], *adj.*: polytechnic, of many sciences. **-théisme**¹⁶ [*Gr. polúthéos* (*théos*, god)], *m.*: polytheism, religion acknowledging many gods. **-théiste**¹⁷ [*Gr. polúthéos*], *m.*, *f.*: polytheist. **-urie**¹⁵ [*Gr. ouéron*, urine], *f.*: polyuria (over-secretion of urine).

Pomérélie, *f.*: Minor Pomerania.

1. pom-made¹⁵ [It. *pomata*], *f.*: †pommado (mounting or dismounting by aid of one hand on the pommel). **2. made**¹⁵ [It. *pomata*], *f.*: pomade (cosmetic, salve, ointment).

-mader¹⁵ [*2.-made*], *tr.*: pomade; *intr.*: (*humor.*) make cosmetics. **||-me**⁹ [*L. pômum*, fruit], *f.*: apple: *d'amour*, tomato; *— de pin*, cone; *— de*

terre, potato; — *de chêne*, oak-gall or apple; † — *de l'arçon*, pommel of a saddle; — *de discorde*, apple of discord (awarded by Paris to the most beautiful).

-meau¹¹ [OFr. *pom*, apple], *m.*: pommel, knob (of swords or saddles).

-meler¹² [*-meau*], *tr.*: mark with round spots; *cheval gris pommelé*, dapple-gray horse (cf. Ger. *appel-schimmel*); *ciel pommelé*, sky full of round clouds.

-melle¹³, *f.*: strainer (of a drain).

-mer¹⁴, *intr.*: head out (as cabbage, lettuce, etc.): *une chose pommée*, a perfected plan.

-merais¹⁵ [*-mier*], *f.*: apple-orchard.

-mette¹⁶, *f.*: † little apple; fruit (of hawthorn, medlars, etc.); rounded plaque; cheek-bone.

-mier¹⁷, *m.*: apple-tree.

1. pompe¹⁸ [L. *-pa*, Gr. *-pē*, fine clothing; escort], *f.*: solemn procession; elegant dress: *l'administration des —s funèbres*, administration of burials; *les —s du monde*; pomp and vanity of the world.

2. pom-pe¹⁹ [?], *f.*: pump; spring (of a lock, of a knife, etc.): — *à feu*, steam pump; — *à incendie*, fire-engine. **-per**²⁰, *tr.*: pump (move with a pump; ply with questions).

pom-pensement²¹, *adv.*: pompously.

||-poux²², **-euse** [1. *-pe* (infl. by L. *-po-sus*)], *adj.*: pompous, full of show or display.

pompier²³ [2. *-pe*], *m.*: pump-maker; fireman.

pom-pou²⁴ [? L. *pepo*, melon], *m.*: = (tuft of feathers, ribbons, for ladies' hats; ball of wool on a shako); gewgaw: (*fam.*) avoir le —, get the plum (come out ahead); *rose —*, variety of small roses.

-ponner²⁵, *tr.*: adorn with a tuft; primp.

†ponant²⁶ [Prov. *ponent*], *m.*: west (opposite of *levant*).

pouee²⁷ [L. *pūmez*], *f.*: pumice stone; pounce or stamping-powder bag (to mark or transfer a pricked design); marking ink (for linen bolts): (*fig.*) *passer la pierre —*, to polish.

Ponce, *m.*: Pontius.

1. ponceau²⁸ [pont], *m.*: =, little bridge.

2. ponceau²⁹ [paon], *m.*: =, corn poppy; bright red.

pon-er³⁰ [*-ce*], *tr.*: polish (with pumice stone); pounce, stamp, transfer; mark.

-eif³¹, *m.*: pounced or stamped design: *ce roman sent le —*, this novel is no new type.

poneir(e)³² [Prov. *pomsire*, lit. 'pomme de Syrie'], *m.*: large lemon.

pone-tion³³ [L. *punctio*], *f.*: tapping (for dropsy or pleurisy).

-tualité³⁴, *f.*: punctuality, promptness.

-tuation³⁵ [*-tuer*], *f.*: punctuation. **||-tuel**³⁶, **-elle** [L. *-tialis* (*-tum*, POINT)], *adj.*: punctual;

prompt. **-tuellement**³⁷, *adv.*: punctually, promptly. **-tuer**³⁸ [L. *-tuare*], *tr.*: mark with points or spots; punctuate: — *ses phrases en parlant*, speak carefully and make the sense clear.

pon-dérable³⁹ [L. *-derabilis*], *adj.*: ponderable, weighable.

-dération⁴⁰ [L. *-deratio*], *f.*: ponderation, equilibrium, balancing: *la — des pouvoirs*, the balance of power.

-dérer⁴¹ [L. *-derare* (*-dus*, weight)], *tr.*: (old) weigh; (now) keep in balance: (*fig.*) *un esprit pondéré*, well balanced mind.

-deur⁴², **-euse**, *m., f.*: producer, author; *f.*: laying hen; (*humor.*) mother of many children.

||pon-dre⁴³ [L. *pōnere*, put], *tr.* or *intr.*: lay (eggs); put out (as an author), publish, produce; (*humor.*) give birth to a child.

poney⁴⁴ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: pony, little horse.

pont⁴⁵ [L. *pons*], *m.*: bridge; (*nav.*) deck; scaffold; staging; bridgework; curve, bend (given to a low card so the cut may make it trump): *un — suspendu*, suspension bridge; *d'ici là il passera de l'eau sous le —*, that will not be done very quick; *laisser couler l'eau sous les —s*, let things pursue their natural course; *faire le —*, extend leave of absence one day to include Sunday; *le — aux ânes*, asses' bridge, a thing any one can do; — *de Varole*, pons Varolii (at the base of the brain).

1. ponte⁴⁶ [pondre infl. by *fonte*, etc.], *f.*: laying (of eggs).

2. ponte⁴⁷ [Sp. *punto*, point], *m.*: punt (at ombre).

3. ponte⁴⁸ [*-ter*], *m.*: punter (a player not the banker at *faro*, etc.).

1. pon-té⁴⁹ [*-t*], *adj.*: decked, hav'g a deck or bridge.

2. t-é⁵⁰ [*-t*], *m.*: languet (of a sword).

pont-er⁵¹ [? ak. to *point*], *intr.*: punt (gamble at *faro*, etc.).

pontet⁵² [pont], *m.*: little bridge; trigger-guard (of revolvers, etc.); saddle-tree.

Pont-Euxin, *m.*: Euxine Sea (Black Sea).

pon-tife⁵³ [L. *-tifex*, high priest, lit., 'bridge-builder'], *m.*: pontiff; priest: *le souverain —*, the pope.

-tifical⁵⁴, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-tificalis*], *adj.*: =, of the pontiffs: *le P—*, book on the offices and services conducted by a bishop.

-tificalé⁵⁵ [*-tifical*], *adv.*: in the pontifical way.

-tifical⁵⁶ [L. *-tificatus*], *m.*: pontificate.

-t-levis⁵⁷, *pl.* **-s—**, *m.*: draw-bridge; flap (to front of trousers); high heel: *le cheval fait le —*, the horse rears high.

†t-neuf⁵⁸, *pl.* **-s—s** [bridge (built over the Seine by Henry IV) where popular songs were sung], *m.*: popular song; vulgar expression.

pon-ton⁵⁹ [L. *-to*], *m.*: pontoon (floating bridge made on boats; low barge; flat-

boat); prison ship or hulk; landing dock. **-tonage**¹², *m.*: toll (on bridges or ferry). **-tonnier**¹¹, *m.*: pontonier (soldier employed in building or guarding a pontoon).

pontuseau¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: dandy-rolls (cylinder over which the paper pulp passes); watermark (left by the dandy-rolls).

popeline¹⁶ [It. *papalina*, lit. 'of the pope' fr. the papal town Avignon], *f.*: poplin (cloth).

poplité¹⁵ [L. *-ples*, knee-bend], *adj.*: popliteal, located in the interval behind the knee.

popu-lace¹⁵ [It. *laccio* (L. *-lus*, people)], *f.*: = (rude masses, rabble). **-lacier**¹², **-ière**, *adj.*: of the masses. **-laire**¹¹ [L. *-laris*], *adj.*: popular (of the people; suiting the people); *fm.*: populace: *les mots de formation* —, words formed among the unlearned; *une éloquence* —, eloquence suited to the people, that all can understand. **-lairement**¹⁵ [*-laire*], *adv.*: popularly. **-lariser**¹⁷ [L. *-laris*, popular], *tr.*: popularise, make suitable for all. **-larité**¹⁴ [L. *-laritas*], *f.*: popularity. **-lation**¹³ [Eng.], *f.*: (peopling; inhabitants).

populéum¹² [L. *-leum* (sc. *unguentum*)], 'poplar ointment' containing buds of poplar], *m.*: poplar salve.

popu-leux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-losus*], *adj.*: populous, full of people. **†-lo**¹⁶ [L. *-lus*, people], *m.*: plump child.

poracé, see *porracé*.

por-cé or **†porc** [L. *-cus*], *m.*: hog; pork; filthy man: — *savage*, wild boar; *soie de* —, bristles. **-celaine**¹² [It. *-cellana*], *f.*: Venus shell (or object made fr. it); porcelain (pottery). **-celainier**¹³, **-ière** [*-celaine*], *m.*, *f.*: porcelain-maker or dealer. **-c-épic**¹⁴ [*épi* infl. by *piquer*], *m.*: porcupine; (*fam.*) gruff person, social bear. **-chaison**¹³, *f.*: wild-boar season (time to hunt).

porehe⁹ [L. *porticus*, 'covered walk'], *m.*: porch.

por-cher⁹, **-ère** [L. *-carius*], *m.*, *f.*: herder of hogs, swine-herd. **-cherie**¹¹, *f.*: hog-pen or sty. **-cine**¹² [L. *-cinus*], *adj.*: =, hog-like.

pore¹³ [L. *porus*, Gr. *póros*, passage], *m.*: =. **poreux**¹³, **-euse**, *adj.*: porous.

porisme¹⁷ [Gr. *pórisma*], *m.*: porism (in geometry).

porno-graphie¹⁷ [Gr. *gráphos* (*pórne*, whore, *gráphēin*, write)], *m.*: pornographer (obscene author or painter; writer on prostitution). **-graphie**¹⁸, *f.*: pornography. **-graphique**, *adj.*: pornographic.

porosité¹² [*-reux*], *f.*: porousness, porosity.

por-phyre¹² [It. *firo* (L. *-phyrites*, Gr. *-purites*, lit. 'purplish')], *m.*: porphyry (igneous rock). **-physation**¹⁷ [*-phyriser*], *f.*: porphyzation. **-phyriser**¹⁷, *tr.*: porphyrise, pulverise on a porphyry table with a porphyry muller; *papier porphyrisé*, paper glazed with sandarck resin.

por(r)acé¹⁵ [L. *-ceus* (*porrum*, leek)], *adj.*: porraceous, greenish.

†porreau, see *poireau*.

porrection¹⁶ [L. *-tio*, stretching out], *f.*: =, giving by stretching forth the hand.

†por-té⁹ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: = (harbour, haven; wharf, shipping place): *échouer au* (or *en vue du*) —, (*fig.*) fail on the eve of success; — *de marée*, harbour available only at high tide. **2.-t**¹² [*-ter*], *m.*: carrying; charges (for baggage); postage; manners, bearing, gait; port: *un* (*permis de*) — *d'arme*, a permit to carry weapons; *beau* — *de tête*, beautiful carriage of the head; — *de voix*, glide, portamento, gliding of the voice (over several notes to another note above or below the first). **-table**¹² [*-ter*], *adj.*: =, that can be carried. **-tage**¹³ [*-ter*], *m.*: (rare) =, carrying.

portail¹² [for older *portal* fr. *porte*], *m.*: portal, façade of a church.

por-tant¹² [*-ter*], *adj.*: bearing, supporting; *m.*: support; frame; handle: *être bien* (*mal*) —, be in good (poor) health. **-tatif**¹³, **-ive** [*-ter*], *adj.*: portable; for the pocket; available: *un dictionnaire* —, a pocket dictionary; *une somme portative*, sum of ready money.

porte⁹ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: door; entrance; gate (opening, or leaf that closes it); eye (for a hook); mountain pass: — *à deux battants*, double doors; *la* (*Sublime*) *Porte*, the Ottoman Court; Turkey; *les bagatelles de la* —, harangue or free show at the door of a tent; (*fig.*) preliminaries; *être* — *à* —, to be next-door neighbours; *mettre quelqu'un à la* —, put one out of the house; *mettre la clef sous la* —, steal away.

porte-aiguille¹⁷ [*porter*], *m.*: =, forceps for holding the needle (as in sewing up deep wounds, or drawing through cardboard, etc.). **-aiguilles**¹⁸, *m.*: needle-case. **-allumettes**¹⁸, *m.*: match-box. **-amarre**¹⁸, *m.*: life-rocket (shot to wrecked ship). **-arquebuse**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: armour-bearer, hunting assistant (of a prince).

portz-baguettes¹⁶ [*porter*], *pl.* —, *m.*: ramrod groove. **†-balle**¹⁵, *m.*: peddler.

-bougie¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: =, tube or guide for introducing a bougie into the urethra.

-bouquet¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: flower vase.

-bouteilles¹⁸, *m.*: case for bottles.

-carabine¹⁸, *pl.* —, *m.*: carbine-swivel.

-carrier¹⁵, *m.*: game-carrier. **-chaise**¹⁶, *m.*: chairman (who carries a sedan-chair). **-chape**¹² [*porter, chape*], *m.*: cope-bearer (priest's assistant); officer of the kitchen (who carried dishes covered with a cloth). **-choux** [*choux*], *m.*: (*fam.*) gardener's horse. **-cigares**¹⁵ [*porter*], *m.*: cigar-case. **-cigarettes**¹⁵, *m.*: cigarette-case. **-clefs**¹⁵ or **-clés**, *m.*: jailer; key-ring. **-collet**¹⁷ [*porter, collet*], *m.*: stiffener (for a collar). **-crayon**¹⁵ [*crayon*], *m.*: pencil-case. **-croix**¹⁵, *pl.* — [*porter*], *m.*: cross-bearer. **-crosse**¹⁶, *m.*: crosier-bearer. **-dieu**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: host-bearer (priest who carries the viaticum, *bon Dieu*, to a dying man). **-drapeau**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: =, standard-bearer. **portée**¹¹ [*-ter*], *f.*: (thing or distance carried, hence): load, weight supported at one point; brood; litter; charge; set; range; reach; compass: — *musicale*, musical staff; *être à une — de fusil*, be within gun-shot; *être hors de la — des yeux, de l'oreille*, be beyond seeing or hearing distance. **porte-enseigne**¹⁵ [*porter*], *pl.* —, *m.*: standard-bearer. **-épée**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: straps (supporting the scabbard). **-étendard**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: standard-bearer. **-étrier(s)**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: rest (straps behind the saddle to hold the idle stirrups and keep them fr. dangling). **-étrivière(s)**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: stirrup-bar or ring. **porte-faix**¹⁵ [*porter, faix*], *m.*: street-porter. **-fenêtre**¹⁶, *pl.* —s—s, *m.*: balcony-window (window which reaches to the floor and opens like a door). **-fère**¹⁵ [*-ter*], *m.*: horseshoe-pocket (in saddle). **-feuille**¹⁵, *m.*: =, portfolio (portable case of two or more leaves): *valeurs en —*, valuable papers; *le — de la banque*, documents, etc., of a bank; *avoir le — des affaires étrangères*, to be minister of foreign affairs; *un ministre sans —*, minister without a special department. **-fort**¹⁵, *pl.* — [*porter*], *m.*: proxy (with power to vote). **-hache**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: ax-case. **-jupe**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: skirt-suspender (fastened at the belt). **-liqueurs**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: liquor-chest or closet; glass-shelf (for whiskey glasses, etc.). **-malheur(s)**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: hoodoo, bringer of bad luck. **-manteau**¹⁵ [*-ter, manteau*], *m.*: (*old*) officer of the robes; (*now*) saddle pack (of cavalryman); valise, satchel; clothes-hook. **-ment**¹² [*-ter*], *m.*: bearing, carrying: — *de croix*, painting of Christ bearing the cross. **-mine**¹⁵, *pl.* — [*porter*], *m.*: porte-crayon. **-monnaie**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: portemonnaie, pocketbook. **-montre**¹⁵, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: watch-stand or cushion. **-montres**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: (jew-

eller's) watch-rack. **-mors**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: cheek-straps (of a bridle). **-mouchettes**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: tray (for candle-snuffers). **-mousqueton**¹⁷, *m.*: musket hook (on a shoulder-belt); clasp, snap (of a watch-chain). **-page**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: (*print.*) bearer, page-paper, "shoe." **-pierre**¹⁷, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: holder (for handling lunar caustic). **-plume**¹⁵, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: pen-holder. **-queue**¹⁵, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: train-bearer (of a queen).

porteur^o [*L. -täre*], *tr.*: bear, carry; bring; induce; wear; *intr.*: bear or rest (on), stand (on); carry (as a gun): *se —*, carry one's self; go; *se — bien (mal)*, be well (ill); — *quelqu'un sur ses épaules*, be bored by one; *ce vin porte bien l'eau*, this wine stands water (without being too weak); — *des lunettes*, wear glasses; *cela ne se porte plus*, that is out of style now; *une chose mal portée*, a tawdry thing; *le sang (se) porte à la tête*, blood rushes to the head; — *la tête haute*, carry the head high; *le — haut*, or — *au vent*, assume lofty airs; — *un coup à quelqu'un*, give one a blow; *je me sens portée pour elle*, I feel interested in her; *on porte à dix mille le nombre des morts*, they reckon 10,000 dead; *le fusil porte loin*, the gun carries (shoots) far.

porte-respect¹⁶, *pl.* — [*porter*], *m.*: (*fam.*) credit bringer (person who is an honour to the one with him); weapon (carried for self-defence). **-tapisserie**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: frame (for tapestry). **-trait**¹⁵, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: tug-carrier (of a harness). **porteur**¹¹, *m.*: *porteur*, carrier; saddle-horse: *un billet au —*, a note payable to bearer. **-vent**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m.*: wind-canal (of organs). **-verge**¹⁶, *pl.* —(s), *m.*: verger (mace-bearer; beadle). **-vis**¹⁷, *m.*: screw-plaque (of fire-arms). **-voix**¹⁶, *m.*: speaking trumpet.

por-tier^o, 1. **-ière** [*L. -tarius (-ta, door)*], *m., f.*: porter; door-keeper; church-brother (who has taken his first orders): — *consigne*, outer guard (of a fortress). 2. **-tière**¹⁵ [*-te*], *f.*: door (of a carriage); portiere (curtain for doorway); passage section (of a pontoon bridge).

3. **portière**¹⁵ [*-ter*], *adj.*: pregnant; *f.*: (*dial.*) womb (of animals).

por-tion¹¹ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: = (share; part): — *virile*, each heir's part; — *congrue*, suitable allowance (deducted for the curate, often scanty); *être réduit à la — congrue*, be rather hard up. **-tioncule**¹⁶ [*L. -tiuncula*], *f.*: (*rare*) small part.

portique¹⁶ [*L. -ticius*], *m.*: portico; colonnade; gymnasium.

porteur¹⁶ [*It. -tore*, lit. 'carry gold'], *m.*: = (yellow-veined black marble).

por-traire¹¹ [*pour, traire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: portray, show. **-trait**¹², *m.*: = (likeness in oil, in pencil; description of a person): *un — en pied*, full-length picture; *un — flaté*, a flattering picture; (*fam.*) *c'est tout le — de son père*, he is the very image of his father. **-traiture**¹¹ [*-trait*], *f.*: = (fact of depicting; portrait).

portulan¹⁵ [*-no*], *m.*: map (of harbours and coasts).

po-sage¹⁵, *m.*: placing, setting, laying.

po-se¹⁶, *f.*: placing; laying (of carpets, stone, etc.); pose; posing: *à vous la —*, you have the first play (at dominoes); *caporal de —*, corporal who stations the pickets. **-sément**¹⁴ [*part. -se*], *adv.*: composedly, quietly. **||-ser**⁹ [*L. pausare*, cease (infl. by *ponere, posui, positum*, put)], *intr.*: pose (rest; take an attitude); *tr.*: put, place; lay; lay down; put aside: *se —*, take an attitude; — *une question à quelqu'un*, put a question to one; *une personne posée*, a settled sedate person; *une voix posée*, well controlled voice; *posé que cela soit permis*, grant or agreed that this is allowed; — *à cru*, build without a foundation. **-seur**²⁰, *= ense*, *m., f.*: layer; setter; placer; poser (for effect): — *de sonnette*, bellhanger.

posi-tif¹², *=ive* [*L. -ivus*, that can be placed (*ponere, put*)], *adj.*: positive (definite; firm; certain; not negative; practical: *un esprit —*, a practical mind; *un homme —*, a matter-of-fact man; *quantité positive*, a plus quantity; *épreuve positive*, positive, photographic proof having its light and shade in the proper order; *un (orgue) —*, little organ; *le — d'un orgue*, or *du grand orgue*, the small clavier. **-tion**¹³ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: = (place; manner of placing; condition): *les —s d'une thèse*, the propositions or contentions of a thesis; *fausse —*, false position (in mathematics). **-tivement**¹⁵, *adv.*: positively; decidedly. **-tisme**¹⁸, *m.*: positivism (philosophy that excludes the supernatural and everything beyond physical science). **-tiste**¹⁶, *m., f.*: positivist.

pos-séder [*L. possidere*], *tr.*: possess; own; have control of: *se —*, be master of one's self; *un possédé (du démon)*, one possessed (of a devil); — *plusieurs langues*, know several languages.

pos-ses-seur¹³ [*L. -sor*, *m.*: possessor, owner. **-sif**¹⁴, *=ive* [*L. -sivus*], *adj.*: possessive. **||-sion**¹¹ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: = ownership; property: *envoi en —*, writ of possession; *être en — (d'un droit) de dire toutes choses sans qu'on ose s'en fâcher*, able to say anything without any one's daring to take offence; — *d'état*, ownership established by long naked possession.

-sionnée¹⁷, *adj.*: (rare) hav'g property. **-soire**¹³ [*L. -sorius*], *adj.*: possessory.

possi-bilité¹² [*L. -bilis*], *f.*: possibility. **||possi-ble**¹³ [*L. -bilis* (*posse*, to be able)], *adj.* or *m.*: = (that may be done, may be true, or become true): *faire son —*, do one's utmost; *il arrivera —*, perhaps he will arrive. **-blement**¹³, *adv.*: possibly.

postal¹⁵, *=aux* [*-te*], *adj.*: = service —, mail service; *colis —*, mail package.

post-communion¹² [*1. L. -communio* (*L. post, after, communio, communion*)], *f.*: = (prayer). **-crit**, see *post-scriptum*. **-date**¹⁶ [*date*], *f.*: (rare) =, date making a letter, etc., appear later than it actually was. **-dater**¹⁵ [*dater*], *tr.*: (rare) post-date, to date later than the actual time.

1. poste⁹ [*L. posita*, placed], *f.*: (old) position; (now) proper place; post; fixed place; relay of horses; stage (station; distance between stations); public mail; post-office: *être à la — de quelqu'un*, be at one's convenience; *voyager en —*, travel by stage coach; *porter une lettre à la —*, post a letter; *une lettre — restante*, a letter for the general delivery; *un timbre —*, a postage stamp; *un train —*, a mail-train. **2. poste**¹⁴ [*It. posto*], *m.*: post; station; body of men (of a post or station), position, employment: — *d'honneur*, dangerous place.

3. poste¹⁶ [*?*], *f.*: shot, buckshot.

poster¹² [*2.-te*], *tr.*: to post, station.

pos-térieur(e)¹⁴ [*L. -terior* (*post, after*)], *adj.* or *m.*: posterior (later; behind, back). **-térieurement**¹⁶, *adv.*: later. **†-teriori**, see *d' posteriori*. **-tériorité**¹⁴ [*L. -terior*, later], *f.*: posteriority. **-té-rité**¹³ [*L. -teritas*], *f.*: posterity (descendants; future times): *mourir sans laisser de —*, die without issue. **-tface**¹⁷ [*infl. by préface*], *f.*: notice (at end of a book). **-t(h)ume**¹⁶ [*L. -t(h)umus*], *adj.*: posthumous, born after the father's death.

postiche¹⁵ [*It. ticcio* (*posto*, placed)], *adj.*: added; extra; artificial: *caporal —*, acting corporal; *une barbe —*, a false beard.

postil/ion¹⁵ [*1. poste*, infl. by *It. postiglione*], *m.*: = (stage-driver; post-boy, second coachman); messenger (card strung on kite-string and carried up to kite by the wind); ribbon, streamer (on a lady's hat).

post-scriptum¹⁷ *oum, pl.* — [*L. 'written after*], *m.*: postscript.

postu-lant¹⁵, *=ante*, *m., f.*: postulant, candidate (for religious order or rank); *†adj.*: soliciting: *avocat —*, active attorney; village attorney. **-lat**¹⁷ [*L. -latum*, thing demanded], *m.*: postulate, necessary

assumption. **-lation**¹² [L. *-latio*], *f.*: = **ll-ler**¹² [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: postulate (demand; apply for; esp., ask authority to admit a candidate over canonical objections); *intr.*: act as attorney.

posture¹⁵ [It. *-ra* (L. *ponere*, *posui*, *put*)], *f.*: = (attitude of body or (fig.) of mind): *les -s d'un lutteur*, the positions of a wrestler.

pot² [p. L. **pottum* (fr. ?)], *m.*: = (vessel; crock; jar; rung; jug; vase; rocket-head; contents of a pot; anything pot-shaped, as soldier's helmet): *un - d'eau*, waterpot; *un - d'eau*, a pot of water; — *de vin*, waiter's fee (as if for drink-money); *bribe*; *être d' - et à rôter dans une maison*, to eat and sleep in a house; *faire bouillir le -*, keep the pot boiling; — *aux roses*, pot of face-powder; *découvrir le - aux roses*, find out the secret; *tomber dans le - au noir*, get into trouble; *payer les -s cassés*, be held liable; *la fortune du -*, pot-luck, whatever is on hand to eat; *tourner autour du -*, hang around with an object; beat about the bush; — *pourri*, olla podrida; hotch-potch; *vendre d' -*, retail (wine, etc.); *faire petit -*, live humbly; *faire - d' part*, do on one's own hook; — *au feu*, fire-pot; pot and its contents; meat for soup.

potable¹⁴ [L. *-abilis* (*-tare*, drink)], *adj.*: drinkable; or —, alchemist's gold solution (health elixir).

po-tage¹² [pot], *m.*: soup (with soaked bread); *†pottage*: *renfort de -*, ingredient for soup; *pour tout -*, as the one item (of which to make a meal): *il n'a eu que cent francs pour tout -*, the whole thing only made a hundred francs. **-tager**¹², = **-ère**, *adj.*: fit for soups: *herbes potagères*, kitchen herbs; *†assiettes potagères*, soup-plates; *m.*: kitchen-garden; pantry. **-tasse**¹⁵ [Ger. *pott-asche*, lit., 'pot ashes'], *f.*: potash, potassium carbonate. **-tassium**¹⁵ [*-tasse*], *m.*: = (the metallic element).

†pote¹¹ [? ak. to *potelé*], *adj.*, *f.*: fat; swollen: *mains -s*, fat hands.

poteau¹¹ [Ofr. *post* (L. *postis*)], *m.*: post, stake; pole: — *du turf*, goal of a race.

potée¹¹ [pot], *f.*: potful; (*fam.*) heaps, lots; solution of red ochre; stone-dust (used to polish marble); clay PUTTY (for making moulds); — *d'étain*, PUTTY powder (for polishing metals).

potelé¹² [? *pote*], *adj.*: plump.

po-telet¹⁴ [*-teau*], *m.*: small post.

potpnce¹¹ [L. *-tentia*, power], *f.*: support; crutch; cross; gallows (gibbet); cross-piece; potent, pivot-bearing (in a watch); potance, stud or counter-bridge (in a

watch); measuring square: *brider la -*, to hit the wood (instead of the ring, in riding at rings hung up around a course); *table en -*, L-shaped table; *troupes rangées en -*, troops drawn up in a square.

poten-tat¹² [L. *-latus*, reign (L. *potens*, powerful)], *m.*: potentate, ruler. **-tiel**¹⁴, = **-elle** [L. *-tialis*], *adj.* or *m.*: potential: *le mode -*, the potential or conditional mode in grammar; *cautére -*, corrosive cauterant (that doesn't act at once); *le - d'élasticité*, force necessary to bring a molecule to its original form.

poterie¹² [*-tier*], *f.*: pottery (place of making earthenware; the ware itself; tiling).

poterne¹¹ [L. *posterula*, lit., back door], *f.*: postern (underground passage in fortifications, or door closing it).

potesta-tif¹⁵, = **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: *contrat -*, contract depending on the assent of all parties to it.

po-tiche¹² [*-f*], *f.*: china vase; Japan vase. **-tier**¹¹ [*-f*], *m.*: potter, maker or seller of earthenware. 1. **-tin**¹², *m.*: pinchbeck (alloy of copper, zinc and tin). 2. **po-tin**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (*fam.*) gossip; noise. **-tiner**¹⁵, *intr.*: (*fam.*) chat, gossip. **-tingeur**¹⁵, = **-euse** [*-tiner*], *m., f.*: (*fam.*) chatterer, gossip.

potion¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, drink.

potiron¹⁵ [?], *m.*: (*diat.*) *†*boletus (mushroom); pumpkin.

potron-jaquet¹⁵ or **-minet** [?], *m.*: (*fam.*) *dès le -*, at daybreak.

pou², *pl.* — *x* [p. L. **peduculus* (L. *pediculus*)], *m.*: louse: *herbe aux -s*, fig-wort; louse-wort; — *de bois*, white ant; — *du pubis*, crab-louse; — *des chiens*, dog-tick.

†poua-cre¹¹ = **-cresse** [Ofr. *poacre*, gouty, scabby], *adj.*: dirty; *m., f.*: pinch-back, niggard. **†-crerie**¹⁵, *f.*: filthiness; stinginess.

pouah¹⁵ [echoic], *interj.*: *fi! —!* fie for shame!

pouce² [L. *pollex*], *m.*: thumb; inch: — *d'eau*, amount of water running through a square inch in one minute; *donner le coup de - d'un tableau*, to give the finishing touches; *lire du -*, read turning leaves rapidly; *mettre les -s*, give in; *serrer les -s d'un quelqu'un*, put the thumb-screws to any one; (*fig.*) try to extort a secret fr. one. **-piéd**, *pl.* — (*s*), *m.*: (thumb-shaped) barnacle, anatifa, goose-mussel.

pou-cettes¹⁵ [*-ce*], *f. pl.*: thumb-shackles. **-cier**¹⁵ [*-ce*], *m.*: thumb-stall; thumb-piece.

pou(t)-de-soie¹⁶ [? Eng. (It. town *Padua*)], *m.*: paduasoy, rich silk fabric.

pouding¹⁷ [fr. Eng.], m.: pudding.
-gue¹⁷, m.: pudding-stone.

pou-dre¹⁸ [L. *pulvis*], f.: †dust; sand; POWDER (gunpowder; face-powder; medicinal powders, anything pulverized): — *colon*, gun-cotton; *café en —*, ground coffee; *faire de la —*, put on airs; *jeter à quelqu'un de la — aux yeux*, cripple, undo any one; pull the wool over one's eyes; (*fam.*) *prendre de la — d'escampette*, take to one's heels; *il n'a pas inventé la —*, he will never set the world on fire. -dre¹², tr.: powder; cover with dust. -drerie¹⁸, f.: powder-mill. -drette¹¹, f.: fine dust or powder; manure (from privies). -dreux¹⁰, =euse, adj.: dusty. 1.-drier¹⁵, m.: sand-box (to dry ink); †hour-glass. 2.-drier¹⁵, m.: gunpowder maker. -drière¹⁸, f.: †sand-box (for ink); powder-flask; powder-house. -droyer¹², tr.: (rare) cover lightly (with dust or powder); pulverise; intr.: be dusty: *le soleil poudroie*, dust shows in the sun-beam.

1.-pouf¹⁴ [echoic], interj.: (expressing the sound of a fall) bang! biff! thump! *faire (un) —*, to fall; crumble; (*fam.*) put on airs; leave without paying; go bankrupt; (*as adj.*) *marbre —*, crumbling marble. 2.-pouf¹⁷ [?], m.: puff; flap; tuft (of flowers, ribbons, etc.); footstool. **pouffer**¹⁵ [echoic], intr.: burst out laughing.

†**pouille**, see *pouilles*.

pouillé¹⁰ [? ak. to *polyptique* (infl. by *dépouiller*)], m.: (diocesan) register.

1.†**pouiller**¹² [Ofr. *pouil* (later *pou*)], tr.: (*dial.*) to louse, cleanse of lice.

2.**pouiller**¹⁰, tr.: abuse, sauce. ||**pouille**¹⁵ [?], f. pl.: (*fam.*) "saas," abuse.

pouilleux¹², =euse [Ofr. *pouil* (later *pou*)], adj.: lousy; greasy; dirty; rotten; arid; m., f.: lousy person.

†**poullait-le**¹² [*poule*], f.: poultry, barn-yard fowls. -ler¹², m.: poultry-yard; hen-house; gallery (of a theatre); †egg-wagon. 2.-ler¹², =ère, m., f.: poultry-dealer.

poulain¹⁰ [p. L. **pullanus* (L. *pullus*, young, cf. Fr. *poule*)], m.: colt; prop; skid; sled; bubo (sore fr. syphilis).

poulaine¹⁸ [P., old name of Poland], f.: long pointed toe of a shoe (cf. Eng. *poulaine*, long-toed shoe); prow (of a ship).

poulan¹⁷ [?], m.: pool, stakes (in certain games).

pou-larde¹⁵, f.: poulard, spayed hen. ||-le¹⁰ [L. *llus*, young], f.: hen; pullet; = (pool in certain games; third figure in quadrille): — *d'Inde*, hen-turkey; *chair de —*, gooseflesh; — *laite*, effeminate man; *une — mouillée* or *un cœur de —*,

a chicken-hearted person; *cuir de —*, 'lamb-skin' (for gloves); *lait de —*, egg-nog (yolks, warm water and sugar); — *de Numidie*, Guinea-hen. -let¹², m.: chicken; (*fam.*) darling, duck; love-letter (at first triangular, suggesting a wing). -lette¹², f.: pullet; young girl; *sauce —*, chicken gravy.

†**poulevrin**, see *pulvéria*.

pouliche¹⁵ [-lain], f.: young mare.

poulie¹² [ak. to Eng. *pull*], f.: pulley.

pou-lin¹⁰, =inc [p. L. **pullinus* (L. *pulus*, young), m., f.: colt. -liner¹⁵, intr.: to foal. -linière¹⁵, f., adj.: breeding (mare).

1.**pouliot**¹⁰ [L. *pulegium*], m.: penny-royal, fleabane.

2.**pouliot**¹⁵ [-lie], m.: fast pulley (of a gunwale).

1.**poulpe** [for *polype*], m.: poulp (mollusk). 2.†**poulpe**, see *pulpe*.

poulpeton¹⁸ [It. *polpettone* (L. *pulpa*, pulp)], m.: hash (with slices of veal).

pouls¹⁰ [L. *pulsus*], m.: pulse (esp. of the wrist): *tâter le — à quelqu'un*, feel one's pulse.

poumon¹⁰ [L. *pulmo*], m.: lung.

pou-pard¹², =arde [Ofr. -pe, teat (? L. *pupa*, little girl)], m., f.: baby; doll; adj.: infantile. -part¹⁷ [?], m.: large crab.

poupe¹⁵ [It. *poppa* (L. *puppis*)], f.: poop: *avoir le vent en —*, have a fair wind; (*fig.*) prosper.

pou-pée¹² [-pard], f.: doll; puppet; listless but pretty woman; dummy; finger (in a rag): *une figure de —*, dollface; †*temps de —*, doll-age of girls. -pin¹⁵, =inc [-pard], adj.: dressy, showy. -pon¹², =onne [-pard], m., f.: little boy, girl; (*fam.*) pet, darling.

pour¹⁰ [p. L. **por* (L. *pro*)], prep.: FOR (instead of); as; to, towards; considering; with a view to; because of; in proportion to; during; m.: pro: — *et contre*, for and against; *il faut aimer les gens, non — soi mais — eux*, one ought to love people for themselves and not selfishly; *je suis furieusement — les portraits*, I am an enthusiast about portraits; *aversion — la vie de campagne*, dislike of country life; *remède — la fièvre*, remedy against fever; — *qui me prenez-vous*, who do you take me for? — *toujours*, for ever; *il en est — vingt mille francs*, he is involved to the amount of 20,000 francs; *je me tais et — cause*, I will keep still and for a very good reason (which I will not tell); *mourir — Dieu*, die for God's sake; *la tendresse d'une mère — ses enfants*, a mother's love for her children; — *moi*, for my part; *grand — son âge*, large for his age; *dix — cent*, ten per cent; *un — dix*

mille, one to every ten thousand; — *être dévot, je n'en suis pas moins homme*, because I am pious I am none the less a man; *traduire mot — mot*, translate word for word; — *toute réponse*, as his only answer; *le sentiment d'autrui n'est jamais — lui plaire*, he is never pleased with another's opinion; *il y a ici — contenter tous*, there is something here to satisfy all; *partir — l'Amérique*, leave for America.

pourboire¹⁷, pl. — [boire], m.: (= tip, fee).

porceau¹⁸ [L. *porcellus*, dim. of *porcus*, hog], m.: hog.

pour-chas¹¹, m.: pursuit. || **-chasser**¹⁰ [pour, chasser], tr.: hunt (wild game); (fig.) pursue.

-fendeur¹⁷, **-euse** [-fendre], m., f.: hewer, killer; (irony) fire-eater, giant-killer. **-fendre**¹¹ [fendre], tr.: cleave in two, kill outright.

-lécher¹⁷ [lécher], tr.: lick: *se — les babines*, lick one's chops; hug one's self.

-parler¹¹ [OFr. inf.], m.: = (preliminary conference with view to an agreement).

-penser¹⁰ [penser], tr.: premeditate: *un crime pourpensé*, a crime premeditated.

pourpier¹² [L. *pullipes*], m.: purslane (plant).

pourpoint¹² [OFr. -dre (pour, poindre, to quilt)], m.: =, quilted doublet: *tirer un coup à brûlé* —, shoot very close to one.

pour-pre¹⁸ [L. *purpura*], f.: purple (of mollusca; crimson; bright purple garment; royal robe; cardinal's robe); m.: scarlet fever; small-pox; purples, red blotches, exanthema; adj.: crimson. **-pré**¹⁵, adj.: purple; *fièvre — e*, purpura, livid spots and fever.

-prier¹⁷, m.: murex (sea mollusk).

pour-pris¹² [OFr. -prendre (pour, prendre)], m.: enclosure, precinct: *les célestes* —, heaven. **-quoi**¹⁰ [pour, quoi], conj. or adv., or m.: why: *les — d'un enfant*; a child's questions; *on lui dit — c'est*, one tells him the reason; *demandez-moi —*, I can't tell you why; *voilà —*, that is the reason.

pou-r(r)-ir¹⁸ [p. L. **putrere* (putrere)], intr. or tr.: rot: *se —*, turn foul; *chair pourrie*, gangrenous flesh; *mouton pourri*, spoiled mutton; *un membre pourri*, (fig.) a rotten member of an organisation; *une odeur de pourri*, odor of decay or rottenness; *bourg pourri*, borough (in England) that sells out its vote; *filon pourri*, stratum of decomposed rock; *pot pourri*, hotch-potch.

-r(r)issage¹⁵, m.: rotting; retting, maceration of rags (into pulp for paper).

-r(r)issoir¹⁶, m.: dead pit (vault where human bodies rot); rettery,

macerating vat. **-r(r)iture**¹¹, f.: rottenness: — *d'hôpital*, gangrene; — *de bêtes à cornes*, epizootic.

pour-suite¹², f.: pursuit; prosecution; suit at law; perseverance. **-suisant**¹², **-ante**, adj.: (rare) pursuing; m.: pursuivant; twooer, suitor; m., f.: plaintiff, prosecutor; *points poursuivants*, leaders (a row of dots); — *d'armes*, pursuivant-at-arms, martial constable.

-suivre¹⁰ [pour, suivre], tr.: pursue, follow hard; sue; prosecute; woo; seek: *le malheur le poursuit*, misfortune follows him; — *son ouvrage*, continue one's work; *pour-suis*, go on (with your talk).

pour-tant¹¹ [pour, tant], adv.: nevertheless; however. **-tour**¹⁶ [infl. by contour], m.: circumference, circuit; circular walk.

pour-voi¹⁵, m.: appeal (to higher court): — *en grâce*, appeal for mercy. || **-voir**¹¹ [pour, voir (infl. by L. *providere*)], irr., intr. or tr.: PROVIDE; PURVEY: *se —*, appeal to a higher court; *pourvu que vous le fassiez*, on condition that or provided that you do it; *il est bon de — Henriette*, it is good to establish Henriette.

-voirie¹⁵ [-voyeur], f.: purveyance, provisioning.

-voyeur¹⁵ [-ense, m., f.], purveyor.

poussa¹⁸ [fr. Chinese name of idol], m.: grotesque doll or manikin.

pous-se¹⁴ [-ser], f.: budding out; shooting, starting (of leaves, of teeth, of feathers, etc.); sprout, shoot; heaves (in horses); spoiling (of wine by fermenting).

-se-cailleur¹⁵ [-ser], m.: (humor.) foot-soldier. **-se-cul**¹⁶, pl. — (s) [-ser], m.: bum-bailiff. **-sée**¹⁶ [-ser], f.: push; pressure; breaking out (of the skin): *donner une — à quelqu'un*, give one a shove; (pop.) get right after one.

↑pousse-pieds¹⁵, see *pouce-pied*.

pous-ser [L. *pulsare*], tr. or intr.: PUSH; thrust; crowd; drive; rush on; start; put forth; grow; extend; utter (groans, sighs); heave (as a wind-broken horse); ferment and sour (as wine): *se —*, boost one's self; thrust one's self forward; *se — de nourriture*, eat a good deal; — *une botte*, give one thrust (in fencing); assail one with words; — *de l'épaule*, crowd, jostle one aside; — *quelqu'un du coude* (du genou), nudge one with the elbow (the knee); *qui diantre vous pousse à vous faire imprimer*, what in the deuce brings you to go into print; — *un écuyer*, coach, assist a student; *il a poussé sa chance*, he has made his chance count; — *trop loin la patience*, try patience too long; *la terre pousse beaucoup d'herbe*, the earth yields many an herb; — *à la roue*, put a shoulder to the wheel, help all one can; *vous*

poussez jusqu'à dire, you go so far as to say; — *les vaches au lait*, keep cows giving milk a long time before drying them up; — *les dents*, cut teeth; *ce tableau pousse au noir*, this picture is turning black. — *-ette*¹⁰, *f.*: push-pin (child's game). — *-eur*¹⁰, *=euse*, *m.*, *f.*: (rare) pusher, driver, etc.

pous-sier⁹ [Ofr. *pous*, *p.* L. **pulvis* (L. *pulvis*)], *m.*: dust (fr. coal, straw, etc.). — **-sière**⁹ [Ofr. *pous*], *f.*: dust; flower-dust (pollen); flour of emery; ashes of the dead; spray: *mordre la —*, bite the dust, be slain in battle; *dormir dans la —*, to be dead; (fam.) *faire de la —*, put on airs. — **-sif**¹², *=ive*, *adj.*: wind-broken, heavy; asthmatic.

pous-sin⁹ [p. L. **pullicinus* (L. *pullicinus*)], *m.*: young chicken. — **-sinière**¹¹, *adj.*: (rare) having chickens: (*pop.*) *l'étoile —*, or *la —*, the constellation Pleiades; *f.*: chicken-box; incubator.

poussoir¹² [-sèr], *m.*: pusher (mechanism to be pushed).

† **poussolane**, see *pouzzolane*.

† **pout-de-soie**, see *pou-de-soi*.

pou-tre⁹ [p. L. **pullitra* (L. *pullus*, young)], *f.*: (old) filly; (now) beam (of wood or iron). — **-trelle**¹⁰, *f.*: small beam.

pou-voir⁹ [p. L. **potère* (L. *posse*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: be able; *se —*, be possible; *la liberté ne peut consister qu'à faire ce que l'on doit vouloir*, liberty can only consist in being able to do what one ought; *on ne peut plus*, no one can do better; *n'en — plus*, be at the end of the rope, be done up; (*se*) *saure qui peut*, every one for himself; *puissé-je de mes yeux y voir tomber ce foudre!* Oh, that I could with my own eyes see this lightning play! *je ne puis qu'y faire*, I am helpless in that matter; *vous ne pouvez pas que vous n'ayez raison*, you cannot possibly be wrong; *n'en — mais*, be helpless in the case, not to be responsible. — **-voir**¹¹, *m.*: POWER; control; authority: *avoir un —*, have power of attorney; *faîtes votre —*, do what you can.

§ Ind.: Pr. *peu-x* (or *puis* with questions, as: *puis-je?* with *ne*, as: *je ne puis*), *peu-x*, *peu-t*; *peu-sons*, *peu-vent*. Ipl. *pourrais*. Pret. *pur*. Fut. (Cond.) *pourrais* etc. — Subj.: Pr. *puisse*. Ipl. *puisse*. — Part.: Pr. *puissant*; P. *pu*. I've wanting.

pouzzolane¹⁰ [It. -na (village Pozzuoli)], *f.*: pozzuolana (volcanic ash or sand used in cement).

pragmatique¹⁴ [L. -ticus, Gr. -tikós], *adj.*: *la —* (sanction), pragmatic sanction, imperial edict.

prai-rial¹⁷, *=aux*, *m.*: Prairial, ninth month of the Republican calendar (fr. 20th May to 18th June). — **-rie**¹¹ [pré], *f.*: —, tract of treeless grassland or meadow.

prali-ne¹⁵ [Plessis-Praslin (whose cook first made this bonbon)], *f.*: —, confection of almond-kernels coated with sugar. — **-ner**¹⁷, *tr.*: brown with sugar: *amandes pralinées*, burnt almonds; *crème pralinée*, cream filled with powdered almonds.

prame¹⁷ [Ger. *prahm*], *f.*: praam, Dutch barge.

praticable¹⁸ [-tiquer], *adj.*: practicable; passable: *porte —*, real (not a false) door; *les —s*, the real or usable doors (not imitation) and windows, etc. — **-ticien**¹², *m.*: practitioner (practising physician or lawyer); rough-hewer (of marble). — **-tiquant**¹⁵ [-tiquer], *adj.*: practising. — **-tique**¹² [L. *practicus*, Gr. *praktikós*], *adj.*: practical; *un pilote — de la côte*, a pilot familiar with the coast; *f.*: practice (usage; custom; court's method); frequenting, visiting; *pratique* (vessel's permit fr. sanitary authorities); customer; Punch and Judy mouthpiece: *mettre en —*, put to use; *la libre — de sa religion*, free exercise of one's religion; *sourdes —s des Tarquins*, underhand methods of the Tarquins; *terme de —*, law-term. — **-tique-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: practically. — **-tiquer**¹², *tr.*: practice; use; effect; frequent; *intr.*: have free health permit (access to harbour).

pré⁹ [L. *pratium*], *m.*: meadow: — *salé*, salt farm (near the sea, and esteemed for grazing, saltiness of the grass improving the meat); *faire son — carré*, enlarge one's domain; *aller sur le —*, fight a duel (an allusion to *Pré-aux-clercs*, a duelling ground).

pré-alable¹⁸ [L. *pra*, before, Ofr. *alable* (aler, later Fr. *aller*) *infl.* by L. *praambul*, preamble], *adj.*: preliminary: *question —*, previous question (shutting off debate); *au —*, previously. — **-alablement**¹⁴, *adv.*: previously. — **-ambule**¹² [L. *praambul* (ambulare, walk)], *m.*: preamble, introductory statement.

préan¹¹ [pré], *m.*: (old) little meadow; (now) yard, court (of a prison or convent).

pré-bende¹⁸ [L. *præbenda*, things to be offered (L. *præbere*, offer)], *f.*: prebend (stated income, salary allotted to an ecclesiastic). — **-bende**¹⁸, *adj.*: prebendary. — **-bendier**¹⁸, *m.*: prebendary.

pré-caire¹⁵ [L. *precarius* (prez, PRAY-ER)], *adj.*: (in law) obtained by entreaty; precarious, untrustworthy: *un (bénéfice) —*, a revocable allowance; *la liberté — d'un esclave à qui l'on n'a rien commandé*, the uncertain liberty of a slave to whom one has given no orders. — **-cairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: precariously.

précau-tion¹⁶ [L. *præ*, before, *cautio*, caution], *f.*: precaution, care: — *oratoire*, oratorical turn (meant to make an audience favourable). — **-tionner**¹⁶, *tr.*: caution, warn; — **-tionné**, cautious.

précé-demment¹⁵ — **-dam**, *adv.*: earlier, previously, before. — **-dent**¹² [L. *præcedens*], *adj.*: preceding; *m.*: precedent, instance quotable. — **-der**¹³ [L. *præcedere*], *tr.*: precede; come or be before; excel.

préce-ginte¹² [OFr. *pourceindre*, enclose], *f.*: wale (stroke of planking around a ship).

précep-té¹¹ [L. *præceptum*], *m.*: precept, rule (esp.) for moral guidance. — **-teur**¹⁴, — **-trice** [L. *præceptor*], *m., f.*: preceptor, teacher; tutor. — **-toral**¹⁶ [L. *præceptor*, teacher], *adj.*: (rare) preceptorial. — **-torat**¹⁶ [L. *præceptor*], *m.*: tutoring, tutorship.

précession¹⁵ [L. *præcessio*], *f.*: precession.

prê-che¹⁵, *m.*: sermon, preaching; church audience. — **-cher**¹⁵ *prê* [L. *prædicare*], *tr.*: PREACH; preach to: — *l'avent*, preach a series of sermons during advent; — *dans le désert*, go unheeded; — *d'exemple*, preach by example; — *pour son saint*, speak in one's own interest; — *un converti*, argue to a man already convinced. — **-cheur**¹², — **-euse**, *m., f.*: adviser; †preacher.

pré-cieuse-ment¹⁵, *adv.*: preciously; prudishly; affectedly. — **-cien**¹⁰, — **-euse** [L. *tiosus*], *adj.*: costly; precious; affected; *m., f.*: affected person; *m.*: affectation; *f.*: bluestocking. — **-ciosité**¹² [L. *tiosus* (-tium, price)], *f.*: preciousness, affectedness.

préci-pice¹⁵ [L. *præcipitium*], *m.*: precipice (abrupt lofty cliff; ruin). — **-pitament**¹⁶, *adv.*: precipitately; rashly. — **-pitation**¹⁵ [L. *præcipitatio*], *f.*: precipitation (faction of casting down or falling; rash haste); precipitate. — **-piter**¹⁴ [L. *præcipitare*, fall head first (*præ*, before, *caput*, head)], *tr.*: precipitate (cast down; hurry indecently): *se —*, dash, rush.

préci-put¹⁵ [L. *præcipuum* (*præ*, before, *capere*, take)], that which is taken before the general distribution of property, *m.*: special portion (given by will, or set aside by marriage contract).

préci-s¹³ [L. *præcisus*, cut off (*præ*, before, *cadere*, cut)], *adj.*: precise, exact: *un —*, summary, condensed statement. — **-sément**¹³ [infl. by L. *præcisus*], *adv.*: precisely. — **-ser**¹³, *tr.*: fix exactly; *intr.*: be exact. — **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *præcisio*], *f.*: precision (†mental abstraction; exactness).

préité¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *citer*], *adj.*: aforesaid, above mentioned.

préco-ce¹⁵ [L. *præcox*, early ripe (cf.

abricot)], *adj.*: precocious; early: *enfant —*, child smart for its age. — **-cité**¹⁶, *f.*: precocity.

pré-compter¹⁴ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *compter*], *tr.*: deduct in advance. — **-con-**

-çu¹⁷ [concevoir], *adj.*: preconceived.

-conisation¹³ [coniser], *f.*: preconisation, public confirmation by the Pope.

-coniser¹³ [L. *præconizare* (L. *præco*, herald)], *tr.*: preconise, confirm (a bishop) in the consistory; praise. — **-cordial**¹⁵

[L. *præcordia*, diaphragm], *adj.*: pre-cordial. — **-coursur**¹⁴ [L. *præcursor*, (lit.) one who runs ahead], *m.*: forerunner, pre-cursor. — **-décéder**¹⁵ [décéder], *intr.*: die before another. — **-décès**¹⁶ [décès], *m.*: earlier death, preceding death. — **-déces-**

-seur¹² [L. *prædecessor*], *m.*: predecessor, one who goes before. — **-destination**¹¹

[L. *prædestinatio*], *f.*: predestination (destiny foreknown or determined; fate; doctrine that some are doomed fr. the beginning). — **-destiner**¹¹ [L. *prædestinare*], *tr.*: predestine, foreordain.

prédéterminant¹⁷, *adj.*: predetermining. — **-nation**¹⁶, *f.*: predetermination.

-ner¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, *determinari*, determine], *tr.*: predetermine.

prédi-cable¹⁵ [L. *prædicabilis*], *adj.*: predicable, affirmable; (rare) PREACHABLE.

-cament¹² [L. *prædicamentum*, asserted quality], *m.*: predicament (fam. †plight; predicable quality; category in logic).

-cant¹⁵ [L. *prædicans*, preaching], *m.*: (contempt) preacher. — **-cat**¹³ [L. *prædicatum*, assertion], *m.*: predicate, thing affirmed. — **-cateur**¹³ [L. *prædicator*], *m.*: proclaimer, PREACHER. — **-cation**¹¹ [L. *prædictio*], *f.*: preaching. — **-ction**¹⁵ [L. *prædictio* (dicere, say)], *f.*: prediction; foretelling.

prédilection¹⁵ [L. *prædictio* (L. *dilectio*, love)], *f.*: predilection.

prédire¹⁴ [L. *prædicere*, infl. by Fr. *dire*], *irr.* (cf. *dire*); *tr.*: predict, foretell, anticipate.

prédispo-sant¹³, *adj.*: predisposing. — **-ser**¹⁴ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *disposer*], *tr.*: predispose, render favourable towards.

-sition¹⁵ [disposition], *f.*: predisposition.

prédomi-nance¹⁵, *f.*: predominance. — **-nant**¹², *adj.*: predominant, strongest.

-ner¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, *dominari*, to rule], *intr.*: predominate, be strongest.

prémi-nence¹³ [L. *præ-eminencia*, (lit.) jutting out before], *f.*: preëminence, superiority. — **-nent**¹⁷ [L. *præminens*], *adj.*: prominent.

préemption¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, *emptio*, purchase], *f.*: preemption: *droit de —*, legal right to buy at a fixed price in preference to other buyers.

préétablir¹⁷ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *établir*], *tr.*: preestablish.

préexistant¹⁴ *adj.*: preëxisting.
-tence¹⁷ [existence], *f.*: preëxistence.
||-ter¹⁴ [L. *præ-existere*], *intr.*: pre-exist.

préface¹³ [L. *præ-fatio* (fari, speak)], *f.*: preface; introductory remarks; prelude to the mass.

préfec-toral¹³, *pl.* = **-aux** [*préfet* infl. by its L. *præfectus*], *adj.*: of a prefect, prefectural. **-ture**¹⁴ [L. *præfectura*], *f.*: prefecture, district office or dignity of prefect (see *préfet*).

préfé-rable¹⁶, *adj.*: preferable, to be chosen. **-rablement**¹⁶ [-rable], *adv.*: preferably, through choice. **-rence**¹³, *f.*: preference; choice: *de* (or *ïpar*) —, preferably. **||-rer**¹³ [L. *præferre*, (lit.) carry before], *tr.*: prefer, choose: — (*ïde*) mourir, rather die.

préfet¹¹ [L. *præfectus*], *m.*: prefect, chief: (fam.) *la préfete*, the chief's wife.

pré-finir¹⁵ [L. *præfinire* (*præ*, before, *finire*, finish), *tr.*: limit in advance (cf. obs. Eng. *prefine*). **-fix**¹³, *i.* **-ixe** [L. *præfixus*], *adj.*: set, fixed, appointed: *donaire* —, marriage settlement agreed upon. **2.-fixe**¹⁷ [L. *præ*, before, *fixus*, fixed], *adj.*: prefixed; *m.*: prefix, particle placed before a word to form a new word, e.g. *re-tell*. **-fixion**¹³ [L. *præfixio*], *f.*: prefixion, prefixing.

† **prégnant**, see *pregnant*.

pregnante¹⁵ [L. *præ-gnans* (ak. to *genere*, beget) = OFr. *prein*], *adj.*, *f.*: pregnant, with child: *construction* —, wording implying more than it says.

préhension¹⁷ [L. *prehensio*, seizing], *f.*: prehension, grasping (physically or mentally).

préhistorique¹³ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *historique*], *adj.*: prehistoric.

† **pregnant**¹⁵ [OFr. *preindre* (L. *premere*, press)], *adj.*: pressing.

préjudi-ce¹² [L. *præ-judicium*, hasty judgment; harm], *m.*: prejudice, injury: *sans* — *de*, without impairing. **-ciable**¹³ [-cier], *adj.*: injurious. **-cial**¹³ [L. *præ-judicialis*], *adj.*: preceding the judgment: *frais préjudiciaux*, costs payable before the trial. **-cier**¹³ [L. *præ-judicium*], *intr.*: prejudice, be injurious.

préju-gé¹⁵, *m.*: prejudice (opinion formed beforehand or without critical judgment). **||-ger**¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *juger*, decide], *tr.*: prejudice; assume, presume, judge offhand.

pré-lart¹⁵ or **1.prélat** [?], *m.*: tarpaulin, canvas for covering wagons, etc., fr. sun or rain.

pré-lasser¹⁵ [-lat], *reflex.*: *se* —, march along with gravity.

1.prélat = *prélat*.

2.pré-lat¹¹ [L. *prælatus*, borne ahead], *m.*: prelate, high dignity of the Roman church. **-lation**¹² [L. *prælatio*], *f.*: preferment, first right to come into possession. **-lature**¹³, *f.*: =, prelacy, office of prelate; body of prelates.

prêle¹² [*âpre*(lle)], *f.*: equisetum, horsetail, or scouring-rush.

pré-legs¹⁶ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *legs*], *m.*: special legacy (set aside before the division of the inheritance). **-léguer**¹⁶ [L. *prælegare*], *tr.*: bequeath by special legacy.

prêler¹⁶ [*prêle*], *tr.*: rub with scouring-rush.

pré-lèvement¹⁵, *m.*: setting aside, exemption. **||-lever**¹⁶ [L. *prælevare*], *tr.*: set aside (fr. the general distribution of property). **-libation**¹⁷ [L. *prælibatio*, testing beforehand], *f.*: prelibation (foretaste; preliminary offering; right claimed by a feudal lord to a vassal's bride the first night).

prélimi-naire¹⁶ [L. *præliminaris* (*præ*, before, *limen*, threshold)], *adj.* or *m.*: preliminary. **-nairement**¹⁷, *adv.*: (rare) preliminarily.

pré-lire¹⁷ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *lire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: read (proof) first time (i.e. before author reads it). **-lude**¹⁵ [L. *præ-ludium*], *m.*: prelude (opening strain or act before the main action or music). **-luder**¹⁶ [L. *præ-ludere*], *intr.*: prelude, try (one's self or a song, music, the voice) beforehand.

prématuré¹⁶ [L. *præ-maturatus*, ripe too soon], *adj.*: premature; untimely. **-ré-ment**¹⁶ [infl. by L. *præmature*], *adv.*: prematurely. **†-rité**¹⁵ [L. *maturitas*, ripeness], *f.*: prematurity.

prémédi-tation¹³ [L. *præmeditatio*], *f.*: premeditation, thinking, planning beforehand. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *præmeditari*], *tr.*: premeditate, plan in advance.

primées⁹ [p. L. *primitivæ* (L. *primus*, first)], *f. pl.*: first fruits; firstlings; (poet.) libation: *toujours la tyrannie a d'heureuses* —, tyranny always makes a pleasant debut.

præ-mier⁹, **-sière** [L. *primarius* (*primus*, first)], *adj.* or *noun* or *adv.*: first: *au* — *abord*, at first sight; *le* — (*jour*) *du mois*, the first (day) of the month; *le* — *venu*, the first one that comes along, anybody; *assister à une première* (representation), attend the first night; *le* — *pris*, the first one caught (in a game); *avoir l'air d'un* — *venu*, have a forsaken look; *être aux premières* (loges), be in the first

boxes at the theatre; *tomber la tête la première*, fall head first; *les —s rôles*, the leading role; *un jeune —*, an actor, player of lovers' parts; *en —*, first of all; — *né*, first born; *au — (étage)*, on the first floor; *la matière première*, raw material; the subject matter; *les premières voies*, the stomach and intestines; *le — ministre*, the premier or prime minister; *la première (épreuve)*, the first proof (of a printed work); † — *que d'avoir mal ils trouvent le remède*, before being sick they find the remedy. — *mièrement*¹⁰, *adv.*: first, in the first place.

prémisses¹² [L. L. *præmissa*, sc. *sententia*], *pl. f.*: premises (of a syllogism).

pré-moitoire¹³ [L. *præ*, before, Fr., *monitoire*], *adj.*: premonitory, warning; *symptôme —*, very early symptom. — **mo-tion**¹⁷ [L. *præmotio*], *f.*: pre-determination, first impulse (given by God to the will). — **munir**¹³ [L. *præmunire*, defend in front], *tr.*: fortify, prepare: *se — contre le froid*, prepare for cold.

pré-nable¹¹, *adj.*: (fam.) take-able: *on a eu vous prendre par l'endroit seul que vous êtes —*, they managed to take you at the only point where you could be taken.

— **nant**¹¹, *adj.*: taking; receiving (money); grasping; taking hold, beginning: *zingé à queue prenante*, prehensile-tailed monkey. || **pre-ndre**¹¹ [p. L. **prendere* (L. *prehendere*)], *irr. §*; *tr.*, *intr.*: take (grasp; seize; catch; capture; receive; accept; use; eat; drink; get; usurp; steal); understand; congeal; curdle; prosper; be effective; take hold: *se —*, to stick, to freeze, solidify; *s'en — à*, to blame; *se — à*, go at; attack; *se — le doigt dans une porte*, catch one's finger in the door; *bon à prendre, bon à rendre*, take all that is offered, you can give back what you don't want; — *congé*, take leave; — *les avis*, collect the votes; — *la clef des champs*, to abscond; — *du tabac*, take snuff; — *sur le fait*, take in the very act; — *fait et cause pour quelqu'un*, take one's side; *cela prend forme*, that begins to take shape; — *les devants*, go before; — *naissance*, take its rise; *vouloir — la lune avec les dents*, attempt the impossible; — *ses jambes à son cou*, lift the legs high, run hard; (fam.) *ou avez vous pris cela*, where did you get that idea? *à tout —*, considering everything, on the whole; — *le large*, stand out to sea; — *terre*, to land; — *le vent*, sail close to the wind; — *sur le temps*, thrust at one in fencing just as he is making a move or attack; *je vous y prends*, now I have caught you! — *sur son sommeil pour travailler*, shorten one's

sleep in order to work; *vous prenez à tâche de me désobéir*, you out of your way to disobey me. — **neur**¹¹, — **seur**, *m., f.*: taker (receiver); catcher; buyer, etc.).

§ *Ind.*: Pr. *prends*, *ds. -d*; *pre-nant, -nent*, *Imp. prénais*, *Imp. (Cond.) pren-drais*. Prét. *prit*. — Subj.: Pr. *prenne, -nes, -ne*; *pre-nions, -nies, -nent*, *Imp. prise*, *1've prends*. — Part.: Pr. *prenant*; P. *pris*.

pré-nom¹⁶ [fr. L. 'fore-name'], *m.*: praenomen, given name. — **no-tion**¹⁵ [L. *prænotio*], *f.*: prenotation, conjectural idea.

— **occupation**¹⁵ [L. *præoccupatio*], *f.*: preoccupation, absent-mindedness; †pre-conceived idea. — **oc-cuper**¹³ [L. *præoccupare*], *tr.*: preoccupy (absorb, engross with anxiety; prepossess; †take first): *les miracles ont préoccupé la créance*, miracles have paved the way for faith; *esprit préoccupé*, pre-engaged mind. — **op-inant**¹⁶, — **ante** [*-opiner*], *m., f.*: the preceding speaker, the last speaker on the floor. — **op-iner**¹⁷, *intr.*: give one's opinion first, speak previously.

pré-or-dination¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, *ordinatio*, arrangement], *f.*: preordination, predestination. — **don-ner**¹⁴ [L. *præ*, Fr. *ordonner*], *tr.*: fore-ordain.

prépa-rant¹⁵, *adj.*: preparatory: (esp.) *vaisseaux —s*, spermatic ducts. — **ra-teur**¹⁵, *m.*: preparer; assistant. — **ra-tif**¹³, — **ive**, *adj.*: preparative; *m.*: preparation. — **ra-tion**¹² [L. *præparatio*], *f.*: preparation (getting or making ready; thing prepared). — **ra-toire**¹³ [L. *præparatorius*], *adj.*: preparatory; †*m.*: preparation. — **ra-rer**¹³ [L. *præparare* (*præ*, before, *parare*, make ready)], *tr.*: prepare (get or make ready; arrange; exploit).

prépondé-rance¹⁷, *f.*: preponderance. || — **rant**¹⁷ [L. *præponderans*, outweighing], *adj.*: preponderant (heavier; more powerful).

prépo-ser¹⁵ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *poser*], *tr.*: put before (prefix; set over as keeper): *le -sé*, custom-house officer. — **si-tif**¹³, — **ive** [L. *præpositivus*, set before], *adj.*: prepositive; like a preposition. — **si-tion**¹¹ [L. *præpositio*], *f.*: preposition (such as *in*, *on*, *for*). — **te-nee**¹⁴ [L. *præpotentia*], *f.*: (rare) prepotency, greater power.

prépuee¹⁴ [L. *præputium* (Gr. *pōthe*)], *m.*: prepucce, foreskin.

prérogative¹³ [L. *prærogativa*], *f.*: prerogative, special privilege or right: *les pauvres ont une — dans l'église*, in the church the poor come first.

près⁹ [L. *pressus*, pressed, close], *adv.*: near: — *de*, *prep.*: near by, close; by the side; nearly, about, almost; in comparison; *à cela —*, except that; *à peu —*, very near, nearly, almost; *à beaucoup —*,

by a great deal, by far (with *ne*, far from);
 † — *à* —, side by side; *gouverner au plus* —, steer nearer to the wind; *de* —, close, close at hand; *tondu de* —, close shorn; *avoir la tête — du bonnet*, be very cross; — *de* —, *ce sont des sots que tous les hommes*, compared to you all men are fools.

pré-sage¹⁴ [L. *prasagium* (*pra-sagire*, know beforehand)], *m.*: presage, omen; sign; prophecy: *prendre à bon* —, take as a good sign. — **sager**¹⁵, *tr.*: presage, indicate; infer. — **sanctifier**¹⁶ [L. *pra*, before, Fr. *sanctifier*], *tr.*: consecrate beforehand: *messe des présanctifiés*, mass on Good Friday for which the eucharist has already been blessed.

pres-byte¹⁰ [Gr. *-bûtes*, old man], *m., f.*: presbyope; *adj.*: far-sighted. — **bytéral**¹¹, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *byteralis*], *adj.*: presbyterial, of a PRIEST. — **bytère**¹¹ [L. *byterium*], *m.*: presbyterium, house or apartments of the clergy. — **bytérianisme**¹⁷ [*byterien*], *m.*: Presbyterianism. — **bytérien**¹⁷, = **ienne** [L. *byter*, elder, PRIEST], *m., f.*: Presbyterian, one who believes in church government without bishops and priests. — **bytie**¹⁸, *f.*: presbytia, near-sightedness.

prescience¹² [L. *pra-scientia*, knowing beforehand], *f.*: =, knowledge of the future.

prescriptible¹⁶, *adj.*: =, that can be done away with by limitation. — **cription**¹², *f.*: = (order; legal limitation): *rien ne fait — contre le droit divin*, nothing can abrogate a divine law. — **crire**¹⁴ [L. *prescribere*, to direct], *irr.* (cf. *écrire*), *tr.*: prescribe (order; do away with by time limit, annul).

préséance¹⁶ [L. *pra*, before, Fr. *séance*], *f.*: precedence, right of ranking first: *se disputer la —*, dispute over their rank.

présence⁹ [L. *praesentia*], *f.*: presence (†personal appearance; state of being in a place): *en* —, face to face; — *d'esprit*, presence of mind; *faire acte de* —, appear for a moment; *la — réelle*, the actual presence in body and blood of Christ in the eucharist. — **sent**⁹, = **ente** [L. *praesens*], *adj.*: present; *m.*: present (time or tense): *les —s*, those present; *la mémoire —e*, a ready memory.

présent⁹, *m.*: present, gift. — **table**¹⁷, *adj.*: (*fam.*) presentable, fit to be presented. — **tateur**¹⁸, = **trice**, *m., f.*: presenter. — **tation**¹², *f.*: presentation (proffering; offering; introduction). — **tement**¹² [*-t*], *adv.*: presently, now. — **ter**⁹ [L. *praesentare*], *tr.*: present (proffer; offer; give; introduce); *try*, fit: *se —*, appear; conduct one's self; — *une glace*, set a mirror up to see how it looks.

préser-vateur¹⁵, = **trice**, *adj.*: preserving. — **vatif**¹², = **ive**, *adj.*: preservative: *un (remède) —*, a safeguard. — **vation**¹², *f.*: preservation. — **ver**¹⁸ [L. *praeservare* (*pra*, before, *servare*, save)], *tr.*: preserve, keep, protect.

prési-de¹⁸ [Sp. *presidio* (L. *praesidium*, garrison)], *m.*: presidio (garrisoned post used for penal purposes). — **dence**¹² [*-dent*], *f.*: presidency. — **dent**¹², = **ente** [L. *praesidens*], *m., f.*: president; chairman; *f.*: president's wife. — **dentiel**¹², = **elle** [*-dence*], *adj.*: presidential, of a president. — **der**¹⁴ [L. *pra-sidere* (*pra*, before, *sedere*, sit)], *intr.*: preside, be president; *tr.*: preside over, direct, conduct: — *aux conseils*, preside over the deliberations; — *aux opérations du recrutement*, attend to the operations of recruiting; — *une assemblée*, conduct a meeting. — **dial**¹⁴, = **aux** [L. *praesidialis*, of a *praeses* or governor], *adj.*: *une siége* (or *tribunal*) —, lower court; *cas —*, case from a lower court, an appealed case. — **dialement**¹⁶ [*-dial*], *adv.*: without appeal.

† **presle** wrong for *prêle*.

présomp-tif¹⁴, = **ive** [L. *praesumptivus*], *adj.*: presumptive, warranting belief. — **tion**¹² [L. *praesumptio* (*pra*, before, *sumere*, take)], *f.*: presumption: — *de la loi*, presumption of law (such as the innocence of a babe); — *à sacrifier sans les prêtres*, overweening boldness of sacrificing without priests. — **tuement**¹⁴ [*-tueux*], *adv.*: presumptuously. — **tureur**¹¹, = **ense** [L. *praesumptuosus*], *adj.*: presumptuous (overbold; insolent).

pres-que¹² or **poet.** **présques** [*près, que*], *adv.*: almost, nearly; about: — *personne*, hardly anybody. — **qu'île**¹⁵ [*île*], *f.*: peninsula.

pressamment¹⁶, *adv.*: pressingly, urgently. — **sant**¹⁶ [*-ser*], *adj.*: pressing; urging; impetuous: *le péril est —*, the danger is near at hand. — **pres-se**¹⁰ [*-ser*], *f.*: press (crowd; squeezing; urgency; printing-machine; cider-mill; newspapers; impressment of men, forced enlistment): *mettre en* (or *à la*) —, to pawn; *mettre sous* —, have printed; *la — y est*, it is crowded there; *il n'y a pas de —*, there is no hurry.

2.†presse¹⁸ [Prov. *pressée* (L. *persicum*)], *m. (f.)*: clingstone PEACH.

†pres-sement¹⁵ [*-ser*], *m.*: pressing.

† **sément** = **samment**.

pressen-timent¹⁵, *m.*: presentiment, foreboding (feeling that some misfortune is near at hand). — **†tir**¹⁵ [L. *pra-sentire*, feel beforehand], *tr.*: have misgivings of; anticipate; sound, pump: — *se*

fin, forebode, foresee one's own death; — *quelqu'un*, approach one to discover his views.

pres-se-papiers¹³, *m.*: paper-weight (to keep papers from flying). **||-ser**^o [p. L. *-sare* (L. *premere*)], *tr.* or *intr.*: press (push; bear on; squeeze; condense; crowd; urge; crush; drive; hurry; impress into service): — *sur son cœur*, press to one's heart; *il ne faut pas — les enfants*, children need not be crowded (in their education); *une lettre pressée*, an urgent letter; — *trop une comparaison*, carry a comparison too far. **-sion**¹⁷ [-se], *m.*: pressman. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: pressure (pressing; constraint). **†-sis**¹⁵, *m.*: juice; gravy. **-soir**^o [p. L. *-sōrium*], *m.*: press (for making cider, olive oil, wine); (*humor*) money-making device. **-surage**¹² [-surer], *m.*: pressing (of grapes, etc.). **-sure**¹² [-soir], *tr.*: press (grapes, etc.); oppress; squeeze (for money). **-surer**¹², = **ense** [-surer], *m.*, *f.*: presser: *†trogne de —*, debauched-looking face.

pres-tance¹⁶ [It. *-tanza*], *f.*: stateliness, majestic bearing. **-tant**¹⁶ [It. *-tante*, excellent], *m.*: = (the open diapason of an organ). **-tation**¹⁵ [L. *prædatio* (*præstare*, furnish)], *f.*: = — *de vivres aux soldats*, to provision soldiers; — *en nature*, work done to pay road-tax; — *de serment*, taking of an oath.

pres-te¹⁶ [It. *-to*], *adj.*: nimble, prompt; clever; *adv.*: quick. **-tment**¹⁶, *adv.*: nimbly; quickly. **-tesse**¹⁵ [It. *-tezza*], *f.*: agility, quickness. **-tigitateur**¹⁵ [L. *digitus*, finger], *m.*: prestidigitator, magician. **-tigitation**¹⁵ [L. *digitus*], *f.*: =, magic, tricks.

pres-tige¹⁶ [L. *præstigium*, sleight of hand], *m.*: = (standing based on known achievement; ascendant influence); illusion; magic. **-tigneur**¹⁵, = **ense** [L. *præstigiōsus*, *adj.*: charming; influential; illusive.

prestimonie¹⁶ [L. L. *præstimonium*, loan], *f.*: prestimony (private endowment for a priest).

prestolet¹⁶ or **†-lé** [?], *m.*: priestling.

présu¹⁴ [OFr. *pre-savoir*, know beforehand], *past part.*: known beforehand; foreseen.

présu-mable¹⁷, *adj.*: presumable. **||-mer**¹¹ [L. *præsumere*, take beforehand], *tr.*: presume, believe probable, suppose: — *trop de soi*, to assume too much. **pré-suppo-ser**¹³ [L. *præ*, before, Fr. *supposer*], *tr.*: presuppose. **-sition**¹⁵ [L. *præ*, Fr. *supposition*], *f.*: presupposition.

présure^o [p. L. **presūra*, curdling (L. *preus*, caught)], *f.*: rennet, ferment.

1. prês^o, = **ête** [p. L. **præstus* (L. *præsto*, at hand, here)], *adj.*: ready: — *d* (or *†de*) *sortir*, ready to leave; *se tenir —*, keep prepared. **2. prêt**¹¹ [-ter], *m.*: (old) preparation; purveyance for the king's table; (*now*) loan; advance pay.

prêtantaine¹⁶ [?], *f.*: *courir la —*, gad about, run around everywhere.

pré-tendant¹⁴, = **ante**, *m.*, *f.*: pretender; wooer. **||-tendre**¹⁴ [L. *præ-tendere*, stretch before], *tr.*: pretend (claim; woo; pursue; intend); *intr.*: pretend to: *sa prétendue*, his intended or future wife; *un prétendu bel esprit*, a would-be wit; *la religion prétendue réformée*, Protestantism (so called by Catholics).

prête-nom¹⁷ [préter], *m.*: name-lender (proxy who acts as if for himself to conceal real negotiator).

†prétentaine = **pretantaine**.

préten-tieur¹⁶, = **ense**, *adj.*: pretentious. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *præ-tendere*, extend before], *f.*: pretention, claim; intention.

préter^o [L. *præ-stare*, (lit.) stand before], *tr.*: lend; grant; give; ascribe; *intr.*: stretch, give; give occasion: — *à la critique*, to expose one's self to criticism; — *serment*, take an oath; — *main forte à*, assist.

prétéri-t¹² [L. *præteritum* (*præter-ire*, go beyond)], *m.*: preterit (tense). **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *præteritio*] or **prétermission**¹⁵ [L. *prætermisio*], *f.*: preterition; omission; prætermisio.

préteur¹² [L. *prætor* for *præ-itor*, one going before], *m.*: prætor (high official amongst the ancient Romans).

préteur¹², = **ense** [-ter], *m.*: lender.

1. prétéx-te [L. *præ-textus*, woven in front, bordered], *m.*: pretext, pretence. **2. -te**¹³ [L., lit., bordered gown], *f.*: prætexta, tunic (bordered with purple, and worn by noblemen). **-ter**¹⁶, *tr.*: (old) explain falsely; (*now*) use as a pretext: — *son âge*, use his age as an excuse.

prêtin-taille¹⁷ [?], *f.*: furbelow, plaited flounce or border; accessories, extras. **†-tailler**¹⁶, *tr.*: flounce, adorn with a furbelow.

pré-toire¹¹ [L. *prætorium*], *m.*: prætorium (tent of a prætor; court held by prætor or a justice); imperial guard. **-torien**¹³, = **enne** [L. *prætorius*], *adj.*: prætorian: *les —s*, soldiers of prætor's guard.

pré-traile¹⁵, *f.*: (*contempt.*) priesthood. **||pré-tre**^o [L. *presbyter* (Gr. *presbýteros*, elder)], *m.*: PRIEST. **-tresse**¹¹, *f.*: priestess. **-trise**¹⁴, *f.*: priesthood (office or dignity of priest; body of priests).

préture¹⁶ [L. *prætura*], *f.*: prætorship.

preuve^o [p. L. *proba* (L. *probare*, prove)], *f.*: proof, test.

preux¹³ [p. L. **prod* (?)], *adj.*: doughty, gallant; *m.*: valiant man.

prévaloir¹⁴ [L. *præ-valere*, *irr.* §; *intr.*: prevail: *se* — *de quelque chose*, make a thing count; boast of, glory in a thing.

§ Like *valoir*, except that the Pr. Subj. is *prévaille*, etc. (not *prévaille*).

prévaricateur¹⁵, **-trier** [L. *prævaricator*], *m., f.*: prevaricator, deceiver. **-cation**¹¹ [L. *prævaricatio*], *f.*: prevarication. **-quer**¹¹ [L. *præ-varicari*, walk crooked], *intr.*: prevaricate, deceive.

prévenance¹⁷ [-*nant*], *f.*: ready courtesy. **-nant**¹⁶, *adj.*: preceding; obliging, kind; prepossessing: *la grâce* — *e*, predisposing grace. **-nir**⁶ [L. *præ-venire*, come before], *irr.* (cf. *venir*, *tr.*: precede; anticipate; PREVENT; inform beforehand; bias; predispose: *se* —, be prejudiced, have one's mind made up in advance; *se* — *en faveur de quelqu'un*, take a liking to any one; *un prévenu*, an accused person; *monsieur prévient en sa faveur*, the gentleman has a pleasing presence.

préven-tif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *præventum* (supine of *prævenire*)], *adj.*: preventive. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *præventio*], *f.*: prevention (†antecedence; precedence; hindrance); prepossession; prejudice; predisposition; arraignment; accusation. **-tivement**¹⁵ [-*tif*], *adv.*: under suspicion; in a way to prevent.

pré-vision¹³ [L. *præ-visio* (L. *præ-videre*, see beforehand)], *f.*: prevision (foresight; anticipation). **-voir**¹² [L. *præ-videre*], *irr.* (cf. *voir*, but Fut.-Cond. *voirai*(s); *tr.*: foresee; anticipate).

prévô-t⁶ [L. *præ-positus*, set before], *m.*: PROVOST (†king's agent; overseer; judge; warden; assistant; assistant fencing-master). **-tal**¹⁶, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: of a provost. **-talement**¹⁶ [-*tal*], *adv.*: by provost court. **-té**¹¹, *f.*: provostry (jurisdiction of a provost).

pré-voyance¹⁵ [prévoir], *f.*: foresight. **-voyant**¹⁶ [prévoir], *adj.*: foreseeing; PROVIDENT.

priant¹⁶ [prier], *adj.*: (rare) praying. **prîa-pée**¹⁵ [L. *præ-ia*, fête in honour of the god Priapus], *f.*: obscene picture or poem. **-pisme**¹⁵ [L. *præ-ismus*, Gr. *præ-ismos*], *m.*: priapismus, morbid erection.

prie-dieu¹⁶ or **†prié-dieu**, *m.*: = (kneeling or praying desk); time of prayer. **†prier**⁶ [p. L. **precāre* (L. *per-cāri*)], *tr.* or *intr.*: PRAY (beseech; implore; importune; adore); invite: *se faire* — *pour faire quelque chose*, to make one ask many times for a thing: — *quelqu'un d' diner*, ask one to come to dine; — *quelqu'un de dîner*, ask one to stay to

dine. **†prière**⁶ [p. L. **precaria* (L. *prex*)], *f.*: prayer (adoration; request; petition).

†pri-eur¹¹ [fr. L.], *m., f.*: prior (monastic officer). **-euré**¹¹, *m.*: priory (convent under a prior or prioress); priorate.

primage¹⁷ [prime, PREMIUM], *m.*: =, hat-money (bonus paid to a captain or ship-owner).

†pri-maire¹³ [L. *-marius*], *adj.*: primary, of the beginning. **†-mat**¹¹ [L. *-mas*], *m.*: primate (prelate of high rank, hav'g authority over bishops). **-matial**¹⁶, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =. **-matie**¹⁵, *f.*: primacy. **-mauté**¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, first], *f.*: primacy; preëminence; advantage (of the eldest hand at cards): *gagner quelqu'un de* —, to anticipate any one. **1-me**¹⁷ [L. *-mus*], *adj.*: = (†first, hav'g one mark, as *a*; cf. *a'*, *a''*, etc.; *f.*: first canonical hour; beginning period; best part; thrust or guard in which a fencer holds his hand high: *de* — *abord*, at first; *de* — *face*, primâ facie; *de* — *saut*, all at once, at first brush.

2-prime¹⁶ [fr. Eng.], *f.*: premium (price of insurance; prize money; reward; award; price in excess of par value).

3-prime⁶ [for *prisme*], *f.*: pebble (glass).

1-primer¹⁵ [-*me*, PREMIUM], *tr.*: reward.

2-pri-mer¹⁵ [-*me*, first], *intr.*: be first, lead. **-me-sautier**¹¹, **-ière** [OFr. *prin-sautier*], *adj.*: prompt, ready-witted. **-neur**¹² [-*me*], *f.*: newness; earliness; prime; firstlings (early fruit, flowers or vegetables). **-mevère**⁶ [p. L. *prima vera*, early spring (L. *pl.*)], *f.*: primrose; †spring.

†primi-cé-riat¹⁷, *m.*: office of dean. **-cier**⁶ [L. *cærius* (primus, first, cera, wax), first name on a wax tablet, hence: chief, leader], *m.*: dean (in certain churches). **-di**¹⁷ [L. *dies*, day], *m.*: Primidi, first day of the decade in the calendar of the French Republic. **-pare**¹⁵ [L. *-para* (parere, bring forth)], *f.*: primipara, mother for the first time. **-pil-laire**¹⁵, or **-pile** [L. *-pilaris* or *-pilus*], *m.*: Roman centurion (in command of the first manipule). **-tif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: primitive. **-tivement**¹⁴ [-*tif*], *adv.*: primitively, originally.

†primogéniture¹¹ [L. *-genitus*, first born], *f.*: primogeniture, birthright, seniority.

†primordia¹⁴, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-lis* (primordium, beginning)], *adj.*: =. **-le-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: (rare) originally, primordially. **-lité**¹⁵, *f.*: primordiality, quality of being at the beginning.

†primula-cées¹⁵ [L. *-la*, primrose (L. *primus*, first)], *f. pl.*: primulaeae.

†prin⁶ [L. *primus*], *adj.*: *de* — *saut*, or

d'un — saut, or de prinsaut, all at once, right at first.

prin-ce¹¹, **-cesse**¹¹ [L. *princeps*, chief], m., f.: prince, princess: *les —s des apôtres*, Peter and Paul. **-eeps**¹² [L.], adj.: édition —, first edition. **-erie**¹², f.: (fam.) princedom. **-erie**¹² [princier, dean], f.: deanship. **-ier** = **primier**. **-ier**¹², **-ière**, adj.: princely.

princi-pal¹⁰, pl. **-aux** [L. *-palis*], adj.: = (most important; m.: chief person or thing; capital, loan). **-palement**¹¹, adj.: principally. **-palité**¹², f.: principalship (of a school). **-pat**¹² [L. *-patus*], m.: princedom; imperial dignity. **-pauté**¹² [L. *princeps*], f.: principality.

princi-pe¹² [L. *-pium*], m.: beginning, origin, source; cause; principle; reason; rule: *le — de la vie*, the life principle. **-pieule**¹² or **-pion** [L. *princeps*, prince], m.: (contempt.) princelet.

prin-tanier¹², **-ière**, adj.: of spring: *la saison printanière*, the spring; *potage —*, vegetable soup. **-temps**¹¹ [prin, temps], m.: springtime; (fig.) youth.

priori, see *à priori*. **priorité**¹² [L. *prioritas*], f.: priority, right or fact of being first.

prisable¹² [-ser], adj.: (rare) estimable. **prise**¹¹ [prendre], f.: seizure; capture; taking; what one takes; grasp; hold: purchase; pinch; dose; quarrel: *être aux —s*, have hold of each other, fight; *lâcher —*, let go; *donner — à*, expose one's self to; *— de longe*, wound on the pastern fr. rope or tether; *— de corps*, arrest.

pri-ée¹², f.: valuation, appraisal. **1. -ser**¹⁰ [L. *pretiare* (pretium, price)], tr.: APPRAISE, set a value on; estimate high.

2. pri-ser¹² [prise, a pinch], tr.: to snuff; intr.: use snuff. **1. -seur**¹², **-euse**, m., f.: user of snuff.

2. priseur¹² [-ser, APPRAISE], m.: appraiser.

prismatique¹², adj.: prismatic. **|| prism-**¹⁰ [Gr. *prisma* (prizein, to saw)], m.: prism (solid hav'g equal parallel ends; the optical instrument).

pri-son¹⁰ [p. *prensis* (L. *pre-hensio*, capture)], f.: = (place of captivity; captivity). **-sonnier**¹¹, **-ière**, m., f.: prisoner.

pri-vance, see *privauté*. **-vatif**¹², **-ive** [L. *-vativus*], adj.: privative, depriving: *alpha —*, the letter *a* in Greek words such as *a-symmetrie*; *particule —e*, any such particle as *un-*, *in-*, *less*, etc. **-vation**¹² [L. *-ratio*], f.: =, lacking; want. **†-vativement**¹² [-vatif], adv.: exclusively, apart. **-vauté**¹¹ [-vé], f.: great intimacy; familiarity: *prendre —s*,

take liberties, be very familiar. **-vé**¹⁰ [L. *-vatus*], adj.: private; tame; m.: †private life; privacy; privy: *conseil —*, privy council. **-vément**¹¹ [-vé], adv.: privately; familiarly. **-ver**¹⁰ [L. *-vare*], tr.: †tame, domesticate; deprive. **-vilège**¹¹ [L. *-vilegium* (privus-lex, law for an individual)], m.: privilege, special right; licence. **-vilégier**¹² [L. *-vilegium*], tr.: privilege, favour with a right or licence: *les privilégiés*, the privileged, those enjoying special favours; *autel privilégié*, altar of indulgences.

priz¹⁰ [L. *pretium*], m.: PRICE; reward; prize; *n'avoir pas de —*, be priceless; *hors de —*, excessively dear; *à tout —*, at any price; *à vil —*, at a low price, very cheap.

probabi-lisme¹⁷ [L. *-lis*, probable], m.: probabilism, the doctrine that it is enough to follow authority or accept the most probable thing. **-liste**¹² [L. *-lis*], m., f.: probabilist. **-lité**¹² [L. *-litas*], f.: probability, likelihood; chances.

pro-bable¹¹ [L. *-babilis*], adj.: =, likely; m.: what is likely. **-balement**¹², adv.: probably. **-bant**¹² [L. *-bans*], adj.: proving, probatory; convincing. **-bation**¹² [L. *-batio*], f.: =, testing period of a new convert.

probatique¹² [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kós* (probaton, beast)], adj.: piscine —, washing pool (where Jewish priests washed the sacrificial animals).

probatoire¹⁷ [L. *-torius*], adj.: probatory, testing: *†acte —*, examination (which warrants a degree).

pro-be¹² [L. *-bus*], adj.: honest. **-bité**¹² [L. *-bitas*], f.: probity, honesty.

pro-blématique¹² [L. *-blematicus*, Gr. *-blematikós*], adj.: problematic, doubtful. **-blématiquement**¹² [-blématique], adv.: problematically. **|| -blème**¹² [L. *-blema*, Gr. *-bléma*], m.: problem.

probos-cide¹² [L. *-cis*, Gr. *-keis*], f.: proboscis, trunk. **-cidiens**¹², m. pl.: proboscidiens (elephants, tapirs, etc.).

pro-cède¹², m.: actions, manners; process; †preliminaries of a duel; leather tip (of a billiard cue). **|| -céder**¹² [L. *-cedere*], intr.: proceed. **-cédure**¹², f.: procedure, legal rules and methods. **-cès**¹² [L. *-cessus*], m.: lawsuit; prosecution; process (cf. *processus*). **-cessif**¹², **-ive** [-cès], adj.: litigious; fond of lawsuits.

proces-sion¹⁰ [L. *-sio*, going forward], f.: = (array of people, or vehicles, etc., moving in line; issuing forth of the Holy Ghost fr. God). **-sionnaire**¹², adj.: processionary; *chenilles —s*, processionary caterpillar (which marches in wedge-shaped files). **-sionnal**¹², pl. **-aux**, m.: processionary, book of prayers to be read

during processions. **-sionnel**¹⁵, = **elle**,
adj.: processional. **-sionnellement**¹⁵,
adv.: in procession.

pro-cessus¹⁵ [L.], m.: marching forward;
process, eminence (as of the end of a
bone). **-cès-verbal**¹⁶, pl. **-aux**, m.:
= (detailed official report; minutes).

pro-chain¹¹, = **aine**, adj.: near, next;
present: **le mois** —, next month; m.:
neighbour. **-chainement**¹¹ [**-chain**],
adv.: soon, presently. || **pro-che**⁹ [L.
propius, nearer], adv. or adj.: near; near
by; soon: **de — en —**, from place to
place, gradually; — **de**, near to; **le caprice**
est, dans les femmes, tout — de la beauté,
beautiful women are apt to be capricious;
les —, near relatives.

prochronisme¹⁷ [Gr. *prō*, before, *chrō-*
nos, time], m.: prochronism, ante-dating.

proclamation¹⁸ [L. *-matio*], f.: = (de-
claration; address to the nation): **la — du**
résultat d'un scrutin, the announcement
of the vote. **-mer**¹⁵ [L. *-mare* (*pro*,
before, *clamare*, cry out)], tr.: proclaim,
announce.

pro-clitique¹⁸ [as if fr. Gr. **proklitikós*
(cf. *enclitique*)], adj.: proclitic: **un (mot)**
—, a word without accent, and read with
the following word. **-clivité**¹⁵ [L. *pro-*
clivitas (*proclivus*, leaning forward)], f.:
proclivity, slope; inclination, tendency.

procon-sul¹⁴ [L.], m.: = (an official with
consular authority in the Roman provinces
or army). **-sulaire**¹⁷ [L. *-sularis*], adj.:
proconsular. **-sulat**¹⁵ [L. *-sulatus*], m.:
proconsulate.

pro-créateur¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. *-creator*],
adj.: procreating, begetting. **-création**¹⁵
[L. *-creatio*], f.: procreation, producing of
young. **-créer**¹² [L. *-creare*], tr.: pro-
create, beget.

procu-rateur¹² [fr. L.], m.: procurator
(one who acts for another; esp. Roman
viceroys); attorney; head (of some Italian
republics). **-ration**¹² [L. *-ratio*], f.: =,
agency (legal power to act, to sign, for
another). **-ratriee**, see **-reur**. || **-rer**¹²
[L. *-rare* (*pro*, FOR, *curare*, to care)],
intr.: have a care, see to it; tr.: procure
(bring about; bring, obtain). **-reur**¹²,
= **euse** or **-ratriee**, m., f.: =, procurer,
procurator, procuress; attorney; (fam.)
procuress, wife of an attorney or solicitor;
go-between.

prodi-galement¹⁵ [OFr. *-gal*], adv.: prod-
igally. **-galité**¹² [L. *-galitas*], f.: prod-
igality, wastefulness.

pro-dige¹³ [L. *-digium*], m.: prodigy
(wonderful thing or person). **-digieuse-**
ment¹⁶ [**-digieux**], adv.: prodigiously,
wonderfully. **-digieux**¹⁵, = **euse** [L. *-di-*
gionus], adj.: prodigious, wonderful.

prodi-gue¹² [L. *-gus*], adj. or m., f.:
prodigal (extravagant; over-generous;
wasteful): **l'enfant —**, the prodigal son.
† **-guement**¹⁴, adv.: prodigally. **-guer**¹⁵,
tr.: waste, bestow freely: **se —**, offer
one's self, throw one's self away; **Dieu pro-**
digue ses biens à ceux qui font vœu d'être
sens, God gives his blessings lavishly to
those who make the vow to be his.

† **proditoirement**¹⁵ [OFr. *-toire* (L.
-torius, treasonable)], adv.: treacher-
ously.

prodrome¹⁵ [Gr. *prōdromos*, running
ahead], m.: prodromus, precursory symp-
tom.

pro-ducteur¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. *-ductor*], adj.:
producing; m., f.: producer. **-ductif**¹⁵,
= **-ive** [L. *-ductivus*], adj.: productive,
fruitful. **-duction**¹² [L. *-ductio*], f.: =
(producing; bringing; raising; product;
creation; exhibit of things in evidence
in court); — **morbide**, morbid growth.
|| **-duire**¹⁴ [L. *-ducere*, infl. by OFr. *-duire*,
lead], irr. (cf. *conduire*); tr.: PRODUCE
(bring; bring forth; yield; make; show;
exhibit); bring out: — **quelqu'un dans**
une société, introduce one to a society.
-duit¹⁵, m.: product; produce.

proémi-nence¹⁷, f.: prominence; pro-
tuberance. || **-nent**¹⁵ [L. *-nens*], adj.:
prominent.

profa-nateur¹⁵, = **-trice** [L. *-nator*], m.,
f.: profaner. **-nation**¹⁴ [L. *-natio*], f.:
= (desecration, abuse of holy things or
places). || **-ne**¹² [L. *-nus* (*pro*, before,
fanum, temple)], adj.: = (not holy, not
sacred; irreverent; abusive); m.: profane
thing; m., f.: profane person: **histoire**
—, all history except biblical; **mêler le**
sacré au —, mix sacred with profane.
-ner¹⁵ [L. *-nare*], tr.: to profane (make
common; abuse; pollute): — **une église**,
(un temple); violate the sacredness of a
church (a temple).

profec-tif¹⁷, = **-ive** [L. *-tus*, hav'g set out],
adj.: profectitious: **biens —**, property
which comes by inheritance.

proférer¹² [L. *-ferre*, bear before], tr.:
utter; say out loud.

pro-fès¹¹, = **-esse** [L. *-fessus*, having spo-
ken], adj.: professed; (*humor.*) profes-
sional; boastful; m., f.: friar; nun. **-fes-**
ser¹⁶ [L. *-fessus*, part. of *-fiteri*], tr.: pro-
fess, make a claim of; teach: **il professe**
l'histoire, he is a professor of history.
-fesseur¹³ [L. *-fessor*], m.: professor.
-fession¹¹ [L. *-fessio*], f.: = (declara-
tion, esp. on joining a church or religious
order; faith professed, creed; calling,
vocation). **-fessionnel**¹⁵, = **elle** [L.
-fession], adj. or m., f.: professional.
-fesso, see **ex professo**. **-fessoral**¹⁷,

pl. = **aux** [L. *fessor*, one who professes],
adj.: professorial. **-fessorat**¹⁸ [L. *fessor*, one who professes], m.: professorship; teaching.

profil¹⁵ [It. *profilo*], m.: profile, side view (of a face; of a building); section (of a structure): *dessiner une tête en — perdu*, draw a head showing little of the face. **-ler**¹⁶, tr.: to profile (draw side view of); draw the contour of; draw in section).

profit¹⁰ [OFr. *pourfit*, *proufit* (L. *prōfectus*, progress)], m.: = (gain, advantage); extra pay or wages: *juger en — de défaut*, give judgment by default; *passer une ériance par — et pertes*, charge an account to profit and loss. **-table**¹¹ [-ter], adj.: =. **-tant**¹² [-ter], adj.: (fam.) thriving. **-ter**¹¹, intr.: to profit, gain; prosper; thrive; tr.: enjoy as profit: *biens mal acquis ne profitent pas*, ill-gotten gains come quickly to an end.

pro-fond¹⁰ [L. *fundus* (pro, before, fundus, bottom)], adj.: deep (reaching or lying far down or in; profound; learned; extreme): *l'ordre —*, arrangement of troops in columns. **-fondement**¹⁰, adv.: deeply; profoundly; extremely. **-fonder**¹¹, f.: depth.

†**profa-sément**¹⁵ [imitating L. *profuse*], adv.: profusely. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *sio*], f.: =, abundance; generosity.

progéniture¹⁵ [L. *-genitum*, supine of *gignere*, beget], f.: offspring.

prognathe¹⁵ [Gr. *prō*, before, *gnāthos*, jaw], adj.: prognathous, hav'g prominent lower jaw or chin. **-thisme**¹⁵, m.: prognathism.

prognos-tic, see **pronostic**. **-tique**¹⁵ [Gr. *prognōstikós* (prognosis, knowing beforehand)], adj.: prognostic, indicating (enabling us to know beforehand).

programme¹⁵ [Gr. *programma*, public writing], m.: program, printed or written outline of a play or other performance; course of lectures; summary of party principles and plans.

pro-grès¹⁵ [L. *-gressus*], m.: movement forwards, progress; improvement. **-gresser**¹⁵, intr.: to progress, make progress. **-gressif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-gressus*, movement forwards], adj.: progressive; increasing; spreading: *impôt —*, tax proportioned by the amount (and not by a level ratio). **-gression**¹⁴ [L. *-gressio*], f.: = (advance; increase; sequence): — *arithmétique*, a series of numbers differing by a constant quantity; — *géométrique*, a series of numbers hav'g a constant quotient. **-gressivement**¹⁵ [-gressif], adv.: progressively.

prohi-ber¹⁵ [L. *-bere*, to hinder], tr.: pro-

hibit; forbid: *livre prohibé*, suppressed book; *chasser en temps prohibé*, to hunt in the closed season; *degré prohibé*, prohibited degree (within which it is unlawful to marry). **-bitif**¹⁶, **-ive** [fr. supine of L. *-bere*, to hinder], adj.: prohibitive. **-bition**¹⁵ [L. *-bitio*], f.: =, forbidding by law. **-bitionniste**¹⁵ [-bition], m., f.: prohibitionist.

proie⁹ [p. L. **prēda* (L. *præda*)], f.: prey (animal seized for food; quarry; spoil; booty): *être en — à*, be a prey to.

pro-jectile¹⁷ [L. *-jectus*, thrown forward], adj. or m.: projectile. **-jection**¹² [L. *-jectio*], f.: = (throwing; casting of metals; reducing objects to a plane): — *du globe*, the flat representation of the globe as in maps; — *lumineuse*, casting of images upon a screen as by magic lantern.

-jecture¹⁶ [L. *-jectura*], f.: jutting out, prominence; a thing that projects, a projection. **-jet**¹⁵ [-jeter], m.: project (plan; scheme). **-jeter**¹⁵ or **-shé** [L. *pro*, before, Fr. *-jeter*, throw], tr.: to project; throw; plan.

prologomènes¹⁵ [Gr. *prolegōmena*, thing said beforehand], m. pl.: prolegomena, prefatory remarks.

prolep-se¹⁵ [L. *-sis*, Gr. *prōlepsis*, taking beforehand], f.: prolepsis, anticipation (esp., in answering an argument before it is made). **-tique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-tikós*], adj.: proleptic (anticipating; esp. of paroxysms, occurring earlier each time). **-tique-ment**¹⁵ [-tique], adv.: (rare) proleptically.

pro-létaire¹⁷ [L. *-letarius* (proles, offspring)], m., f.: proletarian; (teitzen of the lowest class; poor man). **-létariat**¹⁵ [L. *-letarius*], m.: condition of a proletarian. **-lifère**¹⁷ [L. *-lifer* (proles, offspring, ferre, BEAR)], adj.: proliferous, producing a new organ. **-lifique**¹⁵ [L. *-lificus* (facere, make)], adj.: prolific.

proli-xe¹¹ [L. *-xus*, stretched out], adj.: prolix, using too many words, slow in reaching the point. **-xement**¹¹, adv.: prolixly. **-xité**¹² [L. *-xitas*], f.: prolixity.

prologue¹¹ [L. *-gus*, Gr. *prōlogos* (prō, before, *lōgos*, speech)], m.: =, introduction to a play.

prolen-gation¹³ [L. *-gatio*], f.: =, lengthening. **prolen-ge**¹³, f.: = (rope with iron rings for pulling a cannon by hand); ammunition wagon; binding rope. **-gement**¹¹, m.: lengthening, prolongation. **||-ger**¹² [L. *-gare*, infl. by Fr. *allonger*], tr.: prolong, lengthen.

promenade¹⁵, f.: =. **||-ner**¹² [L. *prominare*, drive forward], tr.: escort or conduct on a pleasure-walk; take out walking or driving; exercise; cast, turn

(eyes, looks): *se* —, go for a walk, take a promenade; (*fam.*) *envoyer quelqu'un se* —, send one about his business; — *des étrangers*, show strangers about; — *un cheval en main*, lead a horse about for exercise; *faire* — *quelqu'un*, make one, walk for nothing, deceive one by too hopeful promises. **-neur**¹⁵, = **-euse**, *m., f.*: exerciser; nurse (who takes children walking); promenader. **-noir**¹⁵, *m.*: enclosed walk, promenade.

pro-messe^o [*L. promissa*], *f.*: promise (given word, offer; prospect, hope): *manquer à sa* —, break one's promise; *passer la* —, do better than is expected. **-metteur**¹², = **-euse**, *m., f.*: promisor. **||-mettre**^o [*L. mittere*, lit. send ahead], *irr.* (cf. *mettre*); *tr.*: to promise, offer; assure; lead to hope: *se* — *quelque chose*, count on a thing; *le promis*, *la promise*, the betrothed.

promi-ner¹⁵ [*-nent*], *f.*: =. **†-nent**¹⁵ [*L. -nere*, jut out], *adj.*: =. **†-ner**¹⁷ [*L. -nere*], *intr.*: jut out, project, be protuberant.

promiscuité¹⁷ [*L. -tas* (*pro*, before, *miscere*, mix)], *f.*: promiscuity.

promission¹¹ [*L. -ssio*], *f.*: PROMISE: *terre de* —, land of promise.

promontoir¹⁴ [*L. -torium*], *m.*: promontory (headland extending into the water, high cape).

pro-moteur¹², = **-trice** [*L. -motor*], *m., f.*: promoter, leader in an enterprise.

-motion¹³ [*L. -motio*], *f.*: =, advancement. **-mouvoir**¹¹ [*L. -movere*, move forward], *irr.* §; *tr.*: PROMOTE, elevate; †make succeed.

§ Like *mouvoir*, but use limited to infinitive and past part.

promp-t¹³, **promp-te** [*L. -tus* (*promere*, put forth)], *adj.*: prompt (†ready; quick; alert): — *comme l'éclair*, quick as lightning; — *courroux*, sudden anger. **-te-ment**¹³, *adv.*: promptly, quickly. **-titude**¹⁴ [*L. -titudo*], *f.*: =, quickness; readiness.

promul-gation¹³ [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: =, publishing abroad. **-guer**¹³ [*L. -gare*], *tr.*: promulgate, spread, make known.

prona-teur¹⁵ [*L. -tor* (*L. pronare*, bend forward, bow)], *adj. m.*: les (*muscles*) —, the muscles of the forearm (by which pronation is affected). **-tion**¹⁷ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =, upturned position of the hand.

prô-ne¹¹ [? *L. praconium*, publishing], *m.*: instruction, announcements (accompanying the mass); rebuke: *recommander quelqu'un au* —, ask prayers for one; (*iron.*) point one out for rebuke. **prô-ner**¹³, *tr.*: †instruct; address; praise.

pro-nom¹⁴ [*L. -nomen*, lit., for a name], *m.*: PRONOUN. **-nominal**¹⁷, *pl.* = **-aux**

[*L. -nominalis*], *adj.*: =, of a pronoun: *adjectif* —, adjective such as *mon*, *ton*, *son*, etc.; *verbe* —, reflexive verb. **-nominalement**¹³ [*-nominal*], *adv.*: pronominally.

pronon-çable¹⁶, *adj.*: pronounceable. **||-çer**¹¹ [*L. pronuntiare*, infl. by *Fr. annoncer*], *tr.*: pronounce; decide; make distinct. **-ciation**¹² [*L. pronuntiatio*], *f.*: pronunciation.

pronos-tic¹³ [for *prognostic*], *m.*: prognostication; prognosis; conjecture. **-ti-quer**¹³, *tr.*: prognosticate, conjecture fr. certain signs or symptoms. **-tiquen**¹³, = **-euse** [*-tiquer*], *m., f.*: prognosticator.

propa-gande¹¹ [*L. de propaganda fide*, 'for spreading the faith', name of the congregation at Rome], *f.*: propaganda.

-gateur¹⁵, = **-euse** [*L. -gator*, = *-trix*], *m., f.*: propagator, spreader. **-gation**¹² [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: propagation (multiplication; spreading). **||-ger**¹⁴ [*L. -gare* (*pro*, before, root of *pangere*, fix, set)], *tr.*: propagate (multiply, increase; spread).

proparoxyton [*Gr. -zútonos*, hav'g an acute accent on the antepenult], *m.*: proparoxytone, word with a tonic antepenult.

propension¹⁵ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: (tendency to move, act, or think a certain way): *la* — *à mentir*, the disposition to tell lies.

†propet, **†-ette**, see *propet*.

pro-phète¹⁰, **prophétesse** [*L. -pheta*, *Gr. -phētes*], *m., f.*: prophet, foreteller: *le roi* —, David; *les quatre grands* —, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel and Daniel; *la loi et les* —, scriptures of Moses and the prophets. **-phétic**¹¹ [*L. -phetic*], *f.*: prophecy.

-phétique¹⁴ [*L. -pheticus*], *adj.*: prophetic. **-phétiquement**¹⁴ [*-phétique*], *adv.*: prophetically. **-phé-tiser**¹¹ [*L. -phetizare*], *tr.*: prophesy, foretell.

prophy-lactique¹⁵ [*Gr. -laktikós* (*-lāssein*, keep guard before)], *adj.*: prophylactic (preventive, warding off). **-laxie**¹⁵ [*Gr. -laxis*], *f.*: prophylaxis, preservative treatment.

pro-pice¹¹ [*L. -pitius* (*prope*, near)], *adj.*: propitious, favourable; †une femme à sa —, a wife to suit him. **-pitiateur**¹⁵, = **-trice** [*L. -pitator*, = *-trix*], *m., f.*: propitiator. **-pitiation**¹³ [*L. -pitatio*], *f.*: =, rendering favourable. **-pitiatore**¹¹ [*L. -pitiatorius*], *adj.*: propitiatory (causing to be favourable; *m.*: golden lid of the ark of the covenant; mercy-seat whence Jehovah spoke to the priests).

propolis¹⁵ [*L. fr. Gr. (prô, before, polis, city)*], *m. (or f.)*: =, bee-glue.

propor-tion¹² [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =. **-tion-nalité**¹³ [*L. -tionalitas*], *f.*: proportionality, state of being in proportion.

-tionnel¹², **-elle** [L. *-tionalis*], *adj.*: proportional. **-tionnellement**¹² [*-tionnel*], *adv.*: proportionally. **-tionné-ment**¹⁵ [fr. part. *-tionné*], *adv.*: in proportion. **-tionner**¹³ [L. *-tionare*], *tr.*: proportion (put into ratio or proper relation or division; arrange according to quantity or degree).

propo-s¹², *m.*: subject; conversation; proposal; resolution; proposition; plan; *d* —, timely, seasonable; at the right time; apropos; *d* — *de* *bottes*, without any sign of a reason; *d* *quel* —, for what reason? *une personne qui a de l'd* —, a person with his wits about him; *un d* —, a special work for an occasion; *ferme* —, set purpose; *suivons notre* —, let us pursue our topic; *changeons de* —, let us change the subject; *hors de* —, untimely; — *de* *table*, table-talk; *entrer en* —, get to talking; *des (méchantes)* —, unkindly talk; backbiting. **-sable**¹⁷, *adj.*: = **-sant**¹², **-ante**, *m., f.*: propositant, expounder (Fr. Protestant theology student); proposer (cardinal who reports nominated bishops to the other cardinals). **||-ser**¹¹ [L. *pro*, before, Fr. *poser*], *tr.*: propose (suggest; purpose; resolve; nominate); *||plan*; expound. **-sition**¹¹ [L. *-sitiō*], *f.*: = (measure proposed; scheme; statement; theorem; problem).

pro-pre¹² [L. *-prius*], *adj.*: own; proper; correct; clean; *m.*: peculiarity; private fortune (of husband or wife); proper meaning: *l'amour* —, self-love; *le (sens)* — *d'un mot*, real sense of a word; — *d* (or *||pour*), fit for; (*iron.*) *c'est du* —, that is fine. **-prement**¹¹, *adv.*: peculiarly; characteristically; properly; fitly; neatly. **-pret**¹⁶, **-ette**, *adj.*: neatly dressed; *m., f.*: spruce man or woman. **-prété**¹⁵, *f.*: neatness; cleanness.

propréteur¹⁵ [L. *pro-prætor*], *m.*: prætor (Roman officer with prætor's duties but not ranking as prætor).

proprié-taire¹³ [L. *-tarius* (*proprius*, own)], *adj.*: proprietary; selfish; *m., f.*: proprietor, owner; landlord; *au* —, owner who doesn't receive the income. **-té**¹¹ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: ownership, possession; property (real estate; quality); propriety, fitness; selfishness.

propul-seur¹² [L. *-sor*], *m.*: propeller, pusher. **-sion**¹⁶ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =, propelling, push.

propylée¹² [L. *-laon*, Gr. *propylion* (*prō*, before, *pūle*, gate)], *m.*: propylæum, propylon, monumental gateway (esp.) to a temple.

pro-rata¹², *pl.* — [L. *pro rata* (*parte*)], in a fixed proportion], *m.*: pro rata; *au* —

de sa mise de fonds, in proportion to his investment.

pro-ro-gatif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-gativus*], *adj.*: delaying. **-gation**¹² [L. *-gatio*], *f.*: = (delay; adjournment). **-ger**¹² [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: prolong; adjourn.

prosa-ique¹⁵ [L. *-icus*], *adj.*: prosaic (composed in prose; unpoetical). **-ique-ment**¹⁴, *adv.*: prosaically. **-iser**¹⁷, *intr.*: (rare) write prose; write unpoetically, coldly. **-isme**¹², *m.*: prosaism. **-teur**¹⁶ [It. *-tore*], *m.*: prose writer.

pro-scripteur¹⁷ [L. *-scriptor*], *m.*: proscriber. **-scription**¹⁵ [L. *-scriptio*], *f.*: =. **||-scrire**¹¹ [L. *-scribere*, condemn to death by posting the name], *irr.* (cf. *||crire*); *tr.*: proscribe (outlaw; ostracise; banish; reject): *les proscrits*, the exiles; refugees; — *l'usage d'un mot*, condemn the usage of a word.

prose¹² [L. *-sa*], *f.*: =.

prosec-teur¹² [L. *-tor*, one who cuts beforehand], *m.*: prosecutor, anatomist's assistant.

pro-sélyte¹² [L. *-selytus*, Gr. *-sēlutos* (*prōs*, to, *||lthein*, come), newcomer], *m.*: proselyte, new convert. **-sélytisme**¹⁷, *m.*: proselytism, zeal in making converts.

proso-die¹⁵ [L. *-dia*, Gr. *-dīa*, accent], *f.*: prosody. **-dique**¹⁷ [L. *-dicus*], *adj.*: prosodic.

prosopo-pée¹⁵ [L. *-pæia*, Gr. *-poia* (*prōsopon*, face)], *f.*: prosopopeia (figure of speech treating dead things or persons as if alive, or absent as present).

prospectus¹⁷ [L. 'view'], *m.*: =, announcement of the plan of a book or other undertaking.

pros-père¹¹ [L. *-per*], *adj.*: prosperous, thriving. **-pérer**¹² [L. *-perare*], *intr.*: prosper, flourish. **-périté**¹¹ [L. *-peritas*], *f.*: prosperity.

prostate¹² [Gr. *prostātes*, one standing in front, protector], *f.*: =, gland at the mouth of the bladder.

proster-nation¹⁵, *f.*: =, laying flat. **-nement**¹⁶, *m.*: lying flat; dejection. **||-ner**¹⁴ [L. *-nere*, strew before], *tr.*: lay down; throw down; overcome: *se* —, prostrate one's self; lie flat.

pros-thèse¹² [L. *-thesis*, Gr. *prōthesis*, setting before], *f.*: prosthesis, prothesis, addition (esp.) to the beginning of a word as newt for ewt, Fr. *l-ierre* (cf. *prothesis*). **-thétique**¹⁵ [Gr. *prōthēlos*, added], *adj.*: prosthetic, prothetic.

prosti-tuer¹² [L. *-tuere* (*pro*, before, *statuere*, put)], *tr.*: prostitute, debase, pollute, make venal: *une prostituée*, a debauched woman; *la grande prostituée*, Pagan Rome; — *la justice*, sell justice.

-tuteur¹⁶, =trice [L. *-tutor*, =trix], m., f.: prostituer. **-tution**¹² [L. *-tutio*], f.: =, defilement, debauchment; harlotry.

prostra-tion¹³ [L. *-tio* (*pro-sternere*, strew or lay before)], f.: =.

prostyle¹⁰ [L. *-los*, Gr. *próstulos* (*pró*, before, *stúlos*, column)], adj. or m.: = un (*temple*) —, a temple hav'g rows of columns in front.

prosyllogisme¹⁶ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *prosyllogismós*], m.: prosyllogism, a series of interlocking syllogisms supporting each other.

protagoniste¹⁵ [Gr. *-nistes* (*prótos*, first, *agonistés*, contestant)], m.: protagonist, chief actor. **protase**¹⁶ [L. *protasis*, Gr. *prótasis*], f.: protasis, first part (of a play; of a conditional sentence). **protatique**¹⁵ [L. *protaticus*, Gr. *protatikós*], adj.: of the protasis, introductory.

prote¹⁷ [Gr. *prótos*, first], m.: foreman (of printers).

protec-teur¹³, =trice [L. *-tor*], m., f.: protector; patron; adj.: protecting; patronising; *droits* —s, protective tariff.

-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio* (cf. *protéger*)], f.: = (defence; fostering; care; patronage); patron: un air de —, an air of superiority. **-tionniste**¹⁵, m., f.: protectionist.

-toral¹⁷ [L. *-tor*, protector], m.: protectorate (office of protector; country ruled by a mightier).

protée¹⁵ [L. *Proteus*, Gr. *Proteús*, sea god who could assume various shapes], m.: Proteus; changeable or fickle man.

protéger¹⁶ [L. *-tegere*, cover in front], tr.: protect; defend; patronise; un *protégé*, a person under the care of another.

pro-tes-tant¹⁵, =ante, m., f., or adj.: Protestant, (esp.) a follower of Luther; jâvowed lover. **-testantisme**¹⁶ [*-testant*], m.: Protestantism. **-testation**¹² [L. *-testatio*], f.: = (declaration; protest); *signer une* —, sign a remonstrance.

-tester¹⁵ [L. *-testari*, witness publicly], tr.: protest (†declare solemnly); declare that payment has been refused on; intr.: make an assertion (or vow): — *de son innocence*, protest one's innocence; — *de violence*, assert that violence has been used. **-têt**¹⁴, m.: protest (that a draft or check has been presented and not paid).

prothèse¹⁵ [*prosthêse* infl. by Gr. *próthêsis*], f.: prosthesis, supply of an artificial organ: — *dentaire*, set of false teeth.

protocanonique¹⁷ [Gr. *prótos*, first, Fr. *canonique*], adj.: protocanonical (held as authentic before the canons were established); non-apocryphal.

proto-carbure¹⁵ or **-chlorure**, etc. [Gr. *prótos*, first, *carbure*, etc.], m.: car-

buret, protochloride, etc. (the first compound of carbon, etc.). **-cole**¹³ [L. *-colum*, Gr. *-kollon*, leaf glued on in front of a manuscript], m.: protocol (paper for a public entry; formulary for official letters; code of etiquette; record; minutes; document).

protonique¹⁵ [Gr. *pró*, before, *tónos*, accent], adj.: protonic, before the accented syllable.

proto-notaire¹³ [L. *-notarius* (Gr. *prótos*, first, *L. notarius*)], m.: prothonotary. **-type**¹⁵ [L. *-typus*, Gr. *-tupos*], m.: =, first type; model; type founder's caliber. **-xyde**¹⁵ [*oxyde*], m.: protoxide, the lowest oxide compound. **-zoaire**¹⁵ [Gr. *zodion*, little animal], m.: protozoary, lowest animal form.

protu-bérance¹⁷, f.: protuberance, bulge, projection. **-bérant**¹⁵ [L. *-be-rans*], adj.: protuberant, sticking out.

protu-teur¹⁷ [L. *-tor*], m.: protutor, manager of the affairs of a minor. **1.†pron**¹⁰ [? ak. to L. *prod-esse*, be of profit], m.: gain, profit. **2.†pron**¹⁰ [?], adv.: much; enough: *peu ou* —, little or much.

proue¹³ [It. *proa*, L. *prora*], f.: prow (of ship). **promesse**¹⁰ [*preuz*], f.: prowess, valour. **prou-vable**¹⁵, adj.: provable. **-ver**¹⁰ [L. *probare*, test], tr.: prove, establish, show: — *trop*, go too far and harm one's own cause.

pro-venance¹⁵ [*-venir*], f.: provenience, origin, source; product. **pro-vende**¹⁰ [L. *præbenda* (cf. *præbende*)], f.: provision, food; provender, mixed feed (peas, oats and vetches).

provenir¹³ [L. *-nir*, irr. (cf. *venir*)], intr.: come forth, arise, spring from: *les enfants provenus de ce mariage*, the issue of this marriage; *une maladie qui provient de fatigues*, a disease caused fr. fatigue; *des marchandises provenant d'Algérie*, merchandise fr. Algeria. **pro-ver-be**¹¹ [L. *-bium*], m.: proverb; maxim: *devenir* or *passer en* — (or *†faire* —), become a proverb. **-bial**¹⁵, pl. = **-aux** [L. *-bialis*], adj.: =. **-bialement**¹⁵ [*-bial*], adv.: proverbially.

provi-dence¹¹ [L. *-dentia* (*-dere*, see beforehand)], f.: †foresight; Providence: (fam.) *être la* — *de quelqu'un*, be the mainstay of any one. **-dentiel**¹⁷, **-elle** [L. *-dentia*], adj.: providential. **-dentielle-ment**¹⁵ [*-dentiel*], adv.: providentially.

pro-vignement¹⁵ [*-vigner*], m.: layering, propagation (of vines). **-vigner**¹², tr.: to layer, propagate; †intr.: increase, multiply, be prolific. **-vin**¹⁰ [L. *præp-go*], m.: vine-layer, cutting.

provin-ee¹² [L. -cia], *f.*: province, dependency: *la Grèce fut réduite en — romaine*, Greece was reduced to a Roman province; *les Provinces-unies*, Holland; — *ecclésiastique*, jurisdiction of a bishop; *les gens de —*, country people. **-cial**¹², **-ale**, *m. pl.* = **-aux** [L. -cialis], *adj.* or *m.*: *f.*: provincial (of a province; inhabitant of a province; *m.*: monastic superior). **-cialat**¹⁵ [-cial], *m.*: provincialship (office or term of an ecclesiastical provincial). **-cialisme**¹⁸ [-cial], *m.*: provincialism, a trick of expression showing lack of polish.

provi-seur¹⁵ [L. -sor], *m.*: director; (esp.) principal (of a school). **-sion**¹³ [L. -sio], *f.*: seeing beforehand; providing; provision; supply; advance money, earnest; appointment (to a position): —, *profusion*, wealth breeds wastefulness; *jugement par —*, judgment ordering a sum paid temporarily. **-sionnel**¹⁴, **-elle** [-sion], *adj.*: provisional. **-sionnellement**¹⁶ [-sionnel], *adv.*: provisionally. **-soire**¹⁵ [L. -sorius], *adj.*: provisory, temporary, provisional. **-soirement**¹⁶ [-soire], *adv.*: provisionally, temporarily. **-sorat**¹⁵ [L. -sor, provider], *m.*: principalship. **-sorerie**¹⁷ [L. -sor, provider], *f.*: directorship.

provo-cant¹⁷ [L. -cans], *adj.*: provoking; attractive. **-cateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. -cator], *m.*, *f.*: provoker, inducer; *adj.*: provoking. **-cation**¹¹ [L. -catio], *f.*: —, inducement. **-quer**¹¹ [L. -care, call forth], *tr.*: provoke; induce, lead into (usually in a bad sense): — *quelqu'un à boire*, get one to drink; — *en duel*, challenge to a duel.

pro-xénète¹⁶ [L. -xeneta, Gr. -xenētēs], *m.*, *f.*: proxeneta, go-between; marriage broker. **-xénétisme**¹⁸, *m.*: mediation.

proximité¹⁸ [L. -tas], *f.*: proximity, nearness; kinship.

proyer [pré], *m.*: bunting (common in meadows).

prude¹⁰ [OFr. *preu de femme*, or *pru de femme* (cf. *prud'homme*)], *f.*: —, woman very careful of modesty and propriety; *adj.*: prudish, over-modest, very precise; fastidiously virtuous.

prudement¹⁸ [-dam- [-dent], *adv.*: prudently. **-dence**¹² [L. -dentia], *f.*: —, wise caution: — *est mère de sûreté*, he who hates surety is sure. **-dent**¹⁴ [L. -dens], *adj.*: —, wise, cautious.

pruderie¹⁶ [prude], *f.*: prudery (undue modesty, prudishness; an act displaying great propriety. **prud'homie**¹⁴, *f.*: honesty, loyalty. **prud'homme**¹⁰ [preux, de, homme], *m.*: —, man chosen

as arbitrator for workmen, trusted man; *loyal* man.

pru-ne⁹ [L. *prūna* (i.e. *pl.* for *sing.*)], *f.*: plum: — *de reine Claude*, green-gage plum; — *de Damas*, damson plum; *ce n'est pas pour des —s*, there is good reason for it. **-neau**¹⁵, *m.*: prune, dried plum. **-nelaie**¹⁶ [-nier], *f.*: plum orchard. **-nelle**¹¹, *f.*: black wild plum; pupil of the eye; prunella (dark woollen cloth, used for shoe uppers): *jouant de la —*, casting glances. **-neller**¹⁵ [-nelle], *m.*: sloe-tree, wild plum-tree. **-nier**¹², *m.*: plum-tree.

pruri-gineux¹⁶ [L. -ginosus (prurigo, itch)], *adj.*: pruriginous, itchy. **prurit**¹⁵ [L. *pruritus*, itching], *m.*: prurience, itchiness.

Prusse, *f.*: Prussia. **prussiate**¹⁷, *m.*: —, a salt of prussic acid. **prussique**¹⁸, *adj.*: prussic.

prytanée¹⁵ [Gr. *prutaneion* (prutanōi, councillors)], *m.*: prytaneum (in Greece, town hall containing senate and the public hearth and table for worthy citizens).

ps-allette¹⁷ [Gr. *psallin*, play a musical instrument], *f.*: practice room (for choir children). **-almiste**¹¹ [L. *psalmista*], *m.*: psalmist. **-almodie**¹¹ [L. *psalmodia*], *f.*: psalmody (chanting of psalms); monotonous performance. **-almodier**¹⁵ [psalmodie], *intr.*: chant psalms; drawl. **-altérion**¹² [L. *psalterium*, Gr. *psaltérion*], *m.*: psalter (musical instrument). **-anne**¹⁵ [L. *psalmum*, Gr. *psalmon*], *m.*: psalm, religious song. **-autier**⁹ [L. *psalterium*, Gr. *psaltérion*], *m.*: psalter (collection of psalms; third stomach of ruminants).

pseudo- [Gr. *pseudos*, false], *prefix* (as in Eng.): *pseudo-prophète*, etc. **pseudonyme**¹⁵ [Gr. *ónoma*, name], *adj.*: pseudonymous; *m.*: pseudonym, assumed name.

psit, *interj.*: pst! hush!

psore¹⁵ [L. -ra, Gr. *psōra*, mange], *f.*: psora, itch. **psorique**¹⁷, *adj.*: psoric, itchy.

psy-ché¹⁵ [mythological maiden *Psyche*], *f.*: full-length mirror, psyche-glass. **-chique**¹⁶ [Gr. -chikós (psyché, soul)], *adj.*: psychic.

psycho-logie¹⁵ [Gr. *psyché*, soul, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: psychology, mental science. **-logique**¹⁵, *adj.*: psychological; *le moment* —, the moment when the mind is expectantly attentive. **-logiste**¹⁷ or **-logue**, *m.*, *f.*: psychologist.

ptarmique [Gr. -miké, sneeze-wort], *f.*: ptarmica.

ptérodactyles¹⁸ [Gr. *ptéron*, wing, *dáktylos*, finger], *m.*, *pl.*: pterodactyls, extinct flying reptile.

Ptolémée, *m.*: Ptolemy.

ptya-line¹⁵ [Gr. *ptūalon*, spittle], *f.*: ptyalin (ferment found in saliva). **-lisme**¹⁷ [Gr. *-lismōs*], *m.*: ptyalism, abnormal flow of saliva.

puamment¹⁵, *adv.* (rare) stinkingly, impudently. **puant**¹¹ [puer], *adj.*: stinking; *bêtes* — *es*, skunks, foxes, etc.; *menteur* —, shameful liar; (*pop.*) *m.*, *f.*: bare-faced liar. **puanteur**¹⁴, *f.*: stink.

pu-bère¹⁵ [L. *-ber*], *adj.*: pubescent, old enough to marry, developed. **-berté**¹¹ [L. *-bertas*], *f.*: puberty. **-bescient**¹⁵ [L. *-bescens*], *adj.*: =, fuzzy, downy. **-bien**¹⁵, **-enne** [*-bis*], *adj.*: of the pubis, pubic. **-bis**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =; pubes; on pubis, front end of the pelvis; pubic region.

pub-lic¹⁵, **-ique** [L. *-licus*], *adj.*: =; *m.*: public; audience; †nation: *la voix publique*, the general voice; *la vie publique*, political life; *femme publique*, prostitute; *entrée du* —, general entrance; *marchande publique*, woman shopkeeper who acts in her own right (without needing her husband's authority). **-licain**¹¹ [L. *-licanus*], *m.*: publican (Roman revenue collector; extortioner). **-lication**¹³ [L. *-licatio*], *f.*: = (issuing of a printed work; anything published). **-liciste**¹¹, *m.*, *f.*: publicist; writer on public law. **-licité**¹⁵, *f.*: publicity, notoriety. **-lier**¹¹ [L. *-licare*], *publ.*, make known. **-liquement**¹⁵, *adv.*: publicly.

pu-ee⁹ [L. *pulex*], *f.*: flea; (*fam.*) avoir la — à l'oreille, be restless; *secouer les* — à quelqu'un, give one a beating. **-eeau**⁹, **-elle** [? (cf. Ger. *laus-bub*)], *m.*, *f.*: (*fam.*) youth, virgin; *f.*: shad (fish): *la Pucelle*, Joan of Arc. **-elage**¹¹ [*-eau*], *m.*: (*fam.*) youth, virginity; cowry (mollusk). **-eeron**¹², *m.*: =, plant-louse.

pudd-lage¹⁵, *m.*: pudding (of metals). **pu-ler** [fr. Eng.], *tr.*: puddle. **-leur**¹⁵, *m.*: puddler.

pu-deur¹⁵ [L. *pudor*, shame], *f.*: shame; modesty; bashfulness. **-dibond**¹⁵ [L. *-dibundus*], *adj.*: too modest; shame-faced. **-dicité**¹⁵ [L. *-dicitas*], *f.*: pudicity, (modesty; chastity). **-dique**¹⁵ [L. *-dicus*], *adj.*: modest; chaste. **-diquement**¹⁵ [*-dique*], *adv.*: modestly.

puer⁹ [older *puir*, p. L. **pūire* (L. *putere*)], *intr.* §: stink, smell bad; *tr.*: puer vin, smell of wine.

§ Ind.: *Pr. je pus, tu pus, il put* are obsolete.

puéri-l¹⁴ [L. *puerilis*, of children (*puer*, boy)], *adj.*: puerile, childish: *la civilité* —, book on etiquette for children. **-lement**¹⁵, *adv.*: puerilely. **-lité**¹⁴ [L. *-litas*], *f.*: puerility, childishness. **puer-**

péral¹⁵, *pl.* = *aur* [L. *puerpera*, woman in childbed], *adj.*: puerperal, of child-birth.

pugilat¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: fist-fight.

puine¹⁴ [puer], *m.*, *f.*: underbrush, brush-wood.

puiné¹¹, **-née** [puis, né], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: puisne, younger. **puis-**⁹ [p. L. **pos-teis* (L. *postea*)], *adv.*: afterwards, later; besides.

puis-sage¹⁷, *m.*: drawing of water.

-sard¹⁵, *m.*: pool; sump; cesspool.

-sation¹⁵, *m.*: well-digger. **-ser**¹¹

[puits], *tr.*: draw; dig up.

puisque¹¹ [puis, que], *conj.*: since, seeing that.

puis-samment¹¹, *adv.*: powerfully.

-sance¹¹, *f.*: = (power, force); possibility: *les* —, the powers, European governments. **puis-sant**⁹ [**possiens* (L. *potens*)], *adj.*: =, powerful.

puits⁹ [p. L. **pūtius* (L. *puteus*)], *m.*: well; mineshaft; mine; pitfall.

pullu-lation¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =, increase. **pu-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (cf. *poulain*)], *intr.*: pullulate, multiply rapidly, spread.

pulmo-naire¹⁷ [L. *-naris*], *adj.*: pulmonary (of the lungs; *f.*: lungwort). **-nie**¹⁵

[L. *pulmo*, lung], *f.*: lung disease.

-nique¹⁵ [L. *pulmo*, lung], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: pulmonic, consumptive; (*fig.*) *une sèche-resse de* —, a great dryness of soul.

pul-pation¹⁵ [*-per*], *f.*: pulping. **pu-pe**¹⁵

[L. *-pa*], *f.*: pulp: — *cérébrale*, modulatory brain matter; — *digitale*, fleshy ends of the fingers. **pu-per**¹⁵, *tr.*: to pulp, reduce to pulp. **pu-peur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: pulpy.

pul-satif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-sare*, to beat], *adj.*: pulsative. **-sation**¹⁵ [L. *-satio*], *f.*: =, beating.

pultacé¹⁵ [L. *puls*, thick potage], *adj.*: pap-like: *angine pultacée*, sore throat looking white fr. ulceration.

pulvé-ri¹⁵ [It. *polverino*], *m.*: fine powder, priming powder; powder-horn.

-risateur¹⁵ [*-riser*], *m.*: pulveriser; sprayer. **-risation**¹⁵ [*-riser*], *f.*: pulverisation. **-riser**¹⁵ [L. *-risare*], *tr.*: pulverise; spray. **-rulent**¹⁵ [L. *-rulentus*], *adj.*: pulverulent, easy to pulverise.

pumicin¹⁷ [?], *m.*: palm-oil.

punais¹¹, 1. **-aise** [? p. L. **pūtinasiūm* (L. *putidus*, stinking, *nasus*, nose)], *adj.*: hav'g ozena; *m.*, *f.*: ozena patient. 2. **pu-naise**¹², *f.*: bedbug; thumb-tack. 3. **pu-naisie**¹², *f.*: ozena (fetid nose sore).

punch¹⁷ u = nasal o [fr. Eng. (Hindu *panch*, five, sc. ingredients)], *m.*: punch.

pu-nir⁹ [L. *pūnīre*], *tr.*: punish. **-nis-sable**¹⁵, *adj.*: punishable. **-nisseur**¹⁵

-ense, *m.*, *f.*: (rare) punisher. **-nition**¹⁵

[L. *punitio*], *f.*: punishing; punishment.

1. pupillaire¹⁴ [L. *-laris*, adj.: of a minor, pupillary. **2. -laire**¹⁵ [2.-le], adj.: of the eye-pupil, pupillary. **-larité**¹³ [L. *-laris*, of a minor child], f.: pupilarity, period before puberty. **1.-le**¹² [L. *-lus*, m., f.: pupil, minor, orphan. **2.-le**¹³ [L. *-la*, lit. little girl], f.: pupil (of the eye).

pupitre¹³ [L. *pulpitum*, m.: desk.

pur⁹, **pure** [L. *pūrus*, adj.: pure (unmixed; clean; genuine; mere; unalloyed; unadulterated); clear; clean-cut: *un ciel* —, cloudless sky; *en — chef*, bareheaded; *en — e perte*, to no purpose; *tā — et à plein*, unreservedly. **pureau**¹⁶, m.: exposed part (of roof tile).

purée¹³ [Ofr. *purer*, squeeze (L. *purare*, emit pus), f.: = (thick soup made by rubbing beans, etc., through a sieve); (*fam.*) — *de septembre*, wine.

purement¹² [*pur*, adv.: purely; clearly; merely. **-té**¹¹ [*pur*], f.: purity; genuineness; clearness.

pur-gatif¹³, **-ive** [L. *-gativus*, adj.: purifying; purgative, purging: *un (remède) —*, a purgative (medicine). **-ga-**

tion¹¹ [L. *-gatio*, f.: = (cleansing; purging). **-gatoire**¹¹ [L. *-gatorium*, m.: purgatory (middle place between earth and Paradise): *faire son — en ce monde*, suffer a great deal. **-ge**¹³, f.: cleansing; disinfection; purging; purge (medicine): — *d'hypothèques*, lifting of mortgages. **|| -ger**⁹ [L. *-gare* (*pūrus*, pure, *agere*, make)], tr.: purify; purge; clean; clear: — *le défaut* (*contumace*), get a default (contempt) judgment set aside; — *une hypothèque*, lift a mortgage.

purifiant¹⁴, adj.: purifying. **-ficateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-ficator*, *-trix*, m., f.: purifier. **-fication**¹¹ [L. *-fictio*, f.: = **-ficateur**¹⁶ [L. *-ficatorium*, m.: purifier (cloth of fine linen used to wipe the communion cup and plate). **|| -fier**¹¹ [L. *-ficare*, tr.: purify.

puriforme [L. *pus*, matter, *forma*, form], adj.: puriform, pus-like.

purin¹³ [Ofr. *purer*, squeeze], m.: liquid manure.

pu-risme¹⁶ [*pur*], m.: purism, over-nicety in the use of words. **-riste**¹⁵ [*pur*], m., f.: purist. **-ritain**¹⁶, **-aine** [fr. Eng.], m., f.: Puritan; austere person. **-ritanisme**¹⁶, m.: Puritanism; strict religion.

purpurin¹⁵, **-ine** [L. *-rinus*, adj.: purple; f.: purpurin, purple dye.

purulence¹⁵ [L. *-lentia*, f.: purulence. **-lent**¹⁵ [L. *-lentus*, adj.: purulent, discharging pus. **pus** [L.], m.: =, morbid matter fr. a sore.

pusillan-me¹² [L. *-mus* (*pusillus*, small, *animus*, spirit)], adj.: pusillanimous.

-mité¹⁵ [L. *-mitas*, f.: pusillanimity, mean-spirited, cowardly.

pustu-le¹² [L. *-la*, f.: = (little sore with matter). **-lenc**¹⁶, **-ense** [L. *-losus*, adj.: pustulous.

pu-tain¹¹ [*-te*], f.: (trivial) chippy (whore). **† -tanisme**¹⁵ [*-lain*, m.: (trivial) street-walking, prostitution. **-tasser**¹⁴ [*-te*], intr.: (trivial) run after prostitutes.

-tasserie¹⁵ [*-tasser*, f.: (trivial) rounder, frequenter of whorehouses.

puta-tif¹³, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*, adj.: putative, reputed: *père —*, supposed father; *mariage —*, marriage illegal but entered into with good faith by at least one of the parties.

† pu-te⁹ [L. *pūtida*, lit. stinking], f.: (dial. trivial) prostitute. **-tois**¹² [Ofr. *put*, stinking], m.: polecat, FOMART.

Putiphar, m.: Potiphar.

putré-faction¹³ [L. *-factio*, f.: putrefaction. **-fait**¹⁵ [L. *-factus*, adj.: putrefied. **-fier**¹⁵ [L. *-fieri*, become foul], tr.: make putrid; *putréfié*, putrefied, rotten.

pu-trescible¹³ [L. *-cibilis*, adj.: =, liable to rot. **-tride**¹² [L. *putridus*, adj.: putrid, rotting. **-tridité**¹⁷ [*putride*], f.: putridness, rottenness.

pu-y⁹ [L. *podium*, Gr. *pōdion*, base], m.: mountain.

pygar-gue¹⁴ [L. *-gus*, Gr. *pūgaros* (*pugé*, rump, *argós*, white)], m.: pygarg (eagle), osprey, sea-eagle.

pygmée¹³ [L. *-maus*, Gr. *pugmaios* (*pugmé*, fist, viz. high)], m.: pygmy, small person, dwarf.

py-lène¹³ [Gr. *pulón* (*pāle*, gate)], m.: big gate. **-lore**¹⁵ [L. *-lorus*, Gr. *pūloros* (*ōra*, guard)], m.: pylorus (opening fr. the stomach into the intestines). **-lorique**¹⁷ [*-lore*], adj.: pyloric.

pyracanthe¹⁷ [L. *-tha*, Gr. *purākantha* (*pār*, fire, *akantha*, thorn)], f.: pyracanth, burning bush (evergreen thorn).

pyrale¹⁵ [L. *-lis*, Gr. *pyralis*, fire-moth], f.: pyralis (bee-moth, meal-moth, etc.).

pyra-midal¹⁵, pl. **-aux** [L. *-midalis*], adj.: pyramidal: *la pyramidale*, pyramid-like bell-tower. **|| -mide**¹¹ [L. *-mis*, Gr. *pyramis*], f.: pyramid. **-mide**¹⁴, intr.: (rare) tower, loom up like a pyramid.

py-rèthre¹¹ [L. *-rethrum*, Gr. *pārethron* (*purelós*, fever)], m.: pyrethrum, feverfew (insectifuge plant). **-rique**¹⁷ [Gr. *pār*, FIRE], adj.: pyrotechnical. **-rite**¹¹ [L. *-rites*, Gr. *pyrites*], f.: pyrites, metallic sulphid. **-rite**¹¹, **-ense** [*-rite*], adj.: pyritic.

pyro-ligneux¹⁵ [Gr. *pār*, FIRE, L. *lignum*, wood], adj.: pyroligneous: *acide —*, acetic acid fr. wood. **-mètre**¹⁷ [Gr. *mētron*, measure], m.: pyrometer (instru-

ment to measure high temperature).
-phore¹⁷ [Gr. *-phoros*, fire-bearing], *m.*:
 =, a substance that will burn on reaching
 the air. **-scaphe**¹⁸ [Gr. *skáphe*, boat],
m.: (rare) steamboat. **-technie**¹⁹ [Gr.
téchne, art], *f.*: pyrotechnics, pyrotechny;
 art of making fireworks. **-technique**¹⁶
 [-technie], *adj.*: pyrotechnical. **-xène**¹⁸
 [Gr. *xénos*, guest], *m.*: pyroxene, bisili-
 cate mineral found in volcanic matter.

pyrrhique¹⁸ [Gr. *purrike*], *f.*: pyrrhic,
 war-dance.

pyrrho-nien¹⁸, =enne [sceptic philoso-
 pher Pyrrho], *m.*: Pyrrhonist, absolute
 sceptic. **-nisme**¹⁶ [Pyrrho], *m.*: Pyr-
 rhonism, skepticism.

py-thie¹⁵ [L. *-thia*, Gr. *pythia* (country
 Puthō)], *f.*: Pythia, any priestess of
 Apollo at Delphi. **-thon**¹⁸ [L. *-thon* (Gr.,
 serpent Puthon killed by Apollo)], *m.*: =.
-thonisse¹⁶ [L. *-thonissa*, Gr. *pythōnissa*],
f.: pythoness, prophetess; witch.

Q

q *ke*, or older *ku* [L.], *m.*: q (the letter).

qu', contraction of *que*.

†quacre, =esse = *quaker*, =resse.

quadrernes¹⁵ [It. *no*], *m. pl.*: double
 fours (at trick-track).

quadr- [L. (*quatuor*, FOUR)]: **-agé-
 naire**¹⁶ [L. *-agenarius*], *adj.*: quadrigen-
 arian (of 40 years); *m.*: person of
 forty years. **-agésimal**¹⁴ [L. *-a-ge-
 simalis*], *adj.*: quadragesimal. **-agé-
 sime**¹⁶ [L. *-a-gesima*], *f.*: Quadragesima
 (Lent). **-angle**¹² [L. *-angulum*], *m.*:
 quadrangle. **-angulaire**¹⁵ [L. *-angu-
 laris*], *adj.*: quadrangular. **-at**¹⁵, **-ate** [L.
-atus], *adj.*: quadrate; *m.*: quadrature;
 (astrol.) quartile. **-atin** = *cadatin*.

-atrice¹⁶ [L. *-atrix*], *f.*: quadratrix.
-ature¹⁵ [L. *-atura*], *f.*: quadrature;
 (astrol.) quartile. **-iennal**¹⁶ *ka* [L. *-i-
 ennalis* (annus, year)], *adj.*: quadri(en)-
 nial (lasting four years; occurring
 once in four years); *†m.*: office (etc.)
 of four years. **-ifide**¹⁸ [L. *-ifidus* (*fin-
 dere*, split)], *adj.*: quadrifid, four-cleft.

-iflor¹⁸ [L. *flor*, flower], *adj.*: having four
 flowers. **-ifolie**¹⁸ [L. *folium*, leaf], *adj.*:
 quadrifoliate, four-leaved. **-ige**¹⁶ [L.
-iga], *m.*: quadriga (Rom. chariot drawn
 by four horses abreast). **-ilatéral**¹⁸

[-ilatère], *adj.*: quadrilateral. **-ila-
 tère**¹⁵ [L. *-i-laterus* (latus, side)], *adj.*:
 (geom.) quadrilateral. **-illage**¹⁸, *m.*:
 arranging (ruling) in squares or lozenges,
 checkering, checkerwork; checked pave-
 ment. 1. **-ille**¹⁶ [Sp. *cuadrilla*], *f.*:

troop of horse (in a tournament); *m.*:
 quadrille (dance; music). 2. **-ille**¹⁷ [Sp.
cuartillo], *m.*: = (four-handed card game).
 3. **-ille**¹⁷ (Sp. *cuadrillo*), *m.*: square (in
 a pattern). **-ililé**¹⁸ [-ille], *adj.*: ar-
 ranged (ruled) in squares, checkered,
 checked. **-iller**¹⁸, *tr.*: arrange (rule) in
 squares, checker, check; lay in checker-
 work. **-illion**¹⁵ [L. *-i*, infl. by Fr. *mil-
 lion*], *m.*: = (as in Am., i.e. a thousand
 trillions). **-ilobé**¹⁸ [L. *-i*, Gr. *lobos*, lobe],
adj.: (bot.) quadrilobate. **-inôme**¹⁵ [L.
-i, Gr. *nomos*, division], *m.*: (alg.) quadri-
 nomial. **-isaieul**¹⁷, **-isaieule** *-ayeul* [L.
-i, Fr. *aieul*, after *bis-a-*], *m.*: ancestor
 in the fourth degree. **-ivalve**¹⁶ [L. *-i*,
valva], *adj.*: (bot.) =. **-ivium** [L. (*via*,
 road)], *m.*: = (arithmetic, music, geome-
 try, astronomy in medieval schools: cf.
trivium). **-umane**¹⁷ [L. *-u-mannus*
 (hand)], *adj.*: quadrumanous; *m.*: quad-
 rumane (pl. -na). **-upède**¹⁵ [L. *-u-pes*
 (foot)], *adj.* or *m.*: quadruped. **-uple**¹²
 [L. *-uplus*], *adj.*: =; *m. (f.)*: Spanish
 coin (double pistole, about \$18). **-upler**¹⁶
 [L. *-uplare*], *tr.*: quadruple.

quai¹¹ [fr. Celt.], *m.*: embankment, quay,
 wharf; (railr.) platform: *droit de —*,
 quayage, wharfage. **-age**, *m.*: quayage.

quaiche¹⁶ [Eng. *kech* (fr. Turk.)], *f.*:
 ketch (small vessel).

quaker¹⁷, =resse [Eng.], *m.*: Quaker.

quali-fiable [-fier], *adj.*: = (that one
 may call or term). **-ficateur**¹⁶, **-ficatif**¹⁷, **-ive**
 [-fier], *adj.*: qualificative; *m.*: qualifier.

-fication¹⁶ [L. *-ficatio*], *f.*: qualificati-
 on, entitling; title, name; character.

-fier¹⁴, *tr.*: qualify (entitle; style, name;
 make fit or capable): *une personne -fiée*, a
 person of quality (standing; nobility).

-tatif¹⁷, **-ive**, *adj.*: qualitative, qualify-
 ing. **†-té**¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*qualis*, such)], *f.*:
 quality (nature, condition; qualification,
 capacity; title; nobility): *en — de*, in
 the capacity of, as: *les gens de —*, people
 of noble birth.

quand¹⁰ [L. *quando*], *conj.*: when; as
 soon as; even if, though; *adv.*: when:

— *même*, even though; all the same, not-
 withstanding, in spite of all, anyhow;
 determined, stubborn; indiscriminately:

— *bien même*, even though; *depuis — ?*
 since when? how long is it that? *jusqu'à*
 — ? until when? how long? *de — ?* from
 when? from what time?

†quanquam¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: student's oration
 in Latin.

†quanquan = cancan.

quan-à¹⁶ [L. *-tum*], *conj.*: as much as;
 — *à*, *prep.*: as to, as for, with respect to,
 regarding: — *à moi*, as for me, for my

part; —à-moi (—à-soi, etc.), *m.*: my (his, etc.) reserve or dignity: *se mettre sur son* —à-soi, give one's self airs; *se tenir sur son* —à-soi, stand on one's dignity, take a proud or reserved air, be haughty. **-tes** [pl. of *-t* (Lat. *-tus*)], *adj. pl.*: as many; only with *fois*: *toutes et — fois* (or *toutes fois et —*) *que*, as often as, whenever; — *fois*! how often! **-tième**¹⁵, *adj.*: which in order; *m.*: day of the month, date: *quel — avons-nous?* what day of the month is it? *montrer à —*, watch showing the day of the month. **-titatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-titas*, quantity], *adj.*: quantitative. **-tité**¹¹ [L. *-titas*], *f.*: quantity. **-tum** [L.], *m.*: quantum.

qua-rantaine¹¹, *f.*: period of forty days; (*anc.*) truce of forty days; quarantine; age of forty years; about forty, some forty: *la sainte —*, Lent; *il a la —*, he is forty years old. **-rante** [L. *quadragesima*], *adj. or m.*: forty: *les —*, the (forty) members of the French Academy. **-rantie**¹⁶ [It. *-rantia*], *f.*: tribunal of the forty (at Venice). **-rantième**¹¹, *adj.*: fortieth; *f.*: fortieth part.

quarderonner¹⁶ [quart-de-rond], *tr.*: quarter-round, round off.

quarre, quarré = *carre, carré*.

quar-t¹⁰ [L. *quartus*], *adj.* or *m.*: FOURTH (in order); (*med.*) quantan; *m.*: quarter, fourth (part); quarter-past; quart (measure); (*nav.*) point (of the compass); (*nav.*) watch (of four hours): — *d'heure*, quarter of an hour; — *de cercle*, quadrant; — *de vent*, point of the compass; — *de monde*, low awells; — *de nuit*, night-watch; *officier de —*, officer on watch; *faire bon —*, keep good look-out; *le premier —*, the starboard watch; *bon —*! all's well! *médiser du tiers et du —*, slander everybody. **-taine**¹², *adj.*: quantan: *fièvre —*, quantan ague. **-tan**¹⁵ [an], *m.*: fourth year (of boars). **-tanier**¹⁵ [tan], *m.*: four-year-old wild boar. **-tation**¹⁷, *f.*: (*metal.*) quantation. **-tant**¹², *m.*: quarter cask (cont. $\frac{1}{4}$ of a hoghead). **-te** [L. *-ta*], *f.*: (*mus.*) fourth; (*fenc.*) quart; (*piquet*) quart; (*old*) half gallon. **-tenaire** = *quaternaire*. **-tenier**¹³ [-tier], *m.*: (*anc.*) ward police officer; (*nav.*) master of the watch. **-ter**¹⁶ [-te], *tr.*: (*fenc.*) place in quart. **-teron**¹² [-tier], *m.*: fourth part of a pound; fourth part of a hundred; book of gold-foil (25 leaves). **-te-ron**¹⁷, **-teronne** [Sp. *cuarterón*], *m.*: quadron. **-tette, -tetto**¹⁸ [It. *-tetto*], *m.*: (*mus.*) quartet. **-tidi**¹⁷ [L. *dies*, day], *m.*: = (4th day of the decade, calend. of first French republic). **-tier**¹⁹, *m.*: quarter (fourth part; fourth part of a slaughtered animal; fourth part of the

moon's period; fourth part of the year; quarterly payment; part of an escutcheon; section of a town, etc., ward, district occupied by troops, encampment; shelter, retreat; mercy shown an enemy, sparing his life; back part of a shoe; part, portion; division of a school, hall, ward; class-room; block of stone, mass; flap (of a saddle); side of bacon: — *de lard*, flitch of bacon; — *général*, (*mil.*) headquarters; *faire (donner) —*, give quarter, spare (the life); *demandeur —*, beg for quarter (for mercy); *mettre en —*, quarter, tear to pieces. **-tier-maître**¹⁸ or **-mestre**, *pl. —s*, *m.*: quartermaster (mil. provisioning officer; *nav.* petty officer of lower grade). **-til**¹⁷ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: — *aspect*, quartile aspect. **-tinier** = *tenier*. **quar-to**, cf. *in-quarto*.

quart-z¹⁷ *kwarta* [Ger.], *m.*: = **-zeu**¹⁷, = *ense*, *adj.*: quartzose, quartz.

1. **quasi**¹⁸ [?], *m.*: (*butch.*) loin end.

2. **quasi**¹⁴ [L.], *adj.*: (*fam.*) quasi, almost.

-contrat¹⁷, *pl. —s*, *m.*: quasi contract, implied contract.

-crime, -délit¹⁷, *pl. —s*, *m.*: involuntary petty offence.

-ment¹⁷, *adv.*: in a manner, almost, nearly.

-modo, *m.*: (*Cath.*) Quasimodo; Low Sunday; *m.*: (*jest.*) hideous fellow.

quas-sia¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = **-sier**¹³, *m.*: bitter quassia, staves-wood.

quater-naire¹⁵ [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: quaternary.

-ne ka- [L. *-nus*], *m.*: four numbers (in lottery) taken together, quaternion.

-né¹⁸ [L. *-nus*], *adj.*: quaternate.

quator-zaine¹², *f.*: fortnight. **-ze**¹⁰ [L. *quattuor-decim*, FOUR-TEEN], *adj. or m.*:

fourteen; fourteenth. **-zième**¹¹, *adj. or m.*: fourteenth. **-zièment**¹⁷, *adv.*: fourteenthly.

quatrajn¹⁵ [quatre], *m.*: =

qua-tre¹⁰ [L. *quattuor*], *adj. or m.*: FOUR;

fourth: — *de (or en) chiffre*, figure 4 or

dead-fall (trap); *à —*, with four; four

together; *comme —*, like four, like four

other; excessively, lustily; — *à —*, four to

four; four abreast; *se mettre en —*,

do one's utmost, strain every nerve; *se*

tenir à —, make the greatest effort;

être tiré à — épingles, look as if direct

from a bandbox. **Quatre-Temps**, *m.*

pl.: Ember-days (for fasting and prayer).

-tre-vingtième, *adj. or m.*: eightieth.

-tre-vingt(s)¹², *adj. or m.*: eighty.

-tre-vingt-un, etc., eighty-one, etc.

-trième¹³, *adj.*: fourth; *m.*: fourth;

fourth floor; pupil of the fourth class; *f.*:

fourth class (in schools); quarter; quart

(at piquet). **-trièment**¹⁶ [-trième],

adv.: fourthly. **-triennal** = *driennal*.

-trillon = *drillon*. **qua-tuor**¹⁹ [L.],

m.: (*mus.*) quartet.

quayage¹¹ [kwaɪ], m.: = (wharfage).

1. quæ^o [L. *quem*], rel. pron.: (obj.) whom, that, which; what; whatever; interr. pron.: what?: *qu'est-ce que ... ?* what is it ... ? what ... ? what is (are) ... ? *qu'est-ce ?* or *qu'est-ce que c'est ?* what is it? what is the matter? what? *qu'est-ce que c'est que ... ?* what is (are) ... ? — *faire ?* what is to be done? — *désirer de plus ?* what more can (could) be desired?

2. quæ^o [atonic L. *quid*], conj.: that; in order that; when; as; than; often instead of repeating *si*, 'if,' or for a comp. conjunction in *QUE* (e.g. *lorsque*, when; *puis-que*, since; *bien que*, although; *à moins que*, unless, etc.); expletive esp. after *CE* with *ETRE* (*c'est*, etc.); rendered by 'let, may,' before an exhort. subjunctive; adv.: why? how! what! *ne ... que*, nothing else than, nothing but, only, but: *afin* —, in order that; *avant* — (*de*), before; *bien* —, although; *depuis* —, since; *de même* —, just as; *de peur* —, lest; *de sorte* —, so that; *pour* —, in order that; *pourvu* —, provided; *parce* —, because; *suivant* —, according as; *tandis* —, while, while on the contrary (on the other hand); *quel* —, who(so)ever, what(so)ever; *s'il le souhaite, et — vous le vouliez*, if he desires it, and you also wish it; *je ne serai point content — je ne le sache*, I shall never be contented until I know it; *attendez qu'il vienne*; wait till he comes; *il me verrait périr, qu'il n'en serait pas touché*, even if he were to see me die, he would not be concerned at it; *il n'y a qu'une heure qu'il est parti*, it is but an hour since he left; *on le régala — rien n'y manquait*, they treated him in such a way that nothing was wanting; *à peine eut-il achevé de parler qu'il expira*, he had hardly done speaking, when he expired; *tout savant qu'il est, il a bien peu de jugement*, learned as he is, he has very little judgment; *qu'il parle*, let him speak; *je doute — cela soit ainsi*, I doubt whether it is so; *c'est une passion dangereuse — le jeu*, gaming is a dangerous passion; *c'est être sage — de vivre ainsi*, it is like a wise man to live so; *c'est en vain — je me fatigue*, it is in vain that I toil and moil; *c'est — je ne savais pas — vous y étiez*, it was because I did not know that you were there; *il y a dix ans — je l'aime*, I have loved her for these ten years; *il est tout autre — vous ne disiez*, he is quite different from what you said; — *Dieu vous bénisse*, God bless you; — *fagisse contre ma conscience*! how can I do a thing against my conscience! — *vous aimez à parler*! how much you like to talk! *qu'elle est grande*! how tall she is! *qu'il y a de sots dans le monde*! how many

fools there are in the world! *le malheureux qu'il est*! what a wretched man he is! — *ne parlez-vous ?* why do you not speak? — *ne fait-il pas pour s'enrichir ?* what does he not do to grow rich? — *ne puis-je vous rendre service ?* would to God that I could serve you! — *n'ai-je le temps ?* oh, that I had time! *je ne sors point — je ne m'enrhume !* I never go out without catching cold; *je n'ai — faire de*, I have no business with, I have nothing to do with; I have no need of; *je n'ai — faire de vous dire*, I need not tell you; *il ne fait — boire et manger*, he does nothing but eat and drink; *nous ne faisons — de commencer*, we are but just beginning; *je dis — oui*, I say yes; *il croit — non*, he believes not; *je gage — si*, I bet it is; *tant bien — mal*, indifferently; so so; partly well, partly ill.

quel^o, quel-le [L. *qualis*], interr. or excl. pron.: who? which? what? what! what a! — *que*, whoever, whosoever, whatever, whatsoever; — *homme est-ce ?* what sort of a man is he? — *le heure est-il ?* what o'clock is it?

-conque¹¹ [L. *qualis-cumque*], adj.: (following its noun): any whatever, any, whatever, of any kind: *d'une façon (or manière)* —, in any way whatever, some way or other. — **lement**¹³, adv.: (fam.) in any way whatever: *tellement* —, indifferently, so-so. — **que**¹¹ [quel, que], adj.: some, any; a little (pl. a few); whatever, what ... soever; adv.: however, howsoever; about: — ... *que*, whatever; however, howsoever; — ... *que ce soit*, any ... whatever; any; whatever ... it is.

-qufois¹⁵ fam. *kek-fwa* [-que, fois], adv.: sometimes; fonce. — **qu'un, -une**, pl. **-ques-uns, -ques-unes** [-que, un], m., f.: some one, somebody (pl. some, some people, a few); any one, anybody; any.

quéman-d¹³, **-de** [ʔ], m., f.: beggar. — **der**¹³, †intr.: go begging; tr.: beg of, importune, solicit, bore by begging. — **-deur**¹⁷, **-euse** [-der], m., f.: (importunate) beggar, solicitor.

†quénaille¹² [Norm.-Pic. for *canaille*], f.: rabble.

qu'en-dira-t-en¹⁸, m.: (fam.) public talk.

quennelle¹⁸ [? Ger. *knödel*], f.: (cook.) meat dumpling, forcemeat ball.

quennotte¹⁶ [Norm. *quene* (cf. Eng. *chin*)], tooth, f.: (child's) tooth; (jest.) bear's tooth.

que-nonille^o [p. L. **conucla*, for *colucla* (L. *colus*, distaff)], f.: distaff; bed post; post; stem (of certain plants); pyramid-shaped fruit-tree: *en* —, like a distaff; *tomber en* —, fall to the female line, fall to the petticoat; be inherited by females.

nonil-lée¹⁶ [L. *distaff*-ful, *-nonillette*¹⁶, *f.*: small distaff; iron-stopper.
querable¹⁸ [-*rir*], *adj.*: (leg.) demandable (debt).
quercitron¹⁸ [L. *quercus*, oak, Fr. *citron*], *m.*: =, dyer's-oak.
quarrel-le¹⁸ [L. *-la* (*querere*, complain)], *f.*: complaint, flaw-suit, feud; **QUARREL** (brawl, wrangling): — *d'Allemand*, groundless quarrel; *chercher* — *d*, pick a quarrel with; *vider une* —, settle a quarrel.
-ler¹⁸, *tr.*: to prefer complaint against; to contest; to quarrel with (pick a quarrel with), to scold; *intr.*, *refl.*: quarrel, wrangle.
-leur¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: quarreller; *adj.*: quarrelsome. **-leux**¹², **-euse**, *adj.*: quarrelsome.
querimonie¹⁹ [L. *querimonia*], *f.*: complaint; request to publish a monitory.
querir, *tr.*: (only in *Inf.* with a verb of motion): seek; *aller* —, go and fetch; *envoyer* —, send for. **† querre**¹⁹ [L. *querere*], *tr.*: seek; *venir* —, call for (a person).
querre¹⁹ [L. *quadra*, square form], *f.*: (dial.) edge, corner.
questeur¹⁸ [L. *questor*], *m.*: questor.
ques-tion¹¹ [L. *questio*], *f.*: = (interrogation; examination; examination under torture): — *extraordinaire*, extraordinary torture rack; *faire une* —, ask a question; *faire* —, be doubted; *cela ne fait pas* —, that is beyond question; *mettre en* —, call in question; *mettre à la* —, put to the rack, torture; *il est — de*, the question (point) is; it is contemplated, it is talked of. **1. -tionnaire**¹⁵, *f.*: set of questions; examination questions. **2. -tionnaire**¹⁵ [L. *-tionarius*], *m.*: (examining) torturer. **-tionner**¹², *tr.*: question; ask questions; (*jest.*) feel. **-tionneur**¹⁵, **-euse** [-*tionner*], *m., f.*: questioner.
questure¹⁶ [L. *questura*], *f.*: questorship.
1. quête [? Norm. for *chute*], *f.*: (nav.) rake (stern bend).
2. quêt-te¹¹ [part of *1. querre*], *f.*: QUEST, search; collection; (*hunt.*) beating about; *se mettre en* — *de*, go in quest of. **-ter**¹¹, *tr.*: to seek; (*hunt.*) search; solicit (alms, contributions), collect; beg. **-teur**¹¹, **-euse** [-*ter*], *m., f.*: to seek; (*hunt.*) searcher; solicitor, collector; mendicant; *adj.*: soliciting.
1. queue¹⁹ [L. *cōda* for *cauda*], *f.*: tail; tailpiece; (*of hair*) pig-tail, CUE; fag-end; rear; file (of people); train, trail; series; (billiard-CUE; handle (of a pan); stalk, stem; shank (of a button); label; (*fam.*) conjugal infidelity; cask (of 1½ hogsheads) (carp.) — *d'aronde*, dove-tail; — *d'hiver* or *de l'hiver*, blackthorn winter; — *de*

morue, tail of a cod; (*fig.*) swallow-tail; — *de rat*, rat's tail; round file; snuff-box; small taper; — *de renard*, fox's brush; (*bot.*) foxtail (grass); (*jest.*) spew; — *de chat*, cat-o'-nine-tails; dance figure; *d* —, tailed; (*piano*) *d* —, grand; (letter) descending; — *d* —, one after another; *d la* —, in the rear, behind; in a file; *faire* —, stand in file; (*fig.*) flock, rush; *faire la* — *d*, take in, deceive; *il y a* —, there is a rush.
2. queue = **1. queue**.
† queue-queuni¹⁶ [?], *adv.*: just the same.
quenter¹⁸ [1. *queue*], *intr.*: make a push stroke (at billiards).
1. † queue¹⁹ [L. *cōs*], *f.*: hone, whetstone.
2. † queue¹⁹ [L. *cocus* (*coquere*, COOK)], *m.*: COOK.
qui¹⁹ [L. *qui*], *pron.*: **1. rel.** (acc. *que*): who (whom), which, that; he who; whoever (whomsoever); **2. interr.** (*invar.*): who? whom? *ce que*, that which, what: *d* —, to whom; whose; a question of whom (*d* — *parlez-vous?* to whom do you speak? *d* — *est ce livre?* whose book is this? *c'est d* —, the question is who, they vie (or try) who); — *que ce soit*, whoever it may be, whoever, any; (after *ne*, nobody, none).
quja¹⁸ [L. 'because'], *adv.*: nonplussed; *mettre a* —, put to a stand, nonplus; *être d* —, be at a loss, be nonplussed.
quibus¹⁴ [L. 'with which'], *m.*: (pop.) means, money, tin.
qui-conque¹¹ [L. *-cumque*], *pron.*: who(so)ever; whom(so)ever; whichever. **-dam**¹⁸ [L.], **† -dane**, *m.*: certain individual (or person), some one.
quiddité¹⁸ [l. L. *-tas* (*quid*, what)], *f.*: quiddity.
qui-escant¹⁸ [L. *-escant*], *adj.*: =. **† -et**¹², **-ète** [L. *-etus*], *adj.*: quiet. **-étisme**¹⁶, *m.*: quietism. **-étiste**¹⁶, *m., f.*: quietist. **-étude**¹⁵ [l. L. *-tudo*], *f.*: quietude.
1. quignon¹⁸ [? *coin*], *m.*: hunch (of bread).
2. quignon [?], *m.*: covered heap of flax (left to ripen).
quilloquet¹⁵ [?], *m.*: mortise, gauge.
† quil-lage¹⁷ [2. *-le*], *m.*: keelage (duty).
1. † quil-le¹⁸ [Dutch *kiel*], *f.*: KEEL. **-lé**, *adj.*: keeled (provided with a keel).
2. quil-le¹⁸ [Germ. *c*, ak. to Eng. *keyles*, Ger. *kegel*], *f.*: skittle, ninepin; (trivial) leg, shank; *jeu de* —, game (or set) of skittles; bowling alley, skittle ground; *trousser* (or *prendre*) *ses* —, (or *son sac et ses* —), pack off bag and baggage, pack off, be off; *être reçu comme un chien dans un jeu de* —, be very badly received. **-ler**¹⁸, *intr.*: throw for first

play at skittles; *tr.*: (fam.) throw at, batter. **-lette**¹⁷ [*f.*: slip, cutting (for planting)]. **-lon**¹⁶, *m.*: quillon, half of the guard (of a sword).

quin, **quina** = *quinaquina*.

quinaire¹⁵ [*L.* -narius], *adj.*: quinary; *m.*: quinary (Rom. coin).

†quinand¹⁵ [*?*], *adj.*: abashed, humbled.

quincail-le¹⁶ [for *clinc* - (cliquer)], *f.*: hardware, ironmongery; copper coins, coppers; brass. **-lerie**¹² [*-ler*], *f.*: ironmongery, hardware trade. **-lier**¹⁵, **-ère**, *m., f.*: ironmonger.

quincunee¹⁵ [*L.* quincunx], *m.*: quincunx.

quindécagone¹⁷ [*L.* quindécim, fifteen, *Gr.* gónos, angle], *m.*: quindécagon.

quindécim-vir¹⁷ [*L.*], *m.*: quindécimvir. **-virat**, *m.*: quindécimvirate.

quine⁹ [*L.* quini, by fives], *m.*: two fives (tricktrack); five prizes; five winning numbers.

quinine¹⁸ [*quinaquina*], *f.*: = (the drug).

quinola¹⁵ [*Sp.*], *m.*: knave of hearts (reversi); reversi (game); (fam.) valet.

quin-quagénnaire¹⁵ [*L.* -qua-genarius], *adj.* or *m.*: fifty years old (person).

-quagésime¹², *f.*: Quinquagesima (50th day before Easter). **†il-que**¹⁷ [*L.* FIVE], *m.*: (mus.) quintet. **-quennal**¹⁷ [*L.* -quennalis], *adj.*: quinquennial. **-quennium**¹⁷ [*L.*], *m.*: = **quin-que-nove**¹⁶

[*L.* quinque, 5, novem, 9], *m.*: five-and-nine, game at dice. **-querème**¹⁵ [*L.* -queremis (remus, oar)], *f.*: quiquereme (galley with five banks of oars).

quinquet¹⁷ [*Q.*, name of maker], *m.*: Argand lamp, lamp; (slang) "peeper," eye.

quinquina¹⁶ [*fr.* Peruv.], *m.*: =, Peruvian bark; cinchona (quinine tree, or the drug).

quin-t^o, **quin-te** [*L.* quintus], *†adj.*: fifth; of every fifth day; *†m.*: fifth part; *f.*: (mus.) fifth; quint (pique); tenor violin; (fenc.) quinte; coughing fit (once supposed to come on every fifth hour); bad temper, whim. **-taine**⁹ [*L.* -tana], *f.*: (man.) quintain.

quintal¹² [*L.* -le (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: = (hundredweight).

quin-tan = **-laine**. **-tane** [*L.* -na], *adj.* *f.*: quintan (of every fifth day). **†-te**, *cf.* **quint**. **-tefenille**¹² [*quint-e, feuille*], *f.*: (bot.) cinquefoil (potentilla). **-tes-sence**¹⁵ [*quint-e, essence*], *f.*: = **-tes-sencier**¹⁶ [*-tes-sence*], *tr.*: extract the quintessence of, subtilise, refine. **quin-tette**¹⁵, **†-tetto** [*It.* -tetto], *m.*: (mus.) quintet. **-teur**¹⁵, **-euse** [*-te*], *adj.*: violent; ill-tempered, fitful, peevish, restive; *m., f.*: peevish, restive person. **quin-tidi**¹⁷ [*L.* quintus, dies, day], *m.*: =

-til¹⁷ [*L.* -tus], *adj.*: (astrol.) quantile.

-tille¹⁶ [*Sp.* -tilla], *f.*: five-handed ombre.

quin-tuple¹⁴ [*L.* -tuplex], *adj.*: = (five-fold). **quin-tupler**¹⁷ [*-tuple*], *tr.*: quintuple. **†-zain**¹¹ [*-ze*], *m.*: group of five; fifteen each (at tennis). **-zaine**¹¹ [*-ze*], *f.*: group of fifteen; fifteen days; fortnight (i.e. French including the to-day, English not); about fifteen. **quin-ze**⁹

[*L.* quin-decim], *adj.* or *m.*: fifteen, fifteen; — *jours*, fifteen days; a fortnight (cf. *-zaine*); *d'aujourd'hui en —*, this day fortnight; *il y a — jours*, a fortnight ago; *le — Avril*, the 15th of April.

-ze-vingts¹³ [*quinze, vingts*], *†adj.*: three hundred (= 15 × 20); Quinze-Vingts (Asylum in Paris for 300 blind); inmate of Quinze-Vingts; blind man. **-zième**¹¹

[*-ze*], *adj.* or *m.*: fifteenth; fifteenth day. **-zièment**¹⁵ [*-zième*], *adj.*: fifteenthly.

quiproquo¹⁵ [schol. *L.* quid pro quod, 'quid for quod', 'this for that'], *m.*: 'quid pro quo,' one thing for another, mistake.

quit-tance¹¹ [*-ter*], *f.*: receipt, quittance. **-tance**¹³, *tr.*: receipt. **†-te**¹⁰ [*L.* quietus, quiet], *adj.*: free (from an obligation), discharged, out of debt; quit; even (square) with; clear, rid; *adv.*: quits; (*leg.*) *franc et —*, free and clear, unencumbered; — *d* (or *pour*), at the risk of; *d —*, quits; even, tit for tat; *être —*, be quits, be even; *en être — d* (or *pour*), be let off with, get off (or escape) with or for, simply have to; *tenir — de*, release from; let off for; dispense with.

†-tement¹¹, *adv.*: so as to be free or clear; without encumbrance. **-ter**¹¹, *tr.*: QUIT (release from obligation, discharge; leave, cede, abandon, forsake, give up): — *ses habits*, take off one's clothes; — *une charge*, give up an office; — *la partie*, give up the game; *se —*, leave each other, part; be left; — *des yeux*, take one's eyes off. **quit-us**¹⁵ [*L.* L.], *m.*: discharge, receipt in full, QUIETUS.

qui-va-là¹⁵ or **qui va là**? who goes there? (exclam. of fear or caution).

qui-vive¹⁵ or **qui vive**? (sentinel's challenge): who comes there? (*lit.* 'Who may live?' i.e. for whom is your 'Long live!'; *m.*: challenge (-word); (*fig.*) look-out, alert: *être sur le —*, be on the qui vive, be on the alert.

quoailler¹⁷ [*queue*], *intr.*: switch the tail (as horses).

quoi⁹ [*L.* quid], *pron.*: †which; what; what? *interf.*: what! how! — *que*, whatever; *d —*, at what; how; *d — bon?* what good will it do? why? *de —*, of what; wherewith; means; *avoir de —*, have the means, (*pop.*) be rich; *il n'y a*

pas de —, there is no reason for it; it is not worth mentioning, don't mention, please; *il n'y a pas de — rire*, there is nothing to laugh at, it is no joking matter; *à propos de —*? on what occasion? with respect to what? *en —*, in what; about which, wherein; what... made of; — *qu'il en soit*, be that as it may; at any rate. **quoique**¹⁰, conj.: although, though: — *que*, (pop.) in spite of that, for all that.

quolibet¹² [L. *quod-libet*, 'what pleases (you)'], m.: quodlibet (schol. debatable point; subtlety); jest, pun, sorry joke.

quorum¹³ [Eng. (L. 'of whom')], m.: =. **quote-part** [L. *quota pars*], f.: quota, part, portion, share.

quoti-dien¹², = **enne** [L. *dianus* (dies, day)], adj.: quotidian, daily, diurnal. **-diennement**¹⁴, adv.: daily.

quo-tient¹⁴ [L. *tiens*], m.: =. **~-tité**¹⁵ [L. *-tus*, how much], f.: quota, portion, share, rating.

R

r RE, or older **ër** [L.], m.: r (the letter).

rabâ-chage¹⁶, m.: (fam.) tiresome repetition, humdrum; idle twaddle. **~-cher**¹⁷ [?], intr.: keep repeating, repeat over and over; twaddle. **-cherie**¹⁷, f.: tiresome repetition; twaddle. **-cheur**¹⁷, = **ense**, m., f.: endless repeater; twaddler.

rabais¹³, m.: lowering, abatement; reduction; reduced price, discount; lowest bidding; depreciation: *au —*, with an abatement, at a reduction; at a discount; fallen in price; for the lowest bidding; by contract. **-ssement**¹⁵, m.: abatement, reduction, lowering; humiliation. **~-sser**¹¹ [re, abaisser], tr.: lower; abate, diminish, reduce; set back; cut back; run down; depreciate, disparage; put down, humble.

ra-ban¹⁶ [Dutch *raa-band*, 'yard-band'], m.: (nav.) lanyard, lashing, ropeband. **-baner**, **-bantor**¹⁷, tr.: tie with lanyards, lash.

rabat¹² [-tre], m.: †beating down (lowering); (hunt.) scaring or beating up; (tennis) rebound, return of the ball; reduction; (what beats back) roof of a tennis-court; top of a cage; (what is turned down) necklace; (clergyman's) neck-band. **-joie**¹³ [-tre], m.: (person or thing abating joy), marjory, spoilsport, sad balk, damper; surly fellow.

rabat-tage¹³, m.: beating down, back-set, laying, pressing down; cutting back. **-tement**¹², m.: beating down; reduction. **-teur**¹⁵, = **ense**, m., f.: beater down, re-

ducer; (hunt.) beater (up). **-toij**¹³, m.: beating tool, beater. **~-tre**¹¹ [re, abatre], tr.: beat down; bring down, lower; cut down or back; turn down; slouch, flap; press down, flatten, level; (hunt.) beat up; abate, lessen, reduce; humble; parry, ward off; (leg.) revoke; intr.: turn, take; se —, be beaten down; fall down, fall; alight; turn down; turn (off); deviate, wander; come down, lower one's pretensions; limit one's self; en —, deduct from it (or them); lower one's pretensions, come down a peg; alter one's opinion; *il n'en veut rien* —, he won't bate a hair's breadth on it. **-tu**, part. of **-tre**: beaten down, etc.; turn(ed) down, slouched, slouching; blunt; f.: drift.

rabbaniste = **rabbinate**.

rab-bi¹⁵, **-bin** [Hebr. *rabb*, master], m.: = (title for Jewish doctor of the law).

-binage¹⁶, m.: rabbinism. **-binique**¹⁶, adj.: rabbinical. **-binisme**¹⁵, m.: rabbinism. **-biniste**¹⁶, m.: rabbinist.

rabd... = **rhabd**...

rabelaisien¹⁵, = **enne** [the coarse humourist Rabelais], adj.: Rabelaisian (in the style of R.).

rabêtir¹⁶ [re, abêtir], intr.: grow stupid or dull; tr.: stupefy.

rabiau¹⁸ [?], m.: (mil.) leavings (of wine after distribution); over-time (of service as disciplinary punishment); remainder, surplus. **-ter**¹⁵, intr.: (mil.) drink the leavings; pick up the scraps, lay up little earnings; tr.: lay up.

rabiboche¹³ [?], tr.: (pop.) mend; back (a losing player).

rabjole¹⁵ [Prov. *raba*, radish], f.: (dial.) big radish.

rablot, **-ter** = **rabiau**, **-ter**.

rabique¹⁵ [L. *rabies*, rage], adj.: of rabies, hydrophobic.

1. **râble**¹⁶ [L. *rutabulum* (ruere, stir)], m.: poker, stirrer.

2. **râ-ble**¹⁵ [? ak. to Sp. *-bo*, tail], m.: back (of certain animals); (fam.) back (of a man). **-blé**¹⁶, adj.: strong-backed. **-blu**¹⁶, adj.: broad-backed.

ra-bo-biner¹⁰, †**-bliner** [re, à, bobeliner], tr.: (pop.) piece together, botch.

rabonnir¹² [re, abonner], tr.: (fam.) better, improve; ameliorate; intr.: improve.

ra-bot¹³ [?], m.: plane, rabbet; scraper; groove made by a plane; (mas.) larry; rabot, polisher (for marble); beater; road-scraper. **-botage**¹⁵ [-bater], m.: (carp.) planing. **-bater**¹⁵, tr.: plane, plane off; smooth, polish (with wooden block). **-boteur**¹⁵ [-bater], m.: planer; adj.: planing: — **mécanique**, planing machine, planer. **-boteur**, = **ense**¹⁶, adj.: uneven, knotty, rugged, harsh.

rabougrir¹⁵ [re, abougrir], tr.: stunt: se —, grow stunted.

rabouillère¹⁵ [ak. to Eng. rabbit], f.: rabbit's burrow; (fig.) hole.

raboutir¹⁵ [re, à, bout], tr.: join end to end, piece.

rabrouer¹⁵ [?], tr.: rebuff, snub rudely, scold.

racage¹⁶ [raque], m.: (nav.) parrel, sliding mast-ring.

racahout¹⁸ [Ar. ragaout], m.: = (substitute for chocolate).

racaille¹¹ [ak. to Eng. rascal, borrowed from OFr.], f.: rabble, rag-tag, refuse, trash.

†**raccoiser**¹² [re, accoiser], tr.: appease, quiet.

raccomodable, adj.: mendable.

-dage¹⁶, m.: mending, repairing.

-dement¹⁶, m.: reconciliation, reconciliation, making up. || **-der**¹⁵ [re, accommoder], tr.: repair, mend; patch; adjust, set right, correct; reconcile: se —, be repaired, etc.; be reconciled, make it up, be friends again. **-deur**¹⁶, **-euse**, m., f.: repairer, mender; tinker; cobbler; road-mender.

rac-cord¹¹, m.: adjustment; joining, junction; accord. **-cordement**¹¹, m.: joining, junction; coupling, connection; (arch.) levelling; mending. || **-corder**¹¹ [re, accorder], tr.: adjust, fit together, join, unite, connect; mend, reconcile.

raccour-ci¹⁸, part.: shortened, etc.; m.: abridgment, epitome; short cut; (paint.) foreshortening: en —, abridged; foreshortened; in miniature; in brief, briefly. **-cir**¹⁸ [re, accourcir], tr.: shorten; curtail, abridge, abbreviate; contract; (paint.) foreshorten; intr. or refl.: shorten, grow shorter, decrease, shrink.

-cissement¹⁵, m.: shortening; curtailment, abridgment, shrinking.

†**raccou-trement**¹⁵, m.: mending.

†**-trer**¹⁵ [re, accouter], tr.: mend, patch.

raccontumer¹⁵ [re, accoutumer], tr.: accustom again.

rac-croc¹⁸, m.: lucky hit, stroke of luck; fluke. || **-crocher**¹⁶ [re, accrocher], tr.: hook or hang up again; fix, establish; hook on to, catch; get again; recover; get by chance, pick up: se —, hook on (to), catch hold, cling; take up again; recover (retrieve) one's self; make a happy stroke (as at billiards), make a fluke.

-crocheur¹⁷, **-euse**, m., f.: happy player (esp. at billiards); f.: street-walker.

race¹⁵ [It. razza (?)], f.: race; generation; breed, stock; (agr.) variety: de —, true-born, thorough-bred; by birth; by

inherited nature; bon chien chasse de —, it runs in his (her) blood.

ra-chat¹¹, m.: repurchase; redemption, ransom.

-chetable¹⁵, adj.: repurchasable; redeemable. || **-cheter**¹¹ [re, acheter], tr.: repurchase, buy back; buy off, redeem, ransom; compensate, atone for: se —, redeem one's self; be redeemed; buy one's freedom; — une rente, redeem an annuity.

ra-chidien¹⁸, **-enne**, adj.: rachidian (spinal). || **-chis**¹⁵ [Gr. rhachis], m.: = (spine). **-chitique**¹¹ [Gr. rhachitis], adj. or noun: rachitic, rickety. **-chitis**¹⁷ [Gr. rhachitis], m.: = (rickets).

raci-nage¹⁶, m.: walnut-dye; marbling, veining (of book-edges).

-nal¹⁶, m.: ground-timber, sill, sole. || **-ne**¹⁶ [p. L. radicina (L. radix)], f.: root; radix; origin: — carrée, square root; — cubique, cube-root. **-ner**, intr.: take root.

rack = arack.

ra-clage¹⁸, m.: erasure; scratching.

ra-cle¹⁷, m.: scraper. **-cle-boyau**, m.: catgut-scraper; fiddler.

-clée¹⁵, f.: thrashing, drubbing. || **-cler**¹⁸ [ak. to L. radere (through, p. L. *ras-culare), rub], tr.: scrape; scrape or rub off; grate; rasp (the throat); (fam.) scrape (the strings of an instrument), fiddle; strike (a measure): — le boyau, scrape the fiddle.

-clette¹⁸, f.: little scraper. **-cleur**¹⁵, **-euse**, m., f.: scraper: — (de boyau), catgut-scraper, fiddler.

-cloir¹⁵, m.: scraper; road-scraper. **-cloire**¹⁶, f.: strike (of measures); tongue-scraper. **-clure**¹⁴, f.: scraping; scrapings.

racolage¹⁷, m.: recruiting, enlisting, crimping. || **-ler**¹¹ [re, acoler], tr.: thug again; recruit, enlist, crimp.

-leur¹⁷, **-euse**, m., f.: recruiter, recruiting agent, crimp.

racon-table¹¹, adj.: relatable. **-tar**¹⁸, m.: (fam.) gossip, tittle-tattle. || **-ter**¹¹ [re, OFr. a-conter], tr.: relate, recount, tell; narrate: se —, be related or told; tell of one's self.

-teur¹⁴, **-euse**, m., f.: relater, teller; narrator; adj.: relating.

racor-nir¹⁸ [re, à, corne], tr.: make hard as horn, make callous or horny, harden; dry up, shrivel. **-nissement**¹⁷, m.: hardening, shrivelling.

racquitter¹⁸ [re, acquitter], tr.: repay; indemnify: se —, be indemnified, retrieve one's loss.

rade¹⁴ [OEng. rade = road], f.: ROAD, roadstead: — foraine, open roadstead.

radeau¹⁸ [Prov. -del (L. ratia)], m.: raft.

rader¹⁵, tr.: anchor in a road(stead).

ra-der¹⁷, tr.: †strike (a measure); divide. †**-deur**¹⁶, m.: salt-measurer.

ra-dièr¹⁸ [L. -dius, RAY], adj.: radi-

ate(d); *m.*: radiate (pl. radiator). **-dial**¹⁶ [L. *-dialis*], *adj.*: radial. **-diant**¹⁵ [L. *-dians*], *adj.*: =. 1. **-diation**¹⁵ [L. *-diation*], *f.*: =.

2. **-radiation**¹⁴ [L. *-diare*, for Fr. *rayer*], *f.*: crossing or striking out, cancelling; obliteration; cancelling mark, cross.

radi-cal¹⁵ [L. *-calis* (radix, root)], *adj.*: =. **-calement**¹⁵, *adv.*: radically. **-calisme**¹⁵, *m.*: radicalism. **-cant**¹⁵, *adj.*: (bot.) =. **-celle**¹⁵ [L. *radix*], *f.*: (bot.) radicle, rootlet. **-cule**¹⁵ [L. *-cula*], *f.*: radicle, rootlet.

radié¹⁶ [L. *-diatus* (radius, RAY)], *adj.*: radiate(d), radiant.

1. **radier**¹⁷ [? ak. to *radeau*], *m.*: frame of ground-timber; apron (of a dock); floor (of a lock or canal).

2. **radier**¹⁵ [after 2. *radiation*], *tr.*: strike out, obliterate, erase.

radieux¹⁴, **-euse** [L. *-diosus*], *adj.*: radiant, beaming.

radiomètre¹⁶ [L. *radius*, RAY, Gr. *mētron*, measure], *m.*: radiometer.

radis¹⁵ [It. *-dice* (L. *-dix*), root], *m.*: radish.

radius¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =.

radoire⁹ [p. L. **rasioria* (radere, ERASE)], *f.*: strike (of grain measure).

rado-tage¹⁷, *m.*: idle talk, twaddle, nonsense, dotage. **-ter**¹⁰ [ak. to Eng. *dote*], *intr.*: talk idly (like a dotard), DOTE, drivel, twaddle. **-terie**¹¹, *f.*: = *-toge*. **-teur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: twaddler, driveller, dotard.

radou-b¹⁶, *m.*: repair, refitting: *en* —, under repair. **-ber**¹² [re, *adouber*], *tr.*: [repair; (nav.) refit, repair: (nav.) *se* —, refit; (fig.) make up one's loss; repair one's health. **-beur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: [repairer; bone-setter.

radou-eir¹¹ [re, *adoucir*], *tr.*: soften, make gentle or mild, assuage; allay, appease: *se* —, soften, grow gentle or calm; subside, relent, be pacified. **-eissement**¹⁶, *m.*: softening, growing more mild or gentle, assuagement; allaying, abatement.

rafa-le¹⁶ [?], *f.*: squall, gust of wind. **-lé**¹⁵, *adj.*: exposed to a squall; tried, hard up.

raff¹⁵ [?], *m.*: halibut fin (used for food). **raffe** = *rafile*.

raffer-mir¹³ [re, *affermir*], *tr.*: make firmer or harder, harden; confirm, fortify, establish, strengthen. **-missement**¹⁶, *m.*: hardening; strengthening, confirmation; fastening.

raffi-nage¹⁶, *m.*: refining. **-nement**¹⁶, *m.*: refinement; affected refinement, affectation. **-né**, *part.*: refined, delicate, clever; keen, subtle, *m.*: subtiliser;

†fashionable rake, †duellist. **-ner**¹⁵ [re, *affiner*], *tr.*: refine; subtilise, be nice upon: *se* —, refine, be or become refined. **-nerie**¹⁶, *f.*: refinery; sugar refinery. **-neur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: refiner. **raffo-ler**¹⁵ [re, *affoler*], *intr.*: be passionately fond (de, of), dote (on). **†-lir**¹⁵ [re, *affolir*], *intr.*: grow mad.

raffuter¹⁴ [re, *affuter*], *tr.*: put in shape again, fix up.

raffau¹⁵ [?], *m.*: skiff; (pop.) bauble.

raffisto-lage¹⁵, *m.*: (pop.) patching up. **-ler**¹⁶ [re, OFr. *†astoler* (L. *†astula*, flute) cheat], *tr.*: spruce up again; patch up, trim up.

1. **raffe**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: grape-stalk (stripped of fruit); corn-cob.

2. **ra-ffe**¹⁵ [?], *f.*: sweeping off, clearance; pair-royal (at dice); sweep-net, RAFFLE-net: *faire* —, sweep the stakes (or the board); make a clean sweep, carry everything. **-fer**¹⁶ [? deriv.], *tr.*: sweep away, carry away; pocket; *intr.*: throw pair royal (at dice).

rafrai-chir¹¹ [re, *à, frais*], *tr.*: REFRESH (freshen, cool; invigorate, revive; restore, renovate; trim; rub up): *se* —, refresh one's self; get cool, cool; take some refreshment; rest one's self; recruit one's strength; freshen (of wind): — *les cheveux*, trim the hair; — *une muraille*, repair a wall; (mil.) — *une place*, supply a garrison with fresh men and provisions; relieve a place. **-chissant**¹⁶, *adj.*: refreshing; cooling, refrigerant; *m.*: refrigerant; (fam.) laxative. **-chissement**¹², *m.*: refreshing; cooling; renovation, repair; (mil.) fresh provisions; cooling drink, refreshment; (med.) refrigerant; (nav.) *faire les* —, take in fresh provisions. **-chisseur**¹⁵, **-chissoir**, *m.*: cooler, refrigerator.

ragai/lardir¹⁵ [re, *à, gaillard*], *tr.*: make merry or cheerful, cheer up.

ra-ge⁹ [p. L. **rabia* (L. *rabies*)], *tr.*: rage (wrath, fury, madness; passion, furor, mania); RABIES, hydrophobia: — *d'écrire*, mania (or itch) for writing; *à la* —, madly, to distraction, to excess; *avoir la* —, be mad (of animals); *avoir la* — *de*, be mad after, have a passion or mania for; *faire* —, rage, storm; make great havoc; do one's utmost; be all the rage; (fam.) — *de dents*, violent toothache; (pop.) ravenous hunger. **-ger**¹¹, *intr.*: (fam.) rage, be in a rage. **-geur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: peevish or ill-tempered person; *adj.*: passionate, peevish. **-gement**¹⁵, *adv.*: ragingly, wrathfully, furiously.

1. **ragot**¹⁵ [? *-ter*], *m.*: (pop.) gossip, tittle-tattle. 2. **-got**¹⁴, **-gotte** [?], *m., f.*:

squabby (or thickset) person; *m.*: hogget, hogsteer; *adj.*: squabby, dumpy, thickset; squat. †**goter**¹⁰, *tr.*: (lit. grunt), scold. **ragoût**-t¹⁰, *m.*: ragout; stew; relish, zest: *en* —, stewed. **-tant**¹⁰, *adj.*: relishing, savoury, pleasing, inviting. †**-ter**¹⁰ [*re, d, goût*], *tr.*: excite the taste of, whet or revive the appetite of, tempt; stir up, rouse: *se* —, recover one's appetite.

ragrafer¹⁰ [*re, agraffer*], *tr.*: re-clasp.

ragrandir¹⁰ [*re, agrandir*], *tr.*: (re)enlarge: *se* —, grow again.

ragré-er¹⁰ [*re, agréer*], *tr.*: (nav.) refit, rig anew; restive; finish off, smooth; (*hort.*) pare. **-ment**¹⁰, *m.*: refitting; finishing off, smoothing; (*hort.*) paring.

raguer¹⁰ [*Eng. rag*], *tr.*: (nav.) chafe, wear; *intr.*: be chafed.

Rahab, *m.*: Rachab.

rai⁰ [*L. radius*], *m.*: †RAY; spoke (in a wheel).

rai-de⁰ [*L. rigidus*], *adj.*: RIGID, stiff; steep; tight, tense; tant; stubborn; rather too strong; quite drunk; straight, rapid, swift; *adv.*: tightly; toughly; quickly, swiftly; outright; sharply; *m.*: (*pop.*) brandy: — *comme balle*, straight as an arrow; rapidly, slap-dash, in no time. **-dement**, *adv.*: rigidly, stiffly, etc. **-neur**¹¹, *f.*: rigidity, stiffness; steepness; tightness; stubbornness; rapidity, swiftness. **-dillon**¹⁷, *m.*: (*fam.*) steep hill or road, ascent; stiff person. **-dir**¹², *tr.*: stiffen, make rigid; toughen; tighten, haul taut; *intr.*: grow stiff, etc.: *se* —, stiffen, grow stiff; become rigid or inflexible; toughen; bear up, resist; bristle up. **-dissement**¹⁰, *m.*: stiffening; tightening; resistance.

1. **raie**⁰ [*L. riga (rigare, irrigare)*], *f.*: streak, line, stripe; stroke; furrow; parting (of the hair): *d* —s, with stripes, striped; *faire sa* —, part one's hair.

2. **raie**⁰ [*L. raia*], *f.*: (*ichth.*) RAY, skate: — *bouclée*, thornback.

raifort¹¹ [OFr. *rais (L. radix)*, root, fort], *m.*: (horse-)RADISH.

rail¹⁰ or **rail** [*Eng.*], *m.*: rail (of railroads): — *mobile*, slide rail, switch; — *ondulé*, fish-bellied rail; — *plat* (or *d'ornière*), tram-rail.

rail-ler¹⁴ [? ak. to *L. rallum*, scraper], *tr.*: RALLY, banter, laugh at; *intr.*: *se* —, jest, joke, laugh, (*de, at*); RAIL, mock, jeer: *se* — *de tout*, jeer at everything. **-lerie**¹⁴, *f.*: raillery, jest(ing), joke; mockery: *tourner* —, make a jest of; *entendre* —, take a joke; *entendre la* —, know how to joke, joke well, be a good hand at joking; — *d* part, without joking, seriously, in good earnest. **-leur**¹⁴, *ense*,

m.: jester, joker, banterer; scoffer; *adj.*: jesting, joking; scoffing, sneering, satirical.

railway¹⁰ *rèl-wè* [*Eng.*], *m.*: —.

rainceau⁰ [*p. L. *ramuscellus (ramus, branch)*], *m.*: (*arch.*) branch-like ornament, foliage; (*her.*) bough.

†**rai-ne**⁰ [*L. rana*], *f.*: frog. **-nette**¹⁴, tree-frog, tree-toad, green frog; reinette or renette (spotted apple).

rainure¹⁴ [?], *f.*: groove; furrow; slot.

raiponce¹⁰ [?], *f.*: (*bot.*) RAMPION.

1. †**raire**⁰ [*L. rādere*], *tr.*: shave.

2. **raire**¹³ [?], *intr.*: bell, cry (as deer).

rai-sin⁰ [*p. L. *racimus (L. racemus)*], stalk or bunch of grapes], *m.*: (*collect.*) grape(s); raisins; also (one) grape, raisin; grape-shot; *grappe de* —, bunch of grapes; grapeshot; *grain de* —, grape; *pépin de* —, grapeseed; — *see*, raisin(s); plum(s); — *de caisse*, raisins from southern France; — *de Corinthe*, Corinthian raisins, currants; — *d'Amérique*, poke-weed; — *de mur*, currant; gooseberry; — *des tropiques*, gulf-weed; *grand* —, royal (paper); *moitié figue, moitié* —, half earnestly, half in joke. **-siné**¹⁰, *m.*: grape jam, grape and pear jam.

rai-son⁰ [*L. ratio*], *f.*: REASON (proof, ground; right; satisfaction; sense, understanding, judgment; †ENG. RATIO, RATE, proportion; *leg. claim*); (*com.*) share; firm, name of a firm: *sans* —, groundless; *il a* —, he is right; *il n'a pas* —, he is not right, he is wrong; *il n'a point de* —, he has no sense; *être de* —, imaginary being; *mariage de* —, prudent marriage; *donner* — *d*, decide in favour of; *demande* — *de*, ask satisfaction for; *plus que de* —, more than is reasonable; *comme de* —, as is reasonable or fit; of course; *se faire* —, explain; *se faire* — (*soi-même*), get satisfaction, do one's self justice, take the law into one's own hands; *rendre* — *de*, give an account of; *d* plus forte —, with greater reason; all the more; *d* (or *en*) — *de*, in proportion to; according to; in consideration of; *point tant de* —! none of your arguments! — *sociale* (or *de commerce*), firm, style (or name) of a firm. **-sonnable**¹², *adj.*: reasonable; sensible; just, proper, right; equable, tolerable; rational, thinking; conscionable. **-sonnablement**¹¹ [-*nable*], *adv.*: reasonably. **-sonnant** [-*sonner*], *part.*: reasoning, etc.; *adj.*: inclined to reason. **-sonné** [-*sonner*], *part.*: reasoned, etc.; rational, supported by proofs, descriptive, methodical, analytical. **-sonnement**¹⁰ [-*sonner*], *m.*: reasoning, argument; *point de* —! none of your logics! **-sonner**¹¹, *intr.*: reason (discourse); argue, discuss; ratio-

ciate); (nav.) parley (for entering a port; for search); *tr.*: reason upon, argue, analyse; examine; try to bring to reason: (nav.) faire —, speak (a vessel), hail. **-sonneur**¹⁶, = **-ense**, *m., f.*: reasoner; tiresome reasoner, bore, impertinent answerer; inventor of excuses; *adj.*: reasoning; answering: faire le —, answer back, grumble.

raja(h)¹⁷ [Hind.], *m.*: = (Hindoo prince).

rajen-nir¹¹ [re, d. jeune], *intr.*: grow young, be rejuvenated; *tr.*: make young(er), rejuvenate; trim, prune: se —, make one's self look younger; grow younger.

-nisement¹¹, *m.*: growing or making young again, rejuvenescence.

ajus-tement¹⁶, *m.*: readjustment, putting to rights. **-ter**¹² [re, ajuster], *tr.*: readjust (put to rights or in order; reconcile): se —, readjust one's self or one's dress. **-teur**, = **-ense**, *m., f.*: readjuster.

râle¹² [r], *m.*: RAIL (the bird).

râ-le¹⁶ [-ler], *m.*: rattle (in the throat), death-rattle. **-lement**¹⁶ [-ler], *m.*: rattling.

ralen-tir¹⁵ [re, alen-tir], *tr.*: make slower, slacken; lessen, moderate. **-tisse-ment**¹⁶, *m.*: slackening, slackening speed; relenting.

râler¹⁵ [r], *intr.*: rattle (in one's throat), have a death-rattle.

ralin-gue¹¹ [Scand. ra-, yard], *f.*: (nav.) bolt-rope: — de chute, leech-rope; — de fond, foot-rope; en —, shivering all in the wind. **-guer**¹⁶, *tr.*: (nav.) border with bolt-rope; *intr.*: fly to the wind, shiver.

ral-liement¹¹, *m.*: rallying, rally. **-lier**¹⁰ [re, allier], *tr.*: rally (join); (nav.) haul, bring: se —, rally.

ra-longe¹⁵, *m.*: lengthening-piece, eking-piece; extension; leaf (of a table). **-lon-gement**¹⁵, *m.*: lengthening. **-lon-ger**¹³ [re, alonger], *tr.*: lengthen.

rallumer¹⁰ [re, allumer], *tr.*: relight, rekindle, revive.

ra-mage⁹ [p. L. *râmâticus (L. râmus, branch)], *adj.*: branchy; *m.*: †branches (†Eng. ramage); figure or flowers (on stuff), flowering; warbling of birds in trees (†Eng. ramage), chirping; †rattle. **-mager**¹⁶, *intr.*: warble (of birds).

ramai-grir¹⁵ [re, amaigrir], *intr.*: grow lean (or thin) again; *tr.*: make lean again. **-grissement**, *m.*: getting thin again, emaciation.

ramas¹⁵ [-s-ser], *m.*: collecting; collection, heap, mass; set, band.

ramas-se¹⁶ [It. ramazza (ramo, branch)], *f.*: (dial.) mountain sledge. **1-ser**, *tr.*: draw in a mountain sledge.

2-ramas-ser¹⁵ [re, amasser], *tr.*: gather in a mass or heap, gather, collect, assem-

ble; pick up, take up; scrape up; muster up: se —, gather together, assemble, be assembled; roll itself up; pick one's self up, get up again (after a fall). **3-ser**, *m.*: picking up. **1-seur**¹⁵, = **-seuse**, *m., f.*: gatherer, collector.

2-ramas-seur [1-ser], *m.*: sledge-man.

ramas-sis¹⁶ [2-ser], *m.*: confused heap or mass; lot, gang; scrapings.

rambade¹⁵ [It. -bata], *f.*: breastwork (on a galley).

ramberge¹⁵ [Eng. row-barge], *f.*: (nav.) = (ROW-BARGE).

rambour¹⁵ [French place Rambures], *m.*: = (apple).

1-rame¹⁵ [1-mer], *f.*: oar: d —s, with oars, oared; rowing; d la —, rowing, row; être (or tirer) d la —, tug at the oar; work hard; mettre d la —, condemn to the galleys.

2-rame¹⁴ [OHG. -ma (= Ger. rahmen), support], *f.*: (hort.) prop (for peas, etc.), stick, pole; (manu.) tenter-frame.

3-rame¹² [Sp. resma (Ar. rizma)], *f.*: REAM (of paper): †mettre d —, sell for wrapping or waste-paper.

ra-mean⁹ [p. L. *mellus (L. râmus, branch)], *m.*: branchlet; branch, bough; subdivision: dimanche (or jour) des —s, Palm-Sunday. **-mée**⁹ [p. L. *mâta (L. mus)], *f.*: collection of entwined boughs, arbour (of entwined boughs); green branches (cut off).

ramender¹² [re, amender], *tr.*: mend again; improve or manure (the soil) again; dye again; regild; †lower the price of; †tirer: fall in price.

ramener¹¹ [re, amener], *tr.*: bring back or again; bring over or round; throw back (a ball); recall; reform; restore; appease; throw again (dice); lower the head of (a horse): se —, be brought back, etc.; come back, return; carry its head (of a horse).

†ramentevoir¹¹ [re, OFr. a-mentevoir (L. mente habere, 'have in the mind')], *tr.*: call to mind again.

ramequin¹⁶ [Ger. rahm, cream], *m.*: = (cheese-cake).

1-ramer⁹ [p. L. *rêmâre (rêmus, oar)], *intr.*: row; tug at the oar; fly, beating the wings.

2-ramer¹⁵ [2-rame], *tr.*: prop (beans, etc.), stick; (manu.) tenter.

ramereau¹⁵ [-mier], *m.*: young ring-dove.

1-ramette¹⁶ [2-me], *f.*: (print.) jobbing-case.

2-ramette¹⁵ [3-me], *f.*: ream of small paper.

rameur¹², = **-euse** [1-mer], *m., f.*: rower, oarsman.

ramenter¹⁶ [re, amenter], tr.: (hunt.) force (hounds) to hunt together (by bringing back those too far forward), hold together.

ra-meur¹³, =**emse** [L. -mosus (-mus, branch)], adj.: branchy, branched, ramous. **-mier**¹⁰ [p. L. -marius (L. -mus)], m.: wood-dove, ring-dove. **-mifcation**¹⁵ [L. -mifcatio], f.: =. **-mifier**¹³ [L. -mifcare], tr.: ramify; se —, ramify, branch out. 1. **-mille**¹⁰ [p. L. *milia], f.: dry twigs (for fagots), esp. in pl. 2. **-mille**¹⁵ [L. -mus], f.: twig, tpspray.

-mingue¹⁶ [It. -mingo, first applied to the hawk flitting from bough to bough], adj.: restive (of horses), frisky.

ramoitr¹⁵ [re, OFr. a-moitr (cf. moite)], tr.: make damp again, dampen.

ramol-lir¹⁵ [re, amollir], tr.: make softer, soften; weaken, enervate, effeminate; se —, soften, grow soft; relent; be enervated. **-lissant**, part.: softening, etc.; adj.: (med.) emollient; m.: emollient. **-lissement**¹⁶, m.: softening. **-littif**, -ive, adj.: softening, emollient.

†ramon¹² [OFr. raim (L. ramus, branch)], m.: besom, broom. **-monage**¹⁴ [-ner], m.: sweeping, chimney-sweeping; sweepings. **-moner**¹², tr.: sweep with a broom, esp. sweep (a chimney). **-monneur**¹⁵, m.: chimney-sweeper.

ram-pant¹¹, adj.: creeping; crouching, cringing, servile; low; sloping; (her.) rampant; m.: (arch.) coping: **lierre** —, creeping ivy; **style** —, mean style (lacking elevation. **ram-pe**¹⁶, f.: slope, inclined plane, declivity; ascent, flight of stairs; stair-rail, baluster-rail, balusters; stage-rail; stage-lights, footlights; (fig.) stage. **-pement**¹⁵, m.: creeping. **||-per**¹¹ [?], intr.: creep, crawl; crouch, cinge; be mean or prosy (of style); fclimb, tpslope. **-pin**¹⁵, adj.: on the toe (of horses).

ramure¹⁵ [L. -mus, branch], f.: tpsoughs and branches (coll.); antlers (of a stag).

rancart¹⁵ [?], m.: refuse; **mettre au —**, throw aside.

rance¹⁵ [L. -cidus], adj.: rancid; m.: rancidness: **sentir le —**, smell rancid.

ran-ehc¹⁰ [p. L. *rāmicā (L. rāmic, staff)], f.: (dial.) stake, bar; (spec.) round (of a ladder); peg; boom (of a derrick). **-cher**¹⁴, m.: rack; wagon, cart-rack; roost (of several perches); shelving. **-chet**¹⁵, m.: cart-rack.

ran-cidité¹⁷ [L. -cidus], f.: rancidity. **-ciq**¹⁵ [Sp.], m.: old sweet wine; mellow-ness. **-cir**¹⁵ [-ce], intr.: grow rancid.

-eissure¹⁵ [-cir], f.: rancidness. **†cœur**¹⁰ au = **en** [L. -cor, rancidity; old grudge], f.: rancour.

ran-çon¹⁰ [L. re-d-emptio (emere, buy)], f.: ransom: **mettre à —**, set a ransom upon. **-çonement**¹³ [-çonner], m.: ransoming; extortion. **-çonner**¹², tr.: ransom; set a ransom on; levy contributions on; impose upon, fleece. **-çonneur**, =**emse**¹⁵ [-çonner], m., f.: over-reacher; extortioner.

rancu-ne¹⁰ [p. L. *ra (L. rancor)], f.: rancour (spite, malice). **-neur**¹¹, =**emse**; **-nier**, =**ère**, adj.: rancorous, spiteful.

†ran-don¹¹ [OFr. -dir, run], m.: rapidity; (rapid) down-pour. **†donnée**¹¹ [-donner], f.: rapid run; (hunt.) circuit.

†donner¹¹, intr.: run rapidly.

ran-g¹⁵ g = k bef. vow. [Germ. c hring (= Eng. ring)], m.: RANGE (row, line; tier; order, class); RANK (line; grade, degree); (nav.) tier (of cables); rate (of ships); (print.) frame: **à son —**, in one's place or turn; **sur deux (trois, etc.) —s**, two (three, etc.) deep; **de premier —**, of first order, first rate; **être sur les —s**, be on the lists, be a candidate; **se mettre sur les —s**, enter the lists, present one's self as a candidate; **mettre au —**, reckon amongst; **en — d'oignon**, in a row. **-g**¹¹ [-ger], part.: ranged, etc.; steady (of conduct), regular; pitched (of battles). **-gée**¹¹ [-ger], f.: range, row, file, tier, set. **-gement**¹⁵ [-ger], m.: arranging, arrangement. 1. **-ger**¹¹, tr.: (ar.) range; put in ranks; set in order; array, marshal; rank, class; hold in order, hold back; set right, set to rights; make steady (of habits) or regular; subject; (nav.) run along, sail close to; se —, range or place one's self; (mil.) draw up; stand aside, stand back; clear the way; come over, side (with); submit; become steady or regular, amend; turn (of the wind); sail along, keep close to; **les gardes firent — le peuple**, the guards kept the people back; **ranger cette table**, put that table out of the way; **rangez-vous donc!** make room, will you! — **le vent**, haul close to the wind; se — **à l'avis de**, embrace the opinion of.

2. **ranger**¹² or **-gier** [fr. Scand., ak. to REINdeer], m.: (her.) reindeer.

†rangette¹⁵ [-ger], adv.: (à la) —, in a line.

ranimer¹⁵ [re, animer], tr.: reanimate (revive; enliven, stir up); se —, revive; be enlivened, cheer up; be restored, recover.

ranu-laire¹⁵, adj.: pertaining to ranula.

||-le [L. -la, little frog], f.: (med.) ranula.

Raoul, m.: Ralph.

rapa-ce¹⁴ [L. -x], adj.: rapacious (ravenous); m.: rapacious bird, bird of prey.

-cité, f.: rapacity.

râpage¹⁵ [-per], m.: rasping, grating.

rapaiser¹² [re, apaiser], tr.: reappease, pacify.

rapatelle¹⁶ [ʔ], f.: hair-cloth.

†**ra-patriage**¹⁶, m.: reconciliation. **-patriement**¹⁶, m.: trereconciliation; repatriation. **||-patrier**¹⁶ [re, d, patrie], tr.: repatriate (bring back to one's country); send home; reconcile, make friends again: *se* —, be reconciled.

1. **râpe**¹⁶ [Ger. *rappe*], f.: (esp. in pl.): (ref.) malanders.

2. **râ-pe**¹² [Germ. root *rasp*], f.: RASP, grater; coarse file; grape-stalk (stripped of grapes); RAPE (remainder of pressed grapes). **-pé**, adj.: rasped, etc.; threadbare, shabby; m.¹²: rape wine; stum (revived wine); — *de raisin*, restored wine, stum; — *de copeaux*, chips to refine wine. **-per**¹⁶, tr.: rasp, grate, cut up; wear out, wear threadbare.

rapetas-sage¹⁷, m.: patching up, patchwork. **||-sér**¹⁶ [re, d, Prov. *petas*, piece], tr.: patch up, piece, cable.

rapetissement¹⁶, m.: lessening; belittling. **||-sér**¹⁶ [re, a-petisser], tr.: make smaller or shorter; lessen, reduce, shorten, dwarf; belittle, humble; intr.: grow smaller etc.; *refl.*: become little; lessen, shrink; lower one's self, be humble.

Raphaël, m.: Raphael.

rapi-de¹⁶ [L. -*duc*], adj.: rapid (swift, fast); m.: rapid (cataract). **-dement**¹⁶, adv.: rapidly, swiftly. **-dité**¹⁶ [L. -*ditas*], f.: rapidity, swiftness.

rapié-cage¹⁶, m.: piecing, patching, patchwork. **||-cer**¹⁶ [re, d, pièce], tr.: piece together, patch (up), mend, repair. **†-cette**¹⁶ = **-cage**. **†-ceter** = **-cer**.

rapière [ʔ], f.: rapier.

rapin¹⁶ [ʔ], m.: painter's apprentice; danber.

rapi-ne¹¹ [L. -*na* (*rapere*, match)], f.: — (plunder, pillage; spoil). **-ner**¹⁶, tr.: rapine, plunder, pillage; extort. **-neur**, **-euse**, m., f.: plunderer.

rapareiller¹⁶ [re, appareiller], tr.: match.

raparier¹⁶ [re, apparier], tr.: match.

rap-pol¹², m.: —, recall; revocation; call (to order); (mil.) call (of the drum), call to arms; (theat.) call for an actor or the actors; (hunt.) rechest, signal (calling off the hounds); (leg.) repeal; unpaid part (of a salary); distribution (of light in a painting); *battre le* —, beat to arms; sound the recall. **-peler**¹⁰ [re, appeler], tr.: call again, call back, recall; recall to mind; remind; call for (actors), call before the curtain; call (to order); (leg.) repeal; (paint.) distribute (the light); intr.: beat to arms: *se* —, recall to mind, recollect,

remember; — *à la vie*, restore to life; — *ses esprits*, recover one's self; **-pelez-moi** *à son souvenir*, remember me to him; — *sa mémoire*, endeavour to call to mind, try to remember; **-pelez-vous?** do you remember? *je me le -pelle*, I remember it.

rappor-t¹², m.: bringing back; return; revenue, produce; REPORT (relation, information; account, story); (†Eng. report), bearing, relation, connection, reference; affinity, analogy, resemblance; ratio, proportion; remboursement, refunding; eddy; rising (from the stomach), eructation: *de* —, of patchwork, of checker-work; added; productive; *en* —, in connection or contact; in keeping or harmony; in communication; in proportion (to); in bearing, productive; *par* — *d*, with regard to; on account of, for the sake of; in comparison with; *sous ce* —, in this (that) respect; *sous tous les* —s, in all respects, in every respect; *avoir* — *d*, have reference to, relate to; be connected with; *faire un* —, make a report; make a return; *faire des* —s, tell tales, sneak; *terres de* —, artificial soil; *belle montre et peu de* —, fine show and a small crop. **-table**¹⁷, adj.: reportable; (leg.) restorable. **-té**, part.: brought back, etc.; added, made (of earth): *pièces* —es, pieces added, pieces, fragments, patches; checker-work. **||-ter**¹² [re, apporter], tr.: bring again or back, return; bring home (again), bring; yield, produce; get; REPORT (relate, tell, state; quote, cite, enter); recall, revoke; refer, direct; attribute, ascribe; reimburse; intr.: retrieve, fetch and carry (of dogs); bring in, be productive; be profitable; report, tell tales, blab: *se* —, agree, correspond; coincide, tally; relate, refer, have a reference (to), allude; concern; *il n'en a rapporté que des coups*, he only got blows by it; — *tout à soi*, turn everything to one's own profit, have only selfish aims; — *l'effet à sa cause*, refer the effect to its cause; — *au grand livre*, post to the ledger; *s'en* — *d*, refer one's self to, refer (the matter) to, leave (it) to; trust to, believe; abide by. **-teur**¹², **-euse**, m., f.: reporter; m.: (geom.) protractor.

rapprendre¹⁶ [re, apprendre], irr. (cf. *prendre*); tr.: learn again or anew.

rapprochement¹⁶, m.: approach, drawing or placing near; bringing together; placing together, comparison; reconciliation; closer connection. **||-cher**¹⁶ [re, approcher], tr.: †approach or draw near (again); bring nearer, bring near; bring together, join; compare; reconcile; shorten (distances); (hunt.) put (hounds) upon the track of; †intr.: approach: *se* —, approach or draw near (again), draw nearer;

begin to be friends, be reconciled; — *deux personnes*, bring two persons together; reconcile two persons.

rapsode¹⁰ [Gr. *rhapsodós*, lit. 'stitcher'], m.: rhapsodist. †*der*, †*dier*, tr.: mend, botch. *die*¹⁶ [Gr. *rhapsodía*], f.: rhapsody. *disto*¹⁷ [*-die*], m.: rhapsodist.

rapt¹² [L. *-tus* (*raper*, snatch)], m.: abduction, RAPE.

râpure¹⁶ [*-per*], f.: raspings, gratings.

raquetier¹⁵, m.: racket-maker. ‖ **-quette** [Ar. *raha*, palm], f.: †palm (of the hand); RACKET (battledore); snow-shoe; (bot.) nopal (cactus): *venir sur la —*, come spontaneously.

ra-re¹⁵ [L. *-rus*, adj.: rare (uncommon, scarce, scanty; thin); slow (of the pulse): *se rendre —*, make one's self scarce. †**-réfactif**¹⁷, **-ive**, adj.: rarefying. **-réfaction**¹³ [L. *-refactio*], f.: rarefaction. **-réfiable**¹⁸ [*-réfier*], adj.: rarefiable. **-réfier**¹³ [L. *-refieri*], tr.: rarefy. **-re-ment**, adv.: rarely, seldom. **-reté**¹⁴, f.: rarity, rareness, scarcity. **-rissime**¹⁷, adj.: very rare.

1. **ras** = *raz*.

2. **ra-s**, f. **ra-se** [L. *rasus* (*radere*, shave)], adj.: shorn, close-shaved; short-clipped, short, close; smooth, flat, open, bare; short-napped, napless; low-built (ship); m.: level; short-nap cloth; cf. also *rez*: — *e campagne*, open country; *à poil —*, short-haired, short-napped; *à — terre*, level with the ground; *faire table — e*, make a clean table, 'tabula rasa, throw away old notions; *au — de*, level with; at the edge of, close to; *plein à —*, brimful. **-sade**¹⁶, f.: brimming liquid; brimmer, bumper.

-sage¹⁵, m.: shaving; cropping; razing. **-sant**¹⁶, adj.: level; grazing; (*fort.*) *rasant*, low; (*pop.*) tiresome: *vol —*, low flight (skimming the surface); *vue — e*, view of a flat, open country. **-sement**¹⁵, m.: †shaving; razing to the ground; ceasing to mark age (of horses' teeth). **-ser**⁹ [L. **-sare*], tr.: shave, shave off; crop; cut close or down; RAZE, pull down, demolish; tire; graze, skim over, touch lightly; hug: *se —*, shave (one's self); crouch down, keep close to the ground; *se faire —*, get shaved; — *l'air*, hover; — *le tapis*, (of horses) raze, shuffle over the ground; — *la côte*, hug the coast. **-sette**¹⁶ [*-ser*], f.: tuning or stopwire; (*agr.*) skim coulter. **-seur**¹⁵, **-euse**, m., f.: shaver; cutter; (*fam.*) tiresome talker, bore. **-sibus**¹³, adv.: (*humor.*) quite close; by a close shave. **-soir**⁹ [p. L. **-sorium*], m.: razor: *Pierre à —*, hone; *cuir à —*, razor-strop.

rasade¹⁶ [?], f.: glass bead, bugle.

rasa-siant¹⁶, adj.: sating, satiating, fill-

ing. **-slement**, m.: satiation, satiety; surfeit. **-sier**¹² [re, OFr. *assasier* (L. *satis*, enough)], tr.: SATIATE (SATE, gorge, fill; satisfy; cloy; surfeit, tire): *se —*, be satiated, etc., satisfy one's hunger.

rasse-blement¹⁴, m.: assembling, collecting; muster(ing); assembly; crowd, mob. **-bler**¹³ [re, *assembler*], tr.: assemble again, (re)assemble, collect, bring together; muster: *se —*, assemble, congregate, meet; muster.

rasseoir¹⁰ [re, *asseoir*], irr. (cf. *asseoir*); tr.: seat again, reseat; settle (of liquids), sink down; calm; put in its place again, replace, fix: *se —*, sit down again, be seated again; settle; be composed; *rasais*, cf. the word.

rasserè-nement, m.: clearing up. **||-ner**¹⁵ [ra, *seren*], tr.: make serene again, clear up: *se —*, grow serene, clear up.

rasseés, etc., Pres. Ind. of *rasseoir*.

1. **ras-sis** [*-seoir*], part.: reseat, settled, etc.; adj.: SEDATE, calm, cool; stale (bread); m.: old horseshoe put on again: *de sang —*, in cold blood, coolly; cool, dispassionate. 2. **-sis**, Pret. of *-seoir*.

rassortiment¹⁸, m.: fresh assortment, (re)stocking; (re)matching (of colours, etc.). **||-tir**¹⁸, tr.: sort or match again, restock.

rassoter¹¹ [re, *assoter*], tr.: infatuate, bewitch.

rasu-rant¹³, adj.: reassuring, tranquillizing, encouraging. **||-rer**¹², tr.: reassure (encourage; restore confidence in); secure, strengthen, consolidate.

раста, or **раста-couère**¹⁸, or **-quouère** [Am. Sp. *rastra-cuero*, "drag-hide," upstart rich from dealing in hides], m.: lavish foreign adventurer.

rat¹¹ [?], m.: =; mouse; — (*de cave*), wine-vault inspector, vault taper (twisted taper); (*theat.*) pupil dancer; (*fig.*) whim, crotchet, fad; ducky, kept girl: — *d'eau*, water rat; — *de cave*, cf. above; — *des champs*, field rat; — *d'église*, church mouse; — *d'Egypte* (or *de Pharaon*), ichneumon; *mort aux —s*, ratsbane; *à bon chat, bon —*, for good attack, good defence; set a thief to catch a thief; *nid à —s*, wretched lodging; *prendre un —*, catch a rat; get a fad; flash in the pan, fail.

ratafia¹⁶ [?], m.: = (liquor).

ratanhia¹⁸ [fr. Peruv.], m.: (*bot.*) rhatany. **ratatiner** [?], refl.: shrivel (up), shrink. **rata-tonille** [Prov. *-toulou* (?)], f.: (*pop.*) poor stew, mess.

1. **rate**, f. of *rat*: she-rat; shrew, hussy; ducky.

2. **rate**¹² [?], f.: spleen, milt: *avoir de rateurs de —*, be troubled with spleen;

épanouir la —, drive away the spleen, make merry, make laugh heartily; *ne pas se fouler la* —, not overwork or hurry one's self, take it easy.

ra-teau⁹ [L. *rastellus*, m.: rake; rack (of a watch). **-telage** [-*tel*], m.: raking. **-telée**¹⁴, f.: rakeful; *dire sa* —, speak freely, speak out. **-teler**¹², tr.: rake. **-teleur**¹⁶, = *ense*, m., f.: raker. **-telier**¹⁵, m.: rack (hay-rack, arm-rack, stand; rack-block; frame); set of teeth, grinders. **-telures**, f. pl.: rakings.

ratelle¹⁴ [2. *rate*], f.: spleen (†milt; disease); disease of pigs.

ra-ter¹⁷ [rat: cf. *prendre un rat*], intr.: flash in the pan, miss fire, miss, fail; tr.: miss, lose: *un (coup) -té*, a fizzle, failure. **-tier**¹¹, = *ière*, adj.: of a rat, rat-catching; whimsical; m.: rather; rat terrier; f.: rat-trap.

ra-ti-fication¹⁴ [L. *-ficatio*, f.: = *-fier* [L. *-ficare* (*ratus*, valid)], tr.: ratify.

ra-ti-ne¹⁶ [?], f.: ratteen (stuff). **-ner**, tr.: (manu.) frizz.

ra-ti-ci-na-tion¹⁵, f.: = *-ner*¹⁵ [L. *-nari* (*ratio*, REASON)], intr.: ratiocinate.

ra-tion¹³ [L. *-tio*], f.: = (allowance); dose. **-tional**¹⁷ [L. *-tionale*, transl. of Gr. *lōgion*, device], m.: breast cloth (of a Hebrew high-priest). **-tionalisme**¹⁸

[L. *-tionalis*], m.: rationalism. **-tiona-liste**¹⁵ [L. *-tionalis*], m.: rationalist.

-tionnel¹¹, = *lle* [L. *-tionalis*], adj.: rational. **-tionnellement**¹⁸ [-*tionnel*], adv.: rationally. **-tionnement**¹⁸ [-*tionner*], m.: rationing, putting on rations; ration.

-tionner¹⁸, tr.: distribute by rations; ration; put on rations or short allowance.

ra-tis-sage¹⁷, m.: scraping; raking. **-ser**¹⁵ [Ofr. *rater* (*ratüre*)], tr.: scrape (off); rake: *se* —, be scraped; (*fam.*) *je t'en ratisse*, you got it, didn't you? a fig for you! **-soire**¹⁵, f.: garden scraper or rake. **-sure**¹⁵, f.: scrapings.

1. **ra-ton**¹² [rat], m.: little rat; RACCOON (small bear), coon.

2. **ra-ton**¹² [?], m.: (*dial.*) cream cake.

ratta-chage¹⁵, m.: attachment, coupling. **-cher**¹¹ [*re, attacher*], tr.: (re-) attach, fasten (again), fix; connect: *se* —, be attached (again), be fastened or tied; be connected.

ratte-indre¹¹ [*re, atteindre*], irr., tr.: retake, catch again; overtake.

rattiser [*re, attiser*], tr.: stir up again.

rattraper¹² [*re, attraper*], tr.: catch again, retake; recover; recoup; catch up with, overtake.

ra-ture⁹ [p. L. *raditūra* (L. *radere*, scrape)], f.: scraping(s); ERASURE. **-tu-rer**¹⁶, tr.: scrape (off); ERASE, efface.

rau-cité¹⁴ [L. *-citas*, f.: raucity. **rau-que** [L. *-cus*], adj.: hoarse (raucous); harsh.

ra-vage¹³ [-*vir*], m.: = (devastation, havoc). **-vageant**¹⁶ [-*vager*], adj.: ravaging, destructive. **-vager**¹⁵, tr.: ravage (devastate, lay waste; spoil). **-va-geur**¹⁵, = *ense* [-*vager*], m., f.: ravager, spoiler; (*pop.*) mud-lark, scavenger.

rava-le, f.: ground-roller. **-lement**¹⁴, m.: flowering; pressing down; reduction (of thickness, etc.); depreciation, disparagement; (*mas.*) removal of the coating; rough-casting: *piano à* —, piano with a double row of keys. **-ler**¹¹ [*re, avaler*], tr.: flower (let down); swallow down (again), swallow; reduce (in height or thickness), cut down, thin; (*mas.*) free from coating; rough-cast; lower, debase; disparage, depreciate: *se* —, lower or debase one's self. **-leur**¹⁴, = *ense*, m., f.: one who lowers, reducer; debaser, disparager; mason who rough-casts.

ravau-dage¹⁵, m.: mending (of old clothes), patching; darning; botching, bungling; patchwork; twaddle. **-der**¹⁵ [?], tr.: mend (old clothes), patch, botch; darn; repeat over and over, twaddle; bore, abuse; turn over. **-derie**¹⁶, f.: mending (botching); reconciling; patchwork; silly stuff, nonsense, twaddle.

-deur¹⁵, = *ense*, m., f.: mender, patcher, darning; botcher; compiler; twaddler.

ra-ve¹⁵ [Prov. *-ra* (p. L. *-pa*, L. *-pum*)], f.: RAPE (turnip, long radish): *petite* —, radish; *grosse* —, turnip.

1. **ravelin**¹¹ [?], m.: tskin shoe; shop-worn shoe.

2. **ravelin**¹⁵ [It. *riellino* (? L. *vallum*, wall)], m.: = (salient angle of a fortification).

ravi [-*vir*], part. or adj.: delighted, etc.

ra-vier¹⁵ [-*re*], m.: radish-dish. **-viè-re**¹⁵ [-*re*], f.: (*dial.*) radish-bed.

ravigo-te¹⁷, f.: sharp sauce. **-ter**¹⁶ [? *ra-vigorer*, re-invigorate], tr.: revive, enliven, refresh, cheer; whet the appetite of.

ravil-lir¹⁶ [*re, avilir*], tr.: debase.

ra-vin¹⁶ [-*viner*], m.: ravine, hollow road. **-vine**⁹ [L. *-pina* (-*pere*, tear), snatching away], f.: = (†torrent; gorge, gully).

-vinement¹⁵, m.: hollowing out (by water), gully; gorge, gully. **-viner**¹¹, tr.: hollow into channels, gully.

ra-vir⁹ [p. L. *rapire* (L. *rapere*)], tr.: RAVISH (snatch by force, carry off; transport with joy, enrapture, delight); rob of, steal; transport (to heaven).

ravi-vement¹², m.: change of mind; after-thought. **-ser**¹¹ [*re, aviser*],

- refl.*: revise one's opinion, change one's mind; bethink one's self.
- ravis-sant**¹⁰ [*ravir*], *adj.*: RAVENOUS (RAPACIOUS); ravishing (enRAPturing, enchanting). -**sement**¹² [*ravir*], *m.*: ravishment (rape; rapture, transport, ecstasy). -**seur**¹², =**euse** [*ravir*], *m., f.*: ravisher (plunderer; woman-ravisher).
- ravitail-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: revictualing. ||-**ler**¹⁴ [*re, ravitailler*], *tr.*: revictual.
- raviver**¹¹ [*re, aviver*], *tr.*: revive (reanimate, brighten up); make burn up.
- ravoir**¹¹ [*re, avoir*] (used only in Inf.), *tr.*: have again or back; get back; †*see* —, recover (one's strength).
- ra-ye-r**¹¹ [*1. raie*], *tr.*: mark with strokes, streak, stripe, (†Eng. RAY); rule (a paper); rifle or groove (a gun); cross over, strike out, cancel; expunge. -**yeur**, *m.*: ruler.
- ray-grass**¹³ [Eng.], *m.*: (bot.) =.
1. **rayon**¹¹ [*1. raie*], *m.*: (agr.) furrow, row.
2. **rayon**¹⁵ [OFr. *ree* (l. Ger. *rata*), honeycomb], *m.*: honeycomb; set of pigeon-holes, shelf; articles of the same kind (in a store, hence: department); — *de miel*, honeycomb.
3. **ra-yon**¹⁶ [*rai*], *m.*: RAY, beam; RADIIUS; spoke; radiating line or nerve. -**yon-nant**¹⁶, [-**yonner**], *adj.*: radiant, beaming; radiating; (her.) =. -**yonné**, *part.*: radiated, etc.; *adj.*: radiate; *m.*: (Zool.) radiate, *pl.*: radiate or radiata. -**yonnement**¹⁶ [-**yonner**], *m.*: radiation; beaming; radiance. -**yonner**¹⁵, *intr.*: radiate (irradiate, beam, be radiant).
- rayure**¹⁶ [*rayer*], *f.*: streak(ing); stripe (of textile fabrics); rifling or grooving (of guns), rifle, groove.
- raz**¹⁴ [l. Bret., ak. to Eng. *rush*], *m.*: (nav.) RACE (rapid current of water in a channel): — *de marée*, bore, eager (high and abrupt tidal wave).
- raz-zia**¹⁸ [Ar. *rhaziat*], *f.*: = (foray, raid). -**zier**, *tr.*: raid.
- re, rè-** [L. *re-*], *pref.*: re-, again.
- ré** [L. *re-* of *re-sonare*, in a hymn], *m.*: (mus.) *re*, D. See *la*.
- réabonner**¹⁵ [*abonner*], *tr.*: subscribe again; renew one's season ticket.
- réac-tif**¹⁷, =**ive** [*actif*], *adj.*: reactive. -**tion**¹⁸ [*action*], *f.*: reaction. -**tion-naire** [*-tion*], *adj.*: reactionary; *m., f.*: reactionist.
- réaggra-ve**¹⁶, *f.*: (can. law.) reagravation. ||-**ver**¹⁴ [*aggraver*], *tr.*: (can. law.) censure by a reagravation.
- réagir**¹⁷ [*agir*], *intr.*: react.
- réajour-nement**¹⁶, *m.*: readjournalment. ||-**ner**¹⁶ [*ajourner*], *tr.*: readjournal.
- réal**¹⁶, =**le**, *m. pl.* =**aux** [Sp. *real* (L. *rex*, king)], *adj.*: REGAL, ROYAL; *f.*: royal galley, admiral's galley; *m. or f.*: real (old Sp. coin worth \$.05).
- réalgar**¹³ [Sp. *rejalgar* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: (min.) realgar.
- réali-sable**¹⁸, *adj.*: realisable, feasible. -**sation**¹⁵, *f.*: realisation. ||-**ser**¹⁵ [*réel*], *tr.*: realise (make real); convert into actual money). -**sme**¹⁸ [*réel*], *m.*: realism. -**ste**¹⁶ [*réel*], *m., f.*: realist. -**té**¹⁵ [*réel*], *f.*: reality; (theol.) real presence: *en* —, really, in fact.
- réappa-raître**¹⁸ [*apparaître*], *irr.*; *intr.*: reappear. -**ritien**¹⁷ [*apparition*], *f.*: reappearance.
- réap-pel**¹⁸ [*appeler*], *m.*: second (roll-) call. -**peler**¹⁶ [*appeler*], *tr.*: (mil.) call over again; *intr.*: (leg.) reappear.
- réappo-ser**¹⁶ [*apposer*], *tr.*: reaffix. -**sition** [*position*], *f.*: reaffixing.
- réargenter**¹⁸ [*argenter*], *tr.*: resilver, replating.
- réar-mement**¹⁷, *m.*: re-arming. ||-**mer**¹⁷ [*armer*], *tr.*: re-arm, arm again.
- réassi-gnation**¹⁶ [*assignation*], *f.*: re-assignment; resummons, fresh summons. -**gner**¹⁶ [*assigner*], *tr.*: reassign; resummon, summon again.
- réassu-rance**¹⁵ [*assurance*], *f.*: reinsur-ance. -**rer**¹⁵ [*assurer*], *tr.*: reinsure.
- réatteler**¹⁴ [*atteler*], *tr.*: reharness, hitch up again.
- réaur**, *pl.* of *réal*, used for *realiste-s*.
- rébaisser**¹⁸ [-**baïsser**], *tr.*: kiss again.
- rébander**¹¹ [*bander*], *tr.*: bind again, tie up again; bandage again.
- rebapti-sant**¹⁷, -**sateur**¹⁶, *m.*: rebaptiser. -**sation**¹⁶, *f.*: rebaptising. ||-**ser**¹⁸ [*baptiser*], *tr.*: rebaptize.
- rébarbatif**, =**ive** [OFr. *re-barber*, oppose ('put one's self barb to barb')], *adj.*: stern, cross; repulsive.
- rebâtir**¹¹ [*bâtir*], *tr.*: rebuild.
- re-battre**¹³ [*battre*], *tr.*: beat again; stun or din (the ears), weary; tell over and over, repeat; re-shuffle: *see* —, fight again, scramble again. -**battu**, *part.*: beaten again, etc.; often-told, hackneyed, trite; fatigued, weary.
- rébaudir**¹⁸ [*baudir*], *tr.*: (hunt.) excite, caress (dogs); *intr.*: get excited; stiffen the tail (with excitement at scent of game).
- rebec**¹² [Ar. *rabe*], *m.*: = (ancient violin with three strings).
- rebel-le**¹¹ [L. *re-bellis* (bellum, war)], *adj.*: rebel, rebellious; obstinate, refractory; *m., f.*: rebel: — *à la poésie*, refractory (ill-adapted) to poetry. -**ler**¹⁵ [L. *-lare*], *refl.*: rebel, revolt. -**lion**¹³ [L. *-lio*], *f.*: = (uprising; resistance).
- robénir**¹² [*bénir*], *tr.*: bless again; re-consecrate.

rebéquer¹⁸ [*re, bec*], *tr.* or *refl.*: answer sharply, be saucy or impertinent.

rebiffer¹¹ [?], *tr.*: turn up, cock; snap at; *refl.*: (*fam.*) be refractory, resist, refuse bluntly, bridle up.

reblanchir¹⁵ [*blanchir*], *tr.*: whiten or blanch again; whitewash again; wash again.

reboire [*boire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: drink again.

reboisement¹⁸, *m.*: replanting with trees, retimbering. **||-ser**¹⁸ [*boiser*], *tr.*: replant with trees, retimber, re-afforest; wainscot again.

rebon-di, *part.*: rebounded, etc.; round, plump, chubby; swollen. **||-dir**¹¹ [*bon-dir*], *intr.*: rebound; swell out again (after pressure), bump, swell, reëcho: *se* —, swell, become plump or round. **-dis-ement**¹⁸, *m.*: rebound(ing); reëchoing.

re-bord¹⁶ [*re, bord*], *m.*: border; rim, brim; ledge. **-border**¹⁴ [*border*], *tr.*: border again, new-border, new-hem; rebound.

rebotter¹⁶ [*botter*], *tr.*: put boots on again.

rebon-ehement, *m.*: stopping up again. **1.||-cher**¹⁶ [*boucher*], *tr.*: stop (or block) up again; cork again; putty.

2.rebouche¹¹ [?], *tr.*: blunt, dull: *se* —, be blunted, foil, bend.

rebouillir¹⁸ [*bouillir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: boil again.

rebours⁹ [p. L. **bursus* (L. *-burrus*)], *adj.*: †bristled; contrary, cross-(grained), crabbed; *m.*: †wrong way of the nap or hair; reverse; wrong side or way: *à* (or *au*) —, against the nap or grain, backward, the wrong way; contrary (to), reverse (of), reversed.

†rebou-ter¹¹ [*bouter*], *tr.*: put or set again, set (bones). **-teur**¹⁴, **-euse**, *m., f.*: bone-setter.

reboutonner¹⁶, *tr.*: button again.

rebra-s¹⁸, *m.*: †tucking up the sleeves; tucked up part, wristband: (*prov.*) *donner un soufflet à double* —, give a violent blow. **†-sser**⁹ [p. L. *re-brachiare* (*brachium*, arm)], *tr.*: turn (or tuck) up: *se* —, tuck up one's sleeve, bare one's arm.

rebrider¹⁸ [*brider*], *tr.*: bridle again.

rebrocher¹² [*brocher*], *tr.*: stitch or bind (a book) again; embroider over.

rebroder¹⁶ [*broder*], *tr.*: reëmbroider; embroider over.

rebrous-ement¹⁷, *m.*: brushing back; turning back; (*geom.*) retrogression. **-se-poil**¹⁶, *à* —, against the nap or grain, the wrong way. **||-ser**¹¹ [*rebours*], *tr.*: turn up (nap, hair, etc.), brush up or back; reverse, turn back, retrace; *intr.*: turn back, recoil: — *chemin*, retrace one's steps, go back, retreat.

rxbuffade¹⁸ [*truffe* (It. *buffo*, puff)], *f.*: rebuff (repulse).

rébus¹⁵ [L. *rebus* (abl. pl. of *res*, thing)], *m.*: rebus; riddle.

rebu-t¹⁵, *m.*: repulse; rejection, refusal; refuse, waste, rubbish, trash; outcast, scum; (*post.*) returned letter: *de* —, refuse, waste; castoff; trashy; *au* —, throw aside; *mettre au* —, throw aside, cast off; send to the dead-letter office; *bureau de* —, dead-letter office. **-tant**¹⁶, *adj.*: repulsive, forbidding, loathsome, tedious. **||-ter**¹⁴ [*re, but*], *tr.*: repulse (rebuff, reject; refuse, thrust away); repel (disgust, shock; dishearten): *se* —, be rejected; be disheartened or discouraged, lose courage; tire.

recacher¹⁶ [*cacheter*], *tr.*: hide again.

récalci-trant¹⁶, *adj.*: recalcitrant (refractory, averse). **†-trer**¹¹ [L. *re-calci-trare* (*calx*, heel)], *intr.*: recalcitrate (†kick back; be refractory or stubborn).

récapitu-latif¹⁸, **-ive**, *adj.*: recapitulatory. **-lation**¹⁸ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: recapitulation. **||-ler**¹⁸ [L. *-lare* (*capitulum*, chapter)], *tr.*: recapitulate (sum up).

recarder¹⁸ [*carder*], *tr.*: card again.

recasser¹⁸ [*casser*], *tr.*: break again.

receder¹⁶, *tr.*: yield again, yield up again; give back; restore.

re-cel¹¹, *m.*: receiving of stolen goods. **-célé**¹⁶, or **-cèlement**¹¹, *m.*: concealment, receiving (of stolen goods); embezzlement. **||-céler**¹¹ [*-celer*], *tr.*: conceal; secrete; receive (stolen goods); embezzle. **-cœur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m., f.*: fence, receiver of stolen goods, concealer.

récement¹⁶ **-sam-** [*récent*], *adv.*: recently.

re-cen-se¹⁸, *f.*: new invoice or inspection (of jewelry, etc.). **-sement**¹⁶, *m.*: census; verification; control. **†-ser**¹² [L. *re-censere*, rate], *tr.*: take the census of; count (votes); re-invoice, re-check or inspect again (jewelry, etc.); revise (†Eng. recense). **-seur**¹⁶, *m.*: census-taker; teller, vote-counter. **-sion**¹⁸ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: recension.

récent¹⁶ [L. *recens*], *adj.*: recent.

†re-expage¹⁶, **-cépage**, *m.*: cutting (vines, etc.) close to the ground. **†-xépé** or **cépéc**, *f.*: stub, cut-back part (of a wood). **†-xéper** or **-céper**¹⁸ [*re, cep*], *tr.*: cut back (a vine-stock) close to the ground; cut down.

ré-cépissé¹⁸ [L. *re-cepisse* (*capere*, take), 'to have received' (viz. 'I acknowledge')], *m.*: (acknowledgment of) receipt. **-cep-tacle**¹⁸ [L. *-ceptaculum*], *m.*: receptacle. **-cepteur**¹² [L. *-ceptor*], *m.*: †receiver; recipient; (*telegr.*) recording instrument. **-ception**¹¹ [L. *-ceptio*], *f.*: reception (re-

ceiving, receipt; acceptance; admittance; party): *bonne* —, good reception, welcome; *accuser* — *de*, acknowledge the receipt of.

recercelé [re, cerceau], *adj.*: curled, curly.

recerceler¹⁵ [cercler], *tr.*: rehoop, hoop anew.

re-cette⁹ [L. -cepta], *f.*: RECEIPT (amount received, receipts, income); receivership, collectorship; RECIPE. **-cevable**¹² [-cevable], *f.*: receivability. **-cevable**¹², *adj.*: receivable; acceptable. **-cevoir**¹¹, *m.*, *f.*: receiver; collector. **-cevoir**⁹ [p. L. *cipere (L. -cipere)], *irr.* §; *tr.*: receive (obtain; get; accept; take or let in; welcome; entertain; be at home); *intr.*: receive (company): *se* —, receive (or visit) each other; be received; catch hold of; — *bien*, receive well, welcome; — *une proposition*, accept a proposal.

§ Ind.: *Pr. reçoit*, -s, -t; *rec-e-rons*, -vez, *reçoivent*. *Ipt. recevrai*. *Prét. recevais*. *Part. (Cond.) recevant*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. reçoive*, -e, -t, -s; *recevions*, -iez, *reçoivent*. *Ipt. reçoive*. — *P.ve reçoit*. — *Part.*: *Pr. recevant*; *P. reçu*.

recess¹⁷ [L. -cessus (cedere, go off)], *m.*: (*hist.*) recess (decree of Germ. empire); minutes (as of diplomatic conferences).

rechampir¹⁶ [re, échampir], *tr.*: set off (one colour with another).

1. **re-change**¹⁴, *m.*: exchange.

2. **-change**¹⁶ [change], *m.*: (*com.*) reexchange (expense on a dishonoured bill). **-changer**¹¹ [-changer], *tr.*: change again; *se* —, change one's clothes.

rechanter¹² [chanter], *tr.*: sing again.

rechapper¹² [re, échapper], *intr.*: escape (suddenly); *tr.*: let (or make) escape.

recharge¹⁴, *m.*: fresh charge. **-gement**¹⁴, *m.*: reloading. **-ger**¹² [charger], *tr.*: load again; reload; restone (a road); recharge (attach anew).

rechasser¹² [chasser], *tr.*: drive away again, discharge again; drive back.

rechaud¹⁶, *m.*: warming-oven, brazier; dish-warmer, heater; (*hort.*) layer of fresh manure (giving off heat). **-chauffage**, *m.*: rewarming, reheating; old thing presented as new. **-chauffement**¹⁶, *m.*: rewarming, reheating; reheater; (*hort.*) lining. **-chauffer**¹¹ [chauffer], *tr.*: warm (or heat) again, warm up or over; revive; present (an old thing) as new; line (a hot bed): *se* —, get warm again; get warmed up; revive. **-chauffoir**¹⁴, *m.*: dish-warmer, heater.

rechausser¹² [chausser], *tr.*: dress in shoes (or stockings) again; repair; repair (or cover) the foot of (a wall, etc.), mould up, earth up; underpin.

reche¹³ [ʃ], *adj.*: rough, harsh, sharp; crabbed.

recher-chant, *part.*: seeking again, etc.; *adj.*¹⁶: over-critical. **-che**¹⁶, *f.*: research (inquiry, investigation); search; seeking; courtship; studied elegance (laboured refinement, affectation); refinement (nice taste): *faire la* — *d'une chose*, search for a thing; *à la* — *de*, in search or quest of; in pursuit of; *sans* —, without affectation, unaffected. **-ché**, *part.*: sought again, etc.; sought after, in demand; studied (affected, far-fetched); refined, elegant; careful; choice, exquisite; *m.*: affectation. **-cher**¹⁰ [-chercher], *tr.*: seek again; seek after; search (or look) for; court; explore (search into, investigate, examine); endeavour to obtain, aspire to, desire; court, ask in marriage; finish off, polish; (*man.*) animate: *se* —, seek each other; seek each other's society; be sought after; be affected; be refined. **-cheur**, *m.*: investigator; inquisitor.

rechi-gné, *adj.*: crabbed, sour-faced, cross-looking, gruff. **-gnement**, *m.*: crabbedness, sullenness. **-gner**¹¹ [re, Germ/c kinan, grin], *intr.*: look crabbed or sulky, sulk: *en -gnant*, with a cross look, with a bad grace.

re-choir¹¹ [choir], *irr.*: *intr.*: fall again, relapse. **-chute**¹⁵, *f.*: fresh fall; relapse.

reçidi-ve¹⁵ [L. -va (L. cadere, fall)], *f.*: backset (†of sickness; into crime, fresh offence). **-ver**¹⁶ [L. -vare], *intr.*: relapse, (†Eng. recidivate). **-viste**¹⁵, *m.*: relapser (repeater of a crime, backslider, old or habitual criminal).

récif¹⁷ [Sp. *ar-recife* (Ar.)], *m.*: reef.

reçi-pé¹⁴ [L. *re-cipe* (capere, take), take], *m.*: †recipe (prescription); medicine. **-piendaire**¹⁶ [L. -endus], *m.*: new member ('about to be received' into a society, etc.), initiate. **-pient**¹⁶ [L. -piens], *m.*: recipient (receiving vessel, receiver; cistern).

réci-pro-ca-tion¹⁵ [L. -catio], *f.*: reciprocation. **-cité**¹¹, *f.*: reciprocity. **-que**¹³ [L. -cus (?)], *adj.*: reciprocal (mutual, alternate); *fm.*, or *f.*: like for like, like, the same; *f.*: (*math.*) converse. **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: reciprocally. **-quer**¹⁶ [L. -care], *tr.*: reciprocate (requite); *refl.*: be equal, be adequate.

réci-té¹⁵, *m.*: recital (relation); report; musical performance by one person); recitative. **-tant**¹⁷, **-tante**, *part.*: reciting, etc.; *adj.*: (*mus.*) solo, principal; *m.*, *f.*: solo performer, soloist. **-tateur**¹⁴, **-tatrice**, *m.*, *f.*: reciter. **-tatif**¹⁶, *m.*: (*mus.*) recitative. **-tation**¹³ [L. -tatio], *f.*: recitation (reciting; repetition; rehearsal). **-ter**¹¹ [L. *re-citare* (cite)],

tr.: recite (read aloud; repeat; relate; report; rehearse); celebrate.

réclaircir [*re, clair*, *tr.*: clear again.

réclamant, **-mante**, *m.*, *f.*: (*leg.*)

claimant. **-mation**¹³ [*L. -matio*], *f.*: reclamation; claim; complaint; protest.

-me¹⁶, *m.*: recall (of a falcon); *f.*:

(print.) catchword; *f.*¹⁵: good or striking advertisement (puff, send-off); (*theat.*)

cue: *article de* —, leading article; *faire de la* —, advertise widely, give a send-off.

||-mer⁹ [*L. re-clāmāre* (*clamare*, cry out)], *intr.*: reclaim, clamour against

(protest, object); *tr.*: reclaim (claim or demand back, require); claim (urge, re-

quire); invoke, implore, entreat; (*hunt.*) call back or off: *se* —, appeal (to), call to

witness, invoke; refer (to).

reclouer¹¹ [*clouer*], *tr.*: nail again.

||re-clure⁹ [*L. -clādere* (*close*)], *defect.* §; *tr.*: shut up, seclude. **-elus**, **-cluse**, *part.*:

shut up, secluded; *m.*, *f.*: reclusion. **-clu-**

sion¹⁶ or **ré-** [*-clus*], *f.*: = (seclusion, retirement); (*leg.*) solitary confinement.

§ Used only in Inf. and Past Part.

recoigner¹² [*cogner*], *tr.*: hit again; †beat (or drive) back; repress.

reconni-tif¹³, **-ive** [*L. -tus* (*co-gnoscere*, KNOW)], *adj.*: (*leg.*) recognitory (acknowledging a liability). **-tion**¹⁴ [*L. -tio*], *f.*:

recognition.

recoi¹² [*p. L. *re-quietum* (*L. -quīetum*)], *m.*: (*anc.*) QUIET place: *à* —, quietly.

recoiffer¹⁶ [*coiffer*], *tr.*: dress (one's) hair again, readjust the head-dress of.

recoin¹⁵ [*coin*], *m.*: retired corner, nook; recess: *coins et* —s, nooks and corners.

re-çois, **-coive**, Pres. Ind. and Subj. of *-cevoir*.

recolement¹⁵, *m.*: verification. **||-ler**¹³ [*L. re-colere*, till again; think over], *tr.*:

verify (by renewed examination); re-examine.

recollection¹³ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: (devotional) contemplation, (†Eng. recollection).

recollement¹³, *m.*: pasting or gluing again; healing (a wound). **||-ler**¹³

[*coller*], *tr.*: paste or glue again.

recollet¹⁴, **-tte**, *m.*, *f.*: recollet (Franciscan friar or nun).

recolliger [*L. re-colligere*], *tr.*: collect: *se* —, collect one's self, be contemplative.

recol-te¹⁵ [*It. ri-colla* (*L. colligere*, collect)], *f.*: harvesting; harvest, crop;

collection. **-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: harvest (reap, gather in).

recommen-dable¹⁴, *adj.*: =. **-dable-**

ment [*-dable*], *adv.*: recommendably. †**-daresse**¹³, *f.*: directress of an intelligence office. **-dation**¹³, *f.*: =; recom-

pliment; advice; †honour. **||-der**¹¹ [*com-*

mender], *tr.*: recommend (commend favourably; commit); register or insure (a letter); charge (advise, instruct): *se* —, recommend one's self (itself), be its own recommendation; refer (to); *je me-de à son souvenir*, I beg him not to forget me.

recom-mence¹³, *f.*: new count (in games).

-mencement¹⁵, *m.*: =. **||-mencer**¹⁹

[*commencer*], *tr.*: recommence, begin anew; *intr.*: begin over: — *de plus belle*

(or *sur nouveaux frais*), begin again with fresh vigour. **-menceur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *m.*:

beginner (taking a new start).

recom-pense¹⁵, *f.*: recompense (reward, compensation, return; †indemnity). **||-pen-**

ser¹³ [*L. -pensare*], *tr.*: recompense (reward, requite; †indemnify).

recompo-ser¹⁵ [*composer*], *tr.*: recompose. **-sition**¹⁷, *f.*: =.

recompter¹³ [*compter*], *tr.*: count again.

recon-ci-liable¹⁵, *adj.*: reconcilable.

-liateur¹⁵, **-liatrice** [*L. -liator*], *m.*, *f.*: reconciler. **-liation**¹² [*L. -liatio*],

f.: reconciliation. **-lier**¹¹ [*L. -liare* (*conciliare*, bring together)], *tr.*: recon-

cile (conciliate); set at peace, make agree: *se* —, be reconciled; make one's peace;

(*Cath. rel.*) return to confession before communion.

ré-conduction¹⁵ [*-ductio*], *f.*: (*leg.*) renewal of lease. **||re-conduire**¹⁵ [*con-*

duire], *irr.*; *tr.*: reconduct, lead or take back; take or see home, escort; take (one

exiled) to the border-line, show out; drive out. **re-conduite**¹⁵, *f.*: reconducting;

taking home; showing out; expulsion.

recon-fort¹², *m.*: comfort, relief. **-fort-**

tant¹⁵, **-fortante**, *adj.*: comforting, relieving, cheering; *m.*, *f.*: comforter.

-fortation¹⁷, *f.*: comfort(ing), cheering. **-forter**¹⁹ [*conforter*], *tr.*: comfort,

refresh; revive, cheer up: †*se* —, recruit one's strength.

recon-naissable¹⁹, *adj.*: recognisable.

-naissance¹⁹, *f.*: recognition (knowing again; acknowledgment; avowal, recogni-

sance); reconnaissance (reconnoitring); acknowledgment (thankfulness, gratitude,

thanks; *pl. rare*, words or letters of gratitude): *faire une* —, reconnoitre; *aller en*

—, go out to reconnoitre; *envoyer en* —, send out to reconnoitre; *avoir de la* —, be grateful. **||-naître**⁹ [*L. re-cognōscere*

(KNOW)], *irr.*; *tr.*: recognise (know again, remember; perceive; acknowledge, avow,

admit, own); reconnoitre; acknowledge (be grateful or thankful for; reward): *se*

—, recognise one's self, know one's self again; know where one is, or what one is

about; come to one's senses; acknowledge (one's fault), plead (guilty); *on a nu sa trahison*, his treachery was discovered;

— un enfant, own a child; — pour, acknowledged as; *je vous -nais bien là*, that is just like you; *je me -nais là*, that is just like me; *je commence à me —*, I begin to know where I am.

reconquérir¹¹ [conquérir], tr.: reconquer, recover.

reconstituant¹⁵, adj.: (med.) restoring, reinvigorating; m.: restorer. ||-**tuér**¹⁵ [constituer], tr.: (med.) restore, reinvigorate. -**tution**¹⁷ [constitution], f.: reconstitution, reorganisation; (com.) substitution.

reconstruction¹⁷ [construction], f.: —. ||-**struire** [construire], irr.; tr.: reconstruct (rebuild).

reconvention¹² [convention], f.: (leg.) = (cross-demand). -**tionnel**, =lle, adj.: (leg.) cross-, counter-; demande -**tionnelle**, cross-demand, counter-claim.

recopier¹⁵ [copier], tr.: copy.

recoquillement¹⁵ m.: curling up; cockling. ||-**ler**¹⁴ [recoquiller], tr.: curl or turn up, shrivel; COCKLE.

re-cord¹¹, m.: recall. 2.-**cord**¹⁵ [Eng.], m.: —. ||-**corder**^o [L. -cordare (cor, HEART)], tr.: rehearse (fcall to mind again, recite); rehearse (drill, cause to rehearse, have repeat, instruct by rehearsal).

recorriger¹⁵ [corriger], tr.: correct again, revise.

recors [old pl. of -cord], m.: (leg.) witness (one able to 'recall' a thing); bailiff's assistant.

recocher¹¹ [coucher], tr.: lay down (or put to bed) again; intr.: lie down again.

recoindre¹¹ [coudre], irr.; tr.: sew (up) again, stitch together again.

recon-pâge¹⁵, m.: recutting. -**pe**¹⁵, f.: new or second cutting (of grass); cut-off piece, shred, chip, chipping; fine flour; diluted alcohol. -**pement**¹¹, m.: (arch.) offset (edge of a wall built in receding layers). ||-**per**¹¹ [couper], tr.: cut again. -**potte**¹⁶ [-pe], f.: twice ground flour.

recour-bér¹¹ [courber], tr.: bend again; bend back or round, recurve. -**burc**, f.: bending back or round, recurvature.

recourir^o [p. L. re-currere (L. currere)], irr. (cf. courir), intr.: run back; have RECOURSE, apply, appeal: — en cassation, appeal; — en grâce, petition for pardon or commutation.

recourir¹¹ [re, OFr. es-courir (L. currere, shake)], irr. §; tr.: recapture (take back); bring away, save: se —, keep away.

§ Only in Ind. Pr. *recours*-, -t, -t; and Part. P. *recours*-, -sse.

recours^o [L. -cursum (cf. -courir)], m.:

recourse (resort; appeal): — en cassation, appeal; — en grâce, petition for pardon or commutation.

recousse¹¹ [part. of -courre], f.: recapture (by force), rescue; help.

recouvrable¹⁵, adj.: recoverable.

recouvreage¹⁵ [-vrir], m.: recovering (covering again).

†**recou-vrâee**¹⁰, f.: recovery. 1.-**vremment**¹⁰, m.: recovery; collection (of debts).

2.**recouvrement**¹⁷ [-vrir], m.: recovering (covering again); overlapping; covering (piece), cover, cap (of a watch).

recouvrer^o [L. re-cupere (cupere, take)], tr.: recover (regain, get back, RECOVERATE).

recouvrir¹¹ [couvrir], irr.; tr.: recover (cover again); cover completely; hide, mask: se —, cover one's self again, be covered again; be overcast (or cloudy) again; cover each other.

recraché¹⁴ [cracher], tr.: spit out; disgorge.

récréance¹¹ [OFr. re-croire, return], f.: return; provisional surrender of revenues to one litigant; surrender of letters of credence: lettres de —, letters of recall.

récréatif¹⁴, =ive, adj.: recreative. -**ation**¹² [L. -atio], f.: recreation (diversion, play); play-time. ||-**er**¹¹ [1. **créer**; 2. L. re-creare], tr.: 1. **récréer** (create anew); 2. **récréer** (refresh, divert, cheer; rest).

récrémen-t¹⁵ [L. -tum (cernere, sift)], m.: recrement (impure matter, dross; med. secretion). -**teur**¹⁷, =**euse**; -**tiel**¹⁷, =lle, adj.: recrement(al).

récré-pir¹⁵ [crépir], tr.: rough cast (or parget) again, replaster; paint (one's face), gloss; patch up: — un vieux conte, dress up an old story. -**pissage**¹⁵, m.: new rough-casting, replastering.

récrier¹¹ [re, écrier, refl.]: cry (or bark) twice as loud; cry out (suddenly), exclaim, shout; express admiration loudly; protest: il n'y a pas de quoi se —, there is nothing to cry out about, there is nothing wonderful in that.

récrimination¹⁵ [L. -natio], f.: recrimination. -**natoire**¹⁵, adj.: recriminatory. ||-**ner**¹⁵ [L. -nari (crimen, crime)], intr.: recriminate (make a counter-charge).

récrire¹² [re, écrire], irr.; tr.: rewrite (write again); write back, answer.

recroiser¹⁵ [croiser], tr.: recross, cross again: — ses pattes, (fold one's hands again), drop into idleness.

recroître¹¹ [croître], irr.; intr.: grow (up) again.

recro-queviller¹³, **-quiller** [*re, croc, vrille*], *refl.*: shrivel (up), wrinkle.
recru¹⁹ [part. of old *se croire*, give up], *adj.*: given up; tired out, spent, jaded.
recrû [part. of *-croître*], *m.*: new growth; new shoot(s); new tail-feathers.
recrudesce¹³ [L. *-scere*, get raw], *f.*: = (breaking out again).
recru-e¹⁵ [part. of *-croître*], *f.*: increase; filling up; **RECRUITING**; recruit; (*coll.*) recruits: *des soldats de —*, recruits; *faire des —s*, raise recruits. **-tement**¹⁷ [*-ter*], *m.*: = (recruiting). **-ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: recruit: *se —*, be recruited, recruit. **-teur**¹⁷ [*-ter*], *m.*: recruiter (recruiting officer).
rec-t... [L. *-tus*, straight, RIGHT]. **-ta**¹⁷ [L. (*viz. linea*)], *adv.*: punctually. **-tangle**¹⁵ [L. *angulus*], *adj.*: rectangular; *m.*: rectangle. **-tangle**¹⁵ [*-tangle*], *adj.*: rectangular. **-teur**, **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: rector (director; president of a university or academy; of a parish); rectress (governess; wife of a rector); *adj.*: directing. **-tifiable**¹⁷ [*-tifier*], *adj.*: =. **-tificatif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-tificare*], *adj.*: rectifying. **-tification**¹⁵ [L. *-tification*], *f.*: =. **-tifier**¹⁵ [L. *-tificare* (*facere, make*)], *tr.*: rectify (make straight; correct; amend); purify. **-tillage**¹⁵ [L. *-ti-lineus*], *adj.*: rectilinear. **-titude**¹³ [L. *-tudo*], *f.*: = (rare straightness; justness; rigid morality). **-to**¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: first page (of a leaf), odd page. **-toral**¹⁵ [L. *-tor* (cf. *-teur*)], *adj.*: rectorial. **-torat**¹⁵ [L. *-tor* (cf. *-teur*)], *m.*: rectorate, rectorship. **-tum**¹⁵ [L. (*viz. intestinum*)], *m.*: =.
reçu [part. of *recevoir*], *m.*¹⁵: receipt, acknowledgment.
recueil¹³ *ue* = **en**, *m.*: †collecting; collection. **-lement**¹⁴, *m.*: collecting; collectiveness, concentration of thought, contemplation, meditation; peaceful seclusion. **-li**, *part.*: collected, etc.; contemplative, meditative; placid, quiet, calm. **-lir**¹⁵ [p. L. **recolligere* (L. *re-colligere*)], *irr.* (cf. *cueillir*); *tr.*: collect together (gather, take up or in, reap); receive (come in possession of, inherit); admit, take into one's protection, shelter): *se —*, be collected; collect one's self or one's thoughts; commune with one's self (reflect, meditate, be wrapt in contemplation); *se — en soi-même*, retire within one's self.
re-cuire¹¹ [*cuire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: boil (bake or heat) again; anneal; *intr.*: be boiled, etc., again. **-cuit**¹⁵, **-cuite**, *part.*: re-boiled, etc.; *m., f.*: reheating, annealing.
recu-le¹⁵, *m.*: recoil. **-lade**¹⁵, *f.*: falling back (as of troops, etc.), retreat, re-

coil. **-lé, -lée**, *part.*: recoiled, etc.; put back, remote, distant; behind, backward; *f.*¹¹: room for recoil, back play.
-lement¹³, *m.*: recoil(ing), backing; moving back; extension; (harness) breech-band. **||-ler**¹¹ [*cul*], *intr.*: RECOIL (start, move or draw back); withdraw; *tr.*: remove further back; extend (borders, etc., widen); defer, (delay, put off): *se —*, draw or stand back; fall back; put back; be extended; be put off. **-lons**¹², *m.*: *à —*, *adv.*: backwards; the wrong way.
recup-ération¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: recuperation. **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-râre* (*capere, take*)], *tr.*: recuperate: *se —*, retrieve one's losses.
recu-rage¹⁵, *m.*: scouring. **||-rer**¹² [*écurer*], *tr.*: SCOUR, cleanse.
recu-rance¹⁵, *f.*: recurrence. **-rent**¹⁵ [L. *-rens* (*currere, run*)], *adj.*: recurrent. **-soire**¹⁵ [L. *-sus* (cf. *recours*)], *adj.*: (*leg.*) implying a recourse or appeal.
recu-sable¹⁵, *adj.*: (*leg.*) challengeable. **-sation**¹⁵ [L. *-satio*], *f.*: recusation, challenge, objection. **||-ser**¹⁵ [L. *-sare* (*causa, cause*)], *tr.*: (*leg.*) recuse (refuse to accept or challenge a judge), challenge or object to (a jurymen, witness, etc.).
redac-teur¹⁷, **-trice** [L. *-tum* (Sup. of *re-d-igere*, cf. *rediger*)], *m., f.*: writer (of deeds, etc.), official clerk; *f.*: writer, contributor; editor, redactor. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tum*], *f.*: drawing up (deeds, etc.); composition, writing; editing, redaction; editorial staff; editor's office.
redan¹⁵ [*re, dent*], *m.*: = (fort forming a salient angle; steep offset in a wall or ground); angular rock.
redarguer¹² [L. *re-d-arguere*], *tr.*: convince of error, disprove.
reddition¹³ [L. *-tio* (*dare, give*)], *f.*: = (surrender); giving in (an account).
redébattre, *irr.* (cf. *battre*), *tr.*: re-debate.
redéfaire¹¹ [*défaire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: undo again.
redemander¹¹ [*demander*], *tr.*: re-demand (demand again; call back).
redemp-teur¹¹, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (*emere, buy*)], *m., f.*: redeemer; *adj.*: redeeming. **-tion**¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: redemption; ransom. **-toriste**¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: Redemptorist.
redescendre¹² [*descendre*], *intr.*: re-descend (descend or come down again); *tr.*: take down, lower; pass down (along).
rede-vable¹¹ [*-voir*], *adj.*: indebted, beholden; *m., f.*: debtor: *être —*, be indebted, be a debtor, owe. **-vance**¹² [*-voir*], *f.*: (regularly returning) due, tax, royalty. **-vancier**¹⁵, **-ère** [*-vance*], *m., f.*: person paying regular dues, taxes, etc., tenant.

redevenir¹¹ [devenir], irr.; intr.: become again.

redévoir¹¹ [devoir], irr.; tr.: owe still, be owing yet.

redhibi-tion¹⁵ [L. red-hibitio (habere, have)], f.: (leg.) redhibition (annulling of sale). -**toire**¹⁵ [L. -torius], adj.: redhibitory.

rediger¹³ [L. red-igere (agere, ACT)], tr.: draw up (in writing), write out, compose; REDACT (edit).

redimer¹³ [L. red-imere (emere, buy)], tr.: redeem.

redingote¹⁷ [Eng. riding-coat], f.: frock coat (body coat; surtout).

re-dire¹¹ [dire], irr.; tr.: say (or tell) again, repeat; relate; (only in Inf. after à) criticize, censure, find fault: *trouver à — à*, find fault with, find something to say against; *il n'y a rien à — à*, no fault can be found with; *se faire —*, have repeated, have to be told again; *se —*, be repeated; repeat each other. -**disseur**¹⁶, -**euse**, m., f.: repeater; tale-bearer. -**dit**, -**dite**, part.: said again, etc.; *im.*, f.: repetition.

redon-dance¹³, f.: redundancy. -**dant**¹², adj.: redundant. -**der**¹¹ [L. red-undare (unda, wave)], intr.: redound (be redundant, be in excess).

redonner¹¹ [donner], tr.: give back or again, restore, return; deal again (at cards); intr.: return; addict one's self (or give one's self) again; (mil.) return to the charge, charge again: *il redonne dans les mêmes excès*, he gives himself up (gives way) to the same excesses.

redorer¹³ [dorer], tr.: regild: — *son blason*, marry into a rich family.

redou-blé, part.: redoubled, etc.; double (rhymes); (mil.) double quick (pace or time); m.: repeated crop. -**blement**¹⁵, m.: redoubling, reduplication; (med.) paroxysm. -**-ble**¹⁶ [doubler], tr.: redouble (increase twofold); reiterate (repeat, renew); pass a second year in (a class); reliné (put a new lining to); intr.: redouble; be reiterated or repeated; (with de) redouble, intensify; repeat: — *ses soins*, — *de soin(s)*, be doubly careful, be more careful (or attentive) than ever; — *une classe*, remain two years in a class, be unpromoted.

redoul = **roudou**.
redoutable¹¹ [-ter], adj.: =, formidable.
redoute¹⁶ [It. ridotto (L. re-ductus, resort)], f.: REDOUBT (small fort or outwork); floating fort; resort (for festivities); feast.
redouter¹⁰ [douter], tr.: dread (fear); †Eng. redoubt.

redowa¹⁸ -ra [Ger. (Bohem.)], f.: redowa (Bohemian waltz).

redres-sé, part.: straightened, etc.; adj.: stiff, haughty. -**sement**¹¹, m.: straightening; reerection; redress; relief: *canot de sauvetage à —*, self-righting lifeboat. -**-ser**¹⁰ [dresser], tr.: raise up, erect; straighten; set right, direct; correct, redress; (fam.) cheat: *se —*, straighten (get straight again); straighten up, stand (or sit) up; bridle up, carry one's head high; correct one's self; be corrected, be set right; be redressed; (nav.) right. -**-seur**¹⁶, -**-euse**, m., f.: righter, redresser.

redrugs = **drugs**.

redra, part. fr. **redevoir**.

réduc-teur¹⁸, -**-trice** [L. -tor (cf. réduire)], adj.: reducing; (chem.) reductor. -**-tible**¹⁵ [L. -tus], adj.: reducible. -**-tif**¹³, -**-tive** [L. -tus], adj.: reductive. -**-tion**¹² [L. -tio], f.: reduction.

ré-duire¹³ [L. -ducere (bring)], irr. (cf. conduire); tr.: REDUCE (bring back; set a fracture, etc.); abate, diminish, confine; subdue; compel; oblige; break a horse: *se —*, reduce (etc.) one's self or each other; be reduced (etc.); diminish, dwindle; amount (to). -**-duit**..., form of -**-duire**.
-duit¹², part.: reduced. **-duite**¹² [L. -ductus (cf. redoute)], m.: retreat (small habitation, lodging); †place of resort; redut (retired fort or redoubt).

rédupli-ca-tif¹⁶, -**-ive** [L. -tus], adj.: reduplicative. -**-tion**¹⁵ [L. -tio], f.: reduplication.

rédi-fication¹⁵, f.: rebuilding. -**-fier**¹² [édifier], tr.: reedify (rebuild).

rédi-ter¹⁸ [éditer], tr.: reedit; republish.

réel¹², -**-le** [L. L. realis (L. res, thing)], adj.: real (actual; substantial; leg. pertaining to things fixed, reality).

ré-élec-tion¹⁵ [élection], f.: reelection. -**-éligible**¹⁸ [éligible], adj.: reeligible.

-é-lire¹⁸ [ré, élire], irr.; tr.: reelect.

réellement¹¹ [réel], adv.: really, indeed.

rêr = **2.raire**.

réexpédi-er¹⁷ [expédier], tr.: expedite (send off or back) again. -**-tion**¹⁷ [expédition], f.: sending on (or back) again.

réexpor-tation¹⁷ [exportation], f.: re-exportation. -**-ter**¹⁷ [exporter], tr.: reexport.

ré-fac-tion¹⁵, f.: making over, repair; (com.) rebate (allowance). -**-re-faire**¹¹

[faire], irr.; tr.: remake (make or do again, make or do over; renew, remodel; deal again at cards); repair (mend; restore, refresh; revive); (fam.) do up, cheat, catch: *se —*, be made (or done) again; refresh (or rest) one's self, be restored; recover one's strength (or health or loss); change one's nature. -**-refaisant** -**-fe-**

part. of *faire*. **refait**¹¹, *part.*: remade, etc.; prepared or squared (of timber); cheated, buncoed; *m.*: new horns (of the stag); drawn game (to be 'played over'); even cards.

refaucher¹⁵ [*faucher*], *tr.*: mow again.

refec-tion¹¹ [*-tio* (*facere*, make)], *f.*: making over (repair, restoration); refec-tion (refreshment; meal). **-toire**¹⁵ [*-torium*], *f.*: refectory (refreshment-room, dining-room).

re-fend¹⁴, *m.*: splitting, division, parti-tion: *bois de —*, cleft timber; *lignes de —*, joints (between the stones in a wall); *mur de —*, partition-wall; *pierre de —*, corner-stone. **||-fendre**¹⁵ [*fendre*], *tr.*: resplit (split again); cleave (saw or cut lengthwise, quarter timber).

référé, *part.*: referred, etc.; *m.*: (*leg.*) provisional appeal to a judge: *en —*, in chambers. **-rence**¹⁵, *f.*: reference; sample-book. **-rendaire**¹⁵ [*-renda-rius*], *m.* or *adj.*: referendary. **||-rer**¹⁵ [*L. re-ferre* (bring)], *tr.*: refer (assign; concern); *refl.*, *intr.*: refer (appeal): *é-en — d*, refer to, leave it to the decision of, leave it to.

reformer¹¹ [*fermer*], *tr.*: close again.

referrer¹¹ [*ferre*], *tr.*: shoe again (a horse); tag again.

refouilleter¹⁵ [*feuilleter*], *tr.*: turn over the leaves of again.

réflec-ti, *part.*: reflected, etc.; reflect-ive; deliberate (circumspect; premeditated, on purpose): *personne -chie*, reflective person; *peu —*, inconsiderate; hasty; *crime —*, premeditated crime. **||-chir**¹⁵ [*L. re-flectere* (bend)], *tr.*: reflect (bend back; mirror); *intr.*: reflect (consider, meditate, think): *se —*, be reflected, reflect. **-chissant**¹⁵, *adj.*: reflecting (throwing back; reflective, thoughtful). **-chissement**¹⁵, *m.*: reflection. **réflec-teur**¹⁵ [*L. -clere*], *m.*: reflector; *adj.*: reflecting.

re-flet¹⁵ [*It. ri-flesso* (*L. flectere*, bend)], *m.*: reflection (reflex of light, colours, etc., reflected light); (*nav.*) blink. **-fléter**¹⁵, *tr.*: reflect: *se —*, be reflected.

refleurir¹¹ [*fleurir*], *intr.*: reflower, blossom again.

réflex-e¹⁵ [*L. -us* (*flectere*, bend)], *adj.*: reflex; fdeliberate. **-ibilité**¹⁷ [*Eng. -ibility*], *f.*: reflexivity. **-ible**¹⁷ [*Eng. -ible*], *adj.*: reflexible. **-if**, **-ive**¹⁵ [*L. -um*], *adj.*: reflexive. **-ion**¹⁵ [*L. -io*], *f.*: reflection (of light, etc.; consideration, thought): *à la —*, on reflection, on further consideration; *faire —*, reflect, consider; *toute — faite*, all things con-sidered.

re-fluer¹⁶ *flu* [*L. -fluere*], *intr.*: reflow

(flow back, ebb). **-flux**¹⁵ [*flux*], *m.*: = (ebb).

refonder = 2. *refondre*. 1. **re-fondre**¹¹ [*fondre*], *tr.*: refund (melt again; re-cast); recoin; remould (remodel, reform); (*nav.*) refit thoroughly. 2. **-fondre** [*L. re-fundere*], *tr.*: (*leg.*) refund (reimburse). **-fonte**¹⁷, *f.*: refunding (recasting); re-coinage; remoulding (reform; repair).

réfor-mable¹⁷, *adj.*: reformable; (*leg.*) reversible. **-mateur**¹⁵, **-matrice** [*L. -mator*], *m.*, *f.*: reformer. **-mation**¹⁵ [*L. -matio*], *f.*: reformation. **-me**¹⁵, *f.*: reform; (reformation; amendment); rejec-tion or condemnation (of things out of repair); suspension of service, dismissal, discharge (on halfpay): *de —*, (*mil.*) cast; out of use; *traitement de —*, (*mil.*) half-pay; *être mis à la* (or *être en*) —, be discharged with (or put on) half pay; *congé de —*, discharge, invaliding. **-mé**, *part.*: reformed, etc.; *m.*: reformer; Protes-tant. **||-mer**¹¹ [*L. re-formare*], *tr.*: re-form (restore, amend); retire from service (reject, condemn; *mil.* discharge on half-pay, invalid).

reformer [*former*], *tr.*: form again or anew.

refouil-lement¹⁵, *m.*: deepening. **||-ler**¹⁵ [*fouiller*], *tr.*: sink deeper, deepen.

refou-lement¹⁵, *m.*: crowding (or driv-ing) back; ramming; stemming; flowing back, ebbing. **||-ler**¹⁵ [*fouler*], *tr.*: crowd (or force or drive) back; compress, ram; (*nav.*) stem; *intr.*: flow back, ebb. **-loir**¹⁶, *m.*: rammer.

réfrac-taire¹⁵ [*L. -tarius*], *adj.*: refrac-tory; *m.*, *f.*: refractory (or stubborn) per-son; defaulting recruit. **||-ter**¹⁷ [*L. -tum* (*frangere*, BREAK)], *tr.*: refract; (*med.*) give in doses. **-tif**¹⁷, **-ive** [*L. -tum*], *adj.*: refractive. **-tign**¹⁵ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: refraction.

refrain¹¹ [*fraindre*], *m.*: breaker (broken wave); refrain (burden of a song; theme).

réfran-gibilité¹⁷ [*Eng. -gibility*], *f.*: refrangibility. **-gible** [*fr. Eng.*], *adj.*: refrangible.

refrapper¹¹ [*frapper*], *tr.*: strike again; restamp.

refrénér¹¹ [*L. -frenare* (*frenum*, bridle)], *tr.*: bridle (restrain, curb).

réfrigé-rant¹⁵, *adj.*: refrigerant; re-frigeratory. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L. -rativus*], *adj.*: refrigerative. **-ration**¹⁵ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: refrigeration. **||-rer**¹⁵ [*L. re-refrigerare* (*frigus*, cold)], *tr.*: refrigerate.

réfrin-gence¹⁵, *f.*: refringency (refrac-tive power). **||-gent**¹⁷ [*L. -gens* (*fran-gere*, BREAK)], *adj.*: refringent (refract-ing).

refrire [*frire*], *irr.*; *tr.*: fry again.

refrogn ... = *renfrogn* ...

refroidir¹¹ [*froid*], *tr.*: cool; (*cant*) kill; *intr.*: cool, get cold: *se* —, cool, grow cold or cool; catch cold; grow indifferent. **-dissement**¹⁵, *m.*: cooling; coolness, coldness; cold.

refuge¹¹ [*L. -fugium*], *m.*: refuge. **-fugie**, = *ée* [*-gier*], *part.*: of refugees; *m., f.*: refugee. **-fugier** [*L. -fugium*], *tr.*: seek refuge for, shelter: (*usly*) *se* —, take refuge or shelter, flee. **||-fuir**¹⁰ [*fuir*], *irr.*; *intr.*: flee again or repeatedly; (*hant.*) double, dodge. **-fuite**¹² [*fuite*], *f.*: flight, escape; dodge, evasion; (*hant.*) doubling.

refus¹¹, *m.*: refusal (non-acceptance; rejection); thing refused: *cela n'est pas à votre* —, you have not the refusal of that, that has not been offered to you; *cela n'est pas de* —, that is not to be refused; that is very acceptable; *battre (or enfoncer) jusqu'à — de mouton*, drive (a pile) home; *ce pieu est au* —, that pile is driven home. **-sable**¹¹, *adj.*: =. **||-ser**¹¹ [*L. L. refusare* (*L. re-fundere*, pour back, reject)], *tr.*: refuse (decline); reject: *se* —, refuse (deny or grudge) one's self; object, resist; demur; shrink; be refused; refuse each other. **-sion**¹⁶ [*L. -sio*], *f.*: refusal; (*leg.*) reimbursement.

refutable¹⁵, *adj.*: refutable. **-tation**¹⁵ [*L. -tatio*], *f.*: refutation. **||-ter**¹⁵ [*L. re-futare*], *tr.*: refute (disprove).

regagner¹¹ [*gagner*], *tr.*: regain (win again; reach again; recover, retrieve): — *le dessus*, get the upper hand again; — *quelqu'un*, gain some one over.

regain¹¹ [*OFr. re-gainer* (ak. to *gagner*, which see)], *m.*: after-grass (aftermath, second crop); new lease (of life).

regain¹¹ [*OFr. re-gainer* (ak. to *gagner*, which see)], *m.*: after-grass (aftermath, second crop); new lease (of life).

1. régale¹¹ [*L. regalis* (*rex*, king)], *adj.*: regal, royal: *eau —e*, aqua regia (gold-dissolving acid).

2. régale¹¹ [*It. regale* (? *gala*)], *m.*: regale (grand feast, entertainment); (table) luxury. **-lade**¹⁷, *f.*: regalement; treat; (warming by a) rousing fire; feasting; gulping: *boire à la* —, gulp down. **-lant**¹⁸, *adj.*: regaling; festive, pleasant, amusing.

1. régale, *fem.* of **1. régale**. **2. le**¹² [*L. -lia*, sc. *jura*, rights], *f.*: regale (royal prerogative on certain revenues).

3. régale¹⁵ [?], *m.*: regal (ancient mus. instrument); stop (of an organ).

régale¹⁵, *m.*: levelling; equalisation, equal distribution. **1. ||-ler**¹⁵ [*égaler*], *tr.*: level; equalise (distribute equally).

2. régaler¹⁶ [*2. régale*], *tr.*: regale (feast, treat): *se* —, regale one's self or each

other; give one's self a treat; enjoy one's self.

réga-lien¹⁶, = *enne* [*L. regalis*, royal], *adj.*: regalian, royal. **-liste** [*2. régale*], *m.*: holder of a regale (royal benefice).

regar-d¹⁰, *m.*: = (consideration, attention, notice; look, gaze, glance); looking at each other, opposite position; (*astrol.*) opposition, aspect; opening (draught-hole, man-hole): *en* —, opposite; *avoir — sur*, look into, face; *fixer les —s de*, catch the eyes of; *†d — de*, with regard to. **-dant**, = *ante*, *part.*: regarding, etc.; (*her.*) gardant; looking too close, close, saving, stingy; *m., f.*: beholder, spectator. **||-der**¹⁰ [*garder*], *tr.*: regard (consider, mind; look at, behold; *†Eng.* face, be opposite; concern); *intr.*: look, face, front; pay regard to, mind: *se* —, regard or look at one's self (or each other); face or be opposite to each other, be in front of each other; — *fixement*, stare at; — *de haut en bas*, look down (with contempt) upon; — *sur*, overlook; *regardez-y bien*, take heed.

regarnir¹² [*garnir*], *tr.*: furnish again, retrim.

régate¹⁷ [*It. regatta* (?)], *f.*: regatta.

regazon-nement¹⁸, *m.*: replanting with grass, resodding. **-ner**¹⁸, *tr.*: replant with grass, resod.

re-gel¹⁸, *m.*: freezing again, new frost. **||-geler**¹⁸, *tr., intr.*: freeze again.

régence¹⁵ [*-gent*], *f.*: regency; municipal government.

régéné-rateur¹⁸, = *trice*, *m., f.*: regenerator; *adj.*: regenerating. **-ration**¹¹ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: regeneration. **||-rer**¹⁹ [*L. re-generare*], *tr.*: regenerate: *se* —, be regenerated.

régén-t¹⁸, = *te* [*L. regens* (*regere*, rule)], *m., f.*: regent (vicarious ruler; *m.*: trustee); *†m.*: master (of a college); professor (teacher in a communal college). **-ter**¹⁴, *intr., tr.*: *†be* a master or professor (in); direct, teach, domineer.

régicide¹⁶ [*L. 1. regi-cida*, 2. *-cidium* (*rex*, king, *cadere*, kill)], *m.*: regicide (1. king-killer, 2. king-killing).

régie¹⁵ [*-gir*], *f.*: administration (management of an estate, etc.); tax-collection, excise; excise-office.

régim-bement¹⁵, *m.*: kicking; (*fig.*) resistance. **||-ber**¹¹ [?], *intr.*: kick (as horses, be refractory; *fig.* resist).

rédi-me¹⁸ [*L. -men* (*regere*, DIRECT)], *m.*:

*direction; = (form or mode of government, mode of rule or administration); regimen (system of living or diet); (*gram.*) object, objective case; (*bot.*) bunch, spadix: *être au* —, be on low diet; *mettre au* —, diet; *vivre de* —, live by rule.

-ment¹³ [L. -mentum], m.: †direction; regiment. -mentaire¹³, adj.: regimental.

reginglette¹³ [?], f.: (dial.) bird-trap, gin.

région¹¹ [L. -gio], f.: region. -gional¹³, adj.: regional (of a region): *concours* —, (local) agricultural or industrial prize-meeting; *école* —, agricultural school.

ré-gir¹⁴ [L. *regere*, direct], tr.: govern (rule, manage; administer). -gisseur¹⁷, m.: manager.

régis-trateur¹⁷ [L. -trator], m.: registrar (in the papal chancery). ||-tre¹² [l. L. *re-gesta* (*gerere*, bring)], m.: register (record, list; note-book; by influence of *régir*, regulator, organ-register; chimney damper): — *de vapeur*, throttle-valve; *être sur le — de*, be on the books of, be remembered by; *rapporter sur un —*, enter in a register. -trer¹², tr.: register.

†régitr. = registre.

ré-glage¹³ [-gler], m.: regulating; ruling (paper). ||ré-gle¹² [L. *regula*, f.: rule (ruler; law; system, order); due order or form; (arith.) sum; pl.: courses, menses: — *à coulisse*, — *mobile*, slide-rule; *en —*, or *dans les —s*, in rule, according to rule, in due order or form, all right; *être de —*, be the rule, be customary. -glé [-gler], part.: ruled, etc.; adj.: regular (orderly, punctual, exact); menstruated. -glément¹¹, adv.: regularly.

rè-glement¹³ [régler], m.: regulation, rule, laws, by-laws; settlement, adjustment; (mil.) roster: *violier le —*, commit a breach of order; — *de compte*, settlement of an account. -glementaire¹⁷ or rè-[glement], adj.: according to regulations, regular, prescribed; réglementary. -glementairement¹³ [fr. preced.], adv.: according to regulations, regularly. -glementation¹³ or rè-[glementer], f.: making regulations, regulating. -glementer⁹ or rè-[glement], tr.: make regulations for, regulate.

-gler¹³, tr.: RULE (mark with lines); REGULATE (adjust, arrange, govern; determine, settle): *se —*, regulate one's self, become regular; settle; be guided (by), go (by), follow the example (of); be settled; — *une pendule*, set a clock right; — *un différend*, settle a difference. -glet¹², m.: †(print.) rule; (arch.) reglet (moulding). -glette¹⁴, f.: (print.) reglet. -gleur¹⁶, = *ense* [-gler], m., f.: ruler; paper ruler.

réglisse¹¹ [L. *liquiritia* (Gr. *glukúrhiza*, 'sweet root')], f.: licorice.

rè-gnant¹³, adj.: reigning (ruling; prevailing). ||rè-gne⁹ [L. *regnum*, m.: REIGN (rule; prevalence); (nat. hist.) king-

dom; tiara (of the pope); crown (over the high altar). -gner¹¹ [L. -gnare], intr.: reign (rule, govern, prevail; be the fashion); run along, extend.

regnicole¹³ [l. L. -la (L. *regnum*, kingdom, *colere*, dwell)], m., f.: native, denizen; adj.: native.

regon-flement¹³, m.: reinflation, new swelling, swelling. ||-fler¹³, tr., intr.: swell again; overflow.

regor-gement¹³, m.: overflow(ing); superabundance. ||-ger¹³ [gorge], intr.: disgorge; overflow (run over, abound, teem); be glutted or surfeited.

†regouler¹³ [gouler], tr.: rebuff; snub.

†re-grat¹², m.: huckstering; retail salt-trade. -grattage¹³, m.: (mas.) regratting. ||-gratter¹² [gratter], tr.: scratch or scrape again; (mas.) regrate; intr.: huckster, haggle. †-gratterie, f.: huckstery, huckster's trade. -grattier, -ière, m., f.: huckster, huckstress, retailer.

re-grès¹³ [L. -gressus (*gradi*, go)], m.: (ecccl. law) right of taking back (a living, etc.). -gressif¹³, -ive [L. -gressus], adj.: regressive. -gression¹³ [L. -gressio], f.: regression.

re-gret¹¹, m.: = *à —*, with regret; with reluctance, reluctantly, grudgingly; *au —*, sorry; *avoir —*, regret, be sorry. -grettable¹³, adj.: regrettable, to be regretted. ||-gretter¹³ [ak. to Goth. *gretan*, weep, and Eng. *greet*, 'lament'], tr.: regret (lament, grieve at; repent; miss): *à —*, to be regretted; *le -gretté A.*, the late lamented A.

re-guinder [guinder], tr.: hoist up again.

régu-larisation¹³ [-lariser], f.: regularising. -lariser¹⁷ [L. -laris], tr.: regularise (make regular, put in order).

-larité¹³ [L. -laris], f.: regularity; strict observance of rules. -lateur¹⁷, -trice [L. -lare, regulate], adj.: regulating; m., f.: regulator; standard. -le¹³ [L. -lus], m.: kinglet; golden-crested wren; (old chem.) regulus. ||-lier¹¹, -lière [L. -laris (*regere*, rule)], adj.:

regular; m.: regular (monk). -lièremment¹⁴ [-lier], adv.: regularly.

réhabili-tation¹⁴, f.: rehabilitation. ||-ter¹² [habilitier], tr.: rehabilitate.

réhabituér¹³ [habituier], tr.: habituate or accustom again.

†re-hausse¹³, f.: rise; increase of value. -haussement¹³, m.: heightening, raising; increase of value. -hausser¹³ [hausser], tr.: heighten, raise (increase, enhance, raise the value of); enrich;

extol. -haut¹³, m.: rise (increase of value); (paint.) set-off (vivid colouring).

réimportation¹², *f.*: reimportation.
||-ter¹² [*importer*], *tr.*: reimport.

réimpo-ser¹², *tr.*: reassess; (*print.*) reimpose. **-sition**¹², *f.*: reassessment; (*print.*) reimposition.

réim-pression¹² [*impression*], *f.*: reprinting, reprint. **||-primer**¹² [*imprimer*], *tr.*: reprint; reprint.

rein¹² [*L. rein*], *m.*: kidney; *pl.* reins, loin: avoir les —s forts, be strong-backed; *fig.* have a long purse.

réincorporer¹² [*incorporer*], *tr.*: reincorporate.

reine¹² [*L. regina*], *f.*: queen: *de* —, of (for, from) a queen, queenly; *en* —, like a queen; *faire la* —, act the queen; — *des bois*, (*bot.*) sweet woodruff; — *des prés*, meadow-sweet. **-clande**¹², *pl.* —s—(s), *f.*: groenagage (plum). **-marguerite**, *pl.* —s—s, *f.*: (*bot.*) China aster, starwort.

reinette = *rainette*.

réinstal-lation¹², *f.*: reinstallation.
||-ler¹² [*installer*], *tr.*: reinstall.

reinté¹² [*rein*], *adj.*: loined; strong-backed.

reinté-grande¹², *f.*: (*leg.*) recovery of possession. **-gration**¹², *f.*: reintegration, reinstatement. **||-grer** [*L. red-integrare* (integer, whole)], *tr.*: re(d)-integrate (restore, reinstate); re-ware-house.

réinventer¹² [*inventer*], *tr.*: reinvent.

réinviter [*inviter*], *tr.*: reinvoke.

réité-ration¹², *f.*: reiteration. **||-rer**¹² [*L. iterare*, repeat], *tr.*: reiterate, repeat.

reître¹² [*Ger. reiter, RIDER*], *m.*: (old) German trooper (serving in France); long cloak: *vieux* —, old trooper, old blade, regular adventurer.

rejal-lir¹² [*jaillir*], *intr.*: rebound (fly back, reflect); gush out (spout, spurt, stream forth). **-lissement**¹², *m.*: rebounding, reflection; gushing (out), spouting (forth).

re-jet¹², *m.*: rejection (throwing out); young shoot (sprout, sprig); (*geol.*) cropping out; out-crop; (*property*) transfer; swarm (of bees). **-jetable**¹², *adj.*: rejectable. **||-jeter**¹² [*jeter*], *tr.*: intr.: throw (or cast) again or back or away or out or up; drive back; vomit; REJECT (refuse, set aside, deny); (*bot.*) put forth, shoot: *se* —, throw one's self back, etc.; have recourse to; — *un compte sur*, carry an account to. **-jetoir**¹² [*e*], *m.* (*f.*): spring. **-jeton**¹², *m.*: shoot, (sprout, runner); offspring, scion.

re-joindre¹² [*joindre*], *irr.*: *tr.*: rejoin (reunite); meet again; overtake: *se* —, join or meet again, reunite. **-jointoyer**¹² [*jointoyer*], *tr.*: rejoin.

rejouer¹² [*jouer*], *intr.*: play again.

ré-joui¹², *-jouie*, *part.*: rejoiced, etc.;

joyous, merry, jovial; *m.*, *f.*: joyous, etc., person: *gros* —, big jolly fellow; *grosse* —e, buxom woman. **-jouir**¹² [*éjouir*], *tr.*: rejoice (give joy to, gladden, delight, cheer, divert): *se* —, rejoice (be glad, enjoy one's self). **-jouissance**¹², *f.*: rejoicing (merry-making, festivity); (*butch.*) make-weight (in inferior meat or bones).

-jouissant¹², *adj.*: rejoicing; joyous, merry, glad, cheering, pleasant.

re-lâchant¹², *adj.*: relaxing; laxative; *m.*: laxative. **-lâche**¹², *m.*: relaxation (discontinuance, intermission, rest); (*theat.*) no performance; *f.*: (*nav.*) putting into port, call; place of call. **-lâché**, *adj.*: relaxed; lax (loose, remiss). **-lâche-ment**¹², *m.*: relaxation (relaxing, slackening; slackness, looseness; abatement, remission); laxness (laxity); (of the weather) getting milder. **||-lâcher**¹² [*L. re-lazare*], *tr.*: relax (slacken, loosen, unbend, let go, yield); release (set at liberty); *intr.*: (*nav.*) put into port, call: *se* —, relax (slacken, etc.); get milder (of the weather).

relais¹² [*pl. of -lai (-layer)*], *m.*: change, relay (supply of hunting dogs to relieve the tired dogs; supply of fresh horses at stations; detachment of men); stage, station: *de* —, relay; fresh, ready; unemployed, at leisure; spare, for change: *donner le* — à, set a-going, start; *titre de* —, new title-page.

re-lais¹², *m.*: fleaving (residue); (*fort.*) relay (walk between parapet and moat); derelict land (tract of land left dry); opening (between different patterns in tapestry). **-laissé**¹², *part.*: staying; (*hunt.*) resting. **-laisser**¹² [*laisser*], *tr.*: fleave behind; (*hunt.*) stay, rest (of hares): *se* —, stay; *†se* — de, renounce.

relancer¹², *tr.*: start or hurl again; start again; rouse; urge; retort on, answer sharply; take up short; snub.

relaps¹², **-apse** [*L. -sus (labi, fall)*], *adj.*: relapsed (into error); *m.*, *f.*: relaps, back-slides.

relargir¹² [*élargir*], *tr.*: enlarge, widen.

rela-tor¹² [*L. -tum, 'bear back'*], *tr.*: relate. **-teur**, *m.*: relater. **-tif**¹², **-ive** [*L. -tivus*], *adj.*: relative, relating; *m.*: (*gram.*) relative. **-tion**¹² [*L. -tio*], *f.*: = (reference, connection; account, narrative). **-tivement**¹² [*-tif*], *adv.*: relatively. **-tivité**¹² [*-tif*], *f.*: relativeness.

relaver¹² [*laver*], *tr.*: wash again.

relax-ation¹² [*L. -atio*], *f.*: =; laxness; release. **||-er**¹² [*L. -are*], *tr.*: relax; RELEASE (a prisoner).

relayer¹² [*layer* (1)], *intr.*: change horses; *tr.*: furnish with fresh horses;

relieve, take the place of: *se* —, relieve one another.

relégation¹³ [*L. -gatio*], *f.*: relegation; banishment. **-gier**¹³ [*L. -gare* (*legare*, *depute*)], *tr.*: relegate (banish, exile; consign, transfer): *se* —, seclude one's self.

relent¹¹ [*lent*, in old sense of 'insipid'], *adj.*: †musty; *m.*: mustiness.

re-le-vailles¹³ *f. pl.*: churching (of a woman). **re-lève**¹³, *f.*: relieving, relief; shift. **-levé**, = **éc.**, *part.*: raised, etc.; erect; elevated (high, lofty, noble); high-seasoned, pungent; risen again; recovered; *m.*: relief; statement, abstract, summary, list, return; new plate; shifting (of a horse's shoe); fold; *f.*: relieving; (*leg.*) afternoon: *de* —, in the afternoon. **re-lèvement**¹³, *m.*: raising again; statement (account, return); (*nav.*) bearing.

-lever¹³ [*lever*], *tr.*: raise or lift up again; raise up; pick up; restore; liberate (free); relieve; set off; extol; give a relish to; remark, notice; criticise; (*nav.*) take the bearings of; *intr.*: recover (get better); turn up; depend (be dependent); be amenable: *se* —, rise or get up again, rise up; recover, retrieve one's self; relieve one another; — *de couchés*, recover from confinement; — *un fossé*, raise the banks of a ditch; — *la robe*, tuck up the gown; — *un mot*, criticise a word; *se faire — de ses vœux*, get one's vows annulled; — *la garde*, relieve the guard; — *un vaisseau*, bring a ship afloat again; — *l'ancre*, shift the anchor; — *une côte*, take the bearings of a coast. **-leveur**¹², = **ense**, *m.*: reliever; (*anat.*) levator, elevator.

relige¹³ [*-lier*], *m.*: binding; hooping (of casks).

relief¹³ [*-lever*], *m.*: = (relievo; set-off, embossment); *pl.*: leavings (from the table, broken victuals, crumbs).

re-li-er¹¹ [*lier*], *tr.*: rebind; bind (books, etc.), join; hoop (casks). **-lieur**¹², = **ense**, *m.*: binder; bookbinder.

religieusement¹² [*-gieux*], *adv.*: religiously. **-gieur**¹¹, = **ense** [*L. -giosus*], *adj.*: religious (pious, sacred, exact); *m.*: friar (monk); *f.*: nun (sister). **-gion**¹¹ [*L. -gio* (*lig.*, bind)], *f.*: = (piety, faith, worship; Church, religious order); matters of conscience; conscientiousness; convent: *mettre en* —, shut up in a convent, make a nun; *se faire une — de*, make it a matter of conscience, a duty. **-gionnaire**¹⁵, *m.*: Protestant. **-giosité**¹⁵ [*L. -giosus*, religious], *f.*: religiosity, religiousness; scrupulosity.

re-liqua-ire¹³, *m.*: reliquary, shrine. **-li-quat**¹³ [*L. -liqua*], *m.*: remains; remainder of an account, balance. **-liqua-**

taire¹⁵ [*L. -liquidum*, thing left], *m.*: debtor (of a balance). **-lique**¹⁰ [*L. -liqua* (*linguere*, LEAVE)], *f.*: relic (remnant, esp. of a saint; corpse).

re-lire¹¹ [*lire*, *irr.*; *tr.*: read again.

re-lire¹⁵ [*-lier*], *f.*: binding (of a book).

re-location¹⁷ [*location*], *f.*: reletting, subletting. **-louer** [*louer*], *tr.*: let or rent again, relet, sublet.

re-luire¹⁰ [*luire*, *irr.*; *intr.*: shine (with reflected rays), glitter. **-luisant**¹⁰, *adj.*: shining, glittering, bright.

re-luquer¹⁷ [*Picard. luquer* (? ak. to Eng. look)], *tr.*: ogle, cast sheep's eyes on, leer at; covet.

re-mâcher¹⁵ [*mâcher*], *tr.*: chew again, remasticate; ruminate; revolve in one's mind.

re-ma-niement¹⁶ or **-niment**, *m.*: handling again; doing over again, remodeling; (*print.*) overrunning. **-nier**¹⁵ [*manier*], *tr.*: handle or touch again; do over again, remodel, change; (*print.*) overrun; turn.

re-mari-er¹², *tr.*: remarry: *se* —, marry again.

re-mar-quable¹², *adj.*: remarkable. **-quablement**¹⁸ [*-quable*], *adv.*: remarkably. **-que**¹⁵, *f.*: remark; notice.

-quer¹³ [*marquer*], *tr.*: remark (mark again; note, notice, observe): *se* —, be remarked, etc.; notice each other; *faire* —, remark, observe; call (somebody's) attention to; cause to be remarked or noticed; *se faire* —, make one's self (itself) noticed, attract notice.

re-mballer¹⁵ [*emballer*], *tr.*: pack up again.

re-mbar-quement¹⁵, *m.*: reëmbarkation. **-quer**¹⁵ [*embarquer*], *tr.*: reëmbark; *intr.*, *refl.*: reëmbark, go on board again; engage again.

re-mbarrer¹⁴ [*embarrer*], *tr.*: check; repel, repulse; retort on, snub.

re-m-blai¹⁷, *m.*: filling (earth for filling, rubbish); embankment, bank; (*fort.*) remblai. **-blayer**¹² [*embloyer*], *tr.*: bring earth for filling, fill up, embank.

re-mboi-tement¹⁶, *m.*: filling in again, resetting. **-ter**¹⁵ [*emboîter*], *tr.*: fit in again, reset, set: *se* —, get into its socket again.

re-mbour-rage, **-rement**¹⁵, *m.*: stuffing, padding. **-rer**¹¹ [*embourrer*], *tr.*: stuff (pad, cram).

re-mbour-sable¹⁷, *adj.*: reimbursable, repayable; redeemable. **-sment**¹⁵, *m.*: reimbursement. **-ser**¹³ [*embourser*], *tr.*: reimburse (repay, refund).

re-mbrasser [*embrasser*], *tr.*: embrace again.

re-mbruni¹⁶, *part.*: browned, etc.; brown,

dark, gloomy. **||-nir**¹⁶ [embrunir], tr.: make brown(er) or dark(er); darken; render gloomy, sadden: *se —*, become or grow brown(er), grow dark or gloomy, grow sad. **-nisement**¹⁶, m.: darkening; gloom.

rembuchement¹⁵, m.: (hunt.) return to the wood. **||-cher**¹⁵ [embucher], tr.: (hunt.) drive back to the wood: *se —*, return to the wood.

re-mède¹¹ [L. -medium (mederi, heal)], m.: remedy; injection: — *d'amour*, love cure; ugly woman, fright; — *de bonne femme*, old woman's remedy; *sans —*, without a remedy, past cure; irremediably, irretrievably. **-médiable**¹⁵ [-médier], adj.: remediable. **-médier**¹⁵ [L. mediare], intr. (â): remedy, cure; help.

remêler¹⁵ [mêler], tr.: mix or shuffle again.

†re-membrance¹⁰, f.: =. **†||-membrer**¹⁵ [L. -memorâre], tr.: remember. **-mémoratif**¹⁵, =ive [-mémorer], adj.: reminding; commemorative. **-mémorer**¹⁵ [L. -memorare], tr.: remind.

remener¹¹, tr.: lead again, lead back, bring back.

remer-cier¹⁵ [mercier], tr.: thank (render thanks to); decline with thanks (not accept); discharge with thanks. **-ciement**¹¹, =ement, m.: thank(s).

rémeré [L. red-îmere, redeem], m.: (leg.) redemption: *faculté de —*, power of redemption.

remettre¹¹ [mettre], irr.; tr.: put or set again, put on or wear again; put back, put back again, set again; lay again; set (a bone); restore, reinstate; recover, make well; reassure; remove; deliver, give up; return, deliver up; put off, delay; remit, forgive; leave one the care of; entrust: — *à la voile*, to set sail again; *se —*, apply one's self again; resume; set one's self again; call to mind; recover (grow well again); compose one's self; (hunt.) light (of birds); resign one's self; refer, rely; *remettez-vous*, compose yourself; *se — une chose*, to recollect a thing; *s'en — à*, refer to, trust to; *s'en — à quelqu'un*, refer a thing to any one; — *une armée sur pied*, raise new forces; — *dans l'esprit*, remind; — *quelqu'un*, recollect one, know one again; *je vous remets*, I recollect your face; — *en bon ordre*, restore to order; — *en bonne intelligence*, reconcile, reunite; *le voilà tout à fait remis*, he is quite recovered; — *l'esprit*, soothe the mind; — *une lettre à son adresse*, deliver a letter to its address; *faire —*, have (cause to be) remitted, delivered, forwarded; — *de l'argent*, remit money; — *d'un jour à l'autre*, to put off from day to

day; — *une chose à la décision de quelqu'un*, to refer a matter to any one.

remeubler¹² [meubler], tr.: furnish.

remège¹⁵ [L. remex, rower], adj.: serving as an oar; (plume) —, f.: remex, quill-feather, wing-feather (pl. remiges).

réminiscent¹⁵ [L. -centia], f.: reminiscence.

re-mis¹¹ [-mettre], part.: put back, etc.; put off, adjourned; recovered, well again; drawn (of a game); fine again, settled (of the weather); (of a game-bird) settled, perched; lighted (after flying); (old) composed, calm, sober. **-misage**¹⁵ [-miser], m.: housing (putting a carriage into the coach-house); carriage-house, shed; livery-stable. **-mise**¹⁵, part.: f. of -mis; putting back, remittance; giving up (sur-render, delivery); release; deduction (allowance); putting off (delay, postponement, adjournment); carriage-house (shed, shelter); (hunt.) cover (thicket); lighting-place; m.: livery coach; cf.: *voiture de —*, livery coach, first-class cab; *voiture de grande —*, carriage (rented) by month or year; *sous la —*, in the carriage-house; under the shed; (fig.) on the shelf; *user de —*, delay; *faire une —*, make a remittance, remit. **-misier**¹⁵ [-mise], tr.: put in the carriage-house, put under shelter, put by; *se —*, alight. **-misier**¹⁵ [-mise], m.: remitter (to an exchange agent).

rémis-sible [L. -sibilia], adj.: remissible, pardonable. **||-sion**¹¹ [L. -sio (mittere, send)], f.: remission (forgiveness, mercy). **-sionnaire**¹⁴, m.: pardoned criminal.

rémittent¹⁵, adj.: (med.) remittent.

remmailler¹⁵ [re, en, maille], tr.: darn, mend.

remmailoter¹⁵ [emmailoter], tr.: swathe again.

remmancher¹⁵ [emmancher], tr.: put a new handle or haft to, re-helve.

remmener¹⁵ [emmener], tr.: lead, take back; take away again.

rémolade = rémoulade.

†remole¹⁶ [-moudre], f.: eddy.

re-montage¹⁵, m.: (re)ascending, going up (a stream); winding up (a clock); remounting (putting together again), repairing; vamping (of boots). **-monte**¹⁵, f.: (re)ascent, going up (a stream); (milit.) remounting, remount: *cheval de —*, remount horse, remount. **||-monter**¹⁰ [-monter], intr.: remount, (re)ascend, go up (again); rise (again); go back; tr.: remount, (re)ascend; hoist up; mount again; put together again; wind up (a clock, etc.); revive; fit up, (re)stock: *se —*, supply or stock one's self again; be remounted or put together again; recover

one's strength; be wound up, wind up; *faire* —, cause to rise, bring up again; trace (up); — *à cheval*, get on horseback again; — *à la source* (or *à l'origine*), trace back to its origin; — *des bottes*, re-front boots; — *un fusil*, stock a gun anew, put together the parts of a gun; — *quelqu'un*, revive the spirits of any one. — **mon-toir**¹⁷, *m.*: winder, key (for watches, etc.); —, stem-winder: *montre à —*, key-less watch, stem-winder.

remon-trance¹⁴, *f.*: remonstrance. — **trant**¹⁵, *m.*: remonstrant. || — **trer**¹³ [*montrer*], *tr.*: show again; show back, remonstrate; blame for; demonstrate (show, point out as wrong); *intr.*: remonstrate: *Gros-Jean qui en remontre à son curé*, fool who undertakes to teach his master. — **treur**¹⁴, — **euse**, *m., f.*: remonstrator.

remora¹⁵ [*L. re-mora*], *m., f.*: remora (suck-fish); (*fig.*) obstacle; delay.

re-mordre¹¹ [*mordre*], *tr.*: back again, back; sting; try again. — **mords**¹², *m.*: REMORSE (compunction).

rémore, *f.*: = *remora*.

remor-quage¹⁸, *m.*: towing. — **que**¹⁷, *f.*: towing, tow; tow-line: *prendre à la —*, take in tow; *câble de —*, tow-line.

|| — **quer**¹⁵ [*It. rimorchiare* (*L. remulcum*, tow-line)], *tr.*: tow (tug boats); (*rail.*) pilot. — **queur**¹⁸, — **euse**, *adj.*: towing; piloting; *m.*: towing-vessel, tug; pilot locomotive.

re-moudre¹⁵ [*moudre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: grind (crush) again. — **ré-moudre**¹⁶ [*é-moudre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: grind (sharpen) again, whet again.

remouiller¹⁵ [*mouiller*], *tr.*: wet again. — **remoulade**¹⁶ [*It. remolata* (?)], *f.*: sharp mustard-sauce.

remouleir¹⁷ [*-moudre*], *m.*: (knife-) grinder.

remous¹⁶ [*Prov. -mou* (*re-mouire*, MOVE back)], *m.*: eddy, swirl; counter-current; back-water.

rempail-lage¹⁸, *m.*: recovering (chairs, etc.) with straw, re-bottoming; repacking. — **ler**¹⁷ [*empailler*], *tr.*: recover with straw; re-bottom (chairs), mend. — **leur**¹⁷, — **euse**, *m., f.*: chair-mender.

rempardièr¹⁶ [*-pard*], *f.*: bawd.

rem-parer¹⁴ [*re, emparer*], *tr.*: RAM-PART, fortify, intrench; recover: *se —*, fortify one's self; take possession again. — **part**¹⁵, *m.*: rampart.

remplaçant¹⁵, — **cante**, *m., f.*: substitute. — **ment**¹⁵, *m.*: replacement, replacing providing of substitutes; substitution; reinvestment: *bureau de —*, military substitution office. || — **eor**¹⁵ [*em-placer*], *tr.*: replace (take the place of,

supply; succeed); (*mil.*) serve as substitute for; (*fin.*) reinvest: *se —*, be replaced; get a fresh supply; replace each other; *se faire —*, get replaced, get a substitute.

rem-plage¹⁸, *m.*: filling up; fillings, rubble. || — **pli**¹¹ [*-plir*], *part.*: filled; full, REPLETE.

2. **rem-plier**¹⁶, *m.*: tuck, fold. — **plier**¹⁵ [*re, en, pli*], *tr.*: tuck, turn in.

rem-plir¹¹ [*emplir*], *tr.*: refill (fill again); fill up (fill, cram, stuff, replenish); fulfil (perform, discharge); answer or come up to (expectations); *intr.*: be filling; (*nav.*) be getting swamped: *se —*, fill, etc., one's self; be filled, fill; impress one's self; be refunded. — **plissage**¹⁵, *m.*: filling, filling up or out; fillings; rubbish, trash. — **plis-seur**¹⁶, — **euse**, *m., f.*: filler; *f.*: filler-in (in needle-work); lace-mender.

rem-ploi¹⁶, *m.*: (*leg.*) reinvestment. || — **ployer**¹⁵ [*employer*], *tr.*: employ or use again; reinvest.

replumer¹⁵ [*emplumer*], *tr.*: feather again; quill (pianos) anew: *se —*, get new feathers; retrieve one's loss; get stout again, pick up again.

rempocher¹⁷ [*empocher*], *tr.*: pocket again.

rempoisson-nement¹⁶, *m.*: restocking with fish. || — **ner**¹⁵ [*empoissonner*], *tr.*: restock with fish.

rempor-ter¹⁵ [*emporter*], *tr.*: carry or bring back, carry away or off; bear off, win, gain; obtain: *se —*, be carried back, etc.; — *la victoire*, gain the victory.

rempo-tage¹⁸, *m.*: (re)potting. || — **ter**¹⁸ [*empoter*], *tr.*: (re)pot, put into a fresh pot.

rempri-son-nement, *m.*: reimprisonment. || — **ner** [*emprisonner*], *tr.*: reimprison.

† **re-muage**¹⁸, *m.*: moving, stirring.

— **uant**¹¹; *adj.*: stirring, bustling (restless, active; turbulent). — **mue-mé-nage**¹⁵, *m.*: †moving (of the household); disturbance, stir; confusion.

— **mue-ment**¹¹, — **mùment**, *m.*: stirring (moving); commotion (disturbance). — **mu-er**¹⁰ [*-muir*], *tr.*: move (set in motion, stir, rouse; affect); shake, agitate; fidget; change (the linen of a child); *intr.*: *se —*, move (stir, stir about); bestir one's self, fidget. — **mu-er**¹⁵, — **euse**, *m.*: mover, stirrer; agitator; *f.*: under-nurse-maid.

† **remu-gle**¹⁴ [*ak. to Eng. mould*], *adj.*: mouldy.

rémuné-rateur¹⁶, — **trice** [*L. -rator*], *m., f.*: remunerator. † **-ratif**, — **-ive**, *adj.*: remunerative. — **-ration**¹⁴ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: remuneration. — **-ratoire**¹⁵, *adj.*: remuner-

atory. **re-rer**¹³ [L. *rare* (munus, gift)], *tr.*: remunerate (reward, requite).

renâcler¹⁶ [OFr. *naquer* (?), scent], *intr.*: snort (in disgust), snuff; show reluctance, demur.

re-naissance¹³, *f.*: rebirth (revival, regeneration); renaissance (revival of learning in the 15th cent.). **-naissant**¹⁶, *adj.*: being reborn, springing up again, reviving; recurring. **-naître**¹¹ [*naître*], *irr.*: be born again (come to life again, revive, spring up or grow again; be regenerated; be restored, return).

rénal¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: renal (of kidneys).

re-nard¹² [OGerm. *Reginhard*, prop. name], *m.*: fox; renard (reynard); (*nav.*) log-board: — *marin*, fox-shark; *fin* —, sly fox; *compère le* —, *maître* —, Reynard the fox, Reynard; *écorcher le* —, (*vulg.*) vomit, spew. **-narde**¹², *f.*: she-fox. **-nardeau**¹³, *m.*: fox's cub. **-narder**, *intr.*: play the fox; (*pop.*) vomit. **-nardièr**¹⁴, *m.*: fox-catcher. **-nardièrre**¹⁵, *f.*: fox's hole.

renasquer = *renâcler*.

rencais-sage¹⁷, **-sément**, *m.*: encasing; (*hort.*) retubbing; new collection. **re-sor** [*encaisser*], *tr.*: (re)encase; (*hort.*) retub.

renché-ri, **-rie**, *part.*: risen in price (higher-priced, of enhanced value); over-nice (fastidious, particular); *m., f.*: over-nice or particular person: *faire le* —, be very particular, give one's self airs.

re-rir¹² [*encherir*], *tr.*: make dearer, raise the price of; *intr.*: grow dearer, rise in price: — *sur*, improve upon, surpass, outdo, go beyond. **-risement**¹², *m.*: rise in price.

rencogner¹⁸ [*re, en, cogner*], *tr.*: drive into a corner.

ren-contre¹², *f.*: meeting, accidental meeting; encounter (reencounter, collision, shock); conjuncture (coincidence, hit); occurrence; occasion (juncture): *aller à la* — *de*, go to meet; *faire la* — *de*, meet; *de* —, second-hand; *roue de* —, balance-wheel. **re-contrer**¹³ [old *encontrer* (*encontrer*)], *tr.*: meet (meet or fall in with); hit upon (fall in with, find); encounter (reencounter); run into (run foul of); *intr.*: have (good or ill) luck, fall; make a hit; guess; speak to the purpose; (*hunt.*) be on the scent: *se* —, meet (each other); encounter; come in contact or collision, collide; fight a duel; coincide, agree, tally; have the same idea; be found; occur, happen; — *bien*, be lucky, make a good hit; guess right; — *mal*, be unlucky, make a bad hit; guess wrong; *le limier-contre*, the bloodhound is on the scent.

rencorser¹⁸ [*re, en, corser*], *tr.*: put a new body to.

ren-dant¹¹ [*-dre*], *adj.*: rendering; vomiting; *m.*: (*leg.*) one rendering an account.

-dement¹¹ [*-dre*], *m.*: produce, yield.

rendetter¹⁸ [*endetter*], *tr.*: run into debt again.

ren-deur, **-ense** [*-dre*], *m., f.*: one who renders, restorer. **-des-vous**¹⁶ [*-dre*], *m.*: = (meeting, appointment; place of meeting): *se donner* —, make an appointment; meet each other; *prendre* —, agree to meet, make an appointment.

rendonnée = *randonnée*.

rendormir¹² [*endormir*], *tr.*: send or lull to sleep again: *se* —, fall asleep again.

rendoubler¹⁶ [*re, en, doubler*], *tr.*: fold or double up, turn up or in.

ren-dre⁹ [p. L. *-rendere* (L. *red-dere*)], *tr.*: render (return, give or pay back, restore; furnish, give, deliver; surrender, yield; do, make; express, interpret); throw off (from one's stomach, cast up, eject); bring in (produce, bear); exhale (emit, issue); (*leg.*) remit; bring in (return); *intr.*: lead (of a road, go); evacuate, void; run (of wounds): *se* —, render, etc., one's self or each other; betake one's self (repair, turn, resort); surrender, yield; be exhausted (be tired out); wait upon; flow; *m.*: return(ing); repayment: — *grâce*, return thanks; — *le salut*, return the salute; — *ses devoirs à*, pay one's respects to; — *compte*, give an account; — *visite*, pay a visit; — *la santé*, restore the health; — *une médecine*, throw up medicine; — *gorge*, disgorge, refund; — *raison de*, account for, explain; — *raison à*, give satisfaction to, fight a duel; — *un arrêt*, issue a decree; — *un témoignage*, bear witness; — *sa parole à*, release from his promise; — *l'âme*, give up the ghost; *se* — *partie contre*, declare against; *se* — *à son devoir*, go where one's duty calls; *je me rends*, I am tired out, I give up. **ren-du**, *part.*: rendered, returned, etc.; arrived; delivered; exhausted, tired out; *m.*: return; tit for tat.

rendureir¹⁸ [*endurcir*], *tr.*: harden, make harder: *se* —, harden (get harder; become hardened).

re-ne⁹ [p. L. **retina* (L. *re-tinere*, hold back)], *f.*: bridle-REIN: *fausses* —, bearing reins (to make horse hold head up).

renéga-t¹⁵, **-te** [It. *ri-negato* (L. *negare*, deny)], *m., f.*: renegade.

re-ner¹⁸ [*réne*], *tr.*: bridle.

rénet-te¹⁶ [*roine*, old form of *rouanne*], *f.*: paring-knife. **re-ter**¹⁷, *tr.*: pare, groove.

renfai-tage¹⁸, *m.*: new-ridging. **re-ter**¹⁶ [*re, en, faïte*], *tr.*: new-ridge.

renfer-mé¹¹, *part.*: enclosed, etc.; *m.*: close air, fustiness: *odeur de —*, close or fusty smell. || **-mer**¹¹ [enfermer], *tr.*: enclose (confine closely, shut up); include (comprehend, comprise): *se —*, shut one's self up, confine one's self, retire.

renflammer¹⁵ [enflammer], *tr.*: rekindle.

ren-flément¹⁵, *m.*: swelling (enlargement); (*bot.*) struma. || **-fler**¹¹ [enfler], *tr.*: intr.: swell out (puff up, enlarge, rise).

renflon-age¹⁵, *m.*: getting afloat. || **-er** [re, en, flot], *tr.*: (*nav.*) get afloat, heave off.

renfon-cement¹⁵, *m.*: sinking again or deeper, etc.; depression, hollow, cavity, indentation; recess; background. || **-cer**¹³ [enfonce], *tr.*: sink again or deeper, sink; drive farther in or on, knock in; pull down, pull over one's eyes; indent: *se —*, be sunk, etc.

renfor-cé, *part.*: strengthened, etc.; strong, substantial, thick; stout, thick-set; wealthy; thorough, downright: *bourgeois —*, substantial (or purse-proud) citizen; *stupidité —*, downright stupidity. **-ement**¹³, *m.*: reinforcement, strengthening. || **-cer**¹¹ [old en-forceier], *tr.*: reinforce (strengthen, increase): *se —*, grow stronger (gather strength, increase); (*mil.*) be reinforced.

renfor-mir¹⁵, *tr.*: repair (a wall), plaster. **-mis**, *m.*: repairing (a wall); plastering, new coat.

renfort¹³ [forcer], *m.*: reinforcement; supply, relief; increase; strengthening-piece: (*artil.*) reinforce: *à grand — de*, with plenty of, by much (or many), by dint of; *de —*, additional, extra; fresh; *pour — de potage*, to add to the mess; to make the thing quite complete.

renfro-gnement¹⁵, *m.*: frown(ing), scowl. || **-gner**¹³ [re, en, old frogner (?)], *tr.*: knit (one's brows); FROWN: *se —*, frown (scowl); *-gné*, frowning (scowling, sullen, gruff).

renga-gement¹⁷, *m.*: reengagement; re-enlistment; pawning again. || **-ger**¹⁷ [engager], *tr.*: reengage; re-enlist; pledge or pawn again: *se —*, reengage; re-enlist.

1. **rengaine**¹³ [?], *f.*: triviality (commonplace, old story, hackneyed thing).

2. **†rengai-ne**¹⁶, *m.*: refusal, rebuff. 1. || **-ner**¹⁵ [engainer], *tr.*: sheathe, put up; reserve; shut up, suppress; forbear; stop; *intr.*: sheathe one's sword.

2. **rengainer**¹⁵ [1.-gaine], *tr.*: (*jam.*) repeat constantly; hackney.

rengloutir¹² [engloutir], *tr.*: swallow or devour again.

rengor-gement, *m.*: bridling up; carrying one's head high; high airs. || **-ger**¹⁵ [re, en, gorge], *refl.*: rein up; carry high, assume airs.

rengraisser¹¹ [engraisser], *tr.*: fatten again; *intr., refl.*: grow fat or stout again.

†rengre-gement¹⁴ or **rengre-**, *m.*: increase. || **-ger**¹⁴ [old engreger (L. gravis, grave)], *refl.*: grow worse (of a malady), increase.

ren-grènement¹⁵ or **ren-grè-**, *m.*: recoinage. **-grèner**¹⁵ or **-grèner** [engrener], *tr.*: gear again; feed with grain again; recoin.

†re-ni¹¹, *m.*: denial. **-niable**¹⁵, *adj.*: deniable. **-niement**¹³ or **-niment**, *m.*: denial; denial of God, blasphemy. || **-nier**⁹ [-nier], *tr.*: deny (disown, disclaim, renounce); abjure; blaspheme. || **-nieur**, **-euse**¹⁵, *m.*: denier; blasphemer.

reni-flément¹⁵, *m.*: sniffing. || **-fler** [old nifler, sniffer], *intr.*: SNIFF; turn up the nose; demur, refuse. **-flerie**¹⁵, *f.*: sniffing. **-fleur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: sniffer.

réni-tence¹⁵, *f.*: renitency. || **-tent**¹⁵ [L. -tens (niti, strive)], *adj.*: renitent (resisting pressure).

renne¹⁵ [Ger. *renn* (Scand.)], *m.*: reindeer.

re-nom¹¹, *m.*: renown; report. **-nommé**, **-ée**¹¹, *part.*: named again; renowned (famous, celebrated); *f.*: renown (fame, reputation); public rumour (report); (*myth.*) Fame. **-nommer**¹⁰ [nommer], *tr.*: name again; reappoint; make renowned or famous: *se —*, become renowned; *se — de*, make use of the name of, refer to; *se faire —*, get appointed; make one's self famous; *qu'on — nomme*, named again; renowned.

re-noncant¹⁵, *adj.*: renouncing; *m.*: renouncer. **-noncé**¹⁵, *f.*: (*at cards*) renounce, revoke. **-noncement**¹⁴, *m.*: renouncement. || **-noncer**⁹ [L. -nuntiāre], *tr., intr.* (*à*): renounce (give up, disclaim, waive; (*at cards*) revoke). **-noncia-tion**¹² [L. -nuntiatio], *f.*: renunciation.

ranuncu-lacées¹⁵, *pl.*: ranunculaceae. || **-le**¹⁵ [L. *ranunculus*], *f.*: (*bot.*) ranunculus (buttercup).

re-nouée¹⁵, *f.*: polygonum (root-grass). **-nouement**¹⁵ or **-noument**, *m.*: retying, renewal. **-nouer**¹¹ [nouer], *tr.*: knot or tie again; tie up; renew, resume; *intr.*: resume one's connection or relations. || **†noueur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: bone-setter.

†renou-veau¹¹, *m.*: (return of) springtime. **-velable**, *adj.*: renewable. || **-veler**¹⁰ [renouveau], *tr.*: renew (renovate, refresh, revive): *se —*, be renewed, be revived; **†intr.**: renew; grow strong: *— de jambes*, mend one's pace; *se — dans le souvenir de*, remind (one) of one's self. **-vellement**¹¹, *m.*: renewal (renewing; renovation; revival).

renova-teur¹⁵, **-trice** [L.-tor], m., f.: renewer; *adj.*: renewing. **-tion**¹² [L.-tio], f.: renovation.

rensei-gnement¹⁷, m.: information (intelligence, direction); reference: *un* —, a piece of information or intelligence; *aller aux* (or *prendre des*) —s, make inquiries. **||-gnér**¹³ [enseigner], tr.: teach again; inform (instruct, direct, show): *se* —, seek (or get) information, make inquiries; inform each other.

rentamer¹⁵ [entamer], tr.: cut again; begin again, resume.

rentas-sé, *adj.*: thick-set. **||-ser** [entasser], tr.: heap up again.

ren-te⁹ [p. L. *rendita (L. red-ditā, dāre, give)], f.: yearly return or income (revenue of land, etc., rent; income from capital, interest; annuity; pension; funds): *de* —, income, a year; — *foncière*, real estate rent; — *viagère*, life annuity; — *sur l'État*, government annuity; government funds, funded property; *biens en* —s, funded property; *taux de la* —, price of stocks; *acheter des* —s, buy stock; *faire une* —, allow a pension; *racheter une* —, redeem an annuity. **-té**, [L.-ter], *part.*: endowed, having an income, independent: *bien* —, well endowed, wealthy. **-ter**¹³, tr.: assign an income to, endow. **-tier**¹¹, **-ère**, m., f.: = (person of a fixed income); stockholder; annuitant; pensioner; person living on his rents, independent gentleman or lady.

rentoi-lage¹⁶, m.: new-lining. **||-ler**¹⁶ [entoiler], tr.: new-line, new-canvass.

rentraîner¹⁵ [entraîner], tr.: carry or lead away again; draw on again.

ren-traire¹⁵ [Ofr. *entraire* (traire)], tr.: RENTER (finedraw, darn). **-traiture**¹⁶, f.: reentering (darning).

rentrant, **-trante** [L.-tr], *part.*: reentering, returning, etc.; m., f.: new player; m.: recess.

ren-trayage¹⁵ [L.-traire], m.: reentering (finedrawing). **-trayeur**¹⁵, **-euse** [L.-traire], m., f.: reenterer (finedrawer).

ren-trée¹⁶, f.: reentrance (return); returns; (incoming) payment; ingathering (warehousing); reappearance, reopening; (cards) taking up; (mus.) reentry: — *des classes*, reopening of school; — *des impôts*, receipt of taxes. **||-trer**¹⁰ [entrer], intr.: reënter (come or get in again, return); reappear, reopen (of courts, schools, etc.); become again; grow in; get again, recover; tr.: bring in again; bring back; gather in, turn in; house; drive back, suppress; (print.) indent: — *en possession*, regain possession; — *en bon sens*, come to one's senses again; — *en charge*, return to one's posi-

tion or office; — *en passion*, fly into a passion again; *faire* —, bring or take in or back; send in; call in; drive back; suppress; (print.) indent.

renvahir, tr.: invade again.

renver-sant¹⁵, *adj.*: (fam.) upsetting, overwhelming, astounding, amazing. **-se**¹⁴, f.: reversal; reverse; now in *à la* —, upon one's back, backwards. **-sé**, *part.*: reversed (inverted, turned upside down); thrown down, lying down on one's back; lying in ruins: *il a l'esprit -sé*, his brain is turned; *c'est le monde -sé*, it is the world turned upside down, it is preposterous. **-sement**¹⁶, m.: reversion, reversing, inversion; subversion; overturning, turning upside down; confused state; throwing down, overthrow, destruction; turn, change; turning over; spilling; turning (of the brain), madness: — *d'esprit*, turning of the brain. **||-ser**¹³ [enverser], tr.: REVERSE (turn upside down, overturn; invert); throw down (upset, overthrow, overturn); destroy (ruin); tip over, spill; turn (the brain); rout, put to rout or to flight; (surg.) retrovert: *se* —, turn upside down, upset; be thrown down, fall down; throw one's self back, fall back; be thrown back or into disorder; — *à coups de canon*, batter down; — *l'esprit*, turn the brain; — *l'encre*, spill the ink. **-seur**, **-euse**, m., f.: overthrower; inverter.

ren-vi¹⁴, m.: (at cards) additional stake. **||-vier**¹¹ [envier], intr.: increase one's stake: — *sur*, outdo. **ren-voi**¹⁴, m.: sending back (return); sending away (dismissal, dismissal, discharge); putting off (postponement), adjournment; reflection, reverberation; eructation; referring, reference: *de* —, returnable; return. **||-voyer**¹¹ [envoyer], tr.: send back (return; refer); send again; send away (dismiss, discharge), repudiate, acquit, put off (postpone, delay, adjourn); throw back (reflect, reverberate), repeat: *se* —, bandy, exchange; be returned, etc.; — *un plaideur de sa demande*, refuse a suitor his demand; — *à une note*, refer to a note.

reoccu-pation¹⁵, f.: reoccupation. **||-per**¹⁵ [occuper], tr.: reoccupy.

réorchestre¹⁵ [orchestrer], tr.: (mus.) score anew.

réordi-nation¹⁵ [ordination], f.: reordination.

réordonner¹⁵ [ordonner], tr.: reordain.

réorgani-sation¹⁵, f.: reorganisation.

||-ser¹⁵ [organiser], tr.: reorganise.

réouverture¹⁵ [ouverture], f.: reopening.

re-paire¹⁰, f.: resort (retreat, haunt,

lair, den); return (to a given point); return sign; (hunt.) dung. **||-paître**⁹ [L. *re-patriare* (*patria*, fatherland)], intr. or refl.: (old) return to one's country or to a given point; (now) intr.: be at one's resort (or haunt, den); refl.: be oriented; tr.: mark with return signs.

repaître¹³ [*paître*], tr.: feed, nourish; gloat; fintr.: take refreshment, eat: *se — de*, feed on; feast, or delight in.

ré-pandre¹¹ [*épandre*], tr.: pour out, spill, shed, scatter, strew, diffuse, emit; bestow freely, spread out or abroad (circulate): *se —*, be poured out, etc.; be spread, spread (circulate, get abroad); burst or break out; go into society: — *des bien-faits*, bestow benefits; — *un bruit*, spread a report; — *son cœur*, open one's heart; *se — dans le monde*, frequent society. **-pandu**¹¹, part.: poured out, spilt, etc.; wide-spread (prevalent, common, rife); in use; in society (fashionable): *être très — dans le monde*, go out much into society.

réparable¹³ [*-rer*], adj.: repairable.

reparaître¹³ [*paraître*], intr.: reappear.

répa-rateur¹³, **-trice** [L. *-rator*], m.: repairer; redresser; adj.: reparative, restorative. **-ration**¹³ [L. *-ratio*], f.: reparation (repairing); amends (satisfaction). **||-rer**¹¹ [L. *-rare*], tr.: repair (mend); restore (retrieve, reestablish); make amends for (atone for, make up for, redeem, indemnify; apologise for): — *des torts*, redress grievances. **-reur**, m.: repairer.

réparation = *réapparition*.

re-parler¹¹ [*parler*], intr.: speak again.

re-part¹⁵, m.: departure; repartee.

-partie¹², f.: repartee (ready answer, rejoinder, retort): *avoir la — prompt*, be quick at repartee. **||-partir**¹⁵ [*partir*], irr.; intr.: depart or set out again; answer quickly (reply, repartee, retort); rarely tr.

répar-tir¹¹ [*partir*], tr.: divide (distribute); assess: — *les contributions*, assess taxes. **-titeur**¹⁵, **-trice**, m., f.: assessor; adj.: assessing. **-tition**¹⁶, f.: division (distribution); assessment.

repas¹³ [*paître*], m.: REPAST (meal); feast.

re-passage¹⁵, m.; = (repassing); grinding (setting); ironing. **-passe**¹⁵, m.: millard (flour and bran). **||-passer**¹¹, tr.: repass (pass again, recross; carry over again); return; go over again; review; think over (revolve, reexamine); repeat; grind (whet, set, hone); iron; dye again; (pop.) scold, abuse; beat: *se —*, be repassed, etc.; be ground, etc.; be ironed; stand ironing; — *la lime sur*, polish; — *sur le cuir*, strop; — *sur la*

Pierre, whet. **-passeur**¹⁵, **-euse**, m., f.: person repassing, etc.; m.: grinder; f.: ironer.

repaver¹⁴ [*paver*], tr.: repave.

repayer [*payer*], tr.: repay.

repêcher¹⁵ [*pêcher*], tr.: fish again, fish up or out again; catch again, recover.

re-peindre¹³ [*peindre*], irr.; tr.: paint again; retouch. **-peint**, part.: repainted; m.: repainted or restored part.

repenser¹² [*penser*], intr.: think again; reconsider.

repen-tance¹¹, f.: = **-tant**, **-tante**¹¹, part. or m., f.: repentant, penitent. **-ti**¹¹, **-e**, part. or m., f.: repentant, penitent.

-tir¹⁰ [Ofr. (L. *panitere*, repent)], irr. (cf. *sentir*); refl. (de): repent; m.: repentance (compunction); penitence; (paint.) correction; (fam.) curl (ringlet).

repérer¹⁵ [*percer*], tr.: pierce again; tap again.

réper-cussif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-cussus*], adj.: (med.) repercussive; repellent. **-cussion**¹² [L. *-cussio*], f.: repercussion. **||-cuter**¹³ [L. *-cutere* (*quater*, shake)], tr.: re-percuss (drive back); reverberate; reflect; repel.

repêdre¹¹ [*perdre*], tr.: lose again.

répère, **-pérer** = *répaire*, *-paire*.

répertoire¹³ [L. *-torius* (*parere*, bring forth)], m.: = (list of plays, repertory); repertory (index, table); journal: (*theat.*) *pièce de —*, stock-play; *être un —*, be a living index or chronicle.

répé-tailler¹⁷, tr.: keep repeating, din. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tere*], tr.: repeat (say or do again; renew; recite); rehearse; reflect; give private lessons to: *faire — à quelqu'un*, hear any one say his lesson; *se faire —*, repeat one's self; repeat each other; be repeated; recur. **-titeur**¹⁵ [L. *-titor*], m.: repeater; tutor, assistant master, accompanist at rehearsals; (nav.) repeating ship; call-boy; adj.: repeating; assistant: *maitre —*, assistant master, tutor. **-tition**¹³ [L. *-titio*], f.: repetition, recurrence; rehearsal; private lesson, (leg.) claiming back; à (or de) —, repeating; continuous; *faire des —s*, give private lessons.

repétrir¹⁵, tr.: knead again; form again, restore.

repeu-plement¹⁶, m.: repeopling; restocking. **||-pler**¹² [*peupler*], tr.: re-people; restock.

repic¹⁶ [*i.pic*], m.: repique (at piquet): *faire —*, nonplus, pick up, outwit.

repi-quage¹⁵, m.: picking up; replacing; transplantation. **||-quer**¹⁵ [*piquer*], tr.: prick again; prick up; repair; transplant; intr.: (pop.) pick up courage; return.

répit² [L. *re-spectus*, respect], *m.*: RES-
PITE (delay, reprieve, stop); breathing-
time.

replacer¹⁶ [placer], *tr.*: replace; rein-
vest (funds).

replanter¹⁸ [planter], *tr.*: replant.

replâ-trage¹⁷, *m.*: replastering; plaster-
ing up; patching up; patchwork; patched
up quarrel. **-trep**¹⁶, *tr.*: replaster;
plaster up, botch or patch up.

re-plet¹³, **-plète** [L. *-pletus* (plere,
FILL)], *adj.*: stout (corpulent, fat, portly).
-plétion¹³ [L. *-pletio*], *f.*: repletion;
corpulence (stoutness).

repleuvor¹⁵ [pleuvor], *irr.*; *intr.*: rain
again.

repli¹⁵, *m.*: FOLD (PLEAT, crease); wind-
ing, sinuosity; coil; recess. **-plicement**¹²,
m.: folding again or back; (*milit.*) fall-
ing back. **-plier**¹² [plier], *tr.*: fold
again; fold up; turn up, coil up; turn,
bend; (*milit.*) force back; draw back: *se*
—, fold up; coil (up); wind, turn; be
folded again; (*milit.*) fall back; *se* — *sur*
soi-même, retire within one's self; (*man.*)
turn suddenly round.

réplique¹⁴, *f.*: reply (answer); rejoinder;
(*theat.*) cue; (*mus.*) replicate; answer;
(*art*) replica. **-quer**¹² [L. *-care*
(plicare, FOLD)], *intr.*: reply (answer);
rejoin.

repliolement = repliement.

replonger¹¹ [plonger], *tr.*: plunge again.

reployer = replier.

repolir [polir], *tr.*: repolish.

répondant, **-ante**, *part.*: responding,
etc.; *m., f.*: answerer; respondent (sure-
ty, bail, bondsman); referee; (*eccl.*) re-
sponder, lay clerk. **-pondre**⁹ [p. L.
**spondere* (L. *spondere*)], *tr., intr.*: an-
swer (reply, respond); say the responses;
correspond (agree); come up to (satisfy);
be responsible; be security or bail, guar-
antee; lead, go (of roads); be felt, tingle
(of pain); maintain a thesis: *se* —, an-
swer one's self or each other; correspond
(agree); sympathize; *j'en ponds, je vous*
en ponds, I will answer for it; I warrant
you; I dare say! — *en Normandie*, give
a shuffling answer. **-pons**¹⁰ [l. L.
sponsum], *m.*: response (at church).
-ponse¹², *f.*: reply (answer); response:
— *de droit*, judicial decisions; — *à une*
réplique, (*leg.*) rejoinder; — *de Nor-*
mand, equivocal answer.

re-port¹³, *m.*: carrying or bringing over
or forward; sum carried over or brought
forward; prolongation, continuation.

re-porter¹⁰ [porter], *tr.*: carry or
bring back, reconvey; trace back; trans-
port, transfer; attribute; (*com.*) carry
forward or over; *intr.*: carry on; make

a continuation or prolongation: *se* —,
return, go back; transport one's self;
look back; be carried back, etc.; *se faire*
—, lend on continuation. **2.-porter**¹³
-teur [Eng.], *m.*: —.

repo-s¹⁰, *m.*: repose (rest; stillness,
peace); pause; resting-place; half-space,
landing (of stairs): *au* —, at rest, still;
half-cocked; *en* —, at rest, quiet, motion-
less; quietly, at ease; *laisser en* —, leave
alone. **-sé, -sée**, *part.*: rested, refreshed,
etc., calm, sedate; *f.*: (*hunt.*) resting-
place, lair; *à -sées*, with intervals of
rest. **-ser**⁹ [poser], *intr.*: repose
(rest; lie down); settle; *tr.*: place back
or again, replace; repose (rest, lean);
rest (relieve, refresh); (*milit.*) ground
arms: *se* —, rest one's self (rest, repose,
lie down); rely (confide in, — *sur*); settle
down (settle; light); pause; lie fallow.
-soir¹⁵, *m.*: resting-place; lounge; re-
pose; pause; altar of repose (in streets
for processions).

repous-sant¹⁶, *adj.*: repulsive, repelling,
loathsome. **-sé, m.**: —, relief-work,
hammered work. **-sement**¹⁵, *m.*: driv-
ing back; recoil (of a gun). **-ser**¹⁴
[pousser], *tr.*: push back or again; push
or thrust away; repulse, repel, force back;
rebuff, spurn, reject; shoot out again;
work (metals) in repoussé; *intr.*: spring
back; be elastic; recoil; be repulsive;
shoot or bud again: *se* —, repel each
other; be repelled, etc. **-soir**¹⁴, *m.*:
driving-bolt; (dentist's) punch; (*paint.*)
set-off, contrast.

répréhens-ible¹³ [L. *-sibilis* (prehen-
dere, take)], *adj.*: reprehensible. **-sible-**
ment¹⁶, *adv.*: reprehensibly. **-sif,**
-ive, *adj.*: reprehensive. **-sion**¹¹ [L.
-sio], *f.*: reprehension, reproof.

re-prendre¹⁰ [prendre], *irr.*; *tr.*: take
again or back; recover, retake (recap-
ture); take up again; resume (begin
again, renew); REPREHEND (reprove, re-
buke, find fault with); take up (a stitch);
(*arch.*) underpin; *intr.*: return (come
back, begin again); reply (answer); take
root again; close up again (of wounds);
recover; freeze again; (*man.*) change
pace: *se* —, be taken (caught) again or
back, etc.; correct one's self; take to or
indulge one's self again; reprehend, etc.;
close up again (heal); — *connaissance*,
recover consciousness; — *ses forces*, re-
cover one's strength; *on ne m'y -prendra*
plus, I will not be caught at it again; *cet*
arbre a -pris, this tree has taken root
again. **-prendre, -ense, m., f.**: re-
taker; censurer (fault-finder); *adj.*: re-
taking; censuring (fault-finding).

représaille¹⁴ [l. L. *-salia* (L. *prehendere*,

seize]], *f.*: reprisal (retaliation): *user de* —, make reprisals, retaliate.

représen-tant, *-ante*, *part.*: representing; *m.*¹⁶, *f.*: representative (deputy; agent). **-tatif**¹³, *-ive*, *adj.*: representative. **-tation**¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: representation (exhibition; image; performance); display (show, state, deportment, appearance, mien); catafalque; remonstration; representative body (assembly): *avoir une belle* —, have a noble appearance or bearing. **-tativement**¹³ [*-tatif*], *adv.*: representatively. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *re-præsentare*], *tr.*: represent (present again; portray, describe; exhibit; stand in the place of); resemble, (be like), display; *intr.*: represent; have presence (have imposing appearance, maintain one's dignity): *se* —, present one's self (itself) again (appear, occur again); represent, picture to one's self (imagine, fancy); be presented again, etc.: *être -té au naturel*, be depicted to life.

répres-sif¹³, *-ive* [L. *-sus*], *adj.*: repressive. **-sion**¹⁴ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: repression.

reprier¹¹ [*prier*], *tr.*: pray again.

répri-mable¹⁷, *adj.*: repressible. **-mande**¹⁵, *f.*: reprimand (rebuke, reproof). **-mander**¹⁶ [*-mande*], *tr.*: reprimand (rebuke, reprove). **-mant**¹⁷, *adj.*: repressive. **||-mer**¹³ [L. *-mere* (*premere*, PRESS)], *tr.*: REPRESS (put down, curb, restrain, check, quell).

repri-s, *-ise* [*reprandre*], *part.*: taken back; resumed; etc.; *f.*¹²: retaking; resumption; recovery; reconquest, recapture; renewal, revival; new performance; (repeated) time; interval; darn; (*leg.*) recoupment; (*mus.*) repetition (burden of a song; mark of repetition); (*arch.*) underpinning; (*man.*) lesson: — *de justice*, returned convict, old offender; *à plusieurs* —es, several times; *à deux* —es, twice; *faire des* —es, darn; *faire des* —es perdues, finedraw. **-ser**¹⁵, *tr.*: darn.

réproba-teur¹³, *-trice* [L. *-tor* (*-re*, disapprove)], *adj.*: reprobatory (reproving, censuring). **-tion**¹³, *f.*: reprobation.

repro-ehable¹², *adj.*: reproachable. **-che**¹⁰, *m.*: reproach (blame, expostulation); (*leg.*) objection, exception. **||-cher**¹⁰ [p. L. *-priare* (L. *prope*, near)], *tr.*: bring as a reproach (against, *à*; so with *dat.* of person, reproach, rebuke, upbraid); (*leg.*) object to (take exception to): *se* —, reproach one's self or each other; grudge one's self; upbraid each other; — *choses à quelqu'un*, reproach one with something (e.g. *il lui -che sa paresse*, he scolds him for his idleness); — *les morceaux à quelqu'un*, grudge any one what he eats; —

des témoins, object to the admissibility of witnesses.

repro-ducteur¹⁷, *-trice*, *m.*, *f.*: reproducer; *adj.*: reproducing, reproductive. **-ductibilité**¹⁷ [*-ductible*], *f.*: reproducibility. **-ductible**¹⁷, *adj.*: reproducible. **-ductif**¹⁷, *-ive*, *adj.*: reproductive. **-duction**¹⁵, *f.*: =. **||-duire**¹⁵ [*produire*], *tr.*: reprobate; republish (reprint): *se* —, reproduce one's self or itself (propagate one's species); be reproduced (grow or come up again, reappear; happen again, recur).

repromettre [*promettre*], *irr.*; *tr.*: promise again.

réprou-vable¹³, *adj.*: reprovable (reprehensible). **-vé**¹⁷, *-ée*, *part.*: reprobated, etc.; *m.*, *f.*: reprobate, outcast. **||-ver**¹⁷ [*prouver*], *tr.*: disprove (reject, condemn); reprobate (condemn as unworthy, exclude from the elect).

reps¹⁵ [?], *m.*: rep (fabric of silk or wool).

reptile¹³ [L. *-tilis* (*reper*, creep)], *†adj.* or *m.*: =.

républi-cain¹⁵, *-caine*, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: republican. **-canisme**¹⁷ [*-cain*], *m.*: republicanism. **||-que**¹³ [L. *res publica*], *f.*: republic.

répu-diation¹⁴ [L. *-diatio*], *f.*: repudiation. **||-diar**¹⁵ [L. *-diare* (*putere*, feel shame)], *tr.*: repudiate (cast off, reject). **†repue**¹⁴ [*-pâtre*], *f.*: feeding; meal.

répu-gnance¹² [L. *-gnantia*], *f.*: repugnance. **-gnant**¹³, *adj.*: repugnant. **||-guer**¹³ [L. *-gnare* (*pugna*, fight)], *intr.*: †clash (be contrary or contradictory); feel repugnance (be reluctant); be repugnant (be offensive, be loathsome, inspire aversion): *cela -gne au sens commun*, that is contrary to common sense; *il me -gne*, I loathe him; it is repugnant to me.

repullu-ler¹⁵ [L. *-lare*], *intr.*: repullulate, abound, swarm; (*med.*) reappear.

repul-sif¹³, *-ive* [L. *-sus*], *adj.*: repulsive. **-sion**¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: repulsion; aversion.

répu-tation¹⁴ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: reputation; repute, report: *en* —, in repute, in request; *perdre quelqu'un de* —, ruin any one's reputation. **||-tor**¹² [L. *-tare* (*putare*, value)], *tr.*: repute, reckon.

†re-quérable¹⁵ [*-quérir*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) demandable. **-quérant**¹⁵, *-ante* [*-quérir*], *†adj.*: searching; suing; *m.*, *f.*: applicant; plaintiff. **-quérir**, *irr.* (cf. *-quérir*); *tr.*: †seek (look for) again; require (demand, claim); summon (order): *se* —, be required, etc. **†||-querre**¹⁰ [p. L. **re-quarere* (L. *quarere*, seek)], *tr.*: REQUEST. **-quête**¹², *f.*: request (petition, demand); memorial; (*hant.*) new

search. **-quête**¹¹ [*-quête*], *tr.*: (hunt.) search again.

requiem¹³ [L., rest], *m.*: =.

re-quin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: shark.

requin-quer¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: dress up (rig out, make spruce). **-qué**, *part* or *adj.*: rigged out, spruce.

requint¹⁵ [quint], *m.*: (feud.) tax, twenty-fifth ($\frac{1}{5}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$).

re-quis, **-ise** [*-quérir*], *part.*: required, etc., requisite; *tr.*: search: *une chose de —*, a rare thing. **-quisition**¹¹, *f.*: =; applicative. **-quistoire** [L. *-quistus*, requested], *f.*: (prosecutor's) address to the court.

resceller [celler], *tr.*: seal again.

rescif = **récif**.

re-scindable¹⁵, *adj.*: =. **-scindant**¹⁵, *m.*: motion to rescind. **-scinder**¹⁴ [L. *-scindere* ('cut')], *tr.*: rescind (cancel, annul). **-scision**¹⁵ [L. *-scissio*], *f.*: (leg.) rescission (annulment); (*surg.*) excision.

-scisoire¹⁵ [L. L. *-scisorius*], *adj.*: (leg.) resciatory; *m.*: cause for rescission.

rescousse = **recousse**.

re-scriptum¹² [L. *-scriptio*], *f.*: † =, †post-scriptum; money-order (check, warrant). **-scrit**¹² [L. *-scriptus*, written back], *m.*: rescript.

réseau¹¹ [*-seuil*], *m.*: net-work (net, netting, wire netting); (*arch.*) tracery; (*surg.*) chain (of triangles); (*anat.*) plexus.

résection¹⁵ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: (*surg.*) resection, removal.

réséda¹⁷ [L. (*re-sedare*, calm)], *f.*: (*bot.*) reseda (mignonette).

réséquer¹⁵ [L. *re-secare* (cut)], *tr.*: (*surg.*) resect, remove.

réser-vation¹⁵, *f.*: reservation; reserve.

-ve¹⁴, *f.*: reserve (reservation; exception; restraint; caution; modesty); store-room: — *légale*, legal portion; à la — *de*, with reservation of, excepting; *de —*, (of) reserve; spare; *en —*, in reserve, in store, spare; *sans —*, without reserve, unreserved; unreservedly; without exception; *mettre en —*, reserve, lay by; *se tenir sur la —*, stand on the reserve, be reserved; be on one's guard. **-vé**, *part.*: reserved, etc.; in store; cautious, wary; modest; distant. **-ver**¹¹ [L. *-vare* (*servare*, keep)], *tr.*: reserve (put by, spare; except): *se —*, reserve one's self; reserve for one's self; wait for an opportunity; intend; reserve for one's self the right; be reserved, etc. **-viste**¹⁵ [*-re*], *m.*: reservist (reserve-man). **-voir**¹⁵, *m.*: reservoir (tank, cistern; sump; pond); (*anat.*) receptacle.

trésuif¹⁹ [L. *retiolium* (*rete*, net)], *m.*: net.

résidant¹⁶, **-ante**¹⁴, *adj.*: resident (re-

siding). **-dence**¹² [L. *-dencia*], *f.*: residence. **-dent**¹² [L. *-dens*], *m.*: minister resident (at a foreign court). **-der**¹⁴ [L. *-dere* (*sedere*, sit)], *intr.*: reside (dwell, live). **-du**¹⁵ [L. *-duum*], *m.*: residuum (residue; sediment); (*arith.*) remainder.

résignant¹⁵, *m.*: resigner. **-gnatal-re**¹⁵, *m.*: resignee. **-gnation**¹⁵ [L. *-gnatio*], *f.*: resignation. **-gnor**¹² [L. *-gnare* (*signare*, sign)], *tr.*: resign (give up); *se —*, resign one's self (submit); be resigned (make up one's mind).

résiliation, *f.*: **-liement** or **-liement**¹⁶, *m.*: cancelling (annulling). **-lier**¹⁵ or **-lir** [L. *-lire* (*salire*, leap), cf. Eng. *resile*, recoil], *tr.*: cancel (annul).

résille¹⁵ [? *-seau* (after Sp. *-dilla*)], *f.*: hair-net (Spanish head-dress).

résine¹⁴ [L. *-na*], *f.*: resin (rosin). **-neur**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: resinous. **-nifère**, *adj.*: resiniferous.

resipiscence¹⁶ [L. *-centia*], *f.*: recipiscence (repentance).

résistance¹⁵, *f.*: resistance; power of resistance (endurance); (*med.*) obstinacy: *de —*, of resistance; solid, substantial; strong, main; *pièce de —*, main piece; principal dish, large joint; substantial work. **-tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: resistant, unyielding, strong, firm. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tere* (*sistere*, stand)], *intr.*: make resistance (with *à*: resist, withstand, oppose; endure): *je n'y saurais plus —*, I can no longer endure it. **-tible**, *adj.*: resistible.

réso-lu¹¹, **-lue** [*résoudre*], *part.*: resolved (resolved on, settled; resolute, determined, firm); (*leg.*) cancelled; *m.*: *f.*: resolute or determined person. **-luble**¹⁵ [L. *-lubilis*], *adj.*: resolvable (solvable). **-lument**¹⁵, *adv.*: resolutely, firmly. **-lutif**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: (*med.*) resolute, resolute. **-lution**¹⁵ [L. *-lutio*], *f.*: resolution (solution; determination, decision; resolve); (*leg.*) cancelling: *changer de —*, change one's mind. **-lutoire**¹⁴ [L. *-lutorius*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) cancelling; *m.*: cancelling clause. **-lvant**¹¹ [*résoudre*], *part.*: resolving, etc.; (*med.*) resolute; *m.*: resolute.

résonance¹⁴ [L. *-sonantia*], *f.*: resonance. **-sonateur**¹⁶, **-trice**, *adj.*: causing to resound; *m.*: (*acoust.*) resonator. **-sonnant**¹¹, *part.*: resounding; *adj.*: resonant; sonorous. **-sonner**¹¹ [L. *-sonare* (*sonus*, SOUND)], *intr.*: resound (echo, ring, din); be sonorous; †*tr.*: resound, sound forth.

résor-ber¹⁷ [L. *-bere*], *tr.*: reabsorb. **-ption**¹⁵ [L. *-bere*], *f.*: reabsorption.

ré-soudre¹¹ [L. *re-solvere* (solve)], *irr. s.*; *tr.*: resolve (dissolve, solve; determine, settle); †determine (persuade, induce);

(leg.) cancel: *se* —, resolve (dissolve, be dissolved, melt; be determined; determine, decide, make up one's mind); be resolved (into), come or amount (to): — *un bail*, cancel a lease; *je ne saurais m'y* —, I cannot bring myself to it. — *sous*, *part.* (no *f.*) of *-soudre*: (dis)solved.

§ Ind.: *Pr. résous*-, *s. -t*; *résolv*-, *ent*. *Imp. résolvais*. *Prét. résolvais*. *Fut. (Cond.) résoudrai(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. résolve*. *Imp. résolvais*. — *I've résous*. — *Part.*: *Pr. résolvant*; *P. résolu*, or *résous* (no *f.*), '(dis)solved.'

respec-*t*¹³ *†-pè* [*-tus* (*specere*, look)], *m.*: = (regard, deference; reference): *porter* — *à*, show respect to; *se faire porter* —, make one's self respected; *sauf* (*le*) —, *sauf* *voire* —, saving your presence, with due reverence to you, by your leave. — **tabilité**¹⁵ [*-table*], *f.*: respectability. — **table**¹⁶, *adj.*: respectable. — **tabl**-*ment*, *adv.*: respectfully. — **ter**¹⁵, *tr.*: respect: *se* —, respect one's self or each other. — **tif**¹⁴, *-ive* [*L. -tivus*], *adj.*: respective. — **tivement**¹⁴ [*-tif*], *adv.*: respectively. — **tuement**¹⁶ [*-tueux*], *adv.*: respectfully. — **tu**¹⁵, *-ense*, *adj.*: respectful (deferential; reverential). — **respi**-*r*¹⁵, *m.*: breathing, breath. — **ra**-*ble*¹⁴, *adj.*: = (vital). — **ration**¹⁴ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: = (breathing). — **ratioire**¹⁵, *adj.*: respiratory. — **r**¹¹ [*L. -rare* (*spirare*, breathe)], *intr.*: respire (breathe, take breath); rest; sigh or long (*après*, for), have a strong desire, (*— après*) desire ardently; *tr.*: breathe (inhale); long for, thirst after.

resplen-*dir*¹¹ [*L. -dere*], *intr.*: be resplendent, shine brightly. — **dissant**¹¹, *adj.*: resplendent. — **dissement**¹¹, *m.*: resplendence.

respon-*sabilité*¹⁷, *f.*: responsibility. — **-sable**¹² [*L. -sum* (sup. of *-dere*, answer)], *adj.*: responsible (answerable, liable). — **-sif**¹³, *-ive*, *adj.*: (leg.) responsive (responsory).

ressac¹⁹ [*Prov. -co* (*sacar*, draw)], *m.*: surf, underset, undertow.

ressaigner¹⁵ [*saigner*], *tr.*: bleed again. — **ressaisir**¹² [*saisir*], *tr.*: re seize (seize or take again, or back, recover possession of): *se* —, be re seized.

ressasser¹⁴ [*sasser*], *tr.*: sift or bolt again; examine carefully (scrutinise).

ressau-*t*¹⁶ [old *res-sailler* (cf. *s.*), leap forth], *m.*: leap, projection; abrupt fall; irregularity; (*arch.*) ressaute. 1. **-ter**¹⁶ [*-saut*], *intr.*: (*arch.*) project 2. **-ter**¹⁵ [*sauter*], *intr.*: leap again.

resséant = *résidant*.

resseller [*seller*], *tr.*: saddle again.

ressom-*blance*¹⁵, *f.*: resemblance. — **-blant**¹⁵, *adj.*: resembling, like.

-bler¹⁰ [*ssembler*] *tr.*: *intr.* (with *à*): resemble (be or look like): *se* —, resemble one's self; resemble or be like each other, be (a)like; *qui se -ble assemble*, birds of a feather flock together; *se* — *à soi même*, be ever the same.

resseme-*lage*¹⁷, *m.*: re-soling (of boots); re-footing (of stockings). — **-ler**¹¹ [*semelle*], *tr.*: half-sole (boots, etc.); foot anew (stockings).

ressemer¹³ [*semer*], *tr.*: sow again, re-sow.

ressen-*ti*¹², *part.*: felt, etc.; strongly marked, expressed, or figured; full of feeling or expression; apparent. — **-ti**-*ment*¹⁵, *m.*: feeling, sense; feeling of gratitude; (feeling of anger); resentment; slight return, touch (of sickness): *avec* —, resentingly; *plein de* —, resentful. — **-tir**¹² [*sentir*], *irr.*; *tr.*, *refl.* (with *de*): feel (have a sense of, experience; feel the effects of); partake, share; bear marks of; resent; be grateful: *se* — *d'une injure*, resent an injury.

resser-*rement*¹⁶, *m.*: contraction (constriction); (*med.*) stricture. — **-rer**¹¹ [*serrer*], *tr.*: close together (contract, compress, tighten); press or pack together (assemble, confine); tie again, tie or bind together; rivet; restrain (confine); (*mil.*) close again; (*mar.*) take in sails again; (*print.*) lock up again: *se* —, be contracted (contract, shrink); be compressed or enclosed; become tighter; become colder; grow scarce; be restricted in circulation; retrench one's expenses; *le temps se -re*, the weather grows colder.

resservir¹² [*servir*], *tr.*: serve again; *intr.*: be of service or useful again.

ressif = *récif*.

res-*sort*¹¹, *m.*: rebound; elasticity, energy; spring; resort (recourse); means; agency; province (department): *à* —, with a spring; *du* — *de*, within the province of; (*leg.*) amenable to; *en dernier* —, in the last resort, without appeal: *faire* —, spring or fly back, rebound; *cela n'est pas de son* —, that is not his province. — **-sortir**¹⁰ [*sortir*], *irr.*; *intr.*: 1. go or come out again; stand out (be salient, be set off, prominent or striking); come out, result, spring; 2. be in the jurisdiction (of); depend (on), be appealable (to); refer (to); be intended (for): *faire* —, bring forward, bring out; bring out in relief; set off, make conspicuous, show off; conclude. — **-sortis**-*sant*¹⁶, *adj.*: within the jurisdiction (of); dependent (on); appealable (to).

ressouder¹¹ [*souder*], *tr.*: solder again. — **ressource**¹⁴ [old *res-sourdere* (cf. *source*)],

f.: resource (supply; expedient; help): *de* —, resourceful, fertile in expedient; *sans* —, resourceless, without resource; irretrievable; irretrievably; *faire* —, procure resources, raise the wind; *il n'y a point de* —, there's no help for it.

ressouvenir [souvenir], *irr.*: *intr.*, *refl.*: remember (recollect); *m.*: remembrance.

res-suage¹⁶, *m.*: (tech.) sweating; (metal.) eliquation. **-suage**¹² [-suer], *intr.*: (tech.) sweat; (metal.) eliquate.

ressui¹⁵ [-suyer], *m.*: (hunt.) lair.

ressusciter¹¹ [L. *re-suscitare* (*sus-citare*, raise up)], *tr.*: resuscitate; *intr.*: be resuscitated (be raised from the dead).

ressuyer¹¹ [essuyer], *tr.*: wipe or dry again; *se* —, dry one's self; get dry, dry.

res-tant¹⁵ [-ter], *adj.*: remaining, left; *m.*: rest, remainder: *bureau* — (on parcels), to be left till called for; *gare* —, to be left (at the station) till called for; *poste* —, *poste restante* (post-office), general delivery, till called for.

restan-r¹⁶, *m.*: retroactive suit (of maritime insurance companies to responsible parties of older date). **-rant**¹⁵, *adj.*: restoring (restorative); *m.*: restorative; restaurant (eating-house). **-rateur**¹⁵,

-trice [L. *-rator*], *m.*, *f.*: restorer; *m.*: keeper of a restaurant. **-ration**¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: restoration. **-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare* (*sta-*, stand)], *tr.*: restore (reestablish; repair; revive); *se* —, recover one's strength; take refreshment.

res-te¹⁵, *m.* (v): rest (remains, remnant, remainder, residue); charge; *pl.*: remains, mortal remains: *au* —, *du* —, as for the rest; moreover, besides; in other respects; however; in fact; finally; *de* —, left, remaining; more than enough; extra; too good; *en* —, in arrears, owing still, behindhand; *et le* —, and the rest of it; and so on; *demande son* —, ask for one's change; *faire son* —, stake all; *jouer de son* —, make one's last stake; be on one's last legs. **-ter**¹⁵ [-tare (*stare*, stand)], *intr.*: rest (be left or over, remain); stay, stop, dwell; continue, keep; *mus.*: dwell on a note, hold; (*nav.*) bear: *en* —, leave off, stop; *-tons-en là*, let us stop there; let us say nothing more about it; *-te à savoir*, it remains to be known; *-chez soi*, stay at home.

restituable¹⁵, *adj.*: restorable (repayable, to be refunded). **-tuer**¹⁵ [L. *-tuere* (*statuere*, make stand)], *tr.*: restore (restitute; return, give back). **-tution**¹² [L. *-tutio*], *f.*: restitution, restoration; (*leg.*) relief.

re-stréindre¹¹ [L. *-stringere* (tighten)], *irr.* (cf. *peindre*); *tr.*: RESTRICT (RESTRAIN, confine, limit). **-strictif**¹⁶, **-ive** [L.

-strictus], *adj.*: restrictive. **-striction**¹⁵, *f.*: = (restraint); reservation. **-stringent**¹⁶ [L. *-stringens*], *adj.*: astringent. **résul-tant**¹⁵, **-tante**, *part.*: resulting; *adj.*: resultant; *f.*: resultant. **-tat**¹⁵ [L. *-tatum*], *m.*: result. **-ter**¹⁵ [L. *-tare*], *intr.*: result (follow).

ré-sumé¹², *m.*: = (summing up; abstract, compendium, epitome): *au* (or *en*) —, on the whole, after all; in short. **-sumer**¹³ [L. *-sumere* (take)], *tr.*: give a summary of, summarise; condense: *se* —, be summed up; recapitulate, sum up. **-sumption** u like nasal o [L. *-sumptio*], *f.*: resumption.

résurrection¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: resurrection.

retable¹⁷ or **ré-** [OFr. *rere* (L. *retro*), back, table], *m.*: = (back of the altar, rising over the table; altar-piece; altar screen).

réta-blir¹¹ [établir], *tr.*: reestablish (restore; reinstate; set up again); recover (retrieve): *se* —, reestablish one's self; be reestablished, etc.; recover one's health, get well again; revive. **-blissement**¹², *m.*: reestablishment (restoration); recovery; revival.

re-taille¹¹, *f.*: piece cut off, shred; cuttings, parings. **-tailler**¹¹ [tailler], *tr.*: cut or mend again; prune again.

réta-mage¹⁵, *m.*: tinning over again. **-mer**¹⁵ [étamer], *tr.*: tin over again; tinker; resilver (looking-glasses). **-meur**¹⁵, *m.*: tinker.

retaper¹⁵ [taper], *tr.*: fix (do up, straighten, trim); correct (revise).

retar-d¹¹, *m.*: = (delay, retardation); slowness: *en* —, late, behind one's (its) time; behindhand, backward; slow; in arrears, overdue; (*sur*) slower than; *apporter du* —, cause delay. **-dataire**¹⁵ [-d], *adj.*: behindhand, tardy; in arrears, backward; *m.*, *f.*: laggard; person in arrears; defaulter. **-dateur**¹⁵, **-trice**, *adj.*: retarding. **-dation**¹² [-datio], *f.*: =, **-dement**¹⁵, *m.*: retardment (putting off, delay). **-der**¹¹ [L. *-dare* (*ardus*, slow)], *tr.*: retard (delay, defer; put off; hold off); set back (a watch, etc.); *intr.*: delay (be behind time); come or rise later; be slow (of watches), lose: *se* —, be delayed; delay each other; *ma montre -de*, my watch loses.

retâter¹² [tâter], *tr.*: touch or feel again; retouch; alter; taste again or try or examine again.

reteindre¹² [teindre], *irr.*; *tr.*: dye again; retint.

retendre¹¹ [tendre], *tr.*: stretch again; bend again.

retenir¹⁶ [tenir], *irr.*; *tr.*: RETAIN (hold

back, withhold, keep); hinder; get (hold of) again; keep back (check, curb, confine, restrain); reserve; bespeak, hire, engage; *intr.*: hold back, REIN in (horses); conceive, breed (of mares): *se* —, hold back (refrain, forbear, check one's self); catch hold (of), seize, cling; be detained, etc.; *poser deux et — trois*, (arith.) set down two and carry three; — *un logement*, hire a lodging; — *un domestique*, hire a servant.

rétentif, *-ive* [L. *-tus* (tenere, hold), held], *adj.*: retentive. **-tion**¹⁵, *f.*: retention; retentiveness (of memory); reservation: *droit de —*, lien. **-tionnaire**¹⁷ [*-tion*], *m., f.*: (leg.) detainer.

rétentir¹¹ [OFr. **tentir* (p. L. *tintinnare*), sound], *intr.*: resound (ring, din). **-tissant**¹⁵, *adj.*: resounding (ringing); sonorous. **-tissement**¹¹, *m.*: resounding (echo, ringing, din, rattle, noise); publicity (fame): *avoir du —*, make a great noise; be echoed or repeated; be much talked of.

re-tentum¹⁵ [l. L.], *m.*: reservation, (leg.) tacit clause; trick. **—-tenu**, *-ue* [*-tenir*], *part.*: retained, etc.; *f.*¹¹: retention (withholding, stoppage); reserve (caution, discretion); keeping in (confinement, exclusion from play); pupils kept in; fixture (of a bridge); (*nar.*) bell-rope: *être en —*, be kept in (at school); *faire une — sur*, (*fin.*) stop; *mettre en —*, keep in (at school).

retor-cage¹⁵ or *-sage*, *m.*: second dressing (of vines). **—-cer**¹⁵ or *-ser* [*tercer*], *tr.*: give a second dressing to (vines).

retinaire¹⁵ [L. *retarius* (*rete*, net)], *m.*: (*Rom. antig.*) retiarius (gladiator armed with a net and trident).

réti-cence¹⁶ [L. *-centia* (*tacere*, be silent)], *f.*: reticence (reserve).

réti-culaire¹⁶ [L. *-culum*], *adj.*: reticular. **—-cule**¹⁷ [L. *-culum* (*rete*, net)], *f.*: reticule (reticle, hair-net; spider-lines). **-culé** [L. *-culatus*], *adj.*: reticulated.

rétif¹⁶, *-ive* [p. L. *restivum* (L. *re-stāre*, stay back)], *adj.*: restive (stubborn): *faire le —*, be restive.

rétime¹⁵ [l. L. *-na* (L. *rete*, net)], *f.*: retina.

retri-rade¹⁵, *f.*: (*fort.*) = (last retrenchment). **-ré**, *part.*: retired (secluded, lonesome). **—-rer** [*tirer*], *tr.*: retire (withdraw, draw away, remove); draw again, redraw; draw out (bring out); pick out, select; draw in or back, recover, redeem; derive (receive; get); derive as profit; get in, house, lodge; fire (off) again; *intr.*: withdraw, recede, ebb: *se —*, retire (withdraw, go away; retreat, recede); subside (ebb); shrink (contract); recoup

or retrieve one's self; be withdrawn; — *de prison*, remove from prison; — *de la gloire*, derive glory.

retom-bée¹⁵, *f.*: falling back; springing (of an arch). **—-ber**¹⁵ [*tomber*], *intr.*: fall back or again; relapse; fall down; lap.

retondre¹⁵ [*tondre*], *tr.*: shear again; (*arch.*) cut away, clear off.

re-tordage¹⁶, **-tordement**, *m.*: twisting. **-tordeur**¹⁵, *m.*: twister.

—-tordre¹² [*tordre*], *tr.*: twist or wring again; twist: *donner du fil à — à quelqu'un*, give one enough to do.

rétorquer¹⁵ [L. *-quere*], *tr.*: RETORT.

retor-sé¹¹ [*-dre*], *adj.*: twisted; artful (cunning).

rétor-sif¹⁷, *-ive* [L. *-sum* (cf. *-quer*)], *adj.*: retortive. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio*], *f.*: retortion (retorting); retort.

retor-te¹⁵ [L. *-ta*], *f.*: (*chem.*) retort. **†-tiller** [*-t*, *part. of -dre*], *tr.*: twist again.

retou-che¹⁵, *f.*: retouching. **—-cher**¹² [*toucher*], *tr.*: touch again; retouch.

re-tour¹¹, *m.*: return (returning, coming back; homeward voyage; reappearance, recurrence); return ticket; turn (winding, angle); vicissitude (whim); thing given in acknowledgment; decline of life; reciprocity, requital; dodge (trick); repast (luncheon): — *de nocé*, wedding breakfast; — *d'équerre*, right angle; — *sur soi-même*, reflection on one's own conduct, self-examination; sympathy; *âge de —*, — *de l'âge*, declining years; *de —*, return, homeward, home; returned; back; to boot, over; up or back or return (train); *sans —*, for ever; irretrievably, irretrievable, absolute; *sur le —*, on the wane or decline, past middle age; *faire — à*, return to, revert to; *avoir de fâcheux —s*, be whimsical; *à beau jeu beau —*, one good turn deserves another; *la fortune a ses —s*, fortune has her vicissitudes. **-tourne**¹⁶, *f.*: turned up card, trump card, trump: *chevalier de la —*, card sharper. **—-tourner**⁸ [*tourner*], *tr.*, *intr.*: return (turn back, go back; revert; send back); turn over, upset; turn up (cards); turn round; turn (inside out); mix (a salad): *se —*, turn one's self, turn (round); be turned up; — *en arrière*, turn back; *voir de quoi il tourne*, see what is going on (what is the matter); — *sur ses pas*, retrace one's steps; *il tourne cœur*, hearts are trumps; — *un habit*, turn a coat; *s'en —*, turn back, return home, go back again.

retracer¹⁴ [*tracer*], *tr.*: retrace; trace; recount (relate): *se —*, trace back; recall to mind (remember); return (recur).

rétractation¹³, *f.*: retraction (recantation). **||-ter**¹³ [*L. -trahere* (trahere, draw)], *tr.*: retract (recant, recall, disavow); retract (draw back): *se —*, retract (recant, etc.); (*surg.*) retract. **-tile**¹³ [*L. -tus*], *adj.*: retractile. **-tilité**¹³ [*-tile*], *f.*: retractility. **-traction**¹¹ [*L. -tractio*], *f.*: retraction.

re-traire¹⁰ [*trahere*], *irr.*; *tr.*: retire; redeem; contract. **-trait**¹¹, *m.*: contracted (dried, shrunk); thin; (*her.*) rebated; redeemed; *m.*: contraction (shrinking, shrinkage); recession; (*leg.*) redemption (regaining possession); withdrawal (of a bill in Parliament); (*arch.*) recess, offset; private room: — *conventionnel*, (*leg.*) redemption; — *d'emploi*, deprivation of office, suspension. 1. **-traite**¹², *f.*: retreat (retiring, retirement, withdrawal); place of retreat, refuge, hiding-place, haunt; asylum; contraction (shrinking, shrinkage); retiring pension (pension); (*milit.*) tattoo; recoil; (*arch.*) offset; retract horse-shoe nail in the quick: *de —*, retiring; tired; *en —*, retired, on the retired list; superannuated; inside; *cadre de —*, retired list; *caisse* (or *fonds*) *de —*, retiring fund; *battre en —*, retreat, retire; give way; *battre la —*, beat the retreat; beat the tattoo; *se battre —*, keep up a running fight; *donner à quelqu'un sa —*, *mettre de la —*, pension off, superannuate; *prendre sa —*, retire on a pension, leave the service; *sonner la —*, sound the retreat; (*hunt.*) call off the hounds. 2. **-traite**¹⁷ [*traite*], *f.*: (*com.*) redraft. **-traité** (*traiter*), *part.*: retired (pensioned), etc.; *m.*: retired officer (pensioner); superannuated clerk.

retranchement¹⁴, *m.*: retrenchment (abridgment, curtailment); (*milit.*) intrenchment. **||-cher**¹⁵ [*trancher*], *tr.*: retrench (cut short, curtail, abridge); (*arith.*) subtract; deduct; (*milit.*) intrench: *se —*, confine one's self; restrain one's self; retrench, curtail one's expenses; intrench one's self.

retranscrire¹⁷ [*transcrire*], *tr.*: transcribe or copy again.

retravailler¹¹ [*travailler*], *tr.*: work again, do over again.

retraverser¹⁷ [*traverser*], *tr.*: traverse or cross again.

retrayant, *ante* [*part. of -traire*], *m.*, *f.*: repurchaser, redeemer.

rêtre = *reître*.

rétréci, *adj.*: contracted (confined, cramped, narrow). **||-eir**¹³ [*étréir*], *tr.* or *intr.*: contract (confine, straiten, shrink). **-eissement**¹⁵, *m.*: contracting (narrowing, shrinking, cramping); (*med.*) stricture.

retremper¹¹ [*trempier*], *tr.*: soak or steep again; temper again; invigorate, renovate: *se —*, be invigorated or strengthened, acquire new vigour, recruit.

rétribuer¹³ [*L. -buere*], *tr.*: retribute (remunerate, reward, pay). **-bution**¹³ [*L. -butio*], *f.*: retribution (reward).

rétro-actif¹³, *-ive* [*L. -act-*], *adj.*: retroactive. **-action**¹⁷ [*L. -act-*], *f.*: retroaction, backward action. **-actif** [*-actif*], *adv.*: retroactively. **-activité**¹⁵ [*-actif*], *f.*: retroactive effect. **||-agir** [*L. -agere*, 'act'], *intr.*: retroact (have retroactive effect).

rétro-céder¹⁵ [*L. -cedere*], *tr.*: retrocede (cede back, reconvey, reassign). **-cession**¹⁵ [*L. -cessio*], *f.*: retrocession (reconveyance).

rétro-gradation¹⁵ [*L. -gradatio*], *f.*: retrogradation (retrogression). **-grade**¹³ [*L. -gradus*], *adj.*: retrograde. **||-grader**¹⁵ [*L. -gradare* (*gradus*, step)], *intr.*: retrograde (go back, recede).

rétrospéc-tif¹⁵, *-ive* [*L. -tum* (*supine of retro-specere*, look back)], *adj.*: retrospective.

retroussement¹⁶, *m.*: turning up (tucking up, curling up, cocking). **||-ser**¹⁵ [*trousser*], *tr.*: turn up (tuck up, tie up, curl up, cock); (*nav.*) truss up: *se —*, turn up, etc.; tuck up one's gown. **-sis**¹⁵, *m.*: turned up part; facing (of a coat, etc.), flap, cock (of a hat), boot-top.

retrouver¹² [*trouver*], *tr.*: find again (find, recover; meet again); recognise: *se —*, find one's self or each other again; be one's self again; recover one's self; find one's way; meet again; retrieve one's losses; be found (again); be met with (again).

re-ts⁹ [*L. rétes*, *pl. of -le*], *m.*: net, snare; network.

ré-union¹⁵, *f.*: reunion; meeting. **||-unir**¹⁵ [*unir*], *tr.*: reunite (unite, join; assemble, call together); reconcile: *se —*, reunite, etc., come together, concur; blend.

ré-ussir¹⁵ [*It. ri-uscire* (*L. ex-ire*, go out)], *intr.*: **||-suer** (come out); succeed (be successful; prosper, thrive): *mal-ussi*, unsuccessfully (poorly) made or done; unsuccessful; unlucky; *il a mal-ussi*, he has had poor success, he was unsuccessful. **-ussite**¹⁶ [*It. ri-uscita*], *f.*: **||-suer** (result); success (good result).

revacciner¹⁵ [*vacciner*], *tr.*: revaccinate.

revailidation¹⁵, *f.*: rendering valid again. **||-luder**¹⁵ [*valider*], *tr.*: (*leg.*) make valid again. **-loir**¹⁵ [*valoir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: pay back: *il me le revaudra*, he shall pay for it, I will be even with him.

re-vanche¹⁵, *f.*: revenge (vengeance, re-

tiation; return; at play, return game):
en —, by revenge; in return; to make up
 for it; on another hand. || *-vancher*¹²
 [vancher], *tr.*: avenge; *refl.*: revenge
 one's self (have revenge); repay, return;
 defend one's self; have one's turn: *se —*
d'un bienfait, return a benefit. † *-van-*
*cheur*¹³, *-euse*, *m., f.*: avenger; de-
 fender.

rê-vasser¹⁵ [-ver], *intr.*: keep dreaming; have troubled dreams. **-vasserie**¹⁵, *f.*: dreaming (musing); troubled dreams. **-vasseur**¹⁷ = **euse**, *m. f.*: dreamer.

rêve¹⁶ [-ver], m.: dream; illusion.

revêche¹² [?], *adj.*: rough (untractable, harsh, cross-grained); hard to work; *f.*: sort of coarse woollen stuff.

ré-veil¹², *m.*: awaking (waking); awaken-
ing; morning call; alar(u)m; alarm-
clock; (*milit.*) reveille. **-veille-**
matin¹⁴, *pl. —, m.*: alarm-clock; awa-
kener; chanticleer; (*bot.*) wartwort.

||~veiller¹² [*éveiller*], *tr.*: awake (awaken, wake, rouse, stir up): *se* —, wake (wake up, be awakened or roused): *se* — *en sursaut*, start up out of sleep.

-veillon¹⁵, m.: midnight repast; Christmas eve supper (after midnight mass).

-veillonner¹⁸ [-veillon], intr.: have a midnight repast: keep Christmas eve.

révé-lateur ¹⁵, = **trice** [L. -lator], m., f.:
revealer (informer); adj.: revealing.

-lation¹¹ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: revelation; (*leg.*) information. || **-ler**¹¹ [L. *-lare* (*velum*, veil)], *tr.*: reveal (discover, disclose; betray); (*pop.*) blab out.

revenant¹³ [revənir], adj.: returning; pleasing; by way of profit; m.: profit; perquisite; ghost (returning from the dead), apparition: *il y a des —s dans ce château*, that castle is haunted. **-bon**¹⁴, m.: profit (gain): bonus, perquisite.

revendeur ¹³, = *ense* [-dre], *m., f.*: second-hand dealer: huckster, peddler.

revendication¹⁵, *f.*: claiming (claim, demand), replevin: *exercer une action en —*, enter a claim (to). || **-quer**¹⁴ [Ofr. *vendiquer* (L. *vindicare*)], *tr.*: (re)claim, demand: *se —*, be claimed.

revendre ¹¹ [*vendre*, *tr.*: sell again, re-sell; (*fig.*) spare; *en avoir d* —, have some to spare, have enough and to spare; *en* — *d* —, be more than a match for, outwit.

RE-VE-NER-Y¹⁸, m.: inviting a return or to repeat, inviting daintiness, dainty; repetition, return: *goût de —*, tasting, inviting a return to it. || **-venir**⁹ [*venir*, irr., intr.]: come again or back (return, reappear, revert, recur); recover (recover one's self, come to, be restored); be reconciled or appeased; return (to, reconsider, alter one's mind or opinion (recent, retract,

come over (to, adopt, embrace); come up (to, amount to, cost, be tantamount to); arise, accrue; please (suit), match; come back from the dead (haunt, appear); (*leg.*) claim on a guarantee (from): — *à soi*, come to one's self; be reclaimed, amend, reform; — *de loin*, escape great danger, have a narrow escape; retrieve great errors; — *sur le compte de*, alter one's mind about; *son nom ne me vient pas*, I do not recollect his name; *ses manières ne me viennent pas*, his manners do not please me; *il me vient que*, I am told that, I understand that; *il ne m'en vient rien*, I get nothing from it; *ne pas — de*, not to recover from, be utterly surprised at; *n'en pas —*, not return or recover from it, not get over it, be utterly amazed; *en — d'une belle*, have had a narrow escape; *en — toujours là*, keep returning to the point; persist in thinking; *faire —*, make (one) return, bring back; get back, recover; reclaim; revive; (*cook.*) half-cook, parboil.

revente¹² [-vendre], *f.*: resale, reselling:
de —, second-hand.

revenu, = **nue** [-**nir**], *part.*: come back, etc.; *m.*¹⁴: revenue (income, rent); *état de* — *s*, rental; — *s casuels*, perquisites; *f.*¹¹: return; young wood; (*hant.*) feeding time.

rêver¹² [ʀə], *intr.*: RAVE; dream (muse, meditate; reflect; be in a dream); *tr.*: dream: imagine: desire (long for).

réver-bération¹³ [L. *-beratio*], *f.*: reverberation. **-bêre**¹⁴, *m.*: reflector; street-lamp: *à —*, reverberatory; *feu de —*, reverberated fire. **||-bêre**¹⁵ [L. *-berare* (*verber*, whip)], *tr. intr.*: reverberate.

rever-dir ^{if} [*verdir*], *intr.*: grow or turn green again, reblossom; grow young again, revive; *tr.*: make or paint green again: *planter là pour —*, leave in the lurch, give the slip to. **-dissement**¹², *m.*: growing green again.

révé-rement¹³ [*-ram-*, *-rend*], *adv.*: reverently. **-re-nee**¹¹ [*L. -rentia*], *f.*: reverence (veneration); bow, courtesy): *tirer sa — à*, (*jest.*) make one's bow to. **-ren-tiel**¹⁴, *elle* [*-rence*], *adj.*: reverential.

-reueusement¹⁶, *adv.*: reverentially.
-reueux¹⁶, = **ense**, *adj.*: reverential.
 obsequious (bowing and scraping). **-rend**
 [L. *-rendus*], *adj.* or *m.*: reverend; *tres*
 —, right reverend. **-rendissime**¹⁶ [L.
-rendissimus], *adj.*: most reverend.
 ||-**rer**¹⁶ [L. *-reri* (*vereor*, feel awe)], *tr.*:
 revere (venerate, reverence).

rêverie¹¹ [-ver], *f.*: †raving; reverie (musing, dreaming).

revernir [vernir], *tr.*: varnish or glaze again.

revenir = revertier.

re-vers¹² [L. *-versus*, reversed], *m.*: reverse (back, opposite side, wrong side); facing, lapel (of garments); back stroke or blow (backhander); counterpart: *d* (or *de*) —, in the rear, in the flank; *coup de —*, backhanded stroke. **-versal**¹⁷ [*-vers*], *adj.*: of mutual concessions; *f. pl.* (*-versales*); letters of mutual concessions. **-versement**¹³, *m.*: (nav.) trans-shipment. **||-verser**¹¹ [*verser*], *tr.*: pour (out) again, pour off; transfer; (nav.) transship; (*com.*) transfer, carry. **-versi(s)**¹⁵ [It. *rovescino* (L. *re-versus*, reverse)], *m.*: = (game at cards). **-versibilité**¹³ [*-versible*], *f.*: reversibility. **-versible**¹⁵, *adj.*: reversible. **-version**¹³ [L. *-versio*], *f.*: reversion; return. **-versoir**¹³, *m.*: weir.

revertier¹⁶ [?], *m.*: = (kind of backgammon).

re-vestiaire¹² [L. *vestiarius* (cf. *-tiaire*)], *f.*: *†*revestiary; (*Rom. Cath.*) clothing allowance. **-vêtement**¹³, *m.*: coating (covering, casing, lining; *engin*. revêtement). **-vêtir**¹¹ [*vêtir*], *tr.*: clothe (dress, put on); put on (assume); invest (confer, bestow; endow); coat (case, cover); line, face; (*engin*.) revet: *se —*, clothe one's self (array one's self, dress); assume; be invested; — *la figure*, put on the air of; — *un personnage*, assume a character.

réveur¹², *=ense* [*-er*], *m., f.*: dreamer (*muser*); *adj.*: dreaming (musing, pensive, thoughtful).

1. re-vient, Pres. of *-venir*. **2. vient**¹⁵, *m.*: net cost: *prix de —*, cost price, net cost.

revi-rade¹⁵, *f.*: back-game (at backgammon). **-rement**¹³, *m.*: veering round, sudden change; (nav.) tacking; (*com.*) transfer: — *de parties (de fonds, de deniers)*, transfer. **||-rer**¹¹ [*virer*], *intr.*: turn round; (nav.) tack about; change sides, be turncoat.

revi-sable¹⁵ or **ré-**, *adj.*: =. **-ser**¹² [L. *-sere*], *tr.*: revise. **-seur** or **ré-** [L. *-sor*], *m.*: reviser. **-sion** [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =: — *de procès*, rehearing; *conseil de —*, (*mil.*) board for examining recruits.

revi-vifaction¹⁷, *f.*: =. **||-fier**¹⁵ [*revivifier*], *tr.*: revivify (revive). **-sequee**¹⁶ [L. *-seere*, revivify], *f.*: =.

revivre⁹ [*vivre*], *irr.*; *intr.*: revive (live again, come to life again): *faire —*, bring to life again.

révo-cabilité¹⁵, *f.*: revocableness. **||-cable**¹⁵ [L. *-cabilis* (*vocare*, call)], *adj.*: revocable. **-catoire**¹⁴ [L. *-catorius*], *adj.*: revocatory.

re-voici¹⁵, *prep.*: here again (back again, once more). **-voilà**¹⁵, *prep.*: there again (back again, once more). **||-voir**¹⁰ [*voir*],

irr.; *tr.*: see again, meet again; look over again (review, revise); *m.*: seeing (or meeting) again, next meeting: *se —*, see one's self or each other again, meet again; be seen again; *au* (or *jusqu'au*) —, till we meet again, good-bye.

revoler¹³ [*voler*], *intr.*: fly again, fly back.

revolin¹⁶ [L. *-volvere*, twist], *m.*: eddy wind.

révol-tant¹⁷, *adj.*: revolting. **-te**¹⁵, *f.*: revolt (rebellion); *†*turn (apostasy). **-té**, *part.*: revolted; *m.*: revolter, rebel.

||-ter¹⁴ [It. *riollare* (L. *volvere*, turn)], *tr.*: rouse to revolt, stir up; revolt (shock, horrify); *†*turn (from, abandon): *se —*, revolt (rebel); be indignant.

révo-lu¹⁴ [L. *-lutus* (*volvere*, turn)], *adj.*: revolved, completed. **-lutif**¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-lutus*], *adj.*: revolute, (*bot.*) revolute.

-lution¹¹ [L. *-lutio*], *f.*: revolution. **-lutionnaire**¹⁷ [*-lution*], *adj.*, or *m.*: revolutionary, revolutionist.

-lutionnairement¹⁷ [*-lutionnaire*], *adv.*: revolutionarily. **-lutionner**¹⁷ [*-lution*], *tr.*: revolutionise.

revolver¹⁸ [Eng.], *m.*: =.

revomir¹⁵ [*vomir*], *tr.*: vomit (throw up) again.

révo-quer [L. *re-vocare* ('call')], *tr.*: revoke (recall; repeal); dismiss: — *en doute*, call in question.

revouloir¹¹ [*vouloir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: wish again or back.

revu, -vue [*voir*], *part.*: seen again, etc.; *f.*: seeing again; review (examination; survey; magazine; military review): *être gens de —*, be people who frequently meet; *faire la — de*, review (examine); *passer en —*, review.

réval-sif¹⁷, **-ive** [L. *-sus* (*vellere*, pull)], *adj.*: revulsive. **-sion**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: revulsion.

†ré-² [L. *râsus*, scraped, RASED], *adv.*: level, even (with): — (*de*) *pied*, on a level with the foot; — (*de*) *terre*, on a level with the ground (or ground). **-de-chaussée**, *m.*: ground-level, ground-floor: *au —*, on the ground-floor.

rhabil-lage¹⁵, **-lement**¹⁵, *m.*: repairing, mending. **||-ler**¹⁴ [*re, habiller*], *tr.*: dress again (clothe anew); patch up (mend). **-leur**¹⁵, **=ense**, *m., f.*: mender (repairer); bone-setter.

rhapsode, etc. = *rapsode*, etc.

Rhée, *f.*: Rhea; (*zoöl.*) rhea.

Rheims, *m.*: =.

rhénan, *adj.*: Rhenish.

rhéteur¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: rhetorician.

Rhé-tie, *f.*: Rhætia. **-tien**, *adj.*: Rhætian.

rhé-to-ri-cien¹³, **-ane**, *m., f.*: rheto-

rician. **||-rique** [L. *-rica* (cf. *-r*)], *f.*: rhetoric; next highest class: *faire de la* —, rhetorise; *faire sa* —, study rhetoric, be in the class of rhetoric.

Rhin, *m.*: Rhine; *vin du* —, Rhine wine.

rhingrave¹⁶ [Gr. *rhein-graf*, 'Rhine-count'], *m.*: Rhinegrave; *f.*: trunk-hose, knee-breeches.

rhinocéros¹⁶ [L.], *m.*: rhinoceros.

rhinoplastie¹⁵ [Gr. *rhîn*, nose, *plássein*, form], *f.*: (surg.) rhinoplasty.

rhodium [Gr. *rhôdon*, rose], *m.*: (min.) —.

rhodo-dendron [L. (Gr. *rhôdon*, rose, *dendron*, tree)], *m.*: = (rose-bay).

rhomb-**be**¹⁵ [-bus], *m.*: rhombus. **-boèdre**¹⁵ [Gr. *hédra*, side], *m.*: rhombohedron.

-boidal¹⁵ [-boide], *adj.*: rhomboidal.

†-boide¹⁵ [L. *-boides*], *m.*: rhomboid.

rhotaïsme¹⁵ [Gr. *kismós* (*rho*, *r*)], *m.*: rhotacism.

rhubarbe¹² [L. *rheu-barbarum*], *f.*: rhubarb.

r(h)um¹⁶ [Eng. *rum*], *m.*: rum.

rhu-matique¹⁵ [L. *rheumaticus*], *adj.*: rheumatic.

-matissant¹⁵, **-te** [L. *rheumatizans*], *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: rheumatic.

-matismal¹⁵ [-matisme], *adj.*: rheumatic.

-matisme¹⁵ [L. *rheumatismus*], *m.*: rheumatism.

||-me¹² [L.-Gr. *rhêma* (*rhên*, flow)], *m.*: rheum (mucous discharge).

rhyth-me¹⁵ [L. *-mus* (Gr. *rhên*, flow)], *m.*: rhythm.

-mique¹⁵ [L. *-mîcus*], *adj.*: rhythmic(al).

riant¹¹ [*rire*], *adj.*: laughing; smiling (cheerful, pleasant).

ribambelle¹⁷ [?], *f.*: long row, string, lot (of people).

ri-baud¹¹, **-baude** [? Germ. *c ribe*, prostitute], *m.*, *f.* or *adj.*: RIBALD.

-baude-rie¹², *f.*: ribaldry. **-bler** [? ak. to *-baud*], *intr.*: run the streets at night.

riblette¹⁸ [? ak. to Eng. *rib*], *f.*: slice of meat, collop.

†ribleur¹⁴ [-bler], *m.*: street-walker; libertine (rake).

riber-d¹⁶ [bord], *m.*: (nav.) garboard-strake.

-dage¹⁶, *m.*: damage, hole (in a ship's hull caused by fouling or staving); indemnity for such damage.

ribo-te¹⁵, *f.*: carousal (debauch); intoxication.

||-ter¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: get drunk; be on a spree.

-teur, **-euse**¹⁷, *m.*, *f.*: drunkard.

rica-nement¹⁷, *m.*: forced laugh, grin; sneer.

||-ner¹⁵ [?], *intr.*: laugh affectedly, chuckle; sneer.

-nerie¹⁶, *f.*: forced laughter; sneer.

-neur¹⁶, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: sneerer; *adj.*: sneering.

ric-à-rac¹⁴ [?], *adv.*: scrupulously, exactly.

ri-chard¹⁵, **-arde**, *m.*, *f.*: rich person, capitalist.

||-che¹⁵ [Frank. *richi*], *adj.*: RICH (opulent; copious; precious); high;

m.: rich man: — *taille*, high stature; *le mauvais* —, Dives, the rich man of the Bible; a hard-hearted rich man; *faire le* —, play the rich man.

-ehement¹¹, *adv.*: richly, etc.

-ehesse¹⁵, *f.*: riches (wealth, opulence; richness, copiousness).

-chissime¹⁵, *adj.*: (fam.) exceedingly rich.

ricin¹⁷ [L. *-cinus*], *m.*: ricinus (castor-oil plant): *huile de* —, castor-oil.

rico-cher¹⁵, *intr.*: ricochet (rebound).

||-chet¹⁵ [?], *m.*: = (rebound, duck and drake); series (chain, succession): *faire des* —, ricochet; skip (stones), make ducks and drakes (on the water); *feu (or tir) à* —, ricochet-firing; *chanson du* —, the same thing over and over again; *par* —, by ricochet; indirectly.

rietas¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: grin, grinning.

ri-de¹⁵ [-der], *f.*: wrinkle; ripple; ripple-mark; (nav.) lanyard.

-deau¹⁴ [-der], *m.*: (mil.) ridge of ground (hiding soldiers, rideau); screen; bed-, theatre-curtain, (drop); blower (of a fireplace): — *d'entr'acte*, drop-curtain; *baïsser le* —, drop the curtain; *derrière le* —, behind the curtain (or scenes); *lever de* —, curtain-raiser, short play; *tirer le* —, draw the curtain (1. to expose; 2. to conceal).

ridelle¹² [?], *f.*: staff-side (of a cart), standard-side; rack, rail, shelving.

ridier¹¹ [MHG. *riden*, twist], *tr.*: wrinkle; shrivel; ripple: *se* —, wrinkle; shrivel (up); ripple.

1. ridicule¹⁵ [for *rélicule*], *f.*: reticule (ladies' work-bag).

2. ridicu-le¹⁴ [-lus (*ridere*, laugh)], *adj.*: ridiculous; *m.*: ridiculousness (ridiculous side); ridiculous person or thing: *tourner en* —, ridicule.

-lement¹⁵, *adv.*: ridiculously.

-liser¹⁶, *tr.*: ridicule.

-lité¹⁶, *f.*: ridiculousness.

rièble¹⁴ [?], *m.*: goose-grass.

rien⁹ [L. *rem*, acc. of *res*, thing], *m.*: a thing, any thing; a mere trifle; (with *ne*, if there is a verb): not anything, nothing, nought; no difference, no way; *pl.*: trifles, nonsense, idle talk: — *de* —, nothing out of nothing; nothing whatever; — *autre chose*, nothing else; — *de moins*, nothing less; — *moins*, nothing less; not (in) the least; — *moins que*, nothing less than; anything but; *de* —, of anything or nothing; of or at the least thing; insignificant, diminutive; don't mention it: *en moins de* —, *en un* — *de temps*, in no time, in a trice; *il n'en est* —, there is nothing to it, it is not so; no such thing; nothing comes out of it.

rièur¹⁴, **-euse** [*rier*], *m.*, *f.*: laughter.

ri-flard¹⁶ *m.*: (carp.) jack-plane; (*max.*) paring chisel; rough file; old umbrella.
ri-fler¹¹ [for *rafler*, *tr.*: (*old*) sweep away; plane, pare, file; plunder.

rigaudon¹⁶ [*f.* dancer *Rigaud*], *m.*: rigadon (dance).

rigi-de¹⁵ [*L.* -*dus*], *adj.*: rigid (stiff; strict; austere). -**dement**¹⁶, *adv.*: rigidly, etc. -**dité**¹⁶ [*L.* -*ditas*], *f.*: rigidity (rigidness, strictness).

rigodon = *rigaudon*.

rigolade¹⁵ [-*ler*], *m.*: amusement, fun, spree.

ri-go-le¹² [*f.*], *f.*: little ditch (trench furrow); culvert; gutter. 1.-**ler**¹², *tr.*: (*agr.*) water-furrow.

2.-**rigoler**¹² [*f.*], *intr.*: make fun, make merry, rollick, revel.

rigorisme¹⁶ [*L.* -*gor*], *m.*: rigorism.

-**goriste**¹⁷ [*L.* -*gor*], *m.*, *f.*: rigorist; *adj.*: rigorous, hypercritical. -**gourensement**¹² [-*goureux*], *adv.*: rigorously.

-**goureux**¹², = **ense** [*L.* -*gorosus*], *adj.*: rigorous (stern, severe). -**gueur**¹² [*L.* -*gor* (root *reg-*, stretch)], *f.*: rigour (severity, sternness; precision): à la —, rigorously, strictly; strictly speaking; if absolutely necessary; de —, strictly required; obligatory, compulsory; latest; (at play) the strict game; en —, with rigour; tenir —, be severe (upon); show spite; refuse to forgive, refuse to come round.

ril-lettes¹⁵ [O*Fr.* *rille* (?), slice], *f. pl.*: minced pork. -**lous** [O*Fr.* *rille*], *m. pl.*: minced pork.

ri-maître¹⁵ *f.*: poor rhyming, doggerel.

-**mailler**¹⁵ [-*mer*], *intr.*: make doggerel or bad verses. -**maillour**¹⁵, = **ense** [-*mailler*], *m.*: rhymester, poetaster.

-**me**¹¹ [O*HG.* *rim*, number, series], *f.*: rhyme (*prop.* *rim*). -**mer**¹¹, *tr.*: rhyme. -**meur**¹¹, = **ense** [-*mer*], *m.*, *f.*: rhymester (inferior poet, poetaster).

rinçage [-*cer*], *m.*: rinsing.

rinçeau = *rainceau*.

rin-ee-bouche¹⁵, *m.*: finger glass.

-**cer**¹¹ [*f.*], *tr.*: RINSE (wash); (*fig.*) thrash. -**sure**¹⁵, *f.*: rinsings (slops); poor (diluted) wine.

ringard¹⁷ [*f.*], *m.*: fire-iron (poker).

ringrave = *rhingrave*.

rio-cher or -**ter**¹⁶ [*rire*], or -**ter**¹⁶ [*rire*], *intr.*: giggle, titter. -**teur**¹⁷, = **ense**, *m.*, *f.*: giggler.

triot-to¹¹ [*f.*], *f.*: little quarrel, bickering.

-**teux**¹², = **ense**, *adj.*: quarrelsome.

ripape¹⁵ [-*per*], *m.*: scraping.

ripaille¹¹ [*f.*], *f.*: feasting (feast, carousal; revelry).

ri-pe¹⁶, *f.*: (*sculpt.*) scraper. -**per**¹³ [*Ger. dial.* *rippen* (*Ger.* *reiben*)], *tr.*: scrape, polish; make glide; *intr.*: glide.

ripopée¹⁴ [*f.*], *f.*: mixture of remnants of wine; slop, slapslop; medley.

ripos-te¹⁶ [*lit.* *ri-sposta*, RE-SPONSE], *f.*: repartee (retort, smart reply); (*fenc.*) return thrust. -**ter**¹⁶, *intr.*: repartee (retort, make a smart reply); (*fenc.*) parry and thrust.

ripuaire¹⁶ [*L.* -*parius* (-*pa*, bank)], *adj.*: riparian; *m.*: Riparian.

1.-**ri-re**¹⁶ [*p. L.* **ridere* (*L.* -*dere*)], *irr. §*; *intr.*: laugh; smile; make merry; jest; make sport (of): se —, laugh (*de*, at), make sport (of); scoff; — *aux anges*, laugh alone and without reason; (*of children*) smile sweetly; — *aux éclats*, burst out laughing; — *comme un coffre*, laugh immoderately; — *dans sa barbe*, — *sous cape*, laugh in one's sleeve; — *du bout des dents* (or *des lèvres*), give a faint laugh; — *de*, laugh at; make light of; *éclater de* —, burst out laughing; *pour* —, in joke, for fun; funny, laughingly; mock; *faire* —, make (one) laugh; raise a laugh, excite laughter; *se tenir les côtes de* —, split one's sides with laughing; *vous voulez* —, you mean this for a joke, you are joking, I suppose; *il n'y a pas là de quoi* —, there is nothing to laugh at in that. 2.-**re**¹⁶, *m.*: laughing (laugh, laughter; giggle): accès de —, fit of laughter; partir d'un éclat de —, burst out laughing.

§ *Ind.*: *Pr. ris*. *Ipf. riais*. *Prêt. ris*. *Fut. (Cond.) risais*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. ris*. *Ipf. risse*. — *I've ris*. — *Part.*: *Pr. risant*; *P. ri*.

1.-**ri-s**¹⁶ [*L.* *ris-um*], *m.*: laugh (laughter, smile).

2.-**ris**¹¹ [*Scand.*], *m.*: reef (of sails).

3.-**ris**¹⁶ [*f.*], *m.*: (cook.) sweet-bread.

risban¹⁶ [*Netherl.* *rijs-bank*, 'bank of branches'], *m.*: (*fort.*) risban (flat plot with a fort to defend a port; the fort itself).

ri-sée¹¹ [*i. ris*], *f.*: flound laugh (laughter); scornful laugh (derision); laughing-stock (butt, by-word). -**sette**¹⁸ [*i. ris*], *f.*: childish laugh, pretty smile. -**sibilité**¹⁶ [-*sible*], *f.*: risibility. -**sible**¹⁵ [*L.* -*sibilis*], *adj.*: risible (laughable). -**siblement** [-*sible*], *adv.*: risibly (laughably).

ris-uable¹⁷ [-*quer*], *adj.*: risky (adventurous); that may be risked or ventured. -**que**¹⁶ [*L.* -*co* (?)], *m.*: risk (hazard, peril): à tout —, at all risks. -**qué**¹⁵, *part.*: risked, etc.; risky (hazardous, venturesome, bold). -**quer**¹⁵, *tr.*: risk (hazard, venture): — *le paquet*, risk all. -**que-tout**¹⁵, *m.*: daring (or reckless) fellow, dare-devil.

risso-le¹¹ [O*Fr.* *roussole* (*L.* *russeus*, red)], *f.*: meat-pie. -**ler**¹⁵, *tr.*: roast brown, brown.

ris-to(u)rne¹³ [It. *torno* (*torner*, turn)], *f.*: cancelling (an insurance).

rit or **-te**¹⁰ [L. *-tus*, *m.*: rite].

ritournelle [It. *ritornello* (*-torno*, return)], *f.*: (mus.) ritornello.

ri-tualiste¹⁰ [L. *-tialis*, *m., f.*: ritualist. **-tuel**, **-lle** [L. *-tialis* (*-tus*, rite)], *adj.*: ritual; *m.*: ritual; prayer-book.

ri-vage¹¹, *m.*: shore (sea-shore, beach; bank). **-val**¹³, **-le** [L. *-valis*, river-side dweller (rivalling his neighbour)], *m., f.* or *adj.*: **-valiser**¹⁷, *intr.*: rival (vie; emulate): **-d'efforts**, compete in efforts. **-valité**¹⁶ [L. *-valitas*, *f.*: rivalry, competition. **||ri-ve**⁰ [L. *ripa*], *f.*: bank (of a river); shore; border (skirt, edge): **pain de —**, bread well baked ('on the edge of the oven').

river¹¹ [?], *tr.*: rivet, clinch: **— à quel-qu'un son clou**, give one a clincher, silence one.

riverain¹¹, **-aine** [*rivière*], *m., f.*: river-side resident, RIPARIAN; **||f.**: river-side plain (or meadow); sea-, or lake-shore (riviera); *adj.*: river-side, on the banks of a river; bordering; possessing property along the edge (of a forest, etc.).

river¹² [*ver*], *m.*: **—**.

rivière¹¹ [*rire*], *f.*: river-side plain; RIVER (stream): **la — est marchande**, the river is navigable; **— de diamants**, stream of diamonds, diamond necklace.

ri-voir [*ver*], *m.*: riveting hammer.

-vure¹⁶ [*ver*], *f.*: riveting; clinched rivet; hinge-pin.

rix¹³ [L. *-xus*, *f.*: brawl (scuffle, affray).

ri-¹³ [It. *-so* (Gr. *brusa*)], *m.*: rice: **— au lait**, rice-milk; **gâteau de —**, rice-cake, rice-pudding. **-zière**¹⁷, *f.*: rice-field.

1.rob¹⁵ [fr. Arab.], *m.*: = (hardened juice-extract).

2.rob = **robre**.

ro-be¹¹ [OFr. *-ber*, rob], *f.*: (old, plunder; good booty); = (gown, garment; dress; coat of an animal); cloth (clergymen); long robe (lawyers); shell (husk, peel); wrapper: **— de chambre**, morning or dressing gown; (cook.) skin: **— décolletée**, low-cut dress; **— de femme**, dress, gown; **gens de —**, gentlemen of the robe.

1.-bin¹⁵, *m.*: (**contempt.**) man of the robe, lawyer (limb of the law, pettifogger).

2.fro-bin¹⁵ [fam. for Robert], *m.*: worthless fellow; (**humor.**) sheep; *adj.*: intriguing: **un plaisant —**, a contemptible fellow; a humbug. **-binet**¹⁴ [Robin], *m.*: faucet (stop-cock, tap): **— d'arrêt**, stop-cock; **— flatteur**, ball-cock. **-binier**¹³ [Robin, botanist], *m.*: robinia (locust-tree).

roboratif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-rare*, strengthen], *adj.*: (**med.**) roborant, tonic.

robre¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: rubber (at whist, etc.).

robust¹³ [L. *-tus* (*robur*, oak)], *adj.*: robust, sturdy. **-tement**¹⁵, *adv.*: robustly, sturdily. **-tesse**¹³, *f.*: robustness.

1.froc¹¹ [Pers. *rokh*], *m.*: (**chess**) rook, castle.

2.ro-c¹⁵ [m. of *-che*], *m.*: rock. **-caille**¹⁶, *f.*: pebbles; rock and shell-work, grotto-work. **-caillieur**¹⁵ [*-caille*], *m.*: rock-work maker, grotto-maker. **-caillieur**¹⁶, **-euse** [*-caille*], *adj.*: rocky; pebbly, stony; rugged.

roc-amboule¹⁶ [Ger. *rocken-bollen*, 'rye-ball'], *f.*: = (kind of garlic); **||pungency** (point); (**pop.**) trumpety.

ro-che⁰ [p. L. *rocca*], *f.*: rock (stony mass) **homme de vieille —**, man of sterling worth; **eau de —**, rock water, spring water. **-cher**¹¹, *m.*: rock (steep rock, cliff); rock-shell: **— artificiel**, rockery.

1.rochet¹² [OFr. *roe* (= *froc*), cloak], *m.*: = (surplice).

2.rochet¹¹ [OHG. *rocco* (= Ger. *rocken*)], *m.*: bobbin; RATCHET; rack; (**mach.**) clink.

rocheur¹³, **-euse** [*roche*], *adj.*: rocky.

rococo¹⁵ [jest., from root of *rocaille*], *m.* or *adj.*: = (rococo style of the 18th cent.; antiquated style).

rocou¹⁶ [W. Ind.], *m.*: = (arnatto).

-er¹⁶, *tr.*: dye with arnatto. **-yer**¹⁶, *m.*: arnatto-tree.

roder¹⁵ [L. *-re*, gnaw], *tr.*: polish.

ro-der¹⁴ [?], *tr.*: roam (wander over); *intr.*: roam (rove, ramble, stray); prowl.

-deur, **-euse**¹⁵, *m., f.*: roamer (rover, Rambler; tramp); prowler.

rodomeu-t¹⁵ [It. *Rodomonte*, a proud knight], *m.*: = (swaggerer, braggart).

-tade¹⁵, *f.*: = (swaggering, bluster).

rodoul = **roudou**.

roga-tion¹³ [L. *-tio* (*-re*, ask)], *f.*: (**Rom.**) law project; *pl.* (**Rom. Cath.**) rogation (prayers for the fruits of the earth).

-toire¹⁶ [L. *-re*], *adj.*: of inquiry or examination. **-ton**¹³ [L. *-tum*, begged], *m.*: (old) humble request; worthless thing (scraps; stale stuff, broken meat).

roger-bontemps¹⁴, *pl.* —s [? prop. name], *m.*: jolly fellow, happy-go-lucky.

rogne¹² [?], *f.*: inveterate itch; mange, scab; (**fam.**) ill temper.

ro-gnement, *m.*: cutting, clipping; paring. **-gne-pied**¹⁷, *pl.* —, *m.*: farrier's knife (paring-knife). **||-gner**⁰ [p. L. **rotundiare* (*rotundus*, round)], *tr.*: **||cut** around; cut off (clip, lop, prune, pare off, crop); cut short (curtail, retrench, stint): **— les ongles à quelqu'un**, clip one's wings.

-gneur¹⁵, **-euse**, *m., f.*: cutter, clipper (of coins).

ro-gneux¹⁵, = *guse* [-gne], *adj.*: itchy; mangy, scabby.

rognon^o [p. L. **renio* (L. *rên*, kidney)], *m.*: kidney; dowcet; (pop.) loins, hip; cobble-stone, boulder.

ro-gnonner [-gner], *intr.*: gnaw; *intr.*: grumble, mutter. **-gnure**¹² [-grer], *f.*: cutting, clipping, paring; shred, scrap, refuse.

rogomme¹⁷ [?], *m.*: dram, liquor: *voix de —*, groggy or husky voice.

1.rogue¹² [?], *adj.*: haughty (arrogant, proud).

2.rogue¹⁷ [fr. Scand.], *f.*: hard ROE (spawn).

roi^o [L. *rex*, *rêg*], *m.*: king: *de par le —*, in the king's name; *en —*, like a king, royally; *jour des —s*, Twelfth-day; *faire (or fêter, tirer) les —s*, celebrate Twelfth-night; *le — citoyen*, the citizen king (Louis-Philippe, 1830-48); *la cour du — Pétard*, Bedlam broke loose.

roide *rêd* = *raide*.

roitelet¹⁴ [Ofr. *tel* (roi)], *m.*: petty king, kinglet; (*orni.*) wren (kinglet): — *huppé*, golden-crested wren; — *triple bandeau*, fire-crested wren.

rô-le¹² [L. *rotulus*], *m.*: troll (roller); roll (scroll, list, roster; *theat.* =, part, character): — *de combat*, (*nav.*) quarter-bill; — *d'équipage*, ship's books, ledger; muster-book; *à tour de —*, in turn, by turns; in one's turn; alternately; *sortir de son —*, stray beyond one's part, be out of character. **-ler**¹⁶, *tr.*: roll (tobacco); *intr.*: spin out legal documents. **-let**¹², *m.*: little or minor part (played), character: *être au bout de son —*, be at one's wits' end.

romain¹¹, 1. **-aine** [L. *-manus*], *adj.*: Roman; Romish; *m., f.*: Roman; (*print.*) Roman (primer); (*theat.*) hired clapper; *f.*: Roman or Romish fashion; cos (lettuce): *à la —e*, in Roman or Romish fashion; Roman-like; *gros —*, great primer; *petit —*, long primer.

2.romaine¹⁶ [Ar. *-mana*, weight], *f.*: steel-yard.

ro-maïque, *adj.* or *m.*: Romaic. **1.-man**^o [Ofr. *-mant* (p. L. *-mānice*, Roman-wise)], *m.*: (*old*) vulgar Roman (lang.), Romance; literary work in vulgar Roman or Romance; hence¹⁶, novel (romance, fiction): *de —*, of a novel or fiction, novel, of romance, romantic; *tenir du —*, be like a romance. **2.-man** [L. *-manus*], 1. **-manee** [Ofr. *-manz*, cf. 1.-man], *adj.*: Romance or Romanic. **2.-manee**¹⁶ [Sp. (p. L. *-manice*, cf. 1.-man)], *f.*: = (short Spanish poem; sentimental song, ballad). **-manche** [1.-man], *adj.* or *f.*: Romansch, Roumanch (dialect).

-mancier¹⁴ [1.-man], *m.*: †writer in Romance; romance or novel-writer (romancer, novelist). †**-mancine**¹⁶

[2.-mance], *f.*: complaint. **-manciste** [2.-mance], *m.*: song or ballad-writer.

-manesque¹⁵ [1.-man], *adj.*: romantic; *f.*: romanticness; (*paint.*) Romanesque.

-manesquement¹⁶ [-manesque], *adv.*: romantically. **-mantique**¹⁷ [1.-man],

adj.: romantic (†pertaining to or resembling romance; pertaining to the romantic school of literature). **-mantique-**

ment¹⁸ [-mantique], *adv.*: romantically. **-mantiser** [1.-man], *tr.*: romance.

-mantisme¹⁸ [-mantique], *m.*: romanticism (literary style opposing the classical).

romarin¹² [L. *rosmarinus*], *m.*: rosemary.

rom-pement¹³, *m.*: breaking: — *de tête*, tiredness of the head, mental weariness. **rom-pre**^o [L. *rumpere*], *tr.*:

break (break asunder, snap; break off, interrupt; break up, disperse; defeat; re-fract; break in, train); break upon the wheel; (*paint.*) blend; (*fenc.*) draw back (a step): *se —*, break (get broken, snap); discontinue; (*med.*) rupture; (*phys.*) re-fract: — *en visière avec quelqu'un*, tell one the truth to his face; quarrel suddenly with one; — *les chiens*, (*hunt.*) call off the dogs; — *la mesure* (or *semelle*), (*fenc.*) draw back a step; — *les mesures de quelqu'un*, defeat one's measures or plans; — *la tête à quelqu'un*, split any one's head; importune; worry one; — *un criminel*, break a criminal upon the wheel; — *un coup*, deaden a blow; — *une armée*, disband an army; — *un homme aux affaires*, train a man up to business; *à tout —*, to the complete rupture. **-pu**, *part.*: broken, etc.; (*her.*) =: — *à la fatigue*, injured or accustomed to fatigue; — *de fatigue*, broken down with weariness, tired out; *nombre —*, fraction. **-pure**¹², *f.*: rupture, break.

ron-ce^o [L. *rumex*, sorrel], *f.*: bramble (brier, wild raspberry-bush); (*fig.*) thorn.

-craie, *f.*: bramble-bush.

ron-d^o [L. *rotundus*], *adj.*: round (rotund, rounded; plump; even (of sums, money, etc.); plain dealing (frank, open); (*pop.*) tipsy; *m.*: round; circle (ring, orb, disc); round piece; sitting pad: *fil —*, coarse thread; *voix —e*, full voice; *de —e bosse*, in alto relievo; — *de cuir*, leather sitting-pad; — *d'eau*, circular basin of water; — *de serviette*, napkin ring; *en —*, in a round or circular; circular(ly). **-dache**¹⁶, *f.*: round shield or buckler. **ron-de**^o, *f.* of *rond*, round, etc.; *f.*: round (circular space; circulation; all around; round

dance; round song; round made by an officer, guard, etc., inspection; inspecting body, rounds); (*writ.*) round hand; (*mus.*) semi-breve: *à la* —, round, around, all around, roundabout; *en* —, in a round; (*milit.*) on the rounds; *être de* —, (*milit.*) be on one's rounds; *faire la* —, go the rounds; be handed round, go round; *passer à la* —, hand or pass round. *-deau*¹⁸, *m.*: = (little poem of thirteen verses, with a refrain); (*mus.*) rondo (composition with repeated strains). *-delet*¹⁸, *=ette*, *adj.*: roundish, plumpish. *-delette*¹⁷ [*-delet*], *f.*: Brittany sail-cloth. *-delle*¹¹, *f.*: round piece; round buckler; sword with a round hilt; round plate, disc; umbrella rubber-ring. *-dement*¹¹, *adv.*: roundly; quickly, vigorously; plainly, openly. *-deur*¹⁵, *f.*: roundness (rotundity); curve, compass (of timber, etc.); fullness; plain-dealing (openness). *-din*¹⁶, *m.*: round piece of wood, billet; cudgel. *-diner*¹⁷, *tr.*: cudgel. *-de* = *deau*.

rondon = *randon*.

rond-point¹⁷, *m.*: circular centre (for roads and avenues), centre; apsis (of a temple).

ron-flant¹⁵, *adj.*: snoring; high-sounding (sonorous, loud); (*med.*) stertorous. *-flément*¹⁵, *m.*: snoring (snore); snorting; rumbling (roar, boom); humming. *-fler*¹¹ [echoic], *intr.*: snore; snort; rumble (roar, boom); hum. *-fleur*¹⁵, *=euse*, *m.*, *f.*: snorer.

ronge¹¹ [*-ger*], *m.*: (*hunt.*) ruminating: (only in) *faire le* —, ruminate.

ron-geant¹⁷, *adj.*: gnawing; corroding; corrosive. *-ge-maille*, *pl.* —, *m.*: (net-) nibbler, rat. 1. *-ger*¹⁰ [p. L. **rōdicāre* (L. *rōdere*, gnaw)], *tr.*: gnaw (nibble, pick); bite (the nails); champ (the bit); eat away (corrode, wear away); devour (consume, waste); prey upon; fret: *se* —, be gnawed, etc.; gnaw or fret one's self; — *son frein*, champ the bit, fret inwardly, chafe.

2. *-ronger*¹⁰ [p. L. **rūmigāre* (L. *rūmāre*, rāmen, throat)], *intr.*: ruminate.

rongeur¹⁵, *=euse* [*-ger*], *m.*, *f.*: gnawer; (*zool.*) RODENT; (*pop.*) cab by the hour; *adj.*: gnawing, biting; corroding; (*zool.*) rodent.

ron-ron¹⁷ [echoic], *m.*: purr, purring. *-ronner*¹⁵, *intr.*: purr.

roquentin¹⁵ [?], *m.*: fold retired officer; *tr.*: vaudeville singer or song; old fellow affecting to be young (spruce old fellow, old duffer, graybeard).

roquer [*-roc*], *intr.*: ROOK (at chess, castle).

1. *-roquet¹⁵ [Norm. = *-rochet*], *m.*: cloak. 2. *-roquet¹⁵ [?], *m.*: pug-dog; (*fam.*) cur.**

roquette¹⁵ [It. *ruchetta* (L. *eruca*)], *f.*: (*bot.*) rocket.

roquille¹⁵ [?], *f.*: gill (wine measure).

ros¹¹ [OGer. *raus* (= Ger. *rohr*)], *m.*: (*dial.*) reed; weaver's comb (orig. with teeth of reeds).

ro-sace¹⁵ [*-se*], *f.*: (*arch.*) rose-work; rosette; rose (rose-window). *-sacé*¹⁷, *=ée* [L. *-saceus*], *adj.*: rosaceous; *f.*: rosaceous plant (*pl.* rosaceae). *-sage*¹⁵ [L. *-sago*], *m.*: rhododendron, rose-bay; (*dyc.*) rosin; — *des Alpes*, Alpine rose. *-saire* [L. *-sarium*], *m.*: rosary (bead chaplet). *-sat*¹¹ [L. *-satum*], *adj. invar.*: (*pharm.*) of roses, rose.

rosbif¹⁷ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: roast beef.

ro-se¹⁵ [L. *rosa*], *f.*: =; (*arch.*) rose-window; rose-diamond; *adj.*: rosy; *m.*: rose-colour: — *de chien*, dog-rose; — *d'Inde*, African marigold; — *de compas*, — *des vents*, compass card, mariner's card; *aux doigts de* —, rosy-fingered; *diamant en* —, rose-cut diamond. *-sé*, *adj.*: roseate, rosy.

roseau¹¹ [*ros*], *m.*: reed: — *odorant*, sweet-flag; *un* — *peint en fer*, a weak person looking firm.

rose-croix, *pl.* — *s* — [trans. of Ger. *rosenkreuz*], *f.*: Rosicrucian (Knight of the Rose-Cross).

rosée¹⁰ [p. L. **sāta* (L. *rōs*, dew)], *f.*: dew: — *de soleil*, (*bot.*) sun-dew.

roselier, *=ère* [*-seau*], *adj.*: of reeds, reed; *f.*: reed-bank.

roséole¹⁵ [*-se*], *f.*: roseola (rose-rash).

ro-seraie¹⁵ [*-sier*], *f.*: rosery (rose-plot or garden). *-sette*¹¹ [*-se*], *f.*: †little rose; rosette (rose-like knot, badge or ornament); rose-coloured product, red ink, red chalk, red copper: *diamant à* —, rose-diamond. *-sier*¹¹ [*-se*], *m.*: rose-tree, rose-bush. 1. *-sière*¹⁷ [*-se*], *f.*: winner of the rose (the best girl of her village), rose-queen. 2. *-sière*¹⁵ [*-se*], *f.*: (*icht.*) minnow; pink. *-siériste*¹⁵ [*-sier*], *m.*: cultivator of rose-trees. *-son*¹⁵ [*-se*], *m.*: (*arch.*) rose.

ros-se¹⁴ [Ger. *ross*], *f.*: jade, sorry horse; worthless fellow. *-ser*¹⁵, *tr.*: thrash (be-labour, drub): *se* —, belabour each other, fight.

rossi-gnol¹⁰ [p. L. **lusciniolus* (L. *luscinius*)], *m.*: nightingale; pipe (whistle); organ stop; picklock; old-fashioned article (old trumphy, second-hand trash): — *d'Arcadie*, jackass; — *de muraille*, red-start (bird). *-gnoler*¹¹, *intr.*: (*fam.*) imitate the nightingale, pipe.

rossinante¹⁷ [Sp. *Rocinante*, Don Quixote's horse], *m.*, (*f.*): Rocinante, sorry horse.

1. **rossolis**¹⁵ [L. *ros solis*, sun-dew], *m.*: (*bot.*) sun-dew.

2.rossolis¹⁶ [It. *rosolio* (?)], *m.*: = (a liquor).
ros-tral¹⁷ [L. *-tralis*, *adj.*: =. **||-tre**¹⁸ [L. *-trum*], *m.*: rostrum (ship's beak); beak-like ornament; *pl.* rostrum (tribune, platform).
1.rot¹² [-*ter*], *m.*: belch, eructation.
2.rot = *ros*.
rôt¹¹ [-*tir*], *m.*: roast (roast meat); first course: *gros* —, roast joint; *menu* (or *petit*) —, small game.
rotang = *rotin*.
rota-teur¹⁶, **-trice** [L. *-tor* (-*re*, *rotate*)], *adj.*: rotatory; rotating; *m.*: (anat.) rotator; (zool.) rotatory (*pl.* -*ria*), rotifer. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =. **-toire**¹⁵ [L. *-re*], *adj.*: rotatory; *pl.* rotifers.
rôt-de-bif¹⁷ [Eng. *roast beef*], *m.*: roast mutton.
1.rote¹⁰ [I. L. *hrotta* (Celt.)], *f.*: rota (species of zither).
2.rote¹⁵ [I. L. *rota*], *f.*: rota (eccl. court of Rome).
roter⁹ [L. *ructäre*], *intr.*: belch (ERUCTATE).
rô-ti¹² [-*tir*], *part.*: roasted; *m.*: roast (roast meat); first course. **-tie**¹², *f.*: toast (slice of toast).
roti-fère¹⁸ [L. *rota*, wheel, *ferre*, bear], *adj.*: rotiferous; *m.*: rotifer. **-forme** [L. *rota*], *adj.*: rotiform.
rotin¹⁷ [Malay *rotan*], *m.*: rotang (rattancane).
rô-tir¹¹ [OHG. *rostjan*], *tr.*: ROAST, broil; toast (bread); parch, burn: *se* —, roast one's self; be roasted; parch. **-tisseur**¹⁴, **-seuse**, *m., f.*: roaster, cook-shop keeper. **-tissoire**¹⁷, *f.*: roasting screen; Dutch oven.
ro-tonde¹⁶ [L. *-tonda*], *f.*: rotunda; rear part of a stage coach; round cloak. **-tondité**¹⁸ [L. *-tunditas*], *f.*: rotundity (plumpness).
rotule¹⁵ [L. *-tula* (-*ta*, wheel)], *f.*: kneepan (patella).
ro-ture⁹ [L. *ruptūra*, rupture], *f.*: (old) newly broken ground; plebeian state, commonalty. **-turier**¹⁶, = **êre**, *adj.*: plebeian; common (vulgar); *m., f.*: plebeian, commoner. **-turièrement**¹⁴ [-*turier*], *adv.*: as a plebeian; in a plebeian manner; vulgarly.
rouage¹² [roue], *m.*: †wheels (of a carriage); wheelwork (wheels, machinery; movement).
rouan¹⁴, 1. = **anne** [?], *m.*: ROAN.
2.rouan-ne⁹ [p. L. *ruina*], *f.*: branding-iron (marking-iron); (carp.) racing-knife. **-ner**¹², *tr.*: brand, mark. **-nette**¹⁶, *f.*: racing tool.
rouant¹⁶ [rouer], *adj.*: †turning like wheel; (*her.*) with tail expanded.

roublard¹⁸ [?], *adj.*: cunning, shrewd; *m., f.*: shrewd person.
rouche¹⁷ [variant of *ruche*], *f.*: ship's hull.
roucou, -er = *rocou, -er*.
roucou-lement¹⁶, *m.*: cooing. **||-ler**¹⁸ [echoic], *intr.*: coo.
roucouyer = *rocouyer*.
rondou¹⁶ or **redoul** [?], *m.*: sumach (a shrub).
roue⁹ [L. *rota*], *f.*: wheel (wagon-wheel, etc.; torturing instrument): — *à aubes* (or *pales*), paddle-wheel; — *à eau*, water-wheel; — *directrice*, steering wheel; — *striée*, — *en hélice*, screw-wheel, worm-wheel; — *de bois*, wooden wheel; truck; — *de câble* (nav.), coil; — *de champ*, crown-wheel; — *de rencontre*, balance-wheel, scape-wheel; *faire la* —, revolve on its axis; spread its tail (of a bird); show off, flaunt, strut; wheel about; turn a wheel; *mettre à la* —, put on the wheel (to the rack), rack; *pousser à la* —, put one's shoulder to the wheel, help on.
rou-é, -ée [-*e*], *part.*: rounded; broken on the wheel; broken down; beaten; sly, cunning; *m., f.*: roué (rake, profligate); trickster, cunning dealer, or diplomatist. **-elle**¹¹ [-*e*], *f.*: round slice, round.
Rouen, m.: = (town in France). **rouennerie** -*anri*, *f.*: (Rouen) cotton goods, common prints.
rou-er⁹ *rué* [L. *rotäre* (rota, wheel)], *tr.*: round; break on the wheel; break, crush, whip; jade; *intr.*: expand its tail (of birds); (cf. also -*é*, *part.*): — *de coups*, thrash soundly; — *un câble*, coil a cable. **-erie**¹⁸ [-*e*], *f.*: sharp practice, trickery, craft; rakish act. **-ot**¹² [-*e*], *m.*: small wheel; filing wheel; spinning-wheel; (nav.) sheave; †circle: *arquebuse* (or *mousquet*) *à* —, arquebuse with wheel-lock; — *d'arquebuse*, wheel-lock; †être *au* —, be in a circle from which there is no way out. **-ette** [-*et*], *f.*: osier-twig, band.
rouf¹⁸ [Eng. *roof*], *m.*: (nav.) deck-house, round-house.
rou-ge⁹ [L. *rubeus*], *adj.*: red; (blood-red); red-hot; *m.*: red; redness (blush); red paint, (rouge); red-haired fellow; red republican (ultra-radical); shoveller (bird); *f.*: red one; red ball (at billiards): *fer* —, red-hot iron; — *sanguin*, blood-red; — *de garance*, madder; — *anglais*, — *à polir*, jeweller's rouge, polish-powder; — *de Venise*, Venetian red; *chauffé au* —, red-hot; *se mettre du* —, rouge; *se facher tout* — (*adv.*), get seriously angry. **-geâtre**¹⁸, *adj.*: reddish. **-geaud**¹⁶, = **de**, *adj.*: ruddy, red-faced; *m., f.*: red-faced person. **-ge-berd**, *pl.* — *s-s*, *m.*:

bumper (of red wine). **-ge-gorge**¹⁵, pl. —s, m.: robin redbreast. **-geole**⁹ [L. *rubeola], f.: measles (rubeola). **-ge-queue**¹⁵, pl. —s, m.: redstart (red-tail). **-get**¹¹ [-ge], m.: red gurnet, red mullet (fish); harvest-bug. **-gette**¹¹ [-ge], f.: bat. **-geur**¹¹ [-ge], f.: redness (ruddiness); blush (glow, flush, colour); red spot or pimple. **-gir**¹¹ [-ge], intr.: red-den (grow red, blush, colour up); tr.: redden; mix with wine: *faire* —, make blush, put to blush.

roui [-ir], m.: steeping (soaking); fustiness.

rouil-le² [p. L. *rubicula* (L. *rūbigo*; *ruber*, red)], f.: rust (of iron; mildew, blight); rustiness; flaw (smoky spot in mirrors). **-lé** [ler], part.: rusted, rusty; ferruginous (water), etc. **-lement** [-ler], m.: rusting; rustiness. **-ler**¹⁵, tr.: rust (make rusty); blight; impair: *se* —, grow rusty, rust; be blighted. **-leur**, **-euse**, adj.: rusty; rust-coloured; ferruginated. **-lure**¹⁵, f.: rustiness.

rou-ir [OGER. *rotian*, ROT], tr.: RET (as flax, etc.), steep, soak; intr.: be retted. **-issage**¹⁷, m.: retting, steeping, soaking.

rou-lade¹⁵, f.: roll, rolling; (mus.) —; (cook.) collar. **-lage**¹⁵, m.: rolling; wagon transport (of goods); transportation wagon (dray, van); wagoning: *maison* (or *bureau*) de —, wagon-office; *voiture* de —, wagon. **-lant**¹⁵, adj.: rolling; easy (of roads); wheeler; at work (of a press); moving (of a van); m.: (pop.) cab. **-leau**¹⁵ [rôle], m.: roll or roller (cylinder of wood or metal for various purposes: clod-roller, printing roller, rolling-pin, etc.); roll (of paper or parchment, etc., scroll, rouleau; twist of tobacco); coil (of a rope): *plier en* —, roll up; *au bout de son* —, at the end of one's tether; at one's wit's end; — *compresseur* (or *plombeur*), land-roller, field-roller. **-léc**¹⁵, f.: drabbing, thrashing. **-lement**¹⁵, m.: rolling, roll; rumbling; rotation: — *de fonds*, turn-over of money; *capital* (or *fonds*) de —, working capital, cash in hand. **-lé-er**⁹ [p. L. *rotuläre* (L. *rota*, wheel)]; in part. fr. OFr. *roele* = *rouelle*, tr.: roll (roll along, wheel; turn; press with a roller; roll up, wind, wind up; turn over, revolve); pass, pass away; intr.: roll (revolve, tumble); stroll (ramble, wander); succeed by rotation; be plentiful: *se* —, roll one's self, roll; tumble; wallow; wind; fight; roll each other; be rolled, etc.; — *sa vie*, pass one's life; — *ensemble*, roll together; take turns; — *carrosse*, ride in one's carriage, keep a carriage; *faire* —, set or keep going; trundle; *tout le là-dessus*, all turns upon that. **-lotte**¹¹

[*-elle*], f.: caster (furniture wheel); truckle; roller; (*geom.*) cycloid; (*game*) roulette: *comme sur des* —s, as on casters or wheels, smoothly, as of itself. **-leur**¹², **-euse**, m., f.: roller (barrel roller); journeyman workman; (*ent.*) vine-grub; f.: leaf-roller (leaf-rolling caterpillar); street-walker (prostitute). **-lier**¹⁴, **-ère**, *†*adj.: for heavy wagons or drays; m.: wagoner, drayman, carter; f.: wagoner's blouse. **-lis**¹¹, m.: rolling (of a ship, labouring, roll). **-loir**¹³, m.: roller, cylinder. **-lon**¹² [rôle], m.: round piece of wood (rundle, round; baluster; standard of a cart, etc.). **-lotte**¹⁵, m.: gypsy-wagon, emigrant wagon; transportation cart (dray, van).

1.roupie¹² [fr. Hindu], f.: rupee (about 30 cents).

2.rou-pie¹² [?], f.: snivel. **-pieux**¹², **-euse**, adj.: snivelly.

rou-pille¹⁵ [Sp. *ropilla* (*ropa*, robe)], f.: short cloak or jacket. **-piller**¹⁷, intr.: doze (orig. in one's jacket), snooze. **-pit-leur**¹⁷, **-euse**, m., f.: dozer.

roure = *rouvre*.

rous-sâtre¹⁴ [roux], adj.: reddish, ruddy, russet. **-se**, f. of *roux*. **-seau**¹⁵ [roux], adj.: red-haired: m.: red-haired person (red-head). **-selet**¹⁵ [-seau], m.: russet pear. **-sette**¹⁵ [-selet], f.: russet pear; bat; pteropus (wing-mollusk); dogfish. **-seur**¹¹ [roux], f.: redness; freckle.

1.roussi, part. of *-ir*, m.: smell of burning: *sentir le* —, smell burnt; have heretic or bold views (ref. to burned heretics).

2.†roussi [Russie], m.: Russia leather.

†roussin¹⁰ [?], m.: stout horse (cob), cart horse; (pop.) cop, policeman, bobby.

roussir¹² [roux], tr.: redden; burn (scorch, singe); intr.: turn red; be burned, etc.; — *si*, cf. above.

rou-t¹⁵ or *ra-out* [Eng. (Ofr. *-te*)], m.: rout (throng, assembly). **-tailleur**¹⁷ [-te], tr.: track with the deerhound (or bloodhound). **-te**⁹ [L. *rupta* (*rumpere*, break)], f.: road (way, path), route, course; (nav.) course, track, run; †troop: *grande* —, *grand* —, main road, high-road, highway; *en* —, on the road or way; on one's way, off; in progress; go on! *faire* —, travel, go; sail, steam, steer (for); *porter à* —, make a straight course; *rester en* —, remain behind; *feuille de* —, (milit.) marching chart; way-bill (of coaches, etc.). **-tier**¹¹, **-ère**, adj.: of roads, road-; m.: road-book; (nav.) tract chart; †trooper; †marauder; adventurer, tramp. *carte -tière*, road-map; *locomotive -tière*, road locomotive; *vieux* —, old stager, old blade; old hand. **-time**¹⁵

f.: =; rote. **-tiner**¹⁰ [*-tine*], *tr.*: accustom, drill. **-tinier**¹⁷, =**ère** [*-tine*], *adj.*: acting by routine, of routine, routine; *m. f.*: routinist.

routoir¹⁵ [*rouir*], *m.*: retting-pond.

rouverin [*?*], *adj. (m.)*: (metal) hot, short, brittle.

rouvieur¹⁷ [*?*], *m.*: mange; *adj.*: mangy.

rouvre⁹ [*L. robur*], *m.*: white oak.

rouvrir¹⁵ [*re, ouvrir*], *irr.*; *tr.*: reopen.

roux, =**sse**⁹ [*L. rousus*], *adj.*: reddish (red bordering on yellow, rufous, carrot, russet); tawny; red-haired; nipping (wind); *m.*, *f.*: red-haired person; *m.*: (yellowish) red, russet; (cook.) roux (browned butter).

roux-vieux = **rouvieux**.

roy-al⁹, =**le** [*L. régalis (rex, king)*], *adj.*:

= (regal, kingly); *f.*: chin tuft (imperial).

-alement¹², *adv.*: royally. **-alisme**¹⁷,

m.: royalism. **-aliste**¹⁰, *adj. or m., f.*:

royalist. **-aume**⁹ [*p. L. †regalimen*], *m.*:

kingdom, REALM. **-auté**⁹ [*p. L. †regalitas*],

f.: royalty; *marques de* —, regalia; *payer sa* —, regale one's guests.

ru⁹ [*L. rivus*], *m.*: (dial.) brook; channel.

ruade¹⁴ [*ruer*], *f.*: kick (of horses), kicking.

ru-bacé¹⁷, **-bacelle**, **-bicelle** [root of *rubis*], *f.*: rubicelle.

ru-ban¹² [*?*], *m.*: RIBBON; (arch.) bending:

— *d'eau*, (bot.) bur-reed; — *de fil*,

tape; — *rouge*, red ribbon (badge of the

Legion of Honour); canon d —, wire(d)

gun-barrel; — *de la glotte*, — *s* *vocaux*,

vocal chords. **-bané** [*-baner*], *part.*:

ribboned; striped (streaked); ribbon-like:

canon —, Woodbridge gun. **-baner**, *tr.*:

trim with ribbons, ribbon; wire, wrap (in

gun-smithery). **-banerie**¹⁷, *f.*: ribbon

trade or industry; ribbons. **-banier**¹³,

=**ère**, *m., f.*: ribbon-weaver or seller;

*adj.*¹³: of ribbons, ribbon. †**-banté**¹⁶,

adj.: trimmed with ribbons.

rubarbe = *rhubarbe*.

rubé-faction¹⁸, *f.*: (med.) rubefaction.

-fiant¹⁷, *adj. or m.*: (med.) rubefacient.

|| **-fior**¹⁴ [*L. rube-facere*, make red], *tr.*:

(med.) rubify. **-ole** [*L. -ola*], *f.*: cross-

wort; rubeola (measles).

Rubens, *m.*: Rubens (the painter).

rubescant¹⁵ [*L. -cens (ruber, red)*],

adj.: =.

rubiacées¹⁷ [*L. -bia (-beus, red)*; madder],

f. pl.: rubiacées.

rubican¹⁵ [*It., Sp. rubicano (rabo, tail,*

cano, white)], *adj. (m.)*: = (white-spotted);

m.: rubican colour.

ru-bicund¹³ [*L. -bicundus (ruber, red)*],

adj.: rubicund. **-bigineux**, =**ense**

[*L. -biginosa*], *adj.*: rubiginous, ferru-

ginated. **-bine**¹⁵ [root *ru-* of *ruber*], *f.*:

(chem.) ruby. **-bis**¹¹ [*L. ruber*], *m.*: ruby; jewel (of a watch); (fam.) pimple;

rum-blossom: — *sur l'ongle*, to the last

drop (in drinking); to the last farthing,

exactly (of paying); *monté sur* —, (horol.)

jewelled. **-bricaire**¹⁵ [*-brigue*], *m.*: rubri-

cian, rubricist. **-bricateur**¹⁵ [*-brigue*],

m.: manuscript illuminator. **-brique**¹²

[*L. -brico*], *f.*: red chalk; rubric (title,

etc., in red; rule or statute in red; head-

ing; rule; method).

ru-che⁹ [*p. L. *rūsa (fr. Celt.)*], *f.*: (bee-)

hive; swarm; honeycomb; RUCHE (gof-

fered lace looking like the cells of a

honeycomb, frilling, frill): *châtrer une*

—, cut away the comb and honey from a

hive; — *marine*, sponge full of aquatic

animals. **-chée**, *f.*: hiveful, hive.

1. **-cher**¹³, *m.*: apiary, bee-house.

2. **-cher**¹⁵, *tr.*: goffer, frill.

rudanier¹⁶, =**ère** [old proverb *à rude*

âne, rude ânier], *adj.*: (pop.) surly (cross-

grained, churlish).

ru-de¹² [*L. -dis*], *adj.*: = (uncultured;

rough, coarse, rugged, harsh, disagree-

able); severe (rigid, strict); difficult,

(hard, painful); fierce (formidable; bold);

extreme, remarkable; *m.*: (pop.) handy:

— *épreuve*, severe trial; *des temps* — *s*,

hard times. **-dement**¹², *adv.*: roughly,

etc. (cf. *-de*).

rudon-té¹⁵ [*L. -s, rope*], *intr.*: (arch.)

cabled (of columns). **-ture**¹⁶ [*L. -s*], *f.*:

= (cabling).

rudéral¹⁵ [*L. -dus, rubbish*], *adj.*: grow-

ing in rubbish.

ru-desse¹² [*-de*], *f.*: rudeness; roughness

(harshness, coarseness, ruggedness); se-

verity (rigidness; austerity); fierceness;

rude thing; coarse thing. **-diment**¹⁶ [*L.*

-dimentum], *m.*: rudiment.

-dimentaire¹³ [*-diment*], *adj.*: rudimentary.

-doyer¹⁵ [*-de*], *tr.*: treat roughly or

harshly, ill-treat; bully; speak harshly to.

1. **rué**⁹ [*L. rūtū*], *f.*: = (a plant).

2. **ru-e**⁹ [*L. rūga, wrinkle (p. L. furrow,*

road)], *f.*: street (of a city): — *barrée*!

no thoroughfare! — *écartée*, back street;

— *passante*, much frequented street; *cour-*

rir les — *s*, run the streets; be current, be

in everybody's mouth; be very common; *les*

— *en sont parées*, it is as common as dirt.

-elle¹², *f.*: narrow street (lane, alley);

space between the bed and the wall (bed-

side); alcove (esp. lady's cabinet or re-

ception room), lady's select circle (cf.

†Eng. ruelle). **-eller**¹⁷, *tr.*: trench (a

vineyard).

r-u-er⁹ [*p. L. *rūtāre (L. rūere)*], †*tr.*:

hurl; (ref.) hurl one's self, rush; *intr.*:

kick (of horses). **-neur**¹², =**ense**, *adj.*:

kicking; *m., f.*: kicker.

ruffian¹³ or **-fien** [ʔ], m.: rake (debauchee); pander (pimp).
rugi-ne¹⁵ [L. -na], f.: (surg.) = (raspatorium). **-ner**¹⁵, tr.: (surg.) scrape.
ru-gir¹¹ [L. -gire], intr.: roar. **-gis-sant**¹⁵, adj.: roaring. **-gisement**¹⁵, m.: roar(ing).
ru-gosité¹⁵ [L. -goritas], f.: rugosity; wrinkle. **||-gueux**¹⁵, **-euse** [-gosus (-ga, wrinkle)], adj.: rugose (wrinkled); m.: needle (of a fuse).
ru-ne¹³ [L. -na], f.: ruin (wreck, destruction; disaster). **-ner**¹³, tr.: ruin (destroy); intr.: be ruinous; se —, be ruined, go to ruin; ruin one's self or one another. **-neur**¹⁵, **-euse**, m.: ruiner. **-neuse-ment**¹⁵, adv.: ruinously. **-neur**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: ruinous; in ruins.
ruis-seau⁹ [p. L. rivicellus (L. rivus)], m.: rivulet (stream, brook). **-seler**¹⁵, intr.: stream (run); run down, trickle. **†-sclot**¹¹, m.: brooklet.
rum = **rhum**.
rumb¹⁴ um = **o** [Gr. *rómbos*, wheel], m.: rhumb; — *de vent*, rhumb-line.
rumen [L.], m.: = (first stomach of ruminants, paunch).
rumeur⁹ [L. *rūmor*], m.: rumour (report); noise, (†Eng. rumour, murmur, hum; clamour); uproar (stir).
rumex [L.], m.: (bot.) = dock.
rumi-nation¹⁸, f.: =. **||-ner**¹² [L. -nare], intr.: ruminate (chew the cud; muse, ponder).
ru-nes [Swed. *runa*], f. pl.: runes (signs or letters in the early alphabets of Norse, Gothic, etc.). **-nique**, adj.: runic. **-nologie**, f.: runology. **-nologue**, m.: runologist.
ruotte [rue], f.: trench, water-furrow.
ru-pestre [L. *rupes*, rock], adj.: growing in rocks. **-picole** [L. *cola*, dweller], adj.: living on rocks; m.: rupicola (a bird).
rapin [ʔ], m.: (vulg.) swell; adj.: swell (stylish).
rapture¹¹ [L. -tura], f.: = (breaking, bursting, fracture); (paint.) mixing of colours.
rura-l¹³ [L. -lis], adj.: =. **-lement**¹⁵, adv.: rurally. **-lité**, f.: rurality, ruralness.
ru-se¹¹, f.: = (artifice, trick, wile, fraud, plot; dodge). **-se**¹¹, adj.: crafty (cunning, sly, shrewd). **||-ser**¹¹ [L. *recusare*, refuse], intr.: use artifice (or cunning, use stratagem, shuffle, shift, dodge). **-seur**, **-euse**, m., f.: shuffler, wily person, trickster.
rus-se, adj. or m., f.: Russian. **Russie**, f.: Russia. **-sianisation**, **-sification**, f.: Russification. **-sianiser**, **-sifier**, tr.: russify.

rus-taud¹⁵, **-aude** [-te], adj.: rustic (boorish, coarse); m., f.: rustic. **-taudem-ment**¹⁵ [-taud], adv.: rustically. **-tauderie**¹⁵ [-taud], f.: rusticity, boorishness. **†-te**, f.: (her.) rustre. **-tité**¹⁴ [L. -ticitas], f.: rusticity, boorishness. **||-tique**¹¹ [L. -ticus (rus, country)], adj.: rustic (rural; coarse; boorish); (agr.) hardy; m.: (arch.) rustic order; rustic (peasant). **-tiquement**¹⁵, adv.: rustically. **-tiquer**¹⁵, tr.: (arch.) rusticate (jag out); †intr.: rusticate (go into the country). **-tre**¹⁵, adj.: boorish; m.: rustic (boor, clodhopper, churl); (her.) rustre. **-trerie** [-tre], f.: boorishness.
rut¹³ [L. *rugitus*, roaring], m.: = (rutting; rutting-season).
ruti-lant, adj.: = (shining, brilliant). **||-ler** [L. -lare (-lus, red)], intr.: †Eng. rutilate (shine).
rutoir = **rouitoir**.
rythm ... = **rhythm** ...

S

s se, m., or older **ess**, f. [L.]: s (the letter).
s', see **se**.
sa, see **1. son**.
sabba-t¹¹ [L. -tum, Hebr., 'rest'], m.: Sabbath (seventh day of the week; sabbatic year; annual meeting of witches); uproar; (pop.) brawling, racket. **-tine**¹⁵, f.: examination (held Saturday at end of the first year). **-tique**¹⁵, adj.: sabbatical: *année* —, seventh year (when the fields lay idle and debts were cancelled among the ancient Jews). **-tisme**, m.: sabbatism, keeping of a rest day.
sabéen, **-enne** [Syriac *tsaba*, bathing], adj. or m., f.: Sabian. **sabéisme** [Syriac *tsaba*], m.: Sabianism (Christian sect); (erroneously) religion of star-worshippers, etc.
sabine¹⁵ [L. -na], f.: SAVIN (juniper).
†sabisme, see **sabisme**.
1. sable¹¹ [Pol. *saból*], m.: = (marten; black colour in bearings).
2. sa-ble⁹ [L. -b(u)lum], m.: sand; coarse sand; gravel; mould for coin: *semer sur le* —, have one's work for nothing; *avoir de — aux yeux*, be sleepy; *jeter en* —, to mould, cast; (fig.) gulp down a glass of wine. **-blé** [-bler], adj.: sanded; m.: hamster rat; kind of cake: *fontaine sablée*, sand filter; *pièces sablées*, coins cast in sand. **-bler**¹⁵, tr.: sand, cover with sand; cast mould in sand: (fig.) — *un verre de vin*, drink a glass of wine at one toss, suddenly (as the moulder casts into the mould). **-bleux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. -bulo-

sus, *adj.*: sandy (hav'g sand, or looking like sand). -**blîer**¹⁶, *m.*: sand-glass, hour-glass; sand-box. 1.-**lière**¹⁶, *f.*: sand-pit.

2.-**sablière**¹⁸ [?], *f.*: =, raising-piece, wall-plate (timber supporting the heels of other timbers).

sa-blou¹⁶ [L. *-bulo*], *m.*: fine sand. -**blon-ner**¹⁴, *tr.*: scour (with sand); sprinkle with sand in soldering. -**blonneur**¹¹, -**ense**, *adj.*: sandy; gritty. -**blonnier**¹⁰, 1.-**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: seller of sand. 2.-**blon-nière**¹², *f.*: sand-pit.

saber-**d**¹⁴ [?], *m.*: gunport, port-hole. -**dor**¹⁸, *tr.*: pierce (with port-holes).

sabo-**t**¹² [?], *m.*: = (wooden shoe; wood of projectiles; hoof; socket, foot (of tables, etc.); brake (to hold wheels); top (toy); screechy fiddle, shoe-shaped bathtub: *avoir du foïn dans ses* —s, be rich (though seeming poor); *dormir comme un* —, sleep like a top. -**tage** [-*ter*], *m.*: business or manufacture of sabots. -**ter**¹², *intr.*: walk noisily; shoe (stakes, etc.); slash the work through, turn out poor work fast; spin a top. -**tier**¹⁵, 1.-**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: maker or wearer of sabots; *f.*: dance (in wooden shoes); workshop (where sabots are made).

†2.-**sabotière** = *sarbotière*.

sabouler¹⁶ [?], *tr.*: (pop.) touse, pull about; scold.

sabre¹⁶ [Ger. *säbel*], *m.*: =, broadsword: —**brûquet**, short sword (for infantry).

sabre-**nas**¹⁶ or **†-naud** [?], *m.*: †cob-ber; rough or careless workman. -**nas-ser** or **†-nauder**, *tr.*: do roughly.

sa-brer¹⁶ [-*bre*], *tr.*: sabre, strike with sabre; cancel out; botch, do fast but ill, slash. -**brstache**¹⁸ [Ger. *säbel-tasche*], *f.*: = (leather pocket hung fr. the sword-belt). -**breur**¹⁷, *m.*: (fam.) good fighter (but no strategist); slashing workman.

sabur-**ral**¹⁸, *pl.* -**aux**, *adj.*: =. ||-**re**¹⁸, -**bur** [L. -*ra*, sand, esp. ballast], *f.*: saburra, foulness, heaviness (fr. indigestion).

1.-**sac**¹⁶ [L. -*ceus*], *m.*: sack (pouch; bag; knapsack); loose coat; sack-cloth; sac; (fam.) belly: *course en* —, sack race; — *de procès*, batch of legal papers: *vider son* —, have one's say out; *trousser* or *prendre son* — *et ses quilles*, pack one's duds and be off; *mettre dans son* —, take an affront without being able to resent it; *gens de* — *et de corde*, rascals; *mettre au* —, bring to close quarters; *avoir la tête dans un* —, not to know what is going on.

2.-**sac**¹⁸ [?], *m.*: pillage, sacking (of a conquered town).

sacca-**de**¹⁵ [OFr. *saquer*, pull], *f.*: jerk (with a rein); shake; rebuke, scolding; (fig.) sudden start. -**dor**¹⁸, *tr.*: jerk.

sac-**cage**¹⁶ [sac], *m.*: pillaging; sacking. †-**cagement**¹⁵, *m.*: sacking, plunder. -**cager**¹⁴, *tr.*: pillage, sack; throw into confusion. -**cageur**¹⁵, -**ense**, *m.*, *f.*: pillager.

sacca-**rate**¹⁸ [L. -*rum*, SUGAR], *m.*: = (oxide and sugar). -**rifère** [L. *ferre*, bear], *adj.*: sacchariferous. -**rifier** [L. *facere*, make], *tr.*: convert to sugar. -**ri-mètre**¹⁸ [Gr. *mêtron*, measure], *m.*: saccharimeter. -**rin**¹⁷, -**ine**, *adj.*: saccharine, of sugar. -**rique**¹⁸, *adj.*: acide —, saccharic acid.

sacciforme [L. -*ceus*, forma], *adj.*: (bot.) bagged.

sacer-**doce**¹⁴ [L. -*dotium*], *m.*: priest-hood; clergy. -**dotal**¹⁵, *pl.* -**aux** [L. -*dotalis*], *adj.*: =, priestly.

sachée¹² [sac], *f.*: sackful.

sachem [Am. Indian word], *m.*: = (hereditary counsellor, chief).

sa-**chet**¹¹ [-*c*], *m.*: little sack; esp. scent-bag. -**coche**¹⁶ [It. -*ccoccia*], *f.*: saddle-bags; money-bag.

sacramen-**taire**¹⁶ [L. -*tum*, sacrament], *m.*: sacramentary (book of rites and rituals). -**tal**¹⁵, *pl.* -**aux**, or **†-tel**, -**elle** [L. -*talis*], *adj.*: sacramental: *mots sacramentaux* or *paroles sacramentelles*, decisive words. -**talement**¹³ or **†-telle-ment**, *adv.*: sacramentally. 1.-**sacre**¹¹ [L. *sacrum*, sacred], *m.*: anointing, ceremony of induction (into office of king, bishop, etc.).

2.-**sacre**¹³ [Ar. *qagr*], *m.*: saker (falcon); villain; five-pound cannon.

sa-**cré**¹¹, *adj.*: sacred; (pop.) "blessed" (euphemistic for damned), confounded; *m.*: sacred thing. -**crement**¹¹ or -**ker** [L. -*cremen-tum*], *m.*: sacrament (rite of the church; marriage, confirmation, the Lord's supper); monsterness, ostensory: *fréquenter les* —s, go often to confession; *recevoir tous les* —s, take the last sacraments. ||-**crer**¹¹ [L. -*crare*], *tr.*: set apart as sacred, consecrate; anoint; *intr.*: swear.

sacret¹⁵ [2.-*cre*], *m.*: male saker; sakeret (falcon).

sacri- [L. *sacer*, sacred]: -**ficat**¹⁵, -**trice** [L. -*ficator* (*facere*, make)], *m.*, *f.*: sacrificer, priest. -**fiature**¹⁵, *f.*: office of sacrificer. -**fice**¹¹ [L. -*ficium*], *m.*: = (offering; eucharist; loss). -**fier**¹¹ [L. -*ficare*], *tr.*: sacrifice (offer up; throw away; give up; forsake). 1.-**lège**¹¹ [L. -*legium* (*legere*, gather), robbing of a temple], *m.*: sacrilege (abuse, violation of holy things; any great outrage). 2.-**lège**¹² [L. -*legus*], *m.*, *f.*: profaner; impious person. -**lègement**¹⁵, *adv.*: profanely; sacrilegiously.

sacripant¹² [It. character *Sacripante* in a play], m.: bully, swaggerer.

sacris-tain¹¹ [L. *-ianus*], m.: sacristan, SEXTON. **-tie**¹³ [L. *-tia* (L. *sacer*)], f.: sacristy (robing room, where also sacred vessels are kept); church plate; church fees. **-tine**¹⁶, f.: vestry-woman (of a nunnery).

sacro-saint¹⁵ [L. *sacrosanctus*, adj.: sacrosanct (very holy). **sacrum** [L. *os sacrum*, lit., sacred bone], m.: = (tail bone).

sa-de⁶ [L. *sapidus*, adj.: tasty, agreeable. **-dinet**¹⁴, **-ette**, adj.: pretty.

sadu-céen, **-enne** [Heb., 'sons of Zadok'], m. or adj.: Sadducee. **-céisme**, m.: Sadduceism.

saette = **salette**.

1. safran¹⁶ [?], m.: rudder (of a helm).

2. sa-fran¹¹ [L. *-franium*, fr. Ar. 'yellow'], m.: saffron (the flower; the colour). **-franer**¹⁶, tr.: make yellow. † **franie**¹⁵, **-ière**, m., f.: bankrupt.

1. safre¹¹ [?], adj.: (pop.) greedy, ravenous (for food).

2. safre¹¹ [? L. *saphirum*], m.: saffer (blue pigment).

saga [Ger. *sage*], m.: = (mythic legend, heroic tradition among Germanic peoples).

sa-gae¹⁵ [L. *-gax*, adj.: sagacious, shrewd. **-gacité**¹⁵ [L. *-gacitas*], f.: sagacity (sagaciousness, keenness; shrewdness).

sa-ge¹⁹ [L. **sapius*, for L. *-piens*, adj.: = (wise); expert; well-behaved (good); discreet; sober; prudent, modest; m.: wise man, sage. **-ge-femme**¹⁸ **-fam**, pl. **-s**, f.: midwife. **-gement**¹¹, adj.: wisely, prudently, etc. **-gesse**¹², f.: wisdom; prudence; goodness; modesty; docility; sobriety.

† **sa-(g)ette**⁶ [L. *-gitta*], f.: arrow; (bot.) arrow-head. **1. gittaire**¹¹ [L. *-gittarius*], m.: archer (bowman; constellation Sagittarius); f.: sagittaria (herb of the water-plantain family). **-gittal**¹⁵ [L. *-gitta*], adj.: = (arrowlike; straight).

-gitté¹⁸ [L. *-gittatus*], adj.: sagittate; arrow-like.

sagou¹⁷ [E. Indian word], m.: sago, arrow-root: — **blanc**, tapioca. **sagouier**¹⁸, m.: sago-palm (tree).

sagouin¹⁶, **-ine** [Braz. *çagoni*, monkey], m., f.: saguin, tete (monkey); lazy lout, slovenly person.

† **sagoutier** = **sagouier**.

s-agum¹⁷ [L.], m.: =, Roman military cloak. **1. -aie**¹⁵ [L. *-agum*], f.: sagum; † say; (16th century serge).

2. saie¹⁶ [for *soie*], f.: goldsmith's brush.

sai-gnant¹², adj.: bleeding; (cooked) rare. **-gnée**¹¹, f.: bleeding (blood-let-

ting; fig. extortion, heavy payment, over-reaching); blood (drawn by bleeding); bend of the arm (where the vein is opened); drain; drainage.

-gnement¹⁵, m.: hemorrhage, flow of blood (fr. wounds, fr. the nose, etc.). **-gner**⁶ [L. *sanguinare* (sanguis, blood)], intr., tr.: bleed; drain; extort money. **-gner**¹², **-ense**, m., f.: bleeder. **-gneur**¹⁵, **-euse**, adj.: bloody.

sail-lant¹¹, **-ante**, adj.: salient (prominent; noticeable; turned outward); m.: salient (angle); her. rearing; striking thing; strong point in one's character. **-lie**¹¹, f.: sally; rush; dash; witticism; prominence, projection. **-lir**⁶ [L. *salire*, jump], irr. *impers.* §; intr.: project, jut out; (point.) stand out; *reg. intr.*: gush out; (of animals) leap, cover; (cf. *jaillir*). § Ind.: Pr. *il saillit*. Ipt. *il saillait*. Pret. *il saillit*. Fut. (Cond.) *il saillera*(nt). — Subj.: Pr. *il saillie*. Ipt. *il saillisse*. — Part.: Pr. *sail-lant*: P. *sailli*.

sain⁶ [L. *sanus*, adj.: SOUND; well; sane; healthful; m.: well man. **-bois**¹⁸ [bois], m.: daphne, spurge-laurel.

saindoux¹⁵ [Ofr. *sain* (L. *sagina*), fat, Fr. *doux*], m.: lard.

sainement¹⁹ [sain], adv.: well, wholesomely; sensibly. **sainfoin**¹⁵ [sain, foin], m.: = (forage herb).

saint⁶, **sainte** [L. *s Sanctus*], adj.: saint (holy; canonized; saintly; godly); m., f.: saint; m.: holy place (of the Jewish tabernacle): — *des* — *s*, holy of holies; God; — *de bois*, hypocrite; *le — du jour*, a newly rich or exalted man; *prêcher pour son —*, have an ax to grind; *la Saint-Jean*, St. John's day, Midsummer; *le saint Jean*, St. John; *le Saint-Jean*, St. John's church; *mal — Jean* (or *de —*), epilepsy; *feu — Antoine*, erysipelas: — *nitouche*, santimonious person.

saint-augustin¹⁴, m.: English (type).

sainte-anne, m.: Belgian marble.

sainte-barbe¹⁶, pl. — [*Barbe*, patroness of gunners], f.: ship's powder-magazine, or gun-room. **sainement**¹¹ [sain], adv.: sacredly, saintly. **sainteté**¹¹ [L. *sanctitas*], f.: holiness, sacredness; *Sainteté*, Holiness (as title).

saint-germain, pl. —, m.: kind of pear.

saint-simonien, **-enne** [Fr. writer St. Simon], m., f.: St. Simonian, socialist.

saique [fr. Turk.], f.: saic, coasting vessel.

sais, sait, forms of *savoir*.

sai-si¹⁵ **sé**, **-ie**, m., f.: person distrained (by law). **-ie**, f.: seizure; levy; attachment; execution. **-sie-arrêt**, pl. **-s**, f.: attachment (on property).

-sie-brandon, pl. **-s**, f.: levy (on growing crops). **-sie-exécution**, pl. **-s**, f.: levy (on furniture). **-sie-gagerie**, pl. **-s**, f.: levy (on personal property

for rent). **-sie-revendication**, *pl.* — *s* —, *f.*: attachment (on personal property pending suit on the claim). **-sine**¹¹, *f.*: (*leg.*) seizin (act of taking possession); (*nav.*) seizing (lashing together of ropes). **||-sir**¹⁰ [*L. ad proprium sacrie*, take possession of (? OHG. *satjan set*)], *tr.*: SEIZE (clutch; grasp suddenly; take hold of; comprehend; take possession of); put in possession of; bind, unite, lash together; distract by levy or execution; strike, surprise: *se* —, empower one's self of; take up, lay hold; be affected. **-sir-arreter** (**-sir-brandonner**, **-sir-revendiquer**), *tr.*: seize by attachment or garnishment (by levy on crops; by levy pending litigation). **-sissable**¹⁵, *adj.*: attachable, subject to levy. **-sissant**¹⁵, *ante, adj.*: striking; keen; *m., f.*: distrainer. **-sissement**¹², *m.*: seizing; chill; shock; surprise.

saison⁹ [*L. satio*, sowing], *f.*: SEASON (part of the year; right time; epoch: *la — nouvelle*, spring; *l'arrière- —*, fall; *la mauvaise —*, winter; *la morte —*, season when ground doesn't produce; (*fig.*) dull times; *de —*, apropos, well timed; *en pleine —*, in its prime).

1. salade¹⁴ [*It. celata* fr. *L. calata* (sc. *cassia*), engraved (helmet)], *f.*: sallet (old-style helmet); soldier wearing a sallet.

2. sa-lade [*Prov. saladà* or *Fr. saler*], *f.*: salad (the dish; vegetable used for salad).

-ladier¹⁶, *m.*: salad dish; basket for handling lettuce, etc. **-lage**¹² [*-ler*], *m.*: salting. **-laire**¹² [*L. -larium*], *m.*: salary, reward. **-laison**¹⁴ [*-ler*], *f.*: salting, pickling; salt meat, etc.

salamalec¹⁵ [*Ar.*, 'salute to you'], *m.*: (*humor.*) salutation; profound bow.

salamandre¹¹ [*L., Gr. -dra*], *f.*: salamander (as spirit, is *m.* or *f.*).

salangane¹⁷ [*Philippine word*], *f.*: =, sea-swallow (having edible nest).

sa-lant¹⁵ [*-ler*], *adj.*: *m.*: marais (*puits*) —, salt marsh (well). **-lariat**¹⁵, *m.*: salaried position. **-larié**, = *ée*, *m., f.*: salaried person. **||-lariér**¹⁴ [*-laire*], *tr.*: pay (a salary to).

sa-laud¹⁵, = *ande*, *m., f.*: dirty person. **-le**¹² [*OHG. -lo*, dull], *adj.*: filthy, foul; indecent; *m., f.*: low, dirty person; dull colour.

salé [*-ler*], *m.*: SALT-pork; *adj.*: salted, salty; biting; sarcastic; (*fam.*) coarse, rank; *m.*: salt-pork.

salement¹⁵ [*-le*], *adv.*: nastily, slovenly.

salep¹⁷ [*Ar.*], *m.*: = (kind of arrow-root).

sa-ler¹² [*-sel*, infl. by *L. -lire*], *tr.*: salt, season with salt; overreach. **-leron**¹⁴ [*-lière*], *m.*: bowl (of a salt-cellar).

saleté¹⁵ [*-le*], *f.*: dirtiness; filth; obscenity; filthy thing.

salenr¹⁵, = *ense* [*-ler*], *m., f.*: salter.

sali-caire¹⁵ [*L. -x*], *f.*: purple willow.

-cariées [*fr. l. L.*], *f. pl.*: salicaceae, willow family. **-cine** [*L. -x*], *f.*: salicin (compound made fr. willow bark).

salicoque¹⁵ [*?*], *f.*: prawn, small sea crayfish.

salicor(ne)¹⁵ [*? Ar.*], *f.*: saltwort (*fr.* which soda is obtained).

1. saliens [*L. -lii*, leapers], *adj. pl.*: salian; *m.*: Salian, dancing priest of Mars.

2. saliens [*river Saale*], *adj. m. pl.*: of Salian Franks, Salic.

sa-lière¹² [*L. sal*, salt], *f.*: = (salt-cellar); eye-pit (by horse's eyes); pit by collarbone (of thin persons). **-lifère** [*L. ferre*, carry], *adj.*: salt-bearing, saliferous.

-lifable¹⁵ [*-lifer*], *adj.*: =, capable of forming a salt, by combining. **-lifer**¹⁵ [*L. facere*, make], *tr.*: salify, combine to form a salt.

saligand¹⁵, = *ande* [*-le*], *m., f.*: slovenly person.

sa-lignon⁹ [*p. L. *linio* (*L. -linus*, salty)], *m.*: SALT-cat (salty cake for pigeons). **||-lin**¹⁵, *1. -line* [*L. sal*], *adj.*: saline, salty; *m.*: salt-marsh; raw salt; crude potash. **2. -line**⁹ [*L. -lina*], *f.*: salt-works; salt-pit. **3. -line** [*sel*], *f.*: saltfish; saltmeat. **-linier**¹⁵, = *ière* [*2. -line*], *m., f.*: salt-maker.

salique [*cf. saliens*], *adj.*: Salic: *loi —*, Salic law (excluding women fr. the throne).

sa-lir¹² [*-le*], *tr.*: soil; dirty; tarnish; make dull: *se —*, become foul or filthy; stain one's fair name. **-lissant**¹⁵, *adj.*: soiling easily. **-lissur**¹⁵, *f.*: (*pop.*) slut, slattern. **-lissure**¹⁵, *f.*: soil (filth; dirt).

sali-vaire¹⁵ [*L. -varius*], *adj.*: salivary.

-vation¹⁵ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: =. **sal-ve**¹⁷ [*L. -va*], *f.*: saliva, spit. **-ver**¹⁵ [*L. -vare*], *intr.*: spit much, be salivated.

sal-le¹⁰ [*OHG. sal*, house], *m.*: large room; parlor; hall; large public room; dining-room; ward (of a hospital); gallery; arbor, chamber: — *d'asile*, day nursery where infants may be left for the day (*cf. salon*). **-leran**¹⁷, = *ane*, *m., f.*: paper-maker.

sal-migondis¹⁵ [*?*], *m.*: salmagundi (dish of many ingredients, pot-pourri). **-mis**¹⁷ [shorter form], *m.*: salmi (dish of game roasted, then minced, then cooked with wine).

saloir¹³ [*-ler*], *m.*: salting-tub.

salon¹⁵ [*-lle*], *m.*: = (large and elegant room; drawing-room; reception house; art gallery; exposition); fashionable society.

salo-pe¹⁰ [? ak. to Eng. *slop*], *adj.*: (pop.) untidy; *f.*: slut, slattern; shameless woman. **-pement**¹⁷, *adv.*: (fam.) slovenly. **-perie**¹⁴, *f.*: (fam.) slovenliness; coarse talk; slop goods.

salorge¹⁶ [L. *sal*, SALT (? Fr. *orge*)], *m.*: loaf of salt.

salpê-trage¹⁸, *m.*: saltpetering, nitrification, formation of saltpeter. **||salpê-tre**¹³ [L. *sal petra*, salt of the rock], *m.*: saltpeter, nitre; gunpowder: (fam.) *de* —, very quick, very lively. **-trêr**¹⁷, *tr.*: treat (so as to form saltpeter), nitrify form saltpeter rot: *se* —, show saltpeter rot. **-trêrie**, *f.*: saltpeter works. **-trêur**, **-euse**, *adj.*: hav'g or showing saltpeter, saltpetrous. **-trier**¹⁴, *m.*: saltpeter maker. **-triêre**¹⁶, *f.*: saltpeter pit, or works: *la Salpêtrière*, hospital for aged women (on the site of ancient nitre-beds).

salpicon [Sp.], *m.*: =, stuffing of chopped bread, cooked meats, etc.

salsepareille¹⁶ [It. *salsapariglia*], *f.*: sarsaparilla, smilax.

salsifis¹⁶ [It. *salsifraga*], *m.*: salsify, vegetable oyster: — *de près*, goat's-beard; — *noir* or *d'Espagne*, viper's-grass.

sal-tarelle [It. *tarella*], *f.*: saltarello, quick Italian dance. **-tation**¹³ [L. *-tatio*, leaping], *f.*: = (breaking into lively motion). **-tigrade** [L. *-tus*, a leap, *gradi*, walk], *adj.*: = (moving by jumps). **-timbanque**¹⁶ [It. *-timbanco*], *m.*: saltimbanco, street-faker.

†saluade¹⁶ [ak. to *-luer*], *f.*: bow, salute.

salu-bre¹⁴ [L. *-bris*], *adj.*: salubrious, healthful. **-brement**, *adv.*: wholesomely. **-brité**¹⁶ [L. *-britas*], *f.*: salubrity, wholesomeness.

saluer⁹ [L. *-lutâre*], *tr.*: salute; greet, send greetings to; proclaim: *se* —, bow to each other.

salure¹⁷ [*-ler*], *f.*: saltiness, saltiness.

salu-té⁹ [L. *salus*, health], *m.*: SAFETY; salvation; salute; greeting; chanted evening prayers. **-taire**¹³ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*: salutary: *le Salutaire*, the Saviour. **-tairement**¹⁶ [*-taire*], *adv.*: healthfully. **-tation**¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =, greetings: *la — angélique*, the Ave Maria.

†sal-vage¹⁴ [L. *-vare*, to save], *m.*: droit *de* —, law or right of salvage; cf. *sauvage*. **-vans**¹⁶, *pl.* — [L. *salva nos*, SAVE us], *m.*: life buoy. **-vation**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =; *pl.*: rejoinder, (old) lawyer's answers to objections. **1.-ve**¹⁵ [It. *salva*], *f.*: salvo (salute by many guns; general discharge; fig. round of applause). **2.-ve**¹⁶ or **-vé** [L. *-ve*], *m.*: *dire un Salvé* or *Salve Regina*, say the prayer to the Virgin. **3.-ve**¹⁶ [Sp. *-va*], *f.*: saucer; salver.

samblen [*sang de Dieu*], *interj.*: about like 'by Jove!' (disguised oath).

samedi⁹ [p. L. **sambati* (for *sabbati*) *dies*, day of rest], *m.*: Saturday.

†samscrit, **†-te** = *sanscrit*.

san-benito, *pl.* — [Sp., 'St. Benedict'], *m.*: = (yellow garment worn by victims of the Inquisition).

sancir¹⁷ [?], *intr.*: founder head-first.

sancti-fiant¹⁶, *adj.*: sanctifying. **-ficateur**¹³ [L. *-ficator*], *m.*: sanctifier; the Holy Spirit. **-fication**¹¹ [L. *-ficatio*], *f.*: =. **||-fier** [L. *-ficare* (*sanctus*, sacred, *facere*, make)], *tr.*: sanctify (make or keep holy).

sanc-tion¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (assent; approval). **-tionner**¹⁷, *tr.*: approve, confirm. **-tuaire** [L. *-tuarium*], *m.*: sanctuary (sacred place, asylum of refuge; holy of holies; temple; church). **-tus** [L., 'holy'], *m.*: = (the hymn).

†sandal = *santal*.

sanda-le¹² [L. *-lium*, Gr. *-lon*], *f.*: sandal (foot sole with straps). **-liêr**¹⁶, *m.*: sandal-maker.

sandaraque¹⁶ [L. *-raca*, Gr. *-râke*], *f.*: sandarac (tree or resin).

sandwich¹⁷ [*-with* (Eng.)], *f.*: =.

sang⁹ [L. *sanguis*], *m.*: blood, (spirit, courage; bloodshed; life; substance; race, family; stock; breed; kinship); affection; blood-horse: *de* —, bloody, cruel; *se battre à premier* —, fight a duel where the first to draw blood wins; — *chaud*, hot blood, irascibility; (fam.) *faire du bon* —, take pleasure; *faire du (or de) mauvais* —, feel vexed; *avoir du — aux (or sous les, or au bout des) ongles*, be fiery, quick-tempered. **-(de-) dragon**¹², *pl.* —, *m.*: dragon's-blood (plant). **-froid**¹⁷, *m.*: =, cool-headedness: *perdre son* —, lose one's temper.

san-giac [Turk.], *m.*: sanjak (division of a province; ruler of such a division).

-giacat, *m.*: title, quality or district of a sanjak.

sanglade¹³ [*-gle*], *f.*: lick, lash (with a strap or whip).

sanglant⁹ [L. *-guinolentus*], *adj.*: bloody; cooked rare (better *saignant*); red; harsh, cruel; murderous: *sacrifice non —*, mass.

san-gle⁹ [L. *cingula*, girdle], *f.*: belt, girth; strap. **-gler**¹¹, *tr.*: strap (gird; strike with a strap); slash, criticize: (fam.) *se* —, lace tight (of women); *être sanglé*, be ruined; *habit sanglé*, close-fitting garment.

san-glier¹¹ [L. *porcus singularis*, 'solitary hog'], *m.*: wild boar: — *d'Amérique*, peccary.

sanglon¹⁴ [*-gle*], *m.*: little belt; false rib (of a boat).

sanglot(s)^o [p. L. **singluttus* (L. *singultus*)], m.: sob(s). -**gloter**, intr.: sob.

sangsue^o [L. *-guisuga*, bloodsucker], f.: leech; bleeder, over-reacher.

sangnification¹⁵ [L. *-guis*, blood, *facere*, make], f.: =, blood formation. || **-guin**¹¹ [L. *-guineus*, adj.: sanguine (of blood; cheerful; red-coloured; ruddy; plethoric). -**guinaire**¹⁷ [L. *-guinari*], adj.: sanguinary; cruel. -**guine**¹², f.: = (red crayon; blood-stone). -**guinolent**¹⁴ [L. *-guinolentus*, adj.: =, tinged with blood; somewhat red.

sanhédrim¹⁵ [Gr. *sunédrión* (sún, together, *hédra*, seat)], m.: sanhedrim, council (esp. supreme council of the ancient Jews).

sansicle¹¹ [L. *-cula* (sanus, healthy)], f.: = (plant of the parsley family).

sa-nic¹⁵ [L. *-nies* fr. *sanguis*, blood], f.: sanies (pus fr. ulcers). -**nieur**¹³, = **ense** [L. *-niosus*, adj.: sanious, full of pus.

sanitaire¹⁵ [L. *-tas*, health], adj.: sanitary.

†sanne¹¹ [OFr. *sines* fr. *six* (infl. by *guine*, five)], m.: double-six (at dice).

sans^o [L. *sine*], prep.: without; but for: — *que*, (conj.) without.

sanscrit, -**te** [Skt., 'perfect'], adj. or m.: Sanskrit. -**tiste**, m.: Sanskritist, one versed in the Sanskrit language.

sans-culotte¹⁷, pl. — *s*, m.: = (French Republican of 1793; Jacobin). -**dent**¹⁶, pl. — *s*, f.: hag (toothless old woman). -**fleur**¹⁶, pl. — *s*, f.: kind of apple. -**gène**¹⁵, m.: even disposition; even-tempered person.

sansonnet¹⁵ [Sampson], m.: starling.

sans-peau¹⁷, pl. — *s*, f.: kind of summer pear. -**souci**¹⁷, pl. — *s*, m.: coolness, complacency; even-tempered man; devil-may-care disposition; m., f.: don't-worry (person who doesn't fret).

Sans-souci, m.: royal palace of Frederick the Great at Potsdam.

santa-l¹⁵ [L. L. *sandalum*], m.: =, sandal-wood. -**line**, f.: santalin (principle of sandal-wood).

santé^o [L. *sanitas*, soundness], f.: health; sanity; drink to one's health (toast): *une petite* —, feeble health; *service de* —, medical staff; *maison de* —, private hospital; *bureau de* —, board of health.

santoline¹⁵ [?], f.: santolina, ground cypress.

santon [Sp. fr. *-to*, saint], m.: = (Mohammedan monk, or his tomb).

santonine¹⁵ [L. *-tonica herba*, herb of the Santoni], f.: santonica (vermifuge plant).

sauve^o [L. *sināpi*, mustard], f.: wild mustard, charlock.

Saône, f.: Saone (the river).

†**saoul**, etc. = *soul*, etc.

sapa¹⁷ [L., 'thick new wine'], m.: grape-jelly (must boiled down thick).

sapajou¹⁶ [Bras.], m.: = (monkey hav'g prehensile tail).

sapan¹⁷ [Malay., 'wood'], m.: sapan-wood (dye-wood).

sa-pe^o [p. L. *-p(p)a*, hoe], f.: sap (ditch, esp. tunnel for destroying hostile works).

-pement [-*per*], m.: undermining. -**pey**¹⁵, tr.: undermine, SAP. -**peur**¹⁵ [-*per*], m.: sapper.

saphène¹³ [Ar. *safin* (Gr. *saphenés*, apparent)], f.: saphenous vein.

saphi-que¹⁵ [-*cus* (Gr. poetess Sappho)], adj.: sapphic.

sa-phir^o [L. *-pphirus* (Hebr. *-ppir*)], m.: sapphire (the blue precious stone; any blue stone; So. American humming-bird).

-phirine¹⁵, f.: = (pale blue silicate, blue chalcedony).

sa-pide¹⁵ [L. *-pidus*], adj.: sapid (hav'g a taste, SAVORY). -**pidité**¹⁵, f.: savoriness, sapidity. †**-pignee**¹¹ [L. *-pientia*], f.: = (great wisdom): *la Sapience*, Wisdom of Solomon in the Apocrypha. -**-pientiaux**¹⁶ [L. *-pientialis*, m.; adj. pl.: les — (*livres*), the sapiential books (Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, Wisdom, Ecclesiasticus).

sa-pin^o [L. *-p(p)inus*], m.: fir (tree or its wood); coffin (of such wood); (pop.) cab: *sentir le* —, have one foot in the grave.

-pine¹¹, f.: fir timber; wash trough. -**-pinette**¹⁷, f.: Canada fir. -**-pinière**¹⁶, f.: fir forest.

sapo-naée [ak. to *savon*], adj.: saponaceous. -**-naire**¹⁷ [L. *sapo*, soap], f.: soapwort. -**-nification**¹⁵ [-*nifier*], f.: =, process of making soap; soap-making.

-nifier¹⁵ [L. *sapo*, *facere*, make], tr.: saponify, turn to soap.

saporifique¹⁷ [L. *sapor*, taste, *facere*, make], adj.: saporific, imparting taste or flavour.

sapo-te¹⁷ or -**-tîle** [fr. Mexican], f.: sapota, star-apple. -**-tîer**¹⁷ or -**-tîlîer**, m.: sapota-tree.

saquebute¹⁵ [*saguer*, pull, *bouter*, push], m.: sackbut (primitive wind instrument).

sarabande¹⁵ [Sp. *zarabanda* (fr. Pers., 'song')], f.: saraband (ancient dance).

sarbacane¹⁵ [Sp. *cerbatana* fr. Ar.], f.: sarbacand, blow-gun; tube.

†**sarbotière** = *sorbetière*.

sarcas-me¹⁵ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *sarkasmós*], m.: sarcasm, keen scornful language.

-tique¹⁵ [Gr. *sarkastikós*], adj.: sarcastic.

sareille^o [p. L. **cercēdula* (L. *querquedula* fr. Gr.)], f.: teal duck.

sar-clage¹⁷, m.: hoeing, weeding.

|| **-cler**¹⁵ [L. *-culare* (-culum, hoe)], tr.:

weed; hoe. **-cleur**¹⁵, **-ense**, *m.*, *f.*:
hoer. **-cloir**¹⁵, *m.*: hoe. **-clure**¹⁵, *f.*:
weed (hoed up).

sarco-carpe¹⁵ [Gr. *sárx*, flesh, *karpós*,
fruit], *m.*: flesh, pulp (of apples, melons,
etc.). **-cèle**¹⁵ [Gr. *kèle* (*sárx*, flesh, *kèle*,
break)], *m.* or *f.*: =, cancer of the tes-
ticle. **-colle**¹⁵ [L. *-colla*, 'flesh-glue'], *f.*:
sarcocol (a gum thought to heal wounds).
-collier¹⁵, *m.*: sarcocol tree. **-logie**
[Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: sarcology (treatise
on the soft parts of the body). **-ma-**
teux¹⁷, **-ense**, *adj.*: sarcomatous. **-me**¹⁷
[Gr. *sárkoma*], *m.*: sarcoma, fleshy tumour.
-phage¹⁵ [Gr. *sárkophágos*], *adj.*: sarco-
phagous, flesh-eating; *m.*: sarcophagus,
stone coffin. **-tique**¹⁵ [Gr. *sárkotikós*],
adj.: sarcoptic, making flesh.

sardanapa-le [the luxurious king Sar-
dinapalus], *f.*: effeminate man. **-lisme**,
m.: effeminate life.

sar-dine^o [L. *dína*, Gr. *díne*, from
island Sardinia], *f.*: = (fish). **-doine**¹¹
[L. *-donyx*], *f.*: sardonix (stone formed
of layers of sard and onyx). **-donien**,
-donique¹⁵ [Gr. *dónios* (*dómon*, bitter
Sardinian plant)], *m.* *adj.*: *ris* —, sar-
donic grin; forced laugh.

sargasse¹⁵ [Sp. *-gazo*], *f.*: sargassum (sea-
weed).

sarigue¹⁵ [Braz.], *m.* or *f.*: =, So. Amer-
ican opossum.

sarisse [Gr. *-ssa*], *f.*: Macedonian long
lance.

sarmen-t^o [L. *-tum* (*sarpere*, trim)], *m.*:
runner; twig; new wood (on grape
vines); tendrils. **-teur**¹⁵, **-ense** [L.
-teus], *adj.*: sarmentous, having runners.

saronide [Gr. *-nia*], *m.*: class of priests
(amongst the Gauls).

sarra-cénique, *adj.*: Saracenic. **-sin**¹⁰
[p. L. *-cinus*, fr. Ar. 'eastern'], *m.*: Sar-
acen; *adj.*: Saracenic (*blé* —, buck-
wheat; *f.*: (*herse*) *sarrazine*, *sarrasin*,
portcullis).

sarrau¹⁷ [?], *m.*: blouse; apron (with
sleeves).

†sarrette, see *zerrette*.

sarriette^o [L. *satureia*], *f.*: savory;
beach-grass.

†sarrot = *sarrau*.

sart¹⁵ [?], *m.*: sea-wrack.

1.sas^o [L. **setacium* (L. *seta*, bristle)],
m.: sieve (of hair, of silk, etc.); gravel
screen: *faire tourner le* —, tell fortunes
with a sieve; *passer au gros* —, examine
carelessly, be inexact.

2.sas¹⁵ [? It. *sasso* (L. *sazum*, rock)], *m.*:
chamber (of canal locks).

sassafras¹⁵ [No. Am. word], *m.*: = (tree,
or its wood).

sasse¹⁵ [Prov. *sasso*], *f.*: water scoop.

sassement [sasser], *m.*: sifting.

sassenage [town S.], *m.*: = (cheese).

sas-ser¹² [1. *sas*, sieve], *tr.*: sift, bolt; ex-
amine. **-set**¹⁵ [1. *sas*], *m.*: little strainer
or sieve.

sa-tan or (*fam.*) **†-tanás** [L. *-lanas* fr.
Hebr. *sātān*, enemy], *m.*: Satan, devil;
satan-monkey. **-tané**¹⁵, *adj.*: (*fam.*)
impish; devilish. **-tanique**¹⁵, *adj.*: sa-
tanic.

satellite¹⁵ [L. *-lles*], *m.*: = (attendant;
servile hanger-on; secondary planet re-
volving about another).

satie-té¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*satis*, enough)], *f.*:
satiety, surfeit.

sa-tin¹⁵ [It. *setino* (L. *seta*, silk)], *m.*: =.
-tinade¹⁷, *f.*: satinet. **-tinage**¹⁵ [*-tiner*],
m.: satining. **-tiné**¹⁶ [*-tiner*], *adj.*:
satin-like; glazed; *m.*: softness, smooth-
ness. **-tiner**¹⁶, *tr.*: satin, make like
satin; glaze; *intr.*: become velvety (as
plants). **-tinet**¹⁵, *m.*: =, twilled, ribbed
cotton and wool cloth (used for trousers).
-tinette¹⁵, *f.*: cotton cloth (with silky
finish). **-tineur** [*-tiner*], *m.*: paper-
glazer.

sa-tire¹⁵ [L. *-tira*], *f.*: = (poetic cen-
sure; any literary censure of follies or
vices). **-tirique**¹⁵ [L. *-tiricus*], *adj.*:
satirical; *m.*: writer of satire. **-tirique-**
ment¹⁵ [*-tirique*], *adv.*: satirically.
-tirisser¹⁵ [*-tire*], *tr.*: satirise, attack
with satire.

satis-faction¹¹ [L. *-factio*], *f.*: =; re-
paration: *donner* —, accept challenge to a
duel. **-factoire**¹⁵ [L. *-factorius*], *adj.*:
satisfactory. **†-faire**¹⁵ [L. *-facere* (*satis*,
enough, *facere*, do)], *irr.* (cf. *faire*); *tr.*:
satisfy; appease; please; indulge; grati-
fy; *intr.*: give satisfaction, be pleasing,
answer: *se* —, be satisfied; appeased;
indulge one's self. **-faisant**¹⁵ *fr.*, *adj.*:
satisfying, sufficient. **-fait**, *adj.*: satis-
fied. **-fecit**¹⁵, *pl.* — [L.], *m.*: written
approval.

satra-pe¹² [L., Gr. *-pes*], *m.*: satrap
(governor of Persian province). **-pie**¹⁴
[L. *-pia*], *f.*: satrapy.

satu-rabilité [*-rable*], *f.*: saturability.
-rable, *adj.*: =. **-rant**, *adj.*: saturat-
ing. **-ration**¹⁷ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =, full-
ness. **-reux**¹⁷ [L. *-rare*, glut (*satur*, full)],
tr.: saturate, soak full.

satur-nales¹⁵ [L. *-nalia*, feast in honour
of Saturn], *f. pl.*: saturnalia (riotous feast
or excesses). **†Satur-ne**¹⁵ [L. *Satur-*
nus, god of time], *m.*: Saturn (the planet;
old name for lead). **-nien**, **-enne** [L.
-nius], *adj.*: Saturnian. **-nin**¹⁵, *adj.*: of
lead: *maladies* —es, diseases fr. lead-
poisoning.

sa-tyre¹⁵ [L. *-tyrus* (Gr. *sáturos*)], *m.*:

satyr, lascivious wood-deity; *f.*: satyric drama. -**tyriasis**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: =, inordinate desire in males. -**tyrion**¹⁷ [*Gr. tûrion*], *m.*: satyrium (orchid). -**tyrique**¹⁶, *adj.*: satyrlke, satyric.

sau-ce¹⁰ [*L. salsa* (*sel*, salt)], *f.*: = (old, SALT, pepper, etc.; now, any appetising dressing; soft crayon; *fig.* impudence): — Robert, sour sauce mostly onions; — blanche, gravy; — piquante, hot sauce; — relevée, highly seasoned sauce; à quel-que — qu'on le mette, however you take him; whatever you do with him; être dans la —, be in a fix, be in a pickle. -**cé** [-*cer*], *adj.*: (*fam.*) SOUSING wet; médaille — e, plated medal. -**cer**¹⁴, *tr.*: sauce (cover with sauce; talk impudently to); drench, SOUSE: se —, soak. -**cière**¹³, *f.*: saucer. -**cisse**¹⁰ [*L. salsicia*], *f.*: SAUSAGE. -**cisson**¹⁵ [-*cisse*], *m.*: =; big sausage; powder fuse.

sau-f¹⁰, **sauve** [*L. salvus*], *adj.*: SAFE; *prep.*: save, saving, except, without: — à, excepting; *conj.*: — que, except that. -**conduit**¹², *m.*: safe-conduct; safe-guard; passport.

sau-ge¹⁰ [*L. salvia*], *f.*: SAGE (herb); wild pear. -**ger**, *m.*: wild pear-tree.

sau-grenu¹⁵ [*sel*, grenu], *adj.*: (*fam.*) absurd.

saulaie¹⁴ *lê*, *f.*: willow-grove. **saule**¹³ [*OHG. salaka*, *ak.* to *L. salix*], *f.*: willow, SALLOW.

saumâtre¹⁰ [*p. L. *salmastr*, *L. salmactidus*, pickle acid], *adj.*: briny.

saumon¹⁰ [*L. -mo*], *m.*: salmon; pig (of lead or pewter); orange-red colour. -**moné**¹⁵, *adj.*: salmon, red. -**moneau**¹⁵, *m.*: young salmon.

sau-mure¹⁰ [*L. sal*, SALT, *muria*, brine], *f.*: brine; salt water. -**muré**, *adj.*: briny.

sau-nage¹⁴, *m.*: salt business; faux —, salt smuggling. -**ner**¹⁷ [*L. L. salinâre*], *intr.*: form salt; work (in order to make produce salt): — les marais, work the marshes for salt. -**nerie**¹⁵, *f.*: salt works. -**nier**¹⁰ [*L. salinaris*], *m.*: salt workman; salt trader. -**nière**¹⁰ [-*nier*], *f.*: salt-box or measure; block of salt.

sau-piquet¹³ [*sel*, piquet], *m.*: hot SAUCE. -**poudrer**¹⁵ [*sel*, poudrer], *tr.*: bepowder, sprinkle (with salt, pepper, sugar, flour, etc.); (*fig.*) intersperse.

1. **saur**¹² or **sor** [*Holl. zoor*, sere, dry], *adj.* *m.*: dried, cured.

2. **saur**¹⁰ or **sor** [*p. L. saurus*], *adj.*: yellowish-brown, reddish, SOREEL; red; brownish: faucon —, falcon under one year (still red, not having moulted). **saurage**¹⁷, *m.*: first year (of a falcon).

saure¹⁶ or **saurir** [*saur*, dried], *tr.*: dry,

smoke, cure (fish). **sauret**¹³ or **soret** [*saur*, dried], *adj.*: partly dried, half-cured; red.

sauriens¹⁵ [*Gr. saûra*, lizard], *m. pl.*: sauria (lizards, etc.).

saussaie¹² [*L. salic(e)tum*], *f.*: willow grove or thicket.

sau-t¹⁰ [*L. saltus*], *m.*: jump, leap; somersault; fall; waterfall: de plein —, all at once; abruptly; — périlleux, somersault; — de Breton, tripping; — de mouton, leap-frog (the game); goat-leap (of horses); — de loup, ha-ha, military pit: faire le — en l'air, be hanged; faire le — à quelqu'un, make one lose his job; au — du lit, on rising. -**tant**¹⁵, *adj.*: (*her.*) saltant. **sau-te**, *f.*: — de vent, sudden veering of the wind (at sea). -**té**, -**tée**, *adj.*: stewed; *m.*: stew. -**te-en-barque**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: coarse jacket (for oarsmen). -**te**¹⁵, *f.*: runner (for propagation). -**te-mouton**, *m.*: leap-frog (the game). **sa-ter**¹⁰ [*L. saltare*], *intr.*: leap, jump; skip; dart; plunge; fall; stew; veer suddenly; explode, blow up; be ruined; die; *tr.*: leap; omit; stew; dawdle; (*fam.*) faire — quelqu'un, make one lose his job; — à bas de son lit, to pop out of one's bed; — au plancher, be impatient; aux nues, jump to the ceiling; — aux yeux, be very conspicuous; faire — les bouteilles, drink hard. -**tercan**, *m.*: hopper (of harpsichords). -**terelle**¹¹, *f.*: grasshopper. -**terie**¹⁵, *f.*: jumping in little jumps; (*fam.*) hop (a dance). -**te-ruisseau**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*: errand-boy (of lawyers, etc.). -**teur**¹², -**euse**, *m. f.*: jumper (acrobat; jumping animal); changeable person; *f.*: kind of dance. -**tillant**¹⁷ [-*tiller*], *adj.*: hopping, lively. -**tissement**¹⁷ [-*tiller*], *m.*: hopping. -**tiller**¹⁵, *intr.*: go by little jumps, hop; (*fig.*) change the subject often. -**toir**¹⁵ [*L. saltatoria*], *m.*: (old) stirrup; (now) saltier (like St. Andrew's cross); ladies' scarf: en —, crosswise; porter quelque chose en —, carry a thing on the back by straps crossing the chest.

sauva-ge¹⁰ -**vâj** [*p. L. *salvaticus*, *L. silvaticus* (*silvia*, forest)], *adj.*: savage (wild; not civilized; rude; cruel); *m. f.*: savage. -**geon**¹¹, *m.*: wildling, ungrafted tree. -**gerie**¹⁵, *f.*: savagery. -**gesse**, *f.*: savage woman; shrew. -**gin**¹⁴, *i. -ine*, *adj.*: fishy, rank; *m. f.*: fishy taste or smell; *f.*: wild birds (having a fishy taste or smell). 2. -**gine**¹¹, *f.*: (old) wild animals; (now) game-birds; water-fowl; cheap furs.

1. **sau-vegarde**¹² [*sauv*, garde], *f.*: safe-guard; protector. 2. -**vegarde**¹⁵ [*sau-ver*, garde], *f.*: guards (to keep paper in

place for binding); (*naut.*) man-ropes. **-vegarder** [*-vegarde*], *tr.*: shield, protect. **||-ver**^o [*L. salvare*], *tr.*: save, rescue; keep safe, shield, cover up; justify: *se* —, escape; flee; (*fam.*) — *le premier coup d'ail*, not show one's first surprise or disappointment; (*fam.*) *se* — *à travers les broussailles* or *par les vignes* or *par les marais*, get out the best way one can; (*se*) *saure qui peut*, every one for himself. **-vetage**¹⁵, *m.*: SALVAGE (things saved fr. a wreck); rescue. **†-veté**¹⁵ [*sauf*], *f.*: safety. **-veteur**¹⁵, *m.*: rescuer; life-boat, life-preserver, etc. **-veur**^o [*L. salvator*], *m.*: saver; saviour; the Saviour; *adj.*: saving. **-ve-vie**¹⁵, *pl.* — [*I've of -ver*], *f.*: wall-rue (plant).

savamment¹⁵ [*-vanti*], *adv.*: wisely.

savane¹⁵ [*Sp. -na*], *f.*: savanna (treeless plain); pine-forest (in Canada).

sa-vant¹⁵, **=ante** [*-voir*], *adj.*: = (wise, learned); expert; trained; *m., f.*: =, learned person: — *en us*, pedant (alluding to former practice of turning one's name into Latin form ending in *-us*); *demi* —, superficial person. **†-vantis**¹⁵ or **†-tasse**, *m.*: pedant.

sa-vate¹¹ [*ak. to Sp. zapata*], *f.*: old or worn-out shoe; =, French boxing (using the hands and feet); punishment (inflicted by soldiers on each other for small offences). **-vaterie**¹⁵, *f.*: shoe-shop (for old shoes). **-veter**¹⁶, *tr.*: botch, spoil. **-vetier**¹⁵, *m.*: cobbler; (*pop.*) bungler; dealer in old shoes.

sa-veur^o [*L. -por*], *f.*: taste, SAVOUR. 1. **||-voir**^o [*L. L. -père* [*L. -pere*]], *irr. §*; *tr.*: know; know how; — *faire, dire*, etc., to know how to do, to say, etc.; be able to; *se* —, be known, transpire; *faire* —, let know; (*faire à*) —, to wit; *il en sait bien long*, he knows enough about it; *il en sait plus d'un*, or *d'une*, he knows more than one way to help himself; *un je ne sais qui*, a certain somebody or other; *je ne sache rien qui*, I hardly know of anything, that; *que je sache*, as far as I know, for all I know; *sachez nous taire*, let us be silent; — *vivre*, to be polite; — *gré*, be pleased. 2. **-voir**^o, *m.*: knowledge, learning. **-voir-faire**¹⁵, *m.*: =, tact, wits. **-voir-vivre**¹⁷, *m.*: =, courtesy, good manners.

§ Ind.: *Pr. tai-s, -s, -t*; *sa-vons, -vez, -vent*.
Ipl. *savais*. Pret. *sus*. Fut. (Cond.) *sau-*
rais(s). — Subj.: *Pr. sache*. Ipl. *sasse*. — I've
sache. — Part.: *Pr. savant*; *P. su*.

savoisien, **=onne** (the country Savoie), *adj.* or *m., f.*: Savoyard.

sa-voir^o [*L. sopo*], *m.*: SOAP, washing; (*fig.*) scolding (cf. Eng. sense of flattery).

-vonnage¹⁵, *m.*: soaping, washing. **-vonner**¹⁵, *tr.*: wash; clean; lather;

scold: *se* —, bear washing, wash well. **-vonnerie**¹⁵, *f.*: soap-factory: *la Savonnerie*, old site of a soap-factory, later of tapestry-factory; hence *tapis de la Savonnerie*, Persian or Gobelin tapestry. **-vonnette**¹⁵, *f.*: soap-ball; cake of shaving-soap; soap-dish: *montré à* —, hunting-case watch. **-vonneur**¹⁵, **=euse**, *adj.*: soapy. **-vonnier**¹⁵, *m.*: soap-maker or dealer; soap-berry tree.

savou-rement¹¹, *m.*: tasting, relishing. **||-rer**¹¹ [*L. saporare*], *tr.*: taste, relish, enjoy. **-ret**¹⁵, *m.*: marrowbone; soup-bone. **-reusement**¹¹ [*-reuz*], *adj.*: with relish. **-reuz**¹¹, **=euse** [*? saveur*], *adj.*: tasty, savoury.

savoyard, **=arde** [*Savoie*], *m., f.*: = (inhabitant of Savoy); *adj.*: (*pop.*) rude, ill-bred.

sax-atile¹⁵ [*L. -xatilis*], *adj.*: = (of rocks; living amongst rocks); *f. pl.*: rock fishes. **-icole** [*L. -zum*, rock, *colere*, dwell], *adj.*: saxicolous; *f. pl.*: saxicolinae (birds). 1. **-ifrage**¹⁵ [*L. -xifraga* (*frangere*, break)], *f. pl.*: saxifrage family (of plants). 2. **-ifrage**¹⁷ [*L. saxum*, stone], *adj.*: lithotritic, good for calculus.

saxophone¹⁵ [*Belgian inventor Sax*, *Gr. phōne*, voice], *m.*: = (musical instrument).

sayette¹⁵ [*saie*], *f.*: serge.

saynète¹⁵ [*Sp. sainete*], *f.*: farce.

sayon [*saie*], *m.*: =, coarse jacket.

sbire¹⁵ [*It. sbirro* (*L. birrus*, yellow raincoat)], *m.*: sbirro, Italian police officer; police agent.

scabellon¹⁵ [*L. -llum* (dim. of *scamnum*, foot-stool)], *m.*: plain block, pedestal.

sca-biençe¹⁵ [*L. -biosus* (*-bere*, scratch)], *f.*: scabious (any plant of the teasel family). **-bieur**¹⁵, **=euse** [*L. -biosus*], *adj.*: scabious, scurfy. **-breuz**¹⁵, **=euz** [*L. -brosus*], *adj.*: scabrous, rough, rocky; knotty; (*fig.*) ticklish, delicate; 'loud,' off-colour.

scaserlati¹⁵ [*?*], *m.*: fine-cut (tobacco).

scalde [*Scand. skald*], *m.*: scald (ancient poet or bard amongst the Scandinavians).

scalène¹⁵ [*Gr. skalenós*, uneven], *adj.*: scalene: *triangle* —, triangle hav'g no two sides equal; *muscle* —, oblique muscle of the neck.

scalpe [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: scalp, skin and hair of the head.

scalpel¹⁵ [*L. -pellum* (*-pere*, scrape)], *m.*: = (small surgical knife).

scalper¹⁵ [*fr. Eng.*], *tr.*: scalp.

scammonée¹¹ [*L. -nea*], *f.*: scammony (the plant, or cathartic made fr. it).

scanda-le¹¹ [*L. -lum* (*fr. Gr.*, 'snare')], *m.*: scandal (offence; stumbling-block; slander; disgrace; reproach); (*old*) ame-

- ner quelqu'un devant le juge sans —, to bring one before the judge quietly without creating any sensation. **-lousement**¹⁶ [-leur], *adv.*: scandalously. **-leur**¹⁶, **-euse** [L. *-losus*], *adj.*: scandalous. **-liser**¹¹ [L. *-lizare*], *tr.*: scandalise; tempt; offend: *se* —, be offended, feel outraged.
- scander**¹⁸ [L. *-dere*], *tr.*: scan, measure (syllables of poetry).
- scandinave** [ak. to Oslav. *skodvin*, pasture], *m.*: Scandinavian (man or language).
- scaphandre**¹⁸ [Gr. *skáphe*, boat, *anér*, man], *m.*: scaphander, water-tight diving-dress; life-preserver or belt. **-phandreur**¹⁸ or **-drier**, *m.*: diver. **-phoide**¹⁸ [Gr. *skaphoeidés*], *adj.*: scaphoid, boat-shaped.
- scapin**¹⁶ [It. comedy character *Scapino*], *m.*: rogue, knave, (cf. Eng. *scapinade*, trick).
- scapu-laïre**¹² [L. *-lare* (L. *-la*, shoulder-blade)], *m.* or *adj.*: scapular(y) (*Cath.* sleeveless vestment hanging from the shoulders in front and behind); charm (worn by Catholics around the neck). **2.-laïre**¹⁸ [L. *-la*, shoulders], *adj.*: scapular, of the shoulder.
- scarabée**¹⁸ [L. *-bæus*], *m.*: scarab (beetle; gem).
- scaramouche**¹⁶ [It. character *Scaramuccio*], *m.*: scaramouch (boastful coward): *habillé en* —, dressed in black (as the old clown used to be so clad).
- scaré**¹⁶ [L. *-rus*], *m.*: scarus (highly coloured sea-fish).
- scarificateur**¹⁸, *m.*: scarificator (surgical instrument); harrow. **-fication**¹⁸ [L. *-ficatio*], *f.*: =, surface scratching. **||-fier**¹⁸ [L. *-ficare*], *tr.*: scarify, cut with many surface incisions; harrow.
- †**scar(i)ole** = *escarole*.
- scarlatine**¹⁷ [It. *-tina* cf. Fr. *scarlate*], *adj.* or *f.*: *fièvre* —, or *la* —, SCARLET fever.
- scas-son**¹⁶ or **-zon** [L. fr. Gr. *skázon*, limping], *m.*: scazon (iambic trimeter with spondee or trochee in last foot).
- seal**⁹ or †**scel** [p. L. **sigellum* (L. *sigillum*)], *m.*: SEAL; imprint of a seal; mark; †trademark: *les sept* —x, the seven seals (in Revelations); *le garde des* —x, keeper of the seals; — *de Salomon*, Solomon's-seal (plant); — *de Notre Dame*, black briony.
- scéléra-t**¹⁴, **=ate** [L. *-fus*], *adj.*: wicked; *m.*, *f.*: scoundrel; (*humor.*) rogue. **-tesse**¹⁵, *f.*: wickedness; meanness.
- scélite**¹⁷ [Gr. *skélos*, leg], *f.*: (human) leg (cut out of stone).
- scol-lé**¹⁶, *m.*: official wax seal (on locks, doors, etc.). **-lement**¹⁴, *m.*: sealing (of wood set in a wall with plaster). **||-ler**¹⁰ [*scel*], *tr.*: seal (embed or plaster wood in a wall; close letters; close bottles; affirm). **-leur**¹², *m.*: sealer, one who sets a seal.
- sc-ène**¹⁸ [L. *-na*, Gr. *skéné*, ak. to Eng. shine], *f.*: scene (stage; stage fly; alidie decoration; supposed place of a play; division of an act; exciting event); dramatic literature or art: *en* —, in public view; *être en* —, be alive to one's part; *faire une* — *à quelqu'un*, give one a good talking-to; *mettre en* —, put on the stage; *la mise en* —, setting or staging of a play. **-énique**¹⁸ [L. *scenicus*], *adj.*: scenic. **-énographie**¹⁰ [Gr. *skenographia* (*gráphein*, write)], *f.*: scenography, art of perspective. **-énographique**¹⁷ [Gr. *skenographikós*], *adj.*: scenographic. **-énopégie** [Gr. *skenopegia*, striking, pitching of tents], *f.*: feast of tabernacles.
- scop-ticisme**¹⁷, *m.*: skepticism. **||-tique**¹⁶ [Gr. *skeptikós* (*sképtomenhai*, examine)], *adj.*: skeptic(al); *m.*, *f.*: skeptic, doubter.
- sceptre**¹¹ [L. *-trum*, Gr. *sképtron*], *m.*: = (rod, sign of power; power).
- schabraque**¹⁸ [Ger. *schabrack* fr. Turk.], *f.*: shabrack, saddle cloth.
- shah**¹⁸ [OPers. *khsathra*, 'king'], *m.*: shah.
- †**shako** = *shako*.
- †**shall** = *châle*.
- shapska** [Pol.], *m.*: lancer's shako.
- †**sheik** = *cheik*.
- schelling** [fr. Eng., ak. to OHG. *scellan*, to ring], *m.*: shilling, about twenty-five cents.
- schelme**¹⁸ [Ger. *schelm*], *m.*: rascal, rogue.
- schéma**¹⁶ or **schème** [L., Gr. *schéma*], *m.*: scheme (figure; outline; type, plan).
- schématique**¹⁸ (L. *schematicus*), *adj.*: schematic.
- schène** [Gr. *schôinos*], *m.*: schene (road measure, 10,500 meters).
- schérif** = *chérif* or *shérif*.
- scherzo** *-iso*, *pl.* = **zi** [It.], *m.*: (muz.) =, sportive piece.
- schismatique**¹² [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: schismatic(al), promoting division esp. in church; *m.*, *f.*: schismatic, sectary.
- schisme**¹¹ [L. *schisma*], *m.*: schism, splitting up (esp. of a church into factions). **schiste**¹⁶ [L. *schistus*, Gr. *schistós*], *m.*: schist, foliated rock (like slate). **schisteux**¹⁸, **=ense** [*schiste*], *adj.*: schistose.
- schlague**¹⁸ [Ger. *schlag*, blow, stroke], *f.*: flogging (of soldiers),

schlich¹⁷ [Ger.], *m.*: = (finely crushed ore); cf. †Eng. *sliek*.

schlit-tage [fr. Ger.], *m.*: sledging. **-te** [Ger. -ten], *f.*: sledge, log sled. **-teur**, *m.*: sledder.

†**schnapan** = *chenapan*.

†**scholaire**, etc. = *scolaire*, etc.

schooner¹⁸ *chow* [Eng.], *m.*: = (fore-and-aft rigged ship with no square sails).

sciage¹³ [*scier*], *m.*: sawing: *bois de —*, sawed timber, heavy lumber.

sciat(h)érique¹⁷ [Gr. *skiathêras*, sundial, lit. shadow-chaser], *adj.*: sciatheric(al).

sciatique¹³ [L. -ticus, Gr. *ischiadikós* (*ischion*, hip)], *adj.*: sciatic; *f.*: sciatica (rheumatism or neuralgia in the hip).

scie¹³ [*scier*], *f.*: saw; saw-fish; murmur as of sawing, cardiac murmur; (*pop.*) bore, tiresome thing; teasing (by iteration): — *à main* (*à bras*), handsaw (cross-cut saw); *trait de —*, saw mark; each stroke of the saw; an ancient punishment: — *anglaise*, scroll-saw.

sciemment¹³ *siam* [L. *sciens*], *adv.*: knowingly. **seigneur**¹⁰ [L. *scientia*], *f.*: =, knowledge: — *insus*, intuition, knowledge that comes by inspiration.

scientifique¹³ [L. *scientia*, knowledge, *facere*, make], *adj.*: scientific. **scientifiquement**¹⁶ [*scientifique*], *adv.*: scientifically.

scier¹⁶ [Prov. *sia*, Ital. *siare*], *intr.*: back-water, row backward.

scier⁹ [L. *secare*, cut], *tr.*: saw; cut; bore, tire out; row backward: — *du bridon*, saw the bits (to stop a horse); bore. **scierie**¹⁸, *f.*: saw-mill; mechanism for sawing. **scieur**¹², *m.*: sawyer; reaper.

scil-le¹² [L. -la], *f.*: squill, sea-onion.

-litique¹⁷ [L. -liticus], *adj.*: squillitic.

scin-der¹⁷ [L. -dere, split], *tr.*: divide (a subject, a question).

scinque¹⁶ [L. *scincus*], *f.*: skink, lizard.

scin-tillant¹⁷ or **-tillant**, *adj.*: scintillating, sparkling. **-tillation**¹⁶ [L. -latio], *f.*: =. **-tillment**¹⁸, *m.*: sparkling, twinkling. **-tiller**¹² or **-tiller** [L. -lare], *intr.*: scintillate, twinkle, sparkle.

sciogra-phie¹⁶ [Gr. *skiographia*, lit. shadow-writing], *f.*: sciagraphy, dialing, getting the time by a dial; cross-section (of the plan of a building). **-phique**, *adj.*: sciagraphic.

scion [OFr. *cion*], *m.*: = (cutting; bud; shoot).

scirpe [L. -pus], *m.*: scirpus, bulrush.

scis-sile¹⁶ [L. -silia], *adj.*: scissible, splitting easily (as slate). **-sion**¹² [L. -rio], *f.*: =, division (as in a political party). **-sionnaire**¹⁸, *adj.*: factious,

discordant, seceding; *m., f.*: seceder. **-sure**¹⁹ [L. -sura], *f.*: fissure, hole in bones for nerves.

sciure¹⁶ [ak. to *scier*], *f.*: sawdust.

seléro-phthalmie [fr. Gr.], *f.*: sclerophthalmia (disease of the eye). **-se** [Gr. *skleroun*, become hard], *f.*: sclerosis, thickening of tissue. **-tique**¹³ [Gr. *skleroun*], *f.*: sclerotic, white membrane (of the eye).

†**scoffion** = *escoffion*.

sco-laïre¹³ [L. -laris], *adj.*: academic.

-larité¹³, *f.*: (old) rights of students; (now) course of required studies.

-lastique¹³ [L. -lasticus], *f.*: scholastic (scholarly; mediæval); *adj.*: scholastic philosophy; *m.*: scholastic, schoolman.

-lastiquement¹⁶ [*-lastique*], *adv.*: scholastically, learnedly.

-liaste¹⁶ [Gr. *scholiastês*], *m.*: scholiast, commentator.

-lie¹⁶ [Gr. *scholion*, a comment; table-song], *f.*: scholium, learned explanation.

1. scolopendre¹⁵ [L. -dra, fr. Gr.], *f.*: scolopendra (centipede, milliped).

2. scolopendre¹⁵ [L. -drium], *f.*: scolopendra (the herb, hart's-tongue).

scombre¹³ [L. -ber, Gr. *skómbrós*], *m.*: scomber, mackerel.

scorbu-té¹⁶ [fr. Dutch], *m.*: scurvy. **-tique**¹⁷, *adj.* or *m.*: scorbutic.

scordion [L. fr. Gr., 'garlic'], *m.*: scordium, water-germander.

sco-rie¹⁶ [L. -ria, Gr. *skoria* (*skor*, dung)], *f.*: scoria, slag.

-rifcation¹⁷, *f.*: =, smelting ore with lead (in order to collect small quantities of some metal).

-rifca-toire¹⁷ [*rifer*], *m.*: scorifier, flat dish made of fire-clay. **-rifier**¹⁷ [L. -ria, *facere*, make], *tr.*: scorify.

scor-pioïde¹⁷ [Gr. *-pioicidês*], *adj.*: scorpion's-tail (herb).

-piojelle¹⁷, *f.*: scorpion oil, antidote for sting of a scorpion.

-pion¹² [L. -pio, ak. to Eng. SHARP], *m.*: = (the insect; ancient throwing-engine; †Eng. kind of cannon): *le Scorpion*, the Zodiac constellation Scorpio; *les serres du Scorpion*, the constellation Libra.

scorsonère¹⁶ [It. *scorzonera* (*scorza*, bark, *nera*, black)], *f.*: scorzonera, viper's-grass.

scotie¹⁶ [Gr. *skotia* (*skotos*, dark)], *f.*: scotia (kind of columnar moulding).

scottish¹⁸ [Eng.], *f.*: =, schottisch (dance).

scri-be¹³ [L. -ba], *m.*: =, Jewish scholar.

-pteur¹⁵ [L. -ptor (-bere, write)], *m.*: scribe, writer of the pope's bull.

-ptural, *pl.* = *aux* [L. -ptura, scripture], *adj.*: =, of holy writ.

serofu-laïre¹⁴, *f.*: serophularia, figwort.

-lari(ae)ées or **-larinées**⁹ [fr. l. L.], *f. pl.*: serophulariaceæ (plant family).

||-le¹⁵ [L. -la (scrofa, breeding sow)], *f.*, usually *pl.*: scrofula (disease often showing itself by swelling of the neck). -leux¹⁷, -euse, *adj.*: scrofulous; *m., f.*: scrofulous person.

scro-tocèle¹⁵ [L. -tum, bag, Gr. kèle, tumour], *f.*: scrotocèle, hernia into the scrotum. -tum¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =.

scrupu-le¹³ [L. -lus, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. (scrupus, sharp stone)], *m.*: scruple (the weight measure; qualm, hesitation; $\frac{1}{60}$ of a degree or of an hour); great accuracy, scrupulousness: je m'en ferais —, I should have scruples against doing it. -louement¹³ [-leux], *adv.*: scrupulously; carefully. -leux¹⁵, -euse [L. -losus], *adj.*: scrupulous; very careful; conscientious.

scrutateur¹³, -trice [L. -lator, searcher], *m., f.*: scrutiniser, examiner; scrutineer, judge of votes; *adj.*: investigating, searching. -ter¹⁷ [L. -tari], *tr.*: examine, scrutinise. -tin¹⁵ [L. -tinium], *m.*: =, voting, balloting: — de liste, vote or ballot for the whole ticket; — secret (découvert), secret (open) vote.

†scubac = usquebac.

sculp-ter¹⁷ [L. sculper], *tr.*: sculpture, cut, chisel. -teur¹⁵ [L. -tor], *m.*: sculptor. -tural¹⁵, *pl.* -aux, *adj.*: =. -ture¹⁴ [L. -tura], *f.*: =, carving.

†scurri-le¹³ [L. -lis (scurra, clown)], *adj.*: funny, clownish: le —, buffoonery. †lement¹⁵, *adj.*: with scurrility. -lité¹⁵ [L. -litas], *f.*: scurrility, clownishness.

scylla [L.], *f.*: Scylla, six-headed sea monster.

scytale¹³ [L. (Gr. skutále, rod; snake)], *f.*: =, staff on which to wind dispatches (which had to be wound on a like staff to be read).

se°, *pl.* — [L.], *refl. pron.*: one's self, to one's self (him-, her-, it-self); themselves, each other, one another: — tromper, be deceived: cela — peut, that may be.

sé-ance¹⁵ [seoir], *f.*: = (SESSION, meeting); sitting (for portrait, at game of cards, at meals, etc.): — tenante, during session; ouvrir (lever) la —, open (close) the meeting; donner à quelqu'un les honneurs de la —, allow one to attend a session; avoir (droit de) —, have right to a seat. -ant¹² [seoir], *adj.*: sitting, in session, seated; fitting, becoming; *m.*: sitting position; seat: en —, sitting up or upright; tomber sur son —, light sitting.

seau¹², *pl.* —x [p. L. *sitellus (L. situlus), OFr. seel], *m.*: bucket, bucketful: (fam.) il pleut à seaux, it is pouring down rain.

sé-bacé¹⁷ [L. -baceus], *adj.*: sebaceous, fatty, oily. -bacique, *adj. m.*: acid —,

sebatic acid (found in castor-oil, etc.). -bate [L. -bum], *m.*: =, any salt of sebatic acid.

sébes-te¹⁵ [fr. Arab.], *m.*: sebesten (Egyptian plum). -tier¹⁷, *m.*: sebesten-tree.

sébile¹⁵ [? Pers. zebbil, basket], *f.*: wooden bowl, sebill.

sec°, sèche [L. siccus], *adj.*: dry; dried; seasoned; thin, lean; hard; harsh; cold; uninteresting; threadbare; moneyless; *m.*: dry place; dry feed; *adv.*: dryly; bluntly; uninterestingly: — comme pendu (d'été), very thin or lean; une toux sèche, dry cough without spit; un vin —, dry wine (i.e. without sugar); pain —, bread alone (without meat, etc.); messe sèche, mass without consecration; de pierres sèches, of unmortared stones; habit —, threadbare coat; coup —, quick tap, rebounding blow; argent —, cash down; mine sèche, wry face; boire —, drink hard; drink wine without water; tirer un puits au —, pump, draw a well dry; (fourrage) —, dry feed; mettre d —, drain; ruin; (fam.) être d —, be broke, be without money; (of ships) be without sails, have no sails spread, be under bare poles; perte sèche, clean loss; pouls —, sharp pulse.

sé-cable¹⁷ [L. -cabilis], *adj.*: divisible (by cutting). -cant¹⁵, -ante [L. -cans], *adj.*: secant, cutting; *f.*: secant (a line or plane cutting another). -cateur¹⁵ [L. -care, cut], *m.*: pruning shears.

séces-sion¹⁵ [L. -sio (se, apart, cedere, go)], *f.*: secession, withdrawal from political fellowship. -sioniste¹⁵, *m.*: seceder, secessionist.

séchage¹⁵ [-cher], *m.*: drying.

1.sèche° [L. sēpia], *f.*: cuttlefish.

2.sèche [see], *adj.*: cf. sec; *f.*: tide-bottom (ground left dry at low tide).

sé-chage, *m.*, -chée, *f.*: drying; drying process. sé-chement¹⁵ [see], *adv.*: dryly; plainly; bluntly. ||-cher° [L. siccāre], *tr.*: dry, make dry; *intr.*: turn dry, dry up; wither; fade away: — sur pied, pine away; (humor.) get no husband; -cheresse¹⁷ [? see], *f.*: dryness, drouth; leanness; scarcity of money; coldness (in manner); hardness (of paintings). -cherie¹⁷, *f.*: dryer; drying-place or house. -choir¹⁵, *m.*: drying-room, dryer (in paper-mills, etc.).

secon-d¹¹, -onde, *c* like *g* [L. secundus (sequi, follow)], *adj.*: second; secondary; assistant; inferior; additional; lower; *m.*: second floor or story (of a house); accompaniment; *m., f.*: second person; match, mate (of a ship); person living in the second story; backer; second in a duel: eau

-de, diluted aqua fortis; *causes-des*, creatures (the Creator being first cause); *sans* —, without an equal; *en* —, in secondary rank. **-daire**¹⁵ [L. *secundarius*], *adj.*: secondary, less important. **-dairement**¹⁵ [*-daire*], *adv.*: secondarily. **secon-de**, *e* like *g*, *f.*: second ($\frac{1}{2}$ of a minute; interval between a note and the one next to it; second class in school); second proof-sheet. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: secondly. **-der**¹⁵ [L. *secundare*], *tr.*: †follow; second, assist, back: *se* —, help each other. **-dines**¹⁵ [L. *secundina*], *f. pl.*: after-birth.

se-couement¹⁵, *m.*: shaking. **-couer**^o [L. *succutere*], *tr.*: shake; shake off; jolt; reject; scold: *se* —, bestir one's self, take exercise; — *les oreilles*, doubt; refuse. **-côment** = **-cœment**.

se-courable¹¹, *adj.*: helpful; capable of being relieved. **||-courir**^o [L. *succurrere*], *irr.* (cf. *courir*); *tr.*: SUCCOUR, help. **-cours**^o [p. L. *succursus*], *m.*: succour, help, relief; alms; branch church.

secousse¹⁴ [Ofr. *secous*, shaken], *f.*: shaking, jerking; shock.

se-cret¹¹ [L. *cretum*], *m.*: =; private matter; secret place; secrecy; key; secret process or recipe; solitary cell for prisoners: *n'avoir point de* — *pour quelqu'un*, to keep no secrets from one; — *de Polichinelle* or *de la comédie*, open secret. **2.-cret**¹², **-ête** [L. *cretus*], *adj.*: =, kept private or hidden; occult; mysterious; close-mouthed, secretive: *escalier* —, private stairway; *chien* —, still hunter, hound that doesn't give voice in following a scent. **-crétaire**¹² [l. L. *cretarius*], *m.*: (old) confidant; (now) secretary (writer; minister of state; writing-desk; book on letterwriting; bird with feathers suggesting pens behind the ears). **-crétairie**¹⁵ [*-crétaire*], *f.*: office (for receiving or delivering messages). **-crétariat**¹⁵ [*-crétaire*], *m.*: office or position of secretary; time (of secretary's service); secretary's office. **-crête**¹⁵, *f.*: secret prayer (not loud enough for the audience to hear). **-crête-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: secretly.

secrète¹⁷ [2.-cret], *tr.*: felt (skins for hats with mercury and nitric acid).

secré-ter¹⁵ [L. after *-tion*], *irr.* *il(s) sécrète(ni)*, etc.; *tr.*: secrete (as glands). **-teur**¹⁵, **-trice**, *adj.*: secreting. **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: secretion (of bile, etc.); bile; (by extens.) urine, dung. **-toire**¹⁷, *adj.*: secretory.

sec-taire¹⁵, *adj.* or *m.*: sectarian. **-ta-teur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-lator*], *m., f.*: votary, follower. **-te**¹⁸ [L. *-ta* (*secare*, cut)], *f.*: sect (those of one faith; party; division.

-teur¹⁵ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: sector (surface between an arc and two radii; astronomical instrument). **-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (part cut off; portion; division; slice; paragraph). **-tionnement**¹⁸ [*-tionner*], *m.*: dividing. **-tionner**¹⁸ [*-tion*], *tr.*: divide, cut into sections; slice.

se-cu-laire¹⁵ [L. *secularis*], *adj.*: secular (happening every 100 years); lasting: *année* —, last year of the century; *jeux* —, secular games (at Rome); *poème* —, poem for the games. **-larisation**¹⁵ [*-lariser*], *f.*: secularisation (transfer fr. sacred to secular uses or control). **-lariser**¹⁶, *tr.*: secularise (convert to secular uses). **-la-rité**¹⁵, *f.*: secular jurisdiction. **||-lier**¹¹, **-ière** [L. *secularis*], *adj.*: secular, temporal; *m., f.*: layman. **-lièrement**¹¹, *adv.*: secularly.

secundo *u* like nasal *o* [L. *secundo loco*], *adv.*: in the second place, secondly.

sécurité¹⁵ [L. *securitas*], *f.*: security, safety.

sedan¹⁵ [town S.], *m.*: sedan (cloth).

sé-datif¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-datus* (*-dare*, to quit)], *adj.* or *m.*: sedative (soothing medicine). **-dation** [L. *-datio*], *f.*: soothing effect. **-dentaire**¹⁵ [L. *-dentarius*], *adj.*: sedentary, sitting much; fixed. **-diment**¹⁵ [L. *-dimentum* (*-dere*, settle)], *m.*: sediment, dregs. **-dimentaire**¹⁵, *adj.*: sedimentary. **-dimentation**, *f.*: sedimentation, accumulation of deposits. **†-dimenteur**, **-euse** = **-dimentaire**.

sédi-tieusement¹⁵, *adv.*: seditiously. **-tieux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tiosus*], *adj.*: seditious, insurrectionary; *m.*: rebel. **-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-tio*, a going aside], *f.*: sedition, conduct against public order.

sé-ducteur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-ductor*], *m., f.*: seducer; *adj.*: seductive, enticing. **-duc-tion**¹¹ [L. *-ductio*], *f.*: seduction; corruption; bribery. **||-duire** [L. *se-ducere*, lead aside], *irr.* (cf. *conduire*); *tr.*: seduce (charm, lead astray; deceive; corrupt; bribe). **-duisant**¹⁵, *adj.*: seductive; enchanting; tempting.

segmen-t¹⁶ [L. *-tum* (*secare*, cut)], *m.*: segment, part cut off, division. **-taire**¹⁵, *adj.*: segmentate (formed of segments).

ségrairie¹² [L. *secretarius*], *f.*: woods (held in common). **||ségrais**^o or **sé-grais** [L. *secretus*, set apart], *m.*: woods (not in the general forest). **ségrayer**¹⁵, *m.*: forest-warden.

ségré-gation¹⁵ [L. *-gatio* (*grex*, flock), dividing of flocks], *f.*: segregation, grouping apart. **-ger** [L. *-gare*], *tr.*: segregate, separate out from the rest.

ségundi-le¹⁷ or **séguidi-le** [Sp. *seguidilla*], *f.*: seguidilla, lively song or dance in waltz-time.

seiche = 1. *sèche*, cuttlefish.

seide¹⁸ [character *S.* in Voltaire's play *Mohamet*], *m.*: fanatical or even murderous supporter or votary.

seigle¹² [L. *secale*], *m.*: rye.

seigneur⁹ [L. *senior*, older], *m.*: seignior, lord (feudal lord; title of Lord); eucharist: *gros* —, great lord, esp. rich lord. **seigneurie**¹⁴, *m.*: seignorage (government's charges for coining bullion). **seigneurial**¹⁴, *pl.* = *aux*, *adj.*: seignorial, of a lord. **seigneurie**¹¹, *f.*: seignory, lord's rights; lordship (as title). **seigneurifier**¹⁶ [seigneur, L. *facere*, make], *tr.*: make into a lord.

settle⁹ [L. *stula*], *f.*: (dial.) wooden bucket or vat.

seime¹⁵ [? L. *segmen*, what is cut off], *m.*: wire-heel (up-and-down split in a horse's hoof).

sein [L. *sinus*, hollow or fold], *m.*: breast, bosom; lap; womb; interior; centre; bay; belly of a sail.

seine⁹ [L. *agēna*], *f.*: —, fishnet.

seing⁹ [L. *signum*], *m.*: (old) seal; (now) signature.

sei-zai, *m.*: cloth of 1600 warp threads. **-zaine**, *f.*: group or set of 16. **seize**⁹ [L. *seizecim*], *adj.* or numeral: sixteen, sixteenth, 16, XVI. **-zième**¹¹, *adj.*: sixteenth (person, part, day, etc.); *f.*: six cards of the same colour (at piquet). **-zièment**¹³ [-*zième*], *adv.*: sixteenthly.

sé-jour¹⁰, *m.*: sojourn, stay; continuance; place to stay in; abode, delay: *bête de* —, sick horse or animal that must be left at the stable; (poet.) *l'humide* —, the sea; *le* — infernal, hell. **-journeement**, *m.*: staying. **sejourner**⁹ [p. L. **sub-diurnare* (L. *sub*, under, *diurnare*, stay)], *intr.*: sojourn; stay; delay; rest.

sel⁹ [L. *sal*], *m.*: salt (seasoning; wit; chemical crystals): — *gemme*, rock-salt; — *admirable*, Glauber's salts; — *anglais*, Epsom salts; *manger quelque chose à la croque au* —, eat a thing with nothing but salt; *faux* —, smuggled salt; *gros* —, coarse jokes.

sé-lacien¹⁸, = *enne* [Gr. *selachos*, shark], *adj.*: selachian, hav'g cartilaginous skin; *m. pl.*: selachil (sharks, rays, etc.).

sé-lam or **sé-lan** [Ar. *salam*, salutation], *m.*: bouquet (arranged by language of flowers).

sé-lec-tif, = *ive*, *adj.*: selective. **-tion**¹⁸ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: choice, selection (in Darwinian sense).

sé-lé-niate, *m.*: selenate, salt of selenic acid. **-nieur**¹⁸, *adj. m.*: acide —, selenious acid. **-nique**, *adj.*: selenic. **se-lénite**¹⁷ [Gr. *selenites*], *f.*: selenite

(variety of gypsum); *z. m.*¹⁸: selenite (the chemical salt). **-nium**¹⁸ [Gr. *selene*, moon], *m.*: selenium (non-metallic element). **-nographie**¹⁶ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: selenography, description of the moon.

sel-le [L. *-la*, seat], *f.*: (old) stool, chair with no back; (now) SADDLE; movement of the bowels; stool (in medicine; workers' bench): — *de femme*, side-saddle; — *anglais, la première* —, the best nag of the lot; — *de calfat*, caulking box (on ships). **se-ler**¹¹, *tr.*: saddle.

se-ller¹² [? *sceller*], *refl.*: harden.

se-lerie¹² [-*le*], *f.*: saddlery; horse-goods; saddling-room. **-lette**¹² [-*le*], *f.*: (old) culprit's stool; bench; (now) stool saddle of harness; bootblack's box. **-lier**¹² [-*le*], *m.*: saddler, harness-maker. **-lière**¹² [-*lier*], *f.*: saddler's wife.

se-lon⁹ [p. L. **sublungus* (L. *sub*, under, *longus*, long)], *prep.*: according to: — *moi*, in my opinion; *c'est* —, that depends.

se-matiles⁹ [L. *seminalia*], *f. pl.*: sowing; sowing time.

se-mai-ne⁹ [p. L. *septimana* (*septem*, SEVEN)], *f.*: week; week's work or wages; (child's) pocket-money: — *d'années*, seven years; *prêter à la petite* —, draw usurious interest; *il est de* —, this is its week. **-nier**¹⁵, = *ière*, *m. f.*: player, officer, etc., on duty for the week.

se-maison¹² [ak. to *semaille*], *f.*: shedding of seed.

sé-mantique¹⁸ [Gr. *sēma*, sign], *f.*: semasiology.

sé-maphore¹⁸ [Gr. *sēma*, sign, *phorós*, bearing], *m.*: semaphore, apparatus for signaling; signal-telegraph.

sé-masiologie¹⁸ [Gr. *semasia*, meaning, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: semasiology (study of the development of meanings). **-gique**¹⁸, *adj.*: semasiological.

sem-blable¹¹, *adj.*: like, similar; *m.*: like, equal. **-blablement**¹³ [-*blable*], *adv.*: similarly. **-blant**¹⁰, *m.*: SEMBLANCE, appearance: *faux* —, pretence; *faire* —, pretend, make a show of doing. **se-ble**⁹ [L. *simulāre*], *intr.*: seem, appear.

se-mé [semer], *adj.*: (her.) sown, strewn.

se-méio-logie, **-tique** = *sémiologie*, etc.

se-mel [L.], *adv.*: once, one.

se-melle¹² [?], *f.*: sole; foot; sleeper (timber); skid: *ne pas avancer d'une* —, not move a foot forward; *make no progress; battre la* —, go afoot; tramp.

se-men-see⁹ [p. L. **sementia* (L. *sementis*)], *f.*: seed; germs; stud; tacks, brads; origin, cause: — *de perles*, seed-pearls.

-menecau¹⁵, *m.*: seed-turnip. **-menecine**¹⁵, *f.*: =, *santonica* (worm-wood). **se-men-contra** [L., 'seed against' sc. worms], *m.*: =, wormseed. **-mer**^o [L. *seminare*], *tr.*: sow, strew; plant; bespangle; spread broadcast: — *l'argent*, be extravagant; — *de fleurs le bord du précipice*, hide danger by flattery. **se-mes-tre**¹⁵ [L. *-tris* = *sex menses*], *m.*: semester, half year; rent, interest for six months; furlough of six months; soldier on six months' furlough: — *de janvier (de juillet)*, six months beginning with January 1st (July 1st); *adj.*: of six months; serving six months. **-triel**¹⁵, = *elle*, *adj.*: semestral. **†-trier**¹⁷, *m.*: absentee (soldier on six months' furlough). **se-meur**¹¹, = *euse* [semer], *m.*: sower; disseminator. **semi-** [L.], *prefix*: semi-, half. **sémi-lance** [-lant], *f.*: liveliness. **-lant**¹⁵, *adj.*: lively, vivacious. **||-ler**¹² [Celt. *sim*, active], *intr.*: be sprightly; frisk about. **sémi-naire**¹⁵ [L. *-narium*, seed-plot (*semen*, seed)], *m.*: seminary, school; seminar, research course. **-nal**¹⁵, *pl.* = *aux* [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: =, of seed. **-nariste**¹⁵ [-naire], *m.*: seminarist. **-nifère** [L. *semen, ferre*, to bear], *adj.*: seed-bearing, seminiferous. **sémi-graphie** [Gr. *semeton*, sign, *gráphein*, write], *f.*: semeiology. **-logie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: semeiology, treatise on symptoms. **-logique** [-logie], *adj.*: semeiological, of signs or symptoms. **†-tique**¹⁷ [Gr. *semitike*], *f.*: semeiology; commanding by signs or signals. **se-mis**¹⁷ [semer], *m.*: garden-bed; nursery. **sémi-te** [Noah's son Sem], *m.*: Semite. **-tique**, *adj.*: Semitic. **-tisme**, *m.*: Semitism, Jewish trait, or idiom. **semi-ton**, *m.*: semitone, half-tone (in music). **se-moir**¹⁵ [ak. to *semer*], *m.*: seed-leap, sower's basket or bag; drill (machine for sowing). **se-monce**¹¹ [old part. *semonse*], *f.*: invitation; SUMMONS; challenge; rebuke. **-moncer**¹⁶, *tr.*: (*fam.*) scold; challenge. **||-mondre**^o [p. L. *sub-monere* (L. *monere*), remind privately], *tr.*: invite; SUMMON; dun; scold. **†-monneur**¹¹, *m.*: summoner. **se-moule**¹⁵ [It. *semola* (L. *simila*), fine flour], *f.*: semolina, grits. **sem-per virens**, *pl.* — [L., 'always green'], *m.*: evergreen honeysuckle, sempervirent. **-piternel**¹⁵, = *elle* [L. *piternus*], *adj.*: eternal: *une (vieille) —le*, a very old woman.

semple [?], *m.*: simple (set of cords in a draw-loom holding the pattern). **se-naire** [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: in sixes; hav'g six feet or meters. **séna-t**¹¹ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: senate. **-teur**¹¹ [L. *-tor*], *m.*: senator; white seagull. **-torerie**¹⁵ [-teur], *f.*: senatorial district (under the first empire). **-torial**¹⁷, *pl.* = *aux*, *adj.*: senatorial. **-torien**¹⁶, = *enne*, *adj.*: of a senator. **-trice**, *f.*: senator's wife. **-tus-consulte**¹⁵ [L. *senatus-consultum*], *m.*: decree of the senate. **se-nau**¹⁷ [Dutch *snauw*], *m.*: snow (two-masted boat with boom mainsail). **sé-né**¹² [l. L. *sene*, Ar. *sema*], *m.*: senina (purgative plant): *passer-moi la rhubarbe (or la casse) et je vous passerai le —*, I will meet you half-way. **sé-né-chal**¹⁵, *pl.* = *aux* [l. L. *-seculus* fr. Goth. *†seinskalks*, chief of servants], *m.*: seneschal (medieval chief steward; officer of high rank). **-chale**, *f.*: wife of seneschal. **-chaussée**¹¹, *f.*: seneschalship; office or court or scope of a seneschal. **seneçon**¹² [L. *-cio*], *m.*: senecio, groundsel (plant). **sénégali**¹⁵ [river Senegal], *m.*: senegal, bloodfinch. **senelle** = *cenelle*. **†sènes-tre**^o or *senes* [L. *sinister*], *adj.*: sinister, left (esp. in *her.*). **-trochère** [Gr. *cheir*, hand], *m.*: (her.) left arm. **-trogyre** [L. *gyrare*, whirl], *adj.*: turning rays of light to the left. **sé-nevé**¹² [p. L. *†sinapatum*, L., Gr. *sinapi*], *m.*: black mustard. **sé-nieur**¹⁴ [L. *-nior*], *m.*: senior. **-nile**¹⁵ [L. *-nilia*], *adj.*: senile. **-nilité**¹⁵, *f.*: senility, old age and weakness. **†senne** = *seine*. **†senoc** = *senau*. **sens**^o [L. *sensus*], *m.*: sense (one of the five; intelligence; feeling; mind; meaning); opinion, side; manner; direction; *pl.*: senses; sensuality: *la peine du —*, pangs of hell; *le sixième —*, insight; conscience; — *moral*, conscience. **sens dessus dessous**, *adv.*: upside down; **sens devant derrière**, *adv.*: hind part foremost; (these two expressions are from *cen dessus dessous, cen devant derrière*, OFr. *cen*: 'that', made *sens* by pop. etym.). **sen-sa-tion**¹⁵ [L. *-satio*], *f.*: = (feeling; impression). **-sable**¹⁵ [L. *-satus*], *adj.*: smart, sensible. **-sément**¹⁵ [-sè], *adv.*: sensibly. **-sibiliser**¹⁵, *tr.*: (phot.) sensitize, make sensitive to light. **-sibilité**¹⁵ [L. *-sibilitas*], *f.*: sensibility; interest, concern; tenderness; sensitiveness, acute-

ness. **-sible**¹² [L. *-sibilis*], *adj.*: = (sensitive; feeling; tender; palpable; distinct; obvious); effective; severe; painful; sore; *f.*: leading note, sensible; *m.*: feeling, sense. **-blément**¹³ [*-sible*], *adv.*: sensibly, noticeably; greatly. **-sible**¹⁷, *f.*: (*fam.*) pretended delicacy, sentimentality. **-sitif**¹², **-ive** [sens], *adj.*: sensitive, feeling; *f.*: sensitive plant, mimosa. **-sorial**¹⁵, *pl.* = **-aur**, *adj.*: =, of the sensorium. **-sorium**¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: =, brain. **-sualisme**¹⁵, *m.*: sensualism (doctrine that all knowledge is fr. the senses; lewd acts or desires). **-sualiste**¹⁵, *adj.*: sensual; *m.*: sensualist, devotee of the senses. **-sualité**¹¹ [L. *-sualitas*], *f.*: sensuality, great feeling. **-suel**¹⁴, **-uelle** [L. *-sualis*], *adj.*: sensual; *m.*: sensual person. **-suellement**¹⁴ [*-suel*], *adv.*: sensually.

sentant¹⁵, **-ante** [*-tir*], *adj.*: sentient, endowed with feeling.

†sente⁹ [L. *semita*], *f.*: (*pop.*) †path (*cf.* *sentier*).

sen-tence¹¹ [L. *-tentia*], *f.*: = (complete thought in words; motto; verdict, decision, esp. judgment fixing the death penalty). **†tenceur**¹³, *tr.*: sentence. **-tenceusement**¹⁵ [*-tencieux*], *adj.*: (*irony*) sentimentally. **-tencieux**¹², **-ense** [L. *-tentiosus*], *adj.*: sententious, full of meaning, terse, pithy.

†sentène = centaine.

sen-teur¹³ [*-tir*], *f.*: SCENT, smell; perfume, fragrance. **-ti**, **-tie** [*-tir*], *adj.*: (*art*) bien —, well conceived, well expressed; *m.*: well portrayed object; object full of meaning.

sentier⁹ [p. L. *semitarium* (L. *semita*, path)], *m.*: footpath, track.

sentimen-t¹¹ [*sentir*], *m.*: =; feeling; scent, sensibility; sense of smell, of sight, etc.; interest; love; moral sense; opinion: (*fam.*) *grands* —s, sentimental ideas of honour; *pousser les beaux* —s, be affected in one's utterances; talk sentimentally; *selon son* —, according to his opinion. **-tal**¹⁷, *pl.* = **-aux** [Eng.], *adj.*: =. **-talement**¹⁵ [*-tal*], *adv.*: sentimentally. **-talité**¹⁵, *f.*: sentimentality; sentimentalism.

sentine¹¹ [L. *-tina*], *f.*: well-room (where bilgewater collects); cesspool of vice.

sen-tinelle¹⁵ [It. *-tinella* (L. *-tire*, listen)], *f.*: (*poet. m.*): sentinel; outlook; *faire* —, be on guard duty; — *perdue*, advanced picket or outpost. **-tir** [L. *-tire*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: feel; appreciate; know; perceive (by any of the senses); scent; have the smell of; savour of; exhale; regret; *intr.*: smell; have an odour; stink: *se* —, know, feel one's self; *il se sent mou-*

rir, he knows he is dying; *il ne se sent pas de froid*, he is numb with cold; *je ne puis* — *cet homme-là*, I can't endure that man; — *quelque chose pour*, think a good deal of; *cette action sent le gibet*, some one deserves hanging for this; *cet homme sent le terroir*, this man shows where he is from; — *le sapin*, (lit. smell of pine, i.e. the coffin), have one foot in the grave; — *le fagot*, be suspected of heresy; — *son cheval*, know one's horse well; — *son cheval dans la main*, have one's horse under complete control; *ce bâtiment sent le fond*, this boat is heavily loaded; *je sens de ne plus causer avec lui*, I am sorry not to talk with him any more.

§ Ind.: Pr. *sen-s*, *s*, *-j*, *-tous*, *tez*, *tent*. Ipf. *sen-tais*. Pret. *sen-tis*. Fut. (Cond.) *sen-tirais*. — Subj.: Pr. *sen-te*. Ipf. *sen-tisse*. — I've *sen-ti*. — Part.: Pr. *sen-tant*; P. *sen-ti*.

†seoir⁹ [L. *sedere*], *irr. §*, and defect; *intr.*: sit, suit: *il vous sied mal*, it ill becomes you.

§ Only Ind. Pr. *il sied*. Fut. (Cond.) *il s'ierait*. — Part.: Pr. *siant*; P. *sir*.

†sep = cep.

sépa-le¹⁵ [L. *separ*, separate], *m.*: sepal, leaf of the calyx. **-rable**¹⁵, *adj.*: separable. **-rateur**, **-trice**, *adj.*: separating. **-ratif**¹⁵, **-ive**, *adj.*: separative (aiding or showing division or separation). **-ration**¹⁵ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: separation (SEVERING; disunion; parting of husband and wife); quarrel. **-ratiste**¹⁵, *m.*: separatist, one who withdraws; dissenter; seceder. **-rément**¹⁵, *adu.*: separately. **-rer**¹³ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: separate, part, SEVER; divide; divorce; part (the hair): *se* —, go apart to adjourn.

sépia [It., L. *sepia*, cuttlefish], *f.*: sepia (dark pigment; drawing made with it).

seps¹⁵ [L. (Gr. *seps*)], *m.*: = (serpentine lizard).

sep-t⁹ *usly ad bef. const* [L. *-tem*], *num.* or *m.*: SEVEN; seventh; *m.*: seven. **†septante**⁹ [p. L. **-tanta*, L. *-tuaginta*], *num. adj.*: seventy: *les Septante*, the Seventy (Greek translators of the Old Testament); *la Septante*, the Septuagint, Greek revision of the Old Testament made 270 B.C. **sep-tembral**, *adj.*: Septembrual. **sep-tembre**⁹ [L. *-tember*, seventh month — our March — of the Roman year], *m.*: September, ninth month of our year. **sep-ténaire**¹⁵, *adj.*: septenary; *m.*: septennium; septenary, set of seven; week; seven years. **sep-tennal**¹⁷, *pl.* = **-aux** [L. *-tennis* (annus, year)], *adj.*: septennial, of seven years, lasting seven years. **sep-tennalité**¹⁵, *f.*: quality of lasting seven years, seven years' duration. **sep-tennat** [L. *-tennis*, of seven years], *m.*: rule of seven years. **sep-ten-trion**¹¹ [L. *-tentrío-*

nes, (lit.) seven-plough oxen], *m.*: Septentrio, the great Bear (constellation); north. **sep-tentrional**¹³, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *tentrio-nalis*], *adj.*: northern: *les Septentrionaux*, the northerners. **sep-tidi**¹⁷ [L. *-timus*, seventh, *dies*, day], *m.*: = (seventh day of the republican calendar). **sep-tième**¹¹, *adj.*, or *m.*, *f.*: seventh; *m.*: one seventh; seventh in number; *f.*: seventh class: seven of one suit (at piquet). **sep-tième-ment**¹⁵ [*-ième*], *adv.*: seventhly.

septier = *setier*.

septique¹³ [Gr. *septikós* (*sépin*, to rot)], *adj.*: septic, putrid.

septail¹² **-teuy** [sept, *œil*], *m.*, or *f.*: lamprey-like fish (having seven eye-like spots).

septua-génaire¹⁴ [L. *-genarius*], *adj.*: of seventy, septuagenary; *m.*, *f.*: septuagenarian, person 70 years old. **-gésime**¹² [L. *-gesima* (sc. *dies*), seventieth (day)], *f.*: Septuagesima, third Sunday before Lent.

sep-tuor¹³ [L. *-tem*, seven, infl. by *quat-tuor*], *m.*: =, septet, piece for seven voices or instruments. **-tuple**¹⁴ [L. *-tupulus*], *adj.*: =, sevenfold; *m.*: =, seven-fold value. **-tupler**¹⁷, *tr.*: sep-tuple, multiply by seven.

sépul-cral¹⁵, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-cralis*], *adj.*: sepulchral, of tombs; dismal. **-cre**¹⁰ [L. *-crum*], *m.*: sepulchre, tomb. **-ture**¹¹ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: burial, sepulture; death; graveyard.

sé-quelle¹³ [L. *-quela* (-*qui*, follow)], *f.*: (*fam.*) sequela, crowd of adherents; pile, lot (of things). **-quence**¹² [L. *-quentia*], *f.*: sequence (straight 3 or more cards of one suit; hymn following the gradual; order of arrangement). **-questration**¹¹ [L. *-questratio*], *f.*: sequestration, setting aside of property, deposit of property with a third person, trustee; seclusion, quarantine (against sick animals). **1.-questre**¹² [L. *-quæstrum*], *m.*: sequestration, sequestered object. **2.-questre**¹⁶ [L. *-quester*], *m.*: sequester, trustee; dead part of a bone. **-questre**¹³ [L. *-questrare*], *tr.*: sequester, put into the hands of a trustee; put aside; seclude: **-questre**, living alone, in retirement; *se* —, live apart from the world.

sequin¹⁰ [It. *zecchino*, fr. Ar.], *m.*: = (gold coin worth about \$2).

sérai¹⁴ [It. *sarraglio*, Pers. *serâi*, palace], *m.*: seraglio (properly Sultan's palace; vulg. harem; women of the harem).

sé-ran¹², *m.*: carding-brush, hackle. **-rancer**¹² [Ger. *schrenzen*, tear apart], *tr.*: hackle, prepare the hair for spinning.

sérancolin [quarry at S.], *m.*: Pyrenean marble.

sé-ra-phin¹¹ [L. *-phin* fr. Heb.], *m.*: seraph, angel of highest rank. **-phique**¹⁵, *adj.*: seraphic: *vision* —, St. Francis' vision; *ordre*, or *famille* or *institut* —, Franciscan order of monks; *le docteur* —, St. Bonaventura.

Sérapis [fr. L.], *m.*: Serapis (the Egyptian deity).

sérasquier [Turk. *serasker*, army-chief], *m.*: seraskier, Turkish general or minister.

serdcau¹² [*sert de l'eau*], *m.*: royal table-steward (who took charge of the plate and dishes when the table was cleared); dining-room (of nobles in waiting).

1.sérén¹¹ [*soir*, L. *serum*, evening], *m.*: evening dew.

2.sérén¹⁵ [L. *serenus*], *adj.*: serene, clear; quiet: *goutte sérène*, paralysis of the retina (once supposed to be caused by a clear drop falling on the eye). **sé-ré-nade**¹⁵ [Sp. *serenada*], *f.*: serenade, evening song (esp. in honour of a lady).

sé-rénissime¹⁴ [L. *serenissimus*], *adj.*: (title) Most Serene. **sé-rénité**¹¹ [L. *serenitas*], *f.*: serenity; calmness; quiet; (*as title*) Serene Highness.

séroux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-rum*, whey], *adj.*: serous, watery.

ser-f, **ser-ve** [L. *-vus*], *m.*, *f.*: bond-man, slave; feudal serf; *adj.*: servile.

ser-fouette¹⁵, *f.*: hoe. **-fouir**² [p. L. **circumfodire*, L. *circumfodere*, dig around], *tr.*: hoe. **-fouissage**¹⁵, *m.*: hoeing.

ser-ge² [L. *serica*, silks (nation *Seri*)], *f.*: serge (cloth). **-gé**¹⁵, *m.*: imitation serge.

sergen-t⁹ [L. *serviens*, serving], *m.*: sergeant (old. *SERVANT*; officer; *now*, policeman); cramp iron; hook. **†-ter**¹², *tr.*: pursue; dun; annoy; *intr.*: serve as policeman. **†-terie**¹², *f.*: position of policeman or sergeant.

ser-ger¹⁷ [-*ge*], *m.*: serge-manufacturer, maker of serges. **-gric**¹⁴, *f.*: serge business or manufacture; workroom (of serge-makers). **-gote**, *f.*: light serge.

†-gier = **-ger**.

sériei-cole¹⁵ [L. *sericum*, silk, *colere*, grow], *adj.*: silk raising. **-culteur**, *m.*: silk grower. **-culture**¹⁵ [L. *cultura*, culture], *f.*: silk-culture.

série¹⁷ [L. *series*, row], *f.*: series, succession of like things.

sé-rièusement¹⁵, *adv.*: seriously.

~-rieux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-rius*], *adj.*: serious, earnest: *m.*, *f.*: serious person; *m.*: seriousness, earnestness, soberness.

se-rin¹⁴, **-ine** [?], *m.*, *f.*: =, canary bird. **-rinage** [*-riner*], *m.*: training (of canaries). **-rine**¹⁵, *tr.*: teach, train with a bird-organ. **-rinette**¹⁷, *f.*: bird-organ; poor singer.

serin-ga¹⁷ [L. *syrix*, Gr. *sárix*, reed], m.: syringa (ornamental shrub). || **serin-gue**¹² [L. *syrix* or *syrix*, reed, flute, tube], f.: syringe, squirt, sprayer. -**guement** [-guer], m.: washing, injection; spraying. -**guer**¹⁵, tr.: syringe, spray.

†**sériorité**¹⁵ [Olt. *seriosità*], f.: (rare) seriousness, soberness.

sermen-t⁹ [L. *sacramentum*], m.: sworn oath; pl.: cursing and swearing: *préter* —, take an oath; — *de joueur* or *d'ivrogne*, unreliable oath. †**té**¹², adj.: sworn, under oath (cf. *assermenté*).

ser-mon⁹ [L. -*mos*, talk], m.: =; (fam.) tiresome advice. -**monnaire**¹⁵, m.: collection of sermons; adj.: fit for sermons. -**monner**¹¹, tr.: (fam.) sermonise, lecture. -**monneur**¹², -**esse**, m., f.: sermoniser, preacher.

sérosité¹⁵ [L. -*rosus* (-rum, whey)], f.: serosity; watery secretion.

serpe⁹ [p. L. **sarpa*, Gr. *hárpē*, sickle], f.: bill-hook, pruning hook: *fait à la* —, bunglingly done.

ser-pent⁹ [L. -*pens*, creeping], m.: = (snake; fig. hate; the musical instrument; Satan): — *à sonnettes*, rattlesnake; *une langue de* —, slanderer. 1. **pentaire**¹², [L. -*pentaria*], f.: serpentaria, snake-root; snakeweed. 2. **Ser-pentaire** [L. -*pens*], m.: Serpent (constellation). 3. **pentaire**¹⁵ [l. L. -*pentarius*], m.: serpentarius (snake-eating bird). -**pente**¹³, f.: silver-paper (bearing image of a serpent). -**penteau**¹¹, m.: little serpent; anything shaped like a serpent. -**pente**¹³, intr.: wind like a serpent, go on a tortuous course. -**pentin**¹¹, -**ine** [L. -*pentinus*], adj.: serpentine, suggestive of a serpent: wavy, undulous: *langue* —, wicked tongue; hanging tongue (of horses); m.: (old) hammer of an arquebuse; old-style cannon; (now) worm of a still; f.: serpentine marble; snakeweed.

serpette¹³ [-pe], f.: pruning knife. **serpillière** [? l. *serapellina* (L. *serapellinus*, fr. Gr., of the colour of dry grape-leaves)], f.: packing-cloth. **serpillon** [-pe], m.: little hoe. **serpolet**¹³ [L. -*pullum*, Gr. *hérpullon*], m.: wild thyme.

serratule [L. -*ula*], f.: sawwort.

ser-re¹¹ [L. *sera*, bar, bolt], f.: squeeze; pressing; pinch; claws, talons; stinging; greenhouse, hothouse: *il a la* — *bonne*, he has a strong grip; (fig.) he is close-fisted; *être tenu en* — *chaude*, have no freedom, be kept close. -**ré**, adj.: closed; close, tight; narrow; terse; (bot.) serrate; adv.: closely; guardedly; hard: *homme* —, miserly man; *fortune* —, shortness of money; short funds; *pouls* —, rapid pulse; *avoir le ventre* —, be constipated; *avoir le cœur* —, feel deep affliction; *avoir le gosier* —, have a choking sensation. -**re-file**¹⁵, m.: supernumerary, rear officer (attached to a full regiment); last soldier; hindmost ship; adj.: rear, hindmost. -**re-frein**¹⁵, m.: railroad brakeman. -**rement**¹⁵, m.: squeeze, pressing; rending (of the heart), affliction. †**rement**¹¹, adv.: closely, niggardly. -**re-nez**¹³, pl. —, m.: twitch (device to hold a balky horse by the upper lip). -**re-papiers**¹⁷, m.: letter-cabinet; pigeon-holes; paper-weight. || -**rer**⁹ [p. L. **räre*, L. *sera*, bolt], tr.: press, squeeze; pinch; crowd; close up; choke; tighten; clinch; bind, tie; put in a closed place, garner; furl; oppress, grieve: *se* —, gird one's self; lace; draw near to; close up; grieve; — *les poutres de quelqu'un*, put the thumbscrews to one, i.e. force one to admit something; — *la mesure* or *la botte*, press one's opponent hard (in fencing, or in dispute); — *la terre*, sail close to land; — *le vent*, sail close to the wind. -**re-tête**¹⁵, pl. —, m.: head-band.

serrette¹⁷ [L. *serra*, saw], f.: sawwort (of aster family).

†**ser-ron**¹⁷ [Sp. *serón*], m.: seroon, crate or basket for figs, etc. -**rure**¹¹ [-rer], f.: lock: *brouiller une* —, spoil a lock; *sa* — *est brouillée*, he is worrying about something; *crocheter une* —, pick a lock. -**rurerie**¹³, f.: locks, lock business; iron work of a house. -**rurier**¹², m.: locksmith; iron founder; hardware man; titmouse, etc.

ser-te, f.: bezel, setting, mounting (of diamonds, etc.). || -**tir**¹³ [L. -*tum*, wreath], tr.: set (precious stones). -**tis-sage**¹⁵, m.: work of setting stones. -**tis-seur**, m.: setter (of stones). -**tissure**¹³, f.: setting, fashion (of stones).

sérum [L., 'whey'], m.: =, watery fluid or secretion.

servage¹¹ [serf], m.: = (feudal bondage; slavery in general; subjection to a mistress).

serval¹⁷ [Portuguese word], m.: =, tiger-cat.

ser-vant¹⁹, -**ante**, adj., m.: serving: *gentils-hommes* —, noblemen in waiting; *frères* —, servants at a monastery; m.: servant; server, gunner (who serves a gun); f.: servant; side-table: -**ante** *maitresse*, housekeeper. -**vable**¹¹, adj.: obliging. -**vice**¹⁰ [L. -*ritium*], m.: = (labour for others; use; employment; duty; worship; set of dishes; respects): *de* —, on duty; (*billet de*) —, complimentary ticket; (fam.) *qu'y a-t-il pour votre*

service? what can I do for you? **-viette**¹⁸, f.: napkin. **-vile**¹⁸ [L. *-vilis*, adj.: servile; of or like slaves; base: *œuvres* —, work done for money. **-vilement**¹⁸, adv.: servilely; cringingly. **-vilité**¹⁷, f.: servility; slavishness. **||-vir** [L. *-vire*, irr. §; tr.: serve (attend, wait on; help; profit; worship; honour; minister to; deliver; supply; put on the table); pay; intr.: be a servant; be on duty; be of use; pass for; serve up; serve: — *à rien*, be good for nothing; *se — de*, make use of; *pour vous —*, at your service; *je lui sers de père*, I act as father to him; *served-vous*, help yourself. **-viteur**¹⁸ [L. *-vitor*], m.: servant; minister: *je suis votre —*, yours truly (in letters; in declining an offer); (*fam.*) *voilà l'hiver, serviteur à la promenade*, winter is here, so, good-bye pleasure walks. **-vitude**¹² [L. *-vitus*], f.: =, slavery; assessment; *bateau de —*, harbor boat.

§ Ind.: Pr. *je sers*, -s, -t; *servons*, -ez, -ent. Ipt. *servais*, *servaient*. Fut. (Cond.) *servirai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *serve*. Ipt. *serviss*. — P've *servi*. — Part.: Pr. *servant*; P. *servi*.

ses, see **son**.

sésa-me¹⁵ [L. *-mum*, m.: sesame (plant). **-moide**¹⁵ [Gr. *-moieidēs*, adj.: sesamoid, modular (like a begonia or sesame seed).

séséli¹⁵ [Gr. *sēsēli*], m.: seseli, parsley.

sesqui- [L. fr. *semis* (*semis*, half)]: **-altère**¹⁴ [L. *-alter*], adj.: sesquialter, equal to one and a half. **-oxyde**, m.: =, oxide hav'g one and a half times as much oxygen as the protoxide. **-sel**, m.: sesqui-salt.

ses-sile¹⁷ [L. *-silis*], adj.: sessile, hav'g no stem. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], f.: =, time of sitting; meeting.

sester-ce¹⁵ [L. *-tius*, fr. *semi-tertius*, "third one a half," two and a half], m.: = (ancient Roman coin worth four cents).

setérée¹², f.: (*dial.*) beat (the space one measure of seed will sow). †**setier** [L. *sextarius*, sixth part], m.: measure (varying from a pint to two and a half bushels).

seton¹⁵ [L. *-ta*, bristles], m.: seton, counter-irritant of bristles or silk drawn through the skin.

seuil⁹ [L. *solium*, throne], m.: SILL, threshold.

seu-l'⁹ [L. *solus*], adj.: alone; solitary; SOLO; only; m.: individual: *aller tout —*, go by itself. **-lement**¹¹, adv.: only; merely; *si —!* if that could only be! †**-let**¹¹, **-ette**, adj.: (*fam.*) alone.

sève [L. *sapa*, boiled wine], f.: SAP: *ce vin n'a plus de —*, this wine has lost its flavour; — *de la jeunesse*, vigour of youth.

sé-vère¹¹ [L. *-verus*], adj.: severe, ex-

acting; hard; unkind; "unadorned, plain; m.: severity, severeness: (*pop.*) *en voilà une —*, that affair has a bad look; f.: adder. **-vèrement**¹², adv.: severely. **-vérité**¹¹ [L. *-veritas*], f.: severity; strictness.

sé-vère, **-euse** [-ve], adj.: sappy.

sé-vices¹⁸ [L. *sevitia*], m. pl.: cruelty (of husband, wife, father, etc.). **-vir**¹⁶ [L. *savire*], intr.: rage; storm; be cruel.

se-vrage¹⁷, m.: weaning; weaning time. **||-vrer**⁹ [L. *separare*], tr.: wean; sever from: *se —*, abstain from.

sèvres [town S. near Paris], m.: sevrès (china-ware, porcelain).

se-vreuse¹⁷ [-ver], f.: weaning nurse.

sexagénnaire¹⁸ [L. *-genarius*, of sixty], adj. or m. f.: sexagenarian. **Sexagésime**¹⁶ [L. *-gesima* (sc. *dies*), sixtieth (day)], f.: Sexagesima (second Sunday before Lent).

sex-digitaire¹⁷ [L. *sex*, six, *digitus*, toe, finger], adj.: sexdigitate; m., f.: sex-digitist, person hav'g six fingers on one hand or six toes on one foot. **-digital**¹⁷, pl.: =aux, adj.: six-toed; six-fingered.

sexe¹¹ [L. *sextus*, properly "division"], m.: sex; women (as a class).

sexenna-l, pl. =aux [L. *sexennis* (*sex*, six, *annus*, year)], adj.: sexennial. **-lité**, f.: sexennialness.

sex-tant¹⁵ [L. *-tans*, sixth], m.: = (sixth of a circle; instrument for measuring angles); Sextans (the constellation). **-te**¹⁶ [L. *-ta* (sc. *hora*), sixth (hour)], f.: sext (office for the sixth canonical hour; m.: sixth book of the Decretals of Boniface VIII).

-tidi¹⁷ [L. *-tus* (sc. *dies*) sixth (day)], m.: =, sixth day of the Republican decade.

-til¹⁶ [L. *-tilis*], adj.: aspect —, aspect of two planets 60° fr. each other. **-to** [L. *-ta*, sc. *loco*, place], adv.: sixthly, in the sixth place. **-tule**¹⁶ [L. *-tula*, sixth], m.: weight, 65 grains Troy. **-tuer**¹⁸ [L. *sex*, six], m.: =, sextet, musical piece for six. **-tuple**¹⁴ [L. *-tuplus*], adj. or m.: sextuple. **-tupler**¹⁷, tr.: sextuple, multiply by 6.

sexuel¹⁷, **-elle** [L. *-xualis*], adj.: sexual. **seyant**¹⁸ [*seoir*], adj.: becoming, well-fitting.

sgraffito¹⁶ [It. *-to*], m.: graffito, drawings on plaster, rock, etc., imitating fresco.

shako¹⁷ [Hung.], m.: shako, tall military hat.

†**shall** = *châle*.

†**shelling** = *schelling*.

shérif [fr. Eng.], m.: sheriff.

si⁹ [L.], conj.: if; whether: — *ce n'est que*, unless; — *je m'en souviens!* how can you ask me if I remember! *ah! si!* (about

like) O Lord! how long! how long! *que* —, in case that; — *tant est que*, if it really turns out that; — ... *ne*, unless; *m.: un* —, an if; *il n'y a point de* —, there's no question about it.

2. *si*^o [L. *sic*], *adv.*: thus, so; however; yes; (*si* is used with negations; but the expression *si peu que vous voudrez*, 'as little as you like, very little,' is still used familiarly): — *bien que*, so that; *que* —, or — *fait*, yes on the contrary; — *ferai*, i.e. *ainsi ferai*, I will do so; *et* —, nevertheless.

3. *si* [?] initials of *sainte Joannes* (cf. *la*), *m.*: = (seventh note in music).

*sialagogue*¹⁷ [Gr. *sialon*, saliva, *agôgôs*, driving], *adj.*: sialagogic; *m.*: sialagogue, such as tobacco or mercury. — *siame*¹⁸ [Gr. *siemôis*], *m.*: sialism, salivation.

1. *siam* [?], *m.*: skittles (played with beveled disks).

2. *siam* [country S.], *m.*: Siam breed of hogs; Siam hog. — *moise*¹⁶ [cloth worn by Siam ambassadors to Louis XVI], *f.*: Siam cotton.

† *sibarite* = *sybarite*.

sibilance, *f.*: =, hissing murmur (as in diseased lungs). — *l-lant* [L. *-lans*, hissing], *adj.*: =.

*sibylle*¹² [L. *-la*], *f.*: sibyl, prophetess. — *l-lin*¹², *adj.*: sibylline, oracular.

*sicaire*¹² [L. *-carius* (-*ca*, dagger)], *m.*: assassin.

† *sicamor* = *cyclamor*.

*siccatif*¹⁵, *-ive* [L. *-cativus* (-*cus*, dry)], *adj.* or *m.*: siccative (drying; dryer). — *-cité*¹⁴ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: dryness.

siellienne [fr. It.], *f.*: Sicilian dance (in 6-8 time).

*sicilli-que*¹⁶ [L. *-cus*], *m.*: weight (about six grammes Troy).

*sicle*¹¹ [L. *siclus*, Heb. *shekel*], *m.*: shekel (weight of six grammes; coin worth about 25 cents).

† *sicomore* = *sycomore*.

*sidéral*¹⁵ [L. *-ralis* (*sidus*, star)], *adj.*: sidereal; starry: *heure* — *e*, *jour* —, hour, day measured by a star.

† *sidéritis* [fr. L.], *m.*: see *crapaudine*.

siderostat [L. *sidus*, star, Gr. *statôis*, standing], *m.*: siderostat (mirror run by clockwork to keep a telescope on a star).

*siècle*⁹ [L. *saeculum*], *m.*: century; age; epoch; *pl.*: posterity: *aux* — *a des* —, forever and ever; *le* — *futur*, the hereafter.

*siège*⁹ [p. L. **sēdicus* (L. *sēdis*)], *m.*: SEAT; bench; buttocks; anus; jurisdiction; location; abode; capitol; siege: *le saint* —, the holy SEE; *lever le* —, raise the siege; (*fam.*) take one's leave. — *-ger*¹⁶,

intr.: sit; be chairman; hold session; hold a see; lie, be.

*siège*⁹, = *enne* [L. *suus*], *poss. adj.*: his, hers, its; *m.*: *le* —, his property; *mettre du* —, contribute; (*fam.*) exaggerate, interpolate; *les* —, one's own people, friends, etc.: *il fait des siennes*, he is up to his tricks again.

*sieste*¹⁶ [Sp. *-la* (L. *sexta*, sc. *hora*, sixth hour)], *f.*: siesta, midday nap.

*sieur*⁹ [old acc. of *sire* which see], *m.*: Mister; (often used in contempt as: *un* — *Paul*, a certain Mr. Paul.

*sif-flable*¹⁷, *adj.*: deserving to be hissed. — *-flage*, *m.*: wheezing (of horses). — *-flant*¹⁵

adj.: hissing; whistling, wheezing; *f.*: sibilant (Fr. v, f, z, s, j, or ch). — *-flament*¹¹, *m.*: whistling; hiss; wheezing.

|| *-fler*⁹ [p. L. *sifflare* (L. *sibilare*)], *intr.* or *tr.*: hiss; whistle; wheeze; whiz: — *en paume*, whistle with one's hands; — *quelqu'un*, tell one what to say. — *-flerie*, *f.*: hissing. — *-flet*¹², *m.*: whistle; hiss; (*pop.*) windpipe. — *-fleur*¹⁵, = *-euse*, *m.*: *f.*: whistler; hisser; wheezy horse; wood-

wren. — *-floter*, *intr.* or *tr.*: whistle carelessly.

sigillaire [L. *-lum*, SEAL], *adj.*: sigillary, of seals. — *-l6*¹⁶ [L. *-latus*], *adj.*: sigillate. — *-lographie* [L. *-lum*, Gr. *grôphêin*], *f.*: sigillography, study, etc., of seals.

*sigisbée*¹⁷ [It. *cicisbéo*], *m.*: gallant (who hangs around a married woman).

*sigle*¹⁷ [L. *singula*, single], *m.*: initial letters (used as abbreviation in ancient manuscript, etc.; S. P. Q. R., senatus populusque romanus).

*sigmoïde*¹⁶ [Gr. *-moieidês*], *adj.*: sigmoid, sigma-shaped.

*signa-l*⁹, *pl.* = *-aux* [p. L. *-le* (L. *signum*, SIGN)], *m.*: =. — *-l6*, *adj.*: remarkable.

*lément*¹⁷, *m.*: description (of an escaped prisoner; of an animal). — *-ler*¹⁶, *tr.*: describe; point out; distinguish, mark; give signal; signalise. — *-taire*¹⁸, *m.*: *f.*: signer. — *-ture*¹⁵ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: =; sign.

*si-gne*¹¹ [L. *-gnum*], *m.*: sign; signal; symptom; mark, spot; omen; miracle: *il n'a pas donné* — *de vie*, we haven't had a word fr. him. — *-gnêr*⁹ [L. *-gnâre*], *tr.*: sign; approve: *se* —, cross one's self, make the sign of the cross. — *-gnet*¹², *m.*: tassel; book-mark.

signifi-ante [L. *-ficantia*], *f.*: significance. — *-flant*¹⁵, *adj.*: significant. — *-ficatif*¹⁵, = *-ive* [L. *-ficativus*], *adj.*: significative, hav'g meaning; symbolic. — *-fiation*¹¹ [L. *-ficatio*], *f.*: =; meaning; legal notice. — *-ficativement*¹⁵ [*-ficatif*], *adv.*: significantly. — *-fier*¹¹ [L. *-ficare*], *tr.*: signify, mean; notify: (*fam.*) *qu'est-ce que*

cela signifie? what difference does that make?

sil¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: ochre (pigment).

silence¹¹ [L. -tium], *m.*: = (stillness; secrecy; oblivion; rest in music).

-ciaire¹⁶ [L. -tarius], *m.*: beadle (to keep people silent in church); *m., f.*: (rare) taciturn person. **-cieusement**¹⁸ [-cieux], *adv.*: silently. **-cieux**¹⁶, **-euse**, *adj.*: silent; noiseless; *m., f.*: taciturn person.

silex¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =, flint (quartz, opal).

sil(h)ouette¹⁷ [statesman S], *f.*: = (outline picture or figure of solid colour).

sili-cate¹⁸, *m.*: =, salt of silicic acid.

||-ce¹⁷ [L. *silex*, the mineral], *f.*: silica, base of quartz, etc. **-ceux**¹⁷, **-euse** [L. *silex*], *adj.*: silicious. **-cique**¹⁸ [L. *silex*], *adj.*: silicic. **-cium**¹⁸ [L. *silex*], *m.*: =.

sili-cule¹⁷, *f.*: pod, silicle. **-culeux**¹⁸, **-euse** [-cule], *adj.*: siliculous, hav'g pods; *pl. f.*: siliculosa (mustard plants).

||-que¹⁸ [L. -qua], *f.*: =, pod. **-queur**¹⁶, **-euse**, *adj.*: siliqueous, pod-bearing; *pl. f.*: siliquosa.

sillage¹⁴ [siller], *m.*: speed (of a ship); wake, track (of ship).

sille [Gr. *sillos*], *m.*: satirical poem.

1. silor [Ofr. *sigler*, sail before the wind (?)], *intr.*: run ahead.

2. silor [cf. *ciller*], *tr.*: SEEL (falcons, by sewing up the eyes).

sil-let¹⁵ [? Scand. *sila*, cut in], *m.*: nut (of violins, etc.). **||-lon**¹¹ [? Scand. *sila*], *m.*: furrow; ridge; track, trace. **-lon-**¹⁶, *tr.*: furrow; plough; **-lonné** (as *adj.*), corrugated, furrowed.

sillo¹⁷ [Sp. fr. Gr. *sirós*], *m.*: =, store-pit (for fodder, grain, etc.).

†silouette = *silhouette*.

silure¹⁵ [Gr. *silouros*], *m.*: silurus, catfish.

silurien¹⁸, **-enne** [people *Silures*], *adj.*: terrain —, Silurian stratum (in geology).

†sil-vain, **-vestre**, etc., see *sylvain*, etc.

simagrée¹² [?], *f.*: grimace; capricious act or trick: *faire des —s*, take on affected ways.

simaise = *cymaise*.

simaron-ba¹⁷ [Carib. word], *m.*: simaruba (shrub of the quassia family).

-b(ae)ées, *f. pl.*: simarubaceae.

simarre¹⁴ [It. *zimarra*], *f.*: simare, long flowing dress or robe; cassock; court.

simbleau¹⁶ [?], *m.*: string, radius (for drawing circles); harness (of a drawloom); outline, figure (to be worked in cloth).

si-mien¹⁸, **-enne** [L. *simius*, ape], *adj.*: simian. **-miesque**¹⁸ [L. *simius*], *adj.*: monkey-like.

simi-laïre¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: similar, like;

m.: like thing. **-larité**, *f.*: similarity.

-litude¹² [L. *-ludo*], *f.*: =. **-lor**¹⁷ [or], *m.*: = (copper and zinc alloy used for cheap jewelry).

simo-niaque¹⁴, *adj.* or *m.*: simoniac (tainted with simony; trafficker in sacred things).

-nie¹¹ [magician *Simon* (cf. Acts VIII)], *f.*: simony, traffic in sacred things.

simoun¹⁸ [Ar. *semoun*], *m.*: simoon (hot dry wind of the desert).

sim-ple¹¹ [L. *-plex*, one-fold], *adj.*: = (single; plain; elementary; easy; natural; artless; honest; humble; common; mere; stupid; quiet): *rien de plus* —, nothing is clearer; *le — bon sens*, common sense; *m.*: = (anything simple, plain, elementary, etc.; medicinal plant or medicine); simple air or song; simpleton. **-plement**¹¹, *adv.*: simply. **-plesse**¹¹, *f.*: naturalness.

-plicité¹¹ [L. *-plicitas*], *f.*: simplicity (plainness; naturalness; stupidity). **-plifiable**, *adj.*: =. **-plication**¹⁶, *f.*: =.

-plicator, *m.*: =, one who makes or favours simplicity. **-plier**¹⁴ [L. *-plifcare* (facere, make)], *tr.*: simplify.

simu-lacre¹¹ [L. *-lacrum*], *m.*: simulacrum (image; semblance; shadow; sham).

-lateur, **-trice** [L. *-lator*], *m., f.*: simulator, pretender, feigner. **-lation**¹² [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =, feigning. **-lé**¹⁵, *adj.*: feigned; pretended. **||-ler**¹³ [L. *-lare* (similis, like)], *tr.*: simulate, feign.

simulta-né¹⁷ [L. *-neus* (L. *simul*, at once)], *adj.*: simultaneous. **-néité**¹⁷, *f.*: simultaneousness, oneness in time. **-nément**¹⁷, *adv.*: simultaneously.

sina-pisar¹⁶ [L. *-pizare*, to poultice with mustard], *tr.*: infuse with mustard.

-pisme¹⁵ [L. *-pismus*], *m.*: mustard plaster.

sin-cère¹⁵ [L. *-cerus*], *adj.*: =, true; authentic. **-cèrement**¹⁵, *adv.*: sincerely. **-cérité**¹⁵ [L. *-ceritas*], *f.*: sincerity; frankness; honesty; authenticity.

sinei-pital¹⁸, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: sinicipital. **||-put**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =, top of the head.

sinçon¹⁷ [Gr. *-dōn*, fine muslin], *m.*: =, surgeon's plodget; Christ's shroud.

siné-cure¹⁵ [L. *sine cura*, without care], *f.*: sinecure (salaried office or position with few duties). **-curiste**, *m.*: sinecurist. **sine qua non** [L. *res sine qua non*, the thing without which], *m.*: = (indispensable condition; *adj.*: indispensable).

sin-ge¹⁰ [L. *simius*], *m.*: SIMIAN (ape; monkey); imitator; pantograph, copying device; hand-winch: *payer en monnaie de —*, laugh at instead of paying (expression arose fr. street-fakirs trying to pay tolls or licence by hav'g their monkeys

perform); *adj.*: apish, imitating. **-ger**¹⁷, *tr.*: ape; copy. **-gerie**¹⁸, *f.*: apishness, monkey-shines; grimaces; monkey show; group of monkeys.

singleton¹⁸ [Eng. *single*], *m.*: = (an isolated card, or a hand containing an isolated card of a suit).

singu-lariser¹⁵ [L. *-laris*, alone], *tr.*: make odd, mark, signalize: *se* —, be conspicuous, be odd. **-larité**¹¹ [L. *-laritas*], *f.*: singularity; peculiarity; oddity. **-li-er**¹¹, **-ière** [L. *-laris*, alone], *adj.*: single; singular; queer, peculiar; *m.*: singular (number); odd thing. **-lière-ment**¹¹, *adv.*: singularly; oddly.

sinis-tre¹³ [L. *-ter*, on the left], *adj.*: sinister, ominous, unlucky; *m.*: disaster (esp. by fire or water); insurance loss. **-tré**¹⁸, **-é**, *adj.*: damaged, suffering (by loss). **-trem-ent**¹⁴, *adv.*: unfortunately.

sino-logie, *f.*: Sinology (study of Chinese customs, language, etc.). **-logique**, *adj.*: Sinological. **-logue** [L. *Sinæ*, Chinese, Gr. *lógos*, speech], *m.*: Sinologue, one versed in Chinese matters.

sinon¹⁰ [L. *si non*, if not], *conj.*: else; otherwise; unless.

sinopie¹¹ [? L. *-pis*], *m.*: (her.) = green; quartz of Hungary).

si-nué¹⁷, **-é** [L. *-nuatus*], *adj.*: sinuate, tortuous, wavy. **-nuet**¹⁵, **-enue** [L. *-nosus*], *adj.*: sinuous, winding in and out. **-nuosité**¹⁵, *f.*: sinuosity, tortuousness. 1. **-nus**¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: = (cavity; bay; sine; curve). 2. **-nus**¹⁶ [L. *-nus* (used to translate Ar. *jayb*, fold)], *m.*: sine, perpendicular, let fall from the end of an arc to the radius.

†siphilis, etc., see *syphilis*.

siphon¹⁶ [L. *Gr.*], *m.*: =, bent tube for drawing off liquid.

sire⁹ [L. *senior*, older], *m.*: =; (as title) Sire, Lord: un pauvre —, a worthless wretch.

sirène [L. *-rena*, Gr. *seirén*], *f.*: siren; fascinating woman; sirenia (fish-like mammal); sirenid (reptile).

Sirius [L.], *m.*: = the dog-star.

†siroc or **siroco**¹⁵ or **-cco** [It. *sirocco* fr. Ar.], *m.*: sirocco (hot wind fr. the desert blowing over the Mediterranean).

siro-p¹² [It. *-ppo*], *m.*: syrup. **-ter**¹⁶, *tr.*, *intr.*: sip. **-teur**¹⁶, *m.*: sipper.

sirsacas [E.Indian word], *m.*: SEERSUCKER (cloth).

†sirtes = *syrtis*.

sirupeux¹⁸, **-eux** [-*rop*], *adj.*: syrupy.

sirv-ente [Prov. *-tes*], *m.*: =, satirical song (of troubadours).

sir⁹, **sise** [seoir], *part.*: maison sise à Paris, house located in Paris.

sis-mal¹⁸ or **-mique**¹⁸ [Gr. *seismós*,

trembling], *adj.*: seismic, of earthquakes. **-mographie**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: seismograph, an instrument to record vibrations of the earth.

siçon¹⁵ [Gr.], *m.*: honeywort.

sissonne¹⁶ [? comte de S.], *f.*: dance.

sistre¹⁵ [L. *-trum*], *m.*: sistrum, Egyptian musical rattle; kind of lute; kind of sea-shell.

sisymbre¹⁵ [L. *-brium*, mint or wild thyme], *m.*: sisymbrium.

site¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: =, place; landscape.

sitôt¹² [si, tôt], *adv.*: so soon, as soon as.

si-tuation¹⁵, *f.*: = (position; state; crisis of a play; condition; attitude; disposition. **||-tuer**¹⁵ [L. *-situs*, site], *tr.*: situate, place: *se* —, take the attitude.

six⁹ *sis*, us'y *si* bef. const [L. *sex*], *num.* or *m.*: six; sixth: page —, sixth page; *le* — (de) janvier, January 6th. **sixain**¹²

x = *z* or *-zain*, *m.*: =, six-lined stanza; package of six. **sixaine** *x* = *z*, *f.*: half-a-dozen. **six-blancs**, *m.*: (old) sixer (coin worth about a cent). **sixième**¹¹

x = *z*, *adj.* or *m.*: sixth; *f.*: set (of six cards all one colour); *m.*: sixer, boy of sixth class. **sixièmement**¹⁴ *x* = *z* [*si-zième*], *adv.*: sixthly. **sixte**⁹ [L. *sextus*], *f.*: sixth (note or interval in music). **si-zette**¹⁷, *f.*: =, card game for six persons.

slave⁹, *adj.*, or **Slave**, *m.*, *f.*: Slav (Russian or Pole, etc.); Slavic, Slavonic; Slavic language).

sloop¹⁷ or **sloupe** [fr. Eng.], *m.*: sloop (single-masted ship).

smalah¹⁸ [Ar.], *m.*: = (town of tents; Arab chieftain's camp); *fam.*, large family.

smalt¹⁶ [ak. to *émail*], *m.*: =, enamel (pulverized blue-glass used in decorating pottery).

smil-le¹⁶ [?], *f.*: scabble-ax (pickax for dressing stone). **-ler**¹⁰, *tr.*: scabble.

so-bre¹¹ [L. *-brius*], *adj.*: sober (abstemious; self-controlled; moderate, temperate). **-brément**¹⁴, *adv.*: temperately; soberly. **-briété**¹² [L. *-brietas*], *f.*: sobriety (fairness; temperance; moderation).

sobriquet¹⁴ [?], *m.*: = (nickname); *†*chuck under the chin.

soc¹¹ [Gaelic], *m.*: ploughshare; sock (cf. rare Eng.).

socia-biliser¹⁸, *tr.*: make sociable; train (horses) to each other. **-bilité**¹⁷, *f.*: sociability. **||socia-ble**¹⁵ [L. *-bilis*, socius, ally], *adj.*: sociable; social. **-ble-ment**¹⁶, *adv.*: sociably.

socia-l¹³ [L. *-lis* (socius, ally)], *adj.*: =: la raison —e, the firm's title or name; la guerre —e, war of allies. **-lement**, *adv.*: socially. **-lisme**¹⁸, *m.*: socialism. **-liste**¹⁸, *adj.*: socialistic; *m.*: socialist.

socié-taire¹⁸, *adj.*: belonging to; *m., f.*: member; social animal. **-tairement**¹⁸, *adv.*: by clubs or societies. **-tariat**, *m.*: membership; meeting of colleagues or partners. **||-té**¹⁰ [*L. societas (socius, ally)*], *f.*: society (community under law; company; club; coterie; partnership, fellowship; association; joint work; fashionable world); — *anonyme*, joint-stock company; — *lionine*, lionine society, unfair partnership; *un homme de mauvaise* —, a man of poor breeding; *régle de* —, rule of fellowship (in business).

socinia-nisme [*It. philosophe Sozzini*], *m.*: Socinianism (denial of the Trinity, of eternal punishment, etc.). **-nien**, **-enne**, *adj. or m., f.*: Socinian, Unitarian.

sociolo-gie¹⁸ [*société*, *Gr. logos, speech*], *f.*: sociology, science of society. **-gique**, *adj.*: sociological. **-giste**¹⁸, *adj.*: of sociology.

so-cle¹⁶ [*It. zoccolo (L. socculus, little shoe)*], *m.*: = (block; pedestal; unmoulded base). **||-cque**¹⁶ [*L. soccus*], *m.*: sock, actor's light shoe, buskin; clog; comedy.

socrati-que [*L. -cus (philosophe Socrate)*], *adj.*: Socratic.

so-da¹⁸ [colloquial Eng.], *m.*: soda-water. **-dique**¹⁸ [*soude*], *adj.*: sodic. **-dium** [learned form of *soude*], *m.*: = (the chemical element).

sodo-mie¹⁸ [biblical city Sodom], *f.*: sodomy. **-mite**¹² [*L. -mita*], *m.*: =.

sou-r^e seur [*L. soror*], *f.*: sister: — *germaine*, full sister; — *consanguine*, sister on father's side; — *utérine*, sister on mother's side; — *de lait*, foster-sister; — *converse*, lay sister; *demoiselle*, half-sister; *belle-* —, sister-in-law; step-sister. **-rotte**¹⁶, *f.*: little sister.

sofa [*Ar. -fah*], *m.*: =; high carpeted stage.

soffite¹⁰ [*It. -tto*], *m.*: soffit (under-side of stairs, archways, etc.).

1. sofi [*Pers. sefwy (ancient despot Sefy)*], *m.*: Sofi (old title of king of Persia).

2. so-fi [*Ar.*], *m.*: Sufi (Mohammedan mystic pantheist). **-fisme**, *m.*: Sufism.

soi² [*L. se*], *refl. pron.*: self, one's self, himself, itself: *chez* —, at (one's own) home; *avoir un chez* —, have a home; *en* —, of itself. **-disant**, (*invar.*) *adj.*: = (self-styled; so-called).

soi-e [*L. seta*], *f.*: bristles, long soft hair; tongue (of knives, etc.); silk; wire-wheel (hoof disease): — *grège*, or *crue*, raw silk; — *de bourre*, floss-silk; *c'est* — *sur* —, that's one good thing right after another. **-erie**¹⁶, *f.*: silk business; silk goods; silk factory.

soif² [*L. sitis*], *f.*: thirst: *avoir* —, be

thirsty; *garder une poire pour la* —, lay up something for a rainy day.

soi-gné¹¹ [*-gner*], *adj.*: accomplished; provided for; well attended to. **||-gner**¹¹ [*L. soniare*], *tr.*: care for, attend to; take care of; attack, scold severely; *intr.*: be attentive. **-gneusement**¹¹ [*-gneux*], *adv.*: carefully. **-gneur**¹¹, **-euse**, *adj.*: careful; attentive; exact. **soi-n**¹⁰ [*?*], *m.*: care; carefulness; duties; attention.

soi-r^e [*L. serum, late*], *m.*: evening; nightfall. **-rée**¹⁶, *f.*: evening, length of the evening; evening party (=).

soit¹² [*Subj. 3d sing., L. sit*], *adv.*: (so) be it, all right; *conj.*: whether it be; either; or: *tant* — *peu*, ever so little: — *vrai*, — *faux*, *n'importe*, whether true or false, no matter.

soixan-taine¹⁸ *x = s, f.*: (loosely) three-score; sixty years. **||soixan-te**⁹ [*p. L. *sexanta, L. sexaginta*], *adj.*: numeral or *m.*: sixty; LX: — *et dix* or — *dix*, seventy. **-ter**¹⁷, *intr.*: score 60 (at piquet). **-tième**¹¹, *adj.*: ordinal or *m.*: sixtieth.

1. sol = *sou*.

2. sol¹⁶ [*L. -lum*], *m.*: SOIL; surface.

3. sol¹⁸ [see *la*], *m.*: = (the musical note).

solacier⁹ [*p. L. *ciare, cf. soulas*], *tr.*: solace, comfort: *se* —, amuse one's self.

solage¹² [*2. sol, soil*], *m.*: ground, soil.

solaire¹² [*L. -laris (sol, SUN)*], *adj.*: solar: *cadran* —, sundial; *fleurs* — *s*, flowers that open only in the sun; *visage* —, cheerful face.

solandre¹⁶ [*?*], *f.*: sallenders, running sore on a horse's hindleg.

sola-nées¹⁷ [*L. -num, bittersweet*], *pl. f.*: solanaceae. **-num**¹⁷ [*L., nightshade*], *m.*: =: — *tubéreux*, common potato; — *cylindrique*, egg-plant.

solba-tu¹⁶ [*sole, battre*], *adj.*: surbated, hav'g a bruised hoof. **-ture**¹⁶, *f.*: quitter-bone, sore fr. bruising.

soldanelle¹⁵ [*?*], *f.*: soldanella, convolvulus (Alpine plant).

sol-dat¹⁶ [*It. -dato (-dare, pay)*], *m.*: soldier; *adj.*: soldier-like: — *de fortune*, self-made man; *à la* — *e*, like a soldier.

-datesque¹⁵ [*It. -dateco*], *f.*: =, soldiery, poor soldiers; *adj.*: soldier-like (in bad sense). **1. ||-de**¹⁵ [*It. -do (L. -idus, solid)*], *f.*: pay. **2. -de**¹⁶ [*2. -der*], *m.*: balance (of accounts); remnants (of stock).

1. -der, *tr.*: pay; retain. **2. -der** [*It. salare (cf. Fr. solder)*], *tr.*: (old) close, balance; close out, finish selling, close up at reduced prices.

so-le⁹ [*L. -lum, soil*], *f.*: field, patch; = (plants, flat bottom of a hoof; flatfish); sleeper; quitter-bone (sore-hoof).

-léaire¹⁵ [L. *-lea*, sandal], *adj.* or *m.*: (muscle) —, soleus (muscle of the calf of the leg).

solécisme¹⁵ [L. *solacismus*, Gr. *solokismos* (town Soloi)], *m.*: solecism (error in syntax; any mistake in speech).

soleil⁹ [p. L. **soliculus*, L. *sōl*], *m.*: SUN; fixed star; sunflower; (*fam.*) blush; year; monstrosity: *avoir place au* —, have same rights as others; have a rank; *le bien au* —, real-estate; *coup de* —, sunstroke; sunburn; (*fam.*) blush.

so-len [L. (*Gr. -lén*, case, pipe)], *m.*: = (surgeon's instrument for holding a broken limb; razor-shell bivalve). **-lénite**, *f.*: solenite, fossil razor-shell.

solen-nel¹¹ *-la-nél* [L. *-nis* (**sollus*, every, *annus*, year)], *adj.*: solemn; serious; ceremonious; pompous; (*fam.*) emphatic; *m.*: ceremony. **-nellement**¹¹, *adv.*: solemnly. **-nisation**¹³, *f.*: solemnisation. **-niser**¹⁴, *tr.*: solemnise, celebrate. **-nité**¹¹ [L. *-nitas*], *f.*: solemnity, ceremony; formality, legality.

solfatara¹⁵ [It. *-to*, permeated with sulphur], *f.*: solfatara (fuming or sulphurous area).

sol-fège¹⁷ [It. *-feggio* (two notes *sol*, *fa*)], *m.*: solfeggio, exercises for practice in music. **-fier**¹⁸ [It. *-fa*, gamut], *tr.*: solfa, sing by the names of the notes.

solli-daïre¹⁵, *adj.*: solidary (hav'g joint-interest or liability). **-daïrement**¹⁵ [*-daïre*], *adv.*: conjointly. **-daraïser**¹⁵, *tr.*: unite, form into a solidarity. **-daraïté**¹⁷, *f.*: solidarity, partnership. **||-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: solid; firm; strong; lasting; *m.*: solid object; (*fam.*) money; position. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: solidly, firmly. **-dification**, *f.*: —. **-difier**¹⁷ [L. *-dus*, solid, *facere*, make], *tr.*: solidify. **-dité**¹⁵ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: solidity; firmness; reality; substantialness.

soliloque¹⁵ [L. *-quium* (*solus*, alone, *loqui*, speak)], *m.*: soliloquy, talking to one's self.

so-lin¹³ [*-le*], *m.*: space (between joists or rafter ends; plaster between tiles, etc.). **-lipède**¹⁵ [L. *-lidipes*, solid foot], *m.* or *adj.*: soliped (horse, ass, etc.).

so-liste¹³ [*-le*], *m.*: solo-singer, soloist. **-litaire**¹¹ [L. *-litaris*], *adj.*: solitary; lonely; *m.*: = (single gem in a ring; game for one person; hermit; old boar; kind of butterfly; kind of flower: *ver* —, tapeworm. **-litude**¹³ [L. *-litude*], *f.*: —, loneliness; wilderness; desert.

solj-ve¹² [?], *f.*: joist. **-veau**¹³, *m.*: small joist (*fig.*) *roi* —, man of small calibre.

sollici-tation¹⁴ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: solicitation; pleading; plea. **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*

(**sollus*, whole, *ciere*, move)], *tr.*: solicit; implore; beg; entice; urge. **-teur**¹³, *=ense*, *m., f.*: solicitor; pleader. **-tude**¹² [L. *-tudo*], *f.*: solicitude, anxiety; care.

solmiser [3. *sol*, *mi*], *tr.*: solmizate, sing by syllables.

sol¹⁷, *pl. -li* or *-los* [It.], *m.* or *adj.*: =. **sol-stice**¹¹ [L. *-stitium* (*sol*, sun, *stare*, stand)], *m.*: =, June 21st, Dec. 21st (when the sun seems to pause before returning on its course). **-sticial**¹³, *pl. = aur* [L. *-stitialis*], *adj.*: solstitial.

so-lubilité¹⁷ [*-luble*], *f.*: solubility. **-luble**¹² [L. *-lubilis*], *adj.*: =. **-lution**¹¹ [L. *-lutio*], *f.*: =. **-lvabilité**¹⁵, *f.*: solubility. **-lvable**¹³ [L. *-lvere*, pay], *adj.*: solvent, able to pay.

somatolo-gie¹⁷ [Gr. *sōma*, body, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: somatology, treatise on the human body. **-gique**, *adj.*: somatological.

sombrage¹⁵ [*-brer*], *m.*: first cultivation of a vine.

som-bre¹³ [? Sp. *-bra*, shade], *adj.*: = (dark, shaded; gloomy; *and*). **-brée**¹³ [*-brer*], *adj., f.*: *voix* —, sombre voice. **-brement**¹⁴, *adv.*: sombrely. **-brer**¹⁵ [?], *intr.*: capsize, founder and sink. **2.-brer**¹³ [?], *tr.*: cultivate, till or train for the first time.

sombrero [Sp.], *m.*: = (broad-brimmed hat).

som-maire¹² [L. *summarius* (*summa*, sum)], *adj.* or *m.*: summary. **-maïrement**¹², *adv.*: summarily.

1.som-mation [*2.sommer*, add], *f.*: summation, adding together.

2.som-mation [*1.sommer*, to summon], *f.*: warning (to a seditious crowd); (*leg.*) summons: — *respectueuse*, notice to parents (of intended marriage, by children who have reached majority).

1.somme [L. *summa*], *f.*: sum, amount; summary: *en* —, on the whole.

2.somme [L. *salma* (L. *Gr. sagma*)], *f.*: load, burden: *bête de* —, pack-animal; drudge.

3.som-me⁹ [L. *-nus*], *m.*: sleep, nap; *dormir d'un* —, sleep without waking.

sommé [OFr. *som*, top], *adj.*: tipped, capped, crowned.

som-meil⁹ [L. *-niculus*, nap], *m.*: sleep, slumber: — *de mort*, deep sleep; — *d'hiver*, hibernation, torpidity; *il n'en peut plus de* —, he is dead on his feet for lack of sleep; *le* — *me gagne*, I am getting sleepy; *avoir* —, be sleepy. **-meiller**¹¹, *intr.*: sleep; be torpid; be dormant.

som-melier¹², **-ièrre** [L. *saumalerius* (cf. *2.somme*, load, luggage)], *m., f.*: butler, steward. **-mellerie**¹⁵, *f.*: stewardship; pantry.

1. **sommer**¹² [L. *summare* (?), tr.: summon; dun.

2. **som-mer**¹¹ [2-me, sum], tr.: sum up, add. -**met**¹¹ [OFr. *som*, peak (L. *summus*, highest)], m.: summit, top; extremity; crown; vertex. 1-**mier** [L. *summarius*], m.: journal, day-book (where clerks record items of business).

2. **sommier**⁹ [L. *saumarius* (L. *sagmarius*)], m.: pack-horse, mule, etc.; mattress; wind-chest; wrest-block (of pianos).

sommité¹² [L. *summitas*], f.: highest part; chief point; chief man.

somnambu-le¹⁶ [L. *somnus*, sleep, *ambulare*, walk], m., f.: somnambulist, sleep-walker; adj.: liable to hypnotism. -**lique**¹⁵, adj.: somnambulist. -**lisme**¹⁷, m.: somnambulism; hypnotism.

som-nifère¹⁴ [L. -*nifer*], adj.: sleep-bringing, somniferous; m.: narcotic.

-**nolesce**¹³ [L. -*nolentia*], f.: =; somnium, morbid drowsiness. -**nolent**¹³ [L. -*nolentus*], adj.: =, drowsy, half-awake.

som-ptuaire¹⁵ [L. *sumptuarius* (*sumptus*, expense)], adj.: sumptuary, regulating expenses. -**ptueusement**¹⁵ [-*ptueux*], adj.: sumptuously, expensively. -**ptueux**¹⁵, =**ense** [L. *sumptuosus*], adj.: sumptuous, expensive; m.: splendour, elegance. -**ptuosité**¹⁵ [L. *sumptuositas*], f.: sumptuousness, magnificence.

1. **son**⁹, sa, pl. ses [L. *sonus*], poss. adj.: his, her, its.

2. **son**⁹ [L. -*nus*], m.: SOUND, jingle; tone.

3. **son**¹² [for *seon* (? L. *secundum*, second)], m.: bran; freckles: *moitié farine et moitié* —, half of his own accord and half because he had to; *rentre de* —, et robe de velours, said of a woman who dresses well at the expense of her table.

sona-te¹⁷ [It. -*ta* (L. *sonus*, SOUND)], f.: sonata. -**tine**, f.: little sonata.

son-dage¹⁷, m.: sounding. **son-de**¹¹ [Skand. *sund*, sea], f.: lead-line, plummet; soundings; drill (used in boring for water, etc.); probe. -**der**, tr.: sound (with leadline, fathom; probe; test; explore; intr.: go to the bottom, as whales); bore, drill. -**deur**¹⁶, =**ense**, m.: heaver of the lead; prober; searcher.

son-ge⁹ [L. *somnium*], m.: dream; vision; dim recollection: *faire un* —, have a dream. -**ge-creur**¹⁵, pl. —, m.: dreamer, visionary. -**ge-malice**¹⁵, pl. —, or -s, m., f.: (fam.) mischief-maker.

-**ger**⁹ [L. *somniare*], intr.: dream; think; tr.: dream of; think about; imagine: -**creux**, have visionary plans or ideas. -**geur**¹¹, =**ense**, m., f.: dreamer; visionary; adj.: dreamy, fanciful.

†**sonica**¹⁷ [?], adv.: in the nick of time, just right.

sonna¹⁷ [Ar. *sunnat*, tradition], f.: Sunna (records about Mahomet, writings second to the Koran).

son-naïlle¹³, f.: cow-bell, bell attached to an animal. 1-**naïller**¹³ [-*naïlle*], m.: bell-wether, any animal wearing the bell. 2-**naïller**¹⁷, intr.: (fam.) keep ringing for nothing. -**nant**¹⁶, adj.: sounding; ringing; striking (as clocks); musical: à l'heure —, right on the hour.

||-**ner**⁹ [L. *sonare*], intr. or tr.: sound; ring; jingle: — la messe, ring for mass; on ne peut — les cloches et aller à la procession, one cannot do two things at once. -**nerie**¹⁵, f.: ringing (of bells); striking apparatus (of clocks); trumpet signals. -**net**¹⁵ [It. -*netto*], m.: =, 14-line poem. -**nette**¹⁵, f.: little bell; rattle; pile-driver; être à la —, answer the bell; serpent à —s, rattlesnake.

-**neur**¹², m.: ringer; trumpeter; curlew. -**nez**¹⁶ [I've of *sonner*, cried out by players when two sixes turn up], m.: two sixes (at backgammon).

song-re¹⁵ [L. -*rus*], adj.: noisy, sounding; sonorous; sonant. -**rement**¹⁶, adv.: sonorously. -**rite**¹⁵ [L. -*ritas*], f.: sonority, sonorousness.

sop-eur = **sopor**.

†**sopha** = **sofa**.

†**sophi** = **soph**.

sophis-me¹¹ [L., Gr. -*ma*, Gr. *sophos*, wise], m.: sophism (intentionally false reason). -**te**¹² [L. -*ta*, Gr. -*tēs*], m.: sophist (old, philosopher; now, false or deceptive reasoner). -**terie**, f.: sophistry.

-**tication**¹³, f.: =, adulteration. ||-**tique**¹² [L. -*ticus*], adj.: sophistical; f.: sophistic, art of sophistry. -**tiquer**¹³ [L. -*ticare*], tr.: sophisticate (make obscure with specious reasoning; make impure by adulteration). -**tiquerie**¹⁵ [-*tiquer*], f.: (fam.) sophisticalness, sophistication. -**tiqueur**¹⁴, =**ense** [-*tiquer*], m., f.: sophist, specious reasoner.

sophore [Ar. *sōfara*, yellow plant], m.: Sophora (genus of showy plants).

sophronistes [Gr. *sōphron*, wise], m.: =, censor (at Athens).

sopo-r [L.], m.: =, deep morbid sleep. -**ratif**¹⁵, =**ive** [L. -*rativus*], adj. or m.: soporific; (fig.) tiresome. -**reur**¹⁵, =**ense** [L. -*r*], adj.: sleepy, bringing sleep. -**rifère**¹⁴ or -**rifique**¹⁵, adj.: soporiferous; m.: soporific.

soprano¹⁷, pl. =**ni** [It. (L. *supra*, above)], m.: =, high voice; f.: =, singer.

sor = **saur**.

sorbe¹⁵ [L. -*bum*], f.: sorb (service-tree or mountain-ash).

sor-bet¹⁵ [Port. -*bete* (Ar. *sharab*, drink)], m.: =, sherbet (flavoured fruit-juice and

water; water-ice; etc). **-bêtière**¹⁵, *f.*: freezer (for making ices).

sor-bier¹⁵ [-be], *m.*: sorb-tree, service-tree: — *des oiseaux*, quick-beam.

sor-bonique¹⁵, *f.*: dissertation (one of three required for promotion at the Sorbonne). **-boniste**, *m.*: Sorbonist, Sorbonne doctor. **-bonne** [founder S.], *f.*: =, university at Paris.

sor-cellerie¹², *f.*: sorcery, witchcraft. **||-cier**¹⁵, **-ière** [p. L. *sortiarius* (L. *sors*, lot)], *m., f.*: sorcerer; conjurer; *f.*: enchanter's night-shade (plant of the primrose family): (*fam.*) *il n'est pas* —, he isn't expert; (*pop.*) *un vieux* —, a wicked old duffer.

sordi-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: sordid (dirty; vile; ignoble); *fig.* greedy, avaricious; *plaie* —, bad-looking wound. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: sordidly. **-dité**¹⁵, *f.*: sordidness, vileness.

soret = *sauret*.

sore¹⁵ [Gr. *-rôs*, heap], *m.*: sorus, spore-case, fruit-dot of ferns, etc.

sorgho¹⁵ [It. *sorgo*], *m.*: sorghum (kind of sugar-cane; broom-corn).

sorite¹⁵ [L. *-tea*, Gr. *sorites*], *m.*: sorites, compound syllogism, chain-syllogism.

sornette¹⁴ [OFr. *sorne*, Celt. *swrn*, trifle], *f.*: silly stories or talk.

sor-t¹⁵ [L. *sors*], *m.*: lot (fate; life; living; fortune); chance; charm, magic: *jeter* or *tirer au* —, or *jeter le* —, cast lots; *île* — *principale*, capital. **-table**¹⁴ [-te], *adj.*: of the right kind, suitable. **-tablement**¹⁵, *adv.*: suitably. **-tant**¹⁵, **-ante**, *adj.*: leaving, retiring; graduating; *m., f.*: retiring officer or member; graduating student: *numéros* — *s*, numbers drawn (in a lottery). **-te**¹⁵ [p. L. *-ta*], *f.*: sort, kind; manner: *en quelque* —, so to speak; (*fam.*) *parler à quelqu'un de la bonne* —, give one a good scolding; *de or en* — *que*, so that.

sor-teur, **-euse** [i. *-tir*], *adj.*: (*fam.*) changing (not sticking well to one employment). **-tie**¹⁵, *f.*: exit, leaving, departure; egress; sortie, sally, attack (fr. within); (*fig.*) tirade; excursion; exporting; escape: *fausse* —, feint of going; — *de bal*, circular or opera cloak (to wear on leaving ball-room, etc.); *à la* — *de*, at the end of.

sor-tilège¹⁴ [L. *-gus*, prophetic], *m.*: =, witchcraft.

1. **sor-tir**¹¹ [? L. *surrectus*, arisen or -tiri, sense of 'go out'], *irr.* (cf. *sentir*); *intr.*: leave, go out; issue; come out; project, be prominent; graduate; retire; get out; escape; *tr.*: take out; export; launch; extricate: *au* — *de*, on leaving; — *de ton*, get out of tune; (*fam.*) *d'où*

sortez-vous? where have you been so long? 2. **-tir**¹¹, *m.*: leaving, going out; rising: *au* — *du lit*, on rising. 3. **-tir**¹⁵ [p. L. *-tire*, L. *-tiri*, get by lot], *reg. tr.*: obtain, have (legal term, used only in 3d person).

so-ic [Molière character S.], *m.*: double (one who looks like another).

so-t¹¹, **so-tte** [?], *adj.*: foolish; vexing; *m., f.*: fool. **so-tie**¹¹, *f.*: =, broad satirical farce. **-t-l'y-laisse**¹⁷, *pl.* — ['fool leaves it'], *m.*: parson's-nose, pope's-nose (rump of a fowl). **so-ttement**¹¹, *adv.*: foolishly, stupidly. **so-ttise**¹², *f.*: foolishness, nonsense; stuff; insult. **so-tti-sier**¹⁶ [-tise], *m.*: lot of nonsense; trashy songs; vulgar songster.

sou¹⁵ [L. *solidus*, solid], *m.*: = (old, Roman coin; early gold coin in France; $\frac{1}{20}$ of a pound or its value; now, $\frac{1}{20}$ of a franc, five centimes, half-penny, one cent): *un gros* —, ten-sou piece; *au* — *la livre*, per cent, pro rata; *le* — *pour livre*, profit of 5%; *avoir un* — *or être pour un* — *dans une affaire de finance*, have $\frac{1}{20}$ interest in a business; (*pop.*) *il a mangé ses quatre* — *s*, he has used up his little fortune; *mettre* — *sur* —, save up penny at a time; *pas un* — *de courage*, not a bit of courage.

† **sonage** = *suage*.

† **soubarbe** = *sous-barbe*.

soubassement¹⁴ [sous, basement], *m.*: sub-basement, sub-foundation; bed-valance.

soubresaut¹⁵ [Sp. *sobresalto* (L. *supra*, over, saltus, leap)], *m.*: sudden jump (as by a horse); jerk; start; twitching. **SUB-SULTUS**.

soubrette¹⁵ [?], *f.*: = (actress in comedy); (*fam.*) intriguing servant.

soubreveste¹⁴ [It. *sopravesta*, L. *supra*, above, vestis, vest], *f.*: over-jacket (soldier coat with no sleeves).

sou-che¹¹ [? L. *soccus*, sock], *f.*: stump (of a tree); stub; stem; stock; founder (of line of descendants); chimney (above the roof); block; blockhead: *faire* —, found a line of descendants. 1. **-chet**¹⁴, *m.*: cyperus (sedge): — *comestible*, rush-nut (used in place of coffee).

2. **souchet**¹⁵ [-chever], *m.*: rubblestone, quarry brash.

† **sou-chetage**¹⁵, *m.*: stumpage (counting of the stumps). † **-chetour**, *m.*: stump-counter.

1. **souci** [L. *solequia* (sol, sun, sequi, follow)], *m.*: marigold; yellow (colour of marigold).

2. † **souci** = *sourcil*.

3. **sou-ci**¹⁵, *m.*: care, worry: *le cadet de mes* — *s*, the least of my worries. **||-cier**¹⁵ [L. *solicitari*, vex], *tr.*: worry: *se* —,

fret, be troubled, be anxious; *je ne me soucie pas de le savoir*, I don't care to know it. **-cieux**¹², **-euse** [-ci], *adj.*: anxious, troubled.

soucoupe¹⁶ [sous, coupe], *f.*: tray, salver; saucer.

sou-dable [-der], *adj.*: solderable. **-dage**¹⁴ [-der], *m.*: soldering.

sou-dain⁹ [p. L. *subitanus, L. subitaneus], *adj.*: sudden; *adv.*: suddenly: — *que*, as soon as. **-dainement**¹¹, *adv.*: suddenly. **-daineté**¹², *f.*: suddenness.

†soudan [for sultan], *m.*: = (title of Mohammedan princes, esp. of king of Egypt).

soudant [-der], *adj.*: soldering, welding.

soudard¹³, or **-dart** [solde], *m.*: (fam.) used-up soldier.

soude [? (cf. It. soda)], *f.*: salsoda, saltwort; soda (fr. ashes of this plant).

souder⁹ [L. solidare], *tr.*: solder; weld; unite. **-deur**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: solderer.

soudier, **-ière** [-de], *adj.*: of soda; *f.*: soda-factory.

†soudiviser, **-sion** = subdivision, etc.

soudoir [-der], *m.*: soldering iron.

soudoyer¹¹ [solde], *tr.*: (milit.) pay, retain; subsidise, employ.

†soudre⁹ [L. solvere], *irr.* (used only in inf.); *tr.*: solve, dissolve; *ipay.*

soudrille¹⁶ [?], *m.*: = soudard.

soudure¹³ [-der], *f.*: solder; soldering; weld; joint; union.

soufflage¹⁶, *m.*: glassblowing; sheathing (of ship's hull). **-flant**¹³, *adj.*: blowing.

sou-fle¹¹, *m.*: *†*breath; blowing; wind; **SOUFFLE**; spirit; exhalation; breathing; influence; afflatus: *manque de —*, short breath, short-windedness; *bruits de —*, bronchial or cardiac murmur. **-flé**, *adj.*:

=, made of whites of eggs, puffy; *m.*: =, fluffy dish of meat and eggs: *omelette —*, puff-omelet; *joues —es*, puffy cheeks.

†sou-fler⁹ [L. sufflare], *†intr.*: BLOW; pant; breathe hard; have a chimera, be an alchemist; *tr.*: blow; blow out; blow up;

breathe; mottle (pottery) by blowing; inspire; prompt; huff (remove a piece at checkers because it didn't jump); confiscate, intercept: *ne pas —*, not say a word;

n'oser —, not dare defend one's self; *aux oreilles de quelqu'un*, keep dinging at one;

ce chien a flé le poil au lièvre, this dog came within one of catching the rabbit; — *n'est pas jouer*, huffing doesn't count as a move. **-flurie**¹², *f.*: bellows; alchemy.

-flet¹⁴, *m.*: bellows; (fr. shape) hood (of carriages); valise, trunk, etc.; slap; pat; mortification: *donner un — à quelqu'un*

sur la joue d'un autre, whip one over another's shoulders. **-flétade**¹⁶ [-flet], *f.*:

slapping, slaps. **-fléter**¹⁵ [-flet], *tr.*:

slap; insult, offend. **-fleur**¹², **-euse**, *m., f.*: blower (one who blows; glass-

blower; instrument for blowing); prompter; swell-fish; whale; blowing (discharge of gas or fire-damp through a fissure).

-flure¹³, *m.*: bubble, flaw (in glass or metals).

souffrable¹¹ [-frir], *adj.*: bearable, tolerable. **-france**¹¹ [-frir], *f.*: suffering (passive assent; toleration; endurance); suffering; hurt. **-frant**¹¹ [-frir], *adj.*: enduring; suffering; sick.

-frs-douleur¹⁶, *pl.* —, *m. or f.*: drudge; laughing-stock.

souffreteux¹¹, **-euse** [OFr. souffraite, bareness (L. suffractus)], *adj.*: needy; (infl. by souffrir) ill; *m., f.*: poor wretch.

souffrir⁹ [p. L. sufferire (L. sufferre)], *irr.* (cf. courrir); *tr., intr.*: suffer (bear; endure; tolerate; permit; allow; be in pain; be grieved): *se —*, be tolerant towards each other; support one's self; — *mort et passion*, be in great pain or agony; — *un affront*, take an insult.

sou-frage¹⁷ [-frer], *m.*: sulphuration (of wine, etc.). **†-fre**⁹ [L. sulfur], *m.*: sulphur: — *en canon*, sulphur in sticks.

-fré¹² [-frer], *adj.*: sulphured; yellowish.

-frer¹², *tr.*: sulphurate; impregnate with sulphur; fume or dye with sulphur; dip in sulphur. **-freur** [-frer], *m.*: fumigator (of vines). **-frière**¹³, *f.*: sulphur-pit or mine. **-froir**, *m.*: sulphuring-stove; smudge for fumigating, etc.

†sou-garde, **-gorge** = sous-garde, sous-gorge.

sou-hai-t¹¹, *m.*: wish: *à —*, all that one could wish for; *à vos —s*, good health! (said to one who has just sneezed).

-table¹⁴, *adj.*: desirable. **†-ter**¹¹ [sous, OFr. haitier, make happy (ak. to Ger. heissen, promise)], *tr.*: wish: *je vous en sou-haite*, I hope you will get it; — *le bonjour*, greet with good day.

souil-lard¹⁵ [-ler], *m.*: hole (in stone covering a spring or well); stone or slab (hav'g a hole). **†sou-le**¹⁵ [L. scullus (sus, hog)], *f.*: wallow (of wild boars); imprint, bed (where ship has rested).

-ler¹¹ [? L. suculus, pig], *tr.*: soil; stain; besmirch; befool. **-lon**¹⁴ [-ler], *m., f.*: (fam.) little pig, dirty child; kitchen drudge, scullion. **-lonner** [-lon], *tr.*: make dirty. **-lure**¹⁵ [-ler], *f.*: dirt; smudge; stain; uncleanness.

soûl⁹ [L. satullus (satur, full)], *adj.*: full (of food or drink); glutted; disgusted; *m.*: one's fill, enough: *avoir du mal tout le —*, have plenty of trouble.

sou-la-gement¹⁵, *m.*: ease, relief (fr. pain or sorrow). **†-ger**⁹ [p. L. sub-

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leviare (L. *levare*), OFr. *sous-leger*, tr.: relieve; lighten; comfort.

†*sou-lant*¹⁰ [ak. to *soull*], adj.: filling. -*lard*¹⁰, -*arde*, m., f.: (pop.) drunken sot, swill-tub.

soulas^a [L. *solacium*], m.: solace, comfort.

souler^o [L. *satullare*], tr.: satisfy; gorge; glut; intoxicate.

†*souleux*¹² [seul (L. *solus*, alone)], f.: (fam.) fright.

sou-levant, adj.: elevating; lifting. -*levé*, adj.: in revolt; m.: insurrectionist.

-*lèvement*, m.: upheaval, rising; riot; revolt; anger. -*lever*¹⁰ [L. *sub-levare*], tr.: raise; (lift; heave up); nauseate; excite; incite; intr.: rise (as the stomach); *se* —, rise with effort; swell; *le cœur lui soulève*, he wants to vomit; (fig.) he is disgusted.

soulier^o [L. *subtelare* (sub-tel, hollow of the foot)], m.: shoe: *être dans ses petits* —s, be in close quarters; *mourir dans ses* —s, die with one's boots on; *dans petits* —s, in tight shoes; in a tight place.

*souli-gnement*¹³, m.: under-scoring. ||-*guer*¹⁷ [sous, ligne], tr.: underline; emphasise.

†*souloir*^o [L. *solere*], defect. intr.: only in *il souloit*, he was accustomed.

*sou(l)te*¹¹ [L. *soudre*, old sense 'pay'], f.: boot, balance (sum paid to make joint-owners even).

*sou-mettre*¹¹ [L. *sous, mettre*], irr., tr.: submit (put under control; subject; conquer; refer; present for judgment): *se* —, obey, yield. -*mis*, adj.: obedient. -*mission*¹⁴ [L. *submissio*], f.: =; obedience; obsequiousness; excuses; offer; bid (for a contract); contract. -*missionnaire*¹⁷, m., f.: bidder (for a contract). -*missionner*¹⁷, tr.: bid on, make an offer on.

*soupage*¹² [for *souspage* (sous, paper, eat)], f.: valve; sucker, plug of a valve; chuck (under the chin): — *de sûreté*, safety-valve.

soup-çon^o [L. *suspectio*], m.: suspecting; suspicion; (fam.) =, taste, small quantity. -*çonner*¹², tr.: suspect; surmise; imagine; mistrust. *çonneur*¹¹, -*çuse*, adj.: suspicious.

*sou-pe*¹² [2-per], f.: thin slice (of bread); soup; dinner; sor: *dès la* —, fr. the first of the meal; *s'emporter comme une* — *au lait*, be as hot (quick-tempered) as milk-soup; *des chevaux* — *de lait*, dun-coloured horses; (pop.) *tremper une* —, give one a sound whipping; *trempe comme une* —, sopping wet; — *au vin*, or *au d per-roquet*, wine sop, bread dipped in wine; — *en vin*, wine-red; *la* — *fait le soldat*, an army travels on its stomach; —

maigre, vegetable soup; (slang) *marchand de* —, a Squeers (miserly boarding-school-master). †*pé* = 2-per.

*sou-pente*¹³ [OFr. *suspendre*, suspend], f.: thick leather band; brace, suspender (of coaches, of hammocks, etc.); loft.

1. *sou-per* [low Ger. -*pen*, soak], intr.: eat supper: — *par cœur*, get no supper at all. 2. -*per*, m.: (old) supper; (now) late supper (as after an entertainment): *petit* —, supper with close friends.

sou-pècement, m.: weighing with the hand. -*peser*¹¹ [sous, peser], tr.: weigh with the hand.

*sou-peur*¹³ = *çuse* [1-per], m., f.: night or late diner (one who is usually on hand for supper); high-liver.

soupiéd = *sous-pied*.

*soupière*¹⁷ [-pe], f.: soup-tureen; soup.

*sou-pir*¹¹ [L. *suspirum*], m.: deep breath; sigh; gasp; groan; (humor.) hiccough; quarter-rest (in music): *recevoir les derniers* —s, be at a death-bed. -*pirail*¹³, pl. -*aux* [L. *suspirare*, to sigh], m.: breathing-hole, air-hole, ventilation window or shaft; draft. -*pirant*¹², -*ante*, adj.: sighing (for love); m., f.: lover.

-*pirer*^o [L. *suspirare*], intr.: sigh, breathe deep; mourn; be in love; tr.: breathe out; †mourn over: *cœur qui sou-pire*, n'a pas ce qu'il désire, sighs tell of fresh desires; *cœur content sou-pire sou-vent*, sighs may rise from too much cheer.

sou-ple^o [L. *supplex*], adj.: supple (bending; nimble; agile; obedient; easy; servile): *avoir l'échine* —, be very pliant; *pouls* —, weak pulse. -*plément*¹², adv.: in supple manner, pliantly. -*plesse*¹², f.: suppleness, agility; pliability; servileness: *tours de* —, tricks.

*souquennille*¹¹ [Slavic orig.], f.: long stable coat (to wear while grooming horses); any rough coat; old clothes.

*souquer*¹⁷ [?], tr. or intr.: make or grow stiff or tight.

*sour-ce*¹¹ [OFr. part. *sours* (soudre)], f.: = (spring; head-water; origin; original text; authority; cause): *couler de* —, flow fresh; be well said or written, etc.; *les* —s *de la grâce*, the sacraments; *eau de* —, spring-, or well-water. -*cier*¹⁷, -*ière*, m., f.: water-witch (person who claims to be able to find water by means of witch-hazel or each divining-rod).

sour-cil^o [L. *supercilium*], m.: eyebrow; lintel: *froncer les* —s, knit one's brow, frown. -*ciller*¹², -*ière*, adj.: superciliary. 1. -*ciller*, intr.: move the eyebrows (raise them or frown): *sans* —, without moving a muscle.

2. *sourciller*¹⁷ [-ce], intr.: bubble up, come to the surface, flow.

†**sourcillement**¹⁶, *adv.*: superciliously. — **leur**¹⁵, = **ense** [*sourcil*, *infl.* by *L. superciliosus*], *adj.*: proud, haughty, supercilious; lofty; †frowning.
sour-d², **sourde** [*L. surdus*], *adj.*: deaf (hard of hearing; not hearing; inexorable; surd); silent; dull; vague; non-resonant; secret; *m., f.*: deaf person; *m.*: (*dial.*) salamander; *f.*: snipe (bird); *voix* — *e*, metallic voice; *lime* — *e*, dead file; *lanterne* — *e*, dark lantern; *un bruit* —, a rumor; — *comme un pot*, deaf as a pot; *frapper comme un* —, be as noisy as a deaf man; beat one unmercifully.
-dand, = **-aude**, *adj.*: deaf; *m., f.*: (*fam.*) deaf person. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: dully; heavily; indistinctly; secretly.
-dine¹⁶ [*It. sordina*], *f.*: sordine (sordino, sordono, mute for a trumpet; mute for violin, etc.; damper; deadener): *à la* —, on the sly. **-d-muet**¹⁶, **-de-muette**, *pl.* — *s*, *adj.*: born deaf; deaf and dumb; *m., f.*: deaf mute.
†**sourdre**⁹ [*L. surgere*, rise], *defect. §*; *intr.*: gush up, well up, rise up; arise.

§ Used almost only in: *Ind. Pres. il sourd, ils sourdent.*

souriant¹⁸ [*sourire*], *adj.*: smiling.
sou-rican¹⁵ [*-ris*], *m.*: young mouse.
-ricière¹⁴ [*-ris*], *f.*: mouse-trap. **-ri-quois**¹⁶, = **-oïse** [*-ris*], *adj.*: (*rare*) mouse-like, murin, murid.
1. sou-rîre⁹ [*p. L. sub-ridere* (*L. -êre*)], *intr.*: smile; show incredulity; be serene; be favourable; please. **2. -rîre** or **1. †-ris**, *m.*: smile.
2. souris⁹ [*p. L. sôrio* (*L. sôrie*, *sôrez*)], *f.*: mouse (the rodent); mouse-colour; mouse-shaped MUSCLE on hind-leg of beef near the round; little knot (in head-dress); space between thumb and finger; cartilage (in a horse's nose): *être éveillé comme une potée de* —, be as lively as a cricket; *on entendrait trotter une* —, so still you could hear a pin drop; *la montagne a enfanté une* —, small result from great expectations; *pas de* —, narrow steep ladder to a moat; — *d'eau*, shrew; — *des bois*, opossum; — *chauve*, bat; — *de montagne*, jerboa; — *de terre*, field mouse.
sour-nois¹⁶, = **-oïse** [*?*], *adj.*: sly; cunning; tricky. **-noisement**¹⁵, *adv.*: cunningly, artfully.
sous⁹ [*L. subtus*], *prep.*: under, below; *prefix*: sub: — *peine*, under penalty; — *main*, underhandedly; *tenir* — *quelqu'un le bras*, have hold of one's arm; — *le vent*, to leeward; — *la côte*, near the coast; *camper* — *une ville*, pitch camp near a town which one controls; *le cheval* — *la main*, the off horse; *être* — *les verrous*, be in prison; — *peu* (*de temps*)

soon; — *un mauvais jour*, in a bad light.

sous-affermé¹⁰, *tr.*: sub-let, sub-lease (give, or take lease). **-aide**¹⁷, *m.*: under-assistant (esp. surgeon). **-amendement**¹⁸, *m.*: amendment to an amendment. **-amender**¹⁸, *tr.*: amend an amendment. **-arbrisseau**¹⁵, *pl.* — *x*, *m.*: undershrub. **-arrondissement**, *m.*: subdistrict. **-aumônier**, *m.*: sub-almoner, sub-chaplain.
sous-bail¹⁶, *pl.* **-baur**, *m.*: sub-letting, sub-lease. **-bailleur**¹⁵, = **-ense**, *m., f.*: sub-lessor. **-barbe**¹⁶, *f.*: (*fam.*) blow, chuck (under the chin); under-side (of horse's lower jaw); chin-strap (of head-stall). **-bois**¹⁸, *m.*: underbrush. **-classe**, *f.*: sub-class. **-clavier**¹⁶, = **-ière**, *adj.*: subclavian, under the clavicle. **-commis**, *m.*: sub-clerk. **-commissaire**¹⁷, *m.*: assistant or issuing-commissary (of the navy). **-com-mission**¹⁸, *f.*: sub-commission. **-costal**¹⁷, *pl.* **-aux** [*L. costa*, rib], *adj.*: subcostal.
sous-scripteur¹⁷ [*L. subscriptor*], *m.*: subscriber, underwriter. **-scription**¹² [*L. subscriptio*], *f.*: subscription (signing; signature; amount subscribed; terms; engagement subscribed to). **-scrire**¹⁸ [*L. sub-scribere*], *irr.* (cf. *écrire*); *tr.* or *intr.* or *†refl.*: subscribe (sign; approve; pledge). **-scrivant**, = **-ante**, *m., f.*: subscriber.
sous-cutané¹⁷, *adj.*: subcutaneous, hypodermic, under the skin. **-délégué**¹⁶, *m.*: vice-president; alternate. **-déléguer**¹⁶, *tr.*: elect or appoint as alternate. **-diaconat**¹⁶, *m.*: sub-deacon's office. **-diacre**, *m.*: sub-deacon. **-diviser**, etc., see *subdiviser*. **-dominante**¹⁷, *f.*: sub-dominant, fourth note in the scale.
sous-double¹³, *adj.*: subduple, subdouble, being as one to two. **†-double**, *adj.*: *en raison* —, subduplicate ratio (ratio which squared produces a given ratio). **-doyen**, *m.*: sub-dean.
sous-économé¹⁸, *m.*: assistant manager or steward. **-entendre**¹³, *tr.*: understand (imply, mean, without saying). **-entendu**¹⁵, *m.*: thing understood or meant. **†-entente**¹⁶, *f.*: mental reservation. **-espèce**, *f.*: sub-species. **-étage**, *m.*: undergrowth (in forests).
sous-ferme¹⁶, *f.*: sub-lease **-fermer**, *rare for* **-affermé**. **-fermier**¹⁶, = **-ière**, *m., f.*: sub-renter, sub-lessor. **-frère**¹⁷, *tr.*: sub-let, under-let (boats). **-garde**¹⁶, *pl.* —, *f.*: trigger-guard (and parts about it). **-genre**¹⁵, *m.*: sub-genus. **-gorge**, *pl.* —, *f.*: throat-latch (of bridles).
sous-intendance¹⁸, *f.*: office or residence of a deputy-commissary. **-intendant**¹⁸, *m.*: deputy or sub-commissary.

sous-jacent, *adj.*: subjunct, lying below. **-jupe**¹⁹, *f.*: underskirt. **-lieutenant**¹⁶, *f.*: sub-lieutenancy. **-lieutenant**¹⁶, *m.*: sub-lieutenant. **-locataire**¹⁶, *m., f.*: sub-renter, under-tenant. **-location**¹⁶, *f.*: sub-letting. **-louer**¹⁶, *tr.*: sub-let; sub-rent (rent from or to a tenant).

sous-main¹⁸, *m.*: writing-pad. **-maître**¹⁶, *maitresse*, *m., f.*: assistant, teacher, undermaster. **-marin**¹⁶, *adj.*: submarine. **-mentonnière**, *f.*: chin-piece (of a shako, cap). **-ministre**, *m.*: assistant minister. **-multiple**¹⁶, *adj.*: sub-multiple (dividing without a remainder; *m.*: aliquot part). **-normale**¹⁷, *f.*: sub-normal, part between an ordinate and the normal.

sous-œuvre¹⁷ *au = en*, *m.*: foundation. **-officier**¹⁷, *m.*: sub-officer (non-commissioned officer). **-ordre**¹⁷, *m.*: sub-order (apportioning money awarded to a creditor to creditors of his); subordinate: *en* —, in a secondary place.

sous-perpendiculaire = *normale*. **-pied**, *m.*: strap (to hold a gaiter, trouser-leg, etc.). **-préfectoral**, *pl. = aux*, *adj.*: of the sub-prefecture. **-préfecture**¹⁸, *f.*: sub-prefecture (office or division of the prefecture). **-préfet**¹⁸, *m.*: sub-prefect. **-principal**, *pl. = aux*, *m.*: vice-principal (of a school or college). **-race**, *f.*: sub-race. **-secrétaire**¹⁶, *m.*: undersecretary. **-secrétariat**¹⁸, *m.*: undersecretaryship. **-seing**¹⁸, *m.*: private deed. **-sel**, *m.*: sub-salt, basic salt. **-signé**, *m.*: undersigned. **-signer**, *tr.*: (rare) sign. 1. **-sol**¹⁸ [*infl. by entresol*], *m.*: basement. 2. **-sol**¹⁸, *m.*: subsoil. **-tangente**¹⁶, *f.*: subtangent. **-tendant**¹⁶, *f.*: sub-tense (chord of an arc; line connecting two points). **-tendre**, *m.*: sub-tend. **-titre**, *m.*: sub-title, secondary title.

sous-tractif, *ive*, *adj.*: subtractive; negative. **-traction**¹¹, *f.*: subtraction. **-traire**¹¹ [*L. sub-trahere*], *irr.* (cf. *traire*); *tr.*: remove (by stealth); draw away or off; save out; preserve; subtract: *se* —, withdraw, flee.

sous-traitant¹⁶, *m.*: sub-contractor. **-traité**¹⁶, *m.*: sub-contract. **-traiter**¹⁶, *intr.*: sub-let; sub-contract. **-triple**¹², *adj.* or *m.*: sub-triple: *le — de 18* est 6, six divides eighteen into three aliquot parts; *dix n'a point de —*, three is not an aliquot part of ten. **-triplé**¹⁸, *adj.*: *en raison* —, in sub-triplicate ratio.

soustylaire [*sous, style*], *f.*: substyle (up-right of a sundial).

sous-vendre, *tr.*: sell again (part of one's purchase). **-vente**, *f.*: sale (of a

part). **-ventrière**, *f.*: belly-band. **-verge**¹⁷, *m.*: (postilion's) off-horse.

souta-éche¹⁸ [*Hung. szuszak*, fringe], *f.*: = (narrow flat braid), Russian braid. **-écher**¹⁸, *tr.*: braid.

souta-ne¹⁶ [*It. sottana* (*L. subtus*, below)], *f.*: =, cassock, church robe. † **-nel-le**¹⁶, *f.*: short cassock.

1. **soute** = *souille*.

2. **soute**¹² [*? L. subtus*, below], *f.*: ship's storeroom.

sou-tenable¹⁴, *adj.*: tenable, defensible; enduring. **-tenance**¹¹, *f.*: defence (of a thesis). **-tenant**¹², *= ante*, *adj.*: supporting; *m., f.*: defender (of a thesis). **-tènement**, *m.*: support; defence; pleadings. **-teneur**¹², *m.*: defender; pimp. † **-tenir**⁹ [*L. sustinere*], *irr.* (cf. *tenir*); *tr.*: sustain (bear, support; hold up; uphold; defend; keep up; maintain; strengthen; undergo, endure): *se* —, sustain, etc., one's self or each other; stand; hold out; keep one's self up; wear well; be well-preserved; *elle soutient l'avoir vu*, she insists she saw him; *le noir soutient le clair*, the dark colour brings out the white. **-tenu**, *adj.*: sustained; constant, persistent; elevated; (*her.*) *soustenu* (hav'g lower part of another tincture).

souterrai-n¹¹ = *aine* [*L. subterraneus*], *adj.*: subterranean, underground; (*fig.*) underhanded; *m.*: cave; ruse; scheme. **-nement**¹⁸, *adv.*: craftily.

soutien¹⁶ [*ak. to-tenir*], *m.*: support; tendril; nourishment; vindication, defence.

souti-rage¹⁷, *m.*: racking (of wine, etc.). **-rer**¹⁷ [*sous, tirer*], *tr.*: rack (put into another barrel, leaving the lees behind); extract, draw out; extort.

soutra [*Skt. sūtra*, string], *m.*: sutra (string of precepts); doctrine of the Veda.

† **souve-nance**¹¹, *f.*: remembrance.

1. † **-nir**⁹ [*L. sub-venire*], *irr.* (cf. *venir*); *intr.* or *impers.*: come to mind, occur to one: *se* —, remember, keep in mind; *je m'en souviendrai*, I will make him sorry for it; *faire — quelqu'un* (or less frequently *à quelqu'un*) *d'une chose*, remind one of a thing. 2. **-nir**, *m.*: memory; thought; greeting; memento; keepsake, souvenir; reminder; note-book.

souven-t⁹ [*L. subinde*], *adv.*: often. † **-te-fois**, *adv.*: oftentimes.

souve-rain⁹ = *aine* [*p. L. *superānus* (*L. super*, over)], *adj.*: sovereign (high; supreme; potent; princely); *m., f.*: sovereign (ruler; *m.*: the coin). **-raine-ment**¹³, *adv.*: supremely. **-rainté**¹¹, *f.*: sovereignty (supreme power or authority; sway; dominion).

soy [*fr. Jap.*], *m.*: = (hot sauce made of soy-beans).

so-yère [soie], adj. f.: l'industrie —, silk industry. **-yeux**¹⁵, = **eyse** [soie], adj.: of silk; silken, silky.

spa-ciousement¹³, adv.: spaciouly. **-cieux**¹¹, = **eyse** [L. -tiosus], adj.: spacious, roomy.

spa-dassin¹⁵ [It. -daccino (-da, sword)], m.: brawler; cutthroat. **-dice**¹⁵ [L., Gr. *spadix*, plucked palm-branch], m.: spadix, spike, spathe. **-dille** [Sp. *espada*, sword], f.: = (ace of SPADES at ombre).

spahi [Pers. *sipahi*, cavalryman], m.: = (Algerian cavalryman in French service).

spal-me¹⁵ [espalmier], m.: tar, pitch (for paying a ship). **††-mer**¹⁵ [espalmier], tr.: coat with tar, pay.

1.spalt¹⁵ [Ger.], m.: = (the scaly whitish mineral).

2.spalt¹⁵ [It. -to, L. *asphaltus*], m.: asphalt (bitumen as colouring matter).

†spar = *spath*.

sparadrap¹⁵ [l. L. *-drapum*], m.: =, courtplaster.

spar [L. -rus, lit. javelin], m.: spar, gilt-head (fish).

sparsile [L. -lis], adj.: =: étoilés —s, stars not found in the figure of any constellation.

spar-te¹⁵ [L. -tum], m.: spart, Spanish broom, mat-weed. **-terie**¹⁷, f.: mat-work; mat-factory.

Spartiate [country Sparta], m., f.: Spartiate (Dorian of the ruling class); (fig.) stern man.

spas-me¹² [L. -mus, Gr. -mōs], m.: spasm, convulsive action of muscles. **-modique**¹⁷ [Gr. -mōdes], adj.: spasmodic, convulsive. **-modiquement** [-modique], adv.: convulsively. **-mologie**¹⁷ [Gr. *lógos*, speech], f.: spasmology, treatise on spasms.

spath¹⁷ [Ger.], m.: spar (the mineral): — fluor, fluor-spar; faux —, feldspar; — d'Island, Iceland spar.

spa-the¹⁷ [L. -tha, paddle, broadsword, Gr. -the], f.: =, sheath of a flower cluster. **-thé**, adj.: hav'g a spathe, spathed.

spathique [-th], adj.: spathic, of spar.

spatule¹⁵ [L. -t(h)ula, dim. of -tha, broadsword], f.: spatula (flat broad instrument for spreading ointments, mixing paints); spoon-bill crane.

spé-cia-l¹¹, pl. = **aux** [L. *specialis*], adj.: special; m.: specialist. **-lement**¹¹, adv.: especially. **-lisation**¹⁵, f.: specialisation. **-liser**¹⁵, tr.: specify: se —¹⁵, specialise. **-liste**¹⁵, m.: specialist. **-lité**¹⁵, f.: speciality; exclusive or special fund; special line (of business).

spé-cieusement¹⁵, adv.: speciously. **-cieux**¹⁵, = **eyse** [L. -ciosus], adj.: specious, plausible; m.: speciousness, appearance.

spé-ci-fi-catif¹³, = **ive**, adj.: specifying. **-fication**¹³, f.: specification. **-ficté**, f.: specificity, specifiveness. **†-fier**¹² [L. -ficare], tr.: specify, mention, name. **-fi-que**¹⁵ [L. -ficus], adj.: specific (plainly set forth; exact; special; peculiar; m.: medicine for a special disease; definite thing). **-fiquement**¹⁵ [-fi-que], adv.: specifically. **-men**¹⁵ [L. -men], m.: specimen, sample. **-osité**¹⁵ [L. -ositas], f.: speciousness.

specta-cle¹¹ [L. -culum], m.: = (sight, view; review; play; theatre; show); display; pomp; faire —, create a sensation; *seoir de* —, be laughing stock, make a show of one's self. **-teur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. -tor], m., f.: spectator, witness.

spec-tral¹⁵, pl. = **aux**, adj.: = (ghostly; of the spectrum). **†-tre**¹⁵, m.: =, phantom; spectrum; kind of butterfly. **-tro-mètre**¹⁵ [Gr. *mētron*, measure], m.: spectrometer. **-troscopé**¹⁵ [Gr. *skopein*, see], m.: = (instrument for analysing spectra).

spé-cu-laire¹⁵ [L. -larius], adj.: specular, mirror-like, reflecting; f.: bellwort, Venus' looking-glass. **-lateur**¹⁵, **-trice** [L. -lator], m., f.: speculator; †observer; †theorist. **-latif**¹⁵, = **ive** [L. -latus], adj.: speculative; m., f.: theorist; f.: theoretical part. **-lation**¹⁵ [L. -latio], f.: speculation (observation; theory; enterprise, investment). **-ler**¹⁵ [L. -lari], tr. or intr.: speculate (theorise; make investments; †observe, †contemplate).

speculum¹⁵ or **spéculum** [L. 'mirror'], m.: = (instrument for spreading orifices of the body).

spée = *cépe*.

speech¹⁵ *pitch* [Eng.], m.: (fam.) speech.

spé-lén-que¹⁵ [L. -lunca, cave], f.: retreat; †cave.

sponcer [Eng. earl S.], m.: = (short coat or jacket; dress waist).

spergule¹⁷ [l. L. -la], f.: spurry, corn-spurry (herb).

sper-macéti, see *sperme*. **-matique**¹⁵ [L. -matics], adj.: spermat. **-matologie**¹⁷ [Gr. -ma, sperm, *lógos*, speech], f.: spermatology. **-matozoaire**¹⁵ or **-zoïde**¹⁵ [Gr. *zōon* or *zōidion*, little animal], m.: spermatozooid. **†sper-me**¹² [L. Gr. -ma], m.: semen; sperm: = *de baleine* (or *ceti*), spermaceti, whale sperm.

spha-cèle¹⁵ [Gr. *sphakelos*], m.: sphacelus, gangrene (with death of the part). **-célé**¹⁵, adj.: gangrenous, mortified. **-céler**¹⁵, tr.: sphacelate.

sphé-noïdal¹⁵, pl. = **aux**, adj.: sphenoid-(al), wedge-shaped. **†-noïde**¹⁵ [Gr. *sphenoidēs*], adj.: sphenoid, wedge-shaped: *l'os* —, the sphenoid bone (at base of the skull).

sphère¹² [L. *sphæra*, Gr. *sphaîra*], *f.*: sphere; globe, ball; vault of the skies; orbit; realm. **sphérique**¹⁰, *f.*: sphericity. **sphérique**¹⁰ [L. *sphæricus*], *adj.*: spherical, globular. **sphériquement**¹³ [spherique], *adv.*: spherically.
sphériste¹⁷ [L. *spharista*], *m.*: ball-player (teacher of ball-games amongst the ancients). **-stère**¹⁰ [Gr. *spharistêrion*], *m.*: ancient ball-court. **-stique**¹⁷ [Gr. *sphairistikê*], *f.*: ball-playing.
sphéroïdal¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux**, *adj.*: spheroidal. **-do**¹⁵ [Gr. *sphaïroeidês*], *m.*: spheroid.
sphéro-mètre [Gr. *sphaîra*, sphere, *mêtron*, measure], *m.*: spherometer. **-métrique**, *adj.*: spherometric.
sphincter¹⁵ [L., Gr.], *m.*: = (ring-shaped muscle).
sphinx¹⁵ [Gr. *sphîgz*], *m.*: = (fabulous monster; kind of moth).
sphragistique¹⁸ [Gr. *sphragistikôs*], *f.*: sphragistics, classification or science of signet-seals.
spic¹¹ [L. *-ca*], *m.*: spica, spike (of plants). **-ca**¹⁷ [L.], *m.*: =, spiral bandage (suggesting the folds of a flower cluster). **-cillage**¹⁷ [L. *-cilegium*, "gleaning"], *m.*: miscellany, collection (in manuscript not yet printed).
spi-na-bifida¹⁸ [L., "divided spine"], *m.* or *f.*: spina bifida (born defect in the spinal wall). **-nal**¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: =, of the back-bone. **-naventosa**¹⁷ [L., "puffy-spine"], *m.*: =, white swelling, gangrene of a bone.
spinelle¹⁵ [It. *-lla*], *adj.*: pale red; *m.*: spinel (mineral).
spino-sisme [philosopher Spinoza, 1632-1677], *m.*: Spinozism (form of monotheism). **-siste**, *m., f.*: Spinozist.
spiral¹⁵, *pl.* = **aux** [-re], *adj.*: spiral; *m.*: watch-spring; *f.*: spiral or helical curve.
spiration¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, procession, going forth of the Holy Ghost.
spire¹⁵ [L. *-ra*, Gr. *speira*], *f.*: spiral, helix; anything spiral-shaped; whorl; spiral curve. **-rée**¹⁵ [L. *-ra*, Gr. *speireta*], *f.*: spiraea, meadow-sweet.
spiri-te¹⁵ [L. *-tus*], *m.*: spiritualist (believer in spiritualism). **-tisme**¹⁵, *m.*: belief of spiritualists. **-tualisation**¹⁶, *f.*: = (old, extracting of spirits by distillation, etc.; now, giving a spiritual sense). **-tualiser**¹⁵ [-tuel], *tr.*: spiritualise (old, extract spirits of; now, give a spiritual meaning; imbue with spirit): *se* —, become thinner; become more spiritual. **-tualisme**¹⁶ [-tualiser], *m.*: spiritualism; spirituality. **-tualiste**¹⁷, *m., f.*: spiritualist. **-tualité**¹² [L. *-tualitas*], *f.*: spiritualness. **-tuel**¹¹, **-elle** [L. *tualis*],

adj.: spiritual (elevated; moral; mental; witty); *m.*: spiritual quality or character: *famille* -tuelle, those of the same mind. **-tuellement**¹¹, *adv.*: spiritually; wittily. **-tueux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-tus*, breath], *adj.*: spirituous, alcoholic; *m.*: strong drink. **-tuosité**¹⁵, *f.*: amount of alcohol.
splanchnique¹⁷ [Gr. *splaghnikôs*], *adj.*: splanchnic. **-nologie**¹⁷ [Gr. *splaghnôn*, entrails, *lôgos*, speech], *f.*: splanchnology, treatise on the viscera.
spleen¹⁷ *spîn* [Eng.], *m.*: =, low-spiritedness, melancholy.
splen-deur¹¹ [L. *-dor*], *f.*: splendour (brightness, brilliancy; beauty; magnificence). **-dide**¹⁴ [L. *-didus*], *adj.*: splendid, excellent. **-didement**¹⁴ [-dide], *adv.*: splendidly.
splénique¹⁵ [Gr. *splenikôs* (*splên*, spleen)], *adj.*: splenic.
spode [L., Gr. *spôdos*, ashes], *f.*: zinc oxide; bone-ash.
spoli-ateur¹⁵, **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: despoiler; *adj.*: despoiling. **-liation**¹⁴ [L. *-liatio*], *f.*: = (plundering; despoiling); rifling of mail. **-lier**¹⁴ [L. *-liare*], *tr.*: despoil, rob, plunder.
spon-daïque¹⁵ [Gr. *-diakôs*], *adj.*: spondaic. **-dée**¹³ [L. *-deus*, Gr. *-deios*], *m.*: spondee, poetic foot of two long syllables (— —).
†spondyle¹⁸ [L. *-lûs*], *m.*: spondyl (vertebra, esp. second vertebra of the neck); spondylod (insect); spondylus (shell).
spongiaire [L. *-gia*], *adj.*: sponge-like; *m. pl.*: spongiae, sponges. **-gieux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-giosus*], *adj.*: spongy. **-gite**¹⁷ [L. *-gitis*, Gr. *spoggîtes*], *f.*: = (porous rock).
sponta-né¹⁵ [L. *-neus* (*sponte*, willingly)], *adj.*: spontaneous (occurring of itself; voluntary; self-generated). **-néité**¹⁵, *f.*: spontaneity, spontaneousness. **-nément**¹⁵, *adv.*: spontaneously, of one's own accord.
†sponton, see *esponçon*.
†spora-des [Gr., "scattered"], *adj., f. pl.*: = (cf. *sparilles*). **-dieité**, *f.*: sporadicness. **-dique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-dikôs*], *adj.*: sporadic, scattering (occurring here and there). **spore**¹⁵ [Gr. *sporê*, thing sowed], *f.*: =, seed germs (of ferns, etc.).
sport¹⁵ or **sport** [Eng. (Ofr. *desport*)], *m.*: = (any outdoor exercise for amusement; esp. racing). **sportsman** [Eng.], *m.*: =.
†sportule¹⁵ [L. *-la*, gifts of food, etc., to dependents], *f.*: presents (made to a judge), fees.
sporule¹⁵ [*spore*], *f.*: =, spore-case.
spu-me [L. *-ma*, foam], *f.*: froth (of the mouth). **-meux**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-mosus*], *adj.*: frothy; foamy.

spu-tation¹⁶ [L. *-tare*, spit], *f.*: spitting.
squale¹⁸ [L. *-lus*, *m.*: squalus (dog-fish, shark).

squa-me [L. *-ma*, *f.*: squama, scale.
*-m(m)eur*¹⁵, *=euse* [L. *-mosus*, *adj.*: squamose, scaly.

square-ër, pop. *âr* [Eng.], *m.*: public square.

squizzle¹⁶ [Gr. *skeletós*, dried out], *f.*: skeleton (bone framework; lean person; carcass; framework, solid part).

squille [L. *-lla*, *f.*: squill, locust-shrimp.
squinaneie = *equinaneie*.

squline¹⁵ [? country *Chine*, China], *f.*: china-root, shrubby climbing smilax.

squirr(hu)¹⁶ [Gr. *skirrhos*], *m.*: scirrus, hard tumour. *-neur*¹⁵, *=euse*, *adj.*: scirrhous, cancerous.

st, st [?], *interj.*: say! here! come here!

sta-bat, *pl.* — [L., *stabat mater dolorosa*, 'the sorrowing mother stood,' first words of a hymn], *m.*: Stabat Mater. **-bilité**¹¹

[L. *-bilitas*, *f.*: stability (firmness; permanence; steadfastness). **sta-ble**¹⁰ [L. *-bilis*, *adj.*: stable, firm, steadfast. **-bulation** [L. *-bulatio*, *f.*: stabling (of stock).

stade¹¹ [L. *-dium*, Gr. *-dion*], *m.*: stadium (Gr. footrace-course; measure of 600 feet; *STAGE* in disease).

sta-ge¹⁵ [l. L. *stadium* (L. *stare*, stand)], *m.*: novitiate, waiting-time (required on entering certain professions); probation period. **-gaine**¹⁵, *adj.*: waiting; probationary; *m.*: probationer. **-gier**, *adj.*: *chanoine* —, licentiate.

stag-nant¹⁵ [L. *-nare*, form a pool], *adj.*: = (standing; foul). **-nation**¹⁷ [L. *-nare*, *f.*: =, foulness; standstill.

sta-lactite¹⁷ [Gr. *-laktós*, dropping], *f.*: = (hanging cone, icicle-like mineral formation). **-lagmite**¹⁶ [Gr. *-lagma*, a drop], *m.*: = (spire-like cone formed in caves by drippings).

stalle¹⁶ [l. L. *-llum* (OHG. *stal*, closed place)], *f.*: stall, box (in churches, theatres, stables); folding-seat.

stance¹⁵ [It. *-za* (L. *stare*)], *f.*: stanza.

stangue¹⁵ [It. *-ga* (cf. Ger. *stange*, pole)], *f.*: (her.) shank (of an anchor).

stan-nate [L. *-num*, tin], *m.*: =, salt of stannic acid. *-neur*, *=euse* [L. *-num*], *adj.*: stannous. **-nifère**¹⁵ [L. *-num*, *ferre*, to bear], *adj.*: stanniferous, yielding tin. **-nique** [L. *-num*], *adj.*: stannic.

sta-phisaigre¹² [Gr. *-phis agria*, wild grape], *f.*: STAVEACRE (tall larkspur).

-phylier [Gr. *-phulê*, bunch of grapes], *m.*: staphylias, genus of bladdernut family. 1. **-phylin**¹⁷ [Gr. *-phulinos*], *m.*: staphylinus, rove-beetle. 2. **-phylin**¹⁷ [Gr. *-phulinos*], *adj.* *m.*: staphyline, of the soft palate. **-phylôme**¹⁵ [Gr. *-phú-*

loma], *m.*: staphyloma (bulging of the eye).

staros-te [Pol.], *m.*: starost, Polish noble.

-tie [Pol.], *f.*: starosty (fief, land grant to a nobleman to enable him to support troops).

sta-se¹⁷ [Gr. *-sis*, a standing], *f.*: stasis, stopping of blood (esp. in small veins).

-ter or **-tère** [Gr. *-tér*], *m.*: stater (Greek coin of gold, worth \$6; or of silver, worth 75 cents).

stathou-der [Dutch], *m.*: stadtholder, governor. **-dérat**, *m.*: stadtholderate, governorship.

statice [L.], *f.*: sea-lavender, marsh-rosemary.

sta-tion¹¹ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: = (standing place; attitude; standing; stop; stopping-place; stand; position; military post; range, habitat of plants; one of the fourteen church pictures of the passions of Christ; prayer before a picture).

station-naire¹⁵ [L. *-narius*], *adj.*: stationary. *m.*: telegraph operator; guardship. **-nal(e)**, *pl.* **-aur** [L. *-nalis*], *adj.*: *églises* — *s*, churches at which a procession halts. **-nement**¹⁵, *m.*: halting, stopping; standing. **||-ner**¹⁶ [*station*], *intr.*: stand, take up one's station.

sta-tique¹⁶ [Gr. *-tikê*, sc. *têchne*, art], *f.*: statics, mechanics of bodies at rest; *adj.*: static, of bodies in equilibrium. **-tisti-cien**¹⁵, *-enne* [*-tistique*], *m., f.*: statistician. **-tistique**¹⁷ [Gr. *-tizéin*, set], *f.*: statistics, collection of numerical facts.

sta-tuaire¹⁵ [L. *-tuarius*], *m.*: statuary (artist); *f.*: art of making statues; *adj.*: of statues. **||-tue**¹¹ [L. *-tua*], *f.*: =

— *de sel*, pillar of salt. **-tuer**¹⁵ [L. *-tuere*], *tr.*: ordain, order, decree, enact.

-tueté¹⁵, *f.*: =, little statue. **-tu quo** [for L. *in statu quo*, 'in the condition which' it was in before], *m.*: =, previous condition. **-ture**¹¹ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: stature, size. **-tut**¹² [L. *-tutum*], *m.*: statute (law; decree; enactment).

steamer¹⁵ or **eur** [Eng.], *m.*: steamer, steamboat.

stéa-rate, *m.*: =, salt of stearic acid. **-rine**¹⁵ [Gr. *stéar*, suet; dough], *f.*: stearin. **-rinerie**, *f.*: stearine factory. **-ri-nier**¹⁵, *m.*: stearine manufacturer. **-rique**¹⁵, *adj.*: stearic. **-tite**¹⁷ [Gr. *-tites*], *f.*: steatite, soapstone. **-toécèle**¹⁷ [Gr. *-tokêle*], *f.*: steatocele, little fatty tumour of the scrotum. **-tôme**¹⁵ [Gr. *stédroma*], *m.*: steatoma, fatty tumour.

steoplé-chase¹⁵ *sti-plé-ichéz* [Eng.], *m.*: =, race over country.

stéganogra-phe, *m.*: steganographer.

-phie¹⁵ [Gr. *-phía* (*steganós*, hiding, *grá-phéin*, write)], *f.*: steganography, cipher-

writing. **-phique**¹⁷, *adj.*: steganographic, secret.

steinkerke¹⁶ [town S.], *f.*: steinkirk, loosely worn cravat or scarf.

stèle¹⁸ [L., Gr. *stèle*], *f.*: stela, stone slab or tablet.

stel-laïre¹⁸ [L. *-laris* (*stella*, STAR)], *adj.*: stellar; stellate; *f.*: starwort, stellaria. **-lîon**¹⁸ [L. *-lio*], *m.*: = (lizard). **-lîonat**¹⁸ [L. *-lionatus* (*-lio*, lizard with star-shaped spots; tricky person)], *m.*: stellionate, fraudulent real-estate deal. **-lîonataïre**¹⁸, *m.*: real-estate swindler.

sténogra-phe¹⁸ [Gr. *stenós*, short, *gráphein*, write], *m.*, *f.*: stenographer; *adj.*: stenographic. **-phie**¹⁸ [Gr. *stenós*, *gráphein*], *f.*: stenography, shorthand. **-phier**¹⁸, *tr.*: write in shorthand. **-phique**¹⁸, *adj.*: stenographic. **-phique-ment**¹⁸, *adv.*: in shorthand.

†stenté¹⁶ [It. *stentare*, strain, do with effort], *adj.*: strained.

stentor¹⁸ [Grecian hero S.], *m.*: *voix de* —, stentorian (very loud) voice.

steppe¹⁷ [Russ.], *m.*: = (treeless barren plain).

stérage [-rer], *m.*: measuring (of cord-wood).

stéro-raïre¹⁷ [L. *-rarius* (*stereus*, dung)], *adj.*: stercoreary. **-ral** [L. *stercus*], *adj.*: —, of dung.

stère¹⁷ [Gr. *stereós*, solid], *m.*: stere, one cubic meter: *bois de* —, cord-wood.

stéro-bate¹⁶ [L., Gr. *stereobates* (Gr. *stereós*, solid, *bátes*, leaper)], *m.*: stereobate, continuous base without columns.

-graphe [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: perspective draughtsman. **-graphie**¹⁷, *f.*: stereography, perspective drawing. **-métrie**¹⁸ [Gr. *-metría*], *f.*: stereometry, drawing of solids, perspective. **-scope**¹⁸ [Gr. *skopeîn*, see], *m.*: stereoscope, optical instrument to make planes look like solids.

-tomie¹⁷ [Gr. *tomé*, a cut], *f.*: stereotomy, the art of cutting solids. **-type**¹⁸ [-typer], *m.*: stereotyping. **-type**¹⁸, *adj.* or *m.*: stereotype. **-typer**¹⁸, *tr.*: stereotype (cast in a matrix; fix the form of; print fr. plates). **-typeur**, *m.*: stereotyper. **-typie**¹⁸, *f.*: stereotypography, printing fr. plates. **stérer** [*stère*], *tr.*: measure (wood, etc., by the cubic meter).

stérile¹⁸ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: sterile (barren; unfruitful; unproductive); ineffectual; dry, uninteresting; *f.*: barren woman; *m.*: barren literary style: *saison* —, hard times; *un hymen* —, a childless wedlock; *gloire* —, empty honour. **-lement**¹⁸, *adv.*: sterilely. **-lisation**, *f.*: sterilisation. **-liser**¹⁸, *tr.*: sterilise, render sterile. **-lité**¹⁸ [L. *sterilitas*], *f.*: steri-

lity, unproductiveness; barrenness; scantiness; dryness (of an author).

sterling¹¹ [Eng. fr. *easterling*], *invar.* *adj.* or *m.*: =, hav'g standard fineness.

sternum¹⁸ [L.], *m.*: =, breastbone.

sterna-tatoire¹² [L. *-tare*, to sneeze], *adj.*: sternutatory (causing sneezing; *m.*: snuff).

stéthosco-pe¹⁸ [Gr. *stéthos*, breast, *skopeîn*, see], *m.*: stethoscope, acoustic instrument for examining the lungs. **-pie**, *f.*: stethoscopy.

stibié¹⁷ [L. *-bium*, antimony], *adj.*: stibiated.

stigma-te¹⁴ [L. *stigma*, Gr. *stigma*, brand on a slave], *m.*: mark, scar; brand; disgrace; stigma: *les —s de la petite verole*, pock-marks. **-tiser**¹⁵, *tr.*: brand; stigmatise.

stil (du grain)¹⁶ [?], *m.*: brown-pink (greenish-yellow).

stilla-tion¹⁴ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: dropping (of liquids).

stimu-lant¹⁷, *adj.*: stimulating; *m.*: stimulant; incentive; stimulus. **-lation**¹⁸ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =. **-ler**¹⁸ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: stimulate, excite. **-lus** [L.], *m.*: = (sting; incentive).

1. **stipe**¹⁸ [L. *-pes*], *m.*: = (stalk, stem).

2. **stipe** [L. *-pa*], *f.*: stipa (tall tufted grass).

stipen-diaïre¹⁶ [L. *-diarius*], *adj.*: stipendiary (hav'g a stipend or wages; *m.*: hireling). **-dié**¹⁴, *m.*: hireling. **-dier**¹⁴ [L. *-diari* (*-dium*, wages, pay)], *tr.*: stipend, hire.

stipu-lant¹⁶, *ante* [-ler], *adj.*: stipulating (law term); *m.*, *f.*: stipulator. **-la-tion**¹² [L. *-latio*], *f.*: =, bargain, agreement.

stipule¹⁷ [L. *-la*], *f.*: =, stipula (appendage at the base of a leaf).

stipu-ler¹⁸ [L. *-lari* (? O.L. *-lus*, firm)], *tr.*: stipulate; specify in an agreement.

stock [Eng.], *m.*: = (merchandise on hand; capital).

stockfish¹³ or **stokfische** [fr. Holl.], *m.*: stockfish, codfish.

stoff¹⁸ [fr. Eng.], *m.*: stuff (cloth).

stoi-cien¹³, *enne* [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kós*], *adj.*: stoical; resolutely calm; *m.*, *f.*: stoic; stern moralist. **-eisme**¹⁶, *m.*, or **-ité**, *f.*: stoicism; calm fortitude. **-que**¹⁶ [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kós* (*stod*, 'porch' where the stoic Zeno met his followers)], *adj.*: stoical; self-controlled; *m.*: stoic (person who resists pain and pleasure). **-quement**¹⁶, *adv.*: stoically.

stokfische = stockfish.

stoma-cal¹⁴, *pl.* *-aux* [L. *-chus*, stomach], *adj.*: =, aiding digestion. **-chi-que**¹⁵ [L. *-chicus*], *adj.*: stomachic, (of the stomach, good for the stomach).

stoma-te¹⁸ [Gr. *stôma*, mouth], *m.*: stoma, pore. **-tite**¹⁸ [Gr. *stôma*], *f.*: stomatitis, inflammation of the mouth.

stop-page¹⁸ [2.-per], *m.*: mending (of lace, of nets, of crocheted work).

1.stopper¹⁸ [Eng. *stop*], *tr.* or *intr.*: stop; arrest.

2.stop-per [fr. Walloon = Fr. *étouper*], *tr.*: darn, mend (nets, lace). **-peur**¹⁸, *m.*, *f.*: mender.

storax¹² [L.], *m.*: = (tree or its gum).

store¹⁶ [L. *-rea*, mat], *m.* (tf.): roller curtain.

stra-bisme¹⁷ [Gr. *bismós*], *m.*: strabismus (cross-eyedness; wall-eyedness). **-botomie** [Gr. *bôa*, oblique, *tomê*, section], *f.*: strabotomy (operation to correct cross eyes).

stradivarius [violin-maker *S.*], *m.*: =, Cremona violin.

stramonium¹⁶ [l. L.], *m.*: =, jimson-weed.

stran-gulation¹⁵ [L. *-gulation* (Gr. *stragôle*, halter)], *f.*: = (stifling; death by hanging or by choking; constriction as of windpipe, or a vessel). **-gurie**¹³ [Gr. *-gouria*, *strôgr*, squeezed-out drop, *ôûron*, urine], *f.*: strangury (difficulty in urinating).

†strapasser¹⁶ or **†passonner**¹⁶ [It. *-pazzare* (-pazzo, crazy)], *tr.*: flog, beat; slash, daub, paint roughly.

strapontin¹⁵ [It. *-puntino*], *m.*: folding-seat (as in theatres, carriages, etc.); hammock.

stras¹⁷ [Jeweler *Strass*], *m.*: paste diamond, strass.

strasse¹⁶ [It. *straccio*], *f.*: floss (coarser silk made fr. first threads of the silk-worm); waste silk; coarse paper, wrapping paper.

stra-tagème¹⁴ [L. *-tegema* fr. Gr.], *m.*: strategy, ruse in war; skilfulness. **-tège**¹⁷ [L. *-tegos*, Gr. *-tegós*], *m.*: strategus, general. **-tégie**¹⁸ [L. *-tegia*], *f.*: strategics, art of handling armies. **-tégique**¹⁸ [Gr. *-tegiakós*], *adj.*: strategic. **-tégiquement**, *adv.*: strategically. **-tégiste**¹⁸, *m.*: strategist. **†-tègue**, see *-tège*.

strati-fication¹⁶, *f.*: = (arranging in layers; layers, beds). **†-fier**¹⁷ [L. *stratus*, strewn, *facere*, make], *tr.*: stratify, deposit, arrange in layers.

strato-cratie¹⁷ [Gr. *stratôa*, army, *kra-tên*, to rule], *f.*: (rare) stratocracy, military despotism. **-graphie**¹⁷ [Gr. *grâphein*, write], *f.*: (rare) stratography, treatise on army affairs.

stratus [L.], *m.*: =, low sheet-like cloud.

strélitz [fr. Russ.], *m. pl.*: strelitz (Muscovite guardsmen).

stret-te¹⁵ [It. *-ta* (L. *strictus*, bound close)], *f.*: stretto, crowded part of a fugue.

striation, see *striure*.

tribord = *tribord*.

strie-t¹⁶ [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: strict; exacting. **-tement**¹⁷, *adv.*: strictly.

stri-dent¹⁴ [L. *-dens*, screeching], *adj.*: =, noisy. **-dulseux**¹⁸, **-euse** [L. *-dulus*], *adj.*: stridulous.

strie¹⁷ [L. *stria*, furrow], *f.*: stria (groove; stripe; band; list of a column). **strié**¹⁸ [L. *striatus*], *adj.*: striated.

†strige¹⁵ [L. *-ga*, witch], *f.*: ghost.

strigile¹⁶ [L. *-lie*], *m.*: strigil, scraper (for the bath). **strigure**¹⁶ [*strie*], *f.*: striation (grooves, stripes, bands).

strobile¹⁷ [L. *-lus*, Gr. *-los*, pine cone], *m.*: = (cone of pines, firs, hops, etc.).

stron-tiane [Scotch town *Strontian*], *f.*: strontian (the alkali compound). **-tium**, *m.*: = (the chemical element).

strophe¹⁵ [L. *-pha*, Gr. *-phê* (lit. turning), verses sung by the chorus while moving to the right], *f.*: = (lines belonging together in one thought, verse; rhyming lines).

structu-re¹⁴ [L. *-ra*], *f.*: =, edifice; building, construction; arrangement.

strumeux¹², **-euse** [L. *-mosus*], *adj.*: (rare) scrofulous.

†struthine [Gr. *strôuthion*, soap weed], *f.*: see *saponine*.

strych-nine¹⁸ or **-nos** [L. *-nus* (fr. Gr.), poisonous nightshade], *f.*: = (the violent poison).

†stryge = *strige*.

stu-c¹⁵ [It. *-cco*, OHG. *stucchi*, crust], *m.*: stucco, fine plaster used to imitate marble. **-cateur**, *m.*: stucco-worker.

stu-dieusement¹¹, *adv.*: studiously. **†-dieux**¹¹, **-euse** [L. *-diosus*], *adj.*: studious.

†stupé-factif, **-ive**, *adj.*: stupefying. **-faction**¹⁴ [L. *-factio*], *f.*: =, consternation. **-fait**¹⁷ [L. *-factus*], *adj.*: stupefied, dumbfounded. **-fiant**¹⁶, *adj.*: stupefying; *m.*: stupefier, narcotic. **†-fier**¹⁸ [L. *-feri*], *tr.*: stupefy (deaden; dumbfound).

stu-peur¹⁸ [L. *-por*], *f.*: stupor; amazement. **†-pide**¹⁶ [L. *-pidus*], *adj.*: stupid (torpid; dull); *m.* or *f.*: stupid person. **-pidement**¹⁸, *adv.*: stupidly. **-pidité**¹⁸ [L. *-piditas*], *f.*: stupidity.

stuquer¹⁸ [*stuc*], *m.*: cover with stucco. **†stygmate**, etc., see *stigmat*, etc.

sty-le¹⁸ [L. *-lus*], *m.*: = (stylus, pointed bone or metal for writing; writing; manner of writing; way or manner of doing anything; fashion; tone; niceness; grace; pointer of a dial; prolonged end of a car-

pel or ovary); routine; order of business: — *de pratique*, law term, legal language; *les trois* —s, the simple, the moderate and the sublime; *vieux* —, old style (of reckoning time). 1-16, *adj.*: hav'g a long stylus. 2-16 [-ler], *past part.*: trained, skilled. †-ler¹³, *tr.*: (fam.) train. -le¹⁵ [It. *stiletto*], *m.*: =, pointed instrument; probe; stiletto, slender triangular dagger. -lisme¹⁵, *m.*: nicety, fastidiousness (in style). -liste, *m.*: stylist, fine writer (careful of style or language).

sty-lite¹⁷ [Gr. *stúllēs* (*stúlos*, column)], *m.*: = (recluse living on a pillar). -lo-bate¹⁵ [L. *-lobates*, Gr. *-lobátes*], *m.*: = (base for two or more pillars).

styp-tique¹³ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *-tikós*], *adj.*: styptic (causing contraction; astringent; *m.*: remedy for hemorrhage).

styrax¹² [L.], = *storax*.

su [savoir], *m.*: knowledge: *au — de tous*, as everybody knows.

suage¹⁵ [for *souage* (OFr. *seue*, rope)], *m.*: round moulding (as about base of a column).

suajre¹⁰ [L. *sudarium*, sweat cloth], *m.*: shroud. *suant*, *adj.*: sweating, sweaty: *chaleur —e*, heat for soldering.

†**sua-sion**¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =. †-soire¹⁵ [L. *-sorius*], *adj.*: persuasive; *f.*: persuasive speech. †**sua-ve**¹⁵ [L. *-via*, SWEET], *adj.*: = (pleasant, agreeable). -vement, *adv.*: sweetly. -vité [L. *-vitas*], *f.*: suavity, agreeableness.

sub . . . [L.], *prefix used in compounds*: =, under; secondary, weaker, smaller.

subalter-ne¹⁴ [L. *-nus*, alternus, alternate], *adj.*: subaltern (inferior; lower; dependent; *m. f.*: subordinate); *m.*: inferiority. -nement¹⁶, *adv.*: subalternly. -niser¹³, *tr.*: subordinate, put below. -nité¹⁶, *f.*: secondariness.

subdélé-gation¹⁶, *f.*: sub-delegation. -gué, *m.*: sub-delegate, appointee, agent. -guer¹⁰ [sub, déléguer], *tr.*: sub-delegate, appoint.

subdivi-ger¹³ [L. *subdividere*], *tr.*: subdivide. -sion¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =, division of a part.

subéreux¹⁷, = *ense* [L. *suber*, cork oak], *adj.*: suberous, cork-like.

†**sub-hastation**¹³ [L. *-hastatio*], *f.*: =, auction sale. †-haster¹⁵ [L. *-hastare*], *tr.*: sell by auction.

subin-trant¹⁷ [L. *intrare*, ENTER], *adj.*: =: *fièvre —e*, fever having paroxysms in rapid succession.

subir¹⁶ [L. *-re*], *tr.*: undergo; submit to; suffer; pass; stand: — *la question*, be subjected to torture.

subi-t¹² [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: sudden. -te-

ment¹¹, *adv.*: suddenly. †-to [It., L.], *adv.*: (fam.) suddenly, at once.

sub-jacent [L. *-jacens*], *adj.*: =, lying below. †-jectif¹³ = *-ive* [L. *-jectivus*], *adj.*: subjective, of the subject; coloured by the ego; *m.*: subjective element: *idée subjective*, idea arising in the observer, idea from within; *voix subjective*, active voice; *cas —*, nominative case. -jectivement¹⁸, *adv.*: subjectively, from within. -jectiver, *tr.*: make or regard as subjective. -jectivité¹⁸, *f.*: subjectivity. -jonctif¹⁵ = *-ive* [L. *-junctivus* (sc. *modus*, mode)], *m.*: subjunctive mode, mode of the negative idea; *adj.*: of the subjunctive.

sub-jugué, = *éc*, *m. f.*: conquered person. †-juguer¹⁴ [L. *-jugare* (*jugum*, yoke)], *tr.*: subjugate, conquer. -jugeur, *m.*: victor.

sub-limation¹³ [L. *-limatio*, lifting up, deliverance], *f.*: =, separating out volatile elements of ores, etc., by heat in a chamber. -limatoire¹⁵, *m.*: sublimatory, vaulted chamber for subliming ores, etc. †-lime¹⁴ [L. *-limis*], *adj.*: = (lofty; noble; supreme; lying near the surface; *m.*: grandeur; extreme); (fam.) the best. -limé [-limer], *m.*: sublimate. -limement¹⁵, *adv.*: sublimely. -limer¹³ [L. *-limare*, lift], *tr.*: sublimate (volatilise by heat, then collect by cooling). -liser, *tr.*: make sublime, ennoble: *se —*, become sublime. -limité¹⁸ [L. *-limitas*], *f.*: sublimity, loftiness.

sub-lingual¹⁵ [L. *-lingua*, tongue], *adj.*: =. -lunaire¹⁵ [L. *luna*, moon], *adj.*: sublunar.

submer-gement, *m.*: submerging. †-ger¹³ [L. *-gere*], *tr.*: submerge; overwhelm; plunge under: *se —*, sink. -sion¹³ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: =; overflow.

subodo-rer¹⁶ [L. *-rari*], *tr.*: scent from afar; (fig.) suspect.

subor-dination¹⁶ [L. *-dinatio*], *f.*: = (obedience to rank or authority; arrangement in suborder; dependence; secondariness). -dinément, see *-donnement*. -donnant, *adj.*: subordinating. -donné, or = *éc*, *adj.* or *m. f.*: subordinate. -donnement¹⁵, *adv.*: in a minor way. †-donner¹⁵ [sub, ordonner], *tr.*: subordinate, make secondary or dependent: *se —*, submit to authority.

subor-nation¹³ [L. *-natio*], *f.*: or -nement¹⁵ [-ner], *m.*: subornation, causing to bear false witness. †-ner¹¹ [L. *-nare*], *tr.*: suborn, induce to commit crime. -neur¹⁴, = *ense*, *m. f.*: suborner; *adj.*: deceiving.

subré-charge¹⁷ [Sp. *sobre-cargo*], *m.*: supercargo (shipper's agent aboard ship).

-cot¹⁶ [Prov. *sobre*, over, Fr. *écot*, share], m.: (fam.) extra, unexpected charge.

subrep-tice¹² [L. *-ticius* (*rapere*, seize)], adj.: surreptitious (gotten through misrepresentation; done illegally). **-tice-ment**¹³, adv.: surreptitiously. **†-tion**¹⁶ [L. *-tio*, theft], f.: = (favour gained on false grounds; purloining).

subro-gateur, adj.: appointive. **-ga-tion**¹⁴ [L. *-gatio*], f.: surrogation, appointing of a substitute. **-gé, -ée**, m., f.: surrogate, second guardian. **-ger**¹³ [L. *-gare*], tr.: surrogate, appoint as substitute.

subsé-quemment¹² **-kam**, adv.: afterwards. **-quert**¹³ [L. *-quens*], adj.: =, later.

subsidi-de¹³ [L. *-dium*], m.: subsidy; special tax. **-diare**¹³ [L. *-diarius*], adj.: subsidiary, auxiliary; of minor importance. **-diarement**¹⁵ [*-diare*], adv.: as subsidiary.

sub-sistance¹³ [L. *-sistentia*], f.: subsistence; support; living; pl. supplies. **-sistant**¹⁶, adj.: subsisting; m.: extra soldier (waiting to join his own company). **||-sister**¹³ [L. *-sistere*], intr.: subsist (exist; live). **-stance**¹¹ [L. *-stantia*], f.: = (essence; material; nourishment; living, means of living); *un médicament administré en* —, a medicament given in its natural state; *en* —, in substance, in effect. **-stantialité**¹³ [L. *-stantialitas*], f.: substantiality. **-stantiel**¹², = **elle** [L. *-stantialis*], adj.: substantial (essential; material; nourishing). **-stantiellement**¹³ [*-stantiel*], adv.: substantially.

substan-tif¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], adj.: substantive (of nouns; m.: noun); *le verbe* —, the verb "to be." **-tifier**, see **-tifer**. **-tivement**¹⁶, adv.: substantively, like a noun. **-tiver**¹⁵, tr.: make into a noun, use as a noun.

substi-tuant, m.: substitute, soldier in another's place. **-tué**, m.: heir (by entail); stay-at-home (man who pays for a substitute). **-tuer**¹³ [L. *-tuere*], tr.: substitute; entail; appoint: *se* —, replace, take one's place. **-tut**¹³ [L. *-tutus*], m.: substitute. **-tution**¹² [L. *-tutio*], f.: =, the replacing of one person or thing by another.

sub-stratum [L.], m.: =, mind or material as the basis of phenomena. **-struction**¹³ [L. *-structio*], f.: substructure. **-terfuge**¹³ [L. *-terfugium*], m.: =, false excuse, evasion.

sub-til¹³ [L. *-tilis*, lit., woven fine], adj.: subtle (fine; thin; delicate, dainty; acute; shrewd; skilful; adroit; crafty, subtle); m.: subtle person; subtileness. **-tilement**¹¹, adv.: subtly. **†-tilisation**¹⁷

[*-tiliser*], f.: subtilisation, volatilisation by heat. **-tiliser**¹⁴, tr.: subtilise (refine; render ethereal); catch, cheat; (*pop.*) steal deftly; intr.: make fine arguments: *se* —, become finer or thinner; become shrewd. **-tiliseur**, m.: subtle writer or thinker. **-tilité**¹¹ [L. *-tilitas*], f.: subtility, subtlety.

subulé¹⁷ [L. *-la*, awe], adj.: subulate (as leaves); awl-shaped.

subur-bain¹³ [L. *-banus* (*urbs*, city)], adj.: suburban. **-bicaire**¹⁷ [L. *-bica-*], adj.: suburbicarian (situated near Rome; of the diocese of Rome).

sub-venir¹³ [L. *-venire*], irr. (cf. *venir*); intr.: come to one's relief; meet the expenses; attend to things. **||-vention**¹³ [L. *-ventio*], f.: = (aid; subsidy; relief funds). **-ventionner**¹⁴, tr.: subvention, subsidise.

subver-sif¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-sum* (*vertere*, turn)], adj.: subversive. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], f.: =, overthrow, ruin. **†-tir**¹³ [L. *-tere*], tr.: subvert (overthrow; ruin morally; betray). **†-tissement**¹⁵, m.: overthrow.

suc¹⁶ [L. *succus*], m.: juice (sap; secretion, liquid of the body); essence.

suc-cédané¹⁶ [L. *-cedaneus*, following], adj.: succedaneous, useful as a substitute; m.: succedaneum, medicine fit to be used in place of another. **-céder**¹³ [L. *-cedere*], intr.: succeed (come under; come after, follow; succeed; replace; be an heir; be favourable); happen: *se* —, come one after another. **-cès**¹⁵ [L. *-cessus*], m.: success (outcome; good result): *rien ne réussit comme le* —, nothing succeeds like success. **-cessour**¹¹ [L. *-cessor*], m.: successor, follower.

succes-sibilité¹⁷, f.: right of succession (to the throne). **-sible**¹⁷ [L. *-sum*], adj.: succeeding or inheriting by right; heritable; m.: successor (by right or in prospect). **-sif**¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-sivus*], adj.: successive; of succession. **-sion**¹² [L. *-sio*], f.: = (series of persons or things; sequence; line of descent; order of heirship; inheritance): *par — de temps*, in course of time; *receuillir une* —, inherit some property. **-sivement**¹³, adv.: successively, in succession. **-soral**¹³ [*-neur*], adj.: hereditary, of inheritance or succession.

succin¹⁶ [L. *-ceinum*], m.: succinite (amber; amber-coloured garnet).

suc-cinct¹⁶ or **-cinct** [L. *-tus*, girded up], adj.: =, short and exact, compact. **-cinctement**¹⁵, adv.: succinctly, tersely.

succinique [ak. to *succin*], adj.: succinic, of, or in amber.

succion¹³ [L. *sugere*, suck], f.: suction.

suc-comber¹³ [L. -cumbere, lie down], intr.: succumb; be overwhelmed; give way; yield; perish; die.

succotrin [isle *Socotora*], m.: kind of aloes.

succube¹³ [L. -ba], m.: succubus or succuba (female demon of the night); cf. incubus.

succu-lament¹⁷ -lam-, adv.: succulently. **||-lent**¹⁷ [L. -lentus], adj.: = (juicy; nutritious).

succur-sale¹⁶ [L. -sus, help], adj.: succursal, ancillary; f.: chapel of ease, branch church; branch business or house. **-saliste**¹⁸, m.: curate (of a succursal chapel).

succu-sion [L. -sio], f.: = (shaking; sounding for pleurisy effusion).

su-cement¹³, m.: sucking. **||-cer**⁹ [p. L. *suctiare, L. *sugere*], tr.: suck (drink by sucking; draw up by suction; drain).

-ceur¹⁵, m.: sucker. **-coir**¹⁷, m.: sucker (disk by which a parasite holds on). **-con**¹⁶, m.: spot (left fr. sucking; suck-kiss; sugar-teat. **-coter**¹⁵, tr.: (fam.) keep sucking.

su-cro¹¹ [L. *saccharum* (Ar. *sukkar*)], m.: SUGAR: — *brut*, crude sugar; — *pilé*, pulverised sugar; — *en pain*, loaf sugar; un *apothicaire sans* —, a man who lacks the essentials of his profession; à mi—, half of sugar. **-cré**¹⁴ [-*erer*], adj.: sugared; sugar-coated; affected; prudish. **-crer**¹⁴, tr.: sugar; sweeten: (fam.) *se* —, sweeten one's coffee, etc. **-crerie**¹⁵, f.: sugar-works; sugar-refinery; sweetmeats, sugar-plums, etc. 1. **-crier**¹⁶, m.: sugar-bowl. 2. **-crier**¹⁵, = *ère*, adj.: sugar, of sugar; m.: sugar manufacturer or workman. 2. **-crière**, f.: sugar-bowl (pear-shaped faience). **-crin**¹⁵, adj. m.: sugar (melon).

sud¹¹ [Ger. *süd*], m. or adj.: south: *L'Amérique du Sud*, South America; *latitude* —, south latitude; *le* —, the south wind.

suda-tion¹⁸ [L. -tio], f.: =, SWEATING. **-toire** or **-torium** [L.], m.: sweating-bath, hot-air room (of ancient thermæ or baths).

sud-est¹⁴, pron. by sailors *su-è*, m. or adj.: south-east.

sudori-fère¹⁷ [L. *sudor*, SWEAT, *ferre*, BEAR], adj.: sudoriferous, sweat-producing. **-fiq**¹⁵ [L. *facere*, make], adj. or m.: sudorific. **-pare**¹⁸ [L. *parere*, beget], adj.: sweat-secreting (as glands).

sud-ouest¹⁴ -*west*, pron. by sailors *sur-ue*, m. or adj.: south-west.

sueé¹⁵, f.: rapid exercise, sweat (for horses); (fig.) fright, sudden distress. **||suer**⁹ [L. *sudare*], intr. or tr.: SWEAT; toil; fret, worry; tire: — *d'ahan*, sweat

fr. great exertion; to toil and moil; *faire une affaire*, make lots of money out of a thing; *il fait* —, he bores one to death; — *la peur*, evince extreme fear; — *l'ennui*, be very tiresome; — *l'orgueil*, be very proud; — *sang et eau*, make extraordinary exertions. **suerie**¹⁴, f.: (fam.) sweat, excitement, (see *sue*). **suette**¹⁵, f.: sweating-sickness. **sueur**⁹ [L. *sudor*], f.: SWEAT; exertion, toil: — *rentrée*, suppressed perspiration.

suffètes¹⁶ [L. (fr. Carthaginian) *suffetes*, judges], m. pl.: Suffetes, chief magistrates of Carthage.

suffi-re⁹ [p. L. **sufficere*, L. *ficere*, put under or among], irr. §; intr.: SUFFICE; be ample, be enough: *se* —, be self-sufficient; (*cela*) *suffit*, (that's) enough. **-sament**¹², adv.: sufficiently. **-sance**¹¹, f.: sufficiency; plenty; capacity; ability; self-sufficiency, presumptiveness; vanity: un *air de* —, a self-conceited manner; à or en —, enough. **-sant**¹¹, adj.: sufficient (satisfactory; able; ample); m., f.: self-satisfied person: *une rime* — *e*, a perfect rhyme (e.g. *poir* and *saphir*); *faire le* —, give one's self airs.

§ Ind.: Pr. *suffis*. Ipt. *suffisais*. Pret. *suffis*. Fut. (Cond.) *suffirais*. — Subj.: Pr. *suffise*. Ipt. *suffisise*. — l've *suffis*. — Part.: Pr. *suffisant*; P. *suffis*.

suffixe¹⁵ [L. -xus], m.: (gram.) suffix. **suffo-cant**¹⁵, adj.: suffocating, stifling, smothering. **-cation**¹⁸ [L. -catio], f.: =, asphyxiation. **-quant**, part.: = *-cant*. **||-quer**¹³ [L. -care, choke (sub), under, faux, throat], tr. or intr.: suffocate (stifle; strangle, smother): *cela suffoque*, that is enough to make one mad; — *de colère*, be bursting with anger; (fam.) *il va* —, he is just dying to talk.

suf-fragant¹² [L. -gans], adj.: suffragan (assistant, auxiliary; m.: bishop as related to his archbishop, auxiliary bishop); supply preacher; elector, voter. **-frage**¹² [L. -gium], m.: = (vote; approval; right to vote); short prayer in the litany: *menus* — *s*, matters of little consequence. **suffumigation**¹⁵ [L. -tio], f.: =, burning of fumes or vapours.

suffusion¹⁵ [L. -sio], f.: = (spreading of bile or humour, as in blushing, or as in bloodshot eyes).

sug-gérer¹⁴ [L. -gerere (sub, under, gerere, bear)], tr.: suggest (intimate; bring to mind; hint); prompt; influence. **-gestif**¹⁵, = *ive* [Eng. -*gestive*], adj.: suggestive. **-gestion**¹¹ [L. -gestio], f.: =, hint; advice.

sugillation¹⁵ [L. -tio], f.: =, livid spot or spots; black-and-blue spot.

1. **sui-ci-de**¹⁷ [L. *sui*, self, *cad-*, kill], m.: =, self-murder. 2. **-de**¹⁷, m. and f.: =,

self-murderer. **-der**¹⁸, *reflex.*: commit suicide: un **suicide**, a self-murderer.

suie [? OEng. *sotig*], *f.*: soot.

s-uif⁹ [L. *sēbum*], *m.*: suet, fat, tallow; coat of pitch; (*pop.*) scolding: — *en branche*, raw fat; *pain de —*, lump of suet (after melting). **-uifer**¹⁴, *tr.*: cover with tallow; pay, paint (a ship). **-uif-four**, *=euse*, *adj.*: sebaceous, fatty.

sui generis [L. 'of its own genus'], *invar. adj.*: =, peculiar, special.

sui-n-t¹⁴ [L. *sucidus*, juicy], *m.*: =, natural grease (of unwashed wool). **-te-ment**¹⁷, *m.*: discharge, oozing (of a sore, etc.). **-ter**¹⁵, *intr.*: ooze; leak.

suis-se¹⁷, *-sesse* [proper name of a nation], *m., f.*: Swiss; *m.*: door-keeper, porter; beadle of a church; white Swiss-cheese; kind of fish; *adj.*: Swiss; *faire —*, drink by one's self; *point d'argent*, *point de Suisse*, nothing for nothing, nothing without money (the Swiss formerly supplied France and other countries with mercenaries).

sui-te⁹ [p. L. **sequita*, followed (L. *sequi*, follow)], *f.*: = (suit, set; list; series; following; pursuit; tracking by scent, etc.; retinue, followers); continuation; succession; sequence; consequence, result; duration; progression of numbers; perseverance; *pl.*: testicles of wild boar; *droit de —*, right to pursue (and bring back a runaway vassal); *trois passèrent et on ferma la porte à toute la —*, three passed and all the rest were shut out; *vin de —*, wine for the servants; *d la —* or *par la —*, afterwards; *être de —*, be uniform; *de —*, in succession; *tout de —*, at once, immediately; *tout d'une —*, all at one stretch; *par —*, consequently, in consequence; — *de couches*, recovery fr. child-bed; *écrire avec —*, write logically; *être à la — de*, follow; *esprit de —*, attentive mind; *esprit à la —*, person willing to take second place. **-té**¹⁵, *adj.*: attended, followed: *jument suivie*, mare with a colt.

1.sui-vent, *prep.*: along; according to: — *que*, according as. **2.-vant**¹², *=ante* [*-ve*], *adj.*: following; succeeding; later; *m., f.*: follower; servant; *f.*: maid; soubrette; kitchen girl; *m.*: unweaned pig, fawn, colt, etc.: *les — d'Apollon*, the poets, the literary men.

†suiver = *suifver*.

suivre⁹ [p. L. **sequere*, L. *sequi*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: follow (come after; attend; pursue; continue; watch; attend to; obey); *intr.*: follow; result; proceed: *se —*, succeed each other; be consistent; be logical; *un prédicateur très suivi*, a popular preacher; *des observations suivies*, con-

nected observations; *vers suivis*, verses having the same metre; — *de l'œil*, observe attentively; — *un malade ou une malade*, have charge of a case of sickness.

§ Ind.: *Pr. je suis. Ipt. suisais. Pret. suis. Fut. (Cond.) suivrais.* — Subj.: *Pr. suive. Ipt. suivisse.* — I've *suis*. — Part.: *Pr. suivant; P. suivi.*

su-jet¹¹, *=ette* [L. *-jectus*, thrown or placed under], *adj.*: subject (under some power or authority or law; exposed; liable); slavish; confined; *m.*: subject (theme; object; cause; nominative; citizen; person or thing under consideration; body for dissection); — *à caution*, not to be trusted; *mauvais —*, bad character; *avoir — de se plaindre*, have grounds for complaint. **-jé-tion**¹¹ [L. *-jectio*], *f.*: subjection; confinement; slavishness.

sul-fate¹⁷, *m.*: sulphate, salt of sulphuric acid. **-fater**, *tr.*: sulphate (harden wood with a sulphate bath). **-hydrate**¹⁸ [L. *-fur*, sulphur, Gr. *hídor*, water], *m.*: sulphohydrate. **-fite**¹⁷, *m.*: sulphite, salt of sulphurous acid. **-furation**, *f.*: sulphuration, combining sulphur with another body. **||-fure**¹⁷ [L. *-fur*], *m.*: sulphide. **†-furé** [L. *sulfur-*], *adj.*: sulphurate. **-fureux**¹², *=euse* [L. *-furosus*], *adj.*: sulphurous. **-furique**¹⁵ [L. *-fur*], *adj.*: sulphuric (of sulphur in higher valence).

sulla¹⁵ [Ar.], *m.*: kind of sainfoin (clover-like herb).

sul-tan¹⁵ [Ar.], *m.*: = (ruler of the Turks); any prince like a sultan; (*fam.*) tyrant; scent-bag or basket. **-tanat**, *m.*: sultanate, authority or rule of a sultan. **-tane**¹⁵, *f.*: sultana, kinawoman of the sultan (wife, mother, etc.); kind of dress; Turkish man-of-war. **-tanin**¹⁵, *m.*: = (Turkish coin worth \$2.50).

sumac¹² [Ar. *sommeq*], *m.*: sumac (the shrub; its powdered leaves for dyeing and tanning).

sun-nite [Ar. *-nyy*, *-na*, tradition], *m.*: orthodox Mohammedan.

1.super¹⁴ [for *souper*; cf. OEng. *sipan*], *tr.*: suck (as a ship's pump when there is no water); *intr.*: be clogged up.

2.super [L. 'over'], *prefix*: =.

1.super-be¹¹ [L. *-bus*], *adj.*: proud, superb; noble; magnificent; *m.*: proud man: *le muscle —*, the muscle that lifts the eyebrow; (*fam.*) *vous êtes —*, you have queer ideas. **2.-be**¹¹ [L. *-bia*], *f.*: pride, arrogance. **-bement**¹⁵, *adv.*: proudly.

super-cherie¹⁵ [It. *supercheria* (L. *super*)], *f.*: clever trickery. **-fétation**¹⁵ [L. *-fetare* (*fetus*, unborn young)], *f.*:

superfétation, conception by female already pregnant; redundancy, superfluity. **-fície**¹¹ [L. *-ficies*], *f.*: surface, superficialities; shallowness. **-ficiel**¹², = **-elle** [L. *-ficialis*], *adj.*: superficial, shallow. **-ficiellement**¹³ [*-ficiel*], *adv.*: superficially. **-fin**¹⁷ [*super-, fin*], *adj.*: superfine, very fine. **-flu**¹² [L. *-fluus*], *adj.*: superfluous, useless, serving no purpose; *m.*: over-abundance. **-fluité**¹¹ [L. *-fluitas*], *f.*: superfluity; luxury.

supé-rieur¹¹, = **-eure** [L. *-rior*, higher], *adj.* or *m., f.*: superior. **-rieurement**¹², *adv.*: in a better manner, or way; extremely well. **-riorité**¹⁴ [L. *-rioritas*, height], *f.*: superiority.

supér-la-tif¹², = **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: superlative, *fam.* excellent; *m.*: adjective in the superlative degree. **-tivement**¹², *adv.*: superlatively, extremely.

supernaturalisme = *supranaturalisme*.

supernuméraire = *surnuméraire*.

superpo-ser¹² [*super-, poser*], *tr.*: superpose. **-sition**¹⁷ [*position*], *f.*: =, laying of one thing over another; position over each other.

super-purgation¹² [*super-, purgation*], *f.*: =, overpurgating. **-séder**, see *-seoir*.

supersti-tiement¹², *adv.*: superstitiously; over-scrupulously. **-tieur**¹², = **-euse** [L. *-tiosus*], *adj.*: superstitious; *m., f.*: superstitious person, one who believes too much. **-tien**¹² [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, unwarranted belief; over-religiousness; over-scrupulousness.

superstruc-tion or **-ture** [L. *super*, over, *structio*, building], *f.*: =, building or structure above the foundation.

su-pin¹² [L. *-pinum*], *m.*: supine (Latin verbal noun in -um or -u). **-pinateur**¹² [L. *-pinare*, lie flat], *m.*: supinator, muscle that turns the hand over. **-pination**¹² [L. *-pinatio*], *f.*: = (turning the hand over, palm upward; lying flat on one's back).

supplan-tateur¹² [L. *-tator*], *m., f.*: supplanter. **-tation** [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: supplanting. **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: supplant, displace: *se* —, work against each other. **-teur**¹², *m.*: supplanter.

sup-pléance¹², *f.*: supplying, filling a place as substitute. **-pléant**¹², = **-ante**, *m., f.*: supplier, substitute; *adj.*: supplying. **-pléer**¹² [L. *-plere*], *tr.*: SUPPLY, replace, fill, make up for; *intr.*: make up, fill a place. **-plément**¹² [L. *-plementum*], *m.*: supplement (anything that fills out; addition); extra; supernumerary: *rendre un* —, exchange a theatre-ticket for one more expensive, paying the difference. **-plémentaire**¹², *adj.*: sup-

plementary; additional; extra. **-plé-tif**¹², = **-ive** [L. *-pletivus*], *adj.*: suppletory, making more complete.

sup-pliant¹², = **-ante**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: suppliant. **-plication**¹² [L. *-plicatio*], *f.*: =, urgent humble prayer; remonstrance (to the king). **-plier**¹² [L. *-plicium*, bending the knees; humility], *m.*: punishment; torment; mental anguish; (*poet.*) torturer, person through whom one suffers: (*fam.*) *être au* —, be in torture; *dernier* —, death. **-plier**¹², = **-é** [*-plier*], *m., f.*: executed criminal. **-plier**¹², *tr.*: punish with death, execute. **-plier**¹² [L. *-plicare*], *tr.*: supplicate, beseech; implore. **-plique**¹² [*lit. -plica*], *f.*: request, prayer.

suppor-t¹², *m.*: = (pillar; base; point of bearing; assistance; means); (*her.*) supporter. **-table**¹², *adj.*: = (what one can bear; excusable; tolerable). **-tablement**¹² [*-table*], *adv.*: tolerably. **-tant**, *adj.*: (*her.*) supporting. **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: support (hold up; bear; buoy up; sustain; endure; stand; assist; keep up): *se* —, to be forbearing towards each other, be supported.

suppo-sable¹², *adj.*: =. **-sé**, *part.*: supposed; assumed; counterfeit: *cela* —, on that supposition; — *que*, if, in case that; *un nom* —, an assumed name. **-ser**¹² [L. *sub*, under, Fr. *poser*], *tr.*: suppose; assume; conjecture; allege; presuppose: *se* —, to imagine. **-sition**¹² [L. *-sitiō*], *f.*: = (assumption; conjecture); substitution; counterfeit; false hypothesis. **-sitaire**¹² [L. *-sitorius*, placed beneath], *m.*: suppository, medicated tampon or plug. 1. **suppôt**¹² [L. *-situs*, subject to], *m.*: agent; tool; cat's-paw; minion. 2. **suppôt**¹² [L. *-situs*, placed under], *m.*: basis, support.

sup-pression¹² [L. *-pressio*], *f.*: =, repression; restraint; omission; suspension, failure of a discharge. **-primer**¹² [L. *-primere*], *tr.*: suppress; put down; end; repress; hold or keep back; conceal; arrest; abolish; annul, destroy. **suppu-rant**, *adj.*: suppurating. **-ratif**¹², = **-ive**, *adj.*: suppurative (of a discharge); *m.*: remedy for suppuration. **-ration**¹² [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =, festering, formation or discharge of pus. **-rer**¹² [L. *-rare* (*pus*, matter of sores)], *intr.*: fester, suppurate, form pus.

suppa-tation¹² [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =, reckoning. **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: compute; reckon.

supra-mondain¹² [L. *supra*, above, Fr. *monde*], *adj.*: supramundane, of the ideal world. **-naturalisme**, *m.*: supernaturalism, theory of a Supreme Being in

control of nature. **-naturaliste**, *m.*: supernaturalist. **-sensible**¹⁵ [*L. supra*, *Fr. sens*], *adj.*: beyond the senses, spiritual.

suprématie¹⁶ [*fr. Eng.*], *f.*: supremacy; superiority; oath of supremacy. **||suprême**¹⁵ [*L. supremus*, highest], *adj.*: supreme (above all; divine; last): *au — degré*, extremely; *m.*: tidbits (of fowl) with gravy. **suprêmement**¹⁶, *adv.*: supremely.

1.sur^o [*L. super*, OVER], *prep.*: on; over; above; after, in consequence of; about; concerning: *porter une chose — soi*, to carry a thing in one's pocket; or to wear; (*pop.*) *le clef est — la porte*, the key is in the door; *être — la sonde*, or *le fond*, to be in fathomable water; *donner — la rue*, to overlook the street; *mettre —*, to put to; — *mes pas*, in my footsteps, or after me; *revenir — ses pas*, to come back; *deux beaux jours — huit*, two good days out of eight; *tant de haut — tant de long*, so high by so long; *être —*, be all taken up with; *il est — sa bouche*, he thinks of nothing but eating; *prendre — sa dépense*, deduct fr. one's expenses; *le progrès — l'antiquité est grand*, there has been great advance made over antiquity; *faire des paroles — un air*, put words to a tune; — *ce*, finally then (formula closing an official letter); *persécuter le père — le fils*, persecute the father in the son; — *les cinq heures*, towards five o'clock; — *dix ans*, almost ten years; — *le tout*, especially, above all.

2.sur [*Ger. sauer*], *adj.*: sour.

sûr^o [*Ofr. sûr* (*L. securus*)], *adj.*: sure (safe; secure; certain; reliable, skilful; confident): *lieu —*, place of safety; prison; *avoir jeu —*, be sure of winning; *jouer à jeu —*, be sure of success; *le plus —*, the safest plan; *pour —*, certainly; *à coup —*, without fail.

sura, *m.*, see *surate*.

surabon-damment¹⁵, *adv.*: superabundantly. **-dance**¹⁵, *f.*: superabundance, excess. **-dant**¹¹, **-ante**, *adj.*: superabundant, excessive; *m.*: superabundance, superfluity. **||-der**¹¹ [*1.sur*, abonder], *intr.*: superabound, be excessive or overplentiful.

sura-chat¹⁵, *m.*: purchase of coin (for exporting or melting). **†-eheter**¹² [*sur*, acheter], *tr.*: buy too dear; overpay for.

suractivité [*1.sur*, activité], *f.*: overactivity, morbidly strong action.

suraigu¹⁷, **-uë** [*1.sur*, aigu], *adj.*: very high (of singing, etc.).

surajouter [*1.sur*, ajouter], *tr.*: superadd.

sur-aller¹¹, *intr.*: outgo, cross a trail

(as hounds) without noticing it, without giving tongue. **-andouiller**¹³, *m.*: brow antler, brow time (big time).

suran-nation¹⁶, *f.*: expiration: *lettres de —*, letters (of credit) given in lieu of others that have expired. **†-ner**¹⁶ [*1.sur*, an], *intr.*: be worthless by the time-limit, be outlawed by statute of limitation: **-né**, expired; obsolete; superannuated.

†sur-arbitre [*1.sur*], *m.*: referee (who decides between umpires).

surard¹⁶ [root of *-reau*] for older **surat**, *m. adj.*: (vinaigre) —, vinegar flavoured with elder.

surate [*Ar. -t*], *f.*: sura, chapter of the Koran.

surbais-sé, *adj.*: surbased, flattened or depressed. **-sement**¹⁷, *m.*: surbase-ment. **||-ser**¹⁶, *tr.*: surbase, depress, flatten, build wider than the height.

surbande¹⁶ [*1.sur*, bande], *f.*: band over a band; second bandage.

surbouche¹⁵ [*1.sur*, boucher], *tr.*: tin, cap (a cork or stopper).

sur-cens¹² [*1.sur*, cens], *m.*: (feud.) extra or lord's rent. **-charge**¹⁵ [charge], *f.*: —, overload; overweight baggage; extra amount; extra word (written over another word). **-charger**¹¹ [*1.sur*, charger], *tr.*: overload; write over. **-chauffer**¹⁶ [chauffer], *tr.*: overheat, mistemper. **-chauffure**¹⁶, *f.*: overheating flaw (in iron or steel). **-choix**, *m.*: extra choice (merchandise of highest grade). **-composé**¹⁷, *adj.* or *m.*: double compound (in grammar, chemistry, botany, etc.), as: *j'aurais eu fait*.

-composition, *f.*: double composition. **-coupe**¹⁵, *f.*: overtrumping. **-couper**¹⁵ [couper], *tr.*: trump higher, or over. **-croissance**, *f.*: excessive growth (cf. *†Eng. SURCREASE*). **-croître**¹² [-croître], *m.*: increase, addition (cf. *†Eng. SURCREW*): *pour — de malheur*, to make matters worse; *de —*, to boot, besides. **-croître**, *irr.* (cf. *croître*); *†intr.*: grow too much, grow rank; *tr.*: increase, augment. **-cuisson** [cuisson], *f.*: reheating (at high temperature). **-cuit** [cuit], *adj.*: *hav'y* been reheated, tempered. **-dent**¹¹ [dem.], *f.*: irregular tooth; tusk; wolf's-tooth (of horses).

surdité¹⁵ [*L. -tas*], *f.*: deafness.

surdon¹⁵ [*1.sur*, don], *m.*: forfeit (in favour of the buyer).

sur-dorer¹⁵ [*sur*, dorer], *tr.*: doublegild. **-dorure**, *f.*: double-gilding. **-dos**¹⁵ [-dos], *m.*: back band (of harness).

sureau^o [*Ofr. seü(rel)*, *L. sa(m)bucus*], *m.*: elder (the bush).

surécot, see *subécot*.

surégaler¹⁸ [*sur, égaler*], *tr.*: sift (powder). **-soir**¹⁸, *m.*: sieve.

surélévation¹⁸, *f.*: increased height (of buildings; of prices). **-ver**¹⁸, *tr.*: increase the height of; raise.

surrelle¹¹ [*2.sur, sour*], *f.*: sheep sorrel (sourish plant).

sûrement¹⁰, *adv.*: surely; safely; certainly.

sur-éminent¹⁶ [*sur, éminent*], *adj.*: pre-eminent. **-émission**, *f.*: over-issue (of paper-money, etc.). **-enchère**¹⁶, *f.*: higher bid. **-enchérir**¹⁶, *intr.*: bid higher. **-enchérissement**, *m.*: overbid. **-enchérisseur**¹⁶, *m.*: higher bidder, raiser (of a bid or price). **-enveloppe**¹⁷ [*enveloppe*], *f.*: outer cover, second cover or envelope.

surrogation¹⁶ [*L. super-erogare*, pay extra], *f.*: supererogation, more than is called for. **-toire**¹⁶, *adj.*: supererogatory, superfluous. **-toirement**, *adv.*: superfluously.

surestimation¹⁸, *f.*: over-estimation. **-mer**¹⁶ [*1.sur, estimer*], *tr.*: over-estimate.

suret¹⁷, **-ette** [*2.sur, sour*], *adj.*: sourish, somewhat sour.

sûreté⁶ [*L. securitas*], *f.*: surety; safety; security; certainty; reliability; steadiness; confidence: *en — de*, safe from; *en — de conscience*, with clear conscience; *la méfiance est la mère de —*, he who hates suretyship is sure.

surévaluation, *f.*: overvaluation. **-luer** [*1.sur, évaluer*], *tr.*: overvalue.

surexcitation¹⁸, *f.*: over-excitement. **-ter**¹⁸ [*1.sur, exciter*], *tr.*: over-excite.

sur-face¹⁶ [*1.sur, face*], *f.*: = (exterior, outside; exposed part). **-faire**¹¹ [*faire*], *tr.*: hold too high (ask too much for; esteem too highly; praise too much).

-faïr¹⁸ [*faiz*], *m.*: surcingle; band. **-fin**¹⁸ [*fîn*], *adj.*: superfine. **-force** [*force*], *f.*: extra strength. **-fusion**¹⁸ [*fusion*], *f.*: su(p)erfusion.

surge¹⁶ [*Prov. surje fr. ?*], *f.*: unwashed wool.

surgeon¹² [*L. gere, rise*], *m.*: shoot, sucker; †descendant. **-gir**¹⁸ [*L. gere*], *intr.*: rise; heave into sight; arrive; reach port; anchor; land.

surhaussement¹⁶, *m.*: raising. **-ser**¹¹ [*sur, hausser*], *tr.*: raise, put up (prices, buildings); set an exorbitant price on.

surhumain¹⁶ [*sur, humain*], *adj.*: superhuman. **-imposer** [*imposer*], *tr.*: overtax, overcharge. **-imposition**, *f.*: over-taxation.

surintendance¹⁴ [*sur, intendance*], *f.*: superintendence. **-dant**¹⁶, *m.*: superintendent; chief of finance. **-dante**, *f.*:

superintendent's wife; chief lady-in-waiting; lady superintendent.

surir¹⁸ [*2.sur, sour*], *intr.*: SOUR, turn sour.

sur-jaler¹⁶ or **-jauler** [*1.sur, over, jas* or *j(ou)a(i)l*], *tr., intr.*: get foul of the anchor; *tr.*: raise (the anchor to clear).

surje-t¹², *m.*: whipped seam; whip-stitch, over-cast stitch. **-ter**¹² [*1.sur, jeter*], *tr.*: whipstitch, overcast.

surlangue¹⁸ [*1.sur, langue*], *f.*: glossitis, inflammation of the tongue (of horses, etc.).

sur-lendemain¹⁶ [*1.sur, lendemain*], *m.*: third day (after a given time). **-lier**¹⁶ [*lier*], *tr.*: whip, wrap (the end of a rope so it will not fray out). **-longe**¹⁷ [*longe*], *f.*: sirloin. **-marcher**¹¹ [*marcher*], *tr.*: march after; *intr.*: double (on its track, as the deer). **-menage**¹⁸ [*menage*], *m.*: over-driving. **-mener**¹¹ [*mener*], *tr.*: overdrive; jade. **-mesure** [*mesure*], *f.*: overmeasure.

surmon-table¹⁶, *adj.*: surmountable. **-tement**, *m.*: surmounting. **-ter**¹¹ [*1.sur, monter*], *tr.*: surmount, climb upon or over; rise above; be above; conquer; excel, surpass: *se —*, control one's self; (*her.*) *pièce-lée*, piece hav'g another just above it.

sur-moulage¹⁷ [*1.sur, moulage*], *m.*: moulding taken fr. a cast. **-moule** [*moule*], *m.*: mould (made fr. plaster cast). **-mouler**¹⁷ [*mouler*], *tr.*: mould (fr. plaster cast); *m.*: casting (made fr. a cast). **-moût**¹⁸ [*moût*], *m.*: first runnings (of grape juice before pressing begins). **-mulet**¹⁸ [*mulet*], *m.*: surmullet (striped sea-fish). **-mulot** [*mulot*], *m.*: brown rat, Norway rat. **-nageant** [*nager*], *adj.*: floating. **-nager**¹⁸ [*nager*], *intr.*: float, come to the surface; survive.

sur-naturalisme, *m.*: supernaturalism. **-rel**¹⁸, **-elle**, *adj.* or *m.*: supernatural. **-rellement**¹⁶, *adv.*: supernaturally.

surneiger¹⁶ [*1.sur, neiger*], *tr.*: snow over, cover with snow: (*voies*) *surneigées*, snowed under slot or track (of deer, etc.).

sur-nom¹¹ [*1.sur, nom*], *m.*: surname, nickname. **-nommer**¹¹, *tr.*: surname.

sur-numéraire¹⁶ [*L. supernumerarius*], *adj.* or *m.*: supernumerary. **-numériat**¹⁸, *m.*: service, time (as supernumerary).

suron, see *seron*.

suros¹² [*1.sur, os*], *m.*: splint (morbid growth of bone on legs of horses, etc.).

suroxydation¹⁷ [*sur, oxydation*], *f.*: peroxidising. **-de**¹⁸ [*oxyde*], *m.*: peroxide, suroxide. **-der**¹⁷, *tr.*: peroxidise.

-génation [*oxygénation*], *f.*: superoxy-generation, oxidising to highest degree. **-géné**, *adj.*: highly oxidised.

sur-passer¹⁰ [i. sur, passer], *tr.*: surpass (exceed; excel; go or be beyond); surprise (cf. vulg. Eng. "that beats me").
-payer¹⁵ *pay* [-payer], *f.*: over-paying; buying too dear. **-payer**¹⁶, *tr.*: buy too dear; over-pay (a person). **-peau**¹⁶ [peau], *f.*: epidermis, skin. **-plis**¹¹ [L. L. *superpellicium* (L. *super*, over, *pellis*, skin)], *m.*: surplice (priestly robe).
-plomb¹⁷ [plomber], *m.*: leaning (of towers, buildings, etc.). **-plombement** [-plomber], *m.*: leaning; overhanging.
-plomber¹⁷ [plomb], *intr.*: lean (as a building); *tr.*: overhang. **-pleuvoir**¹⁶ [pleuvoir], *tr.*: wash away, rain over: (voies) *surplues*, washed-out trail or slot (of deer, etc.). **-plus**¹¹ [sur, plus], *m.*: =, quantity in excess; proceeds: *au* —, as to the rest. **-poids**¹⁵ [poids], *m.*: over-weight.

sur-prenant¹¹, *adj.*: surprising, astonishing, remarkable. **-prendre**¹¹ [sur, prendre], *irr.*: *tr.*: SURPRISE (come upon suddenly; attack unexpectedly; catch, take unawares; astonish; get by fraud; capture; deceive; find out by chance or by a trick): *le feu a surpris cette viande*, this meat has cooked too much. **-prise**¹², *f.*: = (unexpected event; sudden attack; astonishment; present, unexpected pleasure); deception.

sur-rénal¹⁵, *pl.* = *aux* [i. sur, rénal], *adj.*: suprarenal, above the kidneys. **-saut**¹¹ [saut], *m.*: start: *s'éveiller en* —, wake suddenly as from noise. **-sauter**¹⁶ [sauter], *intr.*: jump, start up. **-séance**¹⁴ [-seoir], *f.*: suspension: *lettres de* —, writs of injunction (to stop creditors). **-semer**¹¹ [semer], *tr.*: re-sow, sow in a field already sown. **-seoir**¹¹ [seoir], *irr.*: *tr.* or *intr.*: suspend, postpone, delay. **-sis**¹¹ [-seoir], *m.*: suspense, delay, (†Eng. *surcease*). **-solide** [solide], *m.*: sursolid (fifth power of a quantity; *adj.*: of the fifth degree). **-tare** [tare], *f.*: extra tare (extra allowance for waste). **-taux**¹⁵ [taux], *m.*: excessive taxes: *se plaindre en* —, seek rebate on one's taxes.
sur-taxe¹⁶ [i. sur, taxe], *f.*: surtax, extra tax. **-taxer**¹⁵ [taxer], *tr.*: surtax, over-tax.

i. sur-tout¹⁵ [i. sur, tout], *adv.*: especially; chiefly. **2. tout**¹⁵, *m.*: =, touter coat, toutercoat; epergne (ornamental pyramidal rack for a rich table); light cart; outer mould (in casting a bell); straw capping (for beehive).

survalleur [i. sur, valeur], *f.*: extra-value, premium.

sur-véou, see *-virre*.

surveillance¹⁷, *f.*: =, watching, attention given to a suspected person. **-lant**¹⁶,

-ante, *adj.*: watchful, VIGILANT; *m., f.*: surveillant, watcher, observer. **surveillance**¹¹ [i. sur, veille], *f.*: second day before. **-ler**¹⁶ [i. sur, veiller], *tr.*: watch (a suspect); observe closely; superintend.

survenance¹⁴ [-nir], *f.*: unexpected birth (of an heir after a judicial settlement, thus annulling division of property already made). **-nant**¹², **-ante** [-nir], *adj.*: supervening, supervenient; *m., f.*: newcomer, new arrival.

sur-vendre¹⁵ [i. sur, vendre], *tr.*: sell too dear. **-venir**¹¹ [venir], *irr.*: *intr.*: †supervene; come unexpectedly; arrive; happen, occur. **-vente**¹⁵ [-vendre], *f.*: too dear sale, overcharging. **-venter**¹⁷ [vent, wind], *intr.*: blow harder. **-venue**, *f.*: unexpected arrival. **-vêtir**¹⁵ [vêtir], *tr.*: overdress, dress too well. **-vider**¹⁵ [vider], *tr.*: empty somewhat, lighten (a vessel, measure, etc., that is too full).

-vie¹⁵ [vie], *f.*: survival: *table de* —, mortality tables; *gains de* —, benefits going to the survivor.

survi-vance¹⁵, *f.*: survival, immortality; reversion (of property or office). **-van-eier**¹⁶, **-ière**, *m., f.*: reversioner. **-vant**¹², **-ante**, *adj.*: surviving; *m., f.*: survivor. **survi-vre**¹⁰ [i. sur, vivre], *irr.*: *intr.* or *tr.*: survive: *se* —, live after death; *se* — *à lui-même*, lose one's powers before death; — *à son malheur*, recover from his misfortune; — *à son père*, outlive his father.

sus¹⁰ [L. *sū(r)sum*, upward], *adv.*: upon; above; *interj.*: up, up! come! on, on! — *mentionné*, above-mentioned; *en* —, besides, over and above; *en* — *de*, beyond; *courir* — *à*, attack; *en* —, besides.

suscep-tibilité¹⁷, *f.*: susceptibility (disposition to receive easily; liability to disease; sensitiveness; tenderness). **-tible**¹³ [L. *-ibilis* (*capere*, take)], *adj.*: = (impressible; tender; sensitive; touchy). **-tion**¹⁴ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: taking up, receiving, reception (of the cross).

susci-tateur [L. *-tator*], *m.*: disturber, resuscitator, awakener. **†-tation**¹¹ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: arousing, instigation. **-tement**, *m.*: stirring up. **-citer**¹¹ [L. *-citare*], *tr.*: awaken; arouse; raise up (as offspring to one's brother); stir up.

suscription [L. *superscriptio*], *f.*: superscription (address on envelope); formula ending a manuscript.

susdir, **-ite** [sus, dire], *adj.* or *m., f.*: aforesaid.

susdominante [sus, d.], *f.*: sixth note of a tone.

susénoncé, *adj.*: above-mentioned.

susnommé [sus, nommer], *adj.*: above-named.

sus-pect¹³, or **-pect**, **-ecte** [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: suspected; suspicious; *m.*: suspect.
-pecter¹⁴ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: suspect.
suspen-dre¹¹ [L. *-dere*], *irr.* (cf. *pen-dre*); *tr.*: suspend (support fr. above; lift up; hang up; hold back; make cease; delay; keep undecided; stop; prolong in music); *pont suspendu*, suspension bridge; *pas suspendus*, light footsteps; *le peuple était comme suspendu d'admiration*, the people were lost in admiration. **sus-pen-s**¹⁴ [L. *-sus*, hung up], *adj. m.*: suspended (not allowed to officiate in one's usual office): *en —*, in suspense, in doubt. **[suspen-se]**¹⁴ [-*dre*], *f.*: suspension (of a preacher, etc.); censure (announcing suspension). **-seur**¹⁵ [L. *-sor*, holder], *adj. m.*: suspensory (ligaments). **-sif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-sum*, hung], *adj.*: suspensive, hav'g the power to suspend or stop further operation. **-sion**¹¹ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (hang-ing fr. a support; floating; unsettled condition; temporary restraint fr. usual functions; cessation of payments; ceas-ing; hesitation; prolongation in music). **-soir(e)**¹³ [L. *-sio*], *m.*: suspensory (band, bandage).
suspicion¹¹ [L. *-cio*], *f.*: =.
susrelaté [*sus*, *relater*], *adj.*: above-related.
sus-seyement, *m.*: lisp. **ll-seyer** [?], *intr.*: lisp (cf. *szeyer*).
susten-tation¹³ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: = (sup-porting with food or medicines). **-ter**¹² [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: sustain, nourish, feed.
suttee -ti or suttie [Sansk. *sati*, good wife], *f.*: suttee (voluntary sacrifice of the widow in India on her husband's funeral pyre).
sutu-re¹⁵ [L. *-ra*], *f.*: = (stitching of a wound; joint; seam). **-rer**, *tr.*: suture, stitch (a wound).
suzerain¹³, **-aine** [*suz*], *adj.*: suzerain; feudally sovereign, superior; *m., f.*: suze-rain, feudal lord.
svel-te¹⁶ [It. *-to* (L. *ex*, out, *vellere*, pull)], *adj.*: svelt (easy, free, bold in art). **-tesse**¹⁵, *f.*: boldness, freeness.
sybari-te¹⁵ [L. *Sybarites*, Gr. *Subarites* (It. town *Sybaris*)], *m.*: Sybarite (volup-tuary, man of ease and luxury). **-tique**, *adj.*: Sybaritic, self-indulgent. **-tisme**¹⁵, *m.*: Sybaritism, luxuriousness.
syc-o-mo-re¹¹ [L. *-moros* (Gr. *-moros*)], *m.*: = (kind of figtree; in the U. S., buttonwood). **-phante**¹⁴ [L. *-phanta*, Gr. *sukophantes* (*sukos*, fig, *phanein*, show), fig-informer, spy on smugglers], *m.*: sycophant, rascal, backbiter.
syéni-te [Egyptian town *Syene*], *f.*: syenite, granite-like rock. **-tique**, *adj.*: syenitic.

sylla-baire¹⁷, *m.*: child's primer. **-ba-tion**, *f.*: syllabication, dividing into syl-lables. **ll-bo**¹¹ [L. *-ba*, Gr. *sullabé* (*sun*, with, *lambánein*, take)], *f.*: syllable.
-ber, *tr.*: syllabify. **-bique**¹⁷ [L. *-bi-cus*, Gr. *-bikós*], *adj.*: syllabic (making a syllable; of a syllable). **-biquement** [-*bique*], *adv.*: by syllables. **-bisation**, *f.*: syllabification. **-biser**, *tr.*: sylla-bise, divide into syllables. **-bus**¹⁵ [L. *m.*: =. **syllapse**¹⁵ [L. *syllapsis*, Gr. *súllep-sis*], *f.*: syllepsis (construction ac-cording to sense rather than syntax, e.g. *crowd of men is*; construing the adjective with only one of two numbers, or of two genders, etc.).
syll-o-gisme¹² [L. *-gismos*, Gr. *sullogis-mos*, reasoning], *m.*: syllogism, formula in logical reasoning. **-gistique**¹⁵ [L. *-gis-ticus*, Gr. *sullogistikós*], *adj.*: syllogistic.
symphe¹⁵, **-phide** [Gaul. *genius*], *m., f.*: sylph, airy creature, fairy.
syl-vain¹⁵ [L. forest god *Sylvanus* (*sylva*, woods)], *adj.*: sylvan, living in forests; *m.*: wood-dweller (woodcock; warblers; snapping-beetle; etc.). **-vestre**¹³ [L. *-vestris*], *adj.*: sylvan, wild. **-vicole** [L. *colere*, dwell], *adj.*: living in forests.
-vi-cul-teur [-*viculture*], *m.*: forest-tree grower. **-viculture**¹⁵ [L. *cultura*, cul-ture], *f.*: =, growing of forest trees. **-vie**, *f.*: sylvia (warbler).
symbo-le¹⁵ [L. *-lum*, Gr. *émbolon*], *m.*: symbol (understood sign; emblem; creed, epitome of faith; device on a coin); me-tonymy. **-lique**¹⁵ [L. *-licus*, Gr. *sumbo-likós*], *adj.*: symbolical; *f.*: symbolics (system of signs; treatise on signs). **-li-sation**, *f.*: =, presentation by signs.
-liser¹⁵ [L. *-lizare*], *intr.*, or *tr.*: symbolise. **-lisme**¹⁵, *m.*: symbolism.
symé-trie¹⁵ [L. *symmetria*, Gr. *sym-metria* (*metron*, measure)], *f.*: symmetry (harmonious proportion; beautiful form; regularity; proportional uniformity). **-trique**¹⁵, *adj.*: symmetrical. **-trique-ment**¹⁵ [-*trique*], *adv.*: symmetrically. **-triser**¹⁵, *tr.*: make symmetrical; *intr.*: agree, be uniform.
sympa-thie¹⁵ [L. *-thia*, Gr. *sumpátheia* (*sún*, with, *páthos*, suffering)], *f.*: sym-pathy (compassion; pity; accord; sym-pathism; influence; affinity): *poudre de —*, powder sprinkled over blood (and sup-posed to have good effect on wound); *encre de —*, sympathetic ink. **-thique**¹⁶, *adj.*: sympathetic; magnetic. **-thique-ment** [-*thique*], *adv.*: sympathetically. **-thisant** [-*thiser*], *adj.*: sympathising; kind. **-thiser**¹⁵, *intr.*: sympathise.
sympo-nie¹¹ [L. *-nia*, Gr. *sumphonia* (*sún*, with, *phoné*, sound)], *f.*: symphony

(blending esp. of musical sounds; sonata for orchestra; instrumental prelude, etc.).
-niste¹⁷, *m.*: symphonist, composer or player of symphonies.

symphyse¹⁵ [Gr. *súmphusis*, a growing together], *f.*: symphysis, union of two parts of the skeleton.

symp-tomatique¹⁵ [Gr. *sumptomatikós*], *adj.*: symptomatic. **-tôme**¹⁵ [Gr. *súptomata*], *m.*: symptom (indication of disease; sign).

synagogue¹⁰ [Gr. *synagagē*, assembly], *f.*: = (Jewish church or school): *enterrer la — avec honneur*, (old) be a Christian but still observe external Jewish practices; (now) put an end to the matter.

synalèphe¹⁴ [L. *-lapha*, Gr. *sunaloiphē*], *f.*: synalepha, contraction of two syllables into one (esp. by elision, e.g. *th' one*).

synallagmatique¹⁷ [fr. Gr., 'of business'], *adj.*: synallagmatic, mutually binding.

synanthère¹⁸ [Gr. *sún*, with, Fr. *anthère*], *adj.*: synantherous, hav'g stamens united by the anthers; *f. pl.*: synanthereae, i.e. compositae.

synarthrose¹⁵ [Gr. *sunárthrosis*], *f.*: synarthrosis, immovable union of bones.

syn-celle [Gr. *súgkellos* (*sún*, with, L. *cella*, cell), cell-mate], *m.*: overseer (officer in the old Greek Church who inspected the conduct of the patriarchs). **-chondrose**¹⁵ [Gr. *chondrós*, cartilage], *f.*: synchondrosis, firm union of bones by cartilage.

-chroné¹⁷ [Gr. *súnchronos* (*chrónos*, time)], *adj.*: synchronous, occurring at the same time. **-chronique**¹⁸, *adj.*: synchronic(al), of the same time.

-chronisme¹⁷ [Gr. *súnchronismós*], *m.*: synchronism, simultaneousness.

syn-chyse¹⁷ [Gr. *súgchysis*, a shaking together], *f.*: synchysis (fault of obscurity caused by unusual order of words).

-cope¹⁴ [L. *-copia* (Gr. *sugkopé*, a crushing together)], *f.*: = (elision of a letter or syllable; sudden faintness; rhythmic disturbance in music; beginning of a tone on an unaccented beat). **-coper**¹⁴ [Gr. *-coper*], *tr.* or *intr.*: syncope (cut short a word by a letter or syllable; conceal the true accent in music); *tr.*: (fam.) use up.

synchrétisme¹⁶ [Gr. *súgkretismós*], *m.*: syncretism (system attempting to unite different philosophies; eclecticism in medicine). **-tiste**, *m.*: syncretist.

syndérèse¹⁸ [Gr. *súntēresis*, examination], *f.*: remorse, compunction (of conscience).

syndi-c¹⁵ [L. *-cus*, Gr. *sún-dikos*], *m.*: = (agent, manager for capitalists; assignee; chief magistrate). **-cal**¹⁷, *adj.*: of a syndic. **-cat**¹⁴, *m.*: syndicate (union of

capitalists; office or functions of a syndic). **-quer**¹⁶ [Gr. *-cat*], *tr.*: combine, unite (into a syndicate); pool (interests).

synecdoché¹⁵, or **-doque** [L. (Gr. *sunekdochē*, a receiving together)], *f.*: = (figure of rhetoric by which a part stands for the whole, or one for many).

synérèse¹⁵ [L. *synaeresis*, Gr. *sunairesis*, a taking together], *f.*: syneresis (coalescence of two vowels or syllables, e.g. *e'er* for *ever*).

synévrose¹⁷ [Gr. *sunnedrosis*], *f.*: synneurosis, union of bones by ligaments.

syngénésie [Gr. *sún*, with, *gènesis*, beginning], *f.*: syngenesia (class of plants hav'g stamens united by their anthers).

synnévrose, see **synévrose**.

syno-dal¹⁴, *pl.* **-aux** [L. *-dalis*], *adj.*: =, of a synod. **-dalement**¹⁵ [Gr. *-dal*], *adv.*:

synodically, in synod. **||-de** [L. *-dus*, Gr. *súnodos* (*sún*, together, *hódos*, way)], *m.*: synod, church council. **-dique**¹⁵ [L. *-dicus*, Gr. *sunodikós*], *adj.*: of the synod; *m.*: synodal, code of the synods; *adj.*: synodic(al), of the conjunction of heavenly bodies: *lettres —s*, lettres fr. the synod to absent bishops. **-diquement** = **-dament**.

synony-me¹¹ [L. *-mus*, Gr. *sunónumos*], *adj.*: synonymous, of like meaning; *m.*: synonym, word sharing its meaning with another word. **-mie**¹⁵, *f.*: synonymy, likeness in name or meaning. **-mique**¹⁵, *adj.*: synonymic, of synonymy; *f.*: synonymy, system or collection of synonyms. **-miste**, *m.*: synonymist, student of synonyms.

synoptique¹⁶ [Gr. *sunoptikós*, seen at a glance], *adj.*: viewed together, synoptic: *les (évangiles) —s*, the synoptic gospels (i.e. Matthew, Mark and Luke).

synoque¹² [Gr. *súnochos*, held together], *adj. f.*: (*fièvre*) —, synocha (fever arising fr. inflammation).

syno-vial¹⁷, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =. **||-vie**¹⁷ [word made by Paracelsus, Gr. *sún*, with, L. *ovum*, egg], *f.*: synovia (albuminous secretion between joints, membranes, etc.). **-vite**, *f.*: synovitis, inflammation of synovial glands.

syn-tactique = **-taxique**. **||-taxe**¹⁵ [L. *-taxis* (Gr. *sún-taxis*, arrangement)], *f.*: (gram.) syntax. **-taxique**¹⁵, *adj.*: syntactic(al). **-thèse**¹⁶ [Gr. *súntēsis*, a placing together], *f.*: synthesis (composition; combination; union). **-thétique**¹⁶ [Gr. *sunthetikós*], *adj.*: synthetic (combining; of composition; tending to unite into a whole). **-thétiquement**¹⁷ [*-thétique*], *adv.*: synthetically. **-thétisme**, *m.*: synthetism.

syphi-lis¹⁵ [l. L., of unk. orig.], *f.*: =

(the venereal disease). **-litique**¹⁷, *adj.*: syphilitic; *m.*, *f.*: victim of syphilis.

syphon = *siphon*.

syriaque [L. *Syriacus*, of the country Syria], *adj.* or *m.*: Syrian.

syryn-ga¹⁷ [L. L.], *m.*: erroneous for *syringat*.

syrin-ge [Gr. *súrigx*, tube], *f.*: pipes of Pan; royal sepulchres at Thebes. **-go-**

tome¹⁶ [Gr. *témnein*, cut], *m.*: =, surgical instrument for fistula. **-gotomie**¹⁷

[Gr. *témnein*, cut], *f.*: syringotomy, operation for fistula.

syrtis [Gr. *surtia*], *f. pl.*: syrtis, quicksands.

systal-tique¹⁷ [L. *-ticus*, Gr. *sustaltikós* (*sún*, together, *stélein*, put)], *adj.*: systaltic, pulsatory (cf. *systole*).

systé-matique¹⁵ [L. *systematicus*, Gr. *sustematikós*], *adj.*: systematic. **-mati-**

quement¹⁷, *adv.*: systematically. **-mat-**

isation, *f.*: systematisation. **-mati-**

ser¹⁷, *tr.*: systematise. **||systè-me**¹⁶

[L. *systema*, Gr. *sústema*, a standing together], *m.*: system (make-up; composition; method; plan; order; law; classification; formation in geology; set of things alike; logical grouping): *le Systè-*

me, schemes of financier Law.

systo-le¹⁵ [Gr. *sustolè*, contraction (*sún*, together, *stélein*, put)], *f.*: = (contracting action of the heart, beat; shortening of a long syllable for the meter). **-li-**

que, *adj.*: systolic: murmure —, murmur made as the heart contracts.

systyle¹⁶ [L. *-los*, Gr. *sústulos*], *adj.*: (*temple*, *portique*) —, a systyle (porch temple), i.e. hav'g columns distant from each other by twice their diameter.

syzygie¹⁵ [Gr. *zugugia*, lit. yoking together], *f.*: syzygy (the points of new and full moon on the moon's orbit; similar points of conjunction with or opposition to the sun on other orbits).

T

t *te*, or older *té* [L.], *m.*: t, T (the letter); T-shaped object (T-iron, T-bandage, etc.).

t', for *te* before vowel or *h* mute.

-t- for euphony (in analogy with the Lat. 3d sing. ending *-t*) to break the hiatus between a verb and *il*, *elle*, *on*.

1. **ta**, *fem.* of *ton*, *thy*.

2. **ta**, us'y *ta ta*, *interj.*: tush! now!

taba-c¹⁶ [Sp. *-co* (Carib.)], *m.*: tobacco; snuff: — *d'Espagne*, perfumed snuff; — *en carotte*, pig-tail tobacco; — *à chiquer*, chewing tobacco; *débitant en* —, tobacco-

nist; *prendre du* —, take snuff. **-gie**¹⁶,

f.: smoking-room, tap-room; smoking-house; set of smokers; †tobacco-box.

-quière = *-tière*.

taba-rin¹⁵ [character *Tabarin*, in a farce], *m.*: merry-andrew, buffoon. **†ri-**

nage¹⁶, *m.*: "Tabarin" farce, buffoonery.

taba-tier¹⁶, **-tière** [tabac], *m.*, *f.*: tobacco-worker; *f.*: snuff-box; skylight (*by ellipsis*, cf. *ex.*): *châssis* (or *fenêtre*, *lucarne*) *d* or *en* *-tière*, skylight; *fusil d*

-tière, (*jest.*) breech-loader.

†tabel-lion¹³ [L. *-lio*], *f.*: =, notary. **†lionage**¹³, *m.*: tabellion's business.

tabernacle¹² [L. *-naculum* (*-na*, hut)], *m.*: = (tent; case for the eucharistic emblems, or for the pyx); casing, boxing cabin (aft on ships).

†tabide¹⁵ [L. *-bidus*], *adj.*: tabid (tabetic, affected by tabes or emaciation).

tabi-s¹³ [fr. Ar.], *m.*: tabby (watered silk). **-ser**, *tr.*: tabby.

ta-blature¹⁵ [L. *-bula*, table], *f.*: (*mus.*) =: *donner de la* — *d*, give trouble to; *entendre la* —, be sharp or cunning, be up to snuff. **ta-ble**¹⁶ [L. *-bula*, board], *f.*: = (rare board, slab; *u'sly* table, piece of furniture; board, food, mess; tablet, index); table-land; soundboard; belly (of a violin); man (at backgammon): — *d* *cou-*

lisses, extension table; — *d* *jouer* (or *de jeu*), card-table; — *d* *manger*, dining-table; — *d* *ouvrage*, work-table; — *d* *harmonie*, sounding-board; — *d* *hôte*,

=: *donner la* — *d*, board; — *du commun*, servants' table; *courir* (or *piquer*)

les — *s*, sponge for a dinner; *sainte* —, communion table; *faire* — *rase*, make a clean sweep; *mettre la* —, set the table, lay the cloth. **-bleau**¹², *m.*: blackboard;

picture (painting); scene; tableau; bulletin-board; table of contents, list, roll, panel (of juries); (*nav.*) name-board: — *de chevalet*, easel-painting; — *d* *histoire*,

historical painting or piece; — *x vivants*, =: *former un* —, (*leg.*) array a panel.

-bleantin¹³, *m.*: (*fam.*) little picture; daub. **-blé**¹², *f.*: tableful (company at a table). **-bler**¹⁵, *intr.*: †be at table; †double (the men at backgammon); feel

sure, depend; *tr.*: table. **-blétier**¹¹, **-ère**, *m.*: fancy stationer (seller of chessboards, draught-boards, etc.). **-blette**¹²,

f.: shelf; slab or board; tablet (for inscription; cake, lozenge; *pl.* tablets, notebook, memorandum): *rayez cela de vos* — *s*,

strike that from your memorandum, do not count upon that. **-bletterie**¹⁵ [*-ble-*

tier], *f.*: fancy stationery, toy trade.

-blièr¹¹, *m.*: apron, pinafore; lining (of a sail); †table (for various games, chess, checkers, etc.); floor, platform (of a

bridge); draw-plate, blower (of a fire-

place). †-bloin¹⁶, m.: (mil.) battery platform.

tabou-rer¹¹ [old *tabour* = *tambour*], intr.: drum, thrum. -rer¹⁴ [old -r], m.: = (stool, footstool); (bot.) shepherd's-purse. †-rin [old -r], m.: tabor; chimney-cowl.

tabulaire [L. -la, table], adj.: tabular.

1. **tac**¹⁵ [? L. *tactus*, contact], m.: (vet.) contagious rot; (coöl.) newt.

2. **tac**¹⁵ [echoic], m.: clash.

tacet¹⁶ [L. 'it is silent'], m.: (mus.) =; silence.

ta-chant¹⁵ [-cher], adj.: spotting (soiling); easily soiled. ||-che¹⁵ [? Germ'c], f.: spot (stain; blot; blemish) = *de rousseur*, freckle; — *de feu*, tan-spot; — *de naissance*, birthmark.

tâche¹² [*tâcher*], f.: TASK (task-work, job): à la —, by the task (job or piece); *prendre à —*, make it a point or one's business; undertake; *ouvrier à la —*, jobber.

tacher¹² [-che], tr.: spot (stain, soil, blot; blemish).

tâ-cher⁹ [L. *tazare*, fix], intr.: try, endeavour. -cheron [-che], m.: task-worker, jobber; sub-contractor.

tache-té, adj.: spotted, speckled. ||-ter¹⁵ [OFr. -tte (dim. of *tache*)], tr.: spot, speckle, fleck. -ture, f.: spottedness, spots.

†**tachy-graphe**¹⁷ [Gr. *takús*, quick, *gráphein*, write], m.: tachygrapher, shorthand writer. †-graphie¹⁷, f.: tachygraphy. -graphique, adj.: tachygraphic(al).

Tacite, m.: Tacitus.

taci-te¹³ [L. -tus (*tacere*, be silent)], adj.: tacit. -tement¹⁴, adv.: tacitly. -turne¹⁴ [L. -turnus], adj.: taciturn. -turnement¹⁵, adv.: taciturnly. -turnité¹³ [L. -turnitas], f.: taciturnity.

tact¹² [L. -tus (*tag*, touch)], m.: = (sense of touch, feeling; feeling of propriety).

tac-tac¹⁵ [echoic], m.: tick-tack.

tacticien¹⁵ [-tique], m.: tactician.

tac-tile¹⁴ [L. -tilis (*tag*, touch)], adj.: =. -tilité, f.: tactility. †-tîen¹⁶ [L. -tio], f.: = (touch).

tactique¹⁶ [Gr. *tákis* (*tássein*, arrange)], adj.: tactic(al); f.: tactic(s), generalship.

tadorne [L. -na], f.: sheldrake (bird).

tônia, see *ténia*.

taffetas¹³ [fr. Pers.], m.: taffeta; — *d'Angleterre*, court-plaster.

tafia¹⁷ [West-Ind.], m.: = (rum).

taïant¹⁶, **tayant** [?], interj.: (hunt.) tally-ho!

taie⁹ [L. *thēca* (Gr. *thē*, put), box], f.: pillow-case; speck (film on the eye).

tait-lable¹², adj.: liable to tallage, taxable. -lade¹⁴ [Prov. *talhada*], f.: cut, slash; gash. -lader¹⁵ [-lade], tr.: cut,

slash; crimp. -landerie¹⁶ [-landier], f.: cutlery (edge-tool making or trade).

-landier¹⁴ [-lant], m.: cutler (edge-tool maker). -lant¹⁴, part.: cutting; m.: edge (of tools). **tail-le**¹¹, f.: cutting (cut; pruning); edge (of a wood); shape (form, stature, size); waist; TALLY (tally-stick, account kept by notches or marks; notch); †Eng. *taille* (tax, subsidy, tallage); deal (at cards); (mus.) tenor (Eng. *taille*): *de haute* —, of a tall stature, tall; *de — mince*, slender; *prendre par la —*, pass one's arm round the waist of; *il est de ma —*, he is of my size; — *d'un habit*, cut of a coat; — *des arbres*, pruning of trees; — *douce*, copper-plate; *pièce de —*, free-stone; *frapper d'écot et de —*, cut and thrust. -le-crayon¹⁵, m.: pencil-pointer.

-le-douce, pl. —s, f.: copper-plate.

-le-mer¹⁶, m.: (nav.) cutwater. -le-plume¹⁵, m.: pen-cutter (knife). ||-ler⁹ [p. L. *laliare* (L. *lalea*, cutting, stick)], tr.: cut (carve, hew; cut out, shape; prune); sharpen (a pencil); make or mend (a pen); (surg.) cut for the stone; deal (cards); †tax: — *de l'avant*, (nav.) sail very fast; — *en plein drap*, do what one likes; have everything at command. -lerie¹², f.: glass or diamond cutting. -leur¹¹, m.: cutter; tailor; dealer (at cards): — *à façon*, jobbing tailor; *garçon —*, journeyman tailor. -leuse¹¹ [-leur], f.: tailoress, dressmaker. -lis¹², adj.: cut, in *bois* —, or -lis; m.: coppice (wood cut at regular times, us'ly every ninth year); copse, under-wood: *gagner le —*, save one's self by flight. -loir¹¹, m.: trencher (arch.) abacus. †-lon¹⁵ [-le], m.: tallage, tax.

tain¹⁶ (*étain*), m.: silvering-foil; tinfoil.

taire⁹ [L. *tacere*], irr. §; tr. or intr.: keep silent (suppress): *se —*, be (or become) silent (keep silent, say nothing, hold one's peace); *faire —*, silence, hush; *taisez-vous!* be silent! hold your tongue!

§ Ind.: Pr. *taï-s*, -s, -t, -sons, -sez, -tent. Imp. *taïtais*. Pret. *taï*. Fut. (Cond.) *taï-rai(s)*. — Subj.: Pr. *taïse*. Imp. *taïsse*. — I've *taï*. — Part.: Pr. *taïnant*; P. *tu*.

tais-son⁹ [p. L. *taxo* (Ger. *tahs*, dachs)], m.: badger. -sonnière, f.: badger's hole.

Tai-ti, f.: Tahiti, Otaheite. -tîen, -enne, m., f.: Tahitian.

tal-c¹⁵ [Ar. *thalg*], m.: = (soft mineral). -caire, -cique, adj.: talcose. -cite, f.: talcite.

taled [fr. Hebr.], m.: = (cloth worn at prayer).

talent⁹ [L. -lentum], m.: =.

talér = *thaler*.

talion¹³ [L. -tio (-lis, such)], m.: retaliation.

talis-man¹⁵ [Sp. (fr. Ar.)], m.: =.

†-manique¹⁶, adj.: talismanic(al).

tal-le¹⁵ [L. *thallus*, *f.*: (*hort.*) sucker.

-lor¹⁵, *intr.*: throw out suckers.

tallipot¹⁶ [fr. Eng. (Malay)], *m.*: talipot (palm).

talmouse¹⁵ [?], *f.*: cheese-cake; (*pop.*) whack, thump.

Talmud-d [Chald. 'doctrine'], *m.*: Talmud.

-dique, *adj.*: Talmudic(al). **-diste**, *m.*: Talmudist.

talo-che¹⁵ [?], *f.*: (*mas.*) float; slap (cuff, thump). **-cher**¹⁵, *tr.*: float; slap (cuff, thump).

ta-lon² [p. L. **lo* (L. *-lus*)], *m.*: heel (of man or certain quadrupeds; shoe-heel; closing part of a thing); shoulder (of a sword); talon, ogee; sole (of a rudder); stock (at cards); voucher (at receipts): — *rouge*, red-heeled shoe; aristocrat; (*adj.*) aristocratic. **-lonner**¹¹, *tr.*: be at the heels of, pursue close; urge; *intr.*: (*nav.*) strike the ground, bum.

-lonnier¹⁵, *m.*: heel-maker. **-lonnière**¹⁵, *f.*: heel-piece; heel-wing (of Mercury). †**-luer** *lu* = *-luter*. **-lus**² [prop. *-lut*, p. L. **lūtum*], *m.*: slope (declivity; bank); (*fort.*) talus (inclination of the face of the work). **-luter**¹⁵ [*-lus*], *tr.*: (*arch.*) slope.

tama-dua¹⁶ [So. Amer.], *m.*: = (ant-bear). **-noir**¹⁷ [So. Amer.], *m.*: = (ant-eater).

tamar-in¹² [Sp. *-indo* (fr. Ar., 'Indian date')], *m.*: tamarind (-fruit, rarely -tree). **-inier**¹⁷, *m.*: tamarind(-tree).

tama-ris¹², **-rise**, **-rix** [L. *-rice*], *m.*: tamarisk (shrub).

tam-bour¹⁵ [Ofr. *tabour* (? Pers.)], *m.*: drum (cf. Eng. *ta(m)bour*, small, flat drum); drummer; embroidery-hoop; barrel (of a watch); (*mec.*) drum, barrel, tympan; paddle-box; tympanum (ear-drum): — *de basque* (or *de Provence*), tambourine; — *voilé*, (veiled or muffled) drum, — *bat-tant*, with drum beating; with a high hand, with severity, roundly. **-bourin**¹⁴, *m.*: tambourine, tabor; timbrel; tambourine player. **-bourinage**¹⁵ [*-bouriner*], *m.*: drumming. **-bouriner**¹⁴ [*-bourin*], *intr.*: beat the drum or tambourine; make a rattle; *tr.*: proclaim by beat of drum, cry up, advertise loudly; drum, beat. **-bourineur**¹⁵ [*-bouriner*], *m.*: drummer.

tamerlan [T., the Tartar chief], *m.*: Tamerlan (*jest.* for swaggering militia officer).

taminier¹⁸ [L. *-nia*, kind of raisin], *m.*: black bryony.

tami-s¹² [?], *m.*: sieve. **-sage** [*-ser*], *m.*: sifting.

Tamise, *f.*: Thames.

tamise [?], *f.*: tammy (cloth).

tami-ser¹¹ [*-s*], *tr.*: sift; soften (as light); *intr.*: be sifted; let the air through (of worn sails). **-seur**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: sifter. **-sier**, **-ière** [*-s*], *m., f.*: sieve-maker.

tam-pen¹⁵ [Ofr. *-per* (2. *taper*)], *m.*: stopper (plug, bung;artil. tampion); buffer; (*surg.*) tampon (plug). **-ponnement**¹⁷ [*-ponner*], *m.*: plugging; shock. **-ponner**¹⁴, *tr.*: plug; (*railr.*) run against; (*pop.*) buffet.

tam-tam¹⁷ [echoic], *m.*: =, tomtom (sort of gong or drum); fun.

tan² [p. L. **tannum* (? Celt.)], *m.*: tan bark, tan.

tanaïsie [l. L. *-nasia*], *f.*: tansy (the herb).

tan-er² [p. L. **tentiare* (L. *tendere*, stretch)], *tr.*: reprimand (rebuke); taunt.

tan-che² [L. *tinca*], *f.*: TENCH (fish).

tandem¹⁸ [Eng. (L., 'at last')], *m.*: =.

tandis² [L. *diu* (*tam*, as *diu*, long time)], *adv.*: in the meanwhile. **-que** often *-di-ske*, *conj.*: while (whilst); whereas.

tangage¹⁶ [*tanguer*], *m.*: (*nav.*) lungings, pitching.

tangara¹⁶ [l. L. *tanagra*], *f.*: tanager (redbird).

tan-genee¹⁵, *f.*: tangency. **||-gent**¹⁶, **-gente** [L. *gens* (*-gere*, touch), touching], *adj.*: tangent, tangential; *f.*: tangent.

-gibilite¹⁵ [*-gible*], *f.*: tangibility, tangibleness. **-gible**¹⁵ [L. *-gibilis*], *adj.*: =.

tangen [?], *m.*: fore-sail boom.

tangue¹³ [?], *f.*: mud-deposit (at the mouth of rivers, etc.).

tan-guer¹⁶ [?], *intr.*: (*nav.*) lunge, pitch; (*fig.*) walk unsteadily.

tanière² [p. L. **tazonaria* (cf. *taisson*)], *f.*: den (of wild beasts), lair, cave.

tan-in¹⁸ [*tan*], *m.*: (*chem.*) tannin.

-nage¹³, *m.*: tanning. **-nant**¹⁵, *adj.*: tanning; irksome, boring, tiresome: *homme* —, bore. **-ne**¹⁵, *f.*: (*med.*) comedo, blackhead. **-né**, **-née**, *adj.*: tanned; tan-coloured; *f.*: [*tan*]: waste tan, tanner's bark. **||-ner**¹⁴ [*tan*], *tr.*: tan; (*pop.*) vex, annoy, bore: — *le cuir d*, hide, drub. **-nerie**¹², *f.*: tannery, tannery. **-neur**¹², *m.*: tanner. **-nique**¹⁸ [*tan*], *adj.*: tannic.

tant² [L. *tantus*], *adv.*: so (or as) much or many; so, to such a degree, very; so (or as) far, so (or as) long; as well, both; ever so: — *soit peu*, ever so little; — *que*, as long as; — *mieux*, so much the better; — *pis*, so much the worse; — *s'en faut que*, so far from; — *il y a que*, at all events, however; *en — que*, as far as, as much as, as; *si — est que*, if so be that; if it is true that, supposing; *être — d —*, be even (at play).

Tantale, *m.*: Tantalus. **tantale**, *m.*: (chem.) tantalum.

tante¹² [child's word for *ante* (L. *amita*), (*ante*), *f.*: AUNT; (*pop.*) "uncle" (pawn-broker): — à la mode de Bretagne, father's or mother's cousin-german.

tan-tet¹³ [*tant*], *m.*: a little (or wee) bit. **-tième** [*tant*], *adj.*: proportional; *f.*: proportional amount, commission, interest. **-tin**¹⁴ [*tant*], or **-tinet** [*-tin*], *m.*: the least bit. **-tôt**¹¹ [*tant*, *tôt*], *adv.*: presently (soon, by and by); just now (a while ago; sometimes).

taon or **†taon**^o [p. L. **tabo* (L. *tabanus*)], *m.*: ox-fly, gad-fly.

†ta-pabor(d)¹⁶ [*taper, bord*], *m.*: rain-hat, southwester. **-page**¹⁸ [*1-per*], *m.*: noise, uproar, racket; show. **-pageur**¹⁷ [*-page*], *m.*: noisy fellow, roisterer; blusterer. **1-per**¹³ [*1-per*], *f.*: slap (tap, rap).

2.tape¹⁴ [*2-per*], *f.*: plug; (*nav.*) buckle; (*gun*) tampion (tompson).

ta-peu(t)¹⁴ [*-per, cul*], *m.*: see-saw; swing-gate; jolting carriage; (monk's) cowl; (*nav.*) mizzen (storm-sail); ring-tail. **-pée**¹⁸, *f.*: (*pop.*) heap, lot. **1.-per**¹¹ [L. Ger. *-pe*, hand, paw], *tr.*: slap (strike); knock; rap, TAP; stamp; thrum (an instrument); frizzle (the hair); sketch boldly: — du pied, stamp with one's feet.

2.taper¹³ [Germ'c *tap*], *tr.*: plug (stop); put a tampion in (a gun).

tapinois¹⁴, **-oise** [*? l. L. -nus*, humble], *fm., ff.*: sneak, hider: *en* —, *adv.*: stealthily, slyly.

tapio-ca¹⁸ or **-ka** [Braz.], *f.*: —.

1.tapir¹¹ [*? Germ'c tap*, plug], *refl.*: squat down (squat, crouch, lie hid).

2.tapir¹³ [Braz.], *m.*: (zoöl.) —.

ta-pis¹¹ [Gr. *pétion* (*-pes*)], *m.*: tapestry (wall-hanging, carpet); tapis (table-cover); us'ly carpet, rug: *être sur le* —, be on the tapis, be under consideration; be talked about; *amuser le* —, beat the bush; — de gazon, grass-plot. **-pissor**¹⁴, *tr.*: tapestry (hang with tapestry); paper; deck; *intr.*: make tapestry, do fancy-work: *se* —, be decked. **-pisserie**¹³ [*-pisser*], *f.*: tapestry (hangings), upholstery. **-pissior**¹², **-ère** [*-pisser*], *m.*: tapestry-maker, upholsterer.

tapon¹³ [*2-per*], *m.*: bundle, heap; (*nav.*) patch-cloth.

tapoter¹⁵ [*1-per*], *tr.*: TAP; pat.

ta-quer¹⁷ [root *tac* of *attacher*], *tr.*: (print.) plane down. **||-quet**¹³ [*tac*], *m.*: angle-block; catch; (*nav.*) kevel, cleat.

ta-quin¹⁵, **-quine** [It. *taccagno* (?)], *adj.*: f'grudging (surlly about expenses); teasing, of a teasing disposition; *m., f.*: teaser, tease, torment. **-quincement**¹⁶, *adv.*: teasingly. **-quiner**¹⁷, *tr.*: tease,

torment: *se* —, tease each other. **-quinerie**¹⁶ [*-quiner*], *f.*: teasing.

taquoir¹⁷ [*-quer*], *m.*: (print.) planer.

tarabis-cot¹⁵ [*?*], *m.*: groove (between mouldings). **-coter**, *tr.*: groove (flute).

tarabuster¹³ [Prov. *-tar*], *tr.*: importune, interrupt; pester; plague.

1.tarare [echoic], *interj.*: pshaw! fiddlesticks!

2.tarare [*?*], *m.*: winnowing-machine.

tarau-d¹⁵ [ak. to *tarière*], *m.*: tap-borer. **-dage**¹⁸, *m.*: tapping (screws, nuts).

-der¹⁶, *tr.*: tap (screws, nuts); thread.

tar-d^o [L. *-de*], *adv.*: late; *m.*: late hour: *bien* —, very late; *plus* —, later;

afterwards, subsequently; by and by; *au plus* —, at the latest; *se faire* —, be getting late; *mieux vaut* — *que jamais*,

better late than never. **-der**^o [L. *-dare*], *intr.*: delay, tarry, linger, be long, loiter,

wait; hesitate; *imp. (with pers. dat.)* give a longing (*il me tarde*, I long, etc.); *†tr.*:

retard: *il me (te, lui, nous, etc.) — de le voir*, I (thou, he or she, we, etc.) long to see him; *qu'il — de venir*! how long he

is coming back! **-dif**¹¹, **-ive**, *adj.*: tardy; late; slow; backward. **-di-**

grade¹⁵ [L. *-di-gradus* (step)], *adj. or m.*: —. **-dillon**¹⁸, *m.*: late-born chick, etc.;

(fam.) youngest child. **-divement**¹¹ [*-dif*], *f.*: slowness; (*hort.*) lateness.

ta-re¹⁴ [It. *-ra* (Ar. *-rha*, loss)], *f.*: = (loss in weight of goods by deduction of the packing); waste; defect, blemish.

-ré [*-rer*], *adj.*: defective; spoiled, damaged, of bad character.

taren-telle¹⁸ [It. *-tella*], *f.*: tarantella (dance supposed to cure the bite of the tarantula).

1.-tisme¹⁷, *m.*: tarantism (disease supposed to be due to the bite of the tarantula). **||-tule**¹⁵ [It. *-tola* (Ta-

ranto, Ital. city)], *f.*: tarantula (poisonous spider).

tarer¹⁴ [*tare*], *tr.*: make defective, spoil, damage; (*com.*) tare: *se* —, spoil, be

damaged.

tar-ge¹⁹ [Germ'c], *f.*: †Eng. TARGE (buckler, TARGET). **-gette**¹⁸, *f.*: flat bolt.

-guer¹², *refl.*: pride one's self; boast; be proud.

targum [Chald.], *m.*: = (ancient paraphrase of part of the Old Testament).

1.tari, part. **-rir**.

2.tari, *m.*: palm wine.

tarière^o [p. L. *tarātrum*], *f.*: auger, wimble, borer; terebra (ovipositor, e.g. of saw-fly).

tari-f¹⁵ [It. *-ffa* (fr. Ar.)], *m.*: tariff (rate of prices). **-fer**¹⁷, *tr.*: tariff.

tarin¹⁸ [*?*], *m.*: = (siskin).

ta-rir¹² [OHG. *tharrjan*], *tr.*: dry, dry

up; wipe (away); drain, exhaust; *intr.* or *refl.*: dry, be dried out or drained; be exhausted, cease. **-rissable**¹⁵, *adj.*: what may be dried up or drained, exhaustible. **-rissant**¹⁷, *adj.*: drying (on the way to be dried up). **-rissement**¹⁶, *m.*: drying up, draining; exhaustion.

tarlatane¹⁷ [?], *f.*: tarlatan (sort of muslin).

ta-rot¹⁵ [It. *-rocco*], *m.*: = (game of cards); *us'ly pl.*: checkered cards; tarot. **-roté**¹⁶, *adj.*: checkered (of cards).

taroupe¹⁰ [?], *f.*: hair between the eyebrows.

tarpeienne [L. *-peius*], *adj.*: Tarpeian.

Tarquain, *m.*: Tarquinius.

tar-se¹⁵ [Gr. *-sós*, flat of the foot], *f.*: = (tarsus, ankle; foot of an insect). **-sien**¹⁶, *enne*, *adj.*: tarsal. **-sier**¹⁸, *m.*: = (lemur).

tartan¹⁵ [Eng. (? *tiretaine*)], *m.*: = (cloth).

tartane¹⁵ [It. *-na* (fr. Ar.)], *f.*: tartan (small vessel).

1. **tartare** [L. *-rus*], *m.*: Tartarus (infernal region).

2. **tartare** [*-rie*, Tartary], *m.*: Tartar; (royal) valet; (tailor's) apprentice: *à la* —, in the Tartar fashion; (cook) with cold mustard sauce.

tarta-reux¹⁶, *enne* [*tarte*], *adj.*: tartarous. **-rique** = *tartrique*.

tar-te¹² [? L. *torta* (*torquere*, twist)], *f.*: TART. **-telette**¹⁴, *f.*: little tart. **-tine**¹⁶, *f.*: bread-and-jam; sandwich; long dull speech or article; dose.

tar-trate¹⁵, *f.*: =. **-tre**¹² [L. *-tarum* (? fr. Ar.)], *m.*: (chem.) tartar. **-trique**¹⁸, *adj.*: (chem.) tartaric.

tartu-fe¹⁶ [Tartuffe, character in Molière], *m.*: Tartuffe, hypocrite. **-ferie**¹⁷, *f.*: hypocrisy. **-fier**¹⁵, *tr.*: (jest.) wed to Tartuffe or to a hypocrite; seduce (like a T, entice, win over); *intr.*: play the hypocrite.

tas¹¹ [Netherl.], *m.*: heap (pile, lot, set, †Eng. TAS; bundle; shock; doubles (at backgammon); hand-anvil: — *de filoux*, set of sharpers.

tasse¹³ [Ar. *thāqa*], *f.*: cup.

Tasse, le —, *m.*: Tasso (the poet).

1. **tasseau**¹¹ [? L. *tazillus*, little die], *m.*: block; support; frame (of a violin, etc.); bracket; prop, TASSEL (support); hammer-beam.

2. **tasseau** [*tas*], *m.*: hand-anvil.

tassée¹⁵ [*tasse*], *f.*: cupful.

tas-sement¹⁸, *m.*: (arch.) sinking (under a pile), settling. **-ser**¹¹ [*tas*], *tr.*: heap (or pile) up; ram (or beat) down; cram; *intr.* or *refl.*: sink, settle.

tassette¹¹ [old *tasse*, pocket], *f.*: TASSE (thigh armour).

tâ-té, *adj.*: touched lightly, felt; (paint.) loose, uncertain. **-te-au-pot**, *pl.* —, *m.*: man mixing into household affairs.

-te-poule, *pl.* —, *m.*: (pop.) busybody, molly. **†-ter**¹¹ [?], *tr.*: feel, touch, (†Eng. TASTE), try, TASTE; handle, examine; paint loosely: *se* —, examine one's self or one another; — *de*, taste. **-teur**¹³, *enne*, *m.*, *f.*: feeler; taster; fumbler, irresolute person. **-te-vin**¹⁴, *pl.* —, *m.*: proof-glass, wine-taster (instrument).

ta-tillon¹⁶, *enne* [*tâter*], *m.*, *f.*: meddler, busybody. **ta-tillonnage**¹⁷ [*tatillonner*], *m.*: meddling. **ta-tillonner**¹⁷ [*tatillon*], *intr.*: meddle. **-tonnement**¹⁵ [*-tonner*], *m.*: feeling one's way, groping, fumbling. **-tonner**¹⁴, *intr.*: feel one's way, grope, feel about, fumble; try hesitatingly. **-tonneur**¹⁷, *enne* [*-tonner*], *m.*, *f.*: groper, fumbler. **-tons**, *in d* —, *adv.*: ('by gropings'), groping(ly), feeling one's way; tentatively: *aller* or *marcher d* —, grope (or feel) one's way; *chercher d* —, grope for.

taton¹⁵ [Braz.], *m.*: = (armadillo).

taton-age¹⁷, *m.*: tattooing. **†-er**¹⁷ [Polynes.], *tr.*: tattoo.

tau-dis¹⁴ (pop.) **-dieu** [Ofr. *-der*, cover], *m.*: †(mil.) cover in trenches; (wretched or dirty) lodging, hovel, dog-hole.

tau-pe¹⁰ [L. *talpa*], *f.*: (zool.) mole (TALPA, molewarp); intriguer, hypocrite; loose woman; (med.) wen. **-pe-grillon**¹⁶, *pl.* — *s* — *s*, *m.*: mole-cricket. **-pier**¹⁸, *m.*: mole-catcher. **-pière**¹⁶, *f.*: mole-trap. **†-pin**¹⁵, *m.*: (mil.) sapper. **-pinée**, *pin-nière¹², *f.*: mole-hill; hillock; little hut.*

tan-re¹⁰ [L. *-ra* (*-rus*, bull)], *f.*: heifer.

-reader = *toreador*. **-reau**²², *pl.* — *x* [Ofr. *tor* (L. *-rus*)], *m.*: bull; (astr.) Bull, Taurus; *combat de* — *x*, bull-fight.

-romachie [Gr. *máche*, fight], *f.*: tauro-machy, bull-fighting. **-romachiste** [*-romachie*], *m.*: bull-fighter.

tauto- [Gr. *taúto*, same]: **-chrone**¹⁷ [Gr. *chrónos*, time], *adj.*: tautochronous.

-chronisme¹⁵ [*-chrone*], *m.*: tautochronism. **-gramme**¹⁵ [Gr. *grámma*, letter], *m.*: group of verse-lines with identical initial letters. **-logie**¹⁶ [Gr. *lógos* (lógos, speech)], *f.*: tautology. **-logique**¹⁷ [Gr. *logikós*], *adj.*: tautological, etc.

taux¹³ [*tauxer* old for *taxer*], *m.*: tax; market price, rate; rate of interest; fee; wager.

tavaïol(le) [It. *tovagliuola* (*tovaglia*, TOWEL)], *f.*: chrim-cloth, cloth for consecrated bread.

†tave-ler¹² [Ofr. *-l^o* (p. L. *-llum*. L. *-lla*, painted tablet)], *tr.*: spot (mark with spots, speckle). **-lure**¹⁵, *f.*: spots, speckles.

taver-ne^o [L. *taberna*, hut], *f.*: dram-shop (wine-, gin-, beer-shop, pot-house); TAVERN (inn). †-**nièr**¹¹, -**ière**, *m.*, *f.*: dram-shop keeper; tavern keeper; *adj.*: dram-shop keeper's.

tax-ateur¹⁷, *m.*: taxer, assessor; letter-taxer. -**ation**¹² [L. *-atio*], *f.*: —. **tax-e**¹⁵, *f.*: market-price; rate; tax; assessment; impost; toll; fee. †-**er**¹² [L. *-are* (*tag*-, touch), feel, value], *tr.*: fix the market-rate of, rate; estimate; tollage; tax (lay a tax upon; assess; charge, accuse; censure): *se* —, tax one's self; accuse (or censure) one's self.

taxi-dermie [Gr. *taxis*, arrangement, *dërma*, skin], *f.*: taxidermy. -**dermi-que**, *adj.*: taxidermic.

tayant = **taiaut**.

tayon¹¹ [?], *m.*: †(*dial.*) ancestor.

tebèque, *m.*: Czechish (language).

te^o [L. *te*], *pr.*: THREE, to thee.

té [T], *m.*: T-shaped object, as) mines in form of a T; T-iron; T-bandage; T-square.

tech-nique¹⁷ [Gr. *nikós* (*tékne*, art)], *adj.*: technic(al); *f.*: technic, -nique; -nies. -**niquement**¹⁷, *adv.*: technically.

techno-logie¹⁸ [Gr. *-logia* (*tékne*, art, *lógos*, discussion)], *f.*: technology. -**logique**¹⁸, *adj.*: technologic(al). -**logue**, *adj.*: technologic; *m.*: technologist.

tech = **tek**.

te deum, *pl.* — [L. 'thee, God'], *m.*: Te Deum.

tégu-ment¹⁷ [L. *-mentum* (*tegere*, cover)], *m.*: tegument; integument. -**mentaire**, *adj.*: tegumentary.

teignasse = **tignasse**.

tei-gne^o [L. *tinea*], *f.*: TINEA (ring-worm of the scalp); moth. -**gneux**¹², -**euse**, *adj.*: affected with tinea; *m.*, *f.*: person so affected.

teill... = **till**...

tein-dre^o [L. *tingere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: dye; TINGE, TINT, STAIN. **tein-t**, **tein-te**, *part.*: dyed, tinged, etc.; *m.* (-t¹¹): dye, colour; complexion; TINCTURE; *f.*¹⁷ (-te¹²): tint, tinge, tincture; hue, colour; dye. -**ter**¹⁷ [-te], *tr.*: tint, tone. -**ture**^o [L. *tingtura*], *f.*: dye; colour (tincture, tinge); dyeing; tincture (extract; slight quality, smattering, slight gloss). -**turerie**¹² [-turier], *f.*: dyeing-establishment (dye-works, dye-shop); dyer's trade. -**tu-rier**¹², -**ère** [-ture], *m.*, *f.*: dyer; (*fig.*) publisher.

§ Ind.: *Pr. tein-s*, -s, -t; *teign-ous*, -ez, -ent. *1pl. teignais*. *Prët. teignis*. *Fut. (Cond.) teindra(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. teigne*. *1pl. teignisse*. — *I've teins*. — *Part.*: *Pr. teignant*; *P. teint*.

tek [Malay], *m.*: teak (tree).

tel^o, =**lle** [L. *talis*], *adj.*: such (such a, like, similar): — *que*, such as; *M. un* —, Mr. such an one; — *quel*, such as it is; — *maître*, — *valet*, like master, like man.

télamon¹⁸ [Gr. *-mon*, support], *m.*: telamone (entablature support).

télé- [Gr. *têle*, far]: -**gramme**¹⁸ [Gr. *grámma*, writing], *f.*: telegram. -**graphe**¹⁸ [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: telegraph. -**graphier**¹⁸ [-graphie], *tr.*: telegraph; *m.*: telegraphist. -**graphique**¹⁸, *adj.*: telegraphic(al). -**graphiquement**¹⁸ [-graphique], *adv.*: telegraphically.

-**graphiste**¹⁸ [-graphie], *m.*, *f.*: telegraphist. -**ologie**¹⁸ [Gr. *lógos*, discussion], *f.*: teleology. -**phone**¹⁸ [Gr. *phoné*, sound], *m.*: telephone. -**phonique**¹⁸ [-phone], *adj.*: telephonic. -**phoniquement**¹⁸, *adv.*: telephonically, by telephone. -**scope**¹⁸ [Gr. *skopein*, view], *f.*: telescope. -**scopique**¹⁸ [-scope], *adj.*: telescopic.

tellement¹² [*tel*], *adv.*: in such a way or manner; to such a degree, so, so much, so far: — *que*, so that.

tellièrre¹⁶ [the first maker, *Le Tellier*], *f.*: foolscap paper.

tellu-re¹⁸ [L. *L. -rium* (L. *tellus*, earth)], *f.*: (chem.) tellurium. -**rique**¹⁸, *adj.*: telluric.

témé-raire¹⁴ [L. *-rarius* (-re, by chance)], *adj.*: temerarious (rash, reckless, headlong; bold); *m.*, *f.*: rash, etc., person. -**rairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: temerari-ously, rashly, boldly. -**rité**¹⁴ [L. *-ritas*], *f.*: temerity (rashness; recklessness, boldness).

té-moignage¹¹ [-moigner], *f.*: testimony, witness. -**moigner**^o [L. *testimoniare*], *intr.*: testify (witness, bear witness); *tr.*: testify, evince, show. †-**mojn**^o [L. *testimōnium* (*testis*, witness)], *m.*: testimony (evidence, witness; mark); witness (testifier; eye-witness); second (in duels): *prendre à* —, call to witness; — *à charge*, witness for the prosecution; — *à décharge*, witness for the prisoner; — *oculaire*, eye-witness.

tempe^o [p. L. **-pula* (L. *-pora*, pl. of *-pus*)], *f.*: TEMPLE (of the head).

tempé-rament¹⁵ [L. *-ramentum*], *m.*: temperament, (inner) constitution; temper; medium; (*com.*) installment; tally-trade: *à* —, of a constitution, constitutioned. -**rance**¹² [L. *-rentia*], *f.*: temperance, sobriety. -**rant**¹⁵, *adj.*: temperate, sober; (*med.*) sedative; *m.*: temperate man. -**ratu-re**¹⁵ [L. *-ratu-ra*], *f.*: temperature. -**ré**, *adj.*: tempered; temperate, mild, moderate; (*rhet.*) middle; *m.*: temperate; (*rhet.*) middle style.

‡-**re**¹¹ [L. *-rare* (*tempus*, time)], *tr.*:

temper (moderate; mollify, soothe, calm; season; restrain: *se* —, temper (or calm) one's self, soften; grow temperate; temper each other.

tem-pête^o [p. L. -*pesta* (L. -*pestas*)], *f.*: tempest (storm, gale). **-pêter**¹¹, *intr.*: storm, rage. **-pétueux**¹², =*ense* [L. -*pestuosus*], *adj.*: tempestuous.

1. **tem-ple** = *tempe*.

2. **tem-ple**¹⁰ [L. -*plum*], *m.*: temple (sanctuary or church gen'lly; *spec.* Protestant church or place of worship). **-plier**¹², *m.*: templar, knight-templar.

tempo-raire¹⁵ [L. -*varius* (*tempus*, time)], *adj.*: temporary. **-rairement**¹⁸, *adv.*: temporarily. **-ral**¹⁵ [L. -*ralis*], *adj.*: (anat.) temporal. **-ralité**¹¹ [L. -*ralis*], *f.*: temporality; temporal jurisdiction. **-rel**¹¹, =*lle* [L. -*ralis*], *adj.*: temporal, secular. **-rellement**¹² [-*rel*], *adv.*: temporally.

tempori-sateur¹⁸, =*trice*, *m., f.*: procrastinator; *adj.*: procrastinating, delaying. **-sation**¹⁷, *f.*, or **-sément**¹⁵, *m.*: procrastination, delay. **-ser**¹⁸ [L. -*care* (L. *tempus*, time)], *intr.*: procrastinate; delay, temporise (if used, as it rarely is, in sense of 'delay'). **-seur**¹⁶, =*ense*, *m., f.*: temporiser.

temps^o [L. *tempus*], *m.*: time (while, period, season; *mus.* measure); weather; (*gram.*) tense: *d* —, in time; for a time; for a term of years; *d* *quelque* — *d* *là*, some time after; *avec le* —, in course of) time; *dans le* —, formerly; at the time; *dans aucun* —, at no time; *de* (or *en*) *tout* —, at all times; *de* — *à autre* or *de* — *en* —, from time to time, now and then; *du* — *de*, in the time of; *du bon* —, leisure time; enjoyment; *en même* —, at the same time; *grand* (or *grandement*) —, high time; *gros* —, rough weather; *tout d'un* —, at once, straightway; *quel* — *fait-il?* what kind of weather is it? *il fait beau* —, it is beautiful weather; *le* — *qu'il fait*, the weather there is; the present weather; the weather we have; *par tout les* —, in all weathers; *faire son* —, serve one's time, have one's day; — *fait*, settled weather; *il y a quelque* —, some time ago.

tenable¹¹ [-*nir*], *adj.*: —.

tena-ce¹⁵ [L. -*x* (ten-, hold)], *adj.*: tenuous (clinging, adhesive, stubborn, retentive, stingy). **-cement**, *adv.*: tennaciously. **téna-cité**¹⁵ [L. -*citās*], *f.*: tennacity (etc., cf. -*ce*).

tenail-le^o [L. **tenacula*, pl. of *tenaculum* (*tenere*, hold)], *f.*: tongs, pincers, pliers; (*fort.*) tenaille. **-lor**¹⁵, *tr.*: torture with red-hot pincers; torture. **-lon**¹⁵, *m.*: (*fort.*) =.

te-nancier¹⁵, =*ère* [OFr. -*nance*], *m., f.*: (*feud.*) (sub-)tenant; (*now*) under-farmer. **-nant**, =*ante* [-*nir*], *part.*: holding; having (something) of; in session; *m.*: upholder, defender; (at tournament) challenger offering to 'hold' against any, champion; holder, master; *tenant*; adjacent part: — *s et aboutissants*, boundaries and abutments, adjacent parts; particulars; ins and outs; connections; habits.

Ténare [L. *Tanarus*], *m.*: Tænarus (hell).

ten-dance¹³ [-*dant*], *f.*: tendency.

-dant, *adj.*: tending. **ten-de**¹³, *f.*: round (of beef): — *de hanche*, rump-steak. **-delet**¹⁵ [It. -*daletto* (-*dale*, big tent)], *m.*: awning; canopy, tilt. **-der**¹⁸ [Eng. (*tend*, attend)], *m.*: (rail.) =.

-deur¹², =*ense*, *m., f.*: stretcher; hanger (of tapestry); setter (of snares); *m.*: (railr.) coupling. **-dineux**¹⁵, =*ense* [-*don*], *adj.*: tendinous. **-don**¹⁵ [L. -*do* (L. -*dere*)], *m.*: = (sinew). 1. **ten-dre**^o [L. -*dere*], *tr.*: stretch (stretch out; extend; reach out; strain), spread; lay or set (a snare, trap); pitch (a tent); hang (tapestry); bend (a bow); *intr.*: stretch, etc.; tend, lead (to), conduce: — *le bras* *d*, reach the arm to, lend a helping hand; — *un lit*, put up a bed.

2. **ten-dre**^o [L. *tener*], *adj.*: tender (soft, delicate; sensitive; fond, loving); new (of bread); *m.*: soft part, tender part; tenderness; affection. **-drelet**¹⁵, *adj.*: somewhat tender, softish. **-drement**¹¹, *adv.*: tenderly, affectionately. **-dresse**¹³, *f.*: tenderness (delicacy; fondness, affection). **-drété**¹¹, *f.*: tenderness (of eatables). **-dren**¹¹, *m.*: tender shoot; (*fam.*) young girl, lass; (*cook.*) gristle.

tendu [1. -*dre*], *part.*: stretched, etc.; TENSE, tight, stiff, strained; intent; bent.

té-nèbres¹⁰ [L. *tenebræ*], *f. pl.*: darkness (dark, gloom, night); tenebræ (certain matins, *Cath. lit.*). **-nébrouse-ment**¹⁰ [-*nébreux*], *adv.*: darkly, gloomily; secretly. **-nébreux**¹⁰, =*ense* [L. -*nebrus*], *adj.*: dark, gloomy, obscure, tenebrous; overcast; underhand. **-né-brion**¹⁵ [L. -*nebrio*], *m.*: tenebrio: — *de la farine*, meal-beetle.

ténement¹¹ [*tenir*], *m.*: tenement.

te-nettes [-*nir*], *f. pl.*: lithotomy forceps.

1. **-neur**¹¹ [L. -*nor*], *f.*: tenor (general run or course, terms; purport); text.

2. **-neur**¹², =*ense* [-*nir*], *m., f.*: holder, keeper: — *de livres*, book-keeper; — *de copie*, (*print.*) copy-holder; copy-reader.

-nez [I've of -*nir*], *interj.*: hold! now then! here! there! look!

ténia¹⁴ [L. *tania* (Gr. *tainia*, ribbon)], *f.*: tænia (tape-worm).

te-nir^o [p. L. **nire* (L. *nēre*)], irr. §; *tr.*: hold (possess, have, contain; occupy; consider, think); keep; *intr.*: hold (hold on; adhere, stick; keep together, remain); depend (on); hold out (resist); be contiguous; be held (of fairs, etc.); take after: *se* —, hold (hold on, adhere, abide); hold one's self (think or consider one's self); keep one's self (be, stand, sit); hold (or keep) each other; be held; contain (or refrain) one's self; *en* —, have some; have got it; be hit; be caught; be in for it; be fond of, be in love; feel (for); *y* —, hold on to it; care about; stand or bear it; resist, etc.; — *de*, hold from; have from; take after (resemble); — *bon*; — *ferme*, hold hard or fast, hold on; hold out, stick to it; stand one's ground; — *pour dit*, take for granted; *je n'y tiens plus*, I cannot stand it any longer; I don't care for it any more; *c'est à n'y pas* —, it is unbearable; *il ne tient qu'à*, it only depends on; *il ne tient pas à moi que cela ne se fasse*, it is no fault of mine, if that is not done; *à quoi cela tient-il?* what is the cause (or reason) of that? *à quoi tient-il que?* how is it that? *cela tient à ce que*, it comes from; *que cela ne tienne*, do not let that be an objection, that need be no obstacle, never mind that, that makes no difference; *se* — *debout*, stand up; *s'en* — *d*, rely on, keep to; stand to, adhere to, abide by; confine one's self to; content one's self with; go no farther than; *s'en* — *là*, stop short, let it alone; stop there, be satisfied with that; go no further; *savoir à quoi s'en* —, know what to depend on, know what to think of it; know the truth about it; *faire* — (*une lettre*, etc.) *à*, forward or send (a letter, etc.) to; convey to. — **non**¹⁴, *m.*: =, bolt, nut (of an anchor).

§ Ind.: Pr. *tiens* -s, -s, -t; *te-nens*, -nez, *tiennent*. Ipl. *tenais*. Pret. *tin* -s, -s, -t; *tin* -s, *tin* -s, *tin* -s. Fut. (Cond.) *tiendrai* (s). — Subj.: Pr. *tiens* -s, -s, -e; *te-nions*, -nues, *tiennent*. Ipl. *tiensse*. — I've *tiens*. — Part.: Pr. *tenant*; P. *tenu*.

té-nor¹⁷ [It. *nore* (L. *nere*, hold), voice 'holding' principal part], *m.*: tenor (voice or singer). — **norissant**, *adj.*: approaching a tenor.

ténotomie¹⁸ [Gr. *tēnon*, tendon, *tēnnein*, cut], *f.*: (surg.) tenotomy.

ten-sif¹¹, -ive [L. *-sus* (-*dere*, stretch)], *adj.*: tensile, tense. — **sign**¹⁵ [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (strain; intense application). — **son**¹² [L. *-sio*], *f.*: = (troubadours' contest or competition).

ten-taculaire [-*tacule*], *adj.*: tentacular. — **tacule**¹⁷ [L. *-tare*], *f.*: tentacle (feeler). — **-tant**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *adj.*: tempting. — **tateur**¹⁸, -**tatrice**, *m., f.*: temp-

ter. — **-tatif**, -ive [L. *-tativus*], *adj.*: tentative; *m.*: syllogism; *f.*¹⁵: attempt (trial, endeavor). — **-tation**¹¹ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: temptation. — **-tative**, see **-tatif**. — **ten-te**¹⁵ [-*ter*], *f.*: (surg.) tent (plug of lint for wounds, penicil).

2.ten-te^o [L. *tenta* (pl. of *-tum*, -*dere*, stretch)], *f.*: tent (soldier's tent, pavillon); awning; net. — **-te-abri**¹⁸, *pl.* -s, *m.*: shelter-tent. — **1.-ter**, *tr.*: cover with a tent or awning, tent, pavilion.

2.tenter¹¹ [L. *-tare* (tenere, hold)], *tr.*: attempt (try, venture); tempt; probe: *se* —, be attempted, be tried; tempt each other.

tenture^o [p. L. **tūra* (L. *tendere*, stretch)], *f.*: hangings (tapestry); hanging: *papier de* —, wall-paper.

tenu, -**nue** [-*nir*], *part.*: held, etc.; *f.*¹¹: holding, keeping; holding (of sessions), session; bearing (carriage, deportment, attitude, behaviour; appearance); dress (uniform); keeping (of books); (*mus.*) held-note; (*mar.*) anchor-hold; steadiness: — *de travail*, working-dress; *grande* — *e*, full dress or uniform; *petite* — *e*, undress; *tout d'une* — *e*, all in one piece, contiguous.

ténu¹¹ [L. *-nuis*], *adj.*: tenuous (THIN, slender).

tenue, cf. **tenu**.

ténu-ement [ténu], *adv.*: thinly. — **-ité**¹⁵ [L. *-itas*], *f.*: tenuity.

tenure¹¹ [-*nir*], *f.*: =.

téorbe¹⁵ [It. *tiórba*], *m.*: theorbo (sort of lute).

tépi-de, -**dité** = *tièd*, *tièdur*.

ter [L.], *adv.*: thrice; (*mus.*) three times.

-cer [L. *-tius*, third], *tr.*: give a third dressing to (vines). — **-cet**¹⁴ [It. *-zetto*], *m.*: (*vers.*) tiercelet, triplet.

téré-benthine¹¹ [L. *-binthina*], *f.*: turpentine. — **-binthe**¹² [L. *-binthus*], *m.*: turpentine-tree.

téré-brant¹⁵ [L. *-brans* (-*brare*, pierce)], *adj.*: terebrant (boring); (*med.*) terebrating; *m. pl.*: terebrantia. — **-bration**¹⁵ [L. *-bratio*], *f.*: tereboration.

tergiver-sation¹² [L. *-satio*], *f.*: =.

1.-ser¹⁵ [L. *-sari* (*tergum*, back, *vertere*, turn)], *intr.*: tergiversate (practice evasion, shift).

terme^o [L. *-minus*], *m.*: term (bound, limit; time-limit, time; school-term; expression, word; part of a proposition; pl. condition); quarter day; quarter's rent, rent; Terminus (boundary divinity): *à* —, at one's time; (*fin.*) time, on account; (*leg.*) for a term of years; *à court* —, for a short time; short-timed (of bills); *à long* —, for a long time; long-timed (of bills); *avant* —, before one's time, prematurely; — *de rigueur*, latest

time, at the latest; *toucher au —*, draw near the term; *payer son —*, pay one's rent; *gui a — ne doit rien*, until a bill is due, no claim.

termès¹³ [L.], m.: termes (white ant).

termi-naïson¹¹ [L. -natio], f.: termination, ending. **-nal**¹⁷ [-nalia], adj.: (bot.) =. **-natif**, **-ive** [L. -nare], adj.: terminational. **-ner**¹¹ [L. -nare (-nus, limit)], tr.: terminate (limit, bound; end, conclude); *se —*, terminate (be bounded; end). **-nologie**¹³ [L. -nus, Gr. *lógos*, discourse], f.: terminology.

termite = *mes*.

ternaire¹⁴ [L. -narius], adj.: ternary.

1.terne¹⁴ [T.], adj.: tarnished (dull; lack-lustre; spiritless).

2.ter-ne [L. -nus, triple], m.: series of three numbers; two threes (at dice); [It. -no], TREY (in lottery, etc.). **-né**, adj.: (bot.) ternate (arranged in threes).

ter-nir¹⁴ [1.-ne], tr.: TARNISH (soil, dim, deaden, strain); *se —*, tarnish (grow dull; fade; be sullied). **-nissure**¹⁵, f.: tarnishing; tarnish (dullness; blemish).

1.ter-rage¹² [-re], m.: (feud.) =, land-dues. **2.-rage**¹⁵ [-rer], m.: earthing (claying, as of sugar). **-rain**⁹ [p. L. **rānus* (L. -*rēnus*)], m.: ground, soil, earth; land; field; piece of land, ground-plot; *gagner (perdre) du —*, gain (lose) ground; *disputer le —*, stand one's ground. **-ral**¹⁷ [-re], adj.: (nav.) (vent) —, land wind. **†-raqué**¹⁷ [L. -ra, aqua, water], adj.: terraqueous.

1.terras-se¹¹ [terre], f.: terrace; earth-work; flat roof; platform; (paint.) fore-ground. **2.-se**¹⁵ [-ser], f.: terracing. **-sement**¹⁵ [-ser], m.: terracing; earth-work, embankment; throwing down, overthrow(ing). **-ser**¹⁵, tr.: terrace (bank up a wall, etc.); embank; throw to the ground, throw (or knock) down, fell, floor; strike with dismay, dismay, confound; crush, convince. **-seur** [-ser], m.: wall-plasterer. **-seux**, **-euse**, adj.: earthy, (of marble, etc.). **-sier**¹⁵ [-ser], m.: ground-digger (excavator); dirt-carter.

ter-re⁹ [L. terre], f.: earth (soil, mould, ground, globe); land (terra; territory); shore; grounds (estate, dominion); floor; clay: — *cuite*, terra cotta, baked clay; — *ferme*, terra firma, dry-land: — *franche*, vegetable mould; free lands; — *sacrée*, holy ground; — *sainte*, Holy Land; consecrated ground; — *à briques*, brick-clay; — *à porcelaine*, china-clay; — *à potier*, potter's clay; *à —*, to (or on) the ground; on the floor, down; on shore, ashore; *en —*, in(to) the earth; of earth, earthen; *par —*, on the ground, on the floor; down, by land; *aller à —*, go on shore; *aller — à*

—, (nav.) coast along; (fig.) go slowly, be prosy; gravel: *mettre à —*, put (or let) down, land; *mettre en —*, land. **-reau**¹¹, m.: (vegetable) mould; compost. **-reau-**

-der [-reau], tr.: manure. **-rein** = *ter-raïn*. **Ter-re-Neuve**, f.: Newfoundland. **-re-neuve**, m.: Newfoundland dog. **-re-nouvier** [-re-Neuve], m.: Newfoundland fisher, banker; Newfoundland dog. **-re-noir**¹⁵, f.: earth-nut, peanut. **-re-plein**¹⁵, pl. —s—s, m.: (fort.) =; platform. **-rep**¹², tr.: put earth around, earth up; clay (sugar); intr.: earth, burrow: *se —*, earth, burrow; shelter one's self with earthworks; be clayed. **-reste**¹¹ [L. -estria], adj.: terrestrial, earthly. **-rette**, f.: ground-ivy.

terreur¹³ [L. terror], f.: terror; *temps de la —*, Reign of Terror (Fr. hist.).

ter-reux⁹, **-euse** [L. -rosus (-ra, earth)], adj.: terreous (earthy); full of earth or dirt, dirty; 'earth-coloured' (dull, wan, cadaverous).

terri-ble¹¹ [L. -bilis], adj.: =. **-blement**¹³, adv.: terribly.

ter-rien¹¹, **-enne** [L. -renus (-ra, earth)], adj.: of land, land-possessing; (earthly worldly); m., f.: land-owner. **1.-rier**¹¹ [-re], m.: burrow (hole, den); (fig.) deep (or secret) retreat; grave. **2.-rier**¹⁵ [-re], adj.: 1. relating to cultivated ground: (papier) —, (feud.) terrier (tenant's acknowledgment of dues); friar collector; 2. relating to hunting-ground: (chien) —, terrier.

terri-flant¹⁵, adj.: terrifying, terrific. **†-fier**¹³ [L. terre-facere], tr.: terrify.

ter-rine¹⁴ [OFr. -rin (L. -ra, earth), of earth], f.: earthen bowl, crock, TUREEN; pie-dish (potted meat); dish: *en —*, in a dish, potted. **-rinée**¹⁵, f.: bowlful.

-rir¹⁵ [-re], intr.: come near the land; come to lay eggs in the sand (of the tortoise); (nav.) come in sight of land; land.

-ritoire¹³ [L. -ritorium], m.: territory; jurisdiction. **-ritorial**¹⁷ [L. -ritorialis], adj.: =. **-roir**⁹ [p. L. **ratorium*], m.: soil, ground: *avoir un goût de —*, taste of the soil, be racy; savour of one's country.

terro-riser¹⁷ [L. -r], tr.: terrify.

-risme¹⁷, m.: terrorism (esp. the Reign of Terror during the first French revolution 1793-4). **-riste**¹⁷, m.: terrorist (esp. member or partisan of the revolutionary tribunal during the Reign of Terror; cf. -risme).

ter-ser = *tiercer*. **-tiaire** [L. -tiarius], adj.: tertiary. **†-tio** [L. (Abl. of -tius, THIRD)], adj.: thirdly.

tertre⁹ [p. L. **termit* (L. -minuz, term, limit)], m.: hillock (knoll, mound, eminence).

tes, pl. of pron. *ton*: thy.

tes-selle [L. *-sella* (-*sera*, die, Gr. *-sares*, four)], *f.*: tessera (square piece used for mosaic). **-seller**, *tr.*: tessellate. **-sère** [L. *-sera*], *f.*: tessera (square piece of ivory, etc., used as a ticket; ticket).

tes-son¹², *m.*: piece of broken glass or earthenware, potsherd, sherd. **tes-t**⁹ or **têt**⁹ [L. *-tu*, earthen vessel], *m.*: †piece of burned clay (sherd); shell; test (cupel); (têt, skull). **-tacé**¹⁵ [L. *-taceus*], *adj.*: testaceous ('with shell'); *m.*: testacean (shelled animal).

testa-ment¹¹ [L. *-mentum*], *m.*: = (will, last will; Testament). **-mentaire**¹⁵ [L. *-mentarius*], *adj.*: testamentary. **-menter**¹² [-*ment*], *intr.*: make one's testament or will. **-teur**¹², **-trice** [L. *-tator*], *m., f.*: testator, testatrix. **†testor**¹⁰ [L. *testare* (testis, witness)], *intr.*: make one's will.

testi-culaire, *adv.*: testicular. **-cule**¹⁵ [L. *-culus*], *m.*: testicle.

testif¹⁷ [?], *m.*: camel's-hair.

testimonial¹² [L. *-litis*], *adj.*: =.

tes-ton¹⁵ [It. *-tone* (-*la*, head)], *m.*: = (silver coin). **†tonner**¹⁵ [-*te*, old form of *tête*], *tr.*: dress the hair of, comb.

têt⁹ [for *test*], *m.*: skull.

téta-nique¹⁵ [L. *-nicus*], *adj.*: tetanic. **-nos**¹⁵ [Gr. (*tēfnein*, stretch)], *m.*: tetanus (lock-jaw).

tétar-d¹⁵ [*tête*], *m.*: (larva which seems all 'head,' hence) tadpole; bull-head; miller's-thumb; pollard (tree cut low for raising new branches for fuel); pole-socket (of a carriage).

tétasse¹⁴ or **†tze** [*tête*], *f.*: (vulg.) large flabby breast.

tête⁹ [L. *testa*, earthen vessel; (skull, cf. *test*), *f.*: head (of man, etc.; top or end, etc.; front, van; chief; source; mind, intellect; head of hair; stag's antlers); vanguard; court-card; self-possession; obstinacy; *interj.*: zounds! — *carrée*, square head; long head; stubborn fellow; — *à perruque*, wig-block; blockhead; — *à —*, cf. — *à —*; — *morte*, (*chem.*) caput mortuum; — *de pont*, *tête-de-pont*, bridge-head; *mal de —*, headache; *mauvaise —*, bad temper; hot-headed fellow; *de —*, head; in one's head; from memory; resolutely; *en —*, in(to) one's head; at the head; ahead, foremost; against; *avoir sa —*, be in one's senses; *avoir une bonne —*, have a good head; have a funny face; *avoir la — bonne*, not be easily fuddled; *avoir la — montée*, be excited; *avoir de la —*, have sense, be clever; be strong-minded or resolute; be obstinate; *donner à la —*, fly to one's head, be heady; *donner de la —*, run one's head (against); attend to; turn; *donner*

— *baissée*, run headlong; fall completely (into); *faire — à*, make head against; face, oppose, resist; *monter la — à*, excite; *se monter la —*, be excited; be all agog; *tenir la — à*, resist, cope with; *la — me tourne*, my head is giddy, I feel giddy; *la — lui a tournée*, he (has) lost his senses; *ils sont deux — dans un bonnet*, they are hand and glove, they are very thick. **-à-tête**, *pl. —*, *m.*: = (private or secret interview); *adv.*: *en —*, face to face; in private; by ourselves (yourselves, themselves), alone. **-au**, *m.*: extremity of a main branch. **-bèche**¹⁵, *adv.*: head against foot. **-bleu**¹⁵, euphem. for **-dien**, *interj.*: zounds!

tête-chèvre, see *tête-chèvre*.

té-ter¹¹, **†tze** [*tette*, *tr.*, *intr.*: suck; *donner à — à*, give suck to, suckle. **-terrelle**, *f.*: nipple-shield.

tétière¹² [*tête*], *f.*: baby's cap; antimacassar; head-strap (of a bridle).

té-tin¹⁴ or **†tze** [*tête*], *m.*: teat, nipple; †breast. **-tine**¹⁵ [*-tête*], *f.*: udder, dug; dent (on a cuirassa), dint. **-ton**¹⁴ [*-tête*], *m.*: breast (of a woman), teat. **-tonnière**¹⁷ [*-ton*], *f.*: full-breasted woman; †breast-band (to support the breasts).

tétra- [Gr. 'four']; **-corde**¹⁵ [Gr. *chordé*, chord], *m.*: tetrachord. **-èdre**¹² [Gr. *hédra*, base], *m.*: tetrahedron; *adj.*: tetrahedral. **-gone**¹⁵ [Gr. *gónos*, angle], *m.*: tetragon; *adj.*: tetragonal. **-logie** [Gr. *lógos*, discourse], *f.*: tetralogy. **-mètre** [Gr. *mētron*, measure], *m.* or *adj.*: tetrametre. **-rchat** [*-archie*], *m.*: tetrarchate. **-rehie** [Gr. *tetrarchia* (*árchein*, rule)], *f.*: tetrarchy. **-rue**¹² [Gr. *tetr-árches* (*árchein*, rule)], *m.*: tetrarch.

tétraz¹⁷ [L. *-traz*], *m.*: grouse: — *cupidon*, prairie-hen.

tétra-style [Gr. *-stulos* (*tétra-*, four, *stúlos*, column)], *m.*: (arch.) tetrastyle. **-syllabe**, *m.*: tetrasyllable; *adj.*: **-syllabique**, *adj.*: tetrasyllabic.

tette¹¹ [L. Ger. *títte*], *f.*: TEAT (of animals), dug. **-chèvre**, *m.*: goat-sucker (bird), fern-owl.

tétu¹², **-ne** [*tête*], *adj.*: †headed; head-strong (wilful, stubborn; obstinate); *m.*, *f.*: obstinate person; *m.*: stone-hammer.

teu-ton, **-ne** [L. *-tones*, *pl.*], *adj.*: Teutonic; *m., f.*: Teuton. **-tonique**, *adj.*: Teutonic.

tex-te¹¹ [L. *-tus* (-*ere*, weave), texture], *m.*: text: (scriptural) passage; (*leg.*) purview; *petit —*, (*print.*) brevier; *gros —*, two-line brevier; — *d'examination*, examination paper. **-tile**¹⁷ [L. *-tilis*], *adj.*: =; *m.*: textile fabric. **†tuaire**¹⁶, *adj.*: textuary; *m.*: text-book; text; textualist, textuary. **-tuel**¹⁴, **-lle**, *adj.*: textual;

verbatim. **-tuellement**¹⁴, *adv.*: textually; verbatim. **-ture**¹⁵ [L. *-tura*], *f.*: texture; connection; plot.

thalamé [L. *-mus*], *m.*: (bot.) thalamus.

thaler [Ger.], *m.*: thaler.

Thalie, *f.*: Thalia.

thallium¹⁸ [Gr. *-llós*, 'green' shoot], *m.*: (chem.) thallium.

thalweg¹⁹ -r [Ger. *thal-weg*, 'DALEWAY'], *m.*: line of a valley-bottom, or stream, etc. (valley-bottom, channel, mid-stream).

thapsie [L. L. *-sia*], *f.*: thapsia (deadly carrot).

thaumaturge¹⁶ [Gr. *-gos*, *thaûma*, marvel, érgon, work], *adj.*: thaumaturgi(cal); *m.*: thaumaturgus. **-gie**¹⁸, *f.*: thaumaturgy.

thé¹⁵ [dial. Chin. *té*], *m.*: tea (tea-plant; tea-leaves; tea-party): cabaret (or service) à —, set of tea-things, tea-service.

théâtral [L. *-alis*], *adj.*: theatric(al). **-alement** [-al], *adv.*: theatrically.

théâtré¹³ [L. *theatrum* (Gr. *theâtthai*, see)], *m.*: theatre (playhouse; scene); stage; dramatic works, plays: *monter sur le —*, appear upon the stage, tread the boards; *changement de —*, change of scenery; *de (or du) —*, spectacular, scenic, stage; *coup de —*, stage surprise, unexpected (or striking) event; (*fam.*) *clap-trap*. **-eûle**, *f.*: small theatre.

thébaïde, *f.*: Thebaid; hermit's retreat (in the Egyptian desert); deep solitude.

-bain, **-aine**, *adj.*, or *m.*, *f.*: Theban.

-baïque, *adj.*: Thebaic, (pharm.) of opium. **Thébes**, *f.*: Thebes.

théière [thé], *f.*: tea-pot. **-forme** [thé], *adj.*: theiform (like tea).

théisme, *m.*: theism. **—te** [Gr. *theós*, god], *m.*: theist; *adj.*: theistic.

thématique, *adj.*: thematic, stem.

thème [L. *-ma* (Gr. *the-, put*)], *m.*: theme.

Thémis, *f.*: Themis; justice.

théocratie [Gr. *-tia* (*theós*, god, *krátos*, power)], *f.*: theocracy. **-tique**, *adj.*: theocratic(al).

-tiquement [-tique], *adv.*: theocratically.

Théocrète, *m.*: Theocritus.

théodicee [Gr. *theós*, god, *dike*, justice], *f.*: theodicy.

théodolite [?], *m.*: theodolite.

Théodose, *m.*: Theodosius. **-sien**, *adj.*: Theodosian.

théogonie [Gr. *-gonia* (*theós*, god, *gonós*, generation)], *f.*: theogony. **-gonique**, *adj.*: theogonic.

théologal, **-ale**, *adj.*: theologic(al); *m.*: theologian (teacher of theology in a chapter), canon; *f.*: theologian's office. **-logie**¹⁴ [L. *-logia* (Gr. *theós*, god, *lógos*, dis-

course)], *f.*: theology, divinity. **-logien**, *m.*: theologian, divine. **-logique** [L. *-logicus*], *adj.*: theologic(al). **-logiquement** [-logique], *adv.*: theologically.

théorbe = *teorbe*.

théorème [Gr. *-rema*], *m.*: theorem.

-ricien, *m.*: theorist, theoriser. **—rie** [Gr. *theoría* (*theâtthai*, see)], *f.*: theory.

-rique [Gr. *-rikós*], *adj.*: theoretic(al).

-riquement [-rique], *adv.*: theoretically.

-riser, *intr.*: theorise. **-riste**, *m.*: theorist.

théo-sophe [Gr. *-sophos* (*theós*, god, *sophós*, wise)], *m.*: theosophist. **-sophie** [Gr. *-sophia*], *f.*: theosophy.

thérapié¹⁵ [Gr. *-peutikós* (*-peûcin*, care for)], *adj.*: therapeutic(al); *f.*: therapeutics. **-pie** [Gr. *-peia*], *f.*: therapeutics.

Thérèse, *f.*: Theresa; sort of bird.

théria-cal, *adj.*: theriac(al). **—que**¹² [L. *-ca* (Gr. *ther*, beast)], *f.*: theriac (poison-medicine).

ther-mal [-mes], *adj.*: =: *eaux —es*, warm mineral waters. **-mantique** [Gr. *-mantikós*], *adj.*: (med.) calefacient, stimulant. **—mes**¹⁵ [Gr. *-me*, heat, *WARMTH*], *m. pl.*: (Rom.) *thermæ*; thermal baths.

-midor¹⁷ [Gr. *-me*], *m.*: Thermidor (11th month of the French revolutionary calendar, July 19 to Aug. 17).

-midorien¹⁷, **-enne** [-midor], *adj.* or *m.*: Thermidorian (ref. to the overthrow of Robespierre, 9th of Thermidor).

-momètre [Gr. *mêtron*, measure], *m.*: thermometer. **-mométrique** [-momètre], *adj.*: thermometric.

-moscope [Gr. *skôpein*, examine], *m.*: thermoscope. **-moscopique** [-moscope], *adj.*: thermoscopic.

thésauri-sèr [L. *-zare* (Gr. *the-, put*)], *intr.*: TREASURE, hoard. **-sèur**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: hoarder.

thèse [Gr. *thésis* (*the-, put*)], *f.*: thesis (proposition, essay, dissertation); defence of a thesis: *sortir de la —*, wander from the question; *soutenir — pour*, side with, stand up for; *en — générale*, as a rule.

Thésée, *m.*: Theseus.

Thessalonicien, **-enne**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Thessalonian.

théurgie [Gr. *thourgia* (*theós*, god, *érgon*, work)], *f.*: theurgy (magic art). **-gique** [Gr. *-gikós*], *adj.*: Theurgic(al).

Thibaud, *m.*: Theobald.

thibande [Thibet], *f.*: Thibet cloth, hair-cloth.

thlaspi [Gr. *-pis*], *m.*: (bot.) = (penny-cress).

thon¹³ [L. *thunnus* (Gr.)], *m.*: tunny-fish.

thoracique¹⁶ [Gr. *-rakikós*], *adj.* or *m.*: thoracic. **—rax**¹³ [L., Gr.], *m.*: =.

Thrace, *f.*: Thrace; *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: Thracian.

thridace [Gr. *-daz*], *f.*: (pharm.) lactucarium (lettuce-opium).

thrombus [Gr. *-bos*], *m.*: (surg.) = clot.

Thucydide, *m.*: Thucydides.

thuja [Gr.], *m.*: (bot.) thuya.

thuri-féraire, *m.*: censor-bearer; flatterer. **-fère** [L. *-fer* (thusa, incense, ferre, bear)], *adj.*: thuriferous.

thuya = **thua**.

thyade [Gr. *thúein*, rave], *f.*: bacchante.

thym [L. *-mus*], *m.*: (bot.) thyme, mint.

thymus¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: (anat.) =.

thyroïd [Gr. *thureo-eidés*, shield-shaped], *adj.*: thyroïd.

thyrsé [L. *-sus*], *m.*: =, thyrsus.

tiare¹⁵ [Gr. *-ra*], *f.*: tiara.

Tibère, *m.*: Tiberius.

tibia¹⁵ [L.], *m.*: =. **-1** [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: =.

tie [Germ'c], *m.*: (med.) tie (twitching); bad (or vicious) habit; (vet.) cribbing: — **douloureux**, =, facial neuralgia.

tie tao [echoic], *m.*: tick-tack, ticking, click; pit-pat.

tiè-de^o [L. *tepidus*], *adj.*: **TEPID** (lukewarm); indifferent. **-dement**¹⁵, *adv.*: lukewarmly, with indifference. **tié-deur**¹¹, *f.*: tepidity (lukewarmness); indifference, coldness. **tié-dir**¹⁵, *intr.*: become tepid or lukewarm; grow cool or indifferent.

tién^o, **-eune** [L. *tuus*, cf. *mien*], *pron.*: thine: **le** —, thine; **les** —, thy people or family, thy relatives, thy friends; **un** — **ami**, a friend of thine.

1. tiens, *pl.* of **tien**.

2. tiens [tenir], *interj.*: hold! here! there! look! look here! now then! *m.*: in *un — vaut mieux que deux tu l'auras*, a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

tier-ce, cf. **tier-s**, below. **-exlet**, *m.*: (falc.) =, tercel. **-ement**¹⁵ [cer], *m.*: raise (in price) by a third; outbidding by one third; (*Fr. revol.*) combination of two battalions of volunteers to one of regulars.

-er¹⁵, *tr.*: raise (prices) by a third; distribute (the income of a monastery) in three parts; reduce to one third; plough a third time; *intr.*: raise the price of tickets by one third; play the third man (at tennis).

-eron, *m.*: angle arch. **|| tier-s**^o.

tier-ce [L. *tertius* (ter, THREE)], *adj.*: **THIRD**; of (or to) a third person, etc.; (*med.*) tertian; *m.*: third; third part; third person or party; (for — *état*) commons, people; *f.*: third (of time); (*mus.*) tierce, third; tierce (at cards); (*fenc.*) tiers; (*print.*) press revise, last revise; third person or witness (in convents): *main — ce*, hands of a third person; **-ce major**, (*mus.*) major third; **le — et le**

quart, everybody, all kinds of folk. **-s-point**, *m.*: (*arch.*) tierce-point; (*mech.*) saw-file.

ti-ge^o [L. *tibia*, leg], *f.*: stem (stalk, straw; trunk, body; stock, head; stem-like object); leg (of boots); shank (of candlesticks; of anchors); tail (of a valve); rod: *arbre à basse* —, dwarf tree.

-gelle, *f.*: (*bot.*) tigella (caulicle, radicle).

-gette, *f.*: (*arch.*) honeysuckle ornament (at the springing of a volute).

ti-gnasse [? -gne], *f.*: (*fam.*) old wig; shock of hair. **|| -gnon**¹⁵ [? -gne = *teigne*], *m.*: chignon (back hair of the head).

-gnonner, *tr.*: arrange the chignon of: *se —*, arrange one's chignon; pull one another's hair, snatch caps.

ti-gre¹² [L. *tigris*], *m.*: tiger (the beast; ferocious person; groom); tiger-shell; tiger-beetle; *adj.*: spotted (like a tiger), tiger. **-gré**, *adj.*: spotted, speckled.

-gresse, *f.*: tigress. **-gridie**, *f.*: tiger flower.

tilbury¹⁵ [Eng. coach-builder T.], *m.*: = (gig).

tiliacées [L. *tilia*, linden], *f. pl.*: tiliacea.

til-lac [O.Scand. *thilia*, board], *m.*: deck (of ships; now us'y pont): *faux* —, half deck; *franc* —, deck.

til-lage [-ler], *m.*: stripping (of hemp).

1. til-le [?], *f.*: ax-hammer, adze.

2. til-le [ak. to -llac], *f.*: (*nav.*) cuddly (small cabin or closet).

3. til-le^o [L. *tilia*, linden], *f.*: linden-bast, hemp harl. **-ler**¹⁴, *tr.*: peel or strip (hemp), scutch. **-leul**^o [p. L. *-iolus*], *m.*: linden-tree, lime-tree.

-leur, **-euse** [-ler], *m., f.*: stripper (of hemp), scutcher.

timba-le [fr. Arab.], *f.*: tymbal (kettle-drum); (tymbal-like) cup; battledore; (*pop.*) saucepan; (*cook.*) meat-pie. **-lièr**, *m.*: kettle-drummer.

tim-brage [-brer], *m.*: stamping (of papers, etc.); engraving. **|| tim-bre**¹¹ [L. L. **tymbrys* (L. *tympanum*, drum), 1. drum; 2. helmet], *m.*: 1. sound-chord (of a drum); bell (with a hammer; clock-bell, table-bell; office-bell); (*mus.*) timbre (tone-quality); (*fig.*) head (brain); 2. official stamp (orig. with a helmet design; stamp; postage-stamp; relief stamp, embossed stamp); stamp-duty; stamp-office; (*her.*) helmet: *avoir le — fêlé*, be crack-brained; — *d'affranchissement*, postage-stamp.

-bré [-brer], *adj.*: stamped; cracked: *esprit* (or *cerveau*) —, crack-brained person. **-bre-poste**¹⁵, *pl. — s —*, *m.*: postage-stamp. **-brer**¹², *tr.*: stamp (letters, etc., post-mark); (*her.*) crest. **-breur** [-brer], *m.*: stamper (of documents, etc.).

timi-de¹⁵ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: timid (timorous,

shy, bashful; cautious). **-dément**, *adv.*: timidly, etc. **-dité**¹⁴ [L. *-ditas*], *f.*: timidity.

ti-mon^o [L. *tîmo*], *m.*: (wagon-)pole; (plough-)beam; helm, tiller (of a rudder); helm (direction, government); (*tech.*) draught-bar. **-monerie**, *f.*: (nav.) steerage; signal department. **-monier**¹⁵, *m.*: helmsman (steersman); wheel-horse, wheeler.

timoré [L. *-ratus* (-*r*, fear)], *adj.*: timorous; scrupulous.

tin [L. *tignum*, block], *m.*: cask-stand; block; keel-block.

tinctorial [L. *-tor*, dyer], *adj.*: =.

tine¹⁶ [L. *-na*], *f.*: tub.

tinot [?], *m.*: gambrel (of butchers).

tinotte¹⁴ [-*ne*], *f.*: small tub; kit (of butter), firkin.

tin-tamarre¹⁴ [*tinte à marre*], *m.*: clatter, racket, hubbub. **†-tamarrer**, *intr.*: clatter, make a racket. **-tement**¹³, *m.*: tinkling (tingling, jingle, ringing sound); tolling, toll: — *funèbre*, funeral toll, knell; — *d'oreilles*, tingling in the ears. **†-ter**¹¹ [L. *-nitare* (-*nire*, clink)], *intr.*: tinkle (jingle, ring); toll. **-tin**, *m.*: tinkling, jingle. **-tonin**¹⁴, *m.*: tingling (in the ears); worry, anxiety.

tique¹⁵ [Eng. tick], *f.*: tick (parasite).

tiquer [*tie*], *intr.*: have bad habits (of horses), gnaw the crib.

tiqueté¹⁶ [?], *adj.*: variegated, spotted, speckled.

tiqueur, = **ense** [-*quer*], *m.*: cribber.

ti-r, *m.*: shooting (firing); archery; shooting-gallery; rifle-match; range (of a gun, etc.): — *à la cible*, target-shooting; *justesse de* —, trueness of aim; *société de* —, rifle-club. **-rade**, *f.*: pull(ing); pas-

sage (of prose or verse); strain; tirade (declamatory strain); (*mus.*) trill. **-rage**¹⁵, *m.*: drawing (pulling, pull, tug); draught; towing (of boats); tow-path; drawing (of a lottery); (*print.*) working (working off, pulling, printing); winding off (of silk); stretching (of cloth). **-railler**, *m.*: pulling (about), tugging, pull; twitch(ing); pain, trouble; jar. **-railler**, *tr.*: pull (or haul) about, tug; twitch; plague, worry, tease; *intr.*: fire away; skirmish: *se* —, pull each other about. **-raillerie** [-*railler*], *f.*: irregular (or desultory) firing; skirmishing.

-railleur [-*railler*], *m.*: irregular (or poor) shot; (*mil.*) skirmisher, sharpshooter. **-rant**¹⁵, *part.*: drawing, etc.; *m.*: (purse-)string; tie; boot-strap; brace (of a drum); tie-beam; cramp-iron; gristle; (ship's) draught (of water); gauge: — *sur le vert*, greenish; — *d'eau*, (*nav.*) draft, sea-gauge. **-rasser**¹⁵ [-*asser*], *f.*:

(*hunt.*) draw-net. **-rasser**¹⁵, *tr.*: catch with a draw-net. **ti-re**¹¹, *f.*: stretch, pull, stroke; in *comp.*: drawing; *tout d'une* —, at one stroke, at a stretch; *à d'aile*, cf. below; *vol à la* —, picking pockets; *voleur à la* —, pickpocket. **-ré**, *part.*: drawn, etc.; *m.*: shooting; game; shooting-ground; (*fin.*) drawee; down-bow (in violin playing): — *de loin*, far-fetched. **-re-balle**, *m.*: (*mil.*) worm-screw; (*surg.*) forceps. **-re-botte**, *m.*: boot-jack. **-re-bouehon**, *m.*: cork-screw; ringlet (of hair). **-re-bouehonné**, *adj.*: corkscrew-like; in ringlets. **-re-bourre**, *m.*: wad-book, worm-screw, worm. **-re-bouton**, *m.*: button-hook. **-re-clou**, *m.*: nail-drawer. **-refeu**, *m.*: in *cordon* —, (*artil.*) (tube-) lanyard. **-re-fond**, *m.*: screw-ring; (*cooper's*) head-vice; turrel. **-re-lait**, *m.*: breast-glass, breast-drawer. **-re-larigot**, in *d* —, hard: *boire à* —, drink hard, drink like a fish. **-re-ligne**, *m.*: drawing-pen. **-re-lire**¹² [?], *f.*: money-box. **-re-moelle**, *m.*: marrow-spoon. **-re-pied**, *m.*: shoemaker's stirrup. **-re-point**, **-re-pointe**, *m.*: pricker, piercer. **†-rer**¹⁵ [Germ. *c*, ak. to Eng. *tear*], *tr.*, *intr.*: draw (pull, drag, tug; trace; take out, extract, extricate); tap; milk; stretch (tighten); infer (conclude); (pull the trigger, hence) shoot (fire, fire off, discharge, let fly); (*print.*) pull off, work off; cast (a horoscope); draw near; border; verge: *se* —, extricate one's self, get out, escape; recover; — *bien*, be a good shot or fencer; — *bien l'épée*, be a good swordsman; — *les cartes*, tell fortunes; — *à blanc* (or *à poudre*), fire with blank cartridge; — *à la ligne*, spin out (an article), make pot-boilers; — *à quatre*, press, urge; — *à quatre chevaux*, draw and quarter; — *au sort*, draw lots; draw lots for; *†draw* for the conscription; — *sur le vert* (le jaune, etc.), be greenish (yellowish), etc.; — *parti de*, take advantage of, turn to account; — *satisfaction de*, obtain satisfaction for; — *vanié de*, take a pride in; — *les rideaux*, open the curtains; close the curtains; — *l'or*, wire-draw gold; — *en longueur*, protract; — *des estampes*, pull prints; — *un oiseau*, shoot at a bird; — *une estocade*, (*fenc.*) make a pass; *bon à* —, ready for press; press-proof. **-rachine**, *m.*: (dentist's) stump-forceps. **-re-sac**, *m.*: hoist. **-re-sous**, *m.*: usurer, skinflint. **-ret**, *m.*: dash; hyphen; slip of parchment (to string papers on): — *d'union*, hyphen.

tiretaine [?], *f.*: linsey-woolsey.

ti-reur¹⁴, = **ense** [-*rer*], *m.*, *f.*: drawer

(puller); shooter (shot, marksman, rifleman); fencer; oarsman; withdrawer; pickpocket; drawer (of a bill of exchange): — *d'arc*, archer; — *d'armes*, fencer, fencing-master; — (or *-euse*) *de cartes*, — *d'horoscope*, fortune-teller; — *d'or*, gold-wire-drawer; *bon* —, crack shot. — *-revêille*, *pl.* —, *f.*: man-rope, ladder-rope. — *-roir*¹³ [*-rer*], *m.*: drawer (of tables, etc.), locker; slide; (*mil.*) middle (or second) rank; *pièce* à —, comedy of episodes.

tironien, *-enne* [Tiron], *adj.*: Tironian.

tiša-ne¹³ [L. *ptisana*], *f.*: (*med.*) decoction, diet-drink. — *-nerie*, *f.*: decoction-room.

ti-sard [*-ser*], *m.*: oven-door. — *-ser*, *tr.*: feed with fuel. — *-seur* [*-ser*], *m.*: oven feeder, fireman. — *-son*¹⁵ [L. *titio*], *m.*: fire-brand, brand. — *-sonné*¹⁵, *adj.*: spotted with black; and *cf.* *-sonner*. — *-sonner*, *intr.*: stir the fire, poke the fire. — *-sonneur*¹³, *-euse* [*-sonner*], *m., f.*: person fond of poking the fire. — *-sonnier*, *m.*: poker.

ti-sage, *m.*: weaving; tissue, texture. — *-sage*¹⁵ [mod. form for *†-tre*, L. *texere*], *intr.*: weave. — *-serand*, *m.*: weaver. — *-seranderie*¹² [*-serand*], *f.*: weaver's trade; weaving. — *-su*¹² [part. of *-tre*], *part.*: woven; *m.*: texture (woven fabric, tissue, web), stuff. — *-sure*¹⁵, *f.*: tissue (contexture), arrangement. — *-suterie* [*-sutier*], *f.*: ribbon-weaving. — *-sutier* [*-su*], *m.*: weaver, ribbon-weaver, fringe-maker. — *†-tre*¹⁵ [L. *texere*], *intr.*: weave.

Titan [Gr.], *m.*: Titan.

titane [Gr. *-nos*, white earth], *m.*: (*chem.*) titanium.

titanique¹⁵ [*-lan*], *adj.*: titanic.

Tite, *m.*: Titus. — *-Live*, *m.*: Livy.

Titien, *le* —, *m.*: Titian.

titill-lant, *adj.*: titillating, tickling. — *-lation*¹⁵ [L. *-latio*], *f.*: = (tickling). — *-ler*¹¹ [L. *-lare*], *tr.*: titillate.

ti-tre¹² [L. *-tulus*], *m.*: TITLE (inscription, heading; designation; dignity; just cause, right); title-deed (deed, indenture); standard (of coin); abbreviation-mark: (*hunt.*) relay (of dogs): à — *de*, by right of, in virtue of. — *-tré* [*-trer*], *adj.*: titled; to which a title is attached (of estates). — *-trer*¹¹, *tr.*: title (give a title to); (*chem.*) titrate; *intr.*: assume a title. — *-trier*, *m.*: feutor of the deeds (in a monastery); forger of titles.

titu-bant¹⁵, *adj.*: staggering. — *-bation* [L. *-bateo*], *f.*: = (staggering, reeling). — *-ber*¹⁵ [L. *-bare*], *intr.*: stagger (reel, *†Eng.* titubate).

titulaire¹⁵ [L. *-laris*], *adj.*: titular; appointed, regular; *m., f.*: titular (incumbent), head.

toas-t [Eng.], *m.*: =. — *-tør*, *tr.*: toast, drink a health to.

Tobie, *m.*: Tobias.

too [echoic], *interj.*: rap! whack! *m.*: rap, knock; *adj.*: (*pop.*) crazy; bad.

to-cane [?], *f.*: new (unfermented) wine.

toosin¹³ [*toquer*, L. *signum*, sign, l. l. 'bell'], *m.*: = (alarm-bell): *sonner le* — *sur*, raise a hue and cry after.

toddy [Eng.], *m.*: =.

todier, *m.*: tody (small bird).

toge¹³ [L. *-ga* (*tegere*, cover)], *f.*: toga.

tohu-bohu [Hebr., 'desolation (and) waste'; Gen., of the earth], *m.*: "without form, and void," chaos; confusion, jumble; uproar.

toi¹⁵ [L. *tē*], *pron.*: THEE, thyself; thou.

toi-le¹⁵ [L. *tela* (*tec*, weave)], *f.*: (TEXTILE or woven fabric) cloth (of linen, hemp, or cotton); linen (-cloth); canvas (sail; for painting; painting, piece); (*theat.*) curtain; (spider's) web; *pl.*: (*hunt.*) toils: — *ci-rée*, oil-cloth; — *grasse*, tarred cloth; — *peinte*, printed calico, cotton print; — *à matelas*, ticking; — *à peindre*, printing canvas; — *d'araignée*, cobweb; spider-work; — *à sacs*, sack-cloth; — *de chan-vre*, canvas; *marchand de —s*, linen-draper. — *-lerie* [*-lier*], *f.*: linen-drapery. — *-lette*¹⁵, *f.*: small piece of cloth; wrapping cloth; *us'ly* TOILET (dressing-table cloth; dressing table; dressing, attiring, dress, attire); toilet-glass; trimming: *ca-binet de —*, dressing-closet, dressing-room; *salle de —*, lavatory; *grande —*, full dress; *marchande* (or *revendeuse*) *à la —*, wardrobe-dealer; old-clothes woman. — *-lier*, *-ère*, *m.*: dealer in linen; linen-cloth maker; *adj.*: of linen, linen.

toi-še¹⁵ [L. *tēsa* (*tendere*, stretch)], *f.*: = (measure, about 6 feet; fathom). — *-sé*, *part.*: measured, etc.; *m.*: measuring; mensuration. — *-sor*¹², *tr.*: measure (by the toise); survey; eye from head to foot: *se —*, be measured; eye each other.

-seur¹⁵ [*-ser*], *m.*: measurer, surveyor.

toison¹⁵ [L. *tōsio* (*tondere*, shear)], *f.*: fleece: — *d'or*, golden fleece.

toi-t¹⁵ [L. *tectum* (*tegere*, cover)], *m.*: roof (house-top; dwelling); top (of a mine); sty: — *à cochons*, pig-sty; *sous les —s*, in a garret; *sur les —s*, on the house-tops; *par dessus —*, manifestly; exorbitantly. — *-ture¹⁵ [L. *tectura*], *f.*: roofing; roof.*

tokai, *-kay* [Tokay, in Hungary], *m.*: Tokay (-wine).

tôle [provinc. *taule* = table], *f.*: sheet-iron; plate.

tolé-rable¹³ [L. *-rabilis*], *adj.*: tolerable. — *-rablement*¹⁵ [*-rable*], *adv.*: tolerably. — *-rance*¹³ [L. *-rantia*], *f.*: toler-

ance (toleration; sufferance; endurance); (coin.) deduction, allowance. **-rant**, *adj.*: tolerant; indulgent. **-rantisme** [*-rant*], *m.*: too great toleration; system of toleration. **-rateur**, *m.*: tolerator. **-ration**¹⁵ [*L. -ratio*], *f.*: toleration. **||-re**¹⁵ [*L. -rare (tol., lift)*], *tr.*: tolerate (bear, endure, suffer, allow): *se* —, be tolerated; tolerate each other.

tolerie [*-lier*], *f.*: sheet-iron manufacture; flattening-mills; sheet-iron goods.

to-let [*Germ'c*], *m.*: (nav.) THOLE(-pin). **-letière**, *f.*: rowlock.

tôlier [*-le*], *m.*: sheet-iron manufacturer or worker.

tollé¹⁵ [*I've of L. tollere, take away*], *m.*: outcry, hue and cry: *crier* — *sur*, raise a hue and cry against.

tomahawk -ok [*Am. Ind.*], *m.*: —.

tomaïson [*tome*], *f.*: volume number.

tomate [*Sp. (fr. Mex.)*], *m.*: tomato.

tembac [*Sp. (fr. Malay)*], *m.*: = (alloy of copper and zinc).

tombal [*-be*], *adj.*: tomb-.

tombant, *adj.*: falling (down), flowing; drooping; vanishing; decadent: *étoile* —, shooting star; *nuît* —, approaching night, nightfall.

tombe^o [*p. L. tumba*], *f.*: tomb (tomb-; grave).

tombé [*-ber*], *part.*: fallen, etc.; that has failed, unsuccessful; run down; neglected; enfeebled by age, time-worn; less; *f.*: (*-bée*), see the word.

tombeau¹¹ [*dim. of L. tumbus*], *m.*: tomb (tombstone, sepulchral monument; grave; death).

tôm-bée [*-ber*], *f.*: fall; falling: — *de la nuit*, nightfall; — *de l'eau*, (nav.) falling tide. **-belier** [*cf. -bureau*], *m.*: carter.

||-ber [*fr. Germ'c, ak. to Eng. tumble*], *intr.*: fall (fall down; tumble; drop down; sink; decay, droop; abate, die away; fall away); approach (of night or day), break in; (nav.) sag; *tr. (pop.)* knock down: — *bien* (or *mal*), be right (or wrong); be lucky (or unlucky); come seasonably (or unseasonably); meet the right (or wrong) person; *faire* —, make fall, cause to fall; throw (or knock) down; overthrow, upset; shower down; trip up; betray; — *d'accord*, agree; *laisser* —, let fall, drop; let down; let go down (of the fire); *se laisser* —, get a fall; — *en enfance*, become childish; *le jour tombe*, the day is closing; — *de fièvre en chaud mal* (or — *de la poêle dans la braise*), jump from the frying pan into the fire. **-bureau**¹², *m.*: TUMBREL (dump-cart; rough cart); convict-cart (for taking prisoners to the place of execution); cartload; small fishing-pool; bird-trap. **-berelle** [*f. -bureau*],

f.: partridge-net. **-beur**, *m.*: demolisher, labourer engaged in tearing down.

tombola [*It.*], *f.*: = (kind of lottery).

tome [*L. -mus (Gr. -mos, section)*], *m.*: = (volume): *faire le second* — *de*, be the counterpart of, resemble exactly.

tomentoux, = **enche** [*L. -tum, hair*], *adj.*: tomentose (covered with woolly hairs, downy).

1.ton^o, *m., f., ta, f., tes, pl. m., f. [L. tuus]*, *pron.*: THY.

2.t-on^o [*L. tonus*], *m.*: tone (sound, note, tune; pitch; style; tenor; temper; effect); strain; breeding; fashion: *bon* —, good breeding, good manners; fashion; *de bon* —, well-bred, genteel; lady-like; *donner le* —, give the tone; lead the fashion; (*mus.*) pitch, tone; *le prendre sur un* —, assume airs; *le prendre sur un ton de fierté*, take a high tone; *changer de* —, sing another tune, change one's tune.

-onal, *adj.*: —. **-onalité** [*-onal*], *f.*: tonality. **-onariôn** [*Gr.*], *m.*: (*antiq.*) flute giving the tone to orators.

ton-daison¹⁵, *f.*: shearing; shearing-time. **-deur**, = **enche**, *m., f.*: shearer, clipper; *f.*: shearing-machine. **||ton-dre**^o [*p. L. tondere (L. -dère)*], *tr.*: shear (clip, crop, fleece, shave): — *une haie*, clip a hedge; — *sur un œuf*, skin a flint. **-du**, *part.*: shorn, etc.; *m.*: shavelling: *il n'y avait que trois* — *et un pelé*, there was nothing but ragtag and bobtail.

ton-nicité [*-nique*], *f.*: tonicity. **-nique** [*2.ton*], *adj.*: tonic; *m. (med.)* tonic; *f.*: (*mus.*) tonic; key tone, key. **†-nisme**, *m.*: tonicity.

tonlien^o [*L. teloneum (Gr. tel-oneton, toll-pay)*], *m.*: market-toll (paid for exposing in a market).

tonnage [*tonne*], *m.*: —.

tonnant [*tonner*], *adj.*: thundering: *Jupiter* —, Jupiter tonans, thundering Jove.

ton-ne^o [*p. L. tunna (? Germ'c)*], *f.*: TUN (large cask; measure of 252 gallons); (*nav.*) TON (weight of 1000 kil.); (*conch.*) tun-shell; (*nav.*) can-buoy; — *d'or*, 'tun of gold' (certain large sum of money, different in different countries).

-neau¹¹, *m.*: tun (barrel; cask); measure of about a hogshead; (*nav.*) TON (cubic metre of space; 1000 kil. of weight): *enfoncer un* —, stave a cask; *mettre un* — *en perée*, broach a cask; — *percé*, leaky cask; spendthrift; — *de Diogène*, Diogenes tub; — *des Danaïdes*, sieve of the Danaïdes.

-neler¹⁵ [*-nelle*], *tr.*: (*hunt.*) tunnel (catch in a tunnel-net); catch, win over, induce.

-nelet [*-neau*], *m.*: small cask, keg. **-nelier** [*-neler*], *m.*: (*hunt.*) tunneler.

-nelier¹² [*-neau, old -nel*], *m.*: cooper. **-nelle**¹⁴ [*-neau, old -nel*], *f.*:

arbour (bower); tunnel-net; fishing-net.
-nellerie [-*nelier*], *f.*: cooperage (cooper's trade); (*monast.*) wine-cave.

ton-ner^o [L. *tonāre*], *intr.*: THUNDER (roar); inveigh: il -ne, it thunders.
-nerre^o [p. L. *-nitrum* (L. *-nitrus*)], *m.*: thunder (roar of thunder; †Eng. thunderbolt); (*poet.*) cannon: *coup* (or *éclat*) de —, peal of thunder; — *de Dieu!* by Jove! confound it!

toussille¹⁵ [L. *-llæ*], *f.*: tonsil.

ton-sure¹⁴ [L. *-sura* (*tondere*, shear)], *f.*:
 =. **-suré** [-*surer*], *part.*: tonsured; *m.*: tonsured person, priest. **-surer**, *tr.*: give the tonsure to, shave the crown of.
ton-te [L. *-dere*], *f.*: shearing; shearing-time.

tonti-ne [It. *-na* (*Tonti*, inventor)], *f.*:
 =. **-nier**, **-ère**, *m., f.*: tontine annuitant; *adj.*: tontine.

ton-tisse [-*te*], *adj.*: of shearings (of cloth); *f.*: hangings coated with shearings: *bouffe* —, cloth-shearings, flock; *papier* —, flock-paper. **-ture**¹⁵ [-*te*], *f.*: shearing(s); cutting; mowing; fluff (of cloth); (*nav.*) sheer; — *de drap*, flock.

topaze [L. *-zius* (Gr. *-zos*, isle in the Red Sea)], *f.*: topaz.

tôpe [Skt. *stūpa*], *f.*: tope (Buddhist sepulchre).

toper or **tô** [Ger. *toppen*, accept], *intr.*: cover (an adversary's) stake, agree, consent: *je tôpe à cela*, I agree to that; *tope!* *tope là!* agreed! done! *tope et tinqué*, dice game.

tophacé [L. *-faceus*], *adj.*: tophaceous (gritty). **-phus** [L. *-tus*], *m.*: (*med.*) =.

topique [Gr. *-pikós* (-*pos*, place)], *adj.*: local; topic(al); *m.*: (*rhet., med.*) topic; *f.*: (*rhet.*) art of finding topics; *m. pl.*: treatise on topics.

topo-graphie¹⁵ [Gr. *-gráphos* (*tópos*, place, *gráphein*, describe)], *m.*: topographer.

-graphie [L. *-graphia*], *f.*: topography.

-graphique [-*graphie*], *adj.*: topographic(al).

toquade [-*quer*], *f.*: (*pop.*) infatuation; whim, hobby.

toque¹⁵ [fr. Celt.], *f.*: flat cap, muffin cap; lady's bonnet.

toquer¹⁴ [variant of *toucher*], *tr.*: touch, hit, knock; offend; (*pop.*) craze.

toquet [-*que*], *m.*: = (sort of cap).

tor-che^o [p. L. **ca* (L. *-quere*, twist)], *f.*: TORCH (? orig. as surrounded with tow; link); pad twist (on the head, for carrying vessels, etc.); pad (saddle cushion); bunch of straw; skein; package of wire; paint-rag. **-ché**, **-ée**, *part.*: wiped, etc.; *f.*: (*pop.*) blows, set-to: (*fam.*) *mal* —, badly dressed; ragged; poorly done; *bien* —, well done. **-che-cul**, *m.*: (low) closet-

paper, bumfodder; worthless writing, trash. **-che-nez**, *m.*: twitch (for holding a horse). **-che-pinceau**, *m.*: paint-rag. **-che-pot**, *pl.* —, *m.*: nuthatch (bird). **-cher**¹⁵, *tr.*: wipe (rub or wipe clean); beat, drub; cover (a wall) with clay mixed with straw (cf. *torchis*); rough-cast; braid (basket rims); do in haste: *se* —, wipe one's self, be wiped; have a fight. **-chère**, *f.*: cresset, candelabrum. **-chette**, *f.*: wisp of straw; clout; fish-basket. **-chie**¹² [-*cher*], *m.*: clay mixed with straw (for plastering walls, etc.; *prov. Eng. cob*): *mur de* —, cobwall. **-chon**¹¹, *m.*: dish-cloth, dish-clout; duster; wisp of straw; slattern.

tor-dage, *m.*: twisting; twist. **-d-be-yaux**, *m.*: strong liquor, rotgut. **-dour**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: twister, wringer; throwster (of silk); *f.*: wringing-machine. **-d-nez**, *m.*: twitch (to hold horses). || **tor-dre**^o [p. L. **tor-cere* (L. *-quere*)], *tr.*: twist (wring, wrench, writhe; contort); throw (silk): *se* —, twist, writhe.

toré [L. *-rus*], *m.*: (*arch., bot.*) torus.

toréador [Sp. *torreador* (*toro*, bull)], *m.*: torreador (bull-fighter).

tormentille¹⁵ [*tourment*], *f.*: (*bot.*) tormentil.

termi-nal, **-neur** [L. *-nalis*, *-nexus* (*tor-quere*, twist)], *adj.*: terminous (gripping).

1. **toron** [?], *m.*: strand (of a rope).

2. **toron** [-*re*], *m.*: (*arch.*) torus.

tor-pédo [L. *-pedo* (-*pere*, be torpid)], *m.*: torpedo (fish giving electrical shocks; explosive engine). **-neur** [L. *-por*], *f.*: torpor, torpidity. **-pille**¹⁵ [p. L. **picula*], *f.*: = **-pédo**.

tor-quer [-*quere*], *tr.*: twist (tobacco). **-quet**, *m.*: snare, trap: *donner un* — *à*, take in, humbug; *donner dans le* —, fall into the snare, be taken in. **-quette** [-*che*], *f.*: wicker-basket, fish-basket.

torré-faction, *f.*: torrefaction. || **-fêr** [L. *torre-facere*], *tr.*: torrefy.

torren-t¹⁵ [L. *-s* (*torrere*, burn)], *m.*: = (boiling or rushing stream, rapid flow).

-tueur, **-euse**, *adj.*: torrent-like, torrential.

torride [L. *-dus* (*torrere*, burn)], *adj.*: torrid.

tor-sé^o [p. L. *torsus* (L. *tortus*)], *adj.*: twisted (wry, contorted, crooked); wreathed. **-sade**, *f.*: twisted fringe or cord, twist; bullion (of epaulettes). 1. **tor-se**, *f.* of *tors*.

2. **tor-se** [It. *-so* (? L. *thyrsus*, stem)], *m.*: torso (trunk of a body without arms and head).

tor-ser [-*s*], *tr.*: twist (a column). **-sion**¹⁴ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: =, twisting; tortuousness.

tor-t° [p. L. *tor-tum*, L. *-tus*, twisted (-quere, twist)], m.: wrong (error; harm, detriment): *à* —, wrong(ly); *à* — *ou* *à* *droit* (or *raison*), right(ly) or wrong(ly); *à* — *et* *à* *travers*, at random, indiscriminately; madly; right or wrong; *avoir* —, be wrong, be in the wrong, be mistaken; *donner* — *à* *quelqu'un*, say (or show) that any one is wrong; decide against; disapprove; blame; condemn; *mettre quelqu'un dans son* —, leave one no excuse.

-ticolis [L. *-tus*, *collum*, neck], m.: = (wry-neck).

-til [-tile], m.: (her.) =, baron's wreath.

-tile [L. *-tilis*], adj.: = (twisted).

-tiillage [-tiller], m.: confused language, rigmarole; shuffling.

-tillard [-tiller], m.: twisted elm.

-tille, f.: winding (or meandering) walk.

-tillement [-tiller], m.: twisting (twist, wrench); twitching; shuffling (shift, evasion).

-tiller [-tiller], tr.: twist (wind; wrench); wriggle; twitch; waddle, limp; shuffle; hesitate; (*pop.*) gobble up: *se* —, wriggle, writhe, etc.

-tillière = *-tille*.

-tillelon [-tiller], m.: †sort of country girl's cap; †country servant-girl; twisted cloth (twist); pad-twist (on the head, for carrying things); (*prov.*) crown cake.

-tillon [-tillon], adj.: embarrassed, ill at ease.

-tionnaire [-tio, twist], adj.: (*leg.*) tortious (wrongful); of torture; m.: torturer.

-tionnairement [-tionnaire], adv.: wrongfully.

-tis° [*p. L. *ficius*, m.: twist; †garland; (*her.*) circle of beads.

-tu [-tue] [L. *-tus*], adj.: crooked (tortuous; bandy); f.: TORTUOSE (turtle); testudo (Rom. shield for a body of men); (kitchen-)vessel; transport-vessel.

-tuer [-tu], tr.: make crooked, bend: *se* —, grow crooked, crook, bend.

-tueusement [-tueuz], adv.: tortuously.

-tueur [-tueur] [L. *-tuor*], adj.: tortuous (winding, crooked; indirect, deceitful, crafty).

-tuosité [-tuosité] [L. *-tuositas*], f.: tortuosity, crookedness.

-ture [-tura] [L. *-tura*], f.: = (rack): *mettre à la* —, torture, put on the rack.

-turer [-ture], tr.: torture, put on the rack; strain (a text, etc.).

tory [Eng.], m.: Tory.

-sme [fr. Eng.], m.: Toryism.

tos-can, -cane, adj. or m., f.: Tuscan.

||Tos-cane, f.: Tuscany.

toste, -ter = *toast, -ter*.

tôt [for *tout*; deriv. ?], adv.: soon (shortly, promptly, quick): *bien* —, *plus* —, sooner, earlier; *le plus* —, the soonest, the earliest; *au plus* —, at soonest, as soon as possible.

tota-l [L. **-lis* (*totus*, whole)], adj.: =; m.: = (whole sum).

-lement, adv.: totally.

-liser, tr.: totalise, sum up.

-lité, f.: totality.

totem [Amer. Ind.], m.: = (family pole).

toton [L. *-tum*, whole], m.: teetotum (of lettered blocks).

touage [touer], m.: (nav.) towage, towing.

touaille [OHG. *duhailla* (*duahan*, wash)], f.: roller TOWEL.

tou-ehable, adj.: =. **-chant**, adj.: touching (affecting, moving, impressive); m.: the touching (impressive); *prep.*: touching (concerning; regarding, with regard to).

-chau(d), m.: touch-needle.

-che [-che], f.: touch (touching, hit; stroke); trial; (*mus.*) key; finger-board; fret; stop; (*print.*) inking: *pièce de* —, touch-stone.

-ché, part.: touched, etc.: *bien* —, well done (or written, said, hit, etc.), to the point, successful.

-che-à-tout, m.: meddler.

-chement, m.: touching; receiving.

||-cher [OHG. *zuchen*, ak. to Eng. *tuck, tug*], tr., intr.: TOUCH (handle, feel; concern; affect, move, impress; allude; play; †Eng. try); assay; receive (money); beat (strike, whip); reach, approach; be alike; (*nav.*) strike ground; (*print.*) ink; depict (draw, paint); *refl.* touch, etc., each other, touch, meet; join, be adjoining; be touched, etc.; be related; m.: touch (feeling; contact; mode of playing): — *dans la main*, give one's hand, shake hands with; *toucher-ld!* give me your hand! shake hands! agreed! — *ses appointements*, receive one's salary; *se laisser* — *par*, be affected by; *ce poète touche bien les passions*, that poet expresses the passions well: — *de près à*, be nearly related to; *au* —, by the touch.

-cheur [-cheur], m.: toucher; cattle drover.

tou-coi [tout, cot], intr.: (hunt.) charge! down!

tou-e [-e], f.: towing; barge, ferry-boat.

-ée [-ée], f.: towage: *amarre de* —, towline.

||-er [-er] [Eng. *tow*], tr.: ROW, warp: *se* —, (*nav.*) haul ahead, kedg.

-eur, m.: towing-boat.

touffe [-tuffa] [fr. Germ. *c*, ak. to Eng. *tuft*], f.: TUFT (cluster, bunch, clump); wisp; tuft of hair, toupet.

touffeur [-tuffeur] [in *étouffer*], f.: (*fam.*) puff of heat, stifling heat.

touffu [-tuffu], adj.: tufted (bunchy, clustered), bushy, leafy.

toug = *toue*.

toujours [tous, jours], adv.: always (ever, forever; still; nevertheless): — *est-il que*, still; the fact is, however, that; be that as it may; — *est-il vrai que*, it is nevertheless true that; *c'est — cela!* that is something!

toupet [OFr. *toup* (Ger. *zopf*), tuft], m.: = (tuft of hair, forelock, front hair sticking up); pluck; boldness (cheek,

brass, effrontery): *se prendre au* —, take each other by the hair; *son* — *lui prend*, or *son* — *s'échauffe*, he is getting hot (out of temper).

tou-pie¹³, **†-pil** [? ak. to Eng. *top*], *m.*: spinning-top (*top*, *gig*); drab (low woman, strumpet): — *d'Allemagne*, humming-top. **-pillage** [-*piller*], *m.*: spinning about, running to and fro. **-piller**¹³ [-*pil*], *intr.*: spin about, run to and fro or up and down (in a house).

toupillon [OFr. *toup* (cf. *toupet*)], *m.*: little toupet (small tuft); waste branch.

toupin [-*pie*], *m.*: spinning-top (whipped in motion).

1.tour^o [L. *tōrnus*, lathe], *m.*: turning-wheel (lathe; potter's wheel); TURN (revolution; stroll; course; order); TOUR (circuit; journey, trip; tour of duty); circumference; turning-box; manner; feat; device, trick; valance (of beds); wrapper tie (of garments); front (of hair): — *à* —, in turn, by turns, alternately; — *à pointes*, turn-bench; — *d'adresse*, clever trick, legerdemain; — *du bâton*, perquisites; — *de bec*, kiss; — *de cou*, necktie, neck-wrapper, box; — *de force*, feat of strength or skill; feat; — *de gorge*, tucker; — *de main*, sleight-of-hand; legerdemain; workmanship; slight touch; twinkling, trice; — *de promenade*, airing; — *de reins*, sprain of the back; — *de scrutin*, ballot; — *de tête*, bonnet-front; *faire le* —, *de* go round; *faire un* —, take a turn (or walk); *faire le* — *de*, walk round; *faire un* — *de*, take a turn in; *fait au* —, made with a lathe, turned; (*fig.*) beautifully shaped; *jouer* (or *faire*) *un* —, play a trick; *à* — *de rôle*, in turn, in succession.

2.tou-r^o [L. *turris*], *f.*: TOWER, (†Eng. TOUR); (*at chess*) rook, castle. **-raille**, *f.*: malt kiln; corn in the kiln. **-raillon** [-*raille*], *m.*: malt-dust.

touranien, = *enne*, *adj.*: Turanian.

1.tourbe^o [L. *turba*], *f.*: crowd; mob (rabble, vulgar herd).

2.tour-be¹¹ [Germ. *e*, ak. to Eng. *turf*], *f.*: TURF, peat. **-ber**, *intr.*: extract turf or peat. **-beuz**, = *ense*, *adj.*: turfy, peaty. **-bière**¹², *f.*: peat-bog, peat-moss.

tourbil-lon¹¹ [L. *turbo*, whirlwind], *m.*: whirlwind; whirlpool (eddy, vortex); = (fireworks). **-lonnement** [-*lonner*], *m.*: whirling, eddying. **-lonner**, *intr.*: whirl (eddy, wind); *tr.*: whirl down. **-lonneur**, = *ense*, *adj.*: vortice, full of whirlpools or eddies.

tour-d.-delle [L. *turdus*, thrush], *m.*, *f.*: field-fare (bird). **-dille** [L. *tur-dus*], *adj.*: in *gris* —, tawny grey.

tourrelle¹¹ [2.tour], *f.*: turret.

tourret¹² [1.tour], *m.*: small wheel; reel. **tourie** [?], *f.*: wickered jar, demijohn.

tourier [2.tour], *m.*: porter (in a convent).

tourière [1.tour], *f.*: turning-box, attendant (in a convent).

tou-riillon¹² [2.tour], *m.*: pivot axle, spindle; (*artil.*) trunnion.

touriste [2.tour], *m.*: tourist.

tourlouron [?], *m.*: (*pop.*) young foot-soldier.

tourmen-t^o [L. *tormentum* (*torquere*, twist)], *m.*: torment (torture; anguish; scourge; trouble). **-tant** [-*ter*], *adj.*: tormenting, troublesome. **-te**^o -*g*, *f.*: tempest (storm; hurricane); violent commotion, disturbance. **-té**, *part.*: tormented, etc.; uneasy; stormy, boisterous, rough; irregular; polished up, elaborate; forced.

-ter¹¹, *tr.*: torment (torture, rack; grieve, distress; trouble, vex, worry); strain (a ship), rock; jolt; work up (elaborate); overdo; warp: *se* —, torment (or worry) one's self, fret; be restless; move (or toss) about; labour very hard; strain; warp.

-teur, = *ense* [-*ter*], *m.*, *f.*: tormentor; *adj.*: tormenting. **-teux**, = *ense*, *adj.*: stormy. **-tin** [-*te*], *m.*: (*nav.*) storm-jib.

tour-nage, *m.*: turning (on the lathe). **-natler**, *intr.*: (*fam.*) turn round and round, keep turning. **-nant**¹⁴, *part.*: turning, etc.; *m.*: turn(ing); turning-space; vortex, whirlpool, eddy; indirectness, shift; *point* —, revolving bridge; *mouvement* —, (*mil.*) turning, outflanking; *au* — *de la rue*, at the corner of the street.

-né, *part.*: turned, shaped, made, etc.; awry; nearly ripe; turned sour, sour; spoilt; *-née*, cf. below: *bien* —, well turned; well made or shaped, handsome; *mal* —, badly turned; turned out badly; ill-shaped, ill-made; awkward; cross-grained. **-ne-à-gauche**, *pl.* —, *m.*: tap-wrench. **-nebride** [*bride*], *m.*: roadside public house, tavern. **-nebroche** [*broche*], *m.*: turnspit, roasting-jack, kitchen-jack. **-née**, *part. f.*, cf. *-né*; *f.*¹²: turn (round, walk); tour (journey, excursion); visit; circuit; tour of inspection; (*pop.*) bumper all round; drubbing. **-negants**, *m.*: glove-stick. **-ne-main**¹⁵ [*main*], *m.*: trice (instant, twinkling).

-nement¹⁵, *m.*: turning. **-ne-oreille**, *pl.* —, *m.*: (*agr.*) turning mouldboard.

-ne-pierre, *pl.* —, *m.*: turnstone (bird).

||-ner^o [L. *torñare*, turn in a lathe, round off], *tr.*: TURN (turn in a lathe, fashion; turn round, revolve; change round, change, convert; translate; turn off; *mil.* pass round, turn the flank of, outflank; turn sour, spoil); trip, slip (of the tongue); run down, wear (shoes) on one side; *intr.*: turn (turn round, etc.); ripen colour; turn

up (of cards): *se* —, turn (turn round or about; change, be changed); — *à son gré*, manage as one likes; — *tout en bien*, put a good construction upon everything; *la tête me tourne*, my head is giddy; *la tête lui a tourné*, he has lost his senses; — *autour du pot*, beat about the bush; — *du côté de*, go over to; — *mal*, come out ill (or to no good); *faire* —, make turn, etc.; turn, twirl, spin. **-nesol**¹³ [sol], m.: (bot.) turnsol, girasol, heliotrope, sunflower. **-nette**¹⁵, f.: squirrel's cage; reel; cotton-winder. **-neur**¹², m.: turner. **-ne-vent**, pl. —, m.: chimney-cowl, turncap. **-ne-vis** [vis], m.: screw-driver, turn-screw. **-niquet**¹⁵, m.: turnstile (turnpike); swivel; screw-jack; sash-pulley; (fish.) winch, reel; (surg.) tourniquet; (ent.) whirligig. **-nis**¹², m.: (vet.) turnsick, staggers. **-noi**¹² [-noyer], m.: tourment. **-noisement**¹², **-noiment** [-noyer], m.: turning (or wheeling) round, wheeling; whirling, eddying; (vet.) turnsick, staggers: — *de tête*, swimming of the head. **-nois** [city, Tours], invar. adj.: of Tours: *livre* —, Tours livre (ab. 20 cents). **-noyer**¹¹, intr.: turn round and round, wheel round, whirl, twirl, eddy; shuffle, beat about the bush. **-nure**⁶ [p. L. *tōrnatūra*, f.: = (turn, contour, figure, shape; bustle); cast, appearance; style; turn, direction; (tech.) turnings: *avoir bonne (mauvaise)* —, have a good (bad) figure. **tour-te**⁶ [L. *tōrta* (?)], f.: TART, fruit-pie. **-teau**¹¹, m.: small cake; (agr.) oil-cake; hermit-crab. **-telet**, m.: thin cake. **-telette**, f.: tartlet, patty. **tourte-reau**⁶, m.: young turtle-dove. **-relle**¹¹ [L. *turtur* (cf. *tourtre*)], f.: turtle-dove. **tourtière** [-te], f.: tart-dish. †**tourtre**⁶ [L. *turtur* (?) echoic], f.: dove (for the table). **tous**, cf. *tout*. **tousselle**¹⁵ [L. *tonsus*, sheared], f.: beardless wheat. **toussaint**¹² [tous, saints], f.: (fête understood): All-Saints' day. **tous-ser**⁶ [L. *tussire*], intr.: cough; hem. **-serie**, f.: habitual coughing. **-seur**¹¹, **-euse**, m., f.: cougher. **tou-**⁶ [L. *tōtus*, pl. *tous* (as attrib., before const), *tous* (before vow.), *tous* (us'ly otherwise), adj.: (before le or pron.) whole, all; (before noun or adj.) every, any; full; m. (pl. -te) whole, all; every one, everything; chief; adv. (-te, pl. -tes, before fem. adj. with consonant initial): wholly (entirely, completely, all); quite, very; for all; although (however): *-te la famille*, the whole family, all the family; — *le jour*, the whole day, all

day; — *homme*, every man, any man; — *s les jours*, all the days, every day; — *s les deux jours*, every second day; — *s les huit (quinze) jours*, every week (fortnight); *-tes les fois* *que*, every time that, as often as, whenever; — *un*, a whole; *eux (nous, etc.) tous*, all of them (of us, etc.); *par* —, all over, all about; *du* —, not at all; *du* — *au* —, all in all; entirely; *pas* (or *point*) *du* —, not at all; none at all; no such thing; *rien du* —, nothing at all; *voilà* —, that is (or was) all; *plusieurs* — *s distincts*, several distinct wholes; — *beau!* — *doux!* gently! softly! hold! stop a little! don't! — *d coup*, suddenly, at once; — *d'un coup*, all on a sudden; — *d fait*, entirely, quite, altogether; exactly; — *fait*, ready-made; cut and dried; — *d l'heure*, presently, by and by; just now, a moment ago; †this instant (immediately); — *au moins*, at the least; — *au plus*, at the most; — *d vous*, wholly yours, yours truly; — *en* (+ *pres. part.*), while, whilst; while . . . still; (al)though; — . . . *que*, however, as, in spite of all; though. **-te-bonne**¹⁵, pl. — *s*, f.: (bot.) all-good, clary (pear). **-te-épice**, pl. — *s*, f.: allspice. **-te-fois**¹⁴ [fois], adv.: however (nevertheless, still, yet). **-t-ensemble**, pl. —, m.: = (all massed together, general effect). **-te-pré-sence**, f.: omnipresence; ubiquity. **-te-puissance**¹⁵, f.: omnipotence. **-te-saine**, pl. — *s*, f.: (bot.) TUTISAN. **-te-seigneurie**, f.: omniscience. **-te-table(s)**, m.: tables (backgammon). **tou-tou** [echoic], m.: (child.) doggy, bow-wow; (fam.) little child, tot. **tout-puissant**, f. **-e-puissante**, pl. m. — *s*, f. — *es* — *es*, adj.: almighty (omnipotent, all-powerful); m.: Almighty, Omnipotent. **toux**⁶ [L. *tussis*], f.: cough(ing): — *qui sent le rapin*, — *de renard*, churchyard cough. **tox-** . . . [Gr. *toxikón* (-zon, bow, i.e. for arrows)]: — **-émie** [Gr. *haima*, blood], f.: toxæmia (blood-poisoning). **-icité**⁶, f.: poisonousness. **-icologie** [Gr. *lōgos*, discussion], f.: toxicology. **-icologique** [-icologie], adj.: toxicologic(al). **-ique**, adj.: toxic (poisonous); m.: poison. **traban**¹⁵ [ak. to Ger. *trabant*], m.: yeoman of the guard, halberdier. **tra-be** [L. -bes, beam], f.: (her.) banner-staff; anchor-stock. **-bée** [L. -bea], f.: trabea (Rom. striped toga). †**trac**¹⁴ [Eng. *track*], m.: track; pace (of horses). **tracant** [-cer], part.: tracing, etc.; running (of roots). **tra-cas** [-casser], m.: bustle (stir; confu-

sion); worry; drudgery. **||-casser**¹⁴ [*-quer*], *intr.*: bustle (stir; be busy); putter; fidget; meddle; *tr.*: worry (bother, annoy, tease); *se —*, worry one's self; annoy (or tease) each other. **-casserie**¹⁵, *f.*: annoyance (bother); chicane (cavil); bickering; broil (quarrel). **-cassier**, *-ère*, *m., f.*: troublesome person (mischievous-maker, pesterer); tease; chicaner, caviller; busy-body; *adj.*: troublesome; (annoying, bothering, pestering, mischief-making); cavilling.

tra-ee¹¹, *f.*: = (vestige, footstep, step, track; mark, sign); outline, sketch; (*hunt.*) trail, slot (of deer). **-éé**, *part.*: traced, etc.; *m.*: tracing, outline, draught, sketch, plan; laying out (of grounds); line, direction: *faire le — de*, sketch, lay out. **-ement**¹⁵, *m.*: tracing, laying out (of grounds). **||-epr**^o [*p. L. *etiāre* (*L. etus*, drawn)], *tr.*: trace (mark out, draw, delineate, sketch); lay out (grounds, etc.); *intr.*: run out, spread their roots. **-eet**, *ret*, *m.*: (carpenter's) tracer. **-eur**, *-euse*, *m., f.*: tracer.

tra-chéal, *adj.*: tracheal. **||-chée** [*L. -chia* (*Gr. -chūs*, rough)], *f.*: trachea (of plants and insects). **-chée-artère**, *pl. —s—s*, *f.*: trachea (windpipe). **-chéite**, *f.*: (*med.*) trachitis. **-chéotomie** [*Gr. tomē*, cutting], *f.*: tracheotomy.

trachyte [*Gr. -chūs*, rough], *f.*: (*min.*) =.

traçoir [*-cer*], *m.*: tracer (marking-tool).

traction¹⁵ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =.

tradi-teur [*L. -tor*], *m.*: (*ecc. hist.*) traditor.

||-tion¹⁵ [*L. -tio* (*tra-dere*, hand over)], *f.*: =; delivery. **-tionnaire**, *adj.*: traditional. **-tionnel**, *-lle*, *adj.*: traditional. **-tionnellement** [*-tionnel*], *f.*: traditionally.

tra-ducteur¹⁵ [*L. -ductor*], *m.*: translator.

-duction¹⁵ [*L. -ductio*], *f.*: translation.

||-duire¹⁵ [*L. traducere* (*trans*, over, *ducere*, bring)], *irr. §*; *tr.*: translate (render, interpret); convert; (*leg.*) arraign, indict: *se —*, be translated or rendered; manifest itself, be shown, appear; be converted; — *à livre ouvert*, translate at sight. **-duisible**, *adj.*: translatable.

§ Ind.: *Pr. tra-duit, -duis, -duit; -duiseurs*, etc. *Imp. traduisait*. *Prét. traduisit*. *Fut. (Cond.) traduira(s)*. — *Subj.*: *Pr. traduise*. *Imp. traduissiez*. — *Yve traduisit*. — *Part.*: *Pr. traduisant*; *P. traduit*.

trafi-o¹⁴ [*L. -cum*], *m.*: traffic, trading: *faire — de*, traffic in, deal in. **-quant**, *part.*: trafficking; *m.*: trafficker. **-quer** [*L. -care* (? **trans-ficare*, do over)], *intr.*: traffic (trade, deal).

tra-gédie¹² [*L. -gadia* (*Gr. -gos*, goat, *odē*, song)], *f.*: tragedy. **-gédien**, *-enne*¹⁵, *m., f.*: tragedian. **-gi-co-**

médie¹⁵, *f.*: tragi-comedy. **-gi-comique**, *adj.*: tragi-comic(al). **-gique**¹⁵ [*L. -gicus*], *adj.*: tragic(al); *m.*: tragedy; tragedian (actor or writer); tragicalness; tragic part: *prendre au —*, take too seriously; *tourner au —*, assume a tragical appearance. **-giquement** [*-gique*], *adv.*: tragically.

tra-hir^o [*Ofr. traïr*, *p. L. -dire* (*L. tradere*, hand over)], *tr.*: BETRAY (give up faithlessly; abandon; be false to, deceive; faithlessly reveal, divulge, disclose); *se —*, betray one's self or each other. **-hison**^o [*L. -ditio*], *f.*: TREASON (TREACHERY, perfidy); betrayal.

trail-le^o [*L. trāgula*], *f.*: ferry-boat; (*fish.*) trawl-net. **-ler**, *tr.*: pull about, pull and shake (the rope of fishing-net).

train¹² [*traineur*], *m.*: train (suit, follower, retinue, attendants; series, succession, line, assemblage; process, course, manner, turn of events, etc.; railroad-train); rate (pace, movement, swiftness); ordinary course (habit); disposition; bearing (carriage); series of work; raft; fore or hind-quarters (of a horse, etc.); carriage-skeleton; (*print.*) carriage; †set of bad fellows; noise (bustle): — *direct*, through train; — *omnibus* (or *réglementaire*), local train (stopping at every station); parliamentary train; — *d'aller* (or *descendant*), down train; — *de derrière*, hind carriage; hind-quarters (of a horse, etc.); — *de devant*, fore carriage; fore-quarters (of a horse, etc.); — *des équipages*, (*mil.*) wagon-train; — *de luxe*, special train; — *de maison*, establishment; — *de marchandises*, goods or freight train; — *de plaisir*, excursion train; — *de poste*, post-haste; — *de transport*, carriage-truck; — *de vie*, way of living; course of life; *bon —*, good rate; at a good rate, fast; sharply, vigorously; *grand —*, great rate, etc., very fast; *soldats du —*, military train; *à ce —*, at this rate; *en —*, in good (or bad) spirits; enjoying one's self; flustered, mellow, somewhat tipsy; on a fair way, in the act, about it, started, going, on foot; in the act; in a mood (or humour), quite disposed; *aller son —*, go on, still go on; go one's usual (or own) way; have its course; *être en —*, be in the mood; be in good spirits; *fort en —*, in high spirits; *mener grand —*, drive very fast; live in great style; *mettre en —*, put in good spirits (etc., of *en —*), enliven; fluster; make mellow; put in the way (of); dispose, prepare, start; *se mettre en — de*, set one's self about; *tout d'un —*, all together.

trainage, *m.*: dragging; esp. sleighing; *temps du —*, sleighing season. **-nant**¹⁵

part.: dragging, trailing, etc. -**nard**¹⁵, m.: loiterer; straggler. -**nasse**, f.: draw-net; (*hort.*) runner; (*bot.*) knot-grass. -**nasser**¹⁴, tr.: slide along; draw out (drawl out, spin out, protract). **trai-ne**¹⁴, f.: dragging (being dragged), tow; train (of a dress); drag-net; drag (of a rope-walk); brushwood, shady lane: *à la —*, (*nav.*) in tow (at the stern of a ship); *perdre en —*, unfledged part-ridge. -**neau**¹³, m.: sleigh (sledge, sled); trail-net; draw-net. -**ne-buissons**, m.: hedge-sparrow. -**ne-charrue**, pl. —, m.: fallow-finch. -**ne-malheur**, pl. —, m.: wretch. -**ne-potence**, pl. —, m.: gallows-bird (jail-bird, Newgate-bird). **||-ner**¹¹ [? p. L. *trahindre (L. trahere, DRAG)], tr.: DRAG (DRAW); track; drag along, trail; draw out (protract, spin out, delay; languish); intr.: drag (etc.); flag (hang down, droop; be drawn out, etc.); languish, linger: *se —*, drag one's self (crawl, creep along); be dragged, be drawn out (be protracted, etc.); lay behind: — *la jambe (or la patte)*, shuffle along; — *dans la boue*, drizzle, defame; *votre robe ne*, your gown sweeps the ground; *il y a longtemps qu'il ne*, he has been in a lingering state for a long time. -**neur**, -**euse**, m., f.: drawer; loiterer (lagger, straggler); sledge-driver; poacher (using a draw-net): — *de sabre*, sword-dangler, trooper. -**noir**, m.: harrow.

train-poste, pl. —, m.: mail-train. -**train**, m.: regular train; jog-trot, routine.

trai-re¹⁰ [L. trahere], irr. §; tr.: DRAW, (*old*; only in *comp.*; and cf. *trait*); milk. **trai-t**, part.: (wire)-drawn; milked; m.: drawing (of a carriage); TRACE (of harness); leash; DRAUGHT (gulp, swallow; sketch, outline); FEATURE (lineament, †Eng. TRACT); TRAIT (stroke, touch; marked feature, characteristic); dash (of the pen); dart (arrow, shaft, bolt, sharp word); brilliant thought; gold or silver-wire; train of boats; turn (of the scale); fact, event; (*mus.*) passage; relation; (*chess*) first move; kerf (of a saw): — *de chant*, melodic phrase; — *d'esprit*, flash of wit, witticism; — *d'harmonie*, (*mus.*) succession of chords; — *d'union*, hyphen; *bête de —*, beast of draught; *bouton de —*, gold (or silver) wire button; — *pour —*, every feature, to a T; *au —*, in outline; *d longs —s*, in long draughts, deep; *d'un (seul) —*, at a draught, at a stretch; *boire d longs —s*, drink in large draughts, drink deep, quaff; *décocher (lancer) un —*, let fly an arrow, shoot a dart. -**table**¹⁰ [L. tractabilis], adj.: tractable (manageable); ductile, malleable. -**tant** [-ter], adj.:

treating, etc.; practising; m.: farmer of the revenue, contractor. -**te**¹⁴ [-t], f.: transportation, traffic, trade, trading; slave-trade; voyage, journey, trip; draft; banking; milking; †custom-duty; †defalcation: — *des nègres (or des noirs)*, slave-trade; — *des blanches*, sweating-system; *tout d'une —, d'une seule —*, at a stretch, at once; *bâtiment de —*, slave-ship, slaver; *faire la —*, carry on slave-trade; trade with the coast of Africa. 1-**té** [-ter], part.: treated, etc. 2-**té**¹⁰ [L. tractatus], m.: treatise (tract); treaty (agreement, contract). -**tement**¹⁴ [-ter], m.: treatment (management; entertainment); reception; usage; salary, emoluments; (*nav.*) full pay. -**ter**¹⁰ [L. tractare (trahere)], tr., or intr.: TREAT (handle, use; manage; discuss; entertain; treat of; (*chem.*) apply to; negotiate, (†Eng. treat); trade, deal, transact business; execute; come to terms: *se —*, treat one's self or each other; be treated; be sold, sell; — *de*, treat of or for; style; address by the title of; consider; — *en*, treat like or as; — *de haut en bas*, treat with contempt; — *d tant par tête*, board at so much a head. -**teur** [-ter], m.: boarding-house keeper; Louisiana trader.

§ Ind.: Pr. *trai-s*, -s, -t; *tray-ont*, -ez, *traient*. Ipl. *trayais*. Pret. —. Fut. (Cond). *trairais*. — Subj.: Pr. *trai-s*, -et, -t; *tray-ions*, -iez, *traient*. Ipl. —. — I've *trai-s*. — Part.: Pr. *trayant*; P. *trait*.

trai-tre¹², -**resse** [L. trāditor (trādere, hand over)], m., f.: traitor; traitress (treacherous woman); adj.: treacherous (traitorous, perfidious). -**trement**¹², -**treusement**¹⁵, adv.: traitorously, treacherously.

tra-jectoire [L. -jector], f.: trajectory. -**jet** [L. -jectus (trans, beyond, jacere, throw)], m.: course; passage; voyage, journey; (*surg.*) course, direction: *faire le —*, perform the passage. etc.; cross over; run, ply.

tramaill = *trémaill*.

tra-me¹⁰ [L. -ma], f.: woof; plot, course: *ourdir une —*, lay a plot. -**mer**¹⁵, tr.: weave; plot; contrive: *se —*, be woven; be plotted or hatched. -**neur**, -**euse** [-mer], m., f.: weaver.

tramontane¹² [It. -na (L. trans, beyond, mont, mountain), sc. stella], f.: north star (polar star); northwind; north: *perdre la —*, lose sight of the north star; get bewildered, be at a loss, be at one's wit's end. **tram-way** -**oué** [Eng.], m.: —.

tran-chant¹⁰, adj.: cutting, sharp; peremptory; salient; m.: sharp edge, edge; sharpness: *écuyer —*, gentleman-carver; *couleur —e*, glaring colour; *instrument —*, sharp tool, edge-tool; *d deux*

—s, two-edged, double-edged. **tran-**
che¹¹, *f.*: alic (cut); chop, steak; edge
(of a book or coin); (*arith.*) period, set;
rear end (of a breech): *doré sur* —, gilt-
edged; — *de lard*, rasher of bacon.
-ché, -ée, *part.*: cut, etc.; decided, de-
cisive, positive, glaring; *f.*: (**-ché**¹²):
TRENCH ('cut' in the earth, ditch; *mil.*
parallel and approach); clearing (in a
forest); *esp. in pl.*: griping, gripes: *avoir*
des -chées, be griped; *-chées utérines*,
after-pains. **-cheffe**¹⁵ [*file*], *f.*: (book-
bind.) headband; binding (of a shoe);
cross-chain. **-chelard** [*lard*], *m.*: lard-
ing-knife. **-chement**¹³, *m.*: slicing,
cutting. **-che-montagne**¹⁵, *pl.* —, *m.*:
swaggerer, bully. **-che-papier**,
m.: paper-knife. **||-cher**⁶ [O*Fr.* *tren-*
cher, *L.* *truncāre*], *tr.*: cut (cut off;
carve; alic; TRENCH); cut short (decide,
settle; speak out); contrast strongly (be
glaring; clash); cut the figure (of, *du*,
pretend to be, affect): — *court*, cut short;
— *net*, speak plainly; — *du grand*, cut a
big figure, affect a great style, talk big;
— *du grand seigneur*, play the great lord,
lord it; — *du petit-maitre*, affect the
beau. **-chet**¹⁴, *m.*: shoemaker's knife;
paring-knife; punch. **-choir**¹², *m.*:
trencher (wooden plate to cut upon;
plate).

tranquille [*L.* *-lus*], *adj.*: tranquil
(quiet, calm). **-lement**, *adv.*: tranquilly
(quietly, calmly). **-lissant** [*-liser*], *adj.*:
tranquillising. **-liser**¹⁵, *tr.*: tranquillise
(quiet, calm). **-lité**¹² [*L.* *-litas*], *f.*:
tranquillity, calmness.

tran-s., *tran-* bef. *s* [*L.* *trans*, beyond;
trans-]. **-saction**¹⁵ [*L.* *-sactio*], *f.*:
(performance; adjustment). **-salpin** [*L.*
-s-alpinus], *adj.*: transalpine. **-atlan-**
tique, *adj.*: transatlantic. **-sborde-**
mont [*-border*], *m.*: trans-shipment.
-sborder [*bord*], *tr.*: trans-ship; transfer.
-scendance [*-scendans*], *f.*: transcend-
ency. **-scendant**¹⁴ [*L.* *-scendens* (*scan-*
dere, mount)], *adj.*: transcendent. **-scen-**
dental, *adj.*: —. **-scripteur** [*L.*
scriptor, writer], *m.*: transcriber. **-scrip-**
tion [*L.* *-scriptio* (cf. *-scrire*)], *f.*: —.
-scrire [*L.* *-scribere*, write], *irr.* (cf.
écrire); *tr.*: transcribe, copy. **tran-s-**
-sir, *f.*: fearful apprehension (fright,
affright, anxiety). **-sept** [*L.* *septum*, en-
closure], *m.*: —. **-sférable** [*-sférer*],
adj.: transferable. **-sfèrement** [*-sfé-*
rer], *m.*: transfer, removal; transport.
-sferer¹³ [*L.* *-s-ferre* (BEAR)], *tr.*: trans-
fer, transport; translate (a bishop); post-
pone. **-sferer** [*-sférer*], *m.*: transfer. **-sfi-**
guration [*L.* *-s-figuratio*], *f.*: —. **-sfi-**
gurer¹² [*L.* *-s-figurare*], *tr.*: transfigure:

se —, be transfigured. **-sfler** [*fil*], *tr.*:
(*nav.*) marl. **-sformation** [*L.* *-s-for-*
matio], *f.*: —. **-sformer**¹⁵ [*L.* *-s-for-*
mare], *tr.*: transform: *se* —, be trans-
formed, transform. **-sfuge**¹³ [*L.* *-s-fug-*
(*fugere*, flee)], *m.*: — (deserter, turn-
coat). **-sfuler** [*L.* *-s-fusus* (*fundere*,
pour)], *tr.*: transfuse. **-sfusion**¹⁵ [*L.*
-s-fusio (cf. *-fuser*)], *f.*: —. **-sgressor**¹³
[*L.* *-s-gressus* (part. of *gradi*, step)], *tr.*:
transgress (trespass against, violate).
-sgresseur¹³ [*L.* *-s-gressor* (cf. *-gresser*)],
m.: transgressor. **-sgression** [*L.* *-s-gres-*
sio (cf. *-gresser*)], *f.*: —. **-shumer**, *tr.*:
take (cattle to other pastures). **-si** [*-sir*],
part.: chilled; benumbed: *amoureux* —,
bashful lover. **-siger**¹³ [*L.* *-s-igere*
(*agere*, ACT, drive)], *intr.*: compromise
with; come to terms with. **-sir**¹¹ [*L.* *-s-ire*
(*go*)], *tr.*: penetrate with cold, chill,
benumb, paralise, overcome with fear;
intr.: be chilled or benumbed, shiver;
quake; be paralised. **-sissement** [*-sir*],
m.: chill, numbness; trembling. **-sit**
[*L.* *-s-itus* (*ire*, go)], *m.*: —. **-sitaine**
[*-sit*], *adj.*: of transit; *f.*: transit-goods
agent. **-sitif**¹⁵, **-ive** [*L.* *-s-itivus* (*ire*,
go)], *adj.*: transitive. **-sition** [*L.* *-s-itis*
(*ire*, go)], *f.*: —. **-sitoire**¹² [*L.* *-s-ito-*
rius (*ire*, go)], *adj.*: transitory. **-sitoi-**
rement [*-sitoire*], *adv.*: transitorily.
†-slater¹¹ [*L.* *-s-latus*, carried over], *tr.*:
translate. **†-slateur**¹⁴ [*L.* *-s-lator* (cf.
later)], *m.*: translator. **-slatif**, **-ive**
[*L.* *-s-lativus*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) transferring.
-slation [*L.* *-s-latio* (cf. *-slater*)], *f.*:
(transfer, transportation, removal; post-
ponement; rendering, now *traduction*).
-slucide [*L.* *-s-lucidus*], *adj.*: translu-
cent. **-slucidité** [*-slucide*], *f.*: translu-
cency. **-smarin** [*marin*], *adj.*: trans-
marine. **-smetteur** [*-smettre*], *m.*:
transmitter (of light, etc.); *adj.*: trans-
mitting. **-smettre**⁶ [*L.* *-s-mittere* (cf.
mettre)], *irr.*; *tr.*: transmit (send on,
convey; transfer). **-smigrant** [*-smi-*
grer], *adj.*: migratory. **-smigration**
[*L.* *-s-migratio*], *f.*: —. **-smigrer** [*L.*
-s-migrare (wander)], *intr.*: transmigrate.
-smissible¹⁵ [*L.* *-s-missibilis*], *adj.*: —.
-smission¹⁵ [*L.* *-s-missio*], *f.*: —.
-smuable¹³ [*-smuer*], *adj.*: transmutable.
-smuer¹² [*L.* *-s-mutare* (change)], *tr.*:
transmute. **-smutabilité** [*L.* *-s-mutare*
(change)], *f.*: transmutability. **-smuta-**
-tion [*L.* *-s-mutatio* (cf. above)], *f.*: —.
-sparence [*-sparent*], *f.*: transparency.
-sparent¹² [*parant*, part. of old *paroir*
(*L.* *parere*), appear], *adj.*: —; *m.*: trans-
parency; transparent paper (oil-paper);
illuminated decoration (on oil-paper; linen,
etc., with lights behind); lined paper

(for writing over); inner vest. **-sper-eur**¹² [*-s-percer*], *tr.*: transpierce, pierce through and through, transfix. **-spirable** [*-spirer*], *adj.*: perspirable. **-spiration**¹⁵ [*-spirer*], *f.*: =, perspiration. **-spirer** [*L. spirare*, breathe], *tr.*: perspire (exhale); transpire (evaporate; become public). **-splantation**¹⁴ [*-splanter*], *f.*: =. **-splanter**¹⁵ [*L. -s-plan-tare*], *tr.*: transplant. **-splantieur**¹⁵ [*-splenter*], *m.*: transplant. **-splantoir** [*-splenter*], *m.*: (instr.) transplant. **-sport**¹⁵ [*-sporter*], *m.*: = (transportation; conveyance; transport-vessel; rapture, ecstasy); transfer, assignment; delirium. **-sportable** [*-sporter*], *adj.*: =. **-sportation** [*L. -s-portatio*], *f.*: =. **-sporté** [*-sporter*], *part.*: transported, etc.; transport (transported convict). **-sporter**¹² [*L. -s-portare* (carry)], *tr.*: transport (convey; carry into banishment; enrapture, ravish); transfer (make over); *se* —, be transported, etc.; transport one's self, repair, go. **-sporteur** [*-sporter*], *m.*: transporter, carrier. **-sposer**¹³ [*-poser*], *tr.*: transpose. **-spositeur** [*-spoter*], *adj.*: transposing; *m.*: transposing instrument. **-spositif**, **-ive** [*L. -s-sitivus*], *adj.*: transpositive. **-sposition**¹⁵ [*position*], *f.*: =. **-srhénan** [*L. -s-rhenanus* (Rhenus, Rhine)], *adj.*: transrhennan (of beyond the Rhine). **-ssubstantiateur** (cf. next), *m.*: transubstantiator (believer in the transubstantiation, as Rom. Catholics). **-ssubstantiation**¹⁵ [*L. -s-substantiatio* (substantia, substance)], *f.*: =. **-ssubstantier** (cf. the above), *tr.*: transsubstantiate. **-sudation** [*-suder*], *f.*: =. **-suder** [*L. sudare*, SWEAT], *tr.*: transude. **-svasation**, **-svasement**¹⁵ [*-s-vaser*], *f.*: decantation, (†Eng. transvasation). **-svaser** [*vase*], *tr.*: decant (pour from one vessel into another, †Eng. transvasate). **-sversal**¹⁵ [*-sverse*], *adj.*: =. **-sversalement**¹⁵ [*-sversal*], *adj.*: transversely. **-sverse**¹⁵ [*L. -s-versus* (vertere, turn)], *adj.*: =, transversal. **trantra-n**¹⁵ [OFr. *-ner* (Dutch *tranten*, ramble)], *m.*: routine (ordinary course or way), knack: *savoir le — du palais*, be up to the ways of the law courts. **tra-pèze**¹⁵ [*L. -pezium* (Gr. *-peza*, table)], *m.* or *adj.*: trapezium: *os —*, trapezium. **-péziforme**, *adj.*: trapeziform. **-pézoïde** [Gr. *-pezocidēs*], *m.*: trapezoid; *adj.*: trapezoidal. **trapp**¹⁵ [Swed. *trappa*, stairs], *m.*: trap (an igneous rock). **trap-pe**¹¹ [*L. L. -pa* (OHG. *-o*, snare)], *f.*: trap (pitfall); trap-door; opening of a trap-door; sliding door; hatch(-way);

tendre une —, set a trap. **-peyr** [Eng. *-per*], *m.*: trapper. **trap-piste** [rel. order. *La Trappe*], *m.*: Trappist. **trapu** [old *-pe* (?), squat], *adj.*: squat (thickset, dumpy). **traque** [*-quer*], *f.*: (hunt.) beating for game. **traquenard**¹⁵ [?], *m.*: trap; racking pace (of a horse); (old) dance. **tra-quer**¹⁴ [ak. to Eng. *track*], *tr.*: drive (game); beat up (a wood); hunt out; close round, hem in, push hard. **-quet**¹⁵, *m.*: trap; clapper (of a mill); stone-chat (bird): *donner dans le —*, be entrapped. **-queur**, *m.*: game-driver (beater-up); hunter. **travad-e** [Port. *-do* (-r, turn)], *f.*: heavy squall. **l.tra-vail**^o [p. *L. tri-palium*, 'THREE-PALED instrument' (of torture)], *m.*: trave (brake for horses, etc.). **2.-vail**¹¹ [*-vail-ler*], *pl. -vau-*, *m.*: torment (pain, trial); travail; *us'ly* work (toil, labour, effort; piece of work; study); elaboration; (pl.-s) reports. **-vaillé**, see under *-vailler*. **-vailler**^o [p. *L. *tripaliare*], *tr.*: torment (trouble, affect); work (fashion, cultivate); overwork (a horse); (*pop.*) belabour; *us'ly* intr.: work (toil, labour; operate; ferment); endeavour (strive); operate (digest) with difficulty; bring interest; warp; chink: *-vaillé*, worked (wrought, laboured, etc.); elaborate (well-done); overworked; tormented (suffering, distracted); a prey (to): *-vaillé à jour*, open-worked; *se —*, worry (or torment) one's self; torment each other; work hard (endeavour, study); be worked, etc.; *le mur travaille*, the wall is chinking. **-vaillieur**, **-euse** [*-vailler*], *m., f.*: worker (labourer; hard worker, toiler); working-man, (workman, operative), work-woman; *adj.*: working; industrious; hard-working. **travée** [*L. trabs*, beam], *f.*: (arch.) bay (of joints), truss; upper gallery (of a church): — *de balustres*, balustrade. **tra-vers**^o [*L. tra-versus*, 'across-turned'], *m.*: breadth (width); broadside; obliqueness, irregularity (in buildings, etc.); eccentricity (whimsicalness, whim, caprice); bad habit; fault (defect): *à —*, across, athwart, through; *au — de*, through; *à tort et à —*, at random; *de —*, obliquely, askew, askance; wry, crooked; wrong; the wrong way; squinting; cross; *regarder de —*, look black at; *avoir l'esprit de —*, be cross-tempered, be wrong-headed; *en —*, across; cross-wise, athwart; transverse; sideways; *par —*, across; (*nav.*) abeam, abreast. **-versible** [*-ver-*

ser, *adj.*: = (passable). **-verse**¹⁴, *f.*: passing through; transit; road (or way) through, road, crossing; cross-road; traverse (cross-accident, obstacle, barrier; (*fort.*) work thrown up to intercept an enfilade); cross-beam, cross-tie, cross-piece, girder; (*raill.*) cross-tie, sleeper; crossbar; oblique direction: à la —, obliquely, across, in the way; untowardly; de —, cross, out of the way; uncommon; chemin de —, cross road, cross cut; short cut; rue de —, cross-street; short cut. **-versée** [*-verser*], *f.*: (*nav.*) passage, voyage, crossing. **-versement**¹⁵ [*-verser*], *m.*: crossing, passage. **-verser**¹⁶, *tr.*: traverse (cross, pass over, travel over; lay across; thwart, obstruct; saw or plane across); flash across; pass (or run) through, pierce, penetrate; thwart; disturb, vex: se —, be traversed, etc.; cross each other, thwart each other; — l'ancre, (*nav.*) stow the anchor; — un projet, thwart a project. **-versier**¹⁷, = **-ère**, *adj.*: cross, crossing, leading across; favourable for crossing (of the wind): barque —e, passage-boat. **-versin**¹⁸, *m.*: bolster (long pillow); (*nav.*) cross piece, cross tree; stretcher (of a boat); (*carp.*) cross-beam; bottom-piece (of a barrel, etc.); beam (of a balance); (*butch.*) belly-set. **-versine**, *f.*: cross-beam (sleeper, transom).

travertin [It. -no (*Tibur*, old It. town)], *m.*: (*min.*) travertin.

traves-ti, *adj.*: travestied, disguised. **-tjir**¹⁹ [L. *tra-vestire* (dress)], *tr.*: travesty (disguise; misrepresent). **-tissement**, *m.*: travesty, disguise. **-tisseur**, *m.*: travestier.

tra-yeur, = **-euse** [*traire*], *m., f.*: milker; *adj.*: milking. **-yon** [*traire*], *m.*: teat, dug, nipple.

trébu-chant, *part.*: stumbling, etc.; (*of coins*) of full weight; *m.*: full weight. **-chement**²¹, *m.*: stumbling. **-cher**²² [L. *tra(ns)*-, over, OF. *buc* (OHG. *buh*), trunk of the body], *intr.*: stumble (trip, fall); weigh down, turn the scale. **-chet** [OFr. *trabuc*, war engine (with a lever whose short end was let down by a heavy weight)], *m.*: trebuchet (war engine); bird-trap, trap; assay-balance: prendre au —, entrap.

tréfi-ler [*tré* (L. *trans*), *fil*], *tr.*: wire-draw. **-lerie**, *f.*: wire-drawing mill. **-leur**, *m.*: wire-drawer.

tré-flé²³ [L. *tri-folium*, 'three-leaf'], *m.*: TREFOIL (clover; shamrock; arch. ornamental foliation); clubs (at cards): — d'eau, water-trefoil, bogbean. **tré-flé**, *adj.*: trefoiled, clover-shaped; (*her.*) tréflé.

tré-fonds²⁴ or **tré** [*trés, fonds*], *m.*: sub-soil; bottom: savoir le fond et le — de, know thoroughly, know all about.

treit-lage²⁵, *m.*: = (of gardens); trellis, lattice(-work). **-lager** [*-lage*], *tr.*: trellis, lattice. **-lageur** or **-lagiste** [*-lager*], *m.*: trellis-maker. **||tréil-le**²⁶ [L. *trich(i)la*], *f.*: vine-arbour; vine; shrimp-net: le jus de la —, the juice of the grape. **-lis**²⁷ [p. L. *tralicium* (L. *trilix*, 'triple-twilled')]: by assim. to **-le**, *m.*: trellis(-work), lattice(-work); grating; glazed calico; sackcloth. **-liser** [*-lis*], *tr.*: trellis, lattice.

tréi-ze²⁸ [L. *tré-decim*], *adj.* or *m.*: THIRTEEN; thirteenth. **-zième**, *adj.* or *f.*: thirteenth.

tréma²⁹ [Gr., 'point'], *m.*: diæresis; *adj.*: (*invar.*) with a diæresis.

trémail³⁰ [p. L. *tre-maculum* (L. *tres*, three, *macula*, mesh), *m.*: trammel(-net).

trem-blaie³¹ [*-ble*], *f.*: grove of aspens.

-blant, *adj.*: trembling, etc.; tremulous.

trem-ble, *m.*: trembling; aspen(-tree);

tremulous poplar. **-blé**, *part.*: trembled;

wavy; shaking (of writing); tremulous;

m.: (*print.*) waved rule; *f.*: (*vet.*)

thwarter. **-blément**³², *m.*: trembling

(tremor; shivering; quiver; quaking);

(*mus.*) shake. **||-bler**³³ [p. L. *tremulā-*

-ulus, trembling], *intr.*: tremble,

(shake; shiver; flicker; quake; quaver).

-bleur, = **-euse**, *m., f.*: trembler. **-blote-**

ment³⁴ [*-bloter*], *m.*: trembling; quaver;

flickering. **-bloter**³⁵, *intr.*: tremble

lightly, (quiver, shiver).

tré-meur³⁶ [L. -*mor* (-*mere*, tremble)], *f.*:

tremor, fear. **-mie**³⁷ [L. -*mere*], *f.*:

(mill-)hopper.

trémière [?] *adj.*: in rose —, rose-

mallow, holly-hock.

tremolo [It. (L. -*mere*, tremble)], *m.*: =.

trémous-sement³⁸, *m.*: vibration; flut-

tering, flickering; frisking. **||-ser**³⁹ [?

L. *tremere*, tremble], *tr.*: shake, stir;

intr. or *refl.*: flutter, flutter about, frisk;

bestir one's self. **-soir**, *m.*: shaker

(gymnastic apparatus), revolving chair.

trem-page, *m.*: steeping, wetting.

trem-pé, *f.*: steeping, soaking; temper-

ing (of steel), temper; *fig.* temper (char-

acter, cast, constitution): donner la —

au, temper. **-pé**, *part.*: soaking, etc.;

tempered; *f.*: soaking, etc.; drubbing:

du vin —, diluted wine. **||-per**⁴⁰ [L.

temperare, modify], *tr.*: soak (steep,

moisten, wet, drench); dilute (wine);

TEMPER (iron or steel); *intr.*: soak, be

steeped; be implicated, have a hand (in):

— la soupe, pour the soup on the bread.

-perie, *f.*: (*print.*) wetting-room, sink.

-peur, *m.*: temperer.

tremplin [? ak. to Eng. tramp], *m.*: spring-board.

tren-tain [-te], *m.*: thirty all (at tennis).

-taine [-te], *f.*: thirty or thereabout (about thirty, some thirty); age of thirty.

||tren-te⁹ [L. *tri-ginta*], *adj.* or *m.*: THIRTY; thirtieth. **-tenaire** [-te, an], *adj.*: of thirty year's duration. **-tième**, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: thirtieth.

tré-pan¹⁵ [L. *L. -panum* (Gr. *trápanon*, borer)], *m.*: (surg.) trepan (crown-saw).

-panation¹⁴ [-paner], *f.*: (surg.) trepanning. **-paner**, *tr.*: (surg.) trepan.

tré-pas¹¹, *m.*: (poet.) death, decease. **-passé**, *part.*: departed; *m.*: dead person. **-pasement**¹¹, *m.*: death. **||-passer**¹⁰ [tré- (L. *trans*, beyond), *passer*], *intr.*: depart this life (pass away, die; cf. †Eng. TRESPASS, 'pass beyond').

trépitation¹⁴ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: trepidation. **trépied**¹² [L. *tri-pes*, 'THREE-FOOT'], *m.*: TRIVET; TRIPOD.

trépi-gnement¹⁵, *m.*: stamping, pawing. **||-guet**¹⁴ [OF. *treper* (ak. to Eng. *trip*), *leap*], *intr.*: stamp; paw the ground.

trépointe [tré-, beyond, *pointe*], *f.*: welt (of a shoe).

très⁹ [L. *trans*, beyond], *adv.*: very (very much, most, quite). **-fonds** = *tréfonds*.

Très-Haut, *m.*: Most High (God).

trésor⁹ [L. *thesaurus*, Gr. *the*, put], *m.*: treasure; treasury; record-office; (Cath. rel.) relics and ornaments: *bon du* —, Treasury bond; (in Eng.) Exchequer bill.

-rerie¹² [-rier], *f.*: treasury. **-rier**¹⁰, *ière*, *m.*, *f.*: treasurer; (mil.) paymaster.

tres-sailllement¹⁵, *m.*: start, starting; flutter, tremour, quake. **||-saillir**¹⁰ [trés- (L. *trans*, beyond), *saillir*], *irr.*; *intr.*: start (start back, start with surprise, etc., be startled, leap); thrill, tremble, quake: *faire* —, startle, thrill; frighten; — *de joie*, leap for joy.

tres-se¹¹ [? L. *L. tricia* (Gr. *trichia*, THREEfold)], *f.*: tress, plait. **-ser**¹¹, *tr.*: plait, braid: — *se*, tressed. **-seur**, **-euse** [-ser], *m.*, *f.*: plaiter, braider.

tréteau⁹ [p. L. **transtellum*], *m.*: trestle; *pl.* stage (of a mountebank): *monter sur les* —, tread the boards, go on the stage; become a mountebank, play the quack.

trenil⁹ [L. *torculum* (*torquere*, twist)], *m.*: windlass, (hand-)winch; (mech.) wheel and axle.

trêve¹² [OHG. *tri(u)wa*, TROTH], *f.*: TRUCE: — *de*, a truce to, no more, enough of.

trévirer [tré- (L. *trans*, beyond), *virer*], *tr.*: (nav.) parbuckle; slue.

1. **tri**¹⁵ [-er], *m.*: sorting.

2. **tri** [? *trois*], *m.*: three-handed ombre (card-game).

3. **tri** [fr. Eng.], *m.*: TRICK (at whist).

tri- [L. Gr., 'three'], *pref.*: *tri-*. **-ade** [Gr. *-ds*], *f.*: triad.

triage¹⁵ [*trier*], *m.*: sorting, picking; selection, choice.

tri-andre¹⁵ [*tri*, Gr. *anér*, man], *adj.*: (bot.) triandrous. **-andrie**¹⁵, *f.*: triandria.

tri-angle¹⁵ [L. *-angulus*], *m.*: =. **-angulaire** [L. *-angularis*], *adj.*: triangular.

-angulairement [-angulaire], *adv.*: triangularly. **-angulation** [L. *-angulatio*], *f.*: =. **-anguler** [L. *-angulus*], *tr.*: triangulate.

tria-s¹⁵ [Gr. *triad*], *m.*: = (geol. formation of three strata). **-sique**¹⁵, *adj.*: triassic.

tribal [-bu], *adj.*: =.

tribor-d [for *stribord* (Icel. *styri-bord*)], *m.*: STARBOARD STEERING (right hand) side; starboard watch: — *tout*! hard on starboard. **-dais**, *m.*: starboard watch.

triboulet [T., court fool of Louis XIII], *m.*: fool (jester; buffoon); pluck (lights of an animal); TRIB(O)LET.

tribraque [Gr. *tri-brachus*, 'three-short'], *m.*: tribrach (— — —).

tribu¹⁵ [L. *-bus* (Gr. *tri*, THREE)], *f.*: tribe.

tribulation¹¹ [L. *-tio* (Gr. *tribo*, rub)], *f.*: =.

tri-bun¹¹ [L. *-bunus* (cf. *-bu*)], *m.*: tribune. **-bunal**¹⁵ [L. *-bunialis*], *m.*: = (judgment seat; court of justice). **-bunat**¹⁵, *m.*: tribunate. **-bune** [L. *-buna*], *f.*: = (rostrum, pulpit); stand; gallery; (fig.) parliament. **-bunitien**, **-enne** [L. *-bunitius*], *adj.*: tribunitial.

tribu-t¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (-s, TRIBE)], *m.*: tribute; contribution, debt. **-taire**¹¹ [L. *-tarius*], *adj.*, or *m.*, *f.*: tributary.

triceps [L., 'three-headed'], *m.*: =.

tri-cher¹¹ [? L. *-câri*, shuffle], *tr.*: cheat, trick. **-cherie**¹¹, *f.*: cheat(ing), trickery. **-cheur**¹², **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: cheat, trickster.

trichi-ne¹⁵ [Gr. *-nos* (*thrix*, hair), hair-like], *adj.*: trichina. **-neux**¹⁵, **-euse**, *adj.*: trichinous.

triclinalium [L.], *m.*: = (Rom. triple couch).

tricolises¹⁵ [for *turcoises*, Turkish], *f. pl.*: farrier's pincers.

tri-color [L.], *m.*: (bot.) three-coloured amaranth. **-colore**, *adj.*: tricoloured.

tricoorne [*tri*, *corne*], *m.*, *adj.*: three-cornered; *m.*: three-cornered hat.

1. **tricot**¹⁴ [*trique*], *m.*: cudgel.

2. **tri-cot** [?], *m.*: knitting; knitted work; knitted jacket, cardigan. **-cottage** [-coter], *m.*: knitting.

tricotée [*tricot*], *f.*: cudgeling.

1. **tricoter**, *tr.*: knit; weave lae.

2.tricoter [*tricol*], *tr.*: cudgel.
trico-terie [*-ter*], *f.*: knitted work. **-teur**, **-euse** [*-ter*], *m., f.*: knitter; *f.*: knitting-frame; (Fr. hist.) 'stocking-knitter' (woman attending political meetings).
trictae¹⁴ [echoic], *m.*: trick-track (back-gammon); trick-track board.
tricycle¹⁵ [Gr. *tri*, three, *kúklos*, wheel], *m.*: three-wheeler; tricycle.
tride [Eng. *tread*], *adj.*: swift.
tri-dent [L. *tri-dens*, 'THREE-TOOTHED'], *m.*: =; fish-spear, fish-gig. **-denté**, *adj.*: tridented.
tridentin [L. *Tridentum*, Trent], *adj.*: Tridentine (ref. to the church council in Trent).
tridi [L. *tri*, three, *dies*, day], *m.*: = (third day of the decade: Fr. *Republ.*).
trièdre [Gr. *tri*-, *hedra*, face], *adj.*: trihedral.
tri-ennal [L. *tri-ennis*, 'three-yearly'], *adj.*: triennial. **-ennalité**, *f.*: triennial duration. **-ennat**, *m.*: space of three years.
trier¹¹ [ak. to Eng. *try*; ? p. L. **tritare* (L. *terere*, grind, whence separate)], *tr.*: cull, pick out, sort, select: *se* —, be culled or sorted, etc.
trier-archie, *f.*: trierarchy. **-arque**¹³ [Gr. *trier-arches*, 'trireme-chief'], *m.*: trierarch.
trieur, **-euse** [*trier*], *m., f.*: sorter.
trifide [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: trifid ('three-cleft').
triflore [L. *flos*], *adj.*: trifloral ('three-flowered').
triforme [L. *-mis*], *adj.*: triform.
trigan-d [? l. L. *trigare* (L. *tricare*, trifle)], *adj.*: (*sam.*) shuffling, tricky, crafty, sly. **-der**, *intr.*: be tricky, shuffle. **-derie**, *f.*: shuffling, trickery, sly trick.
trigle [Gr. *-gla*], *f.*: gurnard (fish).
triglyphe [Gr. *-phos*, 'three-carving'], *m.*: triglyph.
tri-gone¹⁵ [Gr. *-gonon* (*gonia*, angle)], *m.*: trigon ('THREE-angled' figure). **-gonométrie** [*-gono-metria* (*metron*, measure)], *f.*: trigonometry. **-gonométrique** [*-gonométrie*], *adj.*: trigonometric(al). **-gonométriquement** [*-gonométrique*], *adj.*: trigonometrically.
tril = *trille*.
tri-latéral, *adj.*: trilateral. **-latère** [L. *-lateralis* (*latus*, side)], *m.*: 'three-sided' figure, triangle.
trilingue [L. *-guis*], *adj.*: trilingual.
tril-le [It. *-lo* (echoic)], *m.*: trill (quaver). **-ler**, *tr.*: trill, quaver.
trillion [L. *tri*, three, *-illion*, fr. *million*], *m.*: = (as in Am., i.e. a thousand billions).

tri-lobaire, **-lobé** [*tri*-, *lobe*], *adj.*: trilobate, trilobed.
triloculaire [*tri*-, L. *loculus*, little place], *adj.*: (bot.) trilocular.
tri-logie [Gr. *tri-logia* (*lógos*, speech)], *f.*: trilogy (series of three dramas). **-logique**, *adj.*: of or as trilogy.
trimbale¹⁵ [?], *tr.*: (pop.) trail, drag (about).
trimer¹⁴ [?], *intr.*: (pop.) run about, tire one's self, drudge; dance attendance.
tri-mestre [L. *-mensis* (*mens*, MONTH)], *m.*: trimester (term of three months). **-mestriel**, **-elle**, *adj.*: trimester(i)al.
tri-mètre [Gr. *-metros*], *adj.* or *m.*: trimeter. **-métrique**, *adj.*: trimetrical.
trin¹² or **trine** [L. *-nus* (*tri*-, three)], *adj.*: trine (threefold).
trin-gle [?], *f.*: = (curtain-rod); rod; batten; (carp.) chalk-line. **-gler**, *tr.*: (carp.) mark by the chalk-line, line out.
trinquelte [Ger. *trink-geld*], *m.*: 'DRINK-money', tip, fee.
trini-taire¹³, *m.*: Trinitarian. **-té**¹¹ [L. *-tas* (*tri-nus*, THREEfold)], *f.*: trinity.
trinôme [*tri*-, Gr. *nomé*, division], *adj.* or *m.*: trinomial.
trinquard [?], *m.*: small herring-boat.
triquer [Ger. *trinken*, drink], *intr.*: touch glasses in drinking (hobnob, toast).
trin-quet [?], *m.*: lateen foremast.
-quette, *f.*: storm-jib.
trio [It.], *m.*: =, triplet.
triom-phal¹³ [L. *triumphalis*], *adj.*: triumphal. **-phalement**, *adv.*: triumphally. **-phant**¹⁴, *adj.*: triumphant. **-phateur**, **-trice** [L. *triumphator*], *m.*: triumpher, victor; *adj.*: triumphant. **trio-m-phe**¹² [1. L. *triumphus* (Gr. *triambos*, Bacchic procession); 2. *-pher*], 1. *m.*: triumph; 2. *f.*: (card-game) triumph; TRUMP (-card). **-pher**¹² [L. *triumphare*], *intr.*: triumph (de, over).
tripaille¹⁵ [*tripe*], *f.*: garbage.
tripartite [L. *-tus*], *adj.*: =.
tri-pe¹² [?], *f.*: tripe (entrails; large stomach prepared for food); filling (of a cigar), inside; prepared hide; imitation velvet, velveteen (us'ly — *de velours*).
-perie¹³ [*-pier*], *f.*: tripery (tripe-shop).
-pette¹⁴, *f.*: small tripe. **-pier**¹⁵, **-ère**, *m., f.*: tripe-seller, tripe-dresser; tripe-woman; *adj.*: (*falc.*) untamable.
tri-ple¹² [L. *-plus*], *adj.*: = (threefold, treble). 1. **-plement**, *adv.*: trebly. 2. **-plement** [*-pler*], *m.*: trebling. **-pler**, *tr.*: triple, treble. **-plicata** [L. *-plicatus* (*plicare*, fold)], *m.*: triplicate. **-plicité** [L. *-plicitas* (cf. *preced.*)], *f.*: triplicity.
tripo-li [*Tripoli*], *m.*: = (polishing dust).
-lir, *tr.*: polish with tripoli.

tri-pot¹² [? OFr. -per, jump], *m.*: tennis, tennis-court; gambling-house; bad house, house of ill fame; band of players; intrigue, trickery: *être dans son —*, be in an advantageous position. **-potage**¹⁵ [-pote], *m.*: medley (mesh, mishmash, jumble); intrigue (jobbing, trickery); slander, gossip. **-potée** [-pote], *f.*: (pop.) drubbing. **-poteur**, *intr.*: make a medley or a mess, dabble; intrigue, plot, job; brew mischief; slander; *tr.*: make a medley of, mix up; handle poorly; (pop.) frequent bad houses. **-poteur**, **-euse**, *m., f.*: **-potier**, **-ère** [-pote], *m., f.*: tennis-court keeper; gambling-house keeper; member of a band of players; intriguer, jobber, mischief-brewer; *adj.*: intriquer, etc.

triptyque [Gr. *tri-ptukos*, 'three-folded'], *adj.*: (paint.) triptych.

trique [? ak. to *strike*], *f.*: cudgel; cudgeling.

triqueballe [Dutch *trekken*, DRAG, Fr. *balle*], *f.*: (artil.) truck.

tri-quer [-que], *tr.*: cudgel. **-quet** [-que], *m.*: tennis-bat; trestles.

†triquetrac [echoic], *m.*: clatter.

trirème [It. *tri-regno*, 'three-crown'], *m.*: tiara (of the pope).

trirème¹³ [L. *tri-remis*, 'three-oared'], *f.*: trirème.

trisaieul **-aieul**, **-le** [Gr. *tris*, thrice, Fr. *aieul*], *m., f.*: great-great-grandfather (-grandmother).

trisection [*tri*, *section*], *f.*: =.

trismégiste [Gr. *-tos* (*tris*, thrice, *mégistos*, most grand)], *adj.*: Trismegistus (name given by the Greeks to Hermes), *m.*: (print.) two-line double pica.

trismus [Gr. *-mōs* (*trizein*, gnash)], *m.*: = (lock-jaw).

tris-ement, *m.*: swallows' cry. **||-ser** [L. *-sare*], *intr.*: cry (as the swallow).

trissyllabe [L. *-bus*], *adj.*: trissyllabic; *m.*: trissyllable.

tris-te¹¹ [L. *-tis*], *adj.*: sad (sorrowful, gloomy, †Eng. TRIST); sorry (paltry, poor); dull; *m.*: (the) sad, etc. **-tement**¹², *adv.*: sadly (sorrowfully, in a melancholy manner); sorrowly (poorly); dully. **-tesse**¹³ [L. *-titia*], *f.*: sadness (melancholy, gloom); dullness.

1. **triton** [L.], *m.*: Triton (sea-god).

2. **triton** [Gr. *-nos*], *m.*: (mus.) tritone.

tritu-rable, *adj.*: =. **-ration** [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: =. **||-rer**¹⁵ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: triturate.

trium-vir [L., 'of-three-men'], *m.*: =. **-viral** [L. *-vialis*], *adj.*: =. **-virat**¹⁶ [L. *-viratus*], *m.*: triumvirate.

trivalve [*tri*, *valve*], *adj.*: trivalvular.

trive-lin [actor, T.], *m.*: buffoon. **-linade**, *f.*: buffoonery.

tri-viaire [L. *-vium*], *adj.*: *carrefour* —, junction of three roads. **-vial**¹⁵ [L. *-vialis* (-vium), 'of the cross-road or public street'], *adj.*: trivial (vulgar, trite). **-vialement**, *adv.*: trivially. **-vialité** [-vial], *f.*: triviality. **||-vium**¹² [L. (*tri*, three, *via*, road), junction of three roads], *m.*: = (grammar, logic and rhetoric in medieval schools: cf. *quadrivium*).

troc¹⁴ [*froquer*], *m.*: truck (barter, exchange).

trocart [*trois*, *carre*], *m.*: (surg.) trocar (stylet).

tro-chaique [Gr. *-kōs*], *adj.* or *m.*: trochaic. 1. **-ché** or **-chée** [Gr. *-chaïos* (*tréchein*, run)], *m.*: trochee (—). 2. **trochée** [OFr. *-che* (?), bundle], *f.*: brushwood.

troches [?], *f. pl.*: fumet (of deer).

trochet [OFr. *-che* (?), bundle], *m.*: cluster: *pin à —*, pitch-pine.

trochile [Gr. *-los* (*tréchein*, run)], *m.*: trochilus (genus of humming-bird).

trochure¹³ [OFr. *-che* (?), bundle], *f.*: truchings (antler's branches).

troène [L. *L. tronus* (?)], *m.*: (bot.) privet.

troglo-dy-te [Gr. *-tes* (*trôgle*, cave, *ducin*, enter)], *m.*: = (cave-dweller; miner; chimpanzee; wren). **-tique**, *adj.*: troglodytic(al).

trygne¹⁴ [? OS cand. *triona* (= Sw. *tryne*), snout], *f.*: (fam.) face, phiz, esp. face red from drink or high living (rubicund or rum-blossom face): — *enluminée* (or *rouge*), rum-sodden face.

tro-gnon [†*tron*, trunk, ak. to Eng. *trun-ion*], *m.*: core (of fruit), stump, stem (of a cabbage, etc.); (fam.) maid (lassie, duck). **-gnonner**, *intr.*: be stumpy, stand out, project.

troi-s⁹ [L. *trēs*], *adj.* or *m.*: THREE; third.

-sième, *adj.* or *m.*: third. **-sième-ment**, *adv.*: thirdly. **-s-mâts**, *m.*: three-master.

-s-ponts, *m.*: three-decker. **-s-quarts** = *trocart*. **-s-six**, *m.*: (com.) brandy or alcohol (36°).

trô-le, *f.*: furniture-hawking: *ouvrier à la —*, furniture-hawker. **||-ler**¹² [Ger. *troller*, roll], *tr.*: TROLL (move or lead about); *intr.*: troll, stroll about, ramble.

1. **trolle** [Ger. *troll-blume*], *m.*: globe-flower.

2. **trolle**, *f.*: (hunt.) unleashing (the hounds).

trôm-be¹⁵ [? It. *-ba*, trumpet], *f.*: water-spout; TROMP (blowing apparatus): — *de vent*, whirlwind. **-blon** [It. *-ba*, tube], *m.*: blunderbuss. **-bone** [It.], *m.*: (mus.) =. **-boniste** [-bone], *m.*: trombonist.

trôm-pe¹² [It. *-ba*], *f.*: trump (trumpet, horn); trunk (proboscis); trumpet-shell; jew's-harp; (arch.) overhanging; tube:

— *de brume*, fog-horn. **-pe-la-mort**, pl. — [-*per*], m.: death's match (one recovering from severe illness). **-pe-l'œil** *a* = **en**, pl. — [-*per*], m.: (paint.) still-life deception; deception; illusion. **-per**¹³, tr.: deceive (cheat, delude; betray; mislead); elude: *se* —, deceive one's self, be deceived; be mistaken (make a mistake, err); — *la loi*, elude the law; *se* — *de*, be mistaken about; mistake the . . . ; mistake or miss one's . . . ; *d's'y* —, enough (or so as) to be mistaken about it; enough to take one for the other; as much as can be; *vous vous -per*, you are mistaken. **-perie**¹³ [-*per*], f.: deception (deceit, cheating, fraud, *ENG.* TRUMPERY); delusion (illusion). **-pter**¹³ [-*pette*], tr.: summon (or proclaim) by sound of trumpet, trumpet, proclaim; intr.: sound the trumpet. **-pteur** [-*peter*], m.: trumpet; (anat.) buccinator. **-pette**, f.: trumpet; trumpeter; gossip; trumpet-shell: *en* —, trumpet-shaped. **-pette-major**, m.: trumpet-major. **-peur**¹⁴ = **-euse** [-*per*], m., f.: deceive (delude, cheat); adj.: deceiving (deluding, delusive, false, fallacious). **-pillon**, m.: (arch.) slight overhanging.

tron-c^o [L. *truncus*], m.: TRUNK (body of a tree or being; shaft of a column); stem; stock, lineage; charity-box (attached to the wall, etc., in a church), poor-box; (geom.) frustum. **-cature** [L. *truncare*, truncate], f.: truncation. **tron-c(h)e**^o [p. L. fem. **trunca*], f.: Yule-log, Christmas-log. **-chet**¹⁴, m.: block; cooper's block. **-çon**¹⁰, m.: cut (or broken) piece, stump, fragment; section (of a railroad): — *du milieu*, middle cut. **-çonnement**¹⁵ [-*çonner*], m.: cutting into pieces, cutting up. **-çonner**¹¹ [-*çon*], tr.: truncate, cut into pieces, cut up.

trô-ne¹¹ [L. *thronus* (Gr. *-nos*)], m.: throne. **-ner**, intr.: throne (sit upon a throne); bear sway, lord it.

tron-quement, m.: mutilation. **||-quer**¹⁴ [L. *truncare*], tr.: truncate (maim, lop, mutilate); mangle, garble.

trop¹⁰ or **-trop** [same deriv. as *troupe*], adv.: too much or many, too, over; m.: excess, exuberance: — *peu*, too little, too few, not enough; *de* —, too much or too many; too often; over; superfluous; *par* —, too, too much or many; rather too; *pas* —, not too much; not very much, not very; hardly; *je ne sais pas* —, I hardly know. **-bu**, m.: excess of drink; excess.

tro-pe [Gr. *-pos* (*trépein*, turn)], m.: (rhet.) = **-phée**¹⁵ [L. *-pœum* (Gr. *-pē*, 'turn, viz. of the enemy)], f.: trophy. **-pical** [-*pique*], adj.: = **-pique**¹⁵ [Gr. *-pikós*, adj.: tropic(al); m.: tropic.

trop-plein, m.: overflow; overplus.

tro-quer¹⁴ [?], tr.: TRUCK (barter, exchange, swap): *se* —, be exchanged, give one's self in exchange. **-queur**, = **-euse**, m., f.: barterer, trucker.

trot [-*ter*], m.: trot.

trot-te, f.: trot, run, way. **-te-ehz-min**, pl. —, m.: chat (bird). **-te-mennu**, adj.: slow-trotting. **||-ter**¹² [? OHG. *trotton*, TREAD], intr.: trot (trot about; run); tr.: trot (cause to run, trot out). **-terie**, f.: trotting; jaunt, excursion. **-teur**, = **-euse**, m., f.: trotter; adj.: trotting. **†-tin** [*trot*], m.: little lackey, errand-boy; milliner's apprentice. **-ti-ner**¹⁵ [-*tin*], intr.: go a jog-trot, jog along. **-toir**¹⁵ [-*ter*], m.: side-walk, foot-pavement: *faire les* —, walk the streets.

trou^o [p. L. **traucum* (? ak. to Eng. trough)], m.: hole (gap, pit, opening); orifice; (anat.) foramen; hazard (at tennis): *faire un* —, make a hole; contract a debt; *faire son* —, get on in the world; — *de loup*, (fort.) trou-de-loup; — *d'homme*, man-hole.

troubadour¹⁵ [Prov. *trobar* (= Fr. *trouver*)], invent, m.: =.

trou-blant, adj.: troubling, disturbing.

1. trou-ble¹², m.: confusion (disorder, disturbance); = (annoyance); pl. troubles (commotions, broils). **2. trouble**¹¹, adj.: troubled (TURBID, muddy, thick; cloudy, overcast); dim: *avoir la vue* —, be dim-sighted. **-ble-fête**, pl. —, m.: feast

disturber, spoil-sport, mar-joy. **-ble-ment**, m.: disturbance. **||-bler**^o [p. L. **turbulare* (L. *turba*, turmoil, crowd)], tr.: trouble (disturb, agitate; muddle, make turbid or thick; perplex; annoy); confound (confuse); dim (dull); abash (intimidate, put out): *se* —, be troubled (disturbed, etc.); grow thick or muddy; be agitated; be confused or disconcerted; grow foggy, become cloudy or overcast; grow dim; turn sour (sour, turn). **-bleur**, = **-euse**, m., f.: troubler, disturber.

trou-é, **-ée**, part.: bored, pierced, perforated, with a hole (or holes) in, torn; f.: opening (gap, large hole): *tout* —*é*, full of holes. **||-er** [*trou*], tr.: make a hole or holes in, perforate, pierce, bore): *se* —, have a hole (or holes in). **-ma-dame**, pl. —*s* —*s*, m.: bagatelle (a game); pigeon-holes (a game).

trou-pe¹² [l. L. *troppus* (? L. *turba*, crowd)], f.: troupe (band, company, crowd, flock): — *s de terre*, land-forces; *mauvaise* —, (pop.) bad lot; bad fellow, vagabond; *aller en* —, band or flock together. **-peau**¹¹, m.: flock, herd, drove. **-pier**, m.: trooper (soldier).

trous-se¹² [ʔ], *f.*: TRUSS (bundle); (*surg.*) case of instruments; case; *pl.* trusses, etc., breeches: *aux* — *s de*, at the heels of, in pursuit of. — **sé**¹¹ [-*ser*], *part.*: tucked-up, etc.: *cheval bien* —, well-set horse; *compliment bien* —, well turned compliment. — **seau**¹¹, *m.*: = (bride's outfit); outfit of nuns, school-boarders, etc.; bunch (of keys); small quiver of arrows; (*anat.*) fasciculus. — **se-étriers**, *m.*: stirrup-leather. — **se-galant**, *pl.* —, *m.*: (*fam.*) cholera. — **se-pête**, *pl.* —, *f.*: (*pop.*) hussy. — **sequin**, *m.*: cantel (of a saddle). — **ser**¹⁰, *tr.*: bundle up; tie (or tuck) up, pin up; truss; dispatch, hasten: *se* —, tuck up one's clothes; be tucked up. — **sis** [-*ser*], *m.*: tuck, fold.

trou-vable, *adj.*: findable, to be found. — **vaille**¹², *f.*: thing found (discovery; lucky hit, godsend, windfall). — **vé**, *part.*: found, etc.: *bien* —, felicitous, happy; *enfant* —, foundling. — **ver**⁹ [ʔ *L. turbare*, disturb; hence 'rummage,' etc.], *tr.*: find (find out, discover; meet; consider; like): *se* —, find one's self; be; feel (one's self); turn out (happen, chance); *se* — *bien* (*mal*), be well (ill); fare well (ill); faint away); *aller* —, go and find, seek, go for; visit; *venir* —, seek out, come to; come to see, call upon; join; — *d* (*re*)dire, find fault, find objection; — *beau*, think beautiful; — *bien*, like; — *bon*, like; think good; deem proper or fit; allow; be pleased; — *mauvais*, dislike; disapprove, take ill; *se* — *d*, be present at; *se* — *avec*, meet; *il se* — *ve*, there is or are; it happens; we find; *cela se* — *ve bien*, that's lucky; that will just do. — **vère**¹⁰, *m.*: = (troubadour of Northern France XI-XIV Cent.). — **veur**¹², = **ense**, *m., f.*: finder; inventor; *m.*: — *vère*.

tröyen, = **enne**, *adj.*: Trojan.

truân-d¹¹, **truân-de** [*L. L. trudanus* (? *fr. Celt.*)], *m.*: vagrant (vagabond, tramp, TRUANT). — **daïlle**¹⁴ [-*der*], *f.*: set of vagrants. — **der**¹², *intr.*: go begging. — **derie**¹⁴ [-*der*], *f.*: vagabondage (vagrancy); begging.

tru-ble¹² [ʔ], *f.*: hoop-net. — **beau**, *m.*: small hoop-net.

1. **truo**¹² [ʔ *Germ.* *c druck*, press], *m.*: shock; manner of acting (knack); dodge (trick, cunning); skill (knowledge of details); secret; (*theat.*) secret machinery, trap; sort of billiards; *il a le* —, he has the knack to do it, he is up to it.

2. **truo** = **truck**.

tracheman¹¹, = **ment** [*fr. Ar.* = *dragman*], *m.*: dragoman (dragman, interpreter).

trû-cher¹⁵ [ʔ], *intr.*: beg from laziness. — **cheur**, = **ense**, *m., f.*: lazy beggar.

truck [Eng.], *m.*: = (trolley).

truel-le¹² [*L. trulla* (*trua*, ladle)], *f.*: TROWEL; fish-carver (fish-trowel). — **lée**, *f.*: trowelful.

truf-fe⁹ [*L. tüber*], *f.*: TRUFFLE. — **fer**, *tr.*: stuff with truffles. — **fiër**, = **fière**, *adj.*: of truffles; *f.*: truffle-ground. — **liër**, *m.*: (*bot.*) privet.

traie⁹ [**p. L. troja*, Trojan], *f.*: sow.

traisme [Eng. -*ism*], *m.*: truism.

trai-te¹² [*L. tructa* (*Gr. trôgein*, gnaw)], *f.*: TROUT. — **té**, *adj.*: trout-coloured, spotted, speckled.

trullisation [*L. -lla*, TROWEL], *f.*: (*arch.*) troweling.

trumeau¹¹ [ʔ *Ger. trumm*, piece], *m.*: (*arch.*) pier; pier-glass; leg of beef.

trusquin = **troussequin**.

tsar, etc. = **czar**, etc.

tu⁹ [*L.*], *pron.*: thou.

tu-able [-*er*], *adj.*: to be (or fit to be) killed. — **age** [-*er*], *m.*: killing, slaughter. — **ant** [-*er*], *adj.*: killing; toilsome, tedious; *homme* —, regular bore.

tu-baire, *adj.*: (*anat.*) tubular. — **tu-be**¹⁵ [*L. -bus*], *m.*: = (pipe; *zool.* duct); (*anat.*) tube. — **ber**¹⁴, *tr.*: tube.

tuber-cule¹⁵ [*L. -culum* (*tuber*, lump)], *m.*: tubercle. — **culé**, *adj.*: tuberculate. — **culenc**, = **ense**, *adj.*: tuberculous (tubercular). — **culisation**, *f.*: tuberculisation.

tubé-reux, = **ense** [*L. -rosus* (*tuber*, lump)], *adj.*: tuberos; *f.*: tuberosity. — **ri-fère** [*L. tuber, ferre*, BEAR], *adj.*: tubiferous. — **rošité**¹⁵ [*L. -rosus*, cf. -*reux*], *f.*: tuberosity.

tu-biforme [*tube*], *adj.*: tubiform. — **bulaire** [-*bule*], *adj.*: tubular. — **bul**¹⁵ [*L. -bulus* (*-bus*, tube)], *m.*: = (small tube). — **bulé** [*L. -bulus*], *adj.*: tubulated (tubular). — **bulenc**, = **ense**, *adj.*: tubulous (tubular). — **bulure**, *f.*: (*bot.*) tubule; (*chem.*) tubulature.

tudesque [OHG. *diutisc* (= *Ger. deutsch*)], *adj.*: TEUTONIC; (*fig.*) rude (uncouth, unrefined); *m.*: Teutonic (language).

tu-dieu [*tue*, Dieu], *interj.*: sounds! — **e-chien**, *m.*: (*bot.*) dog's-bane. — **tu-er**⁹ *tu é* [*p. L. tūtäre* (*L. tud*, beat), extinguish], *tr.*: kill (slay, slaughter); *se* —, kill one's self; commit suicide; kill each other; *se* — *de peine*, work one's self to death. — **erie**¹⁵, *f.*: killing, slaughter, carnage, massacre; slaughter-house. — **e-tête**, *adv.*: *d* —, in an ear-splitting fashion, at the top of one's voice, with all one's might. — **eur**¹² *tu eur*, *m.*: killer, slayer. — **e-vent**, *m.*: wind-brake.

tu-f¹⁵ [*L. tophus*], *m.*: = (tufa). — **facé**, *adj.*: tufaceous. — **fean**¹⁵, *m.*: tuf. — **fiër**, = **ère**, *adj.*: tufaceous.

tui-le° [L. *tégula*], *f.*: TILE; (*fig. fam.*) sudden accident (as by a falling tile), mishap: — *flamande*, — *en S*, pantile; — *de Guienne*, gutter-tile; — *gironné*, hip-tile. **-lé** [-ler], *adj.*: tiled; of tile. **-leau**¹⁴, *m.*: small tile; piece of tile. **-ler**, *tr.*: tile; test (one pretending to be a free-mason); *intr.*: have a tile-colour. **-lerie**¹² [-lier], *f.*: tile-making; tiliary (tile-works, tile-fields); *pl.* *Tuileries*: = (palace in Paris). **-lier**, *m.*: tile-maker.

tuli-pe¹⁵ [Turk. *tolipend*, *TURBAN*], *f.*: tulip. **-pier**, *m.*: tulip-tree. **-pomanie**, *f.*: tulipomania (passion for cultivating tulips).

tul-le [city Tulle], *m.*: =. **-lerie**, *f.*: tulle-manufactory. **-liste**, *m., f.*: tulle-maker.

tu-méfaction¹⁵ [-mêfêr], *f.*: tumefaction. **-môfier**¹⁵ [L. *-me-facere*], *tr.*: tumefy; *se* —, tumefy. **||-meur**¹⁵ [L. *-mor* (-mere, swell)], *f.*: tumour; (*vet.*) warble.

tu-mulaire [-mulus], *adj.*: of a tomb (sepulchral); (*rare*) tumular: *pierre* —, tombstone.

tumul-te¹³ [L. *-tus* (*tu*-, swell)], *m.*: tumult (uproar, confusion, riot). **-tuaire**¹⁵ [L. *-tuarius*], *adj.*: tumultuary (-tuous, uproarious). **-tuairément**¹⁵ [-tuairê], *adv.*: tumultuously. **-tuement**, = **-euse** [L. *-tuonus*], *adj.*: tumultuous (uproarious, riotous).

tumulus, *pl.* **-li** [L. (*tu*-, swell)], *m.*: = (sepulchral mound, barrow).

tuni-que¹² [L. *tunica* (*fr. Phœn.*)], *f.*: tunic. **-qué**, *adj.*: tunicated.

tunnel [Eng.], *m.*: =.

tuorbe = *tiorbe*.

tur-ban¹⁴ [Turk. *tul-band*, 'round-band'], *m.*: =. **-bané**, *adj.*: turbaned.

tur-bine [L. *-bo*, whirl], *f.*: =. **-biné** [L. *-binatus*], *adj.*: turbine(d). **-binite** [L. *-bo*], *f.*: = (shell).

tur-bot¹⁴ [Dutch *tarbot*], *m.*: = (flounder). **-botière**, *f.*: turbot-kettle. **-botin**, *m.*: young turbot.

turba-lemment¹⁵ *-lam*-, *adv.*: turbulently. **-lgnée** [L. *-lentia*], *f.*: =. **||-lent**¹⁵ [L. *-lentus* (*turba*, uproar)], *adj.*: =.

tur-c-que, *adj.*: Turkish; *m., f.*: Turk; *m.*: Turkish (language): *à la-que*, in the Turkish fashion.

turcaret [*T.*, character in a comedy by LeSage], *m.*: vulgar upstart.

turcie [l. *torcia*], *f.*: dike (embankment).

tur-cisme [t^{urc}], *m.*: Turkish religion; Turkish. **-co** [t^{urc}], *m.*: turko (Algerian soldier in French service, dressed as a

Turk). **-coïn** [t^{urc}], *m.*: mohair. **-co-man** [t^{urc}], *m.*: =.

turde [L. *-dus*], *m.*: *turdus* (thrush, etc.). **turelure**¹³ [echoic], *f.*: *tol-de-rol*, burden (of a song).

turf [Eng.], *m.*: = (race-course). **-fiste**, *m.*: turfite (votary of the turf).

tur-gesegnee, *f.*: =. **||-gescent** [L. *-gescens* (-gere, swell)], *adj.*: =. **-gide** [L. *-gidus* (-gere)], *adj.*: *turgid*.

turlu-pin¹³ [?], *m.*: = (nickname of religious reformers during the XII and XIII Cent.; Lollard); Turlupin (farceful name assumed by a comedian); sorry jester or punster; *adj.*: rollicking. **-pinade** [-piner], *f.*: sorry (or low) jest, conundrum, pun. **-pinage** [-piner], *m.*: sorry jesting. **-piner**, *intr.*: make sorry (or low) jests, pun; *tr.*: make puns on, ridicule, banter, aggravate.

tur-lurette [echoic], *f.*: sort of guitar (XIV Cent.). **-lut** [echoic], *m.*: (*dial.*) titlark. **-lutaine** [echoic], *f.*: sort of reed organ; burden (of a song), hobby. **-lutoir(e)** [-lut], *m.*: (*vulg.*) titlark. **-lututaine** [-lutaine], *f.*: burden (of a song), refrain, repetition. **-lutun** [echoic], *adv.*: *tol-de-rol-lol*; hush! *m.*: reed-pipe.

turnep(s) [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: turnip.

turpitude¹⁵ [L. *-do*], *f.*: = (vileness).

tur-que, *cf. t^{urc}*. **-quette**, *f.*: rupture-wort. **Tur-que**, *f.*: Turkey: *blé de* —, maize (Ind. corn). **-quin**¹⁵ [It. *-chino*], *adj.*: dark (of blue), deep; *m.*: dark-blue. **-quoise** [t^{urc}], *f.*: (*min.*) turquoise.

tussilage [L. *-go*], *m.*: (*bot.*) colt's-foot.

tu-télaire [L. *-lariâ*], *adj.*: tutelary. **||-telle**¹⁴ [L. *-tela* (-eri, watch)], *f.*: tutelage (guardianship, wardship). **-teur**¹², **-trice** [L. *-tor*], *m., f.*: guardian (tutor, protector, trustee); prop; *adj.*: guardian. **tutie**¹⁵ [*fr. Ar.*], *f.*: (*chem.*) tatty.

tutoiement, **-toiment**, *m.*: thousing. **||-toyer**¹³, *tr.*: thee-thou (say 'thou' to); *se* —, thee and thou each other, be on intimate terms.

tutrice, *cf. tuteur*.

tutti tou-ti [It. (*cf. tout*)], *adj. or m.*: (*mus.*) =.

tu-yau¹¹ [OHG. *tuda*], *m.*: tube (pipe; stalk; conduit); hose (pipe); shaft (flue, funnel, tunnel); barrel (of a quill), quill; nozzle; pipe-stem (shank); gauffer (of frills; flute, quilling); — *d'alimentation*, feed-pipe; — *d'incendie*, fire-hose; — *d'arrosage*, garden-hose; — *d'aspiration*, suction-pipe; — *de cheminée*, chimney-flue; — *de conduite* (or *de décharge*), delivery-pipe, waste-water pipe; — *d'échappement*, escape-pipe, waste-steam pipe; — *de poêle*, stove-pipe (chimney; hat);

— *de trop-plein*, waste-pipe; — *de vapour*, steam-pipe. **-yautage** [-yauter], *m.*: piping; pipes; gauffering (frilling). **-yauter**, *tr.*: gauffer (frill, flute). **-yauterie**, *f.*: pipe-making (pipe-manufactory); pipe-store; piping; system of pipes. **-yore**, *f.*: = (blast-pipe, towel). **tym-pan**¹³ [L. *-panum* (Gr. *túptein*, beat)], *m.*: tympanum (tympan, drum of the ear; spandrel of a bridge). **-panal**, *m.*: = **-panique**, *adj.*: tympanic; *m.*: tympanics. **-paniser**¹⁴ [L. *-panizare*, play the drum], *tr.*: †make known by beat of drum (cf. Eng. *-panise*, drum); cry down (decry, inveigh against loudly): *se* —, be decry'd, be ridiculed. **-panite** [L. *-panites*], *f.*: (med.) tympanitis; wind-dropsy. **-panon** [Gr.], *m.*: dulcimer (mus. instrument).

Tyn-dare, *m.*: Tyndareus. **tyn-darique**, *adj.*: Tyndaric.

ty-pe¹⁵ [L. *-pus* (-pos, impression, *tup*, strike)], *m.*: = (stamp, mark; symbol, etc.). **-pé**¹⁸, *adj.*: formed on the type (or model) of. **-per**¹⁸, *tr.*: stamp.

ty-phique [-phus], *adj.*: typhous; *m., f.*: typhus - patient. **-phoïde** [-phus, Gr. *eidos*, form], *adj.*: typhoid. **-phoïdique** [-phoïde], *adj.*: typhoidic; *m., f.*: typhoid patient.

ty-phon [fr. Port. *fão* (Chin.)], *m.*: typhoon (whirlwind).

typhus [L. (Gr. *-phos*, smoke, stupor)], *m.*: =.

typique [L. *-picus* (cf. *-pe*)], *adj.*: typical.

typo-graphe, *m.*: typographer. **||-graphie** [type, Gr. *gráphein*, write], *f.*: typography. **-graphique**, *adj.*: typographic(al). **-graphiquement**, *adv.*: typographically.

ty-ran¹¹ [L. *-rannus*], *m.*: tyrant. **-rannau**¹⁵, *m.*: petty tyrant; lesser tyrant (a bird). **-rannicide** [L. *1.-rannicidium* (*caedere*, kill); 2. *-rannicida*], *m.*: = (1. slaying, 2. slayer of a tyrant). **-rannic**¹² [Gr. *-rannia*], *f.*: tyranny. **-rannique**¹³ [L. *-rannicus*], *adj.*: tyrannic(al). **-ranniqueusement**¹⁴ [-rannique], *adv.*: tyrannically. **-ranniser**¹⁵, *tr.*: tyrannise (over).

Ty-r, *f.*: Tyre. **tyr-rien**, *-enne*, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Tyrian.

Tyro-l, *m.*: Tyrol. **tyro-lien**, *-enne*, *adj.* or *m., f.*: Tyrolian, Tyrolese; *f.*: Tyrolienne (a dance).

tyrrhénién, *-enne*, *adj.* or *m.*: Tyrrhenian.

Tyr-tée, *m.*: Tyrteus. **tyr-téen**, *adj.*: Tyrtean.

tzar, etc. = czar, etc.

tzigane, **-ngari**, *m.*: zingaro (gipsy).

U

u [L.], *m.*: u (the letter).

ubiqui-ste [L. *ubique*, everywhere], *m.*: ubiquist (Lutheran holding that the body of Christ is present everywhere); unengaged doctor of theology; ubiquitous person; person pleased everywhere. **-taire** [L. *ubique*], *m., f.*: ubiquist, -quitarian (cf. above); *adj.*: ubiquitous. **-té** [L. *-tas*], *f.*: ubiquite.

udo-mètre [L. *u(vi)dus*, wet], *m.*: udometer (rain-gauge).

u/lan [Ger. (Pol. *ula*, lance)], *m.*: (does not allow elision) = (lancer).

ukase [fr. Russ.], *m.*: = (imperial edict).

ulcé-ration¹³ [L. *-ratio*], *f.*: ulceration.

||ulé-é-re¹⁵ [L. *ulcus*], *m.*: ulcer. **-ré**, *part.*: ulcerated; full of resentment, embittered; gangrened (conscience). **-rer**¹³ [L. *-rare*], *tr.*: ulcerate; (*fig.*) embitter, exasperate: *s'* —, ulcerate. **-reur**¹⁵, *-euse* [L. *-rosus*], *adj.*: ulcerous.

uléma [Ar.], *m.*: ulema (Turk. doctor of law).

uligineux, *-euse* [L. *-nosus*], *adj.*: swampy.

ulmaïre [L. *-mus*, elm], *f.*: common meadow-sweet.

ulmi-ne [L. *ulmus*, elm], *f.*: (*chem.*) ulmin. **-nique**, *adj.*: ulmic.

ulté-rieur [L. *-rior*], *adj.*: ulterior; subsequent. **-rieurement**, *adv.*: ulteriorly; subsequently, later.

ulti-matum [L.], *m.*: =. **-me** [L.], *adv.*: in the last place, finally.

ultra [L.], *m.*: = (extremist, radical); *prefix*: =. **-libéral**, *adj.*: ultra-liberal. **-mondaine**, *adj.*: ultramundane. **-montaine**, *adj.* or *m., f.*: ultramontane, tramontane; etc., etc.

ulu-lation [L. *-latio*], *f.*: = (howling), scream. **-lement** [L. *-lare*, howl], *m.*: scream.

umble [L. *umbra*, shadow], *m.*: umbra (fish).

un^o, une [L. *unus*], *num.*: ONE; *m.*: one, unit; *art.*: a, an; *adj.*: one: — *pour cent*, one per cent.; *f* — *et l'autre*, both; *f* — *après l'autre*, one after another; *f* — *vaut l'autre*, one is as good as the other; *les* — *s* . . . *les autres*, some . . . others; *les* — *s et les autres*, all, all together; *f* — *l'autre*, *les* — *s les autres*, each other; *f* — *portant l'autre*, one with another; *en donner d'* — *e à quelqu'un*, take any one in; *sur les* — *e heure*, about one o'clock.

unani-me⁹ [*un-animus*, 'one-souled'], *adj.*: unanimous. **-mement**¹⁵, *adv.*: unanimously. **-mité**¹³ [L. *-mitas*], *f.*: unanimity.

unau [S. Am.], *m.*: = (sloth).

uncial on = *uncial*.

anguineur, *-ense* un- like nasal o [L. *-norus* (unguen, fat)], *adj.*: fatty, oily.

anguis un- like nasal o [L.], *m.*: = (nail, claw, etc.).

uni [unir], *adj.*: united; uniform; smooth, even, plain, simple; unaffected; calm; ordinary; monotonous; *adv.*: uniformly; *chemin* —, level road; *linge* —, plain linen; à l'*uni*, on a level, level.

uni- [L. *unus*, ONE]: **-cellulaire**, *adj.*: uni-cellular. **-colore**, *adj.*: uni-colour (ous). **-corne**¹² [L. *cornu*, HORN], *m.*:

unicorn (fabulous animal with one horn); rhinoceros; narwhal. **-ème**, *num.*: first (in 21st, 31st, etc.). **-èment** [*-ème*],

adv.: firstly. **-fication** [*-fier*], *f.*: =.

-fier [L. *facere*, make], *tr.*: unify, unite. **-flore** [L. *flos*, FLOWER], *adj.*: (bot.) uniflorous. **-forme**¹³ [L. *formis*], *adj.*: uniform; *m.*: uniform: *quitter l'*—, quit the service. **-formément** [*-forme*], *adv.*:

uniformly. **†-formiser** [*-forme*], *tr.*: render uniform. **-formité**¹³ [L. *-formitas*], *f.*: uniformity. **-latéral**, *adj.*:

unilateral. **-loculaire** [L. *loculus*, cell], *adj.*: unilocular. **-ment**¹¹ [un], *adv.*: evenly, smoothly; uniformly; plainly, simply. **-nominal**, *adj.*: of one name.

-on¹² [L. *-o*], *f.*: =; (leg.) deed of agreement; concurrence. **-oniste** [*-on*], *m.*:

unionist (member of a trades union; supporter of the Union). **-pare** [L. *parere*, breed], *adj.*: uniparous. **-que**¹⁵ [L. *-eus*],

adj.: = (sole, single, only): *fil*s —, only son. **-quement**¹⁵, *adv.*: uniquely (only, solely; above the rest). **unif-r**¹¹ [L. *-re*],

tr.: unite, join; make uniform; plane, level, smooth, pair: *s'*—, unite, combine; coalesce. **-sexué** or **-sexuel**, **-elle**,

adj.: (bot.) unisexual. **-s(s)on**¹⁵ [L. *unisonus*, of one sound], *m.*: (mus.) unison, keeping. **-s(s)onant** [*-sson*], *adj.*: unisonant, -sonous. **-taire** [*-té*], *adj.*: unitarian. **-tarisme** [*-taire*], *m.*: unitarianism. **-té**¹² [L. *-tas*], *f.*: unity; concord; unit. **-tif**, **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: unitive; (theol.) of pure love. **-valve**, *adj.*:

=, univalvular. **-vers** [L. *-versus* (vertere, turn)], *m.*: universe. **-versaliser** [L. *-versalis*], *tr.*: universalise. **-versaliste** [L. *-versalis*], *m.* or *f.*: universalist. **-versalité**¹⁵ [L. *-versalitas*],

f.: universality. **-versaur**, *pl.* of *-vel*. **versel**¹², **-elle**, *m. pl.* **-aux** [L. *-versalis*], *adj.*: universal; (log.) predicable; *m.*: common feature. **-versellement**¹³

[*-versel*], *adv.*: universally. **-versitaire** [*-versité*], *adj.*: university (of a university). **-versité** [L. *-versitas* (cf. *vers*)],

f.: university. **-vocation** [cf. *v*], *f.*: =.

-voque¹⁵ [L. *-vocus*], *adj.*: univocal.

upas [Malay], *m.*: = (supposed poisonous tree).

ura-ne, or **-nium** [L. *Uranus*], *m.*: uranite, -nium (heavy, white metallic element). **-nographie**, *f.*: uranography, etc.

urate [cf. *-rine*], *m.*: (chem.) =.

ur-bain¹² [L. *-banus* (urbs, city)], *adj.*: urban. **-banité**¹³ [L. *-banitas*], *f.*: urbanity, politeness.

Urbain, *m.*: Urbino.

ureéo-le [L. *-lus* (urceus, pitcher)], *m.*: (bot.) urceolus. **-lé**, *adj.*: (bot.) urceolate.

ure¹⁵ [L. *urus*], *m.*: urus (ur-ox, urus).

urédo [L. (urere, burn), blight], *m.*: uredo (parasitic fungus).

ur-ée [root ur of urine], *f.*: (chem.) urea. **-ctère**¹⁵ [Gr. *oureter*], *m.*: ureter.

-èt(h)re [L. *-ethra*], *m.*: urethra.

ur-gement *-jam*, *adv.*: urgently. **-gence** [L. *-gentia*], *f.*: urgency.

ll-gent¹⁴ [L. *-gens* (-gere, push)], *adj.*: = (pressing).

uri-naire¹⁵, *adj.*: urinary. **-nal**¹² [L.], *m.*: =. **ll-ne**^o [L. *-na*], *f.*: =. **-neur**¹⁴,

intr.: urinate, stale. **-neur**, **-euse**, *adj.*: urinous. **-noir** [*-ner*], *m.*: urinary, urinal. **-que** [root ur-], *adj.*: (chem.) uric.

urne [L. *-na* (ur-, burn)], *f.*: urn (vase of 'burnt' clay; vase gen'l'y; vase for the ashes of the dead; bot. spore-case); ballot-box.

Ursuline [the saint *Ursule*], *f.*: Ursuline nun; *pl.*: convent of such nuns.

urti-caire [L. *-ca* (ur-, burn), nettle], *f.*: (med.) urticaria (nettle-rash). **-cation** [L. *-ca*], *f.*: =. **-cées** [L. *-ca*], *f. pl.*: nettle-tribe.

urus = *ure*.

1.us [L. ending *-us*], *m.*: Latin or classical lore: *un savant en* —, one learned in classical lore.

2.u-s^o or **us** [L. *usus*, use], *m. pl.*: usages; rights. **-sage**^o [p. L. *usaticum*], *m.*: = (custom, practice); wear (of clothes); *pl.*: church-books: *être hors d'*—, be out of use, be obsolete. **-sager**¹³ [*-sage*], *m.*: (leg.) commoner. **-sance**¹⁴ [*-ser*], *f.*: (com.) usance. **-sant**, **-ante** [*-ser*], *adj.*:

using; *f.*: (leg.) making use of, using, enjoying; wear(ing), rubbing. **-sé** [*-ser*], *adj.*: used; worn out, threadbare; stale.

-ser^o [p. L. *-sare*], *tr.*: use; consume; wear off or out; wear away; use up, spend, waste; (*surg.*) eat off, consume; *intr.*: make use (de, of): *s'*—, wear (one's self) out; be worn out; be consumed, waste, decay, be spent; *m.*: wear, service: *en* — *bien* (mal) *avec*, use one well (ill); — *de douceur*, use gentle means.

usi-ne^o [L. *officina*], *f.*: any works with

machine power (factory, workshop, forge, mill, etc.). **-nier**, **-ère**, *m.*: factory or mill owner, manufacturer.

usité¹⁴ [*L. usitatus*], *adj.*: used, in use.

usquebac [*fr. Eng.*], *m.*: usquebaugh (liquor).

ustensile¹⁵ [*L. utensile (uti, USE)*], *m.*: utensil; implement, tool.

ustion¹⁶ [*L. -tio (root us-, burn)*], *f.*: =.

usu... [*L. usus, use*]: **-caption** [*L. -captio*], *f.*: =. **-el**, **-elle** [*L. -alis*], *adj.*: usual. **-ellement** [*-el*], *adv.*: usually.

-fructuaire [*cf. fruit*], *adj.*: usufructuary. **-fruit**¹³ [*L. -fructus*], *m.*: usufruct, use. **-fruitier**, **-ère** [*-fruit*], *adj.*: (*leg.*) of the tenant, of the usufructuary (as repairs). **-raire**¹³ [*L. -rarius*, *cf. -re*], *adj.*: usurious. **-rairement** [*raire*], *adv.*: usuriously. **usu-re**¹² [*L. -ra*, interest on money 'used'], *f.*: usury; wear (and tear); *rendre avec* —, return with interest. **-rier**¹², **-ère** [*L. -rarius*, *cf. -re*], *m.*: usurer.

usur-pateur, **-trice** [*L. -pator*], *m.*: usurper. **-pation**¹⁵ [*L. -patio*], *f.*: =.

||-per¹³ [*L. -pare*], *tr.*: usurp.

ut [*fr. L. hymn*; *cf. la*], *m.*: (*mus.*) =, do, C.

utérin¹⁵, **-ine** [*L. -rinus*], *adj.*: uterine; *m. pl.*: brothers or brother(s) and sister(s) by the same mother (but not father).

-ro..., in some compounds much like English. **||-rus**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: uterus (womb).

uti-le¹¹ [*L. -lis (uti, USE)*], *adj.*: useful; *m.*: useful, utility. **-lement**, *adv.*: usefully. **-liser**, *tr.*: utilize, make use of.

-litaire, *adj.* or *m.*: utilitarian. **-lité**¹¹ [*L. -litas*], *f.*: utility, usefulness; purpose.

uto-pie¹² [*Gr. ou, not, topos, land*], *f.*: Utopia. **-piste**¹⁵, *m.*: Utopist, Utopian.

utricu-laire, *adj.*: utricular. **||-le** [*L. -lus (uter, womb)*], *m.*: utricule. **-lé**, *adj.*: utricular.

u-vée¹⁶ [*L. -va, grape*; bunch of grapes], *f.*: uvea (the dark of the iris). **-vulaire** [*L. -vula*], *adj.*: uvular.

V

v *VE*, or older *vÉ*, *m.*: v (the letter).

1.va [*I've (L. -dere)*, go!], *adv.*: — *pour cela*, agreed! all right! go ahead! **2.va** [*it goes*], *m.*: money bet (over and above the stake): *sept-et-le*—, seven times the stake (at basset, faro, etc.).

va-cance [*L. -cantia*], (*us'ly pl.*) *f.*: vacancy; school-vacation, holidays. **||-cant**¹⁵ [*L. -cans (-care, be empty)*], *adj.*: =.

vacarme¹² [*Dutch wach-arme* (lit. 'woe to the wretched')], *m.*: uproar, clamour, hubbub.

vacation¹³ [*L. -tio (vacare, be free or empty)*], *f.*: †profession; †calling; sitting (of magistrates); court vacation, holidays (between sessions); fees (of courts or lawyers): — *d'enchères publiques*, day's auction sales; *chambre de* —, court in session between regular sessions.

vac-cin¹⁵ [*L. -cinus (-ca, cow)*], *m.*: vaccine, cow-pox, virus (used in vaccination). **-cinable**¹⁵, *adj.*: to be vaccinated. **-cinateur**¹⁵, *m.*: vaccinator.

-cination¹⁵, *f.*: =, inoculation with vaccine. **-cine**¹⁵, *f.*: vaccina, cow-pox. **-ciner**¹⁵, *tr.*: vaccinate.

va-ehe⁹ [*L. vacca, cow*], *f.*: cow; beef; leather; (*fam.*) fleshy woman: — *marine*, sea-cow, morse; — *à Dieu*, lady-bug; *ranz des* —, kuhreihen, Swiss herder's song; — *à lait*, milk-cow; *manger de la* — *enragée*, eat a cow dead of rabies, (*fig.*) be very wretched; *le plancher des* —, terra firma; *la* — *à Colas*, Protestantism; *un canon en* —, a cannon pointing lengthwise of the ship; — *grogante*, yak (of Thibet); *c'est le grand chemin des* —, everybody knows that. **-cher**, **-ère**, *m., f.*: cow herder, (†Eng. *vacher*). **-che-rie**, *f.*: cow-stable; dairy (*cf. †Eng. vachery*). **-chette**, *f.*: leather (*fr. a small cow*).

vacil-lant¹⁵ or **-siy** [*L. -lare (cf. Skt. rak, roll)*], *adj.*: vacillating; uncertain. **-lation** [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =, wavering.

-ler¹⁵ [*L. -lare*], *intr.*: vacillate; waver; stagger.

vacuité¹³ [*L. -tas (vacuus, empty)*], *f.*: vacuity; vacancy.

va-de¹⁵ [*It. -da (L. -dere, go)*, go!], *f.*: starter, stake (first put up by one of the players); share, interest (in business); investment; self-interest. **-demanque** [*-de, manquer*], *f.*: decrease (in capital).

-de-mecum, *pl.* — [*L., 'go-with-me'*], *m.*: = (something in constant use, esp. a book). **va-et-vient**, *pl.* — [*Fr., 'goes-and-comes'*], *m.*: piston, rod (or other part of machinery with regular to-and-fro motion); see-saw motion; ferry-boat or its pass-rope.

vagabon-d¹⁵, **-onde** [*L. -dus (vagus, roving)*], *adj.*: roaming; VAGRANT; *m., f.*: vagabond; tramp. **-dage**, *m.*: vagrancy; rascality. **-der**¹⁵, *intr.*: be a tramp or vagabond.

va-gin [*L. -gina, sheath*], *m.*: vagina. **-ginal**, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: =.

va-gir¹⁵ [*L. -gire*], *intr.*: cry (as young children). **-gissant**, *adj.*: squalling. **-gisement**, *m.*: crying.

†**vagon**, see *wagon*.

1. **vague**¹² [L. *vacuus*], *adj.*: empty, VACANT; ignorant, uncultivated; indefinite: *terre* —, idle ground; *désir* —, indeterminate longing; *m.*: empty space, vagueness, cf. rare Eng. *vague*, 'expanse': *se perdre dans le* —, to ramble in an argument.

2. **va-gue**¹⁵ [L. *-gus* (root *vag-*, move)], *adj.*: = (unstable, wandering); (*bot.*) irregularly arranged: *une année* —, (ordinary year, not leap-year), vague year; *douleurs* —s, shifting pains. 3. **va-gue**¹⁶ [OHG. *wāg*], *f.*: WAVE (of water, air, etc.); curved ornament (in architecture). -**gue-ment**¹⁵, *adv.*: vaguely. -**guemestre** [Ger. *wagenmeister*], *m.*: wagon master (esp.) of military train. -**guer** [L. *-garī*], *intr.*: wander, stroll, roam, be unsettled; crawl (of colours); ramble.

vail-lamment¹², *adv.*: valiantly.

-**lancee**¹¹, *f.*: valiance, courage, valour.

ll-lant [old Part. of *valoir*], *m.*: capital, property; *adv.*: *il doit plus qu'il n'a* —, he owes more than he is worth; *n'avoir rien* —, be penniless; *adj.*: valiant, brave, spirited (of horses). -**lantise**¹¹, *f.*: (*fam.*) provess, heroism.

vain⁹ [L. *vānus*, empty], *adj.*: = (proud of petty things, showy; useless; worthless; unreal); barren (of land); *m.*: vanity: *faire le* —, be vainglorious, or conceited.

vain-cue⁹ [L. *vincere*], *irr. §*; *tr.*: conquer (VANQUISH, overcome, defeat, subdue; outdo; control): *se laisser* — à la pitié, to be moved by pity; *se* —, to conquer one's self. -**cue**, *m., f.*: vanquished.

§ *c* becomes *qu* before all vowels except *u*. Ind.: Pr. *vain-cs*, -*ci*, -*c*; *vain-queus*, -*gues*, -*guant*, etc. Pret. *vainquis*. — Part.: Pr. *vainc*, *quant*; P. *vaincu*.

vainement¹² [*vain*], *adv.*: vainly.

vainqueur¹¹ [*vainere*], *m.*: conqueror, victor, winner; *m. adj.*: conquering, captivating.

vai-r⁹ [L. *varius*, spotted], *m.*: (*her.*) = (one of the furs on shield). 1. -**ron**, *adj.*: wall-eyed; glass-eyed; hav'g eyes of different colour. 2. -**ron**, *m.*: minnow.

vais-seau⁹, *pl.* —s [L. *L. vascellum* (L. *vas*, dish)], *m.*: VESSEL (dish, bottle, retort; ship; duct, artery, vein); nave (of churches); interior of buildings: — *de cent*, ship of a hundred guns; — *fanal*, light-ship; — *de guerre*, man-of-war; wandering albatross. -**selier** [-*selle*], *m.*: case, box (for table utensils). -**selle**⁹ [L. *vascella*], *f.*: tableware, plate (of gold or silver), set (of china or porcelain): — *de terre*, earthenware. -**sellerie** [-*selle*], *f.*: cheese-making utensils (buckets, sieves, etc.).

val⁹, *pl.* **vauz** or **vauz** [L. *vallis*], *m.*: valley.

val-able¹² [sk. to *valoir*], *adj.*: valid; valuable. -**ablement**¹⁴, *adj.*: validly.

Valachie, *f.*: Wallachia.

valen-ce [town V. in Spain], *f.*: Spanish orange. -**ciennes** [town V.], *f.*: = (lace).

Valère, *m.*: Valerius.

va-let¹¹ [dim. of p. L. *-suss*, VASSAL], *m.*: = (body-servant, lackey); hired man; base fellow; gripping-tool, hold-fast; door-weight; knave (at cards); *maître* —, foreman; — *de ferme*, farm hand; — *de place*, guide; — *à louer*, man out of work; *âme de* —, low-lived fellow; — *à débouter*, bootjack; *je suis votre* —, (*fam.*) your obedient servant (ironically); — *à tout faire*, man of all work. -**letage**, *m.*: service of a valet; working of a farm.

-**letaille**, *f.*: gang of men-servants, or hired hands.

-**let-à-patin** [inventor *Patin*], *m.*: = (expanding forceps to compress blood-vessels). -**leter**¹⁵, *intr.*: (*fam.*) toady, fawn, act servilely.

valétudinaire [L. *-narius* (*valere*, be well)], *adj.*, or *m.*: valetudinarian (hav'g poor health; sickly person).

va-leur⁹ [L. *-lor* (*-lere*, be strong)], *f.*: value (worth; market price; length of a musical note; relation of the elements of a picture to one another); bill of exchange; draft, notes, etc.; VALOUR, courage: *donner de la* — à certains *tons*, give effect to certain colours (in painting); *contre* —, what is given in exchange. -**leureusement**¹⁴ [*valoureux*], *adv.*: with valour, bravely. -**leureux**¹⁴, = *cuse*, *adj.*: valorous, brave.

†**valhalla**, see *valhalla*.

vali-dation¹⁵ [-*der*], *f.*: = (making legally valid or sound). **ll-de**¹⁵ [L. *-dus*], *adj.*: healthy; valid; *m., f.*: healthy person.

validé [fr. Ar., 'mother' V.], *f.*: Sultana (title of mother of sultan).

vali-dement [-*de*], *adv.*: like a healthy person; validly; with assurance, confidently. -**der**¹⁵ [L. *-dare*], *tr.*: confirm, make valid. -**dité**¹⁵ [L. *-ditus*], *f.*: validity.

valise¹⁵ [L. *-ria* (?)], *f.*: =, travelling-bag: *mettre quelque chose dans sa* —, to prepare one's self; (do a thing for precaution).

†**valisnère** or †**valisnérie**, see *vallisnérie*.

†**valkyrie**, see *walkyrie*.

val-laïre [L. *-laris* (*-lum*, WALL)], *adj.*: couronne —, vallar crown (crown awarded for first mounting hostile rampart).

vallée¹⁹ [*val*], *f.*: valley: *la Vallée*, (old) poultry and game market of Paris.

vallisnérie [It. botanist *Vallisneri*], *f.*: vallisneria (water-herb of the frogbit family).

val-lon [ak. to *val*], *m.*: little valley, vale, dale. **-lounnement**, *m.*: shaping of land into valleys. **-loner**, *tr.*: grade land into form of valleys.

valoir [L. *valere*], *irr.* §; *intr.*: be worth; be worthy; equal; yield; *tr.*: yield, bring; *faire* —, make count, hold one's ground; set off; — *mieux*, be better; — *la peine*, not be worth the trouble; *cela vaut de l'argent*, that is very valuable; *vaille que vaille*, cost what it may; *un rien (des riens)* *que vaille*, worthless person(s); *se faire — de*, be of importance on account of; *autant vaut*, it lacks little; *autant (vaut) cela que*, is worth as much as; *à —*, payment on account.

§ Ind.: *Pr. vau-x, -x, -t; va-lens, -lez, -lent. Ipt. valais. Pret. valus. Fut. (Cond.) vaudrais.* — Subj.: *Pr. vaille, -es, -e; valions, valiez, vaillent. Ipt. valuisse.* — Part.: *Pr. valant; P. valu.*

val-se [Ger. *walzer*], *f.*: waltz. **-ser**, *intr.*, *tr.*: waltz (fam.) *faire — quel-qu'un*, annoy one. **-seur, -euse**, *m., f.*: waltzer.

va-lu, *part. of valoir*. **-lue**, *f.*: plus (moins) —, superior (inferior) value.

valusse, see *valoir*.

val-ve [L. *-ra*, leaf of folding-door], *f.*: —.

-vé, *adj.*: valved, hav'g valves. **-vule** [L. *-vula*], *f.*: capsule, little valve, valvula.

vam-pire [?], *m.*: = (spectral torment; large South American bat; flying fox). **-pirisme**, *m.*: belief in vampires, (fig.) greed.

van [L. *vannus*], *m.*: winnowing fan (to clean grain); cf. Eng. *van*.

vanadium [Norse goddess *Vanadis*], *m.*: —, metallic element.

vanda-le [L. *-lus*], *m.*: vandal (ancient people who pillaged Rome); ruthless plunderer; *adj.*: vandal, savage. **-lisme**, *m.*: vandalism.

van-daise [?], *f.*: dart, dace (fish).

vanesse [? Gr. goddess *Phanes*], *f.*: vanessa (butterfly).

vanil-le [Sp. *rainilla* (raina, sheath)], *f.*: vanilla (bean or tree). **-lier**, *m.*: vanilla tree.

vani-té [L. *-itas*], *f.*: vanity, shallow pride, futility: *sans —*, without boasting; *faire — de quelque chose*, be proud of a thing. **-teur, -euse**, *adj.*: ridiculously vain; *m., f.*: weak, vain person.

1. **vannage** [van], *m.*: winnowing fans for grain; winnowing.

2. **van-nage**, *m.*: system of watergates, sluice. **||-ne** [?], *f.*: watergate.

van-neau [ak. to *van*], *m.*: plover; lapwing. **-ner** [L. *-nare*], *tr.*: fan

(grain); winnow. **-nerie**, *f.*: occupation of winnowing; basket-work. **-nette** [van], *f.*: shallow basket for grain. **-neur** [ner], *m.*: winnower. **-nier**, *m.*: basket-maker; winnowing basket.

vantail [pl. = *aux* (cf. *ventail*), *m.*: leaf (of folding-door, window, etc.).

van-tard [L. *-arde*, *adj.*: (fam.) boastful; *m., f.*: boaster. **-tardise**, *f.*: (fam.) big talk. **||-ter** [p. L. *vanitare*], *tr.*: praise much, VAUNT: *se —*, brag. **-terie** [f.], *f.*: (fam.) bragging, brag. **-teur** [m.], *m.*: braggart.

va-nu-pieds, *pl.* — [‘go-bare-foot’], *m., f.*: ragged person, tattered-demon.

1. **va-peur** [L. *-por*], *f.*: vapour (steam, exhalation, fumes, gas); hue; trouble; *pl.*: hysterics, hypochondria: *bateau à —*, steamboat; *chaudière à —*, boiler; *à la —*, by steam, (fig.) very rapidly.

2. **-peur**, *m.*: steamboat, steamer. **-por-eux** [L. *-porosus*], *adj.*: vaporious (steaming, hav'g steam, misty, hazy; bathed in vapour); *m., f.*: hypochondriac. **-pori-sa-teur** [poriser], *m.*: evaporator. **-pori-sa-tion** [poriser], *f.*: vaporisation. **-pori-ser** [L. *-por*, steam], *tr.*: vaporise, evaporate.

va-quer [L. *-care*], *intr.*: be empty; be in vacation (of schools, courts, etc.): — *à*, be devoted to; be given up to.

varaigne [for *-renne*], *f.*: tide-gate (to salt-marshes).

varangue [Swed. *vränger*, sides of ship], *f.*: floor-timber, wale.

vare [Sp. *vara*], *f.*: Spanish yard (about 3 feet).

varec(h) [OEng. *wrac*, débris], *m.*: varec (WRACK, kelp, sea-weed); flotsam, wrecked ship.

varenne [cf. *garenne*], *f.*: wild-lands; hunting preserves.

varense [?], *f.*: blouse, pea-jacket.

va-riabilité [L. *-riabilis*], *f.*: variability, changeableness. **||-riable** [L. *-riabilis* (*-riare*, to change)], *adj.*: = (fickle, changeable); *m.*: —. **-riablement** [adv.], *adv.*: variably. **-riant** [L. *-riare*], *adj.*: = (hav'g variation, diverse, unsteady, restless); *f.*: variant (form differing in spelling; strict synonym). **-ria-tion** [L. *-riare*], *f.*: —.

varice [L. *-rix* (*-rus*, stretched)], *f.*: varix (diseased dilation of blood-vessels; ridge on a univalve shell).

varicelle [riole], *f.*: varicella (chicken-pox, varioloid).

va-rié, *adj.*: varied (hav'g variety; often altered; varicoloured). **||-rier** [L. *-riare*], *tr., intr.*: vary (change in form, colour, structure; shift; diversify; be different; alternate, differ, disagree).

-riété [L. *-rietas*], *f.*: variety (unlike-ness, change; collection of unlike things, sub-species); *pl.*: miscellany.

vario-le [l. L. *-la* (L. *varius*, changing)], *f.*: variola, small-pox. **-leux**, **-euse**, *adj.*: sick with small-pox; *m., f.*: small-pox patient. **-lique**, *adj.*: of small-pox, variolar. **-lite** [Gr. *lithós*, stone], *f.*: = (stone which looks pock-marked).

vari-queux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-cosus* (*varus*, stretched), full of dilated veins], *adj.*: varicose (swollen; abnormally dilated).

varlot [valet], *m.*: = (page; villain).

varlope [?], *f.*: jointing-plane, long-plane.

Varron, *m.*: Varro (the Roman).

Varsovie, *f.*: Warsaw (the city).

vason-laïre or **-leux**, **-euse** [L. *-lum*, small vessel], *adj.*: vascular (hav'g ducts richly supplied with vessels).

1. vase¹⁵ [L. *vas*], *m.*: = (urn, pot, urn-shaped object); *-s cinéraires*, funeral urns.

2. vas-e¹⁵ [OEng.], *f.*: mud; slime. **-eux**, **-euse**, *adj.*: muddy, miry.

vasistas [Ger. *was ist das*, 'what-is-it'], *m.*: casement-window; blind (of carriages).

vasque [L. *-eus*, kind of flute], *f.*: basin (of fountains).

vas-sal¹⁰, **-ale**, *pl.* **-aux** [l. L. *-salis* (fr. Celt.)], *m.* or *f.*: vassal (retainer, feudal tenant, bondman). **-salité**, *f.*: vassalage (vassals as a class; land held in fief). **-selage**¹⁰, *m.*: vassalage (condition of a vassal; feudal tax).

vas-te¹² [L. *-tus*, waste], *adj.*: vast (of great extent, size, or quantity). **-tement**, *adv.*: vastly; broadly.

vatican [L. *-canus*, Vatican hill], *m.*: Vatican (pope's residence in Rome).

vaticiner [L. *-nari*], *tr.* or *intr.*: vaticinate, prophesy.

va-tout, *pl.* — [‘go-all’], *m.*: *faire* —, stake one's all, risk everything.

vau-de-route¹⁵ [val de route], only in the *adv.* expression: *s'enfuir* (aller) à —, flee (go) pell-mell.

vaudevil-le¹⁵ [Val de Vire, where first composed], *m.*: = (old, sprightly song; now, variety show; street ballad). **-liste**, *m.*: vaudevillist (writer).

vaurien [valoir, rien], *m.*: good-for-nothing; scamp.

vautour¹² [L. *vultur*], *m.*: vulture; greedy man.

vau-trait¹⁵, *m.*: outfit (for hunting bears or wild boars). **|| vau-tre**¹⁰ [l. L. *veltris* (fr. Celt.)], *m.*: boar-hound. **-trer**, *tr.*: roll in the mud; (*us'ly*): se —, wallow, welter.

vavasseur¹¹ [l. L. *vassus vassorum*, servant of servants], *m.*: vassal of a vassal; chief-vassal (cf. †Eng. *vasator*).

vayvode [Slavonic, 'war-chief'], *m.*: wayvode (an old title, afterwards changed to *hospodar*).

veau⁰ [L. *vitellus* (dim. of *tulus*)], *m.*: calf; VEAL; calf's leather; lazy fellow; lubber: *chair de* —, veal; *eau de* —, veal broth; — *marin*, sea-calf, seal; sealskin; — *de lait*, sucking calf; *faire le* —, spread one's self out, sprawl; be lazy.

vecteur [L. *-ior* (*vehere*, move)], *m.*: (*math.*) vector.

Véda [Sansk. (*vid*, know)], *m.*: Veda (sacred books of the Hindus).

védasse [Ger. *weid-äsche*], *f.*: (*dye.*) weed-ashes.

vzdette¹⁵ [It. *-tta* (*vedere*, see)], *f.*: = (sentinel, sentry); sentry box; watch-tower; (*writing*) separate line; large type.

védique [Véda], *adj.*: Vedic.

végé-table, *adj.*: vegetable. **-tal**, *pl.* **-aux**, *adj.*: vegetal, vegetable; *m.*: vegetable. **-talité** [*-tal*], *f.*: vegetability.

-tant, *adj.*: vegetating. **-tatif**¹², **-ive**, *adj.*: vegetative. **-tation**¹⁵, *f.*: vegetation. **|| -ter**¹⁵ [L. *vegetare*], *intr.*: vegetate.

véhé-mence¹⁵ [L. *-mentia*], *f.*: vehemence, vehemency. **|| -ment**¹¹ [L. *-mens*], *adj.*: vehement (impetuous).

-mente-ment¹⁵, *adv.*: vehemently.

véhicule¹⁵ [L. *-tus* (*vehere*, carry)], *f.*: vehicle.

veh-me [Ger. *feh'm*], *f.*: vehmgericht, vehmic court. **-mique**, *adj.*: vehmic.

veil-le⁰ [L. *vigilia*], *f.*: watch, watching, VIGIL; eve, day before; verge, point; *pl.*: watchings; night labours, lucubrations, midnight toil: *la — du jour*, the day before (or preceding) that of; *être à la — de*, be on the point of. **-lée**¹⁵, *f.*: watching, sitting up, night-attendance; evening work or meeting. **|| -ler**⁰ [L. *vigilare* (*vigil*, awake)], *intr.*: wake, watch, keep vigil, sit up; be on the watch, be on guard, take care; *tr.*: watch over: *faire* —, keep awake, keep up. **-leur**¹⁵, *m.*: watcher; night-watch. **-leuse**, *f.*: (night) watcher; night-lamp; float-light; (*bot.*) meadow-saffron. **-lotte**, *f.*: hay-cock (left to be gathered later); meadow-saffron.

vei-ne⁰ [L. *vēna*], *f.*: (vein, nervure, grain in wood; *geol.* seam, underground spring; *fig.* humour, train); luck: *être en —*, be in the humour, be in (for a thing); *bonne —*, good run (at play). **-né** [*-ner*], *adj.*: veined, veiny. **-ner**, *tr.*: (*paint.*) vein.

-neux¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-nosus*], *adj.*: venous; veiny, veined. **-nule** [L. *-nula*], *f.*: venule (small vein).

vélaire¹⁵ [L. *velum*, VEIL, soft palate], *adj.*: velar (near the soft palate, back-palatal).

vélar¹⁵ [v], m.: hedge-mustard.
vélarium [L. (-lum, veni)], m.: velarium (awning of Rom. theatres).
vélaut [v] *voilà haut*, interj.: (hunt.) tally-ho!
Vel-ehé [Ger. *Welsch* (? L. *gallus*, Gaul), general name for non-Germanic foreigner], m.: fig. barbarian; rude stranger; rustic, ignominious. **-cherie**¹⁷, f.: barbarism, stupidity.
véler¹⁴ [old *veel* = *veau*], intr.: calve.
velet [voile], m.: white upper veil.
vélin [old *veel* = *veau*], m.: vellum.
vélites [L. *velites*, pl. of *-les*], m. pl.: velites (Rom. light-armed soldiers).
velléité¹⁵ [L. *velle*, WILL], f.: velleity (faint desire or inclination).
vélo-ee [L. *velox*], adj.: swift. **-cypède**¹⁵ [L. *-pes*, FOOT], m.: velocipede, bicycle. **-cypédiste** [-cypède], m. or f.: velocipedist, bicyclist. **-cité**¹⁵ [L. *-citas*], f.: velocity, swiftness.
ve-lours¹¹ [? l. L. *-lutus* (villus, hair)], m.: VELVET; (fam.) slip of the tongue: — *façonné*, figured velvet; — *ras*, short- nap velvet; — *à côtes*, corduroy; — *de coton croisé*, velveteen; *jouer sur le* —, play upon one's winnings. **-louté** [-louter], adj.: velveteen, velvety, velvet; (of wine) soft and smooth to the palate, rich; m.: velveting, velvet; velvet-down; flock surface; softness. **-louter**¹⁵, tr.: velvet, give the appearance of velvet. **-loutier**, m.: velvet-weaver.
velu^o [p. L. *villutus* (villus, hair)], adj.: hairy (esp. of the body), shaggy.
venaison^o [L. *-natio* (-nari, hunt)], f.: venison.
véna-l¹² [L. *venalis* (venus, sale)], adj.: venal (mercenary). **-lement**¹⁵, adv.: venally. **-lité**¹⁵ [L. *-litas*], f.: venality.
venant [-nir], part.: coming; growing, thriving; m.: comer: *à tout* —, to the first comer, to any one.
vendable¹² [vendre], adj.: vendible, sal(e)able.
ven-dange^o [L. *vin-demia* (demo, take off), grape-harvest], f.: VINTAGE. **-dang-er**^o [L. *-demi-dre*], intr.: gather the grapes; gather the grapes of; ravage, devastate. **-dangeur**^o, = **-euse** [L. *-demi-dre*], m., f.: grape-gatherer, vintager. **-démiaire** [L. *-demia*], m.: = (first month of the French republican calendar, Sept. 22 to Oct. 21).
vendresse, cf. **-deur**.
vendetta [It. (L. *vindicta*, revenge)], f.: = (blood-feud).
vendeur¹², = **-dence**, or **-dresse** [-dre], m., f.: seller, vendor (f.: *-deuse*, habitual or by profession).
†vendi-cation¹⁵ [L. *-catio*], f.: vindica-

tion. **†-quer** [L. *vindicare*], tr.: vindicate.
†ven-dition¹² [L. *-ditio*], f.: (leg.) = (sale). **†ven-dre**^o [L. *vendere*], tr.: sell, vend; *se* —, sell one's self; be sold; sell; *un vendu*, substitute (soldier).
vendredi¹¹ [L. *Veneri dies*, 'Venus's day' (cf. Friday, 'Frigus's day'), m.: Friday: *le* — *saint*, Good-Friday.
vené [-ner], adj.: (of meat) tainted, high.
†vénefice [L. *-ficio* (venenum, poison)], m.: (leg.) poisoning, (†Eng. *venefice*).
†venelle¹² [l. L. *-lla* (L. *vena*, vein)], f.: small street: *enfiler la* —, run away.
venéneur¹⁵, = **-euse** [L. *venenosus*], adj.: venomous, poisonous.
venér^o [L. *-nari*, hunt], tr.: run (domestic animals, to make their flesh tender): *faire* —, keep (meat) until it gets high or very ripe.
vené-rable¹⁵ [L. *-rabilis*], adj.: venerable. **-rablement**¹⁵ [-rable], adv.: venerably. **-ration**¹¹ [L. *-ratio*], f.: veneration. **†-rer** [L. *-rari* (root *van*, desire)], tr.: venerate (reverence).
vénerie¹⁵ [vener], f.: venery (hunting); hunting train; hunters' lodge.
vénerien¹⁵, = **-ienne** [L. *Venus*], adj.: venereal.
venette [Ofr. *vené*], f.: (pop.) fright.
veneur^o [L. *-nator*], m.: huntsman: *grand* —, master of the hounds.
venez-y-voir, pl. — ['come-there-to-see'], m.: (jest.) pretty thing, sight; catch.
ven-geance¹⁰, f.: =. **†-ger**^o [L. *vindicare*], tr.: avenge (revenge; vindicate): *se* —, avenge one's self, be revenged; *se* — *de*, be revenged on. **-geur**¹¹, = **-resse**, m., f.: avenger; revenger; adj.: avenging; revengeful.
veniat, pl. — [L. 'may he come'], m.: (leg.) summons.
vé-niel¹², = **-nielle** [L. *venia*, pardon], adj.: venial (pardonable). **-nielle-ment**¹⁵, adv.: venially.
veni-mécum, pl. — [L.] = *vade-mecum*.
ve-nimeux¹², = **-euse**, adj.: venomous. **†-nin**^o [L. *venenum*], m.: venom, poison.
venir^o [L. *venire*], irr. §; intr.: COME (be coming, arrive; chance, happen; come on, grow); m.: coming: — (with *inf.*), come (in order) to; — *de* (with *inf.*), have just ("come from" doing a thing); — *à* (with *inf.*), happen; *je viens lui parler*, I come to speak to him; *je viens de lui parler*, I have just spoken to him; *il vient d'entrer, de sortir*, he has just entered, gone out; *s'il venait à mourir*, if he should happen to die; *faire* —, make come, send for; *en* — *à*, come to; *en* —

jusqu'à, go so far as to; *il me vient*, there occurs to me, comes into my head; *d'où vient-il que?* how does it happen that? *d'où vient cela?* how does that happen? how is that? *où voulez-vous en —?* what are you aiming (driving) at? *viens* (or *venez*) *donc!* come along!

§ Ind.: *Pr. vien-s, -s, -t; ve-nous, -nez, viennent.* Ipf. *venais.* Pret. *vin-s, -s, -t; vin-mes, -tes, vinrent.* Fut. (Cond.) *viendrais.* — Subj.: *Pr. vien-ne, -es, -t; ve-nions, -niez, viennent.* Ipf. *vin-sse, -sses, -t; vin-sions, -sions, etc.* — I've *viens; venons, -ez.* — Part.: *Pr. venant; P. venu.*

ven-t ^o [L. *ventus*], *m.*: WIND (air current; breath; flatulence; scent); vanity; (*artil.*) windage: — *debout*, (*nav.*) head-wind; — *ts généraux*, trade-winds; *à —*, (*adj.*) wind, air; *au —*, in (or to) the wind; (*nav.*) to windward; *côté sous le —*, leeward; *au-dessus du —*, windward; *en plein —*, in open air; *avoir — de*, get wind of; *faire du —*, make wind; be windy; *le — qu'il fait*, the wind which blows, such wind as this; *autant en emporte le —*, that is idle talk, that is little moonshine. — *-tail*, *pl. -aux* [L. *-laculum*], *m.*: =.

vente ^o [p. L. *vendita* (-dere, sell)], *f.*: sale; auction; †place of sale; felling (of timber); clearing, tract of felled timber; (*feud.*) tax on sold heritages: *en —*, for sale; *de bonne —*, sal(e)able; — *aux enchères*, auction; *asseoir les —s*, mark the trees to be felled.

ven-ter ¹¹ [vent], *impers.*: blow, be windy. — **teur** ^o, = **ense** [L. *-tosus*], *adj.*: windy; flatulent. — **-tilateur** [L. *-tilator*], *m.*: =; fan; bellows; nightman. — **-tilation** ¹⁵ [L. *-tilatio*], *f.*: =; (*leg.*) valuation. — **-tiler** ¹² [L. *-tilare*], *tr.*: ventilate (air; examine); (*leg.*) estimate, value. — **-tolier** [vent], *m.*: wind-beating bird. — **-tôse** ¹⁷ [vent], *m.*: Ventose (sixth month of the French republican calendar, Febr. 19 to March 20). — **-tosité** ¹² [L. *-tositas*], *f.*: ventosity (flatulency). — **-tonse** ¹⁴ [L. *-tosa*], *f.*: ventilator, ventiduct, air-valve; cupping-glass; (*zool.*) sucker: *appliquer des —s*, cup. — **-tousse** ¹² [*-touse*], *tr.*: cup. — **-tousseur** [*-touser*], *m.*: cupper.

ven-tral ¹⁵ [L. *-tralis*], *adj.*: ventral. — **ven-tré** ^o [L. *-ter*], *m.*: belly; stomach; womb; (*fig.*) bowels; (*nav.*) bilge; grub: *bas —*, abdomen; — *à terre*, flat on the ground; at full speed ('grazing the ground' of horses); *à — débouloonné*, immoderately; openly; *avoir du —*, be stout; *avoir mal au —*, have belly-ache; *avoir dans le —*, have inside, be capable of; *faire —*, bulge; *passer sur le — de* (or *à*), trample or bear down; rout; outrun; *remettre le cœur au —*, give fresh

courage; *se serrer le —*, tighten one's waistband, stint one's self. — **-tre-bleu** ¹⁴ [disguised oath for *-tre de Dieu*], *interj.*: zounds! — **-tre-saint-gris**, *interj.*: zounds. — **-trée** ¹², *f.*: litter; (*pop.*) bellyful. — **-tricle** ¹⁴ [L. *-tricleus*], *f.*: ventricle. — **-trière** ¹², *f.*: girth; abdominal belt; (*carp.*) purlin; (*mach.*) brace. — **-triloque** ¹⁵ [L. *-triloquus* (*loqui*, speak)], *adj.*: ventriloquous; *m.*: ventriloquist. — **-triloque** [*-triloque*], *f.*: ventriloquy. — **-trouïler** ¹², *refl.*: wallow in the mire. — **-tru**, *adj.*: pot-, big-bellied; corpulent.

venu, **-nue** [*-nir*], *part.*: come (arrived, etc.); *m., f.*: come; *f.*: coming (arrival); growth, size: *bien —*, welcome; well-grown; successful; *mal —*, unwelcome; ill-grown; unsuccessful; out of place; *des nouveaux —s*, new-comers; *allées et —es*, coming and going; *à la bonne —e*, at all hazards; *tout d'une —e*, all at once, all at a stretch; all of one size; *d'une belle —e*, of fine growth, well-grown; of good size.

Vénus [L.], *f.*: Venus; (*alch.*) copper. — **-té** ¹⁶ [L. *-tas*], *f.*: loveliness, charm.

vêpre ^o [L. *vesper*], *m.*: †vesper (evening); *pl. —s, f.*: vespers.

ver ^o [L. *vermis*], *m.*: WORM; maggot; grub; mite; moth: — *luisant*, glow-worm; — *à soie*, silk-worm; — *solitaire*, tape-worm; — *de terre*, earth-worm, dew-worm; *mangé aux —s*, worm-eaten.

véra-cité [L. *-tas*], *f.*: veracity.

vé-randa [Eng. (fr. Hind.)], *f.*: veranda.

vé-ra-tre [L. *-trum*], *m.*: veratrum (*herb.*).

-trine, (*chem.*) veratrine.

ver-bal ¹³ [L. *-balis*], *adj.*: verbal. — **-ba-lement** ¹³ [*-bal*], *adv.*: verbally. — **-bali-quer** [*-bal*], *tr.*: state in writing; *intr.*: verbalise (be verbose). — **-be** ^o [L. *-bum*], *m.*: verb, (†Eng. word; *gram.* verb); (*fam.*) voice.

verbénacées [L. *-bena*, =], *f. pl.*: verbénacées.

verbération ¹³ [L. *-tio*], *f.*: verberation.

ver-beux, = **ense** [L. *-bosus* (-bum, word)], *adj.*: verbose. — **-biage** [Ofr. *-bier*, talk], *m.*: =. — **-biageur**, = **ense** [*-biage*], *m., f.*: verbose person. — **-bo-sité** [L. *-bositas*], *f.*: verbosity.

ver-coquin ¹⁵, *pl. —s—s, m.*: vine-grub; (*vel.*) staggers; caprice.

ver-d = **vert**. — **-dâtre**, *adj.*: greenish. — **-déc**, *f.*: Tuscan white wine. — **-délé** ¹⁵, = **-tte** [*-del*], *adj.*: greenish; tart (of wine); vigorous, hale; (*pop.*) yellow-hammer. — **-derie** ¹³ [*-dier*], *f.*: verderer's range or jurisdiction. — **-def** ¹⁵, *m.*: verdigris; verdet (maize disease). — **-deur** ¹², *f.*: greenness (viridity, freshness, *snp*); freshness, vigour; tartness (of wine); acrimony.

verdict¹⁵ [L. *vere-dictum*, 'truly said'], *m.*: =.

1. **ver-dier**¹⁴ [L. *viridarius* (*viridis*, green)], *m.*: verderer (warden of the king's forest). 2. **-dier** [vert], *m.*: greenfinch. **-dir**¹⁵ [vert], *tr.*: paint green; *intr.*: grow (or get) green; be covered with verdigris. **-doyant**¹² [*-doyer*], *adj.*: verdant, green. **-doyer**¹¹ [verd], *intr.*: be (or become) verdant or green. **-dûre**¹¹ [vert], *f.*: verdure (greenness, green); green turf; green vegetables; pot-herbs; green food, grass. **-durièr**¹⁵ [*-dure*], *m.*: green-grocer; royal purveyor of vegetables.

véreux¹⁴, **-euse** [ver], *adj.*: worm-eaten; maggoty; rotten, unsound, insecure.

ver-ge [L. *vir-ga*, twig], *f.*: rod (stick, wand, switch, verge; yard); handle (of a whip); shank (of an anchor); *pl.*: rods, etc.; birch(-rod); (*mil.*) gauntlet: — *d'or*, (*bot.*) golden-rod; *poignée de —*, handful of twigs, birch; *passer par les —*, flog. 1. **-gê** [L. *vir-gata*], *adj.*: streaky (of stuffs); laid (of paper). 2. **-gê**, part. of *-ger*. **-gée**¹², *m.*: square rood. 1. **-gêr**, *tr.*: measure by the rod.

2. **verger**⁹ [L. *viridarium* (*viridis*, green)], *m.*: orchard (fruit garden).

ver-gèr [*-ge*], *tr.*: beat (clean with a cane); brush; streak. **-gètter**, *m.*: brush-maker. **-gette**¹² [*-ge*], *f.*: little rod or stick; (*her.*) vergette; (*s. or pl.*) whisk, brush; hoops (of a drum). **-genre** [*-ge*], *f.*: wire-mark (in paper); unevenness (in cloth).

verglas¹² [ver- (ak. to Eng. be-WARE), OFr. *glas*, masc. of *glace*, ice], *m.*: sleet, ice formed of rain; glair ice.

vergue [fr. Celt.], *m.*: alder-tree.

ver-gegne⁹ [L. *verecundia* (*vereri*, revere)], *f.*: shame. **-gogneux**¹², **-euse**, *adj.*: shameful.

vergue¹⁰ [= *-ge*], *f.* (*nav.*) yard: *grande —*, main-yard; — *barrée*, cross-jack yard.

véricle [L. *vitrum*, glass], *f.*: paste (imitation stone).

véridicité, *f.*: veracity. **-dique**¹⁵ [L. *-dicus* (*verus*, true)], *adj.*: veracious (truthful). **-diqument**, *adv.*: truthfully. **-ficateur** [*-fier*], *m.*: verifier; auditor. **-fication**¹⁵ [*-fier*], *f.*: verification. **-fier**¹⁵ [L. *verificare* (*facere*, make)], *tr.*: verify, examine, inspect; audit.

vérin¹⁵ [L. *-nus* (*vermis*, worm)], *m.*: screw-jack, lifting-jack.

véritable¹⁴ [*-té*], *adj.*: veritable (true, genuine). **-tablement**¹⁵ [*-table*], *adv.*: veritably, truly. **-té**⁹ [L. *-tas* (*verus*, true)], *f.*: truth, verity: *en —*, in truth, indeed, truly; *à la —*, indeed, it is true, I confess.

verju-s¹² [vert, jus], *m.*: verjuice (sour juice); sour grapes. **-té**, *adj.*: acid, sharp; with verjuice. **-ter**, *tr.*: season with verjuice.

ver-meil⁹ [L. *-miculus* (dim. of *-mis*, worm)], *m.*: = (bronze or silver gilt); *adj.*: vermilion (ruddy, rosy). **-mi-eel(le)** [It. *-micello*], *m.*: vermicelli. **-miez(l)ier** [*-micelle*], *m.*: vermicelli manufacturer. **-miculaire**¹⁵ [*-miculus*], *adj.*: vermicular; vermiform; *f.*: (*bot.*) stone-crop. **-miculé** [L. *-miculatus*], *adj.*: vermiculated, vermicular. **-miculères** [*-miculé*], *f. pl.*: (*arch.*) vermiculated work. **-miforme** [L. *-mis, forma*], *adj.*: vermiform. **-mifage** [L. *-mis, fugare*, chase], *m.*: =. **-mifler**¹⁴ [L. *-miculus*], *intr.*: scratch for worms. **-miflon**¹⁴, *m.*: vermilion. **-millioner** [*-milion*], *tr.*: vermilion. **-mine** [L. *-mis*], *f.*: vermin. **-mineur**¹⁵, **-euse** [L. *-minosus*], *adj.*: verminous (caused by worms). **-miscean**⁹ [p. L. *-micellus*], *m.*: vermicule, grub. **-mouler** [*-moulu*], *refl.*: be worm-eaten. **-moulu**¹² [ver, moulu], *adj.*: worm-holed. **-moulère**¹⁵ [*-moulu*], *f.*: worm-eatenness; worm-hole(s); dry rot.

vermont [Ger. *wermuth*], *m.*: vermouth.

ver-nal [L. *-nalis* (*ver*, spring)], *adj.*: =. **-nation** [L. *-natio*, sloughing of the skin], *f.*: = (prefoliation).

verne = *vergne*.

verni [*-nir*], *adj.*: varnished; patent (-leather).

vernier [inventor V.], *m.*: = (graduated rule for close measurements).

ver-nir¹¹ [L. **vitrinire* (*vitrum*, glass)], *tr.*: VARNISH; japan, lacquer. **-nis**¹¹, *m.*: varnish; polish. **-nissage**, *m.*: varnishing. **-nisser**¹¹ [*-nis*], *tr.*: varnish, glaze; japan. **-nisseur** [*-nisser*], *m.*: varnisher. **-nissure** [*-nisser*], *f.*: varnishing, glazing.

véro-le¹² [L. *variola* (L. *varius*, varied)], *f.*: *†*variola (small-pox); pox (syphilis): *petite —*, small-pox, variola; *petite — volante*, chicken-pox; *grain de petite —*, pock-mark; *grosse —*, syphilis. **-lé**¹⁵, **-lée**, *adj.*: having the pox (syphilitic); *m., f.*: syphilitic person. **-lique**¹⁵, *adj.*: syphilitic.

véronique¹⁵ [name, V.], *f.*: veronica, (plant).

verraille [verre], *f.*: small glass wares.

verrain, see *vérin*.

verrat¹⁵ [L. *verres*], *m.*: boar.

ver-re⁹ [L. *vitrum*], *m.*: glass: — *à boire*, drinking-glass; — *ardent*, burning-glass; — *grossissant*, magnifying-glass; — *à patte* (or *à pied*), glass with a foot, rummer; — *à vin*, wine-glass; — *de vin*, glass

of wine; — *à vitres*, window-glass; — *de couleur*, stained glass. **-rée**¹⁵, *f.*: glassful. **-rerie**¹² [*-rier*], *f.*: glass-works, glass-manufacture; glass-trade; glass-ware. **-rier**¹³ [*L. vitrarius*], *m.*: glass-maker, glass-blower; glass-man, dealer in glass-ware; glass-basket. **-rière**¹², *f.*: glass-stand; glass-case; stained window.

verrin, see *verrin*.

ver-rine, *f.*: glass-case; glass-frame; glass tinsel; hand-glass. **-roterie** [*-rot*, dim. of *-re*], *f.*: small glass-ware; glass trinkets, glass beads, bugles.

ver-rou^o [*L. veruculum* (dim. of *veru*, spit)], *m.*: bolt; *en* —, horizontally; *sous les* —, under lock and key; *fermer au* —, bolt. **-rouiller**¹², *tr.*: bolt, bar; *se* —, lock one's self in.

ver-rucaire¹⁵ [*L. -caria*], *f.*: wartwort. **-rue**^o [*L. -rūca*], *f.*: wart. **-ruqueux**, *=euse* [*L. -rucusus*], *adj.*: warty; wart-like; tubercled.

1. ver-s^o [*L. -sus* (*vertere*, turn), line, verse-line], *m.*: verse. **2. ver-s**^o [*L. -sus*, towards], *prep.*: towards; about; to: — *les trois heures*, about three o'clock. **-sant** [*-ser*], *part.*: pouring out, overturning; *adj.*: prone (or liable) to overturn, easy to upset; *m.*: slope, declivity, side; watershed. **-satile**¹⁵ [*L. -satilis*], *adj.*: = (changeable, unsteady; many-sided). **1. -se**¹⁵ [*-ser*], *beating down* (of corn, by showers, etc.); *pouring*: *à* —, in torrents, hard; *pleuvoir à* —, rain hard, pour down. **2. -se** [*L. -sus*, towards], *adj.*: (*geom.*) versed. **-sé** [*-ser*], *part.*: poured, etc.; *adj.*: versed, skilled, conversant. **-sean** [*-ser*], *m.*: (*astr.*) Water-bearer, Aquarius. **-sement** [*-ser*], *m.*: deposit, payment: — *partiel*, instalment. **-ser**^o [*L. -sare*], *tr.*: pour, pour out; shed; spill; deposit (money); discharge; overturn, upset; beat down or lay (standing grain); *intr.*: be overturned, upset; be down, fallen (of grain). **-set**¹², *m.*: (*Bibl.*) verse. **-sicules**, **-siculets** [*L. -siculua*], *m. pl.*: little verses. **-sificateur** [*L. -sificator*], *m.*: versifier. **-sification** [*L. -sificatio*], *f.*: —. **-sifier**¹² [*L. -sificare*], *tr.*: versify. **-sion** [*L. -sio*], *f.*: —. **-so** [*L. sc. folio*], *m.*: = (reverse or left-hand page). **-soir** [*-ser*], *m.*: mould-board (of a plough).

verste [*Russ. -tā*], *f.*: verst (about 1166 yards).

vert^o [*L. viridis*], *adj.*: green; fresh, vigorous, hale; sharp, harsh (of things); tart (of wines); unripe; unseasoned; raw (of hides); *m.*: green colour, green; grass; green food; tartness (of wine) *bois* —, greenwood; — *e jeunesse*, early youth; — *e vieillesse*, green old age; — *naissant*,

soft green; *en* —, in green; in the blade, unripe. **-de-gris**¹² [*? verd-aigret* (sourish)], *m.*: verdigris. **-de-grisé**, *adj.*: verdigrised (coated with verdigris).

verté-bral, *adj.*: vertebral. **[[vertèbre**¹⁵ [*L. -bra* (*vertere*, turn)], *f.*: vertebra. **-bré**, *adj.*: vertebrate, vertebral.

vertement¹⁵ [*vert*], *adj.*: vigorously; harshly.

verti-cal [*L. -calis* (*vertex*, whirl, top; *-lere*, turn)], *adj.*: —. **-calement**, *adv.*: vertically. **-calité**, *f.*: verticality. **-cille** [*L. -cillus*], *f.*: (*bot.*) verticil (whorl). **-cillé** [*-cille*], *adj.*: verticillate.

-cité [*L. vertere*], *f.*: verticity (rotation).

verti-ge¹⁵ [*L. -go*], *m.*: vertigo, dizziness; giddiness; (*vet.*) staggers. **-gineux**¹⁵, *=euse* [*L. -ginosus*], *adj.*: vertiginous (dizzy, subject to giddiness).

-go¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: caprice (whim, crotch); (*vet.*) staggers.

vertu^o [*L. virtus* (*vir*, man)], *f.*: virtue (virtuousness; quality, property, power); *en* — *de*, by virtue of, in pursuance of. **†-bleu**¹⁵, **-chou** [disguised oath for *de Dieu*], *interj.*: bless my heart! **-eusement**¹⁰ [*-eux*], *adv.*: virtuously. **-eux**^o, **-euse** [*L. virtuosus*], *adj.*: virtuous.

†vertuga-de¹⁵ [*Sp. -do*, *verdugo* (*cf. vert*), young shoot; hoop], *f.*: underskirt pad; hoop-skirt; piece of antiquity. **-din**, *m.*: hoop-skirt, farthingale.

verve¹² [*L. -va* (*-vex*, ram), ram's head], *f.*: = (liveliness, animation, energy, spirit); caprice (*fr. L. caper*, goat), whim.

verveine¹² [*L. verbenā*], *f.*: verbenā (vervein). [*falc.*] *vervel*.

vervelle^o [*p. L. *vertibella*, *vertebra*], *f.*: **vervex**¹², *=euse* [*L. L. vertivolum* (*vertere*, turn)], *m.*: hoop-net.

vésanie [*L. -nia*], *f.*: vesania (madness).

vesce¹² [*L. vicia*], *f.*: VETCH.

vési-cal¹⁵ [*L. -ca*], *adj.*: vesical. **-cant** [*L. -care*], *adj.*: vesicant (blistering).

-cation¹⁵ [*-cant*], *f.*: vesication. **-caitoire**¹⁵ [*-cant*], *adj.*: vesicatory (blistering).

-culaire, *adj.*: vesicular. **-culation**, *f.*: vesiculation. **[[cule** [*L. -cula* (*-ca*, bladder)], *f.*: vesicle. **-culeux**, *=euse* [*L. -culosus*], *adj.*: vesicular.

vesou [*OFr. vese* = *vesie*], *m.*: canelure.

Vespa-sien, *m.*: Vespasian (Rom. emperor). **vespa-sienne**, *f.*: public urinal.

Ves-per [*L.*], *m.*: = (evening star).

ves-péral, *m.*: vesperal (vesper-book).

ves-périe [*L. -per*], *f.*: licentiate's dispute and advice (on the eve of receiving the doctor's hat); reprimand, scolding.

-périser [*-périr*], *tr.*: reprimand, scold.

vespéro [*vesse*, *pet*, *rol*], *m.*: vespéro (cordial).

ves-se¹⁵, *f.*: soft fart, funk. **-se-dz-loup**, *pl.* **-se-**, *f.*: (bot.) puff-ball. **||-ser**¹² [*L. visere*], *intr.*: break wind noiselessly; funk.

ves-sie^o [*L. vesica*], *f.*: bladder, blister; wind-bag. **-signon**¹⁵, *m.*: (vet.) = (windgall).

Ves-ta [*L.*], *f.*: Vesta. **ves-tale**¹³ [*L. -talis*], *f.*: vestal.

ves-te [*L. -tis* (-tire, dress), *dress*], *f.*: round jacket. **-tiaire**¹³ [*L. -tiarium*], *m.*: vestary, vestry; dressing-room; charity clothing-club; clothing expenses (of friars).

vestibule [*?*], *m.*: = (porch, hall); lobby. **vestige**¹⁵ [*L. -gium*], *m.*: = (trace, sign).

veston [-te], *m.*: jacket.

Vésu-ve, *f.*: Vesuvius. **vésu-vien**, *adj.*: Vesuvian.

vêtement^o [*L. vestimentum*], *m.*: vestment (garment, garb; *pl.*: clothes, dress).

vété-ran [*L. -ranus* (*vetus*, old)], *m.*: veteran; unpromoted school-boy. **-rance**, *f.*: quality of a veteran.

vétérinaire [*L. -narius* (-nus, beast of burden, *vehere*, move)], *m.*: veterinary.

vé-tillard, **-arde**, *m.*: trifler, hair-splitter. **||-tîle** [*?*], *f.*: trifle; puzzle.

-tilleur, **-euse** = **-tillard** (*e*). **-tilleur**, **-euse**, *adj.*: trifling, punctilious, fñical; ticklish; minute; irksome.

vêtir^o [*L. vestire*], *irr. §: tr.*: dress (VEST clothes, array).

§ *Imp.*: *Pr. vêtis, -s, vêt; vêtions*, etc. *Imp. vêtis*. *Pr.*: *vêtis*. *Fut.* (*Cond.*) *vêtirai* (*e*).
— *Subj.*: *Pr. vête*. *Imp. vêtisse*. — *I've vêtis*.
Part.: *Pr. vêtant*; *P. vêtus*.

ve-to [*L.* 'I forbid'], *m.*: =.

vê-tu, *part.* of **-tir**: dressed, clad, etc.: — *de blanc*, dressed in white. **-ture**¹¹ [*L. vestitura*], *f.*: taking the habit or the veil (of friars or nuns); providing with clothes.

vétusté [*L. -tas* (*vetus*, old)], *f.*: oldness, antiquity; old age, decay.

veu-f, **veu-ve**^o [*L. vidua*, *fem.*, deprived], *adj.*: widowed; deprived; *m.*: widower; *f.*: widow; widow-bird; (*pop.*) guillotine: *église* —, church once a cathedral.

venille, *Pr. Subj.* of *vouloir*.

ven-le¹² [*?*], *adj.*: soft, thin; light (of earth). **-lerie**, *f.*: softness, lightness.

veu-vage¹³, *m.*: widowerhood; widowhood. **-ve**, *cf.* *veuf*.

vex-ateur¹⁵, **-trice** [*L. -ator*], *m.*, *f.*: vexer; *adj.*: vexing. **-ation**¹² [*L. -atio*], *f.*: =. **-atoire** [*L. -ator*, vexer], *adj.*: vexatious. **||-er**¹⁵ [*L. -are*], *tr.*: vex (annoy): *se* —, get vexed; tease each other.

vexi-llaire [*L. -llarius*, bearer], *m.*: vexillary (standard-bearer); *adj.*: vexillary(y).

via [*L.*], *prep.*: =, by way of.

1. **viabilité** [*L. via*, way], *f.*: passableness, practicable condition of a road.

2. **via-bilité**, *f.*: viability. **||via-ble**¹⁵ [*L. vita*, life], *adj.*: = (*leg.* capable of living).

viaduc [*L. via*, way, *duc*, lead], *m.*: viaduct.

viager¹⁵, **-ère** [*OFr. -ge* (*vie*), life], *adj.*: for life, life-; *m.*: life-interest, life-annuity: *rente -ère*, life-annuity.

vian-de^o [*L. vivenda* (*vivere*, live)], *f.*: viand (food); flesh; us'ly meat; †dish: — *abattue*, dead meat; — *creuse*, unsubstantial food; empty delusions; — *noire*, brown meat (hare, etc.); *grosse* —, butcher's meat; *menue* —, fowl and game. **-der**¹³, *tr.*: pasture, food. **-dis**¹³ [*-der*], *m.*: pasture, grazing.

viatique¹⁴ [*L. -ticum* (*via*, way)], *f.*: viaticum (travelling allowance; communion to one in danger of death).

vibor(d) [*Eng.* waistboard], *m.*: waist (of a ship).

vi-brant, *adj.*: vibrating. **-bration** [*L. -bratio*], *f.*: vibration. **-bratoire**, *adj.*: vibratory. **||-brer** [*L. -brare*], *intr.*: vibrate. **-brion**, *m.*: vibro (kind of bacteria).

vi-caire¹¹ [*L. -carius* (*vix*, turn)], *m.*: vicar (delegate; adjunct priest; curate); *adj.*: vicarious: — *de Jésus-Christ*, Pope; — *apostolique*, Pope's vicar in infidel countries; — *général*, grand vicar, vicar-general. **-cairie**¹² [*L. -caria*], *f.*: vicarship or vicariate (us'ly *-cariat*); annex-church (chapel of ease); vicarage (benefice). **-carial**, *adj.*: =. **-carial**¹⁴, *m.*: vicariate (vicarship); vicarage (vicar's parish, house or benefice); chapel of ease. **-carier**¹⁴, *intr.*: act (or officiate) as vicar (or curate), be a vicar; do a sub-altern's duty; act as church-musician.

vice¹¹ [*L. vitium*], *m.*: vice (fault, blemish, evil disposition, immoral habit, crime).

vice- [*L. vix*, turn], *pref.*: =: **-amiral**¹³, *pl.* **=aur**, *m.*: vice-admiral; vice-admiral's ship. **-amirauté**, *f.*: vice-admiralty. **-chambellan**, *m.*: vice-chamberlain. **-chancelier**¹³, *m.*: vice-chancellor. **-gérance**¹⁵, *f.*: vice-gerency. **-gérant**¹⁵, *ante*, *m.*, *f.*: vice-gerent (deputy-manager). **-reine**, *f.*: vice-queen. **-roi**, *m.*: viceroy. **-royauté**, *f.*: vicereignty, viceroyship; etc. in words much like corresponding English words.

vice versa (or **versâ**) [*L.* 'by inversion'], *adv.*: =.

vi-cié, *adj.*: vitiated (corrupted; foul).

||-cier¹² [*L. -tiare* (*cf. i. vice*)], *tr.*: vitiate (corrupt, taint): *se* —, become vitiated or corrupt; get foul. **-cieur**¹¹,

-ense [L. *-tiosus*], *adj.*: vicious (faulty, unsound); *m.*: vicious man.

vicina-l¹⁵ [L. *-lis*], *adj.*: connecting the vicinage (of roads connecting several places), parish. **-lité**, *f.*: condition or system of parish roads.

vieissitude¹³ [L. *-do* (*vicis*, change)], *f.*: =.

vi-comte¹⁰ [*vice*, *comte*], *m.*: viscount. **-comté**, *f.*: viscountship, viscounty. **-comtesse**, *f.*: viscountess.

victi-maire [L. *-marius*], *adj.*: of a victim, sacrificial; *m.*: sacrificial assistant. **||-me**¹⁸ [L. *-ma*], *f.*: victim; sufferer.

-mer¹⁸, *tr.*: victimise.

vic-toire¹⁰ [L. *-toria*], *f.*: victory; Victoria. **-torien**, *cf.* **-torieux**. **-torien**¹⁰ [L. *-torius*], *adv.*: victoriously. **-torieux**¹² = **-ense** [L. *-toriosus*], *adj.*: victorious; *m.*: victor; *f.*: (*bot.*) anemone.

vic-tualle¹⁰ [L. *-tudia* (*vivere*, live)], *f.*: victual (food, provision); *nav.* stores. **†-tualle**¹⁸, *m.*: (*nav.*) victualler.

†-me¹² [*vice*, old dame (L. *dominus*)], *lord*, *m.*: = (feudal noble, orig. representing the bishop). **-mé**, *m.*, **-mie**, *f.*: office (or dignity) of a vidame.

vi-dange, *f.*: voiding (emptying, clearing); ditch (of a road); night-work (cleaning of cess-pools); *pl.*: night-soil; (*med.*) lochia. **voiture de** —, night-cart. **-dang**¹⁰ [L. *-dang*], *tr.*: empty, remove. **-dang**¹⁰ [L. *-dang*], *m.*: nightman. **||-de**¹⁰ [p. L. **vacita* (L. *vacuata*)], *adj.*: void (empty, vacant); *m.*: void; vacuum; empty space; gap: *d* —, empty; *corde d* —, open string. **-dé** [L. *-der*], *adj.*: emptied, empty. **-de-bouteille**(s), *m.*: bottle-emptyer; siphon; drunkard; small country-house. **-delle** [L. *-der*], *f.*: fruit-cover, paste-jagger. **-dement**, *m.*: emptying.

-de-poches, *m.*: scrap-box. **-der**¹⁰ [p. L. **vocitare*], *tr.*: void, empty, vacate; drain; bore; bring to an end, settle; draw (poultry); gut (fish): *se* —, be emptied; be settled or adjusted: — *du drap*, pink cloth; — *un procès*, determine a lawsuit; — *différend*, settle a dispute; — *ses comptes*, make up one's account; — *les lieux*, leave (or be driven from) a place.

vidi-mer, *tr.*: (collate and) certify the correctness of (a copy). **||-mus**¹³ [L. **videmus*], *m.*: certification (of a copy as true), 'examined'; (*fam.*) dismissal.

†vidrecome [Ger. *wiederkommen*, return], *m.*: tumbler, bumper.

vi-duité¹⁵ [L. *-duitas* (*cf.* *veuve*)], *f.*: widowhood. **-dure** [L. *-der*], *f.*: emptying; open work; pinking.

vie¹⁰ [L. *vita*], *f.*: life (existence; life-time; animation); livelihood, living, subsistence: *d* —, for life; *de sa* (or *la*) —, in all one's life; as long as one lives; *sa* — *durant*, during his life; *tout en* —, all alive; full of life; *train de* —, way of living; — *moyenne*, average life; *femme de mauvaise* —, prostitute; *avoir la* — *dure*, be tenacious of life; die hard; *faire la* —, live fast, make merry; *gagner sa* —, earn (or get) one's living; *rendre la* — *d*, restore life to.

viédage¹⁵ [Prov. *aze*, *asa*], *m.*: (low) imbecile, ass.

viet-l¹⁰ (for *vieux*, bef. vowel), *f.* **viet-ile**; *pl.* **vieux**, *f.* **-iles** [p. L. **vetulus* (L. *vetulus*, old)], *adj.*: old (aged, ancient).

-lard¹², *m.*: old man. **-ile**, *fem.* of *vieil*, *vieux*; *f.*: old woman.

-lement, *adv.*: in an old way; like old people. **-lerie**, *f.*: old things, old stuff or rubbish, old clothes. **-lesse**¹², *f.*: old age, oldness; antiquity; old people.

-li [L. *-li*], *part.*: grow old(er); old-looking; antiquated, obsolete; inveterate, confirmed. **-lir**¹², *intr.*: grow old or older; age; look old; be (come) antiquated or obsolete; *tr.*: make old(er), make look old:

se —, make one's self look old; exaggerate one's age. **-lissant** [L. *-lir*], *adj.*: growing old; obsolescent. **-lissement** [L. *-lir*], *m.*: growing old, senescence; obsolescence. **-lot**¹² = **-otte**, *adj.*: oldish; *m., f.*: old man, old woman.

viel-le¹¹ [variant of *vieil*], *f.*: hurdy-gurdy. **-ler**¹², *intr.*: play on the hurdy-gurdy. **-leur**, = **-ense**, *m., f.*: hurdy-gurdy player.

viens, *pres. of venir*.

vierge¹⁰ [L. *virgo*], *f.*: VIRGIN (maid); *astr.* Virgo; *adj.*: virgin, (virginal, maiden); native (metal).

vieux, *adj.* (before const); *cf.* *vieil*; *m.*: old man; old thing; *pl.*: old people: *un* — *de la vieille*, a veteran of the old guard, a veteran soldier.

vif¹⁰, *vive* [L. *vivus* (*-vere*, live)], *adj.*: live (alive, lively, quick); VIVID (bright, clear, sprightly); keen, alert; mettlesome; sharp (of pain); quickset (of hedges); solid (of rocks); high-flavoured (of wine); *m.*: quick (live flesh); heart; bottom; gist; shaft (of a column); (*leg.*) living person:

eau vive, spring water; *tout* —, all alive, full of life; *chaux vive*, quicklime; *de vive voix*, by word of mouth; — *de l'eau*, (*nav.*) spring-tide. **-argent**¹², *m.*: quicksilver.

vigie [L. *vigilia*], *f.*: (*nav.*) look-out; look-out man; Jack-in-the-basket (seamark); (*railr.*) cab, look-out box: *en* —, on the look-out. **-gilament**¹⁵ [L. *vigilant*],

- adv.: vigilantly. **-gilanee**¹⁵ [L. *gilantia*], f.: = **-gilant**¹⁵ [L. *gilans*], adj.: =. **-gilant** [L. *gilant* (-gil, awake)], f.: vigil; eve.
- vign-e**^o [L. *vinca*], f.: VINE; vineyard: — *blanche*, white briony; — *noire*, black briony; — *vierge*, wild grape, arbour vine; *feuille de* —, vine-leaf; (sculp. and fig.) fig-leaf; *dans les* —s (du Seigneur), in one's cups, in liquor, tipsy. **-eau**, m.: periwinkle. **-eron**¹², **-eronne** [Ofr. *viner*, work a vineyard], m., f.: vine-dresser, vine-grower; edible snail. **-ette**¹², f.: = (orig. representing vine branches), cut. **-oble**¹², m.: vineyard; adj.: wine-growing.
- vigogne** [Sp. *vicuña* (fr. Peruv.)], f.: vicu(g)na (swan's-down).
- vigou-rensement**¹², adv.: vigorously.
- rense**, **-ense** [L. *vigorosus*], adj.: vigorous.
- viguerie** [-guier], f.: (loc.) provostship.
- vigueur**¹⁵ [L. *vigor*], f.: vigour (force, energy).
- viguier**¹² [L. *vicarius*], m.: (loc.) provost.
- vil**^o [L. *vilius*], adj.: vile (base, mean; low, wretched).
- vi-lain**^o, **-laine** [p. L. *villānus* (L. *villa*, farm)], adj.: slovenly (vulgar, nasty, wretched); villainous (wicked, vile); m., f.: villain (feudal tenant of the lowest class; wretch, scoundrel; niggard, miser; naughty boy or girl). **-laineement**, adv.: nastily, wretchedly; sordidly, miserly; villainously, wickedly.
- vilbrequin**¹⁵ [Flem. *win-boreken* ('wind-ing-bore')], m.: wimble, centre-bit.
- vile-ment**¹¹ [*vile*], adv.: vilely, basely. **-nie** [*vilain*], f.: nastiness, filth; mean action, foul abuse; sordid avarice; villainy; pl.: offensive acts, or words, etc. **-té**^o [L. *vilitas*], f.: vileness; unimportance; cheapness, low price.
- vilipen-dement**¹⁵, m.: vilification.
- der**¹⁴ [L. *-dere* (*viliis*, vile)], tr.: vilipend (depreciate; vilify).
- vilité** = **vileté**.
- vil-la** [It. *-la* (*vi-cus*, village)], f.: = (suburban residence; country seat). **-lace**¹⁵ [*-le*], f.: large straggling town. **-lage**¹⁴ [L. *-laticus*], m.: =: *gens de* —, country folks; *être bien de son* —, be a simpleton. **-lageois**, **-lageoise** [*-lage*], m., f.: villager. **-lanelle**¹⁵ [L. *-lanus*, villager], f.: pastoral poetry; rural dance. **-le**^o [L. *villa*], f.: city, town; city council: — *maritime*, seaport town; — *d'eau*, watering place; — *de bains*, bathing place; *corps de* —, town council, corporation; *d la* —, (to the) town; in (the) town; *en* —, out (not at home). **-légature** [It. *-legatura*], f.: country sojourn; country life. **-lette**¹¹ [*-le*], f.: small town, townlet.
- vil-leux**¹⁵, **-eux** [L. *-losus* (-lus, hair)], adj.: villous (hairy, shaggy), villous. **-losité** [*-losus*, hairy], f.: villosity.
- vimaire**¹⁵ [L. *vis*, force, major, greater], f.: (forest.) damage by storm.
- vin**^o [L. *vinum*], m.: wine; (fig.) liquor: *d* —, (adj.) wine; *bouteille d* —, wine bottle; *bouteille de* —, bottle of wine; *grand* —, high-class wine; *petit* —, poor wine; — *brulé* (or *chaud*, *cuit*), mulled wine; — *coupé*, mixed wine; — *doux*, unfermented wine; — *ordinaire*, table wine; — *de liqueur*, sweet wine; *sac d* —, drunken sot; *avoir le* — *bon* (*mauvais*), be merry (quarrelsome) in one's cups; *pris de* —, the worse for liquor; *entre deux* —s, half-seas over, mellow.
- vinage** [-ner], m.: mixing (wine) with alcohol; †wine-dues.
- vinai-gre**¹⁵ [*vin*, *aigre*], m.: VINEGAR.
- grer**, tr.: season with vinegar. **-gre-rie**, f.: vinegar manufactory. **-grotte**¹⁵, f.: = (vinegar sauce); vinegar seasoned meat; Bath chair. **-grier**¹⁵, m.: vinegar maker or merchant; vinegar-cruet; vinegar-tree.
- vi-naire** [L. *-narius* (-num, wine)], adj.: for (or of) wine, wine. **-nasse** [L. *-nacca*], f.: (fam.) weak or bad wine.
- vindas** [Ger. *winden*, to wind], m.: windlass.
- vindémial** [L. *-lis* (*vinum*, wine)], adj.: vindemial.
- vindictif**¹⁵, **-ive** [L. *-are*, avenge], adj.: vindictive (vengeful). **-tive-ment**¹⁵, adv.: vindictively. **-te**¹⁵ [L. *-ta*], f.: prosecution (for crime).
- vi-née**¹⁵ [*vin*], f.: vintage; crop of wine.
- ner**¹⁵ [*vin*], tr.: mix (wine) with alcohol, fortify. **-nerie**¹⁵ [*vin*], f.: place where wine is made, wine-press room.
- net(t)ier**¹⁵ [*-nette*], m.: barberry-tree.
- nette**¹², f.: †small vine; poor wine, rape-wine; f.: (loc.) fig-pecker; (loc.) sorrel. **-neux**¹⁵, **-ense** [L. *-nosus*], adj.: vinous (winy); wine-coloured.
- ving-t**^o **-t** before *deux*, otherwise **-t** [L. *vi-ginti*], adj. or m.: TWENTY; twentieth; score: — *et un*, twenty-one. **-taine**, f.: score; about (or some) twenty. **-tième**¹², adj. or m.: twentieth.
- vin-i-cole** [L. *vinum*, wine, *colere*, cultivate], adj.: wine-growing. **-fication** [L. *facere*, make], f.: wine-making.
- vin-s**, Pret. Ind. of *venir*. **-sser**, Pret. Subj. of *venir*.
- vio-l**¹⁰ [*-ler*], m.: violation (ravishing, rape).
- viola** [L.], f.: =, violet.
- vio-labilité**, f.: violability. **-lable**¹⁵ [L. *-labilis* (cf. *-ler*)], adj.: violable.
- vio-lacé** [*viola*], adj.: violaceous (of the violet type or colour); bluish purple; (med.)

purple; *f. pl.* **-lacées** or **-laciées**, (*bot.*) violaceae. **-lat**¹⁵ [*L. -la*], *adj.*: violet.
viola-teur¹⁵, = **trice** [*L. -tor (-re, cf. violer)*], *m., f.*: violator. **-tion**¹⁵ [*L. -tio*], *f.*: =.

violâtre [*-la*], *adj.*: violetescent (tending to a violet colour, purplish-blue).

viole¹⁵ [*L. vitula* (? *L., 'calf'*: ref. to calf-guts as strings)], *f.*: VIOL (violin, tenor-violin; FIDDLE).

violement¹⁵ [*-ler*], *m.*: violation (infraction; rape). **-lement**¹⁵ [*-lent*], *adv.*: violently. **-lence**¹⁴ [*-lencia*], *f.*: = (force). **-lent**¹⁵ [*L. -lentus*], *adj.*: = (impetuous, forcible); strong. **-lenter**¹⁵ [*-lent*], *tr.*: do violence to (†Eng. violence), force, compel. **-ler**¹⁵ [*L. -lāre (vis, force)*], *tr.*: violate (do violence to; infringe, break; ravish).

vio-let, = **ette** [*OFr. -le (L. -la, viola)*], *adj.*: = (violet-coloured); *m.*: violet (-colour); *f. (-lette)*: violet (viola flower); **-lette marine**, Canterbury bell, marjet; **-lette tricolore**, heart's-ease, pansy; **-lette de la chandeleur**, snow-drop.

violen¹⁵ [*-ler*], *m.*: violator, ravisher.

vio-lier [*OFr. -le (L. -la, violet)*], *m.*: gilly-flower, wall-flower: — (*des jardins*), stock. **-line** [*L. -la*], *f.*: (*chem.*) violine; (*bot.*) wallflower.

vio-liste = **-loniste**. **-liste** [*-le*], *m.*: violist. **-lon**¹⁵ [*-le*], *m.*: violin (fiddle); violinist (fiddler); lock-up (of a police station); †worthless fellow (scamp): *jouer du —*, play on the violin; *premier —*, first violin; leader; *payer les —s*, pay the piper; pay the cost. **-loncelle** [*It. -lancello*], *f.*: violoncello. **-loncelliste** [*-loncelle*], *m.*: violoncellist. **-loniste**, *m.*: violinist.

viorne¹⁵ [*L. viburnum*], *f.*: viburnum.

vi-père¹⁵ [*L. -peru*], †*m.* or *f.*: viper, adder. **-pèreau**¹⁵, *m.*: young viper. **-périn**, *adj.*: viperine.

virago¹⁵ [*L. (vir, man)*], *f.*: =.

vi-rée¹⁵, *f.*: going about, twisting. **-relai**¹⁵ [*-rer, lai*], *m.*: virelay (ancient French song). **-rement**¹⁵, *m.*: turning; (*nav.*) veering, tacking, going about; (*fin.*) transfer, clearing; (*phot.*) toning: — *de bord*, transfer (of a debt), clearing; — *d'eau*, turn of the tide. **-rer**¹⁵ [*L. girare*], *intr.*: turn, turn about, twist; **VEER**; (*nav.*) go about, tack, heave; *tr.*: turn; (*nav.*) heave; (*fin.*) transfer (debts), clear; (*phot.*) tone: — *de bord*, or — *vent devant*, (*nav.*) tack, go about; (*fig.*) turn round, change sides; **-rez!** heave round!

vireux, = **-euse** [*L. -rosus (-rus, poison)*], *adj.*: virore (poisonous, hurtful, nauseous, fetid).

vire-v(e)an [*virer*], *m.*: (*nav.*) winch. **-vaude** or **-vire**, *f.*: whirlpool. **-volte**¹⁵, *f.*: (*man.*) volt right and left. **-vousse**, **-vousté**¹⁴ [*-volte*], *f.*: turning about, shuffling, shifting.

Vir-gile, *m.*: Virgil. **vir-gilien**, *adj.*: Virgilian.

virgi-nal¹⁵ [*L. -nalis (virgo, virgin)*], *adj.*: virginal (maidenly). **-nalement**¹⁵, *adv.*: maidenly. **-nité**⁹ [*L. -nitas*], *f.*: virginity.

virgule [*L. -la (virga, rod)*], *f.*: (*gram.*) comma; (*horol.*) hook-escapement; (*fig.*) scar: *point (et) —*, semicolon.

vir-i-l¹⁴ [*L. -lis (vir, man)*], *adj.*: virile (manly; male): *âge —*, age of manhood; *portion —le*, (*leg.*) equal portion. **-lement**¹⁴, *adv.*: manfully, as a man. **-lité**¹⁵ [*L. -litas*], *f.*: virility (manhood; force).

viro-le¹¹ [*L. viriola (cf. virer)*], *f.*: FER-RTLE (handle, ring, etc.); (*her.*) virole (bugle ring). **-ler**¹¹, *tr.*: provide with a ferrule or virole.

vir-tualité, *f.*: virtuality. **-tuel**, **-lle** [*L. -tualis (-tus, virtue)*], *adj.*: virtual (potential). **-tuellement**, *adj.*: virtually. **-tuoise** [*It. -tuoso*], *m., f.*: virtuoso. **viru-lence**¹⁵ [*L. -lencia*], *f.*: virulence. **-cy**. **-lent**¹⁵ [*L. -lentus*], *adj.*: =. **-s**¹⁵ [*L.*], *m.*: = (poison).

1. **vis**¹¹ [*L. vitis, vine*], *f.*: (*orig. and rarely*) yet winding staircase; screw; *à —*, winding, spiral; with a screw, screw (*adj.*).

2. **vis**, *Pres. of vivre*; or *Pret. of voir*.

3. **vi-s** [*L. -sus*], *m.*: face. **-sa**, *pl.* — [*L., 'seen,' sc. carta*], *f.*: = visé, endorsement on passport). **-sage**¹⁵ [*p. L. -sacium (L. -sum, seen, fr. which old vis, face, yet in vis-à-vis)*], *m.*: = (face, countenance, look): *changer de —*, change countenance or colour; put on a new face; *faire bon —*, make a good reception; receive kindly; *trouver — de bois*, find the door shut, find nobody at home. **-s-à-vis**¹⁵ [*vis, cf. visage*], *adv.*: face to face, opposite, over the way; *prep.*: opposite; facing over against; towards; respecting, concerning; *m.*: vis-à-vis (opposite neighbour, partner; carriage).

vis-céral¹⁴ [*L. -ceralis*], *adj.*: visceral; essential. **-cère**¹⁵ [*L. -cus*], *m.*: viscous; *pl. viscera*.

viscosité¹⁵ [*L. -sitas (L. viscum, lime)*], *f.*: viscosity (viscidness, stickiness).

vi-sée, *f.*: aim, end, design. **-sée**¹⁵ [*p. L. -sare (L. visere)*], *tr.*: view, aim at; take aim at; visa or visé (examine and sign passports); refer to; *intr.*: aim, take aim; aspire.

Vishnou, *m.*: Vishnu (Hindu divinity).

visi-bilité¹⁴ [*L. -litas*], *f.*: visibility, vis-

ibleness. **visi-ble**¹⁵ [L. *-bilis* (*visus*, seen)], *adj.*: visible (to be seen, obvious, evident; ready to receive; at home). **-blement**¹², *adv.*: visibly, evidently.

visièro¹² [OFr. *vis* (cf. *visage*), *face*], *f.*: visor (helmet visor; cap visor, peak); (*fam.*) sight; sight (of a gun): *rompre en —*, break one's lance in the face of, attack openly; break off with; *donner dans la —*, inspire with love.

Visigoth [L. *-thus* (Germ. *west, Gothus*)], *m.*: =; *adj.*: barbarian, rude.

vi-sion⁹ [L. *visio*], *f.*: = (sight; phantom; fancy). **-sionnaire**, *adj.* or *m.*, *f.*: visionary.

visir, **-sirat** = *vizir*, *-sirat*.

visi-tation¹¹ [L. *-tatio*], *f.*: =. **-te**¹⁵, *f.*: visit (call; visitation, inspection; attendance); visite (cloak): *aller en —*, go visiting; *rendre —*, make visit, call; *rendre sa — à quelqu'un*, return any one a visit; *droit de —*, right of inspection. **||-ter**¹¹ [L. *-tare*], *tr.*: visit (call on; attend; inspect). **-teur**¹³, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: visitor; inspector.

vison [?], *m.*: = (mink).

vison visu [L. *visum* (face) *visu*], *adv.*: (*fam.*) opposite each other.

visorium [L.], *m.*: (*print.*) copy-holder.

visqueux¹², **-euse** [L. *viscosus* (-cum, glue)], *adj.*: viscous (viscid, slimy).

vis-sage, *m.*: screwing. **||-ser**¹² [*vis*], *tr.*: screw; screw on or up: *se —*, be screwed, screw.

visuel, **-lle** [L. *-sualis*], *adj.*: visual.

vita-l¹³ [L. *-lis* (*vita*, life)], *adj.*: =. **-lement**, *adv.*: vitally. **-lisme**, *m.*: vitalism. **-liste**, *m.*: vitalist. **-lité** [L. *-litas*], *f.*: vitality.

vitehoura, *pl.* — [Ger. *wild-schur*], *m.*: fur overcoat.

vi-te¹² [?], *adj.*: quick (swift, fleet, rapid); *adv.*: quickly, etc.; *interj.*: quick! — *en besogne!* quick at work! **-tement**¹², *adv.*: quickly, swiftly. **-tesse**¹¹, *f.*: speed, quickness, swiftness, rapidity.

vitex [L.], *m.*: = (chaste-tree).

viti-cole [L. *-cola* (*vitis*, vine, *colere*, cultivate)], *adj.*: viticultural (vine-growing). **-culture** [*culture*], *f.*: =.

vi-trage [*-trer*], *m.*: glazing; (glass-) windows; glass-partition. **-trai**, *pl.* **-aux**, *m.*: (*esp. pl.*): glass-window (of small panes, church-window). **vi-tre**¹² [L. *-trum*, glass], *f.*: window-glass, window-pane, pane of glass: *casser les —s*, break the windows; speak out one's mind. **-tré**, *adj.*: glazed, glass, with a glass-door; vitreous: *porte —e*, glass-door. **-trer**, *tr.*: glaze, glass; furnish with glass-windows. **-trerie**¹⁵ [*-trier*], *f.*: glazery; glazier's work; glass. **-treseibilité**

[*-treseible*], *f.*: vitrescence. **-treseible** [L. *-trum*], *adj.*: = (vitrifiable). **-treux**¹², **-euse** [L. *-trosis*], *adj.*: vitreous (glassy). **-trier**¹⁴, *m.*: glazier. **-trièr**, *f.*: glazier's wife; seller of glass-ware. **-trifiable** [*-trifier*], *adj.*: =. **-trification** [*-trifier*], *f.*: =. **-trifier** [L. *-trum*, *facere*], *tr.*: vitrify: *se —*, vitrify (be vitrified). **-trine**, *f.*: class-case, show-case; shop-window; contents of a show-case; vitrina (mollusk).

vitrio-l¹⁵ [L. *-lum* (*vitrum*, glass)], *m.*: =. **-lé**, *adj.*: vitriolated. **-lique**¹⁵, *adj.*: vitriolic. **-lisation**, *f.*: vitriolation.

vitru-père¹² [L. *-perum*], *m.*: blame. **†-pérer** [L. *-perare* (*vitium*, fault, *parare*, prepare)], *tr.*: vituperate (blame, censure).

vi-vace¹⁵ [L. *-vax*], *adj.*: long-lived; (*†Eng.* vivacious); inveterate, tenacious; (*bot.*) perennial. **2.-vace** like *Eng. chā* [It.], *adj.*: = (vivacious). **-vacité**¹⁵ [L. *-vacitas*], *f.*: vivacity. **-vandier**¹², **-ère** [L. *-venda*, victuals], *m.*, *f.*: sutler, canteen man or woman. **-vant**¹⁵, *adj.*: living (alive; quick, animated); *m.*: living man or being, person alive; resolute man; life, lifetime: *de son —*, in his lifetime; *bon —*, jolly fellow, boon companion.

-vat [L.], *interj.*: long live! hurra! *m.*: hurra: *crier —*, *pousser des —s*, cheer. **1.vi-ve**, *f.* of *vif*, or Pr. Subj. of *vivre*. **2.vi-ve**¹² [= *vipère*], *f.*: weever (fish).

†-ve-la-joie, *pl.* —, *m.*: jolly companion. **-vement** [*vive*], *adv.*: lively, quickly, briskly; vigorously, spiritedly; keenly; angrily. **-venir**, **-euse**, *m.*, *f.*: high liver.

-vier⁹ [L. *-vārium* (-vus, alive)], *m.*: vivarium (vivary, fish-pond). **-vifiant** [*-vifier*], *adj.*: vivifying. **-vification**¹⁵ [L. *vificatio*], *f.*: =.

-vifer [L. *-vifcare* (*facere*, make)], *tr.*: vivify (quicken, enliven, animate). **-vifique** [L. *-vificus*], *adj.*: vivifying. **-vipare** [L. *-viparus* (-vus, alive, *parere*, bear)], *adj.*: viviparous. **-visection** [L. *-vus*, alive, *section*], *f.*: =.

-voter¹⁵ [*dim. of -vire*], *intr.*: live poorly, barely make a living. **vi-vre**⁹ [L. *vivere*], *irr. §*; *intr.*: live (be living or alive; subsist; board; behave properly); *m.*: living (board, food; *pl.* provisions): — *mal*, live badly; be on bad terms; *faire cher —*, be dear living, be expensive to live; *faire —*, keep alive, sustain; — *en*, live as; *savoir —*, have good manners; show good breeding; *apprendre d'—*, learn manners; —! long live!

-vres-pain, *m. pl.*: bread-stores. **-vres-viande**, *m. pl.*: meat-stores. **†-vrièr**, *m.*: victualler.

§ Ind.: Pr. *vi-s*, *-s*, *-t*; *vi-cons*, *-vez*, *-vent*.
Ipf. *viciat*. Pret. *viciat*. Fut. (Cond.) *vi-*

vizir (s). — Subj.: Pr. *vise*. — Inf. *vicuisse*. — l've *viz*. — Part.: Pr. *vivant*; P. *vécus*.

vi-zir [Ar. *ouazir*], m.: vizier. **-zir(i)at**, m.: vizierate, viziership.

vo-cable [L. *-cabulum* (-care, call, voz, voice)], m.: = **-cabulaire** [L. *-cabularium*], m.: vocabulary. **-cabuliste**, m.: vocabulist (dictionary-maker). **-cal**¹³ [L. *-calis*], adj.: vocal. **-calement**, adv.: vocally. **-calisation** [-*caliser*], f.: vocalisation. **-calise** [-*caliser*], f.: vocal exercise; strain. **-caliser** [-*cal*], intr.: vocalise. **-catif** [L. *-cativus*], m.: vocative. **-cation**¹³ [L. *-catio*], f.: = (calling; inclination). **-ciferateur**, **-trice** [L. *-ciferator*], m., f.: vociferator. **-ciferation**¹¹ [L. *-ciferatio*], f.: vociferation. **-ciferer** [L. *-ciferari* (voz, fer, bear)], intr.: vociferate.

vœu *ven*, pl. -x [L. *vôtum*], m.: VOW (solemn promise, pledge); VOTE (suffrage); prayer, ardent wish, desire; demand, requirement: *prononcer ses -x*, take the vows; *faire des -x pour*, offer up prayers for.

vo-gue¹³, f.: †motion (of a boat); = (temporary mode or custom, fashion; popular reception, favour). **-guen**¹³ [OHG. *wagon*, move], intr.: row, sail; float, be wafted, move: *-gue la galère!* come what may! †**-guen**¹³, m.: rower.

voici¹³ [vois, see! ci], adv.: see here (behold, lo); here is (or are), this is (these are): *me* —, here I am; *le* —, here he is; *le* — *qui vient*, here he comes; *Monsieur que* —, this gentleman; *en* —, here is one.

voie² [L. *via*], f.: WAY (road, track, passage; medium, means); transportation; (what may be transported over a road or at one time, hence) cartload, load; sack (of coal); two pails (about 7 gallons): — *de communication*, thoroughfare; road; — *d'eau*, water-way; two pails of water; leak(age); — *fermée* (or *de fer*), railway, railroad; — *lactée*, milky way; — *d'évitement*, side-track; *en* — *de*, in a way to, in a fair way for; in course of; *par la* — *de*, by (the way of); *faire une* — *d'eau*, spring a leak; *mettre sur la* —, put in the right way; put on the right scent.

voilà [vois, see! là], adv.: see there (behold, lo); there or here is (or are); that is (those are): *me* —, here I am (or there I was); I am now, I have now; look at me; *le* — *parti*, off he goes; *le* — *qui vient*, there he comes; *la personne que* —, that (or this) person; — *tout*, that's all; *en* — *assez*, that's enough; *en* — *pour*, there is ... of it; *comme vous* — *fait!* what a figure you cut! what a pickle you are in! *ne* — *il* *pas*, is not that; there now.

voi-le² [L. *i.vēlum* (OFr. *voil*); *2.vēla* (pl. of *-lum*)], 1.m.: VEIL (cover; disguise); 2.f. or 1.m.: sail (canvas; ship): *avoir un* — *devant les yeux*, have a mist before one's eyes; *d la* —, by sails, sailing; *d* — *s*, with sails, sailing; sail; *mettre d la* —, set sail, get under sail; *forcer de* — *s*, crowd sail; — *de misaine*, fore-sail; — *d'artimon*, mizzen. **-lé** [-*ler*], adj.: 1.veiled; dull, dim; soft (of the eye); 2.fitted with sails. **-ler**² [L. *velare*], tr.: 1.veil (cover; cloak, disguise); 2.[*voile*, 2], fit with sails, rig; intr.: swell (bulge, warp). **-lerie** [-*le*], f.: sail-loft; sail-making. **-lier** [-*le*], m.: sail-maker; sailor; adj.: sailing, sea-. **-lure** [-*le*], f.: set of sails, canvas.

voir² [L. *vidēre*], irr. §; tr.: see (behold, perceive; view, inspect; visit); be on visiting terms with (keep company with); intr.: see; look (out): *se* —, see one's self, see each other, visit one another; find one's self (be); happen; *d* —, to see or look at; by appearance; to be seen; worthy looking at; *faire* —, let see, show; prove; *se faire* —, show one's self, appear; *voyons!* let us (or me) see! now! now then!

§ Ind.: Pr. *vois*, -s, -t; *voyons*, -ez, *voient*, lpf. *voyais*. Pret. *vis*. Fut. (Cond.) *verra*(s). — Subj.: Pr. *voie*, -es, -e; *voyons*, -iez, *voient*, lpf. *viisse*. — l've *vois*. — Part.: Pr. *voyant*; P. *vu*.

voire² [L. *vērus* (OFr. *voir*), true], adv.: indeed; even; nay.

voirie¹² [vois], f.: commission of highways; common dump or sewer; offal, carrion, muck: *grande* —, commission of public roads; *jeter d la* —, throw on the dump; bury in a ditch.

voisin², **-ine** [L. *vicinus* (*vīcus*, village)], adj.: neighbouring (adjacent, bordering); next; m., f.: neighbour. **-sinage**¹¹, m.: VICINITY (neighbourhood; neighbours); (leg.) venue. **-siner**¹⁵, intr.: visit a neighbour (or one's neighbours), be neighbourly.

voiture² [L. *vectūra*], f.: VEHICLE (carriage, coach; wagon, cart; CONVEYANCE): — *d bras*, hand-truck; — *de bagages*, luggage-van, baggage car; — *publique*, public vehicle, stage-coach; — *de place*, hackney-carriage, cab; — *de remise*, hired carriage, livery coach; *place de* — *s*, coach-stand. **-turer**¹², tr.: convey, cart. **-turier**¹², m.: carman, carrier; carter, wagoner; driver. **-turin**, m.: driver, cabman; coach, cab.

voix² [L. *vōx*], f.: VOICE; vote (suffrage); opinion: — *de poitrine*, chest voice; — *de tête*, falsetto; *d* — *basse*, in a low voice, in an undertone; *de rire* —, by word of mouth, viva voce, orally, verbally;

aller aux —, proceed to voting, put the question to the vote; *aux* —! put it to the vote! division!

1. **vol**¹¹ [-ler], m.: flight (flying, soaring); flock; stretch of wing: à — d'oiseau, straight as a bird flies (as the crow flies, straight, in a bee-line).

2. **vo-l** [2-ler], m.: stealing (theft, robbery, larceny); stolen goods. **-lable** [-ler], adj.: liable to be stolen.

vo-lage⁹ [L. *laticus* (-lare, fly)], adj.: volatile (flighty, light-hearted, inconstant, fickle). **-lagement**¹², adj.: light-heartedly, inconstantly. **-laille**⁹ [L. *latilia* (neut. pl. of *latilis*, flying)], f.: poultry, fowls. **-lailleur** [-laille], m.: poulterer; poultry-yard. **-lant** [-ler], adj.: flying, loose; shifting; movable; temporary, extra; floating (drapery); (her.) volant; m.: flying (or loose) leaf; flounce; shuttlecock; battledore and shuttlecock (game); sweep or sail (of a windmill); fly-wheel, flier; (nav.) upper topsail: *assiettes* —es, extra dishes; *camp* —, flying camp. **-latil**¹², **-latile** [L. *latilis*], adj.: volatile; airy, light; winged; f.: winged animal; bird, fowl. **-latilisation** [-latiliser], f.: volatilisisation. **-latiliser** [-latil], tr.: volatilisise. **-latilité** [-latil], f.: volatilité. **-latille** = *latille*. **-l-au-vent**, pl. — [-ler], m.: (chicken-pie, etc.).

vol-can [L. *Vulcanus*], m.: volcano. **-canique**, adj.: volcanic. **-canisé**, adj.: volcanised. **-canisme**, m.: volcanicity.

vole [?], f.: = (taking of all the tricks): *faire* —, make a slam (at cards).

vo-lée¹², f.: flight (flying); flock, bevy; stairs; herd, troop; class; rank; discharge (of a gun), VOLLEY, round; shower (of blows, etc.); drubbing; peal (of bells); set of swing-bars (of a coach): à la —, flying; in the air; rapidly; at random; broadcast; à toute —, at random; at full swing; a full peal; de (la) haute —, of high rank, of the first water; tiptop; — de palmiers, set of double-trees; — de derrière, double-trees (for wheel horses); splint(er)-bar; — de devant, double-trees (for team in the swing); — de timon, splint-bar; *cheval de* —, leader. 1. || **-ler**⁹ [L. *volare*], intr.: fly; tr.: fly at; chase.

2. **vo-ler**¹⁵ [? 1-ler, tr.], tr.: steal, rob: *il ne l'a pas-lé*, he is served quite right.

-lercau, m.: little thief, pilferer. **-lerrie**¹⁵, f.: stealing, robbery.

2. **vo-lerie**¹⁴ [1-ler], f.: (falc.) flying. **-let**¹⁵ [-ler], m.: window-shutter; trap-door; sign-board; dove-cot; ledge (of a dove-cot); water-lily; (nav.) boat-compass. **-leter**¹¹ [L. *titare*], intr.: flutter. **-lette** [-let], f.: small hurdle; horse-net. **-lette-**

ment [-leter], m.: flutter(ing). 1. **-leur**, m.: flyer.

2. **voleur**¹⁵, = *ense* [2-ler], m., f.: thief, robber; — de grand chemin, highwayman; au —! stop thief! *crier au* —, cry out, stop thief; — avec effraction, house-breaker, burglar.

volière¹⁴ [1-ler], f.: VOLERY (aviary; dove-cot; large bird-cage).

volige [?], f.: thin strip, batten; lath.

voliti-on [L. *vol.*, WILL], f.: —.

volon-taire¹⁵ [L. *voluntarius*], adj.: voluntary (of free-will, spontaneous; intentional); self-willed, arbitrary; wilful, headstrong; volunteer; m., f.: self-willed (headstrong) person; m.: volunteer. **-tairement** [-taire], adv.: voluntarily; wilfully. **-tariat** [-taire], m.: condition of a volunteer, volunteer service; volunteering. || **-té**⁹ [L. *voluntas* (vol., WILL), free will], f.: will (wish, inclination, pleasure; testament); esp. in pl., whim, caprice; à —, at will, at pleasure; *mauvaise* —, ill will; unwillingness; de bonne —, of one's own free will, willing(ly); *faire ses* —s, have one's own will or way. **-tiers**¹⁰ [L. *voluntarie* with adverbial -s], adv.: willingly (gladly, with pleasure, fain).

volscue, adj. or m., f.: Volscian

voltaïque¹⁵ [Volta], adj.: voltaic.

voltairien¹² [Voltaire], adj.: Voltairian; m., f.: partisan of Voltaire.

voltaïsme¹⁵ [Volta], m.: voltaism.

vol-te¹² [L. *-ta* (-vere, turn)], f.: (man. fenc.) volt; vault. **-te-face**, pl. — [-ter], f.: turning about: —! right about! *faire* —, turn (or face) about; change sides.

-ter¹⁵, intr.: (fenc.) make a volt; find devices. **-tige** [-tiger], m.: (man.) vaulting; dancing on the slack-rope; slack-rope.

-tigrant, part. of *-tiger*. **-tgement** [-tiger], m.: vaulting (on a slack-rope); hovering, fluttering, flickering; tumbling.

-tiger¹⁵ [It. *teggare* (-ta = Fr. *-te*)], intr.: vault (on a slack-rope or horse); tumble; flutter, hover, flicker.

-tigneur [-tiger], m.: = (vaulter, leaper, tumbler; picked rifleman in a French regiment).

volu-bile [L. *-bilis* (volvere, turn)], adj.: (bot.) volub(i)le, volubilate; (fig.) fickle; f.: = *bilis*. **-bilis** [L.], m.: (bot.) convolvulus. **-bilité**¹⁵ [L. *-bilitas*], f.: volubility. **volu-ble** [L. *-bilis*], adj.: = (fluent, glib); (bot.) volub(i)le, volubilate.

volu-me¹² [L. *-men*, roll], m.: = (tome, book; bulk, mass, compass). **-mineur**, = *ense* [L. *-minusus* (cf. *-me*)], adj.: voluminous.

volup-té¹⁴ [L. *-tas* (vol., wish)], f.: voluptuousness (delight; sensuality). **-tuair**¹⁵ [L. *-tuaria*], adj.: voluptuary; (leg.) for embellishment. **-tuement**, adv.: vo-

luptuously. **-tueur**¹³, = **ense** [L. *-tuor*], *adj.*: voluptuous.

vo-lute¹⁵ [L. *-luta* (*-lvere*, turn)], *f.*: volute; *voluta*. **-luté**, *adj.*: voluted, scrolled. **-luter**, *intr.*: turn spirally, twist. **-lva**, **-lve**, *f.*: (*bot.*) volva, envelope. **-lvé** [*-ve*], *adj.*: (*bot.*) having a volva.

vomer [L., ploughshare], *m.*: = (skull-bone).

vo-mique [L. *-micus*], *adj.*: vomic; *f.*: (*med.*) vomica. **-miquier** [*-mique*], *m.*: nux vomica tree. **||-mir**⁹ [p. L. *-mire* (L. *-mère*)], *tr.*: vomit. **-misement**¹², *m.*: vomiting. **-mitif**¹⁵, = **-ive**, *adj.*: vomitive, vomitory; *m.*: vomitory, emetic. **-mitoire**¹⁵ [L. *-mitorius*], *m.*: vomitory (emetic; chief door of a Roman public building).

vora-ce [L. *-x* (*-re*, devour)], *adj.*: voracious. **-cement**, *adv.*: voraciously. **-ci-té**¹³ [L. *-citas*], *f.*: voracity.

vos, *pl.* of *vo*.

vo-tant, **-tante**, *adj.*: voting; *m.*, *f.*: voter. **-tation**, *f.*: voting. **||-te** [L. *-tum* (*-vere*, vow)], *m.*: =. **-ter**, *intr.*: vote. **-tif**¹³, = **-ive** [L. *-tivus*], *adj.*: votive, votary.

vo-tre⁹, *pl.* **vos** [L. *voster*], *pron.*: your. **vô-tre**⁹ [L. *voster*], *pron.*: (with *le*, *la*, *les*), yours; *pl.* your family (relations; friends; pranks, etc., by ellipsis): *je suis des —s*, I am of your party; *vous avez fait des —s*, you have played your pranks.

vouer⁹ [L. *vôlare* (cf. *-te*)], *tr.*: vow (devote, dedicate, consecrate; doom): *se —*, devote (or apply) one's self.

vouge¹¹ [?], *m.*: =, boar-spear.

vouloir⁹ [p. L. **volere* (L. *vol-*)], *irr. §*; (*in*) *tr.*: WILL (wish, desire, want; be willing, be pleased; grant); *m.*: will: *en —*, have a design upon, aim at; *us'y*, be after, bear ill will (or malice) towards, have a grudge (or spite) against, be angry with; *s'en —*, be angry with one's self, not forgive (or unable to forgive) one's self; — *de*, wish for, wish to have; — *dire*, mean; — *bien*, be willing indeed, be quite willing (inclined or pleased): *veuillez-bien*, please, pray; — *le bien*, wish for what is good or right; — *du bien*, wish one well, bear good will towards; — *bien ce qu'on veut*, have a will of one's own; *que voulez-vous (que je fasse)*? what would you (have me do)? *Dieu le veuille*! God grant it! — *c'est pouvoir*, where there's a will there's a way; *bon —*, good will, willingness; *mauvais —*, ill will; unwillingness.

§ Ind.: Pr. *veu-x*, *-x*, *-t*; *vou-lent*, *-lez*, *veu-lent*. Ipf. *voulais*. Pret. *voulus*. Fut. (Cond.) *voudrais*. — Subj.: Pr. *veuill-e*, *-et*, *-e*; *vou-lions*, *-liez*, *veuill-ent*. Ipf. *voulusse*.

— *I've veuillez*. — Part.: Pr. *voulant*; P. *voulus*.

vous⁹ [L. *vôs*], *pron.*: you, ye.

vous-seau, **-soire**, *m.*: (*arch.*) voussoir (in an arch), wedge-stone. **-sure**⁹ [p. L. **solsorium* (**-sum*, L. *volvere*, turn)], *f.*: curve (or elevation) of an arch; coving; (*anat.*) arching.

voû-te⁹ [p. L. **volta* (L. *volvere*, turn)], *f.*: VAULT, arch; ceiling; hollow (of a shoe): — *d'arrête*, groined vault; — *oblique*, skew arch; *clef de —*, keystone. **-ter**¹², *tr.*: vault, arch; curve (a horse-shoe, etc.): *se —*, arch; be bent.

voya-ge⁹ [L. *viaticum* (*via*, road), journey provision], *m.*: journey (travel, trip, tour); voyage: *être en —*, be upon a journey, be abroad; — *d'aller*, voyage out, outward voyage; — *de retour*, return voyage. **-ger**¹³, *intr.*: travel (journey; voyage); migrate. **-geur**, = **ense**¹⁵ [*-ger*], *m.*: traveller; passenger; *adj.*: travelling; migratory; carrier (pigeon).

voyant, = **ante** [voir], *adj.*: seeing (not blind); showy (gaudy, glaring); *m.*, *f.*: seer; prophet.

voyelle¹⁴ [L. *vocalis*], *f.*: VOWEL.

voyer [L. *vicarius*, substitute], *m.*: road surveyor; *adj.*: road-inspecting.

voyeur, = **ense** [voir], *m.*, *f.*: spectator, beholder.

voyou [?], *m.*: street Arab, young black-guard; *adj.*: caddish.

vra-c, **-gue**, **-que** [Dutch *wrak* (cf. Eng. *wrak*), refuse], *m.*: disorder: *en —*, pell-mell, in bulk, unpacked; *charger en —*, (*nav.*) load in bulk.

vrai¹⁰ [for a form *verai* (L. *verus*)], *adj.*: true (real, genuine; VERACIOUS; right; regular, arrant); *m.*: truth; *adv.*: truly, in truth: *au —*, *de —*, in truth, truly, really; *à —*, *dire*, to say the truth; *dans le —*, in truth; within the truth, true to nature; *pas —?* isn't that so? *sortir du —*, deviate from truth; be out of character: **-ment**¹¹, *adv.*: truly (in truth, VERULY, indeed). **-semblable**¹³ [*vrai*, *s...*], *adj.*: probable, likely, VERISIMILAR. **-semblable-ment**¹⁴ [*-semblable*], *adv.*: probably. **-semblance** [*vrai*, *s...*], *f.*: probability, likelihood, =.

vraque = **vrac**.

vril-le¹³ [?], *f.*: gimlet, wimble, borer; (*bot.*) tendril, clasper. **-ler**, *tr.*: gimlet, bore; *intr.*: ascend spirally, whirl about, curl. **-lerie**, *f.*: gimlet manufactory; gimlets. **-lier**, *m.*: gimlet-maker. **-li-fère**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) clasped. **-lon**, *m.*: small gimlet.

vu [voir], *part.*: seen; *prep.*: seeing, considering; *m.*: sight; inspection, examination; (*leg.*) introductory part: — *son*

âge, considering his age; *bien* —, well received, liked; well-advised, sensible; *mal* —, ill received, disliked; ill-advised, senseless; *au* — *et au su*, in full sight, with the full knowledge. **vu-e**, *part.*: seen; *f.*: sight (eyesight); **VIEW**, survey; prospect; sketch; light, window; (stereoscopic) slide: — *basse* (or *courte*), short sight; shortsightedness; — *de côté*, side-view; *à* —, at sight; free-hand; *à* — *d'ail*, by the eye; by a single glance; visibly, very rapidly; *à* — *d'oiseau*, from a bird's-eye view, bird's-eye; *à perte de* —, beyond one's view, out of sight; at random; far-fetched; *avoir la* — *trouble*, be short-sighted; *avoir des* — *sur*, have designs upon; *donner dans la* —, strike the eye, catch the eye; be in one's eyes; *garder à* —, keep in sight; watch; *perdre de* —, lose sight of; *avoir* — *sur*, look over (or out upon); *à dix jours de* —, ten days after sight.

vul-cain [L. *Vulcanus*], *m.*: Vulcan; *fig. smith.* **-canien**, = *enne*, *adj.*: vulcanian, plutonian. **-canisation**, *f.*: vulcanisation. **-caniser**, *tr.*: vulcanise. **vul-gaire**¹⁵ [L. *-garis* (-*gus*, crowd)], *adj.*: vulgar; *m.*: vulgar, common people (or herd). **-gairement**¹⁵, *adv.*: vulgarly. **-garisatour**¹⁵ [-*gariser*], *m.*: diffuser (of knowledge, etc.); populariser; *adj.*: popularising. **-garisation** [-*gariser*], *f.*: vulgarisation. **-gariser** [L. *-garis*], *tr.*: vulgarise; popularise. **-garité**¹⁵ [L. *-garitas*], *f.*: vulgarity, commonness. **-gate** [L. *-gatus*], *f.* or *adj.*: Vulgate.

vulné-rabilité, *f.*: vulnerability, vulnerability. **||-rable** [L. *-rabilis* (vulnus, wound)], *adj.*: vulnerable. **-né-raire**¹⁵ [L. *-nerarius*], *adj.*: vulnerable; *f.*: kidney-vetch, woundwort.

vulpin [L. *-pinus* (-*pes*, fox)], *adj.*: vulpine, fox-like; *m.*: foxtail-grass.

vultueux, = *ense* [L. *-tuosus* (-*tus*, face)], *adj.*: (med.) red and swollen (of the face).

vul-vaire, *adj.*: vulvar. **||-ve**¹⁵ [L. *-va* (-*vere*, turn)], *f.*: vulva. **-vite**, *f.*: (med.) vulvitis.

W

52- For words not found under *W* see *V*.

W double *ve* or *vé*, *m.*: *w* (the letter; it is used in borrowed words only).

wagon *va*-[Eng.], *m.*: railway coach.

Wal-halla *va*-[OHG., abode of the slain], *m.*: Odin's heaven. **-kyrie** [OHG.], *f.*: Valkyr, virgin goddess of Odin's heaven.

wallon¹⁵, = *onne* *va*-[L. *wallus*, goth], *m., f.*: Walloon, "romanised Gaul," native of southern Belgium; *m.*: Walloon language.

warrant *va*-[Eng.], *m.*: warrant, official order (to seize, search, execute, etc.).

water-gang *va*-[Dutch], *m.*: canal, ditch. **-proof** *-prouf* [Eng.], *m.*: =.

whig *ouig* [Eng. (? fr. party name *Whiggamore*)], *m.*: Whig (political party name in England for several centuries).

w(h)iskey *ouiski* [Eng. (for Gael., 'water of life')], *m.*: whiskey, alcoholic drink made fr. grain.

whist *vist* [Eng.], *m.*: = (the card game).

wiski *wouiski* [fr. Eng.], *m.*: whisky, one-horse two-wheeled gig.

wolfram *v*-[?], *m.*: = (the mineral).

wombat *v*-[?], *m.*: = (small bear-like marsupial of Tasmania, etc.).

X

x *ze* or *iks*, *m.*: *x* (the letter): *jambes en* —, knock-kneed; (*fam.*) *les* —, algebra; *fort en* —, good in algebra; *un* —, (*fam.*) student of the Polytechnique.

xénélasie [Gr. *-sia* (*xénos*, stranger, elduncin, drive out)], *f.*: xenelasia (Spartan law excluding foreigners).

xérasie [L. *-sia* (Gr. *-sia* (*xerós*, dry))], *f.*: xerasia, dryness of the hair (dis-ease).

xérophagie [L., Gr. *xerophagia* (Gr. *phágēin*, eat)], *f.*: xerophagy, fasting on dry meats (amongst the early Christians).

xérophthalmie [fr. L. (Gr. *xerophthalmia*, *ophthalmós*, eye)], *f.*: xerophthalmia (dry, red soreness of the eyes).

xi-phias [L., Gr. (*xiphos*, sword)], *m.*: = (swordfish). **-phoide** [Gr. *-phoideia* (*et-dos*, form)], *adj.*: sword-shaped.

xylo-graphe [Gr. *xálon*, wood, *gráphein*, write], *m.*: xylographer, wood-engraver. **-graphie**, *f.*: wood-engraving. **-graphique**, *adj.*: of wood-engraving. **-phage** [Gr. *-phágos*, fr. *phágēin*, eat], *m.*: wood-beetle, borer; *adj.*: boring. **-phone** [Gr. *phōne*, tone], *m.*: =, wooden musical instrument.

Y

y *i*-(*grèc*), *m.*: *y* (the letter).

z.y^o [L. *ibi*, there], *adv.*: there, thither; within; at home: *menez-m'* —, take me there; *menez-nous* —, take us there;

monsieur A — *est-il?* Is Mr. A in? — *sommes-nous?* are we ready? shall we go? *3-y*, pron.: to (at, by, for, or in) it (them, her, etc.): *je m'—fie*, I depend on it; — *compris*, inclusive; *j'—pense*, I am thinking of it; *il n'—est pas propre*, he will not do for it; *il n'—gagnera rien*, he will gain nothing by it.

yao [Eng. *jack*], *m.*: jack (union flag).

yacht [Eng. (Dutch, 'chase')], *m.*: =; also for *yac*: *le —*, not *f'—*.

ya(c)k [Thibet], *m.*: yak, grunting ox.

yard [Eng.], *m.*: =, measure of three feet.

yatagan [Turk.], *m.*: =, sword with a double curved blade and no guard: *le —*, not *f'—*.

yèble, see *hèble*.

yeuse¹⁵ [L. *iliceus*, of *ilex*, holm oak], *f.*: evergreen oak.

your, see *ail*.

yole [Ger. *jölle*], *f.*: YAWL (ship's boat for four or six oars); *la —*, not *f'—*.

ypreau, *pl.* — [Flemish town *Ypres*], *m.*: white poplar, Yper elm, silver poplar.

yard, see *izard*.

yucca [Caribbean Is.], *m.*: yucca lily; *le —*, not *f'—*.

Z

z *zè* or older *zèd*, *m.*: *z* (the letter).

zagale¹⁵ [Sp. *azagaya*], *f.*: asagay (javelin used by Moors, Zulus, etc.).

zaim [fr. Ar.], *m.*: zaim (Turkish chief).

zain [It. *zaino*], *adj.*: (rare Eng.) *zain*, (horse) of one colour only.

zani¹⁵, *pl.* — [It. short for *Giovanni*, JOHN], *m.*: zany, clown.

zèa [Gr. *zèid*, spelt], *m.*: zea (bot. term for Indian corn, maize).

zébre [fr. Ethiopian], *m.*: zebra. **zébré**, *adj.*: striped (like a zebra). **zébrer**, *tr.*: stripe. **zébrure**, *f.*: zebra stripe or striping.

zébu [fr. Tibetan], *m.*: zebu (Indian ox humped at the withers).

zèdoaire¹⁵ [L. *zedoaria* (fr. Pers.)], *f.*: zedoary (aromatic medicinal plant).

zélateur¹⁵ = **trice** [L. *zelator*, -*trix*], *m.*, *f.*: zealot, person full of zeal. **zèle**¹⁵ [L. *zelus*, Gr. *zèlos* (*zèein*, boil)], *m.*: zeal.

zélé¹⁵ = **lèe**, *adj.*: zealous; *m.*, *f.*: zealous person.

zend [OPers., knowledge], *m.*: Zend (religious commentary, or language of Zoroaster). **Zend-Avesta** [OPers. *Avesta*, text], *m.*: = (bible of the Parsees).

zénith¹⁵ [Ar. *semt*, straight road], *m.*: astron. =, point exactly overhead.

zéno-nique [Stoic philosopher *Zeno*], *adj.*: Zenonian. **-nisme** [philosopher *Zeno*], *m.*: stoicism.

zéoli-the [Gr. *zein*, boil, *lithos*, stone], *m.*: zeolite. **-thique**, *adj.*: zeolitic.

zéphire or **zéphyr**¹⁴ [L. *zephyrus*, Gr. *zèphuros*, west wind], *m.*: zephyr, gentle wind; anything light and airy.

zéro¹⁵ [It. fr. Ar.], *m.*: zero, the numeral 0, cipher: (*fam.*) *un —*, a mere nobody.

zéro-tage, *m.*: graduating (of thermometers and other instruments hav'g a zero point).

zes-t, *interj.*: pshaw! nonsense! *entre le zist et le —*, just so-so; all at sea. **-te** [L. *schistas*, Gr. *schistós* (*schízein*, divide)], *m.*: = (pleasurable excitement; †Eng. orange or lemon-peel, etc., walnut-husk or hull); nothing: *cela ne vaut pas un —*, that is not worth a straw. **-ter**, *tr.*: flavour, zest (with lemon-peel, etc.).

zététique [Gr. *zetetikós* (*zelein*, seek)], *adj.*: zetetic, proceeding by inquiry; *f.*: method of inquiring, (esp.) in unknown quantities in algebra.

zé-zaiement, *m.*: buzzing, bad pronunciation (making *g* or *j* sound like *z*).

z-zayer [letter *z*], *intr.*: buzz, give the *z*-sound too much (for *g* or *j*).

zibeline¹⁵ [L. *Sabelinus*, Russ. *sobol'*], *f.*: SABLE, fur-marten.

zigzag [echoic], *m.*: =, irregular line: *aller en —*, go by a very irregular route; *faire des —s*, reel, totter along.

zin-o [Ger. *zink*], *m.*: zinc, the metallic element. **-age** or **-gè** [-*guer*], *m.*: zinking, galvanisation.

-cographe [Gr. *gráphein*, write], *m.*: etcher on zinc, zincographer.

zingari [gypsy word *tzengari*], *m.*: gypsy, zingaro.

zin-guer [zinc], *tr.*: zinc, galvanise.

-gèur, *m.*: zinc-worker.

zinzolin [Sp. *cinzolino* fr. Ar.], *m.*: violet-red (colour).

zir-con [? Pers. *zar*, gold, *gan*, colour], *m.*: = (the mineral). **-conium**, *m.*: = (metallic element resembling antimony).

zist [ak. to *zeste*], *m.*: (rare) inner skin (of oranges, etc.); see *zeal*.

zizanie¹⁴ [L. *-nia*, Gr. *-nion*, tares], *f.*: darnel, cockle (a troublesome weed in wheat-fields, hence): dissension.

zodia-cal, *pl.* = **aur**, *adj.*: =, of or in the zodiac. **z-que**¹⁵ [L. *-cus*, Gr. *-kós* (*zoon*, animal)], *m.*: zodiac (imaginary belt containing the planets, and hav'g twelve signs or animals).

Zoile [abusive Homer-critic *Zoilus*], *m.*: harsh critic.

zona [L., belt], *m.*: shingles (disease).

zone¹⁵ [L. *zona*, Gr. *zōne*], *f.*: = (belt or

area around the earth); ring, circular stripe; region hav'g some characteristic. **zoné**, *adj.*: zoned, marked with bands; zonate.

zoo-graphe [Gr. *zôon*, animal, *gráphein*, write], *m.*: zoögrapher; animal-painter.

-graphie, *f.*: descriptive zoölogy; painting of animals. **-graphique**, *adj.*: zoögraphic.

-lâtre, *m.*: zoölatr, worshipper of animals. **-lâtrie** [*latrîe*], *f.*: worship of animals.

-lithe [Gr. *lithos*, stone], *m.*: zoölite, animal petrification.

-lithique, *adj.*: zoö lithic. **-logie** [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: zoölogy, natural history of animals.

-logique, *adj.*: zoölogical. **-logiste** or **-logue**, *m.*: zoölogist.

-phore [Gr. *-phôros*], *m.*: zoöphorus, frieze sculptured in relief showing men and animals.

-phyte¹⁵ [Gr. *-phuton*, animal-plant], *m.*: =, plant-like animal (such

as coral, sponge, etc.). **-phytologie** [Gr. *phutôn*, plant, *lógos*, speech], *f.*: history, treatise on corals, hydroids, etc.

-tomie [Gr. *tomê*, cutting], *f.*: zoöotomy, dissection of animals.

-tomiste, *m.*: zoötomist, animal anatomist.

zoster, *m.*: see *zona*.

zouave [Algerian name], *m.*: = (formerly, recruit fr. the Kabyle tribe Zouava,

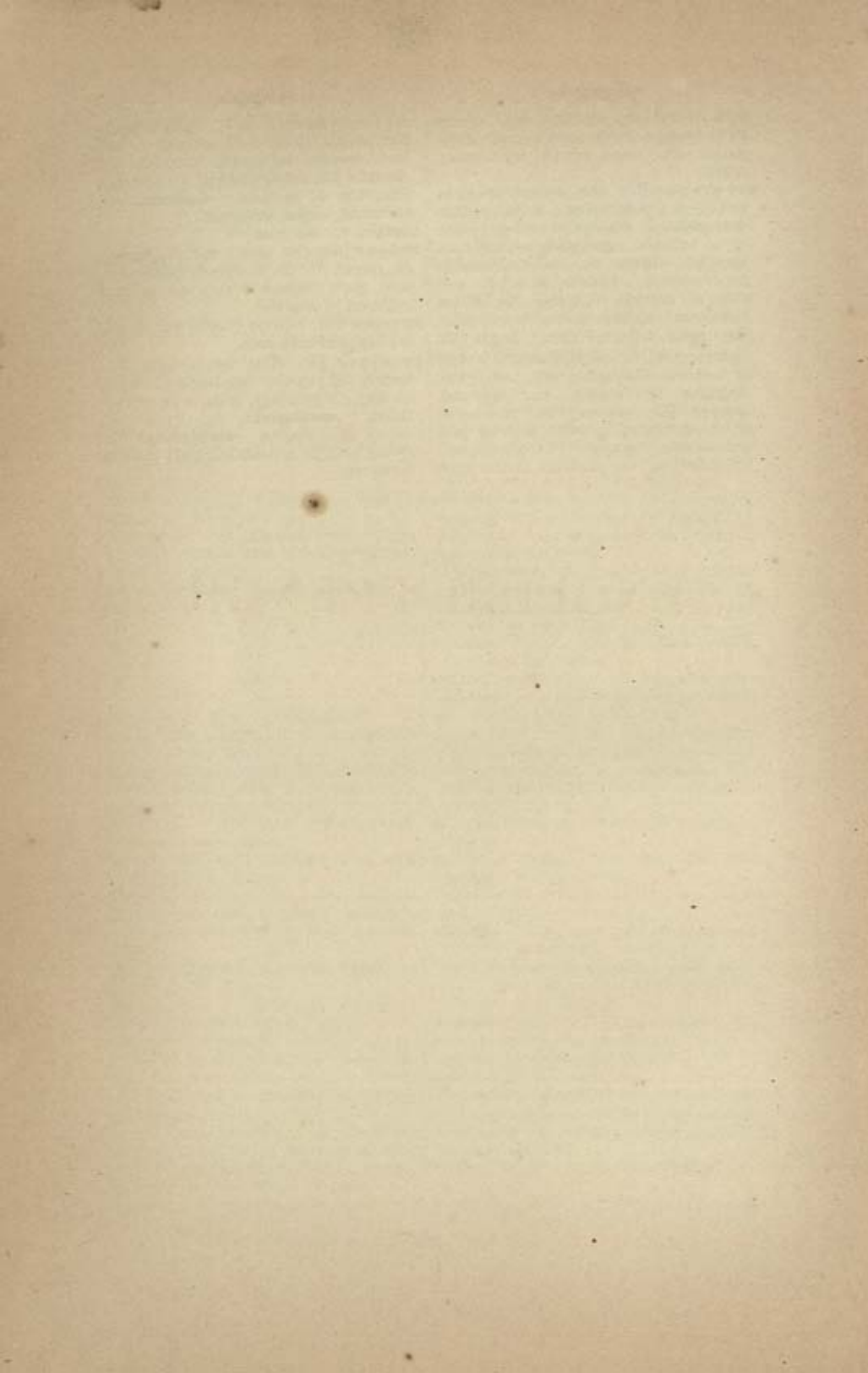
now, gayly dressed French soldier in a regiment of zouaves).

zygoma [Gr. *zúgoma* (*zugón*, yoke)], *m.*: =, temporal arch bone.

zy-mique [Gr. *zûme*, leaven (*zeîn*, ferment)], *adj.*: zymic. **-mologie** [Gr. *lógos*, speech], *f.*: zymology, treatise on fermentation.

-mologiste, *m.*: zymologist, expert on ferments.

-motéchnie [Gr. *téchne*, art], *f.*: zymotechnics, art of using ferments.



ENGLISH-FRENCH

ENGLISH-FRENCH

English-French

a

1. **ā** (*the letter*), *n.*: a, m.
 2. **ā** or (*unemph.*) **ā**, *ind. art.*: un; or *unexpressed*: he is — colonel, il est colonel; what — man! quel homme!
 3. **a**, *distrib. part.*: par; le (la): twice — day, deux fois par jour; two francs — pound, deux francs la livre.
aback, *adv.*: à rebours, en arrière; (*nav.*) sur le mât: be taken —, être pris à l'improviste, être surpris, être déconcerté (déconfit).
ābacus, *n.*: abaque, *m.*: (*arch.*) abaque, tailloir, *m.*
abāft, *prep.*: à (or de) l'arrière; *adv.*: à l'arrière, arrière.
abādon, *tr.*: abandonner; délaissier (*quitter*); renoncer à; laisser à l'abandon. **-ed**, *adj.*: abandonné; dissolu: — wretch, misérable, *m., f.* **-ē**, *n.*: (*leg.*) abandon-nataire, *m., f.* **-er**, *n.*: abandonnateur, *m., -trice, f.* **-ing**, **-ment**, *n.*: abandon, délaissement, *m.*; (*fig.*) laisser-aller.
abāse, *tr.*: abaisser; aviler; humilier. **-ment**, *n.*: abaissement; avilissement, *m.*; humiliation, *f.*
abāsh, *tr.*: déconcerter; confondre; interdire. **-ed**, *adj.*: déconcerté; interdit, confus; honteux.
a-bāte, *tr.*: (*lower*) (r)abaisser, (r)abattre; (*lessen*) rabattre, diminuer, réduire; (*remīt*) faire remise de; (*remove*) abolir; *intr.*: s'abattre, s'affaiblir; s'apaiser, diminuer. **-bātement**, *n.*: abaissement, affaiblissement; apaisement, *m.*; abolition, *f.*; (*com.*) rabais, *m.*; réduction, *f.*; (*admin.*) dégrèvement. **ā-battis**, *n.*: (*fort.*) abattis, *m.* **-battoir** (*-twē'r*), *n.*: abattoir, *m.*
āb-bacy, *n.*: abbatia, *m.*; (*house*) abbatia. **-bātia**, *adj.*: abbatia. **āb-bē** (*é written accent, pron. ē*), *n.*: abbé, *m.* **-bess**, *n.*: abbaye, *f.* **-bey**, *n.*: abbaye, *f.* **-bot**, *n.*: abbé; supérieur d'abbaye, *m.* **-botship**, *n.*: abbatia, *m.*
abbō-viate, *tr.*: abréger; (*math.*) réduire. **-viātion**, *n.*: abréviation, *f.* **-viator**, *n.*: abréviateur, *m.* **-viatory**, *adj.*: abréviatif.
ābdi-cate, *tr.*: abdiquer. **-cātion**, *n.*: abdication, *f.*
ab-dōmen, *n.*: abdomen, ventre, *m.*;

abjuration

- (*lower*) bas-ventre, *m.* **-dōminal**, *adj.*: abdominal.
ab-dūct, *tr.*: enlever; détourner. **-dūction**, enlèvement; détournement, *m.*; (*anat.*) abduction, *f.* **-dūctor**, *n.*: enleveur; (*anat.*) abducteur, *m.*
abēam, *adj.*: (*nav.*) par le travers.
abēcēdārian, *adj.*: abécédaire.
abēd, *adv.*: au lit, couché.
abērdevine, *n.*: tarin, *m.*
ab-ērrance, **-ērrancey**, *n.*: déviation, *f.*; égarement, *m.*; erreur, *f.* **-ērrant**, *adj.*: aberrant; errant, égaré. **-ērrātion**, *f.*: aberration; déviation; erreur, *f.*; égarement, *m.*
abēt, *tr.*: soutenir (en mauvais sens), inciter, encourager; (*leg.*) être fauteur de. **-ment**, **-ting**, *n.*: appui; encouragement, *m.*; instigation; complicité, *f.* **-ter**, **-tor**, *n.*: instigateur, *m.*, *-trice, f.*; fauteur, *m.*, *-trice, f.*
abēyance, *n.*: attente, suspension, *f.*; jacent: *lands in —*, biens jacent.
ab-hōr, *tr.*: abhorrer, avoir en horreur, détester: *nature — s a vacuum*, la nature a horreur du vide. **-hōrrence**, *n.*: horreur, abomination, *f.* **-hōrrent**, *adj.*: en horreur (à), répugnant (à): be — to, répugner à. **-hōrrer**, *n.*: personne qui abhorre, *f.*, ennemi juré, *m.*
abi-de, *irr.* (*cf. bide*); *intr.*: demeurer, rester; se or s'en tenir (à), être fidèle (à); (*by*) soutenir; attendre; *tr.*: souffrir, supporter: — *by a promise*, être fidèle à une promesse; *I cannot — to hear talk of*, je ne saurais entendre parler de. **-ding**, *adj.*: durable, permanent, constant; supportant, *n.*: demeure, *f.*; séjour, *m.* **-dingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière permanente, constamment, permanent.
ābigail, *n.*: suivante, soubrette, *f.*
ability, *n.*: habileté, capacité, *f.*; talent, *m.*; faculté, *f.*; pouvoir, *m.*: *to the best of one's —*, de son mieux; *gifted with unusual —*, doué de facultés peu communes.
āb-ject, *adj.*: abject, bas, vil; rampant. **-jēctedness**, **-jēction**, **-jēctness**, *n.*: abjection, bassesse, *f.*; avilissement, *m.*
ab-jūration, *n.*: abjuration, *f.* **-jūre**, *tr.*: abjurer, renoncer à. **-jūring**, *n.*: abjuration, *f.*; renoncement, *m.*

ablativ, *n.*: ablatif, *m.*

ablaze, *adj.*: en flammes, enflammé; flamboyant; resplendissant.

able, *adj.*: capable, habile, fort; (*to do*) capable (de), en état (de), à même (de); compétent (de), propre (à); (*strong*) robuste: *be — to*, pouvoir, être à même de; être en état de; savoir; *as one is —*, selon ses moyens; *be — to pay*, être solvable, être bon. **-bodied**, *adj.*: fort, robuste.

ablegate, *n.*: ablégal.

able-minded, *adj.*: d'intelligence marquée, intelligent, capable. **-mindedness**, *f.*: intelligence, capacité, *f.*

able-n, *-t*, *n.*: ablette, *f.*

ablom, *adv.*: en fleurs.

abluent, *adj.*: abluant, abstergif.

ablush, *adv. or adj.*: en rougeur, rougisant, rouge.

ablution, *n.*: ablution.

ably, *adv.*: habilement, adroitement; avec talent.

abnegation, *n.*: abnégation (de), renonciation (à), *f.* **abnegator**, *m.*: personne qui nie.

abnormal, *-mous*, *adj.*: anormal, irrégulier.

aboard, *adv.*: à bord: *go —*, aller à bord, s'embarquer; *take —*, embarquer.

abode, *n.*: demeure, habitation, *f.*; séjour; *habitable*, *m.*

abode, *tr.*: présager. **-ement**, *-ing*, *n.*: présage, présentiment, *m.*

abolish, *tr.*: abolir; anéantir, détruire.

-ishable, *adj.*: abolissable. **-isher**, *n.*: personne qui abolit, *f.* **-ishment**, *n.*: abolissement, *m.* **-ition**, *n.*: abolition, *f.* **-itionist**, *n.*: abolitionniste, *m., f.*

abominable, *adj.*: abominable, infâme; *timmonde*. **-ableness**, *n.*: nature abominable (ou infâme), abomination, *f.* **-nably**, *adv.*: abominablement. **-nate**, *tr.*: avoir en abomination, avoir de l'aversion pour, haïr. **-nation**, *f.*: abomination, horreur, *f.*

aboriginal, *adj.*: aborigène, *m., f.* **-nes**, *n. pl.*: aborigènes, *m., f. pl.*

abortion, *n.*: avortement (*act*; *bot.*); avorton, *m.* **-tive**, *adj.*: abortif, avorté, d'avortement: *— child*, avorton, *m.*; *prove —*, avorter; *render —*, faire avorter.

-tively, *adv.*: en avorton, prématurément, avant terme, vainement. **-tiveness**, *n.*: nature abortive, inutilité, *f.*

abound, *intr.*: abonder (*with*, de, en). **-ing**, *adj.*: abondant; *n.*: accroissement, redoublement, *m.*

about, *adv.*: autour, tout autour, à l'en-tour; çà et là; de détour; environ; vers; sur le point de; *prep.*: autour de, auprès de; dans, par; au sujet de, à l'égard de,

touchant, sur: *all —*, partout; (*prep.*) partout dans; *right (left) —*! demi-tour à droite (à gauche)! *round —*, tout autour; (*prep.*) tout autour de; *be — to*, être sur le point de; se disposer à, aller; *put —*, (*nav.*) faire virer; *tack —*, (*nav.*) virer de bord; *set — a thing*, se mettre à quelque chose; *— two o'clock*, vers les deux heures; environ deux heures; *I have no money — me*, je n'ai pas d'argent sur moi.

above, *adv.*: en haut, là-haut; au-dessus de, par-dessus; sur; plus de (*or* que); (*nav.*) en amont de: *— all*, surtout; *over and —*, par-dessus; en outre; en sus. **-board**, *adv.*: ouvertement, sans déception; franchement.

abrade, *tr.*: enlever (par le frottement).

abr(ah)am, *n.*: (*fig.*) fourbe-fleffé, *m.*

abrasion, *n.*: action d'enlever par le frottement, abrasion, *f.*

abreast, *adv.*: à front; à côté l'un de l'autre, côte à côte, parallèlement.

abridge, *tr.*: abréger; retrancher, réduire. **-ger**, *n.*: personne qui abrége, *f.*; abrégiateur, *m.* **-gment**, *n.*: abrégé, *m.*, réduction.

abroach, *adv.*: en perce; (*fig.*) en avant, en train.

abroad, *adv.*: dehors; à l'étranger; au large.

abrogate, *tr.*: abroger. **-gation**, *m.*: abrogation, *f.*

abrupt, *adj.*: brusque, brisé; saccadé; abrupt, escarpé. **-t**, *adv.*: soudain, abruptement. **3-t**, *n.*: précipice, *m.*

-tion, *n.*: rupture, *f.* **-tly**, *adv.*: brusquement, avec précipitation. **-tiness**, *n.*: brusquerie, précipitation, *f.*

abscess, *n.*: abcès, *m.*

abscond, *tr.*: retrancher.

ab-sciss, *-scissa*, *n.*: (*geom.*) abscisse, *f.* **-scission**, *n.*: amputation, *f.*

abscond, *tr.*: s'enfuir; disparaître; se soustraire aux poursuites de la justice; se cacher. **-edly**, *adv.*: en cachette. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se cache; personne qui se soustrait aux poursuites de la justice, *f.*

-ing, *n.*: action de se cacher; action de se soustraire à la justice, *f.*

absence, *n.*: absence; absence d'esprit, distraction, *f.* **1-sent**, *adj.*: absent, distrait. **2-sent**, *tr.*: éloigner: *— one's self*, s'absenter. **-sentee**, *n.*: absent, *m.*

-senteeism, *n.*: absentéisme, *m.* **-sentor**, *n.*: absent (de son poste), *m.*

absinth or -e, *n.*: absinthe, *f.* **-iated**, *adj.*: absinthé.

absis = *apsis*.

absist, *intr.*: se désister.

absolute, *adj.*: absolu; vrai; parfait; pur et simple. **-ly**, *adv.*: absolument.

-ness, *n.*: pouvoir absolu; arbitraire, *m.*

ab-solû-tion, *n.*: absolution; (*rel.*) absoute, *f.* **-sô-lu-tory**, *adj.*: absolu-taire. **-sô-lve**, *tr.*: absoudre, délier.

âb-sô-nant, *adj.*: en contradiction.

absôr-b, absorber; engloûtir. **-ba-bi-lity**, *n.*: faculté d'absorber, *f.* **-ba-bile**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) qui peut être absorbé. 1. **-bent**, *n.*: absorbant, *m.* 2. **-bent**, *adj.*: absorbant. **-p-tion**, *n.*: absorption; extinction, *f.* **-p-tive**, *adj.*: qui a la faculté d'absorber; (*chem.*) absorbant.

abstâ-in, *intr.*: s'abstenir. **-ing**, *n.*: abstinence, *f.*

abstémious, *adj.*: abstème, sobre, modéré. **-ly**, *adv.*: sobrement; avec abstinence. **-ness**, *n.*: abstinence, modération; sobriété, *f.*

abstén-tion, *n.*: abstinence, privation, abstention, *f.*

abstêr-ge, *tr.*: (*surg.*) absterger; nettoyer. 1. **-gent**, *n.*: abstergent, *m.* 2. **-gent**, *adj.*: abstergent, abstersif. **-g-ion**, *n.*: (*med.*) abstersion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: abstersif, abstergent.

âb-sti-nence, **-nency**, *n.*: abstinence, *f.* **-nent**, *adj.*: abstinent, sobre. **-nently**, *adv.*: avec abstinence.

1. **â-b-strâ-ct**, *adj.*: abstrait. 2. **-strâ-ct**, *n.*: abstrait; résumé, *m.*; analyse, *f.* 3. **-strâ-ct**, *tr.*: abstraire, extraire, soustraire, dérober. **-strâ-ctedly**, *adv.*: d'une manière abstraite; par abstraction. **-strâ-ctedness**, *n.*: caractère abstrait, *m.* **-strâ-cteur**, *n.*: auteur d'un résumé, *m.* **-strâ-ct-ion**, *n.*: abstraction; distraction, *f.* **-strâ-ctive**, *adj.*: abstrac-tif; extrait. **-strâ-ctly**, *adv.*: abstrac-tivement. **-strâ-ctness**, *n.*: abstraction, *f.*; caractère abstrait, *m.*

abstrû-se, *adj.*: abstrus, abstrait; caché, obscur. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière abstruse, abstraitement. **-ness**, *n.*: qualité abstruse, *f.*

absûrd, *adj.*: absurde. **-ity**, *n.*: absurdité, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: absurdement. **-ness**, *n.*: absurdité, *f.*

abûn-dance, *n.*: abondance; prospérité; quantité, *f.* **-dant**, *adj.*: abondant. **-dantly**, *adv.*: abondamment; largement.

1. **abû-se**, *tr.*: abuser de; médire de; dire des sottises à, injurier, dire des injures à, maltraiter; tromper. 2. **-se**, *n.*: abus, *m.*; sottises, injures, *f. pl.* **-ser**, *n.*: abuseur, *m.*; personne qui dit des injures, des sottises, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: injurieux; abusif. **-sively**, *adv.*: injurieusement, abusivement. **-siveness**, *n.*: langage injurieux, *m.*

abût, *intr.*: aboutir; s'embrancher. **-ment**, *n.*: but, *m.*; borne; contre-fiche; (*of a bridge*) culée, *f.* **-ment-**

pier, *n.*: pile-culée, *f.* **-ting**, *n.*: em-branchement (*of a road*), *m.*

abyss, *n.*: abîme, gouffre, *m.*

acâ-cia, *n.*: acacia, *m.*: Indian —, tamarinter; common —, acacia vulgaire; **bastard** —, robinier, *m.*

1. **a-cadê-mic**, *n.*: académicien de l'école de Platon, *m.* 2. **-cadê-mic**, **-cadê-mi-cal**, *adj.*: académique, universitaire, classique. **-cadê-mically**, *adv.*: académiquement. **-cadê-mi-cian**, *n.*: académicien, *m.* **-câ-dê-mism**, *n.*: système académique de Platon, *m.* **-câ-dê-mist**, *n.*: académicien; philosophe académique, *m.* **-câ-dê-my**, *n.*: académie; pension, institution, *f.*, pensionnat, *m.*

âc-a-jou, *m.*: (*bot.*) acajou, *m.*

acân-tha, *n.*: (*bot.*) acanthe, branche-ursine, *f.* **-thine**, *adj.*: fait d'épine. **-thus**, *n.*: (*bot., arch.*) acanthe, *f.*

ac-cède, *intr.*: accéder, consentir.

ac-cé-le-rate, *tr.*: accélérer, hâter. **-râ-tion**, *n.*: accélération, *f.* **-rative**, *adj.*: accélérateur. **-ratory**, *adj.*: accélé-rant.

âc-cen-dibi-lity, *n.*: (*chem.*) inflammabilité, *f.* **-cê-n-dible**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) inflammable. **-cên-sion**, *n.*: (*chem.*) inflammation, *f.*

1. **âc-cent**, *n.*: accent; parler, *m.* 2. **-cênt**, *tr.*: accentuer; articuler.

-cênting, *n.*: manière d'accentuer; accentuation, *f.* **-cêntu-ate**, *tr.*: accentuer. **-cêntu-ation**, *n.*: accentuation, *f.*

ac-cép-t, *tr.*: accepter, agréer, accueillir; comprendre, entendre. **-table**, *adj.*: acceptable, agréable. **-tableness**, *n.*: qualité d'être acceptable, *f.*; bon accueil, droit au bon accueil, *m.* **-tably**, *adv.*: agréablement. **-tance**, *n.*: acception, *f.*; accueil, *m.*: *worth* —, qui vaut la peine d'être accepté; *beg any one's — of anything*, prier quelqu'un d'accepter quelque chose; *cancel an —*, (*com.*) annuler une acception; *furnish with an —*, revêtir d'une acception; *leave for —*, laisser à l'acceptation; *refuse —*, refuser à l'acceptation; *present for —*, présenter à l'acceptation; *send out for —*, envoyer à l'acceptation. **-tâ-tion**, *n.*: accueil, *m.*; (*gram.*) acception, *f.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui accepte, *f.*; (*com.*) accepteur, *m.* **-tion**, *n.*: (*gram.*) acception, *f.*

ac-cêss, *n.*: accès, abord, *m.* **-cêssary** = *accessory*. **-cêssible**, *adj.*: accessible.

-cêssion, *n.*: accession, acquisition, *f.*; accroissement; avènement, *m.* **-cêssio-nal**, *adj.*: additionnel. **-cêssô-ri-al**, *adj.*: de complicité. **-cêssô-ri-ly**, *adv.*: accessoirement. **-cêssô-ri-ness**, *n.*: état accessoire, *m.* 1. **-cêssô-ry**, *adj.*: acces-soire. 2. **-cêssô-ry**, *n.*: accessoire, pro-moteur, complice, *m.*

acci-dence, *n.*: rudiments de grammaire, *m. pl.* **-dents**, *n.*: accident; incident; sinistre, *m.* 1. **-dental**, *adj.*: accidentel, fortuit, casuel. 2. **-dental**, *n.*: accident. **-dentally**, *adv.*: accidentellement, fortuitement, par accident, casuellement. **-dentalness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est accidentel, *f.*

†**accite**, *tr.*: citer, assembler, convoquer, appeler.

1. **ac-clām**, *n.*: acclamation, *f.* 2. **-claim**, *tr.*: acclamer. **-clamātion**, *n.*: acclamation, *f.* **-clamatory**, *adj.*: d'acclamation, d'applaudissement.

accli-matable, *adj.*: qui peut être acclimaté. **-matation**, *n.*: acclimation, *f.* **-mate**, *tr.*: acclimater. **-mated**, *adj.*: acclimaté. **-mation**, *n.*: acclimatement, *m.*; acclimation, *f.* **-matisable**, *adj.*: capable d'être acclimaté. **-matiation**, *n.*: acclimation, *f.* **-matise**, *tr.*: acclimater.

accli-vitous, *adj.*: en pente, montant. **-vity**, *n.*: montée, pente, élévation, rampe, *f.* **-vous**, *adj.*: en pente, montant.

accolade, *n.*: accolade, *f.*

accommo-dable, *adj.*: accommodable. **-date**, *tr.*: accommoder, ajuster; disposer; loger; obliger, servir. **-dated**, *adj.*: accommodé. **-dately**, *adv.*: convenablement. **-dating**, *accommodant*; flexible. **-dation**, *n.*: adaptation, *f.*; accommodement, *m.*; convenance, *f.*; logement, *m.*; (com.) facilités, *f. pl.* **-dation-bill**, *n.*: billet de complaisance: *be engaged in* —, faire des billets de complaisance. **-dator**, *n.*: personne qui accomode, *f.*

accompa-niment, *n.*: accompagnement, *m.* **-nist**, *n.*: (mus.) accompagnateur, *m.*, accompagnatrice, *f.* **-ny**, *tr.*: accompagner.

accomplice, *n.*: complice, *m., f.*

accomplish, *tr.*: accomplir; former; perfectionner; remplir. **-ed**, *adj.*: accompli, parfait. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui accomplit, *f.*; exécuter, *m.*, -trice, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: accomplissement; talent, art d'agrément, *m.*

account, *pronunc. and meaning* = *account*.

1. **accord**, *n.*: accord, consentement, *m.* 2. **accord**, *tr.*: accorder; ajuster; *intr.*: s'accorder. **-ance**, *n.*: accord, *m.*; conformité, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: d'accord. **-ing**, *adj.*: conforme. **-ing as**, *conj.*: selon que, suivant que. **-ing to**, *prep.*: selon, suivant, conformément à. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en conséquence.

accost, *tr.*: accoster, aborder. **-able**, *adj.*: abordable.

accoucheur, *n.*: accoucheur, *m.*

1. **account**, *n.*: compte; (narrative) récit, exposé, *m.*, relation, nouvelle; importance; considération; raison; histoire; description, *f.*; motif, sujet, poids, *m.*; (com.) facture, *f.*: *old* —, ancien compte; *current* —, compte courant; *outstanding* —, compte non soldé; — *agreed upon*, arrêté de compte; *overdrawn* —, compte découvert; *bank* —, compte de banque; *cash* —, compte de caisse; *statement of an* —, situation d'un compte; *abstract of an* —, relevé de compte; *in* — *with*, en compte avec; *as per* — *rendered*, suivant compte remis; *on* — *of*, pour le compte de; *on* — *and risk of*, aux risques et pour le compte de; *on joint* —, de compte en participation; *per* —, suivant compte; *appear in any one's* —, figurer sur le compte de quelqu'un; *audit an* —, vérifier un compte; *balance an* —, balancer un compte; *carry to* —, porter en compte; *close an* —, clore un compte; *compare* —, confronter un compte; *deliver an* —, remettre un compte; *have a current* — *with*, être en compte courant avec; *keep* —, tenir des livres; *make out any one's* —, établir le compte de quelqu'un; *make up an* —, balancer un compte; *open an* —, ouvrir un compte; *pass to* —, passer en compte; *short* — *make long friends*, les bons comptes font les bons amis; *on* — *of*, à cause de; *on your* —, par égard pour vous; *turn anything to* —, mettre quelque chose à profit; *make* — *of*, faire cas de; *make no* — *of*, ne faire aucun cas de. 2. **account**, *tr.*: compter; estimer, regarder comme; *intr.*: rendre compte; expliquer; répondre de: — *for*, expliquer. **-ability**, *n.*: obligation de rendre compte; responsabilité. **-able**, *adj.*: responsable, comptable. **-ableness**, *n.*: responsabilité, *f.* **-tant**, *n.*: comptable; teneur de livres, *m.* **-book**, *n.*: livre de comptes, *m.*

accoûple, *tr.*: accoupler.

accou-ter, *tr.*: équiper; accoutrer. **-terment**, *tr.*: accoutrement, *m.*

accrédit, *tr.*: croire; accréditer. **-ation**, *n.*: créance, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: accrédité.

accré-te, *intr.*: se joindre en croissant; s'accroître. **-tion**, *n.*: accroissement, *m.* **-tive**, *adj.*: croissant.

accrimination, *n.*: incrimination, *f.*

accrûe, *intr.*: s'accroître; provenir, résulter.

accubation, *n.*: posture à demi couchée, *f.* **accumbency**, *n.*: état de celui qui est à demi couché, *m.* **-bent**, *adj.*: couché à demi.

1. **accu-mulate**, *tr.*: accumuler, entasser; *intr.*: s'accumuler, s'amoncèler.

2. *-late*, *adj.*: accumulé. *-lâtion*, *n.*: accumulation, *f.*; amoncellement; (*jur.*) cumul, *m.* *-lative*, *adj.*: qui accumule. *-latively*, *adv.*: cumulativement. *-lator*, *n.*: accumulateur, *m.*; accumulatrice, *f.*

accu-racy, *n.*: exactitude, justesse, *f.* *-rate*, *adj.*: exact; juste. *-rately*, *adv.*: exactement. *-rateness*, *n.*: exactitude, justesse, *f.*

accûrse, *tr.*: maudire. *-d*, *adj.*: maudit. *accû-sable*, *adj.*: accusable. *-sation*, *n.*: accusation, *f.* 1. *-sative*, *n.*: (*gram.*) accusatif, *m.* 2. *-sative*, *adj.*: (*gram.*) de l'accusatif. *-satively*, *adv.*: (*gram.*) comme accusatif. *-satory*, *adj.*: accusatoire. *-se*, *tr.*: accuser. *-ser*, *n.*: accusateur, *m.*; accusatrice, *f.*

accûstom, *tr.*: accoutumer: — *one's self*, s'accoutumer. *-able*, *adj.*: habituel. *-ably*, *adv.*: habituellement. *-arily*, *adv.*: ordinairement. *-ary*, *adj.*: ordinaire.

âce, *n.*: (*cards or dice*) as; (*fig.*) point; iota, *m.*: *within an — of*, à deux doigts de, bien près de.

acéphalous, *adj.*: (*zool.*) acéphale.

acér-bate, *tr.*: rendre acerbe. *-bity*, *n.*: acerbité, aigreur; dureté, *f.*

âcerous, *adj.*: acéré.

acése-ency, *n.*: acescence, *f.* *-ent*, *adj.*: acéscant.

acéstâbulum, *n.*: (*anat.*) cavité cotyloïde, *f.*

âcétate, *n.*: (*chem.*) acétate, *m.* *-étic*, *adj.*: (*chem.*) acétique. *-etification*, *n.*: acétification, *f.* *-étify*, *tr.*: acétifier. *†-etite*, *n.*: (*chem.*) acétate, *m.* *-etous*, *adj.*: (*chem.*) acéteux.

1. *âche*, *n.*: mal, *m.*; douleur, *f.*: *have a head—*, avoir mal à la tête, avoir un mal de tête. 2. *âche*, *intr.*: faire mal, souffrir.

achie-vable, *adj.*: exécutable. *-ve*, *tr.*: exécuter, accomplir. *-vement*, *n.*: exploit, fait d'armes, *m.*; œuvre, production, *f.*; (*her.*) écusson, *m.*; armoiries, *f. pl.* *-ver*, *n.*: auteur d'un exploit, *m.*; celui qui accomplit une œuvre, *f.*

âching, *n.*: douleur, souffrance, *f.*

âchor, *n.*: (*med.*) croûte de lait, teigne, *f.*

achromâtic, *adj.*: (*opt.*) achromatique.

1. *âcid*, *adj.*: acide. 2. *-cid*, *n.*: acide, *m.* *-idity*, *n.*: acidité, *f.* *-idulate*, *tr.*: aciduler. *-idulous*, *adj.*: acidule.

âci-nôse, *nous*, *adj.*: granulaire, granulé.

acknôw-ledge, *tr.*: reconnaître; répondre à; avouer, confesser, convenir; accuser réception. *-ledgment*, *n.*: reconnaissance, *f.*; aveu, *m.*; excuse, *f.*; tribut; accusé de réception, *m.*

âcmé, *n.*: (*med.*) acmé; (*fig.*) apogée; comble, *m.*

†acôlôthist or âcolyte, *n.*: acolyte, *m.*

âconite, *n.*: aconit, *m.*

âcorn, *n.*: gland, *m.*; (*nav.*) pomme de girouette, *f.*; (*conch.*) gland de mer, *m.* *-ned*, *adj.*: chargé de glands.

acoty-lédon, *n.*: (*bot.*) acotylédone, *f.* *-lédonous*, *adj.*: (*bot.*) acotylédone.

acôustic or ôu, *-al*, *adj.*: acoustique. *-ally*, *adv.*: quant à l'acoustique. *-s*, *n.*: acoustique, *f.*

acquâint, *tr.*: faire connaître, informer; avertir; faire savoir: *make any one — ed with anything*, faire connaître quelque chose à quelqu'un; *get — ed with any one*, faire la connaissance de quelqu'un; *be — ed with*, connaître; *be intimately — ed with any one*, être lié avec quelqu'un. *-ance*, *n.*: connaissance, *f.*: *have a great many —s*, avoir beaucoup de connaissances; *make — with any one*, faire connaissance avec quelqu'un.

acquêst, *n.*: acquisition; conquête, *f.*

acquiêse-c, *intr.*: acquiescer; adhérer; accéder. *-ence*, *-ency*, *n.*: acquiescement, *m.* *-ent*, *adj.*: disposé à acquiescer.

ac-quirability, *n.*: faculté d'acquérir, *f.* *-quirable*, *adj.*: qui peut être acquis. *-quire*, *tr.*: acquérir; obtenir; apprendre. *-quirement*, *n.*: acquis, *m.*; acquisition; instruction, connaissance, *f.*; talent, *m.* *-quirer*, *n.*: acquéreur, *m.*; acquéreuse, *f.* *-quisition*, *n.*: acquisition; connaissance, *f.* *-quisitive*, *adj.*: qui est acquis.

acquît, *tr.*: acquitter, absoudre, décharger: — *one's self*, s'acquitter de. *-tal*, *n.*: acquittement, *m.* *-tance*, *n.*: acquittement, *m.*; quittance, *f.*; (*com.*) acquit, *m.*

âcre, *n.*: arpent, *m.*; acre, *f.* *-fight*, *n.*: combat en champ clos, *m.*

âcri-d, *adj.*: âcre. *-dness*, *n.*: âcreté, *f.* *-mônious*, *adj.*: acrimonieux, âcre. *-môniously*, *adv.*: avec aigreur, avec acrimonie. *-mony*, *n.*: acrimonie, âcreté, aigreur, *f.* *-tude*, *n.*: âcreté, *f.*

âcrospire, *n.*: germe, *m.*; semence, *f.*

acrôss, *adv.*: à travers; au travers de; par.

1. *âcrôstic*, *n.*: acrostiche, *m.* 2. *âcrostic*, *adj.*: acrostiche.

1. *âct*, *n.*: action, *f.*, fait, acte, trait, *m.*: *in the —*, sur le fait; *in the very —*, sur le fait même, en flagrant délit. 2. *âct*, *tr.*: représenter, jouer; feindre; *intr.*: agir; se conduire; opérer; influencer. 1. *-ing*, *n.*: action, *f.*: (*theat.*) jeu, *m.* 2. *-ing*, *adj.*: qui agit; (*tech.*) à effet.

âction, *n.*: action, *f.*; fait, événement;

(jur.) procès; combat, m., affaire, bataille, f.: *carry into* —, mettre en action; naval —, combat naval. -able, adj.: que l'on peut poursuivre judiciairement. -ably, adv.: d'une manière sujette à procès.

ac-tive, adj.: actif; agile, ingambe. -tively, adv.: activement, agilement. -tiveness, n.: activité, f. -tivity, n.: activité, agilité, f.

ac-tor, n.: acteur, comédien, m. -tress, n.: actrice, comédienne, f.

ac-tu-al, adj.: réel, effectif, véritable, actuel. -ality, n.: réalité, actualité, f. -ally, adv.: réellement, positivement, véritablement. -alness, n.: réalité, f. -ary, n.: secrétaire, m. -ate, tr.: mettre en action, mouvoir, pousser, animer, guider, inciter.

acule-ate, -ated, adj.: (bot.) pourvu de piquants, d'épines, d'aiguillons; (zool.) pourvu d'un aiguillon, d'un dard, de piquants.

acumen, n.: pénétration, subtilité d'esprit, finesse, f.

acumi-nate, intr.: s'élever en cône; se terminer en pointe. 2-nate, adj.: aigu, subtil; (bot.) acuminé. -nated, adj.: (bot.) acuminé; terminé en pointe.

-nation, n.: pointe aiguë; finesse, f.

acupuncture, n.: (surg.) acuponcture, f.

acuite, adj.: aigu; fin; poignant; pénétrant. -ly, adv.: d'une manière aiguë, finement, subtilement. -ness, n.: état aigu, m., force, intensité, finesse, f.

ad-acted, part.: forcé.

ad-age, n.: adage, m. -dāgial, adj.: passé en adage.

adagio, n.: (mus.) adagio, m.

adā-mant, n.: diamant, m. -māntean, adj.: dur comme le diamant. -māntine, adj.: de diamant; (min.) adamantin.

adapt, tr.: adapter, approprier. -able, adj.: que l'on peut adapter. -ation, n.: adaptation, f. -ed, part.: propre à; adapté. -er, n.: celui, celle qui adapte.

-ibility, n.: faculté d'être adapté, f.

adāys, adv.: aujourd'hui: now —, de nos jours.

add, tr.: ajouter, joindre; adjoindre, additionner. 1-er, n.: celui qui ajoute, m.; machine d'addition, f. -able = -ible.

2-adder, n.: vipère, f.; serpent: young —, vipereau, m. -like, adj.: en serpent. -s-tongue, n.: (bot.) langue de serpent, f. -s-wort, n.: (bot.) vipérine, f.

addi-ble, adj.: qui peut être ajouté. -bility, n.: qualité de ce qui peut être ajouté, f.

addic-t, tr.: consacrer, dévouer: — one's

self, s'adonner, se consacrer, se livrer; be —ed, s'adonner. -tedness, -tion, n.: dévouement; goût, m., disposition, f.

addition, n.: addition, f., surcroît; accroissement, m. -al, adj.: additionnel, de plus. -ally, adv.: par addition.

additory, adj.: qui a la faculté d'ajouter.

1-addle, n.: fardure liquide, f.; boue, f.; tartre (from wine), m. 2-addle, adj.: couvi; trouble; (fig.) stérile. 3-addle, tr.: rendre couvi; troubler. -d, part.: couvi; trouble; (fig.) stérile. -headed, -pated, adj.: à cerveau (or à caboche) trouble.

1-address, tr.: adresser; (speak to) s'adresser à; parler à, adresser la parole à. 2-address, n.: adresse, f.; discours; port, m.; tenue, f.: pay one's —es to, faire la cour à, rechercher en mariage; of good —, de bonne tenue, de bonne tournure, à l'air distingué, ayant l'air comme il faut. -er, n.: pétitionnaire, m.

addū-ce, tr.: présenter, alléguer; apporter. -cent, adj.: (anat.) adducteur. -cible, adj.: qui peut être allégué.

adduc-tion, n.: citation; (philos.) adduction, f. -tive, adj.: adducteur. -tor, n.: (anat.) adducteur, m.

ademption, n.: (jur.) ademption, f.

1-adēpt, adj.: d'adepte. 2-adept, n.: adepte, m., f.

ade-quacy, n.: juste proportion; suffisance, f. -quate, adj.: proportionné, égal; suffisant. -quately, adv.: en juste proportion, justement, suffisamment. -quateness, n.: juste proportion, égalité, f.

adhē-re, intr.: adhérer, s'attacher, se fier, s'en tenir à. -rence, n.: adhérence, f. -rent, n.: adhérent, partisan, dépendant, m. -rently, adv.: d'une manière adhérente. -rer, n.: partisan, adhérent, m. -sion, n.: adhésion, adhérence, f. -sive, adj.: qui adhère; (med.) adhésif. -sively, par adhérence. -siveness, n.: adhérence, adhésion, f.

adhortatory, adj.: renfermant une exhortation, exhortatoire, f.

adiantum, n.: (bot.) adiante, f.

adiaphorous, adj.: indifférent, neutre.

1-adieū, adv.: adieu. 2-adieu, n.: adieu, m.; bid any one —, faire ses adieux à quelqu'un.

ad infinitum, adv.: à l'infini.

ad interim, adv.: par interim.

adipocēre, n.: adipocire, f.

adi-pose, -pous, adj.: adipeux.

ādīt, n.: (mines) entrée; galerie d'écoulement, f.

adjā-ceney, n.: contiguité, f.; voisinage, m. 1-cent, adj.: adjacent; contigu. 2-cent, n.: voisin, m.

ad-jec-t, *tr.*: ajouter. **-tion**, *n.*: addition, *f.* **-ti-tions**, *adj.*: ajouté.

1. **ad-jec-tive**, *n.*: adjectif, *m.* 2. **ad-jec-tive**, *adj.*: (*dy.*) adjective: — *colour*, couleur adjective, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: adjectivement.

ad-join, *tr.*: joindre, adjoindre, toucher; *intr.*: être attenant; se joindre.

ad-journ, *tr.*: ajourner, différer; *intr.*: s'ajourner. **-ment**, *n.*: ajournement, *m.*

ad-judge, *tr.*: adjuger; juger, condamner. **-judgment**, *n.*: jugement, *m.*; décision, *f.* **-judicate**, *tr.*: adjuger; *intr.*: juger; prononcer. **-judication**, *n.*: jugement, *m.*; décision, *f.*; arrêt, *m.* **-judicator**, *n.*: juge, *m.*

1. **ad-junct**, *adj.*: joint, adjoint, secondaire. 2. **-junct**, *n.*: accessoire; adjoint, *m.* **-junction**, *n.*: adjonction, addition, *f.* 1. **-junctive**, *adj.*: qui joint.

2. **-junctive**, *n.*: chose jointe, *f.* **-junctively**, *adj.*: d'une manière jointe, par addition, par adjonction.

ad-jura-tion, *n.*: adjuration, appel sacré, *m.*; adjuration, *f.* **-jüre**, *tr.*: adjurer.

-jurer, *n.*: personne qui adjure, *f.*

ad-just, *tr.*: ajuster, régler, arranger. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui ajuste, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: ajustement, accord, arrangement, *m.*: amicable —, arrangement à l'amiable.

ad-jutancy, *n.*: (*milit.*) fonctions d'adjutant, *f. pl.*; ordre, *m.*; classification, *f.*

-jutant, *n.*: (*milit.*) adjudant; second, *m.* **-jutor**, *n.*: aide, *m.* 1. **-juvant**, *adj.*: aidant. 2. **-juvant**, *n.*: aide, *f.*; (*pharm.*) adjuvant, *m.*

adméasu-re, *tr.*: mesurer, régler. **-re-ment**, *n.*: mesurage, *m.*; dimension, *f.*; règlement, *m.* **-rer**, *n.*: mesureur, *m.*

admensurâ-tion, *n.*: mesurage, *m.*

adminic-ular, *adj.*: qui aide, qui sert d'aide.

1. **adminis-ter**, *tr.*: administrer; régir; donner; fournir. 2. **-ter**, *tr.*: subvenir, pourvoir. **-trate**, *tr.*: administrer; régir; donner. **-trâ-tion**, *n.*: administration, *f.*: gouvernement, *m.* **-trative**, *adj.*: administratif. **-tratively**, *adv.*: administrativement. **-trator**, *n.*: administrateur, régent, *m.* **-trator-ship**, *n.*: fonctions d'administrateur, *f. pl.*; administration, *f.* **-tratrix**, *n.*: administratrice, *f.*

admir-a-ble, *adj.*: admirable. **-bleness**, *n.*: excellence, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: admirablement, à ravir.

1. **admiral**, *n.*: amiral, *m.* 2. **admiral**, *adj.*: amiral. **-ship**, *n.*: dignité d'amiral, *f.*; amiralat, *m.* **-ty**, *n.*: amirauté, *f.*: board of —, conseil d'amirauté, *m.*

ad-mirâ-tion, *n.*: admiration, *f.*; étonnement, *m.* **-mire**, *tr.*: admirer; *intr.*: s'étonner. **-mirer**, *n.*: admirateur, *m.*;

admiratrice, *f.* **-miringly**, *adv.*: avec admiration.

ad-miss-ibility, *n.*: admissibilité, *f.* **-missible**, *adj.*: admissible. **-missibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière admissible. **-mis-gion**, *n.*: admission; réception, entrée, *f.*; accès, *m.*; (*price*) prix d'entrée: *free* —, entrée libre; — *money*, prix d'entrée.

-mit, *tr.*: admettre; laisser entrer. **-mit-table**, *adj.*: admissible. **-mittance**, *n.*: accès, *m.*; admission, entrée, *f.* **-mitter**, *n.*: personne qui admet, *f.*

admix, *tr.*: mêler, mélanger. **-tion**, *n.*: action de mélanger, *f.* **-ture**, *n.*: mélange, *m.*

ad-môn-ish, *tr.*: avertir (*de*); exhorter (*à*), prévenir (*de*). **-mônisher**, *n.*: personne qui avertit, *f.* **-mônishment**, *n.*: admonition, *f.*; avertissement, *m.* **-mônition**, *n.*: avertissement, avis, *m.*; admonition, *f.* **-mônitioner**, *n.*: conseiller, conseiller, donneur d'avis, *m.* **-mônitive**, *adj.*: d'avertissement. **-mônitor**, *n.*: moniteur, conseiller, *m.* **-mônitory**, *adj.*: d'avertissement, qui avertit.

adô, *n.*: fracas, tintamarre, *m.*; peine, affaire, *f.*; façons, cérémonies, *f. pl.*: *with-out any more* —, sans plus de façons; *much* — *about nothing*, beaucoup de bruit pour rien.

adô-be, *n.*: hutte d'argile; *adj.*: d'argile.

adolé-scence, **-ency**, *n.*: adolescence, *m.* 1. **-ent**, *n.*: adolescent, *m.* 2. **-ent**, *adj.*: adolescent.

adôpt, *tr.*: adopter. **-ted**, *adj.*: adoptif, adopté. **-tedly**, *adv.*: par adoption.

-ter, *n.*: personne qui adopte, *f.*; adoptant, *m.* **-tion**, *n.*: adoption, *f.* 1. **-tive**, *adj.*: adoptif, adopté. 2. **-tive**, *n.*: adopté, *m.*; adoptée, *f.*; chose adoptée, *f.*

adô-rable, *adj.*: adorable. **-rable-ness**, *n.*: qualité adorable, *f.* **-rably**, *adv.*: d'une manière adorable. **-râ-tion**, *n.*: adoration, *f.* **-re**, *tr.*: adorer. **-rer**, *n.*: adorateur, *m.*; adoratrice, *f.*

adôrn, *tr.*: orner; parer: — *one's self*, se parer. **-er**, *n.*: orateur, embellisseur, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: à manière d'orne-ment, comme ornement. **-ment**, *n.*: ornement, *m.*; parure, *f.*

adôwn, *adv.*: en bas, à terre, par terre; *prep.*: en bas de.

adrift, *adv.*: (*nav.*) en dérive, à l'abandon.

adrôit, *adj.*: adroit. **-ly**, *adv.*: adroitement. **-ness**, *n.*: adresse, *f.*

adrý, *adj.*: altéré.

adsciti-tions, *adj.*: étranger, emprunté.

adstringent = *astrigent*.

adu-laté, *tr.*: aduler. **-lâ-tion**, *n.*: adulation, *f.* **-lator**, *n.*: adulateur, *m.*; adu- latrice, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: adulateur.

1. **adult**, *adj.*: adulte. 2. **adult**, *n.*: adulte, *m.*, *f.*

adult-erant, *n.*: ce qui frelate; *adj.*: adultère. 1. **-terate**, *tr.*: frelater, falsifier, adultérer, sophistiquer. 2. **-terate**, *adj.*: adultère; frelaté, falsifié, faux. **-terately**, *adv.*: d'une manière falsifiée. **-terateness**, *n.*: falsification, *f.* **-teration**, *n.*: falsification, frelaterie, sophistication, *f.* **-terer**, *n.*: adultère, *m.* **-teress**, *n.*: adultère, femme adultère, *f.* **-terine**, *adj.*: adultérin; falsifié. **-terous**, *adj.*: adultère; impur. **-terously**, *adv.*: par l'adultère. **-tery**, *n.*: adultère, *m.*

adulthood, *n.*: état adulte, *m.*

adult-brant, *adj.*: ébauché, esquissé. **-brate**, *tr.*: ébaucher; esquisser. **-bration**, *n.*: ébauche, esquisse, *f.*

adult-city, *n.*: courbure, *f.* **-cous**, *adj.*: crochu.

adult-t, *adj.*: brûlé; (*med.*) aduste. **-tion**, *n.*: (*surg.*) adustion, cautérisation.

1. **advān-ec**, *tr.*: avancer, faire avancer; (*in rank*) élever; (*com.*) hausser; *intr.*: s'avancer, avancer, se porter en avant; faire des progrès; (*com.*) hausser, s'élever. 2. **-ee**, *n.*: avancement, progrès, *m.*; (*com.*) hausse, *f.*; avance, *f.*; (*com.*) avances, *f. pl.*: on the —, (*com.*) en hausse; in —, en avant; d'avance; make —, faire des avances; pay in —, payer d'avance. **-ee-guard**, *n.*: (*milit.*) garde avancée, *f.* **-ee-money**, *n.*: avance, *f.* **-eed**, *part.*: avancé. **-ecement**, *n.*: avancement, *m.* **-eer**, *n.*: personne qui avance, *f.*; promoteur, *m.* **-eive**, *adj.*: tendant à avancer.

1. **advān-tage**, *n.*: avantage; profit, intérêt, *m.*: take — of, profiter de, tirer profit de; take an — of any one's kindness, abuser de la bonté de quelqu'un; to the best —, au plus grand avantage; to any one's best —, au mieux des intérêts de quelqu'un. 2. **-tage**, *tr.*: avantager. **-tageable**, *adj.*: avantageux. **-taged**, *part.*: avantage. **-tage-ground**, *n.*: terrain avantageux, avantage, *m.* **-tāgeous**, *adj.*: avantageux. **-tāgeously**, *adv.*: avantageusement. **-tāgeousness**, *n.*: avantage, *m.*

advēne, *intr.*: survenir, advenir.

advēt, *n.*: venue, *f.*; Avent, *m.*

adventitious, *adj.*: adventice, accidentel. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière adventice.

advētive, *adj.*: adventice.

advētual, *adj.*: de l'Avent.

1. **advēntu-re**, *n.*: aventure, *f.*, hasard, *m.*: at all —, à tout hasard. 2. **-re**, *tr.*: aventurer, risquer, hasarder; *intr.*: s'aventurer, se hasarder, se risquer. **-rer**, *n.*: aventurier, *m.*, aventurière, *f.* **-resome**,

adj.: aventurier, aventureux. **-resomeness**, *n.*: esprit aventurier, *m.* **-rous**, *adj.*: aventureux. **-rously**, *adv.*: aventureusement. **-roussness**, *n.*: esprit aventureux, caractère aventureux, *m.*

ād-verb, *n.*: adverbe, *m.* **-vērbial**, *adj.*: adverbial. **-vērbially**, *adv.*: adverbialement.

ād-versary, *n.*: adversaire, *m.* **-vēr-sative**, *adj.*: adversatif. **-verse**, *adj.*: adverse, contraire, opposé. **-vēr-sely**, *adv.*: d'une manière opposée. **-vēr-seness**, *n.*: opposition; hostilité, *f.* **-vēr-sity**, *n.*: adversité, *f.*

advērt, *intr.*: faire allusion à, considérer, mentionner. **-ence**, **-ency**, *n.*: attention, *f.*

ād-vertiſe (or **-tiſe**), *tr.*: avertir, annoncer, afficher, publier. **-vēr-tiſement** (or **-tiſe**), *n.*: avis, avertissement, *m.*, annonce, *f.* **-vertiſer**, *n.*: personne qui fait des annonces, *f.*; feuille d'annonces, *f.*

advī-ec, *n.*: avis, conseil, *m.*: take —, prendre conseil; give — of, donner avis de; letter of —, (*com.*) lettre d'avis. **-eeboat**, *n.*: aviso, *m.* **-sability** = **-sable-ness**. **-sable**, *adj.*: à être conseillé, expédient, judicieux, sage, convenable. **-sable-ness**, *n.*: sagesse, utilité, convenance, *f.* **-se**, *tr.*: conseiller; donner avis de; keep any one advised of, tenir quelqu'un au courant de. **-sed**, *adj.*: avisé; mûri: ill —, mal avisé; well —, bien avisé. **-sedly**, *adv.*: attentivement, judicieusement, prudemment. **-sedness**, *n.*: sagesse, prudence, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: conseiller, *m.*

ādvo-cacy, *n.*: défense, intercession, *f.* 1. **-cate**, *n.*: avocat, défenseur, *m.* 2. **-cate**, *tr.*: soutenir, défendre. **-cātion**, *n.*: défense, intervention, *f.*, soutien, *m.*

† **advōn-trer**, *n.*: adultère, *m.* † **-tress**, *n.*: adultère, *f.* † **-try**, *n.*: adultère, *m.*

ad-vōw-ee, *n.*: patron, *m.*

advōw-son, *n.*: patronage, *m.*

a-dynāmic, *adj.*: (*med.*) adynamique. **-dynamy**, *n.*: (*med.*) adynamie, *f.*

ādz (e), *n.*: erminette; doloire, *f.*

ægīs ē-gis, *n.*: égide, *f.*

æglogue ē, *n.*: églogue, *f.*

Ēnōid ē, *n.*: Énéide, *f.*

āerate, *tr.*: (*chem.*) aérer.

āerial, *adj.*: aérien, d'air.

āerie or **āéry**, *n.*: aire, *f.*

āer (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-ifōrm**, *adj.*: aéroforme. **-ify**, *tr.*: remplir d'air. **-ōgraphy**, *n.*: aérophotographie, *f.* **-olite**, **-olith**, *n.*: aéro-lithe, *m.* **-olōgical**, *adj.*: aérologique. **-ōlogist**, *n.*: savant dans l'aérologie, *m.* **-ōlogy**, *n.*: aérologie, *f.*

-ōmeter, *n.*: aéro-mètre, *m.* **-ōmetry**, *n.*: aéro-métrie, *f.* **-ōnaut**, *n.*: aéro-

naute, *m. f.* -**onautic**, *adj.*: aérostatique. -**onautics**, *n. pl.*: science de l'aéronaute, *f.* -**ostat**, *n.*: aérostat, *m.* -**ostatic**, *adj.*: aérostatique, *m.* -**ostatics**, *n. pl.*: art aérostatique, *m.* -**ostation**, *n.*: aérostation, *f.*

érugineux *é.*, *adj.*: érucineux.

esthétique, *-al* *és.*, *adj.*: esthétique. -**s**, *n. pl.*: esthétique, *f.*

étiologie *é.*, *n.*: (med.) étiologie, *f.*

afâr, *adv.*: de loin, loin, au loin.

afféared, *adj.*: effrayé: *be not* —, n'ayez pas peur.

af-fable, *adj.*: affable, doux. -**fability**, -**fableness**, *n.*: affabilité, *f.* -**fably**, *adv.*: affablement.

affair, *n.*: affaire, *f.*: mercantile —**s**, les affaires de commerce, le commerce; *as —s stand*, au point où en sont les affaires; *liquidate, wind up, one's —s*, liquider ses affaires.

affect, *tr.*: affecter; intéresser; toucher; aimer. -**ation**, *n.*: affectation, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: disposé; affecté; précieux. -**edly**, *adv.*: d'une manière affectée. -**edness**, *n.*: affectation, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui affecte, *f.* -**ingly**, *adj.*: touchant. -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière touchante.

affectation, *n.*: affectation; inclination, *f.*, penchant, *m.*, maladie, *f.* -**ate**, *adj.*: affectueux, affectionné. -**ately**, *adv.*: affectueusement, avec affection, affectionnement. -**ateness**, *n.*: affection, *f.*, caractère affectueux, *m.* -**ed**, *adj.*: disposé; affectionné; affecté.

affectionné, *adj.*: passionné.

affian-ce, *n.*: fiançailles, *f. pl.*: confiance; confiance en Dieu, *f.* 2. -**ce**, *tr.*: fiancer; accorder sa confiance. -**ced**, *part.*: fiancé. -**cer**, *n.*: personne qui fiance, *f.*

affidavit, *n.*: déclaration écrite et affirmée par serment, *m.*

affili-ate, *tr.*: affilier; adopter (comme fils). -**ation**, *n.*: affiliation; adoption (comme fils), *f.*

af-fined, *adj.*: allié; de la même famille. -**finity**, *n.*: affinité, alliance, *f.*

affirm, *tr.*: affirmer; confirmer; *intr.*: affirmer. -**able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut affirmer. -**ance**, *n.*: affirmation, *f.* -**ant**, *n.*: personne qui affirme, *f.* -**ation**, *n.*: affirmation; confirmation, *f.* 1. -**ative**, *adj.*: affirmatif. 2. -**ative**, *n.*: affirmative, *f.*: *reply in the —*, répondre affirmativement. -**atively**, *adv.*: affirmativement. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui affirme, *f.*

1. **affix**, *tr.*: apposer; ajouter; fixer. 2. **affix**, *n.*: affixe, *m.* -**ture**, *n.*: chose attachée, *f.*

affla-tion, *n.*: action de souffler, *f.* -**tus**, souffle, *m.*, haleine, *f.*

afflic-t, *tr.*: affliger. -**tedness**, *n.*: douleur, affliction, *f.* -**ter**, *n.*: personne qui afflige, *f.* -**ting**, *adj.*: affligeant, chagrinant. -**tion**, *n.*: affliction, *f.* -**tive**, *adj.*: affligeant. -**tively**, *adv.*: d'une manière affligeante.

afflu-ence, *n.*: abondance, opulence, affluence, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: abondant; opulent, riche. -**entness**, *n.*: abondance, opulence, *f.*

afflu-x, *n.*: (med.) afflux, *m.* -**xion**, *n.*: (med.) afflux, *m.*

afford, *tr.*: donner; fournir; offrir; avoir le moyen, les moyens: *I cannot — it*, mes moyens ne me le permettent pas, je n'en ai pas les moyens.

afforest, *tr.*: convertir en forêt. -**ation**, conversion en forêt, *f.*

affranchise, *tr.*: affranchir. -**ment**, *n.*: affranchissement, *m.*

affray, *n.*: querelle, échauffourée, rixe, batterie, *f.*

1. **affright**, *tr.*: effrayer. 2. **affright**, *n.*: effroi, *m.*; épouvante, *f.* -**edly**, *adv.*: avec effroi, avec épouvante. -**ment**, *n.*: effroi, *m.*

1. **affront**, *tr.*: affronter; affronter; offenser, insulter. 2. **affront**, *n.*: affront, *m.*, insulte; *frontré*, *f.*: *put an — on any one*, faire un affront à quelqu'un; *brook an —*, digérer un affront; *pocket an —*, boire, avaler un affront. -**er**, *n.*: offenseur, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: offensant, choquant. -**iveness**, *n.*: caractère offensant, caractère choquant, *m.*

affu-se, *tr.*: verser sur. -**sion**, *n.*: action de verser; (pharm.) affusion, *f.*

afield, *adv.*: au champ, en campagne.

afire, *adv.*: en feu.

afiat, *adv.*: à plat.

afloat, *adv.*: (nav.) à flot, sur l'eau; en train: *set a ship —*, mettre un vaisseau à flot.

afoot, *adv.*: à pied; sur pied.

afore, *prep.*: devant, avant; *adv.*: auparavant; en avant; sur le devant. -**going**, *adj.*: précédent. -**hand**, *adv.*: par avance. -**mentioned**, *adj.*: mentionné plus haut, précité. -**named**, *adj.*: surnommé. -**said**, *adj.*: susdit. -**thought**, *adj.*: prémédité. -**time**, *adv.*: autrefois.

à fortiori, *adv.*: à plus forte raison, à fortiori.

afraid, *adj.*: effrayé, craintif, qui a peur: *be — of anything*, avoir peur de quelque chose.

afresh, *adv.*: de nouveau, encore.

African *af.*, *adj.*: africain, d'Afrique; *n.*: Africain, *m.*, Africaine, *f.*

afront, *adv.*: en face.

aft, *adj.*: (nav.) arrière, de l'arrière: *fore and —*, (nav.) en avant et en arrière.

1. **after**, *adv.*: après; suivant. 2. **after**, *prep.*: après; après que; selon; sur; d'après. 3. **after**, *adj.*: ultérieur, futur; arrière, (*nav.*) d'arrière. -**ages**, *n. pl.*: siècles futurs, *m. pl.*: postérité, *f.* -**all**, *adv.*: après tout; enfin. -**birth**, *n.*: arrière-faix; (*med.*) placenta, délivre, *m.*, secondines, *f. pl.* -**clap**, *n.*: coup inattendu, *m.* -**cost**, *n.*: frais ultérieurs, *m. pl.* -**crop**, *n.*: seconde récolte, *f.* -**days**, *n. pl.*: jours à venir, *m. pl.* -**dinner**, *n.*: après-dîner, après-dîné, *m.*, *après-dînée*, *f.* -**dream**, *n.*: rêverie, *f.* -**fortune**, *n.*: destinée ultérieure, *f.* -**game**, *n.*: revanche. -**grass**, *n.*: regain, *m.* -**growth**, *n.*: regain, *m.* -**guard**, *n.*: (*nav.*) surveillance de l'arrière, *m.* -**hope**, *n.*: espérance future, *f.* -**hours**, *n. pl.*: heures en sus, *f. pl.* -**life**, *n.*: vie ultérieure, *f.*; avenir, *m.* -**love**, *n.*: second-amour, *m.* -**math**, *n.*: regain, *m.* -**noon**, *n.*: après-midi, *m.*, *f.*; après-dîner, *m.* -**pains**, *n. pl.*: douleurs qui suivent l'accouchement; (*med.*) tranchées, *f. pl.* -**part**, *n.*: dernière partie, *f.* -**piece**, *n.*: (*theat.*) petite pièce, *f.* -**sail**, *n.*: (*nav.*) voile de l'arrière, *f.* -**state**, *n.*: état futur, *m.* -**sting**, *n.*: nouvelle piqure, *f.* -**storm**, *n.*: tempête nouvelle, *f.* -**supper**, *n.*: après-souper, après-soupe, *m.*, après-soupée, *f.* -**swarm**, *n.*: arrière-essaim, *m.* -**taste**, *n.*: arrière-goût, de boire, *m.* -**thought**, *n.*: pensée ultérieure, *f.* -**times**, *n. pl.*: temps à venir, *m. pl.* -**tossing**, *n.*: (*nav.*) agitation de la mer après une tempête, *f.*; clapotage, *m.* -**touch**, *n.*: (*paint.*) retouche, *f.* -**ward**, *adv.*: ensuite, puis, plus tard. -**wise**, *adj.*: sage après coup. -**wit**, *n.*: esprit tardif, *m.*; sagesse après coup, *f.*

agā, *n.*: aga, *m.*

again - **gên**, *adv.*: encore; encore une fois, de nouveau: *as much* —, encore autant. -**st**, *prep.*: contre; vis-à-vis; sur; vers, près de.

āgami, *n.*: (*ornith.*) agami, *m.*

āgamous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) agame.

1. **agāpe**, *adv.*: la bouche béante.

2. **āgape** (*pl. -pae*), *n.*: (*theol.*) agape, *f.*

agāric, *n.*: (*bot.*) agarie, *m.*

āga-te, *n.*: agate, *f.* -**ty**, *adj.*: de la nature de l'agate.

agāve, *n.*: (*bot.*) agavé, *m.*

āg-e, *n.*: âge; siècle, *m.*: *brazen* —, âge d'airain; *golden* —, âge d'or; *silver* —, âge d'argent; *middle* —, moyen âge; *dark* —, siècles de ténèbres; — *of discretion*, âge de raison; *be of* —, être majeur; *be of an* — *to*, être d'âge à; *look one's* —, paraître son âge. -**ed**, *part.* -**ed**, *adj.*: âgé; vieux. -**edly**, *adv.*: en vieillard.

ā-gency, *n.*: agence; maison de commission; action, entremise, influence, *f.* -**gent**, *n.*: agent; homme d'affaires, *m.*

1. **agglōmer-ate**, *tr.*: agglomérer. 2. -**ate**, *intr.*: s'agglomérer. -**ated**, *adj.*: (*bot.*)

aggloméré. -**ation**, *n.*: agglomération, *f.*

1. **agglūti-nant**, *n.*: agglutinant, *m.*

2. -**nant**, *adj.*: agglutinant. -**nate**, *tr.*:

agglutiner. -**nation**, *n.*: agglutination, *f.*

-**native**, *adj.*: agglutinatif.

āg-grandi-se, *tr.*: agrandir. -**grān-**

dis-ement, *n.*: agrandissement, *m.*

-**grandi-ser**, *n.*: personne qui agrandit, *f.*

āggra-vate, *tr.*: aggraver; provoquer.

-**vation**, *n.*: aggravation; circonstance

aggravante, *f.*

1. **āggre-gate**, *tr.*: réunir, rassembler.

2. -**gate**, *adj.*: rassemblé, réuni; agrégé.

3. -**gate**, *n.*: agrégation, masse, *f.*; total, *m.*; somme totale, *f.*; agrégat, *m.* -**gate-**

ly, *adv.*: en masse, collectivement. -**gā-**

tion, *n.*: agrégation, réunion, *f.*; assem-

blage, *m.* -**gative**, *adj.*: agrégatif.

-**gator**, *n.*: collecteur en masse, *m.*

1. **ag-grēss**, *intr.*: commencer des hosti-

lités, être l'agresseur, attaquer; *tr.*: at-

taquer. 2. -**gress**, *n.*: agression, *f.*

-**grēssion**, *n.*: agression, attaque, *f.*

-**grēssive**, *adj.*: offensif, hostile; agres-

sif. -**grēssor**, *n.*: agresseur, *m.*

ag-grievance, *n.*: grief, chagrin, *m.*;

oppression, *f.* -**grieve**, *tr.*: affliger;

blessar, léser, offenser.

aggrōup, *tr.*: (*paint.*) grouper, agrouper.

-**ment**, *n.*: groupement, *m.*

aghāst, *adj.*: frappé d'effroi; épouvanté,

ébahi.

ā-gile, *adj.*: agile, lesté. -**gilness**,

n.: agilité, légèreté, *f.* -**gility**, *n.*: agi-

lité, légèreté, *f.*

āgio, *n.*: change; agio, *m.*

āgi-table, *adj.*: que l'on peut agiter.

-**tate**, *tr.*: agiter. -**tation**, *n.*: agitation, *f.*;

trouble, *m.*; discussion, *f.*: *be in* —, (*of persons*) avoir de l'agitation; (*of*

things) être en question, être sur le tapis.

-**tator**, *n.*: agitateur; meneur, *m.*

āglet, **āiglet**, *n.*: aiguillette (quelque-

fois en forme d'une image), *f.*; lacet de

corset, *m.*

agnāil, *n.*: *foeil-de-perdrix*, *m.*; *panaris*,

m.

1. **āg-nate**, *n.*: agnat, *m.* 2. -**nate**, *adj.*:

d'agnat, agnatique. -**natie**, *adj.*: agna-

tique. -**nation**, *n.*: agnation, *f.*

† **agnize**, *tr.*: reconnaître.

agnō-men, *n.*: surnom, *m.* -**minātion**,

n.: surnom, *m.*

agō, *adv.*: il y a *long* —, il y a long-

temps; *a long while* —, il y a bien long-

temps.

agag, *adv.*: avec feu: *to be all —*, avoir la tête montée.

agging, *adv.*: en train, en action.

aggon, *n.*: agone, m.

agone, *adv.*: passé.

ago-nise, *intr.*: souffrir l'agonie; *tr.*: torturer, faire souffrir **-nised**, *adj.*: (of persons) qui souffre l'agonie; (of things) poignant. **-nising**, *adj.*: qui fait souffrir; qui torture; le plus cruel. **-singly**, *adv.*: avec angoisse. **-ny**, *n.*: agonie; douleur, angoisse, f.

agouti, *n.*: (mam.) agouti, m.

agratmatist, *n.*: personne illettrée, f. **agrarian**, *adj.*: agraire, agricole, d'agriculture.

agré, *intr.*: s'accorder; convenir; se convenir; être d'accord; *tr.*: accorder, mettre d'accord. **-able**, *adj.*: agréable; conforme. **-ableness**, *n.*: agrément, m.; conformité, f. **-ably**, *adv.*: agréablement; conformément. **-d**, *adj.*: convenir, d'accord. **-ment**, *n.*: accord; rapport, m.; convention; bonne intelligence; conformité, f.

agrestic(al), *adj.*: agreste.

agri-cultor, *n.*: agriculteur, m. **-cultural**, *adj.*: agricole, d'agriculture. **-culturalist** = **-culturist**. **-culture**, *n.*: agriculture, f. **-culturist**, *n.*: agriculteur, agronome, m.

agrimony, *n.*: (bot.) aigremoine, f.

agriot, *n.*: griotte, f.

aground, *adj.*: (nav.) échoué; à terre: *run —*, échouer, mettre à la côte.

agu-e, *n.*: fièvre, fièvre intermittente, f. **-e-fit**, *n.*: accès de fièvre intermittente, m. **-e-proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve de la fièvre intermittente. **-e-spell**, *n.*: charme fébrifuge, m. **-e-struck**, *adj.*: atteint de fièvre intermittente. **-e-tree**, *n.*: (bot.) sassafras, m. **-ish**, *adj.*: fiévreux; ardent. **-ishness**, *n.*: état fébrile, m.

ah! *interj.*: ah! hélas!

ahâ! *interj.*: aha!

ahéad, *adv.*: (nav.) en avant, devant; à la tête, en tête: *get — of*, (nav.) gagner l'avant de, (fig.) devancer.

ahigh, *adv.*: en haut.

ahô! *interj.*: (nav.) ho!

ahull, *adv.*: (nav.) à mâts et à cordes.

ahungry, *adj.*: tourmenté par la faim.

ai, *n.*: (mam.) ai, m.

aid, *tr.*: aider; secourir: *— each other*, s'entraider. **aid**, *n.*: aide, f.; secours, m.: *with the — of*, à l'aide de; *come to any one's —*, venir à l'aide de quelqu'un. **†ance**, *n.*: aide, f. **†ant**, *adj.*: qui aide. **-e-de-camp** (as in French), *n.*: aide de

camp, m. **-er**, *n.*: aide, m., f. **-less**, *adj.*: sans secours.

aigremore, *n.*: aigremore, m.

aiglet = **agle**.

aigret, *n.*: aigrette, f.

aigulet, *n.*: aiguillette, f.

ail, *tr.*: avoir, faire mal: *what — s you?* qu'avez-vous? qu'est-ce qui vous fait mal? *nothing — s me*, je n'ai rien. **ail**, *n.*: mal, m.; indisposition, f. **-ing**, *adj.*: souffrant. **-ment**, *n.*: mal, m.; incommodité, f.

ain't, (illit.) *for is not*.

aim, *tr.*: viser; ajuster; diriger; *intr.*: viser, aspirer. **aim**, *n.*: visée, f.; but; point de mire, m.: *take — at*, viser; coucher en joue; *miss one's —*, manquer son coup.

air, *n.*: air, vent, m.; mine, apparence: *build castles in the —*, faire des châteaux en Espagne; *give one's self — s*, se donner des airs; *give one's self an — of*, se donner un air de; *let the — into a room*, donner de l'air à une chambre; *take the —*, prendre l'air; *in the air*, en l'air; *foul —*, air vicié; *confined —*, air renfermé; *downcast —*, air abattu. **air**, *tr.*: aérer; mettre à l'air; ressuier: *this linen must be — ed*, il faut mettre ce linge à l'air. **-balloon**, *n.*: ballon aérostatique, m. **-bladder**, *n.*: vessie pleine d'air; (tech.) vessie aérienne, vessie natatoire, f. **-braving**, *adj.*: qui brave les vents. **-built**, *adj.*: bâti en l'air, chimérique. **-cell**, *n.*: (bot.) cellule aérienne, f. **-cushion**, *n.*: coussin à air, m. **-drawn**, *adj.*: imaginaire. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui expose à l'air, f. **-exhauster**, *n.*: (phys.) ventilateur, m. **-gun**, *n.*: fusil à vent, m. **-holder**, *n.*: tube à air, m. **-hole**, *n.*: soupirail; (of a furnace) évent de fourneau, m. **-ily**, *adv.*: légèrement. **-iness**, *n.*: exposition à l'air; légèreté, f. **-ing**, *n.*: aérage, m.; promenade, f.: *take an —*, prendre l'air, faire une promenade. **-jacket**, *n.*: ceinture de natation, ceinture à air, f. **-lamp**, *n.*: lampe à courant d'air, f. **-less**, *adj.*: privé d'air. **-ling**, *n.*: éventé, m.; tête à l'évent, f. **-mattress**, *n.*: matelas à air, m. **-passages**, *n.*: voies aériennes, f. pl. **-poise**, *n.*: aéromètre, m. **-pump**, *n.*: machine pneumatique, pompe à air, f. **-shaft**, *n.*: (tech.) puits d'aérage, m. **-stirring**, *adj.*: qui bat l'air. **-stove**, *n.*: calorifère, m. **-thread**, *n.*: fil de la vierge, m. **-tight**, *adj.*: imperméable à l'air. **-tightness**, *m.*: imperméabilité à l'air, f. **-trap**, *n.*: machine à ventiler, f., ventilateur, m. **-tubes**, *n.*: conduits aériens, m. pl. **-valve**, *n.*: soupape

à air, *f.* **-vessel**, *n.*: (bot.) vaisseau aérien; (tech.) réservoir d'air, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: aérien; ouvert à l'air, aéré; léger; gai. **-y-flying**, *adj.*: qui vole comme l'air. **-y-light**, *adj.*: léger comme l'air.

aisle, *n.*: (of a church) aile, nef latérale, *f.*, bas côté, *m.*

ajār, *adj.*: entr'ouvert, entre-baillé.

akimbo, *adv.*: appuyé sur la hanche: *with one's arms —*, les poings sur les hanches.

akin, *adj.*: allié; parent.

alabaster, *n.*: albâtre, *m.*; *adj.*: d'albâtre.

alack! *interj.*: hélas! **-aday!** *interj.*: hélas!

alacrity, *n.*: vivacité, ardeur, *f.*, empressement, *m.*

alamode, *adv.*: à la mode.

alarm, *n.*: alarme, *f.*; (horl.) réveil-matin, *m.* **alarm**, *tr.*: alarmer, effrayer.

-bell, *n.*: cloche d'alarme, *f.*, tocsin, *m.* **-clock**, *n.*: réveil-matin, *m.*

-ing, *adj.*: alarmant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière alarmante. **-ist**, *n.*: alarmiste, *m.*

alarm = *alarm*.

alàs! *interj.*: hélas!

alâte, *adv.*: dernièrement.

alā-te, **-ted**, *adj.*: aillé. **-tornus**, *n.*: (bot.) alaternes, *m.*

alb, *n.*: (priest's vestment) aube, *f.*

albatross, *n.*: (orn.) albatros, *m.*

albeit, *adv.*: quoique.

albescence, *adj.*: blanchissant.

albino, *n.*: albinos; nègre-blanc, *m.*

albugineous, *adj.*: albugine, albugineux.

albugo, *n.*: (med.) albugo, *m.*

album, *n.*: album, *m.*

albū-men, *n.*: albumine, *f.*, albumen, *m.*

-menised, *adj.*: albuminé. **-min**, *n.*: albumine, *f.*

-minous, *adj.*: albumineux. **-noid**, *adj.*: albuminoïde. **-nose**, *n.*: albuminose, *f.*

albur-nous, *adj.*: d'aubier. **-num**, *n.*: (bot.) aubier, *m.*

alcāic, *adj.*: alcaïque; *n.*: alcaïque, *m.*

alcāid, *n.*: (of Spain) alcade.

alchē-mic, *adj.*: alchimique. **-mically**, *adv.*: par un procédé alchimique.

alche-mist, *n.*: alchimiste, *m.* **-mistic(al)**, *adj.*: d'alchimiste, alchimique. **-alche-my**, *n.*: alchimie, *f.*

alco-hol, *n.*: alcool, *m.* **-holic**, *adj.*: alcoolique. **-holisation**, *n.*: alcoolisation, *f.*

-holise, *tr.*: alcooliser. **-hol-meter**, *n.*: alcoolomètre, *m.*

alcoran = *alcoran*.

alcove, *n.*: alcôve; niche; (gard.) loge, *f.*, pavillon, *m.*

alder, *n.*: (bot.) aune, *m.* **-bush**, *n.*: aune, buisson, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: aune, *m.*

alderman, *n.*: alderman, *m.* **-ly**, *adj.*: d'alderman.

alder-plot, *n.*: aunaie, *f.*

āle, *n.*: ale, *f.* **-bench**, *n.*: banc de cabaret, *m.*

-brewer, *n.*: brasseur d'ale, *m.* **-conner**, *n.*: inspecteur de mesures pour les liquides, *m.*

-cost, *n.*: (bot.) tannaisie, *f.*

alée, *adv.*: (nav.) sous le vent.

āle-gar, *n.*: vinaigre d'ale, *m.* **-hoof**, *n.*: (bot.) lierre terrestre, *m.*

-house, *n.*: cabaret où l'on débite de l'ale, *m.*

-knight, *n.*: (ant.) pilier de cabaret, *m.*

alēmbic, *n.*: alambic, *m.*

†alēngth, *adv.*: tout de son long.

alērt, *adj.*: alerte, vigilant, *vif*. **-ness**, *n.*: activité, vigilance, *f.*

āle-shot, *n.*: écot de cabaret, *m.* **-stake**, *n.*: bouchon de cabaret, *m.*

-taster, *n.*: inspecteur des boissons, dégustateur, *m.*

-washed, *adj.*: trempé, imbibé d'ale. **1.-wife**, *n.*: cabaretière, *f.*

2.ālewīfe, *n.*: (ichth.) gaspereau, *m.*

1.alexān-drian, *adj.*: alexandrien, d'Alexandrie. **2.-drian**, **-drine**, *n.*: alexandrin, *m.*

ālgā (pl. *-gae*), *n.*: (bot.) algue, *f.*

ālgazel, *n.*: gazelle, *f.*

ālgē-bra, *n.*: algèbre, *f.* **-brāic(al)**, *adj.*: algébrique. **-brāically**, *adv.*: algébriquement.

-braist, *n.*: algébriste, *m.*

†āl-gid, *adj.*: froid, glacé. **†-gidity**, *n.*: froid, *m.*

†-gific, *adj.*: refroidissant. **†-gor**, *n.*: (med.) froid extrême, *m.*

ālgōrithm, *n.*: (math.) algorithme, *m.*

ālgous, *adj.*: qui a rapport aux algues.

alguazil, *n.*: alguazil, *m.*

ālias, *adv.*: dit, autrement dit.

ālibi, *n.*: (jur.) alibi, *m.*

†alible, *adj.*: (med.) alibible.

1.ālien, *adj.*: étranger; éloigné. **2.alien**, *n.*: étranger, *m.*, étrangère, *f.*

-ability, *n.*: aliénabilité, capacité d'être aliéné, *f.*

-able, *adj.*: aliénable. **1.ate**, *tr.*: aliéner, éloigner. **2.-ate**, *adj.*: étranger.

-ātion, *n.*: aliénation, *f.*; éloignement, *m.*: mental —, aliénation mentale. **-ator**, *n.*: aliénateur, *m.*, aliénatrice, *f.*

-ōe, *n.*: aliénataire, *m.*, *f.*

1.alight, *adj.*: allumé. **2.alight**, *intr.*: descendre; mettre pied à terre; s'abattre.

align = *align*.

1.alike, *adv.*: également; de même; à la fois. **2.alike**, *adj.*: semblable, pareil; ressemblant.

ālī-ment, *n.*: aliment, *m.* **-mēntal**, *adj.*: alimentaire. **-mēntally**, *adv.*: de

- manière à servir d'aliment. -**méntari-ness**, *n.*: qualité alimentaire, *f.* -**méntary**, *adj.*: alimentaire. -**méntation**, *n.*: alimentation, *f.*
- alimony**, *adj.*: pension alimentaire.
- aliquant**, *adj.*: aliquante.
- aliquot**, *adj.*: aliquote.
- alish**, *adj.*: sentant l'ale; d'ale.
- alive**, *adj.*: en vie, vivant; vif, sensible; animé: *while* —, de son vivant; *dead or* —, mort ou vif; *more dead than* —, plus mort que vif.
- alkalés-ceney**, *n.*: (*chem.*) alcalinescence, *f.* -**cent**, *adj.*: alcalinescent.
- alka-li**, *n.*: alcali, *m.* -**ly**, *tr.*: rendre alcalin; alcaliser. -**limeter**, *n.*: (*chem.*) alcalimètre, *m.* -**lyne**, *adj.*: alcalin. -**2-line**, *n.*: substance alcaline, *f.* -**li-sation**, *n.*: alcalisation, *f.* -**lyse**, *tr.*: alcaliser.
- alkanet**, *n.*: (*bot.*) orcanète, *f.*
- alkoran**, *n.*: alkoran, coran, *m.*
- all**, *adj.*: tout, tous: — *of you*, vous tous; *that is* —, voilà tout, c'est tout; *it is* — *the same*, c'est tout de même; *one and* —, tous sans exception; *above* —, surtout, par-dessus tout. -**2-all**, *adv.*: tout, entièrement, souverainement: *not at* —, point du tout; — *at once*, tout d'un coup; *nothing at* —, rien du tout. -**3-all**, *n.*: tout, *m.*, tous, *pl.* -**abhorred**, *adj.*: abhorré de tous. -**admiring**, *adj.*: tout dans l'admiration.
- allantois**, *v.*: (*anat.*) allantoïde, *f.*
- allay**, *tr.*: apaiser, soulager, adoucir, calmer; *intr.*: s'affaiblir. -**2-allay**, *n.*: affaiblissement, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui tempère, qui soulage, qui calme, *f.*; calmant, soulagement, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: (*ant.*) adoucissement, *m.*
- all-beauteous**, *adj.*: souverainement beau. -**bountiful**, *adj.*: infiniment bon. -**cheering**, *adj.*: qui réjouit tout. -**complying**, *adj.*: qui se prête à tout. -**dreaded**, *adj.*: redouté de tous. -**efficient**, *adj.*: tout efficace.
- al-legation**, *n.*: allégation, *f.* -**lège**, *tr.*: alléguer. -**lègeable**, *adj.*: qu'on peut alléguer. -**léger**, *n.*: celui, celle qui allègue.
- allé-giance**, *n.*: fidélité; obéissance, *f.*: *oath of* —, serment de fidélité; (*English hist.*) serment d'allégeance, *m.* -**giant**, *adj.*: fidèle.
- allegoric**, -**al**, *adj.*: allégorique. -**ally**, *adv.*: allégoriquement. -**alness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est allégorique, *f.*
- allego-rist**, *n.*: allégoriseur; allégoriste, *m.* -**rise**, *tr.*: allégoriser; *intr.*: faire des allégories. -**rising**, *adj.*: qui fait des allégories, qui aime les allégories. -**ry**, *n.*: allégorie, *f.*
- allègro**, *adv.*: (*mus.*) allégro.
- all-eloquent**, *adj.*: tout éloquent.
- alléluia(h)**, *n.*: alléluia, *m.*
- all-enduring**, *adj.*: résigné, qui endure tout.
- allévi-ate**, *tr.*: alléger, soulager, adoucir. -**ation**, *n.*: allégement, adoucissement, soulagement, *m.*
- alley**, *n.*: ruelle, allée, *f.*: *blind* —, impasse, *f.*
- all-fours**, *n.*: (*at cards*) impériale, *f.*: *go on* —, marcher à quatre pattes. -**giver**, *n.*: dispensateur de tous les biens, *m.*
- 1-good**, *adj.*: souverainement bon.
- 2-good**, *n.*: (*bot.*) chenopode, épinard sauvage, *m.* -**hail!** *interj.*: salut!
- hallows**, *n.*: La Toussaint, *f.*: —*tide*, époque de la Toussaint, *f.* -**happy**, *adj.*: bienheureux. -**heal**, *n.*: (*bot.*) berce, branche-ursine bâtarde, *f.*
- alli-geous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) alliacé.
- alliance**, *n.*: alliance, *f.* -**lied**, *adj.*: allié, uni; parent.
- alli-gate**, *tr.*: lier. -**gation**, *n.*: action de lier; (*arith.*) règle d'alliage, *f.*
- alligator**, *n.*: crocodile d'Amérique, alligator, *m.*
- align**, *tr.*: aligner. -**ment**, *n.*: alignement, *m.*
- allision**, *n.*: heurt, choc, *m.*
- alliteration**, *n.*: (*rhet.*) allitération, *f.*
- litative**, *adj.*: qui a rapport à l'allitération, *f.*
- all-judging**, *adj.*: juge suprême. -**just**, *adj.*: qui est tout justice. -**kind**, *adj.*: tout de bonté; extrêmement bon. -**knowing**, *adj.*: de science infinie, omniscient. -**loving**, *adj.*: dont l'amour est infini.
- allo-cate**, *tr.*: allouer. -**cation**, *n.*: allocation; disposition, *f.*, arrangement, *m.*
- allocution**, *n.*: allocation, *f.*
- allô-dial**, *adj.*: allodial. -**dium**, *n.*: (*feudalism*) franc-alléu, *m.*
- 1-allonge**, *n.*: (*fenc.*) botte, *f.* -**2-allonge**, *tr.*: (*fenc.*) allonger.
- allôo** = *halloo*.
- all-opath**, *n.*: allopathe, *m.* -**lopáthic**, *adj.*: allopathique; *n.*: allopathe. -**lô-pathist**, *n.*: allopathe, *m.* -**lôpathy**, *n.*: allopathie, *f.*
- †alloquy**, *n.*: discours, *m.*
- allôt**, *tr.*: assigner en partage, donner, départir, répartir, accorder; (*fig.*) allotir. -**ment**, -**tery**, *n.*: partage, lot; décret, *m.*; distribution, répartition, *f.*
- allow**, *tr.*: permettre; donner; allouer, approuver, avouer; souffrir: *I will not* — *it*, je ne le souffrirai pas; — *me*, permettez-moi. -**able**, *adj.*: légitime, juste, permis. -**ableness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est permis; légitimité, *f.* -**1-ancee**, *n.*: allocation, pension; gratification; ra-

tion; (com.) remise, réduction, *f.*: *short* —, ration réduite, ration diminuée; *trade* —, (com.) remise, réduction; *be on short* —, être rationné; *make — for*, avoir de l'indulgence pour; avoir égard à, tenir compte de; *put on short* —, rationner. 2.-*ance*, *tr.*: mettre à la ration, rationner.

1.*allôy*, *n.*: alliage, *m.* 2.*alloy*, *tr.*: (metal.) allier; altérer, diminuer, flétrir. -*age*, *n.*: (metal.) alliage, *m.*

all-powerful, *adj.*: tout-puissant. -*saints'-day*, *n.*: jour de la Toussaint, *m.* -*souls'-day*, *n.*: jour des morts, *m.* -*spice*, *n.*: (bot.) piment, *m.* -*suffi-*
cient, *adj.*: suffisant.

allude, *tr.*: faire allusion; avoir trait; vouloir parler, vouloir dire.

allure, *tr.*: amorcer, attirer, séduire. -*rement*, *n.*: amorce, séduction, *f.*; attrait, *m.* -*rer*, *n.*: séducteur, flatteur, *m.* -*ring*, *adj.*: entraînant, attrayant, séduisant. -*ringly*, *adv.*: d'une manière séduisante, attrayante, entraînante. -*ringness*, *n.*: entraînement, *m.*; séduction, *f.*

allusion, *n.*: allusion; comparaison; figure, *f.* -*sive*, *adj.*: qui fait allusion; figuré, allégorique. -*sively*, *adv.*: par allusion. -*siveness*, *n.*: qualité de renfermer une allusion, *f.* -*sory* = -*sive*.

alluvia, *n. pl.*: terres d'alluvion, *f. pl.*; alluvion, *f.* -*vial*, -*vious*, *adj.*: d'alluvion, alluvial. -*vium*, *n.*: alluvion, *f.*, atterrissement, *m.*

all-wise, *adj.*: d'une sagesse infinie. -*worshipped*, *adj.*: adoré de tous. -*worthy*, *adj.*: infiniment digne.

1.*ally*, *tr.*: allier, unir: — *one's self*, s'allier. 2.*ally*, *n.*: allié, *m.*

almagist, *n.*: almageste, *m.*

almanac, *n.*: almanach, *m.*

almightily, *adv.*: d'une manière toute-puissante; extrêmement. -*teness*, *n.*: toute-puissance, omnipotence, *f.* 1.-*ty*, *adj.*: tout-puissant (*f.* toute-puissante), omnipotent. 2.-*ty*, *n.*: Tout-Puissant, *m.*

almond, *n.*: amande, *f.*: *burnt* —, praline, amande pralinée; *milk of —s*, lait d'amande; *bitter* —, amande amère; *sweet* —, amande douce; *African* —, amande d'Afrique; *Italian* —, amande d'Italie; *shelled —s*, amandes cassées; *oil of —s*, huile d'amandes. -*flower*, *n.*: fleur d'amande, *f.* -*paste*, *n.*: pâte d'amande, *f.* -*soap*, *n.*: savon d'amande, *m.* -*tree*, *n.*: amandier, *m.*

almoner, *n.*: aumônier, *m.* -*ry*, *n.*: aumônerie, *f.*

almost, *adv.*: presque.

alms, *n.*: aumône, *f.* -*box*, *n.*: tronc des aumônes, *m.* -*deed*, *n.*: œuvre de

charité, *f.* -*giving*, *n.*: aumônes, *f. pl.* -*house*, *n.*: maison de charité, *f.*: hospice pour les pauvres, *m.* -*man*, *n.*: homme qui vit d'aumônes, *m.*

alnage, *n.*: aunnage, *m.*

aloe, *n.*: (bot.) aloès, *m.*; *pl. -es*: (med.) aloès, *m.* -*es-wood*, *n.*: bois d'aloès, *m.* 1.-*étic*, -*étical*, *adj.*: aloétique. 2.-*etic*, *n.*: médicament aloétique, *m.*

aloft, *adv.*: en haut, haut, en l'air; *prep.*: au-dessus de.

alone, *adj.*: seul; unique: *let —*, laisser, laisser de côté, laisser là; *let me —*, laissez-moi tranquille.

along, *adv.*: le long, au long, tout le temps; *prep.*: le long de, au long de; tout le temps de: *come —*, venez donc; *all —*, tout le temps; tout le long de; tout le long du chemin; — *with*, en compagnie avec; de même que; ainsi que; avec. -*side*, *adv. or prep.*: à côté (de); le long de, tout le long de, au long de.

aloof, *adv.*: loin; au loin; éloigné; (*nav.*) au lof: *keep —*, se tenir à l'écart.

alose, *n.*: (ichth.) alose, *f.*

aloud, *adv.*: haut; à haute voix; à grand bruit.

alp, *n.*: haute montagne, *f.*, mont, *m.*; (*in Swiss lang.*) alpe, *f.*

alpaca, *n.*: alpaca; alpaga, *m.*

alpha, *n.*: alpha (α); alpha, commencement, principe, *m.* 1.-*bet*, *n.*: alphabet; (*com.*) répertoire alphabétique, *m.* 2.-*bet*, *tr.*: classer par ordre alphabétique. -*betic(al)*, *adj.*: alphabétique. -*betically*, *adv.*: alphabétiquement.

alpine, *adj.*: alpin; des Alpes, alpestre, alpique.

already, *adv.*: déjà.

also, *adv.*: aussi.

altar, *n.*: autel, *m.* -*cloth*, *n.*: nappe d'autel, *f.* -*piece*, *n.*: tableau d'autel, *m.* -*wise*, *adj.*: en forme d'autel.

alter, *tr.*: changer; altérer; *intr.*: changer, se changer. -*able*, *adj.*: changeant.

-*ableness*, *n.*: nature changeante, *f.* -*ably*, *adv.*: de manière à pouvoir être changé. -*ant*, *adj.*: changeant, qui peut changer. -*ation*, *n.*: changement, *m.*: *require —*, demander du changement.

1.-*ative*, *adj.*: (med.) altérant. 2.-*tive*, *n.*: (med.) altérant, *m.*

altercate, *intr.*: alterquer, quereller. -*cation*, *n.*: altercation, *f.*

†*altern*, *adj.*: alternatif; alterne. 1.-*ternate*, *adj.*: alterne, alternant. 2.-*ternate*, *n.*: alternative (succession), *f.* 3.-*ternate*, *tr.*: alterner, faire alterner; *intr.*: alterner. -*ternately*, *adv.*: alternativement, tour à tour. -*ternateness*, *n.*: alternat, *m.* -*ternation*, *n.*: alternative; (*geol.*) alternance, *f.*

1. **térnative**, *adj.*: alternatif, alternant. 2. **ternative**, *n.*: alternative, *f.*: choix, *m.* **térnatively**, *adv.*: de manière à offrir une alternative.

although, *conj.*: bien que, quoique.

altiloquence, *n.*: discours pompeux, *m.*

alti-tude, *n.*: élévation, hauteur, altitude, *f.* **tādinal**, *adj.*: d'altitude, d'élévation.

altivolant, *adj.*: dont le vol est élevé.

altogéther, *adv.*: tout à fait, entièrement.

alto-reliève, *n.*: plein, haut relief, *m.*

aludel, *n.*: (*chem.*) aludel, *m.*

1. **ā-lum**, *n.*: alun, *m.* **rock** —, alun de roche. 2. **lum**, *tr.*: alumer. **lumed**,

adj.: aluné. **lūmina**, **lumine**, *n.*:

(*min.*) alumine, *f.* **lūming**, *n.*: (*dy.*)

alunage, *m.* **lūminous**, *adj.*: alumineux.

lumin(i)um, *n.*: aluminium, *m.*

lumish, *adj.*: de la nature de l'alun, res-

semblant à l'alun. **-making**, *n.*: alunation,

f. **-pit**, *n.*: alumière, *f.* **-water**,

n.: eau alumineuse, *f.* **-works**, *n.*: fa-

brique d'alun.

āl-veolar, **veolary**, (*adj.*: alvéolaire.

-veole, **-veolus**, *n.*: (*anat.*) alvéole, *m.*

always, *adv.*: toujours.

amability, *n.*: amabilité, *f.*

amān, *adv.*: vigoureusement, avec force;

(*nav.*) tout de suite; (*nav.*) amène!

amālgam, *n.*: amalgame, *m.* **-able**,

adj.: qui peut s'amalgamer. 1. **-ate**, *tr.*:

amalgamer. 2. **-ate**, *intr.*: s'amalgamer.

-ātion, *n.*: amalgamation, *f.*; amal-

game, *m.*

amanuēnsis, *n.*: secrétaire, copiste, *m.*

āma-ranth, **-rānthus**, *n.*: amarante,

f. **-rānthine**, *adj.*: d'amarante.

amarýllis, *n.*: (*bot.*) amaryllis, *f.*

amāss, *tr.*: amasser, entasser.

ama-tēur, *n.*: amateur, *m.* **-tōrial**,

adj.: d'amour; amoureux. **-tōrially**,

adv.: amoureusement. **āma-tory**, *adj.*:

d'amour; amoureux.

amaurōsis, *n.*: (*med.*) goutte sereine,

amaurose, *f.*

1. **amā-ze**, *tr.*: surprendre, étonner, frap-

per d'étonnement. 2. **-ze**, étonnement;

effroi, *m.* **-zed**, *part.*: surpris; dans

l'étonnement. **-zedly**, *adv.*: avec éton-

nement. **-zedness**, *n.*: étonnement.

-zement, *n.*: étonnement, effroi, *m.*

-zing, *adj.*: étonnant. **-zingly**, *adv.*:

étonnamment.

āma-zon, *n.*: amazone, *f.* **-zōnian**,

adj.: d'amazone.

ambāges, *n. pl.*: ambages, *f. pl.*: dé-

tours, *m. pl.*

ām-bassade = *embassade*. **-bāssador**,

n.: ambassadeur, *m.* **-bāssadress**, *n.*:

ambassadrice, *f.*

1. **āmbër**, *n.*: ambre, *m.* 2. **amber**, *adj.*:

d'ambre. 3. **amber**, *tr.*: ambrer. **-col-**

oured, *adj.*: de couleur ambrée.

-drink, *n.*: boisson de couleur ambrée,

f. **-gris**, *n.*: ambre gris, *m.* **-seed**,

n.: graine musquée, ambrette, *f.*

ambidēx-ter, *n.*: ambidextre, *m.*, *f.*

-trous, *adj.*: ambidextre. **-trousness**,

n.: faculté de se servir des deux mains

avec une égale facilité; duplicité, *f.*; dou-

ble jeu, *m.*

āmbient, *adj.*: ambiant.

ām-bigu, *n.*: ambigu, *m.* **-bigūity**,

n.: ambiguïté; équivoque, *f.* **-biguous**,

adj.: ambigu, équivoque, douteux. **-bigu-**

ously, *adv.*: ambigument. **-biguous-**

ness, *n.*: ambiguïté, *f.*

ām-bit, *n.*: circuit; contour, *m.*

ambitōn, *n.*: ambition, *f.*

ambitōus, *adj.*: ambitieux. **-ly**, *adv.*:

ambitieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère

ambitieux, *m.*

1. **ām-ble**, *intr.*: aller l'amble: *make a*

horse —, mettre un cheval à l'amble.

2. **-ble**, *tr.*: faire aller l'amble à. 3. **-ble**,

n.: amble, *m.* **-bler**, *n.*: haquenée, *f.*:

cheval qui va l'amble, *m.* **-bling**, *adj.*:

à l'amble. **-blingly**, *adv.*: à l'amble.

ambrōsia, *n.*: ambroisie, *f.* 1. **adj.**:

d'ambroisie, délicieux, doux. **-n**, *adj.*:

d'ambroisie; ambrosien, de Saint-Am-

broise.

āmb-āce, *n.*: bezet, ambesas, *m.*; mau-

vaïse chance, *f.*

āmbu-lānce, *n.*: hôpital militaire, *m.*:

ambulance, *f.* **-lant**, *adj.*: ambulant.

-latory, *adj.*: ambulatoire.

āmbury, *n.*: (*vet.*) furoncle, *m.*

1. **ambuscāde**, *n.*: embuscade, *f.*: *lay an*

— for, dresser une embuscade à; *fall*

into an —, tomber dans une embuscade.

2. **ambuscāde**, *tr.*: embusquer, mettre

en embuscade.

1. **āmbush**, *n.*: embûche; (*milit.*) em-

buscade, *f.* 2. **ambush**, *tr.*: embusquer;

intr.: s'embusquer. **†-ment**, *n.*: em-

bûche, *f.*

āmēer, *n.*: Emir, *m.*

amēliō-rate, *tr.*: améliorer, perfec-

tionner; *intr.*: s'améliorer, se perfection-

ner. **-rātōn**, *n.*: amélioration, *f.*; per-

fectionnement, *m.* **-rative**, *adj.*: propre

à améliorer. **-rator**, *n.*: celui qui amé-

liore, réformateur; *f.*: -trice.

āmen, *adv.*: amen.

āmenable, *adj.*: responsable; justicia-

ble, soumis, sujet. **-ness**, *n.*: responsa-

bilité; nature d'être soumis (sujet), *f.*

amēnd, *tr.*: amender, corriger; réparer;

intr.: s'amender, s'améliorer, se corriger.

-able, *adj.*: amendable. **-atory**, *adj.*:

qui amende, qui corrige. **-er**, *n.*: per-

sonne qui amende, chose qui amende, *f.*; correctif, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: amendement, changement, *m.* -**s**, *n.*: dédommagement, *m.*; compensation; réparation, *f.*; *make — for*, dédommager de.

amēnity, *n.*: aménité, *f.*

amentacēe, *n. pl.*: (bot.) amentacées, *f. pl.*

amēr-ec, *tr.*: mettre à l'amende. -**cer**, *n.*: personne qui met à l'amende, *f.*

Américan, *adj.*: américain; *n.*: Américain, *m.*, Américaine, *f.*; (*print.*) américaine, *f.* -**ise**, *tr.*: naturaliser Américain. -**ism**, *n.*: patriotisme américain; idiotisme américain, *m.*

āme-thyst, *n.*: améthyste, *f.* -**thyst-ine**, *adj.*: de la nature de l'améthyste; fait d'améthyste.

āmi-able, *adj.*: aimable; attrayant. -**ableness**, -**ability**, *n.*: amabilité, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: avec amabilité.

āmi-anth, -**ānthus**, *n.*: (min.) amiante, *m.*

āmic-able, *adj.*: amical; amiable. -**ableness**, *n.*: état amical, *m.* -**ably**, *adv.*: amicalement; amiablement, à l'amiable.

āmice, **amiet**, *n.*: amict, *m.*

amid, *prep.*: au milieu de. -**ships**, *adv.*: (*nav.*) par le travers.

amir = *ameer*.

1. **amiss**, *adj.*: mauvais. 2. **amiss**, *adv.*: mal; *do —*, malfaire.

āmity, *n.*: amitié, *f.*

ammō-nia, *n.*: ammoniacque, *m.*, *f.* 1. -**niac**, *n.*: gomme ammoniacque, *f.* 2. -**niac**, -**niacal**, *adj.*: ammoniac, ammoniacal.

āmonnite, *n.*: ammonite, *f.*

ammunition, *n.*: munitions de guerre, *f. pl.*

1. **āmnesty**, *n.*: amnistie, *f.* 2. **amnesty**, *tr.*: amnistier.

amōnum, *n.*: (bot.) amome, *m.*

amōng, -**st**, *prep.*: entre, parmi; chez; avec, au milieu de: *from —*, d'entre; — *them*, parmi eux; entre autres.

†**āmo-rist**, -**rōso**, *n.*: galant, amoureux, *m.* -**rous**, *adj.*: amoureux. -**rously**, *adv.*: amoureuxment. -**rousness**, galanterie, *f.*

amōrphous, *adj.*: amorphe.

amōrt, *adj.*: mort; abattu. -**isātion**, *n.*: amortissement, *m.* -**ise**, *tr.*: affaiblir; amortir. -**isement**, *n.*: amortissement, *m.*

1. **amōunt**, *intr.*: se monter, monter, revenir à, s'élever. 2. **amount**, *n.*: montant, total, *m.*; quantité, *f.*

amōur, *n.*: amours (intrigue), *f. pl.*

amōve, *intr.*: ôter, éloigner.

āmph-i... (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**ibia**, *n. pl.*: amphibiens, *m. pl.* -**ibial**, *n.*: amphibie,

m. -**ibious**, *adj.*: amphibie. -**ibiousness**, *n.*: nature amphibie, *f.* -**ibolōgical**, *adj.*: amphibologique. -**ibolōgically**, *adv.*: amphibologiquement. -**ibology**, *n.*: amphibologie, *f.* -**ibraah**, *n.*: amphibraque, *m.* -**ictyōnie**, *adj.*: amphictyonique. -**ictyons**, *n. pl.*, *amphictyons*, *n. pl.* -**ithēater** = *-itheatre*.

-**ithēatral**, *adj.*: en amphithéâtre. -**ithēatre**, *n.*: amphithéâtre, *m.* -**itheātrical**, *adj.*: amphithéâtral.

ām-ple, *adj.*: ample, large. -**pleness**, *n.*: ampleur, grandeur, *f.* -**pliātion**, *n.*: (*Rom. antiq.*) ajournement d'un jugement criminel, *m.*; (*rare*) amplification, prolixité, *f.* -**plificātion**, *n.*: amplification, *f.* -**plifier**, *n.*: amplificateur, *m.*

-**plify**, *tr.*: agrandir, amplifier, augmenter. -**plitude**, *n.*: amplitude, étendue.

-**ply**, *adv.*: amplement.

ampū-la, *n.*: (bot.) ampoule, *f.* -**la-geous**, *adj.*: ampoulacé.

āmpu-tate, *tr.*: amputer. -**tātion**, *n.*: amputation, *f.*: *perform an —*, faire une amputation.

āmulet, *n.*: amulette, *f.*

amū-se, *tr.*: amuser, divertir, récréer, distraire: *be — d*, s'amuser. -**sement**, *n.*: amusement, divertissement, *m.*; distraction, *f.* -**ser**, *n.*: amuseur, *m.* -**sing**, *adj.*: amusant. -**singly**, *adv.*: d'une manière amusante. -**sive**, *adj.*: amusant, agréable. -**sively**, *adv.*: agréablement.

1. **āmȳda-late**, *adj.*: fait d'amandes. -**late**, *n.*: amandé, *m.* -**loid**, *n.*: (min.) amygdaloïde, *f.*

amȳlā-geous, *adj.*: amylacé.

1. **ān**, *for a* bef. vow.-sound, *art.*: un, *m.*, une, *f.*

2. **ān**, *conj.* (*old for 'and if'*): si.

†**āna-bapti-se**, *tr.*: rebaptiser. -**bapti-sm**, *n.*: anabaptisme, *m.* -**baptist**, *n.*: anabaptiste, *m.*, *f.* -**baptistic(al)**, *adj.*: des anabaptistes. -**baptistically**, *adv.*: en anabaptiste. -**baptistry**, *n.*: anabaptisme, *m.*

anacārdium, *n.*: (bot.) anacarde, *m.*

anāchoret, etc. = *anachoret*, etc.

anāchro-ni-sm, *n.*: anachronisme, *m.* -**nistic**, *adj.*: qui contient un anachronisme.

anacōlūthōn, *n.*: (*gram.*) anacoluthie, *f.* -**anacōntic**, *adj.*: anacréontique; *n.*: poème anacréontique, *m.*

ana-gōge, *n.*: anagogie. -**gōge(al)**, *adj.*: (*theol.*) anagogique.

āna-gram, *n.*: anagramme, *f.* -**gram-matic(al)**, *adj.*: d'anagramme. -**gram-matically**, *adv.*: par anagramme.

-**grāmmatise**, *intr.*: anagrammatiser. -**grāmmatist**, *n.*: anagrammatiste, *m.*

analēcta, ānalectas, *n. pl.*: analectes, *m. pl.*
analeptic, *adj. or n.*: analectique, *m.*
analogic, **-al**, *adj.*: analogique. **-ally**, *adv.*: analogiquement. **-ness**, *n.*: qualité d'avoir de l'analogie, *f.*
analo-gise, *tr.*: expliquer analogiquement. **-gism**, *n.*: analogisme, *m.* **-gist**, *n.*: personne qui fait des analogies, *f.* **-logous**, *adj.*: analogue. **-logously**, *adv.*: d'une manière analogue. **-logy**, *n.*: analogie, *f.*: *by* —, par analogie.
ān-alyse, *tr.*: analyser, faire l'analyse de. **-alysér**, *n.*: analyste; agent de décomposition, *m.* **-ālysis**, *n.*: analyse, *f.* **-alyst**, *n.*: analyste, *m.* **-alýtic(al)**, *adj.*: analytique, raisonné. **-alýtically**, *adv.*: analytiquement. **-alytics**, *n.*: l'art de l'analyse, *m.* **-alyze** = *alyse*.
anamōrphosis, *n.*: anamorphose, *f.*
anānas, *n.*: ananas, *m.*
āna-pest, **-pest**, *n.*: anapeste, *m.* 1. **-pestic**, *adj.*: anapestique. 2. **-pestic**, *n.*: mesure anapestique, *f.*
anāphora, *n.*: (*rhet.*) anaphore, *f.*
ān-ārch, *n.*: auteur d'une anarchie, anarchiste. **-ārchic(al)**, *adj.*: anarchique. **-archist**, *n.*: anarchiste, *m.*, *f.* **-archy**, *n.*: anarchie, *f.*
anasār-ca, *n.*: (*med.*) anasarque, *f.* **-cous**, *adj.*: qui a rapport à l'anasarque.
anāstrophe, *n.*: (*gram.*) anastrophe, *f.*
anāthe-ma, *n.*: anathème, *m.* **-mātical**, *adj.*: d'anathème. **-mātically**, *adv.*: en forme d'anathème. **-mātišā-tion**, *n.*: action d'anathématiser, *f.* **-mātiše**, *tr.*: anathématiser, frapper d'anathème. **-mātišed**, *adj.*: anathème.
an-atōmic(al), *adj.*: anatomique. **-atōmically**, *adv.*: anatomiquement. **-ātomiše**, *tr.*: anatomiser. **-ātomist**, *n.*: anatomiste, *m.* **-ātomy**, *n.*: anatomie, *f.*
ān-cestor, *n.*: ancêtre; aïeul, *m.* **-cēs-tral**, *adj.*: d'ancêtres, de mes, de tes, de ses, etc., ancêtres. **-try**, *n.*: ancêtres, *m. pl.*
1. **ānchor**, *n.*: ancre, *f.*: *best bower* —, seconde ancre; *bower* —, ancre de poste; *ebb* —, ancre de jusan; *flood* —, ancre de flot; *foul* —, ancre surjalée; *kedge* —, ancre à empenne; *sea* —, ancre du large; *sheet* —, maîtresse ancre, ancre de miséricorde; (*fig.*) ancre de salut, planche de salut, *f.*; *shore* —, ancre de terre; *samll bower* —, ancre d'affourche; *spare* —, ancre de rechange; *stream* —, ancre de touée. 2. **ānchor**, *intr.*: mouiller, *†s'*ancrer, *†ancrer*; *tr.*: mouiller, *†ancrer*. **-age**, *n.*: mouillage, ancrage; droit d'ancrage, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: mouillé, ancré.
ānche-ress, *n.*: anachorète, *f.*; *n.*: ana-

chorète, ermite, *m.* **-rētic(al)**, *adj.*: d'anachorète.
ānchor-ground, *n.*: (*nav.*) mouillage, *m.* **-hold**, *n.*: (*nav.*) tenue, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*nav.*) mouillage, ancrage, *m.* **-ing-ground**, *n.*: mouillage, *m.* **-ing-place**, *n.*: mouillage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans ancre. **-stock**, *n.*: (*nav.*) jas d'ancre, *m.*
anchōvy, *n.*: anchois, *m.*
anchylōsis, *n.*: (*med.*) ankylose, *f.*
1. **āncient**, *adj.*: ancien, antique. 2. **āncient**, *n.*: ancien; (*milit.*) drapeau; (*nav.*) pavillon, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: anciennement. **-ness**, *n.*: ancienneté, *f.* **-ry**, *n.*: (*of a family*) ancienneté, *f.*
ānd, *conj.*: et; *better* — *better*, de mieux en mieux; *carriage* — *pair*, voiture à deux chevaux, *f.*
andānte, *n.*: (*mus.*) andante, *m.*
Andēan, *adj.*: des Andes.
āndīron **-tūrn**, *n.*: chenet, *m.*
an-drōgynal, **-drōgynous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) androgyne; (*zoöl.*) hermaphrodite, *m.* **ān-drogynē**, *n.*: androgyne, hermaphrodite, *m.*
ānec-dote, *n.*: anecdote, *f.* **-dōtic(al)**, *adj.*: anecdotique. **-dōtist**, *n.*: conteur d'anecdotes.
anemōmēter, *n.*: anémomètre, *m.*
anēmō-ne, **-ny**, *n.*: anémone, *f.* **-ne-root**, *n.*: patte, griffe d'anémone, *f.*
anēmōscope, *n.*: anémoscope, *m.*; girouette, *f.*
anēn(s)t, *prep.*: concernant, touchant, sur.
ānet, *n.*: (*bot.*) fenouil puant, *m.*
ānēu-rism, *n.*: anévrisme, *m.* **-rismal**, *adj.*: anévrisimal.
anēw, *adv.*: de nouveau.
an-fractūosity, *n.*: anfractuosité, *f.* **-frāctuous**, *adj.*: anfractueux. **-frāctuousness**, *n.*: anfractuosité, *f.*
ān-gel, *n.*: ange, *m.* **-gel-fish**, *n.*: angelot, ange de mer, *m.*
angēlic, **-al**, *adj.*: angélique. **-a**, *n.*: angélique, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: angéliquement. **-alness**, *n.*: nature angélique, *f.*
āngelot, *n.*: angelot, *m.*
āngel-shot, *n.*: (*nav.*) boulet ramé, *m.*
āngelus, *n.*: angélus, *m.*
āngel-water, *n.*: eau de Portugal, *f.* **-worship**, *n.*: culte des anges, *m.*
1. **ānger**, *n.*: colère, *f.*; courroux, *m.*; *provoke any one to* —, exciter la colère de quelqu'un. 2. **ānger**, *tr.*: fâcher, irriter, provoquer, mettre en colère. 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: en colère, irrité. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec colère.
angina, *n.*: (*med.*) angine, *f.*
angiō-graphy, *n.*: (*anat.*) angiographie, *f.* **-logy**, *n.*: angiologie, *f.* **-spēr-mous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) angiosperme.

1.ân-gle, *n.*: angle; coin, *m.* **2.-gle**, *intr.*: pêcher à la ligne. **-gled**, *adj.*: à angles; *acute* —, acutangle; *eight* —, octogone; *five* —, pentagone; *four* —, quadrangulaire; *many* —, polygone; *nine* —, enneagone; *obtuse* —, obtusangle; *right* —, rectangulaire; *seven* —, heptagone; *six* —, hexagone; *ten* —, décagone; *twelve* —, dodécagone. **-gler**, *n.*: pêcheur à la ligne, *m.*; (*ichth.*) baudroie, *f.*
Angli-can, *adj.*: anglican; *n.*: anglican, *m.*, anglicane, *f.* **-eism**, *n.*: anglicisme, *m.* **-eise**, *tr.*: rendre anglais.

ângling, *n.*: pêche à la ligne, *f.*

Angle-mania, *n.*: anglomanie, *f.* **-saxon**, *adj.*: anglo-saxon; *n.*: Anglo-saxon, *m.*

ân-grily, *adv.*: avec colère. **-gry**, *adj.*: fâché, en colère, irrité, furieux, courroucé; *be — with any one*, être en colère contre quelqu'un; *get —*, se fâcher; se mettre en colère.

ân-guish, *n.*: angoisse, *f.*

ân-gu-lar, *adj.*: angulaire. **-larity**, *n.*: état angulaire, *m.* **-larly**, *adv.*: angulairement. **†-lated**, *adj.*: angulé. **†-lous**, *adj.*: anguleux.

†an-ight, *adv.*: de nuit, la nuit.

ân-il, *n.*: (*bot.*) anil, *m.*

ân-ile, *adj.*: de vieille femme. **-ileness**, **-ility**, *n.*: radotage, *m.*

animad-verse-ion, *n.*: animadversion, *f.* **-vert**, *intr.*: exercer son animadversion; critiquer, censurer. **-verter**, *n.*: censeur, frondeur, *m.*

1.âni-mal, *n.*: animal, *m.* **2.-mal**, *adj.*: animal. **-mâleu-lar**, **-mâleuline**, *adj.*: des animalcules. **-mâleule** (*pl. animal-cula*), *n.*: animalcule, *m.* **-malise**, *tr.*: animaliser. **-malish**, *adj.*: d'animal. **-mality**, *n.*: animalité, *f.* **-malizâ-tion**, *n.*: animalisation, *f.* **-mally**, *adv.*: en animal.

1.âni-mate, *tr.*: animer; ranimer. **2.-mate**, *adj.*: animé. **-mated**, *adj.*: animé. **-mating**, *adj.*: qui anime, qui ranime. **-matingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière propre à animer. **ama-tion**, *n.*: animation, vivacité, chaleur, *f.*: *suspended —*, asphyxie, *f.* **-mative**, *adj.*: capable d'animer, animateur. **-mator** *n.*: personne qui anime, chose qui anime, *f.* **-môs-ity**, *n.*: animosité, *f.* **-mus**, *n.*: animosité, *f.*; but, *m.*, intention, *f.*, esprit, esprit de, *m.*

ân-ise, *n.*: anis, *m.* **-seed**, *n.*: (*bot.*) graine d'anis, *f.*; anis, *m.* **-seed-tree**, *n.*: badiane, *f.*

ân-ke, *n.*: cheville du pied, *f.* **-bone**, *n.*: astragale, *m.* **-d**, *pourvu de cheville*. **-joint**, *n.*: cou-de-pied, *m.*

ân-n [*L. -us*, year], *n.*: salaire continué

d'une demi-année (accordée aux héritiers d'un ministre). **-alist**, *n.*: annaliste, *m.* **-als**, *n. pl.*: annales, *f. pl.*; fastes, *m. pl.*, histoire, *f.* **-at** = *ann.* **-ates**, **-ats**, *n. pl.*: annate, *f.*

annéal, *tr.*: recuire.

annélides, *n. pl.*: annélides, *m. pl.*

1.annex, *tr.*: annexer, joindre; *intr.*: se joindre. **2.annex**, *n.*: annexe, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: annexion, jonction, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: ci-joint; annexé.

annih-lable, *adj.*: qui peut être anéanti, qui peut être annihilé. **-late**, *tr.*: anéantir, détruire, annihiler. **-lating**, *n.*: anéantissement, *m.*, annihilation, *f.* **-lâtion**, *n.*: anéantissement, *m.*, annihilation, *f.*

anniversa-rily, *adv.*: par anniversaire. **1.-ry**, *n.*: anniversaire, *m.* **2.-ry**, *adj.*: anniversaire.

ân-no dô-mi-ni [Latin], l'an du Seigneur, *m.*

annominâ-tion, *n.*: annomination; al-litération, *f.*

ân-no-tate, *tr.*: annoter. **-tâtion**, *n.*: annotation, *f.* **-tâtionist**, *n.*: annotateur. **-tator**, *n.*: annotateur, *m.*

announ-ce, *tr.*: annoncer. **-cement**, *n.*: annonce, *f.*, avis, *m.* **-cer**, *n.*: personne qui annonce une nouvelle, *f.*

1.annoy, *tr.*: incommoder, ennuyer, molester, contrarier; être désagréable à. **2.annoy**, **-ance**, *n.*: incommodité; contrariété, *f.*; ennui, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui ennuie, qui tourmente, qui contrarie, qui incommode, *f.*, taquin, *m.*, taquine, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: ennuyant, contra-riant, tourmentant.

1.ân-nu-al, *adj.*: annuel. **2.-al**, *n.*: annuaire, *m.*; (*bot.*) plante annuelle, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: annuellement. **†-ary**, *adj.*: annuel.

annû-itant, *n.*: rentier; détenteur d'annuite, détenteur d'une rente annuelle, *m.* **-ity**, *n.*: rente annuelle, annuité, *f.*: *life —*, rente viagère; *contingent —*, rente viagère; *consolidated annuities*, rentes consolidées, *f. pl.*; *interminable —*, rente perpétuelle; *long —*, annuité à long terme; *reduced —*, rente réduite; *terminable —*, annuité; *government —*, rente sur l'État; *writ of —*, bref d'annuité, *m.*; *buy up an —*, amortir une rente; *redeem an —*, racheter une rente; *settle an — on*, constituer une rente à.

annûl, *tr.*: annuler.

ân-nu-lar, **-lary**, *adj.*: annulaire. **-late**, *adj.*: annelé. **-lated**, *adj.*: annelé. **-let**, *n.*: annelet, *m.*; (*arch.*) armilles, *f. pl.*

annûlment, *n.*: annulation, *f.*

ân-num, *n.*: an, *m.*: *per —*, par an.

annūciatīon, *n.*: annonce, promulgation, *f.*; avis, *m.*, annunciation, *f.*
anodyne, *adj.*: anodin; *n.*: remède anodin; calmant, *m.*
anoint, *tr.*: oindre. 1.-**ed**, *adj.*: oint. 2.-**ed**, *n.*: oint, *m.*: *the Lord's* —, l'oint du Seigneur. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui oint, qui sacre, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: onction, *f.* -**ment**, *n.*: onction, *f.*
an-omalistic(al), *adj.*: (*astron.*) anomalistique. -**omalous**, *adj.*: anomal, irrégulier, anormal. -**omalously**, *adv.*: irrégulièrement. -**omaly**, *n.*: irrégularité, anomalie, *f.*
anōmia, *n.*: (*conch.*) anomie, *f.*
anōn, *adv.*: tout à l'heure; tantôt.
anōnymous, *adj.*: anonyme. -**ly**, *adv.*: anonymement; en gardant l'anonymie.
anorexy, *n.*: (*med.*) anorexie, *f.*
anōrmal, *adj.*: anormal.
anōther, *adj.*: un autre, encore un: *one* —, l'un l'autre; les uns les autres; *one with* —, l'un dans l'autre, l'un portant l'autre.
ānsated, *adj.*: qui a des anses.
ānserine, *adj.*: d'oie.
ānsicer, *tr.*: répondre; répondre à; satisfaire; *intr.*: répondre; raisonner, faire le raisonneur; réussir: *that did not* —, cela n'a pas réussi. 2.-**answer**, *n.*: réponse, *f.*; raisonnement, *m.*: *in* — *to your letter*, en réponse à votre lettre; *no —s!* point de raisonnements! -**able**, *adj.*: susceptible de réponse; conforme; responsable. -**ableness**, *n.*: convenance; conformité, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: convenablement. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui répond, *f.*, répondant, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: qui répond à; correspondant. -**less**, *adj.*: sans réponse.
ānt, *n.*: fourmi, *f.* -**enter**, *n.*: (*mam.*) fourmilier, *m.* -**hill**, *n.*: fourmilière, *f.*
ān't, (*illit.*) for *am* (*are, is*) *not, has not*, etc.
antāgo-nise, *intr.*: lutter, combattre, opposer. *f.*, antagonisme, *m.* 1.-**nist**, *n.*: antagoniste, *m.* 2.-**nist**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) antagoniste.
antanaclāsis, *n.*: (*rhet.*) antanaclose, *f.*
antāretic, *adj.*: antarctique.
āntē-act, *n.*: acte antérieur, *m.*
antecē-dence, *n.*: antécédence, *f.* 1.-**dent**, *adj.*: antécédent. 2.-**dent**, *n.*: antécédent, *m.* -**dently**, *adv.*: antécédemment.
āntē-chamber, *n.*: antichambre, *f.* -**chapel**, *n.*: avant-corps de chapelle, *m.*
āntēcūrsor, *n.*: éclaireur; avant-coureur, *m.* 1.-**ante-date**, *n.*: antedate, *f.* 2.-**date**, *tr.*: antedater.
antēdilū-vial, 1.-**vian**, *adj.*: antédiluvien. 2.-**vian**, *n.*: qui existait avant le déluge.

āntelope, *n.*: antilope, *f.*
antēmeridian, *adj.*: avant midi.
antēmūdane, *adj.*: avant la création du monde.
antēnna (pl. *antennae*), *n.*: antenne, *f.*
antēnūber, *n.*: nombre antécédent, *m.*
antēnūptial, *adj.*: d'avant le mariage.
antēpāschal, *adj.*: d'avant Pâques.
antēpēn-ult, -**ultima**, *n.*: antépénultième, *f.* -**ultimate**, *n.* and *adj.*: antépénultième.
antē-position, *n.*: (*gram.*) inversion, *f.*
antēri-or, *adj.*: antérieur. -**ority**, *n.*: antériorité, *f.*
āntē-room, *n.*: antichambre, *f.*, vestibule, *m.* -**saloon**, *n.*: antichambre de salon, *f.*
ānthem, *n.*: antienne, *f.*
ānther, *n.*: (*bot.*) anthère, *f.*
an-thōlōgical, *adj.*: d'anthologie. -**thōlogy**, *n.*: anthologie, *f.*
ānthony's fire, *n.*: (*med.*) feu de Saint Antoine, érysipèle, *m.*
an-thracite, *n.*: (*min.*) anthracite, *m.* -**thrax**, *n.*: (*med.*) anthrax, charbon, *m.*
ānthrop-o... (*in words much like corresponding French words, as*): -**olōgical**, *adj.*: anthropologique. -**olōgist**, *n.*: versé en anthropologie. -**olōgy**, *n.*: anthropologie, *f.* -**omōrphism**, *n.*: anthropomorphisme, *m.* -**omōrphous**, *adj.*: anthropomorphe. -**ōphagi**, *cf.* -**ophagus**. -**ōphagous**, *adj.*: anthropophage. -**ōphagus** (pl. -**gi**), *n.*: anthropophage, *m.*, *f.* -**ōphagy**, *n.*: anthropophagie, *f.* 1.-**āntic**, *adj.*: antique; grotesque; étrange, drôle. 2.-**āntic**, *n.*: bouffon, *m.*; bouffonnerie, *f.* 3.-**āntic**, *intr.*: faire le bouffon; *itr.*: rendre bouffon.
ānti-christ, *n.*: antéchrist, *m.* -**chris-tian**, *adj.*: antichrétien. 2.-**christian**, *n.*: ennemi du christianisme, *m.* -**chris-tianity**, *n.*: antichristianisme, *m.*
antici-pate, *tr.*: anticiper, prévenir; s'attendre à; devancer; se proposer, compter. -**pated**, *adj.*: prématuré, anticipé. -**pātion**, *n.*: anticipation, attente, *f.*, avant-goût, *m.* -**pator**, *n.*: personne qui anticipe, *f.* -**patory**, *adj.*: par anticipation.
anti-climax, *n.*: (*rhet.*) gradation renversée, *f.*
ānticly, *adj.*: grotesquement, étrangement, drôlement.
ānti-constitūtionāl, *adj.*: anti-constitutionnel. -**convūlsive**, *adj.*: contre les convulsions. -**demōcrātīc(al)**, *adj.*: contraire à la démocratie.
ānti-dōtal, *adj.*: bon contre le poison. 1.-**dōtary**, *adj.*: qui sert d'antidote. 2.-**dōtary**, *n.*: recueil d'antidotes, antidotaire, *m.* 1.-**dōte**, *n.*: antidote, *m.*

2.-dote, *tr.*: fournir des antidotes. -dō-tical, *adj.*: qui sert d'antidote. -dō-tically, *adv.*: comme antidote.
anti-episcopal, *adj.*: opposé à l'épiscopat, contre l'épiscopat. -evangéli-cal, *adj.*: anti-évangélique. 1.-fébrile, *adj.*: anti-fébrile, fébrifuge. 2.-fébrile, *n.*: fébrifuge, *m.*
antilogy, *n.*: (ant.) antilogie, *f.*
anti-ministériel, *adj.*: opposé au ministère. -ministérielist, *n.*: personne opposée au ministère, *f.* -mon-archic(al), *adj.*: antimonarchique. -monarchicalness, *n.*: caractère antimonarchique, *m.*
antimónial, *adj.*: antimonial, antimon-
nié. **antimony**, *n.*: antimoine, *m.*
antinomy, *n.*: antinomie, *f.*
anti-pāpal, *adj.*: opposé au papisme. -pathétic(al), *adj.*: antipathique. -pa-thétically, *adv.*: avec antipathie. -pa-théticalness, *n.*: caractère d'anti-pathie, *m.*
antipathy, *n.*: antipathie, *f.*
anti-patriotic, *adj.*: anti-patriotique. -peristáltic, *adj.*: antipéristaltique. -pestiléntial, *adj.*: antipestilentiel. -philosóphical, *adj.*: antiphiloso-phique.
án-tiphon, *n.*: antiphone, *m.* -típho-nal, *adj.*: de l'antiphone. -típho-nary, *n.*: antiphonaire, *m.* -phónic(al), *adj.*: de l'antiphone.
antiphrasis, *n.*: antiphrase, *f.*
anti-podal, *adj.*: des antipodes. **ánti-pode**, *n.*: antipode, *m.* -podes, *n. pl.*: antipodes, *m. pl.*; pays des antipodes; opposé, *m.*
ánti-pope, *n.*: antipape, *m.*
1. anti-quárian, *adj.*: antique. 2.-qua-rian, *n.*: antiquaire, *m.* -quárianism, *n.*: passion pour les antiquités, *f.* **ánti-quary**, *n.*: antiquaire, *m.*
ántiquat-e, *tr.*: vieillir, faire tomber en désuétude; (*jur.*) abroger. -ed, *adj.*: vieilli, antique; suranné. -edness, *n.*: état de ce qui est tombé en désuétude, *m.*
1. an-tique, *adj.*: ancien, antique. 2.-tique, *n.*: antique, antiquité; (*print.*) normande, *f.* -tiqueness, *n.*: ancien-neté, antiquité, *f.* -tiquity, *n.*: anti-quité, *f.*
anti-revolútionary, *adj.*: antirévolu-tionnaire. -revolútionist, *n.*: anti-révolutionnaire, *m.*
antiscorbutic, *n.*: (*med.*) antiscorbu-tique, *m.*
antiséptic, *adj.*: (*med.*) antiseptique. **antiseptic**, *n.*: antiseptique, *m.*
anti-sócial, *adj.*: antisocial.

antispasmodic, *adj.*: antispasmodique; *n.*: antispasmodique, *m.*
antistrophe, *n.*: antistrophe, *f.*
anti-thesis (*pl. -theses*), *n.*: antithèse, *f.* -thétic(al), *adj.*: antithétique.
ántitype, *n.*: type, *m.*
ántler, *n.*: andouiller, *m.* -ed, *adj.*: à andouillers.
antonomāsia, *n.*: (*rhét.*) antonomase, *f.*
án-tre, -trum, *n.*: antre, *m.*; cavité, *f.*
ánus, *n.*: (*anat.*) anus, *m.*
ánvil, *n.*: enclume, *f.*; (*fig.*) métier, *m.*: upon the —, sur le métier. -block, *n.*: billot d'enclume, *m.*
anxiety, *n.*: anxiété, inquiétude, solici-tude, *f.*
ánxious, *adj.*: inquiet; désireux, curieux: be — to, désirer beaucoup de, tenir à. -ly, *adv.*: avec inquiétude; avec sollicitude, avec impatience, avec anxiété. -ness, *n.*: anxiété; inquiétude, sollicitude, *f.*
any ény, *adj.*: quelque; tout; du, de la, de l', des; de; en: in — wise, de quelque manière que ce soit; — thing, quoi que ce soit; — one, qui que ce soit, quelqu'un; — man, tout homme; have you — wine? avez-vous du vin? have you —? en avez-vous? I do not know — of your judges, je ne connais aucun de vos juges; scarcely —, presque pas; — further, plus loin.
áorist, *n.*: (*gram.*) aoriste, *m.*
áor-ta, *n.*: (*anat.*) aorte, *f.* -tal, -tic, *adj.*: aortique.
ápæe, *adv.*: vite; à grands pas.
ápárt, *adv.*: à part, de côté, en dehors. -ment, *n.*: appartement, *m.*; chambre; pièce d'un appartement, *f.*; a suite of —, un appartement, *m.*
apathétic, *adj.*: apathique. **ápathy**, *n.*: apathie, *f.*
1. ápe, *n.*: singe, *m.* 2.-ape, *tr.*: singer.
ápéak, *adv.*: (*nav.*) à pic.
Ápennine, *adj.*: des Apennins.
a-périent, *n. and adj.*: apéritif, *m.* -péritive, *adj.*: apéritif. -pértion, *n.*: ouverture, fente, *f.* -pértly, *adv.*: ouvertement. **á-porture**, *n.*: ouver-ture, *f.*; orifice, *m.*
ápétalous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) apétale.
ápex (*apices*, *apexes*), *n.*: sommet; cimier (*of a helmet*), *m.*
aphæ ... = *apher* ...
aphélión, *n.*: aphélie, *m.*
aphéresis, *n.*: aphérèse, *f.*
aphónia, **áphony**, *n.*: aphonie, *f.*
ápho-rism, *n.*: aphorisme, *m.* -rís-tic(al), *adj.*: aphoristique. -ristical-ly, *adv.*: par aphorisme.
1. aphrodisíac, -al, *adj.* or *n.*: aphro-disiaque, *m.* -al, *adj.*: aphrodisiaque.
aphrodite, *n.*: magnésite; (*pop.*) écume de mer, *f.*

āphthæ -thē, *n. pl.*: (med.) aphtes, *m. pl.*
aphyllous, *adj.*: aphyllé.
āpiary, *n.*: rucher, *m.*
apiece, *adv.*: la pièce; chacun.
āpish, *adj.*: badin, bouffon; de singe.
-ly, *adv.*: en singe, en badin. **-ness**,
n.: bouffonnerie, singerie, *f.*
apitpat, *adv.*: avec palpitation.
apōca-lypse, *n.*: apocalypse, *f.* **-lyptic**
(al), *adj.*: apocalyptique. **-lyptically**,
adv.: d'une manière apocalyptique.
apōco-pate, *tr.*: apocoper. **-pe**, *n.*:
 (gram.) apocope, *f.*
apōcry-pha, *n.*: les apocryphes, les livres
 apocryphes, *m. pl.* **-phal**, *adj.*: apo-
 cryphe.
apōcynin, *n.*: (bot.) apocyn, *m.*
ā-pod, **-pōde**, *n.*: (apodes, apoda), (zool.)
 apode.
apodictic(al), *adj.*: apodictique. **-ally**,
adv.: d'une manière apodictique.
āpogee, *n.*, *apogée*, *m.*
apologētic, *adj.*: apologétique. **-ally**,
adv.: d'une manière apologétique.
apō-logise, *intr.*: faire une apologie;
 s'excuser, faire des excuses: — *for any*
one, faire des excuses pour quelqu'un.
-logist, *n.*: apologiste, *m.* **āpō-logue**,
n.: apologue, *m.* **-logy**, *n.*: apologie;
 excuse, *f.*
aponeurōsis, *n.*: (anat.) aponevrose, *f.*
apophthegm = apothegm.
apo-plēctic(al), *adj.*: apoplectique. **āpo-**
plexy, *n.*: apoplexie, *f.*: fall down in a
 fit of —, tomber en apoplexie; be seized
 with —, être frappé d'apoplexie.
apōrt, *adv.*: (nav.) babord.
apō-stasy, *n.*: apostasie, *f.* 1. **-state**,
n.: apostat, *m.* 2. **-state**, *adj.*: apostat,
 d'apostat. **-stātic(al)**, *adj.*: apostat.
-stātic, *intr.*: apostasier, renier.
apo-stemātion, *n.*: (med.) formation d'un
 fapostème, *f.*, d'un abcès, *m.* **-stēma-**
tous, *adj.*: d'apostème, de la nature de
 f'l'apostème, de l'abcès. **āpo-stēme**, *n.*:
 abcès, fapostème, fapostume, *m.*
ā posteriōri, *adv.*: à posteriori.
apō-stle, *n.*: apôtre, *m.*: the acts of the
 —s, les actes des apôtres. **-stleship**,
n.: apostolat, *m.* **-stōlic(al)**, *adj.*: apos-
 tolique: — creed, symbole des apôtres.
-stōlically, *adv.*: apostoliquement.
-stolicalness, *n.*: caractère aposto-
 lique, *m.*
apō-strophe, *n.*: apostrophe, *f.* **-strōph-**
ic, *adj.*: (rhet.) en forme d'apostrophe;
 (gram.) avec l'apostrophe. **-strophise**,
tr.: apostropher.
apōthecary, *n.*: apothicaire, pharma-
 cien, *m.*
āpo-thegm, **-them**, *n.*: apophtegme, *m.*
-thegmātical, *adj.*: en forme d'apoph-

tegme. **-thegmātic**, *intr.*: parler
 par apophtegmes.
apothēosis, *n.*: apothéose, *f.*
āpo-zem, *n.*: apozème, *m.* **-zēmic(al)**,
adj.: d'apozème.
appāl, *tr.*: épouvanter, terrifier. **-ling**,
adj.: effrayant, épouvantable, terrifiant.
ī-ment, *n.*: frayeur, épouvante, ter-
 reur, *f.*
āppanage, *n.*: apanage, *m.*
apparātus, *n.*: appareil, *m.*
ī-appārel, *n.*: habit, vêtement; habille-
 ment, appareil; (nav.) équipement, *m.*:
 wearing —, habits, *m. pl.*; hardes, *f. pl.*
2-apparel, *tr.*: vêtir; (nav.) équiper.
appārent, *adj.*: apparent, évident, clair,
 manifeste: *heir* —, héritier présomptif.
-ly, *adv.*: évidemment, en apparence, ap-
 paremment.
ap-pari-tion, *n.*: apparition, *f.* **-pāri-**
tor, *n.*: appariteur, *m.*
appēach = impeach.
ī-appēal, *tr.*: évoquer à un tribunal
 supérieur; *intr.*: appeler, en appeler.
2-appel, *n.*: appel, *m.*: court of —,
 cour d'appel; lodge an —, interjeter
 appel. **-able**, *adj.*: sujet à appel.
ī-ant, *n.*: (jur.) appelant, *m.*
ī-appēar, *intr.*: paraître; apparaître;
 se montrer, comparaître, se présenter: *if*
would —, il paraîtrait; — *against any*
one, (jur.) se présenter contre quel-
 qu'un; se porter partie contre quelqu'un.
2-ī-appear, *n.*: apparence, apparition,
f. **-rance**, *n.*: apparition, apparence,
 figure, *f.*; air, aspect, extérieur, *m.*:
 (persp.) perspective; (jur.) comparison,
f.: save —s, sauver les apparences; *for*
the sake of —s, pour sauver les apparences;
there is every —, il y a toute apparence;
to all —s, selon toute apparence; *judge*
by —s, à en juger d'après les apparences;
make one's —, faire son apparition; faire
 son entrée; (jur.) comparaître; *make*
one's first —, (theat.) faire son début,
 débiter.
appōa-sable, *adj.*: qu'on peut apaiser.
-sablēness, *n.*: possibilité d'être apaisé,
f. **-se**, *tr.*: apaiser. **-sēment**, *n.*:
 apaisement, *m.*: action d'apaiser, *f.* **-ser**,
n.: pacificateur, *m.* **-sing**, *adj.*: qui
 apaise. **-sive**, *adj.*: qui apaise.
appē-lant, *adj.*: appellant; en appel;
n.: (jur.) appellant; provocateur, *m.*
ī-late, *adj.*: d'appel. **-late**, *n.*: intimé;
 accusé, *m.* **-lātion**, *n.*: nom, *m.*:
 qualification, appellation, *f.* **-lative**,
adj.: appellatif; *n.*: (gram.) nom commun,
m. **-latively**, *adv.*: au moyen d'un nom
 commun. **-latory**, *adj.*: d'appel. **-lēe**,
n.: (jur.) intimé, *m.*, intimée, *f.* **-lor**,
n.: (jur.) appellant, *m.*, appelante, *f.*

append, *tr.*: apposer, annexer, attacher.
-age, *n.*: accessoire, appendice, *m.* **-ant**, *adj.*: dépendant, accessoire. **-ix** (*appendices, appendizes*), *n.*: appendice, *m.*
appercéption, *n.*: (*philos.*) perception, *f.*
appertâin, *intr.*: appartenir. **-pertenanee**, *n.*: appartenance, *f.*
appétence, *n.*: appétence, envie, *f.*
-tent, *adj.*: avide. **-tibility**, *n.*: qualité d'être désirable, *f.* **-tible**, *adj.*: désirable. **-tiser**, *n.*: chose qui excite l'appétit, *f.* **-tite**, *n.*: appétit; (*fig.*) penchant, *m.*; soif, *f.*: *a good — to you*, bon appétit; *ravenous —*, appétit de cheval; *get an —*, gagner de l'appétit; *have an —*, avoir de l'appétit; *have a good —*, avoir bon appétit.
applauder, *n.*: applaudisseur, *m.* **-se**, *n.*: applaudissement, *m.*, applaudissements, *m. pl.* **-d**, *tr.*: applaudir, applaudir à.
apple, *n.*: pomme, *f.*: — *of the eye*, pupille, prunelle, *f.*; — *of love*, love —, pomme d'amour, tomate, *f.*; *baking —*, pomme à cuire; *Adam's —*, pomme d'Adam; citron, *m.* **-core**, *n.*: trognon de pomme, *m.* **-grove**, *n.*: pommeraie, *f.* **-loft**, *n.*: fruiterie, *f.* **-peel**, *n.*: pelure de pomme, *f.* **-puff**, *n.*: (*cook.*) chausson, *m.* **-sauee**, *n.*: marmelade de pommes, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: pommier, *m.* **-woman**, *n.*: marchande de pommes.
appliance, *n.*: action, condition, *f.*; moyen; remède, *m.*
appli-cable, *adj.*: applicable. **-cability**, **-cableness**, *n.*: possibilité d'appliquer. **-cably**, *adv.*: de manière à pouvoir être appliqué. **-cant**, *n.*: postulant; (*jur.*) demandeur, *m.*; postulante; (*jur.*) demanderesse, *f.* **-cate**, *adj.*: (*math.*) concret; nombre. **-câtion**, *n.*: application, *f.*; usage, emploi, *m.*; sollicitation, demande, *f.*: *make — to*, s'adresser à. **-cative**, **-catory**, *adj.*: qui applique.
apply, *tr.*: appliquer; adresser; porter; (*arith.*) diviser; *intr.*: s'appliquer, s'adresser.
1. appôint, *tr.*: nommer; établir; arrêter, désigner, fixer, indiquer; ordonner à; *intr.*: arrêter. **2. appoint**, *n.*: (*com.*) appoint. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être nommé. **-ed**, *part.*: nommé, établi, arrêté, désigné, fixé, indiqué; (*of troops*) fourni. **-ée**, *n.*: fonctionnaire nommé, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui indique, qui nomme, qui ordonne, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: rendez-vous; ordre, *m.*; appointments, *m. pl.*; décret, arrêt; établissement; emploi, *m.*; charge; nomination, *f.*: *make an — with any one*, donner un rendez-vous à quelqu'un.

appôrtion, *tr.*: proportionner, répartir. **-er**, *n.*: répartiteur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: répartition, *f.*, partage, *m.*
† appô-se, *tr.*: interroger; apposer. **-ser**, *n.*: interrogateur, *m.*
appô-site, *adj.*: à propos, applicable; convenable, bien placé. **-sitley**, *adv.*: convenablement, justement. **-siteness**, *n.*: convenance; justesse, *f.* **-sition**, *n.*: apposition, *f.*
apprâ-se, *tr.*: priser, évaluer. **-sement**, *n.*: prise, évaluation, estimation, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: estimateur, commissaire-priseur, *m.*
appré-ciable, *adj.*: appréciable. **-ciate**, *tr.*: apprécier, estimer. **-ciation**, *n.*: appréciation, *f.*
appre-hend, *tr.*: prendre; appréhender; embrasser; comprendre; présumer. **-hender**, *n.*: personne qui arrête, *f.*; penseur, *m.* **-hensible**, *adj.*: appréhensible. **-hension**, *n.*: appréhension; conception; arrestation; crainte, *f.* **-hensive**, *adj.*: intelligent, prompt à saisir; appréhensif, inquiet, alarmé. **-hensive-ly**, *adv.*: avec intelligence; avec crainte. **-hensiveness**, *n.*: appréhension; intelligence, *f.*
1. apprentiee, *n.*: apprenti; (*of lawyers*) clerc; (*of medical men*) élève; (*nav.*) novice, *m.*: *put — to a shoemaker*, mettre en apprentissage chez un cordonnier. **2. apprentiee**, *tr.*: mettre en apprentissage. **-ship**, *n.*: apprentissage, *m.*
apprise, *tr.*: apprendre, informer, donner avis à; prévenir; *tr.*: priser, évaluer. **-ment**, **-r** = *appraisement, appraiser*.
1. approch, *tr.*: approcher, s'approcher de, aborder; *intr.*: approcher, s'approcher. **2. approach**, *n.*: approche, *f.*, accès; pas; rapprochement, *m.*; (*math.*) approximation, *f.*: *on his —*, *on her —*, à son approche; *an — towards*, un pas vers, un rapprochement vers. **-able**, *adj.*: abordable, accessible. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui approche, *f.* **1. -ing**, *adj.*: dont on s'approche; approchant. **2. -ing**, *n.*: (*hort.*) greffe par approche, *f.* **† -ment**, *n.*: approche, *f.*
approbation, *n.*: approbation, *f.*
appropri-able, *adj.*: qui peut être approprié. **1. -ate**, *adj.*: approprié, propre, qui convient, convenable. **2. -ate**, *tr.*: approprier; s'approprier; destiner, réserver. **-ately**, *adv.*: d'une manière propre; à juste titre; proprement. **-ateness**, *n.*: convenance particulière, *f.* **-âtion**, *n.*: application, destination; appropriation; (*jur.*) propriété, *f.*; emploi, *m.* **-ator**, *n.*: personne qui emploie quelque chose à son usage, *f.*

apprô-vable, *adj.*: digne d'approbation; estimable. **-val**, *n.*: approbation, *f.* **-ve**, *tr.*: approuver, confirmer. **-ved**, *adj.*: approuvé. **-ver**, *n.*: approbateur, *m.*, approbatrice, *f.*; (*jur.*) témoin révélateur de ses complices, *m.* **-ving**, *adj.*: approbateur. **-vingly**, *adv.*: avec approbation.

apprôxi-mate, *tr.*: rapprocher; *intr.*: se rapprocher; approcher. **-mâtion**, *n.*: approximation, *f.*; rapprochement, *m.* **-mative**, *adj.*: approximatif.

appui, *n.*: (*milit.*) point d'appui, *m.*

appûlse, *n.*: choc, *m.*; rencontre, approche, *f.*

appûrte-nance, *n.*: appartenance, *f.* **-nant**, *adj.*: appartenant.

âpricot, *n.*: abricot, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: abricotier, *m.*

â priori, *adv.*: à priori.

Âpril, *n.*: Avril, *m.* **-fool**, *n.*: personne à qui on a donné un poisson d'avril, *f.*: *be made an* —, recevoir un poisson d'avril.

âpron-pûrn or **-prûn**, *n.*: tablier; (*artil.*) couvre-lumière; (*nav.*) éperon, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: ouvrier, *m.*

âpsis, *n.*: (*arch.*, *rel.*) abside, *f.*; (*astron.*) apside, *f.*

âpt, *adj.*: sujet; enclin; propre, convenable: *be — to*, être porté à, être disposé à. **2.âpt**, *tr.*: adapter, disposer. **†-ate**, *tr.*: adapter, ajuster.

âpte-ra or **-rans**, *n. pl.*: (*ent.*) aptères, *m. pl.* **-rous**, *adj.*: aptère.

âpt-itude, *n.*: aptitude, disposition, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: à propos; justement, convenablement. **-ness**, *n.*: disposition, convenance, aptitude, *f.*

aptôte, *n.*: (*gram.*) nom indéclinable, *m.*

âpyrous, *adj.*: apyre, infusible.

âqua, *n.*: eau, *f.* **-fôrtis**, *n.*: eau-forte, *f.* **-marine**, *n.*: aigue-marine, *f.*

-régia, *n.*: eau régale, *f.*

aquarêlle, *n.*: aquarelle, *f.*

aquârium, *n.*: aquarium, *m.*

1.aquâtic, *al*, *adj.*: aquatique. **2.aquat-ic**, *n.*: plante aquatique, *f.*

âqua-tint, *-tinta*, *n.*: (*engr.*) aquatinta, *f.* **-vîtæ-tê**, *n.*: spiritueux de la première distillation, *m.*

âqueduct, *n.*: aqueduc, *m.*

âqueous, *adj.*: aqueux. **-ness**, *n.*: aquosité, *f.*

âquiline, *adj.*: aquilin, d'aigle.

âquilon, *n.*: aquilon, *m.*

a-quôse, *adj.*: aqueux. **-quô-sity**, *n.*: aquosité, *f.*

Âr-ab, *n.*: Arabe, *m., f.* **ar-abêsque**, *adj.*: arabesque, *n.*: arabesque, *f.*

1.-âbian, *n.*: Arabe, *m., f.* **2.-âbian**, *adj.*: arabe; (*geog.*) arabique. **1.-âbic**,

adj.: arabe, arabique. **2.-âbic**, *n.*: (*language*) arabique, *m.*

ârable, *adj.*: arable, labourable.

arâchnoid, *n.*: arachnoïde, *f.*

arâneous or **arâneose**, *adj.*: d'araignée.

ârbalist, *n.*: arbalète, *f.*

âr-biter, *n.*: arbitre, *m.* **-bitrament**, *n.*: arbitrage, *m.* **-bitrarily**, *adv.*: arbitrairement.

-bitrariness, *n.*: arbitraire, *m.* **-bitrary**, *adj.*: arbitraire.

-bitrate, *tr.*: arbitrer, décider; *intr.*: arbitrer, décider. **-bitration**, *n.*: arbitrage, *m.*; décision, *f.*: *by* —, par arbitrage; arbitralement.

-bitrâtion-bond, *n.*: (*jur.*) compromis, *m.* **-bitra-tor**, *n.*: arbitre, *m.* **-bitrement**, *n.*: décision, *f.*; jugement; (*philos.*) arbitre, *m.*

-bitress, *n.*: arbitre, *m.*

1.ârbor, *n.*: treillage de vignes, etc., berceau de feuillage, *m.* **2.ar-bor**, *n.*: (*bot.*, *tech.*) arbre, *m.* **-boreal**, **-bore-ous**, **-borous**, *adj.*: d'arbre; (*bot.*) arborescent.

-boréscent, *n.*: arborescence, *f.* **-boréscent**, *adj.*: arborescent.

-boret, *n.*: arbrisseau, arbuste, *m.* **-boriculture**, *n.*: arboriculture, culture des arbres, *f.*

-borisâtion, *n.*: arborisation, *f.* **-borise**, *tr.*: arboriser.

arbour = *arbor*.

âr-bute, **-butus**, *n.*: (*bot.*) arbousier, *m.* **-butean**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) d'arbousier.

-buteberry, *n.*: (*bot.*) arbouse, *f.*

ârc, *n.*: arc, *m.* **-âde**, *n.*: arcade, *f.*

Arcâdian, *adj.*: arcadien.

ârcâ-num, *n.*: arcane, secret, mystère, *m.*

1.ârch, *n.*: arche, *f.*; arc, cintre, *m.*; voûte, *f.*: *triumphal* —, arc de triomphe.

2.ârch, *tr.*: voûter; cintrer, arquer; *intr.*: se voûter, se courber. **3.ârch**, *adj.*: fin; malin.

archæ-olôgic ârkê, *adj.*: archéologique.

-ôlogy, *n.*: archéologie, *f.* **-ôlogist**, *n.*: archéologue.

ârchaism, *n.*: archaïsme, *m.*

ârch-ângel, *n.*: archange, *m.* **-ângel-ic**, *adj.*: archangélique, de l'archange.

ârchbê-âcon, *n.*: fanal principal, *m.*

ârchbî-shop, *n.*: archevêque, *m.* **-ric**, *n.*: archevêché, *m.*

ârchdê-âcon, *n.*: archidiacon, *m.* **-ry**, *n.*: archidiaconat, *m.*

ârch-dûchess, *n.*: archiduchesse, *f.* **-dû-chy**, *n.*: archiduché, *m.* **-dû-ke**, *n.*: archiduc, *m.* **-dû-kedom**, *n.*: archiduché, *m.*

ârched, *adj.*: voûté, cintré, arqué.

âcher, *n.*: archer; (*astron.*) sagittaire, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: l'art de tirer de l'arc, *m.*

âcher-court, *n.*: cour des arches, *f.*

âchetý-pal, *adj.*: archétype. **-type**, *n.*: archétype, *m.*

arch-fiend, *n.*: démon, *m.* -**foe**, *n.*: grand ennemi, ennemi juré, *m.* -**head**, *n.*: (arch.) tête de voûte, *f.* -**heresy**, *n.*: hérésie principale, *f.* -**heretic**, *n.*: hérétique, *m. f.* -**hypocrite**, *n.*: hypocrite, *m.*

archical, *adj.*: principal.

archi-diáconal, *adj.*: d'archidiacre.

episcopacy, *n.*: archiepiscopat, *m.*

episcopal, *adj.*: archiepiscopal.

arching, *n.*: arche, voûte, *f.*

archipelago, *n.*: archipel, *m.*

architect, *n.*: architecte; (*fig.*) artisan, *m.* -**tectonic**, *adj.*: architectonique.

tectural, *adj.*: architectural.

texture, *n.*: architecture, *f.* -**trave**, *n.*: architrave, *f.*

archival, *adj.*: d'archives, des archives.

archivolt, *n.*: (arch.) archivolt, *f.*

archives, *n. pl.*: archives, *f. pl.* -**chiv**

ivist, *n.*: archiviste, *m.*

archlike, *adj.*: en arche, en voûte;

voûté.

archlyte, *n.*: téorbe, théorbe, tuorbe, *m.*

archly, *adv.*: avec malice, malicieusement.

-**ness**, *n.*: malice, *f.*

archon, *n.*: archonte, *m.*

arch-priest, *n.*: archiprêtre, *m.* -**pri**

mate, *n.*: grand primat, *m.* -**prophet**, *n.*: grand prophète, *m.* -**stone**, *n.*: (arch.) vousoir, *m.* -**traitor**, *n.*: traître insigne, *m.* -**villain**, *n.*: grand misérable, *m.* -**villainy**, *n.*: profonde scélératesse, *f.*

archwise, *adv.*: en forme de voûte, en forme d'arche.

arctic, *adj.*: arctique.

arcuate, *adj.*: en forme d'arc.

ardency, *n.*: ardeur, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: ardent, brûlant.

-**dently**, *adv.*: ardemment.

ard(u)r, *n.*: ardeur, *f.* -**duous**, *adj.*: ardu, rude, pénible.

-**duousness**, *n.*: difficulté, *f.*

are-a, *n.*: aire, étendue, enceinte, surface, superficie, *f.* -**al**, *adj.*: de superficie.

arefaction, *n.*: aréfaction, *f.* -**fy**, *tr.*: dessécher.

are-na, *n.*: arène; (*med.*) gravelle, *f.*

-**naceous**, *adj.*: arénacé. -**nation**, *n.*: arénation, *f.*

areola, *n.*: aréole, *n.*: (anat., med.) aréole, *f.*

areometer, *n.*: aréomètre, *m.* -**metry**, *n.*: art de mesurer la gravité spécifique des fluides, *m.*

areopagite, *n.*: aréopagite, *m.*

areopagus, *n.*: aréopage, *m.*

areostyle, *n.*: aréostyle, *m.*

argal, *n.*: tartre brut, *m.*

argemone, *n.*: (bot.) argémone, *f.*, pavot épineux, *m.*

1. **arg-ent**, *adj.*: d'argent, argenté.

2. **gent**, *n.*: (*her.*) argent, *m.* -**gental**, *adj.*: d'argent.

-**gentate**, *n.*: (*chem.*) azotate d'argent, *m.* -**gentation**, *n.*: argenture, *f.*

-**gentiferous**, *adj.*: argenteux.

1. **gentine**, *adj.*: argentin.

2. **gentine**, *n.*: (*bot., ich.*) argentine, *f.*

argil, *n.*: argile, *f.* -**laceous**, *adj.*: argillé.

-**liferous**, *adj.*: argillifère.

argonaut, *n.*: argonaute, *m.*

argosy, *n.*: (*nav.*) vaisseau marchand, *m.*; caraque, *f.*

argue, *intr.*: argumenter, raisonner, arguer, soutenir; *tr.*: discuter, annoncer.

-**er**, *n.*: argumentateur, logicien, disputant, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: argument, *m.*; thèse, *f.* -**mental**, *adj.*: d'argument.

-**mentation**, *n.*: argumentation, *f.*

-**mentative**, *adj.*: de raisonnement, d'argumentation; disposé à argumenter.

-**mentatively**, *adv.*: par argument, comme argument.

argus, *n.*: argus, *m.*

†**argūte**, *adj.*: fin, subtil.

1. **arian**, *adj.*: (follower of Arius) arien;

n.: arien, *m.*, arienne, *f.* -**ism**, *n.*: arianisme, *m.*

2. **arian**, *adj.*: (*people*) aryen, arien; *n.*: aryen, -ien, *m.*; aryenne, -ienne, *f.*

ar-id, *adj.*: aride. -**idity**, -**idness**, *n.*: aridité, *f.*

aries, *n.*: (*astron.*) Bélier, *m.*

ariōtta, *n.*: ariette, *f.*

aright, *adv.*: droitement; bien.

arise (*pret. arose*, *part. arisen*), *intr.*: se lever, s'élever; se soulever, surgir.

arist-arch -**arch**, *n.*: aristarque, *m.*

-**ocracy**, *n.*: aristocratie, *f.* -**aristocrat**, *n.*: aristocrate, *m., f.* -**ocratic** (al), *adj.*: aristocratique.

-**ocratically**, *adv.*: aristocratiquement.

-**ocraticness**, *n.*: caractère aristocratique, *m.*

Aristotēlian, *adj.*: aristotélien; *n.*: aristotélien, *m.*, aristotélienne, *f.* -**ism**, *n.*: aristotélisme, *m.*

arith-metic, *n.*: arithmétique, *f.* -**metical**, *adj.*: arithmétique.

-**metically**, *adv.*: arithmétiquement.

-**metician**, *n.*: arithméticien, *m.*

ark, *n.*: coffre, *m.*; (*Noah's*) arche, *f.*; (*in tabernacle*) arche, *f.*: the — of the covenant, the — of the Lord, l'arche d'alliance, l'arche du Seigneur, *f.*

1. **arm**, *n.*: bras; (*horl.*) levier, *m.*: with —s folded, les bras croisés; with open —s, à bras ouverts; — in —, bras dessus, bras dessous.

2. **arm**, *n.*: *usly* in *pl.* (*cf. -s*), arme, *f.*; branche du service militaire, *f.* 3. **arm**, *tr.*: armer, donner, prendre des armes; *intr.*: s'armer, armer.

-**ada**, *n.*: flotte, armada, *f.* -**adilla**, *n.*: armadille, *f.*

-adillo, n.: (mam.) tatou, m. -ament, n.: armement, m.

arm-chair, n.: fauteuil, m.

armed, adj.: armé.

armful, n.: brassée, f. -hole, n.: aisselle; emmanchure, entourage, f.

armillary, adj.: armillaire.

armistice, n.: armistice, m.

arm-less, adj.: sans bras. -let, n.: brassard, bracelet, m.

armorial, adj.: armorial.

armo(u)r, n.: armure, f.; armement, m. -er, n.: armurier, m. -y, n.: arsenal, m.; salle d'armes; armure, f.

armpit, n.: aisselle, f.

arms, n. pl.: armes; (her.) armes, armoiries, f. pl.: man at —, homme d'armes, m.; passage of —, pas d'armes, m.; defensive —, armes défensives; offensive —, armes offensives; irregular —, (her.) armes fausses, armes à enquerre; by force of —, par la force des armes; beat to —, (milit.) battre le rappel, battre la générale; take up —, prendre les armes; ground —, (milit.) reposez vos armes; shoulder —, (milit.) portez armes.

army, n.: armée; (fig.) multitude, f.: to enter the —, entrer dans l'armée.

arnica, n.: arnique, f.; arnica, m.

arnotto, n.: (bot.) rocou, rocuyer; (dy.) rocou, m.

arnuts, n.: avoine cultivée, f.

1. a-romatic(al), adj.: aromatique. 2. -romatic, n.: aromate, m. -romatization, n.: aromatisation, f. -romatise, tr.: aromatiser. -romaticous, adj.: aromatique.

around, prep.: autour de, à l'entour de; adv.: autour, à l'entour, à la ronde.

arouse, tr.: soulever, réveiller, éveiller, exciter, animer.

arove, adv.: en rang, l'un après l'autre.

aroynt, adv.: va-t-en; loin d'ici.

arpéggio, n.: (mus.) arpège, m.

arque-bus, n.: arquebuse, f. -busade, n.: arquebuse; (pharm.) eau d'arquebuse, f. -buse = -bus. -busier, n.: arquebusier, m.

arrack, n.: arack, rack, m.

arraign, tr.: traduire en justice, accuser. -ment, n.: mise en accusation; accusation, f.

arrange, tr.: arranger, ranger. -gement, n.: arrangement; agencement, accommodement, m.; disposition, f. -ger, n.: arrangeur, meneur, m.

arrant, adj.: vrai, insigne, grand, fleffé, déterminé. -ly, adv.: notoirement; impudiquement.

1. array, n.: ordre, m.; revue; suite, f.; appareil, m.; atours, m. pl.; (jur.) liste des douze jurés, f.: in battle—, en ordre

de bataille. 2. array, tr.: déployer, ranger; revêtir; (jur.) dresser.

arrear, n.: arriéré, m. —s, arrearages, m. pl.: in —, en arriéré; arriéré; pay up one's —s, payer son arriéré.

†arrêct, adj.: dressé; attentif.

1. arrêst, tr.: arrêter, saisir; fixer, suspendre.

2. arrêst, n.: empêchement; arrêt, m.; arrestation, prise de corps, f. -âtton, n.: arrestation, f.

arri-val, n.: arrivée, f.; arrivage, m. -ve, intr.: arriver; parvenir.

arro-gance, -gancy, n.: arrogance, f. -gant, adj.: arrogant. -gantly, adv.: arrogamment. -gate, tr.: s'arroger. -gâtton, n.: prétention arrogante, f.

arrow, n.: flèche, f.; trait, m.: shower of —s, grêle de flèches, f. -head, n.: tête de flèche; (bot.) sagittaire, fléchère, f. -maker, n.: fléchier, m. -root, n.: arrow-root, m.; herbe à la flèche, f. -shaped, adj.: sagitté. -y, adj.: de flèche, en flèche.

ârse, n.: cul, derrière, m.

arsenal, n.: arsenal, m.

âr-senate, n.: arséniate, m. -senic, n.: arsenic, m. -sénical, adj.: arsenical. -sénicate, tr.: combiner avec l'arsenic. -senite, n.: arsénite, m.

ârson, n.: incendie par malveillance, m.

ârt, n.: art; artifice, m.; adresse, f.: black —, magie noire, f.; the fine —s, les beaux-arts, m. pl.

âr-tê-rial, adj.: (anat.) artériel. -teri-ology, n.: artériologie, f. -tery, n.: artère, f.

ârté'sian, adj.: artésien.

ârtful, adj.: rusé, fin; fait avec art; artificieux. -ly, adv.: avec artifice, artificieusement, avec finesse; artistement.

-ness, n.: ruse, finesse, f.; art, m.; habileté, f.

ârthri-tic(al), adj.: arthritique.

ârth-rô'sis, n.: (anat.) articulation, f. -tichoke, n.: artichaut, m.

1. ârticle, n.: article; objet, m.: définite —, (gram.) article défini. 2. -ticle, tr.: engager par contrat; mettre chez un avoué, comme clerc, chez un médecin, comme élève. -titled, adj.: rédigé en articles, lié, obligé, engagé par contrat écrit.

ârti-cu-lar, adj.: articulaire. 1. -late, adj.: articulé. 2. -late, tr.: articuler; traiter; intr.: articuler. -lately, adv.: distinctement; article par article. -late-ness, n.: qualité de ce qui est articulé, f. -lâtton, n.: articulation, f.; article, m.

âr-tifice, n.: artifice, m. -tificeer, n.: artisan; artiste, m. -tificial, adj.: artificiel; adroit, habile. -tifiçiality,

n.: état artificiel, m. -**tificially**, adv.: artificiellement; artistement. -**tificialness**, n.: état artificiel, m.

artil-le-rist, n.: artilleur, m. -**ry**, n.: artillerie, f. -**ry-man**, n.: artilleur, m.

ar-tisan, n.: artisan, ouvrier, m. -**tist**, n.: artiste, m. -**tistic(al)**, adj.: artistique. -**tistically**, adv.: artistement; avec art.

Artless, adj.: ingénu, simple, naïf; sans art. -**ly**, adv.: ingénument, simplement, sans art. -**ness**, n.: naturel, m.; naïveté, f.

†**Arts-man**, n.: savant, m.

arum, n.: arum, m.

arundé-lian, adj.: de la collection de marbres grecs d'Arundel.

arundineous, adj.: couvert de roseaux.

arū-spox, -**spice**, n.: aruspice, m.

1. **As**, conj.: comme, ainsi que, selon que, suivant que; à mesure que; en: — *much* —, autant que; — ... —, aussi ... que; — *great* —, aussi grand que; *rich* — *she is*, toute riche qu'elle est; — *for*, quant à; — *he advanced*, à mesure qu'il avançait; *she was dressed — a page*, elle était habillée en page.

2. **as**, n.: (Rom. antiq.) as, m.; (arith.) entier, nombre entier, m.

asa-foetida, -**fétida**, n.: assa foetida, f.

asarum, n.: asaret, cabaret, m.

asbès-tos, -**tus**, n.: asbeste, m.

aseōnd, intr.: monter, remonter; s'élever; tr.: monter; (a river) remonter.

-**able**, adj.: où l'on peut monter.

1. -**ant**, adj.: ascendant. 2. -**ant**, n.: ascendant, m.; supériorité, f. -**eney**, n.: ascendant, m.; supériorité, f. -**ing**, adj.: ascendant.

ascēnsion, n.: ascension, f. -**al**, adj.: ascensionnel. -**day**, n.: jour de l'Ascension, m.

aseōnt, n.: ascension; hauteur, élévation, montée, pente, inclinaison, f.; co-teau, m.

ascertāin, tr.: assurer; s'assurer; s'assurer de; constater; vérifier; fixer. -**er**, n.: personne qui constate, qui détermine, f. -**ment**, n.: fixation, vérification, f.

1. **ascēt-ic**, adj.: ascétique. 2. -**io**, n.: ascète, ascétique, m. -**icism**, n.: ascétisme, m.

ascitio(al), adj.: ascitique, ascite.

ascititious, adj.: additionnel.

asclēpiad, n.: (poet.) asclépiade, m.

a-scribable, adj.: que l'on peut attribuer; imputable. -**scribe**, tr.: attribuer; imputer. -**scription**, n.: imputation, f.

āsh, n.: (bot.) frêne, m. 2. **ash**, adj.: de frêne.

ashāmed, adj.: honteux, confus.

āsh-coloured, adj.: cendré. -**en**, adj.: de frêne. -**es**, n. pl.: cendre, f.; cendres, f. pl. -**fire**, n.: feu couvert, m.

āshlar, n.: moellon, libage, m.

ashōre, adv.: à terre; (of a ship) échoué.

āsh-pit, n.: cendrier, m. **Ash-Wednesday**, n.: mercredi des cendres, m. -**y**, adj.: cendré; terreux. -**y-pale**, adj.: pâle comme la mort.

Ās-ian, adj.: asiatique, d'Asie. -**iatic**, adj.: asiatique. -**iaticism**, n.: orientalisme, m.

aside, adv.: de côté; à part; à l'écart.

†**asi-nēgo**, n.: (pers.) âne, sot, m. -**nine**, adj.: d'âne.

ask, tr.: demander; inviter; s'informer: — *after any one's health*, demander des nouvelles de la santé de quelqu'un; — *a question*, faire une question.

askānec, **askānt**, adv.: de travers; de côté, obliquement.

āsker, n.: demandeur, questionnaire, m.; demandeuse, questionneuse, f.

askēw, adv.: de travers.

aslānt, adv.: obliquement, de biais, de côté.

aslēp, adv.: endormi.

aslōpe, adv.: en pente.

āsp, **āspic**, n.: aspic, m.

aspāragus, n.: asperge, f.: *bundle of* —, botte d'asperges, f.

1. **āspēct**, n.: aspect, regard, m. 2. †**as-pēct**, tr.: regarder, contempler.

āspen, n.: (bot.) tremble, m. -**grove**, n.: tremblaie, f. -**tree**, n.: tremble, m.

1. **ās-per**, adj.: âpre, rude. 2. -**per**, n.: (gram.) esprit rude, m. †**perate**, tr.: rendre rude, rugueux. -**pērity**, n.: aspérité, âpreté, f.

aspēr-se, tr.: diffamer, noircir; vilipender. -**er**, n.: calomniateur, m. -**ſion**, n.: aspersion; diffamation, calomnie, f.

ās-phalt(e), -**phāltum**, n.: asphalte, m. -**phāltic**, adj.: d'asphalte. -**phāl-tite**, adj.: d'asphalte; asphaltite.

āspy-xia, -**xy**, n.: (med.) asphyxie, f.

āspic, n.: (erpetol., bot.) aspic, m.; (artil.) fcoulevrine, f.

āspi-rant, n.: aspirant, m., aspirante, f.

1. -**rate**, tr.: aspirer; intr.: s'aspirer. 2. -**rate**, adj.: aspiré. 3. -**rate**, n.: (gram.) aspirée, f.; esprit rude, m. -**rā-ſion**, n.: aspiration, f.; élan, m.

āspi-re, tr.: aspirer; intr.: aspirer à. -**rer**, n.: aspirant, m. 1. -**ring**, n.: aspiration, f.; désir, m. 2. -**ring**, adj.: ambitieux.

asquint, adv.: de travers; en louchant.

āss, n.: âne, m.: *she* —, ânesse, f.; *young* —, ânon, m.

assafœtida, n.: assa foetida, f.

assail, tr.: assaillir, attaquer. -**able**,

- adj.*: attaquant. *-ant*, *n.*: assaillant, *m.* *-er*, *n.*: assaillant, *m.* *-ment*, *n.*: attaque, *f.*
1. *assart*, *n.*: essartement; arbre essarté, *m.* 2. *assart*, *tr.*: essarter.
- assassin*, *n.*: assassin, *m.* *-ate*, *tr.*: assassiner. *-ating*, *adj.*: d'assassinat; assassinant. *-ation*, *n.*: assassinat, *m.* *-ator*, *n.*: assassin, *m.* *-like*, *adj.*: d'assassin.
1. *assault*, *n.*: assaut, *m.*; attaque, *f.*; (*jur.*) voies de fait, *f. pl.*: *brought up for* —, traduit en police correctionnelle pour voies de fait. 2. *assault*, *tr.*: assaillir, attaquer; (*jur.*) commettre des voies de fait. *-able*, *adj.*: attaquant. *-er* = *assailant*.
1. *assay*, *n.*: essai, *m.*; épreuve, *f.* 2. *assay*, *tr.*: essayer; *intr.*: essayer; tenter. *-balance*, *n.*: trébuchet, *m.*; balance d'essayeur, *f.* *-er*, *n.*: essayeur, *m.* *-master*, *n.*: maître-essayeur, *m.*
- assémblage*, *n.*: assemblage, *m.*; assemblée, *f.* *-ble*, *tr.*: assembler, réunir; *intr.*: s'assembler, se réunir. *-bler*, *n.*: personne qui rassemble, *f.*; meneur, *m.* *-bly*, *n.*: assemblée, réunion, *f.*: *meet in* —, se réunir en assemblée publique. *-blyroom*, *n.*: salle d'assemblée, *f.*
1. *assent*, *intr.*: donner son assentiment, approuver, assentir, consentir. 2. *assent*, *n.*: assentiment, *m.* *-er*, *n.*: approbateur, *m.*, approbatrice, *f.* *-ingly*, *adv.*: avec approbation. *†-ment*, *n.*: assentiment, *m.*
- assér-t*, *tr.*: avancer; soutenir; prononcer, affirmer, proclamer, revendiquer. *-tion*, *n.*: assertion, revendication, *f.* *-tive*, *adj.*: assertif. *-tor*, *n.*: défenseur, *m.*; celui qui affirme, *m.* *-tory*, *adj.*: affirmatif.
- assess*, *tr.*: taxer, coter; (*of house property*) évaluer; imposer. *-able*, *adj.*: imposable. *-ed*, *part.*: taxé, imposé, fixé, déterminé. *-ment*, *n.*: cote, imposition; assiette; évaluation, *f.* *-or*, *n.*: fonctionnaire chargé d'asseoir les impôts, assesseur; (*of taxes*) répartiteur, *m.*
- assêts*, *n.*: actif, *m.*: — *and debts*, actif et passif, *m.*
- asséver*, *-ate*, *tr.*: affirmer solennellement. *-ation*, *n.*: affirmation solennelle, *f.*
- assiduity*, *n.*: assiduité, *f.* *-siduous*, *adj.*: assidu. *-siduously*, *adv.*: assiduellement.
1. *assign*, *tr.*: assigner; déterminer; transférer. 2. *assign*, *n.*: (*jur.*) ayant droit, ayant cause, *m.* *-able*, *adj.*: assignable; (*jur.*) transférable; qu'on détermine. *-ation* *-sig*, *n.*: assignation, *f.*; rendez-vous d'amour, *m.* *-ée*, *n.*: syndic; cessionnaire; mandataire, *m.* *official* —, syndic provisoire. *-er*, *n.*: personne qui assigne, *f.* *-ment*, *n.*: transport, *m.*; cession de biens; allocation, *f.* *-or*, *n.*: (*jur.*) cédant, *m.*
- assimilable*, *adj.*: assimilable. *-late*, *tr.*: assimiler, s'assimiler. *-lation*, *n.*: assimilation, *f.*
- assist*, *tr.*: assister; secourir, aider. *-ance*, *n.*: assistance, aide, *f.* *-ant*, *n.*: aide; assistant; appui, *m.* *-ant*, *adj.*: qui aide; auxiliaire. *-er*, *n.*: aide, *m.*, *f.*, personne qui assiste, qui aide, *f.*
1. *assize*, *n.*: assises, *f. pl.*: tarif, *m.*, taxe, *f.*: *court of* —, cour d'assises, *f.*; — *of bread*, taxe du pain. 2. *-ze*, *tr.*: taxer, imposer; fixer le prix des denrées. *-zer*, *n.*: inspecteur des poids et mesures, *m.*
- associability*, *n.*: sociabilité, *f.* *-society*, *adj.*: sociable. 1. *-sociate*, *tr.*: associer; *intr.*: s'associer. 2. *-sociate*, *adj.*: associé. 3. *-sociate*, *n.*: associé, *m.*, associée, *f.*; collègue; compagnon, *m.*, compagne, *f.* *-sociation*, *n.*: association, *f.*
- assonance*, *n.*: (*rhet.*) assonance, *f.* *-nant*, *adj.*: assonant.
- assort*, *tr.*: assortir. *-ment*, *n.*: assortiment, assemblage, *m.*
- assuage*, *tr.*: adoucir, apaiser. *-ment*, *n.*: adoucissement, *m.*
- assuasive*, *adj.*: soulageant; adoucissant.
- assu-me*, *tr.*: prendre sur soi; (*responsibility*) assumer; prendre; supposer; prétendre; se permettre, se donner; *intr.*: être arrogant; s'en faire accroire. *-mer*, *n.*: arrogant, présomptueux, *m.* *-ming*, *adj.*: arrogant, prétentieux, ambitieux.
- assump-sit*, *n.*: (*jur.*) promesse verbale, *f.* *-tion*, *n.*: (*rel.*) assumption; présomption; prétention; supposition, *f.* *-tive*, *adj.*: qu'on peut prendre; (*log.*) assumptif.
- assu-rance*, *n.*: assurance, *f.* *-re*, *tr.*: assurer. *-redly*, *adv.*: assurément. *-redness*, *n.*: certitude, *f.* *-rer*, *n.*: assureur, *m.*
- astéism*, *n.*: (*rhet.*) ironie, *f.*
- as-ter*, *n.*: (*bot.*) aster, *m.* *-terias*, *n.*: astérie, *f.* *-teriased*, *adj.*: étoilé. *-terisk*, *n.*: astérisque, *m.* *-terism*, *n.*: astérisme, *m.*
- astern*, *adv.*: (*nav.*) à l'arrière, en poupe.
- asth-ma*, *n.*: asthme, *m.* *-matic*, *adj.*: asthmatique.
- astônish*, *tr.*: étonner. *-ing*, *adj.*: étonnant. *-ingly*, *adv.*: étonnamment. *-ingness*, *n.*: caractère étonnant, *m.* *-ment*, *n.*: étonnement, *m.*: *strike with*

—, frapper d'étonnement; *recover from one's* —, revenir de son étonnement; *to the — of all*, à l'étonnement de tous.

astound, *tr.*: étonner, abasourdir, étourdir.

astraddle, *adv.*: à califourchon.

astraea, **astréa**, *n.*: astrée, *f.*

as-tragal, *n.*: (arch.) astragale, *m.* — **trá-galus**, *n.*: (anat., bot.) astragale, *m.*

ástral, *adj.*: astral.

astray, *adv.*: de travers; égaré: *to go —*, s'égarer; *to lead —*, égarer.

astrie-t, *tr.*: resserrer, comprimer. — **tion**, *n.*: contrainte; (med.) constriction; (surg.) compression, *f.*

astride, *adv.*: à califourchon; avec les jambes écartées.

astrin-ge, *tr.*: resserrer. — **gency**, *n.*: qualité astringente, *f.*, caractère astringent, *m.* 1. — **gent**, *adj.*: astringent. 2. — **gent**, *n.*: astringent, *m.*

astrógraphy, *n.*: description des astres, *f.*

ástrolabe, *n.*: astrolabe, *m.*

astró-loger, *n.*: astrologue, *m.* — **lógica(al)**, *adj.*: astrologique. — **lógical-ly**, *adv.*: par l'astrologie. — **logise**, *intr.*: pratiquer l'astrologie. — **logy**, *n.*: astrologie, *f.*

astró-nomer, *n.*: astronome, *m.* — **nóm-ic(al)**, *adj.*: astronomique. — **nómio-ally**, *adv.*: astronomiquement. — **nomy**, *n.*: astronomie, *f.*

astrút, *adv.*: en se rengorgeant.

astúte, *adj.*: fin, pénétrant.

asúnder, *adv.*: séparé, séparément, éloigné l'un de l'autre.

asylum, *n.*: asile, fâsyle, *m.*: lunatic —, maison d'aliénés, *f.*

asymptôte, *n.*: (geom.) asymptote, *f.* — **tótic(al)**, *adj.*: asymptotique.

át, *prep.*: à, dans; en, après: — *peace*, en paix; — *war*, en guerre; *they are all — me*, ils sont tous après moi; *be hard — it*, travailler ferme; — *home*, chez soi; — *...s*, chez; — *my brother's*, chez mon frère; — *London*, à Londres; — *his request*, sur sa demande; *be — any thing*, être occupé à quelque chose.

átaghan, *n.*: yatagan, *m.*

átaraxy, *n.*: ataraxie, *f.*

átax-ia, *n.*: ataxie, *f.* — **-ic**, *adj.*: ataxique.

athanási-an, *adj.*: de Saint Athanase: — *creed*, symbole de Saint Athanase, *m.*

átho-ism, *n.*: athéisme, *m.* — **-ist**, *n.*: athée, *m.* — **-ist**, **istic(al)**, *adj.*: athée, d'athée. — **-istically**, *adv.*: en athée.

athe-nism — **né-**, **-nēm** (pl. — *naa*, — *nea*), *n.*: Athénée, *m.*

† **Áthénian**, *adj.*: Athénien; *n.*: Athénien, *m.*, Athénienne, *f.*

athirst, *adj.*: altéré, qui a soif.

áth-lete (*athleta*), *n.*: athlète, *m.* — **-lét-ic**, *adj.*: athlétique, robuste, fort. — **-lét-ically**, *adv.*: athlétiquement.

athwárt, *adv.*: de travers; à la traverse; *prep.*: à travers; à l'encontre; (nav.) en travers de; par le travers de.

atilt, *adv.*: en champ clos.

At-lantéan, *adj.*: de l'Atlantide, d'Atlas. — **-lántes**, *n. pl.*: (arch.) atlante, *m.* 1. — **-lántic**, *adj.*: atlantique. 2. — **-lantie**, *n.*: Atlantique, *f.*

1. **-Atlas**, *n.*: (geog., anat.) atlas; (arch.) atlante, *m.*

2. **-Atlas**, *n.*: atlas (satin).

átmo-sphere, *n.*: atmosphère, *f.* — **-sphér-ic(al)**, *adj.*: atmosphérique.

á-tom, *n.*: atome, *m.* — **-tómic(al)**, *adj.*: atomique. — **-tom-like**, *adj.*: comme un atome.

atô-ne, *tr.*: expier, racheter; *intr.*: expier, apaiser. — **-nement**, *n.*: expiation, *f.* — **-ner**, *n.*: expiateur, *m.*, — *trice*, *f.*

atónic, *adj.*: atonique.

átony, *n.*: (med.) faiblesse, atonie, *f.*

atóp, *adv.*: en haut, au sommet.

atrabillá-rian, **-rious**, *adj.*: atrabilaire. — **-riousness**, *n.*: humeur atrabilaire, *f.*

atramén-tal, *adj.*: noir.

atrip, *adv.*: (nav.) dérapé.

atrócious, *adj.*: atroce. — **-ly**, *adv.*: atrocement. — **-ness**, *n.*: atrocité, *f.*

atrócity, *n.*: atrocité, *f.*

átrophy, *n.*: (med.) atrophie, consomption, *f.*

attách, *tr.*: attacher, lier; arrêter; (jur.) mettre opposition à, contraindre, saisir. — **-able**, *adj.*: (jur.) saisissable. — **-ment**, *n.*: attachement, *m.*; (jur.) opposition, contrainte, saisie, *f.*

1. **attáck**, *tr.*: attaquer. 2. **attack**, *n.*: attaque, *f.*; accès, *m.* — **-er**, *n.*: attaquant, *m.*

attáin, *tr.*: atteindre, parvenir à. — **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut atteindre. — **-ableness**, *n.*: possibilité d'atteindre, *f.* — **-der**, *n.*: atteinte; (jur.) sentence de mort rendue contre une personne déclarée coupable de haute trahison ou de félonie, *f.*; jugement, rendu contre une personne déclarée coupable de haute trahison ou de félonie, et entraînant la confiscation des biens et la mort civile, *m.* — **-ment**, *n.*: acquisition; portée; possession, connaissance, *f.*; talent, *m.*

1. **attáint**, *tr.*: tatteindre; † (convict) convaincre; frapper de mort civile; (stain) entacher, souiller, flétrir, déshonorer; † déclarer faux (le verdict d'un jury). 2. **attaint**, *n.*: atteinte; (jur.) poursuite dirigée contre un jury pour faux verdict,

f.: tache, souillure, flétrissure, *f.* -**ure**, *n.*: note d'infamie, *f.*

attemper, *tr.*: tempérer, adoucir, régulariser, convenir.

1. **attémp**, *n.*: essai, effort, *m.*; entreprise, *f.*; (*jur.*) attentat, *m.*, tentative, *f.*: *an* — *on any one's life*, un attentat contre la vie de quelqu'un. 2. **attempt**, *tr.*: entreprendre, essayer; attenter à; (*jur.*) faire une tentative de. -**able**, *adj.*: attaquant; qui peut être essayé, tenté. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui essaie, *f.*; agresseur, *m.*

1. **attēnd**, *tr.*: faire attention à; s'occuper de; soigner un malade; suivre des leçons; écouter, accompagner; servir; attendre. 2. **attēnd**, *intr.*: faire attention, écouter, assister, être présent; servir; accompagner; observer; avoir égard; veiller, vaquer, avoir soin; s'appliquer. -**ance**, *n.*: attention, *f.*; service, *m.*; assiduité; présence, *f.*; soins pour un malade, *m. pl.* 1. **-ant**, *adj.*: qui suit, qui accompagne. 2. **-ant**, *n.*: assistant; compagnon, *m.*, compagne, *f.*; serviteur, domestique, *m.*; personne de la suite, *f.*: — *s*, escorte, *f.*

attēnt, *adj.*: attentif. -**tion**, *n.*: attention, *f.*; *pay* —, faire attention. -**tive**, *adj.*: attentif, soigneux. -**tively**, *adv.*: attentivement. -**tiveness**, *n.*: attention, *f.*

1. **attēnu-ant**, *adj.*: atténuant. 2. **-ant**, *m.*: l'atténuant, *m.* 1. -**ate**, *tr.*: atténuer, amoindrir, diminuer. 2. -**ate**, *adj.*: atténué. -**ated**, *adj.*: atténué. -**ation**, *n.*: atténuation, diminution, *f.*; amoindrissement, *m.*

attērmining, *n.*: (*jur.*) attermolement, *m.* **attēst**, *tr.*: attester, témoigner. -**ation**, *n.*: attestation, *f.*; témoignage, *m.* -**or**, *n.*: personne qui atteste, *f.*

1. **Attī-c** à', *adj.*: attique. 2. -**c**, *n.*: Athénien, Athénienne, *f.*; attique, auteur attique, *m.* 3. **attī-c**, *n.*: (*arch.*) attique, *m.*; mansarde, *f.* -**cise**, *tr.*: donner une forme attique à; *intr.*: employer l'atticisme. -**cism**, *n.*: atticisme, *m.*

1. **attī-re**, *tr.*: vêtir, parer. 2. -**re**, *n.*: vêtement, *m.*; parure, *f.* -**rer**, *n.*: personne qui habille, qui pare, *f.*

attitude, *n.*: attitude, pose, *f.*

1. **attōllent**, *adj.*: élevant; (*anat.*) élévateur. 2. **attōllent**, *n.*: (*anat.*) élévateur, *m.*

attōrney, *n.*: procureur, avoué, fondé de pouvoir, *m.*: *power of* —, procuration, *f.*; pouvoir, *m.*; — *general*, procureur général. -**ship**, *n.*: fonctions d'avoué, *f. pl.*

attrāc-t, *tr.*: attirer. -**tability**, *n.*: propriété d'être attiré, *f.* -**table**, *adj.*: attirable. -**tile**, *adj.*: attracteur. -**ting**

ly, *adv.*: par attraction. -**tion**, *n.*: attraction, *f.*; attrait, *m.* -**tive**, *adj.*: attrayant, attractif. -**tively**, *adv.*: d'une manière attrayante.

at-tributable, *adj.*: attribuable, qui peut être attribué; imputable. 1. **āt-tribute**, *n.*: attribut, *m.*; qualité, *f.* 2. -**tribute**, *tr.*: attribuer, imputer. -**tribūtion**, *n.*: attribution, *f.*; éloge, *m.* 1. -**tributive**, *adj.*: qui attribue; attributif. 2. -**tributive**, *n.*: (*gram.*) attributif, *m.*

at-trite, *adj.*: frotté. -**triteness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est usé par le frottement, *m.*

-**trition**, *n.*: attrition, trituration, *f.* **attūne**, *tr.*: accorder, tirer des accords de.

aubin, *n.*: aubin, *m.*

auburn, *adj.*: châtain.

auction, *n.*: encan, *m.*; enchère, *f.*; enchères, *f. pl.*; vente à l'encan, *f.*: *sale by* —, vente aux enchères, à l'encan; *sell by* —, vendre aux enchères, vendre à l'encan.

-**ary**, *adj.*: des enchères; de commissaire-priseur. 1. -**eer**, *n.*: commissaire-priseur, *m.* 2. -**eer**, *tr.*: vendre aux enchères.

audacious, *adj.*: audacieux. -**ly**, *adv.*: audacieusement. -**ness**, *n.*: audace, *f.* **audā-city**, *n.*: audace, *f.*

audi-ble, *adj.*: qu'on peut entendre. -**bleness**, *n.*: faculté de produire un son, de se faire entendre, *f.* -**bly**, *adv.*: de manière à être entendu.

audience, *n.*: audience, *f.*; auditoire, *m.* -**chamber**, *n.*: salle d'audience, *f.*

1. **audit**, *n.*: audition, *f.* 2. **audit**, *tr.*: apurer, vérifier des comptes. -**house**, *n.*: (*of a cathedral*) sacristie, *f.* -**or**, *n.*: auditeur, vérificateur, *m.* -**orship**, *n.*: charge d'auditeur, *f.* 1. -**ory**, *n.*: auditoire, *m.* 2. -**ory**, *adj.*: auditif. -**ress**, *n.*: femme qui écoute, *f.*

āuf, *n.*: sot, benêt, *m.*

Augean ā-, *adj.*: d'Augias.

āuger, *n.*: (*tech.*) tarière; mèche, *f.*

āught, *n.*: quelque chose; quoi que ce soit; rien, tout.

1. **āugment**, *tr.*: augmenter; *intr.*: augmenter, s'augmenter. 2. **āugment**, *n.*: accroissement; (*gram.*) augment, *m.* -**ation**, *n.*: augmentation. -**ative**, *adj.*: augmentatif.

1. **āu-gur**, *n.*: augure, devin, *m.* 2. -**gur**, *intr.*: augurer. -**gural**, *adj.*: augural. -**guration**, *n.*: divination par les augures, *f.* -**gūrial**, *adj.*: des augures. -**gurship**, *n.*: charge d'augure, *f.* -**gury**, *n.*: divination par les augures, *f.*; augure, présage, *m.*

āu-gūst, *adj.*: auguste.

Aug-ust ā-, *n.*: août, *m.* -**gūstan**, *adj.*: d'Auguste; d'Augbourg. -**gūstin**, *n.*: augustin, *m.*

āugūstness, *n.*: caractère auguste, *m.*

aulic, *adj.*: aulique.
âunt, *n.*: tante, *f.*: *great --*, grand'tante.
âura, *n.*: exhalaison, *f.*
aur-ate, *n.*: aurate, *m.* **-ated**, *adj.*: qui ressemble à l'or. **-ëlia**, *n.*: chrysalide, nymphe, *f.*
aur-icle, *n.*: auricule, *f.*; pavillon de l'oreille, *m.*; (*of the heart*) oreillette, *f.* **-icular**, *adj.*: auriculaire. **-icularly**, *adv.*: à l'oreille; secrètement.
auriferous, *adj.*: aurifère.
aurist, *n.*: médecin pour les maladies de l'oreille, *m.*
aurōra, *n.*: aurore, *f.*: — *borealis*, aurore boréale. **-l**, *adj.*: d'aurore.
auscul-tate, *tr.*: (*med.*) ausculter. **-tation**, *n.*: auscultation, *f.*
aus-picate, *tr.*: présager. **-pice**, *n.*: auspice, *m.*: *under the --s of*, sous les auspices de. **-picious**, *adj.*: de bon augure, propice, favorable. **-piciously**, *adv.*: sous de bons auspices, favorablement. **-piciousness**, *n.*: heureux auspices, *m. pl.*
auster, *n.*: auster, autan, *m.*
aus-tère, *adj.*: austère, âpre. **-tērely**, *adv.*: austèrement. **-tēreness**, *n.*: austérité; (*of taste*) âpreté, *f.* **-tērity**, *n.*: austérité; (*of taste*) âpreté, *f.*
Austin à', *adj.*: augustin.
aus-tral, *adj.*: austral. **Aus-tralian** *a*, *adj.*: australien.
Austrian à', *adj.*: autrichien; *n.*: Autrichien, *m.*, Autrichienne, *f.*
authē-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: authentique. **-tically**, *adv.*: authentiquement. **-ticate**, *tr.*: constater, légaliser. **-tication**, *n.*: authenticité; (*jur.*) légalisation, *f.* **-ticity**, *n.*: authenticité, *f.*
au-thor, *n.*: auteur, *m.*; cause, *f.* **-thor-ess**, *n.*: auteur, *m.*; femme auteur, *f.* **-thōritative**, *adj.*: qui a de l'autorité; plein d'autorité, impérieux. **-thōritatively**, *adv.*: avec autorité. **-thōritativeness**, *n.*: autorité, *f.*; air d'autorité, *m.* **-thōrity**, *n.*: autorité, *f.* **-thorisation**, *n.*: autorisation, *f.* **-thorise**, *tr.*: autoriser. **-thorship**, *n.*: profession d'auteur, qualité d'auteur, *f.*
au-tōcracy, *n.*: autocratie, *f.* **au-tocrat**, *n.*: autocrate, *m.* **-tocratīc**, **-tocratical**, *adj.*: autocratique. **-tocratrix**, *n.*: autocratrice, *f.*
au-tō-da-fē, *n.*: autodafé, *m.*
au-tō-graph, *n.*: autographe, *m.* **2-graph**, *tr.*: autographier. **-grāphic(al)**, *adj.*: autographe, autographique.
au-tō-graphy, *n.*: autographie, *f.*
au-tō-matic, **-tomatical**, *adj.*: automatique. **-tōmaton** (*automata*, *automatons*), *n.*: automate, *m.* **†-tōmatous**, *adj.*: automatique.

autopsy, *n.*: autopsie, *f.*
au-tumn, *n.*: automne, *m.*, *f.* **1.-tūm-nal**, *adj.*: automnal, d'automne. **2.-tūm-nal**, *n.*: plante automnale, *f.*
auxilia-ry, *adj.*: auxiliaire. **2.-ry**, *n.*: auxiliaire, *m.*
1.avail, *intr.*: servir; *tr.*: profiter à, servir à: *that --s nothing*, cela ne sert à rien; — *one's self of*, profiter de, se prévaloir de. **2.avail**, *n.*: avantage, *m.*; utilité, *f.*: *be of no --*, ne servir de rien, ne servir à rien. **-able**, *adj.*: utile, profitable. **-ableness**, *n.*: utilité; efficacité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: utilement, avec profit.
avalanche, *n.*: avalanche, *f.*
ava-ric, *n.*: avarice, *f.* **-ricious**, *adj.*: avare, avaricieux. **-riciously**, *adv.*: avec avarice, avaricieusement. **-riciousness**, *n.*: avarice, *f.*
avast, *interj.*: (*nav.*) tiens bon.
avāunt, *interj.*: loin d'ici! arrière!
āve, *n.*: avé, *m.*: — *Maria*, avé Maria.
āvenage, *n.*: avénage, *m.*
avē-ge, *tr.*: venger: — *one's self*, se venger. **-gement**, *n.*: vengeance, *f.* **-ger**, *n.*: vengeur, *m.*, vengeresse, *f.* **-geress**, vengeresse, *f.* **-ging**, *adj.*: vengeur.
āvens, *n.*: (*bot.*) benoîte, *f.*
†avēnture, *n.*: accident, *m.*
āvenue, *n.*: avenue, *f.*
avēr, *tr.*: affirmer, avérer.
āverage, *n.*: prix moyen; terme moyen, *m.*; mercuriale des grains; (*com.*, *nav.*) avarie, *f.*: *petty --s*, menues avaries; *general --s*, avaries communes; *weekly --s* (*of corn*), mercuriales hebdomadaires; *statement of --s*, règlement d'avaries, *m.*; *free of --*, franc d'avarie; *on an --*, en moyenne; *make good an --*, indemniser d'une avarie; *state the --s*, régler les avaries. **2.average**, *adj.*: commun; moyen; — *prices of corn*, mercuriale, *f.* **3.average**, *tr.*: calculer, prendre le terme moyen; revenir, terme moyen, *à*.
avērmēt, *n.*: affirmation, *f.*
†averrūcate, *tr.*: détourner, déraciner.
avēr-se, *adj.*: opposé, défavorable, éloigné, qui a de l'éloignement, ennemi: *be -- to*, avoir de l'éloignement pour, avoir de l'aversion pour, être peu disposé à. **-sely**, *adv.*: à regret. **-seness**, *n.*: répugnance, aversion, *f.*; éloignement, *m.* **-sion**, *n.*: aversion, *f.*; éloignement, *m.*
avērt, *tr.*: détourner, éloigner, écarter; *intr.*: détourner.
āviary, *n.*: volière, *f.*
avidity, *n.*: avidité, *f.*
avocātion, *n.*: dérangement momentané, *m.*; occupation; occupation accidentelle, *f.*
avōid, *tr.*: éviter, fuir; *intr.*: se retirer.

-able, adj.: qu'on peut éviter, évitable.
-ancee, n.: action d'éviter, f.; vacance, f.;
 annulation, f.; écoulement, m. **-or, n.**:
 personne qui évite, f. **-less, adj.**: inévi-
 table, inéluctable.

avoirdupois, n.: (com.) avoir du poids, m.

avouch, tr.: affirmer, déclarer. **†-ment, n.**: déclaration, f.

avow, tr.: avouer, déclarer. **-able, adj.**:
 qu'on peut avouer. **-al, n.**: aveu, m.
-edly, adv.: d'une manière avouée; ou-
 vertement. **-or, n.**: personne qui avoue,
 f. **-ry, n.**: (jur.) aveu, m.

avulsion, n.: avulsion, f., arrachement, m.

awaft, adv.: (nav.) en berne.

await, tr.: attendre.

1. awake (pret. awoke), tr.: éveiller, ré-
 veiller; s'éveiller, se réveiller. **2.-ke, adj.**:
 éveiller, vigilant. **-ken, tr.**: éveiller, ré-
 veiller. **-kened, adj.**: éveillé. **-kenner, n.**:
 personne qui réveille, f. **-kening, n.**:
 réveil, m. **-king, n.**: réveil, m.

1. award, tr.: décerner, adjuger; décréter.
2. award, n.: arrêt, décret, juge-
 ment, jugement arbitral, m.; sentence, f.

aware, adj.: qui sait; instruit: **be — of**,
 savoir, connaître, être instruit de, s'aper-
 cevoir de.

1. away, adv.: absent; loin, au loin: **go —**,
 s'en aller; **fly —**, s'envoler; **send —**, ren-
 voyer; **give —**, donner; **take —**, enlever;
he is —, il est absent. **2. away! interj.**:
 en avant! arrière! loin de moi! loin d'ici!

1. aze, n.: terreur, crainte, f.; effroi; res-
 pect, m.: **fill with —**, remplir de terreur;
strike with —, frapper de terreur.
2. awe, tr.: imprimer le respect à; tenir en
 respect; imprimer la terreur à; imposer à.

awether, adv.: (nav.) au vent.

awe-struck, adj.: frappé de terreur.

awful, adj.: qui inspire la terreur; solen-
 nel, redoutable; imposant. **-ly, adv.**:
 d'une manière qui inspire la terreur; ter-
 riblement; avec respect; excessivement.
-ness, n.: crainte, terreur, f.; caractère
 terrible, m.

awhile, adv.: pendant quelque temps;
 un instant.

awkward-ward, adj.: maladroit, gauche,
 embarrassant. **-ly, adv.**: gauchement,
 maladroitement, d'une manière embarras-
 sante. **-ness, n.**: gaucherie, maladresse,
 f.; embarras, m.

avel, n.: alène, f.; poinçon, m.

awless, adj.: sans crainte; qui n'inspire
 aucune crainte.

avel-shaped, adj.: en alène; subulé.

awn, n.: (bot.) barbe, arête, f. **-ed, adj.**:
 épié, monté en épi.

awning, n.: tente, bannière, f.

awry, adv.: de travers, de côté.

ax, n.: hache, f.

axal, adj.: de l'axe.

axe = ax.

axial, adj.: de l'axe.

ax-il, -illa, n.: (anat., bot.) aisselle, f.

-illary, adj.: axillaire.

axiom, n.: axiome, m. **-atic(al), adj.**:
 d'axiome.

axis (pl. axes), n.: axe, m.

axle, -tree, n.: essieu, m.

ay, 1. aye, adv.: oui; (nav.) bon quart!

2. aye, n.: affirmation, f., oui; celui qui

vote affirmativement; vote pour, m.

3. aye, adv.: à jamais, pour toujours.

azimuth, n.: (astron.) azimut, m.

azotic, adj.: azotique.

azote, n.: (chem.) azote, m.

1. azure or â, adj.: d'azur. **2. azure, n.**:

azur, m. **3. azure, tr.**: azurer. **-ed,**

adj.: azuré. **-stone, n.**: pierre d'azur,

f.; lapis lazuli, m.

âzymous, adj.: azyne.

B

b bē, n.: b, m.: (mus.) si, m.

bac, intr.: bôler. **2. baa, n.**: bêlement, m.

1. babble, intr.: babiller, gazouiller.

2. -ble, n.: babil, m. **†-blement, n.**:

babil, babillage, m. **-bler, n.**: babillard,

m., babillarde, f. **1. -bling, n.**: babil,

babillage, m. **2. -bling, adj.**: babillard.

bā-be, n.: enfant nouveau-né, petit en-

fant, poupon, m., pouponne, f. **-bery,**

n.: babiole, f. **†-bish, adj.**: enfantin,

de petit enfant. **†-bishly, adv.**: en

enfant.

baboon, n.: babouin, m.

1. baby, n.: enfant nouveau-né, petit en-

fant, poupon, m., pouponne, poupée, f.

2. baby, tr.: traiter en petit enfant.

-hood, n.: bas âge, f. **-ish, adj.**: en-

fantin, de petit enfant.

1. Baby-lônian, -lônish, adj.: babylo-

nien; de Babel. **2. -lonian, n.**: Baby-

lonien, m., Babylonienne, f.; astrologue,

m. **-lônical(al), adj.**: babylonien, de

Babylone.

baccalaurate, n.: baccalauréat, m.

1. bacch-anal, adj.: bachique; ivre;

d'orgie, de débauche. **2. -anal, n.**: ivro-

gne, m., ivrognesse, f. **-analia, n. pl.**:

bacchanales, f. pl. **-analian = 1. 2. -anal,**

-anals, n. pl.: bacchanales, f. pl. **-ant,**

n.: prêtre de Bacchus, m. **-ante, n.**:

bacchante, f. **-ic(al), adj.**: bachique.

bacciferous, adj.: bacifère.

bachelor, n.: célibataire, garçon, bache-

lier, m. **-ship, n.**: célibat; baccalau-

réat, m.

1. back, adv.: en arrière; de retour: **call**

—, rappeler; come —, revenir; give —, rendre; send —, renvoyer; go —, retourner; a few years —, il y a de cela quelques années. **back**, *n.*: dos; derrière, *n.*; reins, *m. pl.*: — of a chair, dos, dossier de chaise, *n.*; — of the head, derrière de la tête; — of the stage, fond de théâtre, *m.*; — of a chimney, fond de cheminée, *m.*; — of a house, derrière d'une maison; — to —, dos à dos; behind one's —, derrière le dos; break any one's —, enlever les reins à quelqu'un; turn one's — on any one, tourner le dos à quelqu'un; at the — of, au dos de; derrière. **back**, *tr.*: faire reculer; soutenir, appuyer; (nav.) coiffer; (se verrant) viser; *intr.*: reculer; (nav.) s'aler à culer. **bite** (*pret.* -bit, *part.* -bitten), *tr.*: mordre; calomnier. **biter**, *n.*: médiant, détracteur, *m.*. **biting**, *n.*: médisance, calomnie, distraction, *f.*. **bitingly**, *adv.*: avec médisance. **board**, *n.*: (nav.) dossier, *m.*. **bone**, *n.*: épine du dos, *f.*. **door**, *n.*: porte de derrière, *f.*. **ed**, *adj.*: à dos; à dossier. **friend**, *n.*: ennemi secret, faux ami, *m.*. **gammon**, *n.*: trio-trac, toute-table, *m.*. **ground**, *n.*: terrain de derrière; fond; (point) arrière-plan, fond, *m.*. **handed**, *adj.*: donné avec le revers de la main; *adv.*: avec le revers de la main. **room**, *n.*: chambre de derrière, *f.*. **side**, *n.*: cul, derrière, *m.*. **sight**, *n.*: (of business) honneur, *f.*. **slide**, *intr.*: apostasier. **slider**, *n.*: apostat; infidèle, *m.*. **sliding**, *n.*: infidélité, tergiversation, *f.*. **stairs**, *n.*: escalier derrière, *m.*. **ward**, *n.*: sobre, *m.*. **ward**, *adj.*: arrière, en retard, en arrière, lent, tardif. **ward**, *adv.*: à reculons; à la renverse; à rebours; en arrière: fall —, tomber à la renverse; walk — and forward, se promener en long et en large. **wardly**, *adv.*: en arrière, à contre-cœur. **wardness**, *adj.*: état arrière, *m.*; supériorité, *f.*. **wardy** = **ward**. **woods**, *n.*: arrière-bois, forêt sauvage (de l'Amérique du Nord). **woodman**, *n.*: habitant des forêts, *m.*. **wound**, *tr.*: blesser par derrière. **bacon**, *n.*: lard, *m.*: rasher of —, tranche de lard; hards, *f.*: fillet of —, tôte de lard, *f.*. **bacon**, *n.*: (fort) bœuf, *f.*. **bad**, *adj.*: méchant; mauvais; (of health) malade; that is too bad, c'est trop fort. **badge**, *n.*: plaque, marque, *f.*: signe, symbole, *m.*. **badge**, *tr.*: marquer. **less**, *adj.*: sans plaque; sans marque. **badger**, *n.*: blaireau, *m.*. **legged**, *adj.*: à jambes de blaireau. **badgeron**, *n.*: badigeon, *m.*

bad-ly, *adv.*: mal; grandement: — dressed, mal mis; went —, avoir grandement besoin de. **ness**, *n.*: méchanceté; mauvaise qualité, *f.*; mauvais état, *m.*. **buff**, *tr.*: confondre, déjouer; baffouer. **le**, *n.*: défaite, *f.*. **ler**, *n.*: personne qui déjoue, qui confond, *f.*. **bag**, *n.*: sac, cabas, *m.*; bourse (for the hair); outre, poche, *f.*. **bag**, *tr.*: en-sacher, mettre en sacs; gonfler comme un sac; (at billiards) blouser; (of game) tuer; *intr.*: faire le sac; être gonflé comme un sac. **atelle**, *n.*: bagatelle, *f.*: joujou; billard de dame, *m.*. **ful**, *n.*: sachet, *f.*. **rage**, *n.*: bagage, *m.*: (jest.) coquise, prostituée, *f.*. **gino**, *n.*: toile à sac, *f.*. **bagno**, *n.*: maison de bains; maison de prostitution, *f.*; quartier des esclaves, *m.*. **bag-pipe**, *n.*: cornemuse, musette, *f.*. **pipe**, *n.*: joueur de cornemuse, *m.*. **baguette**, *n.*: (arch.) baguette, *f.*. **ball**, *n.*: écope. **ball**, *tr.*: jeter (or vider) avec l'écope, vider de l'eau. **ball**, *n.*: caution, *f.*; cautionnement, *m.*: en —, sous caution; put in —, fournir caution. **ball**, *intr.*: cautionner. **able**, *adj.*: qui peut être admis à fournir caution. **hond**, *n.*: cautionnement, *m.*. **de**, *n.*: dépositaire, *m.*. **er**, *n.*: dépositaire, *m.*; caution, *f.*. **iff**, *n.*: bailli; hausier, garde du commerce, *m.*. **irick**, *n.*: baillif, *m.*. **ment**, *n.*: dépôt, cautionnement, *m.*. **ball**, *intr.*: battre les ailes. **ball**, *n.*: amorce, *f.*; appât, *m.*. **ball**, *tr.*: amorcer, appâter, rafraîchir (des chevaux en voyage); inciter au combat, faire combattre; harceler; *intr.*: se rafraîchir, se restaurer. **er**, *n.*: celui qui amorce (or incite au combat); tourmenteur, *m.*. **ing**, *n.*: action d'amorcer; amorce, *f.*; combat (d'animaux), *m.*. **ing-place**, *n.*: lieu de combat, *m.*; arène, *f.*. **baize**, *n.*: drap de billard, *m.*; serge, *f.*. **ba-ke** (*part. rar.* baken), *tr.*: cuire au four, faire cuire au four. **kehuse**, *n.*: fournil, *m.*. **ker**, *n.*: boulanger, *m.*: —'s shop, —'s trade, boulangerie, *f.*. **her-legged**, *adj.*: bancal. **kery**, *n.*: boulangerie, *f.*. **king**, *n.*: cuisinier; (things baked) fournée, *f.*. **balan**, *n.*: balancé, *f.*; équilibre, contrepoids; (horol.) balancier, *m.*: — of an account, solde d'un compte, *m.*; turn the —, faire pencher la balance; lose one's —, perdre l'équilibre; strike a —, (com.) établir une balance. **ce**, *tr.*: balancer; pondérer; *intr.*: se balancer; (fig.) balancer. **ce-beam**, *n.*: (horol.) balancier, *m.*. **ce-maker**, *n.*: fabricant de balances, *m.*. **cer**, *n.*: personne

qui balance, *f.*; poseur, *m.* -**ce-sheet**, *n.*: (com.) balance, *f.*; bilan, *m.* -**ce-weight**, *n.*: poids de balance; contre-poids, *m.* -**cing**, *n.*: balancement, *m.*
balcony, *n.*: balcon, *m.*
bal'd, *adj.*: chauve; (*fig.*) nu.
bal'dachin, *n.*: baldachin, *m.*
balderdash, *n.*: galimatias; phébus, *m.*
bal'd-head, *n.*: tête chauve, *f.* -**ly**, *adverb.*: -ness, *n.*: calvitie; (*fig.*) platitude, *f.* -**pâte**, *n.*: tête chauve, *f.*
-pated, *adj.*: à tête chauve, *f.*
bal-drie(k), *n.*: baidrier, ceinturon, *m.*; ceinture, *f.*
1. b'ale, *n.*: (com.) balle, *f.*; ballot, colis, *m.* 2. **b'ale**, *tr.*: emballer, 3. **b'ale** = 2. **ball**, 4. **b'ale**, *n.*: calamité, misère, mal, *m.* -**ful**, *adj.*: malheureux, funeste.
1. b'alk, *n.*: désappointement, *m.* 2. **b'alk**, *tr.*: frustrer; entraver.
1. b'all, *n.*: boule; (*of snow*) boule, pelote; (*of a musket*) balle, *f.*; (*of cannon*) boulet, *m.*; (*at billiards*) bille, *f.*; (*cock*) boulette, *f.*; (*for playing*) balle, *f.*; - *of the eye*, globe, *m.*; prunelle, pupille, *f.*; - *of thread*, peloton de fil, *m.* 2. **ball**, *intr.*: (*of snow*) se peloter.
3. ball, *n.*: (danse) bal, *m.*; fancy —, bal costumé.
1. b'allad, *n.*: ballade; romance, *f.* 2. **b'allad**, *intr.*: chanter des ballades; faire des ballades. -**maker**, *n.*: faiseur de ballades, *m.* -**monger**, *n.*: marchand de ballades, *m.* -**writer**, *n.*: auteur de ballades, *m.*
1. b'allast, *n.*: (mar.) lest, *m.*; (railways) ballast, *m.* 2. **b'allast**, *tr.*: lester. -**ing**, *n.*: (engineering) ensablement, empierrement; (mar.) lestage, *m.* -**lighter**, *n.*: bateau lesteur, *m.*
ball'et, *n.*: ballet, *m.* -**master**, *n.*: directeur des ballets, *m.*
ball'ing, *n.*: (metal) ballage, réchauffage, *m.*
ball'ista, *n.*: baliste, *f.* -**istic**, *adj.*: qui a rapport à la balistique. -**istics**, *n. pl.*: balistique, *f. sing.*
ball'oon, *n.*: ballon, *m.*
ball'ot, *n.*: boule, *f.*; bulletin, *m.*: *by* —, au scrutin secret. 2. **ball'ot**, *intr.*: voter au scrutin. -**box**, *n.*: urne du scrutin, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: scrutin, *m.*
b'alm, *n.*: baume, *m.*; (bot.) mélisse, *f.* 2. **bal'm**, *intr.*: parfumer; servir de baume à. -**mint**, *n.*: mélisse, citronselle, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: balsamique; embaumé, parfumé.
1. b'alne-ary, *n.*: salle de bain, *f.* 2. **-ation**, *n.*: action de baigner, *f.* -**atory**, *adj.*: de bain.
b'al-sam, *n.*: baume, *m.*; balsamine, *f.* 1. -**samie**, -**samical**, *adj.*: balsamique.

2. -**samie**, *n.*: balsamique, *m.* -**samine**, *n.*: balsamine, *f.* -**sam-tree**, *n.*: balsamier, baumier, *m.*
balus-ter, *n.*: rampe (*of a staircase*), *f.*; (arch.) balustrade, *m.* -**tered**, *adj.*: à balustrade. -**trade**, *n.*: balustrade, *f.*
bamb'oo, *n.*: bambou, *m.*
bamb'oozi-e, *tr.*: embrouiller, tromper. -**er**, *n.*: embrouilleur, trompeur, *m.*
b'an, *n.*: ban, *m.*; interdiction; malediction, *f.* 2. **ban**, *tr.*: anathématiser, maudire; *intr.*: proférer des maledictions.
ban'ana, *n.*: (bot.) banane, *f.* -**tree**, *n.*: bananier, *m.*
b'anco, *adj.*: (com.) banco, de banque.
1. b'and, *n.*: bande, *f.*; lien; ruban; rabat, *m.*; bande, troupe; musique (= corps de musiciens), *f.*; orchestre, *m.*; - *of axes*, lien d'union; *brass* —, musique d'instruments en cuivre; - *of music*, bande de musiciens, musique; *full* —, grand orchestre. 2. **band**, *tr.*: bander; liquer; *intr.*: se liquer. -**age**, *n.*: bandeau; (*surp.*) bandage, *m.* -**age-maker**, *n.*: bandagiste, *m.* -**an(n)a**, *n.*: indienne, *f.* -**box**, *n.*: carton, *m.* -**ole**, *n.*: bandelette, *f.* -**ole**, *n.*: banderole, *f.*
b'andit (*pl.* -s or *banditti*), *n.*: bandit, *m.*
b'andog, *n.*: chien d'attache, *m.*
b'ando-l'eer, -**lier**, *n.*: bandoulière, *f.*
b'androl, *n.*: banderole, *f.*
1. b'andy, *n.*: (to hit a ball) crosse, *f.* 2. **b'andy**, *tr.*: (a ball) renvoyer; balloter; se renvoyer; *intr.*: se mesurer, rivaliser; se disputer: - *words with*, renvoyer des paroles à. 3. **b'andy**, *adj.*: tortu. -**ing**, *n.*: lutte, rivalité, dispute, *f.* -**legged**, *adj.*: bancal.
1. b'ane, *n.*: poison; fléau, *m.*; ruine, *f.* 2. **b'ane**, *tr.*: empoisonner. -**berry** (*toxic episcata*), *n.*: herbe de saint-Christophe, *f.* -**ful**, *adj.*: empoisonné, funeste, mortel. -**fulness**, *n.*: chose fatale, destructive, *f.*
1. b'ang, *n.*: coup, *m.* 2. **bang**, *tr.*: renverser, ébranler; fermer (une porte, etc.) bruyamment; *intr.*: faire un bruit fort (comme d'un coup). 3. **bang!** (*interj.*): claque! 4. **bang**, *tr.*: couper carrément. 5. **bang**, *n.*: cheveux de front coupés carrément, court toupet pendant.
b'apping, *n.*: rouille, volée, *f.*
b'angle, *tr.*: gaspiller.
b'anian, *n.*: banian, *m.* -**tree**, *n.*: figuier d'Adam, figuier des Banians, *m.*
b'anish, *tr.*: bannir. -**er**, *n.*: proscriptionneur, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: bannissement, *m.*, proscription, *f.*
b'anister = *balaster*.
1. b'ank, *n.*: terrasse; rive, *f.*; rivage, bord; banc de sable, de galets, *m.* 2. **bank**, *tr.*: terrasser, encaisser,

3.bank, *n.*: (*com.*) banque, *f.*: *branch* —, succursale de banque; *joint-stock* —, banque par actions, en commandite. **4.bank**, *tr.*: déposer dans une banque; — *with*, *intr.*: avoir pour banquier. **-account**, *n.*: compte de banque, *m.* **-book**, *n.*: carnet de banque, *m.* **-clerk**, *n.*: commis de banque, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: banquier, *m.* **-holiday**, *n.*: fête légale, *f.* **-ing**, *banque*, *f.*: — *establishment*, établissement de banque, *m.* **-note**, *n.*: billet de banque, *m.* **-porter**, *n.*: garçon de banque, *m.* **-post bill**, *n.*: mandat de la banque, *m.* **1.-rupt**, *n.*: (*without blame*) failli, *m., -e, f.*; (*in bad sense*) banqueroutier, *m., -tière, f.*: *fraudulent* —, banqueroutier frauduleux; *be, become, a* —, faire banqueroute; — *a certificate*, concordat, *m.* **2.-rupt**, *adj.*: en faillite, en banqueroute; ruiné. **3.-rupt**, *tr.*: mettre en faillite. **-ruptey**, *n.*: banqueroute, faillite, *f.* *court of* —, cour des faillites, *f.* **-stock**, *n.*: actions de banque, *f. pl.*

banner, *n.*: bannière, *f.*; étendard, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: portant ses bannières; pavoisé. **-et**, *n.*: banneret, *m.* **-ol** = *bandrol*.

bannock, *n.*: gâteau d'avoine, *m.*

banns, *n. pl.*: ban de mariage, *m.*; publication de mariage, *f.*

1.banquet, *n.*: banquet, festin, *m.* **2.banquet**, *tr.*: donner un banquet à; *intr.*: banqueter, festiner. **-er**, *n.*: amateur de banquets, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: banquet, *m.* **-ing-house**, *n.*: maison de banquet, *f.* **-ing-room**, *n.*: salle de banquet, *f.*

banquette, *n.*: (*fort.*) banquette, *f.*

banter, *n.*: plaisanterie, *f.* **2.banter**, *tr.*: plaisanter, railler. **-er**, *n.*: railleur, *m.*, railleuse, *f.* **1.-ing**, *raillerie*, *f.* **2.-ing**, *adj.*: railleur.

bantling, *n.*: poupon, *m.*

banyan = *banian*.

bap-tise, *tr.*: baptiser. **-tiser**, *n.*: personne qui baptise, *f.* **-tism**, *n.*: baptême, *m.* **-tist**, *n.*: baptême, *m.* **-tismal**, *adj.*: baptismal, de baptême. **-tist**, *n.*: baptiste, *m.* **-tist(e)ry**, *n.*: baptistère, *m.* **-tistio(al)**, *adj.*: du baptême.

bar, *n.*: barre, *f.*; barreau de bois, métal, etc.; d'un tribunal, banc des accusés; profession d'avocat; corps des avocats; barrière, obstacle; (*of public houses*) comptoir, *m.*, buvette, *f.* **2.bar**, *tr.*: barrer, empêcher; (*jur.*) interrompre.

1.barb, *n.*: barbe, *f.*; (*of arrows*) pointe recourbée, dent, *f.* **2.barb**, *tr.*: fraser; faire des dents à (un hameçon, à une flèche, etc.). **3.barb**, *n.*: cheval de Barbarie; pigeon de Barbarie, *m.* **4.barb**, *n.*: barde, *f.*

barbacan, *n.*: barbacane, *f.*

1.bâr-bâ'rian, *adj.*: barbare. **2.-barian**, *n.*: barbare, *m., f.* **-bârie**, *adj.*: barbare, des barbares. **-bariçe**, *tr.*: rendre barbare. **-barism**, *n.*: barbarie, *f.*; (*gram.*) barbarisme, *m.* **-bârity**, *n.*: barbarie, *f.* **-barous**, *adj.*: barbare. **-barousness**, *n.*: barbarie, *f.*

bârbary, *n.*: (cheval) barbe, *m.*

bârba-te, -ted, *adj.*: barbelé; (*bot.*) barbé, barbu.

1.bârbecue, *n.*: animal rôti entier, *m.* **2.barbecue**, *tr.*: faire cuire un animal tout entier.

1.bârbed, *adj.*: barbelé; — **2.bardé**.

bârbel, *n.*: (*ichth.*) barbeau, *m.*; (*vet.*) barbillons, *m. pl.*

1.bârber, *n.*: barbier, *m.* **2.barber**, *tr.*: barbifier. **-monger**, *n.*: petit-maitre, *m.* **-surgeon**, *n.*: chirurgien-barbier, *m.*

bârbican = *barbacan*.

bârbles, *n.*: (*vet.*) barbillons, *m. pl.*

bârcarolle, *n.*: barcarolle, *f.*

bârd, *n.*: barde, *m.* **-ic**, *adj.*: de barde. **-ish**, *adj.*: de barde. **-ism**, *n.*: science des bardes, *f.*

1.bâre, *adj.*: nu; seul; simple. **2.bare**, *tr.*: découvrir; dépouiller; mettre à nu. **-back**, *adv.*: à dos nu; à nu; à poil. **-bone**, *n.*: corps décharné, *m.* **-faced**, *adj.*: à visage découvert; effronté. **-facedly**, *adv.*: ouvertement; effrontément. **-facedness**, *n.*: effronterie, *f.* **-fôot**, *adj.*: nu-pieds; pieds nus. **-gnawen**, *adj.*: rongé au vif. **-headed**, *adj.*: nu-tête, tête nue. **-legged**, *adj.*: nu-jambes. **-ly**, *adv.*: à peine; simplement; seulement; pauvrement, chétivement. **-ness**, *n.*: nudité, pauvreté, misère, *f.*; dénûment, *m.*; stérilité, *f.*

bârgain - *gen*, *n.*: marché; accord, contrat, *m.* **make a good** —, faire un bon marché; acheter quelque chose à bon marché; *it is a* —, topé! j'y consens; voilà qui est fait; *it is no* —, marché nul; *strike a* —, faire un marché; *into the* —, par-dessus le marché; *get the best of the* —, avoir la meilleure part. **2.bargain**, *tr.*: marchander; faire marché. **-œ**, *n.*: (*jur.*) acquéreur, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: vendeur, *m.*

bârge, *n.*: barque, *f.*; bateau, *m.*; (*nav.*) canot de parade, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: batelier, canotier, *m.* **-master**, *n.*: patron de barque, *m.*

barilla, *n.*: (*bot., chem.*) barille, soude, *f.*

bâr-iron, *n.*: fer en barres, fer forgé, *m.*

1.bârk, *intr.*: aboyer. **2.bark**, *n.*: aboiement, *m.*

2.bârk, *n.*: barque, *f.*

3.bârk, *n.*: écorce, *f.*; (*pharm.*) quinquina, *m.* **4.bark**, *tr.*: écorcer, enlever

l'écorce à un arbre. -bared, *adj.*: écorcé.
-ed, *adj.*: écorcé.

bar-keeper, *n.*: buveteur, gargon (demoiselle, *f.*) de comptoir, *m.*

bårken, *adj.*: d'écorce.

bårk-er, *n.*: aboyeur. 1.-ing, *n.*: aboie-ment, *m.*

2.**bårk-ing**, *n.*: (*hort.*) décortication, *f.*
-less, *adj.*: sans écorce. -mill, *n.*: moulin à tan, *m.* -y, *adj.*: d'écorce.

bårley, *n.*: orge, *f.*: peeled, hulled —, orge mondé, *m.*; pearl —, orge perlé, *m.*; malted —, orge maltée, *f.* -water, *n.*: eau d'orge, *f.* -sugar, *n.*: sucre d'orge, *m.*

bårn, *n.*: levure, *f.*

bårn-maid, *n.*: (in a public house) fille de comptoir. -man, *n.*: (in a public house) garçon de comptoir.

bårmy, *adj.*: qui contient de la levure.

bårn, *n.*: grange, *f.* 2.barn, *tr.*: engranger.

bårnacle, *n.*: (*orni.*) barnache, barnacle, *f.*; (*mol.*) cirripède, *m.*; (*mol.*) anatif, poussepieds, *m.*; (*pl.*) (*vet.*) morailles, *f. pl.*

barø-meter, *n.*: baromètre, *m.* -mètri-cal, *adj.*: barométrique.

barøn, *n.*: baron; (*jur.*) mari, *m.*; (*her.*) armes mi-parties, *f. pl.*: — of beef, (*cook.*) aloyau, *m.* -age, *n.*: baronnage, *m.*; dignité de baron, *f.*; baronnie; contribution prélevée sur les barons, *f.* -ess, *n.*: baronne, *f.* -et, *n.*: baronnet, *m.* -etage, *n.*: corps des baronnets, *m.* -etey, *n.*: dignité de baronnet, *f.* -ial-rø-, *adj.*: baronniel; de baron. -y, *n.*: baronnie, *f.*

barøque, *adj.*: baroque.

barøuche, *n.*: barouche, *f.*

bårracan, *n.*: bouracan, *m.*

bårrack, *n.*: caserne, *f.*

bårra-tor, *n.*: (*jur.*) personne qui incite aux procès, *f.*; (*nav.*) marin coupable de baraterie, *m.* -trous, *adj.*: (*nav.*) entaché de baraterie. -trously, *adv.*: avec, de, par, baraterie. -atry, *n.*: excitation aux procès; (*nav.*) baraterie, *f.*

1.**bårrel**, *n.*: baril; canon de fusil; fût; barillet, *m.*; fusée, *f.*: — of a gun, canon de fusil, *m.*; — of a drum, fût de tambour, *m.*; watch —, barillet de montre, *m.*; — of a pump, corps de pompe, *m.* 2.**barrel**, *tr.*: embariller; (*of roads*) arrondir en dos d'âne, bomber. -bellied, *adj.*: gros comme une barrique.

bårren, *adj.*: stérile. -ly, *adv.*: stérilement. -ness, *n.*: stérilité, *f.*

1.**barriçå-de**, *n.*: barricade; (*nav.*) batayole, *f.* 2.-de, *tr.*: barricader; (*nav.*) bastigner. -ding, *n.*: action de barricader, *f.*; (*nav.*) bastinage, *m.*

bårrier, *n.*: barrière; limite, *f.*

bårrister, *n.*: avocat, *m.*

bår-room, *n.*: salon de cabaret, *m.*

bårrou, *n.*: brouette, *f.*: hand —, brancard, *m.*; civière, *f.*; *†*pourceau, porc, *m.*; (*mines*) amas de décombres, *m.*; bois, bosquet, *m.*; (*antig.*) tumulus, *m.* -man, *n.*: brouettier, *m.*

bårse, *n.*: (*ichth.*) perche commune, *f.*

bår-shot, *n.*: boulet ramé, *m.*

bår-tender, *n.*: buveteur, gargon (fille, *f.*) de comptoir, *m.*

1.**bårter**, *n.*: échange, troc, trafic, *m.*

2.**barter**, *tr. and n.*: troquer, échanger, trafiquer. -er, *n.*: trafiquant, *m.*

bårtizan, *n.*: (*arch.*) galerie en saillie, *f.*

bårýta, *n.*: (*min.*) baryte, *f.*

1.**bårý-tøne**, *n.*: baryton, *m.* 2.-tone, *adj.*: (*mus.*) de baryton.

båscule-bridge, *n.*: pont-levis; pont à bascule, *m.*

1.**båse**, *adj.*: vil, bas, infâme, indigne, méprisable; illégitime; de mauvais aloi; (*of all metals, except gold and silver*) non précieux. 2.**base**, *n.*: base, *f.*; fondement; (*arch.*) soubassement, *m.*; (*mus.*) basse, *f.*; (*game*) barres, *f. pl.*; (*of roads*) encaissement; (*tech.*) fond, *m.*: — of a pedestal, socle de piédestal, *m.*; — of a bed, soubassement de lit. 3.**base**, *tr.*: baser, asseoir. -born, *adj.*: de basse naissance, bâtard. -less, *adj.*: sans base, sans fondement. -ly, *adv.*: bassement, lâchement, vilainement, honteusement, vilement. -ment, *n.*: fondation, *f.*; (*arch.*) soubassement, *m.* -ness, *n.*: bassesse, lâcheté; illégitimité, *f.*; altération, (*of metals*) mauvaise qualité, *f.*; (*of sound*) gravité, *f.*

*†***båsh**, *intr.*: rougir, avoir honte, être honteux.

båshår, *n.*: bacha, pacha, *m.*

båshful, *adj.*: timide, modeste, honteux.

-ly, *adv.*: timidement, modestement, avec timidité, avec modestie. -ness, *n.*: timidité, pudeur, modestie, mauvaise honte, *f.*

båsic, *n. adj.*: (*chem.*) basique.

1.**båsil**, *n.*: biseau. 2.**basil**, *tr.*: tailler en biseau.

3.**båsil**, *n.*: (*bot.*) basilic, *m.*

4.**båsil**, *n.*: basane.

båsilar, -lary, *adj.*: basilaire.

1.**båsilic**, -a, *n.*: royal, majestueux; (*arch., anat.*) basilique, *f.*

2.**båsilic**, -al, *adj.*: (*anat.*) basilique; (*arch.*) d'une basilique. -on, *n.*: (*pharm.*) basilicon, basilicum, *m.*

båsilisk, *n.*: basilic, *m.*

båsín, *n.*: bassin; réservoir; bol, *m.*; cuvette; (*nav.*) (*in the Mediterranean*) darse, daroe, *f.*: holy-water —, bénitier, *m.*

båsis, *n.*: base, *f.*; fondement, *m.*

bàsk, *tr.*: chauffer au soleil; *intr.*: se chauffer: — *in the sun*, se chauffer au soleil.

bàskèt, *n.*: corbeille, *f.*; panier, *m.*; impériale de diligence, *f.*: *little* —, corbillon, *m.* —**ful**, *adj.*: panier plein, *m.*; panerée (fruits), *f.* —**handle**, *n.*: anse de panier, *f.* —**hilt**, *n.*: garde en coquille, *f.* —**hilted**, *adj.*: en coquille. —**maker**, *n.*: vannier, *m.* —**woman**, *n.*: porteuse, *f.* —**work**, *n.*: vannerie, *f.*; clayonnage, *m.*

bàson = *basin*.

bàs-reli'ef, *n.*: bas-relief, *m.*

1. **bàss**, *n.*: (*mus.*) basse, clef de fa, *f.*; (*mus. instrument*) basse, *f.*; violoncelle, *m.*; (*mus.*) basse-taille, *f.*: — *viol.* (*mus.*) basse de viole, *f.*; *thorough* —, basse continue, *f.*; *double* —, (*mus.*) contre-basse, *f.*; — *of an organ*, jeu de bourdon, *m.* 2. **bass**, *ton* de basse, son bas (profond). 3. **bass**, *tr.*: bruire sourdement, gronder.

4. **bàss**, *n.*: (*icht.*) sandre, *m.*

5. **bàss**, *n.*: (*bot.*) tilleul d'Amérique, *m.*; natte, *f.*

bàsset, *n.*: (*card game*) bassette, *f.*

bàssock, *n.*: natte, *f.*

bassoon, *n.*: basson, *m.* —**ist**, *n.*: (*pers.*) basson, *m.*

bàssò-rili'vo, **bàs-reli'ef** = *bas-relief*.

bàsswòod, *n.*: bois de tilleul, *m.*

bàst, *n.*: teille, tille, *f.*; agenouilloir, *m.*

1. **bàstard**, *n.*: bâtard; faux. 2. **bastard**, *n.*: bâtard, *m.*, bâtarde, *f.*; (*jur.*) enfant naturel, *m.* —**ise**, *tr.*: déclarer bâtard. —**ism**, *n.*: bâtardise, *f.* —**ly**, *adv.*: en bâtard. —**y**, *n.*: bâtardise, *f.*

1. **bàste**, *tr.*: bâtonner; arroser la viande qui rôtit. 2. **baste**, *tr.*: (*needle-work*) faufler, bâtir.

bastill'e, *n.*: bastille, *f.*

1. **bastinà-de**, **-do**, *n.*: bastonnade, *f.* 2. **-de**, **-do**, *tr.*: bâtonner, donner la bastonnade à.

1. **bàsting**, *n.*: bastonnade, *f.*; arrosage de la viande qui rôtit, *m.*

2. **bàsting**, *n.*: (*needle-work*) fauflure, *f.*

bàstion, *n.*: bastion, *m.*; demi-lune, *f.*

bàsto, *n.*: baste (homme, quadrille), *m.*

1. **bât**, *n.*: bâton, *m.*; crosse, *f.* 2. **bat**, *intr.*: jouer du bâton.

3. **bât**, *n.*: chauve-souris, *f.*

Batàvian, *adj.*: batave; *n.*: Batave, *m., f.*

bàtch, *n.*: fournée, *f.*

1. **bâte**, *n.*: *fdébat*, *m.*; *fdispute*, *f.* 2. **bate**, *tr.*: rabattre, rabaisser, diminuer; ôter, retrancher; excepter; faire remise de; *intr.*: diminuer; rabattre; (*hawking*) battre des ailes: *he will not — an inch of it*, il n'en veut pas démordre.

bàth (pl. **bàths**), *n.*: bain, *m.*; baignoire, *f.*: *dry* —, étuve, *f.*; *hot* —, bain chaud, *m.*; *medicated* —, bain médicamenteux, *m.*; *warm* —, bain chaud, *m.*; *tepid* —, bain tempéré, *m.*; *hot air* —, étuve sèche, *f.*

bàth-e, *tr.*: baigner, arroser, tremper, mouiller; bassiner, étuver; *intr.*: se baigner: — *a wound*, bassiner une plaie. —**er**, *n.*: baigneur, *m.*, baigneuse, *f.*

bàth-house, *n.*: maison de bains, *f.*

bàthing, *n.*: action de baigner, de se baigner, *f.*; bain, *m.* —**dress**, **-gown**, *n.*: peignoir, *m.* —**establishment**, *n.*: établissement de bains, *m.* —**tub**, *n.*: baignoire, *f.* —**room**, salle de bain, *f.*

bàth-keeper, *n.*: baigneur, *m.*, —*euse*, *f.*

bàthos, *n.*: pathos, *m.*

bàth-room, *n.*: salle de bains, *f.*

bàting, *prep.*: excepté, hormis: — *a few*, hormis quelques-uns, à quelques-uns près; — *mistakes*, sauf erreur.

bâtlet, *n.*: battoir, *m.*

bâ-ton, *n.*: bâton, tricot, *m.*, trique, *f.*, gourdin, *m.*; baguette, *f.* —**-ton**, *n.*: bâton, ricot, gourdin, *m.*; trique; mas-sue; baguette, *f.*

batràchia, **-ns**, *n.*: batraciens, *m.* —**n**, *adj.*: des batraciens.

bat-tàlia, *n.*: ordre de bataille, *m.* —**-tál-ion**, *n.*: bataillon, *m.*

1. **bâtten**, *tr.*: engraisser, fertiliser; *intr.*: s'engraisser.

2. **bâtten**, *n.*: (*carp.*) volige, *f.*; battant, *m.*; chasse de tisserand, *f.*; chevion, *m.*; latte; (*nav.*) latte, *f.* 3. **batten**, *intr.*: construire en volige.

1. **bâtter**, *tr.*: battre en brèche; battre; délabrer; ébranler; écraser; démolir: — *with ordnance*, battre à coups de canon, canonner; — *in breach*, battre en brèche; — *down*, abattre, renverser, battre en ruine. 2. **batter**, *n.*: celui qui bat, porteur de la crosse (jeu de balle), *m.*; pâte de farine et d'œufs, *f.* —**-ed**, *adj.*: battu en brèche, battu; délabré; (*print.*) mauvais.

—**-er**, *n.*: abatteur; batteur, *m.* —**-ing**, *n.*: (*milit.*) action de battre en brèche, *f.* —**-piece**, *n.*: pièce de batterie, pièce de siège, *f.* —**-ram**, *n.*: bélier, *m.* —**-train**, *n.*: artillerie de siège, *f.*

battery, *n.*: batterie; action de battre en brèche, *f.*; (*jur.*) voies de fait, *f. pl.*; (*phys.*) batterie, *f.*: *galvanic* —, pile galvanique, *f.*

bàtting, *n.*: jeu de crosse, *m.*

bàttish, *adj.*: de chauve-souris.

1. **bàttle**, *n.*: bataille, *f.*; combat, *m.*

2. **battle**, *tr.*: se battre; combattre; battre, *tr.* —**-axe**, *n.*: hache d'armes, *f.*

—**-dore**, *n.*: battoir, *m.*; raquette, *f.* —**-ment**, *n.*: crêneau, *m.*

bätton = *batten*.

bätty = *battish*.

bäuble = *bauble*.

†bävaroy, *n.*: (*frock-coat*) polonaise, *f.*

bävin, *n.*: bourrée, fascine, *f.*; cotret, *m.*; (*of vine branches*) javelle, *f.*

bäubl-e, *n.*: babiole, bagatelle, *f.*; colifichet, *m.*; breloque, *f.*; *fool's* —, marotte de fou, *f.* **†-ing**, *adj.*: mesquin, de nulle valeur, qui n'est qu'une babiole.

†bäuceock, *n.*: godelureau, *m.*

bäedrick = *baldric*.

bäuel, *intr.*: crier, brailler; *tr.*: crier.

-er, *n.*: crieur, *m.*, crieuse, *f.*; brailleur, *m.*, brailleuse, *f.*; crieur, *m.*, crieuse, *f.*; *criailleuse*, *f.*; *brailleur*, *m.*, *brailleuse*, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: cri, *m.*; cris, *m. pl.*; crierie, *criallerie*, *clabauderie*, *f.*

†bäuen, *n.*: enclos, *m.*

1.bäy, *n.*: baie; (*arch.*) travée, *f.*: *small* —, anse, *f.*; — *of joists*, travée, *f.*

2.bäy, *n.*: écluse, *f.*

3.bäy, *n.*: laurier, *m.*, baie, *f.*

4.bäy, *intr.*: aboyer.

5.bäy, *n.*: aboiement, *m.*; abois, *m. pl.*: *the stag stands at —*, le cerf est aux abois; *keep any one at —*, mettre quelqu'un aux abois.

6.bäy, *adj.*: bai: *light* —, bai clair; *dark* —, bai brun; *chestnut* —, bai châtain; *gilded* —, bai fauve. **-ard** *ord*, *n.*: bai, cheval bai; cheval aveugle, *m.* **-ardly**, *adj.*: aveugle; stupide.

bäy-berry, *n.*: baie de laurier, *f.*

bäyed, *adj.*: (*mas.*) à ouvertures, à intervalles, à baies.

1.bäyonet, *n.*: baïonnette, *f.* **2.bäyonet**, *tr.*: tuer, blesser avec une baïonnette.

bäy-tree, *n.*: laurier, *m.*

bäy-window, *n.*: fenêtre en saillie, *f.*

bazä(a)r, *n.*: bazar, *m.*

bdëllium, *n.*: bdëllium, *m.*

bë (*pret. was*; *part. been*), *intr.*: être, exister; devoir, falloir: — *very well*, se porter très bien; *what is the matter?* qu'est-ce qu'il y a? qu'y a-t-il? — *out* (*to be mistaken*), se tromper; — *right*, avoir raison; — *wrong*, avoir tort; *that is nothing to me*, cela ne me regarde pas; cela ne me fait rien; — *a witness*, servir de témoin; — *better*, valoir mieux; se porter mieux; *it is no matter*, il n'importe, n'importe; *nobody is to know it*, personne ne doit le savoir; il faut que personne ne le sache; — *cold*, *warm*, *thirsty*, *hungry*, avoir froid, chaud, soif, faim; *it is warm, cold, fine*, il fait chaud, froid, beau; — *twenty, thirty years old*, avoir vingt ans, trente ans; *there to —*, y avoir, être; *there is*, il y a; il est;

there are, il y a; il est; *if it were not for, sans*; — *that as it may*, quoi qu'il en soit; *as it were*, pour ainsi dire.

bëach, *n.*: rivage; (*of a river*) bord, *m.*, rive, *f.*

1.bëacon, *n.*: balise, *f.*; fanal, phare, *m.*

2.beacon, *tr.*: allumer. **-age**, *n.*: droit de balise, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: surmonté d'un fanal, surmonté d'un phare; à fanal, à phare.

bëad, *n.*: grain de chapelet, de bracelet, de collier; chapelet, rosaire, *m.*; perle; bulle, *f.*; globe, *m.*; *thread* — *s*, enfileur des perles; *say over one's — s*, *tell one's — s*, dire son chapelet; *steel — s*, grains d'acier, *m. pl.* **2.bëad**, *tr.*: perler, former des globules.

bëadle, *n.*: bedeau; huissier; huissier audencier; sergent de ville, *m.*

bëad-maker, *n.*: fabricant de perles, de grains de perle, *m.*; patenôtrier, *m.*

-roll, *n.*: liste de ceux pour qui les prêtres doivent prier, *f.* **-sman**, *n.*: homme voué à la prière; homme qui intercède par la prière; moine, *m.* **-swoman**, *n.*: femme vouée à la prière; femme qui intercède par la prière, *f.*

bëagle, *n.*: chien basset, *m.*

1.bëak, *n.*: bec, *m.* **2.beak**, *tr.*: saisir avec le bec.

bëaker, *n.*: gobelet, *m.*; coupe, *f.*

bëak-iron, *n.*: bigorne, *f.*

1.bëam, *n.*: (*of timber*) poutre, *f.*; (*of light*) rayon; (*of a plough, a carriage*) timon; (*of scales*) fléau; (*nav.*) bau, *m.* **2.beam**, *intr.*: rayonner; *tr.*: lancer, darder des rayons. **-ends**, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) côté, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: rayonnement, *m.*

-less, *adj.*: sans rayon, sans éclat.

-tree, *n.*: alisier blanc, alisier commun, alouchier, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: rayonnant, brillant, massif.

bëan, *n.*: fève, *f.*: *French* —, haricot vert, *m.*

1.bëar (*pret. bore*; *part. borne, born*), *tr.*: porter; soutenir; supporter, souffrir; es-suyer; avoir; tenir; faire; garder: — *away*, remporter; — *down*, entraîner; renverser; — *out*, maintenir; justifier; avancer; — *company*, tenir compagnie; — *sway*, dominer, régner; — *the charges*, payer les frais; — *fruit*, porter fruit; — *interest*, (*com.*) porter intérêt; *be born*, naître; *be borne*, être porté, supporté, soutenu. **3.bëar**, *intr.*: souffrir; rapporter, être fertile; porter; se porter; peser.

2.bëar, *n.*: ours, *m.*, ourse, *f.*; (*at the exchange*) joueur à la baisse, baissier, *m.*

-baiting, *n.*: combat d'ours, *m.* **-bory**, *n.*: (*bot.*) raisin d'ours, *m.*

-bind, *n.*: (*bot.*) liseron des haies, *m.*

béard, *n.*: barbe; (*of an arrow*) dent, *f.*: (*do*) say to any one's —, faire (dire) à la barbe de quelqu'un. **2.beard**, *tr.*: braver, faire quelque chose à la barbe de quelqu'un. **-ed**, *adj.*: barbu, barbelé. **-less**, *adj.*: sans barbe; imberbe, qui n'a point de barbe: — *boy*, blanc bec, *m.* **-lessness**, *n.*: défaut de barbe, manque de barbe, *m.*

béarer, *n.*: porteur, *m.*, porteuse, *f.*: — *s of a tree*, crochets d'arbre, *m. pl.*

béar-garden, *n.*: arène où les dogues se battent avec les ours, *f.*; endroit où tout est en désordre, *m.*; pétaudière, *f.* **-herd**, *n.*: meneur d'ours, *m.*

béaring, *n.*: rapport; maintien, *m.*; conduite, *f.*; (*nav.*) gisement, *m.*; hauteur, situation, *f.*; (*her.*) armes, armoiries, *f. pl.*: — *out*, (*arch.*) saillie, avance, *f.* **-block**, *n.*: (*tech.*) support, *m.* **-cloth**, *n.*: robe baptismale *f.* **-neck**, *n.*: tou-rillon, *m.* **-rein**, *n.*: rêne, *f.* **-sur-face**, *n.*: point d'appui, *m.* **-wall**, *n.*: mur de refend, *m.*

béar-ish, *adj.*: d'ours. **-like**, *adj.*: qui tient de l'ours, semblable à un ours. **-s-ear**, *n.*: (*bot.*) oreille d'ours, *f.* **-s-whortle-berry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) raisin d'ours, *m.*

béast, *n.*: bête; (*card game*) bête, *f.*; (*of a person*) animal, *m.*; bête, brute, *f.*: *wild* —, bête sauvage, *f.*; — *of burden*, bête de somme, *f.*; — *of chase*, bête de chasse, *f.* **-liness**, *n.*: brutalité; saleté, saloperie, obscénité, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: bestial; sale, vilain, malpropre.

1.béat (*pret.* *beat*; *part.* *beaten*), *tr.*: battre; frapper; piler, broyer; l'emporter sur: — *down*, abattre; diminuer: — *back*, repousser; — *in*, faire entrer de force; — *any one hollow*, — *any one all to nothing*, battre quelqu'un à plate couture; — *away*, éloigner, écarter; — *black and blue*, meurtrir. **2.beat**, *intr.*: battre; être agité: — *up for soldiers*, recruter des soldats; — *about*, (*nav.*) louvoyer; — *up to windward*, courir des bordées; — *against*, battre, se briser, se froisser. **3.beat**, *n.*: battement; son, *m.*; station, (*of policemen*) ronde, *f.*; (*hunt.*) lieu où se fait une battue, *m.*; — *of the drum*, batterie de tambour, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: batteur, *m.*; (*instrument*) batte, *f.*; (*print.*) balle, *f.*; (*tech.*) fouloir, *m.*

be-atific(al), *adj.*: béatifique. **-atifico-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière béatifique. **-atification**, *n.*: béatification, *f.* **-atify**, *tr.*: béatifier.

béating, *n.*: batterie; bourrade; volée, rossée, *f.*; coups, *m. pl.*

beau *bô*, *n.*: damoiseau; plumet (*military* *beau*); petit-maitre; amant; futur, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: pimpant, fat.

beau-teous, *adj.*: beau. **-teously**, *adv.*: avec beauté. **-teousness**, *n.*: beauté; bonne grâce, *f.* **-tiful**, *n.*: personne, chose qui embellit, *f.* **-tiful**, *adj.*: beau, superbe. **-tifully**, *adv.*: avec beauté, admirablement, d'une belle manière; parfaitement bien. **-tifulness**, *n.*: beauté, *f.* **-tify**, *tr.*: embellir, orner; *intr.*: s'embellir. **-ty**, *n.*: beauté, *f.*; charme, *m.* **-ty-spot**, *n.*: mouche, *f.*; grain de beauté, *m.* **-ty-wash**, **-ty-water**, *n.*: eau de beauté, *f.*

béaver, *n.*: castor; chapeau de castor, *m.*, (*of a helmet*) visière, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: coiffé d'un chapeau.

becalm, *tr.*: apaiser, calmer; (*nav.*) abriter, abrier: *be becalmed*, (*nav.*) être abrité, être pris de calme.

because, *conj.*: parce que, à cause que, de ce que: — *of*, à cause de.

1.bechance, *adv.*: par accident. **2.bechance**, *intr.*: arriver, avenir, advenir.

bechärm, *tr.*: charmer, ensorceler.

1.béck, *n.*: signe (de main, de tête), *m.* **2.béck-on**, *intr.*: faire signe; inviter. **2-on**, *tr.*: faire signe à. **3-on**, *n.*: signe (du doigt, de la main), *m.*

beclôud, *tr.*: couvrir d'un nuage, couvrir de nuages.

1.becôm-e (*pret.* *became*; *part.* *become*), *intr.*: devenir: *what will become of me?* que deviendrai-je? **2-o**, *intr.*: aller bien à, seoir à, convenir à, être propre à: — *ill*, convenir mal, peu. **-ing**, *adj.*: avenant, séant, bienséant, convenable, qui sied bien, qui va bien. **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec bienséance, convenablement. **-ingness**, *n.*: convenance; bienséance, *f.*

1.béd, *n.*: lit, *m.*; couche, *f.*: — *of a river*, lit de rivière; *feather—*, lit de plume; *state—*, lit de parade; *fold—*, lit brisé, lit de sangle; *tent—*, lit à tombeau; *press—*, lit en forme d'armoire; *four-post* —, lit à quenouilles: — *of a ship*, (*nav.*) souille, *f.*: — *of a gun*, coussin de mire, *m.*; — (*gard.*) massif, carreau, *m.*; couche, planche, plate-bande, *f.* **2.béd**, *tr.*: coucher, mettre au lit; coucher avec; loger, fixer; *intr.*: coucher, se coucher.

bedâbble, *tr.*: éclabousser, asperger.

bedâggle, *tr.*: croter.

bedârken, *tr.*: assombrir, obscurcir.

bedâsh, *tr.*: éclabousser, arroser, mouiller.

bedâub, *tr.*: souiller, salir; barbouiller.

bedâzzle, *tr.*: éblouir.

béd-bolt, *n.*: cheville, *f.*; boulon qui traverse l'affût d'un canon, *m.* **-bug**, *n.*: punaise (des lits) *f.*: *good for —*, cimifuge. **-chamber**, *n.*: chambre à coucher, *f.* **-clothes**, *n.*: couvertures, *f. pl.*; draps, *m. pl.* **-ding**, *n.*: literie, *f.*; coucher, *m.*

bedeck, *tr.*: orner, parer, décorer.

†**bedehouse**, *n.*: hospice, *m.*

bedel, *n.*: appariteur, *m.* -**ry**, *n.*: fonctions d'appariteur, de massier, *f. pl.*

bedesman = *bedsman*.

bedevil, *tr.*: faire endiabler; lutiner.

bedew, *tr.*: arroser, mouiller. -**er**, *n.*: chose qui mouille, *f.* †**-y**, *adj.*: humide de rosée.

bed-fellow, *n.*: camarade de lit, coucheur, *m.*; compagne de lit, coucheuse, *f.* -**frame**, *n.*: bois de lit, *m.* -**hangings**, *n. pl.*: tour de lit, *m.*; tenture de lit, *f.*

†**bedight**, *tr.*: décorer, parer, orner.

bedim, *tr.*: obscurcir, rembrunir.

†**bedisual**, *tr.*: attrister.

bedizen, *tr.*: parer, orner.

bedlam, *n.*: Bedlam (hôpital des fous), *m.*; petites maisons, *f. pl.*; fou, *m.*, folle, *f.* -**ite**, *n.*: fou, *m.*, folle, *f.* -**like**, *adv.*: en fou, en insensé, comme un fou, comme une folle.

bed-maker, personne qui fait le lit, chambrière, *f.* -**moulding**, *n.*: (arch.) filet, *m.* -**post**, *n.*: colonne de lit, quenouille de lit, *f.* -**presser**, *n.*: dormeur, dormeuse, *f.*

bedrægle, *tr.*: crotter (le bas de la robe).

bedrench, *tr.*: tremper, abreuver.

bed-rid, -**ridden**, *adj.*: grabataire, alité.

-**room**, *n.*: chambre à coucher, *f.*

bedröp, *tr.*: arroser, mouiller, tacheter, semer, parsemer.

bed-screw, *n.*: écrou de lit, *m.*; vis de lit, *f.* -**side**, *n.*: ruelle, *f.*; bord du lit, *m.* -**stead**, *n.*: bois de lit, lit, *m.* -**straw**, *n.*: paille, *f.*; (bot.) caille-lait; gaillet, *m.* -**swerver**, *n.*: époux infidèle, *m.*, épouse infidèle, *f.* -**time**, *n.*: heure de se coucher, *f.*; temps de se coucher, *m.*

bedüng, *tr.*: engraisser avec du fumier, fumer.

bedward *word*, *adv.*: vers le lit.

bedwarf, *tr.*: rapetisser.

bedye, *tr.*: teindre.

bée, *n.*: abeille; mouche à miel, *f.*: **ring** -**s**, carillonner les abeilles; *swarm of* -, essaim d'abeilles, *m.* -**board**, *n.*: tablette à ruches, *f.* -**bread**, *n.*: pain d'abeilles, *m.*

béech, -**tree**, *n.*: (bot.) hêtre, fouteau, fayard, *m.*: plantation of -**s**, fouteulaie, *f.* -**martin**, *n.*: (mam.) fouine, *f.* -**mast**, -**nut**, *n.*: (bot.) faîne, *f.* -**oil**, *n.*: huile de faîne, *f.*

bée-eater, *n.*: (orni.) guépier, *m.*

bœef (*beeves*), *n.*: bœuf, *m.* -**eater**, *n.*: mangeur de bœuf; (orni.) pique-bœuf; soldat au gardes de la Tour de Londres, *m.*

bœe-flower, *n.*: (bot.) orchis, *m.*

bœef-steak, *n.*: bifteck, *m.* -**tea**, *n.*: bouillon, consommé, *m.* †**-witted**, *adj.*: lourd comme un bœuf.

bœe-garden, *n.*: rucher, *m.* -**hive**, *n.*: ruche, *f.* -**house**, *n.*: rucher, *m.* -**like**, *adj.*: d'abeille, comme les abeilles. -**master**, *n.*: éleveur d'abeilles, *m.*

bœer, *n.*: bière, *f.*

bœer-engine, *n.*: pompe à bière, *f.* -**house**, *n.*: taverne (où l'on ne vend que de la bière), *f.* -**shop**, *n.*: débit, *m.*: boutique de bière, *f.*

bœet, *n.*: (bot.) bette, betterave, *f.* -**chard**, *n.*: (bot.) carde poirée, *f.*

1. **bœetle**, *n.*: (*laundress*) battoir, *m.*; (*pavior's*) hie, demoiselle, *f.*; (*of a pile-driver*) mouton, *m.* 2. **beetle**, *tr.*: frapper d'un battoir, marteller.

3. **bœetle**, *n.*: (ent.) scarabée, escarbot, *m.*

4. **beetle**, *intr.*: surplomber, faire saillie.

-**brow**, *n.*: sourcil épais; front saillant (en saillie, en surplomb), front puissant, *m.* -**browed**, *adj.*: à sourcils épais; à front saillant (puissant).

bœetle-head, *n.*: souche, bûche, ganache, *f.* -**headed**, *adj.*: lourd, stupide. -**stock**, *n.*: (tech.) manche de mail, de mailloche, *f.*

bœet-radish, -**rave**, -**root**, *n.*: (bot.) betterave, *f.*

befall (pret. *befell*; part. *befallen*), *tr.*, *intr.*: arriver à, survenir à; échoir.

befathered, *adj.*: emplumé, couvert de plumes.

befuddled, *adj.*: fou du violon.

befit, *tr.*: convenir à.

befoam, *tr.*: couvrir d'écume.

befool, *tr.*: duper, tromper.

before, *prep.*: (*of time*) avant; (*of place*) devant; par devant; (*jur.*) par-devant; *adv.*: (*of time*) auparavant, avant; (*of place*) en avant; *conj.*: avant que; plutôt que. -**hand**, *adv.*: par avance, d'avance. -**time**, *adv.*: autrefois.

†**befortune**, *tr.*: arriver à, survenir à.

befoul, *tr.*: salir, souiller.

befriend, *tr.*: favoriser; être l'ami de.

befringe, *tr.*: franger.

bæg, *tr.*: mendier; demander, prier; *intr.*: mendier. — *of*, prier.

begäss, *n.*: bagasse, bagace, *f.*

begöt (pret. *begot*; part. *begotten*), *tr.*: engendrer; produire; causer. -**ter**, *n.*: auteur, producteur, *m.*

bëgg-able, *adj.*: à demander. 1. -**ar**, *n.*: mendiant, *m.*, mendiante, *f.*; gueux, *m.* 2. -**ar**, *tr.*: réduire à la mendicité; rendre impossible, rendre impuissant. -**ar-girl**, -**maid**, *n.*: jeune mendiante, *f.* -**arliness**, *n.*: gueuserie, pauvreté, misère, *f.* 1. -**arly**, *adj.*: chétif, pauvre,

misérable. 2. **-arly**, *adv.*: misérablement, chétivement. **-ar-man**, *n.*: mendiant, *m.* **-ar-woman**, *n.*: mendicante, *f.* **-ary**, *n.*: mendicité, misère, *f.*

begin (pret. *begin*; part. *begun*), *tr.*: commencer; *intr.*: commencer: — *afresh*, recommencer, se renouveler. **-er**, *n.*: commençant, *m.*; commençante, *f.*; débutant, *m.*; débutante, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: commencement, *m.*

begird, **†begirt** (pret. *begirt*; part. *begirt*), *tr.*: ceindre, enceindre; entourer; cerner.

begnâve, *tr.*: ronger.

begône! *interj.*: va-t'en allez-vous-en! retire-toi! retirez-vous! loin d'ici!

begötton, *see* **beget**.

begrêase, *tr.*: graisser.

begrime, *tr.*: barbouiller, souiller.

begrudge, *tr.*: envier à; refuser à; plaindre, se plaindre.

beguile, *tr.*: décevoir; abuser; surprendre; tromper; faire oublier à. **-er**, *n.*: trompeur, *m.*; trompeuse, *f.*

beguine, *n.*: béguine; dévote minutieuse, *f.*

behâlf, *n.*: faveur; part. *f.*; (*com.*) profit, *m.*: on *his* —, de sa part; in — *of*, en faveur de; (*com.*) au profit de; on — *of*, au nom de.

behâve, *intr.*: se comporter; se conduire; *tr.*: comporter, conduire: — *one's self*, se comporter, se conduire. **-vio(u)r**, *n.*: conduite, tenue, contenance, manière d'être, *f.*; manières, *f. pl.*

behêad, *tr.*: décapiter, décoller. **-ing**, *n.*: décapitation; (*of* *St. John the Baptist*) décollation, *f.*

bêhemoth, *n.*: bête, *m.*

behêst, *n.*: commandement, *m.*

behind, *prep.*: derrière; après; en retard; *adv.*: derrière, par derrière, en arrière. **-hand**, *adj.*: en arrière, en retard; en reste; tardif.

1. **behöld** (pret., part. *beheld*), *tr.*: voir, regarder; contempler. 2. **behöld!** *interj.*: voila! voyez! voila! voila! tenez! **-en**, *adj.*: redevable, obligé. **-er**, *n.*: spectateur, *m.*

behöof, *n.*: avantage, *m.*; faveur, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à sabot.

behöove, **behöve**, *intr. imp.*: convenir, falloir.

behöwl, *intr.*: hurler après.

1. **bëing**, *pres. part.* (*of to be*): étant; *the time* —, le temps présent, *m.* 2. **bëing**, *n.*: être, *m.*; existence, *f.* **†-place**, *n.*: existence, *f.*

beknâve, *tr.*: traiter de coquin.

belâbo(u)r, *tr.*: rosser, battre.

†belâee, *tr.*: tresser; galonner; donner les écrivures à.

belâted, *adj.*: attardé, annité, surpris par la nuit.

belây, *tr.*: intercepter le passage de, arrêter, entraver; (*nav.*) amarrer.

1. **belch**, *tr.*: vomir; *intr.*: roter; vomir: — *out blasphemies*, vomir des blasphèmes.

2. **belch**, *n.*: rot, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: roteur, *m.*

beldam, *n.*: sorcière; vieille, *f.*

belêaguer, *tr.*: assiéger. **-er**, *n.*: assiégeant, *m.*

belêe, *tr.*: (*nav.*) abriter; dérober le vent à.

belêper, *tr.*: infecter de la lèpre.

belfry, *n.*: clocher; beffroi; (*nav.*) mont de cloche, *m.*

Bëlgian, *adj.*: belge; *n.*: Belge, *m. f.*

belie, *tr.*: contrefaire; calomnier; démentir.

belief, *n.*: foi, créance, croyance, *f.*; credo, *m.*: *light of* —, crédulité; *hard of* —, incrédule; *past* —, incroyable; *to the best of one's* —, autant qu'on le sache.

-vâle, *adj.*: croyable, probable. 1. **-ve**, *intr.*: croire: — *in God*, croire en Dieu; *I — so*, je crois que oui; je le crois; *I — not*, je crois que non; je ne le crois pas.

2. **-ve**, *tr.*: croire: *I — you*, je vous crois; *if you are to be believed*, à vous en croire.

-ver, *n.*: croyant, *m.*; croyante, *f.*; fidèle, *m. f.* **-vingly**, *adv.*: avec foi.

belike, *adv.*: apparemment, peut-être.

belime, *tr.*: engluier.

1. **bëll**, *n.*: cloche, clochette, *f.*; grelot, *m.*; sonnette, *f.*; (*arch.*) vase, *m.*; corbeille, *f.*; (*horol.*) timbre, *m.*; chime *of* —, carillon, *m.*; — *of a trumpet*, pavillon de trompette, *m.*; — *of a flower*, (*bot.*) calice d'une fleur, *m.*; *ring the* —, sonner.

2. **bell**, *intr.*: fleurir en forme de grelot, de cloche.

3. **bëll**, *intr.*: (*hunt.*) raire, réer.

bëlladonna, *n.*: (*bot.*) belladone, belle-dame, *f.*

bëlle, *n.*: belle, *f.*

bëlled, *adj.*: à clochette, à grelot; (*hawk-ing*) grilleté.

belles-lettres, *n.*: belles-lettres, *f. pl.*

bëll-fashioned, *adj.*: en cloche.

-flower, *n.*: (*bot.*) campanule, clochette, *f.*

-founder, *n.*: fondeur de cloches, *m.*

-foundery, *n.*: fonderie de cloches, *f.*

-gable, *n.*: (*arch.*) clocheton en forme de pignon, *m.*

-glass, *n.*: cloche de jardin, *f.*

-hanger, *n.*: poseur de sonnettes, *m.*

bëllied, *adj.*: à ventre: *big* —, à gros ventre, ventru.

1. **bëlligerent**, *adj.*: belligérant. 2. **bëlligerent**, *n.*: belligérant, *m.*

1. **bëlling**, *n.*: (*hunt.*) brament, *m.*

2. **bëlling**, *adj.*: (*of hops*) qui croît en forme de cloche.

bëll-man, *n.*: homme à la cloche; crieur

public, *m.* -**metal**, *n.*: métal de cloche, *m.* -**mouth**, *n.*: (tech.) évasement, *m.* -**mouthed**, *adj.*: (tech.) évasé.
bellow, *intr.*: beugler, mugir; gronder.
bellows, *n. pl.*: soufflet, *m. sing.*
bell-pull, *n.*: cordon de sonnette, *m.* -**ringer**, *n.*: sonneur, *m.* -**rope**, *n.*: corde de cloche, *f.*; cordon de sonnette, *m.* -**shaped**, *adj.*: en cloche. -**tower**, *n.*: beffroi, clocher, *m.* -**turret**, *n.*: (arch.) clocheton, *m.* -**wether**, *n.*: sonnailler, *m.*
belly, *n.*: ventre, *m.*: — *of a lute*, table de luth, *f.* 2. **belly**, *intr.*: bomber, faire ventre, pousser en dehors; se gonfler. -**ache**, *n.*: mal au ventre, *m.* -**band**, *n.*: sous-ventrière, *f.* -**bound**, *adj.*: constipé. †-**cheer**, *n.*: bonne chère, *f.* -**full**, *n.*: soûl, *m.*: *I had my — of it*, j'en ai eu tout mon soûl. †-**god**, *n.*: glouton, *m.* †-**pinched**, *adj.*: affamé. †-**slave**, *n.*: esclave de son ventre, *m.* -**timber**, *n.*: (pop.) nourriture, *f.*, vivres, *m. pl.*
belong, *intr.*: appartenir, être à.
beloved, *adj.*: chéri, bien-aimé, favori.
below, *prep.*: sous, en dessous de; après, depuis; (nav.) en aval de; *adv.*: au-dessous, en bas; ici-bas.
belt, *n.*: ceinturon, baudrier, *m.* 2. **belt**, *tr.*: attacher, ceindre. -**ing**, *n.*: ceinture, *f.* -**ing-course**, *n.*: (arch.) chaine, *f.* -**maker**, *n.*: ceinturier, *m.* -**strap**, *n.*: allonge de ceinturon; bélière, *f.*
belvedere, *n.*: belvédère, *m.*
bemad, *tr.*: rendre fou.
bemask, *tr.*: masquer.
†**bemaul**, *tr.*: rosser, maltraiter.
bemire, *tr.*: embourber, crotter.
bemoan, *tr.*: plaindre, lament. -**er**, *n.*: faiseur de lamentations, *m.*
†**bemock**, *intr. and tr.*: se moquer; se moquer de.
†**bemöil**, *tr.*: embouer.
bemöisten, *intr.*: humecter, rendre moite; rendre humide.
béneh, *n.*: banc, *m.*; banquette, *f.*; (tech.) établi, *m.*; banc, siège, tribunal, *m.*; cour de justice, *f.*: *court of King's —*, of Queen's —, cour du Banc du roi, de la reine; — *of a canal*, berme, *f.*; *play to empty —es*, (theat.) jouer devant les banquettes, jouer pour les banquettes.
2. **bench**, *tr.*: garnir de bancs; placer sur un banc. -**er**, *n.*: juge; avocat de premier rang, *m.*
bénd (pret., part. bent), *tr.*: plier; courber, faire plier; incliner, tendre, bander; fléchir; appliquer, diriger; (nav.) nouer: — *one's brows*, froncer le sourcil, rider le front; — *one's endeavours*, appliquer ses efforts; — *one's knee*, fléchir le genou; —

a sail, (nav.) enverguer une voile; — a cable, étalinguer un câble; *on bended knees*, à genoux. 2. **bénd**, *intr.*: plier, ployer; se courber, être courbé; se pencher, s'incliner; s'appliquer; tourner; fléchir. 3. **bénd**, *n.*: courbure; inclinaison, *f.*; pli, détour, *m.*; coude, *m.*; (nav.) noeud, *m.*; (her.) bande, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui courbe, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: courbé, incliné, penchant, penché. -**y**, *n.*: (her.) bande, *f.*
benéath, *prep.*: sous; au-dessous de; *adv.*: dessous, au-dessous, en bas.
benedictine, *n.*: bénédictin, *m.*, bénédictine, *f.* 2. **benedictine**, *adj.*: de l'ordre de saint-Benoît; bénédictin.
benediction, *n.*: bénédiction, *f.*; bénédicité, *m.*
benefac-tion, *n.*: don, bienfait, *m.*; œuvre de bienfaisance, *f.*; grâce, faveur, *f.* -**tor**, *n.*: bienfaiteur, *m.* -**tress**, *n.*: bienfaitrice, *f.*
bén-efice, *n.*: bénéfice, *m.* -**d**, *adj.*: qui a un bénéfice.
benéfi-cence, *n.*: bienfaisance, *f.* -**cent**, *adj.*: bienfaisant. -**cently**, *adv.*: avec bienfaisance.
beneficial, *adj.*: bienfaisant, salutaire; avantageux, utile; (jur.) qui a droit au bénéfice. -**ficially**, *adv.*: salutairement, avantageusement, utilement. -**ficialness**, *n.*: avantage, profit, *m.*; utilité, *f.* 1. -**ficary**, *adj.*: (feud.) qui relève d'un seigneur; de feudataire. 2. -**fiary**, *n.*: bénéficiaire; (feudalism) feudataire, *m.* -**ficent**, *adj.*: bienfaisant.
bénéfît, *n.*: bienfait; service; bénéfice; profit, avantage, *m.*; (theat.) représentation à bénéfice, *f.* 2. **bénéfît**, *tr.*: avoir du bénéfice, tirer du profit, profiter; faire du bien; *intr.*: profiter. -**night**, *n.*: (theat.) représentation à bénéfice, *f.* -**so-ciety**, *n.*: société de secours mutuels, *f.*
benévo-lence, *n.*: bienveillance, bonté, bienfaisance, *f.*; don gratuit, *m.* -**lent**, *adj.*: bienveillant, bienfaisant; (jest.) benévole. -**lently**, *adv.*: avec bienveillance, avec bienfaisance, bénévolement.
Ben-galge, *n.*: bengali, dialecte du Bengale, *m.* -**galège**, *n.*: natif du Bengale, *m.*
benight, *tr.*: obscurcir. -**ed**, *adj.*: annulé; couvert de ténèbres; ignorant.
be-nign, *adj.*: bénin, bienfaisant, généreux. -**nignant**, *adj.*: bon, gracieux, bienveillant. -**nignity**, *n.*: benignité, douceur, *f.* -**niguly**, *adv.*: bénignement.
†**bénison**, *n.*: bénédiction, *f.*
benjamin, *n.*: benjoin, *m.*; assa dulcis, *f.*
bénnet, *n.*: (bot.) benoîte; galiote, *f.*
bént, *part. (of bend)*: courbé, plié; —

on, décidé à; appliqué à. **2.bent**, *n.*: pli; penchant, *m.*: pente; courbure, *f.*
-grass, *n.*: (*bot.*) agrostide, *f.*
benumb, *tr.*: engourdir; glacer. **-edness**, *n.*: engourdissement, *m.*
ben-zôic, *adj.*: (*chem.*) benzoïque. **-zôin**, *n.*: benjoin, *m.*
bepânt, *tr.*: peindre; barbouiller, peindre.
bepépper, *tr.*: poivrer.
bepineh, *tr.*: pincer.
beplâster, *tr.*: (*fam.*) plâtrer.
beplûme, *tr.*: (*fam.*) emplumer.
bepowder, *tr.*: (*fam.*) poudrer.
beprâise, *tr.*: louer.
bequêath-e, *tr.*: léguer, laisser. **-er**, *n.*: testateur, *m.*; testatrice, *f.* **†ment**, *n.*: legs, *m.*; action de léguer, *f.*
bequêt, *n.*: legs, héritage, *m.*
berâte, *tr.*: insulter; vilipender.
berâtte, *tr.*: remplir de bruit.
†berây, *tr.*: souiller, salir.
berberry, *n.*: (*bot.*) épine-vinette, *f.*
berêave (*reg.*; or *pret.* **berest**, *part. berest*), *tr.*: dépouiller, priver. **-ment**, *n.*: privation, *f.*
bergamot, *n.*: bergamote, *f.*
berhyme, *tr.*: rimer.
berlin, *n.*: berline (*carriage*, voiture), *f.*
berme, *n.*: berme, *f.*
bernardine, *adj.*: de saint-Bernard, des Bernardins.
berried, *adj.*: à baies; à grains; plein de baies. **1.-ry**, *n.*: baie, *f.*; grain, *m.* **2.-ry**, *intr.*: porter des baies. **-ry-bearing**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) baccifère.
berth, *n.*: (*nav.*) cabine, *f.*; (*nav.*) poste, évitage, *m.*
béryl, *n.*: (*min.*) béryl, *m.* **-line**, *adj.*: de béryl.
†beserâul, *tr.*: (*of writing*) barbouiller.
†bescribble, *tr.*: (*of writing*) barbouiller.
besêech (*reg.*; or *pret.*, *part.* **besought**), *tr.*: supplier, conjurer, implorer. **-er**, *n.*: suppliant, *m.*; suppliante, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: supplication, *f.*
besêem, *intr.*: convenir à, seoir à. **-ly**, *adj.*: convenable, bienséant.
besêt (*pret.*, *part.* **beset**), *tr.*: assiéger, obséder; entourer; embarrasser. **-ting**, *adj.*: habituel.
beshrêw, *tr.*: maudire.
beside, *-s*, *prep.*: à côté de, auprès de; outre; hors, hors de; hormis, excepté; *adv.*: d'ailleurs, en outre, encore; hors de là; au delà: **be — one's self**, être hors de soi; — *that*, outre que.
besiêge, *tr.*: assiéger. **-ged**, *n.*: assiégé, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: assiégeant, *m.* **1.-ging**, *n.*: action d'assiéger, *f.*; siège, *m.* **2.-ging**, *adj.*: de siège.
beslûbber, *tr.*: couvrir de bave.

besmear, *tr.*: barbouiller, salir; enduire.
†besmireh, *tr.*: souiller, salir.
besmôke, *tr.*: enfumer, noircir.
besmût, *tr.*: noircir avec de la suie.
besnûff, *tr.*: barbouiller de tabac.
1.bêsom, *n.*: balai, *m.* **2.besom**, *tr.*: balayer.
†besôrt, *tr.*: convenir à, aller bien à.
besôt, *tr.*: assoter; abrutir, rendre stupide. **-ted**, *past part.*: infatué; stupéfié; abruti. **-tedly**, *adv.*: sottement, stupidement. **-tedness**, *n.*: abrutissement, *m.*
besought, *see beseech*.
bespangle, *tr.*: orner de paillettes; parsemer.
bespâtter, *tr.*: éclabousser, couvrir de boue; asperger; noircir, diffamer, flétrir.
†bespaul, *tr.*: cracher sur.
bespeak (*pret.* **bespoke**; *part.* **bespoken**), *tr.*: commander, faire faire; retenir; prévenir; discourir; parler à, s'adresser à: — *a place*, retenir une place; — *a coat*, commander, faire faire un habit. **-er**, *n.*: celui qui commande, qui fait faire, *m.*
bespêckle, *tr.*: tacher, marquer, moucheater.
bespiee, *tr.*: épicer, assaisonner.
bespôt, *tr.*: tacher, salir, souiller, crotter.
besprêad, *tr.*: tendre, étendre; semer; couvrir.
†besprênt, *adj.*: arrosé; semé; couvert.
besprinkl-e, *tr.*: arroser, parsemer. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui arrose, *f.*
bespûrt, *tr.*: asperger.
bespûtter, *tr.*: cracher sur, couvrir de crachats.
1.bêst, *adj.*: meilleur, le meilleur, le mieux: *do one's —*, faire tout son possible; faire de son mieux; *act for the —*, faire agir pour le mieux; *the — of my remembrance*, autant que je puis m'en souvenir; *the — of it is that*, le meilleur est que; *at —*, au mieux, tout au mieux; au plus, tout au plus; *for the —*, pour le mieux, au mieux; *have the — of it*, avoir le dessus; *make the — of*, tirer tout ce qu'on peut de; tirer le meilleur parti de.
2.best, *adv.*: mieux, le mieux; plus: *strive who shall do —*, faire à qui mieux mieux; *one had —*, mieux vaudrait.
bestâin, *tr.*: tacher.
†bestêad, *tr.*: profiter à, servir à.
bêstî-al, *adj.*: bestial, de bête. **-alîse**, *tr.*: abrutir. **-alîty**, *n.*: bestialité, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: bestialement.
bestick, *tr.*: fixer sur... au moyen de pointes, de clous.
bestir, *tr.*: remuer: — *one's self*, se remuer.
bestôie, *tr.*: donner; appliquer; dispenser; accorder; conférer, employer, con-

sser: — a kindness on any one, faire une faveur, rendre un bon office à quelqu'un. -al, n.: action d'accorder, de donner, f. -or, n.: dispensateur, m., dispensatrice, f. -ing, n.: donation, f.; don, m.

bestraddle, tr.: enfourcher.

†**bestraught**, adj.: insensé, égaré, aliéné, fou, hors de soi.

bestrow, tr.: joncher.

bestride (pret. *bestrode*, *bestrid*; part. *bestridden*, tr.: (a horse) monter; enjamber, enfourcher.

bestud, tr.: orner de clous.

1. **bêt**, n.: pari, m., gageure, f. 2. **bet**, tr.: parier, gager, faire un pari, faire une gageure.

betag, tr.: galonner.

betake (pret. *betook*; part. *betaken*), tr.: — *one's self*, se livrer, se mettre, s'adonner, se retirer; — *one's self to one's study*, se retirer dans son cabinet; — *one's self to one's heels*, se sauver, s'enfuir; — *one's self to one's studies*, se livrer à ses études.

bethink (pret. part. *betought*), intr.: ruminer; s'aviser; réfléchir; tr.: se rappeler, se ressouvenir.

béthlehem, n.: hospice pour les aliénés, m.; see *bedlam*. -ite, n.: (geog.) Bethléhémite, m., f.: habitant de Bedlam, m.; habitante de Bedlam, f.

†**bethral**, tr.: rendre esclave; asservir.

bethump, tr.: rosser, étriller, assommer.

betide, tr.: arriver à, advenir à; prédire, annoncer; intr.: arriver, advenir.

betime, -s, adv.: de bonne heure.

betoken, tr.: indiquer; annoncer, dénoter.

béton, n.: béton, m.

bétony, n.: (bot.) bétoine, f.

betoss, tr.: ballotter; berner.

betray, tr.: trahir, livrer; laisser; abandonner. -er, n.: traître, m., traîtresse, f.; chose qui trahit, f.

betrim, tr.: parer, orner, décorer, embellir.

betroth, tr.: fiancer, accorder. 1. -ed, adj.: fiancé, accordé. 2. -ed, n.: fiancé, accordé, m.; fiancée, accordée, f. -ing, -ment, n.: fiançailles, (pop.) accordailles, f. pl.

†**betrust**, tr.: confier, placer entre les mains. -ment, n.: confiance, f.; dépôt, m.; chose confiée, f.

1. **better**, adj.: meilleur: — *and* —, de mieux en mieux; *for the* —, en mieux; *be* —, se trouver mieux, se rétablir; valoir mieux; *grow* —, devenir meilleur; se porter mieux, se rétablir; *the* — *the day*, *the* — *the deed*, bon jour, bonne œuvre; *get the* — *of*, prendre le dessus de; avoir le

dessus de; l'emporter sur; venir à bout de; se rétablir de. 2. **better**, adv.: mieux: *be* —, valoir mieux; *so much the* —! tant mieux! — *and* —, de mieux en mieux; *be* —, valoir mieux, se porter mieux, être mieux; *get* —, aller mieux, se porter mieux; *I had* —, je ferais mieux; *think* —, (refl.) se raviser; *I like her the* — *for it*, je l'en aime davantage; *the more I know you, the* — *I like you*, plus je vous connais, plus je vous aime.

3. **better**, n.: supérieur, m.: *one's elders and* —s, gens qui valent mieux que soi. 4. **better**, tr.: améliorer, avancer. -ing-house, n.: maison de correction, f. -ment, n.: amélioration, f.

bétt-ing, n.: pari (action), m. -or, n.: parieur; joueur, m.

bétty, n.: monseigneur (instrument), m.

betumbled, adj.: en désordre.

1. **betwœn**, prep.: entre: — *us*, entre nous; — *wind and water*, à fleur d'eau.

2. **between**, n.: intervalle, m.

betwixt, prep.: entre: — *and between*, entre les deux.

1. **bével**, n.: (tech.) fausse équerre, f.

2. **bevel**, adj.: de biais; en biseau.

3. **bevel**, tr.: équarrir, tailler en biseau; intr.: aller en biais, biaiser; (mines) diriger.

-ing, n.: manière de couper le bois en biais, f.: biseau, m.; adj.: de biais.

béverage, n.: breuvage, m.; boisson, f.

bévil = *bevel*.

bévy, n.: volée; troupe, bande, f.: — *of partridges*, compagnie de perdrix, f.: — *of quails*, volée de caillies, f.; — *of animals*, troupe d'animaux, f.; — *of roebucks*, troupe de chevreuils, f.

bewail, tr.: regretter, pleurer; intr.: se lamenter. -er, n.: personne qui pleure, qui déplore, f. -ing, n.: lamentation, f.

beware, intr.: se garder, prendre garde.

bewêep, tr., intr.: pleurer.

bewêt, tr.: humecter.

bewhisker, tr.: parer de favoris.

bewilder, tr.: égarer, embrouiller, embarrasser, dérouter; transporter, ravir.

bewitch, tr.: ensorceler; enchanter. -er, n.: ensorceleur, m., ensorceleuse, f.

-ery, n.: ensorcellement. †**ful**, adj.: ravissant, enchanteur. -ing, adj.: enchanteur, séduisant. -ingly, adv.: d'une manière séduisante.

†**bewrây**, tr.: déceler; tromper; trahir.

†**er**, n.: traître, m., traîtresse, f.

bêy, n.: bey, m.

beyônd, prep.: delà, par delà, au-delà de; au dessus de; outre; hors de; adv.: là bas: — *measure*, outre mesure, démesurément; *be* — *reach of*, être hors de la portée de.

bezant, *n.*: (*Rom. ant., her.*) besant, *m.*
bezantier, *n.*: (*hant.*) second andouiller, *m.*

bézel, **bezil**, *n.*: (*of a ring*) chaton, *m.*

bézoar, *n.*: bézoard, *m.*

bezonian, *n.*: coquin, gueux.

biangu-late, **-lous**, *adj.*: à deux angles.

1. bias, *n.*: biais, *m.*; pente, *f.*, penchant; but; préjugé, *m.* **2. bias**, *tr.*: incliner; faire pencher; prévenir; influencer, porter à; diriger. **3. bias**, *adj.*: de biais, de travers. **4. bias**, *adv.*: de biais, de travers. **-drawing**, *n.*: prévention, partialité, *f.* **-sed**, *part.*: incliné, etc.; prévenu, plein de préjugés, partial.

1. bib, *n.*: bavette, *f.*

2. bib, *tr.*: buvoter. **-acious bi-**, *adj.*: bibace, adonné à la boisson. **-ber**, *n.*: biberon, *m.*, biberonne, *f.*

bibble-babble, *n.*: babillage, *m.*

Bible, *n.*: bible, *f.*

bibler, *n.*: biberon, *m.*, biberonne, *f.*

biblical, *adj.*: biblique.

bibliograph, **-ographer**, *n.*: bibliographe, *m.* **-ographie(al)**, *adj.*: bibliographique. **-ography**, *n.*: bibliographie, *f.* **-omania**, *n.*: bibliomanie, *f.* **-omaniac**, *n.*: bibliomane, *m.* **-ophile**, **-ophilist**, *n.*: bibliophile, *m.* **-opole**, *n.*: libraire, *m.*

biblist, *n.*: celui, celle dont la seule règle est la Bible.

bibulous, *adj.*: spongieux.

bice, **bise**, *n.*: (*paint.*) bleu pâle; vert pâle, *m.*

biceps, *n.*: (*anat.*) biceps, *m.*

bicker, *intr.*: se quereller, disputer, contester, se picoter, se chamailler. **-er**, *n.*: querelleur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: picoterie; querelle, *f.*

bickern, *n.*: bec, *m.*; bigorne; enclume à deux cornes, *f.*

bi-cörn, **-córned**, **-córnous**, *adj.*: à deux cornes, bicorné, *m.*

bicórporeal, *adj.*: à deux corps.

bicycle, *n.*: bicyclette; vélocipède, *m.*; (*safety* —) bicyclette, *f.*

1. bid (*pret. bid, bade, tbad, tboide*; *part. bid, bidden*), *tr.*: offrir; ordonner; (*at auctions*) enchérir; dire; convier, inviter. **2. bid**, *n.*: enchère, *f.* **-der**, *n.*: enchérisseur, *m.* **-ding**, *n.*: commandement, ordre, *m.*; (*at auctions*) enchère, *f.*

bide, *tr.*: endurer, souffrir; attendre; *intr.*: demeurer, rester.

bidén-tal, **-tate**, **-tated**, *adj.*: à deux dents, bidenté.

bidét, *n.*: (*horse*) bidet; (*furniture*) bidet, *m.*

†biding, *n.*: demeure, *f.*; séjour, *m.*

bidon, *n.*: bidon, *m.*

biennial, *adj.*: biennal, de deux ans;

(*bot.*) bisannuel. **-ly**, *adv.*: tous les deux ans, de deux ans en deux ans.

bier, *n.*: bière, *f.*, cercueil, *m.*; civière, *f.*, brancard, *m.*

biferous, *adj.*: qui produit deux fois par an.

bifid, **bifidated**, *adj.*: bifide.

bifold, *adj.*: double.

1. bifur-cate, *adj.*: bifurqué. **2. -cate**, *intr.*: se bifurquer, se séparer. **-cation**, *n.*: bifurcation, *f.*

big, *adj.*: gros; superbe, fier; plein; (*of women*) enceinte, grosse; (*of animals*) pleine.

biga-mist, *n.*: bigame, *m.*, *f.* **-my**, *bigamie*, *f.*

big-ly, *adv.*: fièrement, superbement. **-ness**, *n.*: groseur, grandeur, *f.*

bigot, *n.*: bigot, cagot, *m.*; bigote, cagote, *f.* **2. bigot**, **-ed**, *adj.*: bigot, cagot. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec bigoterie; en bigot. **-ry**, *n.*: bigoterie, cagoterie, *f.*

bilander, *n.*: (*nav.*) bélandre, *f.*

bilateral, *adj.*: bilatéral.

bilberry, *n.*: (*bot.*) airelle; myrtille, *f.*

bilbo, *n.*: rapière, *f.*; *pl.*: (*nav.*) fers, *m. pl.*

bile, *n.*: bile, *f.* **-duct**, *n.*: conduit, canal cholédoque, *m.*

1. bilge, *n.*: (*nav.*) (*of a ship*) sentine, *f.*; eau de la cale, *f.* **2. bilge**, *intr.*: (*nav.*) faire une voie d'eau à fond de cale.

-water, *n.*: eau de la cale, *f.*

bill-ary, *adj.*: billaire. **-ous**, *adj.*: billeux.

bilk, *tr.*: flouer.

1. bill, *n.*: bec d'oiseau, *m.*; hache, *f.* **2. bill**, *intr.*: se becqueter.

3. bill, *n.*: note, *f.*; mémoire, compte, *m.*; facture, *f.*; billet, effet, *m.*; compte; (*at dining-rooms*) carte à payer, addition, *f.*; (*of parliament*) bill, projet de loi, *m.* *post no —*! défense d'afficher! *expiration of a —*, échéance d'un effet, *f.*; *discount a —*, escompter un billet; *make a — payable to*, passer un effet à l'ordre de, faire un billet à l'ordre de; *honour a —*, faire honneur à, payer, un billet; *dishonour a —*, ne pas faire honneur à, ne pas payer, un billet; — *payable to bearer*, billet au porteur; *take up a —*, acquitter un billet, payer un billet; *provide for the payment of a —*, faire les fonds d'un effet. **4. bill**, *tr.*: afficher. **-broker**, *n.*: courtier de change, *m.* **-brokerage**, *n.*: courtage de change, *m.* **-collector**, *n.*: commis aux recouvrements, *m.* **1. -et**, *n.*: billet; billet de logement, *m.* **2. -et**, *tr.*: délivrer des billets de logement à, loger.

3. billet, *n.*: bûche; barre (de métal); (*her.*) billette, *f.*

billét-doux, *n.*: billet doux, *m.*

billiard, *adj.*: de billard. **-room**, *n.*: salle de billard, *f.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: billard, *m.* **sing.**: *play a game at* —, faire une partie de billard. **-table**, *n.*: billard, *m.*; table de billard, *f.*

billingsgate, *n.*: Billingsgate (marché aux poissons à Londres); langage des halles, langage abusif, *m.*

billion, *n.*: billion, *m.*

billow, *n.*: flot, *m.*; vague, *f.* **2. billow**, *intr.*: s'élever en vagues, ondoier. **-y**, *adj.*: houleux.

bill-poster, **-sticker**, *n.*: afficheur, *m.*

bilô-bate, **-bated**, **-bed**, *adj.*: bilobe.

bilocular, *adj.*: (bot.) biloculaire.

bimanous, *adj.*: bimane.

bimèstrial, *adj.*: de deux mois, bimestre.

bi-metallic, *adj.*: bimétallique. **-métallism**, *n.*: bimétallisme, *m.*

bimonthly, *adj.*: de tous les deux mois; *n.*: publication qui paraît tous les deux mois.

bin, *n.*: huche, *f.*

1. binary, *adj.*: binaire. **2. binary**, *n.*: (arith.) nombre binaire, *m.*

1. bind (pret. *bound*; part. *bound*, *bounden*), *tr.*: lier; obliger; resserrer; ceindre, border: — *a book*, relier un livre; — *a carpet*, border un tapis; *be bound over*, (jur.) être tenu de comparaître. **2. bind**, *intr.*: se lier. **-er**, *n.*: lieur; relieur.

-ery, *n.*: atelier de relieur, *m.* **1. -ing**, *n.*: reliure, *f.*; bandeau, *m.* **2. -ing**, *adj.*: obligatoire; (jur.) commissaire. **-weed**, *n.*: (bot.) liseron, *m.*; liane, *f.*

binnacl, *n.*: (nav.) habitacle, *m.*

bin-ocle, *n.*: binocle, *m.* **-ocular**, *adj.*: binoculaire.

binomial, *adj.*: (alg.) binôme.

biô-grapher, *n.*: biographe, *m.* **-graph**, *ic(al)*, *adj.*: biographique. **-graphy**, *n.*: biographie, *f.*

biô-logger, *tr.*: biologue, *m.* **-lôgical**, *adj.*: biologique. **-logist**, *n.*: biologue, biologiste, *m.* **-logy**, *n.*: biologie, *f.*

bipartient, *adj.*: qui divise en deux.

bipartite, *adj.*: divisé en deux.

biped, *n.*: bipède, *m.* **bipedal**, *adj.*: bipède; bipédal.

biquadratic, *adj.*: (alg.) biquadratique.

birch, *n.*: bouleau, *m.*; verge, *f.*; verges, *f. pl.* **-en**, *adj.*: de bouleau. **-tree**, *n.*: bouleau, *m.*

bird, *n.*: oiseau, *m.*: *a little — told me*, mon petit doigt me l'a dit; *kill two — with one stone*, faire d'une pierre deux coups.

2. bird, *intr.*: oiseler. **-call**, *n.*: appeau, pipeau, *m.* **-catcher**, *n.*: oiseleur, *m.* **-eyed**, *adj.*: à œil d'oiseau. **-fancier**, *n.*: amateur d'oiseaux, *m.* **-like**, *adj.*: comme un oiseau. **-lime**, *n.*: glu, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: oiseleur, *m.* **-or-**

gan, *n.*: serinette, *f.* **-seye**, *adj.*: à vue d'oiseau. **-foot**, *n.*: (bot.) ornithope; pied d'oiseau, *m.* **1. -sneet**, *n.*: nid d'oiseau, *m.*; (bot.) carotte sauvage, *f.* **-sneet**, *tr.*: dénicher des oiseaux. **-witted**, *adj.*: à tête de linotte.

birth, *n.*: naissance; couche, *f.*, enfantement, *m.*; (nav.) évitée, *f.*, évitage, *m.* **-day**, *n.*: jour de naissance, *m.* **-place**, lieu natal, *m.* **-right**, *n.*: droit de naissance, droit d'ainesse, *m.*

bis, *adv.*: bis.

biscuit, *n.*: biscuit, *m.*

bise = *bice*.

bisec-t, *tr.*: diviser en deux parties égales.

-tion, *n.*: bissection, *f.*

bisexual, *adj.*: bissexuel.

1. bishop, *n.*: évêque; (*at chess*) fou; (*drink*) bishop, bischop, bichoff, bischof, *m.* **2. bishop**, *tr.*: confirmer. **†-dom**, *n.*: épiscopat, *m.* **-like**, *adj.*: d'évêque. **-ly**, *adj.*: épiscopal. **-ric**, *n.*: évêché, *m.* **-s-wort**, *n.*: ammi, *m.*

bisk, *n.*: bisque, *f.*; coulis, *m.*

bismuth, *n.*: bismuth, *m.*

bisséxtil, *n.*: année bissextille, *f.*; *adj.*: bissextil.

bistôrt, *n.*: bistorte, *f.*

bistôury, *n.*: bistouri, *m.*

bistre, *n.*: bistre, *f.*

bit, *n.*: morceau, *m.*; pièce, *f.*; brin, bout; peu, *m.*; (nav.) bitte, *f.*; —, (*man.*) mors, frein, *m.*: *not a —*, pas un brin, pas le moins du monde. **2. bit**, *tr.*: emboucher; (*nav.*) biter.

bitch, *n.*: chienne, *f.*

1. bi-te (pret. *bit*, *fbate*; part. *bit*, *biten*), *tr.*: mordre; ronger; attraper, duper: — *off*, emporter en mordant. **2. -te**, *n.*: morsure; piqure; (*fig.*) attrape, *f.*; (*fig.*) attrappoire, *f.*; (*print.*) larron, *m.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui mord, *f.*; (*fig.*) trompeur, *m.* **1. -ting**, *adj.*: mordant, piquant. **2. -ting**, *n.*: morsure, *f.* **-tingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière mordante, d'une manière piquante.

bitless, *adj.*: sans mors.

1. bitter, *adj.*: amer, aigre, acharné. **2. bitter**, *n.*: amer, *m.*; amertume, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu amer. **-ishness**, *n.*: amertume modérée, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: avec amertume; amèrement.

bittern, *n.*: (*orn.*) butor, *m.*; (*chem.*) eau mère, *f.*

bitter-ness, *n.*: amertume, *f.* **-sweet**, *n.*: (morrelle) douce-amère, *f.* **-vetch**, *n.*: orobe, *f.* **-wort**, *n.*: (gentiane) amarille, *f.*

bitû-men, *n.*: bitume, *m.* **-minate**, *tr.*: bituminer.

-minous, *adj.*: bitumineux.

1. bi-valve, *n.*: bivalve, *m.* **2. -valve**, **-vâlvular**, **-vâlvous**, *adj.*: bivalve.

1. **bivouac**, *n.*: bivouac, *m.* 2. **bivouac**, *tr.*: bivouaquer.

bizantine, *n.*: don royal à l'occasion d'une fête, *m.*

1. **blâb**, *n.*: bavard, jaseur, *m.*; bavarde, jaseuse, *f.*; rapporteur, *m.*, rapporteuse, *f.*

2. **blab**, *tr.*: jaser de, bavarder de; *intr.*: jaser, bavarder. -**ber** = 1. **blab**. -**bing**, *adj.*: bavard, babillard.

1. **bläck**, *adj.*: noir: *look — at any one*, regarder quelqu'un de travers. 2. **black**, *n.*: noir, *m.*: *ivory —*, noir d'ivoire; *lamp —*, noir de fumée; *dressed in —*, habillé de noir; *the —*, les noirs, les nègres. 3. **black**, *tr.*: noircir. -**amoor**, *n.*: moricaud, *m.*, moricaude, *f.* 1. -**ball**, *n.*: cirage en boue, *m.*; boule noire, *f.* 2. -**ball**, *tr.*: noircir, injurier; (*by a vote*) rejeter. -**berry**, *n.*: mûre sauvage, *f.* -**berry-bush**, *n.*: mûrier des haies, *m.*; ronce, *f.* -**bird**, *n.*: merle, *m.*

-**board**, *n.*: tableau (noir), *m.*; planche noire, *f.* -**on**, *tr.* and *intr.*: noircir.

1. -**guard blägård**, *n.*: polisson, galopin, vaurien, goujat, *m.* 2. -**guard**, *adj.*: polisson de.

-**guardism**, *n.*: polissonnerie, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: (*for shoes, etc.*) cirage, *m.*

-**ish**, *adj.*: noirâtre. -**leg**, *n.*: (*in gambling*) escroc. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec noirceur.

-**mail**, *n.*: redevance en blé, ou en bœufs, *f.*; chantage; tribut payé à des bandes de voleurs, *m.*; (*fig.*) fraude, extorsion, exaction, *f.* -**ness**, *n.*: noirceur, *f.*

-**smith**, *n.*: forgeron, *m.* -**y-top**, *n.*: (orn.) traquet, *m.*

bladder, *n.*: vessie, vésicule, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: gonflé, enflé. -**y**, *adj.*: vésiculaire; vésiculeux.

1. **blä-de**, *n.*: (*of cutting instruments*) lame, *f.*; (*of grass*) brin; (*of an oar*) plat; gaillard, compagnon, *m.*: *jolly —*, joyeux compagnon. 2. -**de**, *tr.*: garnir d'une lame. -**debone**, *n.*: omoplate, *f.*

-**ded**, *adj.*: lamelleux; (*min.*) lamellé.

bläin, *n.*: tumeur, *f.*

blä-mable, *adj.*: blâmable. -**mable-ness**, *n.*: faute, *f.* 1. -**me**, *n.*: blâme, *m.*; faute, *f.* 2. -**mo**, *tr.*: blâmer, reprendre. -**meftul**, *adj.*: coupable, blâmable. -**meless**, *n.*: irrépréhensible, irréprochable. -**melessly**, *adv.*: irréprochablement. -**melessness**, *n.*: innocence, *f.* -**mer**, *n.*: désapprouvateur, *m.*

-**mewörthy**, *adj.*: digne de blâme.

bläanch, *tr.*: blanchir; (*kernelled fruits*) peler; pâlir; faire pâlir; *intr.*: pâlir; faiblir; tergiverser. -**ing**, *n.*: blanchiment, *m.*

blanc-mange blä-mä'ngs, *n.*: blanc-manger, *m.*

bländ, *adj.*: doux, aimable. -**iloquence**, *n.*: doux parler, langage caressant, *m.*

-**ish**, *tr.*: caresser, flatter. -**ishing**, -**ishment**, *n.*: caresse, *f.*; attrait, *m.*

1. **blänk**, *adj.*: blanc, en blanc; (*fig.*) pâle; confus; (*arch.*) faux; (*of cartridges*) sans balle. 2. **blank**, *n.*: blanc; (*of lotteries*) billet blanc, billet perdant; (*fig.*) vide, *m.*, lacune, *f.* 3. **blank**, *tr.*: laisser vide, laisser en blanc; faire pâlir, pâlir; confondre; annuler.

1. **blänket**, *n.*: couverture, *f.*; (*print.*) blanchet, *m.* 2. **blanket**, *tr.*: envelopper avec une couverture. -**ing**, *n.*: étoffe de couverture, *f.*; couvertures, *f.*; *pl.*: bernement, *m.*

blänk-ly, *adv.*: en blanc, sans expression, videment; franchement, ouvertement. -**ness**, *n.*: blancheur, pâleur, *f.*

bläre, *intr.*: (*of candles*) fondre, couler.

1. **blärney**, *tr.*: encenser, enjôler, flatter. 2. **blarney**, *n.*: eau bénite de cour, flatternerie, *f.*

blas-phème, *tr.* and *intr.*: blasphémer. -**phemer**, *n.*: blasphémateur, *m.* **bläs-phemous**, *adj.*: blasphématoire. **bläs-phemously**, *adv.*: avec blasphème.

bläs-phemy, *n.*: blasphème, *m.*

1. **bläst**, *n.*: souffle; vent, coup de vent; vent pestilentiel; son d'un instrument à vent, *m.*; explosion, *f.*

2. **bläst**, *tr.*: flétrir; brûler; détruire, ruiner; (*mines*) faire sauter. -**engine**, *n.*: machine soufflante, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: destructeur, détracteur, *m.* -**furnace**, *n.*: haut fourneau, *m.* 1. -**ing**, *adj.*: destructeur.

2. -**ing**, *n.*: (*mines*) sautage, *m.* -**pipe**, *n.*: tuyau d'échappement de la vapeur, *m.*

bläy, *n.*: (*ichth.*) able, *m.*, alette, *f.*

1. **blä-ze**, *n.*: flamme; lumière, *f.*; feu; éclat, *m.*; (*man.*) étoile, *f.* 2. -**ze**, *intr.*: être en flammes; flamber, brûler; *tr.*: faire briller; faire connaître, publier.

-**zing**, *adj.*: flamboyant; brillant. 1. -**zon**, *n.*: blason, *m.*; révélation, divagation, *f.*

2. **blazon**, *tr.*: blasonner; faire briller; proclamer, publier.

blöach, *tr.*: rendre blanc, blanchir; pâlir; *intr.*: blanchir. -**er**, *n.*: (*of linen-cloth*) blanchisseur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: blanchiment, *m.* -**ing-liquid**, *n.*: eau de javelle, *f.*

blöak, *adj.*: froid; glacial. -**ish**, *adj.*: presque glacial. -**ly**, *adv.*: froidement.

-**ness**, *n.*: froidure, *f.*; froid glacial, *m.* -**y** = **bleak**.

1. **blöar**, *adj.*: chassieux. 2. **blear**, *tr.*: rendre chassieux; (*fig.*) troubler. -**ed-ness**, *n.*: chassie, *f.* -**eyed**, *adj.*: chassieux.

1. **bléat**, *intr.*: bêler. 2. **bleat**, *n.*: bêlement, *m.* 1. -**ing**, *adj.*: bêlant. 2. -**ing**, *m.*: bêlement, *m.*

blëb, n.: globule, m. -by, adj.: globuleux.
blëd (pret., part. *bled*), intr.: saigner; tr.: saigner. -ing, n.: saignement, m.; (surg.) saignée, f.
blëmish, tr.: flétrir, ternir. 2. **blëmish**, n.: flétrissure, tache, f.; défaut, m.
blënd, tr.: fondre, mêler, mélanger; intr.: se fondre: — with, se confondre avec, se mêler avec.
blënde, n.: (min.) blende, f.
blënding, n.: fusion, f.; mélange, m.
blënnorrhœa -rëa, n.: (med.) blennorrhée, f.
blëss (part. *blessed* or *blest*), tr.: bénir; charmer. -ed, adj.: béni; bienheureux. -edly, adv.: heureusement. -edness, n.: béatitude, félicité, f. -er, n.: personne qui bénit, f. -ing, n.: bénédiction, f.; bonheur, m.
blëst = *blessed*.
1. blight, tr.: (of the wind) flétrir; (of the sun) brouiller; (fig.) frustrer, détruire.
2. blight, n.: (of flowers and fruit) broussure; (of corn) nielle; (fig.) flétrissure, tache, f.
1. blind, adj.: aveugle; obscure: — in one eye, borgne; stone —, complètement aveugle. 2. **blind**, n.: (fort.) blinde, f.; store, m.; jalousie, f.; (fig.) voile, m.; Venetian —, jalousie. 3. **blind**, tr.: aveugler; bander les yeux à. 1. **fold**, tr.: bander les yeux à. 2. **fold**, adj.: qui a les yeux bandés; les yeux bandés; (fig.) aveugle. -ly, adv.: aveuglément. -man's -buff, n.: colin-maillard, m. -ness, n.: cécité, f.; aveuglement, m. -side, n.: côté faible, m.
1. blink, intr.: cligner, clignoter. 2. **blink**, n.: clignement; clignotement, m. -ard, n.: personne qui clignote, f. -er, n.: personne qui cligne des yeux; visière, f.; bandeau, m.; (for horses) ceillière, f.
bliss, n.: félicité, f.; bonheur, m. -ful, adj.: bienheureux. -fully, adv.: dans la félicité; heureusement. -fulness, n.: félicité, béatitude, f.
1. blister, n.: ampoule, cloche, bulle, vessie, f.; (med.) vésicatoire, m. 2. **blister**, tr.: appliquer un vésicatoire; faire venir des ampoules; intr.: s'élever en forme de vessie; se couvrir d'ampoules. -fly, n.: mouche à vésicatoire, cantharide, f.
blite, n.: (bot.) blette, blète, f.
blithe, adj.: gai, joyeux. -ly, adv.: joyeusement. -some, adj.: gai, joyeux. -someness, n.: gaité, f.
blëat, tr.: gonfler, bouffir; intr.: bouffir, s'enfler. -ed, adj.: bouffi, gonflé; (fig.) considérable, immense. -edness, n.: bouffissure, f. -er, n.: hareng, m.

blëbber, n.: bulle, f. -lip, n.: grosse lèvre, f. -lipped, adj.: lippu.
1. blëck, n.: bloc, billot, m.; (of a hat) forme, f.; (nav.) poulie, f.; (print.) encrier, m. 2. **block**, tr.: bloquer: — up, fermer. 1. -ade, n.: blocus, m. 2. -ade, tr.: bloquer, faire le blocus de. -head, n.: ganache, f.; imbécile, m., f.; sot, m. -headed, adj.: sot, stupide. -ishly, adv.: stupidement. -ishness, n.: stupidité, f. -like, adj.: comme un imbécile.
1. blëod, n.: sang, m.; (fig.) parenté, f.; tempérament, m.; (man.) race, f.: make one's — run cold, glacer le sang. 2. **blood**, tr.: saigner; ensanglanter. -coloured, adj.: couleur de sang. -guiltiness, n.: crime de meurtre, m. -heat, n.: chaleur du sang, f. -horse, n.: cheval de race, m. -hound, n.: limier, m. -ily, adv.: d'une manière sanglante; d'une manière sanguinaire. -iness, n.: disposition sanguinaire, f.; état sanglant, m. -less, adj.: qui n'a point de sang; pâle, inanimé. †-let (pret., part. -let), tr.: phlébotomiser, saigner. -letter, n.: phlébotomiste, m. -letting, n.: phlébotomie, saignée, f. -shed, effusion de sang, f.; sang répandu, m. -shedder, n.: meurtrier, m. -shedding, n.: effusion de sang, f. -shot, adj.: rouge; (of the eyes) éraillé, injecté de sang. -stone, n.: sanguine, f.; jaspe sanguine, m. -sucker, n.: suceur de sang; buveur de sang, m. -thirstiness, n.: soif de sang, f. -thirsty, adj.: sanguinaire. -vessel, n.: vaisseau sanguin, m. -wood, n.: bois de campêche, m. -wort, n.: (bot.) sanguinaire, f. 1. -y, adj.: de sang, sanglant, sanguinaire. 2. -y, tr.: ensanglanter.
1. blëom, n.: fleur; (metal.) loupe, f.; in —, en fleur. 2. **bloom**, intr.: fleurir; être éclatant. -ing, adj.: fleurissant, en fleur; florissant. -ingly, adv.: d'une manière florissante. -y, adj.: fleuri, fleurissant.
1. blëssom, n.: fleur, f. 2. **blossom**, intr.: fleurir, être en fleur. -y, adj.: couvert de fleurs.
1. blët, n.: tache; effacure, f.; (of ink) pâtre, m.; tache, f. 2. **blot**, tr.: tacher, noircir; (of ink) faire un pâtre sur; effacer; soiller; intr.: (of paper) boire: — out, rayer, effacer.
1. blëtch, n.: pustule, f. 2. **blotch**, tr.: couvrir de pustules.
blôte, tr.: (of herrings) fumer à moitié.
blëtting, adj.: qui fait des taches; (of paper) qui boit. -case, n.: buvard, m. -paper, n.: papier brouillard, m.
1. blëw (pret. *blew*; part. *blown*), intr.:

souffler; faire (y avoir) du vent; (*cf* *wind-instruments*) sonner: — *over*, passer, se dissiper; — *up* (*by gunpowder*), sauter; éclater; *the wind —s, it —s*, il fait du vent; *tr.*: souffler; chasser; sonner; (*cf* *flies*) couvrir de piqures, couvrir d'œufs: — *away*, chasser; dissiper; — *down*, renverser (par le vent); — *out*, souffler, éteindre (une lumière); faire sauter (la cervelle); — *out one's brains*, se faire sauter, se brûler la cervelle; — *up*, souffler en l'air; faire sauter (par la poudre); — *any one up*, faire une scène à quelqu'un; donner un savon à quelqu'un.

2. blow, *n.*: coup, *m.*: a — *with a stick*, un coup de bâton; *deal any one a —*, porter un coup à quelqu'un; *without striking a —*, sans coup férir; *come to —s*, en venir aux mains.

3. blow (*irr.* = *1. blow*), *intr.*: (*cf* *flowers*) s'épanouir, fleurir; *tr.*: faire fleurir.

4. blow, *n.*: fleur, *f.*, bouton de fleur, *m.*; (*nav.*) grain, *m.*

blow-er, *n.*: souffleur, *m.*, souffleuse, *f.*; rideau de cheminée, *m.* — **fly**, *n.*: mouche à viande, *f.* — **ing**, *n.*: action de souffler, *f.*; souffler; soufflage; (*cf* *wind-instruments*) son, *m.*; (*blooming*) fleuraison, *f.* — **pipe**, *n.*: chalumeau, *m.*

blow-zc, *n.*: grosse jouffle à teint hâlé, *f.* — **zy**, *adj.*: haut en couleur.

1. blubber, *n.*: lard de baleine, *m.*; ortie de mer, *f.* **2. blubber**, *intr.*: pleurer comme un veau; *intr.*: gonfler à force de pleurer.

bludgeon, *n.*: assommoir, *m.*; trique, *f.*

1. blue, *adj.*: bleu, *azur*; (*fig.*) triste, mélancolique: *he looked — at it*, il a fait la grimace. **2. blue**, *n.*: bleu, *azur*, *m.*: *Prussian —*, bleu de Prusse; *sky —*, bleu de ciel. **3. blue**, *tr.*: bleuir; (*dy.*) mettre en bleu. — **bell**, *n.*: jacinthe des prés, *f.* — **bottle**, *n.*: (*bot.*) buet, *m.*; (*ent.*) mouche à viande, *f.* — **devils**, *n. pl.*: maladie noire, *f.* — **ly**, *adv.*: d'une couleur bleue. — **ness**, *n.*: couleur bleue, *f.* — **stocking**, *n.*: bas bleu, *m.*, femme auteur, *f.*

1. bluff, *adj.*: gros; rude; criard, colère, violent. **2. bluff**, *n.*: esarpement; (*nav.*) accore, *m.*, falaise, *f.* **3. bluff**, *tr.*: imposer sur par des prétentions fausses, blaguer, mystifier, effrayer brusquement. — **ly**, *adv.*: brusquement. — **ness**, bouffissure; (*fig.*) rudesse, *f.*

bluish, *adj.*: bleuâtre. — **ness**, *n.*: couleur bleuâtre, teinte bleuâtre, *f.*

1. blunder, *n.*: bévue, grosse faute, *f.* **2. blunder**, *intr.*: faire une bévue; *tr.*: embrouiller: — *a thing out*, lâcher quelque chose. — **buss** [*deriv. ?*], *n.*: espingle, *f.* — **er**, *n.*: faiseur de bévues, *m.*,

faiseuse de bévues, *f.*; maladroite, *m.*, maladroite, *f.* — **head**, *n.*: brouillon, *m.*, brouillonne, *f.* — **ing**, *adj.*: qui fait des bévues; étourdi. — **ingly**, *adv.*: par bévue.

1. blunt, *adj.*: émoussé; brusque, grossier. **2. blunt**, *tr.*: émousser; (*fig.*) adoucir. — **ly**, *adv.*: brusquement, crûment. — **ness**, *n.*: état émoussé, *m.*; brusquerie, *f.*

1. blår, *n.*: tache, *f.* **2. blur**, *tr.*: tacher, barbouiller; souiller.

blårt, *tr.*: jeter, dire à l'étourdie, laisser échapper.

1. blush, *intr.*: rougir. **2. blush**, *n.*: rougeur, *f.*: *the —s came into her face*, la rougeur lui monta au visage. — **ful**, *adj.*: qui rougit. — **ing**, *adj.*: rougissant; qui rougit. — **less**, *adj.*: qui ne rougit point; effronté. — **y**, *adj.*: rougeâtre.

1. bluster, *intr.*: faire du fracas, tempêter, crier. **2. bluster**, *n.*: fracas, bruit, tapage, *m.*; fanfaronnade, *f.* — **er**, *n.*: fanfaron, redomont, tapageur, *m.* — **ing**, *adj.*: fanfaron. — **ous**, *adj.*: orageux; fanfaron; tapageur.

boa, *n.*: (*zool.*) boa; (*fur*) boa, *m.* — **constrictor**, *n.*: boa, boa constrictor; devin, *m.*

boar, *n.*: verrat, *m.*: *wild —*, sanglier, *m.*

1. board, *n.*: planche; (aliments) table, pension, nourriture, *f.*; (*print.*) carton; (*bookbind.*) plat; (*nav.*) bord, *m.* **2. board**, *tr.*: planchéier; (*nav.*) aborder; nourrir, mettre en pension; *intr.*: être, se mettre en pension. — **er**, *n.*: pensionnaire; (*at school, etc.*) interne, pensionnaire, *m.*, *f.*; marin qui va à l'abordage, *m.* — **ing**, *n.*: action de planchéier; action de recevoir des pensionnaires; pension, *f.*; (*nav.*) abordage, *m.* — **ing-house**, *n.*: pension bourgeoise, *f.* — **ing-pike**, *n.*: (*nav.*) pique d'abordage, *f.* — **ing-school**, *n.*: pension, institution, *f.*; pensionnat, *m.* — **wages**, *n. pl.*: gages pour frais de nourriture, *m. pl.*

boar-hunt, *n.*: chasse aux sangliers, *f.* — **ish**, *adj.*: de sanglier. — **spear**, *n.*: (*hunt.*) épieu, *m.*

1. boast, *tr.*: se vanter de; (*mas., sculpt.*) ébaucher; *intr.*: se vanter, se glorifier.

2. boast, *n.*: vanterie, jactance, *f.*: *make a — of*, se vanter de, se faire gloire de.

3. boast, *tr.*: (*mas.*) ébaucher; (*sculpt.*) dégrossir.

boast-er, *n.*: vantard; (*mas., sculpt.*) ébauchoir, *m.* — **ful**, *adj.*: vantard; arrogant. — **ing**, *n.*: vanterie, jactance, *f.* — **ingly**, *adv.*: avec vanterie.

boasting-tool, *n.*: (*mas., sculpt.*) ébauchoir, *m.*

1. boat, bateau, canot, *m.* **2. boat**, *tr.*: transporter par bateau. — **builder**, *n.*:

constructeur de bateaux, m. -hook, n.: gaffe, f. -house, n.: hangar à bateaux, m. -load, n.: batelée, f. -man, n.: batelier, m. -oar, n.: rame, f.; aviron, m. -rope, n.: câbleau, câblot, m.

boats-man = *boatman*. -**wa'n** (*colloq.* *bōs'n*), n.: (nav.) maître d'équipage, m.: —'s mate, contre-maître, m. -wise, adv.: comme un bateau.

1. **bōb**, n.: pendant, m.: (*wig*) perruque à nœuds; (*of a pendulum*) lentille, f.; (*blow*) coup, m., tape, f.; (*of a stanza*) refrain, m.

2. **bōb**, tr.: (*the tail*) écourter; balancer; bafouer; taper; intr.: heurter, pendiller.

bōbbin, n.: bobine, f. -work, n.: ouvrage fait à la bobine, m.

bōb-tail, n.: queue écourtée; canaille, f. -tailed, adj.: à queue écourtée. -wig, n.: perruque à nœuds, f.

bō'casine, n.: (*com.*) bocassin, boucassin, m.

bōde, tr.: présager: — well (*ill*), être de bon (de mauvais) augure.

bō-dice, n.: corset; corsage, m. -died, adj.: à corps. -diless, adj.: sans corps, incorporel. 1. -dily, adj.: corporel, matériel. 2. -dily, adv.: corporellement.

1. **bōding**, adj.: qui à le pressentiment de l'avenir. 2. **bōding**, n.: présage, m.

bōdkin, n.: poinçon; passelacet, m.; (*print*) pointe, f.

bōdy, n.: corps. (*geom.*) solide; (*principal thing*) fond; (*centre*) cœur, centre, m.; (*jur.*) personne, f.: dead —, corps mort; cadavre, m.; some —, quelqu'un; any —, quelqu'un, tout le monde; no —, personne; every —, tout le monde; in a —, en corps; not any —, personne. 2. **bōdy**, tr.: corporifier. -clothes, n. pl.: (*for a horse*) housse, f. sing. -guard, n.: garde du corps, f. -snatcher, n.: résurrectioniste, voleur de cadavres, m.

1. **bōg**, n.: marais, m. 2. **bog**, tr.: embourber. -bean, n.: (*bot.*) ménianthe trifolié, trèfle d'eau, m.

bōggler, intr.: hésiter; dissimuler. -er, n.: couard; barguigneur, m., barguigneuse, f.

bōg-gy, adj.: marécageux. -trotter, n.: habitant d'un pays marécageux, m.

bōgas, n.: tromperie, fourbe, f.; adj.: faux, contrefait.

bōgy, n.: croque-mitaine, m.

bōhēa, n.: thé bohé, m.

1. **bōil**, n.: (*med.*) furoncle; clou, m. 2. **boil**, tr.: faire bouillir; intr.: bouillir: — away, ébouillir; — fast, bouillir à gros bouillons; — to rage, pourrir à force de cuire. -er, n.: (*pers.*) bouilleur, m.; (*thing*) bouilloire; chaudière, f., (*of a steam engine*) bouilleur, m. -er-tube, n.: (*mech.*) tube de bouilleur, m. -ery, n.:

bouillie, f. 1. -ing, n.: bouillonnement, m.; ébullition, f. 2. -ing, adj.: bouillant; en ébullition.

bōisterous, adj.: orageux; violent, impétueux; vif; bruyant. -ly, adv.: impétueusement, violemment, bruyamment. -ness, n.: impétuosité; turbulence, f.

bōlary, adj.: bolaire.

bōld, adj.: hardi; audacieux, téméraire: make — to, prendre la liberté de. † -en, tr.: rendre hardi, enhardir. -ly, adv.: hardiment. -ness, n.: hardiesse, audace, f.

bōle, n.: bol, m., terre bolaire, f.; mesure de six boisseaux, f.: Armenian —, bol d'Arménie.

bōlis, n.: bolide, m.; (*nav.*) sonde, f.; plomb, fil à plomb, contrepoids, m.

1. **bōll**, n.: (*bot.*) balle, f. 2. **boll**, intr.: monter en graine.

bōllard, n.: (*nav.*) corps mort, m.

1. **bōlster**, n.: traversin; coussin; (*arch.*) couchis; (*nav.*) coussin de ferrure, m. 2. **bolster**, tr.: mettre un traversin sous; (*fig.*) appuyer, soutenir. -er, n.: défenseur, appui, m. -ing, n.: appui, m.

1. **bōlt**, n.: verrou; pêne, m.; cheville, f.; (*fig.*) trait, m., fondre, f. (m.); mouvement soudain, saut (cf. *bold*, intr.): draw a —, tirer un verrou. 2. **bolt**, tr.: verrouiller; fermer au verrou; (*swallow*) avaler d'un seul morceau: — in, enfermer au verrou; — one's self in, s'enfermer au verrou; — any one out, mettre le verrou contre quelqu'un. 3. **bolt**, intr.: se lancer; prendre la clef des champs; (*of a horse*) s'emporter; (*Am.*) désertier (une partie politique): — in, entrer brusquement; — to, sortir brusquement.

4. **bōlt**, tr.: (*sift*) bluter, sasser. — 5. **bōlt**, bluteau, blutoir, m. -er, n.: bluteau, sas, m.

1. **bōlting**, n.: action de fermer au verrou, f.

2. **bōlting**, n.: blutage, m. -cloth, n.: étamine, f. -house, n.: bluterie, f. -hutch, n.: huche à bluter, f. -mill, n.: bluteau mécanique; blutoir, m. -tub, n.: blutoir, m.

bōlt-rope, n.: (*nav.*) ralingue, f.

bōlus, n.: (*pharm.*) bolus, bol, m.

1. **bōm-b**, n.: bombe, f.; † bruit éclatant, m. 2. **bomb**, intr.: retentir, résonner.

1. -bard, n.: bombardement, m. 2. -bārd, tr.: bombarder. -bardier, m.: bombardier, m. -bārdment, n.: bombardement, m. -bārdg, n.: (*mus.*) bombarde, f.

1. **bōm-bāst**, n.: boursoufflage, m.; enflure, f. 2. -bast, adj.: ampoulé, boursoufflé. 3. -bast, tr.: enfler. -bāstic, adj.: enflé, ampoulé. -bastry, n.: enflure, f.; boursoufflage, m.

bombazine, *n.*: alépine, *f.*

bomb-ketch, *vessel*, *n.*: galiote à bombes, *f.* **-proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve de la bombe.

1. bona-fide, *adj.*: sérieux et de bonne foi. **2. bona-fide**, *adv.*: sérieusement et de bonne foi.

1. bond, *n.*: lien; engagement, *m.*; (*carp.*) assemblage, *m.*; (*jur., fin.*) obligation, *f.*; (*fin.*) bon, *m.*; (*of the customs*) entrepôt, *m.*: matrimonial —, lien conjugal; *enter into a —*, (*jur.*) passer une obligation; *in —*, (*of the customs*) à l'entrepôt. **2. bond**, *tr.*: (*of the customs*) entreposer: — *ed goods*, marchandises entreposées, *f. sing.*

3. bond, *n.*: fœrf (esclave), *m.* **4. bond**, *adj.*: en servitude, asservi. **-age**, *n.*: esclavage, *m.*; servitude, *f.*

bond-er, *n.*: (*of the customs*) entrepositaire, *m., f.* **-holder**, *n.*: porteur de bon, détenteur de bon, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*of the customs*) entreposage, *m.*

bond-man, *n.*: (*bondmen*) serf, esclave, *m.* **-servant**, *n.*: esclave, *m., f.* **-service**, *n.*: esclavage, *m.* **-slave**, *n.*: esclave, *m., f.*

bondsman (*pl. -men*), *n.*: (*jur.*) caution, *f.*

bond-stone, *n.*: (*max.*) boutisse, *f.*

bondwoman, *n.*: esclave, *f.*

1. bone, *n.*: os, *m.*; (*of fish*) arête, *f.*: — *s*, ossements, *m. pl.*; restes mortels, *m. pl.*; — *of contention*, pomme de discorde, *f.*; *make no — s about*, ne pas se faire scrupule de; *have a — to pick with any one*, avoir quelque chose à démêler avec quelqu'un. **2. bone**, *tr.*: désosser. **-ache**, *n.*: douleurs ostéocopes, *f. pl.* **-black**, *n.*: charbon, noir animal, *m.* **-d**, *past part.*: désossé; à os; pourvu d'os: *high —*, à os saillants; *large —*, ossu. **-earth**, *n.*: phosphate de chaux; charbon animal, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans os.

bonfire, *n.*: feu de joie, *m.*

bonmot, *n.*: bon mot, *m.*

1. bonnet, *n.*: (*woman's*) chapeau, *m.*; (*fort., nav.*) bonnette, *f.* **2. bonnet**, *intr.*: ôter le chapeau. **-box**, *n.*: carton à chapeau, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: coiffé d'un chapeau.

† bon-nibel, *n.*: belle fille, *f.* **-nilass**, *n.*: belle fille, *f.* **-nily**, *adv.*: gentiment, galement. **-niness**, *n.*: gentillesse, *f.* **-ny**, *adj.*: gentil, joli, joyeux, gai.

bonnyelabber, *n.*: lait de beurre aigre; lait tourné, petit-lait, *m.*

bonus, *n.*: boni; don gratuit, *m.*

bonny, *adj.*: osseux; fort. **-joint**, *n.*: (*anat.*) phalange, *f.*

booby, *n.*: nigaud, *m.*, nigaude, *f.*; (*orni.*) fou, *m.*, boubie, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: nigaud.

1. book, *n.*: livre; cahier, *m.*: note —, carnet, *m.*; *depositor's —* (*at a savings-bank*), livret, *m.*; *be in any one's good — s*, être bien dans les papiers de quelqu'un; *turn over the leaves of a —*, feuilleter un livre; *old —*, vieux livre, bouquin, *m.* **2. book**, *tr.*: enregistrer, inscrire.

-binder, *n.*: relieur, *m.* **-binding**, *n.*: reliure, *f.* **-case**, *n.*: bibliothèque, *f.*; corps de bibliothèque, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: érudit. **-ing**, *n.*: (*of parcels, etc.*) enregistrement, *m.* **-ing-office**, *n.*: (*of public conveyances, railways, etc.*) bureau, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: studieux, attaché aux livres.

-keeper, *n.*: teneur de livres, *m.* **-keeping**, *n.*: comptabilité, tenue des livres, *f.* **-learned**, *adj.*: savant. **-learning**, *n.*: savoir puisé dans les livres, *m.*

-maker, *n.*: faiseur de livres, *f.*; (*at races*) bookmaker. **-man**, *n.*: savant, *m.* **-mate**, *n.*: camarade d'études, *m.* **-seller**, *n.*: libraire, *m.*: *second-hand —*, marchand de livres d'occasion, bouquiniste, *m.*

-selling, *n.*: profession de libraire, *f.* **-stall**, *n.*: étalage de livres, *m.* **-worm**, *n.*: dévoreur de livres; (*ent.*) lépisme, ciron, *m.*

1. boom, *n.*: (*nav.*) bonte-hors, arc-boutant, *m.*

2. boom, *tr.*: (*Am.*) faire croître rapidement en valeur. **3. boom**, *n.*: hausse rapide en valeur, *f.*

4. boom, *intr.*: grondir, retentir. **5. boom**, *ing*, *n.*: bruit retentissant, retentissement, *m.*

1. boon, *n.*: bienfait, don, *m.*; faveur, *f.* **2. boon**, *adj.*: bon, gai, joyeux.

boor, *n.*: paysan, rustre, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: rustre, grossier. **-ishly**, *adv.*: grossièrement. **-ishness**, *n.*: rusticité, grossièreté, *f.*

boose, *intr.*: boire à l'excès; *n.*: boisson spiritueuse.

1. boot, *tr.*: servir à; profiter à; botter. **2. boot**, *n.*: profit, avantage; butin, *m.*: *to —*, en sus, par-dessus le marché.

3. boot, *n.*: (*of men*) botte; (*of women*) bottine, *f.*; (*of women and children*) brodequin, *m.*; (*of a carriage*) coffre, *m.*, cave, *f.*: *half — s*, bottines; *top — s*, bottes à revers; *Hessian — s*, bottes à l'écuillère; *Wellington — s*, bottes; *dress — s*, bottes fines. **-ed**, *part.*: botté.

booth, *n.*: baraque, *f.*

boot-hooks, *n.*: tirants, *m.* **-hose**, *n.*: houseaux, *m. pl.* **-jack**, *n.*: tire-botte (pour ôter les bottes), *m.* **-last**, *n.*: embauchoir, *m.* **-leg**, *n.*: tige de botte, *f.*

bootless, *adj.*: inutile, vain. **-ly**, *adv.*: inutilement; vainement.

boot-tree, *n.*: embauchoir, *m.*

booty, *n.*: butin, *m.*

bopeep, *n.*: cligne-musette, *f.*, cache-cache, *m.*
bûrage, *n.*: (*bot.*) bourrache, *f.*
bôrax, *n.*: borax, *m.*
1. bôrd, *n.*: bord, *m.*; bordure; (*of a country*) frontière, *f.* **2. bôrd**, *tr.*: border, confiner; *intr.*: confiner; toucher.
-er, *n.*: habitant de la frontière, *m.*
1. bôre, *pret.* of *bear*.
2. bôre, *tr.*: percer, forer; sonder; (*fig.*) ennuyer, importuner, scier le dos à; *intr.*: percer; (*man.*) porter le nez au vent.
3. bôre, *n.*: trou; calibre; forêt; (*fig.*) (*pers.*) ennuyeux, csuchemar; (*of things*) ennui, *m.*, corvée, *f.*; (*nav.*) raz de marée, *m.*
bôre-al, *adj.*: boréal. **Boreas**, *n.*: Borée, *m.*
bôr-er, *n.*: ouvrier qui fore; (*instrument*) perce-bois, *m.*, vrille, *f.*; (*ent.*) perce-bois, *m.*
-ing, *n.*: percement, sondage, forage; ennui, *m.* **-machine**, *n.*: alésoir.
bôrn, *part.*: né; de naissance: low—, de basse naissance. **bôrne**, *part.* of *bear*.
bôron, *n.*: (*chem.*) bore, *m.*
bôrough, *n.*: bourg, *m.*
bôrroiv, *tr.*: emprunter. **-er**, *n.*: emprunteur, *m.*
bôscage, *n.*: bocage, *m.*
bôsh, *n.*: vain bavardage, non-sens, *m.*, farce, blague, *f.*
bôsk, *n.*: bocage, taillis, *m.* **-age**, *n.*: bocage. **-et**, *n.*: bosquet, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: boisé.
1. bôsom, *n.*: sein; (*fig.*) cœur, *m.*, intimité, *f.*: — friend, ami de cœur, *m.*; in the —, au sein de. **2. bôsom**, *tr.*: renfermer dans son sein.
1. bôss, *n.*: (*Am.*) ouvrier-maitre; chef d'atelier; patron, bourgeois; dictateur politique.
2. bôss, *n.*: bosse, bossette, *f.* **3. bôss**, *tr.*: ornamenter de bosses. **-age**, *n.*: bossage, *m.*
botânic, **-al**, *adj.*: botanique. **-ally**, *adv.*: conformément à la botanique.
bôta-nise, *intr.*: botaniser. **-nist**, *n.*: botaniste, *m.*, *f.* **-ny**, *n.*: botanique, *f.*
1. bôtch, *n.*: pustule, *f.*; (*fig.*) ravaudage, replâtrage, *m.*; (*bad work*) mauvaise besogne, *f.*; bousillage, *m.* **2. bôtch**, *tr.*: rapetasser, ravauder; replâtrer; saveter.
-er, *n.*: ravaudeur, *m.*, ravaudeuse, *f.*
-ing, *n.*: ravaudage, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: de pièces et de morceaux; tacheté.
1. bôth, *adj.*: l'un et l'autre; les deux; tous les deux; tous deux: — *of us*, nous deux; — *sides*, les deux côtés. **2. bôth**, *adv.*: tant: — ... and ..., et ... et ...; tant ... que ...; — *you and I*, et vous et moi; — *for you and him*, tant pour vous que pour lui.
1. bôther, *tr.*: ennuyer; tracasser.
2. bôther, **-âtion**, *n.*: ennui, *m.*

1. bôtte, *n.*: bouteille, *f.*; flacon, *m.*; (*of hay*) botte, *f.* **2. bôtte**, *tr.*: mettre en bouteille. **-companion**, *n.*: camarade de bouteille, *m.* **-d**, *part.*: en bouteille; (*fig.*) ventru. **-flower**, *n.*: bluet, *m.*
-friend, *n.*: ami de bouteille, *m.*
-gourd, *n.*: gourde, *f.* **-nose**, *n.*: gros nez, *m.* **-nosed**, *adj.*: à gros nez.
-rack, *n.*: planche à bouteilles, *f.* **-tit**, *n.*: mésange à longue queue, *f.* **bôtting**, *n.*: mise en bouteilles, *f.*
1. bôtton, *n.*: fond; bas; bout, *m.*; base; (*dale*) vallée; (*nav.*) carène, *f.*; (*nav.*) navire, bâtiment, *m.*; (*fig.*) borne, limite, *f.*: from top to —, de haut en bas; de fond en comble. **2. bôtton**, *tr.*: mettre un fond à; asseoir, baser; *intr.*: se fonder; être assis. **-ed**, *adj.*: à fond: flat —, à fond plat. **-less**, *adj.*: sans fond. **-ry**, *n.*: (*nav.*) contrat à la grosse aventure; prêt à la grosse aventure, *m.*
bôudoir, **-dwôr**, *n.*: boudoir, *m.*
bôugh, *n.*: branche, *f.*
bought bôt, *pret.* and *part.* of *buy*.
bougie, **-gi**, *n.*: (*surg.*) bougie, *f.*
bôultin, *n.*: (*arch.*) quart de rond, *m.*
1. bôun-ee, *tr.*: éclater; sauter avec grand bruit; faire le tapageur; faire le matamore; se vanter. **2. -ce**, *n.*: éclat, *m.*; hablerie, vanterie, *f.* **-eer**, *n.*: fanfaron; habléur, menteur, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en fanfaron; en menteur.
1. bôund, *pret.* and *part.* of *bind*.
2. bound, *adj.*: (*nav.*) destiné, allant: where are you — to? où allez-vous? où va le navire? homeward —, en retour.
3. bôund, *intr.*: bondir. **4. bound**, *n.*: bond, *m.*
5. bôund, *n.*: borne; limite, *f.* **6. bound**, *tr.*: borner, limiter. **-ary**, *n.*: limite, borne, *f.*
†bôunden, *adj.*: obligatoire, impérieux.
bôundless, *adj.*: sans bornes; illimité. **-ness**, *n.*: étendue infinie, infinité, *f.*
bôunteous, *adj.*: libéral, généreux; bienfaisant. **-ly**, *adv.*: libéralement, généreusement. **-ness**, *n.*: libéralité, munificence, générosité, *f.*
bôuntifal, *adj.*: généreux, libéral. **-ly**, *adv.*: généreusement; avec bienfaisance. **-ness**, *n.*: générosité, libéralité, *f.*
bôunty, *n.*: bienfaisance, largesse, libéralité, gratification, *f.*; don, *m.*
bô'uquêt, *n.*: bouquet, *m.*
bôurgeois, *n.*: (*print.*) gaillarde, *f.*
bôurgeon, *intr.*: bourgeonner.
1. bôurn(e), *n.*: borne, limite, *f.*
2. bôurn(e), *n.*: ruisseau, petit ruisseau, *m.*
bôu-se, *intr.*: boire à l'excès. **-sy**, *adj.*: gris, ivre.
bôut, *n.*: coup, *m.*; partie de plaisir, *f.*

have a — of it, s'en donner; at one —, d'un seul coup.

bōvine, *adj.*: bovine.

1. **bōw**, *tr.*: courber; plier, fléchir, incliner; *intr.*: plier; se courber; s'incliner.

2. **bow**, *n.*: salut, *m.*: courbette, *f.*; (*nav.*) (*of a ship*) avant, *m.* 3. **bōw**, *n.*: arc; (*of a violin*) archet; (*math.*) demi-cercle, *m.*: (*of a saddle*) arçon; (*of ribbons*) nœud, *m.*

1. **bōwel**, *n.*: intestin, *m.*: *us'ly pl.* (-s), entrailles, *f. pl.*, intestins, boyaux, *m. pl.*

2. **bowel**, *tr.*: éventrer, enlever les entrailles à.

1. **bōwer**, *n.*: (*nav.*) ancre de poste, *f.*

2. **bōwer**, *n.*: (*at cards*) valet, *m.*

3. **bōwer**, *n.*: berceau de verdure, bouquet, *m.*; retraite; chaumière, *f.* 4. **bower**, *tr.*: enfermer dans un berceau de verdure; loger. -y, *adj.*: pourvu de berceaux de verdure; en charmillle, en berceau; touffu, ombragé.

1. **bōwl**, *n.*: bol, bassin; (*of a spoon*) cuilleron; (*of a pipe*) fourneau, *m.* 2. **bowl**, *n.*: (*sphere*) boule. 3. **bowl**, *tr.*: (*a bowl, a ball*) faire rouler.

bōwlder, *n.*: caillou rond, *m.*; roche arrondie, *f.*

bōwlegged, *adj.*: à jambes en manches de veste.

bōwler, *n.*: joueur de boule, *m.*

bōwline, *n.*: (*nav.*) bouline, *f.*

bōwling, *n.*: jeu de boule, *m.* -green, *n.*: jeu de boule, *m.*

bōwman, *n.*: archer, *m.*; (*nav.*) brigadier, *m.*

bōwnet, *n.*: nasse de pêcheur, *f.*

bōwse, *tr.*: (*nav.*) haler.

bōwshot, *n.*: portée de trait, *f.*

bōwsprit, *n.*: (*nav.*) beaupré, *m.*

bōwstring, *n.*: corde d'arc, *f.*; (*to strangle*) cordon, *m.*

1. **bōx**, *n.*: buis, *m.*; boîte, malle, caisse; (*theat.*) loge, *f.*; (*print.*) cassetin; (*of coach*) siège de cocher, *m.* 2. **box**, *tr.*: enfermer dans une boîte. 3. **box**, *intr.*: boxer, se boxer; *tr.*: souffleter. 4. **box**, *n.*: coup, soufflet, *m.*: — on the ear, soufflet.

bōxen, *adj.*: de buis.

bōxer, *n.*: boxeur, pugiliste, *m.* -ing, *n.*: boxe, *f.*, pugilat, *m.* -ing-match, combat de pugilistes, *m.*

box-keeper, *n.*: (*theat.*) ouvreure de loges, *m.*, ouvreuse de loges, *f.* -maker, *n.*: layetier, *m.* -tree, *n.*: buis, *m.*

bōy, *n.*: garçon, petit garçon, enfant, *m.*

bōyâr, *n.*: boyard, boïard, *m.*

bōycott, *tr.*: boycotter, mettre hors d'association, se mettre en grève contre.

bōy-hood, *n.*: enfance (de l'enfant mâle), *f.* -ish, *adj.*: puéril; d'enfant, enfantin.

-ishly, *adv.*: puérilement; en enfant.

-ishness, *n.*: enfantillage, *m.*; puérilité, *f.*

1. **brāce**, *tr.*: lier, serrer, attacher; (*nav.*) brasser. 2. **brace**, *n.*: couple, paire, *f.*; (*arch.*) tirant, *m.*; (*carp.*) ancre; (*mus.*, *print.*) accolade, *f.*; (*nav.*) (*of a yard*) bras, *m.*; (*of a coach*) soupente, *f.*: —s, bretelles, *f. pl.* -let, *n.*: bracelet, *m.* -r -er, *n.*: bandage, *m.*

brāch, *n.*: chien de chasse, *f.*

brāchial, *adj.*: brachial.

brācing, *adj.*: fortifiant, salulaire.

brācket, *n.*: (*print.*) crochet; (*arch.*) tasseau, *m.*; console, *f.*

brāckish, *adj.*: saumâtre. -ness, *n.*: goût saumâtre, *m.*

brād, *n.*: clou sans tête, *m.* -awl, *n.*: poinçon effilé, *m.*

1. **brāg**, *intr.*: se vanter. 2. **brag** or 1. **gadōcto**, *n.*: fanfaronnade, vanterie, *f.* 2. **gadōcto**, *n.*: bravache; fanfaron, *m.* 1. **gart**, *adj.*: fanfaron, vantard. 2. **gart**, -ger, *n.*: vantard, fanfaron, *m.* -ging, *n.*: vanterie, forfanterie, *f.* -gingly, *adv.*: en fanfaron.

Brāh-man, *n.*: brahme; brahmane, *m.*

-maness, *n.*: brahmine, *f.* -mānical, *adj.*: brahmanique. -manism, *n.*: brahmanisme, *m.* -min, etc. = -man, etc.

1. **brād**, *n.*: tresse, *f.* 2. **braid**, *tr.*: tresser.

brāil-s, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) cargue, *f.* -up, *tr.*: (*nav.*) carguer.

1. **brān**, *n.*: cerveau, *m.*; cervelle, *f.*: puzzle one's —s, se creuser la cervelle; blow one's —s out, se faire sauter (se brûler) la cervelle. 2. **brain**, *tr.*: faire sauter, brûler la cervelle à. -ish, *adj.*: insensé; à tête chaude. -less, *adj.*: sans cervelle; à cerveau vide. -sick, *adj.*: à cerveau malade. -sickly, *adv.*: en cerveau malade. -sickness, *n.*: folie, *f.*; état d'un écerelé, *m.*; étourderie, indiscretion, *f.* -y, *adj.*: à cerveau fort, intellectuel, capable.

1. **brāke**, *n.*: fougère; fougeraie, ronceraie, *f.* 2. **brake**, *n.*: instrument pour briser ou arrêter, *m.*; (*agri.*) casse-motte, *m.*; (*hydr.*) brimbale, *f.*; (*man.*) bridon; (*tech.*) frein, *m.*; (*for kneading*) huche au pain, *f.*, pétrin, *m.*; (*currier's*) brisoir, *m.* -man, *n.*: (railway) garde-frein, *m.* -wheel, *n.*: roue d'engrenage, *f.*

brāky, *adj.*: épineux.

brāmb, *n.*: ronce, *f.*

brā-man, -min, etc. = *brahman*, etc.

brān, *n.*: son, *m.*

1. **brānch**, *intr.*: pousser des branches; *tr.*: diviser en branches: — off, se ramifier, (*of roads*) s'embrancher, se bifurquer.

2. **branch**, *n.*: branche, (*of public estab-*

lishments succursale, f.; (*railways*) embranchement, m. -*iness*, n.: état branchu, m. -*less*, adj.: sans branches; ébranché. -*y*, adj.: branchu.

1. *brând*, n.: brandon, tison, m.; flétrissure; marque, f. 2. *brand*, tr.: flétrir. -*ing-iron*, n.: fer à marquer, m. -*iron*, n.: fer à marquer; trois-pieds, m. -*ish*, tr.: brandir. -*isher*, n.: personne qui brandit, f.

brândy, n.: eau-de-vie, f., brandevin, m. -*merchant*, n.: négociant en eaux-de-vie.

1. *brângle*, n.: disputaillerie, f. 2. *brangle*, intr.: disputailler.

brânkursine, n.: branche-ursine, branches-ursine, berce, acanthe, f.

brânnny, adj.: de son.

brâsier, n.: dinandier; ouvrier en cuivre jaune; (*coal-pan*) braisier, m.

1. *brâss*, n.: airain, cuivre jaune, laiton; toupet (effronterie), m. 2. *brass*, tr.: couvrir de laiton. -*foil*, n.: cuivre battu, m. -*founder*, n.: fondeur de cuivre, m. -*foundry*, n.: fonderie de cuivre, f.

-*iness*, n.: ressemblance avec le cuivre; effronterie, impudence, audace, f. -*visaged*, adj.: à front d'airain, effronté, impudent. -*wares*, n. pl.: dinanderie, f.

-*wire*, fil de laiton, m. -*work*, n.: objet, ouvrage de cuivre, m. -*works*, n. pl.: usine à cuivre, f. -*y*, adj.: d'airain; effronté, impudent, audacieux.

brât, n.: marmot, m., marmotte, f.

bravâdo, n.: bravade, f.

1. *brâve*, adj.: brave; vaillant. 2. *brave*, n.: bravache, fanfaron, m. 3. *brave*, tr.: braver. -*ly*, adv.: couragement, bravement. -*ry*, n.: bravoure, f.

1. *brâvo*, n.: bravo, assassin, m. 2. *bravo*! interj.: bravo!

bravûra, n.: (*mus.*) air de bravoure, m.

1. *brâwl*, n.: clabauderie, dispute, f. 2. *brawl*, intr.: brailleur, clabauder, disputer. -*er*, n.: clabauder; brailleur, m., brailleur, f.; brailleur, m., brailleuse, f.

-*ing*, n.: clabauderie, criailleurie, f. -*ingly*, adv.: en clabaudant, en brailleur.

brâwn, n.: fêchier (muscle), force musculaire; charnure ferme, f.; chair de sanglier, f.; sanglier, m. -*er*, n.: sanglier, m. -*ness*, n.: force musculieuse; force, f. -*y*, adj.: musculieux; robuste; charnu.

1. *brây*, tr.: broyer. 2. *brây*, intr.: braire. 3. *bray*, -*ing*, n.: braiment, m. -*er*, n.: brailleur, m.

brâze, tr.: travailler en airain; braser; endurcir. 1. -*n*, adj.: d'airain; impudent, audacieux. 2. -*n*, intr.: montrer un front d'airain; — *it out*, payer d'effronterie.

-*n-face*, n.: front d'airain; effronté, m., effrontée, f. -*n-faced*, adj.: à front

d'airain. -*ness*, n.: qualité propre à l'airain; impudence, effronterie, f.

brâzier = *brasier*.

brazil-wood, n.: brésillet; bois du Brésil, m. *Brazilian*, adj.: brésilien.

Brazil-nut, n.: noix du Brésil; amande de l'Amazonie, f.

brêach, n.: brèche; rupture; violation, infraction, f.

brêad, n.: pain, m.: *daily* —, pain quotidien; *new* —, pain frais; *stale* —, pain rassis; *take the — out of one's mouth*, voler le pain de la bouche à quelqu'un; *be in want of —*, manquer de pain; *on — and water*, au pain et à l'eau. -*less*, adj.: sans pain. -*room*, n.: (*nav.*) soute au pain, f.

brêadth, n.: largeur, f.; (*of stuffs*) lé, m.

brêad-tree, n.: jaquier; arbre à pain, m.

1. *brêak* (pret. *broke*; part. *broken*), tr.: rompre; casser; briser; violer, enfreindre; faire faire faillite à; ruiner: — *open a door*, enfoncer une porte; — *open a letter*, décacheter une lettre; — *off*, rompre, interrompre; — *up*, démolir; dissoudre; — *through*, se frayer un passage à travers; — *a horse*, rompre un cheval; — *any one of a bad habit*, faire perdre à quelqu'un une mauvaise habitude; — *any one's heart*, briser le cœur à quelqu'un; — *one's oath*, violer, fausser son serment.

2. *break*, intr.: rompre, se rompre, casser, se casser, briser, se briser; éclater; (*com.*) faire faillite; (*of daybreak*) poindre; (*of an abscess*) percer; — *in*, envahir; pénétrer, s'introduire; — *up*, (*of an assembly*) se séparer; (*of schools*) entrer en vacances; (*of cold*) s'adoucir; (*of fine weather*) se gâter; — *out*, (*of diseases*) éclater, se déclarer; — *off*, rompre, cesser; — *down*, (*of carriages*) verser, (*of horses*) s'abattre, (*of orators*) rester court, s'arrêter tout court. 3. *break*, n.: percée, trouée; (*fig.*) interruption, f.; (*print.*) alinéa, m.; (*man.*) voiture pour dresser les chevaux, f.: — *of day*, point du jour, m., pointe du jour, f. -*age*, n.: (*com.*) casse, f.

-*er*, n.: infracteur; briseur, m., briseuse, f.; violateur, m., violatrice, f. 1. *brêak-fast*, n.: déjeuner, m. 2. *fast*, intr.: déjeuner. -*iron*, n.: enclume, f. -*neck*, n.: casse-cou, m.; chute à se casser le cou, f. -*share*, n.: (*vet.*) cours de ventre, m. -*stone*, n.: (*bot.*) saxifrage, f. -*water*, n.: (*of bridges*) avant-bec; arrière-bec; (*of harbours*) brisélames, m.; digue, f.; rempart, m.

1. *brêam*, n.: (*icht.*) brème, f. 2. *brêam*, tr.: (*nav.*) (*a ship*) chauffer.

brêast, n.: poitrine, f.; sein; (*nav.*) flanc; (*of a horse*) poitrail, m. -*high*, adj.: à hauteur d'appui. -*plate*, n.: cuirasse, f. -*work*, n.: parapet; (*nav.*) fronteau, m.

breath, *n.*: haleine, *f.*; souffle, *m.*: *be out of* —, être hors d'haleine, être essouffé; *get out of* —, se mettre hors d'haleine; *last* —, dernier soupir, *m.*

breath-e, *intr.*: respirer; *tr.*: respirer, souffler: — *one's last*, rendre le dernier soupir. — **-er**, *n.*: personne qui respire, *f.* — **-ing**, *adj.*: qui respire; pour respirer. — **-ing-time**, *n.*: temps de respirer, *m.*

breathless, *adj.*: essouffé; haletant; inanimé.

bred, *past part.* (of *to breed*): élevé; ill —, mal élevé.

1. bréech, *n.*: derrière, *m.*; (of *fire-arms*) culasse, *f.* **2. breech**, *tr.*: mettre en culotte; fesser; mettre une culasse à. — **-es**, *n. pl.*: culotte, *f. sing.*

1. bréed (pret., part. *bred*), *tr.*: enfanter, engendrer; élever; *intr.*: s'engendrer; multiplier. **2. breed**, *n.*: race; couvée, *f.* — **-er**, *n.*: mère, *f.*; éleveur, *m.* — **-ing**, *n.*: génération, éducation, *f.*: *good* —, politesse, *f.*

brée-ze, *n.*: brise, *f.*; vent, *m.* — **-zy**, *adj.*: rafraîchi par la brise.

bréthren (pl. of *brother*), *n.*: (of *the same society*) frères, *m. pl.*

brève, *n.*: (mus.) brève, *f.*

1. brevét, *adj.*: (milit.) à brevet. **2. brovet**, *n.*: brevet, *m.*

brévi-ary, *n.*: bréviaire; abrégé, *m.* — **-ate**, *n.*: extrait, abrégé, *m.* — **-ature**, *n.*: abréviation, *f.*

brevier, *n.*: (print.) petit-texte, *m.*

brévité, *n.*: brièveté; concision, *f.*

1. bréw, *tr.*: brasser; mêler; (fig.) tramer. **2. brew**, *intr.*: faire de la bière; (fig.) se préparer, se tramer, couvrir. — **-er**, *n.*: brasseur, *m.* — **-ery**, *n.*: brasserie, *f.* — **-house**, *n.*: brasserie, *f.* — **-ing**, *n.*: brassage, *m.*

briar = *brier*.

bri-be, *n.*: (to *corrupt*) présent; prix; appât, *m.* **2. be**, *tr.*: gagner; corrompre; suborner. — **-ber**, *n.*: suborneur, corrupteur, *m.*, corruptrice, *f.* — **-bery**, *adv.*: corruption, séduction; concussion, *f.*: (person) guilty of —, concussionnaire, *n.*

brick, *n.*: brique, *f.*; pain brun, *m.*; bon garçon, gaillard, *m.* **2. brick**, *tr.*: bâtir de briques, briqueter. — **-bat**, *n.*: morceau de brique, *m.* — **-dust**, *n.*: poussière de briques, *f.* — **-layer**, *n.*: maçon en briques, maçon, *m.* — **-maker**, *n.*: briquetier, *m.* — **-work**, *n.*: briquetage, *m.* — **-y**, *adj.*: plein de briques; formé de briques; convenable pour des briques.

1. bridal, *n.*: fête nuptiale, *f.* **2. bridal**, *adj.*: nuptial, de noce.

bride, *n.*: nouvelle mariée; épousée; fiancée, *f.* — **-bed**, *n.*: lit nuptial, *m.*

-cake, *n.*: gâteau de noces, *m.* — **-groom**, *n.*: épousé, marié, *m.* — **-maid**, *n.*: amie de noce; (at a wedding) demoiselle d'honneur, *f.* — **-man**, *n.*: ami de noce; (at a wedding) garçon d'honneur, *m.*

bridewell, *n.*: maison de correction, *f.*

1. bridge, *n.*: pont; (of *stringed instruments*) chevalet; (of *the nose*) dos; (of a comb) champ, *m.*; (of a gun-carriage) hausse, *f.* **2. bridge**, *tr.*: construire un pont sur. — **-building**, *n.*: construction de ponts. — **-keeper**, *n.*: pontier, *m.* — **-master**, *n.*: surveillant de pont, *m.*

1. bridle, *n.*: bride, *f.*; (fig.) frein, *m.* **2. bridle**, *tr.*: bridier; (fig.) mettre un frein à; *intr.*: redresser la tête: — *up*, se redresser.

bridoon, *n.*: (man.) filet, bridon, *m.*

1. brief, *adj.*: bref, court. **2. brief**, *n.*: bref; abrégé; (of *lawyers*) cause, *f.* — **-less**, *adj.*: (of *lawyers*) sans causes. — **-ly**, *adv.*: brièvement; en peu de mots. — **-ness**, *n.*: brièveté, *f.*

brier, *n.*: ronce, *f.*; églantier, *m.* — **-y**, *adj.*: plein de ronces.

brig, *n.*: (nav.) brig, brick, *m.*

1. brigâ-de, *n.*: brigade, *f.* **2. -de**, *tr.*: former en brigades. — **-dier**, *n.*: général de brigade, *m.*

brigand, *n.*: brigand, *m.* — **-age**, *n.*: brigandage, *m.*

brigantine, *n.*: brigantin, *m.*, brigantine, *f.*

bright, *adj.*: brillant, clair, éclatant. **1. -en**, *tr.*: faire briller; répandre de l'éclat sur: — *up*, éclaircir; (fig.) égayer. **2. -en**, *tr.*: s'éclaircir: — *up*, (of *the face*) rayonner; (of *the weather*) s'éclaircir. — **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière brillante; brillamment. — **-ness**, *n.*: brillant, éclat, *m.*; (fig.) joie, *f.*

brilli-ance, *n.*: brillant, lustre, éclat, *m.* — **-ant**, *adj.*: brillant, éclatant. — **-ant**, *n.*: (diamond) brillant, *m.* — **-antly**, *adv.*: brillamment. — **-antness**, *n.*: brillant, lustre, éclat, *m.*

† brills, *n.*: (of *the horse*) cils, *m. pl.*

1. brim, *n.*: bord, *m.* **2. brim**, *tr.*, *intr.*: remplir jusqu'au bord; être plein jusqu'au bord. — **-ful**, *adj.*: plein jusqu'au bord; tout plein. — **-less**, *adj.*: sans bords. — **-mer**, *n.*: rasade, *f.*; rouge bord, *m.*

brim-stone, *n.*: soufre, *m.* — **-stony**, *adj.*: sulfureux.

brin-ded, *adj.*: tavelé. — **-dle**, *n.*: tavelure, *f.* — **-dled**, *adj.*: tavelé.

brine, *n.*: saumure; onde amère; larmes, *f.* **2. brine**, *tr.*: mettre dans la saumure, saler.

bring (pret., part. *brought*), *tr.*: appor-

ter; amener; conduire; porter; transporter; réduire: — *about*, amener, venir à bout de; — *away*, emporter, emmener; — *back*, rapporter, ramener; — *down*, descendre, amener en bas; abattre; humilier; diminuer; — *forth*, produire; mettre au monde; mettre bas; — *forward*, faire avancer; — *in*, faire entrer, introduire; — *on*, amener, occasionner; — *out*, sortir, faire sortir; faire paraître, publier; représenter sur la scène; — *over*, transporter; faire passer; convertir, attirer; — *under*, soumettre; assujettir; — *up*, nourrir; élever; monter; vomir; — *upon*, attirer; — *to*, faire reprendre connaissance à; (*nav.*) amener; — *close to*, approcher; — *into fashion*, mettre à la mode; — *into question*, mettre en question; — *into trouble*, engager dans de mauvaises affaires; — *to bed*, accoucher; — *to pass*, exécuter, effectuer; — *to perfection*, perfectionner; — *together*, assembler; réconcilier, raccommorder; — *word of*, apporter la nouvelle de. — **er**, *n.*: personne qui apporte, *f.*; porteur, *m.* — **ger-up**, *n.*: éducateur, instituteur, *m.*, — *trice*, *f.* — **ing-up**, *n.*: éducation, *f.*

brinish, *adj.*: saumâtre, salé; amer.

brink, *n.*: bord, *m.*: *the — of a precipice*, le bord d'un précipice; *on the — of ruin*, sur le penchant de la ruine.

briny, *adj.*: saumâtre, salé; amer.

1. brisk, *adj.*: vif; piquant; animé, éveillé.

2. brisk, *tr.*: animer: — *up*, animer; s'animer; se tenir droit; prendre une attitude hardie.

brisket, *n.*: (*meat of breast-bone*) poitrine, *f.*

brisk-ly, *adv.*: vivement. — **ness**, *n.*: vivacité, *f.*

1. brist-le, *n.*: (*of pigs, boars*) soie, *f.*; poil raide, *m.* **2. -le**, *tr. and intr.*: hérissier; se hérissier; se raidir. — **-ly**, *adj.*: (*of pigs, boars*) qui a des soies; hérissé.

Britannie, *adj.*: britannique.

brite, *intr.*: (*of wheat, barley, etc.*) s'égrener.

British, *adj.*: britannique; anglais.

brittle, *adj.*: fragile; cassant. — **ness**, *n.*: fragilité, *f.*

1. brôach, *n.*: (*for roasting*) broche, *f.*

2. broach, *tr.*: embrocher; (*a cask*) mettre en perce; émettre, communiquer: — *to*, (*nav.*) se coiffer; faire chapelle. — **er**, *n.*: (*for roasting*) broche, *f.*; auteur, *m.*, personne qui émet, publie la première, *f.*

broâd, *adj.*: large, grand; (*fig.*) grossier, hardi; (*accent*) bien prononcé: — *awake*, bien éveillé; — *daylight*, grand jour. — **-ax(e)**, *n.*: hache d'armes, *f.*

-brimmed, *adj.*: à large bord. **1. -cast**, *adj.*: (*agri.*) à la volée; (*fig.*) au hasard.

2. -cast, *n.*: (*agri.*) semis à la volée, *m.* — **-en**, *intr.*: s'élargir. — **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu large, assez large. — **-ly**, *adj.*: largement. — **-ness**, *n.*: largeur; (*fig.*) grossièreté, *f.* — **-side**, *n.*: (*nav.*) bordée, *f.*; (*nav.*) côté, bord; (*print.*) in-plano, *m.* — **-sword**, *n.*: sabre, *m.* — **-wise**, *adv.*: en largeur.

brocâd-e, *n.*: brocart, *m.* — **-ed**, *adj.*: de brocart; vêtu de brocart.

brôcage, *n.*: courtage, *m.*

brôcket, *n.*: jeune cerf, daguet, *m.*

brôgue, *n.*: accent très fortement prononcé, *m.*; (*Scotch shoe*) brogue, *f.*

1. brôil, *n.*: discussion, dispute; querelle, *f.*; tumulte, *m.*

2. brôil, *tr.*: griller; *intr.*: griller, se griller.

brôiler, *n.*: 1. perturbateur, *m.*, perturbatrice, *f.*; 2. gril, *m.*

brôkage, *n.*: courtage, *m.*

brôken, *adj.*: cassé, brisé; navré; dessous; dispersé; décousu; baragouiné.

-backed, *adj.*: qui a le dos rompu; qui a les reins cassés. — **-hearted**, *adj.*: qui a le cœur brisé, qui a le cœur navré: *die —*, mourir de chagrin.

— **-ly**, *adv.*: par morceaux. — **-winded**, *adj.*: (*vet.*) poussif.

brôker, *n.*: courtier; fripier, *m.* — **-age**, *n.*: courtage, *m.*

brô-me, *-mine*, *n.*: brome, *m.*

brôn-chi, *-chia*, *n. pl.*: bronches, *f. pl.*

-chial, *-chie*, *adj.*: bronchique. — **-chitis**, *n.*: bronchite, *f.*; catarrhe pulmonaire, *m.* — **-chotomy**, *n.*: bronchotomie, *f.*

1. brônze, *n.*: bronze, *m.* **2. bronze**, *tr.*: bronzer; durcir comme l'airain.

brôoch, *n.*: (*jewel*) broche, *f.*; (*paint.*) camaïeu, *m.*

1. brôod, *tr.*: couvrir; (*fig.*) nourrir; *intr.*: couvrir; se couvrir; se préparer: — *over*, méditer sur. **2. brood**, *n.*: couvée, engéance, race, *f.*

1. brôok, *tr.*: souffrir, avaler, digérer, boire. **2. brook**, *n.*: ruisseau, *m.* — **-let**, *n.*: petit ruisseau, *m.*

brôom, *n.*: (*bot.*) genêt; balai, *m.* — **-corn**, *n.*: barbon à sucre, *m.* — **-rape**, *n.*: (*bot.*) orobanche; clandestine, *f.* — **-staff**, *n.*: manche à balai, *f.* — **-y**, *adj.*: rempli de genêts.

brôth, *n.*: bouillon, *m.*: *black —*, brouet noir, *m.*

brôthel, *n.*: maison de prostitution, *f.*

brôther, *n.*: frère, *m.*: *elder —*, frère aîné; *younger —*, frère cadet; — *s (of the same family)*, frères; see *brethren*.

-hood, *n.*: fraternité; confrérie, *f.* — **-in-law**, *n.*: beaufrère, *m.* — **-less**, *adj.*: sans frère. — **-like**, *adj.*: en frère; fraternel.

1. -ly, *adj.*: fraternel. **2. -ly**, *adv.*: fraternellement.

brought brât, *pret., part. of bring.*

brôw, *n.*: sourcil; front, *m.* — **-bêat**

(pret. *beat*; part. *beat, beaten*), *tr.*: mater, (by arrogance) déconcerter. -*beaten*, part. *part.*: maté, déconcerté. -*beating*, *n.*: langage arrogant, *m.*: arrogance, *f.*: action de mater, *f.* -*bound*, *adj.*: couronné.

1. *brōwn*, *adj.*: brun; sombre, rembruni: — *bread*, pain bis; — *paper*, papier gris; — *sugar*, cassonade. 2. *brown*, *n.*: brun; (cook.) rissole, *m.* 3. *brown*, *tr.*: brunir; (cook.) rissoler; *intr.*: brunir, se brunir. -*ish*, *adj.*: brunâtre. -*ness*, *n.*: couleur brune, *f.*

brōwse, *tr.* and *intr.*: brouter. -*wood*, *n.*: brout, *m.*

1. *brūise*, *tr.*: meurtrir; écraser, piler.

2. *brūise*, *n.*: meurtrissure, *f.*

brāit, *tr.*: ébruiter.

brāmal, *adj.*: d'hiver, brumal.

brānōtte, *n.*: brune, brunette, *f.*

brānt, *n.*: choc; fort, *m.*; violence, fureur, *f.*

1. *brūsh*, *n.*: brosse, *f.*; balai; pinceau; (fig.) coups, *m.*, batterie, *f.*; escarmouche, *f.*; (of a fox) queue, *f.* 2. *brush*, *tr.*: brosser; effleurer, raser. -*er*, *n.*: personne qui brosse, *f.* -*ing*, *n.*: action de brosser, *f.*; petite tape, *f.*; allure légère et rapide, *f.*; action d'effleurer, *f.* -*maker*, *n.*: brossier, *m.* -*wood*, *n.*: broussailles, *f. pl.* -*y*, *adj.*: comme une brosse; rude.

brūstle, *intr.*: pétiller, craquer.

brūtal, *adj.*: brutal, cruel. -*tality*,

n.: brutalité, cruauté. -*talise*, *tr.*:

abrutir; *intr.*: s'abrutir. -*tally*, *adv.*:

brutalement. 1. -*te*, *n.*: brute, bête, *f.*;

brutal, *m.* 2. -*te*, *adj.*: insensible; (of

animals) sauvage. -*tify*, *tr.*: abrutir.

-*tish*, *adj.*: brut; abruti, de brute, brutal.

-*tishly*, *adv.*: brutalement, comme une

brute, en brute. -*tishness*, *n.*: brutalité,

f. -*tism*, *n.*: caractère de la brute;

abrutissement, *m.*

brjony, *n.*: (bot.) bryone, couleuvrée, *f.*

1. *būb-ble*, *n.*: bulle d'air; (fig.) entre-

prise illusoire, vaine chimère, *f.* 2. -*ble*,

tr.: duper; *intr.*: bouillonner: — *up*,

bouillonner. -*bler*, *n.*: trompeur, *m.*

-*bling*, *n.*: bouillonnement; (fig.) mur-

mure, *m.*

būbo, *n.*: (med.) bubon, *m.*

buccanēer, *n.*: boucanier, *m.*

1. *būck*, *n.*: daim, bouc; béliet; (fig.) éle-

gant, gaillard, *m.* 2. *buck*, *intr.*: s'ac-

coupler; (man.) faire le saut de mouton.

3. *buck*, *n.*: lessive, *f.*

4. *buck*, *tr.*: lessiver, laver. -*basket*,

n.: panier au linge sale, *m.*

būckbean = *bogbean*.

būcker, *n.*: (man.) maraouin, *m.*

būcket, *n.*: seau, *m.*: *kick the —*, sauter

le pas, mourir. -*shop*, *n.*: (Am.) place

où l'on fait des paris, maison des parieurs.

f. -*wheel*, *n.*: roue à augets, *f.*

būcking, *n.*: lessive, *f.* -*cloth*, *n.*:

charrier, *m.* -*tub*, *n.*: cuvier, *m.*

1. *būck-le*, *n.*: boucle, *f.* 2. -*le*, *tr.*:

boucler, attacher, agraffer; *intr.*: plier,

se plier, se courber; se boucler; s'at-

tacher avec une boucle: — *to*, s'appliquer.

1. -*ler*, *n.*: bouclier, *m.* 2. -*ler*, *tr.*: (rare)

défendre, soutenir.

būckram, *n.*: bougran, *m.*

būckwheat, *n.*: sarrasin, blé noir, *m.*

1. *būcōlic*, *adj.*: bucolique. 2. *bucolic*,

n.: (poème) bucolique, *f.*; (poète) bu-

coliste, *m.*

1. *būd*, *n.*: bourgeon, bouton, *m.* 2. *bud*,

intr.: bourgeonner; s'épanouir; fleurir;

germer, boutonner; *tr.*: écussonner, gref-

fer. -*ding*, *n.*: bourgeonnement; germe,

m.; greffe en écusson, *f.*

1. *būddle*, *n.*: (metal.) caisse à laver.

2. *buddle*, *tr.*: (metal.) laver.

1. *būdge*, *intr.*: bouger, bouger de.

2. *būdge*, *n.*: peau d'agneau, *f.*

būdget, *n.*: budget; sac, *m.*

būdlet, *n.*: petit bouton, petit bourgeon, *m.*

1. *būff*, *n.*: (skin) buffle, *m.*; couleur cha-

mois; (med.) couenne, *f.* 2. *buff*, *adj.*:

de peau de buffle; de couleur chamois.

-*alp*, *n.*: buffle, *m.* -*alp-snake*, *n.*:

boa, boa constrictor, devin, *m.*

būffer, *n.*: tampon, *m.*

1. *būffet*, *n.*: soufflet, coup de poing, *m.*

2. *buffet*, *intr.*: se battre à coups de

poing; boxer; *tr.*: frapper à coups de

poing, battre; assaillir; (of bells) étouf-

fer le son.

3. *būffet*, *n.*: buffet, *m.*

būffe, *n.*: buffle, *m.* -*headed*, *adj.*:

stupide.

1. *būffoon*, *n.*: bouffon, *m.* 2. *buffoon*,

tr.: babouer. -*ery*, *n.*: bouffonnerie, *f.*

būffy, *adj.*: (med.) de couenne; couenneux.

būg, *n.*: punaise, *f.* -*abōo*, -*beār*, *n.*:

épouvantail; loup-garou, *m.*

būggy, *adj.*: plein de punaises.

1. *būgle*, *n.*: 1. perle de Venise; 2. (bot.)

bugle, *f.*

būgle, *n.*: buffle; cor de chasse, *m.*

-*horn*, *n.*: cor de chasse, *m.* -*weed*,

n.: (bot.) marrube, *m.*

būgloss, *n.*: buglose, *f.*

1. *build*, *bâti*: construire; édifier: — *on*,

compter sur. 2. *build*, *intr.*: bâtir. -*er*,

n.: constructeur, entrepreneur de bâti-

ments, *m.* -*ing*, *n.*: construction, struc-

ture, *f.*; édifice, monument; bâtiment, *m.*

būlb, *n.*: (anat.) bulbe, *m.*; (bot.) bulbe,

f. -*ous*, *adj.*: bulbeux.

1. *būlge*, *n.*: ventre, *m.*: (nav.) fond de

cale, *m.*, sentine, *f.* 2. *bulge*, *intr.*: faire

ventre, bomber.

būlimy, *n.*: boulimie, *f.*
bulk, *n.*: volume, *m.*; grosseur, masse; grandeur, *f.*; *torps*, *m.* -**head**, *n.*: (*nav.*) cloison étanche, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: grosseur, *f.*; volume, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: gros, volumineux.
1. bull, *n.*: taureau, *m.*; (*blunder*) bêtise, boulette, bête, *f.*; (*at the exchange*) joueur à la hausse, haussier, *m.* **2. bull**, *adj.*: de taureau; mâle, fort. **3. bull**, *tr.*: hausser (à la bourse).
bull, *n.*: (*papat*) bulle, *f.*
bulls, *n.*: (*med.*) bulle, ampoule, cloche, *f.*
bullace, *n.*: (*bot.*) prunelle, *f.*; prunellier, *m.* -**tree**, *n.*: prunellier, *m.*
bull-baiting, *n.*: combat de taureaux, *m.* -**bee**, *n.*: taon, *m.* -**beggar**, *n.*: croquemitaine, *m.* -**dog**, *n.*: dogue, *m.* -**doze**, *tr.*: (*Am. slang*) intimider, forcer par peur, duper. -**dozer**, *n.*: (*Am. slang*) intimidateur, dupeur, *m.* -**en-nail**, *n.*: clou de tapissier, *m.*
bullet, *n.*: balle, *f.*
bulletin, *n.*: bulletin, *m.*
bull-fight, *n.*: combat de taureaux, *m.* -**fighter**, *n.*: toréador, *m.* -**finch**, *n.*: bouvreuil, *m.* -**fly**, *n.*: taon, *m.* -**frog**, *n.*: grenouille taureau, *f.* -**head**, *n.*: grosse bête, *f.*; (*ichth.*) cotte, chabot, cabot, *m.*; têtard, *m.*
bullion -**yūn**, *n.*: lingot, *m.*; matières d'or et d'argent, *f. pl.* -**office**, *n.*: (*com.*) bureau pour l'achat des matières d'or et d'argent, *m.*
bull-ish, *adj.*: ridicule, saugrenu. -**ock**, *n.*: bœuf, *m.*; young —, bouvillon, *m.* -**eye**, *n.*: (*window*) œil de bœuf, *m.*; (*of a target*) noir, centre, *m.*, mouche, *f.*; (*nav.*) hublot, *m.*: *hit the —*, mettre dans le noir.
1. bully, *n.*: rodomont, fier-à-bras, matamore, fendant, *m.* **2. bully**, *tr.*: rudoyer, maltraiter, malmenier; intimider; *intr.*: faire le fendant, le fier-à-bras, le matamore.
bulrush, *n.*: jonc, *m.*
1. bulwark -**uwrk**, *n.*: boulevard, rempart, *m.* **2. bulwark**, *tr.*: fortifier par des boulevards.
1. būm, *n.*: derrière, *m.*
2. būm, *intr.*: murmurer. **3. būm**, *n.*: murmure. -**ble-bee**, *n.*: bourdon, *m.*
būmboat, *n.*: bateau de provisions, *m.*
būmkin, *n.*: (*nav.*) arc-boutant, *m.*
1. būmp, *n.*: bosse, *f.*; coup, *m.* **2. būmp**, *tr.*: cogner, heurter, frapper.
būmper, *n.*: rasade, *f.*; rouge bord, *m.*
būmpkin, *n.*: rustre, *m.*, rustaud, *m.*, rustaude, *f.*
1. būnch, *n.*: (*of keys*) trousseau, *m.*; (*things tied together*) botte, grappe, *f.*,

bouquet, *m.*; (*on the back*) bosse; (*agri.*) javelle, *f.*: — *of onions*, botte d'oignons; — *of grapes*, grappe de raisin. **2. būnch**, *intr.*: faire bosse; *tr.*: lier en botte, en bouquet; s'entasser. -**backed**, *adj.*: bossu. -**y**, *adj.*: touffu.
1. būndle, *n.*: paquet; faisceau, *m.*; botte; (*agri.*) javelle, *f.*: — *of asparagus*, botte d'asperges. **2. būndle**, *tr.*: empaqueter: — *out*, mettre à la porte.
1. būng, *n.*: bondon; (*artil.*) tampon; *tescroc*, fripon, *m.* **2. būng**, *tr.*: bondonner, boucher. -**borer**, bondonnier, *f.* -**hole**, *n.*: bonde, *f.*
1. būn-gle, *n.*: œuvre grossière, *f.*; bou-sillage, *m.*; bête, maladresse, *f.* **2. -gle**, *tr.*: saveter, gâter, massacrer; *intr.*: s'y prendre de travers. -**gler**, *n.*: maladroit, savetier, *m.* -**gling**, *adj.*: maladroit. -**glingly**, *adv.*: en savetier, maladroitement, absurdement, inhabilement.
būnion, *n.*: (*on the foot*) oignon, *m.*
1. būnt, *n.*: (*nav.*) fond de voile, *m.* **2. būnt**, *intr.*: (*nav.*) s'enfer.
1. būnting, *n.*: (*stuff*) étamine, *f.*; (*nav.*) drapeau(x), *m.* (*pl.*).
2. būnting, *n.*: (*orni.*) bruant, bréant, *m.*
1. būōy, *n.*: (*nav.*) bouée, *f.* **2. būoy**, *tr.*: soutenir sur l'eau: — *up*, soutenir sur l'eau; (*fig.*) soutenir, ranimer. -**anee**, -**ancy**, *n.*: faculté de surnager; légèreté, *f.*; élan, *m.*; fermeté, *f.* -**ant**, *adj.*: léger, flottant, élastique, ferme.
būr = **burr**.
būrbot, *n.*: (*ichth.*) lotte commune, *f.*
būrden, *n.*: fardeau, *m.*; charge, *f.*; (*nav.*) port, *m.*: *beast of —*, bête de somme, *f.*; — *of a song*, refrain, *m.*
burden, *tr.*: imposer un fardeau à; charger; opprimer. -**some**, *adj.*: onéreux; lourd; ennuyeux.
būrdoek, *n.*: (*bot.*) bardane, *f.*; gloute-ron, *m.*
būreau -**ro**, *n.*: bureau, *m.*
būrgamot = **bergamot**.
būrgess, *n.*: bourgeois, habitant, *m.*
būrg, *n.*: bourg, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: bourgeois; citoyen, *m.* -**ership**, *n.*: droit de bourgeoisie, *m.*
būr-glar, *n.*: voleur de nuit (avec effraction dans une maison habitée), *m.* -**glarious**, *adj.*: de vol de nuit avec effraction dans une maison habitée. -**glari-ously**, *adv.*: la nuit avec effraction et dans une maison habitée. -**glary**, *n.*: vol de nuit (avec effraction dans une maison habitée), *m.*
būrgomaster, *n.*: bourgmestre, *m.*
buri-al -**bēri-al**, *n.*: enterrement; ensevelissement, *m.*; sépulture, *f.*: *Christian —*, sépulture ecclésiastique. -**al-ground**, *n.*: cimetière, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: fossoyeur, *m.*

būrin, n.: burin, m.

būrl, tr.: (woollen cloth) épinceter.

1. **bur-lèsque**, adj.: burlesque. 2. **-lesque**, n.: burlesque, m. 3. **-lesque**, tr.: rendre burlesque. **-lèsquer**, n.: personne qui fait du burlesque, f. **-lëtta**, n.: vaudeville, m.

būr-liness, n.: grosseur; haute taille; fanfaronnade, f. **-ly**, adj.: gros et grand; bruyant.

1. **būrn** (pret., part. *burnt* or *burned*), tr.: brûler; (tech.) cuire: — down, brûler; — (down) to the ground, brûler de fond en comble; — up, brûler entièrement. 2. **burn**, intr.: brûler: — out, se consumer. 3. **burn**, n.: brûlure; (of bricks) cuit, f. **-er**, n.: (of a lamp) brûleur, bec, m. 1. **-ing**, n.: brûlure, f.; incendie, m. 2. **-ing**, adj.: en feu; brûlant. **-ing-glass**, n.: verre ardent, m., lentille, f.

būrnish, tr.: brunir, polir; intr.: devenir brillant. **-er**, (pers.) brunisseur, m., brunisseuse, f.; (tool) brunissoir, m.

būrn, cf. 1. **burn**. **-offering**, n.: holocauste, m.

būr(r), n.: (bot.) glouteron; bords aillant; arrêt (de lance, etc.); (of the ear) lobe; ris de veau, m.; prononciation gutturale (de r), f.; (of antlers) fraise.

būrr-el-shot, n.: mitraille, f.

1. **būrroie**, n.: terrier, clapier, m. 2. **bur-row**, intr.: terrer, se terrer.

būrsar, n.: (of a college or steamboat) économe; boursier, m. **-ship**, n.: économe, m.

1. **būrst**, n.: fracas, éclat, m. 2. **burst** (pret., part. *burst*), tr.: crever; faire éclater; fendre; rompre, briser; intr.: crever, éclater; se fendre; faire explosion: — into tears, fondre en larmes; — out into, éclater en.

būrt, n.: turbot, m.

būrthen = *burden*.

bury **dōry**, tr.: enterrer; ensevelir.

būs, abréviation de *omnibus*.

1. **būsh**, n.: buisson; (sign-board) bouchon, m.; (hunt.) queue de renard, f. 2. **bush**, intr.: devenir touffu. **būshel**, n.: boisseau, m.

bush-iness, n.: qualité de ce qui est touffu, f. **-y**, adj.: buissonneux; touffu.

busi-less **bīzi**, adj.: sans occupation; à loisir. **-ly**, adv.: activement; avec empressement. **-ness**, n.: affaire, occupation, besogne, f., état, métier, m.; affaires, f. pl.; commerce; fonds, fonds de commerce, m.; (of a banker) clientèle, f.; (right) droit, m.: *extensive* —, affaires considérables; *line of* —, genre de commerce, m.; *run of* —, courant d'affaires, m.; *in* —, dans les affaires; dans le com-

merce; *on* —, pour affaire; *attend to one's* —, soigner ses affaires; être à ses affaires; *be in — for one's self*, être établi pour son compte; *buy a —*, acheter un fonds; *do —*, faire des affaires; *do a great deal of —*, faire de bonnes affaires; *give up —*, se retirer des affaires; *give up one's —*, céder son fonds; *put to —*, mettre dans les affaires; *retire from —*, se retirer des affaires; *settle a —*, arranger une affaire; *send any one about his —*, envoyer promener quelqu'un; *go about your —*, allez vous promener; *what — is that of yours?* est-ce que cela vous regarde? *you have done a fine piece of — indeed!* vous avez fait là une belle équipée! **-ness-like**, adj.: d'affaires, propre aux affaires.

būsk, n.: busc, m.

būskin, n.: cothurne, brodequin, m. **-ed**, adj.: en-brodequins; en cothurnes; tragique.

1. **būss**, n.: (triv.) baiser, m. 2. **buss**, tr.: (triv.) embrasser, baiser.

būst, n.: buste, m.; bosse, f.

būstard, n.: outarde, f.

būstle, n.: mouvement; tumulte, bruit, m.

būst-le, intr.: se donner du mouvement; se hâter; tracasier. **-ler**, n.: personne qui se donne du mouvement, f. **-ling**, adj.: actif, affairé; empressé; remuant, bruyant.

1. **busy** **bīzi**, adj.: affairé, occupé; actif; en mouvement; agité. 2. **busy**, tr.: occuper: — *one's self about*, s'occuper de. **-body**, n.: officieux, m., officieuse, f.

1. **būt**, conj.: mais; qui ne: *there is not one of them — knows it*, il n'y en a pas un qui ne le sache; — *that*, sans que; *not — that*, non que. 2. **but**, adv.: excepté; ne ... que; moins; seulement; si ce n'est que; ne fût-ce que: — *for*, sans; *I should have died, — for him*, sans lui, je serais mort; *the last — one*, l'avant-dernier; *there is — you who*, il n'y a que vous qui.

3. **but** = *butt*.

1. **būcher**, n.: boucher, m.: —'s boy, gargon boucher, m.; — *shop*, boucherie (boutique), f.; *journeyman* —, étalier, m. 2. **butcher**, tr.: égorger, massacrer.

-liness, n.: cruauté, f. **-ly**, adj.: cruel, barbare. **-y**, n.: boucherie, f.

būtler, n.: sommelier, m.

būtment, n.: contrefort, contre-boutant, m.

1. **būt**, n.: bout; coup de tête (d'animal), m.; (fig.) but, point de mire, m., cible, f.; (nav.) butte, tête de bordage; (cask) pipe, f.; (pers.) plastron, m. 2. **butt**, intr.: joindre au bout, toucher; cosser; tr.: heurter avec la tête. **-end**, n.: gros bout, m.; (of a gun, etc.) crosse, f.

1. **bütter**, n.: beurre, m. 2. **butter**, tr.: beurrer; augmenter les enjeux. -**bont** = *butter-dish*. -**cup**, n.: (bot.) bouton d'or, m. -**dairy**, n.: beurrierie, f. -**dish** n.: beurrier, m. -**fly**, n.: papillon, m. -**man**, n.: beurrier, marchand de beurre, m. -**milk**, n.: lait de beurre, petit lait, m. -**pear**, n.: (bot.) beurré, m. -**wife**, -**woman**, n.: beurrière, marchande de beurre, f. -**wort**, n.: (bot.) grassette, f. -**y**, adj.: de beurre; butyreux.

büttock, n.: fesse, f.; (of an ox) cimier, m. 1. **bütton**, n.: bouton, m. 2. **button**, tr.: boutonner; intr.: se boutonner. -**hole**, n.: boutonnière, f. -**maker**, n.: boutonnier, m. -**sauce**, n.: sauce blanche, f.

1. **büttress**, n.: arc-boutant, m. 2. **bütress**, tr.: arc-bouter.

büxom, adj.: beau; enjoué, gai, folâtre. -**ly**, adv.: gaieusement, joyeusement, gaillardement. -**ness**, n.: gaillardise, f.

1. **buŷ** (pret., part. bought), tr.: acheter; intr.: acheter: — off, racheter; — up, accaparer. -**er**, n.: acheteur, m.

1. **büz**, tr.: chuchoter, dire tout bas; intr.: bourdonner. 2. **buzz**, n.: bourdonnement, m.

büzard, n.: busard, m.; buse, f.

büzzer, n.: chuchoteur, m., chuchoteuse, f.

1. **bŷ**, prep.: près de; auprès de; à côté de; par; de; à; d'après; en: *he was — me*, il était près de moi, à côté de moi; — *that means*, par ce moyen; *loved — all*, aimé de tous; *one — one*, un à un; — *what you say*, d'après ce que vous dites; — *doing that*, en faisant cela; — *that time*, d'ici là; *money — one*, de l'argent par devers soi; — *one's self*, tout seul. 2. **by**, adv.: près; là; par là; passé: *be standing —*, être là; *close —*, tout près.

bŷ-bŷ, n.: dodo, m.

1. **bŷe**, n.: ce qui n'occupe l'attention qu'indirectement: *by the —*, en passant.

2. **bŷe**, n.: demeure; place, f.

bŷ-gone, adj.: passé; qui n'est plus.

-**lane**, n.: ruelle écartée, f.; sentier, chemin détournée; chemin de traverse, m.

-**law**, n.: loi particulière, loi réglementaire, loi locale, f.; règlement, m.

1. -**name**, n.: sobriquet, m. 2. -**name**, tr.: donner un sobriquet à. -**path**, n.: sentier détourné, m.

-**play**, n.: jeu de scène, jeu muet, m. -**road** = -**way**.

-**stander**, n.: personne présente, f.; spectateur, m., spectatrice, f. -**street**, n.: rue écartée, f.

-**way**, n.: chemin détourné (écarté), m. -**word**, n.: diction, proverbe, m.

Byzántian, **Bŷzantine**, adj.: byzantin.

C

C sē, n.: c, m.; (mus.) ut, do, m.; (mus.) clef d'ut, f.

cāb, n.: cabriolet; fiacre, m.

1. **ca-bāl**, n.: cabale, f. 2. -**bal**, intr.: cabaler. -**bala**, n.: cabale f. **caba-**

liqm, n.: science de cabale, f. -**caba-**

list, n.: cabaliste, m. -**balistic(al)**, adj.: cabalistique. -**bāller**, n.: cabaleur, m.

cābbage, n.: 1. chou, m.; 2. (material kept by tailors, etc.) gratte, f.: turnip —, chou-navet; *savoy —*, chou frisé. 2. **cab-**

bage, tr.: (to keep material) gratter; intr.: (hort.) pommer. -**head**, n.: pomme de chou, f. -**sprout**, n.: chou cavalier,

m. -**stalk**, n.: tige de chou, f. -**stump**, n.: trognon de chou, m. -**tree**, n.: arce d'Amérique; chou palmiste, m.

1. **cābin**, n.: cabane; (nav.) chambre, cabine, f. 2. **cabin**, intr.: vivre dans une cabane; tr.: enfermer dans une cabane. -**boy**, n.: (nav.) mousse, m.

-**et**, n.: cabinet, m. -**et-council**, n.: conseil des ministres, m. -**et-maker**, n.: ébéniste, m.

1. **cā-ble**, n.: câble, m. 2. -**ble**, tr.: (arch.) (with cables) orner. -**blet**, n.: (nav.) câbleau, m.

cabōose, n.: (nav.) fourneaux, m. pl., cuisine, f.

cabriolēt, n.: cabriolet, m.

cacāo, n.: (bot.) cacao; cacaoyer, cacaotier, m. -**pod**, n.: (bot.) cabosse, f.

cachēctic(al), adj.: (med.) cachectique. **cachēxy**, n.: (med.) cachexie, f.

† **cachinnātion**, n.: rire excessif; éclat de rire, m.

cāck, intr.: faire caca.

1. **cāck-le**, n.: caquet, m. 2. -**le**, intr.: caqueter, crételer. -**ler**, n.: poule qui caquette; oie qui caquette, f.; caqueteur, m., caqueteuse, f. -**ling**, n.: caquetage, m.

cacochŷmical, adj.: (med.) cacochyme. **cacochŷmy**, n.: (med.) cacochymie, f.

cacōphony, n.: cacophonie, f. **cāctus**, n.: cactus, m.

ca-dāver, n.: cadavre. -**dāverous**, adj.: cadavéreux.

cāddis, n.: cadis, m.; charpie, f.

cāddy, n.: boîte à thé, f.

1. **cāde**, adj.: apprivoisé; doux. 2. † **cāde**, tr.: élever à la main; apprivoiser.

3. **cāde**, n.: caque, f.

cadē-ce, -**ey**, n.: cadence; chute, f. 2. -**ce**, tr.: cadencer.

cadēt, n.: cadet, m.

cādger, n.: regrattier, m.

Cādmean, adj.: cadméen.

cadu-ceus, *n.*: caducée, *m.* -**city**, *n.*: caducité, *f.*
caesura or **ce-**, *n.*: césure, *f.*
cag = *kag*.
1.cage, *n.*: cage, *f.*; (*prison*) violon, *m.*
2.cage, *tr.*: encager; mettre au violon.
caisson, *n.*: (*arch.*, *milit.*) caisson, *m.*
caïtiff, *n.*: misérable, pendeur, *m.*
cajole, *tr.*: cajoler. -**ler**, *n.*: cajoleur, *m.*, cajoleuse, *f.* -**lery**, *n.*: cajolerie, *f.*
1.cake, *n.*: gâteau; (*agri.*) tourteau; (*of wax*, etc.) pain, *m.*; (*metal.*) rosette, *f.*: *twelfth* —, gâteau des rois.
2.cake, *intr.*: se former dans une masse, se lier, se coller.
calabash, *n.*: (*bot.*) calebasse, *f.*
calamine, *n.*: calamine, *f.*
calami-tous, *adj.*: calamiteux, désastreux, affreux. -**tously**, *adv.*: désastreusement. -**tonness**, *n.*: état de calamité, *m.* -**ty**, *n.*: calamité, *f.*
calamus, *n.*: roseau, *m.*
calash, *n.*: calèche, *f.*
calcarate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) éperonné.
calcareous, *adj.*: calcaire.
calceated, *adj.*: chaussé.
calceiform, *adj.*: semblable à la chaux.
calci-nate, *tr.*: calciner. -**nation**, *n.*: calcination, *f.* -**ne**, *tr.*: calciner; *intr.*: se calciner.
calce-spar, *n.*: spath calcaire, *m.*
calcu-lable, *adj.*: calculable. -**late**, *tr.*: calculer; adapter; *intr.*: calculer, compter. -**lation**, *n.*: calcul, *m.* -**lative**, *adj.*: de calcul. -**lator**, *n.*: calculateur, *m.* -**latory**, *adj.*: qui a rapport au calcul. -**lose**, -**lous**, *adj.*: calculeux. -**lus**, *n.*: (*math.*, *med.*) calcul, *m.*
caldron, *n.*: chaudron, *m.*; chaudière, *f.*
Calédonian, *adj.*: calédonien; *n.*: Calédonien, *m.*, Calédonienne, *f.*
calé-faction, *n.*: caléfaction, *f.* -**fac-tive**, -**factory**, *adj.*: qui chauffe. -**fy**, *intr.*: s'échauffer; *tr.*: chauffer; échauffer.
calendar, *n.*: calendrier, *m.*; (*jur.*) liste des accusés d'une session de la cour d'assises, *f.*
1.calender, *n.*: cylindre, *m.*; calandre, *f.* **2.calender**, *tr.*: cylindrer, calandrer. -**ing**, *n.*: calandrage, *m.*
calends, *n. pl.*: calendes, *f. pl.*
calf (*pl. calves*), *n.*: veau; (*of the deer*) faon; (*of the leg*) mollet, gras, *m.*: *fatted* —, veau gras.
caliber, **calibre**, *n.*: calibre; (*tech.*) compas d'épaisseur, *m.*
calice = *chalice*.
calico, *n.*: calicot, *m.*: *printed* —, indienne, *f.* -**printer**, *n.*: imprimeur d'indiennes, imprimeur de toiles peintes, *m.*

ca-li-d, *adj.*: chaud, brûlant. **†-li-d-ity**, *n.*: chaleur, *f.*
calif, etc. = *caliph*, etc.
ca-lig-ation, *n.*: obscurissement de la vue, *m.* -**lignous**, *adj.*: obscur, sombre.
caligr.... etc. = *calligr.*... etc.
caliph, *n.*: calife, *m.* -**ate**, *n.*: califat, *m.*
cal/k, *tr.*: calfater. -**er**, *n.*: calfat, *m.* -**in**, *n.*: calfat, crampon, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: calfatage, *m.* -**ing-iron**, *n.*: calfait, *m.*
1.call, *n.*: appel, *m.*; ordres, *m. pl.*; demande, *f.*; (*nav.*) sifflet, *m.*; visite, *f.*: *give any one a —*, faire une visite à quelqu'un; passer chez quelqu'un; *at any one's* —, aux ordres de tout le monde; *within —*, à portée de voix. **2.call**, *intr.*: appeler, crier: — *on any one*, *at any one's house*, passer chez quelqu'un.
3.call, *tr.*: appeler; invoquer, nommer: — *a coach*, faire venir, faire avancer une voiture; — *again*, — *back*, rappeler; — *aside*, prendre à part; — *for*, appeler, demander; — *to order*, rappeler à l'ordre; — *to mind*, se rappeler; — *in*, faire rentrer; — *in a doctor*, faire venir un médecin; — *in money*, retirer de la monnaie de la circulation; — *out*, appeler; appeler en duel; — *up*, faire monter; réveiller, faire lever; évoquer; — *off*, appeler, rappeler; — *together*, assembler, réunir. -**boy**, *n.*: (*theat.*) avertisseur, *m.*
cal-ligr-aphic(al), *adj.*: calligraphique. -**ligraphy**, *n.*: calligraphie, *f.*
calling, *n.*: appellation; profession, vocation, *f.*; métier, *m.*
cal-lose, *adj.*: (*bot.*) pourvu de taches dures. -**losity**, *n.*: callosité, *f.*; cal, *calus*, *m.* -**lous**, *adj.*: calleux; endurci, insensible. -**lously**, *adv.*: d'une manière calleuse; avec insensibilité. -**lousness**, *n.*: callosité; insensibilité, *f.*
cal-low, *adj.*: sans plume.
callus, *n.*: cal, *calus*, *m.*; callosité, *f.*
1.calm, *n.*: calme, *m.* **2.calm**, *adj.*: calme. **3.calm**, *tr.*: calmer. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui calme, *f.*; calmant, *m.* -**ly**, *adv.*: avec calme; tranquillement. -**ness**, *n.*: calme, *m.*
calomel, *n.*: calomel, *m.*
1.calô-ric, *n.*: calorique, *m.* **2.-ric**, *adj.*: de calorique.
caltrop, *n.*: (*bot.*) herse, croix de Malte; (*milit.*) chausse-trape, *f.*
calumba, *n.*: (*bot.*) Colombo, *m.*
calumet, *n.*: calumet, *m.*
calum-niate, *tr. and intr.*: calomnier. -**ni-ation**, *n.*: calomnie, *f.* -**ni-ator**, *n.*: calomniateur, *m.* -**niatory**, -**nious**, *adj.*: calomnieux. -**niously**, *adv.*: calomnieusement. -**niousness**, *n.*: caractère calomnieux, *m.*

calumny, *n.*: calomnie, *f.*
calvary, *n.*: calvaire, *m.*
calve, *intr.*: vèler.
Calvi-nism, *n.*: calvinisme, *m.* -**nist**,
n.: calviniste, *m.*, *f.* -**nistic(al)**, *adj.*:
 calviniste.
calvish, *adj.*: de veau; comme un veau.
calx, *n.*: (calces, calzes), chaux, *f.*
camber, *tr.*: cambrer. 2. **camber**,
n.: cambre, cambrure, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*:
 cambré.
cam-bist, *n.*: agent de change, †Fr. cam-
 biste, *m.*
cambric, *n.*: batiste, *f.*
came, see *come*. 2. **came**, *n.*: plomb
 de vitrier, *m.*
camel, *n.*: chameau, *m.*, chamelle, *f.*
-backed, *adj.*: à dos de chameau.
-driver, *n.*: chamelier, *m.* **camé-l-**
-opard, *n.*: girafe, *f.*; †Fr. caméopard,
 caméopard, *m.* -**hair**, *n.*: poil de
 chameau, *m.*
caméq, *n.*: camaïeu, camée, *m.*
camer-a, *n.*: chambre; chambre obscure,
f.; appareil photographique, *m.* -**a-ly-**
-cida, *n.*: chambre claire, *f.* -**a-obs-**
-cura, *n.*: chambre obscure, *f.* -**ated**,
adj.: voûté. -**ation**, *n.*: courbure, voûte, *f.*
camisà-de, -**do**, *n.*: attaque de nuit, *f.*
camlet, *n.*: camelot, *m.*
camomile = *chamomile*.
camp, *n.*: camp, *m.*: *pitch a camp*, as-
 seoir un camp, *m.*; *break up a —*, lever
 un camp. 2. **camp**, *tr. and intr.*: camper.
-aign, *n.*: campagne, *f.* 2. **-aign**, *intr.*:
 (milit.) faire campagne. -**aigner**, *n.*:
 vieux soldat, vétéran, *m.*
cam-panile, *n.*: campanile, *m.*, campa-
 nille, *f.* -**pānula**, *n.*: campanule, *f.*
-pānulate, *adj.*: (bot.) campanulé, en
 cloche.
campēachy wood, *n.*: bois de Cam-
 pêche, *m.*
cam-phire, -**phor**, *n.*: camphire, *m.*
-phorate, -**phorated**, *adj.*: camphré.
camp-stool, *n.*: pliant, *m.*
can, *n.*: burette, *f.*; bidon, *m.*
can (pret. and *condit'l could*), *intr.*:
 pouvoir, savoir: *I — do it*, je peux le
 faire; *that — not be*, cela ne peut pas
 être; *cela ne se peut pas*; *he — read*, il
 sait lire.
canal, *n.*: canal, *m.* -**iculate**, -**icu-**
-lated, *adj.*: cannelé.
canary, *n.*: vin des Canaries; (orni.)
 serin, *m.* -**bird**, *n.*: serin, *m.*: *cock—*,
 serin, *m.*; *hen—*, serine, *f.* -**grass**, *n.*:
 alpiète; blé des Canaries, *m.* -**seed**, *n.*:
 graine des Canaries, *f.*
cancel, *tr.*: †enclore (avec une grille,
 etc.); barrer; annuler, résilier; effacer,
 biffer, rayer; (jur.) †Fr., *cancel*.

2. **cancel**, *n.*: †clôture, *f.*; (print.) feuil-
 let refait, *m.* -**lated**, *adj.*: rayé; cellu-
 laire. -**lātion**, *n.*: cancellation, *f.*
can-cer, *n.*: cancer, *m.* -**-erate**, *intr.*:
 devenir cancer; s'ulcérer. -**-eration**,
n.: ulcération cancéreuse, *f.* -**-erous**,
adj.: cancéreux. -**-erousness**, *n.*: état
 cancéreux, *m.* -**-crine**, *adj.*: de canere,
 de crabe.
can-delābrum (pl. *candelabra*), *n.*: can-
 délabre, *m.* -**-dent**, *adj.*: blanc de feu.
-did, *adj.*: blanc; candide, franc. -**-di-**
-date, *n.*: candidat, aspirant, *m.* -**-didly**,
adv.: candidement, franchement. -**-did-**
-ness, *n.*: candeur, franchise, *f.*
cāndied, *adj.*: candi.
cāndle, *n.*: chandelle; chandelle (de suif),
 bougie (de cire): *blow out a —*, souffler
 une chandelle; lumière, *f.*; *dipped —*,
 chandelle plongée. -**-end**, *n.*: bout de
 chandelle, *m.*; débris, brins, fragments,
 pl. -**-grease**, *n.*: suif, *m.* -**-light**, *n.*:
 lumière de la chandelle, *f.*: *by —*, à la
 lumière, à la lumière de la chandelle.
-mas, *n.*: la Chandeleur, *f.* -**-stick**, *n.*:
 chandelier, *m.* -**-stuff**, *n.*: suif, *m.*
-waster, *n.*: étudiant qui travaille
 beaucoup; prodigue, *m.* -**-wick**, *n.*:
 mèche de chandelle, *f.*
cāndo(u)r, *n.*: candeur, franchise, *f.*
cāndy, *n.*: candi, *m.* 2. **candy**, *tr.*:
 faire candir; *intr.*: se candir, se cris-
 talliser.
cāne, *n.*: canne, *f.*; jonc, *m.* 2. **cane**,
tr.: donner des coups de canne à. -**-mill**,
n.: moulin à sucre, *m.*; sucrerie, *f.*
canēcent, *adj.*: blanchissant, blanchâ-
 tre, tirant sur le blanc.
cāne-trash, *n.*: bagasse, *f.* -**-work**, *n.*:
 objet, ouvrage de canne, *f.*
ca-nicula or cānicule, *n.*: (astron.)
 canicule, *f.* -**-nicular**, *adj.*: caniculaire.
-nine, *adj.*: canin, de chien.
cāning, *n.*: coups de canne, *m.* pl.
cānister, *n.*: boîte de fer blanc, *f.*
-shot, *n.*: mitraille; boîte à balles, *f.*
cānker, *n.*: ver rongeur; (fig., med.)
 chancre; (bot.) gratte-cul, *m.* 2. **canker**,
tr.: ronger; corrompre; *intr.*: se ronger;
 se gangréner. -**-bit**, *adj.*: gangrené.
-ed, *adj.*: rongé, gangrené; hargneux.
-fly, *n.*: ver rongeur des fruits, *m.* -**-ous**,
adj.: cancreux; rongant. -**-worm**, *n.*:
 ver rongeur, *m.*
cānnibal, *n.*: cannibale, anthropophage,
m., *f.* -**-ism**, *n.*: cannibalisme, *m.*;
 anthropophagie, *f.* -**-ly**, *adv.*: en canni-
 bale.
cānnon, *n.*: (art., print.) canon.
-āde, *n.*: canonnade, *f.* 2. **-ade**, *tr.*:
 canonner; *intr.*: se canonner. -**-ball**, *n.*:
 boulet de canon, *m.* -**-ber**, -**-ier**, *n.*: ca-

nonnier, m. -**proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve du canon. -**shot**, n.: boulet de canon, m.; portée de canon, *f.*: *within* —, à portée de canon.

cannular, *adj.*: tubuleux.

1. **canoe**, n.: canot, m.; pirogue, *f.* 2. **canoe**, *intr.*: conduire un canot.

1. **canon**, n.: (eccles.) canon; chanoine, m. 2. **canon** = *carom*.

cañon *ká'n-yún*, n.: 'cañon' (ravin profond), m.

ca-nones, n.: chanoinesse, *f.* -**nón-ical**, *adj.*: canonique. -**nónically**, *adv.*: canoniquement. -**nónicalness**, n.: canonicité. *f.* -**nónicals**, n. pl.: (eccles.) costume de cérémonie, m. -**nóni-cate**, n.: canonicat, m. -**nóni-sation**, n.: canonisation, *f.* -**nóni-se**, *tr.*: canoniser. -**nónist**, n.: canoniste, m. -**nón-istic**, *adj.*: de canoniste. -**nón-law**, n.: droit canon, m. -**nónry**, -**nónship**, n.: canonicat, m.

1. **canopy**, n.: dais; pavillon; (arch.) baldaquin, m. 2. **canopy**, *tr.*: couvrir d'un dais.

1. **cánt**, n.: jargon, m.; afféterie; cafarderie, *f.*; langage hypocrite, m. 2. **cánt**, *intr.*: parler avec afféterie, avec cafarderie; enjôler.

3. **cánt**, *coin*: penchant, m., pente, *f.*; coup soudain (qui change la direction); segment, m. 4. **cánt**, *tr.*: pencher, incliner; pousser, jeter; (arch.) chanfreiner; (nav.) rouler, incliner.

cán't (*colloq.*) = *can not*.

cántaliver = *cantilever*.

cántaloupe, n.: (hort.) cantaloup, m.

cántata, n.: cantate, *f.*

cántéon, n.: (milit.) cantine, *f.*

1. **cánter**, n.: galop de chasse; petit galop, m. 2. **cánter**, *intr.*: aller au petit galop.

3. **cánter**, n.: celui (celle) qui parle avec afféterie; pleurnicheur, mendiant; cafard, m. (-e, *f.*); hypocrite, m., *f.*

cántharis, n.: cantharide, *f.*

cánti-cle, n.: cantique, m. -**late**, *tr.*: chanter.

cánting, *adj.*: affété, cafard; (her.) parlant. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec afféterie, avec cafarderie.

cántle, *tr.*: diviser, morceler.

cánto, n.: chant, m.

1. **cánton**, n.: canton, m. 2. **cánton**, *tr.*: diviser en cantons; (milit.) cantonner. -**ise**, *tr.*: diviser en cantons. -**ment**, n.: cantonnement, m.

cánula, n.: (surg.) canule, *f.*

1. **cán-vas**, n.: canevas, m.; voile; toile (voile; peinture), *f.*; tableaux, m. pl. 2. **canvas**, *adj.*: de canevas. 1. **vass**, n.: brigue; sollicitation de suffrages, *f.*

2. **vass**, *tr.*: filtrer, tamiser; scruter; agiter, débattre, discuter; solliciter de suffrages; *intr.*: brigueur; solliciter de suffrages. -**vasser**, n.: brigueur; sollicitateur de suffrages, m.

cány, *adj.*: de canne, de jone.

canzonét, n.: chansonnette, *f.*

caoutchouc, n.: caoutchouc, m.

1. **cáp**, n.: (woman's) bonnet, m.: (man's) casquette; (of a cardinal) barrette, *f.*; (of a bell) chapeau; (nav.) chouquet; (horol.) recouvrement, m. 2. **cap**, *intr.*: coiffer, couronner.

capa-ble, *adj.*: capable, susceptible. -**bility**, -**bleness**, n.: capacité, *f.*

capacious, *adj.*: ample, vaste, étendu; grand. -**ness**, n.: capacité, étendue, *f.*

capaci-tate, *tr.*: rendre capable. -**ty**, n.: capacité; (employment) qualité, *f.*

cap-a-pie, *adv.*: de pied en cap.

1. **capárison**, n.: caparaçon, m. 2. **capa-rison**, *tr.*: caparaçonner.

1. **cápe**, n.: collet, m.; pèlerine, *f.* 2. **cápe**, n.: (geog.) cap, m.

1. **cáper**, n.: cabriole, *f.*; entrechat, m. 2. **capér**, *intr.*: cabrioler.

3. **cáper**, n.: (bot.) câpre, *f.* -**bush**, n.: câprier, m.

cáperer, n.: cabrioleur, m.

cápias, n.: (jur.) mandat d'arrêt, mandat d'amener, m.

capill-áceous, *adj.*: capillaire. -**átre**, n.: sirop de capillaire, m. **capill-ari-ness**, -**árité**, n.: capillarité, *f.* **capil-lary**, *adj.*: capillaire.

1. **cápítal**, n.: (com., fin.) capital; (arch.) chapiteau, m.; (town) capitale, *f.*; (com.) fonds social, m.; (print., writing) majuscule, capitale, *f.* 2. **capital**, *adj.*: capital, excellent. -**ist**, n.: capitaliste, m. -**ly**, *adv.*: d'un crime capital; pour crime capital; parfaitement.

capitátion, n.: dénombrement, m.; capitation, *f.*

cápi-tol, n.: capitol, m. -**tólian**, -**tóline**, *adj.*: capitoline.

capí-tu-lar, -**lary**, n.: capitulaire, m. -**larly**, *adv.*: capitulairement. -**late**, *intr.*: capituler. -**lâtíon**, n.: capitulation, *f.*

1. **cápon**, n.: chapon, m. 2. **capon**, *tr.*: chaponner. -**nière**, n.: caponnière, *f.*

cápped, *adj.*: coiffé; couronné; (horol.) à recouvrement.

ca-price, n.: caprice, m. -**prícious**, *adj.*: capricieux. -**príciously**, *adv.*: capricieusement. -**príciousness**, n.: caractère capricieux, m.; humeur capricieuse, *f.*

cá-pricórn, n.: capricorne, m.

cá-prifórm, **cáprine**, *adj.*: en chèvre; lascif.

1. **capsise**, *tr.*: chavirer; *intr.*: chavirer.
 2. **capsise**, *n.*: chavirement, *m.*
capstan, *n.*: cabestan, *m.*
capsu-lar, -lary, *adj.*: capsulaire.
-late, -lated, *adj.*: enfermé dans une capsule.
captain, *n.*: capitaine, *m.* -**ey**, *n.*: capitainerie, *f.* -**ship**, *n.*: grade de capitaine, *m.*; capitainerie, *f.*
captation, *n.*: capture; (*courtship*) cour, *f.*
captious, *adj.*: capiteux; susceptible.
-ly, *adv.*: capiteusement. -**ness**, *n.*: disposition à la critique, susceptibilité, *f.*
capti-vate, *tr.*: captiver; capter; assujettir. -**vation**, *n.*: assujettissement, *m.*
 1. **cap-tive**, *n.*: captif, *m.*, captive, *f.*
 2. -**tive**, *adj.*: captif; de captif. 3. -**tive**, *tr.*: captiver. -**tivity**, *n.*: captivité, *f.*
-tor, *n.*: capteur; preneur, *m.* 1. -**ture**, *n.*: capture; prise, *f.* 2. -**ture**, *tr.*: cap-turer.
capuchin, *n.*: capucin, *m.*, capucine; (*woman's*) mante à capuchon, *f.*
câr, *n.*: char, chariot, *m.*; (*of a balloon*) nacelle, *f.*
câra-bine, -binêr = *car-bine, -bineer*.
 1. **caracole**, *n.*: caracole, *f.* 2. **caracole**, *tr.*: (*man.*) caracoler.
câramel, *n.*: caramel, *m.*
carat, *n.*: carat, *m.*
câra-van, *n.*: caravane, *f.* -**vansary**, -**vânsara**, *n.*: caravansérail, *m.*
câra-vel, *n.*: caravelle, *f.*
câra-way, *n.*: carvi, cumin des prés, *m.*
câr-bine, *n.*: carabine, *f.*; mousqueton, *m.* -**binêr**, *n.*: carabinier, *m.*
câr-bon, *n.*: (*chem.*) carbone, *m.* -**bon-ate**, *n.*: carbonate, *m.* -**bônic**, *adj.*: carbonique. -**boni-sation**, *n.*: carbonisation, *f.* -**boni-se**, *tr.*: carboniser.
câr-buncle, *n.*: escarboucle, *f.*; (*med.*) charbon, *m.* -**buncled**, *adj.*: garni d'escarboucles; (*of the nose*) bourgeonné.
-buncular, *adj.*: d'escarboucle; rouge.
câr-buret, *n.*: (*chem.*) carbure, *m.*
câr-canet, *n.*: carcan, collier de pierres, *m.*
cârcase, cârcass, *n.*: carcasse, *f.*
 1. **cârd**, *n.*: carte, *f.*
 2. **cârd**, *tr.*: carder.
cârdamine, *n.*: (*bot.*) cardamine, *f.*
cârdamom, *n.*: (*bot.*) cardamome, *m.*
cârd-case, *n.*: étui à cartes, *m.*
cârder, *n.*: cardeur, *m.*, cardeuse, *f.*
 1. **cârdi-ac**, *adj.*: cardiaque. 2. -**ac**, *n.*: (*med.*) cardiaque, *m.* -**acal**, *adj.*: fortifiant. -**algy**, *n.*: cardialgie, *f.*
 1. **cardinal**, *n.*: cardinal, *m.* 2. **cardinal**, *adj.*: cardinal. -**ate, -ship**, *n.*: cardinalat, *m.*

cârd-maker, *n.*: cartier, *m.* -**paper**, *n.*: carton fin, *m.* -**rack**, *n.*: porte-cartes, *m.* -**room**, *n.*: salon de jeu, *m.* -**table**, *n.*: table de jeu, *f.*
 1. **cârc**, *n.*: soin; souci, *m.*; sollicitude; attention, *f.*: *take — of*, prendre soin de; *take — to*, prendre garde à; avoir soin de.
 2. **care**, *intr.*: se soucier, s'inquiéter. -**crazed**, *adj.*: accablé de soucis.
 1. **carên**, *n.*: (*nav.*) carène, *f.* 2. **careen**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) mettre en carène, caréner, abattre; *intr.*: (*nav.*) donner à la bande. -**ing**, *n.*: carénage, *m.*
 1. **carêr**, *n.*: carrière, *f.* 2. **career**, *intr.*: courir rapidement; s'élancer.
câre-ful, *adj.*: soigneux, attentif; plein de soucis, soucieux. -**fully**, *adv.*: soigneusement, attentivement. -**fulness**, *n.*: attention, *f.*; soin; souci, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans souci; insouciant, nonchalant, négligent. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans souci, avec insouciance, nonchalamment, négligemment. -**lessness**, *n.*: insouciance, nonchalance, négligence, *f.*
 1. **carêss**, *n.*: caresse, *f.* 2. **caress**, *tr.*: caresser.
câret, *n.*: renvoi, *m.*
câre-worn, *adj.*: usé par les soucis.
cârge, *n.*: cargaison, *f.*; chargement, *m.*
câr-ibou, *n.*: caribou, *m.*
 1. **câricatu-re**, *n.*: caricature, charge, *f.* 2. -**re**, *tr.*: caricaturer. -**rist**, *n.*: caricaturiste, *m.*
câries, *n.*: carie, *f.*
cârillon, *n.*: petite cloche, *f.*: (*mus.*) cârillon, *m.*
cârious, *adj.*: carié.
cârman, *n.*: charretier, *m.*
câr-ling, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) carlingue, *f.*
 1. **cârmélite**, *adj.*: de carme, de carmélite. 2. **carmélite**, *n.*: carme, *m.*: — *nun*, carmélite, *f.*
cârmine, *n.*: carmin, *m.*
câr-nage, *n.*: carnage, *m.* -**nal**, *adj.*: charnel. -**nally**, *adv.*: charnellement.
-nation, *n.*: carnation, *f.*; (*bot.*) oeillet girofle, oeillet des fleuristes, *m.* -**nâtion-colour**, *n.*: incarnat, *m.* -**neous**, *adj.*: charnu. -**ney**, *n.*: (*vet.*) (*of horses*) maladie de la bouche, *f.* -**nification**, *n.*: carnification, *f.* -**nify**, *intr.*: se carnifier.
-nival, *n.*: carnaval, *m.* -**nivorous**, *adj.*: carnivore. -**nosity**, *n.*: carnosité, *f.*
cârny, *intr.*: pateliner. -**ing**, *adj.*: patelin.
cârob, *n.*: (*tree*) caroubier, *m.*; (*fruit*) caroube, carouge, *m.*
 1. **cârol**, *n.*: chanson, *f.*; chant, *m.*: *Christmas —*, chant de Noël. 2. **carol**, *tr.*: chanter; *intr.*: chanter; (*of the lark*) grisoller.

1. **cârom**, *n.*: carambolage (au billard), *m.* 2. **carom**, *intr.*: caramboler.

1. **carotid**, *n.*: (anat.) carotide, *f.* 2. **carotid**, *adj.*: (anat.) carotide, carotidien.

carou-sal, *n.*: carrousel, *m.* -**se**, *intr.*: boire copieusement, riboter. -**ser**, *n.*: grand buveur, riboteur, *m.*

1. **carp**, *n.*: (ichth.) carpe, *f.*

2. **carp**, *tr. and intr.*: blâmer; gloser: — *at*, gloser sur.

carpen-ter, *n.*: charpentier, menuisier, *m.* -**try**, *n.*: charpenterie, menuiserie, *f.* **carper**, *n.*: gloseur, *m.*, gloseuse, *f.*

1. **carpet**, *n.*: tapis, *m.* 2. **carpet**, *tr.*: garnir de tapis; (*fig.*) tapisser. -**bag**, *n.*: sac de nuit, *m.* -**bagger**, *n.*: (Am.) aventurier politique (d'un homme du Nord dans le Sud). -**ing**, *n.*: action de garnir de tapis, *f.*; des tapis, *m. pl.*

carping, *adj.*: glose, censure, critique, *f.*

câriage, *n.*: voiture, *f.*; équipage; (*of parcels*) port; (*of the body*) port, maintien, *m.*, tenue, *f.*; (*of cannon*) affût, *m.*; (*com.*) frais de transport, *m. pl.*: *keep one's* —, avoir équipage; tenir équipage; *gentleman's* —, voiture de maître; — *and pair (and four)*, voiture à deux chevaux (à quatre chevaux); — *paid*, port payé. -**builder**, *n.*: carrossier, *m.* -**building**, *n.*: carrosserie, *f.* -**on-trance**, *n.*: porte-cochère. -**horse**, *n.*: cheval de carrosse. -**pole**, *n.*: timon. -**road**, -**way**, *n.*: voie charrettière, chaussée, *f.*

cârier, *n.*: porteur; voiturier, *m.*

1. **cârrion**, *n.*: charogne, *f.* 2. **carrion**, *adj.*: de charogne.

carrot, *n.*: carotte, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: couleur rousse, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: couleur de carotte; roux.

1. **carry**, *tr.*: porter; mener; entraîner; emporter, rapporter; (*arith.*) retenir: — *it high*, le prendre sur un haut ton; — *about*, porter à droite et à gauche; porter partout; mener à droite et à gauche; mener partout; — *away*, emporter; enlever; emmener; entraîner par persuasion; — *back*, reporter; — *down*, descendre; — *forward*, (*com.*) reporter; — *forth*, sortir; — *in*, rentrer; — *off*, emporter; remporter; enlever; — *on*, pousser; poursuivre; continuer; exécuter; — *out*, porter dehors; développer; — *over to*, faire passer à; — *up*, porter en haut; monter; — *it over any one*, l'emporter sur quelqu'un; — *the day*, remporter la victoire; — *to and fro*, porter çà et là. 2. **carry**, *intr.*: (*artil.*) porter; (*man.*) porter, porter la tête.

1. **cârt**, *n.*: charrette, *f.*; chariot, (*milit.*) fourgon, *m.* 2. **cart**, *tr.*: charrier, char-

royer, voiturier. -**age**, *n.*: charriage, charroi, transport, *m.*

cârté, *n.*: carte, *f.*; menu, *m.* -**blanche**, *n.*: carte blanche, *f.*

cârtel, *n.*: cartel, *m.* -**ship**, *n.*: cartel, bâtiment parlementaire, *m.*

cârtier, *n.*: charretier, roulier, *m.*

Cârtésian, *adj.*: cartésien; *n.*: cartésien, *m.* -**ism**, *n.*: cartésianisme, *m.*

Carthaginian, *adj.*: carthaginois; *n.*: Carthaginois, *m.*, Carthaginoise, *f.*

cârthû'sian, *n. or adj.*: chartreux.

cârti-lage, *n.*: cartilage, *m.* -**lâ'gi-nous**, *adj.*: cartilagineux.

cârt-load, *n.*: charretée, *f.*

cârtó'on, *n.*: carton, *m.*

cârtó'uch, *n.*: (*artil.*) boîte à mitraille, *f.*; (*arch.*) cartouche, *m.*; (*milit.*) giberne, *f.*

cârtidge, *n.*: cartouche; (*of cannon*) gargousse, *f.* -**box**, *n.*: giberne, *f.*

cârt-rut, *n.*: ornière, *f.* -**shed**, *n.*: hangar, *m.* -**wright**, *n.*: charron, *m.*

cârancule, *n.*: caroncule, *f.*

câr-ve, *tr. and intr.*: tailler; graver; couper; ciseler, sculpter; (*meat*) découper. -**ver**, *n.*: personne qui découpe, *f.*; écuyer tranchant; (*sculpt.*) sculpteur, *m.* -**ving**, *n.*: action de découper; (*sculpt.*) sculpture, *f.*

câr-yatid (*pl. -yâtides*), *n.*: cariatide, caryatide, *f.*

cascaâde, *n.*: cascade, *f.*

1. **câse**, *n.*: étui, *m.*; enveloppe; (*for packing*) caisse; (*print.*) casse; (*of a watch*) boîte, *f.* 2. **case**, *tr.*: mettre dans un étui; enfermer; envelopper. 3. **câse**, *n.*: cas, état; (*gram., math., med.*) cas, *m.*; (*jur.*) cause, *f.*: *in that* —, dans ce cas, en ce cas; *in* —, au cas que; en cas que; dans le cas où; *should the* — occur, le cas échéant.

casemate, *n.*: casemate, *f.*

casement, *n.*: fenêtre; croisée, *f.*

1. **câsh**, *n.*: argent, numéraire, *m.*; espèces, *f. pl.*: *in* —, comptant. 2. **cash**, *tr.*: (*com.*) convertir en espèces; escompter; recevoir, toucher. -**account**, *n.*: compte de caisse, *m.* -**book**, *n.*: livre de caisse, *m.* -**box**, *n.*: cassette; (*com.*) caisse, *f.*

cashew-nut, *n.*: noix d'acajou, pomme d'acajou, *f.* -**tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) anacardier, *m.*

1. **cash-ier**, *n.*: caissier, *m.* 2. **-ier**, *tr.*: (*milit.*) casser. -**keeper**, *n.*: caissier, *m.*

câshmère, *n.*: cachemire, *m.*

cashôo, *n.*: cachou, *m.*

câsing, *n.*: (*carp.*) revêtement; chambrane; entourage, *m.*

1. **câs-k**, *n.*: baril, *m.*; barrique, *f.*; tonneau, *m.* 2. **-k**, *tr.*: mettre en baril, en

tonneau. -ket, n.: cassette, f.; écriu, m. -que, cask, n.: casque, m.

cassation, n.: cassation, f.

cassava, n.: cassave, f.

cassia, n.: casse, f.

cassock, n.: soutane, f.

1. cast (pret., part. cast), tr.: jeter; lancer; condamner; (metal.) couler; (of trees and animals) dépouiller; (reptiles) changer (skin); (theat.) distribuer: — about, jeter de tous côtés; — aside, jeter à l'écart; — away, jeter; — down, affliger; abattre; décourager; baisser; — forth, exhiler; — headlong, précipiter; — off, rejeter, repousser, abandonner; — out, chasser; — up, additionner, faire l'addition de; vomir; — anchor, jeter l'ancre. **cast**, intr.: se jeter; se couler; (nav.) abattre. **2. cast**, n.: jet; coup; moule, m.; (metal.) fonte; (theat.) distribution; (fig.) nuance, f.: have a — in the eye, loucher.

castanet, n.: castagnette, f.

1. castaway, n.: réprouvé, naufragé, homme perdu, vaurien, m. **2. castaway**, adj.: rejeté, sans une valeur, bas.

caste, n.: (pers.) caste, f.; ordre, m.

castellan, n.: châtelain, m.

caster, n.: personne qui jette, f.; calculateur, m.; (of furniture) roulette, f.

castigate, tr.: châtier. **-gation**, n.: châtiment, m.; discipline, f. **-gator**, n.: personne qui punit, f. **-gatory**, adj.: qui punit.

Castilian, adj.: castillan; n.: Castillan.

cast-ing, n.: fonte, f.; moulage; calcul, m.; (nav.) abâtée, f. **1. -iron**, n.: fonte, f. **2. -iron**, adj.: en fonte.

1. castle, n.: château, m.; (at chess) tour, f. **2. castle**, tr.: (at chess) roquer. **-d**, adj.: chargé de châteaux.

castor, n.: (mam., astron.) castor; chapeau de castor, m.

castor-oil, n.: huile de ricin, f.

castrametation, n.: castrametation, f. **cas-trate**, tr.: châtrer. **-tration**, n.: castration, f. **-trato**, n.: castrat, m.

casual, adj.: fortuit, accidentel, casuel. **-ly**, adv.: fortuitement, accidentellement. **-ness**, n.: hasard, cas fortuit, m.

1. casu-ist, n.: casuiste, m. **2. -ist**, intr.: faire le casuiste. **-istic(al)**, adj.: de casuiste. **-istically**, adv.: en casuiste. **-istry**, n.: science du casuiste, f.

cât, n.: chat, m., chatte, f.; (milit., nav.) fouet; (nav.) (of a ship) capon, m.

cata-chrêsis, n.: (rhet.) catachrèse, f. **-chrêstical**, adj.: de catachrèse. **-christically**, adv.: par catachrèse.

cataclysm, n.: cataclysme, m.

câ-tacomb, n.: catacombes, f. pl.

catacoustics, n. pl.: catacoustique, f. sing.

catafalco, **câtafalque**, n.: catafalque, m.

câta-lepsy, n.: catalepsie, f. **-lêptic**, adj.: cataleptique.

1. câta-logue, n.: catalogue, m. **2. -gue**, tr.: cataloguer, enrégistrer. **-guer**, n.: catalogueur, m. **-guing**, n.: cataloguement, m.

catamônia, n.: flux menstruel, m., règles, f. pl.

câta-plasm, n.: cataplasme, m.

câta-pult, n.: catapulte, f.

câtaract, n.: cataracte, chute d'eau; (med.) cataracte, f.: couch a —, (med.) abaisser une cataracte.

catâr-rh, n.: catarrhe, m. **-al**, adj.: catarrhal.

catâstrophê, n.: catastrophe, f.; (theat.) dénouement, m.

câte-call, n.: (theat.) sifflet, m.

1. câtch (pret., part. caught), tr.: attraper; prendre; saisir; surprendre: — at, s'empresser de saisir; — cold, s'enrhumer; — up, saisir; relever; rattraper, atteindre; intr.: s'accrocher, s'engager: — any one crying, surprendre quelqu'un à pleurer; he is gone, but I shall — him up, il est parti, mais je le rattraperai; — on, commencer à comprendre, comprendre.

2. catch, n.: prise; (fig.) belle affaire, attrape, f.; crampon; (of a door) anneau; (of a latch) mentonnet; (mus.) air à reprises; (print.) visorium, m. **-er**, n.: attrapeur, m., attrapeuse, f. **-fly**, n.: (bot.) silène, f., attrape-mouche, m. **-ing**, adj.: qui saisit; contagieux: be —, être contagieux. **-penny**, n.: moyen d'attraper de l'argent, m. **-word**, n.: (print.) réclame, f.

câte-chise, tr.: catéchiser; interroger. **-chiser**, n.: catéchiste, m. **-chism**, n.: catéchisme, m. **-chist**, n.: catéchiste, m. **-chistical**, adj.: de catéchiste; de catéchisme.

catechûmen, n.: catéchumène, m. f. **cate-gôrical**, adj.: catégorique. **-gôric-ally**, adv.: catégoriquement.

câte-gory, n.: catégorie, f.

câte-nary, **-nârian**, adj.: en chaîne, comme une chaîne. **-nate**, tr.: enchaîner, lier. **-nâtion**, enchaînement, m.

1. câter, n.: (at cards) quatre, m.

2. câter, intr.: pourvoir (à). **-er**, n.: pourvoyeur, m. **-ess**, n.: pourvoyeuse, f. **câter-pillar**, n.: chenille, f.

câterwaul, intr.: (of the cat) appeler; miauler; (fig.) faire une musique de chat. **-ing**, n.: sabbat des chats, m.

cât-fish, n.: (ichth.) loup de mer, m. **-gut**, n.: corde à boyau, f.: — scraper, racleur, m.

1. cathartic, adj.: cathartique. **2. ca-**

thartio, *n.*: cathartique, *m.* -**alness**, *n.*: qualité cathartique, *f.*
cât-head, *n.*: (*nav.*) bossoir, *m.*
cathédral, *n.*: cathédrale, *f.*
câtheter, *n.*: cathéter, *m.*
cât-hole, *n.*: (*nav.*) chatière, *f.*
1.câth-olic, *adj.*: catholique. **2.-olic**, *n.*: catholique, *m.*, *f.* -**oliceism**, *n.*: catholicisme, *m.* -**oliceity**, *n.*: catholicité, *f.* -**olicley**, *adv.*: catholiquement; universellement. -**oliconess**, *n.*: universalité, *f.*
catholicon, *n.*: électuaire purgatif, catholicon, *m.*
cât-kin, *n.*: (*bot.*) chaton, *m.* -**ling**, *n.*: corde à violon, *f.* -**mint**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cataire, chataire, herbe aux chats, *f.* -**o'-nine-tails**, *n.*: fouet à neuf lanières, *m.*
catôp-tric(al), *adj.*: catoptrique. -**tries**, *n. pl.*: catoptrique, *f. sing.*
cat's-eye, *n.*: (*min.*) oeil-de-chat, *m.*
-foot, *n.*: (*bot.*) pied-de-chat, lierre terrestre, *m.*
cât-skin, *n.*: peau de chat, *f.*
cat's-paw, *n.*: patte de chat, *f.*: *be any one's* —, tirer les marrons du feu pour quelqu'un. -**pur**, *n.*: (*med.*) frémissement cataire, *m.* -**tail**, *n.*: (*bot.*) massette, *f.*
câtsup, *n.*: sauce piquante (faite de tomates et de champignons), *f.*
cât-thyme, *n.*: marum, *m.*; germandrée maritime, *f.*
cattle, *n.*: bétail, *m.*; bestiaux, *m. pl.*: *black* —, gros bétail. -**breeder**, *n.*: éleveur de bestiaux, *m.* -**breeding**, *n.*: élevage de bestiaux, *m.* -**dealer**, *n.*: marchand de bestiaux, *m.* -**disease**, -**plague**, *n.*: épizootie, *f.* -**shed**, *n.*: étable. -**show**, *n.*: exposition de bétail, *f.* -**yard**, *n.*: cour des bestiaux, vacherie, *f.*
cât-tribe, *n. sing.*: (*zoöl.*) félins, *m. pl.*
câudex, *n.*: caudex, *m.*
caudine, *adj.*: caudine: — *forks*, fourches caudines, *f. pl.*
1.câudle, *n.*: brouet, chaudéau, *m.*
2.caudle, *tr.*: faire du brouet de.
caught, *see catch*.
câul, *n.*: coiffe de réseau; coiffe d'enfant, *f.*
câu-liflôwer, *n.*: choufleur, *m.* -**line**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) caulinaire.
câu-sable, *adj.*: qui peut être causé. -**sal**, *adj.*: causal. -**ality**, *n.*: causalité, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: suivant l'ordre des causes. -**sative**, *adj.*: causatif. **1.-se**, *n.*: cause, *f.* **2.-se**, *tr.*: causer; occasionner: — *sorrow*, donner du chagrin; — *to be punished*, faire punir. -**seless**, *adj.*: sans cause. -**selessly**, *adv.*: sans cause. -**ser**, *n.*: cause, *f.*

causeway, **causey**, *n.*: chaussée; di-gue, jetée, *f.*
1.caustic, *adj.*: caustique. **2.caustic**, *n.*: caustique, *m.*: *lunar* —, pierre infernale, *f.*
†cautelous, *adj.*: prudent; cauteleux, rusé, *fin.* -**ly**, *adv.*: cautelement, prudemment.
câu-terisa'tion, *n.*: cautérisation, *f.*
-terise, *tr.*: cautériser. -**terising**, *n.*: cautérisation, *f.* -**tery**, *n.*: cautère, *m.*
1.câu-tion, *n.*: avis, *m.*; précaution; garantie, *f.* **2.-tion**, *tr.*: précautionner; avertir, aviser. -**tionary**, *adj.*: d'avertissement, de prévoyance, de précaution. -**tious**, *adj.*: précautionné, circonspect, prudent. -**tiously**, *adv.*: avec précaution, prudemment. -**tiousness**, *n.*: prévoyance, circonspection, *f.*
caval-cade, *n.*: cavalcade, *f.* **1.-lier**, *n.*: cavalier, *m.* **2.cavalier**, *adj.*: vaillant, courageux; cavalier. -**ierly**, *adv.*: cavalièrement.
câval-ry, *n.*: cavalerie, *f.*
cavatina, *n.*: cavatine, *f.*
†ca-vâtion, *n.*: (*arch.*) excavation, *f.*
1.câ-ve, *n.*: caverne, *f.*; antre, *m.* **2.ca-ve**, *tr.*: caver, creuser; *intr.*: habiter une caverne. -**vern**, *n.*: caverne. -**vernous**, *adj.*: caverneux.
câvesson, *n.*: (*man.*) caveçon, *m.*
caviâr, **caviare**, *n.*: caviar, *m.*
1.câvil, *n.*: pointillerie; chicane, *f.* **2.cavil**, *intr.*: pointiller; chicaner; *tr.*: contester. -**ler**, *n.*: chicanier, chicaneur, *m.* -**lingly**, *adv.*: par pointillerie, par des chicanes. -**lous**, *adj.*: chicanier. -**lously**, *adv.*: par pointillerie.
câvity, *n.*: cavité, *f.*
1.câic, *intr.*: croasser. **2.caw**, *n.*: croassement, *m.*
câa-se, *intr.*: cesser, discontinuer; *tr.*: cesser, faire cesser. -**seless**, *adj.*: incessant, continu. -**selessly**, *adv.*: sans cesse. -**sing**, *n.*: cessation, *f.*
câcity, *n.*: cécité, *f.*
câdar, *n.*: cèdre, *m.*
câde, *tr. and intr.*: cèder.
eedilla, *n.*: (*gram.*) cédille, *ç, f.*
câ-drat, *n.*: cédrait, *m.* -**drine**, *adj.*: de cèdre. -**dry**, *adj.*: de la couleur du cèdre.
câil, *tr.*: plafonner. -**ing**, *n.*: plafond; plafonnage, *m.*
câ-lebrate, *tr.*: célébrer. -**lebrated**, *part. part.*: célébré; célébré, *adj.* -**lebrâ-tion**, *n.*: célébration; louange, *f.*; éloge, *m.* -**lebrator**, *n.*: panégyriste, *m.* -**lebrity**, *n.*: célébrité, *f.*
celerity, *n.*: célérité, *f.*

célery, *n.*: céleri, *m.*: *bundle of* —, botte de céleri, *f.*

1. **célestial**, *adj.*: céleste. 2. **celestial**, *n.*: habitant du ciel, *m.*: *the —s*, les habitants du céleste empire, les Chinois. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière céleste.

célicac, *adj.*: (*anat.*) céliacue.

célibacy, *n.*: célibat, *m.*

céll, *n.*: cellule, *f.*; compartiment, *m.*

-ar, *n.*: cave, *f.* **-arage**, *n.*: caves, *f. pl.* **-aret**, *n.*: cave à liqueurs, *f.*

-arist, *n.*: cellérier, *m.*, celérière, *f.*

-ular, *adj.*: cellulaire.

Célt, *n.*: Celte, *m.*, *f.* **-io**, *adj.*: celtique.

1. **cémént**, *n.*: ciment, mastic; cément, *m.* 2. **cement**, *tr.*: cimenter; cémenter. **-âtion**, *n.*: cémentation, *f.*

cémétary, *n.*: cimetière, *m.*

cénatory, *adj.*: du souper.

céno-bite, *n.*: cénobite, *m.* **-bitic(al)**, *adj.*: cénobitique.

cénotaph, *n.*: cénotaphe, *m.*

1. **céense**, *n.*: impôt, *m.*; taxe, *f.*

2. **céen-se**, *tr.*: encenser; *intr.*: brûler de l'encens. **-ser**, *n.*: encensoir, *m.*

cén-sor, *n.*: censeur, *m.* **-sôrial**, **-sôrian**, *adj.*: censorial. **-sôrious**, *adj.*: de censeur; critique. **-sôriously**, *adv.*: en censeur. **-sôriousness**, *n.*: disposition à la censure, *f.* **-sôrship**, *n.*: fonctions de censeur, *f. pl.*; censure, *f.*

-surable, *adj.*: censurable, blâmable.

-surably, *adv.*: d'une manière censurable. 1. **-sure**, *n.*: censure, critique, *f.*, blâme, *m.* 2. **-sure**, *tr.*: censurer, critiquer, blâmer. **-surer**, *n.*: censeur; critique, *m.*

cén-sus, *n.*: recensement, dénombrement, *m.*

cént, *n.*: cent, *m.*: *ten per* —, dix pour cent.

céntaur, *n.*: centaure, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: (*bot.*) centaurée, *f.*

cén-tenary, *adj.*: centenaire. **-tén-nial**, *adj.*: séculaire. 1. **-tésimal**, *adj.*: centésimal. 2. **-tesimal**, *n.*: chiffre centésimal, *m.* **-tigrade**, *adj.*: centigrade. **-tigramme**, *n.*: centigramme, *m.* **-time**, *n.*: centime, *m.* **-timeter**, **-timètre**, *n.*: centimètre, *m.* **-tiped**, *n.*: (*ent.*) scolopendre, *f.*; mille-pieds, *m.*

cénto, *n.*: centon, *m.*

cén-tral, *adj.*: central. **-tralisâtion**, *n.*: centralisation, *f.* **-trališe**, *tr.*: centraliser. **-trality**, *n.*: état central, *m.*; position centrale, *f.* **-trally**, *adv.*: d'une manière centrale. 1. **-tre**, *n.*: centre, *m.* 2. **-tre**, *tr.*: placer au centre; concentrer; *intr.*: faire centre; se concentrer. **-trie**, **-tric-al**, *adj.*: central, place au milieu. **-trically**, *adv.*: dans une position centrale. **-tricalness**, *n.*: position cen-

trale, *f.* **-trifugal**, *adj.*: centrifuge.

-tripetal, *adj.*: centripète.

centūmvir (*pl. centūmviri*), *n.*: centumvir, *m.* **-ate**, *n.*: centumvirat, *m.*

1. **cén-tuple**, *adj.*: centuple. 2. **-tuple**, *tr.*: centupler. **-tūplicate**, *tr.*: centupler.

centūriōn, *n.*: centurion, *m.*

céntury, *n.*: siècle, *m.*; centurie, *f.*

cé-phalalg, *n.*: céphalalgie, *f.* **-phālic**, *adj.*: céphalique.

cé-rate, *n.*: cérat, *m.* **-re**, *tr.*: cirer; enduire de cire.

céreal, *adj.*: céréale.

cére-bel, **-bélum**, *n.*: (*anat.*) cervelet, *m.* **-bral**, *adj.*: cérébral.

cére-cloth, *n.*: toile d'embaumement, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: suaire d'embaumement, *m.*

1. **céremō-nial**, *adj.*: de cérémonie.

2. **-nial**, *n.*: cérémonie, *f.*; cérémonial, *m.*

-nially, *adv.*: suivant les cérémonies.

-nious, *adj.*: de cérémonie, cérémonieux.

-niously, *adv.*: avec cérémonie. **-niousness**, *n.*: manières cérémonieuses, *f. pl.*

céremo-ny, *n.*: cérémonie; façon, *f.*; cérémonial, *m.* **-without** —, sans façon; sans cérémonie.

cér-tain, *adj.*: certain. **-tainly**, *adv.*: certainement. **-tainty**, *n.*: certitude; chose certaine, *f.* **-tificat**, *n.*: certificat; (*of a bankrupt*) concordat, *m.* **-tifier**, *n.*: certificateur, *m.* **-tify**, *tr.*: certifier, déclarer. **-titude**, *n.*: certitude, *f.*

cérū-lean, *adj.*: bleu. **†-leous** = *cerulean*.

cérū-men, *n.*: cérūmen, *m.* **-minous**, *adj.*: cérūmineux.

céruse, *n.*: céruse, *f.*; blanc de céruse, *m.*

cér-vice, *adj.*: (*anat.*) cervical.

césārean, *adj.*: (*surg.*) césarienne.

céspitous, *adj.*: de gazon.

céss, *intr.*: cesser. **-âtion**, *n.*: cessation, *f.* **-ibility**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui cède, de ce qui ne résiste pas, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: qui cède facilement, qui ne résiste pas. **céss-ion**, *n.*: action de céder; cession, *f.* **céss-ionary**, *adj.*: cessionnaire.

césspōol, *n.*: puisard, *m.*; fosse d'aisances, *f.*

céstus, *n.*: ceste, *m.*

cēsūra = *caesura*.

cetā-cean, *n.*: (*zool.*) cétacé, *m.* **-geous**, *adj.*: cétacé.

chād = *shad*.

1. **chā-fe**, *tr.*: chauffer; courroucer, irriter; *intr.*: s'écrailler, s'irriter; s'enflammer. 2. **-fe**, *n.*: irritation. **-fer**, *n.*: personne qui s'irrite, *f.*; (*ent.*) hanneton, *m.* **-fery**, *n.*: chaufferie, *f.*

1. **châff**, *n.*: menue paille; paille hachée; bagatelle, *f.*, rien, *m.*; raillerie, *f.* 2. **chaff**, *intr.*: railler; *tr.*: railler, se moquer de.
- châffer**, *intr.*: barguigner, marchander.
- er**, *n.*: barguigneur, *m.*
- châffinch**, *n.*: (*orn.*) pinson, *m.*
- châffing**, *n.*: action d'échauffer, *f.*; échauffement, *m.*; irritation, *f.* -**dish**, *n.*: réchaud, *m.* -**pan**, *n.*: chauffe-rette, *f.*
- chagrén**, *n.*: chagrin, *m.*; peau de chagrin, *f.*
1. **chagrin**, *n.*: chagrin; dépit, *m.* 2. **chagrin**, *tr.*: chagriner, vexer.
1. **châin**, *n.*: chaîne, *f.* (*surveying*) Gunter's —, chaîne d'arpentage. 2. **chain**, *tr.*: enchaîner. -**shot**, *n.*: boulets ramés, *m. pl.*, ange, *m.*
- châir**, *n.*: chaise, *f.*; siège, *m.*; (*of a professor*) chaire, *f.*; (*of the chairman or president of an assembly*) fauteuil, *m.*: be in the —, occuper le fauteuil. -**maker**, *n.*: fabricant de chaises, *m.* -**man**, *n.*: porteur de chaise; (*of an assembly*) président, *m.* -**mender**, *n.*: rempailleuse, *m.*, rempailleuse, *f.*
- châise**, *n.*: chaise, *f.*: post —, chaise de poste.
- chalcôgra-pher**, *n.*: chalcographe, *m.*
- phy**, *n.*: chalcographie, *f.*
- Chal-déan**, *n.*: Chaldéen, *m.*, -ne, *f.*
- Châl-dee**, *adj. or n.*: Chaldéen, *m.*
- châldron or châl'l**, *n.*: mesure de trente-six boisseaux, *f.*; (*for coal*) poids de 2,500 livres, *m.*
- châlier**, *n.*: calice, *m.*, coupe, *f.* -**d**, *adj.*: à calice.
1. **châlk**, *n.*: craie, *f.*; (*for drawing*) pastel, crayon, *m.* 2. **chalk**, *tr.*: blanchir avec de la craie; marquer avec de la craie; tracer. -**iness**, *n.*: nature de la craie, *f.* -**pit**, *n.*: carrière de craie, *f.* -**stone**, *n.*: pierre à chaux, *f.*; (*med.*) calcul arithrétique, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: de craie, crayeux.
1. **châllen-ge**, *n.*: cartel; défi, *m.*; prétention; (*jur.*) récusation, *f.*; (*milit.*) qui-vive, *m.* 2. **go**, *tr.*: défier; provoquer; réclamer; (*jur.*) récusar; sommer; (*milit.*) reconnaître. -**geable**, *adj.*: sujet à défi; récusable. -**gor**, *n.*: auteur d'un cartel, *m.*; personne qui jette un défi; (*jur.*) personne qui récusé un juré, un jury, *f.*
1. **chalybeate**, *adj.*: ferrugineux.
2. **chalybeate**, *n.*: eau ferrugineuse, *f.*
- chamade**, *n.*: (*milit.*) chamade, *f.*
1. **chamber**, *n.*: chambre; (*of the nose*) fosse, *f.*; (*of a mine*) fourneau, *m.*; (*artil.*) chambre, âme, *f.* 2. **chamber**, *tr.*: enfermer dans une chambre. -**er**, *n.*: homme à intrigues, galant, *m.* -**lain**, *n.*: chambellan; trésorier, *m.* -**lainship**, *n.*: dignité de chambellan, *m.*
- maid**, *n.*: femme de chambre; fille de chambre, fille de service, *f.* -**pot**, *n.*: pot de chambre, *m.*
- chaméleon**, *n.*: (*zool.*) caméléon, *m.*
- mineral**, caméléon minéral. -**ise**, *tr.*: changer de couleurs comme le caméléon.
1. **châm-fer**, -**fret**, *n.*: (*arch.*) chanfrein, *m.* 2. **-fer**, *tr.*: (*arch.*) tailler en chanfrein, chanfreiner.
- châmois**, *n.*: chamois, *m.* -**leather**, *n.*: chamois, *m.*, peau de chamois, *f.*
- châmomile**, *n.*: (*bot.*) camomille, *f.*
- châmp**, *tr.*: ronger, mâcher; *intr.*: ronger son frein.
- Champagne**, *n.*: vin de Champagne, *m.*
1. **châmpâign**, *n.*: campagne, *f.*
2. **châmpaign**, *adj.*: de campagne.
- champignon** -**pi nyon**, *n.*: champignon, *m.*
1. **châmpion**, *n.*: champion, *m.* 2. **champion**, *tr.*: défier au combat.
1. **chânce**, *n.*: chance, *f.*; hasard, sort; (*jur.*) cas fortuit, *m.* 2. **chance**, *intr.*: arriver par hasard, venir à. 3. **chance**, *adj.*: du hasard, par hasard, de hasard. -**able**, *adj.*: accidentel.
- châneel**, *n.*: sanctuaire, *m.* -**lor**, *n.*: chancelier, *m.*: lord —, grand chancelier, *m.* -**lorship**, *n.*: charge de chancelier, *f.*
- châncemedley**, *n.*: (*jur.*) homicide (commis involontairement en se défendant).
- châncery**, *n.*: cour de la chancellerie, *f.*
- chân-cre** -**kér**, *n.*: chancre, *m.* -**crous**, *adj.*: chancereux.
- chandellier**, *n.*: lustre, *m.* **chändler**, *n.*: chandelier; fabricant de chandelles; petit épicer, *m.* **chândlery**, *n.*: petite épicerie, *f.*; regrat, *m.*
1. **chânge**, *n.*: changement, *m.*; (*abbreviation of exchange, building*) bourse; (*out of money*) monnaie, *f.*, appoint, *m.*: I have no —, je n'ai pas de monnaie; a — of linen, du linge blanc. 2. **change**, *tr.*: changer; *intr.*: changer; (*of the moon*) se renouveler. -**able**, *adj.*: changeant, variable. -**ableness**, *n.*: caractère variable, *m.*; inconstance; mobilité, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: inconstamment. -**ful**, *adj.*: inconstant, changeant. -**ling**, *n.*: esprit changeant; enfant substitué, *m.* -**r -er**, *n.*: changeur, *m.*
1. **chânnel**, *n.*: canal, *m.*; (*fig.*) voie, *f.*: the British —, la Manche, *f.* 2. **channel**, *tr.*: creuser; sillonner.
1. **chânt**, *n.*: chant; plain-chant, *m.*
2. **chant**, *tr.*: chanter; *intr.*: chanter; chanter le plain-chant. -**er**, *n.*: chanteur; chante, *m.* -**icleer**, *n.*: réveil-matin (le coq); chantre du jour, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: chant; plain-chant, *m.* -**ress**, *n.*: chanteuse, *f.*

- châ-os**, *n.*: chaos, *m.* -**ôtie**, *adj.*: chaotique, de chaos. -**ôtically**, *adv.*: comme le chaos, en chaos, dans un chaos.
- châp**, *n.*: homme, garçon, gars, *m.*; (*of the hands, etc.*) gergure, crevasse, *f.*: bad —, mauvais garnement, *m.* 2. **chap**, *tr.*: gercer; *intr.*: gercer, se gercer.
- châpe**, *n.*: chape, bouterolle, *f.*
- châpel**, *n.*: chapelle, *f.*; (*print.*) atelier, *m.*: — *of ease*, église succursale, *f.*
- châpeless**, *adj.*: sans bouterolle.
1. **chaperon**, *n.*: chaperon, *m.* 2. **chap-eron**, *tr.*: chaperonner.
- châpfallen**, *adj.*: à mâchoire tombante; l'oreille basse.
- châplain**, *n.*: chapelain; aumônier, *m.*
- ey**, -**ship**, *n.*: chapellenie, *f.*; fonctions d'aumônier, *f. pl.*
- châpless**, *adj.*: aux mâchoires décharnées.
- châplet**, *n.*: chapelet, *m.*; guirlande; (*of a peacock*) aigrette, *f.*
- châppy**, *adj.*: plein de gercures.
- châps**, *n.*: gueule; mâchoires; mâchoires d'étau, *f.*
1. **châpter**, *n.*: chapitre, *m.*; lettre capitulaire, *f.* 2. **chapter**, *tr.*: chapitrer.
- house**, *n.*: chapitre, *m.*
1. **châr**, *n.*: chariot, *m.*
2. **châr**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) ombre, *m.*
3. **châr**, *tr.*: réduire en charbon, carboniser; (*by heat*) purifier.
4. **châr**, **châre**, *intr.*: aller en journée.
5. **char**, **chare**, *n.*: ouvrage fait à la journée, *m.*
1. **châracter**, *n.*: caractère; (*theat.*) rôle, personnage; genre, *m.*; renommée, réputation, moralité, *f.*; certificat de moralité, *m.*: *he is quite a —*, c'est un vrai original; *a man of bad —*, un homme de mauvaise réputation; *I do not like books of that —*, je n'aime pas les livres de ce genre; *what — does he play?* quels rôles joue-t-il? *go for a —* (*of servants, etc.*), aller aux informations; *in —*, dans le vrai; à sa place. 2. **character**, *tr.*: inscrire; écrire, décrire, graver. -**ise**, *tr.*: caractériser. 1. -**istic**, -**istical**, *adj.*: caractéristique. 2. -**istic**, *n.*: trait caractéristique, *m.*; (*gram., math.*) caractéristique, *f.* -**istically**, *adv.*: d'une manière caractéristique. -**isticalness**, *n.*: qualité caractéristique, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans caractère.
- charâde**, *n.*: charade, *f.*
- châreçal**, *n.*: charbon de bois; (*chem.*) carbone, *m.*
- chârd**, *n.*: carde, *f.*
1. **châr-ge**, *n.*: charge, *f.*; fardeau; (*of a judge*) résumé; (*jur.*) chef d'accusation, *m.*, accusation, *f.*; (*milit., vet.*) charge, *f.*; (*of a bishop*) mandement, *m.*; (*protec-*
- tion*) garde, *f.*; dépôt, objet confié aux soins de; (*price*) prix, *m.*: — *s*, frais; dépens, *m. pl.*; *give any one in —*, faire arrêter quelqu'un. 2. -**ge**, *tr.*: charger; accuser; faire payer; adjurer; (*of taxes*) grever; *intr.*: (*mil.*) charger. -**geable**, *adj.*: à charge; accusable; imputable; imposé, grevé. -**geableness**, *n.*: cherté, haut prix. -**geably**, *adv.*: à grands frais.
- ger**, *n.*: grand plat; cheval de bataille, *m.*
- châri-ly**, *adv.*: avec précaution; frugalement; chichement. -**ness**, *n.*: précaution, prudence, mesquinerie, *f.*
- châriot**, *n.*: coupé, *m.*; (*antiq.*) char, *m.*
- œr**, *n.*: conducteur de chariot; (*astron.*) cocher, charretier, *m.*
- châri-table**, *adj.*: charitable. -**tably**, *adv.*: charitablement. -**ty**, *n.*: charité, *f.*
- châr-la-tan**, *n.*: charlatan, *m.* -**tânio** (*al*), *adj.*: charlatanesque. -**tanism**, -**taury**, *n.*: charlatannerie, *f.*; charlatanisme, *m.*
- Chârles's-wain** -**lzer**, *n.*: (*astron.*) chariot, *m.*, grande ourse, *f.*
1. **chârm**, *n.*: charme, *m.* 2. **charm**, *tr.*: charmer. -**er**, *n.*: enchanteur, *m.*, enchantresse, *f.*; charmeur, *m.*, charmeuse, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: enchanteur; charmant; joli. -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière charmante. -**ignness**, *n.*: charme, *m.*
- chârnél**, *adj.*: de charnier. -**house**, *n.*: charnier, *m.*
- chârt**, *n.*: carte de géographie; carte marine, *f.*
1. **chârter**, *n.*: †Fr. chartre; charte, *f.* 2. **charter**, *tr.*: instituer par une charte; (*com., nav.*) fréter, affréter; (*in the Mediterranean*) nolisier. -**party**, *n.*: chartre partie, *f.*
- châr-woman**, *n.*: femme de journée, femme de ménage, *f.*
- châry**, *adj.*: prudent; économe; chiche.
1. **châse**, *n.*: chasse; poursuite. 2. **chase**, *tr.*: chasser.
3. **châse**, *n.*: (*of cannon*) volée, *f.*; (*print.*) châssis, *m.*
4. **châse**, *intr.*: ciceler.
- châser**, *n.*: 1. chasseur; 2. (*metal.*) ciseleur, *m.*
- châsm**, *n.*: brèche, *f.*; vide, abîme, *m.*
- châs-te**, *adj.*: chaste, pudique. -**tely**, *adv.*: chastement, pudiquement. -**ten**, *tr.*: châtier; réprimer; purifier. -**tener**, *n.*: celui qui châtie, *m.* -**teness**, *n.*: pureté de langage, de style, *f.* -**tening**, *n.*: châtiment, *m.*
- chas-tise**, *tr.*: châtier. **châs-tise-ment**, *n.*: châtiment, *m.* -**-tiser**, *n.*: personne qui châtie, *f.*
- châstity**, *n.*: chasteté, pureté, *f.*
- châsuble**, *n.*: chasuble, *f.*

1.chât, n.: causerie, f.; (orn.) traquet, m. **2.chat**, intr.: causer; jaser. **-el-lany**, n.: châtellenie, f.
chatoyant, adj.: chatoyant. **-ment**, n.: chatolement, chatoiment, m.
châttel, n.: biens, effets, m. pl.
chât-ter, intr.: jaser; (of the teeth) claquer. **-ter-box**, n.: babillard, m., babillarde, f. **-terer**, n.: jaseur, babillard, m. **-tering**, n.: jaserie, f.; babil, caquetage, m. **-ty**, adj.: causeur.
châtwood, n.: fagot de broussailles, m.
châw, tr.: mâcher.
châwdron, n.: entrailles, f. pl.
chêap, adj.: à bon marché; économique. **-en**, tr.: marchander; diminuer la valeur de. **-ener**, n.: personne qui marchande, f. **-ly**, adv.: à bon marché; économiquement. **-ness**, n.: bon marché, m.
1.chêat, n.: (thing) fourberie, tromperie, f.; (pers.) fourbe, trompeur, m., trompeuse, f., tricheur, m., tricheuse, f. **2.cheat**, tr.: tromper, tricher. **-er**, n.: fourbe, m., f.; tricheur, m., tricheuse, f. **-igg**, n.: fourberie; tromperie, tricherie, f.
1.chêck, tr.: faire éprouver un échec à; contenir, arrêter; reprendre; vérifier; (at chess) faire échec à. **2.check**, n.: échec, m.; réprimande; (theat.) contre-marque, f.; (com.) mandat, bon, chèque, m.; toile de coton rayée, f.; (at chess) échec, m. **-book**, n.: livre de mandats, m.
chêcker, tr.: marquer de petits carrés (comme sur un ÉCHIQUIER), marquer; diaprer; tacheter, mélanger. **-work**, n.: marqueterie, f.
1.chêckmate, n.: échec et mat, m. **2.cheekmate**, tr.: faire échec et mat à; mater.
chêck-string, n.: cordon de communication avec le cocher d'une voiture, m.
-taker, n.: receveur de contre-marques, m.
chêck, n.: joue; (of a press) jumelle; (of scales) chasse, f.; (fam.) hardiesse, effronterie, f., toupet, m. **-bone**, n.: os malaire; os de la pommette, m.
1.chêr, n.: chère; acclamation, f., applaudissement, m.; gaieté; consolation, f.; vivat, m. **2.cheer**, tr.: égayer, réjouir; animer; applaudir; intr.: se réjouir; crier vivat: — up, se ranimer; s'égayer. **-er**, n.: personne qui crie vivat; personne qui répand la joie, f.; applaudisseur, m. **-ful**, adj.: joyeux, gai. **-fully**, adv.: galement, galement, joyeusement. **-fulness**, n.: gaieté, gaité, f. **-ily**, adj.: galement, galement. **1.-ing**, n.: consolation, f.; applaudissement, m. **2.-ing**, adj.: consolant, réjouissant, en-

courageant. **-less**, adj.: triste. **-ly**, adv.: galement, galement. **-y**, adj.: gai.
chêese, n.: fromage, m. **-monger**, n.: marchand de fromage, m. **-paring**, n.: pelure de fromage, f. **-rennet**, n.: (bot.) gaillet, caille-lait blanc, m. **-vat**, n.: éclisse à fromage, f. **-y**, adj.: fromageux, caséux.
chêemical, adj.: chimique. **-ly**, adv.: chimiquement.
chemise, n.: chemise, f.
chêmist, n.: chimiste; pharmacien, m. **-ry**, n.: chimie, f.
chêque, n.: (com.) bon, mandat, chèque, m.
chêquer = checker.
chêrish, tr.: chérir; nourrir.
1.chêrry, n.: cerise, f. **2.cherry**, adj.: de cerise, rouge comme la cerise. **-cheeked**, adj.: aux joues vermeilles. **-laurel**, n.: laurier-cerise, m. **-stone**, n.: noyau de cerise, m. **-tree**, n.: cerisier, m.
chêr-ub (pl. -s or -im), n.: chérubin, m. **-ûbic(al)**, adj.: de chérubin. **1.-ubin**, adj.: angélique. **2.-ubin** (pl. -bim), n.: chérubin, m.
chêr-vil, n.: cerfeuil, m.
chêss, n.: échecs, m. pl. **-board**, n.: échiquier, m. **-man**, n.: pièce, f. **-player**, n.: joueur d'échecs, m.
1.chêst, n.: caisse, f., coffre; (milit.) caisson, m.; (of the body) poitrine, f.; (of a horse) poitrail, m. **2.chest**, tr.: encoffrer, mettre dans un coffre. **-founder**, **-foundering**, n.: (vet.) courbature; phthisie pulmonaire, f. **-foundered**, adj.: (vet.) courbattu; phthisique.
1.chêstnut, n.: châtaigne, f.; marron, m. **2.chestnut**, adj.: châtain; (of horses) alezan. **-tree**, n.: châtaignier, marronnier, m.
che-vâl, n.: cheval, m. **-val-glass**, n.: psyché, f. **-valier**, n.: chevalier, cavalier, m. **-vauz-de-frise** -nô-, m. pl.: (fort.) chevaux de frise, m. pl.; (sing.) cheval de frise, m.
chêw, tr.: mâcher; ruminer: — tobacco, chiquer. **-er**, n.: mâcheur, m. **-ing**, n.: mastication, f.
1.chicâ-ne, n.: chicane, f. **2.-ne**, intr.: chicaner. **-ner**, n.: chicaner, m., chicaneuse, f. **-nery**, n.: chicanerie, chicane, f.
chick, n.: poussin; poulet, m., poulette, f. **-en**, n.: poulet, m. **-en-hearted**, adj.: au cœur de poule; timide. **-en-pox**, n.: petite vérole volante, f. **-ling**, n.: poussin, m. **-pea**, n.: pois chiche, m. **-weed**, n.: morgeline, f., mouron des oiseaux, m.
chicory, n.: chicorée, f.

chi-de (pret. *chid*, part. *chid*, *chidden*), tr.: gronder, blâmer; intr.: gronder.
-der, n.: grondeur, m., grondeuse, f.
-ding, n.: gronderie, f. **-dingly**, adv.: en grondant.

1.chief, n.: chef, m.: partie principale, f.; (com.) associé principal, m. **2.chief**, adj.: principal; en chef. **-less**, adj.: sans chef. **-ly**, adv.: surtout, principalement. **-tain**, n.: chef, m.

chiffonnier, n.: (furniture) chiffonnier, m.

chilblain, n.: engelure, f.

child (pl. *children*), n.: enfant, m. f.: *good* —, enfant sage; *naughty* —, enfant méchant; *be a good* —, être sage; *be a naughty* —, être méchant; *be with* —, être enceinte, être grosse. **-bearing**, n.: travail d'enfant, m. **-bed**, n.: couches, f. pl. **-birth**, n.: enfantement, m.; couches, f. pl. **-e**, n.: chevalier, m. **-hood**, n.: enfance, f. **-ish**, adj.: enfant, puéril, enfantin. **-ishly**, adv.: puérilement. **-ishness**, n.: puérilité, f.; enfantillage, m.; seconde enfance, f. **-less**, adj.: sans enfant. **-like**, adj.: comme un enfant, enfantin, puérile. **child-ren**, pl. of *child*.

chill, n.: poivre de Guinée, m.

1.chill, n.: froid, m.; glace, f. **2.chill**, adj.: froid; glacé. **3.chill**, tr.: refroidir; glacer. **-iness**, **-ness**, n.: froid; (med.) frissonnement, m. **-y**, adj.: frileux; (of things) un peu froid.

Chiltern hundreds, n.: commune de Chiltern, f.: *accept the* —, donner sa démission de membre de la Chambre des Communes.

1.chi-me, n.: carillon; son harmonieux, m. **2.-me**, intr.: carillonner; accorder; battre la cloche pour carillonner. **-mer**, n.: carillonneur, m.

chi-méra, n.: chimère, f. **-mèrical**, adj.: chimérique. **-mèrically**, adv.: chimériquement.

chimney, n.: cheminée, f. **-corner**, n.: coin du feu, m. **-draught**, n.: tirage de cheminée, m. **-flue**, n.: tuyau de cheminée, m. **-piece**, n.: cheminée, f.; chambranle de cheminée, m. **-pot**, n.: mitre de cheminée, f. **-stack**, n.: corps de cheminée, m. **-sweep(er)**, n.: ramonneur, m.

chîn, n.: menton, m.

china, n.: porcelaine, f.

chincough **-kôf**, n.: coqueluche, f.

1.chine, n.: (anat.) échine; (cook.) échine, f. **2.chine**, tr.: couper l'échine de.

Chinôse, adj.: chinois; n.: Chinois, m., Chinoise, f.; (language) chinois, m.

1.chink, n.: crevasse, fente, lézarde, f.

2.chink, tr.: crevasser, faire crevasser;

faire sonner; se fendiller, se crevasser; (of metallic substances) sonner. **-y**, adj.: crevasse.

1.chip, n.: copeau, fragment, éclat, m.

2.chip, tr.: couper, tailler; (bread) chapelier; éclater; s'éclater. **-ping**, n.: fragment, éclat, m.; (of bread) chapelure, f.

chiragra, n.: (med.) chiragra, f.

chirôlogy, n.: chirolgie, f.

chiromaney, n.: chiromancie, f.

1.chirp, n.: gazouillement, ramage; (of some insects) cri, m. **2.chirp**, intr.: gazouiller; (of some insects) crier. **-er**, n.: oiseau qui gazouille, m.; personne qui gazouille; personne joyeuse, f. **-ing**, n.: gazouillement, ramage; (of some insects) cri, m.

†chirurgeon = *surgeon*.

1.chisel, n.: ciseau, m. **2.chisel**, tr.: ciseler.

1.chit, n.: germe; (fig.) marmot, petit enfant, m. **2.chit**, intr.: germer.

chitchat, n.: babil, caquet, m., causerie, f.

chitterlings, n. pl.: tripes, andouilles, f. pl.

†chitty, adj.: enfantin, puéril.

chival-ric, **-rous**, adj.: chevaleresque; de chevalerie. **-ry**, n.: chevalerie, f.

chlô-rate, n.: chlorate, m. **-ride**, n.: chlorure, m. **-rine**, n.: chlore, m.

1.-roform, n.: chloroforme, m. **2.-roform**, tr.: chloroformer. **-roforming**, n.: chloroformisation, f.

-rophill, n.: chlorophylle, f. **-rôsis**, n.: chlorose, f.; pâles couleurs, f. pl.

chôak = *choke*.

chôcolate, n.: chocolat, m. **-colo(u)r**, n.: couleur chocolat, f. **-dealer**, n.: chocolatier.

-plant, n.: cacaoyer, cacaoier, m. **-pot**, n.: chocolatière, f.

1.chôice, n.: choix; objet de son choix, m. **2.chôice**, adj.: rare, choisi; d'élite; recherché. **-less**, adj.: (rare) qui n'a pas de choix. **-ly**, adv.: (rare) avec choix; avec grand soin. **-ness**, n.: valeur; qualité recherchée, f.

choir kwir, n.: chœur, m.

1.chô-ke, n.: foin d'artichaut, m. **2.-ke**, tr.: étouffer, suffoquer; intr.: (pers.) suffoquer; (of things) s'engorger. **3.-ke**, n.: étranglement. **-ke-damp**, n.: air vicié; (mines) gaz étouffant, m. **-ke-pear**, n.: poire d'angoisse, f. **-king**, n.: étouffement, m.; suffocation, f. **-ky**, adj.: étouffant, suffocant.

chô-ler, n.: bile; colère, f. **-lera**, n.: (med.) choléra, m. — *morbus*, choléra-morbus. **-lêric**, adj.: cholérique, bilieux; de colère. **-lêricness**, n.: emportement, m.; colère, f. **-lerine**, n.: cholérine, f.; faux choléra, m.

chôo-se (pret. *chose*, part. *chosen*), *tr.*: choisir; élire; préférer; vouloir: *I — to do it*, il me plaît de le faire. **-ser**, *n.*: personne qui choisit, *f.* **-sing**, *n.*: choix, *f.*

1. **chôp**, *n.*: (tech.) mâchoire, *f.*: — *s* (of an animal), gueule, *f.*; mutton —, côtelette de mouton, *f.*

2. **chôp**, *n.*: tranche, *f.* 3. **chop**, *tr.*: couper; hacher: — *off*, trancher, couper; — *up*, hacher.

4. **chôp**, *tr.*: trafiquer, troquer, échanger; *intr.*: trafiquer; troquer; (nav.) (of the wind) jouer; (of the sea) clapoter.

chôp-fallen, *adj.*: à mâchoire tombante; l'oreille basse. **-house**, *n.*: café-restaurant, *m.*

chôp-per, *n.*: couperet, *m.*, hachette, *f.*

1. **-ping**, *n.*: coupe, action de couper, *f.*;

2. **chôpping**, *n.*: (nav.) clapotage, *m.*

chôpping-knife, *n.*: couperet, *m.*, hachette, *f.*

1. **chôppy**, *adj.*: crevasé, fendillé; (nav.) plein d'ondes courtes, (fortement) agité.

chôral, *adj.*: en chœur, de chœur.

1. **chôrd**, *n.*: corde, *f.*; (mus.) accord, *m.*

2. **chord**, *tr.*: accorder un instrument à cordes.

chôrion, *n.*: (anat.) chorion, *m.*

chô-rister, *n.*: chanteur, choriste, *m.* **-rôgraphy**, *n.*: chorographie, *f.*

chô-rus, *n.*: chœur, *m.*

chôse, **chôsen**, see *choose*.

chris-m, *n.*: chrême, *m.*

Christ, *n.*: le Christ, *m.*: *Jesus* —, Jésus-Christ.

christen, *tr.*: baptiser. **-dom**, *n.*: chrétienté, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: baptême, *m.*

1. **Christian**, *adj.*: chrétien: — *name*, nom de baptême. 2. **Christian**, *n.*: chrétien, *m.*, chrétienne, *f.* **-ise**, *tr.*: christianiser.

-ism, *n.*: christianisme, *m.*, doctrine chrétienne; chrétienté, *f.*

-ity *an-iti*, *n.*: religion chrétienne, *f.*, christianisme, *m.* 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: chrétien.

2. **-ly**, *adv.*: chrétiennement.

Christmas, *n.*: Noël, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: étrennes, *f. pl.*

chrom-atic, *adj.*: chromatique.

chrô-nic, *adj.*: chronique.

1. **chrô-ni-cle**, *n.*: chronique, *f.* 2. **-cle**, *tr.*: faire la chronique de. **-cler**, *n.*: chroniqueur, *m.*

chronô-loger, **-logist**, *n.*: chronologiste, *m.* **-lôgie(al)**, *adj.*: chronologique. **-lôgically**, *adv.*: chronologiquement. **-logy**, *n.*: chronologie, *f.*

-meter, *n.*: chronomètre, *m.*; montre marine, *f.*

chrÿ-salis (pl. *-sâ'lides*), *n.*: chrysalide, *f.* **-solite**, *n.*: chrysolithe, *f.*

chûb, *n.*: (ichth.) chabot; meunier, *m.*

-bed, *adj.*: à grosse tête. **-by**, *adj.*: joufflu; (of the hands) potelé.

1. **chûck**, *n.*: gloussement, *m.*; (term of endearment) poulet, *m.*, poulette, *f.*

2. **chuck**, *intr.*: (of the cock) appeler; (of the hen) glousser.

3. **chûck**, *tr.*: donner des petits coups à; jeter. **-farthing**, *n.*: fossette, *f.*

chûckle, *intr.*: rire: (of the hen) appeler; glousser; caresser.

chûff, *n.*: butor, gros rustre, *m.* **-ily**, *adv.*: en butor, grossièrement. **-iness**, *n.*: grossièreté, rusticité, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: grossier, rustique.

chûm, *m.*: camarade de chambre, *m.*

chûmp, *n.*: tronçon de bois, *m.*

1. **chûrch**, *n.*: église, *f.*; (for Protestants in Catholic countries) temple, *m.*

2. **church**, *tr.*: célébrer l'office des relevailles. **-ing**, *n.*: relevailles, *f. pl.*

-man, *n.*: homme d'église; partisan de la religion dominante, *m.* **-rate**, **-tax**, *n.*: taxe pour l'entretien de l'église, *f.*

-warden, *n.*: marguillier, *m.* **-yard**, *n.*: cimetière, *m.*

chûrl, *n.*: paysan, rustre, manant, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: grossier, rude, dur. **-ishly**, *adv.*: grossièrement; rudement, durement.

-ishness, *n.*: grossièreté, dureté, *f.* 1. **chûrn**, *n.*: baratte, *f.* 2. **churn**, *tr.*: baratter, battre.

chÿ-le, *n.*: chyle, *m.* **-lifaction**, *n.*: chylification, *f.*

chÿme, *n.*: chyme, *m.*

chÿmi... = *chemi*...

cica-trice, **-trix** (pl. **-trices**), *n.*: cicatrice, *f.* **-trise** (pl. and *intr.*: cicatriser, se cicatriser.

cicérô-ne or **chî-chê**, *n.*: cicérone, *m.*

cicisbéo or **chî-chis**, *n.*: sigisbée, †Fr. cicisbée, *m.*

cider, *n.*: cidre, *m.*: *strong* —, gros cidre. **-ist**, *n.*: faiseur de cidre, *m.*

cigâr, *n.*: cigare, *m.* **-case**, *n.*: porte-cigare, *m.*

cimeter, *n.*: cimeterre, *m.*

cincture, *n.*: ceinture, *f.*

cinder, *n.*: cendre; (of coal) escarbille, *f.*

ciner-ary, *adj.*: cinéraire. **-ation**, *n.*: cinération, *f.*

cÿnnabâr, *n.*: cinabre, *m.*

cinnamon, *n.*: cannelle, *f.*

cinq-ue, *n.*: (at cards) cinq, *m.* **-foil**, *n.*: quintefeuille; potentille, *f.* **-ports**, *n. pl.*: cinq ports, *m. pl.*: warden of the —, gouverneur des cinq ports, *m.* **-spot-ted**, *adj.*: à cinq taches.

cion, *n.*: (bot.) scion, *m.*; (anat.) flouette, *f.*

1. **cipher**, *n.*: chiffre; zéro; (fig.) homme nul, *m.* 2. **cipher**, *tr.*: chiffrer; écrire en chiffre; (pop.) chiffrer; calculer.

- ing**, *n.*: calcul, *m.*: arithmétique, *f.*
-ing-book, *n.*: cahier d'arithmétique, *m.*
Circéan, *adj.*: de Circée.
circé-nate, *tr.*: tourner en cercle. **-nā-tion**, *n.*: mouvement circulaire, *m.*
1-cir-cle, *n.*: cercle, *m.* **2-cle**, *tr.*: entourer; environner; *intr.*: former un cercle; faire le tour. **-cled**, *adj.*: circulaire, en cercle. **-clet**, *n.*: petit cercle, anneau, *m.* **-cling**, *adj.*: circulaire, tournoyant; environnant.
1-circuit, *n.*: circuit; tour, *m.*: (*of the judges*) tournée, *f.*: *on the —*, en tournée.
2-circuit, *intr.*: faire un circuit; faire le tour de.
circū-i-tous, *adj.*: détourné. **-tously**, *adv.*: d'une manière détournée. **-ty**, *n.*: circuit, *m.*: (*of words*) circonlocution, *f.*, détours, *m. pl.*
1-circu-lar, *adj.*: circulaire; (*of bills of exchange*) indirect. **2-lar**, *n.*: circulaire, *f.* **-larity**, *n.*: forme circulaire, *f.* **-larly**, *adv.*: circulairement; par circulation. **1-late**, *n.*: (*math.*) fraction périodique, *f.* **2-late**, *tr.*: mettre en circulation. **-late**, *intr.*: circuler. **-lātion**, *n.*: circulation, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: circulaire, circulaire.
circum- (in words often much like corresponding French words, as): **-āmbient**, *adj.*: environnant; ambiant. **-eise**, *tr.*: circonscire. **-eision**, *n.*: circonscision, *f.* **-ference** **-cū'm**, *n.*: circonférence, *f.* **-ferētor**, *n.*: boussole, *f.* **1-flex**, *adj.*: circonflexe. **2-flex**, *n.*: (*gram.*) circonflexe, accent circonflexe, *m.* **-fluent**, **-fluous** **-cū'm**, *adj.*: qui coule autour; environnant. **-fūse**, *tr.*: répandre autour; disperser. **-fūzion**, *n.*: action de répandre; expansion, *f.* **-jā-cent**, *adj.*: circonvoisin. **-locution**, *n.*: circonlocution, *f.* **-māre**, *adj.*: entourer de murs. **-nāvigatē**, *tr.*: naviguer autour de, faire le tour de. **-navigātion**, *n.*: circumnavigation, *f.* **-scribe**, *tr.*: circonscrire. **-scription**, *n.*: circonscription, *f.* **-scriptive**, *adj.*: circonscripit. **-scriptively**, *adj.*: d'une manière circonscrire. **-spect**, *adj.*: circonspect. **-spēction**, *n.*: circonspection, *f.* **-spēctive**, *adj.*: circonspect. **-spectly**, *adv.*: avec circonspection. **1-stance**, *n.*: circonstance: — *s*, moyens, *m. pl.*; position, *f.* **2-stance**, *tr.*: placer: *as I was — d*, dans la position où je me trouvais. **-stāntiāl**, *adj.*: des circonstances; circonstancié, minutieux. **-stāntiālly**, *adv.*: suivant les circonstances. **-stāntiātē**, *tr.*: circonscancier. **-vallātion**, *n.*: circonvallation, *f.* **-vēnt**, *tr.*: circonvénir. **-vēntion**, *n.*: circonvénir. **-volūtion**, *n.*:
 circonvolution, *f.* **-vōlve**, *tr.*: tourner autour.
circous, *n.*: cirque, *m.*
cisālpine, *adj.*: cisalpin.
cist, *n.*: ciste; boîte, caisse, *f.*; sac, *m.*
cistern, *n.*: citerne; fontaine; (*of barometers*) cuvette, *f.*; (*of pumps and steam-engines*) réservoir, *m.*
cit, *n.*: (*fam.*) citoyen, bourgeois, *m.*
citadel, *n.*: citadelle, *f.*
citātion, *n.*: citation, *f.*
ci-te, *tr.*: citer; astreindre. **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui fait une citation, *f.*; cita-teur, *m.*
citi-cism, *n.*: manières bourgeoises, *f. pl.* **-zen**, *n.*: citoyen; habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.* **-zenship**, *n.*: droit de cité, *m.*
citrine, *adj.*: citrin.
citron, *n.*: citron, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: citron-nier, *m.*
city, *n.*: ville; cité, *f.*
civet, *n.*: civette, *f.*
civic, *adj.*: civique.
ci-vil, *adj.*: civil, municipal; honnête, poli. **-vilian**, *n.*: légiste en droit civil; étudiant en droit civil; bourgeois, *m.* **-vilisātion**, *n.*: civilisation, *f.* **-vilise**, *tr.*: civiliser. **-viliser**, *n.*: civilisateur, *m.*, civilisatrice, *f.* **-villity**, *n.*: civilité, honnêteté, politesse, *f.* **-villy**, *adv.*: civilement, honnêtement, poliment.
1-clāck, *n.*: caquet; (*of a mill*) cliquet, cliquet, *m.* **2-clack**, *tr.*: caqueter; (*of a mill*) cliqueter. **-ing**, *n.*: caquetage, *m.* **clad**, *see* clothe.
1-clām, *tr.*: demander; réclamer; prétendre à. **2-claim**, *n.*: demande, prétention, *f.*; droit, *m.*: (*jur.*) réclamation, *f.*: *lay — to*, prétendre à; avoir des droits à. **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut réclamer. **-ant**, **-er**, *n.*: personne qui a des prétentions, *f.*; prétendant, *m.*
clāmbē, *intr.*: grimper.
clām-miness, *n.*: viscosité, *f.* **-my**, *adj.*: visqueux, gluant; pâteux; humide, moite.
1-clāmor, *n.*: clameur, *f.*; bruit, *m.* **2-clamor**, *intr.*: crier, vociférer; *tr.*: vociférer; assaillir de cris: — *against*, se récrier contre. **-er**, *n.*: criard, *m.*, — *e*, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: bruyant; criard. **-ously**, *adv.*: bruyamment. **-ousness**, *n.*: clameur, *f.*
clāmour, *etc.* = *clamor*, *etc.*
1-clāmp, *n.*: crampon, *m.*; (*carp.*) embolture, *f.* **2-clamp**, *tr.*: (*carp.*) embolter.
clān, *n.*: clan, *m.*; troupe, *f.*
clandēstine, *adj.*: clandestin. **-ly**, *adv.*: clandestinement. **-ness**, *n.*: clandestinité, *f.*

1.clân-g, *n.*: cliquetis, *m.* **2.-g**, *tr.* and *intr.*: faire résonner; résonner. **-go(u)r**, *n.*: son perçant (répétitif), *m.*; clangeur, *f.* **-gorous**, *adj.*: résonnant. **-gous**, *adj.*: aigu.

1.clânk, *n.*: cliquetis, *m.* **2.clank**, *tr.*: faire résonner.

clânsmân, *n.*: membre d'un clan, *m.*

1.clâp, *tr.*: frapper, (*the hands, the wings*) battre; applaudir; claquer; flanquer, fourrer, mettre. **2.clap**, *intr.*: faire résonner en frappant; commencer avec empressement ou vigueur; claquer des mains, battre des mains. **3.clap**, *n.*: coup; battement de mains, *m.*, claque, *f.*; (*med.*) blennorrhagie; gonorrhée, *f.* **-per**, *n.*: claqueur; (*of a bell*) battant; (*of a mill*) claqueur, *m.* **-per-claw**, *tr.*: se battre du bec et des ongles; (*fig.*) donner des coups de langue à; gronder; injurier, vilipender.

clâre-obscûre, *n.*: (*paint.*) clair-obscur, *m.*

clâret, *n.*: vin de Bordeaux, *m.*

clâri-ficâtion, *n.*: clarification, *f.* **1.-fy**, *intr.*: se clarifier; **2.-tr.: clarifier.**

clâriôn, *n.*: clairon, *m.*

clâro-obscûro = *clare obscure*.

clârý, *n.*: (*bot.*) orvale, toute-bonne, *f.*

1.clâsh, *n.*: fracas, coup, choc, *m.*

2.clash, *intr.*: résonner, s'entre-choquer; être aux prises; être en opposition; être contraire; *tr.*: faire résonner en frappant.

clâsp, *n.*: fermoir, *m.*; agrafe, *f.*; (*of necklaces and bracelets*) cadenas, *m.* **2.clasp**, *tr.*: fermer avec un fermoir;agrafer; cadénasser; serrer; enlacer: — *any one round the neck*, sauter au cou de quelqu'un; — *one's hands*, joindre les mains. **-er**, *n.*: (*bot.*) vrille, *f.*

1.clâss, *n.*: classe, *f.* **2.class**, *tr.*: classer.

1.clâss-ic(al), *adj.*: classique. **2.-ic**, *n.*: classique, *m.* **-ically**, *adv.*: d'une manière classique. **-icism**, *n.*: classicisme, *m.* **-icist**, *n.*: classique. **-ific**, *adj.*: par classes. **-ification**, *n.*: classification, *f.* **-ify**, *tr.*: classifier.

1.clâtter, *intr.*: faire du bruit; claquer; résonner. **2.clatter**, *n.*: bruit, tapage, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: tapageur; babillard, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: bruit, *m.*

clâuse, *n.*: clause, *f.*; (*gram.*) membre de phrase, *m.*, proposition, *f.*

clâustral, *adj.*: claustral.

clâ-vate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) claviforme. **-vâtion**, *n.*: (*anat.*) gomphose, *f.*

clâvicle, *n.*: (*anat.*) clavicule, *f.*

clâvus, *n.*: (*bot.*) disease of rye, etc.) ergot; (*med.*) (*on the feet*) cor, *m.*

1.clâw, *n.*: griffe, *f.*; (*bot., zool.*) ongle,

m.; (*of crustaceous animals*) pince, *f.* **2.claw**, *tr.*: tirer, déchirer avec les griffes; mettre en pièces, déchirer; railler; gronder; flatter; gratter, chatouiller; (*nav.*) faire, courir des bordées, louvoyer; (*pop.*) se sauver, s'échapper. **-ed**, *adj.*: armé de griffes. **-less**, *adj.*: sans griffe.

1.clây, *n.*: argile; boue, terre glaise, glaise, *f.*: baked —, terre cuite. **2.clay**, *tr.*: (*agri.*) marnier. **-cold**, *adj.*: froid comme l'argile; sans vie, mort. **-ey**, *adj.*: argileux. **-ing**, *n.*: (*sugar-making*) terrage, *m.*; (*mas.*) corroi, *m.* **-ing-house**, *n.*: étuve à sucre, *f.* **-marl**, *n.*: marne argileuse, *f.* **-more**, *n.*: claymore, *f.*, grande et large épée des Écosais. **-pit**, *n.*: argillière, marnière, *f.* **-slate**, *n.*: schiste argileux, *m.*

1.clêan, *adj.*: propre; (*of shoes*) ciré; (*of linen*) blanc; (*print.*) (*of proofs*) peu chargé; (*fig.*) adroit, net. **2.clean**, *adv.*: entièrement, tout à fait. **3.clean**, *tr.*: nettoyer; (*sewers, canals, etc.*) curer; (*of shoes*) dégratter, cirer; (*chem.*) décaper; (*manu.*) dégraisser. **-ing**, *n.*: nettoyage; (*of sewers, canals, etc.*) curage; (*manu.*) dégraissage; (*chem.*) décapage, *m.* **-liness klê'n**, *n.*: propreté; netteté, *f.* **1.-ly klê'n**, *adj.*: propre. **2.-ly**, *adv.*: proprement. **-ness**, *n.*: propreté; (*fig.*) netteté, justesse, *f.*

clêan-ge, *tr.*: nettoyer; laver; (*sewers, canals, etc.*) curer; (*fig.*) purifier: — *the blood*, purifier le sang. **-ser**, *n.*: chose qui nettoie, *f.*; (*of sewers, canals, etc.*) cureur; (*med.*) abstergent, *m.* **-sing**, *n.*: nettoyage, *m.*; (*fig.*) purification, *f.*; (*of sewers, canals, etc.*) curement, *m.*

1.clêar, *adj.*: clair; net; innocent; sans tache; (*arch.*) dans œuvre: — *of*, exempt de; *keep — of*, ne pas se heurter contre, ne pas s'approcher; se tenir à distance, éloigné de. **2.clear**, *adv.*: clair; net. **3.clear**, *n.*: (*arch.*) net; œuvre, *m.* **4.clear**, *tr.*: éclaircir; clarifier; faire évacuer; gagner; (*agri.*) défricher; (*nav.*) parer, dégager: — *a hedge*, franchir une haie; — *the customs*, acquitter les droits de la douane; — *from*, dégager de; débarrasser de; — *of*, purger de, acquitter de; — *a good deal of money*, gagner beaucoup d'argent; — *the table*, desservir; — *up one's brow*, se déridier le front; — *for action*, (*nav.*) faire branlebas de combat. **5.clear**, *intr.*: (*of the weather*) s'éclaircir, se rasséréner; se dissiper: — *up, (of the weather)* s'éclaircir; se rasséréner; (*fig.*) s'éclaircir, se débrouiller; — *away*, desservir. **-aneë**, *n.*: dégagement; (*nav.*) congé, *m.* **-head-ed**, *adj.*: qui a l'esprit clair; à l'esprit

clair. -ly, adv.: avec clarté, clairement.
-ness, n.: clarté; netteté; pureté, f.
-sighted, adj.: clairvoyant. -sight-
edness, n.: clairvoyance, f. -starch,
tr.: blanchir à neuf; empeser. -starch-
er, n.: blanchisseur de fin, m., blanchis-
seuse de fin, f.

cléat, n.: (nav.) taquet, m.

cléa-vage, n.: action de fendre; (min.)
fente, f.

1.cléave (pret. —d, †clave), intr.: se col-
ler, s'attacher, s'unir.

2.cléa-ve (pret. cleft, †clave, clove, part.
—d, cleft, cloven), tr.: fendre, diviser; se
fendre. -ver, n.: (pers.) fendeur; (thing)
fendoir, m.

cléavers, n.: (bot.) gaillet, caille-lait,
grateron, m.

cléf, n.: (mus.) clef, clé, f.

cléft, n.: fente; ouverture, f.

clé-meney, n.: clémence; (of the
weather) douceur, f. -ment, adj.: doux,
clément.

clépsydra, n.: clepsydre, f.

clérgey, n.: clergé, m. -man, n.: ec-
clésiastique, m.

clérical, adj.: clérical. -ly, adv.: clé-
ricalement.

clérk (in Eng. clark), n.: (of lawyers
and churches) clerc; (com.) commis; (in
public offices) employé, m. -ship, n.:
cléricature; place de clerc, place de
commis, f.

clöver, adj.: adroit, habile. -ly, adv.:
habilement, adroitement. -ness, n.:
habileté, adresse, f.

1.cléw, n.: peloton de fil; peloton; fil,
guide; (nav.) point de voile, m.

2.cléw, n.: (nav.) carguer.

1.click, intr.: faire tic tac; (print.)
mettre en pages; tr.: pousser avec un
tic tac (un bruit court), faire faire tic tac.
2.click, n.: (mach.) cliquet; crampon;
loquet.

click-er, n.: commis qui invite les pas-
sants à entrer; (print.) metteur en
pages, m. -ing, n.: (print.) mise en
pages, f.

client, n.: client, m., cliente, f.: —s,
clientèle, f. -ed, adj.: ayant des clients.
-ship, n.: état de client, m.; dépend-
ance, f.

cliff, n.: falaise, f.; rocher, m.; (mus.)
†clef, f. -y, adj.: à falaises; rocail-
leux.

1.climac-terio, -térical, adj.: clima-
térique. **2.-terio**, n.: climatérique, f.

climat, n.: climat, m.

climax, n.: climax, m.; gradation, f.:
cap the —, surpasser tout.

climb (reg. or dial. pret., part. clomb),
intr.: grimper; monter; gravir; tr.: es-

calader, gravir, monter. -er, n.: per-
sonne qui grimpe; (bot.) plante grim-
pante, f.; (orni.) grimpeur, m.

clime, n.: climat; pays, m.

1.clinch, tr.: tenir à main fermée; fer-
mer le poing; river; (nav.) étalinguer.

2.clinch, n.: mot à deux ententes, m.;
bonne répartie, f.; crampon, m.; (nav.)
étalingue, f. -er, n.: crampon, m.;
(fig.) bonne répartie; personne qui fait
une bonne répartie, f.

cling (pret., past. clung), intr.: se cram-
ponner, s'attacher, se tenir, s'accrocher.

-stone, n.: pavie, m. -y, adj.: qui
s'attache, qui s'accroche.

clinic, n.: malade alité, m., malade ali-
tée, f. -al, adj.: (med.) clinique; (theol.)
converti au lit de la mort. -ally, adv.:
d'une manière clinique.

1.clink, intr.: tinter; résonner; tr.: tin-
ter; faire résonner. **2.clink**, n.: tinte-
ment, cliquetis, m.

clip, tr.: (with scissors) couper; rogner;
(dogs and horses) tondre. -per, n.: ro-
gneur, m., rogneuse, f.; (nav.) fin voilier,
m. -ping, n.: action de rogner; ro-
gneur, f.

1.clôak, n.: manteau; (fig.) masque, m.

2.clôak, tr.: couvrir d'un manteau;
(fig.) masquer. -edly, adv.: sous le
manteau, en cachette.

clôck, n.: horloge; pendule, f.; (of stock-
ings) coin, m.: eight-day —, pendule,
horloge qui marche huit jours; what o'—
is it? quelle heure est-il? it is one o'—,
il est une heure; ornamental —, pendule.

-maker, n.: horloger, m. **-work**,
n.: (horol.) mouvement, m.; (fig.) travail
régulier, bien ajusté, m.; régularité, f.

1.clôd, n.: motte de terre, f.; grumeau,
caillot, m. **2.clôd**, intr.: se cailler, se
coaguler, se grumeler; intr.: lancer des
mottes de terre contre. -dy, adj.: plein
de mottes; grumeleux. -hopper, n.:
rustre, rustaud, m. -pato, n.: claude,
lourdaut, sot, imbécile, m. -pated, adj.:
claude; lourd, hébété. -poll, n.: claude,
lourdaut, sot, imbécile, m.

1.clôg, n.: (for an animal) entraves, f.
pl.; (for the foot) socque; (fig.) empêche-
ment, embarras, m. **2.clôg**, tr.: (ani-
mal) entraver; (fig.) entraver, embarras-
ser; intr.: s'embarrasser; s'attacher.

-gy, adj.: embarrassant; pesant.

1.clôister, n.: cloître, m. **2.cloister**,
tr.: cloître.

1.clô-ye, tr.: clore, fermer; terminer;
conclure; serrer: — in, clore; — up,
fermer. **2.-ye**, intr.: se fermer; clore;
finir; (milit.) en venir aux mains; (of a
wound) se fermer, se cicatriser; — with,
se terminer par, terminer avec; (to come

to an arrangement) s'arranger avec; — upon, s'arrêter à, se déterminer à. 3.-se (surd s), *adj.*: clos, bien fermé; compact, étroit; (avaricious, tight) serré; (of the weather) lourd; (of the air) renfermé; (fig.) mystérieux; discret; attentif, appliqué: — to, près de; in — confinement, au secret. 4.-se (surd s), *adv.*: serré, de près: — by, tout près. 5.-se, *n.*: fin; clôture; (in wrestling) prise, *f.* 6.-se or -se, *n.*: clos, enclos, *m.* -sely, *adv.*: serré; de près; étroitement; secrètement; strictement. -seness, *n.*: manière serrée, *f.*; état serré, *m.*; compacité, *f.*; (of the weather) état lourd; air renfermé, *m.*; (fig.) connexion; avarice; discrétion, *f.* -ser, *n.*: ouvrier qui met la dernière main, *m.* -sestool, *n.*: chaise percée, *f.*

1.closet, *n.*: cabinet; boudoir, *m.*; grande armoire, *f.* 2.closet, *tr.*: enfermer dans un cabinet.

clôsh, *n.*: (vet.) solbature, *f.*

clôsing, *n.*: clôture; fin, conclusion, *f.* -sure, *n.*: clôture, fermeture, *f.*; enclos, *m.*; enceinte, *f.*

1.clôt, *n.*: grumeau; caillot, *m.* 2.clot, *intr.*: se cailler; se grumeler.

clôth, *n.*: (woollen, gold or silver tissue) drap, *m.*; (linen tissue) toile, *f.*; (cotton tissue) calicot, coton, *m.*; (cover for a table) tapis, *m.*

clôthe (pret., part. reg. or clad), *tr.*: vêtir, revêtir, habiller. -thes or -thes, *n.*: hardes, *f. pl.*; habits, *m. pl.*: bed —, draps (*m. pl.*) et couvertures, *f. pl.* -thier, *n.*: drapier, tailleur, marchand de confection, d'habits tout faits, *m.* -thing, *n.*: vêtement, habillement, *m.*

†clôt-ter, *intr.*: se grumeler; se cailler. -ty, *adj.*: grumeleux.

1.clôud, *n.*: nuage, *m.*; nue; (fig.) nuée, *f.* 2.cloud, *tr.*: couvrir de nuages; obscurcir; *intr.*: se couvrir de nuages; se couvrir, s'obscurcir. -capt, *adj.*: couvert de nuages; s'élevant jusqu'aux nues; extrêmement haut. -compelling, *adj.*: qui amasse des nuages. -ily, *adv.*: avec des nuages; (fig.) obscurément. -iness, *n.*: état nuageux, *m.*; (fig.) tristesse, *f.* -less, *adj.*: sans nuage. -y, *adj.*: nébuleux; ténébreux, sombre.

1.clôut, *n.*: torchon; chiffon, *m.*; (thump) tape, *f.*; (nail) clou à tête plate, *m.*; pièce pour raccommoder, *f.*: — for children, lange, *m.*; couche, †Fr.: braie, *f.* 2.clout, *tr.*: rapetasser; taper; garnir, de clous. †-erly, *adj.*: grossier; épais.

clôve, *n.*: clou de girofle, *m.*: — of garlic, gousse d'ail, *f.* -bark, *n.*: cannelé giroflée, *f.*

clôven, *adj.*: fendu; fourchu. -foot-

ed, -hoofed, *adj.*: qui a le pied fendu, fourchu.

clôver, *n.*: trèfle, *m.*: in —, dans l'abondance; à gogo. -ed, *adj.*: couvert de trèfle.

clôve-stalk, *n.*: griffe de giroflée, *f.*

clôwn, *n.*: bouffon, paillassé; manant, *m.* -ish, *adj.*: de paysan; rustre, grossier. -ishly, *adv.*: en manant. -nishness, *n.*: rusticité; gaucherie; grossièreté, *f.*

clôy, *tr.*: rassasier; affadir -less, *adj.*: qui ne rassasie pas. -ment, *n.*: affadissement, *m.*

1.clüb, *n.*: massue; (assembly) réunion, *f.*, cercle, club, *m.*; cotisation, *f.*; (at cards) trèfle, *m.* 2.club, *tr.*: cotiser, réunir; renverser; *intr.*: se réunir, se cotiser. -foot, *n.*: pied bot, *m.* -headed, *adj.*: à grosse tête, stupide, bête. -law, *n.*: loi du plus fort, *f.*

clück, *intr.*: (of the hen) glousser; *tr.*: (of the hen) appeler.

clæ = clew.

1.clûmp, *n.*: gros bloc; (fig.) groupe, *m.*: — of trees, groupe d'arbres, *m.* 2.clump, *tr.*: arranger en bloc, grouper.

clûm-sily, *adv.*: gauchement, maladroitement; grossièrement. -siness, *n.*: gaucherie, maladresse, *f.* -sy, *adj.*: grossier; gauche; maladroit, rude.

1.clûster, *n.*: grappe, *f.*; groupe; amas, *m.* 2.cluster, *intr.*: croître en grappes; s'amasser; se grouper; *tr.*: réunir en grappe; amasser. -y, *adj.*: en grappe.

1.clûth, *n.*: griffe, *f.* 2.clutch, *tr.*: saisir, empoigner, serrer.

1.clütter, *n.*: amas confus, vacarme, *m.* 2.clutter, *tr.*: remplir en confusion, sans ordre.

1.côach, *n.*: voiture, *f.*; carrosse, *m.*; (nav.) chambre de conseil, *f.* 2.coach, *tr.*: voiturier; *intr.*: aller en voiture.

-box, *n.*: siège du cocher, *m.* -hire, *n.*: prix de louage d'une voiture, *m.*

-maker, *n.*: carrossier, *m.* -man, *n.*: cocher, *m.* -office, *n.*: bureau de voitures, bureau de la diligence, *m.*: be left at the —, bureau restant. -stand, *n.*: place de fiacres, *f.*

†coac-t, *intr.*: agir de concert. -tion, *n.*: coaction, *f.* -tive, *adj.*: coactif. -tively, *adv.*: d'une manière coactive.

coadjument, *n.*: assistance mutuelle, *f.* coadjutant, *adj.*: qui aide.

coadjutor, *n.*: coadjuteur, adjoint, collègue, *m.*

coadvënturer, *n.*: compagnon d'aventure, *m.*

coagent, *n.*: coopérateur, *m.*

coagu-lable, *adj.*: qui se coagule. -late, *tr. and intr.*: coaguler; se coaguler.

-lâtton, *n.*: coagulation, *f.* **-lative**, *adj.*: coagulant.

côal, *n.*: charbon de terre, *m.*; houille, *f.*: *carry* — *s* to Newcastle, porter de l'eau à la rivière. **-bod**, *n.*: couche de houille, *f.* **-black**, *adj.*: noir comme du charbon. **-box**, *n.*: boîte à charbon de terre. **-cinders**, *n. pl.*: escarbille, *f. sing.* **-drawing**, *n.*: extraction de la houille, *f.* **-dross**, *n.*: poussier de charbon, *fraisil*, *m.* **-ery**, *n.*: houillère, *f.* **coalès-ce**, *intr.*: s'unir, se confondre. **-cenee**, *n.*: union, coalition.

coal-field, *n.*: terrain houiller, *m.* **-heaver**, *n.*: chauffeur; porteur de charbon de terre, *m.* **-hole**, *n.*: (nav.) charbonnier, *m.* **-hood**, *n.*: (orn.) bouvreuil, *m.*

coalition, *n.*: coalition, *f.*

coal-master, *n.*: exploitant de houillère, *m.* **-measure**, *n.*: (min.) gisement houiller, *m.*; formation houillère, *f.* **-merchant**, *n.*: marchand de charbon de terre, *m.* **-mine**, *n.*: mine de houille, *f.* **-miner**, *n.*: houilleur, *m.* **-scuttle**, *n.*: seau, panier, *m.*, boîte, *f.*, à charbon. **-stone**, *n.*: anthracite, *m.* **-wharf**, *n.*: dépôt de houille, *m.* **-whipper**, *n.*: déchargeur de houille, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: houillère, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: houilleux.

coaptation, *n.*: adaptation, *f.*; arrangement, *m.*; (surg.) coaptation, *f.*

côarse, *adj.*: gros, grossier. **-ly**, *adv.*: grossièrement. **-ness**, *n.*: grossièreté, *f.*

1.coast, *côte*, *plage*, *f.*; rivage, littoral, *m.* **2.coast**, *intr.*: suivre la côte; caboter, ranger la côte; *tr.*: côtoyer. **-er**, *n.*: cabotier, *m.* **-guard**, *n.*: garde-côte, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: cabotage, *m.*

1.côat, *n.*: habit, *m.*; (mas., paint.) couche; (of serpents) peau; (of some animals) robe, *f.*; (her.) écusson, *m.*, cotte, *f.*; (anat.) paroi, *m.*; (nav.) braie, *f.*, suif, *m.* **2.coat**, *tr.*: habiller; revêtir; enduire. **-ing**, *n.*: étoffe pour habits, *f.*; revêtement, enduit, *m.*; couche, *f.*

côax, *tr.*: amadouer, cajoler, enjôler. **-er**, *n.*: cajoleur, enjôleur, amadoueur, *m.*

côb, *n.*: pince-maille, *m.*; (of maize) balle; (for feeding fowls) boulette; (orn.) mouette, *f.*; (man.) petit cheval entier.

côbalt, *n.*: cobalt, *m.*

1.côbble, *n.*: (stone) galet, rognon, *m.*; *pl.* (coals) gailllette, houille de moyenne grosseur, *f.*

2.côbbl-e, *tr.*: saveter, raccommoder. **-er**, *n.*: savetier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: raccommodage, ouvrage de savatier, *m.*

côbweb, *n.*: toile d'araignée, *f.*

côchinea, *n.*: cochenille, *f.*

côchle-a, *n.*: (anat.) limaçon de l'oreille,

m.; vis, *f.* **-ariform -ô-, -ary**, *adj.*: en forme de vis; en spirale.

1.côck, *n.*: coq; (of small birds) mâle; girouette (en forme de coq), *f.*; chant du coq; (tap) robinet; (of dials) style, *m.*; (of a balance) aiguille: — and bull story, coq-à-l'âne, conte extravagant, *m.*

2.côck, *tr.*: retrousser, dresser, mettre (un chapeau sur l'oreille). **3.cock**, *n.*: retroussis (d'un chapeau); regard oblique, clignement, *m.*

4.côck, *n.*: (of firearms) chien. **5.cock**, *tr.*: armer (une arme à feu).

6.côck, *n.*: (of hay) meule, *f.* **7.cock**, *tr.*: mettre en meule.

8.côck, *n.*: coquet (petit bateau), *m.*

9.†côck, *n.*: (disguised for God) Dieu, *m.*

côckade, *n.*: cocarde, *f.*; signe, emblème, *m.*

côck-a-doodle-doo, *n.*: coquerico, *m.* **côckatpô**, *n.*: kakatoès; cacatois, *m.*

côckatrice, *n.*: cocatrix, *m.*

côckboat, *n.*: petit bateau, coquet, *m.*

côck-brained, *adj.*: étourdi, échevelé.

-chafer, *n.*: hanneton, *m.* **-crow**, *n.*: chant du coq, *m.*

côcked, *adj.*: (of hats) à cornes; (of fire-arms) armé.

†côcker, *tr.*: choyer, dorloter.

côcket, *n.*: acquit de la douane; cachet de la douane, *m.*

côck-eye, *n.*: œil louche, *m.* **-eyed**, *adj.*: louche.

côck-fight, **-fighting**, *n.*: combat de coqs, *m.*; joute de coqs, *f.* **-horse**, *n.*: dada, *m.*

1.côckle, *n.*: (bot.) agrostide; nielle, *f.* **2.cockle**, *n.*: (conch.) bucarde, *m.*, coque, *f.* **3.cockle** [deriv. ?], *tr.* and *intr.*: recoquiller; se recoquiller; (of the sea) moutonner. **-d**, *adj.*: à coquille.

-stairs, *n.*: escalier à vis, *m.*

côck-loft, *n.*: grenier, galetas, *m.*

-match, *n.*: joute de coqs, *f.*

côckney, *n.*: badaud de Londres, *m.*

côckpit, *n.*: arène des combats de coqs, *f.*; (nav.) poste des malades, *m.*

côckroach, *n.*: blatte, *f.*

côcks-comb, *n.*: crête de coq; (bot.) célosie à crête; crête-de-coq, amarante des jardiniers, *f.*; (pers.) fat, freluquet, *m.* **-head**, *n.*: (bot.) centaurea noire, *f.*; plantain, *m.*

côcksure, *adj.*: sûr et certain.

côckswain or **-swain**, *n.*: patron de chaloupe, *m.*

côck-throttled, *adj.*: au cou de cygne.

côcôa, *n.*: coco; cocotier, *m.*; cacao en poudre, cacao, *m.* (see cacao, au lieu duquel cocoa est généralement employé).

-nut, *n.*: coco, *m.*; noix de coco, *f.*

côcôen, *n.*: cocoon, *m.*

cōction, *n.*: coction, *f.*

1. **cōd**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) morue.

2. **cōd**, *n.*: (= *pod*) cosse; (*anat.*) scrotum, *m.*; bourses, *f. pl.*

cōddle, *tr.*: mitonner; dorloter, choyer.

cō-de, *n.*: code, *m.* -**dex**, *n.*: codex, *m.*

cōd-fish, *n.*: morue, *f.*, cabillard, *m.*

-fishery, *n.*: pêche de la morue, *f.*

cōdielle, *n.*: codicille, *m.*

cōdlin, 1. **cōdlin**, *n.*: pomme à cuire; pomme cuite, *f.*

2. **cōd-ling**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) jeune morue, *f.*

-liver, *n.*: foie de morue, *f.* — **oil**,

huile de foie de morue, *f.*

cōd-piecc, *n.*: languette, *f.*

cōēf-ficacy, *n.*: efficacité égale, *f.* -**fi-**

-ciency, *n.*: coopération, *f.* -**fici-**

-ent, *n.*: coefficient, *m.*

cōēption, *n.*: coemption, *f.*

cōēngage, *tr.*: engager conjointement.

cōēnjōy, *tr.*: jouir conjointement de.

cōē-qual, *adj.*: égal, coégal. -**quā-**

-lity, *n.*: égalité, coégalité, *f.*

cōēr-ee, *tr.*: forcer, contraindre. -**eible**,

adj.: qui peut être contraint. -**cion**, *n.*:

coercition, coercion, *f.* -**eive**, *adj.*: co-

ercif, coercitif. -**eively**, *adv.*: par coer-

cition.

cōēssēntial, *adj.*: de la même nature.

cōēssēntial-lity, *n.*: participation à

la même essence, *f.* -**ly**, *adv.*: avec

participation à la même essence.

cōētēr-nal, *adj.*: coéternel. -**nally**,

adv.: de toute éternité. -**nity**, *n.*: co-

éternité, *f.*

cōēval, *adj.*: contemporain, du même

âge.

cōēxist, *intr.*: coexister. -**ence**, *n.*:

coexistence, *f.* -**ent**, -**ing**, *adj.*: co-

existant.

cōffē, *n.*: café, *m.* -**berry**, *n.*: grain

de café, *m.* -**house**, *n.*: café, *m.*

-**plantation**, caféière, *f.* -**pot**, *n.*:

cafétière, *f.* -**room**, *n.*: salon d'hôtel,

m. -**tree**, *n.*: caféier, cafier, *m.*

1. **cōffer**, *n.*: coffre, coffret, *m.*; caisse,

cassette, *f.* 2. **cōffer**, *tr.*: encoffrer.

1. **cōffin**, *n.*: cercueil, *m.*; bière, *f.*

2. **cōffin**, *tr.*: enfermer dans un cercueil.

1. **cōg**, *n.*: dent, *f.*; cran, *m.*: — **wheel**,

roue dentée, *f.* 2. **cōg**, *tr.*: garnir de

dents.

3. **cōg**, *tr.*: cajoler; enjôler; (*dice*) piper;

intr.: cajoler, enjôler.

cō-gēney, *n.*: force, *f.* -**gent**, *adj.*:

puissant, fort. -**gently**, *adv.*: avec

force.

cōgger, *n.*: cajoleur, *m.*, cajoleuse, *f.*

cōgi-tate, *intr.*: penser, réfléchir.

-**tā-tion**, *n.*: réflexion, pensée, méditation,

f. -**tative**, *adj.*: pensif, réfléchi.

cōg-nate, *adj.*: de la même famille; ana-

logue, cognat. -**nā-tion**, *n.*: analogie;

parenté; (*jur.*) cognation, *f.* -**ni-tion**,

n.: connaissance; cognition, *f.* -**ni-tive**,

adj.: cognitif. -**ni-sable**, *adj.*: (*jur.*)

du ressort; de la compétence. -**ni-sance**,

n.: marque, *f.*; insigne, *m.*; connais-

sance; (*jur.*) juridiction, compétence, *f.*

-**ni-sant**, *adj.*: instruit; (*jur.*) com-

pétent. -**ni-sée**, *n.*: (*jur.*) personne à

la requête de laquelle une obligation est

consentie, *f.*; demandeur, *m.* -**ni-sor**,

n.: (*jur.*) auteur d'une obligation; défen-

deur, *m.* -**nō-men**, *n.*: surnom, *m.*

-**nō-minal**, *adj.*: de surnom, homonyme.

cōhābit, *intr.*: cohabiter. -**ā-tion**, *n.*:

cohabitation, habitation avec un autre, *f.*

cōhēir, *n.*: cohéritier, *m.* -**ess**, *n.*:

cohéritière, *f.*

cōhē-re, *intr.*: adhérer; convenir.

-**rence**, -**rency**, *n.*: cohésion, cohérence,

f. -**rent**, *adj.*: conséquent; cohérent,

adhérent. -**rently**, *adv.*: d'une manière

cohérente. -**si-bility**, *n.*: tendance à la

cohésion, *f.* -**si-ble**, *adj.*: susceptible de

cohésion. -**cion**, *n.*: cohésion, *f.* -**sive**,

adj.: qui peut adhérer; gluant. -**sive-**

-ness, *n.*: cohésion, *f.*

cōhort, *n.*: cohorte, *f.*

1. **cōif**, *tr.*: coiffe, calotte, *f.* 2. **cōif**, *n.*:

coiffer.

1. **cōil**, *tr.*: replier, rouler; (*nav.*) gléner,

lever, rouer; *intr.*: se replier. 2. **cōil**,

n.: repli, *m.*; (*nav.*) glène, *f.*

3. **cōil**, *n.*: tumulte, *m.*

1. **cōin**, *n.*: encoignure; (*money*) monnaie;

pièce de monnaie, *f.*; coin, *m.* 2. **cōin**,

tr.: monnayer; forger: — **words**, faire,

forger des mots. -**age**, *n.*: monnayage,

m.; monnaie, *f.*

cō-incide, *intr.*: s'accorder, coïncider.

-**incidence**, -**incideney**, *n.*: coïnci-

dence; rencontre, *f.*; accord, *m.* -**inci-**

-dent, *adj.*: coïncident; d'accord.

cōin-er, *n.*: monnayeur; faux monna-

yeur, *m.* -**ing-press**, *n.*: balancier

monétaire, *m.*

cōit = **quoil**.

cōition, *n.*: coit, *m.*; conjonction, copu-

lation, *f.*

cōke, *n.*: coke, *m.* -**burner**, *n.*: ouvrier

qui veille à la production du coke, *m.*

cōlander, *n.*: passoire, *f.*

cōlchicum, *n.*: colchique, *m.*

1. **cōld**, *adj.*: froid: **be** —, avoir froid;

grow —, se refroidir. 2. **cōld**, *n.*: froid;

(*illness*) rhume, *m.* -**ly**, *adv.*: froide-

ment. -**ness**, *n.*: froid, *m.*; froideur, *f.*

cōle, -**wort**, *n.*: chou, *m.*

coleoptera, *n. pl.*: coléoptères, *m.*

cōlessē, *n.*: (*jur.*) copreneur, *m.*

cōlic, *n.*: colique, *f.*

colisēum = **colosseum**.

1.col-lapse, *intr.*: s'affaisser; tomber ensemble. **2.-lapse**, *n.*: rapprochement; (*med.*) collapsus, *m.* **-lâpsion**, *n.*: affaissement, *m.*

1.collar, *n.*: collier; (*of a shirt*) col; (*of a coat, a dress*) collet, *m.*; (*for ladies*) collarette; (*arch.*) ceinture, *f.* **2.collar**, *tr.*: colleter, saisir, prendre au collet; (*cook.*) rouler; mettre un collier à. **-bone**, *n.*: (*anat.*) clavicule, *f.* **-pin**, *n.*: bouton à clavette, *m.*

collâte, *tr.*: collationner; conférer; comparer.

1.collâteral, *n.*: (*jur.*) collatéral, *m.* **2.collateral**, *adj.*: collatéral; côte à côte; indirect. **-ly**, *adv.*: en ligne collatérale; indirectement, côte à côte.

collât-ion, *n.*: collation; comparaison, *f.* **-tor**, *n.*: celui qui compare; collateur, *m.*

1.côl-league, *n.*: collègue, *m.* **2.-lēague**, *tr.*: unir.

1.collêc-t, *tr.*: recueillir; ramasser, rassembler: — *one's self*, se recueillir; *intr.*: s'amasser. **2.collec-t**, *n.*: collecte; quête, *f.* **-tâneous**, *adj.*: recueilli, amassé. **-ted**, *adj.*: réuni; calme, tranquille. **-tion**, *n.*: assemblage, rassemblement, *m.*; collection; collecte, quête, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: collectif. **-tively**, *adv.*: collectivement. **-tor**, *n.*: personne qui fait une collection, *f.*; (*of taxes*) percepteur; compilateur, *m.*

côll-ège, *n.*: collège, *m.*: — *of physicians*, faculté de médecine, *f.* **-égial**, *adj.*: collégial. **-égian**, *n.*: collégien, *m.* **-égiâte**, *adj.*: contenant un collège; de collège; collégial.

côllet, *n.*: (*tech.*) collet, *m.*

côllier, *n.*: houilleur; (*nav.*) charbonnier, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: houillère, *f.*

†côlligate, *tr.*: lier ensemble.

†côlli-quâte, *tr. and intr.*: fondre; se fondre; se dissoudre. **-quât-ion**, *n.*: fusion, liquéfaction, *f.*

colliquefact-ion, *n.*: liquéfaction simultanée de plusieurs substances, *f.*

collig-ion, *n.*: collision, *f.*; choc, *m.*

côllo-cate, *tr.*: placer; (*jur.*) colloquer. **-cât-ion**, *n.*: placement, *m.*; place, *f.*

†collocûtion, *n.*: conversation, conférence, *f.*

côllop, *n.*: tranche de viande, *f.*

collôquial, *adj.*: dialogué, de conversation, familier. **-ism**, *n.*: forme familière, *f.*

côlloquy, *n.*: colloque, entretien, *m.*

collâ-de, *intr.*: †colluder. **-sion**, *n.*: collusion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: collusoire. **-sively**, *adv.*: collusoirement.

1.côlly, *n.*: suie, *f.* **2.colly**, *tr.*: noircir, barbouiller avec de la suie.

collÿrium, *n.*: collyre, *m.*

côlœcynth, *n.*: (*bot.*) coloquinte, *f.*

côlon, *n.*: (*anat.*) colon, *m.*; (*gram.*) deux points, *m. pl.*

colonel kûrnel, *n.*: colonel, *m.* **-ey**, **-ship**, *n.*: grade de colonel, *m.*

cô-loner, *n.*: colon, *m.* **-lônial**, *adj.*: colonial. **-lonisât-ion**, *n.*: colonisation, *f.*

-lonise, *tr.*: coloniser. **-lonist**, *n.*: colon, *m.*

colonnâde, *n.*: colonnade, *f.*

côlony, *n.*: colonie, *f.*

côlôphony, *n.*: colophane, *f.*

coloquintida, *n.*: coloquinte, *f.*

1.côlo(u)r, *n.*: couleur; (*fig.*) ombre, apparence, *f.*; (*house-painting*) badigeon, *m.*: (*milit.*) — *s*, drapeau, *m.*; (*nav.*) pavillon, *m.* **2.côlor**, *tr.*: colorer; colorier; enluminer; badigeonner; nuancer; *intr.*: (*of persons*) rougir; (*of things*) se colorer. **-able**, *adj.*: plausible. **†-ate**, *adj.*: coloré; teint. **-ed**, *adj.*: coloré, colorié, enluminé; nuancé.

-ing, *n.*: coloris, *m.*; couleur, *f.*; badigeonnage, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: coloriste, *m.*

-less, *adj.*: sans couleur.

côlôs-sal, *adj.*: colossal. **-sêum**, *n.*: Colisée, *m.* **-sus** (*pl. -si or -suses*), *n.*: colosse, *m.*

colour, etc. = *color*, etc.

côlt, *n.*: poulain, *m.*: — *s-foot*, *n.*: pas-d'âne, *m.*; — *s-tooth*, *n.*: dent imparfaite ou surperline chez le cheval, *f.*; (*fig.*) amour des plaisirs de la jeunesse, *m.*

1.côlumbine, *adj.*: de pigeon; gorge-de-pigeon. **2.columbine**, *n.*: (*theat.*) Colombine; (*bot.*) colombine, églantine, *f.*

cô-lum-n, *n.*: colonne, *f.* **-lûmnar**, *adj.*: en colonne.

colûre, *n.*: colure, *m.*

cô-ma, *n.*: (*med.*) coma, assoupissement, *m.*; (*astron.*) chevelure, *f.* **1.-mate**, *adj.*: chevelu.

2.cômâte, *n.*: compagnon, camarade, *m.* **côma-tose**, *adj.*: comateux.

1.cômb, *n.*: peigne, *m.*; (*of a cock*) crête, *f.*; (*of honey*) rayon, *m.* **2.comb**, *tr.*: peigner; (*a horse*) étriller.

1.cômbat, *n.*: combat, *m.* **2.combat**, *tr. and intr.*: combattre. **-ant**, *n.*: combattant, *m.* **-ive**, *adj.*: porté à combattre.

cômb-er, *n.*: peigneur, *m.*

com-binâtion, *n.*: combinaison; union; association, cabale, ligue, *f.* **-bine**, *tr.*: combiner; réunir; *intr.*: se combiner, se réunir, se coaliser, se liguier.

cômb-less, *adj.*: sans crête. **-maker**, *n.*: peignier, *m.*

combûs-tible, *adj.*: combustible. **-tible-ness**, *n.*: combustibilité, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: combustion; conflagration, *f.*; (*fig.*) tumulte, désordre, *m.*

côme (pret. *came*, part. *come*), *intr.*: venir: — *after*, venir après; suivre; venir chercher; — *again*, venir de nouveau; revenir; — *away*, partir; venir; — *back*, revenir; — *by*, venir par; passer par; entrer en possession de; — *down*, descendre; — *for*, venir pour; venir chercher; — *forward*, s'avancer; se présenter; — *in*, entrer; arriver; (*of the tide*) monter; — *in again*, rentrer; — *off*, se détacher, s'enlever; se dégager de; — *out*, sortir; se déclarer; (*of the hair*) tomber; (*of the stars*) se montrer, paraître; (*of stains*) s'effacer, disparaître; — *out again*, ressortir; — *out with*, lâcher; livrer; — *round*, venir; arriver; (*of health*) se remettre, se rétablir; — *to*, se remettre, recouvrer ses sens; — *together*, venir ensemble; se réunir; — *up*, monter, s'élever; — *up with*, atteindre.

co-médian, *n.*: comédien, *m.*, comédienne, *f.*; comique, *m.* **-médienne** (as in Fr.), *n.*: comédienne, *f.* **-médietta**, *n.*: petite comédie, *f.* **cô-medy**, *n.*: comédie, *f.*

cô-meliness, *n.*: beauté, *f.*; agréments, *m. pl.* 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: avenant; beau; bien-séant. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec convenance.

cômer, *n.*: venant; venu, *m.*, venue, *f.*

cômet, *n.*: comète, *f.*

cô-metary, **-métique**, *adj.*: cométaire.

cômfît, *n.*: dragée, *f.*

1. **cômfort**, *n.*: aisance, aise, *f.*; bien-être; agrément; soulagement, *m.*; consolation, *f.* 2. **comfort**, *tr.*: conforter; soulager; consoler; encourager. **-able**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) à son aise; rassis, posé; (*of things*) agréable, bon, confortable. **-ably**, *adv.*: à son aise, agréablement, avec aisance, confortablement. **-er**, *n.*: consolateur, *m.*, consolatrice, *f.*; (*kerchief*) cache-nez de laine, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans agrément; sans consolation; désolé, triste.

cômfrey, *n.*: (*bot.*) consoude, grande consoude, *f.*

cômio, **-al**, *adj.*: comique, drôle. **-ally**, *adv.*: comiquement. **-alness**, *n.*: caractère comique, *m.*

1. **cômîng**, *n.*: venue; arrivée, *f.* 2. **comîng**, *adj.*: qui arrive, qui vient; arrivant: — *in*, revenu, *m.*

cômma, *n.*: virgule, *f.*; (*mus.*) comma, *m.* 1. **command**, *tr.*: commander; avoir à sa disposition; posséder; *intr.*: commander, avoir le pouvoir. 2. **command**, *n.*: commandement; pouvoir, *m.* **cômmandant** **-ant**, *n.*: commandant, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: commandant; commandeur, *m.* **-îng**, *adj.*: commandant; imposant. **-îngly**, *adv.*: d'une manière imposante. **-ment**, *n.*: commandement, *m.*

commatériau, *adj.*: de la même matière.

commémorable, *adj.*: notable, mémorable. **-râte**, *tr.*: célébrer, solenniser; commémorer. **-râtion**, *n.*: souvenir, *m.*; commémoration; solennisation, *f.* **-rative**, **-ratory**, *adj.*: commémoratif.

commênee, *tr.*: commencer; débiter comme; *intr.*: commencer. **-ment**, *n.*: commencement, début, *m.*

commênd, *tr.*: louer; recommander; commettre. **-able**, *adj.*: louable; recommandable. **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière louable. **-am**, *n.*: (*eccl.*) commende, *f.*; bénéfice par intérim, *m.* **-atary**, *n.*: ecclésiastique commendataire, *m.* **-âtion**, *n.*: éloge, *m.*; louange, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: de recommandation; d'éloges; commendataire. **-er**, *n.*: panégyriste, *m.*

com-mensurability, *n.*: commensurabilité, *f.* **-mênsurable**, *adj.*: commensurable. 1. **mênsurate**, *adj.*: réductible à une mesure commune; proportionné, égal; (*of measure, of space*) commensurable. 2. **mensurate**, *tr.*: réduire à une mesure commune; proportionner; mesurer. **-mênsurately**, *adv.*: proportionnellement.

1. **cômment**, *intr.*: commenter. 2. **comment**, *n.*: commentaire, *m.* **-ary**, *n.*: commentaire, *m.* **-ator**, *n.*: commentateur, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: annotateur, *m.* **-itions**, *adj.*: d'interprétation.

1. **côm-merce**, *n.*: commerce; échange, *m.* 2. **î-merce**, *intr.*: entretenir des rapports, un commerce, des liaisons. **-mêrcial**, *adj.*: commercial, commerçant. **-mêrcially**, *adv.*: commercialement.

côm-migrâte, *intr.*: émigrer avec un autre.

com-mînation, *n.*: menace; (*rhet.*) commination, *f.* **-mînatory**, *adj.*: comminatoire, menaçant.

commîngle, *tr.*: mêler ensemble; mêler; *intr.*: se mêler ensemble; se mêler.

côm-mî-nûte, *tr.*: réduire en petits fragments. **-nûtion**, *n.*: comminution, *f.*

commîse-rable, *adj.*: digne de commisération. **-râte**, *tr.*: avoir de la commisération pour; plaindre, avoir compassion. **-râtion**, *n.*: commisération, *f.* **-rator**, *n.*: personne qui a de la commisération, *f.*

commîssâ-riâl, *adj.*: de commissaire. **-riat**, *n.*: commissariat, *m.*; commissaires des vivres, *m. pl.*

côm-mîssary, *n.*: commissaire, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: commissariat, *m.*

1. **com-mîssîon**, *n.*: commission, *f.*; (*milit.*) brevet; (*jur.*) mandat, *m.*: — *of a crime*, perpétration d'un crime, *f.* 2. **com-mîssîon**, *tr.*: charger, commis-

sionner, autoriser. **-er**, n.: commissaire, commissionnaire, m.

cômissure, n.: (anat.) commissure, f.

commît, tr.: commettre; livrer, entraîner; mettre; envoyer en prison: — *one's self*, se commettre; se compromettre. **-ment**, n.: perpétration, f.; emprisonnement; mandat de dépôt, m.

commîttee, n.: comité, m.; (in parliament) commission, f.

committier, n.: auteur, m.

commô-de, n.: ancienne coiffure de femme; commode, f.; buffet à étagère, m. **-dious**, adj.: commode; utile. **-diously**, adv.: commodément; utilement. **-diousness**, n.: commodité, f.; avantage, m.

commôdity, n.: commodité; marchandise, denrée, f.; profit; avantage, m.

cômmodore, n.: commodore; bâtiment convoyeur, m.

1. cômmon, adj.: commun; ordinaire; vulgaire; simple: — *people*, menu peuple; — *soldier*, simple soldat. **2. cômmon**, n.: commune, f.; communal, m.; (jur.) vaine pâture, f. **3. cômmon**, intr.: vivre en commun. **-able**, adj.: du domaine public; pour lequel le droit de vaine pâture est admis. **-age**, n.: droit d'envoyer paître dans les communaux; usage; droit d'usage, m. **-alty**, n.: bourgeoisie, f. **-er**, n.: membre de la Chambre des Communes; bourgeois; roturier, m.; personne qui jouit du droit d'usage, du droit de vaine pâture, f. **-ly**, adv.: ordinairement. **-ness**, n.: participation; généralité, fréquence, f. **1. -place**, adj.: banal. **2. -place**, n.: lieu commun; résumé, m.; note, f. **3. -place**, tr.: résumer, rendre en peu de mots. **-s**, n.: ordinaire, m.; table, nourriture en commun, f.; Chambre des Communes; bourgeoisie, f. **-weal**, n.: bien public, m. **-wealth**, n.: chose publique, république, f.; état, gouvernement, m.

commôtion, n.: commotion, f.

commû-ne, intr.: conférer, parler; converser. **-nicable**, adj.: communicable; qu'on peut communiquer. **-niant**, n.: communicant, m., communicante, f. **-nicate**, tr.: communiquer, faire connaître; intr.: communiquer; se communiquer; communier; correspondre. **-nication**, n.: communication, f. **-nivative**, adj.: communicatif. **-nicativeness**, n.: caractère communicatif, m. **-nion**, n.: communion, f.; commerce, m.; relations, f. pl. **-nion-cup**, n.: calice, m. **-nion-service**, n.: office du saint sacrement, m. **-nity**, n.: communauté, f.

com-mutability, n.: qualité de ce qui peut être échangé, f. **-mûtable**, adj.:

qui peut être échangé; (jur.) commuable.

-mutâtion, n.: commutation, f.; échange, m. **-mûtative**, adj.: commutatif. **-mûte**, intr.: commuer, changer.

commûtual, adj.: mutuel, réciproque.

1. com-pâct, adj.: compact; serré; lié; uni. **2. com-pâct**, tr.: rendre compact; unir. **3. com-pâct**, n.: pacte; contrat, m.; convention, f. **-ly**, adv.: d'une manière serrée; brièvement. **-ness**, n.: caractère compact, m.; compacité, f.

compânion, n.: compagnon, m., compagne, f.; camarade, m., f.; (to a lady) dame de compagnie, demoiselle de compagnie, f. **-able**, adj.: sociable; d'un commerce facile. **-ably**, adv.: sociablement. **-ship**, n.: camaraderie; société, f.

cômpany, n.: compagnie; société, f.; monde, m.; (of actors) troupe, f.; (nav.) équipage, m.: *we have — to-day*, nous avons du monde aujourd'hui.

côm-parable, adj.: comparable. **-parâtes**, n.: (log.) objets comparés, m. pl.

1. -pârative, adj.: comparatif; du comparatif. **2. -parative**, n.: comparatif, m. **-pâratively**, adv.: comparative-ment. **-pâre**, tr.: comparer; confronter. **-pârison**, n.: comparaison, f.

compâr-timent, n.: compartiment, m., division, f. **-tition**, n.: répartition, f. **-tment**, n.: subdivision d'un bâtiment; partie d'un terrain, d'un dessin, f.

1. cômpass, n.: enceinte, f.; cercle, m.; (fig.) sphère, étendue, f.; (nav.) compas de route, m., boussole, f. **2. compass**, tr.: faire le tour de; environner; assiéger; venir à bout de. **-es**, n. pl., compas, m. sing.

compâssion, n.: compassion, f. **1. -ate**, adj.: compassant. **2. -ate**, tr.: compatir à; avoir pitié de. **-ately**, adv.: avec pitié.

compâtérnity, n.: compéage, m.

com-patibility, n.: compatibilité, f. **-pâtible**, adj.: compatible. **-pâtible-ness**, n.: compatibilité, f. **-pâtibly**, adv.: d'une manière compatible.

compâtriot, n.: compatriote, m., f.

1. compêr, n.: compagnon, m., compagne, f.; confrère, m. **2. compeer**, tr.: égaler; aller de pair avec.

compêl, tr.: contraindre; forcer; obliger. **-lable**, adj.: contraignable; qu'on peut forcer. **-lably**, adv.: par force. **-lâtion**, n.: apostrophe; invocation, f. **-ler**, n.: personne qui contraint, f.

côm-pend, n.: abrégé, épitomé, m. **-pëndious**, adj.: raccourci, abrégé, en raccourci, compendieusement. **-pëndiousness**, n.: brièveté, concision, f. **-pëndium**, n.: compendium, abrégé, précis, m.

com-pensate, *tr.*: compenser; dédommager; *intr.*: se compenser. **-pensation**, *n.*: compensation, *f.* **-pensive**, **-pensatory**, *adj.*: compensatoire. **compète**, *intr.*: concourir; rivaliser. **compé-tenec**, **-teney**, *n.*: capacité, aptitude; (*jur.*) compétence; (*fortune*) aisance, *f.* **-tent**, *adj.*: compétent; raisonnable; suffisant; convenable. **-tently**, *adv.*: convenablement; suffisamment; raisonnablement. **com-pétition**, *n.*: concurrence, *f.*; concours, *m.* **-pétitor**, *n.*: compétiteur; concurrent, *m.* **com-pilation**, *n.*: compilation, *f.* **-pile**, *tr.*: compiler. **-piler**, *n.*: compilateur, *m.* **com-pla-cence**, **-cency**, *n.*: plaisir, *m.*; satisfaction; complaisance, *f.* **-cent**, *adj.*: de complaisance. **-cently**, *adv.*: avec complaisance. **complâin**, *intr.*: se plaindre. **-ant** or **-er**, *n.*: plaignant, *m.*, plaignante, *f.*; personne qui se plaint, *f.* **-t**, *n.*: plainte; (*illness*) maladie, *f.* **com-plai-sance**, *n.*: complaisance, politesse, *f.* **-sant**, *adj.*: complaisant. **-santly**, *adv.*: complaisamment. **com-ple-ment**, *n.*: complément, *m.* **-mental**, *adj.*: complémentaire. **1.complé-te**, *adj.*: complet, achevé; accompli. **2.-te**, *tr.*: compléter, achever; accomplir. **-tely**, *adv.*: complètement. **†-tement**, *n.*: complétement, *m.*; perfection, *f.* **-teness**, *n.*: caractère complet, *m.*; perfection, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: achèvement, accomplissement, *m.*; perfection, *f.* **1.-tory**, *adj.*: qui accomplit. **2.-tory**, *n.*: (*rel.*) complies, *f. pl.* **1.com-plex**, *adj.*: complexe, compliqué. **2.-plex**, *n.*: collection, *f.* **-plexed-ness**, *n.*: complication, *f.* **-plexion**, *n.*: teint, *m.*; couleur, *f.*; (*med.*) tempérament, *m.*; complexion, *f.* **-plexional**, *adj.*: de tempérament. **-plexionally**, *adv.*: par le tempérament. **-plexity**, **-plexness**, *n.*: complexité, *f.* **-plexly**, *adv.*: d'une manière complexe; en général. **com-pli-ance**, *n.*: consentement, *m.*; complaisance; condescendance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: soumis; complaisant. **-antly**, *adv.*: avec complaisance. **1.compli-cate**, *adj.*: compliqué. **2.-cate**, *tr.*: compliquer; unir; embrouiller; composer. **-câtion**, *n.*: complication, *f.* **complier**, *n.*: complaisant, *m.* **1.compli-ment**, *n.*: compliment; présent, cadeau, *m.* **2.-ment**, *tr.*: complimenter; faire présent, faire cadeau. **-mental**, *adj.*: de compliments. **-mentally**, *adv.*: avec des compliments. **-mentary**, *adj.*: complimenter; flatteur. **-menter**, *n.*: complimenter, *m.*, complimenteuse, *f.*

cömplin(e), *n.*: complies, *f. pl.* **1.cöm-plot**, *n.*: complot, *m.* **-plöt**, *intr.*: comploter, conspirer. **comply**, *intr.*: acquiescer; se soumettre; se conformer; s'accommoder, se plier; se rendre, adhérer. **1.compö-nent**, *adj.*: constituant. **2.-nent**, *n.*: composé; constituant, *m.* **1.compört**, *intr.*: s'accorder; convenir: — *with*, supporter; *tr.*: souffrir, endurer: — *one's self*, se comporter. **2.†cömpert**, *n.*: conduite; manière d'agir, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: conséquent. **†-ment**, *n.*: conduite, *f.* **cömpös mëntis**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) sain d'esprit. **com-pöse**, *tr.*: composer; écrire; calmer; apaiser: — *one's self*, se calmer, se remettre. **-pösed**, *adj.*: tranquille, apaisé. **-pösedly**, *adv.*: tranquillement, avec calme. **-pösedness**, *n.*: calme, *m.*; tranquillité, *f.* **-pöser**, *n.*: personne qui calme, *f.*; auteur; compositeur, *m.* **-pösing**, *adj.*: (*pharm.*) calmant; (*print.*) à composer. **-pösing-stick**, *n.*: (*print.*) compositeur, *m.* **cöm-posite**, *adj.*: composite; compose. **-position**, *n.*: composition, *f.*; (*com.*) attermolement, attermolement; arrangement, *m.*; (*jur.*) transaction, *f.* **-pösitor**, *n.*: compositeur, *m.* **cöm-pest**, *n.*: compost, engrais, *m.* **2.-post**, *tr.*: composer. **-pösture**, *n.*: compost, engrais, *m.* **compösure**, *n.*: calme, *m.*; tranquillité; composition, *f.* **compötätion**, *n.*: libation, *f.* **1.cö'm-pöund**, *n.*: composé, *m.* **2.-pound**, *adj.*: composé. **-pöund**, *tr.*: composer; entrer en composition pour, venir à composition pour; mêler; *intr.*: s'arranger; entrer en arrangement; venir à composition. **-pöundable**, *adj.*: qui peut être composé. **-pöunder**, *n.*: personne qui mélange, *f.*; auteur de transactions; arbitre, entremetteur, *m.* **comprehön-d**, *tr.*: comprendre; renfermer. **-sible**, *adj.*: compréhensible; saisissable. **-sibly**, *adv.*: intelligiblement. **-stion**, *n.*: action de comprendre; compréhension, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: étendu, vaste; compréhensif. **-sively**, *adv.*: avec une grande étendue. **-siveness**, *n.*: étendue, (*of ideas*) richesse, (*philos.*) compréhensivité, *f.* **1.compress**, *tr.*: resserrer, comprimer. **2.cömpress**, *n.*: presse, *f.* **-ibility**, *n.*: compressibilité, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: compressible. **-ion-shun**, *n.*: compression; concision, *f.*; refoulement, *m.* **-ive**, *adj.*: compressif. **com-prisal**, *n.*: chose qui comprend, qui renferme, *f.* **-prise**, *tr.*: contenir, renfermer, comprendre.

1. **compromi-se**, *n.*: compromis, *m.*; transaction, *f.* 2. **-se**, *tr.*: arranger, compromettre; transiger. **-ser**, *n.*: personne qui fait un compromis, *f.*

comptrol, etc., see *control*.

compul-satively, *adv.*: par force, par contrainte. **-satory**, *adj.*: impératif, forcé, obligatoire. **-sion**, *n.*: contrainte, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: par contrainte, forcé, obligatoire. **-sively**, *adv.*: par force. **-siveness**, *n.*: contrainte, *f.* **-sorily**, *adv.*: par force. **-sory**, *adj.*: obligatoire.

compun-ction, *n.*: componction, *f.*; vif remords, *m.* **-tions**, *adj.*: de remords cuisant. **-tive**, *adj.*: qui donne du remords.

compu-table, *adj.*: qui peut être compté, compté, supputé. **-tation**, *n.*: supputation, *f.*; compte, calcul, *m.* **-te**, *tr.*: calculer; supputer; compter. **-ter**, *n.*: calculateur, *m.*

comrade, *n.*: camarade, *m.*

1. **côn**, *n.*: contre, *m.* 2. **côn**, *tr.*: savoir; répéter; repasser, relire.

conatus, *n.*: (*phys.*) tendance d'un corps en mouvement vers un point donné, *f.*; effort, *m.*

concâmer-ate, *tr.*: voûter. **-ation**, *n.*: voûte, arche, *f.*

concoate-nate, *tr.*: enchaîner, lier. **-nation**, *n.*: enchaînement, *m.*; (*rhet.*) concaténation, *f.*

1. **côn-cave**, *adj.*: concave; creux. 2. **-cave**, *n.*: cavité, *f.*, creux, *m.* **-cave-ness**, **-cavity**, *n.*: concavité, *f.* **-cavo-côncave**, *adj.*: concavo-concave. **-cavo-cônvex**, *adj.*: concavo-convexe.

conceal, *tr.*: cacher (*from*, à); celer; taire. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être caché. **-edness**, *n.*: secret, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: receleur; (*jur.*) non-révéléateur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: action de cacher, *f.*; abri, *m.*; retraite, *f.*; (*jur.*) recèlement, *m.*

concede, *tr.*: concéder; *intr.*: faire des concessions.

1. **conceit**, *n.*: imagination, vaine imagination; idée plaisante; suffisance, *f.* 2. **conceit**, *tr.*: s'imaginer, se figurer. **-ed**, *adj.*: suffisant; vain. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec suffisance; avec vanité. **-edness**, *n.*: vanité, suffisance, *f.*

conceiv-able, *adj.*: concevable. **-vableness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est concevable, *f.* **-vably**, *adv.*: d'une manière concevable. **-ve**, *tr.*: concevoir; imaginer; croire; *intr.*: concevoir.

†concent, *n.*: harmonie, *f.*

concen-trate, *tr.*: concentrer; *intr.*: se concentrer; concentrer. **-tration**, *n.*: concentration, *f.* **-tre**, *tr.*: concentrer; réunir en un centre; *intr.*: se

concentrer. **-trio(al)**, *adj.*: concentrique.

†concep-tible, *adj.*: concevable. **-tion**, *n.*: conception; idée, notion, *f.*; projet, dessein, *m.* **†tious**, *adj.*: fécond; enceinte; (*animal*) pleine.

1. **concern**, *tr.*: concerner, regarder; intéresser; inquiéter: — *one's self about*, s'intéresser à; s'occuper de; s'inquiéter de. 2. **concern**, *n.*: affaire, *f.*; intérêt; soin, souci, chagrin, *m.* **-edly**, *adv.*: avec intérêt, avec empressement. **-ing**, *prep.*: touchant, concernant. **-ment**, *n.*: intérêt, *m.*; affaire; influence; émotion, *f.*

1. **conçert**, *tr. and intr.*: concerter; ajuster; composer; se concerter. 2. **côn-cert**, *n.*: concert; (*fig.*) unisson, *m.* **†-ation**, *n.*: dispute, *f.*; débat, *m.* **-o**, *n.*: (*mus.*) concerto, *m.*

con-cession, *n.*: concession, *f.*; aveu, *m.* **-cessionary**, *adj.*: par concession. **-censive**, *adj.*: qui implique concession. **-censively**, *adv.*: par concession.

cônch, *n.*: conque; coquille, *f.* **-a**, *n.*: (*anat.*) conque, *f.* **-iferous**, *adj.*: conchifère. **-ite**, *n.*: conchite, *f.* **-oid**, *n.*: (*geom.*) conchoïde, *f.* **-ologist**, *n.*: conchyliologue, *m.* **-ology**, *n.*: conchyliologie, *f.* **-ylions**, *adj.*: de coquillage.

†concill-able, *adj.*: conciliatoire. **-ate**, *tr.*: concilier. **-ation**, *n.*: conciliation, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: conciliateur, *m.*, conciliatrice, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: conciliant, conciliaire.

conclise, *adj.*: concis. **-cisely**, *adv.*: avec concision. **-ciseness**, *n.*: concision, *f.* **-cigion**, *n.*: coupure; circoncision, *f.*

cônclave, *n.*: conclave, *m.*; assemblée, *f.* **conclû-de**, *tr.*: conclure; terminer, finir; considérer comme; *intr.*: conclure; se terminer, finir. **†-dent**, *adj.*: concluant. **-der**, *n.*: personne qui conclut, *f.* **-ding**, *adj.*: final, dernier. **-sion**, *n.*: conclusion; fin, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: concluant, final, décisif, conclusif. **-sively**, *adv.*: d'une manière concluyente, décisive. **-siveness**, *n.*: caractère concluant, *m.*

concoagu-late, *tr.*: coaguler ensemble. **-lâtion**, *n.*: coagulation de différents corps en une seule masse, *f.*

concô-t, *tr.*: digérer; mûrir. **-tion**, *n.*: coction, concoction; élaboration, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: concocteur.

concomi-tance, **-tancy**, *n.*: concomitance, *f.* **-tant**, *adj.*: concomitant, qui accompagne. **-tantly**, *adv.*: par concomitance.

1. **côn-cord** **-ô**, *n.*: concorde; harmonie, *f.*; accord, *m.*; (*mus.*) consonance; (*gram.*) concordance, *f.* 2. **†cô-rd**, *intr.*: s'unir, concorder, s'accorder. **-côrdance**, *n.*:

concordance, *f.*; index de l'Écriture sainte, *m.* -**córdaney**, *n.*: concordance, *f.*; accord, *m.* -**córdant**, *adj.*: d'accord; concordant. -**córdat**, *n.*: concordat, *m.*
†concorporal, *adj.*: du même corps.
concorpo-rate, *intr.*: se réunir en un seul corps. -**râtion**, *n.*: incorporation; réunion en un seul corps, *f.*
côncourse, *n.*: concours, *m.*; affluence; réunion, *f.*
côn-crement, *n.*: concrétion, union, *f.* -**créseence**, *n.*: concrétion, *f.*
1.con-crête, *adj.*: nommé, concret; figé.
2.-crête, *n.*: concret, corps concret; (*max.*) béton, *m.* **3.-crête**, *intr.*: devenir concret; se coaguler; se solidifier; *tr.*: rendre concret; solidifier. -**crétely**, *adv.*: d'une manière concrète. -**crête-ness**, *n.*: état concret, *m.* -**crétion**, *n.*: concrétion, *f.* -**crétive**, *adj.*: coagulant.
concubi-nage, *n.*: concubinage, *m.* -**nal**, *adj.*: de concubinage. -**nârian**, *n.*: concubinaire, *m.* **côncu-bi-ne**, *n.*: concubine, *f.*
concupis-cence, *n.*: concupiscence, *f.* -**cent**, *adj.*: lascif, libidineux. -**eible**, *adj.*: concupiscible.
con-cûr, *intr.*: concorder, s'accorder; concourir.
concuSSION, *n.*: secousse, *f.*; ébranlement, *m.* -**cussive**, *adj.*: qui ébranle.
condem-n, *tr.*: condamner. -**nable**, *adj.*: condamnable. -**nâtion**, *n.*: condamnation, *f.* -**natory**, *adj.*: condamatoire. -**ner**, *n.*: personne qui condamne, *f.*
conden-sable, *adj.*: condensable. -**sâtion**, *n.*: condensation, *f.* -**se**, *tr.*: condenser; *intr.*: se condenser, se resserrer. -**ser**, *n.*: (*phys.*) condensateur; (*mech.*) condenseur, *m.* -**sing**, *n.*: condensation, *f.* -**sing-engine**, *n.*: machine à condenseur, *f.* -**sing-jet**, *n.*: jet d'eau froide, *m.* -**sity**, *n.*: condensation, densité, *f.*
conde-scend, *intr.*: condescendre, daigner; se soumettre. -**scendence**, *f.*
†scendency, *n.*: condescendance, *f.* -**scendingly**, *adv.*: par condescendance. -**scension**, *n.*: condescendance, *f.*; acte de condescendance, *m.*
condign, *adj.*: proportionné; mérité, juste. -**ly**, *adv.*: justement.
condiment, *n.*: assaisonnement, *m.* -**condisciple**, *n.*: condisciple, *m.*
1.condition, *n.*: condition, *f.*; état, *m.* **2.condition**, *intr. and tr.*: faire des conditions, stipuler. **1.-al**, *adj.*: conditionnel. **2.†-al**, *n.*: restriction, *f.*; (*gram.*) conditionnel, *m.* -**ally**, *adv.*: conditionnellement. -**ed**, *adj.*: conditionné; de condition, de rang.

condô-le, *intr. and tr.*: partager la douleur: — *with*, faire ses compliments de condoléance à. -**lement**, *n.*: affliction, *f.* **côn-dolence**, *n.*: condoléance, *f.* -**dôler**, *n.*: personne qui fait des compliments de condoléance, *f.*
côndor, *n.*: condor, *m.*
condû-ce, *intr.*: contribuer; servir; conduire. -**eible**, *adj.*: utile; avantageux; qui contribue. -**eibleness**, *n.*: utilité, *f.* -**eive**, *adj.*: utile; avantageux; propre; qui contribue. -**eiveness**, *n.*: utilité, propriété de conduire, de contribuer, *f.*
1.côn-duct, *n.*: conduite; direction, *f.*; guide, *m.* **2.-duct**, *tr. and intr.*: conduire; diriger. -**ductor**, *n.*: personne qui conduit, *f.*; directeur; guide; (*of an omnibus*) conducteur, *m.* -**ductress**, *n.*: conductrice, *f.* -**duit**, *n.*: conduit, *m.*
côndy-le, *n.*: (*anat.*) condyle, *m.* -**lôma** (*pl. condylomata*), *n.*: condylome, *m.*
cône, *n.*: (*math.*) cône; (*bot.*) cône, strobile, *m.*
côney = *cony*.
confâby-late, *intr.*: confabuler. -**la-tion**, *n.*: confabulation, *f.*
1.con-fect, *tr.*: faire (des bonbons, etc.), préparer. -**fect**, -**fection**, *n.*: confection; confiture, *f.* -**fectioner**, *n.*: confiseur, *m.* -**fectionery**, *n.*: confiserie, *f.*, magasin, *m.*, fabrique, *f.*, de bonbons, *m. pl.*, sucreries, *f. pl.*; bonbons, *m. pl.*, sucreries, *f. pl.*
confède-racy, *n.*: confédération; ligue; (*jur.*) association illégale, *f.* **1.-rate**, *tr.*: confédérer; *intr.*: se confédérer. **2.-rate**, *adj.*: confédéré; de confédéré; ligué, allié. **3.-rate**, *n.*: allié; complice, *m.* -**râtion**, *n.*: fédération, confédération, *f.*
con-fér, *tr.*: conférer; accorder; *intr.*: conférer. **côn-férence**, *n.*: conférence, *f.* -**fèrrer**, *n.*: personne qui confère; personne qui accorde, *f.*
confërva, *n.*: (*bot.*) conferve, *f.*
con-fess, *tr.*: confesser; avouer; reconnaître; *intr.*: se confesser. -**fessedly**, *adv.*: de son aveu; de l'aveu de tout le monde. -**fèsser**, *n.*: confesseur, *m.* -**fession**, *n.*: confession, *f.*, aveu, *m.*: *go to* —, aller à confesse. -**fessional**, *n.*: confessionnal, *m.* -**fèst or fèssed**, *adj.*: reconnu; avoué.
con-fidant, *n.*: confident, *m.* -**fidante**, *n.*: confidente, *f.* -**fide**, *intr.*: se confier; se fier; *tr.*: confier.
confi-dence, *n.*: confiance; confidence; hardiesse, *f.* **1.-dent**, *n.*: confident, *m.*; confidente, *f.* **2.-dent**, *adj.*: confiant; certain; assuré. -**dential**, *adj.*: de confiance; confidentielle. -**dentially**, *adv.*: de confiance; confidentiellement.

-dently, adv.: avec confiance. **-dentness, n.**: hardiesse; confiance, *f.*
configuration, n.: configuration, *f.*
confinable, adj.: que l'on peut limiter.
 1. **-fine, intr.**: confiner à, avec; *tr.*: confiner, enfermer; retenir, limiter, borner.
 2. **confiner, n.**: confin, bord, *m.*; limite, *f.*
-fincless, adj.: illimité. **-finement, n.**: confinement, emprisonnement, *m.*; (milit.) arrêts, *m. pl.*; (*of women*) couches, *f. pl.* **-finer, n.**: personne qui retient, qui limite, *f.*; habitant de la frontière; proche voisin, *m.* **-finity, n.**: proximité; contiguïté, *f.*
confirm, tr.: confirmer; fortifier; assurer. **-able, adj.**: qui peut être confirmé. **-ation, n.**: confirmation, *f.*; affermissement, *m.* **-atory, adj.**: qui confirme; en confirmation. **-ed, adj.**: invétéré, flétri. **-edness, n.**: caractère invétéré, *m.* **-er, n.**: personne qui confirme, *f.* **-ingly, adj.**: d'une manière confirmante; en confirmation, à l'appui.
confiscable, adj.: confiscable. **confiscate, tr.**: confisquer. **-fiscation, n.**: confiscation, *f.* **confiscator, n.**: auteur de confiscation, *m.* **-fiscatory, adj.**: de confiscation.
confiteor, n.: confiteur, *m.*
confiture, n.: confiture, *f.*
confix, tr.: fixer.
conflagrant, adj.: embrasé. **-flagration, n.**: conflagration, *f.*; embrasement; incendie, *m.*
conflation, n.: action de souffler ensemble, *f.*
 1. **conflit, n.**: conflit, *m.*; lutte, *f.* **-flict, intr.**: s'entre-choquer; lutter.
confluence, n.: confluent, *m.*; affluence, *f.*; concours, *m.* **-fluent, adj.**: confluent. **-flux, n.**: affluence, *f.*; concours, *m.*
 1. **conform, adj.**: conforme. 2. **conform, tr.**: conformer; *intr.*: se conformer. **-able, adj.**: conforme. **-ably, adv.**: conformément. **-ation, n.**: conformation; conformité, *f.* **-ist, n.**: conformiste, *m.* **-ity, n.**: conformité, *f.*
confound, tr.: confondre; renverser; embarrasser; rendre confus; troubler. **-ed, part., adj.**: confondu; maudit, vilain. **-edly, adv.**: terriblement, furieusement. **-edness, n.**: confusion, *f.*; embarras, *m.* **-er, n.**: personne qui confond; chose qui confond, *f.*; destructeur, *m.*
confraternity, n.: confrérie, *f.*
confraction, n.: frottement, *m.*
confrier, n.: confrère, membre d'une confrérie, *m.*
confront, tr.: confronter; affronter; attaquer de front. **-ation, n.**: confrontation, *f.*
 1. **con-fuse, adj.**: confus, désordonné.

2. **-fuse, tr.**: mettre la confusion dans; rendre confus, déconcerter; embrouiller; confondre. **-fused, adj.**: confus (mêlé ensemble), désordonné. **-fusedly, adv.**: confusément. **-fusedness, n.**: confusion, *f.* **fusion, n.**: confusion; ruine, *f.*; embarras, *m.*
confutable, adj.: qui peut être réfuté. **-tant, n.**: réfuteur, *m.* **-tation, n.**: réfutation, *f.* **-te, tr.**: réfuter, confuter. **-ter, n.**: réfuteur, *m.*
 1. **congé, as in Fr., or -gē, congé, adieu; salut, m.** 2. **cōnge, intr.**: prendre congé.
congeal, tr.: congeler; *intr.*: se congeler. **-gealable, adj.**: congelable. **-gealment, n.**: congélation, *f.* **-gelation, n.**: congélation, *f.*
cōn-gener, n.: ayant une origine commune. **-gēnerous, adj.**: congénère. **†-gēnerousness, n.**: nature congénère, *f.* **-gēnial, adj.**: de la même nature; sympathique, conforme. **-gēniality, n.**: affinité, conformité, *f.*
congēnital, adj.: naturel; (*med.*) congénital.
cōnger, n.: congre, *m.*; anguille de mer, *f.*
congeries, n. s. and pl.: masse informe, *f.*; amas, *m.*
congēs-t, tr.: amasser, emasser, amonceler. **-tion, n.**: amas, *m.*; (*med.*) congestion, *f.*
 1. **con-globate, adj.**: conglobé; en forme de globe. 2. **-globato, tr.**: former en globe, englober. **†-glōbe, tr. and intr.**: conglober; se conglober. **-glōbulate, intr.**: (*of animals*) se pelotonner; (*of fluids*) se réunir en globules.
 1. **conglōme-rate, adj.**: congloméré. 2. **-rate, tr.**: conglomérer. **-rātion, n.**: conglomération, *f.*
conglūti-nate, tr.: congutiner. **-nate, intr.**: s'unir par conglutination. **-nātion, n.**: conglutination; fusion, *f.* **-tinative, adj.**: conglutinatif.
congrātu-late, tr.: féliciter, complimenter. **-lātion, n.**: félicitation, congratulation, *f.* **-lator, n.**: personne qui félicite, *f.* **-latory, adj.**: de félicitation.
congrēt, intr.: se saluer réciproquement.
 1. **cōngre-gate, tr.**: rassembler; *intr.*: se rassembler. 2. **-gate, adj.**: compact. **-gātion, n.**: congrégation; (*in a church*) assemblée; (*of things*) agrégation, *f.*; amas, *m.* **-gātionnal, adj.**: de la congrégation; de l'assemblée.
cōn-gress, n.: congrès, *m.*; rencontre, *f.* **-grēssional, adj.**: du congrès; en forme de congrès. **-gressman, n.**: membre du congrès, *m.*

congrue, *intr.*: s'accorder; se rapporter. **-gruence**, **-gruency**, *n.*: convenance, *f.* **-gruent**, *adj.*: convenable, congru; conforme. **-gruity**, *n.*: convenance, conformité, congruité, *f.* **-gruous**, *adj.*: convenable, conforme; congru. **-gruously**, *adv.*: **congruement**; convenablement.

cônic, *adj.*: conique. **-ally**, *adv.*: en forme de cône. **-alness**, *n.*: forme conique, *f.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: (*geom.*) sections coniques, *f. pl.*

cônifer, *n.*: conifère, *f.* **-iferous**, *adj.*: conifère.

conjectural, *adj.*: conjectural, de conjecture. **-turally**, *adv.*: conjecturalement. **1-ture**, *tr. and intr.*: conjecturer. **2-ture**, *n.*: conjecture, *f.* **-turer**, *n.*: faiseur de conjectures, *m.*

conjoin, *tr.*: joindre, conjointre; adjoindre; *intr.*: se joindre. **-joint**, *adj.*: lié; (*mus.*) uni, conjoint. **-jointly**, *adv.*: conjointement.

conjugal, *adj.*: conjugal, matrimonial. **-ly**, *adv.*: conjugalement.

conjugate, *tr.*: conjuguer. **-gation**, *n.*: conjugaison, *f.*

conjunct, *adj.*: réuni. **-tion**, *n.*: union, conjunction, *f.* **-tiva**, *n.*: (*anat.*) conjonctive, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: uni; conjonctif. **-tively**, *adv.*: conjointement. **-tiveness**, *n.*: propriété de joindre, *f.* **-tly**, *adv.*: conjointement. **-ture**, *n.*: conjoncture; rencontre, *f.*

conjuración, *n.*: conjuration; adjuration; sorcellerie, *f.* **-jure**, *tr.*: conjurer (prier instamment, détourner); *intr.*: conjurer (conspirer). **2-conjurer**, *tr.*: ensorceler; évoquer, faire venir par la sorcellerie; *intr.*: faire de la sorcellerie. **1-jurer**, *n.*: celui qui conjure, qui implore, qui enjoint solennellement. **2-conjurer**, *n.*: sorcier, *m.*, sorcière, *f.*; physicien, *m.*; (*jest.*) habile homme. **-jurer**, *n.*: (*jur.*) celui qui est lié avec d'autres par un serment.

connaissance, *n.*: naissance commune, *f.* **connote**, *adj.*: né en même temps; (*bot.*) conné.

connatural, *adj.*: qui nait en même temps; de même nature; en rapport naturel. **-ly**, *adv.*: par la nature

connotet, *tr.*: lier, attacher, allier; *intr.*: se lier. **-nction** = *nexion*. **1-nective**, *adj.*: de liaison. **2-nective**, *n.*: (*gram.*) liaison, *f.*; (*bot.*) connectif, *m.* **-nectively**, *adv.*: ensemble.

conner, *n.*: verificateur de mesures, *m.* **connexion**, *n.*: liaison; connexion, *f.*; rapport, *m.*; relations, *f. pl.*

connivance, *n.*: connivence, *f.* **-ve**, *intr.*: conniver. **-veney**, *n.*: con-

vence, *f.* **-ver**, *n.*: personne qui connive, *f.*

connoisseur, *n.*: connaisseur, *m.* **-ship**, *m.*: habileté de connaisseur, *f.*

1.connotation, *n.*: connotation (inférence), *f.* **-notative**, *adj.*: connotatif. **-note**, *tr.*: connoter, inférer.

connubial, *adj.*: du mariage; conjugal.

cônoïde, *n.*: conoïde, *m.* **nôïdal**, **-nôïdic(al)**, *adj.*: conoïde, conoïdal.

cônquer, *tr.*: vaincre, dompter; conquérir; *intr.*: vaincre. **-querable**, *adj.*: à vaincre; domptable. **-queres**, *n.*: conquérante, *f.* **-queror**, *n.*: vainqueur; conquérant, *m.* **-quest**, *n.*: conquête; victoire, *f.*

consanguineal, **-neous**, *adj.*: de même sang. **-nity**, *n.*: consanguinité, parenté, *f.*

conscience, *n.*: conscience, *f.* **-entions**, *adj.*: consciencieux. **-entiously**, *adv.*: consciencieusement. **-entiousness**, *n.*: conscience, *f.* **-onable**, *adj.*: raisonnable; juste. **-onableness**, *n.*: équité, justice, *f.* **-onably**, *adv.*: avec conscience; raisonnablement. **-ous**, *adj.*: conscient, qui a conscience de; qui a sa connaissance; dont on a conscience: *be —*, avoir sa connaissance; *be — of*, avoir conscience de; savoir.

-ously, *adv.*: sciemment, avec conscience de soi-même. **-ousness**, *n.*: sentiment intérieur, *m.*; conscience, *f.*

1.cônscript, *adj.*: conscrit. **2-script**, *n.*: conscrit, *m.* **-scription**, *n.*: conscription, *f.*; enrôlement, *m.*

cônsecrate, *tr.*: consacrer; (*a churchyard*) bénir; (*a bishop, a king*) sacrer. **-cración**, *n.*: consécration; canonisation, *f.*; (*of a king, a bishop*) sacre, *m.* **-crator**, *n.*: consécrateur, consacrant, *m.* **-cratory**, *adj.*: de consécration; sacramental, sacramental.

1.cônsectary, *adj.*: conséquent. **2-ry**, *n.*: conséquence, induction, déduction, *f.*; corollaire, *m.*

consecution, *n.*: succession, *f.* **-sécutive**, *adj.*: consécutif, qui suit. **-sécutive**, *adv.*: consécutivement.

1.consent, *intr.*: consentir. **2-sent**, *n.*: consentement; accord, *m.* **-sentaneous**, *adj.*: conforme. **-sentaneously**, *adv.*: conformément, d'accord. **-sentaneousness**, *n.*: accord, *m.*; conformité, *f.* **-senter**, *n.*: personne qui consent, *f.* **-sëntient**, *adj.*: du même sentiment; unanime.

cônsequence, *n.*: conséquence, suite; importance, *f.*: *in —*, en conséquence; *of no —*, de nulle importance. **-quent**, *n.*: suite, *f.*; (*log., math.*) conséquent, *m.* **-quent**, *adj.*: conséquent. **-quëntial**,

adj.: conséquent; logique; suffisant. **-quëntially, adv.**: conséquemment; avec suite; avec suffisance. **-quëntialness, n.**: justesse de raisonnement; suffisance, *f.* **-quently, adv.**: conséquemment; par conséquent.

con-sérvable, adj.: qui peut être conservé. **-serva-tion, n.**: conservation, *f.* **-sérvative, adj.**: conservateur. **côn-servator, n.**: conservateur, *m.*, conservatrice, *f.* **1.-sérvatory, adj.**: conservateur. **2.-servatory, n.**: conservatoire; magasin; dépôt, *m.*; (*hort.*) serre, *f.* **1.-sérve, tr.**: conserver; confire. **2.-serve, n.**: conserve, *f.* **-sérver, n.**: conservateur, *m.*, conservatrice, *f.*; personne qui fait des conserves, *f.*

consider, tr.: considérer; reconnaître; *intr.*: considérer: — *of*, réfléchir à. **-able, adj.**: considérable; grand. **-ableness, n.**: importance; grandeur, *f.* **-ably, adv.**: considérablement. **-ate, adj.**: réfléchi, modéré; indulgent; attentif. **-ately, adv.**: d'une manière réfléchie; avec modération, avec indulgence; avec attention. **-ateness, n.**: caractère réfléchi, *m.*; attention, *f.* **-ätion, n.**: considération, *f.*; examen; égard, *m.* **-er, n.**: penseur, *m.* **-ing, prep.**: considérant; en égard à; vu, attendu.

con-sign, tr.: consigner; livrer, confier. **†-signa-tion, n.**: consignation, *f.* **-signée, n.**: (*com.*) consignataire, *m., f.* **-signer, signor, n.**: consignateur, *m.* **-significa-tion, n.**: signification relative, *f.* **-signment, n.**: consignation; lettre de consignation, *f.*

consist, intr.: consister, exister: — *in*, consister en, consister à; — *of*, consister en, consister dans, se composer de; — *with*, se maintenir, exister. [Consister requires à before a verb; dans before a noun in a limited sense; and en in other cases.] **-ence, -ency, n.**: consistance, *f.* **-ent, adj.**: solide; conséquent. **-ently, adv.**: d'une manière conséquente.

con-sistörial, -sistörian, adj.: consistörial. **-sistory, n.**: consistöire, *m.* **1.-consögi-ate, n.**: associé, *m.* **2.-ato, tr.**: associer. **-ätion, n.**: association, *f.* **con-sölable, adj.**: consolable. **côn-sölate, tr.**: consoler. **-solätion, n.**: consolation, *f.* **-sölatory, adj.**: consolant; consolatif. **1.-söle, tr.**: consoler. **2.-cônsole, n.**: (*arch.*) console, *f.* **-söler, n.**: consoleur, *m.*, consolatrice, *f.*

consöli-date, tr.: consolider; *intr.*: se consolider. **-dätion, n.**: consolidation, *f.* **cönsöls, n. pl.**: consölidés; fonds publics, *m. pl.*; rentes consölidées, *f. pl.*

cönsonance or cönsonancy, n.: consonance, *f.*; accord, *m.*

1.-cönso-nant, adj.: consonant; conforme. **2.-nant, n.**: (*gram.*) consonne, *f.* **-nantly, adv.**: d'accord. **-nantness, n.**: accord, *m.* **-nous, adj.**: à l'unisson.

1.-cö n-sört, n.: compagnon, *m.*; compagne, *f.*; époux, *m.*, épouse, *f.* **2.-sört, tr.**: unir; marier; *intr.*: s'associer; s'unir: — *with*, être le compagnon de.

consöund, n.: (*bot.*) consoude, *f.* **conspicuous, adj.**: en vue; en évidence; bien visible; remarquable, éminent. **-ly, adv.**: évidemment; visiblement; éminemment. **-ness, n.**: visibilité; renommée, *f.*; caractère remarquable, *m.*

con-spira-cy, n.: conspiration; association illégale, *f.* **†-spirant, adj.**: conjuré. **-spirätion, n.**: conspiration, *f.* **-spirator, n.**: conspirateur; conjuré, *m.* **-spire, intr.**: conspirer; *tr.*: conspirer, comploter. **-spirer, n.**: conjuré, *m.* **-spiringly, adv.**: par conspiration.

cönstable, n.: connétable; constable, officier de paix, *m.*

cön-stancy, n.: stabilité; constance; fermeté, *f.* **-stant, adj.**: stable; constant; fidèle. **-stantly, adv.**: constamment; invariablement.

constellätion, n.: constellation, *f.* **consternä-tion, n.**: consternation, *f.*

cönsti-päte, tr.: serrer; constiper. **-pä-tion, n.**: resserrement, *m.*; constipation, *f.*

constitu-ency, n.: collège électoral, *m.* **1.-ent, adj.**: constituant. **2.-ent, n.**: personne qui constitue; chose qui constitue; partie constituante, *f.*; auteur; commettant, *m.*

cönstitu-te, tr.: constituer. **-ter, n.**: personne, chose qui constitue, *f.*

constitütion, n.: constitution; complexion, *f.*; tempérament, *m.* **-al, adj.**: constitutionnel. **-alist, n.**: constitutionnel. **-ality, n.**: constitutionnalité, *f.* **-ally, adv.**: par tempérament; constitutionnellement. **-ist, n.**: constitutionnel zélé, *m.*

cönstitutive, adj.: constitutif.

consträin, tr.: contraindre; forcer; retenir, comprimer; enfermer, astreindre. **-able, adj.**: sujet à être contraint; contraignable. **-er, n.**: personne qui contraint, *f.* **-t, n.**: contrainte; gêne, *f.*

con-strict, tr.: resserrer. **-stric-tion, n.**: constriction, *f.*; (*med.*) rétrécissement, *m.* **-strictor, n.**: (*anat.*) rétrécisseur; boa, boa constricteur, *m.* **-stringe, tr.**: resserrer, contracter. **-stringent, adj.**: constringent, qui resserre.

con-strüct, tr.: construire, bâtir; dresser. **-strücter, n.**: constructeur, *m.* **-strüction, n.**: construction; interpré-

tation, *f.* -**stru**ctive, *adj.*: par interprétation, par induction. -**stru**ctively, *adv.*: par interprétation, par induction. -**stru**e, *tr.*: traduire; expliquer; interpréter; construire.

constu-prate, *tr.*: violer; débaucher. -**pr**ation, *n.*: viol, *m.*

consubaisit, *intr.*: subsister ensemble.

consubstanti-**al**, *adj.*: consubstantiel. -**ti**alist, *n.*: personne qui croit à la consubstantiation, *f.* -**ti**ality, *n.*: consubstantialité, *f.* -**ti**ally, *adv.*: consubstantiellement. -**ti**ate, *tr.*: unir en une seule et même substance; *intr.*: professer la consubstantiation. -**ti**ation, *n.*: consubstantiation; impanation, *f.*

consuetude, *n.*: coutume, habitude, *f.*

consul, *n.*: consul, *m.* -**ar**, *adj.*: consulaire. -**ate**, -**ship**, *n.*: consulat, *m.*

1. **consul**t, *tr.*: consulter; *intr.*: délibérer.

2. **consul**t, *n.*: consultation; résolution, *f.*; conseil, *m.* -**ati**on, *n.*: consultation; délibération, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui consulte, *f.*; consultant, *m.*

consu-mable, *adj.*: qui peut être consommé; qui peut être consommé. -**me**, *tr.*: consumer; consommer; *intr.*: se consumer. -**mer**, *n.*: personne, chose qui consume, *f.*; consommateur, *m.*

1. **con**-summate, *adj.*: consommé; parfait, complet. 2. -**sum**mate, *tr.*: consommer. -**sum**mation, *n.*: consommation; fin, *f.*; but, *m.*

consumption, *n.*: consommation, action de consumer; consommation; (*med.*) consommation, maladie de poitrine, *f.* -**ti**ve, *adj.*: qui consume; (*med.*) de consommation, poitrinaire: *become* —, tomber en consommation. -**ti**veness, *n.*: tendance à la consommation, *f.*

contact, *n.*: contact; rapport, *m.*

conta-gion, *n.*: contagion, *f.* -**gi**ous, *adj.*: contagieux. -**gi**ousness, *n.*: caractère contagieux, *m.*

contain, *tr.*: contenir; réprimer, retenir. -**able**, *adj.*: qui peut être contenu. -**er**, *n.*: chose qui contient, *f.*; contenant, *m.*

contami-nate, *tr.*: souiller; contaminer. -**na**tion, *n.*: souillure; contamination, *f.*

contem-n, *tr.*: mépriser, dédaigner. -**ner**, *n.*: contempteur, *m.* -**ning**ly, *adv.*: dédaigneusement.

contemper, *tr.*: tempérer.

contemperament, *n.*: tempérament, *m.*; modification, *f.*

con-temple, *tr.*: contempler; méditer, projeter; *intr.*: contempler. -**tem**pla-tion, *n.*: contemplation; pensée, *f.*; projet, *m.* -**tem**plative, *adj.*: contemplatif. -**tem**platively, *adv.*: contem-

plativement. -**tem**plativeness, *n.*: disposition contemplative, *f.* -**tem**pla-tor, *n.*: contemplateur, *m.*, contempla-trice, *f.*

con-temporaneity, *n.*: contemporanéité, *f.* -**temp**oraneous, *adj.*: contemporain. 1. -**temp**orary, *adj.*: contemporain. 2. -**temp**orary, *n.*: contemporain, *m.*, contemporaine, *f.*; (*of newspapers*) confrère, *m.*

contempt, *n.*: mépris, *m.*: — *of court*, offense à la cour, *f.*; *feel* — *for*, avoir du mépris pour; *fall into* —, tomber dans le mépris. -**ible**, *adj.*: méprisable; chétif.

-**ib**leness, *n.*: caractère méprisable, *m.* -**ib**ly, *adv.*: d'une manière méprisable; avec mépris. -**ous**, *adj.*: méprisant. -**ously**, *adv.*: avec mépris. -**ous**ness, *n.*: caractère méprisant; mépris, *m.*

contend, *intr.*: lutter, combattre; contester, soutenir; *tr.*: disputer: — *for*, combattre pour; se disputer. -**er**, *n.*: contendant, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: contendant; en lutte; opposé, rival.

contêtement, *n.*: dépendances d'une maison, d'une terre, d'une ferme, etc., donnée en location, *f. pl.*

1. **cont**ent, *adj.*: content, satisfait.

2. **cont**ent, *n.*: contentement, *m.* 3. **con**-tent, *tr.*: contenter; satisfaire. -**ed**, *adj.*: satisfait, content. -**edly**, *adv.*: avec contentement; patiemment. -**ed**ness, *n.*: contentement, *m.*

conten-tion, *n.*: contention, dispute, lutte, *f.* -**ti**ous, *adj.*: contentieux. -**ti**ously, *adv.*: contentieusement. -**ti**ousness, *n.*: disposition contentieuse, *f.*

con-téntless, *adj.*: mécontent. -**t**ent-ment, *n.*: contentement, *m.*

contents, *n. pl.*: contenu, *m. sing.*

contermin-ate, *adj.*: qui a les mêmes bornes. -**ous**, *adj.*: contigu.

1. **cont**est, *tr.*: contester, disputer; *intr.*: contester, disputer, lutter. 2. **cont**est, *n.*: contestation, lutte, *f.*; débat, *m.* -**able**, *adj.*: contestable. -**ab**leness, *n.*: caractère contestable, *m.*

con-text, *n.*: contexte, *m.* -**tex**tural, *adj.*: de contexture. -**tex**ture, *n.*: contexture; suite, série, *f.*; tissu; (*fig.*) enchaînement, *m.*

conticent, *adj.*: taciturne, silencieux.

contignâ-tion, *n.*: assemblage de poutres, *m.*

con-tiguity, *n.*: contiguïté, *f.* -**ti**gu-ous, *adj.*: contigu. -**ti**gously, *adv.*: tout près, contigu. -**ti**gousness, *n.*: contiguïté, *f.*

conti-nence, -**n**ency, *n.*: continence; chasteté, *f.* 1. -**n**ent, *adj.*: continent; modéré; chaste. 2. -**n**ent, *n.*: (*geog.*) continent, *m.* -**n**ental, *adj.*: continental.

contingence, **geney**, *n.*: contingence, éventualité, *f.*; cas imprévu, *m.*
1.-gent, *adj.*: contingent; éventuel.
2.-gent, *n.*: contingent; événement fortuit, *m.*
-gentness, *n.*: contingence, *f.*
conti-nual, *adj.*: continu; continu.
-nually, *adv.*: continuellement; continuellement.
-nuee, *n.*: continuation; continuité; durée, *f.*; séjour, *m.*
-nuate, *adj.*: continu; continu.
-nuation, *n.*: continuation; continuité, *f.*
-nator, *n.*: continuateur, *m.*
-nue, *tr.*: continuer; prolonger; conserver; *intr.*: continuer; demeurer, rester.
-nuedly, *adv.*: continuellement.
-nuer, *n.*: personne qui persévère; chose qui continue, *f.*; continuateur, *m.*
-nulty, *n.*: continuité, *f.*
-nuous, *adj.*: continu.
contor-t, *tr.*: tordre. **-ted**, *adj.*: tordu; tors; (*bot.*) tortille. **-tion**, *n.*: contorsion; (*med.*) luxation, *f.*
contour, *n.*: contour, *m.*
1.cōtra-band, *n.*: contrebande, *f.*
2.-band, *adj.*: de contrebande.
1.contrāct, *tr.*: contracter; abréger; resserrer; rétrécir; *intr.*: se contracter: — *for*, traiter pour. **2.†contract**, *adj.*: fiancé, promis. **3.cōtract**, *adj.*: contracté. **4.cōtract**, *n.*: contrat; pacte, *m.*; (*for public works*) adjudication, soumission, *f.*
-edness, *n.*: caractère borné, *m.*; brièveté, *f.*
-ibility, *n.*: contractilité, faculté de se contracter; force contractive, *f.*
-ible, *adj.*: contractile, susceptible de contraction. **-ibleness** = *contractibility*. **-ile**, *adj.*: contractile. **-ility**, *n.*: force contractive, contractilité, *f.*
-ion -shun, *n.*: contraction, *f.*; rétrécissement; raccourcissement, *m.*; (*math.*) abréviation, *f.*
-or, *n.*: contractant, *m.*, contractante, *f.*; entrepreneur; (*for the army, navy*) fournisseur, *m.*
contra-dict, *tr.*: contredire. **-dictor**, *n.*: contradicteur, *m.*
-diction, *n.*: contradiction, *f.*
-dicious, *adj.*: contradictoire; plein de contradictions.
-diousness, *n.*: contradiction, *f.*; esprit de contradiction, *m.*
-dictorily, *adv.*: contradictoirement.
-dictoriness, *n.*: caractère contradictoire, *m.*
-dictory, *adj.*: contradictoire.
†contra-distinct, *adj.*: distinct. **-distinction**, *n.*: opposition, *f.*; contraste, *m.*
†-distinctive, *adj.*: qui marque une distinction tranchée. **-distinguish**, *tr.*: distinguer.
contra-fissure, *n.*: contre-fissure; contrefente, *f.*
cōtra-indicate, *tr.*: contre-indiquer.
-indicant, **-indicātion**, *n.*: contre-indication, *f.*

contrāto, *n.*: (*mus.*) contralto, *m.*
cōtra-mure, *n.*: (*fort.*) contre-mure, *m.*
cōtra-position, *n.*: contre-position, *f.*
cōn-traries, *n. pl.*: contraires, *m. pl.*
-trariety, *n.*: opposition; contradiction; contrariété, *f.*
-trarily, *adv.*: contrairement; en sens contraire.
-trariness, *n.*: contrariété, *f.*
-trários, *adj.*: contraire; difficile.
-tráriosly, *adv.*: contrairement.
-tráriosly, *adv.*: au contraire. **1.-trary**, *adj.*: contraire, opposé. **2.-trary**, *n.*: contraire, *m.*
1.contrāst, *tr.*: contraster; mettre en contraste; *intr.*: être en contraste, faire contraste. **2.cōntrast**, *n.*: contraste (*to*), *f.*; contraire, *m.*
contravallātion, *n.*: (*fort.*) contreval-lation, *f.*
contra-vēne, *tr.*: contrevenir. **-vēner**, *n.*: contrevenant, *m.*, contrevenante, *f.*
-vention, *n.*: contravention, *f.*
contri-butable, *adj.*: contribuable.
-butary, *adj.*: tributaire. **-bute**, *tr.* and *intr.*: contribuer. **-bution**, *n.*: contribution; (*com.*) assurance mutuelle, *f.*
-butive, *adj.*: qui contribue. **-butor**, *n.*: personne qui contribue, *f.*; collaborateur, *m.*
cōn-trite, *adj.*: contrit. **-tritely**, *adv.*: avec contrition. **-triteness**, *n.*: contrition, *f.*
-trition, *n.*: contrition, *f.*
con-trivable, *adj.*: à arranger, à combiner. **-trivance**, *n.*: invention; combinaison, *f.*
-trive, *tr.*: inventer; trouver; combiner; imaginer. **-trive**, *intr.*: s'arranger. **-triver**, *n.*: inventeur, *m.*, inventrice, *f.*; combineur, *m.*, combinatrice, *f.*
1.contrōl, *intr.*: (*over*) contrôler; em-pire, *m.*; influence, autorité, *f.*
2.con-trōl, *tr.*: contrôler; exercer de l'em-pire sur, gouverner. **-lable**, *adj.*: sujet à contrôle; soumis. **-ler**, *n.*: contrôleur, *m.*
-lership, *n.*: charge de contrôleur, *f.*
†-ment, *n.*: contrôle, *m.*; autorité, *f.*
controvērsial, *adj.*: de controverse; polémique. **-ist**, *n.*: controversiste, *m.*
cōntrovērsy, *n.*: controverse; polém-ique, *f.*; différend, *m.*
controvert, *tr.*: controverser, mettre en controverse. **-ible**, *adj.*: controversable.
cōntrovert-ist, *n.*: controversiste, *m.*
contumācious, *adj.*: obstiné; opiniâtre; pervers. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec obstina-tion; opiniâtrément. **-ness**, *n.*: opi-niâtré; perversité, *f.*
contumacy, *n.*: obstination; opiniâtré-té; (*jur.*) contumace; désobéissance, *f.*
contumēlious, *adj.*: injurieux, ou-tra-geant. **-ly**, *adv.*: injurieusement, ou-tra-geusement. **-ness**, *n.*: injure, *f.*; mé-pris, *m.*

contumely, *n.*: injure, *f.*; outrage, mépris, *m.*

con-tuse, *tr.*: contusionner. **-tusion**, *n.*: contusion, meurtrissure, *f.*

conundrum, *n.*: énigme; argutie, *f.*; quolibet, *m.*; turlupinade, *f.*

convales-cence, **-cency**, *n.*: convalescence, *f.* 1. **-cent**, *adj.*: convalescent. 2. **-cent**, *n.*: convalescent, *m.*, convalescente, *f.*

convallaria, *n.*: (*bot.*) convallaire, *f.*; muguet, lis de mai, lis des vallées, *m.*

con-venable, *adj.*: qui peut être convoqué. **-vène**, *tr.*: convoquer; réunir, assembler. **-vene**, *intr.*: s'assembler. **-vèner**, *n.*: personne qui convoque, *f.*

convèni-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: commodité, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: commode, convenable. **-ently**, *adv.*: commodément, convenablement.

1. **convènt**, *n.*: couvent, *m.* 2. **convènt**, *tr.*: convoquer; citer (en justice).

convèntiel-e, *n.*: conciliabule, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fréquente les conciliabules, *f.*

convèntion, *n.*: convention; assemblée, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: conventionnel. **-alism**, *n.*: ce qui est conventionnel. **-ality**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est conventionnel, *f.* **-ary**, *adj.*: réglé par convention. **-er**, *n.*: membre d'une convention, *m.*

1. **convèntual**, *adj.*: conventuel.

2. **convèntual**, *n.*: conventuel; religieux, *m.*, religieuse, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: conventuellement.

convèr-ge, *intr.*: converger. **-gence**, **-gency**, *n.*: convergence, *f.* **-gent**, **-ging**, *adj.*: convergent.

con-vèrsable, *adj.*: agréable dans la conversation; de bonne conversation. **-vèrsableness**, *n.*: qualité d'une personne agréable dans la conversation, amabilité; sociabilité, *f.* **-vèrsably**, *adv.*: d'une manière propre à la conversation. **-vèrsant**, *adj.*: familier; familiarisé: — *with*, versé dans.

convèrsation, *n.*: conversation, *f.*; entretien; commerce, *m.* **-al**, *adj.*: de conversation. **-alist**, **-er**, *n.*: bon causeur, *m.*; personne qui converse bien, *f.*

convèrsazione *-tziō'nè*, *n.*: assemblée littéraire, *f.*

1. **con-vèrse**, *intr.*: converser, s'entretenir; fréquenter. 2. **con-vèrse**, *n.*: commerce, *m.*; relations, *f. pl.*; entretien, *m.*; conversation, *f.* 3. **con-vèrse**, *adj.*: (*math.*) réciproque, inverse. 4. **-verso**, *n.*: (*log.*) converse; (*math.*) inverse, *f.* **-versely**, *adv.*: (*log.*) réciproquement.

convèrser, *n.*: personne qui converse (cause) bien.

convèr-sible, *adj.*: convertible, réversible. **-sion**, *n.*: conversion; (*jur.*) appropriation, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: convertible; communicatif, (*sociable*).

1. **convèrt**, *tr.*: convertir; transformer; faire servir; *intr.*: se convertir. 2. **con-vert**, *n.*: converti, *m.*, convertie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: convertisseur, *m.* **-ibility**, **-ible-ness**, *n.*: convertibilité, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: convertible; (*fin.*) convertissable, convertible. **-ibly**, *adv.*: réciproquement.

1. **con-vex**, *adj.*: convexe. 2. **-vex**, *n.*: corps convexe, *m.*; convexité, *f.* **-vexed**, *adj.*: convexe. **-vexedly**, *adv.*: de forme convexe. **-vèxity**, *n.*: convexité, *f.*; (*of roads*) bombement, *m.* **-vexly**, *adv.*: de forme convexe; convexe. **-vex-ness**, *n.*: convexité, *f.* **-vèxq-concave**, *adj.*: convexo-concave. **-vèxq-convex**, *adj.*: convexo-convexe.

convèy, *tr.*: transporter; porter; présenter; rendre, exprimer; (*jur.*) faire transport de: — *away*, emporter. **-able**, *adj.*: transportable; qui peut être transféré. **-ance**, *n.*: transport; passage, *m.*; voie; voiture, *f.*; moyen de transport, *m.*; (*jur.*) translation de propriété, *f.*; (*jur.*) acte translatif de propriété, *m.* **-ancer**, *n.*: notaire qui dresse les actes translatifs de propriété; notaire, *m.* **-ancing**, *n.*: action de dresser des actes translatifs de propriété, *f.*; notariat, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui transporte, qui transmet, *f.*; porteur, voiturier, *m.*

1. **con-vict**, *tr.*: condamner, déclarer coupable; convaincre. 2. **con-vict**, *n.*: condamné, *m.*, condamnée, *f.*; criminel; forçat, *m.* **con-vict-keeper**, *n.*: garde-chiourme, *m.* **-viction**, *n.*: conviction; (*jur.*) condamnation, *f.* **-victive**, *adj.*: convaincant.

convin-ee, *tr.*: convaincre, persuader. **-ement**, *n.*: conviction, *f.* **-eible**, *adj.*: incontestable, certain. **-eing**, *adj.*: convaincant. **-eingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière convaincante. **-eingness**, *n.*: caractère convaincant, *m.*

1. **convivial**, *adj.*: de fête; sociable; joyeux. **-ality**, *n.*: sociabilité, *f.*

con-vocate, *tr.*: convoquer; assembler.

-vocation, *n.*: convocation; assemblée, *f.* **-vòke**, *tr.*: convoquer, assembler.

con-volute, **-voluted**, *adj.*: convoluté. **-volùtion**, *n.*: contournement, *m.*; circonvolution, *f.* **-volve**, *tr.*: rouler, enrouler. **-vòlvulus** (*pl. convolvuli*), *n.*: belle de jour, *f.*; liseron, *m.*

1. **convòy**, *tr.*: convoier. 2. **convoy**, *n.*: convoi, *m.*; escorte, *f.*: — *ship*, bâtiment convoier, bâtiment d'escorte, *m.*

convùl-se, *tr.*: jeter dans des convulsions; ébranler; bouleverser. **-sion**, *n.*:

convulsion, *f.*: mouvement convulsif, *m.*: *be taken with* — *s.*, tomber en convulsion; *fit of* — *s.*, accès de convulsion, *m.* — *sive*, *adj.*: convulsif. — *sively*, *adv.*: convulsivement.

cōny, *n.*: lapin, *m.*; (*fig.*) niais, *m.*

— **wool**, *n.*: poil de lapin, *m.*

cōo, *intr.*: roucouler. — **ing**, *n.*: roucoulement, *m.*

cōok, *intr.*: cuire; faire la cuisine, cuisiner; *tr.*: faire cuire; apprêter. 2. **cook**, *n.*: cuisinier, *m.*, cuisinière, *f.*; (*nav.*) coq, *m.*: *man* —, cuisinier; *woman* —, cuisinière. — **ery**, *n.*: cuisine (*art.*), *f.* — **ery-book**, *n.*: livre de cuisine, *m.* — **ing**, *n.*: cuisine, *f.*; cuisson, *m.* — **ing-stove**, *n.*: fourneau de cuisine, *m.* — **shop**, *n.*: restaurant, *m.*; rôtisserie, *f.*

1. **cōol**, *adj.*: froid; frais. 2. **cool**, *n.*: frais, *m.*: *in the* —, au frais. 3. **cool**, *tr.*: rafraîchir; refroidir; *intr.*: se refroidir; refroidir. — **er**, *n.*: rafraîchisseur, réfrigérant; (*med.*) rafraîchissant, *m.*

cōolie, *n.*: coolis, *m.*

cōoling, *adj.*: rafraîchissant, calmant. — **ish**, *adj.*: un peu frais. — **ly**, *adv.*: fraîchement, froidement; de sang-froid. — **ness**, *n.*: fraîcheur; froideur, *f.*; refroidissement; sang-froid, *m.*

cōom, *n.*: suie, *f.*; cambouis, *m.*

1. **cōop**, *n.*: baril, *m.*: poulailler (cage à poulets), *m.*, mue (pour engraisser la volaille), *f.* 2. **coop**, *tr.*: enfermer dans une mue; enfermer étroitement. — **er**, *n.*: tonnelier, *m.* — **erage**, *n.*: tonnelerie, *f.*

co-ōperate, *intr.*: coopérer, concourir.

— **opération**, *n.*: coopération, *f.* — **ōperative**, *adj.*: coopérant. — **ōperator**, *n.*: coopérateur, *m.*

co-ōrdinate, *adj.*: du même rang; égal; (*math.*) coordonné. — **ōrdinately**, *adv.*: également; au même degré. — **ōrdinateness**, *n.*: égalité de rang, *f.* — **ōrdinates**, *n. pl.*: (*math.*) coordonnées, *f. pl.* — **ōrdination**, *n.*: égalité de rang; coordination, *f.*

cōot, *n.*: poule d'eau, foulque, *f.*

copāiba, *n.*: copahu, baume de copahu, *m.*

cōpal, *n.*: copal, *m.*

copār-cenary, — **eeny**, *n.*: (*jur.*) indivis, *m.*; part d'un propriétaire par indivis, *f.* — **cener**, *n.*: (*jur.*) propriétaire indivis, *m.*, propriétaire indivise, *f.*

copārtner, *n.*: associé, coassocié, *m.*

— **ship**, *f. y*, *n.*: égalité de part; société en nom collectif, *f.*

† **cōpatain**, *adj.*: élevé en cône.

cōpe, *n.*: coiffe; (*sacerdotal vestment*) chape; (*arch.*) chape; voûte, *f.*; tribut, *m.* 2. **cope**, *tr.*: (*as with a cope*) couvrir.

3. **cope**, *intr.*: troquer; rencontrer; rivaliser (avec); opposer; résister; lutter; *tr.*: retourner, payer: — *with*, tenir tête à; lutter contre, rivaliser avec.

Copērnican, *adj.*: copernicien.

cōpier, *n.*: copiste, *m.*

cōping, *n.*: (*of a building*) faite; (*of a wall*) couronnement, *m.*

cōpious, *adj.*: abondant; copieux; riche.

— **ly**, *adv.*: copieusement, abondamment; richement. — **ness**, *n.*: abondance, richesse, *f.*

cōpped, *adj.*: qui s'élève en pointe.

cōppel = *cupel*.

1. **cōpper**, *n.*: cuivre, *m.*; (*boiler*) chaudière, *f.*; (*small boiler*) chaudron, *m.*

2. **copper**, *adj.*: de cuivre. 3. **copper**, *tr.*: cuivrer; (*vessels*) doubler en cuivre.

— **as**, *n.*: couperose, *f.* — **bottomed**, *adj.*: doublé en cuivre. — **coloured**, *adj.*: cuivré. — **fastened**, *adj.*: chevillé en cuivre. — **plate**, *n.*: planche de cuivre; taille-douce, *f.* — **smith**, *n.*: chaudronnier, *m.* — **wire**, *n.*: fil de cuivre, fil de laiton, *m.* — **work**, *n.*: usine à cuivre, *f.*

— **y**, *adj.*: cuivreux.

cōppice, *n.*: taillis, *m.*

cōppled, *adj.*: qui s'élève en pointe; conique.

1. **cōpse**, *n.*: taillis, *m.* 2. **copse**, *tr.*: conserver en taillis.

Cōpt, *n.*: Cophte, Copte, *m.* 1. — **io**, *adj.*: cophte, copte. 2. — **io**, *n.*: (*language*) cophte, copte, *m.*

cōpu-la, *n.*: (*log.*) copule, *f.* — **late**, *intr.*: s'accoupler. — **lātion**, *n.*: copulation, *f.*

1. — **lative**, *adj.*: (*gram.*) copulatif. 2. — **lative**, *n.*: (*gram.*) copulatif, *f.*

1. **cōpy**, *n.*: copie, *f.*; (*model for writing*) exemple; (*of printed books*) exemplaire, *m.*; (*jur.*) expédition, grosse, *f.*; (*for drawing*) modèle, *m.* 2. **copy**, *tr.*: copier. — **book**, *n.*: cahier; manuscrit, *m.*

— **hold**, *n.*: tenure en vertu de copie du rôle de la cour seigneuriale, *f.* — **holder**, *n.*: tenancier par *copyhold*, *m.* — **ingpress**, *n.*: presse à copier, *f.* — **ist**, *n.*: copiste, *m.* — **right**, *n.*: droit d'auteur, *m.*; propriété littéraire, *f.*

coquēt, *tr.*: faire le coquet avec; faire la coquette avec; coqueter; *intr.*: faire le coquet; faire la coquette. — **ry**, *n.*: coquetterie, *f.* — **te**, *n.*: coquette, *f.* — **tish**, *adj.*: de coquette, en coquette.

1. **cōral**, *n.*: corail; (*rattle*) hochet de corail, *m.*: — *ref*, banc de corail, *m.*

2. **coral**, *adj.*: de corail. — **fisher**, *n.*: corailleur, *m.* — **fishery**, *n.*: pêche du corail, *f.* — **lāceous**, *adj.*: corallaire.

— **liferous**, *adj.*: corallifère. — **liform**, *adj.*: coralliforme. 1. — **line**, *adj.*: corallé. 2. — **line**, *n.*: coralline, *f.* — **lōid**,

-lôidal, *adj.*: coralloïde. -wort, *n.*: (bot.) clandestine, *f.*

côr-beil, *n.*: (fort.) corbeille, *f.* -bel, *n.*: (arch.) corbeau, *m.*; niche, *f.*

1. **côrd**, *n.*: corde, *f.*; lien; cordon, *m.*

2. **côrd**, *tr.*: corder. -age, *n.*: cordes, *f. pl.*; (nav.) cordage, *m.*

côrda-te, -**ted**, *adj.*: en cœur, ayant la forme d'un cœur.

côrd-ed, *adj.*: de corde; cordé. -**elier**, *n.*: cordelier, *m.*

1. **côrdi-al**, *adj.*: cordial. 2. -**al**, *n.*: cordial, *m.*; liqueur, *f.* -**ality**, *n.*: cordialité, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: cordialement.

côrd-maker, *n.*: cordier, *m.* -**on**, *n.*: (arch., fort., milit.) cordon, *m.*

côrdevan, *n.*: cuir de Cordoba (en Espagne), cuir de cheval.

côrduroy, *n.*: velours à côtes, *m.*

côrd-wood, *n.*: bois cordé, *m.*

côre, *n.*: cœur; (of fruit) trognon, cœur; (of an abscess) bourbillon, *m.* -**d**, *adj.*: (herrings) salé et préparé pour être séché.

coriander, *n.*: (bot.) coriandre, *f.*

Corinthian, *adj.*: corinthien; de Corinthe.

co-rival, *n.*: rival; compétiteur, *m.*

-**rivalry**, -**rivalship**, *n.*: rivalité, *f.*

1. **côrk**, *n.*: liège; bouchon, *m.* 2. **côrk**, *tr.*: boucher. -**screw**, *n.*: tire-bouchon, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: de liège.

côrmorant, *n.*: (orn.) cormoran; glouton, *m.*

1. **côrn**, *n.*: (on the foot) cor, *m.* 2. **côrn**, *n.*: blé; grain, froment, *m.*; céréales, *f. pl.*: (Indian) —, mais, blé de Turquie, *m.*; ear of —, épi (de blé; de maïs), *m.*

3. **côrn**, *tr.*: saler; grener. -**cob**, *n.*: raffe, *f.* -**chandler**, *n.*: blattier; marchand de blé, *m.* -**crops**, *n.*: céréales, *f. pl.* -**cutter**, *n.*: pédicure, *m.* -**dealer**, *n.*: marchand de blé or de maïs, *m.*

-**drill**, *n.*: (agri.) semoir, *m.*

côrnea, *n.*: (anat.) cornée, *f.*

côrned-beef, *n.*: bœuf salé, *m.*

côrnol-tree, *n.*: cornouiller, *m.*

côrnélian, *n.*: cornaline, *f.* -**tree**, *n.*: cornouiller, *m.*

côrneous, *adj.*: corné.

côrner, *n.*: coin, *m.*; encoignure; extrémité; (tech.) cornière, *f.*: —**stone**, pierre angulaire, *f.* -**wise**, *adv.*: diagonalement.

côrnet, *n.*: (mus., conch.) cornet; (milit.) porte-étendard, *m.*; (vet.) couronne, *f.*; (of paper) cornet, *m.*

côr-n-factor, *n.*: facteur en blé, *m.*

-**field**, *n.*: champ de blé, *m.* -**flag**, *n.*: (bot.) glaiéul, *m.* -**floor**, *n.*: aire à battre les grains. -**flower**, *n.*: bluet, barbeau, *m.*

côrnicce, *n.*: corniche, *f.*

côrn-icle, *n.*: cornichon, *m.*; cornicule, *f.* -**ific**, *adj.*: qui produit des cornes.

Côrnish, *adj.*: de Cornouailles.

côrnist, *n.*: corniste, *m.*

côrn-laws, *n. pl.*: lois des céréales, *f. pl.* -**market**, *n.*: marché au blé, *m.* -**mer-**

chant, *n.*: négociant en blé, en maïs, *m.* -**mill**, *n.*: moulin à blé. -**pipe**, *n.*: chalumeau de paille, *m.* -**sheaf**, *n.*: gerbe de blé, *f.* -**sheller**, *n.*: égre-noir à maïs. -**trade**, *n.*: commerce des grains, *m.* -**stack**, *n.*: meule de blé, *f.* -**stalk**, *n.*: tige de maïs, *m.*

côrnucopia, *n.*: corne d'abondance, *f.*

côrny, *adj.*: de corne; de grains.

corôlla, *n.*: (bot.) corolle, *f.*

côrollary, *n.*: corollaire, *m.*

côrôna, *n.*: couronne, *f.*; (arch.) larmier, *m.*; (anat., astron., bot.) couronne, *f.*

1. **côro-nal**, *adj.*: (anat.) coronal. 2. **côr-onal**, *n.*: couronne, guirlande; (anat.) suture coronale, *f.* -**nary**, *adj.*: de couronne; coronaire. -**nation**, *n.*: couronnement, sacre, *m.* -**ner**, *n.*: coroner, *m.* -**net**, *n.*: couronne, *f.*

1. **côr-peral**, *n.*: (nav.) caporal; (of infantry) caporal; (of cavalry) brigadier, *m.* 2. **côr-poral**, *adj.*: corporel. -**po-râle**, *n.*: (pyz cloth) corporal, *m.* -**po-rality**, *n.*: corporalité, matérialité, *f.* -**porally**, *adv.*: corporellement; de corps. -**porate**, *adj.*: érigé en corporation; de corporation. -**poration**, *n.*: corporation, communauté, société, *f.*; (of a town) conseil municipal, *m.* -**pôreal**, *adj.*: corporel, matériel. -**pôreally**, *adv.*: corporellement, matériellement. -**porëity**, *n.*: corporéité, *f.* -**pôreous**, *adj.*: see corporeal. -**pôrifify**, *tr.*: corporifier. -**pôsaunt**, *n.*: (nav.) feu Saint-Elme, *m.* -**ps**, *n.*: corps, *m.* -**pse**, *n.*: cadavre; corps mort, *m.* -**pulence**, -**pulency**, *n.*: corpulence, *f.*; embonpoint, *m.* -**pulent**, *adj.*: corpulent; replet, gras. -**puschristi**, *n.*: la Fête-Dieu, *f.* -**puscle**, *n.*: corpuscule, *m.* -**pûscular** or 1. -**pûsculârian**, *adj.*: corpusculaire. 2. -**pûscularian**, *n.*: corpusculiste, *m.*

1. **corrêc-t**, *adj.*: correct; exact, juste.

2. -**t**, *tr.*: corriger. -**tion**, *n.*: correction, *f.* 1. -**tive**, *adj.*: de correction; correctif. 2. -**tive**, *n.*: correctif, *m.* -**tly**, *adv.*: correctement, exactement. -**tness**, *n.*: exactitude, justesse, *f.* -**tor**, *n.*: correcteur, *m.*

cor-relâtable, *adj.*: de corrélation.

-**relate**, *intr.*: être corrélatif. -**relâ-tion**, *n.*: corrélation, *f.* 1. -**rêlative**, *adj.*: corrélatif. 2. -**relative**, *n.*: corrélatif, *m.* -**rêlâtively**, *adv.*: par corrélation. -**rêlâtiveness**, *n.*: caractère corrélatif, *m.*

correspōnd, *intr.*: correspondre; se correspondre; se rapporter; s'accorder.
-dence, -deney, *n.*: correspondance, *f.*: rapport, *m.*; relations, *f. pl.* 1. **-dent**, *adj.*: correspondant, conforme. 2. **-dent**, *n.*: correspondant, *m.* 3. **-dently**, *adv.*: d'une manière correspondante. 4. **-ding**, *adj.*: correspondant. 5. **-sive**, *adj.*: correspondant.

cōrridor, *n.*: corridor; (*fort.*) chemin couvert, *m.*

cōrrigible, *adj.*: corrigible; digne de correction. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère corrigible, *m.*

corrival, *etc.* = *co-rival*, *etc.*

1. **cōrrōbo-rant**, *adj.*: (*pharm.*) corroborant. 2. **-rant**, *n.*: (*pharm.*) corroborant, *m.* 3. **-rate**, *tr.*: corroborer, fortifier, confirmer. 4. **-rātion**, *n.*: corroboration; confirmation, *f.* 5. **-rative**, *adj.*: corroboratif. 6. **-rative**, *n.*: (*pharm.*) corroborant, *m.*

cōr-rōde, *tr.*: corroder, ronger. **-rōdent**, *adj.*: corrodant. **-rōdibility**, **-rosibility**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut être corrodé, *f.* **-rōdible, -rōsible**, *adj.*: qui peut être corrodé. **-ro-sion**, *n.*: corrosion; (*fig.*) destruction, *f.* 1. **-rōsive**, *adj.*: corrosif; (*fig.*) rongeur. 2. **-rosive**, *n.*: corrosif; (*fig.*) souci rongeur, *m.* 3. **-rōsively**, *adv.*: comme un corrosif. 4. **-rōsiveness**, *n.*: nature corrosive, *f.*

cōrru-gant, *adj.*: qui ride, qui plisse. **-gate**, *tr.*: rider, plisser. **-gātion**, *n.*: corrugation, *f.*; plissement, *m.*

1. **cōr-rūpt**, *adj.*: corrompu. 2. **-rūpt**, *tr.*: corrompre; *intr.*: se corrompre. **-rūptibility**, *n.*: corruptibilité; corruption, *f.* **-rūptible**, *adj.*: corruptible. **-rūptibleness**, *n.*: corruptibilité, *f.* **-rūptibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière corruptible. **-rūpting**, *adj.*: corrupteur. **-rūption**, *n.*: corruption, *f.* **-rūptive**, *adj.*: corrupteur; corruptif. **-rūptless**, *adj.*: incorruptible. **-rūptly**, *adv.*: par la corruption; par corruption. **-rūptness**, *n.*: corruption, *f.* **-rūptress**, *n.*: corruptrice, *f.*

cōrsāir, *n.*: corsaire, *m.*

cōr-se, *n.*: cadavre, corps, *m.* 1. **-selet**, *n.*: corselet, *m.* 2. **-selet**, *tr.*: revêtir d'un corselet. **-set**, *n.*: corset, *m.* **-set-maker**, *n.*: fabricant de corsets, *m.*; marchande de corsets, *f.*

Cōrsican, *adj.*: corse; de Corse.

cōrtes, *n. pl.*: cortès, *f. pl.*

cōrti-cal, *adj.*: cortical. **-cate, -cated**, *adj.*: ayant un tégument comme d'écorce.

cōrāndum, *n.*: corindon, *m.*

cōrās-cant, *adj.*: scintillant. **cōrus-**

cate, *intr.*: scintiller. **-cātion**, *n.*: coruscation, *f.*

cōrvet, corvète, *n.*: corvette, *f.*

cōry-bant (*pl. -bāntes*), *n.*: corybante (prêtre de Cybèle), *m.* **-bāntie**, *adj.*: de corybante.

cōrymb, *n.*: (*bot.*) corymbe, *m.*

cō-sēcant, *n.*: (*geom.*) cosécante, *f.*

cōzey, cōzi = *cozy, cozi*.

cōsine, *n.*: (*geom.*) cosinus, *m.*

1. **cōs-mētic**, *adj.*: cosmétique. 2. **-met-ic**, *n.*: cosmétique, *m.* **-mic**, *adj.*: cosmique. **-mically**, *adv.*: cosmiquement.

cosmō-gony, *n.*: cosmogonie, *f.* **-grapher**, *n.*: cosmographe, *m.* **-grāphic(al)**, *adj.*: cosmographique. **-grāphically**, *adv.*: d'une manière cosmographique. **-graphy**, *n.*: cosmographie, *f.* **-lōgical**, *adj.*: cosmologique. **-logist**, *n.*: cosmologiste, cosmologue, *m.* **-logy**, *n.*: cosmologie, *f.* **-pōlitan, -polite**, *n.*: cosmopolite, *m.* **-rāma**, *n.*: cosmorama, *m.*

cōsset, *n.*: agneau favori; agneau privé; favori, *m.*, favorite, *f.*

1. **cōst** (*pret., part. cost*), *tr.*: coûter. 2. **cost**, *n.*: prix; frais, *m.*; dépense, *f.*; (*com.*) coût; dépens, *m.*; *pl.* — *s.* (*jur.*) dépens, *m. pl.* — *price*, prix coûtant; *one's* —, à ses dépens; *carry* — *s.* (*jur.*) entraîner les dépens.

3. **cōst**, *n.*: côté, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) costal. **-ard**, *n.*: grosse pomme; (*mépr.*) tête, *f.* **-ardmonger, -ermonger** **-māng**, *n.*: marchand ambulant de pommes et d'autres fruits, *m.*

cōstive, *adj.*: constipé. **-ness**, *n.*: constipation, *f.*

cōst-less, *adj.*: qui ne coûte rien, sans frais. **-liness**, *n.*: haut prix, *m.*; dépense; somptuosité; opulence, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: coûteux, de prix; somptueux; opulent; de luxe.

cōstmary, *n.*: (*bot.*) balsamite, balsamite odorante, *f.*

cōstume, *n.*: costume, *m.*

cōsūrety, *n.*: (*jur.*) confidésusseur, *m.*

cozy = *cozy*.

cōt, *n.*: cabane; chaumière, *f.*; (*for sheep*) pare; (*bed*) petit lit, lit d'enfant; lit volant; (*nav.*) lit de bord, *m.*

cō-tāngent, *n.*: cotangente, *f.*

cōtemporary = *contemporary*.

cōtēnant, *n.*: tenancier avec un autre, *m.*; colocataire, *m.*, *f.*

cōterie, *n.*: coterie, *f.*

cōtērminous, *adj.*: contigu, adjacent, limitrophe.

cō-thurn, *n.*: cothurne, *m.* **-thurnate, -thurnated**, *adj.*: cothurne.

cōticular, *adj.*: de pierre à aiguiser.

côt-quean, n.: homme qui s'occupe du ménage; *†*cocu, m. -**swold**, n. parc (of sheep) en pleine campagne, m. -**tage**, n.: chaumière, cabane, f. -**tager**, n.: paysan, m., paysanne, f. -**ter**, **-tier**, n.: paysan, m., paysanne; (tech.) clavette, f. 1. **cotton**, n.: coton; calicot; fil d'Ecosse, m.: ball of —, pelote de coton, f.; reel of —, bobine de coton, f. 2. **cotton**, intr.: cotonner; se cotonner; (fig.) corder. -**check**, n.: cotonnade, f. -**cloth**, n.: toile de coton, f., calicot, m. -**cord**, n.: ganse de coton, f. -**fabric**, n.: tissu de coton, calicot, m. -**factory**, n.: filature de coton, f. -**gin**, n.: machine à égrener le coton, f. -**jenny**, n.: métier à filer le coton, m. -**mill**, n.: moulin à coton, m.; filature de coton, f. -**plant**, -**shrub**, -**tree**, n.: cotonnier, m. -**wool**, n.: ouate, f. -**yarn**, n.: fil de coton, m.

coty-lédon, n.: (bot., anat.) cotylédon, m. -**lédons**, adj.: cotylédoné.

1. **couch**, intr.: coucher; se coucher; (surg.) abaisser la cataracte; tr.: coucher; étendre; rédiger; cacher; (surg.) abaisser la cataracte. 2. **couch**, n.: couche, f.; lit de repos; canapé, m. -**ant**, adj.: couché, accroupi; (her.) couché. -**ed**, adj.: (her.) couché. -**er**, n.: personne qui couche, f.; oculiste (qui opère par abaissement). -**grass**, n.: chiendent, m.

1. **cough** kâf, intr.: tousser; tr.: expectorer. 2. **cough**, n.: toux, f.: *hooping—*, coqueluche, f. -**er**, n.: toussueur, m., toussense, f.

could, see can (verb).

coulter, n.: coultre, m.

council, n.: conseil; concile, m. -**board**, n.: séance du conseil, f. -**lor**, n.: conseiller, m.

1. **counse-l**, n.: conseil, avis, m.; défenseurs, avocats d'une partie, m. pl. 2. **counse-l**, tr.: conseiller. -**lable**, adj.: disposé à recevoir des conseils. -**lor**, n.: conseil, avocat, m. -**lorship**, n.: fonctions de conseil, d'avocat, f. pl.

1. **cóunt**, tr.: compter. 2. **count**, n.: calcul; compte, m.; (jur.) charge, f., chef, m.

3. **cóunt**, n.: comte, m.

1. **countenance**, n.: figure, mine, physiognomie; contenance, f.; air, m.; (fig.) faveur, f.; appui, m.: *the knight of the rueful —*, le chevalier de la triste figure; *be out of —*, perdre contenance; *keep one's —*, garder son sérieux; *the light of his —*, (biblically) la lumière de son visage; *look any one out of —*, faire baisser les yeux à quelqu'un; *give — to*, favoriser, encourager; *change —*, changer de

visage. 2. **countenance**, tr.: appuyer, encourager, favoriser.

1. **cóunter**, n.: calculateur; (at cards) jeton; (of a shop) comptoir, m.

2. **cóunter**, adv.: contre, à l'encontre.

3. **counter**, adj.: contraire, opposé, contre. 4. **counter**, n.: (nav.) voûte; (mus.) haute-contre, f. -**act**, tr.: compenser; détruire; contrarier; déjouer; neutraliser. -**action**, n.: action contraire, f. -**alley**, n.: contre-allée, f. -**attraction**, n.: attraction opposée, f. 1. -**balance**, n.: contrepoids, m. 2. -**balance**, tr.: contre-balancer. -**bass**, n.: (mus.) contre-basse, f. -**bond**, n.: (jur.) sous-garantie donnée au garant, f. -**buff**, tr.: rendre un coup; arrêter, faire reculer par un coup. -**buff**, n.: coup rendu, m. -**change**, n.: contre-échange, m. -**charm**, n.: contre-charme, m. 1. -**check**, n.: force opposée, f. 2. -**check**, tr.: opposer. 1. -**current**, adj.: qui prend une direction contraire.

2. -**current**, n.: contre-courant, m.

-**drain**, n.: contre-fossé, m. -**draw**, tr.: calquer. -**drawing**, n.: calque, m.

-**evidence**, n.: déposition contradictoire, f. 1. -**feit**, adj.: contrefait, feint, simulé, faux. 2. -**feit**, n.: contrefaçon; imitation, f.; imposteur, m. 3. -**feit**, tr.: contrefaire; imiter; feindre; intr.: feindre. -**feiter**, n.: contrefacteur; imitateur; faussaire, m. -**feitley**, adv.: par contrefaçon; en faisant semblant. -**ferment**, n.: ferment contre ferment, m.

-**fissure** = *contra-fissure*. -**fort**, n.: contre-boutant; contrefort, m. -**fugue**, n.: (mus.) contre-fugue, f. -**guard**, n.: (fort.) contre-garde, f. -**indication**, n.: contre-indication, f. 1. -**lath**, n.: (carp.) contre-latte, f. 2. -**lath**, tr.: (carp.) contre-latter. -**light**, n.: (paint.) contre-jour, m. 1. -**mand**, n.: contre-ordre, m. 2. -**mánd**, tr.: contremander; décommander. 1. -**march**, n.: (milit.) contre-marche, f. 2. -**màrch**, intr.: (milit.) exécuter une contre-marche.

1. -**mark**, n.: contremarque, f. 2. -**màrk**, tr.: contremarquer. 1. -**mine**, n.: contre-mine, f. 2. -**mine**, tr.: contre-miner; (fig.) déjouer. -**motion**, n.: mouvement opposé, m. -**movement**, n.: (milit.) contremarche, f. 1. -**myre**, n.: contre-mur, m. 2. -**mûre**, tr.: contremurer. -**natural**, adj.: contre nature. -**negociation**, n.: négociation contraire, f. -**pace**, n.: mesure opposée, f. -**pàne**, n.: courtépente, f. -**part**, n.: contre-partie, f.; pendant; (jur.) (of deeds, etc.) double, duplicata, m. -**petition**, n.: pétition opposée, f. -**plea**, n.: (jur.) conclusions du demandeur con-

tre l'intervenant dans une instance, *f. pl.*
1.-plot, *n.*: contre-ruse, *f.* **2.-plôt**, *tr.*:
 combattre par une contre-ruse. **-point**,
n.: (mus.) contrepoint, *m.* **1.-poïse**, *n.*:
 contrepoids, *m.* **2.-poise**, *tr.*: contre-
 balancer. **-poison**, *n.*: contre-poison,
m. **-pressure**, *n.*: force contraire, *f.*
-project, *n.*: contre-projet, *m.* **-proof**,
n.: contre-épreuve, *f.* **-prôve**, *tr.*: con-
 tre-éprouver. **-revolution**, *n.*: contre-
 révolution, *f.* **-revolutionary**,
adj.: contre-révolutionnaire. **-revolu-
 tionist**, *n.*: contre-révolutionnaire, *m.*,
f. **-roll**, *n.*: (jur.) contrôle, *m.* **-scarp**,
n.: (milit.) contrescarpe, *f.* **-seal**, *tr.*:
 contre-sceller. **-security**, *n.*: (jur.)
 sous-garantie donnée au garant, *f.* **1.-sign**,
n.: (milit.) mot de ralliement, *m.* **2.-sign**,
tr.: contresigner. **-signature**,
n.: contre-seing, *m.* **-statement**, *n.*:
 assertion contraire, *f.* **-statute**, *n.*:
 statut contraire, *m.* **-struggle**, *n.*:
 lutte en sens contraire, *f.* **-sway**, *n.*:
 influence opposée, *f.* **-tally**, *n.*: (com.)
 contre-taille, *f.* **-taste**, *f.*: faux goût,
m. **-tenor**, *n.*: (mus.) haute-contre, *f.*
-tide, *n.*: retour de marée, *m.* **-time**,
n.: résistance, opposition, *f.* **-vail**, *n.*:
 équivalence, *f.* **-vail**, *tr.*: contre-ba-
 lancer; compenser de. **-view**, *n.*: con-
 traste, *m.* **-whécl**, *tr. and intr.*:
 (milit.) commander, exécuter une conver-
 sion en arrière. **-work**, *tr.*: contremi-
 ner; confondre.

cōuntess, *n.*: comtesse, *f.*

count-ing-house, *n.*: bureau, *m.* **-less**,
adj.: innombrable.

cōuntrified, *adj.*: provincial; cam-
 pagnard; agreste; champêtre.

country, *n.*: patrie; contrée, *f.*; pays,
m.; campagne, *f.*: *love one's —*, aimer sa
 patrie; *live in the —*, demeurer à la cam-
 pagne. **-box**, *n.*: pied-à-terre à la cam-
 pagne, *m.* **-dance**, *n.*: contre-
 danse, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: maison de cam-
 pagne, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: habitant d'un pays;
 compatriote; paysan, campagnard, pro-
 vincial; homme de la campagne, *m.*: *what*
— are you? de quel pays êtes-vous?

county, *n.*: comté, *m.*
coupé-pé, *n.*: coupé, compartiment, *m.*
coupée, *n.*: (dance) coupé, *m.*
1.coup-le, *n.*: couple, *f.*; (a male and
 female) couple, *m.*; (carp.) moise, *f.*
2.-le, *intr.*: s'accoupler; *tr.*: coupler,
 accoupler, joindre. **-led**, *adj.*: couplé;
 (arch.) accouplé. **-lement**, *n.*: union,
f. **-ler**, *n.*: celui (ce) qui couple; an-

neau; maillon, *m.*; chaîne, *f.* **-let**, *n.*:
 couplet, distique, *m.*

cōu-rage, *n.*: courage, *m.* **-râgeous**,
adj.: courageux. **-râgeously**, *adv.*:
 courageusement. **-râgeousness**, *n.*:
 courage, *m.*

cōurier, *n.*: courrier, *m.*

1.cōur-se, *n.*: cours, *m.*; course, carrière,
f.; (of life) genre; (at a meal) service;
 (duration) courant, *m.*; (for races) arène,
f., terrain de course; (for circus-races)
 hippodrome, *m.*; (mas.) assise, *f.*; (geol.)
 filon, *m.*; (nav.) route, *f.*; **-s**, (med.)
 règles, *f. pl.*: *in due —*, en ordre, en son
 temps, en temps utile; *in the — of*, dans
 le cours de; (of time) dans le courant de;
of —, naturellement; (jur.) de droit;
that is a matter of —, cela va sans dire;
take its —, prendre son cours. **2.-se**,
tr.: courir; faire courir, parcourir; *intr.*:
 courir. **-ser**, *n.*: coureur, coursier, *m.*

1.cōurt, *n.*: cour, *f.*; tribunal, *m.*; (small
 street) ruelle, *f.*: *criminal —*, cour de jus-
 tice criminelle; *go to —*, aller à la cour;
pay one's — to, faire sa cour à; *in open*
—, en plein tribunal. **2.court**, *tr.*: faire
 la cour à; courtoiser; fêter; solliciter; re-
 chercher. **-bred**, *adj.*: élevé à la cour.

-day, *n.*: jour d'audience, *m.* **-dress**,
n.: costume de cour. **-eous kūr't**,
adj.: courtois; poli. **-eously kūr't**,
adv.: courtoisement; poliment. **-eous-
 ness kūr't**, *n.*: courtoisie; politesse, *f.*
-er, *n.*: amant, *m.* **-esān kūr't**, *n.*:
 courtisane, *f.* **1.-esy kūr't**, *n.*: cour-
 toisie; politesse; (of women) révérence,
f. **2.-esy**, *intr.*: faire une révérence.
-ier, *n.*: courtisan, *m.* **-like**, *adj.*: de
 cour; poli; élégant. **-liness**, *n.*: esprit
 de la cour, *m.*, politesse, *f.* **1.-ly**, *adj.*:
 de cour; poli, galant. **2.-ly**, *adv.*: dans
 le ton de la cour; poliment, avec grâce.
-martial, *n.*: conseil de guerre, *m.*
-plaster, *n.*: taffetas d'Angleterre, *m.*
-ship, *n.*: assiduités auprès d'une femme,
f. pl., cour, *f.*

cōusin, *n.*: cousin, *m.*, cousine, *f.*

1.cōve, *n.*: (geog.) anse, *f.* **2.cove**,
tr.: voûter.

1.cōvenant, *n.*: convention, *f.*; (English
 hist.) covenant, *m.* **2.covenant**, *intr.*:
 stipuler; *tr.*: accorder par contrat.
-ée, *n.*: (jur.) créancier, *m.*, créancière, *f.*
-er, *n.*: partie contractante, *f.*; (jur.)
 débiteur, *m.*, débitrice, *f.*; (English hist.)
 covenantaire, *m.*

1.cōver, *tr.*: couvrir; cacher; (of birds)
 couvrir. **2.cover**, *n.*: couverture; (of a
 dish, a plate) cloche; (of a letter, a
 parcel) enveloppe; (of a chair, etc.) housse,
f.; (of a pot, a saucepan) couvercle; (bot.)
 involucre; (fig.) voile, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*:

couverture; enveloppe, *f.* **-let**, *n.*:
couvre-pied, *m.* 1. **-t**, *adj.*: couvert;
caché; insidieux; (*jur.*) en puissance
de mari. 2. **-t**, *n.*: couvert, abri; gîte,
m.; tanière, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: secrètement.
-ture, *n.*: abri; (*jur.*) état de la femme
en puissance de mari, *m.* **-t-way**, *n.*:
(*fort.*) chemin couvert, *m.*

côvet, *tr.*: convoiter; ambitionner; dési-
rer ardemment. **-able**, *adj.*: convoi-
table. **-ous**, *adj.*: avide, avare, cupide,
convoiteux. **-ously**, *adv.*: avec convoi-
tise; avidement. **-ousness**, *n.*: con-
voitise, avarice; cupidité, avidité, *f.*

côvey, *n.*: (*birds of the same nest*) cou-
vée; (*of birds*) volée, *f.*

côving, *n.*: voussure, *f.*

1. **côw**, *n.*: vache, *f.*: *milk* —, vache
laitière, vache à lait.

2. **côw**, *tr.*: intimider; dompter; acca-
bler.

côward **-erd**, *n.*: couard, poltron, *m.*,
poltronne, *f.*; lâche, *m.* **-iee**, *n.*: cou-
ardise, poltronnerie, lâcheté, *f.* **-liness**,
n.: couardise, lâcheté, *f.* 1. **-ly**, *adj.*:
couard, lâche, poltron. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: cou-
ardement, lâchement.

côw-bane, *n.*: (*bot.*) cicutaire aquatique,
f. **-berry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) airelle, canneberge,
f. **-boy**, *n.*: jeune vâcher; gardeur de
vaches, *m.* **-catcher**, *n.*: (*railways*)
chasse-pierres, *m.* **-dung**, *n.*: bouse de
vache, *f.*

côwer, *intr.*: s'accroupir, se blottir; s'af-
faïsser.

côw-grass, *n.*: (*bot.*) trèfle des prés,
m. **-herd**, *n.*: vacher, *m.*; vachère, *f.*;
nourrisseur, *m.*

côwl, *n.*: capuce; capuchon, *m.*

côw-leech, *n.*: vétérinaire pour les va-
ches, *m.* **-parsnip**, *n.*: (*bot.*) berce;
branche-ursine bâtarde, *f.* **-pen**, *n.*:
parc aux vaches, *m.* **-pox**, *n.*: (*med.*)
vaccine, *f.* **-shed**, *n.*: étable à vaches,
f. **-shot**, *n.*: (*orn.*) ramier, pigeon

ramier, *m.* **-slip**, *n.*: (*bot.*) primevère, *f.*
-s-lungwort, *n.*: (*bot.*) bouillon-blanc,
m. **-tree**, *n.*: arbre à la vache (*ga-*
lactodendron utile), *m.* **-weed**, *n.*:
cerfeuil sauvage, *m.* **-wheat**, *n.*: (*bot.*)
mélangère, blé de vache, *m.*; queue-de-
renard, *f.*

côx-cômb, *n.*: fat, petit-maitre, *m.*: (*bot.*)
côlosie, *f.*; passe-velours, *m.*; amarante, *f.*

-cômbical, *adj.*: fat; (*of things*) de
fat. **-cômbry**, *n.*: fatuité, *f.*

1. **côy**, *adj.*: modeste; timide; réservé.

2. **côy**, *intr.*: être réservé; se comporter
avec modestie, avec timidité. **-ly**, *adv.*:
modestement, timidement; avec réserve.

-ness, *n.*: modestie, timidité, réserve, *f.*

côz, abréviation de *cousin*, *cousin*, *m.*,

cousine, *f.* **-en**, *tr.*: duper, tromper.

-enage, *n.*: fourberie, tromperie, *f.*
-cner, *n.*: fourbe, trompeur.

cô-zily, *adv.*: à l'aise, agréablement.

-ziness, *n.*: confort, agrément, charme,
m. **-zy**, *adj.*: petit et commode, com-
fortable, coi; content; (*Engl.*) causeur,
sociable.

crâb, *n.*: crabe, cancre, *m.*; écrevisse de
mer; (*astron.*) cancer, *m.*; écrevisse, *f.*;
(*bot.*) pomme sauvage, *f.*; (*nav.*) cabestan

volant; (*of men*) loup-garou, *m.*; (*of*
women) pie-grièche, *f.* **-apple**, *n.*: pom-
me sauvage, *f.* **-bed**, *adj.*: acariâtre;
dur, bourru: — *look*, mine rechignée.

-bedly, *adv.*: d'une manière bourrue.

-bedness, *n.*: humeur acariâtre; âpreté,
rudesse, *f.* **-ber**, *n.*: rat d'eau, *m.*

-fish, *n.*: crabe, *m.*; écrevisse de mer, *f.*

-tree, *n.*: pommier sauvage, *m.*

1. **crâck**, *tr.*: fêler, faire fêler; gercer;
fendre; (*nuts, etc.*) casser; (*a whip*) faire
claquer; (*a bottle of wine*) faire sauter; (*a*
joke) dire, faire; (*one's fingers*) faire
craquer; (*fig.*) rompre, briser; *intr.*:
craquer, se fendre; (*of the ground, the*
skin) se gercer; (*of a whip*) claquer; (*of*
glass, pottery-ware) se fêler; (*fig.*)
rompre. 2. **crâck**, *n.*: (*action*) craque-
ment, *m.*; fente; (*in glass*) fêlure, *f.*;
(*pers.*) hâbleur, *m.*, hâbleuse, *f.*; hâble-
rie; (*tech.*) fissure, lézarde, *f.*: *in a* —,
en un clin d'œil. 3. **crâck**, *adj.*: excel-
lent, supérieur. **-brained**, *adj.*: tim-
bré. **-ed**, *adj.*: fendu, fêlé; (*fig.*) timbré.

-er, *n.*: vantard, craqueur; (*firework*)
pétard, *m.* **-le**, *tr.*: pétiller, craqueter.

-ling, *n.*: pétilllement; (*roasted pork*)
rissolé, *m.*; crotons. **-nel**, *n.*: craque-
lin, *m.*

1. **crâ-dle**, *n.*: berceau, *m.* 2. **-dle**, *tr.*:
coucher dans un berceau. **-dle-cap**, *n.*:
(*of children*) croûte de lait, *f.* **-dling**,
n.: (*arch.*) cintre; grillage, *m.*

crâft, *n.*: (*trade*) métier, *m.*; (*cunning*)
ruse; (*nav.*) embarcation, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*:
artificieusement, avec ruse. **-iness**, *n.*:
artifice, *m.*; ruse, astuce, *f.* **-sman**, *n.*:
artisan, *m.* **-smaster**, *n.*: maître en
son art, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: artificieux; rusé,
astucieux.

crâg, *n.*: rocher escarpé; roc; (*of meat*)
bout saigneux, *m.* **-ged**, *adj.*: rocaï-
leux; escarpé. **-gedness**, **-giness**, *n.*:
état rocaïlleux, *m.* **-gy**, *adj.*: rocaï-
leux.

crâm, *tr.*: fourrer, remplir; bourrer, far-
cir; (*work hard*) bûcher, piocher; pré-
parer à la hâte, préparer à un examen;
(*poultry*) gaver; *intr.*: se bourrer (se
gaver; se préparer pour un examen).

-mer, *n.*: celui qui bourre; bûcheur,

piocheur; préparateur aux examens, *m.*
-ming, *n.*: action de bourrer, *f.*; piochage, *m.*; préparation à l'examen, *f.*; chauffage, *m.*

1. crâmp, *n.*: crampe, *f.*, (*tech.*) crampon, *m.*; (*fig.*) gêne, entrave, *f.* **2. cramp**, *tr.*: tourmenter par la crampe; (*fig.*) gêner, entraver, restreindre; (*tech.*) cramponner: — *in*, sceller, cramponner; — *out*, arracher. **3. cramp**, *adj.*: difficile, fantastique. **-fish**, *n.*: torpille, *f.* **-iron**, *n.*: crampon, *m.* **-it**, *n.*: bouterolle, *f.*

crânage, *n.*: droit de grue, *m.*

crânberr, *n.*: (*bot.*) airelle, canneberge, *f.*

crânech = *crunch*.

crâne, *n.*: (*orni.*, *tech.*) grue, *f.*; (*hydr.*) siphon, *m.* **-bill**, *n.*: bec-de-grue, *m.*

crâni-al, *adj.*: du crâne. **-olôgical**, *adj.*: craniologique. **-ôlogist**, *n.*: craniologiste, *m.* **-ôlogy**, *n.*: craniologie, *f.* **-ômetry**, *n.*: craniométrie, *f.* **-ôscopy**, *n.*: cranioscopie, *f.* **-um**, *n.*: (*anat.*) crâne, *m.*

1. crânk, *n.*: (*tech.*) cran; axe coudé, *m.*, manivelle, *f.*; détour; jeu de mots, *m.* **2. crank**, *n.*: homme fantasque (d'idées billesvesées), fantasme, extravagant, *m.*; **crânk**: vif, gaillard, dispos, éveillé; (*nav.*) qui a le côté faible. **-ed**, *adj.*: pourvu d'un cran (d'une manivelle), coudé. **-iness**, *n.*: (*nav.*) tendance à chavirer; manque de stabilité; humeur extravagante, *f.*

1. crânkle, *intr.*: sortir et rentrer; aller en zigzag; *tr.*: couper en zigzag. **2. cran-kl**, *n.*: détour; zigzag, *m.*

crânk, *adj.*: plein d'esprit; fantasque, bizarre, porté à des lubies.

crân-nié, *adj.*: crevassé, gercé. **-ny**, *n.*: crevasse, fente, *f.*; trou, *m.*

1. crâpe, *n.*: crêpe, *m.* **2. crape**, *tr.*: crêper.

crâpulous, *adj.*: crapuleux.

1. crâsh, *intr.*: faire un grand fracas.

2. crash, *n.*: fracas; craquement, *m.*

crâsis, *n.*: (*gram.*) crase, *f.*

crâss, *adj.*: épais. **-itude**, *n.*: épaisseur, *f.*

crâte, *n.*: caisse à claire-voie, *f.*; panier à verrerie, *m.*

crâter, *n.*: cratère, *m.*

crâunch or **crunch**, *tr.*: croquer, broyer avec les dents.

cravât, *n.*: cravate, *f.*

crâve, *tr.*: solliciter; implorer; demander.

1. crâven, *adj.*: de lâche; poltron, lâche.

2. craven, *n.*: lâche, poltron, *m.*

3. craven, *tr.*: rendre lâche.

crâ-ver, *n.*: demandeur, solliciteur, *m.* **-ving**, *n.*: désir ardent, besoin impérieux, *m.*

crâw, *n.*: (*of a bird*) jabot, *m.*

crâwfish, *n.*: écrevisse, *f.*: *sea—*, langoustine, *f.*

crâwl, *intr.*: ramper; se traîner; avoir la chair de poule: *my flesh —s*, j'ai la chair de poule. **-er**, *n.*: reptile, *m.*

crâwfish = *crawfish*.

1. crâyon, *n.*: crayon de pastel; pastel, *m.* **2. crayon**, *tr.*: dessiner au pastel; crayonner.

crâ-ze, *tr.*: briser; broyer; frapper de folie; déranger le cerveau. **-zedness**, *n.*: caducité; aliénation mentale, *f.* **-ziness**, *n.*: caducité; démence, *f.* **-zy**, *adj.*: caduc; infirme; fou.

crêak, *intr.*: crier; craquer; (*of the crane*) glapir. **-ing**, *n.*: cri, *m.*

crêam, *n.*: crème, *f.*: — *cheese*, fromage à la crème, *m.*; *whipped —*, crème fouettée.

2. crêam, *tr.*: écrémer; *intr.*: crêmer.

-coloured, *adj.*: couleur café au lait, isabelle. **-y**, *adj.*: crémeux; de crème.

1. crêase, *n.*: pli; faux pli, *m.* **2. crease**, *tr.*: faire des plis à; faire des faux plis à; chiffonner.

crêasote, *n.*: crêasote, *f.*

crêa-te, *tr.*: créer; faire naître; causer; constituer. **-tion**, *n.*: création; nature, espèce, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: créateur. **-tor**, *n.*: créateur, *m.* **-ture** *krê-tûr*, *n.*: créature, *f.*; être, *m.*

crê-dence, *n.*: créance; croyance, *f.*: *give — to*, ajouter foi à. **-dondum** (*pl. -donda*), *n.*: article de foi, *m. pl.* **-dent**, *adj.*: crédule. **-dentials**, *n.*: lettres de créance, *f. pl.*

crê-dible, *adj.*: croyable. **-ibility**, *n.*: crédibilité, vérité, *f.*

-ibly, *adv.*: d'une manière digne de foi.

1. -it, *n.*: croyance, foi, *f.*; honneur; crédit, *m.*, influence, *f.*; (*com.*) crédit, *m.*: *give —*, faire crédit; *do — to*, faire honneur à; *worthy of —*, digne de foi; *on —*, à crédit. **2. -it**, *tr.*: ajouter foi à; croire à; faire honneur à; (*com.*) donner à crédit, faire crédit de; (*book-keeping*) créditer.

-itable, *adj.*: honorable, estimable. **-itableness**, *n.*: estime, *f.*

-itably, *adv.*: honorablement. **-itor**, *n.*: créancier, *m.*, créancière, *f.*; (*book-keeping*) crédit, avoir, *m.* **-üity**, *n.*: crédulité, *f.*

-ülous, *adj.*: crédule. **-ülousness**, *n.*: crédulité, *f.*

crêd, *n.*: credo, *m.*; croyance, foi, *f.*; symbole, *m.*; profession de foi, *f.*: *the Apostles' —*, le symbole des Apôtres.

crêek, *n.*: (*geog.*) crique, anse, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: plein de crique; sinueux.

crêep (*pret.*, *part. crept*), *intr.*: se traîner, ramper; se glisser: — *in*, se glisser dans; *s'insinuer* dans; — *on*, s'avancer peu à peu; s'avancer en rampant; — *out*,

sortir en rampant; sortir à l'improviste; s'esquiver. -**er**, n.: reptile; (orn.) grimpeur, m.: (bot.) plante grimpante, f. -**hole**, n.: trou, m.; (fig.) échappatoire, f., faux-fuyant, m. -**ingly**, adv.: en rampant; lentement.

crémation, n.: (of the dead) crémation, f.

crêna-te or -ted, adj.: entaillé; échan-cré. -**ture**, n.: crénelure, f.

crê-nellated, adj.: crénelé. -**nelled**, adj.: entaillé, échan-cré.

crêole, n.: créole, m., f.

crêosote = *creasote*.

crêpi-tant, adj.: crépitant, pétillant.

-tation, décré-pitation, cré-pitation, f.

-tate, intr.: décré-piter, cré-piter.

cre-pûs-cle, -**pûs-cle**, n.: crépuscule, m.

-pûs-cular, -**pûs-culous**, adj.: cré-pusculaire.

cre-scên-do, adv.: (mus.) crescendo.

1.crê-s-cent, n.: croissant, m. **2.-cent**, -**eive**, adj.: croissant.

crêss, n.: cresson, m.

crêss-et, n.: feu de fanal, flambeau, m.; torche, f.

1.crêst, n.: (of a cock) crête; (orn.)

huppe; (of a peacock) aigrette, f.; (of a helmet; her.) cimier, m.; (anat., fig.)

crête, f. **2.crest**, tr.: orner d'un cimier.

-ed, adj.: orné d'un cimier; à crête; huppé; à aigrette. **-fallen**, adj.: abattu,

penaud. **-less**, adj.: sans crête; sans cimier.

crê-tacé-ous, adj.: crê-tacé.

Crê-tan, adj. or n.: crêtois.

crê-tin, n.: crétin, m. **-ism**, n.: crétinisme, m.

crê-vée, n.: crevasse, f.

crêw, n.: bande, f.; (nav.) équipage, m.

crêw-el, n.: laine à border, f.

1.crib, n.: berceau, lit d'enfant, m.; (in

a stable) crèche, mangeoire, f. **2.crib**,

tr.: enfermer dans une place étroite; res-

serrer; piller, chiper; intr.: se presser,

se serrer; faire des notes illicites (dans

un livre, etc., pour un examen).

crick, n.: douleur spasmodique; crampe, f.

1.crick-et, n.: (ent.) grillon, cricket.

2.crick-et, n.: (stool) tabouret, m.; (game)

crosse, f.

crier, n.: crieur; (of a court) huissier, m.

crime, n.: crime, m.: heinous —, for-

fait, crime énorme, m.; charge with a —,

accuser d'un crime. **-ful**, adj.: criminel.

-less, adj.: exempt de crime, innocent.

1.crimi-nal, adj.: criminel. **2.-nal**, n.:

criminel, m. **-nally**, adv.: criminelle-

ment. **-nalness**, n.: culpabilité, crimi-

nalité, f. **-nate**, tr.: incriminer. **-nâ-**

-tion, n.: incrimination, accusation. **-na-**

-tive, **-natory**, adj.: accusatoire.

1.crimp, adj.: friable; fragile.

2.crimp, n.: commissionnaire pour la

vente de la houille; (for the army, navy)

racoleur, m.; maître d'une auberge vile

(où l'on amorce des matelots, etc.), hôte-

lier bas.

3.crimp, tr.: gaufrer; friser, boucler;

pincer, saisir; (cook.) briser, rendre fri-

able. **-le**, tr.: plisser.

1.crim-son, n.: cramoisi; rouge, incarnat,

m. **2.crim-son**, adj.: cramoisi; rouge,

incarnat. **3.crim-son**, tr.: teindre en

cramoisi; intr.: se teindre en cramoisi;

rougir.

1.cringe, tr.: contracter, froncer; intr.:

faire des courbettes; ramper. — **to**, faire

le chien couchant auprès de. **2.cringe**,

n.: courbette; basse servilité, f.

cringle, n.: osier pour assujettir une

porte, m.; (nav.) branche de bouline, f.

crinigerous, adj.: velu; couvert de

poil.

crinkle, intr.: serpenter; aller en zig-

zag; intr.: former en zigzag.

crinô-sity, n.: abondance de poil, f.

1.crip-ple, n.: boiteux, m., boiteuse, f.;

estropié, m. **2.crip-ple**, adj.: boiteux,

estropié. **3.crip-ple**, tr.: estropier; met-

tre hors de combat; (nav.) causer des

avaries à. **-ness**, n.: état d'une per-

sonne estropiée, m.

crisis (pl. *crises*), n.: crise, f.

1.crisp, adj.: fragile, friable; croquant;

(bot.) crépu, crispé; (of hair) frisé, bouclé.

2.crisp, tr.: friser, boucler; (stuffs) cré-

per; (fig.) faire serpenter. **3.crisp**, n.:

chose friable, f.; couenne rôtie (peau du

cochon de lait croquante): *burned to a —*,

brûlé (rôti) dur, rôti à mort. **-ing**, n.:

action de friser, de boucler, f. **-ing-**

iron, **-ing-pin**, n.: fer à friser, m.

-ness, n.: fragilité; qualité de ce qui

est croquant, sec, cassant, f.; état de ce

qui est frisé, m.; frisure, f. **-y**, adj.:

frisé; croquant, sec, cassant.

crité-ri-on, n.: épreuve, f.; criterium, m.

criti-c, n.: critique, m. **-cal**, adj.: de

la critique; critique; délicat: — *affair*,

affaire délicate, f. **-cally**, adv.: d'une

manière critique; de crise. **-calness**, n.:

caractère critique, m. **-eise**, tr.: criti-

quer, faire la critique de; intr.: faire de

la critique. **-eism**, n.: critique, censure,

f. **-que** *it's*, n.: observation critique;

critique, f.

1.croak, intr.: (of frogs) coasser; (of

rooks) croasser; (fig.) gronder, grogner.

2.croak, n.: (of frogs) coassement; (of

rooks) croassement, m. **-er**, n.: gro-

gnon; faiseur de jérémiades, m. **-ing** =

2.croak.

croceous, adj.: safrané.

crock, n.: pot de terre, m.; suie, f.; noir

de fumée, m. -ery, -ery-ware, n.: faïence, f.

crôcodile, n.: crocodile, m.

crôcus, n.: safran, crocus, m.

crôft, n.: petit clos, m.

crôisâde = *crusade*.

crône, n.: vieille brebis; vieille femme, f.

crônnet, n.: (vet.) couronne, f.

crôny, n.: vieux ami; compère, m.

1. crôok, n.: courbure; (of a shepherd)

houlette, f.; (fig.) détour, m. **2. crook**,

tr.: courber, torturer; plier. -**back**, n.:

bossu, m., bossue, f. -**backed**, adj.: à

dos voûté; voûté; bossu. -**ed**, adj.:

courbe; courbé; tortueux; crochu; (fig.)

pervers; tortu, de travers. -**edly**, adv.:

tortueusement. -**edness**, n.: courbure,

f.; état tortu; (fig.) travers, m., perversité, f.

-**kneed**, adj.: bancal, cagneux.

-**legged**, adj.: bancal, qui a les jambes

cagneuses, tortues: be —, avoir les jam-

bues cagneuses, tortues, être bancal.

-**neck**, n.: (bot.) gourde; calebasse, f.

-**shouldered**, adj.: qui a une épaule

plus haute que l'autre.

1. crôp, n.: fécime (bout supérieur de

quelque chose), f.; (of a bird) jabot, m.;

(agri., hort.) récolte, f.; cheveux coupés

courts. **2. crop**, tr.: couper (les bords);

faucher, récolter, moissonner; (horses)

écourter; (of animals) brouter; donner

une récolte. -**ear**, n.: cheval essorillé,

cheval betraudé, m. -**per**, n.: pigeon à

grosse gorge, m. -**ping**, n.: action de

couper; mutilation; (of animals) action

de brouter; (agri.) exploitation d'un

champ, f.

crôsier, n.: (of a bishop) crosse, f. -**ed**,

adj.: crosé.

crôset, n.: (her.) croisette, f.

1. crôss, n.: croix, f.; (of roads, streets)

carrefour, m.; (fig.) revers, m., traverse,

f. **2. cross**, adj.: oblique; en travers;

de travers; fâcheux, contraire; bourru;

méchant, de mauvaise humeur: — *woman*,

femme de mauvaise humeur, f.; — *an-*

swer, réponse de travers, f. **3. cross**, tr.:

croiser; faire le signe de la croix sur;

faire une croix sur; (fig.) franchir, tra-

verser; contrarier, contre-carrer: — *out*,

effacer, rayer; — *over*, traverser; — *a*

threshold, franchir un seuil. **4. cross**,

intr.: être en travers; traverser. **5. cross**,

prep.: à travers. -**armed**, adj.: qui a

les bras croisés; (bot.) à paires croisées;

opposés, croisé. -**arrow**, n.: flèche d'ar-

bale, f., carreau, m. -**bar**, n.: (carp.)

traverse, f. -**bar-shot**, n.: (artil.) bou-

let ramé, ange, m. -**battery**, n.: (milit.)

contre-batterie, f. -**beam**, n.: (carp.)

traverse, f., traversin, m., solive croisée,

f.; (nav.) traversin, m. -**bearer**, n.:

porte-croix, m. -**berry**, n.: (bot.) cama-

rine, f. **1. -bite**, n.: tromperie, four-

berie, f. **2. -bite**, tr.: tromper, duper.

-**bow**, n.: arbalète, f. -**bow-man**, n.:

arbalétrier, m. -**breed**, n.: race croi-

sée, f. -**breeding**, n.: croisement, m.

-**bun**, n.: baba marqué d'une croix, m.

-**cut**, tr.: couper en travers. -**cut-**

saw, n.: scie à deux mains, f. -**ex-**

amination, n.: (jur.) interrogatoire

contradictoire, m. -**examine**, tr.:

(jur.) interroger contradictoirement.

-**flow**, intr.: couler dans une direction

opposée. -**framing**, n.: (carp.) tra-

verse, f. -**grained**, adj.: (of wood)

dont la veine est à rebours; (pers.) re-

bours, revêche: be —, avoir l'esprit mal

tourné; être acariâtre. -**hands**, n.:

(dancing) chaîne anglaise, f. -**hatch**,

tr.: (enr.) contre-hacher. -**hatching**,

n.: (enr.) contre-hachure, f. -**ing**, n.:

passage pour les piétons sur une route,

dans une rue, etc.; signe de croix; (rail-

ways) croisement; passage à niveau, m.;

(of animals) croisement; (fig.) travers,

m. -**jack**, n.: (nav.) voile carrée, f.

-**legged**, adj.: qui a les jambes croi-

sées. -**like**, adj.: (bot.) cruciforme; en

croix; (surg.) crucial. -**ly**, adv.:

en travers; (fig.) malheureusement; mal; de

travers; avec mauvaise humeur. -**ness**,

n.: travers, m.; mauvaise humeur, mé-

chanceté, f. -**pawl**, n.: (nav.) lisse, f.

-**piece**, n.: (carp.) entretoise; traverse,

f. -**post**, n.: service de correspondance

des postes, m. -**purpose**, n.: système

contraire, but contraire, m., opposition,

contradiction, f.; contresens; malentendu,

m.; énigme, f.: be at —, se contrecarrer.

-**question**, tr.: interroger contradictoi-

rement. -**road**, n.: chemin de traverse,

m. -**shaped**, adj.: en forme de croix;

cruciforme. -**wind**, n.: vent contraire,

m. -**wise**, adv.: en croix; en forme de

croix; en travers; en sautoir.

crôchet, n.: (maz.) étai, m.; (muz.)

noire, f.; (surg.) crochet, m.; (whim) lubie,

marotte, f. -**ed**, adj.: (muz.) mesuré. -**y**,

adj.: sujet aux lubies.

crôuch, intr.: se tapir; se blottir; (fig.)

ramper, s'abaisser, faire le chien couchant.

1. crôup, n.: (med.) croup, m.

2. crôup, n.: (of animals) croupe, f.; (of

birds) croupion, m. -**ade**, n.: croupade,

f. -**ier**, n.: (at games) croupier; vice-

président (de banquets).

crôupy, adj.: croupal.

1. crôw (reg.; or pret. *crew*, part. *ferown*),

intr.: chanter: — *over*, chanter victorieux

sur. **2. crow**, n.: chant du coq, m.

3. crôw, n.: (orni.) corneille, f.; levier de

fer, m. -**bar**, n.: pince, f., levier, m.

1. crôied, *tr.*: presser; serrer: — *with*, remplir de; *intr.*: affluer; se presser; se présenter en foule: — *sail*, (*nav.*) forcer de voiles. **2. crowd**, *n.*: foule, *f.*
crôie-foot, *n.*: (*milit.*) chausse-trape; (*bot.*) renoncule; (*nav.*) araignée, *f.*
-keeper, *n.*: épouvantail, *m.*
1. crôwn, *n.*: couronne, *f.*; sommet; (*piece of money*) écu, *m.*, couronne, *f.*; (*nav.*) collet, *m.*; (*of a hat*) calotte; (*of a stag*) couronnure, *f.*; (*of the head*) sommet; accomplissement, *m.* **2. crown**, *tr.*: couronner; (*at draughts*) damer. **-land**, *n.*: domaine de la couronne, *m.* **-side**, *n.*: (*jur.*) cour criminelle, *f.* **-wheel**, *n.*: (*horl.*) roue de champ, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: (*fort.*) ouvrage à couronne, *m.*
crôie's-foot, *n.*: pied de corneille, *m.*; patte d'oie (ride à l'angle de l'œil), *f.*; (*bot.*) pied de cerf, *m.*
crôzer, *n.*: jabloire, *f.*
crû-cal, *adj.*: crucial, en croix. **-cible**, *n.*: creuset, *m.* **-ciferous**, *adj.*: crucifère. **-cifier**, *n.*: celui qui crucifie, *m.* **-cifix**, *n.*: crucifix, *m.* **-cifixion**, *n.*: crucifiement, crucifiment, *m.*; crucifixion, *f.* **-ciform** *ô*, *adj.*: cruciforme. **-cify**, *tr.*: crucifier.
crû-de, *adj.*: cru. **-dely**, *adv.*: crûment. **-deness**, *n.*: crûdité, *f.* **-dity**, *n.*: crûdité, *f.*; (*med.*) substance non digérée, *f.*
crûel, *adj.*: cruel. **-ly**, *adv.*: cruellement. **-ness**, *n.*: cruauté, *f.* **-ty**, *n.*: cruauté, *f.*
crûet, *n.*: vinaigrier, huilier, *m.* **-stand**, *n.*: huilier; porte-huilier, *m.*
1. crû-ge, *intr.*: croiser; faire la course. **2. -se**, *n.*: croisière, course, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: croiseur, *m.*
crûm-b, *n.*: mie; miette, *f.* **-ble**, *tr.*: émietter; émietter; broyer; réduire en poussière; *intr.*: s'émietter; s'émietter; tomber en poussière. **-bled**, *adj.*: réduit en miettes, tombé en ruines. **-bling**, *adj.*: qui s'émiette, qui tombe en poussière (en ruines). **-my**, *adj.*: plein de mie.
crûmp, *adj.*: courbé, crochu.
crûmpet, *n.*: gâteau à la farine, *m.*
crûmpl-e, *tr.*: rider; chiffonner; froiser; *intr.*: se rider, se chiffonner. **-ing**, *n.*: pomme ratatinée, *f.*
crûnch = *craunch*.
crûor, *n.*: cruor; caillot, *m.*
crûpper, *n.*: croupe; croupière, *f.*
crûral, *adj.*: crural.
crûsà-de, *n.*: croisade, *f.* **-dôr**, *n.*: croisé, *m.*
crûset, *n.*: creuset, *m.*
1. crûsh, *tr.*: écraser; détruire. **2. crush**, *n.*: écrasement, choc, *m.* **-igg**, *n.*:

broiement, broiement, écrasement, *m.*
-igg-machine, *n.*: machine à broyer, *f.*; (*metal*) board, *m.*
1. crûst, *n.*: croûte, *f.* **2. crust**, *tr.*: encroûter; couvrir d'une croûte; *intr.*: s'encroûter. **-âcea**, *n. pl.*: crustacés, *m. pl.* **-âceous**, *adj.*: crustacé. **-ily**, *adv.*: d'une manière morose, d'une manière hargneuse. **-iness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui a de la croûte; (*fig.*) humeur hargneuse, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: qui a beaucoup de croûte; hargneux, morose.
1. crûteh, *n.*: béquille, *f.* **2. cruteh**, *tr.*: soutenir avec des béquilles.
1. crÿ, *intr.*: crier; (*to weep*) pleurer: — aloud, élever la voix; — out, s'écrier; crier; se récrier; — to, réclamer, invoquer. **2. cry**, *tr.*: crier: — down, décrier; — out, crier très fort; — up, exalter, prôner; vanter. **3. cry**, *n.*: cri, *m.*; (*pack of hounds*) meute, *f.* **1. -ing**, *n.*: cri, *m.*, (*weeping*) action de pleurer, *f.*, pleurs, *m. pl.* **2. -ing**, *adj.*: criant.
crypt, *n.*: crypte, *f.* **-ie(al)**, *adj.*: secret, occulte. **-ically**, *adv.*: secrètement. **-ogam**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cryptogame, *f.* **-ogamous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) cryptogame. **-ography**, *n.*: cryptographie, sténographie, *f.*
1. crÿstal, *n.*: cristal, *m.* **2. crystal**, *adj.*: de cristal. **-line**, *adj.*: cristallin: — lens, (*of the eye*) cristallin, *m.* **-lisa-tion**, *n.*: cristallisation, *f.* **-lise**, *tr.*: cristalliser; *intr.*: se cristalliser.
1. cûb, *n.*: petit; (*of a bear*) ourson; (*of a lion*) lionceau; (*of a fox*) renardeau, *m.*: an unlucky —, un ours mal léché. **2. cub**, *intr.*: mettre bas.
cû-bature, *n.*: cubature, cubation, *f.*, cubage, *m.* **1. -be**, *n.*: cube, *m.*: — root, racine cubique, *f.* **2. -be**, *tr.*: cuber.
cûbeb, *n.*: cubèbe, *m.*
cûbi-c, **-cal**, *adj.*: cubique, cube. **-form**, *adj.*: cubique, en cube.
cûbit, *n.*: (*anat.*) cubitus, *m.*; (*measure*) coudée, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: cubital.
cûcking-stool, *n.*: (*jur.*) sellette de correction, *f.*
1. cûck-old **-ûld**, *n.*: cocu, cornard, *m.* **2. -old**, *tr.*: faire cocu. **-oldom**, *n.*: cocuage, *m.*
cûckoo, *n.*: coucou, *m.*
cûculla-te, *adj.*: encapuchonné.
cûcumber, *n.*: concombre, *m.*
cû-cûrbitâ-ceous, *adj.*: cucurbitace. **-cûrbite**, *n.*: cucurbite, *f.*
cûd, *n.*: aliments contenus dans le premier estomac des ruminants, *m. pl.*: (*of ruminants*) panse; chique de tabac, *f.*
cûdbear, *n.*: couleuvre violette; prune de Monsieur, *f.*
cûddle, *tr.*: embrasser étroitement;

- intr.**: se blottir; s'embrasser étroitement, s'étreindre.
- cuddy**, *n.*: (nav.) cuisine, *f.*; (ichth.) charbonnier, *m.*
- 1.cudgel**, *n.*: gourdin; bâton, *m.*
- 2.cudgel**, *tr.*: bâtonner. **-proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve du gourdin.
- 1.cue**, *n.*: queue, *f.*, bout, *m.*; queue de billard; (theat.) réplique, *f.*; (fig.) avis, mot, *m.*, instruction, *f.*, (theat.) rôle, *m.*; (fig.) veine, *f.*
- 2.cue**, *tr.*: tresser en queue.
- 1.cuff**, *tr.*: souffleter; donner des coups de patte à. **2.cuff**, *n.*: coup de poing; coup de patte, *m.*; taloche, *f.*; (of a coat, etc.) parement; (of a gown) poignet, *m.*; manchette, *f.*
- cuirass**, *n.*: cuirasse, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: cuirassé, vêtu d'armure. **-ier**, *n.*: cuirassier, *m.*
- cuish**, *cuisse*, *n.*: cuissard, *m.*
- culinary**, *adj.*: de cuisine; culinaire.
- cull**, *tr.*: recueillir, cueillir, choisir.
- cullender**, *n.*: couloire, passoire, *f.*
- cüller**, *n.*: personne qui choisit, *f.*
- cul-lion**, *n.*: drôle; nigaud; (bot.) orchis, *m.*
- lionly**, *adj.*: de drôle; vilement. **-ly**, *n.*: dupe, *f.* **-ly**, *tr.*: duper.
- culm**, *n.*: (bot.) chaume, *m.*; (min.) houille sèche, *f.*
- culmi-nate**, *intr.*: (astron.) culminer.
- nâtion**, *n.*: (astron.) culmination, *f.*
- culpable**, *adj.*: coupable. **-bility**, **-bleness**, *n.*: culpabilité, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: coupablement, d'une manière coupable.
- cûlpit**, *n.*: accusé, *m.*, accusée, *f.*; criminel, *m.*, criminelle, *f.*
- cûlter**, *n.*: soc, coultre, *m.*
- cûlti-vable**, *adj.*: cultivable. **-vate**, *tr.*: cultiver. **-vâtion**, *n.*: culture, *f.* **-vâtor**, *n.*: cultivateur, *m.*
- cûl-trate**, **-triform** *ô*, *adj.*: cultriforme.
- 1.culture**, *n.*: culture, *f.* **2.-ture**, *tr.*: cultiver.
- 1.cûlver**, *n.*: pigeon ramier, *m.*
- 2.cûlver**, **-in**, *n.*: coulevrine, *f.*
- cûlvert**, *n.*: rigole, *f.*; petit aqueduc, *m.*
- cûmbent**, *adj.*: couché, en repos.
- 1.cûm-ber**, *tr.*: embarrasser; encombrer.
- 2.-ber**, *n.*: embarrass, obstacle, *m.* **-ber-some** **-sûm**, *adj.*: embarrassant; gênant.
- bersomely**, *adv.*: d'une manière embarrassante. **-someness**, *n.*: embarrass, fardeau, *m.* **-brance**, *n.*: embarrass, fardeau, *m.* **-brous**, *adj.*: embarrassant, gênant, accablant, à charge.
- cûmin**, *n.*: (bot.) cumin, *m.*
- cûmulate**, *tr.*: cumuler. **-lâtton**, *n.*: cumulation, *f.*
- cû-neal**, *adj.*: en coin; cunéaire. **-ne-ate**, **-neated**, *adj.*: en coin, cunéaire.
- nôiform**, **-niform** *ô*, *adj.*: cunéiforme.
- 1.cûnning**, *adj.*: fin, rusé, adroit.
- 2.cûnning**, *n.*: finesse; adresse; ruse, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: avec finesse; avec artifice; adroitement; par ruse. **†-man**, *n.*: devin; sorcier, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: ruse, finesse, *f.*
- 1.cûp**, *n.*: tasse, coupe, *f.*; (bot.) calice, *m.*; cupule (du gland), *m.*; ventouse, *f.*: in one's —, dans les vignes du Seigneur.
- 2.cûp**, *tr.*: verser à boire; ventouser.
- bearer**, *n.*: échanton, *m.* **-board kûberd**, *n.*: armoire, *f.*; buffet, *m.* **-el kû**, *n.*: (chem.) coupelle, *f.* **-ellâtton kû**, *n.*: coupellation, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: tasse pleine, tasse.
- cûpidity**, *n.*: cupidité, *f.*
- cûpola**, *n.*: coupole, *f.*
- cûp-per**, *n.*: ventouseur, *m.* **-ping**, *n.*: application de ventouses, *f.* **-ping-glass**, *n.*: ventouse, *f.*
- cûpreous**, *adj.*: cuivreux.
- cûpulate**, *adj.*: (bot.) muni d'une cupule, cupulé. **-le**, *n.*: (bot.) cupule, *f.*
- cûr**, *n.*: mauvais chien, chien hargneux, *m.*
- cûra-ble**, *adj.*: guérissable, curable.
- bility**, **-bleness**, *n.*: curabilité, *f.*
- cûraçoa** **-sô**, *n.*: curaçao (liqueur), *m.*
- cû-raey**, *n.*: vicariat, *m.* **-rate**, *n.*: vicaire; pasteur, *m.* **-rative**, *adj.*: curatif. **-râtor**, *n.*: curateur, administrateur, *m.* **-râtrix**, *n.*: curatrice, *f.* **-râtorship**, *n.*: office de curateur, *m.*
- 1.cûrb**, *tr.*: (man.) gourmer; (fig.) réprimer, brider. **2.cûrb**, *n.*: frein, *m.*; (man.) gourmette; (of a well) margelle; (of a foot-pavement) bordure; (vet.) tare, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: (of a foot pavement) bordure, *f.*
- cûrcû'lio**, *n.*: (ent.) charançon, *m.*
- cûrcuma**, *n.*: (bot.) curcuma, *m.*
- 1.cûrd**, *n.*: lait caillé, *m.* **2.cûrd**, *tr.*: cailler, figer; *tr.*: faire cailler. **-ing**, *n.*: caillage, *m.* **-le**, *tr.*: cailler; figer; *intr.*: se cailler; se coaguler, se figer. **-y**, *adj.*: caillé.
- 1.cû-re**, *n.*: guérison; cure, *f.*; remède, *m.*: — of souls, charge d'âmes, *f.* **2.-re**, *tr.*: guérir; (meat, etc.) mariner, saler. **-reless**, *adj.*: incurable. **-rer**, *n.*: guérisseur; (of meat, etc.) saleur, *m.*
- cû-rfêw**, *n.*: couvre-feu, *m.* **-bell**, *n.*: couvre-feu, *m.*
- cûri-ôcity**, *n.*: curiosité, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: curieux; exact; délicat. **-ously**, *adv.*: curieusement.
- 1.cûrl**, *tr.*: boucler; friser; (fig.) faire onduler; *intr.*: friser, boucler; (of the serpent) se replier, s'entortiller; (of the vine) s'entrelacer.
- 2.cûrl**, *n.*: boucle, *f.*: —s, frisure, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: (bot.) crispé, crépu.
- cû-rlêw**, *n.*: (orn.) courlieu, courlis, *m.*
- cû-rliness**, *n.*: frisure, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*:

frisure, *f.* **-ling-irons, -ling-tongs**, *n. pl.*: fer à friser, *m. sing.* **-l-paper**, *n.*: (for the hair) papillote, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: frisé; bouclé; (*fig.*) qui ondule.

curmudgeon, *n.*: grognon; ladre, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: en ladre, de ladre.

cûrrant, *n.*: groseille, *f.*: **dried** —, raisin de Corinthe, *m.*; **black** —, cassis, *m.*; **red** —, groseille rouge, *f.*; **white** —, groseille blanche, *f.* **-bush**, *n.*: groseiller, *m.*

cûrr-ency, *n.*: (of money) cours, *m.*, circulation, *f.*; (*fig.*) cours, crédit, *m.*, vogue, *f.*: **legal** —, monnaie légale, *f.*; **paper** —, circulation de papier-monnaie, *f.*; **give** — to, donner cours à. 1. **-ent**, *adj.*: courant; (*fig.*) admis, reçu. 2. **-ent**, *n.*: courant d'eau; courant; cours; entraînement, *m.* 3. **-ent**, *tr.*: incliner pour faciliter l'écoulement des eaux. **-ently**, *adv.*: continuellement; avec un mouvement continu; couramment. **-icle**, *n.*: cabriolet à pompe, *m.*

cûrrier, *n.*: corroyeur, *m.*

cûrrish, *adj.*: comme un chien; hargneux. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière hargneuse.

cûrry, *tr.*: corroyer; (a horse) étriller; rosser: — favour with, s'insinuer dans les bonnes grâces de. **-comb**, *n.*: étrille, *f.*

1. **cûr-se**, *tr.*: maudire; intr.: proférer des malédictions. 2. **-se**, *n.*: malédiction, *f.* **-sed**, *adj.*: maudit, exécrable. **-sedly**, *adv.*: abominablement; terriblement. **-sedness**, *n.*: noirceur, *f.*

cûrship, *n.*: nature hargneuse, *f.*

cûrsing, *n.*: malédiction, *f.*

cûrsitor, *n.*: greffier de la Cour de Chancellerie, *m.*

cûr-sive, *adj.*: cursif. **-sor**, *n.*: (geom.) curseur. **-sorily**, *adv.*: rapidement; à la hâte. **-soriness**, *n.*: rapidité, *f.* **-sory**, *adj.*: rapide, léger, superficiel.

†cûrst, *adj.*: revêche, bourru; grossier; insolent.

cûrt, *adj.*: court, bref; sec. **-âil**, *tr.*: retrancher; réduire; écourter: — of, priver de. **-tailment**, *n.*: réduction, *f.*; retranchement, *m.*

1. **cûrtain**, *n.*: rideau, *m.*; (fort.) cour-tine, *f.*; (theat.) rideau, *m.*, toile, *f.*; **†dra-peau**, *m.*: — lecture, sermon conjugale, *f.*; — rod, tringle, *f.* 2. **cûrtain**, *tr.*: garnir de rideaux; (*fig.*) envelopper.

cûrt-ly, *adv.*: courtement, brièvement. **-ness**, *n.*: brièveté, *f.*

cûrtsy = *courtesy*.

cûr-vate, **-vated**, *adj.*: courbé. **-vâ-tion**, *n.*: courbure, *f.* **-vature**, *n.*: courbure, *f.* 1. **-ve**, *adj.*: courbe. 2. **-ve**, *n.*: (geom.) courbe, *f.* 3. **-ve**, *tr.*: courber, cintrer. 1. **-vet**, *n.*: (man.) courbette,

f. 2. **-vet**, *intr.*: (man.) faire des courbettes; sauter; gambader. **-vilineal**, **-vilinear**, *adj.*: curviligne.

1. **cûsh-ion**, *n.*: coussin; (of a steam engine) matelas; (of a pump) coussinet, *m.* 2. **cûshion**, *tr.*: asseoir sur un coussin. **-ed**, *adj.*: placé sur un coussin.

cûsp, *n.*: ongle aigu; corne du croissant, *f.*; (arch.) lobe; pointu; (bot.) point aigu, *m.* **†-ated**, **-idal**, *adj.*: terminé en pointe. **-idated**, *adj.*: terminé en pointe.

cûstard, *n.*: crème cuite au four, *f.*; flan, *m.*

cûstody, *n.*: garde; arrestation, *f.*: **give any one into** —, faire arrêter quelqu'un; **commit to any one's** —, confier à la garde de quelqu'un; **in** —, en état d'arrestation.

cûstom, *n.*: coutume, habitude; douane; (of a shop) pratique, *f.*, chaland, *m. pl.*; **†Fr. chalandise**, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: habituel, accoutumé. **-ableness**, *n.*: fréquence,

f. **-ably**, *adv.*: de coutume; par habitude, habituellement. **-arily**, *adv.*: ordinairement, d'habitude. **-ariness**, *n.*: habitude, fréquence, *f.* **-ary**, *adj.*: ordinaire; coutumier; d'usage. **-duty**, *n.*: droit de douane, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: accoutumé; achalandé. **-er**, *n.*: chaland, *m.*; pratique, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: douane, *f.*

1. **cût** (pret., part. cut), *tr.*: couper; tailler; trancher; intr.: couper, se couper: — **one's teeth**, faire ses dents; — **a figure**, faire figure; — **a loaf**, entamer un pain; — **down**, abattre; — **off**, supprimer; retrancher; extirper; éliminer; séparer; — **small**, hacher; rapetisser; — **short**, interrompre; abréger; — **to the heart**, fâcher, faire enrager; — **up**, ouvrir; couper; trancher; disséquer; découper; — **asunder**, déchirer; couper; briser; — **down**, couper; scier; dépendre; — **off**, couper; trancher; tailler; priver; retrancher; empêcher; — **out**, tailler; couper. 2. **cût**, *n.*: (with a sharp instrument) coup; (piece cut off) morceau, *m.*; (place cut open) coupure; (of clothes) coupe; (engr.) gravure; (at cards) coupe; (channel) coupure, dérivation, *f.*; (words) ironie incisive, *f.*, reproche vif, mot piquant, *m.*; (short way) traverse, le plus court, au plus court.

cûtaneous, *adj.*: cutané.

cûteh, *n.*: cachou; frai d'huître, *m.*

cû-ticle, *n.*: cuticule, *f.*; épiderme, *m.* **-ticular**, *adj.*: cutané.

cût-lass, *n.*: coutelas, *m.* **-ler**, *n.*: coutelier, *m.* **-lery**, *n.*: coutellerie, *f.*

cûtlet, *n.*: côtelette de veau, *f.*

cû't-purse, *n.*: coupeur de bourse, *m.* **-ter**, *n.*: coupeur; (nav.) canot, cutter; (tech.) taillant, *m.* **-throat**, *n.*: coupe-

jarret, m.: — place, coupe-gorge, m.
1. **-ting**, n.: incision; (of wood, of cards) coupe; (hort.) bouture, f. 2. **-ting**, adj.: incisif; piquant; poignant. **-ting-engine**, n.: machine à diviser, f. **-ting-knife**, n.: (print.) coupoir, m. **-ting-out-machine**, n.: (coin.) emporte-pièce, m. **-ting-press**, n.: (bookbind.) rognoir, m.

cuttle-fish, n.: (mol.) sèche, seiche, f. **-bone**, n.: (conch.) os de sèche, m.

cut-water, n.: (engineering) avant-bec; arrière-bec; (orn.) coupeur d'eau, bec-en-ciseaux; (nav.) taille-mer, m.

1. **-ey-cle**, n.: cercle; (chron.) cycle; vélocipède, m.: — of the sun, cycle solaire; — of the moon, cycle lunaire. 2. **-cle**, intr.: passer par un cycle de changements; retourner par des cycles; tourner; aller au vélocipède. **-clôid**, n.: cycloïde, f.

ey-clop, n.: cyclope, m. **-clôpean**, adj.: cyclopéen.

cyclopédia, etc. = *encyclopedia*, etc.

ey-clôpic, adj.: de cyclope; cyclopéen.

ey-gnet, n.: jeune cygne, m.

ey-linder, n.: cylindre; (of a pump) corps de pompe, m. **-lindræceous**, adj.: cylindracé. **-lindric(al)**, adj.: cylindrique.

eymâtium, n.: (arch.) cymaise, f.

eymbal, n.: cymbale, f. **-player**, n.: cymbalier, m.

1. **-eyni-c**, **-cal**, adj.: sévère; austère; cynique. 2. **-c**, n.: cynique, m. **-cally**, adj.: cyniquement, d'une manière cynique. **-calness**, n.: cynisme, m. **-cism**, n.: cynisme, m.

eynosure, n.: cynosure, f.

eyperus, n.: (bot.) souchet, m.

eypress, **-tree**, n.: cyprès, m. **-wood**, n.: cyprès, bois de cyprès, m.

eyst, n.: (surg.) kiste, m. **-itis**, n.: (med.) cystite, f. **-otomy**, n.: cystotomie, f.

czâr, n.: czar, m. **-ina**, n.: czarine, f. **-ish**, adj.: de czar. **-owitz**, n.: czarowitz, m.

D

d (dê), n.: d, m.; (mus.) ré, m.

1. **dâb**, n.: main adroite; expert: be a — at, avoir le chic.

2. **dâb**, n.: (ichth.) limande, f.

3. **dâb**, tr.: dauber; toucher légèrement; éponger à petit coups; frapper. 4. **dab**, n.: coup léger; morceau mou, m.; écla-boussure, f. **-ble**, tr.: barbouiller, souiller; intr.: barboter, patauger: — in, se mêler de. **-bler**, n.: barboteur; bousilleur; barbouilleur.

dâbchick, n.: plongeon, m.

dâbster, n.: malin; passé maître, m.

dâec, n.: (ichth.) vandoise, f.

dâc-tyle, **-tylar**, n.: dactyle, m. **-tý-lic**, n.: dactylique

dâd, **dâddy**, n.: (fam.) papa, m.

dâdo, n.: (arch.) dô; fût vertical, m.

dâffodil, n.: asphodèle, narcisse des prés, m.

†dâg, n.: dague, f.

dâgger, n.: poignard, m.; (print.) croix, f.: — s drawn, à couteaux tirés. **-s-draw-ing**, n.: tirer les poignards: at —, au moment de se battre.

dâggle, intr.: se crotter; se traîner dans la boue; tr.: crotter; traîner dans la boue. **-tail**, adj.: crotté jusqu'à l'échine.

1. **dâguerréotype**, n.: daguerréotype, m.

2. **dâguerréotype**, tr.: daguerréotyper.

dâhlia, n.: (bot.) dahlia, m.

1. **dâily**, adj.: journalier, quotidien; (astron.) diurne. 2. **daily**, adv.: quotidiennement, journellement, tous les jours.

dâin-tily, adv.: avec délicatesse; avec friandise. **-tiness**, n.: friandise; délicatesse, f. 1. **-ty**, adj.: friand, délicat; difficile. 2. **-ty**, n.: délicatesse, friandise, f.

dâiry, n.: laiterie, f. **-farm**, n.: laiterie en gros; ferme pour l'exploitation du lait de vache, f. **-ist**, n.: laitier, cré-mier, m. **-maid**, n.: fille de laiterie, f. **-man**, n.: garçon de laiterie; laitier, cré-mier, m. **-room**, n.: laiterie (lieu où l'on tient le lait), f. **-woman**, n.: laitière, crémière, f.

dâisy, n.: marguerite, pâquerette, f. **-utter**, n.: (man.) cheval qui rase le tapis, m. **-rake**, n.: râteau à gazon, m.

dâle, n.: vallon, m.; vallée, f.; up hill and down —, par monts et par vaux.

dâl-liance, n.: folâtrerie, f.; badinage, m.; caresses, f. pl.; dé-lai, m. **-lier**, n.: folâtre, m.; personne légère, f. **-ly**, intr.: tarder; s'amuser; badiner; folâ-trer.

1. **dâm**, n.: (of animals) mère; (at draughts) dame damée, dame, f. 2. **dam**, n.: (of a canal) dame, f.; (of a river) barrage, m.; digue, f. 3. **dam**, intr.: diguer, contenir; (fig.) arrêter.

1. **dâmage**, n.: dommage; tort, m.; (nav.) avarie, f.: — s, (jur.) dommages-inté-rêts, dommages et intérêts, m. pl. 2. **dâ-mage**, tr.: endommager; avarier; intr.: s'endommager. **-able**, adj.: susceptible de s'endommager.

dâmaseene, n.: prune de damas, f.

1. **dâmask**, n.: damas, m. 2. **dâmask**, tr.: damasser. **-ên**, **-ken**, tr.: damas-quiner. **-këning**, n.: (art.) damasqui-

nerie; (ornament) damasquinure, *f.*
-king, *n.*: damassure, *f.* **-worker**,
n.: damasseur, *m.*
dâme, *n.*: dame; mère, *f.*
dâm-n, *tr.*: damner, condamner désap-
 prouver; (*fam.*) jurer après; (*theat.*)
 siffler. **-nable**, *adj.*: damnable. **-na-**
bly, *adv.*: damnablement. **-nâtion**, *n.*:
 damnation, *f.* **-natory**, *adj.*: qui con-
 damne. **-ned or -ned**, *adj.*: damné;
 maudit. **†-nify**, *tr.*: nuire à.
1.dâmp, *n.*: humidité, vapeur; (*fig.*)
 tristesse, *f.*; abattement, *m.* **2.dâmp**,
adj.: humide; (*fig.*) triste, abattu.
3.dâmp, *tr.*: rendre humide; (*fig.*) dé-
 courager, ralentir, obscurcir, refroidir.
-er, *n.*: éteignoir; (*piano*) étouffoir, *m.*;
 pédale douce, sourdine, *f.*; (*of a chimney*)
 régistère, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu humide.
-ness, *n.*: humidité, moiteur, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*:
 humide; (*fig.*) triste, abattu.
dâmşel, *n.*: jeune fille, *f.*
dâmşon, *n.*: prune de damas, *f.* **-tree**,
n.: prunier de damas, *m.*
1.dân-ce, *intr.*: danser; agiter; *tr.*: dan-
 ser; faire danser: — *attendance*, faire le
 pied de grue. **2.-ce**, *n.*: danse, *f.*: *lead*
the —, mener la danse. **-cer**, *n.*: dan-
 seur, *m.*, danseuse, *f.* **1.-cing**, *n.*:
 danse, *f.* **2.-cing**, *adj.*: de danse: —
-master, maître de danse, *m.* **-cing-**
master, *n.*: maître de danse, *m.*;
-cing-mistress, *n.*: maîtresse de danse,
f. **-cing-party**, *n.*: soirée dansante,
f. **-cing-room**, *n.*: salle de danse, *f.*
dândelion, *n.*: (*bot.*) dent-de-lion, *f.*;
 pissenlit, *m.*
dândle, *tr.*: dorloter; bercer.
dândruff, *n.*: dartre farineuse, *f.*
1.dândy, *n.*: dandy, élégant, petit-ma-
 tre, *m.* **2.dândy**, *adj.*: de dandy; élé-
 gant. **-ish**, *adj.*: d'élégant, de lion.
-ism, *n.*: manières d'élégant, *f. pl.*
Dâne, *n.*: Danois, *m.*, Danoise, *f.*: *great*
 — (*dog*), danois. **-wort**, *n.*: hièble, *f.*
dânger, *n.*: danger, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*:
 dangereux. **-ously**, *adv.*: dangereuse-
 ment.
dângl-e, *intr.*: pendiller. **-er**, *n.*: da-
 moiseau, dameret, *m.*
Dânish, *adj.*: danois; *n.*: (*language*)
 danois, *m.*
1.†dânk, *adj.*: moite, humide. **2.dânk**,
n.: humidité, *m.* **†-ish**, *adj.*: humide.
-ishness, *n.*: humidité, *f.*
dâpper, *adj.*: éveillé; lesté. **-ling**,
n.: nain, petit bonhomme, *m.*
1.dâpple, *adj.*: pommelé, truité: —
gray, gris pommelé, *m.* **2.dâpple**, *tr.*:
 tacheter.
dâ-re, *n.*: défi, *m.* **dare** (*pret. durst*),
intr.: oser; *tr.*: défier; braver; affron-

ter. **-ring**, *adj.*: audacieux; hardi.
-ringly, *adv.*: audacieusement, hardi-
 ment. **-ringness**, *n.*: hardiesse, *f.*
1.dârk, *adj.*: obscur, sombre; noir: —
lantern, lanterne sourde; *be* —, faire
 sombre, faire nuit; *the* — *ages*, l'âge des
 ténèbres, *m.* **2.dârk**, *n.*: ténèbres, *f. pl.*;
 obscurité, *f.* **-en**, *tr.*: obscurcir, assom-
 brir; (*the complexion*) brunir. **-ening**,
n.: obscurcissement, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: un
 peu sombre; noirâtre. **†-ling**, *adj.*:
 dans l'obscurité. **-ly**, *adv.*: obscurément.
-ness, *n.*: obscurité, *f.*; ténèbres, *f. pl.*
-some, *adj.*: sombre.
1.dârling, *n.*: favori, *m.*, favorite, *f.*;
 mignon, *m.*, mignonne, *f.*; bien-aimé, *m.*,
 bien-aimée, *f.* **2.dârling**, *adj.*: chéri,
 favori, bien-aimé.
1.dâr-n, *tr.*: reprendre; faire des reprises à;
 ravauder. **2.dâr-n**, *n.*: reprise, *f.*
dârn-el, *n.*: ivraie, *f.*
1.dârt, *n.*: dard; trait, *m.* **2.dârt**, *tr.*:
 darder; lancer; *intr.*: se lancer.
1.dâsh, *tr.*: frapper; écraser, heurter,
 briser; (*fig.*) détruire: — *against*, heur-
 ter contre; — *away*, jeter; — *in pieces*,
 briser en morceaux; — *down*, précipiter,
 renverser; — *out*, effacer; faire sauter.
2.dâsh, *intr.*: se heurter, se briser; se
 précipiter. **3.dâsh**, *n.*: choc; coup;
 (*with a pea*) trait, *m.*; (*small quantity*)
 teinte, *f.*: *cut a* —, mener grand train.
-ing, *adj.*: fougueux; brillant, superbe.
-ing-board, *n.*: garde-crotte, *m.* **-y**,
adj.: fastueux, pompeux.
1.dâstard, *n.*: lâche, *m., f.*; poltron, *m.*,
 poltronne, *f.* **2.dâstard**, *adj.*: lâche,
 poltron. **-ise**, *tr.*: effrayer, faire peur
 à. **-liness**, *n.*: poltronnerie, lâcheté,
f. **-ly**, *adj.*: lâche; poltron. **†-y**, *n.*:
 lâcheté, poltronnerie, *f.*
dâta, *n. pl.*: données, *f. pl.*
1.dâte, *n.*: date, *f.*; (*of money*) millésime,
m.; (*bot.*) datte, *f.* **2.dâte**, *tr. and*
intr.: dater; dater de. **-less**, *adj.*:
 sans date.
dâte-tree, *n.*: dattier, *m.*
1.dâtive, *adj.*: datif. **2.dâtive**, *n.*:
 datif, *m.*
dâtum (*pl. data*), *n.*: donnée, *f.*; (*mec.*)
 repère, *m.*
1.dâub, *tr.*: barbouiller; enduire; (*fig.*)
 colorer. **2.dâub**, *n.*: barbouillage, *m.*;
 (*paint.*) croûte, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: barbouilleur,
m. **-y**, *adj.*: gluant, visqueux.
dâughter, *n.*: fille, *f.* **-in-law**, *n.*:
 belle-fille, bru, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: filial.
dâunt, *tr.*: dompter, intimider. **-less**,
adj.: indomptable, intrépide. **-lessness**,
n.: indomptabilité, intrépidité, *f.*
dâuphin, *n.*: Dauphin, *m.* **-ess**, *n.*:
 Dauphine, *f.*

dāvit, n.: (nav.) davier, m.
dāw, n.: choucas, m.; corneille des clochers, f.
dāw-dle, intr.: lambiner, muser. -**dlar**, n.: lambin, musard, m. -**dling**, adj.: langoureux.
1. dāwn, n.: aube, aurore, f.; point du jour, m.; pointe du jour, f. **2. dāwn**, intr.: poindre.
dāy, n.: jour, m.; journée, f.: — *before yesterday*, avant-hier; — *after to-morrow*, après-demain; *every* —, tous les jours; *all* —, tout le jour; toute la journée; *the* — *after*, le lendemain; *this* —, aujourd'hui; ce jour; *from this* —, dès aujourd'hui; *broad* —, plein jour; *every two* —s, *every other* —, tous les deux jours; *in our* —s, de nos jours; *good* —! bonjour!
-book, n.: (com.) journal; livre journal, m. -**break**, n.: point du jour, m.; pointe du jour; aurore, f. -**light**, n.: jour, m., lumière du jour, f.; *broad* —, grand jour; *by* —, de jour; *in broad* —, au grand jour, en plein jour. -**ly** = *daily*. -**school**, n.: externat, m. -**spring**, n.: jour naissant, m.; aurore, f. -**s-work**, n.: ouvrage d'un jour, m.; journée, f. -**time**, n.: (from sunrise to sunset) jour, m.; journée, f.; *in the* —, pendant le jour, pendant la journée. -**wearied**, adj.: fatigué de sa journée.
dāze, n.: pierre brillante, f.
dāzz-le, tr.: éblouir; intr.: être ébloui.
1. ling, n.: éblouissement, m. **2. ling**, adj.: éblouissant. -**lingly**, adv.: d'une manière éblouissante.
dēacon, n.: diacre, m. -**ess**, n.: diaconesse, f. -**ry**, -**ship**, n.: diaconat, m.
1. dēad, adj.: mort; inanimé; (of liquor) éventé; (of fire) sans flamme; (of sound) sourd; — *coal*, charbon éteint; — *sleep*, profond sommeil; — *time of the night*, silence de la nuit; — *time of the year*, morte saison; — *wall*, muraille isolée; — *calm*, calme plat; *money lying* —, de l'argent qui dort; *drop down* —, tomber mort. **2. dēad**, n.: (of the winter) cœur, fort; (of the night) milieu, m. -**en**, tr.: amortir; (liquor) éventer; (gold and silver) matir, amatur. -**liness**, n.: caractère mortel, m. **1. ly**, adj.: mortel. **2. ly**, adv.: mortellement. -**ness**, n.: mort, f.; (fig.) engourdissement, m., stagnation, f.
dēaf, adj.: sourd; (fig.) insensible. -**en**, tr.: rendre sourd; assourdir; étourdir. -**ening**, adj.: assourdisant. -**ly**, adv.: (of hearing) mal, imparfaitement. -**ness**, n.: surdité, f.
dēal, n.: quantité; (at cards) donne, f.; (wood) bois blanc, sapin, bois de sapin, m.: a *great* —, a *good* —, beaucoup.

2. deal (pret., part. *dealt*), tr.: distribuer; répartir; (at cards) donner; (blows) porter; intr.: agir, traiter, en traiter: — *by any one*, traiter quelqu'un; en user à l'égard de quelqu'un; — *with any one*, en user avec quelqu'un; (com.) donner sa pratique à quelqu'un, se servir chez quelqu'un. -**er**, n.: marchand, m.; (at cards) personne qui donne, f. -**ing**, n.: conduite, f.; procédé, m.; affaire, f.
1. de-ambulation, n.: promenade, déambulation, f. †-**ambulatory**, adj.: déambulatoire; n.: promenade (lieu), f.
dēan, n.: doyen, m. -**ery**, -**ship**, n.: doyenné, m.
1. dēar, adj.: cher; chéri; précieux. **2. dēar**, adv.: cher; beaucoup. **3. dēar**, n.: cher; cher ami, m.; chère; chère amie, bonne, f. **4. dēar!** interj.: mon Dieu! Oh — me! mon Dieu! -**bought**, adj.: acheté cher. -**ly**, adv.: chèrement; tendrement. -**ness**, n.: cherté; tendresse, f. -**th dērth**, n.: disette, f.
dēath, n.: mort, f.; trépas; décès, m. -**bed**, n.: lit de mort, m.: on *onc's* —, à son lit de mort; au lit de la mort. -**bell**, n.: cloche funèbre, f.; glas funèbre, m. -**blow**, n.: coup de mort; coup mortel, m. -**boding**, adj.: qui présage la mort. -**darting**, adj.: qui lance la mort; meurtrier. -**doing**, adj.: destructif. -**doing**, n.: destruction, f. †-**ful**, adj.: mortel; meurtrier. -**hunter**, n.: croquemort, m. -**less**, adj.: immortel. -**like**, adj.: semblable à la mort. -**note**, n.: son de mort, m. -**psalm**, n.: psaume des morts, m. -**rattle**, n.: râle de la mort, râle de l'agonie, râle, m. -**'s-door**, n.: porte du tombeau, f.; at —, à deux doigts de la mort. -**shadowed**, adj.: couvert des ombres de la mort. -**'s-head**, n.: tête de mort, f. -**shot**, coup mortel, m. -**struggles**, n. pl.: agonie, dernière lutte de la nature contre la mort, f. sing. -**warrant**, n.: ordre d'exécution d'un condamné à mort, m. -**watch**, n.: (ent.) horloge de la mort, f.
dēbār, tr.: exclure; priver.
dēbār, tr.: débarquer.
dēbā-se, tr.: avilir; abaisser; ravalier; (chem.) dénaturer. -**sement**, n.: abaissement, avilissement, m.; (chem.) dénaturation, f. -**ser**, n.: personne qui abaisse, qui avilit, f. -**sing**, adj.: avilissant.
de-batable, adj.: contestable. **1. -bāte**, tr.: débattre, discuter, disputer; intr.: discuter; délibérer. **2. -bāte**, n.: débat, m.; discussion, f. -**batēr**, n.: personne qui discute, f.; disputeur, m.
1. debāuch, tr.: débaucher, corrompre. **2. debāuch**, n.: débauche, f. -**edly**, adv.: dans la débauche. -**ēc dē'boshē**,

n.: libertin, débauché, m. -er, n.: débaucheur, m., débaucheuse, f. -ery, n.: débauche, f.

debenture, n.: reconnaissance d'une dette, f.; (at the customs) certificat de prime, m.

†**dé-bile**, adj.: débile. -**bilitate**, tr.: débilitier, affaiblir. -**bilitation**, n.: débilitation, f.; affaiblissement, m. -**bility**, n.: débilité; faiblesse, f.

1. **débit**, n.: débet, débit, m.: carry to any one's —, porter au débit de quelqu'un. 2. **débit**, tr.: débiter.

debonair, adj.: débonnaire. -**ly**, adv.: débonnairement.

débouch, intr.: déboucher.

débt, n.: dette; obligation; créance, f.; —s, dettes, f. pl.; passif, m. sing.: bad —, mauvaise créance; floating —, dette courante; (fin.) dette flottante; large —, grosse dette; national —, dette publique; outstanding —, créance courante, créance à recouvrer; passive —, dette passive; privileged —, créance privilégiée; — due, créance exigible; admit a —, reconnaître une dette; be in — to any one, devoir à quelqu'un; contract a —, contracter une dette; discharge a —, acquitter une dette; prove a —, produire ses titres de créance; recover a —, recouvrer une créance; deeply in —, accablé de dettes. -**ed**, adj.: endetté. -**ee**, n.: (jur.) créancier, m. -**or**, n.: débiteur, m., débitrice, f.

dé-cad, -**cade**, n.: dizaine; década, f. **déca-dence**, -**deney**, n.: décadence, f. -**dent**, adj.: tombant en décadence, †Fr. décadent.

déca-gon, n.: (geom.) décagone, m. -**gram**, n.: décagramme, m. -**hedron**, n.: décaèdre, m. -**litre** *litr*, n.: décalitre, m. -**logue**, n.: décalogue, m.

dé-camp, intr.: (milit.) décamper; déguerpir. -**ment**, n.: décampement, m.

dé-ca-ngu-lar, adj.: décadgone.

dé-cant, tr.: décanter, transvaser, verser. -**er**, n.: carafe, f.

dé-ca-pi-tate, tr.: décapiter. -**tation**, n.: décapitation, f.

dé-ca-stich, n.: dizain, m. -**style**, n.: décastyle, m.

1. **dé-cây**, intr.: tomber en décadence, se délabrer, se perdre; dépérir; tr.: faire dépérir; gâter, ruiner. 2. **dé-cay**, n.: décadence; ruine, f.; délabrement, dépérissement, m.: sink to —, tomber en ruine, en décadence.

1. **dé-cé-ase**, n.: décès, m.; mort, f. 2. **dé-cease**, tr.: décéder; mourir. 1. -**d**, adj.: décédé; mort. 2. -**d**, n.: défunt, m., défunte, f.

dé-céi-t, n., déception; supercherie, tromperie, ruse; (jur.) fraude, f. -**ful**, adj.:

trompeur; (of things) décevant. -**fully**, adv.: frauduleusement. -**fulness**, n.: caractère trompeur, m.; tromperie, f. -**less**, adj.: sans tromperie. -**vable**, adj.: facile à tromper; trompeur; illusoire; décevant. -**ve**, tr.: décevoir; tromper. -**ver**, n.: trompeur, m., trompeuse, f.

Déc-ember, n.: décembre, m.

déc-ém-vir, n.: décemvir, m. -**ate**, n.: décemvirat, m.

dé-cen-ey, n.: bienséance; décence, f.

dé-cén-nial, adj.: décennal.

dé-cent, adj.: bienséant, décent, honnête.

-**ly**, adv.: décentement; convenablement, modérément.

dé-cép-tible, adj.: décevable. -**tion**, n.: tromperie, fraude, f. -**tious**, adj.: trompeur, qui tend à tromper, décevant. -**tive**, adj.: décevant.

†**dé-cérp-tible**, adj.: qui peut être emporté. †**-tion**, n.: excision, f.

dé-châm, tr.: désenchanter.

dé-ci-de, tr.: décider; décider de; intr.: décider; se décider. -**ded**, adj.: décidé.

-**dedly**, adv.: décidément; d'une manière décidée. -**der**, n.: arbitre, juge, m.

dé-cid-u-ous, adj.: (bot.) décidu.

dé-ci-gram, n.: décigramme, m. -**litre** *litr*, n.: décillitre, m. 1. -**mal**, adj.: décimal; dixième. 2. -**mal**, n.: décimale, fraction décimale, f.; dixième, m. -**mate**, intr.: décimer; dimer. -**mation**, n.: décimation, f.

dé-ci-pher, intr.: déchiffrer. -**er**, n.: déchiffreur, m. -**ing**, n.: déchiffrement, m.

dé-ci-sion, n.: décision; issue, f. -**ci-sive**, adj.: décisif; tranchant. -**cisive-ly**, adv.: décisivement. -**cisiveness**, n.: caractère décisif, m.

dé-ck, n.: (nav.) pont; (of merchant ships) tillac, m.: lower —, franc tillac.

dé-ck, intr.: parer; orner; embellir. 1. -**er**, n.: personne qui pare, f.

2. **dé-cker**, n.: vaisseau ponté, m.: three —, vaisseau à trois ponts, m.

dé-clâm, tr. and intr.: déclamer, haranguer. -**clâmer**, n.: déclamateur, m. -**clâ-mation**, n.: déclamation, f.; discours public, m. -**clâ-matory**, adj.: déclamatoire; de déclamation.

dé-clâ-rable, adj.: qu'on peut déclarer; qui peut être prouvé. -**clâ-râ-tion**, n.: déclaration; manifestation, f. -**clâ-râ-tive**, adj.: qui déclare, qui annonce; (jur.) déclaratif. -**clâ-râ-torily**, adv.: par déclaration. -**clâ-râ-tory**, adj.: énonciatif; déclaratoire; déclaratif. -**clâ-re**, intr.: déclarer; annoncer, qualifier; tr.: se déclarer, se prononcer. -**clâ-red-ly**, adv.: formellement. -**clâ-rement**, n.: déclaration, f. -**clâ-rer**, n.: personne qui annonce, f.

de-clén-sion, *n.*: (gram.) déclinaison; décadence, *f.*; abatement, *m.* -**clinable**, *adj.*: déclinable. -**clina-tion**, *n.*: déclin, *m.*; descente; décadence; (gram.) déclinaison, *f.* -**clinator**, *adj.*: déclina-toire.

1. **de-cline**, *tr.*: pencher, incliner; refuser; éviter; (gram.) décliner; *intr.*: pencher; décliner; (*of price*) baisser: — *from*, dé-vier de. 2. -**cline**, *n.*: déclin, *m.*; déca-dence; (*med.*) maladie de langueur, *f.*

de-clivitous, *adj.*: déclive, en pente, en talus. -**clivity**, *n.*: pente, *f.*, penchant, *m.* -**clivous** = *clivitous*.

decōc-t, *tr.*: faire bouillir. †-**tible**, *adj.*: qui peut être bouilli. -**tion**, *n.*: action de bouillir; décoction, *f.*

decōl-late, *tr.*: décoller. -**lā-tion**, *n.*: décollation, *f.*

decōlor, *tr.*: décolorer. -**ant**, *n.*: sub-stance décolorante, *f.* 1. -**ate**, *adj.*: sans couleur. 2. -**ate**, *tr.*: décolorer. -**ā-tion**, *n.*: décoloration, *f.*

decōlour, etc. = *decolor*, etc.

decomplex, *adj.*: composé d'idées com-plexes.

decom-pōse, *tr.*: décomposer. -**posi-tion**, *n.*: décomposition, *f.* -**compōund**, *tr.*: décomposer.

deco-rate, *tr.*: décorer, orner, embellir. -**ra-tion**, *n.*: décoration, *f.*; ornement, embellissement, *m.* -**rative**, *adj.*: de décoration, décoratif. -**ra-tor**, *n.*: déco-rateur, *m.*

decōrous, *adj.*: bienséant, convenable. -**ly**, *adv.*: convenablement; avec bien-séance.

decōrti-cate, *tr.*: décortiquer. -**cā-tion**, *n.*: décortication, *f.*

decōrum, *n.*: bienséance, convenance, *f.*; décorum, *m.*

1. **decōy**, *tr.*: leurrer, attirer, amorcer.

2. **decoy**, *n.*: leurre, *m.* -**duck**, *n.*: oi-seau de leurre, *m.*

1. **decrēas-e**, *intr.*: diminuer; décroître; *tr.*: faire décroître, diminuer. 2. **de-crease**, *n.*: décroissement, *m.*; diminu-tion; (*of water*) décru, *f.*; (*of the moon*) décours, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: décroissant.

1. **decrēc**, *n.*: décret, arrêt, *m.* 2. **decrete**, *tr.*: décréter; ordonner; arrêter.

decrément, *n.*: décroissement, *m.*

decrēpit, *adj.*: décrépît. -**ate**, *tr.*: crépiter, décrépiter. -**ā-tion**, *n.*: crépi-tation, décrépitation. -**ness**, -**ude**, *n.*: décrépitude, *f.*

decrēscēt, *adj.*: qui décroît; qui di-minue.

1. **decrētal**, *adj.*: décrétal. 2. **decretal**, *n.*: décrétale, *f.*; recueil de décrétales, *m.*

decrē-tion, *n.*: décroissement, *m.*

decrē-tive, *adj.*: ayant la force d'un dé-

cret, décisif. -**tōrial**, *adj.*: de décret, d'autorité.

decreto-rily, *adv.*: péremptoirement.

-**ry**, *adj.*: décrété; décisif.

de-crial, *n.*: décri, *m.* -**crē**, *tr.*: décrier.

decūbent, *adj.*: décombant.

décuple, *adj.*: décuple.

decūriōn, *n.*: decurion, *m.*

†**decūrsiōn**, *n.*: course; chute, *f.*

†**decūrtā-tion**, *n.*: raccourcissement, *m.*

decūss-ate, -**ated**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) décussa-tif; (*conch.*) strié en croix. -**ā-tion**, *n.*: décussation, *f.*

†**dedeco-rate**, *tr.*: déshonorer. -**rous**, *adj.*: déshonorant.

1. **dédi-cate**, *adj.*: dédié. 2. -**cate**, *tr.*: dédier; dévouer. -**cā-tion**, *n.*: dédicace, *f.*

-**cator**, *n.*: personne qui fait une dé-dicace, *f.* -**catory**, *adj.*: dédicatoire.

†**deditiōn**, *n.*: reddition, *f.*

dedū-ee, *tr.*: déduire, inférer. -**ee-ment**, *n.*: déduction, *f.* -**eible**, *adj.*: qu'on peut déduire. -**eive**, *adj.*: qui dé-duit.

dedūc-t, *tr.*: déduire, rabattre. -**tion**, *n.*: déduction; conséquence; (*com.*) re-mise, *f.* -**tive**, *adj.*: conséquent. -**tive-ly**, *adv.*: par déduction.

dēd, *n.*: action, *f.*; acte; fait, acte sous seing privé, *m.*; translation de pro-priété, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans action.

dēem, *tr.*: juger; penser.

1. **dēep**, *adj.*: profond; (*fig.*) grand, ex-trême; (*of colour*) foncé; (*at play*) gros; (*of sound*) grave; rusé: *this well is thirty feet* —, ce puits a trente pieds de profon-deur; — *mourning*, grand deuil. 2. **deep**, *n.*: profond, *m.*; mer, *f.*, océan; abîme, *m.* -**en**, *tr.*: approfondir; rembrunir; (*colour*) rendre plus foncé; (*sound*) ren-dre plus grave; *intr.*: devenir plus pro-fond. -**fetched**, *adj.*: profond. -**ly**, *adv.*: profondément; (*of colour*) forte-ment; (*of sound*) gravement; avec ruse. -**ness**, *n.*: profondeur; ruse, *f.*

dēer, *n.*: daim, *m.*; daine, *f.*; bête fauve, *f.*; cerf, *m.*: *fallow* —, daim; *red* —, cerf commun. -**hound**, *n.*: limier, *m.*

-**hun**, -**hunting**, *n.*: chasse aux cerfs (aux bêtes fauves), *f.* -**park**, *n.*: parc à cerfs.

-**slayer**, *n.*: tueur de bêtes fauves, tueur de cerfs, *m.* -**stalker**, *n.*: chasseur à la bête fauve à l'affût.

-**stalking**, *n.*: chasse à la bête fauve à l'affût. -**stealer**, *n.*: voleur de bêtes fauves, voleur de cerfs, *m.*; (*jur.*) auteur d'un enlèvement de bêtes fauves, *m.*

defā-ee, *tr.*: défigurer; effacer; dé-grader; détériorer. -**ecement**, *n.*: dé-gradation; détérioration; action d'effacer, *f.*

-**eer**, *n.*: personne qui dégrade, qui détériore, qui efface, *f.*; destructeur, *m.*

defalcate, *tr.*: défalquer; retrancher.
-câtion, *n.*: défalcation, diminution.
de-famâtion, *n.*: diffamation, *f.* **-fama-**
tory, *adj.*: diffamatoire. **-fame**, *tr.*:
 diffamer. **-fâmer**, *n.*: diffamateur, *m.*
†defatigater, *tr.*: fatiguer, lasser.
1.default, *n.*: défaut, *m.*: *in — of*, à dé-
 faut de; *suffer —*, (*jur.*) faire défaut.
2.default, *tr.*: (*jur.*) donner défaut
 contre, juger par défaut; *†manquer à*;
intr.: (*jur.*) faire défaut, ne pas com-
 paraitre. **-er**, *n.*: délinquant, *m.*, dé-
 linquante, *f.*; (*jur.*) défailant, *m.*, défail-
 lante; personne qui ne remplit pas ses en-
 gagements, *f.*
de-fœsance, *n.*: (*jur.*) abrogation;
 contre lettre, *f.* **-fœsible**, *adj.*: an-
 nulable. **1.-fœt**, *tr.*: défaire, mettre en
 déroute, vaincre; (*fig.*) annuler, repousser,
 déjouer. **2.-fœt**, *n.*: défaite, déroute, *f.*
de-fœcate, *tr.*: défoquer. **-câtion**, *n.*:
 défécation, *f.*
defœct, *n.*: défaut, vice, *m.*; défautu-
 osité, *f.* **†-tibility**, *n.*: défaut, *m.*
-tible, *adj.*: defectueux. **-tion**, *n.*:
 défecation; apostasie; révolte, *f.* **-tive**,
adj.: qui a un défaut; defectueux, defec-
 tif; en défaut, fautif. **-tively**, *adv.*:
 defectueusement. **-tiveness**, *n.*: état
 vicieux, *m.*; defectuosité, *f.*
de-fence, *n.*: défense, *f.* **-fenceless**,
adj.: sans défense. **-fend**, *tr.*: défendre,
 interdire. **-fendable**, *adj.*: qui peut se
 justifier; tenable. **-fendant**, *n.*: dé-
 fendeur, *m.*, défenderesse, *f.*; intimé, *m.*,
 intimée, *f.* **-fender**, *n.*: défenseur, *m.*
-fensible, *adj.*: défendable; qui peut
 être défendu; qui peut se justifier.
1.-fensive, *adj.*: défensif. **2.-fensive**,
n.: défensive, *f.* **-fensively**, *adv.*: sur
 la défensive; pour la défense.
1.defēr, *tr.*: différer, remettre, renvoyer;
intr.: différer.
2.defēr, *intr.*: déferer: — *to any one*,
 déferer à quelqu'un.
defer-ence, *n.*: déférence, *f.* **1.-ent**,
adj.: qui transporte; (*anat.*) déferent.
2.-ent, *n.*: véhicule; (*anat.*) canal, *m.*
-entia, *adj.*: de déférence; respec-
 tueux.
defiance, *n.*: défi, *m.*
deficit-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: manque, dé-
 faut, *m.*; insuffisance, *f.*; déficit, *m.* **-ent**,
adj.: defectueux; insuffisant, faible.
dēficit, *n.*: déficit, *m.*
defier, *n.*: personne qui défie, *f.*, défiant, *m.*
1.defile, *intr.*: défilier. **2.defile**, *n.*:
 défilé, *m.*
3.defi-le, *tr.*: souiller; déshonorer, cor-
 rompre. **-lement**, *n.*: action de souil-
 ler; souillure, *f.* **-ler**, *n.*: corrupteur,
m., corruptrice, *f.*; ravisseur, *m.*

de-finable, *adj.*: qui peut être déter-
 miné; définissable. **-fine**, *tr.*: définir;
 déterminer. **-finer**, *n.*: personne qui
 définit, *f.*
1.dē-finite, *adj.*: défini; déterminé.
2.-fnite, *n.*: défini, *m.* **-fnitely**,
adv.: d'une manière déterminée. **-fnite-**
ness, *n.*: caractère déterminé, *m.* **-fnit-**
tion, *n.*: définition, *f.* **1.-fnitive**,
adj.: définitif. **2.-fnitive**, *n.*: (*gram.*)
 déterminatif, *m.* **-fnitively**, *adv.*: dé-
 finitivement, en définitive. **-fnitive-**
ness, *n.*: caractère définitif, *m.*
de-flagrability, *n.*: combustibilité, *f.*
-flāgrable, *adj.*: combustible. **-fla-**
grate dē-, *tr.*: (*chem.*) brûler avec
 flamme. **-flagrâtion**, *n.*: déflagration, *f.*
deflēct, *tr.* and *intr.*: dévier. **-tion**,
n.: déviation, *f.*
de-florâtion, *n.*: défloration; (*fig.*) es-
 sence, crème, *f.* **-flōur**, *tr.*: déflorer;
 (*fig.*) flétrir. **-flōurer**, *n.*: celui qui dé-
 flore, *m.*
dē-fluons, *adj.*: découlant. **-flūxion**,
n.: écoulement, *m.*
deforce, *tr.*: (*jur.*) détenir à titre pré-
 caire. **-ment**, *n.*: (*jur.*) possession pré-
 caire, *f.*
1.deform, *tr.*: déformer, défigurer, en-
 laidir. **2.deform**, *adj.*: difforme.
-âtion, *n.*: déformation, *f.*; défigure-
 ment, *m.* **-edly**, *adv.*: d'une manière
 difforme. **-edness**, **-ity**, *n.*: difformité;
 laideur, *f.*
defraud, *tr.*: frauder, frustrer. **-or**,
n.: fraudeur, *m.*, fraudeuse, *f.*
defray, *tr.*: défrayer; payer. **-er**, *n.*:
 défrayer, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: défray, *m.*
†dēft, *adj.*: adroit; lesté. **-ly**, *adv.*:
 adroitement.
1.de-funct, *adj.*: défunt, trépassé.
2.-funct, *n.*: défunt, *m.*, défunte, *f.*
†-function, *n.*: mort, *f.*; décès, *m.*
1.defy, *tr.*: défier. **2.defy**, *n.*: défi, *m.*
-or = defier.
dégēner-acy, *n.*: dégénération, *f.*;
 abâtardissement, *m.* **1.-ate**, *adj.*: dégé-
 néré, abâtardi. **2.-ate**, *intr.*: dégénérer,
 s'abâtardir. **-ately**, *adv.*: avec dégéné-
 ration. **-ateness**, **-âtion**, *n.*: dégéné-
 ration, *f.*; abâtardissement, *m.* **-ous**,
adj.: dégénéré; bas, vil, misérable; in-
 digne.
de-glūtinate, *tr.*: décoller. **-glūti-**
tion, *n.*: déglutition, *f.*
de-gradâtion, *n.*: dégradation, *f.*; avi-
 lissement, *m.* **-grade**, *tr.*: dégrader;
 avilir. **-graded**, *adj.*: dégradé. **-grad-**
ing, *adj.*: dégradant. **-gradingly**,
adv.: d'une manière dégradante.
degrēe, *n.*: degré; rang, *m.*; qualité,
 condition, *f.*

†**degustation**, *n.*: dégustation, *f.*
dehis-ee, *intr.*: (bot.) s'ouvrir; être déhiscent. **-encee**, *n.*: (bot.) déhiscence, *f.* **-eent**, *adj.*: (bot.) déhiscent.
dehort, *tr.*: dissuader, déconseiller.
-ation, *n.*: dissuasion, *f.* **-ative**, **-atory**, *adj.*: qui dissuade. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui dissuade, *f.*
déi-cide, *n.*: décide, *m.* **-fécation**, *n.*: déification, *f.* **-form** **-fôrm**, *adj.*: divin. **-fy**, *tr.*: déifier, diviniser.
déign, *intr.*: daigner; *tr.*: daigner, accorder.
dé-ism, *n.*: déisme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: déiste, *m.* **-istic**, **-istical**, *adj.*: déiste. **-ity**, *n.*: divinité; (myth.) déité, *f.*
1. deject, *tr.*: abaisser; abattre; affliger.
2.-t, **-ted**, *adj.*: abattu. **-tedly**, *adv.*: dans l'abattement; tristement. **-tedness**, *n.*: abattement, *m.* **-tion**, *n.*: abattement, *m.*; (med.) défection, *f.* **-ture**, *n. sing.*: (med.) évacuations alvines, *f. pl.*
delapse, *intr.*: tomber.
de-lâte, *tr.*: accuser; dénoncer. **-lâtion**, *n.*: accusation, délation, *f.* **†-lâtor**, *n.*: accusateur, délateur, *m.*
1. delây, *n.*: délai, retardement, *m.*
2. delay, *tr.*: différer, remettre, retarder. **-er**, *n.*: temporisateur, temporisateur, *m.*
dèle, *tr.*: (print.) déleatur, *m.*
delect-table, *adj.*: délectable. **-table-ness**, *n.*: délectation, *f.* **-tably**, *adv.*: délectablement. **-tation**, *n.*: délectation, *f.*
1. dele-gate, *adj.*: délégué. **2.-gate**, *n.*: délégué, *m.* **3.-gate**, *tr.*: déléguer. **-gation**, *n.*: délégation, *f.* **-gator**, *n.*: (jur.) délégué, délégué, *m.*, déléguatrice, *f.*
deletèrious, *adj.*: délétère, nuisible.
delè-tion, *n.*: rature, *f.*; grattage, *m.* **-tory**, *n.*: chose qui efface, *f.*
delft(-)ware, *n.*: faïence de Delft, *f.*
1. delibe-rate, *adj.*: délibéré; mûri avisé.
2.-rate, *intr.*: délibérer. **-rately**, *adv.*: mûrement; de propos délibéré; à dessein.
-ratness, *n.*: délibération, *f.* **-rätion**, *n.*: délibération, *f.* **-rative**, *adj.*: délibérant, délibératif. **-ratively**, *adv.*: par délibération.
déli-cacy, *n.*: délicatesse, *f.* **-cate**, *adj.*: délicat. **-cately**, *adv.*: délicatement. **-cateness**, *n.*: délicatesse, *f.*
delicious, *adj.*: délicieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: délicieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: délices, *f. pl.*; charme, *m.*
1. delight, *n.*: délices, *f. pl.*, délice; plaisir, *m.* **2. delight**, *tr.*: plaire à; faire les délices de; *intr.*: — *in*, faire ses délices de; se plaire à; — *to*, être enchanté de. **-ful**, *adj.*: délicieux, charmant.

-fully, *adv.*: délicieusement, à ravir.
-fulness, *n.*: charme, *m.*; délices, *f. pl.*
-less, *adj.*: sans charme. **-some** *à*, *adj.*: agréable, délicieux. **-somerly** *à*, *adv.*: agréablement. **-someness** *à*, *n.*: agrément, *m.*
deline-ament, *n.*: délinéation, *f.* **-ate**, *tr.*: faire la délinéation de; tracer, décrire; peindre. **-ation**, *n.*: délinéation; esquisse; (fig.) peinture, description, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: dessinateur; peintre, *m.*
delin-quency, *n.*: délit, *m.* **-quent**, *n.*: délinquant, *m.*, délinquante, *f.*
dē-liquate, *tr. and intr.*: liquéfier; so liquéfier. **†-liquatation**, *n.*: déliquescence, *f.* **-liquescence**, *intr.*: tomber en déliquescence. **-liquescencee**, *n.*: déliquescence, *f.* **-liquescence**, *adj.*: déliquescent. **-liquate**, *intr.*: se liquéfier. **-liquium**, *n.*: (chem.) deliquium, *m.*; (med.) syncope, *f.*
deliri-ous, *adj.*: en délire; dans le délire. **-ousness**, *n.*: délire, *m.* **-um**, *n.*: délire, *m.*: — *tremens*, delirium tremens.
deliver, *tr.*: délivrer; (letters) distribuer; (a letter, a parcel) remettre; (goods, a place) livrer; (a speech) prononcer; (a woman) délivrer, accoucher: — *from*, délivrer de, sauver de; — *in*, délivrer; donner; — *up*, livrer; remettre; rendre; — *one's self up to*, se livrer à; — *a message to*, remettre un message à. **-ancee**, *n.*: délivrance, *f.*; acquittement par un jury; (of a woman) accouchement, *m.*, délivrance, *f.* **-or**, *n.*: libérateur, *m.*, libératrice, *f.*; sauveur, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: délivrance, remise, *f.*; (of speech) débit, *m.*, diction; (com.) livraison; (of letters) distribution, *f.*; (of a woman) accouchement, *m.*, délivrance, *f.*
döll, *n.*: creux; vallon, *m.*
dölphine, *adj.*: du Dauphin de France.
delü-dable, *adj.*: qu'on peut tromper. **-de**, *tr.*: tromper. **-der**, *n.*: trompeur, séducteur, *m.*
1. déluge, *n.*: déluge, *m.* **2. deluge**, *tr.*: inonder.
delü-gion, *n.*: illusion, *f.* **-sive**, **-sory**, *adj.*: illusoire, trompeur. **-siveness**, *n.*: caractère illusoire, *m.*
délve, *tr.*: creuser; fouir.
déma-gogue, *n.*: démagogue, *m.* **-gogi-c(al)**, *adj.*: démagogue. **-gogism**, **-gogy**, *n.*: démagogie; action démagogique, *f.*
demäin, *n.*: domaine, *m.*; propriété, *f.*; bien-fonds, *m.*
1. demänd, *tr.*: demander; réclamer; exiger. **2. demand**, *n.*: demande, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: exigible. **-ant**, *n.*: (jur.) demandeur, *m.*, demanderesse, *f.* **-or**, *n.*: personne qui demande, *f.*

démarcation, *n.*: démarcation, *f.*
déméan, *tr.*: abaisser, avilir; se conduire; porter; conduire; traiter: — *one's self*, se comporter. — **o(u)r**, *n.*: conduite, *f.*; maintien, *m.*

démencey, *n.*: démente, *f.*

démérité, *n.*: mérite, *m.*; absence de mérite, *f.* 2. **démérité**, *tr.*: démeriter.

démésne = *démain*.

démi-, *pref.*: demi, à demi. — **deify**, *tr.*: déifier à demi. — **devil**, *n.*: demi-démon, *m.* — **ditone**, *n.*: (mus.) tierce mineure; petite tierce, *f.* — **god**, *n.*: demi-dieu, *m.* — **john**, *n.*: dame-jeanne, *f.* — **lance**, *n.*: demi-pique, *f.* — **lune**, *n.*: (fort.) demi-lune, *f.* — **quaver**, *n.*: (mus.) demi-croche, *f.* — **rep**, *n.*: demi-mondaine, *f.*

de-misable, *adj.*: (jur.) qui peut être affirmé. 1. **mise**, *n.*: décès, *m.*; mort; (jur.) translation de propriété, *f.* 2. **mise**, *tr.*: donner à ferme; léguer; (jur.) faire transport de. — **mission**, *n.*: relâchement, *m.*; dégradation, *f.* — **mi-tone**, *n.*: demiton, *m.* — **mi-wolf**, *n.*: (from a wolf and a bitch) chien métis, *m.*

démocracy, *n.*: démocratie, *f.* **démocrate**, *m.* — **cratic(al)**, *adj.*: démocratique. — **cratically**, *adv.*: démocratiquement. — **cratise**, *tr.*: rendre démocratique. — **cratist**, *n.*: démocrate, *m.*

de-molish, *tr.*: démolir. — **mölisher**, *m.*: démolisseur. — **mölition**, *n.*: démolition, *f.*

dé-mon, *n.*: démon, diable, *m.* — **mon-ess**, *n.*: démon (femelle), *f.* 1. **môniae**, *n.*: démoniaque, *m.* — **môniaeal**, *adj.*: démoniaque. 2. **môniae**, *n.*: démoniaque, *m.* — **môniae**, *n.*: démoniaque, *m.* — **môniae**, *adj.*: de démon, démoniaque. — **môniae**, *n.*: démonologie, *f.*

de-monstrability, *n.*: démonstrabilité, *f.* — **mônstrable**, *adj.*: démonstrable. — **mônstrableness**, *n.*: démonstrabilité. — **mônstrably**, *adv.*: par la démonstration. — **dé-monstrate**, *tr.*: démontrer. — **mônstration**, *n.*: démonstration, *f.* — **mônstrative**, *adj.*: démonstratif; qui montre clairement. — **mônstratively**, *adv.*: démonstrativement. — **dé-monstrator**, *n.*: démonstrateur, *m.* — **mônstratory**, *adj.*: qui tend à démontrer.

de-moralisation, *n.*: démoralisation, *f.* — **môralise**, *tr.*: démoraliser.

démücent, *adj.*: adoucissant, émollient.

démür, *intr.*: hésiter; balancer; temporiser; (jur.) opposer une exception péremptoire: — *at*, objecter, faire objection.

démür, *n.*: hésitation, objection; difficulté, *f.*

démüre, *adj.*: réservé; d'une modestie affectée. 2. **démüre**, *intr.*: faire le

(la) modeste. — **ly**, *adv.*: gravement; avec une modestie affectée. — **ness**, *n.*: gravité; modestie affectée, *f.*

de-mürage, *n.*: (com., nav.) indemnité pour surestaries, *f.* — **mürer**, *n.*: personne qui hésite, qui balance; (jur.) exception péremptoire, *f.*

démý, *n.*: (of paper) coquille, *f.*

dén, *n.*: antre, repaire, *m.*; tanière, *f.* 2. **dén**, *intr.*: vivre dans un antre.

dénary, *adj.*: qui contient le nombre dix; décimal.

dénationalise, *tr.*: dénationaliser.

déndrôid, *dal*, *adj.*: (bot.) dendroïde.

déniable, *adj.*: niable. — **al**, *n.*: refus, *m.*; dénégation, *f.*; (of St. Peter) reniement, reniement, *m.* — **er**, *n.*: personne qui nie, *f.*

déni-grate, *tr.*: noircir; calomnier; dénigrer. — **grätion**, *n.*: dénigrement, *m.*; calomnie, médisance, *f.*

dénizätion, *n.*: dénazification, *f.*; droit de cité, *m.* 1. **dénizän**, *n.*: (English jur.) étranger qui a obtenu les petites lettres de naturalisation en Angleterre; citoyen, *m.* 2. **zän**, *tr.*: donner droit de cité à.

dénömi-nate, *tr.*: nommer, appeler, désigner sous le nom de. — **nätion**, *n.*: dénomination, *f.*; nom, *m.* — **native**, *adj.*: dénommatif. — **nätör**, *n.*: dénominateur, *m.*

dé-notätion, *n.*: dénotation, *f.* — **nöte**, *tr.*: dénoter, marquer, montrer.

dénöun-ee, *tr.*: dénoncer; déclarer. — **ement**, *n.*: dénonciation, déclaration, *f.* — **eer**, *n.*: dénonciateur, *m.*

dén-se, *adj.*: dense; épais. — **sity**, *n.*: densité; épaisseur, *f.*

dént, *n.*: coup, *m.*; creux, *m.*, coche, *f.* 2. **dént**, *tr.*: denteler, bossuer; faire une coche, des coches.

dént, *n.*: dent (d'une roue, etc.). 1. **al**, *adj.*: dentaire, des dents; (gram.) dental.

2. **al**, *n.*: (gram.) dentale, *f.*; (conch.) dentale; (arch.) modillon, *m.* — **ate**, *adj.*: (bot.) denté, dentelé. — **icle**, *n.*: (arch.) denticules, *m. pl.* — **iculate**, *adj.*: (arch.) dentelé; (bot.) denticulé. — **iculation**, *n.*: dentelure, *f.* — **ifrice**, *n.*: dentifrice, *m.* — **il**, *n.*: (arch.) modillon, *m.* — **ist**, *n.*: dentiste, *m.*

— **ition**, *n.*: dentition, *f.*

dé-nüäte, *tr.*: dénuder, dénuer, dépouiller.

nüätion, *n.*: dénudation, *f.* — **nüde**, *tr.*: dénuder, dénuer, dépouiller.

dé-nüciätion, *n.*: dénonciation, déclaration, *f.* — **nüciative**, *adj.*: accusateur. — **nüciator**, *n.*: dénonciateur, *m.*, dénonciatrice, *f.* — **nüciatory**, *adj.*: accusateur.

déný, *tr.*: nier, démentir, dénier; renier; refuser: — *one's self*, renoncer à soi-

même; faire dire qu'on n'est pas chez soi; se refuser quelque chose; — *anything to any one*, refuser quelque chose à quelqu'un.

de-obstruct, *tr.*: désobstruer. **-ob-struent**, *n.*: désobstruant, désobstruc-tif, *m.*

déodand, *n.*: amende, *f.*

déodorant, *adj.*: désinfectant, *m.* **-ri-sation**, *f.*: désinfection, *f.* **-rise**, *tr.*: désinfecter. **-riser**, *n.*: désinfectant, *m.*

déoxi-date, *tr.*: désoxyder. **-dis-ation**, *n.*: désoxydation, *f.* **-dise**, *tr.*: désoxyder.

deoxygé-nate, *tr.*: désoxygéner. **-na-tion**, *n.*: désoxygénation, *f.*

1. départ, *intr.*: partir; sortir; s'éloigner: — *from*, s'écarter de. **2. depart**, *tr.*: faire partir; se départir; dévier; se désister: — *this life*, mourir. **3. depart**, *n.*: départ, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: département, *m.*; partie, *f.* **-mental**, *adj.*: départementale. **departure**, *n.*: départ; éloignement, *m.*; mort, *f.*

depasture, *tr.*: épuiser un pâturage; nourrir; *intr.*: pâturer, brouter.

depau-perate, *tr.*: appauvrir.

depend, *intr.*: pendre; dépendre; demeurer dans la dépendance: — *on*, dépendre de; se fier à; compter sur. **-able**, *adj.*: sur lequel on peut compter. **-an**... = **-en**... **1. ent**, *adj.*: dépendant; pendant. **2. -ent**, *n.*: personne dépendante, *f.*; subordonné, *m.* **-ently**, *adv.*: dépendamment. **-ence**, **-ency**, *n.*: dépendance; confiance, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne dépendante, *f.*

† depérdition, *n.*: déperdition, *f.*

† dephlegm, *tr.*: défléguer. **† -ation**, *n.*: déflégation, *f.*

depiot, *tr.*: peindre, dépeindre.

dé-pilate, *tr.*: épiler. **-pil-ation**, *n.*: épilation, *f.* **1. -pilatory**, *adj.*: dépilatif; dépilatoire, épilatoire. **2. -pilatory**, *n.*: dépilatoire, *m.*

deplé-tion, *n.*: déplétion. **-tory**, *adj.*: déplétif.

deplé-rable, *adj.*: déplorable. **-rable-ness**, *n.*: état déplorable, *m.* **-rably**, *adv.*: déplorablement; pitoyablement. **-re**, *tr.*: déplorer. **-rer**, *n.*: personne qui déplore, *f.*

deplôy, *tr.*: (*milit.*) déployer; *intr.*: (*milit.*) se déployer.

de-plum-ation, *n.*: action de plumer, *f.* **-plume**, *tr.*: plumer.

depô-nent, *n.*: déposant; (*gram.*) déponent, *m.*

depôpy-late, *tr.*: dépeupler; *intr.*: se dépeupler. **-l-ation**, *n.*: dépeuplement, *m.*; dépopulation, *f.* **-lator**, *n.*: dépopulateur, destructeur, *m.*

1. dépôrt, *tr.*: déporter: — *one's self*, se comporter.

2. dépôrt, *n.*: port, *m.*; conduite, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: déportation, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: maintien, *m.*; tenue; conduite, *f.*

de-pôsal, *n.*: (*deprivation of a dignity*) déposition, *f.* **-pôse**, *tr. and intr.*: déposer. **-pôser**, *n.*: personne qui dépose, qui prive d'une dignité, *f.* **1. -pôsit**, *n.*: dépôt, *m.*; arrhes, *f. pl.*: leave a —, déposer des arrhes. **2. -posit**, *tr.*: déposer. **-pôsitary**, *n.*: dépositaire, *m.* **-posi-tion**, *n.*: déposition, *f.* **-pôsitör**, *n.*: (*at a bank*) déposant, *m.*, déposante, *f.*; (*com.*) dépositeur, *m.*, dépositrice, *f.* **-pô-sitör**, *n.*: dépôt, lieu où se garde la chose déposée, *m.*

dépôt, *n.*: dépôt, *m.*

de-prav-ation, *n.*: dépravation, *f.* **-prave**, *tr.*: dépraver, gâter. **-praved**, *adj.*: dépravé. **-pravedly**, *adv.*: par dépravation. **-pravedness**, *n.*: corruption, dépravation, *f.* **-pravement**, *n.*: dépravation, *f.* **-praver**, *n.*: dépraveur, *m.*, dépravatrice, *f.* **-pravity**, *n.*: dépravation, *f.*

dépre-cate, *tr.*: détourner par la prière; conjurer. **-c-ation**, *n.*: déprécation, supplication, *f.* **-cative**, **-catory**, *adj.*: de déprécation, de supplication. **-cator**, *n.*: faiseur de déprécations, *m.*

depréci-ate, *tr.*: déprécier; *intr.*: se déprécier. **-at-ion**, *n.*: dépréciation, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: dépréciateur, *m.*, dépréciatrice, *f.*

dépre-date, *tr.*: piller, saccager, détruire; *intr.*: commettre des déprédations. **-d-ation**, *n.*: déprédation, *f.*; ravage, *m.* **-dator**, *n.*: pillard, déprédateur, *m.*

depre-hënd, *tr.*: découvrir; reconnaître. **depre-hensible**, *adj.*: qui peut être pris.

de-prêss, *tr.*: baisser; abaisser; abattre; déprimer. **-prêssion**, *n.*: abaissement; affaissement; (*fig.*) abattement, *m.*; (*surg.*) dépression, *f.* **-prêssör**, *n.*: oppresseur; (*anat.*) abaisseur, *m.*

de-priv-ation, *n.*: privation; perte, *f.* **-prive**, *tr.*: priver; dépouiller.

dép-th, *n.*: profondeur; hauteur, *f.*; (*of the seasons*) fort, cœur; (*of the night*) milieu; (*print.*) (*of the letters*) corps, *m.*; (*math.*) hauteur, épaisseur, *f.*: — *of winter*, cœur de l'hiver, *m.*

depül-sion, *n.*: expulsion, *f.*

1. dépü-rate, *adj.*: dépuré. **2. -rate**, *tr.*: dépurér. **-r-ation**, *n.*: dépuration, *f.* **-ratory**, *adj.*: dépuratoire.

de-put-ation, *n.*: députation, *f.* **-p-ute**, *tr.*: députer; déléguer.

deputy, *n.*: député, délégué, *m.*: — *gover-*

nor, lieutenant-gouverneur, *m.*: — *chairman*, vice-président, *m.*: — *major*, adjoint au maire, *m.*: — *manager*, sous-directeur, *m.*

deracinate, *tr.*: déraciner.

déranger, *tr.*: déranger; désorganiser. **-ment**, *n.*: dérangement; trouble, *m.*; aliénation mentale, *f.*

1. dère-lict, *adj.*: délaissé, abandonné.

2. -lict, *n.*: (*jur.*) objet abandonné, *m.*

-liction, *n.*: abandon, *m.*

de-ride, *tr.*: tourner en dérision; railler.

-rider, *n.*: moqueur, *m.*, moqueuse, *f.*;

railleur, *m.*, railleuse, *f.* **-ridingly**,

adv.: par dérision. **-rision**, *n.*: déri-

sion, *f.*; objet de dérision, *m.* **-risive**,

adj.: dérisoire. **-risively**, *adv.*: par

dérision. **-risory**, *adj.*: dérisoire.

de-rivable, *adj.*: dérivable; qui dérive,

qui peut dériver. **-rivation**, *n.*: déri-

vation; origine, *f.* **1. -rivative**, *adj.*:

dérivé; (*med.*) dérivatif. **2. -rivative**,

n.: (*gram.*) dérivé; (*mus.*) accord dérivé;

(*med.*) dérivatif, *m.* **-rivatively**, *adv.*:

par dérivation. **-rive**, *tr.*: (*water*) faire

dériver; dériver; (*gram.*) faire dériver;

(*fig.*) recueillir, retirer; *tr.*: venir, pro-

venir.

dèrm(a) or -mis, *n.*: (*anat.*) derme, *m.*

dernier, *adj.*: (*jur.*) dernier.

dé-rogate, *tr.*: déroger à; faire déroga-

tion à; *intr.*: dégénérer; se dégrader:

— *from*, déroger à; porter atteinte à.

-rogated, *part.*: diminué de valeur;

dégradé, endommagé. **-rogation**, *n.*:

dérogation, *f.*; détriment, *m.*; atteinte, *f.*

-rogatorily, *adv.*: d'une manière qui

porte atteinte. **-rogatoriness**, *n.*:

nature dérogatoire. **-rogatory**, *adj.*:

dérogatoire, qui porte atteinte.

dér-vish or -vis(e), *n.*: dervis, der-

viche, *m.*

1. descant, *n.*: chant; discours, *m.*; dis-

sertation, *f.* **2. descant**, *intr.*: discourir:

— *on*, commenter sur; s'appesantir sur.

desceñ-d, *tr. and intr.*: descendre: —

upon, tomber sur. **-dant**, *n.*: descen-

dant, *m.*, descendante, *f.* **-dent**, *adj.*:

descendant; qui descend. **-sion**, *n.*:

descente, *f.* **-t**, *n.*: descente; chute; des-

cendance, postérité, *f.*

descri-be, *tr.*: décrire. **-ber**, *n.*: per-

sonne qui fait une description, *f.*; auteur

d'une description, *m.*

descrier, *n.*: personne qui découvre, *f.*

description, *n.*: description, *f.*; (*of a*

person) signalement, *m.*; qualité, sorte, *f.*

1. descri-y, *tr.*: découvrir, apercevoir.

2. descri-y, *n.*: découverte, *f.*

dése-crate, *tr.*: profaner. **-crat-ion**,

n.: profanation, *f.*

1. dés-ert, *n.*: mérite, *m.*; mérites, *m. pl.*

1. dés-ert, *n.*: désert, *m.*; solitude, *f.*;

adj.: désert, solitaire. **3. dés-ert**, *tr.*:

abandonner; désert; *intr.*: désert.

-s-erter, *n.*: déserteur; transfuge, *m.*

-s-er-tion, *n.*: désertion, *f.*, abandon, *m.*

dés-ertless, *adj.*: indigne, sans mérite.

-ly, *adj.*: injustement.

dés-er-ve, *tr. and intr.*: mériter. **-ved-**

-ly, *adv.*: à bon droit, justement. **-ver**,

n.: personne méritante, *f.* **1. -ving**, *adj.*:

de mérite; méritant; digne. **2. -ving**,

n.: mérite, *m.*

desh-able, *n.*: déshabillé, *m.*

de-siccant, *adj.*: dessiccatif, siccatif;

n.: dessiccatif, siccatif, *m.* **dés-sic-**

-cate, *tr.*: sécher, dessécher; *intr.*:

sécher, se dessécher. **-siccation**, *n.*:

dessiccation, *f.* **1. -siccative**, **-sicca-**

-tory, *adj.*: dessiccatif, siccatif. **2. -sic-**

-cative, *n.*: dessiccatif, siccatif, *m.*

de-siderata, *pl. of -sideratum*. **-side-**

-rative, *adj.*: désidératif; *n.*: verbe dé-

sidératif, *m.* **-sideratum** (*pl. deside-*

rata), *n.*: chose à désirer, *f.*

1. design, *tr.*: dessiner; destiner; dé-

signer; avoir le dessein. **2. design**, *n.*:

dessein, projet; (*drawing*) dessin, *m.*

désign-able, *adj.*: que l'on peut dési-

gner. **désign-ate**, *tr.*: désigner. **des-**

-ign-ation, *n.*: désignation, *f.* **-edly**,

adv.: à dessein. **-er**, *n.*: dessinateur;

inventeur; machinateur, intrigant, *m.*

-ing, *adj.*: artificieux. **1. -less**, *adj.*: sans

dessein. **2. -lessly**, *adv.*: par inadver-

tance, sans dessein. **†-ment**, *n.*: des-

sein, projet, *m.*

de-sir-able, *adj.*: désirable. **1. -sire**,

tr.: désirer; souhaiter; prier; ordonner.

2. -sire, *n.*: désir, *m.* **-sire**, *n.*: per-

sonne qui désire, *f.* **-sirus**, *adj.*: qui dé-

sire; désireux, empressé. **-sirusly**, *adv.*:

avec désir. **-sirusness**, *n.*: désir, *m.*

des-ist, *intr.*: se désister; cesser. **-ance**,

n.: désistement, *m.*

dés-ak, *n.*: pupitre, *m.*; (*in a church*)

chaise, *f.*; (*for music*) lutrin, *m.*

1. dés-o-late, *adj.*: désolé, isolé, solitaire.

2. -late, *tr.*: désoler; dévaster. **-late-**

-ly, *adv.*: d'une manière désolée. **-lā-**

-tion, *n.*: désolation, *f.*

1. dés-pair, *intr.*: désespérer, se déses-

pérer. **2. dés-pair**, *n.*: désespoir, *m.* **-er**,

n.: personne au désespoir, *f.* **-ingly**,

adv.: d'une manière désespérée; sans es-

poir.

dés-patch, etc. = *dispatch*, etc.

dés-per-ado, *n.*: énérgumène; homme

dangereux, *m.*

dés-pe-rate, *adj.*: désespéré, désespé-

rant; dont on désespère; furieux; qui

désespère. **-rately**, *adv.*: en désespéré;

désespérément; d'une manière désespérée;

terriblement, excessivement. **-rateness**, n.: fureur, furie, f. **-râtion**, n.: désespoir, m.; fureur, exaspération, f.

dés-pic-able, **adj.**: méprisable. **-able-ness**, n.: caractère méprisable, m. **-ably**, **adv.**: basement, d'une manière méprisable.

despi-sable, **adj.**: méprisable. **-se**, **tr.**: mépriser. **-sedness**, n.: avilissement, m. **-ser**, n.: contempteur, m. **-sing**, n.: mépris, m. **-singly**, **adv.**: avec mépris.

1. des-pite, n.: dépit, m.; haine, f. **2. des-pite**, **tr.**: dépitier. **3. des-pite**, **prep.**: en dépit de, malgré. **-ful**, **adj.**: qui a du dépit. **-fully**, **adv.**: avec dépit. **-fulness**, n.: dépit, m.

de-spôil, **tr.**: dépouiller. **-spôiler**, n.: spoliateur, m.; spoliatrice, f. **-spolia-tion**, n.: spoliation, f.

despônd, **intr.**: se décourager; être abattu; désespérer. **-eney**, n.: abattement, désespoir, m. **-ent**, **adj.**: découragé, abattu. **-ently**, **adv.**: dans l'abattement; avec désespoir. **-er**, n.: personne désespérée, f.

dés-pot, n.: despote, tyran, m. **-pôtie**, **-pôtical**, **adj.**: despotique. **-pôtical-ly**, **adv.**: despotiquement; en despote. **-potism**, n.: despotisme, m.

desquamâ-tion, n.: desquamation, f. **des-sôrt**, n.: dessert, m.

† des-ti-nate, **tr.**: destiner. **-nâ-tion**, n.: destination, f. **-ne**, **tr.**: destiner. **-ny**, n.: destin, m.; destinée, f.

dés-ti-tute, **adj.**: dépourvu, dénué; dans le dénûment, dans la misère. **-tu-tion**, n.: dénuement, dénûment, m.

destrô-y, **tr.**: détruire, exterminer. **-er**, n.: destructeur, m.

† destrô-e-t, **tr.**: détruire. **-tibility**, n.: destructibilité, f. **-tible**, **adj.**: destructible. **-tion**, n.: destruction, f.; meurtre, carnage, m. **-tive**, **adj.**: destructeur, destructif. **-tively**, **adv.**: d'une manière destructive. **-tiveness**, n.: caractère destructeur, m.

désuetude, n.: désuétude, f.

desûto-ri-ly, **adv.**: par sauts et par bonds; à bâtons rompus. **-riness**, n.: défaut de liaison, m. **-ry**, **adj.**: par sauts et par bonds; à bâtons rompus; décousu; sans suite; changeant, irrégulier.

detâch, **tr.**: détacher, séparer. **-able**, **adj.**: qui peut être détaché, séparable. **-ment**, n.: action de détacher, f.; détachement, m.

1. detâ-il, n.: détail, m. **2. detail**, **tr.**: détailler. **-er**, n.: narrateur de détails, m.

detâ-in, **tr.**: retenir; tenir; détenir. **-er**, n.: personne qui retient; détention, f.; (*jur.*) mandat d'arrestation provisoire, m.

detêc-t, **tr.**: découvrir; surprendre. **-ter**, n.: personne qui découvre, f.; dénonciateur, révélateur, m.; chose qui découvre, f. **-tion**, n.: découverte, f. **-tive**, n.: agent, espion de la police criminelle, de la police secrète, m.

detên-t, n.: (*horol.*) détente, f. **-tion**, n.: action de retenir; (*jur.*) détention, f. **detêr**, **tr.**: effrayer; détourner (par peur); empêcher, retenir, arrêter.

detêr-ge, **tr.**: déterger. **1. gent**, **adj.**: détergent, détersif. **2. gent**, n.: détersif, m.

detêrio-rate, **tr.**: détériorer; faire dégénérer; **intr.**: (*of things*) se détériorer; (*pers.*) dégénérer. **-râ-tion**, n.: (*of things*) détérioration; (*pers.*) dégénération, f.

detêrmi-nable, **adj.**: déterminable. **-nate**, **adj.**: déterminé, établi, réglé; définitif. **-nately**, **adv.**: déterminément. **-nâ-tion**, n.: détermination; (*jur.*) fin, expiration, f. **-native**, **adj.**: déterminatif; déterminant. **-ne**, **tr.**: déterminer; **intr.**: se déterminer; se décider. **-ned**, **adj.**: déterminé. **-nedly**, **adv.**: déterminément.

deterrâ-tion, n.: déterrement, m.

detêrrent, **adj.**: effrayant, détournant (par peur); n.: chose détournante.

detêr-sion, n.: détersion, f. **1. sive**, **adj.**: détersif. **2. sive**, n.: détersif, m.

detêst, **tr.**: détester. **-able**, **adj.**: détestable. **-ably**, **adv.**: détestablement. **-â-tion**, n.: détestation, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui déteste, f.

dethrô-ne, **tr.**: détrôner. **-nement**, n.: détrônement, m. **-ner**, n.: personne qui détrône, f.

détin-ue, n.: (*jur.*) instance pour détention illégale de biens meubles, f.

dêto-nate, **intr.**: détoner; **tr.**: faire détoner. **-nâ-tion**, n.: détonation, f.

detôrt, **tr.**: détourner le sens de.

detôur, n.: détour, m.

detrâc-t, **intr.**: enlever; diminuer, rabatre: — *from*, mesure de. **-ter**, n.: détracteur, m. **-tingly**, **adv.**: par détraction. **-tion**, n.: action d'enlever; détraction, f.; dénigrement, m. **-tive**, **adj.**: détracteur. **-tory**, **adj.**: déroga-toire; détracteur. **-tress**, n.: médisante, f.

dêtri-ment, n.: détriment; préjudice; dommage, m. **-mental**, **adj.**: préjudiciable, nuisible.

de-tri-tion, n.: détritition, f. **-tritus**, n.: (*geol.*) détritits, débris, m.

detrâde, **tr.**: précipiter, repousser; chasser, reléguer.

detrân-cate, **tr.**: tronquer. **-câ-tion**, n.: coupe; mutilation, f.

deuce, *n.*: deux, *m.*
deuce, deuse, *n.*: diable; diantre, *m.*: *the —!* diantre! diable! *the — is in it*, le diable s'en mêle. **-d**, *adj.*: diable de, maudit.
Deuteronomy, *n.*: Deutéronomie, *m.*
dévas-ta-te, *tr.*: dévaster. **-tation**, *n.*: dévastation, *f.*
dévelop, *tr.*: développer. **-ment**, *n.*: développement, dénouement, dénouement, *m.*; exposition, *f.*
dévot, *tr.*: (jur.) désinvestir *de*.
devôxity, *n.*: courbure, *f.*
dévi-ate, *intr.*: dévier; se dévier; s'écarter, s'écarter. **-ation**, *n.*: déviation, *f.*; égarment; écart, *m.*
devise, *n.*: devise, *f.*; dessein, projet; artifice, moyen, *m.*; invention, *f.*
dévil, *n.*: diable, démon, *m.*: *she —*, diablesse, *f.*; *the —!* ah diable! *there is the — to pay*, c'est le diable à confesser. **-et**, *ing* = **-kin**. **-ish**, *adj.*: diabolique. **-ishly**, *adv.*: diaboliquement, diablement. **-ishness**, *n.*: caractère diabolique, *m.* **-kin**, *n.*: diabolisme, *m.*
dévions, *adj.*: détourné; (fig.) errant, vagabond. **-ly**, *adv.*: à tort. **-ness**, *n.*: écart, (action de s'écarter), *m.*
devi-sable, *adj.*: imaginable; (jur.) (of property) disponible. **-se**, *tr.*: projeter; imaginer, inventer; tramer; (jur.) disposer par testament *de*; *intr.*: projeter. **-se**, *n.*: disposition testamentaire, *f.*
-sée, *n.*: (jur.) héritier institué, *m.*, héritière instituée, *f.* **-sor**, *n.*: inventeur, *m.* **-sor**, *n.*: (jur.) testateur, *m.*, testatrice, *f.*
devôid, *adj.*: privé; exempt; dénué, dépourvu.
devoir dé-vôir, *n.*: devoir, *m.*
de-vol-ution, *n.*: dévolution, *f.* **-volve**, *tr.*: rouler; *intr.*: échoir, tomber; confier; être dévolu.
Devonian, *n.*: (geol.) dévonien.
1. devô-te, *tr.*: dévouer, vouer, consacrer. **2. -te**, *adj.*: voué, dévoué. **3. -te**, *n.*: dévot, *m.*, dévote, *f.* **-tedness**, *n.*: dévouement, dévouement, *m.* **-tée**, *n.*: dévot, *m.*, dévote, *f.*; faux dévot, *m.*, fausse dévote, *f.*; bigot, *m.*, bigote, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: dévotion; offrande; prière, *f.*; empressément; dévouement, *m.* **-tional**, *adj.*: (of things) de dévotion; (pers.) porté à la dévotion. **-tionalist**, **-tionist**, *n.*: dévot, *m.*, dévote, *f.*; faux dévot, *m.*, fausse dévote, *f.*
dévour, *tr.*: dévorer. **-er**, *n.*: monstre dévorant; dévorateur, *m.*, dévoratrice, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en dévorant.
dévout, *adj.*: dévot, pieux. **-less**, *adj.*: indévot. **-lessness**, *n.*: indévotion, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: dévotement. **-ness**, *n.*: dévotion, *f.*

1. dew, *n.*: rosée, *f.* **2. dew**, *tr.*: couvrir de rosée; mouiller, arroser, tremper. **-bent**, *adj.*: qui plie sous la rosée; chargé de rosée. **-bespangled**, *adj.*: parsemée de rosée. **-bespquent**, *adj.*: couvert de rosée. **-drop**, *n.*: goutte de rosée, *f.* **-dropping**, *adj.*: qui dégotte de rosée. **-lap**, *n.*: fanon, *m.* **-lapt**, *adj.*: qui a un fanon; à fanon. **-sprinkled**, *adj.*: couvert de rosée. **-worm**, *n.*: (ent.) lombric terrestre; ver de terre, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: de rosée; couvert de rosée.
dêx-ter, *adj.*: droit; (her.) dextre. **-têrity**, *n.*: dextérité, adresse, *f.* **-terous**, *adj.*: adroit; habile. **-terously**, *adv.*: adroitement; habilement. **-terousness**, *n.*: dextérité, adresse, *f.* **-tral**, *adj.*: droit. **-trality**, *n.*: situation à droite, *f.* **-trine**, *n.*: (chem.) dextérine, *f.*
dêy, *n.*: dey, *m.*
dia-bête, *sing. and pl.*: (med.) diabète, *m. sing.* **-bêtic(al)**, *adj.*: diabétique.
diabôlic, **-al**, *adj.*: diabolique. **-ally**, *adv.*: diaboliquement. **-alness**, *n.*: caractère diabolique, *m.*
diachylum or diachylon, *n.*: diachylum, diachylon, *m.*
diacôdium, *n.*: diacode, *m.*
diacônal, *adj.*: diaconal.
diacônistics, *n. pl.*: diacoustique, *f.*
diadôlphia, *n.*: diadelphie, *f.*
diadem, *n.*: diadème, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: ceint d'un diadème.
diadrom, *n.*: vibration du pendule, *f.*
diæresis or diêr (pl. *diæreses*), *n.*: tréma, *m.*; diérèse, *f.*
dia-gnôse, *tr.*: faire la diagnose *de*. **-gnôsis**, *n.*: diagnose, *m.* **1. gnôstic**, *adj.*: diagnostique. **2. gnostic**, *n.*: diagnostique, *m.*
1. diagonal, *adj.*: diagonal. **2. diagonal**, *n.*: diagonale, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: diagonalement.
diagram, *n.*: diagramme, *m.*
dial, *n.*: cadran, *m.*: *sun —*, cadran solaire, *m.*
dia-lect, *n.*: dialecte; langage, *m.* **-lêctic(al)**, *adj.*: dialectique. **-lêctically**, *adv.*: dialectiquement. **-lêctician**, *n.*: dialecticien, *m.*
dial-ling, *n.*: gnomonique, *f.* **-list**, *n.*: faiseur de cadrans, *m.*
di-alôgical, *adj.*: dialogique. **-alogism**, *n.*: dialogisme, *m.* **-alogist**, *n.*: interlocuteur; auteur de dialogues; dialogiste, *m.* **-alogistic(al)**, *adj.*: dialogique. **-alogistically**, *adv.*: dialogiquement. **di-alogue**, *n.*: dialogue; entretien, *m.* **-alogue-writer**, *n.*: auteur de dialogues, dialogiste, *m.*

dial-plate, *n.*: cadran, *m.* -**work**, *n.*: (*horl.*) cadrature, *f.*
diā-meter, *n.*: diamètre, *m.* -**metral**, -**métric(al)**, *adj.*: diamétral. -**mét-rally**, -**métrically**, *adv.*: diamétralement.
diāmōnd, *n.*: diamant; (*at cards*) carreau; (*geom.*) rhombe, *m.*: *set of* —, garniture de diamants, *f.*; *cut* —, diamant taillé; *false* —, faux diamant; diamant faux; *polished* —, diamant poli; *rough* —, diamant brut; *true* —, vrai diamant; *wrought* —, diamant travaillé; *glazier's* —, diamant de vitrier; *rose* —, diamant en rose, *m.*; *rose*, *f.*; — *of the first water*, diamant de première eau; *set a* —, monter un diamant. -**cutter**, *n.*: diamantaire; lapidaire, *m.* -**cutting**, *n.*: taille du diamant, *f.*
diandria, *n.*: diandrie, *f.*
diapason, *n.*: diapason, *m.*
diaper, *n.*: toile ouvree; (*for baby*) linge, *f.*; (*arch.*) panneau à arabesques, *m.* 2. **diaper**, *tr.*: varier de plusieurs couleurs, diapper; ouvrir. -**ed**, *adj.*: ouvré. -**ing**, *n.*: diaprure, *f.*
di-aphanēity, *n.*: diaphanéité, *f.* -**aphānic**, -**āphanous**, *adj.*: diaphane.
diaphōnic(al), *adj.*: diaphonique.
diaphorēsis, *n.*: diaphorèse, *f.*
diaphragm, *n.*: diaphragme, *m.*
diarist, *n.*: personne qui tient un journal, *f.*
diā-rrhēa, -**rrhōa**, *n.*: diarrhée, *f.*
diarthrōsis, *n.*: diarthrose, *f.*
diary, *n.*: journal, *m.*
dia-stage, *n.*: (*chem.*) diastase, *f.* -**stā-sis**, *n.*: (*surg.*) diastase, *f.*
diāstole, *n.*: diastole, *f.*
diastyle, *n.*: diastyle, *m.*
diathēsis, *n.*: diathèse, *f.*
diatōnic, *adj.*: (*mus.*) diatonique.
diatribe, *n.*: diatribe, *f.*
dib-ber, *n.*: (*agri.*) plantoir, *m.* 1. -**ble**, *n.*: plantoir, *m.* 2. -**ble**, *tr.*: (*agri.*) planter au plantoir.
dibstone, *n.*: palet, *m.*
†dicācity, *n.*: caquet, babillage, *m.*
diec, *pl. of die*: dés, *etc.* -**box**, *n.*: cor-net à dés, *m.* -**r**, *n.*: joueur aux dés, *m.*
dichōtomy, *n.*: dichotomie, *f.*
dickens, *n. or interj.*: diantre.
1. dieker, *n.*: (*Am.*) échange, trafic, *m.* 2. **dieker**, *intr.*: (*Am.*) troquer, faire un échange, marchander.
dieky, *n.*: siège de derrière, *m.*; (*shirt-front*) chemisette, *f.*
dicotylēdon, *n.*: (*bot.*) dicotylédone, *f.* -**ous**, *adj.*: dicotylédone.
1. dic-tate, *tr.*: dicter. 2. -**tate**, *n.*: précepte; ordre, *m.*; inspiration, *f.* 2. -**tā-tion**, *n.*: dictée, *f.* -**tātor**, *n.*: dicta-

teur, *m.* -**tatorial**, *adj.*: dictatorial, de dictateur; impérieux; dogmatique; arrogant. -**tātorship**, *n.*: dictature, *f.* -**tatory**, *adj.*: arrogant; dogmatique; tranchant. -**tature**, *n.*: dictature, *f.*
diction, *n.*: diction, *f.* -**ary**, *n.*: dictionnaire, *m.*
did, *pret. of do*.
didactic(al), *adj.*: didactique. -**ally**, *adv.*: didactiquement.
didapper, *n.*: (*orni.*) plongeon, *m.*
diddle, *intr.*: chanceler en marchant; vétiler; perdre son temps; *tr.*: duper, (*pop.*) enfoncer, mettre dedans.
didēlphīs, *n.*: (*mam.*) didelphe, *m.*
didymous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) didyme. -**nā-mia**, *n.*: (*bot.*) didynamie, *f.*
1. die (*pl. dice*), *n.*: dé (à jouer), *m.*, (*fig.*) chance, *f.*, hasard, *m.* 2. **die** (*pl. dies*), *n.*: (*for stamping*) coin, *m.*
3. die (*pret.*, *part. died*), *intr.*: mourir; s'éteindre: — *away*, s'éteindre, se mou-rir; — *off*, s'éteindre.
diēresis = *diæresis*.
diēs, *n.*: (*mus.*) dièse, *m.*; (*print.*) croix double (†), *f.*
1. diet, *n.*: (*assembly*) diète; (*food*) nour-riture; (*med.*) diète, *f.*, régime, *m.* 2. **diet**, *tr.*: (*med.*) mettre à la diète, mettre au régime; nourrir; *intr.*: faire diète, être au régime; se nourrir. 1. -**ary**, *adj.*: de diète, 2. -**ary**, *n.*: diète, *f.*; régime alimentaire, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: diété-tiste, *m.* -**tētic(al)**, *adj.*: diététique. -**ētics**, *n. pl.*: diététique, *f.* -**ine**, *n.*: diétine, *f.*
differ, *intr.*: différer. 1. -**ence**, *n.*: dif-férence; (*quarrel*) dispute, *f.*, différend, *m.* 2. -**ence**, *tr.*: différencier. -**ent**, *adj.*: différent. -**ēntial**, *adj.*: différentiel. -**ēntiate**, *tr.*: (*math.*) différentier. -**ently**, *adv.*: différemment.
difficult, *adj.*: difficile; malaisé. -**ly**, *adv.*: difficilement. -**y**, *n.*: difficulté; peine, *f.*; embarras, *m.*
diffidence, *n.*: défiance, *f.*; manque de confiance en soi-même, *m.*; hésitation, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: défiant; timide; hésitant. -**dently**, *adv.*: avec défiance; avec hésitation; timidement.
†diffuent, *adj.*: coulant, fluide.
diffōrm, *adj.*: difforme, irrégulier. -**ity**, *n.*: difformité, *f.*
diffraction, *n.*: diffraction, *f.*
1. diffū-se, *adj.*: diffus, verbeux; répandu. 2. -**se**, *tr.*: répandre. -**sed**, *past part.*: répandu; irrégulier. -**sedly**, *adv.*: d'une manière étendue. -**sedness**, *n.*: diffusion, *f.*; état répandu, *m.* -**scly**, *adv.*: diffusément. -**scness**, *n.*: diffusion, pro-lixité, *f.* -**sibility**, *n.*: diffusibilité, *f.* -**sible**, *adj.*: diffusible. -**ston**, *n.*: dif-

fusion, dispersion; propagation, *f.* -sive, *adj.*: qui se répand. -sively, *adv.*: au loin. -siveness, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut se répandre; abondance; extension, *f.*

1. **dig** (pret., part. -ged or dug), *tr.*: creuser; bêcher; piocher; fouiller: — out, retirer: — up, déterrer; *intr.*: bêcher, piocher; creuser la terre; faire des fouilles.

2. **dig**, *n.*: coup; (Am.) piocheur (étudiant laborieux), *m.*: a mere —, un bon bolear.

1. **digest**, *tr.*: classer; (food) digérer; (chem.) faire digérer; *intr.*: digérer.

2. **digest**, *n.*: digeste, *m.* -ter, *n.*: (chem.) digesteur, *m.* -tible, *adj.*: digestible. -tion, *n.*: digestion, *f.*; (fig.) examen approfondi, *m.* 1. -tive, *adj.*: digestif. 2. -tive, *n.*: digestif, *m.*

dig-gor, *n.*: personne qui bêche, *f.*; terrassier; (for gold) chercheur d'or, mineur, *m.* -ging, *n.*: fouille, *f.*; déblai; terrassement, *m.*

† **dig-ht**, *tr.*: orner, parer.

digit, *n.*: mesure de 20 millimètres, *f.*; doigt; (arith.) chiffre, *m.* -al, *adj.*: (anat.) digital. -ate, -ated, *adj.*: digité.

dig-ni-fied, *adj.*: revêtu d'une dignité; plein de dignité, digne. -fy, *tr.*: élever à une dignité; donner de la dignité à; élever, illustrer; revêtir d'un titre. -tary, *n.*: dignitaire, *m.* -ty, *n.*: dignité, *f.*

di-gram, -graph, *n.*: digramme, *m.*

di-grèss, *intr.*: faire une digression; s'écarter. -gression, *n.*: digression; faute, *f.*; écart, *m.* -gressional, *adj.*: de digression, digressif. -gressively, *adv.*: digressivement.

1. **dike**, *n.*: digue, *f.* 2. **dike**, *tr.*: diguer.

diláco-rate, *tr.*: dilacérer. -râtion, *n.*: dilacération, *f.*

dilâpi-date, *tr.*: délabrer, dilapider; *intr.*: se délabrer. -dâtion, *n.*: délabrement, *m.*; dilapidation, *f.* -dâtor, *n.*: dilapidateur, *m.*, dilapidatrice, *f.*

di-lata-bility, *n.*: dilatabilité, *f.* -lâ-table, *adj.*: dilatable. -lâtâtion, *n.*: dilatation, *f.* -lâte, *tr.*: dilater, élargir, étendre; *intr.*: se dilater. -lâtation, *n.*: dilatation, *f.* -lâtive, *adj.*: dilatant. -lâtôr, *n.*: dilatateur, *m.* di-latori-ness, *n.*: lenteur, *f.* di-latory, *adj.*: négligent, lent, dilatoire.

dilèmma, *n.*: dilemme; embarras, *m.*

dilettâ-nté, *n.*: amateur des beaux arts; (muz.) dilettante, *m.*

dili-gence, *n.*: diligence, assidue; (coach) diligence, *f.* -gent, *adj.*: diligent. -gently, *adv.*: diligemment.

dill, *n.*: (bot.) anet, *m.*

† **dill-ucid**, *adj.*: clair, transparent. †-ate, *tr.*: éclaircir. †-âtion, *n.*: éclaircissement, *m.*

di-luent, *adj.*: délayant. -lûte, *tr.*: détrempier; délayer; (wine) couper; (fig.) affaiblir. -lûter, *n.*: chose qui délaye, *f.* -lution, *n.*: dilution, *f.*; délayement; (fig.) affaiblissement, *m.*

dilâvial, -lûvian, *adj.*: diluvien.

1. **dim**, *adj.*: obscur, obscurci. 2. **dim**, *tr.*: obscurcir; ofusquer.

dimèn-sion, *n.*: dimension, proportion, étendue, *f.*

dimidiât-ion, *n.*: division en deux parties égales, *f.*

dimin-ish, *tr.*: diminuer, abaisser; *intr.*: diminuer. -ishingly, *adv.*: désavantageusement. -ûtion, *n.*: diminution, *f.* 1. -utive, *adj.*: petit, diminutif. 2. -ative, *n.*: diminutif, *m.* -utively, *adv.*: dans de petites proportions; désavantageusement. -utiveness, *n.*: petitesse; exiguité, *f.*

dimissory, *adj.*: dimissorial.

dimity, *n.*: basin, *m.*

dim-ly, *adv.*: obscurément. -mish, *adj.*: un peu obscurci; terne. -ness, *n.*: état obscurci; obscurcissement, *m.*; obscurité, *f.*

1. **dim-ple**, *n.*: fossette, *f.* 2. -ple, *tr.*: former en fossette; *intr.*: former des fossettes. -ply, *adv.*: plein de fossettes.

1. **din**, *n.*: bruit étourdissant, *m.* 2. **din**, *tr.*: étourdir.

dî-ne, *intr.*: dîner; *tr.*: donner à dîner à; nourrir. -ner, *n.*: dineur, *m.*

ding-dông, *n.*: bruit des cloches, dine-dindon, *m.*

dinginess, *n.*: couleur sombre, *f.*; air sombre, *m.*

dingle, *n.*: vallon, *m.*

dingle-dâgle, *adv.*: en pendillant.

dingy, *adj.*: sombre.

dining, *n.*: action de dîner, *f.*; dîner, *m.*

-hall, *n.*: réfectoire, *m.*; salle à manger, *f.* -parlor, *n.*: salle à manger, *f.*

-room, *n.*: salle à manger, *f.* -rooms, *n. pl.*: restaurant, *m. sing.* -table, *n.*: table à manger, *f.*

dinner, *n.*: dîner, dîné, *m.* -hour, *n.*: heure du dîner, *f.* -party, *n.*: dîner, *m.*: have a —, donner à dîner, avoir du monde à dîner. -table, *n.*: table, *f.* -time, *n.*: heure de dîner, *f.*

1. **dint**, *n.*: coup, *m.*; coche, dent, marque d'un coup; force, puissance, *f.*: by —, par force de. 2. **dint**, *tr.*: bossuer.

† **dijn-um-erâ-tion**, *n.*: énumération, *f.*; dénombrement, *m.*

1. **djô-cesan**, *adj.*: diocésain. 2. -cesan, *n.*: évêque diocésain, *m.* dio-cese, *n.*: diocèse, *m.*

djôp-trie, *adj.*: dioptrique. -s, *n. pl.*: dioptrique, *f. sing.*

diorâma, *n.*: diorama, *m.*

1. dip, *tr.*: plonger; tremper; mouiller; *intr.*: plonger; (*of the needle*) incliner; (*mines*) s'incliner: — *into*, s'engager dans; feuilleter. **2. dip**, *n.*: plongement, *m.*; (*geol.*; *of the needle*) inclinaison; (*candle*) chandelle à la baguette, *f.*

diph-thong, *n.*: diphtongue. **-thongal**, *adj.*: de diphtongue. **-thongise**, *tr.*: faire diphtongue.

diplô-ma, *n.*: diplôme, *m.* **-macy**, *n.*: diplomatie, *f.* **diplo-mat**, **-mate**, *n.*: diplomate, *m.* **-matio**, *adj.*: diplomatique. **-matics**, *n. pl.*: diplomatique, *f. sing.* **-matist**, *n.*: diplomate, *m.*

dip-per, *n.*: cuiller à pot; (*orni.*) plongeur, *m.*; (*astron.*) grande ourse, *f.* **-ping**, *n.*: plongement, *m.*; (*mines*) inclinaison, *f.*

dipte-ra, **-rans**, *n. pl.*: diptères, *m. pl.* **-ral**, **-rous**, *adj.*: (*ent.*) diptère.

dire, *adj.*: terrible, affreux; cruel.

1. di-rèct, *adj.*: direct, droit. **2. rect**, *tr.*: diriger; ordonner; enseigner, renseigner, donner des renseignements à: — *a letter*, adresser une lettre. **-rèction**, *n.*: direction, *f.*; ordre, *m.*; instruction, *f.*; sens, côté, *m.*; (*of a letter*) adresse, *f.*; (*of the wind*) lit, *m.* **-rèctive**, *adj.*: directif, qui dirige, qui guide. **-rèctly**, *adv.*: directement, immédiatement; (*of time*) tout de suite, immédiatement. **-rèctness**, *n.*: mouvement direct, *m.*; (*fig.*) droiture, *f.* **-rèctor**, *n.*: directeur, guide, chef, *m.* **-rèctory**, *n.*: directoire; (*for addresses*) guide, almanach des 25,000 adresses, *m.* **-rèctress**, *n.*: directrice, *f.*

dire-fal, *adj.*: terrible, affreux; cruel. **-fully**, *adv.*: terriblement, affreusement, cruellement. **-fulness**, *n.*: horreur, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: horreur, *f.*

dirge, *n.*: chant funèbre, *m.*

dirk, *n.*: dague, *f.*

1. dirt, *n.*: boue; saleté; fange; ordure; crotte, *f.* **2. dirt**, *tr.*: salir, souiller, crotter. **-ily**, *adv.*: salement; vilainement. **-iness**, *n.*: saleté, malpropreté; (*fig.*) bassesse, *f.* **1-y**, *adj.*: sale; crotté; malpropre; (*fig.*) vilain: — *action*, action sale, *f.* **2-y**, *tr.*: salir, crotter; souiller.

dirûption, *n.*: rupture, *f.*

dis-ability, *n.*: incapacité; impuissance; (*jur.*) inhabilité, *f.* **-able**, *tr.*: rendre incapable; renverser; détruire; mettre hors de combat; (*nav.*) désemparer: — *a soldier*, invalide, *m.* **-abling**, *adj.*: qui rend incapable; (*jur.*) qui frappe d'incapacité légale.

disabuse, *tr.*: désabuser.

disaccûstom, *tr.*: désaccoutumer, déshabituer.

disacquaintance, *n.*: cessation de connaissance, *f.*

1. disadvân-tage, *n.*: désavantage, *m.* **2. -tage**, *tr.*: désavantager. **-tâgeous**, *adj.*: désavantageux. **-tâgeously**, *adv.*: désavantageusement. **-tâgeousness**, *n.*: désavantage, *m.*

disaffec-t, *tr.*: aliéner les esprits; perdre l'amour, l'affection de. **-ted**, *adj.*: mal disposé. **-tedly**, *adv.*: avec désaffection. **-tedness**, **-tion**, *n.*: désaffection, *f.*

disaffirm, *tr.*: infirmer. **-ance**, *n.*: réfutation; (*jur.*) infirmation, *f.*

disafforest, *tr.*: déclarer ne plus être forêt.

disâggre-gate, *tr.*: désagréger. **-gâtion**, *n.*: désagrégation, *f.*

disagrêe, *intr.*: différer; ne pas s'accorder: — *with*, faire mal à; incommoder; — *with any one*, ne pas s'accorder, être brouillé avec quelqu'un; — *to*, ne pas accéder à. **-able**, *adj.*: désagréable; fâcheux. **-ableness**, *n.*: désagrément, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: différence, *f.*; différend, désaccord, *m.*; brouillerie, *f.*

disallow, *tr.*: désapprouver, rejeter, désavouer; ne pas admettre; *intr.*: ne pas permettre. **-able**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas permis. **-ance**, *n.*: défense, *f.*

†disallÿ, *tr.*: unir par mésalliance, mésallier.

†disâncor, *tr.*: faire chasser un vaisseau sur ses ancres.

†disâni-mate, *tr.*: cesser d'animer; décourager. **-mâtion**, *n.*: mort, *f.*; découragement, *m.*

disappêar, *tr.*: disparaître. **-ance**, *n.*: disparition, *f.*

disappoint, *tr.*: contrarier; désappointer; frustrer; manquer de parole à; tromper. **-ment**, *n.*: contrariété, *f.*; désappointement, *m.*; espérance déçue, *f.*; contretemps, *m.*

dis-approbâtion, *n.*: désapprobation, *f.* **-approbatory**, *adj.*: désapprouvateur.

-approve, *tr.*: désapprouver.

disârm, *tr.*: désarmer.

disarrangement, *n.*: dérangement; désordre, *m.*

1. dis-arrây, *tr.*: déshabiller; mettre en désarroi. **2. -array**, *n.*: désarroi, désordre, *m.*

1. disâs-ter, *n.*: désastre, *m.* **2. -ter**, *tr.*: frapper de désastres. **-trous**, *adj.*: désastreux. **-trously**, *adv.*: désastreusement. **-trousness**, *n.*: nature désastreuse, *f.*

disavow, *tr.*: désavouer. **-al**, *n.*: désaveu, *m.*

1. disbând, *tr.*: licencier; éparpiller; congédier. **2. disband**, *intr.*: se séparer, se disperser; (*milit.*) être licencié. **-ing**, *n.*: licenciement, *m.*

disbark, *tr.*: débarquer.

dis-belief, *n.*: incrédule, *f.* **-believe**, *tr.*: ne pas croire. **-believer**, *n.*: incrédule, *m.*, *f.*

disbanch, *tr.*: chasser de son siège, chasser de son banc.

disbranch, *tr.*: ébrancher.

disbud, *tr.*: ébourgeonner.

disburden, *tr.*: décharger; (*fig.*) ouvrir.

disbur-se, *tr.*: déboursier, dépenser. **-sement**, *n.*: déboursement, *m.* **-ser**, *n.*: personne qui débourse, *f.*

disco, *n.*: disque, *m.*

discard, *tr.*: congédier; écarter; exclure; renvoyer.

discase, *tr.*: déshabiller.

discern, *tr.*: discerner, distinguer; juger. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui discerne; personne qui juge, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: perceptible, visible, discernable. **-ibleness**, *n.*: visibilité, *f.* **-ibly**, *adv.*: visiblement. **-ing**, *adj.*: judicieux. **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec discernement. **-ment**, *n.*: discernement; jugement.

discorp, *tr.*: déchirer; mettre en pièces. **-ibility**, **-tibility**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut être séparé, *f.* **-tible**, *adj.*: séparable. **-tion**, *n.*: déchirement, *m.*

1. dis-charge, *tr.*: décharger; (*a servant*) congédier, renvoyer; (*from confinement*) libérer, élargir; (*a debt*) acquitter, payer; (*arrows*) décocher, lancer; (*fire-arms*) décharger; (*a duty*) l'acquitter de, accomplir; (*milit.*, *nav.*) congédier. **2. -charge**, *n.*: déchargement, *m.*; émission, *f.*; écoulement, *m.*; (*of fire-arms, arrows, water*) décharge; (*from prison*) libération, mise en liberté, *f.*, élargissement; (*of a duty*) accomplissement; (*of a servant*) congé; (*milit.*) congé définitif, *m.*; (*payment*) quittance, *f.* **-charger**, *n.*: personne qui décharge, qui congédie, *f.*

1. disciple, *n.*: disciple, *m.* **2. disciple**, *tr.*: enseigner, endoctriner. **-ship**, *n.*: état de disciple, *m.*

disciplinable, *adj.*: disciplinable; soumis à la discipline. **1. -plinarian**, *adj.*: disciplinaire. **2. -plinarian**, *n.*: personne rigide pour la discipline, *f.*; (*milit.*) instructeur, *m.* **-plinary**, *adj.*: disciplinaire. **-pline**, *n.*: discipline, *f.* **-pline**, *tr.*: discipliner.

disclām, *tr.*: désavouer, renier. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui désavoue, qui renie, *f.*; désaveu public, *m.*

dis-clōse, *tr.*: découvrir; révéler; mettre au jour. **-clōser**, *n.*: révélateur, *m.*, révélatrice, *f.* **-clōsure**, *n.*: déclaration, révélation; découverte, *f.*

discolo(u)r, *tr.*: décolorer. **-ation**, *n.*: décoloration, *f.*

1. discōm-fit, *tr.*: défaire; mettre en déroute; mettre en fuite; disperser; vaincre. **2. -fit**, *n.*: défaite, déroute; dispersion, *f.*; renversement, *m.* **-fiture**, *n.*: défaite, déroute, *f.* *Fr.* déconfiture, *f.*

1. discōmfort, *tr.*: affliger; chagriner; incommoder, gêner. **2. discōmfort**, *n.*: désolation, *f.*; désagrément, *m.*, gêne, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: affligeant, désagréable; incommoder.

discōmmēd, *tr.*: blâmer, censurer. **-able**, *adj.*: blâmable, censurable. **-ableness**, *n.*: caractère blâmable, *m.* **-ation**, *n.*: blâme, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: désapprouvateur, *m.* **discōmmō-de**, *tr.*: incommoder. **-di-ous**, *adj.*: incommoder.

discōmmon, *tr.*: dépouiller du droit de vaine pâture.

discōmpō-se, *tr.*: déranger, troubler; mettre hors de soi. **-sure**, *n.*: dérangement; trouble, *m.*

discōncērt, *tr.*: déconcerter, troubler.

discōncōrmy, *n.*: dissemblance, *f.*

discōngruity, *n.*: disconvenance, *f.*

discōnnēc-t, *tr.*: désunir. **-tion**, *n.*: désunion, *f.*

discōnsēnt, *tr.*: différer; ne pas s'accorder; ne pas consentir.

discōnso-late, *adj.*: inconsolable, désolé. **-lately**, *adv.*: inconsolablement. **-latelyness**, *n.*: désolation, *f.* **-lately**, *n.*: désolation, *f.*

1. discōntēnt, *adj.*: mécontent. **2. discōntēnt**, *n.*: mécontentement, *m.* **discōntēnt**, *tr.*: mécontenter. **-ed**, *adj.*: mécontent. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec mécontentement; à contre-cœur. **-edness**, *n.*: mécontentement, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: mécontentement, *m.*

discōnti-nuance, **-nuātion**, *n.*: cessation; discontinuation, discontinuité, *f.* **-nue**, *tr.* and *intr.*: discontinuer. **-nū-ity**, *n.*: discontinuité, *f.* **-nuous**, *adj.*: discontinu.

dis-cord *δ*, **-cōrdance**, **-cōrdaney**, *n.*: discorde; (*mus.*) dissonance, *f.*; discordance, *f.* **-cōrdant**, *adj.*: discordant. **-cōrdantly**, *adv.*: sans accord; d'une manière discordante.

1. discōunt, *tr.*: déduire, décompter; (*com.*) escompter; *intr.*: (*com.*) faire l'escompte. **2. discōunt**, *n.*: escompte, *m.*; (*abatement*) remise; (*arith.*) règle d'escompte, *f.*; *at a —*, sous escompte; *with a —*, sauf escompte. **-able**, *adj.*: susceptible d'être escompté.

1. discōunte-nance, *tr.*: décontenancer, désapprouver, décourager. **2. -nance**, *n.*: défaveur, *f.*; mauvais accueil, *m.* **-nancer**, *n.*: personne qui décourage, *f.*

discōunter, *n.*: (*com.*) escompteur, *m.*

discōura-ge, *tr.*: décourager, rebuter.

-gement, *n.*: découragement, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: personne qui décourage, *f.*

1. discours, *n.*: discours; entretien, langage, *m.* **2.-se**, *intr.*: discourir; parler. **-ser**, *n.*: discoureur, *m.* **-sive**, *adj.*: discursif; dialogué.

discour-teous, *adj.*: impoli, incivil; discourtois. **-teously**, *adv.*: discourtoisement, impoliment, incivilement. **-tesy**, *n.*: impolitesse; discourtoisie, *f.*

discover, *tr.*: découvrir; montrer; faire voir; laisser percer. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être découvert; facile à découvrir. **-er**, *n.*: auteur d'une découverte; révélateur, *m.*, révélatrice, *f.* **-y**, *n.*: découverte, *f.*

1. discredit, *n.*: discrédit; déshonneur, *m.* **2. discredit**, *tr.*: ne pas croire; décréditer; déshonorer; discréditer. **-able**, *adj.*: qui décrédite; déshonorant; honteux.

discreet, *adj.*: discret, prudent, sage. **-ly**, *adv.*: discrètement, sagement, prudemment. **-ness**, *n.*: discrétion, *f.* **discrè-panee**, **-paney**, *n.*: différence, contradiction, *f.* **-pant**, *adj.*: différent; opposé.

dis-crète, *adj.*: séparé, discret; (*arith.*) simple. **-crétion**, *n.*: discrétion, prudence, sagesse, *f.*; jugement, *m.* **-crétional**, **-crétionary**, *adj.*: discrétionnaire, à discrétion. **-crétionally**, **-crétionarily**, *adv.*: à discrétion. **-crétive**, *adj.*: disjonctif; séparé, discret, distinct. **-crétively**, *adv.*: d'une manière disjonctive.

discrimi-nable, *adj.*: qui peut être distingué. **-nate**, *tr.* and *intr.*: distinguer. **-nately**, *adv.*: distinctement. **-nateness**, *n.*: distinction, *f.* **-nating**, *adj.*: distinctif. **-nâtion**, *n.*: distinction, *f.*; discernement, *m.*; *without* —, indistinctement. **-native**, *adj.*: distinctif, qui distingue. **-natively**, *adv.*: avec discernement.

dis-crown, *tr.*: découronner; priver de la couronne.

disculpate, *tr.*: disculper.

discumber, *tr.*: débarrasser, dégager.

discursive, *adj.*: errant; discursif; de raisonnement. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière discursive.

discursory, *adj.*: raisonnable, rationnel; d'argument.

discus, *n.*: disque, *m.*

dis-cuss, *tr.*: discuter. **-cussion**, *n.*: discussion; analyse, *f.* **-cussing**, *n.*: discussion, *f.* **-cussive**, *adj.*: discussif; résolutif. **-cûtient**, *n.*: discussif, *m.*

1. disdâin, *n.*: dédain, *m.* **2. disdâin**, *tr.*: dédaigner. **-ful**, *adj.*: dédaigneux. **-fully**, *adv.*: dédaigneusement. **-fulness**, *n.*: dédain, *m.*

1. disêa-se, *n.*: maladie, *f.*; mal, *m.* **2.-se**, *tr.*: rendre malade. **-sed**, *adj.*: malade. **-sedness**, *n.*: état de maladie, *m.* **disêdged**, *adj.*: émoussé.

disembark, *tr.*: débarquer; débarquer; *intr.*: débarquer. **-âtion**, **-ment**, *n.*: débarquement; débarquement, *m.*

disembarrass, *tr.*: débarrasser.

disembay, *tr.*: dégager d'une baie.

disem-bitter, *tr.*: adoucir.

disem-bôléd, *adj.*: dépouillé de son corps; désincorporé. **-bôdy**, *tr.*: dépouiller du corps; désincorporer.

disembogue, *intr.*: se décharger; déboucher; (*of rivers, etc.*) tomber dans; (*nav.*) débouquer; *tr.*: jeter, décharger. **-ment**, *n.*: débouchement; (*nav.*) débouquement, *m.*

disembôsom, *tr.*: arracher au sein.

disembowel, *tr.*: retirer les entrailles.

disembrôil, *tr.*: débrouiller.

disenâble, *tr.*: rendre incapable.

disenâmoured, *adj.*: qui n'est plus amoureux; désamouraché.

disenchânt, *tr.*: désenchanter.

disencûm-ber, *tr.*: débarrasser, dégager. **-brance**, *n.*: débarras, *m.*; délivrance, *f.*

disengage, *tr.*: dégager, débarrasser; délivrer; affranchir; libérer; détacher. **-d**, *adj.*: dégagé; libre; de loisir.

-ment, *n.*: dégagement, affranchissement, *m.*; libération, *f.*

disennoble, *tr.*: faire perdre la noblesse à; avilir.

disenroll, *tr.*: effacer d'un registre.

disentangle, *tr.*: démêler, débarrasser; débrouiller; dégager; (*the feet*) dépêtrer. **-ment**, *n.*: démêlement; débrouillement; dégagement, *m.*

disenthral, *tr.*: affranchir; libérer.

-ment, *n.*: affranchissement, *m.*

disenthronè, *tr.*: détrôner.

disentitle, *tr.*: dépouiller; priver du droit à.

disentrance, *tr.*: réveiller d'un sommeil léthargique.

disentwine, *tr.*: désenlacer, séparer.

disespouse, *tr.*: démarier, divorcer.

1. dis-estêem, *n.*: déconsidération, mésestime, *f.* **2.-estêem**, *tr.*: mésestimer.

1. dis-fâvour, *n.*: défaveur, disgrâce, *f.*

2.-fâvour, *tr.*: jeter la défaveur sur; voir avec défaveur.

dis-figurâtion, *n.*: action de défigurer; difformité, *f.* **-figure**, *tr.*: défigurer; déformer. **-figurement**, *n.*: état défiguré; enlaidissement; défaut, *m.*

disfranchise, *tr.*: priver de ses privilèges; priver du droit électoral. **-ment**, *n.*: privation de ses privilèges; privation du droit électoral, *f.*

disfurnish, *tr.*: dépouiller, dégarnir; démeubler; *tr.*: dégarnir.

disglorify, *tr.*: ne plus glorifier; humilier, dégrader.

disgorge, *tr.*: vomir; rendre; se dégorger de; dégorger; rendre gorge.

-ment, *n.*: vomissement, *m.*

disgrâce, *n.*: disgrâce, honte, *f.*; déshonneur, *m.*: *to the — of*, à la honte de; *be the — of*, être la honte de; faire la honte de; *be in —*, être en disgrâce.

-ce, *tr.*: disgracier; déshonorer; avilir.

-ceful, *adj.*: infâme; honteux; déshonorant.

-cefully, *adv.*: honteusement; avec déshonneur; avec disgrâce.

-cefulness, *n.*: infamie, honte, *f.*; déshonneur, *m.*

-cer, *n.*: personne qui fait honte; personne qui déshonore, *f.*

-ctious, *adj.*: disgracieux.

disguise, *tr.*: déguiser. **-se**, *n.*: déguisement; travestissement; (*fig.*) masque, voile, *m.*

-sement, *n.*, *see disguise*.

-ser, *n.*: personne qui se déguise; personne qui déguise, *f.*

-sing, *n.*: déguisement, *m.*; mascarade, *f.*

disgust, *tr.*: dégoûter; ennuyer. **-t**, *n.*: dégoût; ennui, *m.*

-ful, *adj.*: dégoûtant.

-ing, *adj.*: dégoûtant.

-ingly, *adv.*: dégoûtement, d'une manière dégoûtante.

dish (*pl. dishes*), *n.*: (*utensil*) plat; (*food*) mets, plat; (*of a pair of scales*) plat, plateau, *m.*: — *es*, vaisselle, *f.*

-sing, *v.*: mettre dans le plat; dresser, servir; apprêter: — *up*, mettre dans le plat; servir.

dis-habille, *n.*: déshabillé, *m.*

dish-cloth, **-clout**, *n.*: torchon de cuisine, *m.*; lavette, *f.*

-cover, *n.*: couvercle, *m.*; cloche de plat, *f.*

dishearten *dis-h*, *tr.*: décourager; désespérer, désoler.

-ed, *adj.*: désespéré, désolé.

-ing, *adj.*: désespérant, désolant.

-ment, *n.*: découragement, abatement, *m.*

dis-hérit, **dis-hérit** = *disinherit*.

dishevel, *tr.*: mettre en désordre; écheveler.

-led, *adj.*: en désordre; échevelé.

dishonest or *dis-*, *adj.*: qui n'a pas de probité; qui n'est pas probe, déloyal; malhonnête; déshonnête; infidèle.

-ly, *adv.*: sans probité; déloyalement; malhonnêtement; déshonnêtement.

-y, *n.*: improbité; déloyauté; malhonnêteté, *f.*

dishono(u)r or *dis-*, *n.*: déshonneur, *m.*

dis-hono(u)r, *tr.*: déshonorer; avilir.

-able, *adj.*: (*pers.*) sans honneur; (*of things*) déshonorant.

-ableness, *n.*: improbité, déloyauté, *f.*; caractère déshonorant, *m.*

-ably, *adv.*: d'une manière déshonorante.

-er, *n.*: personne qui déshonore, *f.*; profaneur, *m.*

dis-hörn, *tr.*: arracher les cornes à.

dis-humour, *n.*: mauvaise humeur, *f.*

dish-washer, *n.*: (*ornl.*) lavandière, *f.*

-water, *n.*: eau de vaisselle; lavure de vaisselle, *f.*

disimprévément, *n.*: progrès en arrière, *m.*

disinclinatîon, *n.*: éloignement, *m.*; aversion, indifférence, *f.*

-cline, *tr.*: indisposer, éloigner.

disincôrpo-rate, *tr.*: désincorporer.

-râtîon, *n.*: désincorporation, *f.*

disin-fect, *tr.*: désinfecter.

-fêctîon, *n.*: désinfection, *f.*

disin-genuity, *n.*: mauvaise foi, *f.*

-gênous, *adj.*: sans candeur, de mauvaise foi; dissimulé.

-gênously, *adv.*: sans candeur; avec dissimulation; de mauvaise foi.

-gênousness, *n.*: dissimulation; mauvaise foi, *f.*

disinhérit, *tr.*: déshériter, exhériter.

-ance, *n.*: exhérédation, *f.*

disinhûme, *tr.*: exhumer.

disinto-grable, *adj.*: susceptible de se désagréger.

-grate, *tr.*: désagréger.

-grâtîon, *n.*: désagrégation, *f.*

disintêr, *tr.*: déterrer; exhumer.

disinterested, *adj.*: désintéressé.

-ly, *adv.*: avec désintéressement.

-ness, *n.*: désintéressement, *m.*

disintêrment, *n.*: exhumation, *f.*

disinûre, *tr.*: désaccoutumer, déshabiller.

disinvite, *tr.*: déprier.

disinvolve, *tr.*: développer, dérouler; démêler.

disjoin, *tr.*: déjoindre, disjoindre, désunir.

disjoint, *tr.*: démettre, désarticuler; disloquer; démonter; désunir, démembrer.

-ed, *adj.*: désarticulé, disloqué, démis; démembré, démonté; décousu, sans suite.

-edly, *adv.*: séparément.

disjuncto, *adj.*: disjoint.

-tion, *n.*: disjonction, séparation, *f.*

-tive, *adj.*: disjonctif, incapable d'union.

-tive, *n.*: (*gram.*) disjonctive, *f.*

-tively, *adv.*: séparément.

disk, *n.*: disque, *m.*

dislike, *tr.*: ne pas aimer; avoir de l'éloignement pour; avoir du dégoût pour.

dislike, *n.*: éloignement, *m.*; aversion, *f.*; dégoût, *m.*: *take a — to any one*, prendre quelqu'un en aversion; *have a — for*, avoir de l'éloignement pour.

disliken, *tr.*: rendre dissemblable; défigurer.

-ess, *n.*: dissemblance, *f.*

disliker, *n.*: désapprouvateur, *m.*

dislimb, *tr.*: démembrer.

dislimn, *tr.*: effacer d'une peinture.

dislo-cate, *tr.*: disloquer, démettre.

-câ-tion, *n.*: dislocation; luxation, *f.*

dislodge, *tr.*: déloger; déplacer; *intr.*: déloger.

disloyal, *adj.*: peu attaché au souverain; perfide, déloyal. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec peu d'attachement au souverain; perfidement, déloyalement. **-ty**, *n.*: manque de fidélité au souverain, *m.*: défection, *f.*

dismal, *adj.*: lugubre, sombre, horrible, triste. **-ly**, *adv.*: lugubrement, horriblement, tristement, d'une manière sombre. **-ness**, *n.*: état lugubre, état sombre, *m.*: horreur; tristesse, *f.*

dismantle, *tr.*: dévêtir; dépouiller; (*milit.*) démanteler; (*nav.*) désarmer.

dismask, *tr.*: démasquer.

dismast, *tr.*: démâter. **-ing**, *n.*: démâtage, *m.*

1. **dismay**, *tr.*: effrayer, terrifier, épouvanter. 2. **dismay**, *n.*: effroi, *m.*; terreur, épouvante, *f.*

dismember, *tr.*: démembrer. **-ing**, *n.*: démembrement, *m.*; mutilation, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: démembrement, *m.*; mutilation, *f.*

dismiss, *tr.*: renvoyer, congédier; destituer. **-missal**, *n.*: renvoi, *m.*; destitution, *f.*

dismortgage, *tr.*: dégréver un immeuble d'hypothèques.

dismount, *tr.*: démonter, désarçonner; faire descendre de cheval; *intr.*: descendre.

disnaturalise, *tr.*: dénaturiser. **-naturalised**, *adj.*: dénaturé.

disobedience, *n.*: désobéissance, *f.* **-obedient**, *adj.*: désobéissant. **-obey**, *tr.*: désobéir; désobéir à.

disobligation, *n.*: acte désobligeant, *m.* **-oblige**, *tr.*: désobliger. **-obliging**, *adj.*: désobligeant.

disobligingly, *adv.*: désobligeamment.

disobligingness, *n.*: désobligeance, *f.*

disorb, *tr.*: lancer hors de son orbite.

1. **disorder**, *n.*: désordre, *m.*; (*illness*) indisposition, maladie, *f.* 2. **disorder**, *tr.*: mettre en désordre; déranger. **-ed**, *adj.*: en désordre; dérangé; déréglé, désordonné; malade. 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: en désordre, déréglé; immoral; vicieux. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: déréglément, en désordre.

† **disordinate**, *adj.*: désordonné, déréglé.

† **-ly**, *adv.*: désordonnement; déréglément.

dis-organisat-ion, *n.*: désorganisation, *f.*

-organise, *tr.*: désorganiser.

disown, *tr.*: désavouer, nier.

dis-oxidate, etc., **-oxygenate**, etc. = *deoxidate*.

dispair, *tr.*: dépareiller.

dispara-ge, *tr.*: dépriser, ravalier; dénigrer; (*by marriage*) mésallier. **-gement**, *n.*: avilissement; dénigrement; déshonneur, *m.*; (*by marriage*) mésalliance, *f.*

without — to you, sans déshonneur pour vous. **-ger**, *n.*: personne qui dénigre, qui déshonore, *f.* **-gingly**, *adv.*: avec dénigrement; avec déshonneur.

dis-parate, *adj.*: disparate. **-parates**, *n. pl.*: dispartes; choses dispartes, *f. pl.*

-parity, *n.*: disparité, inégalité, *f.*

dispark, *tr.*: déclore un parc; mettre en liberté.

dispart, *tr.*: diviser; séparer; (*artil.*) marquer la mire sur un canon; *intr.*: être divisé, séparé; se diviser, se séparer.

dispassion, *n.*: absence de passion, *f.*; calme, *m.* **-ate**, *adj.*: sans passion; calme; impartial. **-ately**, *adv.*: sans passion; avec calme; avec impartialité.

dispauper, *tr.*: rayer de la liste des indigents.

dispel, *tr.*: dissiper, chasser.

dispén-sable, *adj.*: dont on peut se dispenser. **-sary**, *n.*: dispensaire, *m.*

-sation, *n.*: dispensation; dispense, *f.*

dispensator, *n.*: dispensateur, *m.*

1. **-satory**, *adj.*: qui a droit de donner dispense. 2. **-satory**, *n.*: codex; dispensaire, *m.* **-se**, *tr.*: distribuer, dispenser; départir: — *with*, se dispenser de; se passer de. **-ser**, *n.*: dispensateur, *m.*, dispensatrice, *f.*; distributeur, *m.*, distributrice, *f.*

dis-peuple, *tr.*: dépeupler. **-peopler**, *n.*: dépopulateur, devastateur, *m.*

† **dispérge**, *tr.*: répandre; asperger.

dispér-se, *tr.*: disperser; dissiper; répandre; *intr.*: se disperser; s'enfuir.

-sedly, *adv.*: ça et là. **-ser**, *n.*: personne qui disperse, qui dissipe, *f.*; semeur, *m.* **-sion**, *n.*: dispersion; propagation, *f.*

dispirit, *tr.*: décourager, abattre, démoraliser. **-ed**, *adj.*: découragé, désolé; démoralisé. **-edness**, *n.*: abattement, découragement, *m.*; démoralisation, *f.*

displāce, *tr.*: déplacer, déranger; ôter. **-ment**, *n.*: déplacement, *m.*; révocation, destitution, *f.*

displāceency, *n.*: incivilité, *f.*; déplaisir, *m.*

displānt, *tr.*: déplanter. **-ation**, *n.*: déplantation, *f.*, déplantage, *m.*

1. **display**, *tr.*: déployer; étendre; exposer; développer; étaler, faire parade de. 2. **display**, *n.*: exposition, *f.*; parade; développement; étalage; faste; (*of troops*) déploiement, *m.*

† **dis-pléasant**, *adj.*: désagréable. **-pléase**, *tr.*: déplaire; déplaire à; mécontenter; contrarier. **-pléasing**, *adj.*: déplaisant, désagréable. **-pléasure**, *n.*: déplaisir; courroux, *m.*

dis-plōde, *intr.*: faire explosion; éclater; *tr.*: faire faire explosion. **-plōsion**, *n.*: explosion, *f.*

displume, *tr.*: déplumer.

1. disport, *n.*: divertissement, passe-temps, *m.*; récréation, *f.* **2. disport**, *intr.*: se divertir, s'amuser. **3. disport**, *tr.*: divertir, amuser: — *one's self*, s'amuser, se divertir.

dis-pōsal, *n.*: disposition, *f.*: *have at one's* —, avoir à sa disposition. **1. -pōse**, *tr.*: disposer; préparer; arranger: — *of any one*, se défaire de quelqu'un; — *of one's time*, employer son temps; *evil* — *d*, mal intentionné; *well* — *d*, bien intentionné. **2. -pose**, *n.*: disposition, *f.*; caractère, *m.*; manières, *f. pl.* **-pōser**, *n.*: personne qui dispose, *f.*; distributeur, *m.* **-pōsition**, *n.*: disposition, *f.*; (*pers.*) caractère, naturel, *m.*

dispos-ss. *tr.*: déposséder, dépouiller; priver. **-ssion**, *n.*: dépossession, *f.* **-ssor**, *n.*: personne qui dépossède, *f.*; spoliateur, *m.*, spoliatrice, *f.*

1. disprai-se, *tr.*: blâmer, censurer. **2. -se**, *n.*: blâme, reproche, *m.*; défaveur, honte, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: censeur, critique, *m.* **-singly**, *adv.*: avec blâme; avec reproche.

disprēad (*pret.*, *part.* *dispread*), *intr.*: s'étendre, se répandre; *tr.*: répandre, étendre.

disprize, *tr.*: dépriser.

disprōof, *n.*: réfutation, *f.*

1. dispropōrtion, *n.*: disproportion, *f.* **2. dispropōrtion**, *tr.*: mal proportionner. **-able**, *adj.*: inégal, disproportionné. **-ableness**, *n.*: disproportion, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière disproportionnée; inégalement. **-al**, *adj.*: disproportionné. **-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière disproportionnée, inégalement. **-ate**, *adj.*: disproportionné. **-ately**, *adv.*: d'une manière disproportionnée. **-ateness**, *n.*: disproportion, *f.*; caractère disproportionné, *m.*

disprō-ve, *tr.*: réfuter. **-ver**, *n.*: réfuteur, *m.*

disprūnge, *tr.*: effacer.

disprūnshable, *adj.*: non-punissable.

dis-pūtable, *adj.*: disputable. **disputant**, *n.*: disputant, *m.* **-putation**, *n.*: dispute; discussion, *f.* **-putations**, *n.*: dispute; discussion, *f.* **-putative**, *adj.*: disputeur. **1. -pūte**, *tr.*: disputer; discuter; débattre; *intr.*: disputer; discuter; être en débat. **2. -pute**, *n.*: dispute, *f.*; débat, *m.*; discussion, *f.* **-pūteless**, *adj.*: incontestable, indisputable. **-pūter**, *n.*: disputeur, querelleur, *m.*

dis-qualificōtion, *n.*: incapacité, *f.*; (*jur.*) défaut de qualité, *m.*; incapacité légale, *f.* **-qualify**, *tr.*: rendre incapable; frapper d'incapacité.

1. disquiet, *adj.*: inquiet, impatient.

2. disquiet, *tr.*: inquiéter. **3. disquiet**,

n.: inquiétude, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: perturbateur, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière inquiète, avec inquiétude. **-ude**, *n.*: inquiétude, *f.* **disquisi-tion**, *n.*: disquisition; recherche; investigation, *f.*

1. disregard, *tr.*: ne pas considérer; mépriser, négliger; écarter; éloigner; regarder avec indifférence; dédaigner; ne faire aucun cas de. **2. disregard**, *n.*: mépris, dédain, *m.*; insouciance, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: dédaigneux; insouciant. **-fully**, *adv.*: négligemment; dédaigneusement.

1. disrēlish, *n.*: dégoût, *m.*; aversion, *f.* **2. disrēlish**, *tr.*: avoir du dégoût pour; avoir de l'aversion pour; donner de l'aversion pour.

dis-rēputable, *adj.*: (*pers.*) de mauvaise réputation, mal famé; (*of things*) déshonorant. **-rēputably**, *adv.*: avec déshonneur; honteusement. **-repūte**, *n.*: discrédit, *m.*; mauvaise renommée; mauvaise réputation, *f.*

disrespect, *n.*: irrévérence, *f.*; manque d'égards; manque de respect, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: irrespectueux. **-fully**, *adv.*: irrespectueusement; avec irrévérence; sans respect.

disrōbe, *tr.*: déshabiller; dépouiller; *intr.*: se déshabiller.

disrōot, *tr.*: déraciner, arracher.

disrūption, *n.*: rupture, *f.*

dis-satisfac-tion, *n.*: mécontentement, *m.* **dis-satisfac-toriness**, *n.*: impuissance de satisfaire, *f.* **-satisfactory**, *adj.*: non satisfaisant. **-satisfy**, *tr.*: mécontenter.

dissēc-t, *tr.*: découper, disséquer. **-tion**, *n.*: coupure, dissection, *f.* **-tor**, *n.*: dissectionneur; (*iron.*) disséqueur, *m.*

dis-sēize, *tr.*: (*jur.*) déposséder illégalement. **-seizē**, *n.*: (*jur.*) partie dépossédée illégalement, *f.* **-sēzin**, *n.*: (*jur.*) dépossession illégale, *f.* **-sēzor**, *n.*: (*jur.*) partie qui dépossède illégalement, *f.*

dissēm-ble, *intr.*: dissimuler; faire l'hypocrite; *tr.*: dissimuler, simuler. **-blor**, *n.*: dissimulé, *m.*, dissimulée, *f.* **-blingly**, *adv.*: en dissimulant, avec dissimulation.

dissēmi-nate, *tr.*: disséminer. **-nā-tion**, *n.*: dissémination, *f.* **-nātor**, *n.*: semeur, propagateur, *m.*

dis-sēnsion, *n.*: dissension; zizanie, *f.* **-sēnsious**, *adj.*: (*of things*) de dissension; (*pers.*) porté à la dissension. **1. -sēt**, *intr.*: différer, opposer; différer de sentiment; être d'une opinion contraire. **2. -sent**, *n.*: dissentiment, *m.* **-sentā-neous**, *adj.*: contraire, désagréable. **-sēnter**, *n.*: dissident, *m.*, dissidente, *f.* **-sēntient**, *adj.*: de dissentiment.

dissèpiment, *n.*: (bot.) cloison, *f.*

† **dissèrt**, *intr.*: disserter; discuter, disputer.

-àtion, *n.*: dissertation, *f.*

dissèrt-àtor, *n.*: auteur d'une dissertation; dissertateur, *m.*

dissèrve, *tr.*: nuire à; desservir.

dissèr-vice, *n.*: mauvais service; tort, *m.* **-viceable**, *adj.*: nuisible; préjudiciable. **-viceableness**, *n.*: caractère préjudiciable, *m.* **-viceably**, *adv.*: d'une manière préjudiciable.

dissèver, *tr.*: séparer; enlever; diviser; désunir. **-ance**, *n.*: séparation; division; désunion, *f.*

dissidèncè, *n.*: dissidence, *f.*

dissillètion, *n.*: action d'éclater en plusieurs morceaux, *f.*

dissimil-lar, *adj.*: dissemblable; dissimilaire. **-larity**, *n.*: dissemblance, dissimilarité; dissimilitude, *f.*

dissimulàtion, *n.*: dissimulation, *f.*

dissipable, *adj.*: qui peut être dissipé.

-sipate, *tr.*: dissiper. **-sipàtion**, *n.*: dissipation; évaporation; distraction, *f.*

dis-soc-i-a-bility, *n.*: insociabilité, *f.* **-socio-**

-cial, *adj.*: insociable. **-socio-**

-ate, *tr.*: désassocier; séparer, désunir.

dis-sol-u-bility, *n.*: dissolubilité, *f.* **-sol-**

-uble, *adj.*: dissoluble; soluble.

dissolute, *adj.*: dissolu. **-ly**, *adv.*: dissolument. **-ness**, *n.*: dissolution, débauche, *f.*

dis-sol-u-tion, *n.*: dissolution; mort, *f.*

-solvable, *adj.*: soluble; dissoluble.

-solve, *tr.*: dissoudre; détruire; *intr.*: se dissoudre; mourir. — *into tears*, fondre en larmes. **1.-solvent**, *adj.*: dissolvant. **2.-solvent**, *n.*: dissolvant, *m.*

-solver, *n.*: dissolvant, *m.*

disso-nance, **-nancy**, *n.*: dissonance; discordance, *f.* **-nant**, *adj.*: dissonant.

dissuà-de, *tr.*: dissuader, détourner.

-dor, *n.*: personne qui dissuade, *f.* **-sion**, *n.*: dissuasion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: qui dissuade.

dis-syllà-bic, *adj.*: dissyllabe. **-syl-**

-lable, *n.*: dissyllabe, *m.*

distaff, *n.*: quenouille, *f.*

distain, *tr.*: tacher.

1.-dis-tance, *n.*: distance, *f.*; éloignement; lointain, *m.*; (*fig.*) réserve, *f.*; (*mus.*) intervalle, *m.*: *in the —*, au loin; dans le lointain; dans l'éloignement; *point of —*, (*persp.*) point de vue, *m.*; *keep one's —*, se tenir à distance; garder sa distance.

2.-tance, *tr.*: éloigner; dépasser, devancer; distancer. **-tant**, *adj.*: distant; éloigné, lointain; (*fig.*) réservé; faible: *a — likeness*, une faible ressemblance; *he is very —*, il est très réservé. **-tant-**

-ly, *adv.*: de loin; à quelque distance; d'une manière éloignée; (*fig.*) avec réserve; faiblement.

1.-distaste, *n.*: dégoût; déplaisir, *m.*

2.-distaste, *tr.*: dégoûter; répugner.

-ful, *adj.*: dégoûtant, odieux; désagréable; offensant. **-fulness**, *n.*: goût désagréable, *m.*; aversion, *f.*

1.-distemper, *n.*: mal, dérangement, *m.*; indisposition, maladie; (*vet.*) épizootie; (*paint.*) détrempe, *f.* **2.-distemper**, *tr.*: déranger, incommoder; troubler; (*paint.*) peindre en détrempe. **-ate**, *adj.*: immodéré; maladif. **-ature**, *n.*: perturbation; confusion, *f.*; tumulte, *m.*; indisposition, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: incommodé, malade; troublé; immodéré. **-ing**, *n.*: art de peindre en détrempe, *m.*

dis-tend, *tr.*: étendre; dilater; distendre. **-tension**, **-tention**, *n.*: distension, *f.*; écartement, *m.* **-tensive**, *adj.*: dilatable.

distich, *n.*: distique, *m.*

di-stil, *tr.*: distiller; faire tomber goutte à goutte; *intr.*: distiller; tomber goutte à goutte; égoutter, s'égoutter. **-stillable**, *adj.*: distillable. **-stillation**, *n.*: distillation, *f.* **-stillatory**, *adj.*: distillatoire. **-stiller**, *n.*: distillateur, *m.*

distino-t, *adj.*: distinct, distingué.

-tion, *n.*: distinction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: distinctif. **-tively**, *adv.*: distinctivement, d'une manière distinctive. **-tiveness**, *n.*: caractère distinctif, *m.* **-tly**, *adv.*: distinctement, clairement. **-tness**, *n.*: caractère distinct, *m.*; netteté, *f.*

distinguish, *tr.*: distinguer; *intr.*: distinguer; établir une distinction. **-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut distinguer; qui mérite d'être distingué. **-ed**, *adj.*: distingué.

-er, *n.*: observateur judicieux, *m.* **-ing-**

-ly, *adv.*: avec distinction; d'une manière distinguée; spécialement. **-ment**, *n.*: distinction, *f.*

distille, *tr.*: priver du titre de; priver du droit à.

distort, *tr.*: tordre, déformer; contourner; (*one's features*) décomposer; (*fig.*) torturer. **-ted**, *adj.*: tordu; contourné; décomposé; (*fig.*) torturé. **-tion**, *n.*: distorsion, *f.*

distrao-t (part. † *distracted*), *tr.*: diviser; distraire; jeter dans la confusion; bouleverser; mettre hors de soi. **-ted**, *adj.*: bouleversé, éperdu; insensé, hors de soi. **-tedly**, *adv.*: follement; confusément. **-tedness**, *n.*: folie, démence, *f.* **-ting**, *adj.*: cruel, atroce. **-tion**, *n.*: division, *f.*; déchirement, trouble, *m.*; confusion; démence, *f.*: *drive to —*, mettre hors de soi; faire devenir fou.

distrain, *tr.* and *intr.*: saisir. **-able**, *adj.*: saisissable. **-or**, *n.*: saisissant, *m.*, saisissante, *f.* **-t**, *n.*: saisie, *f.*

† **distracted**, part. of *distract*.

1. distress, *n.*: détresse, affliction, *f.*, chagrin, *m.*; (*poverty*) gêne, misère; (*jur.*) saisie, *f.*; *malheur*, *m.*, calamité, *f.* **2. distress**, *tr.*: affliger; désoler; inquiéter; (*jur.*) saisir. **-ful**, *adj.*: affligé; misérable; de détresse; malheureux. **-fully**, *adv.*: cruellement. **-ing**, *adj.*: affligeant, désolant.

distri-bute, *tr.*: distribuer, répartir; (*justice*) administrer. **-bution**, *n.*: distribution, répartition; (*justice*) administration, *f.* **1.-butive**, *adj.*: distributif. **2.-butive**, *n.*: mot distributif, *m.* **-batively**, *adv.*: distributivement; par distribution.

district, *n.*: district, arrondissement, *m.*; contrée, région, *f.*

distringas, *n.*: (*jur.*) ordre de saisir, *m.* **1. distrust**, *tr.*: se méfier de; se défier de. **2. distrust**, *n.*: méfiance, défiance, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: défiant; méfiant; réservé; timide; modeste. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec méfiance; avec défiance. **-fulness**, *n.*: caractère méfiant, *m.*

disturb, *tr.*: troubler, déranger. **-ance**, *n.*: trouble; tumulte, *m.*; confusion, émeute, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: perturbateur, *m.*, perturbatrice, *f.*; (*jur.*) auteur de troubles, *m.*

dis-union, *n.*: désunion, *f.* **-unite**, *tr.*: désunir, séparer; *intr.*: se désunir, se séparer. **-unity**, *n.*: désunion, *f.*

dis-usage or **1.-use**, *n.*: cessation d'usage; désuétude, *f.* **2.-use**, *tr.*: cesser de faire usage de; déshabituer.

disvouch, *tr.*: contredire, infirmer.

1.ditch, *n.*: fossé, *m.* **2.ditch**, *tr.*: fossayer; *intr.*: faire un fossé. **-er**, *n.*: ouvrier qui creuse des fossés, *m.*

dithyramb, **-ic**, **-us**, *n.*: dithyrambe, *m.* **-ic**, *adj.*: dithyrambique.

ditone, *n.*: (*mus.*) diton, *m.*

dittany, *n.*: (*bot.*) dictame, *m.*; fraxinelle, *f.*

dittied, *adj.*: cadencé.

ditto, *adv.*: (*com. fin.*) idem, dito.

ditty, *n.*: chansonnette, chanson, *f.*

1.djûrétique, *adj.*: diurétique. **2.djûretic**, *n.*: diurétique, *m.*

1.djurnal, *adj.*: journalier, du jour; (*med.*) quotidien; (*astron.*) diurne. **2.djurnal**, *n.*: journal; diurnal, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: journallement.

divân, *n.*: divan; conseil, *m.*

divari-cate, *intr.*: se séparer; se partager en deux; faire la fourche, fourcher.

-câtion, *n.*: séparation, fourche, division en deux branches; intersection, croisement.

dive, *intr.*: plonger; faire le plongeon: — *into*, sonder, approfondir.

divellent, *adj.*: qui arrache, qui déchire.

dive, *n.*: plongeur; (*in diving-bell*) scaphandrier; (*orni.*) plongeon, *m.*

diverge, *intr.*: diverger; (*optics*) s'infléchir. **-gence**, **-goney**, *n.*: divergence, *f.* **-gent**, *adj.*: divergent.

divor-s, *adj.*: divers; plusieurs, quelques-uns. **-se**, *adj.*: divers, différent. **-sely**, *adv.*: diversement. **-sification**, *n.*: changement, *m.*; variation, *f.* **-sify**, *tr.*: diversifier; varier. **-sion**, *diversion*, *f.*; divertissement, *m.* **-sity**, *n.*: diversité, variété, *f.*

divert, *tr.*: divertir, réjouir, récréer; détourner, distraire; (*milit.*) faire diversion. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui distrait, qui divertit; chose qui distrait, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: divertissant. **-ive**, *adj.*: divertissant, amusant.

divest, *tr.*: dépouiller; (*jur.*) dévêtir. **-iture**, *n.*: action de se dépouiller, *f.*

di-vide, *tr.*: diviser; partager, distribuer; (*in parliament*) aller, mettre aux voix; *intr.*: se diviser, se partager; (*in parliament*) aller aux voix.

di-vidend, *n.*: dividende, *m.* **-vider**, *n.*: personne qui divise; chose qui divise, *f.*; distributeur; diviseur, *m.* **-vidual**, **-viduous**, *adj.*: divisé.

di-vination, *n.*: divination; prédiction, *f.* **-vinatory**, *adj.*: divinatoire. **1.-vine**, *adj.*: divin. **2.-vine**, *n.*: ecclésiastique, prêtre; théologien, *m.* **3.-vine**, *tr.*: deviner; prédire. **-vinely**, *adv.*: divinement. **-vineness**, *n.*: divinité; nature divine, *f.* **-vinor**, *n.*: devin; devineur, *m.*, devineuse, *f.* **-vincress**, *n.*: devineuse, *f.*

diving, *n.*: plongeon, *m.* **-bell**, *n.*: cloche à plongeur, cloche à plonger, *f.*

divinity, *n.*: divinité; théologie, *f.*; (*fig.*) être céleste, *m.*

di-visibility, *n.*: divisibilité, *f.* **-visible**, *adj.*: divisible. **-visibleness**, *n.*: divisibilité, *f.* **-vision**, *n.*: division, *f.*; partage, *m.*; scission, discorde; (*mus.*) roulade, *f.*; *compound* —, (*arith.*) division composée; division complexe. **-visionary**, *adj.*: de division, divisionnaire. **-visor**, *n.*: diviseur, *m.*

1.divor-ee, *n.*: (*jur.*) divorce, *m.*; séparation, désunion, *f.*; *sue for a* —, faire une demande en divorce. **2.-ee**, *n.*: (*jur.*) prononcer le divorce; séparer. **-ement**, *n.*: divorce, *m.* **-eer**, *n.*: personne qui divorce; cause de divorce, *f.* **-eive**, *adj.*: de divorce; qui entraîne le divorce.

divul-ge, *tr.*: divulguer. **-ger**, *n.*: divulgateur, *m.*, divulgatrice, *f.*

divulsion, *n.*: arrachement, *m.*; divulsion, *f.*

diz-ziness, *n.*: vertige, *m.* **1.-zy**, *adj.*:

vertigineux, étourdissant; étourdi. 2.-zy, tr.: étourdir.

1. **dō** (pret. *did*, part. *done*), tr.: faire; accomplir; (*service, justice*) rendre; (*finish*) finir; (*cook*) cuire, faire cuire: — *evil*, faire le mal; — *again*, — *over again*, refaire; — *up*, remettre en état; arranger; emballer; *have nothing to — with*, n'avoir que faire de; — *nothing*, ne faire rien; ne rien faire; *it is as good as done*, cela vaut fait; — *up*, refaire. 2. **dō**, intr.: se porter; se conduire; (*suit*) aller, faire; (*finish*) finir; *how do you —?* comment vous portez-vous? — *by*, agir envers; en agir avec; *have to — with*, avoir affaire à; avoir affaire de; avoir à démêler avec; *have done with*, en finir avec; avoir rompu avec; — *without*, se passer de; — *! je t'en prie!* je vous en prie! *have done!* finissez! assez! *will that —?* cela va-t-il? est-ce bien comme cela? *that will —*, c'est bien; cela suffit; cela va; c'est cela; — *away with*, faire cesser; abolir; supprimer; se défaire de.

dō-cible, adj.: docile. **-cibility**, **-cibleness**, n.: docilité, f. **-elle**, adj.: docile. **-cility**, n.: docilité, f.

dōcīmaey, n.: (*metal*) docimasie, f.

1. **dōck**, n.: (*bot.*) rumex, m.

2. **dōck**, n.: (*of a horse's tail*) tronçon, m.

3. **dōck**, tr.: (*horses*) courtauder; (*dogs*) écourter; (*fig.*) rogner.

4. **dōck**, n.: (*nav.*) bassin; dock, m.; *dry —*, bassin d'échouage, m.; *floating —*, wet —, bassin à flot, m. 5. **dōck**, tr.: mettre dans le bassin; faire entrer aux docks. **-age**, **-due**, n.: droit de bassin; droit de dock, m.

1. **dōcket** [fr. 2.-dock], n.: morceau de papier avec des sommaires, sommaire, résumé, digeste, m.; étiquette, f.; ouverture d'une faillite, f.; (*jur.*) extrait, m.; (*Am.*) liste des causes pendantes d'un tribunal, f.: *strike a —*, faire déclarer en faillite. 2. **dōcket**, tr.: étiqueter; (*jur.*) faire un extrait de.

dōck-gate, n.: vanne de bassin, f. **-house**, n.: hôtel de la compagnie des docks, m. **-master**, n.: gardien de dock, m. **-yard**, n.: arsenal de port, arsenal de marine; chantier de construction, m.

1. **dōctor**, n.: docteur; médecin, m.: — *of divinity*, docteur en théologie; — *of laws*, docteur en droit; — *of physic*, docteur en médecine; — *s Commons*, Collège des docteurs en droit, m. 2. **dōctor**, tr.: médiciner, médicamenter; intr.: faire de la médecine. **-al**, adj.: doctoral. **-ally**, adv.: en docteur. 1. **-ate**, n.: doctorat, m. 2. **-ate**, tr.: faire docteur. **-ly**, adv.:

en docteur; doctoralement. **-ship**, n.: doctorat, m.

dōctri-nal, adj.: de doctrine; dogmatique; doctrinal. **-ne**, n.: doctrine, f.

1. **dōcu-ment**, n.: document, titre, m.; pièce, f.; précepte, m. 2. **-ment**, tr.: munir de documents; munir de titres. **-mental**, **-mentary**, adj.: de documents; justificatif.

dōdder, n.: (*bot.*) cuscute, barbe-de-moine, f.

dodécagon, n.: (*geom.*) dodécagone, m.

dodécandria, n.: (*bot.*) dodécandrie, f.

dōd-ge, intr.: changer de place; s'esquiver; biaiser; tr.: esquiver. **-ger**, n.: braiseur, m., braiseuse, f.

dōe, n.: daine; chevrete, f.

dōer, n.: faiseur; auteur, m.

dōff, tr.: ôter.

1. **dōg**, n.: chien; (*andiron*) chenet; (*nav.*) renard; (*jest.*) coquin, gaillard, m.: *Alpine —*, chien du grand Saint-Bernard; *go to the —s*, prendre le chemin de l'hôpital; *set a — at (or on) any one*, haler un chien après quelqu'un. 2. **dōg**, tr.: suivre à la piste; espionner; harceler.

dōgate, n.: dogat, m.

dōgbane, n.: cyanaque, m.

dōgberry, n.: cornouille, f.

dōgcheap, adj.: à vil prix.

dōgdays, n. pl.: jours caniculaires, m. pl.; canicule, f. sing.: *be in the —*, être dans la canicule.

dōge, n.: doge, m.

dōg-faced, adj.: à face de chien. **-fight**, n.: combat de chiens, m. **-fish**, n.: roussette, f., chien de mer, squal, aiguillat, m. **-god**, adj.: bourru, hargneux; rébarbatif; acharné. **-gedly**, adv.: comme un chien; d'une manière hargneuse; opiniâtrement, f., avec acharnement, m. **-godness**, n.: caractère hargneux, m.; opiniâtreté, f.; acharnement, m.

dōgger, n.: (*nav.*) dogre, m.

1. **dōggerel**, adj.: sans mesure; burlesque.

2. **dōggerel**, n.: vers sans mesure, vers burlesques, m. pl.

dōggish, adj.: de chien.

dōggerel = **doggerel**.

dōg-hole, n.: niche à chien, f.; (*fig.*) trou à chien, taudis, chenil, m. **-house**, n.: niche à chien, f. **-keeper**, n.: amateur de chiens, m.; personne qui possède des chiens, f. **-kennel**, n.: chenil, m. **-leech**, n.: médecin pour les chiens, m. **-legged**, adj.: à patte de chien.

dōg-ma, n.: dogme, m. **-mātic(al)**, adj.: dogmatique. **-mātically**, adv.: dogmatiquement. **-māticalness**, n.: caractère dogmatique, m. **-mātiſe**, intr.: dogmatiser. **-mātiſer**, n.: dogmatiseur,

m. -**matism**, n.: dogmatisme, m. -**matist**, n.: dogmatiste, m.

dō-g's-bane, n.: cynanche, m. 1. **-g's-ear**, n.: corne, oreille, f. pli au coin d'une page de livre, m. 2. **-g's-ear**, tr.: faire des cornes au pages d'un livre. **-g's-grass**, n.: (bot.) chiendent, m. **-g'sick**, adj.: qui a envie de vomir. **-g's-star**, n.: (astron.) Canicule, f.

dōg-wood, n.: (bot.) cornouille, f.; cornouiller, m.

dōings, n. pl.: faits, m. pl.; actions, f. pl.; fait, exploit, m.

1. **dōle**, n.: partage, m.; part; aumône, gratification, f.; coups, m. pl. 2. **dōle**, tr.: distribuer avec parcimonie: — out, distribuer, répartir.

3. **dōle** = **dolus**.

4. **dōle**, n.: douleur; doléance, f. -**ful**, adj.: malheureux; plaintif; douloureux, triste, lugubre. -**fully**, adj.: douloureusement, plaintivement, tristement. -**fulness**, n.: tristesse, mélancolie, f. -**some** ð, adj.: triste, lugubre. -**somely** ð, adv.: tristement. -**someness**, n.: tristesse, f.

dōll, n.: poupée, f.

dōllar, n.: dollar, m.

dōlor, n.: douleur, f.; chagrin, m. -**ifio**, adj.: qui cause de la douleur, pénible.

dōlorous, adj.: douloureux, triste. -**ly**, adv.: douloureusement. -**ness**, n.: nature douloureuse, f.

dōlphin, n.: dauphin, m.; (nav.) baderno, f.

dōlt, n.: balourd, m.; balourde, f.; benêt; sot, m. -**ish**, adj.: sot; stupide. -**ishly**, adv.: avec balourdise: sottement.

dōlus, n.: déception, f.

dōmāin, n.: domaine, m.

dōme, n.: dôme, m.

dōmesday, etc. = **doomsday**, etc.

1. **dōmēs-tic**, adj.: domestique, de famille; du foyer domestique. 2. -**tie**, n.: domestique, m., f. -**tically**, adv.: dans son intérieur. -**ticate**, tr.: rendre casanier; accoutumer à la vie domestique; domestiquer, apprivoiser. -**ti-cation**, n.: retraite, f.; (of animals) apprivoisement, m. -**tieity**, n.: domesticité, f.

1. **dōmi-cile**, n.: domicile, m. 2. -**cile**, -**ciliate**, tr.: domicilier. -**cillary**, adj.: domiciliaire.

1. **dōmi-nant**, adj.: dominant. 2. -**nant**, n.: (mus.) dominante, f. -**nate**, intr.: dominer, prévaloir. -**nation**, n.: domination, f. -**nator**, n.: dominateur, m. -**nēer**, intr.: dominer; maltraiter; tempêter; commander en despote: — over, dominer sur; maltraiter.

dōminical, adj.: dominical.

Dominican, adj. or n.: dominicain; dominicain, m.

dōminion, n.: domination, f.; pouvoir, m.; états, m. pl.

dōmino, n.: camail; domino, m.: in a —, en domino; *play at —es*, jouer aux dominos.

1. **dōn**, n.: (title) don; (jest.) grand seigneur, m. 2. **dōn**, tr.: mettre; revêtir.

dō-nation, n.: donation, f.; don, m. **dō-native**, n.: don, m.; largesse, f. -**nā-tor**, n.: donateur, m., -trice, f.

dōne, part. of *do*.

dōnée, n.: donataire, m., f.

dōnkey, n.: âne, baudet, m.

dōnor, n.: donateur, m., donatrice, f.

dōodle, n.: niais, m.

1. **dōom**, n.: arrêt; sort, m. 2. **dōom**, tr.: condamner; destiner. -**eday**, n.: jour du jugement dernier, m.

-**day-book**, n.: grand cadastre d'Angleterre, m.

dōor, n.: porte, f.; (of a steam-engine) registre, m.: *folding —s*, porte à deux battants; *house —*, porte de maison; *in —s*, à la maison, chez soi; *out of —s*, hors de la maison, dehors. -**case**, n.: châssis de porte, m. -**handle**, n.: poignée de porte, f. -**ing**, n.: châssis de porte, m.

-**jamb**, n.: jambage de porte, m. -**keeper**, n.: (of a house) concierge, portier; (of public places) gardien, m. -**knob**, n.: bouton de porte, m. -**nail**, n.: clou de marteau de porte, m. -**porter**, n.; (pers.) portier, concierge; (thing) arête-porte, m. -**post**, n.: dormant, montant de porte, m. -**stead**, n.: baie de porte, f.

-**way**, n.: entrée de porte; porte, f.

dōr, n.: (ent.) bourdon, m.

dōree, n.: (ich.) dorée, f., zée, zée forgeon, m.

Dōrian, adj.: dorien. **Dōrie**, adj.: dorique.

dōr-maney, n.: repos, m. -**mant**, adj.: endormi, assoupi; (her.) dormant; (capital) qui dort, mort; (of partners) commanditaire: be —, sommeiller; (capital) dormir. -**mer**, -**mer-window**, n.: lucarne, f. 1. -**mitive**, adj.: dormitif.

2. -**mitive**, n.: dormitif, m. -**mitory**, n.: dortoir, m. **dōr-mōuse**, n.: (mam.) loir, m.

dōr(r)-beetle, n.: (ent.) bourdon, m.

dōrsal, adj.: dorsal.

1. **dōse**, n.: dose, f. 2. **dōse**, tr.: médicamenter; proportionner; donner quelque chose d'un goût désagréable.

dōssil, n.: bourdonnet, m.

1. **dōt**, n.: point, m. 2. **dōt**, tr.: marquer de points; pointiller.

dōtage, n.: seconde enfance, f.; radotage, m.; tendresse extrême, f.

dōtal, adj.: dotal.

dōtard, n.: radoteur, m.

dōtation, n.: dotation, f.

dô-te, *intr.*: radoter, extravaguer: — on, aimer éperdument; aimer à la folie; raf-foler de. — **-ter**, *n.*: radoteur, *m.*, rado-teuse; personne folle de, *f.* — **-ting**, *adj.*: radotant; passionné; extravagant. — **-ting-ly**, *adv.*: à la folie, avec extravagance.

dôttard, *n.*: arbre étêté, *m.*

1. **dou-ble**, *adj.*: double; (*pers.*) voûté *m.*; (*mus.*) variation, *f.* 2. **dou-ble**, *adv.*: double; au double. 3. **dou-ble**, *tr.*: doub-ler; faire un pli à; *intr.*: doubler; (*fig.*) biaiser. 4. **dou-ble**, *n.*: double; (*print.*) doublon, *m.*; (*mus.*) variation, *f.* — **-biting**, *adj.*: à deux tranchants — **-buttoned**, *adj.*: à deux rangs de boutons. — **-dealer**, *n.*: trompeur, fourbe, *m.* — **-dealing**, *n.*: dissimulation, hypocrisie, duplicité, faus-seté, *f.* — **-dye**, *tr.*: teindre deux fois. — **-entendre** (= *Fr.*), *n.*: mot à deux en-tentes, mot à double entente, *m.* — **-lock**, *tr.*: fermer à double tour. — **-minded**, *adj.*: faux, trompeur. — **-ness**, *n.*: état double, *m.*; duplicité, *f.* — **dou-ble**, *n.*: personne qui double, *f.*; doubleur, *m.*, dou-bleuse, *f.* — **dou-ble-t**, *n.*: pourpoint; doub-let, *m.* — **-tongued**, *adj.*: fourbe, dis-simulé.

doublon, *n.*: doublon, *m.*

dou-ble, *adv.*: doublement.

1. **dou-bt**, *n.*: doute, *m.* 2. **dou-bt**, *tr.*: douter de; *intr.*: douter; craindre. — **-er**, *n.*: personne qui doute, *f.* — **-ful**, *adj.*: douteux; indécis. — **-fully**, *adv.*: d'une manière douteuse; avec indécision. — **-ful-ness**, *n.*: doute, *m.*; incertitude, *f.* — **-ing-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière douteuse. — **-less**, **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans doute.

dou-œur, *n.*: douceur, gratification, *f.*

dô-ueine, *n.*: (*arch.*) doucine, *f.*

dough, *n.*: pâte, *f.* — **-face**, *n.*: (*Am.*) homme politique pliant ou lâche. — **-faed**, *adj.*: pliant, sans force, lâche. — **-iness**, *n.*: condition pâteuse, mollesse, *f.* — **-nut**, *n.*: pet de nonne, beignet, *m.*

dough-tilly, *adv.*: vaillamment. — **-ti-ness**, *n.*: vaillance, *f.* — **-ty**, *adj.*: vail-lant, brave.

doughy, *adj.*: pâteux; mou.

dou-se, *tr. and intr.*: plonger, jeter dans l'eau.

dô-ve, *n.*: colombe, *f.*; pigeon, *m.* — **-co-lo(u)r**, *n.*: gorge-de-pigeon; (*of horses*) isabelle, *m.* — **-coloured**, *adj.*: gorge-de-pigeon; (*of horses*) isabelle. — **-cot**, **-house**, *n.*: colombier, *m.* 1. — **-tail**, *n.*: queue d'aronde, *f.* 2. — **-tail**, *tr.*: assem-bler à queue d'aronde.

1. **dô-wager**, *n.*: douairière, *f.* 2. **dô-wa-ger**, *adj.*: douairière.

1. **dô-wdy**, *adj.*: gauche; mal mise; vul-gaire. 2. **dowdy**, *n.*: femme gauche et mal mise, *f.*

dô-er, *y*, *n.*: douaire, *m.*; dot, *f.*; pré-sent, don, *m.* — **-ed**, *adj.*: doté. — **-less**, *adj.*: sans dot.

1. **dô-wn**, *n.*: duvet; (*bot.*) duvet, coton. 2. **dô-wn**, *n.*: banc (coteau) de sable, *m.*; dune, *f.*; plateau, *m.*; plaine sablonneuse, *f.*: the — *s*, les dunes.

3. **dô-wn**, *prep.*: au bas de; en bas de; le long de; jusqu'en bas de. 4. **dô-wn**, *adv.*: en bas; à bas; bas; à terre; (*of the wind*) calme; (*of the sun*) couché; (*of the moon*) couchée; (*of clocks, watches*) arrêté; (*fig.*) sur le déclin, en défaveur: — *with!* à bas! *up and —*, ça et là. 4. **dô-wn**, *tr.*: abattre. — **-cast**, *adj.*: abattu. — **-fall**, *n.*: chute; décadence, *f.* — **-fallen**, *adj.*: tombé; déchu. — **-hearted**, *adj.*: abattu.

1. **-hill**, *adv.*: vers le bas. 2. **-hill**, *adj.*: incliné; en pente. 3. **-hill**, *n.*: pente, *f.* — **-look**, *n.*: air morne, *m.* — **-looked**, *adj.*: ayant l'air abattu. 1. **-right**, *adj.*: di-rect; franc; vrai; sifflé. 2. **-right**, *adv.*: de haut en bas; tout à fait. — **-sit-ting**, *n.*: repos, *m.* 1. — **-ward**, **-wards**, *adj.*: penché; qui descend; descendant; incliné. 2. **-ward**, **-wards**, *adv.*: en bas; en descendant.

dô-wny, *adj.*: de duvet; (*fruit*) duveteux; (*of birds*) duvété.

dô-wry = **dower**.

dox-ology, *n.*: doxologie, *f.*

1. **dô-ze**, *intr.*: être assoupi, sommeiller; avoir la tête lourde, vivre dans un état de stupeur; être à moitié endormi; *tr.*: as-soupir, appesantir, stupéfier; — *away*, faire passer en dormant. 2. **dô-ze**, *n.*: somme, *m.*: *be in a —*, être assoupi.

dô-zen, *n.*: douzaine, *f.*

dô-ziness, *n.*: assoupissement, *m.* — **-zy**, *adj.*: assoupi, engourdi.

1. **drâ-b**, *n.*: gris américain, *m.*; (*woman*) coureuse, salope, *f.* 2. **drab**, *adj.*: gris américain.

1. **drâ-b-ble**, *tr.*: traîner dans la boue. 2. **-ble**, *intr.*: pêcher des barbeaux à la ligne de fond. 1. — **-bling**, *adj.*: qui pêche des barbeaux à la ligne de fond. 2. **-bling**, *n.*: pêche de barbeaux à la ligne de fond, *f.*

drâ-chm, *n.*: drachme, *f.*

drâ-co, *n.*: (*astron.*) dragon, draco; (*zoöl.*) dragon; feu follet, *m.*

drâ-ff, *n.*: lavure, ringure, lie, *f.*; ba-layures, *f. pl.*; rebut, *m.*

1. **drâ-ft**, *n.*: tirage; trait; (*sketch*) dessin, plan, *m.*; (*com.*) traite, *f.*; (*milit.*) dé-tachement; (*depth of water*) tirant, *m.* 2. **drâ-ft**, *adj.*: pour tirer, de tirage. 3. **drâ-ft**, *tr.*: dessiner, rédiger; (*milit.*) détacher.

1. **drâ-g**, *tr.*: traîner; (*nav.*) draguer: — *away from*, arracher de; — *in*, faire en-

trier de force; — *out*, faire sortir de force; entraîner; — *for oysters*, pêcher des huîtres. 2. **drag**, intr.: se traîner; traîner; (nav.) (of the anchor) chasser. 3. **drag**, n.: croc; harpon; train, radeau, m.; (nav.) drague, f.; (coach) diable; (of a coach) sabot, m., enrayure, f.; (of machinery) frein, sabot, m. — **chain**, n.: chaîne de drague, f. — **gle**, tr. and intr.: traîner dans la crotte, traîner dans la boue; traîner par terre. — **gle-tailed**, adj.: traîné dans la crotte; traîné dans la boue. — **hook**, n.: croc, m. — **man**, n.: pêcheur à la seine; pêcheur à la drague, m. — **net**, n.: seine, f.

drâgoman, n.: dragoman; drogman; trucheman; truchement, m.

drâgon, n.: dragon; (astron.) dragon; (bot.) draconte, m. — **beam**, n.: (carp.) contrefiche, f. — **et**, n.: petit dragon, m. — **ish**, adj.: en forme de dragon; de dragon. — **like**, adj.: en dragon; comme un dragon. — **blood**, n.: sang-de-dragon; sang-dragon, m. — **'s-head**, n.: (astron.) tête du dragon, f.; (bot.) draocéphale, m. — **tree**, n.: (bot.) dragonier, m.

1. **drâgôon**, n.: (milit.) dragon, m. 2. **drâgôon**, tr.: livrer à la fureur du soldat; opprimer; harasser; persécuter; forcer par des mesures violentes; soumettre, assujettir, asservir par les armes. — **ade**, n.: dragonnade, f.

1. **drâin**, tr.: faire écouler; (a marsh, a river) saigner, dessécher; (fig.) épuiser, saigner. 2. **drâin**, n.: action de faire écouler, f.; soutirage, m., saignée, f.; fossé d'écoulement, m.; tranchée, f.; égouttoir. — **age**, n.: écoulement, égouttage; desséchement; épuisement, m. — **ing**, n.: écoulement; égouttage, m.

drâke, n.: canard, m.; ducks and —s, ricrochets, m. pl.

drâm, n.: drachme; (drink) goutte, f.

drâ-ma, n.: drame, m. — **mâtio(al)**, adj.: dramatique. — **mâtically**, adv.: dramatiquement. **drâ-matise**, tr.: dramatiser. **drâ-matist**, n.: auteur dramatique; dramaturge, m.

drâper, n.: drapier; marchand de drap; marchand de nouveautés, m.; linen —, linger, m., lingère, f., marchand de linge, m., marchande de linge, f. — **y**, n.: draperie, f.; nouveautés, f. pl.

drâstic, adj.: drastique; (med.) drastique.

1. **draught draſt**, n.: tirage; trait; (of air) courant d'air; (of drink) coup; (draw-ing) dessin, m., esquisse, ébauche, f.; (of fish) coup de filet, m.; quantité prise; (com.) traite, f., mandat, m.; (depth of water) tirant; (milit.) détachement, m.; (pharm.) potion, f.; pl.: (game) dames, f.

pl.: rough —, brouillon, m. 2. **draught**, adj.: pour tirer, de tirage; tiré directement (d'un baril, etc.). 3. **draught**, tr.: tirer; dessiner. — **board**, n.: damier, m. — **compasses**, n.: compas à pointes changeantes, m. — **hole**, n.: (tech.) regard, m. — **smân**, n.: dessinateur, m.

1. **drâw** (pret. drew, part. drawn), tr.: tirer; retirer; traîner; prendre, retirer; (with a pencil) dessiner; (teeth) arracher; (poultry) vider; (tech.) étirer; — *contracts*, rédiger des contrats; — *again*, tirer de nouveau; — *along*, traîner; — *aside*, tirer à l'écart; — *away*, entraîner; retirer; ôter; — *back*, tirer en arrière; retirer; — *down*, tirer en bas; faire descendre; — *forth*, tirer en avant; faire avancer; sortir; — *in*, tirer dedans; faire entrer de force; rentrer; — *nearer*, approcher; — *off*, tirer; ôter; — *on*, (boots, gloves, etc.) mettre; tirer; (fig.) attirer; amener; — *out*, tirer dehors; faire avancer; prolonger; — *over*, faire passer; entraîner; — *up*, tirer en haut; relever; (milit.) ranger; (deeds, etc.) rédiger; (jur.) dresser. 2. **draw**, intr.: tirer; se resserrer; se contracter; (with a pencil) dessiner; — *near*, s'approcher; — *together*, se rassembler; se réunir; — *back*, se retirer; se reculer. 3. **draw**, n.: action de tirer, f.; lot tiré, m.; jeu indécis (remis); tablier (de pont-levis).

— **back**, n.: (com.) drawback; (fig.) décompte, mécompte; rabat-joie, m. — **bench**, n.: (tech.) banc à tirer, m. — **bridge**, n.: pont-levis, m. — **ée**, n.: (com.) tiré, m., tirée, f. — **er**, n.: tireur, m., tireuse, f.; pousseur; arracheur; (draughtsman) dessinateur; corps attirant; (sliding box) tiroir, m.; (com.) tireur, m.; chest of —s, commode, f. — **ers**, n. pl.: caleçon, m. sing.: pair of —, caleçon, m. sing. — **gear**, n.: attelage, m. — **ing**, n.: tirage, m.; action d'attirer, f.; (sketch) dessin, m. — **ing-book**, n.: cahier à dessin, m. — **ing-frame**, n.: (tech.) filière, f. — **ing-knife**, n.: plane, f. — **ing-pen**, n.: tire-ligne, m. — **ing-room**, n.: salon, m.; réception, f.; hold a —, recevoir.

1. **drâwl**, tr.: passer en labinant; (one's words) traîner; intr.: traîner ses paroles. 2. **drawl**, n.: débit traînant; son traînant, m. — **ing**, adj.: traînant; qui traîne ses paroles.

drâw-n, adj.: (of combats) égal; (of games) nul, remis. — **stop**, n.: (mus.) registre, m. — **well**, n.: puits (à puiser l'eau), m.

drây, n.: camion, haquet, m. — **horse**, n.: cheval de haquet, m. — **man**, n.: camionneur; haquetier, m.

† **drâzel**, n.: saligande, salope, f.

1. **dread**, *tr.*: craindre, redouter; *intr.*: avoir peur. 2. **dread**, *adj.*: redoutable, terrible. 3. **dread**, *n.*: crainte, *f.*; effroi, *m.* -**ful**, *adj.*: affreux, terrible. -**fully**, *adv.*: terriblement, affreusement. -**fulness**, *n.*: effroi, *m.*; horreur, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans peur; intrépide. -**lessness**, *n.*: intrépidité, *f.* -**naught**, *n.*: audacieux, *m.*; impénétrable, vêtements impénétrables, *m.*

1. **dream**, *n.*: songe, rêve, *m.* 2. **dream** (*pret.*, *part.* -**ed** or **dreamt**), *intr.*: rêver, songer; *tr.*: songer, rêver: — *of*, rêver de. -**er**, *n.*: rêveur, *m.*, rêveuse, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: qui ne rêve pas; qui n'a pas de songe; sans rêve. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans rêver.

dream-rily, *adv.*: tristement, lugubrement. -**riess**, *n.*: tristesse, *f.* -**ry**, *adj.*: triste, lugubre.

1. **dredge**, *n.*: (net) drège; drague, *f.* 2. **dredge**, *tr.*: draguer.

3. **dredge**, *n.*: drèche, *f.* 4. **dredge**, *tr.*: enfainer, saupoudrer.

dredger, *n.*: pêcheur à la drague, *m.*

drèg (*usly in pl. drègs*), *n.*: lie, *f.*; effondrilles, *f. pl.*; restes, *m. pl.* -**gi-ness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui a beaucoup de lie, *f.* -**gy**, *adj.*: féculent; fangeux; plein de lie.

1. **drèch**, *tr.*: tremper, submerger, mouiller; (*vet.*) donner un breuvage à.

2. **drèch**, *n.*: breuvage, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui trempe; personne qui donne des breuvages à, *f.*

1. **drèss**, *tr.*: habiller, vêtir; parer, orner; (*a wound*) panser; (*agri.*) donner une façon à; (*food*) accommoder; (*cloth*) lustrer; (*manu.*) apprêter; (*milit.*) aligner; *intr.*: s'habiller; faire sa toilette; (*milit.*) s'aligner. 2. **drèss**, *n.*: habillement, vêtement, *m.*; mise; toilette; (*of a woman*) robe; (*milit.*) tenue, *f.*; *full* —, grande toilette, *f.*; (*milit.*) grande tenue. -**coat**, *n.*: habit, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui habille; personne qui panse, *f.*; (*manu.*) apprêteur, *m.*, apprêteuse, *f.*; (*in a kitchen*) table de cuisine, *f.*; (*med.*) externe, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: toilette, *f.*; (*of a wound*) appareil, pansement; (*agri.*) labour, *m.*, fumure, *f.*; (*manu.*) apprêtage, *m.*; (*chastisement*) coups, *m. pl.* -**ing-case**, *n.*: nécessaire de toilette, *m.* -**ing-room**, *n.*: cabinet de toilette, *m.* -**maker**, *n.*: couturière, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: qui aime la toilette; habillé.

1. **drib**, *tr.*: retrancher.

2. **drib**, *n.*: chiquet, *m.* -**ble**, *intr.*: dégoutter; baver. -**ble**, *n.*: chiquet, *m.*

drier, *n.*: siccatif, dessiccateur, *m.*

1. **drift**, *n.*: objet qui flotte au gré du vent, de l'eau; tourbillon; amas, *m.*; (*fig.*)

tendance, *f.*, but, *m.*; (*nav.*) dérive, *f.* 2. **drift**, *intr.*: couler, être poussé; s'amasser; (*nav.*) aller en dérive, dériver; *tr.*: pousser, chasser, entasser: — *about*, dériver au gré du vent. 3. **drift**, *adj.*: qui pousse; qui est poussé; qui dérive. -**wood**, *n.*: bois flotté, *f.*

1. **drill**, *tr.*: forer, percer; (*agri.*) semer par sillons; (*milit.*) exercer; *intr.*: (*agri.*) semer par sillons; (*milit.*) faire l'exercice.

2. **drill**, *n.*: (*agri.*) semoir; (*furrow*) sillon; (*manu.*) outil de fil; (*milit.*) exercice; (*tech.*) forêt, *m.* -**husbandry**, *n.*: (*agri.*) semaille au semoir, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: (*agri.*) semis au semoir; (*milit.*) exercice, *m.* -**machine**, *n.*: (*metal.*) machine à forer, *f.* -**master**, *n.*: (maître) instructeur, maître d'exercice, *m.* -**officer**, *n.*: (*milit.*) officier instructeur, *m.*

1. **drink** (*pret.* **drank**, *part.* **drunk**, **drunk-en**), (*in*) *tr.*: boire; (*fig.*) s'abreuver de; absorber: — *in*, imbiber; — *off*, boire d'un coup; *have a* —, boire (un coup).

2. **drink**, *n.*: boisson; (*fig.*) ivresse, *f.* -**able**, *adj.*: buvable, potable. -**er**, *n.*: buveur, *m.*, buveuse, *f.* 1. **ing**, *adj.*: adonné à la boisson. 2. **ing**, *n.*: action de boire; boisson, *f.*; boire, *m.* -**ing-house**, *n.*: cabaret, *m.* -**money**, *n.*: pourboire, *m.*

1. **drip**, *intr.*: dégoutter; *tr.*: faire dégoutter. 2. **drip**, *n.*: goutte, *f.*; (*arch.*) larmier, *m.* -**ping**, *n.*: graisse de rôti, *f.*; gouttes, *f. pl.* -**ping-pan**, *n.*: lèche-frite, *f.* -**stone**, *n.*: filtre; (*arch.*) larmier, *m.*

1. **drive** (*pret.* **drove**, *part.* **driven**), *tr.*: forcer, réduire; porter; (*carriages, horses*) conduire, mener; chasser; pousser: — *away*, chasser, renvoyer; — *back*, repousser; — *in*, enfoncer; — *off*, renvoyer; différer; — *on*, pousser; — *out*, faire sortir, chasser. 2. **drive**, *intr.*: mener, conduire; courir; se diriger; aller en voiture: — *by*, passer en voiture; — *against*, pousser vers; s'élaner contre; — *at*, tendre à; vouloir en venir à.

3. **drive**, *n.*: promenade en voiture; (*place*) promenade pour les voitures, *f.*

1. **drivel**, *intr.*: baver; radoter. 2. **drivel**, *n.*: bave, *f.* -**ler**, *n.*: radoteur, *m.*, radoteuse, *f.*

driver, *n.*: personne qui pousse, qui chasse, *f.*; cocher, conducteur; (*orni.*) paille-en-cul, *m.*

1. **drizz-le**, *intr.*: bruiner, brouillasser, tomber en petites gouttes; *tr.*: verser à petites gouttes. 2. **le**, *n.*: pluie fine, bruine, *f.* -**ling**, *adj.*: tombant en petites gouttes, fine. -**ly**, *adj.*: de bruine.

1. **dröll**, *adj.*: plaisant, drôle. 2. **droll**, *n.*: plaisant, farceur. *m.* 3. **droll**, *intr.*: (rare) faire le plaisant; faire le farceur. -**ery**, *n.*: plaisanterie; drôlerie, farce, *f.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: plaisamment. -**ish**, *adj.*: plaisant.

drômedary, *n.*: dromadaire, *m.*

1. **drô-ne**, *n.*: bourdon (abeille mâle); (pers.) fainéant, *m.* 2. -**ne**, *intr.*: bourdonner; (fig.) vivre dans la fainéantise; lambiner. -**ne-pipe**, *n.*: cornemuse, musette, *f.* 1. -**ning**, *adj.*: fainéant; bourdonnant. 2. -**ning**, *n.*: débit monotone, *m.* -**nish**, *adj.*: fainéant.

drôop, *intr.*: tomber; faiblir, languir; se flétrir; *tr.*: baisser, laisser tomber. -**ing**, *adj.*: languissant. -**ingly**, *adv.*: languissamment.

1. **drôp**, *n.*: goutte; (of a gibbet) bascule, *f.*; (for the ear) pendant; (of a lock) cache-entrée, *m.*; (nav.) chute, *f.* 2. **drop**, *tr.*: laisser tomber; descendre de voiture en chemin; laisser échapper; (desist) laisser là, quitter, abandonner: — a letter into the post, jeter une lettre à la poste. 3. **drop**, *intr.*: tomber en gouttes, dégoutter; tomber: — away, tomber l'un après l'autre; — down, tomber; — into, arriver inopinément; — off, s'en aller, mourir; — out, se dérober, s'esquiver. -**let**, *n.*: gouttelette, *f.* -**per**, *n.*: (fish-ing) bout de ligne, *m.*

drôp-sical, *adj.*: hydropique. -**sy**, *n.*: hydropisie, *f.*

drôpwort wurt, *n.*: (bot.) spirée, filipendule, *f.*

dröss, *n.*: écume; (fig.) rouille; (metal.) scorie, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: écume; (fig.) impureté, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans écume, sans rouille. -**y**, *adj.*: écumeux, plein d'écume.

drôught, *n.*: sécheresse; soif, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: sécheresse, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: sec; (pers.) altéré.

drô-ve, *n.*: troupeau, *m.* -**ver**, *n.*: conducteur de bestiaux, *m.*

1. **drôwn**, *tr.*: noyer; inonder, submerger: be —ed, être noyé; be —ing, se noyer. 2. **drown**, *intr.*: se noyer.

drôw-se, *tr.*: assoupir; *intr.*: s'assoupir. -**ily**, *adv.*: dans l'assoupissement; (fig.) nonchalamment. -**iness**, *n.*: somnolence, *f.*; assoupissement, *m.* -**sy**, *adj.*: assoupi, endormi; léthargique; lourd, stupide.

1. **drüb**, *tr.*: rosser, étriller. 2. **drub**, *n.*: coup de bâton, *m.*; taloche, *f.* -**bing**, *n.*: roulée, *f.*

1. **drüd-ge**, *intr.*: travailler sans relâche; s'échiner. 2. -**ge**, *n.*: homme de peine, piocheur; souffre-douleur; cheval de bât; esclave, *m.* -**ger**, *n.*: homme de peine, *m.* -**gery**, *n.*: travail fatigant, travail pénible, *m.*; peine, corvée, *f.* -**ging**, *n.*:

travail pénible, *m.* -**gingly**, *adv.*: péniblement; laborieusement.

1. **drüg**, *n.*: drogue (médecine); chose vieille qui ne se vend plus, *f.* 2. **drug**, *tr.*: mettre des drogues dans; empoisonner; droguer; *intr.*: ordonner des drogues, des médecines (à). -**get** [deriv. ?], *n.*: bure, *f.* -**gist**, *n.*: droguiste, *m.*

drüid, *n.*: druide, *m.*

1. **drüm**, *n.*: tambour, *m.*; caisse, *f.*: — of the ear, tympan, *m.* 2. **drum**, *intr.*: battre le tambour; tambouriner; faire le tambour; (fig.) tinter; *tr.*: (milit.) chasser au son du tambour: — out of, chasser ignominieusement. -**barrel**, *n.*: (tech.) tambour, *m.* -**head**, *n.*: dessus du tambour, *m.* -**hole**, *n.*: trou de la caisse du tambour, *m.* -**major**, *n.*: tambour-major, *m.* -**maker**, *n.*: faiseur de tambours, *m.* -**mer**, *n.*: tambour, *m.* -**stick**, *n.*: baguette de tambour, *f.*

drünk, *adj.*: ivre, gris. -**ard**, *n.*: ivrogne, *m.*, ivrognesse, *f.* -**en**, *adj.*: ivre; ivrogne. -**enly**, *adv.*: en ivrogne. -**en-ness**, *n.*: ivrognerie; ivresse, *f.*

1. **dry**, *adj.*: sec; aride; altéré; (fig.) caustique, sévère: be —, (pers.) avoir soif; être altéré; (of the weather) faire sec. 2. **dry**, *tr.*: sécher; mettre à sec; dessécher: — up, sécher; dessécher; *intr.*: sécher: — up, tarir. -**beat**, *tr.*: battre légèrement. -**er**, *n.*: siccatif, dessicatif, *m.* -**eyed**, *adj.*: qui a l'œil sec; les yeux secs; sans larmes. -**foot**, *adv.*: (hunt.) à la piste; à la trace. -**ing**, *adj.*: qui sèche, siccatif. -**ing-house**, *n.*: es-sui, séchoir, *m.*; sécherie, *f.* -**ness**, *n.*: sécheresse; aridité, *f.* -**rub**, *tr.*: frotter à sec, sans mouiller, pour nettoyer. -**salter**, *n.*: marchand de salaisons, *m.* -**shod**, *adj.*: à pied sec. -**stove**, *n.*: serre chaude, *f.*

düal, *adj.*: duel.

1. **düb**, *tr.*: créer, faire, armer chevalier; baptiser. 2. **dub**, *n.*: coup, *m.*

dübious, *adj.*: douteux, incertain. -**ly**, *adv.*: douteusement. -**ness**, *n.*: doute, *m.*; incertitude; indécision, *f.*

dücal, *adj.*: ducal.

dücat, *n.*: ducat, *m.*

1. **dück**, *n.*: (term of affection) poule, *f.*, poulet, *m.*, poulette, *f.*; chou, chat, *m.*

2. **dück**, *n.*: toile, toile à voile, *f.*

3. **dück**, *n.*: (orni.) cane, *f.*, canard, *m.*; (plunging) plongeon. 4. **duck**, *tr.*: plonger dans l'eau; plonger; baisser; (nav.) donner la cale à, baptiser; *intr.*: plonger; faire le plongeon. -**gun**, *n.*: canardière, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: action de plonger, *f.*; plongeon; (nav.) baptême des tropiques, *m.* -**legged**, *adj.*: à jambes de canard. -**ling**, *n.*: caneton, *m.*; canette, *f.*

-meat, *n.*: (bot.) lentille, lentille d'eau, lentille de marais, lemme bossue, *f.* **-s-foot**, *n.*: (bot.) serpenteaire de Virginie, *f.* **-shooting**, *n.*: chasse aux canards, *f.*

duct, *n.*: conduit; canal; tube, *m.*: **alimentary** —, tube alimentaire, canal alimentaire. **-ile**, *adj.*: ductile, souple. **-iliness**, **-ility**, *n.*: ductilité, flexibilité, *f.*

dudgeon, *n.*: brouille; mauvaise part; (dagger) petite dague; colère intérieure, *f.*: **take in** —, prendre en mauvaise part; **in high** —, fort en colère.

1.due, *adj.*: dû; convenable; juste. **2.due**, *n.*: dû; droit, *m.* **3.due**, *adv.*: droit, directement.

1.duel, *n.*: duel; combat, *m.* **2.duel**, *intr.*: se battre en duel; *tr.*: attaquer en duel. **-ling**, *n.*: duel, *m.* **-list**, *n.*: duelliste, *m.*

duenna, *n.*: duègne, *f.*

duet, *n.*: (mus.) duo, *m.*

duffel, *n.*: molleton de laine, *m.*

dug, *n.*: bout du sein, *m.*; (of cows, etc.) trayon, *m.*

duke, *n.*: duc, *m.* **-dom**, *n.*: duché, *m.*; dignité de duc, *f.*

dulcet, *adj.*: doux, harmonieux. **-ification**, *n.*: dulcification, *f.* **-ify**, *tr.*: dulcifier. **-imer**, *n.*: tympanon, *m.* **-corate**, *tr.*: édulcorer. **-coration**, *n.*: édulcoration, *f.*

dulia, *n.*: (theol.) dulie, *f.*

1.dull, *adj.*: (of persons) lourd, borné; (of the weather) lourd, triste; (of sound) sourd; (melancholy) triste, sombre; (blunt) émoussé; (com.) plat, calme: — of hearing, qui entend dur; sourdaud; un peu sourd; **be** — (melancholy), s'ennuyer. **2.dull**, *tr.*: rendre lourd; lasser; émousser; *intr.*: devenir lourd; s'hébéter. **-ard**, *n.*: lourdaud, *m.* **-brained**, *adj.*: à l'esprit lourd; qui a l'esprit lourd. **-browed**, *adj.*: au front sombre; qui a le front sombre. **-disposed**, *adj.*: disposé à la tristesse. **-eyed**, *adj.*: au regard sombre; mélancolique. **-head**, *n.*: esprit lourd, *m.* **-sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue faible; à la vue faible. **-witted**, *adj.*: lourd d'esprit. **-y**, *adv.*: durement; pesamment, tristement.

dulness, *n.*: stupidité; tristesse, *f.*; ennui; état émoussé, *m.* **duly**, *adv.*: dûment; justement. **dumb**, *adj.*: muet. **-bly**, *adv.*: sans rien dire, sans paroles. **-bness**, *n.*: silence; mutisme, *m.* **-(b)found**, **-founder**, *tr.*: confondre; abasourdir. **-my**, *n.*: muet, *m.*, muette, *f.*; (whist) mort, *m.* **1.dump**, *n.*: pièce grossière.

2.dump, *tr.*: pousser lourdement; (Am.) faire tomber négligemment, jeter, dé-

charger. **3.dump**, *n.*: place de décharge (de cendres, rebut, etc.), place de rebut, *f.*; rebut, *m.*

4.dump, *n.*: tristesse; mélancolie; rêverie, *f.*: **be in the** —, être triste comme un bonnet de nuit. **-ish**, *adj.*: chagrin, mélancolique. **-ishness**, *n.*: tristesse, mélancolie, *f.*

dumpling, *n.*: pommé, *m.* **-py**, *adj.*: trapu; court et gros.

1.dun, *adj.*: brun foncé; (of horses) bai brun, alezan foncé.

2.dun, *tr.*: importuner (un débiteur): — any one with any thing, corner quelque chose aux oreilles de quelqu'un. **3.dun**, *n.*: créancier importun, *m.*

dunce, *n.*: ignorant, *m.*, ignorante; gâchette, *f.* **-eery**, *n.*: bêtise, *f.*

dun-coloured, *adj.*: brun foncé.

1.dung, *n.*: fiente, *f.*; (agri.) fumier, *m.*; (of mice, sheep, rabbits, etc.) crotte, *f.*; (of horses) crottin, *m.*; (of oxen, cows) fiente, bouse, *f.* **2.dung**, *tr.*: fumer; *intr.*: fienter. **-cart**, *n.*: tombereau à fumier, *m.*

dungeon, *n.*: cachot, *m.*

dung-fork, *n.*: fourche à fumier, *f.*

1.-hill, *n.*: fumier; (fig.) taudis, *m.*, baraque, *f.*; **†manant**, *m.* **2.-hill**, *adj.*: de fumier; sale, ignoble. **-ing**, *n.*: (agri.) fumure, *f.*; (manu.) bousage, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: de fumier; vil.

dunnage, *n.*: (nav.) fardage, *m.*

dun-ner, *n.*: créancier importun, aboyeur, *m.* **-ning**, *n.*: importunité.

dunnish, *adj.*: qui tire sur le brun foncé.

duo, *n.*: duo, *m.* **-décimal**, *adj.*: duo-décimal. **-décimal**, *n.*: (arith.) multiplication des nombres complexes, *f.* **1.-décime**, *adj.*: in-douze. **2.-decimo**, *n.*: in-douze, *m.* **-découple**, *adj.*: composé de douzièmes. **-dénun**, *n.*: duodénun, *m.* **-lital**, *adj.*: composé de deux lettres.

1.dupe, *n.*: dupe, *f.* **2.dupe**, *tr.*: duper.

dupion, *n.*: cocon double, *m.*

duple, *adj.*: double. **1.-plicate**, *adj.*: double. **2.-plicate**, *n.*: double, duplication, *m.*; (of a pawnbroker) reconnaissance, *f.* **3.-plicate**, *tr.*: plier en double; (re)doubler. **-plication**, *n.*: duplication, *f.* **-plicity**, *n.*: double nature; duplicité, *f.*

durable, *adj.*: durable. **-rability**, **-rability**, *n.*: durabilité, *f.* **-rably**, *adv.*: durablement. **-rance**, *n.*: emprisonnement, *m.*; **†pouvoir d'endurer**, *m.*, patience; souffrance, *f.* **-ration**, *n.*: durée, *f.* **1.-re**, *adj.*: dur. **2.-re**, *intr.*: durer. **-ress**, *n.*: emprisonnement, *m.*; contrainte, *f.* **-ring**, *prep.*: pendant, durant.

1. **dusk**, *adj.*: obscur, sombre. 2. **dusk**, *n.*: brune, *f.*; crépuscule, *m.* -**ily**, *adv.*: obscurément. -**ish**, *adj.*: sombre, foncé. -**ishly**, *adv.*: obscurément. -**y**, *adj.*: obscur, sombre.

1. **dust**, *n.*: poussière; poudre, *f.*; (noise) train, tapage, *m.* 2. **dust**, *tr.*: épousseter; couvrir de poussière; pulvériser. -**brush**, *n.*: plumeau, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: torchon, *m.*; vergette, *f.*, plumeau, *m.*, tépoussette, *f.* -**hole**, *n.*: trou aux ordures, *m.* -**iness**, *n.*: état poudreux, *m.* -**man**, *n.*: boueur, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: poudreux, couvert de poussière; de poussière.

Dutch, *adj.*: hollandais; *n.*: (language) hollandais, *m.* -**man**, *n.*: Hollandais, *m.* -**woman**, *n.*: Hollandaise, *f.*

dutious, *adj.*: soumis, obéissant, respectueux. -**tiable**, *adj.*: imposable, assujéti aux droits et impositions. -**tiful**, *adj.*: obéissant, soumis, respectueux, humble. -**tifully**, *adv.*: avec soumission, respectueusement. -**tifulness**, *n.*: soumission; déférence, *f.* -**ty**, *n.*: devoir; respect; (at the customs) droit; (milit.) service, *m.*

dumvir, *n.*: dumvir, *m.* -**ate**, *n.*: dumvirat, *m.*

dux, *n.*: (in schools) sergent, premier, *m.* **dwale**, *n.*: (her.) couleur noire; (bot.) belladone, *f.*

1. **dwarf**, *n.*: nain, *m.*, naine, *f.* 2. **dwarf**, *adj.*: nain. 3. **dwarf**, *tr.*: rapetisser. -**ish**, *adj.*: de nain. -**ishly**, *adv.*: en nain. -**ishness**, *n.*: taille de nain; petitesse, *f.*

dwell (pret.; part. -*ed* or *dwelt*), *intr.*: demeurer; rester: — on, s'étendre sur, appuyer sur; s'arrêter à. -**er**, *n.*: habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: demeure, habitation, *f.* -**ing-house**, *n.*: maison d'habitation, *f.*; domicile, *m.*

dwindle, *intr.*: diminuer; dépérir; dégénérer; s'abrégier; *tr.*: diminuer, réduire; briser; disperser.

1. **dye**, *tr.*: teindre, colorer; tacher. 2. **dye**, *n.*: teinture, teinte; couleur; empreinte, *f.* -**drug**, *n.*: drogue de teinture; drogue tinctoriale, *f.* -**house**, *n.*: teinturerie, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: teinture, *f.* -**mill**, *n.*: teinturerie, *f.* -**r** -**er**, *n.*: teinturier, *m.*, teinturière, *f.* -**r's-brown**, *n.*: (bot.) herbe des teinturiers; genestrolle, *f.* -**r's-wood**, *n.*: (bot.) réséda des teinturiers, *m.*; gaude, *f.* -**r's-wood**, *n.*: (bot.) pastel des teinturiers, *m.*; guède, *f.* -**stuff**, *n.*: couleur pour teindre; matière tinctoriale, *f.* -**wood**, *n.*: bois de teinture; bois tinctorial, *m.* -**works**, *n. pl.*: teinturerie, *f. sing.*

dying, *adj.*: mourant, moribond; (of things) de la mort; suprême: — man,

mourant, moribond, *m.*; — woman, mourante, moribonde, *f.*

dýke, *n.*: digue, *f.*; fossé; (mines.) filon stérile, *m.*; (geol.) faille, *f.*

dýnamie, *adj.*: dynamique. -**mics**, *n. pl.*: dynamique, *f. sing.* -**mó-meter**, *n.*: dynamomètre, *m.*

dý-nast, *n.*: dynaste, *m.* -**nástio**, *adj.*: dynastique. -**nasty**, *n.*: dynastie, famille, *f.*

dysentérie(al), *adj.*: dysentérique. **dýsentry**, *n.*: dysenterie, *f.*

dys-pépsia, *adj.*: dyspepsie, *f.* 1. -**péptic**, *adj.*: dyspeptique. 2. -**peptic**, *n.*: homme dyspeptique. **dýsury**, *n.*: dysurie, *f.*

E

e (*è*), *n.*: e, *m.*; (muz.) mi, *m.*

each, *pron. and adj.*: chaque; chacun, *m.*, chacune, *f.*: — one, chacun, *m.*, chacune, *f.*

eager, *adj.*: vif, ardent, impatient, empressé; (metal.) aigre. -**ly**, *adv.*: ardemment, impatientement; avec empressement. -**ness**, *n.*: ardeur, impatience, *f.*; empressément, *m.*

éagle, *n.*: (orné astron.) aigle, *m.*; (her., Rom. hist.) aigle, *f.* -**eyed**, *adj.*: qui a des yeux d'aigle. -**sighted**, *adj.*: à la vue d'aigle. -**stone**, *n.*: (min.) aétite, pierre d'aigle, *f.* -**t-glet**, *n.*: aiglon, *m.* -**winged**, *adj.*: à vol d'aigle.

éagre, *n.*: raz de marée, *m.*

1. **ear**, *n.*: oreille, *f.*; (of corn) épi, *m.*; (of a porringer) anse, *f.* 2. **ear**, *intr.*: monter en épi. -**ache**, *n.*: mal d'oreille; mal à l'oreille, *m.* -**bored**, *adj.*: aux oreilles percées; qui a les oreilles percées. -**deafening**, *adj.*: étourdissant. -**drop**, *n.*: pendant d'oreille, *m.* -**drum**, *n.*: (anat.) tympan; tambour de l'oreille, *m.* -**ed**, *adj.*: qui a des oreilles; garni d'épis; (bot.) auriculé: long—, aux longues oreilles.

éarl, *n.*: comte, *m.*

éar-lap, *n.*: lobe, bout inférieur de l'oreille, *m.*

éarldom, *n.*: comté, *m.*

éarless, *adj.*: sans oreilles.

éar-liness, *n.*: heure peu avancée; précocité, *f.* 1. -**ly**, *adv.*: de bonne heure; tôt; de bon matin; matinalement. 2. -**ly**, *adj.*: matinal, (pers.) matineux; prémature, précocité; (hort.) hâtif.

éarn, *tr.*: gagner; acquérir.

1. **éarnest**, *n.*: arries, *f. pl.*

2. **éarnest**, *n.*: sérieux, *m.*: in —, sérieux; au sérieux; de bonne foi; in good

—, de bonne foi; pour tout de bon; *are you in —?* parlez-vous sérieusement?
3. earnest, adj.: sérieux, ardent. **-ly, adv.**: ardemment; sérieusement; instamment, avec empressement.

earnest-money, n.: arrhes, *f. pl.*

earnestness, n.: ardeur, *f.*; empressement; sérieux, *m.*

earnings, n. pl.: gain; fruit du travail, *m.*

ear-pick, n.: cure-oreille, *m.* **-piecing, adj.**: qui perce l'oreille; au son perçant. **-ring, n.**: boucle d'oreille, *f.*

-shaped, adj.: en forme d'oreille; auriforme. **-shot, n.**: portée de l'oreille, *f.*

1. earth, n.: terre, *f.* **2. earth, tr.**: enterrer; enfouir: — *up*, déterrer; (*agri.*) butter; *intr.*: se terrer. **-bag, n.**: sac à terre, *m.* **-bank, n.**: jetée de terre, *f.*

-board, n.: (*agri.*) versoir, *m.* **-born, adj.**: né de la terre. **-bound, adj.**: attaché à la terre. **-bred, adj.**: né de la terre. **-en, adj.**: de terre. **-en-ware, n.**: poterie; vaisselle de terre; faïence, *f.*

-fed, adj.: nourri de substances terrestres. **-flax, n.**: amiante, *m.* **-iness, or earthliness, n.**: caractère terrestre, *m.*

-ling, n.: mortel, *m.* **-ly, adj.**: terrestre. **-ly-minded, adj.**: mondain. **-ly-mindedness, n.**: caractère mondain, *m.* **-nut, n.**: (*bot.*) terre-noix, *f.*

-quake, n.: tremblement de terre, *m.* **-shaking, adj.**: qui fait trembler la terre. **-ward -word, adv.**: vers la terre.

-work, n.: terrassement, *m.*, travaux de terrasse, *m. pl.*; (*fort.*) ouvrage en terre; parapet, *m.* **-worm, n.**: ver de terre, *m.*

-y, adj.: de terre; terrestre; terreux.

ear-trumpet, n.: cornet acoustique, *m.*

-wax, n.: cêrumen, *m.*, cire, *f.* **-wig, n.**: (*ent.*) forcule, *f.*; perce-oreille, *m.*

ease, n.: aisance, aise, tranquillité, *f.*; repos, *m.*: *at —*, tranquille; à l'aise; *at one's —*, à l'aise; dans l'aisance; *take one's —*, se mettre à l'aise. **2. ease, tr.**: tranquilliser, calmer; soulager, alléger.

-ful, adj.: tranquille, paisible.

éasél, n.: (*paint.*) chevalier, *m.*

éasément, n.: soulagement, *m.* **-sily, adv.**: facilement, aisément. **-siness, n.**: facilité; douceur, *f.*

1. east, n.: est, orient, levant, *m.* **2. east, adj.**: d'orient, oriental; d'est.

Easter, n.: (*Christian rel.*) Pâque ou Pâques, *m.* (*f. in the plur.*); (*Jewish rel.*) Pâque, *f.*

1. east-erly, adj.: d'orient; d'est. **2. -erly, adv.**: vers l'orient, vers l'est. **-ern, adj.**: oriental, d'orient, d'est. **-ward -word, adv.**: vers l'orient; vers l'est.

easy, adj.: aisé, facile; tranquille; doux; coulant; à l'aise; dans l'aisance: — *of belief*, crédule. **-chair, n.**: bergère, *f.*

1. eat (pret. *eat, ate*; part. *eaten*), tr.: manger; gruger; (*corrode*) ronger: — *away*, consumer; ronger: — *up*, manger entièrement; dévorer. **2. eat, intr.**: manger: — *into*, ronger; faire des ravages dans. **-able, adj.**: mangeable, comestible, bon à manger. **-able, n.**: comestible, *m.* **-er, n.**: mangeur, *m.*, mangeuse, *f.* **-ing, n.**: action de manger, *f.*; manger, *m.* **-ing-house, n.**: restaurant, *m.*: — *keeper*, restaurateur; traiteur, *m.*

éaves, n. pl.: bord des toits; (*arch.*) larmier, *m.* **-drop, intr.**: écouter aux portes. **-dropper, n.**: écouteur aux portes, *m.*

1. ébb, n.: reflux; (*nav.*) jusant, *m.*, ébe, *f.*; (*fig.*) déclin, *m.*: *at a low —*, très bas. **2. ébb, intr.**: refluer, baisser. **-ing = 1. ébb. -tide, n.**: reflux; (*nav.*) jusant, *m.*, ébe, *f.*

1. ébon, adj.: d'ébène. **2. ébon, n.**: ébène, *f.* **-ise, tr.**: ébéniser. **-ist, n.**: ébéniste, *m.* **-y, n.**: ébène, *f.*; bois d'ébène, *m.*; (*bot.*) plaqueminière, ébénier, *m.* **-y-tree, n.**: (*bot.*) faux ébénier, *m.*

e-briety, n.: ébriété, ivresse, *f.* **-briosity, n.**: ivrognerie, *f.*

ébull-lience, -lience, n.: ébullition; effervescence, *f.* **-lient, adj.**: en ébullition, bouillonnant. **-lition, n.**: ébullition; effervescence, *f.*

ecce-hômo, n.: ecce homo, *m.*

1. ecce-n-tric, adj.: excentrique; original. **2. -tric, n.**: (*geom.*) cercle excentrique, *m.* **-tricity, n.**: (*geom.*) excentricité; (*fig.*) originalité, *f.*

ecchymosis, n.: ecchymose, *f.*

ecclesiás-tes, n.: Ecclesiaste, *m.* **1. -tic, n.**: ecclésiastique, *m.* **-tic(al), adj.**: ecclésiastique. **-tically, adv.**: ecclésiastiquement. **-tious, n.**: Ecclésiastique, *m.*

echinus, n.: (*conch.*) oursin, *m.*; (*arch.*) échine, *f.*

1. écho, n.: écho, *m.* **2. echo, tr.**: répéter; *intr.*: faire écho; retentir. **-less, adj.**: sans écho.

éclât, n.: éclat, *m.*

1. eccléc-tic, adj.: éclectique. **2. -tic, n.**: éclectique, *m.* **-tism, n.**: éclectisme, *m.*

1. eclip-se, n.: éclipse, *f.* **2. -se, tr.**: éclipser; *intr.*: s'éclipser. **1. -tic, n.**: éclipse, *f.* **2. -tic, adj.**: éclipse; de l'éclipse.

éclogue, n.: eclogue, *f.*

e-conómie, -conómical, adj.: (*of things*) économique; (*pers.*) économe. **-conómically, adv.**: économiquement. **-conómics, n. pl.**: économique, *f. sing.* **-conómise, tr.**: économiser; *intr.*: économiser; user d'économie. **-conómist, n.**: économe; économiste, *m.*; *political —*, économiste. **-conómy, n.**: économie, *f.*; système, *m.*

ec-stasy, *n.*: extase, *f.*; transport, *m.* -**statio(al)**, *adj.*: extatique; d'extase.
ectrôpium, *n.*: ectropion, *m.*
eczéma, *n.*: eczéma, *m.*
e-dacious, *adj.*: vorace, gourmand.
-dacity, *n.*: voracité, gourmandise, *f.*
1. eddy, *n.*: (of water) contre-courant, remous; (of wind) tourbillon, *m.* 2. **eddy**, *adj.*: tourbillonnant. 3. **eddy**, *intr.*: tourbillonner. -**water**, *n.*: remous, *m.* -**wind**, *n.*: revolin, *m.*
edéma-tose, -**tous**, *adj.*: œdémateux.
Eden, *n.*: Eden, *m.* -**ic**, d'Eden.
edén-talous, -**tated**, *adj.*: édénité.
1. edge, *n.*: bord; (of sharp instruments) fil, tranchant, *m.*; (of a wood, forest) lisière, *f.*; (coin) cordon, *m.*; (of a prism) arête saillante; (of a book) tranche, *f.*; (fig.) glaive, *m.*: give an — to, donner le fil à; take off the —, ôter le fil à; set one's teeth on —, agacer les dents; put to the — of the sword, passer au fil de l'épée. 2. **edge**, *tr.*: affiler; aiguiser; (border) border; (carp.) abattre les angles; (fig.) exaspérer, aiguillonner; inciter, pousser, exciter; provoquer: — in, faire entrer difficilement. [Figuratively often egg; as to egg on, exasperer, inciter.] 3. **edge**, *intr.*: s'avancer de côté. -**d**, *adj.*: affilé, aigu; two—, à deux tranchants. -**less**, *adj.*: sans tranchant; émoussé. -**tool**, *n.*: instrument tranchant, *m.* -**trade**, *n.*: taillanderie, *f.* -**wise**, *adv.*: de côté, sur le bord.
edg-ing, *n.*: bord, *m.*; bordure; garniture, *f.*
édi-ble, *adj.*: mangeable, comestible, bon à manger. -**bility**, -**bleness**, *n.*: qualité mangeable, comestibilité.
édiet, *n.*: édit, *m.*
édi-ficant, *adj.*: édifiant. -**ficat-ion**, *n.*: édification, *f.* -**fice**, *n.*: édifice, *m.* -**fier**, *n.*: personne qui édifie, *f.*; édificateur, *m.* -**fy**, *tr.*: édifier. -**ying**, *adj.*: édifiant. -**yingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière édifiente.
édile, *n.*: édile, *m.* -**ship**, *n.*: édilité, *f.*
éd-it, *tr.*: publier; être éditeur de; éditer; rédiger. -**ition**, *n.*: édition, *f.* -**itor**, *n.*: éditeur, *m.*; (of newspapers) rédacteur, gérant, *m.* -**itorship**, *n.*: fonctions d'éditeur, *f. pl.*
édu-cate, *tr.*: élever, faire l'éducation de, instruire. -**cation**, *n.*: éducation, *f.* -**cational**, *adj.*: d'éducation. -**cator**, *n.*: instituteur, *m.*, institutrice, *f.*
e-duce, *tr.*: tirer, faire sortir, extraire. -**duction**, *n.*: émission; décharge, *f.*
edulo-g-rate, *tr.*: édulcorer. -**ration**, *n.*: édulcoration, *f.*
éel, *n.*: anguille, *f.*; — spear, trident, *m.*
éffable, *adj.*: qui peut s'exprimer.

efface, *tr.*: effacer. -**able**, *adj.*: effaçable.
effect, *n.*: effet, *m.*; action, *f.*; objet, *m.*: —, (jur.) biens, *m. pl.*: take —, faire effet; porter coup; produce —, faire de l'effet. 2. **effect**, *tr.*: effectuer, exécuter, accomplir. -**ible**, *adj.*: praticable. -**ive**, *adj.*: effectif, efficace. -**ively**, *adv.*: effectivement, efficacement. -**less**, *adj.*: inefficace, sans effet; inutile. -**or**, *n.*: auteur, producteur, *m.* -**ual**, *adj.*: efficace. -**ually**, *adv.*: efficacement. -**uate**, *tr.*: effectuer.
effémi-naey, *n.*: mollesse; délicatesse efféminée, *f.* 1. -**nate**, *adj.*: efféminé, lâche, mou. 2. -**nate**, *intr.*: devenir efféminé; s'amollir; *tr.*: efféminer. -**nately**, *adv.*: d'une manière efféminée; avec mollesse. -**nateness**, *n.*: mollesse; délicatesse efféminée.
effervesc-e, *intr.*: être en effervescence; faire effervescence; (of beverages) mousser. -**ence**, *n.*: effervescence, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: effervescent; mousseux.
effôte, *adj.*: frappé de stérilité; usé; émoussé; éventé.
efficacious, *adj.*: efficace. -**ly**, *adv.*: efficacement; avec efficacité. -**ness**, *n.*: efficacité.
efficacy, *n.*: efficacité, *f.*
effici-ence, -**ency**, *n.*: efficacité; action productrice, *f.* -**ent**, *n.*: cause efficiente, *f.*; (math.) facteur, *m.* -**ent**, *adj.*: efficient; efficace. -**ently**, *adv.*: efficacement.
effigy, *n.*: effigie, *f.*; portrait, *m.*; image, représentation, *f.*
efflât-ion, *n.*: soufles, *m.*
efflorès-ce, *intr.*: (chem.) effleurir, s'effleurir. -**ence**, -**ency**, *n.*: efflorescence; fleuraison, floraison, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: efflorescent.
efflu-ence, -**ency**, *n.*: effluence, émanation, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: effluent, qui émane.
efflûvium (pl. *effluvia*), *n.*: exhalaison, *f.*, effluve, *m.*
efflux, *n.*: écoulement, *m.*; émanation, effusion, *f.* -**fluxion**, *n.*: écoulement, *m.*
effort, *n.*: effort, *m.*
effrontery, *n.*: effronterie, *f.*
efful-g-e, *intr.*: briller avec éclat, resplendir. -**gence**, *n.*: éclat, resplendissement, *m.* -**gent**, *adj.*: resplendissant, éclatant.
effu-se, *tr.*: épandre, verser. -**sion**, *n.*: effusion, *f.*; épanchement, *m.* -**sive**, *adj.*: qui répand.
éft, *n.*: (zool.) salamandre, *f.*; mouton, *m.*
égad! *interj.*: ma foi!
1. egg, *tr.*: exciter, inciter, see 2. **edge**.
2. egg, *n.*: œuf; (arch.) ome, *m.*: addle —, œuf gâté; boiled —, œuf à la coque;

new-laid —, œuf frais. **-cup**, *n.*: coquetier, *m.* **-glass**, *n.*: sablier pour cuire les œufs à la coque, *m.* **-merchant**, *n.*: coquetier, marchand d'œufs, *m.* **-nog**, *n.*: lait de poule à l'eau-de-vie, au rhum, *m.* **-plant**, *n.*: (*bot.*) morelle, mélongène; aubergine, *f.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: en œuf; (*bot.*) ovale. **-shell**, *n.*: coque, coquille d'œuf, *f.*

égilops, *n.*: égilops, *m.*

églantine, *n.*: églantier, *m.*; (*flower*) églantine, *f.*

égoïsme, *n.*: (*philos.*) égoïsme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: (*philos.*) égoïste, *m.* **-tise**, *intr.*: parler trop de soi; égoïser. **-tism**, *n.*: habitude de parler de soi, *f.*; égoïsme; amour propre, *m.*; vanité, *f.* **-tist**, *n.*: personne qui a l'habitude de parler de soi, *f.*; égoïste, *m.*, *f.* **-tistic(al)**, *adj.*: qui a l'habitude de parler trop de soi; égoïste.

égrégious, *adj.*: insigne, énorme; fameux. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière insigne; grandement; énormément; fameusement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère remarquable, *m.*

égress, *n.*: sortie, issue, *f.* **2-gréss**, *intr.*: sortir. **-gréssion**, *n.*: sortie, *f.*

égrot, *égrêtte*, *n.*: aigrette, *f.*

égriote, *n.*: griotte, *f.*

Égyptian, *adj.*: égyptien, *n.*; Égyptien, *m.*, Égyptienne, *f.*

eider, **-duck**, *n.*: (*orni.*) eider, *m.* **-down**, *n.*: éedredon, *m.*

éigh-t, *adj.*: huit. **-tœn**, *adj.*: dix-huit.

-tœnth, *adj.*: dix-huitième. **-tfold**, *adj.*: octuple; huit fois. **-th èt-th**, *adj.*: huitième; huit; *n.*: (*mus.*) octave, *f.*

-thly, *adj.*: huitièmement. **-tieth**, *adj.*: quatre-vingtième. **-tscore**, *adj.*: huit vingtaines, *f. pl.*; cent soixante. **-ty**, *adj.*: quatre-vingts.

1.èither or **ither**, *pron.*: l'un ou l'autre, *m. sing.*; l'une ou l'autre, *f. sing.*; les uns ou les autres, *m. pl.*; les unes ou les autres, *f. pl.*; chacun, *m.*, chacune, *f.*; l'un d'eux, *m.*, l'une d'elles, *f.*; (*used negatively*) aucun, *m.*, aucune, *f.*, ni l'un ni l'autre, *m. sing.*, ni les uns ni les autres, *m. pl.*, ni l'une ni l'autre, *f. sing.*, ni les unes ni les autres, *f. pl.* **2.either**, *conj.*: ou, soit; *adv.*: non plus.

ejäcu-late, *tr.*: lancer; prononcer avec ferveur; éjaculer. **-lätion**, *n.*: action de lancer; émission; prière fervente; éjaculation, *f.*; élan, *m.* **-latory**, *adj.*: éjaculatoire; (*anat.*) éjaculateur.

ejêc-t, *tr.*: jeter, lancer; chasser, expulser. **-tion**, *n.*: expulsion, *f.*; rejet, *m.*; (*med.*) évacuation, *f.* **-tment**, *n.*: expulsion, *f.* **-tor**, *n.*: auteur d'une expulsion, *m.*

êke, *tr.*: allonger, suppléer à: — out, suppléer à; prolonger.

1.eläbo-rate, *adj.*: élaboré. **2.-rate**, *tr.*: élaborer. **-rately**, *adv.*: d'une manière élaborée; laborieusement. **-rato-ness**, *n.*: élaboration, *f.*; travail, *m.* **-rätion**, *n.*: élaboration, *f.*

elänee, *tr. and intr.*: lancer; s'élancer. **eland**, *n.*: élan d'Amérique, *m.*

eläpse, *intr.*: s'écouler, passer, se passer. **eläs-tic**, **-tical**, *adj.*: élastique. **-tie-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière élastique.

-tieity, *n.*: élasticité, *f.*

1.elä-te, *adj.*: fier, enflé. **2.-te**, *tr.*: élever; enfler; exalter. **-tedly**, *adv.*: orgueilleusement. **-tion**, *n.*: enflure, (*of mind*) vanité, *f.*, orgueil, *m.*

1.elbou, *n.*: coude; (*of an arm-chair*) bras, *m.* **2.elbow**, *tr.*: coudeoyer; presser; *intr.*: faire coude; faire angle.

-chair, *n.*: fauteuil, *m.* **-grease**, *n.*: huile de bras, *f.* **-room**, *n.*: coudées franches, *f. pl.* **-rest**, *n.*: accoudoir, *m.*

1.elder, *adj.*: aîné, plus âgé. **2.elder**, *n.*: personne plus âgée qu'une autre ou que d'autres, *f.*; doyen, ancien, *m.*; (*among the Jews, the Presbyterians*) ancien; prêtre, *m.*

3.elder, *n.*: (*bot.*) sureau, *m.* **-berry**, *n.*: grain de sureau, *m.* **-bush**, *n.*: (buisson de) sureau, *m.* **-flower**, *n.*: fleur de sureau, *m.*

elder-ly, *adj.*: qui tire sur l'âge, tant soit peu âgé. **-ship**, *n.*: alnesse; qualité d'ancien, *f.*; (*of the Presbyterians*) conseil des anciens, *m.*

ëldest, *adj.*: le plus âgé, l'aîné.

elecampäne, *n.*: (*plant*) aunée, *f.*

1.elêc-t, *adj.*: élu, choisi, nommé; *n.*: élu, *m.* **2.-t**, *tr.*: élire, nommer, choisir.

-tion, *n.*: élection, *f.*; choix, *m.* **-tio-nêcr**, *intr.*: briguer les suffrages à une élection. **-tive**, *adj.*: électif, électoral.

-tively, *adv.*: par choix; par élection. **-tor**, *n.*: électeur, *m.* **-toral**, *adj.*: électoral, d'électeur. **-torate**, *n.*: électorat, *m.*

1.elêc-tric, **-trical**, *adj.*: électrique. **2.-tric**, *n.*: corps électrique non conducteur, *m.* **-trically**, *adv.*: d'une manière électrique. **-trigian**, *n.*: électricien; électrographe, *m.* **-trieity**, *n.*: électricité, *f.* **-triffable**, *adj.*: électrisable. **-trificätion**, *n.*: électrisation, *f.* **-trify**, *tr.*: électriser; *intr.*: s'électriser. **-trömeter**, *n.*: électromètre, *m.*

-tröphorus, *n.*: électrophore, *m.* **-tröscope**, *n.*: électroscope, *m.*

elêctuary, *n.*: électuaire, *m.*

elecmösynary, *adj.*: de charité; qui vit d'aumônes; *n.*: personne qui vit d'aumônes, *f.*

ële-gance, **-ganey**, *n.*: élégance, *f.* **-gant**, *adj.*: élégant. **-gantly**, *adv.*: élégamment.

1. **elégi-ac**, -acal, *adj.*: élégiaque.
2. **-ac**, *n.*: vers élégiaque, *m.* -**ast**,
élégi-st, *n.*: élégiaque (poète élégia-
que), *m.*

elégit, *n.*: (*jur.*) droit de saisir les biens
meubles et la moitié du revenu des ter-
res, *m.*

elegy, *n.*: élégie, *f.*

èle-ment, *n.*: élément, *m.* -**mental**,
adj.: élémentaire. -**mentally**, *adv.*:
littéralement. -**mentarity**, *n.*: état
élémentaire, *m.* -**mentary**, *adj.*: élé-
mentaire.

éléphant, *n.*: éléphant, *m.* -**-driver**,
n.: cornac, *m.* -**-iasis**, *n.*: éléphantia-
sis, *f.* -**-ine -fān**, *adj.*: éléphantin.

1. **èle-vate**, *tr.*: élever, égayer, réjouir;
exalter. 2. **-vate**, -**vated**, *adj.*: élevé.
-**vation**, *n.*: élévation, *f.* -**-vator**, *n.*:
personne qui élève, *f.*; (*anat.*) éleveur,
m. 1. **-vatory**, *adj.*: élevant, qui élève.
2. **-vatory**, *n.*: (*surg.*) éleveatoire, *m.*

elëven, *adj.*: onze. -**-th**, *adj.*: on-
zième.

1. **ëlf** (pl. **elves**), *n.*: fée, *f.*, elfe; es-
prit follet; lutin; nabot, *m.*, nabote,
f. 2. **elf**, *tr.*: entortiller (les cheveux
comme un elfe). 1. **-in**, *adj.*: elfe, des
lutins. 2. **-in**, *n.*: petit elfe, petite fée;
nabot, *m.*, nabote, *f.*; moutard, *m.* -**-ish**,
adj.: des elfes, des lutins. -**-look**, *n.*:
cheveux tordus en boucles comme par les
lutins, *m. pl.*

elicit, *tr.*: faire jaillir; faire sortir; dé-
duire.

elide, *tr.*: détruire, faire disparaître;
(*gram.*) élider.

ëligi-ble, *adj.*: éligible; désirable, con-
venable. -**-bility**, -**-bleness**, *n.*: éligi-
bilité; préférence, convenance, *f.* -**-bly**,
adv.: convenablement, avantageusement.

ëlimi-nate, *tr.*: éliminer, chasser, ex-
pulser; élargir, affranchir. -**-nâtion**, *n.*:
élimination; expulsion, *f.*

ëliquât-ion, *n.*: liquation, *f.*, ressuage, *m.*
-lison, *n.*: élisson; *tr.*: division, *f.*

ëli-or, *n.*: personne chargée de désigner
le jury en cas de récusation contre le
shérif, *f.*

ëlite, *n.*: élite, *f.*

ëlix-a-te, *tr.*: faire cuire dans l'eau.
-tion, *n.*: élixation; digestion, *f.*

ëlix-ir, *n.*: élixir, *m.*; quintessence, *f.*

ëlk, *n.*: (*mam.*) élan, *m.*

ëll(e), *n.*: (*orn.*) cygne sauvage, *m.*

ëll, *n.*: aune, *f.*

ëllip-sis (pl. **ëllipses**), *n.*: ellipse, *f.*
-**-soid**, *n.*: ellipsoïde, *m.* -**-tic(al)**, *adj.*:
elliptique. -**-tically**, *adv.*: elliptique-
ment. -**-ticity**, *n.*: ellipticité, *f.*

ëlm, *n.*: (*bot.*) orme, *m.*: *young* —, or-
meau, *m.* -**-grovc**, *n.*: ormale, *f.*

ëlocû-tion, *n.*: élocution; parole, faculté
de parler, *f.*

ëlog... = *eulog*...

1. **ëlon-gate**, *tr.*: allonger; éloigner;
intr.: s'éloigner. 2. **-gate**, *adj.*: allongé.

-**-gâtion**, *n.*: prolongement; éloignement,
m.; (*astron., med.*) élongation, *f.*

ëlope, *intr.*: quitter clandestinement la
maison conjugale, la maison paternelle;
s'enfuir. -**-ment**, *n.*: enlèvement con-
senti, *m.*; fuite, *f.*

ëlops, *n.*: espèce de poisson des mers
équatoriales, *f.*

ëlo-quence, *n.*: éloquence, *f.* -**-quent**,
adj.: éloquent. -**-quently**, *adv.*: élo-
quemment.

1. **ëlse**, *adj.*: autre: *nothing* — rien
autre; *what* —? quoi encore? quoi de
plus? vous faut-il autre chose? 2. **ëlse**,
adv.: autrement; sans quoi. -**-where**,
adv.: ailleurs.

ëlu-ci-date, *tr.*: rendre lucide, éclaircir,
élucider. -**-dâtion**, *n.*: éclaircissement,
m.; élucidation, *f.* -**-dator**, *n.*: com-
mentateur, *m.*

ëlu-de, *tr.*: éluder, échapper à. -**-dible**,
adj.: qui peut être éludé. -**-sive**, *adj.*:
trompeur.

ëlû-te, *tr.*: laver, nettoyer.

ëlû-triat, *tr.*: (*chem.*) décanter.

ëly-si-an, *adj.*: élyséen: — *fields*, champs
élysées, *m. pl.* -**-um**, *n.*: Elysée, *m.*

1. **ëma-ci-ate**, *intr.*: maigrir; se dé-
charner; (*bot.*) s'étioler; *tr.*: amaigrir;
devenir décharné; (*bot.*) étioier. 2. **-ate**,
adj.: maigre, décharné, émacié. -**-âtion**,
n.: émaciation, maigreur, *f.*; état dé-
charné; (*bot.*) étiolement, *m.*

ëma-nate, *intr.*: émaner. -**-nâtion**,
n.: émanation, *f.* -**-native**, *adj.*: émané.

1. **ëma-nai-pate**, *tr.*: émanciper, affran-
chir. 2. **-pate**, -**-pated**, *adj.*: émancipé.
-**-pâtion**, *n.*: émancipation, *f.*; affran-
chissement, *m.*

ëma-r-ginate, *tr.*: ôter la marge de.

1. **ëma-scu-late**, *tr.*: émasculer, châtrer;
(*fig.*) affaiblir, énerver. 2. **-late**, *adj.*:
émasculé, châtré; efféminé. -**-lâtion**,
n.: émasculatation; mollesse, *f.*

ëmbâ-le, *tr.*: emballer.

ëmbâ/m, *tr.*: embaumer; conserver. -**-er**,
n.: embaumeur, *m.* -**-ing**, *n.*: embaume-
ment, *m.*

ëmbânk, *tr.*: faire une digue, une levée;
remblayer; encaisser. -**-ment**, *n.*: levée,
digue, *f.*; remblai; quai; encaissement, *m.*

1. **ëmbârgo**, *n.*: embargo, *m.* 2. **ëm-
bargo**, *tr.*: mettre un embargo sur.

ëmbârk, *tr.*: embarquer; (*fig.*) enga-
ger; *intr.*: s'embarquer; (*fig.*) s'engager.
-**-âtion**, *n.*: embarquement, *m.*

ëmbârrass, *tr.*: embarrasser; gêner.

-ing, adj.: embarrassant. **-ment, n.**: embarrass; (*in one's business*) dérangement, *m.*; gêne, *f.*
embassa-dor, n.: ambassadeur, *m.*
-dress, n.: ambassadrice, *f.*
embassy, n.: ambassade, *f.*
embattle, tr.: ranger en ordre de bataille; (*arch.*) créneler; *intr.*: être rangé en ordre de bataille. **-d, adj.**: crénelé.
-nent, n.: crénelure, *f.*
embay, tr.: renfermer dans une baie; baigner.
embéd, tr.: enfouir; emboîter.
embellish, tr.: embellir. **-er, n.**: embellisseur, *m.* **-ment, n.**: embellissement, *m.*
ember (gen'ly pl. émbers), n.: charbon vif et cendres, *n. pl.*; braise; cendre ardente, *f.*
ember, adj.: de circuit, périodique.
-days, n.: Quatre-Temps, *m. pl.* **-eves, n.**: vigile des Quatre-Temps, *f.* **-week, n.**: semaine des Quatre-Temps, *f.*
embözzle, tr.: détourner, dissiper.
-ement, n.: détournement, *m.* **-er, n.**: auteur d'un détournement, *m.*
embitter, tr.: rendre amer; (*fig.*) abreuver d'amertume, empoisonner.
emblä-ze, -zon, tr.: blasonner; (*fig.*) embellir; publier, proclamer; exalter.
emboner, n.: écrivain héraldique; (*fig.*) écrivain pompeux, *m.* **-zonry, n.**: blason, *m.*; armes, armoiries, *f. pl.*
emblem, n.: emblème, *m.* **2.-blem, tr.**: être l'emblème de; représenter.
-blematic(al), adj.: emblématique.
-blematically, adv.: d'une manière emblématique. **†-blématique, tr.**: figurer, représenter par emblèmes. **-blématist, n.**: auteur d'emblèmes, *m.* **-blements, n. pl.**: (*agri.*) fruits d'un terrain cultivé par le fermier, lesquels lui appartiennent quoique son bail expire avant la récolte, *m. pl.*
embödy, intr.: revêtir d'un corps; personifier; incorporer.
embölden, tr.: enhardir.
embolism, n.: embolisme; temps intercalé, *m.*
embösom, tr.: placer au sein; ensevelir.
emböss, tr.: relever en bosse; (*gold.*) bosseler; (*linen*) brocher; (*cutlery*) damasquiner; (*sculpt.*) travailler en bosse; graver en relief. **-ing, n.**: relief; (*arch.*) bossage; (*gold.*) bosselage, *m.*; (*of cutlery*) damasquinerie, *f.* **-ment, n.**: relief, *m.*; (*sculpt.*) bosse, *f.*
emböttle, tr.: mettre en bouteilles.
emböwel, tr.: arracher les entrailles; éventrer.
embrä-ee, tr.: embrasser; saisir; accepter. **2.-ee, n.**: embrassement, *m.*;

étrointe, *f.* **-ement, n.**: embrassement, *m.*; étrointe, *f.* **-eer, n.**: personne qui embrasse, *f.*; (*of a jury*) suborneur, *m.*
1.embräsure, n.: embrasure, *f.*
2.†embräsure, n.: embrassement, *m.*
embre-cate, tr.: fomentier; bassiner.
-cätion, n.: embrocation, *f.*
embröder, tr.: broder. **-er, n.**: brodeur, *m.* brodeuse, *f.* **-y, n.**: broderie, *f.*
embröil, tr.: brouiller, embrouiller; bouleverser. **-ment, n.**: embrouillement; désordre, *m.*; brouille, brouillerie, *f.*
1.embry-o, n.: embryon, *m.* **2.-o, adj.**: d'embryon; à l'état d'embryon. **-ölogist, n.**: embryologue, *m.* **-ölogy, n.**: embryologie, *f.* **-on = -o. -önio, adj.**: embryonnaire.
emënd, tr.: corriger. **-able, adj.**: corrigible. **-ätion, n.**: correction, réforme, *f.* **-ator, n.**: correcteur, *m.*
émerald, n.: émeraude, *f.*
émérge, intr.: surgir; sortir. **-genec, -geney, n.**: action de surgir; circonstance imprévue; occurrence; conjoncture, *f.* **-gent, adj.**: qui surgit; naissant; critique, difficile; (*phys.*) émergent: upon — occasions, dans les circonstances critiques.
émérö(i)ds, n. pl.: hémorroïdes, *f. pl.*
éméröion, n.: émerision; sortie, *f.*
émery, n.: émeri, *m.*
1.emétic, -al, adj.: émétique. **2.emetic, n.**: émétique, *m.* **-ally, adv.**: comme un émétique.
1.émi-grant, adj.: émigrant. **2.-grant, n.**: émigrant, *m.*, émigrante, *f.*; (*political*) émigré, *m.*, émigrée, *f.* **-gräte, intr.**: émigrer. **-grätion, n.**: émigration, *f.*
émi-nence, -nency, n.: éminence, élévation; (*fig.*) grandeur, distinction, *f.*: His —, son Eminence, *f.* **-nent, adj.**: éminent, élevé; distingué. **-nently, adv.**: éminemment.
émir, n.: émir.
1.é-missary, n.: émissaire, *m.* **2.-missary, adj.**: d'émissaire; (*anat.*) excrétoire, excréteur. **-mission, n.**: émission, *f.* **-mit, tr.**: jeter, lancer, exhaler.
émmet, n.: fourmi, *f.*
temmew, tr.: encager, enfermer.
e-molléscence, n.: (*metal.*) amollissement, *m.* **-mölliate, tr.**: amollir.
1.-mollient, adj.: émollient. **2.-mollient, n.**: émollient, *m.* **-mollition, n.**: amollissement, *m.*
émölument, n.: émolument, avantage, *m.*
émötion, n.: émotion, *f.*
empäle, tr.: (*fortify*) palissader; (*a man*) empaler; (*her.*) partager; (*fig.*) environner. **-ment, n.**: empalement, *m.*

empânel, *tr.*: (*jur.*) dresser la liste du jury; inscrire sur la liste du jury.

ém-pâssion, *tr.*: affecter, émouvoir, passionner.

emperor, *n.*: empereur, *m.*

em-phasis (pl. *emphases*), *n.*: force; énergie; emphase, *f.*; accent, *m.* -**phasize**, *tr.*: appuyer sur un mot; enchéirir, renchéirir sur; prononcer avec force. -**phâtio** (al), *adj.*: énergique; expressif; accentué; emphatique. -**phâtically**, *adj.*: énergiquement, expressivement; avec force; d'une manière accentuée.

emphyséma, *n.*: emphyseme, *m.*

empire, *n.*: empire, *m.*

1. **empiric**, -al, *adj.*: versé dans les expériences; empirique. 2. **empiric**, *n.*: empirique, *m.* -ally, *adv.*: d'après des expériences; empiriquement.

emplâstic, *adj.*: gluant, visqueux.

1. **employ**, *tr.*: employer, se servir de. 2. **employ**, *n.*: emploi, *m.* -able, *adj.*: qui peut servir; que l'on peut employer; employable. -er, *n.*: personne qui emploie, *f.*; maître, *m.*; maîtresse, *f.*; patron, *m.*, patronne, *f.*; chef; (*com.*) commettant, *m.* -ment, *n.*: emploi, *m.*; occupation, *f.*

empoison, *tr.*: empoisonner. †-er, *n.*: empoisonneur, *m.*, empoisonneuse, *f.* -ment, *n.*: empoisonnement, *m.*

empôrium, *n.*: grand marché; entrepôt, *m.*; †cervelle, *f.*

empôverish, *intr.*: appauvrir. -er, *n.*: chose, personne, qui appauvrit, *f.* -ment, appauvrissement, *m.*

empôwer, *tr.*: autoriser, charger.

empress, *n.*: impératrice, *f.*

1. **emp-tier**, *adj.*: plus vide. 2. -tier, *n.*: videur, *m.*, videuse, *f.* -tiness, *n.*: état de ce qui est vide; vide, *m.*; (*fig.*) vanité, inanité, *f.*, néant, *m.* 1.-ty, *adj.*: vide; à vide; (*fig.*) vain, stérile. 2.-ty, *tr.*: vider.

empurple, *tr.*: empourprer.

empyéma, *n.*: empyème, *m.*

empy-real, 1. **réan**, *adj.*: empyrée. 2. -rean, *n.*: Emphyrée, *m.* -reuma, *n.*: empyreume, *m.*

emul-late, *tr.*: s'efforcer d'égaliser; rivaliser avec. -lâtion, *n.*: émulation; rivalité, *f.* -lative, *adj.*: émulatif. -lâtor, *n.*: émule, *m.*, *f.*; émulateur, *m.*

emulgent, *adj.*: émulgent.

emulous, *adj.*: émule, jaloux. -ly, *adv.*: avec émulation; à l'envi.

emul-sion, *n.*: émulsion, *f.* -sive, *adj.*: émulsif.

emunctory, *n.*: émonctoïre, *m.*

enâble, *tr.*: rendre capable, mettre à même; donner le moyen à; mettre en état.

enâct, *tr.*: ordonner, arrêter; (*a law*) passer, établir, faire, décréter; (*a part*) représenter, remplir, jouer, faire. -ment, *n.*: établissement d'une loi, *m.*; ordonnance, *f.*; décret; acte législatif, *m.* -or, *n.*: auteur, *m.*

enallage, *n.*: (*gram.*) enallage, *m.*

1. **enâmel**, *n.*: émail, *m.* 2. **enamel**, *tr.*: émailler. -ler, -list, *n.*: émailleur, *m.* -ling, *n.*: émaillure, *f.* -work, *n.*: émaillure, *f.*

enâmo(u)r, *tr.*: rendre amoureux; rendre épris; amouracher: be —ed with, être épris de, être amoureux de. †-âdo, *n.*: personne vivement éprise, *f.*

enarthrosis, *n.*: énarthrose, *f.*

enâte, *adj.*: qui naît de; né de.

encâge, *tr.*: encager; enfermer dans une cage.

encâmp, *tr. and intr.*: camper. -ment, *n.*: campement, *m.*

encâustic, *adj.*: (*paint.*) encaustique; *n.*: peinture encaustique, *f.*

encâve, *tr.*: encaver; cacher.

1. **enceinte an-sent**, *adj.*: enceinte. 2. **enceinte**, *n.*: (*fort.*) enceinte, *f.*

encêphalon, *n.*: (*anat.*) encéphale, *m.*

enchâin, *tr.*: enchaîner. -ment, *n.*: enchaînement, *m.*

enchânt, *tr.*: enchanter. -er, *n.*: enchanteur, *m.* -ing, *adj.*: enchanteur. -ingly, *adv.*: par enchantement; à ravir. -ment, *n.*: enchantement, *m.* -ress, *n.*: enchanteresse, *f.*

enchâse, *tr.*: enchâsser; ciseler; enrichir (de diamants, etc.); peindre, représenter.

enceirole, *tr.*: environner; ceindre, entourer; embrasser.

1. **enclitic**, *n.*: (*gram.*) enclitique, *f.* 2. **enclitic**, *n.*: (*gram.*) enclitique, *f.* -al, *adj.*: enclitique.

enclô-se, *tr.*: enclorre, clore; entourer, environner; (*parcels, letters*) renfermer.

-sed, *adj.*: entouré, environné; (*of parcels, letters*) inclus, ci-inclus, sous ce pli.

-ger, *n.*: personne qui renferme, *f.* -sure, *n.*: action de clore; clôture, *f.*; (*space enclosed*) enclos, *m.*, enceinte; (*thing enclosed*) chose incluse, *f.*

enclôud, *tr.*: couvrir d'un nuage, de ténèbres; envelopper.

encômi-ast, *n.*: panégyriste, louangeur, *m.* -âstic(al), *adj.*: louangeur, laudatif. -âstically, *adv.*: en panégyriste; en forme de panégyrique. -um, *n.*: éloge, panégyrique, *m.*

encômpass, *tr.*: entourer; enfermer. -ment, *n.*: action d'entourer; (*fig.*) circonlocution, *f.*

1. **encôre an**, *adv.*: bis. 2. **encôre**, *tr.*: crier bis à. 3. **encore**, *n.*: les bis, *m. pl.*

1. encounter, *tr.*: rencontrer, affronter; aborder; aller au-devant de; *intr.*: se rencontrer hostilement; engager le combat; s'affronter. **2. encounter**, *n.*: rencontre; mêlée, *f.*; incident, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui aborde les autres, *f.*; antagoniste, adversaire, *m.*
encourag-e, *tr.*: encourager. **-ement**, *n.*: encouragement, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: protecteur, *m.* **-ing**, *adj.*: encourageant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière encourageante.
encroâch, *intr.*: empiéter, abuser; usurper. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui empiète, *f.*; usurpateur, *m.*, *usurpatrice*, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui empiète toujours. **-ingly**, *adv.*: par empiètement. **-ment**, *n.*: empiètement, *m.*; usurpation, *f.*
encum-ber, *tr.*: encombrer, embarrasser. **-brance**, *n.*: encombrement, embarras, obstacle, *m.*; charge, *f.*
1. encyclic(al), *adj.*: encyclique. **2. encyclic**, *n.*: encyclique, *f.*
encyclo-pædia, *n.*: encyclopédie, *f.* **-pædian**, **-pædic(al)**, *adj.*: encyclopédique. **-pædist**, *n.*: encyclopédiste, *m.*
eneysted, *adj.*: (med.) enkyaté.
1. end, *n.*: bout, *m.*; extrémité; fin, *f.*; but, objet, *m.*, *fin*, *f.*, intérêt; (of time) bout, *m.*: at the — of two months, au bout de deux mois; approaching —, fin prochaine; odd —, reste, *m.*; by the — of, avant la fin de; to no —, sans effet; en vain; be at an —, être arrivé à sa fin; attain one's —, parvenir à son but; come to a bad —, finir mal; faire une mauvaise fin; make an — of, en finir avec; put an — to, mettre fin à; mettre un terme à.
2. end, *tr.*: finir; terminer; achever; *intr.*: finir; se terminer.
endamage, *tr.*: endommager, nuire à. **-ment**, *n.*: détriment, préjudice, *m.*
endanger, *tr.*: exposer au danger, mettre en danger. **-ing**, *n.*: tort, préjudice, détriment, *m.*
endear, *tr.*: faire aimer, rendre cher. **-ment**, *n.*: caresse, tendresse, *f.*
1. endeavour, *intr.*: tâcher, s'efforcer, essayer, tenter. **2. endeavour**, *n.*: effort, travail; soin, *m.*; tentative, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait des efforts, qui s'efforce, *f.*
endemic, **-al**, *adj.*: endémique.
ending, *n.*: fin, conclusion; (gram.) terminaison, désinence, *f.*
endive, *n.*: chicorée, endive, escarole, *f.*
endless, *adj.*: infini, sans fin; éternel. **-ly**, *adv.*: à l'infini; éternellement. **-ness**, *n.*: perpétuité, *f.*
endor-se, *intr.*: (com.) endosser; (fig.) sanctionner. **-sée**, *n.*: (com.) porteur, *m.*

-sement, *n.*: suscription, *f.*; (com.) endossement, endos, *m.*; (fig.) sanction, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: (com.) endosseur, *m.*
endow, *tr.*: douer, doter. **-ment**, *n.*: dotation, *f.*; (fig.) don, *m.*, qualité, *f.*
end-piece, *n.*: (tech.) bout, *m.*
endue, *tr.*: douer; fournir; revêtir; investir.
endurable, *adj.*: supportable. **-rance**, *n.*: patience, *f.*; pouvoir d'endurer, *m.*; souffrance, *f.* **-re**, *intr.*: durer; endurer la souffrance; *tr.*: endurer, souffrir, supporter. **-rer**, *n.*: personne qui endure, *f.*
endways, **-wise**, *adv.*: bout à bout; debout, perpendiculaire; de champ.
Enéid, *n.*: Enéide, *f.*
enemy, *n.*: ennemi, *m.*, ennemie, *f.*
ener-gétic, **-gétical**, *adj.*: énergique. **-gétically**, *adv.*: énergiquement. **en-er-gise**, *tr.*: donner de l'énergie à. **-gumen**, *n.*: énérgumène, démoniaque, *m.*, *f.*
énér-gy, *n.*: énergie, force, *f.*
enér-vate, *tr.*: énerver. **-vâtion**, *n.*: état énérvé, affaiblissement, *m.*; (vet.) énérvation, *f.*
enfeible, *tr.*: affaiblir. **-ment**, *n.*: affaiblissement.
enfeoff, *tr.*: inféoder. **-ment**, *n.*: inféodation, *f.*
1. enfilade, *n.*: enfilade, *f.* **2. enfilade**, *tr.*: enfilier.
enfold, *tr.*: envelopper, embrasser.
enfor-ce, *tr.*: donner de la force à; faire exécuter; appliquer avec rigueur; (fig.) fortifier. **-ceable**, *adj.*: que l'on peut imposer; qui peut être imposé. **-cedly**, *adv.*: forcément; de force. **-cement**, *n.*: acte de force, *m.*; force; action d'imposer de force; exécution par la force, *f.* **-cer**, *n.*: personne qui emploie la force, *f.*; agent, *m.*
enfranchis-e, *tr.*: affranchir; conférer droit de bourgeoisie à; naturaliser. **-ement**, *n.*: affranchissement, *m.*; admission au droit de bourgeoisie; naturalisation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui affranchit, *f.*
engâ-ge, *tr.*: engager; occuper; (fig.) attaquer, combattre; *intr.*: s'engager; engager le combat; livrer combat. **-gement**, *n.*: engagement, *m.*; occupation, *f.*; (milit.) combat, *m.* **-ging**, *adj.*: engageant, prévenant. **-gingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière engageante.
engarrison, *tr.*: mettre en garnison.
engender, *tr.*: engendrer, faire naître; *intr.*: s'engendrer.
engine, *n.*: machine, *f.*; instrument; (fig.) levier, moyen, agent, *m.*: fire—, pompe à incendie, *f.*; steam—, machine à

vapeur; *single-acting* —, machine à simple effet; *double-acting* —, machine à double effet; *ten-horse power* —, machine de la force de dix chevaux; *high-pressure* —, machine à haute pression. **-driver**, *n.*: conducteur de machines; mécanicien, *m.* **-ér**, *n.*: ingénieur; (*milit.*) soldat du génie, officier du génie, *m.*: *civil* —, ingénieur civil. 1. **-éring**, *n.*: art de l'ingénieur; (*milit.*) génie, *m.* 2. **-ering**, *adj.*: de l'art de l'ingénieur; du génie. **-house**, *n.*: bâtiment pour la machine; dépôt de pompes à incendie, *m.* **-maker**, *n.*: constructeur de machines; mécanicien, *m.* **-making**, *n.*: construction de machines, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: machiniste; (*of steam-engines*) mécanicien; ouvrier mécanicien, *m.* **-room**, *n.*: chambre de la machine, *f.* **-ry**, *n.*: génie, *m.*; artillerie, *f.* **-shaft**, *n.*: puits de machine, *m.* **-tender**, *n.*: tender de machine, *m.*

engird (*pret.*, part. *-ed* or part. *engirt*), *tr.*: entourer, environner.

1. **English ing**, *adj.*: anglais, *n.*: Anglais; (*print.*) saint-augustin, *m.* 2. **English**, *tr.*: rendre en Anglais. **-man**, *n.*: Anglais, *m.* **-woman**, *n.*: Anglaise, *f.*

engorge, *tr.*: gorger; *intr.*: se gorger de. **engraill**, *tr.*: engrêler.

engrain, *tr.*: teindre en laine; teindre foncé.

engrā-ve (part. *-ved*, *-ven*), *tr.*: graver. **-ver**, *n.*: graveur, *m.* **-ving**, *n.*: gravure, *f.*: *dealer in* —, marchand d'estampes, *m.*; *copper-plate* —, gravure en taille-douce.

engross, *tr.*: (*copy*) grossoyer; (*fore-stall*) accaparer; (*occupy*) absorber. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui grossoie, *f.*; (*forestaller*) accapareur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: action de grossoyer, *f.*; (*forestalling*) accaparement, *m.*

enhance, *tr.*: enchérir, augmenter; rehausser. **-ment**, *n.*: enchérissement, *m.*; augmentation, *f.*

enig-ma, *n.*: énigme, *f.* **-matical**, *adj.*: énigmatique; obscur. **-matical-ly**, *adv.*: énigmatiquement; obscurément. **-matist**, *n.*: faiseur d'énigmes, *m.*

enjoin, *tr.*: enjoindre, prescrire. **-ment**, *n.*: injonction, *f.*

enjoy, *tr.*: jouir, jouir de; posséder; goûter. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui jouit, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: jouissance, *f.*

enkindle, *tr.*: enflammer; exciter.

enlarge, *tr.*: agrandir, augmenter, étendre; (*set free*) *†*élargir; *intr.*: grandir, s'agrandir, s'étendre. **-ment**, *n.*: agrandissement, accroissement, *m.*; augmentation, *f.*: (*from prison*) élargissement, *m.*; (*med.*) dilatation, *f.*; (*of the heart*) hypertrophie, *f.*; anévrisme, *m.*

enlight-en, *†enlight*, *tr.*: illuminer; éclairer. **-ener**, *n.*: personne qui éclaire, *f.*

enlink, *tr.*: enchaîner, lier.

enlist, *tr.*: enrôler, inscrire; engager; *intr.*: s'enrôler. **-ment**, *n.*: enrôlement, engagement, *m.*

enliven, *tr.*: vivifier; égayar, animer. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui vivifie, qui égale; chose qui vivifie, qui égale, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui anime; qui égale.

†enmesh, *tr.*: prendre au filet; embarasser; attraper, prendre au piège.

enmity, *n.*: inimitié, *f.*

enne-agon, *n.*: enneagone, *m.* **-ándria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) ennéandrie, *f.*

ennoble, *tr.*: anoblir; ennoblir; illustrer. **-bler**, *n.*: ce(lui) qui ennoblit, réformateur, *m.* **-blement**, *n.*: noblessement, *m.*; grandeur, dignité, *f.*

ennui an-n, *n.*: ennui, *m.*

enormity, *n.*: énormité; atrocité, *f.*; crime énorme, *m.*; irrégularité, *f.* **-mous**, *adj.*: énorme; monstrueux; irrégulier. **-mousness**, *n.*: énormité, *f.*; excès de grandeur, *m.*

enough enūff, *adj.*: assez: *more than* —, plus qu'il n'en faut; *that is* —, c'en est assez; assez; en voilà assez.

enrage, *tr.*: faire enrager; irriter, exaspérer.

enrank, *tr.*: mettre en rangs.

†enrap-t, *adj.*: ravi. **-ture**, *tr.*: transporter, ravir.

enrāvish, *tr.*: ravir, transporter en extase. **-ment**, *n.*: ravissement, *m.*; extase, *f.*

enrich, *tr.*: enrichir. **-ment**, *n.*: enrichissement, *m.*

enridge, *tr.*: mettre en sillons.

enring, *tr.*: entourer.

enrobe, *tr.*: vêtir, revêtir.

enroll, *tr.*: enrôler, enregistrer. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui enregistre, qui enrôle, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: enrôlement; enregistrement, *m.*

enroot, *tr.*: enraciner; entrelacer.

†enrōund, *tr.*: environner, entourer.

ensanguine, *tr.*: ensanglanter.

enschedule, *tr.*: inscrire; rapporter.

enscōnee, *tr.*: fortifier, mettre à couvert.

enseam, *tr.*: coudre, ourler.

ensear, *tr.*: cautériser; dessécher.

†enshield, *tr.*: couvrir; protéger.

enshrine, *tr.*: enchaîner; enfermer; placer au rang des saints.

enshrōud, *tr.*: couvrir, abriter.

ensign, *n.*: enseigne, *f.*; signal; drapeau; (*nav.*) pavillon de poupe; (*milit.*) drapeau; (*pers.*) porte-drapeau, enseigne, *m.* **-bearer**, *n.*: porte-drapeau, *m.* **-ey**, **-ship**, *n.*: grade de porte-drapeau, *m.*

enslâ-ve, *tr.*: réduire à l'esclavage; asservir; rendre esclave, assujettir. **-vement**, *n.*: esclavage, asservissement, *m.* **-ver**, *n.*: personne qui réduit à l'esclavage, *f.*; despote, tyran, *m.*
ensôber, *tr.*: rendre sobre; modérer.
ensû-e, *intr.*: s'ensuivre. **-ing**, *adj.*: suivant; prochain.
ensûre = *insure*.
en-tâblature, **-tâblement**, *n.*: (*arch.*) entablement, *m.*
entâil, *n.*: bien substitué, *m.*; substitution, *f.* 2. **entail**, *tr.*: imposer; (*fig.*) léguer; (*jur.*) substituer. **-ment**, *n.*: transmission; (*jur.*) substitution, *f.*
entâme, *tr.*: dompter, subjuguier.
entân-gle, *tr.*: emmêler; empêtrer; enchevêtrer; engager; (*fig.*) embrouiller, embarrasser. **-glement**, *n.*: état de ce qui est emmêlé, empêtré; (*fig.*) embrouillement, embarras, *m.* **-gler**, *n.*: personne qui embrouille, *f.*; brouillon, *m.*, brouillonne, *f.*
ëntasis, *n.*: (*arch.*) galbe, renflement, *m.*
ënter, *tr.*: entrer dans; (*to register*) inscrire, enregistrer; (*jur.*) (*an action*) intenter; (*book-keeping*) porter, inscrire; *intr.*: entrer: — *into*, entrer dans, prendre part à; — *upon*, commencer; entrer dans, entrer en possession de. **-ing**, *n.*: entrée, *f.*
1. **ënter-prise**, *n.*: entreprise, *f.*
2. **-prise**, *tr.*: entreprendre. **-priser**, *n.*: personne entreprenante, *f.*
entertâin, *tr.*: (*receive*) accueillir, recevoir; (*amuse*) divertir; (*feast*) régaler; (*an idea, etc.*) entretenir; concevoir; (*with vain hopes*) amuser; (*a proposal*) accepter. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui accueille, qui divertit, qui conçoit, qui régale, *f.*; amphitryon, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: accueil, *m.*; hospitalité, *f.*; (*feast*) repas, banquet; (*amusement*) divertissement, amusement, *m.*
entertissuéd, *adj.*: entremêlé.
entheâstic, *adj.*: doué de l'énergie divine.
enthrâll, *tr.*: asservir; assujettir, tenir en servitude.
enthrôn-e, *tr.*: placer sur un trône; (*a bishop*) introniser. **-ement**, *n.*: intronisation (de souverain), *f.* **-isâtion**, *n.*: intronisation (d'un évêque), installation, *f.* **-ise** = *enthronement*.
enthûsi-asm, *n.*: enthousiasme, *m.* **-ast**, *n.*: enthousiaste, *m.* **-âstic**, **-âstical**, *adj.*: enthousiaste. **-âstically**, *adv.*: avec enthousiasme.
enthymeme, *n.*: (*log.*) enthymème, *m.*
entie-e, *tr.*: attirer, inciter; tenter, séduire. **-ement**, *n.*: attrait, appas, *m.*; tentation, séduction, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: séducteur, *m.*, séductrice, *f.*; (*thing*) appât, *m.*

-ing, *adj.*: séduisant, tentant, tentateur.
-ingly, *adv.*: d'une manière séduisante.
entire, *adj.*: entier. **-ly**, *adv.*: entièrement. **-ness**, *n.*: état entier, *m.*; intégrité, *f.*
entitle, *tr.*: intituler, appeler; donner droit.
ëntity, *n.*: être, *m.*, entité, *f.*
entôil, *tr.*: prendre dans des filets; enlacer.
entômb, *tr.*: ensevelir. **-ment**, *n.*: sépulture, *f.*
ento-môlogical, *adj.*: entomologique.
-môlogist, *n.*: entomologiste, *m.* **-môlogy**, *n.*: entomologie, *f.*
entozôon (*pl. -zôa*), *n.*: (*ent.*) entozoaire, *m.*
ëntraîls, *n. pl.*: entrailles, *f. pl.*
1. **ëntrance**, *n.*: entrée, *f.*; (*beginning*) commencement; (*nav.*) avant, *m.*
2. **ëntrance**, *tr.*: jeter dans un sommeil léthargique; (*fig.*) extasier, ravir.
entrâp, *tr.*: prendre au piège; attraper.
entrât, *tr.*: supplier; prier avec instance. **-er**, *n.*: sollicitateur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: sollicitation, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière sollicitante, avec instance.
entrepôt (*Engl. acc't*) **antrepô**, *n.*: entrepôt, *m.*
entresôl an, *n.*: entresol, *m.*
ëntry, *n.*: entrée; (*at the customs*) droit d'inscription, *m.*, déclaration d'entrée, *f.*; (*of the mass*) introit, *m.*; (*registration*) inscription, *f.*: (*book-keeping*) *by double* —, en partie double; *by single* —, en partie simple.
entwine, *tr.*: enlacer, entrelacer; tresser; *intr.*: s'enlacer, s'entrelacer.
ëntûcle-ate, *tr.*: expliquer; résoudre; éclaircir. **-âtion**, *n.*: explication, *f.*
enûme-rate, *tr.*: énumérer. **-râtion**, *n.*: énumération, *f.*
enûnci-ate, *tr.*: énoncer. **-âtion**, *n.*: énonciation, *f.*; (*geom.*) énoncé, *m.* **-ative**, **-atory**, *adj.*: énonciatif. **-atively**, *adv.*: d'une manière énonciative.
1. **envelop**, *tr.*: envelopper, entourer.
2. **envelop**, **envelope**, *n.*: enveloppe, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: enveloppement, *m.*
envénom, *tr.*: envenimer; rendre odieux.
ën-viable, *adj.*: digne d'envie; enviable.
-vier, *n.*: envieux, *m.*, envieuse, *f.* **-vions**, *adj.*: envieux. **-vionsly**, *adv.*: avec envie.
environ, *tr.*: environner. **-s**, *n. pl.*: environs, *m. pl.*
ënvôy, *n.*: envoyé; messenger, *m.*
1. **ënvyy**, *n.*: envie, *f.* 2. **envyy**, *tr.*: envier; porter envie à.
ëntwhêel, *tr.*: entourer.
enurâp, *tr.*: envelopper.
ëocene, *adj.*: (*geol.*) éocène, *m.*

éô-lian, **-lio**, *adj.*: éolique.

épact, *n.*: épacte, *f.*

épaule, *n.*: (fort.) épaule, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: (fort.) épaulement, *m.*

épaulet(ette), *n.*: épaulette, *f.* **-let** (tied), *adj.*: portant épaulettes.

épên-thésis (pl. *théses*), *n.*: épenthèse, *f.* **-thétic**, *adj.*: épenthétique.

éphê-mèra, *n.*: (ent.) éphémère, *m.*; (med.) fièvre éphémère, *f.* **-mèral**, *adj.*: éphéméral.

-mérie, *adj.*: éphémère. **-meris** (pl. *-mèrides*), *n.*: éphémérides, *f.* pl.

-merist, *n.*: auteur d'éphémérides, *m.* **-mèrous**, *adj.*: éphémère.

éphésian, *adj.*: éphésien; *n.*: Ephésien, *m.*, Ephésienne, *f.*

éphod, *n.*: éphod, *m.*

1.épique, *adj.*: épique. **2.épique**, *n.*: poème épique, *m.*

épicleine, *adj.*: (gram.) épicleine.

épiceranium, *n.*: épicerâne, *m.*

épî-cure, *n.*: épïcúrien, *m.*, épïcúrienne, *f.*; gastronome, gourmet, *m.* **1.-cúrean**, *adj.*: d'Epicure; épïcúrien; de gastro-

nome. **2.-cúrean**, *n.*: épïcúrien, sectateur d'Epicure, *m.* **-cúreanism**, *n.*: (doctrine) épïcúrisme, *m.* **-cúrisim**, *n.*: épïcúrisme, *m.*; gastronomie, *f.*

1.epidémic, **-al**, *adj.*: épidémique.

2.epidemic or épidemy, *n.*: épidémie, *f.*

epidèrmis, *n.*: épiderme, *m.*

epigàstrum, *n.*: épigastre, *m.*

epiglòttis, *n.*: épiglote, *f.*

épi-gram, *n.*: épigramme, *f.* **-gram-matic(al)**, *adj.*: (of things) épigrammatique; (pers.) qui emploie l'épigramme.

-grammatist, *n.*: épigrammatiste, *m.* **-graph**, *n.*: épigraphe, *f.*

épi-lepsy, *n.*: épilepsie, *f.*

épileptic, *adj.*: épileptique.

épi-logise, *intr.*: prononcer un épilogue.

-logistic, *adj.*: en forme d'épilogue.

épi-logue, *n.*: épilogue, *m.*

epiphany, *n.*: épiphanie, *f.*

episco-pacy, *n.*: épiscopat, *m.* **-pal**, *adj.*: épiscopal. **1.-palian**, *adj.*: épiscopal. **2.-palian**, *n.*: épiscopal, *m.*

-pally, *adv.*: épiscopalement. **1.-pate**, *n.*: épiscopat, *m.* **2.-pate**, *intr.*: faire les fonctions d'évêque.

épi-sode, *n.*: épisode, *m.* **-sodic(al)**, *adj.*: épisodique. **-sodically**, *adv.*: en forme d'épisode.

epispastic, *adj.*: (med.) épispastique; *n.*: épispastique, *m.*

epis-tle, *n.*: épître, *f.* **-tler**, *n.*: (letter-writer) épistolaire, *m.* **-tolary**, *adj.*: épistolaire.

-tolic(al), *adj.*: en forme d'épître. **-tolise**, *intr.*: écrire des épîtres. **-toliser**, *n.*: auteur d'épîtres, *m.*

-tolographic, *adj.*: qui a rapport à

l'art épistolaire. **-tolography**, *n.*: art épistolaire, *m.*

épistyle, *n.*: (arch.) épistyle, *f.*

építaph, *n.*: építaphé, *f.*

építasis, *n.*: (rhet.) építase, *f.*

épithalámium, *n.*: épithalame, *m.*

épi-thet, *n.*: épithète, *f.* **-thétic(al)**, *adj.*: d'épithète.

épito-me, *n.*: építomé, *m.* **-mise**, *tr.*: faire un építomé de; abréger, raccourcir.

-miser, *n.*: auteur d'un építomé; abrégiateur, *m.* **-mist**, *n.*: auteur d'un építomé, *m.*

épizô-an, *n.*: épizoaire, *m.* **-otic** Engl. **ô = ò**, *adj.*: épizootique.

epoch or e, *n.*: époque, *f.*

épode, *n.*: épode, *f.*

épo-pee, *poëia pē'ya*, *s.*: épopée, *f.*

épuratíon, *n.*: épuratíon, *f.*

équ-able, *adj.*: uniforme, égal. **équ-ability**, **-ableness**, *n.*: égalité, uniformité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: avec égalité, avec uniformité.

1.-al, *adj.*: égal, uniforme; (fig.) impartial, juste: — *to*, de force à; à la hauteur de; (of things) égal à; — *with*, à l'égal de. **2.-al**, *n.*: égal, *m.*, égale, *f.* **3.-al**, *tr.*: égaler.

équ-ali-satíon, *n.*: état d'égalité, *m.*, action d'égaliser; (jur.) égalisation, *f.*

-alíse, *tr.*: égaliser; égaler. **équ-ality**, *n.*: égalité, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: également, pareillement.

équ-anim-ity, *n.*: égalité d'âme, *f.*; calme d'esprit, *m.*; équanimité, *f.* **équ-anímous**, *adj.*: doué d'égalité d'âme; doué de calme d'esprit; équanime.

équ-átíon, *n.*: équation, *f.* **équ-átor**, *n.*: équateur, *m.*

équ-atórial, *adj.*: équatorial.

équ-èrry, *n.*: écuyer, *m.*

équ-èstrían, *adj.*: équestre; *n.*: cavalier, *m.*

équi-, **equi-** (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-angled or -ángular**, *adj.*: équiangle. **-dist-ance**, *n.*: équidistance, *f.* **-distant**, *adj.*: équidistant. **-distantly**, *adv.*: à égale distance. **form -ô**, *adj.*: équi-

forme. **-fór-mity**, *n.*: égalité, uniformité, *f.* **1.-lát-eral**, *adj.*: équilatéral; équilatère. **2.-lateral**, *n.*: figure équilatérale, *f.* **-lib-rate**, *tr.*: équilibrer.

-lib-ratíon, *n.*: équilibre, *m.* **-lib-ri-ous**, *adj.*: en équilibre. **-lib-riously**, *adv.*: en équilibre. **equi-librist**, *n.*: bateleur, *m.* **-lib-rity**, *n.*: équilibre, *m.*

-lib-rium, *n.*: équilibre, *m.*: *keep one's* —, garder l'équilibre; *remain in* —, se tenir en équilibre.

equinal, **équ-ine**, *adj.*: de cheval.

1.equí-noctíal, *adj.*: équinoxial, de l'équinoxe, des équinoxes. **2.-noctíal**, *n.*: ligne équinoxiale, *f.*; équateur céleste,

m. -noctially, adv.: dans la direction de la ligne équinoxiale. **équi-nox, n.:** équinoxe, *m.*

equip, tr.: équiper. **équi-age, n.:** équipage; (*nav.*) équipement, *m.*: *tea* —, cabaret, *m.* **-ment, n.:** équipement, *m.* **équi-poïse, n.:** équilibre, *m.*; pondération, *f.*

equipollence, -lency, n.: équipollence; force égale, *f.* **-lent, adj.:** équipollent. **-lently, adv.:** d'une manière équipollente.

equipondérance, -rancy, n.: équipondérance, *f.* **-rant, adj.:** équipondérant.

équi-table, adj.: équitable, juste. **-tableness, n.:** équité, *f.* **-tably, adv.:** équitablement.

équitation, n.: équitation, *f.*

équity, n.: équité, justice, *f.*

equivalence, -valency, n.: équivalence, égalité de valeur; égalité de force, *f.* **1.-valent, adj.:** équivalent. **2.-valent, n.:** équivalent, *m.* **-valently, adv.:** d'une manière équivalente.

1.-equi-vocal, adj.: équivoque, ambigu. **2.-vocal, n.:** équivoque, *f.* **-vocally, adv.:** d'une manière équivoque. **-vocalness, n.:** équivoque, *f.*, caractère équivoque, *m.* **-vocate, tr.:** user d'équivoque, équivoquer. **-vocation, n.:** équivoque, *f.* **-vocator, n.:** personne qui use d'équivoque, *f.*

éra, n.: ère; époque, *f.*

gradi-ate, intr.: rayonner. **-ation, n.:** radiation, *f.*

gradi-ate, tr.: déraciner. **-oation, n.:** déracinement, *m.*; éradication, *f.* **-oative, adj.:** éradicatif.

grā-se, tr.: raturer, effacer. **-sement, n.:** rature, *f.* **-sure, n.:** effacement, rature, *f.*

ère, adv. and prep.: avant que, plus tôt que — long, avant peu.

1.-erect, adj.: droit; haut; élevé; levé; dressé. **2.-erect, tr.:** ériger, dresser, élever; construire; (*fig.*) établir, fonder.

-able, -ile, adj.: que l'on peut dresser.

-ion -shun, n.: action de dresser; érection, construction, élévation; (*fig.*) fondation, *f.* **-ly, adv.:** droit. **-ness, n.:** posture droite, *f.* **-or, n.:** constructeur; (*fig.*) fondateur; (*anat.*) muscle érecteur, *m.*

ère-mitage, -mîte, etc. = her-mitage, -mit, etc.

terréption, n.: enlèvement, *m.*

érophism, n.: éréthisme, *m.*

ergo, adv.: ergo.

érgot, n.: ergot, *m.* **-ine, n.:** ergotine, *f.*

érmine, n.: hermine, *f.*; roselet, *m.* **-d, adj.:** fourré d'hermine; revêtu d'hermine.

érn(e), n.: (*orni.*) orfraie, *f.*

erô-de, tr.: corroder, ronger. **-dënt, n.:** (*pharm.*) caustique, *m.* **-sion, n.:** érosion, *f.*

1.-erotic, n.: composition érotique, *f.*; poème érotique, *m.* **2.-erotic(-al), adj.:** érotique.

érpetology, n.: erpétologie, *f.*

ërr, intr.: errer, s'égarer, s'écarter, se tromper. **-able, adj.:** sujet à errer.

ërrand, n.: message, *m.*; commission; course, *f.* **-boy, n.:** gargon qui fait des commissions, qui fait des courses; petit messenger, *m.*

ërrant, adj.: errant, ambulante. **-ry, n.:** vie errante, *f.*; *knight* —, chevalerie errante, *f.*

1.-erratic, -al, adj.: errant; (*astron., med.*) erratique. **2.-erratic, n.:** vagabond, *m.* **-ally, adv.:** sans règle, sans ordre.

erratum (pl. errata), n.: erratum, errata, *m.*

erroneous, adj.: erroné, inexact. **-ly, adv.:** erronément. **-ness, n.:** caractère erroné, *m.*; fausseté, *f.*

ërror, n.: erreur, *f.*; (*theol.*) péché, *m.*: — *excepted*, sauf erreur; in —, dans l'erreur; *labour under* —, être dans l'erreur.

†erst(while), adv.: autrefois, jadis.

erubescence, -cency, n.: érubescence; rougeur, *f.* **-cent, adj.:** érubescence; rougeâtre.

eruct, -ate, tr.: éructer; (*fig.*) vomir. **-ation, n.:** éructation, *f.*

ëru-dite, adj.: érudit. **-dition, n.:** érudition, *f.*

eruginous, adj.: érugineux.

erup-tion, n.: éruption, *f.* **-tive, adj.:** éruptif.

erysipelas, n.: érysipèle, érisipel, *m.*

escalade, n.: escalade, *f.*

es-capade, n.: escapade, *f.*; (*man.*) allure irrégulière, *f.* **1.-cape, tr.:** échapper à; *intr.:* s'échapper, s'enfuir, se sauver; (*from prison*) s'évader. **2.-cape, n.:** évasion, fuite; délivrance, *f.*: *there is no — from it*, il n'y a pas moyen d'y échapper; *make one's —*, s'échapper; *make a narrow —*, l'échapper belle.

-câpement, n.: échappement, *m.*

escarp, tr.: (*fort.*) escarper. **-ment, n.:** (*fort.*) escarpement, *m.*

eschalôt, n.: échalothe, ciboule, *f.*

ëschâr, n.: (*surg.*) escarre, *f.*

1.-eschênt, n.: déshérence, *f.*; bien en déshérence; (*feudalism*) bien attribué au seigneur par suite de confiscation. **2.-eschênt, intr.:** tomber en déshérence; (*feudalism*) échoir au seigneur par suite de confiscation.

eschew, tr.: éviter.

1. **escôrt**, *n.*: escorte, *f.* 2. **escôrt**, *tr.*: escorter.
escritoire -*trédr*, *n.*: écritoire, *f.*
esculent, *adj.*: esculent; comestible.
escutochon, *n.*: écusson, *m.*
esôphagus, *n.*: œsophage, *m.*
esotérico, *-al*, *adj.*: ésotérique.
1. **espâlier** -*yer*, *n.*: espalier, *m.* 2. **espalier**, *tr.*: mettre en espalier.
esparcet, *n.*: (bot.) esparcette, *f.*
esparte, *n.*: (bot.) sparte, *f.*
espécial, *adj.*: spécial. **-ly**, *adv.*: spécialement, surtout, particulièrement.
-ness, *n.*: spécialité, *f.*
†esperance, *n.*: espérance, *f.*
espial, *n.*: espionnage; découvert, *m.*
espionage, *n.*: espionnage, *m.*
esplanade, *n.*: esplanade, *f.*
1. **espou-sal**, *n.*: adoption, *f.*; —*s*, épousailles, fiançailles, *f. pl.* 2. **-sal**, *adj.*: nuptial, de mariage. **-se**, *tr.*: épouser, fiancer; (*fig.*) adopter, embrasser. **-ser**, *n.*: protecteur, défenseur, *m.*
espÿ, *tr.*: voir, découvrir, apercevoir.
esquire, *n.*: écuyer; propriétaire, *m.*
1. **essay**, *n.*: essai, *m.*; épreuve, *f.* 2. **es-say**, *tr.*: essayer, éprouver.
1. **es-sence**, *n.*: essence, *f.*; parfum, *m.* 2. **-sence**, *tr.*: parfumer. 1. **-sential**, *adj.*: essentiel. 2. **-sential**, *n.*: essentiel, *m.* **-sentiality**, *n.*: caractère essentiel, *m.* **-sentially**, *adv.*: essentiellement. **-sentialness**, *n.*: extrême importance, *f.*
1. **†essôin**, *n.*: (jur.) excuse légitime, *f.* 2. **essoîn**, *tr.*: (jur.) accorder un délai de grâce à. **-er**, *n.*: (jur.) avoué qui demande un délai de grâce pour sa partie, *m.*
establish, *tr.*: établir; affermir; confirmer. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui établit, *f.*; fondateur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: établissement, *m.*, maison, *f.*; état de maison, *m.*; Eglise dominante, *f.*
estâte, *n.*: (property) bien, *m.*, propriété, terre, fortune, *f.*; (condition) état, rang, *m.*; (jur.) propriété, masse des biens, *f.*; (of a deceased person) succession, *f.*; (political body) État, *m.*: the third —, le tiers état, *m.*; real —, (jur.) masse des biens immeubles, *f.*; personal —, (jur.) masse des biens meubles, *f.*
1. **estôem**, *tr.*: estimer, considérer comme. 2. **esteem**, *n.*: estime, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui estime, *f.*; appréciateur, *m.*
esti-mable, *adj.*: dont on peut estimer la valeur; estimable. **-mableness**, *n.*: qualité estimable, *f.* 1. **-mate**, *tr.*: estimer, apprécier, évaluer; juger; calculer. 2. **-mate**, *n.*: estimation, appréciation, *f.*; jugement; (com.) devis, *m.*; rough —, devis approximatif. **-mâtion**, *n.*: estima-

tion, appréciation, opinion, *f.* **-mative**, *adj.*: qui a la faculté d'apprécier; d'opinion. **-mator**, *n.*: estimateur, *m.*
esti-val or **esti**, *adj.*: d'été. **†-vate**, *intr.*: passer l'été. **-vâtion**, *n.*: séjour durant l'été, *m.*; (bot.) estivation, *f.*
estôp, *tr.*: (jur.) opposer une exception, opposer une fin de non-recevoir. **-pel**, *n.*: (jur.) exception, fin de non-recevoir, *f.*
estôvers, *n. pl.*: (jur.) provision alimentaire, *f. sing.*; aliments, *m. pl.*
estrâge, *tr.*: aliéner, éloigner. **-ment**, *n.*: aliénation, *f.*; éloignement, *m.*
estrapâde, *n.*: (man.) estrapade, *f.*
estrây, *n.*: (jur.) épave, bête épave, *f.*
1. **estreat**, *n.*: (jur.) expédition, grosse, *f.*; extrait authentique, *m.* 2. **estreat**, *intr.*: faire une grosse, faire un extrait.
êstrich, *n.*: duvet d'autruche, *m.*
êstû-ary, *n.*: estuaire, *m.*; (bath) étuve humide, *f.* **-ate**, *intr.*: se courroucer, s'emporter, bouillir; s'agiter; s'échauffer.
esûrient, *adj.*: affamé, vorace.
etc., et **côtera**, *conj.*: etc., et cætera.
êch, *tr.*: graver à l'eau-forte; (*fig.*) tracer, dessiner. **-er**, *n.*: graveur à l'eau-forte, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: gravure à l'eau-forte, *f.* **-ing-needle**, *n.*: pointe, *f.*
êteôstic, *n.*: chronogramme, *m.*
1. **êtêr-nal**, *adj.*: éternel. 2. **-nal**, *n.*: Éternel, *m.* **-nalise**, *tr.*: éterniser. **-nally**, *adv.*: éternellement. **-nity**, *n.*: éternité, *f.* **-niçe**, *tr.*: éterniser.
êth-er, *n.*: éther, *m.* **-êreal**, **-êreous**, *adj.*: éthéré; céleste; aérien.
êthio, *-al*, *adj.*: éthique, moral. **-ally**, *adv.*: suivant les principes de l'éthique. **-s**, *n. pl.*: morale, éthique, *f. sing.*
êthi-op, **-ôpian**, *n.*: Ethiopien, *m.*, Ethiopienne, *f.*
êthmoid, *adj. or n.*: ethmoïde.
êthnic, *-al*, *adj.*: ethnique.
ethnô-grapher, **-graphist**, *n.*: ethnographe, *m.* **-graphie(al)**, *adj.*: ethnographique. **-graphy**, *n.*: ethnographie, *f.*
eth-nôlogie(al), *adj.*: ethnologique. **-nologist**, *n.*: ethnologiste; ethnographe, *m.* **-nology**, *n.*: ethnologie; ethnographie, *f.*
ethôlogy, *n.*: éthologie, *f.*
êti-olate, *intr.*: s'étioier; *tr.*: étioier. **-olated**, *adj.*: (bot.) étioié. **-olâtton**, *n.*: étiolement, *m.* **-ology**, *n.*: étio-logie, *f.*
êtiquette, *n.*: étiquette, *f.*; cérémonial de cour, *m.*
Êtrâscan, *adj.*: étrusque.
ety-môlogical, *adj.*: étymologique. **-mologist**, *n.*: étymologiste, *m.* **-môlogy**, *n.*: étymologie, *f.*
eûcha-rist, *n.*: eucharistie, *f.* **-ristical**, *adj.*: eucharistique.

euchology, *n.*: eucologe, *m.*
eucrasy, *n.*: (med.) eucrasie, *f.*
eudiometer, *n.*: eudiomètre, *m.* -**mètre**
ric(al), *adj.*: eudiométrique. -**metry**,
n.: eudiométrie, *f.*
eulogie, *gical*, *adj.*: laudatif. -**gical**
ally, *adv.*: avec éloge. **eulogise**, *tr.*:
louer, faire l'éloge de. **eulogist**, *n.*:
panégyriste; auteur d'éloges, *m.* **eulogium**, **eulogy**, *n.*: éloge, *m.*
eunomy, *n.*: bonne législation, *f.*
eunuch, *n.*: eunuque, *m.* -**ate**, *tr.*:
châtrer.
eupatory, *n.*: (bot.) eupatoire, *f.*
euphemism, *n.*: (rhet.) euphémisme, *m.*
-mistic(al), *adj.*: euphémique. -**mistic**
ally, *adv.*: euphémiquement.
euphonic, **-phonic** or **-phonic**,
adj.: euphonique. **euphony**, *n.*: euphonie, *f.*
Européan, *adj.*: européen; *n.*: Européen, *m.*, Européenne, *f.*
eurythmy, *n.*: (med.) régularité du pouls; (arch.) eurythmie, *f.*
evacuant, *adj.*: évacuant. 2.-**ant**,
n.: évacuant, *m.* -**ate**, *tr.*: évacuer, vider. -**ation**, *n.*: évacuation; sortie; abolition, *f.* -**ative**, *adj.*: qui évacue. -**ator**, *n.*: personne qui annule, *f.*
evade, *intr.*: s'échapper, s'esquiver; *tr.*: échapper à.
evagation, *n.*: action d'errer; excursion, *f.*
evanes-cence, *n.*: existence éphémère; disparition, *f.* -**cent**, *adj.*: passager; éphémère; évanescence.
évangélic, **-al**, *adj.*: évangélique. -**ally**, *adv.*: évangéliquement.
évangélisme, *n.*: prédication de l'Evangile, *f.* -**liste**, *tr.*: évangéliser. -**list**, *n.*: évangéliste, *m.*
evanish, *intr.*: disparaître, s'évanouir. -**ment**, *n.*: disparition.
évaporable, *adj.*: évaporable. -**rate**, *intr.*: s'évaporer; *tr.*: faire évaporer. -**ration**, *n.*: évaporation.
évâsion, *n.*: moyen évasif; subterfuge, *m.*; défecte, *f.* -**sive**, *adj.*: évasif. -**sively**, *adv.*: évasivement. -**siveness**, *n.*: caractère évasif, *m.*
ev-e, *n.*: soir, *m.*; veille, *f.*: at —, le soir; on the — of, à la veille de. 1.-**en**, *n.*: soir, *m.*
2.-**even**, *adj.*: égal; (smooth) uni; (level with) de niveau; (of number) pair: be — with any one, rendre la pareille à quelqu'un; être quitte avec quelqu'un.
3.-**even**, *adv.*: même; aussi bien; parfaitement: — as, comme; — now, tout à l'heure; — so, de même, ainsi. 4.-**even**, *tr.*: égaliser; équilibrer; mettre de niveau. -**handed**, *adj.*: impartial, équitable.

1.-**evening**, *n.*: soir, *m.*; soirée, *f.*; (fig.) déclin, *m.*: in the —, le soir; dans la soirée; to-morrow —, demain soir; demain au soir. 2.-**evening**, *adj.*: du soir; — party, soirée, *f.* -**tide**, *n.*: déclin du jour, soir, *m.*
even-ly, *adv.*: également; de niveau; (fig.) impartialement. -**ness**, *n.*: égalité; sérénité, *f.*
even-song, *n.*: chant du soir, *m.*; prière du soir, *f.*; soir, *m.*, soirée, *f.*
event, *n.*: événement, *m.*; issue, *f.*: (of a poem, a play, etc.) dénouement, dénouement, *m.*: at all —, à tout événement; en tout cas; à tout hasard.
eventerate, *tr.*: éventrer
eventful, *adj.*: plein d'événements.
eventide, *n.*: déclin du jour; soir, *m.*
eventilate, *tr.*: vanner.
eventual, *adj.*: éventuel; final, définitif. -**ly**, *adv.*: éventuellement; définitivement.
ever, *adv.*: toujours; jamais: for —, pour toujours; pour jamais; à jamais; à tout jamais; for — and —, pour toujours; pour jamais; à jamais; (biblically) jusqu'à la fin des siècles; scarcely —, hardly —, presque jamais; — and anon, de temps en temps; de temps à autre; if I have — . . . , si j'ai jamais . . .
-bubbling, *adj.*: toujours bouillonnant.
-burning, *adj.*: inextinguible. -**-daring**, *adj.*: éternel. -**-glade**, *n.*: (Am.) pays aquatique (avec de petits flots ou terrains d'herbe), marais. -**-green**, *adj.*: toujours vert. -**-green**, *n.*: plante toujours verte, *f.* -**-honoured**, *adj.*: de glorieuse mémoire. 1.-**-lasting**, *adj.*: qui dure toujours; éternel, perpétuel. 2.-**-lasting**, *n.*: éternité, *f.*; Eternel; (bot.) gnaphale, *m.*, immortelle, *f.* -**-lastingly**, *adv.*: éternellement, à jamais. -**-lastingness**, *n.*: éternité; durée perpétuelle, *f.* -**-living**, *adj.*: immortel. -**-more**, *adv.*: toujours; éternellement.
eversion, *n.*: renversement, *m.*
every, *adj.*: chaque, tout, tous les; — day, tous les jours, chaque jour; — other day, de deux jours l'un; tous les deux jours. -**-body**, *n.*: chacun, tout le monde. -**-day**, *adj.*: de tous les jours; commun, ordinaire. -**-one**, *pr.*: chacun, tout le monde. -**-thing**, *pr.*: tout. -**-when**, *adv.*: (rare) de tout temps, toujours. -**-where**, *adv.*: partout.
evesdrop, etc. = eavesdrop, etc.
evict, *tr.*: prouver; (jur.) éviction.
-tion, *n.*: preuve; (jur.) éviction, *f.*
1.-**évidence**, *n.*: évidence, déposition, preuve, *f.*; témoignage; (pers.) témoin, *m.*: — for the prosecution, témoin à charge; prisoner's —, témoin à décharge;

king's —, *queen's* —, témoin révélateur de ses complices; *circumstantial* —, preuves déduites des circonstances; *give* —, rendre témoignage; déposer. 2. *-dence*, *tr.*: montrer avec évidence; prouver, démontrer. 3. *-dent*, *adj.*: évident. *-dential* or *-dentiary*, *adj.*: d'évidence. *-dently*, *adv.*: évidemment.

1. *-evil*, *adj.*: mauvais, malfaisant. 2. *evil*, *n.*: mal, m.; crime; maladie, f.; *king's* —, écrouelles, f. pl.; *let — be to him that — thinks*, honni soit qui mal y pense. 3. *evil*, *adv.*: mal. *-affected*, *adj.*: mal disposé. *-doer*, *n.*: malfaiteur; méchant, m., méchante, f. *-favoured*, *adj.*: laid, difforme. *-favouredness*, *n.*: laideur, difformité, f. *-minded*, *adj.*: mal intentionné. *-ness*, *n.*: méchanceté, f. *-speaking*, *n.*: médisance, f. *-worker*, *n.*: méchant, m.

evin-ce, *tr.*: faire voir; montrer, manifester. *-ible*, *adj.*: qui peut être prouvé; démontrable. *-ibly*, *adv.*: incontestablement.

eviscerate, *tr.*: éviscérer, vider.

e-vocation, *n.*: évocation, f. *-voke*, *tr.*: évoquer.

evolution, *n.*: action de s'envoler; volée, f.

é-volute, *n.*: (geom.) développée, f. *-volut-ion*, *n.*: action de déployer; (philos., milit.) évolution, f.; (geom.) développement, m.; (alg.) extraction des racines, f.; (fig.) mouvement, m. *-volve*, *tr.*: dérouler; développer; (chem.) dégager; *intr.*: se dérouler; se développer; (chem.) se dégager. *-volvent*, *n.*: (geom.) développante, f.

evomition, *n.*: vomissement, m.

evulgation, *n.*: divulgation, f.

evulsion, *n.*: évulsion, f.

ewe, *n.*: brebis, f.

ewer, *n.*: aiguière, f.

ewry, *n.*: (in the Royal Household) office, m.

exacer-bate, *tr.*: irriter; (med.) rendre plus aigu; empirer. *-bation*, *-bescence*, *n.*: irritation; aggravation; (med.) exacerbation, f.

1. *ex-act*, *adj.*: exact, précis, strict. 2. *-act*, *tr.*: exiger; *tr.*: commettre des exactions. *-action*, *n.*: action d'exiger; exaction, f. *-actly*, *adv.*: exactement; juste; au juste. *-actness*, *n.*: exactitude, justesse, f. *-acter*, *-actor*, *n.*: exacteur, m.; personne qui exige, f.

exagger-ate, *tr.*: exagérer. *-ated*, *adj.*: exagéré. *-atedly*, *adv.*: d'une manière exagérée. *-ating*, *adj.*: exagérant. *-atingly*, *adv.*: d'une manière exagérante. *-ation*, *n.*: exagération. *-atory*, *adj.*: exagéré, exagératif.

ex-ált, *tr.*: exalter, élever. *-altation*, *n.*: exaltation, élévation, f.

exámi-nant, *n.*: personne à examiner, f. *-nate*, *n.*: personne qui est examinée, f. *-nation*, *n.*: examen, m.; vérification, f.; (jur.) (of prisoners) interrogatoire, m.; (of witnesses) audition, f.: *private* —, (jur.) instruction, f.; *post mortem* —, autopsie, f. *-ne*, *tr.*: examiner; faire l'examen de; visiter; vérifier; (jur.) interroger. *-ner*, *n.*: examinateur; interrogateur; (jur.) juge d'instruction, m.

exámple, *n.*: exemple, m.: *set an —*, donner l'exemple.

exánimate, *adj.*: inanimé; abattu.

exanthéma, *n.*: (exanthemata), exanthème, m. *-tous*, *adj.*: exanthémateux, exanthématique.

exáspe-rate, *tr.*: exaspérer; irriter. *-rater*, *n.*: personne qui exaspère, f.; provocateur, m. *-rätion*, *n.*: exaspération; provocation, f.

excandés-cence, *-cency*, *n.*: incandescence; (fig.) colère, f. *-cent*, *adj.*: incandescent.

excár-nate, *-nificate*, *tr.*: décharner; (anat.) excarner. *-nätion*, *-nificätion*, *n.*: excarnation, f.

éxca-vate, *tr.*: creuser; excaver. *-vätion*, *n.*: excavation; fouille; tranchée, f.; déblai, m. *-vator*, *n.*: terrassier, m. *excéd*, *tr.*: excéder, dépasser; (fig.) surpasser. 1. *-ing*, *adv.*: excessivement. 2. *-ing*, *n.*: surcroît, excédent, m. *-ingly*, *adv.*: excessivement, extrêmement.

excé-l, *n.*: excellent, (in) surpasser; l'emporter; *tr.*: exceller sur; l'emporter sur, surpasser; excéder.

éxcollence, *-lency*, *n.*: excellence, perfection, supériorité, f.: *his —*, son Excellence, f. *-lent*, *adj.*: excellent, parfait; grand. *-lently*, *adv.*: excellentement; parfaitement.

1. *ex-cépt*, *tr.*: excepter; *intr.*: (jur.) fournir ses exceptions: — *against*, — *to*, s'opposer à; récuser; — *to a tribunal*, décliner la compétence d'un tribunal. 2. *-cépt*, *prep.*: excepté; hors. 3. *-cépt*, *conj.*: à moins que, à moins de. *-cépting*, *prep.*: excepté, hormis. *-céption*, *n.*: exception; objection, f.: *with this —*, à cette exception près; *by way of —*, par exception; *without —*, sans exception; *take — at*, s'offenser de; se formaliser de. *-céptionable*, *adj.*: blâmable; répréhensible. *-céptioner*, *n.*: critique; censeur, m. *-céptious*, *adj.*: qui se formalise; susceptible. *-céptiousness*, *n.*: susceptibilité, f. *-céptive*, *adj.*: exceptionnel. *-céptively*, *adv.*: exceptionnellement. *-céptless*, *adj.*: sans

exception. **-éptor**, n.: critique, censeur, m.

excès, n.: excès; (*arith.*, *of weight*) excédent, m. **-ive**, adj.: excessif; exagéré; outré. **-ively**, adv.: excessivement, à l'excès.

1. exchānge, n.: échange; (*com.*) change, m.; (*edifice*) bourse, f.: *average* —, change commun; *current* —, cours du change; cours, m.; *foreign* —, change extérieur, change étranger; *nominal* —, change nominal; *bill of* —, lettre de change, f.; *foreign bill of* —, lettre de change sur l'étranger; *first of* —, première de change, f.; *rate of* —, taux du change, m.; *cote du change*, f.; *in* — *for*, en échange de. **2. -ge**, tr.: échanger; changer. **-ge-office**, n.: bureau de change, m. **-ger**, n.: changeur, m.

1. exchequer, n.: trésor; trésor royal; trésor de l'État, m.: *court of* —, cour de l'Échiquier, f. **2. exchequer**, tr.: traduire devant la cour de l'échiquier. **-bill**, n.: bon du trésor, m.

ex-cisable, n.: sujet à l'excise, à l'accise; (*in France*) sujet aux contributions indirectes, f. pl. **1. -cise**, n.: (*in England*) accise, excise, f.; (*in France*) contributions indirectes, f. pl.; régie, f. **2. -cise**, tr.: soumettre à l'accise; soumettre aux contributions indirectes. **-cise-man**, n.: préposé de l'accise, employé de l'accise; préposé des contributions indirectes, de la régie, employé des contributions indirectes, de la régie, m. **-cission**, n.: destruction; (*surg.*) excision, f.

ex-citable, adj.: excitable. **-citable-ty**, **-citable-ness**, n.: excitabilité. **-citation**, n.: excitation, f. **-cite**, tr.: exciter, animer. **-itement**, n.: excitation, f.; motif d'excitation, m. **-eiter**, n.: excitateur, m., excitatrice, f.; (*fig.*) mobile, m.

1. ex-clām, intr.: s'écrier; se récrier: — *against*, se récrier contre. **2. -claim**, n.: clameur, f. **-clāmer**, n.: personne qui s'écrie, qui se récrie, f.; déclarateur, m. **-clāmation**, n.: exclamation, f.: *note of* —, point d'exclamation, m. **-clāmatory**, adj.: de déclarateur; d'exclamation.

exclū-de, tr.: exclure. **-sion**, n.: exclusion, f. **-sionist**, n.: personne exclusive. **-sive**, adj.: exclusif; d'exclusion: — *of*, à l'exclusion de; non compris. **-sively**, adv.: exclusivement: — *of*, à l'exclusion de.

excōgi-tate, tr.: inventer, créer, trouver à force de méditation. **-tation**, n.: méditation; invention, f.

excommuni-cable, adj.: passible d'excommunication. **1. -cate**, tr.: excommunier. **2. -cate**, n.: excommunié, m.,

excommuniée, f. **-cātion**, n.: excommunication, f.

excōri-ate, tr.: écorcher; (*surg.*) ex-corier. **-ātion**, n.: écorchure; (*surg.*) excoriation,

excōrticātion, n.: excortication, f.

excōre-ment, n.: excrément, m. **-mēntal**, **-mentitious**, adj.: excrémenteux, excrémentiel, excrémentiel.

excōrēs-cence, n.: excroissance, f.; (*fig.*) excès, rebut, m. **-cent**, adj.: qui forme une excroissance; surcroissant.

excōrē-te, tr.: excréter. **-tion**, n.: excré-tion, f. **-tive**, **1. -tory**, adj.: excré-toire, excréteur. **2. -tory**, n.: vaisseau excrétoire, m.

excōrāci-able, adj.: sujet à être tourmenté. **-ate**, tr.: tourmenter affreusement. **-ating**, adj.: atroce, affreux. **-ātion**, n.: tourment atroce, m.; affreuse torture, f.

excōul-pate, tr.: disculper. **-pātion**, n.: excuse, justification, f. **-patory**, adj.: qui disculpe; apologétique.

excōur-sion, n.: excursion, course, f. **-sive**, adj.: qui erre; (*fig.*) décousu, vague, errant. **-sively**, adv.: en errant. **-sive-ness**, n.: (*rare*) extravagance, f.

excōu-sable, adj.: excusable. **-sable-ness**, n.: caractère excusable, m. **-satory**, adj.: d'excuse; apologétique. **1. -se**, tr.: excuser: — *one's self for*, s'excuser de; — *me!* excusez. **2. -se** **-s**, n.: excuse, f.: *offer an* —, présenter une excuse. **-seless**, adj.: sans excuse, inexcusable. **-ser**, n.: personne qui excuse, f.; apologiste, m., f.

exēat, n.: exeat (permission de s'absenter donnée à un étudiant des Universités anglaises).

exē-crable, adj.: exécration. **-crably**, adv.: exécrationnellement. **-crate**, tr.: exé-crer. **-crātion**, n.: exécution, f. **-cratory**, n.: formule d'exécution, f.

exē-cute, tr.: exécuter; exercer. **-cū-tion**, n.: exécution, f.; exercice; (*slaughter*) massacre, carnage, m.; (*jur.*) saisie-exécution, f. **-cūtioner**, n.: exé-cuteur; bourreau; (*jur.*) exécuter des hautes œuvres, m.

1. exē-cu-tive, adj.: exécutif. **2. -tive**, n.: pouvoir exécutif, gouvernement, m. **-tor**, n.: exécuter; (*jur.*) exécuter testamentaire, m. **-tōrial**, adj.: d'exé-cuteur testamentaire. **-torship**, n.: fonctions d'exécuter testamentaire, f. pl. **-trix**, n.: exécutrice testamentaire, f.

ex-egēsis, n.: exégèse, f. **-egētical**, adj.: exégétique. **-egētically**, adv.: par exégèse; d'une manière exégétique.

exēm-plar, n.: modèle, m.

exēm-plarily, adv.: exemplairement.

-plariness, -plarity, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est exemplaire, *f.* -plary, *adj.*: exemplaire; (*her.*) à armes parlantes.

exemplification, *n.*: explication par des exemples; (*jur.*) ampliation, *f.* -fyer, *n.*: personne qui donne l'exemple, *f.* -fy, *tr.*: démontrer par des exemples; donner un exemple de; (*jur.*) copier.

1. **ex-empt**, *adj.*: exempt. 2. **-empt**, *tr.*: exempter. -**emption**, *n.*: exemption, *f.*

exenterate, *tr.*: ôter les entrailles à.

exequatur, *n.*: exequatur, *m.*

exequial, *adj.*: funéraire.

exequies, *n. pl.*: obsèques, funérailles, *f. pl.*

exer-cisable, *adj.*: susceptible d'être exercé. 1. -**cise**, *n.*: exercice; (*task*) thème, *m.*; (*milit.*) manœuvre, *f.*, exercice, *m.* 2. -**cise**, *tr.*: exercer; (*animal*) promener. -**ciser**, *n.*: personne qui exerce; personne qui s'exerce, *f.*

exergue, *n.*: exergue, *m.*

exér-t, *tr.*: mettre en œuvre; montrer; accomplir; exercer avec effort, faire un effort: — *on's self*, faire des efforts; s'efforcer, tâcher. -**tion**, *n.*: effort; emploi, usage, *m.*

exécut, *intr.*: (*theat.*) sortent.

exfoli-ate, *intr.*: s'exfolier. -**âtion**, *n.*: exfoliation, *f.*

ex-halable, *adj.*: qui peut s'évaporer; évaporable. -**halâtion**, *n.*: exhalaison; exhalation, *f.* -**hale** or **ex-**, *tr.*: exhaler, faire exhaler. -**hâlement**, *n.*: exhalaison, *f.*

exhaust, *tr.*: épuiser; (*phys.*) aspirer. -**ed**, *adj.*: épuisé; (*phys.*) aspiré: *I am quite —*, je suis rendu. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui épuise; chose qui épuise, *f.*; (*phys.*) aspirateur, *m.* -**ible**, *adj.*: épuisable. -**ing**, *adj.*: épuisant, qui épuise; (*phys.*) d'aspiration: — *pipe*, tuyau d'épuisement, *m.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière épuisante, parfaitement. **exhaustion**, *n.*: épuisement, *m.*; aspiration, *f.* -**ive**, *adj.*: qui épuise; complet. -**less**, *adj.*: inépuisable.

exhibi-t, *tr.*: exhiber, montrer, produire, exposer. -**ter**, *n.*: personne qui montre, qui produit, *f.*; (*at public exhibitions*) exposant, *m.* -**tion**, *n.*: (*action*) exposition; (*representation*) représentation, *f.*, spectacle, *m.*; (*in universities*) bourse fondée par un particulier; (*jur.*) exhibition, *f.*: *industrial —*, exposition de l'industrie. -**tioner**, *n.*: (*in universities*) boursier, dont la bourse est fondée par un particulier, *m.* -**tive**, *adj.*: représentatif. -**tively**, *adv.*: d'une manière emblématique. -**tory**, *adj.*: qui exhibe.

exhila-rate, *tr.*: réjouir, récréer; égayer. -**rating**, *adj.*: qui égale; ré-

jouissant; exhilarant. -**râtion**, *n.*: réjouissance, *f.*

exhort, *tr.*: exhorter, solliciter; *intr.*: faire des exhortations. -**âtion**, *n.*: exhortation, *f.* -**ative**, *adj.*: exhortatif. -**atory**, *adj.*: exhortatoire. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui exhorte, *f.*

exhu-mâtion, *n.*: exhumation, *f.* -**me**, *tr.*: exhumation, *f.*

exi-gence, -**gency**, *n.*: exigence, *f.*; besoin, *m.*; situation critique, extrémité, *f.* -**gent**, *adj.*: critique. -**gible**, *adj.*: exigible.

ex-iguity, *n.*: exigüité, *f.* -**iguous**, *adj.*: exigü.

1. **exile**, *n.*: exil, *m.*; (*pers.*) exilé, *m.*, exilée, *f.* 2. **-exile**, *tr.*: exiler. -**ment**, *n.*: exil, *m.*

exist, *intr.*: exister. -**ence**, *n.*: existence, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: existant.

1. **éxit**, *n.*: (*theat.*) sort. 2. **exit**, *n.*: sortie, *f.*

exodus, *n.*: Exode, *m.*; sortie, *f.*

exoner-ate, *tr.*: décharger; soulager; exonérer. -**âtion**, *n.*: décharge, *f.*; soulagement, *m.* -**ative**, *adj.*: qui décharge; qui soulage.

exophthalmia, *n.*: exophthalmie, *f.*

exorable, *adj.*: exorable.

exorbi-tance, -**tancy**, *n.*: excès, *m.*; extravagance, *f.* -**tant**, *adj.*: exorbitant, excessif. -**tantly**, *adv.*: exorbitamment; excessivement.

exor-cise, *tr.*: exorciser. -**ciser**, *n.*: exorciste, *m.* -**cism**, *n.*: exorcisme, *m.* -**cist**, *n.*: exorciste, *m.*

exor-dial, *adj.*: de l'exorde. -**dium**, *n.*: exorde, *m.*

exornâtion, *n.*: embellissement, *m.*

exortive, *adj.*: de l'orient.

exosseous, *adj.*: sans os.

ex-otérie, -**al**, *adj.*: exotérique, vulgaire.

ex-otery, *n.*: doctrine exotérique, *m.* 1. **exôtie**, *adj.*: exotique. 2. **exotie**, *n.*: plante exotique, *f.*

ex-pând, *tr.*: faire épanouir, étendre, déployer; dilater; *intr.*: s'épanouir; se répandre; se dilater; s'étendre; se déployer. -**pânse**, *n.*: étendue, *f.* -**pansibility**, *n.*: expansibilité, *f.* -**pân-sible**, *adj.*: expansible. -**panstion**, *n.*: expansion; extension, *f.*; épanouissement, *m.* -**pân-sive**, *adj.*: expansif. -**pân-siveness**, *n.*: expansibilité, *f.*

ex pârte, *adj.*: d'un seul côté; d'une seule partie.

expâti-ate, *intr.*: courir; errer: — *on*, s'étendre sur, discourir sur. -**âtion**, *n.*: extension; irrégularité, *f.* -**ator**, *n.*: personne qui s'étend, qui discourt, *f.*

expâtri-ate, *tr.*: expatrier. -**âtion**, *n.*: expatriation, *f.*

expêct, *tr.*: attendre; espérer; s'attendre à. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être attendu. **-ance**, **-ancy**, *n.*: attente, *f.*; espoir, *m.*; (*jur.*) expectative, *f.* 1. **-ant**, *adj.*: expectant. 2. **-ant**, *n.*: personne qui est dans l'attente; personne qui est dans l'expectative, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: expectation, expectative, attente, espérance, *f.*: *he always lives in —*, il vit toujours dans l'expectative; *in — of*, dans l'attente de; dans l'espérance de; *answer one's —s*, répondre à ses espérances; *beyond one's —s*, au delà de ses espérances. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui attend, qui espère, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: dans l'attente.

1. **expêctorant**, *adj.*: expectorant. 2. **-ant**, *n.*: expectorant, *m.* **-ate**, *tr.*: expectorer. **-ation**, *n.*: expectoration, *f.* **-ative**, *adj.*: expectorant.

expêdiency, **-dency**, *n.*: convenance, *f.*; à-propos, *m.* **-ient**, *n.*: expédient. **-iently**, *adv.*: convenablement; à propos.

1. **expêdite**, *adj.*: prompt, expéditif, vif, facile. 2. **-dite**, *tr.*: expédier, hâter, dépêcher. **-dity**, *adv.*: promptement. **-dition**, *n.*: expédition; promptitude, hâte, *f.* **-ditions**, *adj.*: expéditif, prompt. **-ditionsly**, *adv.*: rapidement; promptement. **expêditive**, expéditif.

expêl, *tr.*: expulser, chasser, faire sortir. **-lable**, *adj.*: susceptible d'être chassé. **-ler**, *n.*: personne qui chasse, qui expulse, *f.*

expênd, *tr.*: dépenser; employer; consacrer. **-diture**, *n.*: dépense; consommation, *f.*; (*fig.*) emploi, sacrifice, *m.* **-se**, *n.*: dépense, *f.*; dépens, frais, *m. pl.*: *free of —*, sans frais; *franco*; *at a great —*, à grands frais; *go to —*, se mettre en dépense; faire des frais; *at any —*, à tout prix. **-seless**, *adj.*: sans frais. **-sive**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) dépensier; (*of things*) dispendieux. **-sively**, *adv.*: à grands frais; dispendieusement. **-siveness**, *n.*: dépense; prodigalité, *f.*

1. **expêrien-ce**, *n.*: expérience, *f.*: *by —, from —*, par expérience. 2. **-ce**, *tr.*: éprouver; faire l'expérience de. **-ced**, *adj.*: qui a de l'expérience; expérimenté. **-cer**, *n.*: personne qui fait des expériences, *f.* 1. **expêri-ment**, *n.*: expérience, *f.* 2. **-ment**, *intr. and tr.*: expérimenter. **-mental**, *adj.*: expérimental; (*pers.*) qui procède par expérience, expérimenté. **-mentalist**, *n.*: auteur d'expériences; expérimentateur, *m.* **-mentally**, *adv.*: par expérience. **-menter**, *n.*: auteur d'expériences; expérimentateur.

1. **expêrt**, *adj.*: expert, habile. 2. **expêrt**, *n.*: expert, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: habilement. **-ness**, *n.*: habileté, *f.*

expê-able, *adj.*: que l'on peut expier. **-ate**, *tr.*: expier, réparer. **-ation**, *n.*: expiation, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: expiatoire.

expilâtion, *n.*: pillage, *m.*

expirâtion, *n.*: expiration; cessation; évaporation, *f.*; (*death*) dernier soupir, *m.* **-pire**, *intr.*: expirer; mourir; périr; *tr.*: expirer; exhaler. **-piring**, *adj.*: expirant. **-piry**, *n.*: expiration, *f.*

explâin, *tr.*: expliquer, éclaircir; *intr.*: s'expliquer. **-plâinable**, *adj.*: explicable. **-plâiner**, *n.*: explicateur; commentateur, *m.* **-planâtion**, *n.*: explication, *f.*; éclaircissement, *m.* **-plânatory**, *adj.*: explicatif.

explêtive, *adj.*: explétif; *n.*: explétif, *m.* **explê-cable**, *adj.*: explicable. **-cate**, *tr.*: dérouler; expliquer. **-câtion**, *n.*: déploiement, *m.*; explication, *f.* **-cative**, *adj.*: explicatif. **-cator**, *n.*: explicateur; interprète, *m.* **-catory**, *adj.*: explicatif.

explicît, *adj.*: explicite; clair. **-ly**, *adv.*: explicitement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère explicite, *m.*

explôd-e, *tr.*: faire sauter; rejeter; repousser; condamner; *intr.*: faire explosion, partir, sauter. **-ed**, *adj.*: abandonné, condamné. **-ent**, *n.*: agent d'explosion, explosif, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui repousse, qui condamne, *f.*

1. **explôit**, *n.*: exploit; haut fait; fait d'armes, *m.* 2. **exploit**, *tr.*: exploiter, utiliser.

explorâtion, *n.*: exploration, *f.*; examen, *m.*; recherche, *f.* **-plôrative**, **-plôratory**, *adj.*: exploratoire; explorateur. **-plôre**, *tr.*: explorer, examiner. **-plôrement**, *n.*: recherche, exploration, *f.* **-plôrer**, *n.*: explorateur, *m.* **explô-sion**, *n.*: explosion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: explosif.

expô-nent, *n.*: (*math.*) exposant, *m.* **-nêntial**, *adj.*: exponentiel.

1. **expôrt**, *tr.*: exporter. 2. **expôrt**, *n.*: marchandise exportée; qui peut être exportée, *f.* **-âtion**, *n.*: exportation, *f.*; transport, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: exportateur, *m.*

ex-pôsal, *n.*: exposition, *f.* **-pôse**, *tr.*: exposer. **-pôser**, *n.*: personne qui expose, *f.* **-pô-sition**, *n.*: exposition, *f.* **-pô-sitor**, *n.*: interprète; commentateur; glossaire, *m.* **-pô-sitory**, *adj.*: exposant, explicatif.

expôstu-late, *intr.*: se plaindre; faire des reproches; reprocher. **-lât-ion**, *n.*: reproche, *m.*; remontrance, *f.* **-lâtor**, *n.*: personne qui fait des reproches, des remontrances, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: de reproche; de remontrance.

expôsure, *n.*: exposition, *f.*; danger; scandale; éclat, *m.*

expōund, *tr.*: expliquer, exposer. -**er**, *n.*: interprète, *m.*

1. **ex-prēss**, *adj.*: exprès; formel; d'une ressemblance exacte. 2. **express**, *n.*:

exprès, *m.* 3. **express**, *tr.*: exprimer; représenter; désigner. -**prēssible**, *adj.*: exprimable. -**prēssion**, *n.*: expression; énonciation, *f.* -**prēssive**, *adj.*: expressif: *be* — *of*, exprimer. -**prēssively**, *adv.*: avec expression. -**prēssiveness**, *n.*: force d'expression, *f.* -**prēssly**, *adv.*: expressément. †-**prēssness**, *n.*: caractère formel, *m.* -**prēssure**, *n.*: expression; empreinte, *f.*

expro-brate, *tr.*: blâmer, reprocher. -**brātion**, *n.*: blâme, *m.*

exprop-ri-ate, *tr.*: abandonner. -**ātion**, *n.*: abandon, *m.*; renonciation, *f.*

ex-pūgn, *tr.*: prendre d'assaut. -**pūgnable**, *adj.*: expugnable. -**pūgnātion**, *n.*: prise d'assaut; conquête, *f.*

†**expul-se**, *tr.*: expulser, chasser. -**siōn**, *n.*: expulsion, *f.* -**sive**, *adj.*: expulsif.

ex-pūction, *n.*: effacement, *f.* -**pūnge**, *tr.*: effacer, rayer; raturer.

ex-purgate, *tr.*: nettoyer; (a book) purger. -**purgātion**, *n.*: nettoielement, *m.*; purification, *f.* -**pūrgatory**, *adj.*: expurgatoire.

exquis-ite, *adj.*: exquis; (of pain) atroce, affreux. -**ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière exquisite; exquisément. -**ness**, *n.*: goût exquis, *m.*; perfection; (of grief, pain) violence, *f.*

ex-siccant, *adj.*: qui sèche, dessiccant. -**siccate** or **é-x**, *tr.*: sécher, dessécher.

-**siccātion**, *n.*: sécheresse, *f.*, dessèchement, *m.* -**siccative**, *adj.*: dessiccant.

expulsiōn, *n.*: (rare) crachement, *m.* -**exsūction**, *n.*: succion, *f.*

exsud... = *exud*...

extant, *adj.*: qui existe, existant.

†**extēmpo-ral**, *adj.*: improvisé. †-**ral-ly**, *adv.*: à l'improviste. -**rāneous**, *adj.*: pour le moment; improvisé. -**rāneously**, *adv.*: d'abondance. -**rāry**, *adj.*: pour le moment; extemporé. -**re**, *adv.*: sur-le-champ, sans préparation; par improvisation. -**ri-ness**, *n.*: faculté d'improviser, *f.* -**ri-se**, *tr.*: improviser. -**ri-ser**, *m.*: improvisateur, *m.*, improvisatrice, *f.*

extēn-d, *tr.*: étendre, tendre; continuer, prolonger; *intr.*: s'étendre; (of time) se prolonger. -**der**, *n.*: personne qui étend;

chose qui étend, *f.* -**dible**, *adj.*: extensible; (jur.) saisissable. -**sible**, *adj.*: extensible. -**sibleness**, -**sibility**, *n.*: extensibilité, *f.* -**siōn**, *n.*: extension; étendue, *f.* -**sive**, *adj.*: étendue, vaste; ample, grand. -**sively**, *adv.*: d'une manière étendue; avec étendue; ample-

ment. -**sor**, *n.*: extenseur, muscle extenseur, *m.* -**t**, *n.*: étendue, *f.*; (fig.) degré, point, *m.*; (jur.) expertise pour estimer les biens d'un débiteur saisi, *f.*

extēnu-ate, *tr.*: exténuer; affaiblir, diminuer, atténuer. †-**ate**, *adj.*: petit; maigre. -**ātion**, *n.*: exténuation; atténuation; mitigation, *f.*

1. **extērior**, *adj.*: extérieur, en dehors. 2. **exterior**, *n.*: (*pers.*, *things*) extérieur; (*pers.*) physique, *m.* -**ly**, *adv.*: extérieurement.

extēr-minate, *tr.*: exterminer; extirper; (*alg.*) éliminer. -**minātion**, *n.*: extermination; extirpation; (*alg.*) élimination, *f.* -**minator**, *n.*: exterminateur, *m.* -**minatory**, *adj.*: d'extermination. †-**mine**, *tr.*: exterminer.

extēr-nal, *adj.*: extérieur, externe. -**ly**, *adv.*: extérieurement. -**s**, *n. pl.*: forme extérieure, *f. sing.*; dehors, *m. sing.*

exterrāneous, *adj.*: étranger.

†**extērsiōn**, *n.*: action d'essuyer, *f.*

†**extil**, *intr.*: dégoutter. †-**lātion**, *dégouttement*, *m.*

extin-et, *adj.*: éteint. -**ctiōn**, *n.*: extinction, *f.* -**guish**, *tr.*: éteindre; faire cesser; surpasser. -**guishable**, *adj.*: qu'on peut éteindre. -**guisher**, *n.*: (*thing*) éteignoir, *m.*; personne qui éteint, *f.* -**guishment**, *n.*: extinction, *f.*

extirp-able, *adj.*: que l'on peut extirper.

extirp-ate, *tr.*: extirper. -**ātion**, *n.*: action d'extirper; extirpation, *f.* -**extir-pator**, *n.*: extirpateur, *m.*

extōl, *tr.*: exalter, élever, louer. -**ler**, *n.*: panégyriste, *m.* †-**ment**, *n.*: panégyrique, *m.*; louange, *f.*

ex-tōrsive, *adj.*: qui extorque. -**tōrsively**, *adv.*: par extorsion. -**tōrt**, *tr.*: extorquer, arracher. -**tōrtēre**, *n.*: personne qui extorque, *f.*; concussionnaire, *m.* -**tōrtiōn**, *n.*: extorsion; violence, *f.* -**tōrtiōner**, *n.*: auteur d'extorsions; concussionnaire, *m.*

1. **extra**, *adj.*: d'extra; en sus; supplémentaire. 2. **extra**, *adv.*: en sus; de plus; au delà.

1. **extrāc-t**, *tr.*: extraire; tirer; (*teeth*) arracher. 2. **extrac-t**, *n.*: extrait, *m.*

-**tiōn**, *n.*: extraction, *f.*; (*pharm.*) extrait, *m.* 1. -**tive**, *adj.*: que l'on peut extraire; (*chem.*) extractif. 2. -**tive**, *n.*: (*chem.*) extractif, *m.* -**tor**, *n.*: forceps, *m.*

extradi-tiōn, *n.*: extradition, *f.*

extrādos, *n.*: (*arch.*) extrados, *m.*

extragēneous, *adj.*: d'une autre espèce.

extra-judicial, *adj.*: extrajudiciaire. -**judicially**, *adv.*: extrajudiciairement.

-**limitary**, *adj.*: au delà des limites. -**mūndāne**, *adj.*: au delà de ce monde.

extrāneous, *adj.*: étranger.

extra-ordinarily, *adv.*: extraordinairement. **-ordinariness**, *n.*: caractère extraordinaire, *m.*; rareté, *f.* **-ordinary**, *adj.*: extraordinaire.

extra-parochial, *adj.*: qui n'est pas de la paroisse. **-provincial**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas de la même province. **-régular**, *adj.*: hors des règles.

extravagance, **-ganey**, *n.*: extravagance; bizarrerie *f.*; prodigalité, *f.*, folles dépenses, *f. pl.* 1. **-gant**, *adj.*: extravagant; bizarre; prodigue, dépensier; (*of things*) dispendieux. 2. **-gant**, *n.*: extravagant, *m.*, extravagante, *f.* **-gantly**, *adv.*: d'une manière extravagante; prodigieusement. **-gantness**, *n.*: extravagance, *f.*

extravase, *tr.*: extravaser. **-sation**, *n.*: extravasation, extravasation, *f.*

1. **ex-trême**, *adj.*: extrême. 2. **-treme**, *n.*: extrémité, *f.*; extrême, *m.*: — *s meet*, les extrêmes se touchent; *an —*, jusqu'à l'extrême; *carry to —s*, pousser à l'extrême. **-trémely**, *adv.*: extrêmement. **-trémity**, *n.*: extrémité, *f.*; extrême, *m.*, calamité, *f.*; cas extrême, *m.*

extricable, *adj.*: qu'on peut dégager. **-ate**, *tr.*: débarrasser, dégager; tirer d'affaire. **-ation**, *n.*: action de débarrasser, de dégager, *f.*; dégagement, *m.*

extrinsic, *adj.*: extrinsèque. **-ally**, *adv.*: extrinsèquement, de dehors.

extrude, *tr.*: expulser; repousser. **-sion**, *n.*: expulsion, *f.*

extuberance, **-ancy**, *n.*: protubérance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: saillant.

exuberance, **-ancy**, *n.*: exubérance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: exubérant, surabondant. **-antly**, *adv.*: avec exubérance. **-ate**, *intr.*: surabonder.

exudation or **ex-**, *n.*: exsudation, *f.* **-ude**, *intr.*: exsuder; *tr.*: faire exsuder.

exulcerate, *tr.*: exulcérer, ulcérer; *intr.*: s'ulcérer. **-ation**, *n.*: ulcération; (*fig.*) exaspération, *f.*

exult, *intr.*: se réjouir; triompher de joie. **-ant**, *adj.*: joyeux, triomphant. **-ation**, *n.*: allégresse, *f.*; triomphe, *m.*

exustion, *n.*: (*rare*) combustion, *f.*

exuviae *viē*, *n. pl.*, dépouilles, *f. pl.*

éyas, *n.*: oiseau niais, *m.*

1. **eye**, *n.*: œil, *m.*; (*fig.*) vue, *f.*; (*persp.*) point de vue; (*of a needle*) trou; (*nav.*) oeillet; (*bot., arch., and in chess*) œil, *m.*; (*catch for a hook*) porte, *f.*: — *s*, yeux; *false —*, œil postiche; *black —*, œil noir, œil poché; *sore —s*, mal d'yeux, *m.*; *blind of (or in) one —*, borge; *in the twinkling of an —*, en un clin d'œil; *farther than the — can reach*, à portée de vue; *before any one's —s*, sous les yeux de quelqu'un; *be before any one's —s*,

avoir sous le nez; *cry any one's — out*, s'épuiser en larmes; *with tears in one's —s*, les larmes aux yeux; *have a black —*, avoir l'œil en compote, avoir un œil poché; *have in one's —*, avoir dans l'œil; avoir en vue; *tear out any one's —s*, arracher les yeux à quelqu'un; *open any one's —s*, ouvrir les yeux à quelqu'un; *deasil the eyes of quelqu'un*; *shut one's —s to*, fermer les yeux sur; *strike the —*, frapper les yeux; *cast down any one's —s*, baisser les yeux. 2. **eye**, *tr.*: regarder; contempler; suivre des yeux; lorgner. **-ball**, *n.*: globe de l'œil, *m.*; prunelle, pupille, *f.* **-brow**, *n.*: sourcil, *m.*: *knit the —s*, froncer les sourcils. **-d**, *adj.*: aux yeux: *blue —*, aux yeux bleus. **-dazzling**, *adj.*: éblouissant. **-drop**, *n.*: larme, *f.* **-glance**, *n.*: coup d'œil; regard, *m.* **-glass**, *n.*: lorgnon, *m.*; (*optics*) oculaire, verre oculaire, *m.*: *single —*, monocle, *m.*; *double —*, binocle; lorgnon à deux branches, *m.*; jumelle, *f.* **-hole**, *n.*: (*anat.*) orbite, orbite de l'œil, *f.* **-lash**, *n.*: cil, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans yeux; aveugle. **-let or eyelet-hole**, *n.*: œillet (petit trou), *m.* **-lid**, *n.*: paupière, *f.* **-piece**, *n.*: (*opt.*) oculaire, *m.* **-salve**, *n.*: (*med.*) onguent pour les yeux, *m.* **-sight**, *n.*: vue, *f.* **-sore**, *n.*: chose qui blesse, qui offense l'œil, *f.*; objet d'aversion, *m.*; bête noire, bête d'aversion, *f.* **-string**, *n.*: fibre de l'œil, *f.* **-water**, *n.*: collyre, *m.*

éyot, *n.*: (*rare*) ilot, *m.*

éyre, *n.*: (*jur.*) (*of judges*) tournée, *f.*

éyrie or éyry, *n.*: (*of birds of prey*) aire, *f.*

F

f *ēf*, *n.*: *f*, *m.*, *f.*; (*mus.*) *fa*, *m.*

fabaceous, *adj.*: de fève.

1. **fable**, *n.*: fable, *f.*; apologue, *m.*

2. **-ble**, *tr.*: feindre; imaginer, inventer.

-bler, *n.*: inventeur de fables, *m.*

1. **fabric**, *n.*: édifice, ouvrage, *m.*; fabri-

que, manufacture, fabrication; étoffe, *f.*

2. **fabric**, *tr.*: fabriquer. **-ate**, *tr.*: fabri-

quer, construire. **-ation**, *n.*: construc-

tion, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: constructeur, fabri-

cateur, *m.*, fabricatrice, *f.* **-land**, *n. pl.*:

biens de fabrique, *m. pl.*

fabulist, *n.*: fabuliste, *m.* **-lous**, *adj.*:

fabuleux. **-lously**, *adv.*: fabuleusement.

-lousness, *n.*: caractère fabuleux, *m.*

1. **face**, *n.*: visage, *m.*; face, figure; (*fig.*)

apparence; (*impudence*) audace; (*grimace*)

grimace; (*of a cannon*) tranchée; (*of a*

diamond) facette, *f.*; (*of a watch*) cadran;

(*of a wall*) parement, *m.*; (*anat., arch.*,

fort., geom.) face, *f.*: *make — a at any one, faire des grimaces à quelqu'un; wash one's —, se laver la figure, se débarbouiller; put a good — on the matter, y faire bonne contenance; laugh in any one's —, rire au nez de quelqu'un; slap any one's —, donner un soufflet à quelqu'un; before any one's —, sous les yeux, à la barbe, au nez de quelqu'un; — to —, face à face; with a full —, de face*

2. face, *tr.*: faire face à; affronter; (*garments*) mettre un revers à, mettre un retroussis à; (*to cover*) revêtir; *intr.*: prendre un faux dehors; (*milit.*) faire front; — *about*, faire volte-face. **-d**, *adj.*: à visage; à figure; *double —*, à deux visages; *full —*, qui a la figure pleine; *fair —*, qui a beau visage; *bold —*, effronté, impudent. **-less**, *adj.*: sans face. **-painter**, *n.*: peintre de portraits, *m.* **-painting**, *n.*: peinture de portraits, *f.*

facet, *n.*: facette, *f.*

facétious, *adj.*: facétieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: facétieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: facétie, *f.*

facies, *n.*: facies, *m.*

facile, *adj.*: facile. **-ness**, *n.*: facilité, manque de fermeté, *f.*

facilitate, *tr.*: faciliter. **-tation**, *n.*: action de faciliter; facilité, *f.* **-ty**, *n.*: facilité, *f.*

facings, *n.*: (*of garments*) revers, retroussis; (*of structures*) parement, revêtement; (*milit.*) front; (*fig.*) extérieur, dehors, *m.*

fac-simile, *n.*: fac-similé, *m.*

fact, *n.*: fait, *m.*: *matter of —*, fait; *matter-of — man*, homme positif, *m.*; *in —*, en effet, au fait; *in point of —*, au fait; *to catch in the —*, prendre sur le fait.

fact-ion, *n.*: faction; discorde, *f.*

-tionist, *n.*: factieux, *m.* **-tious**, *adj.*: factieux. **-tiously**, *adv.*: factieusement.

-tiousness, *n.*: esprit factieux, *m.* **-tious**, *adj.*: factice.

factor, *n.*: agent; (*com., math.*) facteur, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: factor(erie); manufacture, fabrique, *f.*

factotum, *n.*: factotum; (*print.*) passe-partout, *m.*

factum, *n.*: (*math.*) produit; acte personnel, *m.*

†facture, *n.*: manière de faire, *f.*; art de faire, *m.*

faculty, *n.*: faculté, *f.*; pouvoir, talent, *m.*; habileté, *f.*

facund, **-cundious**, *adj.*: éloquent.

faddle, *intr.*: baliverner.

fade, *intr.*: se faner, se flétrir; s'évanouir; *tr.*: faner, flétrir.

fadge, *intr.*: s'accorder; réussir.

fading, *adj.*: qui se fane, qui se flétrit; qui périt. **-ly**, *adv.*: en se flétrissant.

-ness, *n.*: caractère périssable, *m.* **fady**, *adj.*: qui se fane, qui se flétrit.

fæces *fæ-sēs*, *n. pl.*: matière fécale, *f. sing.*; (*med.*) fèces, *f. pl.*

1. fag, *tr.*: forcer à travailler, à piocher; battre; fatiguer; *intr.*: travailler, piocher. **2. fag**, *n.*: homme de peine, souffre-douleur; domestique pour tout faire, piocheur, travailleur; **3. (knot in cloth)** nœud, *m.* **-end**, *n.*: (*of a tissue*) lisière, *f.*; (*com.*) chef; (*nav.*) (*of a rope*) bout; (*fig.*) rebut, *m.*

1. fagot, *n.*: fagot, *m.*; (*fort.*) fascine, *f.*; (*milit.*) passe-volant, *m.* **2. fagot**, *tr.*: lier ensemble; fagoter.

1. fail, *n.*: manque; insuccès, *m.* **2. fail**, *tr.*: manquer à; faire défaut à; *intr.*: faillir, manquer; échouer; faillir; (*com.*) faire faillite. **-ing**, *n.*: défaut, *m.*; faute; imperfection; (*com.*) faillite, *f.*

-ure, *n.*: manque, défaut; affaiblissement, insuccès, *m.*; affaire manquée; chute; (*com.*) faillite, *f.*

faïn, *adj.*: joyeux, heureux; obligé; *adv.*: bien volontiers.

1. faïnt, *adj.*: faible, abattu; affaibli: — *blue*, bleu pâle. **2. faïnt**, *intr.*: s'évanouir, défaillir: — *away*, s'évanouir.

-hearted, *adj.*: poltron, sans cœur; abattu. **-heartedly**, *adv.*: lâchement; dans l'abattement. **-heartedness**, *n.*: manque de cœur, *m.*; pusillanimité; timidité, *f.*

-ing, *n.*: évanouissement, *m.*; défaillance, *f.* **-ishness**, *n.*: légère faiblesse, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: faiblement, mollement; dans l'abattement. **-ness**, *n.*: faiblesse, *f.*; abattement, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: faible.

1. faïr, *n.*: (*market*) foire, *f.*

2. faïr, *adj.*: beau; clair; pur; net; (*of the hair*) blond; (*of the complexion*) blanc; (*of the weather*) beau; (*of the wind*) bon, favorable; (*just*) juste, équitable, probe, loyal; (*com.*) courant; (*fig.*) direct; (*fig.*) bon, compétent; (*fig.*) libéral: *be a — judge*, être un bon juge. **3. faïr**, *adv.*: bien; agréablement; favorablement; avec justice; avec équité; de bonne foi; loyalement. **4. faïr**, *n.*: belle femme, belle, *f.*: *the —*, le beau sexe, les belles. **-haired**, *adj.*: aux cheveux blonds. **-hand**, *adj.*: de belle apparence. **-ly**, *adv.*: bien; proprement; complètement; favorablement; avec impartialité; avec justice, honnêtement; avec probité; loyalement. **-ness**, *n.*: beauté, clarté, pureté; netteté; (*of the hair*) couleur blonde; (*of the complexion*) blancheur; (*justice*) équité, probité; justice; loyauté, *f.* **-spoken**, *adj.*: à langue dorée.

1. faïry, *n.*: fée, *f.* **2. faïry**, *adj.*: de fée; féerique. **-like**, *adj.*: comme une fée.

1. faith, *n.*: foi; véracité, *f.*: *in* —! ma foi! *breach of* —, (*jur.*) violation de foi, *f.* **2. faith!** *interj.*: ma foi! en vérité!
-ful, *adj.*: fidèle. **-fully**, *adv.*: fidèlement. **-fulness**, *n.*: fidélité, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans foi; infidèle; déloyal. **-lessness**, *n.*: infidélité; déloyauté, *f.*
falcet, *e*, **-ed**, *adj.*: falciforme, courbe. **falcifon**, *n.*: glaive, *m.*
falcon, *n.*: faucon, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: fauconnier, *m.* **falconet**, *n.*: fauconneau, *m.*
faldstool, *n.*: prie-Dieu; siège d'évêque; siège pliant, *m.*
1. fall (*pret. fell*; *part. fallen*), *intr.*: tomber; retomber; (*in value*) baisser, diminuer; (*fig.*) s'abaisser, descendre; *tr.*: laisser tomber; diminuer; (*Am.*) abattre: — *away*, maigrir, dépérir; — *back*, tomber en arrière, reculer; — *down*, tomber par terre; — *from*, abandonner, quitter; — *in*, tomber dedans; s'écrouler; s'écrouler; (*milit.*) se ranger; — *off*, tomber; — *on*, tomber dessus; attaquer; — *out*, tomber; (*pers.*) se quereller, se brouiller; (*of things*) arriver, advenir; — *out with*, se brouiller avec; — *to*, tomber en partage, échoir; se mettre à; se livrer à; se rendre à; se jeter sur; tomber dessus; — *into*, se conformer à. **2. fall**, *n.*: chute; (*of night*) tombée; (*in price*) baisse; (*of rain, of snow*) quantité tombée, *f.*; chute des feuilles, *f.*; automne, *m.*, *f.*: *there has been a* — *of snow*, il est tombé de la neige; *to speculate on a* —, (*com.*) jouer à la baisse.
fallacious, *adj.*: trompeur; fallacieux, illusoire. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière trompeuse; fallacieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère trompeur, *m.*; fausseté, *f.*
fallacy, *n.*: illusion, *f.*; faux raisonnement; sophisme, *m.* **-ibility**, *n.*: faillibilité, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: faillible.
falling, *n.*: chute, *f.*: — *away*, amaigrissement, *m.*; (*fig.*) décadence, *f.*: — *off*, chute; défection; apostasie, *f.*: — *out*, brouillerie, *f.* **-sickness**, *n.*: épilepsie, *f.*; mal caduc; haut mal, *m.*
1. fallow, *n.*: jachère. **2. fallow**, *tr.*: jachérer. **3. fallow**, *adj.*: fauve; (*agri.*) en friche, en jachère; (*fig.*) inculte. **-flesh**, *n.*: (*orn.*) motteux, cul-blanc, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: stérilité, *f.*
fals, *e*, *adj.*: faux; (*of imprisonment*) illégal. **-e-faced**, *adj.*: hypocrite. **-e-hearted**, *adj.*: perfide, trompeur, au cœur faux. **-e-heartedness**, *n.*: perfidie, *f.* **-hood**, *n.*: fausseté, *f.*; faux, *m.* **-ely**, *adj.*: faussement. **-eness**, *n.*: fausseté, *f.* **-etto**, *n.*: (*mus.*) voix de tête, de fausset, *f.*; fausset, *m.* **-if-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être falsifié. **-if-**

cation, *n.*: falsification, *f.* **-ifier**, *n.*: falsificateur; faussaire, *m.* **-ify**, *tr.*: falsifier; altérer; fausser. **-ity**, *n.*: fausseté, *f.*
falter, *intr.*: hésiter; se troubler. **-ing**, *n.*: hésitation, *f.*; trouble, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec hésitation; avec trouble.
fame, *n.*: renommée, *f.* **-d**, *adj.*: renommé; fameux. **-less**, *adj.*: sans renommé; sans nom.
1. fami-liar, *n.*: ami intime; démon; esprit; (*Inquisition*) familial, *m.* **2. -liar**, *adj.*: de la famille; familial: *be* — *with*, être familial avec; connaître familièrement; *grow* —, se familiariser. **-liar-ise**, *tr.*: familiariser. **-liarity**, *n.*: familiarité, *f.* **-liarly**, *adv.*: familièrement.
family, *n.*: famille, *f.*: *be in the* — *way*, être enceinte.
fā-mine, *n.*: famine, *f.* **-mish**, *tr.*: affamer; *intr.*: être affamé; mourir de faim. **-mishment**, *n.*: faim extrême, *f.*
famous, *adj.*: fameux. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec une grande renommée; furieusement, prodigieusement, farnement.
1. fan, *n.*: éventail, *m.*; (*of a windmill*) aile, *f.*; (*agri.*) van, *m.* **2. fan**, *tr.*: éventer; (*agri.*) vanner; (*fig.*) exciter.
1. fanā-tic, **-al**, *adj.*: fanatique. **2. -tic**, *n.*: fanatique, *m.*, *f.* **-tically**, *adv.*: d'une manière fanatique; avec fanatisme. **-ticiſe**, *tr.*: fanatiser. **-ticiſm**, *n.*: fanatisme, *m.*
fan-carrier, *n.*: porte-éventail, *m.*
fān-ciful, *adj.*: fantastique; qui a des fantaisies; fantasque. **-cifully**, *adv.*: fantastiquement; capricieusement. **-ei-fulness**, *n.*: caprice; caractère fantastique; caractère fantasque, *m.* **1. -ey**, *n.*: imagination; fantaisie; idée, *f.*; goût, *m.*: *take a* — *to any one*, prendre quelqu'un en affection. **2. -ey**, *adj.*: de fantaisie; (*of a ball*) costumé, travesti. **3. -ey**, *tr.*: s'imaginer; se figurer; avoir du goût pour; *intr.*: s'imaginer; se figurer. **-ey-framed**, *adj.*: créé par l'imagination. **-ey-monger**, *n.*: songe-croix, *m.* **-ey-sick**, *adj.*: qui a l'imagination malade.
fandango, *n.*: fandango, *m.*
fāne, *n.*: temple; fanum, *m.*
fanfare, *n.*: fanfare, *f.*
fānfaron, *n.*: fanfaron, *m.* **-ade**, *n.*: fanfaronnade, *f.*
1. fāng, *tr.*: saisir. **2. fang**, *n.*: griffe, serre; (*of persons teeth*) racine, *f.*; (*of dogs*) croc, *m.*; (*of boars*) défense, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: armé de dents; armé de griffes; armé de serres; armé de crocs; armé de défenses.
†fāngle, *n.*: nouvelle mais stupide in-

vention, *f.* -**dy**, *adj.*: trop voyant; éblouissant: *new-*, de nouvelle invention.

fangless, *adj.*: sans dents, sans crocs; sans serres; sans griffes; sans défenses.

fanlight, *n.*: fenêtre en éventail, *f.* œil-de-bœuf, *m.* -**like**, *adj.*: en éventail.

-maker, *n.*: éventailiste, *m.*

fannel or fanon, *n.*: fanon, *m.*

fanner, *n.*: personne qui évente, *f.*; vaneur, *m.* -**shaped**, *adj.*: en éventail.

-stick, *n.*: lame d'éventail, *f.*

fan-tast, 1. -**tastic**, *n.*: personne fantasque, *f.* 2. -**tastic**, -**tastical**, *adj.*: fantastique; (*pers.*) fantasque. -**tastically**, *adv.*: fantastiquement; fantasquement.

-**tasticalness**, *n.*: fantaisie, *f.*; caractère fantasque, *m.* **fan-tasy**, *n.*: fantaisie, *f.* -**tom** = *phantom*.

faquir, *n.*: faquir, *m.*

1. **far**, *adj.*: lointain; éloigné; reculé. 2. **far**, *adv.*: loin; au loin; bien; de beaucoup; beaucoup: *as* — *as*, aussi loin que; jusqu'à; *by* —, de beaucoup; *how* —? jusqu'où? *how* — *is it to*...? combien y a-t-il d'ici à...? *so* — *as to*, jusqu'à; *in so* — *as*, en tant que; *thus* —, jusque là; jusqu'ici: — *from*, loin de; — *from it*, bien loin de là; tant s'en faut; *the day was* — *spent*, la journée était en grande partie passée; — *inferior*, bien inférieur.

faradism, *n.*: (*electric*) faradisme, *m.*

1. **far-ee**, *farce*; enfler. 2. -**ee**, *n.*: (*theat.*) farce, *f.* -**ical**, *adj.*: de farce; burlesque. -**ically**, *adv.*: burlesquement.

farcin, *n.*: (*vet.*) farcin, *m.*

fard, *tr.*: farder.

†**fardel**, *n.*: fardeau; paquet, *m.*

1. **fare**, *intr.*: aller, se porter; se nourrir; — *ill*, être mal; faire mauvaise chère; — *well*, faire bonne chère. 2. **fare**, *n.*: course, *f.*; (*price*) prix de la course, *m.*; (*pers.*) voyageur, *m.*: (*food*) chère, *f.*, plats, mets, *m. pl.*: *bill of* —, menu d'un repas, *m.*; (*at an eating-house*) carte, *f.*

-**well or -well**, *n.*: adieu, *m.*; *adj.*: d'adieu; *adv.*: porte-toi bien; portez-vous bien; adieux: *bid one* —, dire adieu à quelqu'un.

†**far-fetch**, *n.*: (*ruse*) détour, *m.*

-**fetch**, *adj.*: cherché au loin; amené, apporté de loin; recherché; tiré par les cheveux. -**gone**, *adj.*: avancé.

fari-na, *n.*: farine, *f.*; (*bot.*) pollen, *m.*; (*chem.*) fécula, *f.*: *fossil* —, espèce de carbonate de chaux. -**naceous**, *adj.*: farineux, fariné.

1. **farm**, *tr.*: affermer; exploiter; faire valoir: — *out*, donner à ferme. 2. **farm**, *n.*: ferme, *f.* -**able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut affermer. -**baillif**, *n.*: régisseur de ferme, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: fermier, *m.* -**ery**,

n.: corps de ferme, *m.* -**house**, *n.*: (*habitation*) ferme, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: exploitation d'une ferme; agriculture, *f.*

farmest, *adj.*: (*rare*) le dernier, le plus éloigné.

farm-yard, *n.*: cour de ferme, *f.*

fariness, *n.*: éloignement, *m.*; distance, *f.*

farraginous, *adj.*: composé de divers matériaux. **farrago**, *n.*: farrago, *m.*

1. **farrrier**, *n.*: maréchal; maréchal ferrant; vétérinaire, artiste vétérinaire, médecin vétérinaire, *m.* 2. **farrrier**, *intr.*: exercer le métier de maréchal.

1. **farrow**, *n.*: cochonnée, *f.* 2. **farrow**, *tr.*: mettre bas.

3. **farrow**, *adj.*: stérile.

far-sought, *adj.*: cherché; recherché, tiré par les cheveux, forcé: — *expressions*, expressions forcées, tirées par les cheveux, recherchées; — *learning*; savoir recherché.

1. **farther**, *adj.*: ultérieur, plus éloigné; autre, encore un; *adv.*: plus loin, de plus, ultérieurement; en outre. -**more**, *adv.*: de plus.

farthest, *n.*: le plus loin.

farthing, *n.*: farthing (*centimes* 2.42); liard, *m.*: *not be worth a* —, n'avoir pas un sou vaillant.

farthing-gale, *n.*: cerceau; cerceau de jupon, *m.*

farthingsworth, *n.*: quantité pour la valeur d'un farthing, *f.*

fascce, *n. pl.*: faisceaux, *m. pl.*

fascia, *n.*: (*arch.*) face, platabande; (*astron.*) bande; (*anat.*) aponévrose, *f.*, fascia; (*surg.*) bandage, *m.* -**al**, *adj.*: des faisceaux. -**ated**, *adj.*: à face.

-**ation**, *n.*: (*bot.*) fasciation, *f.*; (*surg.*) bandage, *m.*

fascicle, *n.*: (*bot.*) fascicule, *m.* -**icular**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) fasciculaire; fasciculé.

-**iculated**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) fasciculé. -**iculus**, *n.*: fascicule.

fascinate, *tr.*: fasciner; enchanter.

-**nation**, *n.*: fascination, *f.*; charme, *m.*

fascine, *n.*: fascine, *f.*

1. **fashion**, *n.*: mode; façon, forme, *f.*; modèle, *m.*: *in* —, à la mode; *it is the* —, c'est la mode; *in the French* —, à la française; *in the English* —, à l'anglaise; *out of* —, passé de mode; *people of* —, gens à la mode, *m. pl.*; *woman of* —, femme à la mode, *f.*; *man of* —, homme à la mode, *m.* 2. **fashion**, *tr.*: façonner, former. -**able**, *adj.*: à la mode; élégant; fashionable. -**ableness**, *n.*: élégance; vogue, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: à la mode, élégamment. -**ist**, *n.*: façonnier, *m.*, façonnier, *f.*

1. **fast**, *adj.*: (*firm*) ferme, fixé; (*quick*) vite, rapide; (*faithful*) fidèle; (*of sleep*)

profond; (*of colours*) bon teint; (*nav.*) amarré; (*of a door, a window*) qui ne s'ouvre pas: *make —*, attacher; (*doors, windows*) fermer; (*nav.*) amarrer. 2. **fast**, *adv.*: (*firm*) ferme; fortement; (*quick*) vite; (*of raining*) fort; à verse; (*of one asleep*) profondément: *hold —*, tenir ferme.

3. **fast**, *n.*: jeûne, *m.* 4. **fast**, *tr.*: jeûner.

-day, *n.*: jour de jeûne, jour maigre, *m.*

fast-en, *tr.*: fixer; attacher, lier; (*windows, doors*) fermer; *intr.*: s'attacher.

-ener, *n.*: personne qui attache; qui lie, *f.*

-ening, *n.*: attache; fermeture, *f.*

1. **faster**, *adv.*: plus vite; plus fort.

2. **faster**, *n.*: jeûneur, *m.*, -euse, *f.*

fastidiousity, *n.*: dédain; goût difficile, *m.*

-tidious, *adj.*: dédaigneux; difficile; délicat. **-tidiously**, *adv.*: dédaigneusement; difficilement.

-tidiousness, *n.*: dédain; goût difficile, *m.*

fastigiat-e, *-ed*, *adj.*: (*bot.*) fastigié.

fasting, *n.*: jeûne, *m.* **-day**, *n.*: jour de jeûne, jour maigre, *m.*

† **fast-ly**, *adv.*: ferme, fermement. **-ness**, *n.*: fermeté, solidité; (*fig.*) sécurité; (*stronghold*) place forte, *f.*

-sailing, *adj.*: — *ship*, bâtiment d'une marche rapide, fin volier, *m.*

fastuous, *adj.*: dédaigneux; hautain; fastueux.

1. **fât**, *adj.*: gras; gros. 2. **fat**, *n.*: gras, *m.*; graisse, *f.* 3. **fat**, *tr.*: engraisser; *intr.*: engraisser; être à l'engrais.

fâ-tal, *adj.*: fatal, funeste, mortel. **-talism**, *n.*: fatalisme, *m.* **-talist**, *n.*: fataliste, *m.*

-tality, *n.*: fatalité, *f.* **-tally**, *adv.*: fatalement, funestement, mortellement. **-talness**, *n.*: fatalité, *f.*

1. **-te**, *n.*: destin, sort, *m.*: *the —s*, les Parques, *f. pl.* 2. **-te**, *tr.*: destiner; arrêter, décréter. **-ted**, *adj.*: destiné.

1. **fâther**, *n.*: père, *m.*; — *s*, pères; ancêtres; aïeux, *m. pl.*: *Almighty —*, père éternel, *m.*; *holy —*, saint père, *m.*

2. **father**, *tr.*: adopter: — *upon*, attribuer à; gratifier de. **-hood**, *n.*: paternité, *f.* **-land**, *n.*: pays natal, *m.*, patrie, *f.*

-less, *adj.*: orphelin, sans père. **-lessness**, *n.*: état d'orphelin. **-liness**, *adj.*: amour paternel, *m.* 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: paternel; de père. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: paternellement; en père.

1. **fâthom**, *n.*: toise; (*fig.*) portée, *f.* 2. **fathom**, *tr.*: sonder; approfondir; pénétrer. **-able**, *adj.*: pénétrable. **-less**, *adj.*: impénétrable; insondable.

fati-dic(al), *adj.*: fatidique. **-ferous**, *adj.*: mortel.

† **fâ-tigable**, *adj.*: qui se fatigue aisément. 1. **-tigue**, *n.*: fatigue, *f.*: *etand —*, supporter la fatigue; *be worn out*

with —, n'en pouvoir plus de fatigue; être rendu. 2. **-tigue**, *tr.*: fatiguer. **-tigu-ing**, *adj.*: fatigant.

fatiscence, *n.*: fente, crevasse, *f.*

fât-ling, *n.*: bête grasse, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: graisse, *f.*; (*pers.*) embonpoint, *m.*; (*fig.*) fertilité, abondance, *f.* **-ten**, *tr.*: engraisser; nourrir, alimenter; *intr.*: engraisser.

-tener, *n.*: personne qui engraisse, qui nourrit, *f.* **-tiness**, *n.*: onctuosité, *f.* **-tish**, *adj.*: un peu gras.

-ty, *adj.*: grassex.

fatuity, *n.*: stupidité, imbécillité, sottise, *f.* **fâtuous**, *adj.*: stupide, imbécile.

fât-witted, *adj.*: (*rare*) imbécille.

fâucez, *n. pl.*: (*anat.*) isthme du gosier; gosier, *m.*

fâucet, *n.*: (*in a cask*) canule, cannelle, cannette, *f.*

fâulohion, *n.*: see *falcion*.

fault, *n.*: faute, *f.*; défaut, *m.*; *fin* — *with*, trouver à redire à. **-finder**, *n.*: personne qui trouve toujours à redire, *f.*; censeur, *m.*

-ily, *adv.*: d'une manière fautive. **-iness**, *n.*: défauts, *m. pl.*; caractère fautif, *m.*; imperfection, *f.*

-less, *adj.*: sans défaut, sans faute; parfait. **-lessness**, *n.*: perfection, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: en faute, coupable; fautif, erroné.

fâu-n, *n.*: faune, *m.* **-na**, *n.*: faune, *f.*

fâu-tor, *n.*: fauteur, *m.* **-tress**, *n.*: faultrice, *f.*

1. **fâvo(u)r**, *n.*: faveur; permission; grâce, *f.*; (*ribbons*) couleurs, *f. pl.*; faveur, *f.*: *wear a —*, porter des couleurs; *ask a — of*, demander une faveur à; *be in — with*, être dans les bonnes grâces de; *by —*, par la faveur; *by — of*; *under — of*, à la faveur de. 2. **fâvo(u)r**, *tr.*: favoriser; gratifier; ménager. **-able**, *adj.*: favorable.

-ableness, *n.*: caractère favorable, *m.*; bienveillance, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: favorablement. **-ed**, *adj.*: favoriser: *ill —*, de mauvaise mine; *well —*, de bonne mine.

-er, *n.*: personne qui favorise, *f.*; protecteur, partisan, *m.* 1. **-ite**, *n.*: favori, *m.*, favorite, *f.* 2. **-ite**, *adj.*: favori.

-less, *adj.*: non-favorisé.

1. **fâwn**, *n.*: (*mam.*) faon, *m.* 2. **fâwn**, *intr.*: (*of animals*) faonner.

3. **fâwn**, *n.*: caresse (servile), basse flatterie, *f.* 4. **fâwn**, *intr.*: montrer une basse servilité, flatter servilement: — *on*, caresser servilement, flagorner, flatter. **-er**, *n.*: flatteur servile; flagorneur, *m.*

-ing, *n.*: (*of animals*) caresse; (*pers.*) caresse servile; flatterie, flagornerie, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en caressant; d'une manière caressante; servilement.

1. **fây**, *n.*: fée, *f.*

2. **fây**, *tr.*: (*carp.*) joindre; affleurer.

fealty, *n.*: fidélité, *f.*

1. **fear**, *n.*: crainte, peur, *f.*; *for* — *of*, de peur de, de crainte de; *from* —; *out of* —, par peur; *bodily* —, crainte pour sa personne. 2. **fear**, *tr.*: craindre, avoir peur; redouter; *intr.*: craindre; avoir peur, être craintif. -**ful**, *adj.*: qui a peur; craintif; timide; terrible; (*of things*) effrayant. -**fully**, *adv.*: craintivement; avec crainte; avec effroi; terriblement; d'une manière effrayante. -**fulness**, *n.*: crainte, *f.* -**less**, sans peur; intrépide. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans peur, sans crainte. -**lessness**, *n.*: intrépidité, *f.*

feasible, *adj.*: faisable, exécutable.

-**ibility**, *n.*: possibilité d'exécution, *f.*

1. **feast**, *n.*: festin, *m.*; fête, *f.*; régal, *m.*

2. **feast**, *tr.*: donner un festin à; fêter, régaler, festoyer; *intr.*: faire festin; se repaître. -**er**, *n.*: donneur de festins; amateur de bonne chère, *m.* -**ful**, *adj.*: joyeux; de fête. -**ing**, *n.*: festins, régals, *m. pl.*

feat, *n.*: action, *f.*; exploit; fait, haut fait, *m.*

1. **feather**, *n.*: plume; (*bot.*) aigrette; (*of a bird's wing and tail*) penne, *f.*; (*milit.*) plumet, *m.* 2. **feather**, *tr.*: mettre des plumes à; orner d'une plume;

(*of birds*) écoper; (*fig.*) empenner, donner des ailes à; (*enrich*) emplumer. -**bed**, *n.*: lit de plumes, *m.* -**driver**, *n.*: plumassier, *m.* -**ed**, *adj.*: garni de plumes; emplumé; (*of birds*) ailé, emplumé; (*of arrows*) empenné; (*fig.*) enrichi. -**edged**, *adj.*: en biseau. -**grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) stipe; stipe empennée, houque molle, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans plumes. -**seller**, *n.*: plumassier, *m.* -**trade**, *n.*: plumasserie, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: garni de plumes, emplumé; (*bot.*) plumeux; (*fig.*) léger comme une plume; (*of birds*) ailé, emplumé.

feature, *n.*: trait, *m.*; figure, *f.*; trait caractéristique, *m.*; forme, *f.* -**d**, *adj.*: qui a des traits: *hard* —, aux traits durs. -**less**, *adj.*: sans traits.

1. **fëbri-fuge**, *adj.*: fébrifuge. 2. -**fuge**, *n.*: fébrifuge, *m.* -**le**, *adj.*: fébrile.

Fëbruary, *n.*: février, *m.*

fë-cal, *adj.*: fécal, excrémentiel. -**ces**, *n.*: see *feces*.

fëcial, *adj.*: fécial.

fëcu-la, *n.*: fécule, *f.*; amidon, *m.* -**lence**, -**lency**, *n.*: féculence, *f.* -**lent**, *adj.*: féculent.

fë-cund, *adj.*: fécond. -**cundate**, *tr.*: féconder. -**cundation**, *n.*: fécondation, *f.* -**cundify**, *tr.*: féconder. -**cundity**, *n.*: fécondité, *f.*

fëder-al, *adj.*: fédéral. -**alism**, *n.*: fédéralisme, *m.* -**alist**, *n.*: fédéraliste, *m.* -**ate**, *adj.*: ligué, fédéré. -**ation**,

n.: fédération, alliance, *f.* -**ative**, *adj.*: fédératif.

1. **fëe**, *n.*: (*feudalism*) fief, *m.*, (*jur.*) propriété héréditaire, *f.*; (*of doctors, etc.*) honoraire, *m.* 2. **fëe**, *tr.*: payer; payer des honoraires à; graisser la patte à.

fëe-ble, *adj.*: faible. -**ble-minded**, *adj.*: faible d'esprit. -**bleness**, *n.*: faiblesse, *f.* -**bly**, *adv.*: faiblement.

fëed, *n.*: nourriture; (*for cattle*) pâture, pâturage, *m.* 2. **fëed** (*pret.*, *part.* *fed*), *tr.*: nourrir; (*cattle*) paître, faire paître; (*animal*) donner à manger à; *intr.*: se nourrir; (*of animals*) paître, manger: — upon, se nourrir de; se repaître de. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui nourrit, *f.*; mangeur, convive; (*tech.*) appareil d'alimentation, *m.*

-**ing**, *n.*: nourriture; (*for cattle*) pâture, *f.*

1. **fëel** (*pret.*, *part.* *felt*), *tr.*: sentir; tâter; toucher; éprouver; ressentir; se ressentir de: — *any one's pulse*, tâter le pouls à quelqu'un. 2. **fëel**, *intr.*: sentir; se sentir: — *for*, avoir de la sympathie pour; — *cold*, avoir froid; — *soft*, être doux au toucher. 3. **fëel**, *n.*: toucher; attouchement; tact, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui sent, *f.*; (*mol.*) tentacule, *f.*; (*of a cat*) moustache; (*ent.*) palpe, antenne, *f.*; (*fig.*) allusion détournée, *f.* 1. -**ing**, *n.*: attouchement, toucher, tact; sentiment, *m.*; sensibilité, *f.*: *have no* —, n'avoir pas de sensibilité, n'avoir pas d'entrailles. 2. -**ing**, *adj.*: touchant; sensible. -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière touchante; d'une manière sensible; sensiblement.

fëe-simple, *n.*: propriété libre, *f.*; (*feudal*) fief simple, *m.*

fëet, *n. pl.*: = *foot*. -**less**, *adj.*: sans pieds.

1. **fëign**, *tr.*: feindre, inventer, imaginer.

2. **fëign**, *intr.*: feindre; dissimuler. -**ed**, *adj.*: feint, inventé; dissimulé; imaginé.

-**edly**, *adv.*: avec feinte. -**ing**, *n.*: feinte; dissimulation, *f.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: avec feinte.

fëint, *n.*: feinte, *f.*

fëld-spar, -**spath**, *n.*: (*min.*) feldspath, *m.* -**spathic**, -**spathose**, *adj.*: feldspathique.

fëlici-tate, *tr.*: féliciter; rendre heureux. -**tation**, *n.*: félicitation, *f.*

-**tous**, *adj.*: heureux. -**tously**, *adv.*: heureusement. -**ty**, *n.*: félicité, *f.*; bonheur, *m.*

fëline, *adj.*: félin; de chat.

1. **fëll**, *n.*: peau, fourrure, *f.*

2. **fëll**, *adj.*: barbare, cruel.

3. **fëll**, *tr.*: abattre; assommer. -**er**, *n.*: (*rare*) personne qui abat, *f.*

fëllmonger, *n.*: marchand de peaux, *m.*

fëllness, *n.*: cruauté, férocité, *f.*

fëllpce, *n.*: jante, *f.*

1. fellow, n.: compagnon; camarade; garçon; gaillard; individu, drôle; (*of a university*) agrégé; (*of things*) pendant, pareil, *m.:* bad —, mauvais garnement, *m.;* good —, bon enfant, *m.;* fine —, beau garçon, *m.;* poor —, pauvre garçon, *m.;* odd —, drôle de corps, *m.;* old —, vieux bonhomme, *m.;* bed —, camarade de lit, *m.;* these shoes are not —s, ces souliers ne sont pas pareils; be hail — well met, se traiter de pair à compagnon; here is the — to this picture, voici le pendant de ce tableau. **2. fellow, tr.:** assortir; associer. **-creature, n.:** semblable, *m., f.* **-heir, n.:** héritier, *m.* **-helper, n.:** coadjuteur, *m., aide, m., f.* **-labourer, n.:** collaborateur, *m.* **-like or -ly, adj.:** sociable. **-man, n.:** semblable, *m.* **-servant, n.:** compagnon de service, *m.* **-ship, n.:** société, confraternité, *f.;* (*in universities*) grade d'agrégé, *m.;* (*arith.*) règle de société, règle de compagnie, *f.* **-soldier, n.:** frère d'armes, *m.* **-student, n.:** condisciple, *m.*

1. fély, adv.: cruellement.

2. fély, n.: jante, *f.*

félo-de-se, n.: (*jur.*) suicide, *m.*

1. fél-on, n.: auteur d'un délit, d'un crime, d'un crime capital; criminel; (*med.*) panaris, *m.* **2-on, adj.:** félon, traître; inhumain. **-ónious, adj.:** félon, traître; (*jur.*) criminel. **-óniously, adv.:** en traître; (*jur.*) avec une intention criminelle. **-ony, n.:** (*jur.*) délit, crime, crime capital, *m.*

1. félt, n.: feutre, chapeau de feutre, *m.* **2. felt, -er, tr.:** feutrer. **-hat, n.:** chapeau de feutre, *m.* **-ing, n.:** feutrage, *m.*

felúcca, n.: felouque, *f.*

1. fémale, n.: femme; personne; jeune personne; (*of animals only*) femelle, *f.* **2. female, adj.:** féminin; de femme; (*bot., and of animals*) femelle.

fem(m)e-còvert fám-, n.: (*jur.*) femme en puissance de mari, *f.* **-sòle, n.:** (*jur.*) fille, *f.*

fémi-nacy, -nality, n.: nature de femme, *f.* **-nine, adj.:** féminin; efféminé; *in the — gender, (gram.)* au féminin. **-ninely, adv.:** comme une femme, en femme.

fémoral, adj.: fémoral; crural. **fémur, n.:** fémur, *m.*

fén, n.: marais, marécage, *m.*

1. fène-e, n.: clôture, enceinte, barrière, balustrade; (*art of fencing*) escrime, *f.* **2-e, tr.:** enclorre; mettre une clôture à; mettre une enceinte à; protéger, défendre: — *in*, enclorre. **3-e, intr.:** faire des clôtures; (*with foils*) faire des armes, tirer

des armes. **-eless, adj.:** ouvert; sans clôture. **-er, n.:** tireur d'armes, *m.* **-ible, adj.:** capable de défense. **-ibles, n. pl.:** soldats pour la défense du territoire, lesquels ne peuvent être envoyés à l'étranger, *m. pl.* **-ing, n.:** enceinte, clôture; (*with foils*) escrime, *f.* **-ing-master, n.:** maître d'armes, *m.* **-ing-school, n.:** salle d'armes, *f.*

fénd, tr.: se défendre de: — *off*, parer; écarter. **-er, n.:** garde-cendres, *m.;* (*nav.*) défense, *f.*

fénnel, n.: fenouil; aneth doux, *m.*

fén-nish, adj.: marécageux, des marais.

fenéstral, adj.: d'une fenêtre; fenêtré.

feod fūd, etc. = feud, etc.

féoff, tr.: investir d'un fief; donner l'investiture à. **-se, n.:** personne investie d'un héritage foncier, *f.* **-er, -or, n.:** personne qui investit d'un héritage foncier, *f.* **-ment, n.:** inféodation, *f.;* investissement d'un héritage foncier, *m.*

fe-ràgious, adj.: fécond, fertile. **-raci-ty, n.:** fertilité, *f.*

férine, adj.: sauvage, cruel, *n.:* bête sauvage, *f.* **-ness, n.:** férocité, *f.*

1. fér-ment, n.: ferment, *m.;* fermentation, *f.* **2-mént, intr.:** fermenter; *tr.:* faire fermenter. **-méntable, adj.:** fermentable. **-mentation, n.:** fermentation, *f.* **-méntative, adj.:** fermentatif; de fermentation. **-méntativeness, n.:** qualité de ce qui est fermentatif, *f.*

féra, n.: fougère, *f.* **-y, adj.:** plein de fougère.

feròcious, adj.: féroce. **-ly, adv.:** avec férocité. **-ness or feròcity, n.:** férocité, *f.*

ferreous, adj.: ferrugineux.

1. férret, n.: (*tape*) padou, *m.*

2. férret, n.: (*mam.*) furet, *m.* **3. ferret, tr.:** fureter: — *out*, traquer, dépister. **-er, n.:** fureteur, *m.*

4. férret, n.: (*iron*) ferret.

férriage, n.: pontonage, prix du passage.

ferriferous, adj.: ferrifère.

ferràg-nated, adj.: rouilleux, rubigin-eux. **-n(e)ous, adj.:** ferrugineux.

ferrule féril or férul, n.: virole, *f.*

1. ferry, tr.: passer dans un bac: — *over*, *to — across*, passer dans un bac; *intr.:* passer l'eau. **2. ferry, n.:** bac; passage (d'une rivière, etc.); droit de passer les voyageurs. **-boat, n.:** bac; bateau de passeur, *m.* **-man, n.:** passeur; (*poet.*) nocher, *m.*

fértil-e, adj.: fertile, fécond. **-ely, adv.:** abondamment; fertilement. **-eness or fertility, n.:** fertilité, *f.* **-ise, tr.:** fertiliser.

fè-rula -ril or -rûl, n.: férule, *f.;* (*of the Eastern empire*) sceptre impérial, *m.*

-rule, *tr.*: donner une fêrule à; donner des fêrules à.

fervency, *n.*: ardeur, ferveur, *f.*

-vent, *adj.*: ardent, fervent. **-vently**,

adv.: ardemment, avec ferveur. **-vid**,

adj.: ardent, chaud, *vif.* **-vidly**, *adv.*:

avec chaleur; ardemment. **-vidness**,

n.: chaleur, ardeur, *f.* **-vo(u)r**, *n.*: cha-

leur; ferveur, ardeur, *f.*

1. fescennine, *adj.*: fescennin; licen-

cieux. **2. fescennine**, *n. sing.*: vers

fescennins, *m. pl.*

† fêscue, *n.*: touche, *f.*, pour montrer les

lettres aux enfants qui apprennent à lire.

fesse, *n.*: (her.) fiasse, *f.*

fêstal, *adj.*: de fête.

fêster, *intr.*: s'ulcérer; se corrompre;

s'envenimer.

fêstival, *n.*: fête, *f.*; festival, *m.* **-ti-**

val, *adj.*: de fête. **-tive**, **-tivous**,

adj.: de fête; joyeux. **-tivity**, *n.*:

fête; gâté, joie, *f.* **1. -toon**, *n.*: feston,

m. **2. -toon**, *tr.*: festonner.

† fêstucine, *adj.*: couleur de paille.

† -cous, *adj.*: de paille.

1. fêch, *tr.*: chercher; aller chercher;

amener; apporter; (*of price*) rapporter;

(*one's breath*) prendre, reprendre; (*a*

pump) amorcer; (*a sigh*) pousser; (*a*

blow) porter: — *away*, emporter, em-

mener; — *down*, faire descendre, abais-

ser; — *in*, faire entrer; — *off*, ôter, en-

lever; — *out*, faire sortir, aller chercher;

— *up*, monter, aller chercher; *these goods*

— *a great deal*, cette marchandise rap-

porte beaucoup. **2. fêch**, *intr.*: se mou-

voir. **3. fêch**, *n.*: ruse, finesse, *f.*, tour,

m. **-er**, *n.*: chercheur, *m.*, chercheuse, *f.*

fêti-chism, **-shism**, *n.*: fêti-chisme, *m.*

fêtid, *adj.*: fétide. **-ness**, *n.*: fétidité, *f.*

fêtlack, *n.*: (*of the horse*) fanon, *m.*

fêtor, *n.*: fétidité, mauvaise odeur, *f.*

fêtter, *tr.*: mettre dans les fers; (*fig.*)

entraver. **-less**, *adj.*: sans fers; sans

entraves. **-s**, *n.*: fers, *m. pl.*; entraves,

f. pl.

fêttle, *intr.*: niaiser; baliverner.

fêtus, *n.*: fœtus, *m.*

1. fêad, *n.*: brouillerie, querelle, inimitié,

dissension, *f.*

2. feud, *n.*: fief, *m.* **-al**, *adj.*: féodal.

-alism, *n.*: féodalité, *f.* **-ality**, *n.*:

féodalité, *f.* **1. -atory**, *n.*: feudataire,

m. **2. -atory**, *adj.*: feudataire, qui

relève d'un seigneur. **-ist**, *n.*: feu-

diste, *m.*

fêu' illemôrt, *n.*: (*colour*) feuille-morte,

m.

1. fêver, *n.*: fièvre, *f.*: *fit of* —, accès de

fièvre, *m.*; *burning* —, fièvre ardente;

intermittent —, fièvre intermittente;

tertian —, fièvre tiercée; *scarlet* —, fièvre

scarlatine; *typhoid* —, fièvre typhoïde;
milk —, fièvre de lait; *be in a* —, avoir
la fièvre. **2. fever**, *tr.*: donner la fièvre
à. **-few**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pyrèthre, *m.*; matri-
caire, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: fiévreux; fébrile;
brûlant. **-ishness**, *n.*: indisposition
fébrile; (*fig.*) fièvre, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: (*rare*)
fiévreux; fébrile; inquiet. **-y**, *adj.*: qui
a la fièvre.

few, *adj.*: peu de; peu de gens: *a* —,
peu de; quelques; quelques-uns, *m.*, quel-
ques-unes, *f.*; — *people think thus*, peu de
gens pensent ainsi; *give me a* — *of these*
pears, donnez-moi quelques-unes de ces
poires. **-ness**, *n.*: petit nombre, *m.*;
brèveté, *f.*

1. fib, *n.*: conte, mensonge, *m.*; bourde, *f.*

2. fib, *intr.*: mentir; faire des contes.

-ber, *n.*: menteur, *m.*, menteuse, *f.*; fai-

seur de contes, *m.*, faiseuse de contes, *f.*

fi-bre, *n.*: fibre, *f.* **-bril**, *n.*: (*anat.*)

fibrille, *f.* **-brillous**, *adj.*: fibrilleux.

-brous, *adj.*: fibreux.

fibula, *n.*: (*anat.*) péroné, *m.*; (*surg.*)

suture, *f.*

fick-le, *adj.*: volage, inconstant. **-le-**

ness, *n.*: inconstance, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*:

avec inconstance.

fictile, *adj.*: fait d'argile.

fic-tion, *n.*: fiction, *f.* **-titions**, *adj.*:

fictif, factice. **-titionsly**, *adv.*: fictive-

ment. **-titionsness**, *n.*: caractère fic-

tif, *m.*

fid, *n.*: (*nav.*) épissioir, *m.*; (*of a mast*)

clef, *f.*

1. fiddle, *n.*: violon, *m.* **2. fiddle**, *intr.*:

jouer du violon; (*trifle*) baguenauder; *tr.*:

jouer un air sur le violon. **1. -faddle**, *n.*:

(*pop.*) fadaïse; niaiserie; sornette, *f.*

2. -faddle, *adj.*: (*pop.*) qui s'occupe de

fadaïses, de niaïseries, de sornettes. **-r**,

n.: joueur de violon; ménétrier, *m.*

-stick, *n.*: archet de violon, *m.*; (*non-*

sense) fadaïse; baliverne, *f.*; — *! tarare!*

-string, *n.*: corde à violon, *f.* **-wood**,

n.: cytarexylon; bois de guitare, *m.*

fiddling, *n.*: action de jouer du vio-

lon, *f.*

fidejussor, *n.*: fidéjusseur, *m.*

fidélité, *n.*: fidélité, *f.*

1. fidget, *intr.*: se remuer; se tourmen-

ter; frétiller, s'agiter. **2. fidgot**, *n.*:

mouvement; tourment, *m.*; agitation, *f.*:

what a — *you are!* comme vous vous

tourmentez! **-y**, *adj.*: remuant, inquiet;

tracassier.

fidu-cial, *adj.*: confiant; de fidéicommis.

1. -ciary, *adj.*: confiant; fiduciaire.

2. -ciary, *n.*: fiduciaire, *m.*

fie! *interj.*: fi! — *for shame!* fi l'hor-

reur! — *on* ...! fi de ...!

fief, *n.*: fief, *m.*

field, *n.*: champ, *m.*; campagne, *f.*: — *of battle*, champ de bataille, *m.*; *in the open* — *s.*, en pleins champs; *take the* —, (*milit.*) se mettre en campagne. **-artillery**, *n.*: artillerie de campagne, *f.* **-bed**, *n.*: lit de camp, *m.* **-colours**, *n. pl.*: (*milit.*) guidon, fanion, *m. sing.* **-fare**, *n.*: (*orni.*) litorne, *f.* **-marshal**, *n.*: maréchal; (*in France*) maréchal de France, *m.* **-mouse**, *n.*: mulot, *m.* **-officer**, *n.*: officier supérieur, *m.* **-piece**, *n.*: pièce de campagne, *f.* **-staff**, *n.*: (*milit.*) boutefeux, *m.*

fiend, *n.*: esprit malin; démon, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: diabolique, satanique, infernal. **-ishness**, *n.*: méchanceté infernale, *f.*

fierce, *adj.*: féroce, farouche, furieux, violent. **-ly**, *adv.*: féroce, furieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: féroce, ardeur, *f.*

fieryness, *n.*: fougue, *f.* **-ry**, *adj.*: de feu; ardent, fougueux.

1. fife, *n.*: fifre, *m.* **2. fife**, *intr.*: jouer du fifre. **-r**, *f.*, fifre, joueur de fifre, *m.*

fifteenth, *adj.*: quinze. **1. tenth**, *adj.*: quinzième. **2. tenth**, *n.*: quinzième, *m.*; (*mus.*) quinzième, *f.* **1. th**, *adj.*: cinquième; cinq; *Charles the* — (*of Spain*), Charles Quint; *Pope Sixtus the* —, le pape Sixte-Quint. **2. th**, *n.*: cinquième, *m.*; (*mus.*) quinte, *f.* **-thly**, *adv.*: cinquièmement. **-tieth**, *adj.*: cinquantième. **-ty**, *adj.*: cinquante.

fig, *n.*: figure, *f.*; (*tree*) figuier, *m.*: *a — for!* foin de! margue de! *not to care a — for*, ne pas se soucier d'un fétu de. **-eater**, *n.*: (*orni.*) figuier; becfigue, *m.* **-garden**, *n.*: figuerie, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: serre à figuiers, *f.*

1. fight (*pret.*, *part. fought*), *intr.*: se battre; combattre; se combattre; *tr.*: se battre avec; combattre contre; défendre; (*a battle*) livrer: — *hard*, se battre avec acharnement. **2. fight**, *n.*: combat, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: combattant; batailleur, bretteur, *m.* **1. ing**, *adj.*: qui combat; (*of things*) de combat: — *men*, combattants, hommes de guerre, *m. pl.* **2. ing**, *n.*: combat, *m.*; combats, *m. pl.*

figmarigold, *n.*: ficolide, *f.*

figment, *n.*: fiction, *f.*

fig-orchard, *n.*: figuerie, *f.* **-pecker**, *n.*: (*orni.*) becfigue, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: figuier, *m.*

figurable, *adj.*: susceptible de recevoir une forme, une figure. **-ral**, *adj.*: figuratif. **-rant**, *n.*: (*theat.*) figurant, *m.*, figurante, *f.* **-rate**, *adj.*: qui a une forme, une figure; (*math.*, *mus.*) figuré. **-rated**, *adj.*: formé; figuré. **-râtion**, *n.*: forme, formation; (*mus.*) figure, *f.* **-rative**, *adj.*: figuratif; figuré. **-ratively**, *adv.*: figurément; au figuré. **-ra-**

tiveness, *n.*: caractère métamorphique, *m.*

1. figur-e, *n.*: figure: forme, tournure, *f.*; (*arith.*) chiffre, *m.*: *what a — you are!* comme vous voilà fagoté, arrangé! *cut a —*, faire figure, faire une figure; *academical* —, académie, *f.* **2. -e**, *tr.*: figurer; façonner; former; imaginer: — *to one's self*, se figurer, s'imaginer. **-ed**, *adj.*: à dessin; façonné, ouvragé. **-e-head**, *n.*: (*nav.*) poulaïne, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: figuriste, *m.*

figwort, *n.*: (*bot.*) scrofuleux; herbe aux écouelles, *f.*

filaceous, *adj.*: filamenteux.

filament, *n.*: filament; (*bot.*) filet, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*: filamenteux.

filbert, *n.*: aveline, noisette, *f.* **-orchard**, *n.*: coudraie, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: coudrier, avelinier, *m.*

filch, *tr.*: escamoter, filouter, voler. **-er**, *n.*: filou, voleur, *m.*

1. file, *n.*: fil (suite); (*of papers*) liasse, *f.*, dossier, *m.*; (*list*) liste; (*of newspapers*) collection; (*milit.*) file, *f.* **2. file**, *tr.*: (*newspapers*) faire une collection de; (*jur.*) produire; (*a schedule*) déposer; *intr.*: marcher sur un rang: — *off*, défiler.

3. file, *n.*: (*tool*) lime, *f.*: *cunning* —, fin matois. **4. file**, *tr.*: limer. **-cut**, *n.*: tailleur de limes, *m.* **-cutting**, *n.*: taille des limes, *f.*

file-leader, *n.*: (*milit.*) chef de file, *m.*

filer, *n.*: limeur, *m.*

filial, *adj.*: filial. **-ally**, *adv.*: filialement. **-ation**, *n.*: filiation, *f.*

filiform, *adj.*: filiforme. **-grane**, *n.*: filigrane, *m.* **-grated**, *n.*: à filigrane.

filings, *n. pl.*: limaille, *f. sing.*

1. fill, *n.*: suffisance, *f.*; sold, *m.* **2. fill**, *tr.*: remplir, remplir; combler; (*to occupy*) occuper, remplir: — *up*, remplir, combler; *intr.*: se remplir. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui remplit, *f.*; empiissage, *m.*

1. fillet, *n.*: bandeau; (*bot.*) filet; (*anat.*) frein, filet, *m.*; (*arch.*) astragale, *f.*, filet, *m.*: — *of veal*, rouelle de veau, *f.* **2. fillet**, *tr.*: nouer d'un bandeau; (*arch.*) orner d'un filet.

1. filling, *n.*: action de remplir; chose pour remplir, *f.*; remplissage, *m.* **2. filling**, *adj.*: qui remplit; rassasiant.

1. fillip, *tr.*: donner une chiquenaude à. **2. fillip**, *n.*: chiquenaude, *f.*

filly, *n.*: pouliche; (*fig.*) coquette, *f.*

film, *n.*: (*bot.*) pellicule; (*anat.*) tunique, *f.*; (*med.*) taie, *f.*; (*fig.*) nuage, *m.* **2. film**, *tr.*: couvrir d'une tunique, d'une pellicule. **-y**, *adj.*: membraneux.

1. filter, *n.*: filtre, *m.* **2. filter**, *tr.*: filtrer. **-ing**, *adj.*: filtrant. **-ing-machine**, *n.*: filtre, *m.*

filth, *n.*: ordure, saleté; (*fig.*) corruption, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: salement. **-iness**, *n.*: saleté, *f.*; ordures, *f. pl.*; (*fig.*) corruption, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: sale; (*fig.*) corrompu, ignoble, honteux.

filtrate, *tr.*: filtrer. **-ation**, filtration *f.*

fimbriate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) frangé. **-ed**, *adj.*: (*her.*) bordé.

fin, *n.*: (*ichth.*) nageoire, *f.*; (*of flat fish*) barbes, *f. pl.*

finable, *adj.*: passible d'amende; (*of things*) punissable d'une amende. **-al**, *adj.*: final, définitif, décisif. **-ale**, *n.*: (*mus.*) finale, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: enfin, finalement; définitivement.

financé, *n.*: finance, *f.*; **-ees**, finances, *f. pl.*, fonds, *m. pl.* **-cial**, *adj.*: financier. **-cially**, *adv.*: en matière de finances. **-cier**, *n.*: financier.

finch, *n.*: (*orni.*) pinçon, *m.*

find (*pret.*, *part. found*), *tr.*: trouver; (*jur.*) (*guilty*) déclarer; (*verdict*) prononcer: — *in*, pourvoir de; — *out*, découvrir; résoudre; démasquer. **-er**, *n.*: trouveur, *m.*, trouveuse, *f.* **-fault**, *n.*: censeur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: découverte, *f.*; (*jur.*) jugement, *m.*, déclaration, *f.*

1. **fine**, *n.*: amende, *f.*; pot-de-vin, *m.* 2. **fine**, *tr.*: (*muicet*) mettre à l'amende; condamner à une amende.

3. **fine**, *adj.*: fin, délicat; subtil; (*hand-some*) beau; (*fig.*) bon: *it is —*, (*of the weather*) il fait beau. 4. **fine**, *tr.*: (*refine*) affiner; (*wine*) clarifier. **-draw**, *tr.*: faire des reprises perdues à. **-drawer**, *n.*: ouvrier en reprises perdues, *m.*, ouvrière en reprises perdues, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: fin; délicatement; finement; subtilement; élégamment; joliment, de la belle manière. **-ness**, *n.*: finesse, délicatesse; pureté; subtilité; beauté, *f.* **-r**, *n.*: affineur, *m.* **fine-ry**, *n.*: parure, *f.*; ornement, *m.*; toilette, *f.*; beaux habits, *m. pl.*; (*metal.*) affinerie, *f.*, foyer d'affinerie, *m.* **-spoken**, *adj.*: beau parleur. **-spun**, *adj.*: filé fin; (*fig.*) subtil, délicat, délié. 1. **finé-ssé**, *n.*: finesse, *f.* 2. **-sse**, *intr.*: user de finesse, finasser.

fin-footed, *adj.*: palmipède.

1. **finger**, *n.*: doigt; (*mus.*) doigter, *m.*; (*fig.*) main, *f.*: *fore—*, doigt indicateur; *index*, *m.*; *little —*, petit doigt; *middle —*, doigt du milieu, médium; *ring—*, annulaire; doigt annulaire; *have anything at one's —s ends*, savoir quelque chose sur le bout du doigt; *point with one's —*, indiquer du doigt. 2. **finger**, *tr.*: toucher, manier; exécuter avec les doigts; (*mus.*) toucher; *intr.*: (*mus.*) doigter. **-board**, *n.*: (*mus.*) touche, *f.*; (*of a violin*) manche, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: qui a des

doigts; (*bot.*) digité; (*man.*) à doigts: *light—*, qui a la main légère; enclin à voler.

-end, *n.*: bout du doigt, *m.* **-fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) étoile de mer, *f.*; polynème, *m.* **-glass**, *n.*: bol pour se laver les doigts à table, *m.* **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) digitale pourprée, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: touche, *f.*; manquement; ouvrage fait délicatement à la main; (*mus.*) doigter, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) saumoneau, *m.* **-parted**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) digité. **-plate**, *n.*: plaque de propreté, *f.* **-stall**, *n.*: doigtier, *m.*

fingle-fangle, *n.*: (*pop.*) bagatelle, babiole, *f.*

finical, *adj.*: précieux, affecté, prétentieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: précieusement, avec prétention. **-ness**, *n.*: affecterie, *f.*; ton précieux, *m.*

fining, *m.*: (*metal.*) affinage, *m.*; (*of wine*) clarification, *f.*

finis, *n.*: fin, *f.*

1. **finish**, *tr.*: finir, terminer; achever.

2. **finish**, *n.*: fini, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: fini; parfait. **-er**, *n.*: exécuteur; cardeur en fin; (*horl.*) finisseur, *m.* 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: de perfectionnement. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: fini; achèvement, *m.*

finite, *adj.*: fini. **-less**, *adj.*: infini. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière finie. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère fini, *m.*; borne; limite, *f.*

fin-less, *adj.*: sans nageoires. **-like**, *adj.*: en forme de nageoire. **-ned**, *adj.*: qui a des nageoires; à nageoires. **-ny**, *adj.*: qui a des nageoires; à nageoires; (*poet.*) qui habite les eaux. **-tced**, *adj.*: à doigts palmés, palmipède.

fir, *n.*: (*bot.*) sapin; bois de sapin, *m.* **-apple**, *n.*: pomme de pin, *f.*

1. **fire**, *n.*: feu, incendie, *m.*: **incendiary** —, incendie par malveillance; —! au feu! *be on —*, être en feu; *catch —*, prendre feu; *make a —*, faire du feu; *miss —*, rater; *put out a —*, éteindre un feu, un incendie; *set on —*, *set — to*, mettre le feu à; *he will never set the Thames on —*, il n'a pas inventé la poudre; *add fuel to the —*, jeter de l'huile sur le feu; *put to — and sword*, mettre à feu et à sang; *go through — and water for*, se mettre au feu pour. 2. **fire**, *tr.*: mettre feu à; embraser; incendier; (*fire-arms*) tirer: — *with*, enflammer de; — *off*, tirer. 3. **fire**, *intr.*: prendre feu; s'enflammer: — *at*, faire feu sur; —! (*milit.*) feu! **-arms**, *n. pl.*: armes à feu, *f. pl.* **-ball**, *n.*: (*milit.*) grenade, *f.*; (*meteor.*) globe de feu, bolide, *m.* **-bar**, *n.*: barre de fourneau; barre de foyer, *f.* **-blast**, *n.*: (*bot.*) charbon, *m.*; rouille; nielle, *f.* **-brand**, *n.*: tison ardent, *m.*; (*fig.*) boutefeux, *m.* **-brick**, *n.*: brique réfractaire, *f.* **-chest**, *n.*: (*nav.*) coffre

à feu, *m.* **-clay**, *n.*: (*tech.*) argile réfractaire, *f.* **-company**, *n.*: compagnie de pompiers, *f.* **-damp**, *n.*: feu grison; grison, *m.* **-dog**, *n.*: chenet, *m.* **-drake**, *n.*: dragon volant; feu follet, *m.* **-engine**, *n.*: pompe à incendie, *f.* **-escape**, *n.*: appareil de sauvetage pour les incendies, *m.* **-fly**, *n.*: (*ent.*) lampyre; ver luisant, *m.* **-grate**, *n.*: grille de foyer, *f.* **-irons**, *n.*: garniture de foyer, *f.*; (*tech.*) ringard; tisonnier, *m.*: *set of* —, garniture de foyer, *f.* **-lock**, *n.*: arme à feu, *f.*; fusil, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: pompier; (*in factories*) chauffeur, *m.* **-office**, *n.*: bureau d'assurance contre l'incendie, *m.* **-pan**, *n.*: bassinet, *m.* **-place**, *n.*: cheminée, *f.*; foyer de cheminée;âtre, *m.* **-proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve du feu. **-r**, *n.*: incendiaire, *m.* **-screen**, *n.*: écran, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: brûlot, *m.* **-side**, *n.*: coin du feu, *m.* **-side**, *adj.*: du coin du feu, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) silex pyromaque, *m.*; pierre à feu, *f.* **-tile**, *n.*: (*tech.*) tuile réfractaire, *f.* **-wood**, *n.*: bois à brûler, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: feu d'artifice, *m.*: *let off* —, tirer un feu d'artifice. [*Firework* s'emploie généralement au pluriel.]

firing, n.: action d'incendier, *f.*; chauffage, *m.*; (*milit.*) feu, *m.*, fusillade; (*vet.*) cautérisation, *f.* **-iron**, n.: (*vet.*) fer à cautériser, *m.*

fırkin, n.: quartant, m.

1. **firm**, *adj.*: ferme, solide. 2. **firm**, *n.*:
(*com.*) maison de commerce, maison sociale,
f.: *tr.*: fixer, confirmer.

firma-ment, *n.*: firmament, *m.* -**mōn-
tal**, *adj.*: du firmament.

fırman, n.: firman, m.

firm-less, *adj.*: détaché de sa substance matérielle. **-ly**, *adv.*: fermement; solidement. **-ness**, *n.*: fermeté; solidité, *f.*
fir-plank, *n.*: planche de sapin; sapine, *f.*

first, *adj.*: premier; unième; *twenty* —, vingt et unième. **first**, *adv.*: le premier; premièrement, d'abord; — *or last*, tôt ou tard; *at* —, d'abord. — **born**, *adj.*: premier-né. — **fruits**, *n. pl.*: pré-mices, *f. pl.* — **ling**, *n.*: premier-né, *m.* — **firth**, *n.*: estuaire, *m.*: embouchure, *f.* (*of a river*) détroit, *m.*

fir-tree, *n.*: (bot.) sapin, m.

1. **fiscal**, *adj.*: fiscal. 2. **fiscal**, *n.*: fisc, m.
1. **fish**, *n.*: poisson, m.; (*at play*) pêche;
(*nav.*) jumelle, *f.*: a fine kettle of... une
jolie affaire. 2. **fish**, *intr.*: pêcher; *tr.*:
pêcher; fouiller dans; (*nav.*) traverser,
jumeler: *go* —ing, aller à la pêche.
-**bone**, *n.*: arête de poisson, *f.* -**cart**,
n.: voiture à poisson, *f.* -**curer**, *n.*:
saleur, m. -**day**, *n.*: jour maigre, m.

-er, n.: pêcheur, m. -er-boat, n.:
bateau pêcheur, m. -erman, n.: pê-
cheur, m. -ery, n.: pêche, pècherie, f.
-fag, n.: poissarde, f. -ful, adj.:
poissonneux. -hook, n.: hameçon, m.
-ify, tr.: convertir en poisson. -iness,
n.: goût de poisson, m. -ing, n.: pêche,
f. -ing-line, n.: ligne, ligne à pêcher,
f. -ing-rod, n.: canne à pêcher, f.
-ing-tackle, n.: ustensiles de pêche,
m. pl.; attirail de pêche, m. -kettle,
n.: poissonnière (ustensile), f. -like,
adj.: de poisson. -market, n.: pois-
sonnerie, f.; marché au poisson, m.
-monger, n.: poissonnier; marchand de
poisson, m. -pond, -pool, n.: étang;
vivier, m. -slice, n.: truelle, f. -spear,
n.: harpon, m. -wife, -woman, n.:
poissonnière, marchande de poisson; pois-
sarde, f. -y, adj.: poissonneux; qui
sent le poisson.

fissipèd. *adj.*: fissipède.

1. **fissure**, n.: fissure, fente, *f.* 2. **fissure**, *tr.*: fissurer: faire des fentes à: fendre.

fist, *n.*: poing, *m.* **-ieuffs**, *n. pl.*: coups de poing, *m. pl.*

fistu-la, n.: fistule, *f.* -lar, *adj.*: fistuleux; fistulaire. -**lifform** -ô- *adj.*: fistulaire. -**lous**, *adj.*: fistuleux.

1. **Fit**, *n.*: accès, paroxysme, *m.*; attaque; convulsion, *f.*: *by —s and starts*, par accès; à bâtons rompus, par sauts et par bonds.

2.fitt., adj.: propre (à), bon (à); juste, à propos; convenable; capable. **3.fitt. tr.:** convenir à; arranger; s'adapter à; ajuster; (*tech.*) encastrier: (*of clothes*) aller à; **intr.:** convenir; s'adapter à; s'ajuster; (*of clothes*) aller: — *to*, accommoder à; — *with*, pourvoir de; — *out*, équiper, monter; (*a ship*) armer; — *in*, encastrier; — *up*, arranger; *that coat — s you well*, cet habit vous va bien; — *any one for*, préparer quelqu'un pour.

fitch-et, -ew, n.: (mam.) putois, m.; belette, f.

fit-ly, *adv.*: à propos, convenablement, justement. **-ness**, *n.*: convenance, *pr*priété, *f.*; à-propos, *m.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui adapte, *f.*; (*tech.*) ajusteur, *m.* **1.-ting**, *adv.*: convenable; à-propos; juste. **2.-ting**, *n.*: adaptation, *f.*; ajustement, *m.*: — *out*, (*nav.*) armement, *m.*; (*milit.*) équipement, *m.* **-tingly**, *adv.*: convenablement.

five, *n. and adj.*: cinq. **-fold**, *adv.*:
cinq fois: quintuple.

1. **fix**, *tr.*: fixer, attacher, arrêter; — *one's self*, s'établir; se fixer. 2. **fix**, *intr.*: se fixer: — upon, se fixer sur, s'arrêter à. 3. **fix**, *n.*: (*coll.*) position, condition, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être fixé. **-ation**.

n.: fixité; place fixe; fixation, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: fixe. -**edly**, *adv.*: fermement; fixement. -**edness**, *n.*: fixité, *f.* -**ity**, *n.*: fixité, *f.* -**ture**, *n.*: stabilité, *f.*; (in a house) meuble à demeure fixe; immeuble, *m.*

flabbiness, *n.*: flaccidité; nature flasque, *f.* -**by**, *adj.*: flasque; mollesse.

flaccid, *adj.*: flasque, faible. -**idity**, -**idness**, *n.*: flaccidité, *f.*

flag, *intr.*: pendre, flotter; (*fig.*) s'affaisser; (*fig.*) se relâcher, faiblir; *tr.*: laisser tomber; (*fig.*) abattre. **2-flag**, *n.*: (*milit.*) drapeau; (*nav.*) pavillon, *m.*; (*bot.*) algue; — of *truce*, drapeau blanc; pavillon blanc; *corn* —; (*bot.*) glaieul, *m.*

3-flag, *n.*: dalle, *f.* **4-flag**, *tr.*: paver de dalles.

flagellate, *tr.*: flageller. -**ation**, *n.*: flagellation, *f.*

flageolet, *n.*: flageolet, *m.*

flag-giness, *n.*: état flasque, *m.* -**gy**, *adj.*: faible; qui flotte; insipide; flasque.

flagitious, *adj.*: pervers; infâme. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec perversité; d'une manière infâme. -**ness**, *n.*: perversité; infamie, *f.*

flag-officer, *n.*: officier général de marine commandant une escadre, *m.*

flagon, *n.*: flacon; pot, *m.*

fla-grance, -**grancey**, *n.*: feu, *m.*; chaleur; notoriété; énormité, *f.* -**grant**, *adj.*: flagrant. -**grantly**, *adv.*: d'une manière flagrante.

flag-ship, *n.*: vaisseau amiral, *m.* -**staff**, *n.*: lance de drapeau, *f.*; bâton de pavillon, *m.*

flag-stone, *n.*: dalle, *f.*

flail, *n.*: fléau (à battre le blé), *m.*

1-flak-e, *n.*: flocon, *m.*; écaille, *f.* **2-e**, *tr.*: former un flocon; *intr.*: s'écailleur. -**y**, *adj.*: floconneux; écailleux.

flam, *n.*: sornette, *f.*; conte, *m.* **2-flam**, *tr.*: amuser par des sornettes.

flambeau -**bô**, *n.*: flambeau, *m.*

1-flame, *n.*: flamme, *f.*; feu, *m.* **2-flame**, *intr.*: flamber, jeter de la flamme; s'enflammer; flamboyer. -**coloured**, *adj.*: couleur de feu. -**less**, *adj.*: sans flamme.

flamen, *n.*: flamme, *m.*

flaming, *adj.*: flamboyant; (*fig.*) merveil-leux. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec éclat; merveilleusement.

flamingo, *n.*: (*orn.*) phénicoptère, flam-mant, *m.*

flamy, *adj.*: de flamme; éclatant.

flanconade, *n.*: flanconade, *f.*

flange, *n.*: rebord; (*railways*) bandage, *m.*; saillie; bride; collarète, *f.*

1-flank, *n.*: flanc; côté, *m.* **2-flank**, *tr.*: flanquer; (*milit.*) prendre en flanc.

1-er, *n.*: (*fort.*) flanc; (*milit.*) flanqueur, *m.* **2-er**, *tr.*: (*fort.*) flanquer.

flannel, *n.*: flanelle, *f.*

1-flap, *n.*: pièce souple pendante, *f.*; pan; (*of coat*) pan, *m.*; basque, (*of pocket*) patte, *f.*; (*of trousers*) pont; (*of a cap, etc.*) bord; (*of saddle*) quartier; (*of the ear*) bout, *m.*; (*of a shoe*) oreille, *f.*; (*blow*) léger coup, *m.*; tape, *f.* **2-flap**, *tr.*: battre, agiter; frapper légèrement; *intr.*: pendre, retomber; battre des ailes; battre légèrement: — *the wings*, battre les ailes.

-eared, *adj.*: qui a les oreilles pendantes. -**per**, *n.*: clapet; (*orn.*) halbran, *m.*

flare, *intr.*: étinceler; (*of candles*) filer.

1-flash, *tr.*: luire; jaillir; étinceler; — *with*, briller de. **2-flash**, *n.*: éclat; (*of water, of light*) jet; éclair, *m.*: — *of lightning*, éclair, *m.*; — *of wit*, trait d'esprit, *m.* -**ily**, *adv.*: superficiellement. -**y**, *adj.*: éclatant; brillant; insipide, fade.

flask, *n.*: bouteille, *f.*; flacon, *m.*; (*art.*) flasque, *m.* -**et**, *n.*: corbeille, manne,

1-flät, *adj.*: plat; (*of wine, beer, etc.*) éventé; (*com.*) calme; (*mus.*) bémol; (*Q sound*) grave; (*fig.*) net, clair, franc — *noised*, camard; qui a le nez camus; *gu* —, s'aplatir; (*of wine, beer, etc.*) s'éventer. **2-flät**, *n.*: surface unie, plaine, *f.*; terrain plat; (*of a house*) étage; (*pers.*) nigaud, niais; (*mus.*) bémol, *m.* **3-flät**, *tr.*: aplatir; (*paint.*) amortir; (*fig.*) affaiblir; *intr.*: s'aplatir. -**ly**, *adv.*: de niveau, à plat; (*fig.*) nettement, clairement.

-ness, *n.*: aplatissement, *m.*; égalité; (*of wine, beer, etc.*) platitude, *f.*; goût éventé, *m.*; (*of sound*) gravité; (*fig.*) insipidité, *f.* **1-ten**, *tr.*: aplatir; aplanir; (*fig.*) affadir; (*mus.*) adoucir. **2-ten**, *intr.*: s'aplatir; s'aplanir; (*fig.*) s'affadir.

-tening, *n.*: aplatissement; aplanissement, *m.* -**ter**, *n.*: (*pers.*) aplatisseur; (*thing*) aplatissoir, *m.*

flätter, *tr.*: flatter. -**er**, *n.*: flatteur, *m.*, flatteuse, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: flatteur.

-ingly, *adv.*: d'une manière flatteuse; avec flatterie, flatteusement. -**y**, *n.*: flatterie, *f.*

flätish, *adj.*: un peu plat.

flätu-lencee or -lency, *n.*: flatuosité; (*med.*) flatulence, *f.*; (*fig.*) vide, creux, *m.*

-lent, *adj.*: flatueux; (*med.*) flatulent; (*fig.*) ampoulé, gonflé. **†-osity**, *n.*: flatuosité, *f.* **†-ous**, *adj.*: flatueux.

flätwise, *adv.*: à plat.

1-fläunt, *intr.*: s'étendre; flotter; (*fig.*) se pavaner, briller; *tr.*: faire flotter, étaler avec vanterie (*or insolence*). **2-fläunt**, *n.*: étalage, *m.*, vaine parure, parade; impertinence, *f.*

1-flavo(u)r, *n.*: (*of meat*) goût, fumet; (*of tea, coffee, etc.*) arôme; (*of wine*) fumet, bouquet, *m.*; (*of flowers*) senteur, *f.*, par-

fum, m. 2. **flavo(u)r**, tr.: donner un arôme à; donner un parfum à; donner un fumet à; donner du bouquet à. -**ed**, adj.: qui a un arôme, un parfum; qui a un fumet, un bouquet, un goût savoureux. -**less**, adj.: sans arôme, sans senteur; sans parfum; sans goût, sans fumet; sans bouquet. -**ous**, adj.: odorant, savoureux; qui flatte le palais.

† **flāvous**, adj.: jaune.

1. **flaw**, n.: défaut, m.; (of a diamond) glace; (in precious stones) paille; brèche, fente; (nav.) risée de vent, f.; (jur.) nullité. 2. **flaw**, intr.: fendre; tr.: se fendre. -**less**, adj.: parfait, sans défaut. -**y**, adj.: qui a des défauts; défectueux.

flax, n.: lin, m. -**comb**, n.: séran, m. -**dresser**, n.: séranceur de lin, m. -**ressing**, n.: peignage de lin; sérantage, m. -**en**, adj.: de lin; blond. -**field**, n.: linière, f. -**grower**, n.: cultivateur de lin, m. -**growing**, n.: culture du lin, f. -**mill**, n.: manufacture de lin, f. -**wench**, n.: fileuse de lin, f. -**y**, adj.: de lin; blond.

flay, tr.: écorcher. -**er**, n.: écorcheur. -**ing**, n.: écorchement, m.

flēa, n.: puce, f. -**bite**, n.: piqure de puce, f. -**bitten**, adj.: mordu des puces.

flēam, n.: (surg.) flammette; (vet.) flamme, f.

flēawort, n.: herbe aux puces.

flēdge, adj.: garni de plumes. 2. **flēdge**, tr.: garnir de plumes.

flēe (pret., part. **flēd**), intr.: s'enfuir, fuir; prendre la fuite.

1. **flēe-e**, n.: toison, f.: golden —, toison d'or. 2. -**e**, tr.: abattre la toison de; tondre; dépouiller; (fig.) écorcher. -**ed**, adj.: couvert d'une toison. -**er**, n.: exacteur, spoliateur, écorcheur, m. -**y**, adj.: laineux, floconneux.

1. **flēer**, tr. and n.: railler. 2. **flēer**, n.: raillerie; grimace, f. -**er**, n.: railleur, m., railleuse, f.

1. **flēet**, n.: flotte, escadre, f.

2. **flēet**, adj.: vite, léger, rapide. 3. **fleet**, intr.: passer rapidement, raser; intr.: fuir, passer; s'envoler. -**ing**, adj.: fugitif. -**ly**, adj.: vite, rapidement. -**ness**, n.: rapidité; légèreté à la course; vitesse, f.

1. **flēsh**, n.: chair, f.: proud —, bourgeois charnus, m. pl.; hard —, durillon, m. **flēsh**, tr.: repaître; essayer, étrenner; endurcir; (hunt.) charner. -**brush**, n.: brosse à friction, f. -**colour**, n.: couleur de chair, f. -**coloured**, adj.: couleur de chair; incarnat. -**day**, n.: jour gras, m. -**hook**, n.: croc, m. -**iness**, n.: état charnu, m. -**less**,

adj.: maigre, décharné. -**liness**, n.: disposition charnelle, f. -**ly**, adj.: de chair, de la chair; charnel. -**meat**, n.: viande, f. -**ment**, n.: excitation, f. -**pot**, n.: marmite pleine de viande, f.; (of Egypt) oignon, m. -**red**, adj.: incarnat. -**y**, adj.: charnu; de chair.

flēur-de-lis, n.: (her.) fleur de lis, f.

flēw, n.: babine, f. -**ed**, adj.: qui a des babines.

flē-x, tr.: fléchir. -**xibility**, n.: flexibilité, f. -**xible**, adj.: qui peut se plier; flexible. -**xion**, n.: courbure; flexion, f. -**xor**, n.: fléchisseur; muscle fléchisseur, m. -**xuōse**, -**xuous**, adj.: sinueux; vacillant; (bot.) flexueux. -**xure**, n.: flexion, genuflexion; (geom.) courbure, f. **flēcker**, intr.: tremousser de l'aile; voltiger; ondoyer; (of a light) vaciller. -**ing**, n.: battement d'ailes, m.; (fig.) vacillation, fluctuation, f.

flē-or, n.: fugitif, fuyard; (mech.) volant, m.; train rapide, m. -**ght**, n.: fuite, f.; vol, m.; (of birds, etc.) volée, f.; (fig.) élan, essor, m.: betake one's self to —, prendre la fuite. -**ghtiness**, n.: légèreté, étourderie, f. -**ghty**, adj.: fugitif; étourdi, léger.

flim-siness, n.: légèreté; pauvreté, f. -**sy**, adj.: mince; mollassé; léger.

flinch, intr.: reculer: — from, se retirer de, fuir, manquer à. -**er**, n.: personne qui recule, f.; réfractaire, m.

1. **fling** (pret., part. **flung**), tr.: jeter, lancer: — away, jeter, prodiguer; — down, abattre, démolir; — out, jeter dehors; — up, jeter en haut; abandonner.

2. **fling**, n.: coup; (fig.) trait, m. 3. **fling**, intr.: (man.) s'écarter; (fig.) invectiver. -**er**, n.: personne qui jette, f.; railleur, m., railleuse, f.

flint, n.: caillou, m., pierre à fusil; (fig.) roche; dureté, f.: — glass, crystal d'Angleterre, m. -**y**, adj.: de caillou; caillouteux; (fig.) dur, insensible.

flippancy, n.: ton léger; verbiage, bavardage, m. -**ant**, adj.: inconsidéré, léger; bavard: — tongue, langue bien pendue. -**antly**, adv.: légèrement; inconsidérément; avec mobilité.

1. **flirt**, n.: mouvement vif, m.; (woman) coquette, f. 2. **flirt**, intr.: voltiger; faire la coquette, coqueter; tr.: jeter, lancer, agiter. -**ation**, n.: mouvement vif, m.; coquetterie; intrigue, f.

flit, intr.: fuir; voltiger.

flitch, n.: flèche de lard, f.

flitter, n.: lambeau, m.; guenille, f. † -**mouse**, n.: chauve-souris, f.

1. **flōat**, n.: chose qui flotte, f.; radeau; (of wood) train; flot, m.; (of a fishing-line) flotte, f. 2. **flōat**, intr.: flotter;

faire la planche; *tr.*: faire flotter.
-board, *n.*: aube, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui flotte; personne qui fait la planche, *f.*
-ing, *adj.*: flottant. **-stone**, *n.*: (min.) pierre flottante, *f.*

flocculent, *adj.*: floconneux.

1. flock, *n.*: troupeau, *m.*; bande; foule, troupe, *f.*; (*of a clergyman*) ouailles, *f. pl.*; (*of wool, etc.*) flocon, *m.*, bourse, *f.* **2. flock**, *intr.*: s'attrouper; se rassembler; se porter en foule; (*of birds*) aller par bandes.

-surface, *n.*: velouté, *m.*

flog, *tr.*: fouetter, fesser. **-ger**, *n.*: fouetteur, *m.* **-ging**, *n.*: fouet, *m.*, coups de fouet, *m. pl.*

1. flood, *n.*: flux, déluge, *m.*; inondation, *f.*: — *of tears*, torrent de larmes, *m.* **2. flood**, *tr.*: inonder, submerger. **-gate**, *n.*: écluse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: (med.) hémorragie utérine; perte, *f.*

flook = *flake*. **-ing**, *n.*: (mines) interruption d'un filon métallique, *f.*

1. floor, *n.*: plancher; (*of a house*) étage, *m.*; (nav.) varangue, *f.*: *inlaid* —, parquet, *m.* **2. floor**, *tr.*: planchéier; jeter par terre. **-ing**, *n.*: plancher; parquet; (nav.) fond, *m.*

Florentine, *adj.*: florentin; de Florence; *n.*: Florentin, *m.*, Florentine, *f.*

floriscence, *n.*: (bot.) floraison, fleuraison, *f.*

floret, *n.*: fleurette, *f.*

floriculture, *n.*: culture des plantes à fleur, *f.*

florid, *adj.*: fleuri; florissant. **-ity**, **-ness**, *n.*: teint fleuri; style fleuri, *m.*; fraîcheur, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière fleurie.

florin, *n.*: florin, *m.*

florist, *n.*: fleuriste, *m. and f.*

florisculous, *adj.*: (bot.) flosculeux.

floss, *n.*: (*of silk*) bourre, *f.*; (metal.) scorie, *f.*; floss dur, *m.* **-silk**, *n.*: soie plate; filoselle, bourre de soie, *f.*; fleuret, *m.*

flotilla, *n.*: flotille, *f.*

1. flounce, *n.*: volant (de robe), *m.* **2. flounce**, *tr.*: garnir de volants.

3. flounce, *intr.*: se débattre, s'agiter; se démener.

1. flounder, *n.*: flet; carrelet, *m.*; plie franche, *f.*

2. flounder, *intr.*: se débattre.

1. flour, *n.*: farine, *f.* **2. flour**, *tr.*: convertir en farine; enfariner.

1. flourish, *tr.*: fleurir; embellir; (*with a pen*) parafer; (*a stick, a sword*) brandir; *intr.*: fleurir; prospérer, être florissant; (*with a pen*) faire des traits de plume; (*mus.*) préluder; (*fig.*) s'agiter; (*in speaking*) parler d'une manière fleurie; faire des phrases. **2. flourish**, *n.*: éclat, *m.*; (*with a sword*) action de brandir, *f.*;

(*rhet.*) fleur, *f.*; (*with a pen*) trait, trait de plume, parafe; (*mus.*) air rapide, *m.*; (*of a trumpet*) fanfare, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui prospère, qui brandit, qui fait de phrases, des traits de plume, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière florissante.

1. flout, *n.*: insulte, moquerie, *f.* **2. flout**, *tr.*: insulter; railler.

1. flow, *intr.*: s'écouler, couler; (*of the sea*) fluier; (*of the tide*) monter; *tr.*: inonder: — *in*, affluer. **2. flow**, *n.*: flux; épanchement, *m.*; effusion, *f.*

1. flower, *n.*: fleur, *f.* **2. flower**, *tr.*: orner de fleurs artificielles, de figures de fleurs; *intr.*: fleurir, être en fleur; (*of ale*) fermenter; (*fig.*) être en vogue. **-de-luce**, *n.*: fleur de lis, *f.*; (*bot.*) iris de Florence; see *fleur de lis*. **-dust**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pollen, *m.*; poussière fécondante, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: figuré; à fleurs; fleuri. **-et**, *n.*: petite fleur; fleur-ette, *f.* **-fence**, *n.*: (*bot.*) poinciane, poincillade, *f.* **-garden**, *n.*: jardin fleuriste; parterre, *m.* **-gentle**, *n.*: (*bot.*) amarante, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: abondance de fleurs, *f.* **-leaf**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pétale, *m.* **-pot**, *n.*: pot à fleurs; vase à fleurs, *m.* **-show**, *n.*: exposition de fleurs, *f.* **-stalk**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pédoncule, *m.*, hampe; queue de fleur, *f.* **-stand**, *n.*: jardinière (meuble), *f.* **-work**, *n.*: fleurs artificielles, *f. pl.* **-y**, *adj.*: orné de fleurs, plein de fleurs, fleuri; (*her.*) fleuré.

flowing, *adj.*: coulant, qui déborde; flottant; (nav.) large. **-ly**, *adv.*: coulant; avec abondance.

flûte, *n.*: (chem.) flûte, *m.*

flûcan = *flocking*.

fluctuant, *adj.*: flottant; incertain; fluctueux. **-âte**, *intr.*: balancer, flotter; être en agitation, fluctuer. **-ation**, *n.*: balancement, doute, *m.*; agitation, fluctuation, *f.*

1. flûe, *n.*: duvet, poil, *m.*

2. flûe, *n.*: voie aérienne, *f.*; tuyau, tuyau de cheminée, *m.* **-oney**, *n.*: fluidité, facilité, volubilité, *f.* **-ent**, *n.*: fil de l'eau, courant, *m.*; (*math.*) intégrale, *f.*

-ent, *adj.*: coulant, aisé; abondant; éloquent. **-ently**, *adv.*: coulant; couramment. **-e-surface**, *n.*: surface de chauffe, *f.* **1. id**, *adj.*: fluide, liquide: *the water is —*, l'eau est liquide. **2. id**, *n.*: fluide, liquide, *m.*: *the blood is an animal —*, le sang est un fluide animal.

-idity, **-idness**, *n.*: fluidité, *f.*

flûke, *n.*: (*icth.*) plie franche, *f.*, carrelet, *m.*; patte d'ancre, *f.*

flummery, *n.*: gelée d'avoine, bouillie, *f.*; (*jest.*) fadaïses, sornettes, *f. pl.*

flunk, *intr.*: (*Am.*) échouer à un examen, être collé; *tr.*: faire échouer, coller.

flunk(e)y, n.: laquais; homme vulgaire, flagorneur. **-ism**, n.: flagornerie, f.

fluor, n.: (min.) fluor, m.: — *spar*, spath fluor.

1. flurry, n.: agitation, hâte, f., désordre; coup de vent, m. **2. flurry**, tr.: agiter, troubler; ahurir.

1. flush, n.: rouge, m.; rougeur, f.; (at cards) flux; (mus.) fredon; (of joy) excès de joie, m. **2. flush**, tr.: colorer; faire rougir, rougir; (sewers, etc.) inonder (pour nettoyer); (hunt.) lever, faire lever, faire partir; animer, exciter, enfler; intr.: rougir; (of the blood) monter au visage; survenir; partir tout à coup; accourir; briller, resplendir, rayonner. **3. flush**, adj.: frais; plein de vigueur; élevé; animé.

-deck, n.: (nav.) pont entier, m. **-er**, n.: (orn.) lanier, m. **-ing**, n.: rougeur, f.; rouge qui monte au visage, m.: *what can be more significant than this sudden* —? quoi de plus expressif que cette rougeur subite? **-ness**, n.: fraîcheur, f.; éclat, m.; abondance, f.

1. fluster, tr.: déconcerter; enivrer à moitié; exciter, échauffer. **2. fluster**, n.: excitation; confusion, f.; emportement, m.

flûte, n.: flûte; (arch.) cannelure, f.: *beaked* —, flûte à bec; *German* —, flûte allemande, flûte traversière. **2.-e**, tr.: (arch.) canneler. **3.-e**, intr.: jouer de la flûte. **-ing**, n.: (arch.) striure; cannelure, f. **-ist**, n.: joueur de flûte, flûtiste, m.

1. flutter, **-ing**, n.: trémoussement; fracas, m.; agitation; vibration; ondulation, f. **2. flutter**, tr.: mettre en désordre; agiter; déranger; intr.: battre des ailes; se trémousser; voltiger.

1. flû-x, n.: flux; courant, m.; dysenterie, f. **2.-x**, tr.: fondre; (med.) faire saliver, donner le flux de bouche à quelqu'un. **3.-x**, adj.: inconstant, changeant. **-ibility**, n.: fusibilité, f. **-xing**, n.: salivation, f., flux de bouche, m. **-xion**, n.: fluxion, f.; écoulement, m.; (math.) fluxion différentielle, f.; infiniment petit, m. **-xional**, adj.: (math.) infinitésimal. **-xionary**, adj.: (math.) du calcul des fluxions. **-xionist**, n.: mathématicien versé dans le calcul des fluxions, dans le calcul différentiel, m. **-xive**, adj.: sans solidité; qui verse des larmes.

1. fly, n.: mouche; voiture de place, de louage, f.: *Spanish* —, (ent.) cantharide, f.; *gad* —, taon, m. **2. fly** (pret. *flew*; part. *flown*), tr.: fuir, éviter, quitter, abandonner; intr.: fuir; s'enfuir; voler, se sauver, prendre la fuite: — *on or at*, se jeter sur, s'élancer sur; — *one's country*, quitter, abandonner son pays; — *away*, s'envoler, s'enfuir; — *off*, reculer,

biaiser; — *back*, faire un saut en arrière, reculer; se dédire; — *back (of the horse)*, ruer; — *open*, s'ouvrir de soi-même; — *up*, monter; — *out*, s'élancer, se précipiter dehors; entrer en fureur; — *into a passion*, s'emporter, se mettre en colère; — *from justice*, se soustraire à la justice; — *in a battle*, tourner le dos; — *for refuge*, se réfugier; — *the kingdom*, émigrer; — *in pieces*, se rompre, éclater, se briser, voler en éclats; — *abroad*, — *about*, se répandre. **-bane**, n.: (bot.)

silène, f., attrape-mouche, m. **-bitten**, adj.: marqué de chiures de mouches. **-blow**, n.: larve de mouche, f.; œuf de mouche, m. **-blow**, tr.: gâter; corrompre. **-blown**, part. adj.: gâté, corrompu, altéré des mouches. **-boat**, n.: (nav.) flûte, f.; flibot, m. **-catcher**, n.: attrapeur de mouches; nigaud; gobemouches, m.; personne crédule, f. (orn.) oiseau qui vit d'insectes ailés, m. **-fish**, intr.: pêcher à la ligne avec des mouches.

-flap, n.: chasse-mouches, émochoir, m. **-ing**, part. adj.: volant; — *camp*, camp volant; — *colours*, enseignes déployées; — *horse*, cheval ailé; — *report*, bruit qui court. **-trap**, n.: (bot.) attrape-mouche, m. **-wheel**, n.: (mech.) volant, m.

1. foal, n.: poulain, m., pouliche, f.; petit d'une bête de somme, m.: — *of an ass*, ânon. **2. foal**, intr.: pouliner. **-bit**, n.: (bot.) chardon aux ânes.

1. foam, n.: écume, f.; bouillon, m. **2. foam**, intr.: écumer; jeter de l'écume; (nav.) moutonner; (fig.) être en colère. **-ing**, part.: écumant; couvert d'écume. **-y**, adj.: écumeux.

1. fob, n.: gousset, f. **2. fob**, tr.: duper, tromper, tricher, frauder.

focal, adj.: focal, du foyer; qui appartient au foyer.

fœcile, n.: (anat.) fœcile, m.: *the greater* —, le grand fœcile (*cubitus*; *tibia*); *the lesser* —, le petit fœcile (*radius*; *péroné*). **focus**, n.: (geom., optics) foyer, m.: *the — of a glass*, le foyer d'un verre; *the — of a parabola*, le foyer d'une parabole.

1. fodder, n.: fourrage, m.; pâture, f. **2. fodder**, tr. and intr.: affourager, fourrager; (nav.) = *fother*. **-er**, n.: fourrageur, m.

fœe, n.: ennemi; adversaire; persécuteur, m.

fœtus or fœ-, n.: fœtus, embryon, m.

1. fog, n.: brouillard, m.; brume; bruine, brouée, f. **2. fog**, intr.: s'exercer obscurément, en petit; traîner; se morfondre. **-gily**, adv.: obscurément. **-giness**, n.: (of the air) état brumeux, obscur, m.; brouillard, m., brume, f. **-gy**,

adj.: épais; brumeux; embrumé: *it is —*, il fait du brouillard.

föh! *interj.*: fi! pouah!

foible, *n.*: faible, *m.*: *wise men know their own — (weak side)*, les gens d'esprit connaissent leur faible.

1.foil, *n.*: feuille (de métal), *f.*, étain en feuilles, tain, *m.*; monture (de pierre), *f.*; ornement, contraste; oripeau, *m.* **2.foil**, *tr.*: fouler; vaincre; déjouer, faire échouer; désarmer; dépister. **3.foil**, *n.*: défaite, *f.*; échec; (*set off*) ornement; (*feuc.*) fleuret, *m.*; (*for a stone*) feuille, *f.*; étain en feuilles, tain, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: vainqueur; qui a gagné quelque avantage sur un autre. **-ing**, *n.*: (*hunt.*) abattures, foulées, foulures, *f. pl.*

1.foin, *n.*: (*feuc.*) botte, *f.*; coup, *m.* **2.foin**, *intr.*: porter, ou allonger une botte.

1.foist, *tr.*: fourrer; interpoler; insérer; intercaler. **2.foist**, *n.*: interpolateur, falsificateur, filou, *m.*

foistiness, *n.*: moisie, *m.*; moisissure; puanteur, *f.*

1.fold, *tr.*: plisser; plier, ployer; envelopper: — *a letter*, plier une lettre. **2.fold**, *n.*: (*fig.*) l'église; plissure, *f.*; pli, *m.*; enveloppe, *f.*: — *of sheep*, bergerie; *two—*, double; *three—*, triple; *a hundred—*, centuple.

3.fold, *n.*: pare (à moutons, etc.); troupeau, *m.* **4.fold**, *tr.*: parquer. **-age**, *n.*: droit de parcage, *m.*

fold-er, *n.*: (*pers.*) plieur, *m.*, plieuse, *f.*; (*tool*) plioir, *m.*

foldiug, *part.*: pliant; *n.*: pliage; faudage. **-bed**, *n.*: lit pliant, *m.* **-chair**, *n.*: chaise pliante. **-doors**, *n.*: porte à deux battants. **-screen**, paravent. **-stick**, *n.*: plioir. **-table**, *n.*: table brisée, *f.*

foliageous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) foliace.

1.foli-age, *n.*: feuillage; (*paint.*) feuille, *m.* **2.-age**, *tr.*: orner de feuillage.

1.-ate, *tr.*: réduire un métal en feuilles au marteau; étamer un miroir. **2.-ate**, **-ated**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) feuillé, muni de feuilles. **-ation**, *n.*: réduction d'un métal en feuilles, *f.*, étamage, *m.*; (*bot.*) feuillaison, *f.* **-ature**, *n.*: état de ce qui est en feuilles, *m.*

folier, *n.*: clinquant; oripeau, *m.*

folio, *n.*: in-folio, *m.*; page, *f.*; le chiffre qui désigne le numéro des pages d'un livre, folio, *m.* **2.folio**, *tr.*: (*print.*) paginer. **-mort**, *adj.*: (*colour*) feuille-morte.

folk, *n.*: gens, personnes, *f. pl.*; monde, *m.*: *they are good kind of —*, ce sont de bonnes gens. **-lore**, *n.*: légendes populaires, *f. pl.* **-môte**, *n.*: assemblée du peuple, *f.*

follicle, *n.*: (*bot., anat.*) follicule, *m.*

follow, *tr., intr.*: suivre; poursuivre; succéder; imiter; s'ensuivre; s'appliquer, s'abandonner; continuer: — *the law*, étudier en droit; *as —*, ainsi qu'il suit; *it does not — that*, il ne s'ensuit pas que. **-er**, *n.*: sectateur, *m.*; suite, *f.*; suivant; dépendant, partisan, *m.* **-ing**, *part. adj.*: suivant: *the year —*, l'année suivante.

folly, *n.*: folie, sottise, *f.*; vice; défaut, *m.*; ineptie, *f.*

foment, *tr.*: échauffer; étuver; animer, foment. **-ation**, *n.*: fomentation.

-ed, *part. adj.*: fomenté; étuvé. **-er**, *n.*: fomentateur; fauteur, *m.*

fond, *adj.*: passionné; (*foolish*) badin, folâtre; vain, fou; (*kind*) indulgent, bon: *be — of*, aimer. **-le**, *tr.*: dorloter, caresser; raffoler: — *a child*, caresser un enfant. **-ler**, *n.*: celui qui dorlote; qui caresse. **-ling**, *n.*: mignon, favori, enfant gâté, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: tendrement; passionnément; à la folie. **-ness**, *n.*: passion; douceur; tendresse, *f.*

font, *n.*: fonts baptismaux, *m. pl.*, source, fontaine; (*print.*) fonte, *f.* **-anel**, *n.*: (*surg.*) cautère, *m.*; (*anat.*) fontanelle, *f.*

fontange, *n.*: (*head-dress knot*) fontange, *f.*

fonticle, *n.*: (*surg.*) fonticule, exutoire, *m.*

food, *n.*: nourriture, *f.*; aliment, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: (*rare*) nourrissant, nutritif; abondant; fertile.

1.fool, *n.*: sot; insensé, niais; nigaud, *m.*: *make a — of one*, se jouer de quelqu'un; *play the —*, badiner. **2.fool**, *tr. and intr.*: se moquer, badiner; tromper, duper: — *one out of his money*, plumer quelqu'un.

-born, *adj.*: niais, idiot de naissance.

-ery, *n.*: folie, sottise; niaiserie; badinerie, *f.* **-hardiness**, *n.*: folle audace; témérité, *f.*

-hardy, *adj.*: téméraire; follement hardi. **-ish**, *adj.*: simple, sot; imbécile; vain. **-ishly**, *adv.*: follement, sottement; folâtement. **-ishness**, *n.*: folie; simplicité; sottise, *f.*

-s-cap, *n.*: papier écolier, *m.* **-trap**, *n.*: attrape-nigaud, pont aux ânes, *m.*

1.foot (*pl. feet*), *n.*: pied, *m.*; patte, *f.*: — *of a pair of compasses*, jambe; — *of a pillar*, base, *f.*; — *of a sail*, fond; — *by —*, pied à pied. **2.foot**, *tr.*: fouler aux pieds; donner des coups de pied: — *stockings*, ressemeler des bas. **3.foot**, *intr.*: marcher, aller à pied; danser. **-ball**, *n.*: ballon, *m.* **-board**, *n.*: marchepied, *m.*; (*of musical instruments*) pédale, *f.*

-boy, *n.*: petit laquais; valet de pied, *m.*

-bridge, *n.*: passerelle, *f.* **-cloth**, *n.*: housse de pied, housse en souliers, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: qui a des pieds: *broad—*, qui a le

pied large. **-guards**, *n. pl.*: les gardes
 royaux à pied, *m.* **-hold**, *n.*: espace
 couvert par le pied, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: trace,
 piste; situation, *f.*; pied, établissement,
m. **-lamps or -lights**, *n. pl.*: (*theat.*)
 rampe, *f. sing.* **-licker**, *n.*: esclave, vil
 flatteur, adulateur, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: la-
 quais; valet de pied; fantassin, *m.* **-pace**,
n.: (*arch.*) palier, *m.*; estrade, *f.*; pas à
 pas; pas, *m.* **-pad**, *n.*: voleur de grand
 chemin; voleur à pied, *m.* **-path**, *n.*:
 sentier; trottoir, *m.* **-post**, *n.*: mes-
 sager à pied, *m.* **-race**, *n.*: course à
 pied, *f.* **-rope**, *n.*: (*nav.*) marche-pied,
m.; ralingue de voile, *f.* **-rot**, *n.*: (*vet.*)
 fourchet, *m.* **-soldiers**, *n.*: infanterie,
f. **-stalk**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pétiole; pédoncule,
m. **-stall**, *n.*: étrier de femme, *m.*
-step, *n.*: démarche; trace, *f.*; marche-
 pied, *m.* **-stool**, *n.*: marche-pied; tabou-
 ret, *m.* **-way**, *n.*: sentier; trottoir, *m.*
fop, *n.*: petit-maitre; freluquet, damoi-
 seau, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: petit fat; dameret;
 freluquet, *m.* **-pery**, *n.*: niaiserie; sot-
 tise; afféterie, *f.* **-pish**, *adj.*: recherché;
 affecté, vain. **-pishly**, *adv.*: avec affec-
 tation; avec vanité. **-pishness**, *n.*: im-
 pertinence; fatuité; élégance affectée, *f.*
1. fôr, *prep.*: pour, par, de, à, pendant,
 malgré, nonobstant que: — *your sake*,
 pour l'amour de vous; — *pity*, par pitié;
 — *the present*, pour le présent. **2. for**,
conj.: car; afin que; aussi bien.
1. fôrâg-e, *n.*: fourrage, *m.*; provisions,
f. pl. **2.-e**, *intr.*: fourrager; piller; rava-
 ger; désoler. **-er**, *n.*: fourrageur, *m.*
-ing, *n.*: fourrage; ravage, *m.*; dépré-
 dation, *f.*
forâminous, *adj.*: troué, percé; plein de
 trous; criblé.
forây, *n.*: incursion, *f.*
forbear (*pret. forbore*; *part. forborn*), *tr.*,
intr.: cesser; épargner; supporter; éviter;
 se dispenser; se retenir, s'abstenir; s'ar-
 rêter; traiter avec clémence; ménager;
 prendre patience. **-ance**, *n.*: abstinence;
 clémence; patience; tolérance, *f.*; mé-
 nagement, *m.*
forbid (*pret. forbade*; *part. forbidden*), *tr.*:
 défendre, interdire; prohiber. **-dance**,
n.: prohibition, défense, *f.* **-denly**, *adv.*:
 illicitement; d'une manière illégitime.
-der, *n.*: personne qui défend, *f.* **1.-ding**,
n.: défense, *f.*; obstacle, *m.* **2.-ding**,
adj.: rebutant; repoussant, répulsif.
1. fôrce, *n.*: force; violence; contrainte;
 nécessité, *f.* **2. force**, *tr.*: forcer, réduire,
 contraindre; violer: — *back*, repousser;
 — *in*, enfoncer, cogner; — *out*, chasser
 de force, débusquer; — *a passage*, forcer
 un passage. **-d**, *past part. adj.*: forcé;
 contraint; obligé. **force-dly**, *adv.*:

par force; forcément; par contrainte.
-ful, *adj.*: puissant, fort, vigoureux.
-fully, *adv.*: par force, par violence;
 fortement. **-less**, *adj.*: faible; sans
 force.
fôrce-meat, *n.*: godiveau, *m.*: — *balls*,
 boulettes, *f. pl.*
fôrceps, *n. pl.*: (*surg.*) pince, *f.*; forceps,
m. sing.
fôrce-er, *n.*: personne qui force, *f.*; (*mec.*)
 piston, foulant, *m.*; — *s*, *n. pl.*, (*surg.*)
 (*to draw teeth*) davier, *m.* **-ible**, *adj.*:
 puissant, efficace, emphatique, fort. **-ible-
 ness**, *n.*: force; vigueur; violence, *f.*
-ibly, *adv.*: puissamment; par force;
 fortement; emphatiquement. **-ing**, *part.*:
 contraignant; (*gard.*) l'action de forcer,
 d'avancer, de hâter, de mûrir les fruits.
-ing-pump, *n.*: pompe foulante, *f.*
1. fôr, *n.*: gué, *m.*; (*fig. and poet.*) fleuve,
m.; onde, *f.* **2. fôr**, *tr.*: passer à gué;
 guérer. **-able**, *adj.*: guéable; qu'on peut
 passer à gué.
fôr, *n.*: (*nav.*) avant, *m.*: — *and aft*, de
 l'avant à l'arrière. **2. fôr**, *adj.*: anté-
 rieur; de devant: — *part*, la partie an-
 térieure; le devant. **3. fôr**, *adv.*: de-
 vant, auparavant, antérieurement. **-ad-
 vise**, *tr.*: avertir, conseiller à l'avance.
1.-arm, *n.*: avant-bras, *m.* **2.-arm**,
tr.: armer, munir, fortifier par avance:
forewarned, forearmed, qui dit averti, dit
 muni; un bon averti en vaut deux. **-bôde**,
tr.: présager; prédire; pronostiquer.
-bôder, *n.*: devin, *m.*; personne qui pré-
 dit, *f.* **-bôding**, *n.*: présage, *m.*; pré-
 diction, *f.* **1.-câst** (*pret.*, *part. -cast*), *tr.*:
 préméditer, prévoir; projeter; concerter.
2.-cast, *n.*: prévoyance, *f.*; pressenti-
 ment; projet, *m.* **-câster**, *n.*: devin,
m., personne qui prémédite ou prévoit, *f.*
-castle, *n.*: (*nav.*) château d'avant; gail-
 lard d'avant, *m.* **-chôose**, *tr.*: élar
 d'avance; choisir d'avance. **-chôsen**,
part. adj.: choisi d'avance; élu d'avance.
-cited, *adj.*: précité; cité auparavant.
-clôse, *tr.*: exclure; forclure; prévenir.
-clôsure, *n.*: empêchement, *m.*; (*jur.*)
 forclusion, *f.* **-conceîve**, *tr.*: précon-
 cevoir. **-court**, *n.*: avant-cour, *f.*
-dâte, *tr.*: antider. **-deck**, *n.*: (*nav.*)
 l'avant d'un navire; gaillard d'avant, *m.*
-dôem, *tr.*: deviner; conjecturer. **-de-
 sign**, *tr.*: préméditer, projeter; prédes-
 tiner. **-ditch**, *n.*: (*fort.*) avant-fossé, *m.*
-dôom, *tr.*: prédestiner; déterminer
 par avance. **-door**, *n.*: porte de devant,
f. **-end**, *n.*: partie de devant; partie
 antérieure, *f.* **-father**, *n.*: aïeul, ancê-
 tre, *m.*: — *s*, aïeux. **-finger**, *n.*: index,
 second doigt de la main, *m.* **-foot**, *n.*:
 pied de devant; (*nav.*) brion, *m.* **-front**,

n.: façade, face d'une maison, *f.* -**go** (pret. *-went*; part. *-gone*), *tr.*: céder, renoncer à, abandonner; résigner; se désister de; précéder. -**goer**, *n.*: aïeul; précurseur; prédécesseur, *m.* -**going**, *part. adj.*: précédent: — *day*, le jour précédent. -**ground**, *n.*: devant; (*paint.*) premier plan, *m.* -**guess**, *tr.*: deviner; conjecturer; pressentir. 1. -**hand**, *n.*: devant d'un cheval, *m.*; partie principale, *f.* 2. -**hand**, *adj.*: fait trop tôt. -**handed**, *adj.*: fait à temps, de bonne heure, à propos; formé en tête, en avant. **fôrehæd**, *n.*: front, *m.*; (*fig.*) audace, assurance, effronterie, *f.*: *low* —, front bas; *high* —, front haut; — *of a horse*, chanfrein; — *cloth*, bandeau, frontal, *m.* -**holding**, *n.*: présage, *m.*; prédiction; bonne aventure, *f.*

foreign, *adj.*: étranger; qui vient de dehors. -**er**, *n.*: étranger; (*jur.*) aubain, *m.* -**ness**, *n.*: éloignement; air étranger, *m.*

fore-imagine, *tr.*: présumer; penser, concevoir d'avance. -**judge**, *tr.*: préjuger; juger par avance; être prévenu. -**judgment**, *n.*: préjugé, *m.*; prévention, *f.* -**know**, *tr.*: connaître, savoir d'avance; prévoir. -**knowledge**, *n.*: prescience, prévision, *f.*

forel, *n.*: (*for the cover of books*) parchemin, *m.*

fore-land, *n.*: (*geog.*) promontoire, cap, *m.*; pointe, *f.* †-**lay**, *tr.*: surprendre dans une embuscade; prévenir; préétablir. -**lock**, *n.*: (*nav.*) goupille, *f.*; toupie, *m.*; cheveux de devant, *m. pl.*: *take time by the —*, saisir l'occasion aux cheveux. -**man**, *n.*: chef; premier ouvrier, contremaître, *m.*; (*of a shop*) chef d'atelier; (*of a jury*) chef du jury; (*of a printing-office*) prote, *m.* -**mast**, *n.*: (*nav.*) mât d'avant; mât de misaine, *m.* -**mentioned**, *adj.*: dont on a fait mention auparavant, ci-dessus, mentionné ci-dessus; (*jur.*) susmentionné. -**most**, *adj.*: premier; le plus avancé de tous. -**name**, *n.*: prénom. -**named**, *adj.*: nommé auparavant; surnommé. -**noon**, *n.*: avant midi; matin, *m.*, matinée, *f.* †-**notice**, *n.*: avertissement, *m.*; avis donné d'avance, *m.*

forensio(al), *adj.*: (*jur.*) du barreau.

fore-ordain, *n. tr.*: préordonner; prédestiner. -**part**, *n.*: devant, *m.*; (*nav.*) proue; tête, *f.* -**pass**, *tr.*: passer devant (or par). -**past**, *adj.*: passé. -**possessed**, *adj.*: pris d'avance; préoccupé. -**rank**, *n.*: premier rang; front, *m.* -**reach**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) dépasser; gagner sur. -**roof**, *n.*: (*arch.*) avant-toit, *m.* -**rûn**, *tr.*: précéder; devancer; présager; pré-

venir; arriver avant. -**rûnner**, *n.*: avant-coureur, précurseur, prélude, *m.* -**sail**, *n.*: (*nav.*) misaine. -**sây**, *tr.*: prédire, présager, prophétiser. -**sêc**, *tr.*: prévoir, pénétrer. -**shâdow**, *tr.*: figurer, représenter par un symbole, à l'avance. -**shâme**, *tr.*: déshonorer, reprocher; accuser. -**ship**, *n.*: (*nav.*) avant d'un vaisseau. -**shôrtén**, *tr.*: (*paint.*) raccourcir. -**shôw**, *tr.*: prédire; pronostiquer; faire voir par avance. -**sight**, *n.*: prévoyance; (*theol.*) prescience; (*of fire-arms*) mire, *f.* -**sighted**, *adj.*: prévoyant, provident. -**sightful**, *adj.*: prévoyant. -**signify**, *tr.*: présager; figurer, représenter par un symbole. -**skin**, *n.*: prépuce, *m.* -**skirt**, *n.*: basque, *f.*; pan de devant; devant, *m.* -**slôw**, *tr. and intr.*: retarder, arrêter, empêcher, négliger; tarder, s'amuser. -**spêak**, *tr. and intr.*: prédire, défendre; parler d'avance; interdire. -**speech**, *n.*: prologue, exorde, avant-propos, *m.* †-**spent**, *adj.*: las, fatigué; épuisé; passé. †-**spûrrer**, *n.*: avant-coureur, postillon, *m.*

forest, *n.*: forêt, *m.*

fore-stake, *n.*: avant-pieu, *m.* -**stall**, *tr.*: accaparer; anticiper; surprendre.

-**staller**, *n.*: monopoleur, accapareur, *m.*

forest-born, *adj.*: sauvage; né dans une forêt. -**ed**, *adj.*: couvert de forêts; garni d'arbres; boisé. -**er**, *n.*: forestier, habitant d'une forêt, *m.*

fore-tackle, *n.*: (*nav.*) candelette, *f.* -**taste**, *n.*: avant-goût, *m.*; anticipation, *f.* -**tâste**, *tr.*: goûter par avance; avoir un avant-goût de. -**têll** (pret., part. *-told*), *tr.*: prédire, présager, prophétiser. -**têller**, *n.*: prophète, *m.* -**think**, *tr. and intr.*: préméditer; prévoir; concevoir d'avance, projeter. -**thought**, *n.*: prévoyance; préméditation; prescience, *f.* 1. -**tôken**, *n.*: présage, pronostic; signe, *m.* 2. -**tôken**, *tr.*: présager, pronostiquer. -**tooth**, *n.*: dent de devant, *f.*; (*the foreteeth*, les dents de devant; les incisives, *f. pl.* -**top**, *n.*: sommet de devant; devant, *m.*, (*head-dress*) fontange, *f.*, tour de cheveux; — *gallant-mast*, perroquet; — *mast*, petit hunier, *m.*

foréver, *adv.*: à jamais, pour toujours; éternellement, constamment.

fore-vigil, *n.*: avant-veille, *f.* -**vôuch-ed**, *adj.*: déclaré d'avance; affirmé ci-devant. †-**ward**, *n.*: (*milit.*) avant-garde, *f.*; premier rang; front, *m.* -**wâr**, *tr.*: avertir par avance; précautionner. -**wheel**, *n.*: roue de devant, *f.*; train de devant, *m.* -**wind**, *n.*: (*nav.*) vent en poupe, *m.* †-**wish**, *tr.*: souhaiter, désirer par avance. -**woman**, *n.*: pre-

mière ouvrière, *f.* †-**wörn**, *adj.*: usé; gâté par le temps. -**wrist**, *n.*: avant-poignet, *m.* -**yard**, *n.*: (arch.) avant-cour; (nav.) vergue de misaine, *f.*

1. **forfeit**, *n.*: amende; faute; forfaiture; confiscation, *f.*: gage; (in a bargain) dédit, *m.* 2. **forfeit**, *adj.*: confisqué; perdu. 3. **forfeit**, *tr. and intr.*: forfaire; manquer; confisquer; perdre: — *one's word*, manquer de parole. -**able**, *adj.*: confiscable; sujet à confiscation. -**ure**, *n.*: amende; confiscation; déchéance; forfaiture, *f.*

†**forfend**, *tr.*: défendre; prévenir; garder de; détourner: *God — that*, Dieu me garde de.

forfex, *n.*: pinces; tenettes, *f. pl.*; ciseaux, *m. pl.*

1. **for-ge**, *n.*: forge, *f.* 2. -**ge**, *tr. and intr.*: forger, contrefaire; falsifier. -**ger**, *n.*: forger, inventeur; faussaire; faux monnayeur, *m.* -**gery**, *n.*: falsification, *f.*; faux, *m.*

for-gét (pret. *forgot*; part. *forgotten*), *tr.*: oublier; perdre le souvenir de. -**ful**, *adj.*: oublieux; négligent. -**fulness**, *n.*: oubli, *m.*; inattention; négligence, *f.* -**ter**, *n.*: celui qui oublie.

for-giv-e (pret. *forgave*; part. *forgiven*), *tr.*: pardonner; faire grâce de, faire remise de; remettre. -**ness**, *n.*: pardon, *m.*; clémence; remise, grâce, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui pardonne, *f.*

1. **fork**, *n.*: fourchette; fourche, *f.* 2. **fork**, *intr.*: fourcher, se fourcher; finir en forme de fourche; *tr.*: enlever avec la fourche; (agri.) fourcher. -**ed**, *adj.*: fourchu; (bot.) bifurqué. -**edly**, *adv.*: en forme de fourche; en fourche. -**edness**, *n.*: fourchure, *f.* -**head**, *n.*: pointe de flèche, *f.*

for-lörn, *adj.*: abandonné; désespéré; délaissé; perdu: — *hope*, enfants perdus. -**ness**, *n.*: délaissement, abandon; état désespéré, *m.*; misère, *f.*

1. **form**, *n.*: forme, figure; formalité, *f.*; banc, *m.*; (of schools) classe, *f.*; (of horses) enclos, *f.*; (of a hare) gîte, *m.*; (print.) forme, *f.*: set a —, composer une forme; take off a —, lever une forme; wash the —, laver la forme. 2. **form**, *tr.*: former; façonner; régler; concevoir. -**al**, *adj.*: formel, précis; affecté; étudié; grave; cérémonieux. -**alise**, *tr.*: modifier; *intr.*: être façonner. -**alist**, *n.*: formaliste; façonnier; faux dévot, *m.* -**ality**, *n.*: formalité; cérémonie; affectation; bienséance, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: avec formalité; en forme, formellement, expressément, par cérémonie. -**ation**, *n.*: formation, *f.* -**ative**, *adj.*: formateur; plastique; qui a le pouvoir de former.

1. -**er**, *n.*: formateur, *m.*; personne qui forme, qui fait, *f.*; forme, *f.*, moule, *m.*; (carp.) fermail, *m.*

2. **former**, *adj.*: premier, précédent, celui-là; passé; ancien. -**ly**, *adv.*: autrefois, jadis; anciennement.

formication, *n.*: (med.) fornication, *f.*; picotement, *m.*

formida-ble, *adj.*: formidable, redoutable, terrible. -**bleness**, *n.*: qualité, aspect formidable. -**bly**, *adv.*: d'une manière formidable; terriblement.

formless, *adj.*: informe, irrégulier, confus.

formu-la (pl. *formulae*), *n.*: (med. and math.) formule, *f.* -**ry**, *n.*: formulaire, *m.*

1. **forni-cate**, *intr.*: commettre fornication; fornicuer. 2. -**cate**, *adj.*: (arch.) arqué, voûté. -**cation**, *n.*: fornication, *f.*; concubinage, *m.*; (theol.) idolâtrie, *f.* -**cator**, *n.*: fornicateur; putassier, *m.* -**catress**, *n.*: fornicatrice; concubine, *f.*

forsäk-e (pret. *forsook*; part. *forsaken*), *tr.*: délaisser, abandonner, renoncer à; se défaire de: — *a vice*, se corriger d'un vice; — *one's colours*, quitter les drapeaux, désertir; — *one's religion*, apostasier. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui abandonne, *f.*; déserteur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: abandon; abandonnement, *m.*; (rel.) apostasie, *f.*

forsóoth, *adv.*: en vérité; ma foi; assurément.

forsweär (pret. *forswore*; part. *forsworn*), *tr. and intr.*: abjurer; se parjurer; renoncer avec serment; renier: — *one's self*, se parjurer. -**er**, *n.*: parjure, *m.*

fört, *n.*: fort, *m.*, forteresse, place forte, *f.* -**alage**, -**aliec**, *n.*: (fort.) donjon, *m.*, forteresse, *f.*

1. **förte**, *n.*: fort, *m.*, côté (or qualité) fort(e), *f.*

2. **förte**, *adv.*: forte.

1. **förth**, *adv.*: en avant; au dehors; au loin: *and so —*, et ainsi de suite, et ainsi du reste. 2. **förth**, *prep.*: hors de, de.

-**coming**, *adj.*: prêt à paraître, approchant, prochain. -**issuing**, *adj.*: sortant; s'avancant. †-**right**, *adv.*: tout droit; en avant. -**with**, *adv.*: incontinent, aussitôt, sur-le-champ; sans délai, tout de suite.

förtieth, *adj.*: quarantième.

förti-flaie, *adj.*: qu'on peut fortifier. -**fication**, *n.*: fortification; place fortifiée, *f.* -**fy**, *tr.*: fortifier; renforcer; armer (de).

†**förtin**, *n.*: fortin; petit fort, *m.*

fortitude, *n.*: magnanimité; bravoure; force, force d'âme, *f.*, courage, *m.*

förtnight, *n.*: quinze jours, *m. pl.*, quinzaine, *f.*

förtress, *n.*: forteresse, place forte, *f.*; (fig.) appui, soutien, *m.*

fortu-itous, *adj.*: fortuit, casuel, accidentel. **-itously**, *adv.*: fortuitement; par hasard; accidentellement. **-itousness**, *n.*: hasard; accident, *m.* **-ity**, *n.*: hasard, *m.*

fortunate, *adj.*: heureux, fortuné. **-ly**, *adv.*: heureusement; par bonheur. **-ness**, *n.*: bonheur; succès, *m.*

1. fortune, *n.*: fortune; destinée, *f.*; riche parti, *m.*, biens, *m. pl.*, richesses, *f. pl.*: *have one's — told*, se faire dire la bonne aventure. **2. fortune**, *v. imp.*: arriver, advenir: *it — d that*, il arriva que. **-book**, *n.*: livre de bonne aventure, *m.* **-d**, *adj.*: riche; fortuné; favorisé de la fortune. **-hunter**, *n.*: intrigant; aventurier; celui qui cherche à épouser une femme riche, *m.* **-teller**, *n.*: diseur de bonne aventure, *m.*

forty, *adj.*: quarante.

forum, *n.*: forum, *m.*, place publique, *f.*

1. forward-ward, *adj.*: vif; entreprenant; hardi; avancé; empressé, prêt. **2. forward**, *adv.*: en avant; (*nav.*) à l'avant. **3. forward**, *tr. and intr.*: avancer, hâter; accélérer; envoyer, transmettre; faire pousser. **-er**, *n.*: promoteur, *m.*; (*of goods*) envoyeur, consignateur, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: ardemment; avec empressement. **-ness**, *n.*: empressément; avancement; progrès, *m.*; ardeur; présomption, *f.* **-s** = *2. forward*.

fosse, *n.*: fossé, *m.*; fosse, *f.* **-way**, *n.*: grand chemin bâti par les Romains en Angleterre, *m.*

fossil, *n. and adj.*: fossile, *m.*: — *salt*, sel fossile. **-ise**, *tr.*: pétrifier; convertir en fossile; *intr.*: se fossiliser.

foster, *tr.*: élever, nourrir; protéger. **-age**, *n.*: fonction de nourrice; éducation, *f.*; salaire de nourrice, *m.* **-brother**, *n.*: frère de lait, *m.* **-child**, *n.*: nourrisson, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: nourrice, *f.*, nourricier, *m.* **-father**, *n.*: père nourricier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: nourriture, *f.*; tendres soins, *m.* **2. -ing**, *part. adj.*: fécondant; tendre; maternel. **-mother**, **-dam**, *n.*: nourrice, *f.* **-sister**, *n.*: sœur de lait, *f.*

fóther, *tr.*: (*nav.*) aveugler: — *a leak*, aveugler une voie d'eau.

fougà'de, *n.*: (*milit.*) fougasse, *f.*

1. foul, *adj.*: sale, vilain, impur; *n.*: jeu faux, *m.*: *a — stomach*, un estomac impur; — *wind*, (*nav.*) vent contraire; — *weather*, gros temps; *run — of*, heurter, aborder par accident; — *action*, (*fig.*) action basse; — *dealing*, conduite déshonnête. **2. foul**, *tr.*: salir, gâter, souiller, barbouiller, troubler; (*of fire-arms*) crasser. **-faced**, *adj.*: laid, odieux, hideux. **-ly**, *adv.*: salement; basement; vilaine-

ment; honteusement; d'une manière dégoûtante. **-mouthed**, *adj.*: grossier; qui tient des discours obscènes; insolent. **-ness**, *n.*: saleté, impureté, laideur, turpitude, *f.*

1. found, *pret. of find*.

2. found, *tr.*: fondre, jeter en moule.

3. found, *tr.*: fonder, poser les fondements de; établir. **-ation**, *n.*: base, fondation, *f.*; fondement, commencement, *m.*; source, *f.* **-ed**, *part. adj.*: fondé, bâti, établi.

2. founded, *part.*: (*metal.*) fondu, jeté en moule.

1. founder, *n.*: fondateur, auteur.

2. founder, *n.*: (*metal.*) fondeur, *m.*

3. founder, *n.*: (*vet.*) fourbure, *f.* **4. founder**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) rendre fourbu, surmener.

5. founder, *tr.*: (*nav.*) couler à fond; (*fig.*) se méprendre; échouer.

found(e)ry, *n.*: fonderie, *f.*

foundling, *n.*: enfant trouvé; enfant abandonné, *m.*

foundress, *n.*: fondatrice, *f.*

1. font = *font*.

2. font, **-ain**, *n.*: fontaine, source, *f.*; jet d'eau, *m.* **-ain-head**, *n.*: source, origine, *f.* **-ainless**, *adj.*: sans fontaine, sans eau. **-ful**, *adj.*: plein de sources.

four, *adj.*: quatre: — *days*, quatre jours. **-fold**, *adj.*: quatre fois autant, quadruple.

-footed, *adj.*: quadrupède, à quatre pieds. **-score**, *adj.*: quatre-vingts.

-square, *adj.*: carré; quadrangulaire. **-teen**, *adj.*: quatorze. **-teenth**, *adj.*: quatorzième. **-th**, *adj.*: quatrième:

the — part, la quatrième partie, le quart. **-thly**, *adv.*: quatrièmement. **-wheeled**, *adj.*: à quatre roues.

fowl, *n.*: oiseau, *m.*; volaille, *f.*; poulet, *m.* **2. fowl**, *tr. and intr.*: tirer, chasser aux oiseaux: *go a — ing*, aller à la chasse aux oiseaux.

-er, *n.*: oiseleur; chasseur aux oiseaux. **-ing**, *n.*: chasse aux oiseaux, *m.* **-ing-piece**, *n.*: fusil de chasse, *m.*

fox (*pl. foxes*), *n.*: renard; rusé, *m.*: *young —*, renardeau, *m.* **-chase**, *n.*: chasse au renard.

-evil, *n.*: (*med.*) alopecie, *f.* **-glove**, *n.*: (*bot.*) gantelée; digitale, *f.* **-hound**, *n.*: chien pour la chasse au renard, *m.* **-hunt**, **-hunting**, *n.*: chasse au renard, *f.* **-hunter**, *n.*: chasseur au renard, *m.* **-ish**, **-like**, *adj.*: de renard; rusé. **-kennel**, *n.*: renardière, *f.* **-ship**, *n.*: finesse, ruse, *f.* **-tail**, *n.*: (*bot.*) queue de renard, *f.* **-trap**, *n.*: trappe, *f.*; piège à renard, *m.* **†-y**, *adj.*: de renard; rusé; roux.

†frac-t, *tr.*: fracasser, rompre, briser; enfreindre. **-tion**, *n.*: fraction; querelle; brouillerie, *f.* **-tional**, **-tionary**, *adj.*: fractionnaire. **-tious**, *adj.*: querelleur:

maussade; hargneux; méchant, chicaneur.
-tiously, *adv.*: de mauvaise humeur.
-tiousness, *n.*: humeur querelleuse; disposition à se fâcher, *f.* 1. **-ture**, *n.*: fracture, rupture, *f.* 2. **-ture**, *tr. and intr.*: casser, rompre; (*surg.*) se fracturer.

frâ-gile, *adj.*: fragile, frêle; faible, délicat.
-gility, *n.*: fragilité; instabilité; faiblesse. **-gment**, *n.*: fragment, reste, débris, *m.*: *chosen —s of an author*, analectes, *m. pl.*

frâ-grance, **-grancey**, *n.*: odeur suave, *f.*, parfum, *n.* **-grant**, *adj.*: odoriférant; qui sent bon. **-grantly**, *adv.*: avec un parfum agréable.

1. **frâ-il**, *n.*: cabas, panier, *m.*: *a — of raisins*, un cabas de raisins secs.

2. **frâ-il**, *adj.*: frêle, fragile, faible, périssable. **-ness**, **-ty**, *n.*: faiblesse, fragilité, infirmité, *f.*

1. **frâm-e**, *n.*: forme; charpente; figure, *f.*; châssis; fût, *m.*: (*of a picture*) cadre, *m.*, bordure, *f.*: (*of a ship*) couples, *m. pl.*; (*of artisans*) métier, *m.*; (*of farriers*) travail, *m.*; (*of mind*) disposition, *f.* 2. **-e**, *tr.*: façonner, former, construire; inventer; exprimer; régler; former. **-ed**, *part. adj.*: formé, fabriqué, fait. **-er**, *n.*: ouvrier, auteur, artisan, *m.* **-ework**, *n.*: ouvrage fait sur le métier; (*of a house*) charpente, *f.*

1. **frâ-nchise**, *n.*: franchise, immunité, *f.*; privilège, *m.* 2. **frâ-nchise**, *tr.*: affranchir; exempter; délivrer.

frâ-ngible, *adj.*: fragile, cassant, qui se brise aisément.

1. **frâ-nk**, *adj.*: franc, libéral, généreux, sincère. 2. **frâ-nk**, *tr.*: affranchir; engraisser.

3. **frâ-nk**, *n.*: franc, *m.*, livre, *f.*; enveloppe d'une lettre affranchie par privilège, *f.*; chrétien, *m.* **-in-cense**, *n.*: encens, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: franchement; sans contrainte. **-ness**, *n.*: franchise, sincérité, bonté, *f.*

frâ-ntio, *adj.*: fou; frénétique; furieux: *— with joy*, ivre de joie. **-ally**, *adv.*: follement; en frénétique; en furieux. **-ness**, *n.*: folie, frénésie, fureur, *f.*

frâ-p, *tr.*: (*nav.*) ceinturer; brider; aiguilleter: *— a tackle*, aiguilleter un palan; *— a ship*, ceinturer un vaisseau. **-ping**, *n.*: (*nav.*) aiguilletage.

frâ-tér-nal, *adj.*: fraternel. **-nally**, *adv.*: fraternellement, en frère. **-nity**, *n.*: fraternité, confrérie, société, *f.*

frâ-tri-cide, *n.*: fratricide, *m.*

frâ-ud, **-ulence**, **-ulency**, *n.*: fraude, tromperie, supercherie, convention, *f.* **-ful**, **-ulent**, *adj.*: frauduleux, trompeur, de mauvaise foi. **-ulently**, *adv.*: frauduleusement; en fraude.

frâ-ught, *part. adj.*: rempli, chargé, plein.

1. **frây**, *n.*: combat, *m.*; querelle, *f.*

2. **fray**, *tr.*: effrayer, épouvanter.

3. **frây**, *tr.*: érailler; *intr.*: s'érailler.

4. **fray**, *n.*: éraillure, *f.*

1. **frê-ak**, *n.*: quinte, fantaisie; boutade, *f.*; caprice, *m.*

2. **frê-ak**, *tr.*: bigarrer; tacheter; varier.

-ish, *adj.*: quinteux; bizarre, fantasque.

-ishly, *adv.*: capricieusement, par fantaisie. **-ishness**, *n.*: boutade; bizarrerie, *f.*

frêck-le, *n.*: rousseur, tache de rousseur, *f.* **-led**, **-ly**, *adj.*: tacheté de rousseurs; plein de rousseurs.

1. **frê-e**, *adj.*: libre, exempt; sincère, franc, libéral; aisé, dégagé; (*nav.*) largue.

2. **frê-e**, *tr.*: affranchir, exempter; délivrer, libérer; dégager: *— one's self*, s'affranchir.

-booter, *n.*: bandit, voleur, pillard, picoreur, flibustier; maraudeur, *m.*

-born, *adj.*: né libre. **-cost**, *adv.*: sans frais, sans dépense; gratis. **-dman**, *n.*: affranchi, homme libre, *m.* **-dom**, *n.*: liberté; immunité; maîtrise, aisance, *f.*

(*of a city*) bourgeoisie, les franchises d'un bourgeois, *f.* **-hearted**, *adj.*: libre, libéral, généreux. **-hold**, *n.*: franc-fief, franc-allu, *m.*

-holder, *n.*: franc tenancier, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: librement, sans contrainte, gratuitement. **-man**, *n.*: bourgeois, citoyen, *m.*

-mason, *n.*: franc-maçon, *m.* **-masonry**, *n.*: franc-maçonnerie, *f.*

-minded, *adj.*: sans souci; libre de soins. **-ness**, *n.*: sincérité, libéralité, candeur, *f.*

-school, *n.*: école gratuite; école publique, *m.* **-spoken**, *adj.*: qui dit librement sa pensée.

-stone, *n.*: pierre de taille, pierre sauleuse, *f.* **-thinker**, *n.*: esprit fort, libre penseur; incrédule, *m.*

-will, *n.*: libre arbitre, franc arbitre, *m.*

frê-eze (*pret. froze*; *part. frozen*), *tr. and intr.*: geler, se geler, glacer, se glacer, congeler, se congeler.

1. **frê-ight**, *n.*: fret, nolis, nolisement, *m.*, cargaison, *f.*, chargement, *m.*

2. **frê-ight** (*pret.*, *part. -ed* or *†fraught*), *tr.*: fréter, affréter, charger, nolisier. **-er**, *n.*: frê-teur, affréteur, *m.*

-ing, *n.*: affrètement, *m.*

1. **Frê-nch**, *adj.*: français: *after the — fashion*, à la française. 2. **Frê-nch**, *n.*: (*language*) français, *m.*

-horn, *n.*: cor de chasse, cornet à piston, *m.* **-ify**, *tr.*: franciser; donner les manières françaises.

-man, *n.*: Français, *m.* **-woman**, *n.*: Française, *f.*

frê-nê-tio, **-al**, *adj.*: frénétique, fou, furieux.

frê-nzy, *n.*: frénésie, folie, *f.*; égarement d'esprit, *m.*

fréquence, **-quency**, *n.*: fréquence; multitude, répétition, *f.* 1. **quent**, *adj.*: fréquent; ordinaire, commun. 2. **quënt**, *tr.*: fréquenter; hanter. **-quëntative**, *n.*: (*gram.*) fréquentatif, *m.* **-quënter**, *n.*: celui qui fréquente; habitué, *m.* **-quënting**, *n.*: fréquentation; phantaisie, *f.* **-quently**, *adv.*: fréquemment, souvent.

fréscq, *n.*: fresque; (*cool*) fraîcheur, *f.*, *frais*, *m.*: **paint in** —, peindre à fresque.

1. **frësh**, *adj.*: frais; récent; vif; nouveau; vigoureux: — **water**, de l'eau douce; — **horses**, chevaux de relais; — **complexion**, un teint vif; — **in my memory**, j'en ai la mémoire toute fraîche.

2. **fresh** = **freshet**, **-en**, *tr. and intr.*: rafraîchir, devenir frais, fraîchir; se rafraîchir, dessaler: **the wind** — *s.* (*nav.*) le vent fraîchit. **-et**, *n.*: courant d'eau douce, *m.*, *crue*, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: fraîchement; récemment, depuis peu. **-man**, *n.*: novice; (*acad.*) étudiant de première année, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: fraîcheur; nouveauté; naïveté; rapidité, *f.* **-water**, *adj.*: malade, inhabile, qui n'a point d'expérience, novice: — **sailors**, marins d'eau douce.

1. **frët**, *tr.*: (*emboss*) bosseler, ciceler; découper. 2. **fret**, *n.*: grecque, *and cf. work*.

3. **fret**, *tr.*: (*rub, etc.*) frotter; ronger; corroder. (*fray*) érailler; (*fig.*) chagriner, fâcher; agiter; courroucer; *intr.*: se chagriner; s'inquiéter; se fâcher; se vexer; s'user, se couper, s'érailler; se corroder; s'agiter; se courroucer. 4. **frët**, *n.*: (*of liquor*) fermentation; (*mus.*) touche; (*of silk*) éraillure; (*fig.*) agitation de l'âme, *f.*; détroit, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: chagrin, acariâtre; de mauvaise humeur. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec chagrin; de mauvaise humeur; avec irritation, avec dépit. **-fulness**, *n.*: humeur chagrine; irritation, *f.*; dépit, *m.*

1. **-ting**, *n.*: corrosif, *m.*; (*fig.*) agitation; commotion; affliction; (*of the skin*) excoécration, *f.* 2. **-ting**, *adj.*: corrosif, corrodant; (*fig.*) chagrinant; inquiétant.

† **frët-ty**, *adj.*: relevé en bosse; ciselé; découpé; (*arch.*) orné d'une grecque; (*her.*) fretté, entrelacé. **-work**, *n.*: ouvrage relevé en bosse; découpage, *m.*; ciselure; (*arch.*) grecque, *f.*

friability, **friableness**, *n.*: friabilité, *f.* **friable**, *adj.*: friable; facile à réduire en poussière.

friar, *n.*: religieux, moine, *m.* **-like**, **-ly**, *adj.*: monacal, de moine. **-y**, *n.*: confrérie, *f.*; monastère, couvent de moines, *m.*

1. **fribble**, *intr.*: s'amuser; se jouer de; chanceler. 2. **fribble**, **-er**, *n.*: freluquet, *m.*; personne frivole, *f.*, moqueur, *m.* **fricassée**, *n.*: fricassée, *f.*

friction, *n.*: frottement, *m.*, *friction*, *f.* **Friday**, *n.*: vendredi, *m.*

frîend, *n.*: ami, *m.*, amie, *f.*; camarade, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans amis; délaissé, abandonné. **-liness**, *n.*: amitié; bonté; bienveillance, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: serviable, d'ami, favorable, propice, utile. **-ship**, *n.*: amitié, affection mutuelle, *f.*

fri(e)ze, *n.*: frise, ratine, *f.*; (*arch.*) gorgerin, *m.*; frise, *f.*

frigate, *n.*: frégate, *f.*

frige-faction, *n.*: refroidissement, *m.*; l'action de refroidir, *f.*

1. **fright**, *n.*: peur soudaine, *f.*; épouvantail, *m.*, épouvante, frayeur, *f.* 2. **fright**, **-en**, *tr.*: épouvanter, faire peur, effrayer. **-ful**, *adj.*: épouvantable, effroyable, affreux. **-fully**, *adv.*: effroyablement, affreusement. **-fulness**, *n.*: horreur, frayeur, *f.*

fri-gid, *adj.*: froid; glacial; privé de chaleur. **-gidity**, **-giddness**, *n.*: frigidité, froideur, *f.* **-gidly**, *adv.*: froidement. **-gorific(al)**, *adj.*: frigorifique.

1. **frill**, *n.*: jabot de chemise, *m.*; fraise, *f.* 2. **frill**, *tr.*: orner d'un jabot, de fronces. 3. **frill**, *intr.*: (*in falconry*) trembler de froid: **the hawk** — *s.*, l'oiseau tremble de froid.

1. **frin-ge**, *n.*: frange; crépine, *f.*; effilé; bout, *m.*, extrémité, *f.* 2. **-ge**, *tr.*: franger; garnir de crépine. **-ge-maker**, *n.*: frangier, faiseur de franges, *m.* **-gy**, *adj.*: à frange, à crépine.

frippery, *n.*: friperie, *f.*, vieux habits, haillons, *m. pl.*

1. **friak**, *n.*: gambade, *f.*; saut, fréttillement, *m.* 2. **friak**, *intr. and tr.*: sautiller, gambader, frétiller, se trémousser. **-er**, *n.*: homme folâtre; inconstant, *m.*; personne qui sautille, frétille, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: folâtrerie; gâté, vivacité, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: fringant, gai, sémillant, vif, enjoué, frétillant, folâtre.

frit, *n.*: (*glass manu.*) fritte, *f.*

frîth, *n.*: détroit, *m.*; estuaire, *m.*, (*of a river*) embouchure, *f.*

fritillary, *n.*: (*bot.*) fritillaire, *f.*

1. **fritter**, *n.*: beignet; hachis frit; ramequin; morceau, fragment, *m.* 2. **fritter**, *tr.*: couper en morceaux; dissiper, consumer: — **away**, morceler.

frivolôty, *n.*: frivolité, *f.*

frivolous, *adj.*: frivole, vain, léger, volage. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière frivole; superficiellement. **-ness**, frivolité, *f.*

1. **frizz(le)**, *tr.*: friser; friser, taper; créper. 2. **frizzle**, *n.*: boucle de cheveux frisés; frisure. **-r**, *n.*: friseur; personne qui frise.

frô, *adv.*: en arrière: **go to and** —, aller çà et là; aller et venir.

fröck, n.: froc; habit, m.; robe d'enfant; blouse, f.; (coat) frac, m. **-coat**, n.: redingote, f.

1. **frög**, n.: grenouille, f.

2. **frog**, n.: (of a horse's foot) fourchette, f.

1. **frölic**, n.: gaillardise, boutade, folie, f.; badinage, m. 2. **frollic**, intr.: folâtrer, badiner, faire le fou; jouer; gambader.

-some, adj.: folâtre, gaillard, badin, espiègle, joyeux, fantasque. **-somaly**, adv.: joyeusement; plaisamment, gaie-

ment. **-someness**, n.: gaillardise, boutade; folâtrerie, gaieté, espièglerie, f.

fröm, prep.: de; de devant; de par; de la part; depuis; dès, par; d'après; (above) d'en haut; (afar) de loin; (amidst) du milieu de; (among) d'entre; (behind) de derrière; (beneath) d'en bas; (beyond) d'au delà; (high) de haut; (hence) d'ici; (thence) de là; (under) de dessous; (within) de dedans; (without) de dehors.

frönd, n.: (bot.) fronde, f.; feuillage, m.

-ätion, n.: (hort.) émondage, m. **-escence**, n.: (bot.) feuillage, m. **-iferous**, **-ose**, **-ous**, adj.: frondifère, feuillu.

1. **frönt**, n.: front, devant, portail, m.; face, façade, f.; (box) première loge, loge de face, f.; (of a building) façade, f.; (room) chambre sur le devant, f. 2. **front**, tr. and intr.: rencontrer, faire face, faire tête; être vis-à-vis de. **-age**, n.: façade, f.; droit de façade, m. **-al**, n.: fronteau, frontal; (arch.) fronton; bandeau, m.

-ed, adj.: à façade; qui a un front.

-ier, n. and adj.: frontière, limite, f.; (town) ville frontière, f. **-ing**, adj.: en face de; vis-à-vis; qui fait face. **-is-**

piece, n.: frontispice, m. **-less**, adj.: effronté, déhonté, impudent. **-let**, n.: fronteau, frontal, bandeau, m.; (artil.) mire, f.

1. **fröst**, n.: gelée; glace, f.: glazed —, verglas, m. 2. **frost**, tr.: glacer; damasquiner. **-bitten**, adj.: gelé. **-ed**, adj.: glacé; damasquiné. **-ily**, adv.: froidement; avec une froideur glaciale.

-iness, n.: froid glacial; grand froid, m.

-nail, n.: clou à glace, m. **-work**, n.: glacé, m. **-y**, adj.: de gelée, glacé; (weather) temps de gelée.

1. **fröth**, n.: écume, mousse, f.; bouillon, m.; crème fouettée, f.; (fig.) vain étalage de paroles, m. 2. **froth**, intr.: écumer; mousser, jeter de l'écume. **-ily**, adv.: avec de l'écume, légèrement; avec futilité; en bavardant. **-y**, adj.: écumeux; mousseux; plein de vent; (fig.) vain, frivole, verbeux.

fröunce, tr.: friser; fronzer.

fröuzy, adj.: sale, gras, moisi, vilain.

fröward, **-ward**, adj.: revêche, bourru, chagrin, pervers, insolent, rude, opiniâtre,

indocile. **-ly**, adv.: méchamment; insolemment; opiniâtrement; avec perversité.

-ness, n.: humeur revêche; opiniâtreté; perversité, indocilité, insolence, f.

1. **fröwn**, n.: froncement de sourcils, dédain; air refrigné; revers, m. 2. **frown**, intr.: froncer les sourcils; être contraire; regarder de mauvais œil, se refroigner. **-ing**, adj.: chagrin, rechigné.

-ingly, adv.: d'un air chagrin, de mauvais œil.

frözen, part. adj.: glacé, gelé, glacial.

fructi-ferous, adj.: fertile; productif, fructifère. **-fication**, n.: fructification; fertilité; fécondation, f. **-fy**, tr. and intr.: fructifier, fertiliser, féconder, rapporter du fruit.

frü-gal, adj.: frugal, économe, sobre, ménager. **-gality**, n.: économie, frugalité; tempérance; sobriété, f. **-gally**, adv.: frugalement; avec économie. **-givorous**, adj.: frugivore.

1. **früit**, n.: fruit, m.; (fig.) avantage, profit, m. 2. **fruit**, intr.: donner, produire du fruit. **-age**, n.: fruitage, m. **-basket**, n.: corbeille à fruits, f.; cuider, cueilloir, m. **-bearer**, n.: arbre fruitier; arbre qui porte du fruit, m. **-erer**, n.: fruitier, m., fruitière, f. **-ery**, n.: fruiterie, f., fruitier, m.; fruits, m. pl. **-ful**, adj.: fertile, abondant, fécond, chargé de fruit, utile. **-fully**, adv.: fertilement, abondamment. **-fulness**, n.: fertilité, abondance, fécondité, f. **-grove**, n.: petit verger; jardin fruitier, m. **-ion** **früi-shun**, n.: jouissance, possession, f. **-less**, adj.: stérile, infructueux, inutile, vain. **-lessly**, adv.: inutilement, vainement, sans fruit. **-market**, n.: marché au fruit, m. **-stalk**, n.: (bot.) pédoncule, m. **-time**, n.: automne, f.; temps des fruits, m. **-tree**, n.: arbre fruitier, m.: wall —, espalier; standard —, arbre fruitier en plein vent; dwarf —, arbre nain, m. **-wall**, n.: (hort.) espalier, m.

frümentä'ceous, adj.: (bot.) frumentacé. **frümenty**, n.: fromentée; bouillie de farine de froment, f.

frümp, tr. and intr.: railler, plaisanter; se moquer de.

1. **früsh**, n.: (vet.) fourchette du pied du cheval; excroissance cornée de la fourchette; suppuration fétide à la fourchette, f.

2. **früsh**, tr.: froisser; casser, briser, rompre.

1. **früsh-trate**, adj.: vain, inutile, nul, sans effet. 2. **-trate**, tr.: frustrer; dissiper; déconcerter; annuler. **-trätion**, n.: privation, f.; insuccès; échec, m.; nullité, déception, f. **†-trative**, adj.: frustratoire; trompeur.

frustum (pl. *frusta*), *n.*: fragment, tronc, *m.*
1. frȳ, *n.*: fretin, frai, *m.*; friture, *f.*; (*fig.*) foule, *f.*; amas, *m.* **2. fry**, *intr.*: frire; fricasser. **-ing-pan**, *n.*: poêle à frire, *f.*
†fūb, *n.*: gros enfant, *m.*
fūcat-e, *-ed*, *adj.*: fardé, déguisé.
fūcus, *n.*: fard; rouge; déguisement, *m.*
fūdl-e, *tr. and intr.*: enivrer, soûler; s'enivrer. **-er**, *n.*: ivrogne, débauché, *m.*
fūdge! *interj.*: ah! bah! **2. fudge**, *n.*: (*triv.*) conte, *m.*; baliverne, sottise, bêtise, absurdité, *f.*, galimatias, *m.*
fūel, *n.*: chauffage; combustible, *m.*: *add — to the fire*, verser de l'huile sur le feu. **2. fuel**, *intr.*: alimenter en combustible; entretenir le feu.
fūgacious, *adj.*: fugace, fugitif; passager, *qui fuit*. **-aciousness**, **-acity**, *n.*: fugacité, volatilité, instabilité, inconstance, *f.*
fūgh! *interj.*: pouah.
1. fugitive, *n.*: fugitif, transfuge, déserteur, réfugié, *m.* **2. fugitive**, *adj.*: fugitif; errant; qui s'enfuit; passager; inconstant. **-ness**, *n.*: fugacité, volatilité, inconstance, instabilité, *f.*
fūgue, *n.*: (*mus.*) fugue, *f.*: *maintain a —*, faire une fugue.
†fūl-e-ment, *n.*: (*mec.*) appui, point d'appui, *m.* **-crum**, *n.*: (*bot.*) soutien, support; (*mec.*) point d'appui; palier, *m.*
fūfil, *tr.*: accomplir, remplir, achever, exécuter; combler, satisfaire. **-ler**, *n.*: personne qui accomplit, remplit, exécute, *f.*
-ling, *n.*: accomplissement, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: exécution, *f.*, accomplissement, *m.*
fūl-gency, *n.*: vif éclat, resplendissement, *m.*; splendeur; clarté, *f.* **-gent**, **-gid**, *adj.*: reluisant, éclatant, brillant, resplendissant. **-gidity**, **-gor**, *n.*: éclat, *m.*, splendeur, *f.* **†-gurate**, *intr.*: émettre des éclairs. **-guration**, *n.*: éclair, *m.*; (*chem.*) fulguration, *f.*
†fū-liginosity, *n.*: (*chem.*) fuliginosité; suie, *f.* **-liginous**, *adj.*: fuligineux, plein de suie; noir, sombre, triste.
1. fūll, *tr.*: (*cloth*) fouler.
2. fūll, *adj.*: plein, rempli, ample, entier; rassasié; (*face*) visage plein: *— stop*, point, *m.*; *— moon*, pleine lune, *f.*; *— meal*, un bon repas; *— eyes*, de gros yeux, *m.*
3. full, *n.*: plein; comble, *m.*; satiété; mesure complète, *f.*; soûl, *m.* **4. full**, *adv.*: plein, en plein, pleinement, tout à fait: *she is — twenty*, elle a vingt ans accomplis. **-blown**, *adj.*: tout à fait distendu, étendu, épanoui. **-bodied**, *adj.*: gros; replet. **-bottomed**, *adj.*: à large fond. **-butt**, *adv.*: en se heurtant; nez à nez. **-dress**, *n.*: grande

tenue; grande toilette, *f.* **-drive**, *adv.*: au grand galop, ventre à terre, à bride abattue. **-eared**, *adj.*: rempli de grains; mûr.
fūller, *n.*: foulon, *m.* **-g-earth**, *n.*: terre à foulon, terre à dégraisser, *f.* **-y**, *n.*: foulerie, *f.*; moulin à foulon, *m.*
fūll-eyed, *adj.*: ayant de gros yeux. **-fed**, *adj.*: gras; bien nourri; dodu. **-grown**, *adj.*: qui est parvenu à toute sa croissance: *— girl*, grande fille. **-growth**, *n.*: crue, *f.*, développement, accroissement, *m.*
fūlling, *n.*: foulage, *m.* **-mill**, *n.*: moulin à foulon, *m.*
fūll-laden, *adj.*: tout à fait chargé. **-nigh**, *adv.*: presque. **-spread**, *adj.*: tout à fait étendu. **-summed**, *adj.*: entier; complet dans toutes ses parties. **-y**, *adv.*: pleinement, entièrement, amplement.
fūlmar, *n.*: (*orni.*) pétrel, pinson de tempête, pinson de mer, *m.*
fūlmi-nant, *adj.*: foudroyant; (*chem.*) fulminant. **-nate**, *tr. and intr.*: fulminer, tonner, faire un grand bruit. **-nation**, *n.*: fulmination, *f.* **-natory**, *adj.*: fulminant, fulminatoire.
fūlness, *n.*: plénitude, abondance, *f.*
fūlsome, *adj.*: dégoûtant; honteux; infâme; nauséabond. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière dégoûtante; d'une manière honteuse. **-ness**, *n.*: dégoût, *m.*; infamie, honte, *f.*
fū-mage, *n.*: fumage; fougage, *m.* **-matory**, *n.*: (*bot.*) fumeterre, *f.*; fiel de terre, *m.*
fūm-ble, *tr. and intr.*: ranger maladroitement; patiner, chiffonner; fouiller; tâtonner: *— along*, aller à tâtons; *— up*, mal plier. **-bler**, *n.*: maladroit, tâtonneur, patineur, *m.* **-bling**, *adj.*: tâtonnant, maladroit. **-blingly**, *adv.*: maladroitement.
1. fū-me, *n.*: fumée, vapeur, exhalaison; (*fig.*) vanité; colère, *f.* **2. -me**, *tr. and intr.*: fumer, jeter de la fumée; s'exhaler, s'évaporer; s'échauffer, s'indigner, être en colère. **-meless**, *adj.*: sans vapeur. **-met**, *n.*: (*hunt.*) (*of the stag*) fumées; (*of the hare*) crottes, *f. pl.* **†-mōtte**, *n.*: (*cook*) fumet, *m.* **-mid**, *adj.*: enfumé; fuligineux. **-migate**, *tr. and intr.*: fumiger; désinfecter. **-migation**, *n.*: fumigation, désinfection, *f.* **-migator**, *n.*: (*surg.*) fumigateur, *m.* **-mingly**, *adv.*: en colère. **-mitory** = *fumatory*. **-mous**, *-my*, *adj.*: fumeux; qui exhale des vapeurs.
fūn, *n.*: badinage, *m.*, plaisanterie; galeté, joie, gaillardise; bourde, *f.*: *for —*, pour badiner, pour rire. **2. fun**, *tr. and intr.*: cajoler; se moquer de.

funambulist, *n.*: funambule, voltigeur, danseur de corde, *m.*
function, *n.*: fonction; faculté, occupation, *f.*; métier, emploi, *m.* -**ary**, *n.*: fonctionnaire, *m.*
fund, *n.*: fonds, capital, *m.*; finance, *f.*: *the public* — *s.* les fonds publics; *sinking* —, fonds d'amortissement. 2. **fund**, *tr.*: affecter des fonds; placer, verser des fonds. -**ament**, *n.*: fondement; siège, anus, *m.* -**amental**, *adj.*: fondamental. -**mentally**, *adv.*: fondamentalement, essentiellement.
fū-neral, *n.*: enterrement, convoi funèbre, *m.*; funérailles, obsèques, *f. pl.* -**nē-real**, *adj.*: triste, funèbre, lugubre, sépulcral.
fungosity, *n.*: fongosité, *f.* **fungous**, *adj.*: spongieux, fongueux, poreux. **fūngus**, *n.*: champignon, fungus, *m.*; excroissance de chair, *f.*
fū-nicle, *n.*: petite corde, fibre, *f.* -**nicular**, *adj.*: (*mec., math.*) funiculaire; (*bot.*) fibreux, funiculé.
fūnk, *n.*: puanteur; étincelle, *f.*; amadou, *m.*
fūnnel, *n.*: entonnoir, tuyau, *m.*; (*of a chimney*) tuyau de cheminée, *m.*
fūnny, *adj.*: bouffon, facétieux, comique, drôle, risible, amusant.
fūr, *n.*: fourrure, pelletterie, *f.*; poil, *m.* 2. **fur**, *tr.*: fourrer, garnir de fourrure; (*a ship*) doubler un vaisseau.
furacious, *adj.*: enclin à voler.
fūrbelow, *n.*: falbala, *m.*; pretintaille, *f.* 2. **furbelow**, *tr.*: orner de falbalas, pretintailier.
fūrbish, *tr.*: fourbir, polir, brunir, éclaircir. -**er**, *n.*: fourbisseur, *m.*
fūrcation, *n.*: bifurcation; fourchure, *f.*
fūrchel, *n.*: (*of a coach*) arçon, *m.*
fūrfur, *n.*: dard de fufuracée, *f.* -**āgeous**, *adj.*: fufuracé; écailleux.
fūrious, *adj.*: furieux, frénétique, outré, insensé. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec fureur; en insensé, en furieux, fureusement. -**ness**, *n.*: furie, rage, frénésie, démence, *f.*
fūrl, *intr.*: (*nav.*) ferler; (*the sails*) ployer. -**igg-line**, *n.*: (*nav.*) raban de ferlage, *m.*; garcette à ferler, *f.*
fūrlong, *n.*: la huitième partie d'un mille anglais; environ 200 mètres.
fūrlough, *n.*: congé, semestre, *m.*; feuille de route, *f.*
fūrnace, *n.*: fournaise, *f.*; fourneau, *m.*
fūr-nish, *tr.*: fournir, pourvoir; (*a house*) garnir, meubler; (*with linen*) fournir du linge; (*with arms*) armer. -**nisher**, *n.*: pourvoyeur, fournisseur, *m.* -**niture**, *n.*: appareil, équipement, *m.*; (*print.*) garniture, *f.*; (*of a house*) meubles, *m. pl.*: a piece of —, un meuble.

fūrrier, *n.*: fourreur, pelletier, *m.*
fūrrow, *n.*: ride, *f.*; sillon; rayon; conduit, *m.* 2. **furrow**, *tr.*: sillonner, rider.
fūrry, *adj.*: fourré, couvert de fourrures.
fūrth-er, *adj.*: ultérieur; autre; nouveau: — *end*, le fond, le bout; — *obligation*, surcroît d'obligation. 2. -**er**, *tr. and intr.*: avancer; aider; favoriser; pousser; appuyer. 3. -**er**, *adv.*: plus loin; de plus; ultérieurement; au delà; encore; outre cela. -**erance**, *n.*: avancement, progrès, appui, *m.*, aide, *f.* -**eror**, *n.*: protecteur; promoteur; patron; fauteur, *m.* 1. -**er-mere**, *adv.*: de plus; en outre; outre cela. 2. -**ermore**, *conj.*: qui plus est, d'ailleurs. -**ermost**, *adj.*: le plus éloigné. 1. -**est**, *adj.*: le plus éloigné; le plus reculé; ultérieur. 2. -**est**, *adv.*: à la distance la plus grande, plus loin; à l'époque la plus reculée.
fūr-tive, *adj.*: furtif; dérobé; secret. -**ly**, *adv.*: furtivement, à la dérobée.
fūrnole, *n.*: furoncle, clou, *m.*
fūry, *n.*: furie, fureur, frénésie, rage, violence, fougue, *f.*
fūrz-e, *n.*: (*bot.*) bruyère, brande, *f.*; genêt épineux, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: plein de bruyères.
fūsarole, *n.*: (*arch.*) fusarolle, *f.*
fūscation, *n.*: action d'obscurcir, *f.*, obscurcissement, *m.* **fūscous**, *adj.*: terne, brun foncé, sombre.
fūse, *intr.*: fondre, se fondre, liquéfier, fuser.
fūse, *n.*: fusée, *f.* 1. **fū-see**, *n.*: fusil, *m.* 2. **fūse**, *n.*: (*of a watch*) fusée, *f.* 3. **fūsee**, *n.*: (*hunt.*) foulées, *f. pl.*
fū-sibility, *n.*: fusibilité, *f.* **fū-sible**, *adj.*: fusible.
fū-sil, *n.*: (*musk.*) fusil, *m.*; (*her.*) fusée, *f.* -**lāde**, *n.*: fusillade, *f.* -**ōer** or -**iōer**, *n.*: (*milit.*) fusilier, *m.*
fū-sion, *n.*: fusion; fonte des métaux, *f.*
fūss, *n.*: fracas, bruit, embarras, *m.*: make a —, faire du bruit, de l'embarras.
fūst, *n.*: odeur de renfermé, *f.*; (*arch.*) fût, *m.* 2. **fūst**, *intr.*: se moisir; sentir le renfermé.
fūstian, *n.*: futaine, *f.*; (*fig.*) phébus, galimatias, *m.* -**ist**, *n.*: écrivain boursoufflé, *m.*
fūstic, *n.*: fustel, fustet, *m.* **fū-tigate**, *tr.*: fustiger; battre à coups de bâton.
fūstiness, *n.*: moisissure; puanteur, *f.* -**ty**, *adj.*: chanci, puant; (*air*) renfermé.
fū-tile, *adj.*: futile, vain; frivole. -**ility**, *n.*: futilité, vanité, frivolité, *f.*; babil, caquet, bavardage, *m.*
fūtteril, *n.*: (*min.*) galerie d'extraction, *f.*
fūttocks, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) courbaton, genou, *m.*; allonge, *f.*

1. futur-e, adj.: futur, à venir. **2.-e or -ity, n.:** l'avenir, le futur, m. **-oly, adv.:** à l'avenir. **-ition, n.:** futuration, f.
fuse, n.: (of a shell) fusée, f.
1. fuzz, n.: particules fines et légères, f. pl.; matière volatile, f. sing. **2. fuzz, intr.:** s'effiler, s'évaporer; voler en petits éclats.
fuzzball, n.: (bot.) vesce de loup, f.
fy! interj.: fi! fi donc! — for shame, fi! c'est une honte.

G

gji, n.: g, m.; (mus.) sol, m.
gab, n.: faconde, f.; bavardage, m.
gabardine, n.: souquenille; redingote, f., caban, balandras, m.
1. gab-ble, intr.: bourdonner; bavarder, babiller, causer, caqueter. **2.-ble, n.:** babil, bourdonnement, bavardage, m. **-ler, n.:** babillard, causeur, bavard, m.
gabél, n.: impôt sur les denrées, m.
gabion, n.: (fort.) gabion, m.
gäble, n.: toit, pignon, m. **-end, n.:** bord d'un toit, m.
1. gäd, n.: coin d'acier, m.; pointe, f.; burin, poinçon, m.
2. gäd, intr.: battre le pavé; rôder; courir çà et là: — about, courir la pretantine. **-der, n.:** coureur, m., coureuse, f. **-dingly, adv.:** en rôdant; en courant çà et là.
gädfly, n.: taon, m.
gäff, n.: gaffe, f., harpon, m.
gäffer, n.: compère, m.
gäffe, n.: éperon artificiel pour les coqs de combat, m.
1. gäg, tr.: bâillonner. **2. gag, n.:** bâillon, m.
1. gäge, n.: gage, m., assurance; jauge, f., calibre, m. **2. gäge, tr.:** gager.
3. gäge = 1. 2. gauge.
gäggel, intr.: crier comme une oie.
gäg-tooth, n.: surdent, f.
gäf-ety, -ly = gayety, gayly.
1. gäin, n.: gain, profit, avantage, lucre, m.; (arch.) gaine, f. **2. gain, tr. and intr.:** gagner; acquérir; obtenir; emporter; (a victory) remporter; devenir riche: — ground, progresser; — over, convertir; — time, prévenir, devancer; — upon, avoir l'avantage. **-er, n.:** gagneur, m.; personne qui gagne, f. **-ful, adj.:** profitable, lucratif, avantageux. **-fully, adv.:** utilement; avec profit. **-fulness, n.:** avantage, profit, gain, m. **-giving, n.:** pressentiment; soupçon, m.; crainte, f. **-less, adj.:** inutile; qui n'est point profitable, sans profit. **-lessness, n.:** inutilité, f.

gallimaufry

gäinly, adv.: facilement; avec dextérité; adroitement.
gäinsäy, tr.: contredire; nier; contrarier. **-er, n.:** contradicteur, adversaire, m. **-ing, n.:** contradiction, opposition, f.
gäinständ, tr.: résister à; réprimer; combattre.
gäirish, adj.: fastueux, brillant; folâtre. **-ness, n.:** faste, brillant, luxe, m.
gäit, n.: port, air, m.; démarche; (of a horse) allure, f.
gäiter, n.: guêtre, f.
gäla, n.: gala, m.; réjouissance, f.
gäla, n.: (astron.) voie lactée, galaxie; réunion brillante, f.
1. gäle, n.: vent frais, m.; (nav.) grain, coup de vent, m.; brise, f. **2. gale, intr.:** (nav.) voguer rapidement; courir devant le vent.
gälea, n.: (bot.) coiffe, f.; casque, m.; (med.) céphalalgie générale, f.
gäleas, n.: (nav.) galéasse, f.
gäleat-e or -ed, adj.: casqué; (bot.) ayant des fleurs en casque, f. pl.
gälöna, n.: mine de plomb; galène, f.
gäleöpsis, n.: (bot.) chanvre bâtard, galeopsis, m.
Galilöan, adj. or n.: galiléen, m., -enne, f.
gällot, n.: galiote; petite galère, f.
gällipot, n.: encens blanc; galipot, m.
1. gäll, n.: fiel; amer, m., bile, f.; (fig.) rancune, malice, f., chagrin, m.
2. gäll, n.: noix de galle, f.
3. gäll, tr. and intr.: écorcher; se couper; se chagriner; fâcher, irriter; harasser.
1. gällant, adj.: gai; bien mis; éclatant, voyant; audacieux, brave, courageux, noble; galant, poli, courtois. **2. gallant, n.:** homme brave, vaillant, courageux; galant homme; galant; amant; homme galant. **1.-ly, adv.:** noblement; généreusement; bravement, courageusement. **2.-ly, adv.:** galamment; poliment, courtoisement. **-ry, n.:** galanterie, intrigue amoureuse; générosité, valeur, bravoure, f. **-sail, n.:** voile de perroquet, f.
gälled, adj.: écorché; foulé; blessé; froissé; piqué; chagriné.
gälleon, n.: (nav.) galion, m.
gällery, n.: galerie, f.; (chem.) galère, f.
gälley, n.: galère, f.; (boat) caïque, f.; (print.) galée, f. **-slave, n.:** galérien, forçat, m.
gälliard, n.: gaillard, m.; (dance) gaillarde, f. **gäl-ise, n.:** gaillardise; galeté de jeunesse, f.
gällicism, n.: gallicisme; idiotisme français.
gälligäskins, n.: chausses larges à l'antique; braies, f. pl.
gällimäufry, n.: galimafrée, f.; gali-

matias, m.; mélange ridicule; salmigondis, m.

gallinaceous, *adj.*: (orni.) gallinacé.

galling, *adj.*: irritant, piquant, mordant, vexant; incommode.

gallingale, *n.*: (bot.) souchet, m.

gallinule, *n.*: (orni.) poule d'eau, f.

gallipot, *n.*: pot de faience, m.

gall-nut, *n.*: noix de galle, f.

gallon, *n.*: gallon (quatre litres et demi), m.

galléon, *n.*: galon, m.: *bind with* —, galonner, border de galon.

gallop, *n.*: galop, m.; *full* —, grand galop; *easy* —, petit galop. **gallop**, *intr.*: galoper, aller au galop. **-er**, *n.*: cheval qui galope. **-ing**, *n.*: galop, m., galopade, f.

gallopie, *tr.*: effrayer, épouvanter, faire peur à.

galloway, *n.*: cheval de petite taille, bidet, m.

gallows, *n.*: potence, f., gibet, m.; (print.) chevalet, m.

galloche, *n.*: galoche, f.

galvanism, *n.*: galvanisme, m. **-nise**, *tr.*: galvaniser.

gambade, *n.*: guêtre, f., housseaux, m. pl., *gamache*, f.

gambit, *n.*: (at chess) gambit, m.

gamble, *intr.*: jouer gros jeu. **-er**, *n.*: filou, joueur, escroc, brelandier, m. **-ing**, *n.*: jeu, m.; maison de jeu, f.

gamboge, *n.*: gomme-gutte, f.

gambol, *n.*: gambade, f., saut de joie, bond, m. **gambol**, *intr.*: gambader, danser de joie, folâtrer.

gambrol, *n.*: jambe de derrière du cheval, f.

game, *n.*: jeu, m.: récréation, f.; gibier, m.; chasse, f.; (*drawn game*) refait, m.; partie nulle, f. **game**, *tr. and intr.*: jouer; folâtrer, s'amuser, se divertir. **-cock**, *n.*: coq de combat, m. **-keeper**, *n.*: garde-chasse, m. **-some**, *adj.*: folâtre, badin; ironique. **-somenly**, *adv.*: en badin; d'une manière folâtre. **-someness**, *n.*: badinage, m.; ironie, f. **-ster**, *n.*: joueur de profession, brelandier, m. **gaming-house**, *n.*: brelan, m.; maison de jeu, f.

gammer, *n.*: commère, bonne femme, bonne mère, f.

gammon, *n.*: jambon; toute-table, m. **gammon**, *tr.*: faire du jambon; embabouiner; (*nav.*) faire des liures; (*at backgammon*) battre.

gamut, *n.*: (mus.) gamme, f.

gänder, *n.*: (orni.) jars, m.

gang, *n.*: bande, troupe; clique, cabale, séquelle, f. **gang**, *intr.*: aller, s'en aller, marcher.

ganglion, *n.*: (anat.) ganglion, m.

gangren-e, *n.*: gangrène, f. **2-o**, *tr. and intr.*: gangrener, se gangrener, être gangrené. **-ous**, *adj.*: gangreneux.

gangway, *n.*: (*nav.*) passage étroit; passavant, m.; galerie du faux pont, f.

gannet, *n.*: (orni.) fou, m.; boubie, f.

ganney, *n.*: (orni.) coq d'Inde, dindon, m.

gant-let, **-lope**, *n.*: gantelet, m.; baguettes, f. pl.: *run the* —, passer par les baguettes; (*nav.*) courir la bouline.

ganza, *n.*: oie sauvage, f.

gaol, *n.*: prison, geôle, f. **-book**, *n.*: livre d'érou, m. **-delivery**, *n.*: élargissement, m.; action de vider les prisons, f. **-er**, *n.*: geôlier, m.

gap, *n.*: brèche; ouverture, f.; vide, m.; (*in a book*) lacune, f.: *stop a* —, boucher un trou; payer une dette.

gap-e, *intr.*: bâiller; s'ouvrir; bayer: — *after*, bayer après, aspirer; — *at*, badauder. **2-pe**, **-ping**, *n.*: bâillement, m.; fente, crevasse, ouverture, f. **-per**, *n.*: bâilleur, bayer, m. **-ping**, *part. adj.*: béant.

gap-toothed, *adj.*: qui a les dents écartées.

garavances, *n.*: (bot.) pois chiches, m.

garb, *n.*: façon, f.; costume; habit, habillement; manteau, dehors, m.

garbage, *n.*: tripailles, f. pl.; curée, f.; restes, m. pl.

gar-ble, *tr.*: trier, éplucher, cribler; (*fig.*) mutiler, tronquer (*a quotation*). **-bler**, *n.*: personne qui trie; qui sépare le bon du mauvais; qui mutilé, qui tronque (*a quotation*). **-bles**, *n. pl.*: refus, dépôt, m.; lie, f.

garboil, *n.*: désordre, trouble, m.; confusion, f.

gard = *guard*.

gardon, *n.*: jardin, m. **2.garden**, *tr.*: jardiner. **-er**, *n.*: jardinier, m. **-ing**, *n.*: jardinage, m. **-mould**, *n.*: terreau, m. **-plot**, *n.*: parterre, m.

gardon, *n.*: (*ichth.*) gardon, m.

gare, *n.*: (*coarse wool*) écrouilles, f. pl.

garfish, *n.*: (*ichth.*) anguille de mer, orphie, f.

gargancy, *n.*: (orni.) sarcelle commune, f.

gargle, *tr.*: gargariser. **2.gargle**, *n.*: gargarisme, m.

garish, *adj.*: trop voyant, extravagant, outré. **-ness**, *n.*: excès d'éclat, m.; extravagance, f.

garland, *n.*: couronne de fleurs, guirlande, f.

garlic, *n.*: ail, m., aux, pl. **-eater**, *n.*: mangeur d'ail; maraud, m.

garment, *n.*: vêtement, habit, m.; parure, f.

1.gärner, *n.*: grenier à grain, *m.* **2.gärner**, *tr.*: engranger; amasser, entasser.
gärnet, *n.*: grenat; (*nav.*) bredindin, *m.*
1.gärnish, *tr.*: garnir; parer, orner, embellir. **2.gärnish**, *n.*: ornement, embellissement, *m.*; bienvenue; parure, garniture, *f.* **-ment or gärrniture**, *n.*: garniture, *f.*; ornement, embellissement, *m.*
gärran, **-rron**, *n.*: bidet; mauvais cheval, criquet, *m.*; rosse, *f.*
gärret, *n.*: galetas, grenier, *m.* **-êcr**, *n.*: habitant d'un galetas; (*fig.*) pauvre cervain, *m.*
1.garrison, *n.*: garnison, *f.* **2.garrison**, *tr.*: mettre garnison dans.
garron = **garran**.
garrality, *n.*: loquacité, *f.*; babil, caquet, *m.* **gärrlous**, *adj.*: babillard, bavard.
1.gärter, *n.*: jarretière, *f.* **2.gärter**, *tr.*: attacher des jarretières; lier avec une jarretière.
gäs, *n.*: (*chem.*) gaz, *m.* **-burner**, *n.*: bec de gaz, *m.*
gasconade, *n.*: gasconnade, hablerie, *f.*
gäs-eous, *adj.*: gazeux. **-fitter**, *n.*: gazier, ouvrier en gaz, *m.*
1.gäsh, *tr.*: balafre, taillader. **2.gash**, *n.*: balafre, estafilade, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: incisé, découpé.
gäsfy, *tr.*: (*chem.*) gazéifier.
gäsköt, *n.*: (*nav.*) garcette, *f.*; raban, *m.*
gäskins, *n. pl.*: large culotte, *f.*
gäs-light, *n.*: éclairage au gaz, *m.* **-meter**, *n.*: compteur à gaz, *m.* **-ömeter**, *n.*: gazomètre, *m.*
1.gäsp, *intr.*: respirer avec peine: — *after*, soupirer après; — *for life*, être près d'expirer. **2.gasp**, *n.*: soupir; abois, *m.*; agonie, *f.*
†gäst, **†gaster**, *tr.*: effrayer, épouvanter, faire peur à.
gästr-io, *adj.*: (*anat.*) gastrique. **-itis**, *n.*: (*med.*) gastrite, *f.* **-onöme or gastr-onömer**, *n.*: épicurien, *m.* **-onömie**, *adj.*: gastronomique. **-önömist**, *n.*: gastronome, *m.* **-önömy**, *n.*: gastronomie, *f.*
gäte, *n.*: porte, *f.*; portail, *m.*; barrière, *f.*: flood —, vanne; (*in ponds*) bonde, *f.* **-way**, *n.*: porte cochère, porte d'entrée, *f.*
1.gäther, *tr.*: cueillir, amasser, ramasser; assembler, rassembler, recueillir; froncer, plisser: — *taxes*, percevoir les impôts; — *breath*, prendre haleine; — *grapes*, vendanger; — *corn*, moissonner; — *strength*, se rétablir, (*fig.*) prospérer, s'affermir; — *wealth*, s'enrichir; — *one's self up*, se ramasser. **2.gäther**, *intr.*: s'assembler, se rassembler; se condenser; s'épaissir: — *to a head*, commencer à

mûrir; être prêt à suppurer. **3.gäther**, *n.*: pli, froc, *m.*; frongure, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: collecteur, quêteur, cueilleur; (*of taxes*) percepteur des impôts; (*of grapes*) vendangeur; (*of corn*) moissonneur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*agri.*) récolte, cueillette; (*for charity*) quête, collecte; (*of taxes*) perception; (*assembly*) assemblée, foule; (*tumor*) tumeur, *f.*; abcès, *m.*
gäud, *n.*: parure, *f.*, ornement; jouet, *m.* **-ery**, *n.*: parure fastueuse, *f.*, faste; ornement, *m.*; bagatelle, babiole, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: fastueusement. **-iness**, *n.*: faste, *m.*; ostentation, *f.*; luxe, éclat, *m.* **1-y**, *adj.*: fastueux; éclatant; trop voyant: *a — day*, un jour de régal, un gala. **2-†y**, *n.*: fête, réjouissance, *f.*; festin, régal, *m.*
1.gäuge, *tr.*: jauger; mesurer; étalonner. **2-ge**, *n.*: jauge; mesure, *f.*; (*nav.*) tirant d'eau, *m.*; (*mech.*) manomètre, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: jaugeur, *m.* **-ging**, *n.*: jaugeage, *m.*: — *rod*, jauge, *f.*
Gäul, *n.*: Gaulois, *m.*; (*country*) Gaule, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: gaulois.
gäunt, *adj.*: maigre, décharné, élané.
gäuntlet, *n.*: gantelet, *m.*
gäuntly, *adv.*: maigrement.
gäuze, *n.*: gaze, *f.*
1.gävel, *n.*: bâton (d'un président = sonnette).
2.gävel, *n.*: tribut, *m.*; corvée, *f.*
3.gävel, *n.*: terrain, *m.*; terre; javelle, *f.*; tribut, *m.*, corvée, *f.* **-kind**, *n.*: partage égal des terres.
gävot, *n.*: (*dance*) gavotte, *f.*
gäuck, *n.*: coucou; sot, niais; maladroit, *m.* **1-y**, *adj.*: gauche, stupide, maladroit. **2-y**, *n.*: grand maladroit, sot, niais, *m.*
gäy, *adj.*: gai, réjoui, joyeux; pimpant; lesté. **-ety**, *n.*: gaieté, gâté, *f.*; enjouement, éclat, plaisir, *m.*; pompe, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: gaieusement, joyeusement; avec éclat.
1.gäze, *intr.*: regarder fixement, contempler. **2.gaze**, *n.*: regard fixe, attentif, d'étonnement, *m.*; d'admiration, *f.* **†-ful**, *adj.*: contemplatif. **-hound**, *n.*: lévrier, *m.*, levrette, *f.*
gazëlle, *n.*: gazelle, *f.*
gäzer, *n.*: contemplateur, spectateur, *m.*
gazëtt-e, *n.*: gazette, *f.*; journal, *m.* **-êcr**, *n.*: gazetier, nouvelliste; dictionnaire géographique, *m.*
gäzing-stock, *n.*: spectacle; (*fig.*) objet de mépris, *m.*
gazön, *n.*: (*fort.*) gazon, *m.*
gëan, *n.*: (*bot.*) cerise sauvage, *f.*
gëar, *n.*: habit, habillement, *m.*; marchandise, *f.*, attirail; colifichet, *m.*; (*nav.*) apparaux, *m. pl.*, drisse, *f.*; (*of a horse*) harnais, *m.* **2.gear**, **-ing**, *n.*: disposition d'une machine, *f.*; appareil, *m.*

gēck, *sot, m.*: dupe, *f.* 2. **geock**, *tr.*: duper, tromper.

gēc, *intr.*: détourner; *imperat.*: hurhau! huhau! hue!

gēse (pl. of *goose*), *n.*: oies, *f. pl.*

gē(e)-hō = *gee*.

gēlable, *adj.*: qui peut goler, gelable

gēlatin, *n.*: gélatine, *f.* -**âtinate**, *intr.*: se prendre en gelée. -**âtineux**, *adj.*: visqueux, gélatineux. -**atine** = *gelatin*.

gēld, *tr.*: (*horses*) châtrer, couper, hongrer. -**er**, *n.*: châtré, *m.*

gēlder-rose, *n.*: boule-de-neige, viorne, *f.*

gēlding, *n.*: hongre, cheval coupé, *m.*

gēlid, *adj.*: gelé, glacé. -**lidity**, -**lidness**, *n.*: gelée, *f.*, froid extrême, *m.*

gēlly, *n.*: gelée de fruits; viscosité, *f.*

gēlt, *n.*: animal châtré; clinquant, *m.*

gēm, *n.*: pierre précieuse, gemme, *f.*; fleuron, bouton; bourgeon, *m.* 2. **gem**, *tr.*: orner de pierres précieuses; bourgeonner; émailler.

gēm-nate, *tr.*: doubler. †-**nâtion**, répétition, reduplication, *f.* -**nî**, *n. pl.*: (*astron.*) Gémeaux, *m. pl.* †-**nous**, *adj.*: double, géminé, réitéré. †-**ny**, *n.*: jumeaux, *m. pl.*; paire, couple, *f.*

gēm-mary, *adj.*: de joyaux; de pierres précieuses. -**meous**, *adj.*: ressemblant aux pierres précieuses.

gendarme (*as in Fr.*), *n.*: gendarme, *m.*

1. **gēnder**, *n.*: genre, *m.*; espèce, sorte, *f.*

2. **gender**, *tr. and intr.*: engendrer, produire; s'accoupler.

gene-alōgical, *adj.*: généalogique. -**ālōgist**, *n.*: généalogiste, *m.* -**ālōgy**, *n.*: généalogie, *f.*

1. **gēneral**, *adj.*: général, commun, ordinaire: *attorney*—, procureur général; *vicar*—, vicaire général. 2. **general**, *n.*: général, chef, *m.*; (*milit.*) générale, *f.*

-**issimo**, *n.*: généralissime, *m.* **gēnerāl-ity**, *n.*: généralité; la plupart; diffusion générale; foule, *f.* -**ise**, *tr.*: généraliser. -**ly**, *adv.*: en général, ordinairement, généralement. -**ness**, *n.*: généralité, grande étendue, *f.* -**ship**, *n.*: généralat, talent de général, *m.*; stratégie, *f.*

gēner-ant, *n.*: générateur, *m.*; puissance productrice, *f.* -**ate**, *tr. and intr.*: engendrer, produire; s'accoupler. -**âtion**, *n.*: génération, race, famille; production, *f.*; siècle, *m.* -**ative**, *adj.*: génératif; producteur. -**ator**, *n.*: générateur, *m.*

gēnerio(al), *adj.*: générique, distinctif.

gēner-ous, *adj.*: généreux; riche; abondant. -**osity**, -**ousness**, *n.*: générosité, magnanimité, libéralité, *f.* -**ously**, *adv.*: généreusement; noblement, libéralement.

gēnesis, *n.*: Genèse, *f.*; (*math.*) génération, *f.*

gēnet, *n.*: genêt, *m.*; haquenée, *f.*

gēnēva, *n.*: genèvre, *m.*

gēnial, *adj.*: naturel; réjouissant; gai, enjoué. -**ly**, *adv.*: naturellement, galement.

gēnicu-late, -**lated**, *adj.*: géniculé, en forme de genou; (*bot.*) qui a des nœuds. -**la-tion**, *n.*: union en forme de genou; nodosité, *f.*

gēniî, *n. pl.*: génies, *m. pl.*

†**gēniô**, *n.*: génie, esprit sublime, *m.*

gēnital, *adj.*: génital, génératif. -**g**, *n. pl.*: génitoires, *m. pl.*

gēnitive, *n.*: (*gram.*) génitif, *m.* **gēnius**, *n.*: génie; talent, *m.*; disposition naturelle, *f.*

gēntēl, *adj.*: de bon ton, comme il faut, distingué, de bon goût, joli, élégant, galant; poli, civil, noble. -**ly**, *adv.*: poliment, galamment, noblement, de bonne grâce, élégamment. -**ness**, *n.*: grâce, urbanité, élégance, *f.*, bon ton, *m.*

gēntian, *n.*: (*bot.*) gentiane, *f.*

gēn-tile, *n.*: païen, gentil, *m.* -**tilism**, *n.*: paganisme, *m.*; idolâtrie, *f.* -**tility**, *n.*: politesse, *f.*; agrément; bon ton, *m.*; naissance distinguée, *f.* †-**tilise**, *intr.*: vivre en gentil; vivre en païen.

gēntle, *adj.*: doux, modéré; léger; gentil; bien né: — *reader*, ami lecteur. -**folk**, -**folks**, *n.*: personnes de bon ton, distinguées, comme il faut, *f. pl.*; gens comme il faut, de condition, *m. pl.* -**man**, *n.*: monsieur, homme de bon ton, comme il faut; (*in the service of a sovereign*) gentilhomme, *m.* -**man-like**, -**manly**, *adj.*: distingué, de bon ton, comme il faut, bien né. -**manliness**, *n.*: bon ton, urbanité, savoir-vivre, *m.* -**ness**, *n.*: douceur; bonté; bienveillance, *f.* -**woman**, *n.*: dame, femme de bon ton, de bonne famille, *f.*

gēntly, *adv.*: doucement, lentement, avec bonté.

gēntry, *n.*: petite noblesse; haute bourgeoisie, *f.*; (*iron.*) braves gens.

gēnuflēction, *n.*: genuflexion, *f.*

gēnuine, *adj.*: naturel, réel, pur, vrai. -**ly**, *adv.*: purement, réellement; naturellement. -**ness**, *n.*: réalité; authenticité; pureté, *f.*

gēnus (pl. *genera*), *n.*: genre, caractère commun, *m.*; espèce, *f.*

gēo-desy, *n.*: (*geom.*) géodésie, *f.*; arpentage, *m.* -**gnosy**, *n.*: science de la terre; géognosie, *f.* -**grapher**, *n.*: géographe, *m.* -**graphical**, *adj.*: géographique. -**graphy**, *n.*: géographie, *f.* -**logy**, *n.*: géologie, *f.* -**maney**, *n.*: divination par la terre, géomancie, géomancie, *f.* -**meter**, *n.*: géomètre, *m.* -**mētric(al)**, *adj.*: géométrique, géométral. -**mētrically**,

adv.: géométriquement, géométrale-
-ment. *n.*: géomètre, *m.* -*me-
trise*, *intr.*: procéder géométriquement.
-*metry*, *n.*: géométrie, *f.* -*râma*, *n.*:
géorama, *m.*

georgics, *n. pl.*: géorgiques, *f. pl.*

geranium, *n.*: (bot.) bec-de-grue, *m.*

gerent, *adj.*: portant.

gerfalcon, *n.*: (orn.) gerfaut, *m.*

germ, *n.*: germe, bourgeon, *m.*; pousse,
f.; (bot.) embryon, *m.*

1. *german*, *adj.*: germain; qui est pa-
rent; qui est proche: *cousin* —, *cousin*
germain.

2. *German*, *adj.*: allemand; *n.*: Alle-
mand, *m.*, Allemande, *f.*; (*language*) alle-
mand, *m.*

germānder, *n.*: (bot.) germandrée, *f.*

Germānic, *adj.*: germanique. *Ger-
manism*, *n.*: germanisme, *m.*

germl-nate, *intr.*: germer, pousser,
bourgeonner. -*nātion*, *n.*: (bot.) ger-
mination, pousse, *f.*

ger-und, -*ündive*, *n.*: (*gram.*) géron-
dif, *m.*

gést, *n.*: exploit, fait, *m.*; action, repré-
sentation, *f.*

gestātion, *n.*: gestation, grossesse, *f.*

gesticu-late, *intr.*: gesticuler. -*lā-
tion*, *n.*: gesticulation, *f.*

1. *gesture*, *n.*: geste; mouvement expres-
sif, *m.* 2. *gesture*, *tr.*: faire des gestes,
gesticuler.

gét (pret. *got*; part. *gotten*, *got*), *tr. and
intr.*: gagner, acquérir, obtenir; rempor-
ter; avoir, tirer, faire, se faire, prendre;
(*buy*, *procure*) acheter, procurer, se pro-
curer; (*become*) devenir, se faire; (*ar-
rive*, *reach*) arriver, atteindre; (*felch*) al-
ler chercher; (*find*) trouver; (*go*) aller;
(*induce*) engager, faire, obtenir de; (*any-
thing bad*) attraper, s'attirer: — *above*,
surpasser; — *abroad*, faire sortir, publier,
devenir public; — *away*, faire retirer;
ôter; s'en aller; s'évader; — *before*, pré-
venir, devancer; — *by heart*, apprendre;
— *clear*, se tirer de; — *down*, descendre,
avalier; — *forward*, avancer, profiter; —
from, tirer; arracher; se tirer, se débar-
rasser; — *in*, entrer, faire entrer, en-
gager; serrer; s'insinuer; — *off*, tirer;
débarrasser; vendre; échapper, se tirer,
s'en tirer; ôter; s'ôter; — *on*, mettre;
avancer; réussir; — *out*, sortir, tirer de,
arracher, faire sortir; — *through* or
over, passer, surmonter, vaincre; — *to*,
arriver, aller, atteindre; — *together*,
amasser, assembler; — *up*, lever, se
lever; monter; — *up again*, relever, ram-
asser; se relever; — *upon*, monter sur;
— *well again*, se rétablir; — *a fall*,
tomber; — *a footing*, s'établir; — *friends*,

se faire des amis; — *ready*, préparer, ap-
prêter, se préparer; — *the better*, avoir
l'avantage; — *with child*, engraisser; —
old, vieillir; — *young again*, rajeunir; —
married, se marier; — *rich*, s'enrichir;
— *made or done*, faire faire; — *mended*,
faire raccommoder; — *to sleep*, s'endor-
mir; — *loose*, lâcher, relâcher, s'échap-
per; — *drunk*, s'enivrer. -*ter*, *n.*: per-
sonne qui gagne. -*ting*, *n.*: acquisition,
f.; gain, profit, *m.*

1. *gēw gāw*, *n.*: babiole, bagatelle, *f.*;
joujou, bijou, jouet, *m.* 2. *gēwgaw*,
adj.: éclatant, voyant, brillant mais sans
valeur.

† *ghāst*, *tr.*: terrifier. † *-ful*, *adj.*: hor-
rible, affreux. -*liness*, † *-ness*, *n.*: pâ-
leur; mine affreuse, *f.*; air terrible, *m.*
-*ly*, *adj.*: de fantôme, pâle, triste, sombre.

ghörkin, *n.*: cornichon, *m.*

ghöst, *n.*: esprit, *m.*; âme; ombre, *f.*;
revenant, fantôme, *m.*: *the Holy* —, le
Saint-Esprit. -*like*, *adj.*: de fantôme;
flétri; pâle, triste, sombre. -*liness*, *n.*:
apparence d'un fantôme, *f.* -*ly*, *adj.*:
spirituel, divin; d'esprit, de revenant,
d'apparitions.

giant, *n.*: géant, colosse, *m.* -*ess*, *n.*:
géante, *f.* -*like*, *adj.*: gigantesque; de
géant. -*ship*, *n.*: grandeur démesurée;
forme gigantesque, *f.*

gibbe, *n.*: vieux animal; un animal cassé
de vieillesse, *m.*; (*mech.*) grue, *f.*

gibber, *intr.*: barbouiller, bredouiller,
baragouiner, parler sans articuler ses
paroles. -*ish*, *n.*: baragouin, jargon,
patois, *m.*

1. *gibbet*, *n.*: potence, *f.*; gibet, *m.*;
croix, *f.* 2. *gibbet*, *tr.*: pendre à une
potence; exposer sur un gibet.

gibbon, *n.*: (*mam.*) gibbon, *m.*

gibbōse, *gibbous*, *adj.*: gibbeux, cornu,
bossu. *gibbousness*, *n.*: gibbosité,
bosse, convexité, *f.*

† *gib-cat*, *n.*: vieux chat décrépît; matou,
m.

1. *gib-e*, *n.*: lardon, sarcasme, *m.*; rail-
lerie, moquerie, *f.* 2. -*e*, *tr. and intr.*:
gausser: railler; se moquer de, se rire
de. -*er*, *n.*: railleur, gausseur, *m.* -*ing-
ly*, *adv.*: d'un air railleur; ironiquement.

giblets, *n. pl.*: abattis de volaille, etc.,
m. pl., petite-oie, *f.*

gid-dily, *adv.*: étourdiment; capricieu-
sement. -*diness*, *n.*: vertige, *m.*; étour-
derie, humeur folâtre, *f.* -*dy*, *adj.*:
étourdi, évanoué; volage, capricieux;
(*med.*) vertigineux. -*dy-brained*, -*dy-
headed*, *adj.*: étourdi, écervelé, volage,
léger. -*dy-paced*, *adj.*: étourdi; qui
erre de côté et d'autre.

† *gif*, *conj.*: si.

gift, *n.*: présent, don; talent, *m.*; grâce; donation, *f.*: *New year's* —, présents du nouvel an, étrennes. 2. **gift**, *tr.*: donner, donner; inspirer. —**ed**, *adj.*: doué; inspiré; illuminé.

gig, *n.*: (toy) toupie, *f.*; sabot; tilbury, *m.*; (boat) chaloupe, *f.*

gigā-tic(al), —**tean**, *adj.*: gigantesque, de géant.

1. **giggle**, *intr.*: ricaner, rire sans raison. 2. —**e**, *n.*: ricanement, *m.* —**er**, *n.*: ricaner, rieur, *m.*

gigot, *n.*: gigot, *m.*

gild (pret., part. —**ed** or **gilt**), *tr.*: dorer; embellir. —**er**, *n.*: doreur; (*Dutch coin*) florin, *m.* —**ing**, *n.*: dorure, *f.*, clinquant, oripeau, *m.*

gil-hooter, *n.*: (orni.) effraie, fresaie, chouette effraie, *f.*

1. **gill**, *n.*: (of fish) branchies, ouies, *f. pl.*; (*mam.*) abajoue; (of the cock) barbe, *f.*; (*bot.*) feuillet, *m.*

2. **gill**, *n.*: (*dial.*) fente, *f.*, ruisseau, *m.*

3. **gill**, *n.*: (*measure*) roquette, *f.*; poisson, *m.*

4. **gill**, *n.*: gléchome, lierre terrestre, *m.*

5. **gill**, *n.*: fille; aimante, *f.*

gillyflower, *n.*: giroflée, *f.*

gilt, *part.*: doré; *n.*: dorure, *f.*; targent, *m.* —**edged**, *adj.*: doré sur tranche.

—**head**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) daurade, *f.*

gim, *adj.*: net; pimpant; bien habillé.

gimblet = **gimlet**.

gimorack, *n.*: joujou, *m.*, bagatelle, *f.*; mauvais mécanisme, *m.*, patraque, *f.*

gimlet, *n.*: foret, *m.*, vrille, *f.*

gim-mal, —**mer**, *n.*: mécanisme, mouvement, *m.*; machine, *f.*, ressort, *m.*; alliance, *f.*

gimp, *n.*: guipure, *f.*; cordonnet, *m.*

1. **gin**, *n.*: (eau de vie de) genièvre, *f.*

2. **gin**, *n.*: (*mech.*) grue à trois pieds; trébuchet, *m.*, trappe, égreneuse, *f.*, machine à égrener (le coton), *f.* 3. **gin**, *tr.*: prendre au trébuchet; égrener.

ginger, *n.*: gingembre, *m.* —**bread**, *n.*: pain d'épice, *m.*

ginger-ly, *adv.*: tout doucement; avec soin; adroitement. —**ness**, *n.*: délicatesse, douceur; tendresse, *f.*

gingham, *n.*: guingan, *m.*

gingival, *adj.*: des gencives.

gingle, etc. = **jingle**, etc.

ginnet, *n.*: bidet, mulet, *m.*

ginning, *n.*: égrenage, *m.*

ginseng, *n.*: (*bot.*) ginseng, *m.*

gipsy, *n.*: gipsy, bohémien, bohème, *m.*; gipsy, égyptienne, bohémienne; sorcière, fine matoise, *f.*

giraffe, *n.*: (*zool.*) girafe, *f.*, caméléopard, *m.*

1. **gird**, *n.*: sarcasme, *m.*, raillerie, ricanerie, *f.* 2. **gird**, *tr. and intr.*: pincer, railler, ricaner.

3. **gird** (pret., part. —**ed** or **girt**), *tr.*: ceindre; lier. —**er**, *n.*: (*carp.*) solive, traverse, *f.* 1. —**le**, *n.*: ceinture, *f.*; ceinturon, *m.* 2. —**le**, *tr.*: ceindre; entourer, environner. —**le-belt**, *n.*: ceinturon, *m.* —**ler**, *n.*: ceinturier, *m.*

girl, *n.*: fille, servante, domestique, *f.* —**ish**, *adj.*: de fille; léger. —**ishly**, *adv.*: en fille.

girt, 1. **girth**, *tr.*: sangler, ceindre, entourer. 2. **girth**, *n.*: enceinte; ceinture, sangle, *f.*; contour, *m.*

gist, *n.*: fin, fin mot; point principal, *m.*

give (pret. *gave*; part. *given*), *tr. and intr.*: donner; rendre; (*an answer, credit, one's compliments, one's love*) faire; (*one's respects*) présenter: — *a call*, appeler; visiter, faire une visite; — *a description*, décrire; — *a fall*, faire tomber; — *a guess*, deviner; — *a look*, regarder; — *a portion*, doter; — *battle*, livrer bataille; — *content*, contenter; — *ear*, être attentif, écouter, prêter l'oreille; — *fire*, tirer; — *ground*, reculer; enfoncer; — *heed*, prendre garde; — *in charge*, charger; faire arrêter; — *joy*, féliciter; — *judgment*, rendre, prononcer jugement; — *notice*, avertir; — *one leave*, permettre; — *one's mind*, s'adonner, s'attacher à; — *place*, céder, faire place; — *suck*, allaiter; — *the slip*, se dérober, faire faux bond, fausser compagnie, s'échapper; — *trouble*, incommoder; — *way*, céder; enfoncer; s'abandonner, se relâcher, s'affaïsser, s'enfoncer; — *away*, donner; — *back again*, rendre; — *forth*, publier; — *out*, distribuer, rapporter, annoncer, se dire; — *over*, abandonner, céder; cesser, laisser, quitter; — *up*, rendre, céder, se dessaisir, quitter, remettre, se désister; — *one's self up to*, s'abandonner; s'adonner à. —**r**, *n.*: donneur, donateur, *m.* —**ing**, *part.*: donnant, etc.; *n.*: donner, acte de donner, *m.*

gizzard, *n.*: gésier, *m.*; (*fig.*) esprit, *m.*, imagination, *f.*

glā-cial, —**ciōus**, *adj.*: glacial, gelé. —**iate**, *tr. and intr.*: glacer, geler; se glacer, se congeler. —**tiōn**, *n.*: congélation, *f.* —**ciēr**, *n.*: glacier, amas de glace, *m.*

glācis, *n.*: (*fort.*) glaciis, *m.*; rampe, *f.*

1. **glād**, *adj.*: content, charmé, bien aise, joyeux, réjoui, heureux. 2. **glād**, *intr.*: se réjouir. —**den**, *tr.*: réjouir, récréer, rendre heureux; se réjouir, s'égayer.

glāde, *n.*: clairière; percée; avenue, *f.*

glādiator, *n.*: gladiateur, *m.* —**diatōrial**, *adj.*: de gladiateur.

glādiolo, *n.*: (*bot.*) glaïeul, *m.*

glād-ly, *adv.*: volontiers, avec plaisir.
-ness, *n.*: joie, gaieté, allégresse, *f.*;
 contentement, *m.* **-some**, *adj.*: enjoué,
 joyeux, réjouissant. **-somerly**, *adv.*:
 joyeusement, volontiers. **-someness** =
-ness.

glādwyn, *n.*: (*bot.*) iris fétide, glaïeul
 puant, *m.*

1-glātr, *n.*: glaïre; halberde, *f.*; blanc
 d'œuf, *m.* **2-glair**, *tr.*: (*bookbind.*)
 glaïrer.

glāve, *n.*: glaive, cimetière, *m.*

1-glān-ee, *n.*: regard, coup d'œil, *m.*;
 œillade, vue rapide, *f.* **2-ee**, *intr.*: étin-
 celer; effleurer, raser; jeter un coup
 d'œil, des œillades; insinuer: — *over*,
 parcourir. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en passant;
 légèrement.

glānd, *n.*: (*anat.*) glande, *f.*; (*bot.*) gland,
m. **-ers**, *n. pl.*: (*vet.*) morve, *f.* **-ifer-**
ous, *adj.*: qui porte des glandes. **-ular**,
adj.: (*anat.*) glandulaire, gland-
 ulaireux. **-ule**, *n.*: glandule, petite
 glande, *f.* **-glōsity**, *n.*: glandes con-
 globées, *f. pl.*

1-glā-re, *intr.*: éblouir; luire, briller;
 regarder d'un œil terrible. **2-re**, *n.*:
 vif éclat, éclat de lumière éblouissant, *m.*;
 lueur, *f.*; coup d'œil perçant, *m.* **-reous**,
adj.: glorieux. **-ring**, *adj.*: éblouissant,
 éclatant; choquant; manifeste. **-riness**,
-ringness, *n.*: nature éblouissante; nature
 choquante, *f.*; caractère frappant, *m.*

1-glāss, *n.*: verre, *m.*; (*window*) vitre, *f.*;
looking —, miroir, *m.*, glace, *f.*; *hour* —,
 sablier; *weather* —, baromètre; *eye* —,
 lorgnon, *m.*; — *es*, lunettes, *f.* **2-glass**,
adj.: de verre. **3-glass**, *tr.*: vitrer.
-bends, *n.*: rassade, verroterie, *f.*
-bottle, *n.*: bouteille de verre, *f.*
-coach, *n.*: voiture de remise, de louage,
f. **-furnace**, *n.*: fourneau de verrerie,
m. **-gazing**, *adj.*: qui se mire souvent.
-grinder, *n.*: polisseur de glaces, *m.*
-house, *n.*: verrerie, *f.* **-maker**, *n.*:
 verrier, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: marchand de
 verre, de verrerie, *m.* **-metal**, *n.*: verre
 fondu, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: manufacture du
 verre, *f.* **-works**, *n.*: verrerie, manu-
 facture de verre, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: vitré, vi-
 treux; fragile.

glaucoma, *n.*: (*med.*) opacité de la cris-
 tallin, *f.*; glaucome, *m.* **glaucons**,
adj.: glauque; verdâtre.

glāve = glaive.

glāze, *tr. and intr.*: vitrer, vernir;
 glacer.

glāzier, *n.*: vitrier, *m.*

1-glēam, *n.*: rayon, *m.*; lueur, vive
 clarté, *f.* **2-gleam**, *intr.*: rayonner,
 briller, luire. **-y**, *ing*, *adj.*: étincelant,
 brillant.

glēan, *tr. and intr.*: glaner; grappiller.
-er, *n.*: glaneur, grappilleur, *m.* **-ing**,
 glanage, *m.*; glanure, *f.*

glēb-e, *n.*: glèbe; terre, *f.*; sol, *m.* **-ous**,
-y, *adj.*: de gazon; plein de tourbe.

glède, *n.*: (*orni.*) milan, *m.*

glée, *n.*: gaillardise, joie; (*mus.*) chan-
 son à reprise, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: joyeux, gai.

†glōek, *intr.*: ricaner; se moquer.

1-glōet, *n.*: sanie; blennorrhée, *f.*; pus,
m. **2-gleet**, *intr.*: produire de la sanie;
 dégoutter. **-y**, *adj.*: sanieux; ichoreux.

glōn, *n.*: vallon, *m.*, vallée, *f.*

glōne, *n.*: (*anat.*) fosse, cavité glénoïde,
 glénoïdale, *f.*; orbite, *m.*, *f.*; pupille de
 l'œil, *f.*

glōw = glue.

1-glib, *adj.*: coulant; glissant: — *tongue*,
 langue bien pendue. **2-glib**, *tr.*: châ-
 trer; rendre coulant. **-ly**, *adv.*: coulame-
 nt. **-ness**, *n.*: volubilité, *f.*; cours, *m.*

glide, *intr.*: couler doucement; glisser.

1-glimmer, *intr.*: entreluire, luire faible-
 ment; (*of day-break*) poindre. **2-glim-**
mer, *n.*: lueur, *f.*; faible rayon, *m.*

-ing, *n.*: lueur, *f.*, faible rayon, *m.*

1-glimpse, *n.*: sillon de lumière, *m.*;
 lueur, *f.*; reflet; rayon, *m.* **2-glimpse**,
intr.: paraître par lueurs.

glis-ten, *intr.*: étinceler, briller, reluire,
 éclater; rayonner. **1-tening**, *n.*: lueur,
f.; éclat, *m.* **2-tening**, *adj.*: luisant,
 brillant. **-ter**, **-tering** = **-ten**, **-tening**.

1-glitter, *intr.*: éclater, briller, reluire,
 étinceler. **2-glitter**, *n.*: éclat, lustre,
m.; splendeur, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: brillant,
 luisant, étincelant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec
 éclat.

glōar, *intr.*: loucher; regarder de tra-
 vers.

glōat, *intr.*: jeter des œillades, couvrir
 des yeux.

†glōbard, *n.*: lampyre, ver luisant, *m.*

glō-bate, **-bated**, *adj.*: sphérique, en
 globe, globeux. **1-be**, *n.*: globe, *m.*;
 sphère, boule, *f.* **2-be**, *tr.*: arrondir en
 forme de globe; mettre en boule. **-bōse**,
-bous, *adj.*: sphérique, globuleux, rond;
 (*bot.*) globeux. **-bōsity**, *n.*: rondeur,
 sphéricité.

glōbu-lar, *adj.*: globuleux, sphérique.

-le, *n.*: globule; petit corps sphérique, *m.*

glōmer-ate, *tr.*: assembler; arrondir;
 mettre en peloton. **†-ous**, *adj.*: pelo-
 tonné; (*anat.*) congloméré.

1-glōom, *n.*: obscurité, *f.*; chagrin, *m.*;
 tristesse, *f.* **2-gloom**, *intr.*: être obs-
 cur; s'attrister. **-ily**, *adv.*: obscuré-
 ment; d'un air triste. **-iness**, *n.*: obs-
 curité; tristesse, *f.*; air sombre, *m.* **-y**,
adj.: sombre, obscur; triste.

glōri-fication, *n.*: glorification; action

de rendre gloire, *f.* -**fy**, *tr.*: glorifier; exalter; honorer.

glô-ri-ous, *adj.*: glorieux; illustre; superbe. -**ri-ously**, *adv.*: glorieusement; avec gloire. 1.-**ry**, *n.*: gloire, honneur; (*paint.*) auréole, gloire, *f.*, nimbe, *m.* 2.-**ry**, *intr.*: se faire gloire, se glorifier.

1.**glôss**, *n.*: luisant, éclat, vernis, *m.*; (*of stuffs*) lustre, *m.* 2.**gloss**, *intr.*: lustrer; donner de l'éclat: — *over*, masquer, colorer.

3.**glôss**, *n.*: glose, *f.* 4.**gloss**, *tr.*: gloser; interpréter. -**ary**, *n.*: glosaire; dictionnaire de mots obscurs, *m.* -**er**, -**arist**, *n.*: glossateur; commentateur; apprêteur, *m.*

glôs-siness, *n.*: poli, lustré, brillant, apprêt, *m.* -**sy**, *adj.*: lustré, poli, éclatant, luisant.

glôt-tis, *n.*: (*anat.*) glotte, *f.*

glôut, *intr.*: boudier, se refroger; regarder de mauvais œil.

1.**glôv-e**, *n.*: gant, *m.* 2.-**e**, *tr.*: ganter. -**er**, *n.*: gantier, *m.* -**e-stick**, *n.*: baguette à gants, *f.*; tourne-gants, *m.*

1.**glôir**, *intr.*: brûler, être embrasé; briller, luire. 2.**glow**, *n.*: chaleur; ardeur, *f.*; feu, éclat, *m.* -**ing**, *éclatant*; brûlant, embrasé; ardent, animé. -**ingly**, *adv.*: vivement, chaleureusement, avec ardeur. -**worm**, *n.*: ver luisant, *m.*

glôz-e, *tr. and intr.*: flatter; cajoler, caresser; gloser. -**er**, *n.*: flatteur, cajoleur, *m.*

1.**glû-e**, *tr.*: colle forte, *f.*: *fish—*, colle de poisson, *f.* 2.-**e**, *intr.*: coller; attacher, unir. -**boiler**, *n.*: fabricant de colle forte, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: colleur, *m.* -**ey**, -**ish**, *adj.*: gluant, collant, visqueux, glutineux.

glûm, *adj.*: chagrin, de mauvaise humeur.

glûme, *n.*: (*bot.*) glume, balle, *f.*

1.**glût**, *tr. and intr.*: avaler, gorger, soûler; se rassasier; assouvir, s'assouvir; repaître, se repaître: — *one's self*, se gorger.

glûteal, *adj.*: (*anat.*) fessier.

glû-ten, *n.*: gluten, *m.* -**tinous**, *adj.*: glutineux, gluant, visqueux. -**tinousness**, *n.*: viscosité, *f.*

glûtton, *n.*: gourmand, glouton, *m.* -**ish**, *intr.*: être glouton. -**ous**, *adj.*: glouton, gourmand, goulu, vorace. -**ously**, *adv.*: en glouton, en gourmand, goulûment. -**y**, *n.*: gourmandise, gloutonnerie, *f.*

glÿn = *glen*.

glÿptics, *n.*: art de graver en pierres précieuses, *m.*; glyptique, *f.*

gnârl, *intr.*: murmurer, gronder; être revêché, bourru rebours. -**ed**, -**y**, *adj.*: noueux; plein de nœuds.

gnâsh, *tr.*: grincer les dents. -**ing**, *n.*: grincement de dents, *m.*

gnât, *n.*: (*ent.*) cousin; moucheron, *m.* -**snapper**, *n.*: (*orni.*) pivoine, gobe-mouche, *m.*

gnâw, *tr.*: ronger; corroder; mordre. -**er**, *n.*: rongeur, *m.* 1.-**ing**, *n.*: rongement, *m.*; corrosion, *f.* 2.-**ing**, *adj.*: corrosif, rongean.

gneis, *n.*: (*min.*) gneiss, *m.*

gnô-me, *n.*: gnome, *m.*, gnomide, *f.*; esprit, *m.* -**mon**, *n.*: style de cadran solaire, *m.* -**mô-nics**, *n.*: gnomonique, *f.*

gnôstic, *n.*: gnostique, *m.*

gô (*pret. went*; *part. gone*), *intr.*: aller, s'en aller; passer; partir, marcher: — *about*, faire le tour, se détourner; entreprendre: — *abroad*, sortir, partir, voyager; — *against*, s'opposer, avoir de la répugnance; — *along*, poursuivre son chemin, accompagner, passer; — *ashore*, débarquer, aborder; — *aside*, se mettre de côté; — *astray*, s'égarer; — *asunder*, aller séparément; — *away*, s'en aller, se retirer, sortir; — *back*, reculer, s'en retourner; — *backwards*, reculer; — *backwards and forwards*, aller et venir, se contredire; — *beyond*, passer, surpasser; — *by*, passer auprès, passer; se régler; souffrir; devancer, surpasser; — *down*, descendre, se coucher; faler; rétrograder; — *for*, aller chercher, passer pour; — *forth*, sortir; — *forward*, avancer, pousser, profiter, poursuivre; — *from*, quitter, partir de; — *from the matter*, s'écarter; — *halves*, être de moitié; — *in*, entrer; — *near*, approcher; — *off*, quitter; tirer; (*of goods*) — *off*, se vendre, s'écouler; — *on*, avancer, continuer; — *out*, sortir; s'éteindre; — *over*, passer, traverser; — *through*, passer, passer au travers, enfilier, percer, fendre; subir, souffrir; — *up*, monter; — *up and down*, courir de côté et d'autre; — *upon*, entreprendre, se fonder; — *with*, accompagner; — *without*, se passer de.

1.**gôad**, *n.*: aiguillon de bouvier, aiguillade, *f.* 2.**goad**, *tr.*: aiguillonner, piquer; (*fig.*) exciter.

gôal, *n.*: but, terme; point de départ, *m.*

gôat, *n.*: chèvre, *f.*: *he—*, bouc, *m.*; *she—*, chèvre, *f.* -**herd**, *n.*: chevrier, *m.* -**ish**, *adj.*: lascif, de bouc. -**suck-er**, *n.*: (*orni.*) crapaud volant, tette-chèvre, engoulevent, *m.*

gôbbel-e, *tr.*: gober; fagoter; avaler. -**er**, *n.*: glouton, goulu, avaleur, dindon, *m.*

gôbetween, *n.*: médiateur; courtier; entremetteur, *m.*, entremetteuse, *f.*

gôblet, *n.*: gobelet, *m.*; coupe, *f.*

gôblin, *n.*: lutin, spectre, goblin, fantôme, *m.*

gô-by, *n.*: mauvaise raison, défaite, *f.*, détour, artifice, *m.*; action d'éluder; de passer sans faire attention; d'écarter; de repousser; de changer, *f.* **-cart**, *n.*: roulette d'enfant (pour apprendre aux petits enfants à marcher), *f.*

Gôd, *n.*: Dieu, *m.*: *would to —*, plutôt à Dieu! **-child**, *n.*: filleul, *m.*, filleule, *f.* **-daughter**, *n.*: filleule, *f.* **-dess**, *n.*: déesse, divinité, *f.* **-father**, *n.*: parrain, *m.* **-head**, *n.*: divinité, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: athée, impie. **-like**, *adj.*: divin. **-liness**, *n.*: sainteté, piété, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*: divinité inférieure, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: pieux, dévot, saint. **-ly**, *adv.*: religieusement, dévotement. **-ly-head**, *n.*: bonté, équité, *f.* **-mother**, *n.*: marraine, *f.* **-ship**, *n.*: divinité, *f.* **-son**, *n.*: filleul, *m.* **-ward wêrd**, *adv.*: vers, envers Dieu.

gôdwit, *n.*: (orn.) francolin, *m.*, barge, *f.* **gôer**, *n.*: marcheur: *comers and —s*, allants et venants; *play—*, amateur du théâtre, *m.*

gôggle, *intr.*: regarder de travers, loucher. **-eyed**, *adj.*: louche; aux grands yeux. **-s**, *n. pl.*: lunettes, *f. pl.*; (for horses) cellières, *f. pl.*

gôing, *n.*: marche, démarche, allure, *f.*

gôiter or -tre, *n.*: (med.) goître, *m.*

gôla, *n.*: (arch.) cymaise, doucine, *f.*

gôld, *n.*: or, *m.*: *a — mine*, une mine d'or; *a — ring*, un anneau d'or. **-beater**, *n.*:

batteur d'or, *m.* **-beater's-skin**, *n.*: baudruche, *f.* **-bound**, *adj.*: couvert d'or, entouré d'or. **-digger**, *n.*: chercheur d'or, *m.* **-drawer**, *n.*: tireur d'or, *m.* **-dust**, *n.*: poudre d'or, *f.* **-en**, *adj.*: d'or. **-enly**, *adv.*: splendidement.

-finch, *n.*: (orn.) chardonneret, *m.* **-finder**, *n.*: orpailleur; (*irony*) vidangeur, *m.* **-finer**, *n.*: affineur d'or, *m.*

-fish, *n.*: (*ichth.*) poisson rouge, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: pomme qui a la chair rougeâtre, *f.*

-plate, *n.*: vaisselle d'or, *f.* **-smith**, *n.*: orfèvre, *m.* **-spink**, *n.*: (orn.) bruant commun, *m.*

gôme, *n.*: cambouis, *m.*

†gomphôsis, *n.*: (*anat.*) gomphose, articulation immobile des os, *f.*

gôn-dôla, *n.*: gondole, *f.* **-dôliër**, *n.*: gondolier, *m.*

gône, *past. part. of to go*: allé, parti: *he is —*, il s'en est allé; (*dead*) mort.

gôn-falon or gôn-fanon, *n.*: (*her.*) gonfalon, gonfanon; *†drapau*, étendard, *m.*

goniômetry, *n.*: goniométrie, *f.*

gonorrhœa-rêa, *n.*: (*med.*) gonorrhée, *f.*

1.gôod, *adj.*: bon, d'un bon naturel, honnête; convenable; solide. **2.good**, *n.*:

bien; avantage; profit, *m.*; utilité, *f. pl.*; biens, effets, meubles, *m. pl.*; marchan-

dises, *pl.* **3-good**, *adv.*: bien, bon: *very —*, fort bien; *as —*, aussi bien. **4-good!** *interj.*: eh bien! eh! de grâce!

-breeding, *n.*: éducation, politesse, *f.* **-conditioned**, *adj.*: bien conditionné; en bon état. **-Friday**, *n.*: vendredi

saint, *m.* **-humour**, *n.*: bonne humeur, *f.*, enjouement, *m.* **-humoured**, *adj.*:

de bonne humeur, enjoué. **-liness**, *n.*: beauté, grâce, *f.* **-luck**, *n.*: bonheur, *m.*, prospérité, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: beau, bel, joli, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: bon homme, com-

père, *m.* **-nature**, *n.*: bonté, bonhomie, humanité, complaisance, *f.* **-nured**, *adj.*:

d'un bon naturel, bénin, bon. **-ness**, *n.*: bonté, *m.*, probité, *f.* **-now!** *interj.*:

à la bonne heure! **-s**, *n.*: biens; effets; meubles, *m. pl.*; marchandises, *f. pl.*

-will, *n.*: bienveillance, bonne volonté, bonté, *f.*: *bear any one —*, vouloir du bien à quelqu'un. **-woman**, *n.*: bonne femme, dame, *f.*

gôose (*pl. geese*), *n.*: oie, *f.*; idiot, imbécile, *m.*; (*tailor's*) carreau, *m.*: *a green —*, un oison; *a wild —*, une oie sauvage. **-berry**, *n.*: groseille à maquereau, groseille

verte, *f.* **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) grateron, rièble, *m.*; râpette, *f.* **-neck**, *n.*: (*nav.*) crochet, *m.*

†gôr-bellied, *adj.*: de gros ventre.

†belly, *n.*: gros ventre, *m.*, grosse panse, *f.*

gôr-cock, *n.*: (*dial.*) (orn.) coq de bruyère, *m.* **-crow**, *n.*: (*dial.*) (orn.) corneille, *f.*

†gôrd, *n.*: dé pipé, *m.*

1.gôre, *n.*: sang figé, *m.*

2.gôre, *n.*: pièce de terre triangulaire; longue pièce d'étoffe triangulaire, coupée en pointe, *f.* **3.gore**, *tr.*: piquer, percer; couper en pointe.

1.gôr-ge, *n.*: gosier, *m.*, gorge, *f.*; jabot, *m.*; (*fort.*) gorge, *f.* **-ge**, *tr.*: gorger, remplir, avaler, rassasier; *intr.*: se gorger; avaler. **-geous**, *adj.*: superbe, magni-

fique, somptueux, éclatant. **-geously**, *adv.*: superbement, magnifiquement.

-geousness, *n.*: magnificence, pompe, splendeur, *f.* **-gerin**, *n.*: (*arch.*) gorgerin, colarin, *m.* **-got**, *n.*: gorgerin, haussecol, *m.*; (*surg.*) gorgeret, *m.*

gôrhen, *n.*: poule de bruyère, *f.*

gôrîng, *n.*: piqûre, *f.*, coupe de corne, *m.*

gôrmand, *n.*: gourmand; goulû, glouton, *m.* **-îse**, *intr.*: bâfrer, goinfrer.

-îser, *n.*: glouton, goinfre, gourmand, *m.* **-îsing**, *n.*: gourmandise, gloutonnerie, *f.*

gôrse, *n.*: (*bot.*) bruyère, brande, *f.*; genêt, *m.*

gôry, *adj.*: sanglant, couvert de sang caillé.

gōs-hawk, *n.*: (orn.) autour, *m.* **gōs-ling**, *n.*: oison; chaton, *m.*
1. gōspel, *n.*: évangile, *m.* **2. gospel**, *tr.*: évangéliser. **-1er**, *n.*: évangéliste; sectaire, *m.*
gōssamer, *n.*: filandres, *f. pl.*; duvet de plantes, *m.*
1. gōssip, *n.*: commère, causeuse; babillarde, *f.*; caquet, bavardage, *m.* **2. gossip**, *intr.*: jaser, caqueter, babiller, bavarder. **-ping**, *n.*: commérage, bavardage, *m.*
Gōth, *n.*: Goth, *m.* **-ic**, *adj.*: gothique. **-icise**, *tr.*: rendre gothique; ramener à la barbarie.
gō-to! *interj.*: allons! çà! sus! courage!
gōuge (Eng. *gōf*), *n.*: gouge, *f.*
gōurd, *n.*: gourde; calebasse, citrouille, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: (vet.) enflure à la jambe, *f.* **-worm**, *n.*: douve, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: gros; (vet.) enflé aux jambes.
gōurmând, *n.*: gourmand, glouton, goulou.
gōut, *n.*: (med.) goutte, *f.*; (taste) goût, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: gouteux.
gōvern, *tr.*: gouverner, régir, diriger, tenir en bride. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être gouverné, docile, gouvernable. **-ance**, *n.*: gouvernement, *m.*, administration, *f.* **-ess**, **-ante**, *n.*: institutrice, gouvernante, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: gouvernement, *m.*, administration, direction, *f.*; (gram.) régime, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: gouverneur; instituteur.
gōwan, *n.*: (bot.) pâquerette commune, marguerite, *f.*
†gōwl, *intr.*: hurler.
gōwn, *n.*: robe; toge, *f.*; night—, robe de nuit, peignoir, *m.*; morning—, dress—, robe de chambre, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: vêtu d'une robe, en robe. **-man**, **-sman** (pl. *-men*), *n.*: homme de robe, ou de robe longue, *m.*; (pl.) gens de robe.
grābble, *tr.* and *intr.*: tâter, tâtonner; aller à tâtons; fouir; déraciner; s'étirer.
1. grāce, *n.*: grâce, bonté, faveur, *f.*; pardon, *m.*; agrément, bon air, *m.*; grandeur, *f.*; (rel.) grâces, *f. pl.* **2. grace**, *tr.*: orner, embellir; illustrer. **-d**, *adj.*: orné, doué, bien fait; vertueux. **grāce-s**, *n. pl.*: (myth.) Grâces, *f. pl.* **-ful**, *adj.*: beau, gracieux, agréable, bien fait, enjoué. **-fully**, *adv.*: gracieusement, de bonne grâce. **-fulness**, *n.*: bonne grâce, *f.*, agrément, charme, *m.*, beauté, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans grâces, désagréable; abandonné, effronté, dépravé. **-note**, *n.*: (mus.) note d'agrément, *f.*
grā-cille, **†-cilent**, *adj.*: grêle, mince, menu, petit. **†-cility**, *n.*: gracilité, ténuité, petitesse, *f.*
grā-cious, *adj.*: gracieux, bénin, bon, favorable, agréable, propice. **-ly**, *adv.*:

gracieusement, obligeamment, humainement. **-ness**, *n.*: bonté, benignité; bienfaisance, *f.*
gradā-tion, *n.*: gradation, *f.*; degré, *m.*
grādatory, *n.*: escalier, perron, *m.*
grā-de, *n.*: grade; degré, *m.* **1. -dient**, *adj.*: avançant; ambulat. **2. -dient**, *n.*: (railways) pente, rampe, *f.*
1. grādual, *n.*: montée, *f.*; gradin; (liturgy) graduel, *m.* **2. -al**, *adj.*: graduel, par degrés, gradué, réglé. **-ality**, *n.*: gradation, progression régulière, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: graduellement, par degrés, pas à pas, peu à peu. **1. -ate**, *n.*: gradué, *m.* **2. -ate**, *tr.*: graduer; *intr.*: prendre ses degrés à une université, se faire graduer. **-ation**, *n.*: graduation; gradation, *f.*
grāff, *n.*: fossé, *m.*, fosse, *f.*
1. grāft, *n.*: greffe, ente, *f.*, empeau, *m.* **2. graft**, *tr.* and *intr.*: greffier, enter. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui ente, greffeur. **-ing**, *n.*: (hort.) greffe, *f.* **-ing-knife**, *n.*: greffoir, tentoir, *m.*
grāin, *n.*: grain; pépin, *m.*; veine, *f.*; fil, *m.*: — of allowance, indulgence; — of wood, veine de bois; against the —, à contre-cœur, malgré soi. **2. grain**, *tr.*: grener, greneler; peindre en décors. **-ed**, *adj.*: grenu; dur. **-er**, *n.*: peintre décorateur, *m.* **-s**, *n.*: drèche, *f.*, marc, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: plein de grains, grenelé.
grāllic, *adj.*: (orn.) échassier.
grami-neous, *adj.*: (bot.) graminée, herbacée, herbacé. **-nivorous**, *adj.*: herbivore.
grām-mar, *n.*: grammaire, *f.* **-mārian**, *n.*: grammairien, *m.* **-mar-school**, *n.*: école où l'on enseigne le latin et le grec, *f.* **-mātie(al)**, *adj.*: grammatical; de grammaire. **-matically**, *adv.*: grammaticalement. **-mātieise**, *tr.*: rendre une expression grammaticale; faire le grammaticiste; écrire grammaticalement.
grāmpus, *n.*: (ichth.) épaulard, orque, *m.*
granadilla, *n.*: (bot.) grenadille, fleur de la passion, *f.*
grānary, *n.*: grenier, *m.*; grange, *f.*
grānd, *adj.*: grand, superbe, noble, illustre, sublime, grandiose. **-am**, *n.*: grand-mère; vieille femme, *f.* **-child**, *n.*: petit-fils, *m.*, petite-fille, *f.* **-daughter**, *n.*: petite-fille, *f.*: a great —, une arrière-petite-fille. **-ée**, *n.*: personne de marque, *f.*, grand, *m.* **-eur** **-yür**, *n.*: grandeur, *f.*, éclat, *m.*, pompe, splendeur, *f.* **-father**, **-sire**, *n.*: grand-père, aïeul, *m.*: a great —, un bisaïeul. **-iloquence**, *n.*: langage pompeux, *m.*; emphase, *f.* **-iloquent**, **-iloquous**, *adj.*: (of speeches) sublime, pompeux; enflé.
grāndinous, *adj.*: plein de grêle.
grāndiose, *adj.*: grandiose, superbe,

enflé. **-iöosity**, *n.*: style grandiose, *m.*; personne grandiose, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: grandement; fastueusement. **-mother**, *n.*: grand'mère, aïeule, *f.*: a great —, une bis-aïeule. **-son**, *n.*: petit-fils, *m.*: a great —, un arrière-petit-fils.

grange, *n.*: ferme, métairie; grange, *f.* **granit-e**, *n.*: (min.) granit, *m.* **-el**, *n.*: (min.) marbre granitique; granit à petits grains, *m.*

granivorous, *adj.*: granivore.

1.grant, *tr.*: donner, accorder, céder; avouer; entériner; octroyer: — a pardon, pardonner; accorder une grâce.

2.grant, *n.*: concession, *f.*, privilège; octroi, *m.* **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être accordé. **-ed**, *part. adj.*: accordé, octroyé; avoué; reconnu; d'accord. **-ee**, *n.*: donataire, concessionnaire, *m.*, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: donateur; cédant, *m.*

grānu-lar or -lary, *adj.*: en grains; grenelé, grenu, granulé, granulaire. **-late**, *tr.*: greneler, grener, granuler. **-lātion**, *n.*: granulation, *f.* **-le**, *n.*: petit grain, granule, *m.* **-lous**, *adj.*: grenu, granuleux.

grāpe, *n.*: raisin, *m.*; vigne, *f.*: a bunch of —, une grappe de raisin. **-shot**, *n.*: (milit.) mitraille, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: pépin de raisin, *m.* **-vine**, *n.*: vigne, *f.*

grāph-ic or -ical, *adj.*: graphique, bien tracé, exact, parfait. **-ically**, *adv.*: graphiquement, exactement. **-ite**, *n.*: graphite, plombagine, *m.* **-ōmeter**, *n.*: (math.) graphomètre, *m.*

grāp-nel, *n.*: grappin, *m.*, petite ancre, *f.* **1.-ple**, *tr.*: accrocher; grappiner, harponner, arrêter; happer: — a ship, accrocher un navire. **2.-ple**, *n.*: grappin, croc, harpon, *m.*; lutte, *f.*, combat de lutteurs, *m.* **3.-ple**, *intr.*: en venir aux mains, se saisir de; lutter; (nav.) en venir à l'abordage; (fig.) combattre: — with, combattre, en venir aux prises, en venir aux mains.

grāpy, *adj.*: de raisin.

1.grāp, *tr.*: empoigner, saisir, prendre avec la main, gripper; *intr.*: s'emparer; tâcher d'attraper, de saisir. **2.grasp**, *n.*: poignée; prise; étreinte; possession, *f.*; pouvoir, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui empoigne; homme avide, ambitieux. **-ing**, *adj.*: avide, cupide, ambitieux.

grāss, *n.*: herbe, verdure, *f.*; foin, gazon, *m.* **-hopper**, *n.*: sauterelle, cigale, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: herbage, *m.*; qualité d'être herbeux, *f.* **-plot**, *n.*: boudingrin, *m.*, pelouse, *f.*; tapis vert, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: herbu, herbeux.

1.grāte, *n.*: grille, *f.*; grillage, *m.*; jalousie, *f.*; gril; treillis, *m.* **2.grate**, *tr.*: fournir d'une grille, griller: — up, fermer

d'un treillis. **3.grate**, *tr. and intr.*: râper, égruger; froter: — the teeth, grincer les dents.

grāte-ful, *adj.*: reconnaissant; agréable; délicieux. **-fully**, *n.*: avec gratitude; avec reconnaissance; agréablement. **-fulness**, *n.*: gratitude, reconnaissance, *f.*; agrément, *m.*

grāter, *n.*: râpe, *f.*; égrugeoir, *m.*; racle, *m.*

grati-ficātion, *n.*: gratification; récompense; volupté; satisfaction, *f.* **grāt-i-fy**, *tr.*: gratifier, satisfaire, récompenser. **-fying**, *adj.*: satisfaisant, agréable, flatteur.

1.grāting, *n.*: grille, *f.*, grillage; (nav.) égouttoir, *m.* **2.grating**, *adj.*: rude, dur, discordant; qui choque l'oreille. **-ly**, *adv.*: rudement.

grātis, *adv.*: gratuitement, gratis, pour rien.

grātitude, *n.*: gratitude, reconnaissance, *f.*

grātū-tous, *adj.*: gratuit; volontaire; benévole. **-tously**, *adv.*: gratuitement; benévolement. **-ty**, *n.*: don, présent, *m.*; gratuité, largesse, *f.*; pourboire, *m.*

grātū-late, *tr.*: féliciter, congratuler. **-lā-tion**, *n.*: félicitation, congratulation, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: congratulateur, congratulateur, congratulant.

1.grāve, *adj.*: grave, sérieux, réservé, retenu, modeste; (gram.) grave. **2.grave** (*part.-d or -n*), *tr.*: graver, tailler, ciseler: — a ship, espalmer et suiver.

3.grāve, *n.*: tombe, *f.*; sépulture, *m.*; fosse, *f.* **-clothes**, *n.*: linceul, drap mortuaire, suaire, *m.* **-digger**, *n.*: fossoyeur, *m.*

1.grāvel, *n.*: gravier, *m.*; (med.) gravelle, *f.* **2.gravel**, *tr.*: sabler, couvrir de gravier; embarrasser, inquiéter.

grāveless, *adj.*: sans sépulture.

grāvel-ly, *adj.*: graveleux, sablonneux. **-pit**, *n.*: sablonnière, *f.*

grāvely, *adv.*: gravement, sérieusement, modestement.

grāven, *past. part.* (*of to grave*): gravé, taillé, ciselé, *a — image*, une image taillée.

grā-veness, *n.*: gravité, contenance grave, *f.* **†-vōlent**, *n.*: à odeur forte.

grāver, *n.*: graveur; burin, *m.*

grāves = *greaves*.

grāvestone, *n.*: tombeau, *m.*; tombe, *f.* **gravidātion or †-vidity**, *n.*: grossesse, *f.*

grāving, *n.*: gravure, *f.*; (nav.) action d'espalmer: — tool, burin, *m.*

grāvi-tate, *intr.*: graviter; peser. **-tā-tion**, *n.*: gravitation, pesanteur, *f.*; poids, *m.* **-ty**, *n.*: air sérieux, *m.*; gravité; pesanteur, *f.*; grave, *m.*

gravy, *n.*: jus, suc de viande, coulis, *m.*
1. grāy, *n.*: (zool.) blaireau, taïsson, *m.*; cheval gris. **2. gray**, *adj.*: gris; (*fig.*) vieux. **-beard**, *n.*: barbe grise, *f.*; vieillard, grison, barbon, *m.* **-eyed**, *adj.*: qui a les yeux gris. **-haired**, *adj.*: qui a les cheveux gris, grison, cheveu. **-headed**, *adj.*: qui a la tête grise. **-hound**, *n.*: greyhound. **-ish**, *adj.*: grisâtre. **-ling**, *n.*: (icht.) ombre-chevalier, umble, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: couleur grise, *f.* **-wacke**, *n.*: (min.) grès des houillères, psammitte, *m.*
grā-ze, *tr.*: effleur, raser, friser; *intr.*: paître, faire paître, brouter. **-zier**, *n.*: engraisseur de bétail, éleveur, *m.*
1. grēa-se, *n.*: graisse, *f.*; oing, *m.* **2. -se**, *tr.*: graisser; frotter de graisse. **-siness**, *n.*: crasse, graisse, saleté, *f.* **-sy**, *adj.*: graisseux, taché de graisse; crasseux, sale.
1. grēat, *adj.*: grand, gros; noble, illustre, important: — *with child*, enceinte; *the* —, les grands, *m. pl.* **2. great**, *n.*: le gros; le tout, *m.* **-bellied**, *adj.*: ventru. **-coat**, *n.*: pardessus, paletot, *m.* **-grand-daughter**, *n.*: arrière-petite-fille, *f.* **-grandfather**, *n.*: bisaïeul, *m.* **-grand-mother**, *n.*: bisaïeule, *f.* **-grandson**, *n.*: arrière-petit-fils, *m.* **-hearted**, *adj.*: courageux, généreux. **-ly**, *adv.*: grandement, fort, beaucoup. **-ness**, *n.*: grandeur, dignité; grosseur; subtilité; énormité, *f.*
grēave (*usly pl.* **1. -ves**), *n.*: grève, jambe, armure pour les jambes, *f.*
2. grēaves, *n. pl.*: cretons, *m. pl.*
1. Grē-cian, *adj.*: grec; *n.*: Grec; (*antig.*) Helléniste; (*one versed in the Greek language*) helléniste, *m.* **-cise**, *tr.*: gréciser; traduire en grec. **-cism**, *n.*: hellénisme, idiotisme grec, grécisme, *m.*
grēed, *n.*: cupidité, avidité; gourmandise, gloutonnerie, *f.*; (*fig.*) passion, *f.*; désir ardent, *m.* **-ily**, *adv.*: goulûment; avidement, avec avidité. **-iness**, *n.*: cupidité, avidité; gourmandise, gloutonnerie, *f.*; (*fig.*) désir ardent, *m.*; passion, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: cupide, avide; gourmand, goulû, vorace; passionné: — *of honour*, ambitieux; — *of money*, avare, cupide. **-y-gut**, *n.*: (*triv.*) glouton, gourmand, *m.*
Grēek, *adj.*: grec; *n.*: Grec, *m.*; Grecque, *f.*; (*language*) grec, *m.*
1. grēen, *adj.*: vert; frais; novice.
2. green, *n.*: vert, *m.*; verdure, *f.*; gazon, *m.* **3. green**, *tr.*: verdier, faire verdier. **-broom**, *n.*: (*bot.*) genêt épineux, *m.* **-cloth**, *n.*: tapis vert, *m.*: *the board of* —, la cour du tapis vert, de la maison royale. **-eyed**, *adj.*: aux yeux verdâtres. **-finch**, *n.*: (*orni.*) verdier, bréant, *m.* **-gag**, *n.*: prune de reine-

Claude, *f.* **-grocer**, *n.*: fruitier, *m.*, fruitière, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: serre, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: verdâtre. **-ly**, *adv.*: vertement; nouvellement, prématurément; sans expérience. **-ness**, *n.*: verdure; fraîcheur, verdure, *f.* **-room**, *n.*: foyer de théâtre, *m.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: (*gard.*) légumes, *m. pl.*; herbes potagères, *f. pl.* **-sickness**, *n.*: (*med.*) chlorose, *f.*; pâles couleurs, *f. pl.* **-sward**, *n.*: pelouse, *f.*, gazon, *m.* **-wood**, *n.*: bois vert, *m.*
grēt, *tr.*: saluer, congratuler. **-ing**, *n.*: salutation, *f.*, salut, *m.*
1. grē-gal, *adj.*: de troupeau. **-gārious**, *adj.*: qui va en troupe, par bandes.
gregōrian, *adj.*: grégorien.
gre-nāde, *n.*: (*artil.*) grenade, *f.* **-na-dier**, *n.*: grenadier, *m.*
grēy = gray.
grēy-hound, *n.*: lévrier, *m.*, levrette, *f.*
grie, *n.*: jeune cochon; marcassin, *m.*
gride, *tr.*: couper, trancher, fendre.
gridelin, *n.*: gris de lin, *m.*
gridiron, *n.*: grill, *m.*
gric-f, *n.*: douleur, tristesse, *f.*; chagrin, déplaisir, *m.* **-vance**, *n.*: grief; tort, abus, *m.*; peine, *f.* **-ve**, *tr.*: chagriner, attrister; fouler, opprimer; *intr.*: se chagriner, s'attrister. **-vingly**, *adv.*: avec douleur, avec chagrin. **-vous**, *adj.*: grief, douloureux, affligeant; cruel, énorme, atroce, fâcheux. **-vously**, *adv.*: grièvement; gravement, cruellement. **-vousness**, *n.*: grièveté, énormité; affliction, calamité, *f.*; chagrin, *m.*
grif-fin, **-fon**, *n.*: (*orni.*) griffon, gypaète, *m.*
grig, *n.*: petite anguille, *f.*; gaillard, *m.*
grill, *tr.*: griller, mettre sur le grill.
grillade, *n.*: grillade, viande grillée, *f.*
grim, *adj.*: refrogné, chagrin; horrible.
grimace, *n.*: grimace, *f.*; faux semblant, *m.*
grimalkin, *n.*: vieux chat, *m.*
1. grime, *n.*: saleté, noirceur, *f.*, barbouillage, *m.* **2. grime**, *tr.*: salir, barbouiller, tacher, noircir.
grim-ly, *adv.*: d'un air refrogné, horriblement, hideusement. **-ness**, *n.*: air refrogné, visage sévère, *m.*
1. grin, *tr.*: ricaner, grimacer; tordre la bouche. **2. grin**, *n.*: grimace, contortion de la bouche, *f.*; piège, *m.*
grind (*pret.*, part. *ground*), *tr.*: moudre; mâcher; broyer; grincer; (*knives, etc.*) aiguiser, émoudre; opprimer, fouler. **-er**, *n.*: émouleur; broyeur; meunier, *m.*
-ing, *n.*: broiement, *m.*, mouture, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: meule; pierre à aiguiser, à repasser, *f.*
grinn-er, *n.*: ricaner; grimacier, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en ricanant, en grimaçant.

1. **grip**, *n.*: petit fossé, *m.*

2. **grip**, *n.*: serre, *f.*

1. **grip-e**, *n.*: poignée; prise, étreinte, *f.*; serrement, *m.*; (*nav.*) bas du taille-mer, *m.*; (*fig.*) oppression, vexation, *f.* 2. **-e**, *tr.*: empoigner, saisir, gripper, serrer. 3. **-e**, *intr.*: causer des tranchées, donner la colique; gripper, agripper, escroquer; (*nav.*) serrer le vent de trop près. **-es**, *n. pl.*: colique, *f.*, tranchées; (*nav.*) risses de chaloupe, *f. pl.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec des tranchées.

gris-amber, *n.*: ambre gris, *m.*

1. **grise**, *n.*: cochon; pas, *m.*

2. **grise**, *n.*: marche d'escalier, *f.*

grisette, *n.*: grisette, *f.*

griskin, *n.*: côtelette de porc, *f.*

grised = *grizzled*.

gris-iness, *n.*: aspect hideux, *m.*, horreur, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: hideux, affreux, horrible. **-ly-bear**, *n.*: ours gris d'Amérique, *m.*

grist, *n.*: mouture, farine, *f.*; (*fig.*) gain, profit, *m.*

grist-le, *n.*: cartilage, *m.* **-ly**, *adj.*: cartilagineux.

1. **grit**, *intr.*: craquer, frotter violemment, grincer. 2. **grit**, *n.*: grès, gravier, sable, *m.*; limaille, *f.*; farine grossière, farine de gruau, *f.* (*esp. in pl.*; cf. *groats*); (*fig.*) décision, *f.*; courage, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) grès dur, *m.* **-tiness**, *n.*: qualité graveleuse, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: graveleux, plein de sable; (*fig.*) résolu, courageux.

grizelin = *gridelin*.

grizz-le, *n.*: grisaille, *f.*; grison, gris, *m.* **-led**, *adj.*: grison. **-ly**, *adj.*: grisâtre.

1. **gröan**, *intr.*: gémir, soupirer; grogner.

2. **groan** or **-ing**, *n.*: gémissement, soupir, *m.*; plainte, *f.*; grognement, *m.*

gröat, *n.*: quatre pence, monnaie anglaise; environ 40 centimes, monnaie française: *he is not worth a —*, il n'a pas le sou.

gröats, *n. pl.*: gruau d'avoine, *m.*, farine grossière, *f.*

gröeer, *n.*: épicier, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: épicerie, *f.*

grög, *n.*: grog, *m.*

grögram, *n.*: étoffe à gros grains, filotelle, *f.*

gröin, *n.*: aine, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: (*arch.*) à arête, d'arête.

grömwel, **grömil**, *n.*: (*bot.*) lithosperme, grémil, *m.*

gröom, *n.*: palefrenier, valet d'écurie, garçon, valet, groom, *m.*

1. **gröove**, *n.*: rainure, coulisse, *f.*

2. **groove**, *tr.*: évider; creuser en gorge.

gröpe, *intr.*: tâter, tâtonner; patiner: *—, — along*, aller à tâtons.

1. **gröss**, *adj.*: gros, épais; grossier, rude.

2. **gross**, *n.*: gros, *m.*, grosse; masse, *f.*

-ly, *adv.*: grossièrement; lourdement.

-ness, *n.*: grossièreté, *f.*

grö-t or **-tto**, *n.*: grotte, *f.* **grötésque**, *adj.*: grotesque.

1. **gröund**, *impf.* and *part.* of *grind*.

2. **gröund**, *n.*: terre, *f.*, terrain, *m.*; bienfonds, *m.*; sol; fondement, sujet, motif, *m.*, raison, *f.*; (*cf. pictures, of flowered cloths*) fond, *m.*: *—s*, (*see the word*); *—s of a gentleman's seat*, le parc, les jardins d'une maison de campagne. 3. **ground**, *tr.*:

fonder, établir, enseigner; appuyer, motiver; mettre à sec; faire le fond: *— a ship*, échouer un vaisseau. 4. **ground** (*past part. of to grind*), broyé, moulu; (*fig.*) opprimé, foulé; (*sharpened*) aiguisé.

-age, *n.*: droit d'ancrage, droit de port, *m.* **-ed**, *part. adj.*: fondé, établi, enseigné; mis à terre. **-edly**, *adv.*: sur de bons principes, solidement; avec raison.

-floor, *n.*: rez-de-chaussée, *m.* **-ivy**, *n.*: lierre terrestre, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: mal fondé, sans raison. **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans fondement, sans raison. **-lessness**, *n.*: manque de fondement, *m.*; futilité, *f.*

-ling, *n.*: homme de bas étage, *m.*; (*ichth.*) loche, *f.* **-plate**, *n.*: (*carp.*) sablière, sole, *f.* **-plot**, *n.*: sol, plan; fondement, *m.*; base, *f.* **-rent**, *n.*: rente foncière, *f.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: sédiment, *m.*, lie, *f.*; marc de café; principe, *m. pl.* 1. **-sel**, *n.*: (*bot.*) seneçon, *m.* **-sill** or **2. -sel**, *n.*: seuil, *m.*

-work, *n.*: fond, plan, *m.*; base, fondation, *f.*

1. **gröup**, *n.*: groupe; (*hort.*) massif, *m.* 2. **group**, *tr.*: grouper, agrouper.

gröuse, *n.*: (*orn.*) coq de bruyère, *m.*

gröüt, *n.*: sédiment; son, *m.*; pomme, *f.*; mortier, *m.*

gröve, *n.*: bocage, bosquet, *m.*

grövel, *intr.*: ramper, se traîner. **-ler**, *n.*: homme rampant, *m.*

gröw (*pret. grew*; *part. grown*), *intr.*: croître; devenir; se faire; *tr.*: cultiver, faire croître: *— again*, recroître; reprendre racine; redevenir: *— into fashion*, venir à la mode; *— out of fashion*, passer de mode; *— into*, venir, passer; *— into favour*, s'insinuer dans les bonnes grâces; *— out of esteem*, perdre son crédit; *— out of favour*, perdre les bonnes grâces; *— out of kind*, dégoûter; *— out of use*, passer, vieillir; *— towards an end*, s'achever, tendre à la fin; *— up*, croître, lever; *— up again*, revenir; *— old*, vieillir; *— dear*, enchérir; *— less*, diminuer; *— near or on*, approcher; *— tame*, s'approprier; *— weary*, se lasser, s'ennuyer; *— young again*, rajeunir; *— better*, s'améliorer, se remettre; *— big*, grossir; *— cold*, se refroidir; *— fat*, engraisser; *— handsome*, embellir; *— hot*, s'échauffer; *— rich*,

s'enrichir; — *sleepy*, s'assoupir; — *strong*, se fortifier; — *lean*, maigrir; — *ugly*, enlaidir; — *worse*, empirer; être plus mal. — *er*, n.: cultivateur, planteur, m. — *ing*, adj.: naissant; croissant.

1. *grōwl*, intr.: grogner, gronder, murmurer. 2. *growl*, n.: grognement, grondement, m.

grōw-n (part. of *grow*), crû; fait; devenu: —, *full* — *girl*, grande fille; — *people*, les grandes personnes, f., les adultes, m. — *th*, n.: croissance, f., accroissement; (*produce*) crû; progrès, m.; augmentation, f.

1. *grāb*, tr.: creuser; bêcher; défricher, esarter, déraciner. 2. *grab*, n.: ver; (*fig.*) nain, m.; nourriture, f., aliments, m. pl.

1. *grād-ge*, tr. and intr.: regretter; reprocher; envier; plaindre, pleurer. 2. *-ge*, n.: rancune, animosité, mauvais vouloir, m. — *gingly*, adv.: à contrecoeur, avec peine, à regret.

grāel, n.: gruu, m.

grāff, adj.: bourru, rechigné; rude. — *ly*, adv.: d'un air rechigné; rudement. — *ness*, n.: mauvais naturel, m.; rudesse, f.

grām, adj.: arrogant, sévère; refrigné.

grām-ble, intr.: grommeler, murmurer, se plaindre, grogner. — *bler*, n.: grondeur, grogneur, grognon, m. — *bling*, n.: murmure, m.; plainte, f. — *blingly*, adv.: d'un air chagrin, en grognant.

grāmc, n.: grumeau, m.

grāmly, adv.: d'un air mécontent; de travers; opiniâtement.

grumōse or *grāmōus*, adj.: grumeleux; épais.

1. *grānt*, intr.: grogner, grommeler.

2. *grant*, n.: grognement (des pourceaux), m. — *er*, n.: grognard, cochon, m. — *ing*, n.: grognement, m.; plainte, f. — *ling*, n.: petit cochon, goret, m.

1. *grype* = *gripe*.

2. *grype*, n.: vautour; griffon, m.

guālacum, n.: gaisac, m.

guāno, n.: guano, m.

1. *guaran-tēe*, *guāranty*, n.: garant, m., caution, f. 2. *-tee*, tr.: garantir, être garant.

1. *guārd*, n.: garde, défense, f.; (*man.*) garde, m.: — *house*, corps de garde, m.; *extraordinary night* —, bivouac, m.

2. *guard*, tr.: garder, défendre, protéger; intr.: se garder, se tenir en garde. — *er*, n.: gardien, m. — *ian*, n.: gardien; (*of minors*) tuteur, curateur, m.

guard-ian, adj.: gardien; tutélaire.

-dianship, n.: curatelle, tutelle; protection, défense, f. — *irons*, n.: chasse-pierres, m. — *less*, adj.: sans défense;

exposé; délaissé. — *-ship*, n.: (*nav.*) vaisseau de garde; garde-côte, m.

gubernation, n.: gouvernement, m., direction, f.

gūdgeon, n.: (*ichth.*) goujon, m.; (*fig.*) dupe, f.

guērdon, n.: récompense, f.

guerilla, n.: guérilla, f.

1. *guēss*, tr. and intr.: deviner, conjecturer. 2. *guess*, n.: conjecture, f. — *er*, n.: conjectureur, devineur, m. — *work*, n.: supposition, f.

guēst, n.: convié, hôte, m., convive, m., f. — *chamber*, n.: cénacle, m.; réfectoire, m.

gūggle = *gurgle*.

gui-dable, adj.: capable d'être guidé, docile. — *dage*, n.: salaire du guide, m.

— *dancee*, n.: conduite, f.; auspices, m. pl. 1. — *de*, n.: guide, conducteur; directeur, m. 2. — *do*, tr.: conduire, guider; diriger. — *deless*, adj.: sans guide.

guild, n.: corps de métier, m.; corporation, f.; tribu, m. — *hāll*, n.: hôtel de ville, m., maison de ville, maison commune, mairie, f.

guile, n.: fraude, fourberie; astuce, f. — *ful*, adj.: fourbe, trompeur; astucieux.

— *fully*, adv.: astucieusement; frauduleusement; en traître. — *fulness*, n.: fourberie, f.; artifice, m. — *less*, adj.: franc, sincère. — *lessness*, n.: absence d'artifice, sincérité, simplicité, f. — *-r* (*-er*), n.: trompeur, traître, m.

guillemot, n.: guillemot, m.

1. *guillotine*, n.: guillotine, f. 2. *guil-*

lotine, tr.: guillotiner.

guilt, n.: crime, forfait, m. — *ily*, adv.: criminellement. — *iness*, n.: crime, m., méchanceté, culpabilité, f. — *less*, adj.: innocent; pur. — *lessly*, adv.: innocemment, sans crime. — *lessness*, n.: innocence; pureté, f. — *-y*, adj.: coupable.

guinea, n.: guinée, f. — *dropper*, n.: fripon, filou, m. — *fowl*, — *hen*, n.: pintade, f. — *pepper*, n.: poivre d'Inde, m. — *pig*, n.: cochon d'Inde, m.

guise, n.: guise, manière, façon, f., masque, m.

guitār, n.: guitare, f.

gūleh, n.: ravin, creux; †glouton, m.

gūles, n.: (*her.*) gueules, m.

gūlf, n.: golfe, m., baie, f.; gouffre, abîme, m. — *-y*, adj.: plein de golfes.

1. *gūll*, n.: (*orni.*) mouette.

2. *gūll*, n.: fraude, tromperie, f.; homme crédule (facile à duper), m.; dupe, f.

3. *gull*, tr.: tromper, duper, attraper. — *catcher*, — *er*, n.: fourbe, imposteur, trompeur, m. — *-ory*, n.: fraude, imposition, f.

gūllet, n.: gosier, m., gorge, f.; (*of a bottle*) goulot, m.

gull-ibility, *n.*: crédulité, *f.* -ible, *adj.*: crédule, facile à duper.
1. gully, *n.*: ravin, creux (fait par l'eau).
2. gully, *tr.*: faire un ravin dans, creuser. -hole, *n.*: égout, *m.*
gulosity, *n.*: gourmandise, voracité, *f.*
1. gulp, *tr.*: avaler, gober. **2. gulp**, *n.*: goulée, gorgée, *f.*; trait, *m.*
1. gum, *n.*: gensive, *f.*
2. gum, *n.*: gomme. **3. gum**, *tr.*: gommer.
†-miness, -mōsity, *n.*: viscosité, *f.*
-ming, *n.*: gommage, *m.* -mōs, -my, *adj.*: gommeux, gluant.
gun, *n.*: fusil, mousquet, *m.*, arme à feu, *f.*: great —, canon, *m.* -boat, *n.*: (nav.) chaloupe canonnière, *f.* -carriage, *n.*: affût de canon, *m.* -deck, *n.*: (nav.) batterie, *f.* -nel, *n.*: (nav.) plat-bord, *m.* -ner, *n.*: canonier, *m.* -nery, *n.*: art du canonier, *m.* -port, *n.*: (nav.) sabord, *m.* -powder, *n.*: poudre à canon, *f.*: the — plot, la conspiration des poudres. -rack, *n.*: (milit.) rate-lie, *m.* -room, *n.*: (nav.) sainte-barbe, *f.* -shot, *n.*: (range) portée de fusil; portée de canon, *m.* -smith, *n.*: armurier, arquebusier, *m.* -stick, *n.*: baguette, *f.*; (artil.) refouloir, chargeoir, *m.* -stock, *n.*: monture, *f.*, fût, bois de fusil, *m.* -wale (us'ly gūnel), *n.*: flat-bord.
Günter's-chain, *n.*: chaîne d'arpentage, *f.*
gurge, *n.*: goufre, abîme, *m.*
gurgle, *intr.*: faire glouglou.
gür-nard, -net, *n.*: (ichth.) rouget, rouget grondin, grondin rouge, *m.*, trigle, *f.*
1. gush, *intr.*: saillir, jaillir, ruisseler: — out in tears, fondre en larmes. **2. gush**, -ing, *n.*: saillie, *f.*, jaillissement, *m.*
gusset, *n.*: gousset, *m.*
1. gūst, *n.*: bouffée, *f.*, coup; transport, accès, *m.*: — of wind, bouffée de vent, coup de vent, revolin; — of passion, accès de colère, *m.*
2. gūst, *n.*: goût, *m.*; jouissance, *f.* -able, *adj.*: qui peut être goûté. -ful, *adj.*: savoureux, de bon goût.
gūsty, *adj.*: orageux, venteux.
gūt, *n.*: boyau, intestin, *m.*; *pl.*: canal alimentaire, estomac et intestins, *m.*
2. gut, *tr.*: éventrer, vider; (fig.) voler, piller. -spinner, *n.*: boyaudier, *m.*
gūt-ate, -ated, *adj.*: en gouttes, aspergé.
gūtter, *n.*: gouttière, *f.*; ruisseau, *m.*; cannelure, *f.*: — of lead, chéneau, *m.*; — of a cross-bow, coulisse, *f.* **2. gutter**, *tr.*: canneler; sillonner; *intr.*: dégoutter; s'égoutter; couler: candle —s, la chandelle coule. -spout, *n.*: gargouille, *f.* -tile, *n.*: faîtière, tuile creuse, *f.*
gūt-ler, *tr.* and *intr.*: bâfrer, goinfrer.

-ler, *n.*: bâfreur, goinfre, *m.* -ling, *n.*: bâfre, *f.*
gūt-lous, *adj.*: en gouttelette.
gūt-tural, *adj.*: guttural. -ly, *adv.*: gutturalement, d'une manière gutturale. -ness, *n.*: nature gutturale, *f.*
gūzz-e, *tr.* and *intr.*: boire avidement, lamper, ingurgiter. -er, *n.*: buveur, ivrogne, *m.*
gŷbe = gibe.
gŷm-nā-sium, *n.*: gymnase, *m.* -nast, *n.*: gymnaste, *m.* -nāstic, *adj.*: gymnastique. -nāstics, *n. pl.*: gymnastique, *f.* -†-nie(al), *adj.*: gymnique. -no-spermous, *adj.*: (bot.) gymnosperme.
gŷnarchy, *n.*: gouvernement des femmes, *m.*
gŷp-se, -sum, *n.*: (mfn.) gypse, *m.* -se-ous, *adj.*: gypseux.
gŷr-ate, *intr.*: tourner, -ation, *n.*: mouvement giratoire, *m.* -e, *n.*: cercle, *m.*; giration, *f.*, mouvement giratoire, *m.* -omancy, *n.*: gyromancie, *f.*
1. gŷves, *n.*: fers (mis aux pieds des prisonniers), *m. pl.* **2. gŷve**, *tr.*: mettre les fers aux pieds, enchaîner.

H

h āch, *n.*: h, *m.*, *f.*
hā! *interj.*: ha! ha!
hā-beas cōrpus, *n.*: habeas corpus, *m.*
hā-berdasher, *n.*: mercier, marchand de nouveautés: a —s shop, magasin de nouveautés, *m.* -y, *n.*: mercerie, *f.*
haberdine, *n.*: morue sèche, *f.*
habérgeon, haubergeron, corselet, *m.*
habiliment, *n.*: habillement, apprêt; équipage, *m.*
†habili-tate, *tr.*: rendre capable de, habiliter, qualifier. †-tā-tion, *n.*: habilitation, qualification, *f.* -†-ty, *n.*: habileté, faculté; (jur.) habilité, *f.*
1. hā-bit, *n.*: habitude, coutume, *f.*; (dress) habit, habillement, *m.*: — of the body, complexion, *f.*, tempérament, *m.* **2. -bit**, *tr.*: habiller, vêtir. -bitable, *adj.*: habitable. †-bitant, *n.*: habitant, *m.* -bit-ation, *n.*: habitation, *f.*, domicile, *m.*; demeure, *f.*; séjour, *m.* -bitual, *adj.*: habituel. -bitually, *adv.*: habituellement, d'habitude. -bituate, *tr.*: habiter, accoutumer. -bitude, *n.*: habitude, coutume, routine, *f.*
†hābnab, *adv.*: au hasard; téméraire-ment.
1. hāck, *tr.*: hacher, couper, écharper; tuer; *intr.*: toussoter, tousser légèrement. **2. hāck**, *n.*: coup, *m.*, entaille, *f.*; pic; toux court, *m.*

3.häck, *n.*: cheval de louage; cheval de fatigue, haquenée; fiacre (de louage); homme de peine, mercenaire; écrivassier, *m.*; entremetteuse, *f.* **4.hack**, *adj.*: avili par l'usage, commun. **5.hack**, *intr.*: devenir commun; se louer; *tr.*: faire commun.

1.häckle, *n.*: mouche artificielle pour pêcher; filasse; soie écrue, *f.*, séran, sérançois, *m.* **2.häckle**, *tr.*: sérançer; déchirer.

1.häckney, *n.*: cheval de louage, *m.* **2.häckney**, *tr.*: avilir par l'usage; exercer, pratiquer. **-coach**, *n.*: fiacre, carrosse de louage, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: avili par l'usage; commun.

haddock, *n.*: cabillaud, *m.*; petite morue, *f.*

hæma-kîma, *in words much like corresponding French words. See hæmo-*

1.häft, *n.*: manche, *m.*, poignée, *f.* **2.haft**, *tr.*: emmancher.

1.häg, *n.*: sorcière, vieille salope, furie, *f.* **2.hag**, *tr.*: tourmenter; effrayer.

haggard, *adj.*: hagard, farouche; laid. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière hideuse, d'un air hagard.

haggish, *adj.*: laid, difforme.

haggle, *intr.*: marchander; barguigner; chipoter. **-er**, *n.*: barguigneur, chipotier, marchandeur, *m.*

hagiö-grapher, *n.*: hagiographe, auteur qui écrit sur les saints, *m.* **-logy**, *n.*: traité de choses saintes, *m.*

häg-ridden, *adj.*: qui a le cauchemar.

1.hål, *n.*: grêle, *f.*, salut, *m.*, santé, *f.* **2.hail**, *intr.*: grêler.

3.hål, *tr.*: saluer. **4.hail**, *interj.*: salut! salut à vous! *intr.*: saluer; (*nav.*) héler. **-fellow**, *n.*: ami, compagnon in time, *m.*

håil-shot, *n.*: mitraille, chevrotine, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: grêlon, grain de grêle, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: de grêle.

håir, *n.*: cheveu; poil, *m.*; chevelure, *f.*; (*of a beast*) poil, crin, *m.*; (*of a boar*) soies, *f. pl.*: head of —, cheveux, *m. pl.*; chevelure, *f. sing.*; against the —, à contre-poil, à rebours; to a —, exactement. **-breadth**, *n.*: épaisseur d'un cheveu, *f.*: he had a — escape, il l'a échappé belle.

-brush, *n.*: brosse à cheveux, *f.* **-cloth**, *n.*: haire, *f.*, cilice, *m.* **-dresser**, *n.*: coiffeur, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: aux cheveux; red —, qui a les cheveux rouges, aux cheveux rouges. **-saess**, *n.*: quantité de cheveux, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: chauve, sans cheveux. **-sieve**, *n.*: tamis de crin, *m.* **-worker**, *n.*: crinier, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: velu, chevelu, poilu.

håke, *n.*: (*ichth.*) merlus, *m.*, merluce, *f.*

hålberd, *n.*: halberde, *f.* **-ier**, *n.*: halbardier, *m.*

1.håleyon, *n.*: (*orn.*) alcyon, *m.* **2.håleyon**, *adj.*: tranquille, serein: — days, des jours heureux.

1.håle, *adj.*: robuste, sain, vigoureux.

2.hål-e, *tr.*: haler, tirer, traîner avec violence. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui tire, *f.*

1.hålf, *adj.*: demi. **2.hålf**, *adv.*: à demi, à moitié. **3.hålf** (*pl. hålves*), *n.*: moitié, *f.*, demi, *m.*, demie, *f.*: one hour and a —, une heure et demie; divide in halves, partager par moitié. **-blooded**, *adj.*: dégénéré; de sang croisé, de race croisée. **-bred**, *adj.*: métis; bas.

-brother, *n.*: frère consanguin ou utérin, *m.* **-moon**, *n.*: demi-lune, *f.*

-pay, *n.*: demi-solde, *f.* **-penny**, *n.*: un sou; cinq centimes, *m.* **-pint**, *n.*: demi-pinte, *f.*

-sister, *n.*: sœur consanguine ou utérine, *f.* **-sphere**, *n.*: hémisphère, *m.* **-sword**, *n.*: combat chaud, combat corps à corps, *m.*

-way, *adv.*: à mi-chemin. **-wit**, *n.*: niais, esprit faible, idiot, *m.*, idiote, *f.*

-witted, *adj.*: niais, sot, timbré, idiot.

thaltigous, *adj.*: fumeux, vapoureux.

håll, *n.*: salle, *f.*; palais; barreau; vestibule, manoir, *m.*

hållélû-iah, *-jah -ya*, *n.*: alléluia, *m.*

1.hål-lø, *n.*: huée, *f.*, holà, *m.* **2.lø**, *hélér*; huer; exciter par des cris. **3.lø**! *interj.*: holà! holà ho!

hållow, *tr.*: sanctifier; consacrer, dédier. **-mas**, *n.*: la Toussaint, *f.*

hallucination, hallucination; méprise, bévue, *f.*

hålm, *n.*: paille, *f.*; chaume, *m.*

hålo, *n.*: halo, cercle lumineux, *m.*; auréole, *f.*

hålsér, *n.*: (*nav.*) haussière, *f.*

1.hålt, *adj.*: boiteux; estropié. **2.halt**, *n.*: halte, *f.*; boitement, *m.* **3.halt**, *intr.*: boiter; s'arrêter, faire halte.

1.håltér, *n.*: licou, *m.*, corde, *f.*; boiteux, *m.* **2.halter**, *tr.*: enchevêtrer, mettre un licou.

håltve, *tr.*: partager en deux.

håm, *n.*: jambon, jarret, *m.*

håmat-e, *ed*, *adj.*: crochu; garni de crochets.

håmlet, *n.*: hameau, petit village, *m.*

1.håmmer, *n.*: marteau, *m.*; enclère, *f.* **2.hammer**, *tr.*: marteler, forger; *intr.*: avoir de la peine; hésiter; bégayer.

-beam, *n.*: tassenu, *m.* **-cloth**, *n.*: housse (de siège), *f.* **-dressed**, *adj.*: dégrossi au marteau; (*of stone*) équarri.

-head, *n.*: tête de marteau; (*ichth.*) zygène, *f.*, marteau. **-ing**, *n.*: bruit des marteaux, *m.*

håmmock, *n.*: hamac, branle, *m.*

1.håmper, *n.*: hotte, *f.*, panier, *m.*: small —, mannequin, *m.*

2.hämper, *tr.*: empêtrer, enchevêtrer; embarrasser. **3.hamper**, *n.*: entraves, *f. pl.*; liens, *m. pl.*; embarras, *m.*

1.häm-string, *n.*: tendon du jarret, *m.*
2.-string (pret., part. *ham-strung*), *tr.*: couper les jarrets à.

hänaper, *n.*: panier, *m.*, échiquier, *m.*

1.händ, *n.*: main, *f.*; (*measure*) palme, *m.*; signature, *f.*; (*at cards*) jeu, *m.*; (*of a watch*) aiguille, *f.*: *a horse fifteen —s* high, cheval qui a quinze palmes; — *to —*, corps à corps; — *s off!* à bas les mains! ôtez vos mains!

2.hand, *tr.*: donner avec la main; transmettre, conduire, mener; passer; (*nav.*) feler les voiles.

-barrow, *n.*: civière, *f.*, brancard, *m.*

-basket, *n.*: panier (à anse), *m.*, bourriche, *f.*

-bell, *n.*: clochette, sonnette, *f.*

-bill, *n.*: placard, prospectus, *m.*; affiche, *f.*; serpe, *f.*

-book, *n.*: manuel, *m.*

-breadth, *n.*: paume, *f.*; empan, *m.*

1.-cuff, *n.*: menotte, *f.* **2.-cuff**, *tr.*: mettre les menottes à, emmenotter.

-ful, *n.*: poignée; brassée, *f.*; (*fig.*) petit nombre, peu, *m.*

-gallop, *n.*: petit galop, *m.*

-grenade, *n.*: grenade, *f.*

-gun, *n.*: fusil, *m.*

-icraft, *n.*: métier, *m.*; main-d'œuvre, *f.*

-icraftsman, *n.*: artisan; manoeuvre, *m.*

-ily, *adv.*: adroitement; avec dextérité.

-iness, *n.*: adresse, dextérité, *f.*

-i-work, *n.*: ouvrage manuel, *m.*; main-d'œuvre, *f.*; œuvre, *f.*

-kerchief, *n.*: mouchoir, *m.*

1.-le, *n.*: anse, *f.*, manche, *m.*; (*of a sword*) poignée; (*of a pump*) brimbale; (*of a frying pan*) queue; (*of a printing-press*) manivelle, *f.*; (*of a wheelbarrow*) bras, *m.*

2.-le, *tr.*: manier, toucher; traiter.

-leather, *n.*: manique, *f.*

-ling, *n.*: maniement, *m.*

-maid, *n.*: servante, *f.*

-mill, *n.*: moulin à bras, *m.*

-rail, *n.*: garde-fou, *m.*; rampe, *f.*

-saw, *n.*: petite scie, scie à main, *f.*

1.-sel, *n.*: étrenne (première vente), *f.*

2.-sel, *tr.*: étrenner.

-shake, *shaking*, *n.*: serrement de main, *m.*

-some, *adj.*: beau, bel; élégant; gracieux; bien fait.

-someness, *n.*: beauté; élégance; grâce; générosité, *f.*

-somely, *adv.*: joliment; galement; convenablement; avec grâce.

-spike, *n.*: levier; (*nav.*) aspect, *m.*

-vice, *n.*: étai à main, *m.*

-writing, *n.*: écriture, *f.*

-y, *adj.*: adroit, habile; commode.

-y-blow, *-cuff*, *n.*: coup donné avec la main, *m.*

-y-dandy, *n.*: jeu de main, *m.*

1.häng (pret., part. *hanged or hung*), *tr.*: pendre, suspendre; tendre; pendre; (*nav.*) monter, mettre en place. [En général, *hanged* s'emploie en parlant du supplice.]

2.hang, *intr.*: pendre, être pendu; être retardé, pendre; — *a room*,

tapisser une chambre; — *about*, s'attacher; — *back*, reculer; — *by*, appendre; — *down*, baisser; — *loose*, pendiller; — *out*, arborer; — *over*, pencher; menacer; — *together*, s'accorder; — *the rudder*; monter le gouvernail.

-er, *n.*: coutelas, couteau de chasse, *m.*

-er-on, *n.*: écornifleur; parasite, *m.*

-ing, *n.*: pendaison; tenture, *f.*

-ings, *n. pl.*: tapisserie, tenture, *f.*

-man, *n.*: bourreau, *m.*

hänk, *n.*: peloton; écheveau; (*nav.*) anneau de bois, *m.*

hänker, *intr.*: désirer ardemment; soupirer après; avoir bien envie; convoiter.

-ing, *n.*: penchant, *m.*, inclination; grande envie, *f.*, vif désir, *m.*

1.häp, **-hazard**, *n.*: hasard, sort; accident, *m.*; fortune, *f.*

2.hap, *intr.*: advenir, arriver par hasard.

-less, *adj.*: misérable; infortuné.

-ly, *adv.*: par hasard; peut-être.

-pen, *intr.*: arriver, avenir; se passer; tomber.

-pily, *adv.*: heureusement, par bonheur.

-piness, *n.*: félicité, *f.*, bonheur, *m.*

-py, *adj.*: heureux, fortuné.

1.haräng-ue, *n.*: harangue, *f.*, discours oratoire, *m.*

2.harangue, *tr.*: haranguer, faire un discours.

-uer, *n.*: harangueur, orateur, *m.*

1.härass, *tr.*: harasser, lasser, fatiguer.

2.†härass, *n.*: désordre; ravage, dégât, *m.*

härbing, *n.*: avant-coureur, précurseur; fourrier, *m.*

-ed, *adj.*: précédé d'un avant-coureur; annoncé, présagé.

1.härbo(u)r, *n.*: havre, port; refuge; gîte, *m.*

2.härbo(u)r, *tr. and intr.*: loger; receler; héberger; (*fig.*) entretenir, avoir; *how can you — such a thought?* comment pouvez-vous entretenir, avoir, une pareille idée?

-age, *n.*: abri, asile, *m.*; retraite, *f.*

-er, *n.*: recéleur, *m.*

-less, *adj.*: sans port, sans abri, sans asile.

1.hård, *adj.*: dur, ferme, solide; difficile, rude, cruel, rigoureux; — *cherries*, guignes, *f. pl.*; — *drinking*, débauche; — *frost*, forte gelée, *f.*; — *of belief*, incrédule; — *of hearing*, dur d'oreille; — *to deal with*, intraitable; — *words*, durétés, *f. pl.*

2.hård, *adv.*: fort, fort et ferme, rudement; difficilement; beaucoup.

-bound, *adj.*: constipé.

-by, *adv.*: tout près, auprès.

-en, *tr.*: endureir, durcir, rendre dur.

-en, *intr.*: durcir, s'endurcir, devenir dur.

-favoured, *adj.*: laid; disgracié de la nature.

-fought, *adj.*: fortement contesté; acharné, opiniâtre.

-handed, *adj.*: dont les mains sont endurcies au travail.

-hearted, *adj.*: dur, insensible, cruel.

-heartedness, *n.*: dureté de cœur, insensibilité, inhumanité, *f.*

-ihood, *n.*: hardiesse, audace, intrépidité, *f.*

-ily, *adv.*: adroitement, avec dextérité.

adv.: hardiment; sévèrement; sans mollesse. *-iness*, *n.*: hardiesse, *f.*; tempérament robuste, *m.* *-laboured*, *adj.*: travaillé avec soin, élaboré. *-ly*, *adv.*: à peine; rudement. *-mouthed*, *adj.*: insensible au frein; grossier, dur en paroles. *-ness*, *n.*: dureté, fermeté, solidité; rigueur, difficulté; avarice, *f.* *-ship*, *n.*: dureté; fatigue, misère, privation, *f.*; travail, *m.* *-ware*, *n.*: quincaillerie, quincaillerie, *f.* *-wareman*, *n.*: quincaillier, *m.* *-y*, *adj.*: hardi, courageux; fort, robuste.

hâre, *n.*: lièvre, *m.*: *a young* —, levraut, *m.* *-bell*, *n.*: (*bot.*) scille penchée, jacinthe des prés, *f.* *-brained*, *adj.*: écervelé; volage, léger. *-foot*, *n.*: (*bot.*) pied-de-lièvre, *m.* *-lip*, *n.*: bec-de-lièvre, *m.*

hârem, *n.*: harem, *m.*

hâre's-ear, *n.*: (*bot.*) buplèvre, *m.*, oreille-de-lièvre, *f.*

haricot, *n.*: (*cook.*) haricot, *m.*

hârk = *en*, *arch. except in hârk!* écoutez! écoutez! *-en*, *intr.*: écouter, prêter l'oreille, entendre.

hârl, *n.*: filaments du chanvre, *m. pl.*; filasse, *f.*

harlequin, *n.*: arlequin, *m.*

hârlot, *n.*: putain, prostituée, *f.* *-ry*, *n.*: prostitution, *f.*, libertinage, *m.*

1. *hârm*, *n.*: tort, dommage, préjudice, mal, malheur, *m.* 2. *hârm*, *tr.*: nuire, faire du mal. *-ful*, *adj.*: nuisible, malaisant; dangereux. *-fully*, *adv.*: dangereusement; avec préjudice; d'une manière nuisible. *-fulness*, *n.*: préjudice, dommage, *m.* *-less*, *adj.*: innocent, inoffensif. *-lessly*, *adv.*: innocemment. *-lessness*, *n.*: innocence, *f.*

har-mônie, *mônial*, *adj.*: harmonique, musical. *-mônious*, *adj.*: harmonieux; mélodieux. *-môniously*, *adv.*: harmonieusement, mélodieusement. *-môniousness* = *mony*. *hârmo-nise*, *tr.*: rendre harmonieux; cadencer; accorder; ajuster; *intr.*: s'accorder; correspondre. *-moniser*, *m.*: conciliateur; (*mus.*) harmoniste, *m.* *-mony*, *n.*: harmonie; mélodie; concorde, *f.*; accord, *m.*

1. *hârnass*, *n.*: harnais, *m.* 2. *hârnass*, *tr.*: harnacher, enharnacher. *-maker*, *n.*: fabricant de harnais, sellier; bourrelier, *m.* *-making*, *n.*: fabrication de harnais; bourrellerie, *f.* 1. *hârp*, *n.*: harpe, *f.* 2. *hârp*, *intr.*: pincer, ou jouer de la harpe; répéter; répétailler. *-er*, *n.*: joueur de harpe, harpiste, *m.*

hâr-ping-iron, *pôn*, *n.*: harpon, *m.*

-pônner, *n.*: harponneur, *m.*

hârpichôrd, *n.*: clavecin, *m.*

hârpy, *n.*: harpie, *f.*

hârridan, *n.*: haridelle, rosse, *f.*

hârrier, *n.*: lévrier, *m.*; (*orni.*) buse, *f.*, busard, *m.*

1. *hârrer*, *n.*: herse, *f.* 2. *harrow*, *tr.*: herser, déchirer; agiter; torturer. *-er*, *n.*: herseur, *m.*

† *hârry*, *tr.*: harceler, harasser, tourmenter; piller.

hârrsh, *adj.*: rude, âpre; dur; sévère.

-ly, *adv.*: rudement; sévèrement; âprement. *-ness*, *n.*: rudesse, âpreté; sévérité, *f.*

hârslet, *haslet*, *n.*: fressure de cochon, *f.*

hârt, *n.*: cerf, *m.* *-s-horn*, *n.*: corne de cerf; (*med.*) essence de corne de cerf, *f.* *-s-tongue*, *n.*: (*bot.*) scolopendre, langue-de-cerf, *f.* *-wort*, *n.*: (*bot.*) séséli de Marseille, *m.*

hârum-scârum, *adj.*: écervelé, braque, étourdi; en l'air.

hârûpice = *aruspice*.

1. *hârvest*, *n.*: moisson; récolte, *f.* 2. *harvest*, *tr.*: moissonner; récolter.

-er, *-man*, *n.*: moissonneur, *m.* *-home*, *n.*: chanson du moissonneur; fête des moissonneurs quand la moisson est finie, *f.* *-time*, *n.*: temps de la moisson, *m.*

1. *hâsh*, *n.*: hachis, *m.*, galimafrée, capilotade, *f.* 2. *hash*, *tr.*: hacher, couper en petits morceaux.

hâslet = *harslet*.

1. *hâsp*, *n.*: fermoir, crochet; anneau, *m.* 2. *hasp*, *tr.*: fermer avec des crochets, accrocher, verrouiller.

hâssock, *n.*: paillasson, agenouilloir, *m.*

1. *hâs-te*, *n.*: hâte, vitesse; diligence; colère, *f.* 2. *-te*, *-ten*, *tr.*: hâter, dépêcher, presser; *intr.*: se hâter, se dépêcher, se presser. *-tener*, *n.*: personne qui se hâte, *f.* *-tily*, *adv.*: à la hâte; brusquement; en colère. *-tiness*, *n.*: promptitude, hâte, *f.*; emportement, *m.*

-tings, *n. pl.*: primeur, *f.*, fruits, légumes précoces, hâtifs, *m. pl.*: *green* —, pois hâtifs, *m. pl.* *-ty*, *adj.*: prompt, diligent; pétulant, violent, emporté. *-ty-pudding*, *n.*: bouillie, *f.*

hât, *n.*: chapeau, *m.*: — *s off!* chapeaux bas! *-band*, *n.*: cordon de chapeau, bourdalou, *m.* *-box*, *-case*, *n.*: boîte à chapeau, *f.*

1. *hâth*, *tr.*: faire éclore; produire; tramer; *intr.*: couvrir, être prêt à éclore.

2. *hatch*, *n.*: couvée; éclosion; découverte.

3. *hâth*, *n.*: porte coupée; vanne, *f.*; (*nav.*) panneau, *m.*, écouteille, *f.* 4. *hatch*, *tr.*: fermer (une porte).

5. *hatch*, *tr.*: (*in engravings*) hacher.

hâthel, *n.*: séran, peigne à chanvre,

échanviroir, séranoir, *m.* 2. **hatchel**, *tr.*: sérancer, passer par le séranoir, échanvrer; vexer. -**ler**, *n.*: séraneur, *m.*
hatcher, *n.*: inventeur, auteur, *m.*
hatches, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) panneaux des écoutes, *m. pl.*
hatchet, *n.*: cognée, hachette, *f.*
hatchment, *n.*: (*her.*) écusson, *m.*, armoiries, *f. pl.*
hatchway, *n.*: (*nav.*) écouteille, *f.*
hâ-te, *tr.*: haïr, détester, abhorrer.
2-te, *n.*: haine, aversion, *f.* -**teful**, *adj.*: haïssable, odieux, détestable. -**tefully**, *adv.*: odieusement. -**tefulness**, *n.*: qualité odieuse, abomination, noirceur, *f.*
-ter, *n.*: ennemi, *m.*, personne qui hait, *f.* -**tred**, *n.*: haine, aversion, inimitié, *f.*
hätter, *n.*: chapelier, *m.*
hâttock, *n.*: tas de gerbes de blé, *m.*
hauberk, *n.*: haubert, *m.*; cotte de mailles, cuirasse, *f.*
haugh-tily, *adv.*: hautainement, fièrement. -**teness**, *n.*: hauteur, fierté, arrogance, *f.* -**ty**, *adj.*: altier, fier, hautain, arrogant.
1.haul, *tr.*: tirer; tirailler; haler; traîner.
2.haul, *n.*: action de tirer, de traîner, *f.*; tiraillement; coup de filet, *m.*
hau(l)m, *n.*: chaume, *m.*; paille, *f.*
haunch, *n.*: hanche, *f.*; (*of venison*) cuisse, *f.*
1.haunt, *tr.*: hanter, fréquenter, visiter souvent. **2.haunt**, *n.*: repaire; lieu que l'on fréquente, *m.*; habitude, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui hante, *f.*; visiteur habituel, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: fréquentation, hantise, *f.*
†haüt, *adj.*: altier, fier.
hautboy *hō-boy*, *n.*: hautbois, *m.*
håve (*pret.*, part. *had*), *tr.*: avoir, tenir.
håven, *n.*: havre, port; asile, *m.*
håving, *n.*: avoir, *m.*; possession, fortune, *f.*; biens, *m. pl.*
1.håvoc, *n.*: dégât, ravage, *m.* **2.håvoc**, *tr.*: ravager; dévaster.
1.håw, *n.*: fruit de l'aubépine, *m.*: (*vet.*) caroncule, *f.*
2.håw, *intr.*: hésiter en parlant; énoncer.
1.håwk, *n.*: épervier, faucon, *m.* **2.håwk**, *tr.* and *intr.*: chasser à l'oiseau.
3.håwk, *intr.* and *tr.*: cracher, grailonner.
4.håwk, *n.*: crachement, *m.*
5.håwk, *tr.*: annoncer criant dans les rues, colporter.
håwk-boll, *n.*: grelot; (*her.*) grillet, *m.*
1-ed, *adj.*: aquilin.
2.håwk-ed, *adj.*: crié dans les rues, colporté. -**er**, *n.*: colporteur, *m.*
håwser, *n.*: (*nav.*) haussière, *f.*, grelin, câblot, *m.*
hå'ethörn, *n.*: aubépine, *f.*
håy, *n.*: foin, *m.* -**bird**, *n.*: (*orni.*) grand pouillot, *m.* -**cock**, *n.*: (*agri.*)

veillotte, *f.* -**harvest**, *n.*: fenaïson; récolte des foin, *f.* -**loft**, *n.*: grenier à foin, fenil, *m.* -**maker**, *n.*: faneur; faucheur, *m.* -**making**, *n.*: fenaïson, *f.* -**market**, *n.*: marché au foin, *m.* -**rick**, -**stack**, *n.*: meule de foin, *f.*
1.håzard, *n.*: hasard, *m.*; (*at cards*) chance, *f.* **2.hazard**, *tr.*: risquer, hasarder; *intr.*: se hasarder; s'aventurer. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui hasarde, *f.* -**ous**, *adj.*: hasardeux; dangereux. -**ously**, *adv.*: hasardeusement, dangereusement.
håze, *n.*: brouillard, *m.*; brume, *f.*
håzel or hazel-tree, *n.*: noisetier, coudrier, *m.* **2.hazel**, *adj.*: de coudrier; couleur de noisette. -**nut**, *n.*: noisette, *f.*
håzy, *adj.*: brumeux.
hå, *pron.*: il, lui, celui; [*he* s'emploie souvent comme préfixe pour désigner les animaux mâles: *he-elephant*, éléphant mâle; *he-goat*, bouc, etc.].
1.håd, *n.*: tête, *f.*; chef; (*nav.*) avant, éperon, *m.*; (*of hair*) chevelure, *f.*, cheveux, *m. pl.*; (*of a book*) titre, *m.*; (*of a river*) source; (*of an arrow*) pointe; (*of a cane*) pomme; (*of a wild boar*) hure, *f.*; (*of a college*) principal, *m.* **2.head**, *tr.*: conduire, commander en chef; se mettre à la tête de; diriger; (*pins*) entêter; (*nails*) façonner la tête de. **3.head**, *adj.*: principal, en chef. -**ache**, *n.*: mal de tête, *m.*; migraine, *f.* -**band**, *n.*: bandeau, *m.*, bande, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: chef; (*of nails*) ouvrier qui façonne les têtes; (*of pins*) entêteur, *m.* -**dress**, *n.*: coiffe; coiffure, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: emportement, *m.*; impétuosité; étourderie; (*of drink*) qualité capiteuse, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: (*print.*) lettrine, *f.*; (*of casks*) fond, *m.* -**land**, *n.*: cap, *m.*; pointe, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans tête; sans chef. **1-long**, *adv.*: la tête en avant, la tête la première; (*fig.*) à corps perdu, en étourdi, de gaieté de cœur. **2-long**, *adj.*: escarpé; (*fig.*) irrésolû, inconsidéré. -**man**, *n.*: chef, *m.* -**master**, *n.*: principal; fournisseur, *m.* -**most**, *adj.*: de tête, en tête, à la tête, le premier. -**piece**, *n.*: armet, casque, *m.*; (*fig.*) tête, caboche, *f.* -**quarters**, *n. pl.*: quartier général, *m. sing.* -**ship**, *n.*: autorité suprême, *f.* -**smān**, *n.*: bourreau, *m.* -**stall**, *n.*: tétière, *f.* -**stick**, *n.*: (*nav.*) corne, *f.*; bois de foc, *m.* -**stone**, *n.*: pierre angulaire; pierre tumulaire, tombe, *f.* -**strong**, *adj.*: opiniâtre, têtu, obstiné. -**way**, *n.*: (*nav.*) marché, *f.* -**y**, *adv.*: violent; emporté; impétueux; (*of drink*) capiteux.
håal, *tr.*: guérir; cicatriser; (*fig.*) apaiser; *intr.*: guérir; se guérir; se cicatriser. -**er**, *n.*: guérisseur, *m.*, guériseuse, *f.* **1-ing**, *adj.*: propre à guérir;

salutaire: *the* — art, l'art de guérir.

2.-ing, n.: guérison, f.

health, n.: santé, f.; toast, m.; (*jur.*) salubrité, f.: *drink any one's* —, boire à la santé de quelqu'un. -ful, adj.: bien portant; en bonne santé; sain, salubre; salutaire. -fully, adv.: en bonne santé; salutairement. -fulness, n.: santé; salubrité, f. -ily, adv.: en santé; sagement. -iness, n.: santé; salubrité; nature salutaire, f. -less, adj.: malade, infirme, faible, valétudinaire. -y, adj.: bien portant; en bonne santé; sain; salutaire.

heam, n.: (*of animals*) arrière-faix, délivre, m.

1.**heap**, n.: tas, monceau, amas, m.

2.**heap**, tr.: entasser, amonceler: — up, entasser; amonceler. -er, n.: personne qui entasse, f. -y, adj.: entassé, amoncelé.

1.**hear** (pret., part. *heard*), tr.: entendre, entendre dire; écouter; (*fig.*) apprendre; exaucer: — say, entendre dire; ouïr dire.

2.**hear**, intr.: entendre; écouter: — of, entendre parler de; — from any one, recevoir des nouvelles de quelqu'un; — of any one, avoir des nouvelles de quelqu'un; let us — from you, donnez-nous de vos nouvelles. -d **heer**, part. of *hear*. -er, n.: personne qui écoute, qui entend, f.; auditeur, assistant, m. -ing, n.: (*the sense*) ouïe; (*of witnesses*) audition; (*jur.*) audience, f.: be hard of —, avoir l'oreille dure; he said it in my —, il l'a dit devant moi.

hearken, intr.: écouter. -er, n.: écouteur, m., écouteuse, f.

hearsay, n.: oui-dire, m.

1.**hearse**, n.: corbillard, char funèbre, m.

2.**hearse**, tr.: mettre dans le cercueil; (*fig.*) ensevelir.

heart, n.: cœur; (*centre*) centre, m.; (*nav.*) moque, f.: by —, par cœur; take to —, prendre à cœur. -ache, n.: douleur de cœur, f.; chagrin, m.; affliction, f.

-bond, n.: (*mas.*) parpaing, m. -break, n.: crève-cœur, m. 1.-breaking, n.: déchirement de cœur, m. 2.-breaking, adj.: qui fend le cœur; navrant. -broken, adj.: qui a le cœur navré, brisé. -burn, n.: ardeur d'estomac, (*med.*) gastralgie, cardialgie, f.

-burning, n.: ardeur d'estomac; (*fig.*) aigreur, animosité, f.

-dear, adj.: chéri. -ease, n.: paix du cœur, f. -ed, adj.: doué d'un cœur: broken —, qui a le cœur navré, brisé; good —, qui a bon cœur; hard —, au cœur dur; light —, au cœur gai; open —, au cœur sincère, franc; tender —, tendre; stout —, courageux. -edness, n.: cœur, m., de cœur, du cœur: cold —, froideur de

cœur, insensibilité, f.; hard —, dureté de cœur, f. -en, intr.: encourager; animer.

heart, n.: âtre; foyer, m. -rug, n.: tapis de foyer, m. -stone, n.: pierre de cheminée, f.

heartily, adv.: cordialement; de bon cœur; vigoureusement; (*of eating*) de bon appétit. -iness, n.: sincérité; cordialité; (*of the appetite*) force, f. -less, adj.: sans cœur; lâche. -lessly, adv.: sans cœur; lâchement. -lessness, n.: manque de courage, m.; insensibilité, f.

-s-blood or heart-blood, n.: le plus pur de son sang, m.; (*fig.*) essence, f.

-s-ease, n.: (*bot.*) pensée sauvage, f.

-sick, adj.: qui a la mort dans l'âme; qui a le cœur mort. -sore, n.: plaie du cœur, f. -string, n. pl.: fibre, f., nerf, tendon, m., du cœur. -struck, adj.: touché au cœur; consterné; terrifié; atterré. -wounded, adj.: blessé au cœur. -y, adj.: du cœur; sincère; cordial; robuste; (*of meals*) abondant; (*of eaters*) fort.

1.**heat**, n.: chaleur, ardeur; (*fig.*) colère, animosité, f. 2.**heat**, tr.: chauffer, échauffer; intr.: chauffer; s'échauffer. -ed, adj.: chauffé; échauffé. -er, n.: personne qui chauffe; chose qui chauffe, f.; moine (pour chauffer), m.

heath, n.: lande, bruyère, f. -cock, n.: coq de bruyère, m.

1.**heathen** (pl. *heathen* or *heathens*), n.: païen, m., païenne, f. 2.**heathen**, adj.: païen. -ish, adj.: de païen. -ishly, adv.: en païen. -ism, n.: paganisme, m.; (*fig.*) barbarie, f.

heathy, adj.: plein de bruyères.

1.**heave** (pret. *heaved*, *hove*; part. *heaved*, *hoven*), tr.: lever; élever; soulever; jeter, lancer; (*a sigh*) pousser; (*nav.*) haler, virer; intr.: haleter, soulever; (*of the heart*) palpiter, battre; (*nav.*) haler, virer: — to, (*nav.*) mettre en panne; — in sight, (*nav.*) paraître; être en vue.

2.**heave**, n.: secousse, f.; soulèvement, m.; élévation; agitation, f.

heaven, n.: ciel, m.; cieux, m. pl. -born, adj.: divin, céleste. -bred, adj.: céleste. -built, adj.: céleste.

1.-ly, adj.: céleste. 2.-ly, adv.: d'une manière céleste; divinement.

heaver, n.: chargeur, porteur, m.

heaves, n. pl.: (*vet.*) pousse, f. sing.

heavily, adv.: pesamment; lourdement. -ness, n.: pesanteur; lourdeur, f.; poids, m.; (*fig.*) tristesse, f.

1.**heaving**, adj.: qui se soulève; soulevé. 2.**heaving**, n.: agitation; (*of the sea*) soulèvement, m.

heavy, adj.: lourd, pesant; (*of the sea*) gros; (*of the roads*) gras; (*fig.*) triste.

hebdōma-dal, 1.-**dary**, *adj.*: hebdomadaire. 2.-**dary**, *n.*: membre d'un chapitre, chanoine, *m.*

hēbe-tate, *tr.*: hēbēter. -**tātion**, *n.*: état hēbété, *m.*

Hē-braism, *n.*: hēbraïsme, *m.* -**brēw**, *adj.*: hēbraïque; hēbreu; Israëlite; *n.*: Hēbreu; Israëlite, *m.*; *f.*: (language) hēbreu, *m.*

hēcatomb, *n.*: hēcatombe, *f.*

1.**hēchl-e**, *tr.*: sérancer. 2.-**e**, *n.*: seran, séranoir, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: séranceur, *m.*

hēctāre, *n.*: hectare, *m.*

hēctic, -**al**, *adj.*: hēctique; étique.

hēcto-gram(me), *n.*: hectogramme, *m.* -**liter**, *n.*: hectolitre, *m.* -**meter**, *n.*: hectomètre, *m.*

1.**hēctor**, *n.*: fendant, fier-à-bras; matamore, *m.* 2.**hector**, *intr.*: faire le fendant; *tr.*: malmener.

1.**hēdg-e**, *n.*: baie, *f.* 2.-**e**, *tr.*: entourer d'une haie; border; *intr.*: se cacher; bouder; parier pour et contre. -**ebill**, -**ing-bill**, *n.*: serpe, *f.*; croissant, *m.* -**e-born**, *adj.*: né dans la boue; vil, obscur. -**ehog**, *n.*: hērison, *m.* -**e-note**, *n.*: poésie de carrefour, de la halle, *f.* -**e-pig**, *n.*: jeune hērison, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: faiseur de haies, *m.* -**e-sparrow**, *n.*: fauvette d'hiver, *f.*

1.**hēed**, *tr.*: observer, écouter; faire attention à. 2.**heed**, *n.*: attention, *f.*; soin, *m.*: *give* —, faire attention; *take* —, prendre garde. -**ful**, *adj.*: attentif, vigilant. -**fully**, *adv.*: attentivement; avec soin. -**fulness**, *n.*: attention, vigilance, *f.*; soin, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: étourdi, inattentif. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans soin, négligemment; par mégarde. -**lessness**, *n.*: inattention, négligence, étourderie, *f.*

hēel, *n.*: talon; éperon, *m.* 2.**heel**, *intr.*: danser; (*nav.*) avoir un faux côté: — *over*, (*nav.*) donner la bande, être à la bande; *tr.*: mettre un talon à; (*a cock*) armer. -**piece**, *n.*: bout; talon, *m.*

hēft, *n.*: poids, *m.*

hēgira, *n.*: hēgire, *f.*

hēifer, *n.*: génisse, *f.*

hēighhō, *interj.*: ho! ah!

height, *n.*: élévation, hauteur, *f.*; (*fig.*) plus haut point, comble; (*centre*) fort, cœur, *m.* -**en**, *tr.*: relever, rehausser, embellir, orner; accroître.

hēinous, *adj.*: odieux, affreux, atroce. -**ly**, *adv.*: odieusement, affreusement, atrocement, avec atrocité. -**ness**, *n.*: atrocité, énormité, *f.*

hēir, *n.*: héritier; successeur, *m.* -**ess**, *n.*: héritière, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans héritier. -**loom**, *n.*: meuble de famille, *m.* -**ship**, *n.*: hérédité, *f.*

hē-liac, -**liacal**, *adj.*: héliaque.

hēlio-cētric(al), *adj.*: héliocentrique. -**scope**, *n.*: hélioscope, *m.* -**trope**, *n.*: (*bot.*, *min.*) héliotrope, *m.*

hēlix, *n.*: (*helices*) hēlice; (*anat.*) hēlix, limaçon, *m.*

hēll, *n.*: enfer, *m.* -**born**, *adj.*: né dans l'enfer, sorti de l'enfer, infernal. -**bred**, *adj.*: infernal. -**cat**, *n.*: furie, harpie, *f.*

hēllebore, *n.*: (*bot.*) ellébore, *m.*

Hēllēnic, *adj.*: hellénique.

Hēllēn-ism, *n.*: hellénisme, *m.* -**ist**, *n.*: helléniste, *m.*

hēll-hound, *n.*: chien (*or agent*) de l'enfer; (*fig.*) tison d'enfer, *m.* -**ish**, *adj.*: infernal, d'enfer. -**ishly**, *adv.*: infernalement. -**ishness**, *n.*: caractère infernal, *m.*

hēlm, *n.*: timon, gouvernail, *m.* 2.**helm**, *tr.*: guider; conduire.

hēlmet, *n.*: casque, *m.*

hēlm-in-thic, *n.*: (*med.*) anthelminthique; vermifuge, *m.* -**thology**, *n.*: helminthologie, *f.*

hēlmsman, *n.*: timonier, *m.*

1.**hēlp**, *tr.*: aider, secourir, assister, empêcher; (*at table*) servir: *I cannot — it*, je n'y puis rien; *how can it be —ed?* qu'y faire? que voulez-vous? *how can I — it?* que voulez-vous que j'y fasse? 2.**help**, *n.*: aide, *f.*; secours, remède, *m.*; ressource, *f.*: —! au secours! 3.**help**, *intr.*: aider; se défendre, s'empêcher: *I cannot — saying*, je ne puis m'empêcher de dire. -**er**, *n.*: aide; auxiliaire, *m.* -**ful**, *adj.*: secourable; utile. -**less**, *adj.*: sans secours, faible, impuissant; sans ressource. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans secours; faiblement; sans ressource. -**lessness**, *n.*: faiblesse, impuissance, destitution, *f.* -**mate**, *n.*: aide, compagnon, *m.*, compagne, *f.*

hēlter-skēlter, *adv.*: pêle-mêle, sans dessus dessous.

hēlve, *n.*: manche de hache, *m.* 2.**helve**, *tr.*: emmancher une hache.

Hēlvētic, *adj.*: helvétique.

hēm, *n.*: ourlet; bord, *m.* 2.**hem**, *tr.*: ourler; border: — *in*, enfermer; entourer. 3.**hēm**, *interj.*: hem! **hem**, *intr.*: faire hem.

hēm-atīte, *n.*: (*min.*) hématisite, *f.* -**ato-ele**, *n.*: hémato-cèle, *f.* -**atōsis**, *n.*: hémato-sé, *f.*

hemerocallis, *n.*: hémérocalles, *f.*

hēmi, *pref.*: hēmi-, semi-, demi-, in words much like corresponding French words: -**cycle**, *n.*: hémicycle, *m.* -**plegy**, *n.*: hémiplegie, *f.* -**sphere**, *n.*: hémisphère, *m.* -**sphēric(al)**, *adj.*: hémisphérique. -**stich**, *n.*: hémistiche, *m.*

hēmlock, *n.*: ciguë, *f.*

hëmo-, in words much like corresponding French words: **-rrhage**, *n.*: hémorragie. **-rrhoidal**, *adj.*: hémorroïdal. **-rrhoids**, *n. pl.*: hémorroïdes, *f. pl.*
hëmp, *n.*: chanvre, *m.*; étoupe, *f.*
-comb, *n.*: séran, sérançois, *r.* **-dres-ser**, *n.*: sérançois, chanvrier, *m.* **-en**, *adj.*: de chanvre. **-field**, *n.*: chènevière, *f.* **-seed**, *n.*: chènevis, *m.*
hën, *n.*: poule; femelle, *f.* **-bane**, *n.*: jusquiame, *f.*
hënee, *adv.*: d'ici; de là; loin d'ici. **-forth**, *adv.*: désormais; dorénavant. **-forward**, *adv.*: dorénavant, désormais.
hën-coop, *n.*: cage à poule mue, *f.*
hendëcagon, *n.*: (*geom.*) endécagone, hendécagone, *m.*
hen-decasyllabic, *adj.*: hendécasyllabe. **-decasyllable**, *n.*: hendécasyllabe, *m.*
hën-hearted, *adj.*: lâche, poltron.
-house, *n.*: poulailler, *m.* **-pecked**, *adj.*: gouverné par sa femme. **-roost**, *n.*: juchoir, *m.*
hëpat-ical, *adj.*: hépatique. **hëpat-ite**, *n.*: (*min.*) hépatite, *f.* **-itis**, *n.*: (*med.*) hépatite, *f.*
hëpt-agon, *n.*: (*geom.*) heptagone, *m.* **-andria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) heptandrie, *f.* **-archy**, *n.*: heptarchie, *f.*
hër, *pron.*, *f.*: (*person.*) elle, la, lui; (*pos-sess.*) son, sa, ses.
1. hër-ald, *n.*: héraut; messenger, *m.* **2. -ald**, *tr.*: proclamer: — *into*, introduire dans. **-aldie**, *adj.*: héraldique. **-aldry**, *n.*: science héraldique, *f.*; blason, *m.*
hër-b, *n.*: herbe, *f.* **-bäceous**, *adj.*: herbacé. **-bage**, *n.*: herbage, pâturage, *m.* **1. -bal**, *adj.*: des herbes. **2. -bal**, *n.*: herbier, *m.* **-balist**, *n.*: herboriste, *m.* **-bärium** (*pl. herbariums*), *n.*: (*bot.*) herbier, *m.* **-bary**, *n.*: jardin botanique, *m.* **-bëseent**, *adj.*: herbeux. **-bivor-ous**, *adj.*: herbivore. **-borisation**, *n.*: herborisation, *f.* **-borise** or **hër-bä-ri-se**, *intr.*: herboriser. **-borist**, *n.*: herboriste, *m.* **† -bous** or **hër-by**, *adj.*: herbu, herbeux. **-b-shop**, *n.*: herboristerie, *f.* **-bwoman**, *n.*: herbière, *f.*
hercëlean, *adj.*: herculéen.
1. hërd, *n.*: troupeau, *m.*; troupe, *f.* **2. herd**, *intr.*: vivre en sociétés; vivre en troupes. **-sman**, *n.*: pâtre, *m.*
hëre, *adv.*: ici; par ici. **-about**, **-abouts**, *adv.*: par ici; près d'ici. **-af-ter**, *adv.*: désormais, dorénavant; dans la vie future. **-at**, *adv.*: à ceci, à cela. **-by**, *adv.*: par ce moyen, par là; par ceci.
her-ed-itament, *n.*: (*jur.*) bien, *m.* **-ëditarily**, *adv.*: héréditairement. **-ëd-itary**, *adj.*: héréditaire.
hëre-in, *adv.*: en ceci; ici. **-of**, *adv.*:

de ceci, de cela. **-on**, *adv.*: là-dessus; sur ceci, sur cela.

hëre-siarch, *n.*: hérésiarque, *m.* **-si-archy**, *n.*: principale hérésie, *f.* **-ay**, *n.*: hérésie, *f.*

hëretic, *n.*: hérétique, *m.*, *f.* **herëtical**, *adj.*: hérétique. **herëtically**, *adv.*: en hérétique; avec hérésie.

hëre-tö, **-untö**, *adv.*: à ceci, à cela. **-toföre**, *adv.*: jusqu'à présent; jadis.

-upön, *adv.*: là-dessus, sur ces entrefaites. **-with**, *adv.*: là-dessus; avec ceci.

hëri-table, *adj.*: qui peut hériter. **-tage**, *n.*: héritage, *m.*

hermäpro-dite, *n.*: hermaphrodite, *m.* **-ditic(al)**, *adj.*: hermaphrodite.

hermeneütics, *n. pl.*: hermèneutique, *f. sing.*

hermétic(al), *adj.*: hermétique.

hër-mit, *n.*: ermite, hermite, *m.* **-mi-tage**, *n.*: ermitage, hermitage, *m.* **-mit-ical**, *adj.*: d'ermite.

hërnia, *n.*: (*med.*) hernie, *f.*

hë-rö (*pl. heroes*), *n.*: héros, *m.* **† -röess**, *n.*: héroïne, *f.* **-röic**, *adj.*: héroïque.

-röical, *adj.*: héroïque. **-röically**, *adv.*: héroïquement. **-röi-cömic(al)**, *adj.*: héroï-comique. **hë-roine**, *n.*: héroïne, *f.* **-roism**, *n.*: héroïsme, *m.*

hëron, *n.*: (*orn.*) héron, *m.*

hër-pës, *n.*: (*med.*) herpès, *m.*; dartre, *f.* **-pëtio**, *adj.*: (*med.*) herpétique, dartreux.

-petölogy, *n.*: érpétologie, *f.*

hërring, *n.*: hareng, *m.*: *red* —, hareng saur; — *woman*, harengère, *f.*

hërs, *pron.*, *f.*: (*person.*) d'elle, à elle; (*possess.*) le sien, la sienne, les siens, les siennes.

hërse, *n.*: (*fort.*) herse, *f.*

hërsëlf, *pron.*, *f.*: elle-même, se, soi.

hësi-tancy, *n.*: incertitude, *f.* **-täte**, *intr.*: hésiter, balancer. **-tätting**, *adj.*: hésitant, qui hésite.

-tättingly, *adv.*: avec hésitation. **-tätion**, *n.*: hésitation, *f.*

hëtëro-clite, *n.*: mot hétéroclite, *m.*; chose hétéroclite, *f.* **-clitic(al)**, *adj.*: hétéroclite. **-dox**, *adj.*: hétérodoxe.

-doxy, *n.*: hétérodoxie, *f.* **-genëity**, *n.*: hétérogénéité, *f.* **-gëneous**, **-gëneal**, *adj.*: hétérogène.

hëw (*pret. -ed*; *part. -ed, hëwn*), *tr.*: tailler, couper. **-er**, *n.*: (*of stone*) tailleur; (*of wood*) charpentier, *m.*

hëx-agon, *n.*: hexagone, *m.* **-ägonal**, *adj.*: hexagone. **-ähëdron**, *n.*: hexaèdre, *m.* **-ämeter**, *n.*: hexamètre, *m.* **-amëtrical**, *adj.*: hexamètre. **-änd-ria**, *n.*: hexandrie, *f.*, etc.

hëy! *interj.*: hé! hein! **1. -day!** *interj.*: ouais! hé! **2. -day**, *n.*: beaux jours, *m. pl.*; force, *f.*

hiatus, *n.*: hiatus, *m.*: brèche, lacune, *f.*
hibér-nal, *adj.*: hivernal, d'hiver. **-nate**
As, *intr.*: hiverner.

Hibér-nian, *adj.*: hibernien; *n.*: Hibernien, *m.*, Hibernienne, *f.*

1. **hiccough** *hikup*, *n.*: hoquet, *m.*
 2. **hiccough**, *intr.*: avoir le hoquet.

hickory, *n.*: noyer tomenteux, hickory, *m.*
-tree, noyer tomenteux, hickory, *m.*

hickup = **hiccough**.

hidden, *adj.*: caché, secret. **-ly**, *adv.*: en cachette, secrètement, à la dérobée.

1. **hide** (pret. *hid*; part. *hid*, *hidden*), *intr.*: se cacher; *tr.*: cacher; dérober à la vue: — *and seek*, cache-cache, *m.*, cligne-musette, *f.* 2. **hide**, *n.*: peau, *f.*; cuir, *m.* **-bound**, *adj.*: (vet.) dont la peau adhère aux muscles.

hideous, *adj.*: hideux, horrible, affreux.
-ly, *adv.*: hideusement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère hideux, *m.*; laideur hideuse; difformité, *f.*

hi-der, *n.*: personne qui cache, *f.* **-ding**, *n.*: coups, *m.*, pl., roulée, *f.*: *give any one a —*, (triv.) tanner la peau à quelqu'un.
hie, *intr.*: se hâter; courir.

hiér-arch, *n.*: hiérarque, *m.* **-al**, **-ical**, *adj.*: hiérarchique. **-y**, *n.*: hiérarchie, *f.*

1. **hiéroglyphic**, *n.*: hiéroglyphe; symbole, *m.* 2. **hiéroglyphic**, **-al**, *adj.*: hiéroglyphique. **-ally**, *adv.*: par hiéroglyphes.

hiérophant, *n.*: hiérophante, *m.*

hiér-atic, *adj.*: hiératique.

higgle, *intr.*: vendre des denrées dans les rues; barguigner.

higgledy-piggledy, *adv.*: (pop.) pélemêle, sens dessus dessous.

higgler, *n.*: marchand des rues, regrattier, *m.*

1. **high**, *adj.*: haut, élevé, grand; sublime; fier, altier; important: — *price*, prix élevé; *speaking of any one in — terms*, parler de quelqu'un en termes flatteurs.

2. **high**, *n.*: haut; ciel, *m.* 3. **high**, *adv.*: haut, hautement; grandement; solennellement. **-blown**, *adj.*: enflé.

-born, *adj.*: de haute naissance. **-flier**, *n.*: enthousiaste, *m.* **-flown**, *adj.*: fier; enflé, outré.

-flying, *adj.*: extravagant.

-land, *n.*: pays montagneux, *m.* **-lander**, *n.*: montagnard, *m.* **-low**, *n.*: coulier à recouvrement, *m.*

-ly, *adv.*: hautement; d'une manière élevée; grandement, fortement. **-mettled**, *adj.*: audacieux.

-minded, *adj.*: ambitieux, fier. **-most**, *adj.*: le plus haut. **-ness**, *n.*: hauteur, élévation; cherté; (title)

Altesse; (title of the Sultan) Hautesse, *f.*

-road, *n.*: grand chemin, *m.*, grand-route, chaussée, *f.* **-spirited**, *adj.*: fier, audacieux. **-t**, *adj.*: nommé, appelé.

-water, *n.*: haute marée, *f.* **-way** = **-road**. **-way-man**, *n.*: voleur de grand chemin, *m.*

hilarity, *n.*: hilarité, *f.*

1. **hill**, *n.*: montagne, colline, *f.*; coteau, *m.*

2. **hill**, *tr.*: (agri.) chausser. **-iness**, *n.*: nature montueuse, *f.* **-ock**, monticule, *m.*; hauteur, colline, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: montagneux, accidenté.

hilt, *n.*: poignée, *f.*

hilum, *n.*: (bot.) hile, *m.*

him, *pron.*: (pers.) lui, le; (demonstr.) celui. **-self**, *pron.*: lui-même; se, soi: *he thinks —*, il se croit.

1. **hind**, *n.*: biche, *f.*

2. **hind**, *n.*: domestique, *m.*; valet de ferme; paysan; rustre, *m.*

3. **hind**, *adj.*: de derrière. 1. **-er**, *adj.*: (de) derrière, postérieur.

2. **hinder**, *tr.*: empêcher, détourner; gêner; retarder. **-ance**, *n.*: obstacle, *m.*; entrave, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui empêche; chose qui empêche, *f.*

hind(er)most, *adj.*: dernier.

1. **hinge**, *n.*: gond, *m.*; charnière, *f.*; (fig.) ressort, pivot, *m.* 2. **hinge**, *tr.*: garnir de gonds; (fig.) plier, courber; *intr.*: tourner sur, rouler sur.

1. **hint**, *n.*: allusion indirecte, *f.*; avis; demi-mot, *m.*; insinuation, *f.* 2. **hint**, *tr.*: donner à entendre, suggérer; *intr.*: faire allusion, *f.*

1. **hip**, *n.*: hanche, *f.* 2. **hip**, *tr.*: rendre déhanché, disloquer. **-bath**, *n.*: bain de siège, demi-bain, *m.* **-bone**, *n.*: (anat.) ischion, *m.* **-gout**, *n.*: sciatique, *f.*

-joint, *n.*: (anat.) articulation coxo-fémorale, *f.*

hippocéntaur, *n.*: hippocentaure, *m.*

hippoceras, *n.*: hypocras, *m.*

hippe-drome, *n.*: hippodrome, *m.* **-griff**, *n.*: hippogriffe, *m.* **-lith**, *n.*: (vet.) hippopolithe, *f.* **-mane**, hippomane, *m.* **-potamus** **-pó'ta-mus**, hippopotami, hippopotame, *m.*

hip-roof, *n.*: (arch.) croupe, *f.* **-shot**, *adj.*: déhanché. **-stone**, *n.*: (min.) pierre néphrétique, *f.*; jade, *m.*

1. **hir-e**, *n.*: louage, prix de louage; loyer, *m.* 2. **-e**, *tr.*: louer; prendre à louage: — *one's self out*, se louer. 1. **-eling**, personne salariée, *f.*; mercenaire, *m.* 2. **-eling**, *adj.*: salarié; mercenaire. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui loue, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: louage, *m.*

hirsute, *adj.*: hérissé; velu.

his, *pron.*: (pers.) de lui, à lui; (poss.) son, sa, ses; le sien, la sienne; les siens, les siennes.

hispid, *adj.*: velu; (bot.) hispide.

1. **hiss**, *n.*: sifflement; sifflet, *m.* 2. **hiss**, *tr.* and *intr.*: siffler. 1. **-ing**, *n.*: sifflement; sifflet, *m.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: sifflant.

hist! *interj.*: chut!

his-tôrian, *n.*: historien, *m.* -**tôrie(al)**, *adj.*: historique. -**tôrically**, *adv.*: historiquement. -**tôriôgrapher**, *n.*: historiographe, *m.*

history, *n.*: histoire, *f.*; historique, *m.* -**piece**, *n.*: tableau d'histoire, *m.*

histri-on, *n.*: comédien; histrion, *m.* -**ônic(al)**, *adj.*: du comédien; de la scène; de la comédie; d'histrion. -**on-ism**, *n.*: représentation scénique, *f.*, théâtre, *m.*

1.hit (pret., part. *hit*), *tr. and intr.*: donner un coup à; frapper, heurter; rencontrer; (*fig.*) atteindre le but; arriver; s'accorder; réussir: — *against*, donner contre; — *home*, porter coup; — *upon*, trouver, rencontrer, se ressouvenir de, tomber sur. **2.hit**, *n.*: coup, *m.*; chance, *f.*: *lucky* —, coup heureux, *m.*

1.hitch, *intr.*: se trémousser; se nouer; (*man.*) s'entrecouper; *tr.*: accrocher; (*nav.*) amarrer. **2.hitch**, *n.*: empêchement, *m.*; entrave, *f.*; (*nav.*) nœud, *m.*, clef, *f.*

hither, *adv.*: ici, par ici; *y*; *adj.*: de ce côté-ci; en deçà; le plus rapproché; ci-térieur. -**most**, *adj.*: le plus proche. -**to**, *adv.*: jusqu'ici, jusqu'à présent. -**ward(s)** -*wards*, *adv.*: de ce côté-ci.

1.hi-ve, *n.*: ruche, *f.*; essaim, *m.* **2.-ve**, *tr.*: mettre dans une ruche; vivre ensemble. -**ve-bee**, *n.*: abeille de ruche, abeille domestique, *f.* -**ver**, *n.*: apiculteur, *m.* -**s**, *n.*: (*med.*) croup, *m.*; varicelle pustuleuse, *f.*

hō, hōa! *interj.*: hō! ho!

1.hōar, *adj.*: blanc, blanchi, chenu. **2.hoar** = *hoariness*.

1.hōard, *n.*: monceau, amas; magot, *m.* **2.hoard**, *tr. and intr.*: amasser. -**er**, *n.*: thésauriseur, accapareur, *m.*

hōar-frost, *n.*: gelée blanche, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: blancheur d'âge, antiquité vénérable.

hōarse, *adj.*: enrôlé, rauque. -**ly**, *adv.*: d'une voix enrôlée, rauque. -**ness**, *n.*: enrôlement, *m.*; raucité, *f.*

hōary, *adj.*: blanc; blanchi; aux cheveux gris; chenu.

1.hōax, *tr.*: mystifier. **2.hoax**, *n.*: mystification, *f.*; canard, *m.*

hōb, *n.*: (*of a fire-grate*) plaque, *f.*; (*of a wheel*) moyen, *m.*; (*peasant*) paysan, rustre, manant; lutin, *m.*

hōb, *intr.*: boire avec quelqu'un.

hōbblingly, *adv.*: en clochant.

1.hōbble, *n.*: clochement, *m.*; (*fig.*) difficulté, nasse, *f.*, embarras, *m.* **2.hobble**, *intr.*: clocher, clopiner; marcher avec des béquilles; marcher gauchement; *intr.*: mettre dans l'embarras.

hōbby, *n.*: cheval de bois, dada, *m.*, ma-

rotte, *f.* -**horse**, *n.*: cheval de bois, dada, *m.*; marotte, *f.*

hōb-goblin, *n.*: lutin, spectre, fantôme, *m.*

hōblike, *adj.*: en paysan, en rustre.

hōbnaïl, *n.*: clou à fer à cheval; (*fig.*) paysan, rustre, manant, *m.* -**ed**, *adj.*: garni de clous à grosses têtes; (*fig.*) grossier.

1.hōbnob, *intr.*: boire avec quelqu'un; trinquer. **2.hōbnob**, *adv.*: au hasard; pêle-mêle; à prendre ou à laisser.

1.hōck, *n.*: hock, vin du Rhin, *m.*

2.hōck, *n.*: jarret. -**le**, *tr.*: couper le jarret à.

hōcus, *tr.*: escamoter. **hōcus pōcus**, *n.*: tour de passe-passe, *m.*; jonglerie, *f.* **hōd**, *n.*: (*max.*) oiseau, *m.*

hōdge-podge, *n.*: salmigondis, hoche-pot, *m.*

hōdiērnal, *adj.*: d'aujourd'hui.

1.hōe, *n.*: houe, *f.* **2.hoe**, *tr. and intr.*: houer.

hōg, *n.*: pourceau, cochon, porc, *m.* -**gish**, *adj.*: de cochon; (*fig.*) grossier.

-gishly, *adv.*: en cochon. -**gishness**, *n.*: cochonnerie; gloutonnerie; (*fig.*) grossièreté, *f.* -**herd**, *n.*: porcher, *m.* -**mane**, *n.*: crinière en brosse, *f.* -**shend**, *n.*: demi-pièce (de litres 238), *f.* -**sty**, *n.*: étable à cochons, *f.* -**wash**, *n.*: lavure; lavure de vaisselle, *f.*

hōi, *interj.*: dia!

1.hōiden, *n.*: garçonnière, *f.* **2.hoiden**, *intr.*: garçonner. **hoiden(ish)**, *adj.*: garçonnier.

1.hōist, *tr.*: guinder; lever, hausser, hisser. **2.hoist**, *n.*: effort; (*nav.*) guindant, *m.*

1.hōity-toity! *interj.*: bah! **2.hoity-toity**, *adj.*: étourdi, irrésolû, léger.

1.hōld (pret., part. *held*), *tr.*: tenir; retenir; arrêter; soutenir; contenir; garder; conserver; considérer comme; regarder comme; avoir; occuper; célébrer: — *fast*, tenir ferme; — *together*, tenir ensemble; — *one's self*, se tenir; se regarder; — *back*, retenir; — *forth*, tendre; avancer; mettre en avant; — *in*, retenir; — *off*, tenir éloigné; tenir à distance; — *on*, continuer de tenir; persévérer dans; — *out*, tendre; présenter; offrir; supporter; endurer; — *up*, lever; soulever; soutenir; maintenir; présenter; exposer; — *any one to his promise*, astreindre quelqu'un à tenir sa promesse; — *one's tongue*, se taire. **2.hold**, *intr.*: tenir; se soutenir; se maintenir; rester; durer; être vrai; supporter; endurer; — *fast*, tenir ferme, avec force; — *good*, être vrai; ne pas se démentir; — *together*, tenir ensemble; — *back*, se tenir en arrière; — *forth*,

haranguer; pérorer; — *in*, se contenir; se retenir; — *on*, tenir toujours; tenir bon; aller toujours; — *out*, tenir bon; — *up*, se soutenir; (*of the rain*) cesser.

3.hold, *n.*: action de tenir; prise, *f.*; (*support*) soutien, *m.*; serre; griffe; (*fortress*) place forte; (*nav.*) cale, *f.*; (*mus.*) point d'orgue, *m.*; *get, take* — *of*, prendre; saisir; empoigner; se saisir de; *let go one's* —, lâcher prise. — **back**, *n.*: empêchement, obstacle, *m.*; entrave, *f.* — **er**, *n.*: personne qui tient; (*thing*) chose pour tenir; poignée, anse, *f.*, manche; (*possessor*) détenteur; (*com.*) porteur, *m.* — **fast**, *n.*: crampon; croc; (*tech.*) valet, *m.* — **ing**, *n.*: possession; prise; influence, *f.*

hôle, *n.*: trou; antre, *m.*; caverne; ouverture, *f.* **hole**, *intr.*: trouser; (*at billiards*) blouser.

† **hōli-dam**, *n.*: sainteté; sanctuaire, *f.*, jugement, *m.* **1-day**, *n.*: jour de fête, *m.*; fête, *f.*; congé, campos, *m.*; — *s*, vacances, *f. pl.*; *bank* —, fête légale.

2-day, *adj.*: de jour de fête, de fête; de jour de congé, de congé; de vacances.

hōli-ly, *adv.*: saintement. — **ness**, *n.*: sainteté, *f.*

holland, *n.*: toile de Hollande, *f.* — **s**, genièvre de Hollande, *m. sing.*

1.hollo, *n.*: huée, *f.*; *holla*, *m.* **2.hollo**, *intr.*: huer, crier. **3.hollo!** *hōlla!* *interj.*: *holla!* *hō!*

1.hōllow, *adj.*: creux, vide; (*of sound*) sourd. **2.hollow**, *n.*: creux; antre, *m.*; caverne, cavité, *f.* **3.hollow**, *tr.*: creuser. — **ness**, *n.*: creux, vide, *m.*; (*fig.*) fausseté, *f.*

hōlly, *n.*: (*bot.*) houx, *m.* — **grove**, *n.*: houssaie, *f.* — **hook**, *n.*: alcée; rose trémière; passe-rose, *f.*

1.hōlm, *n.*: flot; terrain d'alluvion.

2.hōlm, *n.*: chêne vert, *m.*; yeuse, *f.*

hōlocaust, *n.*: holocauste, *m.*

hōlograph, *n.*: (*jur.*) olographe, *m.*

hōlothurie, *n.*: (*zool.*) holothurie, *f.*

hōlster, *n.*: fonte de pistolet, *f.*

hōly, *adj.*: saint, sacré; béni; *n.*: Très-Saint, *m.*: — *bread*, pain béni; — *Ghost*, le Saint-Esprit; — *land*, terre sainte; — *water*, eau bénite; — *week*, la semaine sainte; *make* —, sanctifier. — **day**, *n.*: jour de fête (religieuse); rarely = *holiday*.

hōmag-e, *n.*: hommage, *m.* — **er**, *n.*: hommager, *m.*

1.hōme, *n.*: chez soi; logis; foyer domestique; intérieur, *m.*; demeure, maison, *f.*; pays, *m.*: *at* —, chez soi; à la maison.

2.home, *adj.*: de la maison, domestique; qui porte coup, bon. **3.home**, *adv.*: chez soi, au logis; à la maison; dans son pays; (*fig.*) directement, vigoureusement.

-bred, *adj.*: naturel; domestique. — **-felt**, *adj.*: intime, du cœur, intérieur. — **-keep-ing**, *adj.*: sédentaire, casanier. — **-liness**, *n.*: caractère domestique, *m.*; simplicité, grossièreté; (*of the face*) sans beauté, *f.*

-ly, *adj.*: de la maison; de ménage; simple; ordinaire; commun. — **-made**, *adj.*: de ménage; fait à la maison; de fabrication indigène.

homeopath... = *homæopath*...

hōme-sick, *adj.*: qui a le mal du pays.

-sickness, *n.*: mal du pays, *m.*; nostalgie, *f.* — **-speaking**, *n.*: discours énergique, *m.* — **-spun**, *adj.*: fait à la maison, de ménage, grossier; sans façon. — **-stall or homestead**, *n.*: château et dépendances; lieu de naissance; domicile originaire, *m.* — **-thrust**, *n.*: coup qui porte; (*forc.*) coup de fond, *m.* — **-ward(s)**, **-ward-bound**, *adv.*: vers la maison; vers son pays; (*nav.*) de retour.

homicidal, *adj.*: homicide; meurtrier.

homicide, *n.*: homicide, *m.*

hōmily, *n.*: homélie, *f.*, sermon, *m.*

hōminy, *n.*: grosse farine de maïs.

homœœntric, *adj.*: (*astron.*) homocentrique; (*math.*) concentrique.

homœopāthic(al) *home*, *adj.*: homéopathique. — **ōpathist**, *n.*: homéopathe, *m.* — **ōpathy**, *n.*: homéopathie, *f.*

homœ-gēnal, **-gēneous**, *adj.*: homogène, semblable. — **-gēnealness**, **-gēnē-ity** or **-gēneousness**, *n.*: homogénéité, *f.*

homōlogous, *adj.*: (*geom.*) homologue.

hō-monym, *n.*: homonyme, *m.* — **-mōnymous**, *adj.*: homonyme. — **-mōnymy**, *n.*: homonymie; ambiguïté, *f.*

homōphony, *n.*: homophonie, *f.*

1.hōne, *n.*: pierre à rasoir, pierre à l'huile, *f.* **2.hone**, *tr.*: affiler sur la pierre.

hōnest, *adj.*: honnête; loyal; probe, intègre, de bonne foi; — *man*, homme de bien. — **-ly**, *adv.*: honnêtement; avec probité; de bonne foi; sincèrement. — **-y**, *n.*: honnêteté, probité, bonne foi, loyauté, intégrité, franchise, *f.*

1.hōney, *n.*: miel, *m.* **2.honey**, *tr.*: mettre du miel dans, sucrer avec du miel; *intr.*: parler tendrement. — **-bag**, *n.*: premier estomac de l'abeille, *m.* — **-comb**, *n.*: rayon de miel, gâteau de miel, *m.* — **-cup**, *n.*: (*bot.*) nectaire, *m.* — **-dew**, *n.*: miellat, *m.* — **-ed**, *adj.*: emmiellé; doux; miellé; mielleux. — **-flower**, *n.*: (*bot.*) grand mélianthé, *m.*; fleur miellée, *f.* — **-guide**, *n.*: (*orn.*) indicateur, *m.* — **-moon**, *n.*: lune de miel, *f.* — **-suckle**, chèvrefeuille, *m.* — **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) mélinet; sison, *m.*

hōno(u)r, *n.*: honneur, *m.*; dignité, estime, *f.*, (*at cards*) figure, *f.* **2.honour**, *tr.*:

honorer, faire honneur à; glorifier. **-ary**, *adj.*: honoraire. **-able**, *adj.*: honorable. **-ableness**, *n.*: caractère honorable; honneur, *m.* **-ably**, *adv.*: honorablement. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui honore, *f.*

1. **hóod**, *n.*: coiffe de femme, *f.*; capuchon, chaperon, *m.* 2. **hood**, *tr.*: encapuchonner; couvrir; (*a hawk*) chaperonner. **-wink**, *tr.*: bander les yeux à; (*fig.*) en imposer.

1. **hóof**, *n.*: sabot; ongle, *m.* 2. **hoof**, *intr.*: marcher. **-bound**, *adj.*: (*vet.*) encastelé.

1. **hóok**, *n.*: crochet, croc; (*for fishing*) hameçon, *m.*; (*sickle*) faucille, *f.*: — and eye, agrafe et porte, *f.* 2. **hook**, *tr.*: accrocher; agraffer; prendre à l'hameçon. **-ed**, *adj.*: crochu, recourbé. **-edness**, *n.*: forme crochue; courbure, *f.* **-nose**, *n.*: nez aquilin, *m.* **-nosed**, *adj.*: qui a un nez aquilin.

1. **hóop**, *n.*: cri, *m.* 2. **hoop**, *intr.*: crier; pousser des cris.

3. **hóop**, *n.*: cerceau; cercle, *m.*; (*of a wheel*) jante, *f.* 4. **hoop**, *tr.*: cercler; entourer; garnir de jantes. **-er**, *n.*: cercle, *m.*

hóoping, *n.*: action de crier; vocifération, *f.* **-cough**, *n.*: coqueluche, *f.*

1. **hóot**, *tr.*: huer; *intr.*: huer. 2. **hoot**, *-ing*, *n.*: huée, *f.*

1. **hóp**, *intr.*: sautiller. 2. **hop**, *n.*: saut, *m.*

3. **hóp**, *n.*: houblon, *m.* 4. **hop**, *tr.*: houblonner.

1. **hóp-e**, *n.*: espérance; attente, *f.*; espoir, *m.* 2. **-e**, *tr.*: espérer; s'attendre à; *intr.*: espérer, avoir espoir. **-eful**, *adj.*: de grande espérance; qui promet beaucoup. **-efully**, *adv.*: de manière à faire espérer beaucoup; avec espoir. **-fulness**, *n.*: bon espoir, *m.* **-eless**, *adj.*: sans espoir. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui espère, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec espoir.

hópp-er, *n.*: personne qui sautille; (*of a mil*) trémie, *f.*; (*agri.*) semoir, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: clochement, *m.*

hóp-pole, *n.*: perche à houblon, *f.*

hópscoth, *n.*: marelle, *f.*

hóral, **hórary**, *adj.*: horaire.

hórd, *n.*: horde, *f.*

hórchóund, *n.*: (*bot.*) marrube, *m.*

hór-izon, *n.*: horizon, *m.* **-izóntal**, *adj.*: horizontal. **-izóntally**, *adv.*: horizontalement.

hór-n, *n.*: corne, *f.*; (*of stags*) bois, *m.*; (*ent.*) antenne, *f.*; (*mua.*) cor, cornet, *m.* **-beam**, *n.*: (*bot.*) charme, *m.*; charmille, *f.* **-beetle**, *n.*: cerf-volant, *m.* **-blonde**, *n.*: hornblende, *f.* **-book**, *n.*: abécédaire, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: cornu, à cornes. **-ed-owl**, *n.*: (*orni.*) duc, *m.* **-et**, *n.*:

(*ent.*) frelon, *m.* **-fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) aiguille de mer; orphie, *f.* **-pipe**, *n.*: danse des matelots, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: (*fort.*) ouvrage à corne, *m.* **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cornièle, *m.*; mille-feuille cornue, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: calé; do corn.

hór-ologe, *n.*: horloge, *f.* **-olólógical**, *adj.*: d'horloge; d'horlogerie. **-ólóg**, *n.*: horlogerie, *f.* **-oscope**, *n.*: horoscope, *m.*

hórr-ent, *adj.*: hérissé, en haut, élevé. **-ible**, *adj.*: horrible, affreux. **-ibleness**, *n.*: caractère affreux, *m.*; horreur, *f.* **-ibly**, *adv.*: horriblement; affreusement. **-id**, *adj.*: affreux, horrible. **-idness**, *n.*: horreur, *f.*; caractère horrible, *m.* **-ifíc**, (*med.*) horripilation, *f.* **-isónous**, *adj.*: qui a un son horrible. **-or**, *n.*: horreur, *f.* **-or-stricken**, **-or-struck**, *adj.*: frappé d'horreur.

1. **hórs**, *n.*: cheval, *m.*; (*milit.*) cavalerie, *f.*; (*tech.*) chevalet; (*for clothes*) séchoir, *m.* 2. **hórs**, *tr.*: monter un cheval; porter; (*of horses*) saillir, couvrir. **-artillery**, *n.*: artillerie à cheval. **-back**, *n.*: dos de cheval, *m.*; on —, à cheval. **-bean**, *n.*: petite fève, féverole, *f.* **-block**, *n.*: montoir, *m.* **-boy**, *n.*: valet d'écurie, palefrenier, *m.* **-breaker**, *n.*: personne qui dresse les chevaux, *f.*; piquer, *m.* **-chestnut**, *n.*: marron d'Inde; (*tree*) marronnier d'Inde, *m.* **-cloth**, *n.*: housse, *f.* **-fly**, *n.*: taon, *m.* **-gin**, *n.*: manège, *m.* **-guard**, *n.*: garde à cheval, *m.* **-guards**, *n. pl.*: gardes à cheval, *m. pl.* **-hair**, *n.*: crin de cheval, *m.* **-laugh**, *n.*: rire outré, rire grossier, *m.* **-leech**, *n.*: sangsue, *f.* **-litter**, *n.*: litière, *f.* **-load**, *n.*: charge d'un cheval, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: cavalier, écuyer, *m.*: *to be a good —*, être bon écuyer, bien monter à cheval. **-manship**, *n.*: manège, *m.*; équitation, *f.* **-path**, *n.*: chemin de halage, *m.* **-picker**, *n.*: cure-pied, *m.* **-play**, *n.*: jeu de main, *m.*; raillerie grossière, *f.* **-pond**, *n.*: étang pour les chevaux, abreuvoir, *m.* **-race**, *n.*: course de chevaux, *f.* **-radish**, *n.*: raifort, *m.*; rave sauvage, *f.* **-shoe**, *n.*: fer de cheval; fer à cheval, *m.* **-stealer or thief**, *n.*: voleur de chevaux, *m.* **-trappings**, *n.*: harnais, *m.* **-twitcheers**, *n. pl.*: (*vet.*) morilles, *f. pl.* **-whip**, *n.*: fouet, *m.*; cravache, *f.* **-whip**, *tr.*: fouetter; donner des coups de cravache à. **-woman**, *n.*: cavalière, écuyère, *f.*

hórta-tive, *n.*: incitation, *f.* **-tory**, *adj.*: exhortatoire, d'exhortation.

hórti-cultor, *n.*: horticulteur, *m.* **-cúltural**, *adj.*: d'horticulture; horticultural. **-culture**, *n.*: horticulture, *f.* **-cúltur-ist**, *n.*: horticulteur, *m.*

hörtulan, *adj.*: du jardinier.

hoşanna, *n.*: hosanna, m.

hös-çe, *n.*: bas, *m. pl.*; chaussure, *f.*; (*pipe*)

tuyau élastique, *m.*, (*nav.*) manche, *f.*

-şier, *n.*: marchand de bas, chaussetier,

bonnetier, *m.* **-şier**, *n.*: bonneterie, *f.*

hös-pi-table, *adj.*: hospitalier. **-tably**,

adv.: avec hospitalité; charitablement.

-tal, *n.*: hôpital; hospice, *m.* **-tality**,

n.: hospitalité, *f.*

höst, *n.*: hôte; hôtelier, aubergiste, *m.*;

armée, foule, multitude; (*Cath. rel.*) hostie,

f. **2.host**, *tr. and intr.*: loger.

höstage, *n.*: otage; (*fig.*) gage, *m.*

hös-tel(ry), *n.*: petit hôtel, *m.*; auberge,

hôtellerie, *f.*; petit collège (Oxford).

-teler, *n.*: hôtelier, *m.*

höstess, *n.*: hôtesse.

hös-tile, *adj.*: hostile, ennemi. **-tilely**,

adv.: hostilement, d'une manière hostile.

-tily, *n.*: hostilité, *f.*

hös-ler, *n.*: valet d'écurie, garçon d'é-

curie, *m.*

höt, *adj.*: chaud, ardent, brûlant; (*fig.*)

violent, échauffé: *be* —, avoir chaud;

grow —, s'échauffer; *make* —, chauffer;

be burning —, brûler, être brûlant; —

baths, bains chauds, thermes, *m. pl.* **-bed**,

n.: couché; serre chaude, *f.* **-brained**,

-headed, *adj.*: violent, fougueux, em-

porté.

hötchpotch, *n.*: hochepot, salmigond-

is, *m.*

höt-cockles, *n.*: (*game*) main-chaude, *f.*

hötél, *n.*: hôtel, *m.*; hôtellerie, auberge, *f.*

höt-house, *n.*: serre chaude, *f.* **-ly**,

adv.: avec chaleur, chaudement; vive-

ment. **-mouthed**, *adj.*: entêté, obs-

tiné, opiniâtre. **-ness**, *n.*: chaleur;

passion, violence, fureur, *f.* **-press**, *tr.*:

presser à chaud; (*cloth*) catir; (*paper*)

satiner. **-spur**, *n.*: homme violent, fou-

gueux, *m.*

1.hough hök, *n.*: (*of animals*) jarret, *m.*

2.hough, *tr.*: couper les jarrets à.

1.höund, *n.*: chien de chasse, chien cou-

rant, *m.* **2.hound**, *tr.*: chasser au chien

courant; (*fig.*) exciter, presser. **-fish**,

n.: aiguillat, squal, chien de mer, *m.*

höur, *n.*: heure, *f.*: *an* — *and* *a half*,

une heure et demie; *half an* —, une demi-

heure; *an* — *ago*, *an* — *since*, il y a une

heure; *in* *a lucky* —, dans un moment

heureux; *within* *an* —, *an* — *hence*,

dans une heure; *keep good* —s, rentrer, se

coucher de bonne heure; *keep bad* —s,

rentrer, se coucher tard, à des heures in-

dues. **-glass**, *n.*: sablier, *m.* **-hand**,

n.: aiguille des heures, petite aiguille, *f.*

-ly, *adj.*: fréquent, continu. **-ly**, *adv.*:

à toute heure, à tout moment. **-plate**,

n.: cadran, *m.*

1.höuse (*pl. -şes*), *n.*: maison, *f.*; bâti-

ment, *m.*; demeure, habitation; (*family*)

race, famille; (*theat.*) salle, *f.*: *a religious*

—, une maison religieuse, un couvent, un

monastère; *a nobleman's* —, un hôtel; *the*

— *of lords*, la chambre des pairs; *the* —

of commons, la chambre des communes;

the two —s *of parliament*, les deux cham-

bres du parlement; *a town* —, une maison

de ville; *a country* —, une maison de

campagne; *keep* *a good* —, tenir bonne

table; *keep open* —, tenir table ouverte.

2.höuse, *tr.*: loger, recevoir chez soi,

donner le couvert à, héberger; (*things*)

serrer: — *cattle*, établir le bétail; —

corn, serrer le blé, mettre le blé en grange.

3.höuse, *tr.*: loger, demeurer, se mettre

à couvert. **-breaker**, *n.*: voleur avec

effraction, brigand, *m.* **-breaking**, *n.*:

vol avec effraction, *m.* **-dog**, *n.*: chien

de basse-cour, *m.* **-ful**, *n.*: chambrée, *f.*

1.-hold, *n.*: (*pop.*) maisonnée, maison,

famille, *f.*; domestique; ménage, *m.*

2.-hold, *adj.*: domestique; de ménage:

— *goods*, meubles, *m. pl.*; — *uten-*

sils, ustensiles de ménage, *m. pl.* **-hol-**

-der, *n.*: chef de famille, maître de mai-

son, *m.* **-hold-stuff**, *n.*: meubles, *m. pl.*;

meubles, ameublement, *m.* **-keeper**, *n.*:

chef de famille, *m.*; femme de charge, *f.*

-keeping, *n.*: ménage, *m.*; économie

domestique, *f.* **-leek**, *n.*: (*bot.*) jou-

barbe, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: qui n'a point de

maison, de demeure, d'habitation; sans

asile. **-maid**, *n.*: servante, *f.* **-rent**,

n.: loyer d'une maison, *m.* **-room**, *n.*:

place, *f.*; espace; abri, logement, *m.*

-top, *n.*: faite, toit, *m.* **-warming**,

n.: pendre la crémaillère, *f.* **-wife**, *n.*:

ménagère, maîtresse de maison, *f.*; (*case*

for needles, etc.) nécessaire de femme, *m.*

1.-wifely, *adj.*: de ménagère; de mé-

nage. **2.-wifely**, *adv.*: économiquement,

en bonne ménagère. **-wifery**, *n.*: mé-

nage, *m.*; économie domestique, *f.*

höusing, *n.*: logement, *m.*; (*of horses*)

housse, *f.*

hövel, *n.*: chaumière, cabane, baraque,

hutte, cahute, *f.*

höver, *intr.*: voltiger, planer, se balan-

cer, voler par dessus, prendre l'essor.

höw, *adv.*: comment, de quelle manière,

combien, que, quel: — *do you do?* comment

vous portez-vous? *he related to us*

— *it happened*, il nous raconta de quelle

manière la chose s'était passée; *you see* —

I love you, vous voyez combien je vous

aime; — *amiable virtue is*, que la vertu

est aimable; — *old are you?* quel âge

avez-vous? — *long have you been here?*

combien y a-t-il que vous êtes arrivé? de-

puis quand êtes vous ici? **-höit** = *how-*

ever, **-över**, **-spöver**, *adv.*: cependant, quoi qu'il en soit, néanmoins, pourtant; (*before an adj.*) quelque... que: — *rich he may be*, quelque riche qu'il soit.

hōwitz(er), *n.*: obusier, *m.*

1.hōwl, *intr.*: hurler; *tr.*: crier. **2.howl**, *n.*: hurlement, *cri*, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: hurlleur; singe hurleur, *m.*

hōwlet, *n.*: (*orni.*) hulotte, *f.*

1.hōwling, *n.*: hurlement; *cri*, *m.* **2.howling**, *adj.*: qui hurle; qui pousse des hurlements.

1.hōy, *n.*: (*nav.*) vaisseau côtier, *heu*, *m.*

2.hōy! *interj.*: hé! holà!

hūbbub, *n.*: tumulte, grabuge, charivari, vacarme, tintamarre, *m.*

hūckaback, *n.*: toile ouvrière, *f.*

†hūckle, *n.*: hanche; bosse, *f.* **-backed**, *adj.*: bossu, volté. **†-bone**, *n.*: os de la hanche, *m.*

1.hūckster, *n.*: revendeur, regrattier, *m.*

2.huckster, *intr.*: revendre en détail, vendre du regrat. **-ess**, *n.*: regrattière, *f.*

1.hūddle, *n.*: désordre, *m.*; confusion; foule, *f.*: *all in a —*, pêle-mêle, en désordre, confusément. **2.huddle**, *tr.*: brouiller, confondre ensemble, mêler, jeter pêle-mêle; *intr.*: se fouler, se mêler, se couder, se presser en désordre.

1.hūc, *n.*: teint, *m.*; couleur, *f.*

2.hūc, *n.*: (*ery*) huée, *f.*, *cri*, *m.*: — *and cry*, *cri de haro*, *m.*; (*journal*) gazette de poursuites judiciaires, *f.*: *raise a hue and cry after one*, crier haro sur quelqu'un.

1.hūff, *n.*: emportement, accès de colère, mouvement d'arrogance, *m.* **2.huff**, *tr.*: gonfler; enfler; maltraiter, brusquer; (*at draughts*) souffler; *intr.*: gonfler; s'enfler: — *at*, pester contre. **-er**, *n.*: vantard, fanfaron, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: fanfaron; arrogant; fier. **-ishly**, *adv.*: avec fanfaronnerie; avec arrogance; fièrement. **-ishness**, *n.*: pétulance; vanterie; arrogance, *f.*

1.hūg, *tr.*: embrasser, serrer entre les bras; chérir: — *the wind*, (*nav.*) pincer le vent; — *the land*, (*nav.*) serrer la terre, côtoyer. **2.hūg**, *n.*: embrassade, accolade, étreinte, *f.*

hūge, *adj.*: vaste, grand, immense, énorme. **-ly**, *adv.*: énormément, immensément, extrêmement, grandement. **-ness**, *n.*: grandeur énorme, *f.*

hūgger-mugger, *n.*: secret, *m.*; saleté, négligence, *f.*: *in —*, en secret; *in — fashion*, salement; négligemment.

hūlk, *n.*: carcasse, *f.*: — *s*, pontons, *m. pl.*

1.hūll, *n.*: (*of a ship*) coque; (*of walnuts, etc.*) cosse, écale, *f.* **2.hull**, *tr.*: (*a ship*) percer le bordage d'un vaisseau d'un coup de canon; (*walnuts, etc.*) écosser, écaler.

3.hull, *intr.*: flotter au gré du vent: — *to*, mettre à sec.

hūlly, *adj.*: à écales.

1.hūm, *tr. and intr.*: fredonner; bourdonner; murmurer. **2.hum**, *n.*: bourdonnement; murmure, *m.*

hū-man, *adj.*: humain. **-māne**, *adj.*: bon, bénin; humain, qui a de l'humanité; bienfaisant. **-mānely**, *adv.*: humainement; avec humanité. **-manist**, *n.*: personne qui connaît la nature humaine, *f.*; humaniste, *m.* **-mānity**, *n.*: humanité, *f.* **-manīse**, *tr.*: humaniser; adoucir. **-man-kind**, *n.*: genre humain, *m.* **-manly**, *adv.*: humainement.

1.hūmble, *adj.*: humble. **2.humble**, *tr.*: humilier.

hūmble-bee, *bourdon*, *m.*; abeille sauvage, *f.*

hūm-ble-ness, *n.*: humilité, *f.* **-ble-plant**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sensitive, *f.* **-bler**, *n.*: personne qui humilie; chose qui humilie, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: humblement.

1.hūmbug, *n.*: hablerie, blague, *f.*; (*pers.*) hableur, blagueur, charlatan, *m.* **2.humbug**, *tr.*: friponner, tromper; faire le charlatan; conter des sornettes à.

1.hūmdrum, *n.*: personne lente et paresseuse, *f.*; (*pop.*) lendore, *m.*, *f.*; fainéant, *m.* **2.humdrum**, *adj.*: monotone; (*pers.*) assommant, lourd, hébété.

humēct, **-ate**, *tr.*: humecter. **-ant**, *adj.*: humectant. **-ation**, *n.*: humectation, *f.*; arrosement, *m.*

hūmer-al, *adj.*: huméral. **-us**, *n.*: (*anat.*) humérus, *m.*

hū-mid, *adj.*: humide. **-midity**, *n.*: humidité, *f.*

hū-miliating, *adj.*: humiliant. **-mili-ation**, *n.*: humiliation, *f.* **-mility**, *n.*: humilité, *f.*

hūm-mer, *n.*: personne qui fredonne, qui bourdonne; chose qui bourdonne, *f.* **-ming**, *n.*: bourdonnement; fredonnement, *m.* **-ming-bird**, *n.*: oiseau-mouche; colibri, *m.* **-top**, *n.*: toupie (d'Allemagne), *f.*

hūmor-al, *adj.*: humoral. **-ist**, *n.*: personne spirituelle, *f.*; plaisant, *m.*; personne qui n'obéit qu'à ses propres inclinations, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans esprit, sans caractère. **-ous**, *adj.*: spirituel; plaisant; fantasque; bizarre; capricieux. **-ously**, *adv.*: spirituellement; bizarrement; capricieusement. **-ousness**, *n.*: caractère spirituel; esprit; caractère fantasque, bizarre, capricieux, *m.* **-some**, *adj.*: de mauvaise humeur; pétulant; spirituel; plaisant. **-somenly**, *adv.*: de mauvaise humeur; avec méchanceté; spirituellement.

1.hūmo(u)r, *n.*: humeur; disposition, *f.*

caractère; goût, caprice; esprit, *m.*; gâté, *f.*: *be in a good, a bad* —, être de bonne, de mauvaise humeur; *put any one in a good* —, mettre quelqu'un en bonne humeur; *put out of* —, mettre de mauvaise humeur; *in a bad* — *for*, en veine de; en train de; disposé à; d'humeur à; *the* — *of the human body*, les humeurs du corps humain. 2. **humor**(*u*), *tr.*: complaire à; laisser faire à; flatter; chercher à plaire à. -**ed**, *part.*: satisfait, content; qu'on écoute trop, pour qui l'on a trop d'indulgence.

hump, *n.*: bosse, *f.* -**backed**, *adj.*: bossu.

1. **hunch**, *n.*: (*on the back*) bosse, *f.*; gros morceau, *m.*; bribe, *f.* 2. **hunch**, *tr.*: faire une bosse à; coudoyer. -**back**, *n.*: bossu, *m.*, bossue, *f.* -**backed**, *adj.*: vouté, bossu.

1. **hundred**, *adj.*: cent. 2. **hundred**, *n.*: cent, *m.*; centaine; (*territorial division*) centurie, *f.*, canton, *m.* -**fold**, *adj.*: centuple. 1. -**th**, *adj.*: centième. 2. -**th**, *n.*: centième, *m.* -**weight**, *n.*: quintal, cent, *m.*

Hungarian, *adj.*: hongrois; *n.*: Hongrois, *m.*, Hongroise, *f.*; (*language*) hongrois, *m.*

1. **hunger**, *n.*: faim; (*fig.*) soif, *f.* 2. -**ger**, *intr.*: avoir faim, être affamé; — *after*, languir après; être affamé de; avoir soif de. -**ger-bit**, -**bitten**, *adj.*: affamé; pressé par la faim. -**gered**, *adj.*: qui a faim, affamé. -**gerly**, *adv.*: avec un appétit dévorant, avidement. -**ger-starved**, *adj.*: affamé; dévoré par la faim. -**grily** = -**gerly**. -**gry**, *adj.*: affamé; qui a faim; famélique: *be* —, avoir faim.

hunks, *n.*: ladre, harpagon, *m.*

1. **hunt**, *tr.*: chasser, courre, courir; poursuivre; *intr.*: chasser, aller à la chasse: — *out*, découvrir, dépister; — *down*, harceler, persécuter, mettre aux abois. 2. **hunt**, *n.*: chasse à courre; (*pack of hounds*) meute, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: chasseur; (*horse*) cheval de chasse; (*dog*) chien de chasse, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: chasse; (*fig.*) recherche, *f.* -**ress**, *n.*: chasseresse, *f.* -**sman**, *n.*: chasseur, piqueur, veneur, *m.* -**sman-ship**, *n.*: chasse, *f.*; qualités d'un chasseur, *f. pl.*

hurd, *n.*: (*nav.*) toron, *m.*

hurdle, *n.*: claie; (*milit.*) fascine, *f.*

hürds, *n. pl.*: étoupe, *f. sing.*

hurdy-gurdy, *n.*: vielle, *f.*

hurgil, *n.*: (*orni.*) cigogne à sac, *f.*; marabout, *m.*

1. **hurl**, *tr.*: précipiter, lancer, jeter.

2. **hurl**, *n.*: action de précipiter, de lancer, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui lance, *f.*

hürly-burly, *n.*: brouhaha; tintamare, *m.*

hurrah, *n.*: hurra, *m.*

hurricane, *n.*: ouragan, *m.*; tempête, *f.*

hür-ried, *adj.*: précipité, pressé. -**rier**, *n.*: personne qui se hâte, qui hâte, qui presse, *f.* 1. -**ry**, *n.*: hâte, *f.*; (*fig.*) tumulte, *m.*, confusion, *f.*: *be in a* —, être pressé; *done in a* —, fait à la hâte; fait avec précipitation. 2. **hurry**, *tr.*: presser; précipiter; faire dépêcher; *intr.*: se dépêcher; se presser; se hâter: — *away*, emmener précipitamment.

1. **hurt** (*pret.*, *part.* *hurt*), *tr.*: blesser; faire mal à; faire du mal à; (*fig.*) nuire à; offenser, blesser, choquer; *intr.*: faire du mal; faire mal. 2. **hurt**, *n.*: mal, *m.*; blessure, *f.*; (*fig.*) tort, préjudice, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui blesse, *f.*; auteur d'un mal, d'une blessure, d'un tort, *m.* -**ful**, *adj.*: nuisible, pernicieux. -**fully**, *adv.*: d'une manière nuisible; pernicieusement. -**fulness**, *n.*: qualité nuisible, *f.*; tort, préjudice, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: qui ne fait point de mal; innocent; intact. -**lessly**, *adv.*: innocemment. -**lessness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui n'est pas nuisible, *f.*

1. **husband**, *n.*: mari, époux, *m.* 2. **husband**, *tr.*: ménager, économiser. -**less**, *adj.*: sans mari. -**ly**, *adj.*: ménager. -**man**, *n.*: laboureur, cultivateur, *m.* -**ry**, *n.*: labourage, *m.*; industrie agricole; frugalité; économie domestique, *f.*

1. **hush**, *intr.*: se faire; faire silence; *tr.*: taire; faire taire, imposer silence à; (*fig.*) calmer: — *up*, étouffer, taire. 2. **hush!** *interj.*: chut! 3. **hush**, *adj.*: silencieux, paisible. -**money**, *n.*: argent qu'on donne pour faire taire quelqu'un, *m.*; prime du silence, *f.*; (*fam.*) chantage, *m.* 1. **husk**, *n.*: (*of grain*) balle; (*bot.*) coque, glume, gousse, *f.* 2. **husk**, *tr.*: (*fruit and vegetables*) écosser; (*grain*) vanner. -**ed**, *adj.*: (*of fruit and vegetables*) écosé; à cosse; (*grain*) vanné. -**iness**, *n.*: sécheresse, rugosité, *f.*; (*of the voice*) raucité, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: cossu; rude, âpre; (*of the voice*) rauque.

hussar, *n.*: hussard, *m.*

hussy, *n.*: coquine; gueuse, *f.*

hustings, *n.*: hustings (conseil suprême de Londres; lieu des élections; estrade).

1. **hustle**, *intr.*: se pousser, se presser, se bousculer. 2. **hustle**, *tr.*: bousculer, presser.

hüs-wife, -**wifery** = *housewife*, etc.; † = *hussy*.

1. **hut**, *n.*: hutte; (*milit.*) baraque, *f.*

2. **hut**, *intr.*: (*milit.*) se hutter, se baraquier; *tr.*: loger dans des baraques.

hutch, *n.*: huche, *f.*; (*for rabbits*) clapier, *m.*

huzzá! *interj.* hurra!

hýacinth, *n.*: hyacinthe, jacinthe, *f.*

hýades, *n. pl.*: hyades, *f. pl.*

hýbrid, *n.*: hybride, *m.* **2. hybrid**, *adj.*: hybride.

hýdra, *n.*: hydre, *f.*

hýdr, **hýdr** (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-agógue**, *n.*: (med.) hydragogue, *m.* **-áulic(al)**, *adj.*: hydraulique. **-áulics**, *n. pl.*: hydraulique, *f. sing.* **-océle**, *n.*: (med.) hydrocèle, *f.* **-céphalus**, *n.*: hydrocéphale, *f.* **-odýnámic**, *adj.*: hydrodynamique. **-odýnámics**, *n. pl.*: hydrodynamique, *f. sing.* **-ógen**, *n.*: (chem.) hydrogène, *m.* **-ógenise**, *tr.*: (chem.) hydrogéner. **-ográphic(al)**, *adj.*: hydrographique. **-ógraphy**, *n.*: hydrographie, *f.* **-ólogy**, *n.*: hydrologie, *f.* **-ómel**, *n.*: (pharm.) hydromel, *m.* **-ómeter**, *n.*: hydromètre; pèse-liqueur, *m.* **-ómetrie(al)**, *adj.*: hydrométrique. **-ómetry**, *n.*: hydrométrie, *f.* **-óphobia**, **-óphoby**, *n.*: hydrophobie; rage, *f.* **-óphobic**, *adj.*: hydrophobe. **-óstátic(al)**, *adj.*: hydrostatique. **-óstátically**, *adv.*: suivant l'hydrostatique. **-óstátics**, *n. pl.*: hydrostatique, *f. sing.* **1.-ótic**, *n.*: (med.) hydragogue, *hydrotique*.

hýmal, *adj.*: hiémal, de l'hiver. **-má-tion**, *n.*: hiémation, *f.*

hýena, *n.*: hyène, *f.*

hýgi-ene, *n.*: hygiène, *f.* **-énic**, *adj.*: hygiénique. **-énics**, *n.*: hygiène, science hygiénique, *f.*

hýgró-meter, *n.*: hygromètre, *m.* **-métric(al)**, *adj.*: hygrométrique. **-metry**, *n.*: hygrométrie, *f.*

hýmen, *n.*: hymen, hyménée, *m.* **1.-éal**, **-éan**, *adj.*: de l'hymen; de l'hyménée; nuptial. **2.-éal**, **-éan**, *n.*: chant d'hyménée, *m.* **-óptera**, **-ópters**, *n. pl.*: (ent.) hyménoptères, *m. pl.* **-ópteral**, *adj.*: hyménoptère.

1.hým-n, *n.*: (ode) hymne, *m.*; (rel.) hymne, *f.* **2-n**, *tr.*: célébrer par des hymnes; *intr.*: chanter des hymnes. **-n-book**, *n.*: livre d'hymnes, *m.* **-nic**, *adj.*: de l'hymne, hymnique. **-nólogist**, *n.*: auteur d'hymnes, *m.*

1.hýp (colloq.), *n.*: hypocondrie, *f.* **2.hýp**, *tr.*: rendre hypocondriaque.

hypállage, *n.*: (rhet.) hypallage, *m.*

hýper (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-bole**, *n.*: (rhet.) hyperbole, *f.* **-bólic(al)**, *adj.*: hyperbolique. **-bólically**, *adv.*: hyperboliquement. **-bólise**, *tr.*: qualifier hyperboliquement; *intr.*: user de l'hyperbole, parler par hyperbole. **-bolist**, *n.*: faiseur d'hyperboles, *m.* **-bórean**, *adj.*: hyper-

boréen, hyperboréen. **-critic**, *n.*: hypercritique, *m.* **-critical**, *adj.*: hypercritique. **-criticism**, *n.*: critique exagérée, *f.*

hýphen, *n.*: trait d'union, *m.*

1.hýpnótic, *adj.*: hypnotique, narcotique, soporifique. **2.hýpnotic**, *n.*: (med., pharm.) narcotique, soporifique, hypnotique, *m.*

hýpe (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-chóndriac**, *n.*: hypocondriaque, hypocondre, *m.* **-chon-driacal**, *adj.*: hypocondriaque, hypocondre. **hýpó-crisy**, *n.*: hypocrisie, *f.*

hýpó-crite, *n.*: hypocrite, *m., f.* **-critic(al)**, *adj.*: hypocrite. **-critically**, *adv.*: hypocritement, en hypocrite, par hypocrisie. **-gástrum**, *n.*: hypogastre, *m.* **-glóssal**, *n.*: hypoglosse, *f.* **hýpó-stasis**, *n.*: hypostase, *f.* **-státic(al)**, *adj.*: hypostatique. **-státically**, *adv.*: hypostatiquement. **hýpó-t(h)énuse**, *n.*: hypoténuse, *f.* **hýpó-thesis**, *n.*: hypothèse, *f.* **-thétic**, **-thétical**, *adj.*: hypothétique. **-thétically**, *adv.*: hypothétiquement.

hýson, *n.*: thé hyson, *m.*

hýssop, *n.*: hysope, *f.*

hýstéric, *adj.*: hystérique. **-s**, *n. pl.*: attaque de nerfs; hystérie, *f. sing.*

hýsterótemy, *n.*: hystérotomie, *f.*

I

i (the letter), *n.*: i, *m.*

I i, pron.: je, moi: — *speaks*, je parle; *who speaks?* —, qui est-ce qui parle? moi; *it is* —, c'est moi; *it is* — *who speaks*, c'est moi qui parle.

1.iám-bic, *adj.*: iambique; iambe. **2.-bio**, **-bus**, *n.*: iambe, *m.*

ibex, *n.*: (mam.) bouquetin, *m.*

ibis, *n.*: (orn.) ibis, *m.*

1.ice, *n.*: glace, *f.* **2.ice**, *tr.*: glacer; couvrir de glace. **-berg**, *n.*: montagne de glace; banquise, *f.*, banc de glace, *m.*

-boat, *n.*: bateau-traineau, *m.* **-bound**, *adj.*: fermé par les glaces; entouré de glace. **-breaker**, *n.*: brise-glace, *m.*

-cream, *n.*: crème glacée, glace, *f.* **-d**, *adj.*: glacé; à la glace; (of wine, etc.) frappé. **-house**, *n.*: glacière, *f.* **-land-er**, *n.*: Islandais, *m.*, Islandaise, *f.*

-landic, *adj.*: islandais; d'Islande. **-plant**, *n.*: ficoïde cristalline; glaciale, glacée, plante glacée, *f.*

ichneúmon, *n.*: ichneumon, *m.*

ich-nográphic(al), *adj.*: ichnographique. **-nógraphy**, *n.*: ichnographie, *f.*

ichor, *n.*: (med.) ichor, pus, *m.* -ous, *adj.*: ichoreux.

ichthyolite, *n.*: ichtyolithe, *m.* -olig-
ical, *adj.*: ichtyologique. -ology, *n.*:
ichtyologie, *f.*

ice-ole, *n.*: petit glaçon, *m.* -ness, *n.*:
froid glacial, *m.*

iconoclasm, *n.*: iconoclasme, *m.*
-clast, *n.*: iconoclaste, *m.*

iconography, *n.*: iconographie, *f.*

iconolater, *n.*: iconolâtre, *m.*

iconology, *n.*: iconologie, *f.*

icosahedron, *n.*: (geom.) icosaèdre, *m.*

icterical, *adj.*: icterique. **icterus**, *n.*:
(med.) ictère, *m.*, jaunisse, *f.*

icy, *adj.*: de glace; glacé, glacial.

idé-a, *n.*: idée, *f.*: have an — of, avoir, se
faire une idée de. 1.-al, *adj.*: idéal;
(philos.) mental. 2.-al, *n.*: idéal, *m.*

-alise, *intr.*: former des idées; idéaliser.

-alism, *n.*: idéalisme; spiritualisme, *m.*

-alist, *n.*: idéaliste; spiritualiste, *m.*

-ally, *adv.*: en idée, mentalement.

identical, *adj.*: identique. **-cally**,
adv.: identiquement. **-fication**, *n.*:
identification, *f.* 1.-fy, *tr.*: identifier,
constater l'identité de; reconnaître; *intr.*:
s'identifier. -ty, *n.*: identité, *f.*

idé-oligical, *adj.*: idéologique. -olig-
ist, *n.*: idéologue, *f.*

ides, *n. pl.*: ides, *f. pl.*

idiocy, *n.*: imbécillité, *f.*; idiotisme, *m.*

idiom, *n.*: idiome; idiotisme; génie d'une
langue, *m.*: the — of our language, les
idiotismes de notre langue. -atical, *adj.*:
qui tient de l'idiome; qui renferme un
idiotisme; idiotique, idiomatique. -atic-
ally, *adv.*: conformément à l'idiome;
d'une manière idiomatique.

idiopathic, *adj.*: idiopathique. **-ally**,
adv.: par idiopathie.

idiosyncrasy, *n.*: idiosyncrasie, *f.*

idi-ot, *n.*: idiot, *m.*, idiote, *f.*, imbécile, *m.*,
f. -otey, *n.*: imbécillité, *f.*; idiotisme, *m.*

-otical, *adj.*: idiot, idiotique; d'im-
bécile; imbécile. -otish, *adj.*: idiot,
idiotique; imbécile. -otism, *n.*: (idiom)
idiotisme, *m.*; (idiocy) imbécillité, *f.*,
idiotisme, *m.*

idol-e, *adj.*: fainéant, oisif, paresseux,
désœuvré; inutile, indolent: — fellow,
fainéant; paresseux; — hours, heures de
loisir, *f. pl.* 2.idle, *intr.*: faire le pa-
resseux, fainéanter; passer dans la pa-
resse: — away one's time, perdre son
temps. -e-headed, *adj.*: étourdi.

-eness, *n.*: paresse, fainéantise; oisiveté,
inutilité, désœuvrement, *m.* -er, *n.*:
fainéant, *m.*, fainéante, *f.*; désœuvré, *m.*,
désœuvrée, *f.*; paresseux, *m.*, paresseuse,
f.; oisif, *m.*, oisive, *f.* -y, *adv.*: dans la
paresse; oisivement; en paresseux; avec

indolence; oiseusement; nonchalamment;
inutilement.

idol, *n.*: idole, *f.*

idola-ter, *n.*: idolâtre; adorateur, *m.*
-tress, *n.*: femme idolâtre, *f.* -trise,
intr.: idolâtrer; adorer; idolâtrer.

-trous, *adj.*: idolâtre. **-trously**, *adv.*:
avec idolâtrie; à l'idolâtrie. -try, *n.*:
idolâtrie, *f.*

ido-lise, *tr.*: idolâtrer; adorer; aimer
jusqu'à l'idolâtrie; faire une idole de.

-lish, *adj.*: idolâtre. **-list**, *n.*: idola-
teur, *m.*

idyl, *n.*: idylle, *f.*

if, *conj.*: si: — not, sinon; si ce n'est.

ig-neous, *adj.*: igné, de feu. **-niferous**,
adj.: ignifère. **-nipotent**, *adj.*: qui
préside au feu. **-nis-fatius** (pl. ignes-
fatui), *n.*: feu follet, *m.* -nite, *tr.*: en-
flammer; mettre en ignition; *intr.*: s'en-
flammer; entrer en ignition, *f.* -niti-
-ble, *adj.*: inflammable. **-nition**, *n.*:
ignition, *f.* **-nivomous**, *adj.*: ignivome.

ignô-ble, *adj.*: ignoble, roturier. **-ble-
ness**, *n.*: ignobilité; roture, *f.* -bly,
adv.: ignoblement; dans la roture; d'une
manière ignoble, basse.

ig-nominious, *adj.*: ignominieux, indig-
ne; (jur.) infamant. **-nominiously**,
adv.: ignominieusement; indignement;
(jur.) d'une manière infamante. **ignom-
iny**, *n.*: ignominie; (jur.) infamie, *f.*

ignoramus, *n.*: ignare, *m.*, *f.*; ignorant,
m., ignorante, *f.*

ig-norance, *n.*: ignorance, *f.* **-norant**,
adj.: ignorant; étranger; inconnu: be —
of, ignorer; ne pas savoir; ne pas con-
naître. **-norantly**, *adv.*: ignoramment;
par ignorance. **-nôre**, *tr.*: (jur.) dé-
clarer qu'il n'y a pas lieu à poursuivre;
ignorer; écarter; mépriser; dédaigner;
ne pas vouloir reconnaître (une personne).

ileum, *n.*: (anat.) iléon, *m.*

ilex, *n.*: houx, *m.*

ilia, *n. pl.*: flancs, *m. pl.*, région lombaire,
f. sing. -o, *adj.*: iliaque: — passion,
passion iliaque, *f.*

Iliad, *n.*: Iliade, *f.*

ill, *adj.*: mauvais, méchant; (of the
health) malade. 2.ill, *adv.*: mal; peu:
— able to, peu capable de. 3.ill, *n.*:
mal, *m.*

illäpse, *n.*: introduction; attaque, *f.*;
accès, *m.*

illätion, *n.*: conséquence; déduction;
conclusion, *f.*

illative, *adj.*: que l'on peut conclure.

illative, *n.*: terme conclusif, *m.*

illäud-able, *adj.*: peu louable. **-ably**,
adv.: d'une manière peu louable.

ill-designing, *adj.*: malintentionné.

-doing, *n.*: mal, *m.*; mauvaise action, *f.*

illô-gal, *adj.*: illégal, illicite. **-gälity**, *n.*, illégalité, *f.* **-galise**, *tr.*: rendre illégal. **-gally**, *adv.*: illégalement.

il-legibility, *n.*: état illisible, *m.* **-lëg-ible**, *adj.*: illisible, finissable. **-lëg-ibly**, *adv.*: illisiblement; d'une manière illisible.

illegiti-macy, *n.*: illégitimité, *f.* **-mate**, *adj.*: illégitime; non autorisé. **-mately**, *adv.*: illégitimement. **-mätion**, *n.*: illégitimité, *f.*

illëviable, *adj.*: qui ne peut être levé.

ill-fated, *adj.*: infortuné, malheureux. **-favoured**, *adj.*: disgracieux; vilain; laid. **-favouredly**, *adv.*: disgracieusement; mal. **-favouredness**, *n.*: figure disgraciée; laideur, *f.*

illiber-al, *adj.*: illibéral; peu généreux; mesquin; borné; inélégant. **-älity**, *n.*: illibéralité; mesquinerie, *f.*, manque de générosité; manque de lumière, *m.*; petitesse; inélégance, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: sans libéralité; sans générosité; mesquinement; d'une manière bornée, sans élégance.

illicit, *adj.*: illicite. **-ly**, *adv.*: illicitement. **-ness**, *n.*: nature illicite, *f.*

illimit-able, *adj.*: illimitable. **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière illimitable. **-ed**, *adj.*: illimité. **-edness**, *n.*: nature illimitée, infinité, *f.*

illiterate, *adj.*: illettré. **-ly**, *adv.*: en homme illettré.

ill-meaning, *adj.*: malintentionné. **-minded**, *adj.*: mal disposé; enclin au mal. **-nature**, *n.*: mauvais naturel, *m.* **-natured**, *adj.*: de mauvais naturel; méchant. **-naturedly**, *adv.*: méchamment. **-naturedness**, *n.*: mauvais naturel, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: maladie, *f.*; mal, *m.*; indisposition, *f.*

illôgical, *adj.*: peu logique; illogique. **-ly**, *adv.*: peu logiquement; illogiquement. **-ness**, *n.*: absence de logique; illogicité, *f.*

ill-ômened, *adj.*: de mauvais présage. **-seeming**, *adj.*: d'un aspect peu agréable. **-sounding**, *adj.*: sans harmonie; malsonnant. **-spirited**, *adj.*: mal disposé. **-starred**, *adj.*: né sous une mauvaise étoile; fait sous une mauvaise étoile. **-suinting**, *adj.*: malséant. **-timed**, *adj.*: hors de saison; déplacé; importun.

illûde, *tr.*: décevoir, tromper.

illûm-e, *tr.*: illuminer. 1. **-inate**, *tr.*: éclairer; illuminer; éclaircir; (*to decorate*) enluminer. 2. **-inate**, *n.*: illuminé, *m.*, illuminée, *f.* 1. **-inating**, *adj.*: qui éclaire. 2. **-inating**, *n.*: enluminure, *f.* **-ination**, *n.*: illumination, *f.*; (*fig.*) éclat, *m.*, splendeur, *f.* **-inative**, *adj.*: illuminatif. **-inator**, *n.*: personne qui

éclaire, chose qui éclaire, *f.*; illuminateur; (*paint.*) enlumineur, *m.*, enlumineuse, *f.* **-ine**, *tr.*: éclairer. **-inëe**, *n.*: illuminé, *m.*, illuminée, *f.* **-iner** = **-ator**. **-inism**, *n.*: illuminisme, *m.*

illû-şion, *n.*: illusion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: illusoire. **-sively**, *adv.*: illusoirement. **-siveness**, *n.*: caractère illusoire, *m.* **-sory**, *adj.*: illusoire.

illûs-trate, *tr.*: illustrer; expliquer; démontrer; faire voir; prouver; orner. **-trätion**, *n.*: illustration; explication, *f.*: éclaircissement, *m.* **-trative**, **-tratory**, *adj.*: qui éclaircit; explicatif; qui rend illustre. **-tratively**, *adv.*: pour servir d'explication. **-trious**, *adj.*: illustre; glorieux; beau. **-triously**, *adv.*: d'une manière illustre; avec éclat; glorieusement. **-triousness**, *n.*: illustration, *f.*; éclat, *m.*

ill-visaged, *adj.*: laid. **-will**, *n.*: mauvaise volonté, *f.*, mauvais vouloir, *m.*; malveillance, *f.*: *bear any one* —, vouloir du mal à quelqu'un; en vouloir à quelqu'un.

I'm, abrégé de *I am*, je suis.

1. **image**, *n.*: image, *f.* 2. **image**, *tr.*: représenter, figurer, peindre. **-breaker**, *n.*: briseur d'images; iconoclaste, *m.* **-ry**, *n.*: images, *f. pl.*; forme; apparence, *f.*; chimères; visions, *f. pl.* **-vendor**, *n.*: marchand d'images, *m.* **-worship**, *n.*: idolâtrie, *f.*; culte des images, *m.*

imä-ginable, *adj.*: imaginable. **-gin-ary**, *adj.*: imaginaire; de l'imagination. **-gination**, *n.*: imagination, conception, *f.* **-ginative**, *adj.*: imaginatif. 1. **-gine**, *tr.*: imaginer; s'imaginer; (*jur.*) pré-méditer; *tr.*: s'imaginer; se figurer. **-giner**, *n.*: personne qui imagine, *f.* **-gining**, *n.*: création, conception, *f.*

imbäthe, *tr.*: baigner; plonger, pénétrer.

imbe-cile, *adj.*: imbécile; faible. **-cility**, *n.*: imbécillité; impuissance, *f.*

imbëd, *tr.*: fixer; empâter; sceller; encastner.

im-bibe, *tr.*: imbiber, absorber; puiser; prendre; être imbu de. **-biber**, *n.*: chose qui imbibe, *f.*; absorbant, *m.* **-bibition**, *n.*: imbibition, *f.*

imbitter = **embitter**.

imbödy = **embody**.

imbölden = **embolden**.

imbösk, *tr.*: cacher, dérober à la vue (comme par un buisson); *fintr.*: être caché, se cacher.

imbösom = **embosom**.

imböw, *tr.*: voler.

imbrängle, *tr.*: (*rare*) empêtrer; entortiller, embarrasser.

imbri-cated, *adj.*: en tuile faîtière; en

forme de tuile creuse; imbriqué. **-cañon**, *n.*: imbrication, *f.*

imbroglio *-lyô*, *n.*: imbroglio, *m.*

imbrōwn, *tr.*: rembrunir; assombrir.

imbrûe, *tr.*: tremper; souiller.

imbrûte, *tr.*: abrutir; *intr.*: s'abrutir.

imbûe, *tr.*: imbiber; pénétrer; inspirer; teindre.

imitability, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est imitable, *f.*

imit-able, *adj.*: imitable. **-ate**, *tr.*: imiter; contrefaire. **-ation**, *n.*: imitation; contrefaçon, *f.*; (*paint.*) pastiche, *m.*

-ative, *adj.*: qui imite, imitatif; imitateur. **-ator**, *n.*: imitateur, *m.*, imitatrice, *f.*; contrefacteur, *m.*

immaculate, *adj.*: sans tache, immaculé. **-ly**, *adv.*: sans tache; purement.

-ness, *n.*: pureté sans tache, *f.*

immāne, *adj.*: vaste; énorme; atroce. **-ly**, *adv.*: énormément; atrocement.

imma-nency, *n.*: qualité inhérente, *f.*

-nent, *adj.*: inhérent, intrinsèque; immanent.

immānity, *n.*: barbarie, atrocité, *f.*

immārtial, *adj.*: peu martial; peu guerrier.

immāsk, *tr.*: masquer.

immaterial, *adj.*: immatériel; indifférent, égal: *it is —*, peu importe, c'est égal.

-ise, *tr.*: rendre immatériel. **-ism**, *n.*: immatérialisme, *m.*

-ist, *n.*: immatérialiste, *m.*

-ity, *n.*: immatérialité, *f.*

-ly, *adv.*: immatériellement; sans importance.

immatur-e, *adj.*: pas mûr; pas mûri, sans être mûr; prémature. **-ely**, *adv.*: prématurément; avant la maturité.

-eness, *f.*

-ity, *n.*: immaturité; prématurité, *f.*

immeasur-able, *adj.*: immensurable, immense, *infin.*

-ableness, *n.*: immensité, *f.*

-ably, *adv.*: outre mesure; sans mesure.

immē-diaey, *n.*: indépendance, *f.*

-diate, *adj.*: immédiat; instantané.

-diately, *adv.*: immédiatement; tout de suite; sur-le-champ; incessamment.

-diateness, *n.*: caractère immédiat, *m.*; grande promptitude, *f.*

immēdicable, *adj.*: irrémédiable; incurable.

imelōdious, *adj.*: peu mélodieux.

immēm-orable, *adj.*: immémorable.

-orial, *adj.*: immémorial, de temps immémorial.

-orally, *adv.*: immémorialement; de temps immémorial.

immē-sc, *adj.*: immense. **-sely**, *adv.*: immensément.

-sity, *n.*: immensité, *f.*

-surability, *n.*: incommensurabilité, *f.*

-surable, *adj.*: incommensurable. **-sur-ate**, *adj.*: immense.

immērgē, *tr.*: plonger; immerger.

immēr-sc, *tr.*: plonger, enfoncer; immerger.

-sion, *n.*: immersion, *f.*

immēsh, *tr.*: prendre dans un filet; envelopper, enlancer.

immethōdical, *adj.*: peu méthodique; sans méthode.

-ly, *adv.*: sans méthode.

-ness, *n.*: absence de méthode, *f.*

immi-grant, *n.*: immigrant, *m.*

-grate, *intr.*: immigrer.

-gration, *n.*: immigration, *f.*

immi-nence, *n.*: imminence, *f.*; péril, *m.*

-nent, *adj.*: imminent.

imingle, *tr.*: mêler.

imminution, *n.*: diminution, *f.*

immiscibility, *n.*: immiscibilité, *f.*

im-mission, *n.*: immission, *f.*

-mit, *tr.*: introduire.

immix, *tr.*: mélanger, mêler.

-able, *adj.*: qui ne peut être mêlé.

immobility, *n.*: immobilité, *f.*

immōder-ate, *adj.*: immodéré.

-ately, *adv.*: immodérément.

-ation, *n.*: excès; défaut de modération, *m.*; immodération, *f.*

immōdest, *adj.*: immodeste; peu modeste; impudique.

-ly, *adv.*: immodestement; sans modestie; impudiquement.

-y, *n.*: immodestie; impudeur, impudicité, *f.*

immo-late, *tr.*: immoler.

-lātion, *n.*: immolation, *f.*; sacrifice, *m.*

-lātor, *n.*: immolateur, *m.*

immōr-al, *adj.*: déréglé, immoral.

-ality, *n.*: immoralité, *f.*

-ally, *adv.*: immoralement.

immōr-tal, *adj.*: immortel; perpétuel.

-tālisation, *n.*: immortalisation, *f.*

-tālise, *tr.*: rendre immortel; immortaliser, perpétuer.

-tality, *n.*: immortalité; (*jur.*) perpétuité, *f.*

-tally, *adv.*: immortellement; éternellement.

-tificātion, *n.*: immortalification, *f.*

im-movability, *n.*: immobilité, *f.*

-mōvable, *adj.*: immobile; inébranlable; (*fig.*) insensible; (*jur.*) immeuble.

-mōv-able, *n.*: immobilité, *f.*; caractère inébranlable, *m.*; (*fig.*) insensibilité, *f.*

-mōvably, *adv.*: d'une manière immobile; inébranlablement; (*fig.*) insensiblement.

†immundicity, *n.*: immondicité, *f.*

immūnity, *n.*: immunité, exemption, *f.*

immūre, *tr.*: entourer de murs; enfermer; claquemurer, tenir captif.

immūical, *adj.*: peu harmonieux; sans harmonie.

im-mutability, *n.*: immuabilité, immutabilité, *f.*

-mūtable, *adj.*: invariable; immuable; irrévocable.

-mūtableness, *n.*: immuabilité, immutabilité, *f.*

-mūtably, *adv.*: immuablement; irrévocablement.

-mutātion, *n.*: changement, *m.*

-mūte, *tr.*: changer.

1. imp., *n.*: rejeton; diabolotin, démon; (*urchin*) petit drôle; (*of the devil*) suppôt, *m.*; (*bot.*) greffe, *f.* **2. imp.**, *tr.*: enter; greffer; allonger, agrandir; insérer.

1. impact., *tr.*: presser; serrer. **2. impact.**, *n.*: contact; choc, *m.*; empreinte, *f.*; (*phys.*) impact, *m.*

1. impair., *tr.*: détériorer; (*fig.*) nuire à, affaiblir, altérer, délabrer. **2. impair.**, *adj.*: indigne. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui détériore, qui affaiblit, chose qui détériore, qui affaiblit, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: détérioration, diminution, altération, *f.*; délabrement, *m.*

impale = *empale*.

im-palpability, *n.*: impalpabilité, *f.* **-palpable**, *adj.*: impalpable; (*fig.*) subtil.

impanation, *n.*: impanation, *f.*

impânel, *tr.*: dresser une liste du jury; inscrire sur la liste du jury.

impâradise, *tr.*: placer dans un paradis, combler de bonheur.

imparisyllabic, *adj.*: imparisyllabique.

impardonable, *adj.*: impardonnable.

imparity, *n.*: disparité, imparité, disproportion; inégalité, *f.*

impark, *tr.*: parquer.

impârl, *intr.*: (*jur.*) obtenir une remise pour proposer un arrangement.

impârt, *tr.*: accorder, donner; conférer; communiquer; faire savoir, instruire; faire part à.

im-pârtial, *adj.*: impartial. **-pârtiâ'l-ity**, *n.*: impartialité, *f.* **-pârtiâ'ly**, *adv.*: impartialement.

im-pârtibility, *n.*: communicabilité; indivisibilité; impartibilité, *f.* **-pârtible**, *adj.*: communicable; indivisible; impartable. **-pârtment**, *n.*: communication, *f.* **impâss-able**, *adj.*: impraticable; infranchissable. **-ableness**, *n.*: état impraticable; état infranchissable, *m.*

impâss-ible, *adj.*: impassible. **-ibility**, **-ibleness**, *n.*: impassibilité, *f.*

impâssion, *tr.*: passionner. **-ed**, *adj.*: passionné.

impâssive, *adj.*: impassible, insensible. **-ly**, *adv.*: impassiblement; avec insensibilité. **-ness**, *n.*: impassibilité, *f.*

im-pâstâtion, *n.*: impastation, *f.* **-pâste**, *tr.*: pétrir; réduire en pâte; (*paint.*) empâter.

impâ-tience, *n.*: impatience, *f.* **-tient**, *adj.*: impatient: *get —*, s'impatienter; devenir impatient; — *of, at, for, under*, to, impatient de. **-tiently**, *adv.*: impatientement.

impâ-urn, *tr.*: engager; garantir.

impêach, *tr.*: mettre en accusation; accuser; attaquer; dénoncer. **-able**, *adj.*: sujet à être mis en accusation; accusable.

-er, *n.*: personne chargée de soutenir une accusation, *f.*; accusateur, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: mise en accusation; accusation; atteinte, *f.*; blâme, *m.*

impêarl, *tr.*: former en perles, orner de perles.

im-peccability, *n.*: impeccabilité, *f.* **-péccable**, *adj.*: impeccable.

im-pède, *tr.*: empêcher; mettre obstacle à; retarder. **-pédiment**, *n.*: empêchement; obstacle, *m.*; entrave, difficulté, *f.* **impél**, *tr.*: pousser; mettre en mouvement; forcer; exciter. **-ler**, *n.*: force impulsive, *f.*; moteur, *m.*

impênd, *intr.*: être suspendu; être imminent, menacer. **-ence**, **-eney**, *n.*: imminence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: imminent.

im-penetrability, *n.*: impénétrabilité, *f.* **-péntrable**, *adj.*: impénétrable; inaccessible; insensible. **-péntrable-ness**, *n.*: impénétrabilité, *f.* **-péntrably**, *adv.*: impénétrablement.

im-pénitence, **-pénitency**, *n.*: impénitence, *f.* **-pénitent**, *adj.*: impénitent. **-pénitently**, *adv.*: dans l'impénitence.

impén-nate, **-nous**, *adj.*: sans plumes; sans ailes, aptère.

1. impérative, *adj.*: impératif. **2. impérative**, *n.*: impératif, *m.*: *in the —*, à l'impératif. **-ly**, *adv.*: impérativement.

impercéptible, *adj.*: imperceptible. **-bleness**, *n.*: imperceptibilité, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: imperceptiblement.

impêr-fect, *adj.*: imparfait; incomplet. **-fêction**, *n.*: imperfection, *f.* **-fêctly**, *adv.*: imparfaitement. **-fêctness**, *n.*: état imparfait, *m.*

impêr-forable, *adj.*: qui ne peut être percé, qui ne peut être perforé. **-forate**, **-forated**, *adj.*: imperforé. **-forâtion**, *n.*: imperforation, *f.*

1. impê-rial, *adj.*: impérial; royal, souverain; (*of paper*) grand Jésus. **2. -rial**, *n.*: (*beard*) impériale, royale; (*of a diligece*) impériale, *f.*; (*arch.*) dôme, *m.*; coupole moresque, *f.* **-rialist**, *n.*: impérialiste, *m.* — *s*, (*soldiers of the German emperor*) impériaux. **-riality**, *n.*: pouvoir impérial, *m.* **-rially**, *adv.*: impérialement; en empereur; en roi. **-rious**, *adj.*: impérieux; dominant; puissant. **-riously**, *adv.*: impérieusement. **-riousness**, *n.*: caractère impérieux, *m.*; arrogance; hauteur impérieuse, *f.*

impêr-ish-able, *adj.*: impérissable. **-ableness**, *n.*: impérissabilité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: impérissablement.

impërma-nence, *n.*: défaut de permanence, *m.* **-nent**, *adj.*: peu permanent.

im-permiability, *n.*: imperméabilité, *f.* **-permiabile**, *adj.*: imperméable.

impërso-nal, *adj.*: impersonnel; uni-

personnel. **-nality**, *n.*: défaut d'individualité, *m.* **-nally**, *adv.*: impersonnellement; unpersonnellement. **-nate**, *tr.*: personifier. **-nated**, *adj.*: personnifié. **-nâtion**, *n.*: personnification, *f.*

imper-spiciuity, *n.*: défaut de clarté, *m.* **-spicuous**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas clair; obscur.

impersuâsible, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut pas persuader.

imperti-nence, **-nency**, *n.*: chose étrangère; (*rudeness*) impertinence; (*trifle*) futilité, *f.* 1. **-nent**, *adj.*: étranger, déplacé; (*rude*) impertinent; (*trifling*) futile. 2. **-nent**, *n.*: impertinent, *m.*, impertinence, *f.* **-nently**, *adv.*: d'une manière étrangère; (*rudely*) impertinément.

impertûrable, *adj.*: imperturbable.

impervious, *adj.*: impraticable; impénétrable; imperméable. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière impénétrable. **-ness**, *n.*: impénétrabilité; imperméabilité, *f.*

impe-trate, *tr.*: obtenir par la prière; impêtrer. **-trâtion**, *n.*: impétration, *f.*

im-petuosity, *n.*: impétuosité, *f.* **-pétuous**, *adj.*: impétueux. **-pétuously**, *adv.*: impétueusement. **-pétuousness**, *n.*: impétuosité, *f.*

impetus, *n.*: impulsion; force impulsive; impétuosité, *f.*

impierceable, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut percer. **impiety**, *n.*: impiété, *f.*

impinge, *intr.*: heurter; frapper.

impious, *adj.*: impie. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière impie; en impie.

im-placability, *n.*: implacabilité; haine implacable, *f.* **-placable**, *adj.*: implacable, acharné. **-placableness**, *n.*: implacabilité, *f.* **-placably**, *adv.*: implacablement.

implânt, *tr.*: planter; planter; graver. **-âtton**, *n.*: implantation, *f.*

im-plausibility, *n.*: manque de plausibilité, *m.*: invraisemblance, *f.* **-plausible**, *adj.*: peu plausible; invraisemblable. **-plausibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu plausible; invraisemblablement.

impléad, *tr.*: poursuivre en justice, accuser. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui poursuit en justice, *f.*; accusateur, *m.*, accusatrice, *f.*

implement, *n.*: outil; instrument; ustensile, *m.*

implex, *adj.*: implexé.

impli-cate, *tr.*: impliquer; compromettre. **-câtion**, *n.*: implication, induction, *f.*

implicit, *adj.*: implicite; aveugle. **-ly**, *adv.*: implicitement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère implicite, *m.*; foi implicite, *f.*

im-plied, *adj.*: implicite, tacite. **-pliedly**, *adv.*: implicitement; tacitement.

implôr-e, *tr.* and *intr.*: implorer. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui implore, *f.*

implâ-med, **-mous**, *adj.*: sans plumes, privé de plumes.

imply, *tr.*: impliquer; signifier; vouloir dire.

impôison = *empoison*.

impôlicy, *n.*: nature impolitique; mauvaise politique; inconvenance; maladresse, *f.*

impolite, *adj.*: impoli, malhonnête. **-ly**, *adv.*: impoliment; malhonnêtement.

-ness, *n.*: impolitesse; malhonnêteté, *f.*

impôlitic, *adj.*: peu politique, maladroite; (*of things*) impolitique. **-ly**, *adv.*: impolitiquement.

im-ponderability, *n.*: impondérabilité, *f.* **-pônderable**, **-pônderous**, *adj.*: impondérable.

im-porosity, *n.*: porosité, *f.* **-pôr-ous**, *adj.*: poreux.

1. **impôrt**, *tr.*: importer; introduire; signifier, indiquer. 2. **import**, *n.*: portée, *f.*; sens, *m.*; importance; (*of words*) valeur; (*com.*) importation, *f.* **-ance**, *n.*: importance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: important. **-antly**, *adv.*: avec importance; d'une manière importante. **-âtton**, *n.*: importation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: importateur, *m.* **im-portless**, *adj.*: sans importance.

impôr-tunate, *adj.*: importun; pressant. **-tânately**, *adv.*: importunément, avec importunité. **-tunateness**, *n.*: importunité, *f.* **-tâne**, *tr.*: importuner. **-tânity**, *n.*: importunité, *f.*

im-pôseable, *adj.*: qui peut être imposé; qu'on peut imposer. **-pôse**, *tr.*: imposer: — upon, (*deceive*) any one, en imposer à, tromper quelqu'un. **-pôser**, *n.*: personne qui impose, *f.* 1. **-pôsing**, *adj.*: imposant. 2. **-posing**, *n.*: (*print*) imposition, *f.* **-posing-stone**, *n.*: (*print*) marbre, *m.*

im-possibility, *n.*: impossibilité, *f.*; impossible, *m.*: *there is no doing impossibilities*, à l'impossible nul n'est tenu. **-pôssible**, *adj.*: impossible.

impost, *n.*: impôt; droit d'entrée, *m.*; (*arch.*) imposte, *f.*

impôsthu-mate, *intr.*: abcéder; tapostumer. **-mâtton**, *n.*: formation d'un apostème, *f.*; apostume; apostème, abcès, *m.* **-me**, *n.*: apostème, apostume, abcès, *m.*

impôs-tor, *n.*: imposteur, *m.* **-ture**, *n.*: imposture, *f.*

impo-tence, **-teney**, *n.*: impuissance; faiblesse, *f.* **-tent**, *adj.*: impuissant; faible; (*med.*) impotent, perclus. **-tently**, *adv.*: avec impuissance; faiblement.

impôund, *tr.*: mettre en fourrière; enfermer.

imprâcti-cable, *adj.*: impraticable; in-exécutable; insociable, intraitable. -**ca-bility**, -**cableness**, *n.*: impraticabilité, impossibilité, insociabilité, *f.* -**cably**, *adv.*: d'une manière impraticable.

impre-cate, *tr.*: faire des imprécations contre; maudire. -**câtton**, *n.*: imprécation, *f.* -**catory**, *adj.*: imprécatoire; d'imprécation.

împrêgn, *tr.*: imprégner; féconder.

împrêg-nable, *adj.*: impenable; in-ex-pugnable; inébranlable. -**nably**, *adv.*: de manière à être impenable. -**nate**, *tr.*: imprégner; féconder. -**nated**, *adj.*: imprégné; fécondé. -**nâtton**, *n.*: imprégnation; fécondation, *f.*

împraeparâtion, *n.*: manque de préparation, *m.*

impre-scriptibility, *n.*: imprescriptibilité, *f.* -**scriptible**, *adj.*: imprescriptible.

im-press, *n.*: impression, empreinte; (*of sailors*) presse, *f.* -**prêss**, *tr.*: imprimer; empreindre; (*fig.*) graver; (*fig.*) pénétrer; impressionner; (*sailors*) presser. -**pres-sibility**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut recevoir une empreinte; sensibilité, *f.* -**prêssible**, *adj.*: qui peut recevoir une empreinte; impressionnable; sensible. -**prêssion**, *n.*: impression; empreinte; idée, *f.* -**prêssive**, *adj.*: qui fait une profonde impression; frappant, touchant; impressionnable. -**prêssively**, *adv.*: de manière à faire impression; d'une manière touchante, d'une manière pénétrante. -**prêssiveness**, *n.*: force, puissance, nature touchante, nature pénétrante, *f.* -**prêssment**, *n.*: réquisition; (*of sailors*) presse, *f.* -**pressure**, *n.*: empreinte, impression, *f.*

imprest, *n.*: prêt, *m.*; arrhes, *f. pl.*

împrîmâtur, *n.*: permis d'imprimer, *m.*

împrînt, *tr.*: imprimer; empreindre; graver. **2.împrînt**, *n.*: nom de l'éditeur sur le frontispice, *m.*

împrîson, *tr.*: emprisonner, enfermer. -**ment**, *n.*: emprisonnement, *m.*; prison; détention, *f.*: *false —*, détention illégale.

îm-probability, *n.*: improbabilité; invraisemblance, *f.* -**prôbable**, *adj.*: improbable; invraisemblable. -**prôbably**, *adv.*: improbablement; invraisemblablement.

împrôbité, *n.*: improbité, *f.*

împrôficien-ce, -**ey**, *n.*: défaut de progrès, *m.*

împrôptu, *adj.*: impromptu, improvisé. **2.împrôptu**, *adv.*: par improvisation, d'abondance. **3.împrôptu**, *n.*: impromptu, *m.*

împrôper, *adj.*: (*pers.*) qui convient peu; (*of things*) peu convenable, peu pro-

pre, inconvenant; (*of language*) impropre: — *character*, personne de mauvaise réputation, *f.*; *he is an — person for that employment*, il convient peu à cet emploi; il est peut fait pour cet emploi. -**ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu convenable; d'une manière inconvenante; avec inconvenance; à tort; improprement; mal à propos.

împrôpri-ate, *tr.*: approprier; (*canon law*) séculariser. **2.-ate**, *adj.*: sécularisé. -**âtton**, *n.*: sécularisation, *f.*; bénéfice sécularisé, *m.* -**ator**, *n.*: possesseur d'un bénéfice sécularisé, *m.*

împrôpriety, *n.*: inconvenance; (*of language*) impropreté, *f.*

împrô-s-périté, *n.*: défaut de prospérité, *m.* -**perous**, *adj.*: peu prospère; malheureux. -**perously**, *adv.*: sans prospérité; malheureusement.

îm-prôvability, *n.*: perfectibilité, *f.*

-prôvable, *adj.*: susceptible d'amélioration, de perfectionnement; qu'on peut perfectionner. -**prôvably**, *adv.*: de manière à pouvoir être amélioré. **1.-prôve**, *tr.*: améliorer, perfectionner; utiliser; profiter de; faire faire des progrès à; faire avancer; (*money*) faire valoir; (*land*) bonifier; (*embellish*) embellir; (*cultivate*) faire valoir, exploiter: *be — d*, avoir fait des progrès; (*in beauty*) être embelli.

2.-prôve, *intr.*: s'améliorer; se perfectionner; se bonifier; faire des progrès; avancer; (*embellish*) embellir, s'embellir; (*com.*) hausser, augmenter de prix: — *anything*, perfectionner quelque chose. -**prôvement**, *n.*: amélioration, *f.*; perfectionnement; (*in learning*) progrès, avancement, *m.*; instruction, *f.*; (*use*) emploi, *m.*; application pratique, *f.*; (*embellishment*) embellissement, *m.* -**prôver**, *n.*: personne qui améliore, qui perfectionne, qui utilise, *f.*; réformateur, *m.*; réformatrice; cause d'amélioration, *f.*

împrôvi-dence, *n.*: imprévoyance, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: imprévoyant. -**dently**, *adv.*: avec imprévoyance; sans prévoyance.

împrôvis-âtion, *n.*: improvisation, *f.* -**atôre** (*pl. -atori*), *n.*: improvisateur, *m.* -**atrice** -**chê**, *n.*: improvisatrice, *f.* -**im-provise**, *tr. or intr.*: improviser.

împrô-dence, *n.*: imprudence, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: imprudent: *an — act*, une imprudence. -**dently**, *adv.*: imprudemment.

împu-dence, -**deney**, *n.*: impudence, effronterie, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: impudent, effronté. -**dently**, *adv.*: impudemment, effrontément.

împûgn, *tr.*: attaquer, combattre. -**er**, *n.*: adversaire; antagoniste, *m.*

împulse, -**pûlson**, *n.*: impulsion, *f.*; mouvement; motif, *m.* -**pûlsive**, *adj.*:

impulsif. **-pulsively**, *adv.*: par impulsion; par un mouvement involontaire.

impunctuality = *unpunctuality*.

impunity, *n.*: impunité, *f.*: *with* —, impunément.

impure, *adj.*: impur; impudique; immonde. **-ely**, *adv.*: impurement; impudiquement, d'une manière immonde. **-ity**, *n.*: impurité; impudicité; immondice, *f.*

impurple, *tr.*: empourprer.

imputable, *adj.*: imputable. **-putation**, *n.*: imputation; prévention; accusation, *f.* **-putative**, *adj.*: imputable; imputatif. **-putatively**, *adv.*: par imputation. **-pute**, *tr.*: imputer, attribuer. **-puter**, *n.*: personne qui attribue, qui impute, *f.*

imputrescible, *adj.*: non sujet à la putréfaction; imputrescible.

in, *prep.*: en, dans; à; par; pour; sur; (*among*) chez: — *his country*, dans son pays; — *the country (out of town)*, à la campagne; — *an hour*, dans, en une heure; *they came — bands*, ils sont venus par bandes; — *self-defence*, pour sa propre défense; *one — ten*, un sur dix; *you must expect that — children*, il faut s'attendre à cela chez les enfants; *he will start — one hour*, il partira dans une heure; *it will take him one hour to do that*, il fera cela en une heure. **2.in**, *adv.*: (*at home*) chez soi, à la maison, *y*; (*in power*) au pouvoir; là dedans, en dedans, dedans: *is my brother —?* mon frère est-il à la maison, est-il chez lui, *y* est-il? *no, he is not —*, non, il n'y est pas, il n'est pas chez lui, il n'est pas à la maison; *the Whigs are — now*, les Whigs sont au pouvoir à présent; *be — for it*, être dedans; s'être mis dedans; *have —*, (*pers.*) faire entrer; (*things*) faire provision de; acheter, se procurer; *I have had my coal put —*, j'ai fait ma provision de charbon de terre; *my hand is —*, je suis en train, en veine; —! (*nav.*) amène! *put it —*, mettez-le dedans.

inability, *n.*: état de ne pas pouvoir; manque de moyens, *m.*; impuissance; incapacité; inhabileté, *f.*

inabstinence, *n.*: intempérance, *f.*

inaccessibility, **-cessibleness**, *n.*: inaccessibilité, *f.* **-cessible**, *adj.*: inaccessible, inabordable, impénétrable.

inaccuracy, *n.*: inexactitude, *f.* **-ate**, *adj.*: inexact. **-ately**, *adv.*: inexactement.

inaction, *n.*: inaction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: inactif; (*of things*) sans action, d'inaction, inerte. **-tively**, *adv.*: inactivement; dans l'inactivité. **-tivity**, *n.*: inactivité, *f.*; manque d'action, *m.*; inertie, *f.*

inadequacy, *n.*: insuffisance; dispo-

portion, *f.*; état incomplet; (*philos.*) état inadéquat, *m.* **-quate**, *adj.*: insuffisant; disproportionné; incomplet; (*philos.*) inadéquat. **-quately**, *adj.*: insuffisamment; imparfaitement; incomplètement; d'une manière disproportionnée; d'une manière inadéquate. **-quateness** = *-quacy*.

inadmissibility, *n.*: inadmissibilité, *f.* **-missible**, *adj.*: inadmissible.

inadvertence, **-ency**, *n.*: inadvertence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: négligent. **-ently**, *adv.*: par mégarde, par inadvertence.

inaffability, *n.*: défaut d'affabilité, *m.* **-affable**, *adj.*: peu affable.

inalienable, *adj.*: inaliénable; inaliénable. **-ableness**, *n.*: inaliénabilité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inaliénable.

inalimental, *adj.*: qui n'est pas nourrissant.

inalterability, *n.*: inaltérabilité, *f.* **-alterable**, *adj.*: inaltérable.

inane, *adj.*: vide, futile; stupide. **inanimable**, *adj.*: inanimé. **-mation**, *n.*: inanition, *f.*

inanition, *n.*: inanition, *f.* **inanity**, *n.*: vide, *m.*; inanité, *f.*

inappetency, **-ey**, *n.*: inappétence, *f.* **inapplicability**, *n.*: inapplicabilité, *f.* **-applicable**, *adj.*: inapplicable. **-application**, *n.*: inapplication, *f.*

inapposite, *adj.*: peu approprié; inapplicable; peu conforme, peu juste.

inappreciable, *adj.*: inappréciable. **inapprehensible**, *adj.*: incompréhensible. **-sive**, *adj.*: inattentif.

inapproachable, *adj.*: inabordable, inaccessible.

inappropriate, *adj.*: peu approprié. **inaptitude**, *n.*: inaptitude, *f.*

inârable, *adj.*: qui ne peut être labouré. **inârach**, *tr.*: (*hort.*) enter par approche.

inarticulate, *adj.*: inarticulé. **-lately**, *adv.*: d'une manière inarticulée; confusément, indistinctement. **-lateness**, **-lâtion**, *n.*: défaut d'articulation, *m.*

inartificial, *adj.*: peu artificiel; naturel, sans art. **-ly**, *adv.*: inartificiellement; naturellement; sans art.

inattention, *n.*: inattention; distraction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: inattentif; distrait; inappliqué. **-tively**, *adv.*: peu attentivement; avec distraction; sans attention.

inaudible, *adj.*: inaudible. **-bly**, *adv.*: à ne pouvoir être entendu.

inaugural, *adj.*: inaugural. **-ate**, *tr.*: inaugurer, dédier. **-ration**, *n.*: inauguration, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: d'inauguration.

inaurate, *tr.*: dorer, couvrir d'or. **2.-ate**, *adj.*: doré. **-âtion**, *n.*: dorure, *f.*

inauspicious, *adj.*: funeste, peu pro-

pice. **-ly, adv.**: sous des mauvais auspices; d'une manière funeste. **-ness, n.**: mauvais auspices, *n. pl.*

inbeing, n.: inhérence, *f.*

inboard, adv.: dans la cale d'un vaisseau.

inborn, adj.: inné.

inbreathed, adj.: communiqué par la respiration; inspiré.

inbred, adj.: inné, né en soi. **-bred (pret., part. inbred), tr.**: faire naître; créer; produire.

incage = encage.

incalculable, adj.: incalculable. **-ably, adv.**: incalculablement; d'une manière incalculable.

incalcescent, -ey, n.: chaleur naissante, *f.*

incameration, n.: incamération, *f.*

incandescence, adj.: incandescent.

incantation, n.: incantation, *f.*; enchantement, *m.* **-cantatory, -canting, adj.**: par incantation.

incanton, tr.: réunir en cantons.

incapability, -capableness, n.: incapacité, *f.* **-capable, adj.**: incapable; non susceptible.

incapacious, adj.: de peu de capacité; (*fig.*) étroit, borné. **-ness, n.**: défaut d'espace, *m.*; (*fig.*) étroitesse, *f.*

incapacitate, tr.: rendre incapable; (*jur.*) frapper d'incapacité, rendre inhabile. **-tation, n.**: défaut de capacité, *m.*; privation de capacité légale, *f.* **-ty, n.**: incapacité; (*jur.*) inhabilité, *f.*

incarcerate, tr.: incarcérer. **-ate, adj.**: incarcéré. **-ation, n.**: incarcération, *f.*; (*surg.*) étranglement, *m.*

incarn, tr.: (*rare*) couvrir de chair; *intr.*: se couvrir de chair. **-ate, adj.**: incarné. **-ate, tr.**: revêtir de chair; vivifier. **-ation, n.**: incarnation, *f.* **-ative, adj.**: incarnatif. **-ative, n.**: incarnatif, *m.*

incase, tr.: encaisser; couvrir, enfermer, enchaîner.

incastellated, adj.: enfermé dans un château.

incatenation, n.: enchaînement, *m.*

incautious, adj.: inconsidéré, imprudent. **-ly, adv.**: imprudemment, inconsidérément. **-ness, n.**: imprudence, *f.*

incavated, adj.: creusé. **-vation, n.**: excavation, *f.*

incendiary, n.: incendiaire; (*fig.*) boute-feu, *m.* **2. incendiary, adj.**: incendiaire.

in-cense, tr.: enflammer; courroucer; irriter; exaspérer; provoquer. **2. in-cense, tr.**: encenser. **3. in-cense, n.**: encens, *m.* **-censement, n.**: courroux, *m.*; irritation, exaspération, *f.* **-cension, n.**: embrasement, *m.* **-censive,**

adj.: qui irrite; exaspérant; qui courrouce. **-censor, n.**: provocateur, *m.* **-censory, n.**: encenseur, *m.* **1. -censive, adj.**: qui excite; qui encourage. **2. -censive, n.**: aiguillon; motif, *m.*

incip-tion, n.: commencement, *m.* **-tive, adj.**: qui commence; qui marque le commencement; (*gram.*) inchoatif. **-tor, n.**: commençant, *m.*

inceration, n.: action de couvrir de cire, *f.*

incertain, adj.: incertain; vague. **-titude, n.**: incertitude, *f.*

incessant, n.: durée non interrompue, *f.* **-ant, adj.**: incessant; continu. **-antly, adv.**: sans cesse, continuellement.

incest, n.: inceste, *m.* **-cestuous, adj.**: incestueux. **-cestuously, adv.**: incestueusement. **-cestuousness, n.**: état incestueux, *m.*

1. inch, n.: pouce (centimètres 2.539954), *m.*: *within an — of*, à deux doigts de; *by — es*, peu à peu, à coups d'épingle; à petit feu. **2. inch, tr.**: pousser peu à peu; faire avancer peu à peu; *intr.*: avancer peu à peu; reculer peu à peu. **-meal, n.**: pièce d'un pouce de long, *f.*: *by —*, pouce par pouce; à coups d'épingle; à petit feu.

1. in-chgate, adj.: commencé. **2. cho-ate, tr.**: commencer. **-choately, adv.**: au premier degré. **-choation, n.**: commencement, *m.* **-choative, adj.**: qui commence; inchoatif.

inci-dence, -deney, n.: accident, *m.*; (*geom.*) incidence, *f.* **1. -dent, n.**: incident, *m.* **2. -dent, adj.**: accidentel; qui arrive; qui appartient; (*gram., opt.*) incident. **-dental, adj.**: accidentel, fortuit; (*gram.*) incident. **-dentally, adv.**: incidemment; fortuitement.

incinerate, tr.: incinérer. **-ation, n.**: incinération, *f.*

incipi-ency, n.: commencement, *m.* **-ent, adj.**: qui commence, premier, naissant.

in-cise, tr.: couper, tailler; inciser. **-ised, adj.**: incisé. **-ision, n.**: incision, coupure, *f.* **-isive, adj.**: incisif. **-isor, n.**: dent incisive; incisive, *f.* **-isory, adj.**: incisif; tranchant. **-isure, n.**: incision, *f.*

in-citation, n.: incitation, *f.* **-cite, tr.**: inciter, exciter, animer, stimuler, encourager. **-itement, n.**: encouragement, aiguillon, motif, stimulant, *m.*

inciv-il, adj.: incivil, impoli. **-civility, n.**: incivilité, malhonnêteté, *f.*

incivism, n.: incivisme, *m.*

inclém-ency, n.: inclemence; (*of the weather*) inclemence, intempérie; (*pers.*)

inflexibilité, dureté, *f.* -ent, *adj.*: inclément; (*pers.*) inflexible, dur.

in-clinable, *adj.*: enclin, porté. **-clination**, *n.*: inclinaison, pente; (*of the head or body*) inclination, *f.*; (*liking*) penchant, goût, *m.*, inclination, *f.*: from —, par inclination, par goût. **-clinately**, *adv.*: par inclinaison. **-clinator**, *adj.*: qui incline; incline. 1. **-cline**, *tr.*: incliner, pencher; porter. 2. **-cline**, *intr.*: incliner, baisser, pencher; être enclin, être disposé; (*math.*) s'incliner. 3. **-cline**, *n.*: pente, inclinaison; rampe, *f.* **-clined**, *adj.*: incliné; enclin, disposé. **-cliner**, *n.*: cadran solaire incliné, *m.* **-clining**, *adj.*: incliné; penché.

†inclip, *tr.*: étendre; entourer; embrasser.

inclôister, *tr.*: cloître.

inclôse = *enclose*.

inclôud, *tr.*: envelopper d'un nuage; obscurcir.

inclôde, *tr.*: comprendre, enfermer: including, comprenant, compris, y compris; including the ladies, y compris les dames; les dames y comprises. **-ded**, *adj.*: renfermé; compris; y compris. **-sion**, *n.*: action de renfermer, de comprendre, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: inclusif, qui renferme, qui comprend: — of, y compris. **-sively**, *adv.*: inclusivement.

incoagulable, *adj.*: qui ne peut se coaguler.

incoercible, *adj.*: incoercible.

incôg., *adv.*: incognito.

incôgitanee, **-tancy**, *n.*: irréllexion, *f.* **-tant**, *adj.*: irréllexi. **-tantly**, *adv.*: sans réflexion. **-tative**, *adj.*: incapable de penser.

incôgnito, *adv.*: incognito.

incôhêrence, **-ency**, *n.*: incohérence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: incohérent. **-ently**, *adv.*: sans cohérence; d'une manière incohérente.

incom-bustibility, **-bustibleness**, *n.*: incombustibilité, *f.* **-bustible**, *adj.*: incombustible.

income, *n.*: rente, *f.*; revenu, *m.*; rentes, *f. pl.*; revenus, *m. pl.*

incom-mensurability, *n.*: incommensurabilité, *f.* **-mênsurable**, *adj.*: incommensurable. **-mênsurably**, *adv.*: incommensurablement. **-mênsurate**, *disproportionné*; incommensurable. **-mênsurately**, *adv.*: d'une manière disproportionnée.

incom-modate, **-môde**, *tr.*: incommoder, gêner, déranger. **-môdious**, *adj.*: incommode. **-môdiously**, *adv.*: incommodément. **-môdiousness**, **-môdity**, *n.*: incommodité, *f.*

incom-municability, **-municable-**

ness, *n.*: incommunicabilité, *f.* **-municable**, *adj.*: incommunicable. **-municably**, *adv.*: d'une manière incommunicable. **†municated**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas été communiqué. **-municating**, *adj.*: sans communication. **-municative**, *adj.*: peu communicatif.

incom-mutability, **-mutableness**, *n.*: non-commuabilité, *f.* **-mutable**, *adj.*: incommuable.

incompâct, **-ed**, *adj.*: non compact; qui n'est pas serré.

incômpar-able, *adj.*: incomparable. **-ableness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est incomparable, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: incomparablement.

incompâssionate, *adj.*: peu compatissant; sans compassion. **-ly**, *adv.*: sans compassion. **-ness**, *n.*: défaut de compassion, *m.*

incom-patibility, *n.*: incompatibilité, *f.* **-pâtible**, *adj.*: incompatible. **-pâtibly**, *adv.*: incompatiblement.

incômpet-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: insuffisance; impuissance; (*jur.*) incapacité, incompetence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: impuissant, insuffisant; incompetent; (*jur.*) incompetent, incapable. **-ently**, *adv.*: insuffisamment; (*jur.*) incompetentement.

incomplête, *adj.*: imparfait; inachevé, incomplet. **-ly**, *adv.*: incomplètement; imparfaitement. **-ness**, *n.*: état incomplet, inachevé, imparfait, *m.*

incomplêx, *adj.*: incomplex.

incompli-ance, *n.*: manque de complaisance, *m.*; raideur, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: peu complaisant.

incom-pôsed, *adj.*: dérangé, troublé. **-pôsite**, *adj.*: incompasé; (*arith.*) premier.

incompre-hensibility, **-hênsible-ness**, *n.*: incompréhensibilité, *f.* **-hênsible**, *adj.*: incompréhensible. **-hênsibly**, *adv.*: incompréhensiblement. **-hênsive**, *adj.*: peu étendu; borné.

incom-pressibility, *n.*: incompressibilité, *f.* **-prêssible**, *adj.*: incompressible. **inconcôlable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut cacher; qui ne peut se cacher.

inconcêiv-able, *adj.*: inconcevable. **-ableness**, *n.*: nature inconcevable, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: inconcevablement.

inconclûsive, *adj.*: peu concluant. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu concluante. **-ness**, *n.*: nature peu concluante, *f.*

†inconcôct(ed), *adj.*: indigeste; peu mûr. **†côction**, *n.*: immaturité, *f.*

incon-densability, *n.*: non-condensabilité, *f.* **-dênsable**, *adj.*: non-condensable.

†incôndite, *adj.*: irrégulier.

inconfôrmy, *n.*: défaut de conformité.

in-congruity, *n.*: incongruité; inconvenance, *f.* **-congruous**, *adj.*: incongru, inconvenant. **-congruously**, *adv.*: incongrûment; peu convenablement.

inconsé-quence, *n.*: incohérence, fausse conséquence; fausse déduction, *f.* **-quent**, **-quential**, *adj.*: mal déduit; peu important. **-quentially**, *adv.*: illogiquement.

inconsider-able, *adj.*: peu important; de peu de considération; sans importance; peu considérable; peu sensible; petit.

-ableness, *n.*: manque d'importance, *m.*; petitesse, *f.* **-ate**, *adj.*: incohérent, irréfléchi. **-ately**, *adv.*: incohérentement; sans réflexion. **-ateness**, **-ation**, *n.*: irréflexion; incohérence, *f.*

inconsist-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: incohérence; contradiction; incompatibilité; versatilité, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: incohérent; incompatible. **-ently**, *adv.*: contradictoirement; incompatiblement; incohéremment.

inconsol-able, *adj.*: inconsolable. **-ably**, *adv.*: inconsolablement.

incohonson-ance, **-ancy**, *n.*: discordance, *f.*; manque de conformité, *m.* **-ant**, *adj.*: discordant; peu conforme.

inconspicuous, *adj.*: qui n'est pas en vue; peu marquant; peu remarquable.

incohonstance, *n.*: incohérence; diversité, *f.* **-stant**, *adj.*: incohérent, volage. **-stantly**, *adv.*: incohéremment; avec incohérence.

incohonsumable, *adj.*: qui ne peut être consommé; qui ne peut être consommé.

incohonsummate, *adj.*: non consommé, non accompli. **-ness**, *n.*: état de ce qui n'est pas consommé, de ce qui n'est pas accompli, *m.*

incohontest-able, *adj.*: incohérentiable. **-ably**, *adv.*: incohérentiablement.

incohontin-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: incohérence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: incohérent. **-ently**, *adv.*: avec incohérence; immédiatement.

incohontrovert-ible, *adj.*: incohérentable; incohérentable. **-ibly**, *adv.*: incohérentablement.

incohonténi-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: incohérence, gêne; inconvenance, *f.*; incohérent, *m.* **2. -ence**, *tr.*: déranger; incohérent; gêner. **-ent**, *adj.*: incohérent; gênant. **-ently**, *adv.*: incohéremment.

incohontéritable, *adj.*: non convertible.

incohonténi-ble, *adj.*: incapable de conviction; qui n'est pas à convaincre. **-bly**, *adv.*: sans possibilité de conviction.

incohontéporal, *adj.*: incohérent; immatériel. **†-côporality**, *n.*: incohérentité, immatérialité, *f.* **†-côporally**, *adv.*: d'une manière incohérente; immatérielle-

ment. **1. -côporate**, *adj.*: **1. incohontéporal**, spirituel; **2. incohontéporé**, constitué; associé. **2. -côporate**, *tr.*: incohérenter; constituer en corps; former en cohérentation; (*com.*) constituer en cohérentie, constituer en cohérentie; **2. incohontéporer**. **-côporation**, *n.*: incohérentation, *f.* **-côporéal**, *adj.*: incohérent. **-côporéally**, *adv.*: d'une manière incohérente; immatérielle. **-côporéité**, *n.*: incohérentité, *f.*

incohontécorréct, *adj.*: incohérent, inexact. **-ly**, *adv.*: incohérentement; inexactement.

-ness, *n.*: incohérentation; inexactitude, *f.*

incohontécorrigibility, **-côrrigibleness**, *n.*: incohérentibilité, *f.* **-côrrigible**, *adj.*: incohérentible. **-côrrigibly**, *adv.*: incohérentiblement.

incohontécorrupt, **-ted**, *adj.*: non corrompu; pur. **-tibility**, **-tibility**, *n.*: incohérentibilité, *f.* **-tible**, *adj.*: incohérentible. **-tion**, *n.*: incohérentibilité; incohérentation, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: incohérentible. **-tiness**, *n.*: incohérentibilité; pureté, *f.*

1. incohonté-sate, *tr.* and *intr.*: épaissir; engraisser; s'épaissir; s'engraisser. **2. -sate**, **-sated**, *adj.*: épaissi; engraisé. **-sation**, *n.*: épaississement, *m.*

1. incohonté-se, *tr.*: augmenter, faire croître, grossir; accroître; *intr.*: croître; accroître; s'accroître; grossir; augmenter; s'augmenter; prendre de l'accroissement. **2. incohonté-se**, *n.*: crue, augmentation, *f.*; accroissement, surcroît; (*fig.*) produit, rejeton; (*of the moon*) croissant, *m.* **†-seful**, *adj.*: abondant. **-ser**, *n.*: personne, chose qui accroît, qui augmente, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: croissant.

incohonté-e, **-ed**, *adj.*: incohérent.

incohontécredibility, *n.*: caractère incohérentiable, *m.*; incohérentibilité, *f.* **-crédible**, *adj.*: incohérentiable. **-crédibleness**, *n.*: incohérentibilité. **-crédibly**, *adv.*: incohérentiablement. **-crédulity**, *n.*: incohérentulité, *f.* **-crédulous**, *adj.*: incohérentule. **-crédulousness**, *n.*: incohérentulité, *f.*

incohontécrement, *n.*: accroissement, *m.*; (*math.*) différentielle, quantité différentielle, *f.*

incohontépâtion, *n.*: réprimande, *f.*

incohontéseent, *adj.*: croissant.

incohontériminate, *tr.*: incohérenter.

incohontérust, **-ate**, *tr.*: incohérenter. **-ation**, *n.*: incohérentation; croûte, *f.*

incohonté-bate, *tr.*: couvrir. **-bation**, *n.*: incubation, *f.* **-bus**, *n.*: cauchemar; incubé, *m.*

incohonté-cate, *tr.*: inculquer. **-câtion**, *n.*: inculcation, *f.*

incohontépable, *adj.*: incohérentible. **-pate**, *tr.*: blâmer; censurer; inculper. **-pâtion**, *n.*: blâme, *m.*; censure, inculcation, *f.* **-patery**, *adj.*: qui blâme.

incult, *†-ivated*, *adj.*: inculte. *†-ivā-tion* or *†-ure*, *n.*: inculture, *f.*
incum-bency, *n.*: état d'un objet couché sur un autre; devoir, *m.*; charge, *f.*; (*ecc.*) possession d'un bénéfice, *f.* 1. **-bent**, *adj.*: couché; appuyé; obligatoire; (*bot.*) incombant. 2. **-bent**, *n.*: titulaire; bénéficiaire, *m.* **-ber** = *encumber*.
incūr, *tr.*: encourir, s'attirer; *†intr.*: se présenter; s'offrir.
in-curability, **-cūrableness**, *n.*: incurabilité, *f.* 1. **-cūrable**, *adj.*: incurable. 2. **-curable**, *n.*: incurable, *m.*, *f.* **-cūrably**, *adv.*: incurablement, sans remède.
incūri-ous, *adj.*: peu curieux; sans curiosité. **-ously**, *adv.*: sans curiosité; avec incuriosité. **-ousness**, **-ōsity**, *n.*: incuriosité, *f.*
incūr-sion, *n.*: incursion, *f.*
incūr-vate, *tr.*: courber. 2. **-vate**, *adj.*: courbé. **-vātion**, *n.*: incurvation, courbure, *f.* **-ve**, *tr.*: courber. **-vity**, *n.*: incurvation; courbure, *f.*
incus, *n.*: (*anat.*) (*ossicle of the ear*) enclume, *f.*
†inda-gate, *tr.*: rechercher. *†-gātion*, *n.*: recherche, *f.* *†-gator*, *n.*: scrutateur, *m.*
indārt, *tr.*: darder.
indēbtēd, *adj.*: endetté; redevable. **-ness**, *n.*: état de dette, *m.*
indē-cency, *n.*: indécence, *f.* **-cent**, *adj.*: indécet; déshonnête. **-cently**, *adv.*: indécemment.
indēciduous, *adj.*: persistant.
indē-cision, *n.*: indécision, *f.* **-cīve**, *adj.*: peu décisif; indécis. **-cīvely**, *adv.*: d'une manière indécise. **-cīve-ness**, *n.*: état indécis, *m.*
indeclinable, *adj.*: indéclinable.
indecomposable, *adj.*: indécomposable. **-ness**, *n.*: nature indécomposable, *f.*
indecōr-ous, *adj.*: contraire au décorum; qui blesse le décorum; indécet; inconvenant. **-ously**, *adv.*: avec inconvenance; incongrument. **-ousness**, *n.*: manque de décorum, *m.*; messéance; inconvenance, *f.* **-um**, *n.*: manque de décorum, *m.*; messéance; inconvenance, *f.*
indēed, *adv.*: en effet, en vérité; vraiment; il est vrai; à dire vrai; à la vérité: —! vraiment! allons donc! comment! (*iron.*) par exemple!
indefātigable, *adj.*: infatigable. **-gābleness**, *n.*: caractère infatigable, *m.* **-gably**, *adv.*: infatigablement; sans relâche.
indefeasibility, *n.*: inaliénabilité; imprescriptibilité; indestructibilité, *f.* **-feasible**, *adj.*: inaliénable; imprescriptible. **-feasibly**, *adv.*: avec inaliénabilité;

avec imprescriptibilité; d'une manière indestructible.
inde-fectibility, *n.*: indéfectibilité, *f.* **-fectible**, *adj.*: indéfectible. **-fective**, *adj.*: non défectueux.
indefēns-ible, *adj.*: qui n'est pas défendable; insoutenable; inexcusable. **-ibly**, *adv.*: inexcusablement. **-ive**, *adj.*: sans défense.
indeficien-ey, *n.*: perfection, *f.* **-t**, *adj.*: parfait; sans défaut.
indefinite, *adj.*: indéfinissable.
indēfinite, *adj.*: indéfini. **-ly**, *adv.*: indéfiniment. **-ness**, *n.*: nature indéfinie, *f.*
indēliberate, *adj.*: indélébéré. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière indélébérée; sans délibération.
in-delibility, **-dēlibleness**, *n.*: indélébilité, *f.* **-dēlibile**, *adj.*: indélébile, ineffaçable. **-dēlibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière indélébile; ineffaçablement.
indēli-cacy, *n.*: indélicatesse, *f.* **-cate**, *adj.*: indélicat. **-cately**, *adv.*: avec indélicatesse; d'une manière indélicate.
in-demnification, *n.*: indemnisation; indemnité, *f.* **-dēmnyfy**, *tr.*: dédommager, indemniser. **-dēmnyty**, *n.*: dédommagement, *m.*; indemnité, *f.*: *act of* —, amnistie, *f.*
indēmōnstrable, *adj.*: indémontrable.
indēt, *tr.*: denteler; ébrécher; échan-crer; (*bind out by indentures*) mettre en apprentissage; (*print.*) rentrer; *†intr.*: denteler le bord de papier, de parchemin; (*contract*) passer contrat. 2. **indent**, *n.*: dentelure; échancre, coupure, (*stamp*) empreinte, *f.* **-ātion**, *n.*: dentelure; échancre, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: dentelé; bos-sué; (*bound out by indentures*) obligé par un contrat d'apprentissage. 1. **-ure**, *n.*: (*jur.*) titre, *m.*: —, contrat d'apprentissage, *m. sing.* 2. **-ure**, *tr.*: mettre en apprentissage.
indēpēdence, **-dency**, *n.*: indépendance, *f.* 1. **-dent**, *adj.*: indépendant. 2. **-dent**, *n.*: indépendant, *m.* **-dently**, *adv.*: indépendamment; dans l'indépendance; avec indépendance.
indēscribable, *adj.*: indescriptible.
†indēsōrt, *n.*: défaut de mérite, *m.*
indestruct-ibility, *adj.*: indestructibilité, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: indestructible.
indētērmīn-able, *adj.*: indéterminable; interminable. **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière indéterminable. **-ate**, *adj.*: indéterminé, indécis. **-ately**, *adv.*: indéterminément. **-āteness**, *n.*: nature indéterminée, *f.*; manque de précision, *m.* **-ātion**, *n.*: indétermination, *f.*
†indēvō-te, *†-ted*, *adj.*: peu dévoué. **-tion**, *n.*: indévotion, *f.*

indévout, *adj.*: indévot. **-ly**, *adv.*: indévotement, *m.*
in-dex, *n.*: indice, indicateur, *m.*; (*of books*) table des matières, *f.*; (*of Latin books*) index; (*anat.*) index, doigt indicateur, *m.*; (*of a logarithm*) caractéristique, *f.*; (*of a globe*) index; (*alg., arith.*) exposant, *m.*: — *expurgatory*, index expurgatoire; index, *m.* **2-dex**, *tr.*: mettre à l'index. **-dexter**, *n.*: celui qui fait l'index. **-dëxical**, *adj.*: qui a la forme d'une table des matières; qui appartient à une table des matières. **-dëxically**, *adv.*: en forme de table des matières. **-dex-plate**, *n.*: plaque à index, *f.*; indicateur, *m.*
indextërity, *n.*: indextërité, *f.*; manque de dextérité, *m.*; maladresse, *f.*
Indian, *adj.*: Indien; des Indiens, *n.*: Indien, *m.*, Indienne, *f.* **-like**, *adj.*: comme l'Indien; en Indien.
in-dicant, *adj.*: (*med.*) indicatif. **-dic-ate**, *tr.*: indiquer; annoncer; marquer. **-dication**, *n.*: indication, *f.*; signe; indice, *m.* **1-dicative**, *adj.*: indicatif: — *mood*, mode indicatif. **2-dicative**, *n.*: indicatif, *m.*: *in the —*, à l'indicatif. **-dicator**, *n.*: indicateur, indice, *m.* **-dicatory**, *adj.*: qui indique, qui montre.
indi-ct, *tr.*: (*leg.*) poursuivre, attaquer, traduire en justice. **-ctable**, *adj.*: (*leg.*) passible d'être poursuivi; (*of things*) qualifié crime, qualifié délit. **indi-ctton**, *n.*: indiction; proclamation, *f.* **-ctment**, *n.*: accusation, *f.* *bill of —*, acte d'accusation, *m.*; *find an —*, prononcer une mise en accusation.
indiffer-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: indifférence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: indifférent, passable; médiocre. **-ently**, *adv.*: indifféremment; passablement; médiocrement.
indigen-ee, **-ey**, *n.*: indigence, *f.*
indigenous, *adj.*: du pays, indigène.
indigent, *adj.*: nécessaireux, indigent.
indigë-s-t, **-ted**, *adj.*: indigeste, non digéré; informe. **-tible**, *adj.*: indigeste, difficile à digérer. **-tion**, *n.*: indigestion, *f.*; mal d'estomac, *m.*
indig-nant, *adj.*: indigné, irrité. **-nantly**, *adv.*: avec indignation. **-nätion**, *n.*: indignation, *f.*: *give vent to one's —*, faire éclater son indignation. **-nity**, *n.*: indignité, *f.*; outrage, *m.*
indigo, *n.*: (*bot.*) indigo, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: indigotier, *m.*
in-dirëct, *adj.*: indirect, oblique, détourné. **-dirëction**, **-dirëctness**, *n.*: voie détournée; obliquité; mauvaise foi, *f.* **-dirëctly**, *adv.*: indirectement.
indiscërnible, *adj.*: imperceptible; indiscernable.

indisëipli-nable, *adj.*: indisciplinable. **-ne**, *n.*: indiscipline, *f.*
indiscëverable, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut découvrir.
indis-crëet, *adj.*: indiscret, irrëléchi. **-crëetly**, *adv.*: indiscrettement. **-crë-tion**, *n.*: indiscretion, imprudence, *f.*
indis-crëminä-te, *adj.*: confus; indistinct; sans distinction. **-tely**, *adv.*: sans distinction, confusément. **-ting**, *adj.*: qui ne fait pas de distinction, aveugle.
indispëns-able, *adj.*: indispensable. **-ableness**, *n.*: nécessité, indispensabilité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: indispensablement.
indispö-äe, *tr.*: indisposer, déranger, incommoder; détourner, éloigner. **-äd**, *adj.*: indisposé, dérangé. **-ädness**, *n.*: répugnance, *f.*; dérangement, *m.* **-ätion**, *n.*: indisposition, répugnance, *f.*; éloignement, *m.*
indispu-table, *adj.*: incontestable, indisputable. **-tableness**, **-tability**, *n.*: évidence, *f.*; caractère incontestable, *m.* **-tably**, *adv.*: incontestablement, sans contredit. **-pütëd**, *adj.*: incontesté, reconnu.
in-dissolubility, *n.*: indissolubilité, *f.* **-dissoluble**, *adj.*: indissoluble. **-dis-solubleness**, *n.*: indissolubilité, *f.* **-dis-solubly**, *adv.*: indissolublement.
indistin-ct, *adj.*: indistinct, confus. **-ctton**, **-ctness**, *n.*: confusion, *f.*; défaut de distinction, *m.* **-ctly**, *adv.*: indistinctement, sans ordre. **-guishable**, *adj.*: indistinct.
indistärbance, *n.*: calme, *m.*
indite, *tr.*: rédiger; dicter. **-ment**, *n.*: rédaction; dictée, *f.*
individable, *adj.*: indivisible.
1-individu-al, *n.*: individu; particulier, *m.* **2-al**, *adj.*: individuel, seul, unique. **-älity**, *n.*: individualité, *f.* **-älise**, *tr.*: individualiser. **-ally**, *adv.*: individuellement, isolément. **-äte**, *tr.*: individualiser. **-ätion**, *n.*: individualisation, *f.*
indi-visibility, **-visibleness**, *n.*: indivisibilité, *f.* **-visible**, *adj.*: indivisible. **-visibly**, *adv.*: indivisiblement.
indö-cible or **-cile**, *adj.*: indocile. **-cility**, *n.*: indocilité, *f.*
indöctrin-äte, *tr.*: endoctriner, instruire. **-ätion**, *n.*: instruction, *f.*
indol-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: indolence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: indolent. **-ently**, *adv.*: nonchalamment, indolemment.
indömitable, *adj.*: indomptable.
indör-sable, *adj.*: (*com.*) transférable par endossement. **-se**, *tr.*: (*on the back*) charger; (*com.*) endosser. **-säe**, *n.*: (*com.*) porteur, *m.* **-sëment**, *n.*: endossement, endos, *m.* **-ser**, **-sor**, *n.*: (*com.*) endosseur, *m.*

indrēch, *tr.*: plonger, submerger.

indūbi-ous, *adj.*: certain, non-douteux.

-table, *adj.*: indubitable. **-tably**, *adv.*: indubitablement.

indū-ec, *tr.*: porter à, engager, amener, décider, déterminer; induire, entraîner; (*a thing*) causer, produire. **-ement**, *n.*: incitation, raison, *f.*; motif, mobile, stimulant, *m.* **-eer**, *n.*: instigateur, *m.*; chose qui porte, qui engage, qui détermine; personne qui porte, qui engage, qui détermine, *f.* **-eible**, *adj.*: qui peut être induit, inféré, causé, produit.

indūc-t, *tr.*: mettre en possession, installer, établir. **-tile**, *adj.*: inductile. **-tily**, *n.*: inductibilité, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: installation, induction; prise de possession, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: qui amène, qui décide; par induction.

indūc = *endue*.

indūl-ge, *tr.*: tolérer, favoriser, permettre, accorder; se permettre, satisfaire, écouter, se laisser aller, se livrer, (*pers.*) avoir trop d'indulgence pour; *intr.*: se livrer à, se laisser aller à, s'abandonner à, s'adonner à: — *any one with a thing*, accorder, permettre quelque chose à quelqu'un; — *one's self*, s'écouter, se soigner.

-gence, **-geney**, *n.*: plaisir, *m.*; faveur, *f.*; abandon, *m.*; indulgence; clémence; (*Cath. rel.*) indulgence, *f.* **-gent** or **-gential**, *adj.*: indulgent, facile; qui se laisse aller, qui se livre. **-gently**, *adv.*: avec douceur, avec indulgence.

indū-rate, *tr.*: endurcir, durcir; (*med.*) indurer. **2-rate**, *intr.*: s'endurcir, durcir; (*med.*) s'indurer. **-rātion**, *n.*: durcissement, endurcissement, *m.*; (*med.*) induration, *f.*

indūs-trial, *adj.*: industriel; industrieux. **-trious**, *adj.*: laborieux; diligent; qui aime le travail. **-triously**, *adv.*: laborieusement, assidûment, diligemment. **indus-try**, *n.*: travail; amour du travail, *m.*; assiduité, *f.*; (*fig.*) empressément, *m.*, ardeur, *f.*

indwell, *tr. and intr.*: habiter, demeurer (dans); tenir la position. **-er**, *n.*: habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.* **-ing**, *part.*: habitant, etc.; intérieur, du cœur.

in-ebriant, *adj.*: enivrant. **1-briate**, *tr.*: enivrer; infatuer; *intr.*: s'enivrer. **2-briate**, *adj.*: enivré, adonné à la boisson; infatué. **-ebriating**, *adj.*: enivrant. **-ebriation**, **-ebriety**, *n.*: ivresse, ébriété, *f.*

inédited, *adj.*: inédit.

in-effability, **-effableness**, *n.*: ineffabilité, *f.* **-ëffable**, *adj.*: ineffable. **-ëffably**, *adv.*: ineffablement.

in-effec-tive, *adj.*: inefficace, sans effet, inefficatif. **-tual**, *adj.*: inefficace, inutile,

vain. **-tually**, *adv.*: inutilement, sans efficacité. **-tualness**, *n.*: inefficacité, *f.*

ineffervescence, *n.*: défaut d'effervescence, *m.* **-ent**, *adj.*: non effervescent, non mousseux. **-ibility**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui n'est pas effervescent, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: incapable d'effervescence.

in-efficacious, *adj.*: inefficace. **-efficaciously**, *adv.*: inefficacement. **-ëfficacy**, *n.*: inefficacité, *f.*

ineffect-eney, *n.*: inefficacité, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: inefficace; insuffisant. **-ently**, *adv.*: inefficacement, sans efficacité.

inelās-tic, *adj.*: non élastique. **-ticity**, *n.*: non-élasticité, *f.*

inèle-gance, **-ganey**, *n.*: inélegance, *f.* **-gant**, *adj.*: sans élégance; sans goût, inélegant. **-gantly**, *adv.*: sans élégance.

in-eligibility, *n.*: inconvenance; (*pol.*) inéligibilité, *f.* **-ëligible**, *adj.*: peu convenable; (*pol.*) inéligible.

ineloquent, *adj.*: sans éloquence, inéloquent. **-ly**, *adv.*: sans éloquence.

inēpt, *adj.*: inepte, faible; sot. **-itude**, **-ness**, *n.*: inaptitude, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: sottement, ineptement.

inē-qual, *adj.*: inégal. **-quality**, *n.*: inégalité; insuffisance, *f.*

inēquitable, *adj.*: peu équitable.

inērr-able, *adj.*: infaillible. **-ability**, **-ableness**, *n.*: infaillibilité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: infailliblement.

in-ērt, *adj.*: inerte. **-ērtia**, *n.*: inertie, force d'inertie, *f.* **-ērtly**, *adv.*: lourdement, d'une manière inerte. **-ērtness**, *n.*: inertie, *f.*

inēstim-able, *adj.*: inestimable; incalculable. **-ably**, *adv.*: incalculablement.

inēvident, *adj.*: caché, inévident.

inēvit-able, *adj.*: inévitable, inéluctable. **-ability**, **-ableness**, *n.*: impossibilité d'être évité, inévitabilité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: inévitablement.

inēx-act, *adj.*: inexact. **-ness**, *n.*: inexactitude, *f.*

inēx-cūs-able, *adj.*: inexcusable. **-able-ness**, *n.*: tort inexcusable; caractère inexcusable, *m.* **-ably**, *adv.*: inexcusablement.

inēx-cōt-ion, *n.*: inexécution, *f.*

inēx-hālable, *adj.*: qui ne s'évapore pas.

inēx-hāust-ed, *adj.*: inépuisé. **-ible**, *adj.*: inépuisable, *f.* **-ibleness**, *n.*: nature inépuisable, *f.* **-ibly**, *adv.*: inépuissablement. **-ive**, **-less**, *adj.*: inépuisable.

inēx-is-tēnc, *n.*: non-existence, inexistence, *f.* **-tent**, *adj.*: non existant, inexistant.

inēx-or-able, *adj.*: inexorable, inflexible.

-ability, -ableness, n.: caractère inexorable, *m.*; inflexibilité, *f.* **-ably, adv.:** inexorablement.

inexpédience, -dience, n.: inopportunité, inconvenance, *f.* **-dient, adj.:** inopportun, mal à propos, inconvenable: *deem it — to, ne pas juger convenable de.*

inexpérien-ee, n.: inexpérience, *f.* **-eed, adj.:** expérimenté.

inexpert, adj.: expérimenté, maladroit, inhabile. **-ness, n.:** maladroiture, inhabilité, *f.*

inexpi-able, adj.: inexpiable. **-ably, adv.:** d'une manière inexpiable.

inexplic-able, adj.: inexplicable. **-ably, adv.:** inexplicablement.

inexplicit, adj.: explicite, obscur.

inexpress-ible, adj.: inexprimable; inoui. **-ibly, adv.:** d'une manière inexprimable. **-ive, adj.:** inexpressive, dénué d'expression.

inexpugnable, adj.: imprenable; inexpugnable.

inextinct, adj.: non éteint.

inextinguishable, adj.: inextinguible.

inextric-able, adj.: inextricable; qu'on ne peut pas débrouiller. **-ableness, n.:** nature inextricable, *f.* **-ably, adv.:** inextricablement.

incye, tr.: greffer en écusson.

infalli-ble, adj.: infaillible, inmanquable. **-bility, -bleness, n.:** infaillibilité, *f.* **-bly, adv.:** infailliblement, inmanquablement.

†infame, tr.: diffamer.

infamous, adj.: infâme, indigne. **-mously, adv.:** d'une manière infâme; indignement, affreusement. **-mousness, -my, n.:** infamie, *f.*

in-faney, n.: enfance, *f.*; bas âge, *m.*; (*jur.*) minorité, *f.* **1.-fant, n.:** enfant en bas âge, petit enfant; (*jur.*) mineur, *m.*, mineure, *f.* — *school*, salle d'asile, *f.* **2.-fant, adj.:** en bas âge, dans l'enfance; (*fig.*) naissant, à sa naissance, qui commence: — *colony*, colonie naissante, *f.* **-fanta, n.:** infante, *f.* **-fante, n.:** (*of Spain, Portugal*) infant, *m.* **-fanti-cide, n.:** infanticide, *m.* **-fantile, -fantine, adj.:** enfantin, d'enfant. **-fant-like, adj.:** enfantin. **-fantry, n.:** infanterie, *f.*

infatu-ate, tr.: infatuer, entêter, engouer, enivrer, enorgueillir; troubler l'esprit de. **-ation, n.:** entêtement; enivrement; vertige, *m.*; infatuation, *f.*

infeas-ible, adj.: impraticable, infaisable. **-bility, -bleness, n.:** nature impraticable, *f.*

infec-t, tr.: infecter, empester. **-ter, n.:** personne qui infecte, qui empeste; chose qui infecte, qui empeste, *f.* **-tion,**

n.: infection, corruption; contagion, *f.* **-tions, adj.:** contagieux, infect, pestilentiel. **-tiously, adv.:** par infection, par contagion. **-tiousness, n.:** nature contagieuse; nature infecte; contagion, infection, *f.* **-tive, adj.:** contagieux.

in-fecund, adj.: stérile, infécond. **-fecundity, n.:** stérilité, infécondité, *f.*

infelici-tous, adj.: malheureux. **-ty, n.:** infortune, *f.*; malheur, *m.*

in-fér, tr.: inférer, conclure; déduire. **-able, -rile, adj.:** qui peut être inféré, à inférer. **in-férence, n.:** conséquence, conclusion, déduction, *f.* **-ential, adj.:** qui se peut inférer, à inférer; obtenu par voie d'inférence. **-entially, adv.:** par voie d'inférence.

1.in-féri-or, adj.: inférieur. **2.-or, n.:** inférieur, *m.* **-ority, n.:** infériorité, *f.*

1.in-fér-nal, adj.: infernal, d'enfer. **2.in-fér-nal, n.:** habitant de l'enfer, *m.* **-ly, adv.:** infernalement.

in-fér-tile, adj.: stérile, infertile. **-til-ity, n.:** infertilité, *f.*

in-fest, tr.: infester; attaquer. **-ation, n.:** infestation, *f.*; ravage, *m.*

in-fé-dation, n.: inféodation, *f.*

1.in-fid-el, adj.: infidèle, incrédule, impie. **2.-del, n.:** infidèle, incrédule, impie, *m.*, *f.*

-del-ity, n.: infidélité; incrédule, *f.* **in-fil-trate, intr.:** s'infiltrer. **-tration, n.:** infiltration, *f.*

in-finite, adj.: infini; perpétuel. **-fin-ity, adv.:** infiniment; fort, à l'infini. **-finiteness, n.:** infinité; immensité, *f.* **-finitésimal, adj.:** infinitésimal, infiniment petit. **1.-finitive, n.:** infinitif, *m.* **2.-finitive, adj.:** infinitif. **-finitude, n.:** infinité, *f.* **-finity, n.:** infinité; immensité, *f.*

in-firm, adj.: infirme, faible; maladif. **-ary, n.:** infirmerie, *f.* **-ity, -ness, n.:** infirmité; faiblesse, *f.* **-ly, adv.:** débilement, faiblement.

in-fix, tr.: fixer, inculquer; enfoncer.

in-flame, tr.: enflammer, embraser; exciter, irriter; *intr.:* s'enflammer. **-flam-mability, -flammableness, n.:** inflammabilité, *f.* **-flammable, adj.:** inflammable; (*of coal*) flambant. **-flam-mation, n.:** inflammation; fluxion, *f.* — *of the lungs*, inflammation du poulmon; — *of the chest*, fluxion de poitrine. **-flam-matory, adj.:** inflammatoire; incendiaire.

in-fla-te, tr.: enfler, gonfler, bouffir. **-ted, part.:** enflé, gonflé; (*style*) boursoufflé. **-tion, n.:** enflure, *f.*; gonflement, *m.*

in-fléct, tr.: fléchir; varier; détourner; (*the voice*) moduler; (*opt.*) infléchir. **-fléc-tion, n.:** inflexion; variation, *f.* **-fléc-tive, adj.:** flexible. **-flexibility, -fléx-**

ibleness, *n.*: inflexibilité, *f.* **-flexible**, *adj.*: inflexible. **-flexibly**, *adv.*: inflexiblement.

inflic-t, *tr.*: infliger; (pain) faire. **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui inflige, *f.*; auteur d'un mal, *m.* **-tion**, *n.*: inflexion, *f.*; châtiement, *m.* **-tive**, *adj.*: inflectif.

infloréscence, *n.*: (*bot.*) disposition des fleurs, inflorescence, *f.*

in-fluence, *n.*: influence, *f.* **2.in-fluence**, *tr.*: influencer sur; influencer. **-fluent**, *adj.*: influent, qui a de l'influence. **-fluently**, *adv.*: avec influence. **-fluenza**, *n.*: grippe, *f.* **-flux**, **-fluxion**, *n.*: affluence; abondance, *f.*

infold, *tr.*: envelopper.

infoliate, *tr.*: couvrir de feuilles.

in-form, *tr.*: instruire, informer, avertir; faire savoir: — *one's self*, s'instruire, s'éclairer; (*of a fact*) s'informer. **2.in-form**, *intr.*: dire, montrer; (*against*) faire une dénonciation contre, dénoncer. **3.in-form**, *adj.*: informe. **-al**, *adj.*: non en forme; irrégulier, fautif. **-ality**, *n.*: défaut de formalité, vice de forme, *m.* **-ant**, *n.*: accusateur, *m.*; personne qui fait savoir, qui informe, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: nouvelle, information, *f.*; avis; renseignement, *m.*; instruction, *f.*; connaissances, *f. pl.*; savoir, *m.*; (*jur.*) dénonciation, révélation, délation; enquête, *f.*: *get — on*, se procurer des renseignements sur; *lay an — against*, dénoncer. **-er**, *n.*: délateur, dénonciateur, révélateur, *m.*

in-formidable, *adj.*: qui n'est pas à craindre, peu formidable.

in-formous, *adj.*: difforme, informe.

in-frac-tion, *n.*: infraction; contravention, *f.* **-fractor**, *n.*: infracteur; violateur, *m.* **-frangible**, *adj.*: qui ne peut être brisé; qu'on ne peut enfreindre.

infré-quency, **-quence**, *n.*: rareté, *f.* **-quent**, *adj.*: rare.

infrigidate, *tr.*: refroidir.

infrin-ge, *tr.*: enfreindre. **-gement**, *n.*: infraction, violation, *f.*; violement, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: infracteur, violateur, *m.*, violatrice, *f.*

in-furia-te, *adj.*: furieux, enragé. **2.-to**, *tr.*: rendre furieux, mettre en fureur. **-ted**, *adj.*: furieux, en fureur, furibond.

in-fu-se, *tr.*: infuser; faire infuser; verser, introduire; (*fig.*) communiquer, inspirer, pénétrer: *be infused*, s'insérer. **-sibility**, *n.*: infusibilité, *f.* **-sible**, *adj.*: infusable. **-sion**, *n.*: infusion; suggestion; inspiration, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: absorbant. **-soria**, *n. pl.*: animalcules infusoires; infusoires, *m. pl.* **1.-sory**, *adj.*: infusoire, *m.* **2.-sory**, *n.*: animalcule infusoire, *m.*

ingathering, *n.*: récolte, *f.*

ingèmi-nate, *tr.*: redoubler; répéter. **-nation**, *n.*: redoublement, *m.*; répétition, *f.*

ingénérate, *adj.*: incréée.

ingénieux, *adj.*: ingénieux; qui a du savoir; qui a du talent; de mérite; de talent; spirituel; savant. **-ly**, *adv.*: ingénieusement; spirituellement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère ingénieux; génie; art; mérite; talent, *m.*; habileté, *f.*

in-génit(e), *adj.*: inné. **-genúity**, *n.*: caractère ingénieux; génie; art; mérite; talent, *m.*; habileté, *f.* **-gènuous**, *adj.*: ingénu, naïf; noble; généreux; (*birth*) honorable. **-gènuously**, *adv.*: ingénument; naïvement. **-gènuousness**, *n.*: ingénuité, naïveté, *f.*

ingest-ion, *n.*: ingestion, action d'avaler, *f.*

inglòrious, *adj.*: sans gloire; déshonorant, honteux; inglorieux. **-ly**, *adj.*: sans gloire; honteusement; avec déshonneur. **-ness**, *n.*: manque de gloire, nature inglorieuse, déshonneur, *f.*

ingot, *n.*: lingot, *m.* **-mould**, *n.*: lingotière, *f.*

ingraft, *tr.*: greffer, enter; (*fig.*) graver. **-ment**, *n.*: greffe; ente, *f.*

ingrain, *tr.*: teindre en laine.

ingrate, *n.*: ingrat, *m.*, ingrate, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: ingrat.

ingrati-ate, *tr.*: insinuer dans les bonnes grâces; concilier la faveur: — *one's self with*, s'insinuer dans les bonnes grâces de; se concilier la faveur de.

ingratitude, *n.*: ingratitude, *f.*

ingrédient, *n.*: ingrédient; élément, *m.*

in-gress, *n.*: entrée, *f.* **-gress-ion**, *n.*: action d'entrer; entrée, *f.*

ingui-nal, *adj.*: (*anat.*) inguinal.

ingulf, *tr.*: engouffrer; engloutir.

1.ingurgitate, *tr.*: avaler avidement; ingurgiter. **2.ingurgitate**, *intr.*: boire avec excès, ingurgiter.

inhàbit, *tr. and intr.*: habiter; habiter dans; vivre, demeurer. **-able**, *adj.*: habitable. **-ance**, **-ancy**, *n.*: habitation, *f.* **-ant**, *n.*: habitant, *m.*, habitante; (*jur.*) personne domiciliée, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: habitation, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: habité. **-er**, *n.*: habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.* **in-halàtion**, *n.*: inhalation, absorption des gaz; inspiration, *f.* **-hàle**, *tr.*: aspirer; respirer; humer. **-hàler**, *n.*: personne qui aspire, qui respire, *f.*

inhâr-mô-nie(al), *adj.*: peu harmonieux; inharmonieux. **-mônious**, *adj.*: peu harmonieux; inharmonieux. **-môniously**, *adv.*: sans harmonie; inharmonieusement.

inhër-e, *intr.*: être inhérent, s'attacher. **-ence**, *n.*: inhérence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: in-

hérent; inséparable. **-ently, adv.**: par inhérence.

inherit, tr.: hériter; recueillir; **tr.**: hériter. **-able, adj.**: héréditaire; transmissible par héritage. **-ably, adv.**: en héritage. **-ance, n.**: héritage, **m.**: succession; **hérédité, f.** **-or, n.**: héritier, **m.** **-ress, -rix, n.**: héritière, **f.**

inhérese, tr.: mettre, enterrer dans un tombeau.

inhéston, n.: inhérence, **f.**

inhibit, tr.: arrêter, prohiber, empêcher, interdire; défendre. **-hibition, n.**: interdiction; défense; prohibition, **f.**

inhôop, tr.: enfermer.

inhospitable, adj.: inhospitalier.

-ableness, -ality, n.: inhospitalité, **f.** **-ably, adv.**: inhospitalièrement.

inhuman, adj.: inhumain. **humanity, n.**: inhumanité, **f.** **humanly, adv.**: inhumainement, avec inhumanité.

inhumate, -hume, tr.: inhumer. **humation, n.**: inhumation, **f.**

inimical, adj.: ennemi, hostile, contraire. **-ly, adv.**: hostilement; en ennemi.

inimitability, n.: qualité inimitable, **f.** **-imitable, adj.**: inimitable. **-imitably, adv.**: inimitablement.

iniquitous, adj.: inique. **-ty, n.**: iniquité, **f.**

initial, adj.: initial; premier. **2-tial, n.**: initiale, **f.** **-tially, adv.**: au premier degré; au commencement. **1-tiate, tr.**: initier; commencer; **intr.**: faire le premier acte. **2-tiate, adj.**: initié; du commencement. **3-tiate, n.**: initié, **m.**, initiée, **f.** **-tiation, n.**: initiation, **f.** **1-tiative, adj.**: initiateur. **2-tiative, n.**: initiative, **f.** **-tiatory, adj.**: initiateur. **†-tion, n.**: commencement, **m.**

inject, tr.: injecter; jeter. **-tion, n.**: injection; (*med.*) injection, **f.**, lavement, **m.**

injudicial, adj.: qui n'est pas dans les formes judiciaires; extrajudiciaire. **-cious, adj.**: peu judicieux; injudicieux. **-ciously, adv.**: peu judicieusement; injudicieusement. **-ciousness, n.**: manque de jugement, **m.**

injunction, n.: injonction, **f.**; commandement, **m.**

injure, tr.: nuire à, faire tort à; faire mal à; blesser; porter atteinte à; outrager; (*a thing*) faire du mal à, gâter; (*med.*) léser, faire une lésion à; (*surg.*) intéresser. **-jurer, n.**: personne qui nuit à, qui fait tort à, qui fait mal à, qui blesse, qui porte atteinte à, qui outrage, **f.**; auteur d'un tort, d'un outrage, **m.** **-jurious, adj.**: qui nuit à, qui fait

tort à, qui fait mal à, qui blesse, qui porte atteinte à, qui outrage; nuisible; injurieux, outrageant, injuste. **-juriously, adv.**: injustement; à tort; injurieusement; outrageusement. **-jury, n.**: injure, **f.**; tort, mal, préjudice, **m.**; injustice, **f.**; (*to goods*) dégât, dommage; détriment, **m.**; (*med.*) lésion, **f.**; *to the — of*, au détriment de.

injustice, n.: injustice, **f.**

ink, n.: encre, **f.**; *Indian* —, encre de Chine, de la Chine; *marking* —, encre à marquer; *printing* —, encre d'impression; *blot of* —, pâtre, **m.** **2-ink, tr.**: tarbouiller d'encre; (*print.*) encrer.

-bag, n.: (*mol.*) poche à encre, **f.** **-box, n.**: encrier, **m.** **-case, n.**: écritoire, **f.**; encrier, **m.** **-fish, n.**: (*mol.*) seiche, sèche, **f.** **-horn -horn, n.**: écritoire, **f.**

-iness, n.: couleur d'encre, noirceur, **f.** **-ing-roller, n.**: (*print.*) rouleau, **m.** **-ing-table, n.**: (*print.*) table d'encrier, **f.**

inkle, n.: ruban de fil, **m.**

inkling, n.: indication, allusion, idée, **f.**, avis, **m.**

ink-manufacturer, n.: fabricant d'encre, **m.** **-stand, n.**: encrier, **m.**; écritoire, **f.** **-trough, n.**: (*print.*) encrier, **m.** **-y, adj.**: d'encre; taché d'encre.

inlaid, adj.: marqueté, incrusté.

inland, adj.: intérieur; de l'intérieur; (*of letters of exchange*) sur l'intérieur; (*geog.*) méditerrané. **2-inland, n.**: intérieur (d'un pays), **m.** **-er, n.**: habitant de l'intérieur d'un pays, **m.**

inlâpidate, tr.: pétrifier.

inlaw, tr.: purger de la mise hors la loi. **1-in-lây (pret, part. —d), tr.**: marquer; incruster. **2-lây, n.**: marqueterie, **f.** **-lâyer, n.**: marqueteur, **m.** **-lâying, n.**: art de la marqueterie, **m.**

inlet, n.: entrée, **f.**; passage, **m.**; voie, **f.**; (*geog.*) petit bras de mer, **m.**

inly, adj.: intérieur; secret; interne. **2-inly, adv.**: intérieurement; dedans; dans le cœur; secrètement.

inmate, n.: habitant, **m.**, habitante, **f.**; (*lodger*) pensionnaire, locataire, **m.**, **f.** **2-inmate, adj.**: interne; intérieur; admis comme habitant.

inmost, adj.: le plus intérieur; intime; dernier.

inn, n.: auberge, **f.**; hôtel, **m.**, taverne, **f.**; — *of court*, école de droit, **f.**; *put up at an —*, descendre à une auberge. **2-inn, intr.**: loger; **tr.**: loger. **3-inn, tr.**: engranger, rentrer.

innate, adj.: inné. **-ly, adv.**: d'une manière innée. **-ness, n.**: qualité de ce qui est inné, **f.**

innavigable, adj.: innavigable.

inner, *adj.*: intérieur, de l'intérieur.
-most, *adj.*: le plus intérieur; intime; dernier.

inning, *n.*: (agri.) rentrée, *f.*: —, (*at cricket*) jeu, *m.*; (*lands abandoned by the sea*) relais de la mer, *m. pl.*

innkeeper, *n.*: aubergiste, hôtelier, hôte, *m.*

innocence, **-cency**, *n.*: innocence, *f.*
-cent, *adj.*: innocent; permis, légitime.
-cent, *n.*: innocent, *m.*; idiot, *m.*, idiote, *f.*
-cently, *adv.*: innocemment.

innocuous, *adj.*: non nuisible; innocent.
-ly, *adv.*: innocemment, sans nuire.
-ness, *n.*: innocuité, *f.*

innovate, *tr.*: innover; *intr.*: innover; faire des innovations.
-vating, *adj.*: novateur.
-vâtion, *n.*: innovation, *f.*
-vâtor, *n.*: novateur, innovateur, *m.*

innocuous, *adj.*: non nuisible; innocent.
-ly, *adv.*: innocemment, sans nuire.
-ness, *n.*: innocuité, *f.*

innuendo, *n.*: insinuation, *f.*
innúmer-able, *adj.*: innombrable, infini.
-ably, *adv.*: sans nombre; innombrablement.
-ous, *adj.*: innombrable.

inobser-vable, *adj.*: inobservable.
-vance, **-vâtion**, *n.*: inobservation, *f.*
inoculate, *tr.*: inoculer; (*hort.*) écussonner.
-lâtion, *n.*: inoculation, (*hort.*) action d'écussonner, *f.*
-lâtor, *n.*: inoculateur, *m.*, inoculatrice; (*hort.*) personne qui écussonne, *f.*

inodorous, *adj.*: inodore.
inoffensive, *adj.*: inoffensif, inoffensif.
-ly, *adv.*: inoffensivement.
-ness, *n.*: caractère inoffensif, *m.*

inoffi-cial, *adj.*: inofficiel.
-cially, *adv.*: inofficiellement.
-cious, *adj.*: inofficieux.

inoperative, *adj.*: qui n'opère pas.
inopportune, *adj.*: inopportun.
-ly, *adv.*: inopportunément.

inordi-nacy, *n.*: nature désordonnée; fureur, *f.*; dérèglement, *m.*
-nate, *adj.*: dérégé, désordonné, démesuré.
-nately, *adv.*: d'une manière désordonnée; démesurément; dérèglement.
-nateness, *n.*: nature désordonnée, *f.*, dérèglement, *m.*, fureur, *f.*
-nâtion, *n.*: dérèglement, *m.*

in-orgânic(al), *adj.*: inorganique.
-orgânically, *adv.*: d'une manière inorganique.
-organised, *adv.*: inorganique.
in-osc-ulate, *tr.*: unir; *intr.*: s'anastomoser.
-oulâtion, *n.*: inoculation, anastomose, *f.*

inquest, *n.*: enquête; recherche, *f.*
inquietude, *n.*: inquiétude, *f.*

inquin-ate, *tr.*: corrompre, souiller.
-nâtion, *n.*: souillure, *f.*
in-quirable, *adj.*: qu'on peut examiner;

sujet à enquête. 1. **-quire**, *tr.*: s'enquérir de, s'informer de; demander; s'adresser: — *into*, s'informer de; faire une enquête sur; — *after*, demander des nouvelles de; — *within*, s'adresser ici; *I will —, I will — about it*, je m'en informerai; *he —d after your health*, il a demandé des nouvelles de votre santé; — *at the baker's, of the baker*, adressez-vous chez le boulanger, au boulanger. 2. **-quire**, *intr.*: s'informer de; demander.
-quirer, *n.*: personne qui s'enquiert, qui s'informe, *f.*; investigateur, *m.*, investigatrice, *f.*
-quiring, *adj.*: investigateur.
inquiringly, *adv.*: par voie d'interrogation, d'une manière interrogante.
-quiry, *n.*: demande; investigation; enquête, recherche, *f.*: *inquiries*, informations, *f. pl.*, renseignements, *m. pl.*; *on —*, en allant aux informations, aux renseignements; *make —s*, aller aux informations, aux renseignements; *make inquiries after*, prendre des informations, des renseignements sur; s'informer de; *without —*, sans demander, sans prendre des renseignements.

in-quisi-tion, *n.*: inquisition; recherche, investigation; (*leg.*) enquête, *f.*
-quisi-tional, **-quisi-tionary**, *adj.*: assidu dans ses recherches; inquisitorial.
-quistive, *adj.*: curieux; indiscret.
-quisitively, *adv.*: avec curiosité; indiscrètement.
-quisitiveness, *n.*: curiosité; indiscrétion, *f.*
-quisitor, *n.*: inquisiteur, *m.*
-quisitorial, *adj.*: inquisitorial; d'enquête.
†quisitôrious, *adj.*: inquisitorial.

inrâ-l, *tr.*: environner de balustres, griller.
inroad, *n.*: incursion, irruption, *f.*, empiètement, *m.*

insalû-brious, *adj.*: insalubre.
-brity, *n.*: insalubrité, *f.*

in-sâne, *adj.*: fou, insensé, aliéné.
-sânelly, *adv.*: en aliéné; en insensé; follement.
-sâneness, **-sânity**, *n.*: aliénation d'esprit, folie, démence, *f.*

insâ-tiable, *adj.*: insatiable.
-tiable-ness, *n.*: insatiabilité, *f.*
-tiably, *adv.*: insatiatement.
-tiate, *adj.*: insatiable.
-tiately, *adv.*: insatiatement.

insâturable, *adj.*: insaturable.

in-scribe, *tr.*: inscrire; dédier; graver, empreindre.
-scriber, *n.*: personne qui inscrit, *f.*; auteur d'une inscription, d'une dédicace, *m.*
-scription, *n.*: inscription, *f.*; (*title*) titre, *m.*; (*dedication*) dédicace, *f.*
-scriptive, *adj.*: qui porte une inscription.

inscrât-ability, **-ableness**, *n.*: inscrutabilité; impénétrabilité, *f.*
-able, *adj.*: inscrutable, impénétrable.
-ably, *adv.*: impénétrablement.

inseulp, *tr.*: sculpter; graver. -**ture**, *n.*: inscription sculptée, gravée, *f.*
inséam, *tr.*: emprendre, marquer, coudre.
insécable, *adj.*: insécable, indivisible.
insect, *n.*: insecte, *m.* -**sect**, *adj.*: d'un insecte; vil, méprisable, éphémère.
-sectile, *adj.*: de la nature de l'insecte.
-sectivora, *n.*: insectivores, *f. pl.* -**-sectivorous**, *adj.*: insectivore.
insecû-re, *adj.*: sans sécurité; exposé au danger; en danger, chanceux. -**rely**, *adv.*: sans sécurité; sans sûreté. -**riety**, *n.*: manque de sécurité; danger, *m.*; incertitude, *f.*
in-sensate, *adj.*: insensé. -**sensibility**, *n.*: insensibilité, *f.*; défaut de sens, *m.* -**sensible**, *adj.*: (*senseless*) sans connaissance; (*indifferent*) insensible (*of*, à); *vide* de sens. -**sensibleness**, *n.*: insensibilité, *f.* -**sensibly**, *adv.*: insensiblement, peu à peu. -**sentiont**, *adj.*: insensible, privé de sentiment.
insépar-able, *adj.*: inséparable. -**able-ness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est inséparable, *m.*; inséparabilité, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: inséparablement.
in-sért, *tr.*: insérer. -**sér-tion**, *n.*: insertion, *f.*
inservient, *adj.*: utile.
inshöll, *tr.*: renfermer dans la coquille.
inshrine = *enshrine*.
in-side, *prep.*, *adv.*: à l'intérieur (de), en dedans (de). 2. -**side**, *adj.*: intérieur, d'intérieur, de l'intérieur. 3. -**side**, *n.*: intérieur, dedans, *m.*
insi-diate, *intr.*: s'embusquer. †-**diator**, *n.*: personne qui s'embusque, *f.* -**dious**, *adj.*: perfide, traître; insidieux. -**diously**, *adv.*: perfidement; insidieusement. -**diousness**, *n.*: perfidie, trahison, (*of things*) nature insidieuse, *f.*
insight, *n.*: connaissance, *f.*; éclaircissement, renseignement, *m.*
insignia, *n. pl.*: insignes, *m. pl.*; marques distinctives, *f. pl.*
insignifi-cance, -**caney**, *n.*: insignificance, *f.* -**cant**, *adj.*: insignifiant. -**cantly**, *adv.*: d'une manière insignifiante; avec insignificance.
insin-cère, *adj.*: peu sincère; dissimulé, faux. -**côrely**, *adv.*: peu sincèrement; sans sincérité; faussement. -**côrity**, *n.*: manque de sincérité, *m.*; dissimulation, fausseté, *f.*
†**insinew**, *tr.*: donner des nerfs à; donner des forces à.
†**insin-u-ant**, *adj.*: insinuant, persuasif. 1. -**ate**, *tr.*: insinuer; glisser. 2. -**ate**, *intr.*: s'insinuer; se glisser. -**-ating**, *adj.*: insinuant. -**-ation**, *n.*: insinuation, *f.* -**-ative**, *adj.*: insinuant.
insip-id, *adj.*: insipide, fade. -**-idity**,

-**idness**, *n.*: insipidité, fadeur, *f.* -**-idly**, *adv.*: insipidement; fadeusement.
insipi-ence, *n.*: manque de sagesse, folie, extravagance, *f.* -**-ent**, *adj.*: peu sage, insensé.
insist, *intr.*: insister. -**-ence**, *n.*: insistance, persistance, *f.* -**-ent**, *adj.*: appuyé.
insit-ion, *n.*: insertion, greffe, *f.*
insnâr-e, *tr.*: faire tomber dans un piège, prendre au piège; enlacer, surprendre. -**-er**, *n.*: personne qui tend des pièges, *f.*
insobriety, *n.*: manque de sobriété, *m.*; intempérance, *f.*
†**insôcia-ble**, *adj.*: insociable. -**-bly**, *adv.*: insocialement.
inso-late, *tr.*: exposer au soleil. -**-lâ-tion**, *n.*: exposition au soleil, *f.*
inso-lence, -**leney**, *n.*: insolence, *f.* -**-lent**, *adj.*: insolent. -**-lently**, *adv.*: insolemment.
insolidity, *n.*: insolidité, *f.*
in-solubility, -**solubleness**, *n.*: insolubilité, *f.* -**sôluble**, *adj.*: insoluble. -**sôlvable**, *adj.*: insoluble, indissoluble; qui ne peut être payé. -**sôlveney**, *n.*: insolvabilité, faillite; (*of things*) insuffisance, *f.*: *act of* —, loi autorisant la cession de biens, *f.* 1. -**sôlvent**, *adj.*: insolvable; (*of things*) insuffisant: — *act*, loi autorisant la cession de biens, *f.*; *benefit of the* — *act*, bénéfice de cession; *to take the* — *act*, être admis au bénéfice de cession. 2. -**solvent**, *n.*: débiteur, *m.*, débitrice, *f.*, insolvable.
insôm-nia, *n.*: insomnie, *f.* -**-nious**, *adj.*: qui a des insomnies.
insomûch, *adv.*: au point; à un tel point; si bien; en tant que.
inspêc-t, *tr.*: inspecter, examiner, visiter; surveiller; vérifier. -**-tion**, *n.*: inspection, *f.*; examen, *m.*; visite; vérification; surveillance, *f.* -**-tor**, *n.*: examinateur, surveillant, vérificateur, inspecteur, *m.* -**-torship**, *n.*: place d'inspecteur; surveillance, *f.*
insphère, *tr.*: mettre dans une sphère.
in-spirable, *adj.*: respirable. -**-spirâ-tion**, *n.*: (*inhaling air*) aspiration; (*respiration*) respiration; (*infusion of ideas into the mind*) inspiration, *f.* -**-spiratory**, *adj.*: inspireur, respiratoire. -**-spire**, *tr.*: (*breathe into*) souffler dans; souffler; (*draw into the lungs*) aspirer; (*infuse into the mind*) inspirer; *intr.*: aspirer. -**-spired**, *adj.*: inspiré. -**-spirer**, *n.*: être qui inspire, *m.* -**-spiring**, *adj.*: inspireur; inspirant. -**-spirit**, *tr.*: animer, encourager.
in-spiss-ate, *tr.*: épaissir. -**-â-tion**, *n.*: épaississement, *m.*
in-stableness, -**stability**, *n.*: instabi-

lité, *f.* -**stable**, *adj.*: peu stable; inconstant.

in-stall, *tr.*: installer. -**stallation**, *n.*: installation, *f.* -**stallment**, *n.*: installation, *f.*; siège; (*of money*) paiement partiel, acompte, *m.*

1. in-stance, *n.*: demande, instance, *f.*; exemple, *m.*; occasion, *f.*; cas, *m.*: *for* —, par exemple; *in the first* —, dans le principe; pour la première fois. **2. -stance**, *tr.*: citer pour exemple; *intr.*: citer des exemples. **1. -stant**, *adj.*: instant, urgent, pressant; immédiat; (*of the month*) courant. **2. -stant**, *n.*: instant, moment, *m.* -**stantaneous**, *adj.*: instantané. -**stantaneously**, *adv.*: instantanément. -**stantaneousness**, *n.*: instantanéité, *f.* -**stánter**, *adv.*: immédiatement, sans délai. -**stantly**, *adv.*: à l'instant; tout de suite; sur-le-champ; (*urgently*) instantamment, avec instance.

instáte, *tr.*: établir, mettre, placer.

instéad, *adv.*: à sa place, à la place, en place: — *of*, au lieu de, en place de, à la place de; *be* — *of*, tenir lieu de.

instéep, *tr.*: tremper, baigner, mouiller.

instep, *n.*: cou-de-pied; (*anat.*) tarse; (*of a horse*) canon, *m.*

instigate, *tr.*: exciter, inciter, entraîner, instiguer. -**gátion**, *n.*: instigation, *f.* -**gator**, *n.*: instigateur, *m.*, instigatrice, *f.*

instil, *tr.*: instiller; (*fig.*) graver, inculquer dans l'esprit. -**látion**, *n.*: instillation; (*fig.*) action de graver, d'inculquer dans l'esprit, *f.* -**ler**, *n.*: personne qui instille; (*fig.*) personne qui grave, qui inculque dans l'esprit, *f.*

1. in-stitot, *n.*: instinct, *m.* **2. -stitot** (*with*), *adj.*: animé (*de*). -**stincted**, *adj.*: animé. -**stinctive**, *adj.*: instinctif. -**stinctively**, *adv.*: instinctivement; par instinct.

1. insti-tute, *n.*: institution, *f.*; principe, *m.*, maxime, *f.*; (*learned society*) institut, *m.*: —, (*jur.*) institut, *f.*; *pl.*: instituts, *m. pl.* **2. -tute**, *tr.*: instituer, établir; commencer; (*a lawsuit*) intenter; (*an ecclesiastic*) investir. -**tátion**, *n.*: institution; (*of an ecclesiastic*) investiture, *f.* -**tátionary**, *adj.*: élémentaire. -**tútor**, *n.*: fondateur, *m.*, fondatrice, *f.*; instituteur, *m.*, institutrice, *f.*

instrú-t, *tr.*: instruire, enseigner; donner des instructions à. -**tion**, *n.*: instruction; leçon, *f.* -**tive**, *adj.*: instructif. -**tively**, *adv.*: d'une manière instructive. -**tor**, *n.*: instituteur; professeur, *m.* -**tress**, *n.*: institutrice, *f.*

instru-ment, *n.*: instrument; (*jur.*) acte, titre, *m.* -**méntal**, *adj.*: instru-

mental; d'instrument; cause. -**ment-ality**, *n.*: concours, moyen, *m.*; action, *f.* -**méntally**, *adv.*: comme moyen; (*mus.*) par des instruments de musique. -**méntalness** = *mentality*.

insubjéction, *n.*: révolte, *f.*

insubmission, *n.*: manque de soumission, *m.*

insubórdi-nate, *adj.*: insubordonné. -**nátion**, *n.*: insubordination, *f.*

insúffera-ble, *adj.*: insupportable, intolérable; détestable. -**bly**, *adv.*: insupportablement; intolérablement; détestablement.

insuffi-ciency, -**ciency**, *n.*: insuffisance, *f.* -**cient**, *adj.*: insuffisant. -**ciently**, *adv.*: insuffisamment.

insufflation, *n.*: insufflation, *f.*

1. insu-lar, -**lary**, *adj.*: insulaire. **2. -lar**, *n.*: insulaire, *m.*, *f.* -**late**, *tr.*: isoler. -**lated**, *adj.*: isolé. -**látion**, *n.*: action d'isoler, *f.*; isolement, *m.* -**látor**, *n.*: (*phys.*) isoloir, *m.*

1. in-sult, *n.*: insulte, injure, *f.*: *offer an* — *to any one*, faire insulte, faire une insulte à quelqu'un. **2. -sult**, *tr.*: faire insulte à, insulter, outrager, injurier; *intr.*: triompher insolemment, se comporter insolemment, insulter à. -**súter**, *n.*: insulteur, auteur d'une insulte, *m.* -**súting**, *adj.*: insultant, outrageant, outrageux, injurieux. -**sútingly**, *adv.*: insolemment, outrageusement, injurieusement, d'une manière insultante.

insúpera-ble, *adj.*: insurmontable. -**ble-ness**, -**bility**, *n.*: qualité insurmontable, *f.* -**bly**, *adv.*: insurmontablement, d'une manière insurmontable.

insupport-able, *adj.*: insupportable, intolérable. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature insupportable, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: insupportablement, intolérablement.

insuppréss-ible, *adj.*: qu'on ne peu supprimer; (*of laughter*) inextinguible, irrésistible. -**ive**, *qui ne se supprime pas*.

in-súra-ble, *adj.*: susceptible d'être assuré. -**súrance**, *n.*: assurance, *f.*: *life* —, assurance sur la vie; *fire* —, assurance contre l'incendie; — *broker*, courtier d'assurances, *m.*; — *company*, compagnie d'assurances, *f.*; — *office*, bureau d'assurances, *m.*; *marine* — *company*, chambre des assurances, *f.* -**súre**, *tr.* and *intr.*: assurer, garantir. -**súred**, *n.*: assuré, *m.*, assurée, *f.* -**súrer**, *n.*: assureur, *m.*

insúr-gence, -**geney**, *n.*: insurgeance, insurrection, *f.* **1. -gent**, *adj.*: insurgé. **2. -gent**, *n.*: insurgé, *m.*

insurmóunt-able, *adj.*: insurmontable; infranchissable. -**ably**, *adv.*: insurmontablement.

insurrection, *n.*: insurrection, *f.*: soulèvement, *m.* -**ary**, *adj.*: insurrectionnel.

insusceptibility, *n.*: manque de susceptibilité, *m.* -**ble**, *adj.*: insusceptible.

intactible, *adj.*: intactile; intangible.

intagliated -**ly**, *adj.*: en intaille. **-llo** -**ly**, *n.*: (arts.) intaille, *f.*

intangible, *adj.*: intangible, intangible. -**gibility**, -**bleness**, *n.*: intangibilité, *f.* -**bly**, *adv.*: d'une manière intangible.

integer, *n.*: entier, nombre entier, *m.* 1. -**gral**, *adj.*: entier; intégral; (chem.) intégrant; (alg.) intégral. 2. -**gral**, *n.*: intégrité, totalité, *f.*; tout, *m.*; (math.) intégrale, *f.* -**grant**, *adj.*: intégrant.

-grate, *tr.*: rendre entier; (math.) intégrer. -**gration**, *n.*: action de rendre entier; (math.) intégration, *f.*

integrity, *n.*: intégrité; probité, pureté, *f.*

intégument, *n.*: tégument, *m.*

intellect, *n.*: intelligence, faculté intellectuelle, *f.*; esprit; intellect, *m.* -**tellection**, *n.*: intellection, *f.* -**tellective**, *adj.*: intelligent; intellectuel; (philos.) intellectif. -**tellectual**, *adj.*: intellectuel, idéal. -**tellectualist**, *n.*: personne qui exagère les facultés de l'intelligence, *f.* -**tellectually**, *adv.*: intellectuellement. 1. -**telligence**, *n.*: intelligence, *f.*; esprit, *m.*; (information) nouvelle, *f.*, nouvelles, *f. pl.*, renseignements, *m. pl.*, avis; (concord) accord, *m.*, intelligence, *f.* 2. -**telligence**, *tr.*: transmettre des nouvelles à; informer.

-telligence-office, *n.*: bureau de renseignements, *m.* -**telligencer**, *n.*: personne qui fournit des renseignements, *f.*; donneur de nouvelles, *m.*, donneuse de nouvelles, *f.*; messenger, *m.*; (newspaper) gazette, *f.*, moniteur, *m.* † -**telligence** = intelligence. -**telligent**, *adj.*: intelligent. -**telligential**, *adj.*: intellectuel, spirituel. -**telligibility**, -**telligibleness**, *n.*: intelligibilité, *f.* -**telligible**, *adj.*: intelligible. -**telligibly**, *adv.*: intelligiblement.

intemperament, *n.*: mauvais état, mauvais tempérament, *m.* -**ance**, -**ancy**, *n.*: intempérance, *f.* -**ate**, *adj.*: déréglé, intempérant; désordonné; démesuré; (of the weather) non tempéré. -**ately**, *adv.*: intempéramment, avec intempérance, démesurément, immodérément. -**ateness**, *n.*: déréglement, *m.*; (of the weather) intempérie, *f.*

intend, *tr.*: se proposer, avoir dessein, avoir l'intention, compter, vouloir; (to reserve) destiner. -**ant**, *n.*: intendan, *m.* 1. -**ed**, *adj.*: projeté; intentionnel. 2. -**ed**, *n.*: (pop.) prétendu, futur époux, *m.*,

prétendue, future épouse, *f.*; futur, *m.*, future, *f.* -**edly**, *adv.*: à dessein. -**er**, *n.*: auteur d'une intention, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: intention, *f.*

intener-gate, *tr.*: attendrir, adoucir, amollir. -**ation**, *n.*: amollissement, *m.*

intense, *adj.*: (strained) tendu; (vehement) véhément, chaleureux, ardent; (application) opiniâtre, acharné; (of heat, cold) intense; (of suffering, pain) vif, fort. -**sely**, *adv.*: intensivement, avec intensité; avec opiniâtreté; chaleureusement; avec acharnement; vivement; fortement. -**ness**, *n.*: tension, intensité; force, violence; ardeur, opiniâtreté, *f.*, acharnement, *m.*; (of thought) contention, *f.* -**sion**, *n.*: tension, *f.* -**sity** = -**ness**.

-**sive**, *adj.*: intensif.

intention, *n.*: dessein, but, objet; sens, *m.*, portée, signification, *f.*: to all —, dans tous les sens. 2. -**t**, *adj.*: fort attentif, fort attaché, fort appliqué. -**tion**, *n.*: intention, *f.*; dessein, but, *m.* -**tion-al**, *adj.*: intentionnel; d'intention. -**tion-ally**, *adv.*: avec intention, à dessein. -**tioned**, *adj.*: intentionné. † -**tive**, *adj.*: fort appliqué, fort attentif. † -**tively**, *adv.*: fort attentivement. -**tly**, *adv.*: fort attentivement; avec une grande force d'application. -**tness**, *n.*: forte attention, forte application, *f.*

inter, *tr.*: enterrer, inhumer, ensevelir.

interact, *n.*: intermède, *m.*

intercal-lar, -**lary**, *adj.*: intercalaire. -**late**, *tr.*: intercaler. -**lation**, *n.*: intercalation, *f.*

interced-e, *intr.*: intercéder. -**er**, *n.*: intercesseur, *m.*

intercept, *tr.*: intercepter; arrêter, surprendre. -**ter**, *n.*: personne qui intercepte, qui arrête, qui surprend, *f.* -**tion**, *n.*: interception; interruption, *f.*

intercession, *n.*: intercession, *f.* -**cessor**, *n.*: intercesseur, *m.*

interchafn, *tr.*: enchaîner.

inter-change, *n.*: échange, *m.*; (fig.) variété, *f.* 2. -**change**, *tr.*: changer mutuellement, échanger. -**changeable**, *adj.*: échangeable; qui se succède alternativement. -**changeableness**, *n.*: nature échangeable; succession alternative, *f.* -**changeably**, *adv.*: alternativement, réciproquement.

intercept-ient, *n.*: personne qui intercepte, qui arrête; chose qui intercepte, qui arrête, *f.* 2. -**ient**, *adj.*: qui intercepte, qui arrête.

interclū-de, *tr.*: intercepter, interrompre. -**sion**, *n.*: obstacle, *m.*

intercolumniation, *n.*: entre-colonne, entre-colonnement, *m.*

intercommon, *tr.*: manger à la même

table; user en commun du droit de pâture sur les biens communaux.

intercom-muni-ate, *tr.*: communiquer ensemble. **-muni-ation**, *n.*: communication réciproque, *f.* **-munity**, *n.*: communication réciproque, *f.*

intercostal, *adj.*: intercostal.

intercourse, *n.*: correspondance, *f.*; commerce, *m.*; relations, *f. pl.*

intercurrent, *adj.*: (med.) intercurrent.

inter-dict, **-diction**, *n.*: interdiction, défense, prohibition, *f.*; (canon law) interdit, *m.* **2-dict**, *tr.*: interdire, interdire à, défendre à, défendre. **-dictory**, *adj.*: d'interdiction.

1-interest, *tr.*: intéresser: — *one's self in*, s'intéresser à. **2-interest**, *n.*: intérêt, *m.*; intérêts, *m. pl.*; (influence) pouvoir, crédit, *m.*; protection, *f.*: *compound* —, intérêt composé; intérêt des intérêts; *at* —, upon —, à intérêt; *to one's* —, dans son intérêt; *promote any one's* —, favoriser les intérêts de quelqu'un; *have* — *with*, avoir du crédit auprès de; *give one's* — *to any one*, accorder sa protection à quelqu'un; *make* — *with any one*, mettre quelqu'un dans ses intérêts; *bear* —, porter intérêt; *pay the* —, (fin.) servir les intérêts; *put out to* —, placer à intérêt; *pay with* —, payer avec usure. **-ed**, *adj.*: intéressé. **-ing**, *adj.*: intéressant.

interfere, *intr.*: intervenir, se mêler, s'entre-mettre; s'ingérer, s'immiscer; (*clash*) être en conflit, s'entre-choquer; (*hinder*) mettre obstacle à, déranger; (*man.*) s'entre-tailler, se couper. **-rence**, *n.*: intervention, *f.*; (*collision*) choc, *m.*, collision; (*man.*) atteinte, *f.*

interflu-ent, **-ous**, *adj.*: qui coule entre deux.

interfulgent, *adj.*: reluisant entre.

interfused, *adj.*: répandu entre.

interim, *n.*: intérim, intervalle, *m.*, entre-faites, *f. pl.*: *in the* —, en attendant; sur ces entre-faites; dans l'intérim; *ad* —, par intérim.

1-interior, *adj.*: intérieur. **2-interior**, *n.*: intérieur, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: intérieure-ment.

interjacent, *adj.*: situé entre, intermédiaire.

interjoe-t, *tr.*: interjeter; jeter entre; interposer; insérer. **-tion**, *n.*: interjection, *f.* **-tional**, *adj.*: interjeté.

interjoin, *tr.*: unir, marier réciproquement.

interjost, *n.*: entrevous, *m.*

interknowledge, *n.*: connaissance mutuelle, *f.*

interlace, *tr.*: entremêler; entrelacer.

interlapse, *n.*: entre-temps, intervalle, *m.*

interlard, *tr.*: entrelarder.

interleaf, *n.*: feuillet intercalé, feuillet blanc, *m.*

interleave, *tr.*: interfolier.

inter-line, *tr.*: écrire entre les lignes, interlinéer, interligner. **-lineal**, **-linear** or **1-lineary**, *adj.*: interlinéaire.

2-lineary, *n.*: livre interfolié, *m.*

-lineation, *n.*: interlinéation; intercalation, *f.* **-lining**, *n.*: action d'interligner, *f.*; entrelignes, interlignes, *f. pl.*

interlink, *tr.*: joindre les chaînons; enchaîner; lier.

interlocution, *n.*: interlocution, *f.*; dialogue, *m.* **-locutor**, *n.*: interlocuteur, *m.* **-locutory**, *adj.*: (jur.) interlocutoire; de dialogue.

interlop-e, *intr.*: être intrus; (*com.*) faire le commerce interlope. **-er**, *n.*: intrus, *m.*, intruse, *f.*; (*com.*) courtier marron, *m.*

interlacent, *adj.*: reluisant entre.

interlude, *n.*: intermède, entr'acte, *m.*

-luder, *n.*: acteur dans un intermède, *m.*

interlunar, **-y**, *adj.*: interlunaire.

inter-marriage, *n.*: double mariage entre deux familles, *m.* **-marry**, *intr.*: faire un double mariage entre deux familles; se marier les uns avec les autres.

intermeddle, *intr.*: se mêler, s'entremêler. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se mêle des affaires d'autrui, *f.*; médiateur officieux, *m.*, médiatrice officieuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: intervention officieuse, *f.*

intermediacy, *n.*: intervention, *f.*

-dial, *adj.*: intermédiaire. **-diary**, *n.*: intervention, *f.*; intermédiaire, *m.* **-diate**, *adj.*: intermédiaire. **-diately**, *adv.*: intermédiairement.

interment, *n.*: enterrement, *m.*; sépulture, *f.*

intermigration, *n.*: émigration réciproque, *f.*

interminable, *adj.*: interminable, éternel. **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière interminable. **-ate**, *adj.*: illimité; sans bornes.

intermingle, *tr.*: mêler; entremêler; *intr.*: se mêler; s'entremêler.

inter-mission, *n.*: intermission, *f.*; relâche, *m.*; cessation, *f.* **-missive**, *adj.*: intermittent.

inter-mit, *tr.*: interrompre, discontinuer, cesser, arrêter. *intr.*: discontinuer, cesser, s'arrêter. **-mittent**, *adj.*: intermittent; *n.* or — *fever*, fièvre intermittente, *f.* **-mittingly**, *adv.*: avec intermission; par intervalle.

intermix, *tr.*: entremêler, mélanger, mêler; *intr.*: s'entremêler; se mélanger; se mêler. **-ture**, *n.*: mélange; assaisonnement, *m.*

intermodillion, *n.*: entre-modillon, *m.*

intermündane, *adj.*: entre les mondes.
intermuscular, *adj.*: intermusculaire.
intermutation, *n.*: échange, *m.*
intèrnal, *adj.*: interne, intérieur. **-ly**, *adv.*: intérieurement.
internàtional, *adj.*: international.
internôciary, **-cinal**, **-eine** or **-eive**, *adj.*: meurtrier; mortel. **-cion**, *n.*: massacre, *m.*
internôde, *n.*: entre-nœud, *m.*
internunciô, *n.*: entremetteur; (*of the pope*) intercession, *m.*
interpellâtion, *n.*: appel, *m.*; interruption; interpellation, *f.*
interplêdge, *tr.*: échanger des gages.
interpôint, *tr.*: marquer par des points; entrecouper.
intèrpe-late, *tr.*: interpoler; intercaler.
-lâtion, *n.*: interpolation; intercalation, *f.* **-lâtor**, *n.*: interpolateur, *m.*
inter-pôsal, *n.*: intervention, *f.* **-pôse**, *tr.*: interposer, placer entre; faire intervenir; offrir; *intr.*: s'interposer; intervenir; interrompre. **-pôser**, *n.*: médiateur, *m.*, médiatrice; personne qui s'interpose, *f.* **-posiôtion**, *n.*: interposition; intervention, *f.*
interprêt, *tr.*: interpréter, expliquer, définir. **-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut interpréter. **-âtion**, *n.*: interprétation, *f.* **-ative**, *adj.*: interprétatif. **-atively**, *adv.*: par interprétation. **-er**, *n.*: interprète, *m.*
inter-rôgnam, **-rôign**, *n.*: interrègne, *m.*
intèrrer, *n.*: personne qui enterre, qui ensevelit, *f.*
intèrrô-gâte, *tr.* and *intr.*: interroger, questionner. **-gâtion**, *n.*: interrogation, question, *f.*: note of —, point d'interrogation, *m.*
intèrrôga-tive, *adj.*: interrogatif.
2-tive, *n.*: terme interrogatif, *m.* **-tive-ly**, *adv.*: par forme d'interrogation; (*gram.*) interrogativement. **1-tôry**, *adj.*: interrogatif. **2-tôry**, *n.*: interrogatoire, *m.*; interrogations, *f. pl.*
intèrrûp-t, *tr.*: interrompre. **2-t**, *adj.*: séparé, entr'ouvert. **-ted**, *part.*: interrompu, séparé. **-tedly**, *adv.*: avec interruption. **-ter**, *n.*: interrupteur, *m.*, interruptrice, *f.* **-tîon**, *n.*: interruption; intervention, *f.*; obstacle, *m.*
interscâpular, *adj.*: interscapulaire.
interscind, *intr.*: entrecouper.
interscribe, *tr.*: interligner.
intersêc-t, *tr.*: entrecouper; (*geom.*) couper; *intr.*: (*geom.*) se couper. **-tîon**, *n.*: action d'entrecouper; (*geom.*) intersection, *f.*
intersêr-t, *tr.*: insérer, intercaler. **-tîon**, *n.*: insertion, *f.*

interspâec, *n.*: intervalle; espacement, *m.*
interspêrse, *tr.*: entremêler; parsemer; disperser.
interstèllar, *adj.*: interstellaire.
intèr-stice, *n.*: interstice; intervalle, *m.*
-stîal, *adj.*: qui contient des interstices; intermédiaire.
intertèxture, *n.*: entrelacement, *m.*
intertiè, *n.*: (*carp.*) entretoise; (*of a roof*) sablière, *f.*
intèrrôpical, *adj.*: intertropical.
inter-twine, **-twist**, *tr.*: entrelacer.
interval, *n.*: intervalle; espacement, *m.*
inter-vène, *intr.*: (*of space, places*) être, se trouver entre; (*pers.*) intervenir; (*of circumstances*) arriver, survenir, avoir lieu; (*of time*) s'écouler, arriver. **-vên-ing**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) intervenant; (*of space, places, time*) intermédiaire: — *party*, intervenant, *m.*, intervenante, *f.*; (*jur.*) partie intervenante, *f.*; — *peace*, paix durant l'intervalle, *f.* **-vên-tion**, *n.*: intervention; (*of things*) interposition, action, *f.*
intèrvèrt, *tr.*: intervertir.
intèr-vièw, *n.*: entrevue, *f.*; interview, *m.* **2-view**, *tr.*: interviewer.
intèrvolve, *tr.*: envelopper l'un dans l'autre.
interwèav-e (*pret. interwove*, *part. -ed* or *interwoven*), *tr.*: entrelacer, tresser, tisser ensemble, entremêler. **-ing**, *n.*: tissu; entrelacement, *m.*
interwôrking, *n.*: action réciproque, *f.*
intèrrêathèd, *adj.*: tissu en guirlande.
intès-table, *adj.*: intestable, incapable de tester. **-tacy**, *n.*: mort intestat, *f.*
1-tâte, *adj.*: (*of the deceased*) intestat; (*of the heir*) ab intestat. **2-tâte**, *n.*: intestat, *m.*
intès-tinal, *adj.*: intestinal. **1-tine**, *adj.*: intestin, *m.* **2-tine**, *n.*: intestin, *m.*
intèrrâl, etc. = *enthrâl*, etc.
intèrrône = *enthrône*.
inti-macy, *n.*: intimité, liaison intime, *f.* **1-mâte**, *adj.*: intime; intimement lié.
2-mate, *n.*: intime, *m.*, *f.* **3-mate**, *tr.*: faire entendre; donner à entendre; signifier; faire comprendre. **-mately**, *adv.*: intimement. **-mâtion**, *n.*: avis indirect, *m.*
intimi-date, *tr.*: intimider. **-dâtion**, *n.*: intimidation, *f.*
intô, *prep.*: dans, en; (*math.*) par, multiplié par.
intôler-able, *adj.*: intolérable, insupportable. **-ableness**, *n.*: nature insupportable, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: intolérablement, insupportablement. **-anee**, *n.*: intolérance, *f.* **1-ant**, *adj.*: intolérant: — *of*, incapable de supporter. **2-ant**,

- n.*: intolérant, *m.*, intolérante, *f.* -**ated**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas toléré. -**ation**, *n.*: intolérance, *f.*
- intomb**, *tr.*: descendre dans la tombe; enterrer.
- in-tonate**, *intr.*: retentir; tonner; (*mus.*) solfier. -**tonation**, *n.*: intonation, *f.* -**tone**, *tr.*: chanter.
- in-torsion**, -**tortion**, *n.*: intorsion, *f.*; entortillement, *m.* -**tort**, *tr.*: entortiller, entrelacer.
- intoxi-cate**, *tr.*: enivrer. -**cated**, *adj.*: ivre; (*fig.*) transporté, enivré. -**cating**, *adj.*: enivrant. -**cation**, *n.*: ivresse, *f.*; enivrement, *m.*
- in-tractability**, -**tractableness**, *n.*: humeur intractable, indocilité, *f.* -**tractable**, *adj.*: intractable; indocile. -**tractably**, *adv.*: d'une manière intractable.
- intradós**, *n.*: intrados, *m.*, douelles intérieures, *f.*
- intransitive**, *adj.*: (*gram.*) intransitif. -**ly**, *adv.*: dans un sens intransitif.
- intrans-mutability**, *n.*: non-transmutabilité, *f.* -**mutable**, *adj.*: intransmutable.
- intrans**, *adj.*: entrant, pénétrant.
- intréassgre**, *tr.*: garder comme un trésor.
- intréatful**, *adj.*: suppliant.
- intréneh**, *tr.*: (*milit.*) retrancher, se retrancher; *intr.*: envahir; empiéter; creuser, fouiller, faire des tranchées. -**ment**, *n.*: retranchement, *m.*
- intrép-id**, *adj.*: intrépide. -**idity**, *n.*: intrépidité, *f.* -**idly**, *adv.*: intrépidement.
- intri-cacy**, *n.*: embrouillement, embarras, *m.*; complication, difficulté, *f.* -**cate**, *adj.*: embrouillé; embarrassé; compliqué. 2. **-cate**, *tr.*: embrouiller. -**cately**, *adv.*: d'une manière embrouillée, embarrassée, compliquée. -**cateness** = **-cacy**.
- intrigu-e**, *n.*: intrigue, *f.* 2. **intrigu-e**, *intr.*: intriguer. -**er**, *n.*: intrigant, *m.*, intrigante, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: intrigant. -**ingly**, *adv.*: par intrigue.
- intrinsic(al)**, *adj.*: intrinsèque. -**ly**, *adv.*: intrinsèquement.
- intro-duce**, *tr.*: introduire; faire entrer; (*persons to one another*) présenter, faire connaître: — *him*, faites-le entrer; — *your friend to me*, présentez-moi votre ami; faites-moi connaître votre ami; — *a fashion*, introduire une mode. -**duce**, *n.*: introducteur, *m.* -**duction**, *n.*: introduction; présentation, *f.* -**ductive**, *adj.*: qui sert d'introduction. -**ductory**, *adj.*: d'introduction; qui sert d'introduction.
- intrôit**, *n.*: introit, *m.*
- intro-mission**, *n.*: introduction, admis-
- sion; (*phys.*) intromission, *f.* -**mit**, *tr.*: admettre.
- intro-spéct**, *tr.*: examiner l'intérieur de. -**spéction**, *n.*: introspection, *f.*
- introssuption** = **intussuception**.
- introvért**, *tr.*: tourner en dedans; diriger intérieurement.
- intrá-de**, *intr.*: se présenter sans être invité; se présenter; s'introduire; se faufler; être intrus; être importun: — *on any one*, importuner quelqu'un. 2. **-de**, *tr.*: introduire (par importunité): — *one's self*, se présenter sans être invité; se présenter; s'introduire; se faufler; être intrus: — *one's self on any one*, importuner quelqu'un. -**der**, *n.*: importun, *m.*, importune, *f.*; intrus, *m.*, intruse, *f.* -**-sion**, *n.*: intrusion, importunité; usurpation, *f.*; empiètement, *m.* -**-ive**, *adj.*: importun.
- intrást**, *tr.*: confier: — *any one with anything*, confier quelque chose à quelqu'un.
- in-tuition**, *n.*: intuition, *f.* -**tuitive**, *adj.*: intuitif, d'intuition. -**tuitively**, *adv.*: par intuition, intuitivement.
- intumése-e**, *intr.*: s'enfler. -**-ence**, *n.*: intumescence, *f.*
- inturgescence**, *n.*: gonflement, *m.*; enflure, *f.*
- intussuption**, *n.*: invagination, intussuception, *f.*
- intwine** = **entwine**.
- ingéndo** = **innuendo**.
- ingula**, *n.*: (*bot.*) aunée, *f.*
- inūbrate**, *tr.*: ombrager.
- inūnc-tion**, *n.*: onction, *f.* -**-tosity**, *n.*: défaut d'onctuosité, *m.*
- inū-dant**, *adj.*: qui inonde. -**-date**, *tr.*: inonder. -**-dation**, *n.*: inondation, *f.*
- inur-bāncness**, -**-bānity**, *n.*: défaut d'urbanité, *m.*
- inūre**, *tr.*: accoutumer, habituer, endurcir, aguerrir, rompre. -**-ment**, *n.*: habitude, *f.*
- inūrn**, *tr.*: mettre dans une urne; enterrer.
- inūstion**, *n.*: ustion, *f.*
- inūtility**, *n.*: inutilité, *f.*
- invād-e**, *tr.*: envahir; attaquer; saisir. -**-er**, *n.*: envahisseur, *m.* -**-ing**, *adj.*: envahissant.
- invalétūinary**, *adj.*: valétudinaire.
- invā-lid**, *adj.*: infirme, faible; (*jur.*) invalide. 2. **invā-lid**, *n.*: malade, *m.*, *f.*; personne malade, *f.*; (*worn out soldier, sailor*) invalide, *m.* -**-lidate**, *tr.*: invalider, infirmer. -**-lidity**, *n.*: faiblesse; (*jur.*) invalidité, *f.* -**-lidness**, *n.*: faiblesse, *f.* -**-luable**, *adj.*: inestimable. -**-luably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inestimable.
- in-variability**, -**vāriableness**, *n.*:

invariabilité, *f.* -**variable**, *adj.*: invariable. -**variably**, *adv.*: invariablement.

invâ-sion, *n.*: invasion, *f.*; envahissement, *m.* -**vâsive**, *adj.*: envahissant.

i.nvêc-tive, *n.*: invective, *f.* 2. -**tive**, *adj.*: satirique; injurieux. -**tively**, *adv.*: avec invective; injurieusement.

invêigh, *intr.*: se déchaîner, invectiver. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui invective, qui se répand en invectives, *f.*

invêigl-e, *tr.*: séduire, attirer, capter, enjôler. -**ement**, *n.*: séduction, captation, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: enjôleur, *m.*, enjôleuse, *f.*; séducteur, *m.*, séductrice, *f.*

invên-t, *tr.*: inventer; (*contrive false-ly*) controuver, inventer. -**tion**, *n.*: invention; (*fiction*) invention; (*forgery*) chose controuvée, *f.* -**tive**, *adj.*: inventif. -**tor**, *n.*: inventeur, *m.* -**tôrially**, *adv.*: en forme d'inventaire. 1. **inven-tory**, *n.*: inventaire, *m.* 2. -**tory**, *tr.*: inventorier. **invên-tress**, *n.*: inventrice, *f.*

invêr-se, *adj.*: inverse. -**sely**, *adv.*: en sens inverse; en raison inverse; inversement. -**sion**, *n.*: inversion, *f.*; (*fig., log., mus.*) renversement, *m.* -**t**, *tr.*: tourner sens dessus dessous, renverser; intervertir.

invêrte-bral, *adj.*: invertébré. 1. -**brate**, *n.*: (*zool.*) invertébré, *m.* 2. -**brate**, -**brated**, *adj.*: invertébré.

invêrted, *adj.*: renversé; inverse. -**ly**, *adv.*: dans un ordre renversé; en sens inverse.

invêst, *tr.*: vêtir, revêtir; (*milit.*) investir; (*money*) placer.

invêsti-gable, *adj.*: susceptible d'investigation. -**gate**, *tr.*: rechercher; faire une enquête sur; faire des investigations sur. -**gâtion**, *n.*: investigation, recherche, *f.* -**gative**, *adj.*: investigateur. -**gator**, *n.*: investigateur, *m.*, investigatrice, *f.*

invest-iture, -**ure**, *n.*: investiture, *f.* -**ive**, *adj.*: qui revêt; qui investit. -**ment**, *n.*: action de vêtir, de revêtir, *f.*; vêtement; (*of money*) placement; (*milit.*) investissement, *m.*

invêter-acy, *n.*: caractère invétéré; acharnement, *m.* 1. -**ate**, *adj.*: invétéré; acharné: *grow —*, s'invétérer. 2. -**ato**, *tr.*: invétérer. -**ately**, *adv.*: d'une manière invétérée; avec acharnement. -**ate-ness**, *n.*: état invétéré; acharnement, *m.* -**âtion**, *n.*: action de laisser invétérer, *f.*

invidious, *adj.*: odieux, envieux; irritant. -**ly**, *adv.*: odieusement. -**ness**, *n.*: odieux, *m.*; envie, *f.*

invigor-ate, *tr.*: renforcer, fortifier; donner de la vigueur à. -**ating**, *adj.*: fortifiant. -**âtion**, *n.*: action de forti-

fier, de donner de la vigueur, *f.*; état de vigueur, *m.*

invinci-ble, *adj.*: invincible. -**bleness**, *n.*: nature invincible, *f.* -**bly**, *adv.*: invinciblement.

in-violability, -**violableness**, *n.*: inviolabilité, *f.* -**violable**, *adj.*: inviolable. -**violably**, *adv.*: inviolablement. -**violate**, *adj.*: inviolable; entier, intact. **invions**, *adj.*: impraticable.

inviscate, *tr.*: engluier.

in-visibility, -**visibleness**, *n.*: invisibilité, *f.* -**visible**, *adj.*: invisible. -**vis-ibly**, *adv.*: invisiblement.

in-vitation, *n.*: invitation, *f.* 1. -**vitatory**, *adj.*: invitatif, qui renferme une invitation. 2. -**vitatory**, *n.*: invitatoire, *m.* -**vite**, *tr.*: inviter, engager. -**viter**, *n.*: personne qui invite, *f.*; hôte, *m.* -**ving**, *adj.*: engageant, attrayant. -**vingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière engageante. -**vingness**, *n.*: nature engageante, *f.*

invitrifiable, *adj.*: non vitrifiable.

invô-cate, *tr.*: invoquer. -**câtion**, *n.*: invocation, *f.*

1. **invoice**, *n.*: facture. 2. **invoice**, *tr.*: facturer.

invôlke, *tr.*: invoquer.

invôlû-cral, *adj.*: involucral. -**crate**, *adj.*: involucré. **involu-cre**, -**crum**, *n.*: involucre, *m.*

invôlun-tarily, *adv.*: involontairement. -**tariness**, *n.*: caractère involontaire, *m.* -**tary**, *adj.*: involontaire.

invôlû-te, *n.*: (*geom.*) développante, *f.* -**tion**, *n.*: action d'envelopper; complication; (*gram.*) incise; (*arith., alg.*) élévation aux puissances, *f.*

invôlve, *tr.*: (*envelop*) envelopper; (*com-prise*) comprendre; impliquer; (*cause*) entraîner; (*plunge*) plonger dans des difficultés; (*she has greatly — d him*, elle l'a obéré de dettes; *that — s expence*, cela entraîne de la dépense. -**d**, *adj.*: (*of persons*) accablé de dettes; (*of things*) grevé de dettes; dans la gêne; *be in — d circumstances*, être dans un état de gêne. -**ment**, *n.*: embarras pécuniaire, *m.*; difficulté, gêne, *f.*

in-vulnerability, -**vulnerableness**, *n.*: invulnérabilité, *f.* -**vulnerable**, *adj.*: invulnérable.

inwâll, *tr.*: entourer de murs.

1. **inward** -**wêrd**, *adj.*: intérieur, interne. 2. **inward**, -**s**, *adv.*: en dedans; intérieurement. -**ly**, *adv.*: intérieurement. -**ness**, *n.*: intimité, *f.* -**s**, *n.*: entrailles d'animal, *f. pl.*; viscères, *m. pl.*

inwēave (pret. -wove, part. -d, -woven), *tr.*: enlacer.
inwāp, *tr.*: envelopper; (*fig.*) ravir.
inwēathe, *tr.*: couronner d'une guirlande; ceindre, couronner.
inwrought in-rāt, *adj.*: tissu.
iodine, *n.*: (chem.) iode, *m.*
lōnie, *adj.*: ionique; ionien.
lōta, *n.*: iota; rien, zeste, *m.*
ipecacuāna, *n.*: (bot.) ipécacouana, *m.*
ir-ascibility, *n.*: irascibilité, *f.* -**ascible**, *adj.*: irascible.
ire, *n.*: colère, *f.*; *f.*: courroux, *m.*
-ful, *adj.*: furieux, courroucé. -**fully**, *adv.*: avec courroux, avec colère.
iridium, *n.*: iridium, *m.*
iris (pl. *irides*), *n.*: iris, *m.* -**ated**, -**ed**, *adj.*: irisé.
Irish, *adj.*: irlandais. **Irish**, *n.*: (language) irlandais, *m.* -**ism**, *n.*: locution irlandaise, *f.* -**man**, *n.*: Irlandais, *m.* -**woman**, *n.*: Irlandaise, *f.*
iris-root, *n.*: racine d'iris, *f.*
irk, *tr.*, *impers.*: répugner; fatiguer, ennuyer. -**some**, *adj.*: pénible, ennuyeux; fatigant. -**somely**, *adv.*: d'une manière fatigante, ennuyeusement. -**someness**, *n.*: ennui, *m.*; fatigue, *f.*
iron **i'ārn**, *n.*: fer; (*tech.*) ferrement, *m.* -**flat**—, fer à repasser, *m.*; *wrought*—, fer forgé, *m.*; *old*—, ferraille, *f.*
iron, *adj.*: de fer. **iron**, *tr.*: *fer*: (*linen*) repasser; (*shackle*) mettre les fers à. -**bound**, *adj.*: cerclé de fer; garni de fer; (*shackled*) chargé de fers. -**brake**, *n.*: brimbale, *f.* -**clad**, *adj.*: cuirassé. -**filings**, *n. pl.*: limaille de fer, *f. sing.* -**founder**, *n.*: fondeur en fer, *m.* -**foundry**, *n.*: fonderie de fer, *f.* -**glance**, *n.*: fer spéculaire, fer oligiste, *m.* -**gray**, *adj.*: gris de fer. -**hearted**, *adj.*: au cœur de fer.
irōn-ic, -**ical**, *adj.*: ironique. -**ically**, *adv.*: ironiquement. **iron-ist**, *n.*: personne qui emploie l'ironie, *f.*
iron-manufactory, *n.*: usine de fer, *f.* -**manufacture**, *n.*: fabrication du fer, *f.* -**master**, *n.*: maître de forges, *m.* -**monger**, *n.*: quincaillier, *m.* -**mongery**, *n.*: quincaillerie, *f.* -**mould**, *n.*: (stain) tache de rouille; (*vessel*) lingotière, *f.* -**ore**, *n.*: minerai de fer, *m.* -**stone**, *n.*: minerai de fer, *m.* -**wire**, *n.*: fil de fer, *m.* -**wood**, *n.*: bois de fer, *m.* -**work**, *n.*: ferrure, *f.*; ouvrage en fer, *m.* -**works**, *n. pl.*: usine de fer, *f. sing.* -**wort**, *n.*: sidérilis, *m.*; crapaudine, *f.*
irony, *n.*: ironie, *f.*
irony **i'āry**, *adj.*: de fer.
irradi-ance, -**aney**, *n.*: rayonnement; rayon, *m.* 1. -**ate**, *tr.*: rayonner sur;

éclairer; *intr.*: rayonner; resplendir.
 2. -**ate**, *adj.*: rayonnant. -**ation**, *n.*: irradiation, splendeur, *f.*
irrational, *adj.*: irraisonnable; déraisonnable; (*geom.*) irrationnel. -**ity**, *n.*: déraison; nature irraisonnable, *f.* -**ly**, *adv.*: sans raison, déraisonnablement.
irreclām-able, *adj.*: incorrigible; indomptable. -**ably**, *adv.*: incorrigiblement.
irrecon-cilable, *adj.*: irréconciliable; inconciliable. -**cilableness**, *n.*: nature irréconciliable; incompatibilité, *f.* -**cilably**, *adv.*: irréconciliablement. -**ciled**, *adj.*: non réconcilié; non expié. -**cilement**, *n.*: non-réconciliation; incompatibilité, *f.* -**ciliation**, *n.*: non-réconciliation, *f.*
irrecōver-able, *adj.*: irréparable; perdu sans ressource; (*fin.*) irrécouvrable. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature irréparable; perte sans ressource, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: irréparablement; sans ressource; sans remède.
irredēm-able, *adj.*: irrémédiable; (*fin.*) irrachetable, non rachetable. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature irrémédiable; (*fin.*) nature non rachetable, *f.*
irredū-cible, *adj.*: irréductible. -**cible-ness**, *n.*: irréductibilité, *f.*
irre-fragability, -**fragableness**, *n.*: nature irréfragable, *f.* -**fragable**, *adj.*: irréfragable, irréfutable. -**fragably**, *adv.*: irréfragablement.
irrefūt-able, *adj.*: irréfutable. -**ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière irréfutable.
irrégū-lar, *adj.*: irrégulier, déréglé, désordonné. 2. -**lar**, *n.*: soldat de corps franc, *m.* -**larity**, *n.*: irrégularité; conduite déréglée, *f.* -**larly**, *adv.*: irrégulièrement.
irrélativ, *adv.*: sans liaison; sans rapport.
irrélev-aney, *n.*: nature étrangère, *f.* -**ant**, *adj.*: inapplicable, étranger.
irreligion, *n.*: irréligion, *f.* -**gious**, *adj.*: irréligieux. -**giously**, *adj.*: irréligieusement. -**giousness**, *n.*: irréligion, *f.*
irrēm-able, *adj.*: irréméable, sans retour.
irremédi-able, *adj.*: irrémédiable. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature irrémédiable, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: irrémédiablement.
irremissible, *adj.*: irrémissible. -**ness**, *n.*: qualité irrémissible, *f.*
irre-movability, *n.*: fermeté inébranlable; inamovibilité, *f.* -**mōvable**, *adj.*: immuable; inamovible. -**mōvably**, *adv.*: d'une manière immuable.
irremūnerable, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut récompenser.
ir-reparability, *n.*: nature irréparable,

- irréparable, *f.* -réparable, *adj.*: irréparable. -réparable, *adv.*: irréparablement.
- irre-pealability, *n.*: irrévocabilité, *f.* -péalable, *adj.*: irrévocable. -péalable, *adv.*: irrévocablement.
- irreplévi-able, -sable, *adj.*: (*jur.*) dont on ne peut obtenir la mainlevée.
- irreprehensi-ble, *adj.*: irrépréhensible. -bleness, *n.*: nature irrépréhensible, *f.* -bly, *adv.*: d'une manière irrépréhensible; irrépréhensiblement.
- irrepressible, *adj.*: irrépressible; (*of laughter*) inextinguible.
- irreproach-able, *adj.*: irréprochable. -ableness, *n.*: irréprochabilité, *f.* -ably, *adv.*: irréprochablement.
- irreprov-able, *adj.*: irrépréhensible, irréprochable. -ably, *adv.*: irrépréhensiblement, irréprochablement.
- irresis-tance, *n.*: non-résistance, *f.* -tibility, -tibility, *n.*: irrésistibilité, *f.* -tible, *adj.*: irrésistible. -tibly, *adv.*: irrésistiblement.
- irrésolu-ble, *adj.*: insoluble. -bleness, *n.*: insolubilité, *f.*
- irrésolu-lyte, *adj.*: irrésolu. -lutely, *adv.*: irrésolument. -luteness, -lutition, *n.*: irrésolution, *f.*
- irrésolv-able, *adj.*: insoluble. -ability, -ableness, *n.*: insolubilité, *f.*
- irrespect-ive, *adj.*: indépendant. -ly, *adv.*: indépendamment.
- irrespirable, *adj.*: irrespirable.
- irresponsibility, *n.*: irresponsabilité, *f.* -spensible, *adj.*: irresponsable.
- irretriev-able, *adj.*: irréparable, irrémédiable. -ably, *adv.*: irréparablement.
- irrever-ence, *n.*: irrévérence, *f.* -ent, *adj.*: irrévérent, irrévérencieux. -ently, *adv.*: irrévéremment, avec irrévérence.
- irrev-ers-ible, *adj.*: irrévocable. -ibly, *adv.*: irrévocablement.
- irre-vocability, -vocableness, *n.*: irrévocabilité, *f.* -vocal, *adj.*: irrévocable. -vocably, *adv.*: irrévocablement.
- irrh-ethor-ical, *adj.*: qui n'est pas bien tourné, sans éloquence.
- ir-rigate, *tr.*: arroser, irriguer. -rigation, *n.*: arrosage, *m.*; irrigation, *f.* -riguous, *adj.*: arrosé, humide.
- irri-tability, *n.*: irritabilité, *f.* -table, *adj.*: irritable. 1.-tant, *adj.*: irritant. 2.-tant, *n.*: irritant, *m.* -tate, *tr.*: irriter; provoquer. -tating, *adj.*: irritant. -tation, *n.*: irritation, *f.*
- ir-rora-tion, *n.*: irroration, *f.*
- irrup-tion, *n.*: irruption, *f.* -tive, *adj.*: qui fait irruption.
- isabel, *n.*: isabelle, *m.* -coloured, *adj.*: isabelle.
- ischium, *n.*: ischion, *m.*
- ischur-etic, *adj.*: ischurétique. ischury, *n.*: ischurie, *f.*
- isinglass 'izin-glās, *n.*: colle de poisson, *f.* -stone, *n.*: talc, *m.*
- Islam, -ism, *n.*: islamisme, *m.*
- is-land, *n.*: île, *f.* -lander, *n.*: insulaire, *m., f.* -le, *n.*: île, *f.* -let, *n.*: flot, *m.*; petite île, *f.*
- isochro-nal, -nous, *adj.*: isochrone.
- iso-late, *tr.*: isoler. -lated, *adj.*: isolé. -lation, *n.*: isolement, *m.*
- is-om-etric(al), *adj.*: isométrique.
- isosec-les, *adj.*: isocèle.
- iso-therm, *n.*: ligne isotherme, *f.* -ther-mal, *adj.*: isotherme.
- Israel-ite or is'-, *n.*: Israélite, *m., f.* -itic, -itish, *adj.*: israélite.
- is-suable, *adj.*: qu'on peut émettre, qu'on peut rendre; (*jur.*) des sessions. 1.-sue, *n.*: issue; (*egress*) sortie, *f.*; écoulement, *m.*; (*sending out*) distribution, expédition, *f.*; (*ultimate result*) résultat, *m.*, conclusion, issue, *f.*; (*progeny*) enfants, *m. pl.*, postérité, *f.*; (*surg.*) exutoire, fonticule, *m.*; (*fin.*) émission; (*jur.*) question, *f.*: die without —, mourir sans enfants, sans postérité. 2.-sue, *tr.*: publier; expédier; (*fin.*) émettre; (*jur.*) donner, lancer; *intr.*: sortir, jaillir, découler; (*end*) se terminer, être l'issue; (*accru*) provenir de; (*milit.*) faire une sortie; (*jur.*) dépendre de la solution d'une question. -sueless, *adj.*: sans enfants, sans postérité. -sue-peas, *n. pl.*: pois à caudex, *m. pl.* -suer, *n.*: personne qui émet, *f.*
- isthmus, *n.*: isthme, *m.*
- it, *pron.*: il, *m.*, elle, *f.*; le, *m.*, la, *f.*; lui, *m., f.*; ce; cela: — must be, il le faut; — is over, c'est fini; — is I who said —, c'est moi qui l'ai dit; — is they who said —, ce sont eux qui l'ont dit; — rains, il pleut; *of* —, en; at —, in —, to —, y.
- 1.-Itā-lian, *adj.*: italien. 2.-lian, *n.*: Italien, *m.*, Italienne, *f.*; (*language*) italien, *m.* 1.-lio, *n.*: italique, *m.* 2.-lio, *adj.*: italique. -lic-ise, *tr.*: imprimer en italique.
- 1.-itch, *n.*: démangeaison; (*disease*) gale, *f.* 2.-itch, *intr.*: avoir des démangeaisons; démanger à. -ing, *n.*: démangeaison, *f.* -y, *adj.*: galeux.
- 1.-item, *adv.*: item. 2.-item, *n.*: article, *m.* -ise, *tr.*: spécifier, détailler.
- iter-ant, *adj.*: qui répète. -ate, *tr.*: réitérer, répéter. -ation, *n.*: réitération, répétition, *f.* -ative, *adj.*: répété, itératif.
- 1.-itiner-ant, *adj.*: ambulant. 2.-ant, *n.*: personne ambulante, *f.*; prédicateur ambulant, *m.* 1.-ary, *adj.*: ambulant. 2.-ary, *n.*: itinéraire, *m.*

it-s, pron.: son, m., sa, f.; ses, m., f. pl.; le sien, m., la sienne, f.; les siens, m. pl., les siennes, f. pl. **-self**, pron.: lui-même, m., elle-même, f.; soi-même, m.; même, m., f.: *virtue* —, la vertu même.

1 ivory, n.: ivoire, m. **2 ivory**, adj.: d'ivoire. **-black**, n.: noir d'ivoire, m. **-turner**, n.: tourneur en ivoire, m. **-worker**, n.: ivoirier, m.

ivy, n.: lierre, m. **-berry**, n.: grain de lierre, m. **-ed or ivied**, adj.: couvert de lierre. **-mantled**, adj.: couvert de lierre.

J

j jā, n.: j, m.

1 jābber, intr.: jaboter, jacasser; bredouiller. **2 jābber**, n.: bredouillement; baragouinage, m. **-er**, n.: bredouilleur, m., bredouilleuse, f.; baragouineur, m., baragouineuse, f. **-ing**, n.: bredouillement, baragouinage, m.

jācent, adj.: étendu au long; couché.

jack, n.: (*simpleton*) nigaud (Jacquot); marin; (*spit*) tourne-broche; (*icth.*) brocheton; (*frame for sawing wood on*) chevalet, m.; (*pitcher*) outre, f.; (*lifting jack*) cric; (*at bows*) cochonnet; (*flag*) pavillon, m.

jāckal, n.: chacal, m.

jack-alent, n.: benêt, nigaud, m. **-anapes**, n.: singe; fat, m. **-a-dandy**, n.: petit fat; impertinent, m. **-ass**, n.: âne, baudet, bourriquet, m., (*fig.*) âne, bête, imbécile, m. **-at-all-trades**, n.: homme prêt à tout faire, factotum, poly-mathe, m. **-boot**, n.: botte à genouillère, f. **-dawie**, n.: (*orni.*) choucas, m.

jaeket, n.: veste, jaquette, f.; (*for women*) corsage, canezou, m.; (*tech.*) chemise, f.

jack-ketch, n.: bourreau, m. **-o'-lantern**, n.: feu follet, m. **-pudding**, n.: pierrot, bouffon, paillassa, m. **-sauce**, n.: impertinent; drôle, m. **-sprat**, n.: jeune étourdi, écorvelé, m. **-tar**, n.: loup de mer, marin, matelot, m. **†-with-a-lantern**, n.: feu follet, m.

1 Jāco-bin, n.: Jacobin, m. **2-bin**, adj.: jacobin; de jacobin. **3-bin**, n.: (*monk*) jacobin, m. **-binic(al)**, adj.: jacobin; de jacobin. **-binism**, n.: jacobinisme, m. **-binise**, tr.: entacher de jacobinisme. **1-bite**, n.: jacobite, m. **2-bite**, adj.: jacobite. **-bitism**, n.: principes des jacobites, m. pl.

Jāco-b's-staff, n.: bâton de pèlerin, bourdon de pèlerin, m.; canne à poignard, f.; bâton de Jacob; (*astron.*) astrolabe, m.

jācōbus, n.: jacobus, m.

jāconet, n.: jaconas, m.

jācu-late, tr.: lancer. **-lātton**, n.: action de lancer, f. **-lātor**, n.: personne qui lance, f. **-latory**, adj.: jaculateur; jaculatoire.

1 jād-e, n.: haridelle, rosse; (*woman*) coquaine, friponne, f. **2-e**, tr.: surmener, harasser; fatiguer; intr.: se fatiguer; se décourager. **-ed**, adj.: surmené, harassé; excédé de fatigue; usé. **-ish**, adj.: de rosse, de haridelle; (*fig.*) coquin, fripon.

1 jāg(g), n.: dent de scie; (*bot.*) lacinure; (*fig.*) brèche, f. **2 jāg(g)**, tr.: ébrécher, denteler. **-godness**, n.: dentelure, f. **-gy**, adj.: dentelé, ébréché; (*bot.*) laciné.

jāguar, n.: jaguar, m.

Jāh, n.: Jéhovah, m.

jāfl, n.: prison, geôle, f. **-bird**, n.: gibier de potence, m. **-er**, **-keeper**, n.: geôlier, m.

jākes, n.: latrines, f. pl.

jālap, n.: jalap, m.

1 jām, n.: conserve; confiture, f.

2 jām, tr.: serrer, presser, fouler.

jāmb, n.: jambage; (*of a chimney*) chambraille, m.: — *post*, montant, m.

jāne, n.: couteil satiné, m.

jān-gle, tr.: faire discorder; intr.: se quereller; se chamailler. **-gler**, n.: querelleur, m. **-gling**, n.: son discordant, m.; querelle, f., chamaillie, m.

jānitor, n.: portier, concierge, m.

Janizārian, adj.: des janissaires. **Jānizary**, n.: janissaire, m.

Jānsen-ism, n.: jansénisme, m. **-ist**, n.: janséniste, m.

Jānuary, n.: janvier, m.

ja-pān, n.: laque, m. **2-pan**, tr.: vernir de laque; vernir. **Ja-panèse** or **-panèse**, adj.: japonais; n.: Japonais, m., Japonaise, f.; (*language*) japonais, m. **-pānner**, n.: vernisseur, m.

1 jā, intr.: (*of sound*) être discordant; (*quarrel*) se disputer, se quereller; (*vibrate*) vibrer; (*clash*) être contraire, heurter, choquer, jurer; tr.: secouer; faire trembler; faire vibrer; choquer, heurter. **2 jar**, n.: son discordant, m.; (*vibration*) vibration; (*dispute*) contestation, f., conflit, m.

3 jā, n.: jarre, cruche, f.; bocal, m.

4 jā, n.: tour, m.; only in *on the* — (= *ajar*), entrouvert.

jārdes, n. pl.: (*vet.*) jardons, m. pl.

jārgon, n.: jargon, m.

1 jārring, n.: (*dispute*) querelle, contestation, f.; (*harsh sound*) bruit discordant, m. **2 jārring**, adj.: en contestation; discordant.

jāsmine, n.: jasmin, m.

jâsper, n.: jaspé, m. -**ated**, adj.: jaspé.

jâundi-ee, n.: ictère, m., jaunisse, f. -**ecd**, adj.: qui a la jaunisse.

1.jâunt, intr.: courir çà et là; faire des promenades, faire des courses. **2.jâunt**, n.: tournée, promenade, course, f. -**iness**, n.: gaieté; légèreté, f.; (*showiness*) étalage, m. -**y**, adj.: léger; (*showy*) voyant.

jâvelin, n.: javeline, f.; javelot, m.

1.jâw, n.: mâchoire; (*of a horse*) ganache; (*pop.*) (*abuse*) gueule, f.; -**s**, gueule; (*fig.*) porte, serre, f. sing., étreintes, f. pl.: the -**s of death**, les étreintes de la mort. **2.jaw**, tr.: (*pop.*) crier après; dire des sottises à; intr.: (*pop.*) gueuler. -**bone**, n.: mâchoire, f.; os maxillaire, m. -**fallen**, adj.: abattu, attristé. -**set**, adj.: (*med.*) qui a le trismus.

jây, n.: (*orni.*) geai, m.

jealous, adj.: jaloux. -**ly**, adv.: jalousement. -**ness**, n.: jalousie, f. -**y**, n.: jalousie, f.

jeârs, n. pl.: (*nav.*) drisse, f. sing.

1.jêr, tr.: railler, se moquer de; intr.: railler, se railler, se moquer. **2.jêr**, n.: raillerie, moquerie, f. -**er**, n.: railleur, m., railleuse, f.; moqueur, m., moqueuse, f. **1.-ing**, adj.: railleur, moqueur. **2.-ing**, n.: raillerie, moquerie, f. -**ing-ly**, adv.: en raillant.

Jehôvah, n.: Jéhovah, m.

jejûne, adj.: vide; aride, pauvre, maigre. -**ness**, n.: vide, m.; aridité, pauvreté, f. **jelly**, n.: gelée, f.; coulis, m.

jennet, n.: genêt, m.

jenny, n.: mule-Jenny, jenny, f., métier à filer le coton, m.

jeofail, n.: (*jur.*) erreur, omission, f.

jeopard, -**ise**, tr.: hasarder, risquer. -**er**, n.: personne qui hasarde, qui risque, f. -**ous**, adj.: hasardeux, chanceux; périlleux, dangereux. -**ously**, adv.: d'une manière hasardeuse, périlleuse, chanceuse; dangereusement. -**y**, n.: péril, danger, m.

jerbón, n.: (*mam.*) gerboise, f.

jeremiade, n.: jérémiade, f.

jerfalcon, n.: gerfaut, m.

1.jêrk, n.: saccade; secousse, f. **2.jerk**, tr.: donner une saccade à; pousser, lancer; (*mam.*) saccader.

jêrkin, n.: pourpoint; (*orni.*) gerfaut mâle, m.

jêss, n.: (*hawking*) laisse, f.; ruban, m.

jêssamine, n.: jasmin, m.

1.jêst, n.: plaisanterie, facétie, f.; bon mot; mot pour rire, m.; (*laughing-stock*) risée, f.: in —, par plaisanterie, pour badiner; be in —, badiner. **2.jest**, intr.: plaisanter, badiner; — at, rire de, railler sur. -**book**, n.: recueil de bons mots, m. -**er**, n.: plaisant, farceur, diseur

de bons mots, railleur, m., railleuse, f.; (*buffoon*) bouffon, m. **1.-ing**, adv.: de plaisanterie; pour rire; badin. **2.-ing**, n.: plaisanterie, f.; badinage, m. -**ingly**, adv.: en riant; en plaisantant.

jêsu-it, n.: jésuite, m. -**itic(al)**, adj.: jésuitique. -**itically**, adv.: jésuitiquement; en jésuite. -**itism**, n.: jésuitisme, m.

1.jêt, n.: (*min.*) jais, jaïet.

2.jêt, n.: jet d'eau, jet, m. **3.jêt**, intr.: s'élancer; (*strut*) se pavaner, se carrer.

-**d'eau -dô**, n.: jet d'eau, m. -**sam**,

-**som**, -**son**, -**teson**, n.: (*jur.*) jet, jet

de marchandises à la mer, m. -**tean**

-**tô**, n.: jet d'eau, m. -**têc**, n.: saillie, f.

1.-ty, n.: jetée, f.; —**head**, (*nav.*) môle, m., jetée, f. **2.-ty**, intr.: être en saillie, faire saillie, saillir, déborder.

3.jetty, adj.: couleur de jais.

Jêw, n.: Juif, Israélite, m.

jêwel, n.: joyau, bijou, m.; pierre précieuse, f.; (*horl.*) diamant, m.; —**case**, écrin, m. **2.jewel**, tr.: orner de bijoux; parer de pierreries; (*horl.*) placer des rubis dans un mouvement de montre. -**house**, -**office**, n.: conservatoire des joyaux de la couronne, m. -**ler**, n.: joaillier, bijoutier, m. -**l(ery)**, n.: joaillerie, bijouterie, f.

Jêw-ess, n.: Juive, f. -**ish**, adj.: juif, des Juifs; judaïque. -**ishly**, adv.: en juif; en juive. -**s-harp**, n.: guimbarde, f.

jêzebel, n.: mégère, f.

jib, n.: (*nav.*) foc, m.

jig, n.: (*dance*) gigue, f. **2.jig**, intr.: danser une gigue.

jigger, n.: (*print.*) visorium, m.

jilt, n.: coquette, f. **2.jilt**, tr.: faire la coquette à l'égard de; planter là; duper, tromper; intr.: faire la coquette; coqueter.

1.jin-gle, n.: (*of bells*) tintement; (*of glasses, metals*) cliquetis; (*little bell*) grelot, m.; (*correspondence of sound in rhyme*) concordance, f. **2.-gle**, intr.: (*of bells*) tinter; (*of glasses*) s'entre-choquer; (*of chains*) retentir; tr.: (*bells*) faire tinter; (*glasses*) choquer; (*chains*) faire retentir. -**gling**, part.: tintant, faisant tinter; n.: = **1.-gle**.

1.jôb, n.: coup, m.; affaire, besogne, f.; travail; ouvrage, m.; (*among workmen*) tâche, f.; (*print.*) ouvrage de ville; tripotage, m.: by the —, à forfait; (*among workmen*) à la tâche; aux pièces. **2.job**, intr.: frapper avec un instrument aigu, enfoncer un instrument aigu dans quelque chose; (*hire*) louer; (*to let*) louer; tripoter. **3.job**, intr.: travailler à la tâche; (*in the public stocks*) agioter, spéculer; louer des chevaux, des voitures.

-ber, n.: ouvrier à la tâche; (*in the public stocks*) agiotage, spéculateur; tripotier, m. **-bing**, n.: ouvrage à la tâche; (*in the public stocks*) agiotage; (*print*) ouvrage de ville, ouvrage accidentel; tripotage, m.

1. **jockey**, n.: jockey; (*cheat*) maquignon, fripon, m. 2. **jockey**, tr.: duper, tromper. **-ship**, n.: équitation, f.

jocôse, adj.: plaisant, badin. **-ly**, adv.: en plaisantant, en badinant. **-ness**, n.: enjouement, badinage, m.

jocular, adj.: plaisant, gai, badin. **-ly**, adv.: en plaisantant, galement.

jocund, adj.: joyeux, enjoué, gai. **-ly**, adv.: joyeusement, galement. **-ness**, n.: joie, gaité, f.; enjouement, m.

1. **jog**, intr.: remuer; se mouvoir, voyager, marcher paresseusement, lentement, lourdement: — *on*, aller doucement; aller son petit bonhomme de chemin. 2. **jog**, tr.: toucher, pousser du coude, de la main pour éveiller l'attention; éveiller l'attention en touchant, en poussant légèrement.

3. **jog**, n.: secousse légère, f.; attonnement pour éveiller l'attention; obstacle, m. **-ger**, n.: personne qui marche lourdement, personne qui donne une secousse, f. **-ging**, n.: secousse légère; motion saccadée, f. **-gle**, tr.: secouer, remuer, pousser tout à coup, mais légèrement.

-trot, n.: petit trot, m.

join, tr.: joindre, unir; (*overtake*) rejoindre; réunir; se joindre à; intr.: se joindre; se toucher. **-der**, n.: (*jur.*) réponse à une exception, f. **-ed**, adj.: (*bot.*) conné, coudné, conjoint. **-er**, n.: qui joint; menuisier, m. **-ery**, n.: menuiserie, f. **-ing**, n.: action de joindre; jonction, f.

1. **joint**, n.: jointure, f.; joint, m.; (*anat.*) articulation, f.; (*bot.*) nœud, m., articulation, f.: — *of meat*, pièce de viande, f.; rôti, m.; *out of* —, disloqué, démis, luxé; (*fig.*) dérangé; *put one's arm out of* —, se disloquer, se démettre le bras. 2. **joint**, tr.: couper dans la jointure, dans l'articulation; former de jointures, d'articulations. 3. **joint**, adj.: réuni; commun. **-ed**, adj.: articulé; jointé; joint. **-er**, **-ing-plane**, n.: varlope, f. **-guardian**, n.: cotuteur, m. **-heir**, n.: cohéritier, m. **-ly**, adv.: conjointement; d'accord, de concert. **-oil**, n.: synovie, f. **-pin**, n.: goupille, f. **-racking**, adj.: convulsif. **-ress**, n.: douairière, f. **-stock**, n.: fonds commun, m. **-company**, n.: société par actions, société anonyme, f. 1. **-ure**, n.: douaire, m. 2. **-ure**, tr.: assigner un douaire à.

1. **joist**, n.: solive, f.; madrier, m. 2. **joist**, tr.: poser des solives à, des madriers à.

1. **jök-e**, n.: bon mot; mot pour rire, m.; plaisanterie, f.: *in* —, par plaisanterie; pour rire; *crack one's* —, avoir le mot pour rire; *crack a* —, dire un bon mot; *be in* —, plaisanter; *be no* —, passer la plaisanterie. 2. **-e**, tr.: plaisanter, railler; intr.: plaisanter; badiner; rire; faire le farceur. **-er**, n.: diseur de bons mots, plaisant, farceur, m. **-ing**, n.: plaisanterie, farce, f. **-ingly**, adv.: en plaisantant; pour rire.

jôle, n.: joue; (*of a fish*) hure, f.: *check by* —, tête à tête.

joll-ily, adv.: joyeusement; gaillardement. **-iness**, **-ity**, n.: joie, gaité, allégresse, gaillardise, f. **-y**, adj.: gai, joyeux, gaillard.

jolly-boat, n.: petit canot, m.

1. **jolt**, tr. and intr.: cahoter. 2. **jolt**, n.: cahot, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui cahote, chose qui cahote, f. **-head**, n.: balourd, butor, m. **-ing**, n.: cahotage, m.

jonquil, n.: (*bot.*) jonquille, f.

jorden, n.: pot de chambre, vase de nuit, m.

jost-le, tr.: coudoyer, pousser, bousculer. **-ling**, n.: action de coudoyer, f.

1. **jôt**, n.: iota, brin, m. 2. **jot**, tr.: noter, prendre note de.

journal, n.: journal, m.; feuille publique, f.; (*com.*) journal, livre-journal, m. **-ise**, tr.: insérer dans un journal; (*book-keeping*) porter au journal. **-ism**, n.: journalisme, m. **-ist**, n.: journaliste, m.

1. **journey**, n.: (*by land*) voyage, m.: *take a* —, faire un voyage; *a pleasant* — *to you!* bon voyage! *by slow* —, à petites journées. 2. **journey**, intr.: voyager. **-ing**, n.: voyage, m. **-man**, n.: garçon; ouvrier, m.; — *tailor*, garçon tailleur, m. **-work**, n.: ouvrage à la journée, m.

1. **joust** or **joüst**, n.: joute, f. 2. **joust**, tr.: jouter.

jövi-al, adj.: jovial, joyeux. **-ality**, n.: humeur joviale; jovialité, joie, f. **-ally**, adv.: jovialement, joyeusement. **-alness**, n.: humeur joviale; joie, f.

jöicl, n.: joue, f. **-er**, n.: chien de chasse, m.

1. **jöy**, n.: joie, f.: *wish any one* —, faire des compliments de félicitation à quelqu'un. 2. **joy**, intr.: se réjouir; tr.: réjouir; féliciter. **-ful**, adj.: joyeux. **-fully**, adv.: joyeusement. **-fulness**, n.: allégresse, joie, f. **-less**, adj.: sans joie. **-lessly**, adv.: sans joie. **-lessness**, n.: absence de joie, f. **-ous**, adj.: joyeux. **-ously**, adv.: joyeusement. **-ousness**, n.: joie, f.

jübi-lant, adj.: qui pousse des cris de joie. **-lätion**, n.: réjouissances de

triomphe, *f. pl.*: jubilation, *f.* -lee, *n.*: (of the Jews) jubilé, *m.*; réjouissance, jubilation, allégresse, *f.*

jucundity, *n.*: agrément, *m.*

Juda-ic(al), *adj.*: judaïque. -ically, *adv.*: judaïquement. **Juda-ism**, *n.*: judaïsme, *m.* **Juda-ise**, *intr.*: judaïser.

Judas-tree, *n.*: (bot.) gainier commun; arbre de Judée, *m.*

Judecock, *n.*: (orn.) petite bécassine, *f.*

Jud-ge, *n.*: juge; connaisseur, *m.*: assistant —, assesseur, *m.*; be a — of, se connaître à, se connaître en; be a —, être juge; s'y connaître. **-ge**, *tr. and intr.*: juger. -geship, *n.*: fonctions de juge, *f. pl.*; dignité de juge; judicature, *f.* -gment, *n.*: jugement; (of Heaven) châtiment, *m.*, punition, *f.*; (jur.) jugement, arrêt, *m.*: in my —, à mon avis; have a correct —, avoir l'esprit juste.

-gment-day, *n.*: jour du jugement; jugement dernier, *m.* -gment-hall, *n.*: salle de justice, *f.* -gment-seat, *n.*: tribunal, *m.*

Judi-cable, *adj.*: qui peut être jugé.

-cative, *adj.*: qui a la faculté de juger.

-catory, *adj.*: de justice; qui rend la justice.

-catory, *n.*: cour de justice; justice, *f.* -cature, *n.*: judicature, justice; cour de justice, *f.*

Judi-cial, *n.*: judiciaire, juridique.

-cially, *adv.*: judiciairement, juridiquement.

-ciary, *adj.*: judiciaire. -ci-ous, *adv.*: judicieux; sage. -ci-ously, *adv.*: judicieusement.

-ci-ousness, *n.*: jugement, *m.*; sagesse, *f.*

jūg, *n.*: pot, *m.*

Jūg-gle, *intr.*: faire des tours de passe-passe; escamoter; tromper; jongler; *tr.*: jouer, duper, escamoter.

-gle, *n.*: jonglerie, *f.*; tour de gobelets, tour de passe-passe, *m.* -gler, *n.*: jongleur, bateleur, joueur de gobelets, escamoteur, *m.*

-glery, *n.*: tour de jongleur, d'escamoteur, *m.*; jonglerie, *f.* **1-gling**, *adj.*: qui fait des tours de passe-passe; qui escamote; trompeur.

2-gling, *n.*: jonglerie, *f.*; batelage, escamotage, *m.*

-glingly, *adv.*: par jonglerie, en fourbe.

1-jūgular, *adj.*: jugulaire. **2-jūgular**, *n.*: jugulaire, *f.*

1-jūf-e, *n.*: jus; suc, *m.* **2-e**, *tr.*: humecter de jus, de suc. -eless, *adj.*: sans jus; sans suc. -iness, *n.*: abondance de jus, *f.* -y, *adj.*: juteux; plein de jus.

jūke, *intr.*: percher.

Jūjube, *n.*: jujube; (tree) jujubier, *m.*

Jūlep, *n.*: julep, *m.*

Julian, *adj.*: julien.

Jūlus, *n.*: (bot.) chaton, *m.*

July, *n.*: juillet, *m.*

Jūmart, *n.*: jumart, *m.*

1-jūmble, *tr.*: jeter pêle-mêle, confondre, mêler, brouiller; *intr.*: se mêler confusément; se brouiller.

2-jumble, *n.*: pêle-mêle, brouillamini, *m.*; confusion, *f.*

1-jūmp, *n.*: saut, *m.* **2-jump**, *intr.*: sauter; cahoter; (pop.) (to agree) s'accorder; — over, sauter par dessus; — up, monter en sautant, se lever précipitamment; — out of, sauter hors de; — out of bed, sauter à bas du lit.

3-jump, *intr.*: sauter. -or, *n.*: sauteur, *m.*, sauteuse, *f.*

Jūnc-tion, *n.*: jonction, *f.*, (of roads) croisement, carrefour, *m.* -ture, *n.*: joint, *m.*; jointure; (critical time) conjoncture, *f.*, moment critique, *m.*

Jūne, *n.*: juin, *m.*

Jūngle, *n.*: jungle, *f.*; fourré, *m.*

1-jūnior, *adj.*: jeune, cadet. **2-junior**, *n.*: cadet; inférieur en âge, *m.*

Jūniper, *n.*: (bot.) genévre, *m.* -berry, *n.*: graine de genévre, *f.*; genévre, *m.* -tree, *n.*: genévrier, *m.*

Jūnk, *n.*: (old cordage) bout de câble, de corde, *m.*; (ship) jonque, *f.*

1-jūnket, *n.*: gâteau de fromage, *m.*; sucrerie, *f.*; régal en cachette, *m.* **2-jun- ket**, *intr.*: se régaler en cachette; faire bonne chère. -ing, *n.*: petit régal (privé).

Jūnta, jūnto, *n.*: junte; faction, cabale, *f.*

Jū-ratory, *adj.*: juratoire. -ridical, *adj.*: juridique. -ridically, *adv.*: juridiquement.

Jūris-cōnsult, *n.*: jurisconsulte, *m.* -diction, *n.*: juridiction, *f.* -dictional, *adj.*: juridictionnel. -dictive, *adj.*: qui a juridiction. -prudence, *n.*: jurisprudence, *f.*

Jūrist, *n.*: juriste, jurisconsulte, *m.* -or, *n.*: juré, *m.* **petty** —, juré de jugement; **grand** —, juré d'accusation; **foreman of the** —, chef du jury, *m.*

1-jūry, *n.*: (nav.) temporel, de fortune.

2-jūry, *n.*: jury, *juri*, *m.*, jurés, *m. pl.*: **petty** —, jury de jugement; **grand** —, (in England) grand jury; jury d'accusation; (in France) chambre des mises en accusation; **be on the** —, être du jury. -box, *n.*: banc du jury, *m.* -man, *n.*: juré, *m.*

Jūry-mast, *n.*: (nav.) mât de rechange, de fortune, *m.*

1-jūst, *adj.*: juste, exacte; fidèle. **2-just**, *adv.*: juste, justement; au juste; un peu; tout; **have** —, venir de; **he has** — **gone out**, il vient de sortir; — **let us see**, voyons un peu; — **by**, tout près; — **as**, de même que; — **now**, tout à l'heure; **this child is** — **like his father**, cet enfant est tout le portrait de son père. -ice, *n.*: justice;

justesse, *f.*; — (*of the peace*, juge de paix, *m.*; *chief* —, (*in England*) premier juge; (*in France*) conseiller de cour, *m.* -**ice-ship**, *n.*: dignité de juge, *f.* -**iciable**, *adj.*: justiciable. -**iciary**, *n.*: justicier; (*jur.*) (*in England*) premier juge, (*in France*) président de cour, *m.* -**ifiable**, *adj.*: justifiable; légitime, permis. -**ifiableness**, *n.*: caractère justifiable, *m.* -**ifiably**, *adv.*: d'une manière justifiable; légitimement. -**ification**, *n.*: justification, *f.*; (*jur.*) moyens de défense, *m. pl.* -**ificative**, *adj.*: justificatif. -**ificatory**, *adj.*: justificatif. -**ifier**, *n.*: personne qui justifie, *f.*; justificateur, *m.* 1. -**ify**, *tr.*: justifier; (*print.*) justifier, paragonner. 2. -**ify**, *intr.*: cadrer ensemble; (*print., pers.*) justifier; (*of plates*) être de la même justification. -**ifying**, *n.*: (*print.*) justification, *f.*, parangonnage, *m.*

juttle = *jostle*.

just-ly, *adv.*: exactement, justement; à bon droit, à bon titre. -**ness**, *n.*: (*equity*) justice; (*accuracy*) justesse, *f.*

1. **jüt**, *intr.*: avancer, déborder, faire saillie: — *out*, bomber. 2. **jüt**, *n.*: saillie, *f.*

jüte, *n.*: jute, chanvre de l'Inde, *m.*

1. **jüty**, *tr.*: avancer, déborder, dépasser. 2. **jüty**, *n.*: saillie; jetée, *f.*

jüve-nile, *adj.*: (*of things*) juvénile, de jeunesse, de la jeunesse; (*pers.*) jeune.

-**nileness**, -**nility**, *n.*: jeunesse, *f.*

juxta-pōsit, *tr.*: juxtaposer. -**pōsited**, *adj.*: juxtaposé. -**position**, *n.*: juxtaposition, *f.*: in —, juxtaposé; à côté l'un de l'autre.

K

k, *n.*: *k*, *m.*

kāle, **kālī**, *n.*: chou, *m.*

kaleidoscope, *n.*: kaléidoscope, *m.*

kālander, see *calendar*.

kālī, *n.*: *kālī*, *m.*

kālīf = *calif*.

kangaroo, *n.*: kangourou, *m.*

kāoline, *n.*: kaolin, *m.*

kāw = *caw*.

kēckle, *tr.*: (*nav.*) congréer, fourrer le câble.

1. **kēdge**, *n.*: (*nav.*) ancre à touer, *f.*

2. **kēdge**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) touer.

1. **kēel**, *n.*: quille; carène, *f.* 2. **keel**, *tr.*: (*navigate*) naviguer, fendre les eaux;

(*turn up the keel*) montrer le dessous.

-**age**, *n.*: droit d'amercage, *m.* -**haul**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) donner la cale à.

kēeling, *n.*: cabillaud, *m.*

kēelson, *n.*: contre-quille, *f.*

kēen, *adj.*: (*sharp*) affilé, acéré, aiguisé;

(*eager*) vif, ardent, âpre; (*biller*) sanglant, poignant, amer, mordant; (*piercing*) pénétrant, perçant, piquant. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec un fil acéré; vivement, ardemment, âprement; d'une manière sanglante, poignante, mordante; amèrement; d'une manière pénétrante, piquante. -**ness**, *n.*: (*of edge*) finesse; (*eagerness*) ardeur, âpreté; (*rigour*) nature pénétrante, perçante, piquante, *f.*; (*asperity*) mordant, *m.*, amertume, nature mordante, sanglante, *f.*; (*acuteness*) nature pénétrante, *f.*

1. **kēep** (*pret.*, *part. kept*), *tr.*: tenir, retenir, garder, avoir; (*solemnise*) observer, célébrer; (*preserve*) entretenir, conserver; (*obey*) observer; (*fulfil*) tenir, remplir; (*continue*) continuer; (*board*) nourrir, entretenir; (*have in one's pay*) avoir; (*restrain*) retenir; (*a school, an inn, etc.*) tenir; (*lodgers*) prendre; (*sheep, fowls, etc.*) élever: — *away*, tenir éloigné; — *back*, retenir; tenir en réserve; — *down*, tenir en bas; (*fig.*) retenir, comprimer, contenir, (*com.*) maintenir à bas prix; — *from danger*, préserver du danger; — *any one from any thing*, détourner quelqu'un de quelque chose; — *any one from doing any thing*, empêcher quelqu'un de faire quelque chose; — *in*, (*provide with*) fournir de, entretenir de; (*shut in*) tenir en fermé; (*repress*) retenir; (*at school*) mettre en retenue, consigner, priver de récréation; — *off*, tenir éloigné; — *on* (*one's clothes*), garder; (*feed on*) nourrir de; — *out*, faire rester dehors; (*fig.*) écarter, éloigner; — *to*, tenir fermé; — *any one to it, to his work*, faire travailler, faire marcher quelqu'un; — *under*, tenir dessous; (*fig.*) contenir, retenir, assujettir; — *up*, tenir en haut; tenir en l'air; tenir levé; soutenir; (*prolong*) prolonger, continuer; (*maintain*) entretenir; (*prevent from going to bed*) faire veiller; (*com.*) maintenir un prix; — *one's bed, one's room*, garder le lit, la chambre; — *house*, avoir une maison; — *a secret*, garder un secret; — *one's word*, tenir sa parole; — *silent*, garder le silence; se taire; — *a promise*, remplir une promesse; — *a servant*, avoir un domestique; — *company with*, tenir compagnie à; (*court*) courtoiser, faire la cour à; — *a great deal of company*, recevoir beaucoup de monde; — *any one at home*, faire rester quelqu'un à la maison; *her father* — *s her at home*, son père la garde auprès de lui, la garde à la maison. 2. **kēep**, *intr.*: se tenir; rester; (*last*) se garder, se conserver; (*dwell*) demeurer: — *away*, se tenir éloigné; s'absenter; — *back*, se tenir en arrière; (*fig.*) se tenir à l'écart; — *down*, rester en bas; (*fig.*) se contenir, se comprimer;

— *in*, rester dedans; (*at home*) rester à la maison; (*fig.*) se contenir, se retenir, se tacher; — *off*, se tenir éloigné, s'éloigner; (*nav., milit.*) tenir le large; — *on*, aller en avant; continuer, aller toujours, aller son train; — *out*, rester dehors; s'éloigner; — *out of the way*, s'absenter, se tenir caché; — *to*, rester fidèle à, tenir ferme à; (*keep shut*) se tenir fermé; — *to one's word, one's promise*, tenir sa parole, remplir sa promesse; — *to the laws*, observer les lois; — *under*, se tenir dessous; (*fig.*) se contenir; — *up*, se tenir en haut, se tenir levé; (*fig.*) se soutenir, se maintenir; (*continue*) se continuer, se prolonger; (*not go to bed*) veiller, ne pas se coucher; — *there!* restez là! — *it up*, allez toujours; s'en donner; *these apples* — *well*, ces pommes se gardent, sont de bonne garde; *meat does not* — *well*, la viande ne se garde pas, n'est pas de bonne garde. 3. **keep**, *n.*: stronghold, (*of a castle*) donjon; (*support*) entretien; (*condition*) état, *m.*, condition, *f.*; cachot, *m.*; tutelle, contrainte, *f.*; *the* — *of a horse*, l'entretien d'un cheval. — **er**, *n.*: garde; gardien; surveillant, *m.* — **ing**, *n.*: garde; surveillance; conservation; (*fodder*) nourriture; (*congruity*) harmonie, *f.*, unisson, *m.*; (*paint.*) harmonie, *f.*: *in* —, en harmonie; à l'unisson. — **sake**, *n.*: souvenir d'amitié; souvenir, *keep-sake*, *m.*

kég, *n.*: caque, *f.*; petit baril, *m.*

köl, *n.*: soude brute, *f.*; caillotis, *m.*

kélson = *keelson*.

1. **kén**, *tr.*: voir de loin; apercevoir; savoir; comprendre. 2. **ken**, *n.*: vue; portée de la vue, *f.*

1. **kénnel**, *n.*: (*of a dog*) chenil; (*of a fox*) terrier; (*of wild beasts*) trou; (*gutter*) ruisseau, *m.*; (*pack of hounds*) meute, *f.* 2. **kennel**, *intr.*: (*of the dog*) se coucher, se loger; (*of the fox*) se terrer; *tr.*: mettre dans un chenil. — **stone**, *n.*: (*arch.*) caniveau, *m.*; (*max.*) culière, *f.*

kéntledge, *n.*: (*nav.*) gueuse, *f.*; saumon, *m.*

képt, *see keep*.

kérchief, *n.*: fichu, couvre-chef, *m.* — **ed**, — **t**, *adj.*: habillé; coiffé.

kérf, *n.*: trait de soie; trait, *m.*

kérmes, *n.*: kermès, *m.*

1. **körn**, *intr.*: durcir; se former en grain.

2. **körn**, *n.*: fantassin irlandais, *m.*

1. **körnel**, *n.*: amande; (*of fruit*) graine, *f.*; (*of pulpy fruit*) pépin; (*of corn*) grain, *m.*; (*med.*) glande, *f.* 2. **kernel**, *intr.*: se former en grain. — **ly**, *adj.*: de grains, de pépins.

kérsey, *n.*: gros drap, *m.* — **mere**, *n.*: casimir, *m.*

késtrel, *n.*: (*orni.*) crécerelle, cresserelle, *f.*; émouchet, *m.*

kétch, *n.*: (*nav.*) quai, *m.*

kétchup, *see catsup*.

kettle, *n.*: bouilloire, *f.*: *tea* —, bouilloire, *f.*

-drum, *n.*: timbale, *f.*

1. **kéy**, *n.*: clef, *f.*; (*book*) corrigé; (*bot.*) chaton, *m.*; (*mus.*) clef, tonique, *f.*; ton, *m.*; (*in an organ, a harpsichord*) touche, *f.*

2. **kéy**, *n.*: quai, *m.* — **age**, *n.*: quaiage, quaiage, *m.*

kéy-board, *n.*: (*mus.*) clavier, *m.* — **ed**, *adj.*: (*mus.*) à touches; adapté à une clef, à un ton. — **groove**, *n.*: cannelure, *f.* — **hole**, *n.*: trou de serrure, *m.* — **note**, *n.*: (*mus.*) tonique, *f.* — **stone**, *n.*: clef de voûte, *f.*

khián, *n.*: kan, *m.*

kibe, *n.*: engelure, gerçure, *f.* — **d**, *adj.*: qui a des engelures; gercé.

1. **kick**, *tr.*: donner un coup de pied à; donner des coups de pied à; frapper du pied; *intr.*: donner des coups de pied; (*of animals*) ruer, regimber: — *down*, renverser d'un coup de pied; — *out*, chasser à coups de pied. 2. **kick**, *n.*: coup de pied, *m.*; (*of animals*) ruade, *f.* — **er**, *n.*: personne qui donne des coups de pied, *f.*; (*man.*) rueur, *m.*, rieuse, *f.* — **ing**, *n.*: coups de pied; coups, *m. pl.*; (*of animals*) ruades, *f. pl.* — **ing-strap**, *n.*: plate-longe, *f.*

kickshaw, *n.*: colifichet, *m.*

kick-up, *n.*: (*pop.*) esclandre, tapage, *m.*

1. **kid**, *n.*: chevreau, cabri; enfant, *m.*; petit baquet, *m.*; (*nav.*) gamelle, *f.*; — **gloves**. 2. **kid**, *adj.*: de chevreau. 3. **kid**, *intr.*: (*of the goat*) chevrotter, mettre bas.

4. **kid**, *n.*: fagot, *m.*

kidder, *n.*: regrattier, *m.*

kiddie, *n.*: (*orni.*) guillemot, *m.*

kid-gloves, *n.*: gants de cabron (*or de chevreau*).

kidnap, *tr.*: enlever un homme, une femme, un enfant. — **per**, *n.*: auteur d'un enlèvement d'homme, de femme, d'enfant, *m.*

kidney, *n.*: rein, (*of animals*) rognon, *m.*; (*sort*) trempe, sorte, *f.* — **bean**, *n.*: haricot, *m.* — **shaped**, *adj.*: en forme de rein, de rognon. — **vetch**, *n.*: (*bot.*) vulnéraire, *f.*

kilderkin, *n.*: demi-baril, *m.*

kill, *tr.*: tuer; faire mourir. — **er**, *n.*: tueur, *m.*

kiln, *n.*: four, *m.*: *brick* —, four à briques; *lime* —, four à chaux. — **dry** (*pret., past part. kiln-dried*), *tr.*: sécher au four.

kil-ogram, *n.*: kilogramme, *m.* — **oliter** — **lêtr**, *n.*: kilolitre, *m.* — **ômeter**, *n.*: kilomètre, *m.*

kilt, *n.*: jupon de montagnard écossais, *m.*
kimbo, *adj.*: crochu, courbé, plié.
1.kin, *n.*: parenté, *f.*; parent, *m.*, parente, *f.*; allié, *m.*, alliée, *f.*: *next of* —, le plus proche parent, *m.*, la plus proche parente, *f.*
2.kin, *adj.*: parent, allié.
1.kind, *adj.*: (*pers.*) bon; plein de bonté, bienveillant, bienfaisant; (*obliging*) complaisant; (*of things*) bon, bienfaisant.
2.kind, *n.*: genre, *m.*; sorte; race, espèce, *f.*
1.kindle, *tr.*: allumer; (*fig.*) éveiller, réveiller; *intr.*: s'allumer; (*fig.*) s'embraser, s'éveiller, se réveiller. — **er**, *n.*: personne qui allume, qui enflamme; chose qui allume, qui enflamme, *f.*
kindliness, *n.*: bienveillance, bonté, *f.*
1-ly, *adj.*: bienfaisant, bon. **2-ly**, *adv.*: avec bienveillance; avec bonté; complaisamment. — **ness**, *n.*: bienveillance, bonté; complaisance; amitié, *f.*; service; acte de bienveillance, *m.*: *act of* —, acte de bienveillance, *m.*; amitié, *f.*
kindred, *n.*: parenté; affinité, *f.*; parents, *m. pl.*; (*fig.*) rapport, *m.*
kine (*tpl. of cow*), *n.*: vaches, *f. pl.*
king, *n.*: roi, *m.*; (*at draughts*) dame damée; dame, *f.* **2.king**, *tr.*: élever à la royauté; (*at draughts*) damer. — **craft**, *n.*: art de régner, *m.*; politique de roi, politique astucieuse, *f.* — **cup**, *n.*: (*bot.*) bouton d'or, *m.* — **dom**, *n.*: royaume; (*fig.*) empire, *m.*, région, *f.*; (*natur. hist.*) règne, *m.*: *United* —, Royaume-Uni.
fisher, *n.*: (*orni.*) martin-pêcheur, *m.*
hood, *n.*: royauté, dignité de roi, *f.*
less, *adj.*: sans roi; qui n'a pas de roi.
let, *n.*: roitelet, *m.* — **like**, *adj.*: en roi; comme un roi. — **ling**, *n.*: roitelet, *m.* **1-ly**, *adj.*: royal, de roi. **2-ly**, *adv.*: royalement; en roi. — **'s-bench**, *n.*: cour du banc du roi, *f.* — **'s-evil**, *n. sing.*: écrouelles, *f. pl.* — **ship**, *n.*: royauté, *f.* — **spear**, *n.*: (*bot.*) asphodèle rameux, *m.*
kino, *n.*: kino, *m.*; résine kino; gomme de Gambie, *f.*
kin's-folk, *n.*: parents, *m. pl.* — **man**, *n.*: parent, allié, *m.* — **woman**, *n.*: parente, alliée, *f.*
kiösk, *n.*: kiosque, *m.*
kirb, etc. = *kurb*, etc.
kirk, *n.*: église de l'Écosse, *f.*
kirschwässer, *n.*: kirschwasser; kirsch, *m.*
kirtle, *n.*: manteau; jupon, *m.*
kirt-roof, *n.*: toit pyramidal, *m.*
1.kiss, *tr.*: baiser, embrasser. **2.kiss**, *n.*: baiser, *m.* — **er**, *n.*: baiseur, *m.*, baiseuse, *f.* — **ing**, *n.*: action de baiser, *f.*; baisement, *m.*; baisers, embrassements, *m. pl.* — **ing-crust**, *n.*: baisure, *f.*

kilt, *n.*: (*mus.*) violon de poche, *m.*, pochette; (*tech.*) tinette, *f.*; (*milit.*) équipement; attirail; baquet à poisson; jeune chat, petit chat, chaton, *m.*, jeune chatte, petite chatte, *f.*
kitchen, *n.*: cuisine, *f.*: — *garden*, jardin potager, *m.*; — *stuff*, graisses de cuisine, *f. pl.* — **maid**, *n.*: fille de cuisine, *f.* — **range**, *n.*: cuisine anglaise, *f.* — **table**, *n.*: table de cuisine, *f.* — **wench**, *n.*: laveuse de vaisselle, *f.* — **work**, *n.*: cuisine, *f.*
kite, *n.*: (*orni.*) milan; (*toy*) cerf-volant; (*rapacious person*) vautour, *m.*
1.kitten, *n.*: chaton, petit chat, *m.*, petite chatte, *f.* **2.kitten**, *intr.*: chatter.
click = *cliek*.
knäb, *tbl.*, *tr.*: croquer.
knäck, *n.*: (*toy*) colifichet, *m.*, babiole; (*adroitness*) adresse, *f.*, chic, tic, *m.* — **er**, *n.*: équarrisseur; (*maker of toys*) bimbelotier, *m.* — **ish**, *adj.*: artificieux, trompeur. — **ishness**, *n.*: artifice, *m.*
knäg, *n.*: nœud, *m.*; cheville, *f.* — **gy**, *adj.*: noueux; (*fig.*) hargneux.
knäp, see *knob*.
knäpple, *intr.*: se briser en craquant.
knäpsack, *n.*: (*milit.*) sac, havresac, *m.*
knäpweed, *n.*: jaccée, *f.*
knär, *adj.*: nœud, *m.* — **led**, *adj.*: noueux; plein de nœuds.
knäve, *n.*: fripon, fourbe, coquin; (*at cards*) valet, *m.* — **ery**, *n.*: friponnerie; fourberie, coquinerie; (*waggishness*) malice, *f.* — **ish**, *adj.*: fripon, de fripon; de coquin; de fourbe; (*waggish*) malin, malicieux. — **ishly**, *adv.*: en fripon; en fourbe; (*waggishly*) malicieusement, avec malice. — **ishness**, *n.*: coquinerie; fourberie, *f.*
knēad, *tr.*: pétrir. — **ing**, *n.*: pétrissage, *m.* — **ing-trough**, *n.*: pétrin, *m.*; huche, *f.*
knēe, *n.*: genou, *m.*; (*nav.*) courbe, *f.*; (*mech.*) coude, *m.*: *on one's* —, à genoux.
cap, *n.*: genouillère; (*anat.*) rotule, *f.*
crooking, *adj.*: obséquieux. — **d**, *adj.*: qui a des genoux; (*bot.*) géniculé; (*tech.*) coudé. — **deep**, *adj.*: à la hauteur du genou; jusqu'aux genoux. — **high** = *knee-deep*.
knēe-l (*pret.*, part. *-led* or *knelt*), *intr.*: s'agenouiller: — *down*, se mettre à genoux. — **ler**, *n.*: personne qui s'agenouille; personne agenouillée, *f.* — **ling**, *n.*: action de s'agenouiller; génuflexion, *f.* — **pan**, *n.*: rotule, *f.* — **tribute**, *n.*: hommage de la génuflexion, *f.*
knēll, *n.*: glas, *m.*
knick-knack, *n.*: brimborion, *m.*; babiole, *f.*; colifichet, *m.*
knife (*pl. knives*), *n.*: couteau; (*tech.*)

coupoir, m.; épée, f., poignard, m.: *carving*—, couteau à découper; *table*—, couteau de table; *dessert*—, couteau à dessert; *clasp*—, couteau pliant; *pruning*—, serpolette, f. **-blade**, n.: lame de couteau, f. **-board**, n.: planche à couteaux, f. **-grinder**, n.: rémouleur, repasseur de couteaux; *gagne-petit*, m. **-rest**, n.: porte-couteau, m. **-tray**, n.: boîte à couteaux, f.

1.knight, n.: chevalier; (*at chess*) cavalier, m. **2.knight**, tr.: créer chevalier, armer chevalier. **-érrant**, n.: chevalier errant, m. **-érrantry**, n.: chevalerie errante, f. **-hood**, n.: chevalerie, f. **-liness**, n.: devoirs de chevalier, m. pl., air ou caractère chevaleresque, m. **-ly**, adj.: de chevalerie, chevaleresque.

knit (pret., part. *knit* or *-ted*), tr.: tricoter; (*the brows*) froncer; (*fig.*) joindre, attacher. **-table**, adj.: qui peut être tricoté. **-ter**, n.: tricoteur, m., tricoteuse, f. **-ting**, n.: tricotage, m.; (*fig.*) union, f. **-ting-needle**, n.: aiguille à tricoter, f.

knittle, n.: (nav.) raban, m.

knób, n.: protubérance, f.; (*of a door*) bouton fixe, bouton; (*in wood*) nœud, m. **-bed**, adj.: qui a des protubérances; qui a des nœuds; nouveaux. **-biness**, n.: nature noueuse, f. **-by**, adj.: plein de protubérances; plein de nœuds; nouveaux.

1.knóck, tr.: frapper, heurter, cogner: — *about*, frapper de tout côté; (*fig.*) blâmer; — *down*, faire tomber (par un coup); renverser; terrasser; — *in*, enfoncer, cogner; — *off*, faire sauter; (*get through*) faire, achever; *he —s off a good deal of work*, il fait bien de la besogne; — *out*, faire sortir (à force de coups); faire sauter; — *up (to awake)*, réveiller (en frappant à la porte); (*fatigue*) éreinter. **2.knock**, intr.: frapper, heurter, cogner. **3.knock**, n.: coup, m.: *hear a — at the door*, entendre frapper à la porte. **-er**, n.: personne qui frappe, f.; (*of a door*) marteau, m. **-ing**, n. sing.: coups; coups de marteau, m. pl.

1.knóll, n.: monticule, tertre, m.

2.knóll, tr.: sonner, tinter; intr.: tinter.

1.knót, n.: nœud; (*group of persons*) groupe, cercle; (*group of things*) groupe, m.; (*difficulty*) difficulté; (*epaulet*) aiguillette, f.; (*association*) lien; (nav., bot.) nœud, m. **2.knot**, intr.: faire des nœuds; se nouer; tr.: nouer, lier; (*fig.*) embrouiller. **-grass**, n.: (bot.) renouée, centinode, trainasse, f. **-less**, adj.: sans nœuds. **-ted**, adj.: noueux. **-tiness**, n.: abondance de nœuds, f.; (*fig.*) embrouillement, m. **-ty**, adj.: noueux; (*hard*) dur; (*intricate*) embarrassant, embrouillé.

knóut, n.: knout, m.

knów (pret. *knew*, part. *known*), tr., intr.: (*by the mind*) savoir, posséder; (*by the senses*) connaître; (*recognise*) reconnaître: — *by heart*, savoir par cœur; — *by sight*, connaître de vue; — *anything*, savoir quelque chose; — *any one*, connaître quelqu'un; — *one's lesson*, savoir sa leçon; — *two languages*, posséder deux langues; *let any one — any thing*, faire savoir, faire connaître, faire part de, quelque chose à quelqu'un; — *again*, remettre, reconnaître; *not — one from the other*, ne pouvoir distinguer l'un de l'autre; — *of*, connaître; avoir connaissance de; — *how to read and write*, savoir lire et écrire; *he —s*, il le sait. **-able**, adj.: qu'on peut savoir. **-er**, n.: connaisseur, m. **1-ing**, adj.: savant, intelligent; instruit; (*cunning*) fin, rusé. **2-ing**, n.: savoir, m. **-ingly**, adv.: sciemment; (*cunningly*) avec ruse, avec finesse. **-ledge** *nóljé*, n.: savoir, m.; connaissances, f. pl., science, f.: *to one's —*, à sa connaissance.

1.knúckle, n.: articulation, jointure, f.; (*of meat*) jarret, m.; (*of a hinge*) jointure, f. **2.knuckle**, intr.: se rendre; mettre les pouces: — *to, under*, se rendre; mettre les pouces. **-d**, adj.: articulé.

kóran, n.: Coran, Koran, m.

kráal, n.: kraal, m.

kreútzter krút-ser, n.: kreutzer, m.

kúfic, adj.: koufique.

L

1.l, n.: l, f., m.

là! interj.: là! vois donc! voyez donc! tiens! tenez!

là, n.: (mus.) la, m.

lābarum, n.: labarum, m.

labefāctōn, n.: affaiblissement, déclin, m.

lābel, n.: étiquette, f.; écriteau, m.; (*jur.*) codicille, m.; (*of a deed*) queue, f.; (*her.*) lambel, m. **2.label**, tr.: étiqueter.

lābent, adj.: tombant, glissant.

1.lā-bial, adj.: labial. **2-bial**, n.: labiale, f. **-biate**, **-biated**, adj.: labié. **-bidental**, adj.: labial et dental.

1.lābor, n.: travail, labeur, ouvrage, m.; peine, f.; travail d'enfant, m.: *the —s of Hercules*, les travaux d'Hercule; *lose one's —*, perdre sa peine; *be in —*, être en travail d'enfant; *hard —*, travail pénible; (*prison*) travail dans l'intérieur de la prison. **2.labor**, tr.: travailler; (*till*) labourer; (*urge*) pousser, poursuivre; (*beat*) battre; (*fig.*) élaborer, travailler; intr.: travailler; (*be in distress*) souffrir; (*be in travail*) être en travail d'enfant;

(*strive*) chercher, s'efforcer, s'évertuer: — *under a disease*, être travaillé par une maladie, être attaqué d'une maladie; — *under an error*, être dans l'erreur.

lā-boratory, *n.*: laboratoire, *m.* **lā-borer**, *n.*: homme de peine, ouvrier, *m.*: *bricklayer's* —, manœuvre, *m.* **-bōrious**, *adj.*: laborieux; (*of things*) pénible; laborieux. **-bōriously**, *adv.*: laborieusement, péniblement. **-bōriousness**, *n.*: nature laborieuse, *f.*; labeur, *m.* **†-bor-some**, *adj.*: pénible, difficile. **-bor-saving**, *adj.*: qui épargne du travail. **-bour**, etc. = *labor*, etc.

labūrnūm, *n.*: aubours, faux ébénier, *m.* **lābyrinth**, *n.*: labyrinthe, dédale, *m.*

1.lāc, *n.*: (gomme) laque (résine), *f.*

2.lāc, *n.*: (*of rupees*) lac de roupies (environ 250,000 francs), *m.*

1.lāce, *n.*: dentelle, *f.*; passement; galon; (*a snare*) collet, filet; (*a string*) ruban, lacet, cordon, *m.*: *Brussels* —, dentelle de Bruxelles, *f.*, point de Bruxelles, *m.*; *gold, silver* —, galon d'or, d'argent, *m.*; *boot* —, lacet de bottine; *stay* —, lacet de corset. **2.lace**, *tr.*: (*fasten*) lacer; (*adorn with lace*) garnir de dentelle, galonner; (*fig.*) orner; (*beat*) rosser.

-d, *adj.*: lacé; garni de dentelle; galonné; (*of coffee*) à l'eau-de-vie. **-embroid-er**, *n.*: brodeur en dentelle, *m.*, brodeuse en dentelle, *f.* **-frame**, *n.*: métier à dentelle, *m.* **-maker**, **-manufac-turer**, *n.*: fabricant de dentelles, passementier, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: marchand de dentelles, passementier, *m.* **-manufac-ture**, *n.*: fabrication de dentelles, passementerie, *f.* **-merchant**, *n.*: négociant en dentelles, *m.*

lācer-able, *adj.*: lacérable. **1.-ate**, *tr.*: déchirer, lacérer. **2.-ate**, **-ated**, *adj.*: déchiré; (*bot.*) lacéré. **-ātion**, *n.*: déchirure, *f.*; déchirement, *m.*; lacération, *f.* **-ative**, *adj.*: qui déchire.

lāce-runner, *n.*: brodeur en dentelle, *m.*, brodeuse en dentelle, *f.* **-trade**, *n.*: commerce des dentelles, *m.*; passementerie, *f.* **-woman**, *n.*: marchande de dentelles; passementière, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: dentelle; passementerie, *f.*

lāchry-mal, *adj.*: lacrymal. **-mary**, *adj.*: lacrymatoire. **-mātion**, *n.*: action de pleurer, *f.*; pleurs, *m. pl.* **-matory**, *n.*: lacrymatoire, *m.*

lāciniat-e, **-ed**, *adj.*: orné de frange; (*bot.*) lacinié.

1.lack, *n.*: besoin, manque, *m.*; privation, *f.* **2.lack**, *tr.*: manquer; manquer de, être dénué de; *intr.*: manquer; être dans le besoin.

lāck-a-day! *interj.*: hélas! ah! **-dāi-šcal**, **-dāšy**, *adj.*: minandier.

lāckbrafn, *n.*: homme sans tête, imbécile, *m.*

1.lācker, **1.lāquer**, *n.*: laque, vernis, *m.*

2.lācker, **2.lāquer**, *tr.*: vernisser de laque; laquer.

1.lāckey, *n.*: laquais, *m.* **2.lackey**, *tr.*: servir en laquais; faire le laquais auprès de; flatter. **3.lackey**, *intr.*: faire le laquais.

lācklustre, *adj.*: sans éclat; sans brillant.

lācōnic, **-al**, *adj.*: laconique. **-ally**, *adv.*: laconiquement. **lācōniſm**, *n.*: laconisme, *m.*

†lāct-age, *n.*: laitage, *m.* **1.-ary**, *adj.*: laiteux; lacté; lactaire. **2.-ary**, *n.*: laiterie, *f.* **-ātion**, *n.*: lactation, *f.* **-eal**, *adj.*: lacté. **-ean**, **-eons**, *adj.*: de lait, laiteux. **-ēscence**, *n.*: lactescence, *f.* **-ōmeter**, *n.*: lactomètre, galactomètre, *m.*

lād, *n.*: garçon, jeune homme; gaillard, *m.*: *well, my* —, eh bien, mon garçon, mon ami, mon brave!

lādder, *n.*: échelle, *f.*; escalier, *m.*: *scaling* —, échelle de siège; *rope* —, échelle de corde. **-rope**, *n.*: (*nav.*) tire-veille, *f.*

lād-e (*part. -ed or -en*), *tr.*: charger; (*water*) puiser, tirer; mettre; *†intr.*: tirer, puiser de l'eau. **-en**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) chargé; (*fig.*) accablé, oppressé. **-ing**, *n.*: chargement, *m.*: *bill of* —, connaissement, *m.* **-le**, *n.*: cuiller à pot, cuiller à potage; (*of a water-mill*) aube, palette, *f.*

lādy (*pl. ladies*), *n.*: dame, femme, *f.*: *young* —, demoiselle; jeune dame, *f.*; *yes, my* —, (*to a countess*) oui, madame la comtesse; (*a viscountess*) oui, madame la vicomtesse, etc.; *ladies!* mesdames! mesdemoiselles! **-bird**, **-bug**, **-cow or -fly**, *n.*: bête à bon Dieu, bête de la Vierge; coccinelle, *f.* **-day**, *n.*: le vingt-cinq mars, *m.*; fête de l'Annonciation, *f.* **-like**, *adj.*: de bon ton; comme il faut; qui a l'air distingué; (*delicate*) délicat: *she is very* —, elle a très bon ton, l'air très comme il faut, un air très distingué. **-love**, *n.*: dame de ses pensées, *f.* **-s-comb**, *n.*: (*bot.*) aiguille de berger, *f.*; peigne de Vénus, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: madame, *f.*: *her* —, *your* —, (*of a countess*) madame la comtesse; (*of a viscountess*) madame la vicomtesse, etc.

-s-maid, *n.*: femme de chambre, *f.* **-s-mantle**, *n.*: (*bot.*) alchimille, *f.*; pied-de-lion, *m.* **-s-seal**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sceau-de-Notre-Dame, *m.* **-s-slipper**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sabot de Vénus, sabot des vierges, soulier de Notre-Dame, *m.* **-s-smock**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cardamine, *f.*; cresson, *m.*

1.†lāg, *adj.*: dernier, tardif; en retard.

2.lag, *n.*: dernier, trainard, *m.*: (of things) dernière classe, lie, *f.* **3.lag**, *intr.*: rester en arrière, se trainer, lambiner; (of things) traîner; **4.tr.**: ralentir. **-ger**, *n.*: traîneur, trainard, lambin, *m.*
laggings, *n. pl.*: couchis, *m.*
lagoon or **lagune**, *n.*: lagune, *f.*
lagophthalmia, *n.*: lagophthalmie, *f.*
1.la-ic, *n.*: laïque, *m.* **2.-ic(al)**, *adj.*: laïque.
laid, *past part.* (of lay): posé; (nav.) désemparé; (of paper) vergé: *new*—eggs, œufs frais, *m. pl.*
lâtr, *n.*: repaire, *m.*; reposée, *f.*; (of a wolf) liteau, *m.*; (of a bear) bauge, *f.*
lâird, *n.*: (Scotch) seigneur, *m.*
lâity, *n. sing.*: laïques, *m. pl.*
lake, *n.*: lac, *m.*; (colour) laque, *f.*
-like, *adj.*: en forme de lac. **-weed**, *n.*: (bot.) renouée, persicaire, *f.*
lâma, *n.*: (of the Tartars) lama; (mam.) lama, llama, *m.*
lamantin, *n.*: lamantin, *m.*
1.lamb, *n.*: agneau, *m.*: *God tempers the wind to the shorn* —, à brébis tondue Dieu mesure le vent. **2.lamb**, *tr.*: agneler.
lâm-bative or **-bitive**, *adj.*: (med.) à lécher. **-bent**, *adj.*: qui effleure; léger; folâtre.
lâm-b-kin, *n.*: agnelet, petit agneau, *m.*
-like, *adj.*: d'agneau. **-s-lettuce**, *n.*: doucette, valérianelle, *f.* **-s-skin**, *n.*: peau d'agneau, *f.* **-s-wool**, *n.*: laine d'agneau, laine agneline; (beer) bière mêlée avec de la pulpe des pommes cuites, *f.*
1.lâme, *adj.*: boiteux, estropié; (of language) boiteux, qui cloche; (fig.) imparfait: *walk* —, boiter. **2.lame**, *tr.*: estropier.
lamél-la, *n.*: lamelle, *f.* **-lar**, *adj.*: lamelleux, feuillé. **-larly**, *adv.*: par lamelles. **-late** or **-lated**, *adj.*: lamellé.
lâm-ly, *adv.*: en boitant; en clochant; (fig.) imparfaitement, mal. **-ness**, *n.*: état d'une person estropiée, boiteuse; boitement, *m.*; (of a horse) boiterie; (fig.) imperfection, *f.*
1.lamënt, *intr.*: se lamenter: — *for*, pleurer; — *over*, pleurer; se lamenter sur; gémir de, s'affliger de; *tr.*: se lamenter sur; pleurer; s'affliger de; gémir sur; se désoler de. **2.lament**, *n.*: lamentation, *f.* **lâment-able**, *adj.*: lamentable; pitoyable; déplorable. **lâment-ably**, *adv.*: lamentablement; déplorablement; pitoyablement. **-âtion**, *n.*: lamentation, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: regrettable; regretté. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se lamente, qui fait des lamentations, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: lamentation, *f.*

lâmia, *n.*: lamie, *f.*
lâmi-na (pl. *laminæ*), *n.*: lame, *f.*; (bot.) limbe, *m.* **-nar**, *adj.*: composé de lames. **-nated**, *adj.*: lamelleux, lamellé.
lâmmas, *n.*: le premier jour d'août, *m.*; fête de saint Pierre-aux-Liens, *f.*
lâmp, *n.*: lampe; (fig.) lumière, *f.*: *Argand* —, lampe d'Argand, *f.*; quinquet, *m.*; *solar* —, lampe solaire, *f.*; *illumination* —, lampion, *m.*; *safety* —, lampe de sûreté.
lâmpass, *n.*: (vet.) lampas, *m.*
lâmp-black, *n.*: noir de fumée, *m.*
-lighter, *n.*: allumeur, *m.* **-maker**, *n.*: lampiste, *m.*
1.lampoon, *n.*: satire personnelle, chanson satirique, *f.*; libelle, *m.* **2.lampoon**, *tr.*: écrire un libel, une satire contre. **-er**, *n.*: auteur d'une satire personnelle; libelliste, *m.* **-ry**, *n.*: satire personnelle, *f.*
lâmp-post, *n.*: lampadaire, *m.*; colonne lampadaire, *f.*: *hang up at the* —, mettre à la lanterne.
lâm-prey, **-pron**, *n.*: lamproie, *f.*
lâmp-stand, *n.*: dessous de lampe, *m.*
lâ-nate, **-nated**, *adj.*: laineux.
1.lân-ee, *n.*: lance, *f.* **2.-ce**, *tr.*: percer d'un coup de lance; (surg.) donner un coup de lancette à; ouvrir avec une lancette, percer avec une lancette; percer, ouvrir. **-eolate** or **-eolated**, *adj.*: lancéolé. **-cer**, *n.*: lancier, *m.* **-cet**, *n.*: lancette; (arch.) ogive, *f.*
lânc, etc. = *launch*, etc.
lâncin-ate, *tr.*: déchirer. **-âtion**, *n.*: déchirement, *m.*
lând, *n.*: terre, *f.*; pays; (jur.) bien-fonds, *m.*: *arable* —, terre labourable, *f.*, terroir, *m.*; *promised* —, terre promise, terre de promission; *Holy* —, Terre Sainte; *make* —, (nav.) atterrir; *lose sight of* —, (nav.) perdre terre. **2.land**, *tr. and intr.*: débarquer; mettre à terre.
lândau, *n.*: landau, *m.*
lând-chain, *n.*: (surveying) chaîne d'arpentage, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: foncier; territorial; de biens-fonds: — *property*, propriété foncière, territoriale, *f.* **-fall**, *n.*: succession inattendue de biens-fonds, *f.*; (nav.) atterrissement, *m.* **-flood**, *n.*: inondation, *f.* **-force**, *n.*: troupes de terre, *f. pl.* **-grave**, *n.*: landgrave, *m.* **-graviate**, *n.*: landgraviat, *m.* **-holder**, *n.*: propriétaire foncier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: débarquement; (at the top of a staircase) palier, *m.*; — *place* (at which to disembark), débarcadère; (arch.) perron, *m.* **-jobber**, *n.*: spéculateur sur les biens fonciers, *m.* **-lady**, *n.*: (of houses) propriétaire; (of a lodging-house) maîtresse, aubergiste; (of an inn) maîtresse

d'auberge, d'hôtel, aubergiste, hôte; (of a manor) dame de manoir, châtelaine, dame châtelaine, *f.* -less, *adj.*: sans terre. -locked, *adj.*: enfermé entre des terres. -loper or -louper, *n.*: vagabond, *m.* -lord *ô*, *n.*: propriétaire; (of an inn) hôte; maître d'un hôtel, *m.* -lubber, *n.* (nav.) marin d'eau douce, veau de rivière, *m.* -man, *n.*: homme de terre; soldat de l'armée de terre, *m.* -mark *ô*, *n.*: borne, limite, *f.*; signal, *m.* -measurer, *n.*: arpenteur, *m.* -owner, *n.*: propriétaire foncier, *m.* -scape, *n.*: paysage; point de vue, coup d'œil, *m.*: -painter, paysagiste, *m.* -slide, -slip, *n.*: éboulement de terre de dimensions considérables, *m.* -sman, *n.*: homme de terre; matelot sans expérience, *m.* -tax, *n.*: impôt foncier, *m.*; contribution foncière, *f.* -turn, *n.* (nav.) brise de terre, *f.* -waiter, *n.*: douanier de côte, vérificateur, *m.* -ward -ward, *adv.*: du côté de la terre.

lane, *n.*: petite rue, ruelle, *f.*; (out of town) sentier, chemin, *m.*

lan-grage, -grel-shot, *n.* (nav., artil.) mitraille, *f.*

language, *n.*: langue, *f.*; (way of speaking) langage, *m.*: bad —, mauvais style, *m.*; (offensive language) grossièretés, *f. pl.*; good —, bon style, *m.*; belles paroles, *f. pl.*

languid, *adj.*: languissant, faible. -ly, *adv.*: languissamment. -ness, *n.*: langueur, faiblesse, *f.*

languish, *intr.*: languir. -ing, *adj.*: languissant, langoureux. -ingly, *adv.*: d'une manière languissante, languissamment, langoureusement. -ment, *n.*: langueur, *f.*

langueur, *n.*: langueur, *f.*

laniard = lanyard.

laniferous, -gerous, *adj.*: lanifère.

lank, *adj.*: grêle, mince, maigre, décharné, fluet; languissant; flasque, mou, lâche — hair, cheveux plats, *m. pl.*; make —, amaigrir, décharner; grow —, s'amaigrir, maigrir. -ly, *adv.*: mollement; maigrement. -ness, *n.*: maigreur; mollesse, *f.* -y, *adj.*: fluet: — fellow, grand flandrin.

lanner, *n.* (orni.) lanier, *m.* -et, *n.* (orni.) laneret, *m.*

lansquenet, *n.*: lansquenet, *m.*

lantern, *n.*: lanterne, *f.*; (on a building) belvédère; (nav.) fanal, *m.*: dark —, lanterne sourde; magic —, lanterne magique, *f.* -jaws, *n.*: joues creuses, *f. pl.*; visage maigre, *m.*

lanuginous, *adj.*: lanugineux.

lanyard, *n.* (nav.) garant, *m.*, corde, aiguillette, ride, *f.*

1. lap, *intr.*: laper; *tr.*: laper: — up, avaler (en lapant). 2. lap, *n.*: laper, *m.* 3. lap, *n.*: pan (d'habit), *m.*, basque, *f.*; sein, giron, *m.*; genoux, *m. pl.*; (of the ear) bout, *m.*: in the — of, au sein de; in my —, sur mes genoux. 2. lap, *tr.*: 1. incliner sur le sein, reposer; 2. (deriv.?) envelopper, plier, rouler. 3. lap, *intr.*: se plier; avancer, s'étendre (sur): — over, retomber, recouvrir. -dog, *n.*: bichon, *m.*

lapel, *n.*: revers d'habit, de redingote, *m.*

1. lapidary, *n.*: lapidaire; joaillier, *m.*

2. dary, *adj.*: lapidaire: — style, style lapidaire. †-date, *tr.*: lapider. †-dation, *n.*: lapidation, *f.* -descence, *n.*: pétrification, *f.* -diffic(al), *adj.*: lapidifique. lapi-dify, *tr.*: lapidifier; *intr.*: se lapidifier.

lapis-lazuli, *n.*: lapis-lazuli, *m.*

Laplender, *n.*: Lapon, *m.*, Laponne, *f.*

lappet, *n.*: pan, *m.*

1. lapse, *n.*: (fault) faute, erreur, *f.*; manquement; (deviation) écart, manque; (of time) laps, cours, *m.*, marche; (fall) chute, *f.* 2. lapse, *intr.*: s'écouler, passer; tomber; faillir.

lapwing, *n.* (orni.) vanneau, *m.*

lapwork, *n.*: enveloppe, *f.*; recouvrement, *m.*

larboard, *n.* (nav.) bâbord, *m.*

lareeny, *n.*: larcin, vol, *m.*

larch, *n.* (bot.) mélèze, *m.*

1. lard, *n.*: saindoux, *m.* 2. lard, *tr.*: larder; piquer; assaisonner. -er, *n.*: offices, *f. pl.*; dépense, *f.*; garde-manger, *m.* -ing-pin, -ing-needle, *n.*: lardoire, *f.*

lares, *n. pl.*: lares, dieux lares, *m. pl.*

lar-ge, *adj.*: grand, gros; étendu; considérable, fort; (nav.) large: — sum, forte somme; as — as life, de grandeur naturelle; at —, en liberté; libre; en général; au long; au large. -gely, *adv.*: amplement, largement, grandement; libéralement; au long. -geness, *n.*: grandeur; grosseur, étendue, *f.* -gess, *n.*: largesse, libéralité, *f.* -gition, *n.*: action de donner, *f.*

lark, *n.*: alouette; manivette; (trick) escapade, *f.* -s-heel, -spur, *n.* (bot.) pied-d'alouette, *m.*

laram, *n.*: alarme, *f.*

lar-va (pl. larvæ), *n.* (ent.) larve, *f.*

-vated, *adj.*: masqué.

larynx, *n.*: larynx, *m.*

lascar, *n.*: lascar, matelot indien, *m.*

lascivious, *adj.*: impudique, voluptueux, lascif. -ly, *adv.*: lascivement. -ness, *n.*: impudicité, lasciveté, *f.*

1. lash, *n.*: coup de verge, coup de fouet, *m.*; (for dogs) flaisse, *f.*; (fig.) coup, trait:

eye—es, cils, *m.* 2. *lash*, *tr.*: sangler, cingler, fouetter; (*nav.*) amarrer; (*to tie*) attacher; (*fig.*) crosser, censurer, parler fortement contre, flageller; châtier, battre; *intr.*: faire claquer un fouet; éclater; s'emporter. -*er*, *n.*: fouetteur, *m.*; (*nav.*) corde d'amarrage, *f.* -*ing*, *n.*: coups de fouet, *m. pl.*; châtiment, *m.*; (*nav.*) ligne d'amarrage, *f.*

lass, *n.*: fillette, jeune fille, *f.*

lassitude, *n.*: ennui, *m.*; lassitude, *f.*

1. *last*, *adj.*: dernier, passé: — *but one*, avant-dernier. 2. *last*, *n.*: dernier, dernier moment, *m.*; fin; dernière parole:

at —, à la fin, enfin; *till the* —, *to the* —, jusqu'à la fin, jusqu'au dernier moment; *breathe one's* —, rendre le dernier soupir. 3. *last*, *adv.*: dernièrement; enfin; pour la dernière fois, la dernière fois.

4. *last*, *n.*: (*for shoes*) forme, *f.*

5. *last*, *n.*: (*load*) charge; last, laste, *m.*

6. *last*, *intr.*: durer; se garder. -*ing*, *adj.*: durable, permanent; (*of colours*) bon teint. -*ingly*, *adv.*: d'une manière durable. -*ingness*, *n.*: durée, *f.* -*ly*, *adv.*: en dernier, en dernier lieu; enfin.

1. *latch*, *n.*: loquet, *m.*; cadole, *f.*

2. *latch*, *tr.*: fermer au loquet. -*et*, *n.*: boucle, *f.*, cordon de soulier, *m.* -*key*, *n.*: passe-partout, *m.*

1. *late*, *adj.*: tardif; (*of time*) avancé; (*former*) ancien, dernier, ci-devant, ex; (*dead*) feu; (*recent*) récent, dernier: *of* — *years*, ces dernières années; *the* — *est* *posterity*, la postérité la plus reculée. 2. -*e*, *adv.*: tard; sur la fin; (*of persons*) en retard: *at* — *est*, au plus tard; *it is getting* —, il se fait tard; *of* —, dernièrement, récemment. † *-ed*, *adj.*: surpris par la nuit, attardé.

latēen-sail, *n.*: (*nav.*) voile latine, *f.*

lately, *adv.*: dernièrement, récemment, depuis peu.

lateney, *n.*: état de ce qui est caché, *m.*

lateness, *n.*: arrivée tardive, *f.*; retard, *m.*; (*of the hour*) heure avancée, *f.*, temps avancé, *m.* (*hort.*) tardiveté, *f.*

latent, *adj.*: caché, secret, latent.

1. *later*, *adj.*: postérieur, ultérieur. 2. *later*, *adv.*: plus tard.

lateral, *adj.*: de côté, latéral. -*ly*, *adv.*: latéralement, de côté.

1. *lath*, *n.*: latte, *f.* 2. *lath*, *tr.*: lather.

lath, *n.*: tour (à tourner le bois, etc.), *m.*

1. *lather*, *n.*: mousse, écume, *f.* 2. *lather*, *tr.*: savonner, couvrir de savon; *intr.*: mousser.

lathy, *adj.*: de latte; flasque, faible.

latin, *adj.* and *n.*: latin. -*tinise*, *tr.*: latiniser. -*tinism*, *n.*: latinisme, *m.* -*tinist*, *n.*: latiniste, *m.* -*tinity*, *n.*: latinité, *f.*

1. *latish*, *adj.*: un peu tard; un peu en retard. 2. *latish*, *adv.*: un peu tard.

latitude, *n.*: latitude; étendue, *f.*; (*nav.*) parage, *m.* -*inarian*, *adj.* and *n.*: tolérant, latitudinaire.

latria, *n.*: latrie, *f.*

lätten, *n.*: fer-blanc; étain en feuille; cuivre jaune fin, *m.* -*brass*, *n.*: cuivre laminé, *m.*

lätter, *adj.*: dernier; moderne, récent: *the* —, ce dernier, ces derniers, celui-ci, ceux-ci, *m.*; cette dernière, ces dernières, celle-ci, celles-ci, *f.* -*ly*, *adv.*: depuis peu, dernièrement. -*math*, *n.*: regain, *m.*

1. *lattice*, -*work*, *n.*: treillis, treillage, *m.* 2. *lattice*, *tr.*: treilliser; former en treillis.

1. *laud*, *n.*: louange, *f.*; laudes, *f. pl.*

2. *laud*, *tr.*: louer, célébrer. -*able*, *adj.*: louable, digne de louanges. -*able-ness*, *n.*: qualité louable, *f.*; mérite, *m.* -*ably*, *adv.*: louablement.

laudanum, *n.*: laudanum, opium, *m.*

1. *laudatory*, -*ative*, *n.*: éloge, panégyrique, *m.* 2. -*atory*, *adj.*: laudatif, louangeur. -*er*, *n.*: louangeur, panégyriste, *m.*

1. *laugh* *lâf*, *intr.*: rire: — *at*, se moquer de; rire de, railler; se jouer de; *burst out* — *ing*, rire aux éclats, éclater de rire; — *out*, partir d'un éclat de rire; — *in any one's face*, rire au nez à quelqu'un; — *immoderately*, rire à gorge déployée. 2. *laugh*, *n.*: rire, ris, *m.*: *loud* —, gros rire, éclat de rire; *burst into a loud* —, partir d'un grand éclat de rire; *have a good* — *at*, se bien moquer de; rire beaucoup de. -*able*, *adj.*: risible. -*er*, *n.*: rieur, *m.*, rieuse, *f.* 1. -*ing*, *adj.*: rieur, qui aime à rire. 2. -*ing*, *n.*: rire, *m.*; action de rire, *f.* -*ingly*, *adv.*: en riant, galement. -*ing-stock*, *n.*: risée, *f.*; jouet, plastron, *m.* -*ter*, *n.*: rire, ris, *m.*; risée, moquerie, *f.*: *burst of* —, éclat de rire, *m.*; *break out into* —, éclater de rire.

1. *launch*, *intr.*: se lancer: — *out into*, se jeter dans; se lancer dans, s'étendre sur; *tr.*: lancer; (*a ship*) lancer; lancer à l'eau; mettre à l'eau, à la mer. 2. *launch*, *n.*: lançage, *m.*; mise à l'eau; (*boat*) chaloupe, *f.* -*ing*, *n.*: lançage, *m.*; mise à l'eau, *f.*

laund-er, *n.*: blanchisseuse, *f.*; (*mines*) ange, *f.* -*er*, *n.*: blanchisseur, *m.* -*ress*, *n.*: blanchisseuse, *f.* -*ry*, *n.*: buanderie, *f.*; lavoir, *m.*

1. *lau-reate*, *adj.*: couronné de lauriers, lauréat. 2. -*reate*, *tr.*: couronner. -*re-ation*, *n.*: action de couronner un lauréat, *f.*; couronnement, *m.* -*rel*, *n.*: laurier, *m.*: — *ureath*, couronne de laurier, *f.* -*relled*, *adj.*: couronné de laurier.

- laurestine**, *n.*: (bot.) viorne-tin, *f.*; laurier-tin, *m.*
lāva, *n.*: lave, *f.*
lāvatory, *adj.*: lavant, bluant. **lāvatory**, *n.*: lavoir, *m.*; (pharm.) lotion, *f.*
lāve, *tr.*: laver, arroser, baigner; *intr.*: se laver, se baigner.
lavēer, *intr.*: louvoyer.
lāvender, *n.*: (bot.) lavande, *f.* -**cotton**, *n.*: (bot.) santoline, garde-robe, citronnelle, *f.* -**water**, *n.*: eau de lavande, *f.*
lāver, *n.*: lavoir, bassin, *m.*
lāvish, *adj.*: prodigue; excessif. **lāvish**, *tr.*: prodiguer. -**er**, *n.*: prodigue, *m.*; *be a* — *of*, être prodigue de. -**ly**, *adv.*: prodigieusement. -**ment**, -**ness**, *n.*: prodigalité, *f.*
lāve, *n.*: loi, *f.*; droit, *m.*; jurisprudence, *f.*: civil —, droit civil; droit romain; criminal —, droit criminel; *go to* —, recourir à la justice; *study* —, étudier le droit; *be at* —, être en procès; *lay down the* —, expliquer la loi. -**book**, *n.*: livre de jurisprudence, *m.* -**breaker**, *n.*: transgresseur de la loi, *m.* -**day**, *n.*: jour d'audience, *m.* -**expenses**, *n.*: frais de procédure, *m. pl.* -**ful**, *adj.*: légal; légitime; licite; permis. -**fully**, *adv.*: légalement; légitimement. -**ful-ness**, *n.*: légalité; légitimité, *f.* -**giver**, *n.*: législateur, *m.* -**giving**, *adj.*: législatif. -**less**, *adj.*: sans loi; arbitraire; illégal; (*fig.*) sans frein. -**lessly**, *adv.*: sans loi; illégalement. -**lessness**, *n.*: illégalité; licence, *f.* -**maker**, *n.*: législateur, *m.*
lāurn, *n.*: pelouse, *f.*, tapis vert, *m.*
lāurn, *n.*: linon, *m.* **lāurn**, *adj.*: de linon. **lāurn**, *adj.*: fait de linon.
lāurny, *adj.*: uni comme une pelouse.
lāurnit, *n.*: procès, *m.* -**term**, *n.*: terme de loi, terme de palais, *m.* -**yer**, *n.*: légiste; homme de loi; jurisconsulte; avoué, *m.* -**yer-like** or **lawyerly**, *adj.*: en homme de loi.
lāx, *adj.*: relâché, lâche, mou; dissolu, licencieux; vague, obscur. **lāx**, *n.*: diarrhée. -**ation**, *n.*: action de relâcher, *f.*; relâchement, *m.* **lāx**, *adj.*: laxatif. **lāx**, *n.*: laxatif, *m.* -**ative-ness**, *n.*: qualité laxative, *f.* -**ity**, *n.*: relâchement, état lâche; (*med.*) relâchement, dévoilement, *m.*; flaccidité, *f.*; (*want of exactness*) manque d'exactitude, obscurité, *f.*: — *of morals*, relâchement de mœurs. -**ly**, *adv.*: mollement, avec nonchalance, sans vigueur; sans exactitude. -**ness** = *laxity*.
lāy (pret., part. laid), *tr.*: placer, mettre, poser, déposer, coucher; (*beat down*)

- abattre; (*calm*) calmer, apaiser; (*a bet*) faire; (*eggs*) pondre; (*a snare*) tendre, dresser; (*the cloth*) mettre; (*the dust*) abattre; (*an indictment*) intenter; (*a tax*) imposer; (*nav.*) (cable) commettre: — *aside*, mettre de côté, ôter, quitter; — *before*, soumettre à; mettre sous les yeux de; — *by*, mettre de côté, garder, réserver; — *down arms*, mettre bas, poser, déposer les armes; (*a principle, a foundation*) poser; (*give up*) quitter, renoncer à; — *down one's life for*, donner sa vie pour; — *one's self down*, se coucher; — *in*, faire une provision de, se procurer; — *hold of*, s'emparer de, saisir; — *on*, appliquer; (*blows*) porter; (*colour*) étendre; — *a fault on*, imputer une faute à; — *open*, mettre à nu; (*fig.*) exposer; — *out*, arranger; (*a garden, a road*) tracer; (*money*) dépenser, déboursier; (*a corpse*) ensevelir; — *over*, étendre, couvrir, incruster; — *up*, mettre de côté, garder, amasser; (*make ill*) rendre malade, faire garder le lit, la chambre; tenir enfermé; — *it on*, (*beat*) étriller; (*lie*) broder, exagérer; (*in price*) surfaire. **lāy**, *intr.*: pondre: — *about*, frapper de tout côté; — *on*, frapper fort; en découdre; (*of expenses*) y aller grand train. **lāy**, *n.*: (row) rangée; (*layer*) couche, *f.*; (*wager*) pari, *m.*, mise, *f.* **lāy**, *cf.* pret. of *lie*. **lāy**, *n.*: pré, *m.*, prairie, *f.*
lāy, *n.*: chant; chanson narratif, *m.*
lāy, *adj.*: lai, laïc, laïque. -**clerk**, *n.*: chantre, *m.*
lāyer, *n.*: personne qui pose, *f.*; (*tech.*) poseur; (*founder*) fondateur, *m.*, fondatrice; (*a stratum*) couche, *f.*, lit, *m.*; (*geol.*) couche, assise, *f.*, étage, *m.*; (*hort.*) marcotte, *f.*; (*shoot of a plant*) rejeton, *m.*; (*hen*) pondreuse, *f.*
lāy-figure, *n.*: (paint.) mannequin, *m.*
lāying, *n.*: mise, pose, *f.*; passage, *m.*; (*of eggs*) ponte, *f.*
lāyman, *n.*: laïque; (paint.) mannequin; (*in a cathedral*) chantre, *m.*
lāzar, *n.*: lazare, *m.* **lāzar-ēt(to)**, -**house**, *n.*: lazaret, *m.* -**like**, -**ly**, *adj.*: lépreux.
lāz-e, *intr.*: paresse, fainéanter; *tr.*: perdre dans la paresse. -**ily**, *adv.*: lentement, en paresseux, dans la paresse, dans la fainéantise. -**iness**, *n.*: fainéantise, paresse, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: paresseux, fainéant.
lāzuli, *n.*: lapis-lazuli, *m.* -**te**, *n.*: lazulite, lapis, lapis-lazuli, *m.*
lāzy, *adj.*: fainéant, paresseux; (*of a horse*) mou, lent; (*of life*) indolent, de paresse.
lōa or **lōy**, *n.*: pré, clos, *m.* prairie, plaine, *f.*

1. leach, *n.*: cendre de lessive, *f.* **2. leach**, *tr.*: lessiver. **-tub**, *n.*: cuve à lessive, *f.*; cuvier, *m.*

1. lead (pret., part. *led*), *tr.*: mener, guider, conduire; (*command*) conduire, commander, diriger; (*induce*) porter, faire, induire; (*a life*) mener: — *about*, mener de tous côtés, partout; — *astray*, égarer, détourner de la bonne voie; — *back*, ramener, reconduire; — *in*, introduire; — *into*, entraîner dans; — *off*, détourner; emmener; — *out*, faire sortir, conduire dehors; — *out of the way*, égarer.

2. lead, *intr.*: conduire; mener; dominer; (*at play*) jouer le premier, avoir la main, débiter. **3. lead**, *n.*: conduite, direction, *f.*; commandement, *m.*; influence; préséance, *f.*; pas; (*at billiards*) acquit; (*at cards*) devant, *m.*, main, *f.*; (*at play*) début, *m.*, ouverture, *f.*; *take the* —, marcher en avant; dominer, primer, présider.

4. lead, *n.*: (*metal*) plomb, *m.*; (*print*) interligne, *f.*; (*nav.*) plomb de sonde, *m.*, sonde, *f.*; (*for pencils*) mine de plomb, *f.*; — *s.* (*of a house*) plombs (des toits); toit de plomb; — *wire*, fil de plomb, *m.*; *white* —, céruse, *f.*; blanc de céruse, *m.*; *sheet* —, plomb en feuille; — *work*, plomberie, *m.*; — *works*, — *manufactory*, plomberie, *f.* **5. lead**, *tr.*: plomber, couvrir de plomb; (*print*) interligner. **-ed**, *adj.*: (*print*) interliné. **-en**, *adj.*: de plomb; (*fig.*) lourd.

lead-er, *n.*: conducteur, guide, chef, meneur, premier, commandant, *m.*; (*of a newspaper*) article principal, premier Paris, premier Londres, etc. (*man.*) cheval de volée; (*mus.*) chef d'orchestre, de musique; (*in parliament*) orateur principal, orateur qui dirige la discussion, *m.* **1. -ing**, *adj.*: premier, principal: — *card*, première carte, *f.*; — *hand*, premier en carte, *m.*; — *man*, chef, *m.*; — *strings*, lisières, *f. pl.*; — *word*, premier mot, *m.*; — *note*, (*mus.*) note sensible, *f.* **2. -ing**, *n.*: conduite, direction, *f.*

lead-man, *n.*: (*nav.*) sondeur, *m.*

lead-y, *adj.*: couleur de plomb, *m.*

1. leaf (*pl. leaves*), *n.*: feuille, *f.*; (*of a book*) feuillet, *m.*; (*of a door*) battant, *m.*; (*of a table*) rallonge, *f.*: *turn over the leaves*, feuilletter; *turn over a new* —, (*fig.*) changer de propos et de conduite. **2. leaf**, *intr.*: pousser des feuilles. **-age**, *n.*: feuillage épais, *m.* **-gold**, *n.*: or en feuille, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans feuilles, effeuillé. **-let**, *n.*: petite feuille; (*bot.*) foliole, *f.* **-stalk**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pétiole, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: feuillé, feuillu, couvert de feuilles.

1. leagu-e, *n.*: ligue; (*measure*) lieue, *f.* **2. -e**, *intr.*: se liquer. **-ed**, *adj.*: ligué. **-er**, *n.*: confédéré, ligueur, *m.*

1. leak, *intr.*: couler, faire eau, fuir. **2. leak**, *n.*: voie d'eau; perte d'eau; fuite, *f.*: *spring a* —, faire eau, faire une voie d'eau. **-age**, *n.*: coulage, *m.*; fuite, *f.*; voies d'eau, *f. pl.* **-y**, *adj.*: qui coule, qui fuit; (*nav.*) qui a des voies d'eau, qui fait eau de partout; (*fig.*) bavard, indiscret.

1. lean, *adj.*: maigre; stérile; chétif: *grow* —, *get* —, maigrir; *make* —, amaigrir. **2. lean**, *n.*: maigre, *m.*

3. lean (pret., part. *-ed* or *leant*), *intr.*: pencher; s'appuyer, s'incliner; (*rest*) reposer; *tr.*: faire pencher, incliner; appuyer, reposer: — *over*, avancer; — *to*, tendre à; incliner à; pencher vers. **-ing**, *n.*: penchant; penchement, *m.*

lean-ly, *adv.*: maigrement, stérilement. **-ness**, *n.*: maigreur, *f.*; amaigrissement, *m.*

1. leap (pret., part. *-ed* or *leapt*), *intr.*: sauter, s'élaner, se précipiter; *tr.*: sauter, franchir; (*of animals*) saillir, couvrir: — *for joy*, sauter de joie. **2. leap**, *n.*: saut; accouplement, *m.*: — *frog*, cheval fondu, *m.*; — *year*, année bissextile, *f.*; *take a* —, faire un saut. **-er**, *n.*: sauteur, *m.*, sauteuse, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui saute, qui fait des sauts. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en sautant; par sauts.

learn (pret., part. *-ed* or *learnt*), *tr.*: apprendre; *intr.*: apprendre, s'instruire: — *to read*, apprendre à lire. **-ed**, *adj.*: savant, docte: — *man*, savant, *m.* **-edly**, *adv.*: savamment. **-er**, *n.*: écolier; apprenti; élève, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: étude; littérature, science, instruction, *f.*; savoir, *m.*: *polite* —, belles-lettres, *f. pl.*; *man of* —, savant; homme instruit, *m.*

1. lease, *intr.*: glaner.

2. lease, *n.*: bail, *m.*: *long* —, bail à longues années, à long terme; — *of ground*, bail à ferme; *building* —, bail emphytéotique; *on a* —, à bail. **3. lease**, *tr.*: louer, donner à bail; (*land*) affermer. **-hold**, *n.*: tenure par bail, par bail emphytéotique, *f.* **-holder**, *n.*: locataire par bail; propriétaire par bail emphytéotique, *m., f.*

leash, *n.*: laisse, attache, *f.* **2. leash**, *tr.*: mener en laisse, attacher.

1. leas-ing, *part.*: louant; *n.*: louage, *m.*

2. leas-ing, *n.*: mensonge, *m.* **† -mak-ing**, *n.*: médisance, *f.*

1. least, *adj.*: moindre, plus petit. **2. least**, *adv.*: moins: *at* —, au moins; *at the* —, pour le moins, tout au moins; *not in the least*, point du tout, nullement, pas le moins du monde.

1. leath-er, *n.*: cuir, *m.*, peau, *f.* **2. leath-er**, *tr.*: garnir de cuir; (*beat*) (*pop.*) étriller, rosser, épousseter, avec une courroie. **-dresser**, *n.*: peaussier, *m.* **-n**, *adj.*:

de cuir, de peau. **-seller**, *n.*: marchand de cuir, pelletier, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: semblable à du cuir, coriace.

1.leave, *n.*: permission, *f.*; congé; départ; adieu, *m.*: on —, en congé; *take* — *of*, prendre congé de, dire adieu à; *with your* —, avec votre permission; *give* —, donner la permission, permettre; *take French* —, prendre la permission sous son bonnet; *by any one's* —, par permission de quelqu'un.

2.leave (pret., part. *left*), *tr.*: laisser; (*quit a person*) quitter; (*a place*) quitter, partir de; (*discontinue*) cesser; *intr.*: partir; cesser: *I — that to you*, je m'en rapporte à vous; — *about*, laisser traîner; — *alone*, laisser seul, laisser tranquille; laisser; — *off*, laisser, laisser de côté, quitter; cesser, discontinuer; (*intr.*) s'arrêter, en rester, finir: — *out*, supprimer, omettre, oublier; *be left*, rester; *there is some wine left*, il reste du vin; *be left till called for*, poste restante, (*of parcels*) bureau restant; *have left*, avoir de reste, avoir encore; *I have nothing left*, il ne me reste rien.

3.leave, *intr.*: feuilleter. **-d**, *adj.*: feuillé, à feuilles.

1.levain, *n.*: levain, *m.*; levure, *f.*
2.leaven, *tr.*: fermenter, faire lever; gâter. **-ous**, *adj.*: qui contient du levain; corrompu, gâté.

leavings, *n.*: restes, *m. pl.*; bribes, *f. pl.*
†lecher, *n.*: libertin, débauché, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*: lascif, débauché, libertin. **-ously**, *adv.*: lascivement, lubriquement, en libertin. **-ousness**, **-y**, *n.*: lasciveté, *f.*; libertinage, *m.*

lectern = *lectern*.

†lec-tion, *n.*: leçon, *f.*; texte d'auteur, *m.*
1.-ture, *n.*: discours; sermon, *m.*; leçon; (*fig.*) mercuriale, sermon, *f.*; *course of* —, cours, *m.* **2.-ture**, *tr.*: donner des leçons à, faire un cours à; (*fig.*) sermonner, réprimander, faire un sermon à; *intr.*: faire un cours, donner des leçons, professer; (*fig.*) sermonner, faire des sermons. **-turer**, *n.*: lecteur; professeur; (*rel.*) prédicateur, *m.* **-turing**, *n.*: professorat, *m.* **-turing**, *n.*: cours publics, *m. pl.*; leçons publiques, *f. pl.*

led (pret., part. *of lead*): — *horse*, cheval de main, *m.*

ledge, *n.*: rebord, bord, *m.*; (*nav.*) chaîne de rochers, *f.*, récif, *m.*; (*layer*) couche, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: grand livre, *m.*

1.lée, *n.*: (*nav.*) côté de dessous le vent, *m.* **2.lée**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) sous le vent. **-board**, *n.*: (*nav.*) semelle, dérive, *f.*

1.léech, *n.*: sangsue, *f.*; (*doctor*) médecin, *m.* **2.leech**, *tr.*: médicamenter, médiciner.

legume

3.léech, *n.*: (*nav.*) bord (de voile), *m.*

-line, *n.*: cargue-bouline, *f.*

léeching, *n.*: application de sangsues, *f.*

lée-gage, *n.*: (*nav.*) dessous du vent, *m.*

léek, *n.*: (*bot.*) poireau, porreau, *m.*

1.léer, *n.*: ceillade, *f.*; regard affecté, *m.*

2.leer, *intr.*: lorgner, regarder de côté, du coin de l'œil. **-ingly**, *adv.*: par une ceillade.

lées, *n.*: lie, *f.*; sédiment, *m.*

1.lée-ward **-werd**, *adv.*: (*nav.*) sous le vent. **2.-ward**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) sous le vent; (*of the tide*) qui porte sous le vent.

-way, *n.*: (*nav.*) dérive, *f.*

1.léft, past part. *of leave*.

2.léft, *adj.*: gauche: *on the —*, à gauche.

-handed, *adj.*: gaucher; (*fig.*) gauche:

— *marriage*, mariage de la main gauche, *m.* **-handedness**, *n.*: usage habituel de la main gauche, *m.* **-handiness**, *n.*: gaucherie, *f.*

lég, *n.*: jambe; (*of birds, insects*) patte; (*of boots*) tige; (*of poultry*) cuisse, *f.*; (*of furniture*) pied; (*of mutton*) gigot, *m.*: *be on one's —*, être sur pied, être debout; *have sea —*, avoir le pied marin.

legacy, *n.*: legs, *m.*

lég-al, *adj.*: légal, judiciaire, juridique,

licite. **-ality**, *n.*: légalité, *f.* **-alise**, *tr.*: légaliser, autoriser. **-ally**, *adv.*: selon les lois, juridiquement, légitimement, légalement.

lég-atary, *n.*: légataire, *m.* **-ate**, *n.*: lé-

gat; délégué, *m.* **-atée**, *n.*: légataire, *m.*

-ation, *n.*: légation, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: légat-

teur, testateur, *m.*, légatrice, testatrice, *f.*

légend, *n.*: légende; chronique, *f.*

1.-ary, *adj.*: légendaire. **2.-ary**, *n.*: légende, *f.*; légendaire, *m.*

légérdemain, *n.*: tour d'escamoteur, de passe-passe, d'adresse, *m.*

légged, *adj.*: à jambes (pattes); ... à

... jambes. **-ing**, *n.*: grande guêtre, *f.*

légible, *adj.*: lisible, qu'on peut lire.

-bility, **-bleness**, *n.*: lisibilité, netteté

d'écriture, caractère lisible, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: lisiblement.

légion, *n.*: légion, *f.* **1.-ary**, *adj.*: lé-

gionnaire; de légion. **2.-ary**, *n.*: lé-

gionnaire; soldat légionnaire, *m.*

légis-late, *intr.*: faire des lois. **-la-**

-tion, *n.*: législation, *f.* **-lative**, *adj.*: législatif.

-lâtor, *n.*: législateur, *m.*

-lature, *n.*: législation, législature, *f.*

legiti-macy, *n.*: légitimité, *f.* **1.-mate**, *adj.*: légitime. **2.-mate**, *tr.*: légitimer.

-mately, *adv.*: légitimement. **-mâ-**

-tion, *n.*: légitimation, *f.* **-matist** =

-mist. **-mise**, *tr.*: légitimer. **-mist**, *n.*: légitimiste, *m., f.*

lê-gume, **-gûmen**, *n.*: légume, *m.*

-gûminous, *adj.*: légumineux.

leisurable, *adj.*: fait à loisir. **-rably**, *adv.*: à loisir, peu à peu. **-re**, *n.*: loisir, *m.*: commodité, *f.*
lemma, *n.*: (*math.*) lemme, *m.*
lémon, *n.*: citron, limon, *m.* **-ade**, *n.*: limonade, *f.* **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sché-
 nanthe, junc odorant, *m.* **-peel**, *n.*:
 écorce de citron, *f.* **-plant**, *n.*: (*bot.*)
 verveine, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: citronnier, *m.*
lémur, *n.*: (*mam.*) lémurien, maki, *m.*
-es, *n. pl.*: lémures, *f. pl.*, mânes, *m. pl.*
lënd (*pret.*, *part. let.*), *tr.*: prêter; (*on*
hire) louer. **-er**, *n.*: prêteur, *m.*, prê-
 teuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: prêt, *m.*
lëngth, *n.*: longueur; étendue, *f.*: (*de-*
gree) degré, point, *m.*; (*of time*) durée, *f.*,
 espace, *m.*: **full** —, en pied, de grandeur
 naturelle; **at full** — (*not abridged*), tout
 au long; **at great** —, fort au long, longue-
 ment; **two feet in** —, deux pieds de long-
 ueur; **go to great** —s, aller bien loin;
go the — *of thinking*, aller jusqu'au point
 de (jusqu'à) penser; **at** —, enfin, à la fin;
(lengthily) au long; **fall full** —, tomber
 tout de son long. **-en**, *tr.*: allonger,
 étendre; rallonger; (*time*) prolonger;
intr.: s'allonger, devenir plus long, s'é-
 tendre; (*of time*) se prolonger; (*of days*)
 grandir, croître: — **out**, étendre, prolon-
 ger. **-ening**, *n.*: prolongement, *m.*; (*of*
time) prolongation, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: longue-
 ment. **-iness**, *n.*: longueur, *f.* **-ways**,
-wise, *adv.*: en longueur, de long, en
 long. **-y**, *adj.*: un peu long, un peu trop
 long.
lëni-ence or **-oney**, *n.*: douceur, indul-
 gence, *f.* **1-ent**, *adj.*: doux, adouciss-
 sant; (*med.*) lénitif. **2-ent**, *n.*: lénitif,
 calmant, *m.*
lëni-fy, *tr.*: adoucir, lénifier, mitiger.
-ment, **1-tive**, *n.*: (*med.*) lénitif, cal-
 mant, émollient, *m.* **2-tive**, *adj.*: lénit-
 if, calmant, émollient. **-ty**, *n.*: douceur;
 indulgence, *f.*: **show** —, avoir de l'in-
 dulgences pour.
lëns, *n.*: (*opt.*) lentille, loupe, *f.* **-shaped**,
adj.: lenticulaire, lenticulé.
lënt, *n.*: carême, *m.*: **mid** —, la mi-
 carême, *f.* **-en**, *adj.*: de carême.
lenticular, *adj.*: en forme de lentille,
 lenticulaire. **lëntiform** **ô**, *adj.*: lenticu-
 laire, lenticulé.
lëntil, *n.*: (*bot.*) lentille, *f.*
lëo, *n.*: (*astron.*) Leo, Lion, *m.* **-nine**,
adj.: de lion, léonin. **-ninely**, *adv.*: en
 lion, comme un lion.
lëopard, *n.*: léopard, *m.*
lëper, *n.*: lépreux, *m.*
lëpi-dôptëral, *adj.*: (*ent.*) lépidoptère.
-dôptërs or **dôptëra**, *n.*: (*ent.*) lépi-
 doptères, *m. pl.*
lëperine, *adj.*: de lièvre.

lëp-rosy, *n.*: lèpre, *f.* **-rous**, *adj.*: lé-
 preux, ladre.
lëgion, *n.*: lésion, contusion, *f.*
1-less, *adj.*: moindre, plus petit, inférieur.
2-less, *adv.*: moins: **the** — **the more**
 ..., moins ... plus ...; **and** —, de moins
 en moins; **so much the** —, d'autant moins;
a man —, un homme de moins. **3-less**,
n.: moins; moindre, inférieur, *m.*
lessëe, *n.*: locataire à bail, *m., f.*; (*jur.*)
 preneur, *m.*
lëss-en, *tr.*: apétisser, rapétisser; di-
 minuer, amoindrir; (*to lower*) rabaisser;
intr.: diminuer, s'amoindrir, se rapétisser;
 s'abaisser. **-ening**, *n.*: amoindrissement,
m.; diminution, *f.* **-er**, *adj.*: moindre,
 plus petit; (*geog.*) mineur, petit.
1-lesson, *n.*: leçon; répétition, *f.* **2-les-**
son, *tr.*: instruire, enseigner.
lëssor, *n.*: bailleur, *m.*
lëst, *conj.*: de peur que, de crainte que;
 (*after to fear*) que.
1-lët (*pret.*, *part. let.*), *tr.*: (*permit*) lais-
 ser, permettre, souffrir; (*cause, make*)
 faire; (*a house*) louer: — **alone**, (*pers.*)
 laisser tranquille, laisser seul; (*a thing*)
 laisser, laisser là; — **it alone**, n'en rien
 faire, ne pas s'en mêler; — **blood**, saigner;
 — **fly**, tirer, faire partir; — **know**, faire
 savoir; — **loose**, lâcher, déchaîner; — **see**,
 faire voir; montrer; **house to** —, **to be** —,
 maison à louer; — **him come**, qu'il vienne;
 — **us go**, allons; — **in**, faire, laisser en-
 trer; ouvrir la porte à; — **into**, faire,
 laisser entrer; initier; communiquer; —
off, laisser partir, laisser échapper; (*of*
fire-arms) tirer, faire partir, décharger;
 — **down**, faire descendre; baisser, abat-
 tre; — **out**, faire, laisser sortir; (*a house*)
 louer; (*fire*) laisser éteindre; — **up**, **up-**
stairs, faire, laisser monter.
2-ilet, *tr.*: retarder. **3-let**, *n.*: empê-
 chement; obstacle, *m.*
lëthal, *adj.*: mortel, fatal.
lëthârgic(al), *adj.*: lëthargique. **1-lëth-**
argy, *n.*: lëthargie, *f.* **2-lëthargy**,
tr.: frapper de lëthargie, faire tomber en
 lëthargie.
lë-the, *n.*: (*myth.*) Lëthé; oublié, *m.* **-thë-**
an, *adj.*: du Lëthé, de l'oubli.
lëthiferous, *adj.*: lëthifère, mortel.
1-lëtter, *n.*: lettre, *f.*: — *of attorney*,
 procuration, *f.*; — *of mark*, lettre de
 marque, *f.*; — *of exchange*, lettre de
 change, *f.* **2-letter**, *tr.*: (*a book*) met-
 tre le titre au dos.
3-letter, *n.*: personne qui laisse, *f.*;
 loueur, *m.*
letter-box, *n.*: boîte aux lettres.
-carrier, *n.*: facteur, *m.* **-case**, *n.*:
 portelettres, *m.*; (*print.*) casse, *f.* **-ed**,
adj.: lettré, savant; littéraire; (*book*)

bind.) avec le titre marqué au dos. **-ing**, n.: titre, m.

lettern, n.: lutrin, m.

letter-office, n.: poste aux lettres.

-press, n.: impression typographique, f.

-proud, adj.: fier de son savoir.

-writer, n.: personne qui aime à écrire des lettres, f.; auteur épistolaire; (*book*) recueil de lettres, m.

letting, n.: louage, m., location, f.; (*of land*) affermage, m.

lettuce *lôis*, n.: laitue, f.: *cabbage* —, laitue pommée; *cos* —, laitue romaine.

leucorrhœa *-rê a*, n.: leucorrhée, f.; fleurs blanches, f. pl.

1. Lé-vant, adj.: oriental, du Levant, de l'Orient. 2. **-vânt**, n.: Levant, Orient, m. 3. **-vantine**, n.: (*stuff*) levantine, f.

lèvee, n.: lever, m.; réception, f.: *hold a —*, recevoir; *a — will be held*, il y aura réception.

1. lèvel, n.: niveau, m.; surface unie; visée, f.; pays plat, m.: *on a —*, de niveau; *dead —*, niveau parfaitement uni.

2. level, adj.: uni, de niveau, égal: — *with*, au niveau de, de niveau avec. 3. **lev-el**, tr.: aplanir, niveler, mettre de niveau; (*fire-arms*) pointer, ajuster, viser; (*a blow*) porter, assener, lancer; (*throw down*) renverser: — *to the ground*, raser, détruire, renverser; — *at*, viser à; porter un coup à. 3. **level**, intr.: viser, mettre en joue, pointer, ajuster; s'aplanir, se niveler. 4. **-ler**, n.: aplanisseur; niveleur, m. 5. **-ling**, n.: nivellement; aplanissement; pointage, m. 6. **-ling-staff**, n.: mire de nivellement, f., jalon, m. 7. **-ness**, n.: niveau, m.; égalité, f.

lèven, n.: levain, m. See *leaven*.

léver, n.: levier, m.; bascule, f.

léveret, n.: levraut, m.

léviable, adj.: qui peut être levé.

leviathan, n.: léviathan, m.; baleine, f.

lèviga-te, tr.: (*pharm.*) broyer, pulvériser; aplanir; polir. 2. **-tion**, n.: lévigation, pulvérisation, f.

levitation, n.: action de rendre léger; légèreté, f.

lè-vite, n.: lévite, prêtre, m. 3. **-vitical**, adj.: lévitique, des lévites. 4. **-viticus**, n.: Lévitique, m.

lèvity, n.: légèreté, inconstance, f.

1. lévy, n.: levée, conscription militaire, f. 2. **levy**, tr.: lever; (*a fine*) imposer.

lèwd, adj.: dissolu, impudique, débauché, déréglé, licencieux, dépravé, luxurieux.

-ly, adv.: licencieusement, impudiquement, dans la débauche, dans le débordement. 3. **-ness**, n.: impudicité, luxure, débauche, dépravation, f.; libertinage, débordement, m. 4. **-ster**, n.: libertin, débauché, m.; impudique, m., f.

lexi-cographe, n.: lexicographe, m.

-cographie(al), adj.: lexicographique.

-cography, n.: lexicographie, f. 2. **-cology**, n.: lexicologie, f. 3. **-con**, n.: lexique, dictionnaire, m.

lôy, n.: champ, m., pâturage, m.

Lôyden-jar, **-phial**, n.: (*phys.*) bouteille de Leyde, f.

liability, n.: responsabilité; condition de ce qui est sujet, exposé, f.: *liabilities*, (*com.*) engagements, m. pl., passif, m. s.: *their — to accidents*, comme ils sont exposés, sujets à des accidents.

liable, adj.: sujet, exposé, passible, responsable. 2. **-ness** = *liability*.

liar, n.: menteur, m., menteuse, f.

lias, n.: liais, m.

libation, n.: libation, f.

libbard, n.: léopard, m.

1. libel, n.: libelle, m.; publication diffamatoire, diffamation, f. 2. **libel**, tr.: diffamer; (*jur.*) libeller; intr.: trépaner des libelles, des calomnies. 3. **-lier**, n.: diffamateur, libelliste, m. 4. **-ling**, n.: diffamation, f. 5. **-ious**, adj.: diffamatoire.

liber, n.: (*bot.*) liber, m.

1. liber-al, adj.: libéral, généreux. 2. **-al**, n.: libéral, m. 3. **-alise**, tr.: rendre libéral, libéraliser. 4. **-alism**, n.: libéralisme, m. 5. **-ality**, n.: libéralité, f. 6. **-ally**, adv.: libéralement. 7. **-ate**, tr.: rendre libre, affranchir, libérer, mettre en liberté; délivrer. 8. **-ation**, n.: mise en liberté, f., élargissement; affranchissement, m.; libération, délivrance, f. 9. **-ator**, n.: libérateur, m., libératrice, f. 10. **-tine**, adj.: libertain. 11. **-tine**, n.: libertain, m., libertaine, f. 12. **-tinism**, n.: libertainage, m. 13. **-ty**, n.: liberté, f.: *be at —*, être en liberté, f.; être libre; *set at —*, mettre en liberté, donner la liberté à; *take the — of*, prendre la liberté de; *liberties*, privilèges, m. pl.; franchises, f. pl.; *take liberties*, prendre des libertés, prendre des licences.

libidinous, adj.: libertain, libidineux.

-ly, adv.: avec luxure. 2. **-ness**, n.: luxure, f.

librarian, n.: bibliothécaire, m. 2. **library**, n.: bibliothèque, f.

librate, intr.: balancer; intr.: balancer; se tenir en équilibre. 2. **-tion**, n.: balancement, équilibre, m.; (*astron.*) libration, f. 3. **-atory**, adj.: de libration; en équilibre.

lice, pl. of *louse*.

1. licen-se, n.: licence, liberté, f., déréglement; (*theat.*) privilège, m.; (*of a preacher*) autorisation; (*of tobacconists, vendors of excisable articles*) licence, f.; (*of a bookseller, a printer*) brevet, m.; (*com.*) patente, f.: *marriage —*, dispense de bans, f.; *government —*, licence accordée par

le gouvernement. 2. *-se, tr.*: autoriser, accorder une autorisation à; (*a printer, a bookseller*) breveter; (*theat.*) accorder un privilège à; (*of tobacconists and vendors of excisable articles*) accorder une licence à; (*com.*) breveter. *-sed, adj.*: autorisé; (*printers, booksellers*) breveté; (*theat.*) privilégié; (*com.*) breveté. *-sée, n.*: possesseur d'une licence (d'un privilège), m. *-ser, n.*: agent qui accorde les autorisations; censeur, m.

1. *licentiate, n.*: licencié, m. 2. *licentiate, tr.*: permettre, autoriser.

licentious, adj.: licentieux, libertin, déréglé. *-ly, adv.*: licencieusement. *-ness, n.*: licence, f.; déréglement, libertinage, m.

lichen, n.: (*bot.*) lichen, m.

licit, adj.: licite, légal. *-ly, adv.*: licitement. *-ness, n.*: légalité, f.

1. *lick, n.*: coup de langue (en léchant), lécher; coup soudain, coup: — *on the head*, taloche, f.; — *in the face*, giflle, f.

2. *lick, tr.*: lécher; laper; (*pop.*) flanquer des coups à, rosser; vaincre. *-er, n.*: celui qui lèche; celui qui rosse, vainqueur, m.

-erish, adj.: friand; avid. *-erishly, adv.*: avec friandise. *-erishness, n.*: friandise, f.

-ing, n.: coups, m. pl.; roulée, rossée, f.

licorice, n.: réglisse, f.

lictior, n.: licteur, m.

lid, n.: couvercle, m.; (*of the eye*) paupière, f.

1. *lie, n.*: mensonge; démenti, m.: *give the — to*, donner un démenti à. 2. *lie* (*pret., part. lied*), *intr.*: mentir, dire un mensonge.

3. *lie* (*pret. lay, part. lain*), *intr.*: être couché; coucher; se coucher; reposer; être; être situé; se trouver; s'appuyer; rester; demeurer; consister; (*nav.*) être mouillé, être à l'ancre: — *about*, traîner; — *by, (pers.)* se reposer, se tenir en réserve; (*of things*) être tenu en réserve; — *down*, coucher, être couché, se coucher; — *in*, être en couches; faire ses couches; *the town —s between two valleys*, la ville est située, se trouve entre deux vallées; *it —s against the wall*, il s'appuie contre le mur; *the whole —s in this*, le tout repose sur ceci; *the difference —s in this*, la différence consiste en ceci; *here —s, ci-gît*; *let any thing —*, laisser là quelque chose; — *under a mistake*, se tromper; être dans l'erreur; *it —s in my power to*, il dépend de moi de; — *heavy on*, peser sur; tourmenter; *my honour —s at stake*, il y va de mon honneur; — *alongside*, être bord à bord.

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rain, m. 2. *liege, adj.*: lige, fidèle.

-man, n.: homme lige, m.

lien, n.: (*jur.*) gage, nantissement, m.

lier, n.: personne qui est couchée, f.

lieu, n.: lieu, remplacement, m.: *in — of*, au lieu de; en place de; à la place de; en remplacement de; (*ne s'emploie qu'avec in*).

lieutenancy, in Engl. left'n-, n.: lieutenance, f. *-ant, n.*: lieutenant, m.

-antship, n.: lieutenance, f.

life (pl. lives), n.: vie, f.; vivant, m.; (*fig.*) vie, âme, vivacité, f.; mouvement; (*paint., sculpt.*) naturel, m., nature, f.: *prime of —*, fleur de l'âge, f.; *fashionable —*, beau monde, m.; *single —*, célibat, m.; *at that time of —*, à cet âge; *during his, her —*, de son vivant; *for —*, à vie; pour toute la vie, sa vie; *never in one's —*, jamais de sa vie; *from —*, d'après nature; *I cannot for the — of me*, je ne le peux pour tout au monde; *to the —*, exactement; *the streets are full of —*, les rues sont pleines de mouvement; *depart this —*, mourir; quitter cette vie; *fly for one's —*, chercher son salut dans la fuite; *give — to*, animer; donner de la vie à, de l'âme à.

-blood, n.: le plus pur de son sang; (*fig.*) sang, m., vie, âme, f. *-boat, n.*: canot de sauvetage, m.

-buoy, n.: bouée de sauvetage, f. *-consuming, adj.*: qui fait dépérir. *-giving, adj.*: qui donne la vie; fortifiant. *-guard, n.*: garde du corps, m.

-guards, n. pl.: garde du corps, f. *sing.*; gardes du corps, m. pl. *-guardsman, n.*: garde du corps, m.

-less, adj.: sans vie; inanimé, mort; (*fig.*) sans âme, sans vigueur, sans mouvement. *-lessly, adv.*: sans vie; sans âme, sans vigueur, sans mouvement. *-lessness, n.*: absence de vie; absence d'âme, absence de mouvement, f.

-like, adj.: comme un être vivant. *-line, n.*: (*nav.*) garde-corps, garde-fou, m.

-preserver, n.: appareil de sauvetage; (*truncheon*) assommoir, m. *-rent, n.*: rente viagère, f.

-string, n.: nerf vital, m. *-time, n.*: vie, f.; vivant, m.

-weary, adj.: las de la vie.

1. *lift, tr.*: lever, élever, enlever, soulever, hausser; relever. 2. *lift, n.*: action de lever, de soulever, f.; effort; coup de main, m.; charge, f.: *give a — to*, donner un coup d'épaule à, un coup de main à.

-er, n.: personne qui lève, qui élève, qui enlève, qui soulève, qui hausse, f. *-ing, n.*: action de lever, f.

ligament, n.: ligament; lien, m. *-gament, n.*: ligament; lien, m.

-gamentous, adj.: ligamenteux. *-gation, n.*: action de lier, f.; lien, m.

-gature, n.: action de lier; (*mus.*) liaison; (*print, surg.*) ligature, f.

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1. **light**, *n.*: lumière, clarté, *f.*; jour, *m.*; leur, *f.*; (*paint.*) jour, *m.*, lumière, *f.*; (*arch.*) jour, *m.*: *by the — of*, à la lumière de, à la clarté de; *it is —*, il fait jour; il fait clair; *give —*, éclairer; *by —*, à la lumière. 2. **light**, *adj.*: clair; blanchâtre. 3. **light** (*pret.*, *part.* *lighted* or *lit*), *tr.*: allumer; (*give light to*) éclairer; — *a candle*, allumer une chandelle; — *the streets*, éclairer les rues.
4. **light**, *adj.*: léger; facile, agile, lesté; faible; gai. 5. **light** (*pret.*, *part.* *-ed* or *lit*), *intr.*: s'abattre: — *upon*, tomber sur; retomber. **-armed**, *adj.*: armé à la légère.
- light-bearer**, *n.*: porte-flambeau, *m.* **-boat** = *-ship*.
1. **lighten**, *tr.*: alléger; (*alleviate*) soulager; (*cheer*) égayer.
2. **light-en**, *tr.*: éclairer; *imp.*: faire des éclairs, éclairer. 1. **-er**, *n.*: allumeur, *m.*, allumeuse, *f.*
2. **lighter**, *n.*: (*nav.*) allège, gabare, *f.* **-age**, *n.*: frais d'allège, *m. pl.* **-man**, *n.*: gabarier, *m.*
- light-fingered**, *adj.*: qui a les doigts crochus, fripon. **-foot**, *footed*, *adj.*: au pied léger; agile. **-headed**, *adj.*: qui a la tête légère; étourdi; en délire. **-headedness**, *n.*: étourderie, *f.*; délire, *m.* **-hearted**, *adj.*: enjoué, gai, réjouit.
- light-house**, *n.*: phare, fanal, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: éclairage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans lumière; sans clarté.
- light-ly**, *adv.*: légèrement; avec légèreté; à la légère; lestement; facilement; gaîment. **-ness**, *n.*: légèreté; agilité, *f.*
- lightning**, *n.*: éclair, *m.*, foudre, *f.*; éclaircissement, *m.* **flash of —**, éclair, *m.* **-glance**, *n.*: éclair, *m.* **-rod**, *n.*: paratonnerre, *m.*
- lights**, *n.*: (*of animals*) poumons, *m. pl.*; (*of calves, etc.*) mou, *m.*
- light-ship**, *n.*: phare flottant, bâtiment-balise, *m.*
- lightsome**, *adj.*: clair; éclairé; égayant. **-ness**, *n.*: clarté; gaîté; légèreté, *f.*
- lig-neous**, *adj.*: ligneux. 1. **-nify**, *tr.*: (*bot.*) convertir en bois; *intr.*: se lignifier. **-num-vitæ**, *n.*: gaïac, bois de gaïac; bois de gaïac râpé, *m.*
1. **li-ke**, *adj.*: semblable, tel, même, pareil, égal, ressemblant; vraisemblable: *that is something —!* à la bonne heure! *look —*, avoir l'air de; ressembler; *does this portrait look — me?* est-ce que ce portrait me ressemble? 2. **-ke**, *n.*: chose pareille, *f.*; pareil, *m.*, pareille, *f.*; même chose, *f.*: *do the —*, en faire autant. 3. **-ke**, *adv.*: comme; en; tel que, telle que; probablement: *that is just — you*, c'est bien vous.
4. **li-ke**, *tr.*: aimer; trouver à son goût; trouver bien; plaître (*with Engl. object as subject and subject as dative*); prendre goût à; trouver convenable; aimer; convenir; vouloir, vouloir bien; être curieux: *I — the present*, j'aime le présent, or le présent me plaît. *I begin to — it*, je commence à y prendre goût; *as you —*, comme vous jugerez convenable; comme vous voudrez; *I should — to go there*, je voudrais bien y aller; *if you —*, si vous voulez.
- kelihood** or **-keliness**, *n.*: vraisemblance, apparence, probabilité, *f.* 1. **-kely**, *adj.*: vraisemblable; probable: — *to*, fait pour; propre à; de nature à. 2. **-kely**, *adv.*: probablement; vraisemblablement: *he is — to come*, il viendra probablement, il est probable qu'il viendra. **-ken**, *tr.*: comparer; faire ressembler à. **-keness**, *n.*: ressemblance; apparence, *f.*; portrait, *m.* **-kewise**, *adv.*: pareillement, de même, aussi.
- liking**, *n.*: gré; goût, *m.*; inclination; amitié, affection, *f.*
- li-lac**, *n.*: lilas, *m.* **-li-laceous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) lilacé.
- li-lied**, *adj.*: orné de lis. **-ly**, *n.*: lis, *m.*: — *of the valley*, muguet, *m.*
- limature**, *n.*: limaille, *f.*
1. **lim-b**, *n.*: (*of the body*) membre; (*edge*) bord, *m.*; (*of a tree*) grosse branche, *f.*; (*astron., bot.*) limbe, *m.* 2. **-b**, *tr.*: (*dis-member*) démembrer; (*supply with limbs*) donner des membres à. **-bed**, *adj.*: membré: *large —*, membru. 1. **-ber**, *n.*: (*artil.*) avant-train, caisson; (*nav.*) anguille, *m.* 2. **limber**, *adj.*: souple, flexible; (*fig.*) faible; agile. **-ness**, *n.*: souplesse; (*fig.*) faiblesse, fragilité, *f.*
- limb-less**, *adj.*: sans membres. **†-meal**, *adv.*: morceau par morceau.
- lim-b, -bus**, *n.*: limbes, *m. pl.*, prison, *f.*
1. **lime**, *n.*: 1. chaux; (*for catching birds*) glu, *f.*; 2. (*tree*) tilleul; 3. limonier; (*fruit*) citron, *m.*; 4. (*thong*) lesses, *f.* 2. **lime**, *tr.*: gluer; prendre au gluau; (*fig.*) prendre dans un piège. **-burner**, *n.*: chauffournier, *m.* **-hound**, *n.*: limier, *m.* **-juice**, *n.*: jus de citron, *m.* **-kiln**, *n.*: chauffour, four à chaux, *m.* **-pit**, *n.*: fosse à chaux, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: pierre calcaire; pierre à chaux, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: limonier; tilleul, *m.* **-twig**, *n.*: gluau, *m.*
1. **limit**, *n.*: limite, *f.*, bornes, *f. pl.* 2. **limit**, *tr.*: limiter, borner. **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut limiter. **-arian**, *adj.*: limitatif. **-ary**, *adj.*: limitrophe. **-ation**, *n.*: Émission, restriction; réserve, (*jur.*) prescription, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: limité, borné; (*math.*) déterminé. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec

- des limites, avec des bornes. -edness, n.: état limité, état borné, m. -er, n.: personne qui limite, chose qui limite, f.
- lim-n**, tr.: enluminer; peindre à l'aquarelle; (fig.) peindre. -ner, n.: enlumineur, m., enlumineuse, f.; (fig.) peintre, m. -ning, n.: enluminure; peinture à l'aquarelle, aquarelle; (fig.) peinture, f.
- limous**, adj.: limoneux.
- limp**, adj.: mou, flasque. 2. **limp**, intr.: clocher, boiter, clopiner. -er, n.: personne qui cloche, f.; boiteux, m., boiteuse, f.
- limpet**, n.: lépas, m.; patelle, f.
- lim-pid**, adj.: limpide. -pidity, -pidness, n.: limpidité, f.
- limpingly**, adv.: en boiteux, en clochant.
- limy**, adj.: calcaire; (viscous) gluant.
- lin**, n.: mare, flaque d'eau; chute d'eau, cataracte, f.
- linchpin**, n.: esse; clavette d'essieu, f.
- linden**, -tree, n.: tilleul, m.
- line**, n.: ligne; (rope) ficelle, corde, f.; (railways) voie, f.; (of business) genre d'affaires, m.; spécialité, partie, f.; (poet.) vers; (short letter) mot, m.; (limit) limite; (fort., geog., geom., milit., tech.) ligne, f.: ship of the —, vaisseau de ligne, m.; troops of the —, troupes de ligne, f. pl.; send me a —, écrivez-moi un mot. 2. **line**, tr.: garnir; (garments) doubler, garnir; (fort.) fortifier; (trace) tracer; (border) border; (mas.) revêtir.
- lin-eage**, n.: lignée, race, famille, f. -eal, adj.: linéaire; (genealogy) direct, en ligne directe; (jur.) linéal. -eally, adv.: en ligne droite. -eament, n.: trait, linéament, m. -ear, adj.: linéaire. -eation, n.: délinéation, f.
- linen**, n.: toile; toile de lin, f.; lin; (clothes) linge, m.: clean —, linge blanc, m.; dirty —, linge sale, f. 2. **linen**, adj.: de toile, de lin; de linge. -ecloth, n.: toile de lin, f. -draper, n.: marchand de toiles; lingier, m., lingère, f. -press, n.: armoire à linge, f. -yarn, n.: fil de lin, m.
- linger**, intr.: traîner, languir; tarder; tr.: faire traîner; retarder. -er, n.: traînard, lambin, m. 1. -ing, n.: retardement, délai, m.; lenteur, f. 2. -ing, adj.: qui tarde; qui lambine; qui traîne, lent; languissant: — illness, maladie de langueur, f. -ingly, adv.: en traînant; lentement; avec langueur.
- ling-go**, n.: langage; jargon, m. †guà-gious, adj.: babillard. -gual, adj.: lingual. -guist, n.: linguiste, m.
- lingwort**, n.: angélique, f.
- liniment**, n.: liniment, m.
- lining**, n.: (of garments) doublure; garniture, f.; (mas.) revêtement, m.
1. **link**, n.: chaînon, anneau, m. 2. **link**, tr.: lier; joindre; enchaîner.
3. **link**, n.: torche, f.; flambeau, m. -boy, -man, n.: porte flambeau, m.
- linnet**, n.: linotte, f.
- linseed**, n.: graine de lin, f. -meal, n.: farine de graine de lin, f. -oil, n.: huile de lin, f.
- linsey**, 1. -woolsey, adj.: de tiretaine; (fig.) grossier, bas, vil. 2. **linsey-woolsey**, n.: tiretaine, f.
- linstock**, n.: (artil.) boutefeu, m.
- lint**, n.: filasse; (surg.) charpie, f.
- lintel**, n.: linteau, m.
- lion**, n.: lion, m. -ess, n.: lionne, f. -hearted, adj.: de lion; cœur de lion. -s-foot, n.: (bot.) pied-de-lion, m. -s-tail, n.: (bot.) queue-de-lion, f.
- lip**, n.: lèvres, f.; (of things) bord, m.; (of some beasts) babine, f. 2. **lip**, tr.: baiser; embrasser. -less, adj.: sans lèvres.
- lipogram**, n.: lipogramme, m. -mâtich(al), adj.: lipogrammatique.
- lipothymy**, n.: lipothymie, f.
- lipped**, adj.: qui a des lèvres; (bot.) labié: blubber—, lippu.
- lippitude**, n.: lippitude, chassie, f.
- lip-salve**, n.: pommade pour les lèvres, f. -strap, n.: fausse gourmette, f.
- liqu-able**, adj.: liquéfiable. -ate li-, tr.: fondre, liquéfier. -ation li-, n.: liquation, f. -efaction, n.: liquéfaction. -efiable, adj.: liquéfiable. -efier, n.: chose qui liquéfie, f. 1. -efy, tr.: liquéfier, fondre. 2. -efy, intr.: se liquéfier. -escency, n.: fusibilité, f. -escent, adj.: fusible. 1. -id, n.: (substance) liquide, m.; (gram.) liquide, f. 2. -id, adj.: liquide, doux, coulant; (of the letter L) mouillé. -idate, tr.: tirer au clair; adoucir; (com.) liquider, solder. -idation, n.: liquidation; action de solder, f. -idity, -idness, n.: liquidité, f. 1. -or liker, n.: liqueur, f. 2. -or, tr.: mouiller; arroser. -orice likeris = licorice.
1. **lisp**, tr. and intr.: prononcer, parler du bout des dents; grasseyer, bégayer, balbutier. 2. **lisp**, n.: action de parler du bout des dents, f.; grasseyement, m. -er, n.: personne qui parle du bout des dents, f.; grasseyeur, m., grasseyeuse, f. -ing, adj.: qui parle du bout des dents; qui balbutie, qui grasseye. -ingly, adv.: en parlant du bout des dents; en balbutiant, en grasseyant.
1. **list**, n.: lice, arène, f. 2. **list**, tr.: enclore pour un tournoi.
3. **list**, intr.: écouter, faire attention.
4. **list**, intr.: vouloir, désirer; (nav.) s'incliner. 5. **list**, n.: (nav.) faux côté, m.
6. **list**, n.: liste, f.; (selvage of cloth) li-

sière, *f.*; (*arch.*) listel, *m.*; (*limit*) limite, barrière, *f.*; *civil* —, liste civile. 7. **list**, *tr.*: garnir de listière; rayer; (*enroll*) enrôler, enregistrer; *intr.*: s'engager; s'enrôler. -**ed**, *adj.*: rayé, à raies. -**el**, *n.*: (*arch.*) listel, *m.*

lis-ten, *tr.* and *intr.*: écouter. -**tener**, *n.*: auditeur; écouteur, *m.*

listless, *adj.*: nonchalant; insouciant; inattentif. -**ly**, *adv.*: nonchalamment; avec insouciance; inattentivement. -**ness**, *n.*: nonchalance, insouciance; inattention, *f.*

list-shoe, *n.*: chausson, *m.*

litany, *n.*: litanie, *f.*

liter-al, *adj.*: littéral, par des lettres. -**ality**, *n.*: sens littéral, *m.* -**ally**, *adv.*: littéralement. -**alness**, *n.*: littéralité, *f.* -**ary**, *adj.*: (*things*) littéraire; (*pers.*) lettré. -**ate**, *adj.*: lettré; instruit; *n.*: homme lettré. -**ât**, *n. pl.*: hommes de lettres, littérateurs; savants, *m. pl.* -**ature**, *n.*: littérature, *f.*

lithe, *adj.*: pliant, flexible, souple. -**ness**, *n.*: flexibilité, souplesse, *f.*

lithiasis, *n.*: (*med.*) lithiase, lithiasie, *f.*

1. **lith-ograph**, *tr.*: lithographier. 2. -**ograph**, *n.*: lithographie, *f.* -**ographer**, *n.*: lithographe, *m.* -**ography(al)**, *adj.*: lithographique. -**graphically**, *adv.*: par la lithographie. -**ography**, *n.*: lithographie, *f.* -**olögie(al)**, *adj.*: lithologique. -**ologist**, *n.*: lithologue, *m.* -**ology**, *n.*: lithologie, *f.* -**ophagous**, *adj.*: lithophage. -**ophyte**, *n.*: lithophyte, *m.* -**otome**, *n.*: lithotome, *m.* -**otomic**, *adj.*: de, par, la lithotomie. -**otomist**, *n.*: lithotomiste, *m.* -**otomy**, *n.*: lithotomie, *f.* -**otrity**, *n.*: lithotritie, *f.*

1. **li-tigant**, *n.*: plaideur, *m.*, plaideuse, *f.* 2. -**tigant**, *adj.*: en litige, litigant. -**tigate**, *tr.*: plaider, disputer; *intr.*: plaider, être en procès. -**tigation**, *n.*: litige, procès, *m.* -**tigious**, *adj.*: litigieux, contentieux; (*pers.*) processif. -**tigiously**, *adv.*: en chicaneur, contentieusement. -**tigiousness**, *n.*: chicane, humeur processive, *f.*; esprit litigieux, *m.*

litorn, *n.*: (*orn.*) grosse grive, litorne, *f.*

litotes, *n.*: (*rhet.*) litote, extenuation, *f.*

litre, *n.*: litre, *m.*

1. **litter**, *n.*: (*vehicle*) brancard, *m.*, civière, litière; (*of a stable*) litière, *f.*; fumier, fouillis, *m.*; (*of animals*) portée, ventrée, *f.* 2. **litter**, *tr.*: (*a stable*) pourvoir de litière, faire la litière à; (*fig.*) mettre en désordre, en fouillis, salir; (*of animals*) mettre bas.

1. **little**, *n.*: peu, *m.* 2. **little**, *adj.*: petit, faible, minime, exigu: — *one*, enfant, petit enfant, *m.* 3. **little**, *adv.*:

peu, un peu, pas beaucoup, peu de chose, peu de, guère de: *but* —, guère (*with ne before a verb*); *a* —, un peu; *not a* —, pas mal, pas peu; *by* — *and* —, petit à petit, peu à peu; *as* — *as possible*, le moins possible; *ever so* —, tant soit peu. -**ness**, *n.*: petitesse, *f.*

littoral, *adj.*: maritime, littoral, riverain.

liturgy(al), *adj.*: liturgique. **liturgy**, *n.*: liturgie.

1. **live**, *intr.*: vivre, (*reside*) demeurer, habiter; *tr.*: mener (*une vie*): — *away*, avoir un grand train de maison; faire bonne chère, faire joyeuse vie; — *out of the house one is usually occupied in*, ne pas demeurer à la maison; — *by*, vivre de; — *from hand to mouth*, vivre au jour le jour, au jour la journée; — *in London*, demeurer à Londres, habiter Londres; — *on, upon*, vivre de, se nourrir de, subsister de; — *up to*, vivre selon; *enough to* — *on*, de quoi vivre; *long* — *the Queen!* vive la Reine! 2. **live**, *adj.*: vivant, en vie; vif; (*of coals*) ardent. -**d**, *adj.*: de vie; *long* —, qui vit longtemps, de longue vie; *short* —, qui vit peu de temps, d'une courte vie; (*of things*) passager, qui dure peu de temps; *high* —, de haut ton, qui vit grandement.

live-lihood, *n.*: vie, nourriture, subsistance, *f.*; gagne-pain, *m.* -**liness**, *n.*: vivacité; gaieté, *f.* -**long**, *adj.*: durable, permanent, long, éternel: *the* — *day*, tout le long du jour. 1. -**ly**, *adj.*: vif, gai, enjoué, animé; (*of place*) vivant, gai. 2. -**ly**, *adv.*: vivement; galement.

liver, *n.*: (*anat.*) foie; (*pers.*) vivant: *high* —, viveur, *m.*, personne qui vit bien, qui fait bonne chère, *f.* -**coloured**, *adj.*: rouge foncé.

1. **livery**, *n.*: (*jur.*) mise en possession; (*of horses*) pension, *f.*; (*dress*) livrée; (*of the city of London*) notables, électeurs municipaux, *m. pl.*; (*of minors*) émancipation, *f.*: *full* —, grande livrée; *undress* — (*of horses*), petite livrée; *put out at* —, mettre en pension; *out of* —, sans livrée. 2. **livery**, *tr.*: mettre, habiller en livrée; galonner. -**man**, *n.*: homme qui porte la livrée; (*of the city of London*) notable, électeur municipal, *m.* -**servant**, *n.*: domestique en livrée, *m.* -**stable**, *n.*: écurie de chevaux à louer; pension pour les chevaux, *f.* -**stable-keeper**, *n.*: loueur de chevaux, loueur de voitures, *m.*

li-vid, *adj.*: livide, pâle. -**vidity**, -**vidness**, *n.*: lividité, *f.*

1. **living**, *n.*: (*ecc.*) bénédice, *m.*, cure, *f.*; (*livelihood*) vie, subsistance, existence, *f.*: *for a* —, pour vivre; pour gagner sa vie. 2. **living**, *adj.*: vivant; vif; vivifiant:

while —, de son vivant; the — (n. pl.), les vivants, m. pl.

livre, n.: livre, f.; franc, m.

lixivi-al, -ous, adj.: de lessive, tlixivi-
viel. -ate, tr.: (chem.) lessiver. -um,
n.: lessive, f.

lizard, n.: lézard, m.

lô! interj.: voici, voilà, voyez.

lôach, n.: (ichth.) loche, dormille, f.

lôad, n.: charge, f.; fardeau, m.; (cart-
ful) charretée; quantité, f. 2. load, tr.:
charger, combler. -er, n.: chargeur.
-ing, n.: charge, f.; (com.) chargement,
m.

flôad-smán, n.: pilote, côtier, m. -star,
n.: étoile polaire, f. -stone, n.: aimant,
m.

lôaf, n.: pain, m.: — of bread, pain;
— of sugar, pain de sucre.

2. lôaf, intr.: flâner, badauder. -er, n.:
badaud, oisif, fainéant, m.

lôaf-sugar, n.: sucre en pain, m.

lôam, n.: marne, f.; mélange de terre
glaise et de sable, m. 2. loam, tr.: mar-
ner. -y, adj.: argileux, glaiseux, mar-
neux.

lôan, n.: prêt; emprunt, m. 2. loan,
tr.: prêter. -bank, n.: mont-de-piété,
m. -fund, n.: caisse d'emprunt, f.

lôa-th, adj.: fâché, peiné; be —, avoir
de la répugnance, être fâché; (imp.) ré-
pugner. -the, tr.: haïr; avoir du dé-
goût pour, de l'aversion pour; I — meat,
la viande me répugne. -ther, n.: per-
sonne qui haït, qui a en horreur, qui a du
dégoût pour, f. -thful, adj.: dégoûtant.
-thing, adv.: dégoût, m.; aversion, ré-
pugnance, horreur, f. -thingly, adv.:
à contre-cœur, avec répugnance, avec
dégoût, à regret. 1. f-thly, adj.: odieux,
affreux, dégoûtant. 2. f-thly, adv.: à
regret, à contre-cœur, avec répugnance.
-thness, n.: répugnance, f.; dégoût,
m. -thsome, adj.: dégoûtant; horrible,
odieux. -thsmeness, n.: qualité dé-
goûtante, f.; dégoût, m.

lôb, n.: rustre, lourdaut, butor, m.

2. lôb, tr.: laisser tomber.

lôb-ate, -ated, -bed, adj.: lobé.

lôbby, n.: antichambre, f.; couloir;
(theat.) foyer, m.

lôbe, n.: lobe, m. -d, adj.: lobé.

lôblolly-boy, n.: (nav.) infirmier, m.

lôbsided = lopsided.

lôbstér, n.: homard, m., écrevisse de
mer, f.

lôbule, n.: (anat.) lobule, m.

lô-cal, adj.: local. -cality, n.: localité,
situation, f., endroit, m.; existence, f.
-calisation, n.: localisation, f. -cal-
ise, tr.: localiser. -cally, adv.: loca-
lement. -cate, tr.: placer, établir, fixer.

-câtion, n.: situation, f.; emplacement,
placement, établissement, m.

1. lôch, n.: (geog.) lac, m.

2. lôch, n.: (pharm.) loch, lok, m.

lochín, n.: lochies, f. pl.

1. lôck, n.: (of hair) touffe, mèche, boucle,
f.; (of wool) flocon, m.

2. lôck, n.: serrure, f.; (of a canal) écluse;
(of a fire-arm) platine; (of a pond) bonde;
under — and key, sous clef; —s, cheveux,
f. pl.: boucles de cheveux, f. pl.; double
—, serrure à double tour, f. 3. lock, tr.:
fermer à clef; (print); serrer; (clasp)
serrer, presser; (a canal) écloser: — in,
enfermer, renfermer; — one out, fermer
la porte à quelqu'un; — up, serrer, enfer-
mer, tenir sous clef; (pers.) mettre au
violon, mettre en prison, coffrer; (print.)
serrer; double —, fermer à double tour.

4. lock, intr.: fermer à clef; s'enfer-
mer; (tech.) s'adapter. -age, n.: écluses,
f. pl.; péage d'écluse, m. -chamber,
n.: sas d'écluse, m. -ed-jaw = lock-
jaw. -er, n.: (nav.) parquet; boulin,
m. -et, n.: (jewel) médaillon; fermoir,
m.; agrafe; agrafe de fourreau d'épée, f.

-gate, n.: porte d'écluse, f. -jaw, n.:
tétanos, trismus, m. -keeper, n.: éclu-
sier, m.

lôckram, n.: toile grossière, f.; locre-
nan, m.

lôcksmith, n.: serrurier, m.

logc-môtion, n.: locomotion, f. 1. -mô-
tive, adj.: mobile, locomotif. 2. -mô-
tive, n.: locomotive, f.

lôcust, n.: sauterelle, cigale, locuste, f.;
(bot.) caroubier, m. -tree, n.: faux aca-
cia, robinier, m.

lôde, n.: filon, m.

1. lôdg-e, n.: maisonnette; loge; (of a
stag) reposée; (of wild beasts) tanière;
(of freemasons) loge, f. 2. -e, tr.: loger;
abriter; (deposit) déposer; (throw in)
planter; (a complaint) déposer, porter;
(money) déposer; intr.: loger, se loger;
the ball — ed in a hillock, la balle se logea
dans un tertre. -er, n.: locataire, m. f.

-ing, n.: logis, logement, m.; chambre,
f.; appartement, m.; furnished —s,
chambres garnies, f. pl.; appartement
meublé, m. sing. -ing-house, n.: hôtel
garni; logis, m. -ment, n.: logement;
dépôt, m.

lôf-t, n.: place élevée; étage; grenier,
m. -tily, adv.: haut; (fig.) pompeuse-
ment, fièrement, d'une manière sublime.

-tiness, n.: hauteur, f.; ordre élevé,
m.; fierté; pompe, sublimité, f. -ty,
adj.: haut, élevé, sublime; pompeux, fier,
altier.

lôg, n.: souche, bêche, f.; (nav.) loch, m.

lôga-rithm, n.: logarithme, m. -rith-

- môte(al), -rithmic(al), adj.:** logarithmique.
- lôg-board, n.:** (nav.) table de loch, f.
- bôok, n.:** (nav.) livre de loch; journal de navigation, m. -**ged** = *waterlogged*.
- ger-head, n.:** sot, lourdaud, m., bûche, f.: *fall to —s*, en venir aux mains. -**ger-headed, adj.:** sot, lourd, stupide.
- lô-gic, n.:** logique, f. -**gical, adj.:** logique; de la logique. -**gically, adv.:** logiquement. -**gician, n.:** logicien, m.
- lôgman, n.:** porteur de bois; (in America) bûcheron, m.
- logômachy, n.:** logomachie, f.
- lôgwood, n.:** campêche, bois de campêche, m.
- lôin, n.:** (of meat) longe, f.; —s, (anat.) lombes, reins, m. pl.
- lôiter, intr.:** tarder, traîner, muser; (on the way) s'amuser en chemin; tr.: perdre. -**er, n.:** trainard, musard, flâneur, m. 1. -**ing, n.:** négligence, flânerie, paresse, f. 2. -**ing, adj.:** négligent, fainéant, paresseux, traîneur, lambin. -**ingly, adv.:** en paresseux, en fainéant.
- lôll, intr.:** faire l'indolent, s'étendre, se pencher, s'appuyer; (of the tongue) pendre; tr.: laisser pendre; tirer.
- lôllipop, n.:** sucre d'orge, m.
- lône, adj.:** isolé, solitaire; délaissé. -**liness, n.:** solitude, f.; isolement, m. -**ly, adj.:** solitaire; isolé. -**ness, n.:** solitude, f. -**some, adj.:** solitaire. -**some-ness, n.:** solitude, f.
- lông, adj.:** long; étendu: *be three feet —*, avoir trois pieds de long, être long de trois pieds; *in the — run*, à la longue; a — *time*, longtemps, depuis longtemps, pendant longtemps. 2. **long, adv.:** fort; (of time) longtemps, longuement; depuis longtemps; pendant longtemps; le long de; durant: a — *extended line*, une ligne fort étendue; *how — have you been here?* combien de temps y a-t-il que vous êtes ici? *have you been here —?* y a-t-il longtemps que vous êtes ici? *all night —*, tout le long de la nuit; *ere —*, bientôt, avant peu; — *ago*, il y a longtemps, depuis longtemps; *not — ago*, il n'y a pas longtemps; *all one's life —*, toute sa vie durant; *not — before*, peu de temps avant; *not — after*, peu de temps après; *before —*, avant peu, sous peu, bientôt. 3. **long, intr.:** avoir bien envie; tarder: *I — to go there*, j'ai bien envie (il me tarde) d'y aller; — *for*, soupirer après; avoir un grand désir de.
- longanimity, n.:** longanimité, f.
- lôngboat, n.:** chaloupe, f.
- lônge, n.:** (man.) longe; (fenc.) botte, f. 2. **longe, intr.:** (man.) mettre à la longe; (fenc.) pousser une botte.
- lôngger, adj.:** plus long; *adv.:* plus longtemps; encore: *no —*, (adj.) ne ... pas plus long; (adv.) ne ... plus. 2. -**ger, n.:** personne qui a un grand désir, f.
- lông-established, adj.:** établi depuis longtemps.
- long-èveal, -gevous, adj.:** qui vit longtemps. -**gevity, n.:** longévité, f.
- lông-forgotten, adj.:** oublié depuis longtemps.
- longimetry, n.:** (geom.) longimétrie, f.
- lônging, n.:** désir ardent, m.; envie, passion, f. -**ly, adv.:** avec ardeur; passionnement.
- lôngish, adj.:** passablement long.
- lôngitude, n.:** longitude, f.: — *in*, (nav.) longitude arrivée; — *by account*, longitude estimée; — *by time-keeper*, longitude par le chronomètre; — *by lunar observations*, longitude observée; *board of —*, bureau des longitudes, m. -**tûdinal, adj.:** longitudinal. -**tûdinally, adv.:** longitudinalement.
- lông-logged, adj.:** à longues jambes.
- lived, adj.:** qui vit longtemps, qui dure longtemps, de longue durée. -**lost, adj.:** perdu depuis longtemps. †-**ness, n.:** longueur, f. -**sighted, adj.:** à longue vue; qui a une longue vue; (med.) presbytie: *I am —*, j'ai la vue longue. -**sightedness, n.:** longue vue; presbytie, f. -**sufferance, n.:** patience, indulgence, clémence, f. 2. -**suffering, adj.:** patient, indulgent, plein de longanimité. 2. -**suffering, n.:** longanimité, patience, f. -**ways, -wise, adv.:** en long. -**winded, adj.:** de longue haleine.
- lôo, n.:** (card game) mouche, f.
- lôo-bily, adj.:** niais, nigaud. -**by, n.:** nigaud, niais, sot, m.
- lôof, n.:** (nav.) lof, m. 2. **loof, intr.:** (nav.) venir au lof.
- lôok, intr.:** regarder: — *about*, regarder autour de soi; avoir l'œil ouvert; — *after*, regarder à; chercher; soigner; veiller à; — *at*, regarder; — *away*, détourner ses regards; — *back*, regarder en arrière; (fig.) jeter un regard retrospectif; — *down*, regarder en bas; baisser les yeux; — *for*, chercher; (expect) s'attendre à; — *forward*, regarder devant soi; (fig.) attendre avec impatience; — *forward to*, s'attendre à; — *in*, faire une petite visite, entrer en passant; — *into*, regarder dans; (fig.) examiner; — *on*, regarder; considérer; donner sur; être spectateur; — *over*, regarder par dessus; (fig.) fermer les yeux sur; — *to*, veiller à; avoir soin de; prendre garde à; s'adresser à; — *through*, regarder à travers; parcourir; — *up*, regarder en haut; lever les yeux; relever la tête; (com.)

être en voie de hausse; — *any one up*, aller voir quelqu'un; — *anything up*, chercher quelque chose; — *up to*, regarder; mettre son espoir en; compter sur; se reposer sur; — *down upon any one*, regarder quelqu'un du haut de sa grandeur; — *ill*, avoir mauvaise mine; avoir l'air malade; *that —s ill*, cela a mauvaise apparence; — *well*, avoir bonne mine; avoir l'air bien portant; (*of things*) avoir une belle apparence; — *like*, avoir l'air de; ressembler; être ressemblant; *our house —s on the river*, notre maison donne sur la rivière; — *sharp*, dépêchez-vous; — *out*, être sur ses gardes; avoir l'œil au guet; (*milit.*) être en observation; (*nav.*) être en vigie; — *out of*, regarder par; — *upon*, regarder; considérer. **2. look**, *tr.*: regarder: — *down*, contenir par des regards; dompter par des regards; — *out*, chercher; — *over*, jeter un coup d'œil sur; parcourir des yeux; (*a lesson*) repasser; (*any one's shoulder*) regarder par dessus les épaules; — *any one in the face*, regarder quelqu'un en face. **3. look**, *n.*: regard, air, *m.*: apparence, *f.*; coup d'œil, *m.*: *give a — in*, faire une petite visite; entrer en passant: *good —s*, bonne mine, *f. sing.* — *er*, *n.*: regardant, *m.*: — *on*, spectateur, assistant, *m.* — *ing*, *n.*: action de regarder, *f.*; regard, *m.* — *ing-glass*, *n.*: miroir, *m.*; glace, *f.* — *out*, *n.*: vue, *f.*; guet, *m.*; (*nav.*) découverte, vigie, *f.*: *keep a —*, avoir l'œil au guet.

1. loom, *n.*: métier de tisserand; (*of an oar*) manche, *m.*

2. loom, *tr.*: paraître, se dessiner; (*nav.*) être en mirement. — *gale*, *n.*: (*nav.*) petit vent frais, *m.* — *ing*, *n.*: mirage, *m.*

1. loon, *n.*: coquin, drôle, chenapan.

2. loon, *n.*: (*orn.*) plongeon imbrim, grand plongeon, *m.*

loop, *n.*: nœud overt, *m.*; bride (boutonnière), *f.*; trou, *m.*; ouverture, *f.*; (*chir.*) anse, *f.*; (*tech.*) tenon; nœud coulant, *m.* — *hole*, *n.*: trou, *m.*; ouverture; (*in a ship, in a wall*) meurtrière; (*fig.*) échappatoire, défaite, *f.* — *holed*, *adj.*: troué; à meurtrières.

1. loose, *adj.*: délié, détaché, défait; ample; peu serré; qui n'est pas ferme; (*fig.*) relâché, lâche, vague, peu rigide, décousu, sans liaison; licencieux, libre. **2. loose**, *n.*: liberté, *f.* **3. loose**, *tr.*: détacher; délier; relâcher; délivrer, lâcher. — *ly*, *adv.*: librement; lâchement; négligemment; vaguement; licencieusement. — *n*, *tr.*: détendre, lâcher, relâcher, délier; détacher; défaire; desserrer. — *ness*, *n.*: état desserré; état détendu; relâchement; caractère vague; caractère lâche, *m.*;

licence, *f.*; (*med.*) dévoiement, cours de ventre, *m.* — *strife*, *n.*: (*bot.*) lysimaque, lysimachie, *f.*

1. lop, *tr.*: élaguer, émonder, ébrancher; *intr.*: pendre, dépendre; s'incliner. **2. lop**, *n.*: élagage, ébranchement, *m.* **3. lop**, *adj.*: pendant. — *eared*, *adj.*: à oreilles pendantes; (*of horses*) oreillard. — *per*, *n.*: élagueur, *m.* — *ping*, *n.*: élagage, *m.*; émondes, *f. pl.* — *sided*, *adj.*: s'inclinant d'un côté, biaisé, à fausse équerre.

lo-quacious, *adj.*: loquace. — *quacity*, *n.*: loquacité, *f.*

1. lord, *n.*: seigneur; maître, *m.*: *Our Lord*, notre Seigneur, *m.* **2. lord**, *intr.*: dominer, faire le maître: — *it over any one*, tyranniser quelqu'un. — *like*, *adj.*: de seigneur; noble. — *liness*, *n.*: dignité; hauteur, *f.*; orgueil, *m.* — *ling*, *n.*: petit seigneur, gentilâtre, *m.* — *ly*, *adj.*: de seigneur; noble; arrogant, altier, fier. — *ly*, *adv.*: en seigneur; avec arrogance.

ship, *n.*: pouvoir, *m.*; seigneurie, *f.*

lore, *n.*: savoir, *m.*; science, doctrine, *f.*

loric-ate, *tr.*: enduire. — *ation*, *n.*: action d'enduire, *f.*

lorimer, *n.*: sellier, harnacheur, *m.*

loriot, *n.*: (*orn.*) loriot, *m.*

lo-sable, *adj.*: perdable. — *se* (*pret.*, *part. lost*), *tr.*, *intr.*: perdre: — *any one anything*, faire perdre quelque chose à quelqu'un; — *by*, perdre à; (*in value*) perdre de sa valeur. — *ser*, *n.*: personne qui perd, *f.*; (*at play*) perdant, *m.*

loss, *n.*: perte, *f.*; (*hunt.*) défaut, *m.*: *at a —*, dans l'embarras; embarrassé; (*hunt.*) en défaut.

lot, *n.*: sort, destin, *m.*, destinée; (*quantity*) quantité, grande quantité, *f.*; (*of persons*) tas; (*at a sale*) lot, *m.*; (*com.*) partie, *f.*: *draw —s*, tirer au sort; *by —*, par le sort; au sort. **2. lot**, *tr.*: assigner; lotir.

lote, *n.*: (*bot.*) jujubier; lotus, lotos, *m.*; (*ichth.*) lotte, *f.*

lot-ion, *n.*: lotion, *f.*

lot-tery, *n.*: loterie, *f.* — *ting*, *n.*: (*com.*) lotissement, *m.*

lot-us, — *tos*, *n.*: lotus, *m.*

loud, *adj.*: haut; élevé, éclatant; fort, grand; bruyant: *in a — voice*, à haute voix. — *ly*, *adv.*: haut; fort; hautement, à haute voix; avec grand bruit; d'une manière éclatante. — *ness*, *n.*: force, *f.*; bruit; retentissement, *m.*

1. loun-ge, *intr.*: badauder, flâner; vivre dans la paresse; être couché, être étendu; — *away*, passer en flânant. **2. -ge**, *n.*: (*stroll*) promenade; (*gaît*) démarche nonchalante, *f.*; (*sefa*) chaise longue, *f.* — *ger*, *n.*: badaud, flâneur, *m.* **3. -ging-chair**, *n.*: bergère, *f.*

1. lōn-se (pl. *lice*), *n.*: pou, *m.* **2. -se, tr.**: épouiller. **-sewort**, *n.*: pédiculaire, herbe aux poux, *f.* **-sily**, *adv.*: en pousseux, *m.* **-siness**, *n.*: état pousseux, *m.* **-sy**, *adj.*: pousseux.

lout, *n.*: rustre, benêt, butor, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: benêt, rustre. **-ishly**, *adv.*: en benêt, en rustre.

lōvable, *adj.*: digne d'être aimé; aimable.

lōvage, *n.*: (bot.) angélique à feuilles d'aché, *f.*

1. lōve, *tr.*: aimer, chérir, affectionner.

2. love, *n.*: amour, *m.*; amitié, *f.*; (*term of endearment*) amour, *ami*, *m.*, amie, *f.*: *for* —, par amour; *play for* —, jouer pour rien, pour le plaisir; *be in* —, être amoureux; *be in* — *with*, être amoureux de, être épris de; *make* — *to*, faire la cour à; *fall in* — *with*, devenir amoureux de, devenir épris de; *give her my* —, faites-lui mes amitiés. **-apple**, *n.*: tomate; pomme d'amour, *f.* **-knot**, *n.*: lac d'amour, nœud, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans amour; insensible. **-letter**, *n.*: billet doux, poulet, *m.* **-lies-a-bleeding**, *n.*: (bot.) amarante, *f.* **-lily**, *adv.*: avec amabilité.

-liness, *n.*: amabilité; beauté, nature ravissante, *f.* **-lock**, *n.*: longue boucle (de cheveux), *f.* **-lorn** *ô*, *adj.*: abandonnée de son amant; abandonné de son amante; délaissé. **-ly**, *adj.*: aimable, charmant, séduisant, gracieux, joli, beau; digne d'amour. **-making**, *n.*: cour, *f.*; assiduités, *f. pl.* **-match**, *n.*: mariage d'inclination, *m.* **-potion**, *n.*: philtre, *m.* **lōve-r**, *n.*: amant, *m.*, amante, *f.*; ami, *m.*, amie, *f.*; amoureux; amateur, *m.*

-secret, *n.*: secret d'amour, *m.* **-sick**, *adj.*: malade d'amour. **-song**, *n.*: chanson d'amour, *f.*; romance, *f.* **-suit**, *n.*: cour, *f.*; assiduités, *f. pl.* **-tale**, *n.*: histoire galante, *f.*; roman, *m.* **-thought**, *n.*: pensée d'amour; pensée amoureuse, *f.*

-token, *n.*: gage d'amour, *m.* **-trick**, *n.*: amourette, *f.*

lōving, *adj.*: aimant, affectueux, qui aime; (*of things*) d'amour; affectueux.

-kindness, *n.*: bonté, miséricorde, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: avec amour; tendrement, affectueusement.

1. lōw, *adj.*: bas; peu élevé; profond; petit; faible; commun; vulgaire; (*of fever*) lent; (*in spirits*) abattu: *in a* — *voice*, d'une voix faible; à voix basse; *bring* —, affaiblir. **2. low**, *adv.*: bas; profondément; à voix basse; à bas prix.

3. lōw, *intr.*: beugler, mugir.

lōw-born, *adj.*: de basse naissance.

-bred, *adj.*: mal élevé; vulgaire. **1. -er**, *n.*: état nébuleux; air sombre, *m.* **2. -er**, *adj.*: plus bas; inférieur; (*geog.*) bas.

3. -er, tr.: baisser, abaisser; descendre; (*humiliate*) rabaisser, humilier, ravalier; (*diminish*) diminuer, affaiblir; (*com.*) baisser.

4. lōwer, *intr.*: (*frown*) froncer les sourcils, se refrognier; (*of the weather*) s'assombrir, s'obscurcir, se couvrir; (*fig.*) menacer: *the sky* —, le temps se couvre.

5. lower, *n.*: air sombre, état nébuleux.

1. lōwering, *n.*: abaissement, *m.*; diminution, *f.*

2. lōwer-ing, *adj.*: couvert, sombre; menaçant, refrogné, rechigné: — *look*, air refrogné, *m.*; — *weather*, temps couvert, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'un air refrogné, tristement; d'une manière sombre, menaçante.

lōwermost, **lōwest**, *adj.*: le plus bas.

lōwery, *adj.*: nébuleux, triste; sombre.

lōwing, *n.*: mugissement, beuglement, *m.*

lōw-land, *n.*: pays bas; terrain bas, bas-fond, *m.*; plaine, *f.* **-liness**, *n.*: humilité; bassesse, petitesse, *f.* **1. -ly**, *adj.*: humble; bas, vil. **2. -ly**, *adv.*: humblement, basement.

lōwn, *n.*: vaurien, drôle, *m.*

lōw-ness, *n.*: situation basse; petitesse; profondeur; (*mus.*) gravité; (*weakness*) faiblesse, *f.*; (*of spirits*) abattement, *m.*; (*humility*) humilité; (*vulgarity*) vulgarité, bassesse, *f.*; *the* — *of the price*, le bas prix. **-priced**, *adj.*: à bas prix. **-spirited**, *adj.*: abattu, triste. **-spiritedness**, *n.*: tristesse, mélancolie, *f.*

-water, *n.*: marée basse, *f.*

loxodromic, *adj.*: loxodromique. **-s**, *n. pl.*: loxodromie, *f.*

lōyal, *adj.*: attaché au gouvernement, au souverain, fidèle. **-ist**, *n.*: personne attachée au gouvernement, au souverain, *f.*

-ly, *adv.*: fidèlement. **-ty**, *n.*: attachement au gouvernement, au souverain, *m.*; fidélité, *f.*

lōzenge, *n.*: pastille; (*pharm.*) tablette, pastille; (*geom., her.*) losange, *m.* **-d**, *adj.*: en losange.

lūbber, *n.*: lourdaud, rustre, manant, paltoquet; (*nav.*) marin d'eau douce, *m.*

1. -ly, *adj.*: grossier, maladroit, gauche. **2. -ly**, *adv.*: en lourdaud; grossièrement.

lū-bric, **-brical**, *adj.*: (*slippery*) glissant; (*unsteady*) inconstant; (*lewd*) lubrique. **-bricant**, *n.*: chose qui lubrifie, *f.* **-bricate**, *tr.*: lubrifier; adoucir.

-bricator, *n.*: chose qui lubrifie, qui adoucit, *f.* **-bricity**, *n.*: nature glissante; inconstance; lubricité, *f.* **-brifaction**, **lubrification**, *n.*: lubrification, *f.*

lūce, *n.*: lis; (*ichth.*) brochet, *m.*

lūcent, *adj.*: luisant, brillant.

lūcern, *n.*: (bot.) luzerne, *f.*

- lū-eid**, *adj.*: lucide; lumineux; limpide, transparent. **-eidy**, *adv.*: lucidement, clairement. **-eidness**, **-eidity**, *n.*: transparence, limpidité, lucidité, clarté, *f.*: éclat, *m.* **-eifer**, *n.*: (*astron.*) lucifer, *m.*; (*match*) allumette chimique, *f.* **-eiferian**, *adj.*: de Lucifer. **-eiferous**, *adj.*: qui éclaire.
- lūck**, *n.*: hasard; bonheur, *m.*; fortune, chance, *f.*: *good* —, bonne fortune, *f.*; bonheur, *m.*; *ill* —, mauvaise fortune, *f.*; malheur, *m.*; *by good* —, par bonheur; *by ill* —, par malheur. **-ily**, *adv.*: heureusement, par bonheur. **-iness**, *n.*: bonheur, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: malheureux. **-y**, *adj.*: heureux; (*of things*) heureux, propice, favorable.
- lū-crative**, *adj.*: lucratif. **-cratively**, *adv.*: lucrativement. **-ore**, *n.*: lucre, *m.*
- lūcu-brate**, *intr.*: travailler de nuit, veiller. **-bration**, *n.*: élucubration, *f.* **-bratory**, *adj.*: d'élucubration; nocturne.
- lūculent**, *adj.*: limpide, clair; évident.
- lūdicrons**, *adj.*: plaisant, risible. **-ly**, *adv.*: plaisamment, risiblement. **-ness**, *n.*: plaisant, *m.*; plaisanterie, *f.*
- lūff**, *intr.*: (*nav.*) venir au lof, lofer.
- luff**, *n.*: (*nav.*) lof, *m.*; aulofée, *f.*
- lūg**, *n.*: (*tech.*) oreille, *f.*; (*pop.*) tirage, *m.*; *f.*; fardeau, *m.* **2.lūg**, *tr.*: traîner; tirer; tirailler; *intr.*: (*se*) traîner: — out, tirer, tirer dehors; faire sortir; (*a sword*) dégainer, mettre flamberge au vent. **-gage**, *n.*: bagage; attirail, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: (*nav.*) lougre, chassemarée, *m.*
- lugubrious**, *adj.*: lugubre.
- lūke-warm**, *adj.*: tiède. **-warmly**, *adv.*: tièdement. **-warmness**, *n.*: tièdisme, *f.*
- lūll**, *tr.*: endormir; bercer; assoupir; calmer; *intr.*: se calmer: — to sleep, endormir. **2.lull**, *n.*: chose qui endort, *f.*; calmant, *m.*
- lūl-laby**, *n.*: chanson pour endormir les enfants, *f.* **-ler**, *n.*: personne qui endort par des chants, *f.*; endormeur, *m.* **-ling**, *adj.*: endormant, calmant.
- lūmachel**, *n.*: lumachelle, *f.*
- lūmbago**, *n.*: lumbago, *m.*; courbature, *f.*
- lūmbar**, *adj.*: lombaire.
- lūmber**, *n.*: gros meubles, *m.*; vieilleries, *f. pl.*; rebut, fatras, *m.*; bois de sciage (planches, etc.). **2.lumber**, *tr.*: entasser sans ordre; remplir de fatras.
- 3.lumber**, *intr.*: se traîner lourdement. **-house**, **-room**, *n.*: décharge, *f.*; grenier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: action d'entasser sans ordre, de remplir de fatras, de vieilleries, *f.*; débitage du bois. **-yard**, *n.*: dépôt de bois de sciage (de planches, etc.)
- lūmbical**, *adj.*: lombical.
- lūmi-nary**, *n.*: corps lumineux; luminaire; flambeau, *m.* **-nous**, *adj.*: lumineux. **-nously**, *adv.*: d'une manière lumineuse. **-nousness**, *n.*: propriété lumineuse; clarté; lucidité, *f.*
- lūmp**, *n.*: masse, *f.*; morceau; bloc; monceau, *m.*: — *sugar*, sucre en pain, *m.*; — *of sugar*, morceau de sucre; *in the* —, en gros, en bloc. **2.lump**, *tr.*: mettre en bloc; mettre en masse. **-er**, *n.*: ouvrier déchargeur du port, *m.* **-ing**, *adj.*: gros; pesant. **-ish**, *adj.*: gros, épais, lourd, grossier. **-ishly**, *adv.*: lourdement; grossièrement. **-ishness**, *n.*: lourdeur; grossièreté, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: grumeleux, plein de grumeaux.
- lū-nacy**, *n.*: folie, démence; aliénation mentale, *f.*: *commission of* —, conseil de famille, *m.*; jury d'examen pour cas d'aliénation mentale, *f.* **-nar**, *adj.*: lunaire; en forme de lune. **-narian**, *n.*: habitant de la lune. **-nary**, *n.*: (*bot.*) lunaire, *f.* **-nate**, **-nated**, *adj.*: en demi-lune. **1.-natic**, *adj.*: de fou, d'aliéné. **2.-natic**, *n.*: aliéné, *m.*, aliénée, *f.*; fou, *m.*, folle, *f.* **-nation**, *n.*: lunaison, *f.*
- lūnch**, *n.*: second déjeuner, goûter, lunch, *m.* **2.lunch**, *intr.*: faire son second déjeuner; goûter, luncher. **-cheon**, *n.*: = *1.lunch*.
- lūne**, *n.*: croissant, *m.*, (*geom.*) lunule; (*leash*) laisse, *f.*
- lunette**, *n.*: lunette, *f.*
- lūng**, *n.*: poumon, *m.*; (*of the calf, etc.*) mou, *m.*
- lūnge**, *n.*: (*fenc.*) botte, *f.* **2.lunge**, *intr.*: (*fenc.*) porter une botte. **-d**, *adj.*: pourvu de poumons.
- lūng-grown**, *adj.*: (*med.*) qui a les poumons adhérents à la plèvre. **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pulmonaire; épervière des murailles, *f.*
- lūni-form**, *adj.*: en lune; uniforme. **-solar**, *adj.*: luni-solaire.
- lūnt**, *n.*: (*artil.*) mèche, *f.*
- lūpine**, *n.*: (*bot.*) lupin, *m.*
- lūroh**, *n.*: (*nav.*) embarquée, *f.*; coup de gouvernail, *m.* **2.lurh**, *intr.*: faire des embarquées, s'embarder.
- 3.lurh**, *n.*: (*at tricktrack*) bredouille, partie double, *f.*: *leave in the* —, faire faux bond à; planter là; laisser dans l'embarras. **4.lurh**, *tr.*: tricher.
- 5.lurh**, *intr.*: être caché, être aux aguets. **-er**, *n.*: personne aux aguets, *f.*; (*dog*) chien qui guette et saisit le gibier; glouton, gourmand, *m.*
- lūre**, *n.*: leurre, appât, *m.*; amorce, *f.* **2.lure**, *tr.*: leurrer, amorceur, attirer; (*hawking*) appeler.
- lūrid**, *adj.*: sombre; lugubre.
- lūrk**, *intr.*: être aux aguets; être en em-

buscade; être caché, se tenir caché. -er, n.: personne aux aguets, personne en embuscade, personne qui se cache, f. 1.-ing, adj.: d'embuscade; aux aguets. 2.-ing, n.: aguets, m. pl.; embuscade, f. -ing-place, n.: embuscade; cachette, f. **luscious**, adj.: mielleux, très sucré; très succulent; délicieux. -ly, adv.: avec douceur; délicieusement. -ness, n.: nature très succulente; excessive douceur, f. **lusôrious**, **lûsory**, adj.: amusant. **lûst**, n.: désir, m., convoitise, impudicité, luxure, f. 2.lust, intr.: convoiter; désirer immodérément. **lûster** = lustrer. **lûst-ful**, adj.: convoiteux, impudique, luxurieux. -fully, adv.: avec convoitise, impudiquement; avec luxure. -fulness, n.: convoitise, impudicité, luxure, f. -ily, adv.: vigoureusement. -iness, n.: vigueur, f.; embonpoint, m. †-ing = lûst. -less, adj.: sans vigueur, sans force. **lûs-tral**, **trical**, adj.: lustral. †-trate, tr.: purifier. -trâtion, n.: lustration, f. -tre, n.: (gloss) lustre, brillant; (chandelier) lustre, candélabre; (space of time) lustre; (fig.) éclat, m., splendeur, f. -tring, n.: taffetas, m. -trous, adj.: brillant, lûstré. **lûsty**, adj.: vigoureux, robuste, fort; co-pieux. **lûtanist**, n.: joueur de luth, m. 1.lûte, n.: luth. 2.lûte, n.: (chem.) lut. 3.lute, tr.: luter. **lûte-maker**, n.: luthier, m. 1.Lûtheran, adj.: luthérien. 2.Luth-eran, n.: luthérien, m., luthérienne, f. -ism, n.: luthéranisme, m. **lûthern**, n.: (arch.) lucarne, f. **lûting**, n.: (chem.) lut, m. **lûtist**, n.: joueur de luth, m. **lûx**, -ate, tr.: luxer. -âtion, n.: luxa-tion, f. **lûxû-riance**, **riancey**, n.: exubérance, surabondance, luxuriance, f. -riant, adj.: exubérant, surabondant, fort riche, luxuriant. -riantly, adv.: avec exubé-rance; avec grande abondance. -riate, intr.: croître avec abondance; être en pleine fertilité: — in, se livrer avec abandon à. -rious, adj.: de luxe, somptueux; adonné au luxe; voluptueux, luxurieux. -riously, adv.: avec luxe; somptueusement; voluptueusement; luxu-riusement. -riousness, n.: luxe, m.; luxure, volupté, f. **lûxû-rist**, n.: per-sonne qui aime le luxe, f. **lûxû-ry**, n.: luxe, m.; somptuosité; volupté, luxure, f. **lûcânthropy**, n.: lycanthropie, f.

lûcûsum, n.: lycée, m. **lûchnis**, n.: lychnis, m.; croix de Jérû-salem, f. **lûcopôdium**, n.: (bot.) lycopode, m. **Lûdian**, adj.: lydien. **lûe**, n.: lessive, f. -trough, n.: baquet à lessive, m. 1.lûing, n.: mensonge, m. 2.lying, adj.: menteur; (of things) mensonger. **lûing-in**, n. sing.: couches, f. pl.: — hospital, hospice pour les femmes en cou-ches; hospice de la maternité, m. **lûingly**, adv.: mensongèrement. **lûing-to**, part.: (nav.) en panne. †lûymph, n.: lymph, f. -ate, ated, adj.: fou de peur; fou, furieux. 1.-atic, adj.: lymphatique. 2.-atic, n.: vais-seau lymphatique, m. -e-duot, n.: vais-seau lymphatique, m. **lûnx**, n.: lynx, m. -eyed, adj.: aux yeux de lynx. **lûre**, n.: lyre, f. 1.lûri-c, -cal, adj.: lyrique. 2.-c, n.: ly-rique, poème lyrique, m. -cism, n.: ouvrage lyrique, m. -st, n.: joueur de lyre, m.

M

môm, n.: m, f. 1.Mâb, n.: Mab, reine de fées; saligau-de, f. 2.mâb, intr.: s'habiller négligemment. **macâdamise**, tr.: macadamiser. **maca-rôni**, n.: macaroni; (fop) fat, pe-tit-maitre, m. 1.-rônic, adj.: macaro-nique. 2.-ronic, n.: macaronée, f. -rôon, n.: macaron, m. **macâre**, n.: (sorte de) perroquet, m. -tree, n.: cocotier du Brésil, m. **mâce**, n.: masse, f.; macis, m. -bear-er, n.: massier, bedeau, m. **Macedônian**, adj. or n.: macédo-nien, m., -enne, f. **mâcer-ate**, tr.: amaigrir; macérer. âtion, n.: amaigrissement, m.; macéra-tion, f. **Machiavêlian**, adj.: machiavélique. **Mâchiavelism**, n.: machiavélisme, m. **mâchicôlâtion**, n.: (fort.) mâchicou-lis, m. **mâchi-nal**, adj.: machinal. -nate, tr.: machiner. -nâtion, n.: machination, f. -nator, n.: machinateur, m. **machin-e**, n.: machine; mécanique, f.; instrument; (poet.) merveilleux, m. -e-factory, n.: atelier de construction de machines, m. -made, adj.: fait à la mécanique; à la mécanique. -c-mind-er, n.: surveillant de machine, m. -cry, n.: mécanique, f.; mécanisme, m.; ma-

- chines, *f. pl.*; (*poet.*) merveilleux, *m.* -**ist**, *n.*: machiniste, *m.*
- mackerel**, *n.*: maquereau, *m.*
- mackle**, *n.*: (*print.*) maculature, *f.*
- maele**, *n.*: (*min.*) macle, macre, *f.*
- macro-** (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**cosm**, *n.*: macrocosme, *m.*, etc.
- mactation**, *n.*: immolation, *f.*
- macula**, **macule** (*pl. maculae*), *n.*: tache; (*astron.*) macule, *f.*
- maculate**, *tr.*: tacher, gâter, maculer.
- lation**, *n.*: action de tacher; maculation, *f.*
- 1. mad**, *adj.*: fou, aliéné, en démente, insensé; (*of animals*) enragé, furieux; — *with any one*, furieux contre quelqu'un; — *with pain*, fou de douleur; — *for*, *after*, fou de; *drive* —, faire devenir fou; faire perdre la tête à; *go* —, devenir fou; (*of animals*) devenir enragé; *raving* —, fou à lier, fou furieux. **2. mad**, *tr.*: rendre fou (*or* furieux); *intr.*: être fou.
- madam**, *n.*: madame, *f.*
- mad-apple**, *n.*: (*bot.*) morelle comestible, melongène, *f.* -**brain**, **-brained**, *adj.*: écervelé, timbré, fou. **1. cap**, *n.*: fou, *m.*, folle, *f.*; écervelé, *m.*, écervelée, *f.* **2. cap**, *adj.*: étourdi, écervelé; fou. **-den**, *tr.*: rendre fou; faire devenir fou; faire enrager; *intr.*: devenir fou; tomber en démente. **-dening**, *adj.*: à rendre fou; qui rend fou.
- 1. madder**, *n.*: garance, *f.* **2. madder**, *tr.*: garancer. **-coloured**, *adj.*: garancé. **-dyeing**, *n.*: garantage, *m.* **-dye**, *n.*: garanceur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: garantage, *m.* **-root**, *n.*: alizarin, *m.*; garance, *f.*
- madefaction**, *n.*: madéfaction, *f.* **madefy**, *tr.*: madéfier.
- madéra**, *n.*: vin de Madère, *m.*
- mad-headed**, *adj.*: écervelé; à tête folle. **-house**, *n.*: maison de fous; maison d'aliénés, *f.*; petites-maisons, *f. pl.*: *private* —, maison particulière de fous, d'aliénés, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: follement, fureusement; en fou. **-man**, *n.*: aliéné, insensé, fou, *m.* **-ness**, *n.*: aliénation mentale, démente, fureur, folie; (*of animals*) rage, *f.*
- madonna**, *n.*: madone, *f.*
- madrepore**, *n.*: madrépore, *m.*
- madrier**, *n.*: (*fort.*) madrier, *m.*
- madrigal**, *n.*: madrigal, *m.*
- madwort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) globulaire, alysse, *f.*
- magazine**, *n.*: (*milit.*) magasin, *m.*; (*periodical*) revue; (*nav.*) soute aux poudres, *f.*
- maggot**, *n.*: larve, *f.*; asticot; (*whim*) caprice, *m.*, lubie, quinte, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: véreux; plein de mites, de vers; (*whimsical*) quintoux, capricieux.
- ma-gi**, *n. pl.*: mages, *m. pl.* **1. -gian**, *adj.*: des mages. **2. -gian**, *n.*: mage, *m.* **-gianism**, *n.*: magisme, *m.*
- 1. ma-gic**, *n.*: magie, *f.* **2. -gio**, **-gical**, *adj.*: magique. **-gically**, *adv.*: par magie. **-gician**, *n.*: magicien, *m.*, magicienne, *f.*
- magistèrial**, *adj.*: magistral; de maître; de magistrat. **-ly**, *adv.*: en maître; magistralement. **-ness**, *n.*: ton de maître, ton magistral, *m.*
- magis-tracy**, *n.*: magistrature, *f.* **-tral**, *adj.*: magistral. **1. -trate**, *n.*: magistrat, juge de paix, *m.* **2. -trate**, *adj.*: de magistrat.
- magna-charta**, *n.*: la grande charte; loi fondamentale, *f.*
- mag-nanimity**, *n.*: magnanimité, *f.* **-nanimous**, *adj.*: magnanime. **-nanimously**, *adv.*: magnaniment.
- magnate**, *n.*: magnat; grand, *m.*
- magnèsia**, *n.*: magnésie, *f.* **-n**, *adj.*: magnésien; — *limestone*, magnésium, *m.*
- mag-net**, *n.*: aimant, *m.*; pierre d'aimant, *f.* **1. -netic**, *n.*: aimant, *m.* **2. -netic(al)**, *adj.*: magnétique; aimanté; attractif. **-netically**, *adv.*: par le magnétisme. **-neticalness**, *n.*: propriété magnétique, *f.* **-netics**, *n. pl.*: science du magnétisme, *f.* **-netise**, *tr.*: aimanter; magnétiser; *intr.*: s'aimanter. **-netism**, *n.*: magnétisme, *m.*; puissance attractive, *f.*: *animal* —, magnétisme animal, *m.*
- magni-fic**, **-fical**, *adj.*: magnifique. **-fically**, *adv.*: magnifiquement. **-fice**, *n.*: magnificence, *f.* **-fient**, *adj.*: magnifique, superbe. **-fiently**, *adv.*: magnifiquement. **-fice**, *n.*: grand seigneur, *m.*
- magni-fier**, *n.*: verre grossissant, *m.*; personne qui exalte, *f.*; panégyriste, *m.* **-fy**, *tr.*: magnifier; grossir; exalter; exagérer. **-fying**, *adj.*: qui grossit; exagératif; — *glass*, verre grossissant, *m.*; loupe, *f.*
- magnilo-quence**, *n.*: emphase, *f.*; style pompeux, *m.* **-quent**, *adj.*: emphatique, pompeux.
- magnitude**, *n.*: grandeur; importance, *f.*
- magnolia**, *n.*: (*bot.*) magnolia, magnolier, *m.*
- magpie**, *n.*: pie, *f.*
- mahogany**, *n.*: acajou; bois d'acajou; mahogon, *m.*
- Mahome-dan**, **-tan**, *adj.*: mahométan; *n.*: mahométan, *m.*, mahométane, *f.* **-tanism**, *n.*: mahométisme, *m.*
- maid**, *n.*: vierge; fille, jeune fille; (*servant*) bonne, servante, domestique, fille, (*of an upper class*) demoiselle, *f.*; (*ichth.*) ange de mer, *m.*: — *of all work*, bonne à tout

faire. 1.-**en**, *n.*: fille, jeune fille, demoiselle, *f.* 2.-**en**, *adj.*: de fille, de jeune fille; virginal; de vierge; (*fig.*) pur, neuf, vierge; (*of a speech*) de début: — **name**, nom de demoiselle, *m.*; — **lady**, demoiselle, *f.* -**en-hair**, *n.*: capillaire, *m.* -**en-head**, -**en-hood**, *n.*: virginité, pureté, *f.* -**en-like**, *adj.*: en jeune fille; pudique. -**enliness**, *n.*: tenue de jeune fille; pudeur de jeune fille, *f.* -**enly**, *adj.*: virginal; de jeune fille; modeste, chaste. -**enly**, *adv.*: en jeune fille; modestement, avec pudeur; pudiquement. -**hood**, *n.*: virginité, *f.* -**servant**, *n.*: servante, bonne, *f.*

1.-**mâil**, *n.*: maille: *coat of* —, cotte de maille, *f.* 2.-**mail**, *tr.*: couvrir de mailles, cuirasser; mettre (une cotte de maille).

3.-**mâil**, *n.*: malle, malle-poste, *f.*; lettres (avec la poste), *f. pl.*; courrier, *m.*; (*at the post-office*) dépêche, *f.* 4.-**mail**, *tr.*: expédier; mettre (déposer) à la poste. -**bag**, *n.*: valise, *f.* -**coach**, *n.*: malle-poste, *f.*; courrier, *m.* -**guard**, *n.*: courrier-de la malle, *m.* -**packet**, *n.*: paquebot de poste, *m.* -**train**, *n.*: train-poste, *m.*

1.-**mâim**, *tr.*: estropier, mutiler; (*fig.*) mutiler, tronquer; paralyser. 2.-**maim**, *n.*: perte de l'usage d'un membre; perte; mutilation, *f.*

1.-**mâin**, *adj.*: principal, premier; vaste, grand; important, essentiel. 2.-**main**, *n.*: (*strength*) force, *f.*; (*gross*) gros, principal; (*ocean*) océan; (*continent*) continent, *m.*; (*duet*) grand conduit; (*cock-fight*) combat de coqs, *m.*: *in the* —, pour la plupart; en général; *with might and* —, de toutes ses forces. -**ly**, *adv.*: principalement; puissamment. -**land**, *n.*: continent, *m.* -**mast**, *n.*: grand mât, *m.*

mâinpernable, *adj.*: (*jur.*) recevable à fournir caution. -**or**, *n.*: (*jur.*) caution, *f.*

1.-**mâinprise**, *n.*: mise en liberté sous caution, *f.* 2.-**mainprise**, *tr.*: mettre en liberté sous caution.

mâin-sail, *n.*: grande voile, *f.* -**sheet**, *n.*: écoute de la grande voile. -**spring**, *n.*: ressort principal, grand ressort, *m.*; cause principale, *f.* -**stay**, *n.*: (*nav.*) grand étai; (*fig.*) soutien principal, *m.*

mâinsewâr, *intr.*: se parjurer.

1.-**mâin-tâin**, *tr.*: maintenir, entretenir; soutenir; conserver; (*keep in food, etc.*) entretenir. 2.-**tâin**, *intr.*: maintenir; soutenir. -**tâinable**, *adj.*: qui peut être maintenu; soutenable; tenable. -**tâiner**, *n.*: personne qui maintient, qui conserve, qui soutient, qui nourrit, qui entretient, *f.* **mâin-tenance**, *n.*: maintien, entretien, soutien, *m.*; conser-

vation, *f.*; moyen d'existence, *m.*; (*jur.*) pension alimentaire, *f.*

mâize, *n.*: maïs, blé de Turquie, *m.*

mâjës-tic, -**tical**, *adj.*: majestueux. -**ically**, *adv.*: majestueusement. -**tiolness**, *n.*: air majestueux, *m.* **mâjës-ty**, *n.*: majesté, *f.*: *his, her* —, sa majesté, *f.*

1.-**mâjor**, *adj.*: plus grand; majeur. 2.-**mâjor**, *n.*: (*log.*) majeure; (*jur.*) personne majeure, *f.*; (*of infantry*) chef de bataillon; (*of cavalry*) chef d'escadron, *m.*: — **general**, général de division, lieutenant général, *m.* †-**ât-ion**, *n.*: augmentation, *f.* -**dôm**, *n.*: major-dome, *m.* **mâjôr-ity**, *n.*: majorité, *f.*; (*milit.*) grade de chef de bataillon, d'escadron, *m.* -**general**, see **mâjor**.

1.-**mâke** (*pret.*, *part. made*), *tr.*: faire; façonner; (*render*) rendre; (*force*) faire, forcer, contraindre; (*money*) faire, amasser, gagner; (*a pen*) tailler; (*reach*) gagner, atteindre; (*nav.*) découvrir; (*represent*) représenter; (*fabricate*) inventer: — *free with*, (*pers.*) traiter sans façon; (*things*) ne pas se gêner pour se servir de, pour prendre: — *too free with*, (*pers.*) prendre des libertés avec; (*drink*) prendre trop de; — *account of*, *much of*, faire grand cas de; — *a great deal by*, profiter beaucoup de; tirer beaucoup de profit de; — *nothing by*, ne tirer aucun parti de, aucun profit de; — *out*, (*understand*) venir à bout de comprendre; (*discover the meaning of*) déchiffrer, découvrir; (*furnish*) fournir, produire; (*prove*) établir; (*draw up*) rédiger; (*a bill*) dresser; — *over to*, céder à; transférer à; — *up*, compléter; (*clothes*) façonner; (*a quarrel*) accommoder, arranger; (*accounts*) faire régler, établir; (*supply*) suppléer à, tenir compte de; (*compensate*) dédommager de; (*print*) mettre en pages; — *it up*, se raccommode; — *nothing of*, ne rien comprendre à; (*not to be scrupulous*) ne pas se faire un scrupule de; (*find no difficulty in*) n'avoir aucune difficulté à; *he is not such a fool as you* — *him*, il n'est pas aussi bête que vous le représentez; — *ill*, rendre malade; — *sick*, faire vomir; — *well*, faire bien; (*restore to health*) guérir; *he — a clothes well*, il fait bien les habits; il travaille bien; — *the bed*, faire le lit; — *up a lip*, faire la moue; — *a fool of*, se jouer de; — *a mistake*, se tromper; — *land*, découvrir la terre; — *one's escape*, se sauver; — *angry*, fâcher; — *good*, soutenir, prouver, défendre; — *haste*, se dépêcher, se hâter; — *less*, apaiser, amoindrir; — *ready*, préparer; — *again*, refaire. 2.-**mâke**, *intr.*: (*of the tide*) monter: — *at*, s'avancer sur; courir

sur; s'élancer sur; — *away with*, se défaire de; détruire; — *away with one's self*, se donner la mort, se suicider, se détruire; — *to*, s'avancer à; se rendre à; se diriger vers; — *for*, tendre à; favoriser; (*go to*) aller à, se rendre à; (*sail to*) faire voile pour; — *toward*, se diriger vers; — *as if*, faire semblant de, avoir l'air de; — *up to*, s'approcher de; s'avancer vers; (*fig.*) faire des avances à, faire la cour à; — *up for*, tenir lieu de; suppléer à, dédommager, compenser; — *against*, nuire à; — *nothing in*, ne contribuer en rien à; ne prouver rien en; *this argument —s nothing in his favour*, cet argument ne prouve rien en sa faveur; *this argument —s against his cause*, cet argument nuit à sa cause. 3. **make**, *n.*: construction, fabrique; structure, forme, façon; tournure, *f.* -**bate**, *n.*: brouillon, boutefeau, *m.* -**peace**, *n.*: pacificateur, *m.* **maker**, *n.*: créateur, faiseur, fabricant, *m.* -**up**, *n.*: (*print.*) mettre en pages, *m.* **make-shift**, *n.*: pis-aller; expédient, *m.* -**weight**, *n.*: complément de poids; (*fig.*) remplissage, *m.* **making**, *n.*: création; façon; fabrication; forme, *f.* -**up**, *n.*: (*print.*) mise en pages. **malachite**, *n.*: malachite, *f.* **maladministration**, *n.*: mauvaise administration, maladministration, *f.* **malady**, *n.*: maladie, *f.* **malaga**, *n.*: vin de Malaga, *m.* **malanders**, *n. pl.*: (*vet.*) malandres, *f. pl.* **malapert**, *adj.*: malappris, impertinent. -**ly**, *adv.*: en malappris; impertinemment; avec insolence. -**ness**, *n.*: impertinence, insolence, *f.* **malapropos**, *adv.*: mal à propos. **malària**, *n.*: air malfaisant, *m.*; exhalaison malsaine, *f.* **malconformation**, *n.*: mauvaise conformation, *f.* 1. **malcon-tént**, *n.*: mécontent. 2. -**tént**, -**ténté**, *adj.*: mécontent. -**téntedly**, *adv.*: avec mécontentement. -**téntedness**, *n.*: mécontentement, *m.* 1. **mâle**, *adj.*: mâle; masculin. 2. **male**, *n.*: mâle, *m.* **malec**... = **malc**... **malédiction**, *n.*: malédiction, *f.* -**lefäc-tion**, *n.*: méfait, crime, *m.* -**lefäctor**, *n.*: malfaiteur, criminel, *m.* † -**lëfic**, *adj.*: maléfique. -**lëficience**, *n.*: malfaisance, *f.* -**lëfient**, *adj.*: malfaisant. -**le-practice** = **malpractice**. -**lëvolence**, *n.*: malveillance, *f.* -**lëvolent**, *adj.*: malveillant; (*astrol.*) maléfique. -**lëvolently**, *adv.*: avec malveillance. -**lëfäsanee**, *n.*: (*jur.*) malfaisance, *f.*; méfait, *m.*

mä-lice, *n.*: malice; malveillance; méchanceté; (*jur.*) intention criminelle, *f.*: *bear any one* —, vouloir du mal à quelqu'un; en vouloir à quelqu'un; *with* — *prepenae*, avec préméditation. -**ligious**, *adj.*: malveillant; méchant; (*jur.*) criminel. -**lieiously**, *adv.*: avec malveillance; méchamment; (*jur.*) criminellement. -**lieiousness**, *n.*: malignité, malice, malveillance, *f.* 1. **ma-lign**, *adj.*: malin. 2. -**lign**, *tr.*: diffamer, noircir; maltraiter; nuire à; *intr.*: avoir de la rancune. -**lignancy**, *n.*: malignité, *f.* -**lignant**, *adj.*: malin, méchant; malfaisant; (*med.*) malin. -**lignantly**, *adv.*: malignement, avec malignité; avec méchanceté. -**lignor**, *n.*: personne maligne, *f.*; diffamateur, détracteur, *m.* -**lignity** = **malignancy**. -**lignly** = **malignantly**. **mälkin**, *n.*: balai à laver, écouvillon, (*nav.*) faubert, *m.*; (*pers.*) salope, gaupe, *f.* 1. **mäll**, *n.*: gros maillet, *m.* 2. **mall**, *tr.*: frapper d'un maillet; battre; (*fig.*) tracter. 3. **mäll**, *n.*: (*place*) mail, *m.* **mäl-leable**, *adj.*: malléable. -**leability**, -**leableness**, *n.*: malléabilité, *f.* -**leate**, *tr.*: marteler. -**leätion**, *n.*: action d'étendre à coups de marteau, *f.* -**let**, *n.*: maillet, *m.* **mäl-low(s)**, *n.*: mauve, *f.*: *marsh* —, guimauve, *f.* **mäl-msey**, *n.*: malvoisie, *f.* **malpractice**, *n.*: action illicite; menée; malversation, *f.* **mält**, *n.*: drêche, *f.*; malt, *m.* -**distillery**, *n.*: brasserie, *f.* -**floor**, *n.*: aire de germe, *m.* -**horse**, *n.*: cheval pour broyer la drêche; (*fig.*) lourdard, *m.* -**house**, *n.*: germe, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: maltage, *m.* -**kiln**, *n.*: touraille, *f.*; four à drêche, *m.* -**liquor**, *n.*: boisson d'orge brassée, bière, *f.* -**man**, *n.*: malteur; marchand de drêche, *m.* **maltrëat**, *tr.*: maltraiter, malmenier. -**ment**, *n.*: mauvais traitement, *m.* **mältster** = **maltman**. -**worm**, *n.*: buveur de bière; ivrogne, *m.* **malväceous**, *adj.*: malvacé. **malversätion**, *n.*: malversation, *f.* **mämaluke**, **mämeluke**, *n.*: mameuk, mameuk, *m.* **mämma**, *n.*: maman, mère, *f.* **mäm-mal**, *n.*: mammifère, *m.* -**mälia**, *n. pl.*: mammifères, *m. pl.* -**mälogist**, *n.*: mammalogiste, mammalogiste, *m.* -**mälogy**, *n.*: mammalogie, mammalogie, *f.* -**mary**, *adj.*: mammaire. -**mifer**, *n.*: mammifère, *m.* -**miferous**, *adj.*: mammifère. -**miform** *ö*, *adj.*: mammiforme. -**millary**, *adj.*: mamillaire, *f.*

Māmmōn, *n.*: Mammon, *m.* -*ist*, *n.*: adorateur de Mammon, *m.*

māmmoth, *n.*: mammoth, *m.*

1. **māh** (pl. *mēn*), *n.*: homme, *m.*; (*at chess*) pièce; (*at draughts*) dame, *f.*; pion; (*servant*) domestique, valet; (*workman*) ouvrier, *m.*: *well, my* —! eh bien, mon brave! — *cook*, cuisinier, *m.*; *head* —, chef, *m.*; — *and wife*, mari et femme; —'s *estate*, âge viril, *m.*; virilité, *f.* 2. **man**, *tr.*: garnir d'hommes; (*a ship*) garnir de monde, fournir de monde, de marins; équiper; (*a pump*) armer; (*a prize*) amariner; (*a hawk*) apprivoiser; (*fig.*) fortifier.

mānacle, *tr.*: mettre les menottes à; emmenotter; garotter. -*s*, *n. pl.*: menottes, *f. pl.*

mānag-e, *tr.*: conduire, gouverner, régir, diriger; (*to spare*) ménager; (*com.*) gérer; (*a horse*) traiter, dompter; *intr.*: s'arranger. -*eable*, *adj.*: qui peut être conduit, dirigé, régi; docile; traitable; maniable. -*eableness*, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut être conduit, dirigé, régi; douceur, docilité, *f.* -*ement*, *n.*: conduite, direction, régie, administration, *f.*; gouvernement, *m.*; (*com.*) gestion, *f.*; (*contrivance*) artifice; savoir-faire, *m.* -*er*, *n.*: directeur; gérant; régisseur; chef; (*theat.*) directeur, *m.*: *stage* —, régisseur, *m.* 1. -*ing*, *n.*: gestion, direction, *f.* 2. -*ing*, *adj.*: qui conduit, qui dirige; directeur; gérant: — *man*, gérant; chef, *m.*

mauchinéel, *n.*: mancennillier, *m.*

mānciple, *n.*: pourvoyeur, *m.*

mandāmus, *n.*: mandement, *m.*

mandarin, *n.*: mandarin, *m.*

mān-datary, *n.*: mandataire, *m.* -*date*, *n.*: mandement; mandat; ordre, *m.* -*datory*, *adj.*: qui ordonne; *n.*: mandataire, *m.*

mān-dible, *n.*: mandibule, *f.* -*dibular*, *adj.*: de la mandibule.

māndolin, *n.*: mandoline, *f.*

māndore, *n.*: mandore, *f.*

mandrāgōra, **māndrake**, *n.*: (*bot.*) mandragore, *f.*

māndrel, *n.*: mandrin, *m.*

māndrill, *n.*: (*mam.*) mandrill, *m.*

māndu-cate, *tr.*: mâcher. -*cāſſon*, *n.*: mastication; manducation, *f.*

māne, *n.*: crinière, *f.*

mānēater, *n.*: cannibale, anthropophage, *m.*

mānēd, *adj.*: qui porte une crinière.

mānēge (*g* = *g*), *n.*: manège, *m.*

mānēs, *n. pl.*: mânes, *m. pl.*

mānful, *adj.*: mâle, viril; brave, hardi; digne. -*ly*, *adv.*: en homme; virilement, hardiment, vaillamment; noblement, dignement. -*ness*, *n.*: bravoure, *f.*

manganēse, *n.*: manganèse, *m.*

mānge, *n.*: gale de chien, *f.*

māngel-würzel, *n.*: betterave, *f.*

mānger, *n.*: crèche, mangeoire, *f.*

mānginess, *n.*: état galeux, *m.*

1. **māngle**, *tr.*: déchirer, déchiqueter; mutiler, estropier.

2. **māngle**, *n.*: cylindre au linge, *m.*, calandre, *f.*; (*bot.*) mangle, *m.* 3. **mangle**, *tr.*: calandrer, cylindrer.

1. **māngler**, *n.*: mutilateur, *m.*, -*trice*, *f.*

2. **māngl-er**, *n.*: cylindreur, calandreur, *m.*

-*ing*, *n.*: cylindrage, calandrage, *m.*

māngo, *n.*: mangue, *f.* -*stan*, *n.*: mangousté, *f.* -*tree*, *n.*: manguiier, *m.*

māngrove, *n.*: (*bot.*) mangle, manglier, palétuvier, *m.*

māngy, *adj.*: galeux.

mān-hater, *n.*: misanthrope, *m.* -*hood*, *n.*: virilité, *f.*; âge viril, *m.*: — *suffrage*, suffrage universel.

māni-a, *n.*: folie; rage; manie, *f.* 1. -*ac*, *n.*: fou furieux, *m.*, folle furieuse, *f.*; fou, *m.*, folle, *f.* 2. -*ac*, -*acal*, *adj.*: furieux; fou; enragé.

1. **Manichēan**, *adj.*: des manichéens.

2. **Manichean**, **Mānicheē**, *n.*: manichéen, *m.*, manichéenne, *f.* **māni-cheism**, *n.*: manichéisme, *m.*

māni-chord, -**chōrdon**, *n.*: manichordion, *m.*

1. **māni-fest**, *tr.*: manifester, témoigner, laisser voir; montrer. 2. -**fest**, *adj.*: manifeste, évident. 3. -**fest**, *n.*: (*nav.*)

manifeste, *m.* -**festāſſion**, *n.*: manifestation, *f.* -**ſeſtible**, *adj.*: facile à rendre manifeste. -**festly**, *adv.*: manifestement. -**festness**, *n.*: évidence, *f.*

-**ſeſto**, *n.*: manifeste, *m.*

mānifold, *adj.*: nombreux, en grand nombre; divers; multiple. -**ly**, *adv.*: de diverses manières; diversement. -**ness**, *n.*: multiplicité, *f.*

mānikin, *n.*: bout d'homme; nabot; mannequin, *m.*

mānioc, *n.*: manioc, *m.*

mā-niple, *n.*: manipule, *m.* -**nipular**, *adj.*: manipulateur. -**nipulate**, *tr.*: manipuler. -**nipulāſſion**, *n.*: manipulation, *f.* -**nipulator**, *n.*: manipulateur, *m.*

mān-killer, *n.*: meurtrier, assassin, *m.*

-**kind**, *n.*: genre humain, *m.*; espèce humaine, *f.* -**like**, *adj.*: d'homme; viril; mâle, vigoureux. -**liness**, *n.*: air d'homme; air mâle, *m.*; bravoure; vigueur; dignité, *f.* 1. -**ly**, *adj.*: d'homme; viril; mâle; vigoureux. 2. -**ly**, *adv.*: en homme de cœur; noblement, courageusement; comme un homme. -**midwife**, *n.*: accoucheur, *m.*

mānna, *n.*: manne, *f.*

1. mǎnner, *n.*: manière, *f.*; genre, *m.*; sorte, façon; espèce; coutume; habitude, *f.*: — *s.* mœurs, *f. pl.*; politesse, *f.*; *after the — of*, à la manière de; à la façon de; *the — in which*, la manière dont; *in a —*, en quelque sorte; *have no — s.*, ne savoir pas vivre; *all — of things*, toutes espèces, toutes sortes de choses; *good — s.*, bonnes manières, *f. pl.*; bon ton, *m. sing.*; *ill — s.*, mauvaises manières, *f. pl.*; mauvais ton, *m. sing.* **2. mǎnner**, *tr.*: former aux belles manières, former au bon ton. **-ism**, *n.*: uniformité de manières, *f.*; air maniéré, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: personne maniérée, *f.*; maniériste, *m., f.* **-liness**, *n.*: civilité, *f.* **1.-ly**, *adj.*: poli, civil. **2.-ly**, *adv.*: poliment. **-s**, *n.*: manières polies; mœurs, *f. pl.*; see *manner*.

mǎnnish, *adj.*: d'homme, mâle; hom-masse.

1. mǎnœvr-e, *n.*: manœuvre, *f.* **2.-e**, *tr.*: manœuvrer; *intr.*: faire manœuvrer. **-er**, *n.*: conducteur de manœuvres; tacticien, manœuvrier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: manœuvrant, *m.*; manœuvres, *m. pl.*

mǎn-of-war, *n.*: vaisseau de guerre, *m.*

manô-meter, *n.*: manomètre, *m.* **-métrical**, *adj.*: manométrique.

mǎn-or, *n.*: manoir, *m.*; seigneurie, *f.*

-or-house, **-or-seat**, *n.*: manoir, *m.*

-orial, *adj.*: seigneurial.

man-rope, *n.*: (nav.) tire-veille, *f.*

mǎnsard-roof, *n.*: toit en mansarde, toit brisé, *m.*

mǎn-se, *n.*: ferme, *f.*; presbytère, *m.*

-sion, *n.*: maison seigneuriale, *f.*; hôtel, *m.*, grande maison, *f.*; (fig.) habitation, *f.*; séjour, *m.*

-sion-house, *n.*: hôtel, *m.*, grande maison, *f.*; hôtel du Lord-maire de Londres, *m.*

mǎn-servant, *n.*: domestique, *m.*

-slaughter, *n.*: homicide sans préméditation, par imprudence, *m.* **-slayer**, *n.*: meurtrier, homicide, *m.*

†mǎnsuetude, *n.*: mansuétude, *f.*

mǎn-tel, *n.*: partie horizontale de chambrante de cheminée, *f.* **-tel-et-tilet**, *n.*: mantelet, *m.*

-tel-piece or -tel-shelf, *n.*: chambrante de cheminée, *m.* **-tilla**, *n.*: mantille, *f.* **1.-tle**, *n.*: mante, *f.*; manteau; (*arch.*) manteau; (*her.*) lambrequin; (*fig.*) voile, *m.* **2.-tle**, *tr.*: couvrir; voiler; *intr.*: s'étendre; se répandre; (*revel*) se réjouir; (*rush to the face*) monter à la figure: — *to the view*, s'offrir à la vue; *the mantling bowl*, le bol qui se couvre d'écume. **-tling**, *n.*: (*her.*) manteau, *m.* **-tua**, *n.*: robe de femme, *f.* **-tua-maker**, *n.*: couturière, *f.*

1. mǎnual, *adj.*: manuel, de la main.

2. manual, *n.*: manuel, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: manuellement.

manu-factory, *n.*: manufacture, fabrique; usine, *f.* **-factural**, *adj.*: de manufacture; de fabrique; d'usine; manufacturier.

1.-facture, *n.*: manufacture, fabrique, industrie; industrie manufacturière; fabrication, *f.*: — *s.*, industrie manufacturière, *f.*; produits des manufactures, *m. pl.* **2.-facture**, *tr.*: manufacturer, fabriquer; *intr.*: se livrer à la manufacture, à l'industrie. **-facturer**, *n.*: manufacturier, fabricant; (*workman*) industriel, *m.* **-facturing**, *adj.*: manufacturier; de manufacture; de fabrique; industriel.

manu-mission, *n.*: manumission, *f.*; affranchissement, *m.* **-mit**, *tr.*: affranchir.

ma-nûrable, *adj.*: labourable; qui peut être engraisé, fumé. **1.-nûre**, *n.*: engrais, *m.* **2.-nûre**, *tr.*: engraisser, amender; fumer. **-nûrer**, *n.*: agriculteur qui engraisse les terrains, *m.*

1. mǎnûscript, *n.*: manuscrit, *m.* **2. manûscript**, *adj.*: manuscrit.

1. many mǎny, *adj.*: nombreux; beaucoup de; bien; du, de la, des; plusieurs, maint; plus d'un: — *persons*, beaucoup de personnes; bien des personnes; — *nations*, de nombreuses nations; — *a man*, maint homme; — *a time*, mainte fois; *full — a*, maint; plus d'un; bien des; *as — as*, autant que; *how — ?* combien? *too —*, trop; trop de; *so —*, tant, tant de.

2. many, *n.*: multitude, foule, *f.*; grand nombre, *m.*: *a great —*, beaucoup; un grand nombre; *a very great —*, un très grand nombre; — *think thus*, beaucoup de personnes pensent ainsi. **-cleft**, *adj.*: qui a de nombreuses fissures; multifié.

-coloured, *adj.*: de diverses couleurs; diversement coloré. **-cornered**, *adj.*: qui a plusieurs coins; qui a plusieurs angles; (*geom.*) polygone. **-flowered**, *adj.*: qui a plusieurs fleurs; multiflore.

-headed, *adj.*: qui a plusieurs têtes; à plusieurs têtes. **-language**, *adj.*: de diverses langues, de divers idiomes.

-leaved, *adj.*: à beaucoup de feuilles; (*bot.*) polyphyllé. **-mastered**, *adj.*: soumis à beaucoup de maîtres. **-nationed**, *adj.*: de nations diverses.

-parted, *adj.*: multipartite. **-peopled**, *adj.*: fort peuplé. **-petaled**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) polypétalé. **-sided**, *adj.*: qui a plusieurs côtés; polygone. **-toned**, *adj.*: de divers sons; de sons variés.

-twinkling, *adj.*: étincelant, scintillant. **-valved**, *adj.*: qui a de nombreuses soupapes; (*conch.*) multivalve.

1. mǎp, *n.*: carte; carte géographique; carte de géographie, *f.*: — *of the world*, mappemonde, *f.* **2. map**, *tr.*: dessiner une carte; tracer une carte.

mâple, -tree, n.: érable, *m.*
mâp-pery, -ping, n.: cartographie, *f.*
mâr, tr.: gêter, abîmer; (*fig.*) troubler.
marabôut, n.: marabout, *m.*
marâsmus, n.: (*med.*) marasme, *m.*
marâud, intr.: marauder. **-er, n.:** maraudeur, *m.* **-ing, n.:** maraude; pico-rée, *f.*
maravêdi, n.: (*Spanish coin*) maravédis, *m.*
1.mârble, adj.: de marbre; marbré.
2.marble, n.: marbre, *m.*; (*toy*) bille, chique, *f.* **3.marble, tr.:** marbrer. **-cutter, n.:** marbrier, *m.* **-d, adj.:** marbré. **-hearted, -breasted, adj.:** inexorable; cruel; insensible; à cœur de marbre. **-quarry, n.:** carrière de marbre. **marbrière, f.** **-works, n. pl.:** marbrerie, *f. sing.*
mârbling, n.: marbrure, *f.*
1.mârch, n.: marche; course, *f.*; progrès: *dead* —, marche funèbre, *f.*
2.march, intr.: marcher, se mettre en marche: — *off*, se mettre en marche; plier bagage, s'en aller; — *in*, entrer; — *out*, sortir; — *on*, marcher, avancer; — *back*, retourner; revenir; reculer; — *down*, descendre. **3.march, tr.:** faire marcher; mettre en marche; conduire, diriger: — *off*, mettre en marche; faire décamper; — *out*, faire sortir; — *up*, faire avancer; faire monter; — *down*, faire descendre; — *in*, faire entrer; — *into*, conduire à.
4.mârch, n.: (*esp. in pl.*) frontière, marche, *f.*
5.Mârch, n.: mars, *m.*
mârch-er, n.: (*frontier*) commandant de marche, *m.*
mârching, adj.: marchant, en marche; de marche; *n.:* marche, *f.*
mârchioness -shun-es, n.: marquise, *f.*
mârceid, adj.: maigre, décharné; flétri.
mâre, n.: cavale, jument, *f.*
mâreschal, n.: maréchal, *m.*
mârgarin, n.: margarine, *f.*
mârgarite, n.: perle, *f.*, (*min.*) mica nacré, *m.*
mârgay, n.: (*mam.*) margay, chat-tigre, *m.*
1.mârguin, n.: (*of paper, etc.*) marge, *f.*; (*of a river, a lake, etc.*) bord, *m.* **2.mar-gin, tr.:** border; marginer; marger. **-al, adj.:** de marge; marginal; de bord. **-ated, adj.:** qui a une marge; marginé.
mâr-grave, n.: margrave, *m.* **-grâ-viate, n.:** margraviat, *m.*
mârighold, n.: (*bot.*) souci, *m.*
mâ-rinate, intr.: mariner.
1.ma-rine, adj.: marin, de mer; naval.
2-rine, n.: marine, *f.*; (*milit., nav.*) soldat de marine, *m.* **mâ-riner, n.:** marin, matelot, *m.*

mârish, n.: marais, *m.*
mârital, adj.: marital. **-ly, adv.:** mari-talement.
mâ-ritime, -ritimal, adj.: maritime.
mârjoram, n.: marjolaine, *f.*
1.mâr, n.: marque, *f.*; signe, *m.*; (*at school*) point; (*on the skin*) signe; (*aimed at*) but, blanc, *m.*, cible, *f.*; (*notice*) avis, avertissement, *m.*; (*signature*) marque, *f.*; —, (*reprisal*) marque, lettre de marque, *f.*; —, (*coin*) marc; (*weight*) marc, *m.*; *near the* —, près de la réalité, de la vérité; *over the* —, au-dessus de la réalité, de la vérité; *exagéré*; *under the* —, au-dessous de la réalité, de la vérité. **2.mark, tr. and intr.:** marquer, remarquer; faire attention à. **-er, n.:** marqueur, *m.*; personne qui remarque, qui fait attention, *f.*
1.mârket, n.: marché, *m.*; halle, *f.*; (*com.*) débouché, marché, *m.*, place, *f.*; (*sale*) dé-bit, *m.*, vente; (*pers.*) masse des acheteurs, *f.*; (*price*) cours, prix, *m.*; *in our* —, (*com.*) sur notre place; *find a* — *for*, trouver un débouché pour. **2.market, tr.:** acheter au marché; vendre au marché. **-able, adj.:** propre à la vente, de bonne vente; (*com.*) marchand; (*of price*) courant. **-garden, n.:** marais, jardin maraîcher, *m.* **-gardener, n.:** maraîcher, *m.* **-house, n.:** marché, *m.*; halle, *f.* **-ing, n.:** marché, *m.* **-place, n.:** place du marché, *f.* **-price, -rate, n.:** cours du marché, prix courant, *m.* **-town, n.:** ville à marché, *f.*; bourg, *m.* **-woman, n.:** femme de la halle, *f.*
mârking, n.: action de marquer, *f.*
-sman, n.: tireur; bon tireur, *m.*
1.mâr, n.: marne, *f.* **2.mar, tr.:** mar-ner.
mârline, n.: (*nav.*) merlin, *m.* **-spike, n.:** (*nav.*) épissioir, *m.*
mâr-ling, n.: marnage, *m.* **-pit, n.:** marnière, *f.* **-stone, n.:** marne dure, *f.* **-y, adj.:** marneux.
mârmalade, n.: marmelade, *f.*
mârmôreal, -an, adj.: de marbre.
mârmot, n.: marmotte, *f.*
1.marôon, adj. or n.: marron (de cou-leur), *m.*
2.ma-rôon, n.: marron (nègre fugitif), *m.* **3-roon, tr.:** abandonner sur une île déserte.
mârplot, n.: brouillon, *m.*, brouillonne, *f.*
mârque, n.: marque; lettre de marque, *f.*; *letter of* —, lettre de marque, *f.*
mârquêe, n.: marquise (tente), *f.*
mârquetry, n.: marqueterie, *f.*
mârqui-s, marquess, n.: marquis, *m.* **-ate, n.:** marquisat, *m.*
mâr-rer, n.: personne qui gêne, qui abîme; personne qui trouble, qui dépare, qui dé-truit, *f.*

māriage, *n.*: mariage, *m.*; noce, *f.*; noces, *f. pl.* **-able**, *adj.*: mariable, nubile. **-articles**, *n. pl.*: contrat de mariage, *m.* **-contract**, **-treaty**, *n.*: contrat de mariage, *m.* **-license**, *n.*: dispense de bans, *f.* **-portion**, *n.*: dot, *f.* **-settlement**, *n.*: douaire, *m.*

mārried, *past part.*: marié; (*of things*) conjugal.

1. mārrōw, *n.*: moelle; (*fig.*) essence, *f.* **2. marrow**, *tr.*: remplir de moelle.

-bone, *n.*: os à moelle, *m.*: upon one's —, (*fam.*) à genoux. **-fat**, *n.*: pois carré, *m.* **-less**, *n.*: sans moelle. **-y**, *adj.*: moelleux; médullaire.

mārry, *tr.*: marier; se marier à; épouser; (*fig.*) unir intimement, marier; *intr.*: se marier: — again, se remarier; *be married*, se marier.

mārsh, *n.*: marais, *m.*

1. mārrhal, *n.*: maréchal; (*nav.*) prévôt, *m.* **2. marshal**, *tr.*: ranger, régler, ordonner; placer en ordre. **-(l)er**, *n.*: ordonnateur, régulateur, *m.* **-sea**, *n.*: ancien nom de la prison de Southwark, à Londres. **-ship**, *n.*: dignité de maréchal, *f.*

mār-sh-mallow, *n.*: guimauve, *f.* **-shy**, *adj.*: marécageux; de marais.

mārt, *n.*: marché, entrepôt, *m.*

martelle-tower, *n.*: tour ronde (sur le bord de la mer pour opposer l'invasion du pays), *f.*

mārton, *n.*: (*nam.*) martre, marte, *f.*

mārtial, *adj.*: martial; de guerre, de bataille; militaire; guerrier, belliqueux: — law, code martial, *m.*; — nation, nation guerrière, belliqueuse, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: martialement.

mārtin, *n.*: (*orni.*) martinet, *m.*

mārtinet, *n.*: personne rigide pour la discipline, *f.*; (*orni.*) martinet, *m.*: —s, (*nav.*) martinets, *m. pl.*

mārtingal(e), *n.*: martingale, *f.*

Mārtinmas, *n.*: la St-Martin, *f.*

mārtlet = martinet (*orni.*).

1. mārtyr, *n.*: martyr, *m.*, martyre, *f.* **2. martyr**, *tr.*: martyriser. **-dom**, *n.*: martyre, *m.* **-dōgy**, *n.*: martyrologe, *m.*

1. mārrōl, *n.*: merveille, chose merveilleuse, *f.* **2. marvel**, *intr.*: s'émerveiller, s'étonner: — at, s'émerveiller de; s'étonner de. **-lous**, *adj.*: merveilleux. **-lously**, *adv.*: merveilleusement; à merveille. **-lousness**, *n.*: caractère merveilleux; merveilleux, *m.*

1. mārrōline, *adj.*: mâle; (*gram.*) masculin; hommasse. **2. masculine**, *n.*: masculin: in the —, au masculin. **-ly**, *adv.*: virilement, en homme. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère mâle, *m.*

1. mārrōsh, *n.*: mélange, *m.*; tripotage; (*in breweries*) mélange, fardeau, *m.* **2. mash**,

tr.: écraser, broyer, mêler, mélanger; (*in breweries*) brasser. **-ing**, *n.*: mélange, fardeau, *m.* **-tub**, *n.*: cuve, *f.*; brassin, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: mêlé; mélangé; écrasé; broyé.

1. mārrōsk, *n.*: masque, *m.*; mascarade, *f.*; (*arch.*) mascarón, *m.* **2. mask**, *tr.*: masquer; déguiser; *intr.*: se masquer. **-er**, *n.*: (*pers.*) masque, *m.*

mārrōn, *n.*: maçon, *m.*: master —, maître maçon, *m.*; journeyman —, compagnon, *m.* **-sōnic**, *adj.*: maçonnique. **-sōrry**, *n.*: maçonnerie, *m.*; maçonnerie, *f.*: Free —, franc-maçonnerie, *f.*

1. masquerād-e, *n.*: mascarade, *f.*; masque, *m.* **2. -e**, *intr.*: se masquer; faire une mascarade. **-er**, *n.*: (*pers.*) masque, *m.*

1. mārrōss, *n.*: masse, *f.*; amas, gros, *m.*; (*crowd*) multitude, foule, *f.*: a — of things, une foule de choses. **2. mass**, *tr.*: amasser, assembler.

3. mārrōss, *n.*: (*Cath. rel.*) messe, *f.*: high —, messe haute, grande messe, grand-messe; low —, messe basse, petite messe. **4. mass**, *intr.*: célébrer la messe.

1. mārrōssacr-e, *n.*: massacre, *m.* **2. -e**, *tr.*: massacrer. **-er**, *n.*: massacreur, *m.*

mārrōss-book, *n.*: livre de messe, missel, *m.*

mārrōss-iness, **-iveness**, *n.*: nature massive; solidité, *f.* **-ive**, **-y**, *adj.*: massif, solide. **-ively**, *adv.*: en masse, massivement.

mārrōss-priest, *n.*: prêtre officiant, *m.*

1. mārrōst, *n.*: (*nav.*) mât, *m.*: —s, mâts, *m. pl.*; mât, *f. sing.*; fore —, mât de misaine; main —, grand mât; spare —, mât de rechange; mizen —, mât d'artimon; jury —, mât de fortune; before the —, sur le gaillard d'avant; half — high, à mi-mât. **2. mast**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) mâter.

3. mārrōst, *n.*: (*fruit of the chestnut*) châtaigne, *f.*; marron, *m.*; (*of the oak*) gland, *m.*; (*of the hazel*) noisette; (*of the beech*) faîne, *f.*

mārrōsted, *adj.*: mâté; à ... mât(s).

1. mārrōster, *n.*: maître; (*nav.*) maître d'équipage; (*of clerks*) chef, patron; (*of workmen*) maître, patron, bourgeois; (*of a school*) maître, maître de pension, chef d'institution, maître d'école; (*of a college*) régent; (*of ceremonies*) maître des cérémonies; (*of fêtes*) ordonnateur; (*appellation given to children*) monsieur; (*possessor*) possesseur; messire, *m.*; (*of a merchantman*) capitaine, *m.*: — of arts, maître ès arts; — passion, passion dominante, *f.*: be — of, posséder; être maître de; be thoroughly — of, posséder à fond; savoir à fond; être parfaitement maître de. **2. master**, *tr.*: maîtriser; se rendre maître de; vaincre; l'emporter sur;

venir à bout de; surmonter; dominer; apprendre, posséder. **-builder**, *n.*: entrepreneur; architecte, *m.* **-dom**, *n.*: domination, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: de maître; impérieux; habile. **-hand**, *n.*: main de maître, *f.*: *he is a — at it*, il y est passé maître. **-key**, *n.*: passe-partout, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans maître. **-liness**, *n.*: talent de maître, *m.*; grande habileté, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: de maître; de main de maître; parfait; (*imperious*) impérieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: en maître. **-piece**, *n.*: chef-d'œuvre, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: pouvoir de maître, *m.*; autorité; habileté; supériorité, *f.*; (*office*) fonctions de maître, *f.* *pl.* **-string**, *n.*: corde principale, *f.* **-stroke**, *n.*: coup de maître, *m.* **-touch**, *n.*: coup de maître, *m.*, touche de maître, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: chef-d'œuvre, *m.* **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) impéatoire, *f.* **-y**, *n.*: supériorité, puissance; prééminence; domination, *f.*, empire, *m.*; (*knowledge*) connaissance parfaite, perfection, *f.*

māsthead, *n.*: tête de mât, *f.*

māstic, *n.*: mastic (resin à mâcher). **-gite**, *tr.*: mâcher. **-ātion**, *n.*: mastication, *f.* **-atory**, *n.* and *adj.*: masticatoire, *m.* **māstich** = **māstic**.

māsticot = **massicot**.

māstiff, *n.*: dogue; mâtin, *m.*

māstless, *adj.*: sans mât.

māstlin, *n.*: mâtélin, *m.*

māst-maker, *n.*: mâteur, *m.*

māstodon, *n.*: mastodonte, *m.*

māstoid, *adj.*: (*anat.*) mastoïde, mastoïdien.

1. māt, *n.*: (*of rush*) natte, *f.*; (*of straw*) paillason, *m.* *door—*, paillason, *m.*

2. mat, *tr.*: couvrir de nattes; couvrir de paillasons; natter, tresser.

māadore, *n.*: matadore, *m.*

1. mātch, *n.*: (*combustible substance*) allumette; (*artil.*) mèche; *lucifer—*, allumette chimique, *f.* **2. mātch**, *n.*: (*an equal*) pareil, égal; (*marriage*) mariage, *m.*, alliance, *f.*; (*person to be married*) parti, *m.*; (*contest*) lutte; partie, *f.*; concours, *m.*; (*in sailing, etc.*) course, joute, *f.*; (*in fighting*) combat, *m.*, lutte, *f.*: *be a bad —*, (*of things*) aller mal ensemble; *be a good —*, (*of things*) aller bien ensemble; bien assortir; *make a good —*, faire un bon mariage; épouser un bon parti; *make a bad —*, faire un mauvais mariage; épouser un mauvais parti; *be a — for*, être de taille à; pouvoir le disputer à; *you are not a — for him*, vous n'êtes pas de taille à entrer en lice avec lui, à concourir avec lui; *love—*, mariage d'inclination, *m.*; *prudent —*, mariage de raison, de convenance, *m.* **3. mātch**, *tr.*: (*equal*) égaliser; (*oppose as equal*) tenir tête

à, se mesurer avec; (*proportion*) proportionner; (*marry*) marier, allier, donner en mariage; (*colours, stuffs*) assortir; (*pairs of things*) appairer; (*horses, pictures, etc.*) appareiller; *intr.*: (*be united in marriage*) s'allier, se marier, s'unir; (*correspond*) assortir, s'assortir; (*of pairs of things*) être pareil; être le pendant de. **-able**, *adj.*: comparable; égal.

mātchbox, *n.*: porte-allumettes, *m.*; boîte à allumettes, *f.*

mātchless, *adj.*: incomparable, sans pareil. **-ly**, *adv.*: incomparablement.

-ness, *n.*: état de ce qui est incomparable, *m.*; grande supériorité, *f.*

mātch-look, *n.*: platine à mèche, *f.*; fusil à mèche, *m.* **1.-maker**, *n.*: fabricant d'allumettes, *m.*

2. mātch-maker, *n.*: marieur, *m.*, marieuse, *f.*; faiseur de mariages, *m.*, faiseuse de mariages, *f.*; courtier de mariages, *m.*, courtière de mariages, *f.* **-making**, *n.*: action de faire des mariages, *f.*

mātch-tub, *n.*: (*artil.*) baril à mèches, *m.*

1. mâte, *n.*: (*at chess*) mat, *m.* **2. mate**, *tr.*: mater (aux échecs); confondre; humilier, écraser. **3. mate**, *n.*: camarade, *m.*, *f.*; compagnon, *m.*, compagne, *f.*; (*nav.*) second, aide, contre-maître.

4. mate, *tr.*: (*marry*) marier; (*equal*) égaliser, assortir, appairer; (*oppose*) résister à, s'opposer à, tenir tête à; *intr.*: s'accoupler, s'appairer, s'assortir, se marier. **-less**, *adj.*: sans compagnon, sans compagne.

māter, *n.*: (*anat.*) mère, *f.*; *dura —*, (*anat.*) dure-mère, *f.*; *pia —*, pie-mère, *f.*

1. mātéri-al, *adj.*: matériel; essentiel, important, sensible, considérable. **2.-al**, *n.*: matière; étoffe, *f.*: *—s*, matériaux, *m. pl.*; *raw —*, matière première, *f.* **-alism**, *n.*: matérialisme, *m.* **-alist**, *n.*: matérialiste, *m.* **-ality**, *n.*: matérialité; importance, *f.* **-alise**, *tr.*: matérialiser. **-ally**, *adv.*: matériellement; essentiellement. **-alness**, *n.*: matérialité; (*fig.*) importance, *f.* **-a-medica**, *n.*: matière médicale, *f.*

matērn-al, *adj.*: maternel. **-ally**, *adv.*: maternellement. **-ity**, *n.*: maternité, *f.*

māt-grass, *n.*: nard; roseau des tables, *m.*

māth, *n.*: récolte, *f.*

mathemā-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: mathématique, de mathématique. **-tically**, *adv.*: mathématiquement. **-tician**, *n.*: mathématicien, *m.* **-tics**, *n. pl.*: mathématiques, *f. pl.*

1. mātīn, *adj.*: matinal; du matin. **2. mātīn**, *n.*: matin, *m.* **-al**, *adj.*: matinal. **-g**, *n. pl.*: matines, *f. pl.*

mât-maker, *n.*: nattier, faiseur de paillassons, *m.*
matrass, *n.*: (chem.) matras, *m.*
mâtress = *mattress*.
mâtrice = *matrix*.
matri-cidal, *adj.*: matricide. **mâtri-cide**, *n.*: matricide, *m.*
1. matriou-late, *tr.*: immatriculer.
2.-late, *adj.*: immatriculé. **3.-late**, *n.*: (bot.) matriculaire, *m.* **-lâtion**, *n.*: immatriculation, matricule, *f.* **-lâtion-book**, *n.*: registre matricule, *m.*
matrimônial, *adj.*: conjugal; matrimonial, de mariage. **-ly**, *adv.*: conjugalement.
mâtrimonny, *n.*: mariage, *m.*
mâtrix = *matrice*.
mâ-tron, *n.*: dame, femme; dame respectable, femme respectable; mère; mère de famille; (*jur.*) **†matrone**, *f.* **-tronage**, *n.*: dames, femmes; mères de famille, *f. pl.* **-tronal**, **-tron-like**, *adj.*: respectable; sévère; maternel; de mère; de matrone. **-tronly**, *adj.*: qui tire sur l'âge; d'un certain âge.
matröss, *n.*: (nav.) canonnier servant; (*milit.*) soldat du train, *m.*
mâtte, *n.*: (metal.) matte, *f.*
1. mâtter, *n.*: matière; chose; affaire, *f.*; fond; sujet; (*med.*) pus, *m.*, matière, *f.*; (*jur.*) moyen; (*space of time*) espace de temps, *m.*; (*distance*) distance; (*suit*) cause, *f.*; sujet de plainte, *m.*; (*import*) importance, *f.*: *the — I speak of*, le sujet dont je parle; *it is a very easy —*, c'est une chose bien facile; *in —*, dans le fond; *what is the —?* qu'y a-t-il? de quoi s'agit-il? *nothing*, il n'y a rien; *what is the — with you?* qu'avez-vous? *nothing*, je n'ai rien; *what is the — in hand?* de quoi s'agit-il? *what —?* qu'importe? *no —!* n'importe! *it is no great —*, ce n'est pas grand'chose; *for that —*, *for the — of that*, quant à cela; *in — of*, en fait de.
2. matter, *intr. imp.*: importer: *what —?* qu'importe? *it —*, il importe; *it —* *not*, *it —* *little*, n'importe; il n'importe; peu importe. **-less**, *adj.*: sans matière.
-of-fact, *adj.*: qui se tient aux faits (réalités), sans imagination, *sec.* **-y**, *adj.*: (*med.*) purulent.
mâtting, *n.*: (*of straw*) paillasson, *m.*; (*of rush*) natte, *f.*
mâttock, *n.*: pioche, *f.*
mâttrass, *n.*: matelas, *m.* **-maker**, *n.*: matelassier, *m.*, matelassière, *f.*
matû-rant, *n.*: (*med.*) maturatif, *m.*
1.-rate, *intr.*: mûrir; (*med.*) supputer.
2.-rate, *tr.*: mûrir; (*med.*) faire supputer. **-râtion**, *n.*: maturité; (*med.*) supputation, *m.* **-rative**, *adj.*: qui mûrit; qui fait mûrir; (*med.*) maturatif. **1.-re**,

adj.: mûr. **2.-re**, *tr.*: mûrir, faire mûrir; *intr.*: mûrir; (*com.*) échoir. **-rely**, *adv.*: mûrement. **-reness**, **-rity**, *n.*: maturité; (*of bills*) échéance, *f.*; *come to —*, (*of bills*) échoir.
mât-weed, *n.*: stipe tenace, sparte, *f.*
1. mâudlin, *adj.*: à moitié ivre; (*fig.*) insipide. **2. maudlin**, *n.*: (*bot.*) aigremoine, *f.*
maugre, *adv.*: (*jest.*) malgré, en dépit de.
1. mâul = *mail*. **2. maul**, *tr.*: bâtonner, rosser; rouer de coups.
mâul-stick, *n.*: appui-main (des peintres), *m.*
Maunday-Thursday, *n.*: jeudi saint, jeudi absolu, jeudi de l'absoute, *m.*
mausolé-an, *adj.*: de mausolée. **-um**, *n.*: mausolée, *m.*
mâvis, *n.*: grive, *f.*
mâve, *n.*: (*of birds*) jabot, *m.*; (*of animals*) panse, *f.*
mâvuk, *n.*: larve, lubie; femme malpropre, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: fade, dégoûtant, insipide. **-ishness**, *n.*: fadeur, insipidité, *f.*
mâurmish, *adj.*: nauséabond.
mâv-worm, *n.*: ver intestinal; (*fig.*) tartufe, *m.*
mâxillar-y, *adj.*: maxillaire.
mâxim, *n.*: maxime, *f.* **-monger**, *n.*: débitant de maximes, *m.*
mâximum, *n.*: maximum, *m.*
1. mây (*pret. might*), *v. aux.*: pouvoir: *— be*, peut-être; *that — be*, cela se peut; *he — go*, il peut sortir; *— I!* puissé-je!
2. Mây, *n.*: (*month*) mai, *m.* **3.-may**, *tr.*: cueillir des fleurs le matin du premier mai. **-bloom**, *n.*: aubépine, *f.*; (*fig.*) printemps de la vie, *m.* **-bug**, *n.*: haneton, *m.* **-bush**, *n.*: aubépine, *f.* **-day**, *n.*: premier mai, *m.* **-flower**, *n.*: fleur d'aubépine, *f.* **-game**, *n.*: jeu de mai, jeu de la Saint-Philippe, *m.*
mâyhem, *n.*: (*jur.*) mutilation, *f.*
mây-lady, *n.*: reine de la Saint-Philippe, *f.* **-lord**, *n.*: roi de la Saint-Philippe, *m.* **-morn**, *n.*: (*fig.*) fraîcheur, vigueur, *f.*
mâyor, *n.*: maire, *m.* **-alty**, *n.*: mairie, *f.* **-ess**, *n.*: femme du maire, *f.*
mây-pole, *n.*: mai, arbre du premier mai, *m.*
1. mâze, *n.*: labyrinthe; dédale, (*fig.*) embarras, *m.*, perplexité, *f.* **2. maze**, *tr.*: jeter dans l'embarras; embarrasser; troubler.
maz(o)ûrka, *n.*: maz(o)urka, masourque, *f.*
mâzy, *adj.*: de labyrinthe; (*fig.*) confus; embrouillé.
mê, *pron.*: me, moi: *of —*, *from —*, de moi; *to —*, moi; à moi; me.

- mëad**, *n.*: hydromel; (*meadow*) pré, *m.*, prairie, *f.*
mëador, *n.*: prairie, *f.*, pré, *m.* -**saffron**, *n.*: colchique, *f.* -**sweet**, *n.*: spirée; herbe aux abeilles, reine des prés, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: de pré, de prairie.
mëagre, *adj.*: maigre; pauvre. -**ly**, *adv.*: maigrement; pauvrement. -**ness**, *n.*: maigreur; pauvreté, *f.*
1.mëal, *n.*: repas, *m.*
2.mëal, *n.*: farine, *f.* -**iness**, *n.*: propriété farineuse; (*fruit*) nature cotonneuse, *f.* -**man** (*pl. mealmen*), *n.*: farinier; marchand de farine, *m.*
mëal-time, *n.*: heure du repas, *f.*
mëal-tub, *n.*: farine, huche, *f.*
mëaly, *adj.*: farineux; poudreux, (*fruit*) cotonneux. -**mouthed**, *adj.*: qui a la bouche douceuse; qui a la langue dorée. -**mouthedness**, *n.*: bouche douceuse; langue dorée, *f.* -**tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) viorne commune, bourdaine blanche, *f.*
1.mëan, *adj.*: (*wanting dignity*) bas; (*despicable*) bas, ignoble, méprisable, vil, abject; (*of little value*) médiocre; (*low-minded*) mesquin, commun; (*humble*) pauvre, petit, chétif; (*avaricious*) sordide, avare, regardant; (*middle*) moyen.
2.mëan, *adj.*: moyen; intermédiaire; médiocre. **3.mean**, *n.*: milieu, terme moyen; (*log.*) moyen, terme moyen, *m.*; (*math.*) moyenne proportionnelle, moyenne; (*mediocrity*) médiocrité; -**s** (*sing.*), moyen, *m.*; voie, *f.*; -**s** (*pl.*), moyens, revenus, *m. pl.*; fortune, *f. sing.*: *by -s of*, au moyen de; *by this -s*, par ce moyen; *by some - or other*, de manière ou d'autre; *by all -s*, par tous les moyens; absolument; à toute force; certainement; *by no -s*, par aucun moyen; en aucune manière; aucunement; nullement; *live on one's -s*, vivre de ses revenus, de sa fortune.
4.mëan (*pret.*, part. *meant*), *tr.*: (*signify*) signifier, vouloir dire; (*intend*) se proposer, avoir en vue, vouloir: -*for*, destiner à; *what does that word -?* que veut dire ce mot? *what do you -?* que voulez-vous dire? *I -t that for you*, je vous destinai cela. **5.mean**, *intr.*: avoir l'intention de; se proposer; avoir en vue, vouloir; entendre: -*well to*, vouloir le bien de.
1.mëan-der, *n.*: méandre; dédale, labyrinthe, *m.*; sinuosité, *f.* **2.-der**, *intr.*: serpenter; aller en serpentant; former des sinuosités; *tr.*: faire serpenter. -**der-ing**, **-drian**, **-drous**, **-dry**, *adj.*: qui serpente; qui va en serpentant; onduleux, sinueux.
1.mëaning, *adj.*: significatif; (*pers.*) à intentions: *ill-*, à mauvaises intentions; *well-*, à bonnes intentions, bien

intentionné. **2.meaning**, *n.*: (*signification*) signification, *f.*, sens, *m.*; (*intention*) intention, *f.*, dessein, *m.*; (*thought*) pensée, *f.*: *what is the - of that?* que veut dire cela? que signifie cela? *that is not my -*, ce n'est pas là ce que je veux dire, ce n'est pas là ma pensée; *double-*, double sens; *know the - of anything*, savoir ce que quelque chose signifie, veut dire.

mëan-ly, *adv.*: basement; méprisablement, vilement, abjectement; mesquinement, pauvrement; chétivement; sordidement. -**ness**, *n.*: bassesse, *f.*; caractère méprisable, caractère vil, caractère abject, *m.*; pauvreté; mesquinerie, lésinerie, *f.* -**spirited**, *adj.*: sans cœur; lâche.

mëan-time, **-while**, *adv.*: dans l'interval; en attendant: *in the -*, sur ces entrefaites.

mëas-led, *adj.*: atteint de rougeole; couvert de taches de rougeole. -**les**, *n. pl.*: rougeole, *f. sing.*; (*of swine*) ladrerie, *f.* -**ly**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) couvert de taches de rougeole; (*of swine*) ladre; (*med.*) rubéolique; (*fig.*) misérable.

mëasu-rable, *adj.*: mesurable; (*moderate*) modéré. -**rableness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui est mesurable; mesurabilité, *f.* -**rably**, *adv.*: avec mesure; modérément. **1.-re**, *n.*: mesure; (*of a number*) division, partie aliquote; (*mus., poet., dancing*) mesure; (*fig.*) capacité, *f.*: *the - of my days*, le nombre de mes jours; *take -s*, prendre des mesures; *take legal -s*, avoir recours aux voies légales; *take any one's - for a coat*, prendre la mesure d'un habit à quelqu'un; *in -*, avec mesure; *in a great -*, en grande partie; *in some -*, en quelque sorte; *beyond all -*, without - outre mesure, sans mesure, sans bornes; -*sur mesure*. **2.-re**, *tr.*: mesurer; (*land*) arpenter; (*solids*) métrer; *intr.*: avoir: *this -s ten feet*, ceci a dix pieds de longueur. -**red**, *adj.*: mesuré; égal, uniforme. -**reless**, *adj.*: qui ne peut être mesuré; immense, infini, illimité. -**rement**, *n.*: mesurage, *m.*; mesure, *f.*; (*of land*) arpentage, *m.* -**-rer**, *n.*: mesureur; (*of land*) arpenteur; (*of buildings*) oiseur, *m.* -**-ring**, *n.*: mesurage, *m.*
mëat, *n.*: viande; (*food*) nourriture, *f.*, aliment, *m.*: *roast -*, rôti, *m.*; *boiled -*, bouilli, *m.*; *broken -*, grailon, *m.*; *brown -*, viande noire; *white -*, viande blanche; *butcher's -*, viande de boucherie, grosse viande; *green -*, (*for animals*) vert, *m.*; *that is my - and drink*, c'est ce qui me fait vivre; *force - ball*, antidouillette, *f.*

mëath, *n.*: breuvage, *m.*

meatus, *n.*: (anat.) méat, conduit, *m.*

1. **mechā-nic**, *n.*: mécanicien; artisan, ouvrier, *m.* 2. **-nical**, *adj.*: mécanique; d'ouvrier; d'artisan; de la classe ouvrière; (acting without intelligence) machinal. **-nically**, *adv.*: mécaniquement; (without intelligence) machinalement. **-nicalness**, *n.*: nature mécanique; nature machinale, *f.* **-niçian**, *n.*: mécanicien, *m.* **-nics**, *n. pl.*: mécanique, *f. sing.* **mēcha-nism**, *n.*: mécanisme, *m.*; mécanique, *f.* **mēcha-nist**, *n.*: mécanicien; constructeur de machines, *m.*

mēchlin, *n.*: malines (dentelle), *f.*

mecōnium, *n.*: méconium, *m.*

mē-dal, *n.*: médaille, *f.* **-dallie**, *adj.*: de médaille. **-dallion**, *n.*: médaillon, *m.* **-dallist**, *n.*: médailliste, *m.*

mēdd-e, *intr.*: se mêler des affaires d'autrui: — *with*, toucher à; se mêler de; s'occuper de; intervenir dans; s'immiscer dans. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui se mêle des affaires d'autrui, *f.*; fâcheux; intrigant; fureteur, *m.* **-esome**, *adj.*: dispos à se mêler des affaires d'autrui; officieux; intrigant. **-esomeness**, *n.*: disposition à se mêler des affaires d'autrui; intrigue, *f.* **-ing** = *-esome*. **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière officieuse.

mediaeval **-ē-val**, *adj.*: du moyen âge. **-ism**, *n.*: esprit du moyen âge, *m.*

mē-dial, *adj.*: moyen; (gram.) médial. **-dian**, *adj.*: (anat.) médian. **-diant**, *n.*: (mus.) médiant, *f.* **-diāstinum**, *n.*: (anat.) médiastin, *m.* 1. **-diate**, *intr.*: être médiateur; *tr.*: obtenir par la médiation. 2. **-diate**, *adj.*: médiat, interposé. **-diately**, *adv.*: médiatement. **-diatōn**, *n.*: médiation; entremise; intercession, *f.*; intermédiaire, *m.* **-diatizātion**, *n.*: médiatisation, *f.* **-diatise**, *tr.*: médiatiser. **-diator**, *n.*: médiateur, *m.* **-diatōrial**, **-diatory**, *adj.*: de médiateur. **-diatorship**, *n.*: office de médiateur, *m.* **-diatrix**, *n.*: médiatrice, *f.*

1. **mēdio**, *n.*: (bot.) luzerne, *f.*

2. **mēdi-e**, *adj.*: de médecin, médical. **-cable**, *adj.*: guérissable, curable. **-cal**, *adj.*: médical; de médecin, de médecine: — *man*, médecin, *m.* **-cally**, *adv.*: en médecine; sous le rapport médical. **-ca-ment**, *n.*: médicament, *m.* **-camēntal**, *adj.*: médicamenteux. **-camēntally**, *adv.*: en forme de médicament. **-caster**, *n.*: mégaciste, charlatan, *m.* **-cāte**, *tr.*: donner des propriétés médicales à; (treat with medicine) médicamenter. **-cātion**, *n.*: action de donner des propriétés médicales; action de médicamenter, *f.* **-cinal**, *adj.*: médicinal. **-cinally**, *adv.*: médicalement. **-eine**, *n.*: mé-

decine, *f.*: remède; médicament, *m.* **-eine-chest**, *n.*: droguier, *m.*; pharmacie, *f.*

† **mediety**, *n.*: état mitoyen, *m.*

mēdiēval, etc. = *mediaval*.

mēdi-pere, *adj.*: médiocre. **-perist**, *n.*: personne de talents médiocres, personne médiocre, *f.* **-ōcrity**, *n.*: médiocrité, *f.*

mēdi-tate, *tr.*: méditer; *intr.*: méditer: — *on*, méditer sur; méditer. **-tated**, *adj.*: médité, projeté. **-tātton**, *n.*: méditation, *f.* **-tative**, *adj.*: méditatif; de méditation.

1. **Mediterrā-nean**, **-neous**, *adj.*: méditerranéen: — *sea*, mer méditerranée, *f.* 2. **-nean**, *n.*: Méditerranée, *f.*

mēdium, *n.*: milieu, terme moyen; médium; (log.) moyen terme, moyen, *m.*; (math.) moyenne proportionnelle, moyenne, *f.*; (agent) agent intermédiaire; (means) moyen, intermédiaire, *m.*; voie, entremise, *f.* **circulating** —, agent monétaire, agent de circulation, *m.*; *through the* — *of*, par l'intermédiaire de, par l'entremise de.

mēdlar, *n.*: (fruit) nêfle, *f.*; (tree) nêfler, *m.*

1. **mēdley**, *n.*: mélange, *m.*; bigarrure, *f.*; (mus.) pot-pourri, *m.* 2. **medley**, *adj.*: mêlé, mixte.

mēdulla, *n.*: moelle, *f.* **-r(y)**, *adj.*: de moelle, médullaire.

mēd, *n.*: récompense, *f.*; prix, *m.*

mēck, *adj.*: doux, humble, soumis. **-en**, *tr.*: adoucir. **-eyed**, *adj.*: au regard doux. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec douceur; humblement. **-ness**, *n.*: douceur; humilité, *f.*

mēcr, **-ed** = *mere*, **-d**.

mēerschāum, *n.*: écume de mer, *f.*

1. **mēet** (pret., part. met), *tr.*: rencontrer; faire la rencontre de; (find) trouver, recevoir; (join) joindre, rejoindre; (face) faire face à, affronter; (appear before) se présenter devant; (in society) voir; (a bill) faire honneur à: — *one's engagements*, faire face à ses engagements; *persons met together*, des personnes réunies ensemble; *persons met from all parts*, des personnes réunies, rassemblées de toutes parts. 2. **meet**, *intr.*: se rencontrer; se voir; (assemble) se réunir, s'assembler; (join) se joindre, se rejoindre: — *with* (a person), rencontrer, se trouver avec; (thing) rencontrer, découvrir; (misfortune) éprouver, subir, essayer; (good fortune) éprouver; (kindness, a reception) recevoir.

3. **mēet**, *adj.*: propre, convenable, à propos.

mēet-er, *n.*: personne qui en rencontre une autre, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: rencontre; (interview) entrevue; (assembly) assemblée,

- réunion, *f.*; (*of rivers*) confluent, *m.*, jonction; (*of roads*) jonction, *f.*; (*of dissenters*) office, service, *m.* **-ing-house**, *n.*: maison de réunion, *f.*; (*of dissenters*) temple, *m.*
- mêet-ly**, *adv.*: convenablement, à propos; comme il faut. **-ness**, *n.*: propriété, convenance, *f.*
- mégrim**, *n.*: migraine, *f.*; vertige, *m.*
- 1. mélancholie**, *adj.*: mélancolique, triste. **2. -lic**, *n.*: (*pers.*) mélancolique, hypocondriaque, hypocondre, *m.*, *f.*; (*state*) mélancolie, *f.* **-lily**, *adv.*: mélancoliquement. **-liness**, *n.*: mélancolie, *f.* **1. -ly**, *n.*: hypocondrie, mélancolie, tristesse, *f.* **2. -ly**, *adj.*: hypocondriaque, mélancolique, triste; (*of things*) triste, cruel, lugubre, affligeant.
- mélilot**, *n.*: (*bot.*) mélilot, *m.*
- mélior-ate**, *tr.*: améliorer; *intr.*: s'améliorer. **-ation**, *n.*: amélioration, *f.*
- melli-ferous or -fic**, *adj.*: mellifère.
- fication**, *n.*: mellification, *f.* **-fluence**, *n.*: douceur constante, *f.* **-fluent**, **-fluous**, *adj.*: qui abonde en miel; doux, plein de douceur; suave.
- 1. melleux**, *adj.*: mou; mol; (*fruit*) blet; (*paint.*) moelleux; (*in liquor*) entre deux vins, en train, gai; (*of land*) meuble; (*fig.*) doux, moelleux, mélodieux. **2. mel-low**, *tr.*: mûrir; faire mûrir; (*fruit*) rendre blet; (*paint.*) donner du moelleux à; (*land*) ameublir; (*fig.*) rendre mélodieux, rendre doux; adoucir, amollir; *intr.*: mollir, mûrir; (*fruit*) devenir blet; (*paint.*) prendre du moelleux; (*of land*) devenir meuble; (*fig.*) devenir mélodieux, s'adoucir, s'amollir. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière douce, moelleuse, mélodieuse. **-ness**, *n.*: maturité, *f.*; état d'un fruit blet; (*paint.*) moelleux; état d'un terrain meuble, *m.*; (*fig.*) mollesse, douceur, *f.*, moelleux, *m.*
- me-lodeon**, *n.*: orgue, *m.*; salle de concerts, *f.* **-lôdie**, *adj.*: de mélodie, mélodieux. **-lôdies**, *n.*: traité de mélodies, *f.* **-lôdious**, *adj.*: mélodieux. **-lôdiously**, *adv.*: mélodieusement. **-lôdiousness**, *n.*: mélodie, *f.* **mê-lodise**, *tr.*: rendre mélodieux. **-lodrama**, *n.*: mélodrame, *m.* **mê-lody**, *n.*: mélodie, *f.*
- mêlon**, *n.*: melon, *m.* **-bed**, *n.*: melonnière, *f.*
- mêlt**, *tr.*: fondre, faire fondre; résoudre; (*fig.*) attendrir, fléchir; faire faiblir; *intr.*: fondre, se fondre; se résoudre; (*fig.*) fléchir, faiblir, s'attendrir: — *into tears*, fondre en larmes. **-er**, *n.*: fondeur, *m.* **1. -ing**, *adj.*: qui fond; (*fruit*) fondant; (*of the weather*) étouffant; (*fig.*) attendrissant, touchant. **2. -ing**, *n.*: fusion, *f.*; attendrissement, *m.* **-ing-**
- house**, *n.*: fonderie, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en se fondant; (*fig.*) d'une manière attendrissante. **-ingness**, *n.*: pouvoir de fondre, d'attendrir.
- mêlwel**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) merlus, *m.*; merluiche, *f.*
- mêmber**, *n.*: membre, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: membré; qui a des membres. **-ship**, *n.*: qualité de membre; société, *f.*
- mêm-brane**, *n.*: membrane; (*min.*) couche superficielle, *f.* **-braneous**, **-branous**, **-braniferous**, *adj.*: membraneux.
- memento**, *n.*: souvenir, memento, *m.*
- mémôir mê-môr**, *n.*: mémoire, *m.*
- mémor-able**, *adj.*: mémorable. **-ably**, *adv.*: mémorablement.
- memorandum** (*pl. memoranda, -dums*), *n.*: note, *f.*; (*com.*) bordereau, *m.* **-book**, *n.*: agenda; (*com.*) carnet, *m.*
- 1. mémorial**, *adj.*: propre à conserver le souvenir; commémoratif; de la mémoire.
- 2. memorial**, *n.*: souvenir, *m.*; commémoration; (*note*) note, *f.*, mémoire, *m.*; (*petition*) requête, pétition, demande, *f.*; mémorial, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: auteur d'une requête, d'une demande, auteur de mémoire, pétitionnaire, *m.* **-ise**, *tr.*: présenter une demande à, une requête à; adresser un mémoire à.
- même-rise**, *tr.*: conserver la mémoire de; faire ressouvenir de. **-ry**, *n.*: mémoire, *f.*, souvenir, *m.*: *in — of*, en souvenir de; *to the best of my —*, autant qu'il m'en souvient; *from —*, de mémoire; *within the — of man*, de mémoire d'homme; *good, bad —*, bonne, mauvaise mémoire.
- Mêmphian**, *adj.*: de Memphis; ténébreux.
- mên**, *pl. of man*.
- 1. mên-a-ce**, *n.*: menace, *f.* **2. -ce**, *tr.*: menacer. **-eer**, *n.*: personne qui menace, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: menaçant.
- me-nâge** (*g = s*), *n.*: dressage (des animaux), *m.*; ménagerie, *f.* **-nâgery** (*g = s*), *n.*: ménagerie, *f.*
- 1. mënd**, *tr.*: raccommoder; réparer; (*a pen, pencil*) tailler; (*one's pace*) hâter; (*fig.*) corriger, avancer, réformer, rétablir, améliorer. **2. mend**, *intr.*: se corriger, s'améliorer, se réformer, se rétablir: *my health is —ing*, ma santé se rétablit. **-able**, *adj.*: susceptible de raccommo-dage; susceptible de réparation; réparable; (*fig.*) corrigible.
- men-dâcious**, *adj.*: mensonger; (*pers.*) menteur. **-dacity**, *n.*: mensonge, *m.*; fausseté, *f.*
- mênder**, *n.*: réparateur, raccommodeur, *m.*, raccommodeuse; (*fig.*) personne qui corrige, qui améliore, qui réforme, *f.*, correcteur, *m.*

mendi-cancy, *n.*: mendicité, *f.* 1. **-cant**, *adj.*: mendiant; de mendicité: — *friar*, frère mendiant, moine mendiant, *m.* 2. **-cant**, *n.*: mendiant, *m.*, mendiante, *f.*
mendicity, *n.*: mendicité.

1. **ménial**, *n.*: domestique, *m.*, *f.* 2. **ménial**, *adj.*: domestique, de domestique; (*fig.*) bas, avilissant.

menin-gea, *n. pl.*: (*anat.*) méninges, *f. pl.* **-gitis**, *n.*: méningite, *f.*

meniscus, *n.*: (*opt.*) ménisque, *m.*

mèni-ver, *n.*: petit-gris, *m.*

menology, *n.*: ménologe, *m.*

mènsal, *adj.*: de table.

mèn-sea, *n. pl.*: (*med.*) menstrues, *f. pl.* **-strual**, *adj.*: mensuel; (*med.*) mens-truel.

-struous, *adj.*: menstruel.
-strum, *n.*: dissolvant, †menstrue, *m.*

mèn-sur-able, *adj.*: mesurable. **-abil-ity**, **-ableness**, *n.*: mesurabilité, *f.* **-ation**, *n.*: mesurage, *m.*; mensura-tion, *f.*

mènt-al, *adj.*: mental, intellectuel, mor-al. **-ality**, *n.*: condition mental. **-al-ly**, *adv.*: mentalement, intellectuelle-ment, moralement.

1. **mèn-tion**, *n.*: mention, *f.* 2. **mention**, *tr.*: mentionner, faire mention de; parler de: *do not — it!* n'y faites pas atten-tion! *I am much obliged to you*, je vous suis très obligé; *do not — it*, il n'y a pas de quoi.

mèn-tor, *n.*: mentor, *m.* **-tòrial**, *adj.*: qui renferme des conseils.

me-phitic(al), *adj.*: méphitique. **-phitis**, **mè-phitism**, *n.*: méphitisme, *m.*

†**mè-ra-cious**, *adj.*: pur, fort.

mèrcantile, *adj.*: mercantile, de com-merce: — *establishment*, maison de com-merce, *f.*

mèrcena-rily, *adv.*: mercenairement. **-riness**, *n.*: vénalité, *f.*; caractère mer-cenaire, *m.* 1. **-ry**, *adj.*: mercenaire, vé-nal. 2. **-ry**, *n.*: mercenaire, *m.*, *f.*

mèr-cer, *n.*: mercier, *m.*, mercière, *f.* **-y**, *n.*: mercerie, *f.*

1. **mèr-chandise**, *n.*: marchandise, *f.* 2. **-chandise**, *intr.*: négocier, trafiquer.

1. **-chant**, *n.*: négociant, commerçant, marchand, *m.*, marchande, *f.*: *coal —*, marchand de charbon. 2. **-chant**, *adj.*: commercial; marchand. **-chantable**, *adj.*: marchand: *in a — state*, marchand; en état d'être livré au commerce. **-chant-like**, *adj.*: en négociant, en marchand, en commerçant. **-chant-man**, *n.*: vais-seau marchand, *m.* **-chant-service**, *n.*: marine marchande, *f.* **-chant-ship**, *n.*: vaisseau marchand, navire, *m.*

mèr-ci-ful, *adj.*: miséricordieux, clément; indulgent. **-fully**, *adv.*: miséricordieuse-ment; avec clémence. **-fulness**, *n.*:

miséricorde, clémence, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans miséricorde; sans clémence, cruel, implacable, impitoyable. **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans miséricorde; impitoyablement, sans pitié.

1. **mèrcûri-al**, *adj.*: de Mercure; de mercure; ardent, vif; mercuriel. 2. **-al**, *n.*: (*preparation*) préparation mercurielle; (*fig.*) personne vive, *f.* **-fication**, *n.*: mercurification, *f.*

1. **mèrcu-ry**, *n.*: (*astron., myth.*) Mercure; (*metal.*) mercure, *m.*; (*bot.*) mercuriale; (*fig.*) ardeur, vivacité, *f.* 2. **mercury**, *tr.*: enduire d'une préparation mercurielle.

mè-ry, *n.*: merci, miséricorde; (*com-pas-sion*) compassion; (*clemency*) clémence; (*pardon*) grâce, *f.*, pardon, *m.*: —! grâce! *for —'s sake*, par grâce; *at the — of*, à la merci de; *be at the — of*, être à la discrétion de; *cry —*, demander grâce. **-sent**, *n.*: propitiatoire, *m.*

1. **mère**, *adj.*: pur, simple; fleffé, frane.

2. **mère**, *n.*: lac, *m.*; borne, *f.* †**-d**, *adj.*: de borne, de limite.

mè-re-ly, *adv.*: simplement, seulement, purement; uniquement.

mère-stone, *n.*: borne, limite, *f.*

meretricious, *adj.*: de courtisane; (*fig.*) d'emprunt, faux. **-ly**, *adv.*: en courti-sane, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: conduite de courti-sane, *f.*

mèrgän-ser, *n.*: (*orni.*) harle huppé, harle, *m.*

mèrge, *tr.*: plonger, laisser fondre; éteindre; *intr.*: s'éteindre; se perdre, se fondre: — *into*, se fondre dans; se con-fondre avec.

1. **mèr-idi-an**, *n.*: méridien; midi; (*fig.*) apogée, *m.* 2. **-an**, *adj.*: méridien; de midi; dans son apogée. **-onal**, *adj.*: méridional; du méridien. **-onality**, *n.*: exposition au midi, *f.* **-onally**, *adv.*: dans la direction du midi; au midi.

1. **mèrit**, *n.*: mérite, *m.* 2. **merit**, *tr.*: mériter. **-òrious**, *adj.*: méritoire. **-òri-ously**, *adv.*: méritoirement. **-òrious-ness**, *n.*: mérite, *m.*

mèr-lin, *n.*: (*orni.*) émerillon, *m.*

mèr-lon, *n.*: (*fort.*) merlon, *m.*

mèr-maid, *n.*: sirène, *f.*

mèr-rily, *adv.*: joyeusement, gaîment, avec allégresse. **-riment**, *n.*: gaîté, joie, allégresse, réjouissance, *f.* **-riness**, *n.*: gaieté, joie, allégresse; réjouissance, *f.* 1. **-ry**, *adj.*: joyeux, allègre, gai; plaisant: *make —*, se divertir; être gai; *make — with*, se réjouir de; se divertir de; plaisanter sur.

2. **mèrry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) guigne, *f.*

1. **mèrry-andrew**, *n.*: paillasso, *m.* 2. **-andrew**, *adj.*: de paillasso. **-make**,

intr.: se réjouir, se divertir. **-mak-ing**, *n.*: réjouissance; fête; gaieté, *f.* **-thought**, *n.*: lunette de volaille, *f.*

mërşion, *n.*: immersion, *f.*

mesēmş, *v. imp.*: il me semble.

mesentëric, *adj.*: mésentérique. **mës-entery**, *n.*: (anat.) mésentère, *m.*

1. mësh, *n.*: maille, *f.*; (*of brewers*) marc, *m.*

2. mesh, *tr.*: prendre au filet. **-y**, *adj.*: de mailles, en réseau.

mësial, *adj.*: (anat.) médian; interne.

mëshlin, *n.*: mètre, *m.*

mesmëric, *adj.*: mesmérisme.

mëshmer-ism, *n.*: mesmérisme, *m.* **-ışe**, *tr.*: magnétiser. **-ışer**, *n.*: magnétiseur, *m.*

1. mësş, *n.*: (*dish*) mets, plat, *m.*; (*milit.*) (*of officers*) pension, messe, *f.*; (*of non-commissioned officers*) pension, *f.*; (*of privates*) ordinaire, *m.*; (*nav.*) (*of officers*) table, *f.*; (*of seamen*) plat, *m.*; (*medley*) gâchis, *m.*; (*dirt*) saleté; (*of animals*) ration, *f.*: *be in a —*, être dans le gâchis; être sale; *be in a fine —*, être dans de beaux draps; être dans un bel état; *what a —!* quel gâchis! quelle saleté!

2. mësş, *intr.*: manger; manger ensemble; (*dirt*) faire du gâchis; *tr.*: donner à manger à; (*dirt*) salir: *— together*, être à la même pension; être du même ordinaire; manger à la même gamelle; faire plat ensemble.

mësşage, *n.*: message, *m.* **-şenger**, *n.*: messenger; avant-coureur, *m.*; (*nav.*) tour-nevire, *f.*

Messiah, *n.*: Messie, *m.*

mësşieurs mësh-yërş, *n. pl.*: messieurs, *m. pl.*

mësşmate, *n.*: camarade de pension, d'ordinaire, de gamelle, de table, de plat, *m.*

mësşage, *n.*: maison et dépendances, *f. pl.*

metacâr-pal, *adj.*: métacarpien. **-pus**, *n.*: (anat.) métacarpe, *m.*

mêtage, *n.*: mesurage de la houille; prix de ce mesurage, *m.*

mêtal, *n.*: métal; (*for roads*) cailloutis, empierrement; (*fig.*) courage, cœur, *m.*

-bed, *n.*: encaissement de route, *m.*

metalëp-sis, *n.*: (*rhet.*) métalèpse, *f.* **-tic**, *adj.*: de métalèpse. **-tically**, *adv.*: par métalèpse.

mêtal-lëd, *adj.*: (*of roads*) empierré, en empierrement; ferré, caillouté. **mêtal-lic(al)**, *adj.*: métallique. **-liferous**, *adj.*: métallifère. **-list**, *n.*: ouvrier en métaux; métallurgiste, *m.*

-lişat-ion, *n.*: métallisation, *f.* **-lişe**, *tr.*: métalliser. **-lôgraphy**, *n.*: métallographie, *f.*

-lûrgic(al), *adj.*: métallurgique. **-lûrgist**, *n.*: métallurgiste, *m.* **-lûrgy**,

n.: métallurgie, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: ouvrier en métaux, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: argile schisteuse, *f.*

metamôr-phose, *tr.*: métamorphoser. **-phosis**, *n.*: métamorphose, *f.*

mêta-phor, *n.*: métaphore, *f.* **-phôr-ic(al)**, *adj.*: métaphorique. **-phôr-ical-ly**, *adv.*: métaphoriquement. **-phorist**,

n.: personne qui emploie la métaphore, *f.*

mê-taphraşe, **-tâphrasis**, *n.*: métaphrase, *f.*

metaphÿs-ic(al), *adj.*: métaphysique. **-ically**, *adv.*: métaphysiquement. **-ics**,

n. pl.: métaphysique, *f. sing.*

mêtaplasm, *n.*: (*gram.*) métaplasme, *m.*

metâstasis, *n.*: (*med.*) métastase, *f.*

metatâr-sal, *adj.*: métatarsien. **-sus**, *n.*: (anat.) métatarse, *m.*

metâthesis, *n.*: (*gram.*) métathèse, *f.*

1. mête, *tr.*: mesurer. **2. mête**, *n.*: mesure, *f.*

metêmpsy-chose, *tr.*: faire subir la métémpsychose à. **-chôsis**, *n.*: métémpsychose, *f.*

mête-or, *n.*: météore, *m.* **-ôric**, *adj.*: météorique. **-ôr-ite**, **-teor-ite**, *n.*: météorolithe, aérolithe, *m.*

-orôlogic(al), *adj.*: météorologique. **-orôlogy**, *n.*: météorologie, *f.* **mête-ôrous**, *adj.*: de météore.

1. mêter, *n.*: mesureur, *m.* **2. meter** = *mètre*.

mête-stick, *n.*: (*nav.*) niveau, *m.*

methëglin, *n.*: hydromel, *m.*

methinks (*pret. methought*), *v. imp.*: il me semble.

mêth-od, *n.*: méthode; manière; voie, *f.*; moyen; ordre, *m.* **-ôdic(al)**, *adj.*: méthodique. **-ôdically**, *adv.*: méthodiquement.

-ôdism, *n.*: méthodisme, *m.* **-ôdist**, *n.*: méthodiste, *m.*, *f.* **-ôdistic**, *adj.*: méthodiste. **-ôdişe**, *tr.*: donner de la méthode à; ranger, régler.

methought-thât, *v. imp.*: il me semblait.

me-tonÿmic, **-tonÿmical**, *adj.*: employé par métonymie. **-tonÿmically**, *adv.*: par métonymie. **-tônymy**, *n.*: métonymie, *f.*

mêtope, *n.*: (*arch.*) métope, *f.*

meto-psôscopical, *adj.*: métoposcopique. **-pôscopy**, *n.*: métoposcopie, *f.*

mètre, *n.*: (*measure*) mètre; (*poet.*) vers, *m.*, mesure, *f.*

mêtrical, *adj.*: métrique; en vers, de mesure. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'après le système métrique; d'une manière métrique, en vers.

metrôlogy, *n.*: métrologie, *f.*

metronôme, *n.*: métronome, *m.*

metrô-polis, *n.*: capitale, métropole, *f.*

1. pôlitan, *adj.*: de la capitale; métropolitain. **2. politan**, *n.*: métropolitain, *m.*

mettle, *n.*: fougue, ardeur, *f.*; (*fig.*) courage, cœur, *m.* -**d**, *adj.*: vif, ardent; fougueux; courageux. -**some**, *adj.*: fougueux, ardent; vif. -**somely**, *adv.*: avec ardeur, avec fougue. -**someness**, *n.*: fougue, ardeur, *f.*

1. **mew**, *n.*: (*orni.*) mouette.

2. **mew**, *intr.*: (*moult*) mouer; changer; (*shut up*) enfermer. 3. **mew**, *n.*: (*cage*) mue, cage; prison, *f.*: -**s**, écuries, *f. pl.*

4. **mew**, *intr.*: (*of cats*) miauler. 5. **mew**, 1. **ing**, *n.*: miaulement, *m.*

2. **mewing**, *n.*: (*moult*) mue, *f.*

mewl, *intr.*: vagir, pousser des vagissements. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui pousse des vagissements, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: vagissement, *m.*

mèzereon, *n.*: (*bot.*) mizeréon, bois gentil, *m.*

mëzzanine, *n.*: (*arch.*) mezzanine, *f.*

mezzo-relievo *mëdzô-relyëvô*, *n.*: demi-relief, *m.* -**tint**, -**tinto**, *n.*: mezzotinto, *m.*; gravure à la manière noire, *f.*

miasm or **miasma**, *n.*: miasme, *m.*

mi-ca, *n.*: (*min.*) mica, *m.* -**cacous**, *adj.*: (*min.*) micacé.

mice, *pl. of mouse*.

Michaelmas, *n.*: la Saint-Michel, *f.*; — **day**, la Saint-Michel.

mic-h-e, *intr.*: dérober, voler; se cacher. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui se cache, *f.*, truant, vaurien, voleur, *m.*

mickle, *adj.*: beaucoup.

mi-cro ... or **micrô** ... (in words much like corresponding French words, as):

-**crobe**, *n.*: microbe, *f.* -**cröbian** *micrô* -, -**cröbie**, *adj.*: de microbes.

-**cröbion** = -**crobe**. -**crocozm**, *n.*: microcosme, *m.* -**crömeter**, *n.*: micro-

mètre, *m.* -**croscope**, *n.*: microscope, *m.* -**croscöpic(al)**, *adj.*: microscopique.

-**croscöpically**, *adv.*: au microscope, etc.

mid, *adj.*: du milieu; moyen; intérieur.

-**age**, *n.*: âge moyen, *m.* -**course**, *n.*: milieu du chemin; milieu, *m.* 1. -**day**, *n.*: midi, *m.* 2. -**day**, *adj.*: de midi. 1. -**dle**, *n.*: milieu, centre, *m.* 2. -**dle**, *adj.*: du milieu,

du centre; central; (*middling*) médiocre; moyen. -**dle-aged**, *adj.*: d'âge moyen;

entre deux âges. -**dle-age**, *adj.*: du moyen-âge. -**dle-ages**, *n. pl.*: moyen-âge, *m. sing.* -**dle-sized**, *adj.*: de taille médiocre. -**dleman**, *n.*: principal loca-

taire; intermédiaire, *m.* -**dlemost**, *adj.*: le plus au milieu; central. -**dling**, *adj.*: médiocre, moyen; passable; (*com.*) bon,

ordinaire. -**dlingly**, *adv.*: passablement; médiocrement; moyennement.

-**heaven**, *n.*: milieu du ciel, *m.* -**land**, *adj.*: méditerrané, intérieur. -**leg**, *n.*: mi-jambe, *f.* -**lent**, *n.*: mi-carême, *f.*

-**most**, *adj.*: au milieu, au centre; central. -**night**, *n.*: minuit, *m.* -**rib**, *n.*: (*bot.*) nervure médiane, *f.* -**riff**, *n.*: (*anat.*) diaphragme, *m.* -**sea**, *n.*: pleine mer, *f.*; milieu de la mer, *m.*

-**ship**, *n.*: (*nav.*) milieu du vaisseau, *m.*: — **frame**, (*nav.*) maître couple, *m.*; —

-**beam**, maître bau, *m.* -**shipman**, *n.*: aspirant de marine, élève de marine; enseigne de marine, *m.* -**ships**, *adv.*: (*nav.*) par de travers. 1. -**st**, *n.*: milieu;

fort, *m.* 2. -**st**, *adv.*: au milieu, parmi.

-**stream**, *n.*: milieu du courant; milieu du fleuve, *m.* -**summer**, *n.*: milieu de l'été, *m.*; la Saint-Jean, *f.*; — **day**, la Saint-Jean.

-**watch**, *n.*: milieu de la veillée, *m.* 1. -**way**, *n.*: milieu du chemin; milieu, *m.* 2. -**way**, *adj.*: à mi-

chemin. 3. -**way**, *adv.*: à mi-chemin; à moitié chemin.

1. **mid-wife**, *n.*: sage-femme, accoucheuse, *f.* 2. **wife**, *intr.*: remplir l'office d'accoucheuse. -**wifery**, *n.*: art des accouchements, *m.*; assistance d'accoucheuse; obstétrique, *f.*

mid-winter, *n.*: cœur de l'hiver, *m.* -**wood**, *n.*: milieu du bois, des bois, *m.*

mien, *n.*: mine, *f.*; air, *m.*

miff, *n.*: bouderie, fâcherie, brouillerie, brouille, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: fâché, brouillé.

might, *n.*: puissance, force, *f.*: **with** — **and main**, à corps perdu; de toutes ses forces. -**ily**, *adv.*: fortement, vigou-

reusement, grandement, puissamment.

-**iness**, *n.*: grandeur, puissance, *f.* 1. -**y**, *adj.*: fort, puissant, vigoureux; vaste;

grand, important. 2. -**y**, *adv.*: fort, très, bien.

mignonette *mî'n-yün-ët*, *n.*: (*bot.*) réséda, *m.*

mi-grate, *intr.*: faire une migration; émigrer. -**grätion**, *n.*: migration, *f.* -**gratory**, *adj.*: émigrant; nomade; migra-

toire; — **birds**, oiseaux voyageurs.

milch, *adj.*: à lait, laitière. — **cow**, vache laitière, vache à lait, *f.*

mild, *adj.*: doux; (*of drink*) léger.

1. **mildew** -**dy**, *n.*: tache d'humidité, *f.*; (*on plants*) blanc, *m.*, rouille, *f.* 2. **mildew**, *tr.*: frapper de blanc, de rouille;

gâter par l'humidité; souiller. -**ed**, *adj.*: gâté par la rouille, par l'humidité.

mild-ly, *adv.*: doucement; modérément.

-**ness**, *n.*: douceur, *f.*

mille, *n.*: mille, *m.*; -**age**, *n.*: prix par mille; péage par mille, *m.* -**post**,

-**stone**, *n.*: borne milliaire, *f.*

milfoil, *n.*: achillée; mille-feuille, *f.*

mi-liary, *adj.*: (*med.*) milliaire. -**litant**, *adj.*: militant; qui combat. -**litarily**, *adv.*: militairement. 1. -**litary**, *adj.*: militaire. 2. -**litary**, *n.*: militaires, *m.*

pl.; militaire, *m. sing.*; troupe; armée, *f. -litate*, *intr.*: militer. *-litta*, *n.*: milice, *f.*

1. *milk*, *n.*: lait, *m.* 2. *milk*, *tr.*: traire. *-diet*, *n.*: régime de laitage, *m.* *-en*, *adj.*: laiteux. *-er*, *n.*: personne qui traite, *f.* *-fever*, *n.*: fièvre de lait, *f.* *-iness*, *n.*: nature laiteuse; (*fig.*) douceur, *f.* *-livered*, *adj.*: qui a du lait dans les veines; lâche, poltron. *-maid*, *n.*: laitière, fille de laiterie, *f.* *-man*, *n.*: laitier, *m.* *-pail*, *n.*: seau à lait, *m.* *-pan*, *n.*: jatte à lait, *f.* *-porridge*, *n.*: potage, *n.*: soupe au lait, *f.* *-pot*, *n.*: pot à lait, *m.* *-sop*, *n.*: (*pers.*) poule mouillée, *f.* *-tooth*, *n.*: dent de lait, *f.* *-van*, *n.*: wagon à lait, *m.* *-white*, *adj.*: blanc comme le lait. *-woman*, *n.*: laitière, *f.* *-wort*, *n.*: (*bot.*) euphorbe, *f.* *-y*, *adj.*: laiteux, doux. *-y-way*, *n.*: voie lactée, *f.*

1. *mill*, *n.*: (*Am.*) le millième d'un dollar (= un demi centime), *m.*

2. *mill*, *n.*: moulin, *m.*; (*factory*) filature, manufacture, fabrique, usine, *f.*; (*coin.*) moulinet, *m.*; (*of cloth.*) croisure, *f.*: *bring grist to the —*, faire venir l'eau au moulin. 3. *mill*, *tr.*: moudre; (*full*) fouler; (*coin.*) fabriquer au moulinet; (*chocolate*) faire mousser; (*pop.*) donner une volée de coups de poing. *-bar*, *n.*: barre laminée, *f.* *-board*, *n.*: carton, *m.* *-board-maker*, *n.*: cartonnier, *m.* *-course*, *n.*: coursier, biez, *m.* *-dam*, *n.*: barrage de moulin, *m.* *-dust*, *n.*: folle farine, *f.* *-ed*, *adj.*: foulé; *double—*, cuir de laine; croisé.

1. *millénarian*, *n.*: millénaire, *m.* 2. *millenarian*, *adj.*: de mille ans; du millénaire.

millenary, *adj.*: millénaire, du millénaire.

millén-ial, *adj.*: millénaire, du millénaire. *-ium*, *n.*: millénaire, (les mille ans avant le jugement dernier), *m.*

millepede, *n.*: mille-pieds; myriapode, *m.* *millepore*, *n.*: millepore, *m.*

miller, *n.*: meunier, *m.*: *—'s wife*, meunière, *f.* *-s-thumb*, *n.*: (*ichth.*) meunier, chabot, *m.*

millésimal, *adj.*: (*arith.*) de millième.

millet, *-grass*, *n.*: (*bot.*) millet, mil, *m.*

mill-handle, *n.*: queue de moulin à bras, *f.* *-hopper*, *n.*: trémie, *f.* *-horse*, *n.*: cheval de moulin, *m.* *-house*, *n.*: maison du moulin, *f.*; atelier des meules, *m.*

milli- [*Lat.* '1000']: *-ard* or *miliard*, *n.*: milliard, billion, *m.* *-ary*, *adj.*: milliaire. *-gram*, *n.*: milligramme, *m.* *-lître*, *n.*: millilitre, *m.* *-mètre*, *n.*: millimètre, *m.*

milliner, *n.*: marchande de modes; modiste, *f.*: *man—*, marchand de modes; modiste, *m.* *-y*, *n. sing.*: modes (parures de femmes), *f. pl.*

million, *n.*: million, *m.* *-ary*, *adj.*: de millions, par millions. *-(n)aire*, *n.*: millionnaire, *m.* 1. *-th*, *adj.*: millionième. 2. *-th*, *n.*: millionième, *m.*

mill-moth, *n.*: (*ent.*) blatte, *f.* *-owner*, *n.*: propriétaire de moulin; chef de fabrique, manufacturier, *m.* *-race*, *see -course*. *-stone*, *n.*: meule de moulin, *f.*; (*fig.*) poids, *m.*, charge; (*min.*) pierre meulière; meulière, *f.*: *have a — about one's neck*, avoir un poids sur les épaules; avoir la corde au cou. *-tooth*, *n.*: den; molaire, *f.* *-wright*, *n.*: constructeur de moulins, *m.*

1. *milt*, *n.*: rate, *f.*

2. *milt*, *n.*: (*of fishes*) laite, laitance, *f.*

3. *milt*, *intr.*: (*ichth.*) féconder. *-er*, *n.*: poisson laité, *m.*

mimetic(al), *adj.*: d'imitation.

1. *mimic*, *-al*, *adj.*: imitateur; (*of things*) imitatif, mimique. 2. *mimic*, *n.*: mime, imitateur, *m.* 3. *mimic*, *tr.*: contre-faire, imiter; mimer. *-king*, *-ry*, *n.*: mimique, imitation, *f.*

minacious, *adj.*: menaçant; comminatoire.

minaret, *n.*: minaret, *m.*

minatory, *adj.*: menaçant, comminatoire.

min-ee, *tr.*: hacher menu; (*meat*) émincer; (*fig.*) atténuer, adoucir: *not to — the matter*, ne pas mâcher ce qu'on pense; ne pas le mâcher; — *one's words*, manger ses mots. 2. *-ee*, *intr.*: (*in walking*) marcher à petits pas affectés; (*in speaking*) parler avec une délicatesse affectée; minauder. *-ee(d)-meat*, *n.*: hachis, *m.* *-ee(d)-pie*, *n.*: pâté de fruits et de viande hachés, *m.* *-eing*, *adj.*: affecté, minaudier. *-eing-knife*, *n.*: hachoir, *m.* *-eingly*, *adv.*: en petits morceaux; (*fig.*) avec minauderie.

1. *mind*, *n.*: (*understanding*) esprit, *m.*, intelligence; (*intention*) intention; (*inclination*) envie, *f.*, désir, *m.*; (*opinion*) opinion, pensée, idée, *f.*; avis, sentiment; (*memory*) souvenir, *m.*, mémoire; (*heart, soul*) âme, *f.*, moral; (*taste*) goût, *m.*: *nobleness of —*, noblesse d'âme, *f.*; *be of the same —*, être du même avis; *alter one's —*, changer d'avis, d'idée; *have a — to*, avoir envie de; *find a thing to one's —*, trouver une chose à son goût; *speaking one's —*, dire sa pensée; *make up one's —*, se décider; *call to —*, se rappeler à l'esprit; *put any one in — of anything*, rappeler quelque chose au souvenir de quelqu'un; faire souvenir quelqu'un de

quelque chose; faire penser quelqu'un à quelque chose; *go out of one's* —, perdre la tête; perdre la raison; *be out of one's* —, avoir perdu la tête, la raison; être hors de son bon sens; *that went out of my* —, cela m'est sorti de la tête; *know one's* —, savoir ce qu'on veut; *be easy, uneasy in one's* —, avoir, n'avoir pas l'esprit tranquille; *in my* —, dans mon esprit; (*opinion*) à mon avis; *of sound* —, sain d'esprit; *of unsound* —, qui n'est pas sain d'esprit; *a noble* —, une belle âme; *a grovelling* —, une âme de boue. **2.mind**, *tr.*: (*attend to*) s'occuper de, songer à, faire attention à; (*obey*) obéir à, écouter; (*nurse*) soigner, garder; (*watch*) surveiller; (*care about*) s'inquiéter de, regarder à: *do not* — *it*, ne faites pas attention à cela; *I do not* — *it*, je n'y fais pas attention; cela m'est égal; *never* — *him*, ne faites pas attention à lui; ne l'écoutez pas; *I do not* — *what they say*, je ne m'inquiète pas de ce qu'on dit; *I do not* — *the money*, je ne regarde pas à l'argent. **2.mind**, *intr.*: avoir envie: *never* —, n'importe; peu importe; c'est égal; ça ne fait rien. **-ed**, *adj.*: disposé; porté: *high* —, qui a l'esprit élevé; noble, magnanime; *low* —, qui a l'esprit bas; vil, commun; *feeble* —, qui a l'esprit faible; *sober* —, d'un esprit sobre; sage, raisonnable; *double* —, irrésolu. **-edness**, *n.*: disposition, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: attentif; soigneux. **-fully**, *adv.*: attentivement; soigneusement. **-fulness**, *n.*: attention, *f.*; soin, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: inattentif, insouciant; (*without mind*) sans facultés intellectuelles; (*stupid*) stupide, sot; — *of*, oublieux de; sans égard pour.

1.mine, *pron.*: le mien, *m.*, la mienne, *f.*; les miens, *m. pl.*, les miennes, *f. pl.*; à moi.

2.mine, *n.*: mine, *f.*; minerai, *m.*

3.mine, *tr.*: miner; (*fig.*) saper; *intr.*: creuser une mine; (*work a mine*) exploiter une mine; (*fig.*) employer de sourdes menées pour nuire à quelqu'un. **-burner**, *n.*: grilleur de mineral, *m.* **-dial**, *n.*: demi-cercle suspendu, *m.* **-digger**, *n.*: mineur, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: mineur, *m.*

1.mineral, *adj.*: minéral. **2.mineral**, *n.*: minéral, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: minéralogiste, *m.* **-ization**, *n.*: minéralisation, *f.* **-ise**, *tr.*: (*chem.*) minéraliser. **-iser**, *n.*: minéralisateur, *m.* **-ising**, *adj.*: minéralisateur.

miner-alôgical, *adj.*: minéralogique.

-alôgically, *adv.*: en minéralogie.

-alôgist, *n.*: minéralogiste, *m.* **-alôgy**, *n.*: minéralogie, *f.*

minover, *n.*: (*jur*) petit-gris, *m.*

1.mingle, *tr.*: mélanger, mêler; *intr.*: se mêler, se mélanger; s'entremêler; se

confondre: — *with*, mêler, entremêler; confondre avec. **2.mingle**, *n.*: mélange, *m.* **-gler**, *n.*: personne qui mêle, *f.* **-gling**, *n.*: action de mélanger, *f.*; mélange, *m.*

miniature, *tr.*: vermillonner.

miniature, *n.*: miniature, *f.* **-painter**, *n.*: miniaturiste; peintre en miniature, *m.*

1.minikin, *n.*: (*pin*) camion; (*minion*) mignon, *m.*, mignonne, *f.* **2.minikin**, *adj.*: petit, chétif, mignon.

minim, *n.*: (*dwarf*) nain, *m.*, naine; (*mus.*) blanche, *f.*; (*ichth.*) véron; (*Franciscan*) minime, *m.* **-um**, *n.*: minimum, *m.* **-us**, *n.*: le plus petit des êtres.

1.mining, *adj.*: de mines; de mineur.

2.mining, *n.*: exploitation des mines, *f.*; travail dans les mines, *m.*

minion, *n.*: mignon, *m.*, mignonne, *f.*; favori, *m.*; (*print.*) mignonne, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: avec mignardise. **-ship**, *n.*: état de mignon, de favori, *m.*

minious, *adj.*: rouge.

1.minis-ter, *n.*: ministre; (*ecc.*) ministre, pasteur, *m.*: — *of State*, ministre d'État; *prime* —, premier ministre. **2.-ter**, *tr.*: fournir; donner; *intr.*: servir; (*ecc.*) officier: — *to*, (*relieve*) assister, venir au secours de; (*contribute to*) contribuer à; (*humour*) se prêter à; (*provide for*) pourvoir à; (*give medicine to*) donner un remède à. **-têrial**, *adj.*: de ministère; du pouvoir exécutif; ministériel; d'ecclésiastique, ecclésiastique. **-têrially**, *adv.*: ministériellement. **-trant**, *adj.*: qui sert; subordonné. **-trâtion**, *n.*: service; ministère, *m.*

minium, *n.*: minium, *m.*

miniver = *meniver*.

minnow, *n.*: (*ichth.*) véron, *m.*

1.minor, *adj.*: moindre; petit; mine; de second ordre; (*mus.*, *geog.*) mineur.

2.minor, *n.*: mineur, *m.*, mineure, *f.*; (*friar*) mineur, *m.*; (*log.*) mineure, *f.* **-ite**, *n.*: (*ecc.*) mineur, frère mineur, *m.*

minority, *n.*: minorité, *f.*

minotaur, *n.*: Minotaure, *m.*

minster, *n.*: cathédrale, *f.*

minstrel, *n.*: ménestrel, chanteur, musicien, *m.* **-sy**, *n.*: chant des ménestrels, art du ménestrel, *m.*; musique, *f.*; chant, *m.*

1.mint, *n.*: (*bot.*) menthe, *f.*; *pepper* —, menthe poivrée, *f.*

2.mint, *n.*: monnaie, *f.*; hôtel de la monnaie, *m.*, (*fig.*) mine, *f.*, trésor, *m.*; fabrique, forge, *f.*: *master of the* —, directeur de la monnaie, *m.* **3.mint**, *tr.*: monnayer; frapper; (*fig.*) forger, fabriquer, inventer, controuver. **-age**, *n.*: objet monnayé; (*duty*) droit de monnayage, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: monnayeur; (*fig.*) forgeur; in-

venteur, m. -**man**, n.: monnayeur, m.
 -**master**, n.: directeur de la monnaie, m.; forger, m.
minuend, n.: (arith.) nombre dont il faut soustraire, m.
minuet, n.: menuet, m.
 1. **minus**, adv.: moins. 2. **minus**, n.: (alg., print.) moins, m.
 1. **minûte**, adj.: menu, très petit; minutieux; mince.
 2. **minute** m'nt, n.: minute; (astron., geom., arch.) minute; (note) note, f.
 3. **minute**, tr.: minuter, prendre note de.
 -**book**, n.: carnet, agenda; journal; (jur.) pluriel, m. -**glass**, n.: sablier à minutes, m. -**hand**, n.: aiguille des minutes; grande aiguille, f. 1. -**ly**, adj.: qui arrive à chaque minute; de toutes les minutes. 2. -**ly**, adv.: à chaque minute.
 3. **minute-ly**, adv.: minutieusement; exactement; en détail. -**ness**, n.: petitesse, exiguité, f.; détails minutieux, m. pl.
minute-watch m'nt, n.: montre à minutes, f. -**wheel**, n.: (horol.) roue des minutes, f.
minûtim -**shit**, n. pl.: minutes, f. pl.
minx, n.: coquine, friponne, f.
miny, adj.: riche en mines; souterrain.
miracle, n.: miracle, m.: by a —, par miracle. -**racie-monger**, n.: faiseur de miracles, m. -**raculous**, adj.: miraculeux. -**raculously**, adv.: miraculeusement, par miracle. -**raculousness**, n.: caractère miraculeux, m.
mirage g = g, n.: mirage, m.
 1. **mir-e**, n.: boue, bourbe, fange, f.; (place) borbier, m.; †fourmi, f. 2. -**e**, tr. and intr.: embourber; enfoncer dans la boue, dans un borbier; s'embourber, s'enfoncer dans la boue, dans un borbier. -**iness**, n.: état de ce qui est couvert de boue, de bourbe; état boueux, m.; saleté, f.
mirk-iness, n.: obscurité, f.; ténèbres, f. pl. -**y** = murky.
mirror, n.: miroir, m.
mirth, n.: gaité, réjouissance, joie, f. -**ful**, adj.: gai, joyeux, allègre. -**fully**, adv.: galement; joyeusement; avec allégresse.
miry, adj.: fangeux, bourbeux.
misacceptation, n.: interprétation erronée, f.
misadventur-e, n.: mésaventure, f. -**ed**, adj.: malheureux.
misadvised, adj.: mal avisé.
misalliance, n.: mésalliance, f. -**lied**, adj.: mésallié.
mis-anthrope, -**anthropist**, n.: misanthrope, m. -**anthropic(al)**, adj.: (pers.) misanthrope; (of things) misanthropique. -**anthropy**, n.: misanthropie, f.

misap-plication, n.: fausse application, f. -**ply**, tr.: faire une mauvaise application de; appliquer mal à propos.
misapprehend, tr.: mal entendre, comprendre mal. -**hension**, n.: malentendu, m.; méprise, f.
misarrange, tr.: arranger mal.
misascribe, tr.: attribuer à tort.
misassign, tr.: assigner à tort.
misattend, tr.: méconnaître; ne pas écouter.
misbecôm-e (irr., cf. come), tr.: messeoir à; convenir mal à. -**ing**, adj.: inconvenant, messéant. -**ingly**, adv.: d'une manière inconvenante. -**ingness**, n.: inconvenance, f.
misbegôt, -**ten**, adj.: illégitime, bâtard.
misbehâ-ve, intr.: se comporter mal, se conduire mal: — *one's self*, se conduire mal, se comporter mal. -**viour**, n.: mauvaise conduite, inconduite, f.
misbe-lief, n.: fausse croyance, incrédulité, f. -**liever**, n.: mécréant, infidèle, incrédule, m. -**lieving**, adj.: infidèle, incrédule.
misbestow, tr.: donner à tort.
miscalcu-late, tr.: mal calculer, supputer mal, compter mal. -**lâtion**, n.: calcul erroné, m.: supputation erronée, f.; mécompte, m.
miscâr-riage, n.: (failure) insuccès; coup manqué, m.; affaire manquée; (ill conduct) erreur, faute; (of women) fausse couche, f. -**ry**, intr.: (fail) ne pas réussir, manquer, échouer, avorter; (not arrive) ne pas arriver à sa destination, s'égarer; (of women) faire une fausse couche.
miscâst (irr., cf. cast), tr.: compter mal.
miscell-anârian, adj.: de miscellanées; de mélanges. -**aneous**, adj.: mêlé, varié; général; de mélanges: — *works*, mélanges, m. pl. **miscell-anist**, n.: auteur de miscellanées; auteur de mélanges, m. -**any** (pl. *miscellanea*), n.: mélange, m.; miscellanées, miscellanea, m. pl.
mischance, n.: mauvaise chance, f.; malheur, accident fâcheux, revers, m.; infortune, f.
mischaracterise, tr.: défigurer.
 1. **mischarge**, tr.: porter à tort sur un compte. 2. **mischarge**, n.: somme portée à tort sur un compte.
mischief, n.: mal; dommage; tort, m.: do —, faire du mal; be in —, faire quelque mal; make —, semer la discorde, brouiller les gens. -**maker**, n.: personne qui aime à brouiller les gens, f.; semeur de discorde; brouillon, m. -**making**, adj.: qui sème la discorde; qui brouille les gens.
mischievous, adj.: (pers.) méchant,

porté au mal, malfaisant; (*of things*) malfaisant, mauvais, nuisible, pernicieux, funeste, méchant; (*of children*) méchant, enclin au mal. **-ly, adv.**: méchamment, mal, d'une manière malfaisante; malicieusement; par méchanceté; pernicieusement, nuisiblement, funestement. **-ness, n.**: caractère malfaisant *m.*; nature malfaisante; disposition au mal; (*of children*) malice, méchanceté, *f.*

mischoose (pret. *mischoose*, past part. *mischoosen*), *tr.*: choisir mal.

miscible, adj.: miscible.

mis-citation, n.: fausse citation, *f.* **-cite, tr.**: citer à faux.

misclām, n.: fausse prétention, *f.*

miscom-putation, n.: erreur de calcul, *f.*; mécompte, *m.* **-pūte, tr.**: calculer mal.

miscon-cēve, tr. and intr.: concevoir mal; juger mal. **-cēived, adj.**: mal conçu. **-cēption, n.**: fausse conception, *f.*; malentendu, *m.*

mis-conduct, n.: mauvaise conduite; inconduite; (*management*) mauvaise gestion, *f.* **-conduct, tr.**: conduire mal; (*manage*) mal gérer; *intr.*: se conduire mal: — *one's self*, se conduire mal.

1. misconjēcture, n.: fausse conjecture, *f.* **2. misconjecture, tr. and intr.**: conjecturer à faux; faire de fausses conjectures.

miscon-strūction, n.: interprétation fausse, *f.*; contresens, *m.* **-strūc, tr.**: interpréter mal; dénaturer. **-strūer, n.**: personne qui interprète mal, *f.*

miscorrēct, tr.: corriger à tort, à faux.

1. miscōunt, tr.: compter mal; *intr.*: se mécompter.

miscreant, n.: mécréant; misérable, *m.*

1. misdāte, n.: date erronée; fausse date, *f.* **2. misdate, tr.**: dater mal; mettre une date fausse.

misdēd, n.: méfait, crime, *m.*

misdēm, tr.: juger mal.

misdēmēan, tr.: conduire mal: — *one's self*, se conduire mal. **-our, n.**: mauvaise conduite, *f.*; (*jur.*) délit; crime, *m.*

misdirēct, tr.: (*letters, etc.*) adresser mal; (*pers.*) enseigner mal; diriger mal.

misdō (*irr., cf. do*), *tr.*: malfaire; commettre des fautes. **-or, n.**: auteur d'une faute; malfaiteur, *m.* **-ing, n.**: faute, *f.*; méfait, *m.*

1. misdōubt, n.: soupçon; doute, *m.*

2. misdoubt, tr. and intr.: douter, soupçonner.

misemplōy, tr.: employer mal; faire un mauvais emploi de. **-ment, n.**: mauvais emploi, *m.*

misēntry, n.: inscription fausse, inscription erronée, *f.*

misēr, n.: avare, *m.*

misēr-able, adj.: misérable, malheureux, triste. **-ableness, n.**: état malheureux, état misérable, *m.* **-ably, adv.**: misérablement, malheureusement, tristement.

misērōre, n.: miséréré, *m.*

misērly, adj.: d'avare, avare.

misēry, n.: misère, *f.*

misēstimate, tr.: estimer à tort.

misfāshion, tr.: former mal.

misfēasance, n.: (*jur.*) dommage, *m.*

misfōrm, tr.: former mal.

misfōrtune, n.: malheur, *m.*; infortune, *f.* **-d, adj.**: infortuné.

mis-give (pret. *-gave*, part. *-given*), *tr.*: faire craindre à; inspirer des craintes à. **-giving, n.**: crainte, *f.*; pressentiment de mal; soupçon, *m.*

misgōtton, adj.: mal acquis.

misgōvern, tr.: gouverner mal, régir mal. **-ed, adj.**: mal gouverné; rude; grossier. **-ment, n.**: mauvais gouvernement, *m.*; mauvaise administration, *f.*; (*disorder*) dérèglement, *m.*

misgui-dance, n.: fausse direction, *f.* **-de, tr.**: mal guider, égarer. **-ded, adj.**: mal guidé; (*fig.*) aveugle.

mis-hāp, n.: contretemps; malheur, *m.*

mis-hmash, n.: mélange; micmac, *fas-tas, m.*

misimprōve, tr.: employer mal, abuser de. **-ment, n.**: mauvais emploi, *m.*

misinfēr, tr.: conclure à tort.

misin-fōrm, tr.: informer mal; enseigner mal. **-fōrmation, n.**: faux avis, faux renseignement, *m.*; fausse information, fausse nouvelle, *f.* **-fōrmer, n.**: personne qui donne de faux renseignements, de fausses nouvelles, *f.*

misinstrūc-t, tr.: instruire mal. **-tīon, n.**: fausse instruction, *f.*

misintērpret, tr.: interpréter mal; dénaturer. **-ātīon, n.**: fausse interprétation, *f.*; contresens, *m.* **-ed, adj.**: mal interprété. **-er, n.**: personne qui interprète mal, *f.*; faux interprète, *m.*

misjōin, tr.: joindre mal.

mis-jūdge, tr.: juger mal; *intr.*: se tromper dans son jugement. **-jūdg-ment, n.**: jugement erroné, *m.*

mis-lāy (pret., part. *mis-laid*), *tr.*: égarer. **-er, n.**: personne qui place mal; personne qui égare, *f.*

misle, intr.: brainer, brouillasser.

mis-lēad (pret., part. *-led*), *tr.*: induire en erreur, égarer; fourvoyer; tromper. **-lēader, n.**: personne qui induit en erreur, *f.*; trompeur, corrupteur, *m.*

mislen, n.: méteil, *m.*

misly, adj.: de bruine, de brouillard.

mis-mānage, tr.: gérer mal; conduire mal; diriger mal; *intr.*: se conduire mal; s'arranger mal. **-ment, n.**: mauvaise

gestion; mauvaise conduite, *f.*; mauvais arrangement, *m.*
misname, *tr.*: nommer mal.
misnomer, *n.*: erreur de nom, *f.*; faux nom, *m.*
misobserve, *tr.*: observer mal.
misogamist, *n.*: misogame, *m.* **-gyny**, *n.*: misogynie, *f.*
misper-suade, *tr.*: persuader à tort.
-suation, *n.*: fausse persuasion, fausse opinion, *f.*
misplace, *tr.*: placer mal; déplacer.
-ed, *adj.*: mal placé; déplacé.
misplead, *tr.*: (*jur.*) faire erreur dans la production des moyens de droit.
misprint, *n.*: faute d'impression, *f.*
misprint, *tr.*: imprimer incorrectement.
mis-prision, *n.*: (*jur.*) négligence, *f.*, oubli, *m.*; crime d'un degré au dessous du crime capital, *m.*; **†mépris**, *m.*: — *of treason*, simple connaissance du crime de trahison, et action de le cacher, *f.*; — *of felony*, action de cacher un crime ou un délit, *f.* **†prize**, *tr.*: se méprendre; mépriser.
misproceeding, *n.*: procédé irrégulier, *m.*; irrégularité, *f.*
mispronounce, *tr. and intr.*: prononcer incorrectement. **-nunciation**, *n.*: fausse prononciation; prononciation incorrecte, *f.*
misproportion, *tr.*: proportionner mal.
mis-quotation, *n.*: fausse citation, *f.*
-quote, *tr.*: citer à faux.
misrate, *tr.*: évaluer à faux.
misrecital, *n.*: récit inexact, *m.* **-cite**, *tr.*: réciter mal, inexactement.
misreckon, *tr.*: calculer mal.
misrelate, *tr.*: rapporter inexactement.
-tion, *n.*: rapport erroné, *m.*
misremember, *tr.*: se rappeler inexactement.
misreport, *n.*: faux rapport; rapport inexact, *m.* **misreport**, *tr.*: rapporter inexactement.
misrepresent, *tr.*: représenter sous de fausses couleurs; dénaturer. **-ation**, *n.*: faux rapport, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: personne qui représente sous de fausses couleurs, qui dénature, *f.*
misreputed, *adj.*: mal apprécié.
misrule, *n.*: confusion, *f.*; désordre; gouvernement tyrannique, *m.*
miss, *n.*: mademoiselle, demoiselle, *f.*
miss, *intr.*: manquer; ne pas porter; (*at billiards*) manquer à toucher: *be — ing*, (*pers.*) être absent; (*of things*) manquer; *tr.*: manquer; (*omit*) omettre, sauter; (*at billiards*) manquer à toucher; (*perceive the want of*) s'apercevoir de l'absence de, du manque de; regretter vivement: —

one's mark, manquer son coup. **3-miss**, *n.*: (*loss*) perte, *f.*, manque, *m.*; (*mistake*) erreur, méprise, *f.*
missal, *n.*: missel, *m.*
missay (*pret.*, *part.* -*said*), *tr.*: dire mal; médire de. **-ing**, *n.*: expression incorrecte, *f.*
missend (*pret.*, *part.* -*sent*), *tr.*: mal diriger, adresser mal.
misserve, *tr.*: servir mal, desservir.
mis-shape (*pret.* -*shaped*, *part.* -*shaped*, -*shapen*), *tr.*: former mal; défigurer. **-shaped**, **-shapen**, *adj.*: difforme.
missile, *adj.*: de jet, de trait; lancé.
missile, *n.*: projectile, *m.*; arme de trait, arme de jet, *f.*
mission, *n.*: mission, *f.* **-ary**, *n.*: missionnaire, *m.*
missive, *adj.*: missive; (*of weapons*) de jet, de trait. **2-missive**, *n.*: missive; lettre missive, *f.*
misspeak (*pret.* -*spoke*, *part.* -*spoken*), *tr.*: articuler mal.
misspell (*pret.*, *part.* -*spelled* or -*spelt*), *tr.*: épeler mal; orthographier mal. **-ing**, *n.*: orthographe vicieuse, *f.*
misspend (*pret.*, *part.* -*spent*), *tr.*: dépenser mal à propos; gaspiller.
misstate, *tr.*: exposer inexactement; rapporter inexactement. **-ement**, *n.*: rapport inexact, rapport erroné, *m.*
mist, *n.*: brouillard, *m.*; brume, *f.*
mist, *tr.*: couvrir d'une vapeur; obscurcir.
mis-takable, *adj.*: susceptible de méprise; qui prête à méprise. **1-take**, *n.*: erreur, méprise, *f.*: *make a —*, faire une méprise; se tromper. **2-take** (*pret.* -*took*, *past part.* -*taken*), *tr.*: se tromper de; se tromper sur; se méprendre à; prendre pour: *he mistook me for you*, il me prenait pour vous; *intr.*: se tromper, se méprendre, s'abuser; *be — n*, se tromper, se méprendre, s'abuser. **-taken**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) qui se trompe; (*of things*) faux, mal entendu, erroné. **-takenly**, *adv.*: par méprise. **-taker**, *n.*: personne qui se trompe, *f.*; auteur de méprise, *m.* **-taking**, *n.*: méprise, erreur, *f.* **-takingly**, *adv.*: par méprise.
misteach (*pret.*, *part.* -*taught*), *tr.*: enseigner, mal.
mistell (*pret.*, *part.* -*told*), *tr.*: raconter inexactement.
mistemper, *tr.*: tempérer mal; troubler.
mistern, *tr.*: qualifier mal.
mistful, *adj.*: brumeux; couvert de brouillards.
mistime, *tr.*: régler mal; prendre mal son temps.
mistiness, *n.*: état brumeux, *m.*; obscurité, *f.*

mistle = *misle*.

mistletoe, *n.*: (bot.) gui, *m*.

mist-like, *adj.*: comme un brouillard; brumeux.

misträin, *tr.*: mal élever; (animal) mal dresser.

mistrans-läte, *tr.*: traduire incorrectement. **-lätion**, *n.*: traduction incorrecte, *f.*; contresens, *m*.

mistréat, *tr.*: maltraiter. **-ment**, *n.*: mauvais traitement, *m*.

mistress, *n.*: maîtresse; madame; (intended) prétendue; (of a school) maîtresse institutrice, *f*.

1. mistrüst, *n.*: méfiance, défiance, *f*.

2. mistrust, *tr.*: se méfier de; soupçonner. **-ful**, *adj.*: méfiant, défiant. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec méfiance. **-fulness**, *n.*: défiance, méfiance, *f*. **-less**, *adj.*: qui ne se méfie pas; confiant.

mistüne, *tr.*: accorder mal; désaccorder.

mistitor, *tr.*: instruire mal; diriger mal.

misty, *adj.*: couvert de brouillards; brumeux.

misunderstånd (pret., part. -stood), *tr.*: comprendre mal; se méprendre sur le sens des paroles de. **-ing**, *n.*: conception erronée, *f.*; (mistake) malentendu, *m.*; (quarrel) mésintelligence, *f*.

mis-usage, *n.*: mauvais traitements, *m. pl.*; abus, mauvais usage, mauvais emploi, *m*.

1. -use, *n.*: abus; mauvais usage, mauvais emploi, *m.*; application erronée, *f.*; mauvais traitements, *m. pl.* **-use**, *tr.*: abuser de; (to treat ill) maltraiter.

misvöuch, *tr.*: attester faussement.

miswear (pret., part. misworn), *intr.*: être d'un mauvais user.

misurite (pret. -wrote, part. -written), *tr.*: écrire incorrectement.

misurought -rä't, *adj.*: mal travaillé; mal fait.

misyröke, *intr.*: s'unir mal.

†miszealous, *adj.*: animé d'un faux zèle.

mite, *n.*: (ent.) mite, *f.*; (money) denier; (fig.) rien, *m.*: -s, (ent.) mites, *f. pl.*; acaries, *m. pl.*

miter = *mitre*.

mithridate, *n.*: (pharm.) mithridate, *m*.

miti-gable, *adj.*: susceptible de mitigation, susceptible d'adoucissement. **-gant**, *adj.*: qui mitige; qui tempère; adoucissant. **-gate**, *tr.*: mitiger, adoucir; calmer, modérer, apaiser. **-gation**, *n.*: mitigation, *f.*; adoucissement, *m*.

-gator, *n.*: personne qui mitige, qui adoucit; chose qui mitige, qui adoucit, *f*.

1. mi-tre, *n.*: mitre, *f.*; (arch.) ongle, *m*.

2. -tre, *tr.*: orner d'une mitre; (arch.) assembler en ongle. **-tred**, *adj.*: orné d'une mitre; mitré; (arch.) en ongle.

mi-triform, *adj.*: mitriforme.

mitten, *n.*: mitaine, *f*.

mittimus, *n.*: mandat de dépôt; ordre de renvoi de pièces, *m*.

mity, *adj.*: qui a des mites; rempli de mites.

mix, *tr.*: mêler; se mélanger; (pharm.) mixtionner; *intr.*: se mélanger; se mêler.

-ed, *adj.*: mélangé, mêlé; (math.) fractionnaire. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec mélange d'une manière mixte.

mixen, *n.*: tas de fumier, fumier, *m*.

mix-er, *n.*: personne qui mêle, qui mélange, *f*. **-tilineal**, **-tilinear**, *adj.*: (geom.) mixtiligne. **-tion**, *n.*: mixtion, *f.*; mélange, *m*.

-tly, *adv.*: avec mélange; d'une manière mixte. **-ture**, *n.*: mélange, *m.*; (pharm.) mixtion, potion, *f*.

mizmaze, *n.*: (pop.) labyrinthe, dédale, *m*.

mizzen, *n.*: artimon, *m*. **-mast**, *n.*: mât d'artimon, *m*.

mizzle, *tr.*: bruiner, brouillasser.

mizzy, *n.*: frondrière, *f*.

mnemönic, **-al**, *adj.*: mnémonique. **-s**, *n. pl.*: mnémonique, mnémotechnie, *f. sing.*

1. möan, *n.*: gémissement, *m.*; lamentation, *f*. **2. moan**, *intr.*: gémir, se lamenter; *tr.*: gémir sur; se lamenter sur; lamenter. **-ful**, *adj.*: lugubre, triste, plaintif. **-fully**, *adv.*: d'un ton plaintif, tristement.

1. möat, *n.*: (fort.) fossé, *m*. **2. moat**, *tr.*: (fort.) entourer d'un fossé.

1. möb, *n.*: foule; populace; cohue; canaille, *f.*: riotous —, attroupement, rassemblement, *m*. **2. mob**, *tr.*: entourer (or attaquer) en cohue, houspiller.

3. möb = *mobcap*. **4. mob**, *tr.*: coiffer, affubler.

möbbish, *adj.*: tumultueux; de la populace, de la foule.

möbeap, *n.*: cornette (coiffure de femme), *f*.

mö-bile, *adj.*: mobile. **-bility**, *n.*: mobilité; (activity) activité; (inconstancy) légèreté; canaille, racaille, populace, *f*.

†möble, *tr.*: envelopper d'un capuchon; affubler.

1. möck, *tr.*: se moquer de; se rire de, se jouer de; railler; tromper; *intr.*: se moquer: — at, se moquer de, se rire de; se jouer de; railler. **2. mock**, *adj.*: dérisoire; de moquerie; burlesque; (false) faux: — poem, poème burlesque; — prophet, faux prophète; — style, style comique. **3. mock**, *n.*: moquerie, raillerie; (sport) risée, *f.*; jouet, *m*.

-able, *adj.*: exposé à la moquerie. **-er**, *n.*: moqueur, *m.*, moqueuse, *f.*; railleur, *m.*, railleuse, *f.*; (impostor) imposteur, trompeur, *m*.

-ery, *n.*: moquerie, raillerie, dérision; (sport) risée; (illusion) illusion, *f.*; (imitation) semblant, *m*. **-ing**, *n.*:

moquerie; dérision, *f.* **-ing-bird**, *n.*: oiseau moqueur, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: en se moquant; d'un ton moqueur. **-ing-stock**, *n.*: risée, *f.*

môdal, *adj.*: modale. **-dality**, *n.*: modalité, *f.* **-de**, *n.*: mode, façon, manière, *f.*; (*gram.*, *music*, *philos.*) mode, *m.* **1. môdel**, *n.*: modèle, *m.*; (*representation*) représentation, *f.*; (*mould*) moule, *m.* **2. môdel**, *tr.*: modeler; faire, former d'après un modèle. **-ler**, *n.*: inventeur; homme à projets, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: art de modeler.

1. môder-ate, *adj.*: modéré; modique, ordinaire; passable; raisonnable; médiocre. **2. -ate**, *tr.*: modérer, adoucir, tempérer. **-ately**, *adv.*: modérément; modiquement; passablement; raisonnablement; médiocrement. **-ateness**, *n.*: modération; modicité, *f.*; état moyen, *m.* **-âtton**, *n.*: modération; retenue, mesure, *f.*; *with* —, modérément. **-ator**, *n.*: modérateur, *m.*, modératrice, *f.*; président, *m.* **-atorship**, *n.*: fonctions de modérateur, *f. pl.*; présidence, *f.*

1. môdern, *adj.*: moderne, nouveau, récent. **2. môdern**, *n.*: moderne, *m.* **-ism**, *n.*: forme moderne, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: partisan des modernes, *m.* **-ise**, *tr.*: moderniser; rendre moderne. **-iser**, *n.*: personne qui modernise, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: nouveauté, *f.*

môdest, *adj.*: modeste; pudique. **-ly**, *adv.*: modestement. **-y**, *n.*: modestie; pudeur, *f.*

môdi-cum, *n.*: petite portion; pitance, *f.* **-fiable**, *adj.*: qui peut être modifié. **-ficâtion**, *n.*: modification, *f.* **-fier**, *n.*: personne qui modifie; chose qui modifie, *f.* **-fy**, *tr.*: modifier, limiter; *intr.*: faire des modifications.

modillion, *n.*: (*arch.*) modillon, *m.* **môdish**, *adj.*: à la mode. **-ly**, *adv.*: à la mode. **-ness**, *n.*: fureur pour la mode; affectation de suivre la mode, *f.*

môdu-late, *tr.*: moduler. **-lâtton**, *n.*: modulation; mélodie, *f.* **-lâtor**, *n.*: personne qui module; chose qui module, *f.* **-le**, *n.*: (*arch.*) module, *m.*

môdus, *n.*: mode, *m.*, manière, *f.*; (*jur.*) compensation pour la dime, *f.*

môgûl, *n.*: Mogol, *m.*

mô hâir, *n.*: poil de chèvre de Turquie, *m.* **Mohammedan**, *n.*: Mahométan, *m.*, Mahométane, *f.* **-ism**, *n.*: mahométisme, *m.*

Mô'hawk or Môhoek, *n.*: mohawk (nom de certains Indiens); scélérat, brigand, *m.*

môidôre, *n.*: (*Portuguese coin*) môidore, *m.*

môiety, *n.*: moitié, *f.*

môil, *tr.*: mouiller, barbouiller; fatiguer; *intr.*: fatiguer; se fatiguer; travailler fort; s'échiner: *toil and —*, suer sang et eau.

moire môâr, *n.*: moire, *f.*

môist, *adj.*: moite, humide. **-sten**, *tr.*: rendre humide; humecter, rendre moite. **-stener**, *n.*: personne qui rend humide; chose qui rend humide, *f.* **-stness**, **-sture**, *n.*: moiteur, humidité, *f.*

môlar, *adj.*: molaire.

molâsse, *n. pl.*: mélasse, *f. sing.*

môld, *etc.* = *mould*, *etc.*

môle, *n.*: (*mam.*) taupe, *f.*; (*on the skin*) marque de naissance, *f.*, signe, grain de beauté, *m.*; (*med.*) môle, *f.*; (*mound*) pile, digue; (*of a port*) jetée, *f.*, môle, *m.* **-cast**, *n.*: taupinière, *f.* **-catcher**, *n.*: taupier, *m.* **-cricket**, *n.*: taupe-grillon, *m.*, courtilière, *f.*

môlécular, *adj.*: moléculaire. **môlécule**, *n.*: molécule, *f.*

môle-eyed, *adj.*: qui a de très petits yeux; aveugle. **-hill**, *n.*: taupinière, *f.*

môlest, *tr.*: molester; vexer. **-âtton**, *n.*: action de molester, molestation, *f.*; encombre, *m.*; vexation, contrariété, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui moleste, qui vexe, *f.*; importun, *m.*, importune, *f.*; fâcheux, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: contrariant, importun.

môle-track, *n.*: trainée de taupe, *f.* **-trap**, *n.*: taupière, *f.*

môlin-ism, *n.*: molinisme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: moliniste, *m., f.*

môlli-ent = *emollient*. **-fiable**, *adj.*: qui peut être amolli. **-ficâtion**, *n.*: mollification, *f.*; amollissement, adoucissement, *m.* **-fier**, *n.*: personne qui amollit, qui apaise; chose qui amollit, qui apaise, *f.*; emollient, *m.* **-fy**, *tr.*: amollir, mollifier, calmer, adoucir; apaiser.

môl-lusc, **-lûscan or -lusk** (*pl. mol-lusca*), *n.*: mollusque, *m.* **-lûscan**, **-lûscous**, *adj.*: des mollusques.

môlten, *adj.*: fondu, de métal fondu, de fonte.

molybdénium, *n.*: molybdène, *m.*

mô-ment, *n.*: moment, *m.*; importance, *f.*: *in a —*, dans un moment; *he stops every —*, il s'arrête à tout moment, à tous moments. **-mentarily**, *adv.*: momentanément. **-mentary**, *adj.*: momentané, passager. **-mëntous**, *adj.*: important. **-mëntum**, *n.*: (*mech.*) moment, *m.*, quantité de mouvement, vitesse acquise, *f.*

mônach-al, *adj.*: monacal. **-ism**, *n.*: monachisme, *m.*

mô-nad, *n.*: monade, *f.* **-nadôphia**, *n.*: (*bot.*) monadelphie, *f.* **-nâdic(al)**, *adj.*: des monades. **-nândria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) monandrie, *f.*

1. mô-narch, *n.*: monarque; roi, *m.*,

reine, *f.* 2. **narch**, *adj.*: suprême.
nârchal, *adj.*: de monarchie; souverain. **nârchie(al)**, *adj.*: monarchique.
nârchically, *adj.*: monarchiquement.
nârchist, *n.*: monarchiste, *m.* **nârchise**, *intr.*: faire le roi. **nârchy**, *n.*: monarchie, *f.*

mô-nastery, *n.*: monastère, *m.* 1. **nâstic**, **nastical**, *adj.*: monastique.
 2. **nâstic**, *n.*: moine, *m.* **nâstically**, *adv.*: en moine. **nâsticism**, *n.*: vie monastique, *f.*

Mônday, *n.*: lundi, *m.*

mône, *n.*: (*mam.*) guenon, *f.*

mône-tary, *adj.*: monétaire. **-tise**, *tr.*: monétiser.

môney, *n.*: argent, *m.*; (*coin*) monnaie, *f.*; pièces, *f. pl.*: *bad*, *base*, *counterfeit* —, fausse monnaie; *odd* —, appoint; compte borgne, *m.*; *passé*, *f.*; *ready* —, argent comptant; *pocket* —, menus plaisirs, *m. pl.*; *public* —, deniers publics, *m. pl.*; — *dormant*, (*lying dead*) argent mort; *bank* —, monnaie de banque; monnaie banco; *copper* —, monnaie de cuivre, *f.*; *billon*, *m.*; *paper* —, papier-monnaie, *m.*; *silver* —, monnaie d'argent, argent blanc; *bag of* —, sac d'argent; group, *m.*; *for* —, au comptant; *coin* —, battre monnaie; *earn* —, gagner de l'argent; *get in* —, faire rentrer des fonds; *make* —, gagner, faire de l'argent; *put out to interest*, placer de l'argent; *receive* —, recevoir, toucher de l'argent; *fetch* —, rapporter de l'argent; *be worth* —, avoir de l'argent, avoir du bien; (*of things*) avoir de la valeur, avoir du prix; *have with one's self*, avoir de l'argent sur soi; *a man of* —, un homme opulent.
-agent, *n.*: banquier, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: tirelire, *f.* **-broker**, *n.*: courtier de change, *m.* **-change**, *n.*: change de monnaie; change, *m.* **-changer**, *n.*: changeur, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: riche, opulent, qui a de l'argent; (*of things*) consistant en argent; — *man*, capitaliste, homme opulent, *m.* **-getting**, *adj.*: cupide; intéressé. **-jobber**, *n.*: agioteur, *m.* **-lender**, *n.*: prêteur d'argent; bailleur de fonds, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans argent, sans le sou, pauvre. **-matter**, *n.*: affaire pécuniaire, affaire d'argent, *f.* **-scrivener**, *n.*: courtier de change, *m.* **-worth**, *n.*: valeur de l'argent, *f.*; objet de valeur, *m.*: *have one's* —, en avoir pour son argent. **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) lysimaque nummulaire; herbe aux écus, *f.*

mông, *n.*: marchand, débitant, *m.*

Môn-gol, *n. or adj.*: mongol, mongolic.

-gôlic, **-gôlian**, *adj.*: mongolique.

1. **môngrel**, *adj.*: métis; mêlé; —

dog, chien métis, *m.* 2. **môngrel**, *n.*: métis, *m.*, métisse, *f.*

moni-tion, *n.*: admonition, *f.*; avertissement, avis, *m.*; indication, *f.*

môni-tive, *adj.*: d'admonition, d'avis.

-tor, *n.*: moniteur, *m.* **-tôrial**, *adj.*: d'admonition; d'avertissement; monitorial; (*of instruction*) par des moniteurs; (*of schools*) qui a des moniteurs. 1. **-tory**, *adj.*: d'admonition; d'avertissement; monitoire. 2. **-tory**, *n.*: admonition, *f.*; avertissement, avis; (*ecc.*) monitoire, *m.* **-tress**, *n.*: monitrice, *f.*

môn-k, *n.*: moine, religieux, *m.* **-ery**, *n.*: moinerie, *f.*

mônkey, *n.*: singe, *m.*; guenon, *f.*; (*of piledrivers*) mouton; (*pers.*) babouin, *m.*, babouine, guenon, *f.*

môn-k-fish, *n.*: (*ichth.*) angelot; ange de mer, *m.* **-hœd**, *n.*: moinerie, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: de moine, monacal.

môn-g or **môn-ô** — (*in words much like corresponding French words*, as): **-chord ô**, *n.*: (*mus.*) monocorde, *m.* **-chromatic**, *adj.*: monochrome. **-cotyle** = **-cotyledonous**. **-cotylédôn**, *n.*: (*bot.*) monocotylédone, *f.* **-cotylédônous**, *adj.*: monocotylédone. **-cular**, **-culous**, *adj.*: monoculaire; borgne. **-dist**, *n.*: auteur d'une monodie, *m.* **-dy**, *n.*: monodie, *f.*; monologue, *m.* **-ganist**, *n.*: monogame, *m.* **-gamous**, *adj.*: monogame.

-gamy, *n.*: monogamie, *f.* **-gram**, *n.*: monogramme, *m.* **-graphy**, *n.*: monographie, *f.* **-lôgue**, *n.*: monologue, *m.*

-mâne, *n.*: monomane, *m.*, *f.* **-mânia**, *n.*: monomanie, *f.* **-mâniac**, *adj.*: monomane; *n.*: monomane, *m.*, *f.* **-pétalous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) monopétale. **-polist**, *n.*: monopoleur, accapareur, *m.* **-polise**, *tr.*: faire le monopole de; monopoliser; accaparer. **-poliser**, *n.*: monopoleur; accapareur, *m.* **-poly**, *n.*: monopole; accaparement, *m.* **-pteral**, *adj.*: (*arch.*) monoptère. **-spérmeus**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) monosperme. **-syllabic**, *adj.*: monosyllable, monosyllabique. **-syllable**, *n.*: monosyllabe, *m.* **-tône**, *n.*: monotonie, *f.* **-tônous**, *adj.*: monotone. **-tônously**, *adv.*: avec monotonie; d'une manière monotone. **-tôny**, *n.*: monotonie, *f.*

monsoôn, *n.*: mousson, *f.*

1. **mônster**, *n.*: monstre, *m.* 2. **monster**, *adj.*: monstre. 3. **monster**, *tr.*: rendre monstrueux.

mônstrance, *n.*: ostensor, *m.*

monstrô-sity, *n.*: monstruosité, *f.*

monstrous, *adj.*: monstrueux; horrible; prodigieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: monstrueusement; horriblement; prodigieusement, furieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: monstruosité, *f.*

montânic, *adj.*: montueuse.

mônth, *n.*: mois, *m.*: *calendar* —, mois solaire; *lunar* —, mois lunaire; *by the* —, au mois! 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: mensuel; tous les mois. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: mensuellement, tous les mois.

môny-ment, *n.*: monument; (*tomb*) tombeau, monument, *m.*: tombe, *f.* **-môntal**, *adj.*: de monument; monumental; de la tombe, du tombeau. **-môntally**, *adv.*: en monument.

môod, *n.*: humeur, disposition, *f.*; (*gram., log., mus.*) mode, *m.*: *be in the* — *for*, être d'humeur à; être disposé à; être en train de. **-iness**, *n.*: humeur; mauvaise humeur; tristesse, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: de mauvaise humeur; triste, morne, chagrin.

môon, *n.*: lune, *f.*: *full* —, pleine lune; *new* —, nouvelle lune. **-beam**, *n.*: rayon de la lune; rayon lunaire, *m.* **-blind-ness**, *n.*: (*vet.*) ophtalmie périodique, *f.* **-calf**, *n.*: monstre; (*dolt.*) imbécile; idiot, *m.*; conception fausse; (*med.*) môle, *f.* **-ed** *adj.*: en forme de croissant: — *horns*, cornes en forme de croissant. **-et**, *n.*: petite lune, *f.* **-eye**, *n.*: œil affecté d'ophtalmie périodique, *m.* **-eyed**, *adj.*: myope; qui voit peu; aveugle; (*vet.*) lunatique. **-ish**, *adj.*: lunatique. **-less**, *adj.*: sans lune; sans clair de lune. **light**, *n.*: clair de lune, *m.*: *by* —, au clair de lune. **-light**, *adj.*: au clair de lune; éclairé par la lune. **-loved**, *adj.*: aimé au clair de lune. **-seed**, *n.*: (*bot.*) ménisperme, *m.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: en forme de lune, en forme de croissant; (*bot.*) lunulé. **-shine**, *n.*: clair de lune, *m.*; (*jest.*) lune, *f.*, mois, *m.*: (*rubbish*) vètille, *f.* **-shine or -shiny**, *adj.*: de clair de lune, éclairé par la lune. **-struck**, *adj.*: lunatique. **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) lunaire, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: de la lune; en forme de lune.

1. **Môor**, *n.*: More, *m.*; Maure, *f.*
2. **môor**, *tr.*: amarrer; *intr.*: s'amarrer.
3. **môor**, *n.*: lande bruyère, *f.*; marais, *m.* **-berry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) canneberge, *f.* **-cock**, **-fowl**, *n.*: coq de bruyère, *m.* **-hen**, *n.*: (*orn.*) poule d'eau, *f.*
- môor-igg**, *n.*: (*nav.*) amarrage, *m.*: — *s*, corps morts, *m. pl.* **-post**, *n.*: poteau d'amarrage, *m.* **-shaft**, *n.*: puits d'amarrage, *m.*
1. **Môorish**, *adj.*: des Maures, mauresque, more, maure.
2. **môor-ish**, *adj.*: marécageux. **-land**, *n.*: marais; pays marécageux, *m.*
- môose**, *n.*: élan d'Amérique, *m.*
1. **môot**, *tr.*: discuter, débattre; soulever; *intr.*: débattre un point de droit. 2. **moot**, *n.*: question à débattre, question à discuter; thèse, *f.* 3. **moot**, *adj.*: discutible: — *case*, — *point*, question discu-

table, question à décider. **-ed**, *adj.*: débattu. **-er**, *n.*: soutenant, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: conférence, discussion, *f.*, débat, *m.*

1. **môp**, *n.*: balai à laver; écouvillon; (*nav.*) faubert, *m.* 2. **mop**, *tr.*: laver avec un balai; essuyer avec un balai; (*nav.*) faubert; (*a gun, an oven*) écouvillonner.

1. **môp-e**, *tr.*: hébêter; attrister; *intr.*: être triste; être mélancolique; languir, s'ennuyer; être hébété. 2. **-e**, *n.*: personne triste; personne qui s'ennuie toujours; personne hébétée, *f.* **-e-eyed**, *adj.*: myope. **-ish**, *adj.*: triste; abattu; qui s'ennuie, hébété. **-ishly**, *adv.*: tristement; dans l'abattement. **-ishness**, *n.*: tristesse; stupidité, *f.*; abattement; ennui, *m.*

môp-pet, **-sey**, *n.*: poupée; marionnette; (*pet name*) pouponne, *f.*

môpsical, *adj.*: myope.

môpus, *n.*: personne hébétée, *f.*

1. **môr-al**, *adj.*: moral. 2. **-al**, *n.*: morale, moralité, *f.* **-alissation**, *n.*: morale, moralité, *f.* **-alisse**, *tr.*: (*to explain in a moral sense*) donner un sens moral à; (*to render moral*) rendre moral, corriger les mœurs de, moraliser; *intr.*: moraliser, faire de la morale: — *on*, moraliser sur, faire de la morale sur. **-aliser**, *n.*: personne qui moralise, qui fait de la morale, *f.*; moraliseur, *m.* **-alist**, *n.*: moraliste, *m.*; personne morale, *f.* **-ality**, *n.*: morale; moralité, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: moralement; au moral, dans un sens moral. **-als**, *n. pl.*: mœurs, *f. pl.*; moralité, *f.*

môrass, *n.*: marais, marécage, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: marécageux.

môrbid, *adj.*: maladif, malsain, morbide.

-bidness, *n.*: état maladif, état morbifique, *m.* **-biffo(al)**, *adj.*: morbifique.

bôse, *adj.*: malsain. † **-bôsity**, *n.*: état maladif, *m.*

môrd-âcions, *adj.*: mordant, piquant. **-âcionsly**, *adv.*: d'une manière mordante, piquante. **-âcity**, *n.*: mordacité, *f.* **-ant**, *n.*: mordant, *m.* † **-icant**, *adj.*: mordant. † **-icâtion**, *n.*: mordication; corrosion, *f.*

1. **môre**, *adj.*: plus; plus de; encore; plus nombreux; davantage: — *money*, plus d'argent; *some* —, encore un peu; encore quelques-uns; davantage; *no — of that!* assez de cela! *give me some* —, donnez-m'en encore; *give me some — apples*, donnez-moi encore des pommes; *it is —*, c'est davantage; *they are — than we*, *there are — of them than of us*, ils sont plus nombreux que nous; *one —*, encore un, un de plus; — *than*, plus que; (*followed by a number*) plus de. 2. **more**, *adv.*: plus; davantage, encore: *once —*, encore

une fois; *much* —, beaucoup plus, bien plus, bien davantage; — *and* —, de plus en plus; *no* —, pas davantage; *no* —! assez! *the* —, plus; d'autant plus; davantage; *so much the* —, d'autant plus; d'autant mieux; à plus forte raison; *the* — *you speak the less you will learn*, plus vous parlerez, moins vous apprendrez; *nothing* — *than*, pas plus que.

moreén, *n.*: damas de laine, *m.*

môrel, *n.*: (*bot.*) morille, *f.*

moreôver, *adv.*: de plus, outre cela, d'ailleurs.

1.morêque, *adj.*: moresque, mauresque.

2.morêque, *n.*: (*paint.*) moresque, mauresque, peinture moresque, *f.*

môrganâtic, *adj.*: morganatique, de la main gauche.

†môribund, *adj.*: moribond.

†mo-rigerâtion, *n.*: obséquiosité, *f.*

†rigerous, *adj.*: obéissant.

morilliform, *adj.*: en forme de morille.

môrinel, *n.*: (*orn.*) guignard, *m.*

môrion, *n.*: morion, *m.*

môrn, *n.*: matin, *m.*; aurore, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: matin, *m.*; matinée, *f.*: *every* —, tous les matins; *all the* —, toute la matinée; *in the* —, le matin; dans la matinée; *in the course of the* —, dans la matinée. **-ing**, *adj.*: du matin; matinier: — *gown*, robe de chambre, *f.*; — *star*, étoile du matin, *f.*

morôcco, *n.*: maroquin, *m.* **-leather**, *n.*: maroquin, *m.*; peau de maroquin, *f.*

-paper, *n.*: papier maroquin, *m.*

morô-sc, *adj.*: morose. **-sely**, *adv.*: d'une manière morose. **-seness**, **-sity**

-rô, *n.*: morosité, *f.*

môrphew-fu, *n.*: (*med.*) morphée, *f.*

môr-phia, **-phine**, *n.*: morphine, *f.*

môrris, **-dance**, *n.*: moresque, danse moresque, *f.* **-dancer**, *n.*: danseur de la moresque, *m.*; danseuse de la moresque, *f.*

môrrow, *n.*: demain; lendemain: *good* —, bonjour.

1.môrse, *n.*: morse, *m.*; vache marine, *f.*; cheval marin, *m.*

2.môr-se, **-sel**, *n.*: morceau, *m.*; pièce, *f.* **†-sure**, *n.*: morsure, *f.*

1.môrt, *n.*: saumon de trois ans, *m.*

2.môrt, *n.*: mort (de gibier); signal de mort (sur le cor de chasse), son de cor. **-al**, *adj.*: (*deadly*) mortel, fatal, meurtrier, funeste; (*human*) des mortels, humain. **2.-al**, *n.*: mortel, *m.*, mortelle, *f.*

-alîse, *tr.*: rendre mortel. **-ality**, *n.*: mortalité; nature humaine; humanité; mort, *f.*: *bills of* —, états de mortalité, *m. pl.*; tables de mortalité, *f. pl.* **-ally**, *adv.*: mortellement.

môrtar, *n.*: (*tech., artill., mas.*) mortier, *m.* **-mill**, *n.*: manège à mortier, *m.*

1.môrtga-ge, *n.*: hypothèque, *f.*: *pay off a* —, purger une hypothèque. **2.-ge**, *tr.*: hypothéquer. **-gêe**, *n.*: créancier hypothécaire, *m.* **-geor**, **-ger**, *n.*: débiteur sur hypothèque, *m.*

môrti-ferous, *adj.*: mortel, funeste; mortifère. **-ficâtion**, *n.*: mortification; gangrène, *f.*

môrti-fied, *adj.*: mortifié; affligé; (*med.*) gangrené. **-fiedness**, *n.*: état de mortification, *m.* **-fier**, *n.*: personne qui mortifie; chose qui mortifie, qui fait gangrener, *f.* **-fy**, *tr.*: mortifier; (*med.*) déterminer la gangrène dans, faire gangrener; *intr.*: se mortifier; (*med.*) se gangrener.

1.môrtise, *n.*: mortaise, *f.* **2.mortise**, *tr.*: emmortaiser; assembler à mortaise.

môrtmain, *n.*: mainmorte, *f.*

1.môrtuary, *n.*: droit mortuaire, *m.* **2.mortuary**, *adj.*: mortuaire.

1.mosâic, *adj.*: en mosaïque. **2.mosaic**, *n.*: ouvrage en mosaïque, *m.*; mosaïque, *f.*

3.Mosâic, *adj.*: mosaïque (de Moïse).

môsk, **môsque**, *n.*: mosquée, *f.*

mosquito, *n.*: moustique, *m.*

1.môss, *n.*: mousse, *f.*; (*bog*) marais, *m.* **2.moss**, *tr.*: couvrir de mousse. **-clad**, **-grown**, *adj.*: couvert de mousse; moussu. **-iness**, *n.*: état moussu, *m.* **-land**, *n.*: dépôt tourbeux, *m.* **-trooper**, *n.*: maraudeur, bandit, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: moussu.

1.môst, *adj.*: le plus; la plupart: *the* — *part*, la plus grande partie; — *men*, la plupart des hommes. **2.most**, *adv.*: le plus; très, fort: *the* — *modest man in the world*, l'homme du monde le plus modeste; *the animals that man has* — *admired* are ..., les animaux que l'homme a le plus admirés sont ...; — *vile*, très, fort, bien, excessivement vil. **3.most**, *n.*: la plupart, *f.*; le plus grand nombre, *m.*: *at* —, au plus; tout au plus; *make the* — *of*, tirer le meilleur parti de.

môstic, *n.*: appui-main, *m.*

môstly, *adv.*: pour la plupart; le plus souvent; ordinairement.

môte, *n.*: atome; (*in the eye*) paille, *f.*, fêtu, *m.*

motêt, *n.*: (*mus.*) motet, *m.*

môth (*pl. ths*), *n.*: phalène; teigne, gerce, *f.*; (*fig.*) ver rongeur, *m.* **-eaten**, *adj.*: rongé des vers.

1.môther, *n.*: (*slime of vinegar, etc.*) moisi, *m.*, moisissure, *f.* **2.mother**, *intr.*: se moisir.

3.môther, *n.*: mère; (*familiar term of address*) bonne mère, bonne vieille, bonne femme, *f.*: *be a* — *to*, être une mère pour.

4.mother, *adj.*: mère; maternel; national; (*of churches*) métropolitain: — *country*, mère patrie, *f.*; — *tongue*, langue

maternelle, *f.* 5. **mother**, *tr.*: servir de mère à; adopter; -**hood**, *n.*: maternité, *f.*
-in-law, *n.*: belle-mère, *f.* -**land**, *n.*:
 mère patrie, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans mère;
 orphelin de mère. 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: maternel,
 de mère; (*in look*) qui a l'air d'une mère
 de famille. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: maternellement;
 en mère. -**of-pearl**, *n.*: nacre de perle,
f. -**wit**, *n.*: esprit naturel, *m.*
mothery, *adj.*: (*of liquids*) moisi.
moth-worm, *n.*: teigne des habits;
 teigne, *f.* -**wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) agripaume,
f. -**y**, *adj.*: plein de teignes, de gerces.
motion, *n.*: mouvement, *m.*; motion, *f.*:
 (*astron.*) mouvement, *m.*; (*proposal*)
 motion, proposition; (*med.*) selle, *f.*; (*signal*)
 signe, *m.*: *the laws of* —, les lois du mou-
 vement, *f. pl.*; *perpetual* —, mouvement
 perpétuel, *m.*; *diurnal* —, mouvement
 diurne, *m.*; *make a* —, faire une motion,
 une proposition; *carry a* —, faire adopter
 une motion; *put in* —, mettre en mouve-
 ment; imprimer le mouvement à. 2. **mo-**
tion, *intr.*: faire une proposition, faire
 une motion; *tr.*: proposer: — *to*, faire
 signe à. -**less**, *adj.*: immobile. -**rod**,
n.: bielle de parallélogramme, *f.*
motive, *n.*: motif, mobile, *m.*: *allege*,
state a — *for*, *the* — *of*, motiver; exposer
 le motif de. 2. **motive**, *adj.*: moteur,
 qui fait agir: — *power*, — *force*, force
 motrice, *f.*; moteur, *m.*
motley, *adj.*: bigarre, mêlé, varié, mé-
 langé.
motor, *n.*: moteur, *m.*; force motrice, *f.*:
 mobile, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: qui donne le mouve-
 ment, moteur.
moût, *tr.*: madrer, moirer; (*soap*)
 marbrer. -**d**, *adj.*: pommelé, saumoné,
 tacheté; (*of wood*) madré, moiré; (*of soap*)
 marbré.
moût (*pl. mottoes*), *n.*: devise, *f.*
mould, *n.*: (*earth*) terreau, *m.*, terre
 végétale, terre, *f.*
mould, *n.*: (*from moisture*) moisi, *m.*,
 moisissure, *f.* 3. **mould**, *tr.*, *intr.*: ren-
 dre moisi, moisir; *intr.*: se moisir.
mould, *n.*: (*cast*) moule, *m.*, forme,
f.; (*fig.*) modèle; (*arch.*) panneau, *m.*,
 moulure, *f.*; (*nav.*) gabari, gabarit, *m.*
mould, *tr.*: mouler, modeler, faire,
 former. -**able**, *adj.*: susceptible d'être
 moulé. 1. -**er**, *n.*: mouleur; (*fig.*) forma-
 teur, *m.*
moulder, *intr.*: dépérir; fondre; se
 réduire en poudre, en poussière; se ré-
 duire; *intr.*: réduire en poussière: —
away, tomber en poussière; dépérir; se
 dissiper. -**ing**, *adj.*: qui se réduit en
 poussière, qui dépérit, qui tombe en ruines.
mouldiness, *n.*: moisissure, *f.*, moisi;
 rebut, *m.*

moulding, *n.*: moulure, *f.*; panneau, *m.*
-plane, *n.*: (*carp.*) doucine, *f.*
mouldwarp, *n.*: taupe, *f.*
mouldy, *adj.*: moisi, fêchant; *become*
(get) —, se moisir, s'en chancier.
moult, *intr.*: muer. 2. **moult**, -**ing**,
n.: mue, *f.*
mound, *n.*: levée, digue, *f.*: rempart;
 (*arch.*) remblai, *m.* 2. **mound**, *tr.*: for-
 tifier par un rempart, faire une digue à.
mount, *n.*: mont, monticule, *m.*, -
 tagne, *f.* 2. **mount**, *tr.*: monter; mon-
 ter sur: — *the throne*, monter sur le
 trône; *intr.*: monter, s'élever; monter à
 cheval.
mountain, *n.*: montagne, *f.*; (*fig.*)
 monceau, *m.*: *waves* — *high*, des vagues
 hautes comme des montagnes. 2. **mountain**,
adj.: de la montagne, des mon-
 tagnes; agreste; vaste, énorme; mon-
 tagnard. -**er**, *n.*: montagnard, *m.*,
 montagnarde, *f.* -**girl**, -**maid**, *n.*:
 jeune montagnarde, *f.* -**ous**, *adj.*: mon-
 tagneux, de montagnes, montueux; (*fig.*)
 énorme. -**ousness**, *n.*: situation élevée,
 nature montagnaise, *f.* -**stream**, *n.*:
 ravin, torrent, *m.*
mountant, *adj.*: montant. 1. -**ebank**,
n.: charlatan, saltimbanque, *m.* 2. -**ebank**,
tr. and intr.: tromper, duper, charlataner.
obankery, -**ebankism**, *n.*: charlata-
 nisme, *m.*; charlatanerie, *f.*; tours de
 charlatan, *m. pl.* -**ed**, *adj.*: monté; à
 cheval; (*pl.*) pourvus de chevaux. -**er**,
n.: personne qui monte, *f.*; (*tech.*) mon-
 teur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: montée, *f.*; (*tech.*)
 montage; (*equipment*) équipement, *m.*
-ingly, *adv.*: en montant.
mourn, *tr.*: pleurer, déplorer; *intr.*:
 pleurer, se lamenter; porter le deuil. -**er**,
n.: (*hired*) pleureur, *m.*, pleureuse, *f.*; (*in*
funerals) personne qui est du convoi, qui
 suit le convoi; personne qui pleure, per-
 sonne affligée, *f.*: *chief* —, personne qui
 mène le deuil, *f.*; *be a* —, *one of the* —, 2.
 suivre le deuil, être du convoi; *be chief*
 —, mener le deuil. -**ful**, *adj.*: triste,
 lugubre, fatal; lamentable, déplorable.
-fully, *adv.*: d'un air lugubre, d'une ma-
 nière lugubre; tristement, lamentable-
 ment, déplorablement. -**fulness**, *n.*:
 deuil, *m.*; affliction, tristesse, douleur, *f.*
-ing, *n.*: deuil, *m.*; affliction, *f.*: *deep*
 —, grand deuil; *be in* — *for*, être en
 deuil de, porter le deuil de; *go into* —,
 prendre le deuil, se mettre en deuil; *wear*
 —, être en deuil. 2. -**ing**, *adj.*: affligé;
 triste. -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière
 lugubre, tristement, lugubrement.
mouse, *n.*: souris, *f.*; (*nav.*) bouton, *m.*,
 pomme, *f.*: — *coloured*, poil de souris.
mouise, *intr.*: prendre des souris; *tr.*:

déchirer; (*nav.*) aiguilleter. **-hole**, *n.*: trou de souris, *m.* **môuse-r**, *n.*: preneur de souris, *m.* **-trap**, *n.*: souricière, *f.*
1. mōu-th (pl. **mōuths**), *n.*: bouche; (*of things*) ouverture, entrée, *f.*, orifice, *m.*; (*of ravenous beasts*) gueule; (*of rivers, instruments*) embouchure; (*of cannon*) bouche; (*wry face*) grimace, *f.*: *make any one's* — *water*, faire venir l'eau à la bouche à quelqu'un. **2.-th**, *tr.*: crier; déclamer; insulter; (*take in the mouth*) avaler, dévorer; gober; saisir avec la bouche; mettre dans la bouche; *intr.*: crier, brailler; déclamer, pérorer, vociférer. **-thed**, *adj.*: qui a une bouche: *foul* —, mal embouché; *hard* —, (*man*) qui a la bouche dure, qui n'a point de bouche; *mealy* —, doucereux; *wide* —, qui a la bouche large. **-ther**, *n.*: brailleur, crieur; pérorer, *m.* **-th-friend**, *n.*: faux ami, *m.* **-thful** (pl. *mouthfuls*), *n.*: bouchée, *f.*: *at a* —, d'une seule bouchée. **-th-honour**, *n.*: égards feints, *m. pl.*; déférence feinte, *f.* **-thing**, *n.*: crierie, déclamation, *f.* **-thless**, *adj.*: sans bouche. **-thmade**, *adj.*: faux, sans sincérité. **-th-piece**, *n.*: embouchure, *f.*; bocal; (*pers.*) organe, orateur, interprète, *m.*
mō-vable, *adj.*: mobile; meuble. **-vable-ness**, *n.*: mobilité, *f.* **-vables**, *n.*: biens meubles; meubles, *m. pl.* **-vably**, *adv.*: d'une manière mobile. **1.-ve**, *tr.*: (*shake, stir*) remuer; (*give motion to*) mouvoir, faire mouvoir, mettre en mouvement, faire marcher, faire aller; (*take, carry away*) transporter, porter; (*excite, induce*) exciter, pousser, porter, engager; (*affect*) toucher, émouvoir; (*produce*) produire, faire naître, soulever; (*propose*) faire la motion de, proposer, demander; (*at chess*) jouer: — *to pity*, toucher, émouvoir; *be —d by*, se laisser émouvoir, toucher par; — *away*, éloigner, enlever, ôter; — *back*, remettre à sa place, rapporter; — *backward*, reculer; — *down*, baisser, descendre; — *forward*, avancer; — *off*, ôter, enlever; — *out*, sortir; — *round*, tourner; — *up*, monter, hausser. **2.-ve**, *intr.*: bouger, se remuer, se mouvoir; (*go, advance*) se mettre en mouvement, aller, partir, marcher, s'avancer, se transporter; (*of an army*) s'ébranler; (*stir*) s'agiter, se remuer; (*change residence*) déménager; (*turn*) tourner; (*propose*) faire une motion, proposer, demander; (*at chess*) jouer: — *away*, s'éloigner, s'en aller; — *back*, reculer, se reculer; — *down*, descendre; — *forward, to* — *on*, avancer, s'avancer, marcher; — *off*, s'éloigner, filer; — *out*, sortir; — *round*, se retourner, se tourmenter, tourner; — *up*, monter, avancer; — *in*, emménager; entrer, rentrer. **3.-ve**, *n.*:

mouvement; (*at chess*) trait, coup, *m.*: *have the* —, *to play the first* —, jouer le premier, avoir le trait; *masterly* —, coup de maître, coup de partie; *lucky* —, coup de bonheur; *recall a* —, rejouer; *whose* — *is it?* à qui est-ce à jouer? *it is my* —, c'est à moi à jouer. **-veless**, *adj.*: immobile. **-vement**, *n.*: mouvement, *m.*; agitation, *f.* **-ver**, *n.*: moteur; mobile, *m.*; force motrice, *f.*; (*propose*) auteur d'une motion, d'une proposition, *m.*; *first* —, principe moteur, force motrice. **1.-ving**, *adj.*: (*having motion*) mouvant, mobile; (*giving motion*) moteur; (*affecting*) touchant, émouvant, attendrissant, pathétique, qui émeut: — *power*, force motrice, *f.*; moteur, *m.* **2.-ving**, *n.*: mouvement, *m.*; impulsion, *f.* **-vingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière touchante, attendrissante, pathétiquement. **-viness**, *n.*: air touchant, *m.*; nature touchante, *f.*; pathétique, *m.*

1.mōw, *n.*: grimace, *f.* **2.mow**, *intr.*: faire des grimaces.

3.mōw, *n.*: mouette, *f.*

4.mōw, *n.*: monceau, tas de foin, de gerbes, *m.* **5.mow**, *tr.*: mettre en tas, en meule; (*fig.*) moissonner.

6.mōw (part. *ed or mown*), *tr. and intr.*: faucher; moissonner: — *down*, faucher, moissonner, abattre; — *off*, abattre. **-er**, *n.*: faucheur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: fauchage, *m.*; fauche, *f.* **-ing-time**, *n.*: fauchaison, *f.*; temps de faucher, *m.*

mōxa, *n.*: moxa, *m.*

†mōyle, *n.*: mule, *f.*, mulet, *m.*

Mr. (= *Mister*), Monsieur; *M.*

Mrs. (= *Mistress*), Madame; *Mme.*

mūch, *adv.*: beaucoup de; beaucoup, bien, fort, très; (*nearly*) à peu près: *read* —, lisez beaucoup; — *more*, bien plus; *so* —, tant; tant de; *so* — *as*, tant que, autant que; assez pour; *inso* — *as*, d'autant plus que; *too* —, trop, de trop; trop de; *as* —, autant de; *how* —? combien, combien de; *as* — *as*, autant que; le plus; *make* — *of*, faire grand cas de, tirer grand parti de, faire valoir, estimer beaucoup; *so* — *for*, voilà pour.

mūcid, *adj.*: moisi; qui a un goût de relent. **-ness**, *n.*: moisissure, *f.*; relent, *m.*

mūci-lage, *n.*: mucilage, *m.* **-lāgi-nous**, *adj.*: mucilagineux.

mūck, *n.*: fumier, *m.*; fiente, *f.*; objet méprisable, *m.* **2.muck**, *tr.*: fumer; (*dirty*) salir. **-hill**, *n.*: tas de fumier, *m.* **-iness**, *n.*: saleté, ordure, *f.*

†mūckle, *adj.*: beaucoup.

mūck-sweat, *n.*: sueur abondante, *f.* **-worm**, *n.*: ver de fumier; (*miser*) ladre, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: sale, malpropre.

mū-cous, *adj.*: glaireux, muqueux. **-cu-**

lent, *adj.*: muqueux. -**cus**, *n.*: muco-sité, *f.*; mucus, *m.*

mud, *n.*: boue, bourbe, vase, fange, *f.*: *stick in the —*, s'embourber. 2. **mud**, *tr.*: embourber, salir, couvrir de boue, crotter; (a liquid) troubler. -**build-ing**, -**house**, *n.*: boussillage, *m.* -**dily**, *adv.*: salement; d'un air sombre. -**di-ness**, *n.*: état boueux, état bourbeux, *m.* 1. -**dle**, *tr.*: hébéter; troubler, étourdir; *intr.*: barboter, se salir; être troublé. 2. -**dle**, *n.*: fange, *f.*; état troublé, *m.* -**dled**, *adj.*: trouble, troublé; hébété, lourd; confus. 1. -**dy**, *adj.*: boueux, bourbeux, fangeux; limoneux, vaseux; crotté, couvert de boue; (*stupid*) lourd, borné, hébété; (*dark*) couleur de boue; (*of precious stones*) nuageux. 2. -**dy**, *tr.*: troubler; salir, crotter. -**dy-headed**, *adj.*: lourd, borné, sot, hébété. -**fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) limande, *f.* -**sill**, *n.*: (*of a bridge*) grillage, *m.*; plateforme, *f.* -**wall**, *n.*: mur de terre (de mousillage), *m.* -**wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) petit plantain d'eau, *m.*

mue, *intr.*: muer.

muff, *n.*: manchon; (*pers.*) maladroit, *m.*; fauvette cendrée. -**in**, *n.*: muffin (espèce de galette), *m.*, *f.*

1. **muffle**, *tr.*: emmitoufler; envelopper; affubler; (a bell) assourdir; (a drum) voiler; (*the eyes*) bander; (*fig.*) couvrir, cacher: — up, affubler, envelopper. 2. **muffle**, *intr.*: parler sourdement, marmotter. 3. **muffle**, *n.*: (*chem.*) moufle, *m.* -**furnace**, *n.*: (*chem.*) fourneau à moufle, *m.* -**r** -**er**, *n.*: cache-nez, *m.*

mufflon, *n.*: (*mam.*) mouflon, *m.*

muffti, *n.*: muffi, muphti, *m.*

mug, *n.*: gobelet, *m.*

mug-gy, -**gish**, *adj.*: couvert, humide, lourd.

mughouse, *n.*: cabaret borgne, *m.*

mügil, *n.*: (*ichth.*) muge, mulot, *m.*

mügwort, *n.*: (*bot.*) armoise, herbe de St-Jean, *f.*

mulatto, *n.*: mulâtre, *m.*, *f.*, mulâtresse, *f.*

müberry, *n.*: müre, *f.*; (*tree*) mûrier, *m.*

1. **mulot**, *n.*: amende, *f.* 2. **mulot**, *tr.*: mettre à l'amende, mulcter.

mule, *n.*: mulet, *m.*; mule, *f.*; (*orni.*) mulot, *m.*; (*for spinning*) mule-jenny, *f.*, métier à filer en fin, *m.* -**driver**, *n.*: muletier. -**jenny**, *n.*: mule-jenny, *f.*; métier à filer en fin, *m.* -**spinning**, *n.*: filage à la mule-jenny, *m.* -**têr** -**letër**, *n.*: muletier. -**twist**, *n.*: fil de la mule-jenny, *m.* -**wort**, *n.*: herbe aux mulets, *f.*

multi-brity, *n.*: nobilité, *f.*; état de femme, *m.*; nature efféminée; mollesse, *f.* **mülsh**, *adj.*: de mulot.

müll, *tr.*: faire chauffer et épicer; adoucir; énerver. -**ed**, *adj.*: (*of wine*) chaud et épice.

müll-ein, -**en**, *n.*: (*bot.*) molène, *f.*; bouillon-blanc, *m.*

müller, *n.*: molette (à broyer), *f.*

müllet, *n.*: (*ichth.*) mulot, surmulot, *m.*

müllgrub, *n.*: mauvaise humeur; collique, *f.*; tranchées, *f. pl.*

müllion, *n.*: (*arch.*) meneau, *m.*

multangular, *adj.*: multangulaire, multangulé.

multi (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**capsular**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) multicapsulaire. -**färious**, *adj.*: varié, différent, multiplié. -**färiously**, *adv.*: diversement; avec une grande diversité. -**färiousness**, *n.*: diversité; multiplicité, *f.* -**fid**, -**fidous**, *adj.*: multifié. -**flörs**, *adj.*: multiflore. -**fold**, *adj.*: nombreux, varié. -**form**, -**förmous**, *adj.*: qui a plusieurs formes, varié, multiforme. -**förmity**, *n.*: diversité de formes, *f.* -**lätéral**, *adj.*: à plusieurs côtés; multilatère. -**loquence**, *n.*: bavardage, *m.*; loquacité, *f.* -**loquous**, *adj.*: bavard, loquace. -**nödate**, -**nödous**, *adj.*: qui a beaucoup de nœuds.

-**parous**, *adj.*: multipare. -**ped**, *n.*: (*ent.*) multipède, cloporte, *m.* -**ple**, *adj.* and *n.*: multiple, *m.* -**pliable**, *adj.*: multipliable.

-**plieand**, *n.*: multipli-cande, *m.* -**pligate**, *adj.*: multiplié.

-**plieätion**, *n.*: multiplication, *f.* -**pli-cator**, *n.*: multiplicateur, *m.* -**plieity**, *n.*: multiplicité, *f.* -**plied**, *adj.*: multiplié; réitéré, nombreux.

-**plier**, *n.*: (*arith.*) multiplicateur, multiplieur, *m.*

-**ply**, *tr.*: multiplier; *intr.*: (*people*) multiplier; se multiplier.

-**plying**, *adj.*: multipliant; — *glass*, multipliant; verre multipliant, *m.*

-**potent**, *adj.*: très-puissant, d'une puissance variée.

-**sili-quous**, *adj.*: multisiliqueux.

-**tude**, *n.*: multitude, *f.* -**tädinous**, -**tädinäry**, *adj.*: très-nombreux, diversifié, vaste, immense.

† -**vagant**, † -**vagous**, *adj.*: vagabond, errant de tous côtés, qui voit beaucoup de pays.

1. -**valve**, -**välvu-lar**, *adj.*: (*conch.*, *bot.*) multivalve.

2. -**valve**, *n.*: (*conch.*) multivalve, *f.*

† -**vious**, *adj.*: à plusieurs voies, qui a plusieurs chemins.

multöcular, *adj.*: ayant plus de deux yeux.

1. **müm**, *adj.*: silencieux, muet: *be —*, avoir la bouche close, la bouche cousue.

2. **mum**! *interj.*: bouche close! chut! motus!

-**ble**, *intr.*: marmotter; mâchonner.

-**ble-news**, *n.*: conteur de nouvelles, forger de contes, *m.*

-**bler**, *n.*: grogneur; marmotteur, *m.*; grogneuse, mar-

motteuse, *f.* -**blingly**, *adv.*: en mar-mottant; en mâchonnant. -**budget**! *interj.*: silence! motus!

mûm, *intr.*: se masquer. -**er**, *n.*: masque, *m.* -**ery**, *n.*: mascarade; momerie, *f.*

mummification, *n.*: momification, *f.*

mûm-miform, *adj.*: en forme de momie. -**mify**, *tr.*: momifier.

mûm-ming, *n.*: mascarade, *f.*

mûmmy, *n.*: momie, *f.*: *beat to a —*, rouer de coups.

mûmp, *tr.*: marmotter; (*nibble*) grignoter, mâchonner; (*cheat*) attraper, duper; (*beg*) mendier; *intr.*: marmotter; mâchonner; tromper; gueuser. -**er**, *n.*: gueux, *m.*, gueuse, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: ruse de gueux; grimace, *f.* -**ish**, *adj.*: de mauvaise humeur, rechigné, chagrin. **mûmps**, *n.*: (*med.*) oreillons, *m. pl.*; mauvaise humeur, *f.*

mûnch, *tr. and intr.*: mâcher de grosses bouchées.

mûn-dane, *adj.*: mondain, du monde.

†mûn-dānity, *n.*: mondanité, *f.*

†mûn-dātion, *n.*: nettoyage, *m.*; (*med.*) mondification, *f.* **mûn-datory**, *adj.*: mondificatif; détensif. -**dification**, *n.*: mondification, *f.* -**dificative**, *adj.*: mondificatif, détensif. **†mûn-dify**, *tr.*: (*med.*) mondifier, nettoyer, déterger.

mûndivagant, *adj.*: qui court le monde.

mûnerary, *adj.*: donné en présent.

mûngrel = mongrel.

mûnici-pal, *adj.*: municipal. -**pālity**, *n.*: municipalité, *f.*

mûnifi-cence, *n.*: munificence, *f.* -**cent**, *adj.*: libéral, généreux. -**cently**, *adv.*: libéralement, avec munificence.

mûniment, *n.*: fortification, place forte, *f.*; fort, *m.*; défense, *f.*; (*jur.*) document, titre, *m.*: — *room*, archives, *f. pl.*

mûnition, *n.*: munition; fortification, *f.* -**ship**, *n.*: transport, vaisseau de transport, *m.*

mûral, *adj.*: mural, de mur.

1.mûrder, *n.*: meurtre, assassinat, homicide, *m.*; (*fig.*) meurtre, grand dommage, *m.*: —! à l'assassin! **2.mûrder**, *tr.*: assassiner, tuer; (*to do badly*) massacrer, estropier; (*a language*) écorcher; — *a name*, estropier un nom. -**er**, *n.*: meurtrier, assassin, *m.* -**ess**, *n.*: femme homicide, femme qui a commis un assassinat, meurtrière, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: assassin, meurtrier. -**ous**, *adj.*: homicide, meurtrier, assassin, sanguinaire. -**ously**, *adv.*: par le meurtre, par l'assassinat, en assassin, d'une manière meurtrière.

1.†mûre, *n.*: mur, *m.* **2.mûre**, *tr.*: mûrer.

mûrex, *n.*: murex, *m.*

mûri-ate, *n.*: (*chem.*) muriate, *m.* -**âtie**, *adj.*: muriatique.

mûrine, *adj.*: de souris, des souris.

mûrk, *n.*: obscurité, *f.*; ténèbres, *f. pl.* -**iness**, *n.*: obscurité, *f.*; ténèbres, *f. pl.* -**y**, *adj.*: sombre, obscur, ténébreux, noir.

1.mûrmur, *n.*: murmure, *m.* **2.mûrmur**, *intr.*: murmurer. -**er**, *n.*: murmureur, *m.*, personne qui murmure, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: murmurant, murmureur. **2.-ing**, *n.*: murmure, *m.*; murmures, *pl.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: en murmurant, par des murmures. -**ous**, *adj.*: qui excite des murmures.

mûrrain, *n.*: épizootie, *f.*

mûrre, *n.*: (*orn.*) pingouin commun, *m.*

mûrrey, *adj.*: rouge foncé.

1.mûsca-del, *dine*, **1.-tel**, *n.*: muscat, vin muscat, raisin muscat, *m.*; (*pear*) muscadelle, *f.* **2.-del**, **2.-tel**, *adj.*: muscat. -**t**, *n.*: vin muscat; raisin muscat, *m.*

mûscl, *n.*: (*anat.*) muscle, *m.*; (*mol.*) moule, *f.*

mûscôcity, *n.*: état moussu, *m.*

mûscovādo, *n.*: moscouade, *f.*; sucre brut, *m.*

mûscu-lar, -**lous**, *adj.*: musculaire; musculoux. -**larity**, *n.*: constitution musculaire, constitution musculieuse, *f.* -**larly**, *adv.*: par l'action musculaire; vigoureusement. -**lous**, *adj.*: musculoux.

1.mûse, *n.*: musse (trou), *f.*

2.mûse, *n.*: muse; *pl.*: filles de Mémoire, *f. pl.*

3.mûse, *n.*: rêverie, méditation, *f.*: *in a —*, rêveur, pensif. **4.mûse**, *intr.*: méditer, rêver; être distrait, rêveur pensif; *tr.*: penser à, réfléchir à, méditer: — *on*, rêver à, songer à, réfléchir à, sur. -**ful**, *adj.*: taciturne, rêveur, pensif. -**fully**, *adv.*: pensivement, d'une manière rêveuse. -**r**, *n.*: rêveur; penseur; distrait, *m.*

mûset = *1.muse*.

mûsêum, *n.*: musée, muséum, *m.*

mûshroom, *n.*: champignon, (*upstart*) parvenu, *m.* -**bed**, *n.*: couche de champignons, champignonnière, *f.* -**house**, *n.*: serre à champignons, *f.*

mûsic, *n.*: musique; harmonie, *f.*: *set to —*, mettre en musique. -**al**, *adj.*: musical, harmonieux, mélodieux: — *instrument*, instrument de musique, *m.*; — *box*, boîte à musique, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: en musique, musicalement, harmonieusement, avec harmonie. -**alness**, *n.*: harmonie; mélodie, *f.* -**book**, *n.*: cahier de musique, *m.* -**ian mûs'ishan**, *n.*: musicien, *m.*, musicienne, *f.*: — *s*, musiciens, *m. pl.*; musique, *f. sing.* -**mad**, *adj.*: mélomane. -**pen**, *n.*: griffe à graver la mu-

aique, *f.* -**publisher**, *n.*: éditeur de musique, *m.* -**room**, *n.*: salle de musique, de concert, *f.* -**seller**, *n.*: marchand de musique, *m.* -**stand**, *n.*: pupitre à musique; lutrin, *m.* -**stool**, *n.*: tabouret de piano, *m.*

māsing, *n.*: méditation, contemplation; rêverie, *f.*

1. **mūsk**, *n.*: musc; (mam.) chevroton, porte-musc, *m.* 2. **musk**, *tr.*: musquer.

-**cat**, *n.*: chat musqué, *m.*

mūskot, *n.*: fusil, mousquet, *m.* -**ser**, *n.*: mousquetaire; fusilier, *m.* -**son**, *n.*: mousqueton, *m.* -**ry**, *n.*: mousqueterie, *f.*; fusils: *discharge of* —, fusillade, *f.*

mūsk-iness, *n.*: odeur de musc, *f.*

-**melon**, *n.*: melon muscat, *m.* -**pear**, *n.*: poire musquée, *f.* -**rose**, *n.*: rose musquée, *f.* -**seed**, *n.*: (bot.) graine d'ambrette, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: musqué, de musc.

1. **mūslin**, *adj.*: de mousseline. 2. **muslin**, *n.*: mousseline, *f.* -**sewer**, *n.*: brodeur en mousseline, *m.*, brodeuse en mousseline, *f.*

mūsrōl(e), *n.*: muserolle, *f.*

mūssel, *n.*: moule, *f.*

1. **Mūssulman**, *n.*: Musulman, *m.*, Musulmane, *f.* 2. **Mussulman**, *adj.*: à la manière des Musulmans; en Musulman; musulman. -**ish**, *adj.*: musulman.

1. **mūst**, *intr.*: falloir; devoir: *I —*, il le faut; *I — dine*, il me faut dîner; il faut que je dine; *I — do it*, il faut que je le fasse; *you — return to Paris*, il faut que vous retourniez à Paris.

2. **mūst**, *n.*: moût, *m.* 3. **must**, *tr.*: moisir; *intr.*: (grow mouldy) moisir; se moisir.

mus-tāche, -**tāchie**, *n.*: moustache, *f.*

-**tāchioed**, *adj.*: qui porte des moustaches; à moustaches.

mūstard, *n.*: moutarde, *f.*; sénévé, *m.*

-**pot**, *n.*: moutardier, *m.* -**seed**, *n.*: graine de moutarde, *f.*

mūstōe, *n.*: métis, *m.*, métisse, *f.*

mūsteline, *adj.*: de belette.

1. **mūster**, *n.*: appel, *m.*; réunion; revue, *f.*; rassemblement, *m.*; contrôles, *m. pl.*: *pass —*, passer à la revue; (*fig.*) passer.

2. **muster**, *tr.*: faire l'appel de; réunir; rassembler; *intr.*: s'assembler; se réunir; (*milit.*) faire l'appel, répondre à l'appel. -**book**, *n.*: rôle; contrôle; (*nav.*) rôle d'équipage, *m.*; (*milit.*) matricule, *f.*, registre matricule d'un régiment, *m.* -**master**, *n.*: (*milit.*) major, *m.*

-**roll**, *n.*: rôle, *m.*: *call the —*, faire l'appel.

mūst-ily, *adv.*: avec un goût moisi; avec un goût de renfermé. -**teness**, *n.*: moisi; (*closeness*) relent, renfermé, *m.* -**ty**, *adj.*: moisi; (*close*) qui sent le relent, qui sent

le renfermé; (*old*) surainé; (*pers.*) engourdi, lourd.

mū-tableness, -**tability**, *n.*: mutabilité; instabilité; inconstance, *f.* -**table**, *adj.*: changeant, inconstant, peu stable.

-**tātion**, *n.*: mutation, *f.*; changement, *m.*

1. **mūte**, *adj.*: muet; silencieux. 2. **mute**, *n.*: muet, *m.*, muette, *f.*; (*mus.*) sourdine; (*gram.*) lettre muette; (*at a funeral*) personne placée à la porte d'une maison mortuaire, *f.*; (*jur.*) accusé qui refuse de répondre, *m.*; (*mus.*) sourdine, *f.*

3. **mūte**, *tr.*: muer, jeter.

4. **mūte**, *intr.*: siffler. 5. **mute**, *n.*: sifflante, *f.*

mūte-ly, *adv.*: en muet; silencieusement.

-**ness**, *n.*: mutisme, silence, *m.*

1. **mūti-late**, *tr.*: mutiler, tronquer.

2. -**late**, -**lated**, *adj.*: mutilé; incomplet.

-**lātion**, *n.*: mutilation, *f.* -**lātor**, *n.*: mutilateur, *m.*, mutilatrice, *f.*

mutinēer, *n.*: mutin; révolté, *m.*

mūti-nous, *adj.*: (*of soldiers, sailors*) mutin, mutiné. -**nously**, *adv.*: (*in the army, navy*) en mutin. -**nousness**, *n.*: (*of soldiers, sailors*) mutinerie, résistance, *m.* 1. -**ny**, *n.*: (*in the army, navy*) mutinerie; révolte, *f.* 2. -**ny**, *intr.*: (*in the army, navy*) se mutiner; se révolter.

1. **mūtter**, *tr.*: marmotter, marmonner; murmurer; *intr.*: marmotter, marmonner; gronder. 2. **mutter**, *n.*: murmure, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui marmotte, qui marmonne, *f.*; marmotteur; mécontent, *m.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: en marmottant, en marmonnant.

mūttōn, *n.*: mouton, *m.*: *leg of —*, gigot, *m.* -**chop**, *n.*: côtelette de mouton, *f.*

-**ist**, *n.*: main grossière, *f.*

mūtu-al, *adj.*: mutuel, réciproque. -**ality**, *n.*: réciprocité, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: mutuellement.

mūtule, *n.*: (*arch.*) mutule, *f.*

1. **mūzzle**, *n.*: (*of animals*) museau, *m.*; (*of fire-arms*) bouche, *f.*; (*of bellows*) canon, bec, tuyau, *m.*; (*fastening for the mouth*) muselière, *f.* 2. **muzzle**, *intr.*: approcher le museau; *tr.*: museler. -**nag**, *n.*: (*artil.*) ceinture de la bouche, *f.*

mū, *pron.*: mon, *m.*, ma, *f.*; mes, *pl. m., f.*

myōgraphy, *n.*: myographie, *f.*

myōlōgical, *adj.*: myologique.

myōlogy, *n.*: myologie, *f.*

myōpy, *n.*: myopie, *f.*

myōsōtis, *n.*: (*bot.*) myosotis, *m.*

myōtomy, *n.*: myotomie, *f.*

mūriad, *n.*: myriade, *f.*

myriāmeter, *n.*: myriamètre, *m.*

Mūrmidon, *n.*: mirmidon, *m.*

myrōbalan, *n.*: (*bot.*) myrobolan, *m.*

mūrrh, *n.*: myrrhe, *f.*

mȳr-tiform *ô*, *adj.*: (anat.) myrtiforme.
-tle, *n.*: myrte, *m.* **-tle-berry**, *n.*:
 baie de myrte, *f.*

mȳsĕlf, *pron.*: moi-même; *me.*

mȳstagogue, *n.*: mystagogue, *m.*

mȳstĕrious, *adj.*: mystérieux. **-ly**,
adv.: mystérieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: mys-
 tère, *m.*; nature mystérieuse, *f.*

mȳs-terĭse, *tr.*: faire un mystère de.
-tery, *n.*: mystère, secret, *m.*

1. mȳs-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: mystique. **2. -tic**,
n.: mystique, *m.* **-tically**, *adv.*: mys-
 tiquement. **-ticalness**, *n.*: mysticisme,
m.; mysticité, *f.* **-ticism**, *n.*: mysti-
 cisme, *m.*, mysticité, *f.* **-tification**,
n.: mystification, *f.* **-tify**, *tr.*: envelop-
 per de mystère.

mȳth, *n.*: mythe, *m.* **-ical**, *adj.*: de
 mythe; fabuleux. **-olōgie(al)**, *adj.*:
 mythologique. **-olōgically**, *adv.*: my-
 thologiquement. **-olōgise**, *tr.*: inter-
 prêter par la mythologie. **-olōgist**, *n.*:
 mythologue, mythologiste, *m.* **-ōlogy**,
n.: mythologie, *f.*

N

n en, *n.*: *n*, *f.*

nāb, *tr.*: gripper, happer; gober.

nābob, *n.*: nabab, *m.*

nācarat, *n.*: nacarat, *m.*

nā-cre, *n.*: nacre, *f.* **-creous**, *adj.*:
 nacré.

nādir, *n.*: nadir, *m.*

nāg, *n.*: bidet, jeune cheval, *m.*

nāiad, *n.*: (myth.) naiade, *f.*

1. nāil, *n.*: (of fingers, toes) ongle; (of
 iron) clou, *m.*; (measure) un seizième de
 yard (centimètre 5.50), *m.*: *cut one's —*,
 se couper, se tailler les ongles; *bite one's*
—, se ronger les ongles; *drive in a —*,
 enfoncer, ficher un clou; *pay down on the*
—, payer écus sonnants, payer rubis sur
 l'ongle. **2. nail**, *tr.*: clouer; clouter; (a
 cannon) enclouer: — *any one*, prendre
 quelqu'un au mot; y prendre quelqu'un;
 — *up*, clouer; fermer avec des clous; (a
 window, a door, etc.) condamner. **-brush**,
n.: brosse à ongles, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: cloutier,
m. **-ery**, *n.*: clouterie, *f.* **-head**, *n.*:
 tête de clou, *f.* **-headed**, *adj.*: à tête
 de clou. **-maker**, *n.*: cloutier, *m.*

-making, *n.*: fabrication des clous, *f.*
-manufactory, *n.*: clouterie, *f.*
-shank, *n.*: tige de clou, *f.* **-trade**,
n.: clouterie, *f.* **-works**, *n. pl.*: clou-
 terie, *f. sing.*

nā'ive, *adj.*: naïf. **-ly**, *adv.*: naïve-
 ment. **-tē**, *n.*: naïveté, *f.*

1. nāked, *adj.*: (not covered) nu, à nu;
 (open to view) à découvert, ouvert, dé-

garni; (defenceless) sans défense, exposé
 sans défense; (evident) évident, manifeste;
 (simple) simple, pur; (print.) dégarni;
 (bot.) dépouillé: *with the — eye*, à l'œil
 nu; *stark —*, tout nu; nu comme la main.
2. naked, *n.*: (of a column) fût, (of a
 wall) nu, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: à nu; sans dé-
 fense; simplement, purement; manifeste-
 ment, ouvertement; nûment. **-ness**, *n.*:
 nudité, *f.*; état sans défense, *m.*, (plain-
 ness) évidence, clarté, *f.*; (fig.) dénûment,
m.

nāmby-pāmby, *adj.*: prétentieux, mus-
 qué.

nāme, *n.*: nom; (fame) renom, *m.*, re-
 nommée, *f.*: *Christian —*, prénom, nom
 de baptême: *what is your —?* comment
 vous appelez-vous? *by —*, de nom; *go by*
the — of, être nommé; être connu sous le
 nom de; *in the — of*, au nom de; sous le
 nom de; de la part de; *the house is in*
the — of, la maison est sous le nom de;
he came in my —, il est venu de ma part.
2. name, *tr.*: nommer, appeler; intituler:
be —d, s'appeler, se nommer; (of things)
 être appelé, nommé, intitulé; s'appeler, se
 nommer; *what are you —d?* comment
 vous appelez-vous? *do not — it*, n'y faites
 pas attention; n'en parlez pas; (in an-
 swering thanks) il n'y a pas de quoi. **-d**,
adj.: qui a un nom; nommé, désigné,
 mentionné; *above —*, ci-dessus nommé.
-less, *adj.*: sans nom, anonyme; inconnu.
-ly, *adv.*: savoir, nommément. **-r**, *er*,
n.: personne qui appelle, qui nomme, *f.*

-sake, *n.*: homonyme, *m.*

nānkeñ, *n.*: nankin, *m.*

1. nāp, *n.*: (of cloth) poil; (of plants) du-
 vet, *m.*; touffe, *f.*

2. nāp, *n.*: (sleep) somme, *m.*, sieste, *f.*:
afternoon —, sieste, *f.* **3. nap**, *intr.*:
 faire un somme; somnoler; (fig.) s'en-
 dormir, manquer de vigilance.

nāpe, *n.*: nuque, *f.*; chignon, *m.*

nāphtha, *n.*: naphte, *m.*

nāpkin, *n.*: serviette, *f.*

nāpless, *adj.*: sans poil; râpé.

nāppiness, *n.*: (of cloth) abondance de
 poils.

1. nāppy, *adj.*: écumeux; poilu.

2. nāppy, *adj.*: enclin au petit somme.

nārcĭssus, *n.*: (bot.) narcisse, *m.*

1. nārcōtic, **-al**, *adj.*: narcotique.

2. narcotic, *n.*: narcotique, *m.* **-ally**,
adv.: avec un effet narcotique. **-ness**,
n.: qualité narcotique, *f.*

nārcotine, *n.*: (chem.) narcotine, *f.*

nārd, *n.*: nard, *m.* **-ine**, *adj.*: de nard.

nāreç, *n. pl.*: narines, *f. pl.*

† nār-rable, *adj.*: qui peut être raconté.

-āte, *tr.*: raconter, narrer. **-ātion**, *n.*:
 narration, *f.*; récit, *m.* **1. -ative**, *n.*: ré-

cit, narré, *m.* 2. **-ative**, *adj.*: narratif; qui aime à conter. **-atively**, *adv.*: en forme de narration. **-ator**, *n.*: narrateur, conteur, *m.*

1. **narrow**, *adj.*: étroit; (*contracted, of confined views*) rétréci, borné, étroit; (*accurate*) exact, soigneux, scrupuleux, attentif; (*near*) de près; (*not liberal*) mesquin: *be in — circumstances*, être à l'étroit; *have a — escape*, l'échapper belle; — *mind*, esprit borné; — *minded*, à l'esprit borné. 2. **narrow**, *tr.*: rendre étroit, rétrécir, étrécir; *intr.*: devenir étroit; se rétrécir. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui rétrécit; chose qui rétrécit, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: rétrécissement, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: étroitement; à l'étroit; d'une manière rétrécie, bornée; exactement, soigneusement, scrupuleusement, attentivement; de près; mesquinement. **-ness**, *n.*: étroitesse, *f.*; rétrécissement, *m.*; petitesse, mesquinerie, *f.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: détroit; défilé, *m. sing.*

närwal, *närwal* *hwal*, *n.*: (*mam.*) narval, *m.*; licorne de mer, *f.*

1. **nā-sal**, *adj.*: nasal, du nez. 2. **-sal**, *n.*: (*gram.*) nasale, *f.*; (*med.*) errhin, médicament errhin; (*of a helmet*) nasal, *m.* **-sality**, *n.*: nasalité, *f.* **-sally**, *adv.*: nasalement.

nāseent, *adj.*: naissant.

nās-tily, *adv.*: salement, malproprement; (*fig.*) grossièrement; vainement. **-tiness**, *n.*: saleté, malpropreté, grossièreté, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: sale, malpropre; (*fig.*) sale, vilain: — *boy*, vilain enfant; vilain, vilain sale, *m.*

nātal, **-itātal**, **-itāious**, *adj.*: natal; de la naissance; du jour natal.

nā-tant, *adj.*: (*bot.*) flottant. **-tātion**, *n.*: natation, *f.* **-tātōrial**, **-tatory**, *adj.*: natatoire.

nātion, *n.*: nation, *f.*; peuple, *m.*

nātion-al, *adj.*: national. **-ālicity**, *n.*: nationalité, *f.* **-ālīse**, *tr.*: rendre national, nationaliser. **-ally**, *adv.*: nationalement. **-alness**, *n.*: caractère national, *m.*

1. **nātive**, *adj.*: naturel, natif; natal; du pays, de son pays; de naissance; paternel, maternel; indigène; primitif; (*min.*) natif: — *genius*, le génie naturel, *m.*; — *soil*, sol natal, *m.*; — *place*, pays, lieu de naissance, *m.*; — *tongue*, langue maternelle, *f.*; — *productions*, productions indigènes, *f. pl.* 2. **native**, *n.*: natif; naturel, indigène, *m.* **-ly**, *adj.*: de naissance; naturellement; originellement. **-ness**, *n.*: état naturel, *m.*

nativity, *n.*: nativité; naissance, *f.*; lieu de naissance, *m.*: *the — of our Saviour*, la nativité de Notre-Seigneur.

nātron, *n.*: (*min.*) natron, natrum, *m.*

1. **nāatural**, *adj.*: naturel; réel; naïf; (*mus.*) bécarré, *m.* 2. **natural**, *n.*: idiot, imbécile; (*mus.*) bécarré, *m.* **-isātion**, *n.*: naturalisation, *f.* **-īse**, *tr.*: naturaliser. **-ism**, *n.*: naturalisme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: naturaliste, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: naturellement. **-ness**, *n.*: naturel; caractère naturel, *m.*; naïveté, *f.*

nātur-e, *n.*: nature, *f.*; naturel, *m.*: *good —*, bon naturel, *m.*; bonté, bonhomie, *f.*; *ill —*, mauvais naturel, *m.*; méchanceté, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: de nature; de naturel: *good —*, d'un bon naturel; bon; *ill —*, de mauvais naturel; méchant; (*of things*) mauvais; ingrat. **-edly**, *adv.*: *good —*, avec bonté; avec bonhomie; *ill —*, méchamment; avec méchanceté.

1. **nāught**, *n.*: rien; (*arith.*) zéro, *m.*: *set at —*, ne faire aucun cas de; mépriser; braver; défier. 2. **naught**, *adv.*: nullement; aucunement. 3. **naught**, *adj.*: méchant, mauvais. **-ily**, *adv.*: par méchanceté. **-iness**, *n.*: méchanceté, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: *tsans valeur*; méchant: — *trick*, méchanceté, *f.*

nāumachy, *n.*: naumachie, *f.*

nāuse-a, *n.*: nausée, *f.*; soulèvement de cœur, *m.* **-ate**, *intr.*: avoir des nausées; (*fig.*) être dégoûté; *tr.*: donner des nausées; avoir des nausées de; dégoûter; (*med.*) faire vomir. **-ating**, *adj.*: nauséabond; dégoûtant. **-ous**, *adj.*: nauséabond; dégoûtant. **-ously**, *adv.*: d'une manière nauséabonde; d'une manière dégoûtante. **-ousness**, *n.*: nature nauséabonde, *f.*; dégoût, *m.*

nāuti-c(al), *adj.*: nautique, de marin. **-lus**, *n.*: nautile, argonaute, *m.*

nā-val, *adj.*: naval, maritime; de la marine. 1. **-ve**, *n.*: (*in church*) nef, *f.*

2. **nā-ve**, *n.*: (*of wheel*) moyeu, *m.* **-vel**, *n.*: nombril; (*fig.*) centre, cœur, *m.* **-vel-string**, *n.*: cordon ombilical, *m.* **-vel-wort**, *n.*: cotylédon, cotylet, *m.*

nāvi-gable, *adj.*: navigable. **-gable-ness**, *n.*: navigabilité, *f.* **-gate**, *tr.* and *intr.*: naviguer, naviguer sur; gouverner. **-gātion**, *n.*: navigation, *f.* **-gāt(ion)-laws**, *n. pl.*: code maritime, *m.*; législation maritime, *f.* **-gātor**, *n.*: navigateur, *m.*

nāvy, *n.*: marine, *f.*: *mercantile —*, marine marchande, *f.* **-agency**, *n.*: agence pour la marine, *f.* **-agent**, *n.*: agent pour la marine, *m.* **-bills**, *n. pl.*: lois et ordonnances maritimes, *f. pl.* **-board**, *n.*: conseil de la marine, *m.* **-office**, *n.*: bureaux de la marine, *m. pl.* **-yard**, *n.*: arsenal maritime, *m.*

nāy, *adv.*: non, nenni; même; qui plus est.

Nazarōne, *n.*: Nazaréen, *m.*, Nazaréenne, *f.* **Nāzarīte**, *n.*: Nazaréen, *m.*

neal, see *anneal*.

Napoléon, *adj.*: napolitain; de Naples; *n.*: Napolitain, *m.*, Napolitaine, *f.*

néap-tide, *n.*: morte-eau; morte-marée, *f.*

1. near, *adj.*: proche; près; près de; rapproché; (*parsimonious*) serré, parcimonieux, très regardant; (*stingy*) chiche; (*intimate*) précieux, chéri, cher; (*faithful*) exact, fidèle. — *relation*, proche parent, *m.*, proche parente, *f.* **2. near**, *adv.*: près; près de; de près; presque; *draw* —, s'approcher; *draw to*, s'approcher de; *nothing* —, à beaucoup près.

3. near, *prep.*: près de, auprès de.

4. near, *tr.* and *intr.*: s'approcher de, s'approcher. **-ly**, *adv.*: de près; à peu près; environ; presque; (*parsimoniously*) chichement, mesquinement. **-ness**, *n.*: proximité; (*close union*) union étroite; (*parsimony*) parcimonie, mesquinerie. **-sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue basse, myope.

1. neat, *adj.*: (*clean*) net, propre, soigné, rangé; (*pure*) pur, chaste; (*unadulterated*) pur; (*unadorned*) propre, simple; de bon goût.

2. neat, *n.*: gros bétail, *m.*, vache, *f.* **-herd**, *n.*: bouverie, vacher, *m.*

neat-ly, *adv.*: proprement; nettement; d'une manière soignée, purement, chaste; simplement; (*dexterously*) adroitement; avec bon goût. **-ness**, *n.*: propreté, netteté; pureté; simplicité, *f.*

nébu-la, *n.*: nuage, *m.* (*astron.*) nébuleuse, étoile nébuleuse, *f.* **-lose**, **-lous**, *adj.*: nébuleux, obscur. **-losity**, *n.*: état nébuleux, *m.*; nébulosité, *f.*

nécessa-ries, *n.*: nécessaire, *m.*; nécessités, *f. pl.* **-rily**, *adv.*: nécessairement, de nécessité. **-riness**, *n.*: nécessité, *f.* **1. -ry**, *adj.*: nécessaire; (*unavoidable*) obligé, forcé, péremptoire: *if* —, s'il le faut; au besoin; *it is* —, il faut. **2. -ry**, *n.*: garde-robe, *f.*, commodités, *f. pl.*, lieux, lieux d'aisances, *m. pl.*, cabinet d'aisances, *m.*

nécessitate, *tr.*: nécessiter, obliger, contraindre. **-cessitation**, *n.*: obligation, contrainte, *f.* **-cessitous**, *adj.*: nécessaire, dans le besoin; (*of things*) de nécessité, de besoin. **-cessitousness**, *n.*: nécessité, *f.*, besoin, *m.* **-cessity**, *n.*: nécessité; (*indigence*) nécessité, *f.*, besoin, *m.*: *from* —, par nécessité; par besoin; *make a virtue of* —, faire de nécessité vertu; *be under the* — *of*, se trouver dans la nécessité de.

neck, *n.*: cou; (*of bottles, etc.*) cou, goulot; (*of musical instruments*) manche; (*of meat*) collet; (*of a mountain*) col, *m.*; (*of land*) langue, *f.*: *stiff* —, torticollis,

m.; — *and shoulders (of animals)*, encolure, *f.*; *break any one's* —, casser le cou à quelqu'un. **-cloth**, *n.*: cravate, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: qui a un cou; *stiff* —, au cou raide; (*fig.*) altier, arrogant; *long* —, au long cou; *short* —, qui a le cou court, au cou court. **-erchief**, *n.*: fichu, *m.* **-lace**, *n.*: collier, *m.* **-laced**, *adj.*: marqué comme d'un collier. **-land**, *n.*: langue de terre, *f.* **-weed**, *n.*: chanvre, *m.*

né-crologi-cal, *adj.*: nécrologique. **-crologist**, *n.*: nécrologue, *m.* **-crology**, *n.*: nécrologie, *f.*

nécro-mancer, *n.*: nécromancien, *m.*, nécromancienne, *f.*; nécromant, *m.* **-mancy**, *n.*: nécromancie, *f.* **1. -mantic**, *adj.*: de nécromancie. **2. -mantic**, *n.*: tour de nécromancie, *m.* **-mantly**, *adv.*: par nécromancie.

necrosis, *n.*: nécrose, *f.*

néo-tar, *n.*: nectar, *m.* **-târeal** or **-tarean**, *adj.*: de nectar; nectaréen; nectaré. **-tared**, *adj.*: de nectar. **-tâ-reous**, see *-tareal*. **1. -tarine**, *adj.*: nectaréen. **2. -tarine**, *n.*: brugnion, *m.* **-tarise**, *tr.*: sucrer. **-tarous** = *-tareal*. **-tary**, *n.*: (*bot.*) nectaire, *m.*

need, *n.*: besoin, *m.*; nécessité, *f.*; (*indigence*) besoin, *m.*, misère, *f.*: *in case of* —, au besoin; en cas de nécessité; *what — is there of that?* quel besoin y a-t-il de...? quelle nécessité y a-t-il pour cela? *there is no — of that*, il n'y a pas besoin de cela; *be in — of, have — of*, avoir besoin de; *be in* —, être dans le besoin, dans la misère. **2. need**, *intr.*: avoir besoin; devoir; avoir; (*imp.*) falloir, être nécessaire; *tr.*: avoir besoin de. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui a besoin, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: nécessaire. **-fully**, *adv.*: nécessairement. **-fulness**, *n.*: besoin, *m.*; nécessité, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: dans le besoin; par besoin. **-iness**, *n.*: indigence, nécessité, *f.*; besoin, *m.*

1. needle, *n.*: aiguille, *f.*: *thread a* —, enfilier une aiguille; *netting* —, navette, *f.*; *sewing* —, aiguille à coudre, *f.*; *darning* —, aiguille à repriser, *f.*; *eye of a* —, trou d'aiguille, *m.* **2. needle**, *intr.*: se cristalliser en aiguilles; *tr.*: cristalliser en aiguilles. **-case**, *n.*: étui, *m.* **-fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) aiguille, *f.* **-ful**, *n.*: aiguillée, *f.* **-r -er**, **-maker**, *n.*: aiguillier, *m.*

needless, *adj.*: inutile. **-ly**, *adv.*: inutilement. **-ness**, *n.*: inutilité, *f.*

needle-work, *n.*: ouvrage à l'aiguille, *m.* **needs**, *adv.*: nécessairement, absolument: *I must* —, je dois nécessairement...; *il faut absolument que je*...; *he must* —, il doit nécessairement...; *il faut absolument qu'il*...

nēdy, *adj.*: indigent, nécessaire, pauvre.
†nē-fand, **†fāndous**, *adj.*: détestable, abominable.

nefārious, *adj.*: exécrable, atroce, abominable, infâme. **-ly**, *adv.*: exécrablement, atrocement, abominablement; avec infamie.

negātion, *n.*: négation, négative, *f.*

1.negative, *adj.*: négatif. **2.negative**, *n.*: négative, négation, *f.* **3.negative**, *tr.*: décider négativement; (in parliament) rejeter. **-ly**, *adv.*: négativement, avec négation. **-ness**, *n.*: qualité négative, *f.*

1.neglect, *tr.*: négliger. **2.neglect**, *n.*: négligence, *f.*; oubli, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: négligent, *m.*, négligente, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: négligent; nonchalant. **-fully**, *adv.*: négligemment; nonchalamment.

negligeo **-s**, *n.*: négligé, *m.*

negligence, *n.*: négligence; nonchalance, *f.*; oubli, *m.* **-gent**, *adj.*: négligent. **-gently**, *adv.*: négligemment; par négligence.

ne-gotiability, *n.*: négociabilité, *f.*
-gotiable, *adj.*: négociable. **-gotiate**, *tr.*: négocier; *intr.*: négocier, être en négociation. **-gotiation**, *n.*: négociation, *f.* **-gotiator**, *n.*: négociateur, *m.*

né-gress, *n.*: négresse, *f.* **-gro**, *n.*: nègre, *m.*: — *boy*, jeune nègre; *négrillon*, *m.*: — *girl*, jeune négresse; *négrillonne*, *f.*

négus, *n.*: vin chaud, vin cuit, négus, *m.*

1.nēigh, *intr.*: hennir. **2.neigh**, *n.*: hennissement, *m.*

1.nēighbor, *n.*: voisin, *m.*, voisine, *f.*; (biblically) prochain, *m.*: *next-door* —, plus proche voisin; *be next-door* —s, demeurer porte à porte. **2.neighbor**, *adj.*: voisin. **3.neighbor**, *intr.*: avoisiner.

-hood, *n.*: voisinage, *m.*; alentours, environs, *m. pl.* **-ing**, *adj.*: voisin; du voisinage; des alentours; approximatif.

1.-ly, *adj.*: de voisin: — *act*, trait de bon voisin, *m.* **2.-ly**, *adv.*: en voisin; en bon voisin.

neighbour, etc. = *neighbor*, etc.

neighing, *n.*: hennissement, *m.*

1.nēither, *pron.*: ni l'un ni l'autre, *m.*, ni l'une ni l'autre, *f.*; ni les uns ni les autres, *m. pl.*, ni les unes ni les autres, *f. pl.* **2.neither**, *conj.*: ni; non plus.

nēm. cōn. (abbr. of *nemine contradicente*), sans voix dissidente.

Nēmēan, *adj.*: néméen; de Némée.

nēmo-ral, **-rous**, *adj.*: des bois.

nēnuphar **-ār**, *n.*: (bot.) nénuphar, *m.*

ne-olōgic(al), *adj.*: néologique. **-olōgism**, *n.*: néologisme, *m.* **-olōgist**, *n.*: néologue; néologiste, *m.* **-olōgy**, *n.*: néologie, *f.*

nēophyte, *n.*: néophyte; novice, *m., f.*

1.nēotēric, *adj.*: moderne. **2.nēotēric**, *n.*: moderne, *m.*

nēpēnthē, *n.*: panacée, *f.*, népenthès, *m.* **-s**, *n.*: (bot.) népenthès, *m.*

nē phēw, *n.*: neveu, *m.*: *grand* —, petit-neveu, *m.*

1.nē-phritic, **-phritical**, *adj.*: néphrétique. **2.-phritic**, *n.*: néphrétique, *m.*

-phritis, *n.*: néphrite, *f.*

nēpotism, *n.*: népotisme, *m.*

nēroid, *n.*: néréide, *f.*

nērite, *n.*: nérîte, *f.*

nēroli, *n.*: néroli, *m.*

1.nēr-ve, *n.*: nerf, *m.*; (arch., bot.) nervure, *f.* **2.-ve**, *tr.*: donner du nerf à, de la force à. **-ved**, *adj.*: fortifié, vigoureux; (bot.) nerve. **-veless**, *adj.*: sans nerf; sans vigueur, sans force.

1.-vine, *adj.*: nervin. **2.-vine**, *n.*: nervin, *m.*

-vōse, *adj.*: (bot.) nerve.

-vous, *adj.*: nerveux, vigoureux; (med.) nerveux; (bot.) nerve.

-vously, *adv.*: nerveusement; avec vigueur.

-vousness, *n.*: nerf, *m.*; vigueur, *f.*; (med.) état nerveux, *m.*

-vy, *adj.*: nerveux; vigoureux.

nēscience, *n.*: ignorance, *f.*

nēs-t, *n.*: nid, *m.*; (brood of birds) nichée; (fig.) nichée, *f.*, repaire, *m.*; (of boxes, cases, etc.) caisse à tiroirs, *f.*, casier, *m.*: *have found a mare's* —, croire avoir trouvé la pie au nid; *feather one's* —, faire son nid; faire ses orges; a — of thieves, un repaire de voleurs; — egg, nichet, *m.*

2.-t, *intr.*: nicher, faire un nid.

-tle, *intr.*: nicher; se nicher; se fixer; *tr.*: nicher, loger; chérir.

1.-tling, *n.*: petit oiseau nouvellement éclos, encore au nid, *m.*

2.-tling, *adj.*: nouvellement éclos; encore au nid.

1.nēt, *n.*: filet, rets; réseau: (textile fabric) tulle, *m.*

2.net, *tr.*: faire en filet; couvrir de filets; prendre dans un filet; pêcher; *intr.*: faire du filet.

3.net, *adj.*: net, fin, pur. **4.net**, *tr.*: (com.) donner net, produire un bénéfice net de; gagner net.

nēther, *adj.*: inférieur, bas. **-most**, *adj.*: le plus bas.

nētting, *n.*: réseau, rets; filet, *m.*

1.nēt-tle, *n.*: ortie, *f.* **2.-tle**, *tr.*: piquer; aigrir. **-tler**, *n.*: personne qui pique, qui aigrit; chose qui pique, qui aigrit, *f.*

-tle-rash, *n.*: (med.) urticaire, *f.*

nēt-work, *n.*: réseau, lacs, *m.*

neur-āl-gia, *n.*: (med.) névralgie, *f.*

-olōgical, *adj.*: névrologique. **-olōgist**, *n.*: névrologue, *m.*

-olōgy, *n.*: névrologie, *f.*

-ōpter, *n.*: névroptère, *m.*

-ōpteral, **-ōpteron**, *adj.*: névroptère, *f.*

tère. 1.-**ôtic**, *adj.*: névritique; nervin.
2.-**ôtic**, *n.*: (disease) névrite, *f.*; (remedy) nervin.
-**ôtomy**, *n.*: névrotomie, *f.*
1.-**neû-ter**, *adj.*: neutre.
2.-**ter**, *n.*: neutre, *m.*; personne neutre, *f.*; (gram., *ent.*), neutre, *m.* -**-tral**, *adj.*: neutre; indifférent. -**-tralité**, *n.*: neutralité; indifférence, *f.* -**-tralisation**, *n.*: neutralisation, *f.* -**-traliſe**, *tr.*: neutraliser.
-**-trally**, *adv.*: neutralement.

neuvâmes, *n. pl.*: neuvaïne, *f.*

nêver, *adv.*: jamais; ne ... jamais; pas; ne ... aucunement; ne ... nullement; quelque ... que ce soit: — *I have — seen it*, je ne l'ai jamais vu; — *a word*, pas un mot; *be — so idle*, ne soyez jamais si paresseux. -**-theless**, *adj.*: néanmoins, toutefois, cependant, pourtant.

nêw, *adj.*: neuf, nouveau, nouvel; (*of bread*) tendre, frais; (*unaccustomed*) neuf, novice; frais, récent; (*recently commenced, recently appeared*) nouveau, nouvel: *bran —, brand —*, battant neuf; *speck and span —*, tout battant neuf; — *from*, frais de; *a — hat*, un chapeau neuf; — *wine*, du vin nouveau; *the — moon*, la nouvelle lune; *a — work*, un nouvel ouvrage; *a — book*, (*not used*) un livre neuf; (*newly out*) un livre nouveau; (*a different one*) un nouveau livre; *a — word*, un mot nouveau; — *comer*, nouveau venu, *m.*

nêwel, *n.*: noyau d'escalier, *m.*

nêw-fangled, *adj.*: nouvellement inventé. -**-ing**, *n.*: levure, *f.* -**-ish**, *adj.*: assez neuf; assez nouveau; assez récent, assez frais; (*of bread*) assez tendre, assez frais. -**-laid**, *adj.*: frais: — *eggs*, œufs frais, *m. pl.* -**-ly**, *adv.*: nouvellement, fraîchement, récemment. -**-ness**, *n.*: nouveauté; (*want of practice*) inexpérience; (*innovation*) innovation, *f.*

nêws, *n.*: nouvelle, *f.*; nouvelles, *f. pl.*: *what is the —?* quelles sont les nouvelles? qu'y a-t-il de nouveau? -**-boy**, *n.*: marchand, porteur de journaux, *m.* -**-man**, *n.*: commissionnaire pour les journaux; marchand de journaux, *m.* -**-monger**, *n.*: débitant de nouvelles, *m.* -**-paper**, *n.*: journal, *m.*; feuille, gazette, *f.* -**-vendor**, *n.*: commissionnaire pour les journaux; marchand de journaux, *m.*

nêwt, *n.*: petit lézard, *m.*

Nêwtô'nian, *adj. or n.*: newtonien.

nêw-year, *n.*: nouvel an, *m.* -**-year's-day**, *n.*: le jour de l'an, *m.* -**-year's-gift**, *n.*: étrennes, *f. pl.*

1.-**nêxt**, *adj.*: (*in degree*) le plus proche, voisin; (*in place*) le plus près; (*in succession*) suivant, premier; (*of past time*) suivant; (*of future time*) prochain; (*fig.*) voisin, rapproché, suivant, prochain, fu-

tur: *the — interview*, la prochaine entrevue; *the — world*, l'autre monde; la vie future; la vie à venir; *he will come — month*, il viendra le mois prochain; *he came — day*, il est venu le jour suivant, le lendemain. 2.-**nêxt**, *adv.*: à côté de; après; immédiatement après; ensuite; le premier, *m.*, la première, *f.*; les premiers, *m. pl.*, les premières, *f. pl.*: — *to*, à côté de; (*nearly*) à peu près, presque; — *to nothing*, presque rien; — *to impossible*, à peu près, presque impossible; *he sat — to me*, il était assis à côté de moi; *he came —*, il vint immédiatement après; *what next?* après? et après? ensuite?

nias = *eyas*.

nib, *n.*: (*of a bird, a pen*) bec, *m.*; (*point*) pointe, *f.*, bout, *m.* -**-bed**, *adj.*: qui a un bec, une pointe; à bec; à pointe: *hard —*, qui a le bec dur; *soft —*, qui a le bec flexible.

1.-**nib-ble**, *tr.*: mordiller; grignoter; (*of fish*) mordre à l'hameçon; (*of birds*) becqueter; (*the grass, etc.*) brouter; *intr.*: mordiller; grignoter; brouter; mordre: — *at*, mordiller, grignoter, brouter; mordre; (*carp at*) glosier sur, faire la critique de. 2.-**-ble**, *n.*: coup de dent (de bec).

-**-bler**, *n.*: personne qui mordille, qui grignote, *f.*; animal qui mordille, qui grignote, qui broute; poisson qui mord à l'hameçon; (*carper*) glosieur, *m.*, gloseuse, *f.*; critique, *m.*

nice, *adj.*: (*to the taste*) bon, agréable, friand; (*delightful*) joli; (*delicate*) délicat, fin; (*exact*) exact, juste; (*scrupulous*) scrupuleux; (*fastidious*) difficile, sévère, rigide, prude; (*refined*) recherché, subtil; (*acute*) subtil, pénétrant; (*well-behaved, of children*) sage, gentil; (*amiable*) gentil, aimable, charmant, bon; (*jest.*) joli: *a — dinner*, un bon dîner; — *tints*, des nuances délicates; *you are very —!* vous êtes bien difficile! *a — child*, un enfant gentil, sage; *a very — girl*, une demoiselle bien aimable, bien gentille; une petite fille très sage; *a — little wife*, une bonne petite femme; *a — man*, un homme aimable; *you are a — fellow!* *a — man!* vous êtes un joli garçon! -**-ly**, *adv.*: bien; agréablement; avec friandise; délicatement; finement; exactement; justement; scrupuleusement; difficilement; sévèrement, rigide, avec prudence; (*of dressing*) avec recherche; subtilement; avec pénétration; gentiment; avec amabilité, aimablement. -**-ness**, *n.*: goût agréable, *m.*; délicatesse, finesse; exactitude, justesse, *f.*; soin scrupuleux, *m.*; sévérité, rigidité, prudence; recherche, *f.*; raffinement, *m.*; subtilité; pénétration; gentillesse; amabilité, *f.* -**-ty**, *n.*: délica-

tesse, finesse, *f.*; (*delicate management*) soin scrupuleux, *m.*; (*precision*) exactitude, justesse, *f.*: *niceties*, friandises, délicatesses, douceurs, *f. pl.*; *to a —*, à point; très bien; *the niceties of a language*, les délicatesses d'une langue.

niche, *n.*: niche, *f.*

1. Nick, *n.*: (*myth.*) esprit malfaisant; (*coll.*) diantre, diable, *m.*: *Old —*, diable.
2. Nick, *n.*: (*notch*) entaille, *f.*; moment précis; moment critique; (*print.*) cran, *m.*: *in the — of time*, juste à point; à propos; à point nommé. **3. Nick**, *tr.*: gâter, mutiler; (*to hit*) rencontrer juste; (*to notch*) faire une entaille dans; (*a horse*) anglaïser.

nickel, *n.*: (*min.*) nickel, *m.*

nickers, *n.*: flou, *m.*

1. Nick-name, *n.*: sobriquet, *m.* **2. -name**, *tr.*: donner un sobriquet à.

ni-cot-ti-na, *n.*: (*bot.*) nicotiane, *f.* **-côt-ic**, *adj.*: nicotique.

ni-co-tine, *n.*: nicotine, *f.* **-tinic**, *adj.*: nicotique.

ni-cô-té, **-titate**, *intr.*: clignoter. **-tât-ion**, **-titât-ion**, *n.*: clignotement, *m.*; (*med.*) nictation, nictation, *f.*

nif-ti-cô-tion, *n.*: nifidification, *f.*

†ni-dor, *n.*: odeur, senteur, *f.* **†-ô-si-ty**, *n.*: (*med.*) éruetion nidoreuse, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: nidoreux.

nif-ti-lâ-tion, *n.*: couvaïson, *f.*

nidus, *n.*: nid, *m.*

ni-ee, *n.*: nièce, *f.*: *grand—*, petite-nièce.

1. niggard, *adj.*: chiche, avare, vilain, ladre. **2. niggard**, *n.*: avare, ladre, vilain, lésineur, *m.* **3. niggard**, *tr.*: donner mesquinement. **-ish**, *adj.*: assez avare, assez chiche. **-liness**, *n.*: mesquinerie, ladrerie, avarice sordide, lésinerie, *f.* **1. -ly**, *adv.*: avec ladrerie, avec avarice, en avare, en ladre. **2. -ly**, *adj.*: mesquin, ladre, chiche, lésineur: — *do-ings*, vilénies, lésineries, *f. pl.*

nigger, *n.*: (*pop.*) nègre, *m.*, négresse, *f.*

1. -nigh, *adv.*: presque, de près; près de: *draw—*, approcher; s'approcher. **2. -nigh**, *adj.*: proche, rapproché; près; près de. **-ly**, *adv.*: presque, à peu près. **-ness**, *n.*: proximité, *f.*

night, *n.*: nuit, *f.*; soir, *m.*; (*theat.*) représentation, *f.*: *it is —*, il fait nuit; *at —*, la nuit, de nuit; *good —!* bonsoir! *a good —'s rest to you!* bonne nuit! *all —*, toute la nuit; *every —*, toutes les nuits; tous les soirs; *Twelfth—*, le jour des Rois, *m.*, l'Épiphanie, *f.* **-born**, *adj.*: né des ténèbres. **-brawler**, *n.*: tapageur de nuit, *m.* **-cart**, *n.*: voiture de vidange, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: obscur, sombre. **-fall**, *n.*: tombée de la nuit, chute du

jour, *f.* **-fire**, *n.*: feu de nuit; feu follet, *m.* **-foundered**, *adj.*: égaré la nuit; (*of ships*) sombré au milieu de la nuit.

-hag, *n.*: sorcière de nuit, *f.*

-hawk, *n.*: hulotte, huette, *f.* **-table**, *n.*: table de nuit, *f.*

-ingale, *n.*: rossignol, *m.* **1. -ly**, *adj.*: nocturne, de nuit.

2. -ly, *adv.*: de nuit; chaque nuit, toutes les nuits; (*till midnight*) tous les soirs.

-man, *n.*: vidangeur, *m.* **-mère**, *n.*: cauchemar, *m.*

-piece, *n.*: (*paint.*) tableau de nuit, *m.* **-shade**, *n.*: (*bot.*) solanum, *m.*; morelle, *f.*: *deadly —*, belladone, *f.*

-shirt, *n.*: chemise de nuit, *f.*

-soil, *n. sing.*: vidanges, *f. pl.* **-time**, *n.*: nuit (temps), *f.*: *in the —*, pendant la nuit.

-walk, *n.*: promenade nocturne, *f.*

-walker, *n.*: rôdeur nocturne, *m.*; somnambule, *m.*, *f.* **1. -walking**, *adj.*: qui rôde la nuit; somnambule.

2. -walk-ing, *n.*: action de rôder la nuit, *f.*; courses de nuit, *f. pl.*; somnambulisme, *m.*

-watch, *n.*: garde de nuit, *f.*

-work, *n.*: veille, *f.*, travail de nuit, *m.*; vidange (de fosses), *f.*

nigréscéent, *adj.*: noirâtre.

ni-hilism, *n.*: néant; (*pol.*) nihilisme, *m.*

-hili-st, *n.*: nihiliste, *m.*, *f.* **1. -hili-stic**, *adj.*: nihiliste. **-hility**, *n.*: néant, *m.*

ni-ll, *n.*: étincelle, *f.*

†ni-ll, *tr.*: refuser, ne pas vouloir: — *I, will I*, bon gré, mal gré.

ni-lô-mé-ter, *n.*: kilomètre, *m.*

nim-ble, *adj.*: agile, actif, ingambe, léger, lesté, vif, dispos. **-ble-footed**, *adj.*: au pied léger; lesté.

-bleness, *n.*: légèreté; agilité; vivacité, *f.* **-ble-witted**, *adj.*: à l'esprit vif. **-bly**, *adv.*: agilement; lestement.

nim-bus, *n.*: (*paint., sculpt.*) nimbe, (*meteorol.*) nimbus, *m.*

nin-compo-op, *n.*: niais, sot, nicodème, *m.*

ni-ne, *n. and adj.*: neuf. **-fold**, *adj.*: neuf fois autant.

-hole-s, *n.*: balle au pot, *f.* **-pins**, *n. pl.*: quilles, *f. pl.*

-scô-re, *n. and adj.*: cent quatre-vingts.

-teen, *adj.*: dix-neuf. **-te-enth**, *adj.*: dix-neuvième. **-ti-eth**, *adj.*: quatre-vingt-dixième. **-ty**, *adj.*: quatre-vingt-dix.

nin-ny, *n.*: nigaud, *m.*, nigaude, *f.*; benêt, *m.*

nin-th, *adj.*: neuvième. **-ly**, *adv.*: neuvièmement.

1. nip, *tr.*: pincer; pincer le bout de; couper le bout de; mordre; (*plants*) brûler (par le froid); (*blast*) flétrir; (*fig.*) piquer; (*nav.*) amarrer; saisir: — *off*, couper; couper le bout de; pincer; pincer le bout de. **2. nip**, *n.*: action de saisir, *f.*; (*with the nails, the teeth*) coup d'ongle, coup de dent, *m.*; (*cut*) coupure; (*of plants*) brûlure (par le froid), *f.*; (*sarcasm*) sarcasme,

trait piquant, lardon; *fbiscard*; (*sip*) petit coup, *m.* -*per*, *n.*: pince, *f.*: —, pincettes, pincés, *f. pl.*; (*nav.*) garcette de tournevire, *f.* -*ping*, *adj.*: mordant, piquant; (*of cold*) perçant. -*pingly*, *adv.*: d'une manière piquante.

nipple, *n.*: mamelon, tétou, *m.*; (*of fire-arms*) cheminée, *f.* -*wort*, *n.*: lamp-sane, *f.*

nit, *n.*: (*ent.*) lente, *f.*

ni-ter = -*tre*. -*trate*, *n.*: nitrate, *m.* -*tre*, *n.*: nitre, *m.* -*tre-works*, *n. pl.*: salpêtrière, *f.* -*triary*, *n.*: (*min.*) nitrière, *f.* -*trio*, *adj.*: nitrique. -*trify*, *tr.*: nitrifier. -*trogen*, *n.*: nitrogène, azote, *m.* -*trôgenous*, *adj.*: nitrogéné. -*trous*, -*try*, *adj.*: nitreux.

nitty, *adj.*: couvert de lentes.

niveous, *adj.*: de neige; neigeux.

1.nô, *adj.*: nul, aucun; pas, point; pas de; ne... pas de; ne... point de; — *where*, nulle part; *there is — means to*, il n'y a pas moyen de. **2.nô**, *adv.*: non, ne, pas; — *matter*, n'importe; — *more*, pas davantage.

nôb, *n.*: caboche, boule, *f.*

nôbili-ary, *n.*: nobiliaire, *m.* †-*tate*, *tr.*: anoblir. †-*tation*, *n.*: anoblissement, *m.* -*ty*, *n.*: noblesse, *f.*

1.nôble, *n.*: gentilhomme, noble, *m.* **2.noble**, *adj.*: noble, illustre, grand; généreux. -*man*, *n.*: noble, gentilhomme, *m.* -*ness*, *n.*: noblesse, grandeur, *f.* -*s*, *n.*: noblesse, *f.*; corps des nobles, *m.* -*woman*, *n.*: femme noble, *f.* **nôbly**, *adv.*: noblement; de noble rang; de noble condition.

nôbody, *n.*: personne, *f.*; rien, *m.*; — *knows it*, personne ne le sait; *I know —*, je ne connais personne; *who is there?* —, qui est là? personne; *be —*, n'être rien du tout.

nôcent, *adj.*: nuisible.

noct-ambulation, *n.*: noctambulisme, *m.* -*ambulist*, *n.*: noctambule, *m.*, *f.* -*ivagant*, -*ivagous*, *adj.*: qui court pendant la nuit. -*ivagation*, *n.*: course nocturne, *f.*

noct-uary, *n.*: rapport de ce qui se passe la nuit, *m.* -*urn*, *n.*: nocturne, *m.* -*urnal*, *n.*: télescope de nuit, *m.* -*urnal*, *adj.*: nocturne, de nuit.

1.nôd, *intr.*: faire un signe de tête; incliner la tête; s'incliner; (*be drowy*) s'assoupir; (*tremble*) trembler, s'agiter; se plier, se balancer; — *to*, faire un signe de tête à; saluer; *tr.*: exprimer par une inclination de tête, montrer par une inclination de tête. **2.nod**, *n.*: signe de tête, salut, *m.*; inclination de tête, *f.*; balancement, *m.*

nôdated, *adj.*: noneux.

nôd-der, *n.*: personne qui fait une inclination de tête; personne assoupie, *f.* -*dle*, *n.*: caboche, tête, *f.* -*dy*, *n.*: sot, benêt, *m.*

nôd-e, *n.*: nœud; (*med.*) nodus, *m.* -*ose*, *adj.*: noneux. -*osity*, *n.*: nœud, *m.*; nodosité, *f.*

nôdu-lar, *adj.*: en forme de nodule. -*le*, *n.*: nodule, *m.* -*led*, *adj.*: en nodule.

nôg, *n.*: petit pot, *m.*: (*beer*) bière, *f.*; (*tree-nail*) cheville de bois employée dans la construction des vaisseaux, *f.*; pavé en bois, *m.* -*gin*, *n.*: petit pot de bois, *m.* -*ging*, *n.*: (*mas.*) cloison de briques, *f.*

1.nôise, *n.*: bruit; tapage; fracas; (*in the ears*) tintement, bourdonnement; (*fig.*) éclat, retentissement, *m.*; *make a —*, faire du bruit; *what a —!* quel fracas! quel tapage! **2.-se**, *tr.*: publier, répandre, ébruiter; — *abroad*, répandre au loin; faire circuler; *intr.*: faire du bruit; retentir. -*seless*, *adj.*: sans bruit; silencieux; tranquille, calme. -*selessly*, *adv.*: sans bruit; silencieusement. -*selessness*, *n.*: tranquillité, *f.* -*se-maker*, *n.*: tapageur, *m.* -*sily*, *adv.*: bruyamment. -*siness*, *n.*: grand bruit; tumulte, *m.* -*some*, *adj.*: dégoûtant; malsain; infect; nuisible. -*somely*, *adv.*: d'une manière infecte. -*someness*, *n.*: dégoût, *m.*; infection, *f.* -*sy*, *adj.*: bruyant, turbulent, tumultueux; tapageur.

nôlens-vôlens, *adv.*: de gré ou de force; bon gré, mal gré.

nôli me tângere, *n.*: noli me tangere, *m.*

1.nô-mad, **ne-mădie**, *adj.*: nomade. **2.-mad or -made**, *n.*: nomade, *m.* -*madise*, *intr.*: mener une vie nomade.

nômbles, *n. pl.*: entrailles de cerf, *f. pl.* **nômen-clator**, *n.*: nomenclateur, *m.* -*clatress*, *n.*: nomenclateur (femme), *f.* -*clature*, *n.*: nomenclature, *f.*

1.nômi-nal, *adj.*: nominal; de nom. **2.-nal or -nalist**, *n.*: nominaliste (*pl.* nominaux), *m.* -*nally*, *adv.*: de nom; nommément; nominativement. -*nate*, *tr.*: nommer; désigner; (*a candidate to the electors*) présenter, proposer. -*nately*, *adv.*: nommément. -*nation*, *n.*: nomination; présentation, *f.* **1.-native**, *adj.*: au nominatif; du nominatif. **2.-native**, *n.*: (*gram.*) nominatif, *m.* -*nator*, *n.*: (*to an office, etc.*) personne qui nomme, *f.*; nominateur, *m.* -*nœe*, *n.*: personne nommée, présentée, *f.*

nomothétic(al), *adj.*: législatif.

nôn, *adv.*: non; défaut, manque, *m.*; absence, *f.* -*ability*, *n.*: inhabilité, *f.* -*acquaintance*, *n.*: défaut de connaissance, *m.*; ignorance, *f.* -*age*, *n.*: minorité, *f.* -*appéarance*, *n.*: absence,

f.: défaut de comparaison, *m.* -**attend-
ance**, *n.*: manque de présence, *m.*

nonce, *n.*: dessein, effet, but, *m.*; *for the* —, à cet effet; pour cette fois-ci.

non-claim, *n.*: défaut de réclamation, *m.* -**compliance**, *n.*: non-acquiescement, refus d'acquiescer, *m.* -**comply-
ing**, *adj.*: qui refuse d'acquiescer.

-**conducting**, *adj.*: non-conducteur.

-**conductor**, *n.*: non-conducteur, *m.*

-**conformist**, *n.*: non-conformiste, *m.*

-**conformity**, *n.*: défaut de conformité, *m.*; non-conformité, *f.* -**contagious**, *adj.*: non-contagieux.

-**contagiousness**, *n.*: caractère non-contagieux, *m.*

1. -**descript**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas encore été décrit; indéfinissable. 2. -**descript**, *n.*: chose qui n'a pas encore été décrite; chose indéfinissable, *f.*

none, *adj.*: nul, *m.*, nulle, *f.*; aucun, *m.*, aucune, *f.*; pas un, *m.*, pas une, *f.*; personne, *m.*; aucun; pas; point.

1. **non-électrique**, *adj.*: non électrique.

2. -**electric**, *n.*: substance non électrique, *f.* -**emphatic(al)**, *adj.*: peu éner-
gique.

-**entity**, *n.*: non-existence; chose qui n'existe pas, *f.* -**episcopal**, *adj.*: non épiscopal.

-**episcopalian**, *n.*: Presbytérien, *m.* -**essential**, *n.*: chose non essentielle, *f.*

nonessuch, *n.*: sans pareil, *m.*

non-execution, *n.*: inexécution, *f.*

-**existence**, *n.*: non-existence; chose qui n'existe pas, *f.* -**exportation**, *n.*: non-exportation, *f.*

nonius, *n.*: nonius, vernier, *m.*

non-juring, *adj.*: qui refuse de prêter serment de fidélité. -**jüror**, *n.*: per-
sonne qui refuse de prêter serment de
fidélité, *f.* -**malignant**, *adj.*: qui n'a
pas de qualité maligne; innocent.

-**metallio**, *adj.*: non métallique. -**natural**, *n.*: cause qui n'est pas naturelle, *f.*

-**observation**, *n.*: inobservation, *f.*

1. -**pareil**, *adj.*: nonpareil; sans égal.

2. -**pareil**, *n.*: supériorité hors ligne; (*bot.*, *print.*) nonpareille, *f.* -**päyment**, *n.*: non-paiement; défaut de paiement, *m.*

-**performance**, *n.*: inexécution, *f.*

1. **nonplus**, *n.*: embarras, quia, bout, *m.*

2. **nonplus**, *tr.*: mettre au pied du mur; mettre à quia; embarrasser.

non-ponderosity, *n.*: défaut de poids, *m.* -**ponderous**, *adj.*: non pesant.

-**pressure**, *n.*: absence de pression, *f.*

-**production**, *n.*: non-production, *f.*

-**proficiency**, *n.*: défaut de force, manque de savoir, *m.*; faiblesse, *f.* -**pro-
ficient**, *adj.*: peu fort, peu savant; faible.

-**resemblance**, *n.*: dissemblance, *f.* -**residence**, *n.*: non-résidence, *f.*

1. -**resident**, *adj.*: non résident. 2. -**res-**

ident, *n.*: non résident, *m.* -**resist-
ance**, *n.*: non-résistance, *f.*

non-sense, *n.*: nonsens, *m.*; bêtise, sot-
tise, *f.*; galimatias, *m.*; absurdité, bali-
verne, *f.*; —! allons donc! laissez donc!

quelle sottise! -**sensical**, *adj.*: vide de
sens; bête, sot, absurde. -**sensically**, *adv.*: contre le bon sens, contre le sens
commun; bêtement, sottement, absurde-
ment.

-**sensicalness**, *n.*: absurdité, bêtise, sottise, *f.* -**sensitive**, *adj.*: sans perception.

-**solution**, *n.*: non-
solution, *f.* -**solvency**, *n.*: insolvabi-
lité, *f.* -**solvent**, *adj.*: insolvable.

-**sparing**, *adj.*: qui n'épargne personne.

1. -**suit**, *n.*: (*jur.*) désistement, *m.*

2. -**suit**, *tr.*: mettre hors de cour.

-**usage**, *n.*: non-usage, *m.* -**user**, *n.*: non-exercice de fonctions; non-usage, *m.*

noödle, *n.*: nignaud, benêt, sot, *m.*

noök, *n.*: coin, recoin; enfoncement, *m.*

noon, *n.*: midi; (*fig.*) milieu, *m.* 1. -**day**, *adj.*: méridional, de midi.

2. -**day**, *n.*: plein jour; midi, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: (*sleep*)
méridienne, *f.*; (*repast*) goûter, repas de
midi, *m.* -**stead**, *n.*: position du soleil
à midi, *f.* -**tide**, *n.*: heure de midi, *f.*;
midi, *m.*

1. **noöse**, *n.*: nœud coulant, *m.* 2. **noöse**, *tr.*: attacher par un nœud coulant; (*fig.*)
prendre dans un piège.

nöpal, *n.*: nopal, *m.*

nöpe, *n.*: bouvreuil, *m.*

nör, *conj.*: ni; ni... ne; pas... non plus.

nörm, *n.*: norme, règle, *f.* 1. -**al**, *adj.*: normal; (*geom.*) perpendiculaire.

2. -**al**, *n.*: (*geom.*) normale, *f.*

1. **Nörman**, *adj.*: normand. 2. **Norman**, *n.*: Normand, *m.*, Normande, *f.*

Nörse, *n.*: norse (anc. langue des Scandina-
ves), *f.* -**man**, *n.*: (anc.) homme du Nord.

1. **nörth**, *n.*: nord, septentrion, *m.*

2. **north**, *adj.*: du nord, de nord, septen-
trional. -**east**, *n.*: nord-est, *m.*; *adj.*:
(du) nord-est; *adv.*: au nord-est. -**east-
er**, *n.*: vent du nord-est. -**east-erly**, *adj.*:
du nord-est, vers le nord-est. -**eastern**,
adj.: du nord-est. **north-er**, *n.*: vent du
nord. **north-erly**, *adj.*: septentrional, du nord.

north-erly, *adv.*: au nord; vers le nord. **north-
erner**, *n.*: homme du nord, *m.*; (*Am.*)
nordiste, *m.*, *f.* -**man**, *n.*: (anc.) homme
du Nord, *m.* -**star**, *n.*: étoile polaire, *f.*

1. -**ward** -**ward**, *adj.*: vers le nord; au
nord. 2. -**ward**, -**wards**, *adv.*: vers le
nord, au nord. -**wardly**, *adv.*: vers le
nord. -**west**, *etc.*, *n.*: nord-ouest, *etc.*
(cf. *east*, *etc.*), *m.* -**wind**, *n.*: vent du
nord, *m.*

Nörwégian, *adj.*: norvégien, norvégien;
n.: Norvégien, *m.*, Norvégienne, *f.*

1. nōse, *n.*: nez; (*of animals*) museau; (*of bellows*) tuyau, *m.*: *blow one's* —, se moucher; *put any one's* — *out of joint*, supplanter quelqu'un; couper l'herbe sous le pied à quelqu'un; *speak through one's* —, parler du nez; *turned-up* —, nez épaté, camus, retroussé. **2. nose**, *tr.*: sentir; (*oppose*) tenir tête à. **-d**, *adj.*: au nez; qui a le nez fin: *pug*—, *snub*—, qui a le nez épaté; *flat*—, camus, camard. **-gay**, *n.*: bouquet, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans nez.

no-socōmial, *adj.*: (*med.*) nosocomial.

-solōgical, *adj.*: nosologique. **-solō-**

gist, *n.*: nosologiste, *m.* **-sōlogy**, *n.*: nosologie, *f.*

nostālgia, *n.*: nostalgie, *f.*

nōstoc, *n.*: (*bot.*) nostoc, crachat de lune, *m.*

nōstril, *n.*: narine, *f.*; (*of a horse*) naseau, *m.*

nōstrum, *n.*: élixir merveilleux, *m.*; panacée, *f.*

nōt, *adv.*: ne... pas; ne... point; non; pas; non pas; — *at all*, point du tout; — *but that*, non que; non pas que; ce n'est pas que; *I do* — *see*, je ne vois pas; *good or* —, bon ou non; — *here*, pas ici.

1. nōtable, *adj.*: notable; insigne.

2. -able, *n.*: notable, *m.* **-ableness**, *n.*: nature remarquable, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: notablement; remarquablement: — *well*, parfaitement bien. **-ārial**, *adj.*: de notaire; notarial, notarié. **-ary**, **-ary-**
public, *n.*: notaire, *m.* **-ātion**, *n.*: notation; numération écrite, *f.*

1. nōtch, *n.*: coche, entaille; dent, *f.*; (*tech.*) cran, *m.* **2. notch**, *tr.*: entailler; tailler inégalement; ébrécher; faire une coche à, une entaille à. **-board**, *n.*: (*arch.*) limon d'escalier, *m.* **-wheel**, *n.*: (*horl.*) roue de compte, *f.*

1. nōt-e, *n.*: note, marque, *f.*; signe, *m.*; (*letter*) billet, *m.*, lettre; (*reputation*) marque, distinction, *f.*; (*com.*) billet, *m.*; (*mus.*) note, *f.*, ton; (*gram.*) point, *m.*: — *of exclamation*, point d'admiration, point d'exclamation, *m.*; *take a* — *of*, prendre note de; *leading* —, (*mus.*) note sensible. **2. -e**, *tr.*: noter; prendre note de, marquer, remarquer. **-e-book**, *n.*: cahier de notes; carnet, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: distingué, remarquable, fameux, célèbre; noté, insigne, bien connu. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec attention. **-edness**, *n.*: célébrité, *f.* **-eless**, *adj.*: peu distingué; peu remarquable; obscur. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui remarque, *f.*; annotateur, *m.*

1. nōthing, *n.*: rien, néant; zéro, *m.*: *good for* —, bon à rien; — *at all*, rien du tout; *make* — *of*, ne rien comprendre à; (*not to be scrupulous*) ne pas se faire

scrupule de; (*find no difficulty in*) n'avoir aucune difficulté à; *good for* —, un vanrien, *m.* **2. nōthing**, *adv.*: en rien; nullement, aucunement. **-ness**, *n.*: néant, rien, *m.*

1. nō-tice, *n.*: connaissance; attention; notice, *f.*; (*warning*) avis; (*guilt*) congé, *m.*; (*jur.*) notification, *f.*: *biographical* —, notice biographique; *take* —, avis; *take* — *of*, prendre connaissance de; faire attention à; *rise to* —, se faire connaître; *attract* —, attirer l'attention; *at short* —, à court délai. **2. -tice**, *tr.*: prendre connaissance de, remarquer, noter; faire connaître; faire attention à. **-ticeable**, *adj.*: que l'on remarque; perceptible; remarquable. **-tificātion**, *n.*: notification, *f.*; avertissement, *m.* **-tify**, *tr.*: faire connaître, faire savoir; notifier. **-tion**, *n.*: notion, idée, pensée, opinion, *f.*; sentiment, *m.* **-tional**, *adj.*: idéal, chimérique; (*pers.*) qui se repaît de chimères. **-tionally**, *adv.*: idéalement. **-toriety**, *n.*: notoriété, *f.* **-tōrious**, *adj.*: notoire, évident, manifeste; fiéffé, insigne. **-tōriously**, *adv.*: notoirement. **-tōriousness**, *n.*: notoriété, *f.*

nōtus, *n.*: vent du sud, *m.*

notwithstānding, *conj.*: nonobstant, malgré, en dépit de.

nōught = *naught*.

nōun, *n.*: (*gram.*) nom, substantif, *m.*

nōurish, *tr.*: nourrir; entretenir.

-able, *adj.*: qui peut être nourri. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui nourrit; chose qui nourrit, *f.*; nourricier, *m.* **-ing**, *adj.*: nourrissant, nutritif. **-ment**, *n.*: nourriture, *f.*

1. nōvel, *adj.*: neuf, nouveau, nouvel.

2. novel, *n.*: roman, *m.*; nouvelle, *f.*

-ist, *n.*: novateur; (*writer*) romancier, novelliste, *m.* **-ty**, *n.*: nouveauté, *f.*

-writer, *n.*: romancier, *m.*

Novēmbēr, *n.*: novembre, *m.*

1. nō-venary, *n.*: neuvaïne, *f.* **2. -ven-**

ary, *adj.*: de neuf. **-vennial**, *adj.*: de neuf en neuf ans.

novēreal, *adj.*: de marâtre.

nō-vice, *n.*: novice, *m.*, *f.* **-viciate**, *n.*: noviciat, *m.*

1. nōw, *adv.*: maintenant, à présent, actuellement; (*of the past*) alors, pour lors; *till* —, jusqu'ici; jusqu'alors; *just* —, tout à l'heure; à l'instant; — *and then*, de temps en temps. **2. now**, *conj.*: or. **3. -now**, *n.*: présent; présent moment, *m.* **-a-days**, *adv.*: aujourd'hui, de nos jours. **nō-whēre**, *adv.*: nulle part. **-wise**, *adv.*: en aucune manière; nullement.

nōxious, *adj.*: nuisible, pernicieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière nuisible; pernicieusement.

-ness, *n.*: qualité nuisible, *f.*

nozle, nozzle, n.: nez; museau; groin; bec, tuyau, bout, m.

nucleus, n.: noyau; nucleus, m.

nude, adj.: nu; (*jur.*) nul. **-ness, n.:** nudité, f.

1. nud-ge, tr.: pousser du coude. **2.-ge, n.:** coup de coude, m.

nudity, n.: nudité, f.

nu-gäcity, n.: futilité, frivolité, f. **-gä-tion, n.:** futilité, frivolité, f. **nä-gä-tory, adj.:** futile, frivole; inefficace.

nüisance, n.: dommage aux propriétés, m.; peste, plaie, f.; ennui, m.: *what a —!* quel ennui! comme c'est ennuyeux! *he is a — to every one*, c'est une peste pour tout le monde; *commit no —*, il est défendu de déposer ou de faire aucune ordure.

nul, adj.: (*jur.*) nul, aucun.

1. null, adj.: nul: — *and void*, (*jur.*) nul et de nul effet. **2. null, tr.:** annuler. **-ify, tr.:** rendre nul; annuler, casser. **-ity, n.:** nullité, f.

1. numb, adj.: engourdi, transi. **2. numb, tr.:** engourdir, transir.

1. number, n.: nombre, m.; quantité, f.; (*of things in succession, as houses, etc.*) numéro, m.; (*of publications*) livraison, f.; (*gram., math., rhet.*) nombre, m.; (*harmony*) harmonie, f.; (*poet.*) vers, m.: *cardinal, ordinal, odd, even —*, nombre cardinal, ordinal, impair, pair. **2. number, tr.:** nombrer, compter, supputer; (*things in succession, as houses, etc.*) numéroté. **-er, n.:** personne qui nombre, qui suppute, qui compte, qui numérote, f. **-ing, n.:** action de compter, de supputer, f.; numérotage, m. **-less, adj.:** sans nombre; innombrable.

numbness, n.: engourdissement, m.; torpeur, f.

numér-able, adj.: qui peut être compté.

-al, n.: lettre numérale, f.; chiffre, m.

-al, adj.: numéral, numérique. **-ally, adv.:** numériquement. **-ary, adj.:** numéral. **-ätion, n.:** numération, f. **-ätor, n.:** numérateur, m.

numéric, -al, adj.: numérique. **-ally, adv.:** numériquement.

†numérist, n.: calculateur, m.

numeros, adj.: nombreux. **-ly, adv.:** en grand nombre. **-ness, n.:** nombre, grand nombre, m.; (*mus., poet.*) cadence, harmonie, mélodie, f.

1. numismä-tic, -tical, adj.: numismatique. **2.-tic, adj.:** numismatique. **-tics, n. pl.:** numismatique, f. **-tist, -mäs-, -tölogist, n.:** numismate, numismatiste, m. **-tölogy, n.:** numismatique, f. **-tögraphy, n.:** numismatographie, f.

numm-ary, -ular, -ulary, adj.: monétaire. **-ulite, n.:** nummulaire, nummulite, f.

nümskull, n.: benêt, lourdaut, nigaud, balourd, m. **-ed, adj.:** imbécile, nigaud, balourd.

nün, n.: religieuse; nonne, (*jest.*) nonnain, nonnette, f.

†nun-ciature, n.: nonciature, f. **-cio, n.:** nonce, m.

nuncüpa-tive, †-töry, adj.: nominal; de nom; qui déclare solennellement; (*of wills*) nuncupatif.

1. nündi-nal, n.: lettre nundinale, f. **2.-nal, -nary, adj.:** de foire, de jour de marché; (*antig.*) nundinal.

nünnery, n.: couvent de religieuses, m.

nüptial, adj.: nuptial, de noces. **-s, n. pl.:** noces, f. pl.

1. nür-se, n.: (*for infants*) nourrice; (*for children*) bonne d'enfant; (*for the sick*) garde-malade, garde, f.; (*in hospitals*) infirmier, m., infirmière; (*fig.*) mère, f.: *put out to —*, mettre en nourrice. **2.-se, tr.:** nourrir, allaiter, garder; (*the sick*) soigner, garder; (*fig.*) alimenter, soigner, entretenir, ménager. **-se-child, n.:** nourrisson, m. **-se-maid, n.:** bonne d'enfant, f. **-ser, n.:** personne qui alimente, f. **-sery, n.:** chambre des enfants; (*gard., fig.*) pépinière; (*of silk-worms*) magnanerie, f. **-sery-garden, n.:** pépinière, f. **-sery-maid, n.:** bonne d'enfant, f. **-sery-man, n.:** pépiniériste, m. **-sling, n.:** nourrisson; (*fig.*) mignon, m., mignonne, f. **1.-ture, n.:** nourriture; instruction, éducation, f. **2.-ture, tr.:** nourrir, alimenter; élever.

1. nüt, n.: noisette, f.; (*of a screw*) écrou, m.; (*of a fiddle-bow*) hausse, f.; (*of stringed instruments*) silet, m.: — *shell*, coquille de noisette, f. **2. nut, tr.:** cueillir des noisettes: *go nutting*, aller cueillir la noisette.

nütätion, n.: nutation, f.

nüt-brown, adj.: brun de noix, châtain.

-cracker, n.: casse-noisette, casse-noix, m. **-gall, n.:** noix de gail, f. **-hook, n.:** croc, crochet aux noix; l'ou. **-meg, n.:** muscade, f.: — *tree*, muscadier, m.

1. nü-trient, n.: nourriture, f.; aliment, m. **2.-trient, adj.:** nourrissant, nutritif. **-triment, n.:** nourriture, f.; aliment, m. **-triméntal, adj.:** nourrissant, nutritif. **-tritöus, -tritive, adj.:** nutritif, nourrissant, alimenteux, nourricier.

nüt-shell, n.: coque, coquille de noix (de noisette), f. **-ter, n.:** collecteur de noix. **-ting, n.:** récolte de noix, f. **-ty, adj.:** plein de noix; sentant du noix. **-tree, n.:** noisetier, m.

nux-vömica, n.: noix vomique, f.

1. nüzzle, tr.: (*nurse*) nourrir, entretenir; (*nestle*) nicher, loger. **2. nüzzle,**

tr.: fouiller avec le groin; se fourrer la tête dans.

nye, *n.*: (*of pheasants*) troupe, *f.*

nymph, *n.*: nymphe, *f.* -*ean*, -*ish*, *adj.*: de nymphe. -*like*, -*ly*, *adj.*: comme une nymphe. -*omānia*, -*omany*, *n.*: nymphomanie, érotomanie, *f.*

O

ō, *n.*: o, *m.*

ōaf, *n.*: enfant de fée; (*dolt*) benêt, idiot, *m.* -*ish*, *adj.*: stupide, idiot. -*ishness*, *n.*: stupidité, *f.*

ōak, *n.*: chêne; chêne rouvre; (*wood*) chêne, bois de chêne, *m.* -*apple*, *n.*: noix de galle; pomme de chêne, *f.* -*en*, *adj.*: de chêne. -*grove*, *n.*: chênaie, *f.* -*ling*, *n.*: jeune chêne, *m.* -*tree*, *n.*: chêne, *m.*

ōakum, *n.*: étoupe, *f.*: -*boy*, (*nav.*) mousse de calfat, calfatin, *m.*

ōaky, *adj.*: de chêne; dur comme le chêne.

ōar, *n.*: rame, *f.*; aviron, *m.* 2-*oar*, *intr.*: ramer; *tr.*: diriger à la rame. -*ed*, *adj.*: à rames, à avirons: *eight—boat*, bateau à huit rames, *m.* -*maker*, *n.*: avironnier, *m.* -*man*, *n.*: rameur, *m.* -*y*, *adj.*: en forme de rame.

ōā-sis or **ōā-sis** (*pl. -ses*), *n.*: oasis, *f.*

ōast, *n.*: four à houblon, *m.*

ōat = *oats*. -*cake*, *n.*: gâteau d'avoine, *m.* -*en*, *adj.*: d'avoine. -*grass*, *n.*: avoine, *f.*

ōath (*pl. -ths*), *n.*: serment; juron, jurement, serment, *m.*: *on —*, *on one's —*, sous serment; sous la foi du serment; *put any one on his —*, faire prêter serment à quelqu'un; *take —*, *an —*, prêter serment; *break one's —*, manquer à; fausser son serment; *tremendous —*, gros juron; *volley of —s*, bordée de jurements; *rap out an —*, lâcher un jurement. -*breaking*, *n.*: violation de serment, *f.*; parjure, *m.*

ōat-malt, *n.*: drèche d'avoine, *f.* -*meal*, *n.*: gruau d'avoine, *m.*; farine d'avoine, *f.* -*s*, *n. pl.*: avoine, *f. sing.*: *sow one's wild —*, jeter ses premiers feux, faire ses farces.

ōb-duraey, *n.*: endureissement, *m.*; impénitence, *f.* -*durate*, *adj.*: endurci, impénitent; inflexible. -*durately*, *adv.*: opiniâtrément, avec endureissement, avec impénitence. -*durateness* or -*durā-tion* = *duraey*. †-*dured*, *adj.*: endurci, inflexible.

ōbēdience, *n.*: obéissance; soumission, *f.*: *in — to*, par obéissance à. -*dient*, *adj.*: obéissant, soumis. -*diential*,

adj.: respectueux, de soumission; obédientiel. -*diently*, *adv.*: avec obéissance; avec soumission. -*isanee*, -*isaney*, *n.*: révérence, *f.*; salut, *m.*

obeliskal, *adj.*: en forme d'obélisque. **ōbelisk**, *n.*: obélisque, *m.*; (*print.*) croix, *f.*

ōbēse, *adj.*: fat. -*ness*, **ōbēs-ity**, *n.*: obésité, *f.*

ōbēy, *tr.*: obéir, obéir à; écouter; (*jur.*) obtempérer. -*er*, *n.*: personne qui obéit, *f.* **ōbfūs-ōate**, *tr.*: offusquer, obscurcir. -*cātion*, *n.*: obscurcissement, *m.*

ōb-it, *n.*: obit, *m.* -*itual*, *adj.*: de l'obit. 1-*ituary*, *adj.*: obituaire; nécrologique. 2-*ituary*, *n.*: obituaire, *m.*; nécrologie, *f.*

1-**ōb-ject**, *n.*: objet; but; (*gram.*) complément, régime; (*milit.*) objectif, *m.*; (*pop.*) personne ridicule, effroyable, *f.*; objet effrayant, *m.*, horreur, *f.*: *that is an — of consequence*, c'est important. 2-**ject**, *tr.*: objecter; opposer; *intr.*: objecter; s'opposer: *do you — to having the door shut?* vous opposez-vous à ce que la porte soit fermée? -**ject-glass**, *n.*: verre objectif, objectif, *m.* -**jection**, *n.*: objection, difficulté, *f.*: *have you any —?* vous opposez-vous à ce que...? -**jection-able**, *adj.*: reprochable, répréhensible; inadmissible. 1-**jective**, *adj.*: objectif; (*gram.*) du complément, du régime. 2-**jective**, *n.*: (*gram.*) complément, régime, *m.* -**jectively**, *adv.*: objectivement; (*gram.*) comme un régime. -**jective-ness**, -**jectivity**, *n.*: état d'un objet, *m.* -**jectless**, *adj.*: sans but, sans objet.

jector, *n.*: personne qui fait une objection, *f.*

objurgātion, *n.*: vive réprimande; objurgation, *f.* -**jürgator**, *adj.*: objurgatoire, de réprimande, de reproche.

oblā-te, *adj.*: aplati vers les pôles. -**teness**, *n.*: aplatissement, *m.* -**tion**, *n.*: oblation, offrande, *f.*

oblectātion, *n.*: joie, *f.*; délices, *f. pl.*

ōbligatē, *tr.*: obliger, astreindre. -**ligātion**, *n.*: obligation, *f.*: engagement, *m.*: *under an — to*, dans l'obligation de; *be under an — to any one*, avoir une obligation à quelqu'un. -**ligatory**, *adj.*: obligatoire. -**lige**, *tr.*: obliger, faire plaisir à; (*to force*) obliger, astreindre. -**ligée**, *n.*: créancier, *m.*, créancière, *f.*

†-**ligement**, *n.*: obligation, *f.* -**liger**, *n.*: personne qui oblige, *f.* -**liging**, *adj.*: obligeant, officieux. -**ligingly**, *adv.*: obligeamment; officieusement. -**blig-iness**, *n.*: obligeance, *f.* -**ligōr**, *n.*: (*jur.*) obligé, *m.*, obligée, *f.*; débiteur, *m.*, débitrice, *f.*

†**ob-liquātion**, *n.*: obliquité, *f.* -**lique**,

adj.: oblique; indirect, détourné: — *dealings*, procédés détournés, *m. pl.* — *liquely*, *adv.*: obliquement; indirectement, d'une manière détournée. — *liqueness*, — *liquity*, *n.*: obliquité; (*fig.*) irrégularité, *f.*

obliterate, *tr.*: effacer; faire oublier; oblitérer. — *râtion*, *n.*: action d'effacer; effacement, *f.*

oblivion, *n.*: oubli, *m.*: *act of* —, amnistie, *f.* — *ous*, *adj.*: d'oubli, oublieux.

oblong, *adj.*: oblong. — **oblong**, *n.*: figure oblongue, *f.* — *ly*, *adv.*: d'une forme oblongue, *f.* — *ness*, *n.*: forme oblongue.

obloquy, *n.*: reproche; blâme, *m.*; censure, *f.*

obmutescence, *n.*: perte de la parole, *f.*; silence, *m.*

obnoxious, *adj.*: (*hurtful*) nuisible; (*odious*) odieux, offensant; (*reprehensible*) répréhensible, blâmable; (*liable*) sujet, exposé, soumis. — *ly*, *adv.*: d'une manière offensante, d'une manière répréhensible; odieusement; dans un état de sujétion. — *ness*, *n.*: odieux, *m.*; sujétion, *f.*

obnubilate, *tr.*: obscurcir. — *lâtion*, *n.*: obscurcissement, *m.*

obolus, *obole*, *n.*: obole, *f.*

obreption, *n.*: surprise; obreption, *f.* — *itions*, *adj.*: fait par surprise; obreption.

obscene, *adj.*: obscène, sale; grossier. — *scenely*, *adv.*: d'une manière obscène; avec obscénité. — *sceneness or -scenity*, *n.*: obscénité, *f.*

obscuration, *n.*: obscurcissement, *m.* — *scure*, *adj.*: obscur; de la nuit; des ténèbres; caché. — *scure*, *tr.*: obscurcir; offusquer; cacher; éclipser. — *scurely*, *adv.*: obscurément; dans l'obscurité. — *scureness or -scurity*, *n.*: obscurité, *f.*

obsecrate, *tr.*: supplier, conjurer, implorer. — *crâtion*, *n.*: obsecration, *f.*

obsequies, *n. pl.*: obsèques, *f. pl.* — *sequious*, *adj.*: soumis; obéissant; obsequieux. — *sequiously*, *adv.*: avec soumission; avec obéissance; obsequieusement. — *sequiousness*, *n.*: soumission, obéissance; soumission obsequieuse, *f.*

observable, *adj.*: remarquable; digne de remarque; appréciable; observable. — *ably*, *adv.*: remarquablement; d'une manière appréciable; d'une manière observable. — *ance*, *†-aney*, *n.*: observance; pratique, *f.*; accomplissement; (*respect*) respect, *m.* — *anda*, *n. pl.*: choses à observer, *f. pl.* — *ant*, *adj.*: observateur, attentif: — *of*, attentif à; attentif à observer, à pratiquer. — *antly*, *adv.*: d'une manière attentive. — *âtion*, *n.*: observa-

tion; attention, *f.* — *ator ô'b*, *n.*: observateur, *m.*, observatrice, *f.* — *atory*, *n.*: observatoire, *m.* — *e*, *tr.*: observer, remarquer; faire observer, faire remarquer. — *er*, *n.*: observateur, *m.* — *ing*, *adj.*: observateur; attentif. — *ingly*, *adv.*: attentivement.

obsidian, *n.*: obsidienne, obsidienne, *f.* — *dional*, *adj.*: obsidional.

obsignation, *n.*: ratification, confirmation, *f.* — *signatory*, *adj.*: confirmatif.

obsolescence, *n.*: état de ce qui vieillit, *m.* — *lescent*, *adj.*: qui vieillit. — *lôte*, *adj.*: vieilli, suranné, vieux; tombé en désuétude. — *lôteness*, *n.*: état de désuétude, *m.*; désuétude, *f.*

obstacle, *n.*: obstacle, empêchement, *m.*

obstetric, *trical*, *adj.*: d'accouchement; obstétrique. — *trication*, *n.*: accouchement, *m.* — *trician*, *n.*: accoucheur, *m.* — *tries*, *n. pl.*: obstétrique, *f. sing.*

obstinacy, *n.*: obstination, opiniâtreté, *f.*; acharnement, *m.*; (*med.*) résistance, *f.* — *nate*, *adj.*: opiniâtre, obstiné; entier; acharné; têtu, entêté; (*med.*) rebelle. — *nately*, *adv.*: obstinément; opiniâtrément; avec entêtement. — *nateness* = *nacy*.

obstipation, *n.*: action de boucher; (*med.*) constipation, *f.*

obstreperous, *adj.*: turbulent; tapageur; très bruyant; étourdissant. — *ly*, *adv.*: avec turbulence; d'une manière étourdissante; à grand bruit. — *ness*, *n.*: grand bruit, *m.*; turbulence, *f.*

obstruction, *n.*: obligation, *f.*

obstru-t, *tr.*: empêcher, obstruer, boucher; barrer; mettre obstacle à. — *ter*, *n.*: personne qui obstrue, qui bouche, qui barre, qui met obstacle à, *f.* — *tion*, *n.*: empêchement; embarras; obstacle, *m.*; (*med.*) obstruction, *f.* — *tive*, *adj.*: qui empêche, qui obstrue, qui bouche, qui barre, qui met obstacle à; embarrassant; (*med.*) obstructif, opilatif.

obstruent = *obstructive*.

obtain, *tr.*: obtenir; procurer; se procurer; recevoir; posséder, tenir; *intr.*: exister, régner; s'établir. — *able*, *adj.*: qu'on peut se procurer; à obtenir. — *er*, *n.*: personne qui obtient, *f.* — *ment*, *n.*: action d'obtenir; obtention, *f.*

obtest, *tr.*: supplier, conjurer, invoquer. — *âtion*, *n.*: supplication, prière, *f.*

obtrude, *tr.*: imposer, présenter; présenter de force; *intr.*: s'imposer; s'introduire de force; être importun. — *der*, *n.*: importun, *m.* — *sion*, *n.*: introduction forcée; importunité, *f.* — *sive*, *adj.*: importun. — *sively*, *adv.*: d'une manière importune; avec importunité.

obtund, *intr.*: émousser; (*fig.*) adoucir, amortir, assourdir.

obtu-rating, *adj.*: obturateur. **†-ra-tion**, *n.*: obturation, obstruction, *f.* **-ra-tor**, *n.*: obturateur, *m.*

obtus-e, *adj.*: obtus; émoussé; (*of sound*) sourd. **-e-angled**, **-e-angular**, *adj.*: obtusangle. **-ely**, *adv.*: d'une manière obtuse; (*stupidly*) stupidement; (*dully*) sourdement. **-eness**, *n.*: état émoussé, *m.*; stupidité, *f.* **-sion**, *n.*: action d'émousser, *f.*; résultat de cette action, *m.*

obumbration, *n.*: obscurcissement, *m.*

1.ob-verse, *adj.*: (*bot.*) obcordé. **2.-verse**, *n.*: (*of medals, coins*) obverse; (*print.*) recto, *m.*

obvert, *tr.*: tourner vers.

obviate, *tr.*: obvier à; prévenir.

obvious, *adj.*: évident, sensible, clair; qui saute aux yeux; visible. **-ly**, *adv.*: évidemment, clairement, sensiblement. **-ness**, *n.*: évidence, clarté, *f.*

1.occasion, *n.*: occasion, rencontre; (*cause*) cause, occasion, *f.*; sujet; (*need*) besoin, *m.*, nécessité, *f.*; *there is no — for*, il n'y a pas besoin de; il n'est pas besoin de; *profit by the —*, profiter de l'occasion; *on —*, au besoin; *on the first —*, à la première occasion; *on all —s*, en toute occasion; en toute rencontre. **2.occasion**, *tr.*: occasionner, donner lieu à, causer, produire. **-al**, *adj.*: occasionnel, d'occasion; accidentel, casuel. **-ality**, *n.*: adaptation à l'occasion, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: occasionnellement; par occasion, parfois; de temps en temps. **-er**, *n.*: cause, *f.*; auteur, *m.*

occasive, *adj.*: (*astron.*) occase.

occi-dent, *n.*: occident, *m.* **-dental**,

†-dous, *adj.*: occidantal.

oc-cipital, *adj.*: (*anat.*) occipital.

oc-ciput, *n.*: occiput, *m.*

oc-clude, *tr.*: fermer. **-clution**, *n.*: action d'enfermer; (*med.*) occlusion, *f.*

occult, *adj.*: occulte. **-ation**, *n.*: occultation, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: secret, *m.*

occu-paney, *n.*: occupation, *f.* **-pant**, *n.*: personne qui occupe un lieu, *f.*; possesseur, occupant, *m.* **-pation**, *n.*: occupation, *f.*; emploi, *m.*; (*possession*) occupation, possession, *f.* **-pier**, *n.*: possesseur; (*of houses*) habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.* **-py**, *tr.*: occuper; employer: *to be occupied in, with*, s'occuper de.

oc-cûr, *intr.*: se présenter, se rencontrer, s'offrir; venir; survenir, arriver: *a thought —ed to me*, une pensée me vint; *an accident has —ed to me*, il m'est arrivé un accident. **-currence**, *n.*: occurrence, rencontre, *f.*; événement, incident, *m.*

1.ô-cean, *n.*: océan, *m.*; (*fig.*) immensité,

f. **2.-cean**, *adj.*: de l'océan. **-ceanic**, *adj.*: océanique.

ocellated, *adj.*: qui ressemble à un œil; ocellé.

occhre, *n.*: ocre, *f.*

ôch-reous or -rey, *adj.*: d'ocre; ocreux.

ôcrea, *n.*: (*bot.*) gaine, *f.*

ôct-agon, *n.*: octogone, *m.* **-agonal**,

-angular, *adj.*: octogone. **-ahédron**,

n.: (*geom.*) octaèdre, *m.* **-ândria**, *n.*:

(*bot.*) octandrie, *f.* **-ândrian**, *adj.*:

(*bot.*) octandre. **-ant**, *n.*: octant, *m.*

-ave, *n.*: octave, *f.* **-avo**, *n.*: in-octa-

vo, *m.* **-ënnial**, *adj.*: de huit ans.

-ile, *n.*: oeil, aspect oeil, *m.* **-ôber**,

n.: octobre, *m.* **-ogenarian**, **-ogen-**

ary, *n.*: octogénaire, *m.*, *f.* **-ôgenary**,

adj.: d'octogénaire. **-osyllable**, *n.*: mot

de huit syllabes, *m.* **-uple**, *adj.*: oc-

tuplé.

ôcul-ar, *adj.*: oculaire. **-arly**, *adv.*: de

ses propres yeux. **-ate**, **-ated**, *adj.*: qui

a des yeux; que l'on sait par les yeux.

-ist, *n.*: oculiste, *m.*

ôdd, *adj.*: impair; (*surplus*) de surplus,

de reste, quelques; (*of money*) d'appoint;

de reste; (*singular*) étrange, singulier;

(*droll*) bizarre, drôle, original, baroque;

(*leisure*) perdu; (*not fellows*) déparié;

(*of books, etc.*) dépareillé. **-ity**, *n.*: sin-

gularité; bizarrerie, *f.*; (*pers.*) original,

m.; originale, *f.*; travers, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*:

étrangement, singulièrement; bizarre-

ment. **-ness**, *n.*: singularité; étrangeté;

bizarrerie, *f.* **-s**, *n.*: (*inequality*) inéga-

lité, disparité, *f.*; (*advantage*) avantage,

m.; supériorité; (*quarrel*) dispute, que-

relle, *f.*, différend, *m.*: *at —*, en querelle;

to set at —, brouiller; *to have the —*

against one's self, avoir affaire à plus fort

que soi; — *and ends*, petits bouts, frag-

ments, *m. pl.*

ô-de, *n.*: ôde, *f.* **-dëon or -dëum**, *n.*:

odéon, *†odëum*, *m.*

ôdi-ous, *adj.*: odieux, détestable. **-ously**,

adv.: odieusement. **-ousness**, *n.*: na-

ture odieuse, *f.*; odieux, *m.* **-um**, *n.*:

odieux, *m.*

odô-meter, *n.*: odomètre, compte-pas, *m.*

od-ontalgia or -ontalgia, *n.*: odontal-

gie, *f.* **-ontalgic**, *n.*: odontalgique, *m.*

-ontoid, *adj.*: odontoidé. **-ontology**,

n.: odontologie, *f.*

ôdor, *n.*: odeur, *f.*; parfum, *m.*; senteur,

f. **-ant**, **-ate**, **-ating or -iferous**,

adj.: odorant, odoriférant. **-iferously**,

adv.: avec un parfum. **-iferousness**,

n.: parfum, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans odeur,

inodore. **-ous**, *adj.*: odorant.

ôdour = odor.

œcô-nomy & = economy.

œcûmênical &, *adj.*: œcûmênique, œcu-

ménique. **-ly**, *adv.*: œcuméniquement, œcuméniquement.

œdema *ē*, *n.*: œdème, *m.*

œllad-e *ô-yad*, *n.*: œillade, *f.*

œsophagus *ê*, *n.*: œsophage, *m.*

ôf *or*, *prep.*: de: — late, dernièrement; — old, autrefois; *the best* — *men*, le meilleur des hommes. 1. **ôff**, *adv.*: loin; de distance; (*paint.*) avec relief; (*broken off*) rompu, manqué, cessé; (*separated*) de dessus, séparé, enlevé; (*nav.*) au large: *the house is a mile* —, la maison est à un mille de distance; — *and on*, avec interruption; — *with that*, ôtez, enlevez cela; — *with him*, emmenez-le; *I am* —, je m'en vais, je file; *hats* —! chapeaux bas! *to be well, badly* —, être bien, mal dans ses affaires, heureux, malheureux.

2. **off**, *adj.*: le plus éloigné; (*man.*) hors main. 3. **off**, *prep.*: (*nav.*) à la hauteur de, devant. **off-al**, *n.*: abattis, *m.*; issue, *f.*; reste de viande, *m.*; chair grossière, *f.*; (*refuse*) rebut, *m.* **off-cut**, *n.*: (*print.*) petit carton de feuilles, *m.*

off-fence, *n.*: offense, *f.*; outrage, *m.*; injure, *f.*; (*jur.*) atteinte, contravention, violation de la loi et du droit, *f.*; délit, crime; (*scandal*) scandale, *m.*; (*attack*) attaque, agression, *f.*: *capital* —, crime capital; *commit an* — *against*, faire outrage à; (*jur.*) porter atteinte à; *take* —, se formaliser; s'offenser; *give* —, choquer, offenser. **-fend**, *tr.*: offenser, choquer; outrager, blesser; scandaliser; *intr.*: déplaire; commettre une offense; commettre un péché; se scandaliser: — *against*, nuire à; (*the law*) violer, transgresser. **-fender**, *n.*: offenseur, coupable; pécheur; (*jur.*) contrevenant, délinquant, criminel, *m.*: *an old* —, coutumier du fait; repris de justice, *m.* **-fendress**, *n.*: coupable; pécheresse, *f.* **-fenseful**, *adj.*: offensant. **-fenseless**, *adj.*: inoffensif; innocent. 1. **fensive**, *adj.*: offensant; injurieux; choquant, blessant; (*assailant*) offensif. 2. **fensive**, *n.*: offensive, *f.* **-fensively**, *adv.*: d'une manière offensante, injurieuse, blessante; offensivement. **-fensiveness**, *n.*: nature offensante, blessante, choquante, injurieuse, *f.*

1. **offer**, *tr.*: offrir: — *violence*, faire violence; — *one's self, itself*, s'offrir, se présenter; *intr.*: s'offrir; se présenter; faire l'offre de; (*to attempt*) essayer: — *to*, faire l'offre de. 2. **offer**, *n.*: offre; (*attempt*) tentative, *f.*; essai, *m.* **-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut offrir. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui offre, *f.*; sacrificateur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: offrande, *f.*; sacrifice, *m.* **-to-ry**, *n.*: offertoire, *m.*; offerte, *f.*

off-hand, *adj.*: dégagé, nonchalant;

tranchant, cru, brusque; *adv.*: d'abord; au premier abord, sans réflexion, sur-le-champ, sans préparation.

office, *n.*: office, service; (*duty*) devoir; (*employment*) emploi, *m.*; charge, *f.*, fonctions, *f. pl.*; (*power*) pouvoir, *m.*, place, *f.*; (*apartment*) bureau, (*private*) cabinet, *m.*; (*of lawyers*) étude, *f.*; (*rel.*) office, *m.*; — *s.* (*of a house*) offices, *f. pl.*; (*out-houses*) communs, *m. pl.* **-keeper**, *n.*: buraliste, *m.* **-lead**, *n.*: serre-papiers, *m.* **-table**, *n.*: bureau, *m.*

1. **officer**, *n.*: officier; (*of state*) dignitaire; (*of the government*) fonctionnaire; (*of justice*) agent; (*of a court*) huissier.

2. **officer**, *tr.*: fournir des officiers à. **-ed**, *adj.*: commandé; pourvu d'officiers.

1. **offi-cial**, *adj.*: officiel, public. 2. **-cial**, *n.*: fonctionnaire; (*ecc.*) official, *m.* **-cial-ly**, *adv.*: officiellement. **-cialty**, *n.*: officialité, *f.*

-giant, *n.*: officiant, *m.* **-giary**, *n.*: official. **-giate**, *intr.*: exercer ses fonctions; exercer; *intr.*: donner, conférer.

-giating, *adj.*: qui fait ses fonctions; (*ecc.*) officiant, desservant.

official, *adj.*: (*pharm.*) official.

officious, *adj.*: officieux; (*kind*) bienveillant. **-ly**, *adv.*: officieusement; (*kind-ly*) avec bienveillance; complaisamment.

-ness, *n.*: empressement officieux, *m.*

offing, *n.*: (*nav.*) large, *m.*

off-scouring, *n.*: rebut, *m.*

offset, *n.*: (*hort.*) rejeton, *m.*; (*com.*) compensation; (*arch.*) retraite, *f.*

off-side, *n.*: (*man.*) hors de la main, hors main; côté droit, *m.*

offspring, *n.*: enfant, *m.*; enfants, *m. pl.*; descendant, *m.*; descendants, *m. pl.*; race, postérité, *f.*; (*fig.*) fruit, produit, *m.*

off-take, *n.*: (*mines*) galerie d'écoulement, *f.*

offward-wôrd, *adv.*: vers le large, vers la mer.

oft, oft-en, oft-entimes, *adv.*: souvent.

ogôe, *n.*: (*arch.*) cymaise, *f.*

1. **ogive**, *n.*: ogive, *f.* 2. **ogive**, *adj.*: en ogive.

1. **ô-gle**, *n.*: œillade, *f.* 2. **-gle**, *tr.*: lorgner; lancer des œillades à. **-gler**, *n.*: lorgneur, *m.*, lorgneuse, *f.* **-gling**, *n.*: lorgnerie, *f.*

ôg-re, *n.*: ogre, *m.* **-ross**, *n.*: ogresse, *f.*

ôh! *interj.*: oh!

1. **ôil**, *n.*: huile, *f.* 2. **oil**, *tr.*: huiler.

-bag, *n.*: (*orni.*) glande oléifère, *f.* **-cake**, *n.*: (*agri.*) tourteau, *m.* **-case**, *n.*: toile cirée (pour vêtement), *f.* **-cloth**, *n.*: toile cirée (pour meuble), *f.* **-col-**

our, *n.*: couleur à l'huile, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: onctuosité; nature huileuse, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: marchand d'huile, *m.* **-mill**, *n.*:

huilerie, *f.* **-nut**, *n.*: (*bot.*) noix de ben, *f.* **-nut-tree**, *n.*: ricin, palmachristi, *m.* **-plant**, *n.*: plante oléagineuse, *f.* **-press**, *n.*: pressoir à l'huile, *m.* **-shop**, magasin d'huile, *m.* **-skin**, *n.*: toile cirée; (*of a hat*) coiffe en toile, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: huileux, onctueux, oléagineux.

ointment, *n.*: onguent, *m.*

old, *adj.*: vieux, vieil; âgé; ancien, antique: *how — are you?* quel âge avez-vous? *I am ten years —*, j'ai dix ans; *at ten years —*, à l'âge de dix ans; *ten years —*, âgé de dix ans; *the — world*, l'ancien monde; *an — man*, un vieillard, un vieux, un vieil homme; un homme vieux; *an — shoe*, un vieux soulier; *grow —*, vieillir; *the — est*, le plus âgé; le doyen d'âge; *of —*, anciennement. **-en**, *adj.*: vieux, ancien. **-fashioned**, *adj.*: suranné; à l'ancienne mode; (*pers.*) de vieille roche. **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu vieux. **-ness**, *n.*: vieillesse, *f.*; âge avancé, *m.*, ancienneté; vétusté, *f.*

oléagineux, *adj.*: oléagineux. **-ness**, *n.*: nature oléagineuse, *f.*

oléander, *n.*: (*bot.*) laurier-rose, laurose, oléandre, *m.*

oléomargarine, *n.*: oléomargarine, *f.*

oléraceus, *adj.*: (*bot.*) oléracé, potager.

olfact, *tr.*: flairer, sentir. **-ory**, *adj.*: olfactif.

olibanum, *n.*: oliban, *m.*

oligarch, *n.*: oligarque. **-garchal**, **-garchie**, **-garchical**, *adj.*: oligarchique.

-garchy, *n.*: oligarchie, *f.*

oligist, **-gistic**, *adj.*: (*min.*) oligiste.

olio, *n.*: (*cook.*) olla podrida, *f.*; (*mus.*) recueil d'airs, *m.*

olitory, *adj.*: potager.

oli-vary, *adj.*: olivaire. **-vaster**, *adj.*: olivâtre. **-ve**, *n.*: olive, *f.*: — *tree*, olivier, *m.*; — *yard*, jardin des olives, *m.*

Olympiad, *n.*: Olympiade, *f.* **-pian**, *adj.*: Olympien; Olympique. **-pic**, *adj.*: olympique. **-pics**, *n. pl.*: jeux olympiques, *m.* **-pus**, *n.*: Olympé, *m.*

ombre, *n.*: ombre, *m.*

oméga, *n.*: oméga, *m.*

omelet, *n.*: omelette, *f.*

omen, *n.*: augure, présage, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: d'augure: *ill —*, de mauvais augure.

omentum, *n.*: (*anat.*) épiploon, *m.*

ominous, *adj.*: de mauvais présage; sinistre. **-ly**, *adv.*: de mauvais augure.

-ness, *n.*: mauvais augure, *m.*

omissible, *adj.*: qui peut être omis.

-mission, *n.*: omission, *f.* **-missive**, *adj.*: qui commet des omissions. **-mit**, *tr.*: omettre; manquer; négliger. **†-mit-tance**, *n.*: omission, *f.*

omnibus (*pl. omnibuses*), *n.*: omnibus, *m.*

omnifarious, *adj.*: de toutes sortes; varié.

omniferous, *adj.*: produisant tout.

omniform, *adj.*: omniforme.

omnipotence, **-teney**, *n.*: omnipotence, toute-puissance, *f.* **1.-tent**, *adj.*: tout puissant. **2.-tent**, *n.*: Tout-Puissant, *m.* **-tently**, *adv.*: avec omnipotence, avec toute-puissance.

omniprésence, *n.*: omniprésence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: omniprésent. **-ential**, *adj.*: qui implique l'omniprésence.

omni-science, *n.*: omniscience, *f.* **-scient**, *adj.*: omniscient; qui sait tout.

omnium, *n.*: omnium, *m.*

omnivorous, *adj.*: omnivore.

omoplate, *n.*: (*anat.*) omoplate, *f.*

1.on, *prep.*: sur; à; de; en; lors de: — *foot*, à pied; — *high*, en haut; — *horse-back*, à cheval; — *purpose*, à dessein, exprès; — *that day*, ce jour-là; — *the left*, à gauche; — *the right*, à droite; — *the table*, sur la table; — *my honour*, sur mon honneur; *loss — loss*, perte sur perte; — *credit*, à crédit; *a ring — the finger*, une bague au doigt; — *one*, sur soi; *play — the piano* (*etc.*), jouer du piano; — *Monday*, lundi. **2.on**, *adv.*: deassus; (*forward*) en avant, avant, avancé; (*continuation*) toujours; (*succession*) de suite: *read —*, lisez toujours; — *!* en avant! *and so —*, et ainsi de suite; *play —*, continuez de jouer.

onager, *n.*: (*mam.*) onagre, *m.*

onanism, *n.*: (*med.*) onanisme, *m.*

once wñs, *adv.*: une fois; autrefois; jadis: — *upon a time*, une fois; — *for all*, une fois pour toutes; *all at —*, tout d'un coup, tout à coup; — *I knew how to sing*, autrefois je savais chanter.

1.one wñs, *adj.*: un, *m.*, une, *f.*; un seul, *m.*, une seule, *f.*; unique; seul, un certain: — *man*, un homme; *he has but — child*, il n'a qu'un seul enfant; *there is — Charles*, il y a un certain Charles; — *by —*, un à un; *it is all —*, c'est la même chose; cela revient au même; c'est tout un; c'est égal; — *and all*, tous jusqu'au dernier. **2.one**, *pron.*: on, l'on; celui, *m.*, celle, *f.*; quelqu'un; un homme, *m.*, une femme, *f.*: — *sees that every day*, on voit cela, cela se voit tous les jours; *he is — who*, c'est un homme qui; *he is the — who*, c'est celui qui; *a good thing and a bad —*, une bonne chose et une mauvaise; *any —*, quelqu'un; le premier venu, tout le monde; qui que ce soit; personne; *some —*, quelqu'un; *no —*, personne; *every —*, chacun; tout le monde; — *another*, l'un l'autre, l'une l'autre; les uns les autres, les unes les autres. **-eyed**, *adj.*: borgne.

1. oneiro-critic, -al, *adj.*: de l'oneirocritique; d'un interpréteur de songes.
2. -critic, *n.*: interpréteur de songes, *m.* **-critics**, *n. pl.*: onirocritie, onirocritique, *f.* **oneiro-maney**, oniromanie, *f.*
oneness wūn-, *n.*: unité, *f.*
ôner-ate, *tr.*: charger. **-ation**, *n.*: charge, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: onéreux.
one's self wūn's, *pron.*: soi-même; se.
ônion, *n.*: ognon, oignon, *m.*
1. only, *adj.*: seul; unique. **2. only**, *adv.*: seulement; uniquement; ne ... que.
onomatopœia -pi-ya, *n.*: (gram.) onomatopée, *f.*
ônset, *n.*: commencement; abord; premier choc; (attack) assaut, *m.*, attaque, *f.*
ônslaughter, *n.*: attaque, *f.*; assaut, *m.*
ont-olôgic(al), *adj.*: ontologique. **-olôgist**, *n.*: ontologiste, *m.* **-ôlogy**, *n.*: ontologie, *f.*
ônus (pl. *onera*), *n.*: fardeau, poids, *m.*
1. onward, *adv.*: en avant; plus loin; progressivement. **2. onward**, *adj.*: qui conduit en avant; avancé; progressif.
ônux or ônyx, *n.*: (min.) onyx, *m.*
ôo-lite, *n.*: (geol.) oolithe, *m.* **-littic**, *adj.*: oolithique.
1. ôoze-e, *n.*: vase, *f.*; limon; suintement, *m.* **2. -e**, *intr.*: suinter, s'écouler, filtrer. **-ing**, *n.*: suintement, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: vaseux, limoneux.
o-pacity, *n.*: opacité; (fig.) obscurité, *f.* **-pacious**, *adj.*: opaque; (fig.) obscur.
ôpal, *n.*: (min.) opale, *f.* **-ine**, *adj.*: d'opale.
ôpaque, *adj.*: opaque; (fig.) obscur. **-ness**, *n.*: opacité, *f.*
1. ôpen, *adj.*: ouvert; à découvert; nu; à nu; (of the weather) doux; (print.) blanc; (frank) franc, sincère, ouvert; (fig.) exposé en butte; (mus.) vide: — *handed*, libéral; — *hearted*, franc; — *heartedly*, franchement; — *heartedness*, franchise, *f.*; — *weather*, temps doux; — *eyed*, vigilant; — *to an engagement*, libre pour un engagement; *wide* —, grand ouvert; *in the — air*, en plein air; *in the — sea*, en pleine mer. **2. open**, *tr.*: ouvrir; (a bottle) déboucher; (to explain) expliquer; (to reveal) révéler, exposer; (a letter) ouvrir, décacheter; *intr.*: s'ouvrir; (to begin to appear) se découvrir. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui ouvre, *f.*; ouvrier, *m.*, ouvreuse, *f.*; interprète; (med.) apéritif, *m.* **1. -ing**, *adj.*: apéritif. **2. -ing**, *n.*: ouverture, *f.*; commencement; début, *m.*; chance de réussite, *f.*; (at play) début; (com.) débouché, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: ouvertement; sincèrement, franchement. **-ness**, *n.*: situation ouverte; (of the weather)

douceur; (frankness) franchise, sincérité, *f.*
ôper-a, *n.*: opéra, *m.* **-a-glass**, *n.*: lunette, *f.* **-a-hat**, *n.*: claque, *m.* **-a-house**, *n.*: opéra, *m.*, salle d'opéra, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: actif. **-ate**, *tr.*: opérer, agir; avoir son effet. **-atic(al)**, *adj.*: d'opéra; lyrique. **-ation**, *n.*: opération; action, *f.*; effet, *m.* **1. ôper-active**, *adj.*: manuel; ouvrier; des ouvriers; (efficacious) actif, efficace. **2. -ative**, *n.*: artisan, ouvrier, travailleur, *m.* **-ator**, *n.*: personne qui opère; chose qui opère, *f.*; agent; (surg.) opérateur, *m.*
ôpéron-lar, *adj.*: (bot.) opercule. **-late**, **-lated**, *adj.*: opercule; operculaire. **-lum**, *n.*: opercule, *m.*
ôpéron-ose, *adj.*: laborieux; pénible; fatigant. **†-oseness**, *n.*: nature fatigante, laborieuse, *f.*
ôphite, *n.*: ophite, marbre ophite, *m.*
ophthāl-mia, -my, *n.*: ophtalmie, *f.* **-mic**, *adj.*: ophtalmique. **-môlogy**, *n.*: ophtalmologie, *f.*
ôpia-ne, *n.*: narcotine, *f.* **1. -te**, *n.*: opiat, électuaire, *m.*; **†opiate**, *f.* **2. -te**, *adj.*: (med.) narcotique; (fig.) qui endort.
opine, *intr.*: opiner; être d'avis; penser.
opi-niated, *adj.*: opiniâtre; entêté. **-niative**, *adj.*: obstiné, opiniâtre, entêté. **-niativeness**, *n.*: opiniâtreté, *f.*; entêtement, *m.*; obstination, *f.*
opinion, *n.*: opinion, *f.*; avis, sentiment; jugement, *m.*; idée, pensée, *f.*: *that's a matter of —*, c'est une affaire d'opinion; *give one's —*, donner son opinion, son avis; *have a high — of*, avoir une haute opinion de; *be of — that*, être d'avis que; *be of the — of*, être de l'avis de; *be entirely of the — of*, être entièrement de l'avis de; abonder dans le sens de; *state one's —*, dire son avis, son sentiment, sa pensée; *in the — of*, selon l'opinion de; *in my —*, à mon avis. **-ate**, **-ated**, *adj.*: opiniâtre, entêté, obstiné; suffisant. **-ately**, *adv.*: opiniâtrement; obstinément; avec suffisance. **-ative**, *adj.*: opiniâtre, entêté; suffisant. **-atively**, *adv.*: opiniâtrement, obstinément; avec suffisance. **-ativeness**, *n.*: opiniâtreté, *f.*; entêtement, *m.*; suffisance, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: attaché à son opinion; plein de soi-même. **-ist**, *n.*: personne obstinément attachée à son opinion; personne suffisante, *f.*
ôpium, *n.*: opium, *m.*
ôpobalsam, *n.*: opobalsamum, *m.*
ôpodêldoc, *n.*: opodeldoch, opodeltoch, *m.*
ôpossum, *n.*: (mam.) opossum, sarigue, *m.*
ôppi-late, *tr.*: opiler. **-lâtion**, *n.*: opilation, *f.*

oppô-ne, *tr.*: opposer. **-nency**, *n.*: thèse académique, *f.* **-nent**, *adj.*: opposé, en face; contraire. **-nent**, *n.*: antagoniste, adversaire.

opportu-ne, *adj.*: opportun; à propos. **-nely**, *adv.*: à propos; en temps opportun. **-nency**, *n.*: opportunité, *f.* **-nity**, *n.*: occasion, opportunity, *f.*

oppôse, *tr.*: opposer, s'opposer à; résister à; combattre; *intr.*: s'opposer; faire des objections. **-less**, *adj.*: qui ne souffre pas d'opposition; irrésistible. **-r-er**, *n.*: personne qui s'oppose à, *f.*; antagoniste, adversaire, concurrent, rival, *m.*

opposite, *adj.*: opposé; vis-à-vis; en face; (*contrary*) opposé, contraire; *the — sex*, l'autre sexe. **2.opposite**, *n.*: opposé; (*adversary*) adversaire, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: en face; à l'opposé; (*adversely*) en sens opposé. **-ness**, *n.*: situation opposée, *f.*; état opposé, *m.*

op-position, *n.*: situation opposée; opposition; (*competition*) concurrence, *f.*; (*obstacle*) obstacle, empêchement, *m.*; (*resistance*) résistance; (*repugnance*) répugnance, *f.*: *in — to*, par opposition à; *to be in the —*, être de l'opposition. **-positive**, *adj.*: qui peut être opposé.

op-press, *tr.*: opprimer; opprimer; écraser. **-pression**, *n.*: oppression, *f.*; accablement, abatement, *m.*: — *of the heart*, serrement de cœur, *m.* **-pressive**, *adj.*: accablant, oppressif. **-pressively**, *adv.*: d'une manière oppressive; avec accablement. **-pressiveness**, *n.*: caractère oppressif, *m.*; nature accablante, *f.* **-pressor**, *n.*: oppresseur, *m.*

opprô-brious, *n.*: infamant; injurieux; d'opprobre. **-briously**, *adv.*: avec opprobre. **-briousness**, *n.*: nature infamante, *f.*; opprobre, *m.* **-brium**, *n.*: opprobre, *m.*

op-pugn, *tr.*: combattre, attaquer. **-pugnancy**, *n.*: opposition, résistance, *f.* **-pugnant**, *adj.*: hostile, opposant, opposé; *n.*: adversaire, *m.* **-pugner**, *n.*: personne qui attaque, qui combat, *f.*; adversaire, antagoniste, *m.*

optative, *adj.*: optatif.

1.op-tic, *n.*: œil, *m.* **2.-tic**, **-tical**, *adj.*: optique. **-tically**, *adv.*: par l'optique. **-tician**, *n.*: opticien, *m.* **-tics**, *n. pl.*: optique, *f. sing.*

opti-macy, *n.*: noblesse, *f.*; corps des nobles, *m.* **-mism**, *n.*: optimisme, *m.* **-mist**, *n.*: optimiste, *m.*, *f.* **-mity** **-ti'**, *n.*: état de ce qui est le meilleur, *m.*; excellence, *f.*

option, *n.*: option, *f.*; choix, *m.*; faculté, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: laissé au choix; facultatif; optatif.

ôpu-lence, **-lency**, *n.*: opulence, *f.*;

richesses, *f. pl.* **-lent**, *adj.*: opulent, riche. **-lently**, *adv.*: opulemment.

ô-pus (*pl. ôpera*), *n.*: œuvre, *f.* **-pûs-cle**, **-pûscule**, **-pûsculum**, *n.*: opusculum, *m.* **1.ôr**, *conj.*: ou; (*negatively*) ni: — *else*, ou, ou bien, autrement; *either you — he*, ou vous ou lui.

2.ôr, *n.*: (*her.*) or, *m.*

orach (*e*), *n.*: (*bot.*) arroche, *f.*

ôracle, *n.*: oracle, *m.*

grâcu-lar, **-lous**, *adj.*: qui rend des oracles; d'un ton d'oracle; d'oracle. **-lous-ness**, *n.*: ton d'oracle, *m.*

ôral, *adj.*: oral. **-ly**, *adv.*: oralement.

orange **-inj**, *n.*: orange, *f.*: — *tree*, oranger, *m.*; — *chips*, orangeat, *m.*; — *house*, orangerie, *f.*; — *peel*, écorce d'orange, *f.* **-âde**, *n.*: orangeade, *f.* **-coloured**, *adj.*: orange; couleur d'orange; orangé. **-flower**, *n.*: fleur d'orange, *f.* **-musk**, *n.*: poire-orange musquée, *f.* **ôrange-ry**, *n.*: orangerie, *f.* **-woman**, *n.*: marchande d'oranges, *f.*

orâng-outang, *n.*: (*mam.*) orang-outang, *m.*

orâtion, *n.*: discours, *m.*; harangue, oraison, *f.*

ôra-tor, *n.*: orateur, *m.* **-tôrial**, **-tôr-ical**, **-tôrions**, *adj.*: oratoire. **-tô-rian**, *n.*: oratorien, *m.* **-tôrically**, *adv.*: oratoirement. **-tôrio**, *n.*: oratoire; (*mus.*) oratorio, concert spirituel, *m.* **-tory**, *n.*: art oratoire, *m.*; éloquence, *f.*; (*chapel*) oratoire, *m.*

1.ôr-b, *n.*: globe; corps sphérique; orbe, *m.*; orbite; sphère, *f.*; cercle, *m.*; (*of time*) révolution, période, *f.* **2.ôr-b**, (*tr.*) arrondir; former en cercle; couvrir. **-êd**, *adj.*: rond, circulaire, sphérique. **-ic**, *adj.*: sphérique. **-icular**, *adj.*: circulaire, sphérique; orbiculaire. **-icu-larly**, *adv.*: orbiculairement, sphériquement; en rond. **-icularness**, *n.*: sphéricité, forme orbiculaire, *f.* **-iculate**, **-iculated**, *adj.*: sphérique orbiculaire. **-iculation**, *n.*: forme orbiculaire, *f.* **-it**, *n.*: orbite, *f.*; orbe, *m.* **-ital**, **-ituel**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) orbitaire.

ôre, *n.*: (*ichth.*) épaular, *m.*; orque, *f.*

ôrchal, **orchel**, *n.*: (*bot.*) roccelle; orseille des teinturiers, *f.*

ôrchanet, *n.*: orcanète, *f.*

ôrchard, *n.*: verger, *m.*; pommaraie, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: culture des arbres fruitiers, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: jardinier qui cultive les arbres fruitiers, *m.*

ôrchestra, *n.*: orchestre, *m.* **-l**, *adj.*: d'orchestre; de l'orchestre.

ôr-chid, **-chis**, *n.*: (*bot.*) orchis, *m.*

ordâin, (*tr.*) ordonner, décréter, prescrire; établir; (*ecc.*) ordonner; (*biblically*) élire, choisir. **-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut or-

donner. **-er**, n.: ordonnateur, instituteur; (ecc.) ordonnant, m. **-ing**, adj.: ordonnateur; (ecc.) ordonnant.

ordeal, n.: tordealie; épreuve, f., jugement de Dieu, m.

1. order, n.: ordre; règlement, m.; règle, f.; arrêté; (arch., her., milit.) ordre, m.; (fin.) ordonnance, f.; (theat., etc.) billet de faveur, m.; (class) classe, f.; (for goods) commande, demande, f.; (draft) mandat, m.: —s, (ecc.) ordres, m. pl.; —! à l'ordre! in — to, pour, afin de; dans le but de; dans le dessein de; dans l'intention de; in — that, afin que; pour que; —, (of bills) à ordre; (of clothes, etc.) de commande; made to —, sur commande; by —, par ordre; (com.) d'ordre; in —, en règle; en bonne forme; till further —s, jusqu'à nouvel ordre; out of —, dérangé; détraqué; in alphabetical —, par ordre alphabétique; in —s, (ecc.) dans les ordres; — of the day, ordre du jour; call to —, rappeler à l'ordre; keep in —, tenir dans l'ordre; tenir dans le devoir; keep —, maintenir l'ordre; put out of —, déranger; mettre en désordre; détraquer; set in —, mettre en ordre; mettre de l'ordre dans; higher —s, classes élevées; hautes classes, f.; lower —s, basses classes; classes inférieures. **2. order**, tr.: ordonner, ordonner à, donner l'ordre à; (to regulate) régler, arranger, disposer; (to conduct) diriger, conduire, guider; (things, as clothes, etc.) commander, demander.

-er, n.: ordonnateur, régulateur, m.; personne qui commande, f. **-ing**, n.: ordonnance, disposition, f. **-less**, adj.: sans ordre; désordonné. **-liness**, n.: ordre, m.; méthode; régularité, f. **1. -ly**, n.: officier d'ordonnance, m. **2. -ly**, adj.: réglé, régulier; en bon ordre; méthodique; tranquille: — officer, officier d'ordonnance, m. **3. -ly**, adv.: dans l'ordre, avec ordre.

1. ordinal, n.: nombre ordinal; rituel, m. **2. -nal**, adj.: ordinal. **-nance**, n.: ordonnance; loi, f.; ordre, m. **-narily**, adv.: ordinairement; d'ordinaire. **1. -nary**, n.: ordinaire, m.; chose ordinaire; table d'hôte, f.; (of a prison) aumônier, m. **2. -nary**, adj.: ordinaire. **1. -nate**, adj.: régulier. **2. -nate**, n.: (geom.) ordonnée, f. **-nately**, adv.: régulièrement. **-nation**, n.: tendance; (ecc.) ordination, f.

ordnance, n.: artillerie, f.

ordnance, n.: (paint.) ordonnance, f.

ordure, n.: ordure, f.

ore, n.: minéral, m.; mine, f.; métal, m. **-hearth**, n.: (metal.) fourneau de fusion, m.

orfray, n.: orfroi, m.

orgal, n.: tartre brut, m.

organ, n.: organe; (mus.) orgue, m. sing.; orgues, f. pl. **-blower**, n.: souffleur d'orgue, m. **-builder**, n.: facteur d'orgues, m. **-case**, n.: buffet d'orgue, m.

organie, -al, adj.: organique; des organes. **-ally**, adv.: organiquement. **-alness**, n.: état organique, m.

organisation, n.: organisation, f.

organise, tr.: organiser, constituer.

organism, n.: organisme, m.

organist, n.: organiste, m.

organ-loft, n.: tribune d'orgue, f.

-pipe, n.: tuyau d'orgue, m. **-stop**, n.: jeu d'orgue, m.

organzine, n.: organsin, m.

orgeat **or-gat**, n.: orgeat, m.

orgies, n. pl.: orgies, f. pl.

1. ori-ent, n.: orient, est, m. **2. -ent**, adj.: levant; naissant; d'orient; oriental; (fig.) brillant, éclatant. **1. -ental**, adj.: oriental; d'Orient. **2. -ental**, n.: natif de l'Orient, m. **-entalist**, n.: orientaliste, m.

orifice, n.: orifice, trou, m.; ouverture, f.

or-igan, -iganum, n.: (bot.) origan, m.

or-igin, n.: origine, source, f. **1. -iginal**, adj.: original, originel, primitif. **2. -iginal**, n.: original, m. **-iginality**, n.: originalité, f. **-iginally**, adv.: originellement; dans l'origine; d'une manière originale. **-iginalness**, n.: originalité, f. **-iginate**, intr.: provenir; dériver; tirer son origine. **-iginat-ion**, n.: génération, origine, f. **-igator**, n.: cause première, f.; mobile, auteur, m.

orillon, n.: (fort.) orillon, m.

oriple, n.: (orn.) oriot, m.

orion, n.: (astron.) Orion, m.

orison, n.: oraison, f.

1. orle, n.: (her.) orle, m. **2. orle**, **orlet** **or orle**, n.: (arch.) orle, m.

orlop, n.: (nav.) faux pont, m.

1. orna-ment, n.: ornement, m. **2. -ment**, tr.: orner, décorer; orner, m. **-ment-al**, adj.: ornemental. **-mentally**, adv.: pour servir d'ornement.

ornate, adj.: orné, beau, élégant. **-ness**, n.: état de ce qui est orné, m.; élégance, f.

orni-thologie, adj.: ornithologique.

-thologist, n.: ornithologiste, ornithologue, m. **-thology**, n.: ornithologie, f.

oro-logist, n.: personne versée dans l'orologie, f. **-logy**, n.: orologie, f.

1. orphan, n.: orphelin, m., orpheline, f. **2. orphan**, adj.: orphelin. **3. orphan**, tr.: rendre orphelin. **-age**, n.: état d'orphelin; orphelinat, m. **-ism**, n.: état d'orphelin, m.

or-piment, n.: orpiment, m. **-pin**, n.: (paint.) orpin, orpiment, m. **-pine**, n.: (bot.) orpin, m., sarcelle d'été, reprise, grassette, f.

örrery, n.: planétaire, m.
örris, n.: passement, m.: (bot.) iris, m.
ört, n.: fragment, débris, rebut, m.
örtho- or öortho- (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-dox**, *adj.*: orthodoxe. **-doxy**, *adv.*: d'une manière orthodoxe. **-doxy**, n.: orthodoxie, f. **-epist**, n.: personne qui prononce bien, f. **-epy**, n.: prononciation correcte, f. **-gon**, n.: (geom.) figure orthogonale, f. **-gonal**, *adj.*: (geom.) orthogonal. **-grapher**, **-graphist**, n.: orthographe, m. **-graphie**, **-graphical**, *adj.*: d'orthographe; bien orthographié; orthographique. **-graphically**, *adv.*: orthographiquement, selon les règles de l'orthographe, de l'orthographe. **-graphy**, n.: orthographe, orthographie, (arch., fort., geom., persp.) orthographie, f. **-pédie**, *adj.*: orthopédique. **-pedist**, n.: orthopédiste, m. **-pedy**, n.: orthopédie, f. **-puca** **-pu'a**, n.: orthopnée, f.
örtive, *adj.*: ortive.
örtolan, n.: ortolan, m.
örts, n. pl.: restes, m. pl.; épluchures, f. pl.
örval, n.: orvale, f.
oryetögraphy, n.: oryctographie, f.
oryetologie, n.: oryctologie, f.
öseill-nte, *intr.*: osciller; balancer, hésiter. **-ation**, n.: oscillation, f. **-atory**, *adj.*: oscillatoire.
ösei-taney, **-tätion**, n.: bâillement, m.; nonchalance, f. **-tant**, *adj.*: qui bâille; nonchalant.
öscu-lant, *adj.*: baisant; se touchant. **-late**, *tr.*: baiser, toucher de près; *intr.*: se baiser; se toucher de près. **-lätion**, n.: (geom.) osculation, f. 1. **-latory**, *adj.*: (geom.) osculateur. 2. **-latory**, n.: (ecc.) paix, patène, f.
ösier, n.: osier, m. **-ground**, n.: oseraie, f.
ösmund, n.: (bot.) osmonde, f.
ös-pray, **-prey**, n.: (orni.) orfraie, f.; aigle de mer, m.
öss-clet, n.: (vet.) osselet, m. **-eous**, *adj.*: osseux. **-icle**, n.: osselet, m. **-ification**, n.: ossification, f. **-ify**, *tr.*: ossifier; *intr.*: s'ossifier. **öss-quary**, n.: charnier; ossuaire, m.
os-tensibility, n.: caractère ostensible, m. **-tensible**, *adj.*: ostensible. **-tensibly**, *adv.*: ostensiblement. **-tensive**, *adj.*: évident. **-tënt**, n.: apparence, f.; signe, m.
osten-tätion, n.: ostentation, f.; faste, étalage, m. **-tätious**, *adj.*: plein d'ostentation; fastueux; de parade. **-tätiously**, *adv.*: fastueusement, avec ostentation, avec étalage.

öste-o ... in comp.: **-ocölla**, n.: ostéocolle, f. **-ögeny**, n.: ostéogénie, f. **-ögraphy**, n.: (anat.) ostéographie, f. **-olite**, n.: ostéolithe, m. **-öloger**, **-ölogist**, n.: auteur d'un traité d'ostéologie, m. **-ölögie**, **-ölölogical**, *adj.*: ostéologique. **-ölöically**, *adv.*: selon l'ostéologie. **-ölogy**, n.: ostéologie, f. **-öpathy**, n.: ostéopathie, f. **-ötömy**, n.: (anat.) ostéotomie, f.
östuary, n.: embouchure de fleuve, f.
östler, n.: valet d'écurie, m.
östra-eism, n.: ostracisme, m. **-eise**, *tr.*: frapper d'ostracisme. **-eite**, n.: ostracite, f.
östrich, n.: (orni.) autruche, f.
ötäl-gia, **-gy**, n.: otalgie, f.
öther, *pron.*: autre; autrui: *every* —, tous les deux; de deux ... l'un. **-where**, *adv.*: ailleurs. **-while**, **-whiles**, *adv.*: dans un autre temps. **-wise**, *adv.*: autrement.
ötter, n.: essence de roses; huile essentielle, f.
ötter, n.: loutre, f.
ötto, *see* **ötter**.
1.ötöman, *adj.*: ottoman. 2. **ötöman**, n.: ottomane, f., divan, sofa; (Turk) Ottoman, m.
1.ought ät = *ought*.
2.ought ät, *v. defective*: devoir: *you — to do it*, vous devriez le faire.
1.öunee, n.: (weight) once, f.
2.öunee, n.: (mam.) once, f.
öur, *adj.*: notre, *sing.*; nos, *pl.*: —self, nous-même. **-s**, *pron.*: le nôtre, m., la nôtre, f.; les nôtres, pl. m., f.; à nous. **-selves**, *pron.*: nous-mêmes; nous.
öusel, n.: merle aquatique, m.
öust, *tr.*: débaser; (jur.) évincer, déposséder. **-er**, n.: (jur.) éviction, déposséder, f.
1.öut, *adv.*: (on the outside) dehors; (abroad) sorti; (milit.) sur pied; (dis-closed) découvert, connu; (extinct) éteint; (at an end) épuisé, usé, fini; (without) sans; (to the end) jusqu'au bout, jusqu'à la fin; (loudly, without restraint) haut, hautement, ouvertement, à haute voix; (not in the hands of the owner) loué, prêté; (puzzled) embarrassé, dans l'embarras; (in error) dans l'erreur; (of clothes, shoes, etc.) percé, troué; (not in power) non au pouvoir, ne ... plus au pouvoir, non en fonctions, ne ... plus en fonctions: —! dehors! — *with him!* à la porte! — *with it!* dites ce que c'est! finissez! achevez! voyons! — *of*, hors de; sans; dans; par; *be — of*, être sans; manquer de; *be — of pocket*, perdre; *I was fifty pounds — of pocket by it*, j'y ai perdu cinquante livres; — *of friendship*, par amitié; *read — of a book*, lire dans un livre; — *of money*, sans

- argent; — *and* —, à ne plus en revenir; d'importance; — *of hatred*, par haine; — *of hand*, tout de suite; — *of measure*, outre mesure; — *of hope*, sans espérance; — *of favour*, disgracié; — *of place*, hors de place; — *of sight*, à perte de vue; hors de vue; — *of humour*, de mauvaise humeur; *where are you going?* —, où allez-vous? je vais sortir. **2.out!** dehors! éteins-toi! **3.out**, *n.*: dehors, *m.*: personne qui n'est pas au pouvoir (etc.); (*print.*) bourdon. **4.out**, *tr.*: mettre dehors; expulser. **-act**, *tr.*: dépasser; faire plus que. **-balance**, *tr.*: l'emporter sur, surpasser. **-bâre**, *tr.*: fermer par des barres. **-bid** (pret. *bid*, *bade*, part. *bidden*, *bid*), *tr.*: enchérir, surenchérir; enchérir sur; renchérir sur. **-bidder**, *n.*: enchérisseur, *m.* **-blôwn**, *adj.*: enflé, gonflé. **-bound**, *adj.*: en destination pour l'étranger. **-brave**, *tr.*: surpasser en bravoure; braver, défier. **-brâzen**, *tr.*: vaincre d'effronterie; traiter effrontément. **-break**, *n.*: explosion; émeute, *f.* **-bréathe**, *tr.*: avoir l'haleine plus longue qu'un autre; (*intr.*) (*expire*) expirer. **-build** (pret. and part. *built*), *tr.*: surpasser en construction (solidité). **-building**, *n.*: bâtiment extérieur, *m.* **-burn**, *tr.*: brûler plus que. **1.-cast**, *n.*: proscrit, exilé, *m.* **2.-cast**, *adj.*: expulsé, proscrit, exilé, abandonné. **-crop**, *n.*: (*geol.*) affleurement, *m.* **-cry**, *n.*: grand cri, *m.*; hauts cris, *m. pl.*; clameur, *f.*, clameurs, *f. pl.*; (*sale*) criée, *f.* **-dare**, *tr.*: surpasser en audace; défier; affronter. **-dô** (pret. *-did*, part. *-done*), *tr.*: surpasser; exceller sur. **-dwell** (pret. and part. *outdwell*), *intr.*: rester trop longtemps, demeurer au delà de. **-er**, *adj.*: extérieur, du dehors; externe. **-only**, *adv.*: extérieurement; au dehors; à l'extérieur. **-ermost**, *adj.*: le plus en dehors; le plus extérieur; le plus externe. **-face**, *tr.*: faire baisser les yeux à; affronter, défier. **-fall**, *n.*: embouchure, *f.* **-fawn**, *tr.*: surpasser en flatterie. **-fit**, *n.*: armement, équipement; trousseau, *m.* **-flank**, *tr.*: (*milit.*) déborder, tourner. **1.-flow**, *tr.*: découler, provenir, venir. **2.-flow**, *n.*: émigration, *f.* **-fly** (pret. *flew*, part. *flown*), *tr.*: surpasser dans son vol; dépasser. **-fool**, *tr.*: dépasser en folie. **-frôwn**, *tr.*: froncer les sourcils plus qu'un autre; mater, abattre. **-general**, *tr.*: surpasser comme général; l'emporter sur. **-give** (pret. *-gave*, part. *-given*), *tr.*: surpasser en libéralité. **1.-gô** (pret. *-went*, part. *-gone*), *tr.*: devancer, surpasser, tromper. **2.-gô**, *n.*: déboursement, *m.* **-going**, *n.*: sortie, *f.*; extrême limite, *f.* **-grôw** (pret. *-grew*, part. *-grown*), *tr.*: grandir plus que; surpasser en croissance; dépasser, surpasser. **-guârd**, *n.*: garde avancée, *f.* **-hêrod**, *tr.*: dépasser en cruauté; *that's Herod*, cela dépasse tout. **-house**, *n.*: pavillon, *m.*; dépendance, *f.*: —s, communs, *m. pl.* **-jêst**, *tr.*: accabler de plaisanteries; réduire au silence, interdire à force de plaisanteries. **-juggle**, *tr.*: surpasser en ruse; duper. **-knâve**, *tr.*: surpasser en fourberie. **-lândish**, *adj.*: étranger; grossier, rude. **-lâst**, *tr.*: surpasser en durée; survivre à. **1.-law**, *n.*: personne mise hors la loi, *f.*; proscrit, *m.* **2.-law**, *tr.*: mettre hors la loi; proscrire, bannir. **-laury**, *n.*: mise hors la loi, proscription, *f.* **-lay**, *n.*: dépense, *f.*; déboursés, *m. pl.* **-leap**, *n.*: sortie, fuite, *f.* **-let**, *n.*: issue; sortie, *f.*; passage; débouché, *m.*; voie d'écoulement, *f.*; (*of a roof*) shoot gargoille, *f.* **-lie**, *tr.*: surpasser en mensonge. **-lier**, *n.*: non-résident; (*geol.*) lambeau détaché, *m.* **1.-line**, *n.*: contour, *m.*; esquisse, *f.*; premier jet, aperçu, *m.* **2.-line**, *tr.*: dessiner le contour de; esquisser. **-live**, *tr.*: survivre à. **-liver**, *n.*: survivant, *m.*, survivante, *f.* **-lôok**, *tr.*: faire baisser les yeux à; affronter; braver; mater; observer, veiller. **-look**, *n.*: vigilance, *f.* **-lûstre**, *tr.*: surpasser en lustre, éclipser. **-lying**, *adj.*: éloigné. **-mârch**, *tr.*: devancer. **-most**, *adj.*: le plus en dehors; extrême, le plus éloigné. **-pâce**, *tr.*: devancer, dépasser. **-parish**, *n.*: paroisse extérieure, *f.* **-part**, *n.*: partie extérieure, *f.* **-pâss**, *tr.*: dépasser; devancer. **-poise**, *tr.*: peser plus que; surpasser en poids. **-porch**, *n.*: portique extérieur; parvis, *m.* **-post**, *n.*: (*milit.*) avant-poste, *m.*, garde avancée, *f.* **-pôur**, *tr.*: verser à grands flots. **-pôuring**, *n.*: effusion, *f.*; épanchement, *m.* **-prây**, *tr.*: prier plus que; prier avec plus de ferveur que. **-prêach**, *tr.*: prêcher mieux que; surpasser par la prédication. **-prize**, *tr.*: surpasser en valeur. **1.-out-rage**, *n.*: outrage, affront, *m.*; (*jur.*) atteinte, *f.* **2.-rage**, *tr.*: outrager. **-râgeous**, *adj.*: outrageux, outrageant; furieux, violent; (*tumultuous*) tumultueux, turbulent; (*excessive*) outré, exagéré; (*enormous*) énorme. **-râgeously**, *adv.*: outrageusement; violemment, furieusement; avec turbulence; d'une manière outrée; énormément. **-râgeousness**, *n.*: nature outrageuse, nature outrageante; violence, fureur, turbulence, énormité, *f.* **out-rêach**, *tr.*: dépasser; outrepasser. **-rêason**, *tr.*: surpasser en raisonnement. **-rêekon**, *tr.*: dépasser dans ses

calculs. **-ride** (pret. *-rode*; part. *-riden*), *tr.*: devancer à cheval. **-rider**, *n.*: piqueur, chasseur, *m.* **-right**, *adv.*: sur-le-champ; tout de suite; (*completely*) entièrement; (*without constraint*) sans gêne, sans contrainte. **-rival**, *tr.*: l'emporter sur. **-roar**, *tr.*: crier plus fort que. **-root**, *tr.*: déraciner. **-run** (pret. *-ran*, part. *-run*), *tr.*: devancer à la course; devancer. **-sail**, *tr.*: dépasser à la voile; dépasser. **-sell** (pret., part. *sold*), *tr.*: vendre plus que, plus vite que; obtenir de plus hauts prix que. **-set**, *n.*: début, commencement; principe, *m.* **-shine** (pret., part. *-shone*), *tr.*: surpasser en éclat; surpasser; éclipser. **-shoot** (pret., part. *-shot*), *tr.*: tirer plus loin que. **-side**, *n.*: dehors, extérieur, *m.*; (*of a diligence*) impériale, banquette, *f.*: *at the —*, tout au plus. **-side**, *adj.*: extérieur, externe. **-side**, *adv.*: en dehors; (*of a diligence*) sur l'impériale, sur la banquette. **-sit** (pret., past part. *sate*), *tr.*: être assis plus longtemps que. **-skirt**, *n.*: extrémité, *f.*: bord; (*of a town*) faubourg, *m.*; (*of a wood*) lisière, *f.* **-sleep** (pret., past part. *slept*), *tr.*: dormir plus longtemps que, dormir au-delà du. **-speak** (pret. *-spoke*, part. *-spoken*), *tr.*: parler plus que; dépasser. **-sport**, *tr.*: surpasser en badinage, pousser trop loin le badinage. **-spread** (pret., part. *-spread*), *tr.*: étendre, déployer; répandre. **-stand** (pret., part. *-stood*), *tr.*: rester au-delà de; durer plus que. **-standing**, *adj.*: en saillie; (*of bills*) non-payé, encore dû; (*com.*) en suspens, courant. **-stare**, *tr.*: faire baisser les yeux à; décontenancer. **-step**, *tr.*: devancer; dépasser. **-storm**, *tr.*: gronder plus fort que; braver; défier. **-street**, *n.*: rue écartée; rue à l'extrémité d'une ville; rue de faubourg, *f.* **-stretch**, *tr.*: étendre. **-stretch**, *adj.*: étendu; ouvert. **-stride** (pret. *-strode*, part. *-stridden*), *tr.*: enjamber mieux que; devancer. **-strip**, *tr.*: gagner de vitesse; devancer; surpasser. **-swear** (pret. *-swore*, part. *-sworn*), *tr.*: jurer mieux que; l'emporter en serments sur. **-sweeten**, *tr.*: surpasser en douceur; l'emporter en douceur sur. **-talk**, *tr.*: parler plus que; causer plus que; réduire au silence. **-throw**, *n.*: (*geol.*) faille, *f.*; rejet, *m.* **-tongue**, *tr.*: parler plus haut que; réduire au silence. **-value**, *tr.*: surpasser en valeur. **-venom**, *tr.*: surpasser en venin. **-vie**, *tr.*: l'emporter sur; surpasser. **-villain**, *tr.*: surpasser en acéleratesse. **-vote**, *tr.*: l'emporter à la pluralité des voix sur. **-walk**, *tr.*: mar-

cher mieux que; devancer. **-wall**, *n.*: mur extérieur, *m.* **-ward** *-ward*, *adj.*: extérieur; superficiel. **-ward**, *n.*: extérieur, dehors, *m.* **-ward**, **-wards**, *adv.*: à l'extérieur; au dehors, extérieurement; (*of ships*) pour l'étranger. **-wardly**, *adv.*: extérieurement, à l'extérieur; au dehors. **-watch**, *tr.*: veiller plus que. **-wear** (pret. *-wore*, part. *-worn*), *tr.*: durer plus longtemps que. **-weigh**, *tr.*: peser plus que; l'emporter sur. **-wit**, *tr.*: surpasser en finesse; duper, attraper, (*pop.*) mettre dedans. **-work**, *n.*: (*fort.*) ouvrage extérieur, *m.* **-worth**, *tr.*: surpasser en prix. **-write** (pret. *outwrote*, past part. *outwritten*), *tr.*: écrire plus que. **-va**, *pl. of -rum*. **-val**, *adj.*: ovale. **-val**, *n.*: ovale, *m.*: — *in a wall*, œil-de-bœuf, *m.* **-various**, *adj.*: d'œufs. **-vary**, *n.*: ovaire, *m.* **-vate**, **-vated**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) ovale. **ovation**, *n.*: ovation, *f.* **oven**, *n.*: four, *m.*: — *fork*, fourgon, râble, *m.*; — *full*, fournée, *f.*; *Dutch —*, rôtissoire, cuisinière, *f.* **over**, *prep.*: (*above*) au-dessus de; par-dessus; sur; (*during*) durant, pendant; (*upon*) sur, sur la surface de; (*across*) à travers, au travers de; (*on the other side*) de l'autre côté, au-delà de; (*about*) dans, par: — *the water*, de l'autre côté de l'eau; — *hill and dale*, par monts et par vaux; *walk — the field*, marcher dans, à travers le champ; — *the table*, sur la table; — *winter*, pendant l'hiver; *the water is — one's shoes*, l'eau est au-dessus des souliers; *be placed — any one*, être placé au-dessus de, surveiller quelqu'un. **over**, *adv.*: (*from side to side*) d'un côté à l'autre; (*on the opposite side*) de l'autre côté; (*on the surface, above the top*) par-dessus, au-dessus; (*throughout*) partout, tout, entièrement; (*ended*) fini, passé; (*more than the quantity assigned*) de reste; *a table ten feet — all*, une table de dix pieds de large; *he is —*, il est de l'autre côté; *walk —*, marcher par-dessus; *you are splashed all —*, vous êtes éclaboussé partout; *have something —*, avoir de reste; — *and —*, mille fois, sans cesse, incessamment; *be all —*, être fini; *be all — with*, en être fait de; *I am glad it is —*, je suis content que ce soit fini. **-abound**, *intr.*: surabonder. **-act**, *tr. and n.*: outrer, exagérer, charger. **-all**, *n.*: surtout, pardessus: — *s*, pantalon de voyage, *m.* *sing.* **-arch**, *tr.*: voûter; couvrir d'une voûte. **-are**, *tr.*: imposer le respect à; intimider. **-balance**, *n.*: excédent, *m.*; prépondérance, *f.* **-balance**, *tr.*: peser plus que, surpasser; l'emporter sur.

-balancing, *n.*: prépondérance, *f.*
-bear (pret. *-bore*, part. *-borne*), *tr.*: subjuguer, dompter; accabler, vaincre; surmonter. **-bearing**, *adj.*: dominateur; impérieux; arrogant. **-bend** (pret., past part. *-bent*), *tr.*: plier trop, courber trop.
-bid (pret. *-bid*, *bade*; part. *-bid*, *-bidden*), *tr.*: offrir trop pour; enchérir sur.
-blow (pret. *-blew*; part. *-blown*), *intr.*: surventer; *tr.*: dissiper par le vent.
-board, *adv.*: hors le bord; à la mer.
-built, *adj.*: chargé de bâtiments; chargé.
-burden, *tr.*: surcharger, accabler.
-busy, *adj.*: trop affairé; trop occupé; trop officieux. **-buy** (pret., part. *-bought*), *tr.*: acheter trop; acheter trop cher.
-canopy, *tr.*: couvrir d'un pavillon; couvrir.
-care, *n.*: excès de soucis, *m.*
-careful, *adj.*: (*over-attentive*) soigneux à l'excès; (*over-solicitous*) soucieux à l'excès. **-carry**, *tr.*: entraîner; emporter. 1. **-cast**, *adj.*: couvert, nuageux; obscur. 2. **-cast** (pret., past part. *-cast*), *tr.*: obscurcir; (*compute*) porter trop haut; (*needlework*) surjeter. **-cautions**, *adj.*: par trop prudent. 1. **-charge**, *tr.*: surcharger; (*in price*) sur vendre, faire payer trop cher, surfaire; (*fire-arms*) mettre une charge trop forte dans. 2. **-charge d'over-charge**, *n.*: charge excessive, *f.*; (*in price*) prix trop élevé, *m.*
-cloud, *tr.*: couvrir de nuages; obscurcir. **-clow**, *intr.*: rassasier. **-colour**, *tr.*: charger de couleur; colorer trop; charger; exagérer; outrer. **-come** (pret. *-came*; part. *-come*), *tr.*: subjuguier; dompter; triompher de; vaincre; surmonter; *intr.*: vaincre; être victorieux; l'emporter: *I am quite —*, je n'en puis plus.
-comer, *n.*: vainqueur, *m.* **-comingly**, *adv.*: en vainqueur. **-confidence**, *n.*: trop grande confiance, *f.* **-count**, *tr.*: évaluer trop; priser trop. **-cover**, *tr.*: couvrir entièrement. **-credulous**, *adj.*: trop crédule. **-date**, *tr.*: post-dater. **-do** (pret. *-did*; part. *-done*), *tr.*: faire trop; exagérer; outrer; (*eatables*) faire trop cuire; (*fatigue*) harasser, fatiguer; *intr.*: faire trop; trop travailler. **-done**, *adj.*: trop cuit. **-dose**, *n.*: dose trop forte, *f.* **-draw** (pret. *-drew*; part. *-drawn*), *tr.*: excéder, dépasser le montant de son crédit; tirer trop. **-drawing**, *n.*: (*com.*) action de dépasser, d'excéder son crédit, *f.* **-dress**, *tr.*: habiller trop; trop charger de parure. **-drink** (pret. *-drank*; part. *-drunk*), *intr.*: boire à l'excès. **-drive** (pret. *-drove*; part. *-driven*), *tr.*: faire marcher trop vite; pousser trop loin; (*of animals*) surmener. **-dry**, *tr.*: sécher trop. **-due**, *adj.*: échu, non payé, en souffrance; en

retard. **-eager**, *adj.*: trop empressé. **-eagerly**, *adv.*: avec trop d'empressement. **-earnerness**, *n.*: excès d'empressement, *m.* **-eat** (pret. *-ate*; part. *-eaten*), *intr.*: manger trop, manger avec excès. **-estimate**, *tr.*: surestimer; estimer trop; évaluer trop haut. **-eye**, *tr.*: surveiller; observer, remarquer. **-fall**, *n.*: (*nav.*) bas fond, *m.* 1. **-flow**, *intr.*: déborder; se déborder; (*fig.*) regorger; *tr.*: faire déborder; inonder. 2. **-flow**, *n.*: inondation, *f.*; débordement, *m.*; (*fig.*) surabondance, *f.*, excès, *m.* 1. **-flowing**, *adj.*: qui déborde; (*fig.*) surabondant; qui regorge. 2. **-flowing**, *n.*: débordement; épanchement, *m.* **-flovingly**, *adv.*: à l'excès; surabondamment. **-fly**, *tr.*: passer au vol; voler au delà de. **-forward**, *adj.*: trop empressé; trop hardi. **-forwardness**, *n.*: empressement, excessif, *m.*; hardiesse excessive, *f.* **-fraught**, *adj.*: surchargé. **-freight** (part. *frought* or *reg.*), *tr.*: surcharger. **-fruitful**, *adj.*: trop fertile, trop fécond. **-glance**, *tr.*: parcourir des yeux, voir à la hâte. **-go** (pret. *-went*; part. *-gone*), *tr.*: dépasser. **-grow** (pret. *-grew*; part. *-grown*), *tr.*: (*of plants*) couvrir, croître au-dessus de; s'élever au-dessus de; (*pers.*, *animals*) grandir au-dessus de; *intr.*: croître trop; (*pers.*) grandir trop; (*animals*) grossir trop. **-grown**, *adj.*: (*with plants*) couvert, plein; trop grand; trop puissant; énorme. **-growth**, *n.*: accroissement excessif, *m.* **-handle**, *tr.*: manier trop; toucher trop souvent. **-hang** (pret., part. *-hung*), *intr.*: pencher; surplomber; *tr.*: pencher sur; être suspendu sur; (*fig.*) menacer. **-hanging**, *adj.*: en surplomb. **-harden**, *tr.*: endurcir trop. **-haste**, *n.*: précipitation; trop grande hâte, *f.* **-hastily**, *adv.*: avec précipitation; trop à la hâte. **-hastiness**, *n.*: précipitation; trop grande hâte, *f.* **-hasty**, *adj.*: précipité; trop emporté. **-haul**, *tr.*: examiner de nouveau; visiter, inspecter; (*nav.*) gagner. **-head**, *adv.*: au-dessus de la tête; en haut. **-hear** (pret., part. *-heard*), *tr.*: entendre par hasard; surprendre. **-heat**, *tr.*: échauffer trop. 1. **-joy**, *tr.*: transporter de joie; ravir. 2. **-joy**, *n.*: transport de joie; transport; ravissement, *m.* **-labo(u)r**, *tr.*: faire travailler à l'excès; travailler trop, élaborer trop. **-lade** (pret. *-laded*; part. *-laden*), *tr.*: surcharger. **-land**, *adj.*: par voie de terre. 1. **-lap**, *tr.*: recouvrir. 2. **-lap**, *n.*: recouvrement, *m.* **-large**, *adj.*: trop gros; trop grand. **-largeness**, *n.*: grosseur excessive; grandeur excessive; largeur excessive, *f.* **-lay**

(pret., part. *-laid*), *tr.*: couvrir; étouffer; (fig.) obscurcir. — a *child*, étouffer un enfant. **-leap** (pret., part. *-leaped* or *leapt*), *intr.*: sauter par-dessus; sauter. **-leather**, *n.*: empeigne, *f.* **-liberal**, *adj.*: trop libéral; trop généreux. **-light**, *n.*: lumière trop fort, *f.* **-load**, *tr.*: surcharger. **-long**, *adj.*: trop long. **-look**, *tr.*: (view from on high, applied to persons) avoir vue sur, planer sur; (applied to things) dominer, commander; (see from behind) regarder, regarder par-dessus l'épaule de; (view fully) parcourir en entier, voir en entier; (superintend) surveiller; (review) revoir, retoucher; (excuse) fermer les yeux sur, avoir de l'indulgence pour, ne vouloir pas voir; (pass by, to neglect) laisser échapper, ne pas remarquer. **-looker**, *n.*: inspecteur, surveillant, *m.* **-looking**, *n.*: surveillance, *f.* **-love**, *tr.*: aimer trop. **-master**, *tr.*: maltraiter, surmonter. **-match**, *tr.*: opposer une force supérieure à; surmonter, être trop fort pour, accabler. **-match**, *n.*: force supérieure, *f.*; vainqueur, *m.* **-measure**, *tr.*: évaluer trop; priser trop. **-measure**, *n.*: trop bonne mesure, *f.* **-merit**, *n.*: mérite excessif, *m.* **-merry**, *adj.*: trop gai. **-mix**, *tr.*: mêler trop. **-modest**, *adj.*: trop modeste. **-much**, *n.*: trop; excès, *m.* **-much**, *adj.*: excessif; trop grand, trop de; à l'excès. **-much**, *adv.*: trop, excessivement. **-officious**, *adj.*: trop officieux. **-paid**, *adj.*: trop payé; payé trop cher. **-paint**, *tr.*: surcharger de couleur. **-pass**, *tr.*: passer sur; passer, franchir; omettre; ne pas remarquer. **-pay** (pret., part. *-paid*), *tr.*: surpayer; payer trop; payer libéralement; payer trop cher. **-people**, *tr.*: peupler trop; surcharger de population. **-persuade**, *tr.*: persuader par importunité. **-picture**, *tr.*: surpasser la représentation de. **-plus**, *n.*: surplus; excédent; trop-plein, *m.* **-poise**, *tr.*: peser plus que; (fig.) l'emporter sur, surpasser. **-poise**, *n.*: poids plus fort, *m.*; (fig.) prépondérance, *f.* **-polish**, *tr.*: polir trop. **-ponderous**, *adj.*: trop pesant. **-post**, *tr.*: passer rapidement sur. **-power**, *tr.*: être trop fort pour; vaincre; subjuguier; accabler. **-powering**, *adj.*: accablant; écrasant. **-poweringly**, *adv.*: excessivement. **-press**, *tr.*: presser vivement; vaincre à force (d'instances); accabler; opprimer. **-prise**, *tr.*: évaluer trop, estimer trop. **-prompt**, *adj.*: trop prompt; trop vif. **-promptness**, *n.*: promptitude excessive; précipitation, *f.* **-proportion**, *tr.*: diviser en parties trop grandes. **-rank**, *adj.*: trop gras; surabondant.

-râte, *tr.*: évaluer trop, priser trop. **-reach**, *n.*: (man.) action de forger; (vet.) nerf-férule, *f.* **-reach**, *tr.*: aller au-delà de; dépasser; (deceive) tromper; jouer; duper; *intr.*: (man.) forger. **-reach**, *n.*: trompeur, *m.*, trompeuse, *f.* **-reaching**, *n.*: action de dépasser; duperie, *f.* **-ride** (pret. *-rode*; part. *-rode* or *-ridden*), *tr.*: surmener; excéder de fatigue. **-ripe**, *adj.*: trop mûr. **-ripen**, *tr.*: mûrir trop. **-roast**, *tr.*: rôtir trop. **-rule**, *tr.*: dominer; gouverner; régir; maltraiter; (jur.) rejeter. **-ruler**, *n.*: gouverneur; régisseur; directeur, *m.* **-ruling**, *adj.*: qui gouverne; qui régit; dominant. **-run** (pret. *-ran*; part. *-run*), *tr.*: couvrir; (infest) envahir, faire une irruption dans; infester; ravager; (out-run) devancer, passer; (print.) remanier; (overflow) déborder. **-runner**, *n.*: envahisseur, ravageur, *m.* **-running**, *n.*: envahissement; (print.) remaniement, *m.* **-sea**, *adj.*: d'outre-mer. **-see** (pret. *-saw*; part. *-seen*), *tr.*: surveiller. **-seer**, *n.*: surveillant; (of the poor) percepteur et administrateur de la taxe des pauvres; (print.) prote; (of a factory, etc.) contre-maître, *m.* **-sell** (pret., part. *-sold*), *intr.*: vendre trop; survendre. **-set** (pret., part. *-set*), *tr.*: renverser; (a vehicle) verser; (a boat) faire chavirer; (fig.) renverser, bouleverser; *intr.*: se renverser; (of vehicles) verser; (of boats) chavirer, faire capot. **-shade**, *tr.*: ombrager; (fig.) jeter dans l'ombre, obscurcir. **-shadow**, *tr.*: ombrager; protéger; jeter dans l'ombre; éclipser. **-shadower**, *n.*: personne qui jette de l'ombre sur, qui éclipse; chose qui jette de l'ombre sur, qui éclipse, *f.* **-shoes**, *n. pl.*: galoches, *f. pl.* **-shoot** (pret., part. *-shot*), *tr.*: porter trop loin, aller trop avant; dépasser le but. **-shot**, *adj.*: en dessus; dépassé. **-sight**, *n.*: méprise, inadvertance, *f.*; oubli, *m.*; (superintendence) surveillance, *f.* **-size**, *intr.*: enduire. **-skip**, *tr.*: sauter par-dessus; sauter. **-sleep** (pret., part. *-slept*), *tr.*: dormir au delà de (son heure): — *one's self*, dormir trop; rester endormi, dépasser l'heure. **-slip**, *tr.*: glisser sur; passer, négliger. **-snow**, *tr.*: couvrir de neige. **-soon**, *adv.*: trop tôt. **-spent**, *adj.*: harassé, épuisé. **-spread** (pret., part. *-spread*), *tr.*: couvrir; se répandre sur. **-stand** (pret., part. *-stood*), *tr.*: insister trop sur; tenir trop à. **-state**, *tr.*: exagérer. **-step**, *tr.*: passer; dépasser; surpasser. **-stock**, *n.*: surabondance, *f.* **-stock**, *tr.*: remplir trop; surcharger. **-store**, *tr.*: approvisionner à l'excès. **-strain**, *intr.*: faire de trop grands efforts; *tr.*:

forcer trop; pousser trop loin. **-strēw** (part. *-strewed* or *-strewn*), *tr.*: répandre sur; joncher. **-swāy**, *tr.*: dominer; gouverner; dissuader. **-swēll**, *tr.*: faire déborder; inonder.

ōvert, *adj.*: ouvert, évident, manifeste.

ōver-tāke (pret. *-took*; part. *-taken*), *tr.*: atteindre, rattraper, rejoindre. **-tāsk**, *tr.*: surcharger de travail; mettre à l'épreuve. **-tāx**, *tr.*: surtaxer. **-thrōw** (pret. *-threw*; part. *-thrown*), *tr.*: renverser; bouleverser; défaire; détruire. **2.-thrōw**, *n.*: renversement; bouleversement, *m.*: défaite; ruine, *f.* **-thrōwer**, *n.*: personne qui renverse, qui détruit, qui défait, *f.* **-thwart**, *adj.*: opposé; d'en face; (*cross*) contraire, contraire. **-thwartness**, *n.*: opposition, *f.*; mauvais caractère, *m.* **-tire**, *tr.*: fatiguer trop; harasser.

ōvertly, *adv.*: ouvertement; manifestement.

ōver-tōp, *tr.*: dépasser le sommet de; être plus grand que; surpasser. **-trip**, *tr.*: passer légèrement. **-trūst**, *tr.*: se fier trop à.

ōverture, *n.*: ouverture, *f.*; (*mus.*) prélude, *m.*, ouverture, *f.*

1.ōver-tūrn, *n.*: renversement, *m.* **2.-tūrn**, *tr.*: renverser; bouleverser; (*a vehicle*) verser; (*a boat*) faire chavirer. **-turner**, *n.*: personne qui renverse, qui bouleverse, *f.*; destructeur, *m.* **-tūrn-īng**, *n.*: renversement; bouleversement, *m.* **-valuātion**, *n.*: surévaluation; estimation trop élevée, *f.* **-vālue**, *tr.*: surévaluer; évaluer trop; priser trop. **-vēil**, *tr.*: couvrir d'un voile; couvrir. **-wēak**, *adj.*: trop faible. **-wēary**, *tr.*: excéder de fatigue. **-wēen**, *intr.*: être présomptueux; se flatter, se faire illusion. **-wēening**, *adj.*: présomptueux. **-wēcnīngly**, *adv.*: présomptueusement. **-wēigh**, *tr.*: peser plus que; (*fig.*) l'emporter sur. **-weight**, *n.*: surplus de poids, *m.* **-whēlm** *-hwēlm*, *tr.*: accabler, écraser. **-whēlming**, *adj.*: accablant, écrasant. **-whēlmingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière accablante. **†-wīng**, *tr.*: (*milit.*) déborder. **-wīse**, *adj.*: par trop sage. **1.-wōrk** (pret., part. *-worked* or *-wrought*), *tr.*: faire travailler au-delà de ses forces; accabler de travail; fatiguer; (*a horse*) surmener; travailler trop. **2.-work**, *n.*: excès (*or* trop) de travail; surmenage, *m.* **-wōrn**, *adj.*: accablé de fatigue, usé. **-wrought** **rāt**, *adj.*: trop travaillé. **-zēalous**, *adj.*: trop zélé.

ōvīclār, *adj.*: propre à l'œuf; de l'œuf.

ōvīne, *adj.*: ovine, de la brebis.

ōviparous, *adj.*: ovipare.

ō-void, *adj.*: ovoïde, en forme d'œuf.

-volō, *n.*: (*arch.*) ova, *m.* **-vūm**, *n.*: œuf; ovule, germe, *m.*

ōur-e, *intr.*: devoir, être redevable de.

-īng, *adj.*: dû: — *to*, à cause de; grâce à.

ōwl, *n.*: hibou, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: contrebandier, *m.* **-et**, *n.*: hulotte, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: de hibou. **-light**, *n.*: tombée de la nuit, *f.*

1.ōwn, *adj.*: propre (à soi): *of my* —, à moi; *my* —, à moi; le mien; *at his* — *house*, chez lui. **2.own**, *tr.*: (*possess*) être propriétaire de, avoir, jouir de, posséder. **-er**, *n.*: propriétaire, possesseur, *m.* **-er-ship**, *n.*: propriété, *f.*

3.ōwn, *tr.*: avouer, confesser, convenir.

ōx (pl. *oxen*), *n.*: bœuf, *m.*

ōxālīc, *adj.*: oxalique.

ōx-driver, *n.*: bouvier, *m.* **-eye**, *n.*: (*bot.*) buphthalmie, œil de bœuf, *m.*; (*ornit.*) mésange charbonnière, *f.* **-eyed**, *adj.*: aux yeux de bœuf. **-fly**, *n.*: taon, *m.*

ōxi-dable, *adj.*: oxydable. **-dātē**, *tr.*: oxyder. **-dātīon**, *n.*: oxydation, *f.* **-de**, *n.*: oxyde, *m.* **-dīse**, *tr.*: oxyder. **-dīse-ment**, *n.*: oxydation, *f.*

ōxōnīan, *n.*: étudiant de l'université d'Oxford.

ōx-stall, *n.*: étable à bœufs, *f.* **-tongue**, *n.*: (*bot.*) buglosse, *f.*

ōx-ygen, *n.*: oxygène, *m.* **-ygenātē**, *tr.*: oxygéner. **-ygenātīon**, *n.*: oxygénation, *f.* **-ygenīse**, *tr.*: oxygéner. **-ygenīse-ment**, *n.*: oxygénation, *f.* **-ygenous**, *adj.*: d'oxygène. **-ygon**, *n.*: (*geom.*) triangle oxygène, *m.* **-ygonal**, *adj.*: oxygène. **-ymel**, *n.*: oxymel, *m.*

1.-ytōne, *n.*: son aigu, *m.* **2.-ytone**, *adj.*: qui a un son aigu.

ōyer, *n.*: (*jur.*) audition, *f.*; — *and* *terminer*, audition et jugement.

ōyez! *s, interj.*: oyez! écoutez! faites silence.

ōyster, *n.*: hître, *f.*: — *shell*, écaille d'hître, *f.* **-bed**, *n.*: banc d'hîtres, *m.* **-brood**, *n.*: frai d'hîtres, *m.* **-fish-ery**, *n.*: pêche des hîtres, *f.* **-wench**, *n.*: marchande d'hîtres; écaille, *f.*

P

p pē, *n.*: p., *m.*

pābu-lar *or* **-lous**, *adj.*: alimentaire.

-lum, *n.*: aliment, *m.*

1.pāc-e, *n.*: pas; (*man.*) pas, *m.*: *at a great* —, à grands pas; *to mend*, *to hurry one's* —, hâter, presser le pas. **2.pace**, *intr.*: aller, marcher; aller au pas; aller lentement; *intr.*: passer au pas, passer lentement sur; mesurer (en marchant au pas), arpenter; toiser; faire aller au pas. **-ed**, *adj.*: qui a le pas...; à pas: *slow*

—, qui n'a le pas lent; *thorough* —, consommé. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui marche, *f.*: cheval qui va bien au pas, *m.*

pâch-a, *n.*: pacha, *m.* **-âlic**, *n.*: pachalik, *m.*

pâchy-dërm, *n.*: pachyderme, *m.* **-dër-matons**, *adj.*: pachyderme.

pâci-fic, *adj.*: pacifique; calme, paisible; (*geog.*) pacifique; équinoxial. **-ficâtion**, *n.*: pacification, *f.* **-ficâtor**, *n.*: pacificateur, *m.* **-ficatory**, *adj.*: pacifique. **pâci-fier**, *n.*: pacificateur, *m.* **pâci-fy**, *tr.*: pacifier, apaiser, calmer.

1. pâck, *n.*: paquet; ballot; fardeau, *m.*; (*band*) bande; (*of hounds*) meute, *f.*; (*of cards*) jeu, *m.* **2. pack**, *tr.*: emballer; encaisser; (*fish, meat*) mettre en baril; (*herrings*) encaquer; (*cards*) préparer; (*jury, etc.*) trier subrepticement; *intr.*: s'emballer; s'encaisser; faire sa malle; *to — off*, décamper; plier bagage; *send — ing*, envoyer paître, envoyer promener. **-age**, *n.*: emballage, encaissement; (*packet*) colis, ballot; paquet, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: emballer, *m.* **1. -et**, *n.*: paquet, *m.* **2. -et**, **-et-boat**, *n.*: paquebot, *m.* **-horse**, *n.*: cheval de bât, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: emballage, encaissement, *m.*; (*tech.*) garniture, *f.* **-ing-plate**, *n.*: plateau de garniture, *m.* **-ing-press**, *n.*: presse à empiler, *f.* **-saddle**, *n.*: bât, *m.* **-thread**, *n.*: fil d'emballage, *m.*; ficelle, *f.*

pâct, *n.*: pacte, *m.*

1. pâd, *n.*: coussinet, bourrelet; tampon, *m.* (*of a saddle*) sellette, *f.* **2. pad**, *tr.*: ouater; garnir, rembourrer.

3. pâd, *n.*: tsentier; cheval dressé au pas; (*thief*) voleur de grand chemin, *m.* **4. pad**, *tr.*: voler sur le grand chemin; (*travel*) aller lentement. **†-der**, *n.*: voleur de grands chemins.

pâdding, *n.*: ouate; garniture, *f.*

1. pâddle, *tr.*: ramer; aller à la pagaie; patrouiller; patauger; *tr.*: faire aller à la pagaie; pagayer. **2. pâddle**, *n.*: rame courte; pagaie; (*of a wheel*) palette, aube; (*tech.*) rame; (*of a lock-gate*) pale, ventelle, *f.* **-beam**, *n.*: grand beau de roue à aubes, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: tambour de roue, *m.* **-door**, *n.*: vanne, *f.* **-hole**, *n.*: acqueduc à siphon, *m.* **-r -er**, *n.*: personne qui patrouille, qui patauge, *f.*; rameur, *m.* **-shaft**, *n.*: arbre de pale, arbre de roue, *m.* **-wheel**, *n.*: roue à pales, roue à aubes, *f.*

pâddock, *n.*: pré; gros crapaud, *m.*

1. pâdlock, *n.*: cadenas, *m.* **2. padlock**, *tr.*: cadenasser.

pæony pæ', *n.*: (*bot.*) pivoine, *f.*

1. pâgan, *n.*: païen, *m.*; païenne, *f.* **2. pagan**, *adj.*: païen. **-ish**, *adj.*: païen.

-ism, *n.*: paganisme, *m.* **-ize**, *tr.*: rendre païen; *n.*: se conduire en païen.

1. pâge, *n.*: (*pers.*) page, *m.* **2. page**, *tr.*: servir comme page.

3. pâge, *n.*: (*of book*) page, *f.* **4. page**, *tr.*: paginer.

1. pâgeant, *n.*: spectacle, *m.*; parade, pompe, *f.* **2. pageant**, *adj.*: de spectacle; de parade; pompeux. **3. pageant**, *tr.*: faire parade de; donner en spectacle. **-ry**, *n.*: parade, *f.*; spectacle, *m.*; pompe, *f.*; faste, *m.*

pâge-paper, *n.*: (*print.*) porte-page, *m.*

pâgi-nal, *adj.*: composé de pages; des pages.

-nâtion, *f.*: pagination, *f.*

pâging, *n.*: pagination, *f.*

pâgôda, *n.*: pagode, *f.*

pâid, *adj.*: acquitté; pour acquit; payé.

pâil, *n.*: seau, *m.*, (*nav.*) baille, *f.* **-ful**, *n.*: seau, *m.*; quantité contenue dans un seau, *f.*

pâin, *n.*: douleur, peine, *f.*; mal, *m.*: — *s.*, (*care*) peine, *f.*; *give any one —*, (*mental*) faire de la peine à quelqu'un; (*physical*) faire mal à, causer des douleurs à quelqu'un; *suffer —*, souffrir; *take — s.*, se donner de la peine; *take — s with*, soigner. **2. pain**, *tr.*: faire mal à; causer de la douleur à; faire de la peine à; attrister, tourmenter; peiner, affliger. **-ful**, *adj.*: douloureux, pénible, laborieux. **-fully**, *adv.*: douloureusement; péniblement. **-fulness**, *n.*: douleur, nature douloureuse, peine, fatigue, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans douleur, sans peine. **-staker**, *n.*: personne qui se donne de la peine; personne laborieuse, *f.* **-staling**, *adj.*: qui se donne de la peine; laborieux.

1. pâint, *tr.*: peindre; (*fig.*) peindre, dépeindre; (*the face*) farder; *intr.*: peindre; (*fig.*) peindre, dépeindre; se farder. **2. paint**, *n.*: couleur; peinture, *f.*; (*for the face*) fard, rouge, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: peintre; (*nav.*) câbleau, *m.* **-house** —, peinture en bâtiments, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: peinture, *f.*; tableau, *m.* **-ture**, *n.*: peinture, *f.*

1. pâir, *n.*: (*of things*) paire; (*pers., etc.*) couple, *f.* **2. pair**, *tr.*: accoupler; (*pers.*) unir; (*birds*) accoupler; (*colours*) marier; (*fig.*) assortir; *intr.*: (*of birds*) s'accoupler, s'apparier; (*fig.*) s'assortir: — *off*, (*in parliament*) s'abstenir par compensation de votes contraires. **-ing**, *n.*: accouplement; appartement, *m.*; (*of partridges*) parade; —, — *off*, (*in parliament*) absence convenue (d'un membre ministériel et d'un membre de l'opposition), *f.*

pâlæe, *n.*: palais, *m.*

pâladin, *n.*: paladin, *m.*

palanquin, *n.*: palanquin, *m.*

pâ-latable, *adj.*: agréable au goût; bon, de bon goût. **-latableness**, *n.*: goût

- agréable, m.; saveur agréable, f. 1. **la-tal**, adj.: (gram.) palatale. 2. **latal**, n.: palatale, f. -**late**, n.: palais (de la bouche), m.; (taste) goût, m.
- pa-lâtial**, adj.: du palais. -**lâtinate**, n.: palatinat, m. 1. **pâ-latine**, adj.: palatin. 2. **latine**, n.: palatin, m.
1. **palâver**, n.: (pop.) flagornerie; conférence, délibération, f. 2. **palaver**, tr. and n.: (pop.) flagorner; conférer, délibérer. -**er**, n.: flagorneur, m., flagorneuse, f.
1. **pâle**, adj.: pâle, blême; (fig.) faible. 2. **pale**, tr.: pâlir, faire pâlir; intr.: pâlir.
3. **pâle**, n.: pieu; palis; (punishment) pal, m.; (inclosure) enceinte, f.; (fig.) giron, sein, m. 4. **pale**, tr.: entourer de palis; palissader; renfermer: — **up**, palisser. -**eyed**, adj.: aux yeux ternes. -**aced**, adj.: au teint pâle. -**ly**, adv.: avec pâleur. -**ness**, n.: pâleur, f.
- paleography**, n.: paléographie, f.
- pâleous**, adj.: pailloux.
- pâletot**, n.: paletot, m.
- pâlfrey**, n.: palefroi; cheval de parade, m.
- pâlifcation**, n.: (arch.) palification, f.; pilotage, pilotis, m.
- pâlimpsest**, n.: palimpseste, m.
- pâling**, n.: palissade, f.; palissage, m.
- pâlingonensis**, n.: palingénésie, f.
- pâlinode**, n.: palinodie, f.
1. **pâli-sâde**, -**sâdo**, n.: palissade, f. 2. -**sade**, tr.: palissader.
- pâlisch**, adj.: un peu pâle; blafard; pâlot.
1. **pâll**, n.: poêle, drap mortuaire; (of an archbishop) pallium; (mantle) manteau, m. 2. **pall**, tr.: couvrir d'un manteau de parade; envelopper; revêtir.
3. **pâll**, intr.: (of liquors) s'éventer; devenir fade, insipide; (fig.) s'affaiblir, perdre sa force; tr.: (make rapid) éventer; (weaken) affaiblir; (cloy) rassasier, blaser; (dispirit) décourager.
- palladium**, n.: palladium, m.
- pâll-bearer**, n.: porteur d'un coin du drap mortuaire; porteur de la bière.
1. **pâllot**, n.: petit lit; lit de veille, grabat, m.
2. **pâllot**, n.: (paint, surg.) palette, f.; (hort.) palette, levée, f. -**knife**, spatule, f.
- pâlli-ate**, tr.: pallier. -**âtion**, n.: palliation, f. 1. -**ative**, adj.: qui pallie; palliatif. 2. -**ative**, n.: palliatif, m.
- pâllid**, adj.: pâle, pâlot. -**lidity**, -**lideness**, n.: pâleur, f. -**lidity**, adv.: avec pâleur.
- pâllium**, n.: pallium, m.
- pall-mall** **pâl-mêl**, n.: mail, m.
- pâllor**, n.: pâleur, f.
1. **pâlm**, n.: (of the hand) paume, f.; (bot.) palmier, m.; (branch) palme; (nav.)
- patte, f.; (measure) palme, m. 2. **palm**, tr.: cacher dans la paume de la main; escamoter; (impose) imposer; (handle) manier: — *a thing off on any one for*, faire passer à quelqu'un une chose pour.
- pâlm-a-Christi**, n.: palma-christi, ricin, m. -**ate**, -**ated**, adj.: palmé. -**er**, n.: pèlerin; croisé, m. -**iferous**, adj.: palmifère. -**iped**, adj.: (orni.) palmipède. -**ister**, n.: chiromancien, m. -**istry**, n.: chiromancie, f.; escamotage, m. -**Sunday**, dimanche des Rameaux, m. -**tree**, palmier, m. -**y**, adj.: chargé de palmiers; (fig.) beau, glorieux, victorieux.
1. **pâlp**, tr.: toucher. 2. **pâlp**, n.: (ent.) palpe, f. -**ability**, -**ableness**, n.: nature palpable, f. -**able**, adj.: palpable. -**ably**, adv.: palpablement. -**âtion**, n.: attouchement, m.
- pâlpébral**, adj.: (anat.) palpébral.
- pâlpitate**, intr.: palpiter. -**tâtion**, n.: palpitation, f.
- pâlsical**, adj.: paralytique; paralysé. -**sied**, adj.: frappé de paralysie; paralysé. 1. -**sy**, n.: paralysie, f. 2. -**sy**, tr.: paralyser.
- pâl-ter**, tr.: tergiverser; biaiser. -**ter-or**, n.: tergiversateur, m. -**triness**, n.: mesquinerie; nature chétive, f. -**try**, adj.: chétif; méchant, mesquin; qui fait pitié; pitoyable; pauvre.
- pâly**, adj.: pâle; (her.) divisé par pals.
- pâmpor**, tr.: nourrir à l'excès; choyer; bien traiter, flatter, dorloter. -**ed**, adj.: trop nourri; riche; abondant.
1. **pâmpheet**, n.: brochure, f.; pamphlet, m. 2. **pamphlet**, tr.: écrire des brochures, des pamphlets. -**eer**, n.: auteur de brochures; pamphlétaire, m.
1. **pân**, n.: terrine; casserole; poêle, f.; (of a gun) bassinet, m.
- panacœa**, n.: panacée, f.
- panâdo**, n.: panade, f.
- pâncake**, n.: crêpe, f.
- pancrâtic(al)**, adj.: du pancratiaste.
- pâncratist**, n.: pancratiaste, m.
- pâncreas**, n.: (anat.) pancréas, m.
- pândect**, n.: traité complet, m.: — *s*, pandectes, f. pl.
- pandemônium**, n.: pandémonium, m.
1. **pânder**, n.: complaisant; ministre complaisant des amours, des galanteries, m. 2. **pander**, tr.: faire le complaisant (en amours, en galanteries); intr.: être le complaisant de, être le ministre complaisant de (en amours, en galanteries). -**ism**, n.: métier de complaisant (en amours, en intrigues); métier d'entremetteur, m.
- pâne**, n.: carreau, m.; vitre, f.: — *of glass*, carreau.
1. **pan-egýrio**, n.: panégyrique, m.

pappôse, pâppous, adj.: (bot.) duvetueux.

pâppus, n.: (bot.) aigrette, f.

pâppy, adj.: comme de la bouillie; mou; succulent.

pâpyrus (pl. -rî), n.: papyrus, m.

pâr, n.: égalité, f.; (com.) pair, m.; at —, au pair.

1. pâ-rable, n.: parabole, f. 2. -rable, tr.: représenter par une parabole. -râb-

ola, n.: (math.) parabole, f. -râbole, n.: (rhet.) similitude; comparaison, f.

-râbolic(al), adj.: par parabole; parabolique; allégorique. -râbolically, adv.: paraboliquement. -râbolid, n.:

(solid) paraboloïde, m.; (parabola) †paraboloïde, f.

parachûte, n.: parachute, m.

paracloûte, n.: paraclet, m.

1. parâde, n.: parade, f.; étalage, faste, m.; (fenc., milit.) parade, f. 2. **parade, tr.**: faire parade de; (milit.) faire faire la parade à; intr.: se donner en spectacle; marcher; (milit.) faire la parade.

paradigm, n.: paradigme, m.

pâra-dîsal, adj.: du paradis. -dîse, n.: paradis, m. -disiacal, adj.: du paradis.

pâradox, n.: paradoxe, m. -ical, adj.: paradoxal. -ically, adv.: d'une manière paradoxale. -icalness, n.: caractère paradoxal, m.

para-gôge, n.: paragoge, f. -gôgic(al), adj.: paragogique.

pâragon, n.: paragon, modèle; modèle parfait, chef-d'œuvre; (print.) paragon, m.

pâra-gram, n.: jeu de mots, calembour, m. -grâmmatist, n.: faiseur de jeux de mots, faiseur de calembours, m.

pâra-graph, n.: paragraphe; alinéa, m.; (poet.) strophe, f.; (in newspapers) article, m. -grâphic(al), adj.: composé de paragraphes. -grâphically, adv.: par paragraphes. -lipsis, n.: paralipse, f.

paralipôména, n. pl.: Paralipomènes, m. pl.

parallâctic(al), adj.: parallactique.

pârallex, n.: (astron.) parallaxe, f.

1. pârallel, adj.: parallèle; (fig.) semblable, pareil: run — with, être parallèle à; aller parallèlement à; (fig.) se conformer à. 2. **parallel, n.**: ligne parallèle; direction parallèle; (fort., geom.) parallèle, f.; (geom.) parallèle, m.; (fig.) comparaison, conformité, f., parallèle, m. draw a — between, établir un parallèle entre. 3. **parallel, tr.**: mettre dans une ligne parallèle à; placer parallèlement; (fig.) correspondre à, ressembler à, mettre en parallèle. -ism, n.: parallélisme, m.; (fig.) ressemblance, comparaison, f. -ly, adv.: parallèlement.

parallélogram, n.: parallélogramme, m. -mâtic, adj.: parallélogrammatique.

parâlo-gism, -gy, n.: paralogisme, m. -gise, intr.: faire de mauvais raisonnements.

parâ-lysis, n.: paralysie, f. 1. -lÿtic, n.: paralytique, m., f. 2. -lytic, -lÿtical, adj.: paralytique. pâra-lyze, tr.: paralyser.

parâmeter, n.: (geom.) paramètre, m.

1. pâ ramôunt, adj.: souverain, dominant; en chef; suprême: — to, supérieur à. 2. **paramount, n.**: souverain, chef, m.

pâramour, n.: amant, m.

pâranymph, n.: paranymphe; (support) soutien, m.

pârapet, n.: parapet, m.

paraphê-nal, adj.: paraphernal. -nâ-lia, n. pl.: (jur.) paraphernaux, m. pl.; paraphernal; attirail, m. sing.; ornements, m. pl.

paraphimôsis, n.: paraphimosis, m.

1. pâra-phrâse, n.: paraphrase, f. 2. -phrâse, tr.: paraphraser. -phrâst, n.: paraphraste, m. -phrâstic(al), adj.: en forme de paraphrase. -phrâstical-ly, adv.: en forme de paraphrase.

pâraplegy, n.: paraplégie, f.

paraselêne, n.: (astron.) parasélène, f.

para-site, n.: parasite, m.; (bot.) plante parasite, f. -sitic(al), adj.: de parasite; (bot., ent.) parasite. -sitically, adv.: en parasite. pâra-sitism, n.: conduite de parasite, f.

pârasol, n.: ombrelle, f.; parasol, m.

pârbôil, tr.: faire bouillir à demi; faire cuire à demi; bouillir à demi; cuire à demi.

pârem-ê, n.: (myth.) Parques, f. pl.

1. pâreel, n.: (bundle) paquet, m.; (a part) parcelle, portion, partie, f.; (a number, in contempt) tas, m.; (com.) partie, f.; envoi, m.: bill of —, facture, f. 2. **parcel or parcel out, tr.**: morceler; partager; distribuer par parcelles.

pâreen-ary, n.: (jur.) indivis (par succession), m. -or, n.: (jur.) propriétaire indivis (par succession), m.

pârch, tr.: brûler, rôtir; dessécher (par la chaleur); intr.: se brûler; se rôtir; se dessécher (par la chaleur). -edness, n.: état brûlé, état rôti, état desséché, m.; aridité, f. -ing, adj.: brûlant, dévorant.

pârchment, n.: parchemin, m.: — maker, parcheminier, m.; — works, parcheminerie, f. sing.

pârd, n.: léopard, m.

1. pârdon, n.: pardon, m.; grâce, f.: ask any one —, demander pardon à quelqu'un. 2. **pardon, tr.**: pardonner, pardonner à; faire grâce de; gracier. -able, adj.:

graciable, pardonnable; (*of persons*) digne de pardon. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature pardonnable, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière pardonnable. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui pardonne, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: qui pardonne; clément; miséricordieux.

pâre, *tr.*: rogner; ébarber; (*fruit*) peler; (*man.*) rogner: — *one's nails*, se rogner, se couper les ongles.

1. **paregoric**, *adj.*: parégorique, anodin. 2. **paregoric**, *n.*: parégorique, anodin, *m.*

parênchyma, *n.*: parenchyme, *m.*

pâr-ent, *n.*: père, *m.*, mère, *f.*: — *s*, père et mère, parents. -**entage**, *n.*: naissance, extraction, *f.* -**éntal**, *adj.*: de père, de mère; paternel, maternel.

parên thesis (*pl. -theses*), *n.*: parenthèse, *f.*: in a —, entre parenthèses. -**thétic(al)**, *adj.*: par parenthèse; (*pers.*) qui emploie souvent des parenthèses. -**thétically**, *adv.*: par parenthèse.

parénticide, *n.*: parricide, *m.*

parentless, *adj.*: sans père ni mère.

pârer, *n.*: personne qui rogne, qui ébarbe, qui pèle, *f.*; (*thing*) ébarboir, *m.*

1. **pârget**, *n.*: pierre à plâtre, *f.*; gypse; (*mas.*) crépi, *m.* 2. **parget**, *tr.*: (*mas.*) crépir. -**er**, *n.*: (*mas.*) ouvrier qui crépit; plâtrier, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: crépi, *m.*

parhê lion, -**lium**, *n.*: (*parhelio*) parhélie, parhélie, *m.*

pâriah, *n.*: paria, *m.*

parial or **pâir royal**, *n.*: trois cartes de la même sorte, *f. pl.*; brelan, *m.*

Pârian, *adj.*: de Paros.

parie-tal, *adj.*: de mur; (*anat.*) pariétal. -**tary**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pariétaire, *f.*

pâring, *n.*: pelure; rognure, épiluchure, *f.* -**knife**, *n.*: tranchet, *m.*

1. **pâ-rish**, *n.*: commune; (*ecc.*) paroisse, *f.* 2. **-rish**, *adj.*: de la commune; communal; (*ecc.*) de la paroisse, paroissial. -**rishioner**, *n.*: habitant de la commune; (*ecc.*) paroissien.

Parisian, *adj.*: de Paris, parisien; *n.*: Parisien, *m.*, Parisienne, *f.*

parisyllabic(al), *adj.*: parissyllabique.

pâritor, *n.*: appariteur, huissier, *m.*

pârité, *n.*: parité, *f.*

1. **pârk**, *n.*: parc; (*artil.*) parc, *m.* 2. **park**, *tr.*: enfermer dans un parc; parquer.

pâr-lance, *n.*: conversation, *f.*; langage, *m.* 1. -**ley**, *n.*: pourparler, *m.*; conférence, *f.*: *beat* a —, battre la chamade. 2. -**ley**, *intr.*: être en pourparler; parlementer. -**liament**, *n.*: parlement, *m.*; chambre, *f.*; chambres, *f. pl.*: *House of —*, palais du parlement, *m.*; chambre, *f.*; *Act of —*, acte du Parlement, *m.*, loi, *f.* -**liamentarian** or -**liamentêr**, *n.*:

(*English hist.*) parlementaire, *m.* -**liamentary**, *adj.*: parlementaire; du parlement. -**lo(u)r**, *n.*: petit salon; parloir, *m.*

pârlous, *adj.*: périlleux, hardi, audacieux; fin rusé.

Pârmeşân, *adj.*: de Parme: — *cheese*, parmesan, *m.*

parôchial, *adj.*: de la commune; communal; (*ecc.*) de la paroisse, paroissial.

-**ly**, *adv.*: par commune, par paroisse.

parôdic, *adj.*: parodiqué, travesti. 1. **pâr-ody**, *n.*: parodie, *f.*; adage, proverbe, *m.* 2. **parody**, *tr.*: parodier, travestir.

1. **parôl(e)**, *n.*: fword; parole; (*milit.*) parole, *f.*; (*watchword*) mot d'ordre, *m.*; (*jur.*) parole, déclaration de vive voix, *f.*; plaidoyer, *m.* 2. **parol(e)**, *adj.*: oral, verbal; de vive voix.

paronç-mâsîa, *n.*: paronomase, *f.*

-**mâstic(al)**, *adj.*: par forme de paronomase.

parônymous, *adj.*: paronyme.

pâroquet, *n.*: perruche, *f.*

pa-rôtid, *adj.*: parotidien. -**rôtis**, *n.*: parotide, *f.*

pâroxysm, *n.*: paroxysme, accès, *m.*

pârrel, *n.*: (*nav.*) racage, *m.*

parricidal, *adj.*: parricide. **pârri-cide**, *n.*: parricide, *m.*

pârrot, *n.*: perroquet, *m.*; perruche, *f.*

pârry, *tr.*: parer; éluder.

pârse, *tr.*: (*gram.*) analyser.

pârsimônious, *adj.*: parcimonieux.

-**ly**, *adv.*: avec parcimonie. -**ness**, *n.*: parcimonie, *f.* **pârsimony**, *n.*: parcimonie, *f.*

pârsing, *n.*: (*gram.*) analyse, *f.*

pârsley, *n.*: persil, *m.*

pârsnip, *n.*: panais, *m.*

pârson, *n.*: curé, pasteur, *m.* -**age**, *n.*: presbytère, *m.*, cure, *f.*; — *house*, presbytère, *m.*

1. **pârt**, *n.*: partie; (*portion*) portion, part, *f.*; (*theat.*) rôle; (*side, defence*) parti, *m.*, défense; (*of a book*) livraison, *f.*; (*quarter*) quartier, *m.*; (*mus.*) partie, *f.*: — *s*, (*talent*) talent, *m.*, moyens, *m. pl.*; (*coun-try*) pays, *m.*, pays, *m. pl.*; contrées, *f. pl.*; in —, en partie; in — *s*, par livraisons; in a great —, en grande partie; *for my —*, pour ma part, pour moi; *take any one's —*, prendre le parti, la défense de quelqu'un; *on any one's —*, de la part de quelqu'un; in good —, en bonne part.

2. **part**, *tr.*: partager; séparer; diviser; (*nav.*) casser; (*chem.*) faire le départ de; *intr.*: se séparer; se quitter; (*nav.*) aller en dérive; — *with*, se défaire de; abandonner, céder; se dessaisir de.

pâr-tâ'ke (*pret. -took*, part. -*taken*), *intr.*: participer à; pendre part à: — *of*, prendre

part à; participer à; (*to have something of*) participer de. -**táker**, n.: personne qui prend part, f.; participant, m.

párter, n.: personne qui sépare.

pártérrre, n.: (*hort.*) parterre, m.

pár-tial, adj.: (*biased*) partiel; (*not total*) partiel; particulier: *be — to, (like) aimer*. -**tíally**, n.: partialité; prédilection, f.; gout, m. †-**tíalize**, tr.: rendre partiel. -**tíally**, adv.: partialement; partiellement. -**tibility**, n.: divisibilité, f. -**tible**, adj.: divisible.

párti-eip-able, adj.: à quoi l'on peut participer. 1.-**ant**, adj.: participant, qui partage. 2.-**ant**, n.: participant, m. -**ate**, tr.: participer à, partager; intr.: avoir une part: — *in*, prendre part à; participer à; s'associer à; — *of*, participer de. -**átion**, n.: participation; part, f. -**ative**, adj.: capable de participer.

párti-eípial, adj.: de la nature du participe. -**eípially**, adv.: comme participe. **párti-eíple**, n.: (*gram.*) participe, m.

párticle, n.: particule; molécule, f.; grain, m.; la plus petite partie, f.

1.**párti-cu-lar**, adj.: particulier; spécial; précis, exact, minutieux; (*scrupulous*) scrupuleux; (*over nice*) difficile, exigeant; (*singular*) remarquable, étrange: — *in one's dress*, recherché dans sa toilette; *be — in choosing things*, bien choisir, faire un bon choix. 2.-**lar**, n.: particularité, f.; détail; point circonstancié, m.; circonstance, f.: *in —*, particulièrement; en particulier. -**lá-rité**, n.: particularité, f.; détail, m.; point circonstancié, m.

1.-**larize**, tr.: particulariser, spécifier; intr.: entrer dans des particularités.

-**larly**, adv.: particulièrement; individuellement.

1.**párting**, adj.: de séparation; d'adieu.

2.**párting**, n.: séparation, f.; départ; adieu, m.

1.**pártisan**, n.: partisan, m.

2.**pártisan**, n.: (*halbert*) pertuisane, f.; (*staff*) bâton de commandement, m.

1.**pártition**, n.: (*division*) partage, m., répartition; division; séparation; (*bot., carp.*) cloison, paroi, f.; (*separated part*) endroit à part, m. 2.**partition**, tr.: partager; (*carp.*) séparer par une cloison.

pártitive, adj.: (*gram.*) partitif. -**ly**, adv.: comme partitif.

pártly, adv.: en partie.

1.**pártner**, n.: personne qui partage, f.; (*com.*) associé, m., associée, f.; (*mate*) compagnon, m., compagne, f.; sociétaire, m., f.; (*in dancing*) danseur, m., danseuse, f.; cavalier, partenaire, m., dame, f.; (*at cards*) partenaire, m.: *sleeping —*, associé commanditaire; commanditaire, m.

2.**pártner**, tr.: associer à; se joindre à.

-**ship**, n.: association, société, f.

pártridge, n.: perdrix, f.

pártú-ri-ent, adj.: prête à enfanter; (*of animals*) prête à mettre bas. -**ri-tion**, n.: enfantement, m., parturition, f.

pártý, n.: parti, m., partie, f.; (*lit., polit., milit.*) parti, m.; (*pers.*) partie, personne, f., individu, m.; (*of pleasure*) partie; (*company*) réunion, société, f., monde, m.; (*one concerned*) partie intéressée, f., intéressé, complice, m.: *evening —*, soirée, f.; *leader of a —*, chef de parti, m.; *go to a —*, aller en soirée; *go to a dinner —*, aller dîner en ville; *be of the —*, être de la partie; *be a — to*, prendre part à; être complice de; *will you join our —?* voulez-vous être des nôtres? -**coloured**, adj.: bigarré. -**man**, n.: factieux; homme de parti, m. -**wall**, n.: mur mitoyen, m.

párvenu, n.: parvenu, m.

pás-chal, adj.: pascal. -**ch-flower** or **que-flower**, n.: (*bot.*) pulsatille, coquelourde, herbe du vent, f.

1.**pás-quil** or **-quin**, n.: pasquin, m.

2.-**quil** or **-quin**, tr.: faire des pasquinades sur. -**quillant**, -**quiller**, n.: faiseur de pasquinades, m. 1.-**quin**, see -**quil**. 2.-**quin** or **-quinade**, tr.: faire des pasquinades sur. -**quinade**, n.: pasquinade, f.

1.**pás-s**, intr.: passer; se passer; (*occur*) se passer; (*die*) mourir; (*of time*) passer, se passer, s'écouler; (*give judgment*) prononcer un jugement: — *away, off*, passer, se passer; — *by*, passer à côté; — *on*, passer son chemin; — *for*, passer pour; — *out*, sortir; — *over*, franchir; passer; s'écouler. 2.**pass**, tr.: passer; passer par; (*transfer*) transférer, faire passer; (*pronounce*) prononcer; (*a law*) faire rendre; (*compliment*) faire; (*one's word*) engager; (*accounts*) approuver; (*fig.*) passer, surpasser: — *a trick on*, jouer un tour à; — *away*, passer; employer; — *by, (near)* passer à côté de; (*beyond*) passer au-delà de; (*omit*) omettre, sauter; ne pas faire attention à; (*forgive*) pardonner; — *for*, faire passer pour; — *over*, franchir, passer, traverser; (*pardon*) pardonner; (*omit*) passer; sauter, omettre; ne pas voir: *bring to —*, amener; faire arriver; *be brought to —*, arriver. 3.**pass**, n.: (*entrance*) passage, défilé; (*permission*) permis; (*passport*) passeport; (*for vagrants and indigent persons*) ordre de transporter des vagabonds et des infirmes à leur demeure respective; (*state*) état, m., extrémité, f.; (*nav.*) congé, m., lettres de mer, f. pl.: (*func.*) passe, f. -**able**, adj.: praticable; pénétrable; (*of water*)

navigable; (*tolerable*) passable, tolérable.
-ably, *adv.*: passablement; tolérablement.
1.-ade, *n.*: (*man.*) *passade*, *f.*
2.-ade, *n.*: (*fenc.*) *botte*, *passé*, *f.*
1.-age, *n.*: (*passing over*) *passage*, *m.*, *traversée*, *f.*; (*road*) *chemin*, *accès*, *m.*; (*entrance*) *entrée*, *f.*; (*arch.*) *couloir*, *corridor*; (*man., mus., and of a book*) *passage*, *m.* **2.-age**, *tr. and intr.*: (*man.*) *passager*. **-enger**, *n.*: (*on boats*) *passager*, *m.*, *passagère*, *f.*; (*in the street*) *passant*, *m.*; (*in vehicles*) *voyageur*, *m.*, *voyageuse*, *f.* **-er or -er-by**, *n.*: *passant*, *m.*
passerine, *adj.*: (*orni.*) *de passereau*.
passi-ble, *adj.*: *passible*. **-bility**, **-bleness**, *n.*: *passibilité*, *f.*
1.-passing, *adj.*: (*exceeding*) *extrême*, *éminent*; (*ephemeral*) *passager*, *éphémère*.
2.-passing, *adv.*: *extrêmement*, *éminemment*, *étonnamment*. **3.-passing**, *n.*: *passage*; *cours*, *m.* **-bell**, *n.*: *glas*, *m.*
-place, *n.*: (*railways*) *gare d'évitement*; *voie supplémentaire*, *f.*
passion, *n.*: *passion*; (*anger*) *colère*, *f.*, *courroux*, *emportement*; (*zeal*) *zèle*, *m.*, *ardeur*, *f.*: *in a —*, *en colère*; *fly into, put one's self into a —*, *se mettre en colère*; *s'emporter*. **-ary**, *n.*: *légendes des martyrs*, *f. pl.* **-ate**, *adj.*: *colère*, *colérique*, *irascible*, *vif*, *emporté*; (*of things*) *passionné*, *ardent*. **-ately**, *adv.*: *de passion*, *passionnément*; *avec emportement*, *avec colère*; *ardemment*. **-ateness**, *n.*: *caractère passionné*; *caractère irascible*, *colérique*, *m.* **-flower**, *n.*: (*bot.*) *passiflore*, *grenadille*, *f.* **-week**, *n.*: *semaine sainte*, *f.*
passive, *adj.*: *passif*. **-ly**, *adv.*: *passivement*. **-ness**, *n.*: *nature passive*; *passibilité*, *f.*
pass-less, *adj.*: *sans passage*. **-over**, *n.*: *Pâque*, *f.* **-port**, *n.*: *passport*, *m.*
1.-past, *adj.*: *passé*: — *a child*, *qui a passé l'enfance*; — *cure*, *incurable*; — *dispute*, *incontestable*; *these — days*, *ces jours derniers*. **2.-past**, *prep.*: *au-delà de*; *au-dessus de*; *hors de*; (*of age*) *plus de*; (*of the hour*) *passé*, *sonné*: *he is — ten*, *il a plus de dix ans*; *it is — ten*, *il est dix heures passées*, *sonnées*; *it is — twelve*, *il est midi sonné*, *passé*; *half — twelve*, *midi et demi*. **3.-past**, *n.*: *passé*, *m.*
1.-paste, *n.*: (*dough*) *pâte*; (*cement*) *colle*; (*paint*) *marouffe*, *f.*; (*imitation gem*) *stras*, *m.* **2.-paste**, *tr.*: *coller*: — *up*, *poser*, *afficher*. **1.-board**, *n.*: *carton*, *m.*: — *maker*, *cartonnier*, *m.* **2.-board**, *adj.*: *de carton*.
pâstel, *n.*: *pastel*, *m.*
pâstern, *n.*: *pâturon*, *m.*
pasticcio *-f'i-t-cho*, *n.*: *mélange*; (*mus.*) *pastiche*, *m.*

pâstil, *n.*: *pastel*, *crayon de pastel*, *m.*; (*pharm.*) *pastille*, *f.*
pâstime, *n.*: *passé-temps*, *m.*; *récréation*, *f.*
pâstor, *n.*: *pasteur*; *pâtre*; (*milit.*) *pâturageur*, *m.* **1.-al**, *adj.*: *pastoral*. **2.-al**, *n.*: *pastorale*, *éclogue*, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: *pastoralement*. **-less**, *adj.*: *sans pasteur*. **-like**, **-ly**, *adj.*: *pastoral*; *de pasteur*. **-ship**, *n.*: *fonctions pastorales*, *f. pl.*
pâstry, *n.*: *pâtisserie*, *f.* **-cook**, *n.*: *pâtissier*, *m.*
pâstur-able, *adj.*: *propre au pâturage*; *de pâturage*. **-age**, *n.*: *pâturage*, *m.* **1.-e**, *n.*: *pâtûre*, *f.*; (*hunt.*) *viandis*, *m.* **2.-e**, *intr.*: *paitre*; *tr.*: *faire paitre*. **-e-land**, *n.*: *pâturage*, *m.*
1.-pâsty, *n.*: *pâté*, *m.* **2.-pasty**, *adj.*: *pâteux*.
1.-pât, *adj.*: *à propos*, *tout juste*. **2.-pat**, *adv.*: *d'une manière juste*, *adroitement*. **3.-pat**, *tr.*: *donner une tape à*. **4.-pat**, *n.*: *tape*, *f.*
patâche, *n.*: *patache*, *f.*
1.-patch, *n.*: *pièce*, *f.*; *morceau*, *m.*; (*for the face*) *mouche*, *f.* **2.-patch**, *tr.*: *mettre des pièces à*; *rapiecer*, *raccommoder*; (*the face*) *mettre des mouches à*: — *up*, *plâtrer*. **-er**, *n.*: *ravaudeur*, *m.*, *ravaudeuse*, *f.* **-ery**, *n.*: *ravaudage*, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: *rapieçetage*, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: *rapieçetage*, *m.*
pât-e, *n.*: *caboche*; (*of a calf*) *peau de tête de veau*, *f.*; (*fort.*) *pâté*, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: *à caboche*: *shallow —*, *à caboche vide*.
pâtefaction, *n.*: *manifestation*, *f.*
pâten, *n.*: *†plaque*; *patène*, *f.*
1.-pâtent, *adj.*: *patent*; *breveté*. **2.-patent**, *n.*: *lettres patentes*, *f. pl.*; *privilege*; *brevet*, *brevet d'invention*, *m.*: *take out a —*, *prendre un brevet*. **3.-patent**, *tr.*: *accorder par lettres patentes*; *breveter*. **-able**, *adj.*: *susceptible d'être breveté*. **-œe**, *n.*: *personne munie de lettres patentes*, *f.*; *concessionnaire*; *breveté*, *m.*, *brevetée*, *f.*
patèr-nal, *adj.*: *paternel*. **-nally**, *adv.*: *paternellement*. **-nity**, *n.*: *paternité*, *f.*
pâternoster, *n.*: *Pater*, *m.*; *patenôte*, *f.*
pâth (*pl. pâths*), *n.*: *chemin*, *sentier*, *m.*; (*astron.*) *route*, *f.*, *cours*, *m.*; (*fig.*) *voie*, *f.*: *beaten —*, *sentier battu*.
1.-pathetic, *n.*: *pathétique*, *m.* **2.-pathetic**, **-al**, *adj.*: *pathétique*. **-ally**, *adv.*: *pathétiquement*. **-alness**, *n.*: *pathétique*, *m.*
pâthless, *adj.*: *sans sentier*; (*fig.*) *inconnu*, *désert*.
pathologic, **-al**, *adj.*: *pathologique*. **-ally**, *adv.*: *pathologiquement*.

patho-log-ist, *n.*: pathologiste, *m.* -**gy**, *n.*: pathologie, *f.*
pāthos, *n.*: pathétique; (*rhet.*) pathos, *m.*
pāthway, *n.*: sentier; chemin, *m.*
patibulary, *adj.*: patibulaire.
pā-tience, *n.*: patience; (*bot.*) patience, pareille, *f.*: *lose* —, perdre patience; être à bout de patience; *put out of* —, impatienter; faire perdre patience à; *get out of* —, s'impatienter. 1. **-tient**, *adj.*: patient. 2. **-tient**, *n.*: malade, *m., f.*
-tiently, *adv.*: patiemment.
pātin = *paten*.
pāt-ly, *adv.*: juste, à propos. -**ness**, *n.*: justesse, *f.*; à propos, *m.*
pā tri-ārch, *n.*: patriarche, *m.* -**ārchal**, -**ārchic**, *adj.*: patriarchal. -**ārchate**, -**ārchship**, *n.*: patriarcat, *m.*
1. **patrician**, *adj.*: patricien. 2. **patrician**, *n.*: patricien, *m.*, patricienne, *f.*; patrice, *m.*
patri-mōnial, *adj.*: patrimonial, de patrimoine. -**mōnially**, *adv.*: comme patrimoine; par héritage. **pātri-mōny**, *n.*: patrimoine, *m.*
1. **pātri-ot**, *n.*: patriote, *m., f.* 2. **-ot**, -**ōtic**, *adj.*: patriotique. -**ōtically**, *adj.*: patriotiquement; en patriote. -**otism**, *n.*: patriotisme, *m.*
1. **patrōl**, *n.*: patrouille, *f.* 2. **patrol**, *intr.*: faire la patrouille; patrouiller; *tr.*: faire la patrouille de. -**e** = *patrol*.
1. **pātron**, *n.*: patron; protecteur, *m.* 2. **patron**, *adj.*: protecteur, *m.*, -*trice*, *f.* 3. **patron**, *tr.*: patroniser, protéger, favoriser. -**age pā-**, *n.*: patronage, appui, *m.*; protection, *f.* -**al pā-**, *adj.*: patronal. -**ess**, *n.*: patronne, protectrice, *f.* -**ize pā-**, *tr.*: favoriser, protéger, patroniser. -**izer pā-**, *n.*: protecteur, *m.*, protectrice, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans protecteur.
patronymic, *adj.*: patronymique.
pāttēn, *n.*: socque à l'anglaise; (*arch.*) soubassement, *m.*
pātter, *intr.*: frapper avec bruit (comme la grêle, la pluie); fouetter.
1. **pāttern**, *n.*: patron, modèle; (*specimen, sample*) échantillon, *m.* 2. **pattern**, *tr.*: imiter; servir de modèle à.
pātty, *n.*: petit pâté, *m.* -**pan**, *n.*: moule à pâté; (*pers.*) gâte-sauce, *m.*
pātulous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) étalé.
pāu-city, *n.*: petit nombre, *m.*; paucité, *f.*
1. **pāunch**, *n.*: panse; (*nav.*) baderne, *f.* 2. **paunch**, *tr.*: éventrer.
pāuper, *n.*: pauvre, indigent, *m.* -**ism**, *n.*: paupérisme, *m.*
1. **pāu-se**, *n.*: pause, *f.*; intervalle; (*poet.*) repos; (*mus.*) point d'orgue, *m.* 2. **-se**, *intr.*: faire une pause, s'arrêter; délibérer; réfléchir: — *upon*, bien considérer. -**ser**, *n.*: personne qui fait une pause, qui

délibère, *f.* -**singly**, *adv.*: après une pause.
pā-ve, *tr.*: paver: — *a way for*, frayer un chemin à. -**vement**, *n.*: pavé; trottoir; pavement, *m.* -**ver**, -**vier**, -**vior**, *n.*: paveur, *m.*
1. **pavillon**, *n.*: pavillon, *m.*; tente, *f.* 2. **pavilion**, *tr.*: munir de pavillons, de tentes; abriter sous un pavillon, une tente.
pāving, *n.*: pavement, pavage, *m.*
-beetle, *n.*: hie, demoiselle, *f.* -**stone**, *n.*: pavé, *m.*
1. **pāvenine**, *adj.*: ressemblant à une queue de paon; irisé, gorge-de-pigeon. 2. **pavonine**, *n.*: (*min.*) queue-de-paon, *f.*; sulfure de cuivre irisé, *m.*
pāvy, *n.*: (*bot.*) pavin, *m.*
1. **pāic**, *n.*: patte, *f.* 2. **paw**, *tr.*: frapper du pied; (*to handle*) manier, manier rudement; *intr.*: trépaner; (*of horses*) piaffer.
1. **pāwn**, *n.*: gage; nantissement; (*at chess*) pion, *m.*: *in* —, en gage; engagé. 2. **pawn**, *tr.*: engager; mettre en gage; mettre au mont-de-piété. -**broker**, *n.*: prêteur sur gage, commissionnaire du mont-de-piété, *m.* -**ēe**, *n.*: prêteur sur gage, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: emprunteur sur gage, *m.* -**shop**, *n.*: mont-de-piété, *m.*; (*in England*) boutique de prêteur sur gage, *f.*
pāx, *n.*: (*ecc.*) paix, *f.*
1. **pāy** (*pret.*, part. *paid*), *tr.*: payer, acquitter; s'acquitter de; (*fin.*) verser; (*bring in*) rapporter; (*compliments, attention*) faire; (*attentions*) avoir; (*honour*) rendre; (*visits*) rendre, faire: — *back*, rendre, rembourser, restituer; — *down*, payer argent comptant; — *off*, payer; liquider; (*nav.*) espalmer, goudronner, suiver, suiffer; — *away*, payer, (*nav.*) filer; — *out*, lâcher; ralentir; étendre; laisser courir; (*fig.*) donner son fait à, rendre la pareille à; — *in*, verser. 2. **pay**, *n.*: paye, solde, *f.*; salaire, *m.*: *full* —, solde entière; *half* —, demi-solde. -**able**, *adj.*: payable. -**bill**, *n.*: (*milit.*) feuille de prêt, *f.* -**day**, *n.*: jour de paiement, *m.* -**ēe**, *n.*: (*com.*) porteur, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: payeur, *m.* -**master**, *n.*: payeur; (*milit.*) trésorier, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: paiement, paiement, *m.*
pōa (*pl.* **pōas** [e]), *n.*: pois, *m.*; (*nav.*) patte, *f.*: *green* —, petits pois; pois verts, *m. pl.*
pōace, *n.*: paix; tranquillité, *f.*; (*jur.*) ordre public, *m.*: — *officer*, officier de police, *m.* -**able**, *adj.*: paisible, tranquille. -**ableness**, *n.*: caractère paisible, *m.*; tranquillité, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*: paisiblement, tranquillement. -**ful**, *adj.*: paisible; tranquille. -**fully**, *adv.*: paisiblement, tranquillement. -**fulness**, *n.*: tranquillité, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans paix;

sans tranquillité. **-maker**, *n.*: pacificateur, *m.*

péach, *n.*: pêche, *f.*; (*tree*) pêcher, *m.*: — *colour*, couleur de fleur de pêcher, *f.*: — *coloured*, de couleur de fleur de pêcher.

péa-chick, *n.*: paonneau, *m.* **-cock**, *n.*: paon, *m.* **-hen**, *n.*: paonne, *f.*

péak, *n.*: pointe, *f.*; sommet; (*geog.*) pic, *m.*; (*of a mountain*) cime, *f.*

1. péal, *n.*: bruit; retentissement; (*of thunder*) éclat, coup; (*of bells*) carillon, *m.*: — *of ordnance*, décharge d'artillerie, *f.* 2. **peal**, *intr.*: retentir, résonner; gronder; *tr.*: faire retentir, faire résonner.

péa-pod, *n.*: pois en cosse, *m. pl.*

peâr, *n.*: poire, *f.*

péarl, *n.*: perle; (*print.*) parisienne, sédanoise; (*med.*) taie perlée de la cornée, *f.*; (*her.*) argent, *m.* **-ashes**, *n. pl.*: perlasce; potasse d'Amérique, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: orné de perles; (*her.*) perlé. **-eyed**, *adj.*: qui a une taie sur l'œil.

-fishery, *n.*: pêche de perles, *f.* **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sagine, herbe aux perles, *f.* **-powder**, *n.*: blanc de perle, *m.* **-shell**, *n.*: huitre perlière; nacre, *f.* **-white**, *see* *-powder*.

-y, *adj.*: de perle.

peâr-mâin, *n.*: (*hort.*) pomme-poire, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: poirier, *m.*

1. péasant, *n.*: paysan, *m.*, paysanne, *f.* 2. **peasant**, **-like**, **-ly**, *adj.*: de paysan; campagnard, rustique. **-ry**, *n.*: paysans, gens de la campagne, *m. pl.*

péa-se, *n. pl.* *of* *pea*. **-shell**, *n.*: cosse de pois, *f.* **-shooter**, *n.*: sarbacane, *f.*

péat, *n.*: tourbe, *f.*; (*mines*) dépôt tourbeux, *m.* **-moss**, *n.*: tourbe, *f.*; (*mines*) dépôt tourbeux, *m.*

péb-ble, *n.*: caillou, *m.* **-ble-work**, *n.*: blocage, cailloutage, *m.* **-bly**, *adj.*: plein de cailloux; caillouteux.

péc-cability, *n.*: disposition au péché, *f.* **-cable**, *adj.*: peccable. **-cadille**, *n.*: peccadille, *f.* **-caney**, *n.*: mauvaise qualité, *f.*; vice, *m.* **-cant**, *adj.*: qui pêche, pécheur; peccant, coupable.

1. péck, *n.*: picotin, *m.*; (*quantity*) quantité, *f.*

2. péck, *tr.*: becqueter, percer à coups de bec. **-er**, *n.*: oiseau qui becquète; pivert, *m.*

péctin-al, *adj.*: de peigne; pectiné. **-ation**, *n.*: action de peigner, *f.*

1. péctoral, *adj.*: pectoral. 2. **pector-al**, *n.*: pectoral, *m.*

pécul-late, *intr.*: être coupable de péculat. **-lâtion**, *n.*: péculat, *m.* **-lâtor**, *n.*: auteur d'un péculat, *m.*

1. pé-cùliar, *adj.*: particulier, spécial; singulier. 2. **-culiar**, *n.*: propriété particulière; (*canon law*) chapelle privilégiée, *f.* **-cùliarise**, *tr.*: approprier. **-cùliâr-**

ity, *n.*: propriété particulière; chose particulière; singularité, particularité, *f.*

-cùliarly, *adv.*: particulièrement; singulièrement.

pecuniary, *adj.*: pécuniaire.

péda-gôgie(al), *adj.*: **-gôgics**, *n.*: pédagogie, science de l'éducation, pédagogique.

1. péda-gôgism, *n.*: pédagogie, *f.* **-gogue**, *n.*: pédagogue, *m.* 2. **-gogue**, *tr.*: enseigner en pédagogie. **-gogy**, *n.*: pédagogie, *f.*

1. pédal or pédal, *adj.*: du pied. 2. **pédal**, *n.*: pédale, *f.*

pé-dant, *n.*: pédant, *m.* **-dântical**, *adj.*: pédant, pédantesque. **-dântical-ly**, *adv.*: pédantesquement. **†-dântise**, *intr.*: faire le pédant, pédanter, pédantiser.

-dantry, *n.*: pédanterie, *f.*

péddl-e, *tr.*: colporter; *intr.*: s'occuper de bagatelles; baguenauder, niaiser; faire le colportage. **-er**, *n.*: colporteur, *m.*

-ery, *n.*: marchandise de colporteur, *f.*; colportage, *m.* **-ing**, *adj.*: futile, mesquin.

péd-estal, *n.*: piédestal, *m.* 1. **-étrian**, *adj.*: à pied; pédestre. 2. **-estrian**, *n.*: piéton; marcheur, *m.* **-étrious**, *adj.*: pédestre. **-icel**, **-icle**, *n.*: pédicelle, pédoncule, *m.* **-icular**, *adj.*: pédiculaire.

pédi-gree, *n.*: généalogie, *f.*

pédiment, *n.*: fronton, *m.*

pédlar, **pédler** = *peddler*.

pédo-meter, *n.*: pédomètre, odomètre, compte-pas, *m.* **-métrical**, *adj.*: de pédomètre.

pédun-cle, *n.*: (*bot.*) pédoncule, *m.* **-cular**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) pédonculaire. **-ulate**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) pédonculé.

1. péel, *n.*: peau, pelure; (*of oranges, lemons*) écorce, *f.* 2. **peel**, *tr.*: peler; ôter l'écorce de; (*fig.*) dépouiller, piller; (*barley*) monder; *intr.*: se peler; s'écail-ler.

3. péel, *n.*: (*shovel*) pelle de bois (des boulangers), pelle de four, *f.*, pelleron, *m.*; (*print.*) étendoir, *m.*

4. péel, *n.*: petit tour or fort, *m.*

péeler, *n.*: personne qui pèle, *f.*; (*plunderer*) pillard, *m.*

1. péep, *intr.*: (*look*) regarder; (*appear*) paraître, poindre, percer. 2. **peep**, *n.*: (*of day*) point, *m.*, pointe, aube, *f.*; (*look*) coup d'œil, regard, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: spectateur caché, *m.*; personne qui regarde à la dérobée, *f.*; (*chicken*) poussin.

-hole, *n.*: judas, *m.*

1. péer, *intr.*: paraître; poindre; (*look*) regarder.

2. péer, *n.*: pair; égal, pareil; compagnon, *m.* **-age**, *n.*: pairie, *f.* **-ess**, *n.*: pairesse, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: incomparable;

sans égal. **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans pareil; sans égal. **-lessness**, *n.*: supériorité incomparable, *f.*

peevish, *adj.*: chagrin, bourru, maussade, hargneux. **-ly**, *adv.*: maussadement. **-ness**, *n.*: maussaderie; humeur chagrine, humeur bourru, *f.*

peewit, *n.*: (*orn.*) vanneau, *m.*

1. pég, *n.*: cheville, patère, *f.*; point, *m.*: come down a —, baisser d'un cran. **2. peg**, *tr.*: cheviller.

Pégasus, *n.*: Pégase, *m.*

pelf, *n.*: argent, *m.*; richesses mal acquises, *f. pl.*

pélican, *n.*: pélican, *m.*

pelisse, *n.*: pelisse, *f.*

pellet, *n.*: balle, boule, *f.*

pellicle, *n.*: pellicule, *f.*

pellitory, *n.*: (*bot.*) pariétaire, *f.*

pell-mell, *adv.*: pêle-mêle.

pel-lucid, *adj.*: transparent; clair; pel-lucide. **-lucidity**, **-lucidity**, *n.*: transparence; clarté, *f.*

1. pelt, *n.*: peau, *f.*

2. pelt, *tr.*: assaillir, jeter, lancer, lapider: — *any one with anything*, lancer quelque chose à quelqu'un. **1.-ing**, *adj.*: furieux; (*of rain*) battant. **2.-ing**, *n.*: attaque, *f.*; assaut, *m.*

pelt-monger, *peaussier*, *m.* **-ry**, *n.*: pelleterie, *f.*

pél-vic, *adj.*: (*anat.*) pelvien. **-vis**, *n.*: (*anat.*) bassin, *m.*

1. pen, *n.*: plume, *f.* **2. pen**, *tr.*: écrire; rédiger; coucher par écrit.

3. pen, *n.*: (*for cattle*) parc, enclos; (*for poultry*) poulailler, *m.*; ferme enclose, cour, *f.* **4. pen** (*reg. or part. pent*), *tr.*: (*cattle*) parquer: — *up*, enfermer, parquer.

pē-nal, *adj.*: passible d'une amende; punissable; pénal. **-nality**, *n.*: pénalité, *f.* **-nally**, *adv.*: pénalement. **pē-nalty**, *n.*: peine, amende, *f.* **pē-nance**, *n.*: pénitence, *f.*

pēn-case, *n.*: étui à plumes, *m.*

pēnee = *penny*.

1. pēnil, *n.*: pinceau; crayon; (*opt.*) faisceau, *m.*: *drawing* —, crayon à dessin; — *case*, portecrayon, *m.* **2. pēncil**, *tr.*: peindre; dessiner. **-shaped**, *adj.*: en forme de pinceau; pénicillé.

pēn-craft, *n.*: art d'écrire, *m.*, calligraphie, *f.* **-cutter**, *n.*: taille-plume, *m.*

pēn-dant, *n.*: pendant, *m.*; (*nav.*) flamme, *f.*: *broad* —, guidon, *m.* **-denec**, *n.*: penchant, *m.*; pente, inclinaison, *f.* **-deney**, *n.*: (*jur.*) litispendance, *f.*, suspens, *m.* **-dent**, *adj.*: pendant; saillant. **-dēntive**, *n.*: (*arch.*) pendentif, *m.* **1.-ding**, *adj.*: pendant, non décidé. **2.-ding**, *prep.*: pendant. **-dyle** = *pendulum*. **-dulosity**, **-dulousness**,

n.: état de ce qui est pendant, suspendu, *m.* **-dulous**, *adj.*: pendant; oscillant. **-dulum**, *n.*: pendule, balancier, *m.*: — *clock*, pendule, *f.*; — *bob*, lentille de pendule, *f.*; — *rod*, verge de pendule, *f.*

penetrability, *n.*: pénétrabilité, *f.*

pēne-trable, *adj.*: pénétrable; sensible.

-trancey, *n.*: pénétration, *f.* **-trant**,

adj.: pénétrant. **-trate**, *tr. and n.*:

pénétrer. **-trating**, *adj.*: pénétrant.

-tration, *n.*: pénétration, *f.* **-trative**, *adj.*: pénétrant.

pēnful, *n.*: plumée, *f.*

pēnguin, *n.*: (*orn.*) pingouin, *m.*

pēn-holder, *n.*: porte-plume, *m.*

pēncil, *n.*: (*med.*) plumasseau, *m.*; tente de charpie, *f.*

peninsu-la, *n.*: péninsule, presqu'île, *f.* **-lar**, *adj.*: en forme de péninsule; péninsulaire. **-late**, *tr.*: faire une péninsule de. **-lated**, *adj.*: en forme de péninsule.

pēni-tence, **-teney**, *n.*: pénitence, *f.*; repentir, *m.* **1.-tent**, *adj.*: pénitent, repentant. **2.-tent**, *n.*: pénitent, *m.*, pénitente, *f.* **1.-tēntial**, *adj.*: de pénitence;

pénitentiaux, *m. pl.*, pénitentielles, *f. pl.* **2.-tēntial**, *n.*: pénitentiel, *m.* **1.-tēntiary**, *adj.*: pénitentiaire. **2.-tentiary**,

n.: pénitencier; pénitent, *m.*, pénitente, *f.*; maison pénitentiaire, *f.* **-tently**, *adv.*: avec pénitence.

pēn-knife, *n.*: canif, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: calligraphe; auteur, écrivain, *m.* **-man-**

ship, *n.*: écriture, *f.*

pēnnant, *n.*: pennon, *m.*

pēnnat-e, **-ed**, *adj.*: ailé; (*bot.*) penné.

pēnnar, *n.*: écrivain, rédacteur, *m.*

pēnniless, *adj.*: sans le sou; pauvre.

pēnning, *n.*: écriture; rédaction, *f.*; (*of cattle*) parage, *m.*

pēnnon, *n.*: pennon, *m.*

pēnny (*pl. pence or pennies*), *n.*: deux sous, décime; penny, *m.* **-royal**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pouliot, *m.* **-weight**, *n.*: penny-weight (gramme 1.5515), *m.* **-wise**, *adj.*: ménager de bouts de chandelle. **-worth**,

n.: valeur de deux sous, *f.*; pour deux sous; pour son argent; achat.

pēnsile, *adj.*: suspendu; pendant. **-ness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est suspendu, *m.*

1. pēnston, *n.*: pension, rente; retraite, *f.*: *retiring* —, pension de retraite.

2. pension, *tr.*: pensionner. **1.-ary**, *n.*: pensionnaire, *m.* **2.-ary**, *adj.*: pensionné; (*of things*) par pension. **-or**, *n.*: pensionnaire; (*Cambridge*) étudiant ordinaire; (*milit.*, *nav.*) invalide, *m.*

pēnsive, *adj.*: pensif, triste. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière pensive; tristement. **-ness**, *n.*: air pensif, *m.*; tristesse, *f.*

pēnstock, *n.*: vaine, *f.*

pēnt-agon, *n.*: pentagone, *m.* **-agonal**,

adj.: pentagone. 1. *āmeter*, *n.*: pentamètre, *m.* 2. *ameter*, *adj.*: pentamètre, *m.* *āndria*, *n.*: (bot.) pentandrie, *f.* *archy*, *n.*: pentarchie, *f.* *ateuch*, *n.*: Pentateuque, *m.* *ecost*, *n.*: Pentecôte, *f.* *ecostal*, *adj.*: de la Pentecôte. *ecostals*, *n. pl.*: offrandes de la Pentecôte, *f. pl.*

pēnthōuse, *n.*: apprentis, *m.*

pēntile, *n.*: tuile faîtière; faîtière, *f.*

pēn-ult, *ūltime*, *n.*: pénultième, pénultième syllabe, *f.* *ūltime*, *adj.*: pénultième. *ūmbra*, *n.*: (astron.) pénombre, *f.*

penūrious, *adj.*: avare; sordide; (of things) pauvre. *-ly*, *adv.*: avec pénurie. *-ness*, *n.*: pénurie, *f.* *pēnury*, *n.*: pénurie, *f.*

pēn-wiper, *n.*: essuie-plume, *m.*

pēony, *n.*: (bot.) pivoine, *f.*

1. *pēople*, *n.*: peuple; (the vulgar) peuple, vulgaire; (persons in general) on, monde, *m.*, personnes, *f. pl.*; gens, *m. pl.* — *say*, on dit. 2. *people*, *tr.*: peupler.

1. *pēpper*, *n.*: poivre, *m.* — *tree*, poivrier, *m.*; — *wort*, passeraie, *m.* 2. *pepper*, *tr.*: poivrer; (to beat) cribler de coups. *-box*, *-caster*, *n.*: poivrier, *m.*; poivrière, *f.* *-corn*, *n.*: grain de poivre, *m.*; (fig.) bagatelle, *f.* *-mint*, *n.*: menthe poivrée, *f.* *-vine*, *n.*: vigne vierge, *f.*

pēr, *prep.*: par; (com.) le, *m.*, la, *f.*, les, *pl.*: a shilling — hundred, un schelling le cent. *-adventure*, *adv.*: par hasard, d'aventure, peut-être.

per-āmbulate, *tr.*: parcourir à pied. *-ambulation*, *n.*: action de parcourir à pied; tournée, *f.* *-ambulator*, *n.*: odomètre, pedomètre, compte-pas, *m.*; voiture d'enfant, *f.*

per-ēivable, *adj.*: apercevable, perceptible. *-ēivably*, *adv.*: perceptiblement; d'une manière apercevable; sensiblement. *-ēive*, *intr.*: apercevoir; s'apercevoir de; remarquer; sentir; percevoir. *-ēiver*, *n.*: personne qui s'aperçoit, qui remarque, *f.*

per-cēntage, *n.*: pourcent(age), droit de... pour cent; tantième, profit, *m.*: a —, tant pour cent.

per-ceptibility, *n.*: perceptibilité, perception, *f.* *-ceptible*, *adj.*: perceptible (to, à, pour); apercevable. *-ceptibly*, *adv.*: perceptiblement; d'une manière apercevable. *-ception*, *n.*: action de s'apercevoir; perception; observation, *f.* *-ceptive*, *adj.*: perceptif. *-ceptivity*, *n.*: faculté de perception, *f.*

1. *pērch*, *n.*: perche, *f.*; (of birds) perchoir, *m.*; (measure) perche (mètre 5.0291), *f.* 2. *perch*, *tr. and n.*: percher; se percher.

3. *pērch*, *n.*: (fish) perche, *f.*

perchance, *adv.*: par hasard; peut-être; par aventure.

pērching, *adj.*: qui perche; percheur.

pereipient, *adj.*: doué de perception; *n.*: être doué de perception, *m.*

pērcō-late, *tr.*: filtrer, passer; *intr.*: filtrer. *-lātion*, *n.*: filtration, *f.*

per-cussion, *n.*: percussion, *f.*: — *cap*, capsule, *f.* *-cussive*, *-cutient*, *adj.*: qui frappe.

perdition, *n.*: perdition, ruine, *f.*

1. *perdū*, *adj.*: (milit.) perdu; perdu, abandonné; accoutumé aux entreprises désespérées. 2. *perdu or perdūe*, *adv.*: caché; en embuscade. 3. *perdu*, *n.*: sentinelle perdue, *f.*; enfant perdu, *m.*

pēregri-nate, *intr.*: visiter l'étranger, voyage. *-nation*, *n.*: pérégrination, *f.*; voyage; séjour à l'étranger, *m.* *-ne*, *n.*: (orn.) pèlerin, faucon pèlerin, *m.*

† *perēption*, *n.*: péréption, *f.*

pēremptōrily, *adv.*: péremptoirement. *-tōriness*, *n.*: caractère péremptoire; ton tranchant, *m.* *-tōry*, *adj.*: péremptoire, tranchant, absolu.

1. *perēn-nial*, *adj.*: qui dure l'année; perpétuel; (bot.) vivace. 2. *-nial*, *n.*: plante vivace, *f.* *-nially*, *adv.*: continuellement; perpétuellement. † *-nity*, *n.*: perpétuité, *f.*

1. *pēr-fect*, *adj.*: parfait; achevé; complet, accompli. 2. *-fect*, *tr.*: rendre parfait; achever; perfectionner; accomplir, compléter. *-fecter*, *n.*: personne qui rend parfait, qui complète, qui perfectionne, *f.* *-fectibility*, *n.*: perfectibilité, *f.* *-fectible*, *adj.*: perfectible. *-fection*, *n.*: perfection, *f.*: to —, en perfection. *-fectionist*, *n.*: personne qui prétend à la perfection, *f.* *-fective*, *adj.*: qui rend parfait. *-fectively*, *adv.*: de manière à rendre parfait. *-fectly*, *adv.*: parfaitement, à fond. *-fectness*, *n.*: perfection, *f.*

perfidious, *adj.*: perfide. *-ly*, *adv.*: perfidement. *-ness*, *pērfidy*, *n.*: perfidie, *f.*

† *perflā-te*, *tr.*: souffler à travers. † *-tion*, *n.*: action de souffler à travers, *f.*

perfoliate, *adj.*: (bot.) perfolié.

pērfor-ate, *tr.*: percer d'outre en outre; perforer. *-ation*, *n.*: trou d'outre en outre, percement, *m.*; ouverture, perforation, *f.* *-ative*, *adj.*: perforatif. *-ator*, *n.*: (surg.) perforatif, *m.*

perforce, *adv.*: forcément, par force; de force.

perfōrm, *tr.*: exécuter, accomplir; faire; (theat.) donner, jouer, représenter; (fulfil) remplir, s'acquitter de; *intr.*: (of

actors) jouer; (*of musicians*) exécuter, jouer. -able, *adj.*: faisable, exécutable, praticable. -ance, *n.*: exécution, *f.*; acte, accomplissement; exercice; (*thing done*) ouvrage, *m.*, œuvre; (*theat.*) représentation, *f.* -er, *n.*: auteur, *m.*; personne qui exécute, qui accomplit, *f.*; (*theat.*) artiste, *m.*, *f.*, acteur, *m.*, actrice, *f.*, comédien, *m.*, comédienne, *f.*; (*mus.*) artiste, *m.*, *f.*, exécutant, *m.*

1. **pér-fume**, *n.*: parfum, *m.* 2. **-fume**, *tr.*: parfumer, embaumer. -fumer, *n.*: parfumeur, *m.*, parfumeuse, *f.* -fumery, *n.*: parfumerie, *f.*

perfuncto-ri-ly, *adv.*: négligemment; légèrement. -riness, *n.*: négligence, *f.* -ry, *adj.*: négligent, léger; fait par manière d'acquies.

perfuse, *tr.*: répandre partout.

perhâps, *adv.*: peut-être.

péri, *n.*: péri, *m.*, *f.*

péri-anth, -**anthium**, *n.*: (*bot.*) périanthe, *m.*

peribolus, *n.*: (*arch.*) péribole, *m.*

pericardium, *n.*: (*anat.*) péricarde, *m.*

péri-carp, -**cârpium**, *n.*: (*bot.*) péricarpe, *m.*

pericrânium, *n.*: péricrâne, *m.*

periculous, *adj.*: périlleux, dangereux.

péridot, *n.*: péridot, *m.*

péri-gée, -**gëum**, *n.*: (*astron.*) péri-gée, *m.*

périhélon, -**um**, *n.*: (*astron.*) périhélie, *m.*

1. **péril**, *n.*: péril, danger, *m.*; *at one's* —, à ses risques et périls. 2. **péril**, *tr.*: mettre en péril; être en péril. -ous, *adj.*: périlleux. -ously, *adv.*: périlleusement. -ousness, *n.*: nature périlleuse, *f.*; danger *m.*

perimeter, *n.*: périmètre, *m.*

perineum -**në**, *n.*: (*anat.*) périnée, *m.*

péri-od, *n.*: période, *f.*; temps, espace, *m.*; (*portion of time*) durée, *f.*, temps, *m.*; (*epoch*) époque; (*end*) fin, limite, *f.*; terme, *m.*; (*astron., chron., gram.*) période, *f.*; (*in punctuating*) point, *m.*: put a — to, mettre fin à; form a —, faire époque.

1. **-odical**, *n.*: ouvrage périodique, *m.*

2. **-al**, *adj.*: périodique. -**odically**, *adv.*: périodiquement. -**odicity**, *n.*: périodicité, *f.*

péri-ost-eum, *n.*: (*anat.*) périoste, *m.*

-**titis**, *n.*: (*med.*) périostose, *f.*

1. **péri-patê-tic**, *adj.*: péripatéticien.

2. **-tic**, *n.*: péripatéticien, *m.* -**-ticism**, *n.*: péripatétisme, *m.*

periphery, *n.*: périphérie, circon-férence, *f.*

1. **péri-phrâse**, *n.*: périphrase, *f.*

2. **-phrâse**, *tr.*: exprimer par une périphrase. **péri-phrâsis**, *n.*: (*péri-phrases*) périphrase, *f.* -**phrâstic(al)**,

adj.: de périphrase; périphrastique. -**phrâstically**, *adv.*: par périphrase.

périplus, *n.*: périple, *m.*

periptery, *n.*: (*arch.*) périptère, *m.*

pérish, *intr.*: périr; dépérir. -able, *adj.*: périssable. -ableness, *n.*: nature périssable, *f.*

peristáltic, *adj.*: (*med.*) péristaltique.

peristérion = verrein.

péri-style, *n.*: (*arch.*) péristyle, *m.*

péritoné-um, *n.*: péritoine, *m.*

1. **périwig**, *n.*: perruque, *f.*: — *maker*, perruquier, *m.* 2. **périwig**, *tr.*: coiffer d'une perruque.

périwinkle, *n.*: (*bot.*) pervenche, *f.*; (*mol.*) bigorneau, *m.*

pérju-re, *tr.*: parjurer: — *one's self*, se parjurer. -rer, *n.*: parjure; faux té-moin, *m.* -rious -**jû**-, *adj.*: parjure.

-ry, *n.*: parjure; faux témoignage, faux serment, *m.*: wilful —, parjure prémédité.

1. **pérk**, *adj.*: vif, éveillé. 2. **perk**, *intr.*: lever la tête avec affectation; *tr.*: parer, orner.

pérkin, *n.*: petit cidre, *m.*

perma-nence, -**nency**, *n.*: permanence, *f.* -**nent**, *adj.*: permanent; en permanence. -**nently**, *adv.*: en permanence.

permeability, *n.*: perméabilité, *f.*

perme-able, *adj.*: pénétrable, perméable. -ate, *tr.*: pénétrer. -**ation**, *n.*: pénétration, *f.*

per-missible, *adj.*: qui peut être permis. -**mission**, *n.*: permission, *f.*; permis, *m.* -**missive**, *adj.*: qui permet, to-lérant; permis. -**missively**, *adv.*: avec permission; sans empêchement.

per-mistion, -**mixtion**, *n.*: mixtion, *f.*

1. **per-mit**, *tr.*: permettre; permettre à.

2. **pérmit**, *n.*: permission, *f.*, permis; congé, *m.*

per-mutable, *adj.*: permutable. -**mu-tation**, *n.*: permutation, *f.*; (*com.*) échange, *m.*

per-nicieux, *adj.*: pernicieux. -ly, *adv.*: pernicieusement. -ness, *n.*: nature per-nicieuse, *f.*

pernoctation, *n.*: veille, *f.*

perorâtion, *n.*: péroraison, *f.*

peroxide, *n.*: peroxyde, *m.*

1. **perpendicu-lar**, *adj.*: perpendicu-laire. 2. **-lar**, *n.*: ligne perpendiculaire; perpendiculaire, *f.* -**larity**, *n.*: perpen-dicularité, *f.* -**larly**, *adv.*: perpendicu-lairement.

perpend-stone, *n.*: parpaing, *m.*; pierre faisant parpaing, pierre parpaing, *f.*

perpe-trate, *tr.*: perpétrer, commettre.

-**trâtion**, *n.*: perpétration, *f.* -**trator**, *n.*: auteur d'un crime; coupable, *m.*

perpét-ual, *adj.*: perpétuel, continu; constant. **-ually**, *adv.*: perpétuellement, continuellement. **-uate**, *tr.*: perpétuer. **-uation**, *n.*: perpétuation, *f.* **-uity**, *n.*: perpétuité, *f.*

perplôx, *tr.*: embarrasser, embrouiller, brouiller; rendre perplexe, jeter dans la perplexité. **-edly**, *adv.*: d'une manière embrouillée; avec embarras. **-edness**, *n.*: embrouillement; embarras, *m.*; perplexité, *f.*

perquis-ite, *n.*: revenant-bon, émolument, *m.*: —s, revenants-bons; profits éventuels; émoluments, *m. pl.*; casuel, revenu casuel, *m.* **-ition**, *n.*: perquisition, *f.*

pérro-n, *n.*: perron, *m.*

perroquet, *n.*: perruche, *f.*

perry, *n.*: poiré, *m.*

perse-cute, *tr.*: persécuter. **-cuting**, *adj.*: persécuteur. **-cution**, *n.*: persécution, *f.* **-cutor**, *n.*: persécuteur, *m.*, persécutrice, *f.*

perse-vér-ance, *n.*: persévérance, *f.* **-vère**, *intr.*: persévérer. **-vèring**, *adj.*: persévérance. **-vèringly**, *adv.*: avec persévérance.

Për-si-an, **-sio**, *adj.*: de Perse; persan, *n.*: Persan, *m.*, Persane, *f.*; (*antiq.*) Perse; (*language*) perse, *m.*; (*stuff*) marceline, *f.* **-sio-aria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) renouée d'Orient, grande persicaire, herbe vierge, *f.*

persist, *intr.*: persister. **-ence**, **-ency**, *n.*: persistance; opiniâtreté, *f.* **-ent**, *ing*, *adj.*: (*bot.*) persistant. **-ive**, *adj.*: persévérant.

persôn, *n.*: personne, *f.*; personnage, caractère, *m.*; (*gram.*) personne, *f.*: —s, personnes, *f. pl.*; gens, *pl. m.*, *f.*; monde, *m.*; a —, une personne; quelqu'un, quelqu'une; —s say so, on le dit; young —s, les jeunes gens; in —, en personne; no —, personne, *m.* **-able**, *adj.*: de bonne mine; beau de sa personne. **-age**, *n.*: personnage, *m.*, personne, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: personnel. **-ality**, *n.*: personnalité, *f.* **-ally**, *adv.*: personnellement. **-ate**, *tr.*: passer pour, se faire passer pour un autre; représenter; feindre; jouer; jouer le rôle de; ressembler; *intr.*: passer pour un autre. **-ation**, *n.*: action de se faire passer pour un autre, *f.* **-ator**, *n.*: personne qui passe pour une autre, *f.*; acteur, *m.* **-ification**, *n.*: personnification, *f.* **persôn-ify**, *tr.*: personnifier. **-nël**, *n.*: personnel, *m.*

perspective, *adj.*: perspectif. **perspective**, *n.*: perspective, *f.*; aspect, *m.*: — glass, lunette d'approche, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: par une lunette; selon les règles de la perspective.

per-spici-ous, *adj.*: pénétrant, clair-

voyant, perspicace; (*of the sight*) perçant. **-spici-ousness**, *n.*: vue perçante, *f.* **-spici-ous-ity**, **spici-ous-ity**, *n.*: vue pénétrante, perspicacité; sagacité; clarté, *f.* **-spici-ous-ity**, **spici-ousness**, *n.*: clarté, perspicuité, *f.* **-spici-ous**, *adj.*: clair, net. **-spici-ously**, *adv.*: nettement, avec clarté.

per-spirability, *n.*: nature transpirable, *f.* **-spirable**, *adj.*: transpirable. **-spiration**, *n.*: transpiration, sueur, *f.* **-spirative**, **-spiratory**, *adj.*: sudorifère, sudorifique. **-spire**, *intr.*: transpirer.

persuâ-de, *tr.*: persuader; persuader à; déterminer, décider: — from, dissuader. **-der**, *n.*: personne qui persuade, *f.* **-sibility** **-swa-** or **-sibleness**, *n.*: caractère d'être facile à persuader, *m.* **-sible**, *adj.*: que l'on peut persuader; à qui l'on peut persuader; †persuasible. **-sion**, *n.*: persuasion; croyance; opinion; (*creed*) croyance, opinion religieuse, *f.* **-sive**, *adv.*: persuasif, persuadant. **-sively**, *adv.*: d'une manière persuasive. **-siveness**, *n.*: force persuasive, *f.* **-sory**, *adj.*: persuasif.

1.†pért, *adj.*: éveillé; (*saucy*) impertinent, insolent; *vif*. **2.pért**, *n.*: impertinent, *m.*; impertinente, *f.*; insolent, *m.*, insolente, *f.*

pertâin, *intr.*: appartenir; concerner, se rapporter.

pertinâ-cious, *adj.*: persévérant; opiniâtre; obstiné. **-ciously**, *adv.*: avec persévérance; obstinément, opiniâtrement. **-ciousness**, **pertinâ-city**, *n.*: persévérance, obstination, opiniâtreté, *f.*

pértin-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: convenance; justesse, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: pertinent, convenable, à propos. **-ently**, *adv.*: pertinemment, convenablement; à propos.

pért-ly, *adv.*: avec vivacité; (*saucily*) impertinemment, insolemment. **-ness**, *n.*: vivacité; (*sauciness*) impertinence, insolence, *f.*

per-turbâ-tion, *n.*: bouleversement, trouble, *m.*; agitation; perturbation, *f.* **pér-turbator**, **-túrber**, *n.*: perturbateur, *m.* **-túrbed**, *adj.*: troublé, inquiet, agité.

pértû-se, **-sed**, *adj.*: percé, foré. **-sion**, *n.*: percement; trou, *m.*

1.pérûke, *n.*: perruque, *f.* **2.pérûke**, *tr.*: coiffer d'une perruque. **-maker**, *n.*: perruquier, *m.*

per-ûsal, *n.*: lecture, *f.*; worthy of —, digne d'être lu. **-ûse**, *tr.*: lire attentivement; lire, parcourir. **-ûser**, *n.*: lecteur, examinateur, *m.*

Perûvian, *adj.*: péruvien.

pervâ-de, *tr.*: pénétrer; pénétrer dans;

régner dans; se répandre dans. **-sion**, n.: pénétration, *f.*
pervêr-se, *adj.*: pervers, méchant; mauvais. **-sely**, *adv.*: avec perversité; méchamment. **-seness**, **-sity**, n.: perversité; méchanceté, *f.* **-sion**, n.: perversion, *f.*
pervért, *tr.*: pervertir. **-er**, n.: corrupteur, m., corruptrice, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: qui peut être perverti.
perviçious, *adj.*: obstiné. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec opiniâtreté.
perviçous, *adj.*: pénétrable; abordable; perméable. **-ness**, n.: pénétrabilité; perméabilité, *f.*
pesade, n.: (*man.*) pesade, *f.*
peçsary, n.: (*med.*) pessaie, *m.*
peçsimist, n.: pessimiste, *m.*
peçt, n.: peste, *f.*
peçter, *tr.*: tourmenter, ennuyer, assommer. **-er**, n.: ennuyeux, importun, fâcheux, *m.*
peçt-house, n.: maison de pestiférés, *m.*
-iferous, *adj.*: pestifère, pestilentiel; pestiféré; malfaisant, funeste. **-ilence**, n.: peste, pestilence, *f.* **-ilent**, *adj.*: pestilentiel, contagieux; (*troublesome*) méchant; malfaisant; funeste; malicieux. **-ilential**, *adj.*: pestilentiel; malfaisant, funeste. **-ilently**, *adv.*: fatalement, mortellement.
peçtle, n.: pilon, *m.*
peçt, n.: (*lamb*) agneau élevé à la cuiller; (*fondling*) favori, *m.*, favorite, *f.*; boutade, *f.*; accès d'humeur: *be in a —*, être piqué, être dépité; se dépiter. **2.pet**, *tr.*: choyer, dorloter, gater.
pétal, n.: (*bot.*) pétale, *m.* **-ed**, **-ous**, *adj.*: à pétale; pétalé.
petârd, n.: (*milit.*) pétard, *m.*
pétasus, n.: pétase, *m.*
pét-cock, n.: robinet d'essai, *m.*
petersham, n.: ratine, *f.*
pétiole, n.: (*bot.*) pétiole, *m.*
1.petition, n.: requête, pétition, demande, *f.*; placet, *m.*; supplication, supplique, prière, *f.*: *right of —*, droit de pétition, *m.* **2.petition**, *tr.*: supplier; présenter une pétition à; pétitionner. **-arily**, *adv.*: par voie de pétition; par supplication. **-ary**, *adj.*: suppliant; de supplication. **-ee**, n.: personne contre laquelle on a présenté une pétition, *f.* **-er**, n.: pétitionnaire, *m.*, *f.*; suppliant, *m.*, suppliante, *f.* **-ing**, n.: pétition, *f.*
petrêan, *adj.*: de rocher, pierreux.
pétrél, n.: pétrel, *m.*
pétrés-ence, n.: pétrification, *f.* **-cent**, *adj.*: qui se pétrifie.
petri-faction, **-fication**, n.: pétrification, *f.* **-factive**, **-fic**, *adj.*: pétrifiant.

pétrify, *tr. and intr.*: pétrifier; se pétrifier.
pétról(eum), n.: huile de pétrole, *f.*
pétronel, n.: pistolet d'arçon, *m.*
pétrous, *adj.*: pierreux.
pétti-coat, n.: jupe, *f.*; jupon, *m.*; (*of little boys*) jaquette, *f.*: — *government*, régime du cotillon, *m.* **-fog**, *intr.*: avo-casser. **-fogger**, n.: homme de loi, avoué, avocat; chicaneur, *m.* **-foggery**, n.: chicane, *f.* **-fogging**, *adj.*: chicaneur; chicanier. **-ness**, n.: petitesse, *f.* **-sh**, *adj.*: qui a des boutades; bourru. **-shly**, *adv.*: par boutade; d'une manière bourrue; de dépit, par dépit. **-shness**, n.: aigreur; humeur bourrue, *f.* **-tocs**, n.: pieds de cochon, *m. pl.*; (*jest.*) pattes, *f. pl.*
pétto, *in*, *adv.*: in petto.
pétty, *adj.*: petit; mesquin, chétif; (*jur.*) inférieur.
pétu-lance, **-lancey**, n.: pétulance; impertinence, *f.* **-lant**, *adj.*: pétulant; impertinent, insolent. **-lantly**, *adv.*: pétulamment; avec pétulance; insolemment, impertinemment.
pétun(t)se, n.: pétuné, pétunzé, *m.*
pēw, n.: banc d'église; banc, *m.*: *church-warden's —*, banc de l'œuvre, banc d'œuvre, *m.*
pēwet, **pēwit**, n.: (*orni.*) huppe, *f.*; pouillot, *m.*
pēwter, n.: étain, *m.*; potée d'étain, *f.* **-er**, n.: potier d'étain, *m.*
phæton, n.: phaéton; (*orni.*) paille-en-queue, *m.*
phalanx, n.: phalange, *f.*
phân-tasm, **-tasma**, n.: vision, illusion, *f.* **-tasmagoria**, **-tasmagory**, n.: fantasmagorie, *f.* **-tom**, n.: fantôme, *m.*
phâraon = *faro*.
phari-saïc, **-saïcal**, *adj.*: pharisaïque. **-saïcally**, *adv.*: d'une manière pharisaïque. **-saïcalness**, n.: pharisaïsme, *m.* **-sëan**, *adj.*: pharisaïque.
phâri-see, n.: pharisien, *m.*, pharisienne, *f.* **-seism**, n.: pharisaïsme, *m.*
phârmaceu-tic, **-ticol**, *adj.*: pharmaceutique. **-tically**, *adv.*: suivant la pharmaceutique. **-tics**, n. *pl.*: pharmaceutique, *f. sing.*
phârmacôlo-gist, n.: auteur qui traite de la pharmacologie, *m.* **-gy**, n.: pharmacologie, *f.*
phârmacopœia **-pœa**, n.: pharmacopée, *f.* **-côpelist**, n.: pharmacien, apothicaire; (*jest.*) pharmacopole, *m.* **phâ-rma-cy**, n.: pharmacie, *f.*
phâros, n.: phare, *m.*
phârynx, n.: (*anat.*) pharynx, *m.*
phâ-se, **-sis** (*pl. phases*), n.: phase, *f.*
phéasant, n.: faisan, *m.*: *hen—*, fai-

sande, faisane, poule faisane, *f.* -ry, *n.*: faisanderie, *f.*

†**phœse**, *tr.*: peigner, étriller; rabattre.

phénomé-nal, *adj.*: phénoménal. -**nal-ly**, *adv.*: phénoménalement. -**non** (pl. -na), *n.*: phénomène, *m.*

phial, *n.*: fiole, *f.*

phil-anthrôpic(al), *adj.*: philanthropique. -**anthropist**, *n.*: philanthrope, *m., f.* -**anthropy**, *n.*: philanthropie, *f.*

philharmônique, *adj.*: philharmonique.

philhellénist, *n.*: philhellène, *m.*

philippic, *n.*: philippique, *f.*

philippize, *intr.*: faire des philippiques, invectiver.

philol-ogier, -**ogist**, *n.*: philologue, linguiste, *m.* -**ogic(al)**, *adj.*: philologique.

-ogy, *n.*: philologie, linguistique, *f.*

philô-mel, -**mêla**, *n.*: philomèle, *f.*, rossignol, *m.*

philomot, *adj.*: feuille-morte.

phil-ôsepher, *n.*: philosophe; savant; moraliste; physicien, *m.* — *s stone*, pierre philosopale; *natural* —, physicien, *m.*

-osôphical, *adj.*: philosophique; de morale; de physique. -**osôphically**, *adv.*: philosophiquement; par la morale, par la physique. -**osôphise**, *intr.*: philosopher.

-osôphism, *n.*: philosophisme, *m.* -**osôphist**, *n.*: philosophiste, faux philosophe, *m.* -**osôphy**, *n.*: philosophie; morale; physique, *f.*: *natural* —, physique, *f.*

1. **philter**, *n.*: philtre, *m.* 2. **philter**, *intr.*: donner un philtre à.

phimôsis, *n.*: (med.) phimosis, *m.*

phiz, *n.*: visage, *m.*; trogne, *f.*

phlebôto-mist, *n.*: phlébotomiste, *m.* -**mise**, *tr.*: saigner. -**my**, *n.*: phlébotomie, saignée, *f.*

phlô-gm, *n.*: flegme, phlegme, *m.*; pituite, *f.* -**gmatic(al)**, *adj.*: flegmatique, phlegmatique; piteux. -**gmatically**, *adv.*: flegmatiquement. -**gmon**, *n.*: (med.) phlegmon, flegmon, *m.* -**gmonous**, *adj.*: (med.) phlegmoneux, flegmoneux.

phlogis-tic, *adj.*: phlogistique. -**ton**, *n.*: phlogistique, *m.*

phô-ca, *n.*: (mam.) phoque, *m.*

phœbus fī, *n.*: Apollon; Phébus; soleil, *m.*

phœnix fī, *n.*: phénix, *m.*: —like, comme le phénix.

phô-las, *n.*: pholade, *f.*

phô-nic, *adj.*: phonique, phonétique. -**s**, *n. pl.*: phonique, phonétique, *f. sing.*

phônô-graphy, *n.*: phonographie, *f.* -**logy**, *n.*: phonologie, *f.*

phôs-phate, *n.*: phosphate, *m.* -**phor**, *n.*: phosphore; (astron.) Lucifer, *m.*

-phoresce, *intr.*: être phosphorescent.

-phoréscence, *n.*: phosphorescence, *f.*

-phorôsecent, *adj.*: (chem.) phosphorescent. -**phoric**, *adj.*: phosphorique.

-phorus, -**phor**, *n.*: (chem.) phosphore, *m.*: (astron.) étoile du matin, *f.* —box, briquet phosphorique, *m.* -**phuret**, *n.*: (chem.) phosphure, *m.* -**phuretted**, *adj.*: (chem.) phosphuré.

photogénic, *adj.*: photogénique.

photô-grapher, -**graphist**, *n.*: photographe, *m.* -**grâphic** -**to**, *adj.*: photographique. -**graphy**, *n.*: photographie, *f.* -**meter**, *n.*: photomètre, *m.* -**métric(al)**, *adj.*: photométrique. -**metry**, *n.*: photométrie, *f.*

1. **phra-se**, *n.*: phrase; locution, *f.* 2. **phrase**, *tr.*: exprimer; appeler, nommer. -**seolôgic(al)**, *adj.*: phraséologique. -**seolôgist**, *n.*: phraseur, †phrasier, *m.* -**seology**, *n.*: phraséologie, *f.*

phrenôtic, *adj.*: fou, frénétique.

phrê-nic, *adj.*: (anat.) phrénique. -**nitis**, *n.*: frénésie, *f.* -**nôlogical**, *adj.*: phrénologique. -**nôlogist**, *n.*: phrénologue, *m.* -**nôlogy**, *n.*: phrénologie, *f.* -**nsy**, frénzy, *n.*: frénésie, *f.*

phthi-sical, *adj.*: phthisique. -**sis**, *n.*: phthisie, *f.*

phylac-ter, -**tery**, *n.*: phylactère, *m.*

phÿllite, *n.*: phyllithe, *m.*

1. **phÿ-sic**, *n.*: médecine, *f.*; remède, *m.*: —s, physique, *f. sing.* 2. -**sic**, *tr.*: médicalement; médeciner; droguer; (to cure) guérir. -**sical**, *adj.*: physique; (med.) médical; médicinaal, de médecine. -**sic-ally**, *adv.*: physiquement. -**sician**, *n.*: médecin, *m.* -**sics**, *n. pl.*: physique, *f. sing.*

physiôg-nomer, -**nomist**, *n.*: physiognomiste, *m.* -**nômie(al)**, *adj.*: de la physiognomie; physiognomonie. -**nomy**, *n.*: physiognomie; physiognomonie.

physi-ograpical, *adj.*: physiographique. -**ôgraphy**, *n.*: physiographie, *f.*

physiô-loger, -**logist**, *n.*: physiologiste, *m.* -**lôgical** -**sic**, *adj.*: physiologique. -**lôgically**, *adv.*: de, par la physiologie. -**logy**, *n.*: physiologie, *f.*

phytôgraphy, *n.*: phytographie, *f.*

phÿ-tolite, *n.*: phytolithe, *m.* -**tôlogy**, *n.*: phytologie, *f.*

pi-a mâtér, *n.*: (anat.) pie-mère, *f.*

pianet, *n.*: (orn.) petit pivot, *m.*

pi-anîno, *n.*: (mus.) piano, *m.* -**ânist**, *n.*: pianiste, *m., f.* -**ânô**, -**ânô-forté**, *n.*: piano, piano-forte, forte-piano, *m.*: grand —, piano à queue; cabinet —, grand piano droit; square, upright —, piano carré, droit. -**ânô-maker**, *n.*: facteur de pianos, *m.*

pi-âster, *n.*: plâtre, *f.*

pi-âzza, *n.*: arcade, galerie; place, *f.*; passage, *m.*

- pibroch**, n.: pibroch, m., cornemuse écossaise; musique de cornemuse, f.
- pica**, n.: (print.) cicéro, m.; (orni.) pie, f.; (med.) pica, m.
- picaresque**, n.: pilleur, pirate, forban, m.
- pick**, tr.: (pull off) enlever, ôter; (gather) cueillir; (choose) prendre, choisir, trier; (a bone) ronger; (a quarrel) chercher; (a fowl, etc.) plumer; (a pocket) voler à la tire; (a lock) crocheter; éplucher: — *one's nose*, se nettoyer le nez; tourmenter son nez; — *one's teeth*, *one's nails*, se curer les dents, les ongles; — *off*, *to* — *out*, enlever, ôter; (choose) trier, choisir; — *up*, ramasser, relever; raccrocher. **pick**, n.: (a tool) pic, m.; (print.) ordure, f.; (choice) choix, m.
- pick**, intr.: faire avec délicatesse et soin; (to eat) pignocher: — *up again*, reprendre ses forces; se refaire. **-aback**, adv.: sur le dos. **-axe**, n.: pioche, f., pic, m. **-ed**, adj.: épluché; (pointed) pointu; (choice) d'élite, choisi. **-edness**, n.: état pointu, m.
- pickoer**, tr.: picorer; escarmoucher.
- picker**, n.: cueilleur, m., cueilleuse, f.; éplucheur, m., éplucheuse, f.; (tool) pioche, f.
- pickrel**, n.: (ichth.) brocheton, m.
- picket**, n.: pieu, picket; (cards, milit.) piquet, m. **picket**, tr.: enfermer de piquets; (milit.) former en piquet.
- picking**, n.: action de cueillir, d'ôter, d'enlever, de choisir, f.; épluchement, cueillage; glanage; triage, m.: — *s*, épluchures; (fig.) choses à recueillir, f. pl.
- pick-le**, n.: saumure, f.: — *s*, conserves au vinaigre, f. pl.; marinade, f.: *be in a fine* —, être dans un bel état, dans de beaux draps, dans la sauce. **-le**, tr.: mariner, saler; confire au vinaigre. **-led**, adj.: salé; mariné; confit au vinaigre.
- pick-lock**, n.: crochet à serrure; (pers.) crocheteur de serrures, m. **-pocket**, **-purse**, n.: filou, voleur à la tire; coupeur de bourses, m. **-thank**, n.: flageolet, m.
- pionio**, n.: pique-nique, m.
- pietorial**, adj.: de peintre; illustré. **-ly**, adv.: par des peintures.
- piety**, n.: peinture, f.; tableau, portrait, m. **-re**, tr.: peindre, dépeindre, décrire. **-resque**, adj.: pittoresque. **-resque**, **-resqueness**, n.: pittoresque, m. **-resquely**, adv.: d'une manière pittoresque.
- piddle**, intr.: s'occuper de bagatelles, pignocher, niaiser; uriner. **-lor**, n.: personne qui pignocher, qui s'occupe de bagatelles, f. **-ling**, adj.: futile, frivole.
- pie**, n.: (of meat) pâté, m.; (fruit) tourte.

- pie**, n.: (orni.) pie, f.; (print.) pâté, m., pâte, f.; (Rom. Cath.) rituel, m. **-bald**, adj.: (of horses) pie.
- piece**, n.: (of large dimensions) pièce, f.; (a portion, a bit, a hunch) morceau; (fragment) fragment, bout; (action) acte, exemple, m.; (of money, of poetry, etc.) pièce; (artil.) pièce; (paint.) scène, f.; tableau, m.; (for mending) pièce; (of wine) pièce, f.: *a* — *of water*, une pièce d'eau; *the* — *s of a machine*, les pièces d'une machine; *a* — *of soap*, *of bread*, un morceau de savon, de pain; *a theatrical* —, une pièce de théâtre; *break to* — *s*, mettre en morceaux, en pièces; tomber en morceaux, en pièces; *fall to* — *s*, se démonter; tomber en pièces; *take to* — *s*, démonter; se démonter; *fly to* — *s*, voler en éclats; *all of a* —, d'une seule pièce; d'un seul morceau; tout d'une pièce; *a* —, chacun; par tête; la pièce; *what a* — *of a man*! quel bout d'homme! **piece**, tr.: rapiécer, rapetasser, mettre une pièce à; allonger; intr.: se joindre; s'unir: — *out*, allonger; — *up*, plâtrer.
- hand**, n.: (print.) paquetier, m. **-less**, adj.: entier. **-meal**, adv.: en pièces, par pièces, pièce à pièce; par morceaux; peu à peu. **-r -er**, n.: ravaudeur, m., ravaudeuse, f. **-work**, n.: ouvrage fait à la pièce, m.
- pie**, adj.: bigarré; (of horses) pie. **-ness**, n.: bigarrure, f.
- pier**, n.: jetée, f.; embarcadère, m.; (of a bridge) pile, f.; (arch.) contrefort, trumeau, m. **-age**, n.: droit de jetée, m.
- piere**, tr.: percer, pénétrer; pénétrer dans. **-er**, n.: perceur, m.; (mines) épinglette; (pers.) perceur, celui qui perce, m. **-ing**, adj.: perçant; pénétrant; (of sound) perçant, aigu. **-ingly**, adv.: d'une manière perçante, d'une manière pénétrante. **-ingness**, n.: pénétration, f.; son aigu, m.
- pie-glass**, n.: glace en trumeau, f. **-shaft**, n.: fût vertical de pile, m. **-table**, n.: console, f.
- pietism**, n.: piétisme, m. **-etist**, n.: piétiste, m., f. **-ety**, n.: piété, f.
- pie**, n.: cochon, m., cochonne, f.; porc, pourceau; (metal.) gueuse, f., saumon, m.: *sucking* —, cochon de lait, m. **pie**, tr. and intr.: cochonner; vivre en pourceau; mettre bas. **-driver**, n.: porcher, m.
- pigeon**, n.: pigeon, m.; (pers.) dupe, f. **-dug**, n.: colombine, f. **-hearted**, adj.: timide, craintif. **-hole**, n.: boulin, m.; (for papers, etc.) case, f. **-house**, n.: pigeonnier, colombier, m. **-livered**, adj.: sans fiel, doux. **-toed**, adj.: qui marche avec les pieds en dedans.
- piggery**, n.: toit à cochons, m. **-head**

- ed**, *adj.*: à grosse tête; stupide. **-iron**, *n.*: fer en gueuse, *m.*, gueuse, *f.*
- pigméan** = *pygmean*.
- pigment**, *n.*: couleur, *f.*; pigment, *m.*
- pigmy** = *pygmy*.
- pig-nut**, *n.*: (*bot.*) terre-noix, *f.* **-skin**, *n.*: peau de cochon, *f.* **-sty**, *n.*: toit à cochons, *m.* **-tail**, *n.*: queue (de cochon, cheveux), *f.*; (*tobacco*) tabac en corde, *m.*
- pike**, *n.*: pique, *f.*; (*ichth.*) brochet, *m.* **-d**, *adj.*: pointu. **-man**, *n.*: piquier, *m.* **-staff**, *n.*: bois de pique; bâton pointu, *m.*
- pilaster**, *n.*: pilastre, *m.*; colonne plaquée, *f.*
- pilchard**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) sardine, *f.*
- 1. pile**, *n.*: (*heap*) pile, *f.*; tas, monceau; (*of firearms*) faisceau, *m.*; (*building*) construction, *f.*, édifice, bâtiment, *m.*; (*of shot*) pile, *f.*: funeral —, bûcher, *m.* **2. pile**, *tr.*: entasser, empiler, amonceler; (*milit.*) mettre en faisceau.
- 3. pile**, *n.*: (*arch.*) pieux, pilotis; coin, *m.* **4. pile**, *tr.*: piloter; enfoncer des pieux dans, fortifier avec des pieux.
- 5. pil-e** (*usly pl. -es*), *n.*: hémorroïdes, *f. pl.*
- 6. pile**, *n.*: pile (d'une pièce de monnaie), *f.*
- 7. pil-le**, *n.*: poil (de drap, etc.), *m.* **-leate**, **-leated**, *adj.*: en forme de chapeau.
- pile-driver**, *n.*: (*mec.*) sonnette, *f.*; (*nav.*) bâtiment canard, *m.* **-engine**, *n.*: see *pile-driver*. **-planking**, *n.*: plancher sur pilotis, *m.*; plate-forme sur pilotis, *f.* **-planks**, *n.*: palplanches, *f. pl.*
- piler**, *n.*: personne qui empile, qui entasse, *f.*; empileur, *m.*
- piles**, *n.*: (*med.*) hémorroïdes, *f. pl.*
- pile-work**, *n.*: pilotage, *m.*; pilotis, *m.*
- pilfer**, *tr.*: dérober, voler; *intr.*: voler, dérober; commettre un larcin, un petit vol. **-er**, *n.*: auteur d'un petit vol, d'un larcin; petit voleur; larron, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: petit vol; larcin, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: par vol, par larcin.
- pilgärliek**, *n.*: personne chauve par suite de maladie, *f.*; pauvre diable, *m.*
- pilgrim**, *n.*: pèlerin, *m.*, pèlerine, *f.* **-age**, *n.*: pèlerinage, *m.*
- piling**, *n.*: empilement; amoncellement; (*arch.*) ouvrage en pilotis, pilotage, *m.*
- 1. pill**, *n.*: pilule, *f.* **2. pill**, *tr.*: administrer des pilules à.
- 3. pill**, *tr.*: piller, voler; *intr.*: piller, voler. **1. -age**, *n.*: pillage, sac, saccage-mement, *m.* **2. -age**, *tr.*: saccager, piller. **-ager**, *n.*: pillard, *m.*
- pillar**, *n.*: pilier, *m.*; colonne, *f.*; (*sup-port*) support, *m.*, fondation, *f.*; (*monu-ment*) monument, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: soutenu par des colonnes; à colonnes. **-plate**, *n.*: (*horl.*) platine, *f.*
- pillon**, *n.*: coussinet, *m.*; selle de femme, *f.*
- 1. pillory**, *n.*: pilori, *m.* **2. pillory**, *tr.*: pilorier, mettre au pilori.
- 1. pillow**, *n.*: oreiller; (*nav.*) coussin du mât de beaupré; (*of a plough, tech.*) coussinet, *m.* **-case**, taie d'oreiller, *f.* **2. pillow**, *tr.*: poser, coucher (comme sur un oreiller); servir d'oreiller à, soutenir.
- pi-lôse**, **pi-lous**, *adj.*: poilu; (*bot.*) capillaire. **-lôcity**, *n.*: abondance de poils, *f.*
- 1. pilot**, *n.*: pilote; (*coal*) paletot-pilote, *m.* **-boat**, bateau-pilote, *m.* **2. pilot**, *tr.*: piloter; servir de pilote à; conduire, diriger. **-age**, *n.*: droit de pilotage, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: pilotage, *m.*
- pimén-ta**, **-to**, *n.*: (*bot.*) piment, *m.*
- 1. pimp**, *n.*: entremetteur; maquereau, *m.* **2. pimp**, *intr.*: faire l'entremetteur; faire le maquereau.
- pim-pernel**, **-pinélla**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pim-prenelle, *f.*
- pim-ple**, *n.*: pustule, *f.*; bourgeon, bouton, *m.* **-pled**, *adj.*: bourgeonné, pustuleux.
- 1. pin**, *n.*: épingle; (*peg*) cheville; (*linch-pin*) esse, clavette; (*of a hinge*) fiche, *f.*; (*of a pulley*) essieu, *m.*; (*bolt, tree-nail*) cheville, *f.*; (*centre*) centre; (*valueless thing*) fétu, rien, *m.*, valeur d'une épingle, *f.*: rolling —, rouleau, *m.*; *not care a — for*, se moquer pas mal de; se soucier comme de l'an quarante de; *be upon —s and needles*, être sur des charbons. **2. pin**, *tr.*: attacher avec une épingle; attacher avec une cheville; attacher; clouer; arrêter; cheviller: — *down*, attacher avec une épingle; (*tech.*) cheviller: — *any one down to*, clouer, lier quelqu'un à; — *up*, attacher avec une épingle, trousseur avec une épingle. **-afore**, *n.*: blouse; blouse d'enfant, *f.*; tablier, *m.*
- pinâster**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pinastre, *m.*
- pinace**, *n.*: étui à épingles, *m.*
- pincoers**, *n. pl.*: pince, *f. sing.*; tenailles, *f. pl.*
- 1. pinch**, *tr.*: pincer; (*of clothes*) serrer, gêner; (*of cold*) pincer; (*deprive*) priver, refuser à; (*press hard*) serrer de près; (*distress*) faire pâtir; (*straiten*) gêner, mettre dans la gêne, mettre à l'étroit: — *one's self*, se priver du nécessaire; — *off*, arracher, emporter. **2. pinch**, *tr.*: pincer; (*be straitened*) se gêner, être dans la gêne. **3. pinch**, *n.*: (*of salt, etc.*) pincée; (*of snuff*) prise; (*strait*) gêne, extrémité, nécessité, *f.*, besoin; (*gripe*) pinçon, *m.*, meurtrissure faite en pinçant; (*distress*) angoisse, *f.*
- pinchbeck**, *n.*: similor, *m.*

pinch-er, *n.*: personne qui pince; chose qui pince, *f.* **-fist**, **-penny**, *n.*: pince-maille, ladre, *m.*

pin cushion, *n.*: pelote à épingles, *f.*

1. **Pin-darie**, *adj.*: pindarique. 2. **Pin-darie**, *n.*: ode pindarique, *f.*

pin-dust, *n.*: limaille d'épingles, *f.*

1. **pine**, *n.*: (tree) pin; (fruit) ananas; (wood) bois de pin, *m.*

2. **pine**, *intr.*: languir, dépérir: — *after*, languir après, soupirer après; — *away*, languir, dépérir.

pinéal, *adj.*: (anat.) pinéal.

pine-apple, *n.*: ananas, *m.* **-nut**, *n.*: pomme de pin, *f.*

pinery, *n.*: serre d'ananas, *f.*

pin-feather, *n.*: petite plume, *f.*; duvet, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: dont les plumes commencent à naître.

pinfold, *n.*: bergerie, *f.*; parc, *m.*

1. **pinion**, *n.*: alleron, *m.*: (feather) plume, *f.*; (quill) bout d'aile; (tech.) pignon, *m.*; (fellers) liens, pour les bras, *m. pl.* 2. **pinion**, *tr.*: lier les ailes à;

couper le bout de l'aile à; lier les bras à; lier, attacher; garrotter, enchaîner. **-ed**, *adj.*: allé; les bras liés, attachés.

1. **pink**, *n.*: (bot.) œillet; (colour) rose, *m.*; excellence, *f.*, modèle; (ichth.) véron, *m.* 2. **pink**, *adj.*: couleur de rose; rose.

3. **pink**, *tr.*: travailler à jour; percer.

pin-maker, *n.*: épinglier, *m.* **-money**, *n.*: épingles (don, gratification), *f. pl.*

pinna, *n.*: (conch.) pinne marine, *f.*

pinnacle, *n.*: barque; pinasse, *f.*; grand canot du capitaine, *m.*

1. **pinnacle**, *n.*: tour, tourelle, *f.*; pinnacle; falte, *m.*: — of glory, falte de la gloire, *m.* 2. **pinnacle**, *tr.*: pourvoir de tours; (fig.) élever.

pin-nate, **-nated**, **-nulate**, *adj.*: (bot.) penné, pinné.

pinner, *n.*: cornette, *f.*; bonnet, *m.*

pinnoek, *n.*: (orni.) mésange, *f.*

pint, *n.*: pinte (litre 0.5679), *f.*

pintle, *n.*: petite épingle; (artil.) cheville ouvrière, *f.*

pioneer, *n.*: pionnier, *m.*

piony, *n.*: (bot.) pivoine, *f.*

pious, *adj.*: pieux, dévot, pie. **-ly**, *adv.*: pieusement.

pip, *n.*: pépie, *f.*; (on cards) point; (fruit) pépin, *m.*

pip, *intr.*: crier.

1. **pi-pe**, *n.*: (mus.) pipeau, chalumeau; (long tube, tech.) tuyau, conduit, *m.*; (to smoke out of) pipe, *f.*; (key of the voice) son, *m.*; (measure) pipe (477 litres), *f.*; (minez) amas horizontal; (nav.) sifflet, *m.*: main —, tuyau principal. 2. **pe**, *tr.*: jouer du chalumeau; jouer d'un instru-

ment à vent; (of birds) siffler; (nav.) appeler à coups de sifflet; *intr.*: jouer d'un instrument à vent.

pe-clay, *n.*: terre à pipe, *f.* **-ped**, *adj.*: à tuyau; tubulé; (of keys) foré. **-per**, *n.*: joueur de flûte; joueur d'instrument à vent, *m.* 1. **-ping**, *adj.*: faible, languissant: — *hot* (pop.), tout bouillant, tout chaud. 2. **-ping**, *n.*: liséré, *m.*

pipkin, *n.*: pot de terre, *m.*

pippin, *n.*: (bot.) reinette, pomme de reinette, *f.*

pi-quaney, *n.*: goût piquant; piquant, *m.*

-quant, *adj.*: piquant. **-quantly**, *adv.*: d'une manière piquante.

1. **-que**, *n.*: pique, brouille, brouillerie, *f.*; (punctilio) point, *m.* 2. **-que**, *tr.*: piquer, offenser: — *one's self on*, se piquer de; se glorifier de.

-quêt, *n.*: (cards, milit.) piquet, *m.*

pi-racy, *n.*: piraterie; (lit.) contrefaçon, *f.* 1. **-rate**, *n.*: pirate, forban, écumeur de mer; (lit.) contrefacteur, plagiaire, *m.* 2. **-rate**, *tr.*: voler en pirate; (lit.) contrefaire; *intr.*: pirater; exercer la piraterie; (lit.) faire la contrefaçon; com-

mettre un plagiat. **-rated**, *adj.*: de contrefaçon; de plagiat. **-ratical**, *adj.*: de pirate; (lit.) de contrefaçon.

-ratically, *adv.*: en pirate; en contrefaçon.

-rating, *adj.*: de piraterie, de contrefaçon.

pirôgue, *n.*: pirogue, *f.*

1. **piroquette**, *n.*: piroquette, *f.* 2. **piroquette**, *intr.*: piroquetter.

pis-cary, *n.*: (jur.) droit de pêche, *m.*

-catory, **-catôrial**, *adj.*: de la pêche; de pêcheur. **-ces**, *n. pl.*: (astron.) les Poissons, *m. pl.* **-cina**, *n.*: piscine, *f.*

-cine, *adj.*: de poisson. **-civorous**, *adj.*: piscivore.

1. **pish!** *interj.*: bah! 2. **pish**, *intr.*: dire bah.

pismîre, *n.*: (ent.) fourmi, *f.*

1. **piss**, *intr.*: pisser, uriner; *tr.*: pisser. 2. **piss**, *n.*: urine, *f.*; pissat, *m.* **-abed**, *n.*: (bot.) pissenlit, *m.*

pissasphalt, *n.*: (min.) pissasphalte, *m.*

piss-burnt, *adj.*: taché d'urine. **-ing**, *n.*: pissement, *m.* **-ing-evil**, *n.*: (vet.) diabète; relâchement de la vessie, *m.* **-ing-**

place, *n.*: pissoir, *m.*

pistâchte, *n.*: pistache, *f.*

piste, *n.*: piste, trace, *f.*

pistil, *n.*: (bot.) pistil, *m.*

1. **pis-tol**, *n.*: pistolet, *m.* 2. **-tol**, *tr.*: tuer d'un coup de pistolet.

-tol-case, *n.*: boîte à pistolets, *f.* **-tôle**, *n.*: pistole, *f.* **-tol-gallery**, *n.*: tir au pistolet, *m.* **-tol-shot**, *n.*: coup de pistolet, *m.*: *within* —, à porté de pistolet.

piston, *n.*: piston, *m.*

1. **pît**, *n.*: fosse; cavité, *f.*; creux; (theat.)

parterre; (*mines*) puits; (*of the stomach*) creux, *m.*; (*of the arm*) aisselle; (*for cock-fighting*) arène; (*mark*) marque, empreinte; (*of the small-pox*) marque, trace; (*grave*) fosse; (*biblically*) citerne, *f.*; abîme, *m.* **2.pit, tr.:** creuser; marquer de petits creux: — *with*, marquer de; — *against*, opposer à.

1.pitapat, n.: palpitation, *f.*; battement de cœur, *m.* **2.pitapat, adv.:** en palpitant, en battant: *go* —, palpiter, battre.

1.pitch, n.: jet, *m.*; action de lancer, *f.*; (*degree*) point, degré; (*highest rise*) plus haut point, plus haut degré, comble, *m.*; (*slope*) pente, *f.*, penchant, versant, *m.*; (*stature*) taille, stature; (*elevation*) élévation, hauteur; (*arch., tech.*) portée, *f.*; (*mus.*) ton, diapason, *m.*; (*of a roof*) pente; (*of the belt of a wheel*) épaisseur.

2.pitch, tr.: lancer, jeter; précipiter; (*with a fork*) jeter avec la fourche; (*fix*) asseoir, fixer; (*a tent*) dresser; (*camp*) asseoir; (*mus.*) donner le ton à.

3.pitch, intr.: (*of vehicles*) plonger; (*of ships*) plonger, tanguer; (*of birds*) s'abattre; (*a camp*) camper; (*to fall*) tomber: — *into*, se jeter dans, se précipiter dans, plonger dans; (*fall foul of*) tomber dessus; — *upon*, choisir; faire choix de; s'arrêter à.

4.pitch, n.: (*of tar*) poix, *f.* **5.pitch, tr.:** enduire de poix, poisser; noircir. **-black, adj.:** noir comme du poix, profondément noir.

pitch-board, n.: planche de support, équerre, *f.*

pitch-coal, n.: jais, jaïet, *m.* **-dark** = *black*.

pitched, adj.: rangé.

1.pitcher, n.: cruche, *f.*

2.pitch-er, n.: celui qui jette (du foin, la balle, etc.). **-farthing, n.:** fossette, *f.* **-fork, n.:** fourche, *f.* **1.-ing, n.:** (*of vehicles*) plongement; (*of ships*) plongement, tangage, *m.* **2.-ing, adj.:** incliné; en pente.

pitchy, adj.: poissé; de poix; enduit de poix; (*fig.*) sombre.

pit-coal, n.: charbon de terre, *m.*; houille, *f.*

piteous, adj.: digne de pitié; piteux; (*compassionate*) compatissant; (*pitiful*) pitoyable. **-ly, adv.:** de manière à exciter la pitié; avec compassion; pitoyablement; piteusement. **-ness, n.:** tristesse; pitié, compassion, *f.*

1.pit-fall, n.: trappe, *f.*; piège, *m.* **2.-fall, tr.:** faire tomber dans une trappe, dans un piège.

1.pith, n.: sève, moelle; (*force*) force, énergie; (*quintessence*) quintessence; (*importance*) importance, *f.*, poids, *m.* **2.pith, tr.:** ôter la moelle épinière à.

-ily, adv.: fortement, avec force, énergiquement, avec énergie. **-iness, n.:** force, vigueur, énergie, *f.* **-less, adj.:** sans sève, sans moelle; (*fig.*) sans énergie, sans force. **-y, adj.:** plein de sève; moelleux; (*fig.*) fort, énergique, vigoureux.

piti-able, adj.: digne de pitié; pitoyable.

-ableness, n.: état pitoyable, *m.* **-ful, adj.:** pitoyable; (*compassionate*) compatissant. **-fully, adv.:** pitoyablement; avec compassion. **-fulness, n.:** caractère pitoyable, *m.*; (*pity*) pitié, *f.*

-less, adj.: impitoyable, sans pitié, sans compassion. **-lessly, adv.:** impitoyablement; sans pitié. **-lessness, n.:** caractère impitoyable, *m.*; cruauté, *f.*

pitman, n.: scieur de long qui est audessous; (*mines*) mineur, *m.*

pittance, n.: pitance; légère portion; légère dose, *f.*

pi-tuite, n.: pituite, *f.* **-tuitous, adj.:** pituiteux.

1.pity, n.: pitié, *f.*; dommage, *m.*: *for* —'s sake, par pitié; *it is a* —, c'est dommage. **2.pity, tr.:** avoir pitié de, prendre en pitié; plaindre: *he is to be pitied*, il est à plaindre.

pivot, n.: pivot, *m.*

pix, n.: (coin) boîte des monnaies d'or et d'argent à essayer, *f.*; (*Cath. rel.*) ciboire, saint ciboire, *m.*

pizzle, n.: (*of an ox*) nerf, *m.*

placable, adj.: que l'on peut apaiser; placable. **-ness, n.:** disposition facile à apaiser, *f.*

placard, n.: placard, *m.*, affiche, *f.*

1.plâce, n.: place, *f.*; endroit, lieu, *m.*; (*employment*) place, *f.*; emploi; (*rank*) rang, *m.*, condition, *f.*; (*priority*) pas, *m.*, préséance; (*milit.*) place, place de guerre; (*space*) place, *f.*, espace; (*for a house, etc.*) emplacement, *m.*: *come to my* —, venez chez moi; *in* — *of*, à la place de; au lieu de; *in one's, in its* —, à sa place; *in the first* —, en premier lieu; d'abord; *take* —, avoir lieu; *out of* —, déplacé. **2.place, tr.:** placer, mettre. **-man, n.:** fonctionnaire public, *m.*

placenta, n.: (*anat., bot.*) placenta, *m.*

plâcer, n.: personne qui place, *f.*; (*gold-digging*) placer, *m.*

plâcid, adj.: placide, doux, tranquille, calme, serein, paisible. **-ly, adv.:** placidement, doucement, tranquillement, avec calme, paisiblement. **-ness, n.:** placidité, *f.*, calme, *m.*; douceur, sérénité, tranquillité, *f.*

plâgal, adj.: (*mus.*) plagal.

plâgia-rism, n.: plagiat, *m.* **-rist, n.:** plagiaire, *m.* **-rise, tr.:** s'approprier par plagiat. **-ry, adj.:** plagiaire.

1. plâ-gue, *n.*: peste; (*fig.*) plaie, *f.*, fléau, tourment, *m.* **2. -guo**, *tr.*: infecter de la peste; (*fig.*) être une peste pour, une plaie pour, un fléau pour, un tourment pour; tourmenter; ennuyer; (*pop.*) embêter. **-guilly**, *adv.*: furieusement, terriblement. **-guy**, *adj.*: maudit; méchant.

plâ-tee, *n.*: (*ichth.*) plie, *f.*; carreau, *m.*

plâ-td, *n.*: étoffe écossaise, *f.*; (*garment*) montau écossais, *m.*

1. plain, *adj.*: (*level*) uni, plat, plain; (*simple*) (*pers.*) simple, sans façon; (*of things*) simple; (*frank*) franc, sincère; (*evident*) évident, clair; (*undisguised*) pur, franc; (*ordinary*) commun, ordinaire; (*ugly*) laid; (*of stuffs*) uni; (*of language*) bon: — *truth*, pure vérité, franche vérité, *f.* **2. plain**, *adv.*: (*frankly*) franchement, sincèrement; (*evidently*) évidemment, clairement; (*distinctly*) distinctement, intelligiblement. **3. plain**, *n.*: plaine, *f.*

4. plain, *tr.*: applanir. **-chant**, **-song**, *n.*: plain-chant, *m.* **1. -dealing**, *n.*: droiture, probité, *f.* **2. -dealing**, *adj.*: probe. **-ly**, *adv.*: franchement, sincèrement, ouvertement, bonnement; évidemment, clairement; simplement; distinctement; (*with a level surface*) de niveau. **-ness**, *n.*: (*levelness*) surface plane, unie; égalité, (*fig.*) franchise, sincérité; évidence, clarté; nature ordinaire; laideur, *f.* **-spoken**, *adj.*: qui parle à cœur ouvert.

plâ-nt, *n.*: plainte; lamentation; (*jur.*) plainte, *f.* **-ful**, *adv.*: plaintif. **-iff**, *n.*: demandeur; plaignant, *m.* **-ive**, *adj.*: plaintif. **-ively**, *adv.*: plaintivement. **-iveness**, *n.*: nature plaintive, tristesse, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: qui ne se plaint pas; sans plainte.

plâ-nt-work, *n.*: ouvrage à l'aiguille uni, *m.*

1. plait, *n.*: pli, *m.*: (*of hair*) tresse, *f.*

2. plait, *tr.*: plisser; (*hair*) tresser; (*fig.*) entortiller. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui plisse, qui tresse, *f.*; tresseur, *m.*, tresseuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: action de plisser; plissure, *f.*; plissement, *m.*

1. plân, *n.*: plan; (*project*) plan, dessein, projet, *m.*: **raised** —, élévation, *f.*; *to raise, to take a —*, lever un plan. **2. plan**, *tr.*: tracer un plan; (*fig.*) projeter.

1. plâne, *n.*: (*geom.*) plan, *m.*, surface plane, *f.*; (*persp.*) plan; (*carp.*) rabot; (*print.*) taquoir, *m.* **2. plane**, *tr.*: raboter; (*print.*) taquer.

3. plâne, **-tree**, *n.*: platane, *m.*

plâ-ner, *n.*: raboteur; (*print.*) taquoir, *m.*

plâ-net, *n.*: planète, *f.* **-ârium**, *n.*: (*astron.*) planétaire, *m.* **-ary**, *adj.*: planétaire. **-struck**, *adj.*: sous l'influence des planètes; flétri, brûlé.

plan-imê-trio(al), *adj.*: planimétrique.

-imetry, *n.*: (*geom.*) planimétrie, *f.*

plâ-ning, *n.*: rabotage, *m.* **-machine**, *n.*: machine à raboter, *f.* **-mill**, *n.*: moulin à raboter, *m.*

plân-ish, *tr.*: planer. **-er**, *n.*: planeur, *m.*

planisphère, *n.*: planisphère, *m.*

1. plânk, *n.*: planche, *f.*; ais; (*nav.*) bordage, *m.* **2. plank**, *tr.*: planchier; (*a ship*) border. **-ing**, *n.*: planchéage; (*of a ship*) bordage, *m.*

plâ-ner, *n.*: auteur d'un plan, d'un projet; projeteur, *m.*

1. plânt, *n.*: (*bot.*) plante, *f.*, plant; (*tech.*) matériel, *m.* **2. plant**, *tr.*: planter; (*found*) fonder, établir; (*place*) poser, placer; (*cannon*) pointer, braquer; *intr.*: planter.

1. plântain, *n.*: (*bot.*) plantain, *m.*

2. plantain, **-tree**, *n.*: bananier, *m.*

plant-â-tion, *n.*: plantation; (*colony*) colonie, *f.*; (*Amer.*) plantage; (*establishment*) établissement, *m.*, fondation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: planteur, colon; (*fig.*) propagateur, *m.* **-iole**, *n.*: jeune plant, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: plantation; (*arch.*) pose, *f.* **-let**, *n.*: (*bot.*) plantule, *f.*

1. plâsh, *n.*: (*hort.*) branche coupée en partie, *f.*

2. plâsh, *n.*: flaque d'eau. **3. plash**, *intr.*: patanger, barboter; *tr.*: éclabousser; jeter de l'eau sur; entrelacer. **-y**, *adj.*: gâcheux, boueux.

plâ-ster, *n.*: plâtre; (*pharm.*) emplâtre, *m.*: — *of Paris*, plâtre de Paris; *old —*, plâtras, *m.* **2. plaster**, *tr.*: plâtrer; (*med.*) mettre un emplâtre à. **-er**, *n.*: plâtrier; mouleur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: plâtrage, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: plâtrage, *m.*

plâs-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: plastique. **-tiety**, *n.*: nature plastique, plasticité, *f.* **-tron**, *n.*: plastron, *m.*

1. plât, *n.*: petite pièce de terre, *f.*

2. plât, *n.*: tresse, *f.* **3. plat**, *tr.*: tresser, tisser.

plâtân(e), *n.*: (*bot.*) platane, *m.*

plât-band, *n.*: plate-bande, *f.*

1. plâte, *n.*: assiette; (*metal*) plaque; (*gold and silver articles*) vaisselle plate, *f.*; (*prize*) prix en vaisselle plate, *m.*; (*of a lock, tech.*) platine, *f.*; (*print.*) cliché, *m.*; (*engr.*) planche; (*armour*) armure de plaques de fer, *f.*: *dinner —*, assiette plate; *piece of —*, pièce d'argenterie, *f.* **2. plate**, *tr.*: plaquer; (*beat into thin pieces*) réduire en plaques, en lames; (*arm*) revêtir d'une armure de plaques; (*adorn with plate*) orner de plaques; (*mirrors*) étamer; (*cover with gold or silver*) plaquer, dorer, argenter.

plâteau **-d's**, *n.*: plateau, *m.*

plâte-cover, *n.*: cloche d'assiette, *f.*

plated, *adj.*: plaqué.
plate-ful, *n.*: assiette, *f.* **-layer**, *n.*: (railways) poseur de rails, *m.*
plâten, *n.*: (print) platine, *f.*
plate-stand, *n.*: porte-assiette, *m.*
plâtfôrm, *n.*: plate-forme; estrade; (railways) gare, *f.*; (plan) plan, modèle, *m.*, ichnographie, *f.*; (of a bridge) tablier, *m.*; (arch) plate-forme, *f.*
plâti-na, *-num*, *n.*: platine, *m.*
plâting, *n.*: opération de plaquer, *f.*
Platonic, *-al*, *adj.*: platonicien; platonique. **-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière platonique.
Plato-nism, *n.*: platonisme, *m.* **-nist**, *n.*: platonicien, *m.*
platoon, *n.*: (milit.) peloton, *m.*: *firing by* —, feu de peloton, *m.*
plâtter, *n.*: grand plat; (pers.) tresseur, *m.*, tresseuse, *f.*
plaudit, *n.*: applaudissement, *m.*
plausi-ble, *adj.*: plausible; (pers.) qui emploie des arguments plausibles; à langue dorée. **-bilty**, **-bleness**, *n.*: plausibilité, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: plausiblement, d'une manière plausible.
plausive, *adj.*: d'applaudissement; plausible.
1. play, *tr.*: (put in motion) faire jouer; (act) jouer, représenter, faire, feindre; (sportive) déployer galement; (a game) jouer, faire; (a trick) jouer, faire; (mus.) jouer de; (the piano, the organ) jouer de; toucher; (the harp, the guitar) pincer de: — *the fool*, badiner; folâtrer; faire la bête; — *off*, déployer, faire voir; (tricks) faire, jouer. **2. play**, *intr.*: jouer; (move) se mouvoir; (frolic) folâtrer, s'amuser, badiner; (tech.) travailler; (mus.) jouer, exécuter; (of precious stones) briller: — *against*, jouer, jouer contre; — *at*, jouer à; — *on*, upon, (mus.) jouer de; (the piano, organ) jouer de; toucher; (the harp, the guitar) pincer de; (mock) se jouer de; — *with*, jouer avec; (trifle with, mock) se jouer de; — *fair*, jouer bon jeu; — *false*, jouer faux; tromper; — *high*, *low*, jouer gros jeu, jouer petit jeu; — *for love*, jouer pour l'honneur, pour le plaisir.
3. play, *n.*: jeu; badinage, *m.*; (recreation) récréation, *f.*; (scope) essor, *m.*, carrière; (mus.) exécution, *f.*; (tech.) jeu; (playhouse) spectacle, théâtre, *m.*; (book) comédie, pièce de théâtre; (representation) représentation, *f.*, spectacle, *m.*: *in* —, pour badiner, pour rire; *at* —, en jouant, en récréation; (gambling) au jeu; *have full* —, avoir libre essor, pleine carrière; *give* — *to*, donner essor à, carrière à; *give full* — *to*, donner beau jeu à; bien traiter; *full of* —, badin; *fair* —, franc jeu; bon jeu; de bonne guerre;

foul —, mauvais jeu; mauvais tour, *m.*; perfidie, *f.*; trait de perfidie, *m.* **-bill**, *n.*: affiche de spectacle, *f.*; programme de spectacle, *m.* **-book**, *n.*: recueil de pièces de théâtre, livre de comédies, *m.*; pièce de théâtre, *f.* **-day**, *n.*: jour de récréation; jour de congé, *m.* **-debt**, *n.*: dette de jeu, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: joueur, *m.*, joueuse, *f.*; (theat.) acteur, *m.*, actrice, *f.*, comédien, *m.*, comédienne, *f.*, artiste, *m.*, *f.*; (mus.) exécutant, *m.*, artiste, *m.*, *f.*; joueur, *m.*, joueuse, *f.*; (idler) fainéant, *m.*, fainéante, *f.* **-fellow**, *n.*: compagnon, *m.*, compagne, *f.*, camarade de jeu, *m.*, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: qui aime à jouer; folâtre, badin. **-fully**, *adv.*: d'une manière badine; en badinant; avec enjouement. **-fulness**, *n.*: badinage, enjouement, *m.*; gaité, *f.* **-game**, *n.*: jeu d'enfants, *m.* **-goer**, *n.*: habitué de spectacle, *m.*, habituée de spectacle, *f.*; coureur de spectacles, *m.*, coureuse de spectacles, *f.* **-going**, *adj.*: qui va souvent au spectacle; qui court les spectacles. **-ground**, *n.*: cour de récréation, *f.* **-hour**, *n.*: heure de récréation, *f.*: — *s*, récréation, *f.* *sing.* **-house**, *n.*: salle de spectacle, *f.*; théâtre, *m.*; comédie, *f.* **-mate**, see *playfellow*. **-room**, *n.*: salle de récréation, *f.* **-some**, **-someness**, see *-ful*, *-fulness*. **-thing**, *n.*: jouet, joujou, *m.* **-time**, *n.*: heures de récréation, *f.* *pl.*; récréation, *f.* *sing.* **-wright**, **-writer**, *n.*: faiseur de pièces de théâtre, *m.*
pléa, *n.*: (jur.) moyen, plaid, *m.*, exception, *f.*; (lawsuit) procès, *m.*, cause; (justification) justification, défense; (urgent prayer) supplication, *f.*: *Court of Common* — *s*, cour des plaids communs, *f.*
pléach, *tr.*: plisser, plier, tresser.
1. pléad, *intr.*: plaider; se défendre; (jur.) se déclarer; (allege) déclarer, alléguer, faire valoir: — *for*, parler en faveur de; — *with*, intervenir auprès de; — *guilty*, se déclarer coupable. **2. plead**, *tr.*: plaider, défendre; (maintain) soutenir; (allege) déclarer, alléguer, faire valoir; (offer in excuse) s'excuser sur: — *against*, opposer à. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être plaidé, qui peut être allégué; (jur.) plaidable. **-er**, *n.*: avocat; défenseur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: plaidoirie, *f.*: — *s*, débats, *m.* *pl.*
pléasant, *adj.*: agréable, charmant; aimable; gracieux; gai. **-ly**, *adv.*: agréablement; d'une manière charmante, aimable; galement; (ludicrously) plaisamment. **-ness**, *n.*: agrément, charme, *m.*; gaité, *f.* **-ry**, *n.*: plaisanterie, *f.*
1. pléas-e, *tr.*: plaire à; faire plaisir à; charmer; contenter; *be* — *d*, être content; (with) être content de; (to) se

plaire à, se faire un plaisir de, daigner, vouloir bien; *you are — d to say so*, cela vous plaît à dire; — *one's self*, se contenter; faire son choix; (*in*) se plaire à 2.-e, intr.: plaire: — *to*, plaire à; vouloir bien; vouloir; daigner; *if you —*, s'il vous plaît; *as you —*, comme il vous plaira; comme bon vous semblera, comme vous voudrez; *if I —*, si cela me plaît; — *God*, s'il plaît à Dieu; — *lift up your hand*, veuillez lever la main. -*ed*, adj.: content (*with*, de); heureux. -*edly*, adv.: d'une manière contente. †*eman*, n.: flageolet, m. -*r*, n.: complaisant, m., complaisante, f.; courtisan, m. 1.-*ing*, adj.: agréable, charmant, aimable, gracieux; (*of things*) riant, agréable. 2.-*ing*, n.: action de plaire, f.; agrément, m. -*ingly*, adv.: agréablement, avec amabilité; gracieusement; d'une manière riante. -*ingness*, n.: agrément, charme, m.; amabilité, nature gracieuse; nature riante, f.

pléasur-able, adj.: agréable, charmant. -*ableness*, n.: agrément, charme, m. -*ably*, adv.: agréablement. 1.-*e*, n.: plaisir; agrément, charme; (*will*) gré, m., volonté, f.: *at —*, à volonté; *at my —*, à mon gré; *what is your —?* qu'y a-t-il pour votre service? *afford — to*, faire plaisir à; *take — in*, prendre plaisir à; *make a — of*, mettre son plaisir à; *esteem it a — to*; *to make a — of*, se faire un plaisir de. 2.-*e*, tr.: plaire à contenter. -*e-boat*, n.: bateau de plaisance, m. -*e-ground*, n.: parc d'agrément, m. -*e-house*, n.: maison de plaisance, f.

1. **plébéian** -*bé-yan*, n.: plébéien, m., plébéienne, f. 2. **plebeian**, adj.: plébéien, vulgaire.

1. **plédg-e**, n.: gage, garant, m.; garantie, f.; nantissement; (*toast*) toast; (*milit.*) otage, m.; (*jur.*) caution, f.: *put in —*, mettre en gage; engager. 2.-*e*, tr.: engager; mettre en gage; (*to vouch for*) garantir; (*toast*) faire raison à. -*ée*, n.: créancier gagiste, m. -*er*, n.: personne qui met en gage, f.; débiteur sur gage; garant, m. -*et*, n.: (*surg.*) plumasseau, m.

pléiad -*plé-yad* (pl. -*es*), n.: Pléiade(s), f. pl.

pléna-rily, adv.: pleinement, complètement. -*riness*, n.: plénitude, f. -*ry*, adj.: plein, complet, entier; (*indulgence*) plénier.

plénili-nary, adj.: de pleine lune. -*ne*, n.: pleine lune, f.

plenipo-tence, -*teney*, n.: plein pouvoir, m. -*tent*, adj.: qui a plein pouvoir. 1.-*tentiary, adj.: plénipotentiaire; (*of things*) plein et entier. 2.-*tentiary*, n.: plénipotentiaire, m.*

plénist, n.: partisan du plénisme, m.

plénitude, n.: plénitude, f.; état complet, m.

plén-teous, adj.: abondant. -*teously*, adv.: abondamment. -*teousness*, n.: abondance, f. -*tiful*, adj.: abondant, en abondance. -*tifully*, adv.: abondamment. -*tifulness*, n.: abondance, f. 1.-*ty*, adj.: abondant; en abondance. 2.-*ty*, n.: abondance, f.; *horn of —*, corne d'abondance, f.

pléo-nasm, n.: pléonasme, m. -*nástical*, adj.: pléonastique. -*nástically*, adv.: par pléonasme; d'une manière pléonastique.

plé-thora, -*thory*, n.: pléthore, f. -*thoric(al)*, -*thorétic*, adj.: pléthorique.

†**pleu-ra**, n.: (*anat.*) plèvre, f. -*risy*, n.: (*med.*) pleurésie, f. -*ritic(al)*, adj.: pleurétique.

pléxus, n.: (*anat.*) plexus, m.

pli-able, adj.: pliable; pliant, souple, flexible. -*ability*, -*ableness*, n.: souplesse, flexibilité, f. -*aney*, n.: flexibilité, f. -*ant*, adj.: pliant, souple, flexible. -*antness*, n.: souplesse, flexibilité, f. -*cated*, adj.: (*bot.*) plié, plissé. **plicature**, -*cation*, n.: action de ployer, f.; pli, double; pliage, m. -*ers*, n. pl.: pincettes, f. pl. -*form*, adj.: en forme de pli.

1. **plight**, n.: (*pledge*) gage; garantie, f.; état périlleux; état, m.; condition, f. 2. **plight**, tr.: engager.

3. **plight**, tr.: plisser, tresser.

plighter, n.: personne qui engage, chose qui engage, f.

plinth, n.: (*arch.*) plinthe, f.; (*of a wall*) bandeau, m.

plód, intr.: marcher laborieusement; s'appliquer, travailler sans relâche, piocher. -*der*, n.: homme de peine, piocheur, m.: *a mere —*, un bon bœuf.

1.-*ding*, adj.: laborieux, d'un travail soutenu. 2.-*ding*, n.: travail laborieux, travail soutenu, pénible, m.

1. **plót**, n.: (*of ground*) petite pièce de terre, f.; petit terrain, petit champ; (*in surveying*) plan de terrain, m. 2. **plot**, tr.: faire un plan (or une carte) de; rapporter.

3. **plót**, (*stratagem*) complot, m., trame; (*dramatic*) intrigue, f.: *lay a —*, ourdir, tramer un complot, ourdir une trame.

4. **plot**, intr.: comploter; (*of things*) se tramer; tr.: comploter, tramer, former le plan de. -*ter*, n.: personne qui forme des plans, des projets; conspirateur, m. 1.-*ting*, n.: stratagème, m. pl.; complot, m.

2. **plötting**, n.: (*in surveying*) rapportage, levé des plans, m.

1. **plough** or **plöw**, n.: charrue; (*fig.*)

culture, agriculture, *f.*; (*bookbind.*) rognoir; (*carp.*) bonnet de deux pièces, *m.*
2-plough, *tr.*: labourer; passer la charrue sur; (*bookbind.*) rogner; (*carp.*) creuser; (*fig.*) sillonner, fendre; *intr.*: labourer.
-able, *adj.*: labourable, arable.
-boy, *n.*: valet de charrue; jeune labourer, *m.*
-er, *n.*: labourer, cultivateur, *m.*
-ing, *n.*: labourage, labour, *m.*
-land, *n.*: terre de labour, *f.*
-man, *n.*: valet de charrue; labourer; paysan, *m.*
-shâre, *n.*: soc de charrue, *m.*
-tail, *n.*: manche de charrue, *m.*

plouer, *n.*: (*orni.*) pluvier, *m.*

1-plück, *tr.*: tirer; (*flowers*, *fruit*) cueillir; (*poultry*) plumer; (*at examinations*) faire fruit sec: — *away*, *off*, arracher, enlever; — *up*, arracher, déraciner; (*courage*) reprendre; *be* — *ed*, (*at examinations*) être fruit sec. **2-pluck**, *n.*: action de tirer; (*of animals*) fressure, *f.*; (*courage*) cœur, courage, *m.* **-er**, *a* personne qui arrache, qui plume, *f.*; cueilleur, *m.*, cueilleuse, *f.*

1-plüg, *n.*: tampon; (*of a water-cock*) piston, *m.* **2-plug**, *tr.*: tamponner.

1-plüm, *n.*: prune, *f.*; (*raisin*) raisin sec; fortune (*anc.* £100,000, cent mille livres sterling); (*pers.*) millionnaire, *m.*

plümage, *n.*: plumage; (*of hawks*) pennage, *m.*

1-plüm-b, *n.*: plomb, fil à plomb, *m.*
2-plum-b, *adv.*: à plomb, droit.
3-plum-b, *tr.*: mettre à plomb; sonder avec le plomb; plomber; fournir (une maison, etc.) avec des tuyaux de plomb.
-bâginous, *adj.*: de plombagine. **-bago**, *n.*: (*min.*) plombagine, *f.* **-bean**, **-beous**, *adj.*: de plomb. **-ber**, *n.*: plombier, *m.*
-bery, *n.*: plomberie, *f.* **-biferous**, *adj.*: plombifère. **-bing**, *n.*: plomberie, *f.* **-b-rule**, *n.*: plomb, *m.* **-b-line**, *n.*: fil à plomb, *m.*

plüm-cake, *n.*: plum-cake, baba, *m.*

1-plü-me, *n.*: plume, *f.*; panache, plumet; (*pride*) orgueil, *m.*; (*token of honour*) palme, *f.*; honneur, *m.* **2-me**, *tr.*: plumer; orner d'un plumet, d'un panache, d'une plume; (*of birds*) nettoyer: — *itself*, (*of birds*) nettoyer ses plumes; — *one's self upon*, se piquer de, se glorifier de. **-meless**, *adj.*: sans plumes; sans plumet, sans panache, sans plume. **-melet**, *n.*: (*bot.*) plumule, *f.* **-migerous**, *adj.*: qui porte des plumes.

plüm-met, *n.*: (*for sounding*) sonde, *f.*; plomb; (*tech.*) plomb; fil à plomb; (*weight*) contrepoids, *m.* **-ming**, *n.*: (*mines*) nivellement au demi-cercle, *m.*

plü-môsc, **-mous**, *adj.*: de plumes; plumeux. **†-mösity**, *n.*: état de ce qui a des plumes, *m.*

1-plümp, *adj.*: dodu, potelé; replet; (*blunt*) brusque; (*downright*) net. **2-plump**, *adv.*: tout d'un coup; lourdement.
3-plump, *tr.*: rendre dodu, rendre potelé; engraisser; donner de l'embonpoint à; enfler; *intr.*: tomber comme une masse; tomber tout-à-coup; (*to enlarge*) s'enfler; s'engraisser. **-er**, *n.*: chose qui enfle; (*lie*) bourde, *f.*; (*vote*) double vote, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: grasset, grassouillet. **-ly**, *adv.*: nettement; rondement. **-ness**, *n.*: état potelé; embonpoint, *m.*

plüm-porridge, *n.*: soupe au raisin, *f.*
-pudding, *n.*: plum-pudding, ponding au raisin, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: prunier, *m.*

plü-mule, *see* plumelet. **-my**, *adj.*: couvert de plumes; orné d'un plumet, d'un panache, d'une plume.

1-plünder, *tr.*: piller, saccager. **2-plunder**, *n.*: pillage; saccagement; butin, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: pillard, pilleur, rapineur, *m.*

1-plün-ge, *tr.*: plonger, précipiter; *intr.*: se plonger, se précipiter, se jeter. **2-ge**, *n.*: action de plonger, *f.*; plongeon; (*difficulty*) embarras, *m.* **-geon**, *n.*: (*orni.*) plongeon, *m.* **-ger**, *n.*: plongeur; (*hydr.*) piston plongeur, plongeur, *m.*

plüperfect, *adj.*: (*gram.*) plus-que-parfait.

1-plü-ral, *adj.*: de plus d'un; (*gram.*) pluriel. **2-plu-ral**, *n.*: pluriel, *m.* **-ralist**, *n.*: ecclésiastique qui jouit de plus d'un bénéfice, *m.* **-rality**, *n.*: pluralité, *f.* **-rally**, *adv.*: dans un sens de pluralité; (*gram.*) au pluriel.

plüs, *adv.*: (*alg.*) plus.

plüsh, *n.*: peluche; futaine, *f.*

1-plü-vial, *n.*: (*Cath. rel.*) pluvial, *m.*
2-vial, **-vions**, *adj.*: pluvieux; pluvial.
-viämeter, *n.*: udomètre, *m.*

1-plý, *tr.*: tplier; s'appliquer à, s'attacher à; manier; (*practice*) exercer, employer, appliquer; (*urge*) presser, solliciter. **2-ply**, *intr.*: plier, céder; (*work steadily*) travailler ferme; (*go in haste*) se rendre à la hâte; (*busy one's self*) s'occuper; (*nav.*) aller à la bouline, bouliner; (*of vehicles*) faire le service, se tenir. **3-ply**, *n.*: pli, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui travaille, chose qui travaille, *f.*: — *s*, (*fort.*) bascule, *f. sing.*

pneu-mätio(al), *adj.*: pneumatique.
-mätics, *n. pl.*: pneumatique, *f. sing.*
-mätöcele, *n.*: (*med.*) pneumatocèle, *f.*
-matolögical, *adj.*: pneumatologique.
-matölogy, *n.*: pneumatologie, *f.* **-mönia**, *n.*: pneumonie, *f.* **1-mönio**, *adj.*: pneumonique. **2-mönio**, *n.*: (*med.*) pneumonique, *m.*

pöach, *tr.*: (*eggs*) pocher (des œufs); faire bouillir légèrement; **†(begin)** commencer, entamer; (*steal*) empocher, voler, piller;

f(spear) harponner; intr.: braconner; (of the earth) être plein de creux (comme sol humide). -ard, n.: (orn.) millouin, m. -er, n.: braconnier, m. -iness, n.: humidité, f. -ing, n.: braconnage, m. -y, adj.: mou, humide, boueux.

pock, n.: grain de petite vérole, m.

1. pock, n.: poche, f.; (job) gousset, m.; (of a billiard-table) blouse, f.: spare any one's —, ménager la bourse de quelqu'un; be out of — by, perdre à. **2. pock**, tr.: empocher; mettre dans la poche; soustraire, dérober; (affront) avaler.

-book, n.: portefeuille, m. **-glass**, n.: miroir de poche, m. **-hole**, n.: ouverture de la poche, f. **-money**, n.: argent pour les menus plaisirs, m.; menus plaisirs, m. pl.; (of children) semaine, f.

pock-hole, -mark, n.: marque de petite vérole, f. **-iness**, n.: état d'une personne atteinte de la petite vérole, m.

-marked, -pitted, adj.: marqué de la petite vérole; grêlé. **-y**, adj.: atteint de la petite vérole; couvert de grains de petite vérole.

1. pōd, n.: cosse; gousse, f. **2. pōd**, tr.: écosser; intr.: produire des cosses, des gosses.

podagric(al), adj.: podagre; (of things) de la goutte.

pōd-ed, adj.: muni de cosse, de gousse; à cosse, à gousse. **-er**, n.: personne qui ramasse des cosses, des gosses, f.

pō-em, n.: poème, m.; poésie, f.; vers, m. pl. **-ematie**, adj.: d'un poème.

-esy, n.: poésie, f. **-et**, n.: poète, m. **-etaster**, n.: poëtereau, rimailleur, m.

-etoss, n.: poëtesse, femme poète, f. **-étique(al)**, adj.: poétique. **-etically**, adv.: poétiquement. **-etics**, n. pl.: poétique, f. sing. **-etise**, intr.: écrire en poète, poétiser. **-etry**, n.: poésie, f.

pōh! interj.: bah!

pōig-naney, n.: piquant, m.; pointe; nature poignante, f. **-nant**, adj.: piquant, mordant; poignant, cuisant. **-nantly**, adv.: d'une manière piquante, cuisante, poignante.

pōint, n.: point, m.; (sharp end) pointe; (aiglet) aiguillette; (of an epigram) pointe; (engr.) pointe, pointe sèche, f.; (astron., geom., gram., muz.) point, m.; (geog.) point, f.; (at cards) point, m.; (print.) pointure; (railways) aiguille, f., rail mobile; (of the compass) quart de vent, m., aire de vent, f.; (of a sail) garcette de ris; (of a cable) queue de rat, f.; (in falconry) point, m.; (quality) qualité, f.; (aim, purpose) but, m., fins, f. pl.: Brussels —, point de Bruxelles; self-acting —, (railways) aiguille à contre-poids; at the — of, au point de; at the — of death, à

l'article de la mort; on the — of, sur le point de; in — of, sous le rapport de; en fait de; in all —, en tout point; de tous points; be to the —, aller au fait; come to the —, venir au fait, arriver au fait; make a — of, se faire un devoir de, une loi de; gain one's —, arriver à ses fins; — blank, de but en blanc; directement. **2. point**, tr.: (sharpen) aiguiser, affiler; (make pointed) tailler, faire une pointe à; (direct) diriger; (fire-arms) pointer, braquer, mettre en joue; (punctuate) ponctuer, pointer; (mark with vowel-points) marquer de point-voyelles; (a sail) garnir de garcettes de ris; (cable) garnir de queues de rat; (mas.) jointoyer: — out, montrer au doigt; signaler; faire remarquer; — the finger at any one, montrer quelqu'un au doigt; be, get — ed at, se faire montrer au doigt. **3. point**, intr.: pointer; (mas.) jointoyer; (of dogs) faire un arrêt, tomber, se mettre, être en arrêt; (nav.) garnir de garcettes de ris, garnir de queues de rat: — at, montrer du doigt; montrer au doigt; — to, indiquer, montrer; (of things) indiquer; se tourner vers. **-ed**, adj.: (sharp) à pointe, pointu; (epigrammatic) épigrammatique, piquant; (personal) personnel: — style, (arch.) style Gothique, m. **-edly**, adv.: d'une manière piquante; positivement, expressément; directement. **-edness**, n.: forme pointue, f.; aspérité; pointe; tournure épigrammatique, f. **-er**, n.: index, m.; aiguille, f.; (dog) chien d'arrêt, m.; (railways) aiguille, f., rail mobile, m. **-ing**, n.: (artil.) pointement, pointage; (mas.) jointolement, m.; (gram.) ponctuation, f. **-ing-stock**, n.: objet de mépris, m.; risée, f. **-less**, adj.: sans pointe; fade. **-sman**, n.: (railways) aiguilleur, m.

1. pōise, n.: poids, m.; pondération, importance, f.; équilibre, m. **2. poise**, tr.: peser; donner du poids à; balancer; équilibrer, tenir en équilibre; pondérer.

1. pōison, n.: poison, m. **2. poison**, tr.: empoisonner. **-er**, n.: empoisonneur, m., empoisonneuse, f. **-nut**, n.: (bot.) noix vomique, f. **-ous**, adj.: empoisonné, vénéneux, venimeux. **-ously**, adv.: avec venin. **-ousness**, n.: nature vénéneuse, f.; poison, m. **-tree**, n.: (bot.) upas de Java, m.

1. pōke, n.: sachet, m.; poche, f.: buy a pig in a —, acheter chat en poche.

2. pō-ke, tr. and intr.: heurter contre, pousser; tâter, tâtonner; (the fire) attiser, remuer, fourgonner; (of cattle) donner des cornes contre: — about, pousser; (the fire) remuer; fouiller, farfouiller; — after, for, chercher; chercher à tâtons; — fun at, se rire de, se moquer de. **-ker**, n.:

tisonnier; fourgon, m. 1.-king, adj.: servile; obscur; sale: —hole, taudis, m. 2.-king, n.: action de pousser, f.; (of the fire) remuage, m.

pō-lar, adj.: polaire. -larity, n.: polarité, f. -larisation, n.: polarisation, f. -larise, tr.: polariser. 1.-le, n.: pôle, m. 2.-pôle, n.: perche, f.; (staff) bâton; (of a carriage) timon; (of a dancer) balancier, m.; (of a stable) barre, f.; (nav.) pible, m.; (of a mast) flèche; (measure) perche (mètres 5.02911), f.: under bare —s, (nav.) à sec; greasy —, mât de cocagne, m. 3.-pole, tr.: mettre des perches à; (bear) porter sur une perche; (impel) faire avancer au moyen d'une perche.

4.**Pôle**, n.: Polonais, m., Polonaise, f. **pôle-axe**, n.: hache d'armes, f. **pōlecat**, n.: putois, m. 1.-polémic, -al, adj.: polémique. 2.-polémic, n.: écrivain polémique, m. -s, n. pl.: polémique, f. sing. **pôle-star**, n.: étoile polaire, f. **police**, n.: police, f.; — court, tribunal de simple police, m.; — officer, agent de police, m.; — spy, espion de police; mouchard, m. -d, adj.: policé. -man, n.: agent de police, sergent de ville, m. **poliey**, n.: politique; (com.) police, f.: — of insurance, police d'assurance; life —, police d'assurance sur la vie; fire —, police d'assurance contre l'incendie. **pōling**, n.: bordage; blindage, m. **Pōlish**, adj.: polonais. 1.-pōlish, tr.: polir; (fig.) policer; intr.: se polir; (fig.) se façonner, se dégorger: — up, polir, dégorger; (pers.) façonner, dégorger. 2.-polish, n.: poli, m.; (fig.) élégance, f. -able, adj.: susceptible de poli. -ed, adj.: poli; (pers.) de manières élégantes; policé. -er, n.: polisseur, (thing) polissoir, m. -ing, n.: polissage, f.; poli; polissage, m. **polite**, adj.: poli. -ly, adv.: poliment. -ness, n.: politesse, f. **pō-litic**, adj.: politique, fin. -litical, adj.: politique. -liticaly, adv.: politiquement. -liticalian, n.: politique, m. -liticaly, adv.: politiquement; d'une manière fine. -liticals, n. pl.: politique, f. sing. -lity, n.: constitution politique, f.; gouvernement, m. 1.-pōll, n.: (head) tête, f., occiput, m.; (register of 'heads') liste de personnes; (register of electors) liste électorale, liste d'électeurs, f.; collège électoral, m.; élection; place électorale, urne du scrutin, f. 2.-poll, tr.: (clip the head) étêter; raser, tondre; abattre, faucher; fûdépouiller; payer en impôt; (register) s'enrôler, inscrire; (votes) déposer, enregistrer; voter, tirer, gagner; intr.: voter.

3.-pōll, n.: (parrot) jaquet, jaco(t), m. **pōllack**, n.: merlan jaune, m. 1.-pōll-ard, n.: (hort.) têtard; (meal) mélange de son et de farine, m. 2.-ard, tr.: (hort.) étêter. -ed, adj.: sans cornes; étêté. **pōllen**, n.: (agri.) recoupe, f.; (bot.) pollen, m. **pōller**, n.: personne qui enregistre les votes, f.; (voter) votant, m.; (hort.) personne qui étête les arbres, f. **pollicitation**, n.: promesse; (jur.) pollicitation, f. **pōll-tax**, n.: capitation, f. 1.-pōll-ate, tr.: polluer, souiller, profaner; flétrir, corrompre, pervertir; rendre impur. 2.-te, adj.: souillé. -tedness, n.: impureté; pollution; souillure, f. -ter, n.: personne qui pollue, qui profane, qui souille, f.; corrupteur, m., corruptrice, f. -tion, n.: pollution; profanation; souillure, f. **polonèse**, n.: (garment) polonaise, f. **poltrōon**, n.: poltron, m., poltronne, f. -ery, n.: poltronnerie, f. **pōly- or pōly-** (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -adōlphia, n.: (bot.) polyadelphie, f. -āndria, n.: (bot.) polyandrie, f. -ānthus, n.: primevère, f. -gāmia, n.: (bot.) polygamie, f. -gāmian, adj.: polygame; n.: plante polygame, f. -gamist, n.: polygame, m., f. -gamous, adj.: polygame. -gamy, n.: polygamie, f. -glot, adj.: polyglotte; n.: polyglotte, f. -gon, n.: polygone, m. -gonal, -gonous, adj.: polygone. -hēdral, -hēdric, -hēdrons, adj.: à plusieurs faces, à plusieurs côtés; polyédrique. -hēdron, n.: (geom.) polyèdre, m. -nōme, n.: (alg.) polynôme, m. -pētalous, adj.: (bot.) polypétale. -p(e), n.: polype, m. -pōlypiēr, n.: polyptier, m. -pode, n.: (ent.) mille-pieds, m. -pōdy, n.: (bot.) polypode, m. -pus, n.: polype, m. -syl-lābic, adj.: polysyllabique, polysyllabe. -syllable, n.: polysyllabe, m. -tēch-nic, adj.: polytechnique. -thēism, n.: polythéisme, m. -thēist, n.: polythéiste, m. -thēistic(al), adj.: polythéiste. **pō-māce**, n.: marc de pommes, m. -māceous, adj.: de pommes; de marc de pommes. **pōmā-de**, n.: pommade, f. 1.-tūm, n.: pommade, f. 2.-tum, tr.: pommader. **pōme-citron**, n.: (bot.) cédrat, m. -granate, n.: grenade, f.; (tree) grenadier, m. **pōmmel**, n.: pommelte, f.; (of a saddle, a sword) pommeau, m. 2.-pōmmel, tr.: rosser, froter. **pōmp**, n.: pompe, f.; éclat, faste, m.

pompion, *n.*: citrouille, courge, *f.*; potiron, *m.*
pompôsy, *n.*: pompe; emphase, *f.*; pathos, *m.*
pompous, *adj.*: pompeux, fastueux, emphatique. **-ly**, *adv.*: pompeusement; fastueusement; emphatiquement. **-ness**, *n.*: pompe, emphase, *f.*; pathos; éclat, *m.*
1. pônd, *n.*: étang, vivier, *m.*; mare, *f.*
2. pond, *tr.*: établir un étang.
1. pônder, *tr.*: peser, considérer, méditer; réfléchir à. **2. pônder**, *intr.*: méditer, réfléchir. **-ability**, *n.*: pondérabilité, *f.*
-able, *adj.*: pondérable. **-ation**, *n.*: pondération, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui pèse, qui considère, qui médite, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec méditation; avec réflexion.
-osity, *n.*: pesanteur, gravité, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: pesant; important; fort. **-ously**, *adv.*: avec grand poids; pesamment. **-ousness**, *n.*: poids, *m.*; pesanteur, gravité, *f.*
pônd-weed, *n.*: (bot.) potamot, potamogeton flottant, épi d'eau, *m.*
pôngo, *n.*: (mam.) pongo, *m.*
1. pôniard, *n.*: poignard, *m.* **2. poniard**, *tr.*: poignarder.
pônk, *n.*: lutin, *m.*
pôntage, *n.*: pontonage, *m.*
pôn-tiff, *n.*: pontife, *m.* **1. -tiffe(al)**, *adj.*: pontifical; (magnificent) magnifique; des prêtres. **2. -tifical**, *n.*: pontifical, *m.*: — *s.*, habits pontificaux. **-tiffically**, *adv.*: pontificalement, en pontife. **-tificate**, *n.*: pontificat, *m.*
Pôntine, *adj.*: pontin.
pôntlevis, *n.*: pont-levis, *m.*
pontoon, *n.*: ponton, *m.*: — *bridge*, pontons, *m. pl.*; — *train*, équipage de pont, *m.*
pôny, *n.*: poney, ponet, petit cheval, *m.*
pôodle, *n.*: caniche, chien caniche, *m.*
pôol, *n.*: étang, *m.*; mare; (at cards) poule, *f.*
pôop, *n.*: dunette, poupe, *f.*; arrière, *m.*
pôor, *adj.*: pauvre; indigent; (unhappy) malheureux; (trifling, paltry) méchant, triste; (bad) mauvais: *the — (pl.)* les indigents; *a — man*, un homme pauvre; — *little fellow*, pauvre petit; *the — fellow*, le malheureux; *have a — opinion of*, avoir une triste opinion de; *the patient has passed a — night*, le malade a passé une mauvaise nuit; *a — excuse*, une mauvaise excuse; — *fare*, mauvaise chère; *as — as a church mouse*, gueux comme un rat d'église. **-box**, *n.*: tronc des pauvres, *m.* **-law**, *n.*: loi sur les pauvres, *f.* **1. -ly**, *adj.*: indisposé, souffrant. **2. -ly**, *adv.*: pauvrement; mal, tristement. **-ness**, *n.*: pauvreté; indigence; (mediocrity) médiocrité; (meanness) bassesse; (barrenness) stérilité; (bad quality) mauvaise qualité, *f.* **-rate**, *n.*: taxe des

pauvres, *f.* **-spirited**, *adj.*: lâche; sans cœur. **-spiritedness**, *n.*: lâcheté, *f.*; manque de cœur, *m.*
1. pôp, *n.*: son vif et aigu, *m.*, crépitation, *f.* **2. pop**, *intr.*: faire un son vif et aigu, pétiller; survenir; subitement, précipitamment: — *in*, entrer subitement, précipitamment; — *off*, s'en aller subitement, précipitamment; — *out*, sortir subitement, précipitamment; — *up*, se lever subitement, précipitamment. **3. pop**, *tr.*: pousser subitement, précipitamment: — (a gun), tirer; — *off*, renvoyer subitement; — *up*, faire monter subitement; — *the question*, demander en mariage subitement; lâcher le grand mot tout à coup.
4. pop, *adv.*: soudain, tout à coup; crao!
5. pôp, *Am. vulg.* for *populist*.
pôp-corn, *n.*: maïs à pétiller, *m.*
pôpe, *n.*: pape; (of the Greek church) pope, *m.* **-dom**, *n.*: papauté, *f.* **-jôan**, *n.*: (game) nain jaune, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: papiste, *m.* **pôpe-ry**, *n.*: papisme, *m.*
pôpgun, *n.*: (troy) canonnière, *f.*
pôpinjay, *n.*: perroquet; (fop) freluquet, fat, damoiseau, *m.*
pôpish, *adj.*: papiste; (of things) de papiste. **-ly**, *adv.*: en papiste.
pôplar, *n.*: (bot.) peuplier, *m.*
pôplin, *n.*: popeline, *f.*
pop-liteal, **-littic**, *adj.*: poplité.
pôppy, *n.*: pavot, *m.*; caillette, *f.* **-head**, *n.*: tête de pavot; (arch.) poupée, *f.* **-seed**, *n.*: graine de pavot, *m.*
pôpu-lace, *n.*: populace, *f.* **-lar**, *adj.*: populaire. **-larity**, *n.*: popularité, *f.* **-larise**, *tr.*: populariser. **-larly**, *adv.*: populairement. **1. -late**, *tr.*: peupler. **2. -late**, *intr.*: se peupler. **-lâtion**, *n.*: population, *f.* **-list**, *n.*: (Am.) membre du 'parti du peuple.' **-listic**, *adj.*: (Am.) du 'parti du peuple.' **-liism**, *n.*: (Am.) foi du 'parti du peuple.' *f.* **-lôcity** = *-lousness*. **-lous**, *adj.*: peuplé. **-lously**, *adv.*: d'une manière peuplée. **-lousness**, *n.*: richesse abondance d'habitants, grande population, *f.*
pôrecelain, *n.*: porcelaine, *f.*; (bot.) pourpier, *m.*
pôrch, *n.*: porche, portique, *m.*; (antiq.) portique, *m.*, doctrine du portique, *f.*
pôr-cine, *adj.*: de porc, du porc. **-cypine**, *n.*: porc-épic, *m.*
1. pôre, *intr.*: regarder avec grande attention: — *on, over*, fixer les yeux sur; avoir les yeux fixés sur, collés sur; pâler sur.
2. pôr-e, *n.*: pore, *m.* **-iform** *ô*, *adj.*: poriforme. **-iness**, *n.*: porosité, *f.*
pô-rism, *n.*: porisme, *m.* **-ristic(al)**, *adj.*: poristique.
pôrk, *n.*: porc, *m.* **-bone**, *n.*: savouret de porc, *m.* **-butcher**, *n.*: char-

cutier, m. -**chop**, n.: côtelette de porc, f. -**er**, n.: porc; cochon, m. -**et**, -**ling**, n.: jeune porc, jeune cochon, m.

porosity, n.: porosité, f.

porous, adj.: poreux. -**ness**, n.: porosité.

pôr-phyre = **porphyry**. -**phyritic(al)**, adj.: porphyrique, porphyritique. -**phy-rise**, tr.: faire ressembler au porphyre. -**phyry**, n.: porphyre, m.

porpoise **pôr-pûs**, n.: marsouin, pour-ceau de mer, m.

porraceous, adj.: porracé.

porret, n.: (bot.) échalotte, f.

porridge, n.: potage, m.; soupe, f.: -**pot**, pot, m.; marmite, f. -**inger**, n.: écuelle, f.

1. **pört**, n.: (harbour) port, havre, m.; (entrance) porte, f.; portail; sabord (d'un vaisseau); (wine) Porto, m. 2. **port**, tr.: (nav.) mettre (la barre) à bâbord. 3. **port**, n.: (nav.) bâbord, m. 4. **port**, n.: (bear-ing) port, maintien, air, m.; tenue; conduite, f. 5. **port**, tr.: (porter; mil.) présenter obliquement (les armes). -**able**, adj.: portatif. -**ableness**, n.: nature, forme portative, f. -**age**, n.: portage, port, m.

pörtal, n.: portail; (of a door) tambour, m.; (fig.) porte, f.

pörtamentq, n.: (mus.) port de voix, m.

pört-charges, n. pl.: frais de port, m. pl.

pört-crayon, n.: porte-crayon, m.

1. **pört-cüllis**, n.: (fort.) herse, f. 2. **cül-lis**, tr.: défendre par une herse; fermer, barrer, obstruer.

Pörte, n.: Porte, f.: Sublime —, Sublime Porte.

por-tënd, tr.: présager; augurer. -**tënt**, n.: présage sinistre, mauvais augure, m. -**tëntons**, adj.: de mauvais augure; de sinistre présage; monstueux, prodigieux.

1. **pörter**, n.: (door-keeper) portier, concierge, m.

2. **pörter**, n.: porteur, commissionnaire; crocheteur, portefaix; (liquor) porter, m. 1. -**age**, n.: port; portage.

2. **pörterage**, n.: (of a door-keeper) état de portier, de concierge, m.

portföliq, n.: portefeuille, m.

pörthole, n.: sabord, m.

pörtice, n.: portique, m.

1. **pörtion**, n.: portion, part; (dowry) dot, f. 2. **portion**, tr.: partager, distribuer; doter. -**er**, n.: personne qui fait les portions, qui fait une répartition, f.; répartiteur, m.

pörtlast = **portoise**.

pört-lid, n.: mantelet de sabord, m.

pört-liness, n.: port majestueux, m. -**ly**, adj.: de noble port; (corpulent) cor-pulent.

pörtman, n.: habitant d'un port, m.

pörtmanteau -**te**, n.: valise, f.; porte-manteau, m.

pörtoise, n.: plat-bord, m.

pörtrait, n.: portrait, m.: full-length —, portrait en pied; half-length —, portrait en buste; have one's — taken, se faire peindre; faire faire son portrait. -**pain-ter**, n.: peintre de portraits, m. -**ure**, n.: portraiture, f.; portrait, tableau, m.

pörtträy, tr.: peindre; dépeindre. -**er**, n.: peintre, m.

pörtress, n.: portière, concierge, f.

1. **Pörtuguese**, adj.: portugais. 2. **Por-tuguese**, n.: Portugais, m., Portugaise, f.; (language) portugais, m.

pöry, adj.: poreux.

pö-ße, tr.: embarrasser, confondre; poser des questions difficiles à. -**ßer**, n.: personne qui embarrasser, qui confond; (thing) question embarrassante, chose qui ferme la bouche, qui met à quia, f. -**ßition** **pö**, n.: (situation) position; (state) position, condition, f., état; (principle laid down) principe avancé, principe, m.; (ad-vancement of a principle) position; (gram., milit.) position; (arith.) fausse position, règle de fausse position, f.: in a — to, en position de; en état de.

1. **pösitive**, adj.: positif; absolu; précis, exact; (confident) sûr, certain; (decisive) décisif, tranchant. 2. **positive**, n.: positif; (gram.) positif, m. -**ly**, adv.: positivement; absolument; précisément, exactement; décidément, d'une manière tranchante. -**ness**, n.: réalité; nature positive; nature absolue; caractère positif; caractère absolu, m.; précision, exactitude, f.; ton décisif, ton tranchant, m.

pösse or pösse comitatus, n.: force publique d'un comté; (crowd) cohue, foule, f.

pos-ßess, tr.: posséder; être possesseur de; être en possession de; (occupy) occuper; (obtain possession of) s'emparer de, se rendre maître de: — one's self of, se rendre maître de; s'emparer de; be —ed of, être possesseur de; —ed with the devil, possédé du démon. -**ßession**, n.: possession; (thing possessed) possession, f., bien, m.; (jur.) possession, f.; (of real property) possessoire, m.: enter in —, entrer en possession; take — of, prendre possession de; entrer en jouissance de; (to seize) s'emparer de; (jur.) se saisir de. 1. -**ßessive**, adj.: qui possède; (gram.) possessif. 2. -**ßessive**, n.: possessif, m. -**ßessor**, n.: possesseur; (of a bill) porteur, m. -**ßessory**, adj.: qui possède; possessoire.

1. **pösset**, n.: lait caillé au vin, etc., m. 2. **posset**, tr.: faire cailler.

possibility, *n.*: possibilité, *f.*

possi-ble, *adj.*: possible; absolument.

-bly, *adv.*: peut-être.

1. post, *n.*: poteau; (*of a door*) montant; (*milit.*) poste; (*employment*) poste, *m.*, place; (*post-office*) poste, *f.*; (*paper*) écu, *m.*: *by the* —, par la poste, par le courrier; *by return of* —, par le retour du courrier; *travel* —, voyager en poste.

2. post, *tr.*: coller sur un poteau, etc.; afficher; (*letters*) jeter à la poste, mettre à la poste, déposer à la poste; (*milit.*) poster; (*in book-keeping*) porter au grand livre: — *up*, poser, afficher. **3. post**, *tr.*: voyager en poste, aller en poste; courir la poste; marcher rapidement; voler: — *off*, s'en aller en poste; s'en aller à la hâte. **-age**, *n.*: port de lettre, port, *m.*: *pay the* — *of*, payer le port de; affranchir. **-age-stamp**, *n.*: timbre-poste, *m.* **-boy**, *n.*: postillon, *m.* **-captain**, *n.*: capitaine de vaisseau, *m.* **-chaise**, *n.*: chaise de poste, *f.*

1. post-date, *n.*: postdate, *f.* **2. -date**, *tr.*: postdater. **-diluvial**, *1. -diluvian*, *adj.*: postdiluvien. **2. -diluvian**, *n.*: personne qui a vécu postérieurement au déluge, *f.*

post-er, *n.*: courrier, *m.*; (*bills or notices*) affiche, *f.*

post-erior, *adj.*: postérieur. **-erior-ity**, *n.*: postériorité, *f.* **-eriors**, *n. pl.*: parties postérieures, *f. pl.*; postérieur, *m. sing.* **-erity**, *n.*: postérité, *f.* **1. -ern**, *n.*: porte de derrière; porte dérobée; (*fort.*) poterne, *f.* **2. -ern**, *adj.*: de derrière; dérobé.

post-existence, *n.*: existence postérieure, *f.*

1. postfix, *n.*: (*gram.*) terminaison; particule finale, *f.*, suffixe, *m.* **2. postfix**, *tr.*: (*gram.*) ajouter une terminaison, une particule finale.

post-hackney, *n.*: cheval de poste, *m.* **1. -haste**, *adj.*: très prompt. **2. -haste**, *adv.*: train de poste, en grande diligence. **-horse**, cheval de poste, *m.* **-house**, *n.*: poste aux chevaux, *f.*; bureau de poste, *m.*

posthumous, *adj.*: posthume. **-ly**, *adv.*: après la mort.

1. postil, *n.*: note marginale; apostille, *f.* **2. postil**, *tr.*: commenter; apostiller; *intr.*: faire des notes marginales, des apostilles. **1. -ler**, *n.*: commentateur, *m.* **-late**, *intr.*, *tr.*: commenter (*sur*).

postillion, *n.*: postillon, *m.*

posting, *n.*: voyage en poste; louage de chevaux de poste, *m.*

postlimini-ar, *-ous*, *adj.*: subséquent.

postman (*pl. postmen*), *n.*: facteur de la poste, facteur, *m.* **-mark**, *n.*: marque

de la poste, *f.*; timbre de la poste, *m.*

-master, *n.*: directeur de poste, *m.*: — *general*, directeur général des postes, *m.*

post-meridian, *adj.*: de l'après-midi.

-môrtem, *n.*: autopsie, *f.*: — *examination*, autopsie, *f.*

post-note, *n.*: (*com.*) mandat de banque, *m.*

-office, *n.*: bureau de poste, *m.*; poste; poste aux lettres; boîte aux lettres;

administration des postes, *f.*: *be left at the* —; *till called for*, poste restante.

-paid, *adj.*: affranchi, franc de port; port payé. **-stamp**, *n.*: timbre de la

poste, *f.*

postpôn-e, *tr.*: ajourner; différer; remettre; (*†esteem less*) estimer moins.

†-ement, *n.*: ajournement, *m.*; remise, *f.*

-er, *n.*: personne qui ajourne, qui remet, qui diffère, *f.*

post-scénium, *n.*: postscénium, *m.*

-script, *n.*: postscriptum, *m.*; apostille, *f.*

post-stage, *n.*: relais de poste, *m.*

-town, *n.*: ville où il y a un bureau de poste; ville où il y a une poste aux che-

vaux.

postu-lant, *n.*: postulant, *m.*, postu-

lante, *f.* **1. -late**, *tr.*: postuler, solliciter; s'arroger. **2. -late**, *n.*: postulat, *m.*

-lation, *n.*: supplication; supposition; cause, demande, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: sup-

posé, sans preuve. **-lâturn**, *n.*: postu-

lat, *m.* **1. -re**, *n.*: posture, position, pose, *f.*; état, *m.*; (*paint.*) attitude, pose, *f.*

2. -re, *tr.*: placer dans une certaine posture.

pösy, *n.*: devise, *f.*

1. pöt, *n.*: pot, *m.*; marmite, *f.*: (*pop.*) *go to* —, s'en aller au diable. **2. pot**, *tr.*: empoter, mettre en pot.

1. pöt-able, *adj.*: potable. **2. pot-able**, *n.*: chose potable, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: qualité d'être potable, *f.*

pöt-ash, *-ässä*, *n.*: potasse, *f.* **-ässium**, *n.*: potassium, *m.*

potâtion, *n.*: débauche; libation, *f.*

potâto (*pl. -oes*), *n.*: pomme de terre, *f.*

pöt-bellied, *adj.*: pansu, ventru. **-bel-**

ly, *n.*: grosse panse, *f.*; gros ventre, *m.*

-boy, *n.*: garçon de cabaret, *m.* **-com-**

panion, *n.*: camarade de bouteille; compagnon de débauche, *m.*

pö-teney, *n.*: puissance, autorité, *f.*; pouvoir, *m.* **-tent**, *adj.*: puissant, fort.

-tentate, *adj.*: potentat, *m.* **1. -tên-**

țial, *adj.*: virtuel, efficace; (*gram., med.*)

potentiel. **2. -tential**, *n.*: chose virtuel-

le, *f.* **-tentiality**, *n.*: virtualité, *f.*

-tentially, *adv.*: virtuellement. **-tent-**

ly, *adv.*: puissamment.

1. pöther, *n.*: confusion, *f.*; tumulte; tintamarre, *m.* **2. pöther**, *tr.*: tourmen-

ter, ennuyer, tarabuster; *intr.*: se trémousser.

pôt-herb, *n.*: herbe potagère, *f.* **-hook**, *n.*: (*pot.*) crémaillère, *f.*; (*in writing*) jambage; (*scrawl*) griffonnage, *m.* **-house**, *n.*: cabaret, *m.*

pôt-ion, *n.*: potion, *f.*; breuvage, *m.*

pôt-lid, *n.*: couvercle, *m.* **-luck**, *n.*: fortune du pot, *f.* **-man**, *m.*: garçon de cabaret, *m.* **1.-pourri** *pô-pôri*, *n.*: potpourri; mélange, *m.* **-sherd**, *n.*: fragment d'un pot, tesson, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) pierre ollaire, *f.* **-tage**, *n.*: potage, *m.* **-ter**, *n.*: potier, *m.* **-tery**, *n.*: poterie, *f.* **-ting**, *n.*: mise en pot; (*tippling*) boisson, *f.* **-tle**, *n.*: quatre pintes, *f. pl.*; (*for fruit*) petit panier, *m.* **-valiant**, *adj.*: brave le verre en main.

1.pouch, *n.*: poche, *f.*; sachet, *m.*; (*belly*) grosse panse, bedaine; (*of animals*) bourse; (*of monkeys*) abajoue, *f.* **2.pouch**, *tr.*: empocher; (*of birds*) avaler. **-ed**, *adj.*: à bourse, marsupial; (*orni.*) à poche.

poultérer, *n.*: poulailler; marchand de volaille, *m.*

1.poultice, *n.*: cataplasme, *m.* **2.poultice**, *tr.*: appliquer un cataplasme à.

poultry, *n.*: volaille, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: poulailler, *m.* **-yard**, *n.*: basse-cour, *f.*

1.pounce, *n.*: sandaraque; poudre de sandaraque; ponce, *f.*

2.pounce, *n.*: (*of birds*) griffe, serre, *f.* **3.pounce**, *intr.*: fondre sur; *tr.*: pincer; saisir; percer, perforer; (*of birds*) saisir avec les serres.

1.pound, *n.*: (*weight*) livre; (*coin*) livre sterling (*fr.* 25); livre, *f.*; —, (*apothecaries' weight*) livre (grammes 373.233); —, (*avoirdupois weight*) livre (grammes 450.544): *by the* —, à la livre; *so much in the* —, tant pour cent.

2.pound, *tr.*: piler, broyer; battre; (*animal*) mettre en fourrière; (*metal*) bocarder.

3.pound, *n.*: (*enclosure*) fourrière, *f.*; filet, *m.* **4.pound**, *tr.*: mettre en fourrière.

1.poundage, *n.*: pondage, *m.*; commission de tant par livre, *f.*

2.poundage, *n.*: mettant en fourrière, *m.* **-breach**, *n.*: infraction de fourrière, *f.*

1.pounder, *n.*: personne ou chose de tant de livres: *twenty-four* —, (*artil.*) canon de vingt-quatre livres de balle, *m.*, pièce de vingt-quatre, *f.*; (*ball*) boulet de vingt-quatre, *m.*

2.pounder, *n.*: pilon, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: broiement; pilage; (*metal*) bocardage, *m.*

pound-keeper, *n.*: gardien de fourrière, *m.*

1.pour, *tr.*: verser; répandre: — *forth*,

verser; répandre; — *in*, verser dans; lancer; — *out*, verser; répandre; décharger; lâcher. **2.pour**, *intr.*: couler; se précipiter; (*of the rain*) pleuvoir à verse. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui verse, *f.*

1.pout, *intr.*: boudier; faire la mine, faire la moue; déborder, saillir; — *at*, boudier; — *one's lip*, faire la moue. **2.pout**, *n.*: bouderie, moue; (*ichth.*) lamproie, *f.*; (*orni.*) francolin, *m.* **1.-ing**, *adj.*: qui fait la mine, qui fait la moue; saillant. **2.-ing**, *n.*: bouderie, moue, mine, *f.*

poverty, *n.*: pauvreté, misère, *f.*: *come to* —, tomber dans la misère.

1.powder, *n.*: poudre, *f.*: *waste* — *and shot*, tirer sa poudre aux moineaux. **2.powder**, *tr.*: réduire en poudre; piler; pulvériser; (*the hair*) poudrer; (*sprinkle with salt*) saupoudrer de sel. **-box**, *n.*: poudrier, *m.* **-cart**, *n.*: caisson, *m.*

-chest, *n.*: caisson à poudre, *m.* **-flask**, **-horn**, *n.*: poire à poudre, flasque, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: pulvérisation; action de poudrer les cheveux; salaison, *f.* **-ing-tub**, *n.*: saloir, *m.* **-magazine**, *n.*: poudrière; (*nav.*) soute aux poudres, *f.* **-mill**, *n.*: poudrière, *f.*; moulin à poudre, *m.* **-puff**, *n.*: houpe à poudrer, *f.* **-room**, *n.*: (*nav.*) soute aux poudres, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: poudreux; friable.

power, *n.*: pouvoir, *m.*; force, puissance, *f.*: (*ability*) talent, *m.*, moyens, *m. pl.*, forces, *f. pl.*: (*faculty*) faculté; (*military force*) armée, puissance militaire, *f.*, forces, *f. pl.*; (*mech.*) effet, travail, *m.*, puissance; force; (*math.*) puissance, *f.*: *the utmost of one's* —, de tout son pouvoir; autant que possible; autant que faire se peut; *have it in one's* —, être en pouvoir de; avoir en son pouvoir de; être à même de; *a machine of eight horse* —, une machine de la force de huit chevaux. **-ful** **-ful**, *adj.*: puissant; fort; efficace. **-fully**, *adv.*: puissamment, fortement, efficacement. **-fulness**, *n.*: puissance, force, énergie; efficacité, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: impuissant, faible; inefficace. **-loom**, *n.*: métier à tisser, métier mécanique, *m.* **-owner**, *n.*: propriétaire de métier mécanique, *m.*

pox, *n.*: vérole, *f.*: *chicken* —, vérole volante; *small* —, petite vérole; *cow* —, vaccine, *f.*

pöy, *n.*: balancier, *m.*

pozz(u)olana, *n.*: pouzzolane, *f.*

practi-cable, *adj.*: praticable, faisable.

-cability, **-cableness**, *n.*: nature praticable; possibilité, *f.* **-cal**, *adj.*: pratique; praticien. **-cally**, *adv.*: pratiquement; en pratique, dans la pratique.

-calness, *n.*: nature, qualité pratique, *f.*

prác-tice, *n.*: pratique, (*eustom*) habi-

tude, coutume, *f.*, usage; (*exercice*) *exercice*, *m.*; (*of doctors, barristers*) clientèle, *f.*; (*artifice*) artifice, stratagème, *m.*; (*arith.*) méthode des parties aliquotes; (*jur.*) pratique, *f.* -**ti**ce, *tr.*: pratiquer, mettre en pratique; (*commit*) commettre, exercer; (*profession*) exercer, pratiquer; (*mus.*) étudier; *tr.*: pratiquer; exercer; (*to try artifices*) employer des pratiques, employer des menées; (*mus.*) étudier, s'exercer. -**ti**cer, *n.*: personne qui pratique, qui met en pratique, *f.*; praticien, *m.* -**ti**cing, *adj.*: praticien; en exercice. -**ti**tioner, *n.*: praticien; médecin praticien, *m.*

præcognita *præ*, *n. pl.*: choses connues, *f. pl.*

præmunire *præ*, *n.*: (*jur.*) atteinte portée aux droits du souverain ou des chambres, *f.*

prætēta *præ*, *n.*: (*antiq.*) prétexte, robe, prétexte, *f.*

prætor *præ*, etc. = *prætor*, etc.

pragmatic, *adj.*: pragmatique: — sanction, pragmatique sanction; pragmatique, *f.* **pragmatic**, *al*, *adj.*: prêt à se mêler des affaires d'autrui; importun. -**ally**, *adv.*: en se mêlant des affaires d'autrui; avec importunité. -**alness**, *n.*: disposition à se mêler des affaires d'autrui; importunité, *f.*

pragmatist, *n.*: personne qui se mêle des affaires d'autrui, *f.*; importun, *m.*

prairie, *prairy*, *n.*: prairie, *f.*

praise, *tr.*: louer, faire l'éloge de; (*biblically*) louer, célébrer, glorifier. **praise**, *n.*: louange, *f.*; éloge, *m.*: *bestow* — *on*, donner des louanges à, des éloges à. -**less**, *adj.*: sans louange; sans éloge. -**r** -**er**, *n.*: distributeur d'éloges; approbateur; louangeur, *m.* -**worthily**, *adv.*: d'une manière louable. -**worthiness**, *n.*: mérite, *m.* -**worthy**, *adj.*: louable; digne d'éloge.

prâm, *prâme*, *n.*: (*nav.*) prame, *f.*

prân -**ce**, *intr.*: se cabrer; (*pers.*) se carrer. -**cer**, *n.*: cheval qui se cabre, *m.* -**cing**, *n.*: action de se cabrer, *f.*

prank, *tr.*: attifer, orner, parer. **prank**, *n.*: escapade; fredaine; farce; niche, *f.*; tour, *m.*: *play a* — *on*, faire une farce à, une niche à, un tour à; *play one's* — *s*, faire des siennes. **prank**, *adj.*: badin; espiègle; malin. -**ish**, *adj.*: badin; espiègle; malin.

prâ -**te**, *intr.*: jaser, babiller, bavarder; *tr.*: débiter; dire sottement. **prâ** -**te**, *n.*: babill, caquet, caquetage, bavardage, *m.* -**ter**, *n.*: jaseur, *m.*, jaseuse, *f.*; caqueteur, *m.*, caquetteuse, *f.*; bavard, *m.*, bavarde, *f.*; babillard, *m.*, babillarde, *f.* -**tingly**, *adv.*: en bavard, en babillard.

pratique -**tit**, *n.*: pratique, *f.*

prât -**tle**, *intr.*: babiller, jaser, bavarder. **prât** -**tle**, *n.*: caquet, babill, bavardage, parlage, *m.*, jaserie, *f.* -**tl** -**er**, *n.*: bavard, *m.*, bavarde, *f.*; babillard, *m.*, babillarde, *f.*; caqueteur, *m.*, caquetteuse, *f.*; jaseur, *m.*, jaseuse, *f.*

pravity, *n.*: dépravation, *f.*

prâ -**en**, *n.*: crevette, salicotte, *f.*

prâ -**is**, *n.*: pratique, *f.*; exercice; exemple, *m.*

prâ -**y**, *tr.*: prier, supplier; (*jur.*) demander, requérir: *I* — *you*, je vous prie, je vous en prie; de grâce. **prâ** -**y**, *intr.*: prier. -**er**, *n.*: prière; supplication; (*jur.*) demande, *f.*: — *book*, livre de prières, rituel, *m.* -**erful**, *adj.*: porté à la prière; qui prie beaucoup. -**fully**, *adv.*: par beaucoup de prières.

prâ -**ch**, *intr.*: prêcher; *tr.*: prêcher: — *up*, prêcher; prêner. -**er**, *n.*: prédicateur; prêcheur, prêcheur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: prédication, *f.* -**ment**, *n.*: sermon, *m.*

prâ -**quaint**, *tr.*: faire connaître d'avance. -**ance**, *n.*: connaissance préalable, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: familier auparavant.

prâ -**adamic**, *adj.*: préadamite. -**ad** -**amite**, *n.*: préadamite, *m.*, *f.* -**ad** -**amite**, *adj.*: préadamite.

prâ -**administration**, *n.*: administration antérieure, *f.*

prâ -**admo** -**nish**, *tr.*: avertir au préalable; prévenir préalablement. -**nition**, *n.*: avertissement préalable, avertissement antérieur, *m.*

prâ -**am** -**ble**, *n.*: préambule, avant-propos; exposé des motifs, *m.* **prâ** -**ble**, *tr.*: faire un préambule à; faire précéder. -**ulate**, *tr.*: marcher devant. -**ulatory**, *adj.*: antécédent.

prâ -**appoint**, *tr.*: nommer auparavant.

prâ -**apprehension**, *n.*: opinion formée d'avance; prévention, *f.*

prâ -**audience**, *n.*: (*jur.*) préséance d'avocats aux audiences, *f.*

prâ -**bend**, *n.*: prébende, *f.* -**bëndal**, *adj.*: de prébende. -**bendary**, *n.*: chanoine prébendé; prébendier, *m.*

prâ -**cairious**, *adj.*: précaire; (*of the weather*) incertain. -**ly**, *adv.*: précairement.

-**ness**, *n.*: nature précaire, incertitude, *f.*

prâ -**ca** -**tive**, *adj.*: suppliant, de supplication.

prâ -**caution**, *n.*: précaution, *f.*: *by way of* —, par précaution. **prâ** -**caution**, *tr.*: précautionner, avertir, prémunir. -**al**, *adj.*: de précaution.

prâ -**ced** -**e**, *tr.*: précéder; avoir le pas sur. -**ence**, -**ency**, *n.*: priorité; (*superiority*) supériorité; (*in rank*) préséance, *f.*, pas, *m.*: *have* — *of*, avoir le pas sur. **prâ** -**ent**, *adj.*: précédent, anté-

cèdent. 2. **préced-ent**, *n.*: précédent, *m.*; (*jur.*) décision de la cour, *f.*
-enté, *adj.*: autorisé par un précédent.
-entia, *adj.*: de la nature d'un précédent.
-ently, *adv.*: précédemment.
-ing, *adj.*: précédent.
precentor, *n.*: chantre; grand chantre, *m.*
precept, *n.*: précepte, *m.* **-eptive**, *adj.*: de préceptes; didactique, instructif.
-eptor, *n.*: précepteur, instituteur, *m.*
-eptorial, *adj.*: de précepteur, d'instituteur. 1. **-eptory**, *adj.*: de préceptes.
2. **-eptory**, *n.*: maison religieuse d'éducation, *f.* **-eptress**, *n.*: institutrice, *f.*
precession, *n.*: action de précéder; (*astron.*) précession, *f.*
precinct, *n.*: limite, borne; juridiction, *f.*; ressort, *m.*
precious, *adj.*: précieux; de prix; fameux, fier. **-ly**, *adv.*: précieusement; fameusement, fièrement, furieusement.
-ness, *n.*: nature précieuse, *f.*; haut prix, *m.*; grande valeur, *f.*
pre-cipice, *n.*: précipice, *m.* **-cipitability**, *n.*: propriété de se précipiter, *f.*
-cipitable, *adj.*: précipitable. **-cipitance**, **-cipitancy**, *n.*: précipitation, *f.*; empiètement, excessif, *m.* 1. **-cipitant**, *adj.*: qui se précipite; précipité.
2. **-cipitant**, *n.*: (*chem.*) précipitant, *m.* **-cipitantly**, *adv.*: précipitamment.
1. **-cipitate**, *adj.*: précipité; qui se précipite. 2. **-cipitate**, *n.*: précipité, *m.*
3. **-cipitate**, *tr.*: précipiter: be —d, (*chem.*) se précipiter; *intr.*: précipiter; se précipiter. **-cipitately**, *adv.*: précipitamment. **-cipitation**, *n.*: précipitation, *f.* **-cipitator**, *n.*: personne qui précipite, *f.* **-cipitous**, *adj.*: escarpé; de précipice; (*fig.*) précipité. **-cipitously**, *adv.*: en précipice; (*fig.*) précipitamment. **-cipitousness**, *n.*: escarpement, *m.*; nature escarpée; précipitation, *f.*
pre-cise, *adj.*: précis, exact, scrupuleux; formel. **-cisely**, *adv.*: précisément; exactement; scrupuleusement. **-ciseness**, *n.*: précision, exactitude, *f.*; scrupule, *m.*; formalité, *f.* **-cision**, *n.*: précision, *f.* **-ciseive**, *adj.*: précis.
preclâ-de, *tr.*: exclure; empêcher; écarter. **-sion**, *n.*: exclusion, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: qui exclut; qui empêche, qui écarte. **-sively**, *adv.*: avec exclusion.
pre-côcious, *adj.*: précoce. **-côciousness**, **-côcity**, *n.*: précocité, *f.*
pre-cognition, *n.*: connaissance antérieure, *f.*
precompôse, *tr.*: composer d'avance.
preconceit, *n.*: opinion conçue d'avance, *f.*; préjugé, *m.*; prévention, *f.*
precon-céive, *tr.*: concevoir d'avance;

juger d'avance; (*philos.*) préconcevoir.
-côived, *adj.*: formé d'avance; (*philos.*) préconçu. **-côption**, *n.*: opinion formée d'avance; prévention, *f.*; préjugé, *m.*
preconceit, *tr.*: concevoir d'avance.
preconsign, *tr.*: transférer d'avance.
preconstitute, *tr.*: constituer préalablement.
1. **precon-tract**, *n.*: contrat préalable, *m.* 2. **-tract**, *tr. and n.*: contracter préalablement.
precordial, *adj.*: (*anat.*) précordial.
precursor, *n.*: précurseur, avant-coureur, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: précurseur.
predaceous, *adj.*: qui vit de proie.
predatory, *adj.*: de pillards; de pillage; de rapine; de vol; pillard.
predecessor, *n.*: prédécesseur, devancier, *m.*; —s, ancêtres, *m. pl.*
predesign, *tr.*: projeter d'avance.
pre-destinarian, *n.*: prédestinateur, *m.* 1. **-destinate**, *adj.*: prédestiné. 2. **-destinate**, **-destine**, *tr.*: prédestiner.
-destination, *n.*: prédestination, *f.* **-destinator**, *n.*: prédestinateur, *m.* **-destine** = *destinate*.
pre-determination, *n.*: prédétermination, *f.* **-determine**, *tr.*: arrêter d'avance; prédéterminer.
prédial, *adj.*: qui consiste en terres; attaché à la terre; qui provient de la terre.
1. **pré-dicable**, *adj.*: prédicible. 2. **-dicable**, *n.*: (*log.*) universel (*pl.* universaux), *m.* **-dicament**, *n.*: catégorie, *f.*; ordre; (*state*) état, *m.*; passe, position, *f.*; (*log.*) prédicament, *m.* **-dicant**, *n.*: personne qui affirme, *f.* 1. **-dicat**, *n.*: (*log.*) prédicat, attribut, *m.* 2. **-dicat**, *tr.*: (*log.*) affirmer; donner pour attribut; *intr.*: (*log.*) affirmer.
-dication, *n.*: affirmation, *f.* **-dictory**, *adj.*: affirmatif. **-dict**, *tr.*: prédire. **-diction**, *n.*: prédiction, *f.* **-dictive**, *adj.*: qui prédit; prophétique.
-dictor, *n.*: personne qui prédit, *f.*; prophète, *m.*
predigestion, *n.*: digestion précipitée, *f.*
predilection, *n.*: prédilection, *f.*
predis-pose, *tr.*: disposer d'avance; prédisposer. **-position**, *n.*: disposition antérieure; prédisposition, *f.*
predôminance, **-nancy**, *n.*: prédominance, *f.*; ascendant, pouvoir, *m.*; prépondérance; (*med.*) prédominance, *f.* **-nant**, *adj.*: prédominant. **-nantly**, *adv.*: d'une manière prédominante. **-nate**, *intr.*: dominer; *intr.*: prédominer. **-nation**, *n.*: influence supérieure, *f.*
predôomed, *adj.*: condamné d'avance.
pre-ellect, *tr.*: élire auparavant. **-ellection**, *n.*: élection antérieure; élection faite d'avance, *f.*

pré-éminence, *n.*: prééminence, supériorité, *f.* **-éminent**, *adj.*: prééminent, supérieur. **-éminently**, *adv.*: d'une manière prééminente; supérieurement.

préemption, *n.*: préemption, *f.*

préem, *tr.*: (*of birds*) nettoyer les plumes.

préengage, *tr.*: engager d'avance.

-ment, *n.*: engagement antérieur, *m.*

préestablish, *tr.*: préétablir.

pré-examination, *n.*: examen préalable, *m.* **-examine**, *tr.*: examiner préalablement.

préexist, *intr.*: préexister. **-ence**, *n.*: préexistence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: préexistant.

1. pré-face, *n.*: préface, *f.*; avant-propos, *m.* **2. face**, *tr.*: faire une préface à; faire précéder; *tr.*: dire comme préface; dire en forme de préface. **-factory**, **-fatōrial**, *adj.*: qui sert de préface; préliminaire.

préfect, *n.*: préfet, *m.* **-ure**, **-ship**, *n.*: préfecture, *f.*

préfer, *tr.*: préférer; aimer mieux; (*advance*) avancer, élever; (*offer*) présenter, offrir; (*make*) présenter, former; — *a complaint*, *an accusation*, former une plainte, une accusation. **-ability**, *n.*: nature préférable.

préfer-able, *adj.*: préférable. **-able-ness**, *n.*: nature préférable, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: préférablement, de préférence. **-ence**, *n.*: préférence, *f.*

préfer-ment, *n.*: avancement, *m.*; promotion; (*superior place*) place supérieure, *f.* **-rer**, *n.*: personne qui préfère, *f.*

prefigu-rate, *tr.*: figure d'avance.

-rātion, *n.*: représentation antérieure, *f.*; symbole, *m.* **-rative**, *adj.*: symbolique, typique. **-re**, *tr.*: figurer d'avance.

1. préfix, *tr.*: mettre devant; arrêter d'avance. **2. préfix**, *n.*: (*gram.*) préfixe, *m.*

† préform, *tr.*: former d'avance.

préfulgeney, *n.*: éclat resplendissant, *m.*

prég-nancy, *n.*: grossesse; (*fig.*) fécondité, *f.* **-nant**, *adj.*: enceinte, grosse; (*fig.*) gros, plein, fertile, fécond, inventif. **-nantly**, *adv.*: avec fertilité.

préhôn-sile, **-sory**, *adj.*: préhensile.

pre-judge, *tr.*: condamner d'avance, préjuger. **judgment**, *n.*: jugement par avance, *m.* **-judicate**, *tr. and n.*: condamner d'avance; préjuger. **-judicated**, *part.*: préjugé; prévenu. **-judication**, *n.*: action de préjuger, *f.* **-judicative**, *adj.*: qui préjuge.

1. préju-dice, *tr.*: (*bias*) prévenir, donner des préventions à, des préjugés à; (*injure*) préjudicier à, faire tort à, nuire à, porter préjudice à, porter dommage à. **2. dice**, *n.*: (*bias*) prévention, *f.*; préjugé; (*injury*) préjudice, tort, dommage,

m.; *my* —, à mon préjudice; *do any one a* —, faire tort, faire un préjudice à quelqu'un. **-diced**, *adj.*: prévenu; à préjugés; à préventions; qui a des préjugés. **-dicial**, *adj.*: préjudiciable, nuisible. **-dicialness**, *n.*: nature préjudiciable, *f.*

preknowledge, *n.*: connaissance antérieure, *f.*

pré-lacy, *n.*: prélature, *f.*; évêcat, *m.* **-late**, *n.*: prélat, *m.* **-lateship**, *n.*: prélature, *f.* **-latic(al)**, *adj.*: de prélat. **-latically**, *adv.*: en prélat. **†-latism**, *n.*: évêcat, *m.* **-lature**, *n.*: prélature, *f.*

prelœ-t, *intr.*: lire un discours en public. **-tion**, *n.*: discours lu en public, ou devant un auditoire privé, *m.* **-tor**, *n.*: professeur, lecteur, *m.*

prelibation, *n.*: avant-goût, *m.*

prelimina-rily, *adv.*: préliminairement.

1. -ry, *adj.*: préliminaire; préalable.

2. -ry, *n.*: préliminaire, préalable, *m.*

1. pré-lude, *n.*: prélude, *m.* **2. -lude**, *n.*: prélude, *m.* **-luder**, *n.*: personne qui prélude, *f.* **†-ludious**, *adj.*: qui sert de prélude, préparatoire. **-lusive**, **-lûsory**, *adj.*: préliminaire, préparatoire.

prematür-e, *adj.*: prématuré. **-ely**, *adv.*: prématurément. **-eness**, **-ity**, *n.*: prématurité, *f.*

1. premédi-tate, *tr.*: préméditer; méditer d'avance. **2. -tate**, *intr.*: méditer d'avance. **-tated**, *adj.*: prémédité. **-tately**, *adv.*: avec préméditation. **-tation**, *n.*: préméditation, *f.*

1. premier, *adj.*: premier (de rang).

2. premier, *n.*: premier ministre; (France) président du conseil des ministres, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: dignité de premier ministre; présidence du conseil des ministres, *f.*

premise, *tr.*: exposer d'avance; (*log.*) poser les prémisses de; *intr.*: poser des prémisses.

prémis-e, *n.*: prémisse, *f. pl.* **-es**, prémisses dans une translation de propriété; propriété transférée, *f. pl.*; intitulé; propriété, *f.*; lieu(x), local, établissement, *m.*: *on the* —, dans l'établissement; sur les lieux.

prémium, *n.*: prix; prix d'encouragement, *m.*; récompense; (*com., fin.*) prime, *f.*; *at a* —, à prime.

pre-mônish, *tr.*: prévenir. **-mônish-ment**, **-monition**, *n.*: avis préliminaire, *m.* **-mônitory**, *adj.*: qui avertit d'avance.

premorse, *adj.*: (*bot.*) mordu.

premotion, *n.*: (*theol.*) prémotion, *f.*

premonire = *præmonire*.

prenomen, *n.*: prénom, *m.*

1. prenômi-nate, *tr.*: nommer d'avance.

2-nate, *adj.*: déjà nommé, surnommé.
-nation, *n.*: privilège d'être nommé le premier, *m.*

prenotion, *n.*: prenotation, *f.*

preobtâin, *tr.*: obtenir d'avance.

preoccu-paney, *n.*: possession antérieure, *f.*; droit d'occupation, *m.* **-pâtion**, *n.*: occupation antérieure; (*anticipation*)

préoccupation, anticipation, *f.* **-py**, *tr.*: occuper avant un autre; occuper le premier; (*fig.*) préoccuper, prévenir, donner des préjugés à.

†preôminate, *tr.*: pronostiquer; présager.

preopinon, *n.*: opinion formée d'avance, *f.*; préjugé, *m.*

pre-ordân, *tr.*: ordonner d'avance; prédéterminer. **-ordinance**, *n.*: ordonnance antérieure, *f.* **-ordination**, *n.*: détermination antérieure; (*theol.*) prédétermination, *f.*

prepâid, *adj.*: affranchi.

pré-para-tion, *n.*: préparation, *f.*; préparatif, apprêt; (*state*) état, *m.*, condition; (*anat.*, *mus.*, *pharm.*) préparation, *f.*: *make —s for*, faire des préparatifs, des apprêts pour. 1. **-parative**, *adj.*: préparatoire; qui prépare. 2. **-parative**, *n.*: préparatif; apprêt, préparatoire, *m.*

-pâratively, *adv.*: d'une manière préparatoire. **-pâratory**, *adj.*: préparatoire; qui prépare. 1. **-pâre**, *tr.*: préparer; (*set*) disposer; apprêter; (*provide*) se pourvoir de, fournir; (*food*) apprêter. 2. **-pare**, *intr.*: se préparer; se disposer; s'apprêter. **-pâredly**, *adv.*: par des mesures préparatoires. **-pâredness**, *n.*: état de préparation, *m.*

-pârer, *n.*: personne qui prépare, qui dispose, qui apprête; chose qui prépare, qui apprête, *f.*

prepây, *tr.*: payer d'avance; (*letters*) affranchir. **-ment**, *n.*: paiement d'avance; (*of letters*) affranchissement, *m.*

propense, *adj.*: (*jur.*) prémédité.

propollen-ee, **-ey**, *n.*: prépondérance, supériorité, *f.* **-t**, *adj.*: supérieur.

propor-ânee, **-aney**, *n.*: supériorité de poids; prépondérance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: qui surpasse en poids; prépondérant. **-ate**, *tr.*: surpasser en poids; (*fig.*) l'emporter sur; *intr.*: peser le plus; (*fig.*) avoir la prépondérance, l'emporter. **-âtion**, *n.*: supériorité de poids; prépondérance, *f.*

préposition, *n.*: préposition, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: prépositif.

1. **préposi-tive**, *adj.*: prépositif. 2. **-tive**, *n.*: mot prépositif, *m.*; particule prépositive, *f.* **-tor**, *n.*: moniteur, *m.*

prepos-sess, *tr.*: occuper antérieurement; (*fig.*) préoccuper, prévenir; (*the mind*, *the heart*) gagner. **-sessing**, *adj.*: pré-

venant; qui prévient en sa faveur; avenant, agréable. **-session**, *n.*: possession antérieure; (*fig.*) prévention, *f.*, préjugé, *m.*

prepôsterous, *adj.*: dont l'ordre est renversé; absurde, déraisonnable. **-ly**, *adv.*: dans un ordre renversé; à rebours; absurdement, déraisonnablement. **-ness**, *n.*: ordre renversé, *m.*; absurdité, déraison, *f.*

prépuee, *n.*: prépuce, *m.*

pre-require, *tr.*: demander préalablement. 1. **-réquisite**, *adj.*: nécessaire auparavant. 2. **-requisite**, *n.*: chose nécessaire au préalable, *f.*

prerêsolve, *tr.*: résoudre d'avance.

prerogative, *n.*: prérogative, *f.*; — *court*, cour de la prérogative, *f.*; — *office*, greffe de la cour de la prérogative, *m.*

1. **prê-sage or prô'**, *n.*: présage, *m.* 2. **-sâge**, *tr. and intr.*: présager. **-sâge-ful**, *adj.*: qui renferme des présages, qui abonde en présages. **-sâgement**, *n.*: présage, *m.*

prêby-ter, *n.*: ancien; prêtre; (*presbyterian*) presbytérien, *m.*, presbytérienne, *f.* **-têrial**, 1. **-têrian**, *adj.*: de presbytère; presbytérien. 2. **-têrian**, *n.*: presbytérien, *m.*, presbytérienne, *f.* **-têrian-ism**, *n.*: presbytérianisme; presbytérianisme, *m.* **-tery**, *n.*: presbytère; (*religion*) presbytérianisme, *m.*

prê-science, *n.*: prescience, *f.* **-scient**, *adj.*: doué de prescience. **-scions**, *adj.*: qui sait d'avance.

prescribe, *tr.*: prescrire, ordonner; *intr.*: faire la loi; (*med.*) faire une ordonnance.

1. **prê-script**, *adj.*: prescrit. 2. **-script**, *n.*: chose prescrite, *f.*; précepte, *m.*, (*med.*) ordonnance, *f.* **-scriptible**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) prescriptible. **-scription**, *n.*: action de prescrire; ordonnance, *f.*; précepte, *m.*; prescription, *f.*; (*med.*) ordonnance; (*jur.*) prescription, *f.* **-scrip-tive**, *adj.*: établi par prescription.

présence, *n.*: présence, *f.*; (*mien*) port, air, *m.*, mine; (*persons assembled*) réunion, société; (*apartment*) salle d'audience, *f.*; (*pers.*) personnage supérieur, *m.*: — *of mind*, présence d'esprit. **-chamber**, **-room**, *n.*: salle de réception, *f.*

présension, *n.*: pressentiment, *m.*

1. **présent**, *adj.*: présent; actuel; (*of the month*) courant; (*attentive*) attentif: *in the — tense*, au présent; *at the — moment*, à présent; actuellement, présentement. 2. **présent**, *n.*: (*time*, *gram.*) présent; (*gift*) présent, cadeau, don, *m.*: — *s*, (*jur.*) présentes, *f. pl.*; *at —*, à présent; actuellement; présentement; *in the —*, (*gram.*) au présent; *know all men by these —s*, à tous ceux qui ces présentes ver-

ront; *make a —*, faire un cadeau; *make*

any one a — of any thing, faire don, faire cadeau de quelque chose à quelqu'un.

3-présent, *tr.*: présenter; offrir; (a *benefice*) présenter; (*jur.*) déférer au tribunal compétent; — *somebody with something*, faire présent de, faire don de, faire cadeau de quelque chose à quelqu'un. **-able**, *adj.*: présentable. **-ation**, *n.*: présentation; (*representation*) représentation; (*ecc.*) présentation, *f.*: on —, à présentation. **-ative**, *adj.*: (*ecc.*) dont le patron a le droit de présentation. **-œ**, *n.*: (*ecc.*) personne présentée à un bénéfice, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui présente, *f.*

pre-sentient, *adj.*: sentant d'avance. **-sentiment**, *n.*: pressentiment, *m.*

présently, *adv.*: tout à l'heure; bientôt; tantôt.

présentment, *n.*: présentation, apparence; (*jur.*) dénonciation spontanée, *f.*

préser-vable, *adj.*: qui peut être préservé, qui peut être conservé. **-vation**, *n.*: conservation; préservation, *f.* **1-vative**, **-vatory**, *n.*: préservatif, *m.* **2-vative**, **-vatory**, *adj.*: préservateur; préservatif; conservateur. **1-ve**, *tr.*: préserver; conserver, garder; (*fruit*) confire. **2-ve**, *n.*: confiture, *f.*; (*inclosure*) réserve, *f.*, pare pour la conservation du gibier, *m.* **-ver**, *n.*: personne qui préserve, qui conserve; chose qui préserve, qui conserve, *f.*; conservateur, *m.*, conservatrice, *f.*; préservatif, sauveur, *m.*; personne qui fait des confitures, *f.*: *eye*—s, conserves (lunettes), *f. pl.*

preside, *intr.*: présider.

prési-dency, *n.*: présidence, *f.* **-dent**, *n.*: président, *m.* *vice*—, vice-président, *m.* **-dential**, *adj.*: présidentiel; présidentiel; de président; qui préside. **-dentship**, *n.*: présidence, *f.*

présidi-al, **-ary**, *adj.*: de garnison; à garnison.

pre-signification, *n.*: action de montrer d'avance, de signifier d'avance, *f.* **-signify**, *tr.*: montrer d'avance; signifier d'avance.

1-press, *tr.*: 1. presser; serrer; (*urge*) presser, pousser; (*embrace*) serrer, presser, étreindre; (*paper*) glacer, satiner; (*fruit*) pressurer; (*manu.*) mettre en presse; 2. (*sailors*) exercer la presse contre, presser: — *upon*, appuyer sur; insister sur; faire sentir à; — *a thing on any one*, imposer une chose à quelqu'un; — *down*, presser; appuyer fortement sur; — *out*, exprimer; pressurer; — *hard*, presser fort; (*be hard with*) serrer de près: *cold*—; *hot*—, satiner à froid, à chaud; *be* — *ed for time*, être pressé. **2-press**, *intr.*: presser; pousser; (*encroach*) empiéter; (*approach*) approcher,

s'approcher; avancer; (*crowd*) se presser, affluer: — *upon*, serrer. **3-press**, *n.*: 1. pressoir, *m.*; (*print.*) presse; (*crowd*) presse, foule; (*closet*) armoire; (*urgency*) urgence, presse; 2. (*levy*) presse, *f.*: — *of sail*, (*nav.*) force de voiles, *f.*; presse d'imprimerie; in the —, sous presse; *go to* —, mettre sous presse. **-bed**, *n.*: lit en armoire, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: satiné. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui appuie, qui insiste, *f.*; presseur; pressureur, *m.* **-error**, *n.*: faute d'impression, *f.* **-gang**, *n.*: presse, *f.* **1-ing**, *adj.*: presse; urgent; pressant. **2-ing**, *n.*: action de presser, *f.*; (*tech.*) pressage; (*fruit*) pressurage, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière urgente; d'une manière pressante; instantanément. **-man** (*pl. pressmen*), *n.*: pressureur; presseur; (*print.*) pressier, imprimeur, *m.* **-money**, *n.*: gratification à un homme enrôlé par la presse, *f.* **-point**, *n.*: talle, *m.*

pressure-shür, *n.*: action de presser; (*phys.*) pression; (*impulse*) impulsion, force; (*urgency*) urgence; presse; (*calamity*) calamité; oppression, *f.*; (*weight*) poids, *m.*; (*impression*) impression, *f.*; (*fruit*) pressurage, *m.*: *high*, *low*, *mean* —, haute, basse, moyenne pression. **-engine**, *n.*: machine à presser, *f.* **-gauge**, *n.*: manomètre, *m.*

press-warrant, *n.*: autorisation de presser, d'exercer la presse, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: ouvrage fait à la presse; (*print.*) tirage, *m.*

prestation, *n.*: prestation, redevance, *f.* **-money**, *n.*: prestation payée aux évêques, *f.*

prêste, *adv.*: preste, prestement; (*mus.*) presto.

pre-sûmable, *adj.*: présumable. **-sûmably**, *adv.*: probablement. **1-sûme**, *tr.*: présumer. **2-sûme**, *intr.*: présumer trop; se permettre; oser, prendre la liberté: — *upon*, présumer trop de; se flatter de. **-sûmer**, *n.*: personne qui présume, *f.*; arrogant, *m.* **-sûming**, *adj.*: présomptueux. **-sûmption**, *n.*: présomption, *f.* **-sûmptive**, *adj.*: présomé; (*presumptuous*) présomptueux; (*jur.*) présomptif. **-sûmptively**, *adv.*: par présomption. **-sûmptuous**, *adj.*: présomptueux. **-sûmptuously**, *adv.*: présomptueusement. **-sûmptuousness**, *n.*: présomption, *f.*

presuppô-sal, *n.*: présupposition, *f.* **-se**, *tr.*: présupposer. **-sition**, *n.*: présupposition, *f.*

presurmise, *n.*: idée formée antérieurement, *f.*, soupçon, *m.*

prê-tence, *n.*: prétexte; faux semblant, *m.*; défaite, feinte; (*claim*) prétention,

f.: *make* — *to*, faire semblant de; *under* — *of*, sous prétexte de; sous couleur de. **-tënd**, *tr.*: prétexter; affecter; feindre; faire semblant de; *intr.*: prétendre; avoir des prétentions; feindre; — *to be dead*, feindre d'être mort; faire le mort. **-tënd-ed**, *adj.*: prétendu, faux, feint. **-tënd-er**, *n.*: personne qui prétexte, qui feint, qui fait semblant de, *f.*: prétendant, *m.*, prétendante, *f.*; (*hist.*) prétendant, *m.* **-tëndingly**, *adv.*: avec suffisance, présomptueusement. **-tênşion**, *n.*: prétention, *f.*: *have* — *s to*, avoir des prétentions à; *have* — *s to beauty*, (*of women*) avoir des prétentions; *of great* — *s*, à prétentions; *of no* — *s*, sans prétentions.

preterimperfect, *n.*: imparfait, *m.*

préter-it, *n.*: (*gram.*) prétérît, *m.* **-ition**, **-itenss**, *n.*: état d'une chose passée, *m.*; (*rhet.*) prétérition, *f.*

preter-mission, *n.*: omission; (*rhet.*) prétermission, prétérition, *f.* **-mit**, *tr.*: omettre; passer sous silence.

preternatural, *adj.*: surnaturel; contre nature. **-ly**, *adv.*: surnaturellement. **-ness**, *n.*: état surnaturel; état contre nature, *m.*

preter-perfect, *n.*: plus-que-parfait, *m.*

-plüperfect, *n.*: prétérît antérieur, *m.*

prétext, *n.*: prétexte; faux semblant, *m.*; couleur; feinte, défaite, *f.*: *under* — *of*, sous prétexte de; sous couleur de.

pré-tor, *n.*: prêteur; magistrat, *m.*

-tôrial, *adj.*: de prêteur; des prêteurs.

-tôrian, *adj.*: prétorien. **-torship**, *n.*: préture, *f.*

prêt-tily prêt, *adv.*: joliment; gentiment.

-tiness, *n.*: gentillesse, élégance, beauté, *f.* 1. **-ty prêt**, *adj.*: joli; gentil; (*jest.*) joli, beau: — *little fellow*, joli petit garçon; — *fellow*, joli garçon.

2. **-ty**, *adv.*: assez; passablement: — *well*, assez bien. **-ty-spoken**, *adj.*: gentil; qui parle joliment.

prétypify, *tr.*: figurer d'avance.

prevail, *intr.*: prévaloir; régner; avoir du pouvoir; avoir de l'influence; (*succeed*) réussir: — *on*, obtenir de; décider, persuader, entraîner; — *over*, prévaloir sur, l'emporter sur; — *with*, avoir de l'empire sur, avoir de l'influence sur; prévaloir auprès de; prédominer auprès de; *be* — *ed on*, se laisser persuader; se laisser entraîner.

-ing, *adj.*: dominant, régissant; (*efficacious*) efficace. **-ment**, *n.*: ascendant, pouvoir, empire, *m.*

prévalence, **-lency**, *n.*: ascendant, empire, pouvoir, *m.*; influence; efficacité, *f.*

-lent, *adj.*: régissant, dominant, général; (*victorious*) victorieux; (*efficacious*) efficace. **-lently**, *adv.*: efficacement, puissamment.

prevári-cate, *intr.*: prévariquer; tergiverser; user de collusion. **-cation**, *n.*: prévarication; tergiversation, *f.*

-cator, *n.*: prévaricateur; auteur d'une collusion, *m.*

prevénient, *adj.*: précédent.

prevén-t, *tr.*: empêcher, prévenir, détourner. **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui prévient, qui empêche; chose qui prévient, qui empêche; (*nav.*) fausse manœuvre, *f.*

-tible, *adj.*: qui peut être prévenu, qui peut être empêché. **-tingly**, *adv.*: pour empêcher, pour prévenir.

-tion, *n.*: empêchement, obstacle, *m.* 1. **-tive**, *n.*: chose qui prévient, qui empêche, *f.*; préservatif, *m.* 2. **-tive**, *adj.*: préventif; propre à empêcher, propre à prévenir.

-tively, *adv.*: pour prévenir, pour empêcher.

prévions, *adj.*: précédent, antérieur, préalable. **-ly**, *adv.*: précédemment;

antérieurement; préalablement; auparavant. **-ness**, *n.*: antériorité, priorité, *f.*

previsión, *n.*: prévision, *f.*

prewárn, *tr.*: avertir.

1. **préy**, *n.*: proie, *f.*: *be a* — *to*, être en proie à. 2. **prey**, *intr.*: butiner, piller; faire sa proie de; (*fig.*) miner, ronger.

-er, *n.*: spoliateur, *m.*, spoliatrice; (*thing*) chose qui mine, qui ronge, *f.*

príee, *n.*: prix, *m.*; récompense, *f.*: *market* —, cours; prix du marché, prix courant, *m.*; *cost* —, prix coûtant; *low* —, bas prix; *the lowest* —, le dernier prix; le plus juste prix; *under* —, à vil prix; *half* —, à moitié prix; *high* —, prix élevé; *at any* —, coûte que coûte; à tout prix. **-current**, *n.*: prix courant, *m.*

-list, *n.*: liste de prix courants, *f.*, prix courant, tarif, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: (*invaluable*) sans prix, inappréciable; (*without value*) sans prix, sans valeur.

1. **príck**, *n.*: pointe, *f.*; piquant; (*goad*) aiguillon, *m.*; (*puncture*) piqure; (*remorse*) douleur cuisante, *f.*, remords; (*mark*) but, blanc, *m.*; (*fixed place*) place marquée, *f.*, point, *m.*; (*of a hare*) trace, *f.* 2. **príck**, *tr.*: piquer; (*the ears*) dresser; (*fix*) enfoncer par la pointe; (*designate by a puncture*) désigner, marquer, piquer; (*spur*) piquer; (*goad*) aiguillonner; (*incite*) pousser, exciter; (*sting with remorse*) tourmenter de remords; (*affect with pain*) faire éprouver une douleur poignante à; (*liquors*) rendre piquant; (*mus.*) noter; (*nav.*) pointer: — *off*, marquer, désigner; — *up the ears*, dresser les oreilles. 3. **príck**, *intr.*: piquer; piquer des deux; (*dress one's self out*) se parer; (*become acid*) devenir piquant. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui pique, *f.*; piqueur, *m.*; (*thing*) pointe, *f.*; piquant,

m.; (tech.) épinglette, f. 1. **-ing**, n.: action de piquer, f.; picotement, m. 2. **-ing**, adj.: qui pique; piquant. **-le**, n.: aiguillon, piquant, m.; épine, f. **-le-back**, n.: (ichth.) épinoche, f. **-liness**, n.: abondance de piquants, f. **-ly**, adj.: plein de piquants; (bot.) armé d'aiguillons, armé d'épines. **-song**, n.: air noté, air modulé, m. **-wood**, n.: (bot.) fusain, m.

1. **pride**, n.: orgueil, m.; fierté, f.; (ostentation) faste; (ornament) ornement: *honest* —, noble orgueil; *puffed up with* —, bouffi d'orgueil; *humble any one's* —, rabattre, rabaisser l'orgueil, la fierté de quelqu'un. 2. **pride**, intr.: rendre orgueilleux: — *one's self on*, être fier de; se faire une gloire de.

prier, n.: personne qui examine, qui scrute, f.

priest, n.: prêtre, m.: *high* —, grand prêtre. **-craft**, n.: intrigues de prêtre, f. pl. **-ess**, n.: prêtresse, f. **-hood**, n.: prêtrise, f., sacerdoce, m.; prêtraille, f. **-like**, adj.: de prêtre. **-liness**, n.: manières de prêtre, f. pl. **-ly**, adj.: de prêtre, sacerdotal. **-ridden**, adj.: gouverné par les prêtres.

1. **prig**, tr.: escamoter; chiper.

2. **prig**, n.: freluquet, faquin, fat, m. **-gish**, adj.: affecté, fat, suffisant. **-gishly**, adv.: avec fatuité (or affectation), en fat.

prill, n.: (ichth.) turbot, m. 1. **prim**, adj.: affecté, précieux, tiré à quatre épingle. 2. **prim**, tr.: parer avec affectation.

prima, n.: (print.) réclame, f.

primacy, n.: primatie; primauté, f.

prima facie [Lat.], adv.: prima facie, à la première vue; adj.: évident, convainquant de soi-même.

primage, n.: (nav.) allocation au capitaine et à l'équipage d'un navire pour le chargement des marchandises embarquées, f.

prima-rily, adv.: primitivement; originellement. **-riness**, n.: qualité de ce qui est primitif, f. **-ry**, adj.: primitif; premier; principal; primaire, élémentaire.

pri-mate, n.: primat, m. **-mateship**, n.: primatie, f. **-matial**, **-mâtical**, adj.: primatial.

1. **prime**, adj.: principal; premier; de premier rang, de premier ordre; (*first in quality*) de première qualité, excellent; (*early*) précoce; (*arith.*) premier.

2. **prime**, n.: (dawn) aurore, aube, f., point du jour; (*beginning*) commencement, m., premiers temps, m. pl., origine, f.; (*spring*) printemps, m.; (*best part*) meilleure partie, fleur, élite, f., meilleur, m.; (*perfection*) comble de perfection, m.;

(fenc.) prime, f.; (chem.) rapport le plus simple, m.; (Cath. rel.) prime; (fig.) beauté, force fraîcheur, fleur, f., printemps, m.: — *of life*, fleur de l'âge; *be in one's* —, être à la fleur de l'âge; *be in its, their* —, être dans toute sa beauté, dans toute sa fleur; (*of fruit, flowers*) être en pleine saison.

3. **prime**, tr.: (*of fire-arms*) amorcer; (*paint*) imprimer; préparer. **-ly**, adv.: (*originally*) en premier lieu, primitivement; (*most excellently*) parfaitement, on ne saurait mieux. **-ness**, n.: excellence, f. 1. **-r** **-er**, n.: amorce, capsule (d'arme à feu); (*artil.*) épinglette, f., dégorgeoir, m. 2. **prime-r**, n.: (Cath. rel.) livre d'heures canoniales; (*spelling-book*) premier livre de lecture; (*print*) romain, m.

priméro, n.: (gram.) prime, f.

primé-val, **-vous**, adj.: primitif, premier.

† **primigé-nial**, **-nous**, adj.: premier-né.

priming, n.: amorce (d'arme à feu), f.; (*paint*) impression, première couche de couleur, f.; (*mach.*) projection d'eau, f. **-horn**, n.: corne d'amorce, f.; pulvérisin, m. **-pan**, n.: (*of fire-arms*) bassinet, m. **-powder**, n.: pulvérisin, m. **-wire**, n.: (*artil.*) épinglette, f.; dégorgeoir, m.

† **primitia**, adj.: qui concerne les premières.

1. **primitive**, adj.: primitif. 2. **primitive**, n.: primitif, m. **-ly**, adv.: primitivement. **-ness**, n.: nature primitive, f.

primness, n.: affectation, afféterie, f.

primogénial, adj.: premier-né; primordial; primitif. **-génitor**, n.: premier père, m. **-géniture**, n.: primogéniture, f. **-génitureship**, n.: droit de primogéniture; droit d'aînesse, m.

1. **primor-dial**, **-diate**, adj.: primordial. 2. **-dial**, n.: origine, f.; premier principe, m.

primrose, n.: (bot.) primevère, f.: — *bed*, planche de primevères, f.

1. **prine-e**, n.: prince, m. 2. **-e**, intr.: faire le prince. **-elike**, adj.: digne d'un prince; de prince. **-eliness**, n.: caractère de prince, m.; munificence de prince, f. 1. **-ely**, adj.: qui a un air de prince, de princesse; qui a un rang de prince, de princesse; de prince, de princesse; princier; digne d'un prince, d'une princesse; royal, auguste; magnifique, riche. 2. **-ely**, adv.: en prince, en princesse. **-ess**, n.: princesse, f.: — *feather*, amaranthe, f.

1. **princi-pal**, adj.: principal, premier; (*mus.*) fondamental. 2. **-pal**, n.: (*chief*) partie principale, f., chef; (*leader*) chef; (*master*) patron; (*of a college*) proviseur; (*of a school*) chef, maître; (*com.*) associé

principal; commettant; (*jur.*) auteur principal; (*capital*) capital, m.; capitaux, m. pl., principal, m.: — *and agent*, commettant et agent. **-pality**, n.: principauté, f. **-pally**, adv.: principalement. **-palness**, n.: rang principal, m.

1. principe, n.: principe, m.: *be a man of —*, avoir des principes; *of no —*, sans principes. **2. -plo**, tr.: donner des principes à; graver fortement dans l'esprit; persuader fortement. **-pled**, adj.: qui a des principes: *ill—*, qui a de mauvais principes; *well—*, qui a de bons principes.

1. print, tr.: imprimer; (*mark*) faire une empreinte sur, laisser une trace sur: — *ed by*, imprimé par; (*on books*) imprimerie de; intr.: imprimer; se faire imprimer.

2. print, n.: (*mark*) empreinte, trace, marque; (*of books*) impression, f.; (*printed book*) imprimé, m.; (*engraving*) estampe, gravure, f.; (*newspaper*) journal, m., feuille, f.; (*print*) caractère; (*mould*) moule, m.; (*stuff*) indienne, toile peinte, f.: *this book is out of —*, l'édition de ce livre est épuisée. **-dress**, n.: robe d'indienne, de toile peinte, f. **-ed**, adj.: imprimé. **-er**, n.: imprimeur, m.: *letter-press —*, typographe, m.: *lithographic —*, imprimeur lithographe. **-ing**, n.: impression; imprimerie, f.

-ing-machine, n.: presse mécanique, f. **-ing-office**, n.: imprimerie, f. **-ing-press**, n.: presse d'imprimerie, f. **-less**, adj.: qui ne laisse point de trace. **-seller**, n.: marchand d'estampes, m. **-shop**, n.: magasin d'estampes, m.

1. prior, adj.: antérieur: — *to*, avant de. **2. prior**, n.: prieur; (*com.*) associé principal. **-ess**, n.: prieure, f. **-priority**, n.: priorité, f. **-ship**, n.: priorat, m. **-y**, n.: prieuré, m.

prism, n.: prisme, m. **-atic(al)**, adj.: prismatique. **-atically**, adv.: en forme de prisme. **prismoid**, n.: corps prismatique, m.

1. prison, n.: prison, f.: *be in —*, être en prison; *break out of —*, forcer sa prison; s'évader; *take out of —*, retirer de prison; *out of —*, hors de prison. **2. prison**, tr.: emprisonner; captiver. **-bars**, **-base**, n.: (*game*) barres, f. pl. **-er**, n.: prisonnier, m., prisonnière, f.; prévenu, m., prévenue, f.; accusé, m., accusée, f.: *take —*, faire prisonnier. **-house**, n.: prison, f. **-ment**, n.: emprisonnement, m.; captivité, f.

pristine, adj.: primitif; ancien.

prithce! interj.: de grâce! je vous en prie!

privacy, n.: retraite, solitude, f.; secret, m.: *in —*, dans son intérieur, en son particulier. **1. -vate**, adj.: privé; (*retired*)

retiré; (*secret*) secret; (*personal*) particulier; (*of dress*) bourgeois, de ville; (*jur.*) à huis clos: — *individual*, simple particulier. **2. -vate**, n.: message secret, m.; affaire privée, f.; (*soldier*) simple soldat, m.: *in —*, en particulier; en son particulier; dans son intérieur; (*jur.*) à huis clos.

1. privéteer, n.: corsaire, m. **2. privéteer**, intr.: (*nav.*) faire la course. **-ing**, n.: (*nav.*) course, f.

privately, adv.: en particulier; en secret.

privation, n.: privation; perte, absence, f.

1. privative, adj.: qui cause privation; privatif; négatif. **2. privative**, n.: négation, f.; (*gram.*) privatif, m. **-ly**, adv.: négativement.

privet, n.: (*bot.*) troène, m.

1. privilege, n.: privilège, m. **2. privilege**, tr.: accorder un privilège, des privilèges, privilégier. **-d**, past part.: privilégié.

privily, adv.: secrètement. **-vity**, n.: connaissance secrète, f. **1. -vy**, adj.: privé, secret, caché; dérobé: — *to*, instruit de, qui a connaissance de; — *council*, conseil privé, m.; — *councillor*, conseiller privé, m.; — *purse*, cassette, f.; — *seal*, petit sceau, m. **2. -vy**, n.: (*jur.*) ayant droit, ayant cause, m.; lieux (d'aisance), m. pl., privé, m., latrines, f. pl.

1. prize, n.: (*things taken*) prise, f.; (*reward*) prix; (*in a lottery*) lot, m.; bonne fortune, aubaine, f.; (*nav.*) bâtiment pris, m., prise, f. **2. prize**, tr.: priser, évaluer, estimer. **-fight**, n.: combat de boxeurs (pour un prix). **-fighter**, n.: boxeur qui se bat pour un prix, boxeur de profession, m. **-fighting** = *fight*.

-man, n.: lauréat, m. **-money**, n.: part de prise, f. **-r -er**, n.: personne qui évalue, qui estime, f.; boxeur, m. **-taker**, **-winner**, n.: remporteur de prix, m.

pröba-ble, adj.: probable. **-bility**, n.: probabilité, f. **-bly**, adv.: probablement.

pröbagg, n.: sonde œsophagienne, f.

pröbate, n.: (*jur.*) acte probatif de la sincérité et de la validité d'un testament, m.

probätion, n.: épreuve; probation, f. **-al**, **-ary**, adj.: qui sert d'épreuve; de probation. **-er**, n.: personne admise à l'examen, f., candidat; (*novice*) novice, m. **-orship**, n.: candidature, f.; noviciat, m. **probätive**, adj.: d'épreuve, qui sert d'épreuve.

probätory, adj.: d'épreuve; qui sert d'épreuve, probatoire; probatif.

1. **prôbe**, *tr.*: (*surg.*) sonder; (*fig.*) sonder, approfondir. 2. **probe**, *n.*: (*surg.*) stylet, *m.*; sonde, *f.* -**scissors**, *n. pl.*: ciseaux boutonnés, *m. pl.*

prôbity, *n.*: probité, *f.*: *of* —, de probité; *probe*.

problêm, *n.*: problème, *m.* -**atic(al)**, *adj.*: problématique. -**atically**, *adv.*: problématiquement.

probôceis (*pl. -eides*), *n.*: trompe, *f.*

procédure, *n.*: procédé, *m.*; manière de procéder, *f.*

proceed, *intr.*: poursuivre; continuer; (*to act*) agir, procéder, s'y prendre; (*make progress*) avancer, marcher; faire des progrès; passer outre: — *against*, (*jur.*) procéder contre, diriger des poursuites contre; — *from*, procéder de, passer de, tirer son origine de, provenir de, naître de; — *on*, (*continue*) poursuivre, continuer; procéder d'après, agir d'après; — *to*, se mettre à; passer à; commencer; (*go to*) se rendre à, aller à; — *with*, continuer, pour suivre; (*act towards*) en agir avec. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui avance, qui fait des progrès, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: procédé, *m.*: — *s*, mesures, *f. pl.*; actes, *m. pl.*; (*jur.*) procédure, *f.*, poursuites, *f. pl.*; *book of* — *s*, procès-verbal; registre des procès-verbaux, *m.* -**s**, *n. pl.*: produit, rapport, *m.*

procerity, *n.*: haute stature, haute taille, *f.*

proceess, *n.*: (*progress*) progrès; (*course*) cours, *m.*, marche, (*of time*) suite; (*operation*) opération, *f.*, procédé, *m.*; (*anat.*) apophyse, *f.*; (*jur.*) procès, *m.*; sommation de comparaître, *f.*

procession, *n.*: cortège, *m.*; procession, *f.* 1. -**al**, *adj.*: de cortège; processional. 2. -**al**, *n.*: processional, *m.* -**ary**, *adj.*: de cortège; processional.

prochronism, *n.*: prochronisme, *m.*

pro-clâm, *tr.*: proclamer, déclarer, publier; (*to outlaw*) mettre hors la loi. -**clâmer**, *n.*: personne qui proclame, qui déclare, qui publie, *f.*; proclamateur, *m.* -**clâmation**, *n.*: proclamation, publication; ordonnance, *f.*; édit, *m.*

pre-clive, *adj.*: incline. -**clivity**, *n.*: inclination, *f.*; penchant, *m.*; (*facility of learning*) disposition pour l'étude, *f.* -**clivous**, *adj.*: incliné.

procon-sul, *n.*: proconsul, *m.* -**sular**, *adj.*: proconsulaire. -**sulship**, *n.*: proconsulat, *m.*

1. **procrásti-nate**, *tr.*: remettre de jour en jour; différer de jour en jour, retarder. 2. -**nate**, *intr.*: temporiser. -**nâtion**, *n.*: retardement, *m.*; remise, *f.* -**nator**, *n.*: personne qui use de délais, qui diffère de jour en jour, *f.*; temporisateur, temporiseur, *m.*

† **prôcre-ant**, *adj.*: fécond; qui procrée. -**ate**, *tr.*: procréer; produire. -**ation**, *n.*: procréation; production, *f.* -**ative**, *adj.*: de procréation; de production. -**ativeness**, *n.*: faculté de procréer, *f.* -**ator**, *n.*: personne qui procrée, *f.*; animal qui procrée; père, *m.*

1. **prôc-tor**, *n.*: homme d'affaires; (*agent in universities*) censeur; (*in ecclesiastical courts*) procureur, *m.* 2. **proctor**, *intr.*: diriger, conduire. -**torage**, *n.*: métier d'agent d'affaires, *m.* -**tôrial**, *adj.*: de censeur. -**torship**, *n.*: fonctions de censeur, *f. pl.*

procumbent, *adj.*: couché; (*bot.*) procombant.

pro-cûrable, *adj.*: facile à se procurer, à trouver; qu'on peut se procurer. -**urâtion**, *n.*: procuration; gestion des affaires; d'autrui, *f.* **prô-cûrator**, *n.*: agent d'affaires; (*jur.*) procureur, *m.* -**cûre**, *tr.*: procurer; faire avoir; obtenir, se procurer; (*to cause*) causer, amener, occasionner. -**curement**, *n.*: action de procurer; entremise, *f.* -**curer**, *n.*: personne qui procure, qui obtient, qui fait avoir; chose qui procure, qui obtient, qui fait avoir, *f.*; entremetteur, *m.* -**cûress**, *n.*: entremetteuse, *f.*

1. **prôdi-gal**, *adj.*: prodigue: *the* — *son*, l'enfant prodigue. 2. -**gal**, *n.*: prodigue, *m.* -**gality**, *n.*: prodigalité, *f.* -**gally**, *adv.*: prodigalement; avec prodigalité.

prodigious, *adj.*: prodigieux. -**ly**, *adv.*: prodigieusement. -**ness**, *n.*: nature prodigieuse; énormité, *f.*

prôdîgy, *n.*: prodige, *m.*

† **prôdition**, *n.*: trahison, *f.*

1. **prôduc-e**, *tr.*: produire; (*geom.*) prolonger. 2. **prôducee**, *n.*: produit, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui produit; chose qui produit, *f.*; producteur, *m.* -**ible**, *adj.*: qui peut être produit; productible. -**ible-ness**, *n.*: productibilité, *f.*

prôduc-t, *n.*: produit, (*effect*) effet; (*arith.*, *geom.*) produit, *m.* -**tile**, *adj.*: qui peut être allongé, ductile. -**tion**, *n.*: production, *f.*; (*chem.*) produit, *m.* -**tive**, *adj.*: productif; d'un bon rapport: *be of*, produire. -**tiveness**, -**tivity**, *n.*: nature productive, *f.*; bon rapport, *m.*; productivité, *f.*

prô-em, *n.*: préface, *f.*; proème, *m.* -**émial**, *adj.*: de proème; de préface.

pro-fanâtion, *n.*: profanation, *f.* 1. -**fâne**, *adj.*: profane. 2. -**fâne**, *tr.*: profaner. -**fânelly**, *adv.*: avec profanation. -**fâneness**, *n.*: conduite profane, impiété, *f.*; langage profane, *m.* -**fâner**, *n.*: profanateur, *m.* -**fântity**, *n.*: profanation, *f.*

1. **prô-fêss**, *tr.*: professor; faire profes-

sion de; déclarer, dire. 2. **fess**, *intr.*: se déclarer; se dire. **-fessed**, *adj.*: déclaré, avoué; profès. **-fessedly**, *adv.*: ouvertement; de profession; par son propre aveu. **-fession**, *n.*: profession; déclaration; (*calling*) profession, *f.*, état, métier, *m.* **-fessional**, *adj.*: de sa profession; qui a rapport à une profession; professionnel: — *man*, homme de profession libérale, *m.* **-fessionally**, *adv.*: de profession; (*by calling*) par profession, par état. **-fessor**, *n.*: personne qui professe, qui fait profession de foi publique, *f.*; (*teacher*) professeur, *m.* **-fessorial**, *adj.*: de professeur. **-fessorship**, *n.*: professorat, *m.*; chaire de professeur, place de professeur, *f.* **-fessory**, *adj.*: de professeur. **-fess** = *fessed*.

1. **proffer**, *n.*: offre; proposition; (*essay*) tentative, épreuve, *f.*, essai, *m.* 2. **proffer**, *tr.*: offrir, proposer; (*essay*) essayer, tenter. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui offre, *f.* **profi-cience**, **-ciency**, *n.*: progrès, *m.*; force, *f.*: *have attained great* —, avoir fait de grands progrès. **-cient**, *n.*: personne qui a fait de grands progrès; personne versée dans un art, une science, *f.*; maître, *m.*, maîtresse, *f.*

1. **profi-le** or **pro-fi-l**, *n.*: profil, *m.*: *in* —, de profil. 2. **profile**, *tr.*: profiler.

1. **profi-t**, *n.*: profit; (*advantage*) avantage, *m.*, utilité, *f.*; (*com.*) bénéfice, profit, *m.*: *gross* —, bénéfice brut; *net* —, bénéfice net; *make a — by*, faire son profit de; (*com.*) bénéficier sur. 2. **profit**, *tr.*: profiter à; faire du bien à; (*to improve*) améliorer, perfectionner: *be — ed by*, gagner à; profiter de; — *one's self by*, profiter de.

3. **profit**, *intr.*: (*improve*) faire des progrès; (*be of use*) être utile: — *by*, profiter de; profiter à; profiter sur; tirer du profit de; *things that — not*, des choses qui ne servent à rien. **-able**, *adj.*: profitable, utile; (*lucrative*) lucratif. **-ableness**, *n.*: avantage; profit, *m.*; utilité; nature profitable; nature lucrative, *f.* **-ably**, *adj.*: avantageusement, utilement; avec profit. **-ing**, *n.*: profit; avantage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans profit; sans avantage.

profi-gaey, *n.*: dérèglement, abandonnement, *m.*; dissolution; atrocité, scélératesse, *f.* 1. **-gate**, *adj.*: abandonné au vice; sans mœurs; scélérat; déréglé, dissolu; atroce, vicieux. 2. **-gate**, *n.*: scélérat, abandonné, *m.*, abandonnée, *f.*; mauvais sujet, *m.* **-gately**, *adv.*: sans mœurs; dissolument. **-gatness**, *n.*: dérèglement, abandonnement, *m.*; dissolution; atrocité, scélératesse, *f.*

profi-gent, *adj.*: qui coule en avant. **pro forma** [Lat.]: pour la forme; (*com.*) simulé.

1. **pro-found**, *adj.*: profond. 2. **-found**, *n.*: abîme, gouffre; (*fig.*) l'Océan, *m.* **-foundly**, *adv.*: profondément. **-foundness**, **-fundity**, *n.*: profondeur, *f.*

1. **profu-se**, *adj.*: prodigue; (*of things*) extravagant, abondant, excessif. 2. **-se**, *tr.*: prodiguer. **-sely**, *adv.*: profusément; avec profusion; avec prodigalité. **-seness**, *n.*: profusion; prodigalité, *f.* **-sion**, *n.*: profusion; prodigalité, *f.*

1. **prog**, *intr.*: rôder çà et là à la recherche de vivres; gueuser, voler, piller. 2. **prog**, *n.*: vivres mendiés; vivres, *m. pl.*; (*pers.*) mendiant, *m.*, mendiante, *f.*

progénitor, *n.*: aïeul, ancêtre, premier père; (*jur.*) ascendant, *m.*

progeny, *n.*: race, lignée, postérité, famille, *f.*; descendants, *m. pl.*

pro-gnôsis, *n.*: (*med.*) prognostic, pronostic, *m.* 1. **-gnôstic**, *adj.*: (*med.*) prognostique. 2. **-gnostic**, *n.*: pronostic; (*med.*) prognostic, pronostic, *m.* **-gnosticable**, *adj.*: que l'on peut pronostiquer. **-gnosticate**, *tr.*: pronostiquer; prédire. **-gnostication**, *n.*: présage; pronostic, *m.* **-gnosticator**, *n.*: pronostiqueur, *m.*

pro-gram, **-grâmma**, **-gramme**, *n.*: programme; avant-propos, *m.*; préface, *f.*

1. **pro-grêss**, *intr.*: s'avancer; continuer son cours; s'étendre progressivement; progresser; (*in knowledge*) faire des progrès, avancer. 2. **pro-gress**, *n.*: progrès; cours, *m.*; course, marche, *f.*; (*state journey*) voyage, *m.*; (*of a judge*) tournée, *f.*; (*advance in knowledge*) progrès, *m. pl.*: *report* —, (*in parliament*) faire un rapport à la chambre de travail du comité; *make —*, (*in knowledge*) faire des progrès. **-grêssion**, *n.*: progression, *f.*; progrès, *m.*; (*course*) course, *f.*; voyage, *m.*; (*math.*) progression, *f.* **-grêssional**, *adj.*: qui est en progrès; progressif. **-grêssive**, *adj.*: progressif. **-grêssively**, *adv.*: progressivement. **-grêssiveness**, *n.*: marche progressive, *f.*

pro-hibit, *tr.*: défendre à; interdire à; défendre; prohiber. **-hibiter**, *n.*: personne qui défend à, qui interdit à, *f.* **-hibition**, *n.*: prohibition; défense, interdiction; (*jur.*) défense de statuer, *f.*: *writ of —*, défense de statuer. **-hibitive**, **-hibitory**, *adj.*: prohibitif.

1. **pro-ject**, *tr.*: projeter; *intr.*: se projeter; saillir; être en saillie; (*arch.*) ressauter. 2. **pro-ject**, *n.*: projet, *m.* 1. **-jëctile**, *adj.*: (*mec.*) projectile. 2. **-jëctile**, *n.*: projectile, *m.* **-jëcting**, *adj.*: en saillie. **-jëction**, *n.*: projection; saillie, *f.*; (*arch.*) ressaut, *m.* **-jëctor**, *n.*: projeteur; homme à pro-

jets, *m.* -**jécture**, *n.*: (arch.) projection, *f.*
prolâpse, -**sus**, *n.*: (*surg.*) prolapsus; renversement, *m.*; (*med.*) chute, hernie, *f.*
prôlate, *adj.*: (*geom.*) allongé.
prolégomèna, *n. pl.*: prolégomènes, *m. pl.*
prolèp-sis, *n.*: (*rhet.*) prolepse, *f.*; (*chron.*) anachronisme, *m.* -**ti(o)al**, *adj.*: précédent; (*med.*) proleptique; (*rhet.*) de prolepse. -**tically**, *adv.*: proleptiquement.
proli-ferous, *adj.*: prolifère, proligère. -**fi(al)**, *adj.*: fécond; fécondant; prolifique. -**fiacy**, *n.*: fécondité, fertilité, *f.* -**fi(c)ally**, *adv.*: avec fécondité, avec fertilité. -**fi(c)ation**, *n.*: fertilisation, fécondation, fécondance, *f.* -**fi(c)ness**, *n.*: fécondité, fertilité, *f.*
proli-x, -**xtous**, *adj.*: proluxe. -**xity**, -**xness**, *n.*: prolixité, *f.* -**xly**, *adv.*: avec prolixité; prolixement.
prolocûtor, *n.*: président d'une assemblée du clergé, *m.* -**ship**, *n.*: présidence d'une assemblée du clergé, *f.*
1. prologue, *n.*: prologue, *m.* **2. prologue**, *tr.*: introduire par un prologue.
prolong, *tr.*: prolonger; retarder: *be —ed*, se prolonger; être prolongé. -**gable**, *adj.*: qui peut se prolonger. -**gate**, *tr.*: prolonger. -**gation**, *n.*: prolongement, *m.*; prolongation, *f.* -**ger**, *n.*: personne qui prolonge, chose qui prolonge, *f.* -**gment**, *n.*: prolongation, *f.*
1. promenâ-de or -**ad**, *n.*: promenade; (*place*) promenade, *f.* **2. -de**, *intr.*: se promener.
Promêthean, *adj.*: de Prométhée.
prômi-nence, -**nency**, *n.*: préminence; saillie; (*fig.*) distinction, *f.* -**nent**, *adj.*: préminent, qui fait saillie; (*large*) prononcé; (*eminent*) éminent, marquant, distingué; (*principal*) principal; (*conspicuous*) marquant, remarquable; (*paint.*) prononcé. -**nently**, *adv.*: d'une manière préminente; en saillie; d'une manière distinguée; d'une manière marquée; d'une manière prononcée.
promiscuous, *adj.*: mêlé; en commun; général; confus, sans ordre; (*min.*) croisé. -**ly**, *adv.*: généralement, en général; en commun; confusément, pêle-mêle. -**ness**, *n.*: mélange; caractère général, *m.*; promiscuité, confusion, *f.*
1. promi-se, *n.*: promesse, *f.*; (*hope*) espérances, *f. pl.*: (*biblically*) promission, *f.*; espérances, *f. pl.*: *make a —*, faire une promesse; *of great —*, de grandes espérances, qui donne de grandes espérances; *the Land of —*, la Terre de promission. **2. -se**, *tr. and intr.*: promettre; *I — you!* je vous le promets! -**se-**

breach, *n.*: violation d'une promesse, *f.* -**se-breaker**, *n.*: personne qui viole sa promesse, *f.* -**sed**, *adj.*: promis; (*biblically*) promis, de promission. -**sée**, *n.*: personne à qui l'on a fait une promesse, *f.*; (*jur.*) stipulant, *m.* -**ser**, *n.*: personne qui fait une promesse, *f.*; auteur d'une promesse; prometteur, *m.*, promiseuse, *f.* -**sing**, *adj.*: qui promet; qui donne des espérances. -**sor**, *n.*: (*jur.*) promettant, *m.* -**ssorily**, *adv.*: par manière de promesse. -**ssory**, *adj.*: qui contient une promesse: — *note*, billet à ordre, *m.*
prômontory, *n.*: promontoire, *m.*
pro-môte, *tr.*: favoriser, encourager, protéger; avancer; donner de l'avancement à; élever; promouvoir. -**môte**, *n.*: personne qui favorise, qui encourage, *f.*; protecteur, *m.*, protectrice, *f.*; promotrice, *f.*; patron, *m.* -**motion**, *n.*: promotion, *f.*; avancement, *m.*; protection; élévation, *f.* -**motive**, *adj.*: qui favorise, qui protège, qui encourage.
1. prompt, *tr.*: exciter, pousser; dicter, inspirer; suggérer; (*theat.*) souffler. **2. prompt**, *adj.*: prompt, empressé; (*com.*) comptant. -**book**, *n.*: (*theat.*) livre du souffleur, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: (*theat.*) souffleur, *m.* -**itude**, *n.*: promptitude, *f.* -**ly**, *adv.*: promptement. -**ness**, *n.*: promptitude, *f.*; empressement, *m.* -**uary**, *n.*: magasin, dépôt, *m.*
promul-gate, *tr.*: promulguer; publier; divulguer. -**gation**, *n.*: promulgation; publication; divulgation, *f.* -**gator pro'**, *n.*: personne qui promulgue, qui publie, qui divulgue, *f.*
prônâ-tion, *n.*: (*anat.*) pronation, *f.* -**tor**, *n.*: (*anat.*) pronateur, *m.*
prône, *adj.*: (*not erect*) courbé, penché, incliné; (*declivous*) incliné, penché, en pente; (*precipitous*) qui se précipite; (*disposed*) disposé, enclin, porté; (*lying with the face downward*) couché le visage tourné vers la terre. -**ness**, *n.*: position courbée, penchée, inclinée; (*declivity*) inclinaison, pente; (*disposition*) disposition, inclination, *f.*; penchant, *m.*; (*lying with the face downward*) position d'une personne couchée le visage tourné vers la terre, *f.*
prông, *n.*: (*fork*) fourche, *f.*; (*of a fork*) fourchon; (*of a dinner fork*) fourchon, *m.*, dent, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: à fourchons.
pronominal, *adj.*: pronominal. -**ly**, *adv.*: pronominalement.
prô'noun, *n.*: pronom, *m.*
pro-nounce, *tr.*: prononcer; déclarer; *intr.*: prononcer; se prononcer. -**nounce-able**, *adj.*: qui peut se prononcer, prononçable. -**nounceer**, *n.*: personne qui

prononce, *f.* -**nunciación** or -**shi-á-shün**, *n.*: prononciation, *f.*; (*rhét.*) débit, *m.* -**nunciative**, *adj.*: dogmatique. -**nunciator**, *n.*: personne qui prononce, *f.* -**nunciatory**, *adj.*: de prononciation. **proof**, *n.*: preuve; (*trial*) épreuve; (*alg.*, *arith.*) preuve; (*of spirit*) preuve; (*print.*) épreuve, *f.*: — *against*, à l'épreuve de; *in* — *of*, pour preuve de; *come to the* —, en venir à la preuve. -**less**, *adj.*: sans preuve. -**puller**, *n.*: (*print.*) faiseur d'épreuves, *m.* -**sample**, *n.*: (*com.*) preuve, *f.* -**stick**, *n.*: sonde, *f.* **prop.**, *n.*: appui, soutien, étai, support; (*carp.*) étai, étauçon; (*hort.*) tuteur, échelas; (*fig.*) appui, soutien, *m.* **2.prop.**, *tr.*: appuyer, soutenir, étayer; (*carp.*) étayer, étauçonner; (*hort.*) échelasser. **propa-gable**, *adj.*: susceptible de propagation. -**ganda**, *n.*: doctrines à propager, *f. pl.*: propagande; propagande, *f.* -**gandism**, *n.*: esprit de propagande; propagandisme, *m.* -**gandist**, *n.*: membre de la propagande, propagandiste, *m.* **1.-gate**, *tr.*: propager; accroître; (*spread*) étendre, répandre, porter au lion; (*produce*) produire, créer, enfanter. **2.-gate**, *intr.*: se propager. -**gation**, *n.*: propagation, *f.* -**gator**, *n.*: personne qui propage, *f.*; propagateur, *m.* **propél**, *tr.*: mouvoir; faire marcher; faire avancer; mettre en mouvement; lancer. -**ler**, *n.*: propulseur, moteur, *m.* -**ling**, *adj.*: moteur. **propen-se**, *adj.*: enclin, porté, disposé. -**sity**, -**sion**, *n.*: penchant, *m.*; propension, tendance, inclination, *f.*; goût, *m.* **proper**, *adj.*: (*peculiar*) propre, particulier; (*natural*) propre, naturel; (*one's own*) propre, à soi; (*fit*) propre, convenable, à propos; (*correct*) propre, exact; (*not figurative*) propre; (*handsome*) beau: — *name*, nom propre; *deem it* — *to*, juger convenable de; juger à propos de; *it is* — *to*, il est bien de; il convient de. -**ly**, *adv.*: proprement; particulièrement, justement; naturellement; exactement; convenablement; bien; — *speaking*, à proprement parler; proprement parlant; *he acted* —, il a bien agi. -**ty**, *n.*: (*ownership*) propriété; (*thing owned*) propriété, *f.*, bien, *m.*, biens, *m. pl.*; (*quality*) propriété, qualité, *f.*; (*characteristic*) propre; (*disposition*) caractère; (*theat.*) accessoire, *m.*; *funded* —, biens en rentes; *landed* —, biens fonciers; bien-fonds; *real* —, biens immeubles; *personal* —, biens mobiliers, biens meubles; *literary* —, propriété littéraire; *man of* —, homme qui a du bien, qui a de la fortune. -**ty-man**, *n.*: fournisseur de théâtre, *m.* -**ty-tax**, *n.*: impôt sur les propriétés, *m.*

prô-phée, *n.*: prophétie, *f.* -**phesier**, *n.*: prophète, *m.* -**phesy**, *tr.*: prophétiser; *intr.*: prononcer des prophéties. -**phesying**, *n.*: prophétie, *f.* -**phet**, *n.*: prophète, *m.* -**phetess**, *n.*: prophétesse, *f.* **prô-phétic(al)**, *adj.*: prophétique. **propinquity**, *n.*: proximité; parenté, *f.* **propiti-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut rendre propice. -**ate**, *tr.*: rendre propice, rendre favorable; apaiser. -**ation**, *n.*: action de rendre propice, d'apaiser; propitiation, *f.* -**ator**, *n.*: personne qui rend propice, *f.* **1.-atory**, *adj.*: propitiatoire. **2.-atory**, *n.*: propitiatoire, *m.* -**ous**, *adj.*: propice, favorable. -**ously**, *adv.*: favorablement, d'une manière propice. -**ousness**, *n.*: bonté, disposition favorable; (*of things*) nature favorable, nature propice, *f.* **prôplasm**, *n.*: moule, *m.*; matrice, *f.* **propolis**, *n.*: propolis, *f.* **propon-ent**, *n.*: auteur d'une proposition, *m.* **1.propor-tion**, *n.*: proportion, *f.*; rapport, *m.*; (*arith.*, *math.*) proportion; (*geom.*) raison, *f.*: *in* — *to*, en proportion de; *in* — *as*, à mesure que, en proportion; à proportion que. **2.proportion**, *tr.*: proportionner. -**able**, *adj.*: qui peut être proportionné; à proportion; proportionné. -**ably**, *adv.*: proportionnellement, à proportion. **1.-al**, *adj.*: en proportion; proportionnel. **2.-al**, *n.*: (*geom.*) proportionnelle, *f.* -**ality**, *n.*: proportionnalité, *f.* -**ally**, *adv.*: proportionnellement. **1.-ate**, *tr.*: proportionner. **2.-ate**, *adj.*: proportionné. -**ately**, *adv.*: en proportion; proportionnellement. -**ateness**, *n.*: proportion; (*math.*) proportionnalité, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans proportion. **pro-pôsal**, *n.*: proposition, offre, *f.* -**pôse**, *tr.*: proposer; offrir, présenter; *intr.*: se proposer. -**pôser**, *n.*: personne qui propose, *f.*; auteur d'une proposition, *m.* -**position**, *n.*: proposition, *f.* -**positional**, *adj.*: de proposition. **propound**, *tr.*: proposer, exposer; mettre en avant. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui propose, qui expose, qui met en avant, *f.* **prôpping**, *n.*: appui, soutien; (*carp.*) étayement; (*hort.*) échelassement, *m.* **1.propr-ietary**, *n.*: propriétaire, *m.* **2.-tary**, *adj.*: de propriété; de propriétaire. -**tor**, *n.*: propriétaire, *m.* -**tress**, *n.*: propriétaire, *f.* -**ty**, *n.*: convenance, *f.*, convenances, *f. pl.*; bienséance, *f.*; bienséances, *f. pl.*; propriété, *f.*: *keep within the bounds of* —, garder les convenances, les bienséances. **propul-sion**, *n.*: propulsion, *f.* -**sive**, *adj.*: propulsif.

prop-wood, *n.*: étai vertical, *m.*
pro-râta, à proportion; au prorata.
-râte, *tr.*: diviser à proportion; taxer au prorata.

pro-rogation, *n.*: prorogation, *f.*
-rôgue, *tr.*: proroger.

proruption, *n.*: éruption, explosion, *f.*

prosaï-c(al), *adj.*: prosaïque. **-cally**, *adv.*: prosaïquement. **-calness**, *n.*: nature prosaïque, *f.* **-cism**, *n.*: prosaïsme, *m.*

prosa-ism, *n.*: prosaïsme, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: prosateur, *m.* †1 = *prosaic*.

proscenium, *n.*: proscenium, *m.*, avant-scène, *f.*

pro-scribe, *tr.*: proscrire. **-scribe**, *n.*: proscription, *m.* **-scription**, *n.*: proscription, *f.* **-scriptive**, *adj.*: de proscription.

1. **prose**, *n.*: prose, *f.* 2. **prose**, *tr.*: écrire en prose; raconter ennuyeusement.

prose-cute, *tr.*: poursuivre, continuer; persévérer dans; (*jur.*) poursuivre, diriger des poursuites contre, poursuivre en justice. **-cution**, *n.*: poursuite; continuation; (*jur.*) poursuite, *f.*, poursuites, *f. pl.*; accusation, *f.* **-cutor**, *n.*: personne qui poursuit, qui continue, *f.*; (*jur.*) plaignant, *m.*, plaignante, *f.*

1. **prose-lyte**, *n.*: prosélyte, *m.*, *f.* 2. **-lyte**, *tr.*: faire un prosélyte; convertir. **-lytism**, *n.*: prosélytisme, *m.*

pro-ser, *n.*: prosateur; conteur ennuyeux, conteur fastidieux, *m.* **-se-writer**, *n.*: prosateur, *m.*

pro-sôdial, **-sôdical**, *adj.*: prosodique. **-sôdian**, **-sôdist**, *n.*: personne versée dans la prosodie, *f.* **pro-sôdy**, *n.*: prosodie, *f.*

prospopœia **-pœa**, *n.*: prosopopée, *f.*

pro-spect, *n.*: vue, perspective, *f.*; point de vue, coup-d'œil, *m.*; (*expectation*) espoir, *m.*, espérance, perspective, *f.*, avenir, *m.*: *have fine —s before one's self*, avoir devant soi un bel avenir. **-spective**, *adj.*: en perspective; (*provident*) prévoyant; (*of extensive prospect*) d'une vue étendue; (*viewing at a distance*) de longue vue; — *glass*, lunette d'approche, *f.* **-spectively**, *adv.*: en perspective; pour l'avenir. **-spêctus**, *n.*: prospectus, *m.*

pro-sper, *tr.*: faire prospérer; faire réussir; favoriser; *intr.*: prospérer, réussir. **-spërity**, *n.*: prospérité, *f.* **-spërous**, *adj.*: prospère; (*of things*) florissant, heureux. **-spërously**, *adv.*: avec prospérité; heureusement; avec bonheur. **-spërousness**, *n.*: prospérité, *f.*

prostate, *adj.*: prostatique; — *gland*, prostate, *f.*

pro-sthesis, *n.*: (*gram.*) prosthèse,

(*surg.*) prothèse, *f.* **-sthêtic**, *adj.*: de prosthèse; (*surg.*) prothétique.

1. **prôsti-tute**, *tr.*: prostituer. 2. **-tute**, *adj.*: prostitué. 3. **-tute**, *n.*: prostituée, *f.*; (*mercenary*) vil mercenaire, *m.* **-tution**, *n.*: prostitution, *f.* **-tutor**, *n.*: personne qui prostitue, qui se prostitue, *f.*

1. **prô-strate**, *adj.*: prosterné, couché; (*fig.*) abattu; *be utterly —*, être dans l'anéantissement; être abattu; être épuisé de fatigue. 2. **-strate**, *tr.*: (*lay flat*) coucher; (*throw down*) abattre, renverser; (*overthrow*) détruire, ruiner, perdre; (*reduce*) réduire entièrement, jeter dans l'abaissement, dans l'anéantissement, anéantir; — *one's self*, se prosterner. **-strâ-tion**, *n.*: (*throwing down*) renversement, *m.*; (*bowing*) prosternation, *f.*; (*dejection*) abattement, anéantissement, *m.*; (*med.*) prostration, *f.*

prôstyle, *n.*: prostyle, *m.*

prôsy, *adj.*: lourd, ennuyeux, assommant.

prô-tasis, *n.*: protase, *f.* **-tâtio**, *adj.*: protatique.

prôtean, *adj.*: de Protée; protéen.

protêc-t, *tr.*: protéger; défendre, garantir. **-tion**, *n.*: protection; défense; (*safeguard*) sauvegarde, *f.*, passeport, sauf-conduit, *m.*; (*exemption*) privilège d'être exempt d'arrestation, *m.* **-tive**, *adj.*: protecteur. **-tor**, *n.*: protecteur, *m.*, protectrice, *f.*; (*jur.*) tuteur, curateur d'un bien substitué, *m.* **-torate**, **-torship**, *n.*: protectorat, *m.* **-tress**, *n.*: protectrice, *f.*

protênd, *tr.*: étendre, allonger.

1. **protêt**, *tr.*: protester, attester; (*com.*) protester, faire protester; *intr.*: protester. 2. **protêt**, *n.*: protestation, *f.*; (*com.*) protêt; (*of a skipper*) rapport énonçant les avaries, *m.*: *under —*, (*com.*) protesté.

1. **protêstant**, *adj.*: protestant. 2. **Protêstant**, *n.*: protestant, *m.*, protestante, *f.* **-ism**, *n.*: protestantisme, *m.*

pro-têtation, *n.*: protestation, *f.* **-têster**, *n.*: personne qui proteste, *f.*; (*com.*) créancier qui fait faire un protêt, *m.*

prothônôtary, *n.*: protonotaire; (*jur.*) greffier, *m.*

1. **protêcol**, *n.*: protocole, *m.* 2. **proto-col**, *tr.*: inscrire au protocole.

prô tomârtyr, *n.*: protomartyr; premier martyr, *m.*

prototype, *n.*: prototype, *m.*

protôxide, *n.*: protoxyde, *m.*

protrâc-t, *tr.*: prolonger; faire durer; (*defer*) ajourner, différer. **-ter**, **-tor**, *n.*: personne qui prolonge, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: prolongation, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: qui prolonge,

qui diffère. **-tor**, n.: (instrument) rapporteur, m.; personne qui prolonge, f.
1. protrude, tr.: pousser en avant, pousser dehors. **2. de**, intr.: s'avancer, sortir, faire saillie. **-sion**, n.: action de pousser en avant; saillie, f. **-sive**, adj.: qui pousse en avant.
protuberance, n.: saillie, éminence, proéminence, avance; protubérance; (knoll) éminence, hauteur; (anat.) protubérance, f. **-ant**, adj.: en saillie, proéminent. **-âte**, intr.: s'enfler; être en saillie.
prônd, adj.: fier; (arrogant) hautain, orgueilleux, superbe, arrogant; (magnificent) beau, magnifique, superbe; (grand) noble, beau, grand; (animal) en chaleur: *be — of*, être fier de, s'enorgueillir de; *— flesh*, bourgeois charnus, m. pl. chair bavense, f. **-ly**, adv.: fièrement, orgueilleusement.
prôvable, adj.: qui peut se prouver, prouvable. **1. -ve**, tr.: (try, experience) éprouver, faire l'épreuve de; (establish, confirm) prouver; (arith.) faire la preuve de; (a debt) produire des titres de; (a will) vérifier: *to — one's self, itself*, se montrer. **2. -ve**, intr.: éprouver: *to be found to be —*, se montrer, se trouver, se trouver être; (*of things*) se trouver, se trouver être; (*be*) être.
provéditeur or provéditeur, n.: pourvoyeur; (milit.) commissaire des vivres, m.
proven, adj.: prouvé.
Provençal, pron. as in Fr., **-vengial**, adj.: provençal; de Provence.
provender, n.: fourrage, m.; (nourriture for animals), f.; (provisions) provisions, f. pl., vivres, m. pl.
prover, n.: personne qui éprouve, qui prouve; chose qui éprouve, qui prouve, f.
1. prô-verb, n.: proverbe, m. **2. -verb**, intr.: parler par proverbes.
proverbial, adj.: proverbial, qui fait proverbe. **-ist**, n.: personne qui parle par proverbes, f. **-ly**, adv.: proverbiallement.
provid-e, tr.: pourvoir (de), munir, fournir; préparer; intr.: pourvoir: *— one's self with*, se pourvoir de; *be — d for*, être pourvu; avoir son avenir assuré; *— against*, se pourvoir contre; *— for*, pourvoir à. **-ed**, conj.: pourvu que: *— that*, pourvu que.
provi-dence, n.: prévoyance; (theol.) providence; (foresight) prévoyance; prudence, f. **-dent**, adj.: prévoyant; prudent. **-dential**, adj.: providentiel. **-dentially**, adv.: d'une manière providentielle; par la providence. **-dently**, adv.: prudemment, avec prévoyance.
provider, n.: personne qui pourvoit, f.; pourvoyeur, m.

prô-vice, n.: province, f.; (business) département, ressort, m.; occupation, affaire, f.; fonctions, attributions, f. pl.
1. -vengial, adj.: provincial, de province. **2. -vengial**, n.: provincial, m., provinciale, f. **-vengialism**, n.: provincialisme, m. **-vengiality**, n.: caractère provincial, m. **-vengialship**, n.: provincialat, m.
provin-e, intr.: (agri.) provigner. **-ing**, n.: (agri.) provignement, m.
1. provision, n.: action de pourvoir; (stipulation) précaution, mesure de prévoyance; (stock) provision; (jur.) disposition, f.; *— s*, vivres, comestibles, m. pl.; munitions de bouche, f. pl.: *lay in a — of*, faire provision de; *make — against*, for, prendre des précautions contre; *make a — for any one*, pourvoir aux besoins de quelqu'un; assurer l'avenir de quelqu'un.
2. provision, tr.: approvisionner de vivres. **-al**, adj.: provisoire; provisionnel. **-ally**, adv.: provisoirement, par provision; provisionnellement. **-ary** = **-al**. **-merchant**, n.: négociant en comestibles, m. **-warehouse**, n.: magasin de comestibles, m.
provi-so, n.: condition, clause, f.: *with that —, with the — that*, pourvu que; à condition que. **-sor**, n.: ecclésiastique nommé par le pape à un bénéfice avant la mort du bénéficiaire, m. **-sory**, adj.: provisoire; conditionnel.
provocation, n.: provocation, f.
1. prô-vocative, n.: provocation, f.; aiguillon, stimulant, m. **2. -vocate**, adj.: qui provoque; provocatif. **-vôke**, tr.: provoquer; exciter, inciter; (*to enrage*) fâcher, irriter, contrarier; (*to challenge*) défier: *— laughter*, faire rire; *— a smile*, faire sourire. **-vôker**, n.: personne qui provoque, f.; provocateur, m., provocatrice, f.; chose qui provoque, f. **-vôking**, adj.: provoquant; irritant, contrariant. **-vôkingly**, adv.: d'une manière provoquant, irritante, contrariante.
prôvost, n.: prévôt; (*of a college*) proviseur; (*in Scotland*) maire, m.; (milit.) prévôt: *— marshal*, grand prévôt; (nav.) commissaire-rapporteur, m. **-ship**, n.: prévôté, f.; provisorat, m.; mairie, f.
prôw, n.: proue, f.
prôwess, n.: bravoure, valeur; prouesse, f.
prôwl, intr.: rôder: *— about*, rôder çà et là; rôder par; rôder dans. **-er**, n.: rôdeur, m.
prôx-imate, adj.: prochain. **-imâtely**, adv.: immédiatement. **-imity**, n.: proximité, f.
prôxy, n.: (pers.) fondé de pouvoir,

mandataire, délégué, *m.*; (*thing*) procuration, délégation, *f.* -**ship**, *n.*: fonctions d'un fondé de pouvoir, *f. pl.*

prû-de, *n.*: prude, *f.* -**denec**, *n.*: prudence, sagesse, *f.* -**dent**, *adj.*: prudent, sage. -**dential**, *adj.*: de prudence; dicté par la prudence. -**dentially**, *adv.*: prudemment. -**dentials**, *n. pl.*: maximes de sagesse, *f.* -**dently**, *adv.*: prudemment. -**dery**, *n.*: pruderie, *f.* -**dish**, *adj.*: prude; de prude. -**dishly**, *adv.*: en prude; avec pruderie.

prûne, *n.*: pruneau, *m.*; prune sèche, *f.*

prune, *tr.*: (*hort.*) élaguer, tailler, émonder; rogner; (*trim*) arranger, ajuster; *intr.*: (*jeat.*) s'ajuster, s'attifer.

prunello, *n.*: (*stuff, fruit*) prunelle, *f.*

prûner, *n.*: personne qui élague, qui émonde, *f.*; élagueur, *m.*

pruniferous prû, *adj.*: qui porte des prunes.

prûning, *n.*: (*hort.*) action d'émonder, d'élaguer; taille, *f.* -**hook**, -**knife**, *n.*: serpette, *f.* -**shears**, *n. pl.*: sécateur, *m. sing.*

prûri-ence, -**ency**, *n.*: démangeaison, *f.*; prurit; (*fig.*) désir immodéré, *m.* -**ent**, *adj.*: qui démange; (*fig.*) qui brûle de désir. -**ginous**, *adj.*: prurigineux.

Prussian, *adj.*: prussien; de Prusse; *n.*: Prussien, *m.*, Prussienne, *f.*

prûssic, *adj.*: prussique.

prû, *intr.*: scruter: — *into*, scruter; fouiller dans; fourrer le nez dans; se mêler de; épier; — *about*, fourrer le nez partout. **prû**, *n.*: regard scrutateur; regard indiscret, *m.*: Paul —, brouillon; homme qui se mêle de tout, *m.* **1-ing**, *adj.*: scrutateur, curieux; indiscret. **2-ing**, *n.*: curiosité; exacte recherche; indiscretion, *f.* -**iply**, *adv.*: curieusement; indiscrètement.

psâlm, *n.*: psaume, *m.*: — *book*, livre de psaumes; psautier, *m.* -**ist**, *n.*: psalmiste; (*Cath. rel.*) chantre, *m.* **psâlm-ody**, *n.*: psalmodie, *f.*

psâltér, *n.*: psautier, *m.* -**y**, *n.*: psaltérion, *m.*

psêu-do, *adj.*: pseudo, faux (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**donyme**, *n.*: pseudonyme, *m.* -**donyms**, *adj.*: pseudonyme. -**do-volcânic**, *adj.*: pseudo-volcanique; etc.

1.pshâw! *interj.*: bah! basta! **2.pshâw**, *intr.*: exprimer dégoût, faire â, dire â bah.

psych- (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**iâtry**, *n.*: psychiatrie, *f.* -**ic(al)**, *adj.*: psychique. -**olôg-ic(al)**, *adj.*: psychologique. -**olôgist**, *n.*: psychologue, *m.* -**olôgy**, *n.*: psychologie, *f.*; etc.

ptêro- (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**cârp**, *n.*: pterocarpe, *m.* -**dâctyle**, *n.*: pterodactyle, *m.*; etc.

ptîsan, *n.*: tisane, *f.*

pû-berty, *n.*: puberté, *f.* -**bey**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pubescence, *f.* -**bescence**, *n.*: puberté; (*bot.*) pubescence, *f.* -**bescient**, *adj.*: qui entre dans l'âge de puberté; pubère; (*bot.*) pubescent.

1.pûbli-c, *adj.*: public. **2.-c**, *n.*: public, *m.*: — *house*, cabaret, *m.*; auberge, *f.* -**can**, *n.*: publicain; (*innkeeper*) cabaretier, aubergiste, *m.* -**câtion**, *n.*: publication, *f.* -**cist**, *n.*: publiciste, *m.* -**ci-ty**, *n.*: publicité, *f.* -**cly**, *adv.*: publiquement. -**cness**, *n.*: publicité, *f.* -**o-spirited**, *adj.*: qui s'occupe du bien général. -**sh**, *tr.*: publier. -**sher**, *n.*: personne qui publie, *f.*; éditeur; publicateur, *m.*

pûce, -**coloured**, *adj.*: puce. -**ron**, (*ent.*) puceron, *m.*

pûck, *n.*: esprit follet; lutin, *m.*

1.pûcker, *tr.*: rider; (*needlework*) faire goder; (*clothes*) faire grimacer; *intr.*: grimacer. **2.pucker**, *n.*: ride; (*in needlework*) poche, *f.*

1.pûdder, *n.*: fracas, tumulte, tapage, *m.* **2.pudder**, *intr.*: faire du tapage, faire du tumulte; *tr.*: embarrasser, confondre.

pûdding, *n.*: pudding, *m.*: black—, boudin; boudin noir, *m.* -**pie**, *n.*: pâté, *m.* -**sleeve**, *n.*: grande manche, *f.* -**stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) poudingue, *m.* -**time**, *n.*: heure du dîner, *f.*; à point nommé, *m.*

1.pûdd-le, *n.*: flaque d'eau; mare, *f.*; gâchis; (*mas.*) corroi, *m.* **2.-le**, *tr.*: troubler; rendre bourbeux; embourber, crotter; (*metal.*) puddler; (*mortar*) corroyer; (*a wall*) remblayer. -**ling**, *n.*: (*mas.*) corroi; (*metal.*) puddlage, *m.* -**ly**, *adj.*: bourbeux, trouble, boueux.

pû-dency, *n.*: modestie; pudeur, *f.* -**denda pû**, *n. pl.*: parties honteuses, *f. pl.* -**dicity pû**, *n.*: pudicité, *f.*

pûer-ile, *adj.*: puéril. -**ilely**, *adv.*: puérilement. -**ility**, *n.*: puérilité, *f.*

pûerper-al, *adj.*: (*med.*) puerpéral. -**ous**, *adj.*: en couche.

1.pûff, *n.*: (*breath*) souffle, *m.*; (*of wind*) bouffée, *f.*; (*pastry*) feuilletage, *m.*; (*for powdering the hair*) houpe à poudre, *f.*; (*on dresses*) bouillon, *m.*; (*advertisement*) pouf, *m.*, annonce emphatique, *f.*; (*bot.*) = *puff-ball*. **2.puff**, *tr.*: souffler; (*swell*) bouffir, enfler; (*praise*) faire mousser, louer emphatiquement: — *away*, dissiper; chasser; — *up*, enfler; bouffir. **3.puff**, *intr.*: souffler; (*swell*) bouffir; (*swell the cheeks*) bouffer; (*breathe with vehemence*) haleter; (*fig.*) faire des poufs, faire des annonces emphatiques. -**ball**, *n.*: vessie-

de-loup, vesse loup, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui souffle, *f.*; faiseur de poufs, faiseur d'annonces emphatiques, *m.* -**in**, *n.*: plongeon de mer, *m.* -**iness**, *n.*: enflure, *f.*; (*surg.*) empatement, *m.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: en haletant; avec enflure; par des poufs.

-**y**, *adj.*: bouffi, enflé; (*style*) boursoufflé.

1. **pūg**, *n.*: argile trempée, *f.* 2. **pug**, *tr.*: (*mas.*) hourder; (*tech.*) pilonner.

3. **pūg**, *n.*: petit singe; bichon; carlin, *m.*; prostituée, *f.* -**dog**, *n.*: carlin, roquet, *m.*

pūgging, *n.*: (*mas.*) hourdage, hourdis; pilonnage, *m.*; aire de plancher, *f.* -**mor-tar**, *n.*: bauge, *f.*

pūgh! *interj.*: nargue! fi donc!

pūgi-lism, *n.*: pugilat, *m.* -**list**, *n.*: pugiliste, boxeur, *m.* -**listie**, *adj.*: de pugilat.

pūg-mill, *n.*: (*brick-making*) pétrin, *m.*

pūgnācious, *adj.*: enclin à se battre; querelleur.

pūg-nose, *n.*: nez camus, nez épaté, *m.* -**nosed**, *adj.*: ayant le nez épaté, au nez camus.

pūis-ne, *adj.*: inférieur.

pūiss-ance, *n.*: puissance, *f.* -**ant**, *adj.*: puissant. -**antly**, *adv.*: puissamment.

1. **pū-ke**, *intr.*: vomir. 2. **-ke**, *n.*: vomitif, émétique; vomissement, *m.* -**ker**, *n.*: vomitif, émétique, *m.*; (*pers.*) personne qui vomit, *f.*

pūlchritude, *n.*: beauté, *f.*

pūl-e, *intr.*: piauler; (*whine*) pleurnicher. -**ing**, *n.*: cri de petit poulet; cri de pleurnicheur, *m.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: en piaulant; en pleurnichant.

1. **pūll**, *tr.*: tirer; (*gather*) cueillir; (*tear*) déchirer; (*print*) tirer: — *asunder*, *apart*, déchirer en deux; — *away*, arracher; — *back*, faire reculer; tirer en arrière; — *down*, faire descendre; (*demolish*) démolir, abattre; (*abase*) abaisser, rabattre; — *off*, arracher, enlever; ôter; (*one's clothes*) ôter; (*one's boots*) tirer, ôter; — *in*, tirer dedans; rentrer; — *in pieces*, mettre en pièces; — *on* (*as boots, etc.*), mettre; — *out*, tirer dehors; tirer; arracher; faire sortir; sortir; (*hair, teeth*) arracher; — *up*, tirer en haut; arracher; déraciner; extirper. 2. **pūll**, *intr.*: tirer; (*row*) ramer; — *up*, (*of horses, carriages, etc.*) arrêter; s'arrêter; descendre. 3. **pūll**, *n.*: action de tirer, *f.*; coup de main; (*rowing*) coup de rame, *m.*, coups de rame, *m. pl.*; (*effort*) effort, *m.*, tâche, *f.*; (*violence*) secousse, *f.*; (*advantage*) avantage; (*draught*) coup, trait, *m.*; (*contest*) lutte, *f.*: a — *on the water*, une promenade sur l'eau; *hard* —, rude effort, rude tâche. -**er**, *n.*: tireur, arracheur, *m.*

pūllet, *n.*: poulette, *f.*: fat —, poularde, *f.* **pūl-ey**, *n.*: poulie, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: tirage; (*agri.*) arrachage, *m.*

pūll-late, *intr.*: germer. -**lation**, *n.*: action de germer, *f.*

pūl-monary, *adj.*: pulmonaire. 1. **mōn-io**, *adj.*: pulmonaire; (*pers.*) phtisique, pulmonique. 2. **mōnio**, *n.*: médicament pectoral, *m.*; (*pers.*) pulmonique, phtisique, *m., f.*

1. **pūlp**, *n.*: substance molle; (*of fruit*) chair, pulpe; (*marrow*) moelle; (*bot.*) pulpe, *f.*, parenchyme, *m.*; (*for making paper*) pâte, bouillie, *f.* 2. **pulp**, *tr.*: enlever la chair de, enlever l'enveloppe de; décortiquer. -**iness**, *n.*: nature molle; nature pulpeuse, *f.*

pūlpit, *n.*: (*ecc.*) chaire; (*pol.*) tribune, *f.*; (*for auctioneers*) bureau, *m.* -**cloth**, *n.*: tapis de chaire, *m.* -**eer**, *n.*: prêcheur; prédicant. -**orator**, *n.*: prêcheur (*or* prédicant) orateur.

pūlpous *or* **pūlpy**, *adj.*: pulpeux.

pūl-sate, *intr.*: avoir des pulsations. -**sa-tile**, *adj.*: de percussion. -**sation**, *n.*: pulsation, *f.* -**satory**, *adj.*: (*med.*) pulsatif. -**se**, *n.*: pouls, *m.*; (*phys.*) pulsation; (*bot.*) plante légumineuse, *f.*, légume, *m.*: *high, low* —, pouls élevé, faible; *ir-regular, regular* —, pouls déréglé, réglé; *strong, weak* —, pouls élevé, faible; *quick* —, pouls fréquent; *wiry* —, pouls sec; *feel any one's* —, tâter le pouls à quelqu'un; (*fig.*) pressentir quelqu'un sur quelque chose. -**sion**, *n.*: action de pousser en dehors, *f.*

pūlver-able, *adj.*: pulvérisable. -**isa-tion**, *n.*: pulvérisation, *f.* -**ise**, *tr.*: pulvériser; réduire en poudre. -**ous**, *adj.*: poudreux.

pūl-vérulence, *n.*: pulvéulence, *f.* -**vérulent**, *adj.*: pulvérulent.

1. **pū-mice**, **-mice-stone**, *n.*: ponce, pierre ponce, *f.* 2. **-mice**, *tr.*: poncer. -**miceous**, *adj.*: ponceux.

pūmmel = *pommel*.

1. **pūmp**, *n.*: pompe, *f.*; (*shoe*) escarpin, *m.*: *fire* —, pompe à incendie; *stomach* —, pompe stomacale; *fetch the* —, amorcer la pompe. 2. **pūmp**, *tr.*: pomper; (*fig.*) sonder, tirer les vers du nez à; *intr.*: pomper: — *anything out of any one*, tirer quelque chose de quelqu'un. -**bole**, *n.*: âme de pompe, *f.* -**brake**, *n.*: brimbale de pompe, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui pompe; chose qui fait aller la pompe, *f.* -**gauge**, *n.*: sonde de pompe, *f.* -**gear**, *f.*: garniture de pompe, *f.*

pūm-pion *or* **-pkin**, *n.*: citrouille, courge, *f.*; potiron, *m.*

pūmp-lift, *n.*: reprise de pompe, *f.* -**spear**, *n.*: tige de pompe, *f.*

1. **pün**, n.: calembour, m. 2. **pun**, intr.: faire des calembours; intr.: persuader par des calembours.

1. **püñch**, n.: (instrument) emporte-pièce; (blow) coup de poing, m. 2. **punch**, tr.: percer; (hit) donner un coup de poing à; — out, enlever à l'emporte-pièce.

3. **püñch**, n.: polichinelle; courtaud; cheval ramassé.

4. **püñch**, n.: punch, tponche, m. — **bowl**, n.: bol à punch, m.

püñch-eon, n.: poinçon; (carp.) montant, m.; (of beer) pièce (litres 332-6876); (of wine) pièce (litres 318), f. — **er**, n.: personne qui enlève à l'emporte-pièce, f.; (thing) emporte-pièce, m.

pun-chinello, n.: polichinelle, m. — **chy**, adj.: ramassé, trapu, courtaud.

püñct-ated, adj.: en pointe. — **iform**, adj.: en forme de pointe.

püñctil-iq, n.: exactitude scrupuleuse; pointillerie, formalité, f. — **ious**, adj.: d'une exactitude scrupuleuse; pointilleux. — **iously**, adv.: avec une exactitude scrupuleuse; d'une manière pointilleuse. — **iousness**, n.: exactitude scrupuleuse; nature pointilleuse; pointillerie, f.

püñcto, n.: forme; (fenc.) pointe, f.

püñctü-al, adj.: ponctuel, exact. — **al-ist**, n.: personne pointilleuse pour les formes, sur le cérémonial, f. — **ality**, n.: ponctualité, exactitude, f. — **ally**, adv.: ponctuellement, exactement. — **alness**, n.: ponctualité, exactitude, f. — **ate**, tr.: ponctuer. — **ation**, n.: ponctuation, f. 1. — **re**, n.: piqure, f. 2. — **re**, tr.: piquer; faire une piqure à.

pün-gency, n.: nature piquante; acrimonie; âcreté; aigreur, f.; piquant, m. — **gent**, adj.: piquant; acrimonieux; âcre; cuisant; poignant.

pü-nic, adj.: punique. — **niceous**, adj.: de pourpre; pourpré.

pü-niness, n.: petitesse; nature chétive, f.

pünish, tr.: punir, châtier. — **able**, adj.: punissable. — **ableness**, n.: caractère punissable, m. — **er**, n.: personne qui punit, f. — **ment**, n.: punition; peine, f.; hâtiment, m.

püñ-tive, adj.: pénal. — **†-tory**, adj.: qui tend à punir, qui punit.

pünster, n.: calembouriste, m.

1. **pünt**, n.: (boat) bachot, m. 2. **punt**, tr.: (a boat) conduire à la gaffe; pousser de pied (le ballon, au jeu).

3. **pünt**, intr.: (at play) pointer. — **er**, n.: pont, m.

1. **püny**, adj.: petit; faible; mesquin. 2. **püny**, n.: novice, m., f.; personne sans expérience, f.

1. **püp**, n.: petit chien, petit, m.; petite

chienne, f. 2. **pup**, intr.: chienner; mettre bas.

püpa or **püpe** (pl. *pupæ*), n.: (ent.) puppe, chrysalide, nymphe, f.

püpil, n.: élève, m., f.; écolier, m., écolière, f.; pupille, m., f.: —, (of the eye) pupille, prunelle, f. — **-age**, n.: état d'élève, m.; minorité, f. — **-ary**, adj.: pupillaire.

püppet, n.: marionnette; poupée, f., poupard, m.; bamboche, f. — **-man**, n.: maître d'un spectacle de marionnettes, m. — **-show**, n.: spectacle de marionnettes, m.; marionnettes, f. pl.

1. **püppy**, n.: petit chien, m., petite chienne, f.; petit, m., (pers.) fat, faquin, drôle, m. 2. **püppy**, intr.: chienner, mettre bas. — **-ism**, n.: fatuité, f.

1. **pür**, intr.: (of cats) filer; faire le rouet, faire ronron, ronronner. 2. **pur**, n.: ronron, murmure (du chat).

pürblind, adj.: qui a la vue courte; myope; (animal) qui voit peu, aveugle. — **-ness**, n.: vue courte; myopie, f.

pür-chasable, adj.: qu'on peut acheter; à acheter. 1. — **chase**, tr.: acheter, acquérir; faire l'achat de; (obtain) obtenir, gagner. 2. — **chase**, n.: achat, m.; acquisition, emplette; (mcc.) puissance, prise; (jur.) obtention, f.; (nav.) appareil, m.; — **-money**, prix d'achat, m. — **-chaser**, n.: acquéreur; acheteur, m.

püre, adj.: pur; vrai, franc: — *from*, exempt de. — **-ly**, adv.: purement. — **-ness**, n.: pureté, f.

pür-gament, n.: excréation, f.; excrément, m. — **-gation**, n.: purgation, f. 1. — **-gative**, n.: purgatif, m. 2. — **-gative**, adj.: purgatif. — **-gatorial**, **-gatorial**, **-gatorial**, adj.: du purgatoire. 1. — **-gatory**, n.: purgatoire, m. 2. — **-gatory**, adj.: qui purifie; expiatoire. 1. — **-ge**, tr.: purger; nettoyer, purifier; clarifier; épurer. 2. — **-ge**, n.: purgation, f.; purgatif, m. — **-ger**, n.: personne qui purge, qui épure, qui nettoie, qui purifie; chose qui purge, qui épure, qui nettoie, qui purifie, f. — **-ging**, n.: diarrhée; (fig.) épuration, f.

pürification, n.: purification; épuration, f.

pü-rificative, **-rificatory**, adj.: qui purifie.

pü-rifier, n.: personne qui purifie, qui épure; chose qui purifie, qui épure, f.; purificateur, m. — **-riform** *ô*, adj.: (med.) puriforme. — **-rify**, tr.: purifier; épurer; intr.: se purifier; s'épurer. — **-rism**, n.: purisme, m. — **-rist**, n.: puriste, m. 1. — **-ritan**, adj.: puritain. 2. — **-ritan**, n.: puritain, m., puritaine, f. — **-ritanie(al)**, adj.: de puritain, puritain. — **-ritanism**, n.: puritanisme, m. — **-rity**, n.: pureté, f.

1. **purl**, *n.*: bordure en broderie; (*cf* lace) engrelure, *f.* 2. **purl**, *tr.*: orner de broderie.
3. **purl**, *n.*: (*cf* brooks) doux murmure, gazouillement, *m.* 4. **purl**, *intr.*: murmurer, gazouiller.
- purlieu**, *n.*: alentour, confin, *m.*; limite, *f.*; —s, environs, confins, *m. pl.*, voisinage, *m. sing.*
- purlin**, *n.*: (*carp.*) ventrière, *f.*
1. **purling**, *adj.*: murmurant. 2. **purling**, *n.*: murmure, gazouillement, *m.*
- purlôin**, *tr.*: soustraire, dérober, voler, détourner. —**er**, *n.*: voleur, *m.*, voleuse; personne qui soustrait, qui dérobe, *f.* —**ing**, *n.*: soustraction, *f.*; vol, détournement, *m.*
1. **pür-ple**, *n.*: pourpre, *m.*; (*dye, fig.*) pourpre, *f.* 2. **-ple**, *adj.*: de pourpre, pourpré. 3. **-ple**, *tr.*: teindre en pourpre; empourprer; rougir. —**pley**, *pl. n.*: fièvre pourprée, *f.* —**plish**, *adj.*: tirant sur le pourpre; purpurin.
1. **pürport**, *n.*: but, objet; (*sense*) sens, *m.*; (*import*) portée, *f.* 2. **purport**, *tr.*: tendre à montrer; signifier.
1. **pürpose**, *n.*: but, effet, *m.*, fin, *f.*; dessein, projet, *m.*, intention, *f.*; besoin, usage; but d'intérêt, *m.*: on —, exprès; à dessein; to no —, sans effet; inutilement; en vain; en pure perte; to little —, à peu d'effet; en vain; to the —, à propos; foreign to the —, étranger au but; to what —? à quoi bon? à quel effet? for one — only, (*man.*) à une main; pour un seul usage; answer, suit one's —, faire son affaire; arranger quelqu'un; answer a —, remplir un but; answer no —, être inutile; ne servir de rien; come to the —, venir au fait; gain one's —, en venir à ses fins; answer the — *cf*, faire l'office de; that is nothing to the —, cela ne fait rien à l'affaire; cela ne veut rien dire.
2. **purpose**, *tr.*: se proposer, avoir le dessein; avoir l'intention; avoir le projet. —**ly**, *adv.*: à dessein, exprès.
- pür-pura**, *n.*: (*med.*) purpura, *m.* —**püre**, *n.*: (*her.*) pourpre, *m.* —**pürle**, *adj.*: purpurique.
- pür** = *pur*. 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: (*of the cat*) qui file, qui fait le rouet; (*med.*) frémissement cataire. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: ronron, murmure du chat, *m.*
1. **pür-se**, *n.*: bourse, *f.*; (*prize*) prix, *m.*; privy —, cassette, *f.* 2. **purse**, *tr.*: embourser; mettre en bourse; (*fig.*) plisser. —**se-net**, *n.*: filet en bourse, *m.* —**se-proud**, *adj.*: fier de son argent. —**ser**, *n.*: agent comptable, *m.*; —'s steward, distributeur des vivres, *m.* —**siness**, *n.*: boursofflure, enflure; (*of breath*) courte haleine, *f.*
- pürslain**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pourpier, *m.*

- pur-suable**, *adj.*: poursuivable.
- süanee**, *n.*: poursuite; suite, conséquence, *f.*: in — *cf*, en conséquence de, par suite de; en vertu de. —**süant**, *adj.*: en conséquence, par suite; conforme; —to, conformément à. —**süe**, *tr.*: poursuivre; suivre; chercher. —**süer**, *n.*: personne qui poursuit, *f.*; poursuivant, *m.* —**süit**, *n.*: poursuite; recherche; occupation, profession, *f.*; —s, travaux, *m. pl.*; occupations, *f. pl.*; carrière, *f.*, études, *f. pl.*; in — *cf*, à la poursuite de, à la recherche de.
- pürsüvant**, *n.*: poursuivant d'armes, *m.*: —at arms, poursuivant d'armes.
- pürsy**, *adj.*: bouffi; poussif.
- pür-lence**, —**leney**, *n.*: purulence, *f.* —**lent**, *adj.*: purulent.
- pürvêy**, *tr.*: faire provision de; pourvoir; fournir; procurer; *intr.*: faire ses provisions; se pourvoir. —**anee**, *n.*: provisions, *f. pl.*; approvisionnement, *m.* —**or**, *n.*: pourvoyeur, *m.*
- püs**, *n.*: pus, *m.*
1. **püsh**, *tr.*: pousser; (*urge*) presser, importuner: —away, repousser, éloigner; —back, repousser; faire reculer; —down, faire tomber; —any one down the stairs, faire dégringoler l'escalier à quelqu'un; —forward, avancer, faire avancer; —in, faire entrer; —off, repousser; lancer; pousser au large; —on, pousser; faire avancer; —out, pousser dehors; faire sortir; —up, faire monter; be —ed for money, être à court d'argent; be —ed for an answer, être embarrassé pour répondre. 2. **push**, *intr.*: pousser; faire un effort; se pousser; attaquer: —at, pousser; attaquer; —away, pousser toujours; —off, (*nav.*) pousser au large; —on, forward, pousser en avant; s'avancer; se pousser dans le monde; —on to, pousser jusqu'à; donner un coup de pied jusqu'à. 3. **push**, *n.*: coup, *m.*; impulsion; poussée, poussade, *f.*; (*attack*) assaut, *m.*, attaque, *f.*; (*critical moment*) moment critique, *m.*, conjoncture, extrémité, *f.*: at a —, on a —, dans un moment critique, à l'extrémité; comme un pis aller. —**er**, *n.*: personne qui pousse, *f.*; pousseur, *m.* —**ing**, *adj.*: qui se pousse; qui pousse; (*enterprising*) entreprenant. —**pin**, *n.*: poussette, *f.*
- püsill-animity**, *n.*: pusillanimité, *f.* —**änimous**, *adj.*: pusillanime. —**änimously**, *adv.*: pusillaniment. —**änimousness**, *n.*: pusillanimité, *f.*
- püss**, *n.*: (*cat*) minon, minet, *m.*, minette, *f.*; (*hare*) lièvre, *m.*
- püstul-lar**, —**late**, —**lous**, *adj.*: couvert de pustules; pustuleux. —**late**, *tr.*: former en pustules. —**le**, *n.*: pustule, *f.*

1. put (pret., part. *put*), *tr.*: mettre; poser; placer; (*suppose*) supposer, poser; (*offer*) offrir, proposer: — *about*, faire passer, faire circuler; — *away*, serrer, cacher; (*take away*) ôter; (*a wife*) répudier; — *back*, reculer; faire reculer; (*replace*) remplacer, remettre; — *by*, mettre de côté, serrer; — *down*, déposer, poser; mettre par terre; (*suppress*) supprimer; (*confound*) réduire au silence, confondre; — *forth*, mettre en avant; étendre, tendre, avancer; (*display*) déployer; (*leaves, flowers*) pousser; — *in*, mettre dedans; mettre, passer; (*insert*) insérer; — *off*, ôter; (*defer*) remettre, retarder, différer; — *on*, (*advance*) avancer; (*assume*) prendre; (*attribute to*) mettre sur le compte de, attribuer à, imputer à; (*clothes*) mettre; — *out*, mettre dehors; mettre à la porte; (*extinguish*) éteindre; (*confuse*) embarrasser, déranger, troubler; (*money*) placer; (*flowers, leaves*) pousser; (*display*) déployer; — *over*, mettre dessus; mettre au-dessus de; — *to*, mettre à; (*refer to*) s'en référer à; (*harness*) atteler; — *up*, mettre en haut; réduire à; contraindre; mettre à; engager à; (*replace*) remettre; (*pack*) emballer, emballer; (*a prayer*) faire, offrir; — *any one up to anything*, donner le mot à quelqu'un; mettre quelqu'un au courant de quelque chose; — *to the sword*, passer au fil de l'épée; *be — to it*, être embarrassé; avoir du fil à retordre; avoir fort à faire; — *together*, mettre ensemble; rapprocher; réunir; (*a piece of mechanism*) monter; — *any one on his trial*, mettre quelqu'un en jugement, en cause; — *an affront on any one*, faire affront à quelqu'un. **2. put**, *intr.*: (*germinate*) germer, pousser; (*nav.*) se mettre: — *forth*, annoncer, déclarer, publier; (*bud*) germer, pousser; — *in*, (*nav.*) entrer au port, relâcher; (*at play*) mettre au jeu; — *in for*, se mettre sur les rangs pour; — *off*, pousser au large; — *on*, aller vite; — *to sea*, mettre à la voile; — *up*, loger; — *up at*, descendre à; — *up for*, se mettre sur les rangs pour; — *up with*, souffrir, endurer, supporter, avaler, digérer; (*make shift with*) s'accommoder de, s'arranger de. **3. put**, *n.*: action de placer, *f.*, placement, *m.*; force, *f.*

4. put, *n.*: rustre, lourdaud, *m.*

5. put, *n.*: pute, prostituée.

putative, *adj.*: supposé, réputé; (*of fathers*) putatif.

putid, *adj.*: bas, vil, indigne. — *ness*, *n.*: bassesse, indignité, *f.*

put-log, *n.*: brouin, *m.* — *off*, *n.*: défaite, excuse, échappatoire, *f.*, faux-fuyant, *m.*

putrefaction, *n.*: putréfaction, *f.*

-tive, *adj.*: de putréfaction; putréfactif.

pū-trefy, *tr.*: putréfier; corrompre; *intr.*: se putréfier, pourrir. — **tréscence**, *n.*: état de putréfaction, *m.* — **tréscant**, *adj.*: en état de putréfaction; putride; putréfié. — **trid**, *adj.*: putride. — **tridity**, **tridness**, *n.*: pourriture, putridité, *f.*

pūt-ter, *n.*: personne qui met, qui pose, qui place, *f.*; faiseur, *m.*, faiseuse, *f.* — **tor-on**, *n.*: instigateur, *m.* — **-ting**, *n.*: action de mettre, de placer; mise, *f.*

pūty, *n.*: potée d'étain, *f.*; (*for glaziers*) mastic; ciment, *m.*

pūz-le, *n.*: embarras, *m.*, difficulté, *f.*; (*toy*) jeu de patience, casse-tête, *m.* — **2-le**, *tr.*: intriguer, embarrasser, démonter; (*one's brains*) s'alambiquer l'esprit, la cervelle; *intr.*: être embarrassé. — **le-headed**, *adj.*: qui a la tête pleine d'idées creuses. — **ler**, *n.*: personne qui embarrasse, *f.*

puzzolana = *pozzolana*.

pyg-méan, *adj.*: de pygmée. — **my**, *n.*: pygmée, *m.*

py-loric, *adj.*: (*anat.*) pylorique. — **lō-rous**, *n.*: (*anat.*) pylore, *m.*

pŷ-ramid, *n.*: pyramide, *f.* — **-ramidal**, **-ramidic(al)**, *adj.*: pyramidal. — **-ramidically**, *adv.*: en pyramide.

pŷre, *n.*: bûcher, *m.*

pŷ-riform, *adj.*: pyriforme, piriforme.

pyrites, *n.* sing. and pl.: pyrite, *f.* — **pŷ-ritous**, *adj.*: (*min.*) pyriteux.

pyro- or pyrō- (*in words much like corresponding French words, as*): — **-mēter**, *n.*: pyromètre, *m.* — **-phorus**, *n.*: pyrophore, *m.* — **-technic(al)**, *adj.*: pyrotechnique. — **-technics**, *n. pl.*: pyrotechnie, *f.* sing. — **-technist**, *n.*: personne versée dans la pyrotechnie, *f.*

pŷre-tēchny, *n.*: pyrotechnie, *f.*

pŷrrh-ic, *n.*: pyrrhique; danse pyrrhique, *f.*; (*poet.*) pyrrhique, *m.* — **-ōnic**, *adj.*: pyrrhonien. — **-onism**, *n.*: pyrrhonisme, *m.* — **-onist**, *n.*: pyrrhonien, *m.*

Pyth-agorēan, *n.*: pythagoricien, *m.*; pythagoricienne, *f.* — **-agōric(al)**, *adj.*: pythagoricien. — **-āgorism**, *n.*: pythagorisme, *m.*

pŷth-ian, *adj.*: pythien; pythique, de la pythie. — **-ness**, *n.*: pythionise, *f.* — **-ōnic**, *adj.*: de devin. — **-onist**, *n.*: devin, *m.*

pyx = *piz*.

Q

q kū, *n.*: q, *m.*

1. quack, *intr.*: faire le charlatan; faire le gascon; bâbler; (*of ducks*) nasiller.

2. quack, *n.*: charlatan; empirique; marchand d'orviétan, *m.* — **3. quack**, *adj.*: de charlatan; d'empirique. — **-ory**, *n.*:

charlatanisme, empirisme, *m.*; charlatanerie, *f.* -**ish**, *adj.*: de charlatan; d'empirisme; charlatanesque. -**ism**, *n.*: charlatanisme, *m.* †-**salver**, *n.*: marchand d'orviètan, *m.*

quadr kwōdr- or kwodr- (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**agésima**, *n.*: Quadragesime, *f.*: - *Sunday*, dimanche de la Quadragesime, *m.* -**agésimal**, *adj.*: quadragesimal. -**agésimaly**, *n.*: offrandes de la mi-carême, *f. pl.* -**angle**, *n.*: quadrangle, *m.* -**angular**, *adj.*: quadrangulaire. -**ant**, *n.*: quart; quart de cercle; octant, *m.*: — of altitude, quart de cercle mural, *m.* -**antal**, *adj.*: de quart de cercle. -**at**, *n.*: (print.) quadrat, cadrat, *m.* 1.-**ate**, *adj.*: carré. 2.-**ate**, *n.*: carré; (astrol.) quadrat aspect, *m.* 3.-**ate**, *intr.*: cadrer. -**atic**, *adj.*: carré; (alg.) quadratique. -**atrix**, *n.*: carré, *m.*; figure carrée; quadratrice, *f.* -**ature**, *n.*: quadrature, *f.*; carré, *m.* -**ennial**, *adj.*: de quatre ans; quadriennal, quadriennal. -**ennially**, *adv.*: tous les quatre ans. -**ible**, *adj.*: qui peut être carré. -**ifid**, *adj.*: (bot.) quadrifide. -**ilateral**, *adj.*: quadrilatéral; *n.*: quadrilatère, *m.* -**ille** kwā-, *n.*: (cards) quadrille; (mus., danc.) quadrille, *m.*, contredanse, *f.* -**illion**, *n.*: septillion, *m.* -**inomial**, *n.*: quadrinôme, *m.* -**ipartite**, *adj.*: quadriparti, quadripartite. -**isyllable**, *n.*: quadrisyllabe, *m.* -**oon**, *n.*: quarteron, *m.*, quarteronne, *f.* -**umane**, *n.*: quadrumane, *m.* -**umanous**, *adj.*: quadrumane. -**uped**, *n.*: quadrupède, *m.* -**upedal**, *adj.*: quadrupède. 1.-**uple**, *adj.*: quadruple. 2.-**uple**, *n.*: quadruple, *m.* 3.-**uple**, *tr.*: quadrupler. 1.-**uplicate**, *tr.*: quadrupler. 2.-**uplicate**, *adj.*: quadruplé. -**uplica-tion**, *n.*: action de quadrupler, *f.* -**uply**, *adv.*: au quadruple.

quaff, *intr.*: boire copieusement; vider (en buvant); (fig.) savourer, humer; s'abreuver de; *tr.*: boire copieusement. -**er**, *n.*: buveur, *m.*

quag, *n.*: fondrière, *f.* -**gy**, *adj.*: marécageux. **quagmire**, *n.*: fondrière, *f.*

1.-**quail**, *intr.*: perdre courage, faiblir; reculer, se troubler; se cailler, se coaguler; *tr.*: écraser, vaincre, abattre, dompter. 2.-**quail**, *n.*: caille. -**pipe**, *n.*: cour-caillet, appeau, *m.*

quaint, *adj.*: (odd) singulier, bizarre, original; (unusual) extraordinaire, étrange; (affected) affecté, prétentieux; (fine spun) recherché, apprêté, (pretty) gentil, joli. -**ly**, *adv.*: singulièrement, bizarrement, originalement; extraordinairement, étrangement; d'une manière affectée, d'une

manière prétentieuse; d'une manière recherchée, d'une manière apprêtée; gentiment. -**ness**, *n.*: singularité, bizarrerie, originalité; nature extraordinaire, nature étrange; gentillesse, *f.*

1.-**quak**, *intr.*: trembler; trembloter. 2.-**ke**, *n.*: tremblement, *m.* -**ker**, *n.*: quaker, quakre; trembleur, *m.* -**keress**, *n.*: quakeresse, *f.* -**kerism**, *n.*: quakerisme, *m.* -**kerly**, *adv.*: de quaker. 1.-**king**, *n.*: tremblement, *m.*; terreur, *f.* 2.-**king**, *adj.*: tremblant; tremblotant. -**kingly**, *adv.*: en tremblant.

quali-fication kwō-, *n.*: qualité, qualité requise; capacité; (diminution) diminution, *f.*, affaiblissement, *m.*; (modification) modification, restriction; (denomination) dénomination, désignation, *f.* -**fied**, *adj.*: qui a les qualités requises; apte, capable, propre; autorisé; modifié; tempéré. -**fy**, *tr.*: donner les qualités requises à; rendre apte, rendre capable, rendre propre, préparer; autoriser, donner le droit de; qualifier; (modify) modifier; (soften) adoucir, modérer; (regulate) déterminer, fixer. -**fyng**, *adj.*: (gram.) qualificatif. -**ty**, *n.*: qualité, *f.*; (acquisition) talent, *m.*

quâim, *n.*: mal au cœur, *m.*; nausée; envie de vomir, *f.*; (scruple) scrupule, *m.* -**ish**, *adj.*: qui a mal au cœur; qui a des nausées; qui a envie de vomir. -**ishness**, *n.*: envie de vomir; nausée, *f.*

quandary kwōn-, *n.*: embarras, *m.*; incertitude; difficulté, *f.*

†**quan-titative** kwōn-, -**titive**, *adj.*: appréciable sous les rapports de la quantité. -**tity**, *n.*: quantité, *f.* -**tum**, *n.*: montant, total, *m.*; quantité, *f.*

1.-**quarantine** kwō-, *n.*: quarantaine, *f.*: perform —, faire quarantaine. 2.-**quarantine**, *tr.*: faire faire quarantaine à.

1.-**quarrel** kwō-, *n.*: querelle, dispute, *f.*; démêlé, *m.*; (cause of dispute) sujet de querelle, *m.*, cause de querelle, *f.*: *fasten a — on any one*, chercher querelle, chercher noise à quelqu'un. 2.-**quarrel**, *intr.*: quereller; se quereller; se disputer: — *with*, se quereller avec; *want to — with*, chercher querelle à; *have —led with*, être en querelle avec; être brouillé avec. -**ler**, *n.*: querelleur, *m.*, querelleuse, *f.* -**ling**, *n.*: querelle; dispute, *f.* -**lous**, -**some**, *adj.*: querelleur: — *man*, querelleur, *m.*; — *woman*, querelleuse, *f.* -**somely**, *adv.*: en querelleur. -**some-ness**, *n.*: caractère querelleur, *m.*; humeur querelleuse, *f.*

1.-**quarry** kwō-, *n.*: carrière de pierre; (hunt.) curée; (prey) proie, *f.* 2.-**quarry**, *tr.*: tirer d'une carrière. -**ing**, *n.*: extraction de la carrière, *f.* -**man**, *n.*: carrier, *m.*

quart, *n.*: quart (litre 1.135860), *m.*
 1. **-an ar.**, *adj.*: (med.) quart. 2. **-an**, *n.*:
 fièvre quarte, *f.*; (of a measure) quart, *m.*
-ation, *n.*: (metal.) quartation, inquat-
 ration, *f.*, inquat, *m.* 1. **-er**, *tr.*: partager
 en quarts; diviser en parties, diviser en
 parties distinctes; (*her.*) écarteler; (*lodge*)
 loger; (*troops*) faire le logement de: *draw*
and —, écarteler. 2. **-er**, *tr.*: loger;
 (*milit.*) être en quartier. 3. **-er**, *n.*:
 (fourth part) quart; (of a hundred-weight)
 quart de quintal (kilo. 12.699); (*astron.*,
her., *milit.*, *vet.*) quartier; (of a city, of a
shoe, of lamb) quartier; (*region*) endroit,
 parage, *m.*, contrée, *f.*; (*particular part*)
 endroit, côté; (*of the year*, of schooling)
 trimestre; (*of rent*) terme; (*mercy*) quar-
 tier; (*of a ship*) arrière, *m.*, hanche, *f.*:
false —, (*vet.*) faux quartier; *there is*
nothing to hope from that —, il n'y a rien
 à espérer de ce côté-là; *from all —s*, de
 tous côtés; de toutes parts; de tous les
 points. **-erage**, *n.*: pension trimestrielle,
f. **-er-bill**, *n.*: (*nav.*) rôle d'équipage,
m. **-er-day**, *n.*: terme, *m.* **-er-deck**,
n.: gaillard d'arrière, *m.* **-erer**, *n.*:
 celui qui écartèle, bourreau, *m.* **-ering**,
n.: division par quarts, *f.*; (*milit.*) loge-
 ment militaire; (*punishment*) écartèle-
 ment, *m.* 1. **-erly**, *adj.*: trimestriel; de
 quart. 2. **-erly**, *adv.*: par trimestre.
-er-master, *n.*: (*milit.*) †Fr. quartier-
 maître, officier de casernement; (*nav.*)
 contremaitre, *m.* **-ern**, *n.*: quart de
 pinte (litre 0.142), *m.*: *a — loaf*, un pain
 de quatre livres. **-er-pace**, *n.*: (*arch.*)
 quartier tournant, repos, *m.* **-er-ses-**
sions, *n.*: session trimestrielle, *f.* **-er-**
staff, *n.*: bâton; bâton de garde forestier,
m. **-ët**, **-ëtto**, *n.*: (*mus.*) quatuor, *m.*
-ile, *n.*: aspect quartile, *m.*; quadrature,
f. 1. **-o**, *adj.*: in-quarto, *m.* 2. **-o**, *n.*:
 in-quarto, *m.*

quartz, *n.*: quartz, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: quart-
 zeux.

quash kwôsh, *tr.*: briser; écraser; ré-
 primer; (*jur.*) annuler, casser; *intr.*:
 s'agiter avec bruit.

quâsi, *adv.*: quasi. **-contract**, *n.*:
 quasi-contrat, *m.*

quasimôdo, *n.*: quasimodo, *f.*

quassation, *n.*: ébranlement, *m.*; se-
 cousses, *f.*

quassia kwô, *n.*: quassia; (*tree*) quas-
 sier, *m.*

quâter-cousins, *n. pl.*: cousins au qua-
 trième degré, *m. pl.*

1. **qua-térnary kwô**, *adj.*: quaternaire.

2. **ternary**, *n.*: quatre, *m.* **-térnion**,
n.: nombre quatre, *m.*; compagnie de
 quatre, *f.* † **-térnity**, *n.*: nombre qua-
 tre, *m.*

quatrain kwô, *n.*: quatrain, *m.*

1. **quâver**, *intr.*: faire trembler sa
 voix; trembler; (*mus.*) triller, cadencer.

2. **quaver**, *n.*: tremblement de la voix;
 (*mus.*) croche, *f.*, trille, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: per-
 sonne qui fait trembler sa voix, *f.* **-ing**,
n.: trille, *m.*; cadence, *f.* **-rest**, *n.*:
 (*mus.*) demi-soupir, *m.*

1. **quay kt**, *n.*: quai, *m.* 2. **quay**, *tr.*:
 garnir de quais.

quëan, *n.*: femme; femme de mauvaise
 vie, coquine, guenipe, *f.*

quëa-siness, *n.*: envie de vomir, nausée,
f. **-sy**, *adj.*: qui a mal au cœur (des nau-
 sées); nauséabond; délicat.

1. **quëen**, *n.*: reine; (*at cards*, *at draughts*)
 dame; (*at chess*) dame, reine, *f.* 2. **queen**,
tr.: faire la reine; jouer le rôle de la
 reine; (*at chess*) aller à dame. **-bee**, *n.*:
 abeille mère, *f.* **-like**, **-ly**, *adv.*: de
 reine; comme une reine; semblable à une
 reine. **-mother**, *n.*: reine mère. **-ship**,
n.: rang (dignité, *f.*) de reine, *m.*,
 royauté, *f.*

1. **quëer**, *adj.*: bizarre, étrange, singulier;
 original; drôle de: *a — fellow*, un drôle
 de corps, un original. **-ly**, *adv.*: étrange-
 ment; bizarrement; originalement, singu-
 lièrement. **-ness**, *n.*: étrangeté, bizar-
 rerie, originalité, singularité, *f.*

quëll, *tr.*: réprimer, étouffer, dompter,
 apaiser; *intr.*: s'éteindre. **-er**, *n.*: per-
 sonne qui réprime, qui étouffe, *f.*; domp-
 teur, *m.*

quëench, *tr.*: éteindre; (*to check*) amor-
 tir; (*repress*) étouffer; (*to still*) apaiser;
 (*one's thirst*) étancher, éteindre; *intr.*: se
 refroidir. **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut étein-
 dre, qu'on peut étancher. **-er**, *n.*: per-
 sonne qui éteint; chose qui éteint, *f.*
-less, *adj.*: inextinguible.

quërcitron, *n.*: (*bot.*) quercitron, *m.*

querimônious, *adj.*: qui fait des
 plaintes. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec plainte. **-ness**,
n.: habitude de se plaindre, *f.*

quërist, *n.*: personne qui fait une ques-
 tion, *f.*; questionneur, *m.*, questionneuse, *f.*

quërulous, *adj.*: plaintif. **-ness**, *n.*:
 habitude de se plaindre, *f.*

1. **quëry**, *n.*: question, *f.* 2. **query**, *tr.*:
 faire une question, des questions; *intr.*:
 s'informer de; questionner, interroger.

quëst, *n.*: enquête, recherche; (*request*)
 demande; sollicitation, *f.*

1. **quëstion**, *n.*: question, interrogation,
 demande; (*discussion*) discussion; (*sub-*
ject of debate) question, proposition, *f.*;
 sujet, *m.*; (*in parliament*) interpellation;
 (*math.*) question, *f.*; problème, *m.*; (*tor-*
ture) question, torture, *f.*: *a pretty —!*
 belle question! la belle demande! *an*
unfair —, une question indiscreète; une

indiscrétion, *f.*; *ask a —*, faire une question; *call in —*, mettre en question; révoquer en doute; *be out of the —*, être hors de question; *without a —*, sans aucun doute; *beyond all —*, hors de doute. 2. **question**, *tr.*: questionner, interroger; (*doubt*) mettre en question, mettre en doute, révoquer en doute, douter de; *intr.*: interroger; questionner; faire des questions: *I — whether it would not be better to*, je ne sais pas s'il ne vaudrait pas mieux. -**able**, *adj.*: contestable, douteux, incertain. -**ableness**, *n.*: caractère douteux, caractère incertain, *m.* -**ary**, *adj.*: en forme de question; qui contient des questions. -**er**, *n.*: questionneur, *m.*, questionneuse, *f.*; interrogateur, *m.*, interrogatrice, *f.* -**ist**, *n.*: questionneur, *m.*, questionneuse, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans doute.

questor, *n.*: questeur, *m.* -**ship**, *n.*: questure, *f.*

1. **questuary**, *adj.*: intéressé; avide de gain. 2. **questuary**, *n.*: collecteur, *m.* 3. **quib**, *n.*: sarcasme; mot piquant, *m.* 1. -**ble**, *intr.*: faire des arguties; faire des quolibets; ergoter; chicaner; turlupiner. 2. -**ble**, *n.*: argutie, chicane, *f.*, quolibet, *m.* -**bler**, *n.*: faiseur de quolibets, *m.*, faiseuse de quolibets, *f.*; ergoteur, *m.*, ergoteuse, *f.*; chicaner, *m.*, chicaneuse, *f.* -**bling**, *n.*: chicane, *f.*

1. **quick**, *adj.*: (*living*) vif, vivant; (*of flesh*) vif; (*rapid*) rapide, prompt; (*brisk*) vif, ardent; (*intelligent*) intelligent; (*of the pulse, the breath*) fréquent: — *ear*, oreille fine; — *sale*, prompt débit; *be —!* dépêchez-vous! 2. **quick**, *adv.*: vite, promptement, rapidement. 3. **quick**, *n.*: vif, *m.*; chair vive, *f.*: *the —*, (*pl.*) les vivants. 4. **quick**, *intr.*: être vif, mouvoir; *tr.*: vivifier. -**beam**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sorbier, *m.* -**en**, *tr.*: animer, vivifier; accélérer, hâter; *intr.*: prendre vie, s'animer. -**ener**, *n.*: être qui vivifie; principe vivifiant, *m.*; chose qui accélère, *f.* -**ening**, *adj.*: vivifiant, excitant; qui vivifie; qui ranime. -**lime**, *n.*: chaux vive, *f.* -**ly**, *adv.*: vite, rapidement, promptement; bientôt. -**ness**, *n.*: vitesse; promptitude; vivacité; (*perception*) facilité; (*of the pulse, the breath*) fréquence, *f.* -**sand**, *n.*: sable mouvant, *m.* 1. -**set**, *n.*: plante vive, *f.*: — *hedge*, haie vive, *f.* 2. -**set**, *tr.*: entourer d'une haie vive. -**sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue bonne; clairvoyant, pénétrant. -**sightedness**, *n.*: vue perçante; (*fig.*) sagacité, *f.* -**silver**, *n.*: vif-argent, mercure, *m.* -**silvered**, *adj.*: étamé. -**silvering**, *n.*: étamage, *m.* -**witted**, *adj.*: qui a l'esprit vif.

quid, *n.*: chique, *f.*

quiddany, *n.*: marmelade de coings, *f.*

quid-dative, *adj.*: qui constitue l'essence d'une chose. -**dity**, *n.*: quiddité, essence, *f.* -**-dle**, *tr.*: niaiser, lambiner. -**-dler**, *n.*: lambin, *m.*, lambine, *f.* -**-dling**, *n.*: niaiserie, *f.* -**-nunc**, *n.*: curieux insatiable, *m.* — **pro quo**, *n.*: (*jur.*) équivalent.

quies-ee, *intr.*: (*Hebr. gram.*) être quiescent. -**-eence**, -**-eency**, *n.*: quiescence, *f.*, repos, *m.*; (*Hebr. gram.*) (*of letters*) être quiescent. 1. -**-eent**, *adj.*: paisible, en repos, calme, tranquille; (*Hebr. gram.*) quiescent. 2. -**-eent**, *n.*: (*Hebr. gram.*) lettre quiescente, *f.*

1. **quiet**, *adj.*: tranquille, en repos, calme, paisible: *keep —*, tenir tranquille; se tenir tranquille; *be —*, être tranquille; rester tranquille; se taire. 2. **quiet**, *n.*: tranquillité, *f.*; repos; calme, *m.*; paix; quiescence, *f.* 3. **quiet**, *tr.*: tranquilliser, apaiser, calmer; adoucir; faire taire. -**-er**, *n.*: personne qui tranquillise, qui calme, qui apaise; chose qui tranquillise, *f.*; pacificateur, *m.* 1. -**-ing**, *n.*: action d'apaiser, *f.* 2. -**-ing**, *adj.*: calmant; tranquillisant. -**-ism**, *n.*: quiescence, *m.* -**-ist**, *n.*: quiescentiste, *m.* -**-ly**, *adv.*: tranquillement, paisiblement. -**-ness**, *n.*: tranquillité; paix, *f.*; calme; repos, *m.* -**-some**, *adj.*: calme, paisible, tranquille. -**-ude**, *n.*: quiescence, tranquillité, *f.* **quies-us**, *n.*: repos, *m.*; tranquillité; (*discharge*) libération, *f.*

1. **quill**, *n.*: plume, *f.*; (*of a porcupine*) piquant; (*mus.*) marteau; pli, *m.*, broche, *f.* 2. **quill**, *tr.*: plisser; (*mus.*) emplumer; (*needlework*) rucher. -**-driver**, *n.*: gratte-papier, fesse cahier, *m.* -**-ing**, *n.*: plissement, *m.*; (*needlework*) ruche, *f.* 1. **quilt**, *n.*: couvre-pied piqué, couvre-pied, *m.* 2. **quilt**, piquer; (*nav.*) garnir. -**-ing**, *n.*: piqué, *m.*; (*nav.*) garniture, *f.* -**-maker**, *n.*: faiseur de couvre-pieds piqués, *m.*

qui-nary, -**-nate**, *adj.*: quinaire.

quince, *n.*: coing, *m.*: — *tree*, cognassier, *m.*

quincunçial, *adj.*: en quinconce. **quincunx**, *n.*: quinconce, *m.*

quindécagon, *n.*: quindécagone, *m.*

quinia or quinine, *n.*: quinine, *f.*

quingagesima, *n.*: quingagesime, *f.*

quingangular, *adj.*: quingangulaire.

quingennial, *adj.*: quingennal.

quinquina, *n.*: quinquina, *m.*

quinsy, *n.*: esquinancie, *f.*

quint, *n.*: quinte, *f.* -**-ain**, *n.*: quintaine, *f.* -**-al**, *n.*: quintal, *m.* -**-essence**, *n.*: quintessence, *f.* -**-ét**, -**-ette**, *n.*: (*mus.*) quintette, quintetto, *m.* -**-ile**, *adj.*: (*astron.*)

quintil. **-illion**, *n.*: quintillion, *m.*
1.-uple, *adj.*: quintuple. **2.-uple**, *tr.*:
 quintupler.
1.quip, *n.*: mot piquant, lardon, *m.*
2.quip, *tr.*: railler amèrement.
1.quire, *n.*: (of paper) main, *f.*
2.quire, *n.*: chœur, *m.* **3.quire**,
intr.: chanter en chœur; faire chorus.
quirister, *n.*: choriste, *m.*
quirk, *n.*: sarcasme; mot piquant, *m.*;
 (quibble) argutie, *f.*, détour, subterfuge,
m.; air irrégulier; (arch.) contour, *m.*
-ish, *adj.*: de détour; de subterfuge,
 d'argutie.
1.quit (pret., part. *-ted* or *quit*), *tr.*: quit-
 ter; sortir de; abandonner; (pay) payer:
notice to —, congé, *m.*; — *cost*, payer les
 frais; — *scores*, être quitte à quitte.
2.quit, *adj.*: quitte. **1.-claim**, *n.*:
 (leg.) renonciation (à ses droits à une
 propriété). **2.-claim**, *tr.*: renoncer à
 ses droits à.
quite, *adv.*: tout à fait, entièrement,
 complètement.
quit-rent, *n.*: cens, *m.* **-s**, *adv.*: quitte:
be —, être quitte; être quitte à quitte.
-tance, *n.*: quittance; (reward) récom-
 pense, *f.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui quitte, *f.*
quitter-bone, *n.*: (vet.) bleime, solba-
 ture, sole battue, *f.*
1.quiver, *intr.*: trembler; frissonner;
 (of flesh) palpiter. **2.quiver**, *n.*: trem-
 blement; frissonnement, *m.* **3.↑quiver**,
adj.: vif, agile.
4.quiver, *n.*: carquois, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*:
 armé d'un carquois.
quivering, *n.*: tremblement, frissonne-
 ment, *m.*
quixoti-c, *adj.*: de don Quichotte; ex-
 travagant. **-cally**, *adv.*: à la don Qui-
 chotte. **quixot-ism**, **quixot-ry**, *n.*:
 don quichotisme, *m.*; extravagance, *f.*
1.quiz, *n.*: énigme; question obscure, *f.*;
 examen, *m.*; (pers.) persifleur, railleur,
m., railleuse, *f.* **2.quiz**, *tr.*: embarras-
 ser, mystifier; railler, persifler; (look at)
 lorgner; examiner. **-zer**, *n.*: mystifica-
 teur, moqueur, *m.* **-zical**, *adj.*: railleur,
 qui aime le persiflage; de persiflage.
-zing, *n.*: raillerie, *f.*, persiflage, *m.*;
 lorgnerie, *f.* **-zing-glass**, *n.*: lorgnon, *m.*
quodlibet, *n.*: subtilité, raison subtile, *f.*
1.quoif, *n.*: coiffe, *f.* **2.quoif**, *tr.*: coif-
 fer. **-fure**, *n.*: coiffure, *f.*
quoin, *n.*: coin, *m.*; encoignure, encoi-
 gnure; (arch.) arête, *f.*; (print.) coin, *m.*
-post, *n.*: poteau cornier, *m.*
1.quoit, *n.*: palet; ↑disque, *m.* **2.quoit**,
intr.: jouer au palet.
quondam, *adj.*: ci-devant, d'autrefois,
 de jadis.
quorum, *n.*: nombre suffisant, nombre

compétent, *m.*; (of justices) commission
 de juges de paix, *f.*
quôta, *n.*: quote-part; quotité, *f.*; con-
 tingent, *m.*
quotâtion, *n.*: citation; (com.) cote, *f.*;
 (print.) cadrat creux, *m.*
quô-te, *tr.*: citer, alléguer; (com.) coter.
-ter, *n.*: citeur, *m.* **-th**, *intr.*: dire.
1.quotidian, *adj.*: quotidien. **2.quo-**
tidian, *n.*: fièvre quotidienne; (daily
 thing) chose journalière, *f.*
quôtient, *n.*: quotient, *m.*
quôtum, *n.*: quote-part, *m.*

R

r *dr*, *n.*: *r*, *m.* or *f.*
↑rabâte, *intr.*: (a hawk) ramener.
1.râbbet, *tr.*: (arch.) faire une saillie
 dans; faire une rainure à; chanfreiner.
2.râbbet, *n.*: (arch.) saillie; rainure, *f.*;
 chanfrein, *m.* **-plane**, *n.*: guillaume, *m.*
râb-bi, **-bin**, *n.*: rabbin, *m.* **1.-binio**,
n.: dialecte rabbinique, *m.* **2.-binio**,
-binical, *adj.*: rabbinique. **-binism**, *n.*:
 rabbinisme, *m.* **-binist**, *n.*: rabbiniste, *m.*
râbbit, *n.*: lapin, *m.*: *young* —, lape-
 reau, *m.*; — *s nest*, rabouillière, *f.*; *Welsh*
 —, rôtie au fromage, *f.*
râbble, *n.*: populace, canaille; foule tu-
 multueuse, *f.*
râbdology, *n.*: râbdologie, *f.* **râbdo-**
maney, *n.*: râbdomancie, *f.*
râbid, *adj.*: (pers.) forcené, furieux; (of
 the appetite) canin, dévorant; (of animals)
 enragé, qui a la rage, hydrophobe. **-ness**,
n.: rage; fureur, *f.*
râbies, *n.*: (med.) rage, hydrophobie, *f.*
râee, *n.*: (breed) race, *m.*; famille, *f.*;
 troupeau; (of wine) goût caractéristique,
 fumet, goût âpre, *m.*; ↑qualité or disposi-
 tion naturelle.
2.râee, *n.*: (root) racine, *f.*
3.râee, *n.*: (running contest) course;
 (course) course, carrière, *f.*; (tide) ras,
m. **4.râee**, *intr.*: courir, courir de
 toute sa force, à toutes jambes, à bride
 abattue. **-course**, *n.*: terrain de course,
 hippodrome, *m.*; arène, *f.* **-cup**, *n.*:
 prix de course, *m.* **-ground**, *n.*: ter-
 rain de course, *m.*; carrière, *f.* **-horse**,
n.: cheval de course, *m.*
ra-ee-mâtion, *n.*: grappe; culture du
 raisin, *f.* **-cême**, *n.*: (bot.) grappe, *f.*
râ-ee-r, *n.*: coureur; cheval de course, *m.*
-ees, *n. pl.*: courses de chevaux, *f. pl.*
râ-einess, *n.*: caractère distinctif; (of
 wine) goût de terroir; fumet, bouquet, *m.*
râeing, *adj.*: qui court; de course.
1.râck = *arrack*.

2. **rack**, *n.*: nuage fuyant (léger), *m.*
 3. **rack**, *n.*: (of veal, etc.) bout saigneux, *m.*
 4. **rack**, *n.*: destruction, *f.*
 5. **rack**, *tr.*: (liquor) soutirer.
 6. **rack**, *intr.*: trotter. 7. **rack**, *n.*: trot, *m.*
 8. **rack**, *n.*: (instrument for stretching, displaying, etc.; torture) chevalet, *m.*; roue; torture, question, *f.*; (of stable) râtelier, *m.*; (horol.) rochet; (print.) rayon, *m.*; (tech.) crémaillère; (for plates, bottles, etc.) dressoir, râtelier, *m.*: put to the —, mettre à la torture, à la question.
 9. **rack**, *tr.*: mettre à la roue; mettre à la torture, torturer, tourmenter; (harass by exaction) commettre des exactions sur, pressurer; (nav.) aiguilleter; *intr.*: commettre des exactions: — one's brains, se creuser la cervelle. — **er**, *n.*: personne qui torture, *f.*
 1. **racket**, *n.*: (at tennis) raquette, *f.*; battoir, *m.*: (game) paume, *f.* 2. **racket**, *tr.*: relancer à coups de raquette.
 3. **racket**, *n.*: fracas, tapage, tintamarre, *m.*, crierie, *f.*; caquet, *m.* 4. **racket**, *intr.*: faire un tintamarre; faire du tapage: —ing noise, tapage, *m.* — **y**, *adj.*: de tapage, de tintamarre.
 1. **racking**, *adj.*: 1. de torture; 2. (flying) qui fuit. 2. **racking**, *n.*: 1. torture, *f.*; 2. (tech.) étendage; (of liquors) soutirage, *m.* — **pace**, *n.*: (man.) traquenard, *m.*
rack-rent, *n.*: loyer excessif, égal au produit annuel de l'immeuble, *m.* — **rented**, *adj.*: qui paye un loyer excessif, égal au produit annuel de l'immeuble. — **renter**, *n.*: personne qui paye un loyer excessif, égal au produit annuel de l'immeuble, *f.*
raey, *adj.*: (of wine) qui a un goût de terroir, qui a du bouquet; (fig.) vif, attrayant, piquant, (of the style, of the language) original.
raddle, *tr.*: tresser.
ra-dial, *adj.*: radial. — **dianec**, **-di-aney**, *n.*: rayonnement; éclat, *m.* 1. — **di-ant**, *adj.*: rayonnant; radieux; éclatant; (bot.) radiant, radié; (aer.) radié. 2. — **di-ant**, *n.*: point lumineux; point rayonnant, *m.* — **diantly**, *adv.*: en rayonnant; d'une manière radieuse. — **diary**, *n.*: (zool.) radié, *m.* 1. — **di-ate**, *intr.*: rayonner. 2. — **di-ate**, *adj.*: (bot.) radié. — **di-ating**, *adj.*: rayonnant; radieux. — **di-ation**, *n.*: rayonnement, *m.*
 1. **rä-di-cal**, *adj.*: radical; fondamental. 2. — **cal**, *n.*: radical; primitif, *m.* — **cal-ism**, *n.*: radicalisme, *m.* — **cally**, *adv.*: radicalement; essentiellement. — **cant**, *adj.*: radicalement. — **cate**, *tr.*: enraciner. — **ca- tion**, *n.*: radication, *f.* — **-cle**, **-cyle**, *n.*: (bot.) radicule, *f.*
rädish, *n.*: radis, *m.*; rave, *f.*

- rädi-us**, *n.*: rayon; rais; (anat.) radius, *m.*
rä-dix (pl. **rä-di-cis**), *n.*: racine; (logarithms) base, *f.*
räff, *n.*: (jumble) fatras, *m.*; (mob) pupulace, *f.*; ladre, *m.*
 1. **raff-le**, *n.*: loterie, *f.* 2. — **-fle**, *intr.*: mettre en loterie; *intr.*: faire une loterie. — **-fler**, *n.*: personne qui met à la loterie, *f.*
raft, *n.*: radeau, *m.* — **-er**, *n.*: poutre, *f.*; chevron, *m.* — **-ered**, *adj.*: à poutres; à chevrons. — **-ing**, *n.*: flottage en train, *m.* — **-sman**, *n.*: flotteur, *m.*
räg, *n.*: (piece of cloth torn off) chiffon; (tatter) haillon, lambeau, *m.*, guenille, loque, *f.*: in —s, en haillons, en loques, en guenilles, déguenillé. — **-amuffin**, *n.*: gueux, marouffe, *m.* — **-bolt**, *n.*: cheville à fiche, *f.* — **-carpet**, *n.*: tapis de chiffons. — **-dealer**, *n.*: marchand de chiffons.
 1. **räge**, *n.*: (anger) fureur, rage, *f.*, emportement, *m.*; (violent desire) passion, furie, rage, manie; (of things) fureur, force, violence, *f.*: fly (get) into a —, se mettre en colère, entrer en colère; s'emporter; put into a —, mettre en colère; be all the —, faire fureur. 2. **räge**, *intr.*: (pers.) être furieux, être en fureur, se courroucer, être courroucé, s'emporter; (of things) se courroucer, être en fureur; (to ravage) faire des ravages, sévir. — **-ful**, *adj.*: furieux, violent.
räg-gatherer, *n.*: chiffonnier, *m.* — **-ged**, *adj.*: (pers.) en haillons, en guenilles, déguenillé; (of things) en lambeaux, en loques, déchiré. — **-gedly**, *adv.*: en lambeaux, en guenilles. — **-gedness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est en haillons, *m.*; guenilles, *f.* pl., lambeaux, *m.* pl.; (roughness) inégalité, rudesse, *f.*
 1. **räging**, *adj.*: courroucé, furieux: — fever, fièvre ardente, *f.* 2. **räging**, *n.*: fureur; violence, *f.* — **-ly**, *adv.*: avec fureur; furieusement.
rägman, *n.*: marchand de chiffons; chiffonnier, *m.*
ragout, *n.*: ragout, *m.*
räg-sorter, *n.*: trieur, *m.*, — **-euse**, *f.* — **-stone**, *n.*: tuf, *m.* — **-wheel**, *n.*: (tech.) hérisson, *m.* — **-woman**, *n.*: chiffonnière, *f.* — **-wort**, *n.*: (bot.) jacobée, herbe de Saint-Jacques, *f.*
 1. **räil**, *n.*: (bar of wood, of metal) barre, *f.*, barreau, *m.*; (of a staircase) rampe; (carp.) traverse, *f.*; (balustrade) garde-fou, garde-corps, *m.*, grille, barrière; (nav.) lisse, *f.*; (railways) rail, *m.*: —s, garde-fou, garde-corps, *m.*, grille, *f.*; run off the —s, dérailler; sortir de la voie. 2. **räil**, *tr.*: garnir d'un garde-fou; garnir d'une grille, griller: — in, fermer avec une grille; griller; — round, entourer d'une grille; entourer d'un garde-fou.

3-rail, n.: râle, m.

4-rail, intr.: dire des injures; injurier, outrager; tr.: dire des injures à; éloigner par des injures. -er, n.: moqueur, frondeur, censeur, m. 1-ing, n.: injures, f. pl.; outrage, m. 2-ing, adj.: injurieux; outrageant.

3-railing, n.: grille, f., garde-fou, garde-corps, m.

rail-ingly, adv.: injurieusement, outrageusement. -ery, n.: raillerie, f.

railroad, -way, n.: chemin de fer, m.; voie de fer, voie ferrée, f. -bond, n.: obligation de chemin de fer, m. -conductor, n.: conducteur de train. -crossing, n.: croisement, m. -stock, n.: actions de chemin de fer, f. pl.

raiment, n.: vêtement, m.; vêtements, m. pl.

1-rain, n.: pluie, f.: pelting —, pluie battante; pour with —, pleuvoir à verse.

2-rain, intr.: pleuvoir; tomber de l'eau; (fig.) tomber en pluie, f.; tr.: faire pleuvoir; faire tomber: it —, il pleut; il tombe de l'eau. -bow, n.: arc-en-ciel, m. -fall, n.: chute des pluies, f. -gauge, n.: udomètre, m. -iness, n.: temps pluvieux, m. -drop, n.: goutte de pluie, f. -water, n.: eau de pluie, eau pluviale, f. -y, adj.: pluvieux, de pluie: it looks —, le temps est à la pluie.

raise, tr.: lever; élever; hausser; soulever; (build) élever, bâtir, fonder; (produce) produire, faire naître; (enlarge) grandir, augmenter, accroître; (excite) soulever, exciter; (a cry) pousser; (propagate) semer, faire courir; (the dead) ressusciter; (troops, taxes, a siege) lever; (dough) faire lever; (evil spirits) évoquer; (courage) faire reprendre à, relever; (prices) hausser; (money) trouver; (live stock) élever; (hopes) donner, redonner: — up, lever; élever; soulever; hausser. -er, n.: personne qui lève, qui élève, qui soulève, qui hausse, f.; auteur; fondateur, m., fondatrice, f.; (agri.) cultivateur; (of live stock) éleveur, m.; chose qui lève, qui élève, qui soulève, qui hausse, f.

raisin, n.: raisin sec, m.

raising, n.: action de lever, d'élever, de hausser, de soulever; (foundation) fondation; production, f.; agrandissement, m., augmentation, f., accroissement, m.; excitation; (of taxes, of troops) levée; (of spirits) évocation, f.; (of live stock) élevage, m., élève, f.; (of plants, etc.) culture, f. -piece, n.: (carp.) sablière, f.

rajā (h), n.: raja, rajah, m.

1-rake, n.: râteau, m. 2-rake, tr. and intr.: râteler; (scrape) ratisser, racler; gratter; (collect) rassembler, ramasser; (search) fouiller (dans); (milit.) enfler:

— off, enlever au râteau; — out, dégager; (the fire) éteindre; — together, ramasser; — up, ramasser; ramasser au râteau; — up the fire, couvrir le feu de cendre.

3-rake, n.: inclination; (nav.) quête.

4-rake, n.: libertin, abandonné, m., -donnée, f. -hell, n.: débauché, libertin, m.

raker, n.: râtelier, m.

rakeshame, n.: impudent, éhonté, m.

1-raking, n.: ratissage; râtelage, m.; (quantity raked) râtelée, f.; (ground raked) terrain râtelé, m. 2-raking, adj.: (milit.) d'enfilade.

rakish, adj.: dissolu, débauché, libertin.

-ly, adv.: en libertin. -ness, n.: débauche, f.; libertinage, m.

1-rally, tr.: rallier, assembler; intr.: se rallier, se rassembler. 2-rally, n.: (milit.) ralliement, m.

3-rally, tr., intr.: rallier. 4-rally, n.: raillerie, f. 1-ing, n.: raillerie, f.

2-rallying, n.: ralliement, m.

1-rām, n.: (mam., astron.) bélier, m.; (paver's) hie, demoiselle, f.; (nav.) éperon; (tech.) mouton, m.: battering —, bélier, m. 2-rām, tr.: enfoncer; battre à la hie, damer, tasser; (stuff) fourrer; (artil.) bourrer.

ramage, n.: ramage, m.

1-rām-ble, intr.: courir çà et là; errer; rôder; (fig.) divaguer: — about, errer par, errer partout, courir de tous côtés.

2-ble, n.: course, excursion, f. -bler, n.: personne qui court çà et là, qui erre, f.; rôdeur; promeneur, m., promeneuse, f. 1-bling, n.: courses, excursions, promenades, f. pl.; (fig.) divagations, f. pl. 2-bling, adj.: qui erre çà et là; errant, vagabond; plein de divagations; vague.

ramification, n.: ramification, f. ramify, intr.: se ramifier; tr.: diviser en ramifications.

rammer, n.: personne qui enfonce, qui bat à la hie, f.; (artil.) refouloir; (pile-driver) mouton, m.; (of a gun) baguette; (for driving stones, etc.) hie, demoiselle, f. rāmish, adj.: rance. -ness, n.: rancidité, f.

ramose, rāmous, adj.: rameux, branchu.

rāmp, intr.: grimper; (leap) sauter, folâtrer. 2-rāmp, n.: saut, bond, élan, m.; (slope) rampe, f. -aney, n.: exubérance; influence, f.; pouvoir, empire, m. -ant, adj.: dominant, régissant; prédominant; exubérant; (her.) rampant.

rāmpart, n.: rempart, m.

rāmpion, n.: (bot.) raiponce, f.

rāmrod, n.: baguette, f.; (of a cannon) refouloir, m.

rānee, tr.: étayer, soutenir.

rāncéscent, adj.: qui devient rance.

rān-eid, *adj.*: rance. **-eidity**, **-eid-**
ness, *n.*: rancissure, rancidité, *f.*

rāncor, *n.*: rancune; (*corruption*) corruption, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: rancunier. **-ously**, *adv.*: avec rancune, par rancune.

rancour = **rancor**.

1. rāndom, *n.*: aventure, *f.*, hasard, *m.*:
at —, au hasard; à l'aventure; *speaks at* —, parler à tort et à travers. **2. rāndom**, *adj.*: au hasard; fait au hasard; (*artil.*) à toute volée, tiré à toute volée, perdu. **-shot**, *n.*: coup perdu; coup à toute volée, *m.*

rāng, *pret.* of *ring*.

1. rān-ge, *tr.*: (*arch.*, *print.*) aligner; (*nav.*) ranger; (*rove over*) parcourir; (*pass over*) franchir; (*arrange*) arranger, ranger; *intr.*: errer; (*lie*) être situé; (*nav.*) ranger la côte; (*vary*) varier. **2. -ge**, *n.*: (*row*) rangée, *f.*, rang, *m.*; (*class*) classe, *f.*, ordre, *m.*; (*excursion*) excursion, course; (*extent*) étendue, portée, *f.*, essor; (*space*) espace, *m.*; (*reach*) portée, *f.*; (*of a ladder*) échelon, *m.*; (*kitchen grate*) grille de cuisine, *f.*, fourneaux, *m. pl.*; (*sieve*) sas à farine, bluteau, *m.*; (*of mountain*) chaîne, *f.* **-ger**, *n.*: officier forestier; (*dog*) chien courant, *m.* **-gership**, *n.*: fonctions d'officier forestier, *f. pl.* **-ging**, *n.*: action de ranger; action de franchir, *f.*; arrangement; (*arch.*, *print.*) alignement, *m.*

1. rānk, *n.*: (*row*, *class*, *dignity*, *milit.*) rang, *m.*: *rise from the* —, s'élever, sortir des grades inférieurs; être nommé officier après avoir été simple soldat; *close the* —, serrer les rangs. **2. rānk**, *tr.*: ranger; *intr.*: se ranger, être rangé; prendre rang, occuper un rang.

3. rānk, *adj.*: (*rancid*) rance; (*strong*) fort; (*gross*) grossier, rude; (*excessive*) excessif, extrême; (*fertile*) fertile, fécond; (*of vigorous growth*) vigoureux, fort. **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu rance. **-le**, *intr.*: devenir rance ou fort; s'enflammer, s'envenimer.

-ling, *adj.*: enflammé, envenimé. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec rancidité; fortement; grossièrement, rudement; excessivement, extrêmement; fénellement, avec fécondité; vigoureusement. **-ness**, *n.*: rancissure, rancidité, *f.*; goût fort, *m.*; abondance, *f.*; excès, *m.*

rānsack, *tr.*: saccager; piller; fouiller. **-ing**, *n.*: saccagement, pillage, *m.*

1. rānsom, *n.*: rançon, *f.*; rachet, *m.*

2. rānsom, *tr.*: rançonner; racheter. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui rachète, qui délivre, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans rançon.

1. rānt, *intr.*: déclamer avec extravagance; extravaguer; tempêter. **2. rant**, *n.*: déclamation extravagante, *f.*; paroles ampoulées, *f. pl.*; phébus, galimatias, *m.*

-er, *n.*: déclamateur extravagant, *m.* **-ing**, *adj.*: d'une déclamation extravagante.

rānula, *n.*: (*med.*) ranule, grenouillette, *f.* **ranunculus**, *n.*: (*bot.*) renoncule, *f.*

1. rāp, *intr.*: frapper: — *out*, lâcher.

2. rap, *n.*: tape, *f.*; coup sec, *m.*

3. rāp, *tr.*: enlever, arracher; transporter; charmer.

rapacious, *adj.*: rapace. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec rapacité. **-ness**, **rapacity**, *n.*: rapacité, *f.*

1. rāpe, *n.*: rapt, enlèvement; (*jur.*) viol, *m.*

2. rāpe, *n.*: (*bot.*) navette, *f.*, colza, *m.*

-cake, *n.*: tourteau de colza, *m.* **-oil**, *n.*: huile de colza, *f.*

1. rā-pid, *adj.*: rapide. **2. -pid**, *n.*: (*rapids*) rapide, *m.* **-pidity**, *n.*: rapidité, *f.*

-pidly, *adv.*: rapidement. **-pidness**, *n.*: rapidité, *f.*

rāpier, *n.*: rapière, *f.*

rāpine, *n.*: rapine, *f.*

rapée, *n.*: tabac, râpé, *m.*

rāpper, *n.*: personne qui frappe, *f.*; (*thing*) marteau, *m.*

rāp-t, *past part.*: ravi, transporté, extasié.

-ter, **-tor**, *n.*: ravisseur, *m.* **-tōrial**,

-tōrious, *adj.*: de proie. **-ture**, *n.*:

ravisement, transport; enthousiasme, *m.*;

extase, *f.* **-tured**, *adj.*: ravi, trans-

porté, extasié. **-turons**, *adj.*: ravissant.

-turonsly, *adv.*: avec transport; avec enthousiasme.

1. rāre, *adj.*: (*nearly raw*) peu cuit, saignant. **2. rare**, *adj.*: rare; (*thinly scattered*) clairsemé; (*excellent*) beau;

(*phys.*) rare, raréfié; (*nearly raw*) peu

cuit, saignant. **-bit**, *n.*: morceau dé-

licieux, *m.* **-show**, **rāre-show**, *n.*:

spectacle ambulante, *m.*; curiosité, *f.*

rarefaction, *n.*: rarefaction, *f.*

rāre-fiable, *adj.*: qui peut se raréfier.

-fy, *tr.*: raréfier; *intr.*: se raréfier

-fying, *adj.*: raréfiant, raréfactif.

rāre-ly, *adv.*: rarement. **-ness**, **rarity**,

n.: rareté; (*phys.*) rarefaction, *f.*

1. rās-cal, *n.*: coquin, fripon, polisson, *m.*

2. -cal, *adj.*: (*lean*) maigre; (*mean*) mis-

érable. **-cality**, *n.*: friponnerie; (*po-*

pu) canaille, *f.* **-cāllion**, *n.*: malo-

tru, drôle, faquin, polisson, *m.*; canaille,

f. **-cally**, *adj.*: de coquin, de fripon;

(*worthless*) misérable.

rāse, *tr.*: (*graze*) raser, friser, effleurer; (*erase*) rayer, effacer; (*overthrow*)

raser.

1. rāsh, *n.*: (*med.*) éruption, *f.* **2. rash**,

adj.: téméraire; irréfléchi, inconsidéré.

3. -rash, *tr.*: tailler en pièces; couper en

tranches. **-er**, *n.*: tranche, barde, *f.*: —

of bacon, tranche de lard, *f.*

rāshly, *adv.*: témérement; inconsidé-

rément. -ness, n.: témérité; précipitation; nature irréfléchie, f.

1. **rasp**, tr.: râper; (*bread*) chapelier; (*surg.*) ruginer. 2. **rasp**, n.: (*tool*) râpe; (*surg.*) rugine, f. -**atory**, n.: rugine, fraspatoire, f. **rasp-berry**, n.: framboise, f. **rasp-berry-bush**, n.: framboisier, m. -**ing**, n.: râpage, m.: -s, râpure, f. sing.; (*of bread*) chapelure, f. sing.

rase, n.: effacement, rature, f.

1. **rât**, n.: rat; (*pers.*) transfuge, m.: *smell a* —, se douter de quelque chose. 2. **rât**, intr.: tourner casaque; prendre des rats.

rât-able, adj.: qui peut être évalué; (*liable to taxation*) imposable. -**ably**, adv.: à proportion.

ratafia, n.: ratafia, m.

ratân, n.: rotin, rotang, m.

rât-catcher, n.: preneur de rats, m.

râtch, n.: (*horol.*) rochet, m. -**et**, n.: (*horol.*) guide-chaîne, m.; (*tech.*) dent d'engrenage, f.; (*of a lock*) rochet, m. -**et-engine**, n.: machine à tailler les dents d'engrenage, f. -**et-wheel**, n.: roue d'engrenage, roue à dents; (*horol.*) roue d'échappement, roue à rochet, f.

1. **râte**, tr.: (*chide*) gronder vertement, faire une mercuriale (*or* de vifs reproches) à.

2. **râte**, n.: proportion, f.; (*standard*) prix, taux; (*degree of value*) taux, cours; (*price*) prix; (*degree*) degré, rang, ordre, m.; (*allowance*) quantité; (*degree of speed*) vitesse, f.; (*pace*) train, m., vitesse, f.; (*nav.*) rang, m.; (*tax*) contribution, f., impôt, m.; *first* —, de première force; (*of rank*) de premier ordre; (*of quality*) de première qualité: *at any* —, coûte que coûte; à quelque prix que ce soit; à tout événement; *at the* — *of*, au taux de; à raison de; (*of speed*) à la vitesse de; *at the* — *you are going at*, *you will soon be ruined*, au train dont vous allez, vous vous ruinerez bientôt. 2. **rate**, tr.: évaluer; tarifier; estimer; apprécier; (*to place in a class, as a ship*) classer, donner un rang à, donner un ordre à; (*assess*) imposer, taxer; intr.: faire une estimation: — *as*, être classé comme; être estimé à; avoir le rang de. -**book**, n.: registre pour l'assiette et la perception d'un impôt, m. -**payer**, n.: contribuable, m. -**r** -**er**, n.: estimateur, m.

râ-th, adj.: hâtif, précoc. -**ther**, adv.: plutôt; mieux; un peu; quelque peu; *asses*: *I would* —, j'aimerais mieux, je voudrais plutôt; — *ill*, un peu malade; *or* —, ou plutôt; ou pour mieux dire; *anything* — *than*, rien moins que; — *pretty*, assez joli.

ratification, n.: ratification, f.

râti-fier, n.: personne qui ratifie; chose qui ratifie, f. -**fy**, tr.: ratifier.

râtig, n.: estimation; (*chiding*) gronderie, f.

râtig, n.: proportion, raison, f.; rapport, m.: *in the* — *of*, dans le rapport de, à raison de.

ratioeina-tion, n.: raisonnement, m.

râtion, n.: ration, f.

1. **râtion-al**, adj.: (*endowed with reason*) doué de raison, raisonnable; (*agreeable to reason, judicious*) raisonnable; (*arith., astron.*) rationnel. 2. -**al**, n.: être raisonnable, être doué de raison, m. -**ale**, n.: analyse raisonnée, f. -**alism**, n.: rationalisme, m. -**alist**, n.: rationaliste, m. -**ality**, n.: faculté de raisonner, f.; raisonnement, m.; raison, justesse; (*philos.*) rationalité, f. -**ally**, adv.: raisonnablement; (*philos.*) rationnellement. -**alness**, n.: raison, justesse, f.

rât-s-bane, n.: mort aux rats, f.

-**tail**, -**s-tail**, n.: (*vet.*) queue-de-rat f.

rattân, n.: rotin, rotang, m.

rattéen, n.: rouie, f.

râttery, n.: ratière, f.

râtinet, n.: petite ratine, f.

1. **rât-le**, tr.: faire ressonner, faire retentir; (*stun with noise*) remplir de bruit, étourdir; (*scold*) gronder vertement; intr.: faire du bruit; résonner, retentir; (*speak*) bavarder: — *on*, aller toujours; — *over*, résonner sur. 2. -**le**, n.: (*noise*) bruit; (*talk*) bavardage; (*med.*) râle, m.; (*toy*) hochet, m.; (*for a policeman*) crécelle, f. -**le-box**, n.: hochet, m. -**le-brained**, adj.: étourdi. -**le-head**, n.: étourdi, m. -**e**, f. -**le-headed**, adj.: étourdi. -**le-pate**, adj.: étourdi, m., -**e**, f. -**le-pated**, adj.: étourdi. -**les**, n. pl.: (*med.*) croup, m. sing. -**le-snake**, n.: serpent à sonnettes; crotale, m. -**le-traps**, n.: effets, m. pl.; affaires, choses, f. pl. 1. -**ling**, adj.: d'un bruit vif et rapide. 2. -**ling**, n.: bruit, bruissement, m.

rât-trap, n.: ratière, f.

râucity, n.: son rauque, m.; (*of the voice*) raucité, rudesse, âpreté, f.

1. **râve-ge**, n.: ravage, m. 2. -**go**, tr.: ravager. -**ger**, n.: ravageur; devastateur, m.

râve, intr.: délirer, avoir le délire, être en délire; extravaguer.

râvel, tr.: entortiller; (*fig.*) embrouiller; intr.: s'embrouiller; s'entortiller; s'effiler: — *out*, effiler, démêler, débrouiller.

râvelin, n.: (*fort.*) ravelin, m., demi-lune, f.

râvellings, n. pl.: effilures, f. pl.

1. **râven**, n.: (*orni.*) corbeau, m. 2. **râven**, n.: (*prey*) proie; (*plunder*) rapine, f. 3. **râven**, tr.: manger avec voracité,

dévorant; obtenir par violence; *intr.*: être avide de proie; voler, piller. **-er**, *n.*: dévrateur, vorace; (*orni.*) oiseau de proie, *m.* 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: vorace. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: voracité, *f.*

ravenous, *adj.*: vorace, dévorant; carnassier. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec voracité. **-ness**, *n.*: voracité, rapacité, *f.*

raver, *n.*: évergumène, *m.*

ravin, *n.*: proie; rapacité, *f.*

ravine, *n.*: ravin, *m.*, ravine, *f.*

1. **-raving**, *adj.*: furieux, frénétique; fou; — *mad*, fou enragé; fou à lier; fou furieux. 2. **-raving**, *n.*: délire, *m.*, frénésie, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: furieusement; avec frénésie; en frénétique.

ravish, *tr.*: ravir; enlever; (*delight*) ravir, transporter; (*violate*) violer. **-er**, *n.*: ravisseur, *m.*; personne qui ravit, qui transporte, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: ravissant. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: ravissement, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: à ravir; d'une manière ravissante. **-ment**, *n.*: ravissement; enlèvement; viol, *m.*

raze, *adj.*: (*not cooked*) cru; (*bare*) vif, ulcéré; (*unripe*) peu mûr; (*inexperienced*) sans expérience, inexpérimenté, novice, neuf; (*untried*) nouveau, non essayé; (*of liquors*) pur, sans eau; (*of the weather*) froid et humide; (*of silk*) grège; (*of hides*) brut; (*of sugar, of materials*) brut. **-bone**, **-boned**, *adj.*: qui n'a que la peau et les os; maigre. **-head**, *n.*: loup-garou, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: sans expérience. **-ness**, *n.*: crudité, *f.*; (*of the weather*) froid et humidité; (*soreness*) état ulcéré, *m.*; (*inexperience*) inexpérience, ignorance, *f.*

1. **rây**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) raie, *f.*

2. **rây**, *n.*: rayon; (*fig.*) éclat, rayon, *m.*

2. **ray**, *tr.*: rayer; lancer. **-less**, *adj.*: sans rayon; sans lumière.

raz-e, *tr.*: raser, abattre; déraciner. **-ée**, *n.*: (*nav.*) vaisseau rasé, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: rasoir, *m.*; (*of a boar*) défense, *f.* **-or-bill**, *n.*: (*ornit.*) pingouin commun, *m.* **-or-fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) rasoir, rason, *m.* **-or-stop**, *n.*: cuir à rasoir, *m.*

reab-sorb, *tr.*: réabsorber, absorber de nouveau. **-sorption**, *n.*: réabsorption, absorption nouvelle, *f.*

reacess, *n.*: nouvel accès, *m.*; visite renouvelée, *f.*

1. **reach**, *tr.*: atteindre; (*hand*) passer, donner; (*touch*) toucher; (*attain*) arriver à, parvenir à; atteindre; (*extend*) étendre: — *down*, descendre; *the letter will — you to-morrow*, la lettre vous parviendra demain; — *me that book*, passez-moi ce livre. 2. **reach**, *intr.*: s'étendre; (*penetrate*) pénétrer; (*of fire-arms*) porter; — *after*, s'efforcer d'atteindre. 3. **reach**,

n.: (*extent*) étendue; (*power of extending to*) portée, *f.*; (*power*) pouvoir, *m.*; (*intellectual power*) portée, capacité, étendue; (*artifice*) ruse, *f.*: *out of any one's —*, hors de la portée de quelqu'un; *within any one's —*, à la portée de quelqu'un.

4. **reach** or **reach**, see *retch*.

reach-er, *n.*: personne qui passe quelque chose à quelqu'un, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: efforts pour vomir, *m.* pl.

re-act, *tr.*: jouer de nouveau; représenter de nouveau; rejouer; *intr.*: réagir; résister. **-acting**, *adj.*: réactif. **-action**, *n.*: réaction; résistance, *f.*

1. **read** (*pret.*, *part.* **read**), *tr.*: lire; faire la lecture de: — *again*, relire; — *on*, continuer à lire; — *out*, lire tout haut; — *over*, parcourir; — *over and over again*, lire et relire. 2. **read**, *past part.*: qui a de la lecture; *be well —*, avoir beaucoup de lecture; avoir lu beaucoup. **-able**, *adj.*: lisible, qui peut se lire avec plaisir. **-er**, *n.*: lecteur, *m.*, lectrice, *f.*; (*print.*) correcteur, *m.*; (*person fond of reading*) personne qui aime la lecture, *f.*, liseur, *m.*, liseuse, *f.* **-ership**, *n.*: fonctions d'ecclésiastique qui lit les prières, *m.*

readi-ly, *adv.*: tout de suite, promptement, aisément; (*willingly*) volontiers, avec bonne volonté, avec empressement, sans hésiter. **-ness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est prêt, *m.*, (*promptitude*) promptitude; (*facility*) facilité; (*willingness*) bonne volonté, *f.*, empressement, *m.*: — *of mind*, présence d'esprit, *f.*

reading, *n.*: lecture; (*in criticism*) teneur; (*lecture*) leçon; interprétation, explication, *f.* **-book**, *n.*: livre de lecture, *m.* **-boy**, *n.*: (*print.*) apprenti qui lit la copie, *m.* **-closet**, *n.*: (*print.*) cabinet de correcteur, *m.* **-desk**, *n.*: pupitre; lutrin, *m.* **-room**, *n.*: cabinet de lecture, *m.*

readjourn, *intr.*: ajourner de nouveau. **readjust**, *tr.*: rajuster. **-ment**, *n.*: rajustement, *m.*

read-mission, **-mittance**, *n.*: réadmission, *f.* **-mit**, *tr.*: réadmettre.

readópt, *tr.*: adopter de nouveau.

readórn, *tr.*: orner de nouveau.

1. **ready**, *adj.*: (*quick*) prompt; (*dexterous*) qui a de la facilité; (*quick of apprehension*) vif; (*of money*) comptant; (*prepared*) prêt; (*willing*) empressé; (*inclined*) porté; (*near at hand*) le premier venu, sous la main; (*easy, short*) facile, court; *make —*, préparer. 2. **ready**, *adv.*: tout. **-made**, *adj.*: tout fait; confectionné. **-witted**, *adj.*: spirituel. **reaffirm**, *tr.*: affirmer de nouveau. **-ance**, *n.*: nouvelle affirmation, *f.*

reagent, *n.*: réactif, *m.*

reagravation, *n.*: (canon-law) réaggrave, *f.*

1. **réal**, *n.*: (Span. coin) réal, *m.*, or *réale*, *f.*

2. **ré-al**, *adj.*: réel; vrai; véritable; (*jur.*)

réel, immeuble. -**alisation**, *n.*: réalisa-

tion; (*of money*) conversion en bien-fonds,

f. -**alise**, *tr.*: réaliser; (*believe as real*)

regarder comme réel, croire à la réalité

de; se rendre compte de; (*feel in all its*

force) sentir dans toute sa force; (*money,*

property) convertir en bien-fonds: *be — d*;

se réaliser. -**alist**, *n.*: réaliste, *m.*

-**ality**, *n.*: réalité, *f.*; réel; (*philos.*)

réalisme, *m.*

realléger, *tr.*: alléguer de nouveau.

réally, *adv.*: réellement, en réalité, en

effet, vraiment.

réalm, *n.*: royaume, pays, *m.*

réalty, *n.*: (*jur.*) caractère immobilier, *m.*

réam, *n.*: rame, *f.*

réanimé, *tr.*: ranimer. -**mation**,

n.: action de ranimer, *f.*

reannex, *tr.*: annexer de nouveau.

-**ation**, *n.*: action d'annexer de nouveau, *f.*

reap, *tr.*: moissonner; récolter; (*obtain*)

retirer, recueillir; *intr.*: moissonner; faire

la moisson. -**er**, *n.*: moissonneur, *m.*,

moissonneuse, *f.*; (*machine*) moissonneuse,

f. -**ing**, *n.*: moisson, *f.* -**ing-hook**,

n.: faucille, *f.* -**ing-machine**, *n.*: mois-

sonneuse, *f.* -**ing-time**, *n.*: mois-

son, *f.*

reappârel, *intr.*: rehabiller.

reappêar, *intr.*: reparaitre. -**ance**,

n.: réapparition, *f.*

reapplication, *n.*: nouvelle applica-

tion, *f.*; nouvel emploi, *m.*; nouvelle de-

mande, nouvelle sollicitation, *f.* -**ply**,

tr.: appliquer de nouveau; adresser de

nouveau; *intr.*: s'appliquer de nouveau;

s'adresser de nouveau.

reappoint, *tr.*: arrêter de nouveau;

instituer de nouveau; rétablir; désigner

de nouveau; indiquer, fixer de nouveau;

renommer à des fonctions. -**ment**, *n.*:

nouveau rendez-vous, *m.*; nouvelle nomi-

nation, *f.*

reapportion, *tr.*: répartir de nouveau.

-**ment**, *n.*: nouveau partage, *m.*; nouvelle

répartition, *f.*

1. **rear**, *tr.*: élever; relever; *intr.*: se

cabrer.

2. **rear**, *n.*: dernier rang, *m.*; queue, *f.*;

(*milit.*) arrière-garde, *f.*; (*of buildings,*

etc.) derrière, *m.*: *attack in the rear*, at-

taquer par derrière, en queue; *bring up*

the —, fermer la marche. 2. **rear**, *adj.*:

qui est derrière, dernier. -**admiral**,

n.: contre-amiral, *m.* -**file**, *n.*: serre-

file. -**guard**, *n.*: arrière-garde, *f.*

rearmours, *n.*: chausse-souris, *f.*

rear-rank, *n.*: dernier rang, *m.* -**ward**,

n.: arrière-garde, queue, *f.*

reascend, *tr.* and *intr.*: remonter.

1. **raison**, *n.*: raison, *f.*: *by — of*, en rai-

son de; pour cause de; *for — a beat*

known to myself, pour des raisons à moi

connues; *speak —*, parler raison. 2. **rea-**

son, *intr.*: raisonner; arguer; *tr.*: rai-

sonner: — *into*, entraîner à; — *out of*,

détourner de. -**able**, *adj.*: raisonnable.

-**ableness**, *n.*: caractère raisonnable,

m.; raison, modération, *f.* -**ably**, *adv.*:

raisonnablement. -**er**, *n.*: raisonneur,

m., raisonneuse, *f.*; logicien, *m.* -**ing**,

n.: raisonnement, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans

raison.

reassém-blage, *n.*: assemblage nou-

veau, *m.* -**ble**, *tr.*: assembler de nou-

veau; *intr.*: s'assembler de nouveau.

reassér-t, *tr.*: soutenir de nouveau; dé-

clarer de nouveau; avancer de nouveau;

affirmer de nouveau; (*rights*) revendiquer

de nouveau. -**tion**, *n.*: nouvelle assertion.

reassign, *tr.*: assigner de nouveau; fixer

de nouveau; appliquer de nouveau. -**ment**,

n.: nouvel assignement.

reassimi-late, *tr.*: assimiler de nou-

veau. -**lation**, *n.*: nouvelle assimila-

tion, *f.*

reassûme, *tr.*: prendre de nouveau; re-

prendre.

reassû-rance, *n.*: réassurance, *f.* -**re**,

tr.: rassurer; (*com.*) réassurer. -**rer**,

n.: réassureur, *m.*

reattach, *tr.*: rattacher. -**ment**, *n.*:

nouvel attachement, *m.*

reattempt, *tr.*: essayer de nouveau,

tenter de nouveau; faire une nouvelle

tentative.

rebâp-tism, *n.*: nouveau baptême, *m.*

-**tisation**, *n.*: nouveau baptême, *m.*

-**tise**, *tr.*: rebaptiser.

1. **rebâte**, *tr.*: émausser; diminuer; (*carp.*)

faire une feuilure à. 2. **rebate**, *n.*: di-

minution; réfaction; (*arith.*) règle d'es-

compte; (*carp.*) feuilure, *f.* -**ment**, *n.*:

diminution, *f.*; (*com.*) rabais, *m.*

rebec, *n.*: rebec, *m.*

1. **re-bél**, *intr.*: se révolter, se soulever,

se rebeller. 2. **re-bel**, *adj.* or *n.*: re-

belle, révolté, *m.* †-**beller**, *n.*: rebelle,

m. -**béllion**, *n.*: rébellion, *f.* -**bél-**

lions, *adj.*: rebelle, révolté. -**béllious-**

ly, *adv.*: en rebelle. -**bélliousness**, *n.*:

rébellion, *f.*

rebéllow, *n.*: mugir de nouveau.

reblössom, *intr.*: reffleurir.

1. **rebound**, *intr.*: rebondir, retentir; *tr.*:

faire rebondir, faire retentir; répéter.

2. **rebound**, *n.*: rebondissement, contre-

coup, *m.*

rebrace, *tr.*: attacher de nouveau; lier de nouveau; serrer de nouveau; (*the nerves*) tendre, fortifier de nouveau.

rebreath, *intr.*: respirer de nouveau.

rebuff, *n.*: rebuffade, *f.*; échec; refus, *m.* **2.rebuff**, *tr.*: rebuter, repousser.

rebuild (*pret.*, *part.* -*built*), *tr.*: rebâtir, reconstruire.

re-bukable, *adj.*: répréhensible, blâmable.

1.-buke, *tr.*: réprimander, blâmer, reprendre, censurer; faire des reproches à; (*in Scripture*) châtier, réprimander.

2.-buke, *n.*: réprimande, *f.*; reproche, blâme, *m.*; rebuffade, *f.*; (*in Scripture*) châtement, *m.*, punition, *f.* **-bucker**, *n.*: personne qui réprimande, qui censure, qui fait des reproches, *f.*; censeur, *m.* **-buk-ingly**, *adv.*: avec une réprimande.

rēbus, *n.*: rēbus, *m.*

rebūt, *tr.*: rebuter, repousser; *intr.*: riposter; (*jur.*) dupliquer. **-tal**, *n.*: réfutation, *f.* **-ter**, *n.*: (*jur.*) duplique, *f.*

1.recall, *tr.*: rappeler; rétracter; révoquer. **2.recall**, *n.*: rappel, *m.*; révocation; rétractation, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: révocable.

recant, *intr.*: se rétracter, se dédire; *tr.*: rétracter, se dédire de.

-ātion, *n.*: rétractation, palinodie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se rétracte, qui se dédit, qui abjure, *f.*

recapacitate, *tr.*: remettre en état de.

recapitu-late, *tr.*: récapituler, résumer. **-lātion**, *n.*: récapitulation, *f.*; résumé, *m.* **-latory**, *adj.*: récapitulatif.

recap-tion, *n.*: (*jur.*) reprise, *f.* **-tor**, *n.*: personne qui reprend une prise, *f.*

1.-ture, *n.*: reprise; recousse, rescousse, *f.* **2.-ture**, *tr.*: reprendre.

recarry, *tr.*: (*pers.*) ramener; (*things*) reporter, rapporter, ramener.

recast (*pret.*, *part.* -*cast*), *tr.*: mouler de nouveau, refondre; (*metal.*) couler de nouveau; (*arith.*) additionner de nouveau.

recede, *intr.*: reculer; s'éloigner; se retirer; (*desist*) se désister.

1.recēpt, *n.*: (*act of receiving*) réception; (*place*) recette, *f.*; bureau de recette, *m.*; (*recipe*) recette, *f.*; (*com.*) reçu, *m.*, quittance, *f.*, acquit, *m.*; — (*money received*), recette, *f.* *sing.*, recettes, *f.* *pl.*: *acknowledgment of* —, accusé de réception, *m.*; *acknowledge the* — *of*, accuser réception de; *put a* — *to*, acquitter; mettre un acquit à; — *in full of all demands*, quittance pour solde de tout compte.

2.recipe, *tr.*: donner un reçu pour, donner une quittance pour, acquitter, mettre un acquit à. **-book**, *n.*: livre de recettes, *m.*

recēi-vable, *adj.*: recevable, admissible;

(*com.*) à recevoir. **-ve**, *tr.*: recevoir;

accueillir; (*money*) recevoir, toucher; (*stolen goods*) receler: — *d*, reçu; pour acquit. **†.vedness**, *n.*: adoption générale, *f.*

-ver, *n.*: personne qui reçoit, *f.*; percepteur, receveur, *m.*, receveuse, *f.*; (*of stolen objects*) recelleur, *m.*, recelleuse, *f.*; (*chem.*) réceptif, *m.* **-ving**, *n.*: réception, *f.*; (*jur.*) recèlement, *m.* **-ving-house**, *n.*: petite poste, boîte aux lettres; (*of the Royal Humane Society*) maison de secours pour les noyés, *f.*; (*of parcels delivery companies*) dépôt de paquets pour les petites messageries, *m.* **-ving-ship**, *n.*: vaisseau Cayenne, *m.*

recēle-brate, *tr.*: célébrer de nouveau.

-brātion, *n.*: nouvelle célébration, *f.*

recēncy, *n.*: nouveauté; date récente, *f.*

re-cēnse, *tr.*: reviser, recenser. **-cēn-sion**, *n.*: énumération; revue, *f.*; examen, *m.*

reēcent, *adj.*: récent, frais, nouveau. **-ly**, *adv.*: récemment, fraîchement, nouvellement. **-ness**, *n.*: nouveauté; date récente, *f.*

recēp-tacle, *n.*: asile, refuge; réceptacle; (*anat.*) réservoir; (*bot.*, *hydraul.*) réceptacle, *m.* **-tion**, *n.*: action de recevoir; réception, *f.*; accueil, *m.*; (*read-mission*) rentrée; (*opinion generally admitted*) opinion reçue, *f.*; *for the* — *of*, pour recevoir. **-tive**, *adj.*: susceptible de recevoir, qui reçoit.

re-cēss, *n.*: retraite; (*suspension*) suspension, *f.*; (*holidays*) vacances, *f.* *pl.*; (*secret*) secret; (*of the heart*) repli; (*arch.*) enfoncement, *m.*, embrasure, *f.* **-cēssion**, *n.*: retraite, *f.*; désistement, *m.*: (*of the equinoxes*) précession, *f.*

rechānge, *tr.*: rechanger.

rechārgē, *tr.*: renvoyer l'accusation à; (*milit.*) recharger.

1.†rechēat, *n.*: (*hunt.*) rappel, *m.*

2.†rechēat, *intr.*: sonner le rappel.

rechōose (*pret.* *rechose*, *past part.* *re-chosen*), *n.*: choisir de nouveau.

récipe, *n.*: récipé, *m.*; recette; ordonnance de médecin, *f.*

recipient, *n.*: personne qui reçoit; chose qui reçoit, *f.*; (*chem.*) réceptif, *m.*

1.recipro-cal, *adj.*: réciproque, mutuel; (*of contracts*) synallagmatique, bilatéral.

2.-cal, *n.*: (*math.*) réciproque, *f.* **-cal-ly**, *adv.*: réciproquement, mutuellement.

-calness, *n.*: réciprocity, *f.* **-cate**, *tr.*: échanger réciproquement; échanger, *†Fr.*

reciproquer, *intr.*: agir réciproquement.

-cating, *adj.*: alternatif; de va-et-vient.

-cātion, *n.*: réciprocity, *f.*

-city prō-, *n.*: réciprocity, *f.*

recis-ion, *n.*: rescision, *f.*

re-cital, *n.*: récit, narré, exposé, *m.*;

répétition; narration, relation; (*enumeration*) énumération, *f.* **-citéation**, *n.*: récit; narré, exposé, *m.*; répétition; narration, relation; (*in schools*) récitation, *f.* **1.-citative**, *n.*: récitatif; récit, *m.* **2.-citative**, *adj.*: (*mus.*) en récitatif. **-citatively**, *adv.*: (*mus.*) en récitatif. **-citativo**, *n.*: récitatif, *m.* **1.-cite**, *tr.*: réciter, faire le récit de; raconter; rapporter; répéter; (*enumerate*) énumérer. **2.-cite**, *intr.*: réciter les leçons. **-citer**, *n.*: personne qui récite, qui fait le récit de, qui raconte, *f.*; récitateur; narrateur, *m.*, narratrice, *f.*; énumérateur, *m.*, énumératrice, *f.*

reck, *tr.*: se soucier de, faire cas de; *intr.*: s'en soucier de; importer: *what — s it? qu'importe?* **-less**, *adj.*: insouciant; téméraire. **-lessly**, *adv.*: témérairement; avec insouciance. **-lessness**, *n.*: insouciance, témérité, *f.* **-on**, *tr.*: calculer, compter; considérer comme; estimer; *intr.*: — *up*, additionner; — *on*, compter sur; faire fond sur. **-oner**, *n.*: calculateur, chiffreur, *m.*; *ready* —, prompt calculateur; (*book*) barème, *m.* **-oning**, *n.*: calcul; compte, *m.*; (*nav.*) estime, *f.*; *short — s* *make long friends*, les bons comptes font les bons amis. **-oning-book**, *n.*: livre de comptes, *m.*

re-claim, *tr.*: réclamer, redemander; revendiquer; (*restrain*) retenir, arrêter; (*tame*) apprivoiser; (*reform*) amender, corriger, ramener au bien; (*a hawk*) apprivoiser, dresser; *intr.*: réclamer: — *from*, faire revenir de. **-clâimable**, *adj.*: qui peut être réclamé; qui peut être corrigé; qui peut être amendé; qui peut être ramené au bien. **-clâimant**, *n.*: réclamateur, opposant, *m.* **-clâimless**, *adj.*: incorrigible. **-clâimâtion**, *n.*: réclamation, demande, *f.*; recouvrement, *m.*

re-clinâtion, *n.*: position inclinée, *f.* **1.-cline**, *tr.*: incliner, pencher, appuyer; *intr.*: s'incliner, se pencher, s'appuyer, se reposer. **2.-cline**, *adj.*: incliné, penché. **-clining**, *adj.*: incliné, penché.

reclôse, *tr.*: refermer.

1.reclû-se, *adj.*: reclus; (*things*) de reclus, séparé. **2.-se**, *n.*: reclus, *m.*, recluse, *f.* **-sely**, *adv.*: en reclus. **-seness**, *n.*: retraite, *f.* **-sion**, *n.*: réclusion, retraite, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: de reclus.

recoagulâtion, *n.*: seconde coagulation, *f.*

re-cognition, *n.*: reconnaissance, action de reconnaître, *f.* **-cognitor**, *n.*: membre d'un jury d'assises, juré, *m.* **-côgnitory**, *adj.*: de reconnaissance, reconnaissant. **re-cognisable**, *adj.*: reconnaissable.

-côgnissance, *n.*: reconnaissance, action de reconnaître, *f.*; (*jur.*) obligation authentique de faire quelque acte particulier, *f.*; verdict d'un jury, *m.* **re-cognise**, *tr.*: reconnaître; *intr.*: (*jur.*) souscrire une obligation authentique de faire quelque acte particulier. **-cognisêe**, *n.*: personne au profit de laquelle on souscrit une obligation authentique, *f.* **-cognisor**, *n.*: personne qui souscrit une obligation authentique, *f.*

1.recoïl, *intr.*: reculer; retomber. **2.recoïl**, *n.*: recul, *m.*; (*fig.*) répugnance, révolte, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: recul, *m.*; (*fig.*) répugnance, révolte, *f.*

recoïn, *tr.*: refondre. **-age**, *n.*: refonte; monnaie de refonte, *f.*

1.recol-lêct, *tr.*: se souvenir de; se rappeler; se ressouvenir de; se remettre.

2.recollêct, *tr.*: recueillir, rassembler, réunir: — *it*, souvenez-vous-en. **-lêct-ion**, *n.*: souvenir, ressouvenir, *m.*; mémoire, *f.*: *have no — of*, ne pas se rappeler; n'avoir pas le souvenir de; *have some — of*, avoir un souvenir de; *to the best of my —*, autant que je puis m'en souvenir. **Recol-let**, *n.*: récollet, *m.*

re-colonisation, *n.*: nouvelle colonisation, *f.* **-côlonise**, *tr.*: coloniser de nouveau.

recom-binâtion, *n.*: combinaison nouvelle, *f.* **-bine**, *tr.*: combiner de nouveau.

recomfort, *tr.*: reconforter; consoler de nouveau, ranimer.

recommence, *tr.*: recommencer.

recommend, *tr.*: recommander. **-able**, *adj.*: recommandable. **-âtion**, *n.*: recommandation; (*on a petition*) apostille, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: de recommandation; d'éloge. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui recommande, *f.*

recom-mission, *tr.*: renommer à une charge; charger de nouveau d'une commission.

-mit, *tr.*: renvoyer en prison, devant une commission. **-mitment**, *n.*: nouvelle incarcération, *f.*

recommuniqué, *tr.*: communiquer de nouveau.

1.récompense, *tr.*: récompenser; donner en retour; dédommager; compenser; réparer. **2.récompense**, *n.*: récompense; réparation, compensation, *f.*; dédommagement; retour, *m.*

recompilement, *n.*: nouvelle compilation, *f.*

recompôse, *tr.*: recomposer; calmer de nouveau; tranquilliser, remettre; (*print*) recomposer.

recon-cilable, *adj.*: réconciliable; (*of things*) qui peut s'arranger, conciliable. **-cilableness**, *n.*: possibilité de réconciliation, de conciliation, d'arrangement;

compatibilité, *f.* **-eile**, *tr.*: réconcilier; mettre d'accord, raccommoder, concilier, apaiser, accorder; (*biblically*) faire rentrer en grâce: *be — d with*, être réconcilié avec; — *one's self to a thing*, se faire à une chose. **-eilement**, *n.*: réconciliation, *f.*; raccommodement, *m.* **-eiller**, *n.*: réconciliateur, *m.*, réconciliatrice, *f.*; conciliateur, *m.*, conciliatrice, *f.* **-eiliation**, *n.*: réconciliation, *f.*; raccommodement, *m.*; (*of things*) conciliation; (*biblically*) expiation, *f.* **-eiliatory**, *adj.*: de réconciliation, conciliateur.

recon-densâ-tion, *n.*: nouvelle condensation, *f.* **-dénse**, *tr.*: condenser de nouveau.

récondite, *adj.*: secret, profond, caché; abstrus, abstrait.

reconduc-t, *tr.*: reconduire.

reconfirm, *tr.*: confirmer de nouveau.

reconjoin, *tr.*: rejoindre.

reco-n-nois-sance, **-maissance**, *n.*: (*milit.*) reconnaissance, *f.* **-noître**, *tr.*: (*milit.*) reconnaître, faire la reconnaissance de; *intr.*: reconnaître, faire une reconnaissance. **-noïtring**, *adj.*: (*milit.*) de reconnaissance.

reconquer, *tr.*: reconquérir.

recon-se-crate, *tr.*: consacrer de nouveau. **-crâ-tion**, *n.*: consécration nouvelle, *f.*

reconsider, *tr.*: considérer de nouveau; revenir sur. **-â-tion**, *n.*: considération nouvelle, nouvelle réflexion, *f.*; nouvel examen, *m.*

reconvène, *tr.*: réunir de nouveau; assembler de nouveau.

recon-ver-sion, *n.*: nouvelle conversion, *f.* **-vert**, *tr.*: convertir de nouveau.

reconvêy, *tr.*: transporter de nouveau; reporter, ramener; (*jur.*) rétrocéder. **-ance**, *n.*: nouveau transport, *m.*; (*jur.*) rétrocession, *f.*

1. recôrd, *tr.*: enregistrer; inscrire; (*im-print*) graver, imprimer; (*celebrate*) célébrer; (*in history*) rapporter. **2. record**, *n.*: registre, *m.*; marque, *f.*; souvenir, signe, monument, *m.*: — *s*, archives; annales; notes, *f. pl.*: *public* — *s*, archives, *f. pl.*; *on* —, dans les annales de l'histoire; inscrit, enregistré; *make a — of*, tenir registre de; *keeper of the —s*, archiviste, greffier, *m.*; — *office*, archives, *f. pl.*; greffe, *m.* **recôrder**, *n.*: receveur de l'enregistrement; archiviste; (*jur.*) premier officier judiciaire d'une ville, *m.*

recôunch, *intr.*: rentrer dans son antre.

recôunt, *tr.*: raconter, réciter. **-ment**, *n.*: récit, rapport, *m.*

recôurse, *n.*: recours, *m.*: *have — to*, recourir à; avoir recours à.

recôver, *tr.*: recouvrer, retrouver, ra-

voir, reprendre; reconquérir; (*reach*) parvenir à, atteindre; (*a loss*) réparer; (*health*) recouvrer, rétablir; (*jur.*) obtenir; (*com.*) recouvrer; récupérer; *intr.*: se rétablir, guérir, se guérir; se relever, se remettre, se refaire; (*jur.*) gagner son procès, gagner sa cause: — *one's self*, se remettre; revenir à soi. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être recouvré; recouvrable; réparable; (*of invalids*) guérissable. **-y**, *n.*: recouvrement, *m.*; reprise, *f.*; (*of one's health*) recouvrement, *m.*, guérison, *f.*, rétablissement, *m.*; (*jur.*) adjudication, *f.*: *past* —, incurable; (*of things*) sans remède.

récre-ance, **-ancy**, *n.*: lâcheté, *f.*

1. -ant, *adj.*: lâche, poltron; faux, traître. **2. -ant**, *n.*: lâche, poltron, *m.*

1. récre-â-te, *tr.*: récréer. **2. récre-â-te**, *tr.*: récréer, réjouir, divertir, distraire; *intr.*: se récréer, se distraire, se divertir.

1. récre-â-tion, *n.*: récréation, *f.* **2. récre-â-tion**, *n.*: récréation; distraction, *f.*; divertissement, *m.* **-ative**, *adj.*: récréatif, divertissant. **-atively**, *adv.*: d'une manière récréative. **-ativeness**, *n.*: qualité récréative, *f.*

récre-ment, *n.*: (*metal*) scorie, *f.*; (*med.*) récrement, *m.* **-môntal**, **-mentitîal**, **-mentitîous**, *adj.*: (*metal*) plein de scories; (*med.*) récrementeux, récrementitîel.

recri-mi-nate, *tr.*: récriminer contre; *intr.*: récriminer. **-nâ-tion**, *n.*: récrimination, *f.* **-nâ-tor**, *n.*: personne qui récrimine, *f.* **-nâ-tory**, *adj.*: récriminatoire.

re-crôss, *tr.*: traverser de nouveau; repasser.

re-crûdès-cence, **-cency**, *n.*: {re-crûdèscence, *f.* **-cent**, *adj.*: {re-crûdèscents.

1. re-crûit, *tr.*: recruter; (*strengthen*) renforcer, réparer; *intr.*: se recruter; se refaire, se remettre, reprendre: — *one's self*, se remettre, se refaire. **2. re-crûit**, *n.*: recrue, *f.*; (*fig.*) renfort, *m.* **-ing**, **-ment**, *n.*: recrutement, *m.*

re-crystallisâ-tion, *n.*: nouvelle cristallisation, *f.* **-crÿstallise**, *tr.*: se cristalliser de nouveau.

rect-angle, *n.*: rectangle, *m.* **-angled**, *adj.*: rectangle. **-ângular**, *adj.*: rectangulaire, rectangle, angle droit. **-ângularly**, *adv.*: avec des angles droits.

recti-fiable, *adj.*: susceptible de rectification; qui peut se rectifier. **-ficâ-tion**, *n.*: rectification, *f.* **-fier**, *n.*: rectificateur. **-fÿ**, *tr.*: rectifier; redresser.

recti-linear, **-lineal**, **-lineous**, *adj.*: rectiligne.

rectitûde, *n.*: rectitude, *f.*

réc-tor, *n.*: curé; (*of a university*) re-

teur; (*of religious orders*) directeur, supérieur, *m.* -**tōrial**, *adj.*: rectoral; de curé. -**torship**, *n.*: cure, *f.*; (*of a university*) rectorat, *m.* -**tory**, *n.*: cure, *f.*; presbytère; (*of universities*) rectorat, *m.*
rectum, *n.*: (*anat.*) rectum, *m.*
recū-bence, -**bency**, *n.*: état d'une personne couchée, *m.* -**bent**, *adj.*: couché; étendu; (*idle*) en repos, oisif.
re-cūperable, *adj.*: recouvrable. -**cūperate**, *tr.*: récupérer, recouvrer; *intr.*: se récupérer; recouvrer (regagner) la santé. -**cūperation**, *n.*: récupération, *f.* -**cūperative**, -**cūperatory**, *adj.*: qui tend à recouvrer.
re-cūr, *intr.*: revenir; se représenter; (*have recourse*) avoir recours. -**cūr-renee**, -**cūrencey**, *n.*: retour; recours, *m.*: *of frequent* —, qui revient souvent, qui arrive souvent. -**cūrent**, *adj.*: qui revient de temps en temps.
1. recūr-vate, -**ve**, *tr.*: recourber.
2. -vate, -**ved**, *adj.*: recourbé. -**vā-tion**, -**vity**, *n.*: courbure, *f.* -**vous**, *adj.*: recourbé.
recū-saney, *n.*: non-conformité, *f.* -**sant**, *n.*: non-conformiste, *m.* -**sant**, *adj.*: qui refuse de se conformer. -**sā-tion**, *n.*: récusation, *f.* -**se**, *tr.*: récuser.
1. rēd, *adj.*: rouge: — *face*, visage enluminé, *m.*; — *herring*, hareng saur, *m.*; — *lead*, vermillon, *m.* **2. red**, *n.*: rouge, *m.*
redān, *n.*: (*fort.*) redan, *m.*
rēd-bird, *n.*: cardinal, *m.* -**brēast**, *n.*: (*orni.*) rouge-gorge, *m.* -**bud**, *n.*: bouton rouge, *m.* -**coat**, *n.*: habit rouge, soldat anglais. -**den**, *tr. and intr.*: rougir. -**dish**, *adj.*: rougeâtre. -**dish-ness**, *n.*: couleur rougeâtre, *f.*
reddition, *n.*: reddition; restitution; (*explanation*) explication, *f.*
rēddle, *n.*: rubrique (craie rouge), sanguine; (*min.*) ocre rouge, *f.*
redēem, *tr.*: racheter; (*fin.*) racheter, rembourser; (*things pawned*) dégager, retirer; (*fig.*) dégager, délivrer, compenser. -**able**, *adj.*: rachetable; remboursable. -**ableness**, *n.*: nature remboursable; qualité de ce qui est rachetable, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: Rédempteur, *m.*; personne qui rachète, *f.*: libérateur, *m.*, libératrice, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: qui rachète, qui compense; réparateur; compensatoire.
redeliberate, *intr.*: délibérer de nouveau.
redeliver, *tr.*: restituer; (*deliver again*) délivrer de nouveau. -**y**, *n.*: restitution; nouvelle délivrance, *f.*
1. redemānd, *tr.*: redemander. **2. redemand**, *n.*: demande en restitution, *f.* -**able**, *adj.*: qui peut être redemandé.

1. redemise, *tr.*: (*jur.*) rétrocéder. **2. redemise**, *n.*: (*jur.*) rétrocession, *f.*
redēmp-tion, *n.*: rédemption, *f.*; rachat, *m.*; délivrance, *f.*; (*jur.*) rachat, réméré, *m.* -**tive**, -**tory**, *adj.*: payé pour la rançon.
redēnted, *adj.*: (*bot.*) denté en scie.
rēd-eyed, *adj.*: aux yeux rouges.
redescēnd, *intr.*: redescendre.
rēd-haired, *adj.*: aux cheveux roux, roux: — *person*, roux (*f.* rousse); (*fam.*) rousseau, rouge. -**hot**, *adj.*: tout rouge.
1. redinte-grate, *adj.*: réintégré, rétabli, renouvelé. **2. -grate**, *tr.*: réintégrer, rétablir; renouveler. -**grā-tion**, *n.*: réintégration, *f.*; renouvellement; rétablissement, *m.*
rediscōunt, *tr.*: réescompter.
redispōse, *tr.*: disposer de nouveau.
redissōi-zin, *n.*: (*jur.*) nouvelle saisine contre celui qui s'est dessaisi après avoir recouvré, *f.* -**zor**, *n.*: (*jur.*) personne qui, après avoir recouvré une chose, s'en dessaisit, *f.*
redissōlve, *tr.*: dissoudre de nouveau.
rēdistil, *tr.*: distiller de nouveau. -**lā-tion**, *n.*: nouvelle distillation, *f.*
redistri-bute, *tr.*: distribuer de nouveau. -**butiōn**, *n.*: nouvelle distribution, *f.*
rēd-letter day, *n.*: jour de fête, jour propice, *m.* -**mint**, *n.*: menthe rouge, *f.* -**ness**, *n.*: rougeur, *f.*
rēdō-lence, -**lency**, *n.*: parfum, *m.*; odeur agréable, senteur, *f.* -**lent**, *adj.*: qui a un parfum de, odoriférant, parfumé.
redōuble, *tr. and intr.*: redoubler.
1. redōubt, *n.*: (*fort.*) redoute, *f.* **2. redōubt**, *tr.*: redouter. -**able**, *adj.*: redoutable. -**ed**, *adj.*: redouté.
redōund, *intr.*: rejaillir, revenir; (*con-tribute*) contribuer; (*result*) résulter.
rēd-pōle, -**pōll**, *n.*: (*orni.*) linotte, *f.*
1. re-draft, *tr.*: dessiner de nouveau; rédiger de nouveau. **2. -draft**, *n.*: nouveau dessein; nouveau brouillon, *m.*; (*com.*) retraite, *f.* -**draue**, *tr.*: retirer; faire un nouveau brouillon; (*com.*) faire retraite.
1. redrēss, *tr.*: **1. (re-)** dresser de nouveau; **2. (re-)** redresser; faire justice à; secourir, soulager; réparer. **2. redress**, *n.*: redressement, *m.*; justice; réparation; réformation, *f.*, soulagement, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: redresseur, réparateur, *m.* -**ible**, *adj.*: réparable. -**ive**, *adj.*: qui apporte du secours. -**less**, *adj.*: irréparable; sans remède.
rēd-shanks, *n.*: (*bot.*) renouée persicaire, herbe vierge, persicaire, *f.* -**skin**, *n.*: Peau-Rouge (Indien de l'Amérique), *m.* -**tail**, *n.*: (*orni.*) rouge-queue, *m.*
redūe-e, *tr.*: réduire, diminuer, rabais-

ser. -er, n.: personne qui réduit, f.
 -ible, adj.: réductible. -ibleness, n.:
 qualité de ce qui est réductible, f.
redūct, n.: réduit, m. -**tion**, n.: ré-
 duction, diminution, f. 1. -**tive**, adj.: ré-
 ductif. 2. -**tive**, n.: agent réductif, m.
 -**tively**, adv.: par réduction, f.
redū-dance, -**dancey**, n.: redondance,
 surabondance, f. -**dant**, adj.: redon-
 dant; surabondant. -**dantly**, adv.: avec
 superfluité, d'une manière redondante.
 1. **redupli-cate**, tr.: redoubler. 2. -**cate**,
 adj.: double. -**cation**, n.: reduplica-
 tion, f.; redoublement, m. -**cative**, adj.:
 reduplicatif; double.
red-wing, n.: merle mauvais, m. -**wood**,
 n.: bois rouge, m.
 1. **re-echo**, tr.: répéter; renvoyer; intr.:
 résonner, retentir; répondre. 2. -**echo**,
 écho répété; retentissement, m.
reed, n.: roseau; (musical pipe) chalu-
 meau, m.; (of wind instruments) anche, f.
 -**ed**, adj.: couvert de roseaux. -**en**, adj.:
 de roseau. -**grass**, n.: roseau, m.
re-edification, n.: réédification, f. **re-
 edify**, tr.: réédifier, rebâtir.
reed-less, adj.: sans roseaux. -**y**, adj.:
 plein de roseaux.
 1. **reef**, n.: (rocks) rescif.
 2. **reef**, n.: (of a sail) ris, m. 3. **reef**,
 tr.: (nav.) prendre un ris, des ris.
 -**line**, n.: (nav.) garette de ris, f.
reefy, adj.: plein de rescifs, plein de rocs.
 1. **reek**, n.: fumée, vapeur, exhalaison, f.
 2. **reek**, intr.: fumer; s'exhaler. -**y**,
 adj.: enfumé, noirci.
 1. **reel**, n.: dévidoir; touret, m.; bobine,
 f. 2. **reel**, tr.: dévider.
 3. **reel**, n.: (dance) branle, m.: Scotch —,
 écossaise, f.
 4. **reel**, intr.: chanceler; vaciller; tour-
 ner. 5. **reel**, n.: chancellement, m.
re-elēct, tr.: réélire. -**elēction**, n.:
 réélection, f. -**eligibility**, n.: rééligi-
 bilité, f. -**eligible**, adj.: rééligible.
re-embark, tr.: rembarquer; intr.: se
 embarquer. -**embarkation**, n.: rem-
 barquement, m.
re-embattle, tr.: remettre en bataille.
re-embōdy, tr.: réincorporer.
re-emerge, intr.: ressortir.
re-enact, tr.: ordonner, décréter de
 nouveau. -**enactment**, n.: remise en
 vigueur, f.; rétablissement, m.
re-enforce, tr.: renforcer, fortifier.
re-engage, tr.: rengager; intr.: se ren-
 gager. -**engagement**, n.: rengage-
 ment, m.
re-enjoy, tr.: jouir de nouveau.
re-enkindle, tr.: rallumer.
re-enlist, tr.: enrôler de nouveau; intr.:
 se rengager.

re-ënter, tr. and intr.: rentrer. -**ën-
 tering**, adj.: rentrant.
re-enthronē, tr.: remettre sur le trône.
re-entrance, n.: rentrée, f.
re-estāblish, tr.: rétablir; réintégrer.
 -**estāblisher**, n.: restaurateur, m.
 -**estāblishment**, n.: rétablissement,
 m.; réintégration, f.
reève, tr.: (nav.) passer une manœuvre
 dans.
re-examination, n.: nouvel examen,
 m. -**exāmine**, tr.: examiner de nou-
 veau; revoir.
re-exchange, n.: nouvel échange; re-
 change, m.
 1. **re-ēxpōrt**, tr.: réexporter. 2. -**ēx-
 pōrt**, n.: marchandise réexportée, f.
 -**exportation**, n.: réexportation, f.
refec-tion, n.: réfection, f.; repas; ra-
 fraîchissement, m. -**tive**, adj.: resta-
 rant. -**tory**, n.: réfectoire, m.
refer, tr.: référer; renvoyer; rapporter;
 adresser; adresser pour des renseigne-
 ments; intr.: (of things) se référer, ré-
 férer, se rapporter, avoir trait, avoir rap-
 port; faire allusion; (pers.) s'en rap-
 porter, se référer, s'adresser. -**able**, adj.:
 qui peut être référé (rapporté). -**ee**, n.:
 arbitre, m. **refer-ence**, n.: renvoi;
 (respect) regard, rapport, m.; (allusion)
 allusion; (recommendation) recommanda-
 tion, f.; (for character) renseignement,
 m.; (pers.) personne chez laquelle on peut
 prendre des renseignements, f.; (print.)
 renvoi, m., lettrine, f.; (jur.) renvoi, m.:
 in — to, à l'égard de; par rapport à;
 have — to, se rapporter à; faire allu-
 sion à; give a — to any one, donner une
 référence, indiquer quelqu'un pour fournir
 des renseignements; go for a —, aller
 aux renseignements; have good —s, avoir
 de bonnes recommandations, de bonnes ré-
 férences. -**endary**, n.: référendaire,
 m. -**ment**, tr.: faire fermenter de nou-
 veau. -**rible**, adj.: qui peut être référé,
 qui peut être rapporté.
refi-ne, tr.: épurer; purifier; polir;
 (metal.) affiner; (liquids) épurer; (sugar,
 saltpetre) raffiner; intr.: s'épurer, se puri-
 fier; s'affiner, se raffiner; (of liquids)
 s'épurer. -**ned**, adj.: épuré; pur; affiné;
 poli; raffiné. -**nedly**, adv.: avec raf-
 finement. -**nedness**, n.: état d'affinage;
 état d'épuration; état de raffinage; raf-
 finement; poli, m.; pureté; politesse, f.
 -**nement**, n.: raffinement; poli, m.;
 pureté; politesse, f.; (of sugar, saltpetre)
 raffinage; (metal.) affinage, m.; (of liq-
 uids) épuration, f. -**ner**, n.: personne
 qui épure, qui purifie, f.; (of sugar, salt-
 petre) raffineur; (metal.) affineur, m.
 -**nery**, n.: (metal.) affinerie; (of sugar)

raffinerie, *f.* -**ning**, *n.*: raffinage, affinage, *m.*; (*of liquids*) épuration, *f.*
refit, *tr.*: réparer; (*nav.*) radoubier.
réflec-t, *tr.*: réfléchir; faire rejaillir; réfléchir; *intr.*: réfléchir; faire réflexion; faire ses réflexions: — *on*, (*bring reproach to*) retomber sur, rejaillir sur; (*censure*) censurer, fronder, critiquer, jeter le blâme sur; *be — ed*, être réfléchi, se réfléchir; *be — ed on*, être blâmé, être censuré, être un sujet de blâme, être un sujet de censure. -**ted**, *adj.*: réfléchi; réfléti.
-tent, *adj.*: qui se réfléchit. -**ting**, *adj.*: réfléchi; réflécheur. -**tingly**, *adv.*: avec réflexion; (*censure*) avec blâme.
-tion, *n.*: réflexion, *f.*; reflet, *m.*; (*of the mind*) réflexion; (*censure*) censure, critique, *f.*, reproche, blâme, *m.*: *cast — s on*, censurer, critiquer, blâmer; *on —*, en y réfléchissant. -**tive**, *adj.*: qui réfléchit; réfléchissant; réflécheur. -**tor**, *n.*: personne qui réfléchit, *f.*; (*phys.*) réflécheur, *m.*
1. ré-flex, *adj.*: réfléchi; (*paint.*) réfléti.
2.-flex, *n.*: (*paint.*) reflet, *m.* 3.-**flex**, *tr.*: réfléchir, rejaillir. -**flexibility**, *n.*: réflexibilité, *f.* -**flexible**, *adj.*: flexible. -**flexion** = *reflection*. -**flexity**, *n.*: réflexibilité, *f.* -**flexive**, *adj.*: qui a rapport au passé. -**flexively**, *adv.*: en arrière.
re-floréscence, *n.*: nouvelle floraison, *f.* -**flourish**, *intr.*: fleurir.
reflow, *intr.*: refluer.
refluctuation, *n.*: nouvelle fluctuation, *f.*; reflux, *m.*
reflu-ence, -**ency**, *n.*: reflux, *m.* -**ent**, *adj.*: qui reflue.
reflux, *n.*: reflux, *m.*
1. reform, *tr.*: réformer; *intr.*: se réformer. **2. reform**, *n.*: réforme, *f.*
3. re-form, *tr.*: reformer. **1. réform**-**ation**, *n.*: réformation, réforme, *f.*
2. réform-**ation**, *n.*: formation nouvelle, *f.* -**-er**, *n.*: réformateur, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: qui réforme, qui conduit à la réformation. -**ist**, *n.*: réformateur, *m.*
reforti-fication, *n.*: nouvelle fortification, *f.* -**-fy**, *tr.*: refortifier.
refund, *tr.*: refondre; refonder, fonder de nouveau.
refracto-t, *tr.*: réfracter. -**ting**, *adj.*: réfringent; à réfraction. -**-tion**, *n.*: réfraction, *f.* -**tive**, *adj.*: réfractif. -**-toriness**, *n.*: résistance, opiniâtreté; obstination, mutinerie, *f.* 1.-**tory**, *adj.*: mutin, revêche, indocile, insoumis, intractable, rebelle; réfractaire; (*chem.*) réfractaire. 2.-**tory**, *n.*: personne insoumise, personne indocile, personne intractable, *f.*
refrangible, *adj.*: que l'on peut réfuter.
1. refrain, *tr.*: retenir; contenir, répri-

mer; *intr.*: se retenir, se contenir; s'abstenir; se garder; s'empêcher.
2. refrain, *n.*: refrain, *m.*
refran-gibility, *n.*: réfrangibilité, *f.* -**-ible**, *adj.*: réfrangible.
refresh, *tr.*: rafraîchir; soulager; délasser; refaire; récréer: — *one's self*, se rafraîchir; se délasser, se remettre, se refaire. -**-er**, *n.*: personne qui rafraîchit, qui délasse; chose qui rafraîchit, qui délasse, *f.*; (*extra fee*) honoraires extra (à un homme de loi), *m. pl.* -**-ing**, *adj.*: rafraîchissant; qui délasse; récréatif, délassant. -**-ment**, *n.*: rafraîchissement; délassement, *m.*; récréation, *f.*
1. refriger-**ant**, *adj.*: réfrigérant.
2.-ant, *n.*: réfrigérant, *m.* -**-ate**, *tr.*: rafraîchir; réfrigérer. -**-ation**, *n.*: réfrigération, *f.* 1.-**ative**, -**atory**, *adj.*: (*med.*) rafraîchissant; réfrigératif; (*chem.*) réfrigérant. 2.-**ative**, -**atory**, *n.*: réfrigératif, rafraîchissant; (*chem.*) réfrigérant, *m.*
1. réfu-ge, *n.*: refuge, *m.*: *take —*, se réfugier. 2.-**-ge**, *tr.*: donner un refuge à. -**-gée**, *n.*: réfugié, *m.*, réfugiée, *f.*
reful-gence, -**-gency**, *n.*: éclat, *m.*; splendeur, *f.* -**-gent**, *adj.*: éclatant, resplendissant.
refund, *tr.*: rembourser; (*jur.*) refonder.
re-fusable, *adj.*: refusable. -**-fusal**, *n.*: refus; choix de refuser ou d'accepter, *m.*: *meet with a —*, éprouver un refus; *have the — of*, avoir le choix de refuser ou d'accepter; *on his —*, sur son refus. 1.-**-fuse**, *tr.*, *intr.*: refuser: *to be — d*, être de refus. 2.-**-fuse**, *n.*: rebut, *m.* 3.-**-fuse**, *adj.*: de rebut. -**-fuser**, *n.*: personne qui refuse, *f.*; refuseur, *m.*, refuseuse, *f.*
re-futable, *adj.*: qui peut être réfuté; réfutable. -**-futation**, *n.*: réfutation, *f.* -**-fute**, *tr.*: réfuter. -**-futer**, *n.*: réfuteur, *m.*
regain, *tr.*: regagner, reprendre, ressaisir, reconquérir.
1. ré-gal, *adj.*: royal; régalien. 2.-**-gal**, *n.*: (*mus.*) régale, *m.* 1.-**-gale**, *n.*: régale, *f.* 2.-**-re-gale**, *n.*: banquet, festin, *m.*, fête, *f.* (donnée à des personnes de distinction). 3.-**-gale**, *tr.*: régaler; réjouir; *intr.*: se régaler. -**-galement**, *n.*: rafraîchissement, *m.*
re-galia, *n.*: insignes de la royauté; droits régaliens, *m. pl.* -**-gality**, *n.*: royauté, *f.*
regally, *adv.*: royalement.
1. regard, *tr.*: regarder, considérer; (*mind*) avoir égard à, prendre garde à, regarder à. 2.-**-regard**, *n.*: égard, *m.*; (*esteem*) considération, *f.*, respect; (*reference*) égard, rapport, *m.*; (*in the forest*

laws) inspection, *f.*: regard, *m.*; (em-
nence) distinction, *f.*: — *s*, amitiés, *f. pl.*;
compliments, *m. pl.*: give my — *s* to your
brother, dites mille choses de ma part à
monsieur votre frère; with — *to*, par
rapport à; relativement à; à l'égard de;
quant à; out of — *for*, par égard pour;
pay — *to*, avoir égard à; faire attention
à; écouter. †*able*, *adj.*: regardable.
-*er*, *n.*: regardant; (of forests) inspec-
teur, *m.* -*ful*, *adj.*: soigneux; attentif.
-*fully*, *adv.*: attentivement; avec égard.
-*ing*, *prep.*: touchant, concernant, à
l'égard de, quant à. -*less*, *adj.*: peu
soigneux; inattentif: — *of*, sans se sou-
cier de; sans avoir aucun égard à; sans
faire aucun cas de. -*lessly*, *adv.*: avec
indifférence. -*lessness*, *n.*: insouciance,
indifférence, *f.*

regatta, *n.*: régatée, *f.*

regency, *n.*: régence, *f.*

regeneracy, *n.*: état régénéré, *m.*

1. *-ate*, *adj.*: régénéré. 2. *-ate*, *tr.*: ré-
générer. -*atness*, *n.*: état régénéré, *m.*

-ating, *adj.*: régénérateur. -*ation*, *n.*:
régénération, *f.* -*ator*, *n.*: régéné-
rateur, *m.*, régénératrice, *f.* -*atory*,
adj.: régénérateur.

1. **régent**, *adj.*: régent; dominant, ré-
gnant. 2. **régent**, *n.*: régent, *m.* -*ess*,
n.: régente, *f.* -*ship*, *n.*: régence, *f.*

regenerate, *intr.*: regermer.

regicide, *n.*: régicide, *m.*

régimen, *n.*: régime; (med.) régime,
m., diète, *f.*; (gram.) régime, *m.*

1. **régiment**, *n.*: régiment, *m.* -*ment*,
tr.: enrégimenter. -*mental*, *adj.*: du
régiment. -*mentals*, *n. pl.*: uniforme, *m.*

regiminal, *adj.*: (med.) diététique.

région, *n.*: région; contrée, *f.*

1. **régis-ter**, *n.*: registre; (jur.) greffier;
(print., of organs) registre; (of stoves)
registre, *m.*, trappe, *f.* 2. **-ter**, *tr.*: en-
registrer; enrôler; porter sur les rôles;
(print.) pointer. -*tership*, *n.*: fonc-
tions d'archiviste, fonctions de greffier,
f. pl. -*trar* -*trâr*, -*trary*, *n.*: gar-
dien, teneur des registres; (jur.) greffier;
archiviste, *m.* -*tration*, *n.*: enregistre-
ment, *m.*; inscription, *f.* -*try*, *n.*: en-
registrement, *m.*; inscription, *f.* -*try*-
book, *n.*: livre d'enregistrement, livre
d'inscription, *m.*; matricule, *f.*

réglet, *n.*: réglette, *f.*

reg-nancy, *n.*: règne, *m.* -*nant*, *adj.*:
regnant.

regorge, *tr.*: vomir; (swallow again)
ravalier.

regraft, *tr.*: greffer.

1. **regrant**, *tr.*: accorder de nouveau;
rendre. 2. **regrant**, *n.*: concession nou-
velle, *f.*

regrat-e, *tr.*: (offend) offenser, choquer;
(sell) revendre; (mas.) regratter. -*er*,
n.: revendeur, *m.*, revendeuse, *f.* -*ing*,
n.: revente, *f.*; (mas.) regrattage, *m.*

1. **regrêet**, *tr.*: resaluer; rendre le salut
à. 2. **regrêet**, *n.*: échange de saluts, *m.*

re-gress, *n.*: retour; regres, *m.* -**grès-**
son, *n.*: retour, *m.*; (rhet.) régression,
f. -**gressiv**, *adj.*: régressif, qui re-
tourne. -**gressively**, *adv.*: régressive-
ment, en retournant.

1. **regret**, *n.*: regret, *m.*: feel —, éprou-
ver, avoir du regret. 2. **regret**, *tr.*: re-
gretter, avoir regret. -*ful*, *adj.*: plein
de regrets; regrettable. -*fully*, *adv.*:
avec regret, à regret.

1. **régul-ar**, *adj.*: régulier; réglé; en
règle; (geom., gram., milit.) régulier;
(real) vrai, véritable; (downright) franc,
fleffé, parfait. 2. **-lar**, *n.*: régulier, *m.*

-**larity**, *n.*: régularité, *f.* -**larly**, *adv.*:
régulièrement; réglement; véritablement;
vraiment, franchement. -**late**, *tr.*: ré-
gler; ordonner; mettre en ordre; (horol.)
régler. -**lation**, *n.*: règlement, *m.* -**la-**
tor, *n.*: régulateur, *m.*

regurgi-tate, *tr.*: vomir, revomir, reje-
ter; *intr.*: regorger. -**tation**, *n.*: rejet;
regorgement, *m.*

re-habili-tate, *tr.*: réhabiliter. -**tation**,
n.: réhabilitation, *f.*

re-hear (pret., part. -*heard*), *tr.*: enten-
dre de nouveau. -**hearing**, *n.*: nou-
velle audition, *f.*

re-hearsal, *n.*: récit, *m.*; récitation;
(theat.) répétition, *f.* -**hearse**, *tr.*: réci-
ter; répéter; (narrate) raconter, rappor-
ter; (theat.) répéter. -**hearser**, *n.*: per-
sonne qui récite; (theat.) personne qui
répète, *f.*

re-héat, *tr.*: réchauffer; (tech.) recuire.

-**heating**, *n.*: recuite, *f.*

1. **reign**, *n.*: règne; royaume, *m.*; souve-
raineté, *f.*: in the — *of*, sous le règne de.

2. **reign**, *intr.*: régner. -**ing**, *adj.*:
régnant; dominant.

reimbür-sable, *adj.*: remboursable.

-*se*, *tr.*: rembourser. -*sement*, *n.*:
remboursement, *m.* -*-ser*, *n.*: personne
qui rembourse, *f.*

reimplant, *tr.*: replanter.

re-impört, *tr.*: réimporter. -**import-**
tation, *n.*: réimportation, *f.*

reimportane, *tr.*: importuner de nou-
veau.

reimprégnate, *tr.*: imprégner de nou-
veau.

re-impress, *tr.*: imprimer de nouveau.

-**impreßion**, *n.*: réimpression, *f.*

reimprison, *tr.*: remettre en prison.

-**ment**, *n.*: nouvel emprisonnement, *m.*

1. **rein**, *n.*: règne, bride, *f.*: keep a tight —

over any one, tenir la bride courte, tenir la bride serrée à quelqu'un; give the — to, rendre la bride à; lâcher la bride à.
2.rein, tr.: conduire à la bride, conduire, gouverner; brider; (*restrain*) brider, contenir; — *in*, retenir.

reindeer, n.: renne, m.

reinforce, tr.: (*milit.*) renforcer; (*fig.*) fortifier. — **ment, n.:** secours, appui; (*milit.*) renforcement, renfort, m.

reingrätiate, tr.: faire rentrer en grâce; remettre en grâce.

reinhäbit, tr.: habiter de nouveau.

reinless, adj.: sans rênes; sans frein.

re-insert, tr.: insérer de nouveau. — **in-sertion, n.:** insertion nouvelle, f.

re-inspect, tr.: inspecter de nouveau. — **inspection, n.:** nouvelle inspection, f.

reinspire, tr.: inspirer de nouveau; ranimer.

re-install, tr.: réinstaller; rétablir.

-installment, n.: réinstallation, f.; rétablissement, m.

re-instate, tr.: rétablir; réintégrer.

-instatement, n.: rétablissement, m.; réintégration, f.

reintegrate, tr.: réintégrer.

reinterrogate, tr.: interroger de nouveau.

reintroduce, tr.: introduire de nouveau.

re-invest, tr.: revêtir; investir de nouveau; (*money*) remplacer. — **investment, n.:** nouvel investissement; remplacement, m.

reinvigorate, tr.: rendre de la vigueur à.

1.re-issue, tr.: émettre de nouveau.

2.-issue, n.: nouvelle émission, f.

re-iterate, tr.: réitérer. — **-iteration, n.:** réitération, f.

rejéct, tr.: rejeter. — **-table, adj.:** rejetable, à rejeter.

-ter, n.: personne qui rejette, f. — **-tion, n.:** rejet, m. — **-tive, adj.:** qui rejette.

rejôice, tr.: réjouir; *intr.:* se réjouir.

-er, n.: personne qui se réjouit, f.

rejoin, tr.: rejoindre; *intr.:* répliquer, répondre.

-der, n.: répartie, réponse; réplique, f.

rejoiner, tr.: rejoindre; (*mas.*) rejoindre.

-ing, n.: action de rejoindre, f.; (*mas.*) rejointolement, m.

rejudge, tr.: rejurer.

rejuve-nate, -nise, tr.: rajeunir.

-nescence or -nescency, n.: rajeunissement, m.

rekindle, tr.: enflammer de nouveau; rallumer.

relând, tr. and intr.: débarquer.

1.relapse, intr.: retomber. **2.relapse, n.:** rechute, f.

relâ-te, tr.: raconter; rapporter; réci-

ter; conter; *intr.:* se rapporter; avoir rapport; être relatif. — **-ted, adj.:** qui a relation, qui a rapport; relatif; (*by blood*) allié, parent. — **-ter, n.:** raconteur, conteur, narrateur, m. — **-ting, adj.:** relatif, qui a rapport, qui a trait; qui se rapporte.

relâtion, n.: (*recital*) relation, f., récit, rapport; (*analogy*) rapport, m., relation; (*alliance*) parenté, f.; (*pers.*) parent, m., parenté, f.; — **-s, (intercourse) relations, f. pl.;** rapports, m. pl. — **-al, adj.:** de la même famille. — **-ship, n.:** parenté; relation, f.

1.relative, adj.: relatif. **2.relative, n.:** parent, m., parenté, f.; (*gram.*) relatif; (*log.*) terme relatif, m. — **-ly, adv.:** relativement. — **-ness, n.:** relation, f.; rapport, m.; (*log.*) relativité, f.

relâx, tr.: relâcher, détendre, débânder; lâcher; se relâcher de; (*fig.*) relâcher, délasser, distraire; *intr.:* se relâcher; se délasser; céder, s'adoucir; faiblir, fléchir; se ralentir, se radoucir; — **one's mind, se distraire, se délasser.** — **-able, adj.:** qui peut être relâché. — **-âtion, n.:** relâchement, relâche; (*med.*) relâchement, m., relaxation, f.; (*fig.*) relâchement, délassement, m., distraction, f. — **-ing, adj.:** qui relâche; (*med.*) relâchant, laxatif.

relây, n.: relais, m.

1.relâ-se, tr.: relâcher, élargir; déga-ger, délivrer, relever, abandonner; (*from an obligation*) décharger. **2.relâse, n.:** élargissement, m.; délivrance; libération, f.; (*jur.*) abandon, m.; (*from an obligation*) décharge, f. — **-sée, n.:** (*jur.*) abandonnataire, m., f. — **-ser, n.:** personne qui délivre, qui décharge, qui dégage, f.; libérateur, m., libératrice, f. — **-sor, n.:** (*jur.*) personne qui abandonne, f.

relê-gate, tr.: reléguer. — **-gâtion, n.:** relégation, f.

relênt, intr.: s'amollir; se ramollir; (*pers.*) se radoucir, fléchir, céder, s'adoucir, s'attendrir. — **-ing, n.:** ramollissement; (*per.*) radoucissement, attendrissement, m. — **-less, adj.:** inflexible, sans pitié, impitoyable, inexorable, implacable. — **-lessly, adv.:** impitoyablement. — **-less-ness, n.:** rigueur, dureté, f.

relê-vance, -vancey, n.: dépendance, convenance, relation, f. — **-vant, adj.:** relatif; applicable; pertinent.

reli-able, adj.: à qui l'on peut se fier, sur lequel on peut compter; digne de confiance. — **-ableness, -ability, n.:** qualité d'être digne de confiance, f. — **-ance, n.:** confiance, f. — **place — on, avoir confiance dans; se fier à; compter sur; met-tre sa confiance dans, en.**

relic, n.: reste, m.; (*saint, martyr*) re-

lique, f.: —s, restes, m. pl.; dépouille mortelle, f.; cendre, f.; cendres, f. pl.

rellict, n.: veuve, f.

relief, n.: (from pain, etc.) soulagement, adoucissement, allègement; (assistance) secours, m., aide; (milit.) action de relever une sentinelle, f.; (milit.) soldat qui relève une sentinelle, m.; (redress) redressement, m., réparation, f.; (feudalism, paint., sculpt.) relief, m.: afford, to give —, donner du soulagement; (assistance) donner des secours.

relieur, n.: personne qui met sa confiance, personne qui a une confiance, f.: be a — on, avoir confiance dans; mettre sa confiance dans, en; compter sur.

reliev-e, tr.: (from pain, etc., give ease to) soulager; (allerviate) adoucir, alléger; (deliver) délivrer; (assist) secourir, aider, subvenir aux besoins de; (milit.) relever; (right) redresser; (abate) adoucir, tempérer; (set off) relever, donner du relief à.

-er, n.: personne qui soulage, qui adoucit, qui secourt, qui aide; chose qui soulage, qui adoucit, qui secourt, qui aide, f. **-ing**, n.: soulagement, allègement, adoucissement; secours, m.; aide, f. **-ing-officer**, n.: employé chargé de distribuer les secours, m. **-q**, n.: relief, m.

relight, tr.: rallumer; éclairer de nouveau.

relig-t-on, n.: religion, f. **-onist**, n.: bigot, fanatique, m. **1-ous**, adj.: religieux; de religion; de piété. **2-ous**, n.: religieux, m., religieuse, f. **-ously**, adv.: religieusement; avec piété. **-ousness**, n.: piété, f.

relinquish, tr.: abandonner; quitter; renoncer à. **-er**, n.: personne qui abandonne; personne qui renonce, f. **-ment**, n.: renonciation, f.; abandon, désistement, m.

reliquary, n.: reliquaire, m.

1-relish, tr.: (give a taste to) donner du goût à, relever le goût de; (like) trouver goût à, goûter à, goûter, savourer, aimer; intr.: avoir bon goût, être d'un goût agréable; (give pleasure) faire plaisir, être agréable; (have a flavour) avoir un parfum, une saveur, de. **2-relish**, n.: goût, m., saveur, f.; (fig.) parfum; (charm) charme; (tillbit) morceau friand, m., friandise, f.: give a — to, relever le goût de. **-able**, adj.: qui a bon goût.

relive, intr.: revivre.

reluc-ent, adj.: clair, transparent.

reluc-tance, **-taney**, n.: répugnance, f. **-tant**, adj.: qui a de la répugnance; qui balance; qui agit à contre-cœur; (of things) qui résiste, forcé: I am — to, j'ai de la répugnance à; je répugne à; il me répugne de. **-tantly**, adv.: avec ré-

pugnance, à contre-cœur. **†-tate**, intr.: résister. **†-tation**, n.: résistance, répugnance, f.

relu-me, **-mine**, tr.: rallumer.

rely, intr.: compter sur, se reposer sur, se fier à, faire fond sur, avoir confiance dans, en.

remain, intr.: rester, demeurer: there —, there —s, il reste; have —ing, avoir de reste; it —s for me to, il me reste à; — till called for, (of letters) poste restante. **1-der**, n.: reste, restant, m.; (jur.) réversibilité à terme fixe, f. **2-der**, adj.: de reste. **-ing**, adj.: de reste; restant. **-s**, n. pl.: restes; débris, m. pl.; cendres, f. pl., cendre, dépouille mortelle, f.: mortal —, restes mortels; cendres; cendre; dépouille mortelle.

remake (pret., part. -made), tr.: refaire.

reman, tr.: remettre du monde dans; armer de nouveau.

1-remand, tr.: rappeler; contremander; (jur.) renvoyer à une autre audience.

2-remand, n.: renvoi à une autre audience, m.

1-remark, tr.: remarquer, observer; faire remarquer, faire observer. **2-remark**, n.: remarque, f. **-able**, adj.: remarquable. **-ableness**, n.: caractère remarquable, m. **-ably**, adv.: remarquablement. **-er**, n.: observateur, m., observatrice, f.

remarry, tr.: remarier; intr.: se remarier.

remé-diable, adj.: à quoi l'on peut remédier, réparable, remédiable. **-dial**, adj.: destiné à remédier, réparateur.

réme-diless, adj.: incurable; irréparable; sans remède. **-dilessness**, n.: incurabilité, f. **1-dy**, n.: remède, m. **past** —, sans remède. **2-dy**, tr.: remédier à, porter remède à.

remém-ber, tr.: se souvenir de, se ressouvenir de; se rappeler; rappeler au souvenir: if I — rightly, s'il m'en souvient bien; — me to him, rappelez-moi à son souvenir; dites-lui mille choses de ma part. **-berer**, n.: personne qui se souvient, qui se ressouvient, qui se rappelle, f. **-brance**, n.: souvenir, ressouvenir; (token) souvenir; (memorandum) mémorandum, m., note, f.: in — of, en souvenir de; en mémoire de; bring a thing to any one's —, rappeler une chose au souvenir de quelqu'un; give him my —s, rappelez-moi à son souvenir; dites-lui mille choses de ma part. **-brancer**, n.: personne qui fait souvenir, f.; (thing) souvenir; (of the exchequer) secrétaire, m.

remi-grate, intr.: émigrer de nouveau; retourner. **-gration**, n.: nouvelle émigration, f.

remind, *tr.*: rappeler; rappeler au souvenir; remettre dans l'esprit, faire souvenir, faire ressouvenir: — *him of that*, rappelez-lui cela, faites-le souvenir de cela.
reminis-cence, *-cency*, *n.*: réminiscence, *f.* — **-cēntial**, *adj.*: de réminiscence.

remise, *tr.*: (*jur.*) quitter, céder, abandonner.

remiss, *adj.*: nonchalant; négligent, lent, inexact; sans soins; mou. — **-ible**, *adj.*: remissible; gracieux. — **-ion** *-shūn*, *n.*: rémission, *f.*, relâchement, radoucissement, adoucissement, *m.*; (*pardon*) remise, grâce, *f.*, pardon, *m.*: — *of sins*, rémission des péchés. — **-ly**, *adv.*: négligemment, nonchalamment, lentement, sans soin. — **-ness**, *n.*: nonchalance, lenteur, négligence, inexactitude, *f.*

remit, *tr.*: (*relax*) se relâcher de, calmer, diminuer, affaiblir; (*forgive*) faire grâce de, faire remise de, pardonner, remettre; (*give up*) livrer, remettre; (*refer*) renvoyer; (*restore*) remettre dans, rendre à; (*send back*) renvoyer; (*money*) remettre, faire une remise de; *intr.*: se relâcher; se calmer; diminuer; s'affaiblir. — **-ment**, *-tal*, *n.*: renvoi en prison; (*forgiveness*) pardon, *m.*; remise, *f.* — **-tance**, *n.*: (*com.*) remise, *f.* — **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui pardonne, qui fait remise, qui fait grâce; (*of money*) personne qui fait une remise de fonds, *f.*

remnant, *n.*: reste; (*of stuff*) coupon, *m.*

remôdel, *tr.*: refondre. — **-ing**, *n.*: refonte, *f.*

remôlten, *adj.*: refondu.

remôn-strance, *n.*: remontrance, *f.*; ostensor, *m.* — **-strant**, *adj.*: de remontrance; qui remontre. — **-strant**, *n.*: personne qui fait des remontrances, *f.*; (*hist.*) remontrant, *m.* — **-strate**, *n.*: remontrer; représenter: — *with*, faire des remontrances à. — **-strator**, *n.*: personne qui fait des remontrances, *f.*

rēmora, *n.*: (*ichth.*) rēmora, *m.*

remôrse, *n.*: remords, *m.* — **-ful**, *adj.*: rempli de remords; déchiré de remords. — **-fully**, *adv.*: avec les remords. — **-fulness**, *n.*: remords, *m.* — **-less**, *adj.*: sans remords; sans pitié. — **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans remords. — **-lessness**, *n.*: cruauté, inhumanité, barbarie, *f.*

remôte, *adj.*: éloigné, lointain; reculé, écarté, retiré. — **-ly**, *adv.*: au loin; de loin; d'une manière éloignée; légèrement. — **-ness**, *n.*: éloignement, *m.*; naturel éloigné, *f.*; degré éloigné, *m.*; faiblesse, *f.*

remôuld, *tr.*: mouler de nouveau.

re-môunt, *tr.* and *intr.*: remonter.

-mounting, *n.*: (*milit.*) remonte, *f.*

re-movability, *n.*: amovibilité, *f.*

-môvable, *adj.*: amovible; transportable. — **-môval**, *n.*: (*of residence*) changement de domicile, déménagement; (*from office*) déplacement, renvoi, *m.*, destitution, *f.*; (*of a grievance*) redressement, *m.*; (*of a disease*) guérison; (*of bandages*) levée, *f.*; (*change of place*) changement de place; déplacement; enlèvement, *m.* 1. — **-môve**, *tr.*: (*place at a distance*) éloigner; (*put from its place*) déplacer; (*set aside*) ôter, enlever, écarter; (*take away*) ôter, enlever; (*transport*) transporter; (*from office*) déplacer, démettre, destituer; (*furniture*) déménager; (*bandages*) lever; (*obstacle*) lever; (*a disease*) chasser; (*jur.*) porter à une autre cour; (*by death*) enlever; (*from school*) retirer; *intr.*: s'éloigner; s'ôter, s'écarter; se déplacer; se transporter; (*change residence*) changer de domicile, déménager. 2. — **-move**, *n.*: (*change of place*) changement de place, *m.*; (*translation*) translation, *f.*, transport; (*removal*) déménagement; (*departure*) départ; (*at chess, draughts*) coup; (*step*) degré, *m.*; (*distance*) distance; (*dish*) entrée, *f.* — **-môver**, *n.*: personne qui ôte, qui éloigne, qui déplace, *f.*

remûner-able, *adj.*: qui mérite récompense. — **-ability**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut être rémunéré, *f.* — **-ate**, *tr.*: rémunérer; rétribuer; salarier, payer. — **-ated**, *adj.*: rémunéré; rétribué; salarié, payé. — **-ating**, *adj.*: qui rétribue; de rémunération, lucratif. — **-âtion**, *n.*: rémunération; rétribution, *f.* — **-ative**, *-atory*, *adj.*: qui rétribue; rémunérateur, rémunératif, rémunératoire.

re-mûrmur, *tr.* and *intr.*: répéter en murmurant; répondre en murmurant.

rênal, *adj.*: (*anat.*) rênal.

rênard, *n.*: renard, maître renard, *m.*

renâs-cency, *n.*: renaissance, *f.* — **-cent**, *adj.*: renaissant. — **-cible**, *adj.*: qui peut renaître; qui renaît.

renâvigate, *tr.*: naviguer de nouveau sur; *intr.*: naviguer de nouveau.

1. **rencôunter**, *intr.*: se rencontrer, se heurter; se choquer; (*fight*) se rencontrer hostilement, se battre; *tr.*: rencontrer hostilement. 2. **rencounter**, *n.*: rencontre, *f.*; choc, *m.*; (*combat*) rencontre, *f.*, combat, *m.*

rênd (*pret.*, part. *rent*), *tr.*: déchirer; fendre: — *the heart*, fendre le cœur; — *asunder*, déchirer en deux, fendre en deux. 1. — **-er**, *m.*: (*pers.*) fendeur, *m.*, fendeuse; personne qui déchire, *f.*

2. **rênder**, *tr.*: rendre; (*mas.*) appliquer.

3. **render**, *n.*: reddition; (*payment of rent*) redevance, *f.*; (*account given*) compte rendu, *m.*, explication, *f.* — **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être rendu.

1. rendez-vous *or as in Fr.*, *n.*: rendez-vous, *m.* **2.-vous**, *intr.*: se donner rendez-vous; se réunir; *tr.*: donner rendez-vous à; réunir.

rendition, *n.*: reddition, *f.*

renéga-de, -do, *n.*: renégat, transfuge; (*vagabond*) vagabond, *m.*

renérve, *tr.*: redonner du nerf à; redonner de la vigueur à.

renew, *intr.*: renouveler; renouer. **-able**, *adj.*: renouvelable. **-al**, *n.*: renouvellement, *m.* **-edness**, *n.*: renouvellement, *m.*; rénovation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: renouvateur, *m.*, rénovatrice, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: rénovateur. **-ing**, *n.*: renouvellement, *m.*

reniform, *adj.*: réniforme.

renitence, -teney, *n.*: rénitence; résistance, *f.* **-tent**, *adj.*: rénitent; résistant.

1.rennet, *n.*: présure; caillette, *f.*

2.rennet, -ing, *n.*: reinette, pomme de reinette, *f.*

renoun-ce, tr. and intr.: renoncer; renoncer à; renier. **-ement**, *n.*: renoncement, *m.*; renonciation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui renonce, *f.*

reno-vate, *tr.*: renouveler, faire renaitre. **-vating**, *adj.*: rénovateur. **-vâ-tion**, *n.*: rénovation, *f.*, renouvellement, *m.*

renown, *n.*: renommée, *f.*; renom, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: renommé. **-edly**, *adv.*: avec renom; avec une grande renommée; glorieusement.

1.rént, *n.*: (*fissure*) déchirement, *m.*, déchirure, fente, *f.*; (*in garments*) accroc, *m.*, déchirure, *f.*; (*schism*) schisme, *m.*; (*min.*) fente, fissure, *f.*

2.rént, *n.*: rente, redevance, *f.*; (*of farms*) fermage; (*of houses, rooms*) loyer, *m.*: *heavy* —, gros loyer; *high (low)* —, loyer élevé (faible). **3.rent**, *tr.*: (*let out*) louer, donner à louage, donner à ferme, donner à loyer; (*take*) louer, prendre à louage, prendre à ferme, prendre à loyer; arrenter; *intr.*: se louer. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être loué. **-al**, *n.*: état de rentes; livre censier, *m.* **1.-er**, *n.*: bailleur, propriétaire qui donne à loyer, à ferme; (*lessee*) locataire; (*of a farm*) fermier, *m.*

2.rén-ter, *tr.*: faire des reprises perdues à. **3.-ter**, *n.*: ouvrier en reprises perdues, *m.*, ouvrière en reprises perdues, *f.*

rént-roll, *n.*: état de revenus, livre censier, *m.*

renunciation, *n.*: renonciation, *f.*; renoncement, *m.*

renverse, *adj.*: (*her.*) renversé.

reobtâin, *intr.*: obtenir de nouveau.

reôpen, *tr.*: rouvrir, ouvrir de nouveau.

reoppôse, *tr.*: opposer de nouveau.

re-ordâin, *tr.*: réordonner. **-ordina-tion**, *n.*: réordination, *f.*

re-organisâtion, *n.*: réorganisation, *f.* **-organise**, *tr.*: réorganiser.

repâcify, *tr.*: pacifier de nouveau.

1.repâir, *tr.*: réparer; raccommoder; rétablir; (*nav.*) radoub; (*an injury*) réparer, indemniser. **2.repâir**, *n.*: réparation, *f.*; rétablissement, entretien; (*nav.*) radoub; séjour, *m.*, demeure; action de se rendre d'un lieu à un autre, *f.*: *be out of* —, être en mauvais état; avoir besoin de réparation; avoir besoin d'être raccommodé; *be in good* —, être en bon état; être bien entretenu; *keep in* —, entretenir en bon état. **3.repâir**, *intr.*: aller; se rendre; se transporter. **-er**, *n.*: réparateur, *m.*, réparatrice, *f.*; (*tech.*) réparateur, *m.*

repând, -ous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) godronné.

ré-parable, *adj.*: réparable. **-parably**, *adv.*: d'une manière réparable. **-para-tion**, *n.*: action de réparer; réparation, *f.*; rétablissement, *m.* **1.-para-tive**, *adj.*: qui répare; réparateur. **2.-parative**, *n.*: réparation, *f.*

1.repartée, *n.*: repartie, *f.* **2.repartee**, *intr.*: repartir, riposter.

repâss, *tr. and intr.*: repasser.

1.repâst, *n.*: repas, *m.* **2.repast**, *tr.*: repâître.

repây (*pret.*, *part.* **-paid**), *tr.*: rembourser; payer, rendre; récompenser; payer de retour; valoir. **-able**, *adj.*: payable, remboursable. **-ment**, *n.*: paiement, remboursement, *m.*

1.repêal, *tr.*: révoquer, abolir, abroger.

2.repêal, *n.*: révocation, abrogation, abolition, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: révocable. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui révoque, qui abroge, *f.*; partisan de la révocation, *m.*

1.repêat, *tr.*: répéter, redire; réciter.

2.repêat, *n.*: répétition; (*mus.*) reprise, *f.* **-odly**, *adv.*: à plusieurs reprises; souvent. **-er**, *n.*: rediseur, *m.*, rediseuse, *f.*; (*nav.*) répéteur, *m.*; (*horl.*) montre à répétition, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui répète; (*horl.*) à répétition.

repêl, *tr.*: repousser; (*med.*) répercuter.

-leney, *n.*: force répulsive, *f.* **1.-lent**, *adj.*: répulsif. **2.-lent**, *n.*: répercussif, réversif, *m.* **-ler**, *n.*: personne qui repousse, chose qui repousse, *f.*; (*thing*) repoussoir, *m.*

1.repênt, *adj.*: rampant.

2.repênt, *tr. and intr.*: se repentir de; se repentir. **-ance**, *n.*: repentir, *m.*; repentance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: repentant. **-ant**, *n.*: personne repentante, *f.*; pénitent, *m.*, pénitente, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne repentante, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: repentir, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec repentir.

- re-peuple**, *tr.*: repeupler. **-peopling**, *n.*: repeuplement, *m.*
- reper-cuss**, *tr.*: répercuter. **-cussion**, *n.*: répercussion, *f.* **-cussive**, *adj.*: répercutatif; répercutant.
- répertory**, *n.*: répertoire, recueil, *m.*
- repe-tend**, *n.*: (*arith.*) période, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: répétition; (*mus.*) reprise, répétition; (*recital*) récitation, *f.* **-tition-al**, *adj.*: qui répète.
- repi-ne**, *intr.*: se plaindre; murmurer; s'affliger; gémir. **-ner**, *n.*: personne qui se plaint, qui murmure, qui s'afflige, qui gémit, *f.*; mécontent, *m.*, mécontente, *f.* **-ning**, *adj.*: disposé à s'affliger, à gémir; disposé à se plaindre, à murmurer. **-ningly**, *adv.*: avec affliction; avec des plaintes; en murmurant.
- replée**, *tr.*: remplacer; remettre en place; (*make good*) remplacer. **-ment**, *n.*: remise en place; remplacement, *m.*; (*surg.*) réduction, *f.*
- replait**, *tr.*: replisser; replier.
- replânt**, *tr.*: planter. **-ation**, *n.*: replantation, *f.*
- repléad**, *tr.*: replaider. **-er**, *n.*: nouveaux débats, *m. pl.*
- replénish**, *tr. and intr.*: remplir; se remplir. **-ment**, *n.*: action de remplir, *f.*, remplissage, *m.*
- replé-te**, *adj.*: plein, rempli. **-tion**, *n.*: plénitude; (*med.*) réplétion, *f.*
- re-plé-viable**, *adj.*: (*of things*) dont on peut obtenir la mainlevée; (*pers.*) dans le cas d'être admis à fournir caution.
- plévin**, *n.*: mainlevée sur caution, *f.*
- plévy**, *tr.*: (*jur.*, *pers.*) obtenir la mainlevée sur caution, admettre à fournir caution; (*of things*) donner mainlevée de, cautionner.
- répliqué-tion**, *n.*: réponse, réplique, *f.*
- re-plier**, *n.*: personne qui réplique, qui répond, *f.*
- replunge**, *tr.*: replonger.
- replý**, *tr. and intr.*: répliquer, répondre. **2.replý**, *n.*: réplique, réponse, *f.*
- repólish**, *tr.*: repolir.
- re-pórt**, *tr.*: rapporter; raconter, dire, réciter; faire le rapport de; *intr.*: faire un rapport: *it is —ed*, on rapporte que; on dit que; le bruit court que. **2.re-pórt**, *n.*: (*account*) rapport, compte rendu; (*rumour*) rapport, bruit, ouï-dire; compte rendu; (*story*) récit, *m.*; (*repute*) réputation; (*of fire-arms*) détonation, *f.*; (*jur.*) procès-verbal, rapport, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: rapporteur; auteur d'un récit, auteur d'un compte rendu; (*short-hand writer*) sténographe; (*correspondent*) correspondant, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: comptes rendus, *m.*; sténographie; correspondance, *f.* **†-ing-ly**, *adv.*: par ouï-dire.
- re-pósal**, *n.*: action de mettre confiance, *f.* **1.-póse**, *intr.*: se reposer; reposer; *tr.*: reposer; (*confide*) mettre sa confiance, confier. **2.-pose**, *n.*: repos, *m.* **-sedness**, *n.*: état de repos, *m.* **-pósit**, *tr.*: déposer. **†-pó-sition**, *n.*: remise en place; (*surg.*) réduction, *f.* **-pósi-tory**, *n.*: dépôt; (*min.*) dépôt, gisement, bassin, *m.*
- re-póssess**, *tr.*: rentrer en possession de, reposséder. **-póssession**, *n.*: rentrée en possession de.
- re-póshé-n-d**, *tr.*: reprendre; réprimander; censurer, blâmer. **-der**, *n.*: personne qui reprend, qui réprimande, *f.*; censeur, critique, *m.* **-sible**, *adj.*: répréhensible. **-sibleness**, *n.*: nature répréhensible, *f.* **-sibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière répréhensible. **-sion**, *n.*: répréhension, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: de reproche.
- re-pré-sént**, *tr.*: représenter. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être représenté. **-ant**, *n.*: représentant, *m.* **-ation**, *n.*: représentation, *f.* **1.-ative**, *adj.*: représentatif; qui représente. **2.-ative**, *n.*: représentant, *m.*; (*of things*) représentation, *f.* **-atively**, *adv.*: d'une manière représentative; par représentation. **-ativeness**, *n.*: (*philos.*) représentation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui représente, chose qui représente, *f.*; représentant, *m.*
- re-pré-ss**, *tr.*: réprimer. **-pré-sser**, *n.*: personne qui réprime, *f.* **-pré-ssion**, *n.*: répression, *f.* **-pré-ssive**, *adj.*: répressif. **pré-ssively**, *adv.*: d'une manière répressive.
- 1.re-prievé**, *tr.*: accorder un sursis à; surseoir à l'exécution de; accorder un répit à. **2.re-prievé**, *n.*: sursis, répit, *m.*
- 1.re-pri-mand**, *n.*: réprimande, *f.* **2.re-pri-mand**, *tr.*: réprimander; blâmer.
- 1.re-print**, *tr.*: réimprimer. **2.re-print**, *n.*: réimpression, *f.*
- re-pri-sal**, *n.*: représaille; (*jur.*) reprise, *f.*
- 1.re-próach**, *tr.*: reprocher; faire un reproche à; blâmer, accuser: *be —ed with*, recevoir des reproches de. **2.re-próach**, *n.*: reproche, *m.*; (*shame*) honte, *f.*, opprobre, *m.* **-able**, *adj.*: reprochable, digne de reproche. **-ful**, *adj.*: plein de reproches; digne de reproche; injurieux; honteux, d'opprobre. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec reproche; injurieusement; avec insulte; avec honte. **-fulness**, *n.*: nature reprochable, *f.*; opprobre, *m.*; expression de reproche, *f.*
- 1.re-pró-bate**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) en état de réprobation; frappé de réprobation; (*of things*) de réprobation, de réprouvé. **2.-bate**, *n.*: vaurien, mauvais garnement; (*theol.*) réprouvé, *m.* **3.-bate**, *tr.*: réprover; frapper de réprobation.

-bateness, *n.*: état de réprobation, *m.*
-bater, *n.*: personne qui réprouve, *f.*
-bation, *n.*: réprobation, *f.*
repre-duee, *tr.*: reproduire. **-duer**,
n.: personne qui reproduit; chose qui re-
 produit; *f.*; (*animal*) reproducteur, *m.*
-duction, *n.*: reproduction, *f.* **-duc-**
tive, **-ductory**, *adj.*: reproducteur;
 de la reproduction.
re-proof, *n.*: répréhension, réprimande,
f.; reproche. **-prorable**, *adj.*: ré-
 préhensible. **-prôve**, *tr.*: censurer; blâ-
 mer, reprendre, réprimander. **-prover**,
n.: personne qui blâme, qui censure, qui
 reprend; *f.*; censeur, *m.* **-proving**,
adj.: réprobateur; de réprobation.
reprâne, *tr.*: élaguer de nouveau.
1. reptile, *adj.*: reptile; rampant. **2. rep-**
tile, *n.*: reptile, *m.*
republie, *n.*: république; chose publique,
f. **1.-an**, *adj.*: républicain. **2.-an**, *n.*:
 républicain, *m.* **-anism**, *n.*: républica-
 nisme, *m.*
re-publication, *n.*: republication, *f.*;
 (*of a will*) renouvellement, *m.* **-publish**,
tr.: republier; publier une nouvelle édition
 de; (*a will*) renouveler.
re-pudiable, *adj.*: qui peut être répudié.
-pudiate, *tr.*: répudier. **-pudiation**,
n.: répudiation, *f.*
repug-nance, **-naney**, *n.*: répugnance;
 résistance; (*contrariety*) contrariété, *f.*
-nant, *adj.*: répugnant; qui répugne;
 contraire: *it is — to me* *to*, il me ré-
 pugne de. **-nantly**, *adv.*: avec répu-
 gnance.
re-pullulate, *intr.*: repulluler. **-pul-**
lulation, *n.*: action de repulluler, *f.*
1. repul-se, *tr.*: repousser; rebuter.
2.-se, *n.*: échec, refus, *m.*; rebuffade, *f.*
-ser, *n.*: personne qui repousse, *f.* **-sion**,
n.: répulsion; action de rebuter, *f.* **-sive**,
adj.: rebutant; (*forbidding*) repoussant;
 (*phys.*) répulsif. **-siveness**, *n.*: carac-
 tère repoussant, caractère rebutant, *m.*
†-sory = *-sive*.
1. re-purchase, *tr.*: racheter. **2.-pur-**
chase, *n.*: rachat, *m.*
re-putable, *adj.*: (*pers.*) honorable, en
 bonne réputation; (*things*) honorable,
 compatible avec la bonne réputation.
-putably, *adv.*: avec honneur; hono-
 rablement. **-putation**, *n.*: réputation,
 renommée, *f.*: *to get a —*, se faire une ré-
 putation. **1.-pûte**, *tr.*: réputer. **2.-puto**,
n.: réputation, renommée, *f.*; renom, *m.*:
of —, de renom; renommé. **-pûted**,
adj.: réputé, censé; (*of fathers*) putatif.
-pûtedly, *adv.*: suivant l'opinion com-
 mune. **†-pûteless**, *adj.*: déshonorant.
1. requést, *n.*: requête, demande, prière,
f.: *in —*, en crédit, en vogue; (*com.*)

demandé, recherché: *at the — of*, à la
 demande de; sur la demande de; à la
 prière de; à la requête de. **2. request**,
tr.: demander; prier. **-er**, *n.*: personne
 qui fait une demande, qui fait une prière,
 qui fait une requête, *f.*; demandeur, *m.*,
 demandeuse, *f.*; solliciteur, *m.*, sollici-
 teuse, *f.*
requicken, *tr.*: raviver, ranimer.
requiem, *n.*: requiem, *m.*
re-quirable, *adj.*: que l'on peut exiger.
-quire, *tr.*: exiger, requérir, demander,
 réclamer; (*want*) avoir besoin de, falloir:
be — d, falloir; *it — s*, il faut; *it is — d*
of me, il faut que je; on demande, on exige
 que je; *two are — d*, il en faut deux.
-quirement, *n.*: exigence; condition re-
 quise; nécessité, *f.*; besoin, *m.* **-quirer**,
n.: personne qui requiert, qui demande,
 qui exige, *f.*
1. réqui-site, *adj.*: requis, exigé, voulu;
 nécessaire: *it is — to*, il faut. **2.-site**,
n.: qualité requise, condition requise;
 chose requise; chose nécessaire, *f.* **-site-**
ly, *adv.*: nécessairement. **-siteness**,
n.: nécessité absolue, *f.* **-sition**, *n.*:
 réquisition; demande, requête, *f.*
requi-tal, *n.*: récompense, *f.*; retour,
m.: *in — of*, en récompense de; en re-
 tour de. **-te**, *tr.*: récompenser, payer;
 reconnaître; rendre; payer de retour.
-ter, *n.*: personne qui récompense, qui
 rend, *f.*
rêre-ward, *n.*: arrière-garde, *f.*
resail, *intr.*: retourner à la voile; re-
 mettre à la voile.
resale, *n.*: revente, *f.*
resalute, *tr.*: saluer de nouveau; ren-
 dre le salut à.
res-cind, *tr.*: rescinder; abolir; annuler;
 révoquer. **-cission**, *n.*: rescission; an-
 nullation, révocation, abrogation, *f.* **-cis-**
sory, *adj.*: rescissoire.
rescript, *n.*: rescrit, *m.* **-ively**, *adv.*:
 par rescrit.
1. rescou-e, *tr.*: sauver; délivrer; repren-
 dre; secourir, délivrer par force; (*jur.*)
 ressaisir. **2.-e**, *n.*: délivrance, *f.*; so-
 cours, *m.*; délivrance par force; (*jur.*)
 violation de saisie, *f.*: *to the —!* au so-
 cours! **-er**, *n.*: personne qui délivre par
 force, *f.*; sauveur; libérateur, *m.*, libéra-
 trice, *f.*
1. reserach, *n.*: recherche; examen.
2. research, *tr.*: rechercher; examiner;
 chercher de nouveau. **-er**, *n.*: auteur de
 recherches, *m.*
reséat, *tr.*: rasseoir, replacer.
re-séize, *tr.*: ressaisir; (*jur.*) séques-
 trer. **-séizer**, *n.*: personne qui saisit
 de nouveau, *f.* **-séizure**, *n.*: seconde
 saisie, *f.*

resell (pret., part. *-sold*), *tr.*: revendre.
resém-blance, *n.*: ressemblance;
 image, *f.* **-ble**, *tr.*: ressembler à.
ressent, *tr.*: ressentir; sentir vivement;
 se ressentir de; se venger de. **-er**, *n.*:
 personne animée de ressentiment; per-
 sonne qui se venge, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: plein
 de ressentiment; haineux, vindicatif: —
of, qui se ressent de; qui se ressent vive-
 ment de; qui se venge de. **-fully**, *adj.*:
 avec ressentiment. **-ive**, *adj.*:
 plein de ressentiment; vindicatif. **-ment**,
n.: ressentiment, *m.*
re-servat-ion, *n.*: réserve; restriction,
 arrière-pensée; (*jur.*) réserve, réservation,
f.; (*in America*) terrain réservé,
m. **-servatory**, *n.*: réservoir, *m.*
re-sérve, *tr.*: réserver, se réserver; con-
 server, garder. **2-sérve**, *n.*: réserve;
 (*modesty, caution*) réserve, retenue; (*ex-
 ception*) restriction; (*thought withheld*)
 arrière-pensée; (*jur.*) réserve, réservation,
f.: *body of* —, (*milit.*) corps de réserve,
m. **-served**, *adj.*: réservé; qui a de la
 retenue. **-servedly**, *adv.*: avec rete-
 nue, avec réserve. **-servedness**, *n.*:
 réserve, retenue, *f.* **-sérver**, *n.*: per-
 sonne qui réserve, *f.* **ré-sérvoir**, *n.*:
 réservoir; puissard, *m.*
re-sét (pret. and past part. *re-set*), *tr.*:
 (*print.*) recomposer, composer de nou-
 veau. **2-set**, *n.*: (*print.*) recomposi-
 tion, *f.*
resettle, *tr.*: rétablir, arranger de nou-
 veau, installer de nouveau; *intr.*: s'ins-
 taller de nouveau; s'établir de nouveau;
 (*of lees*) se rasseoir, se reposer. **-ment**,
n.: rétablissement, *m.*; réinstallation; (*of
 lees*) nouvelle formation, *f.*
re-ship, *tr.*: rembarquer. **-shipment**,
n.: rembarquement, *m.*
reside, *intr.*: résider, demeurer.
resi-dence, **-dency**, *n.*: résidence, do-
 meure, *f.*; séjour; domicile, *m.* **-dent**,
n.: habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.*; résident,
m. **-dent**, *adj.*: résident. **1-dentiary**,
adj.: de résident; qui a une résidence.
2-dentiary, *n.*: ecclésiastique obligé à
 résidence, *m.* **resi-der**, *n.*: résident, *m.*
resi-dual, *adj.*: pour le reste; du reste.
-duary, *adj.*: pour le reste; du reste;
 (*of legates*) universel. **resi-due**, *n.*:
 reste; (*of debts*) reliquat, *m.* **-dum**,
n.: (*chem.*) résidu; (*jur.*) résidu, reste, *m.*
re-sign, *tr.*: résigner; (*submit*) soumet-
 tre; (*yield*) renoncer à; (*functions*) se
 démettre de, donner sa démission de;
 abandonner, céder; *tr.*: signer de nouveau:
be —ed, se résigner; être résigné. **-sig-
 nation**, *n.*: résignation; soumission;
 cession, *f.*; abandon, *m.*; (*of functions*)
 démission, *f.*: *send in one's —*, donner

sa démission. **-signed**, *adj.*: résigné.
-signedly, *adv.*: avec résignation.
signer, *n.*: démissionnaire; résignant, *m.*
resili-ence, **-ency**, *n.*: rebondissement,
m. **-ont**, *adj.*: rebondissant.
resin, *n.*: résine; colophane, *f.* **-ous**,
adj.: résineux. **-ousness**, *n.*: qualité
 résineuse; propriété résineuse, *f.*
resipiscence, *n.*: résipiscence, *f.*
resist, *tr.*: résister à; se raidir contre;
 se refuser à; *intr.*: résister. **-ance**, *n.*:
 résistance; (*jur.*) rébellion, *f.* **-ant**, *n.*:
 personne qui résiste, chose qui résiste, *f.*
-or, *n.*: personne qui résiste, *f.* **-ibility**,
n.: qualité de ce qui est résistant; résis-
 tance, *f.* **-ible**, *adj.*: résistant, à quoi
 l'on peut résister. **-ing**, *adj.*: résistant.
-less, *adj.*: irrésistible; sans défense.
-lessly, *adv.*: irrésistiblement. **-less-
 ness**, *n.*: irrésistibilité, *f.*
reso-luble, *adj.*: dissoluble, réductible.
-lute, *adj.*: déterminé, résolu. **-lutely**,
adv.: résolument. **-luteness**, *n.*: réso-
 lution, fermeté, *f.* **-lution**, *n.*: réso-
 lution; (*of deliberative bodies*) décision;
 (*math.*) résolution, solution, *f.* **-lutive**,
adj.: résolutif, résolvant.
resol-vable, *adj.*: qu'on peut résoudre;
 résolvable. **1-ve**, *tr.*: résoudre; (*melt*) dis-
 soudre, fondre; (*inform*) informer, ins-
 truire; (*med., math.*) résoudre; (*of delib-
 erative bodies*) arrêter, décider; *intr.*:
 (*determine*) résoudre, décider, se résoudre,
 se décider; (*melt*) se résoudre, se dissol-
 dre, se fondre, fondre. **2-ve**, *n.*: réso-
 lution; décision, *f.* **-vedly**, *adv.*: résolu-
 ment. **-vedness**, *n.*: résolution, fermeté,
f. **-vent**, *n.*: dissolvant; (*med.*) résol-
 vant, résolutif, *m.* **-ver**, *n.*: personne
 qui prend une résolution, *f.* **-ving**, *n.*:
 résolution, *f.*
reso-nance, *n.*: résonance, *f.* **-nant**,
adj.: résonnant.
resorb, *tr.*: résorber. **-ent**, *adj.*: ab-
 sorbant; dévorant; qui englutit.
1-resort, *n.*: (*application*) recours, *m.*;
 (*visiting*) fréquentation, *f.*; (*concours*)
 concours, *m.*, affluence; (*assembly*) assem-
 blée, *f.*; (*place*) rendez-vous; (*jur.*) res-
 sort, *m.*: *in the last —*, en dernier ressort.
2-resort, *intr.*: (*apply*) recourir à, avoir
 recours; (*go*) se rendre, aller, fréquenter.
-or, *n.*: personne qui fréquente, *f.*
resound, *intr.*: retentir; résonner; avoir
 du retentissement; *tr.*: renvoyer le son
 de; faire résonner; faire retentir; célé-
 brer; sonner de nouveau; *tr. and intr.*:
 sonner de nouveau. **1-ing**, *n.*: retentis-
 sement; résonnement, *m.* **2-ing**, *adj.*:
 retentissant.
resour-ce, *n.*: ressource, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*:
 plein de ressources (d'expédients), fertile

en expédients, ingénieux. **-less, adv.**: sans ressource.

resow (part. *-ed* or *-n*), *tr.*: ressemer.

1. respect, tr.: respecter, considérer; avoir de la considération pour; honorer; (*of things*) se rapporter à, regarder, concerner: — *the person*, faire acception de personne. **2. respect, n.**: respect, m.; considération, f.; égards, m. pl.; (*reference*) égard, rapport, m.: — *s*, respects, hommages, m. pl.; in — *to*, par rapport à; à l'égard de; in *every* —, sous tous les rapports; à tous égards; in *some* —, sous quelques rapports; en quelque sorte; *out of* — *to*, par égard pour, par respect pour; *pay* — *to*, avoir des égards pour, avoir du respect pour; *pay one's* — *to*, rendre ses respects à; offrir ses hommages à. **-ability, n.**: position honorable, f.; caractère honorable; caractère respectable, crédit, m., considération; (*com.*) notabilité; (*of external appearance, of dress, etc.*) décence, f., extérieur décent, m.; *of* —, dans une position honorable; de considération dans le monde; comme il faut; *of no* —, sans considération dans le monde. **-able, adj.**: respectable, honorable, notable, dans une position honorable, de considération dans le monde, comme il faut; (*of things*) respectable, passable, qui n'est pas mal. **-ableness, n.**: caractère respectable, m. **-ably, adv.**: respectablement; honorablement; comme il faut; passablement, pas mal. **-or, n.**: personne qui respecte, f. **-ful, adj.**: respectueux. **-fully, adv.**: respectueusement, avec respect. **-fulness, n.**: respect, caractère respectueux, m. **-ing, prep.**: par rapport à, à l'égard de, quant à. **-ive, adj.**: respectif, relatif. **-ively, adv.**: respectivement, relativement.

re-spirable, adj.: respirable. **rô-spi-râ-tion, n.**: respiration, f.; (*repose*) repos, m. **rô-spirator, n.**: respirateur, m. **-spiratory, adj.**: (*anat.*) respiratoire. **-spire, intr.**: respirer; (*to rest*) se reposer, respirer; *tr.*: respirer.

1. respite, n.: répit, relâche; (*jur.*) sur-sis, m. **2. respite, tr.**: donner du répit à; suspendre, différer; (*jur.*) surseoir, surseoir à.

resplên-dence, -dency, n.: resplendissement; éclat, m.; splendeur, f. **-dent, adj.**: resplendissant. **-dently, adv.**: d'une manière resplendissante.

respôn-d, tr.: répondre; s'accorder. **1. -dent, adj.**: qui répond, correspondant. **2. -dent, n.**: répondant; (*jur.*) défendeur, m., défenderesse, f. **-dên-tia, n.**: (*com.*) prêt à la grosse, m. **-se, n.**: réponse, f. **-sibility, n.**: responsabilité;

(*jur.*) solidarité, f. **-sible, adj.**: responsable; solidaire. **-sibleness, n.**: responsabilité, f. **-sive, adj.**: qui répond, qui correspond; responsif. **-sively, adv.**: d'une manière correspondante. **-siveness, n.**: accord, m.; correspondance, f. **1. -sory, adj.**: responsif. **2. -sory, n.**: répons, m.

1. rêst, n.: (*remainder*) reste, restant, m.; (*the others*) les autres, m. pl. **2. rest, intr.**: rester.

3. rêst, n.: (*repose*) repos; (*support*) appui; (*poet.*) repos, m.; (*mus.*) pause, f.; (*of a lance*) arrêt; (*tech.*) support, m.: *at* —, en repos; *set at* —, mettre en repos; *crotchet* —, soupir, m.; *quaver* —, demi-soupir, m.; *demi-quaver* —, quart de soupir, m.; *minim* —, demi-pause, f. **4. rest, intr.**: se reposer, reposer; dormir; (*lean*) reposer, se reposer, s'appuyer, s'arrêter; (*rely*) se reposer, se fier, se confier, s'en remettre; (*be satisfied*) s'en tenir, s'arrêter; (*be*) demeurer, se tenir pour; (*remain*) demeurer, rester; *tr.*: reposer; faire reposer; appuyer.

† restâgnate, intr.: être stagnant.

restâte, tr.: redire.

restâu-rant, n.: restaurant, m. **-rate, tr.**: restaurer.

restôm, tr.: rebrousser.

rest-ful, adj.: en repos, paisible. **-fully, adv.**: en repos, paisiblement. **-fulness, n.**: (état de) repos, m., tranquillité, paix, sérénité, f. **-ing, n.**: repos, m. — *place*, lieu de repos, m. **-ing-stick, n.**: appui-main, m.

restitu-tion, n.: restitution, f.

réstive, adj.: rétif; (*obstinate*) opiniâtre. **-ness, n.**: naturel rétif, m.; opiniâtreté, obstination, f.

rêstless, adj.: sans repos; inquiet; agité; turbulent. **-ly, adv.**: sans repos; avec inquiétude; avec turbulence. **-ness, n.**: absence de repos; inquiétude; agitation; turbulence, f.

re-stôrable, adj.: qui peut être rendu; qui peut être rétabli; qui peut être restauré. **-stôrâ-tion, n.**: (*re-establishment*) rétablissement, m.; restitution, restauration, f.; (*of health*) rétablissement, m. **1. -stôrative, adj.**: restaurant; restauratif; fortifiant. **2. -stôrative, n.**: restaurant, m. **-stôre, tr.**: (*return*) restituer, rendre; (*bring back*) ramener; (*cure*) rétablir, restaurer; (*make restitution*) restituer; (*replace*) remettre, ramener; (*recover*) restituer, rétablir; (*re-build*) restaurer, rétablir; (*paint, sculpt.*) restaurer. **-stôrer, n.**: restituteur, restaurateur, m., restauratrice, f.

restrâin, intr.: retenir; contenir; réprimer, gêner: — *from*, éloigner de;

- détourner de; empêcher de; interdire à; — *to*, restreindre à. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être retenu, contenu, réprimé. **-edly**, *adv.*: d'une manière restreinte. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui retient, qui contient, qui réprime; chose qui retient, qui contient, qui réprime, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui restreint, restrictif. **-t**, *n.*: contrainte, gêne; entrave; restriction, *f.*; frein, *m.*
- restrict**, *tr.*: restreindre. **-tion**, *n.*: restriction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: restrictif. **-tively**, *adv.*: avec restriction.
- restringency**, *n.*: astringence, *f.* **1-gent**, *adj.*: restringent, astringent. **2-gent**, *n.*: restringent, astringent, *m.*
- resubjection**, *n.*: nouvel assujettissement, *m.*
- resublimation**, *n.*: sublimation nouvelle, *f.*
- 1-result**, *n.*: (consequence) résultat; (resilience) rebondissement, *m.* **2-result**, *intr.*: résulter; (rebound) rebondir. **-ant**, *n.*: (mec.) résultante, *f.*
- re-sûmable**, *adj.*: qui peut être repris, que l'on peut reprendre. **-sûme**, *tr.*: reprendre; renouer; continuer. **-sûmé** **-mâ**, *n.*: résumé, *m.*
- resûmmon**, *tr.*: sommer de nouveau; citer de nouveau.
- resûmp-tion**, *n.*: reprise, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: qui reprend.
- ressurcè-t**, *tr.*: (fam.) faire ressortir du tombeau; déterrer, exhumer; ranimer. **-tion**, *n.*: résurrection, *f.* **-tionist**, *n.*: résurrectionniste, *m.* **-tion-man**, *n.*: voleur de cadavres, *m.*
- 1-resurvèy**, *tr.*: revoir; arpenter de nouveau. **2-resurvey**, *n.*: revision, *f.*; nouvel examen; réarpentage, *m.*
- resûscè-tate**, *tr.*: ressusciter, faire revivre, rappeler à la vie; ranimer; *intr.*: revivre, renaître; ressusciter. **-tâtion**, *n.*: résurrection, *f.*; retour à la vie, *m.*; (of the arts, etc.) renaissance, *f.*; (chem.) renouvellement, *m.* **-tator**, *n.*: résurrecteur, *m.*
- 1-retâil**, *n.*: détail, *m.*; vente en détail, *f.* **2-retail**, *adj.*: de (or en) détail: — *dealer*, marchand en détail; détaillant, *m.*; — *trade*, vente en détail, *f.* **3-retail**, *tr.*: vendre en détail, détailler; (fig.) débiter, redire. **-er**, *n.*: détaillant, *m.*, débitant, *f.*; débitant, *m.*, débitante, *f.*; (fig.) débiteur, *m.*, débitrice, *f.*
- retâin**, *tr.*: retenir, garder; conserver; (by a fee) engager; (hire) prendre à son service. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être retenu. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui retient, qui garde, qui conserve, *f.*; (attendant) suivant, *m.*, suivante, *f.*; (adherent) adhérent, partisan; (fee) honoraires donnés d'avance, *m. pl.*: — *s*, suite, *f. sing.*
- ing**, *adj.*: qui retient, qui garde, qui conserve, qui engage: — *wall*, mur de soutènement; — *fee*, honoraires donnés d'avance, *m. pl.*
- re-tâke** (pret. *re-took*, part. *retaken*), *tr.*: reprendre. **-tâking**, *n.*: reprise, *f.*
- retâli-ate**, *tr.*: rendre; rendre la pareille de; prendre sa revanche; user de représailles pour; *intr.*: rendre la pareille; prendre sa revanche; user de représailles. **-âtion**, *n.*: pareille, représaille, *f.*; représailles, *f. pl.*; revanche, peine du talion, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: de représaille, en représaille.
- retârd**, *tr.*: retarder; ralentir; différer. **-âtion**, *n.*: retardement, *m.*; (mec.) retardation, *f.* **-or**, *n.*: personne qui retarde; cause de retard, *f.* **-ment**, *n.*: retardement, retard, *m.*
- rêch**, *intr.*: faire des efforts pour vomir. **-ing**, *n.*: efforts pour vomir, *m. pl.*
- retêll** (pret., part. *-told*), *tr.*: redire; répéter.
- retên-tion**, *n.*: action de tenir, *f.*; souvenir, *m.*; (med., philos.) rétention, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: qui retient; rétentif; (of the memory) tenace, fidèle. **-tiveness**, *n.*: faculté de retenir, *f.*; pouvoir rétentif, *m.*; (of the memory) fidélité, ténacité, *f.*
- rêti-cence**, **-eency**, *n.*: réticence, *f.* **-eent**, *adj.*: réservé, silencieux.
- rêt-icle**, *n.*: petit filet, *m.* **-icular**, *adj.*: réticulaire. **-iculate**, **-iculated**, *adj.*: réticulé. **-iculation**, *n.*: disposition réticiforme, *f.* **-icule**, *n.*: sac à ouvrage, ridicule, *m.* **-iform** **ô**, *adj.*: réticiforme. **-ina**, *n.*: rétine, *f.*
- rêti-nue**, *n.*: suite, *f.*; cortège, *m.*
- retir-e**, *intr.*: se retirer. **-ed**, *adj.*: retiré, secret, caché; (of places) écarté, retiré: *on the — list*, en retraite. **-edly**, *adv.*: d'une manière retirée; dans la retraite. **-edness**, *n.*: retraite, solitude, *f.*; isolement, *m.* **-ement**, *n.*: retraite, solitude, *f.*; isolement, *m.* **1-ing**, *adj.*: qui se retire, qui fuit le monde; réservé, timide, (admin.) de retraite. **2-ing**, *n.*: retraite, *f.*: — *pension*, pension de retraite, *f.*
- retôld**, *adj.*: répété; redit.
- 1-re-tôrt**, *intr.*: riposter, répliquer; *tr.*: renvoyer; rétorquer. **2-tôrt**, *n.*: riposte, réplique; (chem.) cornue, *f.* **-tôrt-er**, *n.*: personne qui rétorque, qui riposte, qui renvoie, *f.* **-tôrting**, *n.*: renvoi, *m.*; rétorsion, *f.* **-tôr-tion**, *n.*: rétorsion, *f.*
- retôss**, *tr.*: rejeter, relancer.
- retoûch**, *tr.*: retoucher.
- retrâ-ee**, *tr.*: retracer; reprendre; revenir sur; rechercher; examiner; (one's steps) revenir sur, retourner sur; (one's way) reprendre.
- retrâ-ct**, *tr.*: rétracter; retirer; *intr.*:

se rétracter, se dédire. **-table**, *adj.*: qui peut être rétracté. **-tation**, *n.*: rétractation, *f.* **-tile**, *adj.*: rétractile. **-tion**, *n.*: rétraction; rétractation, *f.*

1. retréat, *n.*: retraite, *f.* **2. retreat**, *intr.*: se retirer; (*milit.*) se retirer, faire retraite, battre en retraite.

retrénch, *tr.*: retrancher; retrancher de. **-ment**, *n.*: retranchement, *m.*; réduction des dépenses, économie, *f.*; (*milit.*) retranchement, *m.*

retri-bute, *tr.*: récompenser, rétribuer. **-bute**, *n.*: personne qui rémunère, qui rétribue, *f.* **-bution**, *n.*: récompense, rémunération, rétribution, *f.*; châtement, *m.*, vengeance, *f.* **-butive**, **-butory**, *adj.*: qui récompense; distributif.

retrie-vable, *adj.*: qui peut être réparé. **-vableness**, *n.*: condition réparable. **-vably**, *adv.*: d'une manière réparable. **-val** = **-vement**. **-ve**, *tr.*: (*restore*) restaurer, rétablir; (*repair*) réparer; (*regain*) regagner, recouvrer, retrouver, récupérer, se récupérer de; (*recall*) retirer. **-vement**, *n.*: réparation, restauration, *f.* **-ver**, *n.*: personne qui rétablit, *f.*; réparateur, *m.*, réparatrice, *f.*

retro-acti-on, *n.*: rétroaction, *f.* **-active**, *adj.*: rétroactif. **-actively**, *adv.*: rétroactivement.

rétro-cède or **rétro**, *tr.*: rétrocéder. **-cession**, *n.*: rétrocession, *f.*

retroducti-on, *n.*: action de ramener, *f.*

retro-gradati-on, *n.*: rétrogradation, *f.*

1. -grade or **rétro**, *intr.*: rétrograder. **2. -grade**, *adj.*: rétrograde, en arrière. **-gression**, *n.*: mouvement rétrograde, *m.*, rétrogradation, *f.*; (*geom.*) rebroussement, *m.*

rétro-spect or **rétro**, *n.*: regard en arrière; examen, *m.* **-spéction**, *n.*: action de regarder en arrière; faculté de regarder en arrière, *f.*; regard en arrière; examen, *m.* **-spéctive**, *adj.*: rétrospectif; qui regarde en arrière; rétroactif. **-spéctively**, *adv.*: rétrospectivement, rétroactivement.

retroversion, *n.*: rétroversion, *f.*; renversement, *m.* **rétrovert** or **rétro**, *tr.*: renverser.

rétting, *n.*: rouissage, *m.* **-pit**, *n.*: routoir; rutoir, *m.*

†retünd, *tr.*: émuousser.

1. return, *intr.*: (*come back*) revenir, rentrer; (*go back*) retourner; rentrer; (*answer*) répondre; *tr.*: (*give back*) rendre; (*send back*) renvoyer; (*repay*) rendre, restituer; (*give in recompense*) rendre; (*an answer*) rendre, faire; (*render an account*) faire un rapport de, rapporter, rendre compte de; (*report officially*) faire l'état de; (*verdict*) rendre; (*candidates*)

élire, nommer: — *interest*, rapporte intérêt. **2. return**, *n.*: (*coming back, going back*) retour, *m.*; (*coming back*) rentrée, *f.*; (*sending back*) renvoi, *m.*; (*putting back*) remise en place, *f.*; (*revolution, periodical renewal*) retour; (*profit*) profit, gain, produit, *m.*; (*restitution*) restitution, *f.*; (*retribution*) retour; (*reimbursement*) remboursement; (*milit.*) état, *m.*; (*election*) élection, *f.*; (*jur.*) renvoi; (*arch.*) retour; (*report*) rapport, compte rendu, relevé, état, *m.*; (*of funds*) rentrée, *f.*; (*of health*) retour; (*com.*) montant des opérations, montant des remises, *m.*: — *s.*, produit, *m.* *ing.*: *on* —, (*com.*) en dépôt; en commission; *in* — *for*, en retour de; *small profits and quick* — *s.*, petits profits, promptes ventes. **-able**, *adj.*: restituable; qui doit être rendu; qui doit être renvoyé; (*com.*) en commission. **-day**, *n.*: (*jur.*) jour du renvoi du mandat et de la comparution, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui rend, qui rembourse, qui renvoie, qui fait des remises d'argent, *f.* **-ing-officer**, *n.*: rapporteur du procès-verbal des élections; fonctionnaire chargé de renvoyer les actes officiels, *m.* **-side**, *n.*: (*arch.*) côté en retour, *m.*

reunion, *n.*: réunion, *f.* **reunite**, *tr.*: réunir.

1. révéal, *tr.*: révéler. **2. reveal**, *n.*: (*arch.*) jouée, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: révélateur, *m.*, révélatrice, *f.*

reveille **-rétyé** or U.S. **-valé**, *n.*: (*milit.*) réveil, *m.*; diane, *f.*

1. rével, *n.*: divertissement, *m.*; réjouissances, *f.* *pl.*, ébats, *m.* *pl.*; fête bruyante, orgie, *f.* **2. revel**, *intr.*: se réjouir; se divertir; s'ébattre; faire une orgie; (*pop.*) riboter: — *in*, se livrer à; s'abandonner à.

revelati-on, *n.*: révélation; Apocalypse, *f.*

rével-ler, *n.*: personne qui se réjouit, qui se divertit, qui fait une orgie, *f.*; convive, joyeux convive, viveur, riboteur, *m.*

-ling, **-ry**, *n.*: fêtes, réjouissances, *f.* *pl.*; divertissements, ébats, *m.* *pl.*; orgie, *f.*

1. revē-ge, *tr.*: venger; se venger de; revancher; se revancher de: *be* — *d*, se venger; *be* — *d on*, — *one's self on*, se venger de. **2. -ge**, *n.*: vengeance; (*at play*) revanche, *f.* **-geful**, *adj.*: qui respire la vengeance; vindicatif; vengeur. **-gefully**, *adv.*: par vengeance; vindicativement. **-gefulness**, *n.*: caractère vindicatif; esprit de vengeance, *m.* **-geless**, *adj.*: sans vengeance. **-ger**, *n.*: vengeur, *m.*, vengeresse, *f.* **-gingly**, *adv.*: par vengeance.

révenue, *n.*: revenu; (*of the state*) revenu, *éc.*, trésor, *m.*: *public* —, revenus publics, revenus de l'état, *m.* *pl.* **-board**, *n.*: administration des revenus publics, *f.*

réverbér-ant, *adj.*: qui renvoie; réverbérant. 1.-**ate**, *tr.*: réverbérer; répercuter; renvoyer; *intr.*: réverbérer; se répercuter. 2.-**ate**, *adj.*: qui réverbère, qui répercuter, qui réfléchit, qui renvoie. -**ation**, *n.*: réverbération; répercussion, *f.* 1.-**atory**, *adj.*: à réverbère. 2.-**atory**, *n.*: four à réverbère, fourneau à réverbère, foyer à réverbère, *m.*

revère, *tr.*: révéler, respecter.

1.-**réver-ence**, *n.*: révérence, *f.*; respect, *m.*; (*title, bow*) révérence, *f.* 2.-**ence**, *tr.*: révéler, respecter. -**encer**, *n.*: personne qui révère, qui respecte, *f.* -**end**, *adj.*: vénérable, respectable, (*of the clergy*) révérend; *most* —, révérendissime. -**ent**, *adj.*: révérencieux. -**entia**, *adj.*: de révérence, de respect; (*of fear*) révérencielle. -**entially**, -**ently**, *adv.*: avec révérence, avec respect; révérencieusement, respectueusement.

révérer, *n.*: personne qui révère, qui respecte, *f.*

réverie, *n.*: rêverie, *f.*

re-réversal, *n.*: annulation; cassation, *f.* 1.-**verse**, *adj.*: contraire. 2.-**verse**, *n.*: (*change*) vicissitude, *f.*; (*misfortune*) revers; (*contrary*) opposé, contraire; (*of a page*) revers, verso; (*of a medal*) revers, *m.* 3.-**verse**, *tr.*: renverser; mettre en sens inverse; (*jur.*) infirmer, réformer. -**versed**, *adj.*: renversé; (*jur.*) cassé, infirmé. -**versedly**, *adv.*: en sens inverse. -**verselless**, *adj.*: qui ne peut être renversé. -**versely**, *adv.*: en sens inverse, inversement. -**versible**, *adj.*: réformable, annulable. -**version**, *n.*: réversion, *f.*; retour; bien qui fait retour, *m.*; (*of offices*) survivance; (*succession*) succession, *f.* -**versionary**, *adj.*: réversible; (*of offices*) de survivance. -**versioner**, *n.*: personne investie d'un droit de réversion, d'un droit de retour, *f.*; (*of offices*) survivancier, *m.* 1.-**vért**, *intr.*: revenir; retourner; faire retour; *tr.*: faire retourner. 2.-**vert**, *n.*: (*mus.*) renversement, *m.* -**vertible**, *adj.*: réversible. -**vertive**, *adj.*: qui retourne; qui change.

révery, *n.*: rêverie, *f.*

re-vést, *tr.*: revêtir; investir de nouveau; *intr.*: (*jur.*) retourner, faire retour. -**vestiary**, *n.*: vestiaire, *m.* -**vêtement**, *n.*: (*fort.*) revêtement, *m.*

re-vibrate, *tr.*: vibrer en retour. -**vibration**, *n.*: vibration en retour, *f.*

revictual, *tr.*: ravitailler. -**ling**, *n.*: ravitaillement, *m.*

1.-**review**, *tr.*: (*see again*) revoir; (*examine*) revoir, repasser, passer en revue, faire la revue de; (*a book*) analyser, rendre compte de; (*milit.*) passer en

revue, faire la revue de. 2.-**review**, *n.*: revue; (*revision*) révision; (*periodical*) revue; (*of a book*) analyse, critique, *f.*, compte rendu, *m.*; (*milit.*) revue; (*jur.*) revision, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui passe en revue, *f.*; auteur d'une analyse, d'une critique; rédacteur de revue; critique, *m.* -**revile**, *tr.*: injurier, insulter, outrager. -**lement**, *n.*: injure, insulte, *f.* -**ler**, *n.*: personne qui injurie, qui insulte, *f.* 1.-**ling**, *adj.*: diffamatoire, outrageant. 2.-**ling**, *n.*: insulte, injure, *f.* -**lingly**, *adv.*: injurieusement, outrageusement.

revindicate, *tr.*: revendiquer.

re-vísal, *n.*: revision, *f.* 1.-**visé**, *tr.*: revoir, réviser, faire la revision de. 2.-**visé**, *n.*: (*print.*) deuxième épreuve d'auteur, *f.* -**viser**, *n.*: personne qui revisite, *f.*; reviseur, *m.* -**vision**, *n.*: revision, *f.* -**visional**, -**visionary**, *adj.*: de revision.

revisit, *tr.*: revisiter; revoir, retourner à.

re-rival, *n.*: retour à la vie, renouvellement, *m.*; renaissance; remise en vigueur, *f.* -**vive**, *tr.*: faire revivre; rappeler à la vie; ressusciter; renouveler; ranimer; raviver; remettre en vigueur; (*chem.*) vivifier; *intr.*: revivre; ressusciter; se ranimer; se raviver; renaitre; (*chem.*) se revivifier. -**viver**, *n.*: personne qui fait revivre, qui ranime, qui ravive, qui ressuscite; chose qui fait revivre, qui ranime, qui ravive, qui ressuscite, *f.*, restaurateur, *m.*, restauratrice, *f.* -**vivification**, *n.*: revivification, *f.* -**vivify**, *tr.*: revivifier. -**vivisection**, -**vivisection**, *n.*: retour à la vie, *m.*; résurrection; renaissance, *f.* -**vivor**, *n.*: (*jur.*) reprise de procès, *f.*

ré-vocable, *adj.*: révocable. -**vocableness**, *n.*: qualité d'être révocable; révocabilité, *f.* -**vocably**, *adv.*: révocablement. -**vocation**, *n.*: révocation; abjuration, *f.*; rappel, *m.* 1.-**vôke**, *tr.*: révoquer; *intr.*: (*at cards*) renoncer. 2.-**voke**, *n.*: renonce, *f.*

revôlt, *intr.*: se révolter, se soulever; *tr.*: révolter, soulever. 2.-**revolt**, *n.*: révolte, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: révolté; en révolte; soulevé. -**er**, *n.*: révolté, rebelle, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: révoltant.

révolution, *n.*: révolution, *f.*; (*of a wheel*) tour, *m.*, révolution, *f.* -**ary**, *adj.*: révolutionnaire. -**ise**, *tr.*: révolutionner, mettre en révolution. -**ist**, *n.*: révolutionnaire, *m.*

re-volve, *tr.*: tourner; (*in the mind*) retourner, repasser, rouler, penser à; *intr.*: tourner; retourner; (*astron.*) tourner, faire sa révolution. -**völveney**, *n.*: mouvement de révolution, *m.* -**völving**, *adj.*: tour-

nant; qui retourne; (*astron.*) qui fait sa révolution, qui tourne. -**vũlsion**, n.: révolusion, répercussion, f. -**vũlsive**, adj.: (*med.*) révolusif.

1. **reward**, tr.: récompenser. 2. **reward**, n.: récompense, f.; prix, m. -**able**, adj.: digne de récompense. -**ableness**, n.: qualité de ce qui est digne de récompense, f. -**er**, n.: rémunérateur, m., rémunératrice, f.

rewrite (pret. -wrote, part. -written), tr.: récrire.

rhabârbarate, adj.: imprégné de rhabarbe.

rhabdology, n.: rabdologie, f.

rhâbdqmaney, n.: rabdomanie, f.

rhâp-sode, n.: rapsodie, f. -**sôdical**, adj.: de rapsodie. -**sôdist**, n.: rapsodiste; (*antiq.*) rapsode, m. -**sôdy**, n.: rapsodie, f.

Rhênish, adj.: du Rhin; (*geog.*) rhénan.

Rhêtian, adj.: rhétien.

rhêtor, n.: rhéteur, m.

rhêt-oric, n.: rhétorique; éloquence, f. -**ôrical**, adj.: de la rhétorique. -**ôrically**, adv.: suivant les règles de la rhétorique; en rhétoricien. -**orician**, n.: rhétoricien; rhéteur, m. -**orise**, intr.: faire de la rhétorique; tr.: représenter par une figure de rhétorique.

rheûm, n.: rhume; catarrhe, m.; piteuite; (*bot.*) rhubarbe, f. -**âtie**, adj.: rhumatismal, rhumatique. -**atism**, n.: rhumatisme, m. -**y**, adj.: rhumatismal; rhumatisant; humide.

rhine, n.: (*pop.*) écus, jaunets, m. pl.

rhî-nocêrial, adj.: de rhinocéros. -**nôc-eros**, n.: rhinocéros, m.

Rhodian, adj.: de Rhodes.

rhodium, n.: (*chem.*) rhodium, m.

rhododendron, n.: (*bot.*) rhododendron, m.

rhômb, -**us**, n.: rhombe, m. -**g**, n.: (*ichth.*) rhombe, m. -**ôid**, n.: rhomboïde, m. -**ôidal**, adj.: rhomboidal.

rhônchus, n.: (*med.*) râle, m.

rhû-bârb, n.: rhubarbe, f.

rhûmb, n.: (*nav.*) rumb, m. -**line**, n.: (*nav.*) rumb de vent, m.

1. **rhÿ-me**, n.: rime, f.; vers, m. 2. **me**, tr. and intr.: rimer; rimailleur. -**me-less**, adj.: sans rime. -**mer**, -**me-ster**, n.: rimeur; rimailleur, m. -**mic**, adj.: de rime. -**mist**, n.: see *rhym*.

rythm, -**us**, n.: rythme, m. -**ical**, adj.: rythmique.

1. **rib**, n.: côte; (*bot.*) nervure, côte; (*carp.*) entretoise, f., tirant, étançon, m.; (*of a roof*) ferme; (*arch.*) nervure, f.; (*nav.*) membre, m., côte; (*in cloth*) côte; (*pop., wife*) moitié, f. 2. **rib**, tr.: pourvoir côtes; (*cloth, etc.*) faire des côtes à

1. **ribald**, n.: débauché; libertin, m. 2. **ribald**, adj.: licencieux; vil, bas. -**ish**, adj.: licencieux, déshonnête. -**ry**, n.: langage licencieux, m.

riband = **ribbon**.

ribbed, adj.: muni de côtes; (*of cloth, etc.*) à côtes.

ribbon, n.: ruban; ruban de soie; (*skred*) lambeau, m. -**trade**, n.: rubanerie, f.: -**weaver**, rubanier, m.

rib-wall, n.: (*mines*) compartiment, m.

rice, n.: riz, m. -**plantation**, n.: rizière, f.

rich, adj.: riche; (*opulent*) riche, opulent; (*fertile*) fertile, fécond; (*succulent*) succulent; (*highly seasoned*) de haut goût; (*costly, valuable*) précieux; (*splendid*) magnifique, superbe, beau; (*fig.*) délicieux, exquis. -**es**, n. pl.: richesses, f. pl., richesse, f. sing. -**ly**, adv.: richement; (*truly*) grandement, amplement, bien. -**ness**, n.: richesse; opulence; fécondité; fertilité; nature succulente, f.; haut goût, m.; qualité précieuse; magnificence, f.; goût délicieux, goût exquis; prix, m.

ricinus, n.: (*bot.*) ricin, m.

rick, n.: meule, f.; monceau, m.

rickets, n. pl.: rachitis, rachitisme, m.

rickety, adj.: (*med.*) noué, rachitique; (*fig.*) détraqué, dérangé, en mauvais état.

ricochet, n.: (*artil.*) ricochet, m.

rid (pret. *rid*, part. *rid*, *ridden*), tr.: défaire, délivrer, débarrasser: — *one's self of*, se défaire de; *get — of*, se débarrasser de; se défaire de; *have got — of*, être débarrassé de. -**dance**, n.: délivrance, f., débarras, m.: a good —! bon débarras!

1. **riddle**, n.: énigme, f. 2. **riddle**, intr.: parler énigmatiquement; tr.: expliquer, résoudre.

3. **riddle**, n.: (*sieve*) crible, m. 4. **riddle**, tr.: (*perforate*) cribler; (*wheat*) cribler.

riddler, 1. personne qui parle par énigmes, f.; 2. cribleur, m. -**ing**, n.: 1. parlant par énigmes; 2. (*metal*) lavage au crible, m. -**ingly**, adv.: par énigmes.

1. **ri-de** (pret. *rode*; part. *ridden*), intr.: (*on horseback*) aller à cheval, être à cheval, se promener à cheval, monter à cheval; (*in a vehicle*) aller en voiture, être en voiture, se promener en voiture; (*print*) chevaucher; (*man*) monter; (*be borne on a fluid*) être porté, flotter, voguer: — *on*, monter sur, être monté sur; — *at anchor*, être à l'ancre; — *easy*, ne pas fatiguer à cheval; (*nav.*) ne pas fatiguer à l'ancre; — *hard*, (*nav.*) fatiguer à l'ancre; *the vessel —s on the sea*, le vaisseau vogue sur la mer; *the flag —s in the air*, le drapeau flotte dans l'air; — *over*, venir à cheval, aller à cheval; parcourir;

- (pers.) passer sur, renverser; — *out a gale*, tenir bon sur ses ancres dans un coup de vent. 2. **-de**, *tr.*: monter; (*take to, lead*) mener. 3. **-de**, *n.*: (*on horseback*) promenade à cheval; (*in a vehicle*) promenade en voiture; (*in an omnibus, a cab*) course; (*place*) promenade, *f.* **-der**, *n.*: personne à cheval, personne en voiture, *f.*; cavalier; écuyer, *m.*, écuyère; (*document*) annexe; (*com.*) allonge; (*fly-sheet*) feuille volante; (*of an ore*) matrice, *f.*: gentleman —, écuyer amateur; rough —, cavalier hardi; casse-cou, *m.* **-erless**, *adj.*: sans cavalier.
1. **-rid-ge**, *n.*: (*top*) sommet, *m.*; cime; (*elevation*) élévation, hauteur; (*of mountains*) chaîne; (*of a mountain*) crête, *f.*; (*of a roof*) falte; (*agri.*) sillon, *m.* 2. **-go**, *tr.*: sillonner; surmonter; (*agri.*) faire des sillons dans. **-ge-piece**, **-ge-plate**, *n.*: (*carp.*) faitage, faite, *m.* **-gy**, *adj.*: sillonné.
1. **-rid-icule**, *n.*: ridicule, objet de risée, *m.* 2. **-dicule**, *tr.*: tourner en ridicule, ridiculiser. **-diculer**, *n.*: personne qui tourne en ridicule, *f.* **-diculous**, *adj.*: ridicule; (*laughable*) risible; — *thing*, chose ridicule, *f.*; ridicule, *m.* **-diculously**, *adv.*: ridiculement. **-diculousness**, *n.*: ridicule, *m.*
- riding**, *adj.*: se promenant en voiture (à cheval); à cheval; *n.*: action de monter à cheval, *f.*; art de monter à cheval, *m.*, équitation; promenade en voiture, à cheval; (*place*) promenade, *f.*; (*print.*) chevauchage; (*of Yorkshire*) arrondissement, *m.* **-coat**, *n.*: habit de cheval, *m.*, redingote de voyage, *f.* **-habit**, *n.*: habit d'amazone, *m.*; amazone, *f.* **-hood**, *n.*: chaperon de voyage, *m.*: Little Red —, petit chaperon rouge. **-master**, *n.*: maître d'équitation, *m.* **-school**, *n.*: école d'équitation, *f.*; manège, *m.*
- ridôtte**, *n.*: redoute, assemblée pour danser, etc., *f.*
- rife**, *adj.*: qui règne, qui domine; régissant, abondant. **-ly**, *adv.*: communément, abondamment. **-ness**, *n.*: abondance, grande quantité, fréquence, *f.*
- riffraff**, *n.*: (*of things*) rebut, *m.*, racaille, *f.*; (*pers.*) gens de rien, *m. pl.*, lie du peuple, racaille, canaille, *f.*
1. **rifle**, *tr.*: piller; dévaliser.
2. **rifle**, *n.*: fusil à balle forcée, *m.*; carabine, *f.* — *s*, (*men, milit.*) carabiniers, *m.*
3. **rifle**, *tr.*: (*of fire-arms*) carabiner, rayer. **-man** (*pl. riflemen*), *n.*: carabinier, *m.*
- rifler**, *n.*: pillard, *m.*
1. **rig**, *tr.*: équiper, accoutrer; (*nav.*) garnir, gréer. 2. **rig**, *n.*: (*nav.*) grément, grément, *m.*; (*dress*) accoutrement, *m.*
3. **rig**, *n.*: fille joyeuse, (flibertine), *f.*; (*trick*) farce, *f.* 4. **rig**, *intr.*: folâtrer.
- rigadôon**, *n.*: rigodon, *m.*
- rigation**, *n.*: irrigation, *f.*
- rig-ger**, *n.*: personne qui s'accoutre, *f.*; (*nav.*) gréeur, *m.* **-ging**, *n.*: équipement, accoutrement, *m.*, (*nav.*) agrès, *m. pl.*, grément, grément, *m.*, manœuvres, manœuvres de grément, *f. pl.*: standing, running —, manœuvres dormantes, courantes. **-ging-loft**, *n.*: (*nav.*) atelier de garniture, *m.*
- riggle**, *intr.*: frétiller; se tortiller; s'agiter.
1. **right**, *adj.*: (*straight*) droit; (*direct*) direct, en ligne droite; (*becoming*) convenable; (*lawful*) légitime; (*true*) vrai, véritable, bon; (*equitable*) droit, juste, bon; (*side*) droit; (*com.*) régulier; (*that which is meant*) qu'il faut: *be* —, avoir raison; (*of things*) convenir; (*of an account*) être juste; être bien (le compte); *that is* —, c'est bien; c'est cela; *the — road*, la route directe; (*fig.*) le bon chemin; *all* —, en route! allez! c'est bon! c'est bien! bon! bien! *all's* —, tout va bien; *that served you* —, c'est bien fait; *go the — way to work*, s'y prendre bien; *that is not the — thing*, ce n'est pas là ce qu'il faut; *set* —, mettre en bon ordre, mettre en règle; (*rectify*) rectifier; (*a watch*) régler; (*pers.*) éclairer, mettre sur la bonne voie. 2. **right**, *adv.*: (*straight*) droit, tout droit; (*justly*) juste, justement, droit, droitement; (*properly*) comme il faut, bien; (*before titles*) très; (*very*) très, furieusement. 3. **right**, *n.*: droit, *m.*: (*justice*) justice, raison, *f.*, droit; (*property*) bien; (*interest*) intérêt; (*right side*) côté droit, *m.*, droite, *f.*: — *of way*, droit de passage; *bill of —s*, déclaration des droits et privilèges politiques d'un peuple, *f.*; *in — of*, par le droit de; *of —*, de droit, de plein droit; *in one's own* —, en propre; *on the —*, à droite; *on one's* —, à sa droite; *set to —s*, mettre en bon ordre, mettre en règle; (*pers.*) mettre à la raison, faire voir à; *know the —s of*, savoir le fin mot de. 4. **right**, *tr.*: (*pers.*) faire droit à, rendre justice à; (*things*) redresser; (*a ship*) redresser; (*the helm*) dresser; *intr.*: se redresser, se relever. **-teous**, *adj.*: juste, droit. **-teously**, *adv.*: justement. **-teousness**, *n.*: droiture, justice, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: redresseur, *m.* **-tful**, *adj.*: légitime. **-tfully**, *adv.*: légitimement. **-tfulness**, *n.*: justice; rectitude, équité, *f.* **-t-handed**, *adj.*: droitier. **-t-hearted**, *adj.*: qui a le cœur bien placé. **-tly**, *adv.*: droitement, bien, justement; (*properly*) convenablement; comme il faut; (*not erroneously*) juste;

(*exactly*) bien. **-t-minded, adj.**: qui a l'esprit juste, droit. **-t-mindedness, n.**: justesse d'esprit, droiture, *f.* **-tness, n.**: rectitude; droiture; justesse; (*straightness*) direction droite, *f.*

rigid, adj.: rigide, raide. **-gidity, n.**: rigidité; raideur, *f.* **-gidly, adv.**: rigidement; avec raideur. **-gidness, n.**: rigidité; raideur, *f.*

riglet, n.: (*print.*) régle, *m.*, régle, *f.* **rigmarole, n.**: amphigouri, rabâchage; conte à dormir debout, galimatias, *m.*

rigol, n.: cercle, diadème, *m.*

rigor, n.: rigueur, sévérité; rigidité; (*med.*) froid, *m.*, fièvre en froid, *f.* **-ous, adj.**: rigoureux; sévère; de rigueur. **-ously, adv.**: rigoureusement; à la rigueur. **-ousness, n.**: rigueur, *f.*

rigour = rigor.

1.rill, n.: petit ruisseau, *m.* **2.rill, intr.**: couler en petit ruisseau. **-et, n.**: petit ruisseau, *m.*

1.rim, n.: bord, *m.*; (*of wheels*) jante, *f.*

2.rim, tr.: mettre un bord à.

1.rime, n.: givre, *m.*; gelée blanche, *f.* **2.rime, intr.**: geler blanc.

3.rime = 1.2.rhyme.

rimose, rimous, adj.: (*bot.*) crevassé.

1.rim-ple, n.: ride, *f.*; pli, *m.* **2.-ple, tr.**: rider; plier. **-pling, n.**: ride, *f.*

rimy, adj.: couvert de givre, couvert de gelée blanche.

rind, n.: écorce, peau, pelure, *f.*

1.ring (pret. rang or rung, part. rung), tr.: sonner, tinter; *intr.*: sonner, tinter; (*of the ears*) tinter: — *with*, résonner de; retentir de. **2.ring, n.**: (*sound*) son, tintement, retentissement; (*on a bell*) coup de sonnette, *m.*; (*chime*) sonnerie, *f.*: give a —, sonnez.

3.ring, n.: (*circle*) cercle, rond; (*of metal, etc.*) anneau, *m.*; (*for the fingers*) bague, *f.*, anneau; (*round a wound*) †Fr. cerne; (*bot.*) cerne; (*nav.*) anneau, organeau, *m.*, boucle; (*of a wheel*) jante, *f.*; (*astron.*) anneau, *m.*: in a —, en rond; *wedding* —, alliance, alliance de mariage, *f.*; anneau nuptial, *m.*; *split* —, anneau brisé. **4.ring, tr.**: mettre un anneau à. **-bone, n.**: forme, *f.* **-box, n.**: baguier, *m.* **-dove, n.**: pigeon ramier, *m.* **-ed, adj.**: à anneau; à bague; (*orn.*) à collier. **1.-or, n.**: anneau, *m.*, anneau, *f.*

2.-ing-er, n.: sonneur, *m.* **-ing, n.**: action de sonner, *f.*; tintement; retentissement; (*of bells*) son, *m.*: — *in the ears*, tintement d'oreilles.

ring-leader, n.: chef d'émeute, meneur, *m.* **-let, n.**: petit anneau, *m.*; (*of hair*) boucle de cheveux, *f.* **-shaped, adj.**: annulaire. **-streaked, adj.**: annelé. **-tail, n.**: (*orni.*) paille-en-queue; (*nav.*)

tapecu, *m.* **-worm, n.**: impétigo, *m.*; dartre à la tête, *f.*

rin-se, tr.: rincer. **-ser, n.**: personne qui rince, *f.* **-sing, n.**: action de rincer, *f.*; rinçage, *m.*

1.riot, n.: émeute, *f.*; rassemblement tumultueux; attroupement; (*uproar*) vacarme, tumulte, *m.*; (*feasting*) festin, *m.* *pl.*, orgies, *f. pl.*, dissipation; intempérance, *f.*; excès, *m.* **2.riot, intr.**: faire une émeute; faire du vacarme, faire du tumulte; se réjouir, se divertir; faire des orgies, faire des excès; riboter. **-act, n.**: loi contre les émeutes, *f.*: *read the —*, faire les trois sommations. **-er, n.**: séditieux, mutin; émeutier; débauché, *m.* **-ous, adj.**: séditieux, tumultueux; (*luxurious*) déréglé, dissipé, intempérant, débauché. **-ously, adv.**: tumultueusement; séditieusement; avec excès, avec intempérance; dans les plaisirs, dans les orgies. **-ousness, n.**: caractère tumultueux, caractère séditieux; dérèglement, *m.*; intempérance, dissipation, débauché, *f.*

rip, tr.: ouvrir, fendre, déchirer: — *from*, arracher de; — *off*, arracher, enlever; — *open*, ouvrir; (*in needlework*) découdre; — *out of*, arracher de; — *up*, ouvrir, fendre, déchirer, labourer; (*search*) pénétrer, exhumer. **2.rip, n.**: ouverture en long; déchirure, fente; (*blackguard*) canaille, *f.*

ripe, adj.: mûr; (*consummate*) parfait. **-ly, adv.**: mûrement; à temps, à propos. **-n, tr.**: mûrir; venir à maturité. **-ness, n.**: maturité; (*fitness*) à-propos, *m.*, opportunité, *f.* **-ning, n.**: maturation; action de mûrir, *f.*; progrès vers la maturité, *m.*

rip-per, n.: personne qui ouvre, qui fend, qui déchire, qui laboure, qui découd, *f.*; (*nav.*) déchireur, *m.* **-ping, n.**: action de fendre, de déchirer, de labourer, d'arracher; ouverture en long, *f.*

1.rip-ple, intr.: se rider; bouillonner; *tr.*: rider; faire bouillonner. **2.-ple, n.**: (*of water*) ride, *f.*, bouillon, *m.*; petite vague (*or onde*), ondulation, *f.* **-ple-marked, adj.**: marqué par des vagues. **-plet, n.**: petite vague (*or onde*), *f.* **-pling, n.**: action de se rider, de rider, *f.*; bouillonnement; (*nav.*) remous de courant, *m.*

1.ri-se (pret. rose, part. risen), intr.: se lever; (*after a fall, a misfortune, etc.*) se relever; (*swell*) s'élever, monter; (*augment*) s'augmenter, s'agrandir, s'accroître; (*of waters*) s'accroître, s'élever, monter, hausser; (*of price*) hausser, monter, s'élever, augmenter; (*of bread, etc.*) renchérir; (*rebel*) se lever, se soulever; (*of courts*)

se lever; (*of assemblies*) se séparer; (*of sound*) s'élever, monter; (*of the dead*) ressusciter; (*gain. elevation, rank*) s'élever; (*grow*) s'élever, hausser; (*ascend*) s'élever, monter; (*have its source in, spring*) naître, venir, s'élever: — *again*, se relever; — *out of*, sortir de; naître de; provenir de; — *to view*, s'offrir à la vue, se présenter à la vue; — *up*, se lever; se soulever; *I — when the sun —*, je me lève avec le soleil. 2. *-se or -se*, *n.*: lever, *m.*; (*elevation*) élévation; (*ascend*) ascension; (*of a hill, etc.*) montée; (*of waters*) crue; (*in price*) hausse, augmentation, *f.*, renchérissement, *m.*; (*source*) source, naissance, origine; (*increase*) augmentation, *f.*; (*promotion*) avancement, *m.*: *give — to*, donner naissance à; faire naître; *take its —*, prendre naissance; avoir sa source; *on the —*, (*com.*) en hausse. 3. *-ser*, *n.*: personne qui se lève, *f.*; (*of a stair*) degré, *m.*, marche, *f.*: *early —*, personne matineuse, *f.*; *be an early —*, être matineux.

risi-ble, *adj.*: risible. **-bility**, **-bleness**, *n.*: risibilité, *f.*

1. rising, *adj.*: levant; qui s'élève; naissant. 2. **rising**, *n.*: action de se lever, de se relever, *f.*; (*from bed; of the sun*) lever, *m.*; (*act of ascending*) ascension; (*of a hill*) montée; (*elevation*) élévation; (*of waters*) crue; (*of assemblies, a court*) clôture; (*resurrection*) résurrection; (*med.*) tumeur, *f.*; (*insurrection*) soulèvement, *m.*

1. risk, *n.*: risque, péril, *m.*: *at one's —*, à ses risques et périls. 2. **risk**, *tr.*: risquer, hasarder. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui risque, *f.*

rite, *n.*: rite, rit, *m.*

ritorné llo, *n.*: (*mus.*) ritournelle, *f.*

1. ritual, *adj.*: rituel, du rit. 2. **ritual**, *n.*: rituel, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: ritualiste, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: selon le rit.

1. rival, *n.*: rival, *m.*, rivale, *f.*; émule, *m.*, *f.* 2. **rival**, *adj.*: rival 3. **rival**, *tr. and intr.*: rivaliser avec, rivaliser.

-ry, **-ship**, *n.*: rivalité, *f.*

rive (*pret. -d or riven*), *tr., intr.*: fendre; se fendre.

rivel, *tr.*: rider; dessécher; recroqueviller.

1. river, *n.*: fendeur, *m.*

2. river, *n.*: rivière, *f.*; fleuve, *m.*: *down the —*, en descendant le fleuve; en aval; *up the —*, en remontant le fleuve; en amont. **-bed**, *n.*: lit (d'une rivière, d'un fleuve), fond, *m.* **-dragon**, *n.*: crocodile, *m.*; (*fig.*) (*Milton*) *the King of Egypt*. **-god**, *n.*: dieu de rivière; fleuve, *m.* **-head**, *n.*: source (d'une rivière), *f.* **-horse**, *n.*: hippopotame, *m.* **-side**, *adj.*: riverain, *m.* **-water**, *n.*: eau de rivière, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*: ruisseau, *m.*

1. rivet, *n.*: rivet, *m.*; rivure; (*for china*) attache, *f.* 2. **rivet**, *tr.*: river; (*fig.*) fixer, clouer, consolider.

rivulet, *n.*: ruisseau, *m.*

rix-dollar, *n.*: rixdale, rixdale, *f.*

roach, *n.*: (*ichth.*) gardon, *m.*

road, *n.*: route, *f.*; chemin, *m.*; chaussée, voie, *f.*; (*nav.*) rade; (*fig.*) voie, route, *f.*, chemin, *m.*: *beaten —*, chemin battu; *heavy —*, chemin rompu. **-embankment**, *n.*: remblai de route, *m.* **-engineer**, *n.*: ingénieur des routes, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: vaisseau en rade, *m.* **-fence**, *n.*: clôture de route, *f.* **-labourer**, *n.*: cantonnier, *m.* **-maker**, *n.*: constructeur de routes, *m.* **-making**, *n.*: construction de routes, *f.* **-roller**, *n.*: rouleau (pour les routes), *m.* **-scraper**, *n.*: racloir; rabot; (*pers.*) boueur, *m.* **-side**, *n.*: bord de la route, *m.* **-stead**, *n.*: (*nav.*) rade, *f.* **-ster**, *n.*: bidet; (*nav.*) navire en rade, *m.* **-way**, *n.*: chaussée; (*of a bridge*) voie, *f.*

roam, *tr. and intr.*: errer, rôder; rôder dans, parmi. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui erre, *f.*; promeneur, *m.*, promeneuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: course vagabonde, *f.*

roan, *adj.*: rouan. **-tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sorbier des oiseaux, *m.*

1. roar, *intr.*: (*of the lion*) rugir; (*of the bull, etc.*) mugir; (*of thunder, cannon*) gronder; (*cry aloud*) crier; pousser des cris; tempêter; (*of horses*) corner. 2. **roar**, *n.*: (*of the lion*) rugissement; (*of the bull, etc.*) mugissement; cri; bruit, fracas; (*of laughter*) éclat, grand éclat; (*of horses*) cornage, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: animal qui rugit; animal qui mugit; (*of horses*) corneur; (*pers.*) crieur, criard, *m.*, crieuse, criarde, *f.* 1. **ing**, *adj.*: mugissant, rugissant. 2. **ing** = **2. roar**. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en rugissant.

1. roast, *tr.*: rôtir; faire rôtir; cuire; griller, faire cuire; (*metal.*) griller; (*banter*) railler, plaisanter vivement. 2. **roast**, *adj.*: rôti; — *meat*, rôti, *m.* 3. **roast**, *n.*: rôti, *m.*; (*fig.*) haute main, *f.*: *rule the —*, avoir la haute main. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait rôtir, *f.*; rôtisseur, *m.*; (*pig*) cochon de lait pour rôtir, *m.*; (*thing*) rôtissoire, cuisinière, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: action de rôtir, de faire rôtir, de griller, de brûler; cuisson, *f.*; (*metal.*) grillage, *m.*; (*bantering*) raillerie mordante, *f.*

1. rob, *n.*: (*pharm.*) rob, *m.* 2. **rob**, *tr.*: voler; voler à main armée; piller, dévaliser; dépouiller; dérober; frustrer; priver. **-ber**, *n.*: voleur, *m.*, voleuse, *f.*; voleur à main armée; brigand, *m.*: *highway —*, voleur de grand chemin. **-bery**, *n.*: vol; vol à main armée; brigandage; larcin, *m.*; soustraction, *f.*

1. robe, *n.*: robe, *f.* **2. robe**, *tr.*: vêtir d'une robe; *intr.*: se revêtir de sa robe.

röbin, **-redbreast**, *n.*: (*orni.*) rouge-gorge, *m.*

robinia, *n.*: (*bot.*) robinier, *m.*

röberant, *adj.*: fortifiant; (*med.*) corroborant, roboratif.

robüst, *adj.*: robuste, vigoureux. **-ly**, *adv.*: robustement, vigoureusement. **-ness**, *n.*: vigueur, force, *f.*

röc, *n.*: (*fabulous bird of Eastern tales*) rouc, rock.

rocamble, *n.*: rocambole, *f.*; ail d'Espagne, *m.*

röchet, *n.*: rochet (surplis), *m.*

1. rock, *n.*: roche, *f.*; rocher, roc; (*geol.*) terrain, *m.*, roche, *f.*; (*at sea*) écueil, *m.*; **-candy**: —, (*shoals*) récif, rescif, *m. sing.*

2. rock, *n.*: quenouille, *f.*

3. rock = roc.

4. rock, *tr.*: bercer, remuer; balancer; *intr.*: se balancer.

rockaway, *n.*: carrosse (couvert), *m.*

rock-basin, *n.*: bassin de roche, *m.*

-candy, *n.*: sucre d'orge (de pomme), *m.*

rockér, *n.*: personne qui berce; berceuse; (*thing*) bascule; chaise à bascule (or à patins), *f.*

rocket, *n.*: fusée volante; (*bot.*) roquette, *f.*

rock-head, *n.*: (*geol.*) crête de roche, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: abondance de roches, *f.*

rocking, *n.*: action de bercer, *f.*; balancement, *m.* **-chair**, *n.*: chaise à bascule (or à patins), *f.*; chaise berceuse, *f.*

-horse, *n.*: cheval à bascule, *m.*

rock-less, *adj.*: sans rochers. **-rose**, *n.*: (*bot.*) ciste, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: rocaille, *f.*; mur de rocher, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: plein de rochers; de rocher; rocheux; rocailleux.

röd, *n.*: verge; baguette; tringle; (*of a pump*) tige; (*for fishing*) canne à pêche; (*tech.*) verge; (*measure*) perche (mètres 5.0291); (*birch*) verge, *f.*, verges, *f. pl.*; (*of a shepherd*) houlette, *f.*: have a — in pickle for any one, la garder bonne à quelqu'un.

rödönt, *n.*: (*mam.*) rongeur, *m.*

rödömont, *n.*: rodomet, *m.* **2. rodömont**, *adj.*: de rodomet. **1. -ade**, *n.*: rodometade, *f.* **2. -ade**, *intr.*: faire le rodomet.

1. röc, *n.*: (*of fish*) œufs de poisson, *m. pl.*: hard —, œufs de poisson, *m. pl.*; frai, *m.*; soft —, lait, laitance, *f.*

2. röc, *n.*: chevrete, biche, *f.* **-buck**, *n.*: chevreuil, *m.*: young —, chevillard, *m.*

rödöd, *adj.*: à frai; à lait.

rogätön, *n.*: rogation, *f.*

rögue, *n.*: coquin, fripon, fourbe; (*jest.*) malin, espiègle, farceur; (*jur.*) vagabond,

m. **-guery**, *n.*: coquinerie, friponnerie, fourberie; malice, espièglerie, *f.*; (*jur.*) vagabondage, *m.* **-gueship**, *n.*: coquinerie, *f.* **-guish**, *adj.*: coquin, fripon, fourbe; (*jest*) malin, espiègle. **-guishly**, *adv.*: en coquin; en fripon; en fourbe; (*jest.*) malicieusement, avec espièglerie. **-guishness**, *n.*: coquinerie, friponnerie, fourberie; malice, espièglerie, *f.*

1. röis, **1. -er**, *intr.*: faire du tapage; faire le fanfaron. **2. -er**, **-erer**, *n.*: tapageur, fanfaron, *m.*

rôle **röl**, *n.*: (*actor's part*) rôle, *m.*

1. röll, *tr.*: rouler; (*metal.*) laminier: — down, rouler en bas; — up, rouler en haut; (*inwrap*) rouler, enrouler; — one's self up, s'enrouler, se pelotonner. **2. roll**, *intr.*: rouler, se rouler; (*revolve*) faire sa révolution; (*milit.*) faire un roulement; — away, s'éloigner en roulant; (*of time*) s'écouler; — off, tomber de; — up, se rouler, s'enrouler; — by, passer en roulant; — on, continuer de rouler; s'écouler. **3. roll**, *n.*: (*act of rolling*) roulement, *m.*, roulade, *f.*; (*round mass*) rouleau; (*of a ship*) roulis; (*of a drum*) roulement; (*loaf*) petit pain; (*of tobacco*) rouleau, *m.*, carotte, *f.*; (*metal.*) laminoir; (*list*) rôle, tableau, contrôle, *m.*: —s, rôle, *m.*, rôles, *m. pl.*, contrôle, *m.*, contrôles, *m. pl.*; (*annals*) annales, *f. pl.* **-er**, *n.*: rouleau; cylindre, *m.*; (*caster*) roulette, *f.*; (*print.*) rouleau; (*tech.*) tambour; (*metal.*) cylindre, laminoir; (*bandage*) rouleau, *m.*, bande roulée, *f.*; (*of a lock*) galet; (*orni.*) rolier, *m.*: garden —, cylindre de jardin. **-ing**, *n.*: roulement; roulage; (*of a ship*) roulis; (*metal.*) laminage, *m.* **-ing-mill**, *n.*: laminoir, *m.*; machine à cingler le fer, *f.* **-ing-pin**, *n.*: rouleau, *m.* **-muster**, *n.*: contrôle, *m.* **-s-court**, *n.*: cour des rôles, *f.* **-y-polly**, *n.*: puding (cylindrique), *m.* **-y-pooly**, *n.*: (*game*) balle au pot, *f.*

Röman, *adj.*: des Romains, romain; (*print.*) romain; (*of the nose*) aquilin; *n.*: Romain, *m.*, Romaine, *f.*; (*print.*) romain, *m.*

1. romän-ee, *n.*: roman; (*mus.*) romance, *f.*: be like —, tenir du roman. **2. -ee**, *adj.*: romance; roman. **3. -ee**, *intr.*: faire des romans. **-eer**, *n.*: romancier, conteur, *m.* **-ee-writer**, *n.*: romancier, *m.* **-eing**, *adj.*: (*fiction*) de roman. **-ésque**, *adj.*: (*arch.*, *linguist.*) roman; (*paint.*) romanesque.

Römänie, *adj.*: romain, de Rome; roman, romance.

Röman-ish, *n.*: de la religion catholique romaine. **-ism**, *n.*: religion catholique romaine, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: catholique romain, *m.*, catholique romaine, *f.* **-ise**, *tr.*: lati-

niser; convertir au catholicisme romain.
-like, *adj.*: à la romaine.

romanti-o, *adj.*: romanesque; romantique.
-ally, *adv.*: romanesquement; d'une manière romantique.
-ism, *n.*: romantisme.
-ist, *n.*: romantique, *m.*
-ness, *n.*: caractère romanesque, *m.*, nature romantique, *f.*

rôme-scot, **-penny**, *n.*: denier de Saint-Pierre, *m.*

Rômish, *adj.*: romain, de l'église romaine.

1.rôm, *intr.*: jouer rudement; folâtrer; gambader, batifolder.
2.rôm, *n.*: fille joyeuse, gamine, folâtre, *f.*; (play) jeu rude, *m.*
-ing, *n.*: jeu rude, *m.*
-ish, *adj.*: rude; folâtre.
-ishness, *n.*: folâtrerie, *f.*; batifolage, *m.*

rondeau -d', **rônde**, *n.*: rondeau, *m.*

rôn-ion, **-yon**, *n.*: galeux, *m.*, -euse, *f.*, pouilleux, *m.*, -euse, *f.*

rôod, *n.*: (sculp., paint.) croix, *f.*, crucifix, *m.*; verge; mesure (d'environ 6 mètres), *f.*; le quart d'une acre, *m.*
-loft, *n.*: galerie du crucifix, *f.*, jubé, *m.*

rôof, *n.*: toit; (of the mouth) palais, *m.*; (of a coach) impériale; (fig.) voûte, *f.*

rôof, *tr.*: couvrir d'un toit; couvrir; (shelter) abriter.
-ing, *n.*: toiture, *f.*

-less, *adj.*: sans toit; (unsheltered) sans abri.
-tile, *n.*: tuile, faîtière, *f.*
-tree, *n.*: charpente de toit, *f.*; toit, *m.*
-work, *n.*: toiture, *f.*
-y, *adj.*: couvert d'un toit.

1.rôok, *n.*: (at chess) tour, *f.*

2.rôok, *n.*: (orni.) groille, freux; (cheat) tricheur, capon, filou, *m.*
3.rook, *tr.* and *intr.*: friponner; tricher.
-ery, *n.*: lieu habité par des freux; (bad place) mauvais lieu, *m.*
-y, *adj.*: rempli de freux.

rôom, *n.*: (apartment) chambre, salle; (of a suite of apartments) pièce, *f.*; (space) espace, *m.*, place; (place) place; (stead) place, *f.*, lieu; (fig.) lieu, motif, *m.*, matière, *f.*; (workshop) atelier, *m.*: there is no —, il n'y a pas de place; make —, faire de la place; faire place.

2.room, *intr.*: loger.
-er, *n.*: (nav.) vaisseau spacieux, *m.*; (lodger) locataire, *m.*, *f.*

-ful, *n.*: chambre pleine; chambrée, *f.*

-iness, *n.*: nature vaste, nature spacieuse, grandeur, *f.*
-y, *adj.*: spacieux, vaste.

1.rôost, *n.*: juchoir, perchoir, *m.*
2.roost, *intr.*: jucher, se percher.

1.rôot, *n.*: racine; (first ancestor) souche; (original cause) source; (mus.) base; (lower part) fondation, *f.*, fondement, *m.*; (alg., arith., bot., gram.) racine, *f.*: take —, prendre racine.

2.root, *tr.*: enracer; fixer en terre; laisser enracer; (turn up the earth) fouiller la terre avec le groin; *intr.*: s'enracer; prendre racine; fouiller avec le groin: — out,

rosequartz

— up, déraciner, extirper.
-bound, *adj.*: attaché par la racine.
-ed, *adj.*: enraciné: — out, déraciné, extirpé.

-edly, *adj.*: profondément.
-er, *n.*: personne qui laisse enracer; personne qui déracine, *f.*; exterminateur, *m.*, exterminatrice, *f.*

-let, *n.*: (bot.) racine, *f.*
-stock, *n.*: (bot.) rhizome, *m.*; souche, *f.*

-y, *adj.*: plein de racines.

ropalic, *adj.*: en forme de massue.

1.rô-pe, *n.*: corde, *f.*, cordage, *m.*; (nav.) manœuvre, *f.*, cordage; (of birds) intestin, *m.*; (of onions) glane, *f.*

2.-pe, *intr.*: filer.
-pe-barrel, *n.*: tambour, *m.*

-pe-dancer, *n.*: danseur de corde, *m.*, danseuse de corde, *f.*; funambule, *m.*, *f.*

-pe-ladder, *n.*: échelle de corde, *f.*

-pe-maker, *n.*: cordier, *m.*
-pe-making, *n.*: corderie, fabrication de cordes, *f.*

-pe, *n.*: cordier, *m.*
-pe-roll, *n.*: tambour, *m.*
-pery, *n.*: corderie, *f.*; (trick) tour pendable, *m.*

-pe-trick, *n.*: tour pendable, *f.*
-pe-walk, *n.*: corderie, *f.*

-pe-yarn, *n.*: fil de caret, *m.*
-pily, *adv.*: d'une manière visqueuse.

-piness, *n.*: nature filamenteuse, *f.*; viscosité.
-pish, *adj.*: qui file; visqueux; filamenteux.

roëiferous, *adj.*: qui amène la rosée.

roëageous, *adj.*: (bot.) rosacé.

roëary, *n.*: roseraie, *f.*; (Cath. rel.) rosaire, *m.*

rôseid, *adj.*: chargé de rosée.

1.rôse, *pret.* of rise.

2.rôse, *n.*: rose; (of a watering-pot) pomme; (of ribbon) rosette, *f.*: there is no — without a thorn, il n'y a pas de rose sans épines; under the —, sous la cheminée, sous le manteau.

rôse-ate, *adj.*: de rose; rosé; orné de roses.

-bay, *n.*: laurier-rose; laurose, rhododendron, rosage, *m.*; dwarf —, rhododendron, *m.*

-bud, *n.*: bouton de rose, *m.*
-bush, *n.*: rosier, *m.*

-campion, *n.*: lychnide corinaire, coquelourde; coquelourde des jardiniers, *f.*

-cheeked, *adj.*: aux joues de rose.

-colour, *n.*: rose, *m.*
-coloured, *adj.*: couleur de rose; rose; vermeil.

-gall, *n.*: (bot.) bédégar, bédégar, *m.*
-leaf, *n.*: feuille de rose, *f.*

-like, *adj.*: en rose.
-lipped, *adj.*: aux lèvres rosées.

-mallow, *n.*: (bot.) rose trémière; passe-rose, *f.*

roëmary, *n.*: (bot.) romarin, *m.*

roë-quartz, *n.*: quartz rosé, *m.*
-ry

rô-zéry, *n.*: roseraie, *f.*
-tribe, *n. sing.*: rosacées, *f. pl.*

roëtte, *n.*: rosette, *f.*
-water, *n.*: eau de rose; eau rose, *f.*
-window, *n.*: rosace, *f.*
-wood, *n.*: (bot.) bois de rose, bois de Chypre, palissandre, *m.*
-work, *n. sing.*: rosaces, *f. pl.*

rosierucian, *n.*: rose-croix, *m.*
1. rôsin, *n.*: résine, colophane, *f.* 2. **ro-**
sin, *tr.*: frotter de résine; frotter de
 colophane.
rôsiness, *n.*: rose, vermillon, *m.*; cou-
 leur rose, *f.*
rôsiny, *adj.*: résineux.
rôsland, *n.*: (*dial.*) bruyère, *f.*; terrain
 marécageux, *m.*
rôster, *n.*: (*milit.*) liste de service, *f.*,
 cadres, *m. pl.*
rôs-tral, *adj.*: rostral. **-trate**, **-trat-**
ed, *adj.*: armé d'un bec; (*natur. hist.*)
 rostré. **-trum**, *n.*: (*of a ship*) bec, épe-
 ron, *m.*; (*pulpit*) rostre, *m. pl.*, tribune
 aux harangues, *f.*; (*of an alembic*) bec;
 (*natur. hist.*) rostre, *m.*
rôsy, *adj.*: rose, rosé, de rose; vermeil.
-bosomed, *adj.*: au sein de rose. **-col-**
oured, *adj.*: aux couleurs de rose.
-crowned, *adj.*: couronné de roses.
-fingered, *adj.*: aux doigts de rose.
-hued, *adj.*: au teint de roses, rosé.
-tinted, *adj.*: rosé.
1. rôti, *intr.*: pourrir, se pourrir; se carier;
tr.: pourrir; faire pourrir; carier. 2. **rot**,
n.: pourriture; (*vet.*) clavelée, *f.*, cla-
 veau, *m.*
rô-tary, *adj.*: rotatoire. 1. **-tate**, *intr.*:
 (se) tourner; *tr.*: tourner. 2. **-tate**, *adj.*:
 (*bot.*) en route. **-tation**, *n.*: rotation;
 succession, *f.*; roulement, *m.*; in —, à
 tour de rôle. **-tator**, *n.*: muscle rota-
 teur, *m.* **-tatory**, *adj.*: de rotation;
 alternatif; (*anat.*) rotateur; (*mech.*) rota-
 toire.
rôtche, *n.*: guillemot, nain, *m.*
1. rôte, *n.*: routine, *f.*: by —, par cœur.
2. rote, *tr.*: apprendre par cœur.
3. rôte, *intr.*: rouler, alterner.
rôtten, *adj.*: pourri, carié; (*of teeth*)
 gâté: smell —, sentir le pourri. **-ness**,
n.: pourriture; carie, *f.*; pourri, *m.*
-stone, *n.*: terre pourrie, *f.*
rotund, *adj.*: rond. **-a**, **-o**, *n.*: rotonde,
f. **-ity**, *n.*: rondeur; rotondité, *f.*
rouble = rouble.
1. rouge, *as in Fr.*, *n.*: rouge, fard, *m.*
2. rouge, *intr.*: mettre du rouge; *tr.*:
 mettre du rouge à; farder.
1. rough rûf, *adj.*: rude; (*harsh to the*
taste) âpre; (*rugged*) rude, raboteux;
 (*shaggy*) hérissé; (*of features*) rude; (*of*
roads) raboteux; (*of the sea*) agité, gros;
 (*of the weather*) rigoureux, gros; (*of pre-*
cious stones) brut; (*violent*) violent;
 (*coarse in manners*) brusque, grossier; —
copy, brouillon. 2. **rough**, *tr.*: rendre
 rude; ébaucher, dégrossir. 1. **-cast**, *tr.*:
 ébaucher; (*mas.*) crépir. 2. **-cast**, *n.*:
 ébauche, *f.*; (*mas.*) crépi, *m.* **-casting**,
n.: crépi, ravalement, *m.* **-coat**, *tr.*:

(*mas.*) crépir, ravalement. **-coating**, *n.*:
 crépi, ravalement, *m.* **-draught**, *n.*:
 ébauche, *f.*; brouillon, *m.* **-draw**, *tr.*:
 ébaucher. **-en**, *intr.*: devenir rude. **-en-**
ing, *n.*: action de rendre rude, *f.* **-foot-**
ed, *adj.*: pattu. **-hew** (*part. -hewed or*
-hewn), *tr.*: ébaucher; dégrossir. **-hewn**,
adj.: ébauché; dégrossi. **-ing**, *n.*:
 ébauchage, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: rudement; gros-
 sièrement; âprement. **-ness**, *n.*: aspé-
 rité; rudesse; (*austerity to the taste*)
 âpreté; (*of the sea*) agitation; (*of the*
wind) violence; (*of the weather*) rigueur;
 (*of features*) rudesse; (*coarseness of man-*
ners) grossièreté, rudesse, *f.*, manières im-
 polies, manières grossières, *f. pl.*; brus-
 querie, *f.*; (*of roads*) état raboteux, *m.*
-shod, *adj.*: ferré à glace. **-work**, *tr.*:
 travailler grossièrement. **-wrought**,
adj.: travaillé grossièrement, fait gros-
 sièrement.
rou-leau **-lô'** (*pl. -leaux*), *n.*: rouleau, *m.*
-lêtte, *n.*: roulette, *f.*
röunce, *n.*: (*print.*) manche de bar-
 reau, *m.*
1. rôund, *adj.*: rond; en rond; (*large*)
 rond, grand joli, bon; (*full*) rond, arrondi;
 (*candid*) rond, facile, coulant; (*positive*)
 absolu. 2. **round**, *adv.*: (*circularly*) en
 rond; (*on all sides*) autour, tout autour, à
 l'entour, à la ronde: all —, tout autour;
 hand —, passer à la ronde; go —, faire
 le tour; faire un détour; get —, tourner;
 (*of the health*) se rétablir, se refaire.
3. round, *prep.*: autour de: go — the
 garden, faire le tour du jardin; get —
 any one, entortiller quelqu'un. 4. **round**,
n.: (*circle*) rond, cercle, *m.*; (*tech.*) ron-
 delle, *f.*; (*of a ladder*) échelon, *m.*; (*of*
beef) rouelle; (*of applause*) salve; (*milit.*)
 décharge, *f.*; (*fenc.*) assaut, *m.*; (*milit.*)
 ronde, *f.*; (*revolution*) tour; (*walk round*)
 tour, *m.*, tournée, *f.*; in a —, en rond; go
 the —s, faire la tournée, la ronde.
5. round, *tr.*: arrondir; (*encircle*) envi-
 ronner, entourer; (*walk round*) faire le
 tour de; (*nav.*) haler; (*a cape*) doubler;
intr.: s'arrondir; (*go round*) faire la
 ronde. 1. **-about**, *adj.*: détourné; (*ample*)
 vaste, ample. 2. **-about**, *n.*: jeu de ba-
 gues, *m.*; (*garment*) veste, *f.* **-el**, *n.*:
 (*blas.*) rond, *m.*; (*mus.*) rondeau; rondel,
m. **-elay**, *n.*: rondeau, *m.* **-er**, *n.*:
 celui qui arrondit; cercle, *m.*, circonfé-
 rence, *f.*: —s, (*pl.*) balle au camp, *f.*
-hand, *n.*: écriture en ronde, *f.* **-head**,
n.: (*hist.*) tête ronde (puritain), *f.*
-house, *n.*: violon, *m.*; (*in a ship of*
war) bouteilles des sous-officiers, *f. pl.*;
 (*in a merchant ship*) chambre du conseil,
f. **-ing**, *n.*: (*nav.*) fourrure de câble, *f.*:
 — of the side, (*nav.*) rentrée des œuvres

mortes, *f.* -ish, *adj.*: arrondi, presque rond; (*pers.*) rondelet. -ishness, *n.*: forme arrondie, forme presque ronde. *f.* -let, *n.*: petit rond, petit cercle. -ly, *adv.*: (*circularly*) en rond; (*plainly*) rondement, franchement; (*completely*) rondement, complètement; (*briskly*) rondement, bon train. -man, *n.*: homme de tournée, *m.* -ness, *n.*: rondeur, franchise, *f.*; (*positiveness*) caractère absolu, *m.* -ridge, *tr.*: sillonner en rond. -up, *n.*: (*Am.*) réunion de bestiaux, *f.* -ure, *n.*: rondeur, *f.*, cercle, *m.* -robin, *n.*: pièce revêtue de signatures en rond, *f.*

1. **rôut**, *n.*: (*multitude*) frout, *m.*; foule désordonnée (*tumultueuse*), cohue, *f.*; (*milit.*) dérouté, *f.*; (*jur.*) association pour commettre un acte de violence; assemblée, *f.* 2. **rout**, *tr.*: mettre en dérouté.

3. **rôut**, *intr.*: rugir, mugir. 4. **rout**, *rugissement*, *m.*

route or **route**, *n.*: route, *f.*

routine, *n.*: routine; manière routinière, *f.*

rôv-e, *intr.*: rôder; courir; (*fig.*) divaguer; *tr.*: errer dans; parcourir, courir; (*in spinning*) passer dans une maille, boudiner. -er, *n.*: coureur, *m.*; (*fickle person*) inconstant, *m.*, inconstante, *f.*; (*pirate*) écumeur de mer, pirate, corsaire; (*in spinning*) boudineur, *m.* 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: errant, qui court; vagabond. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: boudinage, *m.* -ing-frame, *n.*: boudinoir, *m.*; lanterne, *f.* -ingly, *adv.*: en rôdant; en divaguant.

1. **rôw**, *n.*: (*tumult*) tapage, vacarme, *m.*; querelle; batterie, rixe, *f.*

2. **rôic**, *n.*: rangée, ligne, *f.*, rang, *m.*; (*arith.*) colonne, *f.*; (*fil.*) rouleau, *m.*: in a —, en rang; in —s, par rangs (*or* rangées); all of a —, en rang d'oignons.

3. **rôic**, *n.*: promenade sur l'eau, promenade en bateau, *f.* 4. **row**, *tr.*: conduire à la rame; (*nav.*) nager; *intr.*: ramer; (*nav.*) nager. -boat, *n.*: bateau à rames.

rowdy, *n.*: homme turbulent, querelleur, tapageur, *m.* -ish, *adj.*: turbulent, querelleur. -ism, *n.*: action turbulente (*or* querelleuse), *f.*

1. **rôwel**, *n.*: (*of a spur*) molette; (*of a bit*) bossette, *f.*; (*vet.*) sêton, *m.* 2. **row-el**, *tr.*: (*vet.*) appliquer un sêton à.

row-er, *n.*: rameur; (*nav.*) nageur, canotier. -ing, *adj.*: (*nav.*) qui va à la nage; à rames. -lock, *n.*: toletière, *f.* -port, *n.*: sabord d'aviron, *m.*

1. **royal**, *adj.*: royal, de roi; (*of paper*) grand raisin; — assent, consentement du roi, *m.* 2. **royal**, *n.*: (*nav.*) perroquet volant; (*paper*) grand raisin, *m.*; (*of a stag*) branche, *f.*; (*artil.*) petit mortier;

(*milit.*) soldat du premier régiment d'infanterie, *m.* -ise, *tr.*: rendre royal. -ism, *n.*: royalisme, *m.* -ist, *n.*: royaliste, *m.* -ly, *adv.*: royalement, en roi. -ty, *n.*: royauté; prérogative royale, *f.*

1. **rûb**, *tr.*: frotter; (*med.*) frictionner; (*tease*) contrarier: — away, enlever par le frottement; — down, frotter; (*a horse*) bouchonner; — off, enlever par le frottement; faire disparaître; — out, enlever, effacer; — up, frotter, dérouiller; (*polish*) polir; (*excite*) exciter. 2. **rûb**, *intr.*: frotter; (*med.*) faire une friction; — through, se frayer un chemin à travers; — on, aller son petit bonhomme de chemin. 3. **rûb**, *n.*: frottement; frottage, *m.*; (*difficulty*) difficulté, *f.*, point difficile, obstacle, embarras; (*sarcasm*) lardon, coup de patte, *m.*: at the —, au fait et au prendre. -ber, *n.*: (*pers.*) frotteur; (*thing*) frottoir; (*whist*) robre, rob; (*file*) carreau, *m.*, (*whetstone*) pierre à aiguiser; (*at cards*) partie liée, *f.*; (*India*) — caoutchouc, *m.*; gomme élastique, *f.*; (*overshoe*) caoutchouc, *m.*, élaque, *f.* -bing, *n.*: frottement; frottage; (*hunt.*) frayoir, *m.*; (*med.*) friction, *f.*

rûbbish, *n.*: décombres; débris, déblais; gravais, gravats, *m. pl.*; ordures, *f. pl.*; (*anything worthless*) drogue, *f.*, fumier, rebut, *m.*; (*mingled mass*) masse informe, *f.* -cart, *n.*: tombereau, *m.* -ing, *adj.*: de rebut; de rien. -pan, *n.*: panier aux ordures, *m.*

rûbble, -stone, *n.*: (*mas.*) pierrée; pierre brute, *f.*; tas de pierres; blocage, *m.* -work, *n.*: maçonnerie brute de moellons, maçonnerie de blocaille, *f.*

rubéscent, *adj.*: rubescent.

rûbi-can, *adj.*: rubican. -cund, *adj.*: rubicund. -ed, *adj.*: rouge, de rubis. -fication, *n.*: (*med.*) rubéfaction, *f.* -fy, *tr.*: rubéfier.

rûble, *n.*: rouble, *m.*

1. **rûbrie**, *n.*: rubrique, *f.* 2. **rubrie**, *tr.*: orner de rouge. 3. **rubrie**, -al, *adj.*: rouge. -al, *adj.*: renfermé dans les rubriques. 1. **-ate**, *tr.*: tacher de rouge. 2. **-ate**, *adj.*: taché de rouge.

rûb-stone, *n.*: pierre à aiguiser, *f.*

1. **rûby**, *n.*: (*min.*) rubis, *m.*; (*chem.*) rubine, *f.*; (*colour*) teinte rouge, *f.*, incarnat, *m.*, couleur rouge, *f.*; (*blain*) rubis, *m.* 2. **rûby**, *adj.*: vermeil, de rubis, couleur de rubis. 3. **rûby**, *tr.*: rendre rouge.

rûck, *n.*: ride, pli, *f.*

ructation, *n.*: action de roter, éruc-tation, *f.*

rûdder, *n.*: gouvernail, *m.*: ship the —, monter le gouvernail. -bolt, *n.*: porte-gouvernail, *m.* -case, *n.*: boîte de gou-

vernall, *f.* -chain, *n.*: sauve-garde, *f.*
-hole, *n.*: jaumière, *f.*

rûd-diness, *n.*: rougeur, *f.*; teint rouge, fraîcheur de teint, *f.*; incarnat, *m.* 1.-dle, *n.*: rubique, sanguine, craie rouge, *f.* 2.-dle, *tr.*: marquer de craie rouge; mettre du rouge à, farder. -dy, *adj.*: rouge, vermeil; (*pers.*) au teint vermeil.

rûde, *adj.*: (*uneven*) rude, grossier; (*impolite*) impoli, malhonnête; (*violent, impetuous*) rude, violent, sévère, dur; (*harsh, inclement*) rude, rigoureux; (*barbarous*) barbare, grossier, rustique. -ly, *adv.*: rudement; grossièrement; impoliment, malhonnêtement; violemment; sévèrement, durement; rigoureusement. -ness, *n.*: rudesse; grossièreté; violence; sévérité, dureté; rigueur, *f.*

rûd-enture, *n.*: (*arch.*) rudenture, *f.*

rûderary, *adj.*: (*bot.*) rudéral.

1.**rûdi-ment**, *n.*: rudiment, *m.* 2.-ment, *tr.*: enseigner les rudiments à. -mêntal, -mêntary, *adj.*: rudimentaire; élémentaire.

1.**rûe**, *n.*: (*bot.*) rue, *f.*

2.**rûe**, *intr.*: se repentir de; regretter, déplorer. -ful, *adj.*: triste, lamentable: knight of the — countenance, chevalier de la triste figure, *m.* -fully, *adv.*: tristement, déplorablement. -fulness, *n.*: tristesse, *f.*

1.**rûff**, *n.*: fraise, chose plissée, *f.*; tour de gorge, *m.*; raideur, *f.*; (*milit.*) rappel, roulement de tambour, *m.* 2.**rûff**, *intr.*: donner un coup de baguette à.

3.**rûff**, *n.*: carte coupée, *f.* 4.**rûff**, *tr.*: couper avec l'atout.

1.**rûffian**, *n.*: brigand, bandit; (*brute*) brutal, *m.* 2.**rûffian**, *adj.*: de brigand, de bandit; brutal. 3.**rûffian**, *intr.*: faire le brigand, faire le bandit; être brutal. -ism, *n.*: brigandage, *m.*; extrême grossièreté, brutalité, *f.* -ly, *adj.*: de brigand, brutal. -ly, *adj.*: de brigand, de bandit; brutal.

1.**rûffle**, *tr.*: (*wrinkle*) froncer, froisser, chiffonner; (*agitate*) troubler, agiter; (*throw into disorder*) mettre en désordre, déranger; (*milit.*) rappeler, battre le rappel; *intr.*: se troubler, s'agiter; s'ébouriffer; (*flutter*) battre des ailes, voler; jouer négligemment. 2.**rûffle**, *n.*: manchette, *f.*; (*agitation*) trouble, *m.*, agitation, *f.*; (*milit.*) rappel, roulement de tambour, *m.*

rûg, *n.*: (*for beds*) couverture de bure, *f.*; (*for rooms*) tapis de pied, tapis de foyer, *m.*

rûgate, *adj.*: plissé, froncé.

rûgged, *adj.*: (*rough*) tempêteux, rude; (*uneven*) raboteux; (*harsh*) âpre; (*surly*) renfrogné; refrogné. -ly, *adj.*: rude-

ment; âprement. -ness, *n.*: aspérité; nature raboteuse; âpreté; rudesse, *f.*

rûgine, *n.*: rugine, *f.*

rû-gôse, **rû-gous**, *adj.*: ride; rugueux. -gosity, *n.*: rugosité, *f.*

1.**rûin**, *n.*: ruine; perte, *f.*: go to —, s'en aller, tomber en ruine; (*pers.*) courir à sa perte. 2.**rûin**, *tr.*: ruiner; perdre; *intr.*: tomber en ruine. -âtîon, *n.*: ruine, *f.* -er, destructeur, *m.*, destructrice, *f.* -iform, *adj.*: ruiniforme. -ous, *adj.*: (*decayed*) ruineux, en ruine; destructif, ruineux. -ously, *adv.*: ruineusement. -ousness, *n.*: caractère ruineux, *m.*

1.**rû-le**, *n.*: règle, *f.*; (*government*) gouvernement, pouvoir, empire, *m.*, autorité, *f.*; (*instrument*) règle; (*print.*) filet, régle, *m.*, réglette, *f.*; (*jur.*) ordonnance, *f.*: make it a — to, se faire une règle de; there is no — without exception, il n'y a point de règle sans exception; lay out by — and line, tirer au cordeau. 2.-le, *tr.*: (*govern*) gouverner, régir; (*determine*) régler, déterminer; (*conduct*) régler, diriger; (*paper, etc.*) régler; *intr.*: gouverner — over, régner sur. -ler, *n.*: gouverneur; gouvernant, souverain, *m.*; (*instrument*) règle, *f.*; (*workman*) règleur, *m.* -ling, *adj.*: dominant.

1.**rûm**, *adj.*: drôle; drôle de; original: a — fellow, un drôle de corps.

2.**rûm**, *n.*: rum, *m.*

1.**rûm-ble**, *intr.*: gronder, bruire; (*of vehicles*) résonner, retentir. 2.-ble, *n.*: siège de derrière, *m.* -bler, *n.*: chose qui bruit, qui gronde, *f.* 1.-bling, *n.*: bruit sourd, grondement; (*of vehicles*) retentissement; bruit, *m.* 2.-bling, *adj.*: qui bruit, qui gronde; (*of vehicles*) retentissant; (*of sound*) sourd.

1.**rûmi-nant**, *adj.*: ruminant. 2.-nant, *n.*: ruminant, *m.* -nate, *tr.* and *intr.*: (*of animals*) ruminer: — on, (*fig.*) méditer sur, réfléchir à, ruminer. -nâtîon, *n.*: rumination; méditation, réflexion, *f.*

1.**rûmmage**, *tr.*: chercher en fouillant, fouiller, remuer; farfouiller; *intr.*: faire un remue-ménage; farfouiller. 2.**rûmmage**, *n.*: remuement, remue-ménage, *m.* -rûmmer, *n.*: grand verre, *m.*

1.**rû-mor**, *n.*: rumeur, *f.*; bruit, *m.*; renommée, *f.* 2.-mor, *tr.*: faire courir le bruit de. -morer, *n.*: auteur d'un bruit, d'une rumeur, *m.* -mour, etc. = -mor, etc.

rûmp, *n.*: croupe; (*of meat*) culotte, *f.*; (*pers., birds*) croupion; (*hist.*) croupion, *m.* 1.**rûmple**, *tr.*: chiffonner, froisser.

2.**rûmple**, *n.*: pli, *m.*; froissure, *f.*

rûmp-parliament, *n.*: (*Eng. hist.*) parlement croupion, *m.* -steak, *n.*: rump-steak, bifteck, *m.*

rampus, n.: grand bruit; grave différend, m.

rûmwort, n.: motif de rhum, m.

1. rûn (pret. *ran* or *run*, part. *run*), *intr.*: courir; marcher; (*hasten up to*) accourir; (*flee*) se sauver; (*extend*) courir, s'étendre; (*leak*) fuir; (*flow*) couler; (*melt*) fondre; (*turn*) tourner; (*be*) être; (*be circulated*) courir, circuler; (*slide*) glisser; (*be wheeled*) rouler; (*of public coaches, boats*) aller, faire le service; (*of the eyes*) couler, pleurer; (*of time*) s'écouler, écouler, passer; (*of writings*) être conçu; (*of paper*) boire; (*of prices*) aller; (*of bills*) courir; (*of ships*) filer; (*of ulcers*) couler, suppurer; (*of candles*) couler; (*of meteors*) filer: — *about*, courir ça et là; — *after*, chercher; rechercher; poursuivre; — *against*, courir contre; se précipiter sur, se jeter sur; — *aground*, échouer; — *at*, courir sur, attaquer; — *away*, s'enfuir; fuir; se sauver; (*of horses*) s'emporter, prendre le mors aux dents; (*of time, liquids*) s'écouler; — *away with*, se sauver avec; emporter; enlever; — *away with the idea*, se mettre dans la tête, s'imaginer; — *back*, retourner en courant; retourner vite; — *down*, courir en bas; descendre; — *for*, courir chercher; — *from*, fuir de; s'enfuir de; s'échapper de; — *in*, entrer; entrer précipitamment; — *into*, entrer dans; (*danger*) se jeter dans; (*dissipation*) se livrer à; (*of colours*) se fondre; — *off*, s'enfuir; fuir; se sauver, s'échapper; — *on*, continuer; aller toujours; (*talk*) parler sans cesse, parler toujours; (*refer*) rouler sur; porter sur; s'attacher à; — *out*, courir dehors; sortir; (*expire*) expirer, finir; tirer à sa fin; — *over*, passer dessus; passer sur; parcourir; (*pers.*) passer sur, écraser; (*a book*) parcourir; (*a street, etc.*) passer, traverser; (*of glasses, etc.*) déborder; — *through*, parcourir, traverser; (*dissipate*) manger, dissiper, gaspiller; — *up*, courir en haut; monter; — *up to*, courir à; (*amount to*) s'élever à, monter à; — *upon*, rouler sur; porter sur; s'attacher à; *the sea* — *a high*, la mer est haute; — *to seed*, monter en graine; — *into debt*, s'endetter; — *out only for an instant*, ne faire que sortir et rentrer. **2. run**, *tr.*: (*incur*) courir, encourir; (*melt, to cast*) fondre, couler; (*smuggle*) faire entrer par contrebande; (*pursue*) parcourir, suivre, poursuivre; (*drive, thrust*) pousser, enfoncer, fourrer; (*mark, as a line*) tirer; (*cause to fly*) faire marcher; (*cause to pass*) passer, faire courir; (*wheel*) rouler; — *down*, laisser à la course; (*a ship*) couler, couler bas, couler à fond; (*pers.*) réduire au silence, fermer la bouche à; (*decry*)

ravaler; (*hunt.*) forcer; — *hard*, presser; serrer de près; — *in*, enfoncer; — *a thorn into one's foot*, s'enfoncer une épine dans le pied; — *into difficulties*, jeter, précipiter dans des difficultés; — *into debt*, endetter; — *out*, faire sortir; (*exhaust*) épuiser; (*waste*) dissiper; (*extend*) étendre; (*print.*) composer en alinéa; — *over*, passer rapidement sur; examiner rapidement; parcourir; — *through*, percer de part en part; percer d'outre en outre; transpercer; (*peruse*) parcourir; — *a sword through any one*, passer une épée à travers le corps de quelqu'un; — *up*, monter en courant; (*build*) élever, bâtir; (*an account*) faire monter; — *the risk*, courir le risque. **3. run**, *n.*: (*act of running*) course, f.; (*series*) cours, m., suite, f.; (*process*) cours, m., marche, f.; (*course*) courant; (*success*) succès; (*ensure*) cri, m., clameur, opposition; (*on a bank, etc.*) descente, irruption, invasion, f.; (*voyage*) voyage; (*generality*) commun, m.; (*of millstones*) paire; (*at play*) veine, f.; *in the long* —, à la longue, à la fin. **-agate**, *n.*: fugitif; apostat, renégat; vagabond; déserteur, m. **-away**, *n.*: fuyard, m., fuyarde, f.; fugitif, m., fugitive, f.; déserteur, m.

rûn-dle, *n.*: cylindre; (*of a ladder*) échelon, m. **-dlet**, *n.*: baril, m.

rûn-e, *n.*: caractère runique, m. **-er**, *n.*: barde runique, m.

1. rûng, *n.*: échelon, m.; (*nav.*) aile; extrémité de la cale; varangue, f.; façons, f. pl. **2. rung**, part. of *ring*.

rûnic, *adj.*: runique.

rûn-ner, *n.*: coureur; messenger, courrier; (*racer*) coureur; (*of an umbrella*) coulant; (*bot.*) rejeton; (*of a strawberry plant*) filet, m.; (*nav.*) étague, itague, f.; (*tech.*) anneau mobile, m.; (*of a mill*) meule supérieure, f. **-net**, *n.*: présure, caillette, f. **1. ning**, *n.*: course, f.; écoulement, m.; (*of wounds*) suppuration, f.; (*of the nose*) écoulement, m. **2. ning**, *adj.*: courant; (*consecutive*) consécutif, de suite; (*print., nav.*) courant; (*of water*) courant, vif; (*of accounts*) courant; (*of bills*) à échoir; (*of wounds*) en suppuration: — *horse*, cheval de course; — *knot*, nœud coulant.

rûnt, *n.*: animal rabougri, m.

rûpé-e, *n.*: roupie, f.

1. rûpture, *n.*: rupture; (*med.*) rupture, hernie, descente, f. **2. rûpture**, *tr.*: rompre; *intr.*: se rompre. **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) herniaire, herniole, turquette, f.

rûral, *adj.*: champêtre, rural. **-ist**, *n.*: habitant de la campagne, m., habitante de la campagne, f. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière rurale, ruralement.

1.rush, *intr.*: se lancer, s'élancer; se jeter; se précipiter, fondre, courir à: — *forward*, s'élancer en avant; se précipiter en avant; — *in*, se précipiter dans; s'élancer dans; — *upon*, se précipiter sur; — *out*, s'élancer dehors; se précipiter dehors; sortir brusquement; — *through*, s'élancer à travers. **2.rush**, *n.*: (violent motion) mouvement précipité; flot; choc; effort, *m.*: *there was a — to*, on se précipita pour.

3.rush, *n.*: jonc (à tige flexible); (*trifle*) rien, fêtu. **-bottomed**, *adj.*: à fond de paille. **-broom**, *n.*: genêt jonciforme, genêt d'Espagne, *m.* **-candle**, *n.*: chandelle de veille, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: abondance de joncs, *f.* **-light**, *n.*: chandelle de veille, *f.* **-like**, *adj.*: comme un jonc. **-nut**, *n.*: (*bot.*) souchet, comestible, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: plein de joncs; fait de jonc; de jonc.

rûsk, *n.*: biscotin, *m.*, biscotte, *f.* **1.rûsset**, *adj.*: roussâtre; d'un brun rouge; (*rustic*) grossier, rustique. **2.rûsset**, *n.*: brun rouge; roux; (*dress*) habit de paysan, *m.*: (*apple*) reinette grise, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: reinette grise, *f.*

Rûssian, *adj.*: russe, de Russie; *n.*: Russe, *m., f.*; (*language*) russe, *m.*

1.rûst, *n.*: rouille; rouillure; moisissure; (*in grain*) rouille, *f.*: *black —*, nuelle, *f.*; charbon, *m.*; *brown —*, carie, *f.*, noir, *m.* **2.rûst**, *intr.*: se rouiller; *tr.*: rouiller.

1.rûs-tic, *adj.*: rustre; rustique; rude. **2.-tic**, *n.*: rustaud, rustre, paysan, *m.* **-tically**, *adv.*: rustiquement. **-ticalness**, *n.*: rusticité, *f.* **-ticate**, *tr.*: demeurer à la campagne; *tr.*: reléguer à la campagne; (*at universities*) expulser temporairement. **-ticated**, *adj.*: relégué à la campagne. **-tication**, *n.*: vie de campagne; (*at universities*) expulsion temporaire, *f.* **-ticity**, *n.*: simplicité rustique; rusticité, *f.*

rûsti-ly, *adv.*: dans un état de rouille. **-ness**, *n.*: état de rouille, *m.*

1.rûst-le, *intr.*: bruire; frôler; faire frou-frou. **2.-le**, **1.-ling**, *n.*: frou-frou; frôlement; bruissement, *m.* **2.-ling**, *adj.*: qui bruit, qui frôle, qui fait frou-frou; frémissant.

rûsty, *adj.*: rouillé; (*angry*) fâché.

1.rût, *n.*: (*of deer, etc.*) rut, *m.* **2.rût**, *intr.*: être en rut.

3.rût, *n.*: (*in a road*) ornière. **4.rût**, *tr.*: remplir d'ornières; creuser des ornières dans.

†rûth-ful, *adj.*: compatissant. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec compassion. **-less**, *adj.*: impitoyable; sans pitié; insensible. **-lessly**, *adv.*: sans pitié. **-lessness**, *n.*:

durété de cœur, cruauté, *f.*; caractère sans pitié, *m.*

†rûtilant, *adj.*: brillant, éclatant.

rûtted, *adj.*: coupé d'ornières.

rût-ting, *n.*: rut, *m.* **-tish**, *adj.*: lascif.

ryder = *rider (com.)*.

rye, *n.*: seigle, *m.* **-grass**, *n.*: fromental, faux froment, *m.*

S

s *ès*, *n.*: *s, m. or f.*

Sabean = *Sabeen*.

sâb-bat, *n.*: sabbat (assemblée de démons). **2.-batârian**, *adj.*: sabbataire, sabbatéen. **2.-batarian**, *n.*: sabbataire, *m., f.*; sabbatéen, *m.*, sabbatéenne, *f.*

1.-bath, *n.*: sabbat; (*fig.*) repos, *m.*

2.-bath, *adj.*: saint; religieux. **-bath-breaker**, *n.*: violateur du sabbat, *m.*

-bath-breaking, *n.*: violation du sabbat, *f.* **-bath-less**, *adj.*: sans sabbat; sans repos. **-bâtice(al)**, *adj.*: sabbatique; du sabbat.

1.Sabéan, **Sâbian**, *adj.*: sabéen; (*geog.*) (*modern Mareb*) de Saba, sabéen; *n.*: Sabéen, *m., -nne, f.* **Sâbianism**, *n.*: sabéisme, sabisme, sabaisme, *m.* **1.Sâbine**, *adj.*: sabéen. **2.sâbine**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sâbine, *f.*

1.sâble, *n.*: (*mam.*) martre zibeline; zibeline, *f.*; (*her.*) sable, (*garment*) vêtement de deuil, *m.* **2.sable**, *adj.*: de zibeline; de martre zibeline; (*her.*) de sable; (*fig.*) noir, sombre, de deuil.

1.sâbre-ber, *n.*: sabre, glaive, *m.* **2.sâbre**, *intr.*: sabrer.

sâbu-lous, *adj.*: sablonneux. **-lôsity**, *n.*: nature sablonneuse, *f.*

sâc, *n.*: sac, *m.*; (*anat.*) bourse, *f.*

saccâde, *n.*: (*man.*) saccade, *f.*

sâc-charate, *n.*: = **-chariferous**, *adj.*: saccharifère. **-chârify**, *tr.*: saccharifier. **-charine**, *adj.*: saccharin.

sacerdôtal, *adj.*: sacerdotal. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière sacerdotale. **-ism**, *n.*: système sacerdotal, *m.*

sachel = *satchel*.

sâchem, *n.*: sachem (chef indien), *m.*

1.†sâck, *n.*: vin d'Espagne, *m.*

2.sâck, *n.*: sac, *m.*; (*measure*) sac (hectolitre 1.09043), *m.*; (*of an abscess*) poche, *f.*; (*pillage*) sac, saccagement, *m.*: *give the — to*, renvoyer, remercier; *get the —*, être renvoyé. **3.sack**, *tr.*: (*pillage*) saccager, piller; (*put in a sack*) ensacher; (*discharge*) renvoyer, remercier. **-age**, *n.*: saccagement, saccage, sac, *m.*

-but, *n.*: saquebute, *f.* **-cloth**, *n.*: toile à sac, *f.*; (*biblically*) sac, *m.* **-er**, *n.*:

saccageur, *m.* -ful, *n.*: saccée, *f.* -ing, *n.*: (of a town) sac, saccagement, *m.*; (cloth) toile à sac; (of a bed) sangle, *f.*
sacral, *adj.*: (anat.) sacré.
sacra-ment, *n.*: sacrement, *m.*: receive the —, communier; administer the last — to, administrer les derniers sacrements à. -mental, *adj.*: sacramental; sacramental. -mentally, *adv.*: sacramentalement; sacramentellement. -mentarian, -mentary, *adj.*: de sacrement, du sacrement; *n.*: sacramentaire, *m.*
sacred, *adj.*: sacré; saint: — to, consacré à. -ly, *adv.*: saintement; religieusement. -ness, *n.*: sainteté, *f.*; caractère sacré, *m.* sacrifice(al), *adj.*: sacrificatoire.
sacrifice -fiz, *n.*: sacrifice, *m.*: victime, *f.* 2.sacrifice, *tr.* and *intr.*: sacrifier; fall a — to, être victime de. -ficer -er, *n.*: sacrificateur, *m.* -fi-catory, -ficial, *adj.*: sacrificatoire, des sacrifices. -lege, *n.*: sacrilège, *m.* -légious, *adj.*: sacrilège. -légious-ly, *adv.*: sacrilègement; avec sacrilège. -légiousness, *n.*: caractère sacrilège, *m.* -legist, *n.*: sacrilège, *m.*, *f.*
sacrist, *n.*: sacristain; copiste de musique à l'usage du chœur des églises, *m.* -an, *n.*: sacristain, *m.* -y, *n.*: sacristie, *f.*
sad, *adj.*: triste: make —, rendre triste; attrister. -den, *tr.* and *intr.*: attrister; s'attrister.
saddle, *n.*: selle, *f.*; (of a bowsprit) taquet; (of a yard) croissant, *m.* 2.sad-dle, *tr.*: seller: — with, charger de; be —d with, avoir sur le dos. -backed, *adj.*: en selle; (arch.) en dos d'âne. -bag, *n.* pl.: sacoches, bourses, *f.* -bow, *n.*: arçon, *m.* -cloth, *n.*: housse de cheval, *f.* -galled, *adj.*: écorché sous la selle. -horse, *n.*: cheval de selle, *m.* -maker, *n.*: sellier; bourrellier, *m.* -er, *n.*: sellier, *m.* -ry -cry, *n.*: sellerie, *f.* -tree, *n.*: bois de selle; pontet, *m.*
Saddu-cee, *n.*: saducéen, *m.*, saducéenne, *f.* -ceen, *adj.*: saducéen. -ceism, -eism, *n.*: saducéisme, *m.*
sad-ly, *adv.*: tristement: — hurt, grièvement blessé; be — in want of, avoir grand besoin de. -ness, *n.*: tristesse, *f.*
safé, *adj.*: sauf; sain et sauf; (trust-worthy) sûr; (secure) sûr: — from, à l'abri de; en sûreté contre. 2.safé, *n.*: garde-manger; coffre-fort, *m.* -con-duct, *n.*: sauf-conduit, *m.*; escorte, *f.* 1.-guard, *n.*: sauvegarder; protection, *f.* 2.-guard, *tr.*: sauvegarder, protéger. -keeping, *n.*: bonne garde; sûreté, *f.* -ly, *adv.*: sain et sauf; sûrement; en sûreté; sous bonne garde. -ness, *n.*: sûreté, *f.* -ty, *n.*: sûreté, *f.*;

salut, *m.*: seek — in flight, chercher son salut dans la fuite. -ty-lamp, *n.*: lampe de sûreté, *f.*
safflower, *n.*: (bot.) carthame; (dy.) safranum, *m.*
saffron, *n.*: safran, *m.* 2.saffron, *adj.*: safrané; couleur de safran; de safran. 3.saffron, *tr.*: safraner. -plan-tation, *n.*: safranère, *f.* -seed, *n.*: graine de perroquet, *f.* -y, *adj.*: safrané.
sag, *tr.*: courber, faire plier sous un fardeau; *intr.*: plier; fléchir, être courbé.
sagacious, *adj.*: sagace; pénétrant. -ly, *adv.*: avec pénétration, avec sagacité. -ness, *n.*: sagacité, *f.*
sagacity, *n.*: sagacité, *f.*
sage, *n.*: (bot.) sauge, *f.*
sage, *adj.*: sage; prudent. 3.sage, *n.*: sage, philosophe, *m.* -ly, *adv.*: sage-ment, prudemment.
sagging, *n.*: courbure, *f.*
sagit-tal, *adj.*: sagittale. -tarius, *n.*: (astron.) le Sagittaire, *m.* 1.-tary, *adj.*: sagittale. 2.-tary, *n.*: sagittaire, *m.* -tate, *adj.*: (bot.) sagitté.
sago, *n.*: sagou, *m.* -tree, *n.*: sagou-ier; sagoutier, *m.*
sagy, *adj.*: plein de sauge; qui a un goût de sauge.
sail, *n.*: voile; (of a windmill) aile; (ship) voile; (on the water) course à la voile, *f.*: set —, mettre à la voile; faire voile; carry a press of —, faire force de voiles. 2.sail, *intr.*: faire voile; cingler, naviguer; mettre à la voile; appareiller; aller; voguer; *tr.*: naviguer (or voguer) sur: — along the coast, côtoyer. -able, *adj.*: navigable. -cloth, *n.*: toile à voile, *f.* -er, *n.*: voilier, *m.*: fast (heavy) —, bon, mauvais voilier. -ing, *n.*: navigation; marche, *f.*; (setting sail) appareillage; (flight) vol, *m.*, course, *f.* -ing, *adj.*: à voiles; — ship, bâtiment à voiles, *m.* -loft, *n.*: voilerie, *f.*; magasin à voiles, *m.* -maker, *n.*: voilier, *m.* -making, *n.*: voilerie, *f.* -or, *n.*: marin; matelot, *m.*: fresh-water —, marin d'eau douce. -yard, *n.*: vergue, *f.*
sainfoin, *n.*: (bot.) sainfoin, *m.*
saint, *n.*: saint, *m.*, sainte, *f.*: one's —s day, sa fête, *f.*; All —s' day, jour de la Toussaint, *m.*; la Toussaint, *f.* 2.saint, *tr.*: mettre au rang des saints; canoniser; *intr.*: faire le saint. -ed, *adj.*: saint; sacré; canonisé. -like, 1.-ly, *adj.*: saint; semblable à un saint. 2.-ly, *adv.*: saintement, en saint. -ship, *n.*: sainteté, *f.*
sake, *n.*: égard; but, *m.*; cause, *f.*: for-
 your —, par égard pour vous; à cause de vous; pour vous; for the — of annoying

me, pour le plaisir de me vexer; *for pity's* —, par pitié; *for God's* —, pour l'amour de Dieu; je vous en supplie; *for the* — *of appearances*, pour sauver les apparences; *for the* — *of going there*, dans le but, pour le plaisir d'y aller; *for the* — *of health*, pour cause de santé; *for the* — *of money*, pour l'amour de l'argent.

saker, *n.*: (orni.) sacre, *m.* -**ot**, *n.*: (orni.) sacret, *m.*

sāl-able, *adj.*: vendable; de bonne vente.

-ableness, *n.*: facilité de vente, *f.*

-ably, *adv.*: d'une manière vendable.

sa-lacious, *adj.*: lubrique; lascif. -**lā-**

ciously, *adv.*: lubriquement; lascivement.

-lācity, *n.*: lubricité; lasciveté, *f.*

sālad, *n.*: salade, *f.* -**owl**, *n.*: sala-

dier, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: salade, *f.*

sāla-mander, *n.*: salamandre, *f.*

-māndrine, *adj.*: de salamandre; qui tient de la salamandre.

sāla-ried, *adj.*: salarié. -**ry**, *n.*: ap-

pointements, *m. pl.*: (of high functionaries) traitement; (fig.) salaire, *m.*

sāle, *n.*: vente, *f.*; débit, *m.*: *deed of* —, contrat de vente, *m.*; *bill of* —, lettre de

vente, *f.*; — *by auction*, vente aux enchères; *private* —, vente à l'amiable;

put up for —, mettre en vente; *dull* —, vente difficile; *quick* —, vente facile.

-able, *etc.* = *salable*, *etc.*

sālep, *n.*: salop, *m.*

sāleš-man, *n.*: commis; (of clothes) marchand d'habits; (of cattle) marchand

de bestiaux, *m.* -**woman**, *n.*: marchande, *f.*

sālework, *n.*: ouvrage de pacotille, *m.*; camelote, pacotille, *f.*

Sālio, *adj.*: salique.

sālient, *adj.*: saillant; qui saute; qui bondit.

-ly, *adj.*: d'une manière saillante.

sāl- or sal- (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**iferous**,

adj.: salifère. -**iffable**, *adj.*: (chem.) salifiable.

-**ificātion**, *n.*: (chem.) salification, *f.* -**ify**, *tr.*: (chem.) salifier.

-**inātion**, *n.*: salaison, *f.*; salage, *m.*

-**ine**, *n.*: source salée, *f.* -**inity**, *n.*: salure, *f.*

sa-liva, *n.*: salive, *f.* -**lival**, *sā-*

livary, *adj.*: salivaire. **sā-livate**, *tr.*: faire saliver.

-**livātion**, *n.*: salivation, *f.* -**livous**, *adj.*: de salive.

1. **sāllow**, *n.*: (poet.) saule, *m.*

2. **sāllow**, *adj.*: blême. 3. **sallow**, *tr.*: rendre blême.

-**ish**, *adj.*: (un peu) blême. -**ness**, *n.*: couleur blême, *f.*; teint blême, *m.*

1. **sāllly**, *intr.*: (milit.) sortir; faire une sortie. 2. **sally**, *n.*: excursion; (arch.,

of wit) saillie, *f.*; (of youth) écart, *m.*;

(milit.) sortie, *f.* -**port**, *n.*: (milit.) poterne, *f.*; (nav.) (in a fire-ship) sabord de fuite, *m.*

salmagūdi, *n.*: salmigondis, *m.*

sāl-mon, *n.*: saumon, *m.* -**fishery**, *n.*:

pêche du saumon, *f.* -**trout**, *n.*: truite

saumonée, *f.*

sālōon, *n.*: salle de réception, *f.*; salon; cabaret, *m.*

sālop, **sālōop**, *n.*: salop, *m.*

sālsify, *n.*: (bot.) salsifis cultivés des jardins; salsifis, *m.*

1. **sāl-t**, *n.*: sel, *m.*: —**s**, (pharm.) sel, *m.*

zing.: **Epsom** —**s**, sel Anglais, sel d'Epsom; **Attic** —, sel Attique; *not be worth one's* —, ne pas valoir le pain qu'on

mange. 2. **sāl-t**, *adj.*: salé; d'un goût salin; (abounding in salt) qui abonde

en sel; (lecherous) lubrique. 3. **sāl-t**, *tr.*:

saler; saupoudrer de sel: — **down**, saler.

-**ātton**, *n.*: action de sauter; (palpitation) palpitation, *f.* -**box**, *n.*: salière de

cuisine, *f.*; saloir, *m.* -**cat**, *n.*: salignon, *m.*

-**cellar**, *n.*: salière, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: saunier; (drysalter) saleur, marchand de

salaisons, *m.* -**ern**, *n.*: saunerie; saline, *f.*

-**ēsh**, *n.*: poisson salé, *m.*; saline, salaison, *f.*

-**ing**, *n.*: salaison, *f.*; salage, *m.* -**ing-tub**, *n.*: saloir, *m.* -**ish**,

adj.: un peu salé; saumâtre. -**ishness**, *n.*: goût salin, *m.*

-**lake**, *n.*: lac salé, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans sel; fade. -**ly**,

adv.: avec un goût de sel. -**maker**, *n.*:

saunier, *m.* -**marsh**, *n.*: marais salant, *m.* -**meat**, *n.*: viande salée; sa-

laison, *f.*; salé, *m.* -**mine** *or* -**pit**, *n.*:

saline; mine de sel, *f.* -**ness**, *n.*: salure, *f.* -**pētre**, *n.*: salpêtre, *m.*

-**pētre-maker**, *n.*: salpêtrier, *m.* -**pētre-pit**, *n.*: nitrière, *f.*

-**pētre-works**, *n. pl.*: salpêtrière, *f. sing.*

-**pētrous**, *adj.*: salpêtreux. -**springs**, *n. pl.*:

sources salées, *f. pl.* -**water**, *n.*:

eau de mer; eau salée, *f.* -**work**, *n.*:

saline, saunerie, *f.* -**wort**, *n.*: soude; herbe au verre; salicote; salicorne, *f.*

-**y**, *adj.*: salé; qui a un goût de sel.

sālūbri-ous, *adj.*: salubre. -**ously**, *adv.*:

d'une manière salubre. -**ty**, *n.*: salubrité, *f.*

sāluta-riness, *n.*: caractère salutaire, *m.*

-**ry**, *adj.*: salutaire.

sa-lutātion, *n.*: salut, *m.*; salutation, *f.*

-**lutatōrian**, *n.*: (Am.) gradué qui salue ses camarades.

-**lūtatory**, *adj.*: saluant, congratulant. 1. -**lūte**, *tr.*: sa-

luer; (kiss) baiser; (milit., nav.) saluer. 2. -**lute**, *n.*: salut; (kiss) baiser; (milit.,

nav.) salut, *m.*; (of guns) salve, *f.* -**luter**, *n.*: personne qui salue, *f.* -**lūtiferous**, *adj.*: salutaire.

sâl-vage, *n.*: sauvetage, *m.*: — *money*, prix du sauvetage, *m.* **-vâtion**, *n.*: salut, *m.* **-vâtionist**, *n.*: membre de l'armée de salut, évangéliste, *m.*
1. sâlve, *n.*: onguent; (*remedy*) remède, baume, *m.* **2. salvo**, *tr.*: guérir avec des onguents; (*remedy*) secourir, remédier à: — *over*, cajoler.
sâl-ver, *n.*: plateau, *m.*; soucoupe, *f.* **-vo**, *n.*: réserve; restriction; (*cf* *artillery*) salve, *f.* **-vor**, *n.*: sauveteur, *m.*
Samâritain, *adj.*: samaritain; *n.*: Samaritain, *m.*, Samaritaine, *f.*
sâme, *adj.*: même: *it is all the —*, c'est égal; c'est tout un; c'est tout de même; c'est la même chose; *it is all the — to me*, cela m'est égal; cela m'est parfaitement égal; *much about the —*, à peu près de même; *do the —*, faire de même; en faire autant; *the very —*, le même.
-ness, *n.*: identité; similitude; (*uniformity*) uniformité, monotonie, *f.*
sâmlet, *n.*: saumoneau, *m.*
sâmphire, *n.*: bacile, fenouil marin, *m.*; crête-marine, passe-pierre, perce-pierre, christe marine, *f.*
1. sâmp-le, *n.*: échantillon, *m.*; montre, *f.*, exemple, *m.* **2. -ple**, *tr.*: échantillonner.
-ple-bottle, *n.*: bouteille à échantillon, *f.* **-pler**, *n.*: modèle; (*for needle-work*) canevas, *m.* **-pling**, *n.*: échantillonnage, *m.*
sân-able, *adj.*: curable; guérissable.
-ability, **-ableness**, *n.*: curabilité, *f.*
-ative, *adj.*: curatif. **-ativeness**, *n.*: vertu curative, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: curatif.
san-benito, *n.*: san-benito, *m.*
†sân-c-ti-fic-ate, *tr.*: sanctifier. **-tification**, *n.*: sanctification, *f.* **-tified**, *adj.*: sanctifié; béat. **-tifier**, *n.*: sanctificateur, *m.* **-tify**, *tr.*: sanctifier. **-tifying**, *adj.*: sanctifiant. **-timônious**, *adj.*: dévot; béat. **-timôniously**, *adv.*: avec un air de sainteté. **-timôniousness**, *n.*: dévotion affectée, *f.* **-timony**, *n.*: sainteté; dévotion, *f.* **1. -tion**, *n.*: sanction, *f.* **2. -tion**, *tr.*: sanctionner. **-titude**, *n.*: sainteté, *f.* **-tity**, *n.*: sainteté, *f.* **†-tuârse**, *tr.*: servir de sanctuaire à. **-tuary**, *n.*: sanctuaire; asile; refuge, *m.*: *take —*, se réfugier dans un sanctuaire.
1. sând, *n.*: sable; grain de sable, *m.*: *be bedded in the —*, (*nav.*) être engravé; être ensablé. **2. sand**, *tr.*: sabler.
1. sândal, *n.*: sandale, *f.*
2. sândal, **-wood**, *n.*: sandal, santal, bois de santal, de sandal, *m.*
sândarao(h), *n.*: sandaraca, *f.*
sând-bag, *n.*: (*milit.*) sac à terre, *m.* **-bank**, *n.*: banc de sable, *m.* **-blind**,

adj.: qui a la vue troublée. **-box**, *n.*: poudrière, *f.*; (*bot.*) sablier, *m.* **-coloured**, *adj.*: couleur de sable. **-crack**, *n.*: (*vet.*) bleime, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: sablé; sablonneux. **-flood**, *n.*: mer de sable, *f.* **-iness**, *n.*: nature sablonneuse, *f.*; (*colour*) blond ardent, *m.*; couleur vive, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: sablonneux. **-paper**, *n.*: papier sablé; papier de verre, *m.* **-piper**, *n.*: (*orni.*) bécasseau, *m.* **-pit**, *n.*: sablière; sablonnière, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: grès, *m.*
1. sândwich, *n.*: sandwich, *m.*; beurrée, *f.* **2. sandwich**, *tr.*: faire un sandwich de; insérer (entre des choses différentes); fourrer; faire (quelque chose) de parties différentes.
sândy, *adj.*: sablonneux; de sable; (*cf* *colour*) d'un blond ardent, roux.
sâne, *adj.*: sain d'esprit.
sang-froid, *as in Fr.*, *n.*: sang-froid, *m.*
sângui-fy, *intr.*: se sanguifier. **-flic-tion**, *n.*: (*med.*) sanguification, hématoxose, *f.* **-nary**, *adj.*: sanguinaire. **-ne**, *adj.*: sanguin; (*ardent*) ardent, vif; (*confident*) plein de confiance, confiant: — *hopes*, de vives espérances; *beyond my most — hopes*, au-delà de toutes mes espérances. **-nely**, *adv.*: ardemment; avec confiance. **-ness**, *n.*: nature sanguine; (*ardour*) ardeur; (*confidence*) confiance, *f.* **-neous-gui'**, *adj.*: sanguin.
sânhedrim, *n.*: sanhédrin, *m.*
sânicle, *n.*: (*bot.*) sanicle, *f.*
sâni-çs, *n.*: (*med.*) sanie, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: sanieux.
sâni-tary, *adj.*: sanitaire. **-ty**, *n.*: état d'un esprit sain, *m.*
Sânskrit, *n.*: sanscrit, *m.*
1. sâp, *tr.*: (*mil.*) saper, miner. **2. sap**, *intr.*: saper; aller à la sape. **3. sap**, *n.*: sape, *f.*
1. sâp, *n.*: sève (de plantes, etc.), *f.*; (*Am.*) aubier; niais, *m.*, niaise, *f.*; bête, *f.*
sâpa-je, **-jôu**, *n.*: (*mam.*) sapajou, *m.*
sâpan, **-wood**, *n.*: sapan, bois de sapan, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sapan, *m.*
sâp-colour, *n.*: couleur végétale, *f.* **-green**, *n.*: (*paint.*) vert de vessie, *m.* **-id**, *adj.*: sapide. **-idity**, **-idness**, *n.*: sapidité, *f.*
sâpi-enee, *n.*: sagesse, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: sage; qui prétend sagesse, pédantesque. **-ential**, *adj.*: (*rel.*) sapientiaux, *adj.*, *m. pl.* **-ently**, *adv.*: sagement, avec prétention de sagesse.
sâp-less, *adj.*: sans sève; sec; desséché. **-ling**, *n.*: plant; plantard; plançon, *m.*
sâpodilla, *n.*: sapote, sapotille, *f.*
sâpo-nâceous, *adj.*: saponacé. **-nification**, *n.*: saponification, *f.* **-nify**, *tr. and intr.*: saponifier; se saponifier.
sâpor, *n.*: saveur, *f.* **-ific**, *adj.*: sapor-

fique. **săp-er-ous**, *adj.*: sapide, qui a du goût, qui a de la saveur.

sapôta, *n.*: (bot.) sapotier, sapotillier, *m.*; (fruit) sapote, sapotille, *f.*

săpper, *n.*: (milit.) sapeur, *m.*

săpphic, *n.*: saphique, *m.*

săpphire, *n.*: saphir, *m.*

săpphirine, *adj.*: de saphir, ressemblant au saphir.

săp-piness, *n.*: abondance de sève, *f.* -**py**, *adj.*: plein de sève; de sève; sèveux; (foolish) sot.

săraband, *n.*: sarabande, *f.*

Săra-eon, *adj.*: sarrasin; *n.*: Sarrasin, *m.*

-**eenic**, *adj.*: sarracénique; (arch.) sarrasin.

sărcasm, *n.*: sarcasme, *m.*

sărcăstic, -**al**, *adj.*: sarcastique. -**ally**, *adv.*: avec sarcasme; d'une manière sarcastique.

săreenet, *n.*: florence, *m.*

săr-co (in words much like corresponding French words, as): -**cœele**, *n.*: sarco-cèle, *m.* -**cœlogical**, *adj.*: de la sarcologie.

-**cœlogy**, *n.*: sarcologie, *f.*

-**cōma**, *n.*: (med.) sarcome, *m.* -**cōma-**

tous, *adj.*: (med.) sarcomeux. -**cō-**

phagous, *adj.*: carnivore. -**cōpha-**

gus, *n.*: sarcophage, *m.* 1. -**cōtic**, *adj.*:

sarcotique. 2. -**cotic**, *n.*: sarcotique, *m.*

sărd, **sărdoin**, *n.*: (min.) sardoine, *f.*

sărdine, *n.*: (ichth.) sardine, *f.*

Sardinian, *adj.*: sarde; *n.*: Sarde, *m.*, *f.*

săr-dō-nian, -**dō-nic**, *adj.*: sardonique;

sardonien.

sărdonyx, *n.*: sardonix, sardoine, *f.*

săr-mentō-se, -**mōntous**, *adj.*: (bot.)

sarmenteux.

sărpl'er, *n.*: serpillière, *f.*

sărrasine, *n.*: (fort.) sarrasine, *f.*

sarsaparilla, *n.*: salsepareille, *f.*

sărsenet = *sarcenet*.

1. **săsh**, *n.*: ceinture, écharpe, *f.* 2. **sash**,

tr.: parer d'une ceinture.

3. **săsh**, *n.*: (of a window) châssis, *m.*:

French —, croisée, *f.* 4. **sash**, *tr.*: munir

d'un châssis. -**frame**, *n.*: (carp.) châs-

sis dormant, *m.* -**window**, *n.*: fenêtre

à châssis, fenêtre à guillotine, *f.* -**work**,

n.: châssis, *m.*

săssafras, *n.*: (bot.) sassafras, *m.*

Să-tan, *n.*: Satan, *m.* **satānic**, -**tā-**

ic-al, *adj.*: satanique. **satānically**,

adv.: d'une manière satanique. -**tan-**

ism, *n.*: esprit satanique, *m.*

sătohel, *n.*: sachet, petit sac, *m.*; gibe-

cière, *f.*; (of lawyers) sac de procès,

sac, *m.*

săte, *tr.*: rassasier. -**less**, *adj.*: insati-

able.

sătel-lite, *n.*: satellite, *m.* -**lītious**,

adj.: de satellite.

1. **să-tiate**, *adj.*: rassasié. 2. -**tiate**, *tr.*:

rassasier.

satiety, *n.*: satiété, *f.*

1. **sătin**, *n.*: satin, *m.* 2. **satin**, *adj.*: de

satin; satiné. -**et**, *n.*: satinade, *f.* -**ing**,

n.: satinage, *m.* -**ribbon**, *n.*: ruban de

satin, *m.*

să-tire, *n.*: satire, *f.* -**tiric(al)**, *adj.*:

satirique. -**tirically**, *adv.*: satirique-

ment. -**tirise**, *tr.*: satiriser. -**tirist**,

n.: satirique, *m.*

satis-fac-tion, *n.*: satisfaction, *f.*; (dis-

charge) acquittement, *m.*; (amends) ré-

paration; (concession, apology) satisfac-

tion, raison, réparation, *f.*: give —, (please,

suit) donner de la satisfaction; (apolo-

gise) donner satisfaction; (fight) rendre

raison. -**făctōrily**, *adv.*: d'une manière

satisfaisante. -**făctōriness**, *n.*: pou-

voir de satisfaire; caractère satisfaisant,

m. -**făctōry**, *adj.*: satisfaisant, satis-

factoire. **sătis-fier**, *n.*: personne qui

satisfait, *f.* **sătis-fy**, *tr.*: satisfaire;

satisfaire à; contenter; (convince) con-

vaincre; (a debt) acquitter; (the appetite)

rassasier; *intr.*: satisfaire à: — *one's*

vengeance, assouvir sa vengeance; — *one's*

appetite, se rassasier; *be satisfied of*, être

convaincu de; *be satisfied with*, être satis-

fait de; être content de; *be rather more*

than satisfied, en avoir plus qu'assez.

sătrap, *n.*: satrape, *m.* -**al**, *adj.*: de

satrape. -**y**, *n.*: satrapie, *f.*

sătur-able, *adj.*: saturable. -**ant**, *adj.*:

saturant. -**ate**, *tr.*: saturer. -**ă-tion**,

n.: saturation, *f.*

Sătur-day, *n.*: samedi, *m.*

Săturn, *n.*: Saturne, *m.* -**ălia**, *n. pl.*:

saturnales, *f. pl.* -**ălian**, *adj.*: des

saturnales. **sătur-nian**, *adj.*: de

Saturne. -**ine**, *adj.*: sombre; taciturne.

sătyr, *n.*: satyre, *m.* -**iasis**, *n.*: (med.)

satyriasis, *m.* -**ion**, *n.*: (bot.) satyrion, *m.*

1. **său-ee**, *n.*: sauce; (insolence) insolence,

impertinence, gueule, *f.* 2. -**ee**, *tr.*: as-

saisonner; (the palate) flatter; (be im-

pudent to) dire des insolences à, dire des sot-

tises à. -**ec-boat**, *n.*: saucière, *f.* -**ec-**

box, *n.*: insolent, *m.*, insolente, *f.*; im-

pertinent, *m.*, impertinente, *f.* -**ee-pan**,

n.: casserole, *f.* -**eer**, *n.*: soucoupe, *f.*

-**cily**, *adv.*: insolemment; impertinem-

ment. -**ceiness**, *n.*: insolence; imperti-

nence, *f.*

sau-eisse, **sau-eisso'n sō**, *n.*: (milit.)

saucession, *m.*

său-ey, *adj.*: insolent; impertinent.

să-u-erkräut, *n.*: choucroute, *f.*

săunter, *intr.*: flâner; badauder; se

promener sans objet: — *away the time*,

perdre son temps à flâner. -**er**, *n.*:

flâneur, *m.*, flâneuse, *f.*; badaud, *m.*, ba-

dande, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *n.*: flânerie; badauderie, *f.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: de flâneur, de badaud.

sauria, *n.*, *pl.*: sauriens, *m. pl.* -**n**, *adj.*: saurien.

sausage, *n.*: saucisse, *f.*; saucisson, *m.* -**shapod**, *adj.*: (bot.) botuliforme.

1. **sáva-ge**, *adj.*: sauvage; féroce; barbare; farouche, furieux. 2. **-ge**, *n.*: sauvage, *m., f.* -**gely**, *adv.*: sauvagement, d'une manière sauvage; en sauvage; (*brutally*) brutalement. -**geness**, *n.*: état sauvage, *m.*; nature sauvage, nature barbare, nature farouche, *f.* -**gery**, *n.*: férocité; barbarie; (*of plants*) végétation sauvage, *f.* -**gism**, *n.*: sauvagerie, *f.*

savánna, *n.*: savane, *f.*

1. **sá-ve**, *tr.*: sauver; (*sparé*) épargner, éviter, sauver; (*put by*) réserver; (*economise*) économiser, ménager, épargner; (*not to lose*) ne pas manquer, ne pas perdre, arriver à temps pour; *intr.*: économiser: *in order to — the post*, pour ne pas manquer la poste; *God — the Queen!* Dieu sauve la reine! Vive la reine! 2. **-ve**, *prep.*: hormis; excepté; sinon; si ce n'est; sauf. -**ve-all**, *n.*: brûle-tout, *m.* -**vor**, *n.*: (liberator) sauveur, libérateur, *m.*, libératrice, *f.*; (economiser) économiste, ménager, *m.*, ménagère, *f.* 1. **-ving**, *n.*: épargne; économie; (*reservation*) réservation, *f.* 2. **-ving**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) économe, ménager; (*of things*) économique: — *grace*, grâce qui sauve. 3. **-ving**, *prep.*: sauf; excepté. -**vingly**, *adv.*: pour le salut; (*frugally*) avec économie; économiquement. -**vingness**, *n.*: épargne; économie, *f.*; (*biblically*) salut, *m.* -**ving-bank**, *n.*: caisse d'épargne, *f.* -**viour**, *n.*: Sauveur, *m.*

1. **sávor**, *n.*: saveur, *f.*; goût, *m.*; odeur, *f.* 2. **savor**, *tr.*: goûter avec plaisir; savourer; *intr.*: avoir le goût de; sentir. -**ily**, *adv.*: savoureusement; avec goût. -**iness**, *n.*: goût agréable, *m.*; bonne saveur, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: qui est sans goût, sans saveur; fade. 1. **-ly**, *adj.*: savoureux. 2. **-ly**, *adv.*: savoureusement; avec goût. 1. **-y**, *adj.*: savoureux; qui a de la saveur. 2. **-y**, *n.*: (bot.) sarriette, *f.*

sávor, etc. = *savor*, etc.

1. **sáur**, *n.*: (*saying*) proverbe; adage; dicton, *m.*: *an old —*, un vieux dicton.

2. **sáur**, *n.*: scie, *f.* 3. **saw**, *tr. and intr.*: scier; se scier. -**bones**, *n.*: (medical student) carabin, *m.* -**dust**, *n.*: sciure, *f.* -**fish**, *n.*: (ichth.) scie de mer, *f.* -**mill**, *n.*: scierie, *f.* -**pit**, *n.*: fosse de scieurs de long, *f.* -**yard**, *n.*: scierie, *f.* -**yer**, *n.*: scieur; scieur de long, *m.*: — *a block*, chantier, *m.*

sáx-atile, *adj.*: saxatile; de rocher.

-**ifrage**, *n.*: (bot.) saxifrage, *f.* -**ifragons**, *adj.*: saxifrage.

Sáxon, *adj.*: saxon, de Saxe; *n.*: Saxon, *m.*, Saxonne, *f.*; (*language*) Saxon, *m.*

1. **sây** (*pret.*, *part. said*), *tr.*: dire, parler; marquer; réciter: *I —!* dites donc! dis donc! *let us — no more about it*, n'en parlons plus; *they —*, on dit; *my watch — one o'clock*, ma montre marque une heure.

2. **say**, *n.*: dire; mot; mot à dire; ce qu'on a à dire, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: mot, proverbe, dicton, *m.*; sentence, maxime, expression, *f.*: *as the — is*, comme on dit.

scáb, *n.*: croûte; gale, rogne, *f.*

scábbard, *n.*: fourreau, *m.*; gaine, *f.* -**maker**, *n.*: gainier, *m.*

scáb-bed, *adj.*: couvert de plaies; galeux; (*vile*) vil. -**bedness**, *n.*: état galeux, *m.* -**by**, *adj.*: couvert de plaies; galeux.

scabellum, *n.*: (arch.) scabellon, *m.*

1. **scábious**, *adj.*: scabieux. 2. **scabi-ous**, *n.*: (bot.) scabieuse, *f.*

scábrous, *adj.*: scabreux; raboteux. -**ness**, *n.*: nature scabreuse, *f.*

1. **scáffold**, *n.*: échafaud, *m.*: *ascend the —*, monter sur l'échafaud. 2. **scáffold**, *tr.*: échafauder; mettre un échafaud à;

(*fig.*) soutenir, supporter. -**age**, *n.*: échafaudage, *m.*; estrade, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: échafaudage, *m.*; estrade; (*fig.*) charpente, *f.* -**pole**, *n.*: perche d'échafaudage, *f.*

scagliola, *n.*: (kind of stucco) scagliola, *m.*

scálable, *adj.*: que l'on peut escalader. 1. **scáld**, *adj.*: galeux.

2. **scáld**, *tr.*: échauder; brûler; faire bouillir: — *one's self*, s'échauder; se brûler;

— *one's hand*, s'échauder la main. 3. **scáld**, *n.*: brûlure; (*med.*) teigne, *f.*: — *head*, teigne. 1. **-ing**, *n.*: action d'échauder; brûlure, *f.*: — *house*, — *tub*,

échaudoir, *m.*; — *in the urine*, ardeur d'urine, chaude-pisse, *f.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: bouillant: — *hot*, tout bouillant.

1. **scále**, *n.*: (balance) bassin, plateau, *m.*; (*pair of*) — *a balance*, *f.* 2. **scale**, *tr.*: peser, mesurer.

3. **scále**, *n.*: échelle, *f.*; (*gradation*, *mus.*, *math.*, *geog.*) échelle; (*milit.*) escalade

sliding —, échelle mobile; *on a large —*, sur une grande échelle. 4. **scale**, *tr.*: (climb) escalader.

5. **scále**, *n.*: (*of fish*) écaille; (*bot.*) écaille, *f.* 6. **scale**, *tr.*: écailer; (*a cannon*) souffler; *intr.*: s'écailer. -**d**, *adj.*: écailé, écailleux. -**less**, *adj.*: sans écailles.

scále-maker, *n.*: balancier, fabricant de balances, *m.*

1. **scalô-ne**, *adj.*: (*geom.*) scalène; (*cone*) oblique. 2. **-ne**, *n.*: (*geom.*) triangle scalène, *m.*

scáliness, *n.*: nature écailleuse, *f.*

scáling, *n.*: (*climbing*) escalade, *f.*, (*peel-*

ing off) écaillage, m. -ladder, n.: échelle de siège, f.

scall, n.: teigne, f. -ed, adj.: teigneux.

scallion, n.: ciboule, f.

1. scallop, n.: pétoncle; coquille; (notching) dentelure, f.; (in needlework) feston, m. 2. scallop, tr.: denteler; (in needlework) festonner.

2. scalp, n.: cuir chevelu; crâne; os frontal; (fig.) front, m. 2. scalp, tr.: scalper. -el, n.: (surg.) scalpel, m. -er, n.: (surg.) rugine, f.; (Am.) "scalpeur," vendeur de billets de chemins de fer à prix réduits, revendeur de billets, m. -ing, n.: action de scalper, f. -ing-knife, n.: couteau à scalper, m.

scally, adj.: écailleux; à écailles; (stingy) chiche.

scammony, n.: (bot.) scammonée, f.

scamp, n.: chenapan, mauvais sujet, m.; canaille, f.: young —, petit polisson, m. -er, intr.: courir — off, — away, détalier; décamper lestement; s'en aller bien vite.

scan, tr.: examiner minutieusement; scruter; mesurer des yeux; (verses) scander.

scandal, n.: scandale, m.; honte; médisance, f.: raise —, faire du scandale; be a — to, être une honte pour. -ise, tr.: scandaliser; (defame) médire de, diffamer. -ising, adj.: scandaleux. -monger, n.: médisant; colporteur de médisances, m. -ous, adj.: scandaleux; honteux; diffamatoire, médisant. -ously, adv.: scandaleusement; honteusement; avec médisance. -ousness, n.: caractère scandaleux, scandale, m.

scandent, adj.: (bot.) grimpant. -ning, n.: examen minutieux, m.; (in poetry) action de scander, prosodie, f. -sion, n.: action de scander, f.

1. scant, adj.: insuffisant, pauvre, étroit, chétif; parcimonieux. 2. scant, tr.: restreindre, rétrécir, resserrer; intr.: (nav.) (of the wind) refuser; diminuer, faiblir. -ily, adv.: (narrowly) étroitement, d'une manière rétrécie; (insufficiently) faiblement, d'une manière insuffisante, peu abondamment, chétivement, mesquinement. -iness, n.: (narrowness) étroitesse, f., état rétréci, m., limites étroites, f. pl.; (insufficiency) faiblesse, insuffisance, mesquinerie, f.

scantle, tr.: couper en morceaux. -ing, n.: faible quantité, f.; fragment, m.; (nav.) échantillon, m.; (carp.) volige, f.

scantly = -ily, -iness, n.: -tiness. -ty, adv.: étroit, rétréci, étrié; (poor, insufficient) faible, insuffisant, chétif, mesquin; (of the hair) clairsemé: — of, sobre de; avare de.

1. scape, n.: (bot.) hampe; (arch.) apo-physe.

2. scape, intr.: échapper. 3. scape, n.: évaison; mauvaise excuse, f., prétexte, m. -goat, n.: bouc émissaire, m. -grace, n.: vaurien, mauvais garnement, m. -ment, n.: (horl.) échappement, m.

scapu-la, n.: omoplate, f. -lar, adj.: scapulaire. -lary, n.: scapulaire, m.

1. scar, n.: cicatrice; balafre, f. 2. scar, tr.: faire une cicatrice à; cicatriser; balafre. 3. scar, n.: (ichth.) scare, m.

scârab, -ge, n.: (ent.) scarabée, m.

scâ ramouch, n.: scamouche, m.

scâre-e, adj.: rare. -ely, adv.: à peine; presque pas; difficilement: — erer, presque jamais. -eness, -ity, n.: rareté; disette, f.

scâre, tr.: effrayer, épouvanter, effa-roucher. -crêw, n.: épouvantail, m.; (orn.) guifette noire, f.

1. scârf (pl. scarfs), n.: écharpe, f.; (carp.) assemblage, m. 2. scârf, tr.: nouer en écharpe; (carp.) assembler. -ed, adj.: paré d'une écharpe; (carp.) assemblé. -ing, n.: (carp.) assemblage, m. -skin, n.: épiderme, m.

scarification, n.: scarification, f.

scarificator, n.: scarificateur, m. -fier, n.: (thing.) scarificateur; (pers.) chirurgien qui scarifie, m. -fy, tr.: scarifier, m.

scâr-lâti-na, n.: fièvre scarlatine; scarlatine, f. -lâtinous, adj.: écarlate; (med.) de scarlatine.

1. scâr-let, adj.: écarlate; vermeil; (med.) scarlatine. 2. -let, n.: écarlate, f. -let-fever, n.: fièvre scarlatine, f. -let-runner, n.: haricot rouge, m.

scârp, n.: (fort.) escarpe; (her.) écharpe, f.

scârus, n.: (ichth.) scare, m.

scâtoch, n.: escache, f.

scâte, -r = skate, -r.

1. scâth, n.: dommage; mal, m. 2. scâth, scâthe, tr.: endommager; nuire à. -less, adj.: sans dommage; sans perte.

1. scâtter, tr.: disperser; répandre; dissiper; éparpiller. 2. scatter, intr.: se disperser; se répandre. -ed, adj.: dispersé; répandu; dissipé; éparpillé. -ing, adj.: épars; éparpillé. -ingly, adv.: éparsement, d'une manière épars; de loin en loin, de loin à loin; çà et là.

scâvenger, n.: boueur; balayeur, m.

scène, n.: scène, f.; (place) théâtre, m.; (theat.) scène, décoration, f.: —s, (theat.) décors, m. pl. -ry, n.: scène; vue; perspective, f.; paysage, m.; (theat.) scène, f., décorations, f. pl., décors, m. pl.

scên-ic, -ical, adj.: scénique. -ograph-

ic(al), *adj.*: scénographique. **-ograpically**, *adv.*: scénographiquement. **-ography**, *n.*: scénographie, *f.*

1.scént, *tr.*: parfumer; (*of animals*) sentir, flairer. **2.scent**, *n.*: odeur; senteur, *f.*; parfum, *m.*; (*track*) piste; (*of the boar*) trace, *f.*; (*of the dog*) nez, *m.*; (*of the stag*) voie, *f.*: upon the right —, sur la voie; on the wrong —, en défaut. **-bottle**, *n.*: flacon à odeur, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: cassette; boîte à parfums, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: inodore; sans odeur, sans parfum.

1.scép-tic, *n.*: sceptique, *m., f.* **2.-tic**, **-tical**, *adj.*: sceptique. **-tically**, *adv.*: sceptiquement; avec scepticisme. **-ticism**, *n.*: scepticisme, *m.*

1.scép-tre, *n.*: sceptre, *m.* **2.-tre**, *tr.*: revêtir d'un sceptre. **-tred**, *adj.*: portant le sceptre.

1.schédule, *n.*: rouleau, *m.*; liste, *f.*; inventaire; (*com.*) bilan, *m.*: file a —, déposer son bilan. **2.schedule**, *tr.*: mettre sur la liste.

1.sché-me, *n.*: plan; project, *m.* **2.-me**, *tr.* and *intr.*: projeter; faire des projets. **-mer**, *n.*: faiseur de projets; homme à projets, intrigant, *m.* **-ming**, *adj.*: à projets; qui fait des projets.

schism, *n.*: schisme, *m.* **1.-atic**, *n.*: schismatique, *m., f.* **2.-atic**, **-atical**, *adj.*: schismatique. **-atically**, *adv.*: en schismatique. **-aticness**, *n.*: disposition schismatique, *f.* **-atise**, *intr.*: faire schisme. **-less**, *adj.*: sans schisme.

schist, *n.*: (min.) schiste, *m.* **-ic**, **-ous**, *adj.*: schisteux.

schôlar, *n.*: écolier, *m.*, écolière, *f.*; disciple, *m.*; élève, *m., f.*; (*learned person*) érudit, *m.*, érudite, *f.*; homme instruit, savant, *m.*, savante, *f.*; (*at public schools*) boursier, *m.*: good Latin —, bon latiniste, *m.* **1.-like**, *adj.*: d'écolier; d'érudit, de savant; savant. **-ship**, *n.*: érudition, *f.*; savoir, *m.*; (*at public schools*) bourse, *f.*

1.scholâs-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: scolastique. **-tio**, *n.*: scolastique, *m.* **-tically**, *adv.*: scolastiquement. **-ticism**, *n.*: scolastique, *f.*

schôli-ast, *n.*: scolaste, *m.* **-am**, *n.*: scolie, *f.*; (*math.*) scolie, *m.*

1.schôl, *n.*: école; pension; institution, *f.*; pensionnat, *m.*; classe, salle, *f.*: infant —, salle d'asile; national —, école communale; at —, en pension; à école. **2.school**, *tr.*: enseigner, instruire; (*reprimand*) réprimander, faire la leçon à. **-boy**, *n.*: écolier, *m.*: still a —, encore sur les bancs, encore au collège. **-day**, *n.*: jour de classe, *m.* —s, temps des études, *m. sing.*; études, *f. pl.* **-fellow**, *n.*: camarade de pension, de classe, d'école

m., f.; condisciple, *m.* **-girl**, *n.*: écolière, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: instruction; (*reprimand*) réprimande, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: savant; philosophe, scolastique, *m.* **-master**, *n.*: maître d'école, maître de pension; chef d'institution, *m.* **-mistress**, *n.*: maîtresse d'école, maîtresse de pension, *f.* **-time**, *n.*: classe, *f.*; temps de la classe, *m.*

schôoner, *n.*: (nav.) goélette, *f.* **sci-agrâphic(al)**, *adj.*: de la sciographie. **-agraphy**, *n.*: sciographie, sciographie, *f.*

sciâtic, *adj.*: sciatique. **-a**, *n.*: sciatique, *f.*

scien-ce, *n.*: science, *f.* **sciôn-tial**, *adj.*: qui produit la science. **-tifo**, **-tificial**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) de science, savant; (*of things*) scientifique. **-tificially**, *adv.*: scientifiqnement.

scimitar, *n.*: cimeterre, *m.* **scintil-lant**, *adj.*: scintillant. **-late**, *intr.*: scintiller. **-lâtion**, *n.*: scintillation, *f.*

scio-lism, *n.*: connaissance superficielle. **-list**, *n.*: demi-savant, *m.* **scion**, *n.*: (bot.) scion, *m.*

1.sciôp-tic, *adj.*: scioptique. **2.-tic**, **-trio**, *adj.*: scioptique. **-tics**, *n.*: science scioptique, *f.*

scirrô-sity, *n.*: squirrosité, *f.*; endurcissement squirreux, *m.* **scirrhus**, **schirrhus**, *n.*: squirre, *m.*

scis-sible, **-sile**, *adj.*: scissilé; sé-cable. **-sion**, *n.*: scission; séparation, *f.* **-sors**, *n. pl.*: ciseaux, *m. pl.*: pair of —, paire de ciseaux, *f.*; — sheath, étui à ciseaux, *m.*

Slav ... = Slav ...

scîlér (in words much like corresponding French words, as): **-ophthâlmia**, *n.*: sclerophthalmie, *f.* **1.-ôtic**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) sclérotical. **2.-otic**, *n.*: sclérotique, *f.*; etc.

scôb-îform, *adj.*: scobiforme. **-s**, *n. pl.*: râpures, scories, *f. sing.*

1.scôff, *n.*: raillerie; moquerie, *f.* **2.scoff**, *tr.*: railler; se moquer de; se rira de; *intr.*: railler; se moquer: why do you — at me? pourquoi vous moquez-vous de moi? **-er**, *n.*: railleur, *m.*, railleuse, *f.*; moqueur, *m.*, moqueuse, *f.* **1.-ing**, *n.*: raillerie, *f.* **2.-ing**, *adj.*: railleur. **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec raillerie, avec moquerie.

1.scôld, *intr.*: gronder; crier; *tr.*: gronder; crier après; crier après. **2.scold**, *n.*: grondeur, *m.*, grondeuse, crialleuse, mégère; (*scolding*) gronderie, *f.* **1.-ing**, *n.*: gronderie, criallerie, *f.* **2.-ing**, *adj.*: grondeur; crialleur. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en grondant; en crialant.

scôllop = scallop.

scolopén-dra, n.: (ent.) scolopendre, f.
-drium, n.: (bot.) scolopendre vraie, doradille, f.

scônee, n.: chandelier à bras, candélabre, m.; (head) caboche, f.

1.scôop, n.: grande cuiller; (nav.) écope, escoupe; (for cheese) sonde, f.; (for coal) pelle à charbon, f.; (of brewers) fourquet; (stroke) coup, m. **2.scôop**, tr.: vider; ôter, évider: — out, enlever, ôter (en creusant, en puisant); creuser; évider.
-er, n.: personne qui évide, qui vide, qui creuse, f.

scôpe, n.: (aim) but, m., visée, f.; dessein, m., vue, f.; (space) espace, m., place, f.; (liberty) liberté, carrière, f., essor, m.: have — enough, avoir assez de place, d'espace; have full —, avoir libre carrière; avoir liberté entière.

scorbûtie, -al -ô, adj.: scorbutique.
-ally, adv.: par le scorbut.

scôroh, tr. and intr.: roussir, brûler, rôtir. **-ing**, adj.: brûlant, ardent, très chaud: — hot, tout brûlant.

1.scô-re, n.: (notch) entaille, coche; (mus.) partition; (line) ligne, f., trait; (motive) motif, m., raison, f.; chapitre; compte; (bill) compte, écot; (twenty) vingt, m., vingtaine, f.: on that —, sur ce chapitre, à cet égard; on the — of, sur l'article de; à titre de; en raison de; upon what —? à quel titre? en vertu de quoi? **2.-re**, tr.: faire une coche à, entailler; marquer; (as a debt) porter sur un compte; (mus.) orchestrer. **-rer**, n.: marqueur, m.

scôri-a (pl. scorîæ), n.: scorie, f. **-âceous**, adj.: scorifié. **-ficâtîon**, n.: scorification, f. **-fy**, tr.: scorifier.

scôring, n.: (mus.) orchestration, f.

1.scôrn, n.: mépris, dédain; (subject of contempt) objet de dédain, m.: laugh to —, couvrir de honte et de mépris. **2.scôrn**, tr.: dédaigner (to, de); mépriser; intr.: dédaigner; mépriser: — at, montrer du mépris pour; traiter avec mépris; railler; — to fly, dédaigner de fuir; — to tell a lie, mépriser le mensonge. **-er**, n.: personne qui méprise, f.; railleur, m., railleuse, f. **-ful**, adj.: méprisant; dédaigneux. **-fully**, adv.: dédaigneusement; avec mépris; avec dédain. **-fulness**, n.: caractère méprisant, caractère dédaigneux, m. **-ing**, n.: mépris; dédain, m.

scôrpiôn, n.: (ent.) scorpion, m. **-grass**, n.: (bot.) myosotis, m.; grémillet, m. **-wort**, n.: (bot.) herbe au scorpion, f.

scôrtatory, adj.: de libertinage; de débauche.

scôt, n.: écot, m.; contribution, f.: pay — and lot, payer les contributions communales.

Scôt, n.: Ecosais, m., Ecosaise, f. **-ch**,

adj.: écosais: — man, Ecosais, m.; — woman, Ecosaise, f.

1.scôth, tr.: (tech.) arrêter; (a wheel) enrayer. **2.scôth**, n.: (of a wheel) enrayer, f.; (tech.) arrêt, m.

3.scôth, tr.: entamer, taillader. **4.scôth**, n.: taillade, f.

5.Scôth, adj.: écosais, d'Ecosse; n.: (lang.) écosais, m.

scôth-hopper, n.: (game) marelle, f.

scôter, n.: (orni.) macreuse, f.

scôt-free, adj.: exempt de paiement; exempt de contribution; sans frais; (unhurt) sain et sauf.

scôtia, n.: (arch.) scotie, f.

Scôt-ticism, n.: idiotisme écosais, m. **-tish**, adj.: écosais.

1.scôundrel, n.: misérable; scélérat; drôle; gueux, m.; canaille, f. **2.scoundrel**, adj.: scélérat; misérable; de drôle. **-ism**, n.: scélératesse, f.

1.scôur, tr.: écurer; nettoyer; dégraisser; (articles of dress) dégraisser; (purge) purger; (room) parcourir; (pass quickly over) raser; (a room) nettoyer; (coppers) écurer. **2.scour**, intr.: écurer; nettoyer; (rove) courir; (be purged) avoir le dévoiement. **-er**, n.: écurer, m., écurieuse, f.; nettoyeur, m., nettoyeuse, f.; (of articles of dress) dégraisseur, m., dégraisseur, f.; coureur; (purgation) violent purgatif, m.

1.scôur-ge, n.: fouet; fléau, m. **2.-ge**, tr.: fouetter; flageller; châtier; affliger. **-ger**, n.: flagellateur, fléau, m.; personne qui afflige; chose qui afflige, f. **-ging**, n.: flagellation, f.

scôuring, n.: écurage, nettoyage; (of articles of dress) dégraisage, m.; (purging) diarrhée, f.

1.scôut, n.: éclaireur, m.; vedette, f. **2.scout**, intr.: aller en éclaireur; aller à la découverte.

3.scôut, tr.: rejeter; repousser avec indignation.

scôvel, n.: écouvillon, m.

1.scôwl, intr.: se refragner; froncer le sourcil. **2.scowl**, n.: refronnement; froncement de sourcil; air refragné; sombre regard; aspect menaçant, m. **-ing**, adj.: refragné, renfrogné. **-ingly**, adv.: d'un air refragné; avec un aspect menaçant.

scrâbble, intr. and tr.: gribouiller.

scrâg, n.: corps décharné; (of meat) bout saigneux, m. **-ged**, **-gy**, adj.: décharné; inégal; rude; raboteux. **-gily**, adv.: avec maigreur; avec rudesse. **-ginness**, n.: état décharné, état raboteux, m.; inégalité; rudesse, f.

1.scrâm-ble, intr.: avancer à l'aide des pieds et des mains; (of children) jouer à

la gribouillette: — *for*, chercher à attraper, à saisir, tâcher d'empoigner, se battre pour avoir; — *up*, grimper. 2. **-ble**, *n.*: action de grimper; dispute pour avoir; (*among children*) gribouillette, *f.* **-bler**, *n.*: personne qui grimpe, *f.*; chercheur, *m.*; personne qui cherche à empoigner, qui se bat pour avoir, *f.* **-bling** = 2. **-ble**. **scranch**, *tr.*: broyer avec les dents; croquer.

scráp, *n.*: morceau; fragment; (*of paper*) chiffon, bout, *m.*; — *s*, (*remains*) restes, *m. pl.*; — *bribes*, *f. pl.* **-book**, *n.*: album, *m.*

1. **scrá-pe**, *tr.*: gratter; décrotter; racle; ratisser; (*chem.*) décaper; (*engr.*) ébarber; (*the fiddle*) racle: — *one's shoes*, décrotter ses souliers; — *up, together*, ramasser; — *off*, gratter; *intr.*: gratter; (*play the fiddle*) racle: *bow and —*, faire des salamales. 2. **-pe**, *n.*: coup de grattoir; grattage; frottement, *m.*; (*difficulty*) affaire, *f.*, embarras, guépier, boubier, *m.*; (*bow*) révérence, *f.*: *get into a —*, s'attirer une affaire; se mettre dans l'embarras; se mettre dedans. **-pe-penny**, *n.*: grippe-sou, *m.* **-per**, *n.*: grattoir; racleur, *m.*; ratissoire; (*tech.*) curette, *f.*; (*engr.*) ébarboir; (*for shoes*) décrotoir; (*on a fiddle*) racleur, *m.* **-ping**, *n.*: ratisserie, *f.*; grattage; frottement; racle, *m.*; rature, *f.*

1. **scrá-tch**, *tr. and intr.*: gratter; égratigner: *she —ed out his eyes*, elle lui arracha les yeux avec ses ongles; — *out*, raturer; rayer; barrer, effacer. 2. **scratch**, *n.*: égratignure, *f.*; coup d'ongle, *m.*; (*wig*) tignasse, *f.*: *old —*, le diable, *m.*; *come to the —*, en venir au fait et au prendre. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui égratigne, qui gratte; chose qui gratte, *f.*; (*instrument*) grattoir, *m.*

1. **scrá-wl**, *tr. and intr.*: griffonner; barbouiller. 2. **scrawl**, *n.*: griffonnage; barbouillage, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: griffonneur, *m.*, griffonneuse, *f.*; barbouilleur, *m.*, barbouilleuse, *f.*

scráy, *n.*: (*orni.*) hirondelle de mer, *f.*

1. **scréak**, *intr.*: crier. 2. **scream**, *n.*: cri; cri aigu, *m.*

1. **scréam**, *intr.*: crier; pousser un cri: — *out*, pousser un cri, des cris; jeter les hauts cris. 2. **scream**, *n.*: cri; cri perçant, *m.*: *give a —*, jeter un cri. 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: aigu; (*pers.*) qui crie. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: cris, *m. pl.*

1. **scréech**, *intr.*: crier; jeter un cri; pousser un cri; (*sing badly*) glapir. 2. **screech**, *n.*: cri; cri aigu, *m.* **-owl**, *n.*: (*orni.*) chat-huant, *m.*, chouette, *f.*

1. **scréen**, *n.*: paravent; écran, *m.*; (*sieve*) claie, *f.*; (*of an altar*) arrière-dos, *m.*;

(*arch.*) boiserie, grille; (*fig.*) défense, *f.*: *folding —*, paravent à feuilles, *m.*; *fire —*, *hand —*, écran. 2. **screen**, *tr.*: mettre à couvert; abriter; mettre à l'abri; (*sift*) passer à la claie.

1. **scrēw**, *n.*: vis, *f.*; (*pers.*) pince-maille, *m.*; (*nav.*) hélice; vis d'Archimède, *f.* 2. **screw**, *tr.*: visser; (*press*) presser, serrer; (*oppress*) opprimer, pressurer; (*distort*) déformer; — *down*, visser; fermer à vis; (*oppress*) opprimer, pressurer: — *in*, faire entrer en vissant; — *one's self in*, se glisser dedans; — *up*, fermer à vis; visser. **-arbor**, *n.*: axe de vis, *m.* **-bolt**, *n.*: boulon à vis, *m.* **-cap**, *n.*: bouchon à vis, *m.* **-driver**, *n.*: tournevis, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à vis. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui visse; chose qui visse, *f.* **-jack**, *n.*: (*tech.*) cric, *m.* **-making**, *n.*: fabrication de vis, *f.* **-nail**, *n.*: clou à vis, *m.* **-nut**, *n.*: écrou de vis, *m.* **-plate**, *n.*: filière, *f.* **-plug**, *n.*: cheville vissée, *f.*; tampon à vis, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: bâtiment, vaisseau à hélice, *m.* **-wheel**, *n.*: roue-vis, *f.* **-worm**, *n.*: filet de vis, *m.*

1. **scrib-ble**, *tr. and intr.*: griffonner, barbouiller. 2. **-ble**, *n.*: griffonnage; barbouillage, *m.* **-bler**, *n.*: griffonneur, *m.*, griffonneuse, *f.*; barbouilleur, *m.*, barbouilleuse, *f.*; écrivassier, *m.* **-bling**, *n.*: griffonnage, barbouillage, *m.*

1. **scribe**, *n.*: scribe; écrivain, *m.* 2. **scribe**, *tr.*: écrire, graver; (*carp.*) étriquer.

1. **scrip**, *n.*: petit sac, besace, *m.* 2. **scrip**, *n.*: petit écrit, *m.*; certificat; liste, *f.*; chiffon (de papier), *m.*; (*fin.*) action provisoire; inscription; écriture; (*print.*) anglaise, *f.* **-tory**, *adj.*: écrit; par écrit. **-tural**, *adj.*: de l'Écriture Sainte; scriptural. **-ture**, *n.*: Écriture Sainte; Écriture, *f.* **-tural**, **-turalist**, *n.*: personne versée dans l'Écriture Sainte, *f.*

scrivener, *n.*: notaire; courtier, *m.*

scrófu-la, *n.*: scrofules; écrouelles, *f. pl.* **-lous**, *adj.*: scrofuleux.

scróll, *n.*: rouleaux; (*arch.*) enroulement, *m.*

scrótum, *n.*: (*anat.*) scrotum, *m.*

1. **scrúb**, *tr.*: frotter fort; laver, écurer; *intr.*: travailler fort; s'éreinter; — *hard for a living*, gagner sa vie péniblement. 2. **scrub**, *n.*: souffre-douleur; homme de rien; pauvre diable, *m.*; chose de rien, *f.* **-bing-brush**, *n.*: brosse à écurer, *f.* **-by**, *adj.*: mauvais; méchant; misérable.

1. **scrú-ple**, *n.*: scrupule; (*weight*) scrupule, *m.*: *without a —*, sans scrupule. 2. **-ple**, *intr.*: se faire scrupule; se faire

un scrupule; balancer; hésiter. **-pler**, n.: scrupuleux, m., scrupuleuse, f. **-pulosity** *scrû-*, n.: scrupule, m. **-pulous**, adj.: scrupuleux: *over-*, trop scrupuleux; métiçuleux. **-pulosly**, adj.: scrupuleusement. **-pulousness**, n.: scrupule, m.

scrû-table, adj.: qu'on peut scruter. **-tator**, n.: scrutateur, m. **-tinise**, tr.: scruter; examiner à fond; rechercher. **-tiniser**, n.: scrutateur, m. **-tinising**, adj.: scrutateur. **-tiny**, n.: examen sévère, m.; recherche minutieuse, f.; scrutin, m.

scrutoire *-tuw'r*, n.: pupitre pour écrire, m.

1.scûd, intr.: s'enfuir; se sauver; (nav.) faire vent arrière, courir devant le vent: — *under bare poles*, courir à sec, courir à mâts et à cordes. **2.scud**, n.: (*thin cloud*) léger nuage chassé par le vent, m.; (*flight*) course rapide, f.

1.scû-ffe, intr.: lutter, se battre, se houspiller. **2.-ffe**, n.: lutte, bagarre, rixe, f. **-ffler**, n.: lutteur, m. **-ffing**, n.: lutte, f.

scûlk, intr.: se cacher; se tenir caché: — *after*, suivre à la dérobée. **-er**, n.: personne qui se cache, f.; (*fig.*) lâche, cagnard, m. **-ing**, adj.: qui se cache: — *fellow*, lâche, cagnard, m. **-place**, n.: cachette, f.

1.scûll = *skull*.

2.scûll, n.: aviron à couple, m.; godille, f. **3.scûll**, tr.: godiller. **-er**, n.: godilleur; (*boat*) batelet, canot, m.

scûllery, n.: lavoir de cuisine, m.: — *maid*, fille de cuisine; souillon, f.

scûllion, n.: marmiton; laveur de vaisselle, m., laveuse de vaisselle, f. **-ly**, adj.: de marmiton; vil; bas.

scûlp-tor, n.: sculpteur, m. **1.-ture**, n.: sculpture; ciselure, f. **2.-ture**, tr.: sculpter; ciseler. **-tured**, adj.: sculpté; ciselé.

1.scûm, n.: écume; (*metal*) scorie, crasse, f.; (*refuse*) rebut, m.; lie, f.: *the — of the people*, la lie du peuple, f. **2.scum**, tr.: écumer. **-mer**, n.: écumoire, f. **-ming**, n.: action d'écumer, f.; écumage, m.; — *s*, écume, f. sing.

scûpper, **-hole**, n.: (*nav.*) dalot, m. **-hose**, n.: cuir des dalots, m.

scûrf, n.: croûte; (*med.*) desquamation farineuse, f. **-iness**, n.: état dartreux, m. **-y**, adj.: dartreux.

scûrrier, n.: coureur, m.

scûr-rile, adj.: bouffon, grossier, indécent. **-rility**, n.: scurrilité, grossièreté; incivilité; malhonnêteté; indécence; raillerie grossière, f. **-rilous**, adj.: grossier; incivil; malhonnête; indécent. **-ril-**

ously, adv.: grossièrement; malhonnêtement; indécemment. **-rilousness** = *scurrility*.

scûrry, intr.: courir rapidement, se hâter, s'enfuir.

scûr-vily, adv.: bassement, indignement, vilement; (*stingily*) avec laderie. **-viness**, n.: état scorbutique; (*fig.*) caractère vil, m.; (*stinginess*) laderie, f. **1.-vy**, adj.: atteint du scorbut; scorbutique; (*vile, mean*) vil, méprisable; (*stingy*) ladre. **2.-vy**, n.: scorbut, m. **-vy-grass**, n.: (*bot.*) cochléaria; cranson, m.

scût, n.: queue, f. **-age**, n.: écuage, m. **scûtheon** = *escutcheon*.

scûtiform *-ô*, adj.: scutiforme.

1.scûttle, n.: panier; seau: *coal —*, panier à charbon, seau, m. **2.scûttle**, n.: (*nav.*) écoutille, f. **3.scûttle**, tr.: (*nav.*) couler bas, couler à fond. **4.scûttle**, intr.: aller à pas précipités. **5.scûttle**, n.: pas précipité, m.

scÿthe, n.: faux, f.

Scÿthian, adj.: des Scythes; n.: Scythe, m., f.

sêa, n.: mer, f.; (*wave*) coup de mer, m., lame; (*large quantity*) multitude, f., déluge, m., mer, f.: *beyond the —s*, outre mer; au delà des mers; *half —s over*, à demi ivre; dans les vignes du seigneur; entre deux vins; *skip a —*, recevoir un coup de mer; *rough —*, grosse mer; mer houleuse; *on the high —s*, sur la haute mer; *on the open —*, en pleine mer. **-adder**, n.: (*ichth.*) couleuvre de mer, f. **-anemone**, n.: (*zool.*) anémone de mer, f. **-ape**, n.: singe de mer, m. **-bank**, n.: rivage de la mer; môle, brise-lames, m. **-bat**, n.: poisson volant, m. **-bear**, n.: ours blanc, ours polaire, ours marin, m. **-beard**, n.: barbe de mer, f. **-boat**, n.: navire qui se comporte bien à la mer, m. **-born**, adj.: né de la mer; né sur mer. **-bound**, adj.: borné par la mer. **-boy**, n.: novice; mousse, m. **-breach**, n.: irruption de la mer, f. **-breeze**, n.: brise de mer, f. **-built**, adj.: bâti pour la mer. **-calf**, n.: veau marin, m. **-card**, n.: rose de vents, f. **-chart**, n.: carte marine, f. **-chest**, n.: coffre de bord, m. **-coast**, n.: côte de la mer, f. **-cormorant**, n.: corbeau de mer; cormoran, m. **-devil**, n.: (*ichth.*) bandroie, f. **-dog**, n.: (*mam.*) phoque, veau marin, m. **-encircled**, adj.: entouré par la mer. **-farer**, n.: homme de mer, m. **-faring**, adj.: marin; de marin; — *man*, marin, m. **-fennel**, n.: (*bot.*) fenouil marin, m. **-fight**, n.: combat naval, m. **-fish**, poisson de mer, m. **-fowl**, n.: oiseau de mer, m. **-fox**, n.:

(*ichth.*) renard marin, *m.* -**gauge**, *n.*: tirant d'eau, *m.* -**girt**, *adj.*: entouré de la mer. -**grass**, *n.*: herbe marine, *f.* -**green**, *n.*: vert de mer, *m.*; (*bot.*) saxifrage, *f.* -**green**, *adj.*: vert de mer, vert d'eau. -**gull**, *n.*: mouette, *f.* -**holm**, *n.*: petite île inhabitée, *f.* -**horse**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) hippocampe, cheval marin; (*mam.*) hippopotame; morse, *m.* -**king**, *n.*: roi des pirates, *m.*

1. **seal**, *n.*: cachet, sceau; (*jur.*) scellé: *the — of state*, les sceaux de l'Etat; *privy —*, petit sceau; *great —*, grand sceau; *affix the —*, apposer les scellés; *under one's —*, sous seing privé; *his writings bear the — of genius*, ses écrits sont marqués du sceau du génie. 2. **seal**, *tr.*: sceller; (*letters, parcels, etc.*) cacheter; (*shut*) fermer, clore; (*arch.*) sceller; *intr.*: mettre un sceau: — *up*, mettre le sceau à; sceller; (*letters, etc.*) cacheter. 3. **seal**, *n.*: (*mam.*) veau marin, phoque, *m.* -**legs**, *n. pl.*: pied marin, *m. sing.*

seal-er, *n.*: scelleur, *m.*; personne qui cache, *f.*

seal-fishery, *n.*: pêche de phoques.

-hunter, *n.*: pêcheur de phoques, *m.*

sealing, *n.*: action de sceller, de cacheter, *f.*; (*arch.*) scellement, *m.* -**wax**, *n.*: cire à cacheter, *f.*

sea-lion, *n.*: lion marin, *m.*

seal-oil, *n.*: huile de phoque, *f.*

seal-ring, *n.*: bague gravée en cachet, *f.*

seal-skin, *n.*: peau de phoque (de loutre); ourson (tissu), *m.*

1. **seam**, *n.*: couture, *f.*; (*of a mast*) joint, *m.*; (*mines*) couche; (*geol.*) veine; (*scar*) cicatrice, *f.*; (*measure*) huit boisseaux, *m.* 2. **seam**, *tr.*: joindre; faire une couture à; ciceriser, couter: — *ed with the small-pez*, couturé de la petite vérole.

sea-maid, *n.*: nymphe océanique; sirène, *f.*, lamantin, *m.* -**man**, *n.*: marin, matelot, *m.* -**manship**, *n.*: navigation, *f.*; matelotage, art nautique, *m.* -**mark**, (*nav.*) reconnaissance, *f.* -**mew**, *n.*: mouette, *f.*

seam-less, *adj.*: sans couture. -**rent**, *n.*: décousure, *f.* -**ster**, *n.*: couturier, *m.* -**stress**, *n.*: couturière; lingère; ouvrière en linge, *f.* -**y**, *adj.*: à couture; plein de coutures.

sea-nettle, *n.*: méduse, ortie de mer, *f.* -**nymph**, *n.*: nymphe de l'océan, *f.* -**owl**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) cycloptère, *m.* -**pad**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) astérie, étoile de mer, *f.* -**piece**, *n.*: (*paint.*) marine, *f.* -**plant**, *n.*: plante marine, *f.* -**port**, *n.*: port de mer, *m.*: — *town*, port de mer, *m.*; ville maritime, *f.*

1. **sêar**, *adj.*: sec; séché: — *leaf*, feuille morte, *f.* 2. **sear**, *tr.*: dessécher, brûler; cautériser; dessécher; (*vet.*) mettre le feu à, appliquer un cautère à.

1. **search**, *tr.*: faire une recherche dans; (*probe*) sonder; (*examine*) examiner, fouiller; (*pers.*) visiter, fouiller; (*jur.*) faire une perquisition dans, visiter; (*at the customs*) visiter, fouiller dans; *intr.*: chercher; fouiller: — *after*, rechercher; — *for*, chercher; — *into*, faire des recherches sur; approfondir. 2. **search**, *n.*: recherche; (*jur.*) perquisition; (*at the customs*) visite, *f.*: *go in — of*, aller à la recherche de; *a vain —*, une vaine recherche; *be in — of*, être à la recherche de. -**able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut chercher, qu'on peut fouiller. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui cherche, qui recherche, qui fouille, *f.*; (*inquire*) investigateur, *m.*, investigatrice, *f.*; chercheur, *m.*, chercheuse, *f.*; (*trier*) sondeur, scrutateur; (*at the customs*) visiteur, *m.*, visiteuse, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *n.*: examen, *m.*; recherche, *f.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: scrutateur; pénétrant. -**ingly**, *adv.*: avec pénétration; d'un regard scrutateur.

-**ingness**, *n.*: subtilité, *f.*; examen profond, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: impénétrable; inscrutable. -**warrant**, *n.*: (*jur.*) mandat de perquisition, *m.*

sêar-cloth, *n.*: emplâtre, *m.*

searedness, *n.*: sécheresse; (*fig.*) insensibilité, *f.*

sea-risk, *n.*: périls de la mer, risque de mer, *m.* -**robber**, *n.*: pirate; corsaire, *m.* -**room**, *n.*: eau à courir, *f.*; large, *m.* -**rover**, *n.*: écumeur de mer, *m.* -**serpent**, *n.*: serpent de mer, *m.* -**service**, *n.*: service de la marine, *m.* -**shell**, *n.*: coquillage, *m.*; coquille de mer, *f.* -**shore**, *n.*: rivage de la mer, rivage, *m.* -**sick**, *adj.*: qui a le mal de mer. -**sickness**, *n.*: mal de mer, *m.* -**side**, *n.*: bord de la mer, *m.*

1. **season**, *n.*: saison, *f.*; (*fig.*) temps, moment opportun; fassaisonement, *m.*; saveur, *f.*: *in —*, de saison; (*in time*) à temps, en temps opportun; *out of —*, hors de saison; *for a —*, pendant une saison; pour un temps; *in due —*, en temps et saison. 2. **season**, *tr.*: (*cook.*) assaisonner; (*give a zest to*) relever le goût de; (*temper*) tempérer, modérer; (*imbue*) imprégner; (*fit*) accoutumer; (*make*) faire; (*prepare for a climate*) acclimater; (*wood*) préparer, sécher; *intr.*: s'acclimater; (*of wood*) se préparer, se sécher. -**able**, *adj.*: de saison; à propos; convenable. -**ableness**, *n.*: opportunité, *f.*; à-propos, *m.* -**ably**, *adv.*: de saison; à propos. -**er**, *n.*: (*pers.*) assaisonneur; (*thing*) assaisonement, *m.*

-ing, n.: assaisonnement, m.; (of wood) préparation, f., séchage, m.
1. seat, n.: siège; (*bench, form*) banc; (*abode*) séjour, m., demeure, f.; (*mansion*) château; (*place where anything is established*), siège; (*site*) emplacement, m., situation, f.; (*tribunal*) tribunal, m.; (*place*) place; (*man.*) assiette, f.; (*of trousers*) fond, m.; (*of a water-closet*) lunette, f., siège, m.: *have a — in parliament*, siéger au parlement; *vacate one's — in parliament*, donner sa démission; *put a — to a pair of trousers*, mettre un fond à un pantalon; *take a —*, s'asseoir; *keep one's —*, rester assis; (*on horseback*) rester en selle.
2. seat, tr.: asséoir; faire asséoir; (*fix*) fixer, établir; (*place*) placer; (*fit up with seats*) garnir de sièges; (*trousers*) mettre un fond à: — *one's self*, s'asseoir; *pray be —ed*, donnez-vous la peine de vous asséoir; veuillez vous asséoir. **-ing**, n.: (*of trousers*) fond, m.
sêa-tossed, adj.: ballotté par la mer.
-urchin, n.: (*icth.*) oursin, m.
-walled, adj.: entouré de la mer.
1.-ward, adj.: tourné vers la mer.
2.-ward, adv.: vers la mer, du côté de la mer. **-water**, n.: eau salée; eau de mer, f.
sêa-weed, n.: algue; plante marine, f.
-worthiness, n.: navigabilité, f.
-worthy, adj.: qui peut tenir la mer; en bon état de navigation.
sebâceous, adj.: sébacé. **sêbate**, n.: (*chem.*) sébate, m.
1. sêcant, adj.: sêcant. **2. sêcant**, n.: (*geom.*) sêcante, f.
sêcêd-e, intr.: se séparer; faire scission. **-er**, n.: scissionnaire, m., f. **-ing**, adj.: scissionnaire.
sêcêrn, tr.: sécréter. **-ent**, n.: médicament qui excite les sécrétions, f. **-ment**, n.: sécrétion, f.
sêcêssion, n.: séparation, scission, f.
sê-clûde, tr.: séparer; écarter, éloigner; retirer; excluder: — *one's self*, se retirer; se renfermer. **-clûded**, adj.: retiré.
-clûsion, n.: retraite, f. **-clûsive**, adj.: qui tient dans la retraite.
1. sêcond, adj.: second; deuxième; (*inferior*) inférieur: *every — day*, tous les deux jours; *a — Nero*, un autre Néron; — *cousin*, cousin issu de germain; — *lieutenant*, lieutenant en second; sous-lieutenant; *be — to none*, n'être inférieur à personne; ne le céder à personne.
2. sêcond, n.: (*in a duel*) témoin; (*supporter*) second, m.; (*of time*) seconde; (*mus.*) seconde, f. **3. sêcond**, tr.: secourir, aider; appuyer: — *a motion*, appuyer une motion. **-arily**, adv.: secon-

dairement. **-ariness**, n.: caractère secondaire, m. **1.-ary**, adj.: secondaire; accessoire; (*subaltern*) subalterne.
2.-ary, n.: député; délégué, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui seconde, qui appuie, f.
-hand, adj.: d'occasion; de hasard. **-ly**, adv.: secondement. **-rate**, adj.: de second ordre. **-sight**, n.: seconde vue, f. **-sighted**, adj.: qui a le don de seconde vue.
sê-crecy, n.: secret, m.; (*solitude*) solitude; (*closeness*) discrétion, f.: *I rely upon your —*, je compte sur votre discrétion. **1.-cret**, adj.: secret; (*secluded*) retiré: *keep —*, tenir secret. **2.-cret**, n.: secret, m.: *in —*, en secret; secrètement, à la dérobée; *keep a —*, garder un secret; *tell a — to*, confier un secret à.
sêcretary, n.: secrétaire, m.: —'s office, secrétariat, m.; secrétairerie, f. **-ship**, n.: secrétariat, m.
sêcrê-te, tr.: cacher; tenir secret; celer; (*physiolog.*) (*secren*) sécréter. **-tion**, n.: sécrétion, f. **-titions**, adj.: provenant de la sécrétion. **-tiveness**, n.: sécrétivité, f.
sêcret-ly, adv.: secrètement, en secret; (*inwardly*) intérieurement. **-ness**, n.: fidélité à garder un secret, f.; caractère secret, m.
sêcretory, adj.: sécrétaire.
sêct, n.: secte, f. **1.-arian**, adj.: de sectaire. **2.-arian**, n.: sectaire, sectateur, m. **-arianism**, n.: esprit de secte, m. **-arist**, **-ary**, n.: sectaire, m. **†-âtor**, n.: sectateur, m.
sêctile, adj.: (*min.*) sectile.
sêction, n.: section; coupe, f.: *cross —*, coupe transversale. **-al**, adj.: de section.
sêctor, n.: (*geom.*) secteur; (*instrument*) compas de proportion, m.
1. sêcu-lar, adj.: séculier, temporel; (*mus.*) profane; (*coming once in a hundred years*) séculaire. **2. sêcular**, n.: séculier, laïque; (*in churches*) chantre, m. **-larity**, n.: sécularité, mondanité, f. **-larisation**, n.: sécularisation, f. **-larise**, tr.: séculariser; rendre séculier. **-larly**, adv.: séculièrement. **-larness**, n.: sécularité, mondanité, f.
sêcund, adj.: unilatéral.
1. sêcû-re, adj.: (*pers.*) dans la sécurité, en sûreté; (*of things*) sûr, assuré; — *against*, — *from*, en sûreté contre; à couvert de; à l'abri de; — *of*, sûr de. **2.-re**, tr.: (*make safe*) mettre en sûreté, défendre; (*make certain*) assurer, s'assurer; (*insure*) assurer, garantir; (*make fast*) assurer, affermir; (*seize and confine*) s'assurer de, s'emparer de; (*a place*) acquérir; retenir. **-rely**, adv.: en sûreté; sûrement; avec

- sécurité; sans danger. **†-reness**, *n.*: sécurité, *f.* **-rer**, *n.*: défenseur, *m.*; (*thing*) défense, *f.* **-riform**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) sécuriforme. **-rity**, *n.*: sécurité; sûreté, *f.*; (*pledge*) nantissement, *m.*, garantie; (*jur.*) caution, *f.*: *give* —, fournir un cautionnement; donner des garanties; (*jur.*) fournir caution.
- sedān(-chair)**, *n.*: chaise à porteurs, *f.*
sedāte, *adj.*: posé; calme; tranquille.
-ly, *adv.*: posément; tranquillement.
-ness, *n.*: manières posées, *f. pl.*; calme, *m.*; tranquillité, *f.*
- 1.sédative**, *adj.*: sédatif. **2.sedative**, *n.*: sédatif, *m.*
- sēden-tarily**, *adv.*: sédentairement.
-tariness, *n.*: vie sédentaire, *f.* **-tary**, *adj.*: sédentaire; (*inactive*) inactif, inerte.
- sēd-ge**, *n.*: laiche, *f.*, carex, *m.* **-ged**, *adj.*: de laiche, de carex. **-gy**, *adj.*: plein de laiche.
- sēdiment**, *n.*: sédiment; dépôt, *m.*; lie, *f.*
sēditi-on, *n.*: sédition, *f.* **-onary**, *n.*: séditieux, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*: séditieux.
-ously, *adv.*: séditieusement. **-ousness**, *n.*: esprit séditieux; caractère séditieux, *m.*; excitation à la sédition, *f.*
- se-dūce**, *tr.*: séduire. **-ducement**, *n.*: séduction, *f.* **-dūcer**, *n.*: séducteur, *m.*, séductrice, *f.* **-dūcible**, *adj.*: que l'on peut séduire. **-dūcing**, *adj.*: séduisant.
-duction, *n.*: séduction, *f.* **-ductive**, *adj.*: séducteur; séduisant.
- sedulāity** = *sedulousness*.
- sedulous**, *adj.*: assidu; diligent; appliqué. **-ly**, *adv.*: assidument; diligemment; avec application. **-ness**, *n.*: assiduité, diligence; application, *f.*
- 1.sēe** (*pret. saw, part. seen*), *tr.*: voir: *be seen*, être vu; se voir; — *any one off*, voir partir quelqu'un; — *any one out*, reconduire quelqu'un; — *any one home, to the door*, conduire quelqu'un jusque chez lui, jusque à la porte; — *a thing out*, voir finir une chose; *I saw him through his difficulties*, je l'ai tiré de son embarras; *fit to be seen*, présentable. **2.sēe**, *intr.*: voir: — *about*, penser à; — *to*, avoir soin de; veiller à; prendre garde à; — *that*, avoir soin que; veiller à ce que; *I shall — that all be ready*, j'aurai soin que tout soit prêt; — *to it*, veillez-y; prenez-y garde; *let us —*, voyons; *you —*, voyez-vous; — *! voyez!*
- 3.sēe**, *n.*: siège, *m.*: *Holy —*, saint-siège.
- 1.sēed**, *n.*: semence; (*cf vegetables*) graine; (*fig.*) semence, race, *f.*: *run to —*, monter en graine. **2.sēed**, *intr.*: grener; produire de la graine; monter en graine; *tr.*: semer. **-bud**, *n.*: germe, *m.* **-coake**, *n.*: gâteau anisé, *m.* **-coat**, *n.*: épisperme, arille, *m.* **-leaf**, *n.*: feuille sé-
- minale, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*: plante semée, *f.*
-lip, **-lop**, *n.*: sémioir, *m.* **-pearl**, *n.*: semence de perle, *f.* **-plot**, *n.*: semis, *m.* **-sman**, *n.*: grainier, grènetier; semeur, *m.* **-time**, *n.*: semailles, *f. pl.*
-vessel, *n.*: péricarpe, *m.*; enveloppe de la graine, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: grenu; (*cf brandy*) aromatisé; (*worn out*) râpé, usé; misérable, abattu.
- 1.sēeing**, *n.*: vue; vision, *f.* **2.sēeing**, *conj.*: vu que; puisque: — *that*, vu que; puisque.
- 1.sēek** (*pret., part. sought*), *tr.*: chercher; demander; (*one's life, property*) en vouloir à: — *out*, chercher; rechercher; quêter. **2.sēek**, *intr.*: chercher: — *for*, *after*, chercher; rechercher; — *to*, faire tout son possible pour; chercher à; (*apply to*) s'adresser à. **-er**, *n.*: chercheur, *m.*, chercheuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: recherche, *f.*
- sēm**, *intr.*: sembler; paraître: — *to*, faire semblant de; feindre de; *it — a to me*, ce me semble, il me semble; *without —ing to*, sans faire semblant de. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait semblant, *f.*; hypocrite, *m.*, *f.* **1.-ing**, *n.*: semblant; extérieur, *m.*; apparence, *f.*; dehors, *m.*; (*opinion*) opinion, *f.* **2.-ing**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) qui paraît, qui semble, qui fait semblant; (*of things*) spécieux. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en apparence; apparemment. **-ingness**, *n.*: apparence spécieuse, *f.* **-liness**, *n.*: bienséance; bonne grâce; convenance, *f.* **1.-ly**, *adj.*: bienséant; convenable: *that is not — in a girl*, cela n'est pas bienséant pour une demoiselle. **2.-ly**, *adv.*: avec bienséance; convenablement.
- sēer**, *n.*: personne qui voit, *f.*; spectateur, *m.*, spectatrice, *f.*; (*prophet*) prophète, voyant, *m.*
- 1.sēesaw**, *n.*: bascule, balance, *f.*; (*mec.*) va-et-vient, *m.* **2.sēesaw**, *intr.*: faire la bascule.
- sēeth-e**, *tr. and intr.*: faire bouillir; cuire; bouillir. **-er**, *n.*: marmite, *f.*
- segār** = *cigar*.
- sēgment**, *n.*: segment, *m.*; portion, *f.*; morceau, *m.*
- sēgre-gate**, *tr.*: séparer. **-gātion**, *n.*: séparation, *f.*; isolement, *m.*
- sēigneurial**, *adj.*: seigneurial.
- sēignior**, *n.*: seigneur, *m.*: *the Grand—*, le Grand Seigneur, le sultan. **-age**, *n.*: seigneurie, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: seigneurie; suzeraineté, *f.*
- sēine**, *n.*: (*net*) seine, *f.*
- sēt-zable**, *adj.*: saisissable. **-ze**, *tr.*: saisir; se saisir de; s'emparer de; (*nav.*) aiguilleter; (*jur.*) saisir: — *again*, ressaisir; — *upon*, se saisir de; s'emparer de. **-zer**, *n.*: personne qui saisit, *f.*; (*jur.*)

saisissant, *m.* -**zine**, *n.*: (*jur.*) saisine, *f.* -**zing**, *n.*: action de saisir, *f.*; (*nav.*) aiguilletage, *m.* -**zure**, *n.*: saisie; (*gripe, thing seized*) prise; (*taking possession*) prise de possession; (*jur.*) saisie, saisie-arrêt, *f.*

seldom, *adv.*: rarement; peu souvent. -**ness**, *n.*: rareté, *f.*

seléc-t, *adj.*: choisi; d'élite; distingué. 2.-**t**, *tr.*: choisir. -**ted**, *adj.*: choisi.

-**tedly**, *adv.*: avec choix. -**tion**, *n.*: choix; recueil, *m.* -**tness**, *n.*: bon choix, choix distingué, *m.* -**tor**, *n.*: personne qui choisit, qui fait un recueil, *f.*

sél-en-ite, *n.*: (*chem.*) sélénite, *f.*; (*min.*) gypse, *m.* -**enitic(al)**, *adj.*: séléniteux. -**énium**, *n.*: (*chem.*) sélénium, *m.* -**enographic(al)**, *adj.*: sélénographique. -**enography**, *n.*: sélénographie, *f.*

sêlf (*pl. selves*), *pron.*: soi; soi-même; même: *one's* —, se, soi-même; *I shave my* —, je me rase moi-même; *he knows how to enrich him* —, il sait s'enrichir; *by one's* —, seul; tout seul; de soi-même; *I dine by my* —, je dîne seul; *her gracious* —, sa gracieuse personne. -**abased**, *adj.*: humilié par le sentiment de sa honte.

-**abatement**, *n.*: humiliation, *f.* -**abasing**, *adj.*: qui fait honte à soi-même.

-**abuse**, *n.*: abus de soi-même, *m.* -**ac-cusing**, *adj.*: qui s'accuse soi-même.

-**acting**, *adj.*: automateur; qui agit de soi-même. -**admiration**, *n.*: admiration de soi-même, *f.* -**admiring**, *adj.*: qui s'admire soi-même.

-**adoring**, *adj.*: qui s'adore soi-même. -**affairs**, *n. pl.*: affaires personnelles, *f. pl.* -**affrighted**, *adj.*: effrayé de soi-même.

-**aggrandisement**, *n.*: agrandissement de soi-même, *m.* -**applause**, *n.*: applaudissement de soi-même, *m.* -**approving**, *adj.*: qui s'approuve soi-même.

-**assumed**, *adj.*: de sa propre autorité. -**banished**, *adj.*: qui s'exile volontairement.

-**begotten**, *adj.*: créé par soi-même; produit par soi-même. -**born**, *adj.*: né de soi-même.

-**centred**, *adj.*: fixé sur son propre centre. -**charity**, *n.*: amour de soi, *m.* -**command**, *n.*: empire sur soi-même, *m.*; retenue, *f.*

-**conceit**, *n.*: suffisance; vanité, *f.*; amour-propre, *m.* -**conceited**, *adj.*: suffisant; vain, rempli d'amour propre.

-**conceitedness** = -**conceit**. -**condemnation**, *n.*: condamnation de soi-même, *f.* -**confidence**, *n.*: confiance en soi-même, *f.* -**confident**, *adj.*: confiant en soi-même.

-**conscious**, *adj.*: qui a la connaissance de soi-même. -**consciousness**, *n.*: connaissance de soi-même, *f.* -**consuming**, *adj.*: qui se consume soi-même; qui s'épuise; qui se

détruit. -**contradiction**, *n.*: contradiction avec soi-même, *f.* -**contradictory**, *adj.*: qui se contredit. -**control**, *n.*: empire sur soi-même, *m.* -**convicted**, *adj.*: convaincu par soi-même.

-**conviction**, *n.*: conviction par soi-même, *f.* -**created**, *adj.*: créé par soi-même.

-**deceit**, *n.*: illusion, *f.* -**deceived**, *adj.*: qui se trompe soi-même.

-**deception**, *n.*: illusion, *f.* -**defence**, *n.*: défense personnelle; propre défense, *f.*: in —, dans sa propre défense.

-**delusion**, *n.*: illusion, *f.* -**denial**, *n.*: ab-négation de soi-même, *f.*; renoncement à soi-même, *m.* -**denying**, *adj.*: qui fait ab-négation de soi-même; qui s'oublie soi-même.

-**dependent**, *adj.*: qui dépend de soi-même; indépendant. -**destroyer**, *n.*: suicide, *m.* -**destruction**, *n.*: suicide, *m.* -**destructive**, *adj.*: qui tend à se détruire.

-**determination**, *n.*: détermination par soi-même, *f.* -**determining**, *adj.*: qui se détermine de soi-même.

-**devoted**, *adj.*: dévoué volontairement; dévoué par soi-même. -**devouring**, *adj.*: qui se dévore soi-même.

-**educated**, *adj.*: instruit par soi-même; qui a fait sa propre éducation. -**educa-tion**, *n.*: instruction due à soi-même, *f.*

-**elect**, *adj.*: élu par soi-même. -**elective**, *adj.*: qui a le droit de s'élire soi-même, d'élire ses membres.

-**endeared**, *adj.*: épris de soi-même. -**enjoyment**, *n.*: satisfaction intérieure, *f.* -**esteem**, *n.*: estime de soi-même, *f.* -**evidence**, *n.*: évidence en soi, *f.*

-**evident**, *adj.*: évident en soi; évident. -**evidently**, *adv.*: d'une manière évidente en soi. -**exaltation**, *n.*: élévation de soi-même, *f.* -**exalting**, *adj.*: qui s'élève en soi-même.

-**examination**, *n.*: examen de soi-même, *m.* -**excusing**, *adj.*: qui s'excuse soi-même.

-**existence**, *n.*: existence par soi-même, *f.* -**existent**, *adj.*: qui existe par soi-même.

-**flattering**, *adj.*: qui se flatte soi-même. -**flattery**, *n.*: flatterie de soi-même, *f.* -**glorious**, *adj.*: vain; glorieux.

-**governed**, *adj.*: gouverné par soi-même, indépendant. -**government**, *n.*: empire sur soi-même, *m.*; in-dépendance, *f.* -**heal**, *n.*: (*bot.*) bru-nelle, prunelle, brunelle commune, *f.*

-**healing**, *adj.*: qui se guérit soi-même. -**imposture**, *n.*: illusion, *f.* -**interest**, *n.*: intérêt personnel, *m.* -**interested**, *adj.*: intéressé. -**invited**, *adj.*: invité par soi-même.

-**ish**, *adj.*: égoïste. -**ishly**, *adv.*: égoïstement, avec égoïsme, d'une manière égoïste. -**ishness**, *n.*: égoïsme, *m.* -**judging**, *adj.*: qui se juge soi-même. -**knowing**, *adj.*: ins-

truit par soi-même. **-knowledge**, *n.*: connaissance de soi-même, *f.* **-love**, *n.*: amour de soi; égoïsme; amour-propre, *m.* **-loving**, *adj.*: égoïste; personnel. **-motion**, *n.*: mouvement propre; mouvement spontané, *m.* **-moved**, *adj.*: mu spontanément. **-moving**, *adj.*: qui se meut de soi-même; automateur. **-murder**, *n.*: suicide, *m.* **-murderer**, *n.*: suicide, *m.* **-neglecting**, *n.*: oubli de soi-même, *m.* **-opinioned**, *adj.*: prévenu en faveur de son opinion. **-pleasing**, *adj.*: qui se plaît à soi-même. **-possession**, *n.*: empire sur soi-même; calme; sang-froid, *m.* **-praise**, *n.*: éloge de soi-même, *m.* **-preservation**, *n.*: conservation de soi-même, *f.* **-preserving**, *adj.*: qui se conserve soi-même; (*of things*) qui se conserve de soi-même. **-regulating**, *adj.*: automateur; agissant de soi-même. **-repelling**, *adj.*: d'une répulsion spontanée. **-reproach**, *n.*: reproche de soi-même, *m.* **-reproached**, *adj.*: qui se fait des reproches à soi-même. **-reproved**, *adj.*: réproché par soi-même. **-reproving**, *adj.*: qui se réproche soi-même. **-reproving**, *n.*: réprobation de soi-même, *f.* **-restrained**, *adj.*: contenu par soi-même. **-restraining**, *adj.*: qui se contient soi-même. **-restraint**, *n.*: contrainte qu'on s'impose à soi-même, *f.* **-same**, *adj.*: exactement le même; même. **-seeker**, *n.*: égoïste, *m., f.*; personne qui ne pense qu'à soi, *f.* **-seeking**, *adj.*: personnel; intéressé; égoïste. **-slaughter**, *n.*: suicide, *m.* **-styled**, *adj.*: soi-disant. **-subdued**, *adj.*: dompté par soi-même. **-sufficiency**, *n.*: suffisance, *f.* **-sufficient**, *adj.*: suffisant. **-taught**, *adj.*: instruit par soi-même. **-tormenting**, *adj.*: qui se tourmente. **-upbraiding**, *adj.*: qui se fait des reproches à soi-même. **-violence**, *n.*: violence contre soi-même, *f.* **-will**, *n.*: obstination, *f.* **-willed**, *adj.*: obstiné, volontaire. **-worship**, *n.*: adoration de soi-même, *f.* **-wrong**, *n.*: tort à soi-même, *m.*

1. sell (*pret.*, *part. sold*), *tr.*: vendre; *be sold*, à vendre; — *wine for five shillings a bottle*, vendre du vin cinq schellings la bouteille; — *out*, vendre; vendre tout; — *off*, liquider. **2. sell**, *intr.*: se vendre; — *off*, se liquider; — *out*, vendre; (*of the army*) vendre son grade. **-er**, *n.*: vendeur, *m.*, vendeuse, *f.*; marchand, *m.*, marchande, *f.* **-ing-out**, *n.*: vente totale; (*of the army*) vente de son grade, *f.* **sell-age**, **-edge**, *n.*: lisière, *f.* **-aged**, *adj.*: à lisière.

séma-phore, *n.*: sémaphore, *m.* **-phorically**, *adv.*: par le télégraphe marin.

sémb lancee, *n.*: ressemblance; image, *f.*; (*show*) semblant, *m.*, apparence, *f.*

sēmen, *n.*: semence, *f.*

sēmi, *adj.*: semi, demi, à demi. **-ān-nular**, *adj.*: semi-annulaire. **-bār-bā-rian**, *adj.*: semi-barbare. **-brève**, *n.*: (*mus.*) ronde, *f.* **-cercle**, *n.*: demi-cercle, *m.* **-colon**, *n.*: point et virgule, *m.* **-cylindrical**, *adj.*: semi-cylindrique. **-diāphanous**, *adj.*: semi-transparent; à moitié diaphane. **-florete**, *n.*: demi-fleuron, *m.* **-flosculeux**, *adj.*: semi-flosculeux. **-lūnar**, *adj.*: en demi-lune; semi-lunaire. **-metal**, *n.*: demi-métal, *m.* **-métallie**, *adj.*: demi-métallique.

sēmi-nal, *adj.*: séminal. **-ināility**, *n.*: nature séminale, *f.*

sēmina-rist, *n.*: séminariste, *m.* **1. -ry**, *n.*: pépinière, *f.*; (*ecc.*) séminaire, *m.*, (*school*) institution, *f.*; pensionnat, *m.*, école, *f.*; (*seminary priest*) séminariste, prêtre instruit dans un séminaire, *m.*

2. sēmi-nary, *adj.*: séminal. **-nātion**, *n.*: sémination, propagation, *f.* **-niferous**, *adj.*: séminifère. **-nifio**, *adj.*: qui forme de la semence. **-nificātion**, *n.*: propagation de semence, de graine, *f.*

semi-opāque, *adj.*: demi-opaque. **-orbicular**, *adj.*: demi-orbitulaire. **-ōvate**, *adj.*: semi-ové. **-ōxygenated**, *adj.*: à demi-oxygéné. **-ped**, *n.*: demi-pied, *m.* **-pedal**, *adj.*: long d'un demi-pied. **-pel-lucid**, *adj.*: demi-transparent. **-proof**, *n.*: semi-preuve, *f.* **-quadrate**, *adj.*: semi-quartile. **1. -quaver**, *n.*: (*mus.*) double croche, *f.* **2. -quaver**, *tr.*: chanter par doubles croches. **-quintile**, *adj.*: semi-quintil. **-sextile**, *adj.*: semi-sextil. **-sphēric(al)**, *adj.*: demi-sphérique. **-spherōidal**, *adj.*: demi-sphéroïdal. **-tērtian**, *n.*: (*med.*) fièvre double-tierce. **-tone**, *n.*: (*mus.*) demiton, *m.* **-tonic**, *adj.*: de demi-ton. **-transparency**, *n.*: demi-transparence, *f.* **-transparent**, *adj.*: demi-transparent. **-vitreous**, *adj.*: demi-vitreux. **-vitrified**, *adj.*: demi-vitrifié. **-vōcal**, *adj.*: de demi-voyelle. **-vowel**, *n.*: demi-voyelle, *f.*

sempervirent, *adj.*: toujours vert.

sempitēr-nal, *adj.*: éternel, sempiternel. **-nity**, *n.*: éternité, *f.*

sēmp-ster, *n.*: couturier; linger, *m.* **-stress**, *n.*: couturière; lingère, *f.*

sēnary, *adj.*: composé de six.

sēn-ate, *n.*: sénat, *m.* **-ate-house**, *n.*: sénat, *m.* **-ator**, *n.*: sénateur; (*bibli-cally*) ancien, *m.* **-atōrial**, **-atōrian**, *adj.*: sénatorial; sénatorien; du sénat. **-atōrially**, *adv.*: comme sénateur; en sénateur; par le sénat. **-atorship**, *n.*:

sénatorerie, *f.* — **atus consûlt**, *n.*: sénatus-consulte, *m.*

1. sênd (pret., part. *sent*), *tr.*: envoyer; faire partir; expédier; (*bestow*) accorder, donner; (*inflict*) infliger; (*diffuse*) répandre: — *away*, renvoyer; congédier; — *back*, renvoyer; — *down*, faire descendre; — *forth*, produire; lancer; (*a groan*) pousser; (*of trees, etc.*) pousser; (*emit*) émettre, répandre, exhiler; — *in*, faire entrer; (*deliver*) livrer; — *off*, faire partir, renvoyer, expédier; — *out*, envoyer dehors; faire sortir; (*send on an errand*) envoyer en course; — *health to*, donner la santé à; — *pestilence among*, envoyer la peste chez; — *word to*, faire dire à. **2. sênd**, *intr.*: envoyer; (*nav.*) tanguer; — *for any one, anything*, envoyer chercher quelqu'un, quelque chose; faire venir quelqu'un, quelque chose; *they have sent for you*, on vous a envoyé chercher. — **er**, *n.*: personne qui envoie, *f.*; (*com.*) expéditeur, *m.* — **ing**, *n.*: envoi, *m.*; expédition, *f.*

sênescence, *n.*: déclin, *m.*

sêneschal, *n.*: sénéchal, *m.*

sêngreen, *n.*: (*bot.*) joubarbe, *f.*

sê-nîle, *adj.*: de vieillard; sénile, *f.*

se-nility, *n.*: vieillesse, sénilité, *f.*

1. nior, *adj.*: aîné, (*in office*) plus ancien, *m.*: *Mr. A.* — *M. A.* aîné; *M. A.* père. **2. nior**, *n.*: aîné, *m.*, aînée, *f.*; (*in office*) ancien, *m.*, ancienne, *f.*; (*in a firm*) associé principal; (*old man*) vieillard, *m.* — **niôrity**, *n.*: supériorité d'âge; ancienneté, *f.*

sênna, *n.*: sêné, *m.*

sênnight, *n.*: huit jours, *n. pl.*; huitaine, *f.*: *this day* —, à huitaine; *next Tuesday* —, de mardi en huit.

sênnit, *n.*: (*nav.*) garette, *f.*

sênôcular, *adj.*: qui a six yeux.

sen-sâ-tion, *n.*: sensation, *f.*; sentiment, *m.*: *make a* —, faire sensation.

sên-se, *n.*: (*perception*) sens; (*understanding*) sens, esprit, *m.*, raison; (*sensation*) sensation; (*sensibility*) sensibilité, *f.*; (*opinion*) sens, sentiment; avis, *m.*, opinion, *f.*; (*consciousness*) sentiment; (*signification*) sens, *m.*, signification; (*reason*) raison, *f.*: *common* —, sens commun; *good* —, bon sens; *a man of* —, un homme de bon sens; *in a good, a bad* —, en bonne, en mauvaise part; *speak* —, parler raison; *be in one's right* —s, être dans son bon sens; *be out of one's* —s, être hors de son bon sens; *drive any one out of his* —s, faire perdre la tête à quelqu'un; *come to one's* —s, reprendre ses sens; reprendre connaissance; (*fig.*) revenir à la raison; *take the* — of an assembly, prendre l'avis d'une assemblée;

against all —, contre le sens commun. — **se-less**, *adj.*: sans connaissance; (*insensible*) insensible, privé de sentiment; (*unreasonable*) insensé, déraisonnable. — **se-lessly**, *adv.*: d'une manière insensée; déraisonnablement. — **selessness**, *n.*: déraison, *f.*; manque de bon sens, *m.*; sottise; absurdité, *f.* — **-sible**, *adj.*: (*perceptible by the senses, having moral perception, intelligence*) sensible; (*sensitive*) sensible; (*intelligent*) sensé, raisonnable; (*conscious*) avec toute sa connaissance, conscient: *be* — of, être sensible à; avoir le sentiment de; *a* — *man*, un homme sensé; — *to cold*, sensible au froid; — *of injury*, sensible aux injures; *he was not* —, il était sans connaissance; — *balance*, balance sensible; — *thermometer*, thermomètre sensible; *that is a* — *deed*, voilà une action sensée. — **-sibility**, *n.*: sensibilité, *f.*; sentiment, *m.*: *false* —, sensiblerie, *f.* — **-sibleness**, *n.*: (*sensibility*) sensibilité; (*possibility of being perceived by the senses*) perceptibilité, perception; (*intelligence*) intelligence, *f.*, sens, bon sens, esprit, *m.*, raison, *f.* — **-sibly**, *adv.*: sensiblement; (*intelligently*) sensément, sagement, raisonnablement. — **-sitive**, *adj.*: sensible; sensitif. — **-sively**, *adv.*: d'une manière sensible. — **-sitive-ness**, *n.*: sensibilité, *f.* — **-sitive-plant**, *n.*: (*bot.*) sensitive, *f.* — **-sôrial**, *adj.*: du sentiment; des sens. — **-sôrium**, **-sôry**, *n.*: sensorium; organe des sens, *m.* — **-sual**, *adj.*: sensuel; des sens. — **-sualism**, *n.*: sensualism; *m.* — **-sualist**, *n.*: sensualiste, *m.*, *f.* — **-sualise**, *tr.*: rendre sensuel. — **-suality**, *n.*: sensualité, *f.* — **-sually**, *adv.*: sensuellement; d'une manière voluptueuse. — **-suous**, *adj.*: qui affecte les sens. **1. tence**, *n.*: (*gram.*) phrase, période; (*maxim*) maxime, sentence; (*opinion*) opinion, *f.*, avis, *m.*; (*judgment*) sentence, *f.*, jugement, arrêt, *m.*: *pass* — of death on, condamner à mort; prononcer une sentence de mort contre. **2. tence**, *tr.*: prononcer une sentence, un jugement, un arrêt contre; condamner. — **tên-tial**, *adj.*: de phrases; de périodes. — **tên-tious**, *adj.*: sentencieux; laconique. — **tên-tiously**, *adv.*: sentencieusement; laconiquement. — **tên-tiousness**, *n.*: caractère sentencieux, *m.* **1. tîent**, *adj.*: sensitif. **2. tîent**, *n.*: être sensitif, *m.* — **tîent**, *n.*: sentiment; avis, *m.*; pensée, *f.*: (*toast*) toast; (*sensibility*) sentiment, *m.* — **tîemental**, *adj.*: sensible; plein de sentiment; sentimental. — **tîementalism**, *n.*: sentimentalisme, *m.* — **tîementalist**, *n.*: personne sentimentale, *f.* — **tîementality**, *n.*: sensiblerie; vive sensibilité; sentimentalité, *f.*

sên-tinel, -try, *n.*: sentinelle, *f.*; factionnaire, *m.*: *stand* —, faire sentinelle, être en faction. **-try-box**, *n.*: guérite; (on a rampart) vedette, *f.*

sé-par-able, *adj.*: séparable, divisible. **-ability, -ableness**, *n.*: caractère séparable, *m.*; divisibilité, *f.* 1. **-âte**, *adj.*: séparé; disjoint; (*distinct*) distinct; (*dis-united*) désuni. 2. **-ate**, *tr.*: séparer; disjoindre; désunir; *intr.*: se séparer; se disjoindre. **-ated**, *adj.*: séparé; divisé. **-ately**, *adv.*: séparément; à part. **-ateness**, *n.*: séparation, *f.*; état de ce qui est séparé, *m.* **-âtion**, *n.*: action de séparer; séparation; dissolution; désunion, *f.* **-atist**, *n.*: séparatiste, *m.* **-ator**, *n.*: personne qui sépare, *f.* **-atory**, *adj.*: séparateur, qui sépare.

sêpia, *n.*: sêpia, *f.*

Sepôy, *n.*: cipaye, *m.*

sêps, *n.*: sêps, *m.*

sêpt, *n.*: clan, *m.*, race, famille, *f.*

sept-ângular, *adj.*: (*geom.*) à sept angles. **Sept-êmbër**, *n.*: septembre, *m.* **-enary**, *adj.*: septénaire. **-ênial**, *adj.*: septennal. **-ênially**, *adv.*: tous les sept ans. **-êntrion**, *n.*: septentrion, *m.* **-êntrional**, *adj.*: septentrional. **-foil**, *n.*: (*bot.*) tormentille, *f.*

1. **sêptic**, *adj.*: (*med.*) septique. 2. **sêptic**, *n.*: (*med.*) poison septique, *m.*

septi-fôlious, *adj.*: (*bot.*) qui a sept feuilles. **-lâteral**, *adj.*: qui a sept côtés.

septinsular, *adj.*: aux sept îles.

septua-genârian, 1. **-genary**, *n.*: septuagénnaire, *m.*, *f.* 2. **-genary**, *adj.*: de soixante-dix ans; septuagénnaire. **-gêsi-ma**, *n.*: septuagésime, *f.* **Sêptua-gint**, *n.*: version des Septante, *f.*

sêptuple, *adj.*: septuple.

sê-pulcher = *sepulchre*. **-pûlchral**, *adj.*: sépulcral. 1. **-pulchre**, *n.*: sépulcre, *m.* 2. **-pulchre**, *tr.*: servir de sépulcre à; ensevelir. **-pulture**, *n.*: sépulture, *f.*

sêquâctious, *adj.*: empressé à suivre; souple, pliant. **-ness**, *n.*: disposition à suivre, *f.*

sê-quel, *n.*: suite; conséquence, *f.*: *in the* —, par la suite; dans la suite. **-quenee**, *n.*: suite; série, *f.*; ordre de succession, *m.*: (*Cath. rel.*; at cards) séquence, *f.* **-quênťally**, *adv.*: en succession.

sêquês-ter, *tr.*: séquestrer: — *one's self*, se séquestrer; se retirer; *intr.*: se séquestrer; (*of widows*) renoncer à la succession de son mari. **-tered**, *adj.*: retiré; (*jur.*) en séquestre. **-trable**, *adj.*: qui peut être séquestré. **-trate**, *tr.*: séquestrer. **-trâťion**, *n.*: prise de posses-

sion, *f.*: séquestre, *m.*; (*retirement*) retraite, *f.*, isolement, *m.* **-trator sê'**, *n.*: (*jur.*) séquestre, *m.*

sêquin, *n.*: sequin, *m.*

sêraglio, *n.*: sérail, *m.*

sêraph (*pl. -im*), *n.*: séraphin, *m.* **-ic(al)**, *adj.*: séraphique.

sêre = *sear*.

1. **sêrenâde**, *n.*: sérénade, *f.* 2. **sêrenade**, *tr.*: donner une sérénade à; *intr.*: sérénader, donner des sérénades.

1. **sê-rêne**, *adj.*: serein; calme; (*brilliant*) brillant; (*title*) sérénissime. 2. **-rener**, *tr.*: rendre serein; rasséréner. **-rênêly**, *adv.*: avec sérénité. **-rênêness**, *n.*: sérénité, *f.*

sêrf, *n.*: serf, *m.*

sêrge, *n.*: serge, *f.*: — *manufactory*, *trade*, *sergerie*, *f.*

sêrgeant or **sê-r**, *n.*: huissier; (*of infantry*) sergent; (*of cavalry*) maréchal des logis; (*jur.*) avocat de 1^{er} *unier* rang, *m.*: — *major*, (*of infantry*) *Sêrgeant-major*; (*of cavalry*) maréchal des logis chef, *m.* **-ship**, *n.*: fonctions d'huissier, *f.* *pl.*; grade de sergent, grade de maréchal des logis; (*jur.*) rang d'avocat de première classe, *m.*

sêrge-maker, *n.*: serg(i)er, *m.*

sêrigeous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) soyeux.

sêries, *n.*: suite; succession; série, *f.*

sêrious, *adj.*: sérieux: *take for* —, prendre au sérieux; *grow* —, devenir sérieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: sérieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: sérieux, *m.*

sêrjeant = *sergeant*.

1. **sêrmon**, *n.*: sermon; prône; prédication, *m.* 2. **sêrmon**, *tr.*: sermonner. **-îse**, *intr.*: prêcher; sermonner; faire des sermons. **-îser**, *n.*: sermonneur, *m.*, sermonneuse, *f.*

sêrôsiťy, *n.*: sérosité, *f.* **sê-rous**, **-rôse**, *adj.*: séreux.

sêrpent, *n.*: (*reptile*, *astron.*, *mus.*, *fig.*) serpent; (*firework*) serpentéau, *m.* **-âria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) serpenteaire, *f.* **-ârius**, *n.*: (*astron.*) Serpenteaire, *m.* **-eater**, *n.*: (*orni.*) messenger, *m.* **-îsh**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) serpent de mer, *m.* 1. **-îne**, *adj.*: de serpent; qui serpente; qui va en serpentant; sinueux; tortueux; (*of verse*) qui commence et qui finit par le même mot: — *worm*, serpent, *m.* 2. **-îne**, **-îne-stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) serpentine, *f.* **-îse**, *intr.*: serpenter. **-îlike**, *adj.*: de serpent. **-îs-tongue**, *n.*: (*bot.*) langue-de-serpent, *f.*

sêr-rate, **-rated**, *adj.*: en scie, à engrenage, dentelé; serré; denticulé. **†-râťion**, **-rature**, *n.*: dentelure, *f.* **-rulaťion**, *n.*: dentelure, *f.*

sêrum, *n.*: sérum, *m.*

sêr-vant, *n.*: serviteur, *m.*, servante, *f.*; (*domestic*) domestique, *m.*, *f.*, servante,

bonne, *f.*; (*bondman*) esclave; (*of God*) serviteur, *m.*, servante, *f.*: *your* —! votre serviteur! votre servante! — *of all work*, bonne à tout faire; — *boy*, petit domestique. 1.-*ve*, *tr.*: servir; (*treat*) traiter, en user avec, agir avec; (*fulfil*) servir à, remplir; (*satisfy*) satisfaire, contenter; (*comply with*) s'accommoder à; (*obey*) obéir à; (*be a slave to*) être esclave de; (*an apprenticeship*) faire; (*a gun*) servir; (*a trick*) jouer; (*a church*) desservir; (*a rope*) fourrer, garnir; (*a writ*) signifier: — *out*, (*distribute*) distribuer; (*be revenged on*) rendre la monnaie de sa pièce à, payer; (*time*) achever; — *up*, servir; *it* — *ed you, him, etc., right*, c'est bien fait. 2.-*ve*, *intr.*: servir; (*in the army*, etc.) servir, être au service; (*be convenient*) être convenable, être favorable; (*be in subjection*) être esclave: — *as*, servir de; — *for nothing*, ne servir de rien; ne servir à rien. -*vice*, *n.*: service; (*favour*) service, office, *m.*, faveur, *f.*; (*use*) avantage, *m.*, utilité, *f.*; (*workship*) service, office; (*duty*) devoir; (*nav.*, *milit.*) service, *m.*; (*of a rope*) fourrure, *f.*; (*milit.*) exploit; (*homage*) hommage, *m.*; (*of a writ*) signification, *f.*; (*of china*, *of plate*, etc.) service, *m.*: *Divine* —, office divin; *secret* — *money*, fonds secrets, *m. pl.*; *in* —, *out at* —, (*of servants*) en service, en condition; *out of* —, (*of servants*) sans place; *of* —, utile; *on* —, de service; *do* — *to*, être utile à; faire du bien à; *do any one a* —, rendre un service à quelqu'un. -*viceable*, *adj.*: (*pers.*) utile, serviable; (*of things*) avantageux, utile, qui peut servir. -*viceableness*, *n.*: (*pers.*) disposition serviable, disposition à rendre service, *f.*; (*of things*) avantage, *m.*, utilité, *f.* -*viceably*, *adv.*: utilement, d'une manière utile. -*vice-book*, *n.*: rituel, *m.* -*vile*, *adj.*: servile; (*in subjection*) asservi. -*vilely*, *adv.*: servilement. -*vileness*, -*vility*, *n.*: (*slavery*) servitude; (*baseness*) servilité, bassesse, *f.* 1.-*ving*, *adj.*: servant; qui sert. 2.-*ving*, *n.*: (*nav.*) fourrage, *m.* -*ving-maid*, *n.*: servante, *f.* -*ving-man*, *n.*: serviteur, *m.* -*vitor*, *n.*: serviteur, *m.*; (*at Oxford University*) étudiant servant, *m.* -*vitorship*, *n.*: condition d'un serviteur, *f.*; and cf. *servitor*. -*tude*, *n.*: servitude, *f.*; asservissement, *m.*

sésa-me, *n.*: (*bot.*) sésame, *m.* -**moid**, -**moidal**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) sésamoïde.

séseli, *n.*: (*bot.*) séséli, *m.*

sesquialter, -**al**, -**ate**, *adj.*: sesquialtère.

sesquipedal, -**dalian**, *adj.*: qui contient un pied et demi.

sesquiplicate, -**tértian**, -**tértional**, *adj.*: sesquitière.

sésquiténe, *n.*: (*mus.*) tierce mineure, *f.*

sésile, *adj.*: sessile.

séssion, *n.*: session; séance, *f.*: — *s*, assises, *f. pl.*; *quarter* — *s*, assises trimestrielles; audiences trimestrielles, *f. pl.*

sess-pool = *cess-pool*.

sésteree, *n.*: sesterce, *m.*

1.**sét** (*pret.*, *part. set*), *tr.*: poser; (*put*) mettre; (*place*) placer; (*fix*) fixer; (*plant*) planter; (*appoint*) indiquer; (*regulate*) régler, déterminer; (*sharpen*) repasser, affiler, (*tools*) affûter; (*begin to sing*) entonner; (*spread*) déployer; (*oppose*) opposer; (*an example*) donner; (*a bone*) remettre, remboîter; (*precious stones*) monter, enchâsser; (*a hen*) faire couvrir; (*a clock*, etc.) mettre à l'heure, régler; (*the land*, *nav.*) relever; (*a task*) donner, imposer; (*milk*) laisser, reposer; (*a trap*) dresser, tendre; (*of dogs*) arrêter, tomber en arrêt sur: — *against*, opposer à; — *a-going*, faire aller; mettre en mouvement; — *apart*, mettre à part; mettre de côté; — *aside*, mettre de côté; écarter; (*annul*) casser, infirmer; (*reject*) rejeter; — *at*, exciter, agacer contre, exciter après; — *a dog on*, haler un chien après, contre; — *by*, mettre de côté; (*reject*) rejeter; — *by the ears*, brouiller; — *down*, poser; mettre à terre, mettre par terre; (*establish*) établir, arrêter; (*register*) coucher par écrit, mettre par écrit, inscrire; (*relate*) rapporter; (*from a vehicle*) descendre; (*fig.*) mettre à sa place; — *down as*, considérer comme; — *forth*, manifester, montrer; faire paraître; (*publish*) publier, énoncer; (*display*) déployer; — *forward*, avancer; (*promote*) favoriser; — *off*, (*adorn*) orner, parer, embellir; (*eulogie*) rehausser; (*place against as an equivalent*) compenser; — *on*, exciter, pousser; (*employ*) employer; — *on edge*, agacer; — *on fire*, mettre le feu à, incendier; (*fig.*) enflammer, mettre en feu; — *out*, (*assign*) assigner, allouer; (*mark*) marquer, tracer; (*adorn*) orner, embellir; (*set off*) rehausser; — *over*, établir sur; préposer à; — *up*, (*erect*) ériger, élever, dresser; (*establish*) établir; (*found*) fonder, établir; (*exalt*) élever, exalter; (*place in view*) mettre en évidence; (*utter loudly*) pousser, jeter; (*advance*) mettre en avant, avancer; (*print*) composer; (*a carriage*) se donner; — *up a laugh*, se mettre à rire; *be hard* —, être bien embarrassé; — *at ease*, mettre à l'aise; rendre tranquille; — *to music*, mettre en musique; — *sail*, mettre à la voile, appareiller; — *the sails*, hisser, déferler les voiles; — *one's self*

about, se mettre à; — *free*, mettre en liberté; *all sails* —, toutes voiles dehors; — *in order*, arranger. **2.set**, intr.: (*of the sun*, etc.) se coucher; (*be fixed*) se fixer; (*congeal*) se coaguler, se figer, se prendre; (*plant*) planter; (*of the tide*) se diriger; (*of plants*) prendre racine, prendre; (*arch.*, *mas.*) prendre, prendre du corps; (*hunt.*) chasser au chien d'arrêt; (*of dogs*) arrêter, tomber en arrêt; *the sun is —ing*, le soleil se couche; — *about*, se mettre à; — *forward*, se mettre en marche; se mettre en chemin; — *in*, commencer; (*of the weather*) se mettre à; *winter has — in*, l'hiver a commencé; *it — in wet*, le temps se mit à la pluie; — *off*, se mettre en route, se mettre en chemin, partir; — *on*, (*begin*) commencer; (*assault*) attaquer; — *out*, partir; (*begin*) commencer, débiter; — *to*, se mettre à; — *up*, s'établir; — *up for*, se donner pour; avoir des prétentions à. **3.set**, adj.: (*regular*) régulier; (*fixed*) fixe, immobile; (*firm*) ferme, résolu; (*prescribed*) prescrit, établi; (*of battles*) rangé; (*of speech*) d'apparat, préparé; (*of phrases*) d'usage, tout fait, fixe; — *square*, équerre, *f.* **4.set**, n.: (*collection*) collection, réunion, *f.*; (*of china or other ware*) service, *m.*; (*of ornaments, ribbons, etc.*) garniture; (*of precious stones*) parure, *f.*; (*of chairs, tables, etc.*) assortiment; (*of trees, etc.*) rang, *m.*, rangée, *f.*; (*opinions*) système, *m.*; (*of studs*) garniture; (*pers.*) réunion, *f.*, assemblage, corps, *m.*, clique, bande, troupe, *f.*; (*young plant*) plant, *m.*; (*game*) partie, *f.*; (*bet at dice*) pari; (*of the sun, etc.*) coucher, *m.*; *be at a dead —*, être à quia; rester court; *make a dead — upon*, mettre au pied du mur; attaquer vivement.

setaceous, adj.: sétacé.

sét-down, n.: semonce, *f.*; savon, *m.*

séti-ferous, adj.: sétifère. **séti-form**, adj.: sétiforme.

sét-off, n.: (*counterbalance*) compensation, *f.*; (*decoration*) embellissement, *m.*; (*in a wall*) retraite, *f.*; *as a — against*, par contre; en compensation de.

sé-ton, n.: séton, *m.* **-tous**, **-tose**, adj.: à poil rude, hérissé.

sét-out, n.: attirail; étalage, *m.* **-têc**, n.: canapé, *m.* **-ter**, n.: (*dog*) chien d'arrêt; (*mus.*) compositeur; (*fig.*) embaucheur, *m.* **-ter-on**, n.: instigateur, *m.*, instigatrice, *f.* **-ting**, n.: action de poser, de placer, de mettre, *f.*; (*of the sun, etc.*) coucher, *m.*; (*of music*) mise en musique, *f.*; (*of a bone*) emboitement, remboitement; (*of precious stones*) moutage, *m.*, enchâssure, *f.*; (*of the compass*) relèvement, *m.*; — *dog*, chien d'arrêt, *m.*;

— *in*, commencement, *m.*; — *off*, départ, *m.*; — *on*, instigation, *f.*; — *out*, départ; (*commencement*) début, *m.*; — *rule*, filet à composer, *m.*; — *stick*, composteur, *m.*; — *up*, établissement, *m.*; (*print*) composition, *f.* **1.-tle**, n.: banc, *m.* **2.-tle**, tr.: (*fix*) fixer, établir; (*establish, marry*) établir; (*determine*) déterminer, décider, arrêter; (*colonise*) coloniser; (*tranquillise*) tranquilliser, calmer; (*adjust*) accommoder, arranger; (*questions, etc.*) résoudre; (*a minister*) installer; (*pay*) payer; (*a quarrel*) arranger, ajuster; (*lees*) faire déposer; (*accounts*) régler, arrêter; (*make close*) tasser, faire tasser; — *a pension on*, assigner une pension à; constituer une pension à; — *the land*, (*nav.*) noyer la terre. **3.-tle**, intr.: (*sink to the bottom*) se rasseoir; reposer; déposer; (*fix one's residence*) s'établir, se fixer; (*marry*) s'établir; (*become fixed after change, as of the wind*) se fixer; (*repose*) reposer; (*become calm*) se calmer, se tranquilliser; (*determine*) se déterminer, se décider; (*become compact*) tasser, se tasser; (*come to an agreement*) prendre des arrangements, s'arranger; — *down*, se fixer, s'établir; — *down to*, s'appliquer à; se faire à; *let —*, laisser reposer.

-tlement, n.: (*act of settling*) établissement; (*subsidence*) dépôt, *m.*, action de tomber au fond; (*act of giving possession*) mise en possession; (*jur.*) institution, *f.*; (*jointure*) douaire, *m.*; (*of an annuity*) constitution, *f.*; (*marriage and house-keeping*) établissement, *m.*; (*a becoming stationary*) fixation; (*colonisation*) colonisation; (*colony*) colonie, *f.*, établissement; (*of disputes, etc.*) ajustement, arrangement, accommodement; (*of accounts*) règlement, *m.*; (*of a question, etc.*) solution; (*of a minister*) installation, *f.*; (*legal residence*) domicile légal, *m.*; (*liquidation*) liquidation, *f.*, (*arch.*, *mas.*) tassement, *m.*; *act of —*, loi de la succession au trône, *f.*; *deed of —*, acte de constitution, *m.*; *marriage —*, douaire, *m.* **-tlor**, n.: colon, *m.* **-tling**, n.: (*act of settling*) établissement, *m.*; (*subsidence*) précipitation, *f.*; (*marriage and house-keeping*) établissement, *m.*; (*of an annuity*) constitution; (*a becoming stationary*) fixation; (*colonisation*) colonisation, *f.*; (*of disputes, etc.*) ajustement, arrangement, accommodement, *m.*; (*of questions*) solution, *f.*; (*of accounts*) règlement; (*arch.*, *mas.*) tassement, *m.*; — *s*, sédiment, dépôt, *m.*, lie, *f.* **-to**, n.: dispute, *f.*; chamaillis, *m.*; batterie, *f.*

séven, adj.: sept. **-fold**, adj. and adv.: septuple, de sept fois; sept fois. **-hilled**, adj.: aux sept collines. **-night** =

se'nnight. -score, adj.: cent quarante.
-teen, adj.: dix-sept. *-teenth*, adj.: dix-septième. 1.-th, adj.: septième.
 2.-th, n.: septième, m.; (mus.) septième, f. *-thly*, adv.: septièmement. *-tieth*, adj.: soixante-dixième. *-ty*, adj.: soixante-dix: *the Seventy, the Septuagint*, les Septante, m. pl.
séver, tr.: séparer; disjointre; intr.: faire une séparation; se séparer. -al, adj.: plusieurs; (divers) divers; (different) différent; (distinct) distinct, séparé; (particular) particulier. -ally, adv.: séparément; en particulier. -ance, n.: disjonction, f.
se-vère, adj.: sévère; (cruel) cruel; (rigorous) rigoureux, rude; (violent) violent, grand; (acute) aigu, vif: a — winter, un hiver rigoureux; a — cold, un gros rhume. *-verely*, adv.: sévèrement; cruellement; rigoureusement. *-verity*, n.: sévérité; (rigour) rigueur, f.
sew sô (part. sewed or sewn), tr. and intr.: coudre. -er, n.: personne qui coud; couturière, coutuse, f.
sewer, n.: (subterranean channel) égout; cloaque; conduit pour les eaux souterraines, m. -age, n.: égout; système d'égouts, m.; égouts, m. pl.
sewing sô, n.: action de coudre; couture, f. -cotton, n.: coton à coudre, fil d'Ecosse, m. -silk, n.: soie à coudre, f.
sex, n.: sexe, m.: *the fair* —, le sexe, le beau sexe, m.
sex-agenarian, n.: sexagénaire, m., f. -agenary, adj.: sexagénaire. -agesima, n.: Sexagésime, f. -agesimal, adj.: sexagésimal. -angle, n.: hexagone, m. -angled, -angular, adj.: hexagone. -angularly, adv.: en hexagone. -ennial, adj.: sexennal. -ennially, adv.: tous les six ans. -loocular, adj.: (bot.) sexloculaire. -tain, n.: sixain, sizain, m. -tant, n.: sextant, m. -tile, n.: (astron.) aspect sex-til, m.
sexton, n.: fossoyeur; sacristain, m. -ship, n.: charge de fossoyeur, de sacristain, f.
séxtuple, adj.: sextuple, m.
séxu-al, adj.: sexuel. -alist, n.: partisan de la doctrine des sexes parmi les plantes, m. -ality, n.: distinction des sexes, f.
shab-bily, adv.: (of dress) avec des habits râpés; (meanly) d'une manière méprisante, mesquinement. -biness, n.: (of dress) état râpé, m.; (meanness) petitesse, bassesse, mesquinerie, f. -by, adj.: (of clothes) usé, râpé; (clothed shabbily) vêtu d'habits râpés, mal vêtu; (mean) mesquin, bas, petit, vilain: *that is very* —

of you, c'est bien mal à vous; c'est bien petit de votre part; — *fellow*, homme mesquin; *what a — fellow you are!* que vous êtes vilain!
shackle, tr.: enchaîner; garrotter; (fig.) entraver. -s, n. pl.: fers, m. pl.; chaînes; (fig.) entraves, f. pl.
shād, n.: (ichth.) alose, f.
shaddock, n.: (bot.) pamplemousse, f. 1.-shā-de, n.: ombre, f.; ombrage; (of a lamp, etc.) abat-jour, m.; (of colour) nuance; (spirit) ombre; (paint) ombre, f.: *the —s of night*, les ombres de la nuit. 2.-do, tr.: ombrager; couvrir d'ombre; (obscure) obscurcir; (protect) protéger; (paint) ombrer; (mark with gradations of colour) nuancer. -ded, adj.: à l'ombre; (paint) ombré; (of places) ombragé. -der, n.: personne qui met à l'ombre; chose qui met à l'ombre, qui fait ombre, f. -diness, n.: ombrage; état ombré, m.; ombre, f. -ding, n.: ombrage, m.; action d'ombrer, f.
1.-shādow, n.: ombre; (type) figure, f., type, signe, m.; (protection) ombre, f., abri, m.: *under the — of an angel's wing*, à l'ombre de l'aile d'un ange; *the great —s of a picture*, les grandes ombres d'une peinture; *pass like a —*, passer comme une ombre. 2.-shadow, tr.: ombrager; couvrir de son ombre; (colours) nuancer; (protect) protéger, abriter; (represent faintly) esquisser, ébaucher; (represent typically) représenter; (hide) cacher, couvrir; (paint) ombrer. -ing, n.: action d'ombrer, de nuancer, f. -less, adj.: sans ombre. -works, n. pl.: ombres chinoises, f. pl. -y, adj.: couvert d'ombre; ombragé; (gloomy) sombre, ténébreux; (typical) typique, figuré; (unreal) chimérique; (obscure) obscur.
shād-y, adj.: couvert d'ombre; ombragé; ombré; (sheltered) à l'ombre.
shāft, n.: (arrow) flèche, f., dard, trait; (mine) puits; (of a carriage) timon; (of a cart) brancard; (of a quill) tuyau; (of a lance) bois; (of a column) fût; (of a weapon) manche; (mec.) arbre, m.: *sink a —*, percer un puits; *main —*, (mec.) arbre moteur. -ed, adj.: à manche; (her.) à tête de lance.
1.-shāg, n.: (cloth) peluche, f.; (hair) poil rude; (tobacco) caporal, m. 2.-shag, adj.: poilu; velu. 3.-shag, tr.: rendre poilu; rendre hérissé; rendre raboteux. -ged, -gy, adj.: poilu; velu; hérissé; raboteux; inégal: a — dog, un barbet, m. -gedness, -giness, n.: état poilu; état hérissé, m.
1.-shagrēen, n.: chagrin, m., peau de chagrin, f. 2.-shagreen, adj.: de peau de chagrin.

shâh, n.: Schah, m.

1.shâ-ke (pret. *shook*; part. *shaken*), tr.: secouer; ébranler; branler, remuer; agiter; (*waken, move*) ébranler; (*mus.*) cadencer: — *hands with*, serrer la main à; donner une poignée de main à; — *one's head*, secouer la tête; — *to pieces*, faire tomber en pièces; — *off*, secouer; faire tomber; (*get rid of*) se débarrasser de, se défaire de; — *up*, remuer; — *the table*, remuer la table. **2.-ke**, intr.: s'ébranler; trembler; trembloter: — *with cold*, trembler de froid; *his hand* — *s*, la main lui tremble. **3.-ke**, n.: secousse; (*agitation*) agitation, f., tremblement, m.; (*in wood*) fente, f.; (*mus.*) tremblement, m.: — *of the hand*, poignée de main, f.; a — *down*, un lit fait à la hâte; le coucher, m. **-ken**, adj.: (*of wood*) fendillé. **-ker**, n.: personne qui tremble, qui fait trembler, qui ébranle, qui secoue; chose qui fait trembler, qui ébranle, qui secoue, f.: — *s*, (*sect*) trembleurs, m. pl. **-king**, n.: secousse, f.; ébranlement; tremblement, m.

shâke, n.: shako, shako, m.

shâky, adj.: infirme; débile; faible; (*of things*) peu solide; (*of wood*) éclaté.

shâle, -stone, n.: coque; (*min*) argile schisteuse, f.

shâll (pret. *should*), v. auxil.: devoir; vouloir: *I — go*, j'irai; — *I go?* irai-je? dois-je aller? *you — do it*, je veux que vous le fassiez.

shallôon, n.: serge fine, f.

shâllop, n.: chaloupe, f.

shâllôt = *sechlot*.

1.shâllow, adj.: peu profond; superficiel; (*slight*) léger; (*silly*) borné; (*of water*) bas. **2.shallow**, n.: haut-fond, bas-fond, m. **-brained**, adj.: à cervelle creuse; borné. **-ly**, adv.: de peu de profondeur; superficiellement. **-ness**, n.: manque de profondeur, m.; nature superficielle, f.; esprit superficiel, m.

shâ/m = *shawm*.

1.shâm, n.: feinte, f.; fraude, tricherie, f.; couvert faux, m., couverture à détacher, f. **2.sham**, adj.: feint; faux; simulé; prétendu; postiche: — *fight*, petite guerre. **3.sham**, tr.: feindre, simuler; tromper: — *upon*, faire accroire à; intr.: user de feintes: — *lameness, illness*, feindre d'être boiteux, malade; — *Abraham*, jouer l'innocence patriarcale; feindre d'être malade.

1.shâmble, n. pl.: boucherie; (*mines*) niche, retraite, f.

2.shâmbl-e, intr.: marcher lourdement.

1.-ing, adj.: démarche lourde. **2.-ing**, n.: démarche lourde, f.; pas lourd, m.

1.shâme, n.: honte; pudeur; (*dishonour*) honte, f., opprobre, m.: *from —, for —,*

out of —, de honte; *for —!* fi donc! —! quelle honte! c'est honteux! honte! *cry — at*, crier à l'infamie contre; *be the — of*, être, faire la honte de; *be lost to all —*, avoir perdu toute honte. **2.shame**, tr.: faire honte à; (*mock at*) se moquer de; (*disgrace*) déshonorer. **-faced**, adj.: honteux; timide. **-facedly**, adv.: avec mauvaise honte; timidement. **-facedness**, n.: mauvaise honte; timidité, f. **-ful**, adj.: honteux; (*indecent*) indécent, deshonnête. **-fully**, adv.: honteusement; indécemment. **-fulness**, n.: opprobre, m. **-less**, adj.: éhonté, effronté; impudent. **-lessly**, adv.: sans honte; effrontément; impudiquement. **-lessness**, n.: effronterie; impudence, f. **-r -er**, n.: personne qui fait honte; chose qui fait honte, f.

shâm-med, adj.: faux; prétendu, feint, simulé. **-mer**, n.: personne qui feint, f.; trompeur, m., trompeuse, f.; imposteur, m.

shâm-my, -ois, -oy, n.: chamois, m.

shampôe, tr.: masser. **-ing**, n.: massage, m.

shâmrock, n.: trèfle, m.

shânk, n.: jambe, f.; (*tibia*) os de la jambe; (*of a horse*) canon, m.; (*of instruments*) tige, f.; (*of a pipe*) tuyau, m.; (*of a button*) queue; (*of an anchor*) tige, verge; (*of a key*) tige, f.; (*of a column*) fût, m. **-ed**, adj.: à jambe; à tige; à queue.

1.shape, tr.: former; régler, modeler; diriger; intr.: cadrer; convenir. **2.shape**, n.: forme; figure; (*pers.*) tournure, taille; (*idea*) idée; (*of a bonnet*) forme, carcasse, f.; *in the — of*, en forme de. **-less**, adj.: informe, sans forme. **-lessness**, n.: état informe, m. **-ly**, adj.: bien fait; bien formé, m.

shârd, n.: têt; tesson, m.; (*bot.*) carde, f.; (*of an insect*) étui, m.; (*of a snail*) coquille, f.

1.shâ-re, n.: (*portion*) part, portion, f.; (*part allotted*) part, f.; (*interest*) intérêt, m.; (*in a railway, a mine, etc.*) action, f.: *have a — in*, avoir part à; avoir un intérêt dans; *fall to any one's —*, échoir à quelqu'un en partage; *go —s*, partager; *in half —s*, de compte à demi. **2.-re**, n.: (*of a plough*) soc, m. **3.-re**, tr.: partager; intr.: partager; avoir part à: — *in*, avoir part à; participer à. **-reholder**, n.: actionnaire, m., f. **-rex**, n.: personne qui partage, qui participe, f.; (*jur.*) partageant, m.; *joint —*, copartageant, m. **-ring**, n.: partage, m.

1.shârk, n.: (*ichth.*) requin; (*sharper*) chevalier d'industrie, escroc, filou, m. **2.shark**, †tr.: écornifler; intr.: filouter; vivre d'écornilleries. **-or**, n.: chevalier

d'industrie; escroc; écornifleur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: escroquerie, écornifierie, *f.*

1.sharp, *adj.*: tranchant, affilé; (*pointed*) pointu, aigu; à pointe acérée; (*acute of mind*) vif, intelligent, pénétrant, fin; (*of children*) éveillé, dégourdi; (*piercing*) perçant, pénétrant; (*acid*) acide, piquant; (*biting*) mordant, piquant, vif, amer, acerbé, aigre; (*rigid*) rigide, sévère; (*subtle*) subtil, fin; (*ardent*) vif, ardent; (*violent*) violent, fort; (*fierce*) vif, vigoureux, rude; (*keen*) aigu, vif; (*of sound*) aigre, perçant; (*mus.*) dièse: *a* — *edge*, un fil tranchant; *a* — *appetite*, un grand appétit; — *pain*, douleur vive; *a* — *contest*, une contestation vive, violente; *look* —, se dépêcher; — *as a needle*, (*pers., pop.*) fin comme tout. **2.sharp**, *n.*: (*mus.*) dièse, *m.* **3.sharp**, *tr.*: aiguiser; affiler; (*mus.*) diéser. -**edged**, *adj.*: bien affilé; (*carp.*) à vive arête. -**en**, *tr.*: aiguiser, affiler; (*point*) rendre pointu, rendre aigu; (*make active*) rendre vif; (*make acid*) aigrir, rendre acide, rendre piquant; (*make biting*) rendre amer, rendre acerbé, rendre aigu; (*the intellect, the sight*) rendre vif, rendre pénétrant, aiguiser; (*the appetite*) aiguiser, ouvrir; (*pain*) rendre vif, rendre aigu; (*desire*) exciter; (*mus.*) diéser; *intr.*: s'aiguiser. -**er**, *n.*: aigrefin; escroc; chevalier d'industrie. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec un fil tranchant; avec une pointe aiguë; (*rigorously*) rigoureusement; (*vigorously*) vigoureusement, rudement, vivement, âprement, avec âpreté; (*roughly*) vivement, vertement, avec aigreur; (*violently*) violemment, fortement; (*acutely*) d'une manière pénétrante, d'une manière perçante: *answer* —, répondre avec aigreur, vivement. -**ness**, *n.*: (*keenness of an edge*) qualité de ce qui est tranchant; (*keenness of a point*) qualité de ce qui est pointu; (*acidity*) acidité; (*of pain, grief*) force, violence; (*of language*) aigreur, amertume, *f.*, piquant, *m.*; (*acuteness of intellect*) intelligence, *f.*, (*of children*) esprit éveillé, *m.*, (*quickness of perception*) pénétration; (*of the weather*) rigueur, *f.*; (*of sound*) son aigu, *m.* -**set**, *adj.*: affamé; vorace; avide. -**shooter**, *n.*: bon tireur; tirailleur, *m.* -**sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue perçante. -**witted**, *adj.*: qui a l'esprit pénétrant.

shatter, *tr.*: briser, fracasser; mettre en pièces; (*rend*) déchirer; (*derange*) déranger; (*impair*) altérer; abîmer; *intr.*: se briser, se fracasser. -**brained**, -**pated**, *adj.*: timbré; (*heedless*) étourdi.

-**s**, *n. pl.*: pièces, *f. pl.*; morceaux; éclats. *m. pl.*: *break into* —, faire voler en éclats. -**y**, *adj.*: cassant; fragile.

1.shave, *tr.*: raser; faire la barbe à; (*ani-*

mal) tondre; (*graze, touch*) raser; (*fleece*) plumer, écorcher; (*tech.*) planer; (*carp.*) raboter; (*paper*) rogner: — *one's self*, se raser, se faire la barbe; *get* — *d*, se faire raser, se faire faire la barbe. **2.-ve**, *intr.*: raser; (*to shave one's self*) se raser, se faire la barbe. **3.-ve**, *n.*: plane, *f.* -**ve-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) prêle, *f.* -**veling**, *n.*: tonsuré, *m.* -**ver**, *n.*: barbier; (*plunderer*) écorcheur, fripon; (*sharp man to deal with*) fin matois; (*youngster*) blanc-bec, moutard, *m.* -**ving**, *n.*: action de raser, *f.*; (*of wood, etc.*) copeau, *m.* -**ving-box**, *n.*: botte à savonnette, *f.* -**ving-brush**, *n.*: blaireau, *m.* -**ving-cloth**, *n.*: linge à barbe, *m.*

shâcl, *n.*: châte, *m.*

shâum, *n.*: hautbois, cornet à bouquin, chalumeau, *m.*

shê, *pron.*: elle, *f.* [*She* s'emploie souvent comme préfixe pour désigner les animaux femelles: -*goat*, chèvre; -*cat*, chatte; -*bear*, ourse.]

1.shêaf, *n.*: gerbe; javelle, *f.*; (*of arrows*) faisceau, *m.* **2.shêaf**, *tr.*: engorber; mettre en gerbe, javeler.

1.shêar (*pret. sheared*, *part. sheared, shorn*), *tr.*: tondre; couper; *intr.*: se séparer. **2.shêar** (*pl. -s*), *n.*: grands ciseaux, *m. pl.*; cisailles, *f. pl.*; bigue, *f.* -**bill**, *n.*: (*orn.*) coupeur d'eau, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: tondeur, *m.*, tondeuse, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: tonture; tonte, *f.* -**ing-machine**, *n.*: tondeuse mécanique, *f.* -**ling**, *n.*: brebis qui n'a été tondue qu'une fois, *f.* -**man**, *n.*: tondeur de drap, *m.* -**s**, *cf.* **2.shêar**.

shêa-th, *pl. -ths*, *n.*: fourreau; étui, *m.*; gaine, *f.*; (*ent.*) étui, élytre, *m.*; (*anat., bot.*) gaine, *f.*: — *maker*, gainier, *m.* -**the**, *tr.*: mettre dans un étui; (*a sword, etc.*) mettre dans le fourreau, rengainer; (*cover*) couvrir, revêtir; (*fit with a sheath*) munir d'un fourreau; (*fig.*) plonger; (*a ship*) doubler. -**thing**, *n.*: bordage; (*nav.*) doublage, *m.* -**th-winged**, *adj.*: (*ent.*) à étui; à élytre. -**thy**, *adj.*: qui forme un fourreau, un étui, une gaine.

shêave, *n.*: (*nav.*) rouet, réa, ris, *m.*

shê-bear, -**cat**, *cf.* **shê**.

shêd, *n.*: hangar; appentis; atelier, *m.*; (*hovel*) bicoque, *f.*

shêd (*pret., part. shed*), *tr.*: répandre, faire couler; (*of trees*) laisser tomber; (*of animals*) jeter, changer; (*emit*) répandre, exhaler; (*keep off*) garantir de; (*tears*) verser; *intr.*: éloigner; empêcher d'entrer: — *over*, répandre sur; verser sur. -**der**, *n.*: personne qui répand, qui verse, qui fait couler, *f.* -**ding**, *n.*: action de répandre; effusion, *f.*

1.shêen, *n.*: splendeur, *f.*; éclat, *m.*

2.shêen, -**ny**, *adj.*: éclatant; brillant.

sheep, *n.*: brebis, *f.*; mouton; (*silly fellow*) sot, *m.*; (*fig.*) brebis, *f.*; (*skin*) mouton, *m.*, basane, *f.* **-coot**, *n.*: parc à moutons, *m.* **-fold**, *n.*: bercaill, *m.*; bergerie, *f.* **-hook**, *n.*: boulette, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: penaud; bête, timide. **-ishly**, *adv.*: en penaud; d'un air bête, timidement. **-ishness**, *n.*: timidité, *f.* **-master**, *n.*: éleveur de moutons, *m.* **-s-eye**, *n.*: œillade, *f.*; yeux doux, *m.* *pl.*: *cast — s on*, faire les yeux doux à. **-shank**, *n.*: (*nav.*) jambe de chien, *f.* **-shearer**, *n.*: tondeur de moutons, *m.* **-shearing**, *n.*: tonte, *f.* **-skin**, *n.*: mouton, *m.*; peau de mouton, *f.* **-stealer**, *n.*: voleur de moutons, *m.* **-stealing**, *n.*: vol de moutons, *m.* **-walk**, *n.*: parc à moutons; pâturage à moutons, *m.*

1. **shēer**, *adj.*: pur; très fin; *adv.*: *† tout*, entièrement; tout d'un coup: — *nonsense*, pure sottise.

2. **shēer**, *intr.*: embarder, dévier, faire des embardées: — *off*, fuir. 3. **sheer** (*pl.* = *2. shear*), *n.*: (*nav.*) tonture; courbure longitudinale des ponts et du bordage extérieur d'un bâtiment, *f.*: — *s*, machine à mâter, *f.* *sing.* **-hooks**, *n.*: grappin, *m.* **-hulk**, *n.*: machine à mâter flottante, *f.*

1. **shēet**, *n.*: drap, *m.*; (*of paper, of metals*) feuille; (*of water, etc.*) nappe, pièce; (*nav.*) écoute, *f.* 2. **sheet**, *tr.*: couvrir; envelopper; *intr.*: (*nav.*) border une écoute. **-anchor**, *n.*: ancre de miséricorde, maîtresse ancre; (*fig.*) planche de salut, *f.* **-copper**, *n.*: cuivre en planches, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: toile pour draps de lits, *f.* (*lining*) blindage, *m.* **-iron**, *n.*: tôle, *f.* **-lead**, *n.*: plomb en feuille, *m.* **-piles**, *ing-piles*, *n. pl.*: madriers, *m. pl.*, palplanches, *f. pl.*

shēets, *n. pl.*: (*nav.*) écoutes, *f. pl.*

she-goat, *cf.* *she*.

shēlf, *n.*: tablette, planche, *f.*; rayon; (*nav.*) banc de sable, écueil, récif, *m.*; (*min.*) couche, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: plein d'écueils.

1. **shēll**, *n.*: (*of eggs, of fruit*) coque, coquille, *scale*; (*of peas*) cosse; (*of oysters*) écaille; (*mol.*) coquille; (*coffin*) bière, *f.*, cercueil de sapin; (*artil.*) obus, *m.*, bombe, *f.*; (*outer part*) extérieur, *m.*, écorce; (*of a house*) carcasse, (*mus.*) lyre, *f.* 2. **shell**, *tr.*: ôter la coque de, la coquille de; (*peas*) écosser; *intr.*: s'écaler. **-fish**, *n.*: coquillage; mollusque, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: coquillage, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: couvert de coquillages.

1. **shēlter**, *n.*: abri; couvert; (*protection*) abri, refuge, *m.*, protection, *f.*: *take —*, s'abriter; se mettre à l'abri; *under — from*, à l'abri de, à couvert de. 2. **shel-ter**, *tr.*: abriter; mettre à l'abri; proté-

ger, garantir; *intr.*: s'abriter. **-less**, *adj.*: sans abri; sans asile.

shēl-ve, *tr.*: mettre sur des tablettes; (*fig.*) mettre de côté; se débarrasser de; *intr.*: aller en pente; incliner. **-ving**, *adj.*: en pente; en talus; incliné. **-vy**, *adj.*: plein d'écueils.

shēpherd, *n.*: berger; pâtre; (*fig.*) pasteur, *m.* **-ess**, *n.*: bergère, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: de berger: pastoral. **-ly**, *adj.*: pastoral. **-d's-purse**, *n.*: (*bot.*) capselle, *f.*

shērbet, *n.*: sorbet, *m.*

shēriff, *n.*: shérif, *m.* **-alty** = *shriev-alty*.

shērry, *n.*: vin de Xérès, *m.*

show shō, etc. = *show*, etc.

shibboleth, *n.*: marque distinctive d'un parti, *f.*

1. **shield**, *n.*: bouclier, *m.*; (*of Minerva*) égide, *f.*; (*fig.*) bouclier, *m.*, égide, *f.*; (*hort.*) écusson; (*her.*) écu, écusson, *m.*

2. **shield**, *tr.*: couvrir d'un bouclier: — *from*, couvrir de; mettre à l'abri de; défendre de, protéger de; garantir de. **-bearer**, *n.*: écuyer, *m.*

1. **shift**, *tr.*: changer; transporter; *intr.*: (*change place*) changer de place; (*vary*) changer; (*resort to expedients*) trouver des expédients; s'arranger; (*change dress*) changer de vêtements; (*practise indirect methods*) user de faux-fuyants, biaiser: — *for one's self*, s'arranger. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui change, *f.*; (*person who uses artifice*) biaisier, *m.*, baiseuse, *f.*; (*nav.*) aide-coq, *m.*; *scene* —, machiniste, *m.* 1. **-ing**, *n.*: changement, *m.*; (*evasion*) dé-faite, *f.*, subterfuge, détour, *m.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: changeant; (*deceitful*) qui use de détours. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en changeant; (*deceitfully*) par des détours. **-less**, *adj.*: sans ressource; sans expédient.

shilling, *n.*: schelling, *m.*

1. **shilly-shally**, *n.*: hésitation; irrésolution, *f.* 2. **-shally**, *intr.*: hésiter, être irrésolu.

shin, **-bone**, *n.*: tibia, os de la jambe, *m.*

shindy, *n.*: tapage, *m.*

1. **shine** (*pret.*, *part. shone*), *intr.*: luire; reluire; briller: *the sun — s*, il fait du soleil; *the moon — s*, il fait claire de lune. 2. **shine**, *n.*: splendeur, *f.*, éclat; (*of the weather*) beau temps, *m.*

1. **shingle**, *n.*: (*geol.*) galet, *m.*

2. **shingle**, *n.*: (*carp.*) bardeau, *m.* 3. **-gle**, *tr.*: couvrir de bardeaux, *m.* **-gler**, *n.*: couvreur (en bardeaux), *m.*

shingles, *n. pl.*: (*med.*) zona, zoster, *m. sing.*

1. **shi-nigg**, *adj.*: luisant; reluisant; brillant. 2. **-ning**, *n.*: brillant; éclat, *m.*

-ny, *adj.*: luisant; reluisant; brillant.

1. **ship**, *n.*: navire; vaisseau; bâtiment,

m.: — *of war*, vaisseau de guerre; *store* —, vaisseau de transport; *first-class* —, vaisseau de premier rang; — *of the line*, vaisseau de ligne; *Her Majesty's* —, vaisseau de la marine royale; *take* —, s'embarquer. 2. *ship*, *tr.*: embarquer; charger; mettre à bord; (*a sea*) recevoir, embarquer; (*the rudder*) monter; (*oars*) armer; *intr.*: s'engager dans la marine; s'embarquer. -*board*, *n.*: planche de vaisseau, *f.* -*boy*, *n.*: mousse, *m.* -*broker*, *n.*: courtier maritime, *m.* -*builder*, *n.*: constructeur de vaisseaux, *m.* -*building*, *n.*: construction de vaisseaux; architecture navale, *f.* -*chandler*, *n.*: fournisseur de navires, *m.* -*holder*, *n.*: propriétaire de vaisseaux, *m.* -*less*, *adj.*: sans vaisseau. -*load*, *n.*: chargement, *m.*; cargaison, *f.* -*master*, *n.*: patron de navire, *m.* -*mate*, *n.*: camarade de vaisseau, *m.* -*ment*, *n.*: chargement; embarquement, *m.* -*money*, *n.*: impôt pour la construction des vaisseaux, *m.* -*owner*, *n.*: armateur, *m.* -*per*, *n.*: négociant qui fait le commerce maritime, *m.* 1. -*ping*, *n.*: vaisseaux; navires, *m. pl.*; forces navales, *f. pl.*; (*loading*) chargement, *m.*: *take* —, s'embarquer. 2. -*ping*, *adj.*: maritime; naval. -*scraper*, *n.*: gratte-navire, *m.* -*shape*, *adv.*: bien; proprement. 1. -*wreck*, *n.*: naufrage, *m.* 2. -*wreck*, *tr.*: faire faire naufrage à; *be* —ed, faire naufrage, être naufragé. -*wrecked*, *adj.*: naufragé. -*wright*, *n.*: constructeur de vaisseaux, *m.*

shire, *n.*: comté, *m.*

1. *shirt*, *n.*: chemise d'homme; chemise, *f.*: *sell the — off one's back*, vendre jusqu'à sa chemise. 2. *shirt*, *tr.*: couvrir d'une chemise. -*ing*, *n.*: toile, *f.*, calicot pour chemises, *m.* -*less*, *adj.*: sans chemise.

shist, etc. = **schist**, etc.

shīt-tah, -**tim**, *n.*: (*Script.*) bois de sētīm, *m.*

shuttle-cock = **shuttlecock**.

shive, *n.*: morceau, fragment, *m.*

1. *shiver*, *n.*: (*min.*) schiste; (*nav.*) rouet; (*fragment*) fragment, morceau, éclat, *m.*: *break to —s*, faire voler en éclats. 2. *shiver*, *tr.*: briser en morceaux; fracasser; faire voler en éclats; (*a mast*) casser; *intr.*: se briser en morceaux; voler en éclats.

3. *shiver*, *intr.*: trembler, tressaillir; (*with cold*) grelotter; (*with cold, fear*) frissonner; (*of sails*) fasier; *tr.*: faire fasier. 4. *shiver*, *n.*: (*trembling*) frissonnement, *m.*: *have the —s*, avoir le frisson. 1. -*ing*, *adj.*: tremblant; tremblotant; frissonnant. 2. -*ing*, *n.*: frissonnement, frisson; tremblement.

3. *shivering*, *n.*: action de briser en morceaux, *f.*

shiver-ingly, *adv.*: en tremblant, en grelottant.

shivery, *adj.*: qui vole en éclats; cassant.

1. *shōal*, *n.*: (*multitude*) multitude, foule, *f.*; (*of fish*) banc, *m.* 2. *shoal*, *intr.*: affluer; s'attrouper; (*of fish*) se réunir en banc.

3. *shōal*, *adj.*: bas; peu profond.

4. *shoal*, *n.*: bas-fond, haut-fond, *m.*; (*of a river*) barre, *f.* 5. *shoal*, *intr. and tr.*: diminuer en profondeur. -*iness*, *n.*: manque de profondeur; grand nombre de hauts-fonds, *m.* -*y*, *adj.*: plein de hauts-fonds.

1. *shōck*, *n.*: choc; (*impression*) dégoût, coup, saisissement, *m.*; (*in electricity*) secousse, *f.* 2. *shock*, *tr.*: choquer, heurter; (*strike with horror, disgust*) frapper d'horreur, dégoûter; (*offend*) choquer, offenser, blesser. 3. *shock*, *intr.*: choquer, offenser, blesser.

4. *shōck*, *n.*: (*of grain, etc.*) tas, *m.*, moyette, *f.* 5. *shock*, *tr.*: mettre en tas.

6. *shōck*, *n.*: barbet (chien à poil long), *m.* 7. *shock*, *adj.*: poilu. -*dog*, *n.*: barbet, *m.* -*headed*, *adj.*: à épaisse chevelure.

shōck-ing, *adj.*: (*meeting*) qui se choque; (*frightful*) affreux, horrible; (*offensive*) blessant, offensant, choquant; (*disgusting*) repoussant, dégoûtant. -*ingly*, *adv.*: affreusement, horriblement. -*ingness*, *n.*: horreur; nature affreuse, *f.*

shōd, *past part.*: ferré.

1. *shōe* (*pl. -s*), *n.*: soulier; (*of animals*) fer, *m.*; (*of a sleigh*) semelle, *f.*, sabot; (*of a carriage*) sabot, *m.*; (*of an anchor*) semelle, *f.*; (*tech.*) coussinet, *m.*: *wooden —s*, sabots, *m. pl.*; *stand in any one's —s*, être à la place de quelqu'un; *be waiting for any one's old —s*, attendre après la défroque de quelqu'un; *take off one's —s and stockings*, se déchausser; *buy one's — of*, acheter ses souliers à; *se faire chauffer par, chez; make —s for any one*, faire des souliers pour quelqu'un; chauffer quelqu'un. 2. *shoe* (*pret., part. shod*), *tr.*: chausser; (*animal*) ferrer; (*an anchor*) garnir les pattes de; (*tech.*) saboter. -*black*, *n.*: décroeteur, *m.* -*boy*, *n.*: petit décroeteur, *m.* -*buckle*, *n.*: boucle de soulier, *f.* -*horn*, *n.*: chaussepied, *m.*, corne, *f.* -*ing*, *n.*: action de ferrer, *f.* -*ing-hammer*, *n.*: brochoir, *m.* -*ing-horn* = *-horn*. -*latchet*, *n.*: cordon de soulier, *m.* -*leather*, *n.*: cuir de soulier, *m.*: *save —*, pour épargner ses souliers. -*less*, *adj.*: sans souliers. -*maker*, *n.*: cor-

donnier, m. -**making**, n.: cordonnerie, f. -**r** -**er**, n.: personne qui chausse, f.; (*farrier*) maréchal ferrant, m. -**string**, n.: cordon de soulier, m.

1. **shoot** (pret., part. *shot*), tr.: (*with fire-arms*) tirer, décharger, faire partir; (*an arrow*) tirer, décocher, lancer; (*dart*) lancer, jeter, darder; (*strike*) frapper, atteindre; (*push forth*) pousser; (*push out*) faire sortir; (*traverse rapidly*) traverser rapidement; (*carp.*) ajuster; (*kill*) tuer; (*kill with a gun*) fusiller; (*a bolt*) tirer, mettre, pousser; (*the contents of anything*) décharger: — *at any one with a gun*, tirer un coup de fusil à quelqu'un, sur quelqu'un; — *any one with a gun*, tuer quelqu'un d'un coup de fusil; — *dead*, tuer raide; *Ney was shot*, Ney a été fusillé; *he has shot me*, il m'a atteint; *I shot him in the leg*, je l'ai atteint d'un coup de fusil à la jambe, je lui ai logé une balle dans la jambe; *trees — branches*, les arbres poussent les branches; — *forth*, pousser; (*dart*) lancer, darder; — *off*, tirer, décharger; (*carry away*) emporter; *the ball shot his leg off*, le boulet lui emporta la jambe; — *out*, lancer; — *through*, traverser, transpercer, percer d'outre en outre; *the ball shot him through the heart*, la balle lui traversa le cœur; la balle le tua en lui traversant le cœur.

2. **shoot**, intr.: (*bud*) pousser, croître; (*run along*) s'élancer, courir, s'avancer; (*feel a quick darting pain*) éprouver des élancements à; (*of stars*) filer; — *ahead*, courir en avant; se précipiter en avant; — *ahead of*, devancer, dépasser; — *at*, tirer sur; — *forth*, s'avancer, s'élancer; — *forward*, s'élancer en avant; — *into*, se former en, se développer en, se projeter en; se précipiter dans; — *out*, s'élancer dehors; (*project*) se projeter, s'avancer; — *through*, traverser, pénétrer; — *up a man, to a man*, devenir homme; *my temples —*, j'éprouve des élancements aux tempes; *go out —ing*, aller à la chasse. 3. **shoot**, n.: coup; (*branch*) jet, rejeton; (*young pig*) goret, m.; (*of an arch*) poussée, f. -**er**, n.: tireur; chasseur; archer, m. 1. **ing**, m.: tir, m.; décharge, f.; décochement, m.; (*hunt.*) chasse au tir, f.; (*of pain*) élancement, m.; (*of plants*) pousse, f. 2. **ing**, adj.: (*of pain*) qui élance; (*of a star*) filante.

ing-gallery, n.: tir, m. **ing-pocket**, n.: gibecière, f. **ing-stick**, n.: (*print.*) décanoir, m.

1. **shop**, n.: magasin, m.; boutique, f.; (*workshop*) atelier, m.: *keep a —*, tenir un magasin, une boutique; *keep —*, garder le magasin, la boutique; *go —ing* or 2. **shop**, intr.: courir les magasins, faire

des emplettes. -**board**, n.: établi, m. -**book**, n.: livre de comptes, m. -**boy**, n.: garçon de magasin, m. -**girl**, n.: fille de boutique; demoiselle de magasin, f. -**keeper**, n.: marchand, m., marchande, f.; boutiquier, m., boutiquière, f. -**lifter**, n.: voleur, m., voleuse, f., qui vole dans les boutiques. -**lifting**, n.: vol dans une boutique, m. -**man**, n.: commis de magasin, de boutique; commis, m. -**woman** = *girl*.

shorage, n.: droit de rivage, m.

1. **shore**, pret. of *shear*.

2. **shore**, n.: (*carp.*) étai, étau; (*nav.*) accotoir, accore, m. 3. **shore**, tr.: (*carp.*) étayer; étauonner; (*nav.*) accorer.

4. **shore**, n.: (*of the sea*) rivage, m., côte, f.; (*of a river*) rive, f.: *go on —*, aller à terre; *along the —*, près de la terre. -**boat**, n.: embarcation, f. -**less**, adj.: sans côte; sans rivage.

shoreling, n.: peau de mouton vivant qui vient d'être tondue, f.; mouton qui vient d'être tondue, m.

shorn, part. of *shear*.

1. **short**, adj.: court; (*insufficient*) insuffisant; (*abrupt*) brusque; (*brief*) bref; (*stature*) petit; (*of earth, marl*) friable; (*gram., muz.*) bref; (*limited*) borné: *nothing — of murder*, rien au-dessous du meurtre; *be — of*, être court de; être à court de; (*of things*) être au-dessous de; *fall —*, être à court; manquer; être insuffisant; *fall — of*, être au-dessous de; *fall — of my expectations*, ne pas répondre à mon attente; *fall — in*, manquer à; *cut —*, couper court à; couper la parole à; *abréger*; *stop —*, s'arrêter tout court; *in —*, bref, en un mot, enfin. 2. **short**, n.: court, m.; culotte, f.; son court: *know the long and the — of*, savoir le long et le court de. 3. **short**, adv.: court; peu; tout court.

-**breathed**, adj.: qui a l'haleine courte. -**coming**, n.: insuffisance, faute, f.; déficit, m.

-**dated**, adj.: à courte date; à courte échéance. -**en**, tr.: raccourcir; accourcir; (*abridge*) abrégier; (*diminish*) diminuer; (*deprive*) priver; (*contract*) resserrer; intr.: se raccourcir; s'accourcir; s'abrégier; diminuer; se resserrer. -**ner**, n.: personne qui abrège, qui raccourcit, qui diminue; chose qui abrège, qui diminue; qui raccourcit, f.

-**ening**, n.: raccourcissement; accourcissement; resserrement, m.; diminution, f. -**hand**, n.: sténographie, f.: — *writer*, sténographe, m.

-**jointed**, adj.: court-jointé. -**lived**, adj.: d'une courte vie; qui vit peu; de courte durée; passager. -**ly**, adv.: bientôt; sous peu; dans peu de temps; (*briefly*) brièvement. -**ness**, n.: court;

(*of space*) peu d'étendue, *m.*; (*stature*) petitesse; (*brevity*) brièveté; (*imperfection*) faiblesse, imperfection; (*mus. gram.*) brièveté, *f.*: — *of breath*, courte haleine, *f.*; *of waist*, courte taille, *f.*: — *of memory*, faiblesse de la mémoire, *f.* — **-rib**, *n.*: fausse côte, *f.* — **-sight**, *n.*: vue courte, myopie, *f.* — **-sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue courte, myope. — **-sightedness**, *n.*: vue courte, myopie, *f.*; (*fig.*) manque de clairvoyance, *m.* — **-waisted**, *adj.*: à courte taille. — **-winded**, *adj.*: à courte haleine. — **-witted**, *adj.*: qui a peu d'esprit.

1.shot, *n.*: (*of a fire-arm*) coup; (*from a bow*) trait, *m.*; (*for a rifle*) balle, *f.*; (*for cannon*) boulet; (*for a fowling-piece*) plomb, *m.*; (*reach*) portée, *f.*; (*reckoning*) écot, *m.*: *small* —, menu plomb, *m.*; *dragée*, *f.*; *random* —, coup perdu; *spent* —, balle morte; *waste powder and* —, tirer sa poudre aux moineaux; *be a good* —, être bon tireur; *fire a* —, tirer un coup; *without firing a* —, sans coup férir; *within* —, à portée de; *with in ear* —, à la portée de l'oreille; *within cannon* —, à portée de canon; *at a* —, d'un seul coup. — **2.shot**, *tr.*: charger à boulet.

-belt, *n.*: ceinture de chasse, *f.* — **-casting**, *n.*: fonte de plomb de chasse, *f.* — **-free** = *scot-free*. — **-hole**, *n.*: trou de balle, *m.* — **-locker**, *n.*: parc à boulets, *m.* — **-ten**, *adj.*: en saillie; (*of a bone*) disloqué; (*of fish*) qui a déchargé son frai. — **-tower**, *n.*: tour à plomb de chasse, *f.*

should, *pret. of shall*.

1.shoulder, *n.*: épaule; (*tech.*) languette, *f.*: *shrug up one's* —, hausser les épaules; *round* —, dos rond, *m. sing.*; *put one's* — *to the wheel*, mettre la main à la pâte; *show any one the cold* —, battre froid à quelqu'un. — **2.shoulder**, *tr.*: charger sur les épaules; (*push*) pousser avec violence; (*arms*) porter. — **-belt**, *n.*: baudrier, *m.*; bandoulière, *f.* — **-blado**, *n.*: omoplate, *f.* — **-ed**, *adj.*: à épaules: *broad* —, qui a les épaules larges; aux larges épaules; *round* —, qui a le dos rond. — **-knot**, *n.*: nœud d'épaule, *m.* — **-shotten**, *adj.*: épaulé. — **-slip**, *n.*: dislocation de l'épaule, *f.* — **-strap**, *n.*: bretelle, *f.* — **-wrench**, *n.*: effort d'épaule, *m.*

1.shout, *intr.*: crier; pousser un cri; faire des acclamations; crier. — **2.shout**, *n.*: cri; cri de joie, *m.*; acclamation, *f.* — **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait des acclamations, *f.* — **-ing**, *n.*: acclamation, *f.*; cris, *m. pl.*

1.shove, *tr.*: pousser: — *away*, repousser, éloigner; — *from*, repousser de, éloigner de; — *back*, faire reculer; repousser; — *down*, pousser en bas; faire tom-

ber; — *off*, repousser; (*a boat*) pousser à l'eau; — *out*, pousser dehors; faire sortir. — **2.shove**, *intr.*: pousser: — *away*, pousser toujours; (*push off*) s'éloigner; — *by*, bousculer; — *off*, s'éloigner; pousser au large. — **3.shove**, *n.*: poussée, *f.*: *give a* — *to*, pousser, donner une poussée à.

1.shovel, *n.*: pelle, *f.*: *fire* —, pelle à feu. — **2.shovel**, *tr.*: ramasser avec la pelle; jeter avec la pelle; amasser: — *in*, ramasser avec la pelle; jeter avec la pelle. — **-ful**, *n.*: pelletée, *f.* — **-ler**, *n.*: (*orni.*) souchet, *m.*

1.show (*pret. showed*; *part. shown*), *tr.*: montrer; faire voir; exposer à la vue; (*prove*) démontrer; (*manifest*) manifester, témoigner, montrer; (*make known*) faire connaître; (*explain*) expliquer; (*attention, kindness, etc.*) témoigner, avoir; *intr.*: se montrer: — *any one in*, introduire quelqu'un; faire entrer quelqu'un; — *any one out*, reconduire quelqu'un; — *any one up*, faire monter quelqu'un; (*unmask*) démasquer quelqu'un; montrer quelqu'un dans ses vraies couleurs. — **2.show**, *n.*: (*superficial appearance*) apparence, *f.*; (*spectacle*) spectacle; (*ostentatious parade*) étalage, *m.*, ostentation, montre, parade; (*pomp*) pompe, *f.*, apparat, *m.*; (*semblance*) semblance, apparence, figure; (*exhibition*) exposition, *f.*; (*external appearance*) extérieur; (*phantom*) fantôme, *m.*: *make a* — *of*, faire parade de; faire étalage de; étaler; (*pretend*) faire semblant de; *for* —, pour les apparences; pour faire parade. — **-bottle**, *n.*: (*of chemists*) flacon de montre, *m.* — **-bread**, *n.*: pain de proposition, *m.* — **-case**, *n.*: montre, *f.* — **-er**, *n.*: personne qui montre, qui fait voir, *f.*

1.shower, *n.*: averse, ondée; (*copious supply*) pluie; (*of blows, stones, etc.*) pluie, grêle, *f.*: *April* —, giboulée de Mars, *f.* — **2.shower**, *tr.*: inonder de pluie; arroser; (*bestow liberally*) verser, faire pleuvoir. — **-bath**, *n.*: douche, *f.* — **-less**, *adj.*: sans pluie; sans ondée. — **-y**, *adj.*: pluvieux.

show-glass, *n.*: montre, *f.* — **-ily**, *adv.*: avec éclat; d'une manière voyante; pompeusement; fastueusement. — **-iness**, *n.*: éclat excessif, *m.*; pompe, *f.*; faste, étalage, *m.* — **-man**, *n.*: directeur de spectacle forain, *m.* — **-window**, *n.*: montre, *f.*; étalage, *m.* — **-y**, *adj.*: éclatant; voyant; fastueux.

1.shred, *n.*: bande, *f.*; lambeau; fragment, bout; (*hort.*) lien pour palisser, *m.* — **2.shred**, *tr.*: couper en lambeaux. — **-less**, *adj.*: sans lambeau.

shrew, *n.*: mégère; grondeuse; pie-grièche, *f.*: — *mouse*, musaraigne, *f.*;

taming the —, la mégère domptée, or mise à la raison. -**d**, *adj.*: sagace; clairvoyant, pénétrant, malin, fin, rusé; (*of things*) fin, adroit, subtil, malin. -**dly**, *adv.*: avec sagacité; avec clairvoyance; avec pénétration, avec malice, avec finesse; adroitement; subtilement; avec adresse. -**ness**, *n.*: sagacité; clairvoyance, pénétration, malice, finesse, ruse, subtilité, adresse, *f.* -**ish**, *adj.*: grondeur; acariâtre. -**ishly**, *adv.*: en mégère; en grondeuse; en pie-grièche. -**ishness**, *n.*: humeur acariâtre, humeur de mégère, *f.*

shriek, *intr.*: crier; jeter un cri perçant; jeter des cris: — *out*, crier, jeter les hauts cris. **shriek**, *n.*: cri; cri perçant, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: cris perçants, *m. pl.*

shrievalty, *n.*: fonctions de shérif, *f. pl.*; juridiction de shérif, *f.*

shrike, *n.*: (orn.) lanier, laneret, *m.*; pie-grièche, *f.*

shrill, *adj.*: aigu; perçant; aigre, grêle; glapissant; (*mus.*) aigu. **shrill**, *intr.*: produire un son aigu; glapir: — *forth*, exprimer d'une voix aiguë; chanter d'une voix aiguë. -**ness**, *n.*: son aigu, ton aigu; son perçant, ton perçant, *m.* -**y**, *adv.*: d'un ton aigu, d'un ton perçant.

shrimp, *n.*: crevette, chevrette, *f.*; (*pers.*) bout d'homme, nain, *m.*, naine, *f.*

shrine, *n.*: chaise, *f.*; reliquaire; (*fig.*) autel, *m.*

shrink (pret., part. *shrunk*), *intr.*: rétrécir, se rétrécir, s'étrecir; reculer, se retirer; (*shrivel*) se rider; (*diminish*) diminuer, baisser; (*of wood*) se contracter, se resserrer; *intr.*: rétrécir, rider: — *back*, reculer; — *from*, reculer devant; trembler devant; avoir horreur de; — *up*, rétrécir; se rétrécir; s'étrecir; se recueillir; — *to*, diminuer; se réduire à. **shrink**, *n.*: rétrécissement, étrécissement, *m.*; (*contraction*) contraction, *f.* -**age**, *n.*: rétrécissement, étrécissement, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui recule, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: rétrécissement, *m.*; contraction; (*act of running back*) action de reculer, de se retirer; (*of timber*) contraction, *f.*

shrive (pret. *shrove*; part. *shriven*), *tr.*: confesser.

shrivel, *intr.*: se rider; se ratatiner; se recroqueviller; *tr.*: faire ratatiner, faire recroqueviller; rider, grésiller.

shroud, *n.*: (*winding-sheet*) linceul, suaire; (*shelter*) abri, couvert, *m.*: — *s*, (*nav.*) haubans, *m. pl.* **shroud**, *tr.*: (*shelter*) mettre à l'abri, mettre à couvert, abriter, couvrir; (*dress for the grave*) ensevelir, mettre dans un linceul, dans un suaire; (*conceal*) cacher, couvrir, dérober à la vue; *intr.*: s'abriter. -**less**, *n.*:

sans linceul. -**y**, *adj.*: qui abrite; qui sert d'abri.

shrove-tide, *n.*: les jours gras, *m. pl.* -**tuesday**, *n.*: mardi gras, *m.*

shrub, *n.*: (*bot.*) arbrisseau; arbuste; (*drink*) grog, *m.* **shrub**, *tr.*: purger d'arbrisseaux; purger d'arbustes. -**bery**, *n.*: plantation d'arbrisseaux, *f.*; arbrisseaux, *m. pl.* -**by**, *adj.*: plein d'arbrisseaux, *f.*; (*resembling a shrub*) qui ressemble à un arbuste; (*consisting of shrubs*) d'arbrisseaux.

shrug, *tr.*: hausser (les épaules); *intr.*: hausser les épaules. **shrug**, *n.*: haussement d'épaules, *m.*

shudder, *intr.*: frissonner; frémir. **shudder**, *n.*: frissonnement; frémissement, *m.*

shuf-*fle*, *tr.*: mettre en confusion; brouiller; mêler; (*cards*) mêler, battre; (*cheat*) duper, tromper: — *off*, éluder; se débarrasser de; éconduire; — *into*, glisser adroitement dans; introduire adroitement dans; — *any one out of anything*, escamoter quelque chose à quelqu'un; — *up*, faire à la hâte; bâcler. **shuf-*fle***, *intr.*: (*at cards*) battre les cartes; (*change position*) changer de position; (*prevaricate*) tergiverser, chicaner, biaiser; (*shift*) se tirer d'affaire, s'arranger; (*shove the feet*) battre des pieds; (*move with an irregular gait*) traîner les jambes: — *along*, traîner les jambes; — *off*, reculer honteusement. **shuf-*fle***, *n.*: (*pushing*) poussée, action de pousser, *†*Fr. poussade; (*confusion*) confusion, *f.*; (*artifice*) artifice, tour, *m.*; (*evasion*) défaite, *f.*, faux-fuyant, *m.* -**fler**, *n.*: braiseur, chicaneur, *m.*, chicaneuse, *f.*; (*of cards*) personne qui bat les cartes, *f.* **shuf-*fling***, *adj.*: (*pers.*) chicaneur, braiseur; (*of things*) évasif. **shuf-*fling***, *n.*: action de mettre en confusion; (*irregular gait*) marche traînante, *f.*; (*of cards*) battement des cartes, *m.*; (*artifice*) ruses, *f. pl.*, détours, artifices, *m. pl.*, chicane, *f.* -**flingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière évasive; par chicane, par artifice; (*with an irregular gait*) en traînant les pieds.

shun, *tr.*: éviter; fuir. -**less**, *adj.*: inévitable.

shunt, *n.*: (*railways*) ligne, gare d'évitement, *f.*

shut, *tr.*: fermer; *intr.*: (*se*) fermer: — *again*, refermer; — *close*, fermer bien; — *from*, exclure de; — *in*, enfermer; — *off*, intercepter; — *out*, exclure; (*intercept*) intercepter; (*shut the door against*) fermer la porte à; *be — out all night*, trouver la porte fermée et être obligé de coucher dehors; — *out from*, exclure de; — *up*, fermer; (*confine*) en-

fermer, mettre sous les verrous; (*a door, a window*) condamner; (*end*) terminer, finir. 2. **shut**, *n.*: action de fermer, clôture. **shut**, *n.*: personne qui ferme, *f.*: (*of a window*) volet, *m.*, persienne, *f.*: (*door*) guichet, *m.*

shuttle, *n.*: navette, *f.* -**cock**, *n.*: volant, *m.*: *battledore and —*, volant, *m.*

1. **shy**, *adj.*: timide; sauvage, farouche; (*reserved*) réservé; (*suspicious*) soupçonneux, ombrageux; (*cautious*) circonspect, prudent; (*of horses*) ombrageux: *be — of using*, craindre d'employer. 2. **shy**, *intr.*: faire un écart; être ombrageux; être sur l'œil. -**ly**, *adv.*: timidement; avec réserve; avec prudence, avec circonspection. -**ness**, *n.*: timidité; sauvagerie; retenue; réserve; (*of horses*) nature ombrageuse, *f.*

Siberian, *adj.*: sibérien; de la Sibérie.

1. **sibilant**, *adj.*: sifflant, sibilant. 2. **lant**, *n.*: (*gram.*) lettre sifflante, *f.* -**lation**, *n.*: sibilation, *f.*

sibyl, *n.*: sibylle, *f.* -**line**, *adj.*: sibyllin.

sicamore = *sycamore*.

1. **sic-cative**, *adj.*: siccatif. 2. **cative**, *n.*: siccatif, *m.* -**city**, *n.*: siccité, *f.*

sicc or **-z**, *n.*: (*at dice*) six, *m.*

sick, *adj.*: (*till*) malade; (*affected with nausea*) qui a des nausées, qui a mal au cœur; *pl.*: malades: — *of*, dégoûté de; las de; — *of a fever*, malade de la fièvre; *feel —*, avoir mal au cœur; avoir des nausées; *be — at stomach*, avoir mal au cœur; *be — at heart*, avoir la mort dans le cœur, dans l'âme; *turn —*, commencer à éprouver des maux de cœur; *make —*, donner mal au cœur à; — *unto death*, malade à la mort. -**berth**, *n.*: (*nav.*) poste des malades, *m.* -**brained**, *adj.*: malade d'esprit. -**en**, *tr.*: rendre malade; (*disgust*) lasser, ennuyer, dégoûter; (*make squeamish*) faire soulever le cœur à; *intr.*: tomber malade; (*be satiated*) se rassasier; (*linguish*) languir; — *of*, se dégoûter de; — *at*, éprouver des maux de cœur à; *I — ed at the sight of that thing*, la vue de cette chose me fit éprouver des maux de cœur, me souleva le cœur; — *into*, dégénérer en. -**ener**, *n.*: ennui, *m.*; chose ennuyeuse, *f.*: *give any one a —*, embêter, ennuyer quelqu'un. -**ening**, *adj.*: qui rend malade, à rendre malade, qui soulève le cœur, dégoûtant, saisissant, nauséabond. -**ish**, *adj.*: maladif; (*nauseating*) nauséabond: *feel —*, avoir un léger mal de cœur. -**ishness**, *n.*: disposition au mal de cœur, qualité de ce qui est nauséabond, *f.*

sickle, *n.*: faucille, *f.* -**d**, *adj.*: à faucille.

sick-ness, *n.*: défaut de santé, *m.*; mauvaise santé; (*of places, climates*) insalubrité, *f.* -**list**, *n.*: (*milit., nav.*) rôle des malades, *m.* 1. **ly**, *adj.*: (*pera.*) maladif, d'une mauvaise santé; (*of things*) maladif; (*producing disease*) insalubre, malsain; (*linguid*) languissant: *grow —*, devenir maladif; languir. 2. **ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière malade. -**ness**, *n.*: maladie, *f.*: (*nausea*) mal de cœur, *m.*: *sea —*, mal de mer, *m.*

1. **side**, *n.*: côté; flanc; (*edge, border*) bord; (*of a mountain*) versant; (*party*) parti, *m.*: *wrong —*, mauvais côté; (*of stuffs*) envers, *m.*: — *by —*, côté à côté; *on all —s*, de tous côtés; de toute part; *on the other —*, de l'autre côté; *on whose — are you?* de quel parti êtes-vous? *change —s*, changer de parti; *choose —s*, (*for games*) choisir les partenaires; *hold one's —s for laughter*, se tenir les côtés de rire. 2. **side**, *adj.*: de côté; latéral; (*indirect*) indirect, oblique. 3. **side**, *intr.*: (*lean on one side*) pencher d'un côté; (*pers.*) s'engager dans un parti: — *with*, se mettre du même côté que; (*agree with*) se mettre de l'opinion de. -**board**, *n.*: buffet, *m.*; (*nav.*) planche de roulis, *f.* -**box**, *n.*: loge de côté, *f.* -**face**, *n.*: figure de côté, de profil, *f.* 1. **long**, *adj.*: de côté; oblique. 2. **long**, *adv.*: de côté; latéralement.

sider-al, *adj.*: des astres; sidéral. -**ated**, *adj.*: sous l'influence des planètes. **sidér-eal**, *adj.*: sidéral. -**ographic(al)**, *adj.*: sidérographique. -**ographist**, *n.*: sidérographe, *m.* -**ography**, *n.*: sidérographie, *f.*

side-saddle, *n.*: selle de femme, *f.* -**aman**, *n.*: marguillier adjoint; (*party-man*) homme de parti, *m.* -**stick**, *n.*: (*print.*) biseau de côté, *m.* -**table**, *n.*: table à placer contre le mur; (*for children*) petite table, *f.* -**ways**, -**wise**, *adv.*: de côté; latéralement.

siding, *n.*: engagement dans un parti, *m.*; — *place*, *n.*: (*railways*) gare d'évitement; voie de chargement et de déchargement, *f.*

sidle, *intr.*: marcher de côté; (*be on the side*) être sur le côté.

siege, *n.*: siège, *m.*: *lay — to*, mettre le siège devant, faire le siège de, assiéger: *raise the —*, lever le siège.

sienite = *syenite*.

siesta, *n.*: sieste, *f.*

sieve, *n.*: crible; sas; tamis, *m.* -**box**, *n.*: caisse à crible, *f.*

sift, *tr.*: cribler; sasser; tamiser; passer au crible, au sas, au tamis; (*fig.*) sonder: — *out*, venir à bout de découvrir; (*scrutinise*) examiner scrupuleusement, appro-

fondir. **-er**, n.: cribleur, m., criblense, f.; (sieve) tamis, sas, crible, m. **-ing**, n.: tamisage; sassement; (fig.) examen, approfondissement, m.: — s, cribleur, f. sing.

1. sigh, n.: soupir, m.: *fetch a —*, jeter, pousser un soupir. **2. sigh**, intr.: soupirer: — *over*, gémir sur; *tr.*: se lamenter sur; pleurer; (*express by sighs*) exprimer par des soupirs: — *after*, soupiner après.

-er, n.: personne qui soupire, f.; soupirant, m. **-ing**, n.: soupirs, m. pl.

sight, n.: (faculty of vision) vue; (act of seeing) vue, vision; (view) vue; (eye) vue, f.; regards, yeux, m. pl.; (of a quadrant) lumière; (of fire-arms) mire, f.; (spectacle) spectacle, m., vue, f.: *a fine —*, un beau spectacle; *at —*, à première vue; à livre ouvert; (*com.*) à vue; *three days after —*, à trois jours de vue; *at first —*, à première vue; de prime abord; *by —*, de vue; *in —*, en vue; à la portée de la vue; *out of —*, hors de vue; *out of —*, *out of mind*, loin des yeux, loin du cœur; *in — of*, à la vue de; devant; *within — of*, en vue de; *come in —*, commencer à paraître; *lose — of*, perdre de vue; *not lose — of*, *not let out of one's —*, ne pas perdre de vue; *take —*, viser; prendre son point de mire; *take a — of*, jeter un coup d'œil sur; *know by —*, connaître de vue; *I hate the — of him, her, etc.*, sa présence m'est odieuse; je l'ai en horreur; c'est ma bête noire; *lose, recover one's —*, perdre, recouvrer la vue; *vanish out of one's —*, disparaître; *take a — at any one*, faire un pied de nez à quelqu'un. **-less**, adj.: privé de la vue; aveugle; (*offensive*) laid, vilain, qui blesse la vue. **-lessly**, adv.: aveuglément; d'une manière qui blesse la vue. **-lessness**, n.: cécité, f.; aveuglement, m. **-liness**, n.: beauté, f.; charme, m. **-ly**, adj.: beau; beau à voir; charmant; (*open to the view*) en vue, visible. **-sman**, n.: personne qui lit la musique à première vue, f.

sigil, n.: sceau, m. **-lative**, adj.: bon pour cacheter; de cire.

sig-moid, **-moidal**, adj.: sigmoïde.

1. sign, n.: signe, m.; (*sign-board*) enseigne, f.; (*alg., med., astron.*) signe, m.: *give —s of*, donner signe de; — *manual*, seing, m. **2. sign**, tr.: signer; montrer; *intr.*: être un signe.

1. signal, n.: signal, m. **2. signal**, adj.: signalé. **-chest**, n.: coffre aux signaux, m. **-gun**, n.: coup de canon de signal, m. **-ise**, tr.: signaler. **-light**, n.: fanal, m. **-ly**, adv.: d'une manière signalée. **-word**, n.: signal, mot d'ordre, m.

signa-tory, adj.: de sceau. **-ture**, n.: signature, f.; (*stamp*) cachet, m., marque,

empreinte; (*mus.*) armure, f.: *joint —*, signature collective.

sign-board, n.: enseigne, f. **-er**, n.: signataire, m., f.

signet, n.: sceau; cachet privé du souverain, m.: — *ring*, bague à cachet, f.

sig-nificance, **-nificancy**, n.: (*meaning*) signification, f., sens, m.; (*force*) force, énergie, f.; (*importance*) poids, m., importance, f. **-nificant**, adj.: significatif; signifiant. **-nificantly**, adv.: d'une manière significative. **-nification**, n.: signification, f. **-nificative**, adj.: significatif; signifiant. **-nificatively**, adv.: significativement, d'une manière significative. **-nifactor**, n.: signe, m. **-nificatory**, adj.: significatif. **-nify**, tr.: (*mean*) vouloir dire, signifier; (*make known*) faire connaître; (*import*) importer: — *to*, signifier à, déclarer à, notifier à, annoncer à; *what does it —?* qu'importe? *it does not —*, cela ne signifie rien, cela ne veut rien dire; cela importe peu; n'importe.

signior, n.: seigneur, m. **-y**, n.: seigneurie, f.

sign-post, n.: poteau d'enseigne, m.

1. si-lence, n.: silence, m.; (*taciturnity*) taciturnité, f.: *keep —*, faire silence; faire faire silence; *reduce to —*, réduire au silence; —! silence! **2. lence**, tr.: réduire au silence; imposer silence à; interdire la parole à; (*stop*) mettre un terme à, arrêter, faire cesser, étouffer: — *complaints*, étouffer les plaintes. **-lent**, adj.: silencieux; muet; (*taciturn*) taciturne; (*calm*) calme, tranquille; (*of letters*) muet: *be —*, faire silence, garder le silence; se taire; *keep those children —*, faites garder le silence à ces enfants; faites taire ces enfants; *remain —*, garder le silence; *real grief is —*, le vrai chagrin est muet; — *system*, système du silence, m. **-lentiary**, n.: personne qui prête serment de garder le silence, f.; (*of a court*) huissier audientier, m. **-lently**, adv.: silencieusement; en silence; sans bruit. **-lentiousness**, n.: silence, m.

Silésian, adj.: de Silésie.

silox, **silica**, n.: (*min.*) silice, f.

silhouette, n.: silhouette, f.

sili-ceous, adj.: siliceux. **-cio**, adj.: cilicique. **-ferous**, adj.: silifère. **-cious** = **-ceous**. **-cium**, **sili-con**, n.: (*min.*) silicium, m.

si-licule, **-licula**, **si-licle**, n.: (*bot.*) silicule, f. **-liculous**, **-liculose**, adj.: (*bot.*) siliculeux. **-lique**, n.: (*bot.*) silique, f. **-liquose**, **-liquous**, adj.: (*bot.*) siliqueux.

1. silk, n.: soie, f.; (*for sewing*) fil de soie, m., soie à coudre, f.: *raw —*, soie

crue; soie grège; *twisted* —, soie torse, *f.*; *unbleached* —, soie écru; *bleached* —, soie blanchie. 2. *silk*, *adj.*: de soie. *-district*, *n.*: pays séricole, *m.* *-en*, *adj.*: de soie; soyeux; (*soft*) soyeux, doux, moelleux. *-engine*, *n.*: moulin à organes, *m.* *-goods*, *n. pl.*: soieries, *f.*; soieries, *f. pl.* *-handkerchief*, *n.*: foulard, *m.* *-iness*, *n.*: nature soyeuse, *f.*; douceur, *f.* *-mercer*, *n.*: marchand de soieries, *m.*, marchande de soieries, *f.* *-mill*, *n.*: fabrique de soierie, *f.* *-spinner*, *n.*: filateur de soie, *m.* *-spinning*, *n.*: filature de soie, *f.* *-thread*, *n.*: fil de soie, *m.* *-thrower*, *-throwster*, *n.*: moulinier; moulinier, *m.* *-throwing*, *n.*: moulinage de la soie, *m.* *-trade*, *n.*: commerce de la soierie, *m.* *-wares*, *n.*: soieries, *f. pl.* *-weaver*, *n.*: tisserand de soie, *m.* *-worm*, *n.*: ver à soie, *m.* *-y*, *adj.*: de soie; soyeux; (*soft*) soyeux, moelleux, doux.

sill, *n.*: seuil, racinal; (*of a door*) seuil, *m.*; (*of a window*) allège, *f.*: *ground* —, semelle, *f.*

sillabub = *syllabub*.

sillily, *adv.*: sottement; bêtement; niaisement. *-liness*, *n.*: sottise, nigauderie; niaiserie; bêtise, *f.* *-ly*, *adj.*: sot, nigaud; niais; bête; *he is* — (*idiotic*), c'est un idiot; — *thing*, chose sotte, sottise; nigauderie; (*pers.*) bête, *f.*, nigaud, *m.*, nigande, *f.*, sot, *m.*, sotté, *f.*

silū-re, *-rus*, *n.*: (*ichth.*) silure, *m.*

Silūrian, *adj.*: silurien; *n.*: âge silurien.

silvan, *adj.*: des bois; des forêts. *-ite*, *n.*: tellure, *m.*

1. *silver*, *n.*: (*metal.*) argent; (*money*) argent; argent blanc, *m.*; (*plate*, etc.) argenterie, *f.* 2. *silver*, *adj.*: d'argent; (*of colour*) argenté, argentin, (*of sound*) argentin. 3. *silver*, *tr.*: argenter; (*a mirror*) étamer. *-beater*, *n.*: batteur d'argent, *m.* *-bust*, *n.*: (*bot.*) barbe-de-Jupiter, *f.* *-er*, *n.*: argenteur, *m.* *-eyed*, *adj.*: (*of needles*) à tête d'argent; (*of horses*) vairon. *-fish*, *n.*: (*ichth.*) cyprin doré, poisson rouge, *m.* *-gilt*, *n.*: vermeil, *m.* *-glance*, *n.*: (*min.*) argent rouge, *m.* *-headed*, *adj.*: qui a la tête blanchie; (*of things*) à pomme d'argent. *-ing*, *n.*: argenterie, *f.* *-leaf*, *n.*: argent battu, *m.* *ing*, *n.*: feuilles d'argent, *f. pl.* *-ly*, *adv.*: comme l'argent; de couleur d'argent. *-mounted*, *adj.*: monté en argent. *-plate*, *n.*: argenterie; vaiselle d'argent, *f.* *-shafted*, *adj.*: au carquois d'argent. *-smith*, *n.*: orfèvre, *m.* *-weed*, *n.*: (*bot.*) potentille anserine; argentine, *f.* *-winged*, *adj.*: aux ailes argentines. *-y*, *adj.*: d'argent; (*of colour*) argenté, argentin; (*of sound*) argentin.

simâr, *simârre*, *n.*: simarre, *f.*

simi-lar, *adj.*: semblable; pareil; similaire. *-larity*, *n.*: ressemblance, similitude; similarité, *f.* *-larly*, *adv.*: de la même manière; d'une manière semblable. *-le*, *n.*: comparaison; similitude, *f.* *-litude*, *n.*: similitude; comparaison, *f.*

simitar = *scimitar*.

simmer, *intr.*: bouillir lentement; mijonner.

simô-niac, *n.*: simoniacque, *m.* *-niacal*, *-nious*, *adj.*: simoniacque. *-niacally*, *adv.*: avec simonie. *simô-nist* = *niac*. *simô-ny*, *n.*: simonie, *f.*

simôom, *-oon*, *n.*: simoun, *m.*

simous, *adj.*: camus; concave.

1. *simper*, *intr.*: sourire niaisement.

2. *simper*, *n.*: sourire niais, *m.* *-er*, *n.*: personne qui sourit niaisement, *f.* *-ing*, *n.*: sourire niais, *m.* *-ingly*, *adv.*: avec un sourire niais.

1. *sim-ple*, *adj.*: simple. 2. *-ple*, *n.*: simple, *m.* 3. *-ple*, *intr.*: recueillir des simples. *-ple-hearted*, *adj.*: ingénu, candide. *-ple-minded*, *adj.*: simple, ingénu. *-ple-mindedness*, *n.*: ingénuité, candeur, simplicité, *f.* *-pleness*, *n.*: simplicité, *f.* *-pler*, *n.*: personne qui recueille des simples, *f.* *-pleton*, *n.*: niais, nigaud, *m.* *-pleity*, *n.*: simplicité, *f.* *-plication*, *n.*: simplification, *f.* *-plify*, *tr.*: simplifier. *-plist*, *n.*: personne qui connaît les simples, *f.* *-ply*, *adv.*: simplement; bonnement; (*merely*) simplement, bonnement; (*foolishly*) avec simplicité; (*of itself*) de soi-même.

simu-late, *tr.*: feindre; contrefaire, simuler. *-lâtion*, *n.*: simulation; feinte, *f.*; déguisement, *m.*

simultâ-neous, *adj.*: simultanée. *-neously*, *adv.*: simultanément. *-neousness*, *-neity*, *n.*: simultanéité, *f.*

1. *sin*, *n.*: péché, *m.*: *original* —, péché originel. 2. *sin*, *intr.*: pécher.

sinapism, *n.*: sinapisme, *m.*

1. *since*, *conj.*: puisque — *you like it*, puisque vous l'aimez. 2. *since*, *prep.*: depuis; depuis que — *then*, depuis ce temps, depuis lors; — *I saw him*, depuis que je ne l'ai vu. 3. *since*, *adv.*: depuis: *long* —, il y a longtemps; *two years* —, il y a deux ans; *it happened* —, cela est arrivé depuis.

sin-cère, *adj.*: sincère; de bonne foi. *-cèrly*, *adv.*: sincèrement. *-cèrness*, *-cèrity*, *n.*: sincérité; bonne foi, *f.*

sineiput, *n.*: (*anat.*) sineiput, *m.*

1. *sine*, *n.*: (*geom.*) sinus, *m.*

2. *sine*, *prep.*: sans — *die*, indéfiniment.

-cure, *n.*: sinécure, *f.* *-curism*, *n.*:

- sinécisme, *m.* -**curist**, *n.*: sinécriste, *m.*
1. **sinew**, *n.*: nerf; tendon, *m.*: —s, (*fig.*) nerf, *m.* *sin.* 2. **sinew**, *intr.*: attacher comme avec des tendons. -**ed**, *adj.*: nerveux; vigoureux. -**less**, *adj.*: sans nerf; sans vigueur; épuisé. -**shrunk**, *adj.*: (*vét.*) efflanqué. -**y**, *adj.*: nerveux.
- sinful**, *adj.*: pécheur; criminel; coupable de péché; (*of things*) criminel, coupable. -**ly**, *adv.*: criminellement; en pécheur. -**ness**, *n.*: méchanceté; criminalité, *f.*
- sing** (*pret. sang*; *part. sung*), *tr.*: chanter; *intr.*: chanter; (*make a shrill sound*) siffler.
1. **sing**, *tr.*: flamber; roussir, brûler. 2. **sing**, *n.*: action de flamber, de roussir; (*slight burn*) légère brûlure, *f.*
- singer**, *n.*: chanteur, *m.*, chanteuse, *f.*; (*in a church*) chantre; (*bird*) oiseau chanteur, *m.*
1. **singing**, *adj.*: qui chante; (*of birds*) chanteur. 2. **singing**, *n.*: chant; (*of the wind*) sifflement. -**bird**, *n.*: oiseau chanteur, *m.* -**book**, *n.*: livre de chant, *m.* -**boy**, *n.*: enfant de chœur, *m.* -**ly**, *adv.*: en chantant. -**man**, *n.*: chantre, *m.* -**master**, *n.*: maître de chant, *m.* -**mistress**, *n.*: maîtresse de chant, *f.* -**school**, *n.*: école de chant, *f.*
1. **single**, *adj.*: (*one*) seul, simple, unique; (*individual*) individuel, particulier; (*uncompounded, not double*) simple; (*unmarried*) non marié, célibataire, dans le célibat; (*bot.*) simple; (*in scripture*) simple, sincère: — *combat*, combat singulier; — *man*, homme non marié; célibataire; homme dans le célibat; garçon; — *woman*, femme non mariée; femme dans le célibat; — *life*, célibat, *m.* 2. **gle**, *tr.*: choisir seul, faire sélection de, séparer: — *out*, choisir; distinguer de la foule, du nombre. -**gle-handed**, *adj.*: seul; tout seul. -**gle-hearted**, *adj.*: sincère; honnête, franc. -**gle-heartedness**, *n.*: sincérité, *f.* -**gleness**, *n.*: unité; (*sincerity*) sincérité, *f.* -**gle-stick**, *n.*: bâton, gourdin, jeu de bâton, *m.* -**gly**, *adv.*: (*individually*) individuellement, un à un; (*sincerely*) sincèrement; (*by one's self*) seul, à part.
1. **singsong**, *n.*: chant monotone, *m.* 2. **singsong**, *intr.*: chanter d'une manière monotone, écrire en mauvais poète.
1. **singul-*lar***, *adj.*: singulier; (*remarkable*) singulier; (*not compound*) simple; (*gram.*) singulier, au singulier. 2. **lar**, *n.*: singulier, *m.* -**larity**, *n.*: singularité, *f.* -**larly**, *adv.*: singulièrement; (*gram.*) au singulier.
- sinical**, *adj.*: (*geom.*) de sinus.
- sinis-ter**, *adj.*: sinistre; méchant; (*her.*)

- gauche. -**terly**, *adv.*: sinistrement; d'une manière sinistre. -**trous**, *adj.*: sinistre; méchant; (*side*) gauche. -**trously**, *adv.*: sinistrement; d'une manière sinistre; avec méchanceté; (*of left-handed persons*) en gaucher.
1. **sink** (*pret. sank, sunk*; *part. sunk*), *intr.*: aller (tomber) au fond; s'enfoncer; (*decrease*) diminuer, baisser, s'abaisser; (*decline*) décliner, s'affaiblir; (*decay*) périr; (*be overwhelmed*) succomber; (*fall*) se laisser tomber; (*of vessels*) couler à fond; (*of price*) baisser; (*of courage, of the spirits*) être abattu; (*of patients*) décliner, s'affaiblir, baisser; (*of the sun*) descendre; (*of buildings, etc.*) tasser, se tasser: — *down*, aller au fond, s'enfoncer; (*fall prostrate*) s'affaisser, tomber; (*of the sun*) descendre, se coucher; — *down on*, se laisser tomber sur; — *down to*, s'habituer à, se faire à; (*decrease to*) baisser jusqu'à, diminuer jusqu'à; — *into*, s'enfoncer dans; (*penetrate*) pénétrer dans, entrer dans; (*fall into*) tomber dans; (*degenerate into*) dégénérer en. 2. **sink**, *tr.*: faire tomber au fond; enfoncer; plonger; (*degrade*) abaisser; (*diminish*) diminuer, faire baisser; (*depress*) abattre; accabler; (*plunge into destruction*) perdre; (*cause to decline*) affaiblir; (*waste*) dissiper; (*diminish*) diminuer, réduire; (*fin.*) amortir; (*a ship*) couler à fond, couler bas; (*a well, a shaft*) percer, creuser; (*money*) placer à fonds perdus; déboursier: — *ing the others*, non compris les autres. 3. **sink**, *n.*: évier; cloaque, *m.*; (*sewer*) égout, *m.*, cloaque, *f.*; (*print.*) tremperie, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: poids; (*on a fish-line*) plomb, *m.* -**hole**, *n.*: trou d'évier; puisard, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: (*of money*) placement à fonds perdus; déboursés; (*fin.*) amortissement; (*of wells, shafts*) perçement, creusage; (*of buildings*) tassement, *m.* -**ing-fund**, *n.*: fonds d'amortissement, *m.*; caisse d'amortissement, *f.* -**stone**, *n.*: pierre d'évier, *f.*
- sin-less**, *adj.*: sans péché; innocent; impeccable. -**lessness**, *n.*: innocence; impeccabilité, *f.* -**ner**, *n.*: pécheur, *m.*, pécheresse, *f.* -**offering**, *n.*: sacrifice expiatoire, *m.*
- sinople**, *n.*: (*her., min.*) sinople, *m.*
- sinter**, *n.*: (*min.*) dépôt calcaire, *m.*
1. **sinu-ate**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) sinué. -**ose** = -**ous**. 2. **ate**, *intr.*: contourner; faire aller en serpentant. -**osity**, *n.*: sinuosité, *f.* -**ous**, *adj.*: sinueux; tortueux.
- sinus**, *n.*: ouverture; cavité; (*geog.*) baie, *f.*; (*anat.*) sinus, *m.*
1. **sip**, *tr.*: buvotter; (*extract*) extraire, sucer; *intr.*: buvotter, siroter. 2. **sip**, *n.*: (*of drinking*) petit coup, *m.*

siphilis, etc. = *syphilis*, etc.

siphon, n.: siphon, m.

sipper, n.: personne qui buvette, qui sirote, f.

sir, n.: monsieur; (*before the name of a baronet or knight*) **sir**, m.: — count, seigneur comte.

sire, n.: père; (*in addressing the king*) **Sire**, m.: — s, pères, aïeux, m. pl.; grand —, grand-père, m.

siren, n.: sirène, f. **siren**, adj.: de sirène.

Sirius, n.: (astron.) Sirius, m.

sirloin, n.: aloyau, m.; surlonge, f.

surname = *surname*.

sirôcoq, n.: sirocco, †Fr. siroc, m.

sirrah, n.: coquin; fripon, m.

sirup, n.: sirop, m. — **ed**, adj.: au sirop. — **y**, adj.: sirupeux.

siskin, n.: (orni.) tarin, m.

sister, n.: sœur, f.: *the fatal* — s, les Parques, f. pl. — **hod**, n.: société de sœurs, f.

in-law, n.: belle-sœur, f. — **ly**, adj.: de sœur.

sit (pret., part. sat), intr.: s'asseoir; être assis; (*to stay*) rester, demeurer; (*of assemblies, courts, judges, etc.*) siéger, tenir séance, se réunir; (*of clothes*) aller; (*of birds*) couvrir; (*for one's portrait*) poser: *be — ting*, être assis; — *down*, s'asseoir; — *down to table*, se mettre à table; — *down before the town*, (milit.) mettre le siège devant la ville; *be — ting down*, être assis; — *in judgment on*, juger; — *in parliament*, siéger au parlement; — *on*, (*be imprinted on*) être empreint sur, s'imprimer sur, se peindre sur; (*to become*) seoir à, convenir à; — *heavy on*, peser sur; — *up*, se tenir droit; (*rise from a recumbent position*) se mettre sur son séant; (*not go to bed*) passer la nuit, veiller; — *up with*, veiller; — *close*, se serrer; — *loose, tight*, (*of clothes*) être large, être étroit, être serré. **sit**, tr.: asséoir; (*a horse*) se tenir sur, monter: — *one's self down*, s'asseoir; — *out*, rester jusqu'à la fin de.

site, n.: situation, f.; emplacement; (*of a landscape*) site, m.

sit-fast, n.: (vet.) cor; durillon, m. — **ter**, n.: personne sédentaire; (*paint*) personne qui pose, f.; modèle, m.; (*hen*) couveuse, f. **1. — ting**, adj.: assis; (*of birds*) qui couve; (*bot.*) sessile. **2. — ting**, n.: séance; (*of a court*) audience; (*incubation*) incubation; (*in a church*) place; (*paint*) séance, f.

situ-ate, -ated, adj.: situé; (*jur.*) sis; (*pers.*) placé: *this is how I am* —, voici comme je suis placé; voici ma position. — **atton**, n.: situation; (*place*) place, f., emploi, m.; (*condition*) place, position, f.;

have a good —, avoir une bonne place, un emploi lucratif; *in a* —, en place; *out of a* —, sans place.

1. six, adj.: six. **2. six**, n.: six, m.: *be at — es and sevens*, être sens dessus dessous. — **fold**, adj.: sextuple. — **pence**, n.: six pence; pièce de six pence (60 centimes), f. — **penny**, adj.: de six pence. — **score**, adj.: cent vingt. — **teen**, adj.: seize. — **teenth**, adj.: seizième. **1. — th**, adj.: sixième. **2. — th**, n.: sixième, m.; (*mus.*) sixte, f. — **thly**, adv.: sixièmement. — **tieth**, adj.: soixantième. — **ty**, adj.: soixante.

si-zar, n.: (*of the Cambridge university*) boursier, m. **1. — ze**, n.: †portion (ration) déterminée; grandeur; taille; (*bulk*) grosseur, f., volume, m., dimension, f.; (*calibre*) calibre, m.; (*com.*) numéro, m.: (*of shoemakers*) compas, m.: *a man of his* —, un homme de sa taille; *what is your —?* (*for gloves, etc.*) quel est votre numéro? **2. — ze**, tr.: ajuster; calibrer. **3. — ze**, n.: (*glue*) colle; colle forte, f.; (*tech.*) encollage. **4. — ze**, tr.: (*cover with size*) coller; encoller. — **zeable**, adj.: d'une bonne grosseur; de volume considérable. — **zed**, adj.: de grosseur; de taille; de volume; de grandeur: *middle —*, de moyenne taille, de grandeur moyenne. — **zer** = *sizar*. — **zestick**, n.: (*of shoemakers*) compas, m. — **ziness**, n.: viscosité, f. — **zy**, adj.: glutineux, visqueux; glutant.

† **skā'in** = *skein*.

1. skā-te, n.: (*ichth.*) raie, raie blanche, f.

2. skā-te, tr.: patin, m. **3. — te**, intr.: patiner. — **ter**, n.: patineur, m. — **ting**, n.: patinage, m.: — *club*, cercle de patineurs, m.; — *rink*, skating-rink, m.

skōet, n.: (*nav.*) écope, escoppe, f.

† **skég**, n.: (*bot.*) prune sauvage, f.

skégger, n.: saumoneau, m.

skéin, n.: écheveau, m.

skéleton, n.: (*anat.*) squelette, m.; (*fig.*) charpente; carcasse; (*tech.*) carcasse, monture; (*of an umbrella*) carcasse, f.: — *key*, crochet, m.; — *regiment*, cadres d'un régiment, m.

sképtic, etc. = *sceptic*.

1. skétch, n.: esquisse, f.; croquis, m.; ébauche, f. **2. sketch**, tr.: esquisser; ébaucher; croquer: — *out*, esquisser; faire le croquis de. — **book**, n.: cahier de croquis; album, m.

1. skēw, adv.: obliquement; en biais.

2. skew, adj.: oblique; de biais. **3. skew**, intr.: marcher (se mouvoir) obliquement; se jeter de côté, être ombrageux; loucher.

-back, n.: (*arch.*) redan, m. — **bridge**, n.: pont oblique, pont de biais, m.

1. skēwer, n.: brochette, f.: *small* —, hâ-

telet, m. 2. **skower**, tr.: attacher avec des brochettes.

1. **skid**, n.: chaîne à enrayer; enrayure; (nav.) défense, f. 2. **skid**, tr.: enrayer.

1. **skiff**, n.: esquif, m. 2. **skiff**, tr.: traverser dans un esquif.

skilful, adj.: adroit; habile; industrieux. -ly, adv.: adroitement; habilement. -ness, n.: adresse; habileté, f.; talent, m.

skill, n.: habileté; dextérité; adresse, industrie, f.; savoir-faire, talent, m. -ed, adj.: habile; adroit; — in, versé dans. -ess, adj.: sans habileté; sans adresse; maladroit; sans talent.

skillet, n.: casserole; marmite, f.

1. **skim**, tr.: écumer; écrémer; (fig.) écumer; raser, effleurier; intr.: passer légèrement; glisser: — over, effleurier, raser. 2. **skim**, n.: écume; (of milk) crème, f. -mer, n.: écumoire, f.; (orni.) bec-en-ciseaux, m. -milk, -med-milk, n.: lait écumé, m. -ming, n.: écrémage, m.: —s, écume, f. sing.

1. **skin**, n.: peau, f.; (of certain animals) cuir, m.: be nothing but — and bone, n'avoir que la peau et les os; next to one's —, sur la peau. 2. **skin**, tr.: écorcher; (cover with skin) couvrir de peau; (cover superficially) couvrir superficiellement; intr.: se couvrir de peau: — a flint, tondre sur un œuf; — over, couvrir superficiellement. -deep, adj.: de l'épaisseur de la peau; (fig.) superficiel, léger. -flint, n.: pince-maille, fesse-mathieu, ladre, m. -less, adj.: sans peau; qui a la peau fort mince. -ner, n.: écorcheur; (dealer in skins) peaussier, m. -niness, n.: maigre, f.; état décharné, m. -ny, adj.: de peau; maigre; décharné.

1. **skip**, intr.: sauter, sautiller, bondir; tr.: sauter; omettre, passer: — over, sauter; omettre. 2. **skip**, n.: saut; bond, m. -jack, n.: parvenu, m. -kenel, n.: saute-ruisseau; galopin, m. 1. -per, n.: sauter, m., sauteuse, f.; danseur, m., danseuse, f.; (thoughtless person) étourdi; (ent.) ver de fromage, m.

2. **skipper**, n.: (nav.) patron (d'un petit vaisseau), m.

skipping, n.: action de sauter, de danser; omission, f. -ly, adv.: par sauts; par bonds. -rope, n.: corde; corde pour sauter, f.

1. **skirmish**, intr.: escarmoucher. 2. **skirmish**, n.: escarmouche; lutte, contestation, querelle, f. -er, n.: tiraillleur, †Fr. escarmoucheur, m. -ing, n.: escarmouche, f.

skirret, n.: (bot.) berle, f., chervis, m.

1. **skirt**, n.: (of a coat) pan, m., basque; (of a gown) jupe, f.; (of animals) dia-

phragme, m.; (of a town, a forest, etc.) lisière, extrémité, f., bord, m. 2. **skirt**, tr.: border, longer; intr.: vivre au bord de; être sur les bords. -ing, -ing-board, n.: plinthe, f.

skit, n.: raillerie; moquerie, f. -tish, adj.: (shy) timide, sauvage; (fickle) capricieux, volage, inconstant; (of horses) ombrageux. -tishly, adv.: (shyly) timidement; (changeably) avec inconstance. -tishness, n.: timidité; (fickleness) inconstance; (of horses) nature ombrageuse, f.

skittle, n.: quille (jouet), f. -ground n.: quillier, m.

skónee = scone.

skrœn = screen.

skulk, intr.: se cacher, se tenir caché: — in, entrer furtivement, à la dérobée; — out, sortir furtivement; à la dérobée. -er, n.: personne qui se cache, f.; lâche, poltron, m. -ing, adj.: qui se cache; lâche, poltron. -ingly, adv.: en se cachant; lâchement, en poltron.

skull, n.: crâne, m. -cap, n.: bonnet; (milit.) casque, m.

ský, n.: ciel, m. -colour, n.: azur, bleu de ciel, m. -coloured, adj.: azuré, bleu de ciel. -dyed, adj.: teint en azur, en bleu de ciel. -ey, adj.: du ciel; éthéré. -ish, adj.: qui ressemble au ciel. -lark, n.: alouette des champs, f. -larking, n.: polissonneries; mauvaises plaisanteries; (toying) folâtreries, f. pl. -light, n.: lucarne, f.; vasistas, m.: (nav.) claire-voie, f. -rocket, n.: fusée volante, f.

sláb, n.: (metal.) plaque; (of stone) plaque, table, pierre plate, f.; (print.) marbre, m.; (carp.) planche; (for an epitaph) pierre sépulcrale; (tablet) tablette, f.

släbber, intr.: baver; tr.: baver sur. -er, n.: personne qui bave, f. -ing, adj.: baveux.

1. **släck**, n.: (small coal) petit charbon.

2. **släck**, adj.: lâche; (slow) lent; (remiss) négligent, nonchalant; (weak) faible, mou; (eom.) faible. 3. **slack**, adv.: faiblement; à demi; en partie. 4. **slack**, tr.: relâcher, détendre; (relax) relâcher de, se relâcher; (mitigate) affaiblir, adoucir; (make slower) ralentir; (repress) retenir, arrêter; (fire) amortir; (lime) éteindre; intr.: se relâcher, se détendre; (be remiss) se relâcher; (become more slow) se ralentir; (lose cohesion) mollir; (abate) diminuer, baisser; (become less violent) diminuer d'intensité; (flag) pendre; se relâcher; (of lime) s'éteindre. -ed, adj.: éteint. 1. -en = 4. slack. 2. -en, n.: scorie, f. -ing, n.: (of lime) extinction, f. -ly, adv.: d'une manière

lâche, lâchement; (*negligently*) négligemment, nonchalamment. -ness, n.: relâchement, m.; (*remissness*) négligence, nonchalance, f., relâchement, m.; (*slowness*) lenteur; (*weakness*) faiblesse, mollesse, f.

slåg, n.: scorie, f.

slåke, tr.: éteindre; (*thirst*) éteindre, étancher; (*lime*) éteindre.

slåm, tr.: fermer (une porte) bruyamment, avec violence; (*at cards*) faire la vole. **slam**, n.: action de fermer bruyamment (une porte); (*at cards*) vole, f.

slånder, n.: médisance; calomnie; (*disgrace*) honte, f., opprobre; (*ill name*) mauvais renom, m., mauvaise renommée; (*jur.*) diffamation, f. **slånder**, tr.: médire de; calomnier. -er, n.: médissant, m., médisante, f.; calomniateur, m., calomnatrice, f.; (*jur.*) diffamateur, m., diffamatrice, f. -ing, adj.: médisant.

-ous, adj.: (*of things*) de médisance, calomnieux; diffamatoire, diffamant, (*pers.*) médisant. -ously, adv.: avec médisance; calomnieusement. -ousness, n.: caractère diffamatoire, m.

slågg, n.: langage vulgaire et irrégulier; argot, m.

slånk, n.: algue, f.

slånt, tr.: rendre oblique, faire biaiser; intr.: être oblique; être en pente; biaiser. **slant**, adj.: oblique; de biais; *cut* —, coupé en biais, en talus. **slant**, n.: direction oblique, f.; biaisement, talus, m. -ing = 2., 3. **slant**. -ingly, -ly, -wise, adv.: obliquement; en biais, en talus.

slåp, n.: tape, claque, f.; coup, m.: — *in the face*, soufflet, m. **slap**, adv.: voilà que; pan! **slap**, tr.: taper; claquer; frapper; (*any one's face*) souffleter: *he —ped my face*, il m'a donné un soufflet, il m'a souffleté. -dash, adv.: tout d'un coup; pan! -per, n.: personne qui soufflette, f.: *that's a —!* en voilà un fameux! en voilà une bonne! -ping, n.: action de frapper, f.; coups; (*on the face*) soufflets, m. pl.

slåsh, tr.: taillader; (*the face*) balafrer; (*a whip*) faire claquer; (*lash*) fouetter: — *right and left*, taillader à droite et à gauche. **slash**, n.: taillade, coupure; (*on the face*) balafrure, f. -er, n.: personne qui taillade, qui balafrure, qui fouette, f.

slå-te, n.: ardoise, f.; (*min.*) schiste, m.; (*Am.*) liste de candidats, f. **slate**, tr.: couvrir en ardoise; (*Am.*) enrégistrer (pour candidats). -te-axe, n.: hache à ardoise, f. -te-clay, n.: argile schisteuse, f. -te-coloured, adj.: ardoisé. -te-knife, n.: couperet à ardoise, m.

-te-pencil, n.: crayon d'ardoise, m. -te-quarry, n.: carrière d'ardoise, ardoisière, f. -ter, n.: couvreur en ardoise, m. -ting, n.: toiture en ardoise, f.

slåtter, intr.: s'habiller négligemment, malproprement. -n, n.: femme négligente, femme malpropre, f. **slått**, n.: négligent, malpropre. **slått**, n.: négligemment; malproprement.

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in the day, dormir fort avant dans la journée; faire la grasse matinée; — *at night*, *in the day*, dormir la nuit, le jour; — *out*, décecher; — *soundly*, dormir profondément; — *off the effects of wine*, — *one's self sober*, cuver son vin; — *a dream out*, finir un rêve; dormir jusqu'à ce qu'on ait fini un rêve. 2. **sleap**, n.: sommeil, m.: want of —, défaut de sommeil, m.; insomnie, f.; *sound, deep* —, profond sommeil; *restless* —, sommeil agité; *go to* —, s'endormir; *he did not get a wink of* — *all night*, il n'a pu fermer l'œil de toute la nuit; *wake out of one's sleep*, s'éveiller; *wake up out of one's* —, *start up out of one's* —, se réveiller en sursaut; *be dying with* —, n'en pouvoir plus de sommeil; *overcome with* —, accablé de sommeil. — **er**, n.: dormeur, m., dormeuse, f.; (arch.) lambourde, traversine, semelle de bois; (in ships) guirlande de genou; (railways) traverse, f.; (animal) animal hibernant, m. — **ily**, adv.: en dormant; (heavily) lourdement; (stupidly) bêtement. — **iness**, n.: assoupissement, m.; envie de dormir, f. 1. **ing**, n.: sommeil; repos, m. 2. **ing**, adj.: endormi, dormant; (of partners) commanditaire; — *partner*, commanditaire, m. — **less**, adj.: sans sommeil; sans repos: — *nights*, nuits sans sommeil; *insomnies*, f. pl. — **lessness**, n.: insomnie, f. — **y**, adj.: qui a sommeil; qui a envie de dormir; (asleep) endormi; (somniferous) somnifère, soporifique; (lazy) inactif; (heavy) lourd; (of pearls) blette: *be, feel* —, avoir sommeil; avoir envie de dormir. — **y-head**, n.: personne endormie, f.; paresseux, m., paresseuse, f.; (fam.) endormi, m., endormie, f. — **y-looking**, adj.: qui a l'air endormi, qui a l'air d'avoir sommeil.

1. **sleet**, n.: grésil, m. 2. **sleet**, intr.: grésiller. — **y**, adj.: de grésil.

1. **sleeve**, n.: manche, f.: *laugh in one's* —, rire dans sa barbe; rire sous cape. 2. **sleeve**, tr.: mettre des manches à. — **board**, n.: passe-carreau, m. — **button**, n.: bouton de manche, m. — **d**, adj.: à manches. — **less**, adj.: sans manches. **sleigh**, n.: traîneau, m. — **ing**, n.: transport par traîneau, m.

sleight, n.: ruse, f.; tour d'adresse, escamotage, m.: — *of hand*, passe-passe; tour de passe-passe, m. — **ful**, -y, adj.: adroit; rusé. — **ily**, adv.: adroitement, avec adresse.

slender, adj.: mince; svelte, délié, élancé; (slight, weak) faible, léger; (abstemious) sobre; (not amply supplied) pauvre, chétif, exigu; (small) petit: — *waist*, taille svelte, taille élancée, f.; — *blade*, lame mince, f.; — *stalk*, tige déliée, f.; — *re-*

past, léger repas, m.; — *hopes*, faibles espérances, f. pl. — **ly**, adv.: d'une manière élancée, d'une forme svelte; légèrement, sobrement, pauvrement, chétivement; faiblement. — **ness**, n.: finesse, f.; état mince, m., forme svelte, déliée, élancée; (weakness) faiblesse, légèreté; (spareness) sobriété, pauvreté, f.; (want of plenty) état chétif, m., exiguité, petitesse, f.

sléy, n.: peigne de tisserand, m.

1. **slice**, n.: tranche; (of poultry) aiguillette; (of a melon) côte; (round slice) rouelle; (spatula) spatule, f.; fish —, truelle, f.; — *of bread and butter*, tartine de beurre, beurrée, f. 2. **slice**, tr.: couper par tranches, couper par aiguillettes. **slick**, adj.: lisse; facile; fin rusé; adv.: avec adresse.

1. **slide** (pret. *slid*, part. *slidden*), intr.: glisser; couler; (mec.) mouvoir en coulisse: — *away*, glisser toujours; tr.: glisser; (pass) glisser, s'écouler: — *down*, glisser en bas; descendre en glissant; — *in*, se glisser dans, se faufiler dans; — *into*, tomber dans, passer insensiblement dans; — *in*, glisser dans. 2. **de**, n.: glissade; glissoire, f.; (of umbrellas, parasols) coulant, m.; (tech.) coulisse, f., chariot; (of a steam-engine) tiroir, m.; (inclined plane) descente, f.; (mines) filon argileux, m. — **dez**, n.: glisseur, m.; (mec.) coulisse, f. — **de-rest**, n.: support à coulisse, à chariot, m. — **de-valve**, n.: soupape à tiroir, f. 1. **ding**, n.: glissade; action de glisser, f. 2. **ding**, adj.: glissant, à coulisse. — **ding-rule**, n.: règle à calcul, règle logarithmique, règle à coulisse, f. — **ding-scale**, n.: échelle mobile; règle à calcul, f.

1. **slight**, adj.: mince; léger; faible: a — *wound*, une légère blessure, f. 2. **slight**, tr.: manquer d'attention à; manquer à; traiter sans égard; négliger; mépriser; faire peu de cas de; dédaigner. 3. **slight**, n.: manque d'égard (de respect), m. — **er**, n.: personne qui dédaigne, qui fait peu de cas de, qui méprise, qui néglige, f. — **ing**, n.: mépris; manque d'égard, m. — **ingly**, adv.: avec peu d'égard; avec mépris. — **ly**, adv.: légèrement, négligemment; à la légère; faiblement. — **ness**, n.: légèreté; faiblesse, f. — **y**, n., adj.: superficiel; léger.

slily, adv.: en sournois; avec malice, avec ruse; surnoisement.

slim, adj.: svelte, mince; délié, élancé; (slight) léger, faible.

slime, n.: vase, f.; limon, m. — **me-pit**, n.: bassin de dépôt, m. — **miness**, n.: viscosité; nature limoneuse, f.

slimness, *n.*: formes veltes; légèreté, faiblesse, *f.*

slimy, *adj.*: vaseux; limoneux, visqueux.

sliness, *n.*: adresse, ruse; finesse, *f.*

1. **sling** (pret., part. *slung*), *tr.*: lancer avec une fronde; (*suspend*) suspendre; (*nav.*) élinguer: — *the hammocks*, tendre les hamacs; — *any thing over one's shoulder*, mettre quelque chose en bandoulière. 2. **sling**, *n.*: fronde; (*for a broken limb*) écharpe; (*nav.*) élingue, *f.*; (*blow*) coup de fronde; coup, *m.*: *carry one's arm in a —*, porter, avoir le bras en écharpe. — **er**, *n.*: frondeur, *m.*

slink (pret., part. *slunk*), *tr.*: s'échapper; se dérober: — *away*, s'échapper à la dérobée, se dérober, s'esquiver, se retirer; — *out*, sortir à la dérobée; s'esquiver.

1. **slip**, *intr.*: glisser, couler; faire un faux pas: — *away*, s'échapper, s'esquiver; se dérober, s'en aller furtivement; — *down*, tomber; — *in*, glisser dedans; entrer furtivement; — *into*, se glisser dans; — *off*, s'échapper, s'esquiver, se dérober, s'en aller furtivement; — *off from*, glisser de; — *over*, glisser sur, sauter; — *out*, glisser dehors; s'échapper, s'esquiver, sortir furtivement; — *out of*, sortir de... à la dérobée; s'échapper de; (*throw off*) se dégager de; *my foot — ped*, mon pied glissa, le pied me glissa. 2. **slip**, *tr.*: glisser; couler; (*lose*) perdre, laisser échapper; (*escape from*) quitter à la dérobée; (*let loose*) lâcher; (*throw off*) se dégager de; (*tear off*) arracher, enlever; (*cable*) filer: — *in*, introduire; glisser dans; couler dans; — *into*, glisser dans; — *off*, enlever, ôter; — *on*, passer, mettre. 3. **slip**, *n.*: (*sliding*) action de glisser, glissade; (*fault*) erreur, méprise, *f.*; faux pas, *m.*, faute; (*long piece*) bande; (*leash*) laisse, *f.*; (*twig*) brin, plant, *m.*, bouture, *f.*; (*print*) placard, *m.*; (*theat.*) coulisse; (*of a river, a harbour*) cale, *f.*; (*writing-copy*) exemple; (*petticoat*) jupon; (*geol.*) déplacement de strates, *m.*: — *of land*, bande de terre, *f.*; *land —*, éboulement de terre, *m.*; *there's many a — 'twixt the cup and the lip*, de la main à la bouche, se perd souvent la soupe; *give any one the —*, faire faux bond à quelqu'un; fausser compagnie à quelqu'un; planter quelqu'un là; *it is a — of the tongue*, c'est un mot échappé; *he made a — of the tongue*, la langue lui a fourché; — *of the pen*, faute de plume, *f.* — **board**, *n.*: coulisse, *f.* — **knot**, *n.*: nœud coulant, *m.* — **per**, *n.*: pantoufle; (*of the pope*) mule, *f.*; (*bot.*) soulier de Notre-Dame, *m.*

— **pered**, *adj.*: en pantouffes. — **perily**,

adv.: d'une manière glissante. — **peri-**

ness, *n.*: nature glissante; (*uncertainty*) incertitude; (*of the tongue*) volubilité, *f.* — **perly**, *adj.*: glissant; (*not easily held*) difficile à tenir; (*uncertain*) incertain, peu sûr; (*unstable*) peu stable,

variable, inconstant; (*lubricious*) lubrique: *it is very — out of doors*, il fait très glissant; le pavé est très glissant, très gras; — *promises*, des promesses peu sûres. — **shod**, *adj.*: chaussé en savates: *go about —*, traîner la savate; — *style*, style décousu.

slipslop, *n.*: ripopée, *f.*

slit (pret., part. *slit*), *tr.*: fendre; *intr.*:

se fendre. 2. **slit**, *n.*: fente, *f.* — **ter**,

n.: fendeur, *m.*, fendeuse, *f.* — **ting**, *n.*:

fenderie, *f.* — **ting-mill**, *n.*: fenderie, *f.*

1. **sliver**, *tr.*: couper par tranches.

2. **sliver**, *n.*: tranche, *f.*

1. **slöbber**, *intr.*: baver; *tr.*: baver sur.

2. **slobber**, *n.*: bave, *f.* — **y**, *adj.*: ba-

veux.

slöe, *n.*: (*bot.*) prunelle, *f.* — **-tree**, *n.*: prunier épineux; prunellier, *m.*

slöop, *n.*: (*nav.*) sloop, sloupe, *m.*

1. **slöp**, *n.*: vêtement de coton; (*us.*) *pl.*: pantalons larges, caleçons; habits de pacotille, *m. pl.*; literie, *f.*

2. **slöp**, *n.*: eau versée, flaque d'eau, *f.*; gâchis, *m.*; (*us.*) *pl.*: eaux sales, *f. pl.*, rîngure; mauvaise boisson (soupe, etc.), ripopée, *f.*

3. **slöp**, *tr.*: verser (négligemment), répandre; tacher (salir) avec un liquide; boire salement; *intr.*: être répandu (comme de l'eau sale). — **basin**, **-bowl**, *n.*: bol à rîngure, *m.*

1. **slö-pe**, *n.*: pente, *f.*; talus; penchant, *m.*; (*in a garment*) échancrure, *f.*, biais, *m.*

2. **-pe**, *tr.*: incliner; couper en biais; taluter; échancrer; *intr.*: pencher; aller en pente, aller en talus; biaiser, aller en biais. — **pewise**, **-pingly**, *adv.*: obliquement; en biais; avec échancrure; en talus. 1. **-ping**, *adj.*: de biais; échancré; (*of land*) en talus, en pente. 2. **-ping**, *n.*: pente, *f.*; biais; (*of land*) talus, *m.*, rampe, pente, obliquité, *f.*

slöp-pail, *n.*: seau aux eaux sales, seau à toilette, *m.* — **-piness**, *n.*: état bour-

beux, état boueux, *m.* — **-py**, *adj.*: gâcheux; humide, bourbeux. — **-seller**, *n.*: confectionneur d'habits de pacotille, *m.* — **-shop**, *n.*: boutique d'habits de pacotille, *f.*

1. **slöt**, *n.*: barre de bois; fente, ouver-

ture, *f.*

2. **slöt**, *n.*: (*of a deer*) foulées, *f. pl.*, voie, *f.*

slöth or **-ö-**, *n.*: lenteur; paresse, fainéantise, *f.*; (*mam.*) paresseux, *m.*

— **-ful**, *adj.*: paresseux; fainéant; indo-

lent. **-fully, adv.**: d'une manière paresseuse, avec fainéantise, en fainéant; avec paresse; en paresseux. **-fulness, n.**: paresse; fainéantise; indolence, *f.*

slôt-hole, n.: rainure, *f.*

1.slôuch, n.: inclinaison; (*gaît*) démarche lourde, *f.*; (*pers.*) gros manant, *m.* **2.slouch, intr.**: marcher en inclinant le corps; avoir une démarche de paysan, lourde; *tr.*: rabattre; rabaisser. **-ed, adj.**: rabattu: — *hat*, chapeau rabattu. **-ing, adj.**: incliné; rabattu; rabassé.

1.slough slûf, n.: peau (tombée), dépouille; (*med.*) exfoliation gangreneuse, *f.* **2.slough, intr.**: (*med.*) s'exfolier.

slôugh, n.: fondrière, *f.*; bourbier, *m.*

1-y, adj.: bourbeux.

2.sloughy slûfi, adj.: gangreneux.

slôven, n.: homme malpropre; saligaud, *m.*, saligaud; femme malpropre, *f.* **-liness, n.**: malpropreté; saleté; négligence, *f.* **1-ly, adj.**: négligent; malpropre, sale. **2-ly, adv.**: malproprement; négligemment.

1.slôic, adj.: lent; (*late*) tardif; (*dull*) lourd; (*inactive*) indolent, paresseux; (*of clocks, watches*) en retard: *that clock is ten minutes too —*, cette horloge est en retard de, retarde de dix minutes; *be — of speech*, parler lentement. **2.slow, tr. and intr.**: ralentir; se ralentir. **-ly, adv.**: lentement; avec lenteur; tardivement. **-ness, n.**: lenteur; (*dullness*) lourdeur, *f.*; (*dilatatoriness*) naturel lent, *m.*; (*of clocks, watches*) retard, *m.* **-paced, adj.**: qui n'a pas lent. **-worm, n.**: orvet, *m.*

1.slûb, tr.: boudiner. **2.slub, n.**: boudinage, *m.* **1-ber, n.**: boudineur, *m.*, boudineuse, *f.*

2.slubber, tr.: bousiller; salir. **-degul-lion, n.**: (*triv.*) vaurien; va-nupieds, *m.*

slûbbing, n.: boudinage, *m.* **-machine, n.**: boudinoir, *m.*

slûe, tr.: (*nav.*) faire pivoter.

1.slûg, n.: (*lazy fellow*) fainéant, paresseux; (*mol.*) limace, *f.*; limacon; (*hindrance*) obstacle; (*for a gun*) lingot, *m.*, chevrotine, *f.* **2.slug, tr.**: charger de lingot; frapper lourdement. **-gard, n.**: fainéant, *m.*, fainéante, *f.*; paresseux, *m.*, paresseuse, *f.*; dormeur, *m.*, dormeuse, *f.* **-gard, adj.**: paresseux; fainéant; apathique; inerte. **-gish, adj.**: paraissent, fainéant, indolent, inerte. **-gishly, adv.**: avec paresse; avec fainéantise; avec apathie; avec indolence; avec inertie. **-gishness, n.**: paresse; fainéantise; inertie, *f.* **-gy = sluggish.**

1.slût-ee, n.: écluse; vanne, *f.*, clapet, *m.*; (*opening*) issue; (*source*) source, *f.*: *falling —*, barrage mobile, *m.* **2-ee,**

tr.: lâcher par une écluse; lâcher par une vanne; lâcher les chasses; (*pour over*) verser à flots sur; répandre à flots sur. **-ey, adj.**: à flots; par torrents.

1.slûmber, intr.: sommeiller; dormir; faire un somme. **2.slumber, n.**: sommeil; assoupissement; repos, *m.* **-er, n.**: personne qui sommeille, qui dort, *f.*; dormeur, *m.*, dormeuse, *f.* **1-ing, n.**: sommeil, assoupissement, *m.* **2-ing, adj.**: qui sommeille. **-ingly, adv.**: en dormant, en sommeillant. **-ous, adj.**: qui invite au sommeil; assoupissant; (*sleepy*) endormi.

1.slûr, tr.: (*soil*) tacher, salir; souiller; (*pass lightly*) glisser sur, passer légèrement sur; (*conceal*) cacher, voiler; (*mus.*) lier; (*print.*) barbouiller: — *over*, passer légèrement sur. **2.slur, n.**: tache, *f.*; (*print.*) barbouillage; (*mus.*) coulé, *m.*, liaison, *f.* **-ring, n.**: (*mus.*) liaison, *f.*

1.slûsh, n.: boue; neige qui se fond, *f.*; gâchis, *m.* **2.slush, intr.**: patauger. **-y, adj.**: boueux, gâcheur.

slût, n.: saligaud; salaude; souillon; friponne, *f.* **-tish, adj.**: salaude; de souillon; de salaude, de saligaud; sale, malpropre. **-tishly, adv.**: en salaude, en saligaud, en souillon, malproprement, salement. **-tishness, n.**: malpropreté; saleté, *f.*

slÿ, adj.: surnois; rusé; fin; (*arch.*) malin: *on the —*, à la sourdine. **-boots, n.**: surnois; (*arch, as a child*) petit malin, *m.*, petite maligne, *f.*, espiegle, *m.*, *f.* **-ly, adv.**: finement, avec ruse, en surnois; (*archly*) avec malice; surnoisement, malicieusement.

1.smâck, n.: (*boat*) bateau de pêche.

2.smâck, n.: (*taste*) goût, *m.*, saveur; (*kiss*) gros baiser; (*smattering*) connaissance superficielle, teinture, *f.*; (*of a whip*) claquement, *m.*; (*slap*) tape, claque; (*small quantity*) légère quantité, *f.*, soupçon, *m.* **3.smack, intr.**: (*kiss*) baiser; (*of lips*; *of whips*) claquer; *intr.*: baiser; donner une claque à; faire claque: — *of*, avoir un goût de; sentir le; se ressentir de. **-ing, adj.**: qui claque; (*of kisses*) retentissant.

1.smâll, adj.: petit; (*slender*) délié; (*fine*) fin, menu; (*minute*) minime, exigu; (*weak*) faible, léger; (*not considerable*) peu considérable, peu important: — *improvement*, légers progrès, *m. pl.* — *beer*, de la petite bière. **2.small, n.**: partie mince; (*of an anchor*) tige, *f.*; (*of the leg*) bas, *m.* — *of the back*, chute des reins, *f.* **-age, n.**: (*bot.*) ache, *f.* **-clothes, n. pl.**: culotte, *f. sing.* **-ness, n.**: petitesse; (*fineness*) finesse, ténuité, *f.*; (*inconsiderableness*) peu d'importance, *m.*, faiblesse, exiguité, *f.* **-pox, n.**: petite vérole, *f.* **-y, adv.**: petitement; en petite quantité.

smalt, n.: smalt; bleu d'azure; (*blue glass*) smalt, verre bleu, m.

1. **smärt**, intr.: cuire (causer une douleur aiguë); éprouver une vive douleur, souffrir; tr.: faire mal à: — *for*, supporter la peine de; *make any one — for anything*, faire payer cher quelque chose à quelqu'un; *my hand —s*, la main me cuit.

2. **smart**, n.: cuisson; (*anguish*) douleur poignante, vive douleur, f. 3. **smart**, adj.: (*pricking*) cuisant, douloureux, aigu; (*severe*) mordant, poignant, piquant; (*vigorous*) vigoureux, vif, rude; (*brisk*) bon, fort; (*pertinent*) bon, vif, subtil, à propos; (*shrewd*) fin, adroit, rusé; (*spruce*) beau, élégant, pimpant, coquet. — **en**, tr.: faire beau: — *one's self up*, se faire beau.

1. **ing**, n.: cuisson; douleur vive, f.

2. **ing**, adj.: cuisant; douloureux. — **ly**, adv.: (*with pain*) d'une manière cuisante, douloureusement; (*sharply*) d'une manière mordante, d'une manière piquante, vivement; (*vigorously*) vigoureusement, rudement; finement, subtilement; (*showily*) coquettement, avec recherche, élégamment. — **money**, n.: indemnité, f.; dédit, m.; gratification pour blessure, f.

— **ness**, n.: (*poignancy*) nature poignante, nature cuisante; (*vigour*) vigueur, rudesse; (*vivacity*) vivacité; finesse, subtilité; (*of dress*) coquetterie, élégance, f.

— **ticket**, n.: certificat de blessure, m.

— **weed**, n.: (*bot.*) renouée persicaire, f.

1. **smāsh**, tr.: écraser; briser: — *to pieces*, briser en morceaux. 2. **smash**, n.: fracas, m.

1. **smätter**, tr. and intr.: parler en ignorant: — *of*, parler en ignorant de; n'avoir qu'une connaissance superficielle de. 2. **smatter** — **ing**. — **er**, n.: demi-savant, bavard ignorant, homme superficiel, m. — **ing**, n.: connaissance superficielle, teinture, teinte, f.

smear, tr.: enduire; couvrir; barbouiller.

1. **smell** (pret. and past part. *smelt*, *smelled*), tr.: sentir; flairer: — *out*, flairer, découvrir: — *a rat*, se défier de quelque chose, soupçonner quelque chose.

2. **smell**, intr.: sentir; (*emit a bad odour*) sentir, sentir mauvais; (*of animals*) sentir, flairer: —, — *bad, nasty*, sentir mauvais; — *good, nice*, sentir bon; — *of smoke*, sentir la fumée: — *at*, sentir, flairer; *nasty —ing*, qui sent mauvais; *sweet —ing*, qui sent bon; odoriférant. 3. **smell**, n.: (*faculty*) odorat; (*of a dog*) flair, m.; (*odour*) odeur, senteur, f., parfum, m.: *be offensive to the smell*, blesser l'odorat.

— **er**, n.: personne qui sent, f.; flaireur; (*the nose*) nez; (*blow*) coup de poing sur le nez, m. — **ing**, n.: odorat, m. — **ing-bottle**, n.: flacon d'essence, de senteur, m.

1. **smölt**, n.: éperlan, m.

2. **smölt**, tr.: fondre. — **er**, n.: (*metal*) fondeur, m. — **ery**, n.: (*metal*) fonderie, f. — **ing**, n.: (*metal*) fonte, f. — **smörk** = *smirk*.

smew, n.: (*orni.*) plongeon, m.

smicker, intr.: jeter des œillades, mi-nauder.

1. **smile**, intr.: sourire: — *on*, sourire à; — *into*, sourire jusqu'à ce que; — *any one into a good humour*, sourire à quelqu'un jusqu'à ce qu'il soit de bonne humeur. 2. — **le**, n.: souris; sourire, m. — **ler**, n.: personne qui sourit, f. — **ling**, adj.: souriant; (*of things*) riant. — **lingly**, adv.: en souriant. — **lingness**, n.: air souriant, m.

smirch, tr.: salir, barbouiller.

1. **smirk**, intr.: sourire avec affectation; affecter un air de bonté, de douceur.

2. **smirk**, n.: sourire affecté, m.

smite — **e** (pret. *smote*, part. *smitten*), tr.: frapper; (*destroy*) détruire; (*punish*) châtier, frapper; (*affect with passion*) passionner, embraser, charmer; intr.: se heurter; se choquer: *be smitten with a woman*, être épris, être passionné, être amoureux d'une femme; *be desperately smitten with*, être extrêmement épris de, éperdument amoureux de. — **er**, n.: personne qui frappe, f.

smith, n.: forgeron; (*fig.*) ouvrier; auteur, m.

smithy, n.: plume fine, f.; fragment, atome, m. — **—ens**, n. pl.: fragments, atomes, m. pl.

smith-ery, n.: forge, f.; (*work*) ouvrage de forge, de forgeron, m. — **y**, n.: forge, f. — **smitten**, past part. of *smite*.

smock, n.: chemise de femme, f. — **faced**, adj.: pâlot; d'un visage efféminé. — **frock**, n.: sarrau, m. — **less**, adj.: sans chemise.

1. **smöke**, n.: fumée; (*vapour*) vapeur, f. — *end in —*, s'en aller en eau de boudin.

2. — **ke**, intr.: fumer; (*raise dust*) faire lever la poussière; (*suffer*) souffrir; tr.: fumer; enfumer; (*smell out*) flairer, découvrir; (*banter*) se moquer de, bernier; (*tobacco*) fumer: — *out*, enfumer; chasser par la fumée. — **ke-box**, n.: boîte à fumée, f.

— **ke-consuming**, adj.: fumivore.

— **ke-dried**, adj.: fumé.

— **ke-dry**, tr.: fumer. — **ke-jack**, n.: tourne-broche à courant d'air, m.

— **keless**, adj.: sans fumée.

— **ker**, n.: fumeur, m. — **kinness**, n.: état enfumé, m.

1. — **king**, adj.: fumant: — *hot*, tout chaud. 2. — **king**, n.: habitude de fumer; action de fumer, f.: *be fond of —*, aimer la pipe; aimer à fumer.

— **king-cap**, n.: calotte (de fumer). — **king-car**, n.: wagon de fumeur, m. — **king-compartment**, n.:

compartiment de fumeur. **-king-room**, n.: salon de fumeur, estaminet, m.; tabagie, f. **-ky**, adj.: qui fume; plein de fumée; (black) enfumé, noir: — chimney, cheminée qui fume.

1. **smóoth**, adj.: uni; (even) égal; (not rough) doux; (glossy) lisse; (gently flowing; bland) doux; (bot.) glabre. 2. **smooth**, tr.: aplanir; lisser; polir; (flatter) flatter; (calm) calmer, adoucir; (make even) aplanir, unir, adoucir; (make easy, free) faciliter: — down, unir, adoucir; (cajole) cajoler. **-en**, tr.: unir; aplanir. **-er**, n.: personne qui aplanit, qui unit, f. **-faced**, adj.: imberbe; (fig.) qui a l'air doux; papelard: — villain, tartufe, m. **-ing**, n.: action d'unir, f.; adoucissement; aplanissement, m. **-ing-iron**, n.: fer à repasser, m. **-ly**, adv.: uniment, doucement; (with even flow) doucement; (easily) aisément, facilement; (blandly) doucement, avec douceur. **-ness**, n.: égalité; douceur, f.

1. **smóther**, tr.: suffoquer; asphyxier; étouffer; (suppress) étouffer, éteindre; intr.: suffoquer, étouffer. 2. **smóther**, n.: grande fumée; grande poussière, f. 1. **-ing**, n.: suffocation, f.; étouffement, m. 2. **-ing**, adj.: étouffant, suffocant.

smóulder, intr.: couvrir. **-ing**, adj.: qui couve.

1. **smúdge**, n.: fumée épaisse; souillure, f. 2. **smudge**, tr.: noircir de fumée; souiller, ternir.

smúgle, intr.: faire la contrebande; tr.: passer en contrebande; faire passer par contrebande: — in, faire entrer par contrebande. **-gled**, adj.: de contrebande. **-gler**, n.: contrebandier; (ship) bâtiment chargé de contrebande, m. **-gling**, n.: contrebande, fraude, f.

1. **smút**, n.: noir; (in corn) charbon, m., nielle, f.; (obscenity) gravelure, f. 2. **smut**, tr.: noircir; tacher; (corn) nieller, carier; intr.: se noircir; (of corn) se carier. **-balls**, n.: (bot.) noir, m. **-ch**, tr.: noircir; barbouiller. **-tily**, adv.: en noircissant; (obscenely) d'une manière graveleuse, salement. **-tiness**, n.: noirceur, f.; (obscenity) nature graveleuse, obscénité, f. **-ty**, adj.: noir; enfumé; (of corn) carié, niellé; (obscene) graveleux, grivois, obscène.

snáck, n.: portion; part, f.; (hasty repast) morceau, morceau sur le pouce, m.: go —, partager le gâteau; take a —, manger un morceau.

1. **snáffe**, n.: bridon; filet, m. 2. **snaf-fle**, tr.: mettre un bridon à.

snág, n.: neud, m.; (branch) branche, f., jet, m. **-ged**, **-gy**, adj.: noueux.

snáil, n.: limacon; colimaçon; (pers.)

lambin, m., lambine, f. **-clover**, n.: (bot.) luzerne, f. 1. **-like**, adj.: de limacon, comme un limacon. 2. **-like**, adv.: en limacon; (slowly) comme une tortue.

1. **snâ-ke**, n.: serpent, m.: a — in the grass, quelque anguille sous roche. 2. **-ke**, tr.: (Am.) serpenter, se trainer; (nav.) congréer. **-ke-root**, n.: (bot.) serpenteaire; bistorte, f. **-ke's-head**, n.: (bot.) fritillaire, f. **-ke-weed**, n.: (bot.) renouée, bistorte, f. **-ke-wood**, n.: bois de couleuvre, m. **-kish**, adj.: de serpent. **-ky**, adj.: de serpent; (having serpents) hérissé de serpents; (sly) de serpent, rusé; (winding) tortueux, sinueux, qui va en serpentant.

1. **snâp**, intr.: se casser, se rompre: — at, tâcher de mordre, de happer; (fig.) gourmander, brusquer: — in two, se casser en deux. 2. **snap**, tr.: casser, rompre; (a whip, one's fingers) faire claquer; (seize suddenly) happer, empoigner: — in two, casser en deux; — off, casser; — up, happer; (reprimand) brusquer, gourmander; relever vivement. 3. **snap**, n.: cassure, f.; (bite) coup de dent; (of a whip, the fingers) claquement; (greedy fellow) glouton, m.; (theft) prise, f.; (catch) crochet d'arrêt, m. **-dragon**, n.: (bot.) mufler, m. **-per**, n.: personne qui happe, f.; bourru, m., bourrue; personne hargneuse, acariâtre, f. **-pish**, adj.: disposé à happer; hargneux; (peevish) bourru, hargneux, acariâtre. **-pishly**, adv.: d'une manière bourrue; d'une manière hargneuse. **-pishness**, n.: humeur bourrue; humeur hargneuse, acariâtre, f.

1. **snâre**, n.: piège, m. 2. **snare**, tr.: prendre dans un piège; séduire.

snârl, intr.: grogner; gronder. **-er**, n.: grognard, m., grognarde, f.; grogneur, m., grogneuse, f.; homme hargneux, m., femme hargneuse, f. **-ing**, adj.: grognard, grogneur, bourru; hargneux.

snâry, adj.: qui embrouille; insidieux.

1. **snâch**, tr.: saisir avidement; se saisir de; gripper: — from, arracher à; — up, ramasser, empoigner; — at, chercher à saisir. 2. **snatch**, n.: action de saisir avidement; prise, f.; (fragment) petit morceau, fragment; (short fit of vigour) éclair, accès passager, m., échappée, f.: by —es, par accès; par échappées. **-block**, n.: (nav.) poulie coupée, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui saisit avidement, f. **-ingly**, adv.: avidement; brusquement.

1. **snêak**, intr.: (truckle) ramper; (steal away) s'en aller furtivement: — away, s'en aller à la dérobée, s'en aller furtivement; s'esquiver; s'en aller la tête baissée. 2. **sneak**, n.: homme rampant; pied plat, m. **-ing**, adj.: rampant; bas;

servile; (*niggardly*) ladre, chiche. **-ingly**, *adv.*: furtivement; servilement. **-ingness**, *n.*: caractère rampant, *m.*: servilité, *f.*

1. **snêcr**, *intr.*: ricaner: — *at*, se moquer de. 2. **sneer**, *n.*: rire moqueur, ris moqueur, *m.*: ricanerie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: ricaner, *m.*, ricaneuse, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *n.*: ricanement, *m.* 2. **-ing**, *adj.*: ricaner. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en ricanant.

1. **snêc-ze**, *intr.*: éternuer. 2. **-ze**, *n.*: éternuement, *m.*

snicker, *intr.*: rire sous cape.

1. **sniff**, *tr.*: aspirer; *intr.*: renifler.

2. **sniff**, *n.*: reniflement, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: renifleur, *m.*, renifleuse, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *n.*: reniflement, *m.*

snigger = **snicker**.

sniggle, *tr.*: prendre au piège.

1. **snip**, *tr.*: couper. 2. **snip**, *n.*: coup de ciseaux; (*shred*) morceau coupé, *m.*; (*share*) portion, *f.*

snipe, *n.*: (*orn.*) bécassine, *f.*

snipper, *n.*: coupeur, *m.*, coupeuse, *f.*

snipsnap, *n.*: dialogue piquant, *m.*

1. **snivel**, *intr.*: avoir la roupie; (*cry*) pleurnicher. 2. **snivel**, *n.*: roupie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: pleurnicheur, *m.*, pleurnicheuse, *f.* 1. **-ing**, *adj.*: pleurnicheur. 2. **-ing**, *n.*: pleurnicherie, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: roupieux; (*whining*) pleurnichant.

snôb, *n.*: personne de mauvais ton, *f.*; goujat; malotru, *m.*, malotrne, *f.* **-bish**, *adj.*: de mauvais ton, de malotru.

1. **snô-re**, *intr.*: ronfler. 2. **-re**, *n.*: ronflement, *m.* **-rer**, *n.*: ronfleur, *m.*, ronfleuse, *f.* **-ring**, *n.*: ronflement, *m.*

snôrt, *intr.*: ronfler. **-ing**, *n.*: ronflement, *m.*

snôt, *n.*: morve, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: morveux; couvert de morve. **-ty-nosed**, *adj.*: morveux.

snôut, *n.*: museau; (*of a pig*) groin; (*of a wild boar*) boutoir; (*of things*) bout, bec; (*of a pipe, of a pair of bellows*) tuyau, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à museau, à groin, à bout, à bec, à tuyau. **-y**, *adj.*: qui ressemble à un museau.

1. **snôic**, *n.*: neige, *f.*: *there has been a fall of* —, il est tombé de la neige.

2. **snow**, *intr.*: neiger; tomber de la neige; *tr.*: faire tomber comme de la neige, semer. **-ball**, *n.*: boule de neige, pelote de neige, *f.*: —, *tree*, (*bot.*) boule de neige, viorne, *f.* **-balling**, *n.*: action de jeter des boules de neige, *f.* **-bird**, *n.*: mouette blanche, *f.* **-drift**, *n.*: monceau de neige, *m.* **-drop**, *n.*: (*bot.*) perce-neige, *f.* **-flake**, *n.*: flocon de neige, *m.*; (*bot.*) nivôle printanière, *f.* **-flood**, *n.*: inondation produite par la fonte des neiges, *f.* **-like**, *adj.*: de

neige; comme la neige. **-line**, *n.*: limites des neiges, *f. pl.* **-shoe**, *n.*: raquette, *f.* **-slip**, *n.*: avalanche, *f.* **-storm**, *n.*: tempête de neige, *f.* **-water**, *n.*: eau de neige, *f.* **-white**, *adj.*: blanc comme la neige. **-y**, *adj.*: de neige; neigeux; (*white like snow*) blanc comme la neige; (*pure*) pur, sans tache: — *weather*, un temps de neige.

1. **snûb**, *tr.*: (*nip*) couper le bout de; (*re-buke*) réprimander, gourmander; brusquer, traiter avec dédain (*or sans égard*), négliger ouvertement. 2. **snub**, *n.*: (*in wood*) fûceud, fûtronc d'arbre, *m.*; rebuffade, négligence calculée, *f.* **-nose**, *n.*: nez, *m.*, *camus*, *m.* **-nosed**, *adj.*: *camus*.

1. **snuff**, *n.*: (*of a wick*) lumignon; (*candle-end*) bout de chandelle, *m.*; (*of a candle*) mouchère, *f.* 2. **snuff**, *tr.*: (*a candle*) moucher.

3. **snuff**, *tr.*: aspirer; humer; (*scent*) flairer; *intr.*: renifler. 4. **snuff**, *n.*: (*tobacco*) tabac à priser, tabac, *m.*: *take* —, priser, prendre du tabac; *be up to* —, ne pas se moucher du pied; *put up to* —, dégoûdier. **-box**, *n.*: tabatière, *f.*: *musical* —, tabatière à carillon, à musique, *f.*

snuffer, *n.*: moucheur, *m.* **-s**, *n. pl.*: mouchettes, *f. pl.* **-s-stand**, *n.*: portemouchettes, *m.*

snuff-e, *intr.*: parler du nez; nasiller, nasillonner. **-er**, *n.*: (*pers.*) nasilleur, *m.*, nasilleuse, *f.*; (*thing*) nasillard, *m.*, nasillarde, *f.* **-es**, *n. pl.*: enchifrènement, *m. sing.* **-ing**, *n.*: nasillement, *m.*

snuff-taker, *n.*: priseur, *m.*, priseuse, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: barbouillé de tabac.

1. **snûg**, *adj.*: (*convenient*) commode et petit; (*neat*) gentil; (*lying close*) serré: *he has a — place*, il a une bonne petite place; *we are very — here*, nous sommes on ne peut mieux ici; *a — house*, une petite maison bien commode. 2. **snug**, *intr.*: se serrer; se presser. **-gery**, *n.*: endroit petit et commode, *m.* **-gle**, *intr.*: se serrer; se presser, se tenir serré. **-ly**, *adv.*: petitement et commodément; en se serrant l'un contre l'autre, les uns contre les autres: *live —*, vivre agréablement. **-ness**, *n.*: commodité, petitesse et commodité, agréable petitesse, *f.*

1. **sô**, *adv.*: (*thus*) ainsi; (*in such a degree*) si, tellement, tant; (*in this manner*) ainsi, de cette manière, comme cela, comme ça; (*in the same manner*) de même; (*be it so*) soit: —, *you are here at last!* eh bien! vous voici, enfin! *I think —*, je le pense; —, *he went*, ainsi, il est parti; *he is — obstinate*, il est si entêté; il est tellement entêté; — *many*, — *much*, tant; — *much the better*, tant mieux; *make it —*, faites-le ainsi, faites-le de cette ma-

nière; *as blight destroys flowers*, — *does dissipation destroy the mind*, de même que la broussure détruit les fleurs, ainsi la débauche détruit l'esprit; —, ni trop mal, ni trop bien; passablement; comme ça; — *that*, de sorte que; si bien que; *if* —, *if it is* —, s'il en est ainsi; *not* —, il n'en est rien; il n'en est pas ainsi; non pas; *and* — *on*, et ainsi de suite; et ainsi du reste; — *it is*, c'est ainsi; *Mr.* — *and* —, Monsieur un tel; — *long as*, aussi longtemps que; tant que; — *far*, jusqu'ici; jusque là; *why* —? pourquoi cela? 2. *so*, conj.: pourvu que; — *that*, de sorte que; si bien que; (*provided that*) pourvu que.

1. *soak*, tr.: tremper; abreuver, baigner; intr.: tremper; s'imbiber; (*drink intemperately*) pomper: — *in*, absorber, boire; — *into*, s'infiltrer dans; pénétrer dans. 2. *soak*, n.: trempage, m.: *put in* —, mettre tremper. — *age*, n.: action de tremper, f.; trempage, m. — *er*, n.: personne qui trempe, f.; (*hard drinker*) biberon, ivrogne, m. — *ing*, adj.: qui trempe; qui s'infiltré; qui pénètre: — *rain*, pluie battante, f.

1. *soap*, n.: savon, m.: *mottled* —, savon marbré; savon madré; *soft* —, savon noir; (*cajolery*) flagornerie, cajolerie, f.; *having* —, savon pour la barbe; *scented* —, savon de toilette; savon parfumé. 2. *soap*, tr.: savonner. — *ball*, n.: savonnnette, f. — *berry-tree*, n.: (*bot.*) savonnier, m. — *boiler*, n.: savonnier, m. — *dish*, n.: boîte à savon, f. — *house*, n.: savonnerie, f. — *stone*, n.: pierre de lard, stéatite, pagodite, f. — *suds*, n. pl.: eau de savon, f. — *wort*, n.: (*bot.*) saponaire, f. — *y*, adj.: savonneux.

1. *soar*, intr.: prendre l'essor, son essor; s'élever: — *over*, planer sur. 2. *soar*, n.: essor; élan, m. 1. — *ing*, n.: essor, élan, m. 2. — *ing*, adj.: ardent; qui plane, qui s'élève.

1. *sob*, intr.: sangloter; pousser des sanglots. 2. *sob*, n.: sanglot, m.: *broken* —, sanglot entrecoupé. — *bing*, n. sing.: sanglots, m. pl.

1. *sober*, adj.: sobre, tempérant; (*not intoxicated*) pas ivre; (*not mad*) sensé, raisonnable; (*not visionary*) sobre, modéré; (*grave*) grave, sérieux; (*calm*) calme, rassuré: *be* —, être sobre; (*not be drunk*) n'être pas ivre, n'avoir pas bu; être à jeun. 2. *sober*, tr.: dégriser, désenivrer; (*fig.*) rendre raisonnable. — *ly*, adv.: sobrement, avec tempérance; sensément; raisonnablement; modérément, gravement, sérieusement. — *mind*, adj.: modéré; sage, raisonnable. — *mindness*, n.: modération; sagesse, f. — *ness*, *sobrie-*

ty, n.: sobriété, tempérance; (*moderation*) sagesse, modération, f.; (*calmness*) calme, sang froid; (*seriousness*) sérieux, m.

1. *so-ci-able*, adj.: sociable; qui aime la société. 2. — *able*, n.: calèche à bateau, f. — *ability*, — *ableness*, n.: sociabilité, f. — *ably*, adv.: socialement, d'une manière sociable. — *cial*, adj.: social; sociable. — *cialism*, n.: socialisme, m. — *cialist*, n.: socialiste, m., f. — *cial-ity*, n.: sociabilité, f. — *cially*, adv.: socialement; d'une manière sociale; d'une manière sociable. — *cialness*, n.: sociabilité, f. — *ciety*, n.: société, f.; monde, m.; réunion, f.: *fashionable* —, beau monde; *go into* —, aller dans le monde; *charitable* —, société de bienfaisance; *learned* —, société littéraire.

Socinian, adj.: socinien; n.: socinien, m., socinienne, f. — *ism*, n.: socinianisme, m.

1. *söck*, n.: (*of plough*) soc, m.

2. *söck*, n.: chaussette, f.; (*shoe*) socque; (*comedy*) socque, brodequin, m., comédie, f. — *et*, n.: emboiture, f.; (*of a tooth*) alvéole, m.; (*of the eye*) orbite; (*of tools*) douille, f.; (*of a lamp*) bec, m.; (*of a candlestick, etc.*) bobèche, f. — *less*, adj.: sans chaussettes.

söcle, n.: (*arch.*) socle, m.

Socrat-ic(al), adj.: socratique. — *ical-ly*, adv.: d'après la méthode de Socrate.

Söcrat-ism, n.: philosophie de Socrate, f. — *Söcrat-ist*, n.: disciple de Socrate, m.

1. *söd*, n.: gazon, m.; motte, f. 2. *söd*, adj.: de gazon, de mottes. 3. *söd*, tr.: gazonner.

söda, n.: (*min.*) soude, f.

södä-lity, n.: société; confrérie, f.

söda-water, n.: eau de Seltz, f.

södden, part. of *seethe*.

söddy, adj.: revêtu de gazon; plein de mottes.

södium, n.: sodium, m.

södo-mite, n.: sodomite, m. — *my*, n.: sodomie, f.

soë-ver, adj.: ... que ce soit; ... qui soit ...: *how* —, quelque ... que; *what things* —, quelques choses que ce soient.

söfa, n.: canapé, sofa, sofa, m.

söfft, n.: (*arch.*) soffite; plafond de corniche, m.

1. *soft*, adj.: mou, mol, mollet; (*to the touch*) doux; (*delicate*) délicat; (*yielding*) doux, facile, coulant; (*tender*) tendre; (*mild*) doux; (*effeminate*) mou, efféminé; (*still*) calme, paisible, doux; (*weak*) faible; (*foolish*) sot, niais; (*gram.*) doux. 2. *soft*, adv.: mollement; doucement; paisiblement. 3. *soft*! interj.: douce-

ment! **-en sô's'n**, tr.: amollir, ramollir; (*make less harsh, palliate*) adoucir; (*make easy*) rendre facile; (*calm*) calmer, adoucir, apaiser, radoucir; (*make less glaring*) adoucir; (*enervate*) efféminer, amollir, affaiblir; (*move*) attendrir, adoucir, fléchir; (*paint*) adoucir; intr.: s'amollir, se ramollir; s'adoucir; devenir facile; se calmer, s'adoucir; s'apaiser, se radoucir, devenir efféminé, s'affaiblir, s'attendrir, fléchir. **-ening sô's'n**, n.: amollissement; adoucissement; affaiblissement; attendrissement; (*paint*) adoucissement, m. **-headed**, adj.: niais; sot. **-hearted**, adj.: tendre, compatissant. **-ly**, adv.: mollement; (*of sound*) bas, doucement; (*placidly*) avec calme, paisiblement, doucement; (*tenderly*) tendrement, doucement, avec tendresse; (*gently*) doucement. **-ner sô's'n**, n.: personne qui amollit, qui ramollit, qui adoucit, qui pallie; chose qui amollit, qui adoucit, qui pallie; (*paint*) brosse à adoucir, f. **-ness**, n.: mollesse; (*to the touch*) douceur (*mildness*) douceur; (*effeminacy*) délicatesse efféminée, mollesse; (*weakness*) faiblesse; (*silliness*) niaiserie; (*gentleness*) douceur, facilité; (*timorousness*) timidité, f.

sô'hô! interj.: holà!

1. **sô'il**, tr.: (*feed*) nourrir de vert.

2. **sô'il**, n.: (*land*) sol, terroir, m.; glèbe, terre, f.; fumier, engrais, m. 3. **sô'il**, tr.: (*manure*) engraisser, fumer.

4. **sô'il**, tr.: (*stain*) souiller, salir; profaner. 5. **sô'il**, n.: souillure, tache; saleté, ordure, f. **-iness**, n.: tache, ordure, f. 1. **-ing**, adj., n.: souillant; souillure.

2. **sô'iling**, n.: nourrissage au vert, m.

sô'illess, adj.: sans terre.

sô'illure, n.: souillure, tache, f.

soirée swârê', n.: soirée, f.

1. **sô'journ**, intr.: séjourner. 2. **sô'journ**, n.: séjour, m. **-er**, n.: habitant temporaire, m. **-ing**, n.: séjour, m. **-ment**, n.: séjour, m.

1. **sô'l**, n.: (*myth.*) soleil. 2. **sô'l**, n.: (*mus.*) sol; g. m.

1. **sô'lace**, n.: consolation, f.; soulagement, m. 2. **sô'lace**, tr.: consoler; égayé; (*alloy*) soulager; — *one's self with*, se consoler par; intr.: être consolé. **-ment**, n.: consolation, f.

solânder, n.: solandre, f.

sô'lar, **-y**, adj.: solaire; du soleil; (*anat. bot.*) solaire.

1. **sô'l'der**, n.: soudure, f. 2. **sô'l'der**, tr.: souder, joindre. **-er**, n.: personne qui soude, f. **-ing**, n.: soudure, f.; — *iron*, souder; fer à souder, m.

sô'l'dier, n.: soldat; militaire, m.: *foot* —, fantassin, m.; *private* —, simple sol-

dat. **-like**, **-ly**, adj.: de soldat, de militaire; militaire, martial. **-ship**, n.: qualités militaires, f. pl.; état militaire, m.; bravoure, f. **-y**, n.: troupes, f. pl.; soldats, militaires, m. pl.; soldatesque, f. 1. **sô'le**, adj.: seul; unique; (*leg.*) non marié.

2. **sô'le**, n.: (*of the foot*) plante; (*of a shoe*) semelle; (*of a hoof*) sole; (*of a rudder*) talon, m.; (*ichth.*) sole, f. 3. **sô'le**, tr.: mettre des semelles à; ressemer.

sô'le -cise, intr.: faire des solécismes.

-cism, n.: solécisme, m. **-cist**, n.: personne qui fait des solécismes, f. **-cistic(al)**, adj.: qui tient du solécisme; incorrect. **-cistically**, adv.: avec des solécismes; incorrectement.

sô'lely, adv.: seulement; uniquement.

sô'lem-n, adj.: solennel; (*grave*) grave.

-ness, **sô'lem-nity**, n.: solennité; (*gravity*) gravité, f. **-nisation**, n.: solennisation; célébration solennelle, f. **-nise**, tr.: solenniser; célébrer solennellement. **-nly**, adv.: solennellement.

sô'leness, n.: caractère unique, m.; nature unique, f.

sô'lenite, n.: solénite, f., solen pétrolié, m.

sô'l-fâ, intr.: solfier. **-fâing**, n.: solfiation, action de solfier, f. **-fêggie**, n.: solfège, m.

sô'lic-it, tr.: solliciter; briguer; demander; postuler; (*invite*) inviter, attirer.

-ât-ion, n.: sollicitation; (*excitement*) excitation, f. **-or**, n.: solliciteur; (*jur.*) avoué, m.: — *general*, procureur général. **-ous**, adj.: désireux; — *about*, qui a de la sollicitude pour; soigneux de; attentif à; — *for*, inquiet de; — *of*, — *to*, désireux de; qui tient à. **-ously**, adv.: avec sollicitude. **-ress**, n.: sollicitueuse, f. **-ude**, n.: sollicitude, f.

1. **sô'l-id**, adj.: solide; massif; (*firm*) ferme; (*grave*) grave, posé; (*cubic*) cube: *become* —, se solidifier. 2. **-id**, n.: solide, m. **-idification**, n.: solidification, f. **-idify**, tr.: solidifier; intr.: se solidifier. **-idity**, n.: solidité, f.; état massif; (*pers.*) caractère posé, m., gravité, f. **-idly**, adv.: solidement. **-id-ness** = **-ity**. **-idungulous**, adv.: solidongulé; solipède.

sô'li-lo-que, intr.: faire un soliloque.

-quy, n.: soliloque, monologue, m.

1. **sô'lip-ed**, adj.: solipède. 2. **sô'lip-ed**, n.: solipède, m.

solitaire, n.: solitaire, m.

sô'li-tar-ily, adv.: solitairement. **-tar-iness**, n.: solitude; retraite, f.; isolement, m. 1. **-tary**, adj.: solitaire; (*gloomy*) triste, sombre; (*single*) seul, unique; — *confinement*, emprisonnement

cellulaire; secret, m. 2.-tary, n.: solitaire, m. -tude, n.: solitude, f.

soliva-gant, -gous, adj.: errant seul.

solmisa-tion, n.: solfation, action de solfier, f.

sôle, n.: solo, m.

Solomon's-seal, n.: (bot.) sceau-de-Salomon, m.

sol-stice, n.: solstice, m. -stifial, adj.: solsticial.

sol-uble, adj.: soluble. -ubility, -ubleness, n.: solubilité, f. -ution, n.: solution; dissolution, f. -utive, adj.: dissolvant.

sol-vable, adj.: soluble, résoluble; (that can be paid) qui peut être payé. -va-

bility, -vableness, n.: solvabilité, f. -ve, tr.: résoudre; (remove) dissiper, éclaircir.

-veney, n.: solvabilité, f. 1.-vent, adj.: dissolvant; (able to pay) solvable; (sufficient to pay) suffisant pour payer. 2.-vent, n.: dissolvant, m.

†somā-tic(al), adj.: corporel; qui a rapport au corps. -tology, n.: somatologie, f.

som-ber, -bre, adj.: sombre. -berly, -brely, adj.: d'une manière sombre.

-berness, n.: obscurité, tristesse, f.

1.sôme, adj.: du, m.; de la, f.; de l', m., f.; des, pl. m., f.; quelque; un peu de, certain; à peu près, environ: — six or seven persons, quelques six ou sept personnes, environ six ou sept personnes; — persons say, quelques personnes disent; — persons who were there said, des personnes qui y étaient ont dit; — bread, du pain; he has — wit, il a quelque peu d'esprit; — one, quelqu'un, m., quelqu'une, f. 2.some, pron.: en; quelques-uns, m. pl., quelques-unes, f. pl.; les uns, m. pl., les unes, f. pl.; une partie, f.: — went one way and — another, les uns allèrent d'un côté, et les autres d'un autre; I have received — of them, j'en ai reçu une partie, quelques-uns; give me —, donnez-m'en; give him —, donnez-lui-en. -body, n.: quelqu'un, m., quelqu'une, f.: — else, quelque autre; be —, être quelque chose. -how, adv.: d'une façon ou d'une autre; de manière ou d'autre.

somer-sault, -set, n.: saut périlleux, m.; culbute, f.

some-thing, n.: quelque chose; (before an adj.) quelque chose de, m.; (at a small distance) à peu de distance; (adverbially) un peu, quelque peu, tant soit peu: he has a — about him which pleases every one, il a un je ne sais quoi qui plaît à tout le monde; — good, quelque chose de bon. -time, adv.: un de ces jours; (formerly) autrefois: — or other, un de ces jours, un beau jour, une fois ou une autre.

-times, adv.: quelquefois; parfois; tantôt: — rich, — poor, tantôt riche, tantôt pauvre. 1.-what, adj.: un peu; quelque peu; tant soit peu. 2.-what, n.: quelque chose, f.; quelque peu; tant soit peu; un peu, m. -where, adv.: quelque part: — else, ailleurs, autre part. -while, adv.: pendant un temps; pendant quelque temps.

somnāmbu-lar, adj.: somnambule. -lism, n.: somnambulisme, m. -list, n.: somnambule, m., f. -listic, adj.: somnambule.

somni-ferous, -fic, adj.: somnifère.

sōmno-lence, -lency, n.: envie de dormir; somnolence, f. -lent, adj.: ap-cablé de sommeil; somnolent.

sōn, n.: fils, m.

sōnant, adj.: sonnant, sonore.

sonāta, n.: sonate, f.

sōng, n.: romance, f.; chant; (hymn) chant, cantique; (poet.) poème, m., poésie, f.; vers, m. pl.; (lay) chanson, f., couplet, m.; (trifle) rien, m., bagatelle, f.: old —, (trifle) rien, m., bagatelle, f.; drinking —, chanson à boire. -book, n.: chansonnier, m. -less, adj.: qui ne chante pas. -ster, n.: chanteur; (bird) chanteur; (book) chansonnier, m. -stress, n.: chanteuse, f.; (bird) chanteuse, m. -writer, n.: chansonnier, m.

soniferous, adj.: résonnant.

sōn-in-law, n.: beau-fils, gendre, m.

sōnnet, n.: sonnet, m. -ēcr, n.: auteur de sonnets; poète, m. -ise, intr.: faire des sonnets.

sonōmeter, n.: sonomètre, m.

sonōrous, adj.: sonore. -ly, adv.: d'une manière sonore. -ness, n.: sonorité, f.; son éclatant, m.

sōnship, n.: qualité de fils; filiation, f.

sōon, adv.: bientôt; (early) tôt, de bonne heure; (willingly) volontiers: too —, trop tôt; as — as, aussitôt que, dès que; le plutôt que; I would as — remain as go, j'aimerais autant rester que de m'en aller; — er, plus tôt; (rather) plutôt; — er than, plus tôt que; (rather than) plutôt que.

1.sōot, n.: suie, f. 2.soot, tr.: couvrir de suie. -bag, n.: sac à suie, m.

1.†sōo-th, adj.: vrai; doux. 2.-th, n.: vérité; réalité; douceur, f.: in —, en vérité. -the, tr.: (flatter) flatter, caresser; (assuage) adoucir, calmer; (please) charmer. -ther, n.: personne qui calme, qui adoucit; chose qui calme, qui adoucit, f.; calmant, adoucissant, m.; (flatterer) flatteur, flatteuse, f. -thing, adj.: (assuaging) adoucissant; (flattering) flatteur. †-thsay, intr.: prophétiser; prédire. -thsayer, n.: devin, m., devine-

resse, *f.*; prophète; augure, *m.*; diseur, *m.*, diseuse, *f.*, de bonne aventure.

sôo-tiness, *n.*: état d'être couvert de suie, *m.* **-tish**, *adj.*: de suie. **-ty**, *adj.*: (*producing soot*) qui produit de la suie; (*consisting of soot*) de suie, fuligineux; (*soot with soot*) noir de suie; (*black*) noir; (*dusky*) sombre, obscur.

1.sôp, *n.*: soupe, *f.*; morceau trempé; (*present*) présent, *m.*, douceur, *f.* **2.sop**, *tr.*: tremper.

sôph, *abbrev. of -ister or -omere*. **-ism**, sophisme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: sophiste, *m.* **-ister**, *n.*: (*Engl.*) étudiant de seconde ou troisième année (dans une université), *m.* **-istic(al)**, *adj.*: sophistique. **-istic-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière trompeuse. **1.-isticate**, *tr.*: sophistiquer; falsifier; frelater. **2.-isticate, -isticated**, *adj.*: falsifié; frelaté; sophistiqué. **-istication**, *n.*: sophistication; falsification; frelaterie, *f.*; frelatage, *m.* **-isticator**, *n.*: sophistiqueur, frelateur, *m.* **-istry**, *n.*: sophismes, *m. pl.*; sophistiquerie, *f.* **-omere**, *n.*: (*Am.*) étudiant de seconde année (dans un college), *m.*

sopor-iferous, *adj.*: soporifère. **-iferousness**, *n.*: soporifique, *m.*; propriété soporifique, *f.* **1.-ifico**, *adj.*: soporifique; soporatif, soporifère. **2.-ifico**, *n.*: soporifique; soporatif, soporifère, *m.* **-ous**, **-ose sôp**, *adj.*: (*med.*) soporeux.

sôpper, *n.*: personne qui trempe, *f.*

sopra-nist, *n.*: sopraniste, *m.*, *f.* **-no**, *n.*: soprano, *m.*

sôrb, *n.*: (*bot.*) sorbier; cormier, *m.* **-ate**, *n.*: (*chem.*) malate, *m.* **-ic**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) sorbique, malique.

sôrbonist, *n.*: sorboniste, *m.*

sôreer-er, *n.*: sorcier; magicien, *m.* **-ess**, *n.*: sorcière; magicienne, *f.* **-ous**, *adj.*: de sorcellerie, de sortilège. **-y**, *n.*: sorcellerie, *f.*; sortilège; enchantement, *m.*; magie, *f.*

sôrdes, *n. pl.*: (*med.*) saburre, *f. sing.*

sôrdet = *sordine*, *dine*, *f.*

sôrdid, *adj.*: sale; sordide; vil; bas. **-ly**, *adv.*: sordidement; d'une manière vile. **-ness**, *n.*: (*dirtiness*) saleté; (*meanness*) bassesse; (*niggardliness*) avarice sordide, *f.*

sôrdine, *n.*: (*mus.*) sordine, *f.*

1.sôre, *adj.*: (*tender*) sensible; (*susceptible*) susceptible, sensible; (*affected with inflammation*) malade; (*afflictive*) douloureux, cruel; (*violent*) violent, grand, rude: *have — eyes, ears*, avoir mal aux yeux, un mal d'yeux, mal aux oreilles, un mal d'oreille; *have a — foot*, avoir mal au pied; *make —*, rendre sensible, rendre malade; (*irritate*) irriter. **2.sore**, *n.*: plaie, *f.*; (*in Scripture*) ulcère, *m.*

3.sore, *adv.*: douloureusement; grièvement, (*greatly*) grandement, fortement, gravement, profondément.

4.sôre, *adj.*: rouge brun. **5.sore**, *n.*: (*mam.*) chevreuil de quatrième année, *m.* **sôre-l**, *n.*: chevreuil de troisième année, *m.*

sôre-ly, *adv.*: douloureusement, grièvement, vivement, fortement, cruellement, rudement, sévèrement. **-ness**, *n.*: sensibilité; douleur, *f.*; mal, *m.*; (*susceptibility*) susceptibilité, sensibilité, *f.*

sorites, *n.*: (*log.*) sorite, *m.*

1.sôrrel, *adj.*: alezan, saure. **2.sorrel**, *n.*: (*colour*) couleur alezan, saure, *f.*

3.sôrrel, *n.*: (*bot.*) oseille, *f.*

sôr-rily, *adv.*: tristement, pauvrement, chétivement; pitoyablement. **-riness**, *n.*: triste état, *m.*; nature pitoyable, *f.* **1.-row**, *n.*: chagrin, *m.*; douleur; affliction, peine, tristesse, *f.*: *in —*, dans le chagrin; *to one's —*, à son grand chagrin; à sa grande douleur. **2.-row**, *intr.*: être affligé; avoir du chagrin; s'affliger. **-rowful**, *adj.*: triste; affligé; chagrin; mélancolique; (*of things*) affligeant, attristant, funeste, pénible, douloureux. **-rowfully**, *adv.*: avec chagrin; avec douleur; tristement. **-rowfulness**, *n.*: chagrin, *m.*; tristesse, douleur, *f.* **-rowing**, *n.*: chagrin, *m.* **-rowless**, *adj.*: sans chagrin; sans douleur; exempt de chagrin; exempt de douleur. **-ry**, *adj.*: fâché, contrarié, affligé, peiné; (*melancholy*) mélancolique, triste; (*poor, worthless*) triste; méchant, pitoyable: *be — for any one*, être fâché pour quelqu'un; *be — for any thing*, être fâché de quelque chose; *I am — for it*, j'en suis fâché, peiné.

1.sôrt, *n.*: (*species*) sorte, *f.*, genre, *m.*, espèce; (*manner*) manière, sorte, façon; (*class*) classe, condition; (*pair*) paire, *f.*: *be out of —s*, n'être pas dans son assiette; *put out of —s*, déranger, bouleverser; *in some —* en quelque sorte, en quelque manière, en quelque façon; *a woman of the right —*, une bonne pâte de femme. **2.sort**, *tr.*: classer; distribuer; séparer; assortir; réunir; (*letters*) trier; (*cards*) appareiller: *— out*, assortir, trier, séparer; *— from*, séparer de; *— with*, (*joined with*) se joindre à, s'unir à, se lier avec; (*suit*) s'accorder avec, convenir à. **†-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être classé, distribué, trié; (*fitting*) convenable, sortable. **†-ably**, *adv.*: convenablement, d'une manière sortable. **-ed**, *adj.*: assorti; trié, arrangé, séparé. **-er**, *n.*: trieur, *m.*, trieuse, *f.*

sôrtie, *n.*: (*milit.*) sortie, *f.*

sôrt-ilege, *n.*: tirage au sort, *m.* **-ilég-**
-tous, *adj.*: de tirage au sort. **-ing**, *n.*:

triage, arrangement, *m.* † *ixtion*, *n.*: tirage au sort, *m.*

1. sôt, *n.*: † *sot*, *m.*, *sotte*, *f.*; (*drunkard*) ivrogne, *m.*, ivrognesse, *f.* **2. sot**, *tr.*: assoter; hébéter; *intr.*: ivrognier. **-tish**, *adj.*: (*stupid*) sot, stupide, hébété; (*drunken*) abruti par l'ivrognerie. **-tishly**, *adv.*: (*stupidly*) sottement; stupidement; (*drunkenly*) en ivrogne. **-tishness**, *n.*: sottise; bêtise; stupidité, *f.*; (*drunkenness*) abrutissement par l'ivrognerie, *m.*

sou, *n.*: sou, *m.*

sôul, *n.*: âme; (*creature*) âme, *f.*, être, *m.*, créature, *f.*: *with all my* —, de tout mon âme; *poor* —, pauvre chère âme; *simple* —, bonhomme, *m.*, bonne femme, *f.*; *good* —, bonne créature; bonne pâte d'homme, bonne pâte de femme; *all — a day*, fête des morts, *f.* **-destroying**, *adj.*: qui perd l'âme. **-felt**, *adj.*: senti dans l'âme, au fond de l'âme. **-less**, *adj.*: sans âme; apathique. **-saving**, *adj.*: qui sauve l'âme. **-searching**, *adj.*: qui remue l'âme. **-selling**, *adj.*: traquant en créatures humaines. **-sick**, *adj.*: malade d'esprit. **-stirring**, *adj.*: qui remue l'âme. **-vexed**, *adj.*: tourmenté jusqu'au fond de l'âme.

1. sound, *n.*: (*strait*) détroit, *m.*

2. sound, *adj.*: sain; en bon état; (*of the mind*) sain; (*of the health*) bon, solide; (*of sleep*) profond; (*of blows*) bon, fort, vigoureux; (*valid*) valide; (*correct*) légitime; (*well founded*) bien fondé: — *thrashing*, bonne râlée, *f.* **3. sound**, *adv.*: profondément; d'importance.

4. sound, *n.*: (*noise, tone*) son, *m.* **5. sound**, *intr.*: sonner; rendre un son; retentir; résonner; *tr.*: sonner de; faire sonner; faire résonner; (*proclaim*) proclamer; publier, faire retentir.

6. sound, *tr.*: (*try the depth*) sonder; *intr.*: sonder, jeter la sonde. **7. sound**, *n.*: (*surg.*) sonde, *f.* **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut sonder.

sound-board = *sounding-board*.

sound-headed, *adj.*: qui a la tête saine; qui a une bonne tête. **-hearted**, *adj.*: affectionné, sincère. **1. ing**, *adj.*: à son; résonnant; retentissant; cf. also **6. sound**. **2. ing**, *n.*: action de sonner, *f.*; retentissement, résonnement, *m.*, résonance, *f.*

3. sounding, *n.*: action de sonder (cf. **6. sound**), *f.*, sondage, *m.* —, cf. *the word*.

sounding-board, *n.*: (*mus.*) table d'harmonie, *f.*; (*of a pulpit*) abat-voix, *m.*

sounding-lead, *n.*: sonde, *f.* **-line**, *n.*: ligne de sonde; sonde, *f.*

sounding-post, *n.*: (*mus.*) âme, *f.*

sounding-s, *n. pl.*: sondes, *f. pl.* **-less**, *adj.*: (*unfathomable*) insondable, que l'on

ne peut sonder; (*having no sound*) sans son; sans bruit.

sôund-ly, *adv.*: (*healthily*) avec santé; (*lustily*) vigoureusement, rudement, d'importance, ferme; (*without falacy*) sainement; (*firmly*) solidement, profondément; (*of sleeping*) profondément, d'un profond sommeil: — *beaten*, bien, joliment battu; rossé d'importance. **-ness**, *n.*: état sain; bon état, *m.*; solidité; (*strength*) force, vigueur; (*rectitude*) rectitude, justesse, pureté; (*of the body*) santé, *f.*

sôup, *n.*: potage, *m.*; soupe, *f.*: *gravy* —, consommé, *m.*; *vegetable* —, potage à la julienne. **-plate**, *n.*: assiette à soupe, *f.*

1. sôur, *adj.*: aigre; sûr; acide; (*fig.*) aigre, âpre, morose: *make* —, aigrir; *turn* —, s'aigrir. **2. sôur**, *tr.*: aigrir; (*chem.*) acidifier; (*fig.*) aigrir, empoisonner; *intr.*: s'aigrir: — *into*, tourner en; dégénérer en.

sôuree, *n.*: source, *f.*

sôur-ish, *adj.*: aigret; suret; aigretet. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec aigreur; (*fig.*) aigrement, âprement, avec aigreur. **-ness**, *n.*: aigreur, acidité; (*fig.*) âpreté, aigreur, *f.*

1. sôuse, *n.*: marinade, *f.* **2. souse**, *tr.*: mariner; plonger dans l'eau; (*strike*) frapper avec violence.

3. sôuse, *intr.*: se précipiter (*sur*), fondre (*sur*); *tr.*: frapper. **4. souse**, *adv.*: tout à coup.

1. sôuth, *n.*: sud, midi, *m.* **2. south**, *adj.*: sud, du sud; méridional. **3. south**, *adv.*: vers le midi; vers le sud, au sud. **1. -east**, *n.*: sud-est, *m.* **2. -east**, *adj.*: sud-est, du sud-est. **-eastern**, *adj.*: du sud-est. **sôuth-er**, *n.*: vent du sud, *m.*

sôuth-erly, *adv.*: vers le sud. **-ern**, *adj.*: du sud; du midi; méridional. **-ernly**, *adj.*: sud, du sud; méridional. **-ernmost**, *adj.*: le plus au sud. **-ern-wood**, *n.*: (*bot.*) aune des jardins; citronnelle, *f.*

sôuth-ing, *n.*: mouvement vers le sud; (*astron.*) passage au méridien, *m.*; (*of a ship*) route au sud, *f.* **-most**, *adj.*: le plus au sud. **1. -ward**, *adv.*: vers le sud; au sud. **2. -ward**, *n.*: pays méridionaux, *m. pl.*; midi, *m.* **-west**, *n.*: sud-ouest, *m.* **-west**, *adj.*: sud-ouest; du sud-ouest. **-westerly**, *adj.*: de sud-ouest; du sud-ouest; sud-ouest. **-western**, *adj.*: de sud-ouest; du sud-ouest; sudouest.

souvenir, *n.*: souvenir, *m.*

1. sôvereign, *adj.*: souverain. **2. sove-reign**, *n.*: souverain, *m.*, souveraine, *f.*; (*gold coin*) souverain (20 shil. = 25 f.), *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: souverainement. **-ty**, *n.*: souveraineté, *f.*

1. sôic, *n.*: truie; (*metal.*) gueuse, *f.*; (*of lead*) saumon, *m.*: *wild* —, laie, *f.*; — *thistle*, laiteron, *m.*

2.sôie (pret. *sowed*, part. *sown*), *tr.*: semer, ensemencer; *intr.*: semer, faire les semailles: — *one's wild oats*, jeter ses premiers feux; faire ses farces.

sou-ang, -ous, *n.*: bouillie de farine d'avoine, *f.*

sôie-er, *n.*: semeur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: semailles, *f. pl.*; (*fig.*) propagation, *f.*: — *time*, temps de semer; (*agri.*) temps des semailles, *m.*

soy, *n.*: soy, soui, *m.*

spâ, *n.*: source d'eau minérale, *f.*

1.spâ-ec, *n.*: espace, *m.*; étendue, *f.*; (*quantity of time*) espace de temps; (*short time*) court espace de temps; (*mus.*) espace, interligne, *m.* **2.-ce**, *tr.*: (*print.*) espacer. **-ce-line**, *n.*: interligne, *f.* **-ci-ous**, *adj.*: spacieux; d'une grande étendue; vaste. **-ci-ously**, *adv.*: amplement, spacieusement. **-ci-ousness**, *n.*: nature spacieuse; immensité; vaste étendue, *f.*

spâddle, *n.*: petite bêche, *f.*

1.spâ-de, *n.*: bêche, *f.*; (*in card*) pique; (*hunt.*) daim de trois ans, *m.* **2.-de**, *tr.*: bêcher. **-debone**, *n.*: omoplate, *f.* **-de-ful**, *n.*: pelletée. **-dille**, *n.*: spadille, as de pique, *m.*

spâdix, *n.*: (*bot.*) spadice, *m.*

spâhi, *spâheç*, *n.*: spahi, *m.*

spâlt, *n.*: (*min.*) spalt, *m.*

1.spân, *n.*: empan, *m.*; main, *f.*; (*short space of time*) moment, instant, *m.*; (*arch.*) ouverture; (*of an arch*) corde; (*of horses, ozen*) paire, *f.* **2.span**, *tr.*: mesurer par empan; mesurer de la main; (*nav.*) saisir, brider. **-drel**, *n.*: (*of an arch*) naissance, *f.*; (*of a bridge*) tympan, *m.*

1.spângle, *n.*: paillette, *f.* **2.spangle**, *tr.*: pailleter; parsemer de paillettes. **-d**, *adj.*: pailleté, émaillé.

Spân-iard, *n.*: Espagnol, *m.*, Espagnole, *f.* **1.span-iel**, *n.*: épagneul; (*fig.*) flatteur, *m.* **2.-iel**, *intr.*: faire le chien couchant. **3.-iel**, *adj.*: de chien couchant; rampant. **-ish**, *adj.*: espagnol; d'Espagne. **-ish-broom**, *n.*: genêt d'Espagne, *m.* **-ish-fly**, *n.*: cantharide, *f.*

1.spânk, *tr.*: (*pop.*) donner une claque; fesser. **2.spank**, *n.*: claque, *f.* **3.spank**, *intr.*: se mouvoir rapidement. **-er**, *n.*: gros gaillard, *m.*; personne qui marche à grands pas, *f.*; (*nav.*) basse voile d'artimon, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: fort; gros; qui marche à grand pas; *n.*: fessée, *f.*

span-long, *adj.*: de la longueur d'un empan. **-ner**, *n.*: personne qui mesure par empan, *f.*; (*of a carbine*) platine, *f.*; (*meç.*) clef à boulon, clef à levier, *f.*

span-new, *adj.*: tout neuf.

1.spâr, *n.*: (*nav.*) espar.

2.spâr, *n.*: (*min.*) spat, *m.*

3.spâr, *intr.*: frapper (avec les pieds); s'essayer au combat de main, se battre; se quereller; se disputer.

spâ-able, *n.*: clou à soulier, *m.*

spâ-re, *tr.*: épargner; ménager; (*economy*) économiser; (*do without*) se passer de; (*omit*) s'épargner, s'éviter; (*let have*) donner, céder; (*forbear to punish, destroy, etc.*) épargner; *intr.*: économiser; épargner; vivre frugalement; faire des économies; (*forbear*) s'abstenir; (*use mercy*) être clément: — *any one a pain*, épargner une peine à quelqu'un; *have to* —, avoir de reste, avoir de trop. **3.-re**, *adj.*: (*scanty*) modique, faible, pauvre; (*superfluous*) de reste, de trop; (*lean*) maigre, chétif, sec; (*of time*) de loisir, libre; (*nav.*) de rechange: — *of*, sobre de, économe de; ménager de; — *bed*, lit de reste; lit au service des amis, *m.* **-reness**, *n.*: maigreur, *f.* **-rer**, *n.*: personne économe; personne qui épargne, *f.* **-ring**, *adj.*: (*little*) peu de; (*scanty*) modique, faible, pauvre, peu abondant; (*saving*) économe, ménager, épargnant; (*parsimonious*) parcimonieux: — *of*, sobre de, économe de. **-ringly**, *adv.*: sobrement; frugalement, avec parcimonie; modérément; économiquement; (*seldom*) peu souvent. **-ringness**, *n.*: économie, épargne, modération; parcimonie, *f.*

spârk, *n.*: étincelle; lueur, *f.*; éclat, *m.*; (*gay man*) galant, petit-maitre, miriflore, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: vif; brillant; élégant. **1.-le**, *n.*: étincelle, mousse, *f.* **2.-le**, *intr.*: étinceler; pétiller; briller; (*of beverages*) mousser. **-ler**, *n.*: personne qui brille; chose qui étincelle, *f.* **-let**, *n.*: petite étincelle, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*: pétillant; étincelant; (*of beverages*) mousseux. **-lingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière étincelante; avec éclat; en pétillant. **-lingness**, *n.*: étincellement, pétillement; éclat, brillant, *m.*

spârling, *n.*: (*ichth.*) éperlan, *m.*

spârring (cf. *3.spar*), *n.*: combat; (*in boxing*) prélude de combat, *m.*; querelle, dispute, *f.*

spârrou, *n.*: (*orni.*) moineau; passe-reau, *m.*; *hedge* —, fauvette d'hiver, *f.* **-hawk**, *n.*: (*orni.*) épervier, *m.* **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) passerine, *f.*

spârry, *adj.*: (*min.*) spathique; de spath. **spâr-se**, *adj.*: épars. **†-sedly or -sely**, *adv.*: d'une manière épars.

Spârtan, *adj.*: spartiate; *n.*: Spartiate, *m., f.*

spâsm, *n.*: spasme, *m.* **-ôdic(al)**, *adj.*: spasmodique. **-ôdic**, *n.*: (*med.*) anti-spasmodique, *m.* **-ôlogy**, *n.*: spasmologie, *f.*

1. **spät**, n.: frai des mollusques; jeune mollusque.

2. **spät**, n.: (Am.) coup; petit combat, m.; querelle, f. 3. **spat**, tr.: (Am.) frapper.

spathacéous, adj.: (bot.) spathacé; spathé.

spathe, n.: (bot.) spathe, f.

spathi-c, adj.: (min.) spatique. **-form**, adj.: (min.) spathiforme.

spathose, **spathous**, adj.: (bot.) spathé.

1. **spätter**, tr.: éclaibousser; crotter; (defame) diffamer, noircir; ternir; (liquids) répandre, verser; intr.: cracher. **-dash-es**, n. pl.: houseaux, m. pl.

spatula, n.: spatule, f. **-late**, adj.: spatulé.

spávin, n.: (vet.) éparvin; épervin, m. **-ed**, adj.: (vet.) qui a des éparvins.

1. **spáwl**, n.: crachat, m. 2. **spawl**, intr.: cracher en parlant.

1. **spáwn**, n.: frai; (fig.) produit, m., engence, race, f. 2. **spawn**, intr.: frayer; naître; tr.: engendrer par du frai; engendrer. **-er**, n.: poisson femelle, m. **-ing**, n.: frai, m.; action de frayer, f.: — time, temps où les poissons fraient, temps du frai, m.

spáy, tr.: châtrer, couper (un animal femelle).

1. **spéak** (pret. *spoke*, part. *spoken*), intr.: parler; dire: — *with*, s'entretenir avec, causer avec, parler avec; *so to* —, pour ainsi dire; — *ill of*, dire du mal de; — *well of*, dire du bien de; parler avantageusement de; — *up*, parler plus haut; parler hardiment; — *out*, parler tout haut. 2. **speak**, tr.: parler; dire; (proclaim) proclamer, publier; (celebrate) célébrer; (express) montrer, manifester, exprimer, dire; (accost) accoster; (communicate) communiquer, porter; (nav.) hâler; — *the truth*, dire la vérité; — *one's mind*, dire sa pensée; — *a language*, parler une langue; — *English*, parler anglais; *to his shame* de *it spoken*, soit dit à sa honte; *ships spoken with*, vaisseaux hélés; *I beg leave to* —, je demande la parole; *French spoken here*, ici on parle français. **-able**, adj.: exprimable; que l'on peut dire. **-er**, n.: personne qui parle, f., orateur; parler; (of the House of Commons) président, m.: *eternal* —, paroleur sempiternel. **-ing**, n.: action de parler; parole, f.; langage; discours, parler, m.; (in college) déclamation, f. **-ing-pipe**, n.: cordon acoustique, m. **-ing-trumpet**, n.: portevoix; cornet acoustique, m. **-ing-tube**, n.: cordon acoustique, m.

spéar, n.: lance, f.; harpon, m.; épéu, m. 2. **spear**, tr.: percer d'un coup de lance, d'un coup d'épéu; harponner. **-fish**, n.: xiphias, m., épé de mer, f. **-foot**, n.:

pied de derrière, m. **-grass**, n.: chien-dent, m. **-hand**, n.: main droite, f.

-head, n.: fer de lance, m. **-man**, n.: lancier, m. **-mint**, n.: menthe verte, f.

-wort, n.: renoncule, f.

spécial, adj.: qui désigne une espèce; spécial; (peculiar) particulier; (extraordinary) extraordinaire, remarquable; (uncommon) peu commun; (chief) premier: — *constable*, constable spécial, temporaire, m.; — *department*, spécialité, f. **-ist**, n.: spécialiste, m. **-ity** **-al** = *specialty*. **-ise**, tr.: spécifier; particulariser. **-ly**, adv.: particulièrement; spécialement; principalement; surtout. **-ty**, n.: spécialité, f.; (jur.) contrat sous seing privé, m.

spé-cie, n.: numéraire, m.; espèces, f. pl. **-cies**, n.: espèce, f.; genre, m.; sorte; (money) espèce, f., espèces, f. pl., numéraire, m.; (representation) image; (appearance) apparence, f.; (show) spectacle, m.

spé-cif-able, adj.: qui peut être spécifié. 1. **-cific**, **-cific**, adj.: spécifique. 2. **-cific**, n.: spécifique, m. **-cifically**, adv.: spécifiquement. **-cificate**, tr.: spécifier. **-cification**, n.: spécification; (thing specified) chose spécifiée, f.; (estimate) devis, m. **-cify**, tr.: spécifier; particulariser. **-cimen**, n.: spécimen; modèle; échantillon, m. **-cious**, adj.: spécieux; agréable à la vue. **-ciously**, adv.: spécieusement. **-ciousness**, n.: nature spécieuse; apparence spécieuse, f.

1. **spéck**, n.: tache; marque, f.; point, m.; (med.) taie, f. 2. **speck**, tr.: tacher; marquer. 1. **-le**, n.: petite tache; (on animals) moucheture, f. 2. **-le**, tr.: tacher; marquer; moucheter. **-led**, adj.: tacheté; marqueté; moucheté; truité. **-ledness**, n.: couleur tachetée; couleur marquetée; couleur truitée; moucheture, f.

spé-c-tacle, n.: spectacle, m.; pl. see **-tacles**. **-tacted**, adj.: qui porte des lunettes. **-tacle-glasses**, n. pl.: verres de lunettes, m. pl. **-tacle-maker**, n.: opticien, m. **-tacles**, n. pl.: lunettes; besicles, f. pl. **-tacular**, adj.: de spectacle. **-tátor**, n.: spectateur, m., spectatrice, f.; assistant, m. **-tatorial**, adj.: de spectateur. **-tátorship**, n.: action de regarder; position de spectateur; vue; vision, f. **-tátress**, **-tatrix**, n.: spectatrice, f. **-tral**, adj.: de spectre. **-tre**, n.: spectre; fantôme, m. **-trum** (pl. *spectra*), n.: (opt.) spectre, solaire, m. **-ular**, adj.: favorable à la vue; (min.) spéculaire. **-ulate**, intr.: spéculer; méditer; contempler avec attention; (com.) spéculer: — *on*, jouer sur; jouer à; — *in*, spéculer

sur. **-ulation**, *n.*: spéculation; méditation; contemplation; (*com.*) spéculation, *f.* **-ulative**, *adj.*: spéculatif; (*com.*) spéculateur, qui spécule, (*of things*) de spéculation. **-ulatively**, *adv.*: en théorie; dans la spéculation. **-ulativeness**, *n.*: caractère spéculatif, *m.* **-ulator**, *n.*: personne qui se livre à la spéculation, *f.*; (*com.*) spéculateur, *m.* **-ulatory**, *adj.*: qui se livre à la spéculation. **-ulum** (*pl. specula*), *n.*: miroir; (*surg.*) speculum, *m.* **spēch**, *n.*: parole, *f.*; (*oration*) discours, *m.*, harangue, *f.*; (*language*) langage; (*talk*) discours, langage, *m.*, paroles, *f. pl.*; entretien; (*gram.*) discours, *m.*, oraison, *f.*: *parts of* —, parties du discours, *f. pl.*; *maiden* —, discours de début; *be slow of* —, parler lentement. **-ifier**, *n.*: pérorateur, *m.* **-ify**, *intr.*: pérorer. **-less**, *adj.*: privé de la parole; muet, interdit; *be* —, avoir perdu la parole; *be taken* —, perdre la parole. **-lessness**, *n.*: privation de la parole, *f.*; mutisme, *m.* **-maker**, *n.*: faiseur de discours, *m.* **spēd**, *n.*: vitesse; rapidité; hâte; diligence, *f.*; (*success*) succès, *m.*, réussite, *f.*: *at full* —, (*of horses*) à franc étrier; à bride abattue; à toute bride; ventre à terre; (*of vehicles*) à grande vitesse; (*pers.*) à toutes jambes; *with all possible* —, en toute hâte; *at the height of its* —, de toute sa vitesse. **2.speed**, *tr.*: faire partir à la hâte, dépêcher, expédier; (*hurry*) hâter, accélérer; (*prosper*) favoriser, faire prospérer, faire réussir; (*furnish in haste*) fournir à la hâte; (*kill*) tuer, expédier, dépêcher; *intr.*: (*make haste*) se hâter, se dépêcher; (*succeed*) réussir, avoir du succès, prospérer; (*fare*) être, se trouver. **†-ful**, *adj.*: rapide. **-ga(u)ge**, *n.*: sillomètre, *m.* **-ily**, *adv.*: vite; rapidement, promptement; en toute hâte. **-iness**, *n.*: rapidité; vitesse; célérité, promptitude; hâte, *f.* **-well**, *n.*: (*bot.*) véronique, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: rapide; vite; prompt. **1.spēll**, *tr.*: prendre la place (le tour) de, suppléer, relever. **2.spell**, *n.*: tour (alternatif), temps de service; coup de main, *m.* **3.spēll**, *n.*: histoire, *f.*, conte, *m.*; vers magique, charme, *m.* **4.spell**, *tr.*: charmer; mettre sous le charme; (*name the letters*) épeler; orthographier, écrire; *intr.*: épeler; orthographier correctement, écrire correctement; (*read unskilfully*) lire mal, énoncer — out, déchiffrer, découvrir, lire. **-bound**, *adj.*: sous le charme. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui épèle, *f.*; orthographe, *m.*, *f.*: *be a bad* —, ne pas savoir l'orthographe. **-ing**, *n.*: épellation; orthographe, *f.* **-ing-book**, *n.*: syllabaire, *m.*

spēlt, *n.*: (*bot.*) épeautre, *m.* **spēlter**, *n.*: zinc, *m.* **spēncer**, *n.*: spencer, *m.* **1.spēnd** (*pret., part. spent*), *tr.*: dépenser; (*waste*) prodiguer, gaspiller, perdre, dissiper, manger; (*consume, exhaust*) épuiser; (*time*) passer; (*a mast*) casser: *the ball had spent its force*, la balle avait perdu sa force; — *money on*, dépenser son argent à. **2.spēnd**, *intr.*: dépenser; faire de la dépense; (*be lost*) se perdre; (*be consumed*) se consumer, s'épuiser. **-er**, *n.*: dépensier, *m.*, dépensière, *f.*; dissipateur, *m.*, dissipatrice, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: action de dépenser; dépense, *f.* **-thrif**, *n.*: dépensier, *m.*, dépensière, *f.*; prodigue; *mange-tout*; bourreau d'argent, *m.* **spēnt**, *part., cf. spend*; *adj.*: (*of balls*) morte; (*of masts*) cassé. **spērgula**, *n.*: (*bot.*) spergule, *f.* **spērm**, *n.*: sperme; (*of fish, frogs*) frai, *m.* **-acēti**, *n.*: spermaceti, sperme, blanc de baleine, *m.* **-ātic(al)**, *adj.*: de sperme; spermatique. **-atōlogy**, *n.*: spermatologie, *f.* **-atorrhœa -rœa**, *n.*: spermatorrhée, *f.* **spēw**, *tr. and intr.*: vomir: — *up*, vomir; **-er**, *n.*: personne qui vomit, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: vomissement, *m.* **sphācel**, *n.*: sphacèle, *m.* **-ate**, *intr.*: (*med.*) se sphaceler, être frappé de sphacèle; *tr.*: sphaceler, frapper de sphacèle. **-us**, *n.*: sphacèle, *m.* **sph-ēral**, *adj.*: sphérique. **1.-ēre**, *n.*: sphère, *f.* **2.-ere**, *tr.*: former en sphère; arrondir; (*place in a sphere*) placer dans une sphère. **-ēric**, **-ērical**, *adj.*: sphérique. **-ērically**, *adv.*: sphériquement. **-ēricalness**, **-ēricity**, *n.*: sphéricité, *f.* **-ērics**, *n. pl.*: théorie de la sphère, *f. sing.* **-ēroid**, *n.*: sphéroïde, *m.* **-erōidal**, **-erōidic**, **-erōidical**, *adj.*: sphéroïdal. **-erōidity**, *n.*: forme de sphéroïde, *f.* **-erōimeter**, *n.*: sphéromètre, *m.* **-ērule**, *n.*: petit corps sphérique, *m.* **-ērule**, *n.*: sphérule, *f.* **-ēry**, *adj.*: sphérique. **sphincter**, *n.*: sphincter, *m.* **sphinx**, *n.*: sphinx; (*ent.*) sphinx, *m.* **spica(-bandage)**, *n.*: (*surg.*) spica, *m.* **1.spi-ee**, *n.*: épice, *f.*; épices, *f. pl.*; (*small quantity*) teinte, nuance, *f.* **2.-ee**, *tr.*: épicer; assaisonner avec des épices. **-eer**, *n.*: personne qui épice, *f.* **-eery**, *n.*: épices, *f. pl.*; épicerie, *f.*, magasin d'épices, *m.* **-einess**, *n.*: goût épice, goût aromatisé, *m.* **spick-and-spān**, *adv.*: brillant: — *new*, tout battant neuf. **spiculate**, *tr.*: armer d'une pointe; tailler en pointe. **spicy**, *adj.*: fertile en épices; épice;

(*fragrant*) aromatique, parfumé; (*showy*) pimpant, flamboyant.
spider, *n.*: araignée, *f.*: —'s web, toile d'araignée, *f.* —like, *adj.*: d'araignée; comme une araignée. —web, *n.*: toile d'araignée, *f.* —work, *n.*: toile d'araignée, *f.*
spigot, *n.*: fausset, *m.*
1. spi-ke, *n.*: pointe; (*of wood*) cheville, *f.*: — of corn, épi, *m.* 2.—ke, *tr.*: clouer; (*a cannon*) enclouer. —kelet, *n.*: (*bot.*) épillet, *m.* —kenaf, *n.*: clou barbelé, *m.*; cheville barbelée, *f.* —kenard —d, *n.*: nard indien, *m.* —ky, *adj.*: à pointe aiguë; pointu.
1. spill, *n.*: cheville; goupille, *f.*; fausset; pleu, *m.*
2. spill (*pret.*, *part. spun*), *tr.*: répandre; verser; renverser; (*nav.*) carguer; *intr.*: se verser, se répandre. —er, *n.*: personne qui répand, qui renverse, qui verse, *f.*
spin (*pret.*, *part. spun*), *tr.*: filer; (*a top*) faire tourner; (*hay*) tordre: — out, allonger; prolonger; étendre; faire durer, tirer en longueur.
spinage, **spinach**, *n.*: (*bot.*) épinard, *m.*; (*cook.*) épinards, *m. pl.*
spinal, *adj.*: spinal; (*of the spinal cord*) épinière; (*of the back-bone*) rachidien.
spindle, *n.*: fuseau; (*rod on which a thing turns*) pivot, *m.*; (*horol.*) fusée; (*of a compass*) aiguille, *f.*; (*mec.*) essieu; (*of a vane*) fer; (*tech.*) axe, *m.*; (*in spinning mills*) broche, *f.*; (*nav.*) pivot du cabestan, *m.* —legs, —shanks, *n. pl.*: jambes de fuseau, *f. pl.* —shanked, *adj.*: qui a des jambes de fuseau. —shaped, *adj.*: fusiforme. —tree, *n.*: fusain, *m.*
spine, *n.*: épine du dos, *f.*; (*bot.*) épine, *f.*
spinet, *n.*: (*mus.*) épinette, *f.*
spini-ferous, —gerous, *adj.*: spinifère.
spinner, *n.*: fileur, *m.*, fileuse, *f.*; filateur, *m.*; (*spider*) araignée, *f.*
spinning, *n.*: filature, *f.*; filage, *m.*
—factory, *n.*: filature, *f.* —frame, *n.*: métier à filer, *m.* —jenny, *n.*: métier à filer en gros, *m.*; mule-jenny, *f.* —machine, *n.*: machine à filer, *f.* —mill, *n.*: filature, *f.* —mule, *n.*: mule-jenny, *f.* —top, *n.*: toupie (d'Allemagne), *f.* —wheel, *n.*: rouet à filer, *m.*
sp-in-ose, *adj.*: épineux. —in-osity, *n.*: présence d'épines; (*fig.*) difficulté épineuse, *f.* —in-ous, *adj.*: épineux.
Spin-oxist, *n.*: spinosiste, *m.*
spin-ster, *n.*: fileuse; filateur, *m.*; (*jur.*) femme non mariée, *f.*; mauvaise femme, *f.* —stress, *n.*: fileuse, *f.* —stry, *n.*: filage, *m.*
spiny, *adj.*: plein d'épines; (*perplexed*) difficile, épineux.

spiracle, *n.*: trou, *m.*; ouverture, *f.*; pore; (*bot.*) stomate; (*ent.*) stigmate, *m.*
1. spiral, *adj.*: spirale. **2. spiral**, *n.*: spirale, *f.* —ly, *adv.*: en spirale.
spi-rant, *n.*: (*phon.*) fricative, *f.* † —ra-tion, *n.*: respiration, *f.*
1. spire, *n.*: spirale, *f.*
2. spire, *n.*: (*of grass*) brin, *m.*; (*of a steeple*) aiguille, flèche, *f.*; (*top*) point le plus élevé, sommet, *m.* 3.—spire, *intr.*: s'élever en flèche; (*of grain*) germer. —d, *adj.*: à flèche.
1. spirit, *n.*: (*breath*) souffle; (*soul of man*) esprit, *m.*, âme; (*ardour*) ardeur, force, vigueur, verve, *f.*, feu, entraînement; (*courage*) courage, caractère, cœur; (*genius*) génie; (*vigour of intellect*) esprit, *m.*, intelligence, *f.*; (*temper*) caractère, *m.*, nature, disposition, *f.*; esprit; (*immaterial substance*) esprit; (*immaterial being*) esprit, *m.*; (*turn of mind*) disposition, *f.*, esprit, sentiment, *m.*; (*perception*) perception, *f.*, sentiment, *m.*; (*eager desire*) esprit, *m.*, ardeur, rage, *f.*; (*person of activity*) esprit entreprenant, *m.*; (*essence*) essence, *f.*; (*of troops*) moral; (*apparition*) esprit, fantôme, spectre; (*liquor*) spiritueux, *m.*, liqueur spiritueuse, *f.*; (*chem.*, *com.*) esprit, *m.*: —s, gaité, bonne humeur, *f. sing.*; entraîné, *m. sing.*; in —s, gai; en train; de bonne humeur; put in —s, égayer; mettre de bonne humeur; party —s, esprit de parti; ardent —s, esprit ardent; caractère ardent; ardent —s, liqueurs fortes, *f. pl.*; spiritueux, *m. pl.*; depressed —s, low —s, abattement; accablement, *m. sing.*; good —s, high —s, gaité, *f. sing.*; entraîné, *m. sing.*; bonne humeur, *f. sing.*; evil —s, mauvais génie, *m.*; raw —s, liqueurs pures, sans eau, *f. pl.*; labour under depression of —s, être abattu; être dans l'abattement; raise any one's —s, égayer quelqu'un, remonter le courage à quelqu'un; mettre quelqu'un de bonne humeur; raise a —, évoquer un esprit; man of —, homme de cœur, de caractère. 2.—spirit, *tr.*: animer; encourager; exciter. —ed, *adj.*: animé, plein de cœur, plein de courage, plein de caractère; plein d'ardeur; ardent; chaleureux; entraînant; plein de force, plein de vigueur; vigoureux; fort; vif; plein de verve; (*of horses*) fongueux, vif, ardent; cold —, hardi; high —, de caractère; plein de cœur; low —, abattu; dans l'abattement; mean —, sans cœur, sans caractère; poor —, sans cœur, sans caractère, lâche. —edly, *adj.*: avec cœur, avec caractère, avec courage; courageusement; avec ardeur; ardemment; chaleureusement; avec force, avec vigueur; vivement; fortement; vigoureux-

ment. **-edness**, *n.*: cœur; courage; caractère; feu, *m.*; ardeur, chaleur, *f.*; entraînement, *m.*; verve; force; vigueur, *f.*; (of horses) fougue, ardeur, *f.*: **bold**—, hardiesse, *f.*; **high**—, caractère, cœur; **low**—, abattement, *m.*: **mean**—, manque de cœur, *m.*; lâcheté, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: inanimé, sans âme; (destitute of vigour) languissant, sans caractère, sans ardeur, sans force; (without courage) sans cœur, sans courage; (dejected) abattu, accablé, dans l'abattement, dans l'accablement. **-lessly**, *adj.*: sans cœur, sans courage. **-lessness**, *n.*: manque de caractère; manque de cœur; manque d'ardeur; manque de force, *m.* **-level**, *n.*: niveau à bulle d'air, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*: spirituel; ardent; (of alcohol) rectifié; épuré. **-room**, *n.*: (nav.) cale au vin, *f.* **-stirring**, *adj.*: qui réveille l'âme; qui excite le cœur. **-trade**, *n.*: commerce des spiritueux, *m.* **-ual**, *adj.*: spirituel. **-ualisation**, *n.*: spiritualisation, *f.* **-ualise**, *tr.*: spiritualiser. **-ualism**, *n.*: spiritualisme, *m.* **-ualist**, *n.*: spiritualiste, *m.*, *f.* **-uality**, *n.*: spiritualité, *f.*; spirituel, *m.* **-ually**, *adv.*: spirituellement. **-uous**, *adj.*: spiritueux. **-uousness**, *n.*: propriété spiritueuse, *f.*

spirt = *spurt*.

spiry, *adj.*: spiral; en spirale; en flèche. **spiss-ated**, *adj.*: épaissi. **-itude**, *n.*: nature épaissie, *f.*

1.spit, *n.*: broche; (depth of earth pierced by the spade) terre bêche; pelotée, *f.* **2.spit**, *tr.*: embrocher, mettre à la broche.

3.spit (pret., part. *spit*), *tr.*: (eject from the mouth) cracher, rejeter; *intr.*: cracher; saliver: — in any one's face, cracher au visage à quelqu'un. **4.spit**, *n.*: crachat, *m.*, salive, *f.*

1.spite, *n.*: dépit, *m.*; haine; rancune, *f.*: in — of, en dépit de, malgré; out of —, par dépit; have a — against any one, garder rancune à quelqu'un; en vouloir à quelqu'un. **2.spite**, *tr.*: dépitier; avoir du dépit contre. **-ful**, *adj.*: plein de dépit; rancunier, méchant. **-fully**, *adv.*: par dépit; par haine; par rancune, par méchanceté. **-fulness**, *n.*: dépit, *m.*; rancune; méchanceté; haine, *f.*

spit-ter, *n.*: personne qui embroche, *f.*; (deer) daquet; (pers.) cracheur, *m.*, cracheuse, *f.* **-ting**, *n.*: crachement, *m.* **-ting-box**, *n.*: crachoir, *m.* **-tle**, *n.*: salive, *f.*; crachat, *m.* **-toon**, *n.*: crachoir, *m.*

splāch-nic, *adj.*: (anat.) splanchnique. **-nology**, *n.*: (anat.) splanchnologie, *f.*

1.splash, *tr.*: éclabousser; *intr.*: patauger. **2.splash**, *n.*: éclaboussure, *f.*

-board, *n.*: garde-crotte, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui éclabousse, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: gâcheux; bourbeux.

1.splāy, *tr.*: (a horse) épauler; (arch.) ébraser; évaser. **2.splāy**, *n.*: écartement, évasement; (arch.) ébrasement, *m.* **-foot**, **-footed**, *adj.*: qui a les pieds larges, ou tournés en dehors. **-mouth**, *n.*: grande bouche, *f.*

splēen, *n.*: rate; (anger) haine, *f.*, fiel, *m.*, animosité, bile, *f.*; (melancholy) spleen, *m.*, mélancolie, humeur noire, *f.*: have the —, avoir le spleen, broyer du noir; avoir l'humeur noire. **-ed**, *adj.*: dératé. **-ful**, **-y** or **-ish**, *adj.*: irrité, chagrin; (melancholy) mélancolique, splénétique.

splē-dent, *adj.*: resplendissant; éclatant. **-did**, *adj.*: (shining) resplendissant, éclatant; (brilliant) brillant, éclatant; (sumptuous) somptueux, splendide; (magnificent) magnifique. **-dibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière resplendissante; avec éclat; brillamment; somptueusement, splendide-ment; magnifiquement. **-dour**, *n.*: splendeur, *f.*; éclat, *m.*

1.splē-etic, *adj.*: atrabilaire; splénétique; chagrin. **2.-etic**, *n.*: hypochondriaque, *m.*, *f.* **3.-ic(al)**, *adj.*: (anat.) splénique. **-itive**, *adj.*: emporté; colère; irascible.

splēt, *n.*: (vet.) suros, *m.*

1.spli-ee, *tr.*: (nav.) épissier; (carp.) joindre à onglet. **2.-ee**, *n.*: (nav.) épissure, *f.* **-eing**, *n.*: action d'épissier. **-eing-fid**, *n.*: épissoir, *m.*

1.splint, *n.*: éclat, éclat de bois, *m.*; (of a bone) esquille; (surg.) attelle, éclisse, *f.*; (vet.) suros, *m.*; (small) écharde, épine, *f.*: fly into —, voler en éclats. **2.splint**, *tr.*: faire éclater, briser en éclats; (surg.) éclisser, mettre une attelle à. **-bone**, *n.*: péroné, *m.* **1.-er**, *n.* = **1.splint**. **2.-er**, *tr.* = **2.splint**; *intr.*: se briser en éclats. **-er-bar**, *n.*: barre d'appui des ressorts, *f.* **-ery**, *adj.*: (min.) écaillieux, à écaillies.

1.splīt (pret., part. *splīt*), *tr.*: fendre; briser; (a sail) crever: — one's sides with laughing, crever de rire; — asunder, fendre en deux; — into, diviser en. **2.splīt**, *intr.*: se fendre: — into, se fendre en; — with laughter, crever de rire. **-ter**, *n.*: fendeur, *m.*, fendeuse, *f.*

1.splūtter, *intr.*: bredouiller. **2.splut-ter**, *n.*: tracas; tapage, *m.*

1.spōil, *tr.*: (corrupt) corrompre; (destroy) détruire, ruiner; (injure) gâter, abîmer; (seize by violence) se saisir de, s'emparer de: — a child, gâter un enfant; *intr.*: se corrompre; se gâter; (practise plunder) exercer des spoliations: — of, spolier de; dépouiller de; — sport, troubler la fête. **2.spōil**, *n.*: dé-

pouille, *f.*; butin, *m.*; (*of animals*) dépouille, *f.* **-bank**, *n.*: déblai; lieu de dépôt de déblai, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: gâté; abîmé. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui gâte, qui abîme, *f.*; (*plunderer*) spoliateur, *m.*, spoliatrice, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: spoliation; action de gâter, *f.* **-sport**, *n.*: trouble-fête, *m.*

spôke, *n.*: rais, rayon, *m.*

spôken, past part. of *speak*.

spôke-shave, *n.*: (*carp.*) plane, *f.*

spôkesman, *n.*: orateur, *m.*; personne qui porte la parole, *f.*

spôli-ate, *tr.*: dépouiller; spolier; piller; *intr.*: exercer des spoliations. **-ât-ion**, *n.*: spoliation, *f.*

spôn-dâic(al), *adj.*: spondaïque. **spôn-dee**, *n.*: spondée, *m.*

spôndyl(e), *n.*: (*anat.*) spondyle, *m.*; vertèbre, *f.*

1.spôn-ge, *n.*: éponge, *f.*; (*artil.*) écouvillon, *m.* **2.-go**, *tr.*: éponger; (*artil.*) écouvillonner; *intr.*: boire; (*gain things by mean acts*) piquer l'assiette: — *on*, écornifler. **-ger**, *n.*: personne qui éponge, *f.*; (*fig.*) pique-assiette, écornifleur, *m.*, écornifleuse, *f.* **-giness**, *n.*: nature spongieuse, *f.* **-ging**, *n.*: action d'éponger; (*fig.*) écornifierie, *f.* **-ging-house**, *n.*: maison d'huissier, *f.* **-gious**, *adj.*: spongieux.

spônk, *n.*: amadou, *m.*

spôn-sal, *adj.*: conjugal. **-sion**, *n.*: garantie, *f.* **-sor**, *n.*: parrain, *m.*, marraine, *f.*; (*surety*) garant, *m.*

spôn-tané-ty, *n.*: spontanéité, *f.* **-tâ-neous**, *adj.*: spontané. **-tâ-neously**, *adv.*: spontanément. **-tâ-neousness**, *n.*: spontanéité, *f.*

spontôon, *n.*: espton; sponton, *m.*

1.spôol, *n.*: bobine, *f.* **2.spool**, *tr.*: bobiner.

spôom, *intr.*: (*nav.*) courir vent arrière.

spôon, *n.*: cuiller, cuillère, *f.*; (*simpleton*) niais, sot, *m.* **-bill**, *n.*: (*orni.*) palette, *f.* **-drift**, *n.*: (*nav.*) embrun, *m.*: éclaboussure; poussière d'eau de mer, *f.* **1.-ey**, *adj.*: niais, sot: — *on*, amoureux de. **2.-ey**, *n.*: imbécille, fou, benêt. **-ful**, *n.*: cuillerée, *f.* **-maker**, *n.*: cuilleriste, *m.* **-ment**, *n.*: aliment liquide, *m.* **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cochléaria, *m.*; herbe aux cuillers, *f.* **-y** = *-ey*.

spôrâdic, *-al*, *adj.*: (*med.*) sporadique.

1.spôrt, *n.*: sport, jeu, divertissement, amusement, *m.*; récréation; (*mockery*) moquerie, raillerie, *f.*; (*plaything*) jouet; (*of words*) jeu, *m.*; (*hunt., shooting*) chasse, *f.*; (*fishing*) pêche, *f.*: *be the* — *of*, être le jouet de; *make a* — *of*, se jouer de; se rire de; *spoil* —, troubler la fête. **2.sport**, *tr.*: (*divert*) divertir; (*repré-*

sent) représenter; (*exhibit*) étaler, faire parade de; *intr.*: se divertir, s'amuser; se récréer; folâtrer, badiner: — *with*, (*trifle with*) se jouer de; se faire un jeu de. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se divertit, qui s'amuse, qui se récréé, *f.* **-ful**, *adj.*: joyeux; enjoué; folâtre, badin. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec enjouement; en riant; en plaisantant, pour badiner, pour rire. **-fulness**, *n.*: enjouement, *m.*; gaieté; humeur joyeuse; plaisanterie, folâtrerie, *f.*; badinage, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: divertissement, *m.*; (*hunt., shooting*) chasse; (*fishing*) pêche, *f.* **-ing-dog**, *n.*: chien de chasse, *m.* **-ive**, *adj.*: enjoué; gai; badin, folâtre. **-ively**, *adv.*: avec enjouement; par plaisanterie, en folâtrant. **-iveness**, *n.*: enjouement, *m.*; gaieté, folâtrerie, humeur badine, *f.* **-sman**, *n.*: chasseur; amateur de la chasse, amateur de la pêche, *m.*

1.spôt, *n.*: tache; (*stain on character, etc.*) tache, souillure, *f.*; (*place*) endroit, lieu, *m.*, place; (*astron.*) tache, *f.*: *a* — *of ground*, morceau de terre, *m.*; *on the* —, sur le lieu; sur la place; (*immediately*) sur-le-champ. **2.spot**, *tr.*: tacher; tacher; moucheter; (*blemish*) tacher, souiller. **-less**, *adj.*: sans tache; pur. **-lessness**, *n.*: pureté, *f.* **-ted**, *adj.*: tacheté; moucheté; (*of tigers*) tigré. **-tedness**, *n.*: tachetures; mouchetures, *f. pl.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui fait des taches, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: couvert de taches; moucheté; taché, tacheté.

spôu-sal, *adj.*: nuptial; matrimonial; conjugal. **-sals**, *n. pl.*: épousailles; nocces, *f. pl.* **-se**, *n.*: époux, *m.*, épouse, *f.*; mari, *m.*, femme, *f.* **-sless**, *adj.*: sans époux, sans épouse.

1.spôut, *intr.*: jaillir, rejaillir, s'élancer; (*declaim*) déclamer; *tr.*: verser, lancer, jeter; (*declaim*) déclamer; (*pawn*) mettre en gage. **2.spout**, *n.*: tuyau; tuyau de décharge; canal; (*of a pitcher, etc.*) bec, goulot, *m.*; (*of a house*) gouttière; (*mines*) ouverture, *f.*; (*at sea*) siphon, *m.*, trombe, *f.*: *up the* —, (*in pawn*) en gage; (*pop.*) chez ma tante. **-er**, *n.*: déclamateur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: jaillissement; rejaillissement, *m.*; (*declamation*) déclamation, *f.*

1.sprâin, *tr.*: donner une entorse à; fouler; se fouler; se donner une entorse à: *I have* — *ed my wrist*, je me suis foulé le poignet; *he has* — *ed his ankle*, il s'est donné une entorse à la cheville. **2.sprain**, *n.*: entorse; foulure, *f.*

sprât, *n.*: (*ichth.*) sprat, *m.*: *give a* — *to catch a herring*, donner un œuf pour avoir un bœuf.

sprâwl, *intr.*: s'étendre; s'étaler; (*move when lying down*) s'agiter, se débattre.

1.sprāy, n.: (branch) brin, m., brindille, ramille, f.

2.sprāy, n.: (of the sea) embrun de la mer, embrun, m.

1.sprēad (pret., part. spread), tr.: étendre; déployer; (cover) couvrir, s'étendre sur; (propagate) répandre, propager; (emit) répandre, exhiler; (scatter) répandre; (a sail) déferler, déployer; (a net) tendre; (a tent) dresser; (a disease) répandre, propager; intr.: s'étendre; se déployer; se répandre; se propager; s'exhiler; s'épandre: — the table, mettre le couvert; dresser la table; — abroad, répandre au loin; — over, répandre sur; épandre sur; — out, étendre; — the report of, répandre, faire courir, propager le bruit de; a paleness — over her face, une pâleur s'étendit sur son visage. **2.sprēad**, n.: étendue; (expansion) expansion; (propagation) propagation, f.; (feast) régal, m. **-er**, n.: propagateur, m.: he was the — of that report, c'est lui qui a propagé ce bruit; she was the — of that calumny, c'est elle qui a répandu cette calomnie. **-ing**, n.: action de s'étendre, de se répandre; propagation, f.

sprēe, n.: fredaine, f.

1.sprig, n.: brin, m.; brindille, f.; rejeton, surgeon, scion, m.; (in embroidery) branche, f.: — of nobility, hobereau, m. **2.sprig**, tr.: orner de branches; broder des branches sur. **-gy**, adj.: chargé de brindilles; chargé de rejets.

spright, n.: esprit (âme); esprit (spectre, fantôme, m.); apparition, f.). **-ful**, adj.: vif; animé; enjoué. **-fully**, adv.: vivement; avec ardeur. **-fulness**, n.: ardeur; vivacité, f. **-less**, adj.: sans ardeur; froid; inanimé. **-liness**, n.: vivacité; gaieté, f.; enjouement, feu, m. **-ly**, adj.: enjoué, vif, animé, gai, séillant.

1.spring (pret. sprung, sprang; part. sprung), intr.: (begin to grow) pousser, croître; (spurt out) jaillir, rejaillir; (begin to appear) surgir, commencer, paraître, poindre; (issue into sight) venir au jour, naître; (be descended) descendre; (thrive) prospérer, s'élever; (leap, shoot) se lancer, s'élancer; (rise from a covert) se lever: — at, tâcher de saisir; — back, s'élancer en arrière; reculer; (of things) faire ressort; — forth, pousser, croître; (spurt out) jaillir, rejaillir; — forward, s'élancer en avant; — from, (issue from) sortir de, naître de, provenir de, découler de, dériver de; — in, se précipiter dans, sauter dans; — on, se précipiter sur; s'élancer sur, sauter sur; — out, s'élancer dehors; (spurt out) jaillir, rejaillir; — over, sauter, franchir; — up, (rise up) se lever précipitamment; (grow) pousser,

croître, lever; (of young persons) grandir.

2.spring, tr.: (rouse) faire lever, faire partir; (produce quickly) produire; (cause to explode) faire sauter; (nav.) (a leak) faire eau; (a mast, a yard) faire consentir; (a trap) faire jouer; (a rattle) sonner.

3.spring, n.: (leap) saut, élan; (resilience) ressort; (elastic power) ressort, m., élasticité, f.; (elastic plate, wire, etc.) ressort; (active power) ressort, m.; (fountain, source) source; (cause) cause, origine, f.; (season) printemps, m.; (nav.) fente, f.: main —, grand ressort; take a —, prendre son élan; in the —, au printemps. **-balance**, n.: peson à ressort, m. **-board**, n.: tremplin, m. **-bok**, **-buck**, n.: gazelle africaine, f. **-box**, n.: (horol.) barillet, m. **-carriage**, n.: voiture suspendue, f. **1.spring-e**, n.: lacet, m.; lacs, m. pl. **2.-e**, tr.: prendre au lacet, prendre aux lacs. **-er**, n.: (hunt.) traqueur, rabatteur, m.; (arch.) imposte, f. **-gun**, n.: fusil à ressort, m. **-head**, n.: grande source, f. **-iness**, n.: élasticité; (abundance of springs) abondance de sources; (wetness) humidité, f. **-ing**, n.: action de s'élancer, de lancer, f.; élan, saut, m.; (increase) croissance, crue; (arch.) naissance, f. **-ing-level**, n.: (arch.) niveau des naissances, m. **-ing-line**, n.: (arch.) ligne de naissance, f.; montant, m. **-mattress**, n.: sommier élastique, m. **-tide**, n.: (nav.) grande marée, maline, f. **-time**, n.: printemps, m. **-water**, n.: eau de source, f. **-wheat**, n.: blé de mars, m. **-y**, adj.: élastique; (abounding in springs) plein de sources.

1.sprin-kle, tr.: répandre; parsemer; saupoudrer; (with water) arroser; (with holy-water) asperger; intr.: pleuvoir un peu: — with salt, saupoudrer de sel; — d with gold, parsemer d'or. **2.-kle**, n.: petite quantité répandue, f. **-kler**, n.: personne qui asperge, qui arrose; chose qui asperge, f., aspersoir, m.: holy-water —, aspersoir, goupillon, m. **-kling**, n.: action de répandre, de saupoudrer; aspersoir, f.; arrosage, m.; (small quantity) petite quantité, f.: a — of rain, quelques gouttes de pluie, de la petite pluie.

1.sprit, tr.: faire jaillir (seringuer); intr.: pousser; germer. **1.sprit**, n.: (sprout) jet, rejeton, m.; (nav.) livarde, f. **sprite**, n.: esprit (âme); esprit, spectre, m.; apparition; fée, elfe, f., elf, m.

sprit-sail, n.: voile à livarde; civadière, f.

spröcket-wheel, n.: (mec.) hérisson, m.

1.sprönt, intr.: pousser; germer.

2.sprout, n.: jet, rejeton; germe, m.; pousse, f.; chou vert, m.

1. **spruce**, n.: sapin, m.; épinette, f.
 2. **spruce**, adj.: paré (sans dignité), orné; requinqué; pimpant. 3. **spruce**, intr.: se parer; se requinquer. -ly, adv.: d'une manière pimpante, avec recherche. -ness, n.: recherche, f.; air pimpant, air requinqué, m.
spud, n.: petit couteau, m.; (agri.) béquille, f.
 1. **spū-me**, n.: écume, f. 2. -me, intr.: écumer. -mōseence, n.: état spumeux, m. -mid, -mōus, -my, adj.: écumeux; plein d'écume; spumeux, m.
spūnge, etc. = *sponge*, etc.
spūnk, n.: amadou; (hot temper) fougue, f., esprit, cœur, m. -y, adj.: fougueux, courageux.
 1. **spūr**, n.: éperon; (of cocks) ergot; (in grain) ergot; (carp.) arcbutant; (bot., fort.) éperon; (incitement) aiguillon stimulant, m.: on the — of the moment, sous l'impulsion du moment. 2. **spur**, tr.: éperonner; piquer des deux; (incite) stimuler, aiguillonner, exciter, pousser, presser, encourager; (put spurs on) armer d'éperons, mettre des éperons à; intr.: jouer des éperons; avancer; voyager rapidement: — on, presser, aiguillonner. 1. **-gall**, n.: blessure d'éperon, f. 2. **-gall**, tr.: blesser avec l'éperon.
spūrge, n.: (bot.) euphorbe, m.: caper —, épurge, f.
spūrious, adj.: faux; (adulterated) falsifié, sophistiqué; (of writings) apocryphe; (med., bot.) faux; (jur.) illégitime: — edition, édition de contrefaçon. -ly, adv.: fausement; (of books) par contrefaçon. -ness, n.: falsification; sophistication; fausseté; nature apocryphe; (jur.) illégitimité, f.
spūr-maker, n.: éperonnier, m.
 1. **spūrn**, tr.: pousser du pied; (reject with disdain) rejeter avec mépris, rejeter dédaigneusement, repousser dédaigneusement; (treat with disdain) traiter avec mépris, mépriser; intr.: gigoter: — at, repousser dédaigneusement; rejeter dédaigneusement; dédaigner, mépriser. 2. **spurn**, n.: mépris, dédain, m. -er, n.: personne qui méprise, qui dédaigne, f.; contempteur, m.
spūr-red, adj.: éperonné; (of rye, of cocks) ergoté. -rer, n.: cavalier qui use de l'éperon, m. -rier, n.: éperonnier, m.
 1. **spūrt**, intr.: jaillir, rejaillir, saillir, s'élancer; tr.: faire jaillir, etc. 2. **spurt**, n.: (re)jaillissement; (sudden effort) accès, m., boutade, saillie, f.
spūr-wheel, n.: (tech.) hérisson, m.
 1. **spūtter**, intr.: cracher; tr.: cracher en parlant; (utter indistinctly) bre-

- douiller; (of pens) cracher; (of things burning) siffler. 2. **sputter**, n.: salive, f.; (noise) vacarme; (stammering) bredouillement, m. -er, n.: personne qui crache en parlant, f.; bredouilleur, m., bredouilleux, f.
 1. **spȳ**, tr.: voir; apercevoir; découvrir; épier; tr.: scruter, épier: — out, trouver, découvrir. 2. **spy**, n.: espion, m., espionne, f. -boat, n.: petite corvette, f. -glass, n.: longue-vue, lunette d'approche, f.
 1. **squāb**, adj.: dodu; potelé; (of birds) sans plumes. 2. **squab**, n.: coussin; sofa; (young pigeon) pigeonneau, m. 3. **squab**, adv.: lourdement; avec violence; rudement.
 1. **squāb-ble**, intr.: se quereller; se chamailler. 2. -ble, n.: dispute; bagarre; querelle, f.: (print.) soleil, m. -bler, n.: querelleur, m., querelleuse, f. -bling, n.: querelle, f.; chamaillie, m.
squāb-pie, n.: pâté de pigeonneaux, m.
squād, n.: escouade; clique, f. -ron, n.: (of cavalry) escadron; (of infantry) bataillon, m.; (nav.) escadre, division, f. -roned, adj.: formé en carré; rangé en escadron.
squālid, adj.: crasseux; sale. -ly, adv.: salement, malproprement. -ness, n.: malpropreté; crasse; saleté.
 1. **squāll**, intr.: crier; brailler; piailler, crier. 2. **squall**, n.: cri; (of wind) coup de vent, grain, m., rafale, f. -er, n.: crieur, m., crieuse, f.; brailleur, m., brailleuse, f.; criard, m., criarde, f.; crieur, m., crieuse, f., braillard, m., braillarde, f. -ing, n.: crierie, f.; cris, m. pl. -y, adj.: exposé à des coups de vent; tempétueux.
squālōr, n.: saleté; crasse, f.
squā-miform, adj.: squamiforme. -migerous, adj.: squameux. -mōse, -mōus, adj.: squameux; écailleux.
 1. **squānder**, tr.: dissiper; gaspiller; dépenser follement. 2. **squander**, n.: dissipation, f., gaspillage, m. -er, n.: dissipateur, m., dissipatrice, f.; gaspilleur, m., gaspilleuse, f.; prodigue, m., f. -ing, n.: = 2. squander.
 1. **squā-re**, n.: carré; (on stuffs) carreau; (equality) niveau, pied d'égalité, m., égalité; (rule) règle, f.; (carp.) équarrissage, m.; (arith.) carré, m.; (on a chessboard) case, f.: set —, équerre, f. 2. -re, tr.: carrer; (regulate) régler; (fit) adapter, proportionner; (carp.) équarrir; (arith.) carrer; (accounts) balancer, solder; (a yard) brasser carré; intr.: cadrer; s'accorder; (quarrel) se quereller: — up to any one, s'avancer vers quelqu'un en posture de combat à coups de poing. 3. -re,

adj.: carré; (*leaving no balance*) balancé, soldé; (*true*) vrai; (*fair*) équitable, juste; (*honest*) honnête; (*carp.*) d'équarrissage; (*math., nav.*) carré: *make an account* —, balancer un compte. **-re-built**, adj.: bâti en carré; taillé carrément. **-rely**, adv.: carrément; (*fairly*) honnêtement, justement, équitablement. **-reness**, n.: forme carrée, f. **-re-rigged**, adj.: mâte à carré. **-re-sail**, n.: voile carrée, f. **-rish**, adj.: à peu près carré.

squarrōse, **squārrous**, adj.: (*bot.*) squarreux.

1.squāsh, n.: (*bot.*) gourde, courge, f.

2.squāsh, tr.: écraser; (*jur.*) casser.

3.squash, n.: chose molle; (*fall*) chute lourde, f.; écrasement, m. **-y**, adj.: mou, humide.

1.squāt, adj.: accroupi; blotti; (*short and thick*) trapu, ramassé. **2.squat**, intr.: se tapir; s'accroupir; se blottir; s'établir sur une terre sans droit légal.

3.squat, n.: accroupissement, m. **-ter**, n.: personne accroupie, blottie, f.; animal accroupi, blotti, m.; "squat" (premier occupant d'une terre sans droit légal). **-ting**, n.: action de s'accroupir, de se blottir, f.; accroupissement, m.; occupation d'une terre sans droit légal, f.

squāw, n.: (*North Am. Ind.*) femme; épouse, f.

1.squēak, intr.: crier; (*of musical instruments*) jurer. **2.squeak**, n.: cri; cri aigu, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui crie, f.; criard, m., criarde, f.; animal qui crie, m. **-ing**, adj.: qui crie; criard; (*of musical instruments*) qui jure.

squēal, intr.: crier.

squēamish, adj.: (*of the stomach*) qui se soulève; (*fastidious*) trop délicat, trop difficile; délicat, difficile: *be* —, faire le difficile. **-ly**, adv.: trop délicatement. **-ness**, n.: (*of the stomach*) disposition à se soulever; (*fastidiousness*) délicatesse exagérée, f.

1.squē-ze, tr.: serrer; presser: — out, exprimer; intr.: serrer, presser; — through, forcer à travers; se forcer à travers; — out of, sortir de... en pressant, en poussant. **2.-ze**, n.: action de serrer, de presser; compression, f.; (*of the hand*) serrement, m. **-zing**, n.: action de presser, de serrer; pression, f.; (*that which is squeezed out*) pressurage, m.

1.squēlch, tr.: supprimer, écraser, étouffer. **2.squēlch**, n.: chute lourde; réponse écrasante, f.

1.squib, n.: pétard, m.; (*lampoon*) satire personnelle, f. **2.squib**, intr.: lancer des pétards; lancer des satires personnelles.

squill, n.: (*bot.*) scille; (*ichth.*) squille, f.

1.squint, adj.: louche; (*fig.*) d'un regard

méfiant. **2.squint**, n.: regard louche, m. **3.squint**, intr.: loucher; (*fig.*) s'écarter de la droite ligne. **-eyed**, adj.: louche, oblique; indirect; méchant; qui regarde de côté. **-ing**, n.: action de loucher, f.; strabisme, m. **-ingly**, adv.: en louchant.

1.squire, n.: écuyer; (*of a lady*) cavalier; chevalier; squire (titre donné en Angleterre au propriétaire le plus influent, mais non noble, d'un village), m. **2.squire**, tr.: servir d'écuyer; servir de cavalier à; escorter. **-ly**, adj.: d'écuyer, de cavalier. **-ship**, n.: qualité d'écuyer, de cavalier, f.

squirrel, n.: écureuil, m.

1.squirt, tr.: seringue, faire jaillir, lancer (l'eau). **2.squirt**, n.: seringue, f.; (*small quick stream*) jet d'eau. **-er**, n.: personne qui seringue, f.

1.stāb, tr. and intr.: poignarder; percer; frapper; porter un coup de poignard à, un coup d'épée à, un coup mortel à; donner un coup de couteau à; faire une blessure mortelle. **2.stab**, n.: coup; coup mortel; coup de poignard, coup d'épée, coup de couteau, m. **-ber**, n.: personne qui donne un coup de poignard; personne qui frappe, f. **-bing**, n.: coup d'épée, coup de poignard, m.

stabili-ment, n.: appui; soutien, m. **†-tate**, tr.: consolider; rendre stable. **-ty**, n.: stabilité; fixité; (*pers.*) constance, fermeté, f.

1.stā-ble, adj.: stable; fixe; (*pers.*) constant, ferme. **2.-ble**, n.: (*for horses*) écurie; (*for cattle*) étable, f. **3.-ble**, tr.: (*cattle*) établir; (*horses*) loger. **-ble-boy**, **-ble-man**, n.: valet d'écurie, m. **-bleness**, n.: stabilité; (*pers.*) constance, f. **-ble-yard**, n.: cour d'écurie, f. **-bling**, n.: action d'établir, f.; (*for horses*) écuries, (*for cattle*) étables, f. pl. **-bly**, adv.: d'une manière stable.

1.stāck, n.: (*of chimneys*) souche; (*of hay, etc.*) meule; (*of wood*) pile, f. **2.stack**, tr.: (*wood*) empiler; (*hay, etc.*) ameulonner, mettre en meule. **-yard**, n.: cour de ferme, f.

stāctē, n.: myrrhe, f.

1.stāddle, n.: (*young tree*) baliveau; (*support*) appui; (*of hay*) support, m. **2.staddle**, tr.: laisser des baliveaux; (*hay*) faire un support à une meule. **-roof**, n.: toit d'une meule de foin, m.

stādium (pl. *-dia*), n.: stade, m.

stādtholder, n.: stathouder, m. **-ate**, n.: stathoudérat, m.

stāff, n.: bâton; bourdon; gourdin; (*milit.*) état-major, m.; (*poet.*) stance, strophe; (*mus.*) portée, f.; (*nav.*) bâton, matereau; (*support*) soutien, appui, bâton; (*badge of*

office bâton de commandement, *m.*: *field-marshal's* —, bâton de maréchal, *m.*; *medical* —, (milit.) service de santé, *m.*; *bread is the — of life*, le pain est le soutien de la vie.

stäg, *n.*: cerf, *m.*

1. stage, *n.*: (platform) estrade; (theat.) scène, *f.*; théâtre; (degree of advance) degré, *m.*, période, phase, *f.*; (relay) relais; (of a press) établi, *m.*; (for a mountebank) tréteaux, *m. pl.*; (nav.) échafaud, plancher; (arch.) échafaud, *m.*; = *-coach*: *come on, go on the —*, entrer en scène; *go on the —*, (turn actor) se faire acteur; *quit the —*, (the profession) quitter le théâtre; *go off the —*, quitter la scène. **2. stage**, *tr.*: mettre sur la scène; exposer. *-coach*, *n.*: diligence; voiture publique, *f.* *-dancer*, *n.*: baladin, *m.* *-directions*, *n. pl.*: indications scéniques, *f. pl.* *-play*, *n.*: pièce de théâtre, *f.* *-player*, *n.*: acteur, *m.*, actrice, *f.* *-r* *-er*, *n.*: routier, *m.*: *old —*, vieux routier.

staggard, *n.*: cerf de quatre ans, *m.*

1. stagger, *tr.*: faire chanceler; faire vaciller; (cause to waver) faire chanceler, faire fléchir, faire hésiter; (shock) saisir, étonner. **2. stagger**, *intr.*: chanceler, vaciller; (fail) chanceler, faiblir, fléchir; (hesitate) hésiter, balancer. **1. -ing**, *n.*: action de chanceler, de fléchir, de faiblir, *f.*; chancellement, *m.*; hésitation, *f.* **2. -ing**, *adj.*: chancelant; vacillant; qui ébranle; saisissant. *-ingly*, *adv.*: en chancelant; (with hesitation) avec hésitation. *-s*, *n.*: (vet.) vertige, vertigo, *m.*

stagnancy, *n.*: stagnation, *f.* *-nant*, *adj.*: stagnant; dans un état de stagnation; (fig.) inactif. *-nate*, *intr.*: être stagnant; être dans un état de stagnation. *-nation*, *n.*: stagnation, *f.*

stag-worm, *n.*: œstre des cerfs, *m.*

staid, *adj.*: rassis; sérieux; grave, posé. *-ness*, *n.*: gravité, *f.*; sérieux; caractère rassis, caractère posé, *m.*

1. stain, *tr.*: tacher; (fig.) tacher, souiller, flétrir, ternir, entacher; (paint) colorier, mettre en couleur; (dy.) teindre. **2. stain**, *n.*: tache; (coloured spot) tache; (disgrace) tache, flétrissure, souillure; (shame) honte, *f.*, opprobre, *m.* *-ed*, *adj.*: taché; (fig.) souillé, terni, entaché; (paint.) mis en couleur; (dy.) teint; (of glass) de couleur. *-er*, *n.*: personne qui tache, *f.*; (dy.) teinturier, *m.* *-less*, *adj.*: sans tache.

stair, *n.*: degré, *m.*; marche, *f.*: *-s*, escalier, *m.* *ring*, *back* *-s*, escalier de service; *be up* *-s*, être en haut; *be down* *-s*, être en bas. *-case*, *n.*: cage d'escalier, *f.*; escalier, *m.*: *back* —, escalier

de service; *private* —, escalier dérobé; *winding* —, escalier en limacon. *-head*, *n.*: haut de l'escalier, *m.* *-rod*, *n.*: tringle de marche d'escalier, *f.*

1. stake, *n.*: pieu; poteau; jalon; (at cards) enjeu; (funeral pile) bûcher, *m.*: *be at* —, y aller de; *my life is at* —, il y va de ma vie; *perish at the —*, mourir sur le bûcher. **2. stake**, *tr.*: (wager) parier, gager; (risk) exposer, risquer; (at play) mettre au jeu; (event with stakes) garnir de pieux; (pierce with a stake) percer avec un pieu; (sharpen) faire une pointe à un pieu: *— out*, jalonner.

stalac-tic(al), *adj.*: stalactitique. *-tite*, *n.*: stalactite, *f.* *-titic* = *-tic*.

stalagmite, *n.*: stalagmite, *f.*

1. stâl, *n.*: (handle) long manche, *m.*

2. stâl, *adj.*: vieux, vieil, vieille; (worn out) suranné; vieilli, passé, usé; (of bread) rassis; (of liquors) plat, éventé. **3. stale**, *tr.*: rendre vieux (or plat); user, ruiner. **4. stale**, *intr.*: uriner. **5. stale**, *n.*: chose usée; prostituée; urine, *f.*

6. stâl, *n.*: fou; (at chess) pat, *m.*: *give a — mate*, faire pat. *-mate*, *n.*: pat, *m.*

staleness, *n.*: vieillesse, *f.*; état suranné; (of liquor) éventé; (of bread) état rassis, *m.*, dureté, *f.*

1. stâl, *n.*: tige; (of a plant) tige, *f.*; (of a flower) queue, *f.*, pédoncule; (of a leaf) pétiole; (of a quill) tuyau, *m.*; (walk) démarche hautaine, *f.* **2. stâl**, *intr.*: marcher lentement, fièrement; (go behind a cover) aller à la dérobée: *— over*, arpenter, parcourir. *-ed*, *adj.*: à tige; qui a une tige. *-er*, *n.*: personne à la démarche fière, *f.* *-ing*, *n.*: (hunt.) traque, *f.* *-ing-horse*, *n.*: cheval factice; (fig.) prétexte, masque, *m.* *-y*, *adj.*: comme une tige; dur.

1. stâl, *n.*: stable; (for cattle) étable; (for horses) écurie, *f.*; (in a stable) compartiment, *m.*, case, *f.*; (shed) écurie, *f.*; (of a butcher) étal; (for the sale of things in the open air) étalage; (in Scripture) crèche, *f.* **2. stâl**, *tr.*: établir; mettre à l'étable. *-age*, *n.*: autorisation de vendre en plein air, dans un marché, *f.*; droit payé pour cette autorisation, *m.* *-feed*, *tr.*: nourrir à l'étable, au fourrage. *-feeding*, *n.*: nourrissage au fourrage, *m.* *-food*, *n.*: nourriture au fourrage, *f.* *-stâl-ion*, *n.*: étalon, *m.* *-keeper*, *n.*: étalagiste, *m.*

stâl-wart, *-worth*, *adj.*: vaillant; fort; vigoureux.

stâl-men, *n.*: (of linen) 1. chaîne; texture, *f.*; *pl.* see *stamina*; 2. (bot.) étamine, *f.*; *pl.* *-mens*. *-mened*, *adj.*: (bot.) staminé. *-min*, *n.*: (stuff) étamine, *f.*

stâl-mina (*pl.* of *stamen*), *n.*: partie ferme

d'un corps, base solide, force principale, force vitale, *f.* -**minal**, *adj.*: staminal. -**minate**, *tr.*: douer de la force vitale; donner une base solide à. -**mineous**, *adj.*: stamineux. -**miniferous**, *adj.*: staminifère.

stammer, *tr. and intr.*: bégayer, balbutier: — *through*, balbutier. -**er**, *n.*: bégue, *m., f.* 1.-**ing**, *n.*: bégaiement; balbutiement, *m.* 2.-**ing**, *adj.*: qui bégaye; qui balbutie; bégue. -**ingly**, *adv.*: en balbutiant.

1.**stamp**, *tr.*: frapper du pied; (*impress*) empreindre, marquer, imprimer; (*imprint*) empreindre, imprimer, graver; (*coin*) monnayer, frapper; (*gold, silver*) contrôler; (*coin*) estamper; (*paper, parchment*) timbrer; (*metal*) bocarder; (*goods*) estampiller: — *one's reputation*, mettre le sceau à sa réputation; *he has had his plate* — *ed*, il a fait contrôler sa vaisselle. 2.**stamp**, *n.*: (*instrument*) estampe, *f.*, coin, poinçon, *m.*; (*impression*) empreinte, marque, *f.*; (*on gold, on silver*) contrôle; (*on paper, parchment*) timbre; (*metal*) bocard; (*coin*) coin, poinçon, *m.*; (*on goods*) estampille, *f.*; (*character*) caractère, genre, *m.*, trempe; (*character of reputation*) marque, empreinte, *f.*, coin, sceau; (*of the foot*) coup frappé sur la terre, le plancher, etc., avec le pied; (*postage-stamp*) timbre-poste, *m.*: *be of the right* —, être marqué au bon coin. -**act**, *n.*: loi sur le timbre, *f.* -**duty**, *n.*: droit de timbre, *m.* 1.-**ède**, *n.*: fuite précipitée et tumultueuse, dispersion violente, fuite de panique. 2.-**ede**, *intr.*: fuir avec précipitation (par suite de panique); *tr.*: faire fuir avec précipitation. -**er**, *n.*: pilon; (*metal*) bocard; (*pers.*) timbreur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: action d'empreindre, d'imprimer, *f.*; (*of gold, of silver*) contrôle; (*of paper, parchment*) timbrage; (*coin*) monnayage; (*metal*) bocardage, *m.*; (*with the feet*) action de taper du pied, *f.* -**ing-mill**, *n.*: bocard, *m.* -**laws**, *n. pl.*: lois sur le timbre, *f. pl.* -**mill**, *n.*: moulin à estamper, *m.* -**office**, *n.*: bureau de timbre; bureau de papier timbré, *m.*

1.**stanch**, *tr.*: étancher; arrêter; *intr.*: s'arrêter. 2.**stanch**, *adj.*: (*strong*) solide, fort; (*firm*) ferme; (*zealous*) zélé; (*hunt.*) sûr. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui étanche; chose qui étanche, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: étanchement, *m.*

stanchion, *n.*: étançon, *m.*: (*nav.*) épon-tille, *f.*

stanch-less, *adj.*: qui ne peut pas être étanché. -**ness**, *n.*: solidité; (*fig.*) fermeté, *f.*

1.**stand** (*pret., part. stood*), *intr.*: être debout; se tenir debout; rester debout;

(*keep on one's legs*) se soutenir; (*be still on its foundation*) être debout, se trouver, être; (*be, to remain*) se tenir, rester, demeurer, être; (*be placed or situated*) se trouver, être; (*become erect, as the hair*) se dresser; (*stop*) s'arrêter, arrêter, rester, demeurer, faire halte; (*be stationary*) rester stationnaire; (*continue*) durer; (*maintain a posture of defence*) se défendre; (*be placed with regard to order or rank*) se trouver, être; (*consist*) consister; (*maintain one's ground*) se maintenir; (*continue living*) vivre; (*offer one's self as a candidate*) se présenter comme candidat; (*place one's self*) se mettre, se tenir; (*stagnate*) être stagnant; (*remain, to make delay*) rester; (*preserve*) persévérer, persister; (*adhere*) s'attacher; (*nav.*) porter; (*milit.*) faire halte; (*of cabs*) stationner; (*of colour*) être bon teint, ne pas passer: — *against*, résister à; tenir contre; — *back*, se reculer; se tenir en arrière; se tenir à l'écart; — *by*, se trouver à côté de; assister à; être auprès; (*support*) soutenir, défendre; (*rest on for confirmation*) reposer sur; (*nav.*) se tenir près; — *one's self*, être tout seul; — *for*, (*support*) soutenir; (*be in lieu of*) tenir lieu de, être à la place de; (*signify*) signifier, représenter; (*nav.*) faire route pour; — *for nothing*, ne compter pour rien; (*stop at nothing*) ne s'arrêter à rien, ne s'effrayer de rien; — *fast*, tenir ferme; tenir bon; — *forth*, se mettre en avant; s'avancer; — *from*, venir de; — *good*, être valide; — *in*, rentrer; (*cost*) revenir à, coûter; (*nav.*) donner dedans; — *in for*, se diriger vers; — *in fear of*, craindre; avoir peur de; — *in any one's light*, se tenir au jour de quelqu'un; — *in the way*, barrer le passage; faire obstacle; — *off*, se tenir éloigné, se tenir à l'écart; (*nav.*) porter au large; (*nav.*) être à la hauteur de; — *off!* au large! — *on*, se tenir sur; (*rely on*) s'appuyer sur, compter sur; — *on ceremony*, faire des façons; — *out*, être en saillie, être en relief; (*resist*) résister, tenir ferme; (*nav.*) porter au large; — *out from*, se distinguer parmi; — *out against*, tenir tête à, résister à, s'opposer à; — *out of the way*, s'ôter du chemin, se garer; — *out of my light*, ôtez-vous de mon jour; — *with*, s'accorder avec; — *still*, se tenir tranquille; — *to*, persister dans; s'appliquer à; persévérer dans; (*abide by*) s'en tenir à, adhérer à, rester fidèle à; — *to sea*, porter au large; — *together*, se tenir ensemble, s'accorder; — *up*, se lever, se tenir debout; — *up against*, opposer; s'attaquer à; — *up for*, se lever pour; défendre; soutenir; — *upon*, (*to concern*) concerner, regarder; (*value*) estimer; (*insist upon*) insister sur;

how does the price of wheat — ? quel est le prix du blé? *how do these things — ?* où en sont ces affaires? *how do you — with him?* quelle est votre position vis-à-vis de lui? comment vous trouvez-vous placé à son égard? *as matters —*, au point où en sont les choses; sur le pied où sont les choses; *— s to reason*, la raison le veut ainsi; *how do we — ?* où en sommes-nous? (at school) quelles sont nos places? **2. stand, tr.:** (endure) endurer, souffrir, supporter, soutenir; (abide by) subir; (treat to) payer: *— fire*, soutenir le feu; *— the enemy's fire*, essayer le feu de l'ennemi; *— cold*, supporter le froid; *— fatigue*, soutenir la fatigue; *— one's ground*, défendre son terrain; se maintenir sur son terrain; *— it*, le souffrir; *what are you going to — ?* qu'allez-vous nous payer? *I will — some drink*, je vous paierai à boire; *— the risk*, courir le risque; *— a joke*, entendre raillerie; *— the test*, subir l'épreuve. **3. stand, n.:** (halt) arrêt, m., halte, stagnation; (place) place, f.; (stall) étalage, m.; (act of opposing) résistance, f.; (highest point) point culminant; (young tree) jeune arbre, m.; (platform) estrade, f.; (rest for anything) dessous, pied, porte-...; (tech.) support, m.; (of cabs) place, station, f.; (for umbrellas) porte-parapluie; (for a lamp) dessous, pied, m.: *come to a —*, s'arrêter; *put to a —*, embarrasser; mettre au pied du mur; *make a —*, s'arrêter, faire halte; *make a — against*, se soulever contre; résister à; faire une levée contre. **1. standard, n.:** étendard, drapeau; (nav.) pavillon; (of weights, measures) étalon, type; (coin) titre légal; (bot.) étendard; (tree) arbre en plein vent; (regulator) régulateur; (fig.) type, modèle, régulateur, m. **2. standard, adj.:** qui sert de modèle; (coin) au titre; (of books) classique; (of weights, measures) qui sert d'étalon; (of trees) en plein vent; (of price) régulateur; (fig.) régulateur. **-bearer, n.:** porte-étendard; porte-drapeau, m. **stánd-er, n.:** personne qui se tient debout, f. **1. -ing, adj.:** (established) établi; (lasting) durable, solide; (permanent) permanent; (stagnant) stagnant, dormant; (fixed) fixé, à demeure; (not cut down) sur pied; (of rigging) dormant; (fig.) constant, fixe, invariable: *— rules*, règles fixes, f. pl.; *— account*, compte courant; *long — account*, compte d'ancienne date, m. **2. -ing, n.:** action de se tenir debout; (continuance) durée, date; (station) place, f.; (power to stand) pouvoir de se tenir debout, m.; (rank) position, f., rang; (stall) étalage, m., boutique, f.; of long

—, d'ancienne date; ancien; an officer of twenty years —, un officier de vingt années de service. **-ish stan-dish, n.:** écritoire, f. **-point, n.:** point d'arrêt, m.; base, f.; point de vue, m. **-still, n.:** arrêt, m.: *come to a —*, s'arrêter; *at a —*, arrête, suspendu. **-up, adj.:** montant; *— collar*, col droit, m. **stán-nary, adj.:** d'étain. **-nic, adj.:** (chem.) stannique. **-niferous, adj.:** (metal) stannifère. **stánza, n.:** stance; strophe, f. **1. stáple, n.:** (emporium) marché, entrepôt; (of wool, flax, etc.) brin, m.; (of cotton) soie; (of land) qualité, f.; (loop of iron) crampon de fer, m.; (of a lock) gâche; (nav.) boucle, f.; (fig.) objet principal, m. **2. stáple, adj.:** (established) établi, fixe; (principal) principal; (fit to be sold) marchand, de commerce. **1. stár, n.:** étoile, f.; astre; (print.) astérisque, m.; étoile, f.; (decoration) crachat, m., décoration, f.; orateur (acteur, m., actrice, f., etc.) brillant, m. **2. star, tr.:** étoiler; parsemer d'étoiles; parsemer; intr.: briller comme une étoile; jouer un rôle éminent (au théâtre). **1. stár-board, n.:** tribord, m. **2. -board, adj.:** de tribord. **3. -board, tr.:** tourner au tribord. **1. stárch, n.:** amidon; empois, m.; (fig.) raideur, f. **2. starch, tr.:** empeser. **stár-chamber, n.:** chambre étoilée, f. **stárch-ed, adj.:** empesé; (fig.) empesé, raide, guindé. **-edness, n.:** tenue empesée; raideur, f. **-ly, adv.:** d'une manière empesée; avec raideur. **-maker, n.:** amidonnier, m. **-works, n. pl.:** amidonnerie, f. sing. **-y, adj.:** empesé; (fig.) empesé, guindé. **1. stá-re, tr. and intr.:** regarder fixement: *— at*, regarder fixement; contempler; considérer; fixer ses regards sur; ouvrir de grands yeux à; *— any one in the face*, regarder quelqu'un en face; (of things) sauter aux yeux à quelqu'un; *— any one out*, faire baisser les yeux à quelqu'un. **2. -re, n.:** regard fixe; regard ébahi, m.; (orni.) étourneau, m. **-rer, n.:** personne qui regarde fixement, f. **stár-fish, n.:** (ichth.) astérie, étoile de mer, f. **-flower, n.:** (bot.) ornithogale, m. **-gazer, n.:** astrologue, m. **-gazing, n.:** astrologie, f. **1. stáring, n.:** action de regarder fixement, f. **2. stáring, adj.:** (of colour) voyant, éclatant. **-ly, adv.:** fixement; entre les deux yeux. **1. stárk, adj.:** vrai, pur, franc; (strong) fort; (stiff) raide: *— nonsense*, pure bêtise, f. **2. stark, adv.:** tout, tout à fait; entièrement: *— naked*, tout nu.

stâr-less, *adj.*: sans étoiles. 1. **light**, *n.*: lumière des étoiles, lumière stellaire, *f.* 2. **light**, *adj.*: étoilé. **-like**, *adj.*: qui ressemble à une étoile; étoilé; brillant.

1. **stârling**, *n.*: (*orni.*) étourneau, san-sonnet, *m.*

2. **stârling**, *n.*: (*of a bridge*) avant-bec, brise-glace, *m.*

stâr-lit, *adj.*: étoilé. **-of-bethlehem**, *n.*: (*bot.*) ornithogale, *m.* **-paved**, *adj.*: parsemé d'étoiles; étoilé. **-proof**, *adj.*: impénétrable à la lumière des étoiles.

-red, *adj.*: étoilé; parsemé d'étoiles; ill-, né sous une mauvaise étoile; voué au malheur. **-ry**, *adj.*: étoilé; (*fig.*) étincelant, brillant. **-stone**, *n.*: (*min.*) saphir astérite, *m.*

1. **stârt**, *intr.*: tressaillir; (*set out*) partir, se mettre en route; (*of persons, horses, etc., racing*) partir: — *aside*, se jeter de côté; — *back*, se jeter en arrière; reculer; — *from*, sortir de; (*get up from*) se lever précipitamment de; — *off*, partir; — *out*, se jeter dehors; sortir précipitamment; — *out of*, sortir de; — *out of one's sleep*, se réveiller en sursaut; — *up*, se lever précipitamment; (*fig.*) naître, surgir.

2. **start**, *tr.*: (*alarm*) alarmer; (*rouse*) lever, faire lever, déboucher; (*send off*) faire partir; (*invent*) inventer, découvrir; (*establish*) établir; (*bring into notice*) faire naître; soulever, mettre en avant; (*question*) soulever; (*a bone*) déboîter.

3. **start**, *n.*: tressaillement; (*spring*) saut; (*sally, sudden fit*) élan; (*first motion*) premier pas, premier mouvement, *m.*: *by —s*, par sauts; par élans; (*fig.*) par boutades, à bâtons rompus; *by fits and —s*, à bâtons rompus, par sauts et par bonds; *get the —*, prendre les devants; *get the — of*, prendre les devants sur; devancer.

-er, *n.*: personne qui tressaille; (*of a question, etc.*) personne qui soulève, qui met en avant, *f.*; (*founder*) fondateur, auteur; (*dog*) chien qui lève le gibier, *m.*

†-ful, *adj.*: sujet à tressaillir; (*of horses*) ombrageux. **†-fulness**, *n.*: disposition à tressaillir; (*of horses*) nature ombrageuse, *f.*

-ing, *n.*: tressaillement; mouvement subit; (*departure*) départ, *m.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: par élans; (*fig.*) par boutades, à bâtons rompus. **-ing-note**, *n.*: échappatoire, *f.* **-ing-post**, *n.*: poteau de départ, *m.*; barrière, *f.* **-ist**, *adj.*: sujet à tressaillir; (*of horses*) ombrageux. 1. **le**, *intr.*: tressaillir; frémir; *tr.*: faire tressaillir; effrayer; faire frémir; faire peur.

2. **le**, *n.*: alarme, *f.*; tressaillement; saisissement, *m.* **-ling**, *adj.*: effrayant; atterrissant; très étonnant.

1. **stârve**, *intr.*: mourir de faim: — *with*

cold, mourir de froid; (*fig.*) languir.

2. **starve**, *tr.*: faire mourir de faim; affamer; réduire par la faim: — *with cold*, faire mourir de froid; — *out*, réduire, vaincre par la faim. 1. **-ling**, *adj.*: affamé; famélique. 2. **-ling**, *n.*: animal affamé, *m.*; (*plant*) plante affamée, *f.*; (*pers.*) affamé, meurt-de-faim, famélique, *m.*

stâ rwört, *n.*: (*bot.*) aster, *m.*

1. **stâte**, *n.*: (*condition*) état, *m.*, condition, *f.*; (*political body, government*) Etat; (*body of men united by profession*) ordre; (*rank*) rang, *m.*; (*pomp*) pompe, grande cérémonie, *f.*, appareil, *m.*; (*grandeur*) grandeur, dignité, *f.*; (*canopy*) dais, *m.*: — *a general*, Etats généraux, *m. pl.*; *married* —, vie conjugale; *in —*, en grande cérémonie; *lying in —*, exposition sur un lit de parade; *lie in —*, être exposé sur un lit de parade. 2. **state**, *adj.*: d'état, politique, public. 3. **stato**, *tr.*: (*act*) régler, fixer, arrêter; (*express*) exposer, énoncer, dire; (*math.*) poser; (*an account*) établir, dresser. **-craft**, *n.*: politique, *f.*, ruses de la politique, *f. pl.* **-d-ed**, *adj.*: réglé, fixé. **-dly-ed**, *adv.*: régulièrement. **-house**, *n.*: salle des Etats, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans appareil, sans pompe. **-liness**, *n.*: majesté, noblesse, grandeur, *f.*; caractère imposant, air imposant, *m.*; (*dignity*) dignité, *f.*; *faste*, *m.*, ostentation, *f.*, grands airs, *m. pl.* **-ly**, *adj.*: plein de grandeur; imposant; grand; majestueux; (*magnificent*) magnifique, superbe; (*elevated in sentiment*) plein de dignité, noble, élevé; fastueux. **-ment**, *n.*: exposé; énoncé; compte rendu, récit, dire, rapport, *m.*, assertion, *f.*; (*of an account*) relevé, *m.*; (*act of stating*) exposition, *f.*: verbal —, rapport verbal.

-monger, *n.*: personne qui se mêle de politique, *f.* **-prison**, *n.*: prison d'Etat, *f.* **-prisoner**, *n.*: prisonnier d'Etat, *m.* **-r-er**, *n.*: personne qui énonce, qui rapporte, *f.* **-room**, *n.*: salle de réception, *f.* **-sman**, *n.*: homme d'état, *m.* **-smanlike**, *adj.*: d'homme d'état, *m.* **-smanship**, *n.*: fonctions de l'homme d'état; connaissances de l'homme d'état, *f. pl.* **-swoman**, *n.*: femme politique, *f.* **-trial**, *n.*: procès politique, *m.*

stât-ic, **-ical**, *adj.*: de la statique; pour peser. **-ics**, *n. pl.*: statique, *f. sing.*

1. **stât-ion**, *n.*: station; place, *f.*; (*office*) poste; (*character*) caractère, *m.*; (*rank*) position, condition; (*railways*) station, *f.*, (*chief one*) embarcadère, débarcadère, *m.*, gare, *f.*: — *in life*, position sociale.

2. **station**, *tr.*: placer; poser; poster.

-al, *adj.*: de station; (*Cath. rel.*) station-

nale. **-ary**, *adj.*: stationnaire; fixé.

-er, n.: papetier; petit libraire, m.: — *s' hall*, dépôt de la librairie, m. **-ery**, n.: papeterie, f. **-house**, n.: corps de garde de police, m. **-master**, n.: chef de station, m. **-staff**, n.: jalon, m., perche d'arpenteur, f.

statistic, n.: statistique. **-tically**, adv.: d'une manière statistique. **-tician**, n.: statisticien, m. **-tics**, n. pl.: statistique, f. sing.

statuary, n.: statuaire, f.; (pers.) statuaire, m. 1. **-tue**, n.: statue, f. 2. **-tue**, tr.: placer comme une statue; (form a statue of) former en statue. **-ture**, n.: stature; taille, f. **-tutable**, adj.: statué; (jur.) prévu par la loi. **-tutably**, adv.: conformément aux statuts; conformément aux lois. **-tute**, n.: statut, m.; loi, f.: — *of bankruptcy*, déclaration de faillite, f. **-tutory**, adj.: établi par des statuts; établi par la loi.

1. **stave**, n.: (of a cask) douve; (mus.) portée, f.; (of a song) couplet; (of a psalm) verset, m. 2. **stave** (pret., part. *stove*, *staved*), tr.: briser; crever; (a cask) défoncer: — *in*, crever, briser; — *off*, chasser avec un bâton; (fig.) repousser, tenir éloigné.

1. **stay** (pret., part. *staid*), intr.: rester, demeurer; séjourner; (continue) continuer, rester: — *at*, rester à, demeurer à; — *at any one's*, rester, être, demeurer chez quelqu'un; — *away*, s'éloigner, s'absenter; — *for*, attendre; — *in*, rester chez soi, à la raison; — *up*, veiller; — *up for*, attendre; — *there!* restez là! 2. **stay**, tr.: (stop) arrêter, retenir; (restrain) réprimer, contenir; (support) soutenir, fortifier; (prop up) étayer; (nav.) donner vent devant: — *the stomach*, soutenir l'estomac. 3. **stay**, n.: (abode) séjour, m.; (stability) stabilité, f.; (support) soutien, appui; (arch., nav.) étai; (tech.) arrêt, m.; (carp.) entretoise, f.; (obstacle) obstacle; (mec.) support, m.: — *s*, corset, m. **-or**, n.: soutien; appui, m. **-lace**, n.: lacet, m. **-maker**, n.: fabricant de corsets; faiseur de corsets, m., faiseuse de corsets, f. **-s**, n. pl.: corset, m. sing. **-sail**, n.: (nav.) voile d'étau, f.; foc, m. **-supporter**, n.: étauçon, m.

1. **stead**, n.: lieu, m.; place, f.: *in any one's* —, au lieu de, à la place de quelqu'un; *stand in* —, être utile. 2. **stead**, tr.: servir; rendre service; être utile; aider. **-fast -d-**, adj.: ferme; solide; (resolute) ferme; (constant) constant, fixe. **-fastly -d-**, adv.: fermement; avec constance. **-fastness -d-**, n.: stabilité; fermeté; (fig.) constance, f. **-ily**, adv.: fermement; (without irregularity) d'une

manière rangée; (without inconstance) avec constance, avec fermeté; (resolutely) avec assurance, fermement, avec fermeté.

-iness, n.: fermeté; (of conduct) conduite rangée; (constancy) constance; (resolution) assurance, fermeté, f. 1. **-y**, adj.: ferme; assuré; sûr; (in conduct) rangé, posé; (assiduous) assidu; (regular) régulier; (constant) constant, ferme; (of the wind) fait: —! restez tranquille! (nav.) comme ça. 2. **-y**, tr.: affermir; assurer.

steak, n.: tranche; (of pork) côtelette, f.; (beefsteak) bifteck, m.

1. **steal** (pret. *stole*, part. *stolen*), tr.: voler, dérober, soustraire; (gain, win) gagner, séduire; intr.: voler: — *a march on*, gagner une marche sur; — *all hearts*, gagner tous les cœurs; — *a glance*, dérober un regard; — *away*, s'en aller à la dérobée, furtivement; s'esquiver; se dérober; — *down*, descendre à la dérobée, furtivement; — *from*, se dérober à; — *into*, se glisser furtivement dans; — *out*, sortir à la dérobée, furtivement. 2. **steal**, n.: (vulg.) vol, m. **-er**, n.: voleur, m., voleuse, f. **-ing**, n.: vol, m.

stealth, n.: vol, m.: *by* —, à la dérobée; furtivement, en cachette. **-ful**, adj.: voleur. **-fully**, adv.: comme un voleur. **-fulness**, n.: disposition au vol, à voler, f. **-ily**, adv.: à la dérobée; en cachette. **-y**, adj.: fait à la dérobée; dérobé; furtif.

1. **steam**, n.: vapeur; (of a little liquid) fumée, f.: *with its* — *on*, en vapeur; *with all its* — *on*, en pleine vapeur; *put the* — *on*, mettre en vapeur; *the* — *is on*, la machine est en vapeur; *the* — *is up*, la machine est en pleine vapeur; *get up the* —, chauffer la vapeur, chauffer; *shut off the* —, stopper; arrêter la machine.

2. **steam**, intr.: émettre de la vapeur; fumer; tr.: passer à la vapeur; (cook.) cuire à la vapeur: — *away*, s'évaporer. **-boat**, n.: bateau à vapeur, m. **-boiler**, n.: chaudière à vapeur, f. **-carriage**, n.: voiture à vapeur, f. **-casing**, n.: chemise, f. **-engine**, n.: machine à vapeur, f.: *double-acting, single-acting* —, machine à vapeur à double effet, à simple effet. **-er**, n.: bateau à vapeur; bâtiment à vapeur; navire à vapeur; vapeur; steamer, m.; (cook.) marmite à vapeur, f. **-gauge**, n.: manomètre, m.; éprouvette, f. **-hammer**, n.: marteau pilon, marteau à vapeur, m. **-navigation**, n.: navigation à vapeur, f. **-packet**, n.: paquebot à vapeur, m. **-pipe**, n.: tuyau à vapeur, tuyau d'apport, tuyau de prise de vapeur, m.: *waste* —, tuyau de dégagement de la vapeur. **-piston**, n.: piston de machine à vapeur, m. **-power**, n.: force de vapeur, f. **-ram**, n.: mou-

ton à vapeur, m. **-ship**, n.: bâtiment à vapeur, m. **-sloop**, n.: corvette à vapeur, f. **-tight**, adj.: imperméable à la vapeur. **-tug**, n.: remorqueur à vapeur, f. **-vessel**, n.: bâtiment à vapeur, m. **-whistle**, n.: sifflet de machine à vapeur; sifflet à vapeur, m. **-winch**, n.: treuil à vapeur, m.

stéarine, n.: (chem.) stéarine, f.

stéed, n.: coursier, m.

1.steel, n.: acier; (to sharpen knives) fusil; (to strike a light) briquet; (weapon) fer, m., épée, f.; (hardness) fer, m.

2.steel, adj.: d'acier. **3.steel**, tr.: acérer; garnir d'acier; (make obdurate) endurcir; (arm) armer, fortifier: — *one's heart against*, s'endurcir le cœur contre.

-clad, adj.: revêtu d'acier; cuirassé. **-engrave**, m.: graveur sur acier, m. **-engraving**, n.: gravure sur acier, f. **-pen**, n.: plume d'acier (de fer); *usly* plume métallique. **-spring**, n.: ressort d'acier, m. **-trap**, n.: piège à ressort d'acier, m. **-wire**, n.: fil d'acier, m. **-works**, n. pl.: aciérie, f. sing. **-y**, adj.: d'acier; (fig.) dur, de fer. **-yard**, n.: romaine, f.; (small one) peson, m.

1.steep, adj.: escarpé; raide; à pic. **2.steep**, n.: pente rapide, f.; précipice, m.

3.steep, tr.: tremper; (plants, drugs) infuser; (fig.) plonger. **-ing**, n.: action de tremper, f.; trempage, m. **-ing-place**, n.: routoir, m. **-ing-vat**, n.: trempoire, f.

steeple, n.: clocher, m. **-chase**, n.: course au clocher, f.; steeple-chase, m. **-d**, adj.: à clocher; qui a un clocher.

steep-ly, adv.: en pente rapide. **-ness**, n.: raideur; descente escarpée, pente rapide, f. **-y**, adj.: escarpé, raide.

1.steer, n.: bouvillon, m. **2.steer**, tr.: (nav.) gouverner, diriger; (fig.) conduire, guider; intr.: (nav.) gouverner; (fig.) se conduire, se diriger.

-age, n.: (nav.) timonerie, f., gouvernement, m.: (of the helm) effort du gouvernail; (fig.) gouvernement, m.; entrepont (logement inférieur d'émigrants, etc.), m.: — *passenger*, passager d'entrepont (or de bord), m. **-age-way**, n.: (nav.) vitesse, f., sillage, m. **-er**, n.: timonier; pilote, m. **-ing**, n.: action de gouverner, f.; gouvernement, m. **-ing-wheel**, n.: roue du gouvernail, f. **-sman**, n.: (nav.) pilote; timonier, m.

steganography, n.: stéganographie, f.

stell-ar, **-ary**, adj.: stellaire; étoilé. **-ate**, **-ated**, adj.: en étoile; (bot.) radié, rayonné. **-iferous**, adj.: stellifère. **-iform**, adj.: stelliforme. **-ion**, n.: (ent.) stellation, m.

1.stem, n.: tige; (of a flower) queue, f.; (stock of family) tronc, m., souche; (branch of a family) branche, f., rejeton, m.; (mus.) queue, f.; (of a pen) tuyau, m.; (nav.) étrave, f.; avant, m.: *from — to stern*, de l'avant à l'arrière.

2.stem, tr.: aller contre, résister, arrêter; refouler: — *the tide*, aller contre la marée, refouler la marée.

stem-leaf, n.: (bot.) feuille caulinaire, f. **-less**, adj.: sans tige.

stemple, n.: (mines) traverse, f.; poteau; étai, m.

1.stench, n.: mauvaise odeur; puanteur, f. **2.stench**, tr.: empuantir; infecter.

1.stencil, n.: patron, m. **2.stencil**, tr.: peindre au patron.

stenô-grapher, n.: sténographe, m. **-graphic(al)**, **-o**, adj.: sténographique. **-graphy**, n.: sténographie, f.

stentorian, adj.: de stentor.

1.stép, intr.: faire un pas; marcher pas à pas; passer; tr.: poser (le pied); (nav.) presser: — *aside*, faire un pas à l'écart; — *back*, faire un pas en arrière, reculer; — *down*, descendre; venir; *just — down to my house*, venez chez moi pour un instant; — *forward*, faire un pas en avant; s'avancer; — *in*, entrer; entrer pour un instant; faire une petite visite; — *into*, entrer dans; entrer dans... pour un instant; — *into an estate, a good place*, entrer en possession d'une terre; entrer dans une bonne place; — *on*, marcher sur; — *out*, sortir; sortir pour un instant; (*quicken one's pace*) allonger le pas; — *up*, monter; — *up to*, s'avancer vers; s'approcher de; — *over*, traverser, franchir. **2.stép**, n.: pas; (of stairs) degré, m., marche, f.; (progression) progrès, acheminement, m.; (*gait*) marche, démarche; (*measure*) démarche, f., pas, m.; (*of a capstan, a mast*) carlingue, f.; (*of a door*) pas, seuil; (*of a ladder*) échelon; (*of a carriage*) marchepied; (*of a shaft, a wheel*) piédestal, m.: — *s*, (*ladder*) marchepied; *take a —*, faire un pas; (*fig.*) faire une démarche; *within a — of*, à deux pas de; *a few —s off*, à deux pas d'ici; *retrace one's —s*, revenir sur ses pas; rebrousser chemin.

stép-brother, n.: beau-frère, m. **-child**, n.: beau-fils, m., belle-fille, f. **-daughter**, n.: belle-fille, f. **-father**, n.: beau-père, m. **-mother**, n.: belle-mère; marâtre, f.

stéppe, n.: steppe, f.

stép-per, n.: (*man*) cheval qui a de l'action, m. **-ping**, n.: marche; action de marcher pas à pas, f. **-ping-stone**, n.: marchepied, m.

- stép-son**, n.: beau-fils, m.
stép-stone, n.: pas, seuil, m.
stercorà-ceous, adj.: stercoraire.
-tion, n.: stercoration; action de fumer une terre, f.
stère, n.: stère, m.
stéreo- (stereo-) or **stéréo-**: **graph**, n.: stéréographie, f. **-graphic(al)**, adj.: stéréographique. **-graphically**, adv.: stéréographiquement. **-graphy**, n.: stéréographie, f. **-metrical**, adj.: stéréométrique. **-metry**, n.: stéréométrie, f. **-tömical**, adj.: stéréotomique. **-tomy**, n.: stéréotomie, f.
1-type, n.: cliché; clichage, m.
2-type, adj.: stéréotype; cliché: — *printing*, — *printing-office*, stéréotypie, f. **3-type**, tr.: cliquer; stéréotyper.
-type-plate, n.: cliché, m. **-typer**, n.: clicheur, stéréotypiste, m. **-typing**, n.: clichage; stéréotypage, m. **-typographer**, n.: stéréotypiste, m. **-typography**, n.: stéréotypie, f.
stér-ile, adj.: stérile; (bot.) stérile, mâle, à étamines. **-ility**, n.: stérilité, f.
stérlet, n.: (ichth.) sterlet, m.
1.stér-ling, n.: monnaie sterling, f.
2.sterling, adj.: sterling; (fig.) pur, vrai, de bon aloi.
3.stér-ling = *2.starling*.
1.stér-n, adj.: sévère; austère; (harsh) dur, rigide; (afflictive) rigoureux.
2.stér-n, n.: poupe, f.; arrière, m. **-chase**, **-chaser**, n.: canon de retraite, m. **-ed**, adj.: à poupe: round — *ship*, vaisseau à poupe ronde, m. **-frame**, n.: (nav.) arcaise, f.
stér-n-ly, adv.: sévèrement; austèrement; rigide; durement; rigoureusement. **-ness**, n.: sévérité; austérité; rigidité; dureté; rigueur, f.
stér-n-post, n.: étambot, m.
stér-num, n.: sternum, m.
stér-nut-ation, n.: éternuement, m. **-nütative**, **-nütatory**, adj.: sternutatoire; sternutatif.
stér-n-way, n.: culée, f.
stét, intr.: (print.) bon.
stéthoscope, n.: stéthoscope, m.
1.stew, tr.: étuver; faire un ragoût de; (fruit, pigeons) mettre en compote; intr.: cuire à l'étuvée; cuire en ragoût; (fruit, pigeons) cuire en compote; (pers.) cuire dans sa peau. **2.stew**, n.: (hot-house) étuve; serre; (of meal) étuvée, f., ragoût, m.; (fruit, pigeons) compote, f.; (brothel) maison de prostitution, f.: be in a —, être sur le gril.
steward, n.: maître d'hôtel; régisseur; intendant; (of a college) économ; (of a ball) commissaire; (nav.) commis des vivres; (in Scripture) dispensateur, m.: —'s

- room, soute du commis des vivres, f.
-ship, n.: intendance, f.; office de maître d'hôtel; office de régisseur; (in a college) économat, m.
stewpan, n.: casserole, f.
stibi-al, adj.: antimonia. **-ated**, adj.: stibié. **-um**, n.: antimoine, m.
stich, n.: vers; (of the Bible) verset, m.
1.stick, n.: (of wood) pièce de bois, tige, f.; tronc, m.; (cane) bâton, m.; canne, f.; (small stick) baguette, f.; (thrust) coup; (of sealing-wax, chocolate, etc.) bâton; (of a fiddle) archet, m.: blow with a —, coup de bâton, de canne.
2.stick (pret., part. stuck), tr.: (pierce) percer, piquer; fixer (en perçant), fixer, attacher; coller; appliquer; (bouch.) saigner: — *into*, piquer dans; enfoncer dans; fixer dans; — *on*, fixer; (with paste, etc.) coller, attacher; afficher; — *out*, faire saillir; faire ressortir; — *up*, dresser; mettre droit; mettre; (paste up) coller, afficher; — *round with*, garnir tout autour de. **3.stick**, intr.: (adhere) s'attacher, adhérer, se coller, coller; (remain) rester, demeurer; (get embedded) être engagé, pris, demeurer engagé, pris; (short) s'arrêter, rester court: — *at*, s'arrêter devant; reculer devant; hésiter devant; — *by*, rester fidèle à; soutenir; s'en tenir à; — *close*, *fast*, s'attacher fortement; adhérer fortement; s'arrêter court, s'embarrasser; rester pris; rester engagé dans la boue, etc.; — *close to work*, travailler d'arrache-pied; — *on*, s'attacher; se coller; — *out*, faire saillir; ressortir; bomber; (not to give in) tenir bon, ferme, tenir toujours bon, ferme; persister; — *to*, s'attacher à; (persevere in) persévérer dans; (abide by) s'en tenir à; (be constant to) s'attacher à, rester fidèle à; — *up*, se dresser; se redresser. **-iness**, n.: nature gluante; viscosité; ténacité, f. **-ing-plaster**, n.: taffetas d'Angleterre, m.
stick-le, intr.: s'intervenir (et séparer); (contend) se débattre; se disputer; (pass from one side to the other) flotter: — *for*, insister pour avoir. **-ler**, n.: 1. (in a duel) second, témoin; (contender) disputeur obstiné, champion, m.: he is a great — *for*, il tient beaucoup à.
sticky, adj.: gluant, collant; glutineux; visqueux, poisseux; poissé.
stiddy, n.: enclume, f.
stiff, adj.: raide; rigide; (not liquid) dur, ferme; (constrained) raide, gêné, contraint; (stubborn) opiniâtre, dur; (strong) fort: — *as a poker*, raide comme une barre de fer; *grow* —, devenir raide; se raidir; — *gale*, vent carabiné.

-en, *tr.*: raidir; durcir; (*make torpid*) engourdir; (*paste*) durcir, rendre ferme; *intr.*: se raidir; raidir; s'endurcir; s'engourdir; (*of paste*) durcir, devenir ferme.

-ener, *n.*: (*of boots*) sous-contrefort; (*of shoes*) cambrillon; (*of a cravat*) col, *m.* **-ening**, *n.*: soutien, *m.*

-hearted, *adj.*: opiniâtre, obstiné.

-ly, *adv.*: avec raideur; avec opiniâtreté.

-necked, *adj.*: raide; obstiné; opiniâtre.

-ness, *n.*: raideur; (*of paste, liquids*) consistance; (*constraint*) raideur, gêne, contrainte; (*harshness*) dureté; (*obstinacy*) opiniâtreté, raideur, *f.*

-starched, *adj.*: empesé.

1. stif-e, *tr.*: étouffer; suffoquer: — *a report*; étouffer un bruit; *we are -ing here*, nous étouffons ici.

2.-e, *n.*: rotule, *f.*; (*vet.*) grasset; (*disease*) vessigon du grasset, *m.*

-e-joint, *n.*: (*vet.*) grasset, *m.*

-ing, *adj.*: étouffant; suffocant.

stig-ma, *n.*: stigmat, *m.*; marque; flétrissure, *f.*; (*bot.*) stigmat, *m.*

-matio, *adj.*: stigmatique.

-matically, *adv.*: avec une stigmat; avec une flétrissure.

-matise, *tr.*: stigmatiser; marquer; flétrir.

stil-lar, *adj.*: de style de cadran solaire.

1.-le, *n.*: (*of a dial*) style, *m.*, aiguille, *f.*

2.stile, *n.*: échelier (marchepied d'une clôture, d'un mur), échalis, *m.*

stilëttö, *n.*: stylet; (*for needlework*) poinçon, *m.*

1.still, *adj.*: tranquille; calme; paisible; (*silent*) silencieux, taciturne: *be —*, restez tranquille.

2.still, *n.*: (*poet.*) calme, *m.*

3.still, *adv.*: encore; toujours; (*nevertheless*) cependant, néanmoins, toutefois.

4.still, *tr.*: arrêter; calmer.

5.still, *n.*: alambic. **-atitious**, *adj.*: stillatoire.

-atory, *n.*: alambic; laboratoire, *f.*

stillborn, *adj.*: mort-né.

stillburn, *tr.*: brûler en distillant.

stillër, *n.*: personne qui apaise, qui calme, *f.*; apaiseur, *m.*

still-house, *n.*: distillerie, *f.*

-icidions, *adj.*: stillatoire.

still-ing, *n.*: action de calmer, d'apaiser, *f.*; (*stand for casks*) chautier, *m.*

-life, *n.*: (*paint.*) nature morte, *f.*

-ness, *n.*: tranquillité, *f.*; calme; silence, repos, *m.*; (*taciturnity*) taciturnité, *f.*

still-room, *n.*: distillerie, *f.*

stilly, *adv.*: silencieusement; (*calmly*) avec calme, paisiblement, tranquillement.

1.stilt, *n.*: échasse, *f.*; (*of a bridge*) pilotis, pieu, *m.*: *be on —s*, être monté sur des échasses.

2.stilt, *tr.*: élever sur des échasses.

-bird, *n.*: (*orn.*) échasse, *f.*

1.stim-lant, *adj.*: stimulant.

2.-lant, *n.*: stimulant, *m.*

-late, *tr.*: stimuler;

aiguillonner; exciter.

-lating, *adj.*: stimulant, excitant.

-lätion, *n.*: stimulation, *f.*

1.-lative, *adj.*: stimulant, stimulateur.

2.-lative, *n.*: stimulant, *m.*

-lator, *n.*: personne qui stimule, qui excite, *f.*; stimulant, *m.*

-lus, *n.*: stimulant; aiguillon; (*med.*) stimulus; (*bot.*) dard, aiguillon, *m.*

1.stip-g, *n.*: aiguillon; dard, *m.*; (*thrust of a sting into the flesh*) piqure, *f.*; (*fig.*) aiguillon, *m.*, morsure, *f.*; (*of an epigram*) pointe, *f.*: *the —s of remorse*, les aiguillons du remords.

2.-g (*pret.*, part. *stung*), *tr.*: piquer; (*fig.*) piquer, fâcher, irriter: *stung with remorse*, bourrelé, tourmenté, de remords.

-ger, *n.*: chose qui pique, qui blesse, qui irrite, *f.*: *he gave him a blow, a regular —*, lui appliqua un coup, mais un fameux.

-gily, *adv.*: chichement; avec avarice; sordidement.

-gi-ness, *n.*: mesquinerie; ladrerie; avarice, lésinerie, *f.*

-gless, *adj.*: sans aiguillon; sans dard.

-gy, *adj.*: avare; mesquin; ladre; chiche.

1.stink (*pret.*, part. *stunk*), *intr.*: puer; sentir mauvais; *tr.*: faire puer.

2.stink, *n.*: puanteur; mauvaise odeur, *f.*: *what a — there is here!* comme il sent mauvais ici!

†-ard, *n.*: (*mem.*) puant; (*fig.*) goujat, *m.*

-er, *n.*: chose puante, *f.*

-ing, *adj.*: puant.

-ingly, *adv.*: avec une mauvaise odeur; en puant.

-pot, *n.*: composition puante, *f.*; (*artil.*) pot à feu, *m.*

-stone, *n.*: pierre puante, *f.*

1.stint, *n.*: (*orni.*) becasseau, *m.*

2.stint, *tr.*: limiter; borner; restreindre; rogner: — *one's self*, se refuser le nécessaire; — *one's self of*, se priver de.

3.stint, *n.*: borne, limite, restriction; part, portion, *f.*

-er, *n.*: personne qui limite, qui restreint; chose qui limite, qui restreint, *f.*

stip-e, *n.*: (*bot.*) stipe; pédicule, *m.*

-el, *n.*: (*bot.*) stipelle, *f.*

1.sti-pend, *n.*: appointements, *m. pl.*; salaire, *m.*

2.-pend, *tr.*: stipendier; soudoyer; salarier; solder.

1.-pëndiary, *adj.*: salarié, stipendiaire.

2.-pendiary, *n.*: salarié; stipendié, *m.*

stippl-e, *tr.*: pointer; pointiller.

-ing, *n.*: pointillage, *m.*; points, *m. pl.*

stiptic = *styptic*.

stipula, *n.*: (*bot.*) stipule, *f.*

stipu-late, *intr.*: stipuler; convenir.

-lätion, *n.*: contrat, *m.*; convention; (*bot., jur.*) stipulation, *f.*

-lator, *n.*: partie contractante; partie stipulante, *f.*

1.stir, *tr.*: remuer; (*agitate*) agiter; (*incite*) exciter, pousser; (*excite*) exciter, irriter: — *round*, tourner, remuer; — *up*, remuer; (*incite*) exciter, pousser; (*excite*) exciter, irriter; (*enliven*) animer, ré-

veiller. 2. **stir**, intr.: remuer, se remuer; se mouvoir; bouger: *do not —*, ne bougez pas; — *abroad*, out, bouger de chez soi, sortir de chez soi; *be —ing*, être debout, être levé; *he is not —ing yet*, il n'est pas encore levé; il ne fait pas encore jour chez lui. 3. **stir**, n.: remue-mé; mouvement, m., agitation, f.; bruit, m.; (*disturbance*) tumulte, trouble, mouvement séditieux, m. -**less**, adj.: immobile. -**rer**, n.: personne qui remue; personne en mouvement, f.; agitateur, m., -trice, f.; instigateur, m., -trice, f.: *early —*, personne matineuse; *late —*, personne qui se lève tard. -**ring**, adj.: remuant; actif.

stirrup, -**iron**, n.: étrier, m. -**leather**, n.: étrivière, f. -**oil**, n.: huile de cotret, f.

1. **stitch**, n.: point, m.; (*in knitting*) maille, f.: — *in the side*, point de côté, m.; *put a — to*, faire un point à; *back —*, arrière-point; *cross —*, point croisé; *open work —*, point à la turque, point à jour. 2. **stitch**, tr.: piquer; coudre; (*books*) brocher; intr.: piquer; coudre: — *up*, coudre, faire un point à. -**ed**, adj.: piqué; (*of books*) broché. -**er**, n.: couseuse, f.; piqueur, m., piqueuse, f.; (*of books*) brocheur, m., brocheuse, f. -**ery**, n.: arrière-point, m.; (*of books*) brochure, f.

stiver, n.: (*Dutch coin = 2 cents*) stiver; (*fig.*) liard, sou, m.: *not to have a —*, n'avoir pas le sou, m.

stôat, n.: (*mam.*) hermine, f.

stoccadô, n.: estocade, f.

1. **stôck**, n.: (*of a tree*) tronc; bloc (de bois, d'arbre), m.; (*log, fool*) bûche, f.; (*lineage*) lignée, race, famille, f.; (*store*) fonds, m., provision, f.; (*on a farm*) bétail, m., bestiaux, m. pl.; (*capital*) capital, fonds, m., capitaux, m. pl.; (*goods on hand*) marchandises en magasin, f. pl.; (*manu.*) matériel, m., monture, f.; (*cravat*) col; (*at cards*) talon, m.; (*bot.*) giroflée; (*print.*) fonte; (*of fire-arms*) monture, f., bois, m.; (*handle*) manche; (*of an anchor*) jas, m.; (*hort.*) sujet, m., ente, f.; (*centre-bit*) cintre, m., mèche anglaise, f.; (*tech.*) fût, m., souche, f.: — *s*, (*fin.*) fonds, fonds publics, m. pl., rentes, f. pl., effets, effets publics, m. pl.; (*for shipbuilding*) chantier, m. **sing.**, cale de construction, f. **sing.**; (*punishment*) bloc, m. **sing.**; *dead —*, mobilier mort, m.; *live —*, mobilier vif, bétail, m., bestiaux, m. pl.; *working —*, matériel, m.; *take —*, faire l'inventaire; *take in —*, recevoir des marchandises; *lay in a — of*, faire une provision de; *gamble on the —s*, agioter, faire l'agiotage; *on the —s*, sur le chantier; *in the —s*, (*punishment*) au bloc; — *in trade*, marchandises disponi-

bles, f. pl.; fonds de commerce, m.; — *on hand*, marchandises en magasin, f. pl.; approvisionnement, m.; *India —*, fonds de la compagnie des Indes. 2. **stock**, tr.: fournir; pourvoir; monter; approvisionner; (*a farm*) pourvoir de bétail; (*a country*) peupler; (*a warren*) peupler; (*a fish-pond*) empoissonner; (*cards*) rassembler. 1. -**ade**, n.: (*fort.*) palissade, f. 2. -**ade**, tr.: (*fort.*) palissader. -**book**, n.: livre de magasin, m. -**broker**, n.: agent de change, m. -**dove**, n.: pigeon ramier, m. -**exchange**, n.: bourse pour les fonds publics; compagnie des agents de change, f. **fish**, n.: stockfish, m.; morue séchée à l'air, f. -**gillyflower**, n.: giroflée, m. -**holder**, n.: rentier, m., rentière, f.; actionnaire, m., f.; détenteur de fonds publics, m. -**ing**, n.: bas, m. -**ing-frame**, n.: métier à bas, m. -**ing-stitch**, n.: tricot au crochet, m. -**ing-trade**, n.: bonneterie, f. -**job**, tr. and intr.: agioter; jouer dans les fonds. -**jobber**, n.: spéculateur dans les fonds publics; agioteur, m. -**jobbing**, n.: jeu sur les fonds publics; agiotage, m. -**loom**, n.: métier à bas, m. -**market**, n.: bourse, f.; marché aux bestiaux, m. -*s*, n. pl.: cf. *stock*. -**still**, adj.: immobile. -**y**, adj.: trapu.

1. **stôic**, n.: stoïcien, m., stoïcienne, f. 2. -**ic**, -**ical**, adj.: stoïcien; (*of things*) stoïque. -**ically**, adv.: stoïquement. -**icalness**, n.: stoïcisme, m. -**icism**, n.: stoïcisme, m.

stôker, n.: ouvrier chauffeur; chauffeur, m.

stôle, n.: étole; †stole, f.: *groom of the —*, premier gentilhomme de la chambre, m.

stôl-id, adj.: lourd; stupide. -**idity**, -**idness**, n.: pesant, stupidité, f.

1. **stômach**, estomac; (*appetite*) appétit, m., faim, f.: *turn one's —*, soulever le cœur; *goes against his —*, il n'a pas le goût pour cela; le cœur ne lui en dit pas; *stay any one's —*, apaiser la faim à quelqu'un. 2. **stomach**, tr.: se fâcher de; s'estomacher de; (*brook*) endurer, digérer, souffrir: *I cannot — that*, je ne peux pas digérer cela. -**ache**, n.: mal à l'estomac, m.; douleur d'estomac, f. -**ed**, adj.: fâché; en colère; estomacqué. -**er**, n.: corsage lacé, m. †-**ful**, adj.: opiniâtre; têtu. †-**fulness**, n.: obstination; opiniâtreté, f. 1. -**ic**, -**ical**, adj.: stomacal; stomachique. 2. -**ic**, n.: stomachique, m. -**less**, adj.: sans appétit. -**pump**, n.: (*surg.*) pompe stomacale, f. -**y**, adj.: obstiné; fier.

1. **stône**, n.: pierre, f.; (*of fruit*) noyau; (*of grapes*) pépin; (*anat.*) testicule; (*med.*)

calcul, m., pierre; (*of a mill*) meule; (*gem*) pierre précieuse, pierre, f.; (*min.*) grès; (*weight*) stone (kilog. 6.3490), m.; (*fig.*) pierre, f., rocher, m.: *precious* — s, pierres précieuses, pierreries, f. pl.; *philosopher's* —, pierre philosophale; *leave no* — *unturmed*, remuer ciel et terre; *not leave a* — *standing*, ne pas laisser pierre sur pierre; *a heart of* —, un cœur de rocher; *kill two birds with one* —, faire d'une pierre deux coups. **2.stone**, *adj.*: de pierre de grès: — *bottle*, bouteille de grès. **3.stone**, *tr.*: lapider; (*mas.*) garnir de pierres, maçonner; (*harden*) durcir; (*fruit*) vider. **-blind**, *adj.*: complètement aveugle. **-borer**, *n.*: (*ent.*) lithophage, m. **-bow**, *n.*: arbalète à jalet, f. **-chatter**, *n.*: (*orni.*) traquet, m. **-crop**, *n.*: (*bot.*) orpin, m. **-cutter**, *n.*: tailleur de pierre, m. **-cutting**, *n.*: taille de la pierre, f. **-fruit**, *n.*: fruit à noyau, m. **-hearted**, *adj.*: qui a un cœur de rocher. **-horse**, *n.*: cheval entier, m. **-mason**, *n.*: maçon, m. **-pit**, *n.*: carrière de pierre, f. **-s-throw**, *n.*: jet de pierre, m.: *within a* —, à la portée d'une pierre; à deux pas. **-ware**, *n.*: grès, m.; poterie de terre, f. **-work**, *n.*: ouvrage de maçonnerie, m.; maçonnerie, f. **-yard**, *n.*: chantier de pierre, m.

stō-niness, *n.*: nature pierreuse; (*fig.*) dureté, f. **-ning**, *n.*: lapidation; (*of roads, etc.*) partie empierrée; (*of fruit*) action de vider, f. **-ny**, *adj.*: de pierre; (*abounding in stone*) pierreux; (*fig.*) de rocher, dur, cruel, insensible; (*petrifying*) pétrifiant.

stool, *n.*: tabouret; escabeau, m.; sellette; (*med.*) selle; (*hort.*) plante mère: — *of repentance*, sellette, f.

1.stoop, *n.*: (*Am.*) porche, m., veranda, f. **2.stoop**, *n.*: (*vessel*) cruche, f.

3.stoop, *intr.*: se pencher; se baisser; se courber; (*of birds*) se poser; (*of birds of prey*) s'abattre, fondre; (*fig.*) s'abaisser; s'incliner; descendre; se soumettre; s'humilier; s'avilir; (*acknowledge inferiority*) céder; pencher, incliner, baisser: — *down*, se baisser. **4.stoop**, *n.*: inclination; (*of birds of prey*) action de s'abattre, de fondre; (*fig.*) abaissement, m.: *he has a slight* —, il a le dos légèrement voûté. **-ing**, *adj.*: qui se penche, qui se soumet; penché, courbé: *in a* — *posture*, dans une posture courbée. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en se baissant; en se courbant.

1.stōp, *tr.*: arrêter; suspendre; (*hinder*) empêcher, entraver, gêner; (*mus.*) presser; (*gram.*) ponctuer; (*a hole*) boucher; (*the breath*) couper: — *payment*, suspendre, cesser ses payments; — *any one's*

salary, faire une retenue sur les appointements de quelqu'un; — *any one from*, empêcher quelqu'un de; — *up*, boucher, fermer; (*obstruct*) obstruer; (*a street*) encombrer, barrer; — *thief!* au voleur! **2.stop**, *intr.*: s'arrêter; arrêter; (*nav.*) parer; (*com.*) cesser ses payments: — *there (leave off)!* restez-en là! — *for any body*, attendre quelqu'un. **3.stop**, *n.*: action de s'arrêter; (*half*) halte; pause; (*interruption*) interruption, f.; retardement; (*hindrance*) obstacle, empêchement, m.; (*prohibition of sale*) vente prohibée, f.; (*of an organ*) jeu; (*of a flute*) trou; (*gram.*) signe de ponctuation; (*nav., tech.*) arrêt, m.: *put a* — *to*, arrêter, suspendre; mettre fin à; *full* —, point, m. **-cock**, *n.*: robinet d'arrêt, m. **-gap**, *n.*: bouche-trou, m. **-page**, *n.*: interruption; fermeture; obstruction; action d'arrêter, de boucher, d'interrompre; (*of salary*) retenue, f.; (*of payment*) suspension, f.; (*in the streets*) embarras, encombrement, m. **1-per**, *n.*: personne qui arrête, qui ferme, qui bouche; chose qui arrête, qui ferme, qui bouche, f.; (*of a bottle*) bouchon, m.; (*nav.*) bosse, f. **2-per**, *tr.*: boucher; mettre un bouchon à; (*nav.*) bosser. **-plank**, *n.*: (*carp.*) poutrelle, f. **-ple**, *n.*: bouchon, m. **-valve**, *n.*: soupape d'arrêt, m. **-watch**, *n.*: montre à arrêt, f.

stōrage, *n.*: magasinage, m.

stōrax, *n.*: (*pharm.*) storax, styrax, m.: — *tree*, styrax, aliboufier, m.

1.stōre, *n.*: provision; quantité; abondance, f.; (*warehouse*) magasin, dépôt; arsenal; (*fig.*) fonds, trésor, m.: — *s*, matériel, m. *sing.*; (*milit., nav.*) vivres, m. pl.; munitions, f. pl.; matériel de guerre, m.; *in* —, en réserve; *lay in a* — *of*, faire une provision de. **2.store**, *tr.*: pourvoir; munir; approvisionner; (*fig.*) enrichir, orner: — *up*, amasser. **-house**, *n.*: magasin; dépôt; grenier public, m. **-keeper**, *n.*: garde-magasin; marchand; (*nav.*) commissaire garde-magasin, m. **-er**, personne qui amasse, f. **-ship**, *n.*: gabare, f.; transport, bâtiment de transport, m.

stōried, *adj.*: historié; rapporté par l'histoire.

stōrk, *n.*: (*orni.*) cigogne, f. **-s-bill**, *n.*: (*bot.*) bec-de-grue, m.

1.stōrm, *n.*: orage, m.; tempête, f.; (*milit.*) assaut; (*fig.*) orage, m.; *take by* —, prendre d'assaut. **2.storm**, *tr.*: donner l'assaut à; *intr.*: faire de l'orage; (*pers.*) tempêter. **-beat(en)**, *adj.*: battu par la tempête. **-bell**, *n.*: tocsin, m. **-cloud**, *n.*: nuage de tempête, m. **-iness**, *n.*: état orageux, m. **-ing**, *n.*:

(milit.) assaut, m. -jib, n.: (nav.) trinquette, f.; tourmentin, m. -y, adj.: orageux; à l'orage.

1. **story**, n.: (of a house) étage, m.: on the first, second —, au premier, au second; au premier, second étage.

2. **story**, n.: histoire, f.; conte, m.; historiette, f.; (falsehood) conte, mensonge, m.; (fig.) rumeur, f.: little —, historiette; as the — goes, à ce que dit l'histoire; the best of the —, le plus beau de l'histoire; always the old —, toujours la même chanson; that is quite another —, c'est une autre paire de manches; tell stories (falsehoods), dire des mensonges. -book, n.: livre de contes, m. -teller, n.: (narrator) conteur, m., conteuse, f.; (liar) menteur, m., menteuse, f. 1. -telling, n.: narration d'histoires (de contes), f.; mensonge, m. 2. -telling, adj.: conteur; menteur, m.

1. **stout**, adj.: (strong) vigoureux, fort; (brave) brave, courageux, vaillant; (resolute) ferme, décidé, résolu; (large) gros, fort, corpulent, qui a de l'embonpoint; (of things) vigoureux, fort, ferme, solide: have a — heart, avoir du cœur; grow —, engraisser; prendre de l'embonpoint. 2. **stout**, n.: stout (bière forte or brune), f., m. -hearted, adj.: de cœur brave, courageux. -heartedness, n.: courage résolu, m. -ly, adv.: vigoureusement; courageusement, vaillamment; fortement; bravement, fermement; résolument. -ness, n.: (strength) vigueur; (bulk) corpulence, f., embonpoint, m.; (boldness) intrépidité, bravoure; (obstinacy) obstination, f.

stove, n.: (drying-room) étuve, f.; (of iron) poêle, poêle de fonte, (poêle) calorifère, m.; (for kitchen) fourneau, m.; (for the feet) chaufferette; (hort.) serre, serre chaude, f. **stöver**, n.: fourrage, m. **stove-room**, n.: étuve, f. **stow**, tr.: arranger; placer; déposer; mettre; mettre en place; (nav.) arrimer. -age, n.: mise en place, f.; arrangement, magasinage; (nav.) arrimage, m.

1. **straddle**, intr.: enfourcher; être à califourchon sur; intr.: écarter les jambes; marcher les jambes écartées. 2. **straddle**, n.: écartement, m.; arcade (de lunettes), f.

1. **strag-gle**, intr.: s'écarter; se détacher; errer; rôder; être écarté, être éloigné; (milit.) traîner. 2. **-gle**, n.: vagabondage, m. -gler, n.: personne qui s'éloigne, qui se sépare, qui erre, f.; rôdeur, m., rôdeuse, f.; (milit.) traîneur, traîneur, m. -gling, adj.: écarté; séparé; éloigné; égaré; épars; (bot.) divariqué: — house, maison isolée.

1. **straight**, adj.: droit; (narrow) étroit; (upright) droit, équitable, juste: make —, dresser, rendre droit; make things —, arranger les choses. 2. **straight**, adv.: droit; (immediately) sur-le-champ, aussitôt, tout de suite, incontinent: — on, tout droit. -en, tr.: rendre droit; redresser; (make narrow) étrécir, rétrécir, resserrer; (reduce to difficulties) gêner, embarrasser. -ener, n.: redresseur, m.; chose qui redresse, f. -forward, adj.: droit, franc. -forwardly, adv.: avec droiture, avec franchise. -forwardness, n.: droiture, franchise, f. -ly, adv.: droit; (tightly) étroitement. -ness, n.: qualité de ce qui est droit; rectitude, droiture; (narrowness) étroitesse, f., étrécissement, rétrécissement, m.; (tightness) tension, f. -way, adv.: sur-le-champ; à l'instant; immédiatement.

1. **strain**, n.: race, famille; disposition héréditaire (naturelle), f.

2. **strain**, tr.: tendre trop; forcer; (constrain) contraindre, forcer; (sprain) se fouler; (make tighter) serrer, resserrer; (animal) forcer, outrer; (liquids) filtrer, passer; (fig.) forcer, outrer, faire violence à; intr.: s'efforcer; (of liquids) se filtrer: — one's self, se donner un effort; — every nerve to, faire tous les efforts possibles pour; — out, exprimer; — after, faire de grands efforts pour produire. 3. **strain**, n.: (stretching) extension, f.; (sprain) effort, m., entorse, foulure, f.; (style) caractère, m., manière, f.; (song) chant, m., (note) accords, accents, m. pl.; (disposition) disposition naturelle, f.; (manner of speech) ton; (nav.) effort; (fig.) élan, essor, m. -er, n.: passoire, f.; filtre, m. -ing, n.: action de forcer, d'outrer, de fouler; tension excessive, f.; (filtration) filtrage, m.: — after, grands efforts pour produire, m. pl. -ing-piece, n.: (carp.) contrevent, m.

1. **strait**, adj.: étroit; (strict) strict, rigide, rigoureux; (intimate) étroit, intime; (difficult) difficile, embarrassé, gêné; (stingy) avare, serré; (straight) droit. 2. **strait**, n.: (geog.) détroit, m.; (distress) gêne, difficulté, f. -en, tr.: étrécir; rétrécir; resserrer; (fig.) embarrasser, gêner: in — ed circumstances, gêné dans ses affaires; gêné. -jacket, n.: camisole de force, f. -laced, adj.: lacé étroitement; (constrained) raide, contraint; (strict) rigide, sévère. -ly, adv.: étroitement; (strictly) strictement; (intimately) étroitement, intimement. -ness, n.: étroitesse, f.; (difficulty) embarras, m., gêne; (strictness) rigueur, f.; (scarcity) manque, m. -s, n. pl.:

(geog.) détroit, *m. sing.* -waistcoat = jacket.

stra-mineous, *adj.*: de paille. -**mony**, *n.*: (bot.) stramonium, *m.*

1. **stránd**, *n.*: rivage, *m.*; grève, *f.*; (of a rope) toron, cordon, *m.* 2. **strand**, *tr.*: jeter à la côte; échouer; *intr.*: échouer. -**ing**, *n.*: échouement, échouage, *m.*

1. **strán-ge**, *adj.*: étrange; singulier; (unknown, foreign) étranger: — *to say*, chose étrange. 2. **-gely** = **-gely**, *adv.*: étrangement; singulièrement. -**ge-ness**, *n.*: (foreignness) caractère de ce qui est étranger, *m.*; (singularity) singularité, étrangeté, bizarrerie, *f.* -**ger**, *n.*: étranger, *m.*, étrangère, *f.*: *I am a — to that*, je suis étranger à cela; *he is a — to me*, il m'est étranger; il m'est inconnu; *become quite a —*, devenir rare comme les beaux jours; devenir bien rare.

strán-ge, *tr.*: étrangler; *intr.*: être étranglé. -**gler**, *n.*: étrangleur, *m.* -**gles**, *n. pl.*: (vet.) étranguillon, *m. sing.* -**gle-weed**, *n.*: (bot.) orobanche, *f.* -**gling**, *n.*: étranglement, *m.*; strangulation, *f.* -**gulated**, *adj.*: (surg.) étranglé. -**gulation**, *n.*: strangulation, *f.*; (surg.) étranglement, *m.* -**gury**, *n.*: (surg.) strangurie, *f.*

1. **stráp**, *n.*: courroie, *f.*; (of iron) lien; (for trousers) sous-pied, *m.* 2. **strap**, *tr.*: attacher avec une courroie; (a razor) repasser; (beat) donner les étrivières à. 1. **strappáde**, *n.*: estrapade, *f.* 2. **strappádo**, *tr.*: estrapader; torturer.

stráp-per, *n.*: gaillard bien découpé, *m.*, gaillarde bien découpée, *f.* -**ping**, *adj.*: bien découpé. -**shaped**, *adj.*: (bot.) ligulé.

stráta, *pl. of stratum*.

strá-tagem, *n.*: stratagème, *m.* -**tegy**, *n.*: stratégie, *f.*

stra-tification, *n.*: stratification, *f.* -**tify**, *tr.*: stratifier.

stratócracy, *n.*: stratocratie, *f.*

stratógraphy, *n.*: stratographie, *f.*

strátum (*pl. -s or strata*), *n.*: couche; strate, *f.*; étage, *m.*

stráv, *n.*: paille, *f.*; (fig.) fétu, *m.*: *not be worth a —*, ne pas valoir un fétu; *not care a — for*, se soucier comme d'un fétu de, comme de l'an quarante de; *pick —s*, enfilier des perles; *man of —*, homme de paille. -**bed**, *n.*: lit de paille, *m.* -**berry**, *n.*: (fruit) fraise, *f.*; (plant) fraisier, *m.* -**berry-bed**, *n.*: fraisière. -**berry-bush**, *n.*: fraisier, *m.* -**berry-tree**, *n.*: arbrusier, *m.* -**bonnet**, *n.*: chapeau de paille, *m.* -**built**, *adj.*: fait de paille. -**colour**, *n.*: couleur paille, *f.* -**coloured**, *adj.*: paille, couleur

paille. -**cutter**, *n.*: hache-paille, *m.* -**hat**, *n.*: chapeau de paille, *m.* -**mat**, *n.*: natte de paille, *f.*, paillason, *m.* -**mattres**, *n.*: paillasse, *f.* -**platter**, *n.*: nattier, *m.* -**stuffed**, *adj.*: rembourré de paille. -**y**, *adj.*: de paille; comme la paille.

1. **strây**, *intr.*: errer; vaguer; s'éloigner; s'écarter; s'égarer; *tr.*: faire errer. 2. **stray**, *adj.*: égaré; (*jur.*) épave. 3. **stray**, *n.*: bête épave, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui erre; qui vague; personne errante, égarée, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: égarement, *m.*

1. **stréak**, *n.*: raie; (*nav.*) virure, *f.*, bordage, *m.* 2. **streak**, *tr.*: rayer, barioler, bigarrer. -**y**, *adj.*: rayé.

1. **stréam**, *n.*: courant; (of a river) fil, courant; (*river*) fleuve, cours d'eau, ruisseau, *m.*, rivière, *f.*; (*fig.*) cours, jet, flot, torrent, flux, *m.*: *mountain —*, torrent, *m.*; *against the —*, contre le courant. 2. **stream**, *intr.*: couler; (*issue in streaks*) jaillir; (of a flag, etc.) flotter; *tr.*: rayer, orner de raies: — *with*, ruisseler de. -**er**, *n.*: drapeau; étendard, *m.*; enseigne; (*nav.*) banderole; (*astron.*) aurore boréale, *f.* -**ing**, *adj.*: sillonné de ruisseaux; ruisselant. -**let**, *n.*: petit ruisseau; filet d'eau, *m.* -**works**, *n. pl.*: (*metal.*) mines d'étain de lavage, *f. pl.*

stréet, *n.*: rue, *f.*: *in the open —*, en pleine rue. -**crossing**, *n.*: passage de chaussée, *m.* -**door**, *n.*: porte sur la rue, porte d'entrée, *f.* -**sweeper**, *n.*: balayeur (-euse, *f.*) de rue, *m.* -**walker**, *n.*: coureuse, prostituée, *f.*

stréngth, *n.*: force, *f.*; (*pers.*) forces, *f. pl.*; (*of materials*) résistance, force, *f.*: *with all my —*, de toutes mes forces; *upon the — of*, sous l'influence de. -**en**, *tr.*: fortifier; affermir; raffermir; *intr.*: se fortifier; s'affermir; se raffermir, se renforcer. -**ener**, *n.*: contrefort, *m.*; chose qui fortifie, *f.*; (*med.*) fortifiant, *m.* -**ening**, *adj.*: fortifiant; *n.*: fortification, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans force; faible.

stréngous, *adj.*: zélé; ferme; ardent; (*bold*) intrépide, courageux, vaillant, ardent; (*of things*) ardent, vigoureux. -**ly**, *adv.*: avec zèle; ardemment; intrépidement, courageusement, vaillamment. -**ness**, *n.*: zèle, *m.*; ardeur; activité, *f.* **stréss**, *n.*: importance; force, *f.*; poids; (*gram.*) accent prosodique; accent tonique, accent, *m.*; (*of the weather*) violence, *f.*; (*mec.*) effort, *m.*: *lay a — upon*, s'appuyer sur; mettre l'accent prosodique sur.

1. **strétch**, *tr.*: (*extend in a line*) tendre, bander; (*extend in breadth*) étendre, étirer; (*spread, as wings*) étendre, déployer;

(strain) forcer; (*enlarge, as gloves*) élargir; (*fig.*) forcer, outrer: — *one's self out full length*, s'étendre tout de son long; — *forth the hand*, tendre la main.

2-stretch, *intr.*: s'étendre; s'étirer; se déployer; (*become larger*) s'élargir, prêter; (*nav.*) s'étendre; (*exaggerate*) exagérer, gasconner: — *from*, s'étendre de; — *over*, s'étendre sur. **3-stretch**, *n.*: tension; (*force of body*) force, *f.*; (*strain*) effort, *m.*; (*min.*) direction; (*nav.*) bordée; (*fig.*) étendue, portée, *f.* — **-er**, *n.*: étendeur, *m.*, étenduse, *f.*; chose qui étend, *f.*; (*arch.*) carreau; (*of a boat*) traversin, *m.*; (*to carry a person on*) brancard, *m.*, civière, *f.* — **-ing**, *n.*: tension, *f.*; élargissement, *m.*

strōw, *tr.*: répandre; semer: — *with*, parsemer de; couvrir de; joncher de. — **-ing**, *n.*: action de répandre; jonchée, *f.*

stri-a (*pl. -æ*), *n.*: strie, striure, *f.*; (*arch.*) cannelure, *f.* — **-ate**, **-ated**, *adj.*: strié. — **-ation**, *n.*: stries, *f. pl.*; nature striée, *f.* — **-ature**, *n.*: disposition des stries, *f.*

striekl-e, **-er**, *n.*: racloire, radoire, *f.*

strict, *adj.*: (*exact*) exact, strict; (*rigorous*) rigoureux, sévère, strict; (*tight*) étroit, tendu, serré. — **-ly**, *adv.*: (*exactly*) exactement, strictement; (*rigorously*) rigoureusement, sévèrement, strictement; (*tightly*) étroitement, d'une manière tendue. — **-ness**, *n.*: (*exactness*) exactitude rigoureuse; (*rigour*) rigueur, sévérité; (*tightness*) tension, *f.*

stricture, *n.*: (*stroke*) trait, *m.*; (*censure*) critique, observation critique, *f.*; (*med.*) rétrécissement; étranglement, *m.*

1-stride, *n.*: pas; grand pas, *m.*; enjambée, *f.*: *make rapid —s*, avancer à grands pas. **2-stride** (*pret. strode*, *part. stridden*), *intr.*: marcher à grands pas; *tr.*: enjambrer; (*straddle*) se mettre à califourchon: — *over*, enjambrer.

stridulous, *adj.*: strident; perçant.

strife, *n.*: lutte; querelle, contestation; dispute, *f.*; (*opposition*) contraste, *m.*: *be at —*, être en contestation, en querelle. — **-ful**, *adj.*: querelleur; chicanier.

strigose, **strigous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) hispide.

1-strike (*pret.*, *part. struck*), *tr.*: frapper; (*dash*) jeter; (*coin*) frapper; (*affect*) frapper, saisir; (*produce*) produire; (*metal*) battre; (*a bargain*) faire; (*a mast*) abaisser; (*a flag*) amener; (*ground*) toucher; (*a light*) battre; (*a measure*) rader; (*a blow*) porter; (*root*) prendre; (*balance*) établir; (*a musical instrument*) jouer de, toucher; (*a tent*) lever; (*of clocks, etc.*) sonner: — *down*, abattre; — *in*, enfoncer; — *off*, enlever; retrancher; (*erase*) effacer, rayer, biffer; (*print*)

tirer; — *out*, faire jaillir; (*erase*) effacer, rayer, biffer; (*devise*) former, imaginer, inventer, créer; — *up*, entonner; commencer à jouer; — *any one in the face*, frapper quelqu'un à la figure; — *with astonishment*, frapper d'étonnement; — *dead*, frapper de mort; *the clock is striking nine*, la pendule sonne neuf heures: *it strikes me*, il me semble. **2-ke**, *intr.*: frapper; (*be stranded*) toucher; (*lower a ship's flag*) baisser pavillon, amener; (*of clocks, etc.*) sonner; (*hort.*) prendre racine, pousser des racines; (*of workmen*) faire grève, se mettre en grève: — *against*, frapper contre, donner contre, heurter contre; — *at*, tâcher de frapper, vouloir frapper; (*fig.*) s'attaquer à, attenter à; — *in*, arriver tout à coup; — *in with*, se conformer à; (*join with*) se joindre à; — *out*, se lancer; — *out into*, se lancer dans; se jeter dans; — *up*, commencer à jouer. **3-ke**, *n.*: radoire, racloire; (*geol.*) inclinaison de strate; (*of workmen*) grève, *f.* — **-ker**, *n.*: personne qui frappe, *f.*; (*in scripture*) homme en colère, *m.*; ouvrier en grève, *m.* **1-king**, *adj.*: frappant; remarquable; (*of colour*) marquant, tranchant. **2-king**, *n.*: action de frapper; (*of clocks, etc.*) action de sonner, *f.*; (*metal*) battage, *m.* — **-king-floor**, *n.*: aire de battage, *f.* — **-kingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière frappante, remarquablement. — **-kingness**, *n.*: caractère frappant, *m.*; nature remarquable, *f.*

1-string, *n.*: ficelle; corde, *f.*; (*of a purse, of shoes*) cordon; (*of beads*) fil, *m.*; (*of a bonnet*) bride; (*mus.*) corde; (*of a bow*) corde, *f.*; (*of the tongue*) filet; (*of plants*) filot, fil, *m.*; fibre, *f.*; (*of meat, of leguminous plants*) filandres, *f. pl.*; (*list*) kyrielle, enfilade, *f.*; (*fig.*) fil, *m.*: *have two —s to one's bow*, avoir deux cordes à son arc. **2-string** (*pret.*, *part. strung*), *tr.*: garnir de ficelle; munir de cordes; (*to strengthen*) fortifier; (*mus.*) accorder; (*beads*) enfiler; (*leguminous plants*) effiler. — **-board**, *n.*: (*of a staircase*) limon intérieur, *m.* — **-course**, *n.*: (*arch.*) cordon, *m.* — **-ed**, *adj.*: à cordes.

stringent, *adj.*: qui serre; (*fig.*) rigoureux, strict.

string-less, *adj.*: sans cordes. — **-y**, *adj.*: filamenteux; fibreux; filandreux.

1-strip, *tr.*: (*undress*) déshabiller; (*a tree*) écorcer; (*nav.*) dégréer; (*rob*) dévaliser; *intr.*: se déshabiller: — *of*, dépouiller de; — *from*, enlever à; ôter à; — *off*, enlever, ôter, arracher; lambeau; (*land*) morceau, coin, *m.* **2-strip**, *n.*: bande, *f.*

2-stripe, *n.*: raie; barre; (*long piece*) bande, *f.*; (*with a whip*) coup, *m.*; (*wale*)

marque, empreinte, *f.*; (*milit.*) galon; chevron; (*punishment*) châtement, *m.*
2.stripe, *tr.*: rayer; barrer. **-d**, *adj.*: rayé; à raies.

strip-ling, *n.*: tout jeune homme; adolescent, *m.* **-per**, *n.*: personne qui enlève, qui dépouille, qui écorce, *f.*

striv-e (*pret. strove*, *part. striven*), *intr.*: s'efforcer, tâcher; faire des efforts: — *against*, *with*, lutter contre, lutter avec; se disputer avec, rivaliser avec. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait des efforts, qui lutte, qui rivalise, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: lutte, *f.*; efforts, *m. pl.*

ströbille, *n.*: (*bot.*) strobile, *m.*

1.strö-ke, *n.*: coup; (*dash*) trait; (*of a brush*) coup de pinceau; (*of a pen*) trait de plume; (*of an oar*) coup d'aviron; (*of a piston*) coup, mouvement; (*effort*) effort, *m.*; (*touch*) touche, *f.*, trait, coup, *m.*: *great — of business*, grande affaire, *f.*; *back —*, coup de revers; *down —*, (*in writing*) plein, *m.*; *up —*, (*in writing*) délié, *m.*; *straight —*, (*in writing*) bâton, *m.* **2.-ke**, *tr.*: frapper; passer la main sur; caresser; flatter avec la main, frotter doucement. **-ker**, *n.*: personne qui caresse, qui frotte avec la main, qui frotte doucement, *f.* **-kesman**, *n.*: (*nav.*) brigadier de rameurs, *m.* **-king**, *n.*: caresses, *f. pl.*; action de caresser, *f.*

1.stroll, *intr.*: errer; flâner; se promener à l'aventure. **2.stroll**, *n.*: promenade; flânerie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: coureur; flâneur, *m.*, flâneuse, *f.*; (*vagabond*) vagabond, (*actor*) comédien ambulant, *m.*, comédienne ambulante, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: qui erre; de flâneur; ambulant; — *actor*, comédien ambulant.

strong, *adj.*: fort; (*robust*) vigoureux; (*firm*) ferme; (*ardent*) ardent, chaud; (*of the memory*) tenace; (*vehement*) véhément, violent; *smell — of*, avoir une forte odeur de; *an army a hundred thousand —*, une armée forte de cent mille hommes. **-backed**, *adj.*: fort des reins. **-coloured**, *adj.*: fortement coloré. **strong-er**, *adj.*: plus fort. **strong-est**, *adj.*: le plus fort. **-fisted**, *adj.*: qui a un poignet vigoureux. **-handed**, *adj.*: qui a les mains fortes; (*employing many hands*) qui a beaucoup d'ouvriers. **-hold**, *n.*: place forte, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: fortement; (*firmly*) fermement; (*vehemently*) véhémentement. **-minded**, *adj.*: à esprit fort. **-set**, *adj.*: fortement bâti.

strontia(n), *n.*: (*chem.*) strontiane, *f.*

1.strop, *n.*: cuir à repasser; cuir à rasoïr, *m.*; (*nav.*) élingue, *f.*: *razor —*, cuir à rasoïr. **2.strop**, *tr.*: repasser sur le cuir.

ströphe, *n.*: stance, strophe, *f.*

struc-tural, *adj.*: de structure. **-ture**, *n.*: construction, structure, *f.*; (*building*) édifice, monument, *m.*, construction, *f.*; (*anat.*) tissu, *m.*

1.struggle, *intr.*: lutter; faire de violents efforts; se débattre; se démener. **2.-e**, *n.*: lutte, *f.*; violent effort, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui lutte, qui fait de violents efforts, qui se débat, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: lutte, *f.*; effort, *m.*

sträm, *tr.*: taper sur; (*mus.*) massacrer. **sträm-a**, *n.*: (*bot.*) renflement, *m.*; (*med.*) strume, scrofule, *f.* **-öse**, **-ous**, *adj.*: strumeux.

1.sträm-pet, *n.*: prostituée, *f.* **2.-pet**, *adj.*: prostituée. **3.-pet**, *tr.*: débaucher.

1.strüt, *intr.*: se pavaner; se carrer. **2.strut**, *n.*: démarche fière, *f.*; (*carp.*) étai, *m.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui se pavane, qui se carre, *f.* **-tingly**, *adv.*: en se carrant; en se pavanant. **-ting-piece**, *n.*: (*carp.*) contrevent, *m.*

strych-nia, **-nine**, *n.*: strychnine, *f.*

1.stüb, *n.*: souche, *f.*; chicot, *m.* **2.stub**, *tr.*: déraciner, arracher. **-bed**, *adj.*: tronqué; épais; trapu; obtus; (*blunt*) émoussé; (*not delicate*) grossier. **-bed-ness**, *n.*: état de souche, état de chicot; (*bluntness*) état émoussé, *m.*

stübble, *n.*: chaume, *m.*; éteule, es-teuble, *f.*

stübborn, *adj.*: obstiné; opiniâtre; têtu; entêté; (*inflexible*) inflexible; (*stiff*) raide, inflexible; (*of metals*) réfractaire; (*constant*) opiniâtre; — *ass*, âne entêté, têtue. **-ly**, *adv.*: obstinément; opiniâtrément. **-ness**, *n.*: opiniâtreté, *f.*; entêtement, *m.*; obstination; (*inflexibility*) inflexibilité; (*stiffness*) raideur, inflexibilité; (*of metals*) nature réfractaire, *f.*

stübbly, *adj.*: plein de chaume; plein d'éteule; (*short and thick*) petit et gros; (*pers.*) trapu.

1.stücco, *n.*: stuc; ouvrage de stuc, *m.* **2.stucco**, *tr.*: revêtir de stuc.

stuck-up, *n.*: (*fam.*) hautain, fier, prétentieux; suffisant.

1.stüd, *n.*: clou, *m.*; (*on harness*) bossette, *f.*; (*of a shirt*) bouton; (*carp.*) montant; (*ornamental knob*) bouton, clou. **2.stud**, *n.*: (*of horses*) haras, *m.* **3.stud**, *tr.*: garnir de clous; (*fig.*) semer, parsemer. **-book**, *n.*: registre de chevaux de pur sang, *m.* **-ding-sail**, *n.*: (*nav.*) bonnette, *f.*

student, *n.*: étudiant, *m.*; personne studieuse, *f.*: *law —*, étudiant en droit; *medical —*, étudiant en médecine.

stud-groom, *n.*: piqueur, *m.* **-horse**, *n.*: étalon de haras, *m.*

stud-ied, *adj.*: (*learned*) instruit; érudit; (*of things*) étudié; (*premeditated*)

prémédité. **-ier**, n.: étudiant, m.; personne qui étudie, f.

stū-dio, n.: (of painter, etc.) atelier, m. **-dious**, adj.: studieux; adonné à l'étude; (diligent) diligent; (careful) soigneux; (deliberate) délibéré; (contemplative) contemplatif; (favourable to study) favorable à l'étude: — of, adonné à l'étude de; (attentive to) attentif à, soigneux de; be — to, s'étudier à, chercher à; travailler à; être empressé de; he is very — to please, il cherche, il s'étudie beaucoup à plaire. **-diously**, adv.: studieusement; (carefully) soigneusement; attentivement. **-diousness**, n.: attachement à l'étude, m.; étude, f.

1. stūdy, n.: étude; (attention) attention, f., soin, m., application, f.; (apartment) cabinet d'étude; cabinet, m.; (paint) étude; (reverie) rêverie, f.: make it one's — to, s'étudier à, chercher à; s'appliquer à. **2. study**, tr.: étudier. **3. study**, intr.: étudier; travailler; (endeavour) s'étudier; chercher, s'appliquer; (muse) méditer.

1. stūff, n.: (matter indefinitely) matière; (fabrie) étoffe, f.; (manu.) Stoff, m.; (materials) matériaux, m. pl.; étoffe, f.; (nav.) suif, doublage, m.; (essence) essence, f.; (mas.) mortier, m.; (rubbish) drogue, f., fatras, m.: —! bah! sottises! what —! quelles sottises! wretched —, méchante drogue; misérable chose; nasty —, mauvaise chose; de la cochonnerie; silly —, des sottises; des sornettes; that is all — and nonsense, c'est tout de la bêtise; bah! ce sont des bêtises. **2. stuff**, tr.: remplir; bourrer; farcir; boucher; (cook.) farcir; (dead animals) empailler; (furniture) rembourrer; intr.: se remplir; se bourrer: — in, bourrer; — up, bourrer; (a hole) boucher; (the nose) en chiffonner; —ed up with nonsense, plein d'affectation. **-ing**, n.: (cook.) farce, f. **-ing-box**, n.: boîte à étoupe, f.; serre-étoupe, m.

stultification, n.: acte de rendre ridicule. **-ify**, tr.: hébéter; rendre sot (ridicule, niais); (jur.) alléguer la faiblesse d'esprit de: — one's self, se rendre ridicule. **-illoguence** or **-illogy**, n.: sottise, f.; babillage, m.

1. stūm, n.: moût; râpé, m. **2. stum**, tr.: passer par le râpé.

1. stūmble, intr.: trébucher; broncher; faire un faux pas; (err) faillir; (of animals) broncher; tr.: faire trébucher, faire broncher, faire un faux pas à; (puzzle) embarrasser: — upon, rencontrer par hasard, tomber sur. **2. -e**, n.: faux pas, m.; (blunder) bévue, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui trébuché, qui bronche, qui fait un faux

pas, qui fait des bévues, f. **1. -ing**, n.: trébuchement, m. **2. -ing**, adj.: qui fait des faux pas, qui bronche; qui fait des bévues; (puzzling) embarrassant. **-ing-block**, **-ing-stone**, n.: pierre d'achoppement, f.

1. stūmp, n.: tronçon; (of a limb) moignon; (of a tooth) chicot; (of a cabbage) trognon; (of a pen) bout; (of a tree) tronçon, chicot, m.; (in drawing) estompe, f.: —s, (at cricket) guichet, m.; stir your —s, alerte! remuez-vous. **2. stump**, tr.: (lop) ne laisser qu'un tronçon de; (in drawing) estomper; (take all from) mettre à sec: — out, mettre à sec. **-orator**, n.: orateur de carrefour, m. **-y**, adj.: plein de tronçons; (pers.) trapu.

stūn, tr.: étourdir; (fig.) étourdir, abasourdir. **-ning**, adj.: étourdissant; (big, grand) fameux.

stūnt, tr.: empêcher de croître; rendre rabougri. **-ed**, adj.: rabougri: become —, se rabougir. **-edness**, n.: état rabougri, m.

1. stūpē, n.: (med.) lotion; fomentation. **2. stupe**, tr.: baasiner, fomentier.

† 3. stū-pe, n.: imbécile, m. **-pefaction**, n.: stupéfaction, f.; étonnement, m. **-pefactive**, adj.: stupéfactif; stupéfiant. **-peffer**, n.: chose qui hébète, qui assoupit, qui stupéfie, f. **-pefy**, tr.: hébéter; abrutir; stupéfier. **-pēdous**, adj.: étonnant; prodigieux. **-pēdously**, adv.: prodigieusement; étonnamment. **-pēdousness**, n.: grandeur prodigieuse, f. **-pid**, adj.: stupide; sot; bête: become —, devenir stupide, s'abêtir, abêtir: — thing, stupidité, f.; (pers.) bête, m., bête, f. **-pidity**, n.: stupidité; bêtise; sottise, f. **-pidly**, adv.: stupidement; sottement; bêtement. **-pidness** = stupidit. **-por**, n.: stupeur, f.

stūpr-ate, tr.: violer; déshonorer; ravir. **-ation**, n.: rapt; viol, m.

stūr-dily, adv.: hardiment, fortement, vigoureusement. **-diness**, n.: hardiesse; vigueur; force, f. **1. -dy**, adj.: hardi; vigoureux; fort. **2. -dy**, n.: (vet.) tournoiement, m.

stūrgeon, n.: (ichth.) esturgeon, m.

stūtter, tr. and intr.: bégayer; balbutier. **-er**, n.: bégue, m., f. **-ing**, n.: bégaiement, m. **-ingly**, adv.: en bégayant; en balbutiant.

1. stȳ, n.: étable à cochons, f., toit à cochons, m. **2. stȳ**, tr.: mettre dans une étable, dans un toit à cochons.

3. stȳ, n.: (boil on eye) orgelet, compère loriot, m.

stȳgian, adj.: stygien; du styx.

1. stȳ-le, n.: style, m.; (burin, m.; plume; manière d'écrire, f.); genre, m.; manière,

f.; ton; (*probe*) stylet; (*bot.*; of a *dial.*; and in *chronology*; *graver*) style, *m.*: in *good* —, dans le bon genre; d'un bon goût; in *grand* —, dans le grand genre; in *bad* —, dans le mauvais genre, d'un mauvais goût; *live in* —, avoir un train de maison; *live in first-rate* —, avoir un grand train de maison; *go on in fine* —, aller grand train; *he gave it me in fine* —, il m'en a dit d'une belle manière; il m'a arrangé d'une belle façon; il m'a fait une verte semonce; *she has no* — *about her*, elle n'a pas de ton; *his* — *is bad*, son style est mauvais.

2. **sty-lo**, *tr.*: appeler; donner le titre de ... à: — *one's self*, s'appeler; se faire appeler; se donner le titre de. — **lot**, *n.*: stylet, *m.* — **liform -ô**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) styliforme. — **lish**, *adj.*: élégant; de bon ton; de haut ton; dans le bon genre. — **lite**, *adj.*: stylite. — **lobate**, *n.*: (*arch.*) stylobate, *m.* — **loid**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) styloïde.

1. **styp-tic(al)**, *adj.*: (*med.*) styptique. 2. **-tic**, *n.*: styptique, *m.* — **-ticity**, *n.*: stypticité, *f.*

stythe, *n.*: grisou; gaz inflammable, *m.* **su-ability**, *n.*: sujétion à une action civile, *f.* **sû-able**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) capable d'être poursuivi.

sua-sible, *adj.*: facile à persuader. — **-sion**, *n.*: persuasion, *f.* — **-sive**, **-sory**, *adj.*: persuasif. — **-sively**, *adv.*: d'une manière persuasive.

suavity, *n.*: suavité, *f.*

subacid, *adj.*: acidule.

subacrid, *adj.*: un peu âcre.

sub-act, *tr.*: subjuguier; réduire. — **-action**, *n.*: réduction, *f.* — **-agent**, *n.*: sous-agent, *m.*

subalmoner, *n.*: second aumônier, *m.*

1. **subaltern**, *adj.*: subalterne. 2. **subaltern**, *n.*: subalterne; officier au-dessous de chef de bataillon, officier subalterne, *m.*

subalter-nate, *adj.*: successif, alternatif. — **-nation**, *n.*: alternation, *f.*

sub-aquatic, **-aqueous**, *adj.*: sous l'eau.

subaëstral, *adj.*: terrestre.

subcœlestial, *adj.*: terrestre.

subchantier, *n.*: sous-chantre, *m.*

subcommissioner, *n.*: sous-commissaire, *m.*

subcommittee, *n.*: sous-comité, *m.*

subcontractor, *n.*: sous-entrepreneur, *m.*

subcœstal, *adj.*: sous-costal.

subcutaneous, *n.*: sous-cutané.

sub-deacon, *n.*: sous-diacre, *m.* — **-deaconry**, **-deaconship**, *n.*: sous-diaconat, *m.* — **-dean**, *n.*: sous-doyen, *m.* — **-deanery**, *n.*: sous-doyenné, *m.*

1. **sub-divide**, *tr.*: subdiviser. 2. **-divide**, *intr.*: se subdiviser. — **-division**, *n.*: subdivision, *f.*

subdominant, *n.*: (*mus.*) sous-dominante, *f.*

sub-duable, *adj.*: domptable. — **-dual**, *n.*: réduction, *f.*; assujettissement, *m.* — **-duee**, **-duct**, *tr.*: soustraire; retirer. — **-duction**, *n.*: soustraction, *f.*; enlèvement, *m.* — **-due**, *tr.*: subjuguier; soumettre; réduire; dompter; assujettir; vaincre; maltraiter. — **-duer**, *n.*: vainqueur, *m.*; chose qui subjugué, qui maîtrise, *f.*

sub-duple, *adj.*: (*math.*) sous-double. — **-duplicate**, *adj.*: sous-doublé.

subéric, *adj.*: (*chem.*) subérique.

subinféodation, *n.*: sous-inféodation, *f.*

subjaçant, *adj.*: sujet à; situé au-dessous; inférieur; sous-jacent.

1. **sub-ject**, *adj.*: assujetti; soumis; sujet. 1. **-ject**, *n.*: sujet, *m.*; personne, *f.*; (*gram.*) sujet; (*mus.*) motif, *m.* 2. **-jëct**, *tr.*: assujettir; soumettre; (*make liable*) rendre sujet, exposer: — *one's self to*, s'exposer à; — *of a fugue*, (*mus.*) demande, *f.* — **-jëction**, *n.*: sujétion; soumission, *f.*; assujettissement, *m.*: *bring under* —, assujettir; soumettre. — **-jëctive**, *adj.*: subjectif. — **-jëctively**, *adv.*: subjectivement. — **-ject-matter**, *n.*: sujet, *m.*, matière, *f.*

subjoin, *tr.*: ajouter; joindre: — *ed*, ci-joint.

subju-gate, *tr.*: subjuguier; assujettir; soumettre. — **-gation**, *n.*: subjugation, *f.* — **-gator**, *n.*: subjuteur, vainqueur, *m.*

subjun-ction, *n.*: jonction, *f.*: in — *to*, joint à. 1. **-tive**, *n.*: (*gram.*) subjonctif, *m.*: in the —, au subjonctif. 2. **-tive**, *adj.*: joint, ajouté: — *mood*, (*gram.*) subjonctif, *m.*

sub-king, *n.*: roi tributaire, *m.*

1. **sublapsarian**, *adj.*: sublapsairien.

2. **sublapsarian**, *n.*: sublapsaire, *m.*, *f.* — **-ism**, *n.*: sublapsarianisme, *m.*

sublätion, *n.*: enlèvement, *m.*

sublöt (*pret.*, *part.* *sublet*), *tr.*: sous-louer.

sub-librarian, *n.*: sous-bibliothécaire, *m.*

sub-lieutenant, *cf.* lieutenant, *n.*: (*artil.*) sous-lieutenant, *m.*

sub-limable, *adj.*: (*chem.*) sublimable. — **-limableness**, *n.*: (*chem.*) qualité de ce qui peut être sublime, *f.* 1. **sub-limate**, *tr.*: élever; (*chem.*) sublimer. 2. **-limate**, *n.*: (*chem.*) sublimé, *m.* 3. **-limate**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) sublimé. — **-limätion**, *n.*: (*chem.*) sublimation, *f.* 1. **-lime**, *adj.*: élevé; haut; (*fig.*) sublime, imposant, majestueux, élevé. 2. **-lime**, *n.*: sublime, *m.* 3. **-lime**, *tr.*: élever; exalter; (*chem.*) sublimer;

intr.: se sublimer. **-limely**, *adv.*: d'une manière sublime; sublimement. **-limeness**, *n.*: sublimité, *f.*: sublime, *m.* **-liming-pot**, *n.*: (*chem.*) sublimatoire, *m.* **-limity**, *n.*: élévation, hauteur; (*fig.*) sublimité, *f.*, sublime, *m.*, grandeur, élévation, *f.*

sublingual, *adj.*: (*anat.*) sublingual.

sublunar, *-y*, *adj.*: sublunaire.

submarine, *adj.*: sous-marin.

sub-merge, *tr.*: submerger; plonger dans l'eau. **-mërse**, *tr.*: submerger. **-mërşion**, *n.*: submersion, *f.*

sub-mission, *n.*: soumission; résignation, *f.* **-missive**, *adj.*: soumis; humble, résigné. **-missively**, *adv.*: humblement; avec soumission. **-missiveness**, *n.*: soumission, *f.* **-mit**, *tr.*: soumettre; déferer; *intr.*: se soumettre; se résigner. **-mitter**, *n.*: personne qui se soumet, *f.*

submultiple, *n.*: (*arith.*) sous-multiple, *m.*

subnormal, *n.*: (*geom.*) sous-normale, *f.*

1. subordi-nate, *adj.*: inférieur; subordonné. **2. -nate**, *n.*: subordonné, *m.*

3. -nate, *tr.*: subordonner; (*make subject*) assujettir. **-nately**, *adv.*: subordonnement; en sous-ordre; (*in descending*) en descendant, par gradation. **-nâ-tion**, *n.*: subordination; soumission, *f.*; rang inférieur, *m.*

subörn, *tr.*: suborner; corrompre; séduire; acheter. **-âtion**, *n.*: subornation; corruption; séduction, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: suborneur, *m.*, suborneuse, *f.*

sub-pavement, *n.*: sous-fondation, *f.*

sub-perpendicular, *n.*: (*geom.*) sous-perpendiculaire, *n.*, sous-normale, *f.*

1. subpœna or subpœna-pi, *n.*: (*jur.*) citation; assignation, *f.* **2. subpœna**, *tr.*: (*jur.*) citer; assigner.

sub-prior, *n.*: sous-prieur, *m.*

sub-purchaser, *n.*: acheteur en seconde main, *m.*

sub-réctor, *n.*: sous-recteur, *m.*

subrêption, *n.*: subreption, *f.* **-tit-tious**, *adj.*: subreptice. **-reptitiously**, *adv.*: subrepticement.

subrogation, *n.*: (*jur.*) subrogation, *f.*

subrotund, *adj.*: (*bot.*) presque rond.

subsalt, *n.*: (*chem.*) sous-sel, *m.*

subscapular, *adj.*: sous-écapulaire.

sub-scribe, *tr.*: souscrire; signer; *intr.*: souscrire: — *five francs to*, souscrire pour la somme de cinq francs à; — *to a newspaper, etc.*, s'abonner, prendre un abonnement à un journal; être abonné à un journal. **-scribe**, *n.*: souscripteur; signataire; (*to a newspaper, etc.*) abonné, *m.*, abonnée, *f.* **-scription**, *n.*: souscription; signature, *f.*; (*to a newspaper, etc.*) abonnement, *m.*

sub-séction, *n.*: subdivision, *f.*

subsequen-ce, *-ey*, *n.*: postériorité, *f.* **-t**, *adj.*: subséquent; postérieur. **-tly**, *adv.*: ensuite; par la suite; subséquentement.

subsèr-ve, *tr.*: servir subordonnement; être dépendant de; servir d'instrument à. **-vience**, **-vieney**, *n.*: concours, *m.*; utilité, *f.* **-vient**, *adj.*: utile; (*subordinate*) subordonné: *make — to*, faire servir à. **-viently**, *adv.*: en sous-ordre, utilement.

sub-side, *tr.*: tomber au fond; (*become tranquil*) se calmer, s'apaiser; (*sink*) s'affaisser; (*of buildings*) tasser; (*abate*) baisser, s'abaisser. **-sidence**, **-sideney**, *n.*: affaissement, *m.*: (*of liquids*) action de tomber au fond, *f.*, dépôt; (*of buildings*) tassement, *m.* **1. -sidiary**, *adj.*: subsidiaire; auxiliaire. **2. -sidiary**, *n.*: auxiliaire, *m.* **sub-sidise**, *tr.*: subventionner; donner des subsides à. **sub-sidy**, *n.*: subside, *m.*; subvention, *f.*

1. sub-sist, *intr.*: exister; subsister. **2. sub-sist**, *tr.*: faire subsister: — *on*, subsister de; vivre de. **-ence**, **-eney**, *n.*: (*being*) existence; (*means of support*) subsistance, *f.*, entretien, moyens d'existence, *m.*; (*inherence*) inhérence, *f.* **-ent**, *adj.*: existant, qui existe; (*inherent*) inhérent.

subsoil, *n.*: (*agri.*) sous-sol, *m.*

sub-spécies, *n.*: sous-espèce, *f.*

sub-stance, *n.*: substance, *f.*; (*means of living*) moyens d'existence; (*goods*) biens, *m. pl.* **-stântial**, *adj.*: (*belonging to substance*) de substance, qui existe, substantiel; (*real*) réel, vrai; (*solid, stout*) solide, fort, substantiel; (*material*) matériel, corporel; (*well off*) aisé, à l'aise: — *proof*, preuve matérielle; — *meal*, repas solide; — *speech*, discours substantiel; — *food*, nourriture substantielle; — *man*, homme à son aise. **-stântiality**, *n.*: existence réelle, *f.* **-stântially**, *adv.*: (*solidly*) solidement, fortement; (*really*) réellement, vraiment; (*in substance*) en substance; (*at one's ease*) à l'aise, dans l'aisance; (*theol.*) substantiellement. **-stântialness**, *n.*: solidité; force, *f.* **-stântials**, *n. pl.*: parties essentielles, *f. pl.*; (*succulent food*) aliments substantiels, *m. pl.* **-stântiate**, *tr.*: faire exister; (*to establish by proof*) prouver, établir.

1. sub-stantive, *adj.*: indépendant; (*gram.*; *of colours*) substantif. **2. sub-stantive**, *n.*: (*gram.*) substantif, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: en substance; (*gram.*) substantivement.

1. sub-sti-tute, *tr.*: substituer. **2. -tute**, *n.*: substitut; remplaçant; représentant, mandataire; (*milit.*) remplaçant, *m.*; (*thing*) chose qui remplace, *f.*: *that is a —*

for, cela remplace; cela sert pour remplacer. **-tution**, *n.*: substitution; (*gram.*) syllepse, *f.*

substract = *subtract*.

substratum (*pl. -ta*), *n.*: (*min.*) couche inférieure, *f.*; (*philos.*) substratum; (*agri.*) sous-sol, *m.*

substruc-tion, -ture, *n.*: fondation, substruction, *f.*

substyle, *n.*: soustylaire, *f.*

subsultive, -tory, *adj.*: à soubresauts.

-terily, *adv.*: par soubresauts. **-tus**, *n.*: (*med.*) soubresaut, *m.*

subtangent, m.: (*geom.*) sous-tangente, *f.*

subtártarean, *adj.*: sous le Tartare; infernal.

sub-ténd, *tr.*: sous-tendre. **-tense**, *n.*: (*geom.*) sous-tendante; corde, *f.*

subterfuge, *n.*: subterfuge; détour, faux-fuyant, *m.*

subterrane, n.: souterrain, *m.* **-âne-an, -âneous**, *adj.*: souterrain.

sub-tile, *adj.*: subtil; fin; (*acute*) aigu, perçant; (*cunning*) subtil, fin, adroit; (*deceitful*) trompeur.

-tilence, -tility, -tilty, *n.*: subtilité, *f.* **-tilisation**, *n.*: subtilisation, *f.* **-tilise**, *intr.*: subtiliser; *tr.*: rendre subtil.

subtl-e, *adj.*: subtil; rusé; (*cunning*) subtil, fin. **-eness**, *n.*: finesse, *f.*; artifice, *m.* **-y**, *adv.*: finement, avec finesse; artificieusement, avec artifice.

subtrac-t, *tr.*: soustraire; retrancher; ôter; déduire. **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui soustrait, qui retranche, *f.*

-tion, *n.*: retranchement, *m.*; (*arith.*) soustraction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: qui tend à soustraire, à retrancher.

subtrahend, *n.*: (*arith.*) nombre à retrancher, *m.*

sub-tutor, *n.*: sous-précepteur, *m.*

subulate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) subulé.

sub-urb, *n.*: faubourg, *m.*: **-s**, alentours, environs, *m. pl.* **-urban, -urbial, -urbian**, *adj.*: suburbain. **-urbicarian**, *adj.*: suburbicaire.

subvention, *n.*: subvention, *f.*

sub-version, *n.*: subversion, *f.*; renversement, *m.* **-versive, -versionary**, *adj.*: subversif. **-vert**, *tr.*: subvertir, renverser, bouleverser.

-vërter, *n.*: destructeur, *m.*, destructrice, *f.*

sub-wörker, *n.*: auxiliaire; aide, *m.*

suc-cédaneous, *adj.*: qui remplace, *f.*; succédané. **-cédaneum**, *n.*: chose qui remplace, *f.*; succédané, *m.* **-céd**, *intr.*: succéder; (*prosper*) réussir, succéder; *tr.*: succéder à; suivre; (*prosper*) faire réussir, faire succéder: *he —s in everything*, il réussit en tout; tout lui réussit, lui succède; — *each other*, se succéder. **-céd-ing**, *adj.*: (*of the past*) suivant; (*of the*

future) à venir, futur; (*successive*) successif.

suc-cèss, *n.*: succès, *m.*; réussite, *f.*: *have —*, avoir du succès; réussir. **-cèss-ful**, *adj.*: qui réussit; heureux: *be —*, avoir du succès; réussir. **-cèssfully**, *adv.*: heureusement; avec succès. **-cèss-fulness**, *n.*: réussite, *f.*; succès, *m.*

-cèssion, *n.*: succession; suite, *f.*: (*to the throne*) avènement, *m.*: (*lineage*) postérité, *f.*; (*right to inherit*) droit de succession, *m.*: (*mus.*) succession; (*agri.*) rotation, *f.*: *in —*, successivement. **-cèssive**, *adj.*: successif. **-cèssively**, *adv.*: successivement. **-cèssiveness**, *n.*: nature successive, *f.* **-cèssless**, *adj.*: sans succès; malheureux, infortuné. **-cèssor**, *n.*: successeur, *m.*

succinet, *adj.*: succinct. **-ly**, *adv.*: succinctement. **-ness**, *n.*: concision; brièveté, *f.*

1. succor, *tr.*: secourir; aider; (*a mast*) renforcer; (*cable*) fortifier. **2. succor**, *n.*: secours, *m.*; aide; assistance, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui donne du secours, qui apporte du secours, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans secours.

succory, *n.*: (*bot.*) chicorée, *f.*

succour, *etc.* = *succor*, *etc.*

succu-lence, -lency, *n.*: abondance de suc, *f.*; suc, *m.* **-lent, -lous**, *adj.*: succulent; plein de jus, plein de suc.

succumb, *intr.*: succomber, céder.

succu-sation, -sion, *n.*: action de secouer; secousse, *f.*

süch, *adj.*: tel; certain: — *a(n) one*, un tel, *m.*, une telle, *f.*: — *a(n) one as*, tel que; — *as you*, tel que vous; — *as do not like*, ceux qui n'aiment pas; tels qui n'aiment pas; — *as it is*, tel quel, *m.*, telle quelle, *f.*; — *and —*, tel et tel; *these verses are of — a poet*, ces vers sont de tel poète; *Mfr. — a(n) one*, Monsieur un tel; *we have walked — a way that*, nous avons tellement marché que; *he remained — a time that*, il est resté si longtemps que; *it is — a way*, c'est si loin; *he is — a bore*, il est si ennuyeux, si assommant; *continue —*, continuez ainsi, tel; *at — a time*, à un tel moment; *you are — a man!* vous êtes si galant, si brave, si farceur, etc.; *it is no — thing*, il n'en est rien.

1. suck, *tr.*: sucer; (*the teat*) teter, têter; (*inhale*) aspirer, pomper; (*absorb*) absorber, boire; *intr.*: sucer; (*of young things*) teter, têter; (*draw in*) aspirer: — *in*, sucer; (*absorb*) absorber; (*inhale*) aspirer; (*believe*) gober; — *in with one's milk*, sucer avec le lait; — *out*, sucer; tirer, vider (en suçant); — *up*, aspirer; (*absorb*) absorber; — *out of*, puiser dans, tirer de. **2. suck**, *n.*: sucement, *m.*; as-

piration, *f.*; (milk) lait; (sugar-stick) sucre d'orge, *m.*: *give — to*, donner le sein à, donner à téter à, allaiter. **-er**, *n.*: sucer; (of a pump) piston; (ent.) sucoir; (bot.) drageon, *m.* **-et**, *n.*: sucrerie, *f.* **1-ing**, *n.*: sucement, *m.*; suction; (of liquids) aspiration, *f.* **2-ing**, *adj.*: qui suce; qui tette; qui absorbe; qui aspire: — *child*, enfant à la mamelle; — *pig*, cochon de lait. **-ing-bottle**, *n.*: biberon, *m.* **-ing-fish**, *n.*: rémora, *m.*; rémore, *f.*; sucet, *m.* **-ing-pump**, *n.*: pompe aspirante, *f.* **-le**, *tr.*: allaiter; nourrir. **-ling**, *n.*: enfant à la mamelle; nourrisson; (animal) animal qui tette encore, *m.*

suc-tion, *n.*: suction; aspiration; absorption, *f.*; sucement, *m.* **-tôrial**, **-tôri-ous**, *adj.*: suceur.

sudat-ion, *n.*: sudation, *f.* **sudatory**, *adj.*: sudatoire.

1.sudden, *adj.*: subit; soudain; inopiné; imprévu: — *death*, mort subite, *f.* **2.sudden**, *n.*: événement soudain, *m.*: *all of a —*, tout à coup. **-ly**, *adv.*: subitement; soudainement; tout à coup, soudain. **-ness**, *n.*: soudaineté; promptitude, *f.*

sudori-ferous, *adj.*: (anat.) sudoripare.

1.-fic, *n.*: sudorifique, *m.* **2.-fic**, *adj.*: sudorifique; sudorifique.

suds, *n. pl.*: eau de savon; lessive, *f. sing.*

sue, *tr.*: poursuivre; poursuivre en justice; (of a hawk) s'essuyer; *intr.*: poursuivre en justice: — *out*, obtenir par pétition; — *for*, poursuivre en; — *for damages*, poursuivre en dommages-intérêts; — *for*, solliciter, demander; — *to*, s'adresser à.

suet, *n.*: graisse, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: de graisse; gras; ressemblant à la graisse.

suffer, *tr.*: souffrir; supporter; endurer; (undergo) subir; (permit) souffrir, laisser, permettre; (sustain) éprouver, essayer; *intr.*: souffrir: — *losses*, éprouver des pertes; — *punishment*, subir, souffrir une peine; — *me to tell you*, permettez moi de vous dire, souffrez que je vous dise; — *one's self to be deceived*, se laisser tromper; — *for*, souffrir de; pâtir de, porter la peine de. **-able**, *adj.*: supportable; tolérable; permis. **-ably**, *adv.*: d'une manière supportable. **-ance**, *n.*: (toleration) tolérance, permission; (endurance) souffrance; (patience) patience, modération, *f.*: *bill of —*, lettre d'exemption des droits de la douane, *f.*; *you are here only on —*, vous n'êtes ici que par tolérance; *at —*, (jur.) par tolérance. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui souffre; victime, *f.*; patient, *m.*; (one who permits) personne qui permet, *f.*: *fellow—*, compagnon d'infortune; de

a — *by*, être victime de; *yes, but I am the —*, oui, mais c'est moi qui en souffre, qui en pâtit. **-ing**, *n.*: souffrance, douleur, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec douleur, en souffrant.

suf-fice **-fiz**, *intr.*: suffire; *tr.*: suffire à; satisfaire: — *it to say*, qu'il suffise de dire. **-ficiency**, **-ficiency**, *n.*: suffisance; (ability) capacité; (competence) fortune suffisante, aisance; (vanity) suffisance, *f.*: a — *of*, suffisamment de, assez de. **-ficient**, *adj.*: suffisant; assez; (fit) capable: — *for*, suffisant pour, qui suffit à; — *unto the day is the evil thereof*, à chaque jour suffit sa peine. **-ficiently**, *adv.*: suffisamment, assez.

1.suffix, *n.*: (gram.) terminaison, *f.*; suffixe, *m.* **2.suffix**, *tr.*: ajouter.

suffo-cate, *tr.*: suffoquer; étouffer; asphyxier. **-cating**, *adj.*: suffoquant; asphyxiant. **-catingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière suffoquante. **-cation**, *n.*: suffocation, *f.*; étouffement, *m.* **-cative**, *adj.*: suffoquant; étouffant.

1.suf-fragan, *adj.*: suffragant: — *bishop*, évêque suffragant, *m.* **2.-fragan**, *n.*: suffragant, *m.* **-frage**, *n.*: suffrage, *m.*: *manhood —*, suffrage universel; — *s*, (in the liturgy) suffrages, *m. pl.*

suffumi-gate, *tr.*: (med.) fumer. **-ga-tion**, *n.*: suffumigation, *f.*

suffu-se, *tr.*: couvrir; se répandre sur; s'épancher sur: *her face was —d with blushes*, une rougeur s'était répandue sur son visage. **-sion**, *n.*: action de couvrir, *f.*; épanchement; (med.) épanchement, *m.*, suffusion, *f.*; (surg.) cataracte, *f.*

1.sugar, *n.*: sucre, *m.*: *brown —*, sucre brut; *moist —*, cassonade, *f.*; *raw —*, sucre brut; *barley —*, sucre d'orge; *loaf of —*, pain de sucre, *m.*; *lump of —*, morceau de sucre, *m.*; *lump —*, sucre en pain; — *and water*, eau sucrée, *f.* **2.sugar**, *tr.*: sucrer; (fig.) adoucir. **-baker**, raffineur de sucre, *m.* **-basin**, *n.*: sucrier, *m.* **-candy**, *n.*: sucre candi, *m.* **-cane**, *n.*: canne à sucre, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: sucré; doux; mielleux. **-house**, *n.*: sucrerie, *f.* **1.-loaf**, *n.*: pain de sucre, *m.* **2.-loaf**, *adj.*: en pain de sucre. **-maple**, *n.*: (bot.) érable à sucre, *m.* **-mill**, *n.*: moulin à sucre, *m.* **-mite**, *n.*: (ent.) lépisme du sucre, *m.* **-mould**, *n.*: forme à sucre, *f.* **-nippers**, *n. pl.*: pinces à sucre, *f. pl.* **-plantation**, *n.*: plantation de cannes à sucre, *f.* **-planter**, *n.*: planteur de cannes à sucre, *m.* **-plum**, *n.*: dragée, *f.* **-refiner**, *n.*: raffineur de sucre, *m.* **-refinery**, *n.*: raffinerie de sucre, *f.* **-refining**, *n.*: raffinage de sucre, *m.* **-tongs**, *n. pl.*: pinces, pinces à sucre, *f. pl.* **-trade**, *n.*:

commerce des sucres, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: sucrerie, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: sucré; sucrin; (*fond of sugar*) qui aime le sucre.

sugè-scent, *adj.*: qui sert à l'allaitement.

suggès-t, *tr.*: suggérer; inspirer: *to be —ed*, se suggérer. **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui suggère, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: suggestion, inspiration; impulsion; instigation; (*jur.*) déposition sans serment, *f.*: *on my —*, à ma suggestion. **-tive**, *adj.*: qui inspire; qui suggère.

sui-cidal, *adj.*: de suicide. **-cide**, *n.*: suicide, *m.*: *to commit —*, se suicider.

1.sùit, *n.*: collection, *f.*; nombre complet; assortiment, *m.*; (*at cards*) couleur; (*solicitation*) sollicitation, demande; (*petition*) pétition, requête; (*courtship*) recherche en mariage, cour; (*pursuit*) poursuite; (*jur.*) action, poursuite, *f.*, procès, *m.*: *bring a —*, (*jur.*) intenter une action, une poursuite; — *of armour*, armure complète, *f.*; — *of clothes*, habillement complet, *m.*; *follow —*, (*at cards*) servir, donner de la couleur jouée. **2.suit**, *tr.*: (*adapt*) adapter, approprier; (*become*) convenir à, aller à, arranger; (*please*) plaire à; (*clothe*) revêtir; *intr.*: s'accorder; convenir: *that just —s me*, cela me convient, me va, m'arrange, fait mon affaire; — *the action to the word*, mettre ses actions d'accord avec ses paroles, faire répondre ses actions à ses discours; *if that — you*, si cela vous convient, vous plaît. **-able**, *adj.*: convenable: — *to*, adapté à. **-ableness**, *n.*: convenance, *f.*; accord, *m.*; conformité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: convenablement; conformément. **-e**, *n.*: suite, *f.*; cortège, *m.*; (*series*) suite; (*of rooms*) enfilade, *f.*: — *of apartments*, appartement, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: pétitionnaire, *m.*, *f.*; sollicitateur, *m.*; solliciteuse, *f.*; suppliant, *m.*, suppliante, *f.*; (*lover*) amant, soupirant; (*jur.*) plaideur, *m.*, plaideuse, *f.* **-ress**, *n.*: suppliante, *f.*

sùicat-e, **-ed**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) sillonné.

sùlk, *intr.*: boudier; faire la mine: — *with*, boudier. **-ily**, *adv.*: en boudant; en faisant la mine. **-iness**, *n.*: bouderie; humeur boudeuse, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: bouderie, *f.* **1.-y**, *adj.*: boudeur; qui fait la mine: *be —*, être boudeur; boudier. **2.-y**, *n.*: (*carriage*) désobligeante, *f.*

sùllen, *adj.*: maussade, de mauvaise humeur; morose, bourru; (*malignant*) mal-faisant; (*intractable*) obstiné, revêche, intraitable; (*gloomy*) sombre, triste; (*sorrowful*) affligé, funeste. **-ly**, *adv.*: maussadement, de mauvaise humeur; (*malignantly*) malignement; (*intractably*) d'une manière intraitable; (*gloomily*) tristement. **-ness**, *n.*: maussaderie; mauvaise humeur; morosité; (*malignity*)

malignité; (*intractableness*) humeur in-traitable; (*gloominess*) humeur sombre, tristesse, *f.*

sùlly, *tr.*: souiller; ternir; *intr.*: se ternir.

sùl-phate, *n.*: sulfate, *m.* **-phatic**, *adj.*: sulfaté. **-phite**, *n.*: sulfite, *m.* **-phur**, *n.*: soufre, *m.* **1.-phurate**, *adj.*: sulfuré. **2.-phurate**, *tr.*: convertir en sulfure. **-phuràtion**, *n.*: sul-furation, *f.* **-phureous**, **-phurous**, **-phury**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) sulfureux. **-phureousness**, *n.*: état sulfureux, *m.* **-phureously**, *adv.*: au moyen du soufre. **-phuret**, *n.*: sulfure, *m.* **-phuretted**, *adj.*: sulfuré. **-phurio**, *adj.*: sulfurique. **-phurous**, **-phury** = *sul-phureous*. **-phur-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) peu-cédan; fenouil de porc, *m.*

sùl-tan, *n.*: sultan; (*of Egypt*) soudan, *m.* **-tana**, **-taness**, *n.*: sultane, *f.* **-tanry**, *n.*: sultanie, *f.* **-tanship**, *n.*: sultanat, *m.* *His —*, Sa Hauteesse, *f.*

sùl-triness, *n.*: chaleur étouffante, *f.* **-try**, *adj.*: d'une chaleur étouffante; étouffant, suffocant: *it is very —*, il fait une chaleur étouffante.

1.sùm, *n.*: somme, *f.*; (*compendium*) ré-sumé; (*height*) comble, *m.*; (*arith.*) règle, *f.*; (*in Scripture*) dénombrement, *m.*: *set any one a —*, (*arith.*) poser une règle à quelqu'un; — *total*, somme totale, *f.*; *total*, *m.* **2.sum**, *tr.*: additionner; (*condense*) résumer: — *up*, (*arith.*) additionner, faire l'addition de, le total de, la somme de, prendre la somme de, le total de; résumer; — *ming up*, addition; (*jur.*) résumé.

sùmac, **sùmach**, *n.*: sumac, *m.*

sùm-less, *adj.*: incalculable. **-marily**, *adv.*: sommairement. **-mary**, *n.*: sommaire, précis, résumé, *m.* **-mary**, *adj.*: sommaire.

1.sùmmer, *n.*: été, *m.* **2.summer**, *tr.*: tenir chaudement; *intr.*: passer l'été. **-freckle**, *n.*: tache de rousseur, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: pavillon, *m.*; (*residence*) habitation d'été, *f.*

sùmmersault = *somersault*.

sùmmer-tree, *n.*: (*carp.*) lambourde, *f.*

sùmmit, *n.*: sommet, *m.*; cime, *f.*; (*fig.*) comble, falte, *m.* **-level**, *n.*: point de partage, *m.*

sùmmon, *tr.*: convoquer; sommer; (*jur.*) citer, assigner; (*call*) appeler, demander, réclamer, inviter: — *away*, appeler, ré-clamer; — *up*; (*excite*) exciter; (*call up*) rassembler; — *a meeting*, convoquer une assemblée; — *the rioters to disperse*, sommer les émeutiers de se disperser. **-or**, *n.*: personne qui convoque, qui cite, qui somme, *f.*; (*jur.*) huissier commis, *m.*

- g**, n.: sommation; convocation; invitation, *f.*; appel, *m.*; (*jur.*) assignation, citation, *f.*, mandat de comparution, *m.*: *take out a — against*, envoyer une assignation à.
- sūmp**, n.: réservoir de marais salant; (*mines*) puisard, *m.*
- sūmpter-horse**, n.: cheval de somme, *m.*
- sūmptu-ary**, *adj.*: somptuaire. **-ous**, *adj.*: somptueux. **-ously**, *adv.*: somptueusement. **-ousness**, n.: somptuosité, *f.*
- 1. sūn**, n.: soleil; (*fig.*) éclat, *m.*: *the — is down, up*, le soleil est couché, levé; *the — is high up*, il fait grand soleil; *the — shines*, il fait du soleil; *worship the rising sun*, adorer le soleil levant. **2. sun**, *tr.*: chauffer au soleil; — *one's self*, se chauffer au soleil. **-beam**, n.: rayon de soleil, *m.* **-beat**, *adj.*: exposé au soleil. **-bright**, *adj.*: qui a l'éclat du soleil, *m.* **-burning**, n.: hâle, *m.* **-burnt**, *adj.*: brûlé par le soleil; hâlé, basané. **-clad**, *adj.*: revêtu de l'éclat du soleil; radieux. **Sūn-day**, n.: dimanche, *m.*
- 1. sūnder**, *tr.*: séparer; couper; rompre. **2. sunder**, n.: séparation en deux parties, *f.*: *in —*, en deux.
- sūn-dew**, n.: (*bot.*) rosée-du-soleil, *f.*, rosolis, *m.* **-dial**, n.: cadran solaire, *m.* **-dried**, *adj.*: séché au soleil.
- sūn-dries**, n.: diverses choses, *f. pl.*; faux frais; (*com.*) divers, *m. pl.* **-dry**, *adj.*: divers.
- sūn-fish**, n.: (*icht.*) molle, lune de mer, *f.* **-flower**, n.: hélianthe; soleil, tournesol, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans soleil. **-light**, n.: lumière du soleil, *f.* **-like**, *adj.*: semblable au soleil. **-ny**, *adj.*: de soleil; (*bright*) brillant comme le soleil; (*exposed to the sun*) exposé au soleil; (*coloured by the sun*) coloré du soleil; (*fig.*) riant, heureux: — *side of a hill*, côté d'une colline exposé au soleil; — *side of nature*, le beau côté de la nature; *it is —*, il fait du soleil. **-proof**, *adj.*: impénétrable aux rayons du soleil. **-rise**, **-rising**, n.: lever du soleil; soleil levant, *m.* **-rose**, n.: (*bot.*) hélianthème, *m.*; fleur du soleil, *f.* **-set**, **-setting**, n.: coucher du soleil; soleil couchant, *m.* **1. -shine**, n.: clarté du soleil, *f.*; soleil; (*fig.*) bonheur, éclat, *m.*: *in the —*, au soleil. **2. -shine**, **-shiny**, *adj.*: de soleil; brillant comme le soleil. **-stroke**, n.: coup de soleil, *m.*; insolation, *f.*
- 1. sūp**, *tr.*: (*sip*) boire à petits coups, humer, siroter; (*give supper to*) donner à souper à; *intr.*: souper: — *up*, boire. **2. sup**, n.: petit coup, *m.*; goutte légère, gorgée, *f.*
- super-able**, *adj.*: surmontable. **-able-ness**, n.: qualité de ce qui est surmon-
- table, possibilité de surmonter, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: de manière à être surmonté.
- super-abōund**, *intr.*: surabonder.
- abundance**, n.: surabondance, *f.*
- abundant**, *adj.*: surabondant. **-abundantly**, *adv.*: surabondamment.
- supera-cidulated**, *adj.*: trop acidulé.
- super-add**, *tr.*: surajouter. **-addition**, n.: surcroît, *m.*; chose surajoutée, *f.*
- superānu-ate**, *tr.*: rendre suranné; affaiblir par l'âge; (*pension off*) mettre à la retraite. **-ated**, *adj.*: suranné; (*pensioned off*) mis à la retraite, retraité, en retraite. **-ation**, n.: incapacité produite par l'âge; (*pensioning off*) mise à la retraite; pension de retraite, *f.*
- supērb**, *adj.*: superbe. **-ly**, *adv.*: superbement.
- supercargo**, n.: subrécargue, *m.*
- supercēlēstial**, *adj.*: plus que céleste.
- super-ciliary**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) sourcilier.
- cilious**, *adj.*: hautain, arrogant, impérieux, fier. **-ciliously**, *adv.*: avec hauteur; arrogantement, fièrement. **-ciliousness**, n.: hauteur, arrogance, *f.*
- superēmi-nence**, **-nency**, n.: prééminence, supériorité, *f.* **-nent**, *adj.*: suréminent, prééminent, très supérieur. **-nently**, *adv.*: très éminemment.
- super-ērogate**, *intr.*: faire plus que l'on n'est obligé. **-erogātion**, n.: surérrogation, *f.* **-erogative**, **-erogatory**, *adj.*: surérrogatoire.
- superexalt**, *tr.*: élever très haut. **-ation**, n.: élévation au suprême degré, *f.*
- super-ēxcellence**, n.: excellence supérieure, *f.* **-ēxcellent**, *adj.*: très excellent.
- superexerēscence**, n.: excroissance, *f.*
- superfecūndity**, n.: fécondité excessive, *f.*
- super-fētate**, **-fête**, *intr.*: concevoir par superfétation, *f.*
- super-fīcial**, *adj.*: de superficie; superficiel; (*fig.*) superficiel, léger. **-fīciality**, n.: superficialité, *f.* **-fīcially**, *adv.*: superficiellement. **-fīcialness**, n.: nature superficielle, *f.*; manque de profondeur, *m.* **-fīctes**, n.: superficie, *f.*
- super-fīne**, *adj.*: superfine, très fin. **-fīlity**, n.: superfinité, *f.*; superfine, *m.*
- superfīgous**, *adj.*: superfine. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec superfinité. **-ness**, n.: superfinité, *f.*; superfine, *m.*
- superfīne**, n.: superfine, *m.*
- superhūman**, *adj.*: surhumain.
- super-impōse**, *tr.*: superposer. **-imposition**, n.: superposition, *f.*
- superincūbent**, *adj.*: placé au-dessus, superposé.
- superin-dūce**, *tr.*: ajouter, donner en

plus. **-duction**, *n.*: introduction; action d'ajouter en plus, *f.*

superintellèctuel, *adj.*: au-dessus de l'intelligence.

superintend, *tr.*: surveiller. **-ence**, **-ency**, *n.*: surintendance; surveillance; direction, *f.* **-ent**, *n.*: chef; surintendant, *m.*, surintendante, *f.*; surveillant, *m.*, surveillante, *f.*; (in reformed churches) supérieur, *m.*

1. supéri-or, *adj.*: supérieur. **2.-or**, *n.*: supérieur, *m.*, supérieure, *f.* **-ority**, *n.*: supériorité, *f.*

1. supérative, *adj.*: au suprême degré; suprême; le plus haut; (*gram.*) superlatif. **2. superlative**, *n.*: (*gram.*) superlatif, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: au superlatif, au suprême degré, superlativement. **-ness**, *n.*: suprême degré, *m.*

superlunar, **-y**, *adj.*: au delà de la lune. **supermundane**, *adj.*: au-dessus du monde.

supérnal, *adj.*: supérieur; céleste.

super-nànt, *adj.*: qui surnage. **-nàtion**, *n.*: action de surnager, *f.*

supernàtural, *adj.*: surnaturel. **-ism**, *n.*: surnaturalité, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: surnaturellement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère surnaturel, *m.*

1. supernumèrary, *adj.*: surnuméraire; (*of things*) supplémentaire. **2. supernumerary**, *n.*: surnuméraire; (*theat.*) figurant, *m.*, *ante*, *f.*; comparse, *m.* or *f.*

superplus, *n.*: surplus, excédent, *m.*

super-pôse, *tr.*: superposer. **-position**, *n.*: superposition, *f.*

superrôyal, *adj.*: (*paper*) jésus.

sûpersalt, *n.*: (*chem.*) sursel, *m.*

supersàtu-rate, *tr.*: sursaturer. **-ràtion**, *n.*: sursaturation, *f.*

super-scribe, *tr.*: mettre une suscription, une adresse, une inscription à. **†-script**, **-scription**, *n.*: action de mettre une suscription; adresse, suscription; (*coin.*) légende, *f.*

supersécular, *adj.*: au-dessus des choses mondaines.

superséd-e, *tr.*: (*set aside*) faire abandonner; (*suspend*) suspendre; (*come in the room of*) se substituer à, remplacer; (*be put in the room of*) remplacer. **-eas**, *n.*: (*jur.*) sursais, *m.*

superstition, *n.*: superstition, *f.* **-ist**, *n.*: homme superstitieux, femme superstitieuse.

superstitious, *adj.*: superstitieux. **-ly**, *adv.*: superstitieusement. **-ness**, *n.*: caractère superstitieux, *m.*

superstratum, *n.*: couche superposée, *f.*

superstruc-t, *tr.*: bâtir sur, surélever un bâtiment. **-tion** = *superstructure*. **-tive**, *adj.*: bâti sur une autre bâtisse.

-ture, *n.*: édifice, *m.*; construction, superstructure, *f.*

supersubstàntial, *adj.*: plus que substantiel.

supersubtle, *adj.*: trop rusé.

supersûlphuretted, *adj.*: sursulfuré.

super-terrène, *adj.*: au-dessus du sol.

-terrestrial, *adj.*: au-dessus des choses terrestres.

supertonic, *n.*: (*mus.*) surtonique, *f.*

super-vène, *intr.*: survenir. **-vénient**, *adj.*: qui survient; survenant.

-vén-tion, *n.*: arrivée inopinée; (*jur.*) surveillance, *f.*

super-vise, *tr.*: surveiller, veiller à.

-vision, *n.*: surveillance, inspection, *f.*

-visor, *n.*: inspecteur, surveillant; réviseur, *m.*

supi-nàtion, *n.*: supination, *f.* **-nàtor**, *n.*: supinateur, *m.*

1. supine, *adj.*: couché sur le dos; renversé; incliné; (*fig.*) nonchalant, oisif, indolent. **2. supine**, *n.*: supin, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: couché sur le dos; (*fig.*) nonchalamment, avec négligence. **-ness**, *n.*: supination; (*fig.*) indolence, nonchalance, *f.*

sûpper, *n.*: souper, soupé, *m.*: Lord's —, Cène; sainte Cène, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans souper.

-time, *n.*: temps de souper, *m.*

supplânt, *tr.*: supplanter; (*trip up the heels of*) renverser par un croc-en-jambe.

-àtion, *n.*: supplantation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: supplantateur, *m.*

1. sùpple, *adj.*: souple, flexible; (*flattering*) flatteur, caressant. **2. sùpple**, *tr.*: assouplir; *intr.*: s'assouplir.

sùpple-ment, *n.*: supplément, *m.*

-mental, **-mentary**, *adj.*: supplémentaire.

sùppleness, *n.*: souplesse, flexibilité, *f.*

sùpple-tive, **-tory**, *adj.*: supplétif.

1. sùppli-ant, *adj.*: suppliant. **2.-ant**, *n.*: suppliant, *m.*, suppliante, *f.*: (*jur.*)

requérant, *m.*, requérante, *f.* **-antly**, *adv.*: en suppliant.

-cant, *n.*: suppliant, *m.*, suppliante, *f.* **-cate**, *tr.*: supplier;

implorer. **-càtion**, *n.*: supplication;

supplique; prière, *f.* **-catery**, *adj.*: suppliant, de supplication.

supplier, *n.*: personne qui fournit, *f.*; fournisseur, *m.*

1. sup-plý, *tr.*: (*furnish*) fournir; offrir; (*serve instead of*) suppléer à, remplacer;

(*a vacancy*) remplir; (*wants*) pourvoir à, subvenir à; (*com.*) être fournisseur de; —

with, fournir à; pourvoir à; approvisionner de; alimenter de; — *what is want-*

ing, suppléer ce qui manque; — *the poor with food*, fournir de la nourriture, de

quoi manger aux pauvres; *I — him with goods*, je lui fournis des marchandises; *I*

— him, je suis son fournisseur. **2.-ply**,

n.: provision, fourniture, *f.*; approvisionnement, *m.*: *supplies (of parliament)*, subside, *m. pl.*; budget des dépenses, *m. sing.*; *vote the supplies*, voter les subside, le budget, les dépenses; *cut off the supplies of*, couper les vivres à; *take in a — of*, faire une provision de; *bill of —*, projet de loi de finance; *committee of —*, comité de subside et dépenses, *m.* - **plying**, *n.*: fourniture *f.*; approvisionnement, *m.*

1. support, *tr.*: soutenir; supporter; porter; (*endure*) supporter, endurer, souffrir; (*sustain, uphold*) soutenir; (*second*) appuyer; (*keep up*) soutenir, entretenir; (*provide with the necessities of life*) entretenir, nourrir, soutenir, pourvoir à: — *one's self*, se soutenir; (*keep one's self*) s'entretenir; se suffire à soi-même. **2. support**, *n.*: action de supporter, de soutenir, *f.*; (*prop.*) soutien, support, appui; (*upholding*) maintien; (*subsistence*) entretien, soutien, *m.*, nourriture, subsistance, *f.*; (*fig.*) soutien, appui, *m.*, protection, *f.*: *in — of*, à l'appui de; *for my —*, pour mon entretien; *with the favour of your —*, à la faveur de votre appui, de votre protection. - **able**, *adj.*: supportable; (*that can be maintained*) soutenable. - **ableness**, *n.*: état supportable, état tolérable, *m.* - **er**, *n.*: personne qui supporte, qui soutient, *f.*; (*prop.*) support, soutien; (*her.*) support; (*adherent*) adhérent, partisan; (*sustainer*) appui, soutien; (*defender*) défenseur, *m.* - **less**, *adj.*: sans soutien; sans appui.

sup-pōsable, *adj.*: supposable. - **pōsal**, *n.*: supposition, *f.* - **pōse**, *tr.*: supposer; *that being — d*, cela supposé; — *d to be*, supposé être; sensé être. - **pōser**, *n.*: personne qui suppose, *f.* - **pōsition**, *n.*: supposition; hypothèse, *f.* - **pōsitional**, *adj.*: hypothétique. - **pōsitiōus**, *adj.*: supposé; faux; contrefait. - **pōsitiōusly**, *adv.*: par une supposition, hypothétiquement. - **pōsitiōusness**, *n.*: nature fautive, *f.* - **pōsitive**, *adj.*: supposé. **2. pōsitive**, *n.*: mot qui implique supposition, *m.* - **pōsitiōusly**, *adv.*: par supposition, par hypothèse. - **pōsitory**, *n.*: suppositoire, *m.*

sup-press, *tr.*: (*overpower*) réprimer; (*withhold from publicity*) taire, supprimer; (*stifle*) étouffer; (*stop*) arrêter. - **prēssion**, *n.*: suppression; répression, *f.* - **prēssive**, *adj.*: qui réprime, qui supprime, qui étouffe; répressif. - **prēssor**, *n.*: personne qui réprime, qui supprime, qui étouffe, *f.*

suppu-rate, *intr.*: suppurer. - **rātion**, *n.*: suppuration, *f.* - **1. rative**, *adj.*: suppuratif. **2. rative**, *n.*: suppuratif, *m.*

sup-putātion, *n.*: supputation, *f.* - **pūte**, *tr.*: supputer, calculer.

supraeciliary, *adj.*: sourcilier.

supramundane, *adj.*: supramondain.

supranaturalism, *n.*: surnaturalité, *f.*

suprarénal, *adj.*: surrénal.

supravulgar, *adj.*: au-dessus du vulgaire.

su-prēmacie, *n.*: suprémacie, *f.* - **prēme**, *adj.*: suprême. - **prēmely**, *adv.*: au suprême degré; (*of authority*) avec une autorité suprême.

sūral, *adj.*: sural.

sūrbāse, *n.*: (*arch.*) corniche de lambris d'appui, *f.* - **d**, *adj.*: surbaissé; à corniche.

surbāte, *tr.*: meurtrir les pieds en marchant; (*vet.*) rendre solbatu; (*harass*) harasser.

sureāse, *n.*: cessation, *f.*

1. sur-chāge, *tr.*: surcharger.

2. -chāge, *n.*: surcharge, *f.* - **-chāger**, *n.*: personne qui surcharge, *f.*

sureingle, *n.*: ceinture, *f.*; surfaix, *m.* - **d**, *adj.*: lié avec un surfaix.

sūrcle, *n.*: petit rejeton, *m.*

1. sūrd, *adj.*: (*math.*) incommensurable; (*linguist.*) sourd, fort. **2. sūrd**, *n.*: (*math.*) quantité incommensurable, irrationnelle; (*linguist.*) (consonne) sourde, forte, *f.*

sūre, *adj.*: sûr, certain; (*not liable to failure*) sûr, assuré; (*permanent*) permanent; (*secure, steady*) sûr; (*stable*) stable: *be — of*, être sûr de, certain de; *his income is —*, son revenu est sûr, assuré; *a — man*, un homme sûr; *have a — eye*, avoir le coup d'œil sûr; *be — to*, *to be —*, sûrement, assurément, certainement, à coup sûr; *as — as a gun*, sûr comme père et mère; *be — to*, ne pas manquer de; *be — of*, soyez sûr de; *be — not to*, se garder de; être sûr de ne pas; *make — of*, (*secure*) s'assurer de, s'emparer de; (*think one is sure to*) se croire sûr de; (*rely on*) compter sur. **2. sūre**, *adv.*: sûrement, assurément; certainement, à coup sûr; en sûreté. - **ness**, *n.*: certitude, *f.* - **-ty**, *n.*: (*certainty*) certitude; (*safety*) sûreté, sécurité, *f.*; (*support*) soutien, appui; (*evidence*) témoignage, *m.*, confirmation, *f.*; (*jur.*) garant, *m.*, caution, *f.* - **-tyship**, *n.*: cautionnement, *m.*

sūrf, *n.*: (*nav.*) ressac, *m.*, houle, *f.*

sūrfāce, *n.*: surface, *f.* - **-water**, *n.*: eau de surface, *f.*

1. sūrfcit, *n.*: excès de table; rassasiement, *m.* **2. sūrfcit**, *tr.*: rassasier; (*fig.*) dégouter, fatiguer; *intr.*: rassasié. - **or**, *n.*: glouton, *m.*, gloutonne, *f.* - **-ing**, *n.*: gloutonnerie, *f.*

sūrfy, *adj.*: plein de ressacs, houleux.

1. **surge**, *n.*: lame, vague, houle, *f.* 2. **surge**, *intr.*: s'enfler, s'élever; *tr.*: (*nav.*) larguer; choquer.

surgeon, *n.*: chirurgien; médecin, *m.*: assistant —, (*milit.*, *nav.*) aide-chirurgien.

gery, *n.*: chirurgie, *f.*; (*apartment*) laboratoire, *m.* **-gical**, *adj.*: chirurgical; de chirurgie.

surgy, *adj.*: houleux.

surlily, *adv.*: avec morosité; d'une manière hargneuse. **-ness**, *n.*: morosité, *f.*; caractère hargneux, *m.*

sürloin = *sirloin*.

sürly, *adj.*: morose; hargneux, bourru.

1. **surmise**, *n.*: soupçon, *m.*; conjecture, *f.* 2. **surmise**, *tr.*: se douter de; s'imaginer, soupçonner. **-miser**, *n.*: personne qui se doute de, qui s'imagina, qui soupçonne, *f.* **-mising**, *n.*: soupçon, *m.*; conjecture, *f.*

surmount, *tr.*: surmonter; (*conquer*) surmonter; vaincre; (*surpass*) excéder, surpasser. **-able**, *adj.*: surmontable.

-er, *n.*: personne qui surmonte, qui vainc, *f.*

surmullet, *n.*: (*ichth.*) surmulet, *m.*

sürmülot, *n.*: (*mam.*) surmulot, *m.*

1. **sür-name**, *n.*: nom de famille; (*name added to the original name*) surnom, *m.* 2. **-name**, *tr.*: surnommer.

surpass, *tr.*: surpasser, exceller sur, l'emporter sur. **-able**, *adj.*: qui peut être surpassé. **-ing**, *adj.*: éminent, supérieur, éclatant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: éminemment, supérieurement, avec éclat.

sürplice, *n.*: surplis, *m.* **-d**, *adj.*: à surplis. **-fees**, *n. pl.*: casuel, *m. sing.*

surplus, *n.*: surplus, excédent; (*jur.*) actif net, *m.* **-age**, *n.*: surplus, *m.*; (*jur.*) superfluité, *f.*

surprisal, *n.*: surprise, *f.* 1. **prise**, *n.*: surprise, *f.*; étonnement, *m.*; (*unexpected event*) surprise, *f.*, coup de main, *m.*: *be taken by* —, être surpris; être pris par surprise; être pris au dépourvu; *recover from one's* —, revenir de sa surprise.

2. **prise**, *tr.*: surprendre, prendre par surprise; prendre au dépourvu; étonner: *surprising to say*, chose surprenante; *be —d at, with*, être surpris de; *I am —d that you should go there*, je m'étonne de ce que vous y alliez.

-prising, *adj.*: surprenant, étonnant. **-prisingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière surprenante; étonnamment.

surrebüt, *intr.*: (*jur.*) faire une triplique, tripliquer. **-ter**, *n.*: (*jur.*) triplique, *f.*

surrejoinder, *n.*: (*jur.*) duplique, *f.*

1. **surrender**, *n.*: (*milit.*) reddition; (*of a claim*) renonciation, *f.*, abandon, *m.*; (*com.*) cession; (*of an estate for life or years*) reddition; (*of a bankrupt*) action de se mettre à la disposition de ses syndics, *f.*

2. **surrender**, *tr.*: rendre, livrer; (*resign*) abandonner, renoncer à; (*jur.*) rendre; *intr.*: se rendre; (*of a bankrupt*) se mettre à la disposition de ses syndics: *one's self*, se rendre; se livrer; (*jur.*) se constituer prisonnier; (*of a bankrupt*) se mettre à la disposition de ses syndics. **-ée**, *n.*: (*jur.*) personne à qui une reddition est faite, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: (*jur.*) personne qui fait une reddition, *f.*

surreptitious, *adj.*: subreptice. **-ly**, *adv.*: subrepticement.

1. **sürrogate**, *n.*: délégué, *m.* 2. **surrogate**, *tr.*: (*jur.*) substituer; subroger.

surröund, *tr.*: environner, entourer, cerner; ceindre. **-ing**, *adj.*: environnant.

sürtout, *n.*: surtout, *m.*; redingote, *f.*

† **survène**, *tr.*: survenir.

1. **survøy**, *tr.*: promener sa vue sur, contempler; (*examine*) examiner, inspecter; (*math.*) lever le plan de; arpenter. 2. **survey**, *n.*: vue, *f.*; coup d'œil; (*examination*) examen, *m.*, inspection, *f.*; (*math.*) levé, lever des plans; arpentage, *m.*: *trigonometrical* —, triangulation, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: arpentage; levé, lever des plans, *m.*

-ing-wheel, *n.*: pédomètre, comptepas, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: (*of land*) arpenteur, arpenteur-géomètre; (*of buildings, etc.*) inspecteur; commissaire voyer; (*examiner*) examinateur; (*overseer*) inspecteur, surveillant, *m.* **-orship**, *n.*: inspection, place d'inspecteur, etc., *f.*

sur-vival, *n.*: survie, *f.* **-vivance**, *n.*: survivance, *f.* **-vive**, *tr. and intr.*: survivre à; survivre. **-viving**, *adj.*: survivant.

-vivor, *n.*: survivant, *m.*, survivante, *f.* **-vivorship**, *n.*: survivance, *f.*

susceptibility, *n.*: faculté de recevoir, d'admettre; susceptibilité; sensibilité, *f.* **-ceptible**, *adj.*: susceptible; (*fig.*) sensible. **-ceptibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière susceptible. **-ceptive**, *adj.*: capable de recevoir, susceptible.

-eipency, *n.*: réception, admission, *f.* 1. **-eipient**, *adj.*: qui prend, qui admet, qui reçoit. 2. **-eipient**, *n.*: personne qui admet, qui reçoit, *f.*

† **süs-ci-tate**, *tr.*: susciter. † **tätion**, *n.*: †suscitation, *f.*

suspèct, *tr.*: soupçonner; (*doubt*) douter de, se défier de, soupçonner; (*imagine to be guilty*) soupçonner, suspecter; (*conjecture*) se douter de, soupçonner, conjecturer; *intr.*: soupçonner: *we ought not to* — *those we employ*, il ne faut pas soupçonner ceux que l'on emploie; *I — he has* ..., je le soupçonne d'avoir ...; je soupçonne qu'il a **-edly**, *adv.*: de manière à exciter les soupçons. **-edness**, *n.*: caractère suspect, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: per-

sonne qui soupçonne, *f.* -**ful**, *adj.*: soupçonneux. -**less**, *adj.*: sans soupçon; (*not suspected*) qui n'est pas soupçonné.

sus-pënd, *tr.*: suspendre. -**pënd**, *n.*: personne qui suspend, *f.*; (*bandage*) suspensoire, suspensoir, *m.* -**pênse**, *n.*: suspens, *m.*; incertitude, indécision; (*jur.*) suspension, *f.*: in —, en suspens. -**pên-sibility**, *n.*: propriété de pouvoir être suspendu, *f.* -**pên-sible**, *adj.*: qui peut être suspendu. -**pên-sion**, *n.*: suspension, *f.* -**pên-sion-bridge**, *n.*: pont suspendu, *m.* -**pên-sor**, *n.*: suspensoir, suspensoire, *m.* -**pên-sery**, *adj.*: suspenseur.

sus-piçion, *n.*: soupçon, *m.*; suspicion, *f.* -**piçious**, *adj.*: soupçonneux; (*liable to suspicion*) suspect: *that looks — to me*, cela me paraît suspect. -**piçiously**, *adv.*: avec soupçon; d'une manière suspecte. -**piçiousness**, *n.*: caractère soupçonneux, *m.*; défiance; (*liability to be suspected*) nature suspecte, *f.*

sus-pi-râ-tion, *n.*: soupir, *m.*

sus-tâin, *tr.*: soutenir, supporter; (*feed*) entretenir, nourrir, soutenir; (*endure*) endurer, souffrir, soutenir; (*assist*) soutenir, appuyer; (*maintain*) soutenir; (*hold*) tenir, retenir; (*mus.*) soutenir; (*a loss*) éprouver, essayer, faire. -**able**, *adj.*: soutenable. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui supporte; chose qui supporte, *f.*; appui, soutien, *m.*

sus-ten-ânce, *n.*: alimentation, subsistance; (*food*) subsistance, nourriture, *f.*, provisions, *f. pl.*, vivres, *m. pl.* -**tâ-tion**, *n.*: soutien, *m.*; (*maintenance*) subsistance, *f.*

sus-ur-râ-tion, *n.*: susurration, *f.*; mur-mure, *m.*

sû-tile, *adj.*: cousu; fait au moyen de la couture.

sût-ler, *n.*: vivandier, *m.*, vivandière, *f.*; cantinier, *m.*, cantinière, *f.*

sût-têe, *n.*: suttée, suttie, *f.*

sût-tle, *adj.*: (*of weight*) net.

sû-tu-râ-té, *adj.*: réuni par une suture. -**re**, *n.*: suture, *f.*

sû-ze-râin, *n.*: suzerain, *m.*, suzeraine, *f.* -**ty**, *n.*: suzeraineté, *f.*

1. swâb, *tr.*: faubert. **2. swab**, *n.*: (*nav.*) faubert, *m.* -**ber**, *n.*: fauberteur, *m.*

1. swâd-dle, *n.*: maillot, *m.*; langes, *m. pl.* **2. -dle**, *tr.*: emmailloter. -**ding**, *n.*: emmaillotement, *m.* -**ding-clothes**, *n.*: maillot, *m. sing.*; langes, *m. pl.*

swâg, *intr.*: *pendiller*; s'affaisser. -**bel-lied**, *adj.*: à gros ventre; pansu. -**ger**, *intr.*: faire le rodomont, faire le fanfaron, faire le crâne; (*boast*) se vanter, gasconner: — *along*, marcher d'un air fanfaron. -**gerer**, *n.*: rodomont, fanfaron,

bravache, crâne; (*boaster*) vanteur, vantard, gascon, *m.* **1. -gering**, *n.*: rodomontade, fanfaronnade, crânerie; (*boasting*) vanterie, gasconnade, *f.* **2. -gering**, *adj.*: fanfaron, de fanfaron, de crâne; (*boasting*) vantard, de gascon. -**gy**, *adj.*: pendant.

swâin, *n.*: berger; pastoureau; amant, *m.* **1. swâllow**, *n.*: (*orni.*) hirondelle.

2. swâllow, *n.*: gosier, *m.*; arrière-bouche; (*what is swallowed*) gorgée; (*voracity*) voracité, *f.*: *what a —!* (*jest.*) quelle avaloire! **3. swallow**, *tr.*: avaler; (*ingulf*) engloutir; (*absorb, occupy*) absorber; (*consume*) consommer; (*believe*) avaler, gober: — *down*, avaler; (*fig.*) avaler, gober; — *up*, avaler; (*ingulf*) engloutir; (*absorb*) absorber, consommer; *be —ed up by the waves*, être englouti par les vagues. -**igg**, *n.*: action d'avalier, de consumer; absorption, *f.*; engloutissement, *m.*

swâllow-tail, *n.*: (*carp.*) queue d'aronde, *f.*; saule; habit, *m.*, à queue de morne: *be dressed in a —*, être en habit. -**stone**, *n.*: pierre d'hirondelle, *f.* -**wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) asclépiade, *f.*, asclépias, domptevenin, *m.*

1. swâmp, *n.*: marais, marécage, *m.* **2. swamp**, *tr.*: enfoncer dans; (*a boat*) faire chavirer; (*fig.*) plonger dans de graves difficultés; *intr.*: s'enfoncer; chavirer: *be —ed*, (*of boats*) chavirer. -**y**, *adj.*: marécageux.

swân, *n.*: cygne, *m.* -**'s-down**, *n.*: duvet de cygne; (*cloth*) drap de vigogne, *m.* -**skin**, *n.*: molleton, *m.*

1. swâp, *tr.*: échanger, troquer. **2. swap**, *n.*: échange, troc; coup, *m.*

1. swârd, *n.*: gazon, *m.*; pelouse, *f.* **2. sword**, *tr.*: produire du gazon; (*cover with sword*) couvrir de gazon, gazonner. -**y**, *adj.*: couvert de gazon; gazonneux.

1. swârm, *n.*: essaim, *m.*: — *of ants*, fourmière, *f.* **2. swarm**, *intr.*: essaimer; (*fig.*) s'attrouper, accourir en foule: — *with*, fourmiller de.

1. swârth, *n.*: gazon, *m.*; herbe coupée, *f.*; = *swath*.

2. swârth, *adj.*: de teint noir, noirâtre, basané, hâlé. -**ily**, *adv.*: d'un teint basané, hâlé. -**iness**, *n.*: teint noir or basané. -**ish**, *adj.*: un peu basané, un peu hâlé. **1. -y** = **2. swârth**. **2. -y**, *tr.*: rendre basané; hâler.

1. swâsh, *intr.*: (*of water*) clapoter; (*fig.*) faire le rodomont. **2. swash**, *n.*: clapotage, *m.*; (*fig.*) rodomontade, fanfaronnade, *f.* -**buckler**, -**er**, *n.*: rodomont, fanfaron, bravache, *m.*

swâth, *n.*: (*agri.*) andain; coup de faux; bandeau, *m.*

1. **swâthe**, tr.: emmailloter. 2. **swathe**, n.: maillot, lange, m.

1. **swây**, tr.: faire pencher; balancer; (a weapon) brandir; manier, porter; (bias) influencer, influencer sur; (rule) gouverner, régir; intr.: pencher, incliner; (govern) gouverner: — from, détourner de; — with, influencer sur; avoir de l'influence sur; — up, guider; hisser. 2. **sway**, n.: (swing of a weapon) course; (any thing moving with bulk and power) masse; (preponderation) prépondérance, f.; (power) pouvoir, empire, sceptre, m., puissance; influence, f. -ing, n.: (vet.) effort, m.

1. **sweâr** (pret. swore, part. sworn), intr.: jurer; prêter serment; faire serment; (blaspheme) jurer: — to, jurer de; — like a trooper, jurer comme un charretier. 2. **swear**, tr.: (witnesses, a jury) faire prêter serment à, déférer le serment à; (an oath) prêter: — in, assermenter; — treason against, déclarer coupable de trahison sous la foi du serment. -er, n.: personne qui prête serment, f.; (blasphemer) jureur, m.: what a — she is! comme elle jure! -ing, n.: action de jurer, f.; serments; (blaspheming) jurements, m. pl.: — in, action d'assermenter, f.

1. **sweât**, intr.: suer; (tech.) ressuer; tr.: faire suer; faire ressuer: — out, faire passer par la sueur. 2. **sweat**, n.: sueur; (fig.) sueur, f., sueurs, f. pl.: by the — of one's brow, à la sueur de son front. -er, n.: personne qui fait suer, f. -ily, adv.: en suant, avec sueur. -iness, n.: sueur, f.; état de sueur, m. -ing, n.: sueur, action de suer, f. -ing-house, n.: étuve, f. -ing-iron, n.: couteau de chaleur, m. -ing-room, n.: (med.) étuve, f.; (agri.) séchoir, m. -ing-sickness, n.: fièvre milliaire, f. -y, adj.: en sueur; (consisting of sweat) de sueur; (laborious) qui fait suer, pénible.

Swê-de, n.: Suédois, m., Suédoise, f. -dish, adj.: suédois; n.: suédois.

swêep (pret., part. swept), tr.: balayer; (a chimney) ramoner; (the lyre) frapper; (a river) draguer; intr.: balayer; passer avec pompe, marcher pompeusement: — away, off, balayer; enlever; — up, balayer; — a room, balayer une chambre; her dress —s the ground, sa robe balaie la terre; — along, over, passer rapidement sur; brûler. 2. **sweep**, n.: balayage; (stroke with a broom) coup de balai; (metal.) fourneau de coupelle; (oar) aviron de galère; (chimney sweep) ramonneur, m.; (the compass of any turning body) courbe décrite, f.; (the compass of any thing flowing) cours, m., course, f.;

(the compass of a stroke) coup, m., ligne; (tech.) cambrure, courbe, f. -er, n.: balayeur, m., balayeuse, f.; (of chimneys) ramonneur, m. -ing, n.: balayage; (of chimneys) ramonage, m.: —s, balayures, ordures, f. pl. -net, n.: épervier, m. -stake, n.: gain complet d'une poule. -stakes, n.: — stake; sing. or pl.: poule (à une course de chevaux); enjeu, m.; course pour une poule, f.

1. **swêet**, adj.: (to the taste) doux, sucré; (fragrant) doux, odoriférant; (melodious) doux, suave, mélodieux; (to the eye) qui flatte les yeux; (beautiful) beau; (fresh) doux, frais; (mild) doux; (not stale) bon, frais; (jest.) joli. 2. **sweet**, n.: (sweet substance) chose douce, chose sucrée, sucrerie, f.; (perfume) parfum; (word of endearment) chéri, m., chérie, f.; doux ami, m., douce amie, f.; (something pleasing) douceur, f. -bread, n.: ris de veau, m. -brier, n.: églantier odorant, m. -en, tr.: sucrer; (make mild, soften) adoucir; (make pleasing) adoucir, rendre agréable; (a room, the air) purifier, désinfecter; (the soil) fertiliser; (water, butter, etc.) rafraîchir; (medicine) édulcorer; (paint) adoucir. -ener, n.: chose qui sucre, (fig.) chose qui adoucit; personne qui adoucit, f. -ening, n.: action de sucrer, de rendre doux, de rafraîchir; purification; désinfection; (of the soil) fertilisation; (of medicine) édulcoration, f.; (of pain) adoucissement, m. -heart, n.: amante, f., amant, m.; bon ami, m., bonne amie, f. -ing, n.: pomme douce, f. -ish, adj.: douceâtre. -ishness, n.: goût douceâtre, m. -ly, adv.: doucement; agréablement, mélodieusement; avec douceur. -marjoram, n.: marjolaine commune, f. -meat, n.: sucrerie, f.; bonbon, m.; confiture, f. -ness, n.: douceur; saveur sucrée; (melody) douceur, mélodie; (fragrance) douceur, f., parfum, m.; (mildness) douceur; (freshness) fraîcheur; (of estates) bonté; (fig.) douceur, f., charme, m. -pea, n.: pois de senteur, m. -potato, n.: patate, f. -scented, -smelling, adj.: odoriférant, odorant. -tempered, adj.: d'un caractère doux. -toned, adj.: d'un son doux, au son doux. -tongued, adj.: à la langue douce, mélodieux, (pers.) à la langue dorée. -weed, n.: (bot.) capraire théiforme, f. -william, n.: œillet barbu, œillet de poète, bouquet par-fait, m.

swêll (pret. swelled; part. swelled, swollen), intr.: enfler, s'enfler; se gonfler; (increase by any addition) grossir; (bulge out) faire le ventre, bomber; (become larger) grandir; (strut) se carrer, s'enfler;

(of sound) augmenter; *tr.*: enfler, gonfler; (*aggravate*) aggraver; (*raise to arrogance*) bouffir, faire bouffir; (*enlarge*) grandir, grossir, élever; (*mus.*) enfler: — *along*, se carrer en marchant; — *into*, s'élever en; grandir en; se convertir en, devenir; dégénérer en; — *to*, s'élever à; — *out*, bomber, faire le ventre; — *with pride*, bouffir d'orgueil; — *with rage*, bouffer, bouffir de colère; *be —ed with pride*, être bouffi d'orgueil. 2. **swell**, *n.*: bombement, *m.*: (*elevation*) élévation, montée; (*of sound*) augmentation, *f.*: (*of the sea*) vagues, *f. pl.*: houle; (*mus.*) pédale d'expression, *f.*: (*of an organ*) récit, *m.*: (*pers.*) fashionable de mauvais goût, fashionable, freluquet, *m.*: *what a — she is*, quelle toilette elle a! *be dressed —*, être pimpant. 1. **ing**, *n.*: (*protuberance*) gonflement, bombement, *m.*, bosse, gros-seur, *f.*: (*tumor*) enflure; (*morbid enlargement*) bouffissure, *f.*: (*of anger, grief, pride*) mouvement, transport, *m.* 2. **ing**, *adj.*: qui enfle; qui s'enfle, qui se gonfle; qui bouffe; qui grossit; (*turgid*) enflé, ampoulé; (*growing larger*) grandissant; (*of sound*) augmentant. — **mob**, *n.*: corps des flous de Londres, *m.*

swél-ter, *intr.*: étouffer de chaleur, être accablé de chaleur. — **try**, *adj.*: étouffant.

swér-ve, *intr.*: errer; (*incline*) incliner; (*climb*) grimper: — *from*, s'écarter de, s'éloigner de, dévier de. — **ving**, *n.*: action d'errer, de s'écarter, de s'éloigner; déviation, *f.*

swift, *adj.*: rapide; (*prompt*) prompt, *vif*: (*in running*) vite, vite à la course; léger, léger à la course. 2. **swift**, *n.*: bobine, *f.*: (*orni.*) martinet; (*erpétolog.*) lézard gris, *m.* — **ly**, *adv.*: vite, vite, rapidement, promptement, vivement, agi-lement. — **ness**, *n.*: rapidité; promptitude, vitesse, *f.* — **sailing**, *adj.*: fin voilier, de marche rapide. — **winged**, *adj.*: à l'aile rapide.

1. **swig**, *tr. and intr.*: boire à longs traits: — *at*, humer. 2. **swig**, *n.*: long trait en buvant; (*of liquor*) grand coup, coup sur coup, *m.*

1. **swill**, *tr.*: flaver; boire avidement; (*inebriate*) enivrer, griaier; *intr.*: s'enivrer; pomper. 2. **swill**, *n.*: lavure de vaisselle, lavure, *f.*: (*of liquor*) grand coup, coup sur coup, *m.* — **-er**, *n.*: ivrogne, *m.* — **-ings**, *n. pl.*: lavure de vaisselle, *f. sing.* — **-tub**, *n.*: baquet à cochon, *m.*

1. **swim** (*pret. swam*; *part. swum*), *intr.*: nager; (*float*) flotter, nager, surnager; (*glide along*) glisser, filer; (*be dizzy*) avoir des vertiges; (*of the head*) tourner; (*be overflowed*) être inondé; *tr.*: passer à

la nage; (*wheat*) faire flotter: — *across*, traverser à la nage; — *out of one's depth*, perdre pied; — *over*, passer à la nage; — *with*, suivre; se laisser aller à. 2. **swim(-bladder)**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) vessie natatoire, *f.* — **-mer**, *n.*: nageur, *m.*, nageuse, *f.*: (*orni.*) palmipède, *m.* — **-ming**, *n.*: natation, *f.*: (*dizziness*) vertige, *m.* — **-mingly**, *adv.*: en nageant; aisément; d'emblée. — **-race**, *n.*: course à la nage. — **-ming-school**, *n.*: école de natation, *f.* — **-ming-tub**, *n.*: baquet, *m.*

1. **swin-dle**, *tr.*: escroquer: — *out of*, escroquer à. 2. **-dle**, *n.*: escroquerie, *f.* — **-dler**, *n.*: escroc; chevalier d'industrie, *m.* — **-dling**, *n.*: escroquerie, *f.* — **swine**, *n. sing. and pl.*: cochon, pour-ceau, *m.* — **-herd**, *n.*: porcher, *m.* — **-pipe**, *n.*: (*orni.*) mauvis, *m.* — **-pox**, *n.*: vari-celle; varicelle verrougeuse, *f.* — **-stone**, *n.*: pierre puante; pierre sonnante, *f.* — **-sty**, *n.*: toit à cochons, *m.*

1. **swing**, *intr.*: osciller, se balancer; basculer; vibrer; (*of a ship*) éviter; (*be hanging*) pendiller; *tr.*: balancer; bas-culer; faire vibrer; (*ware*) agiter; (*brandish*) brandir, brandiller. 2. **swing**, *n.*: (*oscillation*) oscillation, vibration, *f.*: (*motion from one side to the other*) mouve-ment d'un côté à l'autre, balancement, va-et-vient, *m.*; (*apparatus to swing in*) ba-lançoire; (*free course*) libre carrière, *f.*, libre essor, élan, *m.*: (*sweep of a moving body*) courbe décrite, ligne parcourue, *f.* — **-bar**, *n.*: palonnier, *m.* — **-bed**, *n.*: ha-mac, *m.* — **-bridge**, *n.*: pont tournant, *m.* — **-door**, *n.*: porte battante, *f.* — **swing-e**, *tr.*: rosser, étriller; *tr.*: rosser, étriller, battre. — **-er**, *n.*: personne qui se balance, *f.*: frondeur, *m.* — **-gate**, *n.*: porte à bascule, bascule, *f.* 1. **ing**, *n.*: vibra-tion, *f.*; balancement, *m.* 2. **ing**, *adj.*: énorme. — **ingly**, *adv.*: énormément. — **-le -gl**, *tr.*: battre. — **-le-tree -gl**, *n.*: volée, *f.*, palonnier, *m.*

swinish, *adj.*: de cochon; grossier, sale. — **-ly**, *adv.*: salement, comme un cochon.

1. **swipe**, *n.*: coup fort, *m.*; *pl.*: mau-vaie bière, petite bière, *f.* 2. **swipe**, *tr.*: frapper; (*Am.*) arracher, saisir, voler.

1. **swirl**, *intr.*: tourner rapidement, tour-billonner. 2. **swirl**, *n.*: tourbillon (ne-ment), *m.*; (*in word*) néod, *m.*

Swiss, *adj.*: Suisse; *n.*: Suisse, *m.*, Suis-sesse, *f.*

1. **switch**, *n.*: badine, houssine, gaule; (*railways*) aiguille, *f.*, rail mobile, *m.* 2. **switch**, *tr.*: donner des coups de ba-dine à, des coups de houssine à, hous-siner, sangler. — **-er**, *n.*: (*railways*) aig-uilleur, *m.* — **-tail**, *n.*: queue à tous crins, *f.*

swivel, n.: tourniquet; porte-mousqueton; (artil.) pierrier, m. **-bridge**, n.: pont tournant, m.

1. **swōon** (away), intr.: s'évanouir, se trouver mal; tomber en défaillance. 2. **swōon**, n.: évanouissement, m.; syncope, défaillance, f. **-ing**, n.: évanouissement, m.; défaillance, f.

1. **swōop**, tr.: fondre sur; (seize) s'emparer de, enlever. 2. **swoop**, n.: (of birds of prey) action de fondre sur la proie, attaque, f.; coup, m.: at one (fell) —, d'un seul coup; come down with a — upon, fondre sur.

swōp, tr.: troquer, changer.

swōrd, n.: (to thrust) épée, f.; (to cut) sabre; (poet.) fer, glaive, m.: — in hand, l'épée à la main; put to the —, passer au fil de l'épée; put to fire and —, mettre à feu et à sang; — of justice, glaive de la justice. **-arm**, n.: bras droit, m. **-bayonet**, n.: sabre-baïonnette, m. **-bearer**, n.: porte-épée, m. **-belt**, ceinturon, porte-épée, m. **-blade**, n.: lame-d'épée, f. **-cane** = stick. **-cut**, n.: coup de sabre, m. **-cutler**, n.: fourbisseur, m. **-exercise**, n.: exercice du sabre, m. **-fight**, n.: combat à l'épée, m. **-fish**, n.: espadon, m. **-grass**, n.: (bot.) morgeline, f. **-hilt**, n.: poignée d'épée, f. **-knot**, n.: nœud d'épée, m. **-play**, n.: assaut d'armes, m. **-player**, n.: tireur d'épée, m. **-shaped**, adj.: ensiforme, gladié. **-sman**, n.: tireur d'armes, m.; lame, f. **-smanship**, n.: escrime, adresse à l'épée, f. **-stick**, n.: canne à épée, f. **-thrust**, **-wound**, n.: coup d'épée, m.

swōrn, adj.: juré; assermenté; (of enemies) juré; (of friends) intime, dévoué.

sybar-ite, n.: sybarite, m. **-itie**(al), adj.: sybaritique. **-itism**, n.: sybaritisme, m.

syecamōre, n.: sycamore, érable blanc, m.

sycō-phaney, **†phantey**, n.: sycophantisme, m.; adulation, flagornerie, f. 1. **-phant**, n.: sycophante, flagorneur, m., -euse, f.; adulateur, m., -trice, f. 2. **-phant**, intr.: flagorner, aduler. **-phantic**, adj.: sycophante, adulateur, parasite. **†phantise**, intr.: aduler, flagorner. **-phantry**, n.: sycophantisme, m.; adulation, flagornerie, f.

syenite, n.: (min.) syénite, f.

syl-labe, n.: syllabe, f. **-lābic**, **-lābical**, adj.: syllabique. **-lābically**, adv.: syllabiquement, par syllabes. **-labicā-tion**, n.: syllabation, syllabisation, f. **-lable**, n.: syllabe, f. **-labus**, n.: extrait, résumé; syllabus, m.

syllēpsis, n.: syllepse, f.

syllo-gise, intr.: raisonner par syllogis-

mes. **-giser**, n.: personne qui raisonne par syllogismes, f. **-gism**, n.: syllogisme, m. **-gistic**(al), adj.: syllogistique. **-gistically**, adv.: par un syllogisme.

sylph, n.: sylphe, m.; sylphide, f. **-id**, n.: sylphide, f.

1. **sylvan**, adj.: champêtre, des bois, des forêts. 2. **sylvan**, n.: (myth.) sylvain; (rustic) paysan, m. **-ite**, n.: (min.) tellure, m.

sym-bol, n.: symbole; signe symbolique; (alg.) symbole, signe, m. **-bōlic**(al), adj.: symbolique. **-bōlically**, adv.: d'une manière symbolique, par symbole. **-bolisā-tion**, n.: symbolisation, f. **-bolise**, intr.: symboliser, avoir du rapport; tr.: faire accorder. **-bōlogy**, n.: art d'exprimer par des symboles.

†sym-metral, adj.: mesurable. **-mēt-ric**(al), adj.: symétrique. **-métrical-ly**, adv.: symétriquement. **-metrist**, n.: grand observateur de la symétrie, m. **-metrise**, tr.: faire symétriser, rendre symétrique. **-metry**, n.: symétrie, f.

sym-pathētic, **-pathētical**, adj.: sympathique. **-pathetically**, adv.: sympathiquement; par sympathie. **sym-pathise**, intr.: sympathiser, compatir. **sym-pathy**, n.: sympathie, f.

sym-phōnious, **-phōnic**, adj.: harmonieux. **sym-phōnist**, n.: symphoniste, m. **sym-phony**, n.: (harmony) harmonie; (instrument, composition) symphonie, f.

symphysis, n.: (anat.) symphyse; (surg.) fermeture d'une ouverture naturelle; première indication de cicatrisation d'une blessure, sans suppuration, f.

sympōsium, n.: banquet, m.

symptom, n.: symptôme, indice, m. **-ātic**(al), adj.: symptomatique. **-ātic-ally**, adv.: par des symptômes. **-atōlogy**, n.: symptomatologie, f.

syn-āresis, **-ēresis**, n.: synérèse; crase, f.

syn-agōgical, adj.: de la synagogue.

syn-agogue, n.: synagogue, f.

synalēpha, n.: synalèphe, f.

synarthrōsis, n.: (anat.) synarthrose, f.

1. **syn-chronal**, **-chrōnical**, adj.: synchrone, contemporain. 2. **-chronal**, n.: événement contemporain, m. **-chrōnically**, adv.: d'une manière synchrone. **-chronism**, n.: synchronisme, m. **-chrōnise**, intr.: être contemporain. **-chrōnous**, adj.: synchrone, synchrone.

synchysis, n.: synchyse, f.

synce-pate, intr.: (gram.) élider; (mus.)

syncoper. **-pātion**, n.: élision; (mus.)

syncope, f. **-pe**, n.: syncope, f.

syncretism, *n.*: syncrétisme, *m.*
syndic, *n.*: syndic, *m.* 1. **-ate**, *n.*: syndicat, *m.* 2. **-ate**, *tr.*: contrôler, censurer.
synecdoche, *n.*: synecdoche, synecdoque, *f.*
synneurôsis, *n.*: synévrose, *f.*
synocha, **synochus**, *n.*: synoque, *f.*
syn-od, *n.*: synode, *m.*; (*astron.*) conjonction, *f.* **-odal**, *adj.*: synodal. **-ôdic(al)**, *adj.*: synodique. **-ôdically**, *adv.*: synodalement.
syn-onym, *n.*: synonyme, *m.* **-ôny-mise**, *tr.*: exprimer par des synonymes. **-ônymous**, *adj.*: synonyme. **-ônymously**, *adv.*: comme synonyme. **-ôny-my**, *n.*: synonymie, *f.*
synôp-sis (*pl. -ses*), *n.*: synopsis, *m.* **-ti-cal**, *adj.*: synoptique. **-tically**, *adv.*: d'une manière synoptique.
synôvia, *n.*: synovie, *f.* **-l**, *adj.*: synovial.
syn-tactic(al), *adj.*: syntaxique, conforme aux règles de la syntaxe. **syn-tax**, *n.*: syntaxe, *f.*
syn-thesis (*pl. -theses*), *n.*: synthèse, *f.* **-thêtic(al)**, *adj.*: synthétique. **-thê-tically**, *adv.*: synthétiquement.
syphi-lis, *n.*: syphilis, *f.* **-litic**, *adj.*: syphilitique.
Syri-ac, *adj.*: syriaque; *n.*: syriaque, *m.* **-an**, *adj.*: syrien; *n.*: Syrien, *m.*, Syrienne, *f.* **-anism**, *n.*: idiotisme syriaque, *m.*
syringa, *n.*: (*bot.*) seringue, *m.*
1.syringe, *n.*: seringue, *f.* 2. **syringe**, *tr.*: seringuer; injecter.
sÿrup = *sirup*.
sÿstem, *n.*: système, *m.* **-âtic(al)**, *adj.*: systématique. **-âtically**, *adv.*: systématiquement. **-âtisâtion**, *n.*: réduction en système, *f.* **-âtise**, *tr.*: systématiser, réduire en système. **-âtisser**, **-âtist**, *n.*: auteur de système, *m.*
sÿstole, *n.*: systole, *f.*
sÿstyle, *n.*: systyle, *m.*
sÿzygy, *n.*: syzygie, *f.*

T

t (t), *n.*: *t*, *m.*; bandage, bandage en T, *té*, *m.*
tâb, *n.*: patte, *f.*
tâbard, *n.*: tabar(d), *m.*
tâbare, *n.*: satin rayé pour rideaux, *m.*
1.tâbby, *n.*: tabis; (*cat*) chat tigré, *m.*, chatte, *f.* 2. **tabby**, *adj.*: tacheté, moucheté, tavelé, tigré. 3. **tabby**, *tr.*: tacher.
tabe-fâction, *n.*: dépérissement, marasme, *m.* **tâbo-fy**, *intr.*: amaigrir, dépérir.

tabellion, *n.*: tabellion, *m.*
1.tâber-naele, *n.*: tabernacle; sanctuaire, *m.* 2. **-naele**, *intr.*: habiter, séjourner. **-nâcular**, *adj.*: treillisé.
tâbid, *adj.*: tabide; attaqué de marasme. **-ness**, *n.*: dépérissement, marasme, *m.*
tâblature, *n.*: (*mus.*) tablature; (*paint.*) peinture murale, *f.*
table, *n.*: table; (*tablet*) tablette, *table*, *f.*; (*centre*) guéridon, *m.*; (*paint.*) tableau, *m.*; (*arch.*) tablette, *f.*; (*persp.*) plan perspectif, *m.*; (*anat.*) table; (*catalogue*) table, *f.*, catalogue, *m.*; (*synopsis*) table synoptique; (*of the hand*) paume; (*among jewellers*) table; (*index*) table des matières, *f.*; **-s**, (*draughts*) dames, *f. pl.*; *the Lord's* —, la sainte table; la table du Seigneur; *astronomical, chronological* — *s*, tables astronomiques, chronologiques; *raised* —, (*sculpt.*) abaque, *m.*; *keep open* —, tenir table ouverte; *good, poor* —, bonne, pauvre table; *frugal* —, table frugale; *keep a good* —, avoir, tenir bonne table; *sit down to* —, se mettre à table; *remain long at* —, rester longtemps à table; *be left under the* —, (*of persons intoxicated*) rester sous la table; *rise from* —, se lever, sortir de table; *turn the* — *upon*, tourner les chances contre; *the* — *are turned*, les choses ont changé de face; *lay, be upon the* —, (*in Parliament*) déposer, être déposé sur le bureau; *the pleasures of the* —, les plaisirs de la table; *all the* —, toute la table. 2. **table**, *tr.*: former en tables, cataloguer; (*part.*) déposer sur le bureau; ajourner, tablier; (*board*) donner la table à, nourrir; (*carp.*) assembler; *fintr.*: être en pension; manger.
tableau-blô', *n.*: tableau, *m.*
table-basket, *n.*: manne, *f.* **-beer**, *n.*: bière de table, petite bière, *f.* **-bell**, *n.*: sonnette de table, *f.* **-book**, *n.*: tablettes, *f. pl.* **-cloth**, *n.*: nappe, *f.* **-companion**, *n.*: compagnon de table, *m.* **-cover**, *n.*: tapis de table, *m.* **-d'hôte**, *n.*: table d'hôte, *f.* **-land**, *n.*: (*geog.*) plateau, *m.* **-linen**, *n.*: linge de table, *m.* **-r -er**, *n.*: commensal, *m.* **-shore**, *n.*: rivage plat, *m.* **-spoon**, *n.*: cuiller à soupe, *f.* **-spoonful**, *n.*: grande cuillerée, *f.* **-t -et**, *n.*: plaque; tablette, *f.* **-talk**, *n.*: propos de table, *m. pl.* **-wine**, *n.*: vin de table, vin ordinaire, *m.*
tâbling, *n.*: formation d'un tableau; classification, *f.*; déposition sur le bureau (*cf. 2.table*); (*carp.*) assemblage, *m.*
1.tâbor, *n.*: tambourin, *m.* 2. **tabor**, *intr.*: tambouriner. **-er**, *n.*: tambourin, tambourineur, *m.* **tâbor-et** = *tabouret*. **tâbor-ine**, *n.*: tambourin, *m.*

tabour, etc. = *tabor*. **tabouret**, n.: tabo(u)ret, petit tambourin, m.

tabu-lar, adj.: en forme de table; (*having the form of plates*) en forme de plaque; (*set in squares*) disposé en carrés; (*set down in tables*) disposé en tables, tabulaire. **-late**, tr.: disposer en forme de tables; (*shape with a flat surface*) aplanir. **-lated**, adj.: en table.

tâce, **tâcet**, n.: (mus.) tacet, m.

tâcit, adj.: tacite, implicite. **-ly**, adv.: tacitement, implicitement. **-urn**, adj.: taciturne. **-urnly**, adv.: taciturnement. **-urnity**, n.: taciturnité, f.

1. tâck, n.: (nail) broquette, pointe, f.; petit clou, m.; (nav.) bord, m., bordée; (*of a sail*) amure, f., point du vent; (*of a flag*) œillet, m. **2. tack**, tr.: attacher; (*fasten slightly*) clouer légèrement, mettre une pointe à; (*sew slightly*) coudre légèrement, bâtir; intr.: (nav.) virer vent devant; — about, virer de bord; louvoyer, bordailler, bondeyer. **-er**, n.: personne qui attache, f. **-ing**, n.: accouplement, m.; (*sowing*) fauillure, f., bâti, m.; (nav.) virement (de bord), m.

1. tâck-le, n.: poulie; moufle, f.; (*for fishing, etc.*) attirail; (nav.) palan, m.; (*weapons*) armes, f. pl. **2. -le**, tr.: (*supply with tackle*) pourvoir de poulies, de palans; (*seize*) empoigner, s'emparer de. **-le-block**, n.: moufle; (nav.) poulie de palan, f. **-ling**, n.: atticail; (nav.) palan, m.

tâct, n.: tact, toucher; (skill) tact, m.

tâc-tic, **-tical**, adj.: tactique. **-tician**, n.: tacticien, m. **-tics**, n. pl.: tactique, f. sing.

tâc-tile, adj.: tactile. **-tility**, n.: tact, toucher, m. **-tion**, n.: tactition; (geom.) tangence, f.

tâdpole, n.: têtard, m.

ténia li', n.: ténia, ver solitaire, m.

tâffeta, **tâffety**, n.: taffetas, m.

tâffrail, **tâfferel**, n.: couronnement de la poupe, m.

tâffy = *taffi*. **-man**, n.: marchand de sucre d'orge, m.

tâfia, n.: tafia, m.

1. tag, n.: fer, ferret, m. **2. tag**, tr.: (*lace*) ferrer; (*join*) joindre, lier, attacher, coudre; — with, joindre à, faire suivre de. **-rag**, n.: racaille, canaille, f.: — and bobtail, quatre tondus et un pelé. **-sore**, n.: (vet.) clavelée, f., claveau, m.

1. tâil, n.: queue; (*extremity*) extrémité, f.; bout; (*of a cart*) derrière; (*of a plough*) manche; (nav.) fouet, m.; (mus.) queue; (*of a comet*, a pacha, a letter) queue; (*of a storm*) fin, f.: turn —, s'enfuir; tourner le dos. **2. tail**, tr.: tirer

par la queue. **-board**, n.: derrière de charrette, m. **-coat**, n.: habit, m. **-ed**, adj.: à queue; caudé. **-ing**, n.: (arch.) corbeau, m.; queue, f.

1. tâilor, n.: tailleur, m. **2. tailor**, intr.: exercer l'état de tailleur. **-ess**, n.: ouvrière qui fait des vêtements d'homme; culottière, tailleuse, f. **-ing**, n.: état de tailleur; ouvrage de tailleur, m.

tâil-pieec, n.: queue, f.; cal-de-lampe, m., (mus.) touche, f. **-pointed**, adj.: (bot.) caudé. **-rope**, n.: corde de remorque, f.

1. tâint, tr.: corrompre, altérer; (*infect*) infecter; (*sully*) ternir, souiller; (*meat*) gâter. **2. taint**, intr.: se corrompre; (*of meat*) se gâter. **3. taint**, n.: corruption; infection; souillure; (*blemish*) tache, f.: free from —, sans tache; (*of meat*) bon, qui n'est pas gâté. **-less**, adj.: sans infection, sans tache. **-ure**, n.: souillure, tache, f.

1. tâ-ke (pret. took; part. taken), tr.: prendre; (*understand*) comprendre; (*arrest*) arrêter; (*convey*) conduire, mener; (*lead away*) emmener; (*adopt*) adopter; (*suppose*) supposer, s'imaginer; (*fascinate*) fasciner, séduire; (*choose*) choisir; (*admit*) admettre; (*require*) falloir, prendre; (*endure*) endurer, souffrir; (*copy*) copier, saisir; (*portrait*) faire; (*impression*) recevoir; (*revenge, satisfaction*) avoir, tirer; (*affront*) recevoir, essuyer, subir: — about, conduire partout; — again, reprendre; — away, emmener; (*things*) emporter; (*deprive of*) priver de, ôter; (*remove*) ôter; (*dinner-things, etc.*) desservir; — away from, prendre à, ôter à; — back, reprendre; (*carry back*) remmener, (*things*) remporter; — down, descendre; (*humble*) humilier, abaisser, rabattre; (*swallow*) prendre, avaler; (*pull down*) abattre, démolir; (*write down*) prendre note de, coucher par écrit; (*at school*) prendre la place de; — for, prendre pour; regarder comme; — from, prendre de, accepter de; (*deprive of*) prendre à, enlever à, ôter à, dérober à; (*subtract*) soustraire à, retrancher de; (*detract*) enlever à, diminuer de; — in, rentrer; (*enclose*) enclore; (*comprise*) comprendre, renfermer, embrasser; (*contract*) resserrer, rétrécir, rentrer; (*receive*) recevoir, prendre; (*receive in one's house*) recevoir chez soi; (*hold*) contenir; (*cheat*) tromper, mettre dedans; (*garments*) redoubler, remplir; (*sails*) carguer, ferler, serrer; (*a periodical*) recevoir; (*lodgers*) prendre, recevoir; (*washing, needlework, etc.*) s'occuper de; (*provisions, a stock, etc.*) faire sa provision de;

(shop-goods) recevoir; — in hand, prendre en main; se mettre après; — in one's hand, prendre dans la main; — into, admettre dans, à; — off, enlever, ôter; (cut off) couper, trancher; (destroy) détruire; enlever; (invalidate) affaiblir; (swallow) avaler; (purchase) prendre, acheter; (copy) copier; (mimic) contrefaire; (lead away) emmener; (a mask) lever; (clothes) ôter; (withdraw) retirer; — off the stage, retirer du théâtre; — off from, détourner de; (lessen) diminuer; — off the mind from, détourner l'esprit de; — one's self off, s'en aller; death has — n him off, la mort nous l'a enlevé; — out, faire sortir; (things) sortir; (teeth) arracher; (stains) ôter, enlever; (for a walk) promener; — out of, sortir de; tirer de; — up, porter en haut; (raise) lever, soulever; (pick up) relever, ramasser; (buy) acheter; (borrow) emprunter; (begin) commencer, entamer; (engross, occupy) prendre, occuper; (arrest) prendre, arrêter, empoigner; (reprimand) réprimander, relever, reprendre; (begin where another leaves off) continuer; (extend over) embrasser; (adopt) adopter; (espouse) épouser; (take in hand) prendre en main, se charger de; (collect) lever, prélever; (carry up) monter; (lead up) faire monter; (a bill) payer, acquitter, faire honneur à; (surg.) attacher avec une ligature, lier; — up into, faire monter dans; — prisoner, faire prisonnier; — refuge in, se réfugier dans; — it into one's head to, that, se mettre dans la tête de, que; it — s... to, il faut... pour; — any one to be, prendre quelqu'un pour; be — n with, être enchanté de; être épris de; be — n ill, se trouver mal; tomber malade; be — n with illness, tomber malade; be — n with cholera, être attaqué du choléra; be — n giddy, être pris de vertiges; be — n with pains in the stomach, éprouver des tiraillements d'estomac; how old do you — me for? quel âge me donnez-vous? I — you to be thirty, je vous donne trente ans. 2.-ke, intr.: (please) plaire; (succeed) avoir du succès, réussir, prendre; (catch) prendre, opérer: — after, imiter; (resemble) ressembler, tenir de: — on, se lamenter, s'affiger; — to, (go towards) se diriger vers; (take refuge in) se réfugier dans; (resort to) avoir recours à; (apply to) s'appliquer à, se livrer à, se mettre à; (be fond of persons) s'attacher à, prendre en amitié; (be fond of things) prendre du goût à, mordre à. -ke-in, n.: volerie, f.; (trick) tour; (pers.) voleur, charlatan, fripon, m. -ker, n.: preneur, m., preneuse, f. 1.-king, n.: action de prendre; prise; arrestation, f.;

(distress of mind) trouble, m. 2.-king, adj.: attrayant; (infectious) contagieux. -kingly, adv.: d'une manière attrayante. -kingness, n.: attrait, m. talâria, n. pl.: (myth.) talonnières, f. pl. tálbot, n.: lévrier, m. tále, n.: talc, m. -ky, -ose, ous, adj.: talcique, de talc; (containing talc) contenant du talc. -slate, n.: talc feuilleté, m. tále, n.: conte, récit, m.; histoire; historiette, f.; (reckoning) compte, m.: tell — s, faire des rapports. -bearer, n.: rapporteur, m., rapporteuse, f. -bearing, n.: action de rapporter ce qu'on a vu ou entendu, f.; bavardage, m. -bearing, adj.: qui rapporte ce qui a été vu ou entendu. -ful, adj.: riche de contes; riche en récits. tálent, n.: talent; (coin) talent, m. -ed, adj.: de talent. táles, n.: juré spécial supplémentaire, m. táleteller, n.: conteur, m., conteuse, f. tális-man, n.: talisman, m. -mánie(al), adj.: talismanique. 1.tálk, intr., tr.: (of, about over) parler (de); converser, causer; (prate) bavarder, jaser, babiller; (say) dire: — of, parler de, causer de; parler, causer; — to, (advise) faire des reproches à; reprendre doucement; faire la morale à; — to one's self, parler en soi-même, parler à son bonnet, se parler à soi-même; — of politics, — politics, parler politique; — nonsense, dire des sottises, dire des bêtises; — away the time, passer le temps à causer; — any one into, persuader quelqu'un de; — any one out, l'emporter par la parole sur quelqu'un; — any one out of, dissuader quelqu'un de; — over, parler de; causer de; (cajole) cajoler. 2.talk, n.: conversation, f.; entretien, m.; causerie; (prattling) jaserie, f., bavardage; (report) bruit; (conversation) entretien, sujet de conversation, m., propos, m. pl. -ative, adj.: causeur; bavard. -ativeness, n.: loquacité, f.; caquet, bavardage, m. -er, n.: causeur, m., causeuse, f.; parleur, m., parleuse, f.; bavard, m., bavarde, f.; (boaster) vantard, m., vantarde, f. 1.-ing, n.: conversation; causerie, f.; bavardage, m. 2.-ing, adj.: causeur; bavard. táll, adj.: (pers.) grand; (things) haut, grand. 1.tál-lage, -liage, n.: taille, f.; impôt, m. 2.-lage, tr.: imposer, taxer. tállness, n.: (pers.) haute taille, grandeur; (of things) grandeur, hauteur, f. 1.tállow, n.: suif, m. 2.tallow, tr.: suiver, suiffer. -chandler, n.: fabricant de chandelles, chandelier, m. -faced, adj.: à figure maladive; pâle. -grease, n.: suif, m. -ish, adj.: de la nature du

- suif. **-tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) arbre à suif, *m.*
-y, *adj.*: de suif; graisseux.
- tally**, *n.*: taille (petit bâton), *f.*; (*com.*) porte-numéro; tempérament; (*follow*) pendant, *m.* **2.tally**, *tr.*: faire des coches sur une taille; (*fit*) ajuster, adapter; (*nav.*) border; *intr.*: s'accorder: — *with*, s'accorder avec; s'ajuster à; cadrer avec; s'adapter.
- tallyho!** *interj.*: (*hunt.*) talaut: — *coach*, voiture de plaisir, carrosse, *f.*
- tally-man**, *n.*: personne qui marque la taille, *f.*; (*com.*) marchand qui vend à tempérament, *m.* **-shop**, *n.*: boutique où l'on paie à tempérament, *f.* **-trade**, *n.*: commerce à tempérament, *m.*
- Tal-mud**, *n.*: talmud, *m.* **-mudic(al)**, **-mudistic**, *adj.*: talmudique. **-mudist**, *n.*: talmudiste, *m.*
- talón**, *n.*: serre, *f.*; (*arch.*) talon, *m.*
- talus**, *n.*: (*anat.*) astragale, *f.*; (*arch.*) talus, *m.*
- tamable**, *adj.*: qui peut être apprivoisé; domptable. **-ness**, *n.*: nature qui peut être apprivoisée, nature domptable; facilité d'apprivoiser, *f.*
- tamarind**, *n.*: (*fruit*) tamarin, *m.* = **-tree**, *n.*: tamarin, tamarinier, *m.*
- tamarisk**, *n.*: tamaris, tamarisc, tamarix, *m.*
- 1.tambour**, *n.*: tambour de basque; (*arts, arch.*) tambour, *m.* **2.tambour**, *tr.*: broder au tambour. **-ine**, *n.*: tambour de basque, *m.*
- 1.tâ-me**, *tr.*: apprivoiser, dompter, priver; rendre domestique; (*fig.*) subjuguier, dompter, réprimer. **2-me**, *adj.*: apprivoisé; privé, domestique; (*spiritless*) traitable; fade, pâle, sans couleur; (*subdued*) soumis. **-mely**, *adv.*: avec soumission; sans résistance; servilement; (*without force*) sans force, sans couleur. **-meness**, *n.*: état apprivoisé, *m.*; domesticité, *f.*; (*want of force*) manque de force, manque de couleur, *m.*; (*submission*) soumission, servilité, *f.* **-mer**, *n.*: apprivoiseur, *m.*, apprivoiseuse, *f.*; (*of beasts*) dompteur, *m.*, dompteuse, *f.* **-ming**, *n.*: apprivoisement, *m.*, domestication, *f.*; (*of beasts*) domptement, *m.*
- taminy**, *n.*: étamine, *f.*
- tâmp**, *tr.*: tamponner; bourrer. **1-er**, *m.*: tamponneur, *m.*
- 2.tâmp**, *tr.*: tâtonner, employer de petits moyens, machiner, agir dans l'ombre; se mêler (de), toucher (à); fausser; chercher à corrompre, transiger (avec): — *with* (*of things*), faire de petites expériences; (*meddle with*) se mêler de; (*a witness*) pratiquer, suborner, tacher de gagner; (*objects*) toucher à, déranger, abîmer. **-ing**, *n.*: action de toucher à,
- de déranger, d'abîmer; de se mêler de; de suborner; menée secrète, *f.*
- tâmp-ing-bar**, *n.*: bourroir, *m.* **-ion**, *n.*: tampon de canon, *m.*
- tântam**, *n.*: tam-tam, *m.*
- 1.tân**, *n.*: tan, *m.*: waste —, tannée, *f.* **2.tan**, *tr.*: tanner; (*sun-burn*) basaner, hâler.
- tânager**, *n.*: (*orni.*) tangara, *m.*
- tân-bed**, *n.*: (*hort.*) couche de tan, *f.*
- colour**, *n.*: tanné, *m.* **-coloured**, *adj.*: tanné.
- tândem**, *n.*: tandem; attelage en flèche, *m.*; bicycle pour deux (ou plusieurs), *m.*
- tâng**, *n.*: arrière-goût; mauvais goût, *m.*
- tân-gency**, *n.*: tangence, *f.* **-gent**, *n.*: tangente, *f.*: *go off at a —*, s'emporter tout de suite. **-gent(al)**, *adj.*: (*geom.*) tangent. **-gibility**, *n.*: tangibilité, *f.* **-gible**, *adj.*: tangible; tactile.
- 1.tangle**, *tr.*: emmêler; empêtrer, enchevêtrer; embrouiller. **2.tangle**, *n.*: état emmêlé, état embrouillé, *m.*: *it is in a —*, c'est tout embrouillé.
- tân-house**, *n.*: tannerie, *f.*
- tânk**, *n.*: réservoir, *m.*; cuve; (*of a pump*) bêche, *f.*
- tânkard**, *n.*: pot (à couvercle); hanap, *m.*
- tân-ling**, *n.*: personne hâlée, *f.* **-ner**, *n.*: tanneur, *m.* **-nery**, *n.*: tannerie, *f.* **-nic**, *adj.*: tannique. **-nin**, *n.*: tanin, *m.* **-ning**, *n.*: tannage, *m.* **-ning-liquor**, *n.*: jus de tannée, *m.* **-pit**, *n.*: fosse à tan, *f.* **-stove**, *n.*: (*hort.*) serre à tannée, *f.*
- tânsy**, *n.*: tannaisie, herbe aux vers, *f.*
- tanta-lisation**, *n.*: action de torturer; tentation, *f.* **-lise**, *tr.*: tantaliser; se jouer de torturer; tenter. **-liser**, *n.*: personne qui torture, *f.* **-lising**, *adj.*: tantalisant, tentant. **-lism**, *n.*: supplice de Tantale, *m.*; torture, *f.*
- tântamout**, *adj.*: équivalent.
- tantivy**, *adj.*: à fond de train; à bride abattue.
- tântrums**, *n. pl.*: mauvaise humeur; grande mauvaise humeur, *f. sing.*
- tân-vat**, *n.*: fosse à tan, *f.* **-waste**, *n.*: tannée, *f.* **-yard**, *n.*: tannerie, *f.*
- 1.tâp**, *tr.*, *intr.*: (*strike*) taper, frapper.
- 2.tap**, *n.*: (*blow*) tape, *f.*, coup, *m.*
- 3.tâp**, *n.*: (*of a cask*) cannelle, cannette, *f.*; robinet, tampon, *m.*; (*of a tavern*) comptoir, *m.*; (*tech.*) taraud, *m.* **4.tap**, *tr.*: (*a cask, etc.*) percer, mettre en perce; (*surg.*) percer; faire la ponction; (*wine, etc.*) tirer; (*a tree*) inciser; (*tech.*) tarauder; (*metal.*) faire la coulée à. **-borer**, *n.*: taraud, *m.*
- tâpe**, *n.*: ruban (de fil, de coton), *m.* = **red —**, routine, réglementation, *f.* **-line**, **-mesure**, *n.*: mesure en ruban, *f.*

1. **tâper**, *n.*: petite bougie, *f.*; cierge, *m.*
 2. **taper**, *tr.*: tailler en pointe; *intr.*: se terminer en pointe. 3. **taper**, *ing*, *adj.*: terminé en pointe; effilé; (*conical*) en forme de cône, conique. **ingly**, *adv.*: en pointe. **-ness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui se termine en pointe, *f.*

tâpes-tried, *adj.*: tapissé. **-try**, *n.*: tapisserie, *f.* **-try-maker**, *n.*: tapis-sier, *m.*

tâpe-worm, *n.*: ténia; ver solitaire, *m.*

tâp-hole, *n.*: (*metal*) trou de coulée, *m.*

tapioca, *n.*: tapioca, *m.*

tâpir, *n.*: (*mam.*) tapis, *m.*

tâpis or **tapi**, *n.*: tapis, *m.*

tâp-ping, *n.*: ponction; (*metal*) coulée, *f.* **-room**, *n.*: salle; salle des buveurs, *f.* **-root**, *n.*: (*bot.*) pivot, *m.*; racine pivotante, *f.* **-rooted**, *adj.*: à racine pivotante. **-ster**, *n.*: garçon de cabaret, *m.*

1. **târ**, *n.*: goudron; (*sailor*) matelot, loup de mer, *m.* 2. **tar**, *tr.*: goudronner.

tarantismus, *n.*: (*med.*) tarentisme, *m.*

tarântula, *n.*: (*ent.*) tarentule, *f.*

târ-dily, *adv.*: lentement; tardivement.

-diness, *n.*: lenteur; (*reluctance*) répugnance, *f.*; (*lateness*) retard, *m.* **-dy**, *adj.*: lent; (*late*) en retard, tardif; (*unwilling*) qui a de la répugnance, mal disposé. **-dy-gaited**, *adj.*: à la marche traînante.

1. **târe**, *n.*: ivraie, *f.*

2. **târe**, *n.*: (*com.*) tare, *f.* 3. **tare**, *tr.*: (*com.*) tarer; prendre la tare de.

târgel, *n.*: cible, *f.*; but, blanc, *m.*: (*shield*) targe, *f.* **-êr**, *n.*: homme armé d'une targe; (*antiq.*) peltaste, *m.*

1. **târiff**, *n.*: tarif, *m.* 2. **tariff**, *tr.*: tarifer.

târin, *n.*: (*orni.*) tarin, *m.*

târ-lake, *n.*: lac d'asphalte, *m.*

târln, *n.*: petit lac de montagne.

târnish, *tr.*: ternir; (*fig.*) souiller, flétrir; *intr.*: se ternir.

târpaulin, *n.*: prélat, *m.*

Târpé'ian, *adj.*: Tarpéien.

târ-pit, *n.*: puits à goudron, *m.*

târragon, *n.*: (*bot.*) estragon, *m.*

târ-rier, *n.*: personne qui tarde, *f.* **-ry**, *intr.*: (*stay*) rester, s'arrêter; (*delay*) tarder, différer. **-ry**, *adj.*: de goudron. **-rying**, *n.*: retard, *m.*

târ-sal, *adj.*: tarsien, du tarse. **-sus**, *n.*: tarse; cartilage tarse, *m.*

1. **târt**, *n.*: tarre, tourte, *f.*

2. **târt**, *adj.*: aigre, âcre; acide; (*fig.*) aigre, mordant, piquant, âcre.

târtan, *n.*: tartan, *m.*; (*vessel*) tartane, *f.*

1. **târtar**, *n.*: (*chem.*; of the teeth) tartre, *m.*

2. **Târ-tar**, *n.*: Tartare, *m.*, *f.*; *adj.*: du Tartare; (*fig.*) bourru, *m.*: catch a —, s'at-

taquer à plus fort que soi. **-târean**, 1. **-târeous**, *adj.*: du Tartare.

2. **târ-tâ'reous**, *adj.*: (*chem.*) tartareux.

-târic, *adj.*: tartrique, tartaique. **-tar-**

ine, *n.*: potasse, *f.* **-tarous**, *adj.*: tar-

tareux.

târtish, *adj.*: aigret. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec âcreté; avec aigreur; (*fig.*) vertement, avec aigreur, sévèrement. **-ness**, *n.*: acidité, aigreur, âcreté; (*fig.*) aigreur, sévérité, *f.*

târtrate, *n.*: tartrate, *m.*

târtû'f-fe, *n.*: tartufe, hypocrite, cafard, *m.* **-fish**, *adj.*: de tartufe; cafard.

1. **tâsk**, *n.*: tâche, *f.*; travail, ouvrage, *m.*; besogne; charge, *f.*; (*lesson*) devoir; (*punishment*) pensum, *m.*: take to —, réprimander; blâmer. 2. **task**, *tr.*: donner une tâche à; charger de travail. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui donne une tâche, *f.* **-mas-**
ter, *n.*: personne qui impose des tâches, *f.*; maître, oppresseur, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: tâche, *f.*

tâssel, *n.*: gland, *m.*; (*large one*) houppie, *f.*; (*arch.*) tasseau; (*hawk*) tiercelet d'autour, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à glands; orné de glands.

tâssets, *n. pl.*: tasette, *f. sing.*

tâs-table, *adj.*: qui peut être goûté; savoureux. 1. **-te**, *tr.*: goûter; (*liquids*) déguster; (*fig.*) goûter, goûter de, sentir, savourer; *intr.*: goûter: — of, goûter de, goûter; (*have a smack of*) avoir un goût de, sentir le; (*just taste*) effleurer; (*experience*) sentir, éprouver, goûter, subir; (*be tinged with*) sentir; — good, bad, avoir un bon, un mauvais goût. 2. **-te**, *n.*: goût, *m.*; (*small quantity*) idée, *f.*, soupçon; (*specimen*) échantillon, spécimen, *m.*; (*of beverages*) dégustation, *f.*: my mouth is out of —, ma bouche n'est pas disposée à goûter; there is no disputing about —, il ne faut pas disputer des goûts; every one to his —, chacun à son goût; to one's —, à son goût; dress with —, s'habiller avec goût; that is good, bad —, c'est de bon, de mauvais goût; from, out of —, par goût. **-teful**, *adj.*: savoureux; (*having good taste*) de bon goût.

-tefully, *adv.*: avec goût. **-teless**, *adj.*: fade, insipide. **-telessly**, *adv.*: insipidement. **-telessness**, *n.*: insipidité, fadeur, *f.* **-ter**, *n.*: personne qui goûte, *f.*; (*of beverages*) dégustateur; (*dram cup*) petit verre; (*of cheese*) petit morceau, *m.* **-ting**, *n.*: goût, *m.*; gustation; (*of beverages*) dégustation, *f.* **-ty**, *adj.*: de goût, de bon goût.

1. **tâtter**, *n.*: haillon, lambeau, *m.*; guenille, *f.* 2. **tatter**, *tr.*: déchirer. **-de-**
mâlion, *n.*: homme déguenillé, va-nu-pieds, gueux, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) dégué-

nillé: (of garments) en lambeaux, en guenilles, en haillons.

1. **tât-tle**, intr.: babiller, jaser, caqueter, bavarder; cancaner. 2. **-tle**, n.: babil, caquet, bavardage, m.; cancan, m. pl. **-tler**, n.: bavard, m., bavarde, f.; babillard, m., babillarde, f.; cancanier, m., cancanière, f. **-tling**, adj.: babillard, bavard, cancanier, m.

1. **tatôo**, n.: (milit.) retraite, f.

2. **tattôo**, tr.: tatouer. 3. **tattoo**, n.: tatouage, m. **-ing**, n.: tatouage, m.

1. **taught**, pret., part. of teach.

2. **taught** = **taut**.

1. **taunt**, adj.: (nav.) haut.

2. **taunt**, tr.: reprocher vivement à; outrager; injurier; dire des injures à, railler, censurer. 3. **taunt**, n.: injure en paroles, f.; (bitter reproach) reproche sanglant, reproche amer, m.; (inveective) invective, raillerie, f.; sarcasme, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui fait des reproches sanglants, qui injurie, qui outrage, f.; railleur, m., railleuse, f. **-ingly**, adv.: injurieusement, avec raillerie; d'une manière insultante.

taurus, n.: (astron.) le Taureau, m.

taut, adj.: (nav.) raide, tendu; (of sails) enfilé, plein; *get* —, raidir; *haul* —, raidir, embraquer. **-en**, tr.: raidir; embraquer.

tau-tochrome, n.: courbe tautochrone, f.

-tôchronous, adj.: tautochrone.

tau-tologie(al), adj.: tautologique.

-tologise, intr.: se répéter. **-tology**, n.: tautologie, f.

tavern, n.: (inn) auberge, f.; restaurant, m.; (dram shop) cabaret, m., taverne, f.

-hunter, n.: pillier de cabaret, m.

-keeper, n.: aubergiste, cabaretier, m.

1. **taw**, n.: bille à jouer, f.

2. **taw**, tr.: passer en mégie, mégisser.

taw-drily, adv.: avec un faux éclat; d'une manière voyante. **-driness**, n.: faux éclat; mauvais goût, m. **-dry**, adj.: éclatant; voyant; de faux éclat. **-er**, n.: mégissier, m. **-ing**, n.: mégisserie, mégie, f.

tawny, adj.: basané, tanné, hâlé; (animal) fauve.

1. **tax**, n.: impôt, m.; contribution, imposition, taxe, f.; (fig.) taxe, f., impôt, fardeau, m.; (fig.) censure, f.: *assessed* —, contributions directes; *income* —, impôt sur le revenu, m.; taxe du revenu, f. 2. **tax**, tr.: imposer; frapper d'un impôt; taxer; (accuse) taxer, accuser; (censure) censurer; (fig.) taxer, mettre à contribution; (jur.) taxer. **-able**, adj.: impossible; qui peut être taxé. **-ation**, n.: taxation; (jur.) taxation, taxe, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui impose une taxe, f.; (jur.) taxateur, m. **-free**, adj.: exempt

d'impôts. **-gatherer**, n.: percuteur des contributions, m.

tâxidermy, n.: taxidermie, f.

tâx-payer, n.: contribuable, m.

tazetta, n.: (bot.) narcisse, m.

têa, n.: thé; (broth) bouillon, m.; (infusion) eau, tisane, infusion, f.: *come to* —, venir prendre le thé. **-board**, n.: cabaret, plateau, m. **-caddy**, **-canister**, n.: boîte à thé, f.

têach (pret., part. *taught*), tr.: (pers.) enseigner, instruire; (things) enseigner, apprendre; (manual labour) montrer; (lecture on) professer; (accustom) apprendre, habituer; (suggest to the mind) communiquer; (signify) indiquer; intr.: enseigner, professer: — *one French*, enseigner, apprendre le français à quelqu'un; — *one how to*, apprendre à quelqu'un à. **-able**, adj.: disposé à apprendre; (docile) docile. **-ableness**, n.: disposition à apprendre; (docility) docilité, f. **-ableness**, n.: docilité, f. **-er**, n.: maître, m., maîtresse, f.; instituteur, m., institutrice, f.; professeur, (preacher) prédicateur; prédicateur laïque, m. **-ing**, n.: enseignement, m.; instruction, f.

têa-cloth, n.: torchon, m. **-cup**, n.: tasse à thé, f. **-cupful**, adj.: plein une tasse à thé.

-dealer, n.: marchand de thé, m.

-dust, n.: poudre de thé, f.

-equipment, n.: cabaret à thé, m.

-grower, n.: cultivateur de thé, m.

têak, n.: (bot.) teck, tek, m.

têa-kettle, n.: bouilloire, f.

têal, n.: (orni.) sarcelle, f.

1. **têam**, n.: attelage, m.; ligne, file, f.

2. **team**, tr.: transporter du déblai au remblai.

têa-merchant, n.: marchand de thé, négociant en thés, m.

têam-ing, n.: transport du déblai au remblai, m.

-igg-road, n.: chemin provisoire de transport, m.

-ster, n.: conducteur d'un attelage, m.

têa-party, n.: thé, m. **-pot**, n.: théière, f.

1. **têar**, n.: larme, f.; pleur, m.: *shed* —, verser des larmes; *shed bitter* —, pleurer à chaudes larmes; *burst into* —, fondre en larmes; *be drowned in* —, avoir les yeux noyés de larmes; *affect to* —, toucher jusqu'aux larmes; *with* — in *one's eyes*, les larmes aux yeux; *all in* —, tout en larmes; tout éploré.

2. **têar** (pret. *lore*; part. *torn*), tr.: déchirer; (the hair) arracher; (fig.) arracher; intr.: se déchirer; s'agiter, se démener: — *asunder*, déchirer en deux; — *away, down, off, out*, arracher; — *from*, arracher à; — *up*, arracher; (tear to pieces) mettre en morceaux; — *along*,

aller ventre à terre. **tear**, *n.*: déchirure; (*injury*) détérioration, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: déchireur, *m.*, *-euse*, *f.*; personne qui se démène, *f.*

tear-falling, *adj.*: qui répand des larmes, tendre. **-ful**, *adj.*: tout en larmes; rempli de larmes. **-fully**, *adv.*: les larmes aux yeux.

tearing, *n.*: déchirement; arrachement, *m.*

tearless, *adj.*: sans larmes, sec.

tea-rose, *n.*: rose-thé, *f.*

tear-shaped, *adj.*: (*tech.*) larmeux.

1. tea-se, *tr.*: taquiner, agacer; tracasser, tourmenter; contrarier; chicaner; (*card*) carder; (*cloth*) lainer. **2. tease**, *n.*: taquin, *m.*, *-e*, *f.*; tourment, *m.* **-sel**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cardère, *f.*; chardon à foulon, à bonnetier, *m.*; cardère à foulon, à bonnetier, *f.* **-seler**, *n.*: laineur, *m.*, laineuse, *f.* **-ser**, *n.*: tracassier, *m.*, tracassière, *f.*; taquin, *m.*, taquine, *f.*; chicaneur, *m.*, chicaneuse, *f.*

tea-service, *n.*: cabaret, service à thé, *m.*

tea-sling, *n.*: linaige; ratinage, *m.*

tea-spoon, *n.*: cuiller à thé, *f.*

téat, *n.*: mamelon, tetin; (*of animals*) mamelon, *m.*, tette, *f.*

tea-table, *n.*: table à thé, *f.* **-time**, *n.*: heure du thé, *f.* **-things**, *n. pl.*: service à thé, *m. sing.* **-tray**, *n.*: plateau, *m.* **-tree**, *n.*: thé; arbre à thé, *m.* **-urn**, *n.*: fontaine à thé, *f.*

téchi-ly, *adv.*: maussagement; d'une manière hargneuse. **-ness**, *n.*: maussaderie; humeur hargneuse, *f.*

téch-nical, *adj.*: technique; de l'art. **-nicality**, **-niceness**, *n.*: caractère technique, *m.* **-nically**, *adv.*: techniquement; suivant l'art. **-nies**, *n. pl.*: technique, *f. sing.* **-nological**, *adj.*: technologique; des arts. **-nology**, *n.*: technologie; terminologie, *f.*

téchy, *adj.*: maussade; hargneux, bourru.

tôd, *tr.*: (*agri.*) répandre.

tôdder, *tr.*: lier par une attache; attacher.

te dêum, *n.*: Te Deum, *m.*

tédi-ous, *adj.*: ennuyeux, fastidieux, fatigant; (*slow*) lent, trop long. **-ously**, *adv.*: ennuyusement; fastidieusement. **-ousness**, *n.*: ennui, *m.*; fatigue; nature fastidieuse; (*slowness*) lenteur fatigante; (*proximity*) proximité, longueur, *f.* **-um**, *n.*: ennui, *m.*; fatigue, *f.*

téem, *intr.*: enfanter; être fécond, être plein (*or chargé*); *tr.*: enfanter, produire: — *with*, être plein de; abonder en; regorger de. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui enfante, *f.* **†-ful**, *adj.*: fécond, fertile; (*brimful*) plein jusqu'au bord. **-less**, *adj.*: stérile.

téens, *n. pl.*: l'âge de treize à dix-neuf ans, *m. sing.*

1. téeth, *pl. of tooth*. **2. teeth**, *intr.*: faire ses dents. **téeth-ing**, *n.*: dentition, *f.* **-range**, *n.*: denture, *f.*

tertótal, *adj.*: de tempérance. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui s'abstient entièrement de bière et de boissons spiritueuses, *f.* **abstème**, *m.*, *f.* **-ism**, *n.*: abstinence entière de bière et de boissons spiritueuses, *f.*

tectótum, *n.*: toton, *m.*

tégular, *adj.*: de tuile. **-ly**, *adv.*: en tuile.

tégu-ment, *n.*: tégument, *m.* **-mémentary**, *adj.*: tégumentaire.

téil-tree, *n.*: tilleul, *m.*

télamônes, *n. pl.*: (*arch.*) télamons, *m. pl.*

1. télé-graph, *n.*: télégraphe, *m.*: *electric* —, télégraphe électrique. **2. -graph**, *tr.*: télégraphier. **-graphic**, *adj.*: télégraphique. **1. -phone**, *n.*: téléphone, *m.* **2. -phone**, *intr.*: téléphonier. **-phonic**, *adj.*: téléphonique. **-scope**, *n.*: télescope, *m.*; lunette d'approche, *f.* **-scope-shell**, *n.*: (*conch.*) turbo, *m.* **-scopio**, *adj.*: télescopique.

1. tell (*pret.*, *part. told*), *tr.*: faire part de; (*narrate*) raconter, conter; (*teach*) apprendre, dire; (*disclose*) révéler, dévoiler, rapporter; (*count*) compter, énumérer; (*confess*) avouer; (*publish*) publier, proclamer; (*discover*) découvrir, trouver; (*explain*) expliquer, dire: — *by*, juger à; — *off*, énumérer; *don't* — *one!* laissez donc! — *that to others*, à d'autres; *I have been told*, on m'a dit; j'ai entendu dire; *it is told of*, on le dit de; — *any one any thing*, dire quelque chose à quelqu'un; faire part de quelque chose à quelqu'un. **2. tell**, *intr.*: dire; raconter; (*take effect*) faire son effet; porter; porter coup: — *of*, (*pers.*) dénoncer; (*things*) dire; — *up*, monter. **-er**, *n.*: diseur, *m.*, diseuse, *f.*; raconteur, *m.*, raconteuse, *f.*; (*in parliament*) scrutateur; (*of the exchequer*) agent comptable; (*thing*) compteur, *m.* **1. -tale**, *n.*: rapporteur, *m.*, rapporteuse, *f.*; (*meas.*) compteur; (*nav.*) axiommètre, *m.* **2. -tale**, *adj.*: bavard; qui fait des rapports.

tellûrium, *n.*: (*chem.*) tellure, *m.*

te-mérârious, *adj.*: téméraire. **-méri-ty**, *n.*: témérité, *f.*

1. témpér, *tr.*: (*mix*) mélanger (en proportion juste); combiner; (*adjust*) ajuster, proportionner; (*modify*) tempérer; (*soften*) adoucir; (*mus.*) tempérer; (*steel*, etc.) tremper. **2. témpér**, *n.*: mélange (juste); tempérament; caractère, naturel, *m.*; (*humour*) humeur, *f.*, caractère, *m.*; (*anger*) colère, *f.*; (*calmness of mind*) sang-froid, calme, *m.*; (*of steel*, etc.)

trempé; (*mixture*) combinaison, *f.*, mélange, *m.*; (*in sugar-works*) matière à défécation, *f.*: *out of* —, de mauvaise humeur; *in a good* —, de bonne humeur; *lose one's* —, *get out of* —, sortir de son caractère; se mettre en colère; s'emporter; perdre son sang-froid; *put out of* —, mettre de mauvaise humeur; *keep one's* —, garder son sang-froid; ne pas sortir de son caractère; *a man of a violent* —, un homme d'un caractère emporté; *he has a bad* —, *but a good heart*, il a un mauvais caractère, mais un bon cœur. **-ament**, *n.*: constitution, *f.*; tempérament; (*medium*) milieu, équilibre; (*mus.*) tempérament, *m.* **-améntal**, *adj.*: de tempérament; constitutionnel. **-anee**, *n.*: tempérance; sobriété, modération, *f.*: — *society*, société de tempérance, *f.* **-ate**, *adj.*: tempéré; modéré; (*pers.*) tempérant, sobre; (*calm*) calme; (*in speech*) réservé; (*geog.*) tempéré. **-ately**, *adv.*: avec sobriété, avec tempérance; modérément; avec calme; avec réserve. **-ateness**, *n.*: modération, douceur, *f.*; (*calmness*) calme, *m.* **-ative**, *adj.*: qui tempère, qui modère. **-ature**, *n.*: température; (*constitution*) constitution, *f.*, tempérament, *m.*; modération, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: d'un caractère...: *ill—ed*, qui a un mauvais caractère, qui a le caractère mal fait; *good—ed*, qui a un bon caractère, qui a le caractère bien fait.

têm-pest, *n.*: tempête, *f.*; orage, *m.* **-pest-beaten**, *adj.*: battu par la tempête. **-pest-tossed**, *adj.*: ballotté par la tempête. **-pestuous**, *adj.*: orageux; tempétueux. **-pestuously**, *adv.*: d'une manière orageuse. **-pestuousness**, *n.*: état orageux, *m.*

têm-plar, *n.*: templier; (*law-student*) étudiant en droit, *m.*: *knight* —, chevalier du temple, templier, *m.* **-ple**, *n.*: temple, *m.*; (*anat.*) tempe, *f.* **-ple-bone**, *n.*: (*anat.*) os temporal, *m.* **-plot**, *n.*: (*mas.*) panneau, patron, *m.*

têmpo-ral, *adj.*: temporel; (*anat.*) temporel. **-rality** (*temporalities*, *temporales*), *n.*: bien temporel, revenu temporel, *m.* **-rally**, *adv.*: temporellement. **-raneous**, *adj.*: temporel. **-rarily**, *adv.*: temporairement. **-rariness**, *n.*: état temporaire, *m.* **-rary**, *adj.*: temporaire. **-rization**, *n.*: temporisation, *f.* **-rise**, *tr.*: temporiser; s'accommoder. **-riser**, *n.*: temporisateur, temporiseur, *m.* **-rising**, *adj.*: temporisateur, qui temporise; accommodant.

têmpt, *tr.*: tenter; (*incite*) exciter, pousser; (*draw*) entraîner; (*try*) tenter, essayer; (*in Scripture*) tenter, éprouver. **-able**, *adj.*: sujet à la tentation. **-âtion**,

n.: tentation, *f.*; entraînement, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: tentateur, *m.*, tentatrice, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: tentant, entraînant, tentatif. **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière tentative, d'une manière tentante; d'une manière entraînante. **-ress**, *n.*: tentatrice, *f.*

1.tên, *adj.*: dix: *about* —, *some* —, une dizaine; une dizaine de. **2.ten**, *n.*: dix, *m.*; dizaine, *f.*

tênable, *adj.*: soutenable; tenable.

ten-âcions, *adj.*: tenace: — *of*, qui tient à; fortement attaché à. **-âcionsly**, *adv.*: d'une manière tenace. **-âcity**, *n.*: ténacité, *f.*

tenâfl-le, *n.*: (*fort.*) tenaille, *f.* **-lon-lyun**, *n.*: (*fort.*) tenailleur, *m.*

tên-ane, *n.*: location, *f.* **1.-ant**, *n.*: locataire, *m.*, *f.*; habitant, *m.*, habitante, *f.*; (*of a farm*) fermier, *m.* **2.-ant**, *tr.*: tenir à loyer; être locataire de. **-ant-able**, *adj.*: logeable; locatif. **-antableness**, *n.*: état locatif, *m.* **-antless**, *adj.*: sans locataire; sans habitant; vide.

tênch, *n.*: (*icht.*) tanche, *f.*

1.tênd, *tr.*: accompagner (pour servir), servir, assister; garder; soigner; avoir soin de; veiller sur; *intr.*: attendre, servir; *tr.*: s'attendre. **2.tênd**, *intr.*: se mouvoir (vers), se diriger (vers); tendre (à), aboutir (à); contribuer (à); (*nav.*) éviter. **-eney**, *n.*: tendance, *f.*

1.tênder, *n.*: assistant(e), *m.*, *f.*; (*nurse*) garde, *f.*; (*nav.*) aviso; transport, bâtiment de transport; bâtiment de servitude; (*railways*) tender, *m.* **2.tender**, *tr.*: offrir, présenter; (*an oath*) déférer; (*contracts*) soumissionner. **3.tender**, *n.*: (*offer*) offre; (*for contracts*) soumission; (*of an oath*) action de déférer, *f.*: *legal* —, monnaie légale, *f.*; cours légale, *m.*

4.tênder, *adj.*: tendre; (*easily pained*) tendre, sensible; (*effeminate*) délicat, mou; (*young*) tendre; (*mild*) doux; (*compassionate*) tendre, compatissant; (*dear*) cher, tendre; (*of flowers*) délicat, de serre; (*ticklish*) délicat, scabreux: — *of*, soucieux de; jaloux de. **-hearted**, *adj.*: compatissant, sensible, au cœur tendre.

-heartedly, *adv.*: avec sensibilité.

-heartedness, *n.*: sensibilité, *f.* **-ling**,

n.: enfant chéri; (*of a deer*) premier bois,

m. **-ly**, *adv.*: tendrement; doucement;

délicatement; (*with pity*) avec compas-

sion. **-ness**, *n.*: tendresse; (*softness*, *sensibility*) sensibilité; (*softness*) mol-

lesse, délicatesse; (*kind attention*) solli-

citude, *f.*, égards, *m.* *pl.*; (*scrupulous-*

ness) scrupule; (*care*) soin, *m.*; (*expres-*

sion) douceur, *f.*

tênding, *n.*: (*nav.*) évitage, *m.*

tên-dinous, *adj.*: tendineux; plein de

tendons. **-don**, *n.*: tendon, *m.*

1. **tendrill**, *n.*: vrille, *f.*; cirre, *m.* 2. **tendrill**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) grimpant.
- tène-brous**, *adj.*: ténébreux. **-brösisy**, **-broussness**, *n.*: ténèbres, *f. pl.*; obscurité, *f.*
- tène-ment**, *n.*: habitation, maison, *f.*; appartement, *m.* **-mèntal**, *adj.*: en location; susceptible de location.
- tenésmus**, *n.*: ténesme, *m.*
- tènet**, *n.*: dogme, *m.*; doctrine, *f.*
- tènfold**, *adj.*: décuple.
- tènnis**, *n.*: paume, *f.* **-court**, *n.*: jeu de paume, *m.*
- tènon**, *n.*: tenon, *m.*
- tènor**, *n.*: (*strain*) style, *ton*, *m.*; teneur, *f.*; (*character*) caractère; (*sense*) sens, esprit; (*mus.*) ténor; (*instrument*) alto, *m.*, viole, *f.*
1. **tèNSE**, *n.*: (*gram.*) temps, *m.*
2. **tèn-se**, *adj.*: tendu, raide. **-sness**, *n.*: tension, raideur, *f.* **-sible**, **-sile**, *adj.*: extensible. **-sion**, *n.*: tension, extension, *f.* **-sive**, *adj.*: qui tend, qui raidit. **-sor**, *n.*: (*anat.*) extenseur, *m.*
1. **tènt**, *n.*: tente, *f.* 2. **tènt**, *intr.*: camper.
3. **tènt**, *tr.*: (*surg.*) sonder. 4. **tènt**, *n.*: (*surg.*) tente, *f.* **-acle**, *n.*: (*ent.*) tentacule, *m.* 1. **-ative**, *adj.*: d'essai, expérimental. 2. **-ative**, *n.*: tentative, *f.*; essai, *m.*
- tènted**, *adj.*: couvert de tentes; (*pers.*) campé, habitant sous des tentes.
1. **tènter**, *n.*: crochet à étendre les draps, *m.*: *be on the —*, être dans des transees.
2. **tènter**, *tr.*: (*of cloth*) ramer. 3. **tènt-er**, *intr.*: s'étendre. **-frame**, *n.*: (*stretch cloth*) rame, *f.* **-hook**, *n.*: clou à crochet, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: ramage, *m.*
1. **tènth**, *adj.*: dixième. 2. **tènth**, *n.*: dixième, *m.*; (*tithe*) dlme; (*mus.*) dixième, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: dixièmement.
- ten-üity**, *n.*: ténuité; minceur; (*of the air*) raréfaction, *f.* **tèn-nous**, *adj.*: mince, ténu; (*of the air*) rare, raréfié.
- tèngre**, *n.*: mouvance, tenure, *f.*
- tepe-faction**, *n.*: action de tiédir, *f.* **-fy**, *tr.*: rendre tiède; attiédir; *intr.*: tiédir.
- tèp-id**, *adj.*: tiède. **-idity**, **-idness**, *n.*: tiédeur; tépidité, *f.* **-or**, *n.*: douce chaleur, *f.*
- tèrec**, *n.*: (*cask*) tiers d'une pipe, *m.* **-l**, *n.*: tiercelet, *m.* **-major**, *n.*: tierce majeure, *f.*
- terobin-thinate**, **-thine**, *adj.*: de térebenthine.
- tergiversation**, *n.*: tergiversation; (*fickleness*) inconstance, *f.*
1. **tèrm**, *n.*: (*limit*) terme, *m.*, limite, *f.*; (*time*) temps; (*math.*) terme, *m.*; (*jur.*) session; (*in universities*) année scolaire,

- f.*; (*gram., leg., arch.*) terme, *m.*: *—s*, conditions, *f. pl.*; (*of women*) menstrues, règles, *f. pl.*; *bring to —s*, soumettre; *come to —s*, s'accorder; s'arranger; tomber d'accord; prendre des arrangements; *be on good —s with*, être bien avec; être sur un bon pied avec; *be on ill —s with*, être mal avec; être brouillé avec; *be on familiar —s with*, être sur un pied de familiarité avec; *the lowest —*, (*math.*) la plus simple expression; *what are your —s?* quels sont vos prix? quelles sont vos conditions? 2. **tèrm**, *tr.*: nommer, appeler.
- tèrma-ganey**, *n.*: turbulence; disposition acariâtre, *f.* 1. **-gant**, *adj.*: turbulent; bruyant; acariâtre. 2. **-gant**, *n.*: mégère, *f.*; dragon, *m.*
- tèrm-er**, *n.*: personne qui tient à terme; personne qui tient à vie, *f.* **-inable**, *adj.*: qui peut être borné, qui peut être limité; pour un temps limité. **-inal**, *adj.*: extrême; terminal. **-inate**, *tr.*: terminer, finir; *intr.*: se terminer, finir; cesser, s'arrêter. **-inàtion**, *n.*: action de limiter; (*limit*) extrémité; (*end*) fin, terminaison; (*result*) conclusion, *f.*, résultat; (*last purpose*) but final, *m.*; (*gram.*) désinence, terminaison, *f.* **-inàtional**, *adj.*: (*gram.*) final, terminatif. **-inatör**, *n.*: (*astron.*) cercle d'illumination, *m.* **-iner**, *n.*: (*jur.*) décision, *f.*; jugement, *m.* **-inölogy**, *n.*: terminologie, *f.* **-inus**, *n.*: embarcadère, *m.*; gare de départ, *f.*; débarcadère, *m.*; gare d'arrivée, *f.*
- tèrmitè**, *n.*: (*ent.*) termès, termitè, *m.*
- tèrm-less**, *adj.*: illimité, infini. 1. **-ly**, *adv.*: chaque session. 2. **-ly**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) par session. **-q**, *n. pl.*: conditions, *f. pl.*, etc., cf. *term*.
1. **tèrn**, *n.*: (*orni.*) sterne, *m.*; hirondelle de mer, *f.*
2. **tèrn**, *adj.*: triple. **-al**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) terné. **-ary**, *adj.*: ternaire; terné. **-ate**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) terné. **-ion**, *n.*: trois, nombre ternaire, *m.*
1. **tèrr-ace**, *n.*: terrasse, *f.* 2. **-ace**, *tr.*: former en terrasse; (*open to the light*) ouvrir au jour. **-a firma**, *n.*: terre ferme, *f.* **-àqueous**, *adj.*: terraque. **-ène**, *adj.*: terrestre. **-e-cous**, *adj.*: terreux; de terre. **-e-plèin-tèr**, *n.*: (*fort.*) terre-plein, *m.* **-èstrial**, *adj.*: terrestre. **-èstrially**, *adv.*: d'une manière terrestre.
- tèrri-ble**, *adj.*: terrible; redoutable; formidable; (*severe*) terrible, horrible. **-ble-ness**, *n.*: horreur, *f.* **-bly**, *adv.*: terriblement; (*greatly*) terriblement, horriblement.
- tèrrier**, *n.*: (*hole*; *dog*) terrier, *m.*;

(wimble) tarière, *f.*; cadastre; terrier, papier terrier, *m.*

ter-rific, *adj.*: affreux, terrible. **ter-rify**, *tr.*: terrifier, épouvanter.

terri-torial, *adj.*: territorial; (*local*) limité. **-tôrially**, *adv.*: par territoires.

terri-tory, *n.*: territoire, *m.*; Etats, *m. pl.*

terror, *n.*: terreur, *f.*; effroi, *m.*; épouvante, *f.*: *the reign of* —, la terreur; le règne de la terreur; *he is the — of every one*, il est la terreur de tout le monde.

terse, *adj.*: poli, net, élégant. **-ly**, *adv.*: nettement; élégamment. **-ness**, *n.*: netteté; élégance, *f.*

1. **ter-tian**, *adj.*: tiers. 2. **-tian**, *n.*: fièvre tierce, *f.* **-tiary**, *adj.*: (*geog.*) de troisième ordre; (*geol., med.*) tertiaire. **-tiate**, *tr.*: faire une troisième fois.

tessellate, *tr.*: marquer. **-sellated**, *adj.*: marqueté; en mosaïque; (*bot.*) tessellé, en damier. **-sellation**, *n.*: mosaïque, *f.* **-sera**, *n.*: tesselle, *f.* **-seral**, *adj.*: en mosaïque.

1. **têst**, *n.*: (*cupel*) test, têt, *m.*; épreuve, *f.*; (*standard*) criterium; (*characteristic*) caractère distinctif, *m.*; (*distinction*) distinction, *f.*; (*chem.*) réactif; (*hist.*) test, *m.*: *put to the —*, mettre à l'épreuve; *stand the —*, subir l'épreuve. 2. **test**, *tr.*: éprouver, faire l'épreuve de; (*metal.*) couppeler. **-able**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) qui peut être légué.

testâ-cea, *n. pl.*: testacés, *m. pl.* **-ceous**, *adj.*: testacé.

tês-tament, *n.*: testament, *m.* **-ta-montary**, *adj.*: testamentaire; (*given in a testament*) légué, hérité. **-tate**, *adj.*: qui a testé. **-tâtor**, *n.*: testateur, *m.* **-tâtrix**, *n.*: testatrice, *f.*

têster, *n.*: ciel de lit, *m.*

tês-ticle, *n.*: testicule, *m.* **-ticulate**, *adj.*: qui ressemble à des testicules.

têstification, *n.*: témoignage, *m.*

têsti-ficâtor, *n.*: témoin, *m.* **-fier**, *n.*: témoin, déposant, *m.* **-fy**, *tr.*: attester, certifier; témoigner; (*publish*) proclamer; (*jur.*) témoigner de; *intr.*: rendre témoignage; (*jur.*) témoigner, déposer: — *against*, déposer contre; (*protest against*) protester contre.

têstily, *adv.*: maussadement, d'une manière bourrue.

testi-mônial, *n.*: témoignage; certificat, *m.*; attestation, *f.*: — *s*, certificats.

têsti-mony, *n.*: (*declaration, evidence*) témoignage, *m.*; (*proof*) preuve, *f.*; (*authority*) témoignage, *m.*, autorité, *f.*; (*jur.*) témoignage, *m.*, déposition; (*open attestation*) proclamation; (*the ark*) arche, *f.*; (*tables of the law*) tables de la loi, *f. pl.*; (*word of God*) parole de Dieu,

f.; (*laws of God*) lois de Dieu, *f. pl.*: *this doctrine is supported by the — of the fathers*, cette doctrine est soutenue par l'autorité des saints pères; *in — whereof*, en foi de quoi.

têtstiness, *n.*: maussaderie; humeur bourrue, *f.*

têtsting, *n.*: épreuve, *f.*; (*metal.*) essai, *m.* **-paper**, *n.*: papier réactif, *m.*

têtstinated, *adj.*: en dos de tortue.

têtsty, *adj.*: bourru; maussade.

têtstannus, *n.*: têtstanos, *m.*

tête-à-tête (*Fr. acc. and pronunc.*), *n.*: tête-à-tête, *m.*

1. **têther**, *n.*: attache, longe; (*fig.*) chaîne, *f.* 2. **tether**, *tr.*: lier par une longe; (*fig.*) enchaîner.

têtra (*in words much like corresponding French words*, as): **-chord**, *n.*: tétracorde, *m.* **-gon**, *n.*: tétragone, *m.*

-gonal, *adj.*: tétragone, tétragonal.

-hédral, *adj.*: tétraèdre, tétraédral.

-hédron, *n.*: tétraèdre, *m.* **-ndria**, *n.*: tétrandrie, *f.* **-ndrian**, *ndrous*,

adj.: tétrandre, tétrandrique. **-péta-**

-lous, *adj.*: tétrapétale. **-rch** **-ârk**, *n.*:

tétrarque, *m.* **-rchy**, **-rchate** **-âr**, *n.*:

tétrarchie, *f.*; (*office*) tétrarchat, *m.* **-sêp-**

-alous, *adj.*: tétrasépale. **-style**, *n.*:

(*arch.*) tétrastyle, *m.* **-syllabic**, *adj.*:

tétrasyllabique. **-syllable**, *n.*: tétra-

syllabe, *m.*

têtter, *n.*: darter, *f.*

Têu-ton, *n.*: Teuton. **-tônio**, *adj.*: teutonique.

têwel, *n.*: tuyère, *f.*

têxt, *n.*: texte, *m.*; (*handwriting*) écriture, *f.*: *large —*, grosse, écriture grosse, *f.*; *middle —*, écriture moyenne, *f.*; *small —*, fine, écriture fine, *f.* **-book**, *n.*:

livre de texte; guide pour les étudiants,

m. **-hand**, *n.*: grosse; écriture grosse,

f. **-ile**, *adj.*: textile. **-man**, *n.*:

homme habile à citer des textes, *m.*

-ôrial, **-rine**, *adj.*: du tissage. **-ual**,

adj.: textuel; (*serving for texts*) servant

de texte. **-ualist**, **-uary**, **-uarist**,

n.: textuaire, *m.* **-ually**, *adv.*: textuel-

lement. **-uary**, *adj.*: textuel. **-uist**,

n.: personne habile à citer les textes, *f.*

-ure, *n.*: tissage; (*stuff, anat.*) tissu, *m.*;

(*disposition of the parts of a body*) tex-

ture, contexture, *f.*

thâlamus, *n.*: (*bot.*) réceptacle, *m.*

thân, *conj.*: que; (*between more and a number*) de: *more — a hundred*, plus de

cent; *rather —*, plutôt que; *no other —*,

personne autre que; (*of things*) rien autre

que.

thâne, *n.*: thane, *m.*

1. **thânk**, *tr.*: remercier; faire des remerciements à; rendre grâces à: — *God!*

grâce à Dieu! Dieu merci! *no, I — you*, je vous remercie; merci. **2.thank**, *n.*: remerciement, *m.*: —s, *pl.*: remerciements, *m. pl.*; grâces, *f. pl.* **-ful**, *adj.*: reconnaissant. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec reconnaissance. **-fulness**, *n.*: gratitude, reconnaissance, *f.*; remerciements, *m. pl.* **-less**, *adj.*: ingrat. **-lessness**, *n.*: ingratitude, *f.* **-offering**, *n.*: sacrifice d'actions de grâces, *m.* **-giver**, *n.*: personne qui rend des actions de grâces, *f.* **-giving**, *n.*: actions de grâces, *f. pl.*; remerciements, *m. pl.* **-worthy**, *adj.*: qui mérite des remerciements.

1.that, *demonst. pron.*: (*those*) ce, ce ... là, cet, cet ... là, *m.*; cette, cette ... là, *f.*; celui-là, *m.*, celle-là, *f.*; cela, ça, le, *m.*: *I do not like — man*, je n'aime pas cet homme-là; *this is good, I prefer —*, celui-ci est bon, je préfère celui-là; *on —, sur cela*; *là-dessus*; *by —*, par cela, par là; — *he, I, etc., will not!* oh, pour cela non; *you have not seen him?* — *I have*, vous ne l'avez pas vu? *I fait*; *what of —?* qu'est-ce que cela prouve? qu'est-ce que cela fait? **2.that**, *rel. pron.*: qui, *m.*, *f.*; lequel, *m.*, laquelle, *f.*; lesquels, *m. pl.*, lesquelles, *f. pl.*; (*object*) que. **3.that**, *conj.*: que, afin que, pour que.

1.thatch, *n.*: chaume, *m.* **2.thatch**, *tr.*: couvrir de chaume. **-er**, *n.*: couvreur en chaume.

tháuma-turge, **-turgist**, **-turgus**, *n.*: thaumaturge, *m.* **-turgy**, *n.*: thaumaturgie, *f.*

1.thaw, *tr. and intr.*: dégeler. **2.thaw**, *n.*: dégel, *m.*

thé (unemphat. **the**, **tho**, *e* as in *Fr. le*), *art.*: le, *m.*, la, *f.*; les, *pl. m.*, *f.*: *at —*, *to —*, *au, m.*, *à la, f.*; *aux, pl. m.*, *f.*: *from —*, *of —*, *du, m.*, *de la, f.*; *des, pl. m.*, *f.*

thé-ater, **-atre**, *n.*: théâtre, *m.*; salle de spectacle, *f.*; spectacle; (*lecture-room*) amphithéâtre, *m.*: *go to the —*, aller au spectacle; *the — will be closed to-night*, il y aura relâche ce soir; *the French —*, le théâtre français. **-átrio(al)**, *adj.*: théâtral; scénique. **-átrically**, *adv.*: théâtralement. **-átricals**, *n. pl.*: spectacle, *m. sing.*

thé, *pron.*: toi; te.

théft, *n.*: larcin; vol, *m.*

their thár, *pron.*: leur, leurs. **-s**, *pron.*: à eux, *m. pl.*, à elles, *f. pl.*; le leur, *m.*, la leur, *f.*; les leurs, *pl. m.*, *f.*

thé-ism, *n.*: théisme, *m.* **-ist**, *n.*: théiste, *m.* **-istic**, **-istical**, *adj.*: du théisme; des théistes.

thém, *pron.*: eux, *m. pl.*, elles, *f. pl.*; les, *pl. m.*, *f.*: *to —*, à eux, à elles; leur; (*of things*) y, leur; *of, from —*, d'eux, d'elles,

en; *I have seen —*, je les ai vus; *I have spoken to —*, je leur ai parlé; *I have given — three*, je leur en ai donné trois.

thé-matic, *adj.*: du thème. **thème**, *n.*: thème, sujet, *m.*; (*in schools*) dissertation, thèse, *f.*; (*mus., gram.*) thème, *m.* **themselves**, *pron.*: eux-mêmes, *m. pl.*, elles-mêmes, *f. pl.*; se, *pl. m.*, *f.*: *they think —*, ils se croient.

1.thén, *adv.*: alors, pour lors; (*afterward*) ensuite, puis; (*in that case*) alors, dans ce cas; (*in consequence*) alors, en conséquence: *now —!* voyons! *what —?* quoi donc? et après? *now and —*, de temps en temps; *the — government*, le gouvernement d'alors. **2.then**, *conj.*: donc.

thénce, *adv.*: de là, par là; (*of time*) dès lors, depuis lors; (*for that reason*) par cette raison, de là, partant, c'est pourquoi.

-fórh, *adv.*: dès lors, dès ce moment-là.

-fórwárd, *adv.*: depuis lors, dès ce moment.

théo-crácy, *n.*: théocratie, *f.* **-crátic(al)**, *adj.*: théocratique. **-diéy**, *n.*: théodicée, *f.*

théodolite, *n.*: théodolite, *m.*

théo-gony, *n.*: théogonie, *f.* **-lógian**, **-logist**, **-logue thē**, *n.*: théologien; *m.*

-lógical, *adj.*: théologique; (*theol.*) théo-

logal. **-lógically**, *adv.*: théologiquement.

-logy, *n.*: théologie, *f.*

théorbé, *n.*: théorbe, théorbe, tuorbe, *m.*

théo-rem, *n.*: théorème, *m.* **-rétic(al)**, *adj.*: théorique; spéculatif. **-rétically**, *adv.*: théoriquement; d'une manière spé-

culative. **-rist**, **-riser**, *n.*: théoricien, *m.*

-rise, *intr.*: faire des théories. **-ry**, *n.*: théorie, *f.*

théo-sophist, *n.*: théosophe, *m.* **-sophy**, *n.*: théosophie, *f.*

thérápéu-tic, **-tical**, *adj.*: thérapeuti-

que. **-tics**, *n. pl.*: thérapeutique, *f. sing.*

thère, *adv.*: là, y: *here and —*, ça et là;

— he is! le voilà! *— they are!* les voilà!

— is, *— are*, il y a; *down —*, là-bas; *off —*, de là; *in —*, là dedans; *on —*, là-des-

sus; *over —*, là-bas; *under —*, là-des-

sous; *up —*, là-haut; *— I have him*, c'est

par là que je le tiens. **-abóut**, **-abóuts**, *adv.*: par-là; à peu près là; (*nearly*) à

peu près, environ. **-áfter**, *adv.*: ensuite;

là-dessus, après cela. **-át**, *adv.*: par là;

à cet endroit; (*at that*) à cela, à ce sujet.

-bý, *adv.*: par là; par ce moyen. **-fór**, *adv.*: pour cela. **-fóre**, *adv.*: c'est pour-

quoi, aussi; (*consequently*) donc, par con-

séquent, ainsi. **-fróm**, *adv.*: de là. **-ín**, *adv.*: là dedans; en cela. **-intó**, *adv.*:

là dedans, en cela. **-óf** or **-óv**, *adv.*: de

cela, en. **-ón**, *adv.*: là-dessus, sur cela.

-óut, *adv.*: de là, **-tó**, **-untó**, *adv.*: à

cela; à quoi. **-upôn**, *adv.*: là-dessus, sur cela, sur ce. **-with**, *adv.*: avec cela.

thériac, **-a**, *n.*: thériaque, *f.* **-al**, *adj.*: thériaçal.

thér-ma **-mē**, *n. pl.*: thermes, *m. pl.*

-mal, **-mic**, *adj.*: thermal. **-mōmēter**, *n.*: thermomètre, *m.* **-mōmēterga(u)ge**, *n.*: thermo-manomètre, *m.*

-mōmétrical, *adj.*: thermométrique. **-mōmétrically**, *adv.*: au moyen d'un thermomètre. **-moscōpe**, *n.*: thermoscope. **-mostat**, *n.*: thermorhéostat, *m.*

thèse, *pron.*: ces, ces... ci, *pl. m.*, *f.*; ceux-ci, *m. pl.*, celles-ci, *f. pl.*

thésis (*pl. thèses*), *n.*: thèse, *f.*

théurgie, **-gical**, *adj.*: théurgique. **théurgist**, *n.*: théurgiste, *m.* **théurgy**, *n.*: théurgie, *f.*

thēw, *n.*: nerf, *m.*; force musculaire, *f.*

thēy, *pron.*: ils, *m. pl.*; elles, *f. pl.*; (*followed by a relative pron.*) ceux, *m. pl.*, celles, *f. pl.*; (*standing alone*) eux, *m. pl.*, elles, *f. pl.*; (*people*) on.

1.thick, *adj.*: épais; gros; (*torbid*) trouble; (*close*) dru, serré; fréquent, nombreux; (*paint*) gras, épais; (*of the pronunciation*) gras; (*of hearing*) dur; (*of shot*) dru; (*intimate*) intime; (*dull*) lourd.

2.thick, *n.*: partie la plus épaisse, *f.*; fort, *m.* **3.thick**, *adv.*: épais; (*fast*) dru; (*closely*) épais, dru; (*deeply*) profondément: *speak* —, parler gras. **-en**, *tr.*: épaissir; (*make more numerous*) grossir, épaissir; (*make close*) serrer, resserrer; *intr.*: épaissir, s'épaissir; se grossir; (*become obscure*) s'obscurcir; (*become close*) se serrer, se resserrer; (*become animated*) s'animer, s'échauffer; (*be crowded*) se presser. **-ening**, *n.*: épaississement, *m.* **-et**, *n.*: bosquet; fourré; buisson, bouquet d'arbres; hallier, *m.* **-headed**, *adj.*: lourd. **-ish**, *adj.*: un peu épais; un peu gros; un peu troublé; un peu dru, un peu serré. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière épaisse; (*in quick succession*) dru; (*deeply*) profondément. **-ness**, *n.*: épaisseur; (*consistence*) consistance, *f.*, épaississement; (*closeness of the parts*) état serré, état dru, *m.* **-set**, *adj.*: épais, serré; (*pers.*) trapu. **-skinned**, *adj.*: à peau dure. **-skull**, *n.*: balourd, *m.*

thief, *n.*: voleur, *m.*, voleuse, *f.*; auteur de vol; (*in Scripture*) larron; (*in a candle*) champignon, *m.*: *stop* —! au voleur! **-catcher**, **-taker**, *n.*: preneur de voleurs, *m.* **-ve**, *intr.*: voler. **-very**, *n.*: vol, *m.* **-vish**, *adj.*: adonné au vol; de voleur. **-vishly**, *adv.*: en voleur; par le vol. **-vishness**, *n.*: penchant au vol, *m.*; habitude du vol, *f.*

thigh, *n.*: cuisse; (*of a horse*) jambe, *f.* **-bone**, *n.*: fémur; os de la cuisse, *m.*

thill, *n.*: limon, timon, *m.*: — *horse*, limonier, *m.*

thimble, *n.*: dé, *m.*; (*nav.*) cosse, *f.*

1.thin, *adj.*: mince; (*lean*) maigre; (*slender*) mince, délié; (*not crowded*) peu nombreux; (*slight*) léger, mince; (*of liquids*) clair; (*of animals*) maigre, efflanqué; (*of the air*) rare; (*of trees, plants, hair*) clairsemé, rare: *grow* —, maigrir; *make* —, amaigrir. **2.thin**, *adv.*: d'une manière éparse; clair. **3.thin**, *tr.*: éclaircir; (*rarefy*) raréfier.

thine, *pron.*: le tien, *m.*, la tienne, *f.*; les tiens, *m. pl.*, les tiennes, *f. pl.*; à toi.

thing, *n.*: chose, *f.*; objet, *m.*; affaire; (*event*) affaire, chose, *f.*; (*creature*) être, *m.*, créature; (*animal*) créature, bête; (*trash*) drogue, *f.*: —s, choses, affaires, *f. pl.*, effets, *m.*; (*clothes*) affaires, *f. pl.*, habits, effets, *m. pl.*; *it is a bad — for her*, c'est une mauvaise affaire pour elle; c'est une chose bien pénible pour elle; *no such —, point du tout; that is quite another —*, c'est tout autre chose; c'est une autre paire de manches; *not do an earthly —*, ne faire œuvre de ses dix doigts; *any —*, quelque chose; quoi que ce soit; *not any —*, rien; *any — but*, rien moins que; tout excepté; *a — of a...*, un mauvais...; une dérision de...; *what a — of a hat it was you sold me!* quel mauvais chapeau vous m'avez vendu! *Mr. — a-bob*, Monsieur chose; *poor —!* pauvre femme! pauvre enfant! pauvre bête! etc.

1.think (*pret. part. thought*), *intr.*: penser; (*fancy*) croire, penser; (*believe*) croire; (*judge*) juger, trouver: — *of*, penser à, songer à, réfléchir à; (*light on*) s'aviser de; (*intend*) avoir l'intention de. **2.think**, *tr.*: penser, juger: — *ill of*, well of, avoir une mauvaise opinion de, une bonne opinion de; penser du mal de, du bien de: *what do you — of him?* que pensez-vous de lui? **-er**, *n.*: penseur, *m.* **1.-ing**, *n.*: pensée, *f.*; jugement, avis, sens, *m.*: *in my —*, à mon avis. **2.-ing**, *adj.*: pensant.

thin-ly, *adv.*: faiblement; peu; légèrement. **-ness**, *n.*: minceur; (*tenuity*) ténuité; (*fluidity*) fluidité; (*paucity*) rareté; (*leanness*) maigreur; (*exility*) finesse, *f.*, état délié, *m.* **-sown**, *adj.*: clairsemé.

1.third, *adj.*: troisième; tiers. **2.third**, *n.*: tiers, *m.*; (*muz.*) tierce, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: troisièmement.

1.thirst, *n.*: soif; altération, *f.*: — *for*, soif de. **2.thirst**, *intr.*: avoir soif de, être altéré de. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui a soif, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: avidement. **-iness**, *n.*: soif; altération, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: qui a soif; altéré: *be —*, avoir soif.

thirteen, *adj.*: treize. **-th**, *adj. and n.*: treizième; (*mus.*) treizième, *f.*

thirt-ieth, *n. and adj.*: trentième. **-y**, *adj.*: trente.

this (*pl. thèse*), *pron.*: ce; ce...ci, cet; cet...ci, *m.*; cette; cette...ci, *f.*; celui-ci, *m.*, celle-ci, *f.*; ceci, *m.*: — *is one which*, en voici un qui; —, *that and the other*, ceci et ça, et patati et patata.

thisle, *n.*: (*bot.*) chardon, *m.* **-y**, *adv.*: plein or couvert de chardons.

thither, *adv.*: là; *y*; (*to that end*) dans ce but. **-to**, *adv.*: jusque-là. **-ward(s)**, *adv.*: vers ce lieu.

thlāspi, *n.*: (*bot.*) thlaspi, *m.*

thōle, *n.*: (*nav.*) tolet, *m.*; (*of a scythe*) poignée, *f.*

thōng, *n.*: sangle, courroie, *f.*; (*of a whip*) fouet, *m.*

thor-ācie, *adj.*: thoracique, *f*thorachique.

thōr-ax, *n.*: thorax, *m.*

thōrn, *n.*: (*bot.*) épine; (*prickle*) épine, *f.*, piquant, *m.*; (*anything troublesome*) épine, *f.*, souci, *m.*; (*in Scripture*) écharde, épine, *f.*: *be upon —*, être sur des épines; *run a — into one's finger*, s'enfoncer une épine dans le doigt.

-apple, *n.*: pomme épineuse, *f.* **-back**, *n.*: raie bouclée, *f.*

-bush, *n.*: buisson épineux, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans épines. **-y**, *adj.*: épineux; pénible.

1.thorough, *adj.*: (*complete*) entier, complet; (*perfect*) achevé, parfait; franc, fleffé; (*passing through*) qui traverse.

2.thorough, *n.*: pertuis, *m.* **-bass**, *m.*: basse continue, *f.* **-bred**, *adj.*: pur sang, de pur sang, de race. **-fare**, *n.*: lieu de passage, chemin passant, passage, *m.*: *great —*, rue très passante, *f.*, chemin très passant, *m.*; *no —*, on ne passe pas. **-ly**, *adv.*: entièrement; complètement; à fond, parfaitement. **-paced**, *adj.*: achevé, franc, fleffé. **-pin**, *n.*: (*vet.*) vessigon, *m.* **-wax**, *n.*: (*bot.*) buplèvre à feuilles rondes, *m.*

thōse, *pron.*: ces; ces...là, *pl. m., f.*; ceux, *m. pl.*, celles, *f. pl.*; ceux-là, *m. pl.*, celles-là, *f. pl.*

1.thōu, *pron.*: tu; toi. **2.thou**, *tr. and intr.*: tutoyer.

thōugh, *conj.*: quoique, bien que; cependant: *as —*, comme si; *even —*, quand, quand même; *what —*, qu'importe que.

thought thāt, *n.*: pensée; (*idea*) idée; (*opinion*) pensée, opinion, façon de penser, *f.*, sentiment, *m.*; (*care*) inquiétude, *f.*: *read any one's —*, lire dans la pensée de quelqu'un; *a — better*, un peu mieux. **-ful**, *adj.*: pensif; rêveur; méditatif; (*anxious*) inquiet; *kind —*, attentif, prévenant; (*favourable to meditation*) favorable à la méditation; — *of*, qui pense à; attentif à;

occupé de. **-fully**, *adv.*: d'une manière pensive; (*with solicitude*) avec sollicitude, avec prévenance. **-fulness**, *n.*: méditation profonde, *f.*; recueillement, *m.*; (*solicitude*) sollicitude, prévenance; (*anxiety*) anxiété, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: irréflecti; insouciant; étourdi, léger; (*stupid*) stupide. **-lessly**, *adv.*: avec insouciance; avec étourderie; étourdimement; (*stupidly*) stupidement. **-lessness**, *n.*: insouciance; légèreté, étourderie, *f.* **†-sick**, *adj.*: attristé par la pensée.

thōnsand, *n.*: mille; millier, *m.*; *adj.*: mille; (*date*) mil. **-th**, *n. and adj.*: millième.

thrāldom, *n.*: esclavage, asservissement, *m.* **thrāll**, *n.*: esclave, *m., f.*

thrāsh, *tr.*: battre, rosser, étriller; (*wheat, walnuts*) battre; *intr.*: battre en grange. **-er**, *n.*: batteur en grange, *m.*

-ing, *n.*: rossée, roulée, raclée, *f.*; (*of wheat*) battage, *m.* **-ing-floor**, *n.*: aire, *f.* **-ing-machine**, *n.*: machine à battre, *f.*

1.thread, *n.*: fil; (*of flowers, of a screw*) filet; (*of plants*) filament, *m.*, fibre; (*of a skein*) sentène, *f.*; (*fig.*) fil, *m.*: *air —*, fils de la Vierge, *m. pl.* **2.thread**, *tr.*: enfiler; (*pass through*) traverser, enfiler.

-bare, *adj.*: qui montre la corde, usé; râpé; (*fig.*) usé, épuisé. **-barness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est usé; (*fig.*) état usé, état épuisé, *m.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) filiforme. **-y**, *adj.*: contenant du fil; (*filamentous*) filamenteux.

thrēat, *n.*: menace, *f.* **-en**, *tr.*: menacer; faire des menaces à. **-ener**, *n.*: personne qui menace, *f.* **1.-ening**, *n.*: menace, *f.* **2.-ening**, *adj.*: menaçant; de menaces. **-eningly**, *adv.*: avec menace; d'une manière menaçante. **-ful**, *adj.*: menaçant.

1.thrēe, *adj.*: trois: *rule of —*, règle de trois, *f.* **2.three**, *n.*: trois, *m.* **-capsuled**, *adj.*: tricapsulaire. **-celled**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) triloculaire. **-cleft**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) trifide. **-cornered**, *adj.*: à trois cornes. **-edged**, *adj.*: triangulaire.

-flowered, *adj.*: (*bot.*) triflore. **-fold**, *adj.*: triple. **-headed**, *adj.*: à trois têtes; (*bot.*) tricephale. **-lobed**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) trilobé. **-pence**, *n. pl.*: trente centimes, *m. pl.* **-penny**, *adj.*: de trente centimes. **-score**, *adj.*: soixante. **-valved**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) trivalve.

thrēsh = **thrash**. **-old**, *n.*: seuil de porte; (*fig.*) début, *m.*

thrice, *adv.*: trois fois.

thrift, *n.*: (*gain*) gain, profit, *m.*; (*prosperity*) prospérité, richesse; (*frugality*) frugalité, épargne, *f.*; (*bot.*) gazon d'Olympe, *m.*, statice, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: avec épar-

gne, avec économie; (*prosperously*) avec prospérité. **-iness**, n.: épargne; économie, frugalité; (*prosperity*) prospérité, richesse, f. **-less**, adj.: dépensier, prodigue. **-lessly**, adv.: sans profit, sans avantage. **-lessness**, n.: manque de frugalité, m. **-y**, adj.: ménager, frugal, économe; (*prosperous*) prospère; (*thriving*) qui croît rapidement.

1. thrill, tr.: percer; pénétrer; intr.: pénétrer; (*shiver*) frémir. **2. thrill**, n.: frémissement, tressaillement, m. **-ing**, adj.: saisissant, pénétrant; (*of cries*) perçant.

thriv-e (pret. *throve*, part. *thriven*), intr.: prospérer, réussir; (*of things, of animals*) prospérer, croître, grandir, se développer. **-er**, n.: personne qui prospère, f. **-ing**, n.: prospère, florissant. **-ingly**, adv.: d'une manière prospère; heureusement, avec succès. **-ingness**, n.: prospérité, f.; état florissant, succès; (*growth*) accroissement, m.

throat, n.: gorge, f.; gosier; (*of a chimney*) gueulard; (*of an anchor*) diamant, m.; (*bot.*) gorge; (*entrance*) entrée, voie, f.: *cut one's* —, se couper la gorge. **-band**, n.: sous-gorge, f. **-pipe**, n.: trachée-artère, f.; larynx, m. **-wort**, n.: (*bot.*) campanule gantée, f.

thro-b, intr.: battre; palpiter. **-bing**, n.: battement, m.; palpitation, f.; (*of the pulse*) battement, m., pulsation, f.

1. thro-e, n.: douleur de l'enfantement; angoisse, torture, agonie, f. **2. thro-e**, tr.: causer de grandes douleurs; intr.: souffrir cruellement.

1. thrône, n.: trône, m. **2. thrône**, tr.: placer sur un trône; (*a bishop*) introniser. **-room**, n.: salle du trône, f.

1. thróng, n.: foule, multitude, f. **2. thróng**, intr.: accourir en foule, affluer; tr.: fouler, remplir, encombrer. **-ing**, n.: action de se serrer en foule; foule, f.

thrösile, n.: (*orni.*) grive commune, f.; (*in cotton spinning*) métier continu, m.

-frame, n.: métier continu, m. **-twist**, n.: chaîne filée, f.

thrösling, n.: (*vet.*) gonflement de la gorge, m.

1. thröttle, tr.: étrangler; étouffer, suffoquer; intr.: étouffer; suffoquer. **2. thröttle**, n.: trachée-artère, f.; larynx, m. **-valve**, n.: registre de vapeur, m.

1. through, prep.: à travers; au travers de; (*passage, means of conveyance*) par; (*over the whole extent*) d'un bout à l'autre; (*noting passage among*) dans: *pass* — a gate, passer par une porte. **2. through**, adv.: d'outre en outre; de part en part; (*from beginning to end*) d'un bout à l'autre;

(*to the end*) jusqu'à la fin, à bonne fin: *carry a project* —, mener un projet à bonne fin. **-out**, prep. and adv.: d'un bout à l'autre; partout.

1. thröw (pret. *threw*; part. *thrown*), tr.: jeter; lancer; (*prostrate*) jeter, renverser, terrasser; (*send*) lancer; (*silk*) organsiner; (*at dice*) jeter; (*a horseman*) démonter, désarçonner; (*of serpents, etc.*) jeter, se dépouiller de; (*at dice*) mettre au jeu: — *at*, jeter à, contre; lancer à, contre; — *aside*, jeter de côté; — *away*, jeter, rejeter; (*lose*) perdre; (*waste*) gaspiller, jeter; (*one's life*) prodiguer; — *down*, jeter en bas; abattre; renverser; (*pers.*) renverser, terrasser; — *down on*, jeter sur; — *in*, jeter dedans; (*give in*) donner par-dessus le marché; — *off*, chasser, se défaire de; (*garments*) ôter; — *out*, jeter dehors; chasser; (*utter carelessly*) parler mal; (*insinuate*) insinuer; (*distance*) distancer, devancer; (*reject*) rejeter; (*emit*) jeter; — *up*, jeter en haut, jeter en l'air; (*resign*) se démettre de; (*vomit*) vomir, rejeter; — *one's self on*, se jeter sur; (*appeal to*) en appeler à; (*repose on*) se reposer sur; — *one's self on the ground*, se jeter par terre. **2. throw**, n.: jet; coup, m.; (*fig.*) saillie, f.; élan, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui jette, qui lance, f.; (*of silk*) organsineur, m. **-ing**, n.: jet; (*of silk*) organsinage, m. **-ing-mill**, n.: moulin à organsiner, m. **-ster**, n.: organsineur, m.

1. thrüm, n.: bouche de fil, m.; grosse filure; (*gard.*) étamine, f. **2. thrüm**, tr.: tisser; franger; (*a sail*) larder.

3. thrüm, intr.: jouer mal, tapoter; (*on a fiddle*) racler.

thrüsh, n.: grive; (*vet.*) teigne, f.; (*med.*) aphte, m.

1. thrüst (pret., part. *thrust*), tr.: pousser; fourrer; serrer, presser: — *away*, back, repousser; (*reject*) rejeter, écarter; — *down*, pousser en bas; jeter dans; — *in*, pousser dedans; fourrer; introduire de force; — *into*, jeter dans; forcer à; — *on*, pousser en avant; (*urge*) pousser, exciter; — *out*, pousser dehors, mettre dehors; — *under*, pousser sous, mettre sous, passer sous; — *one's self*, se fourrer. **2. thrust**, intr.: pousser; (*fenc.*) pousser une botte; (*push on*) se presser; (*squeeze in*) se fourrer: — *at*, se jeter sur; — *in*, s'introduire de force. **3. thrust**, n.: coup, m., poussée, f.; (*assault*) assaut, m., attaque, f.; (*fenc.*) coup, m., botte; (*arch.*) poussée, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui pousse, f. **-ing**, n.: poussée, f., coup, m.

thüd, n.: bruit sourd, son mat; coup sourd, m.

thûg, n.: thug, étrangleur, m.
thûg-gêc, -gery, -gism, n.: thug-gisme.
thûja, n.: thûia, thuya, m.
1.thûmb, n.: pouce, m.: *Tom —*, *Tom Pouce*, petit Poucet, m. **2.thumb**, tr.: manier gauchement; (*soil*) salir; intr.: tambouriner avec les doigts. -**stall**, n.: poutier, m.
1.thûmp, tr.: donner de grands coups à; frapper lourdement, cogner; intr.: frapper fort. **2.thump**, n.: grand coup, m.; bourrade, taloche, f. -**er**, n.: personne qui donne de grands coups; chose qui donne de grands coups, f. -**ing**, adj.: gros, énorme; (*heavy*) lourd.
1.thunder, n.: tonnerre, m.; foudre, f. **2.thunder**, intr.: tonner; (*fig.*) gronder, retentir, fulminer; tr.: faire tonner; fulminer: *it —s*, il tonne. -**bolt**, n.: foudre, f.; (*daring person*) foudre, m.; (*fulmination*) fulmination, f. -**clap**, n.: coup de tonnerre, éclat de tonnerre, m. -**cloud**, n.: nuage chargé d'électricité, m. -**er**, n.: être qui lance le tonnerre, m. **1-ing**, adj.: tonnant, foudroyant. **2-ing**, n.: tonnerre, m. -**ingly**, adv.: avec un bruit de tonnerre. -**peal**, n.: coup de tonnerre, m. -**rod**, n.: paratonnerre, m. -**shower**, n.: pluie d'orage, f. -**stone**, n.: aéroliithe, m., météorite, f., météorolithe, m. -**storm**, n.: tempête, f., orage accompagné de tonnerre, m. -**strike** (pret. part. -*struck*), tr.: foudroyer; frapper de la foudre; (*fig.*) foudroyer, atterrir. -**stroke**, n.: coup de foudre, m. -**struck**, adj.: foudroyé, atterré, anéanti.
thuri-ferous, adj.: thurifère. -**fioc-tion**, n.: encensement, m.
Thûrday, n.: jeudi, m.
thûs, adv.: ainsi: — *far*, jusqu'ici.
1.thwäck, tr.: frapper, rosser, étriller.
2.thwack, n.: coup, m.; taloche, f.
1.thwärt, adj.: placé à travers, transversal, oblique; *ïpervers*. **2.thwart**, prep.: à travers. **3.thwart**, n.: (*nav.*) banc de rameurs, m. **3.thwart**, tr.: traverser, croiser; (*fig.*) contrarier, traverser, contrecarrer; intr.: être contraire. -**er**, n.: contrariant, m., contradicteur, m. -**ing**, adj.: contrariant. -**ingly**, adv.: d'une manière contrariante. -**ness**, n.: esprit d'opposition, de contrariété, de contradiction, m.
thy, adj.: ton, m., ta, f.; tes, pl. m., f.
thÿ-me, n.: thym, m.: *wild —*, serpolet; thym sauvage, m. -**my**, adj.: qui a l'odeur du thym; odoriférant.
thÿr-se, -sus, n.: (*antiq., bot.*) thyrse, m.
thÿsëlf, pron.: toi-même; te.
tiar, **tiära**, n.: tiare, f.; trirègne, m.

tibia, n.: tibia, os de la jambe, m. -**1**, adj.: de flûte; (*anat.*) tibial.
tie douloureux, n.: tie douloureux, m.
1.tiek, n.: (*for beds*) toile à matelas, f., couil.
2.tick, n.: (*ent.*) acarus, m., tique, f.
3.tick, n.: tic tac, m.; petite marque, contremarque, f. **4.tick**, intr.: faire tic tac, battre. **5.tick**, tr.: marquer, contremarquer; faire crédit de. **1.-et**, n.: (*com.*) marque, étiquette, f.; (*theat., lottery, etc.*) billet; (*small card*) cachet, m. **2.-et**, tr.: (*com.*) marquer, étiqueter.
tickling, n.: (*for beds*) couil, m., toile à matelas, f.; tic tac, battement, m.
tick-le, tr.: chatouiller; (*please*) plaire à; intr.: éprouver un chatouillement.
-ler, n.: personne qui chatouille, f.; flatteur, m. -**ling**, n.: chatouillement, m.
-lish, adj.: chatouilleux; (*critical*) critique, délicat, difficile; (*tottering*) chancelant. -**lishly**, adv.: d'une manière critique, d'une manière délicate. -**lishness**, n.: état de ce qui est chatouilleux; état critique, état difficile; état chancelant, m.
ticktack, n.: tic tac; tricot, m.
tid, adj.: délicat; friand. -**bit**, n.: morceau friand, bon morceau, m.
1.tide, n.: marée, f.; flux et reflux; (*course*) cours, courant; (*among miners*) poste de travail de douze heures; (*fig.*) fort, m., plénitude, f.; flux, m. **2.tide**, tr.: entraîner par le courant; intr.: aller avec la marée. -**gate**, n.: écluse à marée montante, f.; goulet à forte marée, m. -**gauge**, n.: échelle de marée, f. -**mill**, n.: moulin à marée, m.; roue à flux et reflux, f. -**man**, n.: douanier placé à bord des vaisseaux marchands, m. -**surveyor**, n.: chef des préposés de la douane, m. -**waiter** = *tidis-man*.
ti-dily, adv.: proprement; en bon ordre. -**diness**, n.: propreté, netteté, f.
-dings, n. pl.: nouvelles, f. pl. -**dy**, adj.: *ïde* temps opportun (de saison); bien arrangé, propre, net.
1.tie, n.: lien, m.; attache, f.; (*of hair, knot*) nœud; (*of a shoe*) cordon, m.; (*mus.*) barre de jonction; (*cravat*) cravate, f.; (*fig.*) lien, m. **2.tie**, tr.: (*bind*) attacher, lier; (*mus.*) couler, lier; (*an artery*) lier; (*ribbons, etc.*) nouer; (*a knot*) lier, serrer; (*fig.*) lier, attacher, enchaîner; intr.: s'attacher, se lier: — *down*, lier; (*fig.*) lier, enchaîner, astreindre; — *in*, attacher; serrer; — *up*, lier, attacher; (*an artery*) lier; (*animal*) mettre à l'attache. -**beam**, n.: entrail; tirant, m.
tie-r, n.: rangée, f.; gradin, rang; (*theat.*) rang, m.; (*of guns*) batterie, f.; (*cable*) rang, m.

tier-ce, n.: tierce, f. **-celet**, n.: tiercelet, m. **-ceron**, n.: (arch.) tierceron, m. **-cet**, n.: tercet, m.

tie-rod, n.: tirant, m.

1. **tiff**, n.: pique, querelle, f.; (of liquor) petit coup, m.: *be in a —*, être fâché, piqué; bisquer. 2. **tiff**, intr.: se piquer, se fâcher, bisquer.

tiffany, n.: gaze de soie, f.

tift, n.: petite pique, f., dépit, m.

tiger, n.: tigre, m. **-cat**, n.: chat tigre, margay, m. **-ish**, adj.: de tigre.

tight, adj.: serré; (parsimonious) serré, parcimonieux; (not admitting much air) clos, fermé; (not leaky) étanche; (not slack) raide, tendu; (well closed) bien fermé; (phys.) imperméable; (of clothes) étroit, serré. **-en**, tr.: serrer; tendre; (fig.) resserrer. **-ly**, adv.: d'une manière serrée, raide, tendue; étroitement.

-ness, n.: tension; parcimonie, f.; état de ce qui est bien fermé: état étanche; état serré, m.; (phys.) raideur; imperméabilité; (of clothes) étroitesse, f. **-rope**, n.: corde tendue (or raide), f.

tigress, n.: tigresse, f.

1. **tile**, n.: tuile, f. 2. **-le**, tr.: couvrir de tuiles. **-le-field**, n.: tuilerie, f. **-le-kiln**, n.: four à tuiles, m. **-le-maker**, n.: tuilier, m. **-ler**, n.: couvreur en tuiles, m. **-ling**, n.: action de couvrir en tuiles, f.; (roof) toit couvert en tuiles, m.; (tiles) tuiles, f. pl.

1. **till**, prep.: jusqu'à; jusques à; (before a verb) jusqu'à ce que.

2. **till**, n.: tiroir de comptoir, m.; petite caisse, f.

3. **till**, tr.: labourer, cultiver. **-able**, adj.: labourable, arable. **-age**, n.: labourage, m.; culture, f. 1. **-er**, n.: labourer; cultivateur, m.

2. **tiller**, n.: (of a rudder) barre du gouvernail, f.

3. **tiller**, n.: (sprout) bourgeon, scion, m.

4. **tiller**, intr.: pousser des scions, bourgeonner. **-ing**, n.: pousse des scions, des bourgeons, f.

tilling, n.: labourage, m.

1. **tilt**, n.: (awning, tent) tente, f., pavillon; auvent, m. (of a cart, a boat) bêche, f. 2. **tilt**, tr.: couvrir d'une tente (d'un auvent); bâcher.

3. **tilt**, tr.: (incline) incliner, pencher; (thrust) pousser; (hammer) marteler; intr.: (lean) incliner, pencher; jolter; (float) flotter; (fight with rapier) ferrailleur: — *at*, fondre sur. 4. **tilt**, n.: (thrust) coup, m.; jolta, f.; (hammer) martinet de forge, m. **-cart**, n.: charrette à bêche, f. **-er**, n.: jouteur; (metal) martineur, m.

tilth, n.: labour, m.; culture, f.

tilt-hammer, n.: martinet de forge; ordon à bascule, m. **-ing**, n.: joute, f.; tournoi; (tech.) martelage au martinet, m. **timbal**, n.: (mus.) timbale, f.

1. **timber**, n.: bois de haute futaie; bois de charpente; bois; (nav.) couple, membre, m.: — *work*, charpente, f.; — *yard*, chantier de bois de construction, m. 2. **timber**, tr.: munir de bois de charpente. **-ed**, adj.: à charpente. **-head**, n.: (nav.) bitton, m. **-ing**, n.: boiserie, m. **-man**, n.: boiseur, m. **-tree**, n.: arbre de haute futaie, m.

timbrel, n.: tambour de basque, tambourin, m. **-(1)ed**, adj.: accompagné du tambourin.

1. **time**, n.: temps; (specified space of time) temps, terme, m.; (repetition) fois, f.; (age) temps, m., époque; (of day and night) heure, f.; (moment) moment; (mus.) temps, m., mesure, f.; (hour of travail) terme, m.: *at —s*, parfois; de temps à autre; *at all —s*, dans tous les temps; de, en tout temps; *in —*, avec le temps; (*in good season*) à temps; (mus.) en mesure; *in good —*, à temps; *behind one's —*, en retard; *before one's —*, en avance; avant l'heure, avant terme; *in proper — and place*, en temps et lieu; *in no —*, en aucun temps; (*in a short time*) en peu de temps, en moins de rien; *once upon a —*, il y avait une fois; *out of —*, (mus.) à contretemps; *at such a —*, à un tel moment; à une telle époque; *as —s go*, par le temps qui court; *up to the present —*, jusqu'à présent; *in the — of*, du temps de; à l'époque de; *another —*, une autre fois; *three —s*, trois fois; *hundreds of —s*, des centaines de fois; *in the nick of —*, à point nommé; *keep —*, (mus.) aller en mesure; (of clocks, etc.) être à l'heure; *serve one's —*, faire son temps; *what — is it?* quelle heure est-il? 2. **time**, tr.: adapter au temps; régler; (clocks, etc.) régler; (mus.) cadencer. **-bargain**, n.: marché à terme, m. **-honoured**, adj.: honoré de tout temps. **-keeper**, n.: chronomètre; (pers.) surveillant, m. **-less**, adj.: hors de saison; déplacé. **-lessly**, adv.: mal à propos. **-liness**, n.: opportunité, f.; à-propos, m. 1. **-ly**, adj.: de temps opportun, opportun, à propos, de saison. 2. **-ly**, adv.: à propos, à temps. **-piece**, n.: montre, pendule, f.; (astron.) chronomètre, m. **-server**, n.: serviteur complaisant du pouvoir, m. **-serving**, adj.: complaisant envers le pouvoir. **-serving**, n.: servilité envers le pouvoir, f. **-stroke**, n.: (mus.) temps, m. **-table**, n.: (mus.) division du temps; (railways) liste des heures de départ et d'arrivée, f.

tim-id, *adj.*: timide; craintif; peureux.
-idity, *n.*: timidité, *f.* **-idly**, *adv.*: timidement.
timist, *n.*: (*mus.*) musicien qui va bien en mesure, *m.*
timonéer, *n.*: timonier, *m.*
timorous, *adj.*: timide; craintif; timoré. **-ly**, *adv.*: timidement, craintivement. **-ness**, *n.*: timidité; nature timorée, *f.*
1. tin, *n.*: fer-blanc; étain, *m.* **2. tin**, *tr.*: étamer.
tincal, *n.*: borax brut, tincal, tinkal, *m.*
1. tinctor, *n.*: teinte, *f.*; (*slight taste*) léger goût, *m.*; (*pharm.*) teinture; (*fig.*) teinture, nuance, *f.* **2. tinctor**, *tr.*: teindre légèrement; (*fig.*) empreindre, imprégner.
tinder, *n.*: mèche, *f.*; amadou, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: briquet, *m.*
tine, *n.*: fourchon, *m.*; dent de fourche, de herse, *f.*
tin-foil, *n.*: tain, *m.*
1. tinge, *tr.*: teindre légèrement; (*fig.*) empreindre, imprégner. **2. tinge**, *n.*: teinte, nuance, *f.*; (*slight taste*) léger goût, *m.*
tin-glass, *n.*: étain de glace, bismuth, *m.*
tingl-e, *tr.*: fourmiller, picoter; (*of pain*) se faire sentir; (*of the ears*) tinter. **-ing**, *n.*: fourmillement, picotement; (*of the ears*) tintement, *m.*
tin-ground, *n.*: terrain stannifère, *m.*
tink, *intr.*: tinter. **-er**, *n.*: chaudronnier ambulant, drouineur, *m.* **-erly**, *adv.*: en drouineur, *m.* **-le**, *intr.*: tinter; *tr.*: faire tinter. **-ling**, *n.*: tintement, *m.*
tin-leaf, *n.*: tain, *m.* **-lode**, *n.*: filon d'étain, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: ferblantier, *m.*
-ner, *n.*: ouvrier de mine d'étain, *m.*
-ning, *n.*: étamage, *m.* **-ny**, *adj.*: qui abonde en étain; stannifère. **-plate**, *n.*: fer-blanc, *m.*; plaque d'étain, *f.*
1. tinsel, *n.*: clinquant; oripeau, *m.*
2. tinsel, *adj.*: de clinquant; d'un faux éclat. **3. tinsel**, *tr.*: orner de clinquant; donner un faux éclat à.
tin-stone, *n.*: étain oxydé, *m.*
1. tint, *n.*: teinte, *f.* **2. tint**, *tr.*: donner une teinte à; (*in drawing*) hacher, ombrer; (*paint.*) teinter, nuancer.
tiny, *adj.*: tout petit; mignon.
1. tip, *n.*: extrémité, *f.*; bout, *m.*; (*bot.*) anthère, *f.* **2. tip**, *tr.*: garnir le bout; ferrer. **3. tip**, *tr.*: (*tap.*) taper, frapper légèrement. **4. tip**, *n.*: tape, *f.*
tippet, *n.*: pélerine; palatine, *f.*
tippling, *n.*: (*mus.*) coup de langue, *m.*
tip-ple, *n.*: boisson, *f.* **-ple**, *tr.*: ivroguer; pomper, pinter; *intr.*: s'enivrer de; boire. **-pled**, *adj.*: ivre. **-pler**,

n.: buveur, biberon, *m.* **-pling**, *n.*: habitude de pinter; ivrognerie.
tipstaff, *n.*: huissier, *m.*; (*staff*) verge, *f.*
tipsy, *adj.*: gris, ivre: *get* —, se griser; s'enivrer.
tip-toe, *n.*: pointe du pied, *f.* **1. -top**, *n.*: le plus haut degré; comble, *m.* **2. -top**, *adj.*: suprême.
tirade, *n.*: tirade, *f.*
1. tire, *n.*: (*of a wheel*) bande, *f.*, bandage, *m.*
2. tire, *tr.*: lasser, fatiguer; (*bore*) ennuyer; *intr.*: se fatiguer, se lasser: — *of*, dégoûter de; *get* — *d*, se lasser, se fatiguer; (*in mind*) s'ennuyer; — *out*, excéder; (*bore*) assommer. **-dness**, *n.*: fatigue, lassitude, *f.* **-some**, *adj.*: fatigant; (*tedious*) ennuyeux, ennuyant, fatigant. **-someness**, *n.*: nature fatigante, *f.*; (*tediousness*) ennui, *m.*
1. tissue, *n.*: tissu d'or, tissu d'argent; (*anat.*) tissu; (*fig.*) tissu, *m.*, suite, *f.* **2. tissue**, *tr.*: tisser; (*interweave*) entre-lacer. **-paper**, *n.*: papier de soie, papier josph, *m.*
tit, *n.*: petit cheval, *m.*; (*woman*) femelle-lette; (*orni.*) mésange, *f.*
titanium, *n.*: (*chem.*) titane, titanium, *m.*
titbit, *n.*: morceau friand, *m.*; friandise, *f.*
ti-thable, *adj.*: décimable. **1. -the**, *n.*: dime; dixième partie, *f.* **2. -the**, *tr.*: dime sur; *intr.*: paver la dime. **-the-collector**, *n.*: dimeur, *m.* **-the-free**, *adj.*: exempt de la dime. **-the-owner**, *n.*: décimateur, *m.* **-the-paying**, *adj.*: assujéti à la dime. **-ther**, *n.*: dimeur, *m.* **-thing**, *n.*: dizaine, division par dix familles, *f.*
titil-late, *tr.*: chatouiller, titiller. **-lätion**, *n.*: titillation, *f.*; chatouillement, *m.*
ti'tlärk, *n.*: farlouse, alouette des prés, *f.*
1. title, *n.*: titre; nom; (*com.*) document, *m.* **2. title**, *tr.*: intituler; titrer, donner un titre à. **-d**, *adj.*: titré. **-deed**, *n.*: titre, document, *m.* **-page**, *n.*: page de titre, *m.*
titling, *n.*: (*orni.*) pipit, *m.*; farlouse, *f.*
titmouse (*pl.* -mice), *n.*: (*orni.*) mésange, *f.*
1. titter, *intr.*: rire du bout des lèvres.
2. titter, *n.*: rire du bout des lèvres; demi-rire, *m.*
tittle, *n.*: point, iota, rien, *m.*
1. tittle-tattle, *n.*: caquetage, bavardage; (*pers.*) bavard, *m.*, bavarde, *f.* **2. -tattle**, *intr.*: jaser, bavarder; caqueter.
† titubätion, *n.*: action de broncher; titubation, *f.*
1. titu-lar, *adj.*: titulaire. **2. -lar**, **-lary**, *n.*: titulaire, *m.* **-larity**, *n.*: qualité

de titulaire, *f.* **-larly**, *adv.*: par le titre. **-lary**, *adj.*: de titre.

†**tivy**, *adv.*: vite.

tô (unemph. *tô*), *prep.*: à; (*before names of countries*) en; (*opposition*) contre; (*amount*) jusqu'à concurrence de; (*possession*) pour; (*in comparison of*) en comparaison de, auprès de; (*as far as*) jusqu'à; (*obligation*) envers; (*inclination, dislike*) pour, envers; (*direction*) vers, de; (*before an infinitive*) à, de, (*in order to*) afin de, pour: *go — Rome*, aller à Rome; *apply —*, s'adresser à; *write —*, écrire à; *go — Italy*, aller en Italie; — *any one's face*, en face; au nez de quelqu'un; *ten — one*; dix contre un; *let us keep it — ourselves*, gardons-le pour nous; *he is nothing — her*, il ne lui est rien; *that is nothing — me*, cela ne me fait rien; *count — ten*, compter jusqu'à dix; *our duties — God*, nos devoirs envers Dieu; *his kindness — me*, sa bonté pour moi, envers moi; *stretch one's arms — heaven*, tendre les bras vers le ciel; *the way — the bank*, le chemin de la banque; *the heir — the throne*, l'héritier du trône; *friend, baker —*, etc., ami, boulanger de; *go — any one*, to any one's house, aller chez quelqu'un.

tôad, *n.*: crapaud, *m.* **-eater**, *n.*: flagorneur, adulateur, chien couchant, avaleur de couleuvres, *m.* (*-euse* etc., *f.*) **-flax**, *n.*: (*bot.*) linaire, *f.*; lin sauvage, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: de crapaud. **-stone**, *n.*: crapaudine, *f.* **-stool**, *n.*: champignon bâlard, *m.* **-y**, *n.*: = *toad-eater*.

2-y, *tr.*: flagorner, aduler, ramper auprès de. **-yism**, *n.*: flagornerie, adulation, *f.* **1.tôast**, *tr.*: faire rôtir, faire griller; (*drink a health*) porter la santé de, toster, toaster. **2.toast**, *n.*: rôtie; grillade; (*health*) santé, *f.*, toste, toast, *m.*: — *and water*, eau panée, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait rôtir du pain; personne qui porte un toast, une santé, *f.*; (*instrument*) gril, *m.* **-ing-fork**, *n.*: fourchette à rôtie, *f.* **-master**, *n.*: directeur des toasts, *m.* **-rack**, *n.*: porte-rôtie (pour la table), *m.*

tôbacco, *n.*: tabac, tabac à fumer, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: blague; boîte à tabac, *f.* **-nist**, *n.*: marchand de tabac; débitant de tabac; fabricant de tabac, *m.* **-pipe**, *n.*: pipe pour fumer, *f.* **-stopper**, *n.*: instrument pour presser le tabac dans la pipe, *m.*

tôcsin, *n.*: tocsin, *m.*

tô-dây, *adv.*: aujourd'hui.

tôddle, *intr.*: marcher, à petit pas, en chancelant, comme les petits enfants.

tôddy, *n.*: toddy, *m.*

tôe, *n.*: orteil; doigt du pied; (*of horses*) devant du sabot; (*of animals*) doigt, *m.*

tôffy, *n.*: sucre d'orge à la mélasse, *m.*

tôft, *n.*: plantation d'arbres, *f.*

tô-ga, *n.*: toge, *f.* **-gated**, **-gaed**, *adj.*: vêtu d'une toge.

together, *adv.*: ensemble; (*in the same time*) en même temps; (*in concert*) conjointement.

tôggel, *n.*: (*nav.*) ergot, éperon, *m.*

tôggery, *n.* *sing.*: hardes, nippes, *f. pl.*

1.tôil, *n.*: (*net*) filet, ret, *m.* **2.tôil**, *intr.*: travailler fort, fatiguer: — *out*, accomplir à force de travailler: — *up*, franchir laborieusement, avec peine.

3.tôil, *n.*: travail fatigant, *m.*, fatigue, peine, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fatigue, *f.*; travailleur, *m.*, travailleuse, *f.*; piocheur, *m.*

tôilet, *n.*: toilette, *f.*: — *table*, toilette, *f.*

tôilsome, *adj.*: pénible, laborieux, fatigant. **-ness**, *n.*: fatigue; nature laborieuse, *f.*

tokây, *n.*: tokai, tokay, *m.*

tôken, *n.*: signe, *m.*; marque, *f.*; (*memo-rial*) témoignage, gage, *m.*; (*med.*) tache; (*of paper*) demi-rame, *f.*; (*coin*) jeton, *m.* **†token**, *tr.*: indiquer, annoncer.

tôler-able, *adj.*: tolérable; supportable; (*pretty good*) passable. **-ableness**, *n.*: état tolérable; état supportable; état passable, *m.*; médiocrité, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: tolérablement; passablement. **-ance**, *n.*: patience à supporter, tolérance, *f.* **-ant**, *adj.*: tolérant. **-ate**, *tr.*: tolérer. **-ation**, *n.*: tolérance, *f.*

1.tôll, *tr.*: (*a bell*) sonner, tinter; *intr.*: tinter, sonner le glas. **2.toll**, *n.*: tintement, glas, *m.*

3.tôll, *n.*: pontonage; péage; droit; (*for grinding*) droit de mouture; *intr.*: être soumis au péage, à un droit; *tr.*: percevoir (péage, etc.). **-bar**, *n.*: barrage, *m.*; barrière de péage, *f.* **-gate**, *n.*: barrière de péage, *f.* **-gatherer**, *n.*: péager, *m.* **-house**, *n.*: péage, bureau de péage, *m.*

tômahawk, *n.*: tomahawk, casse-tête, *m.*

tômâte, *n.*: tomate, pomme d'amour, *f.*

1.tômb, *n.*: tombeau, sépulcre, *m.*; tombe; (*grave*) tombe, fosse, *f.*; (*monument*) tombeau, *m.* **2.tomb** = *entomb.*

tômboy, *n.*: gros gaillard, luron, *m.*; (*girl*) garçonnière, *f.*

tômbstone, *n.*: pierre tumulaire, tombe, *f.*

tômcat, *n.*: matou, chat, *m.*

tôme, *n.*: tome, volume, *m.*

tô-mentose, *adj.*: (*bot.*) tomenteux.

-mentum, *n.*: (*bot.*) duvet cotonneux, *m.*

tôm-fool, *n.*: nigaud, sot, bête, *m.* **-fool-**

ery, *n.*: nigauderie, sottise, bêtise, *f.*

tô-môrrqu, *adv.*: demain.

tômtit, *n.*: mélange, *f.*

tôn, *n.*: tonne, *f.*, tonneau, *m.* (kilogrammes 1015.640).

tôn (*Fr. ton*), *n.*: (*fashion*) ton, *m.*; mode, *f.*

1.tône, *n.*: ton; (*med. mus.*) ton; (*whine*) accent plaintif; (*of the voice*) ton, accent, timbre, *m.* **2.tône**, *tr.*: donner un ton affecté à; (*tune*) donner le ton à, régler; (*piano, etc.*) accorder. **-less**, *adj.*: peu harmonieux.

tôngs, *n.*: pincettes; (*tech.*) tenailles, pinces, *f. pl.*

1.tongue, *n.*: langue; (*language*) langue, *f.*, langage, idiome, *m.*: (*of land*) langue de terre; (*tech.*) languette, *f.*; (*of a buckle*) ardillon, *m.*: *hold one's —*, se taire.

2.tongue, *tr.*: réprimander; (*tech.*) mûrir d'une languette; *intr.*: bavarder. **-d**, *adj.*: à langue; (*tech.*) à languette. **-less**, *adj.*: sans langue; (*speechless*) muet.

-scraper, *n.*: cure-langue, *m.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: linguiforme. **-tie**, *tr.*: nouer la langue à; (*fig.*) lier la langue à. **-tied**, *adj.*: qui a le filet; (*fig.*) qui a la langue liée.

1.tonio, *adj.*: tonique, incitant. **2.tonic**, *n.*: (*med.*) tonique, *m.*; (*mus.*) tonique, *f.*

to-night, *n.*: cette nuit, *f.*; ce soir, *m.*

tonnage, *n.*: tonnage; droit de tonnage, *m.*

tônail, *n.*: amygdale, tonsille, *f.* **-(l)ar**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) tonsillaire.

tôn-sille, *adj.*: que l'on peut tondre (*or rogner*). **-sure**, *n.*: coupe; (*Cath. rel.*) tonsure, *f.*

tontine, *n.*: tontine, *f.*

1.tôny, *n.*: imbécile, niais, *m.*

2.tôny, *adj.*: (*fam.*) de bon ton, à la mode, distingué.

tôo, *adv.*: trop; (*also*) aussi, de même: — much, — many, trop; (*before a noun*) trop de.

tôol, *n.*: outil; instrument; (*pers.*) instrument, *m.*, âme damnée, *f.* **-chest**, *n.*: boîte à outils, *f.*

1.tooth (*pl. teeth*), *n.*: dent, *f.*; (*palate*) palais, goût, *m.*: *have a — out*, se faire arracher une dent; *show one's teeth*, montrer les dents; *have a sweet —*, aimer les douceurs; *in any one's teeth*, à la figure, au nez de quelqu'un; *go at it — and nail*, s'y prendre de toutes ses forces; *false —*, fausse dent; dent postiche, *f.* **2.tooth**, *tr.*: garnir de dents; (*indent*) denteler; (*lock into each other*) engrener.

-ache, *n.*: mal de dents, *m.*: *have the —*, avoir mal aux dents. **-brush**, *n.*: brosse à dents, *f.* **-drawer**, *n.*: arracheur de dents, dentiste, *m.* **-drawing**, *n.*: extraction de dents, *f.* **-ed -th-t**, *adj.*: à dents; (*bot., tech.*) denté, dentelé. **-ful**,

topple

n.: petit coup, *m.*; goutte, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*arch.*) arrachement, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans dents; édenté. **-letted**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) denté, dentelé. **-powder**, *n.*: poudre dentifrice, *f.* **-pick**, *n.*: cure-dent, *m.*

-shell, *n.*: dentale, *m.* **-some**, *adj.*: agréable au goût, friand. **-someness**, *n.*: goût agréable au goût. **-some**, *adj.*: d'une manière agréable au goût. **-some-**, *n.*: goût agréable, *m.* **-wort**, *n.*: (*bot.*) clandestine, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: muni de dents, à dents.

tôp, *n.*: haut, sommet, *m.*; (*of a mountain, a tree, a rock*) cime, *f.*; (*of a building*) haut, faite; (*of the head*) sommet, dessus, haut, *m.*; (*forelock*) cheveux de devant, *m. pl.*; (*of water*) surface, *f.*; (*cover*) couvercle, *m.*; (*nav.*) hune, *f.*; (*highest person*) chef, *m.*, tête; (*highest rank*) tête, *f.*; (*arch.*) couronnement; (*of boots*) revers, *m.*; (*of plants*) tête, *f.*; (*of a pole*) bout, haut bout; (*of a table*) dessus; (*further end*) haut, haut bout, *m.*; (*playing*) toupie, *f.*, sabot; (*fig.*) sommet, comble, faite, *m.*: *from — to bottom*, du haut en bas; *from — to toe*, de la tête aux pieds; *at the — of*, en haut de. **2.tôp**, *adj.*: premier, principal. **3.tôp**, *tr.*: couronner, surmonter; (*raise above*) dépasser; (*surpass*) surpasser; (*crop*) étêter; (*rise to the top of*) atteindre le sommet de; (*nav.*) apiquer; *intr.*: dominer; (*predominate*) dominer, prédominer; (*excel*) dominer, exceller.

1.tôpe, *n.*: (*Buddhist tumulus*) tôpe, *m.*

2.tôpe, *n.*: (*ichth.*) squal, milandre, *m.*

3.tôpe, *tr.*: pinter, ivrogner, gobeloter.

-per, *n.*: biberon, ivrogne, *m.* **-ping**, *n.*: ivrognerie, *f.*

tôp-ful, *adj.*: tout plein. **-gallant**, *adj.*: le plus haut; (*dashing*) du premier ordre, superbe; (*nav.*) de perroquet.

-gallant, *n.*: (*nav.*) voile de perroquet, *f.*

tôphacéous, *adj.*: tophacé, sableux, pierreux.

tôp-heavy, *adj.*: trop lourd par le haut.

tôphus, *n.*: (*med.*) tophus, *m.*

1.tôpic, *n.*: sujet; argument; (*rhet., med.*) topique, *m.* **2.tôpic**, *-al*, *adj.*: local; (*pertaining to a topic*) qui développe un sujet, une matière. **-ally**, *adv.*: d'une manière locale.

tôp-knot, *n.*: fontange; (*of birds*) huppe, aigrette, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: d'une hauteur infinie. **-man**, *n.*: scieur de long de dessus; (*nav.*) gabier, *m.* **-mast**, *n.*: mât de hune; hunier, *m.* **-most**, *adj.*: le plus haut.

tôpô-grapher, *n.*: topographe, *m.*

tôpô-graphic(al), *adj.*: topographique.

-graphy, *n.*: topographie, *f.*

tôp-ple, *intr.*: tomber en avant. **-sail**, *n.*: hunier, *m.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: turbiné;

en forme de toupie. **-sy-turvy**, *adv.*: sens dessus dessous.

torch, *n.*: torche, *f.*; flambeau, *m.* **-bearer**, *n.*: porte-flambeau; lampadaire, *m.* **-thistle**, *n.*: (*bot.*) cactier; cierge du Pérou, *m.*

tôr-ment, *n.*: tourment, *m.*; (*torture*) torture, *f.*, supplice, *m.*; (*that which torments*) cause de tourments, *f.* **2.-mënt**, *tr.*: tourmenter. **-mënter**, *n.*: tourmenteur, *m.*, -euse, *f.*; bourreau, tourment, *m.* **-mentil**, *n.*: (*bot.*) tormentille, *f.* **-mënt-ing**, *adj.*: tourmentant. **-mëntingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière tourmentante. **-ment-or** = *der.*

tornâde, *n.*: tourbillon de vent, *m.*

4. tôrôse, tôrous, *adj.*: (*bot.*) bosselé, finement bosselé.

tôrpe-do, *n.*: (*ichth.*) torpille, *f.* **-boat**, *n.*: torpilleur, *m.* **-ship, -vessel**, *n.*: bateau torpilleur, torpilleur, *m.*

tôrpe-s-cence, *n.*: torpeur naissante, *f.* **-cent**, *adj.*: qui devient torpide.

tôr-pid, *adj.*: engourdi; (*fig.*) inerte, lourd. **-pidity, -pidness, -pitude or -por**, *n.*: torpeur; (*fig.*) torpeur, apathie, lourdeur, *f.* **-porific**, *adj.*: qui amène la torpeur.

torre-faction, *n.*: torréfaction, *f.* **tôr-re-fy**, *tr.*: torréfier; griller.

1.tôr-rent, *n.*: torrent, *m.* **2.torrent**, *adj.*: torrentueux; qui coule en torrent.

tôr-rid, *adj.*: (*burning*) brûlant, de la zone torride; (*parched*) brûlé; (*geog.*) torride. **-ness**, *n.*: chaleur brûlante, *f.*

tôr-sc-sel, *n.*: (*arch.*) sablière, *f.* **-sion**, *n.*: torsion, *f.*; tordage, *m.* **-sional**, *adj.*: de torsion.

tôrso, *n.*: torse, *m.*

tôr-t, *n.*: (*jur.*) dommage, préjudice, *m.*

-tile, *adj.*: tordu; (*bot.*) tortille. **-tions**, *adj.*: (*jur.*) dommageable, préjudiciable.

-toise, *n.*: tortue, *f.* **-toise-shell**, *n.*: écaille de tortue, écaille, *f.* **-tuosity**, *n.*: torsion, tortuosité, *f.*

-tuousness, *n.*: torsion, tortuosité, *f.* **-uous**, *adj.*: tortu; tordu; tortillé;

(*winding*) tortueux, sinueux; (*bot.*) tortu; (*fig.*) tortueux. **1.-ture**, *n.*: torture,

douleur, *f.*; supplice, tourment, *m.* **2.-ture**, *tr.*: torturer; mettre à la torture. **-tur**

-er, *n.*: personne qui torture, *f.*, bourreau, *m.* **-turingly**, *adv.*: de manière à torturer.

tôrus, *n.*: (*arch.*) tore; (*bot.*) réceptacle, *m.*

1.tôry, *n.*: tory, *m.* **2.tory**, *adj.*: tory. **-ism**, *n.*: torysme, *m.*

1.tôss, *tr.*: lancer, jeter; jeter en l'air; (*cause to rise and fall*) ballotter, secouer;

(*agitate*) agiter, remuer; (*of horned cattle*) lancer en l'air; *intr.*: s'agiter; se démen-

ner: — *up*, jeter en l'air; (*oars*) mâter; (*the head*) relever; — *in a blanket*, ber-

ner; — *up*, jouer à pile ou face. **2.toss**, *n.*: action de lancer en l'air; secousse, *f.*:

— *of the head*, coup de tête en arrière, *m.*

-er, *n.*: personne qui jette, lance, *f.*; (*of money*) joueur à pile ou face, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: secousse, *f.*

1.tô-tal, *adj.*: total; complet; entier.

2.-tal, *n.*: total; montant, *m.*; somme, *f.* **-tality**, *n.*: totalité, *f.*; montant;

tout, *m.* **-tally**, *adv.*: totalement; tout à fait; entièrement. **-talsness**, *n.*: inté-

grité, *f.*; état intact, *m.*

tôtter, *intr.*: chanceler; branler; vaciller; menacer ruine. **1.-ing**, *n.*: chancel-

lement; branlement, *m.* **2.-ing**, *adj.*: chancelant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière chancelante. **-y**, *adj.*: chancelant.

tôucan, *n.*: (*astron.*, *orni.*) toucan, *m.*

1.tôuch, *tr.*: toucher; toucher à; (*reach*)

toucher à, atteindre; (*concern*) toucher,

concerner, regarder; (*move*) toucher, ému-

voir; (*delineate*) tracer; (*make an impres-*

sion on, as of a file) entamer; (*try metals*)

toucher, essayer; (*mus.*) toucher: — *up*,

retoucher; raviver. **2.touch**, *intr.*: tou-

cher; se toucher: — *at*, (*of ships*) tou-

cher à, aborder à; — *upon*, (*take effect*

on) entamer; (*treat of slightly*) toucher,

effleurer. **3.touch**, *n.*: (*sense of feeling*)

toucher; (*contact*) contact, attouchement;

(*test*) criterium, *m.*, pierre de touche;

(*proof*) preuve, *f.*; qualités éprouvées, *f.*

pl.: (*arts*) coup de crayon, de pinceau,

trait, *m.*, touche, *f.*; (*feature*) trait;

(*stroke, as of raillery*) trait; (*animadver-*

sion) reproche, blâme, *m.*; (*of disease*) lé-

gère attaque, *f.*; (*trial*) essai; (*sample*)

échantillon, *m.*; (*very small quantity*)

idée, *f.*; (*metal*) essai, *m.*, touche, *f.*;

(*mus.*) toucher, *m.*: *let me have a — at*

it, que je m'y essaie. **-able**, *adj.*: tan-

gible, palpable. **-hole**, *n.*: (*artil.*) lu-

mière, *f.* **-ily**, *adv.*: avec une humeur

chagrine; avec susceptibilité. **-iness**,

n.: irascibilité, humeur chagrine; suscep-

tibilité, *f.* **1.-ing**, *adj.*: touchant, ému-

vant. **2.-ing**, *prep.*: touchant, concer-

nant. **3.-ing**, *n.*: toucher, tact, *m.*

-ingly, *adv.*: d'une manière touchante.

-me-not, *n.*: (*med.*) noli me tangere,

m.; (*bot.*) balsamine des bois, *f.*, noli me

tangere, *m.* **-needle**, *n.*: touchau, tou-

chand, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: pierre de touché,

f.; criterium, *m.* **-wood**, *n.*: amadou,

vier; amadou, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: irascible;

bourru; susceptible.

tough tûf, *adj.*: (*of things*) souple, flexi-

ble; (*of things*) inflexible, rigide, raide;

(*viscous*) visqueux, tenace; (*of meat*) dur,

coriace; (*strong*) fort, solide; (*formi-*

dable) rude; (*fig.*) dur, épais. **-cn**, *tr.*

and intr.: durcir, raidir. **-ish**, *adj.*: un

- peu dur. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec souplesse; durement. **-ness**, *n.*: (of things) flexibilité, souplesse; (of things) raideur, inflexibilité, rigidité, tenacité; (viscosity) viscosité, ténacité; (of meat) dureté, nature coriace; (firmness) vigueur, solidité, *f.*
- toupee**, **toupet**, *n.*: toupet, *m.*
- 1. tour**, *n.*: tour, *m.* **2. tour**, *intr.*: faire un tour. **-ist**, *n.*: touriste, voyageur, *m.* **-ament**, **1. -ney**, *n.*: tournoi, *m.* **2. -ney**, *intr.*: jouter dans un tournoi. **-niquet**, *n.*: (surg.) tourniquet, *m.*
- tout**, *intr.*: s'achalander, courir après les pratiques. **-er**, *n.*: coureur de pratiques, *m.*
- 1. tow**, *n.*: filasse, étoupe.
- 2. tow**, *n.*: (rope) touée; (*fig.*) remorque, *f.*: in —, (*fig.*, *nav.*) à la remorque; à la touée. **3. tow**, *tr.*: remorquer; (from the shore) touer, haler. **-age**, *n.*: remorque, *f.*; (from the shore) touage, halage, *m.*
- 1. toward** **tō'ard**, *adv.*: près. **2. toward**, *prep.*: vers, du côté de; (with respect to) envers, pour; (of time) vers, sur, environ. **3. toward**, **-ly**, *adj.*: docile. **-liness**, **-ness**, *n.*: docilité, *f.* **-s** = toward.
- tow-boast**, *n.*: bateau remorqueur, *m.*
- towel**, *n.*: essuie-main, *m.*; serviette, *f.*
- ing**, *n.*: étoffe pour serviettes, *f.*
- 1. tower**, *n.*: tour; (citadel) citadelle; (elevation) élévation, hauteur, *f.* **2. tower**, *intr.*: s'élever; planer; dominer. **-ed**, *adj.*: à tours, défendu par des tours. **-ing**, *adj.*: élevé comme une tour; qui plane; (*fig.*) élevé, grand, sublime. **-y**, *adj.*: garni de tours; défendu par des tours.
- tow-ing**, *n.*: halage, *m.*; remorque, *f.*
- line**, *n.*: corde de halage; haussière, *f.*
- town**, *n.*: ville; capitale, *f.* **-crier**, *n.*: crieur public, *m.* **-due**, *n.*: octroi, droit d'entrée, *m.* **-hall**, *n.*: hôtel de ville, *m.* **-house**, *n.*: hôtel de ville, *m.*; (residence) maison de ville, *f.* **-ish**, *adj.*: de ville. **-ship**, *n.*: commune; étendue territoriale d'une ville, *f.*; (corporation) conseil municipal, *m.* **-sman**, *n.*: citadin; habitant de ville; bourgeois; (of the same town) concitoyen, *m.* **-talk**, *n.*: bruit de ville; entretien de toute la ville, *m.*
- tow-path**, *n.*: chemin de halage, *m.*
- rope**, *n.*: corde de halage, cordelle, *f.*
- toxi-côlôgical**, *adj.*: toxicologique.
- côlogy**, *n.*: toxicologie, *f.*
- 1. tōy**, *n.*: jouet, joujou; (*com.*) bimbélot; (bauble) brimborion, colifichet, *m.*, babiole; bagatelle, *f.*, rien, *m.*; (*folly*) niaiserie, futilité, *f.*: —s, jouets, *m. pl.*; (*com.*) bimbéloterie, *f. sing.* **2. toy**, *intr.*: jouer; badiner, folâtrer. **-book**, *n.*: livre d'images, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: joueur, badin, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: futile; (*wanton*) badin, folâtre. **-ishness**, *n.*: humeur folâtre, folâtrerie,
- f. -man**, *n.*: marchand de joujoux, bimbélotier, *m.* **-shop**, *n.*: magasin de joujoux, *m.* **-trade**, *n.*: bimbéloterie, *f.*
- 1. trā-ee**, *n.*: trace, *f.*; (of harness) trait, *m.* **2. -ce**, *tr.*: (in drawing) calquer; (track) suivre à la trace, à la piste, suivre la trace de; (walk over) parcourir: — to, reporter, faire remonter à; — out, tracer, faire le tracé de; (track out) découvrir la trace de; — the origin of, découvrir l'origine de. **-eable**, *adj.*: que l'on peut tracer; dont on peut suivre les traces. **-eer**, *n.*: traceur, *m.*, traceuse, *f.*; calque, qui suit à la piste, *f.* **-eery**, *n.*: (arch.) réseau, *m.*
- trā-chen**, *n.*: (anat.) trachée-artère; (*bot.*) trachée, *f.* **-cheōtomy trā-**, *n.*: trachéotomie, *f.* **-chitis**, *n.*: trachéite, *f.* **-chyte**, *n.*: (min.) trachyte, *m.*
- 1. track**, *n.*: trace; voie; (*hunt.*) piste; voie; (railways) voie; (of a comet) route, *f.*, cours, *m.*; (of a ship) sillage, *m.*, eaux, *f. pl.*; (*fig.*) trace, voie, route, ornière, *f.*, chemin, *m.*: beaten —, sentier battu, *m.* **2. track**, *tr.*: suivre à la trace, à la piste; (low) haler, remorquer. **-boat**, *n.*: coche, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: action de suivre à la trace, *f.*; (towing) halage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: sans trace; non frayé; non fréquenté. **-road**, *n.*: chemin de halage, *m.* **-scout**, *n.*: galiote de Hollande, *f.*
- trāc-t**, *n.*: étendue; (region) contrée, région, *f.*; (of time) espace, *m.*, durée, *f.*; (book) opuscule, traité; (religion) petit livre de dévotion, *m.* **-table**, *adj.*: traitable; maniable; docile. **-tableness**, *n.*: nature traitable; docilité, *f.* **-tably**, *adv.*: d'une manière traitable, docilement.
- tā-tion**, *n.*: action de traiter un sujet, *f.* **-tile**, *adj.*: ductile. **-tility**, *n.*: ductilité, *f.* **-tion**, *n.*: tension; attraction; (*mec.*) attraction; traction, *f.* **-tive**, *adj.*: (*mec.*) de traction. **-tor**, *n.*: (*mec.*) instrument de traction, *m.*
- 1. trā-de**, *n.*: commerce, trafic, négoce; (*calling*) état, métier, *m.*, profession, industrie, *f.*; (*habit*) habitude, coutume, *f.*; (*employment*) emploi, *m.*, occupation, *f.*; (*men engaged in the same occupation*) corps de métier; métier, commerce, *m.*: carry on the — of, faire le commerce de. **2. trade**, *intr.*: trafiquer, négocier, commercer: — in, faire le commerce. **-der**, *n.*: négociant, *m.*, négociante, *f.*; commerçant, *m.*, commerçante, *f.*; (*ship*) vaisseau marchand, *m.* **-desman**, *n.*: marchand; débitant; (*com.*) fournisseur, *m.* **-despeople**, **-desfolk**, *n. pl.*: gens du commerce; commerçants; marchands, *n. pl.* **-deswoman**, *n.*: commerçante, négociante, *f.* **-de-wind**, *n.*: vent alizé, *m.* **1. ding**, *n.*: négoce, commerce, *m.*

2. **ding**, *adj.*: commercial; commerçant; marchand; de commerce.

tradition, *n.*: tradition, *f.* -**al**, -**ary**, *adj.*: traditionnel. -**ally**, *adv.*: traditionnellement. -**ary**, *n.*: traditionnaire, *m.*

tradi-tive, *adj.*: de tradition, traditionnel. -**tor**, *n.*: traditeur, *m.*

tra-duee, *tr.*: censurer, critiquer; (calumniate) diffamer, calomnier. -**dueer**, *n.*: calomniateur, *m.*, calomnatrice, *f.*; diffamateur, *m.*, diffamatrice, *f.* -**dueingly**, *adv.*: calomnieusement. -**duetion**, *n.*: tradition; génération; (*rhet.*) transition, *f.*

1. **trâffie**, *n.*: trafic; commerce, négoce, *m.*; (*going and coming*) circulation, *f.*; (*commodities*) marchandises, *f. pl.* 2. **trâffie**, *intr.*: trafiquer, commercer. -**ker**, *n.*: trafiquant, marchand, *m.*

tragédian, *n.*: tragédien, *m.*, tragédienne, *f.*; (*writer*) auteur tragique, *m.*

trâ-gedy, *n.*: tragédie, *f.* -**gie**, -**gical**, *adj.*: tragique. -**gically**, *adv.*: tragiquement. -**gicalness**, *n.*: tragique, *m.* -**gi-cômody**, *n.*: tragi-comédie, *f.* -**gi-cômio(al)**, *adj.*: tragi-comique. -**gi-cômically**, *adv.*: d'une manière tragi-comique.

1. **trâil**, *tr.*: suivre à la piste; (*drag*) traîner; (*lower*) baisser; *intr.*: traîner, passer lentement. 2. **trâil**, *n.*: traînée; (*hunt*) trace, piste, voie; (*of a meteor*) queue, traînée lumineuse, *f.*; (*entrails of a soul, a sheep*) entrailles, *f. pl.*; (*fig.*) voie, trace, *f.*

1. **trâin**, *tr.*: dresser, former, exercer; élever; instruire; (*draw along*) traîner; (*entice*) entraîner, séduire; (*hort.*) dresser; (*man.*) entraîner; dresser: — *up*, élever, instruire, former. 2. **trâin**, *n.*: (*retinue*) suite, *f.*, cortège, *m.*, (*series*) suite, série, *f.*, enchaînement; (*course*) cours, *m.*; (*of a watch, etc.*) marche, *f.*, mouvement, *m.*; (*of gunpowder*) traînée; (*of a bird, of a dress*) queue, *f.*; (*of a gun-carriage*) derrière; (*artil.*) train; (*of boats*) convoi; (*railways*) convoi, train; (*artifice*) artifice, *m.* -**band**, *n.*: milice bourgeoise, *f.* -**bearer**, *n.*: porte-queue, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui dresse, *f.*; instructeur; (*of animals*) entraîneur, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: éducation, *f.*; exercice, *m.* -**oil**, *n.*: huile de baleine, *f.*

trâipse or trâpes, *intr.*: marcher négligemment.

trâit, *n.*: trait, *m.*

trâit-tor, *n.*: traître; perfide, *m.* -**torous**, *adj.*: traître; (*perfidious*) traître, perfide. -**torously**, *adv.*: en traître; (*perfidiously*) traîtreusement, perfidement. -**torousness**, *n.*: caractère traître, *m.*; trahison, *f.* -**tress**, *n.*: traîtresse; perfide, *f.*

1. **trâ-ject**, *n.*: † bac (endroit navigable); trajet, *m.* 2. **jëct**, *tr.*: jeter; jeter à travers. -**jëction**, *n.*: translation; (*emission*) émission, *f.* -**jëctory**, *n.*: trajectoire, *f.*

trâlâtions, *adj.*: métaphorique, non littéral. -**ly**, *adv.*: métaphoriquement.

trâlucènt = *translucent*.

trâm, *n.*: chariot de roulage; (*railways*) rail plat, *m.*

1. **trâmmel**, *n.*: (*net*) tramail, traîneau, *m.*; (*for animals*) entrave; (*iron hook*) crémaillère, *f.*; (*ellectic compasses*) compas à ellipse, *m.*; (*fig.*) entrave, *f.*, obstacle, *m.* 2. **trâmmel**, *tr.*: entraver, empêtrer, embarrasser.

1. **trâmôntane**, *adj.*: qui vit au-delà des monts; (*in France*) ultramontain. 2. **trâmôntane**, *n.*: personne qui vit au-delà des monts, *f.*; (*in France*) ultramontain, *m.*

1. **trâmp**, *intr.*: errer, rôder; (*go on foot*) aller à pied, battre la semelle; *intr.*: faire à pied. 2. **trâmp**, *n.*: action d'errer, de rôder; action d'aller à pied, *f.*; piétinement, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: rôdeur, vagabond, coureur, *m.* -**le**, *tr.*: fouler aux pieds; marcher sur; *intr.*: fouler aux pieds; piétiner. -**ler**, *n.*: personne qui foule aux pieds, *f.* -**ling**, *n.*: action de fouler aux pieds, *f.*; piétinement, *m.*

trâm-rail, *n.*: rail plat, *m.* -**way**, *n.*: chemin de fer à rails plats, (chemin de fer américain) tramway, *m.*

trânee, *n.*: extase; (*med.*) catalepsie, *f.* -**d**, *adj.*: en extase.

trân-quil, *adj.*: tranquille. -**quillity**, -**quillness**, *n.*: tranquillité, quiétude, *f.* -**quillise**, *tr.*: tranquilliser, calmer. -**quilly**, *adv.*: tranquillement.

trans-âct, *tr.*: faire; faire exécuter; expédier: — *business*, faire ses affaires; travailler. -**âction**, *n.*: (*management*) conduite, gestion, négociation; (*act*) transaction, affaire, *f.*, acte, événement, *m.*; (*com.*) transaction, affaire, opération, *f.* -**âctor**, *n.*: négociateur, agent, *m.*

transâlpine, *adj.*: transalpin.

transatlântio, *adj.*: transatlantique.

transeënd, *tr.*: dépasser; (*fig.*) surpasser, dépasser, excéder. -**enee**, -**eney**, *n.*: excellence, transcendence; (*exaggeration*) exagération, *f.* -**ent**, *adj.*: transcendant. -**ëntal**, *adj.*: transcendantal. -**ëntally**, *adv.*: d'une manière transcendante.

† **trânseqlate**, *tr.*: filtrer.

transcrib-e, *tr.*: transcrire, copier. -**er**, *n.*: copiste, transcrivateur, *m.*

trân-script, *n.*: transcription; copie, *f.* -**scription**, *n.*: transcription, *f.* -**scrip-tively**, *adv.*: en transcrivant, en copiant.

trânse = *trance*.

trânsept, *n.*: (arch.) transept, *m.*

1. transfér, *tr.*: transférer; transporter;

(*jur.*) transférer, céder. **2. transfér**, *n.*:

translation, *f.*; transport; (*fin.*) trans-

fert, *m.*, assignation, *f.*; (*jur.*) transfert,

transport; (*com.*) transfert, *m.*, cession, *f.*

-able, *adj.*: transportable; (*jur.*) cess-

sible, négociable. **-ée**, *n.*: cessionnaire,

m. **-rer**, *n.*: cédant, *m.*

trans-figurâtion, *n.*: transfiguration;

transformation, *f.* **-figure**, *tr.*: transfi-

gurer; transformer.

transfix, *tr.*: transpercer.

transform, *tr.*: transformer; changer;

(*metals*) convertir, transmuter; (*Cath. rel.*)

transsubstantier; (*theol.*) convertir, chan-

ger; (*alg.*) transformer; *intr.*: se trans-

former. **-âtion**, *n.*: transformation, *f.*;

changement, *m.*; conversion; (*ent.*) méta-

morphose; (*of metals*) conversion, trans-

mutation; (*Cath. rel.*) transsubstantiation;

(*theol.*) conversion; (*alg.*) transformation,

f. **-ing**, *adj.*: qui transforme; qui change.

trans-fûse, *tr.*: transvaser; transfuser;

instiller. **-fûsion**, *n.*: transvasion; trans-

fusion.

trans-grêss, *tr.*: dépasser; (*infringe*)

transgresser, enfreindre; *intr.*: trans-

gresser; pécher. **-grêssion**, *n.*: trans-

gression, infraction, *f.*; péché, *m.* **-grêss-**

sive, *adj.*: qui transgresse une loi; cou-

pable. **-grêssor**, *n.*: transgresseur; vio-

lateur, *m.*, violatrice, *f.*; (*rel.*) pêcheur,

m., pécheresse, *f.*

tranship = *trans-ship*.

transient, *adj.*: passager; transitoire;

(*hasty*) rapide. **-ly**, *adv.*: en passant,

légèrement. **-ness**, *n.*: nature passa-

gère; nature transitoire; rapidité, *f.*

1. trans-it, *n.*: passage; (*at the customs*)

transit, *m.* **2. -it**, *intr.*: (*astron.*) passer.

-it-instrument, *n.*: (*astron.*) lunette

méridienne, *f.* **-it-ion**, *n.*: transition, *f.*

-it-ional, *adj.*: de transition. **-itive**,

adj.: qui passe; (*gram.*) transitif. **-ito-**

rily, *adv.*: passagèrement. **-itoriness**,

n.: nature passagère, *f.* **-itory**, *adj.*:

transitoire, passager, fugitif.

trans-lâtable, *adj.*: traduisible. **-lâte**,

tr.: traduire; (*interprét*) interpréter, ex-

pliquer; (*transfer*) transférer, transpor-

ter; (*change*) changer, transformer; (*con-*

vey to heaven) enlever au ciel; (*a bishop*)

transférer. **-lât-ion**, *n.*: traduction;

(*removal*) translation, *f.*, déplacement; (*to*

heaven) enlèvement, *m.*; (*of a bishop*)

translation, *f.* **-lât-or**, *n.*: traducteur,

m. **-lâtress**, *n.*: traducteur (femme),

traductrice.

translocâtion, *n.*: déplacement, trans-

port, *m.*

trans-lucence, **-lucency**, *n.*: trans-

parence, diaphanéité; translucidité, *f.*

-luc-ent, *adj.*: transparent; diaphane;

translucide.

transmarine, *adj.*: d'outre mer, trans-

marin.

2. trans-migrant, *adj.*: émigrant; (*of*

things) qui se transforme. **2. -migrant**,

n.: émigrant, *m.*; (*thing*) chose qui se

transforme, *f.* **-migrate**, *intr.*: émi-

grer; (*of souls*) passer d'un corps dans un

autre. **-migrâtion**, *n.*: transmigration;

transformation; (*of souls*) transmi-

gration, métépsychose, *f.* **-migrator**,

n.: émigrant, *m.*

trans-missibility, *n.*: transmissibilité,

f. **-missible**, *adj.*: transmissible. **-mis-**

sion, *n.*: transmission, *f.* **-missive**,

adj.: transmis, de transmission. **-mit**,

tr.: transmettre; envoyer; (*phys.*) trans-

mettre, conduire. **-mittal**, *n.*: trans-

mission, *f.* **-mitter**, *n.*: personne qui

transmet, *f.*

trans-mutability, *n.*: transmutabilité,

f. **-mutable**, *adj.*: transmutable. **-mû-**

tably, *adv.*: de manière à pouvoir être

transformé. **-mutâtion**, *n.*: transmu-

tation; transformation, *f.*; (*of colours*)

changement, *m.* **-mûte**, *tr.*: transmu-

er; transformer. **-mûter**, *n.*: personne qui

transmue, qui transforme, *f.*

transom, *n.*: traverse de fenêtre; tra-

versine; (*of a ship*) barre d'arceau, *f.*

-knee, *n.*: (*nav.*) courbe d'arceau, *f.*

trans-pârence, **-pâreny** or **-pâr-**

entness, *n.*: transparence, *f.* **-pâr-**

ent, *adj.*: transparent, diaphane.

transpierce, *tr.*: transpercer; pénétrer.

trans-pirâtion, *n.*: transpiration; exha-

lation, *f.* **-spire**, *intr.*: transpirer; trans-

suder; (*become public*) transpirer; (*hap-*

pen) arriver, se passer; *tr.*: suer; exha-

ler.

transplânt, *tr.*: transplanter; déplacer,

transporter. **-ât-ion**, *n.*: transplanta-

tion, *f.*; déplacement, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: trans-

planteur; (*thing*) transplantoir, *m.* **-ing**,

n.: transplantation, *f.*

trans-plendencey, *n.*: splendeur écla-

tante, *f.* **-spléndent**, *adj.*: très res-

plendissant; éblouissant. **-spléndently**,

adv.: d'une manière très resplendissante.

1. trans-transport, *n.*: transport; (*ship*) trans-

port, bâtiment de transport; (*rapture*)

transport; (*of anger*) transport, accès;

(*convict*) forçat, *m.* **2. -pôrt**, *tr.*: trans-

porter; (*convicts*) déporter. **-pôrtable**,

adj.: transportable. **-pôrtâtion**, *n.*:

transport, *m.*; transmission; (*of plants*)

transplantation; (*of convicts*) déportation,

f. **-pôrtedly**, *adv.*: en extase, *f.* **-pôrt-**

edness, *n.*: transport, *m.*; extase, *f.*

-porter, n.: personne qui transporte; chose qui transporte, qui ravit, qui exalte, f. **-porting**, adj.: qui transporte; (*ravishing*) ravissant.

trans-pôsal, n.: transposition; permutation, f. **-pôse**, tr.: transposer. **-pôgition**, n.: transposition, f. **-pôitive**, adj.: transpositif.

trans-ship, tr.: transborder. **-shipment**, n.: transbordement, m.

trans-substantiate, tr.: transsubstantier. **-substantiation**, n.: transsubstantiation, f. **-substantiator**, n.: transsubstantiateur, m.

trans-sudation, n.: transsudation, f. **-sûde**, intr.: transsuder.

trans-versal, adj.: transverse, transversal. **-versally**, adv.: transversalement. **-verse**, adj.: transverse; oblique, transversal. **-versely**, adv.: en travers; transversalement.

1. **trâp**, tr.: orner, parer.

2. **trâp**, n.: (*geol.*) trapp, m. 3. **trap**, adj.: de trapp.

4. **trâp**, n.: trappe, f.; traquenard, traquet; (*fig.*) piège, m., embûche; (*milit.*) chausse-trappe; (*game*) balle à la volée, f.

5. **trap**, tr.: prendre dans une trappe; prendre au piège, attraper; intr.: tendre une trappe, tendre des trappes (ou pièges).

1. **-ân**, n.: piège, m. 2. **-an**, tr.: prendre au piège. **-âner**, n.: personne qui prend au piège, f. **-bat**, n.: battoir, m.

-door, n.: trappe, f.

† **trâpes**, n.: souillon, f.

trâpê-e, n.: trâpêze, m. **-ium**, n.: trâpêze, m. (*anat.*) os trâpêze, m.

trâpê-zôid, n.: trâpêzoïde; trâpêze, m. **-zôidal**, adj.: trâpêzoïde, trâpêzoïforme.

trâppings, n. pl.: harnais, m. s.; ornements du harnais, m. pl.; (*dress*) parure, f. s., ornements, m. pl.

trâp-rock, n.: trapp, m.

trâp-stick, n.: crosse (pour jouer); (*fig.*) jambe, grêle, f.

1. **trâsh**, n.: rebut, m.; drogue, camelote; (*of eatables*) drogue, cochonnerie, f.; (*loppings of trees*) émondes, f. pl.

2. **trash**, tr.: (*lop*) émonder; (*strip of leaves*) effeuiller; (*eleg*) arrêter, empêcher; (*humble*) courber, humilier. **-y**, adj.: de rebut, méchant; de nulle valeur.

1. **trâvail**, n.: travail pénible, m.; fatigue, f.; (*of women*) travail d'enfant, m. 2. **travail**, intr.: travailler, fatiguer; (*of women in labour*) être en travail d'enfant.

trâve, n.: (*arch.*) traverse, f.; (*for a horse*) travail, m.

trâvel, intr.: voyager; être en voyage; (*walk*) cheminer, marcher; (*pass*) marcher, aller; (*of news*) circuler, voyager:

— over, parcourir; voyager dans. 2. **trav-el**, n.: voyage, m. **-(li)er**, n.: voyageur, m., voyageuse, f.; (*com.*) commis voyageur, m. **-er's-joy**, n.: (*bot.*) clématite commune, f. 1. **-ing**, n.: voyage, m.; voyages, m. pl. 2. **-ing**, adj.: voyageur; ambulant; (*of things*) de voyage.

tra-versable, adj.: (*jur.*) niable.

1. **-verse**, adj.: oblique; transversal.

2. **-verse**, prep.: à travers; adv.: à tra-

vers, en travers. 3. **-verse**, n.: traverse;

(*cross accident*) traverse, f.; obstacle;

(*trick*) artifice, m.; (*jur.*) dénégation;

(*nav.*) route oblique; (*fort.*) traverse, f.

4. **-verse**, tr.: traverser; (*survey*) scruter;

(*jur.*) nier; (*artil.*) pointer; intr.:

tourner; pivoter; (*fenc.*) se tenir en

garde; (*man.*) se traverser. **-verser**,

n.: (*jur.*) partie qui dénie, f.

1. **trâvesty**, adj.: travesti. 2. **travesty**,

n.: traduction burlesque; parodie, f.

3. **travesty**, tr.: travestir, parodier.

1. **trâwl**, intr.: pêcher au chalut.

2. **trawl**, n.: barque de pêche au chalut,

f., chalut, m. **-ing**, n.: pêche au cha-

lut, f.

trây, n.: plateau, m.; (*trough*) auge, f.

trêacherous, adj.: traître, perfide, dé-

loyal. **-ly**, adv.: en traître; perfide-

ment; trahissement. **-ness**, **trêach-**

ery, n.: trahison, perfidie, f.

trêacle, n.: (*pharm.*) thériaque; mé-

lasse, f.

1. **trêad** (pret. *trod*, part. *trodden*), intr.:

poser le pied; marcher; (*of birds*) côcher;

tr.: marcher sur; fouler; fouler aux

pieds; écraser: — on, marcher sur; fou-

ler aux pieds; — under foot, fouler aux

pieds. 2. **tread**, n.: pas, m.; (*of a*

stair) marche; (*man.*) allure, f.; (*of*

birds) accouplement, m. **-er**, n.: per-

sonne qui foule, qui marche, f. **-le**, n.:

marche; pédale, f.; (*of an egg*) cordon

albumineux, m. **-mill**, n.: moulin à

marcher; moulin de discipline, m.

trêason, n.: trahison, f. **high-**, haute

trahison; lèse-majesté, f. **-able**, adj.:

de traître; de trahison. **-ably**, adv.:

en traître.

1. **trêasu-re**, n.: trésor, m. 2. **-re**, tr.:

amasser; accumuler; garder, conserver

précieusement. **-re-house**, n.: trésor,

m.; trésorerie, f. **-rer**, n.: trésorier,

m. **-ership**, n.: charge de trésorier,

f. **-re-trove**, n.: (*jur.*) trésor, m.

-ry, n.: trésor; (*building*) trésor, trésor

public, m.; trésorerie, f.: *first lord of*

the —, premier lord de la Trésorerie, m.

1. **trêat**, tr.: traiter; (*regale*) traiter, ré-

galer; (*med.*) traiter, soigner; intr.:

traiter. 2. **treat**, n.: régal; festin, ban-

quet, m.; fête, f.; (*pleasure*) charme, dé-

- lice, plaisir, grand plaisir, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui traite, *f.*; dissertateur, *m.*; (*regaler*) personne qui traite, qui régale, *f.*, amphytrion, *m.* -**ise**, *n.*: (*book*) traité, *m.* -**ment**, *n.*: traitement, *m.* -**y**, *n.*: traité; pacte, *m.*; convention; négociation, *f.*
1. **trê-ble**, *adj.*: triple; (*mus.*) de dessus; (*of sound*) aigu, perçant. 2. **-ble**, *n.*: triple; (*mus.*) dessus, *m.* 3. **-ble**, *tr. and intr.*: tripler. -**bleness**, *n.*: triplicité, *f.* -**bling**, *n.*: triplement, *m.* -**bly**, *adv.*: triplement, trois fois.
- trêe**, *n.*: (*bot.*) arbre; arbrisseau, *m.*; (*rel.*) croix, *f.*; genealogical —, arbre généalogique. -**less**, *adj.*: sans arbre.
1. **-nail**, *n.*: cheville, *f.* 2. **-nail**, *tr.*: cheviller ensemble.
- tré foil**, *n.*: trêfle, *m.*
- tréillage**, *n.*: treillage, *m.*
1. **tréllis**, *n.*: treillis, *m.* 2. **tréllis**, *tr.*: treilliser. -**ed**, *adj.*: treillissé.
- trêm-ble**, *intr.*: trembler; (*of sound*) trembloter. -**bler**, *n.*: trembleur, *m.*, trembleuse, *f.* 1. **-bling**, *n.*: tremblement, *m.* 2. **-bling**, *adj.*: tremblant; tremblotant. -**blingly**, *adv.*: en tremblant; en tremblotant.
- trémendous**, *adj.*: redoutable; formidable; terrible; imposant; (*violent*) terrible, épouvantable, horrible. -**ly**, *adv.*: terriblement; (*with violence*) terriblement, furieusement. -**ness**, *n.*: caractère terrible, caractère formidable, *m.*, grandeur imposante, *f.*
- trêm-or**, *n.*: tremblement, *m.* -**ulous**, *adj.*: tremblant; tremblotant; (*mus.*) chevrotant. -**ulously**, *adv.*: en tremblant; en tremblotant; (*mus.*) en chevrotant. -**ulousness**, *n.*: qualité de ce qui tremble, qui tremblote, *f.*; tremblement, *m.*
1. **trê-nch**, *tr.*: creuser, ouvrir; sillonner; (*milit.*) retrancher; *intr.*: empiéter.
2. **trê-nch**, *n.*: tranchée; rigole, *f.*, fossé, *m.*; (*milit.*) tranchée, *f.* -**ant**, *adj.*: tranchant. -**antly**, *adv.*: d'une manière tranchante, âprement. -**or**, *n.*: tranchoir, tailleoir, *m.*; (*table*) table; (*food*) bonne chère, *f.* -**er-friend**, *n.*: parasite, écornifleur, *m.* -**er-man**, *n.*: mangeur, gros mangeur, *m.*
1. **trênd**, *intr.*: se diriger, s'étendre, tendre, prendre la direction; (*nav.*) courir; faire force de voiles. 2. **trênd**, *n.*: direction générale, tendance, inclinaison, *f.*
1. **-le**, *n.*: roulette, *f.*
1. **trêpan**, *n.*: (*surg.*) trépan, *m.* 2. **trêpan**, *tr.*: trépaner.
- trêpang**, *n.*: (*zool.*) holoturie, *f.*, trêpang, tripan, *m.*
- trêpan-ner**, *n.*: personne qui trépane, *f.*
- ning**, *n.*: (*surg.*) trépan, *m.*; trépanation, *f.*
- trêphin-e**, *n.*: trêphine, *f.*; tropan, *m.*
- ing**, *n.*: trépan, *m.*; trépanation, *f.*
- trêpidation**, *n.*: trêpidation; vibration, *f.*; (*trembling*) tremblement, *m.*; (*hurry*) hâte; (*terror*) terreur, *f.*, effroi, *m.*
1. **trêpass**, *intr.*: (*jur.*) violer la propriété; (*in Scripture*) pêcher, faillir: — *against*, violer, enfreindre; (*pers.*) nuire à, léser; — *on*, empiéter sur; abuser de.
2. **trêpass**, *n.*: injure; (*jur.*) violation de propriété, *f.*, délit contre la personne, *m.*; (*in Scripture*) offense, *f.*, péché, *m.*, transgression, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui empiète, *f.*; (*jur.*) violateur du droit de propriété; (*rel.*) pécheur, *m.*, pécheresse, *f.*, transgresseur, *m.* -**offering**, *n.*: sacrifice expiatoire pour le péché, *m.*
- trêss**, *n.*: tresse de cheveux; boucle de cheveux, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: tressé; bouclé.
- trêss-el**, -**tle**, *n.*: trêteau; (*of a table*) châssis, *m.* — *s*, échelle double, *f.*
- trêssing**, *n.*: (*arch.*) armature, *f.*
- trêt**, *n.*: réfaction sur le poids, *f.*
- trêvet** = *trivet*.
- trêy**, *n.*: (*at cards*) trois, *m.*
- triable**, *adj.*: qu'on peut essayer, qu'on peut éprouver; (*jur.*) justiciable.
- triad**, *n.*: triade, *f.*
- trial**, *n.*: tentative, *f.*; essai, *m.*; (*experiment*) expérience, épreuve, *f.*, essai, *m.*; (*temptation*) épreuve, *f.*; (*jur.*) procès, jugement, *m.*: make a — *of*, faire l'essai de; take one's —, passer en jugement; by way of —, pour essayer; pour essai; on —, à l'essai; (*of things*) pour essai.
- tri-ander**, *n.*: (*bot.*) plante triandre, *f.*
- ândria**, *n.*: (*bot.*) triandrie, *f.*
- tri-angle**, *n.*: triangle, *m.* -**angled**, *adj.*: triangulé. -**angular**, *adj.*: triangulaire. -**angularly**, *adv.*: triangulairement. -**angulate**, *tr.*: trianguler.
- tri-bal**, *adj.*: tribal. -**be**, *n.*: tribu; race, famille; (*natur. hist.*) tribu, famille, classe, *f.*, ordre, *m.*
- triblet**, *tribolet*, *n.*: (*gold.*) triboulet, *m.*
- tribrach**, *n.*: tribrache, *m.*
- tribulation**, *n.*: tribulation, *f.*
- tribunal**, *n.*: tribunal, *m.*
- tribu-ne**, *n.*: tribun, *m.*; (*pulpit*) tribune, *f.* -**neship**, *n.*: tribunat, *m.* -**nitial**, -**nitial**, -**nitious**, *adj.*: tribunitien; de tribune.
1. **tribu-tary**, *adj.*: tributaire; (*subordinate*) inférieur, subordonné. 2. **-tary**, *n.*: tributaire, *m.* -**te**, -**te-money**, *n.*: tribut, *m.*
1. **trice**, *n.*: instant, moment, clin d'œil, *m.*: in a —, en un clin d'œil.
2. **trice**, *tr.*: (*nav.*) hisser promptement.

triceps, *n.*: (*anat.*) muscle triceps, *m.*
tricing-line, *n.*: (*nav.*) aiguillette, *f.*
trick, *n.*: (*cheat*) supercherie, duperie, tricherie, *f.*; (*dexterous artifice*) artifice, *m.*, ruse, finesse, *f.*; tour, *m.*; (*jest*) malice, niche, *f.*; (*of a juggler*) tour, *m.*; (*of children*) espièglerie; (*habit*) habitude, *f.*, tic, *m.*; (*of cards*) levée, *f.*: play any one a —, faire une niche à, jouer un tour à quelqu'un; have the —, (*at cards*) faire la levée; nasty —, vilain tour; (*habit*) vilaine habitude; shabby —, vilénie, *f.*
2.trick, *tr.*: duper; tricher; (*play a trick on*) faire une niche à; (*dress*) parer, †*Fr.* atourner; *intr.*: faire métier de duper: — out, parer; (*jest*) atourner. —*er* = *trickster*. —*ery*, *n.*: tromperie, duperie; tricherie, *f.* —*ing*, *n.*: tromperie, duperie, supercherie; (*ornament*) parure, *f.*, atours, *m. pl.* —*ish*, *adj.*: artificieux, trompeur; fourbe; fin, subtil.
trickl-e, *intr.*: couler; découler, dégoutter, s'épancher: — down, couler le long de. —*ing*, *n.*: écoulement lent, écoulement, *m.*
trickster, *n.*: fourbe, *m., f.*; trompeur, *m.*, trompeuse, *f.*; tricheur, *m.*, tricheuse, *f.*
tricktrack, *n.*: tritrac, *m.*
tri colour, *n.*: drapeau tricolore, *m.* —*ed*, *adj.*: tricolore.
tri-dent, *n.*: trident, *m.* —*dentate*, —*dented*, *adj.*: tridenté.
tried, *adj.*: éprouvé.
triennial, *adj.*: triennal. —*ly*, *adv.*: tous les trois ans.
trier, *n.*: personne qui essaie, qui éprouve, *f.*; expérimentateur, *m.*; (*test*) éprouve, *f.*
trifallow, *tr.*: (*agri.*) donner la troisième façon à.
trifid, *adj.*: (*bot.*) trifide.
1.tri-ble, *n.*: bagatelle; vétille; babiole, *f.*; rien, *m.*: stand upon —s, s'arrêter à des vétilles, à des riens; dispute about —s, disputer sur la pointe d'une aiguille.
2.-ble, *intr.*: s'amuser à des riens, niaiser; badiner; baguenauder; (*to act or talk with levity*) être frivole, être léger: — with, (*things*) jouer avec, plaisanter sur; (*pers.*) amuser; (*mock*) se moquer de, se rire de. —*fler*, *n.*: personne frivole, *f.*; baguenaudier; badin, *m.* **1.-fling**, *adj.*: de rien; insignifiant; petit; (*trivial*) futile, oiseux; (*frivolous*) frivole, léger: — but troublesome debt, dette criarde.
2.-fling, *n.*: légèreté, frivolité; plaisanterie, *f.*; bagatelles, *f. pl.*; badinage, *m.* —*ingly*, *adv.*: d'une manière frivole; d'une manière légère; en badinant.
-flingness, *n.*: petitesse, insignifiance; (*levity*) légèreté, frivolité; futilité, *f.*

tri'form, *adj.*: triforme.
trigamy, *n.*: trigamie, *f.*
trigger, *n.*: enrayure; (*of fire-arms*) détente, *f.* —*guard*, *n.*: pontet, *m.*
triglyph, *n.*: (*arch.*) triglyphe, *m.*
trigon, *n.*: (*astron.*) trigone, *m.*
trigo-nomé'trical, *adj.*: trigonométrique. —*nômetry*, *n.*: trigonométrie, *f.*
trihedral, *adj.*: trièdre.
trilâteral, *adj.*: trilatéral.
1.trill, *intr.*: vibrer; (*mus.*) triller, cadencer; *tr.*: chanter en cadencant; (*mus.*) cadencer, triller.
2.trill, *n.*: (*mus.*) trille, *m.*; cadence, *f.*
trillion, *n.*: quintillion, *m.*
trilôbate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) trilobé.
trilôcular, *adj.*: (*bot.*) triloculaire.
1.trim, *adv.*: arranger; ajuster: (*decorate*) orner, parer; (*dress*) habiller; (*lop*) émonder; (*clip*) tailler, rafraîchir; (*finish off*) achever; (*scold*) gronder; (*the hold*) arrimer; (*the sails*) orienter; (*a boat*) dresser; (*a lamp*) arranger, préparer; (*carp.*) dégrossir, planer; (*a garment*) garnir; (*a horse*) panser: — in, (*carp.*) assembler; — up, arranger, ajuster; (*decorate*) garnir; (*dress*) parer, orner. **2.trim**, *intr.*: hésiter; balancer entre deux partis. **3.trim**, *adj.*: propre; bien ajusté; bien arrangé.
4.trim, *n.*: parure, toilette, *f.*; (*state*) état, *m.*; (*of masts*) juste proportion; (*of a ship*) assiette, *f.*; (*of sails*) orientation; (*of the hold*) arrimage, *m.*
trimés-ter, *n.*: trimestre, *m.* —*tral*, *adj.*: trimestriel.
trimeter, *n.*: trimètre, *m.*
trim-ly, *adv.*: bien, gentiment. —*mer*, *n.*: personne qui arrange, qui ajuste, qui orne, qui décore; garnisseur, *m.* —*euse*, *f.*: (*time-server*) personne de tous les partis (politique intrigant qui veut plaire à deux partis opposés); (*shrew*) femme acariâtre; (*arch.*) bande de trémie, *f.* —*ming*, *n.*: garniture; (*scolding*) réprimande, correction, *f.* —*ness*, *n.*: netteté, *f.*
1.trine, *adj.*: triple. **2.trine**, *n.*: (*astrol.*) trin, trine aspect, *m.* **3.-trine**, *tr.*: mettre dans un trine aspect.
tringa, *n.*: tringa, *m.*
tringle, *n.*: (*arch.*) tringle, *f.*
trini-tàrian, *n.*: trinitaire, *m.* **trini-ty**, *Trini*, *n.*: Trinité, *f.* —*ty-herb*, *n.*: violette tricolore, pensée tricolore, *f.*
trinket, *n.*: bijou, *m.*; breloque, *f.*; (*thing of little value*) colifichet, brimborion, *m.*
trinômial, *n.*: (*alg.*) trinôme, *m.*
trio, *n.*: (*mus.*) trio, *m.* —*let*, *n.*: (*poet.*) triolet, *m.*
trior, *n.*: (*jur.*) examinateur; examinateur de la validité d'une récusation de juré, *m.*

1. trip, tr.: donner un croc en jambe à, renverser; faire trébucher; (*supplant*) supplanter, couper l'herbe sous le pied de; (*detect*) découvrir, surprendre, démasquer; (*an anchor*) faire dérapier. **2. trip, intr.:** trébucher, faire un faux pas; tomber; (*err*) errer, se tromper; (*of the tongue*) fourcher; (*run lightly*) courir avec légèreté; (*step lightly*) marcher avec légèreté; (*take a journey*) faire un petit voyage. **3. trip, n.:** croc en jambe; (*stumble*) faux pas, m.; (*error*) erreur, méprise, f.; (*journey*) tournée, f., tour, petit voyage; (*voyage*) voyage, m.; (*nav.*) bordée, f.

tripartite, adj.: triparti, tripartite; (*mus.*) en trois parties.

tripe, n.: tripe, f.; gras-double, m.; (*the belly*) panse, bedaine, f.

tripedal, adj.: qui a trois pieds.

tripe-man, n.: tripiér, m. **-shop, n.:** tripièrerie, f. **-woman, n.:** tripière, f.

trip-hammer, n.: masse de forge, f.

triph - thong, n.: triptongue, f. **-thongal, adj.:** de triptongue.

triphylous, adj.: triphylle.

1. tri-ple, adj.: triple. **2. -ple, tr.:** tripler. **-plet, n.:** trio; (*poet.*) tercet; (*mus.*) triolet, m. **-plicate, adj.:** (*math.*) triplé. **-plication, n.:** triplication, f. **-plicity, n.:** tripleté, f. **-ply, adv.:** triplement.

tripod, n.: trépied, m.

tripoli, n.: (*min.*) tripoli, m.

trip-per, n.: personne qui renverse, qui supplante, qui court avec légèreté, qui marche avec légèreté, f. **1. -ping, n.:** bronchade, f.; faux pas, m. **2. -ping, adj.:** trébuchant; (*nimble*) agile, léger; (*quick*) rapide. **-pingly, adv.:** agilement; légèrement; vivement.

trirème, n.: trirème, f.

tri-séct, tr.: diviser en trois parties. **-section, n.:** trisection, f.

trismus, n.: (*med.*) trismus, m.

tri-syllabie(al), adj.: trissyllabe. **-syl-lable, n.:** trissyllabe, m.

trite, adj.: usé, banal, rebattu. **-ly, adv.:** d'une manière banale. **-ness, n.:** nature banale, nature commune, f.

triton, n.: triton, m.

trit-rable, adj.: triturable. **-ate, tr.:** triturer. **-ation, n.:** trituration, f.

1. tri-umph, n.: triomphe, m.; (*exultation*) joie triomphante, f. **2. -umph, intr.:** triompher; (*flourish*) prospérer, fleurir; — ocer, triompher de, insulter à; (*surmount*) surmonter. **-umphal, adj.:** triomphal; de triomphe; — arch, arc de triomphe, m. **-umphant, adj.:** triomphant; de triomphe. **-umph-antly, adv.:** en triomphe, triomphalement;

d'une manière triomphante. **-umph-er, n.:** triomphateur, m. **-umphing, adj.:** triomphant.

trium-vir (pl. triumviri), n.: triumvir, m. **-virate, n.:** triumvirat, m.

trivet, n.: trépied; (*kitchen utensil*) trépied, trois-pieds, m.

trivial, adj.: trivial, vulgaire; insignifiant. **-ly, adv.:** trivialement, vulgairement; d'une manière insignifiante. **-ness, n.:** trivialité; vulgarité, f.; (*unimportance*) défaut d'importance, m., nullité, f.

1. trôat, tr.: (*of the buck*) bramer.

2. troat, n.: (*of the buck*) brame, m.

trô-câr, n.: (*surg.*) trocart, trois-quarts, m.

1. tro-châie, n.: trochaïque, m. **2. -châie-(al), adj.:** trochaïque.

trô-chée, n.: trochée, f.

Trojan, adj.: troyen; n.: Troyen, m., Troyenne, f.

1. tröll, n.: lutin, troll, m.

2. tröll, tr.: rouler, tourner; *intr.:* rôder, trôler; (*fishing*) pêcher au brochet, à la ligne. **3. troll, n.:** roulement, rond, m. **-(e)y, n.:** truc(k) (chariot de transport, fardier, diable); roulette métallique (au bout d'une barre pour la transmission d'un courant électrique), f. **-(e)y-car, n.:** tramway à câble aérien.

tröllop, n.: salope, aouillon, f.

trömbone, n.: (*mus.*) trombone, m.

1. tröop, n.: troupe, f.; (*of cavalry*) peloton, m., compagnie, f. **2. troop, intr.:** s'attrouper; (*march in a body*) marcher en corps. **-er, n.:** cavalier, soldat de cavalerie; troupiér, m.

tröpe, n.: (*rhet.*) trope, m.

trö-phied, adj.: orné de trophées. **-phy, n.:** trophée, m.

tröpic, n.: (*geog.*) tropique, m. **-al, adj.:** tropical; du tropique; (*rhet.*) figuratif, symbolique, emblématique. **-bird, n.:** oiseau du tropique, m.

tropolögical, adj.: (*rhet.*) tropologique, figure.

1. tröt, intr.: trotter, aller le trot, au trot; courir. **2. trot, n.:** trot, m.; jog, full —, petit, grand trot.

tröth, n.: foi, fidélité; vérité, f.; *by my* —! ma foi!

trötter, n.: cheval de trot; trotteur; (*sheep's foot*) pied de mouton, m.

tröubadour, n.: troubadour, m.

1. tröu-ble, tr.: troubler, inquiéter; (*disturb*) déranger, importuner; (*perplex*) tourmenter; (*distress*) chagriner, affliger; (*busy*) préoccuper, occuper; (*vez*) ennuyer, tracasser; (*give occasion for labour*) donner de la peine à; (*a debtor*) importuner: *I will — you to pass me that*, voulez-vous bien me passer cela? *I will not — you*

with it, je ne vous en embarrasserai pas; *I will not — you in this affair*, je ne veux pas vous déranger (importuner) pour cette affaire; *I will not — you*, je ne veux pas vous donner cette peine; *may I — you to?* puis-je vous prier de? 2. **-ble**, *n.*: trouble, *m.*; (*fatigue, work*) peine; (*uneasiness*) inquiétude; (*affliction*) affliction, peine, *f.*, souci, chagrin, *m.*; (*annoyance*) importunité, tracasserie, *f.*, ennui, *m.*; (*pains*) peine, *f.*: de *in* —, être dans la peine, dans le chagrin; avoir de la peine, du chagrin, des soucis; *give, save any one* —, donner, épargner de la peine à quelqu'un; *take the — to*, prendre, se donner la peine de; *out of one's* —, hors de ses peines; hors de peine; *it is not worth the —*, ce n'est pas la peine; cela n'en vaut pas la peine. **-bler**, *n.*: personne qui donne de la peine, qui trouble, *f.*; perturbateur, *m.*, perturbatrice, *f.* **-blesome**, *adj.*: ennuyeux; incommode; gênant, embarrassant; (*tiresome*) ennuyeux, tracassier, tourmentant; (*importunate*) ennuyeux, importun; (*burdensome*) à charge *children are very —*, les enfants donnent beaucoup de peine. **-blesomely**, *adv.*: d'une manière ennuyeuse; avec importunité; avec beaucoup de peine. **-blesomeness**, *n.*: ennui; embarras, *m.*; (*importunity*) importunité, *f.* **-blous**, *adj.*: troublé, agité; de troubles, de désordres.

trough *trôf*, *n.*: auge; huche, *f.*; (*for a bird, etc.*) suget; (*metal.*) creuset; (*of the sea*) entre-deux des lames, *m.*; (*of a mill*) auge, *f.*

trounee, *tr.*: rosser, étriller.

trousers, *n. pl.*: pantalon, *m. sing.*: a pair of —, pantalon, *m. sing.*

trout, *n.*: (*ichth.*) truite, *f.* **-coloured**, *adj.*: truité. **-stream**, *n.*: vivier à truites, *m.*

trover, *n.*: restitution d'une chose trouvée, *f.*

trôve, *intr.*: penser, croire, s'imaginer.

trôwel, *n.*: truella, *f.*; (*gard.*) déplan-toir, *m.*

trôwers = *trousers*.

trôy-weight, *n.*: poids de douze onces à la livre employé pour l'or, l'argent, les pierres, *m.*

1. **truant**, *adj.*: fainéant, paresseux, flâneur. 2. **truant**, *n.*: fainéant, paresseux, flâneur, *m.*: *play —*, faire l'école buissonnière. 3. **truant**, *intr.*: fainéanter, paresser, s'absenter. **-ly**, *adv.*: en fainéant, en paresseux. **-ship**, *n.*: fainéantise, paresse, flânerie, *f.*

trûee, *n.*: trêve, *f.*: a — *to*, trêve de.

-breaker, *n.*: violateur de trêve, *m.*

1. **trûck**, *n.*: (*wooden wheel*) roue de bois, *f.*; (*car*) truc(k), camion, binard, *m.*;

charette à bras; (*artil.*) roue d'affût; (*nav.*) cosse de bois; (*on topmasts, etc.*) pomme; (*railways*) plate-forme, *f.*, truc, truck, *m.* 2. **truck**, *tr.*: camionner, transporter: — *system*, système de payer les ouvriers en marchandises, *m.* 3. **truck**, *tr.* and *intr.*: troquer.

4. **trûck**, *n.*: (*barter*) troc, échange; (*manu.*) paiement en marchandises, *m.* **-age**, *n.*: troc, échange, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: troqueur, trafiquant, *m.*

1. **trûckle**, *n.*: roulette, *f.* 2. **trûckle**, *intr.*: céder, se soumettre; s'abaisser; ramper, s'humilier. **-bed**, *n.*: lit à roulettes, *m.*

trûcy-lence, *n.*: barbarie, férocité, *f.*; (*of the countenance*) aspect féroce, *m.* **-lent**, *adj.*: barbare, féroce; (*destructive*) meurtrier, cruel; (*of the countenance*) d'un aspect terrible.

trûdge, *intr.*: aller à pied; faire route à pied; marcher péniblement, se traîner.

trûe, *adj.*: vrai; (*real*) vrai, réel, véritable; (*faithful*) fidèle; (*free from falsehood*) vrai, exact, fidèle; (*speaking truth*) véridique, sincère; (*honest*) honnête, intègre, loyal; (*exact*) exact, conforme; (*straight*) droit; (*rightful*) légitime: — *to*, fidèle à. **-born**, *adj.*: de naissance légitime; vrai. **-bred**, *adj.*: de bonne race; pur sang; (*fig.*) accompli, achevé. **-hearted**, *adj.*: au cœur sincère. **-heartedness**, *n.*: sincérité de cœur, *f.* **-love**, *n.*: bien-aimé, *m.*, bien-aimée, *f.*; (*bot.*) parisette à quatre feuilles, *f.* **-ness**, *n.*: vérité; sincérité; fidélité; (*genuine-ness*) vérité, authenticité; (*exactness*) exactitude, *f.*

trûffe, *n.*: truffe, *f.* **-ground**, *n.*: truffière, *f.*

trûg, *n.*: (*mas.*) oiseau, *m.*

trû-ism, *n.*: vérité évidente, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: vraiment; (*exactly*) vraiment, réellement, véritablement; (*sincerely*) vraiment, fidèlement.

1. **trûmp**, *n.*: trompe, trompette, *f.*

2. **trûmp**, *n.*: (*at cards*) atout, *m.*: — *card*, atout, *m.*; retourne, *f.* 3. **trûmp**, *tr.*: couper avec l'atout, couper: — *up*, inventer, forger.

trûmpery, *n.*: éclat trompeur; faux brillant; (*rubbish*) rebut, *m.*, friperie, *f.*

1. **trûmpet**, *n.*: trompette; trompe; (*praiser*) personne qui loue, *f.*; (*trumpeter*) trompette, *m.*: *speaking—*, porte-voix, *m.* 2. **trûmpet**, *tr.*: publier à son de trompe; proclamer; trompeter, prôner. **-er**, *n.*: trompette; (*orni.*) agami, oiseau trompette, *m.* **-fish**, *n.*: (*ichth.*) centrisque, *m.*, bécasse de mer, *f.* **-flower**, *n.*: (*bot.*) bignone, *f.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: en trompette; (*bot.*) tubiforme. **-shell**, *n.*:

trompette, *f.*; buccin, *m.* -**tongued**, *adj.*: à voix de stentor.

1. **trūn-cate**, *tr.*: tronquer, mutiler.

2. -**cate**, *adj.*: (bot.) tronqué. -**cated**, *adj.*: tronqué. -**cāton**, *n.*: mutilation, *f.*

1. **trūnocheon**, *n.*: gourdin, rondin; bâton, gros bâton; bâton de commandement, *m.* 2. **trūnocheon**, *tr.*: bâtonner. -**ēr**, *n.*: personne armée d'un bâton, d'un gourdin, *f.*

1. **trūndle**, *n.*: roulette, *f.*; (cart) camion, *m.* 2. **trūndle**, *tr.*: rouler; (a hoop) faire courir. 3. **trūndle**, *intr.*: rouler. -**bed**, *n.*: lit à roulettes, *m.*

1. **trūnk**, *n.*: tronc; (box) coffre, *m.*, malle, *f.*; (long tube) long tube, *m.*, sabbacane, *f.*; (anat., arch.) tronc; (sculpt.) torse, *m.*; (of elephants, of insects) trompe, *f.* 2. **trūnk**, *tr.*: (metal.) débourber.

-**hose**, *n.*: chausses, *f. pl.* -**light**, *n.*: abat-jour, *m.* -**line**, *n.*: (railr.) ligne principale. -**maker**, *n.*: coffretier, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: (metal.) débourbage, *m.*

trūnnion, *n.*: tourillon, *axe*, *m.*

trāston, *n.*: action de pousser, *f.*

1. **trāss**, *n.*: trousse; (bot.) touffe; (of hay, straw) botte; (nav.) drosse de racage, *f.*; (surg.) bandage herniaire; suspensor; (carp.) noeud, *m.*, ferme triangulaire, *f.*, lien, *m.* 2. **trāss**, *tr.*: empaqueter; ser-rer; lier; (poultry) trousse. -**maker**, *n.*: bandagiste, *m.*

1. **trūst**, *n.*: (confidence) confiance; (ground of confidence) espérance; (charged, received in confidence) confiance, *f.*; (something committed to a person's care) dépôt, *m.*; (care) garde; (state of one to whom something is entrusted) place de confiance, *f.*; (credit) crédit, (jur.) fidéicommis, *m.*: on —, de confiance; à crédit; give any one —, faire crédit à quelqu'un. 2. **trūst**, *tr.*: se fier à; se confier à; mettre sa confiance en; (believe) ajouter foi à, croire; (commit to the care of) confier; (give credit to) faire crédit à, donner à crédit à: — with, confier à; (give credit to) faire crédit à. 3. **trūst**, *intr.*: (be credulous) être crédule: — in, to, se fier à; mettre sa confiance; se confier à; compter sur; croire à: — to, (before an infinitive) espérer, compter. -**ōe**, *n.*: curateur, dépositaire, gardien; directeur, administrateur; (jur.) fidéicommissaire, *m.* -**ēship**, *n.*: curatelle, direction; administration, *f.*; (jur.) fidéicommis, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui confie, qui fait crédit, *f.* -**ily**, *adv.*: fidèlement; loyalement. -**iness**, *n.*: fidélité; probité, loyauté, *f.* -**ingly**, *adv.*: avec confiance. -**less**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas digne de confiance; infidèle. -**worthy**, *adj.*: digne de confiance. -**y**, *adj.*: sûr, fidèle, loyal; (firm) fidèle, sûr.

trūth, *n.*: vérité, *f.*; vrai, *m.*; (honesty) probité, loyauté; (fidelity) fidélité; (veracity) véracité, *f.*: tell the —, dire la vérité, le vrai; à vrai dire. -**ful**, *adj.*: véridique, vrai. -**fully**, *adv.*: avec vérité (or véracité), conformément à la vérité, véridiquement. -**fulness**, *n.*: véridicité, véracité, vérité, honnêteté, *f.* -**less**, *adj.*: faux; mensonger; (faithless) sans foi.

1. **trȳ**, *intr.*: essayer; tâcher; (nav.) être à la cape; *tr.*: essayer, éprouver; faire l'épreuve de; mettre à l'épreuve; (at-tempt) tenter, entreprendre, essayer; (ex-perience) éprouver, faire l'expérience de; (strain) fatiguer; (use as means) essayer, faire l'essai de; (search carefully into) sonder; (metals) essayer, faire l'essai de; (refine) affiner, purifier; (weights, mea-sures) contrôler, vérifier; (jur.) juger; (pers.) traduire en justice, mettre en juge-ment: — on, essayer. 2. **trȳ**, *n.*: essai, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: d'épreuve, difficile, critique; (straining) fatigant; (nav.) à la cape. -**sail**, *n.*: voile de senau, *f.*

1. **tūb**, *n.*: cuve, *f.*; cuvier; baquet; (small cask) tonneau, *m.*; (for vegetables) caisse, *f.*; (of Diogenes) tonneau, *m.*: washing —, cuvier, *m.*; cuve à lessive, *f.*; mash —, brassin, *m.* 2. **tūb**, *tr.*: mettre dans une caisse, cuveler.

1. **tūbe**, *n.*: tube; tuyau, conduit, canal, vaisseau, *m.* 2. **tūbe**, *tr.*: tuber.

tū-ber, *n.*: (anat.) tubérosité, *f.*; (bot.) tubercule, *m.* -**berole**, *n.*: tubercule, *m.*

-**beroled**, *adj.*: tuberculé, tuberculeux.

-**bercular**, -**berculose**, *adj.*: tubercu-leux. -**berculōsis**, *n.*: tuberculose; tu-bercularisation, *f.* -**berculous**, *adj.*: tuberculeux. -**berculum**, *n.*: tubercu-le, *m.* 1. -**berose**, *adj.*: tubereux.

2. -**berose**, *n.*: (bot.) tubéreuse, *f.* -**ber-osity**, *n.*: tubérosité, *f.* -**berous**, *adj.*: tubéreux.

tūb-fish, *n.*: (ichth.) perlon, *m.*

tūb-lar, -**lated**, -**lōse**, -**lous**, *adj.*: tubulaire; tubuleux; tubulé. -**le**, *n.*: tubule, *m.*

1. **tūck**, *n.*: esto, *m.*

2. **tūck**, *tr.*: trousse, retrousse, relever: — in, rentrer; — in the bedclothes, border le lit; — into bed, bien envelopper avec des couvertures; — up, trousse, re-trousse, relever. 3. **tūck**, *n.*: (fold) rempli, pli, *m.*; (nav.) fesses, *f. pl.* -**or**, *n.*: chemisette, *f.*

tūc-iron, *n.*: tuyère, *f.*

Tūc-day, *n.*: mardi, *m.*

tū-fa, *n.*: (min.) tuf, *m.* -**faceous**, *adj.*: tuffacé. -**fa-stone**, *n.*: pierre de tuf, *f.*, tuffeau, *m.*

tūff = *tufa*.

1. **tūft**, *n.*: touffe, houppe; (of a bird)

huppe, aigrette; (*of hair*) touffe; (*of trees, of flowers*) touffe, f., bouquet; (*milit.*) pompon; (*bot.*) corymbe, m. **2.tuft**, tr.: diviser en touffes; orner de touffes. -**ed**, adj.: touffu; en touffe; semé de touffes.

1.tug, tr. and intr.: tirailler; tirer avec violence. **2.tug**, n.: action de tirer (avec effort), f.; tiraillement, m.; lutte, f.; (*boat*) remorqueur, m. -**boat**, n.: remorqueur, m. -**ger**, n.: personne qui tire avec violence; personne qui tiraille, f. -**gingly**, adv.: en tirant avec violence; en tiraillant.

tuition, n.: tutelle; protection; (*instruction*) instruction, f., enseignement, m.

tulip, n.: tulipe, f.; -*tree*, tulipier, m.

1.tum-ble, intr.: (*roll*) rouler, se rouler; (*roll down*) descendre en roulant, rouler, dégringoler; tomber, s'écrouler; (*of mountebanks*) faire la culbute, culbute: -*down*, tomber par terre; (*of things*) tomber; (*of buildings*) s'écrouler; -*downstairs*, dégringoler l'escalier. **2.-ble**, tr.: tourner, retourner, remuer; déranger; (*rump*) chiffonner, bouchonner; -*downstairs*, faire dégringoler l'escalier. **3.-ble**, n.: chute; culbute, f. -**bler**, n.: bateleur; saltimbanque, sauteur, m., sauteuse, f.; (*glass*) grand verre; (*orni.*) pigeon culbutant, m.

tumbrel, n.: tombereau, m.

tumefaction, n.: tuméfaction, f. **tumefy**, tr.: tuméfier, enfler; intr.: s'enfler.

tumid, adj.: enflé, gonflé; (*fig.*) boursoufflé, ampoulé, bouffi. -**ly**, adv.: avec enflure, avec gonflement. -**ness**, n.: enflure; turgescence, f.; gonflement, m.

tumor, -**our**, n.: tumeur; (*fig.*) boursoufflure, enflure, f. -**ed**, adj.: à tumeur.

1.tump, n.: motte, butte, f. **2.tump**, tr.: (*agri.*) chausser.

tumular, adj.: en monticule. -**losity** -**tü**, n.: nature montueuse, f. -**lous**, -**lose**, adj.: montueux.

1.tü-mult, n.: tumulte; trouble, m. **2.-mult**, intr.: s'élever en tumulte, s'agiter. -**multarily**, adv.: tumultuairement. -**multariness**, n.: disposition tumultueuse; turbulence, f. -**multuary**, adj.: tumultuaire; agité. **f.-multuā-tion**, n.: mouvement tumultuaire, m. -**multuous**, adj.: tumultueux; (*turbulent*) turbulent; (*agitated*) agité, troublé. -**multuously**, adv.: tumultueusement. -**multuousness**, n.: disposition tumultueuse; turbulence, f.

tumulus, n.: tumulus, m.

1.tün, n.: (*cask*) tonneau, m., tonne, f.; (*of wine*) tonneau (litres 953.8030); (*of round timber*) environ mètre cube 1.1237; (*of square timber*) environ mètre cube 1.5171; (*drunkard, large quantity*) ton-

neau, m. **2.tun**, tr.: verser dans un tonneau, entonner.

tün-able, adj.: harmonieux; musical; (*mus.*) accordable. -**ableness**, n.: harmonie, f. -**ably**, adv.: harmonieusement; (*mus.*) d'accord.

tün-bellied, adj.: pansu, ventru.

tüne, n.: air; (*concert of parts*) ton, accord; (*note*) son, m., note; (*harmony*) harmonie; concorde; (*fit temper*) humeur, veine, f.: *sing to another* —, changer de ton. **2.tune**, tr.: accorder, mettre d'accord; intr.: former des accords; fredonner. -**ful**, adj.: mélodieux, harmonieux; aux accents mélodieux. -**less**, adj.: sans harmonie; discordant; (*mute*) mute. -**r -er**, n.: accordeur, m.

tüngsten, n.: (*chem.*) tungstène, m.

tünio, n.: tunique; (*anat.*) tunique; membrane; (*of the eye*) tunique, enveloppe, f. -**ated**, adj.: (*bot.*) tunique.

tünig, n.: action d'accorder, f. -**fork**, n.: diapason, m. -**hammer**, n.: accorder; clef d'accordeur, f.

tünnage, n.: tonnage; droit de tonnage, m.

1.tünnel, n.: tunnel; souterrain; (*of a chimney*) tuyau; (*funnel*) entonnoir, m. **2.tunnel**, tr.: faire un souterrain, faire un tunnel; former en entonnoir; (*hunt.*) tonner. -**(l)ing**, n.: construction de tunnels, f. -**net**, n.: tonnelle, f. -**shaft**, n.: puits de tunnel, m.

tünnig, n.: entonnage, m.

tünnny, n.: (*ichth.*) thon, m.

1.tüp, n.: (*mam.*) béliet, m. **2.tup**, tr., n.: (*of rams*) cosser; (*cover*) couvrir.

türban, n.: turban, m.; (*conch.*) spirale, f. -**ed**, adj.: coiffé du turban. -**shell**, n.: sabot, m.

türbary, n.: (*jur.*) droit de lever de la turbe sur le terrain d'un tiers, m.; tourbière, f.

türbid, adj.: trouble, bourbeux. -**ly**, adv.: dans un état trouble. -**ness**, n.: état bourbeux, état trouble, m.

türbi-nate, -**nated**, adj.: turbiné, en toupie. -**nation**, n.: tournolement, m. -**nite**, n.: (*conch.*) turbinite, f.

türbot, n.: turbot, m.

türbu-lence, -**lency**, n.: (*insubordination*) turbulence, insubordination; (*agitation*) agitation, f.; (*tumult*) trouble, désordre, tumulte, m. -**lent**, adj.: en tumulte; tumultueux; bruyant; (*refractory*) turbulent. -**lently**, adv.: en tumulte, tumultueusement; (*with refractoriness*) d'une manière turbulente, turbulemment.

türeism, n.: turcisme, mahométisme, m.

türsen, n.: soupière, f.

1.turf, n.: gazon, m.; (*peat*) tourbe,

f.; (*raceground*) hippodrome, terrain de course, turf, m. 2. **turf**, tr.: gazonner. **-iness**, n.: état de ce qui abonde en gazon, m.; nature du gazon; nature de la tourbe, f. **-ing**, n.: gazonnement, m. **-moss**, n.: tourbière, f.; terrain marécageux, m. **-pit**, n.: tourbière, f. **-y**, adj.: qui abonde en gazon, gazonneux, herbeux; (*having the quality of turf*) de la nature du gazon, de la tourbe; (*formed of turf*) tourbeux.

tūrgent = *turgid*. **-gescence**, **-gescency**, n.: turgescence, f.; gonflement, m.; (*fig.*) boursouffure, emphase, enflure, f. **-gid**, **-gidous**, adj.: enflé; gonflé; turgescence; (*style*) boursouffé, ampoulé, bouffi. **-gidity**, n.: enflure, f.; gonflement, m. **-gidly**, adv.: avec enflure, avec boursouffure. **-gidness**, n.: turgescence; (*of the style*) boursouffure, enflure, emphase, f.

Türk, n.: Turc, m., Turquie, f.

tūr-key, n.: dindon, coq d'Inde, m.: *young* —, dindonneau, m.; — *bird*, *torcol*, m.; — *hen*, dinde, f. **-kish**, adj.: turque. **-kishly**, adv.: à la Turquie. **tūr-kois**, n.: turquoise, f.

tūrmeric, n.: curcuma; (*dy.*) safran des Indes, m.

1. **tūr-mōil**, n.: vacarme, tumulte; tracassas; (*labour*) labeur, m., fatigue, f. 2. **mōil**, tr.: agiter, harasser; tourmenter, tracasser; (*weary*) lasser, fatiguer; intr.: s'agiter, se tourmenter.

1. **turn**, tr.: tourner; (*shift sides*) tourner, retourner; (*alter*) changer; (*of a balance*) faire pencher; (*bring the inside out*) retourner; (*form on a lathe*) tourner; (*shape*) tourner, façonner; (*change, transform*) changer, convertir, transformer; (*translate*) traduire; (*convert*) convertir; (*alter from one effect to another*) faire tourner; (*sway*) tourner, faire tourner; (*revolve*) rouler, retourner; (*transfer*) transférer; (*prose into poetry*) mettre; (*the stomach*) soulever, faire soulever; (*one's head*) tourner, faire tourner, troubler; (*the edge of any thing*) ôter, émousser; (*print.*) bloquer; (*com.*) convertir: — *about*, tourner, retourner; — *aside*, détourner de, éloigner de; — *away*, renvoyer, congédier, chasser, remercier; (*turn aside*) détourner de; — *back*, faire retourner; renvoyer; (*print.*) débloquent; — *down*, retourner; (*a leaf, etc.*) plier, faire un pli à; (*a collar*) rabattre; — *from*, détourner de; — *in*, tourner en dedans; rentrer, faire rentrer; — *into*, changer en, transformer en, convertir en; (*writing*) traduire en, mettre en; — *off*, renvoyer, chasser, congédier, remercier; (*steam*) supprimer; (*a faucet*) fermer;

lancer dans l'espace; — *on*, tourner contre; diriger sur; (*the eyes*) tourner vers, diriger sur; (*steam*) donner; (*a faucet*) ouvrir; — *out*, mettre dehors; renvoyer, chasser, mettre à la porte; (*cattle*) renvoyer aux champs; (*work*) faire; — *over*, tourner, retourner; (*a book*) feuilleter; — *over and over again*, tourner et retourner; — *over to*, envoyer à, adresser à; — *round*, tourner, retourner; — *up*, tourner, retourner, trousse, retrousse; (*in needle-work*) remplir, faire un rempli à; (*at cards*) retourner; (*upside down*) mettre sens dessus dessous; *be — ed twenty*, avoir plus de vingt ans; avoir vingt ans révolus; — *an honest penny*, faire un profit légitime; — *him, her, them out!* à la porte! 2. **turn**, intr.: tourner; se tourner; se retourner; (*deviate*) se détourner, dévier; (*be changed*) se changer, se transformer, se convertir; (*become*) devenir, se faire; (*change to acid*) tourner; (*become giddy*) tourner, se troubler; (*of the tide*) changer: — *about*, se tourner, se retourner; — *aside, away*, se tourner, se détourner; — *back*, se retourner en arrière; (*return*) retourner sur ses pas; — *down*, se retourner, se recourber; — *down a street*, entrer dans une rue; — *from*, s'éloigner de; se détourner de; (*of the stomach*) se soulever à; — *in*, se tourner en dedans; (*enter*) entrer; — *into*, se changer en, se convertir en, se transformer en; — *off*, tourner, faire un détour; (*pers.*) se détourner; — *on*, tourner sur, rouler sur; (*be given*) se porter sur, se reporter sur; — *out*, tourner en dehors, se retourner; (*go out*) sortir; (*rise from bed*) se lever; (*happen*) arriver; (*end*) tourner, finir; (*become*) devenir; se montrer; (*of plants, etc.*) venir; (*of workmen*) faire grève; — *over*, se tourner, se retourner; (*upset*) verser, se renverser; (*tumble*) culbuter; (*change sides*) changer de parti; — *round*, tourner, se tourner; se retourner; (*change sides*) changer de parti; — *to*, tourner en; se changer en; (*apply to*) s'adresser à, avoir recours à; (*set about*) se mettre à; — *under*, tourner en dessous; — *up*, tourner en haut; être relevé; être retourné; (*happen*) arriver; se trouver; être; (*pers.*) se montrer; se trouver, être; venir, revenir; — *upside down*, se renverser; — *soldier*, se faire militaire; — *in!* (*nav.*) dans le sac! 3. **turn**, n.: (*circular movement*) tour; (*winding*) tournant, coude, détour, m., courbe, f.; (*walk*) tour; (*vicissitude*) changement, m., vicissitude, f.; (*successive course*) tour, tour de rôle; (*course*) cours, m., direction, tournure; (*chance*) occasion, op-

opportunité, chance, *f.*; (*action of kindness or malice*) trait, office; (*reigning inclination*) goût, *m.*, fantaisie, *f.*; (*purpose*) projet, *m.*, vue, affaire; (*form*) forme, tournure, *f.*, contour, *m.*; (*of thought, style*) tournure, *f.*, tour, *m.*; (*change*) phase, *f.*; (*of the tide*) changement; (*of a rope*) tour, rond; (*of scales*) trait; (*mines*) puits, *m.*; (*mus.*) double, *m.*: *at every* —, à tout moment; à tout propos; à tout bout de champ; *by* —, à tour de rôle; *tour à tour*; *a good* —, un bon office; *a bad* —, un mauvais office, un mauvais tour. **-bench**, *n.*: tour à pointes, *m.* **-coat**, *n.*: renégat, *m.*; girouette, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: tourneur, *m.* **-ery**, *n.*: art du tourneur, *m.*; (*things*) objets faits au tour, *m. pl.* **-ing**, *n.*: action de tourner, *f.*; (*of a road, etc.*) détour, tournant, coude; (*print.*) blocage, *m.* **-ing-lathe**, *n.*: tour, *m.*

turnip, *n.*: navet, *m.*; rave, *f.* **-cab-bage**, *n.*: (*bot.*) chou-rave, *m.*

turn-key, *n.*: guichetier, *m.* **-out**, équipement, *m.*; (*of workmen*) grève; (*railways*) gare, *f.* **-pike**, *n.*: tourniquet, *m.*; barrière de péage, *f.*; chemin à barrière, *m.* **-plate**, **-table**, *n.*: (*railways*) plate-forme tournante, plaque tournante, *f.* **-road**, *n.*: chemin à barrière, *m.* **-screw**, *n.*: tournevis, *m.* **-sick**, *n.*: (*vet.*) tournoiement, *m.* **-sole**, *n.*: (*bot.*) tournesol, *m.* **-spit**, *n.*: tournebroche; (*dog*) tournebroche, *m.* **-stile**, *n.*: tourniquet, *m.* **-stone**, *n.*: (*orni.*) tournemotte, *m.* **-table** = *turnplate*.

turpentine, *n.*: térébenthine, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: pistachier térébinthe; térébinthe, *m.* **turpitude**, *n.*: turpitude; infamie, bassesse, *f.*

turquois(e), *n.*: turquoise, *f.*

türrel, *n.*: tire-fond, *m.*

turret, *n.*: tourelle, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: en forme de tour; garni de tourelles.

turtle, *n.*: tortue; (*orni.*) tourterelle, *f.* **-dove**, *n.*: (*orni.*) tourterelle, *f.*; (*young*) tourterneau, *m.* **-shell**, écaille de tortue.

-soup, *n.*: potage tortue, *m.*: *mock* —, potage fausse tortue, *m.*

Tuscan, *adj.*: toscan.

tush! *interj.*: bah!

tusk, *n.*: dent canine, canine, *f.*; croc, *m.*; (*of elephants, boars*) défense, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: muni de canines, de crocs, de défenses.

tussle, *n.*: lutte, *f.*

tû-t! *interj.*: ta, ta, ta; fi! fi donc!

tû-telage, *n.*: tutelle, *f.*; état de pupille, *m.* **-telar**, **-telary**, *adj.*: tutélaire. **1.-tor**, *n.*: précepteur, instituteur; (*jur.*) tuteur; (*at college*) répétiteur, *m.* **2.-tor**, *tr.*: instruire; enseigner; (*cor-*

rect) corriger, reprendre, faire la leçon à; (*treat with authority*) dominer. **-torage**, *n.*: tutelle, *f.* **-toress**, *n.*: gouvernante, institutrice, *f.* **-toring**, *n.*: instruction, *f.*; enseignement, *m.* **-torship**, *n.*: préceptorat, *m.* **-trix**, *n.*: tutrice, *f.*

tûtsan, *n.*: (*bot.*) mille-pertuis, *m.*

tûtty, *n.*: (*chem.*) tutie, *f.*

tuyère *twē-yir*, *n.*: tuyère, *f.*

1.twād-dle, *intr.*: bavarder, babiller, caqueter. **2.-dle**, **-dy**, *n.*: babil, bavardage, caquetage, *m.* **-dler**, *n.*: bavard, *m.*, *f.*, verbiageur, *m.*, verbiageuse, *f.*; radoteur, *m.*, radoteuse, *f.*

twāin, *adj.*: deux.

1.twāng, *intr.*: rendre un son aigu, crier. **2.twang**, *n.*: cri aigu; (*nasal voice*) accent nasillard, *m.*

twāt-tle, *intr.*: caqueter, jaser, bavarder. **-tler**, *n.*: bavard, *m.*, bavardo, *f.* **-tling**, *n.*: babil, caquetage, bavardage, *m.*

1.twēak, *tr.*: tirer, pincer. **2.tweak**, *n.*: pincement, *m.*

twēedle, *tr.*: manier légèrement; (*wheel*) amadouer.

twēezers, *n.*: pincette, *f.*; petites pinces, *f. pl.*

twēlfth, *adj.* and *n.*: douzième. **-night**, *n.*: jour des Rois, *m.* **-night-cake**, **-cake**, *n.*: gâteau des Rois, *m.*

twēlve, *adj.*: douze. **-month**, *n.*: an, *m.*; année, *f.* **-pence**, *n.*: schelling, *m.* **-penny**, *adj.*: d'un schelling.

twēn-tieth, *n.* and *adj.*: vingtième. **-ty**, *adj.*: vingt.

twi-ee, *adv.*: deux fois. **-fallow**, *tr.*: jachérer une seconde fois.

twig, *n.*: petite branche, brindille, *f.* **†-gen**, *adj.*: fait de petites branches; d'osier. **-gy**, *adj.*: plein de ramilles.

1.twilight, *n.*: crépuscule; demijour, *m.*; (*fig.*) aurore, *f.*, crépuscule, *m.* **2.twilight**, *adj.*: sombre, obscur.

twill, *tr.*: plisser; croiser.

1.twin, *n.*: jumeau, *m.*, jumelle, *f.*; (*fig.*) jumeau, frère, *m.*, sœur, *f.* **2.twin**, *adj.*: jumeau; (*bot.*) double, géminé. **-born**, *adj.*: né jumeau, jumelle. **-brother**, *n.*: jumeau, *m.*

1.twine, *n.*: ficelle, *f.*; (*embrace*) embrassement; (*twist*) entortillement; (*arch.*) entrelacs, *m.* **2.twine**, *tr.*: retordre; dévider; tisser; (*fig.*) enlacer, lier; *intr.*: tourner; (*unite closely*) s'unir, se lier.

1.twinge, *tr.*: faire sentir une douleur cuisante à, tourmenter; (*pinch*) pincer, tirer; *intr.*: élaner. **2.-ge**, *n.*: élanement; tiraillement; (*fig.*) tourment, *m.* **-ging**, *n.*: action de pincer, de serrer; douleur aiguë et subite, *f.*; élanement, *m.*

twink-ke, *intr.*: étinceler; scintiller; briller; (*of the eyes*) cligner. **-kling**, *n.*: scintillement, *m.*; scintillation, *f.*; (*of the eyes*) éclattement, clin d'œil, *m.*: in the — of an eye, en un clin d'œil.

twirling, *n.*: agneau jumeau, *m.*

1. twirl, *intr.*: tourner; tourner; piroetter; *tr.*: tourner, faire tourner; faire faire le moulinet à. **2. twirl**, *n.*: mouvement circulaire; (*twist*) tortillement, *m.*

1. twist, *tr.*: tordre, retordre; (*form into a thread*) filer; (*contort*) contourner, tortiller, tordre; (*encircle*) cercler, entourer; (*unite by intertexture*) entrelacer, enlacer; (*pervert*) tordre, torturer; *intr.*: s'entrelacer, s'enlacer: — one's self into, s'insinuer dans, se glisser dans. **2. twist**, *n.*: cordon, *m.*; corde, *f.*; cordonnet; (*of a cord*) cordon, fil, *m.*; (*contortion*) contorsion, *f.*, entortillement, tordage, tortillement; (*of tobacco*) rouleau, *m.*, carotte; (*loaf*) natte; contorsion; (*carp.*) tresse; (*arch.*) nervure, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: tordu; (*arch.*) tors; (*bot.*) tors, tordu. **-er**, *n.*: tordeur, *m.*, tordeuse, *f.*; cordier, *m.*; (*Am.*) cyclone, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: tordage; tortillement, *m.*

twit, *tr.*: blâmer; jeter une chose au nez: — with, reprocher à.

1. twitch, *tr.*: tirer brusquement; arracher. **2. twitch**, *n.*: élanement; tiraillement, *m.*

1. twit-ter, *intr.*: gazouiller; (*titter*) rire du bout des lèvres. **2. -ter**, *n.*: censeur, critique; (*of birds*) gazouillement; (*titter*) rire du bout des lèvres. **-tingly**, *adv.*: avec reproche, en censurant.

1. two, *adj.*: deux. **2. two**, *n.*: deux, *m.* **-celled**, *adj.*: biloculaire. **-cleft**, *adj.*: bifide. **-edged**, *adj.*: à deux tranchants. **-flowered**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) biflore. **1. -fold**, *adj.*: double. **2. -fold**, *adv.*: doublement. **-handed**, *adj.*: bimanue. **-horned**, *adj.*: bicornue. **-leaved**, *adj.*: à deux feuilles; (*bot.*) bifolié; (*of doors*) à deux battants. **-lobed**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) bilobé. **-masted**, *adj.*: à deux mâts. **-pence tū**, *n.*: vingt centimes, deux pence, *m. pl.* **-penny tū**, *adj.*: de vingt centimes, de deux pence. **-tongued**, *adj.*: bilingue. **-valved**, *adj.*: bivalve.

tŷe, *n.*: itague de drisse, *f.*

tŷmbal, *n.*: timbale, *f.*

tŷmpan, *n.*: tambour; (*arch.*, *print.*, *mec.*, *carp.*) tympan, *m.* **-ŷtes**, *n.*: tympanite, *f.* **ŷ-ŷze**, *intr.*: battre le tambour; *tr.*: tendre comme une peau de tambour. **-um**, *n.*: (*anat.*) (*of the ear*) tympan; tambour; (*arch.*, *mec.*) tympan, *m.*

tŷpe, *n.*: type; (*print.*) type, caractère,

m. **-founder**, *n.*: fondeur en caractères, *m.* **-foundry**, *n.*: fonderie de caractères, *f.* **-metal**, *n.*: métal pour caractères d'imprimerie, *m.* **-setter**, *n.*: compositeur (d'imprimerie). **-setting**, *n.*: composition, *f.* **-writer**, *n.*: machine à écrire; (*pers.*) dactylographe, employé(e) qui se sert d'une machine à écrire, *m., f.* **-writing**, *n.*: dactylographie, *f.*

tŷphoid, *adj.*: typhoïde.

tŷphon, *n.*: typhon, *m.*; trombe, *f.*

1. tŷphus, *n.*: typhus, *m.* **2. tŷphus**, *adj.*: typhoïde.

tŷpi-c, **-cal**, *adj.*: typique, figuratif. **-cally**, *adv.*: d'une manière typique; figurativement. **-calness**, *n.*: nature typique, *f.* **-fy**, *tr.*: offrir le type de; figurer, symboliser.

typô-grapher, *n.*: typographe, *m.* **-grâphic(al)** *o*, *adj.*: typographique; (*emblematic*) emblématique, typique, figuratif. **-grâphically**, *adv.*: typographiquement, (*emblematically*) figurativement, symboliquement. **-graphy**, *n.*: typographie; (*emblematical representation*) écriture symbolique, *f.*

†tŷr-anness, *n.*: tyran (femme), *m.* **ânnic(al)**, *adj.*: tyrannique. **-ânnically**, *adv.*: tyranniquement. **-ânnicide**, *n.*: tyrannicide, *m.* **-ânniŷe**, *intr.*: faire le tyran: — over, tyranniser. **-ânous**, *adj.*: tyrannique. **-ânously**, *adv.*: tyranniquement. **-ânny**, *n.*: tyrannie, *f.* **tŷr-ant**, *n.*: tyran, *m.*

tŷro, *n.*: novice, *m.*

tzâr, *n.*: tsar, czar, *m.*

tzarina, *n.*: tsarine, czarine, *f.*

U

û, *n.*: u, *m.*

1. ubiqui-tary, *adj.*: présent partout.

2. -tary, *n.*: personne douée d'ubiquité, *f.*

-ty, *n.*: ubiquité, *f.*

ûdder, *n.*: pis, *m.*; (*cook.*) tétine, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à pis, à mamelles.

ûg-lily, *adv.*: vilainement, avec laideur.

-liness, *n.*: laideur, *f.* **-ly**, *adj.*: laid,

vilain. **-ly-faced**, *adj.*: laid de visage.

ukâse, *n.*: ukase, *m.*

ulcer, *n.*: ulcère, *m.* **-ate**, *tr.*: ulcerer; *intr.*: s'ulcérer. **-âtion**, *n.*: ulceration, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: ulcéré. **-ous**, *adj.*: ulcéreux.

-ousness, *n.*: état ulcéré, *m.*

uliginous, *adj.*: vaseux, boueux.

ullage, *n.*: (*com.*) vidange, *f.*

ûl-mic, *adj.*: (*chem.*) ulmique. **-min**, *n.*: (*chem.*) ulmine, *f.*

ûlnar, *adj.*: (*anat.*) cubital.

ultêrior, *adj.*: ultérieur, postérieur.

ulti-mate, *adj.*: dernier; extrême; (*fi-nal*) final, extrême, définitif: — *analysis*, (*chem.*) analyse élémentaire. — **-mately**, *adv.*: finalement, à la fin, définitivement. — **mātum**, *n.*: ultimatum, *m.* — **-mo**, *adv.*: du mois dernier.

1. ultra-marine, *adj.*: d'outremer; d'au-delà des mers. **2. -marine**, *n.*: outremer, bleu d'outremer, *m.* — **mōtane**, *adj.*: ultramontain.

ūmbel, *n.*: (*bot.*) ombelle, *f.* — **-lar**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) ombellé. — **-late**, *labeled*, *adj.*: (*bot.*) ombellé. — **-let**, *n.*: (*bot.*) ombellule, *f.* — **-lifer**, *n.*: ombellifère, *f.* — **-liferous**, *adj.*: (*bot.*) ombellifère.

1. ūmber, *n.*: terre d'ombre, *f.*; (*ichth.*) umble, ombre, *m.* **2. umber**, *tr.*: ombrer; (*fig.*) assombrir. — **-ed**, *adj.*: ombre; sombre.

ūmbil-ic, *ical*, *adj.*: ombilical; (*geom.*) de foyer. — **-icate**, *icated*, *adj.*: (*bot.*) ombiliqué. — **-icus**, *n.*: ombilic, nombril; (*bot.*) ombilic, *m.*

ūmbo, *n.*: umbon, *m.*

ūm-bra, *n.*: (*opt.*) cône d'ombre, *m.* — **-brage**, *n.*: ombrage, *m.*; ombre, *f.*; (*fig.*) ombrage, *m.* — **-brageous**, *adj.*: ombréux; (*shady*) ombragé, ombréux; (*obscure*) obscur. — **-brageousness**, *n.*: nature ombrée; ombre, *f.* — **-bratic(al)**, *adj.*: typique, figuratif.

ūmbrellā, *n.*: parapluie, *m.*: — *case*, fourreau de parapluie, *m.* — **-stand**, *n.*: porte-parapluie, *m.* — **-stick**, *n.*: manche de parapluie, *f.* — **-tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) magnolier parasol, *m.*

ūm-pirage, *n.*: arbitrage, *m.* — **-pire**, *n.*: tiers arbitre; arbitre, *m.*

un-accentless; *freely used in compounds*:

1. non, *in-*, *im-*, *ir-*; **2. dés**, *peu*, *mal*. — **-abased**, *adj.*: non humilié. — **-abashed**, *adj.*: non confus; qui n'a point de honte. — **-abated**, *adj.*: non diminué; non affaibli. — **-abetted**, *adj.*: sans aide; seul. — **-able**, *adj.*: incapable; inhabile; impuissant; (*not having adequate skill*) incapable; *be* — *to*, ne pas pouvoir; être incapable de; ne pas être à même de. — **-abridged**, *adj.*: non abrégé; non raccourci. — **-absolved**, *adj.*: non absous. — **-accented**, *adj.*: non accentué. — **-acceptable**, *adj.*: inacceptable: — *to*, déplaçant à; peu agréable pour. — **-acceptableness**, *n.*: nature inacceptable, nature déplaisante, *f.* — **-acceptably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inacceptable, d'une manière déplaisante. — **-accepted**, *adj.*: non accepté; rejeté. — **-accompanied**, *adj.*: non accompagné; seul. — **-accomplished**, *adj.*: inachevé; (*fig.*) peu accompli. — **-accountable**, *adj.*: inexplicable; bizarre, étrange; (*not responsible*) irresponsable. — **-account-**

ableness, *n.*: bizarrerie; étrangeté; nature inexplicable; (*irresponsibility*) irresponsabilité, *f.* — **-accountably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inexplicable; étrangeté. — **-accustomed**, *adj.*: inaccoutumé; peu habitué. — **-acknowledged**, *adj.*: non reconnu, non avoué; non accrédité: — *letter*, lettre à laquelle on n'a pas répondu. — **-acquainted**, *adj.*: qui ignore; non accoutumé: *be* — *with*, (*pers.*) ne pas connaître; (*things*) ignorer ne pas savoir. — **-acquitted**, *adj.*: non acquitté. — **-administered**, *adj.*: non administré. — **-admired**, *adj.*: non admiré. — **-adorned**, *adj.*: sans ornements; simple. — **-adulterated**, *adj.*: non falsifié; naturel, pur. — **-advisable**, *adj.*: peu sage, peu judicieux. — **-advised**, *adj.*: malavisé; (*rash*) irréfléchi, téméraire. — **-advisable**, *adv.*: inconsidérément; peu judicieusement. — **-advisedness**, *n.*: irréflexion, imprudence, *f.* — **-affected**, *adj.*: non affecté; naturel; (*not moved*) non ému, impassible. — **-affectedly**, *adv.*: sans affectation; simplement, naturellement. — **-affectedness**, *n.*: simplicité, *f.* — **-affecting**, *adj.*: peu touchant, peu pathétique. — **-affectionate**, *adj.*: peu affectueux; sans affection. — **-aided**, *adj.*: non aidé; seul. — **-alienable**, *adj.*: inaliénable. — **-alienably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inaliénable. — **-allayed**, *adj.*: non apaisé. — **-allied**, *adj.*: non allié; sans alliance; (*of things*) hétérogène. — **-allowed**, *adj.*: illicite. — **-alterable**, *adj.*: inaltérable. — **-alterableness**, *n.*: nature inaltérable, *f.* — **-alterably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inaltérable. — **-altered**, *adj.*: non changé; toujours le même. — **-amazed**, *adj.*: non étonné. — **-ambiguous**, *adj.*: non ambigu; non équivoque. — **-ambiguously**, *adv.*: sans ambiguïté. — **-ambitious**, *adj.*: peu ambitieux; sans ambition. — **-ambitiousness**, *n.*: défaut d'ambition, *m.* — **-amendable**, *adj.*: incorrigible. — **-amiable**, *adj.*: peu aimable. — **-amiableness**, *n.*: défaut d'amabilité, *m.* — **-amused**, *adj.*: qui ne s'a-muse point; sans amusement. — **-amusing**, *adj.*: peu amusant. — **-animated**, *adj.*: inanimé.

un-animity, *n.*: unanimité, *f.* — **-ānimous**, *adj.*: unanime. — **-ānimously**, *adv.*: unanimement, à l'unanimité.

un-answerable, *adj.*: sans réplique; incontestable. — **-answerableness**, *n.*: nature irréfutable, *f.* — **-answerably**, *adv.*: sans réplique; d'une manière irréfutable. — **-answered**, *adj.*: sans réponse; (*not suitably returned*) non payé de retour. — **-appalled**, *adj.*: non épou-vanté. — **-apparent**, *adj.*: non apparent;

invisible. **-appealable**, *adj.*: sans appel. **-appeasable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut apaiser; implacable. **-appeased**, *adj.*: non apaisé. **-applied**, *adj.*: que l'on n'a pas appliqué; (*fin.*) non engagé. **-appreciated**, *adj.*: non apprécié. **-apprized**, *adj.*: ignorant; sans être prévenu. **-approachable**, *adj.*: inaccessible, inabordable. **-appropriated**, *adj.*: non approprié. **-apt**, *adj.*: impropre; (*dull*) incapable, inepte; (*improper*) peu convenable; inapte. **-aptly**, *adv.*: mal; peu convenablement. **-aptness**, *n.*: incapacité; inaptitude; disconvenance; ineptie, *f.* **-armed**, *adj.*: sans armes; (*bot.*) inerme; (*of animals*) sans défenses. **-arraigned**, *adj.*: non traduit en justice; non accusé. **-arrayed**, *adj.*: non vêtu; sans vêtements; nu. **-asked**, *adj.*: non sollicité; spontané. **-assailable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut assaillir; hors d'atteinte. **-assayed**, *adj.*: non essayé; non tenté; non éprouvé. **-assisted**, *adj.*: sans secours; seul. **-assuming**, *adj.*: non prétentieux; sans prétention; simple. **-assured**, *adj.*: non assuré. **-atoned**, *adj.*: non apaisé; non expié; sans expiation. **-attached**, *adj.*: non attaché; (*without affection*) sans affection; (*milit.*) en disponibilité; en non-activité. **-attainable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut atteindre; inaccessible. **-attainableness**, *n.*: nature inaccessible, *f.* **-attempted**, *adj.*: non essayé, non tenté. **-attested**, *adj.*: non attesté. **-authentic**, *adj.*: non authentique. **-authenticated**, *adj.*: non constaté. **-authorized**, *adj.*: non autorisé; sans autorisation. **-available**, *adj.*: inefficace, infructueux, inutile; non valable. **-availability**, *n.*: inefficacité, inutilité, *f.* **-availing**, *adj.*: inutile, inefficace. **-availingly**, *adv.*: inefficacement, inutilement; en vain. **-avenged**, *adj.*: non vengé. **-avoidable**, *adj.*: inévitable, inéluctable. **-avoidableness**, *n.*: nécessité inévitable, *f.* **-avoidably**, *adv.*: inévitablement. **-aware**, *adj.*: inattentif; *be* — *of*, ignorer; n'être pas instruit de; être ignorant de. **-awares**, *adv.*: inopinément, à l'improviste; par mégarde. **-awed**, *adj.*: sans crainte; hardi, audacieux. **-balanced**, *adj.*: non balancé. 1. **-ballast**, *tr.*: délester. 2. **-ballast**, *adj.*: sans lest. **-bar**, *tr.*: débarrer. **-becoming**, *adj.*: inconvenant; déplacé; maléant; (*of clothes*) qui ne convient pas, qui ne va pas. **-becomingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière inconvenante; avec inconvenance. **-becomingness**, *n.*: inconvenance, incongruité, *f.* **-belief**, *n.*: incredulité, *f.*; manque de foi, *m.* **-be-**

liever, *n.*: incrédule, *m., f.*; mécréant, *m.* **-believing**, *adj.*: incrédule; sans croyance. **-bend**, *tr.*: débânder, détendre, relâcher; (*enervate*) énerver; (*fig.*) délasser, détendre; (*nav.*) détalanguer, démarrer; (*a sail*) déseuverguer; — *one's self*, se délasser. **-bending**, *adj.*: qui ne se courbe pas; qui ne fléchit pas; inflexible. **-bendingly**, *adv.*: inflexiblement. **-beneficial**, *adj.*: infructueux, sans profit, sans avantage. **-bespoken**, *adj.*: non commandé; (*place*) non retenu. **-bias(s)ed**, *adj.*: sans préjugés; impartial. **-bias(s)edly**, *adv.*: sans préjugés; impartialement. **-bidden**, *adj.*: non sollicité; non invité. **-bind**, *tr.*: délier; détacher; desserrer. **-blamable**, *adj.*: irréprochable, irrépréhensible. **-bleached**, *adj.*: écri. **-blemished**, *adj.*: sans tache, pur; (*free from deformity*) beau, parfait. **-blest**, *adj.*: non béni; (*unhappy*) malheureux. **-blushing**, *adj.*: qui ne rougit point; éhonté. **-blushingly**, *adv.*: sans rougir. **-bolt**, *tr.*: déverrouiller; ouvrir. **-bolted**, *adj.*: déverrouillé; (*unlifted*) non bluté. **-booted**, *adj.*: débotté. **-born**, *adj.*: pas encore né; à naître; (*of things*) futur, à venir. **-borrowed**, *adj.*: non emprunté; original. **-bosom**, *tr.*: ouvrir, découvrir, révéler; — *one's self*, ouvrir son cœur; s'ouvrir. **-bought**, *adj.*: non acheté. **-bounded**, *adj.*: illimité, sans bornes; (*unrestrained*) démesuré. **-boundedly**, *adv.*: sans bornes; démesurément. **-bounteous**, *adj.*: peu libéral. **-bowed**, *adj.*: non courbé. **-bowel**, *tr.*: éventrer. **-brace**, *tr.*: délier; desserrer; débânder. **-bred**, *adj.*: mal élevé; grossier, rude. **-bribed**, *adj.*: non corrompu, non acheté. **-bridle**, *tr.*: débrider; (*fig.*) déchaîner. **-broke**, *adj.*: non rompu; non cassé; (*uninterrupted*) non interrompu, continu; (*not subdued*) non dompté, invaincu; (*not violated*) non violé, non enfreinte, intact; (*of animals*) non rompu, non dressé. **-brotherlike**, **-brotherly**, *adj.*: non fraternel, peu fraternel. **-buckle**, *tr.*: déboucler. **-burden**, *tr.*: décharger; débarrasser d'un fardeau; (*fig.*) décharger, alléger. **-button**, *tr.*: déboutonner. **-cage**, *tr.*: faire sortir d'une cage; délivrer. **-caged**, *adj.*: sorti de sa cage; délivré. **-called**, *adj.*: non appelé; — *for*, qu'on n'a pas envoyé chercher; (*unnecessary*) peu nécessaire; gratuit. **-cancel(l)able**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut biffer, qu'on ne peut effacer, ineffaçable. **-cancel(l)ed**, *adj.*: non rayé; non annulé. **-candid**, *adj.*: peu sincère; faux. **-canonical**, *adj.*: non canonique. **-canon-**

icalness, *n.*: non-canonicté, *f.* **-cared for**, *adj.*: dont on ne se soucie pas; non soigné. **-case**, *tr.*: ôter d'une caisse, d'un étui, d'une gaine; (*strip*) dépouiller. **-caught**, *adj.*: non pris, non acquis, non gagné. **-ceasing**, *adj.*: incessant, sans relâche, continu. **-ceasingly**, *adv.*: incessamment, sans cesse. **-censured**, *adj.*: non censuré. **-ceremoniously**, *adv.*: sans cérémonie, sans façon, sans gêne. **-certain**, *adj.*: incertain. **-certainly**, *adv.*: avec incertitude; incertainement. **-certainty**, *n.*: incertitude, *f.*; (*something unknown*) incertain, *m.*; (*contingency*) éventualité, *f.* **-chain**, *tr.*: déchaîner; briser les chaînes de. **-changeable**, *adj.*: inaltérable, invariable. **-changeableness**, *n.*: immutabilité; inaltérabilité, *f.* **-changeably**, *adv.*: immuablement; d'une manière inaltérable; invariablement. **-changed**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas changé; qui est toujours le même; (*not alterable*) inaltérable. **-changing**, *adj.*: qui ne change pas; invariable. **-charged**, *adj.*: non attaqué; (*unloaded*) non chargé; — *for*, gratis, qu'on ne fait pas payer. **-charitable**, *adj.*: peu charitable. **-charitableness**, *n.*: manque de charité, *m.* **-charitably**, *adv.*: sans charité. **-chaste**, *adj.*: non chaste; impudique. **-chastely**, *adv.*: sans chasteté; impudiquement. **-chastity**, *n.*: impudicité, *f.* **-checked**, *adj.*: non réprimé; non contenu. **-cheerful**, *adj.*: triste, mélancolique. **-cheerfulness**, *n.*: tristesse, mélancolie, *f.* **-chewed**, *adj.*: non mâché. **-christian**, *adj.*: peu chrétien; (*infidel*) infidèle. **-christianly**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu chrétienne. **uncial**, *adj.*: oncial. **uncial**, *n.*: lettre onciale, *f.*

uncinate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) unciné.

un-circumcised, *adj.*: incircconcis. **-circumcision**, *n.*: incircconcision, *f.* **-circumscribed**, *adj.*: non circonscrit. **-circumspect**, *adj.*: peu circonspect, imprudent. **-circumspectly**, *adv.*: imprudemment. **-civil**, *adj.*: malhonnête, incivil, impoli. **-civilized**, *adj.*: incivilisé, barbare; rude. **-civilly**, *adv.*: malhonnêtement, incivilement. **-clad**, *adj.*: non vêtu; nu. **-claimed**, *adj.*: non réclamé; — *dividend*, dividende non réclamé, *m.* **-clarified**, *adj.*: non clarifié. **-clasp**, *tr.*: ouvrir le fermoir de; détacher. **-classical**, *adj.*: non classique.

uncle, *n.*: oncle, *m.*; (*pop.*) (*pawnbroker*) tante, *f.*

un-clean, *adj.*: malpropre, sale; (*lewd*) impudique; (*in Scripture*) impur, immonde.

-cleanliness, *n.*: malpropreté; saleté; (*fig.*) impureté, *f.* **-cleanly**, *adj.*: sale, malpropre; (*obscene*) impur, impudique. **-cleanness**, *n.*: saleté; malpropreté; (*lewdness*) impureté, impudicité, *f.* **-cleansed**, *adj.*: non nettoyé, (*of drains, etc.*) non curé; (*not purified*) non purifié. **-clerical**, *adj.*: peu cléricale. **-clew**, *tr.*: dérouler; débrouiller, dénouer. **-clipped**, *adj.*: non taillé, non coupé; (*of animals*) non tondu; (*of coins*) non rogné. **-clog**, *tr.*: ôter les entraves de; dégager. **-cloister**, *tr.*: tirer du cloître. **-close**, *tr.*: ouvrir. **-closed**, *adj.*: non fermé, non clos; ouvert; (*not sealed*) ouvert; (*not finished*) inachevé. **-clothe**, *tr.*: déshabiller, dépouiller; mettre à nu. **-clouded**, **-cloudy**, *adj.*: sans nuage, serein. **-cloudedness**, *n.*: sérénité; (*fig.*) clarté, sérénité, *f.* **-cocked**, *adj.*: non relevé; (*agri.*) non mis en meule; (*of fire-arms*) désarmé. **-coil**, *tr.*: détordre, détortiller, dérouler. **-collected**, *adj.*: non rassemblé; non recueilli; non recouvert; (*fin.*) non perçu. **-collectible**, *adj.*: non recouvrable. **-coloured**, *adj.*: non coloré, incolore; (*fig.*) naturel, simple, vrai. **-combed**, *adj.*: non peigné; mal peigné. **-combinable**, *adj.*: qui ne peut se combiner. **-combined**, *adj.*: non combiné. **-comestible**, *adj.*: (*triv.*) inaccessible, inabordable. **-comeliness**, *n.*: manque de grâce, *m.*; forme disgracieuse, laidure; (*of behaviour*) inconvenance, *f.* **-comely**, *adj.*: sans grâce; déplaisant; (*unseemly*) inconvenant; (*of dress*) qui ne convient pas, qui ne va pas bien. **-comfortable**, *adj.*: peu confortable; incommode; gênant, sans aisance, sans agrément, fâcheux, désagréable; (*pers.*) gêné, mal à son aise; (*gloomy*) triste. **-comfortableness**, *n.*: absence de confortable, incommode, *f.*; malaise; désagrément, *m.*; gêne, *f.* **-comfortably**, *adv.*: incommodément, peu confortable; sans confort; (*in an uneasy state*) dans le malaise, dans la gêne, sans aisance, désagréablement; (*without cheerfulness*) tristement. **-commanded**, *adj.*: non commandé. **-commendable**, *adj.*: peu louable. **-commended**, *adj.*: non loué; sans éloges. **-commercial**, *adj.*: peu commercial; peu commerçant. **-commiserated**, *adj.*: sans commisération. **-commissioned**, *adj.*: non commissionné; non autorisé; (*milit.*) sous. **-committed**, *adj.*: non commis. **-common**, *adj.*: non commun; peu ordinaire; rare, extraordinaire. **-commonly**, *adv.*: peu communément; extraordinairement, extrêmement. **-commonness**, *n.*: rareté, *f.*; caractère ex-

traordinaire, *m.* -communicable, *adj.*: incommunicable. -communicated, *adj.*: non communiqué. -communicative, *adj.*: peu communicatif. -compact, *adj.*: non compact; non serré. -compassionate, *adj.*: non compatissant; sans compassion; impitoyable. -compellable, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut contraindre. -compelled, *adj.*: sans être forcé; volontaire. -compensated, *adj.*: sans compensation. -complaining, *adj.*: qui ne se plaint pas; sans plainte. -complaisant, *adj.*: peu complaisant; sans complaisance. -complaisantly, *adv.*: sans complaisance. -completed, *adj.*: non complété; inachevé. -complying, *adj.*: sans complaisant; inflexible. -compounded, *adj.*: non composé, simple. -comprehended, *adj.*: incompris. -compressed, *adj.*: non comprimé. -compromising, *adj.*: qui n'entre pas en accommodement; qui ne transige pas; entier. -concealed, *adj.*: non caché; ouvert. -conceived, *adj.*: non conçu; non compris. -concern, *n.*: inouciance; indifférence, *f.* -concerned, *adj.*: indifférent; inouciant; insensible; (*having no interest in*) désintéressé, indifférent, étranger. -concernedly, *adv.*: avec indifférence, avec inouciance; indifféremment. -concernedness = unconcern. -concocted, *adj.*: non digéré; non mûri. -condemned, *adj.*: non condamné; (*of things*) non défendu, non interdit. -conditional, *adj.*: non conditionnel; sans condition; absolu. -conditionally, *adv.*: sans condition; absolument. -confessed, *adj.*: non avoué; non confessé. -confined, *adj.*: pas gêné; libre; (*illimitable*) illimité. -confinedly, *adv.*: sans bornes; sans contrainte. -confirmed, *adj.*: non confirmé; (*not fortified*) non fortifié. -conformable, *adj.*: non conforme; inconciliable; incompatible. -conformity, *n.*: non-conformité; incompatibilité, *f.* -confused, *adj.*: non confus, non troublé. -confusedly, *adv.*: sans confusion. -confutable, *adj.*: irrefutable. -congealable, *adj.*: non congelable. -congealed, *adj.*: non congelé. -congenial, *adj.*: hétérogène; peu sympathique; contraire. -conjugal, *adj.*: non conjugal. -connected, *adj.*: non lié; détaché; sans liaison; (*fig.*) décousu, sans suite, sans liaison. -conquerable, *adj.*: invincible, indomptable. -conquerably, *adv.*: invinciblement. -conquered, *adj.*: vaincu; indomptable. -conscionable, *adj.*: déraisonnable; sans conscience; (*enormous*) énorme, démesuré. -conscionableness, *n.*: déraison; extravagance, *f.* -conscionably, *adv.*:

déraisonnablement; sans conscience. -conscious, *adj.*: inconscient, qui n'a pas la conscience, qui n'a pas conscience, qui n'est pas doué de la conscience de soi-même; (*ignorant*) ignorant; (*insensible*) sans connaissance; *be — of*, n'avoir pas la conscience de; ignorer; *be —*, avoir perdu connaissance; être sans connaissance. -consciousness, *n.*: inconscience, *f.*, manque de conscience de; manque de connaissance, *m.*; absence de conscience de; (*ignorance*) ignorance; (*insensibility*) insensibilité, *f.* -consecrated, *adj.*: non consacré; (*of kings, of bishops*) non sacré; (*of ground*) non béni. -consenting, *adj.*: non consentant; sans consentir. -considered, *adj.*: non considéré. -constitutional, *adj.*: inconstitutionnel. -constitutionally, *adv.*: inconstitutionnellement. -constrained, *adj.*: non contraint; sans contrainte; (*voluntary*) volontaire, libre. -constrainedly, *adv.*: sans contrainte; volontairement, librement, sans gêne. -constraint, *n.*: absence de contrainte, *f.*; laisser aller, *m.* -consulted, *adj.*: non consulté. -consumed, *adj.*: non consommé; non consommé. -contaminated, *adj.*: sans souillure. -contested, *adj.*: incontesté. -contradicted, *adj.*: non contredit. -controllable, *adj.*: indomptable; irrésistible. -controllably, *adv.*: d'une manière indomptable; irrésistiblement. -controlled, *adj.*: sans contrôle; sans frein. -controlledly, *adv.*: sans contrôle; sans frein. -controverted, *adj.*: non controversé; incontesté. -conversible, *adj.*: peu propre à la conversation; réservé. -converted, *adj.*: non converti. -convertible, *adj.*: non convertible; non convertissable. -convinced, *adj.*: non convaincu. -convincing, *adj.*: peu convaincant. -cord, *tr.*: ôter la corde de; décorde. -cork, *tr.*: déboucher. -corrected, *adj.*: non corrigé; non réformé. -couple, *tr.*: découpler; séparer. -courtous, *adj.*: incivil, impoli, discourtois. -courteously, *adv.*: sans courtoisie; impoliment. -courteousness, *n.*: impolitesse, *f.* -courtliness, *n.*: esprit étranger à celui de la cour, *m.*; impolitesse, *f.* -courtly, *adv.*: qui n'appartient pas à la cour; incivil, impoli. -couth, *adj.*: grossier; singulier, baroque, étrange, rude. -couthly, *adv.*: rudement, grossièrement, singulièrement, étrangement. -couthness, *n.*: rudesse; grossièreté; singularité, étrangeté, *f.* -cover, *tr.*: découvrir. -create, *tr.*: anéantir, détruire. -created, *adj.*: détruit, privé de son existence; à créer, à naître;

(not produced by creation) incréé. -**cross**, tr.: décroiser. -**crossed**, adj.: décroisé; (not cancelled) non rayé, non biffé; (not thwarted) non contrarié. -**crowded**, adj.: non serré, non encombré par la foule. -**crown**, tr.: détrôner. -**crowned**, adj.: détrôné; sans couronne. -**crystal-lisable**, adj.: incristallisable.

unction, n.: onction, f.; baume, m. -**unctuosity**, n.: onctuosité, f. -**uous**, adj.: onctueux, huileux.

un-cultivable, adj.: non cultivable. -**cultivated**, adj.: inculte. -**curbed**, adj.: indompté, sans frein. -**cured**, adj.: non guéri. -**curl**, tr.: dérouler; (of hair) défriser; intr.: se dérouler; (of hair) se défriser. -**curtailed**, adj.: non abrégé; non raccourci. -**customary**, adj.: rare. -**cut**, adj.: non coupé; non entamé. -**dam**, tr.: ouvrir. -**damaged**, adj.: non endommagé; sain et sauf. -**damped**, adj.: non découragé, ferme. -**daunted**, adj.: non intimidé; intrépide. -**daunt-edly**, adv.: intrépidement. -**daunt-edness**, n.: intrépidité, f. -**debased**, adj.: non abaissé, non avili.

undécagon, n.: (geom.) hendécagone, m.

un-decayed, adj.: intact; en bon état.

-**decaying**, adj.: inaltérable; impéris-sable. -**deceivable**, adj.: qu'on ne peut tromper. -**deceive**, tr.: désabuser, tromper. -**decided**, adj.: indécis; incertain. -**decomposable**, adj.: indé-composable. -**defended**, adj.: sans dé-fense; non défendu. -**defiled**, adj.: sans tache; pur. -**definable**, adj.: indéfinis-sable. -**defined**, adj.: indéfini. -**de-livered**, adj.: non délivré; non affranchi; (not sent in) non livré. -**deniable**, adj.: qu'on ne peut nier; incontestable. -**de-niably**, adv.: incontestablement. -**de-pledged**, adj.: non déploré.

1. **under**, adv.: dessous; au-dessous; (fig.) au-dessous, dans la sujétion. 2. **under**, prep.: sous; dessous; (in a rank inferior to, in a less degree than, less than, for less than) au-dessous de; (in a state of sub-jection to, in) dans: — discussion, en dis-cussion; — age, mineur; — favour of, à la faveur de; aux soins de; — these circumstances, dans ces circonstances; — the doctor's hands, entre les mains du médecin. 3. **under**, adj.: de dessous; (lower) inférieur; (less than the usual quantity) inférieur, léger; (of rank) sous, inférieur, subalterne, subordonné. -**bid** (pret. *underbid*, past part. *underbidden*), tr.: offrir moins que. -**bred**, adj.: mal élevé, malappris. -**clothes**, -**clothing**, n.: vêtements de dessous, m. pl.; linge, m. -**crêst**, tr.: (her.) soutenir le cimier de. -**dealing**, n.: menée, manœuvre se-

crète, f. -**dô** (pret. *underdid*, past part. *underdone*), intr.: rester au-dessous de soi; rester au-dessous de sa tâche. -**dône**, adj.: (of meat) pas assez cuit, mal cuit, saignant, peu cuit. -**ûrain**, n.: fossé d'écoulement souterrain, m. -**drain**, tr.: dessécher au moyen de fossés souterrains. 1. -**estimate**, tr.: estimer au-dessous de sa valeur, estimer trop peu, ne pas apprécier suffisamment, déprécier. 2. -**estimate**, n.: estimation trop basse; manque d'ap-préciation, f. -**fôot**, adv.: sous les pieds, à terre. -**gô** (pret. *-went*, part. *-gone*), tr.: subir; supporter; (to experience) sub-ir, éprouver, essayer. -**grâduate**, n.: étudiant qui n'a pas encore pris son pre-mier grade; étudiant, m. 1. -**ground**, n.: lieu souterrain, m. 2. -**ground**, adv.: sous terre, en forme de souterrain. 3. **ground**, adj.: souterrain. -**grôun**, -**growth**, n.: broussailles, f. pl. -**hand**, adv.: sous main; sourdement. -**hand**, -**handed**, adj.: fait sous main, clandestin; sourd. -**lây** (pret., past part. *underlaid*), tr.: mettre sous; soutenir; étayer. -**layer**, n.: étau, étauçon, m. -**lêt**, tr.: sous-louer; (a farm) sous-affer-mer; (to let below the value) louer au-dessous de sa valeur. -**line**, tr.: sou-ligner. -**ling**, n.: subalterne; instru-ment, supplôt, m. -**mine**, tr.: miner; (fig.) miner, nuire à. -**miner**, n.: mi-neur; (fig.) destructeur, ennemi secret, m. -**most**, adj.: le plus bas. 1. -**neath**, adv.: dessous; au-dessous; par-dessous; en-dessous. 2. -**neath**, prep.: sous, au-dessous de. -**part**, n.: dessous; (fig.) petit rôle, m. -**pin**, tr.: reprendre en sous-œuvre. -**pinning**, n.: reprise en sous-œuvre; fondation reprise en sous-œuvre, f. -**plot**, n.: menée secrète; (theat.) sous-intrigue, f. -**prior**, n.: sous-prieur, m. -**prôp**, tr.: étauçonner, étayer. 1. -**râte**, tr.: estimer au-dessous de sa valeur; (fig.) déprécier, déprécier, rabaisser. 2. -**rate un**, n.: vil prix, trop bas prix, m. -**rûn**, tr.: détordre; (cable) pau-moyer. -**secretary**, n.: sous-secrétaire, m. -**sôll** (pret., part. *-sold*), tr.: vendre à plus bas prix que; vendre à vil prix. -**sheriff**, n.: sous-shérif, m. -**shot-wheel**, n.: roue à subes, à palettes, f. -**shrub**, n.: sous-arbrisseau, m. -**side**, n.: dessous, côté de dessous, m. -**signed**, n.: soussigné, m., soussignée, f. -**soil**, n.: terre de dessous, f.; terrain de des-sous, sous-sol, m. -**stând** (pret., part. *-stood*), tr.: entendre, comprendre; (be informed) apprendre, être informé; (mean without expressing) sous-entendre; (know how to set about anything) s'entendre à, en; intr.: comprendre; (learn) apprendre:

give any one to —, donner à entendre à quelqu'un; *be it understood*, bien entendu. **-standing**, *n.*: intelligence, *f.*; entendement, esprit, jugement, *m.*; compréhension; (*knowledge*) connaissance, intelligence; (*agreement of minds*) intelligence, harmonie, *f.*, accord, *m.* *come to an — with*, s'entendre avec. **-standingly**, *adv.*: avec intelligence; sciemment. **-strapper**, *n.*: subalterne, suppôt, *m.* **-stratum** (*pl. understrata*), *n.*: couche inférieure, *f.*; terrain de dessous, *m.* **-take** (*pret. took*, *part. taken*), *tr.*: entreprendre; se charger de. **-taker**, *n.*: entrepreneur, *m.*, entrepreneuse, *f.*; (*of funerals*) entrepreneur des pompes funèbres, *m.* **-taking**, *n.*: entreprise, *f.* **-tenant**, *n.*: sous-locataire, *m.*, *f.* **-valuation**, *n.*: sous-évaluation, *f.* 1. **-value**, *tr.*: estimer au-dessous de sa valeur, sous-évaluer; (*fig.*) déprécier, rabaisser, dépriser. 2. **-value**, *n.*: bas prix, trop bas prix, *m.* **-waistcoat**, *n.*: gilet de dessous, *m.* **-wood**, *n.*: taillis; (*bot.*) arbrisseau, *m.* **-write** (*pret. wrote*, *part. written*), *tr.*: souscrire; *intr.*: souscrire des polices d'assurance; faire des assurances. **-writer**, *n.*: souscripteur de police d'assurance; assureur, *m.* **-writing**, *n.*: (*com.*) assurance, *f.*

un-described, *adj.*: non décrit. **-deserved**, *adj.*: non mérité; injuste. **-deservedly**, *adv.*: à tort; injustement. **-deservedness**, *n.*: injustice, *f.* **-deserver**, *n.*: personne sans mérite, *f.* **-deserving**, *adj.*: sans mérite; indigne. **-deservingly**, *adv.*: sans avoir mérite; injustement. **-designed**, *adj.*: sans dessein, involontaire. **-designedly**, *adv.*: sans intention; involontairement, par mégarde. **-designedness**, *n.*: absence de dessein; nature fortuite, *f.* **-designing**, *adj.*: sans dessein; sans artifice; loyal, sans mauvais dessein. **-desirable**, *adj.*: peu désirable; peu convenable, désagréable. **-desired**, *adj.*: non sollicité. **-detected**, *adj.*: non découvert. **-determinable**, *adj.*: qui ne peut pas être déterminé, indéterminable. **-determinate**, *adj.*: indéterminé. **-determined**, *adj.*: indéterminé, incertain, irrésolu; indéfini. **-deviating**, *adj.*: qui ne dévie pas; droit, constant; qui ne se dément pas. **-devoted**, *adj.*: non dévoué. **-digested**, *adj.*: indigeste. **-diminished**, *adj.*: non diminué; soutenu. **-directed**, *adj.*: non dirigé; sans direction; (*of letters, etc.*) sans adresse. **-discerned**, *adj.*: inaperçu, caché. **-discernedly**, *adv.*: sans être aperçu; imperceptiblement. **-discernible**, *adj.*: invisible, im-

perceptible. **-discernibly**, *adv.*: imperceptiblement. **-discerning**, *adj.*: qui manque de discernement. **-disciplined**, *adj.*: indiscipliné, sans discipline. **-discoverable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut découvrir. **-discovered**, *adj.*: non découvert; inconnu. **-disguised**, *adj.*: sans déguisement; sincère. **-dismayed**, *adj.*: non effrayé, sans peur. **-disputed**, *adj.*: contesté. **-dissembled**, *adj.*: non simulé; sincère. **-dissolvable**, *adj.*: indissoluble; insoluble. **-dissolved**, *adj.*: non dissous. **-dissolving**, *adj.*: indissoluble. **-distinguishable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne saurait distinguer; indistinct. **-distinguishably**, *adv.*: indistinctement. **-distinguished**, *adj.*: non distingué; (*indistinct*) indistinct. **-distinguishing**, *adj.*: qui ne fait point de distinction; sans discernement. **-disturbed**, *adj.*: non troublé; tranquille, calme. **-disturbedly**, *adv.*: sans trouble; tranquillement. **-diverted**, *adj.*: non détourné; (*not amused*) non diverti. **-dividable**, *adj.*: indivisible. **-divided**, *adj.*: entier, indivisé. **-divulged**, *adj.*: non divulgué. **-do** (*pret. did*, *part. done*), *tr.*: défaire; (*untie*) défaire, délier, détacher; (*untangle*) débrouiller; (*ruin*) ruiner, perdre; (*reputation*) perdre de réputation. **-dock**, *tr.*: faire sortir des docks. **-doer**, *n.*: personne qui défait, qui délie, qui débrouille, qui ruine, *f.*; destructeur, *m.* **-doing**, *n.*: ruine, perte, *f.* **-done**, *adj.*: inexécuté; à faire, qui reste à faire; (*ruined*) ruiné, perdu. **-doubted**, *adj.*: indubitable. **-doubtedly**, *adv.*: indubitablement; sans doute. **-doubtful**, *adj.*: non douteux; certain. **-doubting**, *adj.*: qui ne doute pas. **-dramatic**, **-dramatical**, *adj.*: peu dramatique. **-drawn**, *adj.*: non tiré; non attiré. 1. **-dress**, *tr.*: déshabiller; *intr.*: se déshabiller. 2. **-dress**, *n.*: déshabillé, négligé, *m.*; (*milit.*) petite tenue, *f.* **-dressed**, *adj.*: déshabillé; sans parure; (*manu.*) non apprêté, écu; (*hort.*) non taillé. **-dried**, *adj.*: non séché. **-drinkable**, *adj.*: imbuvable. **-due**, *adj.*: non dû; (*not legal*) illégal; (*excessive*) excessif, outré; (*of bills*) non échu; (*improper*) indu. **undulant**, **-lary**, *adj.*: ondoyant. 1. **-late**, *tr. and intr.*: onduler, ondoyer. 2. **-late**, **-lated**, *adj.*: ondulé, onduleux. **-lating**, *adj.*: ondoyant, onduleux. **-latingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière ondoyante. **-lätion**, *n.*: ondulation, *f.* **-latory**, *adj.*: d'ondulation; ondulateur. **unduly**, *adv.*: irrégulièrement; indû-

ment; à tort; (*excessively*) à l'excès.
-duteous, -dutiful, adj.: désobéissant; irrespectueux; indocile. **-dutifully, adv.**: indocilement, irrévéremment, irrespectueusement. **-dutifulness, n.**: désobéissance, irrévérence, f. **-dyed, adj.**: non teint. **-dying, adj.**: qui ne périt point; impérissable. **-earned, adj.**: non gagné; non mérité. **-earth, tr.**: déterrer. **-earthly, adj.**: non terrestre; céleste. **-easily, adv.**: dans l'inquiétude; mal à son aise; (*with difficulty*) difficilement, péniblement. **-easiness, n.**: malaise, m.; peine; (*of mind*) inquiétude, f. **-easy, adj.**: (in mind) inquiet; (*constraining*) gênant, incommode; (*constrained*) mal à son aise, gêné; (*disagreeable*) désagréable. **-eatable, adj.**: inamangeable. **-edifying, adj.**: peu édifiant. **-educated, adj.**: sans éducation; sans instruction. **-embarrassed, adj.**: non embarrassé; non gêné; (*of property*) clair, net, libre. **-embodied, adj.**: incorporel. **-employed, adj.**: non employé; sans occupation; inoccupé; (*capital*) dormant, inactif. **-encumbered, adj.**: non encombré; non grevé. **-endowed, adj.**: non doué; non doté. **-engaged, adj.**: non engagé; inoccupé, oisif, libre; (*affections*) libre; (*capital*) non engagé, disponible. **-engaging, adj.**: non attrayant, sans charmes. **-enlightened, adj.**: peu éclairé. **-enterprising, adj.**: peu divertissant; inamusant. **-envied, adj.**: non envié. **-equable, adj.**: égal; inférieur; au-dessous de; (*unjust*) injuste. **-equal, adj.**: égal; insuffisant, disproportionné; au-dessous de, inférieur: *he is — to that*, il n'est pas capable de le faire. **-equalled, adj.**: sans égal; sans pareil. **-equally, adv.**: inégalement. **-equivocal, adj.**: non équivoque. **-equivocally, adv.**: sans équivoque. **-erring, adj.**: infaillible, sûr. **-erringly, adv.**: infailliblement. **-evangelical, adj.**: non évangélique. **-even, adj.**: égal; raboteux; (*of numbers*) impair; (*fig.*) égal. **-evenly, adv.**: inégalement; impairement. **-evenness, n.**: inégalité, f. **-examined, adj.**: non examiné; non visité; (*jur.*) non interrogé. **-exampled, adj.**: sans exemple, sans égal. **-exceptionable, adj.**: irréprochable. **-exceptionableness, n.**: nature irréprochable, f. **-exceptionably, adv.**: irréprochablement. **-executed, adj.**: inexécuté, inaccompli. **-exemplified, adj.**: non appuyé d'exemple. **-exempt, adj.**: non exempt. **-expected, adj.**: inopiné, inattendu; subit; (*pers.*) qu'on n'attendait pas.

-expectedly, adv.: inopinément, subitement. **-expectedness, n.**: nature inattendue, f. **-expensive, adj.**: non dispendieux, qui coûte peu. **-expired, adj.**: non expiré; (*of bills*) non échu. **-explored, adj.**: inexploré. **-exposed, adj.**: non exposé. **-expressed, adj.**: non exprimé. **-extinguished, adj.**: non éteint. **-faded, adj.**: non fané, non flétri; frais. **-fading, adj.**: qui ne se fane pas. **-failing, adj.**: inépuisable; (*certain*) infaillible, inmanquable. **-failingly, adv.**: infailliblement. **-failingness, n.**: infaillibilité, f. **-fair, adj.**: injuste; déloyal; de mauvaise foi. **-fairly, adv.**: injustement; déloyalement. **-fairness, n.**: injustice; improbité, déloyauté, f. **-faithful, adj.**: infidèle; impie. **-faithfully, adv.**: infidèlement. **-faithfulness, n.**: infidélité, f. **-familiar, adj.**: peu familier; inconnu. **-familiarity, n.**: manque de familiarité, m. **-fashionable, adj.**: qui n'est pas de mode; (*pers.*) pas à la mode. **-fashionableness, n.**: indifférence pour la mode; inélegance, f. **-fashionably, adv.**: contre la mode; grossièrement, mal. **-fashioned, adj.**: non façonné; informe; simple. **-fasten, tr.**: délier, détacher; desserrer, relâcher; (*a door*) débarrer, ôter la chaîne, la barre de. **-fatherly, adj.**: peu paternel. **-fathomable, adj.**: insondable; impénétrable. **-fathomably, adv.**: d'une manière insondable; impénétrablement. **-fathomed, adj.**: non sondé; insondable. **-favourable, adj.**: défavorable; fâcheux. **-favourableness, n.**: nature défavorable, f. **-favourably, adv.**: défavorablement. **-favoured, adj.**: non favorisé. **-feared, adj.**: non craint. **-feasible, adj.**: impraticable; insaisissable. **-feathered, adj.**: sans plumes; déplumé. **-featured, adj.**: difforme, laid, disgracieux. **-fed, adj.**: non nourri. **-feed, adj.**: non rétribué; non payé. **-feeling, adj.**: insensible. **-feelingly, adv.**: avec insensibilité. **-feelingness, n.**: insensibilité, f. **-feigned, adj.**: non feint; sincère. **-feignedly, adv.**: sans feinte; sincèrement. **-feignedness, n.**: sincérité, f. **-felt, adj.**: qu'on ne sent pas; inconnu. **-fenced, adj.**: sans clôture; ouvert. **-fermented, adj.**: non fermenté; sans levain. **-fertile, adj.**: infertile, stérile. **-fetter, tr.**: ôter les fers à; déchaîner. **-fettered, adj.**: non gêné; non entravé; libre. **-filial, adj.**: indigne d'un fils. **-filled, adj.**: non rempli; non plein. **-finished, adj.**: inachevé; incomplet. **-fit, adj.**: non adapté; impropre; (*unqualified*) in-

capable, inepte; (*improper*) inconvenable. **-fit**, *tr.*: rendre incapable. **-fitly**, *adv.*: mal; peu convenablement. **-fitness**, *n.*: inaptitude; incapacité; (*unbecomingness*) inconvenance, *f.* **-fitting**, *adj.*: inconvenant. **-fix**, *tr.*: détacher, délier; (*unsettle*) rendre indécis; (*dis-solve*) fondre. **-fixed**, *adj.*: mobile, errant; incertain. **-flagging**, *adj.*: qui ne languit pas; persévérant; soutenu; infatigable. **-fledged**, *adj.*: sans plumes; (*fig.*) novice. **-finching**, *adj.*: ferme, déterminé. **-fold**, *tr.*: déployer; déplier; (*disclose*) exposer, développer; (*display*) déployer, montrer; (*tell*) déclarer; (*reveal*) révéler; (*sheep*) dépaquer. **-folding**, *n.*: révélation, *f.*; développement, *m.* **-forbid**, **-forbidden**, *adj.*: non défendu; permis. **-forced**, *adj.*: non forcé; non contraint; spontané; (*natural*) naturel; (*easy*) aisé, facile. **-forcible**, *adj.*: sans force, sans vigueur. **-forseen**, *adj.*: imprévu. **-forfeited**, *adj.*: non confisqué. **-forgiven**, *adj.*: à qui on n'a pas pardonné; (*of things*) non pardonné. **-forgiving**, *adj.*: inexorable, implacable. **-forgotten**, *adj.*: non oublié. **-formed**, *adj.*: informe; non formé. **-forsaken**, *adj.*: non délaissé. **-fortified**, *adj.*: non fortifié. **-fortunate**, *adj.*: infortuné; malheureux. **-fortunately**, *adv.*: malheureusement; par malheur. **-fought**, *adj.*: non combattu; (*of battles*) non livré. **-founded**, *adj.*: sans fondement; non fondé; dénué de fondement. **-framed**, *adj.*: non façonné; (*of timber*) non équarri; (*without a frame*) sans cadre. **-frequency**, *n.*: rareté; inféquence, *f.* **-frequent**, *adj.*: rare, inféquent. **-frequented**, *adj.*: inféquenté, peu fréquenté. **-frequently**, *adv.*: rarement; inféquemment. **-friable**, *adj.*: non friable. **-friended**, *adj.*: sans protection, sans amis. **-friendliness**, *n.*: disposition peu amicale, *f.* **-friendly**, *adj.*: peu amical; (*of things*) malveillant: — *to*, (*things*) nuisible à; contraire à. **-frozen**, *adj.*: non gelé. **-fruitful**, *adj.*: infertile, stérile, infructueux. **-fruitfully**, *adv.*: infructueusement. **-fruitfulness**, *n.*: infertilité, stérilité, *f.* **-fulfilled**, *adj.*: non accompli, non exécuté. **-furl**, *tr.*: déployer; déplier; dérouler; (*nav.*) déferler. **-furnish**, *tr.*: démeubler; dégarnir; dépouiller. **-furnished**, *adj.*: non approvisionné; (*of houses, rooms*) sans garni, non meublé. **-gainful**, *adj.*: sans profit; ingrat. **-gainly**, *adj.*: maladroit, gauche. **-galled**, *adj.*: non blessé, non écorché. **-garnished**, *adj.*: non garni; sans orne-

ments. **-garrisoned**, *adj.*: sans garnison. **-gartered**, *adj.*: sans jarretières. **-gathered**, *adj.*: non cueilli; non recueilli. **-gauged**, *adj.*: non jaugé; non mesuré. **-generated**, *adj.*: incréé. **-generative**, *adj.*: stérile. **-generous**, *adj.*: peu généreux; mesquin. **-generously**, *adv.*: peu généreusement. **-genial**, *adj.*: peu propice; défavorable. **-genteel**, *adj.*: peu distingué; de mauvais ton; de mauvais goût, de mauvais genre; peu poli. **-genteelly**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu distinguée; peu poliment; avec mauvais goût, de mauvais ton. **-gentle**, *adj.*: rude, dur; indocile, impoli. **-gentlemanly**, *adj.*: peu distingué, peu comme il faut; (*pers.*) qui ne sait pas vivre, de mauvais ton, sans formes. **-gentleness**, *n.*: rudesse, dureté, indocilité; (*incivility*) incivilité, *f.* **-gently**, *adv.*: rudement; durement. **-geometrical**, *adj.*: peu géométrique. **-gild**, *tr.*: dédoré. **-gird**, *tr.*: ôter la ceinture à; détacher. **-girt**, *adj.*: sans ceinture; détaché. **-glue**, *tr.*: décoller; détacher. **-god**, *tr.*: dépouiller de la divinité. **-godlily**, *adv.*: en impie. **-godliness**, *n.*: impiété, *f.* **-godly**, *adj.*: impie. **-governable**, *adj.*: ingouvernable; effréné; sans frein, déréglé. **-graceful**, *adj.*: peu gracieux, sans grâce. **-gracefully**, *adv.*: peu gracieusement; sans grâce, sans élégance. **-gracefulness**, *n.*: absence de grâce, *f.* **-gracious**, *adj.*: disgracieux, déplaisant; (*not favoured*) mal vu; (*wicked*) méchant. **-graciously**, *adv.*: disgracieusement; d'une manière déplaisante; méchamment. **-grammatical**, *adj.*: contraire à la grammaire; incorrect. **-grammatically**, *adv.*: contre les lois de la grammaire. **-granted**, *adj.*: non accordé. **-grateful**, *adj.*: ingrat; (*unpleasant*) désagréable. **-gratefully**, *adv.*: avec ingratitude; désagréablement. **-gratefulness**, *n.*: ingratitude, *f.*; désagréablement. **-gratefulness**, *n.*: ingratitude, *f.*; désagrément, *m.* **-grounded**, *adj.*: sans fondement. **-groundedly**, *adv.*: sans fondement. **-grudged**, *adj.*: donné de bon cœur. **-grudging**, *adj.*: qui ne donne pas à contre-cœur. **-grudgingly**, *adv.*: non à contre-cœur. **-guarded**, *adj.*: non gardé; (*fig.*) où l'on n'est pas sur ses gardes; (*not cautious*) peu mesuré, peu réservé, peu sage; imprudent: *in an — moment*, dans un moment d'imprudence. **-guardedly**, *adv.*: sans être sur ses gardes; imprudemment; sans mesure, sans réserve. **-unguent**, *n.*: onguent, *m.* **-ous**, *adj.*: onguentaire.

un-guessed, *adj.*: non deviné; caché.
unguic-u-lar, *adj.*: de la longueur de l'ongle. **-late**, **-lated**, *adj.*: onguiculé; à ongllet.
un-guided, *adj.*: sans guide. **-guilty**, *adj.*: non coupable, innocent.
ün-guis, *n.*: (*bot.*) ongllet, *m.*
üngulate, *adj.*: onglulé.
üngum, *tr.*: (*silk*) dégommer, décruser.
un-gumming, *n.*: dégommage, décrusement, *m.* **-gutté**, *adj.*: non vidé.
-habituated, *adj.*: peu habitué; étranger. **-hallow**, *tr.*: profaner. **-hal-lowed**, *adj.*: non sanctifié; profane.
-hand, *tr.*: lâcher. **-handily**, *adv.*: maladroitement, gauchement. **-handi-ness**, *n.*: maladresse, gaucherie, *f.*
-handsome, *adj.*: (*illiberal*) peu libé-ral, vilain, indélicat; (*uncivil*) impoli; (*ungraceful*) laid, disgracieux. **-hand-somely**, *adv.*: (*illiberally*) peu libérale-ment, villainement, avec indélicatesse; (*uncivilly*) impoliment; (*ungracefully*) d'une manière disgracieuse. **-hand-someness**, *n.*: indélicatesse; (*uncivility*) impolitesse; (*want of beauty*) laideur, nature disgracieuse, *f.* **-handy**, *adj.*: maladroît, gauche; (*inconvenient*) incom-mode. **-happily**, *adj.*: malheureuse-ment; par malheur. **-happiness**, *n.*: malheur; mal, *m.* **-happy**, *adj.*: mal-heureux; (*calamitous*) malheureux, fu-neste. **-harassed**, *adj.*: non harassé; non tourmenté. **-harmed**, *adj.*: in-tact; sain et sauf. **-harmful**, *adj.*: innocent, inoffensif. **-harness**, *tr.*: dé-harnacher; (*take from a vehicle*) déte-ler; (*of armour*) ôter l'armure à. **-hatched**, *adj.*: non éclos. **-healthful**, *adj.*: malsain; insalubre. **-healthfulness**, *n.*: insalubrité, *f.* **-healthily**, *adv.*: d'une manière malade; insalubrement.
-healthiness, *n.*: défaut de santé; (*want of rigour*) état maladif, *m.*; (*in-salubrity*) insalubrité, *f.* **-healthy**, *adj.*: maladif, malsain; (*insalubrious*) insalubre, malsain; (*morbid*) maladif. (*wanting vigour of growth*) maladif.
-heard, *adj.*: non entendu; (*not cele-brated*) inconnu, obscur: — *of*, inoui; in-connu. **-heavenly**, *adj.*: non céleste.
-heeded, *adj.*: inaperçu, négligé; à qui (auquel) on ne fait pas attention. **-heed-edly**, *adv.*: sans être remarqué. **-heed-ful**, *adj.*: inattentif, distraît. **-heed-ing**, *adj.*: insouciant; inattentif, dis-trait, négligent. **-heedingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière distraite; sans soin; par mégarde, par distraction. **-heedy**, *adj.*: soudain; précipité. **-helped**, *adj.*: sans secours; sans aide. **-helpful**, *adj.*: qui n'aide pas; qui n'est d'aucun se-

cours, qui ne sert à rien, inutile. **-hesi-tating**, *adj.*: qui n'hésite pas; décidé.
-hesitatingly, *adv.*: sans hésiter.
-hewn, *adj.*: brut; non travaillé; (*of stone*) non taillé; (*of wood*) de brin, en brin. **-hinge**, *tr.*: dégondier; (*fig.*) mettre hors des gonds, bouleverser, trou-bler, démonter. **-hitch**, *tr.*: décrocher.
-hive, *tr.*: sortir de la ruche. **-hoard**, *tr.*: voler dans un trésor; (*scatter*) ré-pandre, dissiper. **-holiness**, *n.*: man-que de sainteté, *m.*; nature profane; im-piété, *f.* **-holy**, *adj.*: profane; impie.
-honoured, *adj.*: qui n'est pas honoré; sans honneur; dédaigné, méprisé. **-hood**, *tr.*: déchaperonner. **-hook**, *tr.*: dé-crocher. **-hoop**, *tr.*: ôter les cerceaux à.
-hoped, **-hoped for**, *adj.*: inespéré, inattendu. **-hopeful**, *adj.*: sans espé-rance; désespérant. **-hopefully**, *adv.*: sans espérance. **-horse**, *tr.*: désarçon-ner, renverser. **-hostile**, *adj.*: inhos-tile. **-house**, *tr.*: déloger, faire déloger.
-hurt, *adj.*: sain et sauf; intact. **-hurtful**, *adj.*: innocent; peu dange-reux. **-hurtfully**, *adv.*: innocemment.
ü-ni-cörn, *n.*: licorne, *f.* **-cörn-fish**, *n.*: narval, *m.*; licorne de mer, *f.*
-cörnous, *adj.*: qui n'a qu'une corne.
un-ideal, *adj.*: non idéal; réel.
uniflörous, *adj.*: uniflore.
ü-ni-för-m, *adj.*: uniforme. **2.-form**, *n.*: uniforme, *m.*: in full —, en grand uniforme, en grande tenue. **3.-form**, *tr.*: dresser en uniforme, équiper. **-fö-r-mity**, *n.*: uniformité, *f.* **-förmly**, *adv.*: uniformément.
unilätéral, *adj.*: unilatéral.
unilöcular, *adj.*: uniloculaire.
un-imaginable, *adj.*: inimaginable, in-concevable. **-imaginably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inimaginable. **-imaginative**, *adj.*: non imagiatif. **-imagined**, *adj.*: non imaginé. **-imitated**, *adj.*: nonimité.
-immortal, *adj.*: mortel. **-im-pair-able**, *adj.*: inaltérable. **-impaired**, *adj.*: inaltéré; intact; entier; non af-faibli; non endommagé. **-impassioned**, *adj.*: non passionné; sans passion.
-impeachable, *adj.*: inattaquable; ir-réprochable. **-impeached**, *adj.*: sans reproche; incontesté. **-impeded**, *adj.*: non empêché; sans obstacle. **-impli-cated**, *adj.*: non impliqué; non compro-mis. **-implied**, *adj.*: exprimé, non sous-entendu. **-implored**, *adj.*: non imploré; non supplié. **-important**, *adj.*: sans importance; indifférent; peu important; sans prétention. **-impor-tuned**, *adj.*: non importuné. **-imposed**, *adj.*: non imposé; volontaire. **-im-pos-ing**, *adj.*: peu imposant; (*voluntary*)

volontaire. **-impressed, adj.**: non empreint; non imprimé; (*not penetrated*) non pénétré. **-impressive, adj.**: peu frappant; froid. **-improvable, adj.**: non susceptible d'amélioration; incorrigible; (*of land*) non exploitable. **-improvableness, n.**: nature qu'on ne peut améliorer, qu'on ne peut perfectionner; nature incorrigible; (*of land*) nature non exploitable, *f.* **-improved, adj.**: non corrigé; non amélioré; (*not advanced*) qui n'a pas fait de progrès, sans progrès; (*of land*) non exploité. **-improving, adj.**: qui ne corrige pas; qui n'améliore pas; qui ne fait pas faire de progrès. **-inclosed, adj.**: ouvert. **-incumbered, adj.**: non encombré; non embarrassé; non grevé; *libre*. **-indebted, adj.**: non endetté. **-indorsed, adj.**: non endossé; sans endossement. **-indulgent, adj.**: peu indulgent; sans indulgence. **-industrious, adj.**: peu laborieux; peu assidu. **-inflamed, adj.**: non enflammé. **-inflammable, adj.**: ininflammable. **-influenced, adj.**: non influencé; *libre*. **-influential, adj.**: peu influent; sans influence. **-informed, adj.**: non cultivé, sans culture; (*pers.*) ignorant, sans instruction, non instruit; (*unanimated*) inanimé, sans expression: *be — of*, être ignorant de; ignorer. **-informing, adj.**: qui n'instruit pas. **-infringed, adj.**: non enfreint. **-ingenious, adj.**: peu ingénieux. **-inhabitable, adj.**: inhabitable. **-inhabited, adj.**: inhabité. **-initiate, initiated, adj.**: non initié. **-injured, adj.**: auquel on n'a pas fait tort; (*safe*) en sûreté, sain et sauf, sans blessure, sans mal; (*of things*) non endommagé, intact. **-inquisitive, adj.**: peu curieux. **-inscribed, adj.**: non inscrit. **-inspired, adj.**: non inspiré. **-instructed, adj.**: non instruit, ignorant, sans instruction; (*without authority*) sans instructions. **-instructive, adj.**: non instructif. **-intellectual, adj.**: peu intellectuel. **-intellectually, adv.**: peu intellectuellement. **-intelligent, adj.**: inintelligent; sans intelligence. **-intelligibility, n.**: intelligibilité, *f.* **-intelligible, adj.**: intelligible. **-intelligibly, adv.**: intelligiblement. **-intentional, intended, adj.**: non intentionnel; involontaire, sans intention. **-intentionally, adv.**: involontairement; sans le vouloir, sans intention. **-interested, adj.**: désintéressée; non intéressée. **-interestedly, adv.**: d'une manière désintéressée. **-interesting, adj.**: peu intéressant. **-interestingly, adv.**: d'une manière peu in-

téressante. **-intermitting, intermitted, adj.**: incessant, continu. **-intermittingly, adv.**: sans cesse, sans intermission. **-interrupted, adj.**: non interrompu; continu. **-interruptedly, adv.**: sans interruption. **-intrenched, adj.**: sans retranchements, non retranché. **-invaded, adj.**: non envahi. **-invented, adj.**: non inventé. **-inventive, adj.**: peu inventif. **-investigable, adj.**: non susceptible d'investigation; inscutable. **-investigated, adj.**: que l'on n'a pas scruté, examiné; sans investigation. **-invited, adj.**: non invité; non engagé. **-inviting, adj.**: peu attrayant, peu engageant. **union, n.**: union; réunion, *f.*; (*concord*) accord, *m.*, harmonie; (*states united*) union; (*of parishes*) union, *f.* **-ist, n.**: unioniste, *m.* **-jack, n.**: pavillon anglais, *m.* **uniparous, adj.**: unipare. **unique, adj.**: unique. **-ly, adv.**: unique-ment. **uniradated, adj.**: à un seul rayon. **-irritated, adj.**: non irrité. **unisexual, adj.**: unisexe, unisexual. **uni-son, n.**: unisson; son unique, *m.* **2.-son, adj.**: à l'unisson. **uni-sonance, n.**: consonance parfaite, *f.* **uni-sonant, adj.**: à l'unisson. **uni-sonous, adj.**: à l'unisson. **unit, n.**: unité, *f.* **unitarian, n.**: unitaire, *m., f.* **uni-te, tr.**: unir; réunir; joindre; *intr.*: s'unir; se réunir; se joindre. **-ted, adj.**: uni; réuni; joint. **-tedly, adv.**: avec union; en harmonie. **-ter, n.**: personne qui unit; chose qui unit, *f.* **unity, n.**: unité; concorde, harmonie, *f.* **1.-uni-valve, n.**: univalve, *m.* **2.-valve, -válvular, adj.**: univalve. **uni-versal, adj.**: universel. **-versality, n.**: universalité, *f.* **-versally, adv.**: universellement. **uni-verse, n.**: univers, *m.* **-versity, n.**: université, *f.* **uni-vocal, adj.**: non équivoque; (*mus., gram.*) univoque. **-vocally, adv.**: d'une manière univoque. **-vocation, n.**: univocation, *f.* **un-join, tr.**: déjoindre, disjoindre, séparer. **-joint = disjoint.** **joyful, joyous, adj.**: peu joyeux; triste. **-judged, adj.**: non jugé. **-just, adj.**: injuste. **-justifiable, adj.**: non justifiable, inexcusable. **justifiableness, n.**: nature injustifiable, *f.* **-justifiably, adv.**: d'une manière injustifiable. **-justified, adj.**: non justifié. **-justly, adv.**: injustement. **-kennel, tr.**: sortir de son trou; (*a dog*) sortir du chenil; (*a fox*) déterrer; (*a stag*) débucher; (*fig.*)

déterrer, débusquer. **-kind, adj.**: peu obligeant, peu complaisant; malhonnête, méchant; dur, peu bienveillant, désobligeant; peu aimable; mauvais, cruel. **-kindliness, n.**: désobligance, dureté, f. **-kindly, adj.**: peu propice; contraire, nuisable; défavorable; désobligeant, dur; malaisant. **-kindly, adv.**: sans complaisance, malhonnêtement, sans bienveillance; sans amabilité; désobligeamment; durement; cruellement. **-kindness, n.**: manque de complaisance, défaut de bienveillance; mauvais vouloir, m.; malveillance, désobligance, cruauté, dureté, f. **-king, tr.**: détrôner. **-kingly, adj.**: non royal. **-knit, tr.**: défaire; dénouer; délier. **-knowable, adj.**: qu'on ne peut savoir; méconnaissable. **-knowing, adj.**: ignorant, qui ne sait pas. **-knowingly, adv.**: sans le savoir; par ignorance. **-known, adj.**: inconnu; ignoré: — *to me, (without my knowledge)* à mon insu. **-laboured, adj.**: non travaillé; naturel. **-lace, tr.**: délacer; dégarnir de dentelle. **-lade (pret. -loaded, part. -laden), tr.**: décharger. **-lady-like, adj.**: de mauvais ton; indélicat. **-laid, adj.**: non posé; (fig.) non apaisé. **-lamented, adj.**: non regretté. **-latch, tr.**: lever le loquet de; ouvrir. **-lawful, adj.**: illégal; illicite, illégitime. **-lawfully, adv.**: illégalement; illicitement. **-learn, tr.**: désapprendre. **-learned, adj.**: ignorant; illettré; (of things) désappris, non appris. **-leavened, adj.**: sans levain; azyme. **-less, conj.**: à moins que... ne; à moins de; si ce n'est, excepté que. **-lettered, adj.**: illettré. **-levelled, adj.**: non nivelé. **-licensed, adj.**: non autorisé; sans autorisation; sans privilège; sans patente. **-licked, adj.**: mal léché; grossier. **-lighted, adj.**: non allumé; non éclairé. **-like, adj.**: dissemblable, différent; (improbable) invraisemblable, improbable. **-likelihood, -likeliness, n.**: invraisemblance, improbabilité, f. 1. **-likely, adj.**: improbable, invraisemblable; (not promising success) inefficace. 2. **-likely, adv.**: invraisemblablement. **-likeness, n.**: différence, dissemblance, f. **-limited, adj.**: illimité; indéfini, indéterminé. **-limitedly, adv.**: sans limites; d'une manière illimitée, indéfiniment. **-limitedness, n.**: nature illimitée, indéfinie, f. **-link, tr.**: défaire. **-liquidated, adj.**: non liquidé. **-load, tr.**: décharger; alléger. **-lock, tr.**: ouvrir (ce qui était fermé à clef); (print.) desserrer; (fig.) découvrir, révéler, épancher. **-looked-for, adj.**: inattendu, inopiné. **-loved, adj.**: non

aimé. **-lovely, adj.**: peu aimable. **-loving, adj.**: peu affectueux. **-luckily, adv.**: malheureusement. **-luckiness, n.**: malheur, m.; infortune, f. **-lucky, adj.**: malheureux; infortuné; (ill-omened) de mauvais augure; (mischievous) malin. **-lute, tr.**: détruer. **-made, adj.**: pas fait; défaut. **-maintainable, adj.**: insoutenable. **-make, (pret., past part. -made), tr.**: défaire; détruire. **-man, tr.**: dépouiller du caractère d'homme; dégrader; (deprive of men) dégarnir d'hommes; (emasculate) châtrer; (dject) abattre; (dispeople) dépeupler; (fig.) énerver, amollir. **-manageable, adj.**: qui ne peut être conduit; qui ne peut être gouverné, dirigé; indocile, ingouvernable, difficile à gouverner; intraitable; rebelle; incommode. **-manageableness, n.**: (of persons) indocilité, f., caractère ingouvernable, caractère intraitable, m.; (of things) impossibilité, difficulté de diriger, de conduire, de gouverner, f. **-manageably, adv.**: indocilement; de manière à ne pouvoir être dirigé. **-manlike, -manly, adj.**: inhumain; (base, cowardly) vil, indigne d'un homme; (effeminate) moe, efféminé. **-manliness, n.**: conduite indigne d'un homme, f. **-mannered, adj.**: grossier, mal élevé, malappris; de mauvais ton. **-mannerliness, n.**: grossièreté, f.; mauvaises manières, f. pl.; mauvais ton, m. 1. **-mannerly, adj.**: grossier, malappris; malhonnête; de mauvais ton. 2. **-mannerly, adv.**: grossièrement, malhonnêtement, avec mauvais ton. **-mante, tr.**: ôter son manteau à. **-manufactured, adj.**: non manufacturé. **-manured, adj.**: sans engrais. **-marked, adj.**: non marqué; inaperçu. **-marriageable, adj.**: non mariable. **-married, adj.**: non marié, dans le célibat: — *man*, homme non marié; célibataire; garçon; — *woman*, femme non mariée, femme dans le célibat; demoiselle. **-marry, tr.**: démarier. **-mask, tr.**: démasquer; dévoiler. **-mast, tr.**: démaiter. **-mastered, adj.**: indompté; fougueux. **-matched, adj.**: sans pareil, incomparable. **-meaning, adj.**: qui ne signifie rien; insignifiant. **-meaningly, adv.**: d'une manière insignifiante. **-meant, adj.**: involontaire, sans intention. **-measured, adj.**: non mesuré; immense; infini; démesuré. **-meditated, adj.**: non médité; improvisé. **-meet, adj.**: peu convenable; inconvenant. **-meetly, adv.**: d'une manière inconvenante. **-melodious, adj.**: sans mélodie. **-melodiously, adv.**: d'une manière peu mélodieuse. **-melted, adj.**: non fondu; non résous;

(fig.) non attendri. **-mentionable**, *adj.*: dont on ne doit pas parler. **-mentioned**, *adj.*: non mentionné. **-merciful**, *adj.*: sans miséricorde; impitoyable; barbare. **-mercifully**, *adv.*: sans miséricorde; impitoyablement. **-mercifulness**, *n.*: nature peu miséricordieuse; nature impitoyable; barbarie, *f.* **-merited**, *adj.*: non mérité. **-minded**, *adj.*: inaperçu; négligé. **-mindful**, *adj.*: oublieux, insouciant: — *of*, inattentif à; insouciant de; oublieux de; peu soigneux de. **-mindfully**, *adv.*: avec insouciance; négligemment, inattentivement, sans soin. **-mindfulness**, *n.*: négligence, insouciance, *f.* **-mingled**, *adj.*: pur, sans mélange. **-missed**, *adj.*: dont on ne remarque pas l'absence; qu'on ne regrette pas. **-mitigable**, *adj.*: non susceptible de mitigation, inflexible. **-mitigated**, *adj.*: non mitigé; implacable. **-mixed**, *adj.*: sans mélange, pur. **-modifiable**, *adj.*: non susceptible de modification. **-modified**, *adj.*: non modifié. **-moist**, *adj.*: non moite; sec. **-moistened**, *adj.*: non humide; sec. **-molested**, *adj.*: sans être molesté; sans obstacle. **-moor**, *tr.*: lever l'ancre de; démarrer. **-mortgaged**, *adj.*: non hypothéqué. **-mourned**, *adj.*: sans être pleuré. **-moved**, *adj.*: immobile; fixe; (fig.) non touché, impassible, ferme; calme, inébranlable. **-muffle**, *tr.*: découvrir (ce qui est enveloppé); désaffubler; (a drum) découvrir. **-musical**, *adj.*: peu musical; sans harmonie. **-mutilated**, *adj.*: non mutilé; intact. **-muzzle**, *tr.*: démuseler; (fig.) déchaîner. **-nail**, *tr.*: déclouer. **-named**, *adj.*: non nommé: *who shall be* —, dont je tairai le nom. **-natural**, *adj.*: contraire à la nature; peu naturel; forcé; (pers.) dénaturé. **-naturalise**, *tr.*: dénaturer; priver des sentiments naturels. **-naturalised**, *adj.*: dénaturé; (jur.) non naturalisé. **-naturally**, *adv.*: contre nature; d'une manière dénaturée; d'une manière forcée. **-naturalness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est contre nature; caractère non naturel, *m.* **-navigable**, *adj.*: non navigable. **-necessarily**, *adv.*: sans nécessité; inutilement. **-necessariness**, *n.*: inutilité, *f.* **-necessary**, *adj.*: peu nécessaire; inutile. **-needed**, *adj.*: dont on n'a pas besoin; inutile. **-neighbourly**, *adj.*: de mauvais voisin. **-neighbourly**, *adv.*: en mauvais voisin. **-nerve**, *tr.*: énerver; affaiblir; faire perdre contenance à. **-noted**, *adj.*: inaperçu; négligé, inobservé. **-numbered**, *adj.*: non numéroté; (innumerable) innombrable. **-objectionable**, *adj.*: irrépro-

chable; inattaquable; irrécusable. **-objectionably**, *adv.*: d'une manière irréprochable, inattaquable, irrécusable. **-obnoxious**, *adj.*: non sujet; non exposé; invulnérable; non odieux; non offensant; non impopulaire. **-obscured**, *adj.*: non obscurci; non éclipsé. **-observable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut observer; imperceptible. **-observance**, *n.*: inattention; inobservation, *f.* **-observant**, *adj.*: inattentif, qui n'observe pas. **-observed**, *adj.*: non observé; inaperçu. **-observing**, *adj.*: peu observateur. **-obstructed**, *adj.*: non obstrué; (fig.) sans empêchement. **-obtainable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut obtenir. **-obtrusive**, *adj.*: discret, réservé. **-obtrusively**, *adv.*: discrètement, sans importunité. **-obtrusiveness**, *n.*: discrétion, réserve, *f.* **-occupied**, *adj.*: non occupé; inoccupé; libre, oisif. **-offending**, *adj.*: inoffensif; sans péché. **-offered**, *adj.*: non offert. **-official**, *adj.*: inofficiel. **-officially**, *adv.*: inofficiellement. **-opened**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas ouvert; (of letters, etc.) non décacheté. **-opposed**, *adj.*: sans être opposé; sans opposition. **-ordered**, *adj.*: non ordonné; non commandé. **-ordinary**, *adj.*: peu ordinaire; rare. **-organised**, *adj.*: inorganique. **-ornamental**, *adj.*: qui ne sert pas d'ornement. **-ornamented**, *adj.*: sans ornements. **-orthodox**, *adj.*: peu orthodoxe; hétérodoxe. **-ostentatious**, *adj.*: sans ostentation, sans faste. **-ostentatiously**, *adv.*: sans ostentation. **-owed**, *adj.*: non dû. **-owned**, *adj.*: sans possesseur; non avoué. **-oxygenised**, *adj.*: non oxygéné. **-pacific**, *adj.*: peu pacifique; belliqueux. **-pacified**, *adj.*: non pacifié; non apaisé. **-pack**, *tr.*: dépaqueter; déballer. **-paid**, *adj.*: non payé, non acquitté; non rétribué; (of armies) sans paye, sans solde; (of letters, etc.) non affranchi. **-painted**, *adj.*: non peint; non fardé. **-paired**, *adj.*: non assorti; non uni; non apparié; (of colour) non marié. **-palatable**, *adj.*: désagréable au goût; (fig.) désagréable. **-paralleled**, *adj.*: incomparable; sans pareil; sans exemple. **-pardonable**, *adj.*: impardonnable, irrémédiable. **-pardonably**, *adv.*: d'une manière impardonnable. **-pardoned**, *adj.*: non pardonné; sans pardon. **-pared**, *adj.*: non pelé. **-parliamentary**, *adj.*: contraire aux usages du parlement; non parlementaire. **-parted**, *adj.*: non séparé. **-passionate**, *adj.*: sans passion; impartial. **-pathetic**, *adj.*: peu pathétique. **-pathetically**, *adv.*: peu pathétiquement. **-patriotic**, *adj.*: peu

patriotique. **-patriotically**, *adv.*: peu patriotiquement. **-patronised**, *adj.*: sans patron, sans protecteurs, sans protections; (*of a shop*) mal achalandé. **-pave**, *tr.*: déparer; décarreler. **-peaceable**, *adj.*: turbulent, peu paisible. **-peaceableness**, *n.*: turbulence, *f.* **-peaceably**, *adv.*: avec tumulte. **-peaceful**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas paisible; inquiet. **-peacefully**, *adv.*: non paisiblement, avec bruit. **-peacefulness**, *n.*: inquiétude, *f.*; état troublé, *m.* **-peg**, *tr.*: ôter la cheville à; décheviller. **-people**, *tr.*: dépeupler. **-perceivable**, *adj.*: imperceptible. **-perceivably**, *adv.*: imperceptiblement. **-perceived**, *adj.*: inaperçu. **-perceivedly**, *adv.*: sans être aperçu. **-performed**, *adj.*: inachevé; inexécuté. **-permitted**, *adj.*: non permis; illicite. **-philosophical**, *adj.*: peu philosophique. **-philosophically**, *adv.*: peu philosophiquement. **-picked**, *adj.*: non cueilli; non épluché; (*of locks*) non crocheté. **-pin**, *tr.*: ôter les épingles de, défaire; (*leech*) décheviller. **-pitied**, *adj.*: que l'on ne plaint pas. **-pitiful**, *adj.*: sans pitié. **-pitifully**, *adv.*: sans pitié; impitoyablement. **-pitying**, *adj.*: sans pitié; impitoyable. **-plait**, *tr.*: déplisser. **-plausible**, *adj.*: peu plausible. **-pleasant**, *adj.*: déplaisant, désagréable. **-pleasantly**, *adv.*: désagréablement. **-pleasantness**, *n.*: nature désagréable, *f.*; désagrément, *m.* **-pleased**, *adj.*: mécontent, peu satisfait. **-pleasing**, *adj.*: que ne plaît pas; déplaisant; désagréable; fâcheux. **-pleasingly**, *adv.*: désagréablement. **-pleasingness**, *n.*: manque de charme; désagrément, *m.*; nature déplaisante, *f.* **-pledged**, *adj.*: non engagé. **-pliable**, *adj.*: peu pliable; inflexible. **-pliant**, *adj.*: inflexible. **-pliantness**, *n.*: inflexibilité, *f.* **-ploughed**, *adj.*: non labouré; inculte. **-plucked**, *adj.*: non cueilli. **-poetic**, *adj.*: peu poétique. **-poetically**, *adv.*: peu poétiquement. **-pointed**, *adj.*: sans pointe; peu piquant; (*gram.*) non ponctué. **-poised**, *adj.*: non en équilibre. **-polished**, *adj.*: non poli; (*of gold, etc.*) mat; (*of marble*) brut; (*fig.*) inculte, grossier, rude. **-polite**, *see* *impolite*. **-polluted**, *adj.*: non pollué; non souillé; pur, sans souillure. **-popular**, *adj.*: impopulaire. **-popularity**, *n.*: impopularité, *f.* **-popularly**, *adv.*: d'une manière impopulaire. **-possessed**, *adj.*: non possédé; non occupé. — *cf.* qui ne possède pas; privé de. **-practised**, *adj.*: inexpérimenté; sans expérience; peu habitué; sans pratique. **-prece-**

-dented, *adj.*: sans exemple, sans antécédent, sans précédent. **-precise**, *adj.*: peu précis. **-preferred**, *adj.*: non préféré, non avancé. **-prejudiced**, *adj.*: non prévenu, sans préjugé. **-premeditated**, *adj.*: non médité; spontané, improvisé; (*not previously intended*) non prémédité. **-prepared**, *adj.*: non préparé. **-preparedly**, *adv.*: sans préparation. **-preparedness**, *n.*: manque de préparation, *m.* **-prepossessed**, *adj.*: non prévenu; impartial. **-prepossession**, *adj.*: peu prévenant. **-pressed**, *adj.*: non pressé; non pressuré; (*not enforced*) volontaire. **-pretending**, *adj.*: sans prétention, simple. **-prevailing**, *adj.*: impuissant. **-prevented**, *adj.*: non prévenu; non empêché. **-priest**, *tr.*: dépouiller du sacerdoce; défroquer. **-priestly**, *adj.*: indigne d'un prêtre. **-principled**, *adj.*: sans principes; sans mœurs. **-printed**, *adj.*: non imprimé. **-privileged**, *adj.*: non privilégié. **-prizable**, *adj.*: sans prix; sans valeur. **-prized**, *adj.*: peu estimé. **-proclaimed**, *adj.*: non proclamé. **-productive**, *adj.*: peu productif, infertile; stérile, improductif; (*fig.*) inefficace, stérile, impuissant. **-productiveness**, *n.*: stérilité; infertilité; nature improductive; inefficacité; impuissance, *f.* **-profaned**, *adj.*: non profané; non souillé. **-professional**, *adj.*: étranger à une profession; indigne d'une profession. **-profitable**, *adj.*: peu profitable, sans profit; ingrat; inutile; impuissant. **-profitableness**, *n.*: nature peu profitable; stérilité; inutilité, *f.* **-profitably**, *adv.*: inutilement; sans profit. **-prohibited**, *adj.*: non prohibé; permis. **-prolific**, *adj.*: non prolifique; stérile, infécond. **-promising**, *adj.*: qui promet peu; qui s'annonce mal; stérile. **-prompted**, *adj.*: sans être poussé; non souillé. **-pronounced**, *adj.*: non prononcé; inarticulé. **-prophetic**, *adj.*: non prophétique. **-propitious**, *adj.*: peu propice. **-propitiously**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu propice. **-proportionable**, *adj.*: disproportionné. **-proportionably**, *adv.*: sans proportion. **-proportioned**, *adj.*: disproportionné. **-prosperous**, *adj.*: peu prospère; malheureux. **-prosperously**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu prospère; malheureusement. **-prosperousness**, *n.*: état peu prospère, *m.* **-protected**, *adj.*: non protégé; sans protection. **-proved**, *adj.*: non prouvé, sans preuve; (*not tried*) non éprouvé. **-provided**, *adj.*: dépourvu; non pourvu; (*not prepared*) pris au dé-

pourvu; non préparé: — *for*, non pourvu.
-provoked, *adj.*: non provoqué; sans provocation; (*not incited*) non provoqué, non irrité, non fâché, non excité. **-provoking**, *adj.*: qui ne provoque pas; inoffensif. **-provokingly**, *adv.*: sans provocation. **-pruned**, *adj.*: non élagué; non taillé, non émondé. **-published**, *adj.*: non publié; inédit. **-punctual**, *adj.*: non ponctuel; inexact. **-punctuality**, *n.*: défaut de ponctualité, *m.*; irrégularité, *f.* **-punctually**, *adv.*: sans ponctualité. **-punished**, *adj.*: impuni: *go —*, rester impuni. **-purified**, *adj.*: non purifié; impur. **-qualified**, *adj.*: peu propre; inhabile, incapable; (*not modified*) sans réserve, sans restriction. **-queen**, *tr.*: dépouiller du caractère de reine. **-quelled**, *adj.*: non réprimé; non étouffé. **-quenchable**, *adj.*: inextinguible, insatiable. **-quenchableness**, *n.*: nature inextinguible, *f.* **-quenchably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inextinguible. **-quenched**, *adj.*: non éteint, non étanché; (*fig.*) insatiable. **-questionable**, *adj.*: incontestable, indubitable. **-questionably**, *adv.*: incontestablement; indubitablement, sans contredit. **-questioned**, *adj.*: sans être questionné; (*indubitable*) incontesté, hors de doute. **-quickened**, *adj.*: animé, non vivifié. **-quiet**, *adj.*: inquiet; agité. **-quietly**, *adv.*: avec inquiétude. **-quietness**, *n.*: inquiétude; agitation, *f.* **-ransomed**, *adj.*: non racheté; non rançonné. **-ravel**, *tr.*: démêler, débrouiller; effiler, défaire; (*intrigue*) dénouer; (*fig.*) démêler, débrouiller, éclaircir. **-ravel**, *intr.*: se démêler, se débrouiller, s'effiler, se défaire; (*fig.*) se débrouiller. **-reached**, *adj.*: non atteint. **-read**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas été lu; (*illiterate*) peu lettré, illettré, ignorant, sans instruction. **-readable**, *adj.*: illisible. **-readily**, *adv.*: lentement; à contre-cœur. **-readiness**, *n.*: lenteur, *f.*; (*want of promptitude*) défaut de promptitude; (*want of dexterity*) défaut de facilité; (*reluctance*) défaut d'empressement, défaut de bonne volonté, *m.*, répugnance, *f.* **-ready**, *adj.*: lent, non préparé; peu prompt; peu vif; peu facile; (*awkward*) gauche. **-real**, *adj.*: non réel; faux; incorporel; vain. **-reasonable**, *adj.*: déraisonnable; (*exorbitant*) extravagant, excessif. **-reasonableness**, *n.*: déraison, *f.*; caractère déraisonnable; (*exorbitance*) caractère déraisonnable, *m.*, extravagance, *f.* **-reasonably**, *adv.*: déraisonnablement; à l'excs; contre la raison. **-rebukable**, *adj.*: irrépréhensible. **-recallable**,

adj.: irrévocable. **-recalled**, *adj.*: non rappelé. **-received**, *adj.*: non reçu. **-reclaimed**, *adj.*: non réclamé; (*not reformed*) non amendé; (*not tamed*) inapprivoisé. **-recommended**, *adj.*: non recommandé. **-recompensed**, *adj.*: sans récompense. **-reconcilable**, *adj.*: irréconciliable, implacable. **-reconciled**, *adj.*: irréconcilié; implacable. **-recorded**, *adj.*: non enregistré. **-recoverable**, *adj.*: irrécouvrable. **-recovered**, *adj.*: non recouvré; (*not cured*) non guéri. **-redeemable**, *adj.*: irrachetable; irrémédiable. **-redeemed**, *adj.*: non racheté; non remboursé; (*of things pawned*) non dégagé. **-redressed**, *adj.*: non réformé, non redressé. **-reduced**, *adj.*: non réduit. **-refined**, *adj.*: non purifié, non épuré; (*of sugar*) non raffiné; (*of metals*) non affiné; (*of manners*) peu poli, non raffiné, grossier, inculte. **-reformable**, *adj.*: incorrigible. **-reformed**, *adj.*: non réformé. **-refreshed**, *adj.*: non rafraîchi; non délassé. **-regarded**, *adj.*: oublié, négligé; méconnu. **-regardful**, *adj.*: négligent. **-regardfully**, *adv.*: négligemment. **-regeneracy**, *n.*: non régénération, *f.* **-regenerate**, *re-generated*, *adj.*: non régénéré. **-registered**, *adj.*: non enregistré; non inscrit; dont on n'a pas conservé le souvenir. **-regulated**, *adj.*: non réglé. **-rejoicing**, *adj.*: peu joyeux; peu jouissant. **-related**, *adj.*: sans rapport, qui n'a aucun rapport; sans parenté: *who is — to*, qui n'est pas parent de. **-relenting**, *adj.*: inflexible; implacable. **-relentingly**, *adv.*: inflexiblement. **-relievable**, *adj.*: qu'on ne peut secourir. **-relieved**, *adj.*: non soulagé, non secouru; (*milit.*) non relevé. **-remarkable**, *adj.*: non remarquable. **-remarkably**, *adv.*: non remarquablement. **-remarked**, *adj.*: inobservé. **-remedied**, *adj.*: auquel on n'a pas remédié. **-remembered**, *adj.*: oublié. **-remembering**, *adj.*: oublieux. **-remitted**, *adj.*: non remis, non pardonné; (*not abated*) qui ne s'est pas apaisé; (*continual*) continu, incessant. **-removable**, *adj.*: finamovible. **-removed**, *adj.*: non écarté; non éloigné; non déplacé, non ôté, non enlevé; (*of furniture*) non déménagé. **-renewed**, *adj.*: non renouvelé. **-repaid**, *adj.*: non remboursé; non payé; (*of loan*) non payé de retour. **-repaired**, *adj.*: non réparé. **-repealable**, *adj.*: irrévocable. **-repealed**, *adj.*: non révoqué; non abrogé. **-repenting**, *repentant*, *adj.*: sans repentir; impénitent. **-repining**, *adj.*:

qui ne se plaint pas, qui ne murmure pas. **-repiningly**, *adv.*: sans gémir, sans murmurer. **-represented**, *adj.*: non représenté. **-reprovable**, *adj.*: à qui l'on ne peut accorder de suris. **-re-prieved**, *adj.*: à qui l'on n'a pas accordé de suris. **-reproached**, *adj.*: sans reproche. **-reproved**, *adj.*: non blâmé; non repris. **-required**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas nécessaire; dont on n'a pas besoin. **-requited**, *adj.*: sans être récompensé; méconnu; (*of love*) qui n'est pas payé de retour. **-re-serve**, *n.*: absence de réserve, *f.* **-reserved**, *adj.*: sans réserve; expansif. **-reservedly**, *adv.*: sans réserve. **-reservedness**, *n.*: absence de réserve; nature expansive, *f.* **-resisted**, *adj.*: sans résistance. **-resisting**, *adj.*: qui ne résiste pas; soumis. **-resistingly**, *adv.*: sans résistance. **-resolvable**, *adj.*: insoluble. **-resolved**, *adj.*: non résolu; (*not determined*) irrésolu; indécis. **-respected**, *adj.*: non respecté. **-re-stored**, *adj.*: non rendu; non restitué; non restauré. **-restrained**, *adj.*: non retenu; non restreint, sans contrainte; non réprimé; déréglé. **-restricted**, *adj.*: non restreint. **-retentive**, *adj.*: peu tenace, qui retient peu; (*of the memo-ry*) peu sûr, peu fidèle. **-revealed**, *adj.*: non révélé. **-revenged**, *adj.*: sans être vengé; non vengé. **-reverend**, *adj.*: peu révérend; (*irreverent*) irrévérent. **-revised**, *adj.*: non revu; non révisé. **-rewarded**, *adj.*: sans récompense. **-riddle**, *tr.*: expliquer, résoudre. **-rig**, *tr.*: dépouiller; (*nav.*) dégréer. **-righteous**, *adj.*: injuste, inique. **-righteously**, *adv.*: injustement, inique-ment. **-righteousness**, *n.*: injustice; iniquité, *f.* **-rightful**, *adj.*: injuste; illégitime. **-ring**, *tr.*: ôter les anneaux de. **-ripe**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas mûr; vert. **-ripened**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas mûr. **-rivalled**, *adj.*: sans rival; sans pareil. **-rivet**, *tr.*: dériver; détacher. **-robe**, *intr.*: ôter sa robe (de cérémonie). **-roll**, *tr.*: dérouler; déployer; *intr.*: se dérouler; se déployer. **-romantic**, *adj.*: peu roma-nesque; (*of places*) peu romantique. **-roof**, *tr.*: enlever le toit de. **-roost**, *tr.*: déjucher; dénicher. **-root**, *tr.*: déraciner, extirper. **-root**, *intr.*: se déraciner. **-rough**, *adj.*: lisse, uni; im-berbe. **-routed**, *adj.*: qu'on n'a pas mis en déroute. **-royal**, *adj.*: peu royal. **-ruffle**, *intr.*: se calmer; s'apaiser. **-ruffled**, *adj.*: tranquille, calme. **-ruled**, *adj.*: non réglé; non gouverné. **-ruli-ness**, *n.*: dérèglement, *m.*; nature in-

disciplinable, mutinerie, indiscipline, *f.* **-ruly**, *adj.*: déréglé; mutin; revêche; intraitable, indomptable, indisciplinable. **-saddle**, *tr.*: desseller. **-safe**, *adj.*: peu sûr; dangereux. **-safely**, *adv.*: dangereusement, sans sûreté. **-safety**, *n.*: défaut de sûreté; danger, *m.* **-salable**, *adj.*: invendable. **-salted**, *adj.*: non salé. **-saluted**, *adj.*: non salué. **-sanctified**, *adj.*: non sanctifié; profane. **-sanctioned**, *adj.*: non sanc-tionné. **-satisfactorily**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu satisfaisante. **-satisfac-toriness**, *n.*: caractère non satisfaisant, *m.* **-satisfactory**, *adj.*: peu satisfai-sant; insuffisant. **-satisfied**, *adj.*: non satisfait; mécontent. **-savourily**, *adv.*: sans saveur. **-savouriness**, *n.*: dé-faut de saveur, *m.*; insipidité, fadeur; (*bad smell*) mauvaise odeur, *f.* **-savoury**, *adj.*: sans saveur, fade, insipide; (*dis-gusting*) désagréable, dégoûtant. **-say** (*pret.*, *part.* *said*), *tr.*: se dédire de, ré-tracter. **-scared**, *adj.*: qui n'est pas épouvanté. **-scarred**, *adj.*: non cicat-risé; sans blessure. **-scathed**, *adj.*: intact; sans blessure. **-scattered**, *adj.*: non dispersé. **-scholastic**, *adj.*: non scolastique; illettré. **-schooled**, *adj.*: illettré; sans éducation; inexpérimenté. **-scientific**, *adj.*: peu scientifique. **-sci-entifically**, *adv.*: peu scientifiquement. **-scoreched**, *adj.*: non roussi; non brûlé. **-scoured**, *adj.*: non écuré; non net-toyé. **-scratched**, *adj.*: non gratté; non égratigné. **-screened**, *adj.*: non abrité; non défendu. **-screw**, *tr.*: dé-visser. **-scriptural**, *adj.*: contraire à l'Écriture. **-scrupulous**, *adj.*: sans scrupule. **-scrupulously**, *adv.*: sans scrupule. **-scrupulousness**, *n.*: carac-tère non scrupuleux, *m.* **-seal**, *tr.*: dé-cacheter; desceller; (*fig.*) dévoiler, dé-couvrir, dessiller. **-seam**, *tr.*: ouvrir, trancher. **-searchable**, *adj.*: inscu-rtable; incompréhensible. **-searchable-ness**, *n.*: incompréhensibilité, *f.* **-sea-sonable**, *adj.*: hors de saison; (*untime-ly*) hors de propos, intempestif, inoppor-tun; (*of time*) incommode, indu: — *hours*, heures indues. **-seasonableness**, *n.*: état de ce qui est hors de saison, *m.*; in-opportunité, *f.* **-seasonably**, *adv.*: hors de saison; mal à propos, à contre-temps. **-seasoned**, *adj.*: (*of wood*) non préparé, non séché; (*not accustomed*) non accoutumé, non fait, non endurci; (*to a climate*) non acclimaté; (*cook*) non assai-sonné. **-seat**, *tr.*: renverser d'un siège; (*from horseback*) désarçonner; (*a member of parliament*) faire annuler son élection. **-seaworthy**, *adj.*: qui ne peut tenir la

mer. **-seconded**, *adj.*: non secondé; non appuyé. **-seeing**, *adj.*: aveugle. **-seemliness**, *n.*: inconvenance; messéance, *f.* **-seemly**, *adj.*: inconvenant, mal-séant. **-seen**, *adj.*: sans être vu; invisible. **-sent**, *adj.*: non envoyé; non expédié: — *for*, qu'on n'a pas envoyé chercher. **-served**, *adj.*: non servi. **-serviceable**, *adj.*: inutile, hors de service. **-serviceableness**, *n.*: inutilité, *f.* **-serviceably**, *adv.*: inutilement. **-set**, *adj.*: non posé; non mis; (*max.*) non posé; (*of the sun, etc.*) qui n'est pas couché; (*of tools*) non affûté; (*of precious stones*) non enchâssé; non monté; (*of bones*) non remis, non emboîté. **-settle**, *tr.*: déran-ger; ébranler; faire mouvoir; (*fig.*) dé-ranger, troubler, agiter; *intr.*: se déran-ger; se troubler. **-settled**, *adj.*: non fixé; non établi; (*not firm*) chancelant; (*in mind*) dérangé, troublé; (*not deter-mined*) indéterminé, incertain, irrésolu; (*not paid*) non payé, non liquidé; (*of liquids*) qui n'a pas déposé; (*of the weather*) variable, changeant; inconstant; (*change-able*) inconstant, changeant; (*having no fixed abode*) sans domicile. **-settled-ness**, *n.*: défaut de fixité; état chance-lant, état dérangé, *m.*; (*uncertainty*) in-certitude, inconstance, instabilité, irrésolu-tion, *f.*; (*of the weather*) état variable, état inconstant, *m.*, incertitude, *f.* **-sever-ed**, *adj.*: non séparé, uni. **-sew**, *tr.*: découdre. **-sex**, *tr.*: priver de sexe, des qualités de sexe. **-shackle**, *tr.*: briser les fers de; affranchir. **-shackled**, *adj.*: sans chaînes; sans entrave. **-shaded**, *adj.*: sans ombrage; non ombré. **-shaken**, *adj.*: inébranlable, ferme. **-shapen**, *adj.*: difforme. **-shaved**, *adj.*: non rasé. **-sheathe**, *tr.*: dégainer, tirer de four-reau. **-shelled**, *adj.*: sans coque, sans cosse; dont on n'a pas ôté la coque, la cosse; (*grain*) non égrené. **-sheltered**, *adj.*: sans abri; non protégé; découvert: — *from*, exposé à; non protégé contre. **-shielded**, *adj.*: sans défense, sans abri: — *from*, exposé à. **-ship**, *tr.*: démon-ter, débarquer. **-shod**, *adj.*: déchaussé; sans chaussure; (*of a horse*) défermé. **-shorn**, *adj.*: non tondue; non coupé. **-shut**, *adj.*: non fermé, non clos. **-sifted**, *adj.*: non criblé, non tamisé. **-sightli-ness**, *n.*: nature disgracieuse, laid. **-sig-nally**, *adj.*: disgracieuse, laid. **-sig-nalised**, *adj.*: non signalé. **-silvered**, *adj.*: non argenté; (*of mirrors*) non étamé; désargenté. **-sinew**, *tr.*: affai-blir, énerver. **-singd**, *adj.*: non flambé; non roussi. **-sinning**, *adj.*: qui ne pêche pas. **-skilful**, *adj.*: inhabile; maladroit, ignorant. **-skilfully**, *adv.*: malhabile-

ment, maladroitement. **-skilfulness**, *n.*: inhabileté, maladresse, *f.* **-slacked**, **-slaked**, *adj.*: non éteint; (*of lime*) vivo. **-slung** (*pret.*, *part.* **-slung**), *tr.*: ôter les élingues de. **-smoked**, *adj.*: non fumé. **-sociable**, *adj.*: insociable. **-sociable-ness**, **-sociability**, *n.*: insociabilité, *f.* **-sociably**, *adv.*: insociablement. **-so-cial**, *adj.*: peu social; insociable. **-soiled**, *adj.*: non sali; propre; pur. **-sold**, *adj.*: invendu. **-soldier**, *tr.*: dessouder. **-sol-dierly**, **-soldier-like**, *adj.*: peu mili-taire, indigne d'un soldat. **-solicited**, *adj.*: sans être sollicité, sans sollicitation. **-solicitous**, *adj.*: peu désireux, peu sou-cieux. **-solid**, *adj.*: non solide, sans consistance. **-solved**, *adj.*: non résolu. **-sophistical**, *adj.*: simple; ignorant. **-sophisticated**, **-sophisticato**, *adj.*: non sophistiqué; pur; vrai; non altéré; (*unsophistical*) simple, ignorant. **-sorted**, *adj.*: non trié; non assorti. **-sought**, *adj.*: non recherché; spontané. **-sound**, *adj.*: en mauvais état; (*defective*) défec-tueux, vicieux; (*sickly*) maladié, malsain; (*of mind*) qui n'est pas sain d'esprit; (*not orthodox*) non orthodoxe; (*deceitful*) trom-peur, déloyal; (*not real*) trompeur, illu-soire; (*not compact*) non ferme, non solide; (*not sincere*) insincère, faux; (*not mate-rial*) immatériel; (*erroneous*) erroné, faux; (*not strong*) non ferme; (*cracked*) fêlé; (*credit*) mal établi; (*of sleep*) peu profond. **-sounded**, *adj.*: non sondé. **-soundly**, *adv.*: sans solidité; defectueusement; (*of sleeping*) mal, peu profondément; (*of rea-soning*) faussement. **-soundness**, *n.*: (*defectiveness*) mauvais état, *m.*, mauvaise condition, nature defectueuse, imperfec-tion, *f.*; (*of the body*) état maladié, état malsain, *m.*; (*of principles*) absence de rectitude, *f.*; (*want of solidity*) manque de solidité, de fermeté, *m.*; (*fig.*) infirmité, *f.*; vice, *m.*, impureté, *f.* **-soured**, *adj.*: non aigri. **-sown**, *adj.*: non semé. **-sparing**, *adj.*: prodigue; (*not merciful*) impitoyable. **-sparingly**, *adv.*: avec prodigalité. **-speak** (*pret.* **unspeke**, *past part.* **unspeken**), *tr.*: rétracter; se dédire de. **-speakeable**, *adj.*: inexprimable, inénarrable, indécible. **-speakeably**, *adv.*: d'une manière inexprimable. **-specified**, *adj.*: non spécifié. **-speculative**, *adj.*: peu spéculatif. **-spent**, *adj.*: non dé-pensé; (*not exhausted*) non épuisé; non affaibli; dans toute la force de son impul-sion. **-sphere**, *tr.*: jeter hors de sa sphère. **-spiritual**, *adj.*: non spirituel; corporel, matériel. **-spiritualise**, *tr.*: matérialiser. **-spiritually**, *adv.*: peu spirituellement; mondainement. **-spoiled**, *adj.*: non corrompu, non gâté; (*not ruined*)

non ruiné; (*not plundered*) non spolié. **-spotted**, *adj.*: sans tache; pur. **-spottedness**, *n.*: pureté, *f.* **-stable**, *adj.*: non stable, mal assuré; (*irresolute*) irrésolu; (*inconstant*) inconstant. **-stability**, *n.*: instabilité, *f.* **-staid**, *adj.*: étourdi, volage, léger. **-staidness**, *n.*: étourderie; légèreté; instabilité, *f.* **-stained**, *adj.*: non souillé, pur, sans tache; (*not dyed*) non teint. **-stanch**, *adj.*: non étanché, non arrêté. **-state**, *tr.*: dépouiller de sa dignité. **-statutable**, *adj.*: contraire aux statuts. **-steadfast**, *adj.*: non stable; (*inconstant*) inconstant, indécis. **-steadfastly**, *adv.*: sans fermeté; sans stabilité. **-steadfastness**, *n.*: instabilité; (*inconstancy*) inconstance, *f.* **-steadily**, *adv.*: d'une manière chancelante; (*waveringly*) irrésolument; (*inconstantly*) d'une manière inconstante; (*badly*) mal. **-steadiness**, *n.*: inconstance, légèreté; indécision, irrésolution, *f.*; manque d'aplomb, *m.*; (*misconduct*) inconduite, *f.* **-steady**, *adj.*: chancelant; (*irresolute*) irrésolu; (*changeable*) changeant, variable, inconstant; (*of bad conduct*) qui se conduit mal. **-steeped**, *adj.*: non trempé; non infusé. **-stimulated**, *adj.*: non stimulé; non excité. **-stinted**, *adj.*: non restreint; illimité. **-stirred**, *adj.*: non remué. **-stitch**, *tr.*: découdre, défaire. **-stock**, *tr.*: dégarnir. **-stocked**, *adj.*: dégarni. **-stop**, *tr.*: déboucher. **-stored**, *adj.*: non emmagasiné; (*not supplied*) non approvisionné. **-straitened**, *adj.*: non étreci; non rétréci; non resserré; (*fig.*) non resserré, non gêné. **-strengthened**, *adj.*: non fortifié, non raffermi. **-string** (*pret.*, part. *-strung*), *tr.*: détendre, relâcher; ôter les cordes de; (*beads*) défilé, désenfiler. **-studied**, *adj.*: non étudié; sans apprêt. **-studious**, *adj.*: peu studieux. **-stuffed**, *adj.*: non rempli; non rambourré; (*cook.*) non farci; (*of animals, birds*) non empaillé. **-subdued**, *adj.*: non subjugué; indompté. **-submissive**, *adj.*: insoumis. **-suborned**, *adj.*: non suborné; non corrompu. **-substantial**, *adj.*: immatériel; peu substantiel; peu solide. **-successful**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas réussi; malheureux; sans succès, infructueux. **-successfully**, *adv.*: sans succès, malheureusement. **-successfulness**, *n.*: insuccès, *m.*; irrésuite, *f.* **-succoured**, *adj.*: non secouru; sans secours. **-suitable**, *adj.*: inconvenable; peu propre; peu fait; (*unbecoming*) malséant, inconvenant. **-suitableness**, *n.*: disconvenance; incongruité; inconvenance, *f.* **-suitably**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu convenable; avec inconvenance, inconvenablement. **-suit-**

ed, *adj.*: peu approprié; peu adapté. **-suing**, *adj.*: qui ne convient pas. **-sullied**, *adj.*: sans souillure, sans tache. **-summoned**, *adj.*: non convoqué; non assigné. **-sung**, *adj.*: non chanté. **-supplied**, *adj.*: non pourvu; non approvisionné; non alimenté. **-supported**, *adj.*: sans support; non soutenu, non entretenu; (*fig.*) sans appui. **-sure**, *adj.*: peu sûr; incertain; précaire. **-surpassed**, *adj.*: non surpassé. **-surrendered**, *adj.*: non rendu, non livré. **-surrounded**, *adj.*: non entouré, non ceint. **-suspect**, **-suspected**, *adj.*: non soupçonné; non suspecté; non suspect. **-suspectedly**, *adv.*: sans exciter le soupçon. **-suspecting**, *adj.*: qui ne soupçonne rien; sans soupçon. **-suspicious**, *adj.*: non soupçonneux; sans soupçon; (*not to be suspected*) à l'abri du soupçon. **-suspiciously**, *adv.*: sans soupçon. **-sustainable**, *adj.*: insoutenable. **-sustained**, *adj.*: sans soutien; sans être soutenu. **-swathe**, *tr.*: démailloter. **-swayed**, *adj.*: non influencé. **-swept**, *adj.*: non balayé; (*of chimneys*) non ramoné. **-sworn**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas prêté serment; non assermenté. **-syllogistical**, *adj.*: non syllogistique. **-symmetrical**, *adj.*: peu symétrique. **-sympathizing**, *adj.*: sans sympathie. **-systematical**, *adj.*: peu systématique. **-tack**, *tr.*: détacher; défaire. **-tainted**, *adj.*: non corrompu; non gâté; (*fig.*) intact, pur, sans tache. **-taintedly**, *adv.*: sans tache. **-taken**, *adj.*: qu'on n'a pas pris. **-tamable**, *adj.*: indomptable; inapprivoisable. **-tamed**, *adj.*: indompté; non apprivoisé; inculte. **-tangle** = *disentangle*. **-tarnished**, *adj.*: non terni; sans tache. **-tasted**, *adj.*: qu'on n'a pas goûté. **-taught**, *adj.*: ignorant, illettré, sans éducation; (*of things*) qu'on n'a pas appris, naturel. **-taxed**, *adj.*: exempt d'impôt, exempt d'imposition; (*jur.*) non taxé; (*not accused*) exempt d'accusation, qu'on n'accuse pas. **-teach**, *tr.*: faire désapprendre. **-teachable**, *adj.*: que l'on ne saurait enseigner. **-tempered**, *adj.*: non trempé, non tempéré. **-tenable**, *adj.*: non tenable; insoutenable. **-tenantable**, *adj.*: non logeable. **-tenanted**, *adj.*: sans locataire; sans fermier. **-tended**, *adj.*: non gardé; non soigné. **-terrified**, *adj.*: non épouvanté. **-tested**, *adj.*: non éprouvé. **-thanked**, *adj.*: qui ne reçoit pas de remerciements; sans être remercié. **-thankful**, *adj.*: ingrat. **-thankfully**, *adv.*: avec ingratitude. **-thankfulness**, *n.*: ingratitude, *f.* **-thawed**, *adj.*: non dégelé. **-thinking**, *adj.*: étourdi, irrésolue. **-think-**

ingly, adv.: sans y penser, par distraction.
-thoughtful, adj.: irréfléchi, étourdi.
-thought of, adj.: à quoi on ne pense pas; inattendu.
-thread, tr.: défilier; séparer.
-thrifty, adv.: avec prodigalité.
-thriftness, n.: prodigalité, f.
-thrifty, adj.: prodigue, dépensier; (of things) qui ne profite pas; (of plants, animals) qui ne vient pas bien, languissant.
-tidily, adv.: sans ordre, en désordre.
-tidiness, n.: désordre; mauvais arrangement; (pers.) manque d'ordre, m.
-tidy, adj.: mal arrangé, en désordre.
-tie, tr.: détacher; défaire; délier.
1.-til, prep.: jusque, jusqu'à; jusques, jusques à.
2.-til, conj.: jusqu'à ce que, jusqu'à tant que, en attendant que; = till.
-tile, tr.: ôter les tuiles de, découvrir.
-tillable, adj.: non labourable.
-tilled, adj.: inculte; en friche.
-timely, adv.: avant le temps; d'une manière hâtive, prématurément; mal à propos.
-timely, adv.: avant terme; hâtif, prématuré.
-tinged, adj.: non teint; non empreint; pur.
-tired, adj.: non fatigué; non lassé.
-tiring, adj.: infatigable.
unto, prep.: à, jusqu'à.
un-told, adj.: non raconté, non conté; non exprimé; non compté; non révélé.
-touched, adj.: non touché; intact; (not moved) non ému, insensible.
-toward, adj.: insoumis; indocile; (troublesome) fâcheux; (awkward) gauche, maladroit.
-towards, adv.: d'une manière insoumise; malencontreusement; maladroitement.
-towardness, n.: indocilité, f.; caractère fâcheux, m.; maladresse, f.
-traceable, adj.: qu'on ne peut tracer; (not to be discovered) qu'on ne peut découvrir.
-tractable, adj.: intraitable; docile.
-tractableness, n.: indocilité, f.
-trained, adj.: inexercé; non dressé; inexpérimenté; indiscipliné; sans discipline.
-trammelled, adj.: sans entraves.
-transferable, adj.: non transférable; non transmissible; incessible.
-transferred, adj.: non transféré; non cédé.
-translatable, adj.: intraduisible.
-translated, adj.: non traduit.
-travelled, adj.: inexploré; (pers.) qui n'a pas voyagé.
-tried, adj.: non essayé; non éprouvé; (jur.) qui n'a pas été mis en jugement, non jugé.
-trimmed, adj.: non arrangé; non garni; non orné; non ajusté; non fini.
-trodden, adj.: non foulé, non frayed.
-troubled, adj.: non troublé; calme; paisible; non ennuyé; non tracassé; (of liquids) clair.
-true, adj.: dénué de vérité, non vrai, faux, inexact; infidèle; (inconstant) inconstant, infidèle.
-truly,

adv.: sans vérité, fausseté; inexactement.
-truss, tr.: dépaqueter.
-trustworthy or untrusty, adj.: indigne de confiance; infidèle.
-truth, n.: mensonge, m.; inexactitude, fausseté, f.
-tuck, tr.: détrousser.
-tunable, adj.: inaccordable; peu musical; discordant; inaccordable.
-tune, tr.: désaccorder; déranger.
-turned, adj.: non tourné, non retourné.
-tutored, adj.: peu instruit; ignorant; inculte.
-twine, tr.: détordre; dérouler.
-twist, tr.: détordre, détortiller; défaire; délier; déborder.
-urged, adj.: sans être pressé; spontané.
-used, adj.: non employé; inapte; (of words) inusité; — to, inaccoutumé à.
-useful, adj.: inutile.
-usual, adj.: peu commun; rare; inaccoutumé; extraordinaire; insolite.
-usually, adv.: non habituellement; rarement; extraordinairement.
-usualness, n.: rareté; étrangeté, f.
-utterable, adj.: inexprimable, ineffable.
-valued, adj.: non évalué; non estimé.
-vanquished, adj.: vaincu, indompté.
-varied, adj.: qui ne varie pas; invariable.
-varnished, adj.: non verni; (fig.) simple.
-varying, adj.: invariable.
-veil, tr.: dévoiler.
-venerable, adj.: peu vénérable.
-versed, adj.: peu versé dans.
-vexed, adj.: qui n'est pas contrarié; calme.
-violated, adj.: non violé.
-visited, adj.: non visité, non fréquenté.
-visored, adj.: sans visière; démasqué.
-waked, adj.: non réveillé, endormi.
-walled, adj.: non muré; sans murailles.
-warily, adv.: avec imprévoyance; sans précaution, imprudemment.
-wariness, n.: imprévoyance; étourderie, f.
-warmed, adj.: non échauffé; froid.
-warned, adj.: non averti; non prévenu.
-warrantable, adj.: inexcusable.
-warrantableness, n.: nature inexcusable, f.
-warrantably, adv.: d'une manière inexcusable; sans excuse; injustement.
-warranted, adj.: non garanti; non autorisé.
-wary, adj.: imprévoyant; inconsideré; étourdi, imprudent.
-washed, adj.: non lavé, sale.
-wasted, adj.: non perdu, non gaspillé.
-watched, adj.: qu'on ne veille point; non gardé.
-watered, adj.: non arrosé.
-weakened, adj.: non affaibli.
-wealthy, adj.: peu riche.
-wearied, adj.: non lassé; infatigable, inépuisable.
-weariedly, adv.: sans relâche; sans fatigue.
-weave (pret. *wove*, part. *woven*), **tr.**: déteindre; effiler; démêler.
-weeded, adj.: non sarclé.
-weighed, adj.: non pesé.
-welcome, adj.: qui n'est pas bien venu; mal reçu; mal accueilli; (of things) mal accueilli; (disagree-

able) déplaisant, désagréable. **-well**, *adj.*: malade, indisposé, qui ne se porte pas bien. **-wholesome**, *adj.*: malsain, insalubre; (*pernicious*) pernicieux. **-wholesomeness**, *n.*: nature malsaine, insalubrité, *f.* **-wieldily**, *adv.*: lourdement. **-wieldiness**, *n.*: lourdeur, pesanteur, *f.* **-wieldly**, *adj.*: lourd, pesant. **-willing**, *adj.*: mal disposé; de mauvais vouloir; de mauvaise volonté: *be — to*, n'être pas disposé à; ne pas vouloir. **-willingly**, *adv.*: avec mauvaise volonté; à contre-cœur; sans le vouloir. **-willingness**, *n.*: mauvaise volonté, *f.*; mauvais vouloir, *m.*; répugnance, *f.* **-wind** (pret., part. *-wound*), *tr.*: dévider; dérouler; (*fig.*) débrouiller. **-wiped**, *adj.*: non essuyé. **-wise**, *adj.*: peu sage, malavisé, insensé, sot. **-wisely**, *adv.*: d'une manière peu sage; d'une manière insensée; sottement. **-wished**, *adj.*: non souhaité, non désiré. **-withered**, *adj.*: non desséché, non flétri. **-withering**, *adj.*: qui ne se dessèche pas, qui ne se flétrit pas. **-witnessed**, *adj.*: sans témoins. **-wittily**, *adv.*: sans esprit, sottement. **-wittingly**, *adv.*: sans le savoir, à son insu. **-witty**, *adj.*: sans esprit; sot. **-womanly**, *adj.*: indigne d'une femme. **-wonted**, *adj.*: inaccoutumé, rare. **-wontedly**, *adv.*: rarement. **-wontedness**, *n.*: rareté, *f.* **-wooded**, *adj.*: que l'on ne recherche pas; dédaigné. **-working**, *adj.*: qui ne travaille pas. **-worldliness**, *n.*: absence de mondanité, *f.* **-worldly**, *adj.*: qui n'a rien de ce monde; peu mondain. **-worn**, *adj.*: qui n'a pas été porté; non usé. **-worthily**, *adv.*: indignement; sans le mériter. **-worthiness**, *n.*: manque de mérite, *m.*; indignité, *f.* **-worthy**, *adj.*: indigne; sans mérite. **-wounded**, *adj.*: sans blessure, intact. **-woven**, *adj.*: non tissu; effilé. **-wrap**, *tr.*: défaire, développer, déployer. **-wreath**, *tr.*: dérouler; détordre. **-wrinkle**, *tr.*: déridier. **-written**, *adj.*: non écrit; en blanc. **-wrought**, *adj.*: non travaillé, brut; non ouvré; (*fig.*) naturel. **-wrung**, *adj.*: non tordu; (*fig.*) non navré. **-yielding**, *adj.*: qui ne cède pas; dur; (*fig.*) inflexible, entêté, entier. **-yoke**, *tr.*: ôter le joug à; dételier; (*fig.*) séparer. **-zealous**, *adj.*: peu zélé, sans zèle. **-zoned**, *adj.*: non ceint.

1. up, *adv.*: haut, en haut; en l'air; (*out of bed, above the horizon*) levé; (*on one's legs*) debout; (*excited*) excité; (*in revolt*) en révolte, en insurrection; (*over*) fini; (*in a state of elevation, of ascending*) haut; (*of the tide*) haut, monté; (*of the*

wind) être levé: — *and down*, en haut et en bas; ça et là; *hard* —, vivement pressé; (*without money*) gêné; — *there*, là-haut; — *to*, jusqu'à la hauteur de; (*conformably to*) selon, conformément à; *live — to one's fortune*, vivre selon sa fortune; *be — to snuff*, ne pas se moucher du pied; avoir le fil; —! levez-vous; (*go up*) montez! — *with*, levez! montez! — *comes a foz*, voilà que vient un renard.

2. up, *prep.*: en haut de, au haut de; (*of motion*) en montant. **3. up**, *n.*: haut, *m.*

ûpas, *n.*: (*bot.*) upas, *m.*

upbear (pret. *-bore*; part. *-borne*), *tr.*: élever; soutenir; soulever; supporter.

upbraid, *tr.*: reprocher; faire des reproches; réprimander; réprocher; faire honte à. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui fait des reproches, *f.*; censeur, frondeur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: reproche, *m.*; réprimande, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec reproche.

1. upheave *adv.*, *n.*: jet; coup, *m.* **2. upheave**, *adj.*: lancé en l'air; levé.

ûphand, *adj.*: soulevé avec la main.

uphoave, *tr.*: soulever, lever.

upheld, *adj.*: soutenu, maintenu.

ûphill, *adj.*: qui va en montant, en pente; (*fig.*) pénible, difficile.

uphold (pret., part. *-held*), *tr.*: lever, élever; soutenir. **-er**, *n.*: soutien, appui, *m.*

upholsterer, *n.*: tapissier, *m.*, tapisserie, *f.* **-y**, *n.*: commerce de tapissier, *m.*

1. upland, *n.*: terrain élevé, *m.*; haute terre, *f.* **2. land**, *landish*, *adj.*: des terrains élevés; des hautes terres. **lander**, *n.*: montagnard, *m.*

uplift, *tr.*: lever, élever, soulever.

upon, *prep.*: sur; (*on occasion of*) dans, à l'occasion de; (*before a present participle*) en; (*noting exposure*) sous; (*engaged in*) occupé à: *live —*, vivre de; se nourrir de; — *pain of*, sous peine de; — *the first of January*, le premier Janvier; — *it*, dessus; — *that*, là-dessus; — *the death of*, à la mort de.

upper, *adj.*: supérieur; d'en haut; de dessus; au-dessus; haut; (*geog.*) haut.

-hand, *n.*: avantage, *m.*; supériorité, *f.*

-leather, *n.*: empeigne, *f.* **-most**, *adj.*: supérieur, le plus élevé; (*fig.*) le plus fort, dominant.

upraise, *tr.*: lever, élever; (*fig.*) ranimer, exalter.

uprear, *tr.*: élever, soulever.

1. upright, *adj.*: droit; debout; à plomb vertical; (*honest*) droit, honnête, loyal, intègre. **2. upright**, *n.*: élévation, *f.*; montant, *m.* **-ously**, *adv.*: avec droiture. **-ly**, *adv.*: droit, debout, à plomb, de champ; (*honestly*) avec droiture, loya-

lement. **-ness**, *n.*: aplomb, *m.*: (*honesty*) droiture, loyauté, intégrité, *f.*

up-rise (pret. *-rose*; part. *-risen*), *intr.*: se lever. **-rising**, *n.*: lever, *m.*

up-rear, *n.*: tumulte, désordre; vacarme, *m.* **-rôarious**, *adj.*: bruyant; tumultueux. **-rôariously**, *adv.*: avec un grand vacarme. **-rôll**, *tr.*: rouler; ser-rer. **-rôot**, *tr.*: déraciner, extirper.

-sôt (pret., part. *-set*), *tr.*: renverser; bouleverser; (a *vehicle*) verser; (a *boat*) faire chavirer; *intr.*: se renverser; (of *vehicles*) verser; (of *boats*) chavirer.

ûpshot, *n.*: résultat, *m.*: issue, fin, *f.*; résultat définitif, fin mot, *m.*: on the —, en définitive.

ûpside, *n.*: dessus, *m.* **-down**, *adv.*: sens dessus dessous.

1.ûpstârt, *n.*: parvenu, *m.*, parvenue, *f.* **2.upstart**, *adj.*: qui croît soudainement; subit; parvenu.

upstây, *tr.*: étayer; appuyer.

upteâr, *tr.*: arracher.

uptûrn, *tr.*: tourner; retourner; lever.

1.upward ûp-wêrd, *s*, *adv.*: en haut; en remontant; (*over*) au-delà; (*nav.*) en amont: — *of*, plus de; — *s and down-*

wards, en haut et en bas: par haut et par bas. **2.upward**, *adj.*: dirigé en haut; ascensionnel; de bas en haut; droit.

ûpwhirl, *tr.*: faire tourner en l'air.

ûranîte, *n.*: (min.) urane, *m.*

urânium, *n.*: (chem.) uranium, *m.*

uran-ogrophical, *adj.*: uranographi-que. **-ôgraphy**, *n.*: uranographie, *f.*

-ôscopus, *n.*: (icht.) uranoscope, *m.*

ûrate, *n.*: (chem.) urate, *m.*

ûr-ban, *adj.*: urbain. **-bâne**, *adj.*: qui a de l'urbanité, poli. **-bânity**, *n.*: ur-banité, *f.*

urêcolate, *adj.*: (bot.) urêcolé.

ûrchin, *n.*: gamin, moutard; (*mam.*) hé-risson, *m.*

ûrea, *n.*: (chem.) urée, *f.*

urêdo, *n.*: (bot.) urêdo, *m.*

ûre-ox, *n.*: (*mam.*) ure, urus, aurochs, *m.*

urê-ter, *n.*: urètre, *m.* **-thra**, *n.*: (*anat.*) urètre, urèthre, *m.*

ûr-ge, *tr.*: presser; pousser, exciter, por-ter, hâter, avancer; (*exasperate*) provo-quer, irriter, exciter; (*follow closely*) suivre de près, presser; (*press with eager-*

ness) prier instamment, presser vivement; (*importune*) importuner; (*petition, etc.*) présenter, produire; (*argument*) avancer, émettre; (*the necessity of*) faire valoir; (*ore*) donner un coup de feu à; *intr.*: avancer; se hâter: — *on*, pousser, exci-ter, porter. **-geney**, *n.*: urgence; né-cessité urgente, *f.*; besoin pressant, *m.*; (*earnest solicitation*) sollicitation urgente, *f.*

-gent, *adj.*: urgent; instant; pres-

sant. **-gently**, *adv.*: avec urgence; instamment. **-ger**, *n.*: solliciteur; im-portun, *m.* **-ging**, *adj.*: pressant; impor-tun.

ûri-c, *adj.*: (chem.) urique. **-nal**, *n.*: urinal, *m.* **-nârium**, *1.-nary*, *n.*: résér-voir d'urine, *m.* **2.-nary**, *adj.*: (*anat.*) urinaire. **2.-nary**, *n.*: urinoir, *m.* **-ne**, *n.*: urine, *f.* **-nose**, **-nous**, *adj.*: uri-neux.

ûrn, *n.*: urne, *f.*; vase, *m.*; (*for tea, cof-fee*) fontaine, *f.*

Ur-sa û., *n.*: (*astron.*) Ourse, *f.*: — *Major*, grande Ourse; — *Minor*, petite Ourse.

-sine, *adj.*: d'ours.

urticâria, *n.*: urticaire, *f.*

ûs, *pron.*: nous.

ûsage, *n.*: usage; procédé; traitement, *m.* **ûsancee**, *n.*: usance, *f.*

1.ûse, *n.*: usage, emploi, *m.*; (*utility*) utili-té, *f.*; (*advantage*) avantage, profit; (*in-terest*) intérêt; (*custom*) usage; (*jur.*) usage, usufruit, *m.*, jouissance, *f.*: *for the*

— of, à l'usage de; au profit de; *of* —, utile; *of great* —, très utile; d'une grande utilité; *of no* —, inutile; d'aucune utilité; qui ne sert à rien; *if* —, d'usage, en usage, employé; (*of words*) usité; *out of* —, hors d'usage; inusité; *what is the*

— of doing it? à quoi sert de le faire? *make* — *of*, faire usage de; se servir de; *have no further* — *for*, n'avoir plus besoin de; *it is of no* — *for one to ...*, on a beau ...

2.ûse, *tr.*: faire usage de; user de; se servir de; employer; (*consume*) user, con-sommer; (*accustom*) accoutumer, habituer; (*treat*) en user avec, agir envers; *intr.*: avoir coutume, avoir l'habitude; (*of things*) être ordinairement. **-ful**, *adj.*: utile; avantageux. **-fully**, *adv.*: utilement; avec profit; avantageusement. **-fulness**, *n.*: utilité, *f.*; profit, avantage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: inutile; sans avantage; vain. **-lessly**, *adv.*: inutilement. **-lessness**, *n.*: inutilité; vanité, *f.* **-r-zêr**, *n.*: personne qui se sert de, *f.*

1.ûsher, *n.*: huissier; (*in schools*) sous-maître, maître d'étude, *m.* **2.ûsher**, *tr.*: introduire; faire entrer; précéder.

ûsquebaugh, *n.*: usquebac, *m.*

ûstion, *n.*: ustion, *f.*

ûsual, *adj.*: ordinaire, commun; habituel; accoutumé; usuel: *as* —, comme d'ordi-naire; comme à l'ordinaire; comme de coutume; comme d'habitude. **-ly**, *adv.*: ordinairement, d'ordinaire; usuellement; habituellement. **-ness**, *n.*: habitude, fré-quence, *f.*

usucâption, *n.*: (*jur.*) usucapion, *f.*

ûsu-fruct, *n.*: (*jur.*) usufruit, *m.* **-frûc-tuary**, *n.*: usufruitier, *m.*, usufruitière, *f.*

ûsurer, *n.*: usurier, *m.*

usurious, *adj.*: qui fait l'usure; usuraire. **-ly**, *adv.*: usurairement. **-ness**, *n.*: nature usuraire, *f.*

usûrp, *tr.*: usurper. **-âtîon**, *n.*: usurpation, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: usurpateur, *m.*, usurpatrice, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: par usurpation.

ûsury, *n.*: usure, *f.*

utênsil, *n.*: ustensile, *m.*

ûte-rine, *adj.*: utérin. **-ro-gestation**, *n.*: gestation; grossesse utérine, *f.* **-rus**, *n.*: (anat.) utérus, *m.*, matrice, *f.*

u-tilitarian, *adj.*: utilitaire. **-tîlity**, *n.*: utilité, *f.*; avantage, *m.* **-tîlîsâtîon**, *n.*: utilisation, *f.* **-û-tîlîse**, *tr.*: utiliser.

1.ûtmôst, *adj.*: extrême, dernier; le plus haut; le plus grand; le plus imminent. **2.utmost**, *n.*: extrême, plus haut degré, comble; (all one can) possible, tout son possible, le plus possible, *m.*: do one's —, faire tout son possible.

Utô-pia, *n.*: utopie, *f.* **-pian**, *adj.*: d'utopie, chimérique. **-pianist**, **-pist**, *n.*: utopiste, *m.*

1.ûtter, *adj.*: (total) total, entier, complet; (absolute) absolu, positif; (extreme) le plus profond, le plus grand, le plus reculé; (quite) tout à fait, parfaitement; (placed on the outside) extérieur: to my — astonishment, à mon grand étonnement; — strangers to one another, tout à fait inconnus l'un à l'autre. **2.utter**, *tr.*: énoncer, proférer, prononcer; (disclose) révéler, dire, publier; (send into circulation) mettre en circulation, émettre; (sighs, groans) pousser, jeter. **-able**, *adj.*: qu'on peut prononcer. **-ance**, *n.*: articulation, prononciation; parole; (of sounds) émission, *f.*: deprive of —, priver de la parole. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui articule, qui prononce, qui émet, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: de fond en comble; tout à fait, complètement, entièrement. **-most** = utmost.

ûv-ea, *n.*: (anat.) uvée, *f.* **-eous**, *adj.*: de l'uvée. **-ula**, *n.*: (anat.) luette, *f.* **-ular**, *adj.*: (anat.) uvulaire.

ûxô-rious, *adj.*: tendre à l'excès pour sa femme; esclave de sa femme. **-ly**, *adv.*: avec une sotte complaisance pour sa femme. **-ness**, *n.*: sotte complaisance pour sa femme, *f.*

V

v vè, *n.*: v, *m.*

vâ-caney, *n.*: vide, *m.*; lacune, *f.*; (leisure) loisir, repos; (emptiness of thought) manque de réflexion, *m.*; (place not occupied) place vacante, vacance, *f.* **-cant**, *adj.*: vide; (free) libre; (not occupied) vacant; (of time) perdu, libre, de loisir;

(indicating want of thought) sans expression, insignifiant; (thoughtless) qui ne réfléchit pas; (free from care) exempt de souci; (jur.) vacant. **-cate**, *tr.*: laisser vacant; (jur.) vider; (annul) annuler, abolir; (resign) donner sa démission de, quitter. **-câtîon**, *n.*: vacation, *f.*; (holidays) vacances; (courts of law) vacations, *f. pl.*; (annulment) annulation, abolition, *f.*

vâc-cinate, *tr.*: vacciner. **-cînâtîon**, *n.*: vaccination, vaccine, *f.* **-cîne**, *adj.*: de vache. **-cîne-matter**, *n.*: vaccin, virus vaccin, *m.*

vâcîl-late, *intr.*: vaciller; (fig.) balancer. **-lâtîng**, *adj.*: vacillant; indécis. **-lâtîon**, *n.*: vacillation, *f.*

vacuîty, *n.*: vide, *m.*; vacuité; lacune, *f.* **1.vâcu-ous**, *adj.*: vide. **-um**, *n.*: vide, *m.*: — gauge, jauge de vide, *f.*; — pipe, tube atmosphérique, *m.*

vâde-mêcum, *n.*: vade-mecum, *m.*

1.vâgabond, *n.*: vagabond, *m.*, vagabonde, *f.* **2.vagabond**, *adj.*: errant, vagabond; flottant. **-age**, **-ism**, *n.*: vagabondage, *m.* **-ise**, *intr.*: vagabonder. **-ry**, *n.*: vagabondage, *m.*

vagâry, *n.*: caprice, *m.*; quinte, boutade, *f.*

vagina, *n.*: (anat.) vagin, *m.* **-1**, *adj.*: (anat.) vaginal.

vâ-graney, *n.*: vagabondage, *m.* **-grant**, *adj.*: vagabond; errant. **-grant**, *n.*: vagabond, *m.*, vagabonde, *f.*; homme sans aveu, *m.* **-grantly**, *adv.*: en vagabond.

vâgue, *adj.*: vague. **-ly**, *adv.*: vaguement. **-ness**, *n.*: vague, *m.*

vâîls, *n. pl.*: gratifications aux domestiques, *f. pl.*

vâîn, *adj.*: vain; (showy) fastueux, somptueux; (false) faux, mensonger; (conceited) vain, vaniteux; (proud) orgueilleux, superbe: it is in — for one to..., on a beau...; in —, en vain; vainement; en pure perte. **-glôrîous**, *adj.*: vain; orgueilleux, superbe. **-glôry**, *n.*: vaine gloire; gloriole, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: en vain; vainement; (foolishly) sottement; (arrogantly) orgueilleusement, avec vanité. **-ness**, *n.*: inutilité; (empty pride) vanité, *f.*

vâîr, *n.*: (her.) vair, *m.*

1.vâlance, *n.*: pente, cantonnière, *f.* **2.valance**, *tr.*: mettre des pentes à; mettre une cantonnière à.

vâîle, *n.*: vallon, *m.*; vallée, *f.*

valedîc-tîon, *n.*: adieu, *m.* **1.-tory**, *adj.*: d'adieu. **2.-tory**, *n.*: discours d'adieu, *m.*

vâlentine, *n.*: amant choisi le jour de la Saint-Valentin; (letter) billet de la St.-V. (14. fév.) *m.*: —'s day, la St.-Valentin, *f.*

valérien, *n.*: (bot.) valériane, *f.*
valet, *n.*: valet, *m.*: — de chambre, valet de chambre, *m.*
vale-tudinaire, *-tudinarius*, *n.* and *adj.*: valétudinaire.
valliant, *adj.*: vaillant, valeureux, brave.
-ly, *adv.*: vaillamment, bravement. **-ness**, *n.*: valeur, vaillance, bravoure, *f.*
vál-id, *adj.*: valable, valide: *make* —, rendre valable, valider. **-idate**, *tr.*: valider, rendre valable. **-idity**, **-idness**, *n.*: validité, *f.* **-idly**, *adv.*: valablement, valablement.
valise, *n.*: valise, *f.*
vallation, *n.*: circonvallation, *f.*
válley, *n.*: vallée, *f.*; vallon; (*arch.*) chéneau, *m.*
vállum, *n.*: retranchement, *m.*
válor, *n.*: valeur, vaillance, bravoure, *f.*
-ous, *adj.*: vaillant, valeureux, brave.
-ously, *adv.*: vaillamment, valeureusement.
válour = *valor*.
vál-uable, *adj.*: précieux. **-uableness**, *n.*: valeur, *f.*; prix, *m.* **-uables**, *n.*: choses de prix; choses précieuses, *f. pl.*; objets de luxe, *m. pl.* **-uátion**, *n.*: évaluation, estimation, appréciation, *f.* **-uátor**, *n.*: estimateur, *m.* **1-ue**, *n.*: valeur, *f.*; prix, *m.*; (*precise signification*) valeur, signification; (*importance*) valeur, importance, *f.*: *set* a — *on*, estimer. **2-ue**, *tr.*: évaluer, estimer, apprécier; (*reckon*) évaluer, estimer, calculer; (*esteem*) estimer, priser, apprécier, faire cas de, tenir à; (*take account of*) calculer, tenir compte de. **-ued**, *adj.*: estimé, apprécié, prisé. **-uless**, *adj.*: sans valeur, sans prix. **-uer**, *n.*: estimateur, appréciateur.
vál-vate, *adj.*: (bot.) valvé, valvaire.
-ve, *n.*: soupape, valve, *f.*; clapet, *m.*; (*of a lock-gate*) ventelle, soupape, *f.*; (*of a door*) battant, *m.*; (*anat.*) valvule; (*bot., conch.*) valve, *f.* **-ve-box**, *n.*: boîte à soupape; boîte de tiroir, *f.* **-ve-casing**, *n.*: boîte à tiroir, *f.* **-ve-door**, *n.*: porte de soupape, *f.* **-ved**, *adj.*: à soupape; (*bot.*) valvé, à valves. **-vet**, **-vlet**, **-vule**, *n.*: (*anat., bot.*) valvule, *f.* **-vular**, *adj.*: valvulaire; de soupape.
1-vámp, *n.*: empeigne, *f.* **2-vámp**, *tr.*: raccommodeur, rapiécier. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui rapiécie, *f.*
vámpire, *n.*: vampire, *m.*
1-ván, *n.*: (*agr.*) van, *m.*; aile, *f.*
2-ván, *n.*: charrette, carriole; voiture (*or wagon*, *m.*) de déménagement; char à bancs; wagon, *m.*
3-ván, *n.*: avant-garde, *f.* **-courier**, *n.*: avant-coureux, précurseur; (*milit.*) éclaireur, *m.*

1-Ván-dal, *n.*: Vandale, *m.*, *f.* **2-dal**, *adj.*: vandale. **-dállo**, *adj.*: de vandale; (*geog.*) vandaliq. **-dálism**, *n.*: vandalisme, *m.*
váne, *n.*: girouette, *f.*; (*of a steam-engine*) registre; (*in mathematical instruments*) gabet, *m.*, pinnule; (*nav.*) girouette, *f.*; (*flag*) guidon, *m.* **-spindle**, *n.*: fer de girouette, *m.*
ván-guard, *n.*: avant-garde, *f.*
vanilla, *n.*: vanille, *f.* **-tree**, *n.*: vanille, *f.*; vanillier, *m.*
vánish, *intr.*: s'évanouir; disparaître. **-ed**, *adj.*: évanoui, disparu. **-ing**, *n.*: action de s'évanouir; disparition; (*persp.*) fuite, *f.* **-point**, *n.*: point de fuite, *m.*
vánity, *n.*: vanité, *f.*: — fair, la foire aux vanités, *f.*
vánquish, *tr.*: vaincre; dompter. **-able**, *adj.*: que l'on peut vaincre. **-er**, *n.*: vainqueur, *m.*
vántage, *n.*: occasion favorable, *f.*
-ground, *n.*: terrain avantageux; avantage, *m.*; supériorité, *f.*
váp-id, *adj.*: fade; insipide; (*unanimated*) inanimé, inerte; (*of liquors*) plat, évanoué. **-idity** = **-idness**. **-idly**, *adv.*: insipidement. **-idness**, *n.*: fadeur; insipidité; (*dulness*) natuŕe inanimée, inertie; (*of liquor*) platitude, *f.*
1-vápor, *n.*: vapeur; fumée, *f.*: (*wind*) vent, *m.*; flatuosité; (*fig.*) fumée, *f.*: —, hystérie, *f. sing.*; vapeurs, *f. pl.*; — bath, bain de vapeur, *m.* **2-vápor**, *intr.*: s'évaporer; (*bully*) faire le fier-à-bras, faire le rodomont; (*boast*) se targuer, se vanter, se prévaloir, se glorifier; *tr.*: exhaler. **-ed**, *adj.*: humide de vapeur; (*fig.*) vapoureux. **-er**, *n.*: vantard, *m.*; vantarde, *f.* **-ing**, *adj.*: glorieux; vantard. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en se vantant. **-ish**, *adj.*: vapoureux. **-isable**, *adj.*: vaporisable. **-isátion**, *n.*: vaporisation, *f.* **-ise**, *tr.*: vaporiser; *intr.*: se vaporiser. **-ous**, *adj.*: vapoureux; (*windy*) venteux, flatueux; (*vain*) vain. **-y**, *adj.*: vapoureux.
vápour, etc. = *vapor*, etc.
várec, *n.*: (bot.) varech, fucus, *m.*
1-vári-able, *adj.*: variable, changeant, variant; (*inconstant*) inconstant; (*math.*) variable; (*of feasts*) mobile; (*of colour*) changeant. **2-able**, *n.*: (*math.*) quantité variable, *f.* **-ableness**, *n.*: variabilité; inconstance, *f.* **-ably**, *adv.*: variablement, d'une manière variable. **-ancee**, *n.*: dissidence, discorde, *f.*; désaccord, *m.*; (*jur.*) modification, *f.*: at —, en désaccord; mal ensemble; en mésintelligence; brouillé. **-átion** **va-**, *n.*: variation, *f.*; changement, *m.*; (*astron., math., mus.*) variation; (*gram.*) inflexion; (*of the needle*) variation, déclinaison, *f.*

vari-cella, *n.*: (med.) varicelle, *f.*
vâri-coc-cle, *n.*: (med.) varicocèle, *f.*
-cose, -cous, *adj.*: (med.) variqueux.
vâri-ed, *adj.*: varié. **-egate**, *tr.*: varier, nuancer; rendre panaché. **-egated**, *adj.*: varié, nuancé; (bot.) varié, panaché; (of lamps) de couleurs diverses. **-egation**, *n.*: variété de nuances, *fr.* diaphane; bigarrure; panachure, *f.*
variety, *n.*: variété; quantité; race, *f.*
variola, *n.*: varicelle, petite vérole, *f.*
vâri-olite, *n.*: (min.) variolite, *f.* **-loid**, *n.*: (med.) varioloïde, *f.*
variolous, *adj.*: (med.) variolique.
vâri-ous, *adj.*: divers, différent; (changeable) changeant, variable; (diversified) varié, différent: — readings, variantes, *f. pl.* **-ly**, *adv.*: différemment, diversement.
vârix (pl. varices), *n.*: (med.) varice, *f.*
vârlet, *n.*: varlet; domestique, valet; coquin, drôle, *m.*
1. vârnish, *n.*: vernis, *m.* **2. vârnish**, *tr.*: vernir, vernisser; (fig.) farder. **-er**, *n.*: vernisseur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: vernissure, *f.*
vâry, *tr.*: varier; diversifier; *intr.*: varier; (disagree) différer, être d'avis différent; (deviate) dévier, s'écarter; (change in succession) se suivre.
vâscu-lar, *adj.*: vasculaire; vasculaire.
-larity, *n.*: état vasculaire, *m.*
vâse, *n.*: vase, *m.*
vâssal, *n.*: vassal, *m.*, vassale, *f.*; esclave, *m., f.* **-age**, *n.*: vasselage; esclavage, asservissement, *m.*
1. vâst, *adj.*: vaste; immense. **2. vâst**, *n.*: vaste espace, espace vide, *m.*; immensité, *f.* **-ly**, *adv.*: immensément; excessivement. **-ness**, *n.*: vaste étendue, grandeur, immensité; (importance) grande importance, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: vaste, immense.
vât, *n.*: cuve, *f.*; cuvier, *m.*
vât-ic-ide, *n.*: assassin d'un prophète, *m.*
vâti-ci-nal, *adj.*: prophétique. **-nate**, *intr.*: prophétiser. **-nâ-tion**, *n.*: prophétie, prédiction, *f.*
vaudeville **vô-d**, *n.*: vaudeville, *m.*
1. vâult, *n.*: voûte; cave, *f.*; (cellar) cave, *f.*, cellier; (for the dead) caveau, *m.*, sépulture, *f.*; (leap) saut, *m.* **2. vâult**, *tr.*: voûter; *intr.*: sauter, bondir; faire de voltes; voltiger. **-ed**, *adj.*: voûté. **-er**, *n.*: voltigeur, sauteur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: (arch.) construction de voûtes, *f.*; (vaults) voûtes, *f. pl.* **-y**, *adj.*: voûté; arqué.
1. vâunt, *intr.*: se vanter; se glorifier; *tr.*: vanter. **2. vâunt**, *n.*: vanterie, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: vantard, *fr.* vanteur, *m.* **-ful**, *adj.*: plein de jactance. **-ing**, *n.*: vanterie, jactance, *f.* **-ingly**, *adv.*: avec jactance; en se vantant.

vêal, *n.*: veau, *m.* **-broth**, *n.*: bouillon de veau, *m.* **-outlet**, *n.*: côtelette de veau, *f.* **-pie**, *n.*: pâté de veau, *m.*
vêda, *n.*: veda, *m.*
vedette, *n.*: vedette, *f.*
vêr, *intr.*: tourner, changer de direction; (of ships) virer vent arrière; (of the wind) se ranger de l'arrière, adonner; *tr.*: virer; (a rope) filer.
1. vêge-table, *adj.*: végétal; végétatif; végétale. **2. -table**, *n.*: végétal; (food) légume, *m.* **-tability**, *n.*: végétalité. **-tate**, *intr.*: végéter. **-tâ-tion**, *n.*: végétation, *f.* **-tative**, *adj.*: végétatif; végétant. **-tâ-tiveness**, *n.*: qualité végétative, *f.*
vêhe-mence, *n.*: véhémence; force, violence, *f.* **-ment**, *adj.*: véhément; impétueux; violent. **-mently**, *adv.*: avec véhémence; impétueusement; violemment; ardemment.
vêhicle, *n.*: véhicule, *m.*; voiture, *f.*
1. vêil, *n.*: voile, *m.* **2. vêil**, *tr.*: voiler; (fig.) voiler, masquer. **-less**, *adj.*: sans voile.
1. vêin, *n.*: (anat., in marble, etc.) veine; (bot.) nervure; (geol., min.) veine, *f.*, filon, *m.*; (humour) veine, humeur; (turn of mind) veine, disposition; (current) veine, source, *f.* **2. vêin**, *tr.*: veiner. **-ed**, *adj.*: veineux, veiné. **-ing**, *n.*: (paint.) veinage, *m.* **-less**, *adj.*: (bot.) dépourvu de nervures.
veliferous, *adj.*: à voiles, pourvu de voiles, vélicifère.
velléity, *n.*: velléité, *f.*
vêlli-gate, *tr.*: tirer, tirailler; (stimulate) stimuler. **-câ-tion**, *n.*: tiraillement, *m.*; torsion, *f.*
vêllum, *n.*: vélin, *m.*
velôci-pède, *n.*: vélocipède, *m.* **-ty**, *n.*: vélocité, vitesse, célérité, *f.*
vêlum, *n.*: (anat.) voile, *m.*
1. vêlvet, *n.*: velours, *m.* **2. vêlvet**, *adj.*: de velours; (fig.) doux. **3. vêlvet**, *intr.*: peindre du velours; velouter. **-down**, *n.*: velouté, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: de velours; velouté, doux. **-ên**, *n.*: velours de coton croisé, *m.* **-flower**, *n.*: (bot.) amarante, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: velouté, *m.* **-y**, *like*, *adj.*: velouté.
vê-nal, *adj.*: vénal. **-nality**, *n.*: vénalité; corruption, *f.*
vên-ary, *adj.*: de vénerie; de chasse. **-â-tic(al)**, *adj.*: de chasse, pour la chasse.
venâ-tion, *n.*: (bot.) nervation, *f.*
vênd, *tr.*: vendre; débiter. **-êe**, *n.*: (jur.) acquéreur, *m.* **-or**, *n.*: vendeur; débitant, *m.* **-ible**, *adj.*: vendable. **-ibleness**, *n.*: facilité de vente, *f.* **-ibly**, *adv.*: d'une manière vendable. **-or**, *n.*: vendeur, *m.*, vendeuse: (jur.) venderesse,

f. -*ae*, n.: (com.) vente aux enchères, f.; encan, m. -*master*, n.: commissaire-priseur, m.

1. *venêr*, tr.: plaquer. 2. *veneer*, n.: feuille à plaquer; plaque, f. -*ing*, n.: placage, m. -*ing-web*, n.: scie de placage, f.

vénér-able, adj.: vénérable, respectable. -*ableness*, n.: caractère vénérable, m. -*ably*, adv.: vénérablement. -*ate*, tr.: vénérer, révéler. -*ation*, n.: vénération, f. -*ator*, n.: personne qui vénère, f.

venê-real, adj.: vénérien; (illness) vénérien; syphilitique; (medicines) antivénérien; antisiphilitique; (aphrodisiac) aphrodisiaque. -*reous*, adj.: lubrique, sensuel.

†*vénereous* = *venereous*.

vénery, n.: coit, m.: (hunt.) chasse, vénerie, f.

venesection, n.: phlébotomie, saignée, f. *Venétian*, adj.: vénitien, de Venise; n.: Vénitien, m., Vénitienne, f.: — *shutter*, persienne, f.

venge-ance, n.: vengeance, f.: out of —, par vengeance. -*ful*, adj.: vindicatif; vengeur.

vénial, adj.: véniel, pardonnable. -*ly*, adv.: d'une manière vénielle; pardonnalement; véniellement. -*ness*, n.: nature vénielle, f.

venire-facias, n.: (jur.) ordre de convocation; ordre de comparaître, m.

venison, n.: venaison, f.

venom, n.: venin; poison, m. -*ous*, adj.: (of animals) venimeux; (of plants) vénéneux; (fig.) dangereux, méchant, venimeux. -*ously*, adv.: d'une manière venimeuse; méchamment. -*ousness*, n.: venin, poison, m.; nature venimeuse; nature vénéneuse, f.

vénous, adj.: (anat.) veineux; (bot.) veiné.

1. *vênt*, n.: issue; ouverture, f.; passage, m.; (of a gun) lumière, f.; (of a cask) trou de fausset, m.; (publication) publication; (emission) issue; (utterance) articulation; carrière, f.; cours, libre cours, m.; (sale) vente, f.: give — to, donner carrière à, donner un libre cours à. 2. *vent*, tr.: donner issue à; donner carrière à; donner cours à; donner un libre cours à; exhiler. -*age*, n.: petit trou, m. 1. -*er*, n.: divulgateur.

2. *vênter*, n.: ventre, abdomen, m.

vênt-hole, n.: soupirail; aspirateur de pompe; (of a cask) trou de fausset, m.

vêntiduct, n.: soupirail, m.; (arch.) ventouse, f.

vênti-late, tr.: aérer, ventiler; (agri.) vanner. -*lation*, n.: ventilation, f.;

(agri.) vannage, m. -*lator*, n.: ventilateur, m.

†*ventosity*, n.: ventosité; flatuosité, f. *vên-tral*, adj.: ventral. -*tricle*, n.: ventricule, m.

ventri-loquism, -*loquy*, n.: ventriloquie, f. -*loquist*, n.: ventriloque, m. -*loquous*, adj.: ventriloque.

1. *vên-ture*, n.: aventure, f.; risque, hasard, m.; chance; (com.) pacotille, f.: at a —, à l'aventure; au hasard. 2. -*ture*, tr.: aventurer, risquer, hasarder; intr.: s'aventurer; se risquer, se hasarder sur, dans; s'aventurer sur, dans; entreprendre; — to, oser. -*turer*, n.: personne aventureuse, f. -*turesome*, adj.: aventureux; hasardeux. -*turesomely*, adv.: aventureusement, d'une manière aventureuse. -*turous*, adj.: aventuré, aventureux; hasardeux; audacieux. -*turously*, adv.: aventureusement, d'une manière aventureuse; hardiment. -*turousness*, n.: caractère aventureux, m.; hardiesse, audace, f.

vénue, n.: (jur.) voisinage, m.

Vénus, n.: (myth., astron., mol.) Vénus, vénus, f.: —'s comb, (bot.) peigne de Vénus, m., aiguille de Berger, f.; —'s looking-glass, miroir de Vénus, m.

ver-acious, adj.: vrai, véridique. -*acety*, n.: véracité; véridicité; vérité, f.

ver-ánda, n.: véranda, f.

ver-á-tria, -*trine*, n.: (chem.) véra-trine, f.

verb, n.: verbe, m. 1. -*al*, adj.: verbal, de vive voix; oral; (literal) mot à mot, littéral; (gram.) verbal. 2. -*al*, n.: (gram.) substantif verbal, m. †*-ality*, n.: expression littérale, f. -*alise*, tr.: changer en verbe. -*ally*, adv.: verbalement; de vive voix, oralement; (literally) mot à mot, littéralement. -*-atim*, adv.: mot pour mot, à la lettre.

verbena, n.: verveine, f.

verberation, n.: action de frapper; (phys.) percussion, f.

verb-íage, n.: verbiage, m. -*-ise*, adj.: verbeux, diffus. -*-osity*, n.: verbosité, diffusion, f.

verd-áney, n.: verdure, f. -*-ant*, adj.: verdoyant, vert; fleurissant. -*-orer*, n.: verdier, m.

verdiot, n.: verdict; jugement, arrêt, m.

verdigris, n.: vert-de-gris, verdet, m.

verdu-re, n.: verdure, f. -*-ror*, n.: verdier, m. -*-rous*, adj.: verdoyant, vert.

1. *vêr-ge*, n.: verge, f.; (jur.) ressort, m.; (horol.) verge, f.; (gard.) bord, m., bordure, f.; (brink) bord, m., extrémité;

(of a forest) lisière, *f.*: on the — of, à la veille de. 2. **ge**, *intr.*: pencher: — on, approcher de. **ger**, *n.*: porte-verge; huisier à verge, *m.*

véri-fiable, *adj.*: qu'on peut vérifier. **-fication**, *n.*: vérification, *f.* **-ficative**, *adj.*: vérificatif. **-fier**, *n.*: personne qui prouve, qui constate, *f.* **-fy**, *tr.*: vérifier; prouver, constater, établir. **-ly**, *adv.*: en vérité, véritablement, vraiment. **-similar**, *adj.*: vraisemblable. **-similitude**, *f.* **-similarity**, *n.*: vraisemblance, *f.* **-table**, *adj.*: véritable. **-tably**, *adv.*: véritablement. **-ty**, *n.*: vérité; véracité, *f.*

verjuice, *n.*: verjus, *m.*

ver-meil, *n.*: vermillon, *m.* **-micelli**, *n.*: vermicelle, *m.*: — soup. potage au vermicelle, *m.* **-micular**, *adj.*: vermiculaire; vermiculé. **-miculate**, *tr.*: (arch.) orner de vermiculures. **-miculated**, *adj.*: vermiculé. **-miculation**, *n.*: mouvement vermiculaire, *m.*; (arch.) vermiculures, *f. pl.* **-micule**, *n.*: vermicule, *m.* **-miculous**, *miculose*, *adj.*: plein de vers; vermiculaire. **-miform**, *adj.*: vermiforme, vermiculaire. **-mifuge**, *n.*: vermifuge, *m.* 1. **-million**, *n.*: vermillon, *m.* 2. **-million**, *tr.*: vermillonner. **-min**, *n.*: vermine, *f.* **-minate**, *intr.*: engendrer de la vermine. **-mination**, *n.*: production de la vermine, *f.* **-minous**, *adj.*: qui tend à produire de la vermine. **-miparous**, *adj.*: qui engendre des vers. **-mivorous**, *adj.*: vermivore.

vernacular, *adj.*: natal, du pays; national; naturel; (disease) endémique, du pays.

ver-nal, *tr. nant*, *adj.*: du printemps; printanier; (bot.) vernal; (fig.) de la jeunesse. **-nation**, *n.*: (bot.) vernal, préfoliation, *f.*

vernier, *n.*: vernier, *m.*

veronica, *n.*: (bot.) véronique, *f.*

verru-cous, *adj.*: verruqueux.

versa-til, *adj.*: tournant; mobile; (bot.) versatile, oscillant; (changeable) changeant, versatile; (talent, etc.) souple, flexible. **-tily**, *n.*: mobilité; (variableness) versatilité; (talent, etc.) flexibilité, souplesse, *f.*

verse, *n.*: vers, *m.*; (poet.) vers, *m. pl.*; poésie, *f.*; (Bible) verset; (of a song) couplet, *m.*

versed, *adj.*: versé dans, exercé dans, expérimenté dans; (math.) versé: — sine, sinus versé.

versemonger, *n.*: versificateur, poète-reau, *m.*

versicle, *n.*: versicule, *f.*, petit verset, *m.* **-sification**, *n.*: versification, *f.*

-fier, *n.*: versificateur, *m.* **-fy**, *intr.*: versifier, faire des vers; *tr.*: chanter en vers; (turn into verse) mettre en vers.

version, *n.*: version, *f.*

versus, *prep.*: (jur.) contre.

verte-bra (pl. vertebra), *n.*: (anat.) vertèbre, *f.* **-bral**, *adj.*: vertébral; (zool.) vertébré. 1. **-brate**, *adj.*: vertébré, articulé. 2. **-brate**, *n.*: vertébré, *m.* **-brates**, *-brata*, *n. pl.*: vertébrés, animaux vertébrés, *m. pl.*

vertex (pl. vertices), *n.*: sommet, haut, faîte; (astron.) zénith; (of the head) haut, sommet, vertex, *m.*

vertical, *adj.*: vertical; (of the sun) vertical, au zénith: — circle, (astron.) cercle azimutal, *m.* **-ly**, *adv.*: verticalement. **-ness**, *n.*: verticalité, *f.*

ver-ticil, *n.*: (bot.) verticille, *m.* **-ticillate**, *adj.*: (bot.) verticillé.

vertiginous, *adj.*: rotatoire; (affected with vertigo) sujet au vertige; (med.) vertigineux. **-ly**, *adv.*: d'une manière vertigineuse. **-ness**, *n.*: mouvement rotatoire, *m.*; rotation, *f.*; (giddiness) vertige, étourdissement, *m.*

vertigo, *n.*: vertige, étourdissement, *m.*

vervain, *n.*: verveine, *f.*

1. **very**, *adj.*: vrai; véritable; même; seul, simple; siffé. franc: the — man, l'homme même; the — thought makes me shudder, la seule pensée m'en fait frémir. 2. **very**, *adv.*: fort, bien, très: — well, bien, très bien; so —, si.

vesania, *n.*: vésanie; maladie mentale, *f.*

ves-ical, *adj.*: (anat.) vésical. **-icate**, *intr.*: appliquer un vésicatoire à. **-ication**, *n.*: vésication, *f.* 1. **-icatory**, *n.*: vésicatoire, *m.* 2. **-icatory**, *adj.*: vésicant, vésicatoire. **-icle**, *n.*: vésicule, *f.* **-icular**, *adj.*: vésiculaire. **-iculate**, *adj.*: vésiculeux.

vesper, *n.*: étoile de Vénus, *f.*: (evening) soir, *m.*: —s. vèpres, *f. pl.* **-tine**, *adj.*: du soir.

vessel, *n.*: vase, vaisseau; réceptacle; (nav.) vaisseau, bâtiment, navire, *m.*

1. **vest**, *n.*: gilet, *m.* 2. **vest**, *tr.*: vêtir, revêtir; investir; (money) placer; *intr.*: être dévolu, échoir.

1. **vestal**, *adj.*: de Vesta; virginal, chaste.

2. **vestal**, *n.*: vestale, *f.*

vested, *adj.*: fixe, déterminé; (jur.) dévolu

vestibule, *n.*: vestibule, *m.*; antichambre, *f.*

vestige, *n.*: vestige, *m.*; trace, *f.*

vestment, *n.*: vêtement, *m.*

vestry, *n.*: (place) sacristie; (assembly) conseil de fabrique, *m.* **-board**, *n.*: fabrique, *f.* **-clerk**, *n.*: secrétaire de la

fabrique, m. **-keeper**, n.: sacristain, m. **-man**, n.: fabricant, m. **-meeting**, n.: réunion du conseil de fabrique, f. **-room**, n.: sacristie, f.

vesture, n.: vêtement, m.; robe; parure, f.

Vesuvian, adj.: vésuvien.

vetch, n.: (bot.) vesce, f. **-y**, adj.: consistant en vesce; qui abonde en vesce.

1. **vétéran**, adj.: aguerri, éprouvé, expérimenté. 2. **veteran**, n.: vétéran, m.

veterinarian, n.: vétérinaire, m. **-veterinary**, adj.: vétérinaire: — *surgeon*, vétérinaire, artiste, médecin vétérinaire, m.

veto, n.: veto, m.

vex, tr.: agiter; (harass) affliger, tourmenter, vexer; troubler; (irritate) irriter, vexer, fâcher, ennuyer, contrarier.

-ation, n.: affliction, f.; tourment; trouble, m.; vexation; (teasing, trouble) contrariété, f., désagrément, tourment, m.

-ations, adj.: vexatoire; (irritating) irritant, fâcheux, ennuyeux, contrariant, vexant; (harassing) fatigant. **-ations-ly**, adv.: d'une manière fâcheuse, d'une manière contrariante, d'une manière vexatoire. **-ationsness**, n.: caractère vexatoire, m.; contrariété, f. **-ed**, adj.: vexé, irrité, fâché. **-er**, n.: personne qui afflige, qui irrite, qui tourmente, f.; vexateur, m., vexatrice, f. **-ing**, adj.: contrariant, vexant, ennuyeux. **-ingly**, adv.: d'une manière contrariante.

via, adv.: par voie de, par.

vi-able, adj.: viable. **-ability**, n.: viabilité, f.

viaduct, n.: viaduc, m.

vial, n.: fiole, f.

viand, n.: viande, f.; mets, m.

viaticum, n.: provisions de route, f. pl.; (Cath. rel.) viatique, m.

vi-brate, intr.: vibrer; osciller, vaciller; tr.: faire vibrer; faire osciller; faire marcher. **-bration vi-**, n.: oscillation; (phys., mus.) vibration, f. **-brative**, **-bratile**, **-bratory**, adj.: vibrant; de vibration, oscillatoire.

viburnum, n.: (bot.) viorne, f.

vicar, n.: vicaire; (of a parish) curé, m. **-age**, n.: vicariat, m.; vicaire; (of a parish) cure, f., presbytère, m.

vicar-ial, adj.: vicarial; du curé, de la cure. 1. **-iate**, adj.: de vicaire. 2. **-ri-ato**, n.: vicariat, m. **-rious**, adj.: vicarial, de vicaire, de délégué; de substitution.

vicarship, n.: vicariat, m.

1. **vice**, n.: vice; défaut.

2. **vice**, n.: (tool) étan, m.

3. **vice**, adj. or in comp.: vice-. 4. **vice**, prep.: au lieu de: — *versa*, vice versa.

-admiral, n.: vice-amiral, m. **-admiralty**, n.: vice-amirauté, f. **-agent**, délégué, m. **-chamberlain**, n.: sous-chambellan, m. **-chancellor**, n.: vice-chancelier, m. **-consul**, n.: vice-consul, m. **-consulship**, n.: vice-consulat, m. **-doge**, n.: vice-doge, m. **-gérance**, n.: charge de vice-gérant, f. **-gérant**, n.: vice-gérant, m. **-king**, n.: vice-roi, m. **-legato**, n.: vice-légat, m. **-legateship**, n.: vice-légation, f. **-prefect**, n.: vice-préfet. **-presidency**, n.: vice-présidence, f. **-president**, n.: vice-président, m. **-presidential**, adj.: vice-présidentiel. **-principal**, n.: (college) censeur, inspecteur, préfet des études, m. **-provost**, vice-président, m. **-rector**, n.: vice-recteur, m. **-regal**, adj.: vice-royal, de (or du) roi. **-roy**, n.: vice-roi, m. **-royalty**, **-royship**, n.: vice-royauté, f.

vi-cinage, n.: voisinage, m. **-cinity**, n.: voisinage, m.; proximité, f.; alentours, environs, m. pl.

vicious, adj.: vicieux. **-ly**, adv.: vicieusement. **-ness**, n.: nature vicieuse, f.; vice, m.

vi-ci-si-tude, n.: vicissitude, f.; changement, m. **-tudinary**, **-tudinous**, adj.: qui change successivement.

victim, n.: victime, f.: — *to*, victime de. **-ise**, tr.: victimiser, duper.

vic-tor, n.: vainqueur, m. **-toress**, n.: vainqueur (femme). **-torious**, adj.: victorieux, de victoire. **-toriously**, adv.: victorieusement, en vainqueur. **-toriousness**, n.: caractère victorieux, m. **-tory**, n.: victoire, f.

1. **vi-tual** *vî'l*, n.: nourriture, f.; pl.: **-s**, n.: vivres, m. pl.; provisions, f. pl.; manger, m. sing. 2. **vi-tual**, tr.: avitailler; ravitailler; intr.: faire ses vivres. **-lor**, n.: pourvoyeur; fournisseur de vivres; avitailleur; (ship) vaisseau d'approvisionnement, m.: *licensed* —, cabaretier, m. **-ling**, n.: avitaillement, m.; vivres, m. pl.: — *office*, bureau des vivres, m. **-s**, cf. 1. *vi-tual*.

vi-cu-na *nya*, **vi-cu-na**, n.: (mam.) vigogne, f.

vi-dél-icet, adv.: savoir; c'est-à-dire.

vi-duity, n.: viduité, f., veuvage, m.

vie, intr.: rivaliser, lutter, disputer: — *with each other*, rivaliser, rivaliser avec; à l'envi l'un de l'autre; c'est à qui... 1. **vi-ew**, n.: vue; (persp.) vue, élévation; (prospect) vue, perspective, f., coup d'œil, point de vue, m.; (appearance) apparence, f.; (examination by the eye) coup d'œil, regard; (mental examination) aperçu, examen, m.; (intention) intention, f., but, dessein, m.; (opinion) vue, opinion, pen-

sée, manière de voir, *f.*: *bird's-eye* —, (*persp.*) plan à vol d'oiseau, *m.*; *in* —, en vue; *with a* — *to*, dans la vue de, dans l'intention de; *on* —, exposé, qu'on peut voir, visiter. 2. *view*, *tr.*: regarder; contempler; considérer; voir; examiner; inspecter; (*survey intellectually*) envisager, considérer. -*er*, *n.*: personne qui regarde, qui considère, qui examine, *f.*; spectateur, *m.*, spectatrice, *f.* -*less*, *adj.*: invisible.

vigil, *n.*: veille; veillée; vigile, *f.* -*ance*, -*ancy*, *n.*: vigilance, *f.* -*ant*, *adj.*: vigilant; éveillé, soigneux. -*antly*, *adv.*: avec vigilance.

vignette *vin-yét*, *n.*: vignette, *f.*

vigor, *n.*: vigueur, force, *f.* -*ous*, *adj.*: vigoureux, fort. -*ously*, *adv.*: vigoureusement, fortement. -*ousness*, *n.*: force, vigueur, *f.*

vigour = *vigor*.

vile, *adj.*: vil, abject, bas. -*ly*, *adv.*: vilement, basement. -*ness*, *n.*: nature vile; bassesse, abjection, *f.*

vili-fication, *n.*: rabaissement, dénigrement, *m.* -**vill-fier**, *n.*: diffamateur, *m.*, diffamatrice, *f.* -**vill-fy**, *tr.*: avilir, abaisser; vilipend; dénigrer.

villa, *n.*: villa; maison de plaisance, *f.* **villag-e**, *n.*: village, *m.* -*er*, *n.*: villageois, *m.*, villageoise, *f.* -*ery*, *n.*: villages, *m. pl.*

villain, *n.*: scélérat, misérable, *m.*; (*in feudal law*) vilain, roturier, *m.* -*age*, *n.*: vilainage, *m.*; servitude, *f.* -*ous*, *adj.*: vil, infâme; de scélérat; (*sorry*) méchant, mauvais. -*ously*, *adv.*: vilement, avec infamie; horriblement, d'une manière infâme. -*ousness*, *n.*: infamie, scélératesse, *f.* -*y*, *n.*: infamie, scélératesse, vilénie, *f.*

villatic, *adj.*: villageois, de village.

vil-losity, *n.*: villosité, *f.* -*lous*, -*lôse*, *adj.*: villex.

vimineous, *adj.*: d'osier.

vincible, *adj.*: que l'on peut vaincre.

vindemi-al, *adj.*: qui appartient aux vendanges. -*ate*, *tr.*: faire les vendanges; vendanger.

vindi-cable, *adj.*: défensible; justifiable. -*cate*, *tr.*: soutenir, défendre, justifier; (*maintain*) maintenir, soutenir, défendre. -*cation*, *n.*: défense, justification, *f.*; maintien, *m.* -*cator*, *n.*: défenseur; soutien, *m.* -*catory*, *adj.*: vengeur; (*justificatory*) justificatif.

vindictive, *adj.*: vindicatif. -*ly*, *adv.*: d'une manière vindicative. -*ness*, *n.*: caractère vindicatif, *m.*

vine, *n.*: vigne, *f.*; (*of plants*) sarment, *m.* -**branch**, *n.*: branche de vigne, *f.*; pampre, *m.* -**dresser**, *n.*: vigneron, *m.*

vined, *adj.*: à feuille de vigne.

vinegar, *n.*: vinaigre, *m.*; (*fig.*) aigreur, *f.*: — *cruet*, vinaigrier, *m.*; — *maker*, vinaigrier, *m.*; — *tree*, (*bot.*) sumac des corroyeurs, vinaigrier, *m.*

vine-fretter, -**grab**, *n.*: puceron (charançon) de la vigne. -**grower**, *n.*: vigneron, viticulteur. -**growing**, *n.*: viticulture, *f.*; *adj.*: vignoble, viticole. -**leaf**, *n.*: feuille de vigne, *f.* -**prop**, *n.*: échale, *m.* -**ry**, *n.*: serre à vignes, *f.* -**stalk**, -**stock**, *n.*: cep, pied de vigne, *m.* -**shoot**, -**twig**, *n.*: sarment, *m.* -**yard** *vin-yêrd*, *n.*: vigne, *f.*; vignoble, *m.*

vinose, **vinous**, *adj.*: vineux.

vintag-e, *n.*: vendange; (*wine produced by one crop of grapes*) vinée, récolte de vin, *f.*; (*time of gathering*) vendanges, *f. pl.* -*er*, *n.*: vendangeur, *m.*

vint-ner, *n.*: cabaretier, *m.* -*ry*, *n.*: marché au vin, *m.*

vin-y, *adj.*: de vigne; de vignoble; viticole.

viol, *n.*: (*mus.*) viole, *f.*

vio-able, *adj.*: qui peut être violé. -*late*, *tr.*: violer; (*ravish*) violer, faire violence à; (*disturb*) déranger, troubler; (*profane*) outrager. -*lation*, *n.*: violation, *f.*; (*rape*) viol, *m.* -*lator*, *n.*: violateur, *m.*, violatrice, *f.*; (*ravisher*) violeur, *m.* -*lence*, *n.*: violence, *f.* -*lent*, *adj.*: violent; (*extorted*) arraché par la violence; (*not spontaneous, not natural*) forcé, contraint; (*death*) violent; (*extreme*) extrême; (*pain*) violent, grand, atroce: *lay — hands on one's self*, attenter à ses jours. -*lently*, *adv.*: violement.

1. **violet**, *n.*: (*bot.*) violette, *f.* 2. **violet**, *adj.*: violet: — *tribe*, violacées, *f. pl.*

vio-lin, *n.*: violon, *m.* -**linist**, *n.*: violoniste, *m.*, *f.*; violon, *m.* -**list**, *n.*: (*mus.*) violiste, *m.* -**loneëllist**, *n.*: violoncelliste, *m.* -**loneëlle**, *n.*: violoncelle, *m.*: *one-stringed* —, trompette marine, *f.*

viper, *n.*: vipère, *f.* -*ine*, *adj.*: vipérin. -*ous*, *adj.*: de vipère; vénimeux; (*malignant*) malfaisant. -**grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) scorsonère, *f.*

vi-raginian, *adj.*: de virago. -**râge**, *n.*: guerrière; virago, *f.*; dragon de femme, *m.*

virelay, *n.*: virelai, *m.*

virent, *adj.*: vert, verdoyant.

virgate, *adj.*: (*bot.*) en verge, effilé.

Virgilian, *adj.*: virgilien.

1. **vir-gin**, *n.*: vierge, *f.* 2. **gin**, *adj.*: vierge; virginal, de vierge. -**ginal**, *adj.*: virginal, de vierge. -**ginity**, *n.*: virginité, *f.* -**gin's-bower**, *n.*: (*bot.*) clé-

matite commune, *f.* -**g9**, *n.*: (astron.) la Vierge, *f.*

viridity, *n.*: verdure, *f.*

vi-ri-l or **vi-**, *adj.*: viril, mâle. -**rility**

vi-or vi-, *n.*: virilité; nature virile, *f.*

virtù, *n.*: goût des arts, *m.*: objects of —, objets d'art, *m. pl.*

vir-tual, *adj.*: virtuel. -**tuā-lity**, *n.*:

virtualité, *f.* -**tu-ally**, *adv.*: virtuellement.

-**tu-e**, *n.*: vertu; (quality of physical bodies) vertu, propriété, qualité; (ex-

cellence) excellence, valeur, *f.*, mérite, *m.*:

by — of, en vertu de; au moyen de; in —

of, en vertu de. -**tu-ess**, *adj.*: sans

vertu; impuissant. -**tu-oso** (pl. -**tuosi**), *n.*:

virtuose, *m., f.* -**tu-ous**, *adj.*: vertueux.

-**tu-ously**, *adv.*: vertueusement. -**tu-**

ousness, *n.*: vertu, *f.*

viru-lence, -**lency**, *n.*: virulence; vio-

lence, *f.* -**lent**, *adj.*: virulent; violent.

-**lently**, *adv.*: avec virulence.

virus, *n.*: (med.) virus, *m.*

1. **visa** = **visé**.

visage, *n.*: visage, *m.*; figure, *f.*

vis-a-vis, *n.*: vis-à-vis, *m.*

vis-cera, *pl.* of viscous. -**ce-ral**, *adj.*:

viscéral, *adj.*: visqueux. -**ci-dity**, *n.*:

viscosité, glutinosité, *f.* -**cō-sity**,

-**cousness**, *n.*: viscosité, glutinosité, *f.*

vis-cōunt, *n.*: vicomte, *m.* -**ess**, *n.*:

vicomtesse, *f.* -**ship**, -**y**, *n.*: vicomté, *f.*

vis-cous, *adj.*: visqueux, gluant, gluti-

neux. -**cus** (pl. **viscera**), *n.*: viscère, *m.*

vis-e, *n.*: étau, *m.*

1. **visé** (Fr. **é**), *n.*: visa, *m.* 2. **visé**, *tr.*:

viser.

visi-ble, *adj.*: visible; (apparent) visi-

ble, évident, manifeste; (horizon) sensi-

ble. -**bility**, -**bleness**, *n.*: visibilité,

f. -**bly**, *adv.*: visiblement; à vue d'œil.

Visigoth, *n.*: Visigoth, *m.*

vision, *n.*: vision; vue; (in Scripture)

vision, *f.* -**al**, *adj.*: de vision. 1. -**ary**,

adj.: visionnaire; chimérique. 2. -**ary**,

n.: visionnaire, *m., f.*

1. **visit**, *n.*: visite; (of one going to in-

spect) visite, inspection, *f.* pay a —,

faire une visite; on a —, en visite.

2. **visit**, *tr.*: visiter; (in Scripture) visi-

ter, éprouver; *intr.*: faire des visites.

-**able**, *adj.*: soumis à la visite. -**ant**,

n.: personne qui fait une visite, *f.*; visi-

teur, *m.*, visiteuse, *f.* -**at-ion**, *n.*: visite;

(jur.) inspection; (in Scripture) épreuve,

affliction, *f.*: by the — of God, subitement.

-**at-orial**, *adj.*: d'inspection judiciaire.

-**ing**, *n.*: visite, *f.*; visites, *f. pl.* -**or**,

n.: personne qui fait une visite, *f.*; visi-

teur, *m.*, visiteuse, *f.*; (official) inspecteur,

m.: —s, monde, *m. sing.*; société, *f. sing.*

visne = **venue**.

visor, *n.*: masque, *m.*; (of a helmet) visi-
ère, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: masqué.

vista, *n.*: échappée de vue; percée,
éclaircie; (fig.) perspective, *f.*

visual, *adj.*: visuel.

vi-tal, *adj.*: vital; de vie; (air) respi-

nable; (essential) vital, capital, essentiel.

-**tā-lity**, *n.*: vitalité; vie, *f.* -**tal-ise**,

tr.: vivifier, donner la vie. -**tally**, *adv.*:

vitalement. -**tal-s**, *n. pl.*: parties vi-

tales, *f. pl.*

vi-ti-ate, *tr.*: gâter, corrompre; (jur.)

vicier. -**at-ion**, *n.*: viciation, action de

gâter, de corrompre; altération; (jur.)

invalidation, *f.*

vitreous, *adj.*: de verre; vitreux; (anat.,

phys.) vitré. -**ness**, *n.*: nature vitreuse;

nature vitrée, *f.*

vitres-cence, *n.*: vitrescibilité, *f.*

-**cent**, *adj.*: vitrescible, vitrifiable.

vitri-c, *adj.*: vitreux. -**fac-tion**, *n.*:

vitricification, *f.* -**fi-able**, *adj.*: vitrifiable,

vitrescible. -**fy**, *tr.*: vitrifier; *intr.*: se

vitrifier. -**ol**, *n.*: vitriol, *m.* -**olate**,

-**ol-ise**, *tr.*: convertir en sulfate, en vi-

triol. -**ol-at-ion**, *n.*: (chem.) vitriolisa-

tion, *f.* -**ol-ic**, *adj.*: sulfurique, vitrio-

lique; de vitriol.

vituline, *adj.*: de veau.

vituper-able, *adj.*: blâmable, répré-

hensible. -**ate**, *tr.*: blâmer; condam-

ner. -**at-ion**, *n.*: blâme, reproche, *m.*

-**ative**, *adj.*: de blâme, de reproche.

vivacious, *adj.*: vif; vivace. -**ly**, *adv.*:

vivement, avec vivacité. -**ness** or **vi-**

vacity, *n.*: vivacité, *f.*

vivary, *n.*: vivier, *m.*; (warren) garen-

ne, *f.*

viva voce, *adv.*: de vive voix.

vives, *n. pl.*: (vet.) esquincance interne,

parotide, *f. sing.*; avives, *f. pl.*

vivid, *adj.*: vif, animé, ardent; (colour)

vif, éclatant. -**ly**, *adv.*: vivement; avec

force; avec ardeur; (with brightness)

avec éclat. -**ness**, *n.*: vivacité, *f.*; feu,

m.; ardeur; (of colours) ardeur, *f.*, éclat,

m.

vivific, -**al**, *adj.*: vivifiant. -**ate**, *tr.*:

vivifier; (chem.) revivifier. -**at-ion**, *n.*:

vivification; revivification, *f.* -**ative**,

adj.: vivifiant.

vivify, *tr.*: vivifier, animer. -**ing**, *adj.*:

vivifiant.

viviparous, *adj.*: vivipare.

vixen, *n.*: mégère, *f.* -**ly**, *adj.*: qui a

un caractère de mégère.

viz (Lat. *videre licet*; ordinairement rendu

par 'that is', 'namely'), *adv.*: savoir, c'est

à dire.

vizard = **visor**.

vizier or -**zi**, *n.*: vizir, *m.* -**ate**, -**ship**,

n.: vizirat, viziriat, *m.*

vô-cable, *n.*: mot, vocable, *m.* -cābulari, *n.*: vocabulaire, *m.* -cābulist, *n.*: auteur d'un vocabulaire, vocabuliste, *m.* -cal, -cālic, *adj.*: vocal; de la voix; (*having a voice*) doué de la parole. -calist, *n.*: chanteur, *m.*, chanteuse, *f.* -cālicity, *n.*: qualité de ce qui peut se prononcer, *f.* -calisātion, *n.*: (*mus.*) vocalisation, *f.* -calise, *tr.*: donner un son de voix à; *intr.*: vocaliser. -cally, *adv.*: par la voix; verbalement.

vocātion, *n.*: vocation; profession, *f.*; état, emploi, métier; (*summons*) appel, *m.*

vōcative, *adj.*: vocatif. **2.vocative**, *n.*: vocatif, *m.*

vocifer-ate, *tr. and intr.*: vociférer.

-ātion, *n.*: vocifération, *f.* -ous, *adj.*: qui vocifère. -ously, *adv.*: en vociférant.

vogue, *n.*: vogue, mode, *f.*: in —, en vogue; à la mode.

vōice, *n.*: voix, *f.*, (*language*) langage, *m.*, paroles, *f. pl.*; (*sound*) son, *m.*; (*vote*) voix, *f.*, suffrage, vote, *m.*; (*gram.*) voix, *f.*: without a dissenting —, à l'unanimité des voix. **2.voice**, *tr.*: former la voix de; régler le ton de; (*vote*) voter; (*report*) rapporter. **-d**, *adj.*: à la voix, à voix, qui a une voix: hundred—, aux cent voix. -less, *adj.*: sans voix; sans vote. -pipe, -tube, *n.*: porte-voix, *m.*

vōid, *adj.*: vide; vacant; (*null*) nul, de nul effet; (*free*) libre; (*vain*) vain, idéal: — of, dépourvu de; dénué de; make —, rendre nul, annuler. **2.void**, *n.*: vide; espace, vide, *m.* **3.void**, *tr.*: vider; évacuer, quitter; (*send out*) jeter, verser; rejeter; (*annul*) annuler, rendre nul; (*leave vacant*) laisser vacant. -able, *adj.*: qui peut être annulé, rejeté. -ance, *n.*: vidange; (*ejection*) expulsion d'un bénéfice; vacance; défaite, *f.*, subterfuge, *m.* -er, *n.*: personne qui rejette, qui annule, *f.* -ness, *n.*: vide, *m.*; nullité; vanité, *f.*

vōla-tile, *adj.*: qui vole, volant; (*fickle*) volage, léger; (*chem.*) volatil. -tleness, -tility, *n.*: amour du changement, *m.*; légèreté; (*chem.*) volatilité, *f.* -tilisable, *adj.*: volatil; qui peut se volatiliser. -tilisātion, *n.*: volatilisation, *f.* -tilise, *tr.*: volatiliser; *intr.*: se volatiliser.

vol-cānic, *adj.*: volcanique; volcanisé. -cānicity, -cānicism, *n.*: nature volcanique, *f.* -cānicse, *tr.*: soumettre à une chaleur volcanique. -cāng, *n.*: volcan, *m.*

vōle, *n.*: 1.vole, *f.*; 2.(*mem.*) campagnol, rat des champs, *m.*

vōl-ery, *n.*: volière, *f.* -itātion, *n.*: action de voler, *f.*, vol, *m.*

volition, *n.*: volition; volonté, *f.*

vōlitive, *adj.*: de la volonté.

1.vōlley, *n.*: (*of musketry*) décharge, salve; (*of cannon*) volée; (*of abuse*) volée, *f.*, torrent, *m.*; (*of blows*) volée; (*of stones, etc.*) grêle, *f.* **2.volley**, *tr. and intr.*: décharger une volée de coups de canons, de fusils. -ed, *adj.*: qui fait explosion.

vōlt, *n.*: volte, *f.*

vōl-ta, *n.*: (*mus.*) volta, *f.* -ta-electric, *adj.*: voltaïque, galvanique. -tāic, *adj.*: voltaïque, de Volta.

vōlū-bile, *adj.*: (*hort.*) volubile, grim-pant. -bility, *n.*: volubilité; rotation, révolution; (*of the tongue*) volubilité de langue, volubilité, *f.* -ble, *adj.*: qui tourne; en rotation; (*pers.*) qui parle avec volubilité; (*of the tongue*) délié; (*of speech*) facile, abondant. -bly, *adv.*: avec volubilité.

vōlume, *n.*: volume; (*spherical body*) globe; (*book*) volume, tome; (*of the voice*) volume, *m.*, étendue, *f.* -d, *adj.*: formé en volume.

vōlūminous, *adj.*: volumineux; fécond. -ly, *adv.*: d'une manière volumineuse. -ness, *n.*: nature volumineuse; étendue, *f.*

vōlun-tarily, *adv.*: volontairement; spontanément; de bonne volonté. -tari-ness, *n.*: spontanéité, *f.* **1.-tary**, *adj.*: volontaire; spontané; (*free*) libre, indépendant; (*done by design*) volontaire, intentionnel, fait avec intention: — oath, serment extrajudiciaire, *m.* **2.-tary**, *n.*: (*mus.*) improvisation, *f.* -tēer, *n.*: volontaire, *m.* **2.-teer**, *tr.*: offrir volontairement; *intr.*: s'engager comme volontaire; s'offrir.

vōlūptū-ary, *n.*: voluptueux, épicurien, *m.* -ous, *adj.*: voluptueux. -ously, *adv.*: voluptueusement. -ousness, *n.*: volupté, *f.*

vōlū-ta, *n.*: volute; (*zool.*) voluta, *f.* **vōlū-tation**, *n.*: roulement, *m.* -te, *n.*: volute, *f.* -ted, *adj.*: voluté. -tīon, *n.*: spirale, *f.*

vōlva, *n.*: (*bot.*) volva, bourse, *f.*

vōm-ic, *adj.*: vomique. -ica, *n.*: vomique, *f.* **1.-it**, *tr.*: vomir, rendre; *intr.*: vomir. **2.-it**, *n.*: vomissement; (*pharm.*) vomitif, *m.* -iting, *n.*: vomissement; rejet, *m.* -ition, *n.*: vomissement, *m.* -itive, *1.-itory*, *adj.*: vomitif, émétique. **2.-itory**, *n.*: vomitif, émétique; vomitoire, *m.*

vorācious, *adj.*: vorace; dévorant; (*of the appetite*) dévorant, d'enfer. -ly, *adv.*: avec voracité. -ness, voracity, *n.*: voracité, *f.*

vōr-tex (*pl. vortices*), *n.*: tourbillon, *m.*

-tical, *adj.*: tournoyant; tourbillonnant; en rond, en tourbillon.

vôta-ress, *n.*: sectatrice, *f.* 1.-ry, *n.*: sectateur; adorateur; zéléateur; amateur; partisan, *m.* 2.-ry, *adj.*: votif.

1.-vô-te, *n.*: vote, *m.*; voix; opinion, *f.*; suffrage, *m.*; décision, résolution, *f.*; (ticket) bulletin, *m.*; (ballot) boule, *f.* 2.-te, *tr.*: voter; élire; *intr.*: voter. -ter, *n.*: votant, *m.* -ting, *n.*: scrutin, *m.* -tive, *adj.*: voué, votif.

vouch, *tr.*: prendre à témoin, attester; (affirm) garantir, affirmer; attester; (confirm) attester, prouver; (jur.) appeler en garantie; *intr.*: témoigner, répondre, garantir. -éc, *n.*: caution, *f.*, appelé en garantie, *m.* -or, *n.*: garant, *m.*; (document) garantie, preuve, *f.*, titre, *m.*; (jur.) demande en garantie, *f.* -or, *n.*: (jur.) demandeur en garantie, *m.*, demanderesse en garantie, *f.* -sâfe, *tr.*: permettre; daigner, accorder; *intr.*: daigner; condescendre. -sâfement, *n.*: don, *m.*; faveur, *f.*

voussoir-sûr, *n.*: voussoir, *m.*

1.-vow, *n.*: vœu, *m.* 2.-vow, *tr.*: vouer, dévouer, consacrer; *intr.*: faire un vœu, faire vœu, faire des vœux; jurer, protester.

vowel, *n.*: voyelle, *f.* -ed, *adj.*: formé de voyelles.

vôver, *n.*: personne qui fait un vœu, *f.*

1.-vôy-age, *n.*: voyage par mer, *m.*; traversée, *f.*: outward —, voyage d'aller; home —, voyage de retour; on a —, en voyage. 2.-age, *intr.*: voyager par mer; faire un voyage par mer; *tr.*: traverser, parcourir. -ager, *n.*: voyageur, *m.*, voyageuse, *f.*

vôyol, *n.*: (nar.) tournevièvre, *f.*

1.-vul-gar, *adj.*: vulgaire, commun, du peuple. 2.-gar, *n.*: bas peuple, vulgaire, *m.* -garism, *n.*: vulgarité; expression vulgaire, *f.* -garity, *n.*: vulgarité, *f.*; mauvais ton, mauvais goût, *m.*; (mean condition) bassesse, nature vulgaire, condition vulgaire, *f.* -garisation, *n.*: vulgarisation, *f.* -garise, *tr.*: populariser. -garly, *adv.*: vulgairement; avec mauvais goût, avec mauvais ton; (meanly) basement. -garness, *n.*: vulgarité, *f.*

Vulgate, *n.*: Vulgate, *f.*

vulner-able, *adj.*: vulnérable, que l'on peut blesser. 1.-ary, *adj.*: vulnérable. 2.-ary, *n.*: (med.) vulnérable, *m.*

vulpine, *adj.*: vulpin; de renard; rusé. **vultur-e**, *n.*: (orn.) vautour, *m.* -ine, -ish, -ous, *adj.*: de vautour; rapace.

vul-var, *adj.*: vulvaire. -vitis, *n.*: vulvite, *f.*

vying, *part. of vie*.

W

w dū'b'l ū, *n.*: w, *m.*

1.-wáb-ble, *intr.*: vaciller, branler; aller en zigzag; (of a horse) se bercer. 2.-ble, -bling, *n.*: balancement, *m.*; vacillation, *f.*; bercement, *m.* -bly, *adj.*: vacillant, incertain, branlant.

wäcke, *n.*: (min.) wacke, wake, *f.*

1.-wäd, *n.*: ouate; (for fire-arms) bourre; (little bundle) touffe, *f.*, paquet, *m.* 2.-wad, *tr.*: (fire-arms) bourrer; (a garment) garnir d'ouate, ouater. -ded, *adj.*: ouaté. -ding, *n.*: ouate; (of fire-arms) bourre, *f.*

wäd-dl-e, *intr.*: se dandiner, se balancer; se tortiller; marcher en se tortillant; vaciller. -ing, *n.*: dandinement; tortillement, *m.* -ingly, *adv.*: en se dandinant, en se tortillant, en se balançant.

wä-de, *tr.*: traverser à gué, passer à gué; *intr.*: marcher dans l'eau, dans la vase, dans le sable, etc.; passer à gué; (move with difficulty) se traîner, avancer péniblement: — through, traverser, passer; marcher dans; (fig.) examiner laborieusement, venir à bout de. -der, -ding-bird, *n.*: (orn.) échassier, *m.*

wäd-hook, *n.*: (artil.) tire-bourre, *m.*

1.-wäfer, *n.*: pain à cacheter, *m.*; (Cuth. rel.) hostie; (cake) oublie, gaufre, *f.* 2.-wafer, *tr.*: mettre un pain à cacheter à, cacheter.

wäffe, *n.*: gaufre, *f.*: —iron, gaufrier, *m.* 1.-wäft, *tr.*: porter, transporter, diriger à travers l'eau ou l'air; faire flotter; lancer; *intr.*: flotter dans l'air, sur l'eau. 2.-waft, *n.*: brise, *f.*, souffle; flot, *m.*; (signal) signal, *m.*; (nav.) pavillon couplé.

1.-wäg, *tr.*: branler, remuer; mouvoir; *intr.*: remuer, se mouvoir, bouger, branler; (pack off) décamper, déguerpir, partir. 2.-wag, *n.*: badin, plaisant, farceur, *m.*

1.-wä-ge, *tr.*: risquer, gager; tenter; (near) faire, soutenir. 2.-ge (pl. see wages), *n.*: jgagere, *f.*; gage, *m.*, paie, *f.* -earner, -labourer, *n.*: artisan salarié, *m.*; personne à gages, *f.* 1.-ger, *n.*: gageure, *f.*; pari; gage, sujet, *m.*: lay a —, faire un pari, faire une gageure; gager, parier. 2.-ger, *tr.*: gager, parier. -gerer, *n.*: parieur, gageur, *m.* -ges, *n. pl.*: (of servants) gages, *m. pl.*; (of workmen) salaire, *m.*, paye, *f.*; (fig.) salaire, prix, *m.*

wäg-gery, *n.*: espièglerie; plaisanterie, malice, *f.* -ging, *n.*: remuement, branlement, *m.* -gish, *adj.*: badin, malin, espiègle; (of things) d'espiègle: — trick, espièglerie, plaisanterie, farce, *f.*; tour d'espiègle, *m.* -gishly, *adv.*: plaisam-

ment; avec espièglerie, d'une manière badine, pour badiner. **-gishness**, n.: espièglerie, malice, plaisanterie, farce, f. **-gle**, intr.: frétiller, se remuer, remuer; tr.: remuer.

1.wāgon, n.: charrette, f.; chariot; wagon; (milit.) caisson, fourgon, m. **2.wagon**, tr.: charrier, charroyer, voiturier. **-age**, n.: prix de roulage, m. **-er**, n.: roulier, voiturier, m. **-ing**, n.: charriage; roulage (transport), m. **-ful**, **-load**, n.: chariotée, f. **-master**, n.: (mil.) vague-mestre, m. **-office**, n.: bureau de roulage, m. **-train**, n. sing.: équipages du train, m. pl.

wāgtail, n.: hochequeue, m., bergeronnette, f.

wāif, n.: épave, f.

1.wail, tr.: déplorer, pleurer, gémir de. **2.wail**, intr.: pleurer, gémir, se lamenter. **3.wail**, **-ing**, n.: lamentation, plainte, f., gémissement, m. **-ful**, adj.: plaintif, douloureux, triste.

1.wāin, n.: charriot; (astron.) Charles's —, grand Chariot, m., grande Ourse, f.

1.wāinscot, n.: boiserie, f., lambris, m. **2.wainscot**, tr.: lambriser, boiser. **-ing**, n.: lambrisage; (material) bois de lambris, m.

wāist, n.: ceinture, taille, f.; milieu du corps, m.; (nav.) coursive, f. **-band**, n.: (of trousers, etc.) ceinture, f. **-coat** or **wāscot**, n.: gilet, m. **-coating**, n.: étoffe pour gilets, f.

wāit, intr.: attendre; (at table, etc.) servir; tr.: attendre: **keep —ing**, faire attendre; — **for**, attendre, attendre après; (watch) guetter, surveiller; — **on**, upon, (of servants, etc.) servir; (call upon) aller chez, se rendre chez, auprès de; faire une visite à, rendre visite à, visiter; rendre ses devoirs à; (accompany) accompagner, suivre. **2.wait**, n.: embûche, f., embûches, f. pl.; guet-apens, piège, m.; pl.: cf. — **s**: lie in —, être, se tenir en embuscade; être à l'affût; lay — **for**, dresser des embûches à, tendre un guet-apens à. **-er**, n.: (of public-house, coffee-house) garçon; domestique; (tray) plateau, m.; dumb—, servante, f. **-ing**, n.: attente, f.; (attendance) service, m.: in —, (in attendance) de service; lady in —, dame d'honneur, f. **-ing-maid**, n.: femme de chambre, f. **-ing-room**, n.: salle d'attente, f. **-ing-woman**, n.: femme de chambre; camériste, f. **-ress**, n.: fille (d'hôtel, etc.), f. **-s**, n. pl.: musiciens nocturnes de la Noël, m. pl.

wāive, tr.: (put off) écarter, éloigner; (relinquish) abandonner, se désister de, retirer.

1.wāke, n.: (nav.) sillage, m., eaux, f.

pl.; suite, f.: in the — of, (nav.) dans les eaux de; (fig.) à la suite de, sur les traces de, derrière.

2.wā-ke, tr.: éveiller, réveiller; intr.: (sit up) veiller; (from sleep) s'éveiller, se réveiller. **-keful**, adj.: éveillé; (vigilant) vigilant. **-kefully**, adv.: sans dormir; avec vigilance. **-kefulness**, n.: insomnie; veille, f. **-ken**, tr.: éveiller, réveiller; intr.: s'éveiller, se réveiller. **-kenor**, n.: personne qui réveille, f. **-ker**, n.: personne qui veille; (one who rouses from sleep) personne qui réveille, f. **1.-king**, n.: veille, f.; état de veille, m. **2.-king**, adj.: éveillé, qui ne dort pas: — **dream**, rêverie, f.

wāle, n.: raie, marque; (of cloth) côte; (nav.) préceinte, lisse, f.

1.wālk, intr.: marcher; (not ride) aller à pied; (for pleasure) se promener; (of a horse) aller au pas, marcher; tr.: marcher dans, parcourir, courir, traverser à pied; (any distance) faire à pied; (a horse) mettre au pas, faire aller au pas: — **after**, suivre; — **down**, descendre; — **into**, entrer dans; — **in**, entrer; **ask, beg to — in**, faire entrer; — **off**, away, s'en aller, s'éloigner; partir, décamper; — **out**, sortir; se promener; **ask, desire to — out**, faire sortir; — **up**, monter; **ask, beg to — up**, faire monter; — **up and down**, se promener de long en large; — **the rounds**, faire la ronde. **2.wālk**, n.:

marche; (for pleasure) promenade, f., tour, m.; (place) promenade, f., promenoir, m.; (path) allée, avenue; (for business) course; (gait) démarche, f., marcher, m.; (of a horse) pas, m., allure, f.; (fig.) voie, carrière, f., chemin, m.: **go out for a —**, aller se promener, aller à la promenade; **take a —**, faire une promenade, un tour; **take out for a —**, mener promener. **-er**, n.: marcheur, m., marcheuse, f.; piéton; promeneur, m., promeneuse, f. **-ing**, part.: marchant, etc.; n.: marche; promenade, f.: — **dictionary**, dictionnaire vivant, m. **-ing-attire**, n.: toilette de ville, f. **-ing-dress**, n.: habit de ville, m. **-ing-match**, n.: concours de marche. **-ing-paper**, n.: billet de sortie, congé, m. **-ing-place**, n.: promenade, f.; promenoir, m. **-ing-staff**, **-ing-stick**, n.: bourdon, bâton, m.; canne, f. **-ing-suit**, n.: habit (or costume) de ville, m.

1.wāll, n.: muraille, f.; mur; (rampart) mur, m., muraille, f., rempart, m.: party —, mur mitoyen; within the — **s**, dans l'enceinte des murs, intra-muros; give the —, céder le haut du pavé à. **2.wall**, tr.: murer, entourer de murs. **-creeper**, n.: (orni.) grimpeur, m.

wallet, *n.*: sac, havresac; bissac, *m.*, besace, *f.*

wall-eye, *n.*: glaucome; (*vet.*) œil vairon, *m.* -**eyed**, *adj.*: (*of horses*) qui a l'œil vairon. -**flower**, *n.*: giroflée jaune, ravenelle, *f.*; violier, *m.* -**fruit**, *n.*: fruit d'espalier, *m.* -**ing**, *n.*: maçonnerie de murs, *f.*; murs, *m.* *pl.*, murailles, *f. pl.*

Wallô on, *adj.*: wallon; *n.*: Wallon, *m.*, Wallonne, *f.*

wallow, *intr.*: bouillir, bouillonner; *tr.*: rosser, tanner la peau à, le cuir à. -**ing**, *n.*: rossée, volée de coups, roulée, *f.*

wallow, *intr.*: se vautrer, se rouler; croupir; *tr.*: rouler: — *in*, se vautrer dans, se rouler dans. **wallow**, *n.*: dandinement, balancement, *m.* -**er**, *n.*: créature qui se roule, qui se vautre; (*wheel*) lanterne, *f.*

wall-plate, *n.*: sablière, *f.* -**sided**, *adj.*: aux côtés perpendiculaires. -**tree**, *n.*: espalier, *m.* -**wort** = *pellitory*.

walnut, *n.*: noix, *f.*; (*tree, wood*) noyer, *m.* -**peel**, *n.*: brou de noix, *m.* -**tree**, *n.*: (*bot.*) noyer, *m.*

walrus, *n.*: (*mam.*) morse, cheval marin, *m.*, vache marine, *f.*

waltz, *n.*: valse, *f.* **waltz**, *intr.*: valser. -**er**, *n.*: valseur, *m.*, valseuse, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: valse, *f.*

wambl-e, *intr.*: se soulever: *my stomach* — *s*, le cœur me soulève, j'ai des nausées. -**ing**, *n.*: soulèvement de cœur, *m.*

wan, *adj.*: blême, pâle; blafard. **wan**, *intr.*: pâlir.

wand, *n.*: baguette; verge, *f.*; (*staff*) bâton, *m.*: *Mercury's* —, caducée, *m.*

wander, *intr.*: errer, rôder, vaguer; s'égarer; (*in mind*) divaguer; (*be delirious*) avoir le délire; *tr.*: errer, voyager dans; parcourir: — *about*, errer dans, parcourir; errer partout, courir de tous côtés; — *from*, s'écarter de, s'éloigner de, sortir de; quitter; — *over*, errer dans. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui s'écarte, qui s'éloigne, qui quitte, *f.*; rôdeur, vagabond, *m.*, vagabonde, *f.*; transgresseur, *m.* **ing**, *n.*: course, course vagabonde, *f.*; voyage; (*in mind*) égarement, *m.*, distraction, divagation, *f.*; (*deviation*) écart, *m.*, divagation, *f.*; (*delirium*) délire, *m.* **ing**, *adj.*: errant, vagabond; distrait. -**ingly**, *adv.*: d'une manière errante; d'une manière distraite; en rôdant.

wane, *intr.*: décroître, diminuer; décliner, s'altérer, baisser, s'affaiblir.

wane, *n.*: déclin; décours, *m.*; décadence, décroissance, *f.*: *on the* —, en décroissance, en déclin; (*fig.*) sur le retour.

wan-ly, *adv.*: avec pâleur. **wan-ly**, *adj.*: pâli, blême, blafard. -**ness**, *n.*: pâleur,

f.; teint blême, *m.* -**nish**, *adj.*: pâlot, un peu hâve, un peu terne.

want, *n.*: besoin, *m.*; nécessité, *f.*; (*lack*) manque, défaut; (*poverty*) besoin, dénuement, *m.*, misère, *f.*: *be (stand in)* — *of*, avoir besoin de; *not have* —, n'avoir pas, manquer de; *for* — *of*, faute de, manque de, à défaut de; *in* —, dans le besoin, dans la misère; *I have no* — *of it*, je n'en ai pas besoin. **want**, *tr.*: avoir besoin de; (*not have*) manquer de, être dépourvu de, être dénué de; (*perz.*) demander, avoir besoin de; (*wish for*) désirer, vouloir, demander, avoir envie de: — *ed a...*, on demande un..., on a besoin d'un...; *you are* — *ed*, on vous demande; *I* — *you*, j'ai besoin de vous; *what do you* — *of me?* que me voulez-vous? que désirez-vous, que voulez-vous de moi? *you shall* — *nothing*, vous ne manquerez de rien; *I sadly* —, j'ai grand besoin de; *a thing much* — *ed*, une chose dont on a grand besoin. **want**, *intr.*: manquer; (*wish*) vouloir, désirer: *it* — *s*, (*it requires*) il faut; (*it is short of*) il manque, il s'en faut de; *it* — *s ten minutes to one*, il est une heure moins dix minutes; *be* — *ing*, manquer; *two spoons are* — *ing*, il manque deux cuillers; *be* — *ing in*, (*fail*) manquer à, de; (*be without*) manquer de; *there* — *s a leaf*, il manque un feuillet; *there* — *s but little*, peu s'en faut, il s'en faut peu; *I* — *you to do...*, je désire que vous fassiez. -**age**, *n.*: manquant, *m.* -**ing**, *adj.*: qui manque. -**less**, *adj.*: sans besoin; riche.

wanton, *adj.*: (*playful*) badin, folâtre, follet; (*floating*) flottant, qui flotte au gré du vent; (*wicked*) méchant, fait par malice, par méchanceté; (*of the tongue*) indiscret, sans frein; (*unchaste*) déréglé, licencieux, libertin, lascif, dissolu; (*luxuriant*) exubérant, luxuriant. **wanton**, *n.*: libertin, *m.*, libertine, *f.*; débauché, *m.*; personne efféminée, personne frivole, *f.* **wanton**, *intr.*: flotter au gré du vent; folâtrer; s'ébattre; se jouer, se réjouir, badiner; faire le libertin. -**ly**, *adv.*: de gaité de cœur; en folâtrant, par malice, par un mauvais badinage; d'une manière déréglée; licencieusement; par libertinage. -**ness**, *n.*: folâterie, *f.*; enjouement, abandon, *m.*; license, *f.*, libertinage, *m.*; dérèglement, cynisme; caprice, *m.*; étourderie, folie, *f.*

war, *n.*: guerre, *f.*: *at* —, en guerre; *inure to* —, aguerrir; *declare* — *against*, déclarer la guerre à; — *to the knife*, guerre à mort; *articles of* —, code pénal militaire, *m.* **ing**. **war**, *intr.*: faire la guerre; combattre; lutter.

war-ble, *tr. and intr.*: gazouiller,

chanter; frémir, résonner. 2.-ble, n.: = -bling. -bler, n.: (orn.) chanteur, chantre, oiseau chanteur, m. 1.-bling, n.: ramage, gazouillement; chant, m. 2.-bling, adj.: harmonieux, mélodieux. -blingly, adv.: mélodieusement.

war-cry, -whoop, n.: cri de guerre, m. **ward**, n.: garde, défense; (fenc.) garde; (guardianship) tutelle, f.; (minor) pupille, m., f.; (of hospitals) salle, f.; (of a town) quartier; arrondissement, m. 3.-ward, intr.: être sur ses gardes; parer les coups; tr.: parer, éviter; écarter. -en, n.: gardien; gouverneur; garde; directeur; recteur, m. -enship, n.: place de gardien, de directeur, f.; office de gouverneur, de directeur, etc., m. -er, n.: garde; gouverneur; gardien, m. -mote, n.: conseil d'arrondissement, m. -robe, n.: garde-robe, armoire, f. -keeper, n.: (in a school) lingère, f.; (theat.) costumier, m., ère, f. -room, n.: (nav.) carré des officiers, m. -ship, n.: tutelle; minorité, f.

1.-wäre, tr.: (nav.) faire virer.

2.-wäre, n.: marchandise, f.; produit, m.: china —, porcelaine, f.; small —s, petits objets, m. pl. 1.-house, n.: magasin, m.: bonded —, entrepôt de douane, m.; Italian —, magasin de comestibles. 2.-house, tr.: emmagasiner, mettre en magasin; (at the custom-house) entreposer. -house-keeper, n.: entreposeur, m. -house-man, n.: garde-magasin; (owner of a warehouse) marchand en gros, m. -house-rent, n.: magasinage; loyer, m. -housing, n.: emmagasinage; magasinage; (at the custom-house) entrepôt, m.

war-färe, n.: vie militaire; guerre; lutte, f.; combats, m. pl. -horse, n.: cheval de bataille, m.

wärily, adv.: prudemment, sagement, avec précaution. -ness, n.: prudence, circonspection, f.

wärlike, adj.: militaire, guerrier, martial, belliqueux. -ness, n.: caractère belliqueux, m.

1.-wärm, adj.: chaud; (fig.) zélé, ardent, passionné, vif, animé: be —, (pers.) avoir chaud; (of the weather) faire chaud; it is very —, il fait très chaud; —work, rude, forte, chaude besogne; get —, chauffer, se réchauffer; commencer à faire chaud; s'échauffer; s'animer; make —, chauffer, réchauffer. 2.-wärm, tr.: chauffer; échauffer; réchauffer; intr.: chauffer, réchauffer; se chauffer, se réchauffer; —again, up, réchauffer. -blooded, adj.: à sang chaud. -ing, n.: action de chauffer, de s'échauffer, f.: give a — to, chauffer. -ing-pan, n.: bassinoire, f. -ing-room, n.: chauffoir, m. -ly, adv.:

chaudemment; ardemment, avec zèle, passionnément, vivement. -ness, -th, n.: chaleur; (fig.) ardeur, chaleur, vivacité, f. **wärn**, tr.: avertir; prévenir; faire savoir, notifier: —against, prémunir contre, précautionner contre, mettre sur ses gardes contre. -er, n.: personne qui avertit, etc., f. -ing, n.: avis, avertissement, m., alarme; (lesson) leçon, f.; (leave) congé, m.: give — to, donner avis à, avertir, prévenir, prévenir d'avance; give a month's —, prévenir un mois d'avance; receive (have) — to leave, recevoir son congé.

wär-office, n.: bureaux du ministère de la guerre, m. pl.; ministère de la guerre, m.

1.-wärm, n.: (weaving) chaîne, f.; (nav.) grelin, m., touée, f. 2.-wärm, tr.: (in weaving) ourdir; (wood) faire déjeter, tourmenter, travailler; (nav.) touer; (arch.) gauchir; (influence) influencer; (pervert) fausser, pervertir; intr.: se cambrer, se déjeter; plier; se tourmenter; (deviate) dévier; vaciller; (nav.) se touer. -er, n.: ourdisseur, m. -ing, n.: (in weaving) ourdissage, m.; (of wood) cambrure, f. -ing-mill, n.: machine à ourdir, f.

1.-warrant, n.: autorisation, autorité, f.; ordre, pouvoir, mandat, m.; garantie; justification, f.; garant; (for payment) mandat, m.; (arrest) mandat d'amener, mandat d'arrêt, m.: —of attorney, procuration, f.; —officer, (nav.) officier breveté, m. 2.-warrant, tr.: garantir; certifier, attester, assurer; autoriser; justifier; (secure) garantir, défendre, mettre à l'abri; (com.) garantir. -able, adj.: justifiable, autorisé, légitime. -able-ness, n.: caractère justifiable, m.; légitimité, f. -ably, adv.: d'une manière justifiable, légitimement. -œe, n.: (jur.) garanti, m. -er, -or, n.: garant, m.; caution; personne qui autorise, qui donne pouvoir, f.; (jur.) mandant, commettant, m. -ing, n.: action de garantir, f. 1.-y, n.: garantie; sûreté; autorisation, f.; pouvoir; cautionnement, m. 2.-y, tr.: garantir.

wärren, n.: garenne, f. -er, n.: garennier, m.

wärrior, n.: guerrier, militaire, soldat, m.: female —, guerrière, f.

wärt, n.: verrue, f., poireau, m.; (bot.) excroissance, f. -cress, n.: (bot.) sénobière, corne-de-cerf, f., coronoie, m. -ed, adj.: (bot.) verruqueux. -wort, n.: verrucaire, f. -y, adj.: plein de verrues; verruqueux; comme une verrue.

wäry, adj.: avisé, sage, prévoyant; prudent.

1.-wäh, tr.: laver; (bathe) mouiller, bai-

guier, arroser; (in *lyc*) lessiver; (linen) blanchir, savonner; (a horse) guêrer; (paint) laver: — *one's hands*, se laver les mains; — *clean*, laver bien; — *away*, *off*, enlever en lavant, nettoyer, laver, effacer; (*carry away*) enlever, emporter, entraîner; (*a stain*) enlever; — *up*, laver; (*on shore*) réjeter; — *over with gold*, dorer. 2. **wash**, *intr.*: se laver; se baigner; (*of a washerwoman, etc.*) blanchir, savonner: — *for any one*, blanchir quelqu'un; — *off*, disparaître, déteindre, s'effacer à l'eau; *that stuff* — *es*, cette étoffe se lave. 3. **wash**, *n.*: (of linen) blanchissage, savonnage, *m.*; lessive, *f.*, lavage; (*paint*) lavis, *m.*; (*med.*) lotion, eau; (*slight layer*) couche légère, *f.*, enduit, *m.*; (*dirty water*) lavure, eau de vaisselle; (*distilleries*) liqueur à distiller, *f.*: (*of an oar*) plat, *m.*, pale, *f.*; (*of the sea*) battement de la mer, *m.* — **ball**, *n.*: savonnette, *f.* — **board**, *n.*: (*carp.*) plinthe; (*nav.*) falque, *f.* — **er**, *n.*: laveur, *m.*, laveuse, *f.* — **erman**, *n.*: blanchisseur, *m.* — **erwoman**, *n.*: blanchisseuse; buandière, *f.* — **hand-basin**, *n.*: cuvette, *f.* — **hand-stand**, *n.*: lavabo, *m.* — **house**, *n.*: lavoir, *m.*; buanderie, *f.* — **ing**, *n.*: blanchissage, lavage; arrosage, *m.*; (in *lyc*) lessive; (*pers.*) ablution; (*med.*) lotion, *f.* — **ing-machine**, *n.*: machine à blanchir, *f.* — **leather**, *n.*: peau de chamois, *f.* — **stand**, *n.*: lavabo, *m.* — **y**, *adj.*: flasque, humide, mouillé; faible.

wasp, *n.*: (*ent.*) guêpe, *f.* — **fly**, *n.*: (*ent.*) mouche-guêpe, *f.* — **ish**, *adj.*: bourru; irascible, irritable; piquant. — **ishly**, *adv.*: avec irritation; d'une manière piquante. — **ishness**, *n.*: humeur bourrue, irritabilité, *f.*

1. **wassail**, *n.*: toast, *m.*, Santé, *f.*; (*drunken bout*) partie de débauche, bombance, orgie, ribote; (*song*) chanson joyeuse, *f.* 2. **wassail**, *intr.*: faire bombance, faire des orgies. — **or**, *n.*: buveur, riboteur, ivrogne, *m.*

1. **was-te**, *adj.*: inutile, mauvais, de rebut, sans valeur; (*ruined*) ruiné, ravagé, dévasté; (*not used*) non employé, perdu; (*of land*) inculte, en friche: — *paper*, papier de rebut, *m.*; (*print.*) maculature, *f.*; *lay* —, ravager, dévaster, ruiner. 2. **to**, *tr.*: (*squander*) gaspiller, perdre, prodiguer, dissiper; (*exhaust*) consumer, user, épuiser; (*spoil*) gâter, détériorer, dégrader; (*ruin*) ravager, dévaster, ruiner; (*time*) perdre; (*com.*) donner un déchet de. 3. **to**, *intr.*: s'user, se consumer, s'épuiser, déperir; se dissiper, se perdre; (*com.*) produire du déchet: — *away*, déperir, se consumer. 4. **to**, *n.*: perte, *f.*; déchet; (*extravagance*) gaspillage, *m.*,

perte, prodigalité; (*useless expense*) dépense inutile, *f.*; (*jur.*) dégât, *m.*, dégradation, *f.*; (*land*) désert, *m.*, terre inculte, terre en friche, solitude, *f.*; (*tech.*) trop-plein; (*print.*) débet, *m.* — **te-basket**, *n.*: panier (or corbeille, *f.*) au papier, *m.* — **te-book**, *n.*: brouillard, mémorial, *m.* — **ted**, *adj.*: dépensé sans nécessité; gaspillé, perdu, prodigué; (*diminished*) diminué; (*exhausted*) épuisé. — **teful**, *adj.*: dissipateur, prodigue; ruineux, en pure perte, inutile; dévastateur. — **tefully**, *adv.*: prodigement; en pure perte, inutilement. — **tefulness**, *n.*: dissipation, prodigalité, perte, *f.*; gaspillage, *m.* — **teness**, *n.*: désert, *m.*; solitude, *f.* — **te-paper**, *n.*: papier de rebut, *m.*, vieux papiers, *m. pl.*, paperasses, *f. pl.* — **te-pipe**, *n.*: tuyau de trop-plein, *m.* — **ter**, *n.*: dissipateur, *m.*, dissipatrice, *f.*; gaspilleur, *m.*, gaspilleuse, *f.*; prodigue, *m.*, *f.*; (*thing*) chose qui use, qui épuise, chose qui ravage, qui dévaste, *f.* — **te-weir**, *n.*: déversoir de superficie, *m.* — **ting**, *adj.*: qui use, qui épuise, qui détruit.

1. **watch**, *n.*: (*vigil*) veille; (*vigilance*) vigilance, attention, garde, surveillance; (*sentry*) sentinelle, *f.*, garde, *m.*; (*milit.*) garde; (*guard*) garde, *f.*, poste, guet, *m.*; (*time-piece*) montre, *f.*; (*nav.*) quart, *m.*: *by my* —, à ma montre; *be upon the* —, être, se tenir sur ses gardes, être à l'affût, être aux aguets, avoir l'œil au guet; (*nav.*) être de quart; (*milit.*) être de garde, monter la garde; *be upon the* — *for*, guetter, épier; *keep* —, avoir l'œil au guet; *keep good* —, faire bonne garde; *lie on the* — *for*, être à l'affût de; être aux aguets pour; *bill of* —, (*nav.*) rôle de quart, *m.*

2. **watch**, *intr.*: (*not sleep*) veiller; (*be attentive*) veiller, être attentif, prendre garde, être, se tenir sur ses gardes; (*keep guard*) veiller, faire le guet, faire la garde; (*nav.*) faire le quart; *tr.*: veiller sur, veiller, surveiller, prendre garde à; guetter, épier, attendre: — *and ward*, faire le guet; — *for*, attendre, épier, guetter; — *over*, veiller, veiller sur, surveiller; — *with*, (*an invalid*) veiller, veiller auprès de, garder. — **bill**, *n.*: (*nav.*) rôle de quart, *m.* — **box**, *n.*: guérite, *f.* — **case**, *n.*: boîte de montre, *f.*: — *maker*, boîtier, monteur de boîtes, *m.* — **coat**, *n.*: (*milit.*) capote, *f.* — **dog**, *n.*: chien de garde, *m.* — **er**, *n.*: surveillant, inspecteur, *m.*; (*to an invalid*) garde, garde-malade, *m.*, *f.*, veilleur; (*nav.*) guetteur, *m.* — **fire**, *n.*: feu de bivouac, *m.* — **ful**, *adj.*: soigneux, vigilant, attentif. — **fully**, *adv.*: vigilement, attentivement. — **fulness**, *n.*: vigilance; (*want of sleep*) insomnie, privation de sommeil, *f.*, veilles,

f. pl.; (*over a person*) surveillance, *f.*
-glass, *n.*: verre de montre; (*nav.*) sablier de quart, *m.* **-guard**, *n.*: chaîne de sûreté, chaîne de montre, *f.* **-house**, *n.*: corps de garde, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: veille, insomnie, *f.* **-light**, *n.*: veilleuse, *f.* **-maker**, *n.*: horloger, *m.* **-making**, *n.*: horlogerie, *f.* **-man**, *n.*: homme de guet, garde, *m.*; sentinelle, *f.*; gardien de nuit, *m.* **-stand**, *n.*: porte-montre, *m.* **-tower**, *n.*: tour d'observation; guérite, *f.* **-word**, *n.*: mot d'ordre, *m.* **-work**, *n.*: (*horl.*) mouvement.

1. **water**, *n.*: eau; (*tide*) marée; (*of diamonds*) eau, *f.*, lustre; (*class*) ordre, *m.*, volée; (*urine*) eau, urine, *f.*: *fresh* —, eau fraîche; (*not salt*) eau douce; *salt* —, eau salée, eau de mer; *sea* —, eau de mer; *spring* —, eau de source; *hard* —, eau crue, dure; *holy* —, eau bénite; *high* —, haute marée, haute mer; *low* —, marée basse, mer basse; *it is high* —, *low* —, la marée est haute, basse; *take in fresh* —, faire de l'eau; *be of the first* —, (*of diamonds*) être de première eau; (*fig.*) être de la plus haute volée, du premier rang; — *on the chest, in the head*, une hydropisie de la poitrine, de cerveau, *f.*; *be in hot* —, être en querelle; (*in trouble*) s'être mis dans l'embarras; *draw ten feet* —, avoir dix pieds de tirant d'eau.

2. **water**, *tr.*: arroser; (*animal*) donner à boire à, abreuver; (*stuffs*) mouiller; *intr.*: (*weep*) pleurer; (*draw* —) puiser de l'eau; (*nav.*) faire de l'eau, faire aigüde: *that makes my mouth* —, cela me fait venir l'eau à la bouche. **-age**, *n.*: prix du transport par eau; transport par eau, *m.* **-bailiff**, *n.*: officier de la douane chargé de la visite des navires, des marchés à poisson, *m.* **-bearer**, *n.*: (*astron.*) verseau, *m.* **-blowing-machine**, *n.*: trombe, *f.* **-berne**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) à flot. **-bug**, *n.*: punaise d'eau, hydrocorise, *f.* **-caltrops**, *n.*: (*bot.*) châtaigne d'eau, macle, macre, *f.* **-carrier**, *n.*: porteur d'eau, *m.* **-cart**, *n.*: charrette d'arrosage, *f.* **-clock**, *n.*: clepsydre. **-closet**, *n.*: cabinet d'aisances, cabinet, *m.* **-colour**, *n.*: aquarelle, *f.*: — *painting*, aquarelle, peinture à l'aquarelle, *f.* **-course**, *n.*: cours d'eau; canal, fossé pour l'écoulement des eaux; (*jur.*) droit de puisage, *m.*; (*hydr.*) chute d'eau, *f.* **-cress**, *n.*: cresson, *m.* **-cure**, *n.*: hydrothérapie, hydropathie, *f.*; *adj.*: hydrothérapique. **-dog**, *n.*: barbet, caniche, terre-neuve, *m.* **-drain**, *n.*: canal d'écoulement, *m.* **-drainage**, *n.*: écoulement des eaux, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: arrosé; (*of stuffs*) mouillé, ondu. **-engine**, *n.*: machine hydraulique, *f.* **-er**,

n.: personne qui arrose, *f.* **-fall**, *n.*: cascade; chute d'eau, *f.* **-fowl**, *n.*: oiseau aquatique, *m.* **-farrow**, *n.*: rigole d'écoulement, *f.* **-gall**, *n.*: trou creusé par un torrent, *m.* **-gage**, **-gauge**, *n.*: indicateur de la hauteur de l'eau, flotteur; tube de niveau, *m.*; échelle, *f.* **-god**, *n.*: dieu aquatique, *m.* **-gruel**, *n.*: gruau, *m.* **-iness**, *n.*: humidité; aquosité; (*med.*) sérosité, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: arrosage; arrosage; approvisionnement d'eau; (*of animals*) abreuvement; (*of stuffs*) mouillage, *m.*; (*nav.*) action de faire de l'eau, *f.* **-ing-engine**, *n.*: pompe d'arrosage, *f.* **-ing-place**, *n.*: eaux (lieu où l'on prend les eaux), *f. pl.*; ville de bains, *f.*; bains d'eaux minérales, *m. pl.*; ville au bord de la mer, *f.*; (*for animals*) abreuvoir, *m.*; (*nav.*) aigüde, *f.* **-ing-pot**, *n.*: arrosoir, *m.* **-ing-trough**, *n.*: auge, *f.*; abreuvoir, *m.* **-ish**, *adj.*: aqueux; qui ressemble à l'eau. **-ishness**, *n.*: sérosité; nature aqueuse, *f.* **-level**, *n.*: niveau d'eau, *m.* **-lily**, *n.*: nénuphar, *m.* **-line**, *n.*: ligne de flottaison, *f.* **-logged**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) engagé, à moitié engagé dans l'eau; à moitié plein d'eau. **-man**, *n.*: batelier, marinier; (*at a ferry*) passeur, *m.* **-mark**, *n.*: niveau des eaux; (*on paper*) filigrane, *m.*: *high, low* —, niveau des hautes eaux, des eaux basses. **-marked**, *adj.*: à filigrane. **-melon**, *n.*: melon d'eau, *m.*; pastèque, *f.* **-mill**, *n.*: moulin à eau, *m.* **-plant**, *n.*: plante aquatique, *f.* **-poise**, *n.*: hydromètre, *m.* **-pot**, *n.*: pot à eau, *m.* **-power**, *n.*: force hydraulique, *f.* **-pressure**, *n.*: pression de l'eau, *f.*: — *engine*, presse hydraulique, *f.* **-proof**, *adj.*: imperméable à l'eau; à l'épreuve de l'eau. **-ram**, *n.*: bélière hydraulique, *m.* **-rate**, *n.*: contribution pour l'eau à domicile, *f.* **-sail**, *n.*: (*nav.*) bonnet, *f.* **-shed**, *n.*: versant, *m.* **-shoot**, *n.*: (*arch.*) gargonille, *f.* **-side**, *n.*: bord de l'eau, *m.* **-snail**, *n.*: (*hydr.*) vis d'Archimède, *f.* **-snake**, *n.*: hydrophide, *m.* **-soak**, *tr.*: tremper dans l'eau. **-spider**, *n.*: araignée aquatique. **-spout**, *n.*: trombe, *f.*; typhon, *m.*; (*of a house*) gouttière, *f.* **-station**, *n.*: station à prendre de l'eau, *f.* **-sumph**, *n.*: (*mines*) puisard, *m.* **-supply**, *n.*: approvisionnement d'eau, *m.* **-table**, *n.*: (*arch.*) empâtement, *m.*, écharpe, *f.* **-tight**, *adj.*: imperméable à l'eau. **-tightness**, *n.*: imperméabilité à l'eau, étanchéité, *f.* **-trough**, *n.*: auge, *f.*; abreuvoir, *m.* **-way**, *n.*: cours d'eau; débouché, *m.*; (*canal*) section; (*of a ship*) gouttière, *f.* **-wheel**, *n.*: roue hydrau-

lique, *f.* -wings, *n. pl.*: porré, *m.* -works, *n.*: eaux, *f. pl.*: ouvrages hydrauliques, *m. pl.*: établissement pour la distribution des eaux, *m.*: machine hydraulique, *f.* -wort, *n.*: élatine, *f.* -y, *adj.*: humide; liquide; aqueux; humecté, mouillé, plein d'eau; marin, des eaux: — gods, dieux marins, des eaux.

1. wattle, *n.*: (branch) brindille; (hurdle) claie; (of a cock, a fish) barbe, *f.*, barbillon, *m.* 2. wattle, *tr.*: fermer de claies; tresser, entrelacer; lier avec de petites branches.

1. wā-ve, *n.*: vague, flot, *m.*: onde, lame; (fig.) ondulation; (on stuffs) moire, *f.*

2. -ve, *tr.*: sillonner, rendre raboteux, rendre inégal; (brandish) agiter, brandir; (beckon) faire signe de; (reject) rejeter, repousser; (put off) éloigner; (relinquish) abandonner, se désister de, retirer, ne pas insister sur; *intr.*: ondoyer, onduler, flotter; (move) s'agiter, se mouvoir, flotter, tourner, faire signe.

-ved, *adj.*: ondulé; ondulé. -veless, *adj.*: sans vagues, calme, uni. -ve-of-

fering, *n.*: offrande des prémices, *f.* -ver, *intr.*: chanceler; vaciller; balancer, être indéterminé, être indécis, être incertain.

-verer, *n.*: inconstant, *m.*, inconstante; personne indécise, personne irrésolue, *f.* -vering, *adj.*: inconstant; indécis, vacillant. -veringly, *adv.*: avec incertitude; en vacillant, en hésitant.

-veringness, *n.*: inconstance; indécision, *f.* -ving, *n.*: ondement, *m.*, ondulation, *f.* -vy, *adj.*: ondoyant, qui s'élève en ondes; ondulé; ondulé.

1. wāx, *n.*: cire, *f.* 2. wax, *tr.*: cirer, enduire de cire; bougier; *intr.*: croître, s'accroître; devenir, se faire. -candle, *n.*: bougie, *f.* -chandler, *n.*: fabricant de bougies, cirier, *m.* -en, *adj.*: de cire. -light, *n.*: bougie, *f.* -maker, *n.*: cirier, *m.* -taper, *n.*: bougie, *f.*; cierge, *m.* -tree, *n.*: (bot.) céroxyle, cirier, *m.* -work, *n.*: figure de cire, *f.*; ouvrage de cire, *m.* -y, *adj.*: qui ressemble à la cire; visqueux.

wāy, *n.*: chemin, *m.*; route, voie, *f.*; (passage) chemin, passage, *m.*, place, issue, *f.*; (direction) côté, sens, *m.*, direction; (manner) manière, façon, guise, mode, idée, fantaisie, *f.*, genre, *m.*; (custom) coutume, *f.*, usage; (means, system) moyen, système, expédient, *m.*, voie, méthode; (conduct) conduite, manière d'agir, *f.*; (state) état, *m.*, passe, *f.*; (free scope) cours, libre cours; (line of business) genre, *m.*, partie; (fig.) voie, *f.*, chemin, *m.*: — in, entrée, *f.*; — out, sortie; issue, *f.*; — through, passage, *m.*; by the —, en passant, soit dit en passant; on the —, en

chemin, en route, chemin faisant; *the right* —, le bon chemin; (fig.) le bon moyen, la bonne manière; *the wrong* —, le mauvais chemin; de la mauvaise manière, à rebours, de travers; *go the right — to work*, s'y prendre bien; *out of the —*, de côté; à l'écart; écarté; (strange) étrange, extraordinaire; (hidden) caché; *keep, to be out of the —*, se cacher, se tenir éloigné, caché, à l'écart; *out of the —*, en arrière! gare! rangez-vous! *get out of the —!* ôtez-vous du chemin, de là! *get any one out of the —*, éloigner quelqu'un; *make —!* clear the —! faites place! *go your —*, passez votre chemin! *be, stand in the —*, embarrasser, gêner, faire obstacle, barrer le passage; *he is in my —*, il m'embarrasse; *be, keep in the —*, (be near) se tenir à portée; *walk a long —*, faire beaucoup de chemin; *get under —*, (nav.) se mettre en route; *lead the —*, marcher en tête; *lose one's —*, s'égarer, se perdre; *over the —*, vis-à-vis, en face, de l'autre côté du chemin, de la rue; *that —*, de ce côté-là, par là; (that manner) de cette manière-là; *this —*, de ce côté-ci, par ici; *which —?* de quel côté, par où? *cut, force one's —*, se frayer, s'ouvrir un chemin, un passage; *make the best of one's —*, aller, se rendre en toute hâte; *work one's — to*, s'ouvrir un chemin vers; *no —*, *no —s*, nullement, pas du tout, en aucune manière; *in no —*, en aucune façon, manière; — *s and means*, voies et moyens; *by — of*, en guise de, par forme de; *in my own —*, à ma manière, guise; *find a — to*, trouver moyen de; *she will have her own —*, elle veut être la maîtresse; elle veut agir à sa fantaisie, faire ses volontés, faire à sa tête. -bill, *n.*: itinéraire de voiture publique, *m.* -faring, *adj.*: qui voyage, en voyage. -lay, *tr.*: guetter; dresser un guet-apens à. -layer, *n.*: personne qui dresse un guet-apens, qui attend de guet-apens, *f.* -less, *adj.*: errant, sans direction; sans routes. -ward -word, *adj.*: fantasque; bourru; entêté; méchant. -wardly, *adv.*: méchamment; avec humeur; obstinément, avec entêtement. -wardness, *n.*: humeur bourru; méchanceté, *f.*; entêtement, *m.* -worn, *adj.*: harassé, épuisé par la route.

wē, *pron.*: nous.

weak, *adj.*: faible; infirme, débile: — side, côté faible; faible, *m.*; grow —, s'affaiblir. -en, *tr.*: affaiblir; débilitier; atténuer, diminuer; (drinks) couper, étendre. -ener, *n.*: personne qui affaiblit; chose qui affaiblit, *f.*; débilitant, *m.* -ening, *n.*: affaiblissement, *m.*; débilitation, *f.* -ening, *adj.*: affaiblissant; dé-

bilant. **-headed**, *adj.*: qui a la tête faible. **-hearted**, *adj.*: peu courageux, poltron. **-ling**, *n.*: être faible, être débile, *m.* 1-**ly**, *adj.*: faible; infirme; débile. 2-**ly**, *adv.*: faiblement; débilement; sans force. **-ness**, *n.*: faiblesse; débilité, *f.*; (*fig.*) faible, *m.* **-sighted**, *adj.*: qui a la vue faible. **-spirited**, *adj.*: mou, inanimé; sans courage, sans cœur.

wēal, *n.*: bien, bien-être; bonheur, *m.*

wēalth, *n.*: richesse, opulence, fortune, *f.*, richesses, *f. pl.*; biens, *m. pl.* **-ily**, *adv.*: richement, dans l'opulence. **-iness**, *n.*: richesse, opulence, fortune, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: riche, opulent.

wēan, *tr.*: sevrer; (*alienate*) détacher. **-ing**, *n.*: sevrage, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: enfant sevré; animal sevré, *m.*

wēapon, *n.*: arme, défense, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: armé. **-less**, *adj.*: sans armes, désarmé.

1. **wēar** = **weir**.

2. **wēar** (*pret. wore*; *part. worn*), *tr.*: (*clothes*) porter, avoir, mettre; (*use by wear*) user; (*tire*) lasser, fatiguer, harasser; (*consume*) consumer: — *away*, user; *consume*; (*deface*) effacer; — *out*, miner, épuiser; (*time*) passer péniblement; (*tire*) lasser, harasser; (*clothes*) user; *he —s my patience out*, il m'impatiente, il lasse ma patience. 3. **wear**, *intr.*: s'user; se consumer: — *away*, *off*, s'user, dépérir; se consumer; perdre ses forces; (*get effaced*) s'effacer; (*of time*) se passer, s'écouler, se dissiper; — *out*, s'user; — *well*, être d'un bon user; (*pers.*) se conserver; — *badly*, n'être pas d'un bon user. 4. **wear**, *n.*: (*act of wearing*) user, usage; (*clothing*) habillement, *m.*; (*waste by wearing*) usure, *f.*, dépérissement, *m.*: — *and tear*, usure, détérioration, *f.*; frais d'entretien, *m. pl.* **-able**, *adj.*: portable, mettable. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui porte, qui use; chose qui use, qui consume, *f.*

wēa-ried, *adj.*: fatigué; ennuyé, las. **-rily**, *adv.*: d'une manière fatigante; ennuyusement. **-riness**, *n.*: fatigue, lassitude, *f.*; ennui, *m.* **-risome**, *adj.*: ennuyeux; fatigant; fastidieux, lassant. **-risomely**, *adv.*: ennuyusement; fastidieusement. **-risomeness**, *n.*: nature fatigante, nature ennuyeuse, *f.*; ennui, *m.* 1-**ry**, *adj.*: las, ennuyé, fatigué; (*of things*) fatigant, ennuyeux. 2-**ry**, *tr.*: lasser, ennuyer, fatiguer; *intr.*: se fatiguer, se lasser: — *out*, harasser, excéder, exténuer.

wēasand, *n.*: trachée-artère, *f.*

wēasel, *n.*: belette, *f.*

1. **wēather**, *n.*: temps; (*nav.*) vent, côté

du vent, *m.*: *it is fine* —, il fait beau temps, il fait beau; *it is beautiful, delightful* —, il fait un temps superbe, charmant; *it is cloudy, rainy* —, il fait un temps couvert, pluvieux; *foggy* —, temps de brouillard; *in rainy* —, dans les temps de pluie; *stormy* —, temps d'orage; (*nav.*) gros temps. 2. **weather**, *tr.*: (*a tempest*) résister à; (*a cape*) doubler; (*nav.*) gagner le vent de. **-beaten**, *adj.*: battu par l'orage, par la tempête; exténué, usé, épuisé. **-board**, *n.*: abat-vent, auvent; larmier; (*of a door, etc.*) reverseau, *m.* **-boarding**, *n.*: plancher pour abriter les maisons en construction; (*nav.*) bordage supplémentaire, *m.* **-bound**, *adj.*: arrêté par le mauvais temps. **-cock**, *n.*: girouette, *f.* **-driven**, *adj.*: chassé par la tempête. **-gage**, **-gauge**, *n.*: (*nav.*) avantage du vent, *m.*: *get the* —, prendre le dessus du vent. **-glass**, *n.*: baromètre; thermomètre, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*geol.*) action des éléments sur, *f.* **-most**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) le plus au vent. **-proof**, *adj.*: à l'épreuve du temps. **-wise**, *adj.*: qui prévoit le temps.

wēa-ve (*pret. wove*; *part. woven*), *tr.*: tisser, faire au métier; tresser, entre-lacer; (*fig.*) entremêler, unir, mêler. **-ver**, *n.*: tisserand, *m.*; (*orni.*) genre de passereaux des Indes et de l'Afrique, *m.* — *or fish* = **weever**. **-ving**, *n.*: tissage, *m.*

wēb, *n.*: tissu; (*fig.*) tissu, enchaînement, *m.*; (*in the eye*) taie; (*of water-fowls*) membrane palmaire; (*of a spider*) toile, *f.*; (*of a coultter*) tranchant, *m.* **-bed**, *adj.*: palmé. **-by**, *adj.*: membraneux; de toile d'araignée. **-footed**, *adj.*: palmipède, aux pieds palmés.

wēd, *tr.*: épouser, se marier avec; (*fig.*) unir, attacher, marier; *intr.*: se marier: — *ded to*, fortement attaché à, entiché de. **-ding**, *n.*: noce, *f.*; noces, *f. pl.*; mariage, *m.*

1. **wēdge**, *n.*: coin; (*metal*) lingot, *m.*

2. **wedge**, *tr.*: serrer par un coin; caler, fixer au moyen de coins; forcer; fendre: — *in*, pousser, faire entrer; caler, assujettir; serrer, presser. **-shaped**, *adj.*: en coin; cunéiforme.

wēdlock, *n.*: mariage, hymen, *m.*

Wēdnesday, *n.*: mercredi, *m.*

wēc, *adj.*: petit, tout petit: *a — bit*, un tout petit peu, un tantinet.

1. **wēcd**, *n.*: vêtement, habit; vêtement de deuil, *m.*

2. **wēcd**, *n.*: mauvaise herbe, herbe, *f.*; (*jest.*) tabac, *m.* 3. **weed**, *tr.*: sarcler; arracher les mauvaises herbes; (*fig.*) purifier, nettoyer, extirper, purger, épurer:

— *out*, extirper, déraciner, enlever. — *er*, *n.*: sarcler; (*fig.*) destructeur, *m.* — *hook*, *n.*: sarcloir, *m.* — *ing*, *n.*: sarclage, *m.* — *ing-tool*, *n.*: (*agri.*) extirpateur, *m.* — *y*, *adj.*: plein de mauvaises herbes.

wêek, *n.*: semaine, *f.*: *this day —*, (*future*) d'aujourd'hui en huit; (*past*) il y a aujourd'hui huit jours. — *day*, *n.*: jour de semaine, jour ouvrable: — *days*, semaine, *f.* 1. *ly*, *adv.*: hebdomadairement, toutes les semaines. 2. *ly*, *adj.*: de chaque semaine; hebdomadaire.

wêen, *intr.*: (*poet.*) penser, croire, estimer.

wêep (*pret.*, part. *wep*), *intr.*: pleurer, verser des larmes; gémir, se plaindre; *tr.*: pleurer, pleurer sur; (*tears*) verser, répandre des larmes: — *for*, pleurer; — *bitterly*, pleurer à chaudes larmes, pleurer amèrement. — *er*, *n.*: pleureur, *m.*, pleureuse; personne qui pleure; (*band of cambric*) pleureuse, *f.* 1. *ing*, *n.*: pleurs, *m. pl.*; larmes, *f. pl.* 2. *ing*, *adj.*: qui pleure; (*bot.*) pleureur. — *ingly*, *adv.*: en pleurant.

wêever, *n.*: (*ichth.*) vive, *f.*

wêevil, *n.*: (*ent.*) calandre, *f.*; charançon, *m.*

wêft, *n.*: trame, duite, *f.*; tissu, *m.*

1. **wêigh**, *tr.*: peser; (*fig.*) examiner, juger, peser, balancer; (*anchor*) lever; *intr.*: peser, avoir un poids de; avoir du poids, avoir de la valeur; (*nav.*) lever l'ancre: — *down*, peser plus que; affaisser; (*oppress*) surcharger, accabler; (*fig.*) l'emporter sur, surpasser; — *upon*, peser sur; être à charge à; — *down*, s'affaisser, s'abaisser; (*of scales*) pencher. 2. **wêigh**, *n.*: (*quantity weighed*) pesée, *f.* — *able*, *adj.*: que l'on peut peser. — *age*, *n.*: pesage, *m.* — **bridge**, *n.*: pont à bascule, *m.* — *er*, *n.*: peseur, *m.*, peseuse, *f.* — *ing*, *n.*: pesage, *m.*; pesée, *f.* — **ing-machine**, *n.*: balance à bascule, *f.* — *t*, *n.*: poids, *m.*; pesanteur; (*fig.*) importance, valeur, *f.*: *by —*, au poids; *of —*, de poids; important, grave, sérieux; *be worth one's — in gold*, valoir son pesant d'or. — *tily*, *adv.*: pesamment, lourdement; gravement, fortement. — *teness*, *n.*: poids, *m.*; pesanteur; (*fig.*) importance, valeur, gravité, force, *f.* — *ty*, *adj.*: pesant, lourd, de poids; fort, solide; (*important*) important, grave.

wêir, *n.*: barrage; déversoir; (*for fishing*) nasse, *f.*

1. **wêl-come**, *adj.*: bienvenu; bien accueilli; bien reçu; (*of things*) agréable, heureux, bon, bien reçu: *you are — to it*, c'est bien à votre service. 2. **-come**, *n.*: bienvenue; gracieuse réception, *f.*; bon accueil, *m.*: *give a good, a hearty — to*, faire très bon accueil à. 3. **-come**, *tr.*:

souhaiter la bienvenue à; bien accueillir, faire bon accueil à, recevoir très bien.

4. **-come!** *interj.*: soyez bienvenu. — **-comely**, *adv.*: avec bon accueil. — **-comeness**, *n.*: nature agréable, *f.*; bon accueil, *m.* — **-comer**, *n.*: personne qui fait bon accueil, qui accueille bien, qui souhaite la bienvenue, *f.*

wêld, *tr.*: souder; joindre. — *er*, *n.*: personne qui soude, *f.* — *ing*, *n.*: soudure, *f.*

wêlfare, *n.*: bien-être, bonheur, bien, *m.* — **wêlkin**, *n.*: ciel, *m.*; voûte céleste, *f.*

1. **wêll**, *n.*: puits, *m.*; source, fontaine, *f.*; réservoir d'eau; (*of a fishing-boat*) réservoir, *m.*; (*of a ship*) archipompe, arche-de-pompe, *f.*: *dry —*, puits perdu. 2. **well**, *intr.*: jaillir, couler.

3. **wêll**, *adj.*: en bonne santé; (*fortunate*) bien, bon, heureux; (*advantageous*) utile, profitable; (*in favour*) en faveur: — *off*, bien dans ses affaires, dans une bonne position, heureux; *be —*, (*in health*) se porter bien, être bien portant, être en bonne santé, être bien; *all is — that ends —*, tout est bien qui finit bien; *be — to do*, être à son aise, être dans l'aisance.

4. **wêll**, *adv.*: bien; très; fort; comme il faut: — *and good*, à la bonne heure; — *nigh*, presque; *as — as*, aussi bien que; *speak — of*, dire du bien de, parler favorablement de; *wish one —*, souhaiter du bien à quelqu'un. — **-aday!** *interj.*: hélas! — **-advised**, *adj.*: bien avisé; prudent, judicieux. — **-balanced**, *adj.*: bien équilibré. — **-being**, *n.*: bien-être, bonheur, *m.* — **-beloved**, *adj.*: bien-aimé. — **-born**, *adj.*: de naissance, bien né. — **-bred**, *adj.*: poli, bien élevé. — **-conducted**, *adj.*: bien conduit, bien mené, bien dirigé. — **-considered**, *adj.*: bien réfléchi. — **-disposed**, *adj.*: bien disposé, bien intentionné. — **-doer**, *n.*: personne qui fait le bien, *f.* — **-doing**, *n.*: bienfaisance, *f.*; accomplissement de ses devoirs, *m.* — **-done!** *interj.*: bien fait! fort bien!

2. **wêll-drain**, *n.*: puits d'écoulement, *m.* — **-drain**, *tr.*: dessécher au moyen de puits d'écoulement. — **wêll-favoured**, *adj.*: bien formé, beau, bien fait. — **-formed**, *adj.*: bien fait, beau; (*plan*) sagement formé. — **-grounded**, *adj.*: bien fondé. — **-informed**, *adj.*: instruit, très instruit; (*of facts*) bien informé. — **-judged**, *adj.*: bien entendu, bien vu. — **-known**, *adj.*: bien connu. — **-mannered**, *adj.*: de bon ton, de bonnes manières, poli, bien élevé. — **-meaning**, *adj.*: bien intentionné, honnête. — **-meant**, *adj.*: fait à bonne intention. — **-met!** *interj.*: heureuse rencontre! — **-minded**, *adj.*: bien disposé. — **-read**, *adj.*: instruit, qui a beaucoup lu.

well-sinker, *n.*: puisatier, *m.* **well-set**, *adj.*: bien placé. **-spoken**, *adj.*: (*pers.*) qui parle bien, beau parleur; (*of things*) bien dit, bien tourné.

wellspring, *n.*: source, *f.*

well-timed, *adj.*: à propos; fait à propos. **-to-do**, *adj.*: à son aise, aisé.

-wisher, *n.*: ami, *m.*, amie, *f.*; protecteur, *m.*, protectrice; personne qui souhaite du bien à, *f.*; partisan, *m.*

Welsh, *adj.*: gallois; du pays de Galles; *n.*: (language) gallois, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: Gallois, *m.*; **-woman**, Galloise, *f.*

1. wölt, *n.*: bordure, bande; (*of leather*) trépointe, *f.* **2. wolt**, *tr.*: border, garnir.

wölter, *intr.*: se vautrer, se rouler; nager, être baigné, noyé dans: **-ing in**, baigné, noyé dans.

wën, *n.*: (*med.*) tumeur enkystée, loupe, *f.* **wënch**, *n.*: fille; donzelle; (*negress*) négresse, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: libertin, *m.*

wënd, *intr. and tr.*: aller; aller et venir: **-one's way**, suivre son chemin.

wën-nish, **-ny**, *adj.*: de la nature de la loupe.

1. wëst, *n.*: ouest, occident, couchant, *m.* **2. west**, *adj.*: occidental, d'ouest, de l'ouest. **3. west**, *adv.*: à l'occident, à l'ouest. **1. -erly**, **-orn**, *adj.*: occidental; d'ouest, de l'ouest. **2. -erly**, *adv.*: vers l'occident, vers l'ouest. **-ing**, *n.*: direction vers l'ouest. **-ward** **-word**, *adv.*: vers l'ouest. **-wardly**, *adv.*: en se dirigeant vers l'ouest.

1. wët, *adj.*: mouillé; humide; (*of the weather*) pluvieux, humide: **- through**, trempé; **it is -**, il fait mauvais temps; **- dock**, gare, *f.* **2. wet**, *n.*: humidité, *f.*; (*weather*) temps pluvieux, *m.*, pluie, *f.* **3. wet**, *tr.*: mouiller; tremper; humecter; (*print.*) tremper.

wëther, *n.*: mouton, *m.*

wët-ness, *n.*: humidité, *f.*; état pluvieux, *m.* **-nurse**, *n.*: nourrice, *f.* **-ting**, *n.*: action de mouiller, de tremper, *f.*; (*print.*) trempage, *m.*: **-board**, ais, *m.*; **-room**, (*print.*) tremperie, *f.* **-tish**, *adj.*: un peu humide, moite.

whäck, *n.*: coup lourd, *m.*; taloche, *f.*

whäle, *n.*: baleine, *f.* **-bone**, *n.*: baleine; barbe de baleine, *f.* **-fin**, *n.*: fanon de baleine, *m.* **-fishery**, *n.*: pêche de la baleine, *f.* **-louse**, *n.*: (*ent.*) cyame, pou de baleine, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: baleinier, pêcheur de baleine, *m.* **-tribe**, *n.*: cétacés, *m. pl.* **-r -er**, *n.*: baleinier; navire baleinier; (*whaleman*) baleinier, pêcheur de baleine, *m.*

wháp, *n.*: coup fort; horizon, *m.* **-per**, *n.*: chose immense; (*lie*) bourde, *f.*

1. wharf (*pl. wharfs* ou *wharves*), *n.*: quai, embarcadère, débarcadère de rivière, *m.*

2. wharf, *tr.*: munir d'un quai. **-age**, *n.*: quaiage; droit de quai, *m.* **-inger**, *n.*: gardien d'un quai, *m.*

1. whát, *rel. pron.*: (*subject*) ce qui, quoi; (*interrog.*) qu'est-ce qui; (*object*) ce que, quoi; (*interrog.*) qu'est-ce que, que, quoi; (*whatever*) quoi que ce soit: **know -s -**, ne pas se moucher du pied; **I will tell you -**, je vous dirai ce que c'est; **- of that?** qu'est-ce que cela fait? **for -?** pourquoi? pourquoi faire? **-!** **can you not?** quoi! ne pouvez-vous pas? **- though it be so?** hé bien quoi! quand même cela serait?

2. what, *adj. pron.*: quel, *m. sing.*, quelle, *f. sing.*; (*etc.*) que de, combien de: **-** **soever**, quelque, *que*; **quelque** **...** **que** ce soit. **-é'er**, **-éver**, *pron.*: quoi que ce soit; quelque **...** **qui**; (*as object*) quelque **...** **que**; (*all that*) tout ce qui; (*as object*) tout ce que.

whéat, *n.*: froment; blé, *m.* **-ear**, *n.*: (*orn.*) motteux, cul-blanc, *m.* **-en**, *adj.*: de froment, de blé. **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) froment rampant, *m.* **-worm**, *n.*: (*ent.*) lepte automnal, rouget, *m.*

whéedle, *tr.*: cajoler; flagorner; enjôler. **-er**, *n.*: cajoleur, *m.*, cajoleuse, *f.*; flagorneur, *m.*, flagorneuse, *f.*; enjôleur, *m.*, enjôleuse, *f.*; câlin, *m.*, câline, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: cajolerie, flagornerie, câlinerie, *f.*

1. whéel, *n.*: roue, *f.*; (*circular body*) corps rond, *m.*; (*carriage*) voiture; (*lorture*) roue, *f.*; (*for spinning*) rouet, filoir, *m.*; (*revolution*) révolution, *f.*; (*turning about*) tour, cercle, *m.* **2. wheel**, *tr.*: rouler; faire tourner; (*in a barrow*) brouetter; *intr.*: rouler sur des roues; (*move round*) tourner, se tourner; (*of things*) tourner, se mouvoir en rond; (*roll forward*) s'avancer en roulant; (*milit.*) faire une conversion: **- about**, tourner; faire une pirouette; (*milit.*) faire une conversion.

-animal, *n.*: (*ent.*) rotifère, *m.* **-barrow**, *n.*: brouette, *f.* **-ed**, *adj.*: à roues: **four -** carriage, voiture à quatre roues, *f.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui roule, qui brouette, *f.*; (*horae*) cheval de brancard, limonier, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: transport sur roue; roulage, *m.*; (*milit.*) conversion, *f.* **-race**, *n.*: (*tech.*) voie de la roue, *f.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: en roue; (*bot.*) rotacé, rotiforme. **-work**, *n. sing.*: rouages, *m. pl.* **-wright**, *n.*: charron, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: rond, circulaire; rotiforme.

whéze-e, *intr.*: siffler, respirer avec bruit. **-ing**, *n.*: sifflement, *m.*, respiration sifflante, *f.*

whélk, *n.*: pustule, *f.*; (*conch.*) buccin, *m.* **whélm**, *tr.*: submerger; (*fig.*) accabler.

1. whélp, *n.*: petit; (*of the bear*) ourson; *m.*

(of the lion) lionceau; (of the wolf) louveteau; (nav.) taquet; (child) marmot, m.
2.whelp, intr.: chienne; faire ses petits; mettre bas.

whên, adv.: quand, lorsque; que, où: the day — I saw him, le jour où je l'ai vu.
-ee, adv.: d'où; de là. **-eessôver**, adv.: de quelque lieu que ce soit. **-êver**, **-sôver**, adv.: toutes les fois que, quand; dans quelque temps que.

where **hwâr**, adv.: où. **-about**, **-abouts**, adv.: où, où à peu près; (concerning which) au sujet de quoi. **-âs**, adv.: au lieu que; tandis que; vu que; (jur.) considérant que. **-ât**, adv.: à quoi; là-dessus. **-bÿ**, adv.: par lequel; par où; par quoi. **-êr** = *wherever*. **-fore**, adv.: pourquoi, c'est pourquoi; donc. **-frôm**, adv.: d'où. **-in**, **-intô**, adv.: en, dans quoi, dans lequel, où. **-ôf**, adv.: dont, de quoi, duquel. **-ôn**, adv.: sur quoi, sur lequel. **-soêver** = *wherever*. **-tô**, adv.: à quoi, auquel; où. **-upôn**, adv.: sur quoi; sur lequel. **wherêver**, adv.: partout où, n'importe où; en quelque lieu que ce soit. **-with**, **-withâl**, adv.: avec quoi, avec lequel; de quoi.

wherry, n.: bateau, bac, m.; nacelle, f.

1.whét, tr.: aiguiser; affiler; repasser; affûter; (fig.) aiguiser, exciter. **2.whot**, n.: aiguisement; repassage; (stimulant) excitant, stimulant, m.

1.whêther, pron.: lequel, m., laquelle, f.
2.whether, conj.: soit, soit que; si, que: — or no, bon gré mal gré; — ... or, soit ... soit; soit que ... soit que; si ... ou; que ... ou.

whêt-slate, **stone-slate**, n.: (min.) schiste à aiguiser, m. **-stone**, n.: pierre à aiguiser, f. **-ter**, n.: aiguiser, m.; (fig.) stimulant, aiguillon, m. **-ting**, n.: aiguisement, m.

whêy, n.: petit-lait, m. **-ish**, adj.: qui tient du petit-lait, séreux.

1.which, rel. pron.: qui, m., f.; lequel, m. sing., laquelle, f. sing.; lesquels, m. pl., lesquelles, f. pl.; (object) que; (that which) ce qui; (object) ce que, m., f.: of, from —, dont, m., f. sing., pl.; duquel, m. sing., de laquelle, f. sing.; desquels, m. pl., desquelles, f. pl.; to which, auquel, m. sing., à laquelle, f. sing.; auxquels, m. pl., auxquelles, f. pl.; à quoi; in —, dans lequel; où. **2.which**, adj.: quel, m. sing., quelle, f. sing.; quels, m. pl., quelles, f. pl.; lequel, m. sing., laquelle, f. sing.; lesquels, m. pl., lesquelles, f. pl. **-êver**, **-sôver**, pron.: lequel, m. sing., laquelle, f. sing.; lesquels, m. pl., lesquelles, f. pl.; quelque ... que; lequel que ce soit que.

1.whiff, n.: bouffée, halénée, f.; souffle,

m.; (iekh.) cardine, f. **2.whiff**, tr.: lancer en bouffées. **-le**, intr.: tourner à tous vents; changer. **-ler**, n.: personne qui tourne à tous vents; girouette, f.; (fisher) fîre, m. **1-ling**, adj.: qui tourne, qui change; qui prévarique. **2-ling**, n.: prévarication, f.

Whig, n.: whig, m. **-gery**, **-gism**, n.: whiggisme, m.; doctrine des whigs, f.

1.while, n.: temps, m.; durée, f.; moment, instant, m.: a little, a long — ago, il y a peu de temps, il y a longtemps; for a —, pour un temps; a little —, un moment; quelques moments; it is not worth the —, cela n'en vaut pas la peine. **2-le**, tr.: passer, faire passer. **3-le**, adv.: pendant que; tandis que; (as long as) tant que, aussi longtemps que. **†-lom**, adj.: jadis. **†-lst** = *3.while*.

whim, n.: caprice, m.; fantaisie, lubie, f.; (captain) treuil, cabestan, m.

whimbrel, n.: (orni.) courlieu, petit courlis, m.

whimper, intr.: se plaindre, geindre, pleurnicher. **-ing**, n.: plainte, f.; pleurnichement, m.

whimsical, adj.: fantasque, capricieux. **-ly**, adv.: capricieusement. **-ness**, n.: caractère capricieux, m.

whin, n.: ajonc; genêt épineux, m.; (min.) trapp, m. **-chat**, n.: (orni.) tarter, m.

1.whi-ne, intr.: se plaindre, gémir, se lamenter, geindre, pleurnicher; (of animals) se plaindre. **2-ne**, n.: pleurnichement, gémississement, m.; plainte mêlée de pleurs; (of animals) plainte, f. **-ner**, n.: pleurnicheur, m., pleurnicheuse, f. **1-ning**, n.: plaintes, lamentations, f. pl.; gémissements, m. pl. **2-ning**, adj.: plaintif, lamentable, langoureux. **-ningly**, adv.: en pleurnichant, d'un ton plaintif, en gémissant.

whinny, intr.: hennir.

whinstone, n.: (min.) trapp, m.

1.whip, tr.: fouetter; (to flog) fouetter, donner le fouet à; (needle-work) faire un surjet à; (wheat, etc.) battre; (fig.) fouetter, flageller, châtier, fustiger: — away, chasser à coups de fouet; (take away) enlever vivement; — down, faire descendre à coups de fouet; (take down) descendre vite; — in, faire entrer à coups de fouet; (put in) rentrer vite; — into, passer rapidement dans; — off, chasser à coups de fouet; (take off) ôter vite; — on, faire avancer à coups de fouet; (put on) passer vite; — out, faire sortir à coups de fouet; — out of, expulser de; — up, faire monter à coups de fouet; (pick up) ramasser vivement, saisir; (construct) bâcler. **2.whip**, intr.: courir bien vite: —

away, partir au plus vite; *how he — along!* comme il court! — *down*, descendre vivement; — *into*, entrer vivement dans; — *off*, partir au plus vite; s'enfuir; — *out*, sortir promptement. 3. **whip**, n.: fouet; (nav.) cartahu, m.: *horse —*, cravache, f.; *give any one the —*, donner le fouet à quelqu'un. — **cord**, n.: fouet, m. — **graft**, tr.: greffer à l'anglaise. — **grafting**, n.: greffe anglaise, f. — **hand**, n.: dessus; (*advantage*) dessus, avantage, m. — **lash**, n.: mèche de fouet, f. — **per**, n.: personne qui fouette, f.; fouetteur, m., fouetteuse, f.: — *in*, piqueur; (*leader*) chef de file, m. — **per-snapper**, n.: petit homme méprisable, petit bout d'homme, m. — **ping**, n.: coups de fouet, m. pl.; action de fouetter; flagellation, f.; fouet, m.; fastigation, f.: *give a — to*, fouetter; donner le fouet à. — **ping-post**, n.: poteau pour les criminels condamnés à la fastigation, m. — **ple-tree**, n.: palonnier, m. — **saw**, n.: scie à scier de long, f. — **shaped**, adj.: en forme de fouet. — **staff**, n.: (nav.) manivelle, de la barre du gouvernail, f. — **ster**, n.: homme agile, m.

whir, intr.: tourner avec bruit; tr.: presser; précipiter.

1. **whirl**, tr.: faire tourner; tourner rapidement; intr.: piroetter; tourner; tourbillonner. 2. **whirl**, n.: tournolement; tour; tourbillon; (bot.) verticille; (*rope-making*) émerillon, m.; (*plaything*) piroquette, f. — **bat**, n.: chose qu'on tourne, qu'on fait tourner pour la lancer, pour frapper, f. — **bone**, n.: (anat.) rotule; (vet.) tête du fémur, f. — **ed**, adj.: (bot.) verticillé. — **igig**, n.: piroquette, f.; (fig.) vicissitude, f., changement, m. — **pool**, **pit**, n.: tourbillon; tournant d'eau, gouffre, m. — **wind**, n.: tourbillon; siphon, m.; trombe, f.

whirring, n.: bruit que font les faisans et les perdrix avec leurs ailes, m.

1. **whisk**, n.: vergette, époussette, f. 2. **whisk**, tr.: vergeter; (*cook*) fouetter; intr.: passer rapidement: — *away*, enlever vivement.

whisker, n.: favori, m.; (*of animals*) moustache, f. — **ed**, adj.: à favoris; (*of animals*) à moustaches. — **less**, adj.: sans favoris; (*of animals*) sans moustaches.

whisky, n.: whiskey, m., eau-de-vie de grains, f.

1. **whisper**, tr.: chuchoter; dire à l'oreille; murmurer; dire tout bas; parler bas à; intr.: chuchoter, murmurer, parler bas. 2. **whisper**, n.: chuchotement; murmure, m. — **er**, n.: chuchoteur, m., chuchoteuse, f.; (*tattler*) bavard, m., ba-

varde, f.; (*backbiter*) médissant, m., médissante, f. — **ing**, n.: chuchoterie, f.; chuchotement; murmure, m.; (*backbiting*) médissance, f. — **ing-gallery**, n.: voûte acoustique, f. — **ingly**, adv.: en chuchotant, tout bas.

1. **whist**, n.: whist, m.

2. **whist!** interj.: chut! silence!

1. **whist-le**, intr.: siffler; bruiro. 2. **le**, tr.: siffler; appeler en sifflant. 3. **le**, n.: sifflement; coup de sifflet; (*of the wind*) sifflement, bruissement; (*throat*) gosier, bec; (*instrument*) sifflet, m. — **le-fish**, n.: (*leath.*) mustelle, f. — **ler**, n.: siffleur, m. 1. **ling**, n.: sifflement, m. 2. **ling**, adj.: sifflant.

whit, n.: iota, point, atome, brin, m.: *not a —*, pas le moins du monde.

1. **white**, adj.: blanc; (fig.) sans tache, pur: — *with*, blanc de, pâle de; *get —*, blanchir. 2. **white**, n.: blanc; (*of an egg*) blanc, m., albumine, f.; (*of wood*) aubier, m. — **bait**, n.: (*ichth.*) éperlan, m. — **beam-tree**, n.: (bot.) alisier blanc, m. — **ear**, n.: (orni.) motteux; culblanc, m. — **foot**, n.: balzane, f. — **horse-fish**, n.: (*ichth.*) raie cendrée, f. — **lead**, n.: blanc de plomb, m.; céruse, f. — **livered**, adj.: poltron. — **meat**, n.: blanc-manger, m. — **n**, tr.: blanchir; (*mas.*) blanchir à la chaux, badigeonner; intr.: blanchir; se blanchir. — **ner**, n.: personne qui blanchit, f. — **ness**, n.: blancheur; pâleur; (fig.) pureté, f. — **s**, n. pl.: (med.) fleurs blanches, f. pl. — **swelling**, n.: tumeur blanche, f. — **tail**, n.: (orni.) motteux; culblanc, m. — **thorn**, n.: aubépine, épine blanche, f. — **throat**, n.: (orni.) fauvette babillarde, f. — **wash**, n.: eau à blanchir, f.; (*mas.*) badigeon, m.; (*pharm.*) eau blanche, f. — **wash**, tr.: blanchir; (*mas.*) blanchir, badigeonner. — **washer**, n.: badigeonneur, m. — **washing**, n.: badigeonnage, m.

whither, adv.: où. — **soever**, adv.: partout, n'importe où; à quelque endroit que ce soit.

whit-ing, n.: blanc d'Espagne; (*ichth.*) merlan, m. — **ish**, adj.: blanchâtre. — **ishness**, n.: couleur blanchâtre, f.

whitlow, n.: panaris, mal d'aventure, m.

whit-sun, adj.: de la Pentecôte. — **sun-day**, n.: jour de la Pentecôte, m. — **sun-tide**, n.: Pentecôte, f.

whity-brown, adj.: brunâtre; (*of paper*) bulle.

1. **whiz**, tr.: siffler. 2. **whiz**, n.: sifflement, m.

whô, pron.: qui. — **ëver**, pron.: quiconque; qui que ce soit.

1. **whôle**, adj.: entier, tout; intact; complet; total; (*sound*) sain. 2. **whole**,

n.: tout; total; montant; ensemble, m.; totalité, f.: *the — of us*, nous tous.
-sale, n.: vente en gros, f.: *by —*, en gros.
-some, adj.: (*salubrious*) sain, salubre; (*salutary*) salutaire; (*useful*) utile; (*pleasing*) agréable; (*fig.*) salutaire, sain, moral.
-somaly, adv.: d'une manière salubre; sainement.
-someness, n.: salubrité; nature salutaire; (*salutariness*) nature salutaire, utilité; (*fig.*) nature salutaire, moralité, pureté, f.

wholly, adv.: entièrement; tout à fait.

whom, pron.: que; (*dir. or indir. object, of persons only*) qui; (*of persons and things*) lequel, m. sing., laquelle, f. sing., lesquels, m. pl., lesquelles, f. pl.
-soever, pron.: qui que ce soit, quiconque.

whoop, intr.: huer, crier; tr.: huer.

whoop, n.: huée, f.; cri, m.; (*orni.*) huppe, f. **-ing**, n.: huées, f. pl.; cris, m. pl. **-ing-cough** = *hooping-cough*.

who-re, n.: prostituée, f. **-re**, tr.: fréquenter les femmes de mauvaise vie.

-redom, n.: fornication; paillardise, f.
-remonger, n.: débauché, m. **-rish**, adj.: impudique.

who-se, pron.: dont, de qui, m., f. sing., pl.; duquel, m. sing., de laquelle, f. sing.; desquels, m. pl., desquelles, f. pl.; à qui.
-soever, pron.: qui que ce soit, quiconque.

whür, intr.: parler gras, grasseyer.

why, adv.: pourquoi. **why**, exc.: eh bien, mais.

wick, n.: (*of candle, lamp, etc.*) mèche, f.

wicked, adj.: méchant, pervers; (*mischievous*) méchant, malin: — *thing*, méchanceté, f. **-ly**, adv.: méchamment; par méchanceté. **-ness**, n.: méchanceté, perversité; immoralité; (*mischievousness*) méchanceté, malice, f.

wicken-tree, n.: (*bot.*) sorbier des oiseaux, m.

wicker, n.: osier, m. **wicker**, adj.: d'osier, en osier.

-work, n.: ouvrage d'osier, clayonnage, m.; vannerie, f.

wicket, n.: guichet, m.; (*at cricket*) parres, f. pl.

wide, adj.: large; large de; (*having great extent*) grand, ample, étendu; (*distant*) distant, éloigné: *a table three feet —*, une table large de trois pieds; une table de trois pieds de large, de largeur.

wide, adv.: loin, au loin; largement.

-ly, adv.: au large; au loin; grandement, largement. **-n**, tr.: élargir, étendre, agrandir; intr.: s'élargir, s'étendre, s'agrandir. **-ness**, n.: largeur; grandeur; étendue, f. **-ning**, n.: élargissement, m.

widgeon, n.: (*orni.*) canard siffleur, m.

widow, n.: veuve, f. **widow**, tr.: rendre veuve. **-ed**, adj.: veuf. **-er**, n.: veuf, m. **-hood**, n.: veuvage, m.

width, n.: largeur, grandeur, étendue, f.

wield, tr.: manier; tenir; porter. **-y**, adj.: maniable.

wife, n.: femme, épouse, f. **-less**, adj.: sans femme, sans épouse. **-ly**, adj.: de femme, d'épouse.

wig, n.: perruque, f.

wight, n.: personne, f., être, personnage, m.

wigwam, n.: wigwam, m.; cahute, chaumière, hutte, f.

wild, adj.: sauvage; (*desert*) sauvage, inculte; (*not civilised*) sauvage; (*savage*) sauvage, farouche; (*turbulent*) turbulent, violent, tumultueux; (*ungoverned*) impétueux, violent, furieux, déchaîné; (*inconstant*) inconstant, capricieux, changeant; (*inordinate*) licencieux, déréglé; (*uncouth*) étrange, bizarre; (*irregular*) déréglé; (*of the look*) hagard, égaré, éfaré; (*of plants, fruit*) sauvage: — *girl*, étourdie, égarée, f.; — *beast*, bête féroce; bête sauvage, f. **wilds**, n. pl.: désert; lieu sauvage, m.; solitude, f.

wild-erness, n.: désert; lieu désert, m.; solitude, f. **-fire**, n.: feu grégeois; (*ret.*) érésipèle, m.; (*med.*) dartre, f. **-ly**, adv.: (*without cultivation*) sans culture, à l'état sauvage; (*without tameness*) d'une manière farouche; (*with disorder*) avec désordre; (*irregularly*) d'une manière désordonnée; (*heedlessly*) étourdiment, follement; (*extravagantly*) avec extravagance: *stare —*, regarder d'un air égaré, d'un air hagard. **-ness**, n.: (*savage state*) état sauvage; (*uncultivated state*) état inculte, état sauvage, m.; (*savageness*) nature farouche, férocité; (*irregularity*) folie, extravagance, f., dérèglement, désordre, m.; (*alienation of mind*) aliénation mentale, f.; (*of the look*) égarement, m.; (*of the winds*) impétuosité, violence; (*of children*) turbulence; (*of the passions*) licence, f., dérèglement, m.

wile, n.: artifice, m.; ruse, fourberie, f.

wilful, adj.: volontaire; opiniâtre; (*of horses*) difficile, rétif; (*of things*) volontaire, fait à dessein, fait avec préméditation. **-ly**, adv.: opiniâtrement; avec entêtement; à dessein; avec intention; (*jur.*) avec préméditation. **-ness**, n.: caractère volontaire, m.; opiniâtreté, f.; entêtement, m.

wil-ly, adv.: artificieusement, frauduleusement. **-ness**, n.: fourberie, ruse, astuce, f.

will, n.: volonté, f.; vouloir; (*desire*) désir, souhait, m.; (*pleasure*) volonté, f., bon plaisir, gré; (*power*) pouvoir; (*divine*)

determination arrêt; (*jur.*) testament, *m.*: last — *and testament*, dernières volontés, *f. pl.*; testament, *m.*; at —, à volonté; à discrétion; à son gré; *what is your* —? quel est votre désir? que désirez-vous? 2. *will*, *tr.*: vouloir; ordonner; (*by testament*) léguer. *will* (*pret.* *would*; *no past ple*), *v. aux.*: vouloir; devoir. -*er*, *n.*: personne qui veut, *f.* -*ing*, *adj.*: bien disposé, de bonne volonté; complaisant; (*voluntary*) volontaire; — *to*, désireux de; empressé de; — *or not*, bon gré mal gré; *be* —, vouloir, vouloir bien. -*ingly*, *adv.*: volontiers; de bon cœur; de bonne volonté; volontairement. -*ingness*, *n.*: bonne volonté, *f.*; bon vouloir, *m.*; complaisance, *f.*: — *to*, bonne disposition à, *f.*; penchant à; empressément à, *m.*

will-o'-the-wisp, *will-with-a-wisp*, *n.*: feu follet, *m.*

willow, *n.*: saule, *m.*: *weeping* —, saule de Babylone; saule pleureur. -**ground**, *n.*: saussaie, *f.* -**herb**, *n.*: (*bot.*) osier Saint-Antoine, *m.* -**ish**, *adj.*: couleur de saule. -**y**, *adv.*: couvert de saules.

wilt, *intr.*: (*â.m.*) commencer à se flétrir (se faner); devenir flasque, languir; *tr.*: faire flétrir; faire flasque.

wily, *adj.*: rusé, fin, astucieux, fourbe.

1. **wimble**, *n.*: vilebrequin, *m.* 2. **wimble**, *tr.*: faire un trou avec un vilebrequin.

win (*pret.*, part. *won*), *tr.*: gagner; remporter; (*fig.*) gagner, séduire; *intr.*: gagner; triompher, vaincre: — *upon*, gagner, séduire; (*gain ground*) faire des progrès dans, gagner du terrain dans.

wine-c, *intr.*: reculer; tressaillir; (*of horses*) ruer, se cabrer. -**er**, *n.*: animal qui rue, qui se cabre, *m.*

winch, *n.*: manivelle, *f.*

1. **wind** (*pret.*, part. *wound*, rarely *winded*), *tr.*: (*turn*) tourner; (*turn round some object*) rouler, enrouler, dévider; (*change*) changer; (*enfold*) envelopper, enrouler: — *into*, insinuer dans, glisser dans; — *off*, dérouler; dévider; — *up*, rouler, entortiller; (*bring to a settlement*) régler, terminer; (*com.*) liquider; (*raise by degrees*) élever peu à peu; (*clocks, etc.*) monter, remonter; (*fig.*) préparer, apprêter. 2. **wind**, *intr.*: se rouler, s'enrouler, s'entortiller; (*turn*) tourner; (*change*) changer, varier; (*turn around something*) s'enlacer, circular, tourner; (*have a circular direction*) serpenter, aller en spirale; (*proceed in flexures*) serpenter, tourner: — *out of*, sortir de; — *up*, se remonter.

3. **wind** (*poet.* often *wind*), *n.*: vent, *m.*; (*breath*) respiration, haleine, *f.*; (*flatulence*)

vent, *m.*, ventuosité, flatuosité; (*vet.*) tympanite, *f.*; (*fig.*) vent, *m.*, fumée, *f.*: *it is an ill — that blows nobody good*, à quelque chose malheur est bon; *get — of*, éventer. 4. **wind**, *tr.*: éventer, exposer au vent, à l'air; (*hunt.*) avoir vent de, flairer; (*take the breath away*) faire perdre haleine à, essouffler. 5. **wind** (*or wind*) (*pret.*, part. *wound*, rarely *winded*), *tr.*: (*the horn*) sonner de, donner de. -**age**, *n.*: (*artil.*) vent, évent, *m.* -**bag**, *n.*: ballon, *m.*, vessie, *f.*; (*pers.*) ballon rempli de vent, *m.*; tête vide, *f.* -**bore**, *n.*: tuyau à vent, *m.* -**bound**, *adj.*: arrêté par les vents contraires. -**broken**, *n.*: *adj.*: pousif. -**channel**, *n.*: (*mus.*) conduit à vent, *m.* -**chest**, *n.*: (*mus.*) sommier, *m.* -**dial**, *n.*: anémoscopes, *m.*, girouette, *f.* -**ed**, *adj.*: hors d'haleine; essoufflé. **winder**, *n.*: dévideur, *m.*, dévideuse, *f.*; (*thing*) dévidoir, *m.*; (*bot.*) plante grim-pante, *f.*

wind-fall, *n.*: fruit abattu par le vent, *m.*; (*fig.*) aubaine, bonne aubaine, *f.* -**fallen**, *adj.*: abattu par le vent. -**flower**, *n.*: anémone, *f.* -**gall**, *n.*: (*vet.*) molette, *f.* -**gate**, *n.*: voie d'aé-rage, *f.* -**ga(u)ge**, *n.*: anémomètre, *m.* -**gun**, *n.*: fusil à vent, *m.* -**iness**, *n.*: nature venteuse; (*flatulence*) flatulence; (*fig.*) enflure, boursoufflure, *f.*

1. **winding**, *adj.*: sinueux, tortueux, tour-nant; en limaçon. 2. **winding**, *n.*: sinuosité, *f.*; méandre, détour, circuit, *m.* -**engine**, *n.*: machine de tour, *f.* -**sheet**, *n.*: suaire, linceuil, *m.*

wind-instrument, *n.*: instrument à vent, *m.*

windlass, *n.*: vindas; treuil, cabestan, *m.*

wind-mill, *n.*: moulin à vent, *m.*

1. **window**, *n.*: fenêtre, croisée; ouverture, *f.*; jour, *m.*: *out of the* —, par la fenê-tre. 2. **window**, *tr.*: garnir de fenêtres.

-**blind**, *n.*: jalousie, persienne, *f.*; store, *m.* -**curtain**, *n.*: rideau de fenêtre, *m.* -**fastener**, -**fastening**, *n.*: fermeture de fenêtre, espagnolette, *f.* -**frame**, *n.*: dormant de fenêtre, *m.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans fenêtres. -**pane**, *n.*: vitre, *f.*; carreau, *m.* -**sash**, *n.*: châssis de fenêtre, *m.*

-**seat**, *n.*: saillie intérieure de fenêtre, *f.* -**shutter**, *n.*: volet; contrevent, *m.* -**sill**, *n.*: appui (*or rebord*) de fenêtre, *m.*

wind-pipe, *n.*: trachée-artère; trachée, *f.*; conduit aérien, *m.* -**rode**, *adj.*: (*nav.*) évité debout au vent. -**sail**, *n.*: manche à air, *f.* -**tight**, *adj.*: imper-méable à l'air, étanche. 1. -**ward-ward**, *adv.*: (*nav.*) au vent. 2. -**ward**, *n.*: côté du vent, *m.* -**y**, *adj.*: du vent; (*tempe-stuous*) venteux; (*flatulent*) venteux, fla-

tueux; (*fig.*) creux, vain, vide: *it is* —, il fait du vent.

wine, *n.*: vin; (*fig.*) vin, *m.*, boisson, ivresse, *f.* **-bibber**, *n.*: biberon, ivrogne, *m.* **-broker**, *n.*: courtier en vins, *m.* **-glass**, *n.*: verre à vin, *m.* **-grower**, *n.*: propriétaire de vignes, *m.* **-growing**, *adj.*: vinicole. **-making**, *n.*: vinification; fabrication du vin, *f.* **-merchant**, *n.*: négociant en vins, marchand de vin, *m.* **-press**, *n.*: pressoir, *m.* **-shop**, *n.*: boutique de marchand de vin, *f.*; cabaret, *m.* **-skin**, *n.*: outre à vin, *f.* **-stain**, *n.*: tache de vin, *f.* **-stone**, *n.*: tartre brut, *m.* **-strainer**, *n.*: passe-vin, *m.* **-taster**, *n.*: dégustateur, *m.* **-vaults**, *n. pl.*: cavesaux (à vin), *m. pl.*; cabaret, *m.*

1. wing, *n.*: aile; (*flight*) course, *f.*, vol, *m.* **2. wing**, *tr.*: garnir d'ailes; (*transport by flight*) transporter sur des ailes; (*wound in the wing*) frapper à l'aile, blesser à l'aile. **-ed**, *adj.*: allé; rapide. **-er**, *n.*: (*nav.*) petite barrique, *f.* **-less**, *adj.*: aptère, qui n'a pas d'ailes. **-let**, *n.*: allette, *f.* **-shell**, *n.*: (*ent.*) élytre, *m.* **-y**, *adj.*: allé, rapide.

1. wink, *intr.*: cligner l'œil; clignoter; (*of a light*) vaciller, trembler; — *at*, faire signe de l'œil à; (*connive at*) fermer les yeux sur. **2. wink**, *n.*: clin d'œil, *m.*: *not to sleep a* —, ne pas fermer l'œil. **-er**, *n.*: personne qui cligne l'œil; (*blind for horses*) œillère, *f.* **1. -ing**, *n.*: clignement; clignement d'yeux, *m.* **2. -ing**, *adj.*: qui cligne l'œil, clignotant; qui fait signe de l'œil; (*of a light*) vacillant, tremblant. **-ingly**, *adv.*: en clignotant.

winner, *n.*: personne qui gagne, *f.*; gagnant, *m.* **1. -ning**, *n.*: gain, *m.*: — *s*, gain, *m. sing.* **2. -ning**, *adj.*: gagnant; (*attracting*) qui gagne le cœur, séduisant, enchanteur.

winnow, *tr.*: vanner; éventer; (*examine*) examiner, sasser; (*separate*) séparer, diviser; *intr.*: vanner. **-er**, *n.*: vanneur, *m.* **-ing**, *n.*: vannage; (*fig.*) examen, *m.*

1. winter, *n.*: hiver; (*print*) sommier, *m.* **2. winter**, *intr.*: hiverner, passer l'hiver; *tr.*: conserver pendant l'hiver; nourrir pendant l'hiver. **-apple**, *n.*: pomme d'hiver, *f.* **-berry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) apalachine, *f.* **-cherry**, *n.*: (*bot.*) coqueret, *m.* **-clothes**, *n. pl.*: habits d'hiver, *m. pl.* **-day**, *n.*: jour d'hiver, *m.* **-fallow**, *tr.*: (*agri.*) hiverner. **-ground**, *tr.*: (*agri.*) conserver pendant l'hiver. **-ly**, *adj.*: d'hiver. **-month**, *n.*: mois d'hiver, *m.* **-palace**, *n.*: palais d'hiver, *m.* **-pear**, *n.*: poire d'hiver, *f.* **-quarters**, *n. pl.*: quartiers d'hiver, *m.*

pl. **-season**, *n.*: saison d'hiver, *f.* **-time**, *n.*: hiver, *m.* **-weed**, *n.*: (*bot.*) véronique à feuilles de lierre, *f.* **-wheat**, *n.*: blé d'hiver, *m.*

wintery, *adj.*: d'hiver, hyémal, hiémal.

winy, *adj.*: vineux, de vin.

1. wipe, *tr.*: essuyer; nettoyer; (*cleanse*) purifier; — *off*, away, essayer, ôter; (*fig.*) effacer. **2. -pe**, *n.*: action d'essuyer; (*jeer*) raillerie, *f.*, lardon, brocard, *m.*; (*blow*) taloche, *f.* **-per**, *n.*: personne qui essuie, *f.*; (*thing*) linge, torchon, *m.*

1. wire, *n.*: fil de métal, fil de fer, fil d'archal, *m.* **2. wire**, *tr.*: attacher, lier avec un fil de métal; griller. **-draw** (*pret. wiredrew*; *past part. wiredrawn*), *tr.*: tréfiler; étendre, allonger; (*fig.*) étendre, étirer, alambiquer. **-drawer**, *n.*: tireur, tréfileur, *m.* **-drawing**, *n.*: tréfilerie, *f.* **-gauze**, *n.*: gaze métallique, *f.* **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) paturin comprimé, *m.* **-guard**, *n.*: garde-feu, *m.* **-heel**, *n.*: (*vet.*) seime au talon, *f.* **-mark**, *n.*: vergeure, *f.* **-mill**, *n.*: tréfilerie, *f.* **-puller**, *n.*: personne qui tire les ficelles, *f.*; régisseur secret; intrigant, *m.* **-pulling**, *n.*: action (*or art*) de tirer les ficelles; direction secrète; intrigue, *f.* **-ribbon**, *n.*: cannetille, *f.* **-work**, *n.*: grillage en fil métallique; réseau, treillis, *m.* **-working**, *n.*: tréfilerie, *f.*

wiry, *adj.*: en fil métallique; en filigrane; comme du fil métallique.

wisdom, *n.*: sagesse; prudence, *f.*

1. wise, *adj.*: sage; (*discreet*) discret, sage, prudent; (*grave*) grave, sage: — *man*, sage; — *men of the East*, mages, *m. pl.* **2. wise**, *n.*: manière, façon, sorte, *f.*: *in no* —, en aucune manière; en aucune façon. **-acre**, *n.*: prétendu sage, benêt, sot, *m.* **-ling**, *n.*: prétendu sage, faux sage. **-ly**, *adv.*: sagement; prudemment.

1. wish, *tr.*: souhaiter; désirer; vouloir; faire des vœux pour; *intr.*: souhaiter; désirer; vouloir: — *for*, souhaiter, désirer; demander; — *any one to the devil*, envoyer quelqu'un à tous les diables. **2. wish**, *n.*: souhait, désir; vœu, *m.* **-er**, *n.*: personne qui souhaite, qui désire, *f.* **-ful**, *adv.*: désireux, qui désire; qui exprime le désir. **-fully**, *adv.*: avec désir; vivement.

wisp, *n.*: torchon, bouchon de paille, d'herbe, *m.*

wistful, *adj.*: attentif; pensif; (*wishful*) désireux, ardent. **-ly**, *adv.*: attentivement; d'une manière pensive; ardemment, vivement.

1. wit, *tr.*: savoir: *to* —, savoir. **2. wit**, *n.*: esprit; (*intellect*) esprit, entendement,

jugement, génie, m.; (*pers.*) personne spirituelle, f.; homme d'esprit, bel esprit, m., femme d'esprit, f.; (*man of genius*) grand esprit, homme de génie, m.: —s, esprit, m., raison, tête, f., sens, bon sens, m.; *drive any one out of his —s*, faire perdre la tête à quelqu'un; *have lost one's —s*, avoir perdu la tête; être hors de son bon sens; *frighten any one out of his —s*, faire une peur horrible à quelqu'un; *be at one's —s ends*, être au bout de son latin; ne plus savoir à quel saint se vouer.

witch, n.: sorcière, magicienne, f. **-craft**, n.: sorcellerie, magie, f.; maléfice; sortilège, m. **-ery**, n.: sorcellerie, f.; sortilège, charme, enchantement, m.; (*fascination*) fascination, f.

with, prep.: avec; de; (at) de; (*by means of*) par; (*who has, who have*) à, au, à la, aux; (*among persons, bodies of men*) auprès de; (*among nations, etc.*) chez, parmi; (*in the house of*) chez; (*after same*) que: *be — any one*, être avec quelqu'un; *write — a pen*, écrire avec une plume; *cover —, couvrir de*; *hold, love — all one's might*, tenir, aimer de toute sa force; *the lady — blue eyes*, la dame aux yeux bleus; — *study*, par l'étude; *I am disgusted, enchanted — that*, je suis dégoûté, enchanté de cela; *angry —, fâché contre*. **-al**, adv.: ensemble; aussi, de plus. **-draw** (pret. *-drew*, part. *drawn*), tr.: retirer; éloigner; intr.: se retirer, s'éloigner. **-drácal**, **-dráucement**, n.: retraite, f.

1.withe or with, n.: osier, pleyon, m. **2.withe**, tr.: lier avec de l'osier.

wither, tr.: flétrir; dessécher; faire dépérir; intr.: se dessécher; se flétrir, se faner; dépérir; languir. **-edness**, n.: dessèchement; dépérissement, m.; langueur, f. **-ing**, adj.: qui se flétrit; dédaigneux.

wither-s, n. pl.: garrot, m. sing. **-wrang**, adj.: égarotté.

with-hold (pret. and past part. *with-held*), tr.: retenir, arrêter; comprimer; refuser. **-holder**, n.: personne qui retient, qui arrête, qui refuse, f. **1.in**, prep.: dans, en; (*of time*) dans, en, dans l'espace de; (*of past time*) depuis; (*of future time*) dans, en, d'ici à; (*not exceeding*) au-dessous de. **2.in**, adv.: en dedans; à l'intérieur; intérieurement; (*in the house*) à la maison, chez soi. **1.out**, prep.: sans; (*outside*) hors de, en dehors de. **2.out**, conj.: à moins que, sans que. **3.out**, adv.: en dehors, dehors, par dehors; à l'extérieur; extérieurement. **-stand**, tr.: résister à. **-ständer**, n.: personne qui résiste, f. **-standing**, n.: résistance, f.

1.withy or withy, n.: osier, franc osier, m. **2.withy**, adj.: d'osier; de pleyon.

wit-less, adj.: sans esprit; (*inconsiderate*) inconsidéré, irréfléchi; (*indiscreet*) indiscret, léger. **-lessly**, adv.: sans esprit; inconsidérément. **-ling**, n.: petit esprit; sot, m. **1.-ness**, n.: témoin; (*testimony*) témoignage, m.: *bear — to*, témoigner de; *call to —*, prendre à témoin; appeler en témoignage. **2.-ness**, tr.: témoigner; être témoin de; voir; intr.: témoigner; porter témoignage. **-ticism**, n.: trait d'esprit, bon mot, m. **-tily**, adv.: spirituellement, avec esprit. **-tiness**, n.: esprit, m.; nature spirituelle, f. **-tingly**, adv.: sciemment; à dessein.

wittol, n.: mari cocu et content, m.

witty, adj.: spirituel, d'esprit, qui a de l'esprit; (*sarcastic*) piquant, sarcastique.

wizard, n.: sorcier, magicien, m.

wôad, n.: pastel, m.; guède, f.

1.wôc, n.: malheur, m.; peine, douleur, f.; chagrin, m.; (*curse*) malédiction, f. **2.woe!** interj.: malheur! **-begone**, adj.: anéanti par la douleur, désolé.

wôful, adj.: triste, désolé, malheureux, affligé; (*mournful*) malheureux, triste, affligeant; (*paltry*) triste, piteux, méchant. **-ly**, adv.: tristement; douloureusement; cruellement. **-ness**, n.: malheur; chagrin, m.; douleur, affliction, peine, f.

wôlf (pl. *wôlves*), n.: loup, m.: *she—*, louve; *young —*, louveteau, m. **-dog**, n.: chien-loup, m. **1.-fish**, n.: (*ichth.*) loup de mer, m. **2.-fish**, adj.: de loup; rapace. **-s-bane**, n.: (*bot.*) aconit, m. **-s-claw**, n.: (*bot.*) lycopode, pied-de-loup, m. **-s-milk**, n.: (*bot.*) tithy-male, m.

1.wôman (pl. *women* *wîmen*), n.: femme, f. **2.woman**, tr.: rendre doux comme une femme. **-hater**, n.: misogynne, m. **-hood**, n.: état de femme, m. **-ish**, adj.: de femme; qui convient aux femmes; féminin; (*effeminate*) efféminé. **-ishly**, adv.: en femme. **-ishness**, n.: nature de femme; mollesse, f. **-ize**, tr.: efféminer, amollir. **-kind**, n.: sexe féminin, m.; femmes, f. pl. **-like**, adj.: de femme, féminin. **1.-ly**, adj.: de femme; féminin. **2.-ly**, adv.: en femme, comme une femme.

wômb, n.: utérus, m.; matrice, f.; (*fig.*) sein, m., entrailles, f. pl., flancs, m. pl.

women, pl. of woman.

1.wônder, n.: étonnement; (*cause of wonder*) merveille, f.; (*miracle*) miracle, prodige, m., merveille, f.: *no —!* ce n'est pas étonnant! *it is a — that*, il est étonnant que. **2.wonder**, intr.: s'étonner; être étonné, être surpris; (*doubt*) être

curieux de savoir: — *at*, s'étonner de; être étonné de; s'émerveiller de. — *-er*, *n.*: personne qui s'étonne, *f.*; admirateur, *m.*, admiratrice, *f.* — *-ful*, *adj.*: étonnant; merveilleux, prodigieux. — *-fully*, *adv.*: étonnamment; merveilleusement; prodigieusement. — *-fulness*, *n.*: nature étonnante, *f.*; merveilleux, prodigieux, *m.* — *-ment*, *n.*: étonnement, *m.*; merveille, *f.* — *-struck*, *adj.*: étonné, frappé d'étonnement; émerveillé. — *-worker*, *n.*: personne qui fait des prodiges, *f.* — *-working*, *adj.*: qui fait des merveilles.

1. *wondrous*, *adj.*: merveilleux; prodigieux; étonnant. 2. *wondrous*, *-ly*, *adv.*: étonnamment; prodigieusement; merveilleusement.

won't, *colloq. contr.* for will not.

1. *wont*, *adj.*: accoutumé, habitué. 2. *wont*, *intr.*: avoir coutume de, être habitué à. — *-ed*, *adj.*: accoutumé, habitué; habituel. — *-edness*, *n.*: état habituel, *m.*

woo, *tr.*: faire la cour à, l'amour à; rechercher en mariage; courtiser; demander, solliciter; *intr.*: courtoiser; faire la cour.

wood, *n.*: bois; (*forest*) bois, *m.*, forêt, *f.* — *-ashes*, *n.*: cendres végétales, de bois, *f.* *pl.* — *-bind*, *-bine*, *n.*: chèvrefeuille des bois, *m.* — *-bound*, *adj.*: entouré de bois. — *-carver*, *n.*: sculpteur sur bois, *m.* — *-carving*, *n.*: sculpture sur bois, *f.* — *-coal*, *n.*: charbon de bois, *m.* — *-cock*, *n.*: (*orni.*) bécasse, *f.* — *-cut*, *n.*: gravure sur bois, *f.* — *-cutter*, *n.*: bûcheron; (*engraver*) graveur sur bois, *m.* — *-cutting*, *n.*: coupe des bois, du bois, *f.* — *-ed*, *adj.*: boisé; couvert de bois, d'arbres. — *-en*, *adj.*: de bois, en bois; (*clumsy*) gauche. — *-engraver*, *n.*: graveur sur bois, *m.* — *-engraving*, *n.*: gravure sur bois, *f.* — *-grower*, *n.*: cultivateur de bois, *m.* — *-hole*, *-house*, *n.*: (*place*) bûcher, *m.* — *-land*, *n.*: pays de bois, *m.* — *-less*, *adj.*: sans bois, sans forêts. — *-lock*, *n.*: (*nav.*) clef de gouvernail, *f.* — *-louse*, *n.*: cloporte, armadille, *m.* — *-man*, *n.*: garde forestier; bûcheron; chasseur, *m.* — *-monger*, *n.*: marchand de bois, *m.* — *-note*, *n.*: chant sauvage, *m.*, musique sauvage, *f.* — *-nymph*, *n.*: nymphe des bois, dryade, *f.* — *-pecker*, *n.*: (*orni.*) pic, pivert, *m.* — *-pigeon*, *n.*: pigeon ramier, *m.* — *-pile*, *n.*: pile de bois, *f.* — *-reeve*, *n.*: inspecteur de forêt, *m.* — *-roof*, *-ruff*, *n.*: (*bot.*) aspérule, *f.* — *-shed*, *n.*: (*place*) bûcher, *m.* — *-sorrel*, *n.*: oseille sauvage, *f.* — *-work*, *n.*: boisage, *m.*, boiserie; charpente, charpenterie; menuiserie, *f.* — *-worm*, *n.*: ver de bois, *m.* — *-y*, *adj.*: boisé, couvert de bois, couvert d'arbres; (*lignous*) ligneux, boiseux; (*per-*

taining to woods) des bois, des forêts.

— *-yard*, *n.*: chantier (de bois à brûler), *m.* — *wóoer*, *n.*: homme qui fait la cour, qui recherche en mariage; galant, amant, amoureux, *m.*

wóof, *n.*: trame; (*texture*) étoffe, *f.*, tissu, *m.*

wóoingly, *adv.*: amoureusement, avec amour.

wóol, *n.*: laine; (*bot.*) laine, *f.*, poil, duvet, *m.*; (*hair*) cheveux crépus, *m. pl.*

— *-ball*, *n.*: (*vet.*) épagrope, *m.*; gobbe, *f.* — *-comber*, *n.*: cardeur de laine, *m.*

wóold, *tr.*: (*nav.*) rouster, roster. — *-or*, *n.*: (*nav.*) jumelle, *f.* — *-ing*, *n.*: (*nav.*) rousture, rosture, *f.*

wóol-driver, *n.*: marchand de laines, *m.* — *-gathering*, *n.*: absence d'esprit, *f.*:

go a—, avoir l'esprit aux talons; être distraité. — *-led*, *adj.*: à laine. 1. — *-len*, *adj.*:

de laine; drapé. 2. — *-len*, *n.*: étoffe de laine, *f.* — *-len-cloth*, *n.*: drap, *m.*;

étoffe drapée, *f.* — *-len-drapier*, *n.*: marchand de drap; drapier, *m.* — *-liness*, *n.*:

qualité, nature laineuse, *f.* — *-ly*, *adj.*: laineux; (*resembling wool*) qui ressemble

à de la laine; (*clothed with wool*) couvert de laine; (*of the hair*) crépu, frisé.

— *-pack*, *n.*: balle de laine, *f.* — *-sack*, *n.*:

ballot de laine; (*seat of the Lord Chancellor*) sac de laine, *m.* — *-sorter*, *n.*: trieur

de laine, *m.* — *-staple*, *n.*: marché à laines, *m.* — *-stapler*, *n.*: marchand de

laines, *m.* — *-winder*, *n.*: emballer de laines, *m.*

wóots, *n.*: acier wootz, acier indien, *m.*

1. *wóord*, *n.*: mot, *m.*; parole, *f.*; (*letters*

written or printed, short discourse) mot, *m.*; (*dispute*) dispute, *f.*, mots, *m. pl.*,

paroles, *f. pl.*; (*promise*) promesse, parole, *f.*; (*signal, milit.*) mot, mot d'ordre;

(*tidings*) avis, *m.*, nouvelle; (*declaration*) déclaration, affirmation; (*of God*) parole,

f.; (*proverb*) proverbe, dicton, mot; (*gram.*) mot, *m.*: — *s*, (*discourse*) paroles,

f. pl.; (*dispute*) dispute, *f.*, paroles, *f. pl.*, mots, *m. pl.*; *by — of mouth*, de vive

voix; verbalement; *take my — for it*, croyez m'en; *send — to*, envoyer dire à;

faire dire à; donner avis à; *write — to*, faire savoir à; mander à, écrire à; —

for —, mot à mot. 2. *wóord*, *tr.*: exprimer; écrire; rédiger. — *-book*, *n.*: vocabulaire, *m.* — *-catcher*, *n.*: puriste, *m.*, *f.*,

personne qui chicaner sur les mots, *f.* — *-iness*, *n.*: prolixité, verbosité, *f.* — *-ing*, *n.*:

expression, énonciation; rédaction, teneur, *f.* — *-less*, *adj.*: sans parole; silencieux. — *-painter*, *n.*: écrivain pittoresque, *m.* — *-painting*, *-picture*, *n.*:

vive description, *f.* — *-y*, *adj.*: verbeux, diffus.

1. work (pret., part. -ed or wrought), *intr.*: travailler; (*act*) fonctionner, aller, agir; (*tech.*) jouer; (*operate*) opérer, agir, avoir de l'effet; (*ferment*) fermenter, travailler; (*be agitated*) s'agiter, se remuer, se mouvoir; (*of a ship*) travailler, fatiguer: — *into*, entrer dans ... peu à peu, pénétrer dans; s'introduire dans; — *up*, s'élever; — *upon*, travailler, exciter. **2. work**, *tr.*: travailler; (*shape*) travailler, façonner; (*lead, influence*) conduire, amener, pousser; (*make by action or violence*) faire, se faire, se créer; (*produce*) produire, faire, opérer; (*embroider*) broder; (*cause to ferment*) faire fermenter, faire travailler; (*print*) tirer; (*a machine, a mill, etc.*) faire aller, faire mouvoir, manoeuvrer; (*a ship*) manoeuvrer; (*a mine, a railway, etc.*) exploiter: *a foul stream — s itself clear*, un ruisseau fangeux se purifie; — *in*, faire entrer à force d'efforts; — *off*, user, employer; (*print*) tirer; — *up*, travailler, employer; (*excite*) soulever, exciter, enflammer; — *up with, mélange* avec; — *out*, effectuer par son travail; accomplir par ses efforts; (*a debt*) acquitter une dette par son travail; (*a problem*) résoudre; effectuer, accomplir; venir à bout de. **3. work**, *n.*: travail; labeur; (*work done*) ouvrage, travail, *m.*; besogne; (*embroidery*) broderie; (*awkward performance*) mauvaise besogne, *f.*; gâchis, *m.*; (*action*) action, œuvre, *f.*; (*feat*) travail, *m.*; (*effect*) œuvre, *f.*; effet, *m.*; (*operation*) opération; (*lit.*) œuvre, *f.*, ouvrage, *m.*: — *s, (manu.)* fabrique, usine, *f. sing.*; (*fort.*) travaux, *m. pl.*; (*horol.*) mouvement, *m. sing.*; *servant of all —*, bonne à tout faire; *be at —*, être à l'ouvrage, être à travailler; *get through a deal of —*, abattre de la besogne; *what a piece of —!* quel gâchis! quel malheur! **-able**, *adj.*: maniable; qui peut être travaillé; (*mines, etc.*) exploitable. **-bag**, *n.*: sac à ouvrage; cabas, *m.* **-box**, *n.*: boîte à ouvrage, *f.* **-day**, *n.*: jour ouvrable, *m.* **-ed**, *adj.*: brodé. **-or**, *n.*: ouvrier; travailleur, *m.* **-fellow**, *n.*: compagnon de travail, *m.* **-house**, *n.*: asile des pauvres; atelier, *m.*: *come to the —*, aller mourir à l'hôpital. **-ing**, *n.*: travail; ouvrage; labeur, *m.*; (*operation*) opération, *f.*; (*fermentation*) travail, *m.*, fermentation; (*of mines, etc.*) exploitation; (*fig.*) œuvre, opération, *f.*; (*print*) tirage, *m.* **-ing-barrel**, *n.*: corps de pompe, *m.* **-ing-bee**, *n.*: abeille ouvrière, *f.* **-ing-class**, **-ing-classes**, *n.*: classe ouvrière, *f.* **-ing-clothes**, **-ing-dress**, *n.*: vêtements de travail, *m. pl.*; tenue de travail, *f.* **-ing-day**, *n.*: jour ouvra-

ble, *m.* **-ing-man**, *n.*: ouvrier, travailleur, *m.*: — *men's association*, association ouvrière. **-ing-place**, *n.*: champ d'exploitation, *m.* **-ing-point**, *n.*: point de fatigue, *m.* **-ing-stock**, *n.*: matériel d'exploitation, *m.* **-man**, *n.*: ouvrier, artisan, *m.* **-manlike**, **-manly**, *adj.*: d'ouvrier habile, adroit, bien fait. **-manly**, *adv.*: en ouvrier; habilement. **-man-ship**, *n.*: ouvrage; travail, *m.*; œuvre; main d'œuvre, *f.* **-people**, *n. pl.*: ouvriers, *m. pl.* **-shop**, *n.*: (*for workmen*) atelier, *m.* **-table**, *n.*: table à ouvrage, *f.* **-woman**, *n.*: ouvrière; couturière, *f.* **-yard**, *n.*: chantier, *m.*

world, *n.*: monde; (*course of life*) monde, *m.*, vie, *f.*; (*time*) temps, *m.*, siècles, *m. pl.*; (*fig.*) monde, *m.*, foule, multitude, *f.*: *a — of good*, beaucoup de bien; *for all the —*, pour tout au monde; (*exactly*) exactement; *all the — over*, dans le monde entier; *begin the —*, débiter dans le monde; commencer la vie; *the next —*, l'autre monde; la vie future. **-liness**, *n.*: mondanité; (*covetousness*) convoitise, *f.* **-ling**, *n.*: mondain, *m.* **1-ly**, *adj.*: mondain; du monde; positif. **2-ly**, *adv.*: mondainement. **-ly-minded**, *adj.*: mondain. **-ly-mindedness**, *n.*: mondanité, *f.*

1. worm, *n.*: ver, *m.*; chenille, larve, *f.*; (*of a screw*) filet; (*artil.*) tire-bourre; (*tech.*) tire-étoupes; (*chem.*) serpent; (*debased being*) vermine, ver de terre, *m.* **2. worm**, *tr.*: miner; (*fire-arm*) débouurer; (*tech.*) tarauder; (*a rope*) congérer; *intr.*: ramper; se glisser; s'insinuer. **-bit**, *n.*: mèche à vis, *f.* **-eaten**, *adj.*: vermoulu; rongé des vers. **-grass**, *n.*: (*bot.*) spigèlie; herbe aux vers, *f.* **-hole**, *n.*: vermoulure, *f.* **-ing**, *n.*: (*nav.*) congréage, *m.* **-like**, *adj.*: vermiculaire; comme un ver. **-powder**, *n.*: poudre vermifuge, *f.* **-preventer**, *n.*: (*nav.*) serpenté, *m.* **-screw**, *n.*: tire-bourre, *m.* **-seed**, *n.*: santoline, *f.* **-shaped**, *adj.*: vermiculaire, vermiforme. **-wood**, *n.*: absinthe, armoise, *f.* **-y**, *adj.*: verveux; plein de vers; (*groveling*) rampant.

wor-rier, *n.*: personne qui tracasse, qui tourmente, qui taquine, *f.* **1-ry**, *tr.*: tracasser, tourmenter, taquiner; (*harass*) harasser, échiner; harceler; (*tear*) déchirer; *intr.*: se tourmenter. **2-ry**, *n.*: tourment, tracas, ennui; casse-tête, *m.* **-rying**, *part.*: se tourmentant, inquiet; *n.*: habit de se tourmenter, *m.* **-rying-ly**, *adv.*: en se tourmentant, d'une manière harassée.

1. worse, *adj.*: plus mauvais; pire; (*of persons ill*) plus malade, plus mal; (*more*

wicked) plus méchant. 2. **worse**, *adv.*: plus mal; pis; plus fort: *so much the —*, tant pis; *begin again — than ever*, recommencer de plus belle.

1. **worship**, *n.*: culte, *m.*; adoration, *f.*; (telle) honneur, *m.* 2. **worship**, *tr.*: adorer, rendre un culte à; *intr.*: adorer; adorer Dieu. -**ful**, *adj.*: honorable; digne. -**fully**, *adv.*: avec honneur; respectueusement. -**per**, *n.*: adorateur, *m.*, adoratrice, *f.* -**ping**, *n.*: culte, *m.*; adoration, *f.*

1. **worst**, *adj.*: le plus mauvais; le pire. 2. **worst**, *n.*: le plus méchant; le plus mal, le pis, *m.*: *at the —*, au pis; *do your —*, faites ce que vous voudrez. 3. **worst**, *adv.*: le pis, le plus mal, le plus fort. 4. **worst**, *tr.*: vaincre, défaire; l'emporter sur. -**ed**, *n.*: laine; estame, *f.*

wört, *n.*: moût, *m.*; (bot.) herbe, plante, *f.* 1. **wörth**, *intr.*: être, devenir, *only in woe —*, malheur à.

2. **wörth**, *adj.*: qui vaut; égal; qui mérite; qui est riche de: *be —*, valoir; *he is — a million*, il est riche d'un million; *that is — seeing*, cela vaut la peine, cela mérite d'être vu. 3. -**th**, *n.*: prix, *m.*; valeur, *f.*; mérite, *m.* -**thily**, *adv.*: dignement, honorablement. -**thiness**, *n.*: valeur, *f.*, mérite, *m.*; vertu, *f.* -**thless**, *adj.*: sans valeur; de nulle valeur; sans mérite; méprisable, vil, qui ne vaut rien. -**thlessness**, *n.*: manque de valeur, *m.*; indignité, mauvaise qualité, *f.* 1. -**thy**, *n.*: homme illustre, *m.* 2. -**thy**, *adj.*: digne; honorable: — *of*, digne de; qui mérite.

would = *will*. -**be**, *adj.*: prétendu, soi-disant; manqué; qui voulait, avait, aurait voulu être.

1. **wound** = *wind*.

2. **wound** (or *wound*), *n.*: blessure, plaie, *f.* 3. **wound**, *tr.*: blesser, faire une blessure à; (*offend*) blesser, offenser. -**er**, *n.*: personne qui fait une blessure, *f.* -**ing**, *n.*: action de blesser, *f.*; blessures, *f. pl.* -**less**, *adj.*: sans blessure, invulnérable. -**wort**, *n.*: vulnérable, *f.*

wrack, *n.*: (bot.) fucus, varech, *m.* -**grass**, *n.*: (bot.) zostère, algue marine, *f.*

1. **wrān-gle**, *intr.*: se disputer, se quereller, se chamailler. 2. -**gle**, *n.*: dispute, *f.*; chamaillis, *m.* -**gler**, *n.*: disputeur, querelleur, *m.*, querelleuse, *f.*; (*Cambridge*) étudiant de la première série en mathématiques, *m.* -**glesome**, *adj.*: querelleur. -**gling**, *n.*: dispute, *f.*; chamaillis, *m.*

wrāp, *tr.*: rouler, enrouler; envelopper: — *up*, envelopper, ployer. -**per**, *n.*: personne qui enveloppe; (*envelope*) enveloppe; (bot.) volva, bourse; (*for packing*)

toile d'emballage; (*for papers*) chemise; (*print.*) couverture; (*of a cigar*) robe, *f.*: (*garment*) déshabillé, peignoir, *m.*; (*post*) bande, *f.*

wrasse, *n.*: (*icht.*) labre, *m.*

wrāth, *n.*: courroux, *m.*; colère, *f.* -**ful**, *adj.*: courroucé, furieux. -**fully**, *adv.*: avec courroux; avec colère. -**ful-ness**, *n.*: grand courroux, *m.*

wreak, *tr.*: exécuter; décharger, faire peser; assouvir, satisfaire. †-**ful**, *adj.*: vindicatif; furieux.

wreā-th (*pl.* -**ths**), *n.*: guirlande, couronne, *f.* -**the**, *tr.*: entortiller; entrelacer, tresser; couronner, ceindre; *intr.*: s'entrelacer. -**thed**, *adj.*: entrelacé; entouré de guirlandes; (*of a column*) torsé. -**thing**, *n.*: entrelacement, *m.*

1. **wreck**, *n.*: naufrage; (*ruins of a ship*) navire naufragé, *m.*, débris d'un naufrage, *m. pl.*; (*fig.*) naufrage, *m.*, débris, *m. pl.*, destruction, ruine, *f.* 2. **wreck**, *tr.*: faire faire naufrage à; jeter à la côte; (*ruin*) ruiner, perdre; *intr.*: faire naufrage; se perdre; périr. -**ed**, *adj.*: naufragé. -**ful**, *adj.*: fécond en naufrages.

wrēn, *n.*: (*orni.*) roitelet, *m.*

1. **wrēnch**, *tr.*: arracher en tordant; (*sprain*) se fouler. 2. **wrench**, *n.*: torsion, *f.*; tortillement, *m.*; (*sprain*) entorse; (*instrument*) clef (pour dévisser), *f.*

1. **wrest**, *tr.*: arracher; (*distort*) tordre; torturer, fausser, forcer. 2. **wrest**, *n.*: torsion violente; action d'arracher en tordant; violence; (*instrument*) clef d'accordeur, *f.* -**er**, *n.*: personne qui arrache, qui torture, qui tord, etc., *f.* -**le**, *intr.*: lutter. -**ler**, *n.*: lutteur, athlète, *m.* -**ling**, *n.*: lutte; lutte corps à corps, *f.*

wrēth, *n.*: malheureux, *m.*, malheureuse, *f.*; infortuné, *m.*, infortunée, *f.*; (*worthless person*) misérable, *m.*, *f.*, être méprisable, être vil, *m.* -**ed**, *adj.*: malheureux, infortuné; (*despicable*) méprisable, misérable, vil; (*paltry*) triste, méchant; (*calamit*) calamiteux, malheureux. -**edly**, *adv.*: malheureusement; dans la misère; misérablement; tristement; (*despicably*) d'une manière méprisable, indignement. -**edness**, *n.*: misère, pauvreté, infortune, *f.*; (*unhappiness*) malheur, *m.*, souffrance, misère, infortune; (*despicableness*) nature méprisable, nature vile, *f.*

1. **wriggle**, *intr.*: se tortiller, se remuer; frétiller, s'agiter, se démenner; *tr.*: tortiller: — *into*, se fourrer dans, s'insinuer dans; — *out*, s'échapper; échapper à; sortir en se tortillant, en se démenant, avec efforts, avec difficulté. 2. -**gle**, *n.*:

tortillement, remuement, m. **-gler**, n.: personne qui se tortille, f. **-gling**, n.: tortillement, frétaillement, m.

wright, n.: ouvrier, artisan, m.

1. **wring** (pret. part. *wrung*), tr.: tordre; arracher; presser; serrer; (*distress*) torturer, déchirer, tourmenter; (*distort*) fausser, torturer; (*a mast*) forcer; intr.: se tordre, se débattre: — *one's hands*, se tordre les mains. 2. **wring**, n.: torsion, f. **-bolt**, n.: (*nav.*) cheville de presse, f. **-er**, n.: personne qui tord, f. **-ing**, n.: torsion, f.; tourment, m. **-staves**, n.: (*nav.*) levier de presse, m.

1. **wrinkle**, n.: (*in garments*) pli, m.; (*in the face; bot.*) ride, f.; pli, m. 2. **wrinkle**, intr.: se rider; tr.: rider; plisser; (*the brow*) froncer. **-d**, adj.: ridé; froncé; (*bot.*) plissé, chiffonné.

wrist, n.: poignet; (*anat.*) carpe, m. **-band**, n.: (*of a shirt-sleeve*) poignet, m. **writ**, n.: (*of parliament*) lettre de convocation, f.; (*jur.*) acte judiciaire, m., ordonnance; assignation, f.: *Holy* —, l'Écriture sainte; *serve a* — *on any one*, signifier un acte judiciaire, une assignation à quelqu'un.

wri-te (pret. *wrote*, part. *written*), tr.: écrire; (*engrave*) graver, tracer; intr.: écrire; transcrire; (*be a clerk*) faire les écritures, la correspondance: — *down*, marquer; mettre en écrit; coucher par écrit; (*decri*) décrier; — *out*, rédiger; écrire entièrement; (*transcribe*) transcrire, copier; — *over again*, récrire; — *up*, (*praise*) faire l'éloge de, faire mousser; — *for*, (*send for*) mander; faire venir. **-ter**, n.: écrivain; (*of a letter*) auteur; (*author*) écrivain, auteur; (*clerk*) commis aux écritures, expéditionnaire, m. **writhe**, tr.: tordre; intr.: se tordre; se débattre, se démener.

writing, n.: écriture, f., (*anything written*) écrit; (*book*) écrit, ouvrage, m.; (*inscription*) inscription, f.: *art of* —, l'art d'écriture; *set (put) down in* —, mettre par écrit. **-book**, n.: cahier d'écriture, m. **-master**, n.: maître d'écriture, m. **-table**, n.: table à écrire, f.; bureau, m.

written, adj.: écrit; par écrit.

1. **wrong**, adj.: faux; fautif, vicieux; mauvais; (*not what is wanted*) ne... pas... qu'il faut; (*erroneous*) erroné, faux, inexact; — *side*, l'envers; — *side outward*, à l'envers; *that is the* — *one*, ce n'est pas celui-là qu'il faut; *be* —, (*pers.*) avoir tort; (*of things*) être fautif, être mal, être mauvais. 2. **wrong**, adv.: mal, à tort, à faux; injustement; de travers, inexactement. 3. **wrong**, n.: mal, injuste, m.; (*injury done to another*)

injustice, f., mal, tort, dommage, préjudice, m.: *I am in the* —, j'ai tort. 4. **wrong**, tr.: faire du tort à; nuire à; préjudicier à, léser; (*do injustice*) faire tort à. **-doer**, n.: personne qui fait le mal, f.; auteur d'un tort, d'un préjudice; pervers, m. **-doing**, n.: mal, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui fait du tort, etc., f. **-ful**, adj.: injuste; (*injurious*) nuisible, préjudiciable. **-fully**, adv.: à tort; injustement. **-fulness**, n.: injustice; fausseté, erreur, f. **-headed**, adj.: qui a mauvaise tête. **-headedness**, n.: extravagance; mauvaise tête, f.; travers d'esprit, m. **-ly**, adv.: injustement; avec injustice; mal, à tort. **-ness**, n.: mal, vice, m.; (*erroneous views*) fausseté, inexactitude, f.

wroth **râth**, adj.: en colère, irrité, courroucé.

wrought **râi**, adj.: travaillé, façonné; (*of textile fabrics*) ouvré.

wry, adj.: de travers; tordu, tors; (*fig.*) oblique, détourné, faux. **-face**, n.: grimace, f. **-neck**, n.: torticolis; (*orn.*) torcol, m. **-necked**, adj.: qui a le cou de travers. **-ness**, n.: torsion, f.; état de torsion, m.; obliquité, f.

X

x **ëx**, n.: x, m.

xanth-zanth (*in words much like corresponding French words, as*): **-ine**, n.: xanthine, f. **-ophyll**, n.: xantophylle, f., etc.

xébec, n.: (*nav.*) chebec, m.

xerophagy **z**, n.: xérophagie, f.

xerophthalmia **z**, n.: xérophthalmie, f.

xiph-ias **z**, n.: (*astron., ichth.*) xiphias, m. **-oid**, adj.: (*anat.*) xiphoïde.

xyst **z**, n.: xyste, m. **-er**, n.: (*surg.*) rugine, f.

Y

y **wÿ**, n.: y, m.

yacht **yôt**, n.: yacht, m. **-club**, n.: club des yachts, m. **-race**, **-racing**, n.: course de yachts, f., courses, f. pl. **-ing**, n.: promenade en yacht, f.

yâm, n.: (*bot.*) igname, f.

yânkee, n.: yankee, Américain, m.

yâpon, n.: houx maté, m.

yârd, n.: cour; (*of a prison*) cour, f., préau; (*work-yard*) chantier, m.; (*nav.*) vergue, f.; (*measure*) yard (mètre 0.912), m. **-arm**, n.: taquet, bout de vergue, m. **-stick**, n.: mesure d'un yard, f.

yârñ, n.: fil, m.; laine filée, f.; (*of a rope*)

fil, cordon; (nav.) fil de caret; (*long story*) conte à dormir debout, m.

yātaghan, n.: yatagan, m.

1.yāu, n.: (nav.) embarquée, f. **2.yaw**, intr.: (nav.) embarder, donner des embardées.

yāucl, n.: yole, f.

1.yāucl, intr.: bâiller; (*open wide*) s'ouvrir tout grand. **2.yawn**, n.: bâillement, m.; ouverture, f. **-er**, n.: bâilleur, m., bâilleuse, f. **1.-ing**, adj.: qui bâille, endormi, assoupi; (*fig.*) béant, ouvert, entr'ouvert. **2.-ing**, n.: bâillement, m.

yāuq, n.: (med.) pian de Guinée, m.

1.yolépéd, adj.: appelé.

yé, pron. pl.: vous.

1.yé or **yē**, adv.: oui; vraiment; en vérité; oui-da. **2.yea**, n.: vote affirmatif, m.

1.yēan, intr.: agneler, mettre bas. **-ling**, n.: agneau, m.

yēar, n.: année, f.; an; (*age*) âge, m.: *one — with another*, une année dans l'autre; bon an mal an; *be ten —s old*, avoir dix ans; *by the —*, par an; à l'année; *so much a —*, tant par an; *be in —s*, être âgé; *in the — of our Lord*, l'an du Seigneur; *half —*, semestre, m. **-book**, n.: recueil annuel de jurisprudence, m.

1.-ling, n.: animal âgé d'un an, m. **2.-ling**, adj.: qui n'a qu'un an, âgé d'un an. **1.-ly**, adj.: annuel, d'un an. **2.-ly**, adv.: annuellement, tous les ans.

yēarn, intr.: être ému, s'émouvoir: — *after*, s'émouvoir pour; soupirer après, avoir envie, désirer ardemment. **-ing**, n.: élan de tendresse; élan de l'âme, m.; entrailles, f. pl.; émotion; envie, f., désir ardent, m.

yēast, n.: levure, f.; levain, ferment, m. **-y**, adj.: écumeux, couvert d'écume.

1.yēll, intr.: hurler, pousser des hurlements. **2.yell**, n.: hurlement, cri, m. **-ing**, n.: hurlements, m. pl.

1.yellow, adj.: jaune. **2.yellow**, n.: jaune, m.: *become —*, devenir jaune; jaunir; *make —*, jaunir. **3.yellow**, tr.: jaunir. **-blossomed**, adj.: à fleurs jaunes.

-hammer, n.: (orn.) bruant, m. **-ing**, n.: jaunissement, m. **-ish**, adj.: jaunâtre. **-ishness**, n.: couleur jaunâtre, f. **-ness**, n.: couleur jaune, f. **-s**, n.: hépatite, jaunisse, f. **-wash**, n.: (med.) eau phagédénique, f. **-wort**, n.: (bot.) chlore, f.

yēlp, intr.: glapir. **-ing**, n.: glapissement, m.

yēoman, n.: yeoman; gros fermier; (nav.) magasinier, m.: — *of the guard*, garde à pied, m. **-ly**, adj.: de yeoman; **-ry**, n.: yeomanry, corps des yeomans, m.

1.yērk, intr.: lancer avec force. **2.yerk**, n.: secousse, f.

yēs, adv.: oui; (*in reply to a negative remark*) si, si fait: *you have not done it; —, I have*, vous ne l'avez pas fait; si, je l'ai fait; si fait.

yēster-day, n.: hier: — *evening*, hier soir, hier au soir; *the day before —*, avant-hier. **-night**, n.: cette nuit, la nuit dernière, f.

1.yēt, adv.: encore; déjà: *is he arrived —?* est-il déjà arrivé? **2.yet**, conj.: pourtant, cependant, toute-fois.

yōw, n.: (bot.) if, m.

1.yield, tr.: produire, donner; rapporter; (*exhibit*) montrer, offrir; (*grant*) accorder, rendre; (*resign*) rendre, livrer; (*surrender*) livrer, céder, abandonner; intr.: se rendre; céder; fléchir: — *up*, rendre, livrer; — *to*, se rendre à, céder à; (*comply with*) accéder à, se rendre à; (*of inferiors*) se soumettre à. **2.yield**, n.: produit, rapport, m. **-er**, n.: personne qui cède, qui se soumet, f. **1.-ing**, adj.: qui cède facilement; complaisant, accommodant, facile, souple. **2.-ing**, n.: action de céder, de fléchir, de se soumettre, reddition, f.; abandon; abandonnement, m. **-ingly**, adv.: facilement. **-ingness**, n.: caractère d'accommodant, m.; complaisance, f.

1.yōke, n.: joug; attelage (de deux), m.; (*pair*) paire, f., couple, m.; (nav.) barre de gouvernail; (*for carrying pails*) gorgue, f.; (*fig.*) joug, m. **2.yoke**, tr.: mettre au joug; atteler au joug; atteler; (*enslave*) réduire à l'esclavage; (*confine*) enchaîner, lier: — *with*, accoupler avec. **-elm**, n.: (bot.) orme, m. **-fellow**, **-mate**, n.: compagnon, camarade, m.

yōlk, n.: jaune d'œuf; (*of sheep*) suint, m. **1.yōn-der**, adv.: dans le lointain; là, là-bas; là-haut. **2.-der**, adj.: à quelque distance; lointain, éloigné, qui est là-bas. **yōre**, adv.: longtemps: *of —*, autrefois, jadis.

yōu, pron.: vous; tu; te, toi.

yōung, adj.: jeune; (*inexperienced*) novice; neuf, inexpérimenté: — *lady* (girl), jeune personne, f.; — *man*, jeune homme, m.; *young men* (fellows, people), jeunes gens, m. pl.; — *ones*, (*of animals*) petits, m. pl., petites, f. pl. **2.young**, n. pl.: jeunes gens, m. pl.; jeunesse, f.; petits, m. pl. **-ger**, adj.: plus jeune; cadet. **-gest**, adj.: le plus jeune. **-gish**, adj.: un peu jeune. **-gling**, n.: jeune animal, m. **1.-gly**, adv.: dans la jeunesse; à un âge tendre. **-gster**, **-ker**, n.: jeune homme; gamin; novice, m.

yōur, adj.: votre, m., f. sing.; vos, pl. m., f.; ton, m. sing., ta, f. sing.; tes, pl. m., f. **-s**, pron.: le vôtre, m. sing., la vôtre, f. sing.; les vôtres, pl. m., f.; à

vous; le tien, m. *sing.*, la tienne, f. *sing.*; les tiens, m. pl., les tiennes, f. pl.; à toi. -*sêlf*, pron.: vous-même; toi-même; te, toi, vous. -*sêlves*, pron.: vous-mêmes.

yóuth, n.: jeunesse, f.: (*young person*) jeune homme, adolescent, m., adolescente, jeune fille, f. -*ful*, adj.: jeune; de jeunesse; de la jeunesse; (*fresh*) neuf, nouveau. -*fully*, adv.: en jeune homme, en jeune fille. -*fulness*, n.: jeunesse, f.
yûle, n.: fête de Noël, f. -*log*, n.: bûche de Noël, f.

Z

z zî, n.: z, m.

zâbaism = *sabianism*.

zâchoq, n.: socle, m.

zâmbq, -*ba*, n.: zambou, m., -*ba*, f.; griffe, m., f.; (*jest.*) moricaud, m., f.

zâny, n.: zani, bouffon, m.

zapotilla = *sepodilla*.

zêal, n.: zèle, m. -*less*, adj.: sans zèle.

zêal-ot, n.: partisan aveugle; fanatique, m.

zêal-otry, n.: zèle aveugle; fanatisme, m.

zêal-ous, adj.: zélé; ardent. -*ously*,

adv.: avec zèle; ardemment. -*ousness*,

n.: zèle, m.

zêbra, n.: (*mam.*) zèbre, m. -*striped*, adj.: zébré.

zêbu, n.: (*mam.*) zébu, m.

zêdoary, n.: (*bot.*) zédoaire, f.

zenâna, n.: appartement des femmes dans les familles mahométanes; harem; sérail, m.

Zêndavêsta, n.: Zend-Avesta, m.

zenith, n.: zénith; (*fig.*) point culminant, comble, sommet, m.

zêphyr, n.: zéphire, zéphyre; (*myth.*) Zéphire, m.

zêro, n.: zéro; rien, m.

zêst, n.: zeste; (*relish*) goût, m., sa-

veur; (*juice of orange-peel*) essence, f.; (*fig.*) piquant, m. **zêst**, tr.: zester, enlever le zeste; (*give a relish to*) relever le goût de, donner du goût à.

zetétic, adj.: zététique.

zeûgma, n.: (*gram.*) zeugme, m.

1. zigzag, adj.: en zigzag. **2. zigzag**,

n.: zigzag, m. **3. zigzag**, tr.: former en

zigzags; intr.: zigzaguer, aller en zigzag.

-ging, n.: direction en zigzag, f.

zinc, n.: zinc, m. -*ky*, adj.: de zinc.

-ôgraphy, n.: zincographie, f.

zir-con, n.: (*min.*) zircon, jargon, m.

-ôonium, n.: (*chem.*) zirconium, m.

zô-diac, n.: zodiaque, m. -*diacal*,

adj.: zodiacal.

zône, n.: (*geog.*) zone; (*girdle*) ceinture;

(*circumference*) circonférence, f. -*d*,

adj.: à ceinture; (*nat. hist.*) zoné.

zoô (in words much like corresponding

French words, as): **-geny**, n.: zoogénie,

f. **-grapher**, n.: zoographe, m.

-grâphic(al), adj.: zoographique.

-graphy, n.: zoographie, f. **-latry**,

n.: zoolâtrie, f. **-lîte zô-**, n.: zoolithe,

m. **-lôgic(al)**, adj.: zoologique. **-lôg-**

ically, adv.: d'après les principes de la

zoologie. **-logist**, n.: zoologiste, zoolo-

gue, m. **-logy**, n.: zoologie, f. **-phyte**

zôo, n.: zoophyte, m. **-tômie(al)**, adj.:

zootomique. **-tômist**, n.: zootomiste, m.

-tomy, n.: zootomie, f.

zôril, n.: zorille, m.

Zôreâstrian, adj., n.: zoroastrien.

zouâve, n.: zouave, m.

zôunds, interj.: fichtre! diable! sapre-

lotte! sapristi! morbleu!

Zûlu, n.: Zoulou, m., f.

zygô-na, n.: (*anat.*) zygomma, m.; arcade

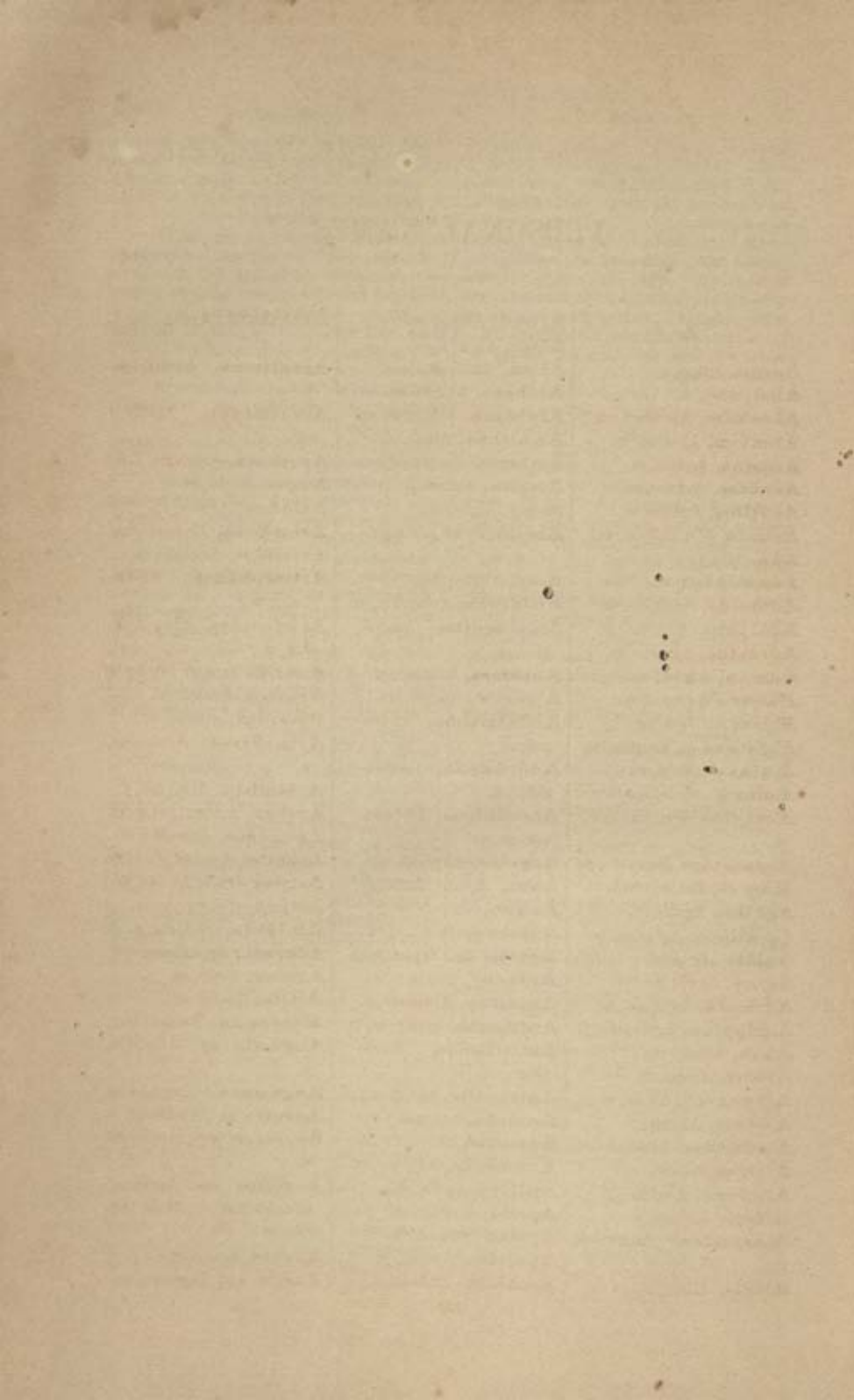
zygomatique, f. **-mâtie**, adj.: (*anat.*)

zygomatique.

zym-ôlôgical, adj.: zymologique. **-ôlo-**

gy, n.: zymologie, f. **-ôsis**, n.: maladie

zymotique. **-ôtic**, adj.: zymotique.



PERSONAL NAMES

A

Āaron, Aaron, m.
Ābel, Abel, m.
Ābraham, Abraham, m.
Ābsalom, Absalon, m.
Acāstus, Acaste, m.
Achāteš, Achate, m.
Achilleš, Achille, m.
Actæon -tē-, Actéon, m.
Āda, Ada, f.
Ādam, Adam, m.
Ādelāide, Adélaïde, m.
Adōlphus, Adolphe, m.
Adrāstus, Adraste, m.
Ādrian, Adrien, m.
Æacur ē-, Éaque, m.
Ægeus e-, Egée, m.
Ægisthus e-, Égisthe, m.
Ænéas e-, Enée, m.
Æolus ē-, Éole, m.
Æschylus ē's-, Eschyle, m.
Æsculāpius, Esculape, m.
Æsop ē-, Ésope, m.
Āgatha, Agathe, f.
Agēsilaus, Agéasias, m.
Aglāia, Aglaé, f.
Āgneš, Agnès, f.
Agricola, Agricola, m.
Agrippina, Agrippine, f.
Āhab, Achab, m.
Ālbert, Albert, m.
Alcæus -ē-, Alcée, m.
Alcēste, Alceste, f.
Alcibiadeš, Alcibiade, m.
Aleideš, Alcide, m.
Alēmōna, Alcmène, f.
Alēcto, Alecton, f.
Alexāder, Alexandre, m.
Alēxis, Alexis, m.

Ālfred, Alfred, m.
Ālice, Alice, f.
Āllen, Alain, m.
Alphēus, Alphée, m.
Alphōnso, Alphonse, m.
Amalthēa, Amalthée, f.
Āmbroše, Ambroise, m.
Āmēlia, Amélie, f.
Āmos, Amos, m.
Amphitryon, Amphitryon, m.
Āmy, Aimée, f.
Ānacrēon, Anacréon, m.
Anaxāgoras, Anaxagore, m.
Anchiseš, Anchise, m.
Āndrēw, André, m.
Andrōmachē, Andromaque, f.
Andrōmeda, Andromède, f.
Andrōnicus, Andronicus, m.
Āngelus, Ange, m.
Ānna, Ānne, Anne, f.
Ānnan, Hannon, m.
Ansēlmo, Anselme, m.
Āntæus -tē-, Antée, m.
Ānthonny, Antoine, m.
Antigone, Antigone, f.
Antigonus, Antigone, m.
Antistheneš, Antisthène, m.
Antōinette, Antoinette, f.
Antōnia, Antonia, f.
Antonina, Antonine, f.
Antoninus, Antonin, m.
Āpōlleš, Apelle, m.
Āpōllo, Apollon, m.
Āppian, Appien, m.
Āpulēius, Apulée, m.
Arabēlla, Arabelle, f.

Ārchibald, Archambaud, m.
Archiloens, Archiloque, m.
Archimēdeš, Archimède, m.
Ārethūsa, Aréthuse, f.
Ārgus, Argus, m.
Ariādne, Ariane, f.
Ariovistus, Arioviste, m.
Aristideš, Aristide, m.
Aristōphaneš, Aristophane, m.
Aristō-toleš, -tle, Aristotèle, m.
Ārnold, Arnaud, m.
Ārsaceš, Arsace, m.
Arsēnius, Arsène, m.
Artaxōrxeš, Artaxerce, m.
Artemisia, Artémise, f.
Ārthur, Arthur, Artus, m.
Asmodēus, Asmodée, m.
Āspāsia, Aspasia, f.
Astræa -træ-, Astrée, f.
Astjageš, Astyago, m.
Atalānta, Atalante, f.
Athanāsius, Athanase, m.
Ātreus, Atrée, m.
Āttila, Attila, m.
Augēas āg-, Augias, m.
Augūstin āg-, Augustin, m.
Augūstus āg-, Auguste, m.
Aurēlia ār-, Aurélie, f.
Aurēlian ār-, Aurélien, m.
Aurēlius ār-, Aurélius, m.; Marcus —, Marc Aurèle, m.
Aurōra ār-, Aurore, f.
Austin ās-, Augustin, m.

B

Baal, Baal, *m.*
Baliol, Baliol, Bailleul, *m.*
Balthasar, Balthazar, *m.*
Baptist, Baptiste, *m.*
Barbara, Barbe, *f.*
Barbarossa, Barberousse, *m.*
Barnaby, Barnabé, *m.*
Bartholomew, Barthélemy, *m.*
Basil, Basile, *m.*
Beatrice, Béatrice, *f.*
Beelzebub, Béelzébut, *m.*
Belisarius, Bélisaire, *m.*
Bellona, Bellone, *f.*
Belshazzar, Balthazar, *m.*
Benedict, Benoît, *m.*
Benedicta, Benoîte, Bénédicte, *f.*
Benjamin, Benjamin, *m.*
Bernard, Bernard, *m.*
Bertha, Berthe, *f.*
Bertram, Bertrand, *m.*
Blanch, Blanche, *f.*
Boreas, Borée, *m.*
Bridget, Brigitte, *f.*

C

Cæsar cæ-, César, *m.*
Cain, Caïn, *m.*
Calliope, Calliope, *f.*
Callisthenes, Callisthène, *m.*
Calypso, Calypso, *f.*
Cambyse, Cambyse, *m.*
Camilla, Camille, *f.*
Camillus, Camille, *m.*
Canute, Canut, *m.*
Caroline, Caroline, *f.*
Cassandra, Cassandre, *f.*
Cassius, Cassius, *m.*
Catherine, Catherine, *f.*
Catiline, Catilina, *m.*
Cato, Caton, *m.*
Catullus, Catulle, *m.*
Cecilia, Cécile, *f.*

Celsus, Celse, *m.*
Cerberus, Cerbère, *m.*
Ceres, Cérès, *f.*
Charlemagne, Charlemagne, *m.*
Charles, Charles, *m.*
Charlotte, Charlotte, *f.*
Christ, Christ, *m.*
Christian, Chrétien, *m.*
Christina, Christine, *f.*
Christopher, Christophe, *m.*
Cicero, Cicéron, *m.*
Cincinnati, Cincinnati, *m.*
Cirex, Cécé, *f.*
Clara, Clara, Claire, *f.*
Clarissa, Clarisse, *f.*
Claudia, Claude, *f.*
Claudian, Claudien, *m.*
Claudius, Claude, *m.*
Clément, Clément, *m.*
Clementina, Clémentine, *f.*
Cleopatra, Cléopâtre, *f.*
Clotilda, Clotilde, *f.*
Clytemnestra, Clytemnestre, *f.*
Columbus, Colomb, *m.*
Commodus, Commode, *m.*
Constantine, Constantin, *m.*
Coriolanus, Coriolan, *m.*
Cornelia, Cornélie, *f.*
Cornelius, Cornélius, *m.*
Crispin, Crépin, *m.*
Cresus cræ-, Crésus, *m.*
Cupid, Cupidon, *m.*
Curiatius, Curiaces, *m.*
Cybele, Cybèle, *f.*
Cyrus, Cyrus, *m.*

D

Dædalus dæ-, Dédale, *m.*
Damocles, Damoclès, *m.*
Darius, Darius, *m.*: —
Codomanus, Darius Codoman, *m.*

David, David, *m.*
Deborah, Débora, *f.*
Delia, Délie, *f.*
Democritus, Démocrite, *m.*
Demosthenes, Démosthène, *m.*
Dennis, Denis, *m.*
Diana or -ana, Diane, *f.*
Dido, Didon, *f.*
Diocletian, Dioclétien, *m.*
Diodorus, Diodore, *m.*: —
Siculus, Diodore de Sicile, *m.*
Diogenes, Diogène, *m.*: —
Laertius, Diogène Laërce, *m.*
Dionæus, Dionède, *m.*
Dionysius, Denys, *m.*
Domitian, Domitien, *m.*
Donatus, Donat, *m.*
Dorothy, Dorothée, *f.*
Draco, Dracon, *m.*
Drusilla, Drusille, *f.*

E

Edmund, Edmond, *m.*
Edward, Édouard, *m.*
Egeria, Égérie, *f.*
Elinor, Eléonore, *f.*
Elia, Élie, *m.*
Elias, Élie, *m.*
Eliza, Élise, *f.*
Elizabeth, Elisabeth, *f.*
Eloisa -t-, Héloïse, *f.*
Emilius, Émile, *m.*
Emily, Emilie, *f.*
Emmanuel, Emmanuel, *m.*
Epicurus, Épicure, *m.*
Erasmus, Érasme, *m.*
Erato, Érato, *f.*
Erebus, Èrèbe, *m.*
Esther, Esther, *f.*
Euclid, Euclide, *m.*
Eugenia, Eugénie, *f.*
Euripides, Euripide, *m.*

Eurōpa, Europe, *f.*
Eurýdiee, Eurydice, *f.*
Eusēbius, Eusèbe, *m.*
Eustāce, Eustache, *m.*
Eutrōpius, Eutrope, *m.*
Evānge-line or -line =.
Ève, Ève, *f.*
Ezēkiel, Ezéchiel, *m.*
Ezra, Esdras, *m.*

F

Fābian, Fabien, *m.*
Fēlix, Félix, *m.*
Fērdinand, Ferdinand,
m.
Flāvian, Flavien, *m.*
Flōra, Flore, *f.*
Fortūna, Fortune, *f.*
Frāncez, Françoise, *f.*
Frāncis, François, *m.*
Frēderick, Frédéric, *m.*
Fūlvīa, Fulvie, *f.*

G

Gālatōa, Galatée, *f.*
Galilēo, Galilée, *m.*
Ganymēde, Ganymède, *m.*
Gēffrey, Geoffroy, *m.*
Gēnseric, Genséric, *m.*
Gēorge, George, *m.*
Georgīna gōr-, Geor-
gine, f.
Gērtrūde, Gertrude, *f.*
Gideon, Gédeon, *m.*
Giles, Gilles, *m.*
Gōrdian, Gordien, *m.*
Grāochi, Gracques, *m.*
Grātian, Gratien, *m.*
Grēgory, Grégoire, *m.*
Gustāvus, Gustave, *m.*

H

Hāgar, Agar, *f.*
Hām, Cham, *m.*

Hānnah, Anna, *f.*
Hānnibal, Annibal, *m.*
Hānno, Hannon, *m.*
Hārriet, Henriette, *f.*
Hēbe, Hébé, *f.*
Hēcate, Hécate, *f.*
Hēcuba, Hécube, *f.*
Hēlen, Hélène, *f.*
Heliōdōrus, Héliodore, *m.*
Heliogābalus, Hélioga-
bale, m.

Heloīsa, Héloïse, *f.*
Henriōtta, Henriette, *f.*
Hēnry, Henri, *m.*
Hērōulez, Hercule, *m.*
Hermione, Hermione, *f.*
Hērod, Hérode, *m.*
Herōdian, Hérodien, *m.*
Hērōdotus, Hérodoté, *m.*
Hēsiod, Hésiode, *m.*
Hezekiah, Ezéchias, *m.*
Hīawātha, =, *m.*
Hilary, Hilaire, *m.*
Hippōcratez, Hippo-
crate, m.
Hippōlytus, Hippolyte,
m.

Hippōmenez, Hippo-
mène, m.
Hōmer, Homère, *m.*
Hōrace, Horace, *m.*
Horāti, Horaces, *m.*
Horātio, Horace, *m.*
Hortēnsia, Hortense, *f.*
Hošēa, Osée, *m.*
Hyacinthus, Hyacinthe.
Hypērion, Hypérion, *m.*
Hyrcānus, Hyrcan, *m.*
Hystāspez, Hystaspe, *m.*

I

Icarus, Icare, *m.*
Ignātiūz, Ignace, *m.*
Iphigēnia, Iphigénie, *f.*
Irēne, Irène, *f.*
Isaac, Isaac, *m.*
Isabēlla, Isabelle, *f.*

Isā'iah, Isaïe, *m.*
Ishmael, Ismaël, *m.*
Isis, Isis, *f.*
Israel, Israël, *m.*
Ixion, Ixion, *m.*

J

Jācob, Jacob, *m.*
Jāmez, Jacques, *m.*
Jāne, Jeanne, *f.*
Jānus, Janus, *m.*
Jāzper, Gaspard, *m.*
Jehōshaphat, Josaphat,
m.

Jehōvah, Jéhovah, *m.*
Jēnny, Jeannette, Jenny.
Jēphthah, Jephté, *m.*
Jeremiah, Jérémie (le
 prophète), *m.*
Jēromy, Jérémie, *m.*
Jerōme, Jérôme, *m.*
Jēzus, Jésus, *m.* —
Christ, Jésus-Christ.

Jōan, Jeanne, *f.*
Jōb, Job, *m.*
Jōhn, Jean, *m.*
Jōnah, Jonas, *m.*
Jōseph, Joseph, *m.*
Josēphus, Josèphe, *m.*
Jōshua, Josué, *m.*
Josiah, Josias, *m.*
Jōve, Jupiter, *m.*
Jūdah, Juda, *m.*
Jūdas, Jude; Judas, *m.* —
Isariot, Judas Isca-
 riote, *m.*

Jūlia, Julie, *f.*
Jūlian, Julien, *m.*
Juliāna, Julienne, *f.*
Jūliet, Juliette, *f.*
Jūlius, Jules, *m.*
Jūno, Junon, *f.*
Jūpiter, Jupiter, *m.*
Justinian, Justinien, *m.*
Jūstus, Juste, *m.*
Jūve-nal, -nālis, Juvé-
 nal, *m.*

K

Katharina, Catherine, *f.*

L

Laërtes, Laërte, *m.*

Latōna, Latone, *f.*

Lancelot, Lancelot, *m.*

Lāura, Laure, *f.*

Lāurence, Laurent, *m.*

Lavinia, Lavinie, *f.*

Lāzarus, Lazare, *m.*

Leānder, Léandre, *m.*

Lēo, Léon, *m.*

Lēon, Léon, *m.*

Lēopold, Léopold, *m.*

Lēpidus, Lépide, *m.*

Lēwis, Louis, *m.*

Linnæus -nē, Linné, Linnée, *m.*

Līvia, Livie, *f.*

Līvy, Tite-Live, *m.*

Lothārio, Lothaire, *m.*

Louīsa, Louise, *f.*

Lūcan, Lucain, *m.*

Lūcian, Lucien, *m.*

Lūcifer, Lucifer, *m.*

Lucrētia, Lucrèce, *f.*

Lucrētius, Lucrèce, *m.*

Lūcy, Lucie, *f.*

Lūke, Luc, *m.*

Lycūrgus, Lycurgue, *m.*

Lýdia, Lydie, *f.*

Lysānder, Lysandre, *m.*

Lysippus, Lysippe, *m.*

M

Macārius, Macaire, *m.*

Māccabēes, Machabées, *m.*

Maccabēus, Machabée, *m.*

Macrōbius, Macrobe, *m.*

Māgdalen, Madeleine, *f.*

Mahōmet, Mahomet, *m.*

Mānfred, Manfroi, *m.*

Mārcus Aurēlius, Marc-Aurèle, *m.*

Mārgaret, Marguerite, *f.*

Māria, Maria, Marie, *f.*

Mārius, Marius, *m.*

Mārk, Marc, *m.*

Mārs, Mars, *m.*

Mārtha, Marthe, *f.*

Māry, Marie, *f.*

Matilda, Mathilde, *f.*

Mā'tthēw, Matthieu, *m.*

Māud, Maudlin, Madeilon, *f.*

Māurice, Maurice, *m.*

Maximiānus, Maximien, *m.*

Maximilian, Maximilien, *m.*

Mecōnas -eē, Mécène, *m.*

Medēa, Médée, *f.*

Medūsa, Méduse, *f.*

Menelāus, Ménélas, *m.*

Mērcury, Mercure, *m.*

Messalina, Messaline, *f.*

Methūselah, Mathusalem, *m.*

Micah, Michée, *m.*

Michael, Michel, *m.*: —
Angelo, Michel-Ange.

Mileș, =, *m.*

Milo, Milon, *m.*

Miltiadeș, Miltiade, *m.*

Minērvā, Minerve, *f.*

Minos, Minos, *m.*

Mithridātes, Mithridate, *m.*

Mohāammed, Mohammed, *m.*

Mōrpheus, Morphée, *m.*

Mōrrice, Maurice, *m.*

Mōșeș, Moïse, *m.*

N

Nāncy, Annette, Nanette, *f.*

Napōleon, Napoléon, *m.*

Nareissus, Narcisse, *m.*

Nathan, Nathan, *m.*

Nebuchadnēzzar, Nabuchodonosor, *m.*

Nēmesis, Némésis, *f.*

Nēptune, Neptune, *m.*

Nēro, Neron, *m.*

Nicholas, Nicolas, *m.*

Niōbe, Niobé, *f.*

Nōah, Noé, *m.*

Numērian, Numérien, *m.*

O

Obadiah, Abdias, *m.*

Ōceanus, (*myth.*) Océan, *m.*

Octāvia, Octavie, *f.*

Octaviānus, Octavien, *m.*

Octāvius, Octave, *m.*

Ōdipus -ēd, (Edipe, *m.*

Ōliver, Olivier, *m.*

Olivia, Olivie, *f.*

Orēstes, Oreste, *m.*

Ōrlāndo, Roland, *m.*

Ōrpheus, Orphée, *m.*

Osiris, Osiris; Sirius, *m.*

Othello, Othello, *m.*

Ōthe, Othon, *m.*

Ōvid, Ovide, *m.*

P

Pandōra, Pandore, *f.*

Paracēlsus, Paracelse, *m.*

Parēs -eē, Parques, *f.*
pl.

Pātrick, Patrice, *m.*

Pāul, Paul, *m.*

Paulina, Pauline, *f.*

Pēgasus, Pégase, *m.*

Pelāgius, Pélage, *m.*

Pelēus, Pélée, *m.*

Penēlope, Pénélope, *f.*

Pēntheus, Penthée, *m.*

Pēpin, Pépin, *m.*

Periānder, Périandre, *m.*

Périclès, Périclès, *m.*
Pérseus, Persée, *m.*
Pérsius, Perse, *m.*
Péter, Pierre, *m.*
Pétrarch, Pétrarque, *m.*
Phædar fē, Phèdre, *f.*
Phædrus fē, Phèdre, *m.*
Pharaoh, Pharaon, *m.*
Philip, Philippe, *m.*
Phæbe fē, Phébé, *f.*
Phæbus fē, Phébus, *m.*
Pindar, Pindare, *m.*
Pius, Pie, *m.*
Plāto, Platon, *m.*
Plāutus, Plaute, *m.*
Pliny, Pline, *m.*
Plūtarch, Plutarque, *m.*
Plūto, Pluton, *m.*
Polýbius, Polybe, *m.*
Polýmnia, Polymnie, *f.*
Polyphēmus, Polyphème, *m.*
Pomōna, Pomone, *f.*
Pōmpey, Pompée, *m.*
Poppæa -ēa Poppée, *f.*
Pōrphyry, Porphyre, *m.*
Priam, Priam, *m.*
Priscilla, Priscille, *f.*
Promētheus, Prométhée, *m.*
Propērtius, Propertius, *m.*
Prosērpine, Proserpine, *f.*
Prōteus, Protée, *m.*
Psyche, Psyché, *f.*
Ptōlemy, Ptolémée, *m.*
Pýramus, Pyrame, *m.*
Pýrrhus, Pyrrhus, *m.*
Pythāgoras, Pythagore, *m.*

Q

Quintilian, Quintilien, *m.*
Quintus Cūrtius, Quinte-Curce, *m.*
Quixōte, Quichotte, *m.*

R

Rálp, Raoul, *m.*
Rōmus, Rémus, *m.*
Reūben, Ruben, *m.*
Rhēa, Rhée, *f.*
Richard, Richard, *m.*
Rōbert, Robert, *m.*
Rōderic(k), Rodrigue, *m.*
Rōdolph, Rodolphe, *m.*
Rōland, Roland, *m.*
Rōmeo, Roméo, *m.*
Rōmulus, Romulus, *m.*
Rōsamond, Rosemonde, *f.*

S

Sabina, Sabine, *f.*
Sāllust, Salluste, *m.*
Sāmsen, Samson, *m.*
Sappho sāffē, Sappho, *f.*
Sārah, Sara, *f.*
Sardanapālus, Sardanapale, *m.*
Sātan, Satan, *m.*
Sāturn, Saturne, *m.*
Sāul, Saül, *m.*
Scipio, Scipion, *m.*
Sēbāstian, Sébastien, *m.*
Sēneca, Sénèque, *m.*
Sēvēr, Sévère, *m.*
Sēxtus, Sixte, *m.* — *the Fyrlh*, Sixte-Quint.
Shēm, Sem, *m.*
Sigismund, Sigismond, *m.*
Silvēster, Silvestre; Sylvestre, *m.*
Símeon, Siméon, *m.*
Símon, Simon, *m.*
Sōcrates, Socrate, *m.*
Sōlomon, Salomon, *m.*
Sophia, Sophie, *f.*
Sōphocles, Sophocle, *m.*
Stānislau, Stanislas, *m.*
Stēphen Skēr'n, Étienne, *m.*
Strābo, Strabon, *m.*
Suetōnius, Suétone, *m.*

Sulpitius, Sulpice, *m.*
Sūsan, or **Sūšānnah**, Susanne, *f.*

T

Tācit, Tacite, *m.*
Tāntalus, Tantale, *m.*
Tārcin, Tarquin, *m.*
Tāssē, le Tasse, *m.*
Terēntius, Terence, *m.*
Terpsichore, Terpsichore, *f.*
Tertūllian, Tertullien, *m.*
Thāles, Thalès, *m.*
Thalia, Thalie, *f.*
Themistocles, Thémistocle, *m.*
Thēobald, Thibaut, *m.*
Theōcrit, Théocrite, *m.*
Theōphil, Théophile, *m.*
Theophrast, Théophraste, *m.*
Therēsa, Thérèse, *f.*
Thersites, Thersite, *m.*
Thēseus, Thésée, *m.*
Thōmas, Thomas, *m.*
Thrasylus, Thrasylule, *m.*
Thucydides, Thucydide, *m.*
Tībērius, Tibère, *m.*
Tībūllus, Tibulle, *m.*
Timothy, Timothée, *m.*
Titian, le Titien, *m.*
Titus, Titus, *m.*
Tobias, Tobie, *m.*
Trājan, Trajan, *m.*
Tūllia, Tullie, *f.*

U

Ūly'sses, Ulysse, *m.*
Ūrā'nia, Uranie, *f.*
Ūrbān, Urbain, *m.*
Ūriah, Urie, *m.*
Ūrsūla, Ursule, *f.*

V

Vălentine, Valentin, *m.*,
Valentine, *f.*
Valéria, Valérie, *f.*
Valériān, Valérien, *m.*
Valérins, Valère, *m.*
Vărro, Varron, *m.*
Vespāsian, Vespasien, *m.*
Victōria, Victoire, Vic-
toria, *f.*
Vincēnt, Vincent, *m.*
Virgil, Virgile, *m.*
Virgīnia, Virginie, *f.*
Vulcan, Vulcain, *m.*

W

Wălter, Gautier, Walter,
m.
Wilhelmina, Wilhel-
mine, *f.*
William, Guillaume, *m.*

X

Xanthippe *z.*, Xan-
thippe, *f.*
Xanthippus *z.*, Xan-
thippe, *m.*

Xénophon *z.*, Xéno-
phon, *m.*
Xērxeş *z.*, Xerxès, *m.*

Z

Zacchēus, Zachée, *m.*
Zachariah, Zacharie, *m.*
Zebadiah, Zébédée, *m.*
Zēno, Zénon, *m.*
Zenōbia, Zénobie, *f.*
Zēphyrus, Zéphire, *m.*
Zoroāster, Zoroastre, *m.*

GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES

A

Abyssinia, Abyssinie, *f.*
Acadia, Acadie, *f.*
Achaia, Achaïe, *f.*
Âcre, Acre, St. Jean d'Acre, *m.*
Adrianople, Andrinople, *f.*
Adriatic, Adriatique, *f.*
Ægean Sea, mer Égée, *f.*
Ægina *z.*, Égipe, *f.*
Æfrica, Afrique, *f.*
Agincourt (= Fr.), Azincourt, *m.*
Alba, Albe, *f.*
Albania, Albanie, *f.*
Albion, Albion, *f.*
Alëppo, Alep, *m.*
Alexandria, Alexandrie, *f.*
Algéria, Algérie, *f.*
Algiers, Alger, *m.*
Alps, Alpes, *f. pl.*
Alva, Albe, *f.*
Amazon, (*riv.*) Amazone, Maragnon, *m.*
América, Amérique, *f.*
Andalusia, Andalousie, *f.*
Andes, Andes, *f. pl.*
Antilles, Antilles, *f. pl.*
Antioch, Antioche, *f.*
Antwerp, Anvers, *m.*
Apennines, Apennins, *m. pl.*
Aquitaine, Aquitaine, *f.*
Arabia, Arabie, *f.*
Arcadia, Arcadie, *f.*
Archangel, Arkhangel, *m.*
Archipelago, Archipel, *m.*

Argolis, Argolide, *f.*
Asia, Asie, *f.*
Assyria, Assyrie, *f.*
Athens, Athènes, *f.*
Atlas, Atlas, *m.*
Attica, Attique, *f.*
Augsburg *ũ* *ugs-*, Augsbourg, *m.*
Australia *as*, Australie, *f.*
Austria *as*, Autriche, *f.*
Azores, Açores, *f. pl.*

B

Babylon, Babylone, *f.*
Baden, Bade, *m.*
Baffin's Bay, baie de Baffin, *f.*
Bagdad, Bagdad, *f.*
Bahama Islands, Iles Bahama, Lucayes, *f. pl.*
Baleares Islands, Iles Baléares, *f. pl.*
Baltic Sea, mer Baltique, *f.*
Barbadoes, Barbade, *f.*
Barbary, Barbarie, *f.* : — *States*, Etats Barbaresques, *m. pl.*
Barcelona, Barcelonette (*Spain*), *f.*
Basel or Bâle, Bâle, *m., f.*
Bavaria, Bavière, *f.*
Belgium, Belgique, *f.*
Bengal, le Bengale, *m.*
Berlin, Berlin, *m.*
Bermudas, Iles Bermudes, *f. pl.*
Börn, Berne, *f.*
Biscay, Biscaye, *f.*
Bohemia, Bohême, *f.*

Bologna *-lön-ya*, Bologne, *f.*
Bombay, Bombay, *m.*
Bosnia, Bosnie, *f.*
Bosphorus, Bosphore, *m.*
Bothnia, Botnie, *f.*
Brabant, Brabant, *m.*
Brazil, Brésil, *m.*
Brëmen, Brème, *f.*
Brindisi, Brindes, Brindisi, *m.*
Britain, Bretagne, *f.*
British Channel, Manche, *f.*
British Isles, Iles Britanniques, *f. pl.*
Brittany, Bretagne (France), *f.*
Brussels, Bruxelles, *f.*
Bucharëst, Boukharest, Bucharest, *m.*
Bulgaria, Bulgarie, *f.*
Burgundy, Bourgogne, *f.*
Bürmah, Empire Birman, *m.*
Byzantium, Byzance, *f.*

C

Cádiz, Cadix, *m.*
Caffraria, Cafrerie, *f.*
Cairo, le Caire, *m.*
Calabria, Calabre, *f.*
Calais, Calais, *m.*
Calcutta, Calcutta, *f.*
Caledonia, Calédonie, *f.*
California, Californie, *f.*
Calvary, Calvaire, *m.*
Campania, Campanie, *f.*
Campëachy, Campêche, *m.*

Cánada, Canada, *m.*
Canary Islands, *Caná-
 rics*, Iles Canaries, *f. pl.*
Cándia, Candie, *f.*
Cánnæ -nê, Cannes (des
 anciens), *f.*
Cappadócia, Cappadoce,
f.
Cápua, Capoue, *f.*
Cáribbees, Antilles, *f. pl.*
**Carpáthian Moun-
 tains**, Monts Karpathes,
 or Krapacks, *m. pl.*
Cárhage, Carthage, *f.*
Cartagēna, Carthagène, *f.*
Cashmóre, Cachemire, *m.*
Cáspian Sêa, mer Cas-
 pienne, *f.*
Castile, Castille, *f.*
Catalónia, Catalogne, *f.*
Cáucasus, Caucase, *m.*
Cēylon, Ceylan, *f.*
Chaldæa, Chaldée, *f.*
Champagne (= *Fr.*),
 Champagne, *f.*
China, Chine, *f.*
Circássia, Circassie, *f.*
Cóchin-China, Cochín-
 chine, *f.*
Cólchis, Colchide, *f.*
Connecticut, Connecti-
 cut, *m.*
Constantinóple, Cons-
 tantinople, *f.*
Cóok's Strait, Détroit de
 Cook, *m.*
Copenhágen, Copenha-
 gue, *f.*
Cordóva, Cordoue, *f.*
Corêa, Corée, *f.*
Córfa, Corfou (*isle*), *f.*,
 (*town*), *m.*
Córinth, Corinthe, *f.*
Córnwall, Cornouailles, *m.*
Córsica, Corse, *f.*
Crácoie, Cracovie, *f.*
Cremona, Crémone, *f.*
Crimêa, Crimée, *f.*
Croátia, Croatie, *f.*

Cúma, Cumæ, Cumes, *f.*
Cýprus, Chypre, *f.*

D

Dácia, Dacie, *f.*
Dalmátia, Dalmatie, *f.*
Damascus, Damas, *m.*
Dánube, Danube, *m.*
Dárdanélles, Dardanel-
 les, *f. pl.*
Dauphiny, Dauphiné, *m.*
Dávis Strait, détroit de
 Davis, *m.*
Décean, Décan, Dekkan,
m.
Délphi, Delphes, *f.*
Dé'nmark, Danemark, *m.*
Döver, Douvres, *m.* : *Strait*
of —, Pas-de-Calais, *m.*
Dreáden, Dresde, *f.*

E

Ébro, Èbre, *m.*
Édinburgh -bùrò, Édim-
 bourg, *m.*
Égypt, Égypte, *f.*
Elba, Ile d'Elbe, *f.*
Elbe, (*riv.*) Elbe, *m.*
Elsinóre, Elseneur, *m.*
England ing-, Angleterre,
f.
Éphesus, Éphèse, *f.*
Épirus, Épire, *f.*
Estremadúra, Estrama-
 dure, *f.*
Éthiopia, Éthiopie, *f.*
Etrúria, Étrurie, *f.*
Èa-rope -up, Europe, *f.*
Èaxine, Pont-Euxin, *m.*

F

Falkland Islands, Iles
 Malouines, Falkland, *f. pl.*
Fårge Islands, Iles Fé-
 roë, *f. pl.*

Finland, Finlande, *f.*
Flánders, Flandre, *f.*
Flúshing, Flessingue, *m.*
Fráncé, France, *f.*
Fránkfort, Francfort, *m.* :
 — *on the Main*, Francfort-
 sur-le-Mein.
Friburg, Fribourg, *m.*
Friéndly Islands, Iles
 des Amis, *f. pl.*
Friesland, Frise, *f.*

G

Gaëta, Gaète, *f.*
Galicía, Galicie (*Austria*);
 Galice (*Spain*), *f.*
Gállia, Gaule, *f.*
Gángēs, Gange, *m.*
Gáscony, Gascogne, *f.*
Gául, Gaule, *f.*
Genéva, Genève, *f.*
Génoa, Gènes, *f.*
Gérman Ocean, mer
 d'Allemagne, mer du Nord,
f.
Gérmany, Allemagne, *f.*
Ghént, Gand, *m.*
Giant's Causeway,
 Chaussée des Géants, *f.*
Gibráltar, Gibraltar, *m.*
Gold Coast, côte d'Or
 (*Guinea*), *f.*
Góthland, Gothie, *f.*
Góttingen, Gottingue, *m.*
Granáda, Grenade, *f.*
Grèce, Grèce, *f.*
Gréenland, Grœnland, *m.*
Guélders, Gueldre, *f.*
Guórnesey, Guernesey, *f.*
Guiána, Guyane, *f.*

H

Hágue, la Haye, *f.*
Halicarnássus, Halicar-
 nasse, *f.*
Hámbug, Hambourg, *m.*

Sumâtra, Sumatra, *f.*
Sûnda Islands, les Iles de la Sonde, *f. pl.*
Supérieur (Lake), le Lac Supérieur, *m.*
Sûrat, Surate, *f.*
Sûsa, Suse, *f.*
Swâbia, see *Suabia*.
Swêden, la Suède, *f.*
Switzerland = *s*, la Suisse, *f.*
Sýracuse, Syracuse, *f.*
Sýria, la Syrie, *f.*

T

Table Bâÿ, la Baie de la Table, *f.*
Table Mount or Mûn-tain, le Mont de la Table, *m.*
Tâgus, le Tage, *m.*
Tahiti, Taïti, Tahiti, *m.*
Tangîer (q), Tanger, *m.*
Tarânto, Tarântum, Tarente, *f.*
Tarragôna, Tarragone, *f.*
Târtarus, le Tartare, *m.*
Târtary, la Tartarie, *f.*
Tasmânia, la Tasmanie, la Diéménie, *f.*
Tâurida, Tâuris, la Tauride, *f.*
Tâurns, le Taurus, *m.*
Têmpe (Vale of), la vallée de Tempé, *f.*
Terra or Tierra del Fuego, la Terre de Feu, *f.*
Texas, le Texas, *m.*
Thâmes tòmz, Tamise, *f.*
Thêbes, Thèbes, *f.*
Thermôpylæ -læ, les Thermopyles, *f. pl.*
Thessalônica, Thessalonique, *f.*
Théssaly, la Thessalie, *f.*
Thibêt, le Thibet, le Tibet, *m.*

Thracæ, la Thrace, *f.*
Thurgau, Thurgôvia, la Thurgovie, *f.*
Thuringia, la Thuringe, *f.*
Tiber, le Tibre, *m.*
Tibêt, le Tibet, le Thibet, *m.*
Ticing c = ch, le Tessin, *m.*
Tigris, le Tigre, *m.*
Timbucto, Tombouctou, *m.*
Tobâgo, Tabago, *m.*
Tolêdo, Tolède, *f.*
Tortôna, Tortone, *f.*
Tortôsa, Tortose, *f.*
Touraine, la Touraine, *f.*
Transcaucasia, la Transcaucasie, *f.*
Transylvânia, la Transylvanie, *f.*
Trasimênus, Trasimène, *m.*
Trêbia, la Trébie, *f.*
Trêbizond, Trébizonde, *f.*
Trênt, Trente, *f.*
Trêves, Trêves, *f.*
Treviso, Trévise, *f.*
Triers, Trêves, *f.*
Triest, Trieste, *m.*
Trinidad, la Trinité, *f.*
Trôas, la Troade, *f.*
Tröy, Troie, *f.*
Turcomânia, la Turcomanie, *f.*
Türkistan, le Turkestan, *m.*
Türkey, la Turquie, *f.* — in *Europe*, la Turquie d'Europe; — in *Asia*, la Turquie d'Asie.
Turkomânia, Turcomanie, *f.*
Türks' Islands, les Iles Turques, *f. pl.*
Tûscany, la Toscane, *f.*
Twêed, la Tweed, *f.*
Týne, la Tyne, *f.*
Týre, Tyr, *f.*
Týrol, le Tyrol, *m.*

U

Ukrâine, l'Ukraine, *f.*
Ûmbria, l'Ombrie, *f.*
United Kingdom, le Royaume-Uni, *m.*
Ûn'îed Stâtes, les États-Unis, *m. pl.*
Ûral, l'Oural, *m.* The — *Mountains*, les Monta Ours, *m. pl.*
Urbino, Urbin, *m.*
Uruguay, l'Uruguay, *m.*
Ûshant, Ouessant, *m.*
Ûtica, Utique, *f.*

V

Valênceia, Valence, *f.*
Valëtta, la Valette, *f.*
Van Diemen's Land, la Terre de Van Diemen, la Diéménie, *f.*
Vendée, as in *Fr.*, la Vendée, *f.*
Venêtia, la Vénétie, *f.*
Vénice, Venise, *f.*
Vercëlli c = ch, Verceil, *m.*
Vêrd (Cape), le Cap Vert, *m.*
Vêrd - Îslands (Cape), les Iles du Cap Vert, *f. pl.*
Vermillion Sêa, la Mer Vermeille, *f.*
Verôna, Vérone, *f.*
Vesûvius, le Vésuve, *m.*
Vicônza, Vicence, *f.*
Viônnâ, Vienne, *f.*
Virgin Islands, les Iles Vierges, *f. pl.*
Virginia, la Virginie, *f.*
Vistula, la Vistule, *f.*
Vitêrbê, Viterbe, *f.*
Vittôria, Vitoria, *f.*
Vôlga, le Volga, *m.*
Volhÿnia, la Volhynie, *f.*
Vôsges, les Vosges, *f. pl.*

W

Wales, le Pays de Galles, (*Prince of* —, prince de Galles). *New South* —, la Nouvelle-Galles du Sud, *f.*

Wallachia *wöl*-, la Valachie, *f.*

Warsaw, Varsovie, *f.*

Waterloo, Waterloo, *m.*

Weser, le Weser, *m.*

Western Islands, *see* les Hébrides, *f. pl.*

Westphalia, la Westphalie, *f.*

Wilna, Vilna, *f.*

Wölga, *see* Volga.

Württemberg *u'* = Fr. *u.*, le Wurtemberg, *m.*

Wurzburg *u'* = Fr. *u.*, Wurzburg, *m.*

X

Xanthus, le Xanthe, *m.*

Xéres *x* = rasped *h*, Xéres, *f.*

Y

Yucatán, le Yucatan, *m.*

Yémen, l'Yémen, *m.*

Z

Zanzibar, le Zanzibar, *m.*

Zéaland, Zéeland, la Zélande, *f.* *New* —, la Nouvelle-Zélande, *f.*

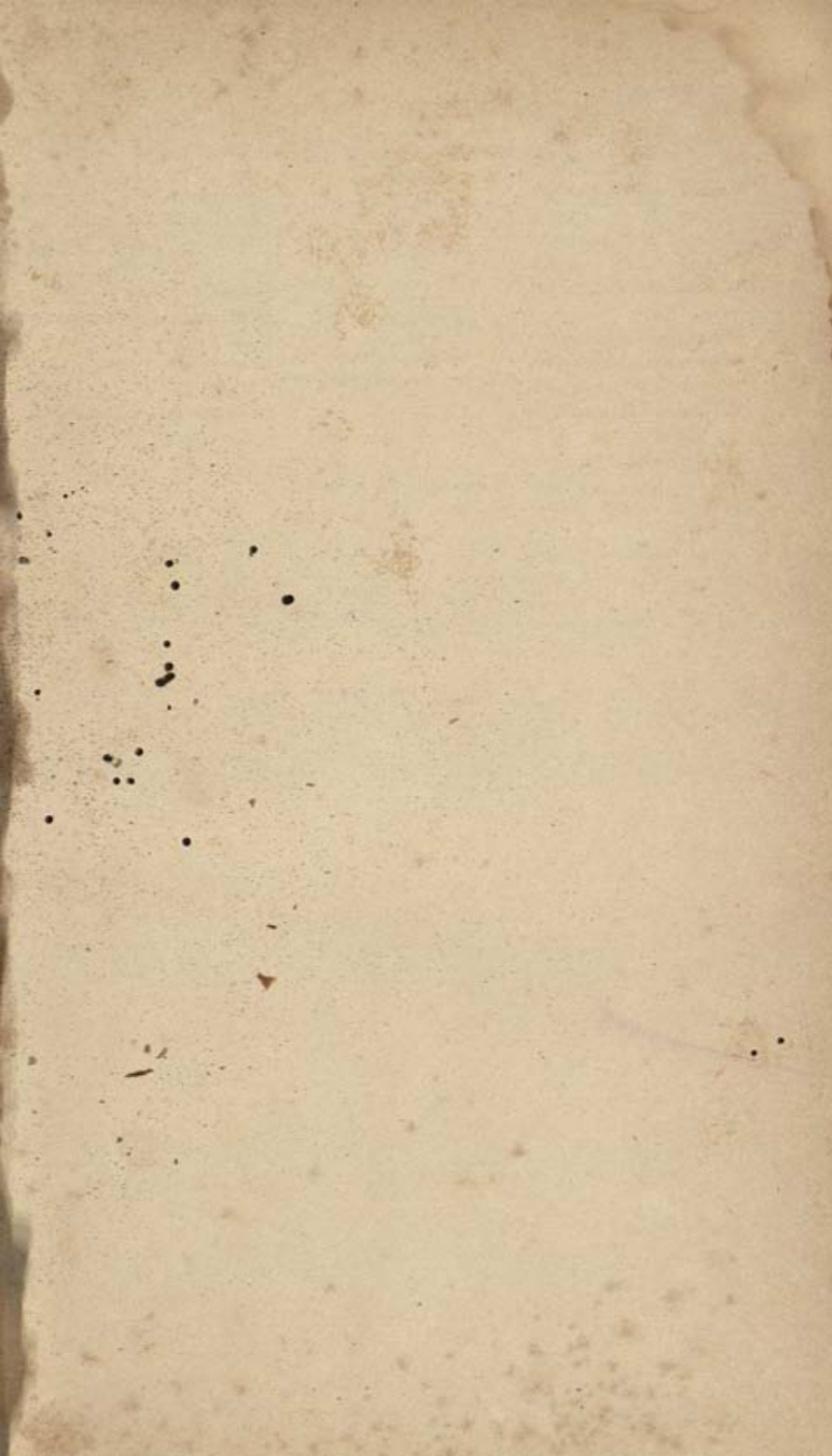
Zion, Sion, *f.*

Zöllverein, le Zollverein, *m.*

Zu'rich *tsü*- (Germ. *ü*), Zurich, *m.*

Zuyder Zée *söy*-, le Zuyderzée, *m.*





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