

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

Janpath, New Delhi -110 001, www.ignca.gov.in

Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR / KDA/ BSR- 153

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION				
1. Name				
Present Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location	: Siddhesvara Temple, Bh : :	nubaneswar, DistKhurda		
LONGITUDE 85° 50' 26" E	LATITUDE 20 ⁰ 14' 33" N	ELEVATION 52 ft		
Address	: Village (village code) Post : Old Town Tehsil: Bhubaneswar State : Orissa	Mukteswar Temple Complex, Old Town Via: Old Town District: Khurda PIN: 751002		
Approach	: The temple, on the north-west corner of the Mukteswar temple complex is located on the right side of Bhubaneswar- Puri road.			
3. Property Type				
Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defense building Industrial building Other public building Residential building	Religious structures Temple Mosque Minar Church Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum	Other Structures wall Gateway Pillar Others (specify)		
Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	structures Public square	Note: The temple has a <i>rekha vimana</i> and <i>pidha jagamohan</i> of <i>Kalingan</i> order.		

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE: In use

Present : Living temple, the presiding deity is a Sivalinga within

a circular yonipitha.

Past : Worshipped.

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD : Ganga rule
YEARS : 12th century A.D.

Precise date of Construction : Early part of 12th century A.D.

Completion : ---

Subsequent changes : Renovated and conserved by Archaeological Survey of

India.

Destruction / Demolition : ---

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple

Public: Archaeological Survey of: Protected Monument of Archaeological Survey of

India / State Archaeology India.

Department / Any Other (Please

specify)

Private : Lingaraja Temple Management Trust.

Any other (Please specify) : --Name : ---

Address : Archaeological Survey of India, Bhubaneswar Circle,

153. VIP Area, Navapali, Bhubaneswar, Orissa

Phone : 0674 2558170

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History : --

In Rituals : Sivaratri, Jalaabhiseka.

In Building Construction : ---Any other (specify) : ---

WITH PERSONS

Patron : Now it is looked after by the Archaeological Survey of

India

Architect / Engineer : ---

Any other (specify) : Lingaraja Temple Management Trust.

8. Statement of Significance

Architectural ✓ Architectural Archaeological :

Historical :

Religious ✓ Religious

Any other (specify) : On architectural ground, the temple can be assigned to the

eary part of the Ganga rule i.e. 12th century A.D.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features				
Context Urban / Rural Setting Surroundings	* Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No Urban Setting			
Surroundings	Stand in Isolation Complex Integral part of a Landscape / Street / Complex :			
 Quantification 				
Area Dimension (L x B x H) :	17.40 mtrs x 10.52 mtrs x 12.00 mtrs (approximately) (m / cm/ feet / inch)			
Number of Blocks : Number of Storys :	One 			
Spatial Organization				
Orientation : Plan :	The temple is facing towards east. It consists of a square <i>vimana</i> and <i>jagamohana</i> that			
Allocation of Spaces :	stands over a platform			
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE • Ornamentation				
Exteriors :	Decorated with architectural motifs like <i>khakhara mundi</i> , <i>pidhamundi</i> , <i>stambha</i> motif in lower <i>jangha</i> & upper <i>jangha</i> respectively, <i>angasikhras</i> super imposed with <i>vajramundi</i> in <i>gandi</i> portion and the only divinities Ganesa and Kartikeya appeared on the temple. Besides <i>gaja-kranta</i> on each side of the <i>raha</i> and <i>beki-bhairavas</i> are seated on top of the <i>raha</i> to support the <i>amalaka</i> and crowning members.			
Interiors :	Plain			
Movable Collections :	Nil			
* Any Other (specify) :	The temple is <i>pancharatha</i> on plan and <i>panchanga</i> bada in elevation, while the jagamohan is triangabada in elevation.			
10. Construction Technology				
Structural System :	Rekha vimana and pidaha jagamohana of Kalingan style of the mature phase.			
Building Techniques : Material of Construction : 11. Condition Assessment	Ashlar dry masonry. Sandstone is used for the construction of the temple and lateriate for the compound wall.			
	Cond			
In General Good / Fair :	Good			
Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance				

	h extra sheet if necessatate of preservation.	ary):
12. Threats to	the Property	
	✓	Natural Negligence Vandalism Urban Pressures
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	<u>SECTI</u>	ON III: REFERENCES
13. Reference	Sources (published and	unpublished textual details)
3. Nilamani S	Senapati (ed.), 1977, <i>Oris</i> patra, 1986, <i>Archaeolog</i> y	pple Art of Orissa, Vol I, Leiden. ssa District Gazetteers, Puri, Cuttack. y in Orissa, Vol. – I, New Delhi.
		(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)
Photo Reference CAPTION 15. Audio / Vic	:	
1017100107711		(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference DESCRIPTION 16. Maps/Plan		
17. Listers		
NAME:	Jaya Shankar Naik	NAME:
18. Reviewers		
NAME: COMMENTS	Prof. S. Pradhan	NAME: COMMENTS: