

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR / KDA/ BSR- 166

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION 1. Name Present Astasambhu Siva Temple No-I, Bhubaneswar, Dist.-Khurda. Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location **LONGITUDE** 85⁰51'18" E 20⁰14'62" N LATITUDE **ELEVATION** 107 ft. **Address** Village (village code) Uttaresvara Temple preicint Post : Old Town Via: Bhubaneswar Tehsil: Bhubaneswar District: Khurda State: Orissa PIN: 751002 Approach It is located on the northern embankment of Bindu Sagara Tank and within the Uttaresvara temple precinct. It is about 200 mtrs north-west of Anantabasudev temple. The temple is surrounded by Godavari tank in the east, Uttaresvara temple compound wall in west, Astasambhu Siva Temple No-II in north and Bindusagar tank in the south beyond the compound wall. 3. Property Type Buildinas Religious structures Other Structures Palace Temple Wall Mosque Fort Gateway Citadel Minar Pillar Govt. building Church Others (specify) Railway station Monastery Defense building Stupa Industrial building Tomb, Mausoleum Other public buildings Residential building Note: Engineering structure Open space and related structures Uttaresvara Siva temple precinct there are eight temples of Bridge Public square identical size and dimension Tunnel Park or garden locally known as Astasambhu. Other engineering structure Graveyard Five of them are arranged in one Baolis, Well alignment are also known as Tank

Cave

Panchu Pandava. This temple also one among them and have a rekha vimana. It is pancharatha on plan and trianga bada in elevation and on the basis of its architectural features, the temple can be dated to the 10th century A.D.

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE: Abandoned

Present : It is a non-living temple but the Saivite dvarapala

figures and the parsvadevatas indicate that it was a

Siva temple.

Past : Worshipped

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD : Somavamsi rule YEARS : 10th century A.D.

Precise date of Construction: Third quarter of the 10th century A.D.

Completion : --

Subsequent changes : The temple was repaired by Orissa State Archaeology

under X and XI Finance Commission Award.

Destruction / Demolition : ---

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE / MULTIPLE : Single

Public: Archaeological Survey of: India / State Archaeology
Department / Any Other (Please

specify)

Private

Any other (Please specify) : Ratnakara Gargabatu, the chief priest of the temple is

looking after the monument.

Name

Address : Godipokhari Sahi,

Old Town, Bhubaneswar, Pin-751002

Phone :

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History : In Rituals : --In Building Construction : --Any other (specify) : ---

WITH PERSONS

Patron : Originally the Somavamsis but now Ratnakara Garga

batu and his family.

Architect / Engineer : ---

Any other (specify)
8. Statement of Significance

☐ Architectural ✓ Architectural

Archaeological Historical

Religious ✓ Religious

Any other (specify) : On the basis of its architectural scheme and

Parsvadevata sculptures, it can be dated to the 10th

century A.D.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

• Context * Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary): No

Urban / Rural Setting

Surroundings

Stand in Isolation Complex

Integral part of a Landscape

/ Street / Complex :

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 3.00 mtrs X 2.45mtrs X 5.72mtrs

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Urban setting

Number of Blocks : One block

Number of Storys : ---

Spatial Organization

Orientation : Facing towards east

Plan : The *vimana* is square on plan with a frontal porch of 0.53

mtrs in length.

Allocation of Spaces : 3.00 mtrs(L) X 2.45mtrs(W)

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : Devoid of decorations except the *parsvadevatas* niches

which are decorated with talagarbhika and

urdhagarbhika of khakhara order.

Interiors : plain

Movable Collections : A Four armed image of Ganesa, two *udyotasimha*.

* Any Other (specify) : The temple is pancharatha on plan and triangabada in

elevation

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : It has a single rekha vimana with a shallow porch in

front.

Building Techniques : Ashlar dry masonry

Material of Construction : Coarse grey Sandstone

11. Condition Assessment

In General	Good / Fair : Fair
	✓ Sign of Deterioration :
	Serious Deterioration
	Danger of Disappearance
In Brief (Attacl	h extra sheet if necessary):
	water into the <i>sanctum</i> from the cracks in the roof threats the property. There is he <i>pabhaga</i> portion of the frontal wall.
12. Threats to	the Property
	 ✓ Natural Negligence ✓ Vandalism ✓ Urban Pressures
	SECTION III: REFERENCES
13 Peference	Sources (published and unpublished textual details)
13. Reference	Sources (published and unpublished textual details)
14. Photograp	he: 07 nos
14. i notograp	(Attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)
Photo Reference	
CAPTION	
15. Audio / Vid	
	(Related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference	:
DESCRIPTION	
16. Maps/Plans	s/Drawings
17. Listers	
18. Reviewers	Ashis Ranjan Sahoo NAME :
	Dr. S. Pradhan NAME :
COMMENTS	COMMENTS: