

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR / KDA/ BSR- 167

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION		
1. Name		
Present	: Astasambhu Siva Temple No-II, Bhubaneswar, DistKhurda	
Past Other Name (if any):	: :	
2. Location		
LONGITUDE 85 ⁰ 51'18" E	LATITUDE 20 ⁰ 14'62" N ELEVATION 107 ft.	
Address	: Village (village code) Post : Old Town Tehsil: Bhubaneswar State : Orissa Uttaresvara Temple preicint Via: Bhubaneswar District: Khurda PIN: 751002	
Approach 3. Property Type	: It is located on the northern embankment of Bindu Sagara Tank, and within the Uttaresvara temple precinct. It is about 200 mtrs north-west of Anantabasudev temple. The temple is surrounded by the Godavari kunda in east, compound wall in west Astasambhu temple No.III in the north and Astasambhu temple No.I in south.	
Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defense building Industrial building Other public building Residential building	Religious structures Other Structures ✓ Temple Wall Mosque Gateway Minar Pillar Church Others (specify) Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum	
Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Open space and related structuresNote: In Uttaresvara Siva temple precinct, there are eight temples of identical size and dimension locally known as Astasambhu.Baolis, WellFive of them are arranged in one alignment, are also known as	

Cave

Panchu Pandava. This temple also one among them and have a rekha vimana fronted by a shallow porch. It is pancharatha on plan and triangabada in elevation and on the basis of its architectural features, the temple can be dated to the 10th century A.D.

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE: Abandoned

Present : It is a non-living temple but the Saivite dvarapala

figures and the parsvadevatas indicate that it was a

Siva temple.

Past : Worshipped

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD : Somavamsi rule **YEARS** : 10th century A.D.

Precise date of Construction: Third quarter of the 10th century A.D.

Completion :

Subsequent changes : The temple was repaired by Orissa State Archaeology

under X and XI Finance Commission Award.

Destruction / Demolition : ---

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE / MULTIPLE : Single

Public: Archaeological Survey of: India / State Archaeology Department / Any Other (Please

specify)

Private : Ratnakara Gargabatu

Any other (Please specify)

Name

Address : Godipokhari Sahi,

Old Town, Bhubaneswar, Pin-751002

Phone :

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History : In Rituals : --- In Building Construction : --- Any other (specify) : ---

WITH PERSONS

Patron : Originally the Somavamsis, but now Ratnakara Garga

batu and his family are looked after the temple.

Architect / Engineer : ---

Any other (specify) :

8. Statement of Significance

Architectural
Archaeological

Architectural

Historical

✓ Historical

Religious

Any other (specify) : On the basis of its architectural features and

parsvadevata sculptures, it can be dated to the 10th

century A.D.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

Context
 * Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary): No
 Urban / Rural Setting
 : Urban setting

Surroundings

Stand in Isolation Complex

Integral part of a Landscape

/ Street / Complex :

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 3.10 mtrs X 2.80mtrs X 6.35mtrs

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Number of Blocks : One block

Number of Storys : ---

Spatial Organization

Orientation : Facing towards east

Plan : The *vimana* is square on plan with a frontal porch of 0.

30 mtrs.

Allocation of Spaces :

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : The exterior wall of the temple is plain except the front

wall. Above the doorjamb, there is a *sukanasa*, at the center of which is a *khakharamundi* flanked by two miniature *rekha deulas*. Above this there is a stylized *chaitya* surmounted by an *udyotasimha*. The doorjambs

are decorated with three plain vertical bands.

Interiors : plain

Movable Collections : Image of Parvati, Kartikeya etc.

* Any Other (specify) : The temple is pancharatha on plan and triangabada in

elevation

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : It has a single rekha vimana with a shallow porch in

front.

Building Techniques : Ashlar dry masonry

Material of Construction : Coarse grey Sandstone

11. Condition Assess	ment
In General	Good / Fair : Fair
In Brief (Attach extra	Sign of Deterioration : Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance sheet if necessary):
Rain water is percolatir	ng into the sanctum from the cracks in the roof.
12. Threats to the Pro	perty
	✓ Natural Negligence ✓ Vandalism ✓ Urban Pressures
	SECTION III: REFERENCES
13. Reference Source	s (published and unpublished textual details)
14. Photographs: 04 r	
	(Attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)
Photo Reference CAPTION 15. Audio / Video	: :
	(Related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference DESCRIPTION	: :
16. Maps/Plans/Drawi	ngs
17. Listers	
	anjan Sahoo NAME : 18. Reviewers
NAME: Dr. S. F COMMENTS	Pradhan NAME : COMMENTS :