

INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS

Janpath, New Delhi -110 001, www.ignca.gov.in Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR/CTC- 33

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION 1. Name						
Present Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location	: Baddhi/Bodhi, Chaudwar, Dist- Cuttack.:: Parabhadi, Viratagadi.					
LONGITUDE 85 ⁰ 55' 02" E	LATITUDE 20 ⁰ 32' 15" N ELEVATION 140 ft					
Address	: Village (village code) Chaudwar Fort Post : Chaudwar Tehsil:Tangi District: Cuttack State : Orissa PIN: -754025					
Approach	: It is on the right side of N.H 42, and at a distance of 1.5 kms between OTM chowk and Choudwar jail.					
3. Property Type						
Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Government building Railway station Defence building Industrial building Other public buildings	Religious structures ✓ Temple Mosque Minar Church Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum Other Structures Wall Gateway Pillar Others (specify)					
Residential building Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Open space and related structures Public square Park or garden Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank Cave Open space and related structures Public square Park or garden Structural evidence after the recent excavation conducted by A.S.I Bhubaneswar Circle. The first phase has a laterite temple having pabhaga of four mouldings and four entrances. The second phase has a raised pillared hall with eight pillars; two on each side of laterite are still in situ over the earlier one.					

4. Property Use ABANDONED / IN USE: Abandoned Present Non-living temple. Past Worshipped as the crown seat of Virata raja of Mahabharata age. 5. Age (Source) PERIOD Somavamsi rule. Later part of the 10th century A.D. (Early Phase) and YEARS 12th /13th century AD. (Second phase) Precise date of Construction Completion Subsequent changes Excavated and conserved by Archaeological Survey of India. **Destruction / Demolition** By the Britishers for quarrying stone and treasure hunting 6. Ownership / Level of Protection SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple **Public**: Archaeological Survey of : Protected Monument under Archaeological Survey of State Archaeology India. / Department / Any Other (Please specify) Private ---Any other (Please specify) Archaeological Survey of India, Bhubaneswar Circle, Name 153, V.I.P.Area, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswr, Orissa. **Address** 0674-2558170. Phone 7. Association WITH EVENTS In History In Rituals In Building Construction Any other (specify) WITH PERSONS **Patron** Originally the Somavamsis followed by the Gangas, now under custody of the Archaeological Survey of India, Bhubaneswar Circle, Architect / Engineer Any other (specify) ---8. Statement of Significance Architectural Architectural ✓ Archaeological Archaeological Historical

Religious

Any other (specify)

Religious

The structure of early phase was buried deliberately by loose soil and laterite pieces as evident from the excavation and the second phase structure was built in a massive scale over the earlier one.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features							
 Context Urban / Rural Setting Surroundings 	* Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary): No Urban setting						
Carroundings	Stand in Isolation Stand in isolation Integral part of a Landscape / Street / Complex :						
• Quantification Area Dimension (L x B x H)	: Early phase temple - 6.90 mtrs x 6.90 mtrs x 1.65 mtrs (existing height), Second phase temple- 33.20 mtrs x 33.20 mtrs x 6.00 mtrs (m / cm/ feet / inch)						
Number of Blocks Number of Storys	: N.A.						
 Spatial Organization Orientation Plan Allocation of Spaces 	 The temple is facing towards east. The structures of both the phases are square on plan 33.20 mtrs x 33.20 mtrs in length and breadth respectively. 						
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE • Ornamentation Exteriors Interiors Movable Collections * Any Other (specify)	 Plain Plain architectural members made of Khandolite stone including a Chandrasila and an image of Ganesa The average heights of the pillars are in between 4.55 mtrs to 5.55 mtrs. 						
10. Construction Technology							
Structural System	: The first phase structure is no doubt built of <i>Kalingan</i> order <i>rekha</i> temple but the second phase is not certain. Some identified it with a royal palace, other with stupa or a pillared hall.						
Building Techniques Material of Construction 11. Condition Assessment	: Ashlar dry masonry : Laterite.						
In General	Good / Fair : Good Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance						

In Brief	(Attach	extra	sheet i	if nece	ssary):							
The stru	uctures a	ire in a	good s	state of	preserv	ation.						
12. Thr	eats to t	he Pro	perty									
				,	Vano	ral igence dalism in Press	sures					
X	x	X	X	x	X	х	х	х	х	х	x	x
				SEC	TION I	II: REF	EREN	CES				
13. Ref	erence S	Source	s (publ	lished a	and unpu	ublished	textua	l detail	s)			
2. K.0 3. N.0	P.Mohap C.Panigra C.Beuria	ahi, 19 , (ed)1	86, His 977,Ori	tory of	Orissa, (Cuttack	-					
14. Pho	tograph	ıs: 21	nos		/Λ#ο	sh liot o	o in noc	no G in	0000 of	multiple	nhoto	aranha
Photo F	Reference ON	е		:	(Allal	JI IISL a	s III pag	je 0, iii	case of	пишрк	e prioto	grapris
15. Auc	dio / Vide	90										
						(re	elated to	o rituals	s / perfo	rmance	/ festiva	als etc.
Referer DESCR	nce RIPTION			:								
16. Map	os/Plans	/Draw	ings									

NAME :	Ashis Ranjan Sahoo	NAME :	
18.Reviewers	3		

NAME:

COMMENTS:

17. Listers

NAME:

COMMENTS

Dr. S. Pradhan