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Serial No.: OR/CTC-21

	SECTION I : IDENTIFICATION
1. Name	
Present Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location	 Gramesvara Temple, Berhampur, Dist Cuttack
LONGITUDE 85° 45 [°] 49 [°] E	LATITUDE 20° 29 28 N ELEVATION 80 feet
Address	: Village (village code) Berhampur Post : Kakhadi Via: Chasapada Tehsil: Athgarh District: Cuttack State : Orissa PIN: 754002
Approach 3. Property Type	: The temple is located on the left bank of the river Mahanadi in the village Berhampur and situated on the right side of the Athgarh-Chaudwar road.
Buildings	Religious structures Other Structures
Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defence building Industrial building Other public buildings Residential building	Image: Construction of the current
Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Open space and related structuresNote:Public squareThe temple has a rekha vimana, pidha jagamohana and a flat-roofed Nandi mandapa of later construction.GraveyardBaolis, WellTankCave

	ABANDONED / IN USE : In use
Present	: It is a living temple and the presiding deity is a circu
FIGSEIIL	<i>yonipitha</i> without <i>lingam</i> made of chlorite.
Past	: Worshipped.
5. Age (Source)	
PERIOD	: Original temple was built during the Ganga rule
YEARS	: 13 th century A.D.
Precise date of Construction	:
Completion	:
Subsequent changes	: The vimana & the upper part of the jagamohana a
Destaurations / Dessa littless	repaired & renovated in later period.
Destruction / Demolition	
6. Ownership / Level of Protectio	n
	SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple
Public : Archaeological Survey of	: Endowment Department, Government of Orissa.
India / State Archaeology	
Department / Any Other (Please	
specify)	
Private	:
Any other (Please specify)	: Gramesvara Temple Committee under the leaders
	of Ratna Dalei and Brahma Panda.
Name	:
Address	:
Phone	:
7. Association	
WITH EVENTS	
In History	: Sivaratri, Kartika Purnima, Sitalasasthi etc. a
•	observed here.
In Rituals	:
In Building Construction	:
Any other (specify)	: Marriage, thread ceremony etc. are held here.
WITH PERSONS	-
Patron	: Gramesvara Temple Committee.
Architect / Engineer	:
• • • • •	: Endowment Department, Government of Orissa.
Any other (specify)	
8. Statement of Significance	: 🔨 Architectural
8. Statement of Significance	
8. Statement of Significance Architectural Archaeological	: ✓ Archaeological
8. Statement of Significance Architectural Archaeological Historical	 ∴ ✓ Archaeological : ✓ Historical
8. Statement of Significance Architectural Archaeological	 Archaeological Historical

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

 Context Urban / Rural Setting Surroundings 	:	* Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No Rural setting
Sunounungs		Stand in IsolationIntegral part of a LandscapeComplex/ Street / Complex :
Quantification		
Area Dimension (L x B x H)	:	17.60 mtrs x 7.30 mtrs x 10.00 mtrs
Number of Blocks	:	(m / cm/ feet / inch Three(<i>vimana</i> , <i>jagamohana</i> and a recently built nand <i>mandapa</i>
Number of Storys	:	'
Spatial Organization		
Orientation	:	Facing towards east.
Plan	:	Both the vimana & jagamohana are square on plar
-		whereas the nandi <i>mandapa</i> is rectangular on plan.
Allocation of Spaces	:	20.00mtrs x 8.75 mtrs in length and width respectively.
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE Ornamentation		
Exteriors Interiors Movable Collections * Any Other (specify)	:	Except the <i>parsvadevatas</i> , the <i>vimana</i> is devoid or decoration as it is plastered with lime. The <i>talajangha</i> of the <i>jagamohana</i> is relieved with <i>khakharamundis</i> represented with <i>dikpalas</i> , <i>jagrata</i> motifs, <i>vidalas</i> siksadana motifs and scroll works. The <i>uparajangha</i> is relived with traces of <i>pidhamundis</i> . The balustered windows have three balustrade and each represent with <i>nayikas</i> in different pose. The architrave above the window is relieved with elephant panel centered by Gajalaxmi. Plain
		and panchangabada in elevation.
10. Construction Technology		
Structural System Building Techniques Material of Construction	:	<i>Rekha vimana</i> & <i>pidha jagamohana</i> of <i>Kalingan</i> order. Ashlar dry masonry. Sandstone is used for the construction of the temple and the entire surface is plastered with lime except up to the <i>talajangha</i> portion of the <i>jagamohana</i> .

11. Condition Assessment

In General Good / Fair : Fair

Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration

Danger of Disappearance

In Brief (Attach extra sheet if necessary):

The temple is on the river bed of Mahanadi, so flood water directly enters into the temple, occasinally.

12. Threats to the Property

\checkmark	Natural
	Negligence
	Vandalism
	Urban Pressures

SECTION III: REFERENCES

13. Reference Sources (published and unpublished textual details)

1. ----

14. Photographs: 47 nos

			(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)		
Photo Refere CAPTION	nce	:			
15. Audio / Vi	deo				
			(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)		
Reference DESCRIPTIO	N	:			
16. Maps/Plans/Drawings					
17. Listers					
NAME :	A. R. Sahoo		NAME :		
18. Reviewers					
NAME : COMMENTS	Dr. S. Pradhan		NAME : COMMENTS :		