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Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

	Serial No.: OR / KDA/ BSR- 25
1. Name	SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION
Present Past	 Siva Temple - A, Brahmesvara Temple Complex, Bhubaneswar, Dist Khurda
Other Name (if any):	:
2. Location	
LONGITUDE 85 ⁰ 51' 06" E	LATITUDE 20 ⁰ 14' 23" N ELEVATION 60 ft
Address	 Village (village code) Post: BJB Nagar Tehsil: Bhubaneswar State: Orissa Brahmesvara Patna Via: Bhubaneswar District: Khurda PIN: 751018
Approach	: The temple, on the north-west corner of the Brahmesvara temple is situated on the right side of the Tankapani road leading from Ravi talkies to Tankapani.
3. Property Type	
Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defense building Industrial building Other public buildings Residential building	Religious structures Temple Mosque Minar Church Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum Other Structures Wall Gateway Pillar Others (specify)
Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Open space and related structures Public square Park or garden Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank Cave Note: The temple has a rekha vimana of Kalingan order and it is modeled after the main shrine of Brahmesvar.

4. Property Use ABANDONED / IN USE: In use Present Living temple, the presiding deity is a Sivlinga within a circular yonipitha. Past Worshipped 5. Age (Source) PERIOD Somavamsi rule 11th century A.D. YEARS Precise date of Construction 1058 A.D. Completion Subsequent changes Renovated and conserved by Archaeological Survey of India. **Destruction / Demolition** 6. Ownership / Level of Protection SINGLE /MULTIPLE: Single **Public**: Archaeological Survey of : Protected Monument of Archaeological Survey of India State Archaeology / Department / Any Other (Please specify) Private Lord Lingaraja Temple Management Trust. Any other (Please specify) ---Name Address Archaeological Survey of India, Bhubaneswar Circle, 153, VIP Area, Nayapalli, Bhubaneswar, Pin – 751015, Orissa **Phone** 0674-2558170 7. Association **WITH EVENTS** Connected with the history of the Somavamsi. In History Sivaratri, Kartika Purnima, etc are observed here. In Rituals The temple is built in the 18th regnal year of the In Building Construction Somavamsi king Udyotakesari by his mother Kolavati Devi, which corresponds to 1058 A.D. Any other (specify) Thread ceremony, engagements etc held here. WITH PERSONS **Patron** Somavamsis. presently the Originally the Archaeological Survey of India, Bhubaneswar circle. Architect / Engineer Any other (specify) Lingraja Temple Management Trust. 8. Statement of Significance Architectural Architectural Archaeological Historical Historical Religious

Any other (specify)

On the basis of architectural features and sculptural embellishments, as well as the inscription once fixed to the wall of the *jagamohana* of the main shrine, the temple can be dated to the third quarter of 11th century A.D. i.e. the Somayamsi rule in Orissa.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

• Context * Drawings(Attach extra sheet if necessary): No Urban / Rural Setting : Urban setting

Surroundings

Stand in Isolation Complex

Integral part of a Landscape

/ Street / Complex :

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 4.25 mtrs x 3.90 mtrs x 9.40 mtrs

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Number of Blocks : One Number of Storys : ---

Spatial Organization

Orientation : Facing towards east.
Plan : A square *vimana* only.

Allocation of Spaces : 34.53 mtrs (L) x 23.85 mtrs (W)

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : Decorated with architectural motifs like- khakharamundis

and pidhamundis in the lower and upper jangha respectively, miniature chaitya motif at khura and at the base of the gandi in the kanika and anurtha, vajramastaka surmounted by kirtimukha on each raha and a projecting lion above it, vajramundi niches above a gaja-kranta motif at the base of the doorjambs, pidhamundi flanked by miniature rekhamundis on either side on the frontal raha; decorative motifs such as scroll work, beaded border, padmaprusta design; gaja-vidala, jagrata motif, divinities and semi-divinities such as - Brahma, Ardhanarisvara, Parvati, Chamunda, Ganesa, Vinadhara Siva, dikpalas, apsmarapurusa, etc; secular images like - nayikas in different mood in different pose, warrior, sikhyadana motif, male devotee in namaskaramudra, human figures and erotic sculptures like- erotic in pair, rajapana scenes,

amorous couple etc.

Interiors : Plain Movable Collections : Nil

* Any Other (specify) : The temple is pancharatha on plan and panchangabada

in elevation.

10. Construction Technology

Structural System Building Techniques Material of Construction	: Rekha vimana of Kalingan order.: Ashlar dry masonry and use of iron dowels.: Sandstone is used for the construction of the temple.
11. Condition Assessment	
In General	Good / Fair : Fair
	✓ Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance
In Brief (Attach extra sheet if	necessary):
Due to weathering effect many the temple.	images have been eroded which looses the artistic beauty of
12. Threats to the Property	
	✓ NaturalNegligenceVandalism✓ Urban Pressures
	SECTION III: REFERENCES
13. Reference Sources (publis	shed and unpublished textual details)
3. R. P. Mohapatra, 1986, Arc	aneswar, New Delhi. Indu Temple Art of Orissa, Vol I, Leiden. Industrian Crissa, Vol I, New Delhi. 1977, Orissa District Gazetteers, Puri, Cuttack.
14. Photographs: 17 nos	
Photo Reference CAPTION 15. Audio / Video	(Attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs) : :
10. Addio / Video	(Related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference DESCRIPTION 16. Maps/Plans/Drawings	: :
17. Listers	
NAME: Jaya Shankar N	aik NAME :
18.Reviewers	
NAME : Dr. S. Pradhan COMMENTS	NAME : COMMENTS :