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Serial No.: OR / KDA / 22

SECTION I: IDENTIFICATION 1. Name		
Present Past Other Name (if any): 2. Location	: Jagannath Temple, Pa : : Dadhivamana Temple	nchagaon, Dist Khurda
LONGITUDE 85°47'59" E Address Approach	situated on the left sid leading from Bhubane	ELEVATION 60 ft Panchagaon Via: Jatani District: Khurda PIN: 752050 ght bank of the river Gangua is e of the Lingaraja Temple Road swar to Jatani, branching at a Padhan sahi chowk. It is about
3. Property Type Buildings Palace Fort Citadel Govt. building Railway station Defence building		Other Structures Wall Gateway Pillar Others (specify):
Industrial building Other public buildings Residential building Engineering structure Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Open space and related structures Public square Park or garden Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank Cave	Note: The vimana and jagamohana are pidha style of impoverished Kalingan order.

4. Property Use ABANDONED / IN USE: In use Present Living temple, the presiding deities are wooden (*neem*) images of Jagannath in the right chamber, brass idols Madanamohana, Radha-Krisna and Narayana on the left chamber of the *vimana*. **Past** Worshipped. 5. Age (Source) **PERIOD** Bhoi rule of Khurda 18th century A.D. YEARS 18th century A.D. **Precise date of Construction** Completion Subsequent changes Orissa State Archaeology renovated this temple in 2004-05, even though it was not a protected monument. **Destruction / Demolition** 6. Ownership / Level of Protection SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Single **Public**: Archaeological Survey of : State Archaeology Department / Any Other (Please specify) **Private** Any other (Please specify) Under the ownership of Sudhansu Mohan Pattnaik Name Address At/PO. - Panchagaon, Dist. - Khurda, PIN - 752050, Orissa Phone ---7. Association WITH EVENTS In History In Rituals Dola Purnima, Netrautstava, Ekadashi, Nabarna etc are observed here. In Building Construction Any other (specify) • WITH PERSONS **Patron** Presently under the ownership of Sudhansu Mohan Pattnaik. **Architect / Engineer** Any other (specify) 8. Statement of Significance

Architectural	✓ Architectural
Archaeological	:
Historical	:
Religious	✓ Religious
Any other (specify)	: On architectural ground and local informations, the temple can be assigned to the 18 th century A.D.

SECTION II: DESCRIPTION

9. Physical Description and Decorative Features

Context * Drawings (Attac

Urban / Rural Setting

Surroundings

* Drawings (Attach extra sheet if necessary) : No

Rural setting

Stand in Isolation

Integral part of a Landscape

Street

/ Street / Complex :

Quantification

Area Dimension (L x B x H) : 19.55 mtrs x 12.15 mtrs x 9.00 mtrs (approximate

height)

(m / cm/ feet / inch)

Number of Blocks : Seven Number of Storys : N.A.

Spatial Organization

Orientation : The temple is facing towards east.

Plan : It consists of a rectangular double - chambers *vimana*,

a jagamohana joined by an antarala like verandah and a rectangular cement platform which stands on a moulded pista of 1.25 mtrs high. Besides, there are two detached dolamandapa and baja-mandapa in the north-east and south-east corner of the temple

respectively.

Allocation of Spaces : 40.00 mtrs x 19.00 mtrs in length and breadth

respectively.

ARCHITECTURAL STYLE

Ornamentation

Exteriors : The temple is decorated with pilaster designs which

enshrine river goddess Ganga, Yamuna, dvarapalas, nayikas, mithuna & maithuna, rajapana scenes, lions, etc. The parsvadevatas niches surmounted by khakharamundis on the western and northern sides

and pidhamundi design on the southern side.

Interiors : The rear wall of the jagamohana is relieved with

Anantasayi Visnu and the Kanchi expedition of lord Jagannath & Balarama riding on the horse on the northern & southern side of the wall respectively. The two entrances flanked by *dvarapalas* at the base, *purna kumbha* and lotus on the top of the southern and

northern entrance respectively.

Movable Collections : Nil

* Any Other (specify) : The temple is rectangular on plan and *triangabada* in

elevation. There is a kitchen (Rosasala) of pidha order

in the south-western side of the temple.

10. Construction Technology

Structural System : Both the *vimana* and *jagamohana* are *pidha* style of

impoverished Kalingan order.

Building Techniques : Ashlar dry masonry

Material of Construction	: Laterite is used both for the structure and foundation, lime plaster and white wash is applied over the temple. The <i>Dolamandapa</i> is made of Khandolite while the bajamandapa is of Laterite. The images such as gaja-
	vidala, nayikas, mithuna, etc attached on the exterior wall of the Dolamandapa are made of Khandolite.
11. Condition Assessment	,
In General Good / Fair ✓ Sign of Deterioration Serious Deterioration Danger of Disappearance In Brief (Attach extra sheet if nec	: Fair essary):
Growth of vegetation in and arou premise during rainly season are fo	and the temple, bird excreta and water stagnation in the und.
12. Threats to the Property	<u> </u>
	Natural
	✓ Negligence Vandalism
	Urban Pressures
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SE	CTION III: REFERENCES
13. Reference Sources (published	and unpublished textual details)
1. R. P. Mohapatra, 1986, Archae	eology in Orissa, Vol I, New Delhi.
44. Photographs, 00	
14. Photographs: 08	(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)
Photo Poforonce	
Photo Reference CAPTION	•
15. Audio / Video	
	(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference DESCRIPTION 16. Maps/Plans/Drawings	: :
17. Listers	
NAME: Jaya Shankar Naik 18. Reviewers	NAME:
NAME: Dr. S. Pradhan	NAME: