

## INDIRA GANDHI NATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE ARTS Janpath, New Delhi -110 001, www.ignca.gov.in Documentation format for Archaeological / Heritage Sites / Monuments

Serial No.: OR/SBP- 11

SECTION I : IDENTIFICATION  1. Name		
Present Past Other Name (if any):	: Somanath Temple, Sam : : Samia Gudi.	nbalpur Town, Dist Sambalpur
<b>LONGITUDE</b> 83° 57′ 54″ E	<b>LATITUDE</b> 21 <sup>0</sup> 28 <sup>'</sup> 07 <sup>"</sup> N	ELEVATION 480 feet
Address	: Village (village code) Post : Jharuapara Tehsil Sambalpur Town State : Orissa	Balibandha Via: Sambalpur Town District: Sambalpur PIN: 768001
Approach	situated on the left si	bank of the river Mahanadi is de of the road leading from vsari temple. It is about 2 kms y Station.
3. Property Type		
Palace Fort Citadel Government building Railway station Defence building Industrial building Other public building Residential building	Religious structures  Temple Mosque Minar Church Monastery Stupa Tomb, Mausoleum	Other Structures  Wall Gateway Pillar Others(specify):
Bridge Tunnel Other engineering structure	Park or garden Graveyard Baolis, Well Tank	Note: The temple has a rekha vimana, jagamohana and a cillared mandapa. A detach cillar is found in front of the temple.

4. Property Use

ABANDONED / IN USE : In use

Present It is living temple, enshrining a Sivalinga within a

circular yonipitha.

Worshipped Past

5. Age (Source)

PERIOD Chauhan rule of Sambalpur state.

YEARS 17<sup>th</sup> century A.D.

Precise date of Construction Built by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Chauhan ruler Balabhadra Deva (1605

to 1630 A.D.)

Completion

Subsequent changes Entire temple was plastered and white washed at a

later stage.

**Destruction / Demolition** 

6. Ownership / Level of Protection

SINGLE /MULTIPLE : Multiple

Endowment Department, Government of Orissa.

**Public**: Archaeological Survey of : State Archaeology /

Department / Any Other (Please

specify)

Private

Any other (Please specify) Somanath Baba Trust Board under the presidentship

of Dhiresvar Sarangi.

Name

**Address** AT-Balibandha, P.O.-Jharuapara,, Dist.-Sambalpur,

Pin -768001.Orissa.

**Phone** 

7. Association

WITH EVENTS

In History Related with the history of Raja Balabhadradeva

(1605-1630 A.D.), the third Chauhan ruler of

Sambalpur state.

In Rituals Sivaratri, Kartika Purnima, Sitalasasthi, etc. are

observed here.

In Building Construction

Any other (specify) Marriage, thread ceremony, etc.

WITH PERSONS

Patron Originally by the Chauhan rulers of Sambalpur, but

presently by the Endowment Department, Government

of Orissa.

Architect / Engineer

Somanath Baba Trust Board Any other (specify)

8. Statement of Significance

✓ Architectural Architectural Archaeological

Historical Religious	✓ Historical		
Any other (specify)	On architectural features and literary evidence, the temple can be dated to the first quarter of the 17 <sup>th</sup> century A.D. i.e. the rule of Chauhans in Sambalpur state.		
SECTION II: DESCRIPTION			
9. Physical Description and Dec			
<ul><li>Context</li><li>Urban / Rural Setting</li></ul>	* <b>Drawings (</b> Attach extra sheet if necessary): No : Urban Setting		
Surroundings	Stand in Isolation Integral part of a Street Landscape / Street / Complex:		
Quantification			
Area Dimension ( L x H)	: 16.20 mtrs X 5.20 mtrs X10.00 mtrs (approximate height) (m / cm/ feet / inch)		
Number of Blocks	: Three, consists of a <i>vimana</i> , <i>jagamohana</i> and a pillared <i>mandapa</i> .		
Number of Storys	: N.A.		
Spatial Organization			
Orientation Plan	<ul> <li>The temple is facing towards east.</li> <li>The <i>vimana</i> and <i>jagamohana</i> are square on plan that stands over a platform of 0.80 mtrs high.</li> </ul>		
Allocation of Spaces	: 30.00 mtrs X 25.00 mtrs in length and breadth respectively.		
ARCHITECTURAL STYLE			
<ul> <li>Ornamentation</li> <li>Exteriors</li> </ul>	: Devoid of any decoration except the <i>parsvadevata</i> niches.		
Interiors	: Plain.		
Movable Collections	<ul> <li>Sculptures of an erotic figure and Mahisasuramardini Durga are found in the temple premise.</li> </ul>		
* Any Other (specify)	: The temple is <i>pancharatha</i> on plan.		
10. Construction Technology			
Structural System	: Both the <i>vimana</i> and <i>jagamohana</i> are built in <i>rekha</i> order of Chauhan style of architecture.		
<b>Building Techniques</b>	: Ashlar masonry with lime mortar.		
Material of Construction	: Stone and lime mortar are used for the construction of the temple and the entire temple is plastered and lime washed.		
11. Condition Assessment			
In General	Good / Fair : Good		
	Sign of Deterioration		
	Serious Deterioration		
	Danger of Disappearance		

40. There also has the December
12. Threats to the Property  Natural Negligence Vandalism Urban Pressures
X x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x
<ol> <li>P.K.Nayak, 2006, Temples of Western Orissa - Phase-II: Medieval Temples, in S.Pradhan (ed.) Art and Archaeology of Orissa, Delhi.</li> <li>S.P.Das, 1969, Sambalpur Itihas(Oriya), Sambalpur.</li> <li>R.P.Mohapatra, 1986, Archaeology in Orissa, VolII, Delhi.</li> <li>B.K.Rath (ed.), 1996, The Forgotten Monuments of Orissa, Vol.3, New Delhi.</li> </ol>
14. Photographs: 06 nos
(attach list as in page 6, in case of multiple photographs)  Photo Reference : CAPTION :  15. Audio / Video
(related to rituals / performance / festivals etc.)
Reference : DESCRIPTION :
16. Maps/Plans/Drawings
17. Listers
NAME : Jaya Shankar Naik NAME : 18.Reviewers
NAME: Dr. S. Pradhan NAME: COMMENTS:

In Brief (Attach extra sheet if necessary):
The temple is in a good state of preservation.