

ṣ aṭ -sandarbha-nā maka-
ś rī -bhā gavata-sandarbhe ṭṛ tī yaḥ
paramā tma-sandarbhah

tau santoṣ ayatā santau ś rī la-rūpa-sanātanau |
dākṣ iṇātyena bhaṭ ṭ ena pnuar etad vivicyate ||i||
tasyādyaṁgranthanālekhaṁkrāntam utkrānta-khaṇḍitam |
paryālocyātha paryāyamkṛ tvā likhati jī vakaḥ ||ii||

[1]

atha paramātmā vivriyate | atra taṁjagad-gata-jī va-nirūpaṇa-pūrvakamnirūpayati
dvābhyām –

kṣ etrajñā etā manaso vibhūti r
jī vasya māyā-racitasya nityāḥ |
āvirhitāḥ kvāpi tirohitās ca
śuddho vicaṣ ṭ e hy avisuddha-kartuḥ || [BhP 5.11.12]

kṣ etrajñā ātmā puruṣ aḥ purāṇaḥ
sākṣ āt svayamjyotir ajaḥ pareśaḥ |
nārāyaṇo bhagavān vāsudevaḥ
sva-māyayā tmany avadhī yamānaḥ || [BhP 5.11.13]

yaḥ śuddho'pi māyātaḥ paro'pi māyā-racitasya vākṣ yamānasya sarva-kṣ etrasya māyayā
kalpitasya manaso'ntaḥ-karaṇasyaitāḥ vibhūti r vṛ tti r vicaṣ ṭ e viśeṣ eṇa paśyati, paśyanis
tatrāviṣ ṭ o bhavati, sa khalv asau jī va-nāmā sva-śarī ra-dvaya-lakṣ aṇa-kṣ etrasya jñā ṭṛ tvā t
kṣ etrajñā ucyate ity arthaḥ |

tad uktam –

yayā sarimohito jī vo
ātmānamtriguṇātmakam
paro'pi manute'nartham
tat-kṛ tamcābhipadyate || [BhP 1.7.5] iti |

tasya manasaḥ kī dṛ śatayā māyā-racitasya tatrāha – jī vadhya jī vopādhitayā jī va-tādātmeyena
racitasya | tatas ca tat tayopacaryamānasyety arthaḥ | tatas ca kī dṛ śasya, avisuddham
bhagavad-bahirmukhamkarma karoti ti tādṛ śasya | kī dṛ śī r vibhūti r nityā anādita
evānugatāḥ |

atra sa kadā kī dṛ śī r ity apekṣ āyām āha – jāgrat svapnayor āvirbhūtāḥ suṣ uptau tirohitās
ceti | yas tu purāṇo jagat-kāraṇa-bhūtaḥ puruṣ aḥ ādya'vatāraḥ puruṣ aḥ parasyety ādi [BhP
2.6.41] dvitī yādau prasiddhaḥ | sākṣ ād eva svayamjyotiḥ svaprakāśo tanu jī vavad
anyāpekṣ āyā | ajo janmādi-śūnyaḥ | pareṣ āmbrahmādi nāmapī śaḥ | nārājī va-samūhaḥ
svaniyamyatvenāyanamnyasya saḥ | bhagavān aiśvarya dy-anīśatvāt | vāsudevaḥ sarva-
bhūtānām āśrayaḥ | sva-māyayā sva-svarūpa-śaktiyā ātmani sva-svarūpe avadhī yamānaḥ
avasthāpya-mānaḥ | karma-kartṛ -prayogaḥ | māyāyānmayike'py antaryāmitayā praviṣ ṭ o'pi

svarūpa-śaktyā svarūpasya eva na tu tat-sarīśakta ity arthaḥ | vāsudevatvena sarva-kṣ etra-
jñā tṛ tvāt so'paraḥ | māyā-mohitāt jī vād anyah māyā-rahitaḥ śuddhaḥ | kṣ etrajñāḥ ātmā
paramātmēti |

tad evam api mukhyaṁkṣ etrajñātvamparamātmāny eva | tad uktam –

sarvampumān veda guṇānīś ca taj-jñō
na veda sarvajñām anantam ī de iti [BhP 6.4.25] |

śrī -gī topaṇiṣatsu –

idamśarī raṁkaunteya kṣ etram ity abhidhī yate |
etad yo vetti tamprāhuḥ kṣ etrajñā iti tadvidaḥ || [Gī tā 13.1]
kṣ etrajñāmcāpi mā mviddhi sarvakṣ etreṣ u bhārata |
kṣ etrakṣ etrajñāyor jñā namyat taj jñā nammatam mama || [Gī tā 13.1]

atra khalu kṣ etrajñāmcāpi mā mviddhi ti sarveṣ v api kṣ etreṣ u mā mca kṣ etrajñā mviddhi,
na tu jī vam iva svakṣ etra eva ity evārthamvahaṭi | na ca jī veśayoḥ samānādhikarānyena
nirviśeṣ a-cid-vastv eva jñeyatayā nirdiśati | sarva-kṣ etreṣ v ity asya viyarthyaḥ patteḥ |
jñeyamnat tat pravakṣ yāmī ty ādau sarvataḥ pāṇi-pādāntad sarvato'kṣ i-śiro-mukham ity
[Gī tā 13.13] ādinā savīśeṣ asyaiva nirdeṣ yamāṇatvāt | amānitvam ity ādinā jñā nasya ca
tathaupadeṣ yamāṇatvāt |

kimca kṣ etrajñāmcāpī ty atra ttvam asī tivat sāmānādhikarānyena tan-nirviśeṣ a-jñā ne
vivakṣ ite kṣ etrajñāsvarāyor jñā nam ity evanānūdyeta na tu kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñāyor jñā nam iti |
kintu kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñāyor ity asyāyam arthaḥ | divdihayor api kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñāyor jñā nam
tan mamaiva jñā nammatam |

anyārthas tu parāmarśa iti nyāyena yaj-jñā naikatāt-paryakam ity arthaḥ |
jñeyasyaikatvenaiva nirdiṣ t atvāt yogyatvāc ca | na ca nirī śvara-sārīkhyavat kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñā-
mā tra-vibhāgād atra jñā nammatam mamety aneśvarasyāveṣ itatvāt | na ca vivarta-
vādavad ī svarasyāpi bhrama-mā tra-pratī ta-puruṣ atvam | tad-vacana-lakṣ ṇa-saveda-gī tā di-
śāstrāṇām aprāmāṇyād bauddha-vādāpatteḥ | tasyā mca satyā mbauddhānām iva vivarta-
vādināntad-vyākhyānāyukteḥ | na ca tasya satya-puruṣ atve'pi nirviśeṣ a-jñā nam eva
mokṣ a-sā dhanam iti tadī ya-śāstrāntarataḥ samāhāryam |

evamśatata-yuktā ye [12.1] ity ādi pūrvādhyāye nirviśeṣ a-jñā nasya heyatvena vivakṣ itatvāt
| tatraiva ca ye tu sarvāṇi karmāṇi ity [12.6] ādinā nanya-bhaktān uddiśya teṣ ā m aham
samuddhartā mṛ tyu-sarīśā ra-sāgarād ity [12.7] anena taj jñā nāpeṣ āpi nādr̥ teti | tad uktam
ekādaśe svayambhagavatā – yat karmabhir yat tapasety ādi [BhP 11.20.32] | mokṣ a-
dharme ca –

ya vai sādhanā-sampattiḥ puruṣ ārtha-catuṣ t aye |
tayā vinā tad āpnoti naro nārāyaṇāśrayaḥ || iti |

atra tu pūrvādhyāya-viślāghitamāntad evāvṛ thākartumsaviśeṣ atayā nirdiśya

iti kṣ etramtathā jñā namjñeyamcoktamśamāsataḥ
mad-bhakta etad vijñā ya mad-bhāvāyopapadyate || [Gī tā 13.18]

ity antena bhakti-sarīvalitatayā sukarārtha-prāyamkr̥ tam | atavā tra vyaṣ t i-kṣ etrajñā eva
bhaktatvena nirdiṣ t aḥ samaṣ t i-kṣ etrajñā s tu jñeyatveneti kṣ etra-jñā nābhyaṁsaha jñeyasya

pāṭ hād anusmārya tad-anantaramca tasya tasya ca jī vatvam ī śvaratvamca kṣ arāṁneti darśitam | yataḥ –

puruṣ aḥ prakṛ tistho hi bhurkte prakṛ ti-jān guṇān |
kāraṇaṁguṇa-saṅgo'sya sad-asad-yoni-janmasu || [Gī tā 13.21]

iti jī vasya prakṛ tisthatvamnirdiśya svatas tasyāprakṛ tatva-darśanayā sphuṭ am evākṣ aratvamjñā pitam |

upadras ṭ ānumantā ca bhartā bhoktā mahēśvaraḥ
paramātmēti cāpy ukto dehe 'smin puruṣ aḥ paraḥ || [Gī tā 13.22]

iti jī vāt paratvena nirdiṣ ṭ asya paramātmākhyā-puruṣ asya tu kaimutyenaiva tad darśitam |

dvāv imau puruṣ au loke kṣ araś cākṣ ara eva ca
kṣ araḥ sarvāṇi bhūtāni kūt astho 'kṣ ara ucyate || [Gī tā 15.16]
uttamaḥ puruṣ as tv anyāḥ paramātmēty udāhṛ taḥ
yo lokatrayam āviśya bibharty avyaya ī śvaraḥ || [Gī tā 15.17]

ity atra jī vasyāpy akṣ aratvamkaṅṭ hoktam eva | tatropadras ṭ ā parama-sākṣ ī , anumantā tat-tat-karmānurūpaḥ pravartakaḥ | bhartā poṣ akaḥ | bhoktā pālayitā | mahēśvaraḥ sarvādhikartā | paramātmā sarvāntaryāmī ti vyākhyeyam |

uttarapadyayos tu | kūt astha eka-rūpatayā tu yaḥ kāla-vyāpī sa kūt astha ity amarakoṣ ād avagatārthaḥ | asau śuddha-jī va eva uttamaḥ puruṣ as tv anya ity uttarāt | tad evam atrāpi kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñā-sarva-kṣ etrajñā uktāḥ | atra cottarayor anya ity anena bhinnayor eva sator akṣ arayorna tat-tad-rūpatā-parityāgaḥ sambhaved iti na kadācid api nirviśeṣ a-rūpenāvasthitir iti darśitam | tasmān mad-bhāvāyopapadyate iti yad uktaṁtat api tat-sārṣ ṭ i-prāpti-tātparyakam¹ | tad evaṁdvayor akṣ aratvena sāmye'pi jī vasya hī na-śaktivāt prakṛ ty-āviṣ ṭ asya tan-nivṛ tty-artham ī śvara eva bhajāni yatvena jñēya iti bhāvaḥ |

tasmād idamśarī ram ity ādikāmpunar itthamvivecanī yam | idamśva-svāparokṣ am ity arthaḥ | śarī ra-kṣ etrayor ekaikatvena grahaṇam atra vyakti-paryavasānena jāti-puraskāreṇaiveti gamyate | sarva-kṣ etreṣ v iti bahu-vacanenānuvādāt | etad yo vetti ity atra deho 'savo 'kṣ ā-manava ity ādau sarvamūpamān veda-guṇānīś ca taj-jñāḥ [BhP 6.4.25] ity-ukta-diśā kṣ etrajñā etā manaso vibhūti r ity-ukta-diśā ca jānāti ty arthaḥ |

kṣ etrajñāmcāpi māṁviddhī ti | tad uktam -- viṣ ṭ abhyāham idamkṛ tsnam ekānīśena sthito jagat [Gī tā 10.42] | yatra gaty-antaramnāsti tatraiva lakṣ aṇā-maya-kaṣ ṭ am āśrī yeta | tathāpi tena sāmānādhikaraṇyamyadi vivakṣ itamsyāt tarhi kṣ etrajñāmcāpi māṁviddhī ty etāvad eva tamca māṁviddhī ty etāvad eva vā procyeta, na tu sarva-ksreṣ u bhāratety adhikam api | kintu kṣ etrajñā etā manaso vbhūti r ity ādivat kṣ etrajñā-dvayam api vaktavyam eva syāt |

tathā ca brahma-sūtramguhāṁpraviṣ ṭ āvātmānau hi tad-darśanād iti [Vs 1.2.11] tad-vaidhyam eva copasānḥṛ tam | puruṣ aḥ prakṛ tistho hī ty ādinā | tasmād upakramārthasyopasānḥārādhī natvād eṣ a evārthaḥ samañjasaḥ | yathoktambrahma-sūtra-kṛ dbhiḥ – asad vyapadeśān neti cen na dharmāntareṇa vākya-śeṣ ād iti [Vs 2.1.17] |

atha kṣ etra-kṣ etrajñāyor jñānam ity atra yat kṣ etre jñānendriya-gatamcetanā-gatamca jñānamdarśayiṣ yate yac ca pūrva-kṣ etra-jñē nija-nija-kṣ etra-jñānamdarśitamtat tat maj-jñānānīśasya kṣ etreṣ u cchāyā-rūpatvāt kṣ etra-jñēṣ u yat kiñcid anīśānīśatayā praveśān

¹ The Yadavpur edition makes reference to Sridhar's commentary to 3.29.13.

mamaiva jñānaṁmatam iti | tasmāt sādḥuktāṁmukhyaṁkṣetrajñātvamparamātmāny
eveti |

atra śrī -bhagavataḥ paramātmā-rūpeṇāvirbhāvo'pi | ajani ca yan mayāntad-avimucya-
niyantr bhaved ity-ukta-diśā [BhP 10.87.30] śakti-viśeṣāliṅgitvād yasmād evānīśāj jīvānām
āvirbhāvas tenaiveti jñeyam | tad uktāntatraiva viṣṭ abhyāham ity ādi | śrī -viṣṇu-purāṇe
ca –

yasyāyutānīśānīśe viśva-śaktir iyaṁsthitā |
para-brahma-svarūpasya praṇamāma tam avyayam || iti [ViP 1.9.53]

pūrṇa-śuddha-śaktis tu kalā-kāṣṭhā-nimeṣād ity anena darśitā | tathā śrī -nārada-
pañcarātre --

nārada uvāca –
śuddha-sargam ahaṁdeva jñātum icchāmi tattvataḥ |
sarga-dvayasya caivasya yaḥ paratvena vartate ||

tatraitat pūrvoktaḥ prādhānikaḥ śaktaś cety etat sargadvayasyeti jñeyam |

śrī -bhagavān uvāca –
yaḥ sarva-vyāpako devaḥ para-brahma ca śāśvatam |
cit-sāmānyamjagaty asmin paramānanda-lakṣaṇam ||
vāsudevād abhinnaś tu bahū-arkendu-śata-prabham |
vāsudevo'pi bhagavān tad-dharmā parameśvaraḥ ||
svātmī pīṁkṣ obhayaty eva tejasā tena vai yutam |
prakāśa-rūpo bhagavān acyutaṁcāsaḥ d dvija ||
so'cyuto'cyuta-tejās ca svarūpamvitanoti vai |
āśritya vāsudevamca svastho megho jalāmyathā ||
kṣ obhayitvā svam ātmānaṁsatya-bhāsvara-vigraham |
utpādayāmāsa tadā samudrormi-jalāmyathā ||
sa cinmayāḥ prakāśātmā utpādyātmānam ātmanā |
puruṣākhyam anantaṁca prakāśa-prasaraṁmahat ||
sa ca vai sarva-jīvānām āśrayaḥ parameśvaraḥ |
antaryāmī ca teṣāṁvai tārakāṇām ivāmbaram ||
sendhanaḥ pāvako yadvat sphuliṅga-nicayāndvija |
anicchātaḥ prerayati tadvad eva paraḥ prabhuḥ ||
prāg-vāsanā-nibandhānāmbandhānāṁca vimuktaye |
tasmād viddhi tad-anīśānīśas tān sarvānīśatvam ajam prabhum || iti |

ataeva yat tu brahmātau śrī -pradyumnasya manvātau śrī -viṣṇoḥ, rudrātau śrī -
sākarṣaṇasyāntaryāmitvamśrūyate tan nānānīśam ādāyāvati ṛṇasya tasyaiva tat-tad-
anīśena tat-tad-antaryāmitvam iti mantavyam | ateva rudrasya sākarṣaṇa-prakṛtitvam
puruṣa-prakṛtitvamcety ubhayam apy āmnātamprakṛtim ātmanaḥ sākarṣaṇa-sañjñā
bhava upadhāvati ty ātau [BhP 5.17.16] ādāv abhūc chata-dhṛtir ity ātau ca [BhP 11.4.5] |
eṣa eva--

bhūtātmā cendriyātmā ca pradhānātmā tathā bhavān |
ātmā ca paramātmā ca tvam ekaḥ pañcadhā sthitaḥ ||

ity [ViP 5.18.50] ātau vivṛtam | tasmāt sarvāntaryāmī puruṣa eva brahmeti paramātmētī ty
ātau paramātmātvena nirdiṣṭa itī sthitam | vyākhyātaṁca svāmibhiḥ | namas tubhyam
bhagavate brahmaṇe paramātmāna [BhP 10.28.6] ity atra varuṇa-stutau | paramātmāne

sarva-jī va-niyantre iti | asya paramā tmano māyopādhitayā puruṣ atvaṁtūpacaritam eva |
tad uktamvaiṣ ṇave eva –

nānto'sti yasya na ca yasya samudbhavo'sti
vṛ dhir na yasya pariṇā ma-vivarjitasya |
nāpekṣ ayaṁca samupaitya vikalpa-svastu
yas tāmnato'smi puruṣ ottamam ādyam ī ḍyam || [ViP 6.8.60]

tasyaiva yo'nugūṇa-bhug bahudhaika eva
śuddho'py aśuddha iva mūr̥ti-vibhā ga-bhedaiḥ |
jñānānvitaḥ sakala-sattva-vibhūti-kartā
tasmai nato'smi puruṣ āya sadāvyayāya || [ViP 6.8.61] iti |

tasyaivānupūrvoktāt parameśvarāt samanantaram | bahudhā brahmādi-rūpeṇa | aśuddha
iva sṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādiṣ v āsakta iva | mūr̥ti-vibhāgānāmdakṣ ādi-manv-ādi-rūpāṇāmbhedaiḥ | arva-
sattvānāmvibhūti kartā vistāraḥ t iti svāmī |

tatra guṇa-bhug iti ṣ āḍ-guṇyānanda-bhoktety arthaḥ |

yat tat sūkṣ mam avijñā nam avyaktam acalamdhruvam |
indriyair indriyārthaiś ca sarva-bhūtaiś ca varjitam ||
sa hy antarātmā bhūtānāmkṣ etrajñāś ceti kathyate |
triguṇa-vyatirikto vai puruṣ aś ceti kalpitaḥ || [MBh 12.321.28-29]

iti mokṣ adharme'pi nārāyaṇī yopākhyāne | śrutayo'py enaṁśuddhatvenaiva varṇayanti

eko devo sarva-bhūteṣ u gūḍhaḥ
sarva-vyāpī sarva-bhūtāntarātmā |
karmādhyakṣ aḥ sarva-bhūtādhivāsaḥ
sāksī cetāḥ kevalo nirguṇaś ca || [ŚvetU 6.11] |

ajām ekāmlohita-śukla-kṛ ṣ ṇām
bahvī ḥ prajāḥ sṛ jamānā sarūpāḥ |
ajo hy eko jūś amāṇo'nuśete jahāty
enāmbhukta-bhogām ajo'nyaḥ || ity ādyāḥ [ŚvetU 4.5]

tasmāt sādhu vyākhyātamkṣ etrajñā etā ity ādi-padya-dvayam ||

|| 5.11 || śrī -brāhmaṇo rahūgaṇam || 1 ||

[2]

atha tasyāvirbhāve yogyatā-prāgvad bhaktir eva jñeyā | āvirbhāvas tu tridhā yathā nārādī ye
tandre² –

viṣ ṇos tu trī ṇi rūpāṇi puruṣ ākhyāny atho viduḥ |
ekāmtu mahataḥ sraṣ ṭ ṛ dviṭi yaṁtantu-sarīsthitam |
ṭṛ tī yaṁsarva-bhūtasthāntāni jñātvā vimucyate ||

² In Laghu-bhāgavatāmṛ ta 1.2.9, this is given as " Sātvata-tantra.

atra prathamo yathāgneḥ kṣ udrā visphuliṅgā vyuccaranti sa aikṣ atetyādyukteḥ | mahā-
samaṣ ṭ i-jī va-prakṛ tyor ekatāpannayo draṣ ṭ ety eka eva | ayam eva saṅkarṣ aṇa iti
mahāviṣ ṇur iti ca | **brahma-sarhitāyā**myathā --

tal-liṅgambhagavān śambhur jyotī -rūpaṁsanātanam |
tasminn āvirabhūl liṅge mahā-viṣ ṇur jagat-patiḥ || [BrahmaS 5.8]

sahasra-śī rṣ ā puruṣ a ity ārabhya [BrahmaS 5.11]

nārāyaṇaḥ sa bhagavān āpas tasmāt sanātanāt |
āvirāsan kāraṇārṇonidhiṁsaṅkarṣ aṇātmakaḥ |
yoga-nidrāṅgatas tasmin sahasrāṅśaḥ svayāṁmahān || [BrahmaS 5.12]
tad-roma-bila-jāleṣ u bī jaṁsaṅkarṣ aṇasya ca |
haimāny aṇḍāni jā tāni mahā-bhūtāvṛ tāni tu || ī ty ādi [BrahmaS 5.13]

liṅgam iti **yasyāyutāyutāṅśāṅśe** viśva-śaktir iyaṁsthitety [ViP 1.9.53] anusāreṇa tasya
mahā-bhagavataḥ śrī -govindasya puruṣ otpādakatvāl liṅgam iva liṅgamyāḥ khalv aṁ-
viśeṣ as tad eva śambhuḥ | śambhu-śabdasya mukhyāyā vṛ tter āśraya ity arthaḥ |

atha dvitī ya-puruṣ as tat sṛ ṣ ṭ vā tad evānupraviśad ity ādy uktaḥ samaṣ ṭ i-jī vāntaryāmī |
teṣ āmbrahmāṇḍātmakānāmbahu-bhedād bahu-bhedaḥ | tatraiva sūkṣ māntaryāmī
pradyumnaḥ sthūlāntaryāmy aniruddha iti kvacit | anena mahā-vaikuṇṭ ha-sthāḥ
saṅkarṣ aṇādayas tad-aṅś inah | ye tu cittādy-adhiṣ ṭ hātāro vāsudevādayas te tad-aṅś ā evety
ādi vivecanī yam |

ṭṛ tī yo'pi puruṣ aḥ --

dvā suparṇā sayujā sakhāyā
samānamvṛ kṣ aṁpariṣ asvajāte |
taylor anyāḥ pippalaṁsvādv atty
anaśnann anyo 'bhicākaśī ti || [Rg-veda 1.163.20, MuṇḍU 7.1.1]

ity-ādy-ukto vyaṣ ṭ y-antaryāmī | teṣ ām bahubhedād bahubhedaḥ |

tatra prathamasyāvīrbhāvo yathā **ādyo'vatāraḥ puruṣ aḥ parasyeti** [BhP 2.6.41] | ṭ ī kā ca
parasya bhūmnaḥ puruṣ aḥ prakṛ ti-pravartakaḥ | yasya sahasra-śī rṣ ety ādy ukto lī lā-
vigrahaḥ sa ādyovatāraḥ | ity eṣ ā || atra cānyatra cāvatāratvaṁnāmaika-pāda-vibhūty-
āvīrbhāvataṁjīeyam || 2.6 || śrī -brahmā nāradam ||2||

[3]

dvitī yasya yathā –

kālena so'jaḥ puruṣ āyus ābhi-
pravṛ tta-yogena virūḍha-bodhaḥ
svayāntad antar-hṛ daye 'vabhātam
apaśyatāpaśyata yan na pūrvam ||
mṛ ṇāla-gaurāyata-śeṣ a-bhoga-
paryaṅka ekāmpuruṣ aṁśayānam | [BhP 3.8.23]

ayamgarbhodaka-sthaḥ sahasra-śī rṣ ā pradyumna eva | puruṣ āyus ā vatsara-śatena | yogo
bhakti-yogaḥ | etad agre'py avyakta-mūlam ity atra avyaktampradhānammūlam
adhobhāgo yasyety arthaḥ | bhuvanāṅghripendram iti | bhuvanāni caturdaśa tad-rūpā

aṅghripās teṣāṃ indraṃtan-niyanṭṛ tvena vartamānam ity arthaḥ || 3.8 || śrī -maitreyo viduram || 3 ||

[4]

ṭṛ tī yasyāvīrbhāvo yathā –

kecit sva-dehāntar-hṛ dayāvākāśe
prādeśa-mātraṃpuruṣaṃvasantam |
catur-bhujamkaṇṭha-rathāṅga-śaṅkha-
gadā-dharamdhāraṇayā smaranti || [BhP 2.2.8]

prādeśas tarjany-aṅguṣṭhaḥ ṭṛ heyor vistāras tat pramāṇamḥṛ dy apekṣayā manuṣyādhikāratvād iti nyāyena || 2.2 || śrī -śukaḥ ||4||

[5]

evampuruṣasyāneka-vidhatve'pi dṛṣṭāntenaikyam upapādayati |

yathānilaḥ sthāvara-jaṅgamānām
ātma-svarūpeṇa niviṣṭa īśet |
evamparo bhagavān vāsudevaḥ
kṣetrajñā ātmedam anupraviṣṭaḥ || [BhP 5.11.14]

ātma-svarūpeṇa prāṇa-rūpeṇa īśed īśeta niyamayati | idamviśvam | śrutis ca –

vāyur yathaiko bhuvanaṃpraviṣṭo
rūpaṃrūpaṃpratirūpo babhūva |
ekas tathā sarva-bhūtāntarātmā
rūpaṃrūpaṃpratirūpo bahis ca || iti kāṭhake [Kaṭ hU 2.2.10]

|| 5.11 || śrī -brāhmaṇo rahūgaṇam ||5 ||

[6]

tathā,

eka eva paro hy ātmā sarveṣāṃ eva dehinām |
nāneva gṛhyate mūḍhair yathā jyotir yathā nabhaḥ || [BhP 10.54.44]

dehināmjīvānām | ātmā paramātmā || 10.54 || śrī -baladevaḥ śrī -rukmiṇī m ||6||

[7]

evam eka eva paro hy ātmā bhūteṣv ātmany avasthiṭaḥ |
yathendur udapātreṣu bhūtāny ekātmakāni ca || [BhP 11.18.32]

bhūteṣu jīveṣu eka eva para ātmā na tv asau jīvavat tatra tatra lipto bhavati ity āha ātmani sva-svarūpa evāvasthiṭaḥ | bhūtāni jīva-dehā api yena kāraṇa-rūpeṇaikātmakāni ti || 11.18 || śrī -bhagavān uddhavam ||7||

[8]

evam ekasya puruṣasya nānātvam upapādya tasya punar anīśā vivriyante | atra dvidhā
anīśā svānīśā vibhinnānīśā ca | vibhinnānīśā taṣṭha-śakty-ātmakā jīvā iti vakṣyate |
svānīśā tu guṇa-liṅdy-avatāra-bhedena vividhāḥ | tatra liṅdy-avatārāḥ prasārga-saigatyā
śrī-kṛṣṇa-sandarbhā vakṣyate |

guṇāvatārā yathā –

ādāv abhūc chata-dhṛtī rajasā sarge,
viṣṇuḥ sthitau kratupatir dvija-dharma-setuḥ |
rudro'pyayāya tamasā puruṣaḥ sa ādya
ity udbhava-sthiti-layāḥ satatamprajāsu || [BhP 11.4.5]

sa yugapat guṇa-trayādhiḥ ṭhādyaḥ puruṣaḥ pṛthak pṛthag api tat-tad-guṇādhiḥ ṭhāna-
liṅgāyā ādau rajasā asya jagataḥ sarge visarge kārye śata-dhṛtī brahmābhūt | sthitau
viṣṇuḥ sattveneti śeṣaḥ | tatra sāksād-guṇānuktiś ca tayā tirohita-svarūpatayā tat-
sambandhopacāryāpy uṭṭarīkanam ayuktam ity abhiprāyeṇa | pālana-kartṛtvena
kratupatis tat-phala-dātā | yajñ-rūpas tu liṅgāvatāra-madhyā eva śrī-brahmaṇā dvitīye
gaṇitaḥ | dvijānāmdharmānāmca setuḥ pālaka ity arthaḥ | namasā tasyāpyayāya
rudro'bhūt ity anena prakāreṇodbhava-sthiti-layā bhavanti ti | atra brahma-rudrayor
avatārāvasaro mokṣa-dharme vivṛtīti yathā --

brāhme rātriḥ aye prāpte tasya hy amita-tejasah
prasādāt prādurbhavat padmapadma-nibheḥ aṇa
tatra brahmā samabhavat sa tasyaiva prasādajah
ahnaḥ kṣāye lalāṭāc ca suto devasya vai tathā
krodhā viṣṭasya sanjajā rudraḥ sanhāra-kāraḥ [MBh 12.328.15-16]

śrī-viṣṇos tu ṭṭīye dṛśyate –

tal-loka-padmaṁsa u eva viṣṇuḥ
prāvi viśat sarva-guṇāvabhāsam |
tasmin svayamveda-mayo vidhātā
svayambhuvaṁyaṁsma vadanti so'bhūt || [BhP 3.8.15]

asyārthaḥ – tal-lokātmakampadam | sarva-guṇān jīvabhogyān arthān avabhāsayatīti
tathā | tat yasmāj jātamśrī-nārāyaṇākhyāḥ puruṣa eva viṣṇu-sanjajāḥ san sthāpana-
rūpāntaryāmitāyai prāvi viśat prakarṣeṇāluṭpa-śaktitayaivāviśat | svārthe ṇic | tasmin śrī-
viṣṇunā labdha-sthitau padmapunaḥ sṛṣṭyarthamsvayam eva brahmābhūt sthitasyaiva
mṛdāder ghaṭādityā sṛṣṭeḥ | ataeva sthity-ādāye hari-virīṭir eti sanjajā ity anyatrāpi ||

|| 11.4 || drumilo nimim || 8 ||

[9]

evam– yo vā ahaṁca giriśaṁca vibhuḥ svayamce ity [BhP 3.9.3] ādau tripād iti |

ṭīkā ca – yo vai ekas tripāt trayo brahmādayaḥ pādāḥ skandhā yasya ity eṣā | vṛkṣa-
rūpatvena tad-varṇanād eṣāmskandhatvam ||3.9|| brahmā garbhodaśāyinaḥ ||9||

[10]

teṣāṁ āvirbhāvo yathā –

tapyamā namtribhuvanamprānāyā maidhasāgninā |
nirgatena muner mūrdhnaḥ samī kṣ ya prabhavas trayāḥ ||
apsaro-muni-gandharva-siddha-vidyā dharoragaiḥ |
vitāyamāna-yaśasas tad-āśrama-padaṁyayuh || ity ādi || [BhP 4.1.21-22]

muner atreḥ | śrī -maitreyaḥ ||10||

[11]

yathā vā –

sarasvatyās taḥ e rājan ṛ ṣ ayaḥ satram āsate |
vitarkaḥ samabhūt teṣ ā mtriṣ v adhī śeṣ u ko mahān || [BhP 10.89.1]

ity ādir itihāsaḥ | śrī -viṣ ṇoḥ sthānaṁca kṣ ī rodādikampādmottara-khaṇḍā dau jagat-
pālana-nimittaka-nivedanārtham brahmādayas tatra muhur gacchatī ti prasiddheḥ | viṣ ṇu-
lokatayā prasiddheś ca | br hat-sahasra-nā mni ca kṣ ī rābdhi-mandira iti tan-nā ma-gaṇe
paṭ hyate | śveta-dvī pa-pateḥ kvacid aniruddhatayā khyā tiś ca tasya sā kṣ ā d evā virbhāva ity
apekṣ ayeti ||

|| 10.89 || śrī -śukaḥ ||11||

[12]

evam parokṣ ayā tatra tridevyās tāratamyam api sphuṭ am | tathā cānyatra dvayenā ha –

sattvaṁ rajas tama iti prakṛ ter guṇās tair
yuktaḥ parama-puruṣ a eka ihāsyā dhatte |
sthity-ādaye hari-viriṇca-hareti sañjā ḥ
śreyā ṁsi tatra khalu sattva-tanor nṛ ṇāmsyuh || [BhP 1.2.23]

iha yadyapy eka eva paraḥ pumān asya viśvasya sthity-ādaye sṛ ṣ ṭ i-sthiti-layārtham taiḥ
sattvādibhir yuktaḥ san hari-viriṇca-hareti sañjā bhinnā dhatte tat-tad-
rūpeṇā virbhavati ty arthaḥ | tathā pi tatra teṣ ā ṁmadhye śreyā ṁsi dharmārtha-kāma-mokṣ a-
bhakty-ākhyāni śubha-phalāni sattva-tanor adhiṣ ṭ hita-sattva-śakteḥ śrī -viṣ ṇor eva syuh |
ayambhāvaḥ | upādhi-dṛ ṣ ṭ yā tau dvau sevyamāne rajas-tamasor ghora-mūḍhatvāt
bhavanto'pi dharmārtha-kāmā nāti-sukhadā bhavanti tathopādhi-tyāgena sevamāne
bhavann api mokṣ o na sā kṣ ān na ca jhaṭ iti kintu katham api paramātvā ṁsi evāyam ity
anusandhānā-bhyāsenaiḥ paramā tmana eva bhavati | athopādhi-dṛ ṣ ṭ yā pi śrī -viṣ ṇuṁ
sevyamāne sattvasya śānttatvāt dharmārtha-kāmā api sukhadā ḥ | tatra niṣ kāmatvena tu
tamsevyamāne sattvāt sañjāyate jñā nam iti [Gī tā 14.17] kaivalyāmsāttvikamjñā nam [BhP
11.25.24] iti cokter mokṣ asya sā kṣ āt |

ata uktam skānde –

bandhako bhava-pāśena bhava-pāśāc ca mocakaḥ |
kaivalyadaḥ parambrahma viṣ ṇur eva sanā tanaḥ || iti |

upādhi-parityāgena tu pañcama-puruṣ ārtho bhaktir eva bhavati tasya paramātmākāreṇaiva
prakāśāt | tasmāt śrī -viṣ ṇor eva śreyā ṁsi syur iti | atra tu yat trayā ṇām abheda-
vākyenopajapta-matayo vivadante tatredambrūmaḥ | yadyapi tāratamyam idam
adhiṣ ṭ hāna-gatam eva adhiṣ ṭ hātā tu paraḥ puruṣ a eka eveti bhedāsambhavāt satyam

evābheda-vākyam̐tathāpi tasya tatra tatra sākṣ āt tvāsākṣ āt tv abhedena prakāśena
tāratamyam̐durnivāram eveti saṭ ṭ aṣ ṭ āntam āha ||

[13]

pārthivād dāruṇo dhūmas
tasmād agnis trayī mayah |
tamasas tu rajas tasmāt
sattvaṁyad brahma-darśanam || [BhP 1.2.24]

pārthivān na tu dhūmavad-aññenāgneyāt tata eva vedokta-karmaṇah sākṣ āt pravṛtti-
prakāśa-rahitād dāruṇo yajñ yān mathana-kāṣ ṭ hāt sakāśād aññenāgneyo dhūmas
trayī mayah pūrvāpekṣ ayā vedokta-karma-sthānī yasya tat-tad-avatāriṇah puruṣ asya
prakāśa-dvāram | tu-śabdena layātmakāt tamasah sakāśād rajasah sopādhika-jñāna-
hetutveneṣ ad-guṇa-viprādurbhāva-rūpam̐kiñcit brahma-darśana-pratyāsatti-mātram
uktam̐na tu sarvathā vikṣ epakatvam | yad agni-sthānī yamsattvaṁtat sākṣ āt brahmaṇo
darśanam | sākṣ ād eva samyak tat-tad-guṇa-rūpāvirbhāva-dvāram̐śānta-svaccha-
svabhāvātmakatvāt | ato brahma-śivayor asākṣ āttvaṁśrī -viṣ ṇau tu sākṣ āttvaṁsiddham̐ iti
bhāvaḥ | tathā ca śrī -vāmana-purāṇe --

brahma-viṣ ṇv-ī śa-rūpāṇi
trī ṇi viṣ ṇor mahātmanaḥ |
brahmaṇi brahma-rūpaḥ
sa śiva-rūpaḥ śive sthitaḥ ||
pṛ thag eva sthito devo
viṣ ṇu-rūpī janārdanaḥ || iti |

tad uktam̐brahma-saṁhitāyām̐-

bhāsvān yathāśma-śakaleṣ u niḣeṣ u tejaḥ
svī yam̐kiyat prakṛ ayaty api tadvad atra |
brahmā ya eva jagad-aṇḍa-vidhāna-kartrā
govindam̐ ādi-puruṣ aṁtam ahambhajāmi || [BrahmaS 5.48]

kṣ ī raṁyathā dadhi-vikāra-viṣ eṣ a-yogāt
saṁjāyate na tu tataḥ pṛ thag asti hetoḥ |
yaḥ śambhutām̐ api tathā samupaiti kāryād
govindam̐ ādi-puruṣ aṁtam ahambhajāmi || [BrahmaS 5.45]

dī pārcir eva hi daśāntaram abhyupetya
dī pāyate vivṛ ta-hetu-samāna-dharmā |
yas tādr̥ g eva hi ca viṣ ṇutayā vibhāti
govindam̐ ādi-puruṣ aṁtam ahambhajāmi || ity ādi [BrahmaS 5.46]

na ca dadhi-dr̥ ṣ ṭ āntena vikāritvam̐ āyātam̐ | tasya śrutes tu śabda-mūlatvād̐ iti nyāyena
muhuh̐ parihr̥ tatvāt | yathoktam̐ – yata udayāstamayau vikṛ ter mṛ d ivāvikṛ tād̐ iti |

dr̥ ṣ ṭ ānta-trayeṇa tu krameṇedaṁlabhyate | sūrya-kānta-sthānī ye brahmopādhau
sūryasyeva tasya kiñcit prakāśah | dadhi-sthānī ye śambhūpādhau kṣ ī ra-sthānī yasya na
tādr̥ g api prakāśah | daśāntara-sthānī ye viṣ ṇūpādhau tu pūrṇa eva prakāśa iti || 1.2 || śrī -
sūtaḥ ||13||

[14]

evam evāha tribhiḥ –

śivaḥ śakti-yutaḥ śaśvat
trilingo guṇa-saivṛ taḥ |
vaikārikas tajjasā ca
tāmasā cety ahamtridhā || [BhP 10.88.3]

tato vikārā abhavan
ṣ oḍaśā mī ṣ u kaṭana |
upadhāvan vibhūti nām
sarvāsām aśnute gatim || [BhP 10.88.4]

harir hi nirguṇaḥ sākṣ āt
puruṣ aḥ prakṛ teḥ paraḥ |
sa sarva-dṛ g upadraṣ ṭ ā
tambhajan nirguṇo bhavet || iti [BhP 10.88.5]

śaśvac-chakti-yutaḥ prathamatas tāvan nityam eva śaktyā guṇa-sāmyāvastha-prakṛ ti-
rūpopādhinā yuktaḥ | guṇa-kṣ obhe sati trilingo guṇa-trayopādhiḥ | prakṛ eś ca sadbhis tair
guṇaiḥ saivṛ taś ca |

nanu tama-upādhitvam eva tasya śrūyate kathamtat-tad-upādhitvamtatrāvaikārika iti |
aham ahamtattvamhi tat-tad-rūpeṇa tridhā | sa ca tad-adhiṣ ṭ hā ty arthaḥ | tatas tena
bhagavat-pratinidhi-rūpeṇādhiṣ ṭ hitād ahan-tattvāt ṣ oḍaśa-vikārā ye abhavan amī ṣ u
vikāreṣ u madhye sarvāsā m vibhūti nāmsambandhinamkaṭana upadhāvan tad-
upādhitvatvena tam upāsī no gatimprā pyamphalamlabhate | hi prasiddhau hetau vā | haris
tu prakṛ ter upādhitāḥ paras tad-dharmair aspr ṣ ṭ aḥ | ataeva trir guṇo'pi kutas
trilingatvādikam iti bhāvaḥ | tatra hetuḥ sākṣ ād eva puruṣ a ī śvaraḥ | na tu pratibimbavad
vyavadhānenety arthaḥ | ato vidyāvidye mama tanū [BhP 11.11.3] itivat tanu-
śabdopādānāt kutracit sattva-śaktitva-śravaṇam api prekṣ ādi-mā treṇopakāritvād iti bhāvaḥ
| ataeva sarveṣ ā mśiva-brahmādi nā m dṛ k jñā namyasmāt tathābhūtaḥ sann upadraṣ ṭ ā tad-
ādi-sākṣ ī bhavati | ataḥ sa tambhajan nirguṇo bhaved guṇā ti ta-phala-bhāg bhavati ti ||
10.88 || śrī -śukaḥ ||14||

[15]

ataeva viṣ ṇor eva parama-puruṣ eṇa sākṣ ād abhedoktim āha –

sṛ jāmi tan-niyukto'hamharo harati tad-vaśaḥ |
viśvamṇuṣ a-rūpeṇa paripā ti tri-śakti-dhṛ k || iti [BhP 2.6.31]

ahambramhā | śrutīś cātra --

sa brahmaṇā sṛ jati sa rudreṇa vilāpayati |
so'nutpattir alaya eva hariḥ paraḥ paramānandaḥ || iti mahopaniṣ adi³ ||

|| 2.6 || brahmā nāradam ||15||

[16]

³ Not found in my edition.

tatraivāha --

atrānuvarṇyate'bhī kṣ ṇam
viśvātmā bhagavān hariḥ |
yasya prasāda-jo brahmā
rudraḥ krodha-samudbhavaḥ || [BhP 12.5.1]

atra śrī -viṣ ṇur na kathita iti tena sākṣ ād abheda evety āyā tam | tad uktam – sa u eva viṣ ṇur
iti [BhP 3.8.15] | śrutiś ca puruṣ o vai nārāyaṇo'kāmayata atha nārāyaṇād ajo'jāyata yataḥ
prajāḥ sarvāṇi bhūtāni [NārāyaṇaU] |

nārāyaṇaḥ parambrahma
tattvaṁnārāyaṇaḥ param |
ṛ taṁsatyaṁparambrahma
puruṣ aṁkṣ ṣ ṇa-piṅgalam || iti | [MahāNU 13.4]

eko ha nārāyaṇa āsī n na brahmā na ca śaṅkaraḥ |
sa munir bhūtvā samacintayat |
tata eva vyajāyanta viśvo hiranyagarbho'gnir varuṇa-rudrendrā iti ca |

tasmāt tasyaiva varṇanī yatvam api yuktam ||12.5|| śrī -sūtaḥ ||16||

[17]

nanu trayāṇām eka-bhāvānāmyo na paśyati vai bhidāṁ tathā – na te mayy acyute'je ca
bhidāṁ aṅv api cakṣ ate ity [BhP 12.10.17] ādāv abhedaḥ śrūyata purāṇāntare ca viṣ ṇutas
taylor bhede narakāḥ śrūyate satyaṁvayam api bhedaṁna brūmaḥ |

parama-puruṣ asyaiva tat-tad-rūpam ity ekātmatvenaivopakrāntatvāt | śivo brahmā ca
bhinna-svabhāvāditayā dṛ śyamāno'pi pralaye sṛ ṣ ṭ au na tasmāt svatantra ekānya ī śvara iti
na mantavyaṁkintu viṣ vātmaka eva saḥ iti hi tatrārthaḥ | tad uktam brahmaṇi brahma-
rūpaḥ sa ity [VāmanaP] ādi |

na ca prakāśasya sākṣ ād asākṣ ād-rūpatvād-tāratamyāṁvayaṁkalpayā maḥ paramśāstram
eva vakti | śāstraṁtu darśitam | evaṁbhagavad-avatārānukramaṇikāsu trayāṇāmbhedam
aṅgī kṛ tyāiva kevalasya śrī -dattasya gaṇanā sī ma-dūrvāsos tv agaṇanā | kiṁca brāhme
brahma-vaivarte ca brahma-vākyāṁ–

nāhaṁśivo na cānye ca
tac-chaktyekāṁ-bhāgīnaḥ |
bāla-kṛ ḍanakair yadvat
kṛ ḍate'smābhir acyutaḥ || iti |

ataeva śrutau – yaṁkāmaye tam ugraṁkṛ ṇomi taṁbrahmāṇaṁtamaṣ iṁtaṁsumedhā m
ity uktvā mama yonir apsv antar iti [Rg-veda 10.125.5,7] śakti-vacanam | apsv antar iti
kāraṇodaśāyī sūcyate | āpo nārā iti proktā ity ādeḥ | yoniḥ kāraṇam | evam eva skānde

brahmeśānā dibhir devair
yat prāptuṁnaiva śakyate |
tadvat svabhāvaḥ kaivalyaṁ
sa bhavān kevaol hare || iti |

tathā viṣ ṇu-sāmānya-darśino doṣ aḥ śrūyate | yathā vaiṣ ṇava-tantre –

na labheyuḥ punar bhaktimharer aikāntikī mjaḍāḥ |
aikā yaṁmanasaś cāpi viṣṇu-sāmānya-darśinaḥ || iti |

anyatra–

yas tu nārāyaṇamdevambrahma-rudrādi-daivataiḥ |
samatvenaiva vīkṣeta sa paśaṇḍī bhaved dhruvam || iti [Vaiṣṇava-tantra] |

tathā ca mantra-varṇaḥ | madhye vāmanam āsī namviśve devā upāsata [KaṭhaU 2.2.3] iti |

nanu kvacid anya-śāstre śivasyaiva parama-devatvam ucyate satyamtathāpi śāstrasya
sārāsāratva-vivekena tad vādhitam iti | tathā ca pādma-śaivayor umāṁprati śrī -śivena śrī -
viṣṇu-vākyam anukṛtam –

tvām ārādhya tayā śambho grahī śyāmi varaṁsadā |
dvāparādau yuge bhūtvā pralayā manuṣādiṣu ||
svāgamaiḥ kalpitais tvāntu janān mad-vimukhamkuru |
māṁca gopaya yena syāt sṛṣṭir eṣ ottarottarā || iti |

vārāhe ca –

eṣa mahī mṣrjāmy āśu yo janān mohayiṣyati |
tvāṁca rudra mahābāho moha-śāstrāṇi kāraya ||
atathyāni vitathyāni darśayasva mahābhujā |
prakāśamkuru cātmānam aprakāśaṁca māṁkuru || iti |

purāṇānāṁca madhye yad yat tāmasa-kalpa-kathāmayamtac chivādi-mahima-param iti
śrī -viṣṇu-pratipādaka-purāṇasyaiva samyag-jñāna-pradattvam | sattvāt sarjāyate jñānam iti
darśanāt | tathā ca mātsye –

sāttvikeṣu ca kalpeṣu māhātmayam adhikāmhareḥ |
rājaseṣu ca māhātmayam adhikāmbrahmaṇo viduḥ ||
tadvad agneś ca māhātmayam tāmasēṣu śivasya ca |
sarkīrṇeṣu sarasvatyāḥ pitṛṇāṁca nigadyate || iti |

ata uktamskānde śaṅmukhamprati śrī -śivena –

śiva-śāstreṣu tad grāhyambhagavac-chāstra-yogiṣat |
paramo viṣṇur evaikas taj-jñānammokṣa-sādhanam |
śāstrāṇāmnirṇayas tv eṣ as tad anyan mohanāya hi || iti |

tathaiva ca draṣṭum mokṣa-dharme nārāyaṇopākhyāne –

sāṅkhyamyogampañcarātramvedāḥ pāśupatam tathā |
jñānāny etāni rājarṣe viddhi nānāmatāni vai ||
sāṅkhyasya vaktā kapilaḥ paramarṣiḥ sa ucyate |
hiraṇyagarbho yogasya vettā nānyaḥ purātanaḥ ||
apāntaratamāś caiva vedācāryaḥ sa ucyate |
prācīna garbhāntam ṛṣiṁpravradantī ha ke cana ||
umāpatir bhūtapatiḥ śrī kantho brahmaṇaḥ sutaḥ |
uktavān idam avyagro jñānam pāśupatam śivaḥ ||
pañcarātrasya kṛtsnasya vettā tu bhagavān svayam |

sarveṣu ca nṛpa-śreṣṭha jñāneṣveteṣu dṛśyate ||
yathāgamamyathā jñānamniṣṭhā nārāyaṇaḥ prabhuḥ |
na cainam evamjānanti tamo bhūtā viśāmpate ||
tam eva śāstra-kartārampravadanti manīṣiṇaḥ |
niṣṭhāmnārāyaṇam ṛṣiṣṭhānānyo 'stīti ca vādinaḥ ||
niḥsaṁśayeṣu sarveṣu nityamvasati vai hariḥ |
sasaṁśayān hetu-balān nādhyavasati mādhaveḥ ||
pañcarātra-vido ye tu yathā-krama-parā nṛpa |
ekānta-bhāvopagatās te hariṁpraviśanti vai ||

sāṅkhyamca yogamca sanātane dve
vedāś ca sarve nikhilena rājan |
sarvaiḥ samastair ṛṣibhir nirukto
nārāyaṇo viśvam idampurāṇam || iti [MBh 12.337.59-68]

atropāntaratamā iti śrī-kṛṣṇa-dvaipāyanasyaiva janmāntara-nāma-viśeṣa iti tatraiva jñeyam
| atraivaṁvyākhyeyam | pañcarātra-sammataśrī-nārāyaṇam eva sarvottamatvena vaktum
nānāmatāmdarśayati | sāṅkhyam iti | tatra pañcarātram eva gariṣṭham ācaṣṭhai
pañcarātrasyaitnādau bhagavān svayam iti | atha – dvau bhūtasargau loke 'smin daiva āsura
eva ca iti śrī-gītāsu [Gītā 16.6] śrūyate | yad eva tāni nānāmatāni tyuktāntattvāsura-
prakṛty-anusāreṇeti jñeyam | daiva-prakṛtayas tu tat-tat-sarvāvalokena pañcarātra-
pratipādye śrī-nārāyaṇa eva paryavasyantī tyāha sarveṣv iti | āsurās tu nindati na cainam iti |
tad uktam **viṣṇu-dharmāgnipurāṇoḥ**

dvau bhūta-sargau loke'smin daiva āsura eva ca |
viṣṇu-bhakti-paro daiva āsuras tad-viparyayaḥ || iti |

nanu tatra tatra nānā-mataya eva dṛśyante tatrāha tam eva iti | pañcarātrāretara-śāstra-kartāro
hi dvi-vidhāḥ kiṁcij-jñāḥ sarva-jñāś ca | tatrādyā yathā – sva-sva-jñānānusāreṇa yat kiṁcit
tattvaika-deśamvadanti nāsābhir āsurāṇāmmohanārtham eva kṛtāni śāstrāṇi kintu
daivānāmvyatirekeṇa bodhanārtham | te hi rajas-tamaḥ-śabalasya khaṇḍasya ca tattvasya
tathā kleśa-bahulasya sādhanasya pratipādakāny etāni śāstrāṇi dṛṣṭvā vedāntā ca durgān
dṛṣṭvā nirvidya sarva-vedārtha-sārasya suddhā khaṇḍa-tattva-śrī-nārāyaṇasya sukhamaya-
tad-ārādhnasya ca suṣṭhu pratipādake pañcarātre evedgāḍhampravekṣyanti ti | tad etad āha
niḥsaṁśayeṣv iti | tasmā jhaṭ iti vedārtha-pratipattaye pañcarātram evādhetyam ity āha |

pañcarātre | yata evam tata upasamharati sāṅkhyamca yogaś ceti | tad evam pañcarātra-
pratipādyasya śrī-bhagavata evam utkarṣe sthite ātmārāmāś ca munaya ity ādy asakṛd
apūrvam upadiśatā śrī-bhāgavateṇa pratipādyarūpasya tasya kim utety api vivecanīyam |
tad etad uktānusāreṇa sadā-śiveśvara-tridevī-rūpa-vyūho'pi nirastaḥ | tasmād eva ca śrī-
bhagavat-puruṣayor eva śaivāgame sadā-śivādi-samjñe tan-mahima-khyāpanāya dhṛta iti
gamyate | sarva-śāstra-śiromaṇau śrī-bhāgavate tu tridevyām eva tat tāratamya-jijñāsā
puruṣa-bhagavatos tu tat prasaṅga eva nāsti |

nanu na te giritrākhila-lokapāla-virīṇi-vaikuṇṭha-surendra-gamyam | jyotiḥ paramyatra
rajas tamaś ca sattvamna yad brahma nirasta-bhedam ity [BhP 8.7.31] atra tasya paratvam
śrūyate evaṣṭame | maivam | mahimnā stūyamānā hi devā vīryeṇa vardhatu iti vaidika-

nyāyena tad-yukteḥ | sa hi stavah kāla-kūṭ a-nāśanārtha iti | tatraiva **prī te harau bhagavati**
prī ye'hamśacarācara iti [BhP 8.7.40] | tathā **navame** –

vayaṁna tāta prabhavāma bhūmni
yasmin pare'nye'py ajajī va-koṣāḥ |
bhavanti kāle na bhavanti hī dṛśāḥ
sahasraśo yatra vayambhramāmaḥ || iti [BhP 9.4.56]

ete vyaṁyasya vaśe matātmanaḥ sthitāḥ śakuntā iva sūtra-yantritāḥ | iti ca tad-vākya-
virodhāt athavā yat śivasya jyotis tatra sthitamparamātmākhyamcaitanāntat-samyag-
jñāne tasyāpy akṣamatā yuktaiva | yad uktam – **dyupatayaḥ eva te na yayur antam**
anantatayā tvam asī ti [BhP 10.87.41] | brahma-saṁhita-mate tu bhagavad-aṁśa-viśeṣa eva
sadā-śivo na tv anyah | yathā tatraiva sarvādi-kāraṇa-govinda-kathane –

niyatīḥ sā ramā-devī tat-priyā tad-vaśanivadā |
tal-liṅge bhagavān śambhur jyotī rūpaḥ sanātanaḥ ||
yā yonīḥ sā parā śaktir ity ādi
tasmin āvirbhahūl liṅge mahāviṣṇur ity ādy antam ||

tad etad abhipretya sadāśivatvādi-prasiddhim apy akṣipyāha |

athāpi yat-pada-nakhāvaṣṭam
jagad-virīṭopahṛtārhanāmbhaḥ |
seśampunāty anyatamo mukundāt
ko nāma loke bhagavat padārthaḥ || [BhP 1.18.21]

spaṣṭam || 1.18 || śrī-sūtaḥ ||17||

[18]

tasmān nāhamna ca śivo'nye ca tac-chakty-ekāṁśa-bhāginah ity evoktamsādhyeva ity āha
| **brahmā bhavo'ham api yasya kalāḥ kalāyā** iti [BhP 10.68.37] |

śeṣamspaṣṭam || 10.68 || śrī-baladevaḥ ||18||

[19]

atha paramātmā-parikareṣu jīvas tasya ca taṭastha-lakṣaṇamkṣetrajaṁ etā ity evoktam
svarūpa-lakṣaṇam**pādmottara-khaṇḍā**dikam anusṛtya śrī-rāmānujācāryād ati-prācī nena
śrī-vaiṣṇava-sampradāya-guruṇā śrī-jāmātrī-muninopadiṣṭam | tatra praṇava-vyākhyāne
pādmottara-khaṇḍamyathā –

jñānāśrayo jñāna-guṇas cetanaḥ prakṛteḥ paraḥ |
na jāto nirvikāraś ca ekarūpaḥ svarūpa-bhāk ||
aṅgur nityo vyāpti-śīlaś cid-ānandātmakas tathā |
aham artho'vyayaḥ kṣetrī bhinna-rūpaḥ sanātanaḥ ||
adāhyo'chedya akledya aśoṣyo'kṣara eva ca |
evam ādhi-guṇair yuktaḥ śeṣa-bhūtaḥ parasya vai ||
ma-kāreṇocyate jīvaḥ kṣetra-jñāḥ paravān sadā |
dāsa-bhūto harer eva nānyasyaiva kadācana || iti |

śrī-jāmātrī-munināpy upadiṣṭam yathā –

ātmā na devo na naro na tiryak sthāvaro na ca |
na deho nendriyamnaiva manaḥ prāṇo na nāpi dhī ḥ ||
na jaḍo na vikārī ca jñāna-mātrātmako na ca |
svasmai svayamprakāśaḥ syād ekarūpaḥ svarūpa-bhāk ||
cetano vyāpti-śī laś ca cidānandātmakas tathā |
aham arthaḥ pratikṣ etrambhinno'ṇur nitya-nirmalaḥ ||
tathā jñātr tva-kartṛ tva-bhoktr tva-nija-dharmakaḥ |
paramātmaika-śeṣ atva-svabhāvaḥ sarvadā svataḥ || iti |

śrī -rāmānuja-bhāṣyānusāreṇa vyākhyā ceyam | tatra devāditvamnirastam evāsti **tattva-**
sandarbhe |

aṇḍeṣ u peṣiṣ u taruṣ v aviniściteṣ u
prāṇo hi jīvam upadhāvati tatra tatra |
sanne yad indriya-gaṇe'hami ca prasupte
kūṭ astha āśayam ṛte tad anusmṛtir naḥ || [BhP 11.3.39] ity anena ||

dehāditvamnirasyann āha –

vilakṣaṇaḥ sthūla-sūkṣmād
dehād ātmekṣitā svadṛk |
yathāgnir dāruṇo dāhyād
dāhako'nyaḥ prakāśakaḥ || [BhP 11.10.8]

vilakṣaṇatve hetur īkṣitā tasya draṣṭā prakāśakaś ca svayamtu svadṛk sva-prakāśa iti || śrī -
bhagavān ||19||

[20]

jaḍatvamnirasyann āha –

jāgrat-svapna-suṣuptamca guṇato buddhi-vṛttayaḥ |
tāsāmvilakṣaṇo jīvaḥ sākṣitvena viniścitaḥ || [BhP 11.13.27]

yā tu mayi turye sthito jahyād ityādau [BhP 11.13.28] parameśvare'pi turyatva-prasiddhiḥ
sānyathaiva |

virāṭ hiraṇyagarbhaś ca kāraṇamcety upādhayaḥ |
īśvarasya yat tribhir hīnamturīyaṃtat-padamviduḥ ||⁴

ity ādy-ukter vāsudevasya catur-vyūhe turya-kakṣākrāntatvād vā || 11.13 || śrī -bhagavān ||
20 ||

[21]

vikāritvamnirasyann āha –

visargādyāḥ śmaśānāntā bhāvā dehasya nātmanaḥ |
kalānām iva candrasya kālenāvyakta-vartmanā || [BhP 11.7.48]

⁴ This verse is first quoted in Śrī dhara's commentary to BhP 11.15.16 and later at CC 1.2.53.

candrasya jalamaya-maṇḍalatvāt kalānāmsūrya-praticchavi-rūpa-jyotir-ātmavāt yathā kalānām eva janmādyā nāśāntā bhāvā na tu candrasya tathā dehasyaiva te bhāvā avyakta-vartmanā kālena bhavanti na tv ātmana ity arthaḥ | śrī -dattātreyo yadum ||21||

[22]

jñānātmako na ceti kimtarhi jñāna-mātratve'pi jñāna-śaktitvamprakāśasya prakāśana-śaktitvavat tādr̥kṭvam api |

nātmā jajāna na mariṣyati naidhate'sau
na kṣīyate savana-vid vyabhicāriṇāmhi |
sarvatra śaśvad anapāyy upalabdhi-mātram
prāṇo yathendriya-balena vikalpitamsat|| ity anena [BhP 11.3.37]

tattva-sandarbha eva darśitam | upalabdhi-mātratve'pi sabalavattvenokteḥ | ataeva śuddho vicaṣṭe hy aviśuddha-kartur ity uktam | prakārāntareṇāpi tad āha –

guṇair vicitrāḥ sṛjati m̄sarūpāḥ prakṛtimprajāḥ |
vilokya mumuhe sadyaḥ sa iha jñāna-gūhayā || [BhP 3.26.5]

ajñānenāvṛtamjñānamtena muhyanti jantavaḥ [Gītā 5.15] iti

|| 3.26 || śrī -kapiladevaḥ ||22||

[23]

śakty-antaramcāhuḥ – sa yad ajayā tv ajām anuśayī ta guṇānīś ca juṣan bhajati sarūpatām tad anu mṛtyum upeta-bhaga iti [BhP 10.87.38] ||

ṭīkā ca -- sa tu jīvaḥ yad yasmād ajayā māyayā ajām avidyām anuśayī ta āliṅgyeta tato guṇānīś ca dehendriyādīn guṣan sevamānaḥ ātmayā adhyasyan tad anu tad-anantaram sa-rūpatāmtad-dharma-yogaṁca juṣan apeta-bhagaḥ pihitānandādi-guṇaḥ san mṛtyum saṁsārambhajati prāpnoti ity eṣ ā || 10.87 || śrutayaḥ ||23||

[24]

tathā –

tat-saṅga-bhramitaiśvaryam
sarīsarantaṁkubhāryavat |
tad-gatīr abudhasyeha
kim asat-karmabhir bhavet ||[BhP 6.5.15]

tasyaḥ puñścalī-rūpāyā māyāyāḥ saṅgena bhrañśitam aiśvaryamkiñcit svīya-jñānādi-sāmarthyamnyasya tam | tasyā gatīḥ sañśmarantaṁgacchantamjīvaṁsva-svarūpam abudhasyājānata ity arthaḥ ||6.5|| haryaśvāḥ ||24||

[25]

tathā --

īśvarasya vimuktasya
kārapṇyam uta bandhanam || [BhP 3.7.9]

ī śvarasya kiñcij-jñānādi-śaktimataḥ || 3.7 || maitreyaḥ ||25||

[26]

tathā –

vipralabdho mahiṣ yaivam
sarva-prakṛti-vaicitāḥ |
necchann anukaroty ajñāḥ
klaibyāt krīḍā-mṛgo yathā || [BhP 4.25.62]

mahiṣyā purañjanāyā vipralabdhaḥ purañjanaḥ sarvayā prakṛtyā jñānādirūpayā vaicitāḥ
tyājitaḥ san necchan tad-icchayaivety arthaḥ | anukaroti tad-dharmātmāny adhyasyati | atra
jñānasya śaktimattāyāmparābhidyānāt tu tirohitāmtato hy asya bandha-viparyayāv ity etat
sūtram apy anusandheyam || śrī -nāradaḥ prācī nabarhiṣ am ||26||

[27]

pūrvoktam evārthamvyañjayitumsvasmai svayamprakāśa ity uktam | tathābhūtātvaṃca
vilakṣaṇa ity ādy ukta-padya eva svadṛḡ ity anena vyaktam asti | tatra prakāśas tāvad guṇa-
dravya-bhedena dvididhaḥ | prathamō nijāśrayasya sphūrtil-rūpaḥ | dvitīyaḥ sva-para-
sphūrtil-nidānamvastu-viśeṣaḥ | tatrātmāno dravyatvād ayam eva grhyate | yathā dīpaś
cakṣuḥ prakāśayan svarūpa-sphūrtilmṣvayam eva karoti na tu ghaṭādi-prakāśavat tad-ādi-
sākṣeṣaḥ | tasmād ayamsvayamprakāśaḥ | tathāpi svamprati na prakāśate yata eva jada ity
ucyate | tasmāt tu svamparamca prakāśayan svātmānamprati prakāśamānavāt svasmai
svayamprakāśaḥ | yata eva cid-rūpa ucyate | tad uktam anyair api | svayamprakāśātvaṃ
sva-vyavahāre parān apekṣatvāt avedyatve satya-parokṣa-vyavahāra-yogyatvamceti | tatra
pūrvatra-svasmaipadam apekṣyam uttaratra tu spaṣṭārtham | ataḥ svadṛḡkṣvasmai svayam
prakāśa ity arthaḥ | na cāsau paramātma-prakāśyatve ghaṭavat para-prakāśyaḥ
paramātmanas tat-parama-svarūpatvena para-prakāśyatvābhāvāt | evam evāha dvābhyām |

mamāṅga māyā guṇa-mayy anekadhā
vikalpa-buddhīśca guṇair vidhatte |
vaikārikas trividho'dhyātmam ekam
athādhībhūtam adhidaivam anyat ||

ḍṛḡ-rūpam ārkamvapur atra randhre
parasparamsidhyati yaḥ svataḥ khe |
ātmā yad eṣām aparo ya ādyaḥ
svayā nubhūtyā khila-siddha-siddhiḥ || [BhP 11.12.30-31]

vikalpambhedāntad-buddhīśca | anekadhātvamprapañcayati vaikārika iti | aneka-
vikāravān apy asyau sthūla-ḍṛḡṣṭyā tāvat trividhaḥ | traividhyam āha adhyātma ity ādinā |
tāni kramenāha ḍṛḡ-ādi-trayeṇa | vapur anīśaḥ | atra randhre ḍṛḡ-golake praviṣṭāntat
trayamca parasparam eva sidhyati na tu svataḥ | yas tu khe ākāśe arko vartate sa punaḥ
svataḥ sidhyati | cakṣur viṣayatve'pi sva-virodhinaḥ pratiyogya-prekṣābhāva-mātreṇa svata
ity uktam | evamyathā maṇḍalātmārkaḥ svataḥ sidhyati tathātmāpītyāha | yad yataḥ
pūrvokta-ḍṛḡṣṭānta-hetor ātmā eṣām adhyātmādi nāmyo'para ādyas teṣām āśrayaḥ | so'pi
svataḥ sidhyati kintu svayā nubhūtyeti cid-rūpatvād viśeṣaḥ | na kevalam etāvad api tu
akhilānāmparaspara-siddhānāmsiddhir yasmāt tathābhūtaḥ sann iti ||

|| 11.12 || śrī -bhagavān ||27||

[28]

yasmāt svarūpa-bhūtayaiva śaktyā tathā prakāśate tasmād eka-rūpa-svarūpa-bhāktvam api dī pavad eva | **nātmā jajānety ādāv** [BhP 11.3.37]⁵ **upalabdhi-mātram** ity anenaivoktaṁ mātra-padaṁtad-dharmānām api svarūpānatiriktatvaṁdhvanayati | atha cetanatvaṁnāma svasya cid-rūpatve'py anyasya dehādeś cetayitṛ tvaṁdī pādi-prakāśayitṛ tvavat | tad etad vilakṣaṇa ity ādāv eva dr̥ṣṭāntenoktam | prakāśaka iti cetayitṛ tve hetuḥ | vyāpti-śī latvam udāhariṣyamāṇa ātmety ādau śrī -prahlāda-vākye vyāpaka ity anenoktaṁvyāpti-śī latvam ati-sūkṣmatayā sarvācetanāntaḥ-praveśa-svabhāvatvam | **jīāna-mātrātmako** na cety atra cid-ānandātmaka ity api hetv-antaram | tatra tasya jaḍa-pratīyogitvena **jīānatvaṁduḥkha-pratīyogitvena** tu **jīānatvam ānandatvaṁca** | **jīānatvaṁtūdāhṛtam** | ānandatvaṁ nirupādhipremāspadatvena sādhayati |

tasmāt priyatamaḥ svātmā
sarveṣām eva dehinām |
tad artham eva sakalam
jagac caitac carācaram || [BhP 10.14.54]

spaṣṭam || 10.14 || śrī -śukaḥ ||28||

[29]

tasmiṁś cānandātmake **jīāne** pratisvaṁyūṣmad-arthatvaṁna bhavati | kintv ātmatvād asmad-arthatvam eva | tac cāsmad-arthatvam ahambhāva eva | tato'ham ity etac chabdābhidheyākāram evaa **jīānamśuddha ātmā prakṛtyāveśo'nyathā** nopapadyate | yata evāveśāt tadi ya-saikhāta evāham ity ahasmāvāntaraṁprāpnoti tad etad abhipretya tasyāhamatvam āha |

evamparābhidyānena
kartṛtvaṁprakṛteḥ pumān |
karmasu kriyamāṇeṣu
guṇair ātmani manyate || [BhP 3.26.6]

parābhidyānena prakṛtyāveśena prakṛtir evāham iti mananena prakṛti-guṇaiḥ kriyamāṇeṣu karmasu kartṛtvaṁ ātmani manyate | atra nirahambhāvasya parābhidyānāsambhavāt parāveśajātāharkārasya cāvarakatvād asty eva tasminn anyo'hambhāva-viśeṣaḥ | sa ca śuddha-svarūpa-mātra-niṣṭhatvān na sarīśāra-hetur iti spaṣṭam | etad evāharkāra-dvayaṁ**sanne yad indriya-gaṇe'hami ca prasupte kūtastha āśayam ṛte tad-anusmṛtir na** ity atra [BhP 11.3.39] darśitam⁶ | upādhyabhimānātmakasyāharkārasya prasuptatvāt tad-anusmṛtir na ity anena sukham aham asvāpsvam ity ātmano'hatayaiva parāmarśāc ca ataeva māmahamnā**jīāsiṣam** ity atra parāmarśe'pi upādhyabhimānino'nusandhānābhāvaḥ anyasya tv **ajīāna-sākṣitvenānusandhānam** iti dik |

|| 3.26 || śrī -kapiladevaḥ ||29||

[30]

tathā –

⁵ Quoted above in section 22.

⁶ Above, section 19.

nṛ tyato gāyataḥ paśyan
yathaivānukaroti tān |
evaṃbuddhi-guṇān paśyann
anī ho'py anukāryate || [BhP 11.12.53]

pūrvavat || 11.12 || śrī bhagavān ||30||

[31]

evam eva svapna-dṛṣṭāntam api ghaṭ ayann āha |

yad-arthena vināmuṣya
puruṣa ātma-viparyayaḥ |
pratīyata upadraṣṭuḥ
sva-śiraśchedanādikāḥ || [BhP 3.7.10]

upadraṣṭur amuṣyeti svapna-draṣṭrā amunā jīvenety arthaḥ || 3.7 || śrī -maitreyaḥ ||31||

[32]

sādhite ca savrūpa-bhūte'hambhāve pratikṣetraṃbhinnatvam api sādhitam | yat tu

vastuno yady anānātvam
ātmanaḥ praśna īdṛśaḥ |
kathamghaṭeta vo viprā
vaktur vā me ka āśrayaḥ || [BhP 11.13.22]

ityādau jñānino laukika-guru-rītiṃtadīya-prākṛta-dṛṣṭīmivānusr̥tya svasya jīvāntara-
sādhāraṇya-kalpanā-maye śrī-haiṣa-deva-vākye jīvātmanām ekatvam | tat khalu anīśa-
bhede'pi jñānecchūn prati jñānopayogitvena tam avivicyaiva samānākāratvena | bheda-
vyapadeśaḥ yathā tatraiva |

pañcātmakeṣu bhūteṣu samāneṣu api vastutaḥ |
ko bhavān iti vaḥ praśno vācārambho hy anarthakaḥ || [BhP 11.13.23] iti |

tatrāpy anīśa-bhedo'sty eva | ata uktamsvayāmbhagavatā -- śuni caiva śvapāke ca paṇḍitāḥ
samadarśinaḥ [Gī tā 5.18] iti | nirdoṣamhi samambrama ity ādi ca [Gī tā 5.19] | atra
brahmeti jīva-brahmaivocyate | yathā yathāham etat sad-asat sva-māyayā paśye mayi
brahmaṇi kalpitampare iti | mayi brahmaṇi dehātmakampare brahmaṇi ca jagad-ātmakam
sad-asat kārya-kāraṇa-saiḥhātamsva-viṣayaka-māyayā jīva-māyākhyayā deha evāham
tathā indra-candrādy-ātmakamjagad eśvara itīdamkalpitam eva yayā matyā paśye
paśyāmīty arthaḥ | samāna-kāraṇatvād eva pūrvavad anyatra ca so'haṃsa ca tvam iti | tad
evaṃsarveṣāmeva jīvānām ekākāratve sati | yāvat syād guṇa-vaiṣamyamītvān nānātvam
ātmanaḥ | nānātvam ātmano yāvat pāratantryamītvādaiva hīty ādiṣu devādi-deha-bheda-
kṛtāgantuka-nānātvamnigadyate |

veṇu-randhra-vibhedena
bhedaḥ ṣaḍ-jādi-saijñāḥ |
abheda-vyāpinī vāyos
tathā tasya mahātmanaḥ || ity [ViP 2.14.32] ādikamtu paramātmavaiṣyakam eva |

tad etat sarvam abhipretya jī vānāṁpratikṣ etrambhinnatvaṁsva-pakṣ atvena nirdiśanti |
aparimitā dhruvās tanu-bhṛ to yadi sarva-gatā iti || [BhP 10.87.30]

atra yadi-śabdāt pūrva-pāṭ hena parimitatvamdhruvatvamcāsandigdham iti tatra svapakṣ atvampaścāt-pāṭ hena sarva-gatatvamtu sandigdham iti | tatra para-pakṣ atvam spaṣṭam eva | ataeva eko devaḥ sarva-bhūteṣu gūḍha ity ādikamparmā tma-paramvākyaṁ jī vānām ekatvambodhayati || 10.87 || śrutayaḥ ||32||

[33]

prati-kṣetra-bhinnatve hetv-antaram aṅur iti | aṅuḥ paramāṅur ity arthaḥ | paramāṅuś ca yasya dig-bhede'py aṅśo na kalpayitumśakyate sa evāṅśasya parā kṣṭheti tad-vidaḥ | aṅor apy akhaṇḍa-deha-cetayitṛ tvamprabhāva-viśeṣād guṇād eva bhavati | yathā śira ādua dhāryamānasya jatū-jat hitasyāpi mahauś adhi-khaṇḍasyākhaṇḍa-deha-puṣṭi karanādi-hetuḥ prabhāvaḥ | yathā vāyaskāntāder lauha-cālanādi-hetuḥ prabhāva eva tadvat | tad etad aṅutvam āha **sūkṣmāṅm apy ahamjī va** iti [BhP 11.16.11]

tasmāt sūkṣmatā-parākṣṭhā-prāpto jī va ity arthaḥ | durjīvyatvād yat sūkṣmatvatmad atra na vivakṣitam | **mahatāṅca mahān ahamśūkṣmāṅm apy ahamjī va** iti paraspara-pratīyogitvena vākya-dvayasyānandaryauktau svārasya-bhaṅgāt | prapañca-madhye hi sarva-kāraṇtvān mahat-tattvasya mahattvamna ma vyāpakatvamna tu pṛthivyādyapekṣayā sujīvyatvam yathā tadvat prapañca jī vānām api sūkṣmatvamparamāṅutvam eveti svārasyam | śrutayaś ca – **eṣ o'ṅur ātmā cetasā veditavyo yasmin prāṇaḥ pañadhā saṁviveśeti** [MuṇḍU 3.1.9] |

bālāgra-śata-bhāgasya śatadhā kalpitasya ca | bhāgo jī vaḥ sa vijīyate [ŚvetU 5.9] iti |

ārāgra-mātro hy aparo'pi dṛṣṭa iti ca || 11.16 || śrī -bhagavān ||33||

[34]

tathā –

aparimitā dhruvās tanu-bhṛto yadi sarva-gatās tarhi na śāsyateti niyamo dhruva netarathā | ajani ca yan mayam tad avimucya niyantr bhavet samam anujānatāmyad amatam mata-duṣṭatayā || [BhP 10.87.30]

ayam arthaḥ – paramā tmano'ṅśatvatmāsmā jāyamānatvamca jī vasya śrūyate | tatra **mamaivāṅśo jī va loke** [Gītā 15.7] ity ādi siddhe'ṅśatve tāvat tasya vibhutvam uktam ity āhuḥ | aparimitā vastuta evānanta-saṅkhyā nityāś ca ye tanu-bhṛto jī vās te yadi sarvagatā vibhavāḥ syuḥ, tarhi teṣāṁ vyāpyatvābhāvena samatvāt śāsyateti niyamo na syāt | īśvaro niyantā jī vo niyama ity veda-kṛta-niyamo na ghaṭata ity arthaḥ | he dhruva itarathā jī vasyāṅutvena vyāpya-bhāve tu sati na tan-niyamo na api tu sa ghaṭata evety arthaḥ |

atha **yato vā imāni bhūtāni jāyante** iti jāyamānatvāvasthāyāṁ api vyāpya-vyāpakatvenaiva niyantr tvambhavati | sarvatraiva kārya-kāraṇayos tathābhāva-darśanād ity āhuḥ ajani ti | yan-mayam tad-upādānakam yad ajani jāyate ity arthaḥ | tad-upādānamkartr tasya jāyamānasya yan-niyantr bhavet tad avimucya kiñcid apy anuktā vyāpyaivety arthaḥ | kim ca yad-upādāna-rūpamparamātmā khyāntattvamkenāpy apareṇa samamsamānam ity anujānatāmyaḥ kaścit tathā vadati tatrānujānam api dadatā amatam jīvanam bhavati ty arthaḥ | tatra hetuḥ mata-duṣṭatayā tasya matasyāśuddhatvena | tatrāśuddhatvamśrutvā ca virodhāt | śrutiś ca **asamo vā eṣ a paro na hi kaścid eva dṛṣyate sarve tv ete na vā jāyante ca mriyate sarve hy apūrnāś ca bhavanti ti caturveda-śikhāyām** | **na tat-samaś cābhyadhikaś ca dṛṣyate** iti |

atha kasmād ucyate brahmā bṛ nṛhati bṛ nṛhayati ceti cānyatra | [bṛ hatvād bṛ nṛhaṇatvāc ca yad brahma paramamvidur](#) iti [ViP 1.12.57] [śrī -viṣ ṇu-purāṇe](#) | ataḥ paramātmāna eva sarva-vyāpakatvam | [eko devaḥ sarva-bhūteṣ u gūḍhaḥ sarva-vyāpī sarva-bhūtāntarātmā](#) ity ādau | tasmād aṅgur eva jī va iti |

yat tu [śrī -bhagavad-gī tāsu](#) nityaḥ sarva-gataḥ sthānūr ity ādinā jī va-nirūpaṇamītra sarva-gataḥ śrī -bhagavān eva tat-sthas tad-āśritaś cāsāv aguṇaś ca iti sarvagataḥ sthānūr jī vaḥ proktaḥ || 10.87 || śrutayaḥ ||34||

[35]

atha śuddha-svarūpatvān nitya-nirmalatvam udāhṛ tam eva | śuddho vicaṣ ṭ e hy aviśuddha-kartur ity anena | tathā tenaiva śuddhasyāpi jñā tṛ tvam apy udāhṛ tam | jñā namca nityasya svābhāvika-dharmatvān nityam | ataeva na vikriyātmakam api | tathā caitanya-sambandhena dehādeḥ kartṛ tva-darśanāt | kvacid acetanasya kartṛ tvaṁca | na ṛ te tat kriyate kiṁca nāre ity ādāv antaryāmi-caitanya-sambandhena bhavatī ty aṅgī kārāc ca śuddhād eva kartṛ tvampravartate | tad uktam – [dehendriya-prāṇa-mano-dhiyo'mī yad-anāśa-biddhāḥ pracaranti karmasv](#) iti [BhP 6.16.24] | tat tūpādhi-prādhānyena pravartamānam upādhi-dharmatvena vyapadiśyate | yathā – [kārya-kāraṇa-kartṛ tve kāraṇamprakṛ tiṁvidur](#) ity [BhP 3.26.8] ādau | paramātmā-prādhānyena pravartamānam tu nirupādhikam evety āha |

[sāttvikaḥ kārako'saṅgī](#)
[rāgāndho rājasaḥ smṛ taḥ |](#)
[tāmasaḥ smṛ ti-vibhraṣ ṭ o](#)
[nirguṇo mad-apāśrayaḥ ||](#) [BhP 11.25.26]

spaṣ ṭ am || 11.25 || śrī -bhagavān ||35||

[36]

atha bhoktṛ tvamsaivedana-rūpatvena yathā tathā tatraiva cid-rūpe paryavasyatī ty āha [bhoktṛ tve sukha-duḥkhānāmpuruṣ amprakṛ teḥ param](#) iti [BhP 3.26.8] || kāraṇam iti pūrveṇaivānvayaḥ || 3.26 || śrī -kapila-devaḥ ||36||

[37]

atha paramātmāika-śeṣ atveti vyākhyeyam | ekaḥ paramātmāno'nyaḥ śeṣ o'ñś aḥ | sa cāsau sa ca eka-śeṣ aḥ | paramātmāna eka-śeṣ aḥ paramātmāika-śeṣ aḥ | tasya bhāvas tattvamītra eva svabhāvaḥ prakṛ tir yasya sa paramātmāika-śeṣ atva-svabhāvaḥ | tathābhūtaś cāyamsarvadā mokṣ a-daśāyām apī ty arthaḥ | etādṛ śatvaṁcāsyā svataḥ svarūpata eva na tu paricchedādīnā | tadī ya-svābhāvika-cintya-śaktyā svābhāvika-tadī ya-raśmi-paramāṇu-sthānī yatvāt aupādhikāvathāyās tv aṁś ena prakṛ ti-śeṣ atvam api bhavati iti ca svata ity asya bhāvaḥ | śakti-rūpatvaṁcāsyā taḥ astha-śakty-ātmakatvāt, tathā tadī ya-raśmi-sthānī yatve'pi nitya-tad-āśrayitvāt tad-vyatirekeṇa vyatirekāt | hetur bhāvo'sya sargāder ity anusāreṇa jagat-sṛ ṣ ṭ au tat-sādhanaṁ | dravya-svarūpatve'pi pradhāna-sāmyāc cāvagamyaṁ | uktam ca prakṛ ti-viśeṣ atvena tasya śaktitvam –

[viṣ ṇu-śaktiḥ parā proktā](#)
[kṣ etrajñā khyā tathā parā |](#)
[avidyā karma-sañjñā khyā](#)
[tṛ ti yā śaktir ucyate ||](#) iti [viṣ ṇu-purāṇe](#) [ViP 6.7.61] |

bhūmir āpo'nalo vāyur ity [Gī tā 7.4] ādau bhinnā prakṛtir aṣṭadhety anantaram |

apareyam itas tv anyām
prakṛtimviddhi me parām |
jīva-bhūtāmmahābāho
yayedamdhāryate jagat || iti śrī-gītopaniṣatsu ca |

viṣṇu-śaktiḥ parā proktety ādi viṣṇu-purāṇa-vacane tu tisṛṇām eva pṛthak śaktitva-nirdeśāt
kṣetrajñasyāvidyā-karma-sambandhena śaktitvam iti parās tam | kintu svarūpenaivety
āyātam | tathā ca gītam mamaivānīśa iti | atevāpareyam itas tv anyām ity uktam | kṣetrajñ
etā manaso vibhūtir ity ādau kṣetrajñ-śabdaś ca śuddhe'pi pravartate kṣetra-
śabdasyopalakṣaṇa-mātratvāt |

tad evamśaktitve'py anyatvam asya taṣṭhatvāt | taṣṭhatvaṁca māyā-śakty-atītatvāt |
asyāvidyāparābhavādirūpeṇa doṣeṇa paramātmāno lepābhāvāc cobhaya-koṭāv apraveśāt |
tasya tac-chaktitve satyapi paramātmanas tal-lepābhāvāś ca yathā kvacid eka-deśa-sthe
raśmau chāyayā tiraskṛte'pi sūryasyātiraskāras tadvat | uktamca taṣṭhatvaṁśrī-nārada-
pañjarātre –

yataṣṭhatvāstham cid-rūpam
sva-sarvedyādvinirgatam |
rajjītamguna-rāgeṇa
sajīva iti kathyate || ity ādau |

ato viṣṇu-purāṇe'py antarāla eva paṭhito'sau | anyatvaṁca śrutau asmān māyī sṛjate
viśvam etat tasminś cānyo māyayā samiruddhaḥ [ŚvetU 4.9] | tayor anyañ pippalaṁ
svādvatti ity ādau | ataevoktamvaiṣṇave vibheda-janake jñāne nāśam ātyantikamgate |
ātmāno brahmaṇo bhedaś asantamkaḥ kariṣyati ti | devatva-manuṣyatvādi-lakṣaṇo
viśeṣato yo bhedaś tasya janake'py ajñāne nāśamgate brahmaṇaḥ paramātmānaḥ sakāśād
ātmāno jīvasya yo bhedaḥ svābhāvikaś sambhedaś asantamkaḥ kariṣyati api tu santam
vidyamānam eva sarva eva kariṣyati ty arthaḥ | uttaratra paṭhe nāśantam ity etasya
vidheyatvād anyārthaḥ kaṣṭha-sṛṣṭā eveti mokṣādāyām api tad-anīśatvāvyabhicāraḥ
svābhāvika-śaktitvād eva | atevāvidyā-vimokṣa-pūrvaka-svarūpāvashtiti-lakṣaṇāyām
muktau tal-līnasya tat-sādharmyāpattir bhavati | niraijanaḥ paramaṁsāmyam upaiti ty ādi-
śrutibhyaḥ | idamjñānam upāśritya mama sādharmyam āgatāḥ | svarge'pi nopajāyate
pralaye na vyathanti ceti śrī-gītopaniṣadbhyaś ca | ataeva brahma veda brahmaiva bhavati ty
[Muṇḍ 3.2.9] ādiṣu ca brahma-tādātmīyam eva bodhayati | svābhāvīyāpattir upapatter itivat
| tad evamśaktitve siddhe śakti-śaktimatoh parasparānupraveśāt śaktimad-vyatireke śakti-
vyatirekāt cittvāviśeṣāc ca kvacid abheda-nirdeśa ekasminn api vastuni śakti-vaividhya-
darśanāt bheda-nirdeśāś ca nāsamājasaḥ | śrī-rāmānujīyās tu adhiṣṭhānādhīṣṭhātror api
jīveṣayor abheda-vyapadeśo vyakti-jātyor gavādi-vyapadeśavad iti manyante | yathā śrī-
viṣṇu-purāṇe⁷–

yo'yamtavāgato deva-
samīpamdevatā-gaṇaḥ |
sa tvam eva jagat-sraṣṭā
yataḥ sarva-gato bhavān || iti |

⁷ Not found in Gita Press edition.

śrī -gī tāsu ca – sarvaṁsamāpnoṣi tato'si sarva iti | tatra jñānecchūn prati śāstram abhedam upadīṣati bhaktī cchūn prati tu bheda eva | kvacit tu paramātmā-pratibimbatvānyad asya śrūyate, yathā –

yathā puruṣa ātmānam ekam ādarśa-cakṣuṣ or dvidhā-bhūtam evekṣeta tathaivāntaram āvayor iti | tad api jñānecchūn praty abheda-dṛṣṭi-poṣaṇārtham evocyate na vāstava-vṛttyaiva pratibimbatvena | advayavāda-guru-mate'py ambuvad agrahaṇā⁸ iti [Vs 3.2.19] nyāya-virodhād vṛddhi-hrāsa-bhāktvam antrabhāvād ubhaya-sāmañjasyād evam iti [Vs 3.2.20] nyāyena yathā-katharīcītat pratibimba-sādṛśya-mātrāṅgī kāraṇa ca | tad etat tasya paramātmānīśa-rūpatāyā nityatvaṁśrī -gī topaniṣadbhir api darśitam mamaivānīśo jīvaloke jīvala-bhūtaḥ sanātana iti | tad evaṁnīśatvatmāvad āha tatra samaṣṭeḥ --

eña hy aṣṭāṅga-sattvānām
ātmāṅgaṁ paramātmanāṁ |
ādya 'vatāro yatrāsau
bhūta-grāmo vibhāvyaḥ || [BhP 3.6.8]

ōékā ca – aṣṭāṅga-sattvānām prāḥinām ātmā vyañōēnā tad-aṅgaṁ jēvaṁ | avatāratoktis
tasmin nārāyaṇāvīrabhāvābhīprāyēety eñā || 3.6 || ṣṛē-ṣukāṁ || 37 ||

[38]

atha vyaṣṭeḥ –

ekasyaiva mamānīśasya
jīvasyaiva mahāmate |
bandho'syāvidyayānāder
vidyayā ca tathetaraḥ || [BhP 11.11.4]

itaro mokṣaḥ | atra raśmi-paramāṇu-sthānī yo vyaṣṭeḥ | tatra sarvābhīmānī kaścit samaṣṭeḥ ir
iti jñānam || 11.11 || śrī -bhagavān ||38||

[39]

tatra śaktitvenaivānīśatvaṁvyañjayanti –

sva-kṛta-pure'py amīṣv abahir-antara-saṁvaraṇam
tava puruṣamvadanty akhila-śakti-dhṛto'nīśa-kṛtam | [BhP 10.87.20] iti |

abahir-antara-saṁvaraṇambahir bahiraṅgāṇi kāraṇāṇi kāryāṇi antar antaraṅgāṇi tair
asaṁvaraṇamkārya-kāraṇair asaṁṣṛṣṭam | anīśa-kṛtam anīśam ity arthaḥ | akhila-śakti-
dhṛtaḥ sarva-śakti-dharasyeti viśeṣaṅgī va-śakti-viśiṣṭe asyaiva tava jīvo'nīśo na tu
śuddhasyeti gamayitvā jīvasya tac-chakti-rūpatvenaivānīśatvam ity anenaivānīśatvam ity
etat vyañjayanti | atha taṁ asthatvaṁca sa yad ajayā tyajām anuśayī tety ādau vyaktam asti
ubhayakoṭāv apraviṣṭeḥ eva || 10.87 || śrutayaḥ śrī -bhagavantam ||39||

[40]

atha jñānecchūmprati jīveṣayor abhedam āha --

ahambhāvān na cānyas tvam

⁸ ambuvad agrahaṇāt tu na tathātvam is the full sūtra.

tvam evāhamvicakṣ va bhoḥ |
na nau paśyanti kavayaś
chidraṁjā tu manāg api || [BhP 4.28.62]

spaṣ ṭ am|| 4.28 || śrī -paramātmā puraṅgam || 40 ||

[41]

tatra pūrvokta-rī tyā prathamāntāvat sarveṣ ām eva tattvānāṁparasparānupraveśa-
vivaḥ ayaikyamprati yate ity evaṁśaktimati paramātmāni jī vākhyā-śakty-anupraveśa-
vivaḥ aiva tayor aikya-pakṣ e hetur ity abhipraite śrī -bhagavān --

parasparānupraveśāt
tattvānāṁpuruṣ arṣ abham |
paurvāparya-prasaṅkhyānam
yathā vaktur vivaḥ itam || [BhP 11.22.7]

ṭ ī kā ca – anyonyasminn anupraveśād vaktur yathā vivaḥ itam tathā pūrvā alpa-saṅkhyā
aparā adhika-saṅkhyā tayor bhāvaḥ paruvāparyamtena prasaṅkhyānamgaṇanam ity eṣ ā ||
11.22|| śrī -bhagavān || 41 ||

[42]

athāvyatirekeṇa cid-rūpatvāviśeṣ eṇāpi tayor aikyam upadiśati –

puruṣ eśvarayor atra na vilakṣ aṅyam aṅv api |
tad-anya-kalpanāpārthā iti [BhP 11.22.11] |

ṭ ī kā ca – kathamtarhi pañcaviṁśati-pakṣ as tatrāha puruṣ eti | vilakṣ aṅyamvisadr śatvam
nāsti dvayor api cid-rūpatvāt | atas tayor atyantam anyatva-kalpanā-pārthā ity eṣ ā | atra
sadr śatvānanyatvābhyāntayor śakti-śaktimattvamdarśitam | tenāvyatireko'pi || 11.21 ||
śrī -bhagavān ||42||

[43]

atha bhaktī cchumprati tayor bhedam upadiśati |

yadā rahitam ātmānam
bhūtendriya-guṇāśayaiḥ |
svarūpeṇa mayopetaṁ
paśyan svārājyam ṭ cchati || [BhP 3.9.33]

ātmānamjī vaṁsvarūpeṇa tasyā jī va-śakter āśraya-bhūtena śaktimatā mayā upetaṁ
yuktam | svārājyaṁsārṣ ṭ yādīkam || 3.9 || grabhodaśāyī brahmāṇam ||43||

[44]

tatra bhede hetum āha –

anādy-avidyā-yuktasya
puruṣ asyā tma-vedanam |
svato na sambhavād anyas
tattvajñō jñā nado bhavet || [BhP 11.22.10]

ṭ ī kā ca – svato na sambhavati, anyatas tu sambhavāt | svataḥ sarvajñāḥ parmeśvaro'nyo bhaved iti ad-viñśati-tattva-poakṣ ābhiprāyaḥ ity eṣ ā | jñānadatvam atra jñānāj jñātuś ca vilakṣ anyam ī śvarasya bodhayaty eveti bhāvaḥ | evamtvatto jñānamhi jī vā nānpramoṣ as te'tra śaktiḥ [BhP 11.22.28] ity uddhava-vākyamcāgre |

atra yadi jī vā jñānakalpita eva tasya parameśvaratvaṁsyāt tarhi sthāṇu-puruṣavat tasya jñāna-dattam api na syād ity ataḥ satya eva jī veśvara-bheda ity evaśrī mad-ī śvareṇaiva svayamntasya pāramarthikeśvarābhimānitvenaivāstitvamūdhān prati bodhitam iti spaṣṭam | bheda-vādinaś cātraiva prakaraṇe yathā viviktaṁyad vaktraṁgr hñī mo yukti-sambhavād ity atra parama-vivekajas tu bheda eveti | tathā, māyāmmadī yām udagr hya vadatāmkimnu durghaṭ am iti [BhP 11.22.4] ca manyate |

nanu,

śrutiḥ pratyakṣam aitihiyam anumānamcatuṣṭ ayam |
pramāṇeṣv anavasthānād vikalpān sa virajyate || ity [BhP 11.19.17]

atra bheda-mātramniṣ idhyate vikalpa-śabdasya sañśayārthatvāt | sañśayamparityajya vastuny eva niṣṭhā karoti ty arthaḥ | ataeva karmaṇāmpariṇāmitvād āvirīṭyād amaṅgalam | vipaścin naśvaraṁpaśyed adṣṭam api dṣṭam avad ity atrāsyottara-śloke'pi virīṭam evāvadhimkṛtvā naśvaratva-dṣṭam iruktā na tu vaikuṇṭhādikam apīti || 11.19 || śrī -bhagavān ||44||

[45]

anyatrāpi śrī-jāmātr-munibhir upadiṣṭasya jīva-lakṣaṇasyaviopajīvyatvena tamlakṣayati tribhiḥ –

ahaṁmamābhimānotthaiḥ
kāma-lobhādibhir malaiḥ |
vītaṁyadā manaḥ śuddham
aduḥkham asukhamsamam || [BhP 3.25.16]

tadā puruṣa ātmānam
kevalamprakṛteḥ param |
nirantaramsvayamjyotir
aṇimānam akhaṇḍitam || [BhP 3.25.17]

jñāna-vairāgya-yuktena
bhakti-yuktena cātmanā |
paripaśyaty udāsīnam
prakṛtimca hataujasam || [BhP 3.25.18]

spaṣṭaiva yojanā | tavāham iti padyena sa ātmā nitya-nirmala iti | ātmānam ity anenaivāham artha iti | anyathā hy ātmatva-pratīty-abhāvaḥ syāt | kevalam ity anenaika-rūpa-svarūpa-bhāg iti | prakṛteḥ param ity anena vikāra-rahitaḥ | bhakti-yuktenety anena paramātmāprasādādhi na-tat-prakāśatvāt nirantaram ity anena nityatvāt paramātmāika-śeṣatvam iti | svayamjyotir ity anena svasmai svayamprakāśa ity jñāna-mātrātmako na ca iti ca | aṇimānam ity anenānur eveti prati-kṣetrambhinna iti ca | akhaṇḍitam ity anena vicchinna-jñānādi-śaktitvāt jñātr tva-kartṛ tva-bhokṛ tva-nija-dharmaka iti vyañjitam || 3.25 || śrī -kapiladevaḥ ||45||

[46]

tathedam api prāktana-lakṣaṇā-viruddham –

ātmā nityo 'vyayaḥ śuddha
ekaḥ kṣetra-jñāśrayaḥ |
avikriyaḥ sva-dṛg hetur
vyāpako 'saigy anāvṛtaḥ || [BhP 7.7.19]

etair dvādaśabhir vidvān
ātmāno lakṣaṇaiḥ paraiḥ |
ahamamety asad-bhāvaṁ
dehādau mohajantya jet || [BhP 7.7.20]

avyayaḥ apakṣaya-śūnyaḥ | eko na tu dehedriyādi-saighāta-rūpaḥ | kṣetra-jñātr tvādi-
dharmakaḥ | indriyādi nāmaśrayaḥ | svābhāvika-jñātr tvād evāvikriyaḥ | svadṛk svasmai
svayamprakāśaḥ | hetuḥ sargādi-nimittam | tad uktamśrī-sūtena – **hetur jīvo'sya sargāder
avidyā-karma-kāraka** [BhP 12.7.18] iti | vyāpako vyāpti-śīlaḥ | asaighī anāvṛtaś ca svataḥ
prakāśa-rūpatvāt | ahamamety asadbhāvaṁdehādau mohajantya jet iti dehādy-
adhikaraṇakasya mohajasyaiva tyāgo na tu svarūpa-bhūtasyety ahama artha iti | vyajjate |
tad evamjīvas taad – aīśatvāt sūkṣma-jyotī-rūpa ity eke | tathaiva hi kaustubhānīśatvena
vyajjitam | tathā ca **skānda-prabhāsa-khaṇḍe** jīva-nirūpaṇe –

na tasya rūpaṁvarṇā vā pramāṇamdrīśyate kvacit |
na śakyaṁkathitumvāpi sūkṣmaś cānanta-vigrahaḥ ||
bālāgra-śata-bhāgasya śatadhā kalpitasya ca |
tasmāt sūkṣmataro devaḥ sa cānantyāya kalpyte ||
āditya-varṇamsūkṣmābham ab-bindum iva puṣkare |
nakṣatram iva paśyanti yogino jñāna-caḥ uṣā || iti ||

||7.9|| śrī-prahlādo'sura-bālakān ||46||

[47]

tad evam anantā eva jīvākyāś taḥ asthāḥ śaktayaḥ | tatra tāsāṁvarga-dvayam | eko
vargo'nādīta eva bhagavad-unmukhaḥ anyas tv anādīta eva bhagavat-parāṁmukhaḥ |
svabhāvatas tadīya-jñāna-bhāvāt tadīya-jñānābhāvāc ca | atra prathamō'ntaraigāśakti-
vilāsānugrāhī to nitya-bhagavat-parikara-rūpo garuḍādikaḥ | yathoktam**pādmottara-khaṇḍe
tripād-vibhūter lokāś tv** ity ādau **bhagavat-sandarbhodā**hṛte (81) | asya ca taḥ asthatvaṁ
jīvatva-prasiddher īśvaratva-koṭāv apraveśāt | aparasya tat-parāṁmukhatva-doṣeṇa labdha-
cchidrayā māyayā paribhūtaḥ saīśārī | yathoktamhaīśa-guhya-stave – **sarvaṁpumān
veda guṇānīś ca taj-jñāna veda sarvajñam anantam īde** iti [BhP 6.4.25] | ekādaśe ca --
bhayaṁdvitīyābhīniveśataḥ syād iti [BhP 11.2.37] |

tad-varga-dvayam evoktamśrī-vidureṇāpi –

tattvānāmbhagavaṁś teṣāṁ
katidhā prati-saṅkramaḥ |
tatremāṅka upāśīran
ka u svid anuśerate || [BhP 3.7.37] ity anena |

tatra parameśvara-parāḍmukhānām śuddhānām api tac-chakti-viśiṣṭān parameśvarāt
sopādhikamjanma bhavati | tac ca janma nijopādhī-janmanā nija-jnamābhīmāna-
hetukādhyātmikāvasthā-prāptir eva | tad etad āhuh --

na ghaṭ ata udbhavaḥ prakṛ ti-puruṣ ayor ajayor
ubhaya-yujā bhavany asubhṛ to jala-budbudavat |
tvayi na ime tato vividha-nāma-guṇaiḥ parame
sarita ivārṇave madhuni likhyur aśeṣ a-rasāḥ || [BhP 10.87.31]

prakṛ tes traiguṇyaṁ puruṣ aṁśuddhau jī vas tayor dvayor apy ajatvād udbhavo na ghaṭ ate
ye cāsubhṛ ta ādhyātmika-rūpāḥ sopādhayo jī vā jāyante tat-tad-ubhaya-śakti-yujā
paramātmānaiva kāraṇena jāyante prakṛ ti-vikāra-pralayeṇa supta-vāsanatvāt śuddhās tāḥ
paramātmāni lī nā jī vākhyāḥ śaktayaḥ sṛ ṣ ṭ i-kāle vikāriṇī mprakṛ tim āsṛ jya kṣ bhita-vāsanāḥ
satyaḥ sopādhikāvasthā mprāpnuvantya eva vyuccaranti ty arthaḥ | etad abhipretyaiva
bhagavān eka āsedam ity [3.5.23] ādi **ṛ ṭ i ya-skandha**-prakaraṇe –

kāla-vṛ ttyā tu māyāyām
guṇa-māyām adhokṣ ajaḥ |
puruṣ eṇā tma-bhūtena
vī ryam ādhatta vī ryavān || [BhP 3.5.26]

ity anena vī rya-śabdoktasya jī vasya prakṛ tāvādhānam uktam | evaṁśrī -gī **topaniṣ atsv** api
mama yonir mahad brahma tasmin garbhamādadhāmy aham ity [Gī tā 14.3] atroktam |
ṭ ī kākārāis ca brahma-śabdena prakṛ tir vyākhyātā garbha-śabdena jī va iti | punar eṣ a eva
ṛ ṭ i ye –

daivāt kṣ ubhita-dharminyām
svasyāmyonau paraḥ pumān |
ādhatta vī ryaṁśāsūta
mahat tattvaṁhiraṇmayam || [BhP 3.26.19]

ity atra vī ryaṁcic-chaktim iti ṭ ī kāyāṁvyākhyātamataḥ śaktitvam asya ṭ ī kā-sammatam |
tato'kasmād udbhava-mātrāṁśe dṛ ṣ ṭ āntaḥ | jala-budbudavad iti | ataḥ punar api pralaya-
samaye ime sopādhikā jī vās tvayi bimbasthānī ya-mūla-cid-rūpe raśmi-sthānī ya-cid-eka-
lakṣ aṇa-śuddha-jī va-śaktimaye | tata eva svam apī to bhavati ty ādi śrutau sva-
śabdābhidheye parame paramātmāni vividha-nāma-guṇair vividhābhir devā di sanjīā bhir
vividhaiḥ śubhāśubha-guṇaiḥ ca saha lilyur lī yante | pūrvavat pralaye'pi dṛ ṣ ṭ āntaḥ sarita
ivārṇava iti aśeṣ a-rasā iva madhuni iti ca | atra deva-manuṣ yā di-nāma-rūpa-parityāgena
tasmin lī ne'pi svarūpa-bhedo'sty eva tat-tad-aṁśa-sad-bhāvād ity abhiprāyaḥ | atra śrutayaḥ
ajām ekām ity [ŚvetU 5.5] ādi |

yathā nadyaḥ syandamānāḥ samudre
'staṁgacchanti nāma-rūpe vihāya |
tathā vidvān nāma-rūpād vimuktaḥ
parāt parampuruṣ am upaiti divyam || [MuṇḍU 3.2.8] iti |

yathā saumyemā madhu-kṛ to nistiṣ ṭ hanti nānā-rūpāṇām vṛ kṣ ānāmrāsān samavahāram
ekatāmrasaṁgamayanti || [ChāU 6.9.1]

te yathā vivekaṁna labhante amuṣ āhamvṛ kṣ asya raso'smī ty evaṁkhalu saumyemāḥ
sarvāḥ prajāḥ sati sampadya na viduḥ sati sampadyā maha iti || iti [ChāU 6.9.2]

|| 10.87 || śrutayaḥ śrī -bhagavantam ||47||

tad evamparamā tmanas taṭ asthākhyā śaktir vivṛ tā | antarāṅgākhyā tu pūrvavad eva jñeyā |
atha bahiraṅgākhyā vivriyate |

eṣ ā māyā bhagavataḥ
sṛ ṣ ṭ i-sthity-anta-kāriṇī
tri-varṇā varṇitāsmābhiḥ
kimbhūyaḥ śrotum icchasi || [BhP 11.3.18]

bhagavataḥ svarūpa-bhūtaisvaryādeḥ | paramā tmana eṣ ā taṭ astha-lakṣ aṇena pūrvoktā jagat-
sṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādi-kāriṇī māyākhyā śaktiḥ | trayo varṇā yasyāḥ sā | tathā cātharvaṇikāḥ paṭ hanti |
sitāsītā ca kṛ ṣ ṇā ca sarva-kāma-dughā vibhor iti | uktaṁca daivī hy eṣ ā guṇamayī mama
māyā duratyayā [Gī tā 7.14] iti ||11.3|| antarī kṣ o videham ||48||

[49]

tasyā māyāyāś cāñśa-dvayam | tatra guṇa-rūpasya māyākhyasya nimittāñśasya drava-
rūpasya pradhānākhyasyopādānāñśasya ca parasparambhedam āha caturbhiḥ |

atha te sampravakṣ yāmi
sāṅkhyāmpūrva-viniścitam |
yad vijñāya pumān sadyo
jahyād vaikalpikambhramam || [BhP 11.24.1]

ṭ ī kā ca – advitī yāt paramā tmano māyayā prakṛ ti-puruṣ a-dvārā sarvaṁdvaitam udeti punas
tatraiva lī yate ity anusandadhānasya puruṣ asya dvandva-bhramo nivartate iti vaktum
sāṅkhyāmprastauti atha te ity eṣ ā | atra pradhāna-paryāyaḥ prakṛ ti-śabdhaḥ ||49||

[50]

āsī j jñāna-mayo artham
ekam evāvikalpitam |
yadā viveka-nipuṇā
ādau kṛ ta-yuge yuge || [BhP 11.24.2]

ṭ ī kā ca – atho śabdaḥ kārtsnye | jñānaṁdraṣ ṭ ṛ | tena dṛ śya-rūpaḥ kṛ tsno'py arthaś ca
vikalpa-śūnyam ekam eva | brahmaṇy eva lī nam āsī d ity arthaḥ | ity eṣ ā |

ṭ ṛ tī ya-skandhe ca bhagavān eka āsedam agra ātmā tmanāṁvibhur ity [BhP 3.5.23] ādau
yad bhagavattvena śabdyate tad evātra brahmatvena śabdyate iti vadantī ty ādivad
ubhatraikam eva vastu pratipādyam | ante tu eṣ a sāṅkhyā-vidhiḥ prokta ity ādau parāvara-
dṛ śā mayety anena bhagavad-rūpeṇāpy avasthitiḥ spaṣ ṭ aiva | kadety apekṣ āyām āha | yadā
ādau kṛ ta-yuge viveka-nipuṇā janā bhavanti tasmin yuge tat pūrvasmin pralaya-samaya ity
arthaḥ ||50||

[51]

tan-māyā-phala-rūpeṇa
kevalāmnirvikalpitam |
vāñmano-gocaraṁsatyam
dvidhā samabhadraḥ bṛ hat || [BhP 11.24.3]

ṭ ṛ tī kā ca – tad bṛ had brahma vāñmano-gocaraṁyathā bhavati tathā | māyā dṛ śyam | phalaṁ
tat-prakāśaḥ | tad-rūpeṇa māyā-rūpeṇa vilāsa-rūpeṇa ca dvidhābhūd ity eṣ ā | atra māyā

dṛśyam iti phalaṁtat-prakāśa iti chedaḥ | tena brahmaṇā yad dṛśyamvastu tan māyā |
tasya brahmaṇo yaḥ prakāśa-vikāśaḥ sa phalam ity arthaḥ ||51||

[52]

tayor ekataro hy arthaḥ
prakṛtiḥ sobhayātmikā |
jānanty anyatamo bhāvaḥ
puruṣaḥ so'bhidhī yate || [BhP 11.24.4]

ṭīkā ca – tayor dvidhābhūtayor anīśayor madhye ubhayātmikā kārya-kāraṇa-rūpiṇī | ity
eṣā | śrī -viṣṇu-purāṇe – viṣṇoḥ svarūpāt parato hi te'nye rūpaṁpradhānaṁpuruṣaś ca
vipra ity [ViP 1.2.24] atra teṣāṁ eva ṭīkā ca – parato nirupāder viṣṇoḥ svarūpāt te prāg
ukte pradhānaṁpuruṣaṁceti dve rūpe anye māyā-kṛte iti || 11.24 || bhagavān ||52||

[53]

anyatra tayor upādāna-nimittayor anīśayor vṛtti-bhedena bhedaṁ apy āha --

kālo daivamkarma jīvaḥ svabhāvo
dravyamkṣetraṁprāṇam ātmā vikāraḥ |
tat-saiḅhātō bīja-roha-pravāhas
tan-māyaisā tan-niṣedhamprapadye || [BhP 10.63.26]

ṭīkā ca – kālaḥ kṣobhakaḥ | karma nimittaṁtad eva phalābhimukham abhivyaktam
daivam | svabhāvas tat-saiṅkāraḥ | jīvas tadvān | dravyambhūta-sūksmāṇi | kṣetraṁ
prakṛtiḥ | prāṇaḥ sūtram | ātmā ahaikāraḥ | vikāra ekādeśendriyāṇi mahābhūtāni ceti
ṣoḍaśakaḥ tat-saiḅhātō dehaḥ | tasya ca bīja-rohavat pravāhaḥ | roho'rkuraḥ | dehād bīja-
rūpaṁkarma | tato'rkura-rūpo dehaḥ | tataḥ punar evam iti pravāhaḥ | tamtvām
niṣedhāvadhi-bhūtamprapadye bhaje iti | ity eṣā |

atra kāla-daiva-karma-svabhāvā nimittānīśāḥ anye upādānānīśās tadvān jīvas
tūbhayātmakas tathopādāna-varge nimitta-śakty-anīśo'py anuvartate | yathā jīvopādhi-
lakṣaṇaḥam-ākhye tattve tadīyāham (anīśa?)-bhāvaḥ sa hy avidyā-pariṇāma ity ādi |
yathoktamṭṛṭī yasya ṣaṣṭhe –

ātmānamcāsya nirbhinnam
abhimāno 'viśat padam |
karmaṇānīśena yenāsau
kartavyampratipadyate || [BhP 3.6.25] iti |

atrātmānam ahaikāram abhimāno rudraḥ karmaṇāhamvṛtītyā iti ṭīkā ca | atra ca yan
nirbhinnaṁtad-adhiṣṭhānaṁvāg-ādīndriyamṭṛṭī yānta-madhyātmam iti prakaraṇa-
nirṇayaṣṭīkāyāṁ eva kṛto'sti | bīja-rūpatvamkāraṇatā-mātra-vivakṣayā | tad evam atrāpi
mūla-māyāyāḥ sarvopādānānīśa-mūla-bhūtamkṣetra-śabdoktampradhānam apy anīśa-
rūpaṁ ity adhigatam | jīvas tadvān ity anena śuddha-jīvasya māyāṭītatvambodhayati ||
10.62 || jvaraḥ śrī -bhagavantam ||52||

[54]

atha nimitta-rūpaṁnīśasya prathame dve vṛttī āha –

vidyāvidye mama tanū

viddhy uddhava śarī riṇām |
bandha-mokṣa-karī ādye
māyayā me vinirmite || [BhP 11.11.3]

ṭ ī kā ca –tanyete bandha-mokṣāvāvābhyām iti tanū śaktī me māyayā vinirmite | māyā-vṛttirūpatvād bandha-mokṣa-karī ty eka-vacanaṁdvi-vacanārthe | nanu tat-kāryatve bandha-mokṣayor anāditva-nityatve na syātāmtatrāha ādye anādī | tato yāvad avidyāṁprerayāmi tāvad bandhaḥ yadā vidyāṁdadāmi tadā mokṣaḥ sphuratī ty arthaḥ | ity eṣ ā |

atra māyā-vṛttivād iti vastuto māyā-vṛttī eva te | vinirmitatvaṁtv aparānanta-vṛttikayā tayā prakāśamānatvād evocyate | yato'nādī ity arthaḥ | tathā sphuratī ty asya mokṣa ity anenaivānvayaḥ | jīvasya svato muktatvam eva | bandhas tv avidyā-mātreṇa pratītaḥ | vidyodaye tu tat prakāśate mātram | tato nitya eva mokṣa ity bhāvaḥ | na ca vācyam eṣ ā māyety ādau sāmānya-lakṣaṇo mokṣa-pradatvaṁtasyā noktam ity asamyaktvam iti | antakāritvenātyanta-pralaya-rūpasya mokṣasyāpy upalakṣitatvāt | atra vdiyākhyā vṛttiriyamsvarūpa-śakti-vṛttivīśeṣa-vidyā-prakāśe dvāram eva na tu svayam eva seti jñeyam | athāvidyākhyasya bhāgasya deva vṛttī | āvaraṇātmikā vikṣepātmikā ca | tatra pūrvā jīva eva tiṣṭhanti tadīyamsvābhāvikaṁjñānam āvṛṇvānā | uttarā ca tamtad-anyathā-jñānena sañcayantī vartata iti || 11.11 || śrī-bhagavān ||54||

[55]

atra nimittāñśas tv evaṁvivecanīyaḥ | yathā nimittāñśa-rūpayā māyākhyayaiva prasiddhā śaktis tridhā dṛśyate jñānecchā-kriyā-rūpatvena | tatra tasyāḥ parameśvara-jñāna-rūpatvaṁ yathā tṛtīye |

sā vā etasya sandraṣṭuḥ
śaktiḥ sad-asad-ātmikā |
māyā nāma mahā-bhāga
yayedānirmame vibhuḥ || [BhP 3.5.25] iti |

asya ṭ ī kāyām | sā vai dṛṣṭṛ-dṛśyānusandhāna-rūpā | saha-dṛśyam asad-dṛśyam ātmā svarūpam | sad-asatīr ātmā yasyās tad-ubhayānusandhāna-rūpatvād iti | tad-icchā-rūpatvaṁyathā tatraiva | ātmeccānugatāv ātmety asya ṭ ī kāyām | ātmeccā māyā tasyānugatau laye satīti | tat-kriyā-rūpatvaṁcaikādaśe eṣ ā māyā bhagavata ity udāhṛta-vacane eva draṣṭavyam | yad yadi parameśvarasya sāksāj jñānādikamna māyā | kintu svarūpa-śaktir eva | tathāpi taj-jñānādikamprakṛte kārye na tad-arthampravartate | kintu bhaktārtham eva pravartamānam anuṣaṅgenaiva pravartata ity agre vivecanīyatvāt | tat-pravṛtṭyābhāsa-sañvalitāmyan māyā-vṛttirūpaṁjñānādikam anyat tad eva taj-jñānādiśabdenocyate | tathābhūtaṁca taj-jñānādikāṁdvividham | svabhāva-siddhatvāt kevala-parameśvara-ñiṣṭhaṁtad-dattatvāt jīva-ñiṣṭhaṁca | tatra prathamāndraṣṭṛ-dṛśyānusandhāna-siṣṭkṣā-kāla-di-rūpaṁdvitīyamvidyāvidyā-bhogeccchā-karmādi-rūpam iti | atho-pādānāñśasya pradhānasya lakṣaṇam |

yat tat tri-guṇam avyaktam
nityamsad-asad-ātmakam |
pradhānamprakṛtimprāhur
aviśeṣamviśeṣavat || [BhP 3.26.10]

yat khalu tri-guṇamsattvādi-guṇa-traya-samāhāras tad evāvyaktampradhānamprakṛtim ca prāhuḥ | tatrāvyakta-sañjñatve hetur aviśeṣamguṇa-traya-sāmya-rūpatvād anabhivyakta-vīśeṣam ataevāvyākṛtasañjñāmceti gamitam | pradhāna-sañjñatve hetuḥ vīśeṣavat svakārya-rūpaṇāmmahad-ādi-vīśeṣāṇām āśraya-rūpatayā tebhyaḥ śreṣṭham |

prakṛti-sañjñā tve hetuḥ | sad-asad-ātmakamsad-asatsu kārya-kāraṇa-rūpeṣu mahad-ādiṣu
kāraṇatvād anugata ātmā svarūpamyasya tat | tathā nityampralaye kāraṇa-
mātrā tmanāvasthita-sarvānīśatvena sṛṣṭi-sthityoś ca pañcīkṛtānīśatvenāvīkṛtamsvarūpam
yasya tādr̥śam iti brahmatvaṁ mahad-ādi-rūpatvaṁ ca vyāvṛttam | brahmaṇo nirguṇatvāt
mahad-ādī nāmcāvyaḥkṛtāpekṣayā kāryarūpatvāt | evaṁca **śrī -viṣṇu-purāṇe** --

avyaktamkāraṇamīyat tat
pradhānam ṛṣṭi-sattamaḥ |
procyate prakṛtiḥ sūkṣmā
nityamsad-asad-ātmakam ||

akṣayamānyad ādhāram
ameyam ajaramdhruvam |
śabda-sparśa-vihīnam tad-
rūpādibhir asanhitam ||

triguṇamītaj-jagad-yonir
anādi-prabhavāpyayam |
tenāgre sarvam evāsi d
vyāptamvai pralayād anu || ity ādi [ViP 1.2.19-21] |

idam eva pradhānam anāder jagataḥ sūkṣmāvasthā-rūpam avyākṛtāvyaḥkṛtādy-abhidham
vedāntibhir api parameśvarādī natayā manyate **tad-adhī natvād arthavad** ity [Vs 1.4.3] ādi-
nyāyeṣu u niśidhyate tu sārkhyaivat svatantratayā **ānumānikam apy ekeṣām iti cen na śarīra-
rūpaka-vinyasta-grhīter darsayati ca** ity ādi-nyāyeṣu [Vs 1.4.1] | **śvetāśvataropaniṣadi**
pradhāna-śabdaś ca śrūyate | **pradhāna-kṣetrājñā-patir guṇeśaḥ sarīsāra-bandha-sthiti-
moksā-hetur** ity ādau ||3.26|| śrī -kapiladevaḥ ||55||

[56]

tad evaṁ **sandarbhā-dvaye** śakti-traya-vivṛtiḥ kṛtā | tatra nāmābhinnatā-janita-bhrānti-
hānāya saṅgraha-ślokāḥ –

māyā syād antaraṅgāyāmbahiraṅgā ca sā smṛtā |
pradhāne'pi kvacid ṛṣṭi-tad-vṛttir mohinī ca sā |
ādye traye syāt prakṛtiś cic-chaktis tv antaraṅgikā |
śuddha-jīve'pi te ṛṣṭe tatheśa-jñāna-vīryayoḥ ||
cinmāyā-śakti-vṛttyoś tu vidyā-śaktir udiṛyate |
cic-chakti-vṛttāu māyāyāmyoga-māyā samā smṛtā ||
pradhānāvyaḥkṛtāvyaḥkṛtāvyaktaṁtraiguṇye prakṛtau param |
na māyāyāmnā cic-chaktāv ity ādy ūhyamvivekibhiḥ || iti |

atha māyā-kāryamjagal lakṣyate –

tatas tenānuviddhebhyo
yuktebhyo 'ṇḍam acetanam |
utthitampuruṣo yasmād
udatiṣṭhad asau virāṭ || [BhP 3.26.51]

etad aṇḍamviśeṣākhyam
krama-vṛddhair daśottaraiḥ |
toyādibhiḥ parivṛtam
pradhānenāvṛtair bahiḥ

yatra loka-vitāno 'yam
rūpambhagavato hareḥ || [BhP 3.26.52]

teneśvareṇānubiddhebhyaḥ kṣubhtebyo mahad-ādibhyo'ṅdam acetanam utthitam |
yasmād aṅḍāsau virāṭ puruṣas tūdatiḥ ṭhat | bhagavataḥ puruṣasya || 3.26 || śrī -kapiladevaḥ
||56||

[57]

tad evambhagavato rūpam ity uktes tasyāpi prāgvad-aprākṛtatvam āpatati | tan-
niṣedhāyāha |

amunī bhagavad-rūpe
mayā te hy anuvarṇite |
ubhe api na gṛhṇanti
māyā-sṛṣṭe vipāścitaḥ || [BhP 2.10.35]

amunī amū upāsanārthambhagavaty āropite jagad-ātmake sthūla-sūkṣmākhye virāṭ
hiraṇya-garbhāpara-paryāye samaṣṭi-śarīre ye mayā tubhyam anuvarṇite te ubhe api
vipāścito na gṛhṇanti vastutayā nopāsate kimtarhi tadīya-bahiraṅgādhiḥ ṭhānatayaivety
arthaḥ | tad uktam **vaiṣṇave** –

yad etad dṛśyate mūrtam
etaj-jñānātmanas tava |
bhrānti-jñānena paśyanti
jagad-rūpam ayoginaḥ || iti [ViP 1.4.39] |

etan-mūrtam jagad bhrānti-jñānenaiva tava rūpam jānantī ty arthaḥ | śrutiś ca – **nedam yad
idam upāsata** iti | **yad idam jagad upāsate prāṇinaḥ nedambrahmeti śrī-rāmānuja-bhāṣyam**
| ataeva na gṛhṇanti ty atra hetur māyā-sṛṣṭe na tu svarūpa-śakti-prādurbhāvite | anena
caturbhujādi-lakṣaṇasya sāksād-rūpasya māyātītatvam api vyaktam | atrāsya jagato
māyāmayasya puruṣa-rūpatve puruṣa-guṇāvatārāṅmiviṣṭv-ādīnāmsattvādiamayās tad-
anīśā rūpāṇī ti jñeyam | tānyapekṣya coktam **mārkaṇḍeye** --

viṣṇuḥ śarīragrahaṇam aham īśāna eva ca |
kāritas te yato'tas tvāmkaḥ stotum śaktimān bhavet || iti |

śarīraśabdasya tat-tan-nija-śarīravācitve tu tad-grahaṇāt pūrvamiviṣṭv-ādī-
bhedāsambhavāt tan-nirdeśānupapatteḥ || 2.10 || śrī -śukaḥ || 57 ||

[58]

pūrvam māyā-sṛṣṭe ity uktam | tatra māyāśabdasya nājñānārthatvam | tad-vāde hi sarvam
eva jīvādīdvaitam ajñānenaiva sva-svarūpe brahmaṇi kalpyate iti matam | niraharīkārasya
kenacid dharmāntareṇāpi rahitasya sarva-vilakṣaṇasya cin-mātrasya brahmaṇas tu
nājñānāśrayatvamna cājñāna-viṣayatvamna ca brahma-hetutvasambhavatī ti |
paramālaukika-vastutvād acintya-śaktitvamtu sambhavet | yat khalu cintāmaṇyādāv api
dṛśyate, yatātridoṣaghnauṣadhivat paraspara-virodhinām api guṇānāmdhāriṇyā tasya
niravayavatvādike satyapi sāvayavatvādikam aṅgīkṛtam | tatra śabdaś cāsti pramāṇam |
vicitra-śaktiḥ puruṣaḥ purāṇaḥ cānveṣāmsaktayas tā dṛśaḥ syur ity ādikāḥ
śvetāśvataropaṇiś ad-ādau | ātmeśvaro'tarkya-sahasra-śaktir ity [BhP 3.33.3] ādikāḥ **śrī-
bhāgavatādiḥ u** | tathā ca **brahma-sūtram** – **ātmani caivam vicitrāś ca hi** iti [Vs. 2.1.28] |

tatra dvaitānyathānupapattyāpi brahmany-ajñādikamkalpayitumna śaktaye asambhavād eva | brahmany acintya-śakti-sad-bhāvasya yukti-labdhatvāt śrutatvāc ca dvaitānyathānupapattis ca dūre gatā | tataś cācintya-śaktir eva dvaitopapatī kāraṇam paryavasī yate | tasmān nirvikārādisvabhāvena sato'pi paramāmano'cintya-śaktyā viśvākāratvādinā pariṇāmādikāmbhavati cintāmany-ayaskāntādī nāmsarvārtha-prasavaloha-cālavādivat | tad etad aṅgī kṛ tamśrī -bādarāyaṇena śrutes tu śabda-mūlatvād iti [Vs 2.1.27] |

tatas tasya tādr̥śa-śaktivāt prakṛtavan-māyā-śabdasyendra-jāla-vidyā-vācitvam api na yuktam | kintu mī yate vicitrāmnirmī yate'nayeti vicitrārtha-kara-śakti-vācitvam eva | tasmāt paramātmā-pariṇāma eva śāstra-siddhāntaḥ | tad etac ca bhagavat-sandarbhē vivṛtam asti | tatra cāparinatasyaiva mato'cintayā śaktyā pariṇāma ity āsau sanmātratāvabhāsamāna-svarūpa-vyūha-rūpa-dravyākhyā-śakti-rūpeṇaiva pariṇāmate na tu svarūpeṇeti gamyate | yathaiva cintāmañiḥ | atas tan-mūlatvān na paramātmopādānatā-sampratipatti-bhaṅgaḥ | tad uktam ekādāśe śrī -bhagavatā –

prakṛtir yasyopādānam
ādhāraḥ puruṣaḥ paraḥ |
sato'bhivyaṅgakaḥ kālo
brahma tat-tritayas tv aham || [BhP 11.24.19] iti |

ataeva kvacid asya brahmopādānatvamkvacit pradhānopādānatvamśrūyate | tatra sāmāyākyā pariṇāma-śaktiś ca dvividhā varṇyate | nimittānto māyā upādānāntaḥ pradhānam iti | tatra kevalā śaktir nimittam tad vyūha-mayī tūpādānam iti vivekaḥ | ataevasrūtāv api vijñānamcāvijñānamceti [TaittU 2.6.1] kascyacid bhāgasyācetanatā śrūyate |

atha mūla-pramāṇe śrī -bhāgavate'pi tṛtīyādau mukhya eva sṛṣṭi-prastāve ca jñānavairāgyāṅgatvena ca purṇāntara-gati-sāmānya-sevitaḥ pradhāna-pariṇāma eva sphuṭam upalabhyate | kva ca stuty-ādau jñānavairāgyāṅgatayaiva vivarto'pi yaḥ śrūyate so'pi jagatōnānyathā-siddhatāparaḥ kintu paramātmā-yūha-pradhāna-pariṇāmena siddhasyaiva tasya samaṣṭi-vyaṣṭi-rūpasya yathāyathāmsuddhe paramātmāni tad-āntā-rūpātmāni vātmātmī yatādhyāropitāparaḥ |

tatra paramātmāni virāddhupāsānā-vākyādi-śravaṇamhetur ātmāni tu tat-tad-āveśo hetur iti vivecanīyam | anyatra siddhasya vastuna evānyatrāropo mithyā-khapaṣpāder āropāsambhavāt pūrva-pūrva-vivarta-mātra-siddhānādi-paramparā tve dṛṣṭāntābhāvāc ca | kiñca pūrvaṁvāri-darśanād vāry-ākārā vṛttir jā tāpi tad-aprasaṅga-samaye suptā tiṣṭhati tat tulya-vastu-darśanena tu jāgati, tad viśeṣānusandhānamvinā tad-abhedena svatantrāropayati tasmān na vāri mithyā, na vā smaraṇa-mayī tad-ākārā vṛttir, na vā tattulyammarī cikādi vastu kintu tad-abhedenāropa evāyathārthatvān mithyā | svapne ca māyā-mātram tu kārtsnyenānbhivyakta-svarūpatvād iti nyāyena [Vs 3.2.3] jāgrad-dṛṣṭāvastv-ākārāyānmano-vṛttāu paramātmā-māyā tad-vastv-abhedam āropayati tīpūrvavat | tasmād vastu tasya na kvacid api mithyātvam | śuddha ātmāni paramātmāni vā tādr̥śa-tad-āropa eva mithyā na tu viśvaṁmithyēti | tato jagataḥ paramātmā-jātatvena sāḅāt-tad-ātmī yatvābhāvād abudhānām eva tatra śuddhe tat-tad-buddhiḥ |

yadyapi śuddhāśrayam eva jagat tathāpi jagatā tat-saṁsargo nāsti | tad uktam asaktam sarvabhṛc caiva itī gī tāsu [Gītā 13.14] | tathā deha-gehādāv ātmātmī yatājñānamtes ām eva syād ity ubhayatraivāropaḥ śāstre śrūyate | yathā yad etad dṛśyate mūrtam ity [ViP 1.4.39] ādikamviṣṇu-purāṇe | yathā vā

tvām ātmānamparamatvā
paramātmānam eva ca |

ātmā punar bahir mṛ gya
aho akṣ ajanājīātā || iti [BhP 10.14.27] |

tvām ātmānaṁsarveṣ āmmūla-rūpamparam itaramtad-viparī tammatvā tathā param
itaramjī vam eva ca mūla-rūpātmānammatvā sārkhya-vida iva tasya tathā manyamānasya
punaḥ sa jī vātmā bahir mṛ gyo bhavati | tasya tenaiva hetunā labdha-cchidrayā māyayā
dehātma-buddhiḥ kāryata ity arthaḥ | aho ajīātā-janatāyā ajīātā kramā jīātāna-bhrāṁsa ity
arthaḥ | tad uktam **harīsa-guhya-stave** –

deho 'savo 'kṣ ā manavo bhūta-mātrām
ātmānam anyamca viduḥ paramyat |
sarvaṁpumān veda guṇānīś ca taj-jīō
na veda sarva-jām anantam ī de || [BhP 6.4.25] iti |

tathā **śrī -bhagavad-uddhava-sarivāde** –

ātmā pari jīānamayo vivādo
hy astī ti nāstī ti bhidā tma-niṣ ṭ haḥ |
vyartha'pi naivoparameta purīśām
mattaḥ parāvṛ tta-dhiyāmsvalokāt || iti [BhP 11.22.34]

kimca vivartasya jīānādi-prakarāṇa-paṭ hitvena gauṇatvāt pariṇāmasya tu sva-prakarāṇa-
paṭ hitatvena mukhyatvāt jīānādy-ubhaya-prakarāṇa-paṭ hitatvena sad-aṁśa-nyāya-siddha-
prābalyāc ca pariṇāma eva śrī -bhāgavata-tātparyam iti gamyate | tac ca bhagavad-
acintyaīśvarya-jīānārthammithyātvābhidhānamtu naśvaratvābhidhānavat viśvasya
paramā tma-bahirmukhatvāpādakatvād dheyatājīāna-mātrārthamna tu vastv eva tan na
bhavati ti jī veśa-svarūpaikya-jīāna-mātrārtham **vaidharmyāc ca na svapnādivat** [Vs 2.2.29]
iti nyāyena | tathā ca **nārādī ye** –

jagad-vilāpayāmāsur
ity ucyeṭātha tat smṛ teḥ |
na ca tat-smṛ ti-mātreṇa
layo bhavati niścitam || iti |

tatra mukhya eva sṛ ṣ ṭ i-prastāve pradhāna-pariṇāmam āha --

kāla-vṛ ttyā tu māyāyām
guṇa-mayyām adhokṣ ajaḥ |
puruṣ eṇā tma-bhūtena
vī ryam ādhatta vī ryavān || [BhP 3.5.26]

tato 'bhavan mahat-tattvam
avyaktāt kāla-coditāt |
vijīānātmā tma-deha-stham
viśvaṁvyañjanīś tamo-nudaḥ || [BhP 3.5.27]

bhagavān eka āsedam iti [BhP 3.5.23] prāktanānantara-granthād adhokṣ ajo bhagavān
puruṣ eṇa prakṛ ti-draṣ ṭ r-ā tma-bhūtena svānīśena dvāra-bhūtena kālo vṛ ttiir yasyās tayā
māyayā nimitta-bhūtayā guṇa-mayyāmmāyāyām avyakte vī ryamjī vākhyam ādhatta |
hantemās tisro devatā ity ādi-śruteḥ | vijīānā tmaiva mahat-tattvam | tamo-nudaḥ pralya-
gatājīāna-dhvarīsa-kartā || 3.5 || śrī -maitreyaḥ || 58 ||

jñānādy-aigatve'py āha --

eko nārāyaṇo devaḥ pūrva-sṛṣṭaśaṁsva-māyayā |
 sañḥṛtya kāla-kalayā kalpanta idam īśvaraḥ ||
 eka evādvitīyo'bhūd ātmādhāro'khilāśrayaḥ |
 kālenātmānubhāvena sāmīyamnī tāsu śaktiṣu |
 sattvādiṣvādi-puruṣaḥ pradhāna-puruṣeśvaraḥ ||
 parāvarāṇāṁparama āste kaivalya-sañjñataḥ |
 kevalānubhavānanda-sandoho nirupādhiḥ ||
 kevalātmānubhāvena svamāyāṁtriguṇātmikāṁ |
 sarīṣobhayan sṛjaty ādau tayā sūtram arindama ||
 tāṁ āhuvatriguṇa-vyaktiṁsṛjantīṁviśvatomukham |
 yasmin protam idamviśvaṁyena saṁsarate pumān ||
 yathorṇanābhirhṛdayādūrṇāṁsantatya vaktrataḥ |
 tayā viḥṛtya bhūyastāṁgrasaty evaṁmaheśvaraḥ || [BhP 11.9.16-21]

kālaḥ kalā yasyās tayā svādhī natayā māyayā | śrutiś ca –

yathorṇanābhiḥ sṛjate grhṇate ca
 yathā pṛthivyāmoṣadhayaḥ sañbhavanti |
 yathā sataḥ puruṣāt keśalomāni
 tathā'kṣarātsañbhavati ha viśvam || iti [MuṇḍU 1.1.7]

|| 11.9 || śrī -dattātreyo yadum || 59 ||

[60]

tad evaṁsūkṣma-cid-acid-vastu rūpa-śuddha-jīvāvyakta-śakteḥ paramātmānaḥ sthūla-
 cetanācetana-vastu-rūpāṇyādhyātmika-jīvādi-pṛthivy-antāni jāyanta ity uktam | tataḥ
 kevalasya paramātmāno nimittatvaṁśakti-viśiṣṭaśyopādānatvam ity ubhaya-rūpatām eva
 manyante | prakṛitimca pratijñāṁ dṛṣṭvāntānurodhād ity ādau | tad evaṁtasya sadā
 śuddhatvam eva | tatra śakteḥ śaktimad-avyatirekādananayatvam uktam | tathā sat-kārya-
 vādāṅgīkāre svāntaḥ sthita-svadharmāviśeṣābhivyakti-labdha-vikāśena kāraṇasyaivānīśena
 kāryatvam ity evaṁvācārambhaṇāṁvikāro nāma-dheyamṁttikety eva satyam ity ādi-
 śruit-siddhāṁkāryasya kāraṇād anyatvaṁkāraṇasya tu kāryād anyatvam ity āyāti |

tad evaṁjagat kāraṇa-śakti-viśiṣṭaśānt paramātmāno'nanyad evedaṁjagatas tv abhāvanya
 evety āha --

idamhi viśvaṁbhagavān ivetaro
 yato jagat-sthāna-nirodha-sambhavāḥ
 tad dhi svayamveda bhavāṁsi tathāpi te
 prādeśa-mātraṁbhavataḥ pradarśitam || [BhP 1.5.20]

idamviśvaṁbhagavān iva bhagavato'nanyad ity arthaḥ | tasmād itaras taḥ asthākhya jīvaś
 ca sa iveti pūrvaḥ | ataeva etad-ātmyam idam sarvam iti sarvaṁkhalv idam brahmeti
 śrutiḥ | yato bhagavataḥ | bhavato bhavantaṁprati prādeśa-mātraṁkiñcin-mātraṁ
 darśitam ity arthaḥ || 1.5 || śrī -nāradaḥ śrī -vyāsaḥ || 60 ||

[61]

spaṣṭam evāha –

so 'yamte 'bhihitas tāta
bhagavān viśva-bhāvanaḥ |
samāsenā harer nānyad
anyasmāt sad-asac ca yat || [BhP 2.7.50]

so'yamsamāsenā sarkṣ epeṇābhihitaḥ | kathamtaḥ astha-lakṣ aṇenaivety āha | sat kāryam
sthūlam aśuddha-jī va-jagad-ākhyamcetanācetanamvastu | asat karaṇamsūkṣ mam
śuddha-jī va-pradhānākhyamcid-acid-vastu ca yat tat sarvamharer anyan na bhavati
sūkṣ masya tac-chakti-rūpatvāt sthūlasya tat-kārya-rūpatvād iti bhāvaḥ | idam eva śrī -
hariṣa-devenoktam– **aham eva na matto'nyad iti budhyadhvam aṅjasā** iti [BhP 11.13.24] |
jagatas tad-ananyatve'pi śuddhasya tasya tad-doṣ a-sārkaryamnāstī ty āha anyasmād iti ||
2.7 || śrī -brahmā śrī -nāradam ||61||

[62]

tatrānanyatve yuktimvivṛ notī paṭcabhiḥ –

ādāv ante janānāmsad
bahir antaḥ parāvaram |
jñānamjñeyamvaco vācyam
tamo jyotis tv ayamsvayam || [BhP 7.15.57]

janānāmdehādī nām ādau kāraṇatvena ante cāvadhritvena yat paramātmā-lakṣ aṇamsarva-
kāraṇamvastu sad vartamānamtad eva svayambahir bhogyamanta-bhokṭṛ paravaram
cocca-nī caṁtamo'prakāśaḥ jyotiḥ prakāśaś ca sphurati nānyat | anyasya tad vinā svataḥ
sphuraṇānirūpyatvād iti bhāvaḥ |

[63]

nanu kathamtarhi tasmād atyanta-ṛ thag ivā thajā tampratī yate tatrāha –

ābādhito 'pi hy ābhāso
yathā vastutayā smṛ taḥ |
durghaṭ atvād aindriyakam
tadvad artha-vikalpitam || [BhP 7.15.58]

ābādhitas tarka-virodhena sarvato bādhitaḥ svātantrya-sattāyāḥ sakāśān nirasto'pi yathā
ābhāsaḥ sūryādi-prati-raśmir bālādibhiḥ ṛ thak prakāśam ānatād arthanād vastutayā
svatantra-padārthatayā smṛ taḥ kalpitaḥ tadvad aindriyaka sarvamāmūḍhaiḥ
svatantrārthatvena vividhamkalpitamtat tu na tattva-dṛ ṣ ṭ yā svātantrya-nirūpaṇasya
durghaṭ atvād ity arthaḥ |

[64]

tad evāha dvābhyām –

kṣ ity-ādī nām ihārthānām
chāyā na katamāpi hi |
na saṅghāto vikāro 'pi
na ṛ thānnānvito mṛ ṣ ā || [BhP 7.15.59]

kṣ ity-ādi nāmpaīca-bhūtānāṁchāyā aikya-buddhyā lambana-rūpaṁdehā di-
saighātārambha-pariṇāmānāṁmadhye katamāpy anyatamāpi na bhavati | na tāvat teṣ āṁ
saighāto vṛ kṣ ānāṁ iva vanam eka-deśākarṣ aṇe sarvākarṣ aṇānupapatteḥ | na hy ekasmin
vṛ kṣ a ākr ṣ ṭ e sarvaṁvanam ākr ṣ yate | na ca vikāraḥ ārabdho'vayavī | api-śabdāt
pariṇāmo'pi | kutaḥ | kim avayavebhyaḥ pṛ thag ārabhyate pariṇamate ca tad-anvito vā | na
tāvad atyantampr thak tathā apratī teḥ | na cānvitaḥ | sa kimpratyavayavam anveti anīṣ ena
vā | ādye aṅguli-mātre'pi deha-buddhiḥ syāt | dvitī ye tasyāpy anīṣ āṅgī kāre saty
anavasthāpataḥ syāt | ato dehādeḥ svātantryeṇāvasthitir mṛ ṣ aiveti |

[65]

evaṁdehādeḥ svātantryeṇānirūpyatvam uktvā tad-dhetūnāṁkṣ ity-ādi nāṁ api
tathāivānirūpyatvam āha

dhātavo 'vayavitvāc ca
tan-mātrāvayavair vinā |
na syur hy asaty avayaviny
asann avayavo 'ntataḥ || [BhP 7.15.60]

dhārayantī ti | dhātavo mahābhūtāni tan-mātraīḥ sūkṣ mair avayavair vinā na syuḥ |
avayavitvāt teṣ āṁ api | tarhy avayava eva svatantra iti cet tatrāha ukta-prakāreṇāvayavini
nirūpayitum asati avayavo'py antato nirūpayitum asann iva syāt | avayavi-pratī ty-
anyathānupapattimvinā paramāṇu-lakṣ aṇāvayava-sad-bhāve pramāṇābhāvād ity arthaḥ |
tad uktam **paīcāme** –

evāmniruktamkṣ iti-śabda-vṛ ttam ity [BhP 5.12.9] ādi | tasmād aikya-buddhyā lambana-
rūpaṁyat pratī yate tat sarvatra paramāṁtma-lakṣ aṇāṁsarva-kāraṇāṁvastv eveti
sādhūktam ādāv ante janānāṁsad ity ādinā | evam eva **ṭṭī ye**'py uktam –

iti tāsāṁsva-śaktī nāṁsatī nāṁ asametya saḥ |
prasupta-loka-tantrāṇāṁnīśāmya gatim ī śvaraḥ ||
kāla-saṁjñā tato devī mivibhrac chaktim urukramaḥ |
trayovīṁśatit-tattvānāṁgaṇānyugapad āviśat ||
so 'nupraviṣ ṭ o bhagavāṁś ceṣ ṭ ārūpeṇa taṁgaṇam
bhinnāṁsarīyojayāṁ āsa suptamkarma prabodhayan || iti [BhP 3.6.1-3]

ataeva **yasya pṛ thivī śarī ram** ity ādi-śrutau [Bṛ hadU 3.7.3] sarvasya paramāṁtma-śarī ratvena
prasiddhiḥ paramāṁtmanas tu śarī ratvena | tad evam avayava-rūpeṇa pradhāna-pariṇāmaḥ
sarvatrāvayavī tu paramāṁtma-vastv eveti siddham | tato'py amithyātvam eva jagata
upapadyeta ||

[66]

nanu yadi paramāṁtma-vastv eva sarvatrāvayavī dehaḥ syāt tataś ca tatraiva brāhmaṇatvā di-
saṁjñā-prāpte guṇa-doṣ a-hetū vidhi-ṁś edhāv api syātām | tau ca na sambhavataḥ | tasmād
anya evāvayavī yujyate | ity āśarkyāha –

syāt sādr ṣ ya-bhramas tāvad
vikalpe sati vastunaḥ |
jāgrat-svāpau yathā svapne
tathā vidhi-ṁś edhatā || [BhP 7.15.61]

vastunaḥ paramātmāno vikalpe sarīśaye satī ti tasya tādrī śatvena nirṇayo yāvan na syāt ity arthaḥ | tāvad eva tasmāt sarvaikya-buddhi-nidānāt pṛthag dehaikya-buddhiḥ sādṛśya-bhramaḥ syāt | pūrvāparāvayavānusandhāne sati parasparam āsajyaikatra sthitatvenāvayavatva-sādharmaṇyena caikya-sādṛśyāt pratyavayavam ekatayā pratīteḥ | so'yaṁdeha iti bhrama eva bhavātī ty arthaḥ | prativṛkṣāntad idamvanam itivat | yathoktaṁsvayambhagavatā –

so'yaṁdi po'rciṣāmyadvat srotasāntad idamjalām |
so'yaṁpumān iti nṛnāmmṛṣā dhī r gor mṛṣāyusām || iti [BhP 11.22.45] |

tataś ca tatraiva brāhmaṇatvādy-abhimāne sati svapna-vaishayakau jāgrat-svapnāv iva tadviṣayakau vidhi-niṣedhau syātām ity āha jāgrad iti | tathā tena prakāreṇa vidher vidhitāniṣedhasya niṣedhatety arthaḥ | evam

parasvabhāva-karmaṇi na praśaṁsen na garhayet |
viśvam ekātmakāmpāsyān prakṛtyā puruṣeṇa ca || [BhP 11.28.1]

ity ādir ekādaśāṣṭaviṁśatitamādhyāyo jñeyaḥ | tatra ca kimbhadrākim abhadraṁvādvaitasyāvastunaḥ kiyad ity ādikaṁsyāt sādṛśya-bhramas tāvad ity ādy-anusāreṇaiva vyākhyeyam | avastu yad dvaitamtyety arthaḥ | tasmāt svātantryeṇa nirūpaṇāśaktyā paramātmāno 'nanyad eva sarvam iti prakaraṇārthaḥ ||

||7.15 || śrī -nāradaḥ śrī -yudhiṣṭhiram || 66||

[67]

ata āha –

tvamvāyur agnir avanir viyad ambu mātrāḥ
prāṇendriyāṇi hṛdayamcid anugrahaś ca |
sarvaṁtvam eva saḡuṇo viguṇaś ca bhūman
nānyat tvad asty api mano-vacasā niruktam || [BhP 7.9.48]

hṛdayam antar-indriyaṁmano buddhyā harkāra-cittātmakam cit śuddo jīvaḥ | anugrahaḥ sva-sammukhī -karaṇa-śaktiḥ | kimbahunā sa-ḡuṇo māyikaḥ viguṇaś cāmāyikaḥ sarvārthas tvam eveti || 7.9 || śrī -prahlādaḥ śrī -nṛsiṁham ||67||

[68]

atha tasya māyā-śakti-kārya-māyā-jīvebhyo'nyatvaṁca spaṣṭayati –

yatholmukād visphuliḡgād
dhūmād vāpi sva-sambhavāt |
apy ātmatvenābhimatād
yathāgniḥ pṛthag ulmukāt || [BhP 3.28.40]

bhūtendriyāntaḥ-karaṇāt
pradhānāj jīvasaṁjātāt |
ātmā tathā pṛthag draṣṭā
bhagavān brahma-saṁjātāḥ || [BhP 3.28.41]

ayam arthaḥ | sva-sambhavāt svopādāna-kāraṇāt ulmukāt kāṣṭha-muṣṭy-upādhiḡkāt | agner hetor yā visphuliḡgo yaś ca dhūmas tasmāt tasmād yathā tat-tad-upādānam agniḥ pṛthag

yathā ca tasmād ulmukāt tad-upādāna, asāv agniḥ pṛ thak | kī dṛ śād api tat-trayād apy
 ā tmatvenābhimatā t nāpakatayā dhūme'gny-aiśa-sad-bhāvenāgni-svarūpatayā prati tād api
 tathā visphuliṅga-sthānī yāj jī va-sarijñtāj jī vāt ulmuka-sthānī yāt pradhānā t
 pradhānopādhika-bhagavat-tejasaḥ dhūma-sthānī yād bhūtādeḥ sarvopādāna-rūpo
 bhagavān pṛ thak | ya evātmā svāiśena tat-tad-antaryāmitayā paramātmā | kvacid
 adhikāriṇi nirviśeṣ a-cinmātratayā sphuran brahma-sarijñtās ca | yata eva draṣ ṭ ā teṣ ām ādi-
 madhyāntāvasthā-sākṣ ī ti || 3.28 || śrī -kapiladevaḥ ||68||

[69]

tatra yeṣ āmmanah paramā tmani nāsti, te paramātmā tmake jagaty asad aiśam eva
 gṛ hñanti, ye tu paramā tma-vidas te sad-aiśam eva gṛ hñanti ty āhur bhāgavatā ḥ |

sad iva manas tirvṛ t tvayi vibhā ty asadām anujāt
 sad abhimṛ śanty aśeṣ am idam ā tmatayā tmavidaḥ |
 na hi vikṛ timtyajanti kanakasya tad-ā tmatayā
 svakṛ tam anupraviṣ ṭ am idam ā tmatayā vasitam || [BhP 10.87.26]

tvayy asad avartamā namyan manas tat khalu tirvṛ t tri-guṇa-kārye jagati vartamā namsat
 tvayi sad iva vartamā nam iva vibhā ti | darvī sūparasa-nyāyena svāvagā ḍhe jagati sato'pi
 paramā tmano grahaṇābhāvāt | na tu vartamā nam eva vibhā ti ty arthaḥ | ataevāsad-aiśasya
 triguṇa-māyā mayatvaṁ manomayatvaṁ cuktam –

yad idam manasā vācā
 cakṣ urbhyā mś ravaṇā dibhiḥ |
 naś varamṅr hyamā ṇamca
 vidhi māyā-manomayam || iti || [BhP 11.7.7]

ye tv ā tma-vidas tvad-dhetor aaste ā manujāt sopā dhika-jī vasvarūpam abhivyā pya idam
 aśeṣ am jagad eva ā tmatayā tvad-rūpatayā sad abhimṛ śanti teṣ ā mś ad-aiśa eva dṛ ṣ ṭ ir
 nānyatrety arthaḥ |

tatra dṛ ṣ ṭ āntaḥ na hi vikṛ tam iti | teṣ ā mś kanaka-mā tra mṛ gayamā nā nā mś kanaka-vaṇijā m
 hi kanaka-vikā re sundara-kurūpā kā ratāyā mḍṛ ṣ ṭ ir nāsti | śuddha-kanaka-mā tra-gr ā hitvāt
 tathā tma-vidām apī ti bhā vaḥ | dārṣ ṭ āntike'pi tad-ā tmatve hetu-trayam ā huḥ idam jagat
 svena sac-chakti-viśiṣ ṭ ena upādāna-rūpeṇa tvayā kṛ tam paścāt siddhe'pi kārye kā raṇā mś a-
 vyabhicāritayā ntaryāmitayā ca svena tvayā praviṣ ṭ ampunaḥ pralaye'py ā tmatayā sac-
 chakti-viśiṣ ṭ a-sad-rūpatayaivā vasitam ceti | evam dṛ ṣ ṭ ānte'pi vivecanī yam | tad etat sarvam
 abhipretyoktam **vaiś nave** –

jñā na-svarūpam akhilaṁ
 jagad etad abuddhayaḥ |
 artha-svarūpaṁ paśyanto
 bhrā myante moha-samplave ||

ye tu jñā na-vidaḥ śuddha-
 cetasas te'khilaṁ jagat |
 jñā nā tma kā mprapaśyanti
 tvad-rūpaṁ parameś vara || iti || [ViP 1.4.40-41]

||10.87|| śrutayaḥ ||69||

[70]

tad evampariṇāmādikamśādhitam | vivartaś ca pariḥṛtaḥ | tato vivarta-vādinām iva rajju-sarpavan na mithyātvamkintu ghaṭavan naśvaratvam eva tasya | tato mithyātvābhāve'pi trikāla-vyabhicārabhāvāj jagato na sattvam |

vivarta-pariṇāmāsiddhatvena tad-doṣa-dvayābhāvavaty eva hi vastūni sattvamvidhī yate | yathā paramātmāni tac-chaktau vā | **sad eva saumyedam agra āsīd** ity ādau idam śabdoktamjagat | sūkṣmāvasthā-lakṣaṇa-tac-chakti-brahmaṇor mithas tādātmyāpannayoḥ sac-chabda-vacanāt | ataḥ sat-kārya-vādaś ca sūkṣmāvasthām avalambyaiva pravartate | tad evamsthite'pi punar āśaṅkate |

nanu sad-upādānamjagat kathamtadvan naśvaratām api bhajan na khalu sat syāt | yadi ca naśvaramśyāt tarhi kathamśukti-rajatavat vyabhicāritvena kevala-vivartāntaḥ pāti na syāt | tad etat praśnam uṭṭarīya pariharanti ||

sata idam utthitaṁsad iti cen nanu tarka-hatam
vyabhicarati kva ca kva ca mṛṣā na tathobhaya-yuk |
vyavahṛtaye vikalpa iṣito'ndha-paramparayā
bhramayati bhārati ta uruvṛttibhir uktha-jaḍān || [BhP 10.87.36]

idamviśvamdharmi sad iti sādhyo dharmāḥ sata utpannatvāt yad yata utpannamtat khalu tad-ātmakam eva dr̥ṣṭam | yathā kanakād utpannamkuṇḍalādikaṁtat-ātmakamtadvat | tatrotthitam eva na tu śuktau rajatam iva | tatrāropitam iti siddhāntinaḥ svamatam anūditamnaivety āhuḥ |

nanu tarka-hatam iti | apādāna-nirdeśena bheda-pratīter viruddha-hetutvāt | nanu nāmedamśādhayāmaḥ | kintu tata utpannatvena kuṇḍalādivad bhedam anūdyā pratiṣedhāmaḥ | tatrābheda eva syād ity āśaṅkyānaikāntikatvena hetumduṣayati | vyabhicarati kva ceti | kva ca kutrāpi kāraṇa-dharmānugatir vyabhicarati | kārya-kāraṇa-dharmasya savānīśenānugatambhavatī ti niyamo na vidyata ity arthaḥ | dahanādyudbhavae prabhādau dhakavādi-dharmādarśanād iti bhāvah |

dve rūpe brahmaṇas tasya mūrtamcāmūrtam eva ca |
kṣarākṣara-svarūpe te sarva-bhūteṣv avasthite ||
akṣaramtat-parambrahma kṣarasarvam idamjagat | ity [ViP 1.22.55] ādy-anantaram |

eka-deśa-sthitasyaḡner jyotsnā vistāriṇī yathā |
parasya brahmaṇaḥ śaktis tathedam akhilaṁjagat || ity [ViP 1.22.56] etad |

evamvyākhyātamśrī-svāmibhir eva **śrī-viṣṇu-purāṇe** – nanv akṣarasya para-brahmaṇas tad-vilakṣaṇamkṣara-rūpamkathamśyād ity āśaṅkyā dr̥ṣṭāntenopapādayati ekadeśeti | prādeśikasyaḡner dīpāder dhakasyāpi tad-vilakṣaṇa jyotsnā prabhā yathā tat-prakāśa-vistāras tathā brahmaṇaḥ śakti-kṛta-vistāra idam akhilaṁjagat iti |

prakṛtam anusarāmaḥ | nanu tarhi vyabhicāritve śukti-rajatavad evāstu | tatrāhuḥ kva ca mṛṣeti | kva ca śuktādāv eva prātītika-mātra-sattākamrajatādikaṁmṛṣā | anyatra yatra ubhayaṁpratītim artha-kriyā-kāritvamca yunakti bhajate tatra na tathā mṛṣeti |

nanu kūt atāmrikādiṣv arthakriyā-kāritāpi dr̥ṣyete ity āśaṅkyāhuḥ vyavṛtaya iti | kraya-vikrayādi-lakṣaṇa-vyavahārāyaiva vikalpo bhrama iṣṭaḥ | na tu tat-tat-prasiddha-samyagartha-kriyā-kāritāyai | tad-dānādau yathāvat puṇya-phalādikaṁkrītvā śuṅṭhī-jānena bhakṣitam api nārogya-janakampratuyta mārakam eva iti | tasmāt tat-tat-prasiddha-

samyag-artha-kriyā-kāritayaiva satyatvam aṅgī -kriyate | ekāṅgena sā kūṭ a-sarpādau bhayādi-rūpā tvasty eveti na tad-dhetuḥ | kimcāndha-paramparayeti |

sa ca kraya-vikrayādi-lakṣaṇa-vyavahāro'pi na tu yathārtha-tāmrikasyeva tad-vyavahāra-kuśaleṣv api kintv andha-paramparayaiva | atas tatra tadī ya-kuśaleṣv asiddhatvena vyavahārasyābhyāsa-mātratvāt tasmād anyathā nānumeyam | dhūmābhāse hi vahni-vyabhicārasyaucityam eveti bhāvaḥ | tad evam artha-kriyā-kāritvenāsty evetarasya bhrama-vastu-vailakṣyāt satyatvam iti vivartavādini niraste punar anaśvara-vādī pratyuttiṣṭ hate |

nanv apāma somam amṛtā abhūma akṣayamha vai cāturmāsa-yājinaḥ sukṛtambhavatī ti [Atharva-śira Upaniṣ ad 3] śrutyaiva karma-phalasya nityatva-pratipādanān naśvaratvamna ghaṭate ity āśaṅkyāhuḥ bhramayatī ti | he bhagavan te tava bhāratī uru-vṛttibhiḥ vahnī bhirgauṇa-lakṣaṇādibhir vṛttibhiḥ uktha-jaḍān ukthāni yajñe śasyante tatra jaḍaḥ karma-śraddhā-bharākrānta-manda-mataya ity arthaḥ tān bhramayati | ayambhāvaḥ na hi vedaḥ karma-phala:a nityam abhipraiti | kintu lakṣaṇayā prāśastya-mātram | anyeṣāmvākyānām vidhy-eka-vakyatvena vidhāv eva tātparyāt | anyathā vākya-bheda-prasaṅgaḥ tad yatheha karma-jito lokaḥ kṣīyate evam evāmutra puṇya-jito lokaḥ kṣīyate [ChāU 8.1.6] iti nyāyopārta hi śrutya-antara-virodhaś ca | ataḥ karma-jaḍānām idambhrama-mātram jagat tu satyam api pariṇāma-dharmatvena naśvaram eveti | tad uktambhaṭṭeṇaiva athavetiḥāsa-purāṇa-prāmāṇyāt sṛṣṭi-pralayaḥ v apī sṛṣṭe ity |

athavā nābhedamsādhayāma ity ādikam āśaṅkyā prasiddhasya sattā-trayasya mitho vailakṣyaṇyāt pariharati | kva ca ghaṭādau artha-kriyā-kāriṇy apī vyabhicarati satteti śeṣaḥ | vastv-antarasyārtha-kriyākāritāyā m asāmrthyāt deśāntare svayam aidyamānatvāt kālāntare tirobhāvityāc ca | kva ca śukti-rajatādau tatrāpi tadānī m apī mṛṣā artha-kriyā-kāritvābhāvāt | yā tūbhaya-yuk ubhayatra ghaṭādi-sattāyāmsukti-rajatādi-sattāyā mca yug yogo yasyaḥ | yayā sā sattā labdha-padā bhavati ty arthaḥ | sā parama-kāraṇa-sattā na tathā kintu sarvatrāpi sarvadāpi tat-tad-upādhy-anurūpa-sarvārtha-kriyādy-adhiṣṭhāna-rūpety arthaḥ | tasmād artha-kriyā-kāritvena satyam apī pariṇatavtena ghaṭāvan naśvaram eva jagat na pratīta-mātra-sattākāmna cānaśvara-sattākam iti paraspara-vailakṣyaṇya-darśanāt katham ekam anyad bhavitum arhatī ti bhāvaḥ |

kūṭa-tāmrikatvam āśaṅkyāhuḥ vyavahṛtaya ity | vikalpyate anyatrāropyate ity vikalpaḥ svataḥ-siddhas tāmrikādir arthaḥ sa eva vyavahṛtaye iṣitaḥ | ayam arthaḥ | atra kūṭa-tāmrikena yaṁvyavahāraṁmanyase so'pi na tena sidhyati | kimtarhi satya-tāmrikenaiva | arthāntaramvyavahartur hr̥ di tasyaiva pratyakṣatvāt | kūṭa-tāmrikam atropalakṣyaṇam eva kvacit tamvināpi tava gr̥ he tāmriko datta ity paścād dātavya ity vā chala-prayoge smaryamāṇenāpi tena tathā vyavahāra-siddheḥ | tasmād vyavahāra-rūpāpy artha-kriyā-kāritā tasyaiva bhavati ti sa satya eva | anyathā satyasya tāmrikasyābhāve śatam apy andhānāmna paśyati ti nyāyena kūṭa-tāmrika-paramparayāpi vyavahāro'pi na sidhyed ity āhuḥ | andha-paramparayeti | andha-paramparā doṣāt sa eva vyavahṛtaya iṣita ity anvayaḥ | yathāndha-paramparayā vyavahāro na sidhyet tathā kūṭa-tāmrika-paramparayāpi ty arthaḥ | ittham eva vijñāna-vādo'pi nirākr̥taḥ | śaṅkara-śārīrike'pi anāditve'py andha-paramparā-nyāyenāpratiṣṭhaivānavasthā vyavahāra-vilopinī syāt | nābhiprāya-siddhir ity uktam |

etad uktambhavati – yathedamsuvarṇamkena krītam iti praśne kaścid āha anenāndheneti | anena kathamparicitam iti punar āha tenāndhena paricāyitam | tena ca katham ity āha kenāpy aparenāndhenety andhaparamparayāpi na sidhed vyavahāraḥ | kintu tatrāndha-paramparayāyamyady eko'pi cakṣuḥ mān sarvādi-pravartako bhavati tadaiva sidhyati | yathā ca tatra sarveṣv apī cakṣuḥ mata eva vyavahāra-sādhakatvam | tathā kasmiṁścit tāmrike prathamamsatyē saty eva vyavahāraḥ sidhyati | tatra ca satyasaiva vyavahāra-sādhakatvam | tad anusandhānenaiva tatra pravṛttes cakṣuḥ mata iva pravartakatvāt tataś ca na tāmrika satya ity sthite, yatra tad-vyavahāra-kuśalaḥ parīkṣyā satyatāvagamya sa eva kūṭa-

tāmrike'py āropyamāṇaḥ satyo bhavet | tad evam artha-kriyā-kāritvena tasya satyatve tad-upalakṣ itaṁviśvam eva bhrama-vastu-vilakṣ aṇāmsatyam iti siddham | paramātmāna evāvayavitva-vyavahāra-sādhitatvād yuktam eva tat | tathā ca bhramādibhiḥ stutam – [satyasya yonim](#) [BhP 10.2.26] iti | [tat satyam ity ācakṣ ata](#) iti śrutiś ca | śiṣ ṭ am anyat samānam |

[71]

evamjagataḥ satyatvam aigī kṛ taṁtac ca naśvaram iti | tatra naśvaratvaṁnātyantikam kintv avyaktatayā sthiter adṛ śyatā-mātram eva | sat-kāryatā-samprattipatteḥ | [yad bhūtam bhavac ca bhaviṣ yac cety](#) ādi śruteḥ | ataeva śuktitve rajatvam iva tasyāvyakta-rūpatve jagattvam asan na bhavati | [paṭ avac ca](#) iti [Vs 2.1.20] nyāyena jagad eva hi sūkṣ matāpannam avyaktam iti dṛ śyatvena bhrānti-rajata-kakṣ am api jagat tad-vilakṣ aṇa-sattākāmtathātmavad aparīṇatatvābhāvena naikāvastha-sattākam ity evam artha-siddhaye tad-anantaram evāhuḥ |

[na yad idam agra āsa na bhaviṣ yad ato nidhanād anumitam antarā tvayi vibhāti mṛ ṣ aika-rasa | ata upamī yate draviṇa-jāti-vikalpa-pathair vitatha-mano-vilāsa-mṛ tam ity avayasnty abudhāḥ ||](#) [BhP 10.87.37]

yad yadi idamviśvam agre sṛ ṣ ṭ eḥ pūrvaṁnāsat nāsi t tadā na bhaviṣ yan nābhaviṣ yad eva adāgamābhāva āṛṣ aḥ ākāśe kusumam iveti | śrutayaś āsī d eveti vadanti [sad eva saumyedam agra āsī t ātmā vā yad idam agra āsī d](#) ity ādyāḥ | tad evaṁsūkṣ matayā tvat-tādātmyena sthitamkāraṇāvastham idamjagat vistṛ tataya kāryāvasthambhavati | ato yan-nidhanān nāśa-mātrād dhetoḥ śuktau rajatam iva tvayi tad idam antarā sṛ ṣ ṭ i-madhya eva na tv agre cānte ca vibhātī ty anumitam mṛ ṣ eti pramāṇa-siddhamna bhavati ty arthaḥ | tatra hetum āhur ekarase iti | anubhavāntarā-viṣ ayānanda-svāda iti | yasminn anubhūte sati viṣ ayāntara-sphūrtir na sambhavati tasmiṁs tvayi śukty-ādi-nikṛ ṣ ṭ a-vastūnī va viṣ ayāropah kathamsyād ity arthaḥ |

[dadhati sakṛ n manas tvayi ya ātmani nitya-sukhe na punar upāsate puruṣ a-sāra-harāvasthān ||](#) ity [BhP 10.87.35] asmākam evokteḥ ||

ato'cintya-śaktyā svarūpād acyutasyaiva tava pariṇāma-svī kāreṇa draviṇa-jāti nāmdravya-mātrāṇām mṛ l-lohādi nāmvikalpā bhedā ghaṭ a-kuṇḍalādayas teṣ āmpanthāno mārgāḥ prakārās tair evāsmābhir upamī yate na tu kuṭrāpi bhramara-jatādibhiḥ | yasmād evaṁ tasmād vitathā mano-vilāsāḥ ya etādṛ śam eva ṛ taṁtad-rūpaṁbrahma vedaṁjagad ity abudhā evāvayanti manyante | tasya tad-adhiṣ ṭ hānatvāsamabhavād iti bhāvaḥ | ita-śabda-prayogas tv atra mithyāsambandha-rāhitya-vyañjanārtham va kṛ ta iti jñeyam |

atra sat-kāryavādinām ayam abhiprāyaḥ | mṛ t-piṇḍādi-kārakair yo ghaṭ a utpadyate sann asan vā | ādye piṣ ṭ a-peṣ aṇam | dvitī ye kriyāyāḥ kārakaiś ca tat-siddhir iti dik | tasmān na prakṛ am eva sanna cātyantam asan kintv avyaktatayā mṛ t-piṇḍe eva sthito'sau yathā kāraka-tan-niṣ panna-kriyā-yogena vyajyate | tathā parama-kāraṇe tvayi sthitamviśvam tvat-svābhāvika-śakti-tan-niṣ panna-kriyā-yogeneti | atra sva-vedāntitva-prakhyāpakānām anyathā-yukti-viruddham eva | mana eva bhūta-kāryam iti hi tatra prasiddhamyukti-viruddhamca | mano'haikārādī nāṁmanāḥ-kalpitatvāsamabhavāt | tathā hi sati veda-viruddho'nī śvara-vādaś ca prasajyeta | sa ca ninditaḥ [pādme](#) –

[śrutayaḥ smṛ tayaś caiva yuktayaś ceśvaraṁparam | vadanti tad-viruddhamyo vadet tasmān na cādhamāḥ ||](#) iti |

asatyam apratiṣṭ hante jagad āhur anī śvaram |
 aparaspara-sambhūtamkim anyat kāma-haitukam || iti [Gī tā 16.8]

śrī -gī topaṇiṣ adam anī śvara-vādina eva vyācakṣ ate | asatyammithyā-bhūtam
 satyāsatyābhyām anirvacanī yatvenāpratiṣṭ haṁnirdeśa-śūnyamsthāṇau puruṣ atvavat
 brahmaṇī śvaratvasyājīāna-mātra-kalpita tvād ī svarābhīmānī tatra kaścin nāstī ty anī śvaram
 eva jagat aparaspara-sambhūtam anādy-ājīāna-paramparā-sambhūtam aparasparāḥ kriyā-
 sātatyate atah kāma-haitukammanah saikalpa-mātra-jātamsvapnavad ity arthaḥ | atra
 pravṛttimcety ādinā teṣāṁsaṁskāra-doṣa uktaḥ |

etā mdr ṣṭ im ity [Gī tā 16.9] ādinā tu gatiś ca nirdiṣṭe yate iti jīeyam ebhir eva brahmaṇa
 aiśvaryopādir māyāpi jī vājīāna-kalpita tayaiva jagat-sṛṣṭir iti matam | yad uktaṁtadi ya-
 bhāṣ ye tad-ananyatvam ity [Vs 2.1.15] ādi-sūtre – sarva-jīēśvarasyātmabhūte ivāvidyā-
 kalpita nāma-rūpe tatvātattvābhyām anirvacanī ye saṁsāra-prapañca-bīja-bhūte
 sarvajīēśvarasya māyā-śaktiḥ prakṛtir iti śruti-smṛtyor abhilapyete iti | kintv atra
 vidyāvidye mama tanū ity [BhP 11.11.3] ādi śrī -bhagavad-vākyena tu viruddham iti | ato
 māyāvādatayā cāyamvādaḥ khyāyate |

tad evaṁca pādmottara-khaṇḍe devī mprati pāṣaṇḍa-sāstraṁgaṇatayā śrī -
 mahādevenoktam –

māyāvādam asac chāstraṁpracchannāmbauddham ucyate |
 mayaivamkathitamdevi kalau brāhmaṇa-rūpiṇā ||
 vedānte tu mahā-śāstre māyāvādam avaidikam |
 mayaiva vakṣyate devi jagatāmnāśa-kāraṇāt || iti |

tac cāsurāṇāmmohanārthambhagavata evājīāyeti tatraivoktam asti | tayā ca pādma
 evānyatra śaive ca --

dvāparādau yuge bhūtvā kalayā mānuṣādiṣu |
 svāgamaiḥ kalpatais tvamca janān mad-vimukhān kuru ||

iti śrī -bhagavad-vākyam iti dik | ataevoktamśrī -nṛsiṁha-purāṇe yama-vākyam –

viṣadhara-kaṇa-bhakṣa-śaṅkaroktī r
 daśabala-pañca-śikhākṣa-pāda-vādān |
 mahad api suvicārya loka-tantraṁ
 bhagavad-uktim ṛte na siddhir asti || iti |

sarve'tra vāda-granthā eva nirdiṣṭā na tu mantra-granthā iti nāmākṣaram eva sākṣān
 nirdiṣṭam iti ca nānyathā mananīyam | ato yat kvacit tat-tat-praśaṁsā vā syāt tad api
 nitānta-nāstika-vādāmnirjityānśenāpy āstikyā-vādaḥ khyāpita ity apekṣayā jīeyam |
 tasmāt svatantra ī śvara eva sarva-sraṣṭā na tu jīvaḥ | svājīānena sva-śaktyaivety āyātam |
 tad uktaṁśrī -bādarāyaṇenāpi bahutra sarjīā-mūrti-klptis tu trivṛt kurvata upadeśād ity
 [Vs 2.4.20] ādiṣu |

atas tan-mano'sṛjāta manah prajāpatim ity ādau manah-śabdena samaṣṭi-mano'dhiṣṭhātā
 śrī mān aniruddha eva | bahu syāṁprajāyeya iti [Chā 6.2.3] tat-saikalpa eva vā vācyah |
 satya-svābhāvīkācintya-śaktiḥ paramēśvaras tuccha-māyikam api na kuryāt cintāmaṇī nām
 adhipatiḥ svayamcintāmaṇir eva vā kūt a-kanakādivat | tathā ca mādharma-bhāṣya-pramāṇitā
 śrutiḥ – athainam āhuḥ satya-karmeti satyamhy evedamviśvam asṛjāta iti | evaṁca --

satya-vratamsatya-paramtri- satyam

satyasya yonimnihitamca satye |
satyasya satyam ṛ ta- satya-netram
satyātmakamtvā mśaraṇamprapannaḥ || [BhP 10.2.26]

ity atra satya-saikalpatvaṁsatya-pārāyaṇatvaṁsṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādi-lī lā-trayeṣ u satyatvaṁsatyasya
viśvasya kāraṇatvaṁsatya eva viśvasmīn antaryāmitayā sthītatvaṁsatyasya tasya sthītā-
hetutvaṁsatya-vacanasāvyabhicāri-diṣ ṭ eś ca pravartakatvaṁsatya-rūpatvam ity eteṣ ām
arthānām ākūtaṁparipāṭ ī ca saṅgacchate | anyathā satyasya yonim ity ādau traye tatrāpi
nihitamca satya ity atrākasmād ardha-jarātī ya-nyāyena kaṣ ṭ a-kalpanāmayārthāntare tu
bhagavatā sva-pratiśrutatvaṁsatya-kṛ tāmīyat tat tad yuktam evety ato brahmādibhis tathā
stave svārasya-bhaṅgaḥ syāt prakrama-bhaṅgaś ca | tasmāt satyam eva viśvam iti sthītam ||
10.87 || śrutayaḥ śrī -bhagavantam ||71||

[72]

tad eva na yad idam agra āsety anena prakṛ ta-layo'pi sat-kārya-vāde'nugamitaḥ | ātyantike
tu mokṣ a-lakṣ aṇa-laye na pṛ thivyādī nāmnaśaḥ | jī va-kṛ tena tathā bhāvanā-mātreṇa
svābhāvika-paramā tma-śakti-mayānāmteṣ āmnāśāyukteḥ | labdha-mokṣ eṣ u śrī -
pari kṣ itādiṣ u tad-deha-sthānām api pṛ thivy-ādy-anśānāmsthīteḥ śravaṇāt tathā
hiraṇyagarbhānśānāmbuddhy-ādī nām api bhaviṣ yati | atas teṣ v adhyāsa-parityāga
evātyantika-laya ity ucyate | ataeva

ghaṭ e bhinne ghaṭ ākāśa
ākāśaḥ syād yathā purā |
evamdehe mṛ te jī vo
brahma sampadyate punaḥ || ity atra |

tathā –

evaṁsamī kṣ ya cātmānam ātmāny ādhāya niṣ kale |
daśantamtakṣ akampāde lelihānamviṣ ānalām ||
na draṣ yasi śarī ramtvaṁviśvaṁca pṛ thag-ā tmanaḥ || [BhP 12.5.12]

ity atrāpy upādheḥ saṁyoga eva partiyajyate na tu tasya mithyā tvaṁpratipādyate |

tathā hi buddhī ndriyety ādi-prakaraṇam | tatra tad-āśrayatva-tat-prakāśyatva-tad-
avyatirikatvebhyo hetubhyo buddhī ndriyādī nāmparamā tma-svabhā va-śaktimayatvam
āha |

buddhī ndriyārtha-rūpeṇa
jñā nambhāti tad-āśrayam |
dṛ śyatvāvyatirekābhyām
ādy-antavad avastu yat || [BhP 12.4.23]

antaḥkaraṇa-bahih-karaṇa-viṣ aya-rūpeṇa paramā tma-lakṣ aṇamjñā nam eva bhāti tasmād
anyad eva buddhy-ādi-vastu ity arthaḥ | yatas tad-āśrayamteṣ ām āśraya-rūpaṁtaj jñā nam |
klī btvam āṣ am | tathāpi rāja-bhṛ tyayor ivātyanta-bhedaḥ syāt | tatra hetv-antare'py āha |
dṛ śyatvaṁtat-prakāśyatvam avyatirekas tad-vyatireke vyatirekaḥ tābhyām | tasmāt **eka-**
deśa-sthītasāyāgnē jyotsnā vistāriṇī yathā | ity [ViP 1.22.56] ādivad buddhy-ādī nāmītat-
svābhāvika-śaktimayatvam eva setsyati ti bhāvaḥ | yat khalv ādy-antavat śukty-ādau
kadācid evāropitamrajatamītat punar avastu tad-āśrayakatva-tat-prakāśakatva-tad-
avyatirekābhāvāt | śukty-ādi-vastu na bhavati śukty-ādibhyo'nanyan na bhavati ty arthaḥ |
tataś caika-vijñā nena sarva-vijñā na-pratijñā viruddheteti bhāvaḥ ||72||

[73]

evam asat-kārya-vādāntare'pi jñeyam | ekasyāpi vastuno'nśabhedenāśrayāśrayitvaṁ
svayam eva dṛṣṭāntena spaṣṭayati --

dī paś cakṣuṣā ca rūpaṁca
jyotiṣo na pṛthagbhavet |
evamdhī ḥ khāni mātrās ca
na syur anyatamā dṛtāt || [BhP 12.4.24]

dī paś cakū-rūpānāmahābhūta-jyotir-anśa-rūpatvāt dī pādikaṁna tataḥ pṛthagbhavet | evam
dhī -prabhṛtī niṣṭāt paramātmānaṁ na pṛthagbhavet | tathāpi yathā mahābhūta-jyotir dī pādī-
doṣeṇa na lipyate tathā buddhyadi-doṣeṇa paramātmāpi | tadvad asyāpy anyatamatvād ity
āha anyatamād iti |

[74]

tad evamdhī -prabhṛtī nāṁparamātmā-svābhāvika-śaktimayatvam uktvā tathāpi tebhyo
bahiraṅga-śaktimayebhyo'ntaraṅga-śakti-taṣṭha-śakti-viśiṣṭa-paramātmānaṁ
'nyatamatvena teṣāṁ aśuddhatva-vyañjanayā sa-doṣatvam uktvā teṣāṁ dhī -vṛttiṣu tāvac
chuddhasyaiva jīvasya sakāraṇam adhyāsam āha --

buddher jāgaraṇaṁsvapnaḥ
suṣuptir itī cocyate |
māyā mātram idamrājan
nānātvampratyag-ātmāni || [BhP 12.4.25]

buddhi-vṛtti-rūpaṁjāgaraṇaṁsvapnaḥ suṣuptir itī dampratyag-ātmāni śuddha-jīve
viśvatairjasa-prājñātvā khyamānānātvam māyā-mātram māyā-kratādhyāsa-mātreṇa jātam ity
arthaḥ |

[75]

tataḥ paramātmāni buddhy-ādi-mayasya jagataḥ sato'pi samparkaḥ sutarāmnāstī ty artham
cāha --

yathā jaladharā vyomni
bhavanti na bhavanti ca |
brahmaṇī damviśvam
avayavyudayaḥ pyayāt || [BhP 12.4.26]

yathā vyomni vyoma-kārya-vāyu-jyotiḥ-salila-pārthivānśa-dhūma-pariṇatā jaladharāḥ
sveṣāṁ evāvayavināṁ udayād bhavanti dṛśyante | apy ayān na bhavanti na dṛśyante ca te
ca tan na sprśantī ti jñeyam | tathā brahmaṇī damviśvam itī yoḥyam | tataḥ sūkṣma-rūpeṇa
tasya sthitir asty eva jagac-chakti-viśiṣṭa-kāraṇāstitvāt | ittham evoktam sato'bhivyañjakaḥ
kāla itī ||75||

[76]

tad evamvaktumkāraṇāstitvam dṛṣṭāntena pratipādayati --

satyamhy avayavaḥ proktaḥ

sarvāvayavinām iha |
vinārthena pratī yeraṇ
paṭ asyevāṅga tantavaḥ || [BhP 12.4.27]

sarveṣām avayavināmsthūla-vastūnām avayavaḥ kāraṇamsatyamsatyō vyabhicāra-rahitaḥ
proktaḥ | loke yathā darśnād ity āha vineti ||76||

[77]

arthena sthūla-rūpeṇa paṭ enāpi vinā tasmin kāryāstitvam api vyatirekeṇa pratipādayati |

yat sāmānya-viśeṣ ābhyām
upalabhyeta sa bhramaḥ | [BhP 12.4.28]

ayam arthaḥ | yady evam ucyate pūrvamsūkṣ mā kāreṇāpi jagan nāsi t kintu sāmānyam
kevalamśuddhambrahmaivāsi t tad eva śaktyā nimitta-bhūtayā viśeṣ ākāreṇa jagad-rūpeṇa
pariṇatam iti tad asat | yataḥ yad eva sāmānya-viśeṣ ābhyām upalabhyeta sa bhramo vivarta-
vāda eva | tatra hi śuddhambrahmaivājñāna-rūpayā śaktyā jagattayā vivṛ tam iti matamna
cāsmākaṃtad-abhyupapattiḥ pariṇā mavādasya sat-kāryatā-pūrvakatvād ity arthaḥ ||77||

[78]

nanv apūrvam eva kāryam ārambha-vivarta-vādinām iva yuṣ mā kam api jñāyatāmtatrāha –

anyonyāpāśrayāt sarvam
ādyantavad avastu yat || [BhP 12.4.28]

yadādyantarvad apūrvamkāryamtat punar avastu nirūpaṇāsaham ity arthaḥ | tatra hetur
anyonyopāśrayāt | yāvat kāryamna jāyate tāvat kāraṇatvamṛ t-śukty-āder na sidhyati
kāraṇatvāsiddhau ca kāryamna jāyate eveti paraspara-sāpekṣ atva-doṣ āt | tataḥ kāraṇatva-
siddhaye kārya-śaktis tatrāvaśyam abhupagantavyā | sā ca kārya-sūkṣ māvasthaiveti
kāryāstitvamsidhyati | tathāpi sthūla-rūpatā-pādakatvān mṛ d-ādeḥ kāraṇatvam api
sidhyati ti bhāvaḥ |

[79]

tad evamsvābhāvaika-śaktimayam eva paramā tmano jagad ity upasānharati --

vikāraḥ khyāyamāno'pi
pratyag-ātmānam antarā |
na nirūpyo'sty aṇur api
syāc cec cit-sama ātmavat || [BhP 12.4.29]

yadyapi khyāyamāmanaḥ prakāśamāna eva tathāpi svalpo'pi vikāraḥ pratyag-ātmānam
paramātmānamvinā tad-vyatirekeṇa svatantratayā na nirūpyo'sti | tad uktam tad-
ananyatva-vivaraṇa eva | yadi ca tamvināpi syāt tadā cit-samaḥ syāc cid-rūpeṇa samaḥ sva-
prakāśa evābhaviṣ yat | ātmavat paramātmavan nityaikāvasthaś cābhaviṣ yat |

[80]

nanu yadi paramātmānamvinā vikāro nāsti tarhi paramātmanaḥ sopādhitve
nirupādhitvamna sidhyati | tasmāt sopādher nirupādhir any eva kim ity atrāha --

na hi satyasya nānātvam
avidvān yadi manyate |
nānātvamchidrayor yadvaj
jyotiṣ or vātayor iva || [BhP 12.4.30]

satyasya paramā tmano nānātvamna hi vidyate | yadi tasya nānātvammanyate tarhy
avidvān yatas tasya nirupādhitva-sopādhitva-lakṣaṇam nānātvammahākāśa-ghaṭākāśayor
yadvat tadvad gr̥hāṅgana-gata-sarva-vyāpi-tejasor iva bāhya-śarīra-vāyvor iva ceti |

[80]

yasmād vikāraḥ khyāyamāno'pi pratyag-ātmānam antarā na nirūpyo'sty aṅur api tasmāt
sarva-śabda-vācya'pi sa eveti sa-dr̥ṣṭāntam āha –

yathā hiranyaṁbahudhā samī yate
nṛbhiḥ kiryābhir vyavahāra-vartmasu |
evamvacobhir bhagavān adhokṣajo
vyākhyāyate laukika-vaidikair janaiḥ || [BhP 12.4.31]

kriyābhis tat-tad-vacana-bhedair bahudhā kaṭaka-kunḍādi-rūpeṇa yathā suvarṇam eva
vacobhis tat-tan-nāmabhiḥ pratīyate tathā laukiak-vaidikaiḥ sarvair eva vacobhir bhagavān
eva vyākhyāyate | tad uktam – sarva-nāmābhidheyaś ca sarva-vedeḍitaś ca saḥ iti skānde |

[81]

tad evamjagataḥ paramā tma-svābhāvika-śaktimayatvam uktvā tena ca jīva-kartṛkeṇa
jīvanena tan-nāśana-sāmarthyamvyajya mokṣārtham tad-adhyāsa-parityāgam upadeṣṭum
paramā tma-śaktimayasyāpi tasyopādhyadhyātmakasya jīva-svarūpa-prakāśavarakatva-
rūpaṁdoṣaṁsadṛṣṭāntam upapādayati --

yathā ghano'rka-prabhavo'rka-darśito
hy arkānīśa-bhūtasya ca cakṣuṣas tamaḥ |
evamtv ahambrahma-guṇas tad-īkṣito
brahmānīśakasyā tmana ātma-bandhanaḥ || [BhP 12.4.32]

arka-raśmaya eva megha-rūpeṇa pariṇatā varṣanti | (!)

agnau prāptāhutiḥ samyag ādityam upatiṣṭhate |
ādityāj jāyate vṛṣṭir vṛṣṭer annam tataḥ prajāḥ | iti vacanāt |

ayam arthaḥ | yathārka-prabhavo'rkeṇaiva darśitaḥ prakā-

śītaś ca ghaṇo niviḍo meghaḥ | arkānśa-bhūtasya cakṣuṣas tamaḥ divi bhūmau ca mahāndhakāra-rūpo bhavati | evam ahaṁprākṛtāharkāro brahma-guṇaḥ paramātmā-śakti-kārya-bhūtaḥ tadīkṣitas tenaiva paramātmanā prakāśitaś ca brāhmānśakasya taḥ astha-śakti-rūpatvāt paramātmano yo hīnānśas tasyātmano jīvasyātma-bandhanaḥ svarūpa-prakāśāvarako bhavati |

[82]

sa cādhyāsa-parityāgaḥ svato na bhavati kintu paramātmā-jijñāsayā tat-prabhāvenaiveti vaktumpūrvavad eva dṛṣṭānta-paaripāṭimāha --

ghano yadārka-prabhavo vidīyate
cakṣuḥ svarūpamravimīkṣate tadā |
yadā hy ahaṁkāra upādhirātmano
jijñāsayā naśyati tarhy anusmaret || [BhP 12.4.33]

ghano yathārka-prabhavo vidīryate itidṛṣṭāntānśe tad-vidāraṇasya na cakṣuḥ-śakti-sādhyatvam kintu sūrya-prabhāva-sādhyatvam itivyaktam | anena dāṛṣṭāntike'pīātmanaḥ paramātmano jijñāsayā jātena tat prasādenāharkāro naśyati palāyate ity atrānśe puruṣa-jñāna-sādhyatvam ahaṁkāra-nāśasya khaṇḍitam | ato vivarta-vādo nābhyupagataḥ | atra copādhir itiviśeṣaṇena svarūpa-bhūtāharkāras tv anyā eveti spaṣṭībhūtam | evamyathā dṛṣṭānteghana-prāya-mahāndhakāra-varaṇābhāvāt tat-prabhāveṇa yogyatālābhāc ca cakṣuḥ kartṛbhūtam svarūpam karma-bhūtam īkṣate sva-svarūpa-prakāśam astitvena jānāti sva-śakti-prākṛtaḥ yam labhata ity arthaḥ | kadācit tadīkṣaṇonmukhaḥ san ravimceḥkṣate tathā dāṛṣṭāntike'py anusmaret smartur anusandhātumyogyo bhavati, ātmānamceti śeṣaḥ |

[83]

nigamayati –

yadaivam etena viveka-hetinā
māyāmayāharkāraṇātma-bandhanam |
cchitvācyutātmānubhavo'vatiṣṭhate
tam āhur āyantikam aṅga samplavam || [BhP 12.4.34]

etena pūrvokta-viveka-śastreṇa | māyāmayeti viśeṣaṇam svarūpa-bhūtāharkārasya vyavacchedārtham | avatiṣṭhate sva-svarūpeṇāvasthito bhavati | na kevalam etāvad eva acyutānubhavaḥ acyute'cyuta-nāmnīātmani paramātmāny anubhavo yasya tathābhūta eva sann avatiṣṭhate || 12.4 || śrī-śūkaḥ ||84||

[84]

atrāyam apy ekeṣāṁpakṣaḥ parameśvarasya śakti-dvayam asti svarūpākhyā māyākhyā ceti | pūrvayā svarūpa-vaibhava-prakāśanam aparayā tv indra-jāla-vattayaiva mohitebhyo jīvebhyo viśva-sṛṣṭy-ādi-darśanam | dṛṣṭyate caikasya nānāvidyāvataḥ kasyāpī tathā vyavahāraḥ | na caivam advaitavādinām iva vedanam āpatitam | satyenaiva kartrā satyam eva draṣṭāramprati satyayaiva tathā śaktyā vastunaḥ sphoraṇāt loke'pī tathāiva dṛṣṭyate itibhavatv apī damnāma |

yataḥ satyamna satyamnaḥ
kṛṣṇa-pādābjāmodam antarā |
jagat satyam asatyamvā
ko'yamtasmin durāgrahaḥ ||

tad etan-mate sata idam utthitam ity ādivākyāni prāyo yathā ṭ ī kā-vyākhyānam eva jñeyāni | kvacit tat-kṛ tānumānā dau bheda-mātrasyāsattve prasakte vaikuṇṭhādi nām api tathā tva-prasaktis tan-mate syād ity atra tu teṣāṃ ayam abhiprāyaḥ | vyaṃhi yal loka-pratyakṣādi-siddhamvastu tad eva tat-siddha-vastv-antara-dṛ ṣ ṭ āntena tad-dharmakāmsādhayāmaḥ | yat tu tad asiddhamśāstravid-anubhavaika-gamya-tādṛ ṣ ṭ satvaṃtat punas tad-dṛ ṣ ṭ ānta-parārdhādināpy anyathā kartumna śakyata eveti | jī veśvarābheda-sthāpanā ca cid-rūpatā-mātra eveti | atha svābhāvika-māyā-śaktyā paramēśvaro viśva-sṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādikaṃkaroti jī va eva tatra muhyatī ty uktam | tatra sandehampraśnottarābhyāṃpariharaty aṣ ṭ abhiḥ –

śrī -vidura uvāca
brahman kathambhagavataś
cin-mātrasyāvikāriṇaḥ |
lī layā cāpi yujyeran
nirguṇasya guṇaḥ kriyāḥ || [BhP 3.7.2]

he brahman cin-mātrasya cinmātra-svarūpasya sataḥ svarūpa-śaktyā bhagavataḥ śrī -vaikuṇṭhādi-gata-tādṛ ṣ ṭ aiśvaryādi-yuktasya ateva nirguṇasya prākṛ ta-guṇāspṛ ṣ ṭ asya tata evāvikāriṇas tādṛ k-svarūpa-śakti-vilāsa-bhūtānāmkriyāṇāṃ anantānāṃ api sadodita-varānanta-vidha-prakāśe tasmin nitya-siddhatvāt tat-tat-kriyāvirgbhāva-kartur tasyāvasthāntara-prāptatvābhāvāt prākṛ ta-kartur iva na vikārāpattir iti | nirvikārasya ca kathamsattvādayaḥ prākṛ ta-guṇaḥ kathamvā tadāsaṅga-hetukāḥ sthity-ādayaḥ kriyāś ca yujyeran | tatas ca cinmātra-vastu-virodhād eva te ca tāś ca na yujyante | bhagavattve tu svaira-ceṣ ṭ ayāpi na yujyeran ity āha lī layā vāpi ti | atrāvikāritva-nirguṇatvābhyāṃsaha cinmātra-bhagavattvaṃcety ubhayam api svī kṛ tyaiiva pūrva-pakṣiṇaḥ pṛ ṣ ṭ am |

[85]

tatas ca tasya cin-mātra-svarūpasya bhavatu bhagavattvaṃtatrāsmākaṃna sandehaḥ | kintu tasya katham itara-guṇādi-svī kāro yujyate ity eva pṛ cchata iti vākyārthaḥ | tatas cinmātratve bhagavattve ca tasya tucchā guṇaḥ kriyāś ca na sambhavanty eveti dviguṇī bhūyaiva praśnaḥ | lī layā vāpi kathamyujyeran iti viśadayati |

krī dāyāṃ udyamo 'rbhasya
kāmaś cikrī ḍiṣ ānyataḥ |
svatas-tṛ ptasya ca katham
nivṛ ttasya sadānyataḥ || [BhP 3.7.3]

udyamayait pravartayati ity udyamaḥ | arbhakasya krī dāyāṃpravṛ tti-hetuḥ kāmo'sti | anyatas tu vastv-antareṇa bālāntara-pravartanena vā tasya krī decchā bhavati | bhagavatas tu svataḥ svenātmanā svarūpa-vaibhavana ca tṛ ptasya ata evānyataḥ sadā nivṛ ttasya ca katham anyato jī vāj jagac ca nimittāt cikrī ḍiṣ eti | na ca tasya te guṇas tānkriyāś ca na vidyante ity apalapanī yam |

[86]

tathaiva prasiddher ity āha --

asrā kṣ ī d bhagavān viśvaṃ
guṇa-mayyā tma-māyayā |
tayā sanīsthāpayaty etad
bhūyaḥ pratyapidhāsyati || [BhP 3.7.4]

guṇa-mayyā traiguṇya-vyañjīnyā ātmāśritayā māyayā sanisthāpayati pālayati
pratyapidhāsyati prātilaomyena tirohitamkariṣyati | jī vasya ca kathammāyā-mohitatvam

[88]

ghaṭ atī ty ākṣ epāntaram āha --

deśataḥ kālato yo 'sāv
avasthātaḥ svato 'nyataḥ |
aviluptāvabodhātmā
sa yujyetājayā katham || [BhP 3.7.5]

yo'sau deśādibhir aviluptāvabodha ātmā jī vaḥ sa katham ajayāvidyayā yujyeta | tatra deśa-
vyavadhānato deśa-gata-doṣato vā cakṣuḥ prakāśa iva kālato vidyud iva avasthātaḥ smṛtir
iva svataḥ śukti-rajatam iva anyato ghaṭ ādi-vastv iva na tasyāvabodho lupyate avyāhata-
svarūpa-bhūta-jñānāśrayatvād evety arthaḥ ||

[89]

tatraiva virodhāntaram āha –

bhagavān eka evaiṣa
sarva-kṣetreṣv avasthitaḥ |
amuṣya durbhagatvamvā
kleśo vā karmabhiḥ kutaḥ || [BhP 3.7.6]

eṣa eka eva bhagavān paramātmāpi sarva-kṣetreṣu sarvasya jī vasya kṣetreṣu deheṣu
avasthitaḥ | tatra sati katham amuṣa jī vasya durbhagatvamsvarūpa-bhūta-jñānādi-lopaḥ
karmabhiḥ kleśaś ca tasya vā kuto nāsti | na hy ekasmin jalādau sthitayor vastunoḥ
kasyacit tat-saṁsargaḥ kasyacin neti yujyata ity arthaḥ |

[90]

tatra kevalamcin-mātratvamna sambhavatī ti bhatgavattvam evāṅgī kṛtya śrī-maitreya
uvāca –

seyambhagavato māyā
yan nayena virudhyate |
īśvarasya vimuktasya
kārpānyam uta bandhanam || [BhP 3.7.9]

yayā viśva-sṛṣṭy-ādikambhavati seyambhagavato'cintya-svarūpa-śakter māyākhyā śaktiḥ |
yad yā ca nayena tarkeṇa virudhyate tarkātī tatayā seyam apy acintyety arthaḥ | yadyapy
evamdvayor apy acintyatvamtathāpi bhagavato mayety anena vyaktatvāt svarūpa-śakter
antaraṅgatvād bahiraṅgāyā māyāyā guṇaiḥ sattvādibhis tat-kāryaiḥ sthāpanādi-līlābhiś ca
nāsau sprṣata ity arthaḥ | tantreṇa cāyam arthaḥ | yad yayā māyayā yena bhagavatā saha na
virudhyate nāsau virodha-viṣayī kriyata iti ca evam eva ṣaṣṭhe navamādhyāye –
duravabodha iva tavāyam ity [BhP 6.9.34] ādinā gadyena tasya saṅga-kartṛtvamvirudhya
punar atha tatrābhavān iti [BhP 6.9.35] gadyenāntaryāmitayā guṇa-visarga-patitātvena
jī vavad bhokṛtva-yogaṁsambhāvya, na hi virodha ubhayam ity [BhP 6.9.36] ādi gadyena
tatra tatrāvitarkya-śaktitvam eva ca siddhānte yojitam |

tatra svarūpa-śakter avitarkyatvam bhagavatī ty ādibhir viśeṣaṅgair māyāyās cātma-māyām ity anena darśitam | tatra svarūpa-dvayābhāvād ity asya tathāpy acintya-śaktyā tatkartṛ tvāntad-antaḥpātitvaṁca vidyate ity arthaḥ | [sama-viṣama-matī nām](#) iti [BhP 6.9.37] tu gadyāntathāpy uccāvaca-buddhī nāntathā sphurasī ti pratipatty-artham jñeyam | duravabodha iveti prāktana-gadye tv aśarī ra iti śarī ra-ceṣṭā mvinā aśaraṅga iti bhūmy-ādy-āśrayamvinā ity arthaḥ |

atha tatrety ādau svakṛ te'pi tasyāpi hetu-kartṛ tvād yojanī yam | tasmād atrāpi svarūpa-śakter eva prādhānyaṁ darśitam | ataeva [ṛte'rtham yat prati yeta](#) ity [BhP 2.9.34] ādau māyāyā ābhāsa-sthānī yatvampradarśya tad-asprīṣyatvam eva bhagavato darśitam | [tvam ādyaḥ puruṣaḥ sāksād](#) ity ādau [māyāmvudasya cic-chaktyā](#) ity [BhP 1.7.23] anena ca tathā jñāpitam | [māyā paraity abhimukhe ca vilajjamānā](#) ity [BhP 2.7.47] anena ca | tad evāmbhagavati tad-virodhampariḥṛ tyā jī ve'py avidyā-sambandham atarkyatvena darśitayā tan-māyayaiva samādadhati | ī śvarasyeti yad ity anenaiva sambadhyate |

artha-vaśād atra ca tṛ tī yayā pariṇamyate | yad yayā ī śvarasya svarūpa-jñānā dibhiḥ samarthasya ataeva vimuktasya jī vasya kārṇyaṁ tat-tat-prakāśa-tirobhāvas tathā bandhanāntad-darśi-guṇa-maya-jāla-praveśaḥ ca bhavati ti | tad uktam – [tat-saṅga-bhraṁśitaiśvayam](#) iti [BhP 6.5.15] | tad etat sarvam abhipretya śrutayo'py āhuḥ – [sa yad ajayā tv ajām](#) ity ādāv [apeta-bhaga](#) iti [BhP 10.87.38] ca |

atra mūla-padye bhagavato māyety anena bhagavattvam tu māyikam ity āyātam | indrasya māyety atra yathendratvam |

[91]

evāmpūrvatrāpi jñeyam | punar api jī vasya vastutaḥ svī ya-tat-tad-avasthatvābhāve'pi bhagavan-māyayaiva tat-tat-pratī tir iti sadṛ ṣ ṭ āntam upapādayati |

[yad arthena vināmuṣya puṁsa ātma-viparyayaḥ |
pratī yata upadraṣ ṭ uḥ
sva-śiraś chedanādikāḥ ||](#) [BhP 3.7.10]

yad yasya | māyāyā hetor arthena vināpi | yady api tasya trikālam eva so'rtho nāsti tathāpy ātma-viparyayaḥ ātmavismṛ ti-pūrvaka-parābhīmāne nāham eva tad-dharmī ty evairūpaḥ so'rthaḥ syāt | upadraṣ ṭ ur jī vasya | tṛ tī yārthe ṣ aṣ ṭ hī | svapnāvasthāyā mji vena sva-śiraś-chedanādikō'ti vāsambhavo'rthaḥ pratī yate | na hi tasya śiraś chinnamna tu vā sva-śiraś chedanako'pi paśyati | kintu bhagavan-māyayaivānyatra-siddhāntad-rūpam arthāntasminn āropayati ti |

[92]

māyā-mātraṁ tu kārtsnyenā nabhivyakta-svarūpatvād iti nyāyena | ataeva śuddhasyāpi sato jī vasyaupādhikenaiva rūpeṇopādhī-dharmāpattir iti dr ṣ ṭ āntāntareṇopapādayati ti --

[yathā jale candramasaḥ
kampādis tat-kṛ to guṇaḥ |
dr ṣ yate 'sann api draṣ ṭ ur
ātmano 'nā tmano guṇaḥ ||](#) [BhP 3.7.11]||

yathā jale pratibimbityaiva candramaso jalopādhī-kṛ taḥ kampādi-guṇo dharmo dr ṣ yate na tv ākāśa-sthitasya tadvad anā tmanaḥ prakṛ ta-rūpopādhēr dharmāḥ ātmana

śuddhasyāsann api aham eva so'yam ity āveśān māyayopādhi-
tādā tmyāpannāhaikārābhāsasya pratibimba-sthānī yasya tasya draṣṭur
ādhyātmikāvasthasyaiva yadyapi syāt tathāpi śuddho'sau tad-abhedābhimānena tam
paśyati ty arthaḥ | tad uktam **ekādāśe** śrī -bhagavatā –

nṛ tyato gāyataḥ paśyan
yathaivā nukaroti tām |
evambuddhi-guṇān paśyann
anī ho'py anukāryate || [BhP 11.22.53] iti |

tathaihovoktam – śuddho vicaṣṭe hy avīśuddha-kartur iti | vi-śabdasya cātra tad-āveśa eva
tātparyāntasmād bhagavato'cintya-svarūpāntaraṅga-mahā-pravala-śaktitvād bahiraṅgayā
pravalayāpy acintayāpi māyayāpi na sṛṣṭiḥ | jī vasya tu tayā sṛṣṭir iti siddhāntitam || 3.7 ||
śrī -śukaḥ || 85-92 ||

[93]

evamsṛṣṭy-ādi-līlā-traye yojine'pi punar viśeṣataḥ sañśayya siddhāntaḥ kriyate sthūṇā-
nikhanana-nyāyena | nanu pālana-līlāyāmye ye'vatārās tathā tatraiva sva-prasāda-vyaṭjaka-
smitābhaya-mudrādi-ceṣṭayā sura-pakṣa-pāto yuddhādi-ceṣṭayā daitya-sañhāra ity ādikā yā
yā vā līlāḥ śrūyante te ca tās ca svayamparameśvareṇa kriyante na vā | ādye pūrva-pakṣas
tad atrastha eva pratyuta pakṣa-pātādinā vaiśamyamca | ante teṣāṃ avatārānāmlīlānāṃca
na svarūpa-bhūtayā sidhyati ti sampratipatti-bhaṅgaḥ | atrocyate | satyamviśva-
pālānārthamparameśvaro na kiñcit karoti kintu svena sahaivāvatī rṇān vaikuṇṭha-pāṣādān
tathādhikārika-devādy-antargatān tathā taḥ asthān anyānś ca bhaktān ānandayitum
svarūpa-śaktyāviśkāreṇaiva nānavatārān līlās cāsau prakāśayati | tad uktam **pādme** –

muhūrtenāpi sañhartumśakto yadyapi dānavān |
mad-bhaktānāmvinodārthamkaromi vividhāḥ kriyāḥ ||
darśana-dhyāna-sañsparśair matsya-kūrma-vihaṅgamāḥ |
svāny apatyāni puṣṇanti tathāham api padmaja || iti |

hari-bhakti-sudhodaye –

nityamca pūrṇa-kāmasya janmāni vividhāni me |
bhakta-sarveṣṭa-dānāya tasmāt kimte priyamvada || iti |

tathā śrī -kuntī -devī -vacanamca -- bhakti-yoga-vidhānārthamkathampaśyema hi striya iti
[BhP 1.8.20] | atra **bhakti-yoga-vidhānārtham tad-artham avatī rṇamtvām** iti ṭīkā ca | śrī -
brahma-vacanamca --

prapañcāmnīṣ prapañco'pi
viḍambayasi bhūtale |
prapanna-janatānanda-
sandohaṃprathitumprabho || [BhP 10.14.37]

svarūpa-śaktyaivāviśkāraś ca śrī -brahmaṇaiva darśitaḥ –

eṣa prapanna-varado ramayātmā-śaktyā yad yat kariṣyati grhīta-guṇāvatāra [BhP 3.9.23]
ity ādinā | grhītā guṇāḥ kāruṇyādayo yatra tathābhūto'vatāro yasyety arthaḥ | tad evam
bhaktānandārtham eva tān prakṛtāyatas tasyānanusañhitam api sura-pakṣa-pātādi-viśva-
pālana-rūpaṃtan-māyā-kāryamsvata eva bhavati | loke yathā kecid bhaktāḥ parasparam
bhagavat-prema-mukhollāsāya militās tad anabhijñān api kāñścin mārdāṅgikādi n

saigṛhya tad-guṇa-gānānandenonmattavan nṛtyanto viśveṣāṃ evāmaṅgalamghnanti
maṅgalam api vardhayanti ti | tad uktamvāg gad-gadety ādau mad-bhakti-yukto
bhuvanāmpunātī ti [BhP 11.14.24] | evam evoktam –

sṛṣṭy-ādikaṃharer naiva
prayojanam apekṣyatu |
kurute kevalānandād
yathā martyasya nartanam || iti | [Nārāyaṇa-saṁhitā]

na ca vaktavyaṃsvena teṣāṃtair api svasyānandane svatas tṛptatā-hāniḥ syāt tathānyān
parityajya ca teṣāṃ evānandane vaiṣamyāntaram api syād iti | tatrādye viśuddhorjita-sattva-
tanum āśrite'pi muni-jane svatas tṛpti-parākāṣṭhāṃprāpto bhakta-vātsalya-darśanāt tad-
anucara evāsau guṇo na tu tat-pratighātī ti labhyate | yathā sarvān munīn prati śrī-parīkṣid-
vākyam –

nehātha nāmutra ca kaścanārtha
tṛte parānugraham ātma-śīlam | [BhP 1.19.23]

tathā jaḍa-bharata-caritādau – sindhu-pataya ātma-satatvaṃvigaṇayataḥ parānubhāvah
parama-kāruṇikatayopadiśyaty ādi [BhP 5.13.24]

śrī-nārada-pūrva-janmani -- cakruḥ kṛpāmyadyapi tulya-darśanāḥ; śuśrūṣamāṇe munayo
'lpa-bhāṣini | [BhP 1.5.24]

tathā kuntī-stave –

namo 'kiṁcana-vittāya nivṛtta-guṇa-vṛttaye |
ātmārāmāya śāntāya kaivalya-pataye namaḥ || [BhP 1.8.27]

akiṁcānā bhaktā eva vittāmsarvasvāmyasyeti tīkā ca | tato'nyathā cākṛtajātā-doṣāś ca
nirdoṣe bhagavaty āpatati | tataḥ siddhe tathāvidhasyāpi bhakta-vātsalye bhaktānāṃ
duḥkha-hānyā sukha-prāptyā vā svānando bhavati tyāyātam eva | kiṁca parama-sāra-
bhūtāyā api svarūpa-śakteḥ sāra-bhūtā hlādinī nāmayā vṛttis tasyā eva sāra-bhūto vṛtti-
viśeṣo bhaktiḥ sā ca raty-apara-paryāyā | bhaktir bhagavati bhakte ca niḥkṣipta-nijobhaya-
koṭiḥ sarvadā tiṣṭhati | ataevoktam**bhagavān bhakta-bhaktimān** iti | tasmād bhaktasthayā
tayā bhagavatas tṛptau na svatas tṛptirtā-hāniḥ | pratyuta śaktitvena svarūpato
bhinnābhinnāyā api tasyāḥ **ye yathā māṃprapadyante tāni** tathaiva **bhajāmy aham** iti
nyāyena bhakta-citta-sphuritāyā bheda-vṛtter eva sphuraṇāt bhagavato māṃhlādayaty
asya bhaktir iti ānandacamatkāraṭiśayaś ca bhavati | śakti-tadvator bhedamate'pi
viśiṣṭasyaiva svarūpatvaṃsampratipannam |

tad etat sarvam abhipretya bhaṇitamdurvāsasamprati śrī-viṣṇunā –

ahambhakta-parādhīno
hy asvantra iva dvija |
sādhubhir grasta-hṛdayo
bhaktair bhakta-jana-priyaḥ ||

nāham ātmānam āśāse
mad-bhaktaiḥ sādhubhir vinā |
śriyāncātyantikīmbrahman
yeṣāṃgatir ahaṃparā ||

ye dārāgāra-putrāpta-
prāṇān vittam imamparam |
hitvā māṁsaraṇānyā tāḥ
kathamtānṣ tyaktum utsahe ||

mayi nirbaddha-hṛ dayāḥ
sādhavaḥ sama-darśanāḥ |
vaśe kurvanti māmbhakty
sat-striyaḥ sat-patimiyathā ||

mat-sevayā pratī tamte
sālokyādi-catuṣ ṭ ayam |
necchanti sevayā pūrṇāḥ
kuto 'nyat kāla-viplutam ||

sādhavo hṛ dayam mahyam
sādhūnām hṛ dayam tv aham |
mad-anyat te na jānanti
nāhamtebhyo manāg api || [BhP 9.4.63-68] iti |

atra ye dārāgāreti trayam akṛ tajātā-nivāraṇe sādhave hṛ dayam mahyam iti svatas ṭṭi-
parihāre | bhakteḥ svarūpa-śakti-sāra-hlādinī -sāratve ca [ahambhakta-parādhī na](#) iti
dvayam |

tatraiva bhakteṣ v api bhakti-rūpeṇa tat-praveśe sati viśeṣ ato [mat-sevayā pratī tam](#) ity api
jñeyam | tato na prāktano doṣ aḥ | dvitī ye'py evam ācakṣ mahe | parānandane pravṛ ttir
dvidhā jāyate parato nijābhī ṣ ṭ a-sampattiyai kvacit tad-abhī ṣ ṭ a-mātra-sampattiyai ca | tatra
prathamō nātrāpy ayuktaḥ sāmārttha-mātratayā kutrāpi pakṣ apā tābhāvāt | atrottara-pakṣ e
para-sukhasya para-duḥkhasya cānubhavaiva parānukūlyenaiva pravṛ ttī cchā jāyate na tu
yat-kiñcij-jñāna-mātreṇa cittasya para-duḥkhāsparśe kṛ pā-rūpa-vikārāsambhavāt |

yathā kaṇṭ aka-biddhārgo
jantor necchati tāṁvyathām |
jī va-sāmyaṅgato liṅgair
na tathābiddha-kaṇṭ akaḥ || iti nyāyāt |

tataś ca sadā paramānandaikarūpe'pahata-kalmaṣ e bhagavati prākṛ tasya sukhābhidha-
duḥkhasya prasiddha-duḥkhasya ca sūrya pecaka-cakṣ ur jyotiṣ a iva tamasa iva
cātyantābhāvāt tat-tad-anubhavo nāsty eva |

yat tu bhagavati duḥkha-sambandhamparijihī rṣ anto'pi kecid evamvadanti, tasmin
duḥkhānubhava-jñānam asty eva, tac ca parakī yatvenaiva bhāsate na tu svī yatveneti | tad
api ghaṭ ṭ a-kuḍyāṁprabhātam duḥkhānubhavo nāma hi antaḥ-karaṇe duḥkha-sparśaḥ, sa
ca svasmād bhavatu paramād veti duḥkha-sambandhāviśeṣ āt | asarvajātā-doṣ aś ca sūrya-
dṛ ṣ ṭ āntenaiva pariḥṛ taḥ, pratyuta guṇatvenaiva darśitaś ca | tasmāt tasmin yat kiñcid
duḥkha-jñānam astu, duḥkhānubhavas tu nāsty eva | yata eva kartum akartum anyathā-
kartum samarthe parama-karuṇāmaya-nicaya-śiromaṇau tasmin virājamāne'py adyāpi
jī vāḥ saṁsāra-duḥkham anubhavanti ty atra nairghṛ nya-parihāraś ca bhavati | yat tu
bhaktānāmsukhamtat tasya bhakti-rūpam eva, tathā teṣ āmduḥkhambhagavat-prāpty-
antarāyeṇaiva bhavati, tatra cādhikā bhagavaty eva cittādratā jāyate sā ca bhaktir eveti |

kvacid gajendrādī nām api prākṛ ta eva duḥkhe sa eva mama śaraṇam ity ādinā tathaiva
bhaktir udbhūtaiveti | kvacid yamalārjunādiṣ u śrī -nāradādi-bhaktānāmbhaktiḥ sphuṭ aiveti

ca sarvathā dainyātmaka-bhakta-bhakty-anubhava eva taṁkaruṇayati na tu prākṛ taṁ
duḥkhaṁ yogye kāruṇe saty ayogyasya kalpanānaucityaāt duḥkha-sad-bhāvo'sty eva
kāraṇatve sarva-saṁsārocchitteḥ |

atha tasya paramparā-kāraṇatvam asty eva ced asstu na kāpi hānir iti | tasmād ubhayathā
bhaktānandane tad-bhakty-anubhava eva bhagavantampravartayati ti siddham | tat etad
uktambhavati | yady anyasya sukha-duḥkham anubhūyāpi tat-tat-tyāgenetarasya sukhaḥ
duḥkha-hānimvā sampādayati tadaiva vaiṣ amyam āpatati | śrī -bhagavati tu prākṛ ta-sukha-
duḥkhānubhavābhāvān na tad āpatati, yathā kalpa-tarau | tad uktamśrī mad-akrūreṇa –

na tasya kaścīd dayitaḥ suhṛ ttamo
na cāpriyo dveṣ ya upekṣ ya eva vā |
tathāpi bhaktān bhajate yathā tathā
sura-drumo yadvad upāśrito'rthadaḥ || iti [BhP 10.38.22] |

atra bhaktād anya eva kaścīd iti jāṇyam |

kaḥ paṇḍitas tvad-aparamśaraṇamsamī yād bhakta-priyād ṛ ta-giraḥ suhṛ daḥ kṛ tajā d ity
[BhP 10.48.26] etad-vākyenaiva tat-priyatva-prokṛteḥ | śrī -mahādevenāpy uktam --

na hy asyāsti priyaḥ kaścīn
nāpriyaḥ svaḥ paro 'pi vā |
ātmavāt sarva-bhūtānām
sarva-bhūta-priyo hariḥ ||

tasya cāyamamahā-bhāgāś
citraketuḥ priyo 'nugaḥ |
sarvatra sama-dṛ k śānto
hy ahamcaivācyuta-priyaḥ || [BhP 6.17.33-34]

tathoktamśrī -prahlādenāpi --

citraṁtavehitam aho 'mita-yogamāyā-
lī lā-visṛ ṣ ṭ a-bhuvanasya viśāradasya |
sarvā tmanaḥ samadṛ śo 'viṣ amaḥ svabhāvo
bhakta-priyo yad asi kalpataru-svabhāvaḥ || [BhP 8.23.8] iti |

arthaś ca -- yat tvambhakta-priyo'si so'pi samadṛ śas tava svabhāvo'viṣ amaḥ viṣ amo na
bhavati | tatra hetu-garbha-viśeṣ aṇamkalpataru-svabhāva iti | tasmād viṣ ama-
svabhāvatayā pratī te'pi tvayy avaiṣ yam ity atī va citram iti | athavā paratrāpi kalpa-vṛ kṣ ā di-
lakṣ aṇe samāna evāśrayaṇī ye vastuni bhakta-pakṣ a-pā ta-rūpa-vaiṣ amya-darśanād
vaiṣ amyam api samasyaiva svabhāva ity eva vyākhyeyam | tathā pūrvatrāpi bhaktān bhajata
iti vaiṣ amya eva yojanī yam iti | vastutas tu śrī -bhagavaty acintyam aiśvaryam eva mukhyas
tad-avirodhe hetuḥ | yad uktam – **namo namas te'stv ṛ ṣ abhāya sātvatām** ity [BhP 2.4.14]
ādau **dvitī yasya caturthe ṭ ī kāyām** | tad evamvaiṣ amya-pratī tāv apy adoṣ atvāyācintyam
aiśvaryam āheti | tad uktamśrī -bhī ṣ meṇa

sarvā tmanaḥ samadṛ śo hy advayasyā naharkṛ teḥ |
tat-kṛ taṁmati-vaiṣ amyamniravadyasya na kvacit ||
tathāpy ekānta-bhakteṣ u paśya bhūpānukampitam |
yan me 'sūnī tyajataḥ sā kṣ āt kṛ ṣ ṇo darśanam āgataḥ || iti [BhP 1.9.21-22]

tathā śrī -bhagavatā –

samo 'hamsarvabhūteṣ u
na me dveṣ yo 'sti na priyaḥ
ye bhajanti tu mām̐bhaktyā
mayi te teṣ u cāpy aham || iti [BhP 9.29]

tad evam̐tat-tad-doṣ e bhakta-pakṣ a-pā tasya svarūpa-śakti-sāra-bhūtatve bhakta-
vinodārtham eva svarūpa-śaktyaiva svayam eva ca tat-tad-avatāra-li lāḥ karoti bhagavān
tato viśva-pālanam̐tu svayam eva sidhyati ti sthite na vaidura-praś nas tad-avasthaḥ | atra
devādī nām̐prākṛ tatayā taiḥ saha li lāyām̐svatas ṛ ptatā-hā nis teṣ u tad-anīś āveśādi-
svī kāreṅgre parihartavyā | tathā na cāvatārādī nām̐svarūpa-śakty-ā tmatā-hā niḥ | tathā
bhakta-vinodaika-prayojanaka-svaira-li lā-kaivalyena cānyatra rāga-dveṣ ābhāvān na
vaiṣ amyam̐ api pratyuta pitta-dūṣ ita-jihvā nām̐khaṅḍād vairasya iva tasmān nigrahe'py
anubhūyamāne teṣ ā m̐duṣ ṭ atā di-kṣ apana-lakṣ aṅam̐hitam eva bhavati | atra

na hy asya janmano hetuḥ karmaṇo vā mahī pate |
ātma-māyām̐vineśasya parasya draṣ ṭ ur ātmanaḥ |
yan mayā ceṣ ṭ itam̐puniṣaḥ sthity-utpatty-apyayāya hi |
anugrahas tan-nivṛ tter ātma-lābhāya ceṣ yate || [BhP 9.24.57-58]

iti navam̐antastha-śrī -śuka-vākyā nusāreṇa pralaye li nopādher jī vasya dharmādy-
asambhavād upādhi-sṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādinā dharmādi-sampādanenā nugraha iti tadī ya=ṭ ī kā nusāreṇa ca
| tathā,

loke bhavān jagati naḥ kalayāvati rṇaḥ
sad-rakṣ aṅāya khala-nigrahaṅāya cānyaḥ |
kaścit tadī yam̐ abhiyā ti nideśam̐ ī śa
kimvā janaḥ svakṛ tam ṛ chati tan na vidmaḥ || [BhP 10.70.27]

iti jarāsandha-baddha-rāja-vṛ nda-nivedane'pi ī svare tvayi sad-rakṣ aṅārtham̐ avatī rṇe'pi ced
asmākam̐duḥkham̐syāt tarhi kim̐ anyāḥ kaścij jarāsandhādis tvad-ājām̐ api laṅghayati
kim̐ca tvayā vakṣ yam̐no'pi janaḥ sva-karma-duḥkham̐prāpnotī ty eveti na vidmaḥ | na
caitad ubhayam̐ api yuktam̐ iti bhāvāḥ | iti tadī ya-ṭ ī kā nusāreṇa ca li lāyāḥ svairatve'pi
durghaṭ anī māyaiva tadā tadā devānuserādī nām̐tat-tat-karmodbodha-sandhā nam̐ api
ghaṭ ayati | yathā sva-sva-karmaṅaḥ ṛ thag eva ceṣ ṭ am̐nā nām̐jī vā nām̐ceṣ ṭ ā -viśeṣ āḥ
paraspara-śubhāśubha-śakuntatayā ghaṭ itā bhavati ty ādikam̐loke'pi dr̐ syate | yatra tu
kvacid eṣ ā tal-li lājavam̐ anugantum̐na śaknoti tatraiva paramēsituh̐ svairatā vyakti bhavati |
yathā –

guru-putram̐ ihānī tam̐nija-karma-nibandhanam̐ |
ānayasva mahārāja mac-chāsana-puraskṛ taḥ || [BhP 10.45.45]

iti yama-viṣ ayaka-śrī -bhagavad-ādeśādu | tatas ca tasyātivirala-pracāratvān na sarvatra
kṛ ta-hāny-akṛ tābhyāgama-prasaṅgāś ca |

atha yadi kecid bhaktānām̐ eva dviṣ anti tadā tadā bhakta-pakṣ a-pā tāntaḥpā titvā d bhagavatā
svayam̐tad-dveṣ e'pi na doṣ aḥ | pratyuta bhakta-viṣ ayaka-tad-rateḥ poṣ akatvena hlādinī -
vṛ tti-bhūtā nandollāsa-viśeṣ a evāsau | yena hi dveṣ eṇa pratipada-pronmī lat-sā ndrā nanda-
vaicitrī -samatirikta-bhakti-rasa-marusthala-brahma-kaivalyāpādāna-rūpatvena tadī ya-
bhakti-rasa-mahā-pratiryogitayā tato'nyathā duścikitsatayā ca tatrocitam̐ | tad-uttha-
bhagavat-tejasā tat-svarūpa-śakter api tiraskāreṇa dhvaniśābhāva-tulyatvam̐ |
svargāpavarga-narakeṣ v api tulyārtha-darśina iti [BhP 6.17.28] nyāyenānyeṣ ām̐ atī va
duḥsaham̐teṣ ām̐ api kā mukā nām̐nikā mam̐ anabhī ṣ ṭ am̐ uddaṅḍa-daṅḍa-viśeṣ am̐kurvaty

eva bhagavati tasya sarva-hita-paryavasāyi-cāritra-svabhāvatvād eva tat-tad-durvāra-
durvāsanāmayāśeṣa-saṁsāra-kleśa-nāśo'pi bhavati | yaḥ khalv abhedopāsakānām
atikṛcchra-sādhyah puruṣārthaḥ | kvacic ca paramārtha-vastv-avabhijñānāmnaraka-
nirviṣeṣanteṣāṁkāmāntu nikāmam abhīṣṭam itīti akīṭhānām ivāmedhyamsvarga-viṣeṣam
tebhyo dadāti sa parameśvaraḥ | ataevoktāmnāgapatnī bhīḥ – [ripoḥ sutānām api sutavat](#)

pālyānāṁdevānām ity [BhP 10.16.33] arthaḥ | damam iti yato dama apī ty arthaḥ | yat tu pūtanādāv uttama-bhakta-gatiḥ śrūyata tad-bhaktānukaraṇa-māhā tmyenaiveti tatra tatra spaṣṭam eva | yathā sad-veṣāḍ api pūtanāpi sakulety [BhP 10.14.35] ādi |

atha yadi kecid bhaktā eva santo bhaktāntreṣu kathāṁcid aparādhyanti tadā tenaivāparādhena bhakteṣu bhagavati ca vivartamānaṁdveṣa-bāḍavānala-jvālālāpam anubhūya cirāt kathāṁcit punaḥ sad-veṣeṇāpi bhagavat-saṁparśādinaḥ saparikare tad-aparādha-doṣe vinaṣṭe svapadam eva prāpnuvanti | na tu brahma-kaivalyam bhakti-lakṣaṇa-bi-jasyānaśvara-vabhāvāt | teṣu bhagavataḥ krodhaś ca bāleṣu mātur iveti ||

[93]

tathā hi śrī-rājovāca –

samaḥ priyaḥ suhṛd brahman
bhūtānāṁbhagavān svayam |
indrasyārthe kathāṁdaityān
avadhīd viṣamo yathā || [BhP 7.1.1]

paramātmavena samaḥ suhṛt hitakārī priyaḥ prīti-viṣayo bhagavān | evaṁsati sāmyenaivopakartavyatvena prīti-viṣayatvena na ca sarveṣv eva prāpteṣu kathāṁviṣama iva daityān avadhīti | viṣamatvam upalakṣaṇam asuhṛdīvā priya iva ceti |

[94]

kiṁca yasya yaiḥ prayojanaṁsidhyati sa tat-pakṣapātī bhavati | yebhyo bibheti tān dveṣeṇa hanti na tu tad atrāstī tyāha --

na hy asyārthaḥ sura-gaṇaiḥ
sākṣān niḥśreyasātmanaḥ |
naivāsurbhyo vidveṣo
nodvegaś cāguṇasya hi || [BhP 7.1.2]

niḥśreyasaṁparamānandaḥ |

[95]

ataḥ –

iti naḥ sumahā-bhāga
nārāyaṇa-guṇān prati |
saṁśayaḥ sumahān jātas
tad bhavāṁś chettum arhati || [BhP 7.1.3]

guṇān anugraha-nigrahādīn prati tat-tat-saṁśayam |

[96]

atra śrī-rṣir uvāca –

sādhu pṛṣṭam mahārāja
hareś caritam adbhutam |
yad bhāgavata-māhātmyam

bhagavad-bhakti-vardhanam || [BhP 7.1.4]

he mahārāja | idamyat pṛ ṣ ṭ haṁtat sādhu suvicāritam eva | kintu hareś caritam adbhutam
apūrvam avaiṣ amyē'pi viṣ amatayā pratī yamānatvena vicārātī tatvāt | yad yatra hareś caritre
bhagavad-bhakti-vardhanambhāgavata-mā hā tmyambhāgavatā nāṁprahlādopalakṣ ita-
bhakta-vṛ ndānāmmā hā tmyānvartate | anena bhāgavatārtham eva sarvaṁkaroti bhagavān
na tv anyārtham ity asyaivārthasya paryavasānambhaviṣ yatī ti vyañjitam | ṭ ī kā ca –

sva-bhakta-pakṣ a-pātena tad-vipakṣ a-vidāraṇam |
nṛ sinham adbhutamvande paramānanda-vigraham || ity eṣ ā |

[97]

ato –

gī yate paramaṁpuṇyam
ṛ ṣ ibhir nāradādibhiḥ |
natvā kṛ ṣ ṇāya munaye
kathayiṣ ye hareḥ kathām || [BhP 7.1.5]

paramaṁpuṇyamīyathā syāt tathā yā gī yate tāṁkathām iti yat tadoradhyāhāreṇānvayaḥ |
atra ca tair gī yamānatvena bhaktaika-sukha-prayojanatvam eva vyañjitam |

[98]

tatra tatra tāvad vyañjitārthānurūpam eva praśnasyottaram āha --

nirguṇo 'pi hy ajo 'vyakto
bhagavān prakṛ teḥ paraḥ |
sva-māyā-guṇam āviśya
bādhyā-bādhakatāṁgataḥ || [BhP 7.1.6]

yasmāt prakṛ teḥ paras tasmān nirguṇaḥ prakṛ ta-guṇa-rahitaḥ tata evājo nitya-siddhaḥ tata
eva cāvyaktaḥ prakṛ ta-dehendriyādi-rahitātvaṁ nānyena vyajyate iti svayamprakāśa-
dehādir ity arthaḥ | tataś ca prakṛ ti-guṇottha-rāga-dveṣ ādi-rahitaś ceti bhāvaḥ | evam
evambhūto'pi sveṣ u bhakteṣ u yā māyā kṛ pā tatropito yo guṇo li lā-kautukamaya-
viśuddhorjita-sattvākhyas tam āviśyālambya bhagavān nityam eva prakāśita-ṣ ad-
guṇaiśvaryaḥ san, etad apy upalakṣ aṇāṁkadācid ity ādau jātaḥ san lokendriyeṣ u vyakto'pi
san bādhyā-bādhakatāṁgataḥ | nija-dṛ ṣ ṭ i-pathe'pi sthātum asamartheṣ u atikṣ udreṣ u
devāsurādiṣ u sva-sāhāyā-pratīyoddhṛ tva-sampādanāya svayāṁsaṁcāritamkiñcit tad-
aṁśa-lakṣ aṇam eva tejaḥ samāśritya bādhyatāmbādhakatāṁca gataḥ | yuddha-li lā-
vaicitryāya pratīyoddhṛ ṣ u tadānī msvasmin prakāśyamānād api tejaso'dhikamtejo'ṁśam
saṁcārya bādhyatāṁparājayaṁkadācit tu tasmān nūnaṁsaṁcārya bādhakatāṁjayam
prāpta ity arthaḥ | syāt kṛ pā-dambhāyor māyā iti viśva-prakāśaḥ |

atra saty apy arthāntare bhāgavatānugraha-prayojanatvenaivopakrāntatvād
upasañharīṣ yamānatvāc ca gati-sāmanāyāc ca chala-maya-māyayā tat-tat-kartṛ tve'py
adhika-doṣ āpātāc ca tan nāpeks ate | tasmād bhakta-vinodaika-prayojanaka-svaira-li lā-
kaivalyenānyatra rāga-dveṣ ābhāvān nātra vaiṣ amyam iti bhāvaḥ | ataeva bādhyatām api
yātī ti bādhyatāyā sahaivoktam | tathā nija-svarūpa-śakti-vilāsa-lakṣ aṇa-li lāviṣ kāreṇa
sarveṣ ām eva hitaṁparyavasyatī ti suhṛ ttādikaṁca nāpayātī ti dhvanitam |

[99]

atha kathamso'pi viśuddha-sattvākhyo guṇaḥ prakṛto na bhavati kadā vā kutra tam
vī ryātiśayamsaṁcārayati kathāmvā kṛta-hānya-kṛtābhyābhyāgama-prasaṅgo na bhavati ty
ādikam āśaṅkyāha dvābhyām --

sattvamrajas tama iti
prakṛter nātmano guṇaḥ |
na teṣāmyugapad rājan
hrāsa ullāsa eva vā || [BhP 7.1.7]

sattvādayo guṇaḥ prakṛter eva nātmanaḥ | ātmanaḥ parameśvarasya tasya tu ye sarve'pi
nityam evollāsino guṇās te tu te na bhavanti ty arthaḥ | tad uktam – *sattvādayo na santi śa*
[ViP 1.9.44] iti |

hlādinī sandhinī saṁvit
tvayy eva sarva-saṁsthitau iti [ViP 1.12.69] ca |

yasmān nātmanas te tasmād eva yugapat hrāsa eva vā ullāsa eva vā nāsti, kintu vikāritvena
parasparam upamardyatvāt kasyacit kadācit hrāsaḥ kadācit kadācid ullāso bhavati ty
arthaḥ |

[100]

tataś ca devādi nāntat-sāhāyie surādi nāmca tad-yuddhe yogyatāmdarśayati | tathā
sattvādy-ullāsa-kāle tal-lī lāyās tad-adhī natvam iva yat prati yate tad anuvadān pariharati --

jaya-kāle tu sattvasya
devarṣī n rajaso 'surān |
tamaso yakṣa-rakṣānī
tat-kālānugūṇo 'bhajat || [BhP 7.1.8]

sattvasya jaya-kāle devān ṛṣīnīś cābhajat bhajati bhagavān tat-tad-deheṣu sattvopādhika-
nija-tejaḥ saṁcārayati yena ca tān sahāyamānān karoti ty arthaḥ | evamrajaso jaya-kāle
asureṣu raja-upādhikāntamaso jaya-kāle yakṣa-rakṣaḥsu tama-upādhikam iti yojanīyam |

tataś ca yena tān yakṣādīn pratiyoddṛn kurvan devādi n parājitān karoti svayam api tathā
darśayati ty arthaḥ | tad evambhakta-rasa-poṣa-līlā-vaicitryāya bādhyābādhyakātmāyāti ti
darśitam | yac ca kṣīroda-mathane śrūyate |

tathā surāṇāviśad āsureṇa
rūpeṇa teṣāmbala-vīryam īryan |
uddīpayan deva-gaṇānīś ca viṣṇur
devena nāgendram abodha-rūpaḥ || [BhP 8.7.11] iti |

tatrāpi tad-vaicitryārtham eva tathā tat-tad-āveśas tasyeti labhyate |

nanv āyātā tasya tat-tad-guṇodbodhakālapāraśyena svaira-līlatā-hāniḥ | tataś ca guṇa-
sambandhātiśaye vaiṣyādikaṁca spaṣṭam evety āśaṅkyāha tat-kālānugūṇa iti | teṣān
sattvādi nāmākāle evānugūṇo yasya saḥ | bhagavac-charaṇa itivat samāsaḥ | svairam eva
krīḍati tasmin nityam eva tad-anugatīkayā māyayā tad-anusāreṇaivānādi-siddha-pravāhaṁ
tamjagat-karma-samudāyamprerya sva-vṛttīviśeṣa-rūpatvena pravartyamānaḥ sattvādi-
guṇānāmākāle eva tad-adhīno bhavati ty arthaḥ | kālasya māyā-vṛttitvam udāhṛtamākālo
daivam ity ādau tvan-māyais eti | yad vā teṣānāmākālo'pi sadānugato bhaktānugraha-

mātrārtha-svaira-ceṣṭ ātmaka-prabhāva-lakṣaṇo guṇo yasya sa ity arthaḥ | tato'pi tac-
ceṣṭ ānusāreṇaiva māyayā tat-tat-pravartanam iti bhāvah | yad uktam –

yo 'yamkālas tasya te 'vyakta-bandho
ceṣṭ ām āhuṣ ceṣṭ ate yena viśvam || [BhP 10.3.26] iti |

tathā cobhayathāpi na pāraśyā ity āyātam | ittham eva śrī -kapila-devo'pi – yaḥ kālah
pañca-viṅśaka iti [BhP 3.26.15] | prabhāvampauruṣ amprāhuḥ kalam eke yato bhayam iti
[BhP 3.26.16] ca | tatra māyā vyaṅgatva-puruṣ a-guṇatva-lakṣaṇa-mata-dvayam
upanyastavān | atra tasya ceṣṭ ā prabhāvasya bhakta-vinodāyaiva mukhyā pravṛttiḥ |
guṇodbodhādi-kāryamtu tatra svata eva bhavati ti tatra pravṛttyābhāsa eva | tataś ca
pūrvo'ñśah svayam eveti svarūpa-śakter eva vilāśah paras tad-ābhāsa-rūpa evety ābhāsa-
śakter māyayā evāntargataḥ | yo'yamkāla ity ādau nimeṣ ādir ity uktis tu dvayor abheda-
vivakṣayaiveti jñeyam |

ata evamvyākhyeyam | yathā bhṛtyasyānugato bhṛtyo'nubhṛyah tathātra prabhāva-
lakṣaṇasya guṇasyānugata ābhāsa-rūpo guṇo'nugunaḥ | tathā ca teṣāmkālo'py anugūṇo na
tu sākṣād guṇo yasyeti ||

[101]

nanu teṣu teṣu tenāveśyamānamtejah kathamna lakṣyate | tatrāha --

jyotir-ādir ivābhāti
saṅghātān na vivicyate |
vidanty ātmānam ātma-stham
mathitvā kavayo 'ntataḥ || [BhP 7.1.9]

yadyapi teṣu teṣu nija-tejo'ñśenāviṣṭ o'sau saṅghātāt sammiśratvāt na vivicyate lokair
vivektumna śakyate tathāpi kavayo viveka-nipuṇā antato mathitvā tasyāpi sāhāyām
tenāpi yuddham ity ādikāsambhavārtha-niṣedhena vivicya tad-āñśenātmasthamtat-tad-
ātmānam īśvarānvidanti jānanti | tatra hetu-garbho dṛṣṭāntaḥ | yasmāt
tat-tejah jyotir-ādi-padārtha ivābhāti draṣṭṛṣṭv iti viśeṣaḥ |

ayam arthaḥ | yathā nedammanes tejah pūrvam adarśanāt, kintu tadā tapa-saṅgyogena
sauramteja evātra praviṣṭam iti sūrya-kāntādau tūlādi-dāhena tad-anubhaviṣṭu tadā bhāti |
yathā ca pūrvavad eva vāyor ayamgandhaḥ pāṛthiva eva praviṣṭa iti teṣv ābhāti |
tathātrāpi ti |

athavā nanv evamtarhi tair api krīḍatī ti dṛṣyata tatrāha jyotir iti | yathā cakṣur-ādi-jyotibhiḥ
svāñśe rūpa-mātre'pi prakāśyamāne gandhādi-guṇa-pañcakā mṛd evāsua prakāśata iti
pratīyate | yathā ca karṇādi-nabhasā svāñśe śabda-mātre'pi gṛhyamāne dundubhir evāsāv
iti pratīyate | tac ca tat-tad-guṇānāmsammiśratvād eva bhavati na vastutaḥ | tathā kavayaḥ
ātmānam īśvarāntat-tat-saṅghāta-sthatvenānyair aviviktam api ātmasthamsvāñśa-
tejobhir eva krīḍantamjānanti ty arthaḥ |

[102]

yad evamyuddhādi-nija-līlābhir bhakta-vinodanam eva prayojanam viśva-pālanamtu
tataḥ svata eva bhavati ty uktvā, sṛṣṭi-pralayoḥ prakṛtīkṣaṇādāv api sarvāśāka-
nirāsārtham atidiśan triṣṭv apy aviśeṣam āha –

yadā sisṛkṣuḥ pura ātmanah paro

rajaḥ sṛjaty eṣa pṛthak sva-māyayā |
sattvaṁvicitrāsu riraṁsur īśvaraḥ
śaiṣyamāṇas tama īrayaty asau || [BhP 7.1.10]

yadā yatra sva-ceṣṭā-lakṣaṇe kāle eṣa paraḥ parameśvaraḥ sva-māyayā bhakta-kṛpayā
ātmanaḥ puraḥ prācīna-sṛṣṭi—gata-sādhaka-bhakta-rūpāṇi svasyādhiṣṭhānāni sīrṣṭur
bhavati prakṛtyā saha teṣu līneṣu āvirbhāvanārthānāṁ kṣāmkaroti tadā pṛthak svarūpa-
śakter itarāsau jīva-māyākhyā śaktiḥ pūrvavat tac-ceṣṭātmaka-prabhāvābhāsoddīptā rajaḥ
sṛjati svāṁśa-bhūtād guṇa-traya-sāmyād avyaktād vikṣīpati udbodhayati ti vā | yad vā
pṛthamāyānugata eṣa kāla eva sṛjati tathāsau-padena ca kāla evocyate |

atha vicitrāsu nānā-guṇa-vaicitrī-matīṣu tal-lakṣaṇāsu pūrṣu yadā rantum icchur bhavati
tadāsau sattvaṁsṛjati, yadā punas tābhir eva militvā śaiṣyamāṇaḥ śaitum icchur
bhavati ty arthaḥ | tadāsau tamaḥ sṛjati ti | tato bhakta-nimittam eva sarvā eva sṛṣṭy-ādi-
kriyāḥ pravartante iti bhāvaḥ | yathāṅgi kṛtam ekādaśasya tṛtīye tīkākrdbhir api | kim
arthaṁsasarja sva-mātrāma-prasiddhaye | svāmimī te pramimī te ātmānam upāste yaḥ sa
sva-mātā tasyā tmano jīvasya prakṛṣṭā ye siddhaya iti śayanam atra puruṣāvatārasya kadācit
pralayodadhau yoga-nidrā kadācid bhagavat-praveśo vā | yadyapi sarveṣv api jīveṣu
antaryāmitayā parameśvaras tiṣṭhati tathāpi tatrāsaṁsaktatvād asthita eva bhavati tad
bhakteṣu tu samāsaktatvān na tatheti | na ca tat-saṅgādau tasyeccheti yathokta-
vyākhyānam eva balavat | tathā ca **śrī-bhagavad-upaniṣadāḥ**

matsthāni sarvabhūtāni na cāhamiteṣv avasthitāḥ |
na ca matsthāni bhūtāni paśya me yogam aiśvaram || [Gī tā 9.4-5] iti
ye bhajanti tu māmbhaktiā mayi te teṣu cāpy aham || [Gī tā 9.29] iti ca |

uktamca **hari-bhakti-sudhodaye** –

bhaktānāmhrdayamśāntamśaśriyo me priyamgrham |
vasāmi tatra śobhaiva vaikuṇṭhākhyād ivarṇanā || iti |

[103]

evamprasaṅgena sṛṣṭi-pralayāv api vyākhyāya punaḥ pālanam eva vyācakṣāṇaḥ
prakaraṇam upasamharati sārḍhena --

kālamcarantaṁsṛjati śaśrayam
pradhāna-pumbhyāmnara-deva satya-kṛt |
ya eṣa rājann api kāla īśitā
sattvaṁsurānī kam ivaidhayaty ataḥ |
tat-pratyani kān asurān sura-priyo
rajas-tamaskān pramiṇoty uruśravāḥ || [BhP 7.1.11]

satya-kṛt svarūpa-śakti-vilāsenaiḥ svayamparamārtha-satya-kriyāvirbhāvaka eva san sva-
ceṣṭā-rūpaṁkālaṁsṛjati vyaṅjayati | kimkurvantaṁpradhāna-puṁbhyāṁca carantaṁ
tat-tat-sambandhānāmsādhaka-bhaktānāṁdevādi-praviṣṭāṁni ja-tejoṁśānāṁca
sāhāyaa-hetor eva sṛjyamānatayā utpattavivakṣā-jīva-saṅghātābhyāṁcarantaṁ ataeva
sannidhānenaiḥ tayos tat-tad-avasthānāṁ śrayam udbhava-hetumca | narad-deveti
sambodhanena yathā nijaiś ayā mukhyam eva kāryamkurvatas tava tathāivānyad api
kṣudrataṁsvayam eva sidhyati tadvad ihāpi ti bodhitam | tato ya eṣa ceṣṭā-rūpaḥ kālaḥ
sa sattvaṁsṛjati-pradhānaṁsurānī kameghayati va tata eva ta-pratyani kān rajas-tamaḥ-
pradhānān asurān pramiṇoti va hinsti va, ye tu deveṣu bhaktā asureṣu bhakta-dveṣiṇas tān

svayāmpālayati caiveti pūrvem evoktam | yasmāt tac-ceṣ ṭ ā-lakṣaṇasya kālasyaivainvārtā
tasmād ī śītāpi edhayatī va pramiṇotī va ceti | he rājann iti pūrvābhiprāyam eva |

nanu yadi ceśituḥ prayojanamna bhavati tarhi kathamkadāpy asurān api sva-pakṣān
vidhāya devair na yudhyeta, tatrā ha sura-priyaḥ | sureṣu u vartamānāḥ priyā bhaktā yasya
saḥ | sattva-pradhāneṣu sureṣu u prāyaśas teṣāmsarveṣāṃ anugamanenaiva tasyānugamanam
| kadācid br̥haspaty-ādiḥ u mahatsv aparādhe tu teṣāmmālinyena suratvācchādanāt teṣāṃ
tasya caiteṣu ananugamanāmsyād iti | jayakāle tu sattvasyety ādyuktam iti bhāvaḥ |

nanu kathante'pi tān nānugacchanti tatrā ha – rajas-tamaskān iti | atyanta-bhagavad-
bahirmukhatā-karayor guṇayor arocakatvād eveti bhāvaḥ | tary asau sadaivāsuraṇām
nigraham eva karotī ty athāpy asamañjasyam ity āśaṅkyā ha uruśravāḥ | uru sarvato viṣṭṛ tam
mahattamaivā śravaḥ kīrtir yasya sa teṣāṃ apy anugrahamkarotī ti bhāvaḥ |

[104]

tad evāmsiddhāntampradarśya tatra sva-bhaktānugraha-mātra-prayojanas tat tat karoti
pareśa iti pratijñātarthodāharaṇāya prahlāda-jaya-vijayādi-kṛpāyāḥ sūcakam itihāsa-
viśeṣam āha --

atraivodāhṛtaḥ pūrvam
itihāsaṃsurarṣiṇā |
prītyā mahākratau rājan
pṛcchate'jāta-sātrave || ity [BhP 7.1.12] ādi | ṭīkaiva dṛśyā || 7.1 || śrī-śukaḥ ||93-104||

[105-106]

tad evāmsarve api vaiśamya-nairghṛṇye pariḥṛte | īśvaras tu paryanyavad draṣṭavya ity
asya **brahma-sūtra**-nirgatārtha-nyāyasyāpy atraivāntarbhāva-siddheḥ | iti brahma-bhagavat-
paramātmāno vivṛtāḥ | tad evāntrivyūhatvam eva vyākhyātam | kvacid vāsudevādi-
caturvyūhāditanca dṛśyate | sa ca bhedaḥ kasyacit kenacid abheda-vivakṣayā ca
nāyuktaḥ | tad uktaṃ **mokṣa-dharme nārāyaṇīye** --

eka-vyūha-vibhāgo vā kvacid dvi-vyūha-sañjītaḥ |
tri-vyūhaś cāpi saṅkhyātaś caturvyūhaś ca dṛśyate || iti [Mbh 12.336.53]

śrutiś ca – sa ekadhā bhavati dvidhā bhavati ty [Chā 7.26.2] ādyā |

atha pūrva-rītyā caturvyūhatvādy-avisarivādityā yad atra tri-vyūhatvāntatra prathama-
vyūhasya śrī-bhagavata eva mukhyatvam yat-pratipādatvenaivāsya śrī-bhāgavatam ity
ākhyā | yathoktam – **idambhāgavatam nāma purāṇambrahma-sammitam** iti | tasya hi
prādhānye ṣaḍvidhena liṅgena tātparyam api paryālocyate |

upakramopasanīhārāv abhyāso'pūrvatā phalam |
arthavāadopapattī ca liṅgam tātparya-nirṇaye || ity ukta-prakāreṇa |

tathā hi tāvad upakramopasanīhārayor aikyena --

janmādy asya yato 'nvayād itarataś cārtheṣu abhijñāḥ svarāḥ
tene brahma hṛdā ya ādi-kavaye muhyanti yat sūrayaḥ |
tejo-vāri-mṛdāmyathā vinimayo yatra tri-sargo 'mṛṣā
dhāmnā svena sadā nirasta-kuhakaṃsatyamparamdhī mahi || [BhP 1.1.1]

kasmai yena vibhāsito'yam atulo jīāna-pradī paḥ purā
tad-rūpeṇa ca nāradāya munaye kṛ ṣ ṇāya tad-rūpiṇā |
yogī ndrāya tad-ātmānātha bhagavad-rātāya kāruṇyatas
tac chuddhamvimalamviśokam amṛ tamsatyamparamdhī mahi || [BhP 12.13.19]

tatra purvasyārthaḥ | artho'yambrahma-sūtrāṇām iti gāruḍokter asya mahā-purāṇasya
brahma-sūtrākṛ trima-bhāṣ yātmakatvāt prathamantad upādāyaivāvātāraḥ | tatra pūrvam
athāto brahma jijīāseti vyācaṣ ṭ e tejo-vāri-mṛ dām ity-ādy-ardhena | yojanāyām
prāthamikatvād asya pūrvatvam |

tatra brahma-jijīāseti vyācaṣ ṭ e paramdhī mahī ti | paramśrī -bhagavantamdhī mahi
dhyāyema | tad evam mukta-pragrahayā yoga-vṛ ttyā bṛ hatvād brahma yat sarvātmakam
tad-bahiś ca bhavati | tat tu nija-raśmy-ādibhyaḥ sūrya iva sarvebhyaḥ param eva svato
bhavati ti mūla-rūpatva-pradarśanāya para-padena brahma-padamvyākhyāyate | tac cātra
bhagavān evety abhimatam | puruṣ asya tad-aiśatvān nirguṇasya brahmaṇo guṇādi-
hī natvāt | uktamca śrī -rāmānuja-caraṇaiḥ – sarvatra bṛ hatva-guṇa-yogena hi brahma-
śabdaḥ | bṛ hatvamca svarūpeṇa guṇaiś ca yatrānavadhikātiśayaḥ so'sya mukho'rthaḥ | sa
ca sarveśvara eveti | uktampracetobhiḥ nahyanto yad vibhūti nāms'o'nanta iti gī yate |
ataeva vivdha-manoharānantākāratve'pi tat-tad-ākārāśraya-paramādbhuta-
mukhyākāratvam api tasya vyañjitaḥ | tad evam mūrtatve siddhe tenaiva paratvena na
tasya viṣ ṇv-ādi-rūpaka-bhagavattvam eva siddham | tasyaiva brahma-śivādi-paratvena
darśitatvāt | atra jijīāseti asya vyākhyā dhī mahī ti | yatas taj-jijīāsās tāt-paryamntad-dhyāna
eva | tad uktam ekādaśe svayambhagavatā --

śabda-brahmaṇi niṣ ṇāto
niṣ ṇāyāt pare yadi |
śrutas tasya śrama-phalo
hy adhenum iva rakṣ ata || [BhP 11.11.18] iti |

tato dhī mahī ty anena śrī -rāmānuja-matamjijīāsā-padamnididhyāsana-param eveti |
svī yatvenāṅgī karoti śrī -bhāgavata-nāmā sarva-vedādi-sāra-rūpo'yamgrantha ity āyātam |
dhī mahī ti bahu-vacanaikāla-deśa-paramparā-sthitasya sarvasyāpi tat-
kartavyatābhīprāyeṇa ananta-koṭ i-brahmāṇḍāntaryāmināmpuruṣ āṇām aiśibhūte
bhagavaty eva dhyānasyābhīdhānāt | anenaika-jī va-vāda-jī vana-bhūto vivarta-vādo'pi
nirastaḥ | dhyāyatir api bhagavato mūrtatvam api bodhayati dhyānasya mūrta
evākaṣ ṭ ārthatvāt | sati ca susādhye pumarthopāye duḥśādhyasya puruṣ āpravṛ ttyā svata
evāpakarṣ āt tad-upāsakasyaiva yuktatamatva-nirṇayāc ca | tathā ca gī topaṇiṣ adaḥ –

mayy āveśya mano ye māṇṇityayuktā upāsate |
śraddhayā parayopetās te me yuktatamā matāḥ || [Gī tā 12.2]
ye tv akṣ aram anirdeśyam avyaktamparyupāsate |
te prāpnuvanti mām eva sarvabhūtahite ratāḥ || [Gī tā 12.3-4]
kleśo 'dhikataras teṣ ām avyaktāsakta-etasām
avyaktā hi gatiḥ duḥkhamdehavadbhir avāpyate || [Gī tā 12.5]

idam eva ca vivṛ tambrahmaṇā --

śreyaḥ-sṛ timbhaktim udasya te vibho
kliśyanti ye kevela-bodha-labdhye |
teṣ ām asau kleśala eva śiṣ yate
nānyad yathā sthūla-tuṣ āvaghātinām || [BhP 10.14.4] iti |

ataevāsya dhyeyasya svayambhagavattvam eva sādhitam | śivādayas ca vyāvṛttāḥ | tathā dhī mahī ti liṅgā dhyotitā pṛthag-anusandhāna-rahitā prārthanā dhyānopalakṣita-bhagavad-bhajanam eva param-puruṣārthatvena vyanakti | tato bhagvatas tu tathātvamsvayam eva vyaktam | tatas ca yathokta-parama-manohara-mūrtitvam eva lakṣyate | tathā ca **vedānām sāmavedo'smī ti** [Gī tā 10.22] | tatra ca **br̥hat-sāma tathā sāmnam** ity [Gī tā 10.35] ukta-mahimni **br̥hat-sāmi br̥had-dhāmambr̥hat-pārthivambr̥had-antarīkṣambr̥had-divambr̥had-vāmambr̥hadbhuyo vāmamvāmebhyo vāmam** iti | tad evambrahma-jijñāseti vyākhyātam |

athāta ity asya vyākhyām āha satyam iti | yatas tatrātha-śabda ānantarye atah śabdo vṛttasya hetu-bhāve vartate tasmād atheti svādhyāya-kramataḥ prakṛpṛapta-karma-kāṇḍe pūrva-mīmāṃsāyā samyak karma-jñānād anantaram ity arthaḥ | ata iti tat-kramataḥ samanantarampṛapta-brahma-kāṇḍe tūttara-mīmāṃsāyā nirṇeya-samyag-arthe'dhī ta-carād yat-kiñcid-anusandhitārthāt kutaścid vākyād dhetor ity arthaḥ | pūrva-mīmāṃsāyāḥ pūrva-pakṣatvenottara-mīmāṃsānirṇayottara-pakṣe'sminn avayasyāpekṣaytvād aviruddhānise sahāyvat karmanāḥ śānti-ādi-lakṣaṇa-sattva-śuddhi-hetutvāc ca tad-anantaram ity eva labhyam | vākyāni caitāni tad yattheha karma-jito lokaḥ kṣīyate evāmevāmutra puṇya-jito lokaḥ kṣīyate | atha ya ihātmānam anuvidya vrajanty etānise ca satya-kāmānise teṣāmsarveṣu lokesu kāmācāro bhavati ti na sa punar āvartate iti sa cānantyāya kalpate iti niraṅgaṇaḥ paramaṃsāmyam upaiti ti |

idamjñānam upāśritya mama sādharmaṃyama āgatāḥ |
sarge 'pi nopajāyante pralaye na vyathanti ca || iti [Gī tā 14.2] |

tad etad ubhayaṃvivṛtamrāmānuja-śārīraker mīmāṃsā-pūrvabhāga-jñātasya **karmano'lpāsthira-phalatvam tad-uparitana-bhāgavaseyasya brahma-jñānasya tv anantāha-praphalatvamśrūyate | atah pūrva-vṛttān karma-jñānād anantarambrahma-jñānavyam** ity uktambhavati | tad āha sarvādi-vṛttikāro bhagavān **baudhāyanah – vṛttān karmādhigamād anantarambrahma vividiṣeti** ti |

etad eva puraṅganopākhyāne ca dakṣiṇa-vāma-karṇayoḥ piṭṛ-hūdva-hū-śabda-niruktau vyaktam asti | tad evaṃsamyak karma-kāṇḍa-jñānānantarambrahma-kāṇḍa-gateṣu ukeṣu ucid vākyeṣu u svargādy-ānandasya vastu-vicāreṇa duḥkha-rūpatva-vyabhicāri-sattākatva-jñāna-pūrvakambrahmaṇas tv avyabhicāri-paratamānandatvena satyatva-jñānam eva brahma-jijñāsayāmhetur ity arthāta ity asyārthe labdhe tan-nirgalitārtham evāha satyam iti | sarva-sattādātravyabhicāri-sattākam ity arthaḥ | param ity anenānvayāt **satyamjñānam anantambrahmety** atra [Taitt 2.1.3] śrutau ca brahmety anena |

tad evam anyasya tad-icchādhī na-sattākatvena vyabhicāri-sattākatvam āyāti | tad evam atra tad etad avadhi vyabhicāri-sattākam eva dhyātavanto vayan idāni mtv avyabhicāri-sattākaṃdhyāyemeti bhāvah |

atha paratvam eva vyanakti dhāmeti | atra dhāma-śabdena prabhāva ucyate prakāśo vā | gr̥ha-deha-tviṭ-prabhāvā dhāmanī ty amarādi-nānārtha-vargāt | na tu svarūpam | tathā kuhaka-śabdenātra pratāraṇa-kṛd ucyate | tac ca jīva-svarūpāvaraṇa-vikṣepakāritvādinā māyā-vaibhavam eva | tatas ca svena dhāmnā sva-prabhāva-rūpayā sva-prakāśa-rūpayā vā śaktyā sadā nityam eva nirastamkuhakaṃmāyā-vaibhavamāsmāt tam | tad uktaṃ māyāṃvyudasya cic-chaktyeti | tasyā api śakter āgantukatvena svenety asya vaiyaarthyaṃ syāt | sva-svarūpeṇety evaṃvyākhyāne tu svenetyanenaiva caritārthatā syāt | yathā kathaṃcit tathā vyākhyāne'pi kuhaka-nirasana-lakṣaṇa śaktir evāpadyate | sā ca sādhatama-rūpayā tṛtīyā vyakteti | etena māyātatkārya-vilakṣaṇam vastu tat tasya svarūpam iti sva-svarūpa-lakṣaṇam api gamyam | tac ca **satyamjñānam ānandambrahmeti vijñānam ānandambrahmeti** [Taitt 2.1.3] śruti-prasiddham eva | etac-chruti-lakṣakam

eva ca satyam iti vinyastam | tad evaṁsvarūpa-śaktiś ca sākṣād evopakrāntā tataḥ sutarām evāsya bhagavattvaṁspaṣṭam |

atha mukhye satyatve yuktimdarśayati yatreti | brahmatvāt sarvatra sthite vāsudeve bhagavati yasmin shtitas trayāṅguṇānāmbhūtendriya-devatātmako yasyaiveśituh sargo'py ayam ṛṣāśaktyādau rajatādikam ivāropito na bhavati | kintu yato vā imānī ti śruti-prasiddhe brahmaṇi yatra sarvadā sthitatvāt [sarijā-mūrti-kṛptis tu trivṛt kurvata upadeśād](#) iti [Vs. 2.4.20] yad eka-kartṛkatvāc ca satya eva | tatra drṣṭāntenāpy amṛṣātvam sādhayati – teja-ādīnāmvinimayaḥ parasparāṅśa-vyatyayaḥ parasparasminn aṅśenāvasthitir ity arthaḥ | sa yathā mṛṣā na bhavati kintu yathaiveśvara-nirmāṇam tathety arthaḥ | hatemās tistro devatās trivṛd ekaikā bhavati | [tad agne rohitamrūpam tejasas tad-rūpamyat śuklāntad apāmyat kṛṣṇamāntat pṛthivyāḥ tad annasyeti śruteḥ](#) [ChāU 6.4.1] |

tad evam arthasyāsya śruti-mūlatvāt kalpanā-mūlas tv anyo'rthaḥ svata eva parāstaḥ | tatra ca sāmānyatayā nirdeṣṭānānteja-ādīnāmvīśeṣatve saṅkramaṇamna śābdikānāmḥ dayamadyārohati | yadi ca tad evāmanisyata tadā vārādīni marīcikādiṣu yathety evāvakṣyate | kimca tan-mate brahmatas trisargasya mukhyamjanma nāsti kintyāropa eva janmety ucyate | sa punar bhramād eva bhavati | bhramas ca sādṛśyāvalambī | sādṛśyamtu kālabhedenobhayam evādhiṣṭhānamkaroti | rajate'pi śukti-bhrama-sambhavāt | na caikātmakāmbhramādhiṣṭhānambahv-ātmakāntu bhrama-kalpitaṁ ity asti niyamo mitho militeṣu vidūra-vartīdhūma-parvata-vṛkṣeṣu akhaṇḍa-megha-bhrama-sambhavāt |

tad evamprakṛte'py anādita eva tri-sargaḥ pratyakṣampratīyate | brahma ca cinmātratayā svata eva sphurad asti | tasmād anādya-jānākrāntasya jīvasya yathā sad-rūpatā-sādṛśyena brahmaṇi tri-sarga-bhramaḥ syāt tathā tri-sarge'pi brahma-bhramaḥ kathamna kadācit syāt | tataś ca brahmaṇa evādhiṣṭhānatvam ity anirṇaye sarva-nāśa-prasaṅgaḥ | āropakatvamtu jaḍasyaiva cinmātrasyāpi na sambhavati | brahma ca cinmātram eva tanmatam iti | tataś ca śruti-mūla eva vyākhyāne siddhe so'yam abhiprāyaḥ | yatra hi yan nāsti kintv anyatraiva drṣyate tatraiva tad-āropaḥ siddhaḥ | tataś ca vastutas tad-ayogāt tatra tatsattayā tatsattā kartumna śakyata eva | tri-sargasya tu tac-chakti-viśiṣṭād bhagavato mukhya-vṛttyaiva jātatvena śrutatvāt tad-vyatirekāt tatraiva sarvātmake so'sti | tatas tasmin na cāropitaṁca | āropas tu tathāpi dhāmnety ādi-rītyaivācintya-śaktitvāt tena līptatvābhāve'pi tac-chāṅkara-rūpa eva | tathā ca [ekadeśa-sthitasyāgner jyotsnā vistāriṇi yathety anusāreṇa tatsattayā tatsattā bhavati](#) |

tato bhagavato mukhyamśatyatvamtri-sargasya ca na mithyātvam iti | tathā ca śrutiḥ [satyasya satyam iti tathā prāṇā vai satyamteṣām eva satyam](#) iti (BṛhadU 2.3.6) | prāṇaśabdoditānāmssthūla-sūkṣma-bhūtānāmvavahārataḥ satyatvenādhigatānāmmūla-kāraṇa-bhūtamparama-satyambhagavantamdarśayati |

atha tam eva taṣṭha-lakṣaṇena ca tathā vyāḥjayan prathamamviśadārthatayā brahmasūtrāṅam eva vivṛtīyamānīhiteti bibodayiṣyā ca tad-antaramsūtram eva prathamam anuvadati janmādyasya yata iti | janmādīni sṛṣṭi-sthiti-pralayam | tad-guṇa-sa:avijānābahuvrīhi | asya viśvasya brahmādistamba-paryantāneka-kartṛbhokṛt-sanyuktasya pratinyata-deśakālanimitta-kriyā-phalāśrayasya manasāpy acintya-vividha-citra-racanārūpasya yato yasmād acintya-śaktyā svayam upādāna-rūpat kartrādi-rūpāc ca janmādi tam paramdhī mahīty anvayaḥ | atra viśayā-vākyamca [bhūgurvai vāruṇir varuṇampitaram upasasāra adhī hi bho bhagavo brahmety ārabhya yato vā imāni bhūtāni jāyante yena jātāni jīvanti yat prayanty abhisamīśanti tad-vijijñāsasva tad brahma](#) iti (TaittU 3.1.1.) [tat tejo'sṛjata](#) ity ādi (ChāU 6.2.3) ca |

janmādikam iho lakṣaṇamna tu viśeṣaṇam | tatas tad-dhyāne tan na praviśanti | kintu śuddha eva dhyeya iti | kimca atra prāg ukta-viśeṣaṇa-viśiṣṭa a-viśva-janmādes tādr̥śa-
 hetutvena sarva-śaktitvaṁsatya-saṅkalpatvaṁsarva-jñātvāṁsarveśvaratvaṁca tasya
 sūcitam | [yaḥ sarvajñāḥ sarva-vid yasya jñānamayaṁtapaḥ sarvasya vaśī](#) ity ādi śruteḥ
 [Muṅḍ 1.1.9, 2.2.7] | tathā paratvena nirastākhila-heya-pratyanī ka-svarūpatvaṁjñānādy-
 ananta-kalyāṇa-guṇatvaṁsūcitam | [na tasya kāryaṁkāraṇaṁca vidyate](#) ity ādi śruteḥ | ye
 tu nirviśeṣa-a-vastu jijñāsyam iti vadanti tan-mate brahma-jijñāṣāyāṁjanm̄ dyasya yata ity
 asaṅgataṁsyāt | niratiśaya-bṛhad-bṛhīṇaṁceti nirvacanāt | tac ca brahma jagaj-janmādi-
 kāraṇam iti vacanāc ca | evam uttareṣv api sūtreṣu sūtrodāhṛta-śrutayaś ca na tatra
 pramāṇam | tarkaś ca sādhyā-dharmāvyabhicāri-sādhana-dharmānvita-vastu-viṣayatvān na
 nirviśeṣa-a-vastuni pramāṇam | jagaṅjanmā dibhramo yatas tad brahmati svotprekṣa-a-pakṣe
 ca na nirviśeṣa-a-vastu-siddhiḥ | bhram-mūlam ajñānam ajñāna-sākṣi brahmeti upayamāt |
 sākṣitvaṁhi prakāśaika-rasatayocyate | prakāśatvaṁtu jaḍād vyāvartakāṁsvasya parasya
 ca vyavahāra-yogyatāpādāna-svabhāvena bhavati | tathā sati svaiśeṣatvaṁtad-abhāve
 prakāśataiva na syāt | tucchataiva syāt | kimca tejo-vāri-mṛdām ity anenaiva teṣāṁ
 vivakṣitamsetsyati ti janmādyasya yata ity aprayojakaṁsyāt | atas tad-viśeṣatve labdhe sa
 viśeṣaḥ śakti-rūpa eva | śaktiś cāntarāṅgā bahiraṅgā tadasthā ceti tridhā darśitā | tatra
 vikāraṁmakeṣu jagaj-janmādiṣu sākṣād-dhetunā bahiraṅgāyā eva syād iti sāmāyākyā
 copakrāntā | taḥ asthā ca vyaṁdhī mahī ty anena |

atha yadyapi bhagavato'nisāt tad-upādāna-bhūta-prakṛtyā khyā-śakti-viśiṣṭa āt puruṣād
 evāsya janmādi tathāpi bhagavaty eva tad-dhetunā paryavasati | samudraika-deśe yasya
 janmādi tasya samudra eva janmādi ni | yathoktam –

[prakṛtir yasyopādānam](#)
[ādihāraḥ puruṣaḥ paraḥ |](#)
[sato'bhivyañjakaḥ kālo](#)
[brahma tat tritayaṁtv aham || \[BhP 11.24.19\]](#)

tasya ca bhagavato janmādyasya yata ity anenāpi mūrtatvam eva labhyate | yato mūrtasya
 jagato mūrit-śakter nidhāna-rūpa-tādr̥śānānanta-para-śakti nāmnidhāna-rūpo'sāv ity
 ākṣipyate | tasya parama-kāraṇatvāṅgī kārāt | na ca tasya mūrtatve saty anyato janmāpatet
 anavasthāpatter ekasyaivāditvenāṅgī kārāt | sārkyānām avyaktasyeva |

[sa kāraṇaṁkaraṇādhipādhipo](#)
[na cāsya kaścijjanitā na cādhipaḥ \[ŚvetU 6.9\]](#)

iti śruti-niṣedhāt | anādu-siddhāprakṛta-svābhāvika-mūrtitvena tasya tat prasiddhiś ca | tad
 evāmmūrtatve siddhe sa ca mūrto viṣṇu-nārāyaṇādi-sākṣād-rūpakaḥ śrī-bhagavān eva
 nānyaḥ | tathā ca –

[yataḥ sarvāṇi bhūtāni](#)
[bhavanti ādi-yugāgame |](#)
[yasmiṁś ca pralayaṁyānti](#)
[punar eva yuga-kṣaye ||](#)

ity ādi tat-pratipādaka-sahasra-nāmadāu tatraiva tu yathoktam anirdeśya-vapuḥ śrī mān iti |

evaṁca **skānde** –

[sraṣṭāpātā ca sanīhartā sa eko harir īśvaraḥ |](#)
[sraṣṭṛṣṭvādikam anyeṣāṁdāru-yoṣāvad ucyate ||](#)
[eka-deśa-kriyāvattvān na tu sarvātmaneritam |](#)

sr̥ṣṭy-ādikaṁsamastamtu viṣṇor eva parambhavet || iti |

mahopaniṣadi ca – sa brahmaṇā sr̥jati sa rudreṇa vilāpayati ity ādikam | ata eva vivṛtam–

nimittamparam ī śasya viśva-sarga-nirodhayoḥ |
hiraṇyagarbhaḥ sarvaś ca kālasyārūpiṇas tava || iti |

tava yo rūpa-rahitaḥ kālaḥ kāla-śaktis tasya nimitta-mātram iti vyadhikaraṇa eva ṣṣṭhī |
tathā ādyo'vatāraḥ puruṣaḥ parasyety ādi | yad-aṁśato'sya sthiti-janma-nāśā ity ādi ca |

tad evam atrāpi tathāvidha-mūrtir bhagavān evopakrāntaḥ | tad evamtaṣṭa-astha-lakṣaṇena
paramnirdhārya tad eva lakṣaṇam brahma-sūtre śāstra-yonitvāt, tat tu samanvayād ity
etat-sūtra-dvayena (1.1.3-4) sthāpitam asti tatra pūrva-sūtrasyārthaḥ | kuto brahmaṇo
jagaj-janmādi-hetutvamtatrahā – śāstramyonir jñāna-kāraṇamasya tattvāt | yato vāmāni
bhūtāni ty ādi-śāstra-pramāṇakatvād iti | nātra darśanānataravat tarka-pramāṇakatvam |
tarkāpratiṣṭhānāt antyantāti ndriyatvena pratyakṣādi-pramāṇa-viṣayatvād brahmaṇas ceti
bhāvaḥ | vaināśikās tv avirodhā-dhyāye tarkeṇaiva nirākariṣyante | atra tarkāpratiṣṭhānam
caivam – īśvaraḥ kartā na bhavati prayojana-śūnyatvān muktātmavat | tanu-bhuvanādikam
jīva-kartṛkaṁkāryatvāta ghaṭavat | vimati-viṣayaḥ kālo na loka-śūnyaḥ kālatvat vartamāna-
kālavat ity ādi | tad evamdarśanānugūnyeśvarānumānamdarśanāntara-prātikūlya-
parāhatam iti śāstraika-pramāṇikaḥ para-brahma-bhūtaḥ sarveśvaraḥ puruṣottamaḥ |
śāstramtu sakaletara-pramāṇa-paridr̥ṣṭa-samasta-vastu-vijātīya-sārvajña-satya-
sākalpatvādi-miśrānavadhikātiśayāparimitodāra-vicitra-guṇa-sāgarāmnikhila-heya-
pratyani ka-svarūpampratipādayati ti na pramāṇāntarāvasita-vastu-sādharmya-prayukta-
doṣa-gandhaḥ | ateva svābhāvikānanta-nitya-mūrtimattvam api tasya sidhyati |

athottara-sūtrasyārthaḥ | brahmaṇaḥ kathamśāstra-pramāṇakatvamtatrahā tat tv iti | tu
śabdaḥ prasaktāśaika-nivṛtty-ārthaḥ | tac-chāstra-pramāṇakatvambrahmaṇaḥ sambhavaty
eva | kutaḥ samanvayāt | anvaya-vyatirekābhyām upapādanāmsamanvayas tasmāt |
tatrānvayaḥ satyamjñānam anantambrahmeti [Taitt 2.1.3] ānando brahmeti ekam
evādvitīyam brahma iti | tat satyamśa ātmā iti | sad eva somyedam agra āsīd iti | ātmā vā
idam eka evāgra āsīd puruṣa-vidha iti | puruṣo ha vai nārāyaṇa iti | eko ha vai nārāyaṇa āsīd
iti | bahu syāmprajāyeya iti [Chā 6.2.3] | tasmād vā etasmād ātmana ākāśaḥ sambhūta iti |
tat-tejo'sr̥jati iti | yato vā imāni bhūtāni jāyanta iti | puruṣo ha vai nārāyaṇo'kāmayata atha
nārāyaṇād ajo'j'āyata yataḥ prajāḥ sarvaṇi bhūtāni nārāyaṇamparambrahma tattvam
nārāyaṇaḥ param ṛtamsatyamparambrahma puruṣampiṅgalam ity ādiṣu ca |

atha vyatirekaḥ | katham asataḥ sajjāyeta iti | ko hy evānyāt kaḥ prāṇyād yad eṣa ākāśa
ānando na syād iti | eko ha vai nārāyaṇa āsīd na brahmā na ca śakara ity ādinā | sa caivam
paramānanda-rūpatvenaiva samanvito bhavati ti tad upalabdhyeva parama-puruṣārhatva-
siddher na prayojana-śūnyatvam api |

tad evamsūtra-dvayārthe sthite tad etad vyācaṣṭe, anvayāditarataś cārtheṣv iti | artheṣu
nānā-vidheṣu veda-vākyārtheṣu satsv anvayāt anvaya-mukhena yato yasmāt ekasmād asya
janmādi pratīyate tathetarato vyatireka-mukhena ca yasmād evāsya tataḥ pratīyate ity
ārthaḥ | ateva tasya śruty-anvaya-vyatireka-darśitena parama-sukha-rūpatvena parama-
puruṣārhatvamca dhvanitam | eko ha vai nārāyaṇa āsīd ity ādi-śāstra-pramāṇatvena prak-
sthāpita-rūpamceti |

athekṣater nāśabdām iti vyācaṣṭe abhijñā ity ādi | atra sūtrārthaḥ idam āmnāyate chāndogye sad
eva somyedam agra āsīd ekam evādvitīyam brahma tad aikṣata bahu syāmprajāyeyeti |
[Chā 6.2.3] | tat-tejo'sr̥jatety ādi | atra paroktampradhānam api jagat-kāraṇatvenāyati |
tac ca nety āha īkṣater iti | yasmin śabda eva pramāṇamna bhavati tad-aśabdām

ānumānikampradhānam ity arthaḥ | na tad iha pratipādyam | kuto'śabdatvaṁtasyety
āśarkyāha ī kṣ ateh | na tad iha pratipādyam | kuto'śabdatvaṁtasyety āśarkyāha ī kṣ ateh |
sac-chabda-vācya-sambandhi-vyāpāra-viśeṣābhidhāyia ī kṣ ater dhātoḥ śravaṇāt | tad
aikṣ ateti kṣ aṇamcācetane pradhāne na sambhavet | anyatra cekṣ āpūrvikaiva sṛ ṣ ṭ iḥ | sa
aikṣ ata lokānusrjā iti sa imān lokān asṛ jatety ādau | ī kṣ aṇamcātra tadeśa-sṛ ज्या-
vicārātmakatvāt sarvajñatvam eva kroḍi karoti | tad etad āha abhijñā iti |

nanu tadānī yam evādvitī yam ity uktes tasyekṣ aṇa-sādhanamna sambhavati tatrāha svarād
iti | sva-svarūpeṇaiva tathā rājata iti | na tasya kāryamkaraṇamca vdiyata ity ādau
svābhāvīkī jñāna-bala-kriyā cety ādi śruteḥ | etenekṣ aṇavan-mūrtimattvam api tasya
svābhāvaikam ity āyātam | niḥśvatitasyāny agre darśayiṣ yamāṇatvāt | tac ca yathoktam
eveti ca |

atra śāstra-yonitvād ity asyārthāntaramvyācaṣ ṭ e tena iti | tac cārthāntaramyathā katham
tasya jagaj-janmādi-kartṛ tvaṁkathamvā nānya-tantroktasya pradhānasya na cānyasyeti
tatrāha | śāstrasya veda-lakṣ aṇasya yoniḥ kāraṇamntad-rūpatvāt | evamvā are asya mahato
bhūtasya niśvasitam etad yadṛ g-vedo yajur-vedaḥ sāmavedo'tha vāṅgīrasa itihāsa-purāṇam
vidyā upaniṣ adaḥ ślokāḥ sūtrāṇy upasūtrāṇi vyākhyānānī ti śruteḥ | śāstramhi sarva-
pramāṇagocara-vividhānanta-jñāna-mayaṁtasya ca kāraṇambrahmaiva śrūyata iti |

tad evamukhyaṁsarvajñamntāḍṛ śamsarvajñatvaṁvinā ca sarva-śṛ ṣ ṭ y-ādīkam anyasya
nopapadyat iti prokta-lakṣ aṇambrahmaiva jagat-kāraṇamna pradhānamna jī vāntaram iti |
tad eva vivṛ tyāha tene brahma hṛ dā ya ādikavaya iti | brahma vedam ādi-kavaye brahmaṇe
brahmāṇamhṛ dāntaḥ-karaṇa-dvāraiva, na tu vākya-dvārā | tene āvirbhāvitavān |

atra bṛ had-vācakena brahma-padena sarva-jñāna-mayatvaṁtasya jñāpitam | hṛ dety
anenāntaryāmitvaṁsarva-śaktimayatvaṁca jñāpitam | ādikavaya ity anena tasyāpi śikṣ ā-
nidānatvāc chāstra-yonitvaṁceti | śrutīś cātra

yo brahmāṇamvidadhāti pūrvam
yo vai vedāṁś ca prahiṇoti tasmai |
taṁha devam ātma-buddhi-prakāśam
mumuṣ ur vai śaraṇam ahamprapadye || [ŚvetU 6.18] |

mukta-jī vā api tat-kāraṇamntety āha muhyanti ti | yatra brahmaṇi vedakhye sūrayaḥ
śeṣ ādayo'pi | anena ca śayana-lī lā-vyaṅjita-niśvasitamaya-vedo brahmādi-vividhānana-
locanaś ca yaḥ padmanābhas tad-ādi-mūrtikaḥ śrī -bhagavān evābhīhitaḥ | vivṛ taṁcaitat |
pracoditā yena purā sarasvatī ty [BhP 2.4.22] ādinā |

atha tat tu samanvayād ity asyāntaram yathā śāstra-yonitve hetuś ca ḍṛ śyate ity āha tat tv
iti | samanvayo'tra samyak sarvatomukho'nvayo vyutpattir vedārtha-parijñātamnyasmāt tu
śāstra-nidānatvaṁniści yata iti jī ve samyak | jñānam eva nāsti pradhānamtv acenam eveti
bhāvaḥ | sa vetti viśvamna hi tasya vetteti śruteḥ | yad etad asya tadī ya-samyag-jñānam
vyatirekamukhena bodhayitumjī vānāṁsarveṣ ām api tadī ya-samyag-jñānābhāvam āha
muhyanti ti | sūrayaḥ śeṣ ādayo'pi yad yatra śabda-brahmaṇi muhyanti | tad etad vivṛ taṁ
svayambhagavatā –

kimvidhatte kim ācaṣ ṭ e kim anūdyā vikalpayet |
ity asyā hṛ dayamloke nānyā mad veda kaścana || iti (BhP 11.21.42) |

anena ca sāḁś ād-bhagavān evābhīhitaḥ |

athekṣ ater nāśabdam ity asyārthāntaram abhijñā ity atraiva vyaññitam asti | atra sūtrārthaḥ
– nanv aśabdam asparśam arūpam avyayam ity ādi śruteḥ | kathamasya śabda-yonitvam
tatra hi prakṛ ta-brahma śabda-hī namna bhavati | kutaḥ |

ī kṣateḥ | tad aikṣata bahu syāmprajyāyety atra bahu syām iti śabdātmakeṣa-dhātoḥ śravaṇāt | tad etad āha, abhijñāḥ | bahu syām ity ādi-śabdātmaka-vicāra-vidagdhaḥ | sa ca śabdādi-śakti-samudāyas tasya na prakṛtaḥ prakṛti-kṣobhāt pūrvatrāpi sad-bhāvāt | tataḥ svarūpa-bhūta evety āha svarāḍ iti |

atra pūrvavat tādṛśamsadharmakatvaṁmūrtimattvam api siddham | yathāhuḥ sūtrakārāḥ antas tad-dharmopadesād iti (Vs 1.1.10) | atośabdātvdikamprakṛta-śabda-hīnatvādim eveti jñeyam | atrottara-mī mānsādhyāya-catuṣṭayasyāpy artho darśitaḥ | tatrānvayād itarataś ceti samanvayādhyāyasya satyamparam iti phalādhyāyayeti | tathā gāyatri-artho'pi spaṣṭaḥ | tatra janmādyasya yata iti praṇavārthaḥ sṛṣṭy-ādi-śaktimattva-vācivāt | tad evam evāgni-purāṇe gāyatrī-vyākhyāne proktam taj-jyotir bhagavān viṣṇur jagaj-janmādi-kāraṇam iti | yatra tri-sargo mṛṣeti vyāhṛti-trayārthaḥ | ubhayatrāpi lokatrayasya tad-ananyatvena vivakṣitatvāt | svarāḍ iti savitrī-prakāśaka-parama-tejo-vāci | tene brahma hṛdeti buddhi-pravṛtti-prerāṇā prārthanā sūcitā | tad eva kṛpayā svadhyānāyāsmākaṁ buddhi-vṛttih prerayatād iti bhāvaḥ | evam evoktamgāyatrī ca samārambha iti | tac ca tejas tatra antas tad-dharmopadesād ity ādinā sampratipannamānyan-mūrtimattad-ādyananta-mūrtimad eva dhyeyam iti | tatra cāgni-purāṇa-krama-vacanāni

evāmsandhyā-vidhimikṛtvā gāyatrī mca japet smaret |
gāyatri-ukthāni śāstrāṇi bhargamprāṇāṇi tathaiva ca ||
tataḥ smṛteyamgāyatrī sāvitṛi yata eva ca |
prakāśinī sā savitur vāg-rūpatvāt sarasvatī ||
taj-jyotiḥ paramambrahma bhargas tejo yataḥ smṛtaḥ |
bhargaḥ syāt bhrājata iti bahulamchandasi ritam ||
varenyamsarva-tejobhyaḥ śreṣṭhamvai paramamparam |
sargāpavarga-kāmairvā varāṇi yamsadaiva hi ||
vṛṇoter varāṇārthatvāt jāgrat-svapnādi-varjitam |
nityamsuddhambuddham ekamnityambhargam adhīśvaram ||
ahambrahma paramjyotir dhyāyema hi vimuktaye |
taj-jyotir bhagavān viṣṇur jagaj-janmādi-kāraṇam ||
śivamkecit paṭhanti sma śakti-rūpaṁpaṭhanti ca |
kecit sūryamkecid agniṁdaivatāny agni-hotriṇaḥ ||
agny-ādi-rūpo viṣṇur hi vedādau brahma gīyate |
tat padamparamamviṣṇor devasya svaituḥ smṛtam ||
dadhāter vā dhī mahīti manasā dhārayemahi |
no'smākaṁyac ca bhargas tat sarveṣāṁprāṇināmdhiyaḥ ||
codayāt prerayād buddhimbhoktṛṇāmsarva-karmasu |
dṛṣṭā dṛṣṭa-vipākeṣu viṣṇuḥ sūryāgni-rūpa-bhāk ||
īśvara-prerito gacchet svargamvā śvabhram eva vā |
īśāvāsyam idamsarvammahad-ādi-jagad dhariḥ ||
svargādyaiḥ kṛtāte devī yo haṁsaḥ puruṣaḥ prabhuḥ |
dhyānena puruṣo'yaṁca draṣṭavyaḥ sūrya-maṇḍale ||
satyamśadā-śivambrahma viṣṇor yat paramamparam |
devasya svaitur devo varenyamhi turīyakam ||
yo'sāv āditya-puruṣaḥ so'sāv aham anuttamam |
janānāṁsubha-karmādīn pravartayati yaḥ sadā || ity ādi |

yatrādhikṛtya gāyatrī mvarṇyate dharma-vistarāḥ |
vṛtrāsura-vadhotsiktamattad-bhāgavatam ucyate || ity ādīni ca |

tasmād bhaga brahma parā viṣṇur bhagavatāc-chabdābhinnā-varṇatayā tatra tatra nirdiṣṭā
api bhagavat-pratipādakā eva jñeyāḥ | madhye madhye tv ahaṁgrahopāsanā-nirdeśas tat-
sāmya iva labdhe hi tad-upāsanā-yogyatā bhavati ti | tathā daśa-lakṣaṇartho'py atraiva

dr̥śyaḥ | tatra sarga-visarga-sthāna-nirodhā jandmādy asya yataḥ ity atra |
manvantarēśānukathane ca sthānāntargate poṣaṇamtena ity ādau | ūtir muhyantī ty ādau |
muktir jī vānām api tat-sānnidhye sati kuhaka-nirasana-vyañjake dhāmnety ādau | āśrayaḥ
satyaṃparam ity ādau⁹ |

sa ca svayaṃbhagavattvena nirṇī yatvāt śrī -kṛ ṣ ṇa eveti pūrvokta-prakāra eva vyakta iti | tad
evam asminn upakrama-vākye sarveṣ u pada-vākya-tātparyeṣ u tasya dhyeyasya
saviṣeṣ atvaṃmūrtitvaṃbhagavad-ākāraṃca vyaktam | tac ca yuktam | svarūpa-
vākyāntara-vyaktatvāt |

yo'syotprekṣ aka ādi-madhya-nidhane yo'vyakta-jī veśvaro
yaḥ sṛ ṣ ṭ yedam anupraviśya ṛ ṣ iṇā cakra-puraḥ śāsti tāḥ |
yaṃsampadya jahā ty ajām anuśayī suptaḥ kulāyaṃyathā
taṃkaivalya-nirasta-yonim abhayaṃdhyāyed ajasramharim || iti || [BhP 10.87.50]

ato dharmah projjhitety ādāv anantara-vākye'pi kimvā parair ity ādinā tatraiva tātparyam
darśitam |

tathopasañhāra-vākyādhi nārthatvād upakramasya nātikamaṇī yam eva | kasmai yena
vibhāsito'yam ity ādi-darśitam tasya tādr̥śa-viṣeṣ avattvādikam | yathaiva ātma-gr̥hī tir
itaravad uttarād ity atra (Vs 3.3.16) saṅkara-śārī rakasyāparasyāmyojanāyām
upakramoktasya sac-chabda-vācyasyātmavam upasañhārasthād ātma-śabdāl labhyate
tadvad ihāpi catuḥśloki -vaktur bhagavattvaṃdarśitaṃca śrī -vyāsa-samādhāv api tasyaiva
dhyeyatvam | tad eva ca sva-sukha-nibhṛ tetyādi śrī -śuka-hṛ dayānugatam iti || 1.1 || śrī -
vyāsaḥ ||105||

athopasañhāra¹⁰-vākyasyāpy ayam arthaḥ | kasmai garbhodaka-śāyi-puruṣ a-nābhi-
kamalasthāya brahmaṇe tatraiva yena mahā-vaikuṇṭṭ hamdarśayatā dvitī ya-skandha-
varṇita-tādr̥śa-śrī -mūrti-ādinā bhagavatā vibhāsitaḥ prakāśitaḥ na tu tadāpi racitaḥ ayam
śrī -bhāgavata-rūpaḥ purā pūrva-parārdhādau tad-rūpeṇa brahma-rūpeṇa tad-rūpiṇā śrī -
nārada-rūpiṇā yogī ndrāya śrī -śukāya tad-ātmanā śrī -kṛ ṣ ṇa-dvaipāyana-rūpeṇa | tad-
ātmanety asyottareṇānvayaḥ | tatra tad-ātmanā śrī -śuka-rūpeṇeti jñeyam | tad-rūpeṇety
ādibhis tribhiḥ padair na kevalaṃcatuḥśloky eva tena prakāśitā kimtarhi tatra
tatrāviṣ ṭ enākhaṇḍam eva purāṇam iti dyotitam |

atra mad-rūpeṇa ca yuṣ mabhyam iti saṅkocēnā nukto'pi śrī -sūta-vākya-ṣeṣ o gamyaḥ | evaṃ
sarvasyāpi śrī -bhāgavata-guror mahimā darśitaḥ | saṅkarṣ aṇa-sampradāya-pravṛ ttis tu
kṛ ṣ ṇa-dvaipāyana-karṭṭ ka-prakāśanāntargataiveti pṛ thañnocyate |

tat-paramasatyamśrī -bhagavad-ākhyāntattvaṃdhī mahi | yat tat param anuttamam iti
sahasra-nāma-stotrāt para-śabdēna ca śrī -bhagavān evocyate | ādyo'vatāraḥ puruṣ aḥ
parasyeti dvitī yāt | brahmādi nāmbuddhi-vṛ ddi-prerakatvenābhidhānād gāyatrīya apy
artho'yamgrantha iti darśayati | tad uktam- gāyatrī -bhāṣ ya-rūpo'sau bhāratārtha-
vinirṇayaḥ || iti ||

||12.13|| śrī -sūtaḥ || 106||

[107]

athābhyaśena –

⁹ See Tattva-sandarbhā 55-56. BhP 2.10.1-7.

¹⁰ The verse is given above at the beginning of 106. *kasmai yena*, etc.

kali-mala-sañhati-kālanokhileśo
harir itaratra na gī yate hy abhī kṣṇam |
iha tu punar bhagavān aśeṣa-mūrtiḥ
parivṛto'nupadamkathā-prasaṅgaiḥ || [BhP 12.12.66]

kālenonāśanaḥ | itaratra karma-brahmādi-pratipādaka-śāstrāntare | akhileśo virāḍ-
antaryāmī nārāyaṇo'pi tat-pālako viṣṇur vāpi na gī yate kvacid gī yate vā tatra tv abhī kṣṇam
naiva gī yate tu-śabdo'vadhāraṇe sāksāt śrī -bhagavān punar iha śrī -bhāgavate evābhī kṣṇam
gī yate | nārāyaṇādayo vā ye'tra varṇitās te'py aśeṣā eva mūrtayo'vatārā yasya saḥ |
tathābhūta eva gī yate na tv itaratraiva tad-avivekenety arthaḥ | ataeva tat tat kathā-
prasaṅgair anupadampadam padam api lakṣyī kṛtya bhagavān eva pari sarvato-bhāvena
paṭhito vyaktam evokta iti | anenāpūrvatāpi vyākhyātā anyatrānadhigatatvāt || 12.12 || śrī -
sūtaḥ ||107||

[108]

atha phalenāpi –

pibanti ye bhagavata ātmanah satām
kathāmṛtamśravaṇa-puteṣu sambhṛtam |
punanti te viṣaya-vidūṣitāśayam
vrajanti tac-caraṇa-saroruhāntikam || [BhP 2.2.37]

satām ātmanah prāṇeśvarasya yad vā vyadhikaraṇe ṣaṣṭhi satām ātmanah svasya yo
bhagavān tasyety arthaḥ | teṣāmbhagavati svāmitvena mamatāspadatvāt atra
kathāmṛtamprakramyamāṇamśrī -bhāgavatākhyam eva mukhyam | [yasyāmivai](#)
[śrūyamāṇayām](#) ity [BhP 1.7.7] ādikamca tathavoktam iti ||2.2|| śrī -śukhaḥ ||108||

[109]

athārthavādena –

yambrahma varuṇendra-rudra-marutaḥ stuvanti divyaiḥ stavair
vedaiḥ sāṅga-pada-kramopaniṣadair gāyanti yamsāmāgāḥ |
dhyānāvasthita-tad-gatena manasā paśyanti yamyogino
yasyāntamna viduḥ surāsura-gaṇā devāya tasmai namaḥ || [BhP 12.13.1]

stavair vedaiś ca stuvanti stuvanti | dhyānenāvasthitamniścalantad-gatamyan-manas
tena || 12.13 || śrī -sūtaḥ || 109 ||

[110]

athopapattya –

bhagavān sarva-bhūteṣu
lakṣitaḥ svātmanā hariḥ |
dṛśyair buddhy-ādibhir
draṣṭā lakṣaṇair anumāpakaiḥ || [BhP 2.2.35]

prathama-draṣṭā jīvo lakṣitaḥ | kair dṛśyair buddhy-ādibhiḥ | tad eva dvedhā darśayati
dṛśyānāmjaḍānāmbuddhy-ādīnāmdarśanaṁsva-prakāśamdraṣṭāramvinā na ghaṭata

jñānopapatti-dvārā lakṣaṇaiḥ sva-prakāśa-draṣṭṛa-lakṣakaiḥ tathā buddhy-ādīni karṣṇa-prayojyāni karaṇatvād vāsyādivad iti vyāpti-dvārānumāpakair iti |

atha bhagavān api lakṣitaḥ | kena sarva-bhūteṣu sarveṣu teṣu draṣṭṛeṣu praviṣṭena svātmanā svānīśa-rūpeṇāntaryāmiṇā | ādau sarvair draṣṭṛabhir antaryāmī lakṣitaḥ tatas tena bhagavān api lakṣita ity arthaḥ | sa ca sa ca pūrvavat dvidhaiva lakṣyate | tathā hi karṣṇa-tva-bhokṭṛtvayor asvātantrya-darśanāt karmaṇo jaḍatvāt karmaṇo jaḍatvāt sarveṣāṃ api jīvānāmtatra tatra pravṛttir antaḥ-prayojaka-viśeṣaṃvinā na ghaṭata ity anupapatti-dvārāntaryāmī lakṣyate | eṣa hy anenātmanā cakṣuṣā darśayati śrotreṇa śrāvayati manasā mānayati buddhyā bodhayati tasmād etā bahūḥ | mṛtir amṛtir iti bhāllaveya-śrutīś ca |

ataeva gītopaniṣatsu –

athavā bahunaitena kimjñātena tavāṛjuna |
viṣṭābhyāham idamkṛtsnam ekānīśena sthito jagat || iti |

viṣṇu-purāṇe ca – sva-śakti-leśāvṛta-bhūta-sarga iti | tathā jīvāḥ prayojaka-karṣṇa-preritavyāpārāḥ | asvātantryāt | takṣādi-karma-kara-janavad ity evam antaryāmiṇi tattve vyāpti-dvārā siddheḥ | punas tenaiva bhagavān api sādhyate | tuccha-vaibhava-jīvāntaryāmi-svarūpam īśvara-tattvaṃnījānīśitvāśrayaṃ tathaiva paryāpteḥ | rājaprabhutvāśrita-takṣākādi-karma-kara prayojaka-prabhutvādivad iti | athavātra

yathendriyaiḥ pṛthag-dvārair artho bahu-guṇāśrayaḥ |
eko nāneyate tadvad bhagavān śāstra-vartmabhiḥ || [BhP 3.32.33] ity evodāharaṇīyam |
anenaiva gati-sāmānyamca sidhyatīti || 2.2 || śrī-śukaḥ || 110 ||

pratyavasthāpitānvadantī tyādīpadyam |

iti śrī-kali-yuga-pāvana-sva-bhajana-vibhājana-prayojanāvātāra-śrī-śrī-bhagavat-kṛṣṇa-caitanya-deva-caraṇānucara-viśva-vaiṣṇava-rāja-sabhājana-bhājana-śrī-rūpa-sanātanānuśāsana-bhāratī-garbhe śrī-bhāgavata-sandarbhē paramātmā-sandarbhō nāma tṛtīyaḥ sandarbhaḥ ||

śrī-bhāgavata-sandarbhē sarva-sandarbhā-garbha-ge |
paramātmābhidheyo'sau sandarbho'bhūt tṛtīyakaḥ ||

samāpto'yaṃ tṛtīyaḥ sandarbhaḥ ||